THE

Statutes at Large and Treaties

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

PBOM

DECEMBER 1, 1845, TO MARCH 3, 1851,

Arranged in Chronological Order;

WITH

REFERENCES TO THE MATTER OF EACH ACT AND TO THE SUBSEQUENT ACTS ON THE SAME SUBJECT.

EDITED BY GEORGE MINOT, ESQ., COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

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LITTLE & BROWN.

BOSTON, October 1, 1851.

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OF THE

PUBLIC ACTS OF CONGRESS,

CONTAINED IN VOLUME NINTH.

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THE

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the first Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 1st Day of December, 1845, and ended on the 10th Day of August, 1846.

JAMES K. POLK, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice-President, and President of the Senate up to the 8th Day of August, 1846; DAVID R. ATCHISON, President of the Senate pro tempore on and after August 8th, 1846; JOHN W. DAVIS, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

STATUTE I.

CHAPTER I. - An Act to extend the Laws of the United States over the State of Texas, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the laws of the United States are hereby declared to extend to and over, and to have full force and effect within, the State of Texas, admitted at the present session of Congress into the Confederacy and Union of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said State of Texas shall constitute one judicial district, to be called the District of Texas, for which one judge shall be appointed, who shall reside therein, and who shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars per annum, and who shall hold the first term of said court at Galveston, on the first Monday of February next, and at such other times and places in said district as may be provided by law, or as said judge may order; and that said court shall have and exercise the same powers and jurisdiction as have been conferred by law on the District Courts of the United States; and, also, shall have and exercise the powers and jurisdiction of a Circuit Court of the United States; and appeals and writs of error shall lie from the decisions of said District and Circuit Courts for the District of Texas to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same cases as from a Circuit Court of the United States to said Supreme Court, and under the same regulations.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed in and for said district a person learned in the law, to act as attorney of the United States for said district, and also a person to act as marshal

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Dec. 29, 1845.

Laws of the U. S. extended over Texas.

Texas to constitute one judicial district.

Court

Powers and ju risdiction of said court. Appeals and error.

District attorney and marshal to be appointed.

(1)

Salary and fees.

Clerk to be appointed.

of the United States for said district, each of whom shall receive an annual salary of two hundred dollars, and also such compensation and fees for official services as have been or may be provided by law for United States district attorneys and marshals; and the judge of said court shall appoint a clerk therefor, who shall receive like compensation and fees as have been or may be allowed by law to clerks of the District and Circuit Courts of the United States.

APPROVED, December 29, 1845.

Dec. 31, 1845.

CHAP. II. - An Act to establish a Collection District in the State of Texas, and for other Purposes.

Texas made collection one district and Galveston the port of entry.

Ports of deliverv.

A collector to be appointed.

lector.

Surveyors to pe appointed for each of the ports of delivery.

and fees.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Texas shall be one collection district and the city of Galveston the only port of entry, to which shall be annexed Sabine, Velasco, Matagorda, Cavallo, La Vaca, and Corpus Christi, as ports of delivery only.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a collector for the District of Texas aforesaid shall be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, who shall hold his office upon the terms and for the time prescribed by law for the like offices in other districts. The said collector shall reside at the Salary of col- city of Galveston, and he shall be entitled to a salary not exceeding two thousand dollars, including in that sum the fees allowed by law; and the amount he shall collect in any one year for fees exceeding the said sum of two thousand dollars, shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That a surveyor for each of the aforesaid ports of delivery, to wit, Sabine, Velasco, Matagorda, Cavallo, La Vaca, and Corpus Christi, shall be appointed by the President, with the consent of the Senate of the United States, who shall hold their offices respectively upon the terms and for the time prescribed by law for the like offices in other districts. The said survey-Their salaries ors shall be entitled each to a salary not exceeding one thousand dollars, including in that sum the fees allowed by law; and the amount collected by any of said surveyors in any one year for fees, exceeding the said sum of one thousand dollars, shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury of the United States.

APPROVED, December 31, 1845.

Jan. 12, 1846.

CHAP. III. - An Act to repeal the Act which abolished the Office of one of the Inspectors-General of the Army, and to revive and establish said Office.

Repeal of act of 1842, ch. 186, § 4, abolishing the office of one of the inspectors general.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the fourth section of an act, approved the twenty-third day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act respecting the Organization of the Army, and for other Purposes," as directs that the office of one inspector-general of the army shall be abolished, and the inspector discharged, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and all acts and parts of acts so repealed shall be, and the same hereby are, revived and continued in force.

APPROVED, January 12, 1846.

CHAP. IV. - An Act to continue the Office of the Commissioner of Pensions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authority given to continue the office of Commissioner of Pensions by the act of the twentieth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-three, entitled "An Act to continue the Office of Commissioner of Pensions," be extended to the fourth of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and no longer.

APPROVED, January 14, 1846.

CHAP. VI. - An Act establishing certain Post Routes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be and is hereby established a post route from New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, along the Gulf coast to Galveston, thence to Velasco, to Matagorda, to Pass Aransas, and to Corpus Christi, in Texas, by land or water, as the Postmaster-General may deem expedient; that a post route be also established from Galveston, via the city of Houston, San Felipe de Austin, Lagrange, and Bastrop, to Austin. Also, the following routes: from Fulton, in the State of Arkansas, via Boston, Clarksville, Bonham, and Falls of the Brazos, to Austin; from Natchitoches, via Sabine Town, Nacogdoches, Crockett, Washington, to Lagrange; from Shreveport, in the State of Louisiana, via Pulaski, to Nacogdoches; from Velasco, via Brasoria, Texana, Victoria, and Goliad, to San Antonio de Bexar; from the city of Houston to Robin's Ferry; from Austin to San Antonio de Bexar; and that it shall be the duty of the Postmaster-General to contract for conveying a mail on said routes as soon as can conveniently be done after the passage of this act.

APPROVED, February 6, 1846.

CHAP. VII. - An Act relative to Collectors and other Officers of the Customs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That collectors and all other officers of the customs, serving for a less period than a year, shall not be paid for the entire year, but shall be allowed in no case a greater than a pro rata of the maximum compensation of said officers respectively for the time only which they actually serve as such collectors or officers, whether the same be under one or more appointments, or before or after confirmation. And no collector or other officer shall, in any case, receive for his services, either as fees, salary, fines, penalties, forfeitures, or otherwise, for the time he may be in service, beyond the maximum pro rata rate provided by law.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all accounts for salary, compensation, and emoluments shall be rendered quarterly, at the end of each quarter of the fiscal year.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That no portion of the additional duties provided by the seventeenth section of the act of August thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act to provide Revenue from Imports, and to change and modify existing Laws imposing Duties on Imports, and for other Purposes," shall be deemed a fine, penalty, or forfeiture, for the purpose of being distributed to any Jan. 14, 1846.

1849, ch. 20.

1843, ch. 4.

Office of Com missioner of Pensions continued to March 4th, 1849.

Feb. 6, 1846.

Repealed, post, p. 16.

Post routes established.

Postmaster-General to contract for carrying the mail on said routes.

Feb. 11, 1846.

Officers of the customs not to be allowed more than a pro rata compensation for the time they may serve.

Not to exceed the maximum.

Accounts for salary to be rendered quarterly.

Additional du ties not to be distributed to any officers of customs, but paid in to the treasury. 1842, ch. 270. officer of the customs; but the whole amount thereof, when received, shall be paid directly into the treasury.

- SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

APPROVED, February 11, 1846.

Feb. 20, 1840.

Supplementary act, 1846. ch. 97, post, p. 71.

Orphans' Courts of the District of Columbia authorized to appoint guardians to iniant orphans, in certain cases.

May require of guardians bond and security, unless otherwise directed by will.

May compel fathers of infant children who may be entitled to property to give bond and security, and in case of failure, may appoint special guardians.

Such guardian to give additional security, if necessary, and upon failure to do so, may be dismissed.

Said courts to have power to enforce a compliance with such orders; or may order their marshal to take possession of and deliver the property.

Summons or notice required.

Said courts may order and require administrators, or executors, to give further security in certain cases. CHAP. VIII. — An Act to enlarge the Powers of the several Orphans' Courts held in and for the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the several Orphans' Courts held in and for the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized and empowered to appoint a guardian or guardians to any and every infant orphan who may now or hereafter be entitled or have right or claim to any property, real, personal, or mixed, within, or whose person and residence may be within, the jurisdiction of said court, except when said orphan may have a testamentary guardian; and shall require of said guardians so appointed, and of testamentary guardians, unless directed otherwise by the will appointing them, bond, with good and sufficient surety, as now required by law. And when any infant, whose father may be living, shall, by gift or otherwise, be entitled to any property separate from the father, it shall and may be lawful for said courts to compel the father, as natural guardian, to give bond and security to account for said property, and to compel him to account, as guardians in other cases; and if he shall fail or refuse to give such bond, or at his request, said courts shall have power to appoint a special guardian to take charge of said property, who shall give bond and security as in other cases. but with condition to suit the case.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where any of said courts have heretofore appointed, or may hereafter appoint, a guardian or guardians, or taken bond, or may hereafter take bond, from any guardian or guardians, and shall at any time have good cause to believe that the interest of the ward or wards may require it, said court shall have power and authority to compel said guardian or guardians to give additional other or further security, in such time as said court may direct; and upon his failure to comply with the order of court directing such security, said court shall have power and authority, and it shall be their duty, to dismiss said guardian from office, and appoint another in his stead, and order the estate of the ward to be forthwith delivered to the newly-appointed guardian, and shall have power, by fine and imprisonment, or any legal process, to compel and enforce a compliance with such order, or may, where it can be so done, order their marshal to take possession of and deliver the property : Provided, however, That no order shall be made directing a guardian to give new security, until he shall have been duly summoned to show cause against, or have had ten days' notice, in writing, of the intended application.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in all cases where any of said courts have heretofore appointed, or may hereafter appoint, an administrator or administrators, or have taken or may take bond from any executor or executors, to any last will and testament, and shall at any time become satisfied that the security is insufficient, by reason of the removal or insolvency of the sureties in the bond, or any of them, or by reason of the penalty of the bond being too small, or from any other cause whatever, it shall and may be lawful for the said court to order and require the said administrator or administrators, executor

Repeal of inconsistent acts. or executors, to give additional other or further security, and to remove such administrator or administrators, executor or executors, if they shall fail or refuse to comply with such order, and appoint an administrator or administrators in his or their stead, and shall further have power to order and require any assets or estate of the decedent, may appoint othwhich may remain unadministered, to be delivered to said newlyappointed administrator or administrators de bonis non, and to enforce instead. a compliance with such order by fine and attachment, or any other legal process : *Provided*, *however*, That said administrator or administrators, executor or executors, shall first be summoned to show cause notice required. against such orders, or have ten days' notice, in writing, of the intended application.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the powers herein granted to said courts, by the foregoing sections of this act, may be exercised by said courts, ex officio, or on the application of any one interested.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after its passage.

Court for the District of Columbia hereafter to reside in Alexandria. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

APPROVED, February 20, 1846.

In case of failure to comply with such order, er administrator or administrators

Summons or

How foregoing powers may be executed.

Act to be in force from its passage.

CHAP. X. - An Act to repeal the Act requiring one of the Judges of the Circuit March 24, 1846.

Act of 1844, ch. 10, requiring United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entione of the judger tled "An Act requiring one of the Judges of the Circuit Court of the to reside in Al District of Columbia hereafter to reside in Alexandria," approved the exandria, repeal fourth day of April, eighteen hundred and forty-four, be and the same ed.

APPROVED, March 24, 1846.

is hereby repealed.

March 30, 1846. CHAP. XI. - An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to contract for the Purchase of American water-rotted Hemp for the Use of the Navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary the Navy to contract for Ameriof the Navy be and he is hereby authorized to enter into contract, for can water-rotted a period not exceeding three years, for the purchase of American hemp. water-rotted hemp for the use of the navy.

APPROVED, March 30, 1846.

CHAP. XIII. — An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Revolutionary and other Pensions of the United States for the Year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven:

For revolutionary pensions under the act of eighteenth March, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, one hundred and sixty-six pensions. thousand dollars.

For invalid pensions under various acts, two hundred and twenty invalid pensions thousand dollars.

May 7, 1846.

Secretary

ot

Appropriation.

Revolutionary 1818, ch. 19.

Pensions to widows and orphans. 1836, ch. 362.

1838, ch. 189.

1843, ch. 102.

1844, ch. 102.

Arrearages.

Evidence necessary to entitle a widow to a pension.

Proviso, that the commissioner is satisfied. 1848, ch. 71, \S 2.

Act of 1845, ch. 71, §4, respecting the reopening of settled accounts, and the limitation of claims on the U. S., not to apply to pensions.

May 8, 1846.

Appropriation.

Contingent expenses of the Senate.

Printing and lithographing.

Contingencies of H. of Rep.

Purchase of certain books.

Cong. Globe

For pensions to widows and orphans under the act of fourth July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, three hundred and twentyeight thousand five hundred dollars.

For pensions to widows under the act of seventh July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and the acts supplementary thereto, three hundred thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows under the act of third March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, eighty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows under the act of seventeenth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, six hundred thousand dollars.

For half-pay pensions to widows and orphans, payable through the Third Auditor's office, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For arrearages prior to July second, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, payable through the Third Auditor's office, one thousand two hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That no widow entitled to a pension under existing laws, and claiming a pension, whose husband was drawing a pension at the time of his decease, shall be required, in any such case, to furnish any further evidence that said husband was entitled to a pension; nor shall any evidence, in any case, be required to entitle the widow to a pension, when the evidence is in the archives of the government, other than such proof as would be sufficient to establish the marriage between the applicant and the deceased pensioner in civil personal actions in a court of justice : *Provided*, That, upon a revision of the testimony in the case of the deceased husband, the commissioner be satisfied that the pension was properly granted.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the fourth section of an act entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of the Government for the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth Day of June, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-six, and for other Purposes," shall not be so construed as to apply to applications for pensions.

Approved, May 7, 1846.

CHAP. XIV. — An Act to supply Deficiencies in the Appropriations for certain Objects made for the Service of the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for various objects made for the service of the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, namely:

For the contingent expenses of the Senate, being for printing and lithographing, ordered during the twenty-eighth Congress, seventyseven thousand five hundred dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the Senate, being for printing and lithographing, ordered by the Senate, during the first session of the twenty-ninth Congress, fifty-one thousand dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, seventy thousand dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives of the United States to comply with former orders of the House, directing him to supply the members with certain books, to wit:

For two bundred and twenty-six copies of the fourteenth volume of the Congressional Globe and Appendix, six hundred and seventy-eight dollars: *Provided*, That this appropriation, or any legislation heretofore had in relation to said work, shall not be deemed to authorize any further subscription to said work, or the purchasing any further volumes thereof.

For seventy-six copies of the fourteenth volume of the Register of Debates, seven hundred and sixty dollars.

For one hundred and fifty-eight copies of "Contested Elections," seven hundred and ninety dollars.

For two hundred and nineteen copies of the fourth and fifth volumes of the Documentary History, seven thousand forty-three dollars and ninety-one cents: *Provided*, That this appropriation, or any legislation heretofore had in relation to said work, shall not be deemed to authorize any further subscription to said work, or the purchasing any further volumes thereof, beyond the number authorized and required by existing contracts with the publishers.

For contingent expenses in the office of the First Auditor, three hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the Fourth Auditor, five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, for publishing notices as required by acts of the twelfth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and the seventeenth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, one thousand dollars.

For compensation to the superintendent of the post-office building for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For additional salaries of the District judges of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri, from the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two thousand three hundred and ninety-four dollars and ninety-seven cents.

For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including the District of Columbia; also for jurors and witnesses, in aid of funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures; and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and for prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the safe-keeping of prisoners, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For expenses incurred, and to be incurred, for the support, clothing, and medical treatment, of the insane paupers of the District of Columbia, one thousand three hundred and twenty-five dollars and seventy-nine cents.

For reimbursement of the Philadelphia board of underwriters, for expenses paid and to be paid by them in maintaining the light on the Delaware Breakwater from the first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-four, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For outfits of *chargés des affaires* to Texas, Austria, Peru, and Venezuela, five hundred dollars; and that the proper accounting officers of the treasury are hereby authorized and directed to allow to William H. Stiles, *chargé d'affaires* to Austria, his salary from the tenth day of May to the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, and to pay the same out of any unexpended balance of the appropriations for salaries of the *chargés des affaires* of the United States.

For outfits of the late chargés des affaires to Peru and Venezuela, and chargés des affaires to Naples, Holland, New Grenada, Sweden, Portugal, Denmark, Belgium, Sardinia, Chili, and Buenos Ayres, fifty-four thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, thirty thousand dollars.

Register of Debates.

Contested Elections.

Documentary History. Proviso.

Contingent expenses, office of 1st and 4th Auditors.

Contingent erpenses, office of Secretary of the Treasury.

Compensation of superintendent of the postoffice.

Additional Salaries of certain District judges.

Expenses of the Courts of the U. S.; also of jurors, witnesses, &c.

Insane paupers of the District of Columbia.

Light on Delaware Breakwater.

Outfits of chargés des affaires.

Contingent expenses of foreign missions Pensions.

1836, ch. 362.

1838, ch. 189.

Repairing State artillery of Louisiana.

Payment of Texas and Louisiana volunteers.

Transportation of officers' baggage. Transportation of troops, supplies, &c.

Supplies of quartermaster's department.

Penitentiary in the District of Columbia.

Refunding certain duties collected in contravention of treaty with G. Britain.

1842, ch. 270.

Compensation and mileage of members of Congress, and delegates. For payment of invalid pensions under various laws, seventy-four thousand dollars.

For payment of pensions under act of July four, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one hundred and two thousand dollars.

For payment of widows' pensions under act of July seven, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and the acts supplementary thereto, one hundred and three thousand eight hundred dollars.

For repairing of the State artillery of the State of Louisiana, injured in the service of the United States in Texas, during the summer and fall of eighteen hundred and forty-five, one thousand five hundred and sixty-six dollars.

For payment of four companies of Texas volunteers, and two companies of Louisiana volunteers, including the supplies required by the quartermaster's department, sixty-nine thousand two hundred and six dollars and sixty-eight cents.

For transportation of officers' baggage, thirty thousand dollars.

For the transportation of troops and supplies of the army, including baggage of troops, when moving either by land or water; freight and ferriages; the purchase or hire of horses, mules, oxen, carts, wagons, and boats, for the transportation of supplies, and for garrison purposes; drayage and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters; transportation of funds of the pay department; expense of sailing public transports between the posts on the Gulf of Mexico, and procuring water at such posts as from their situation require it; of clothing, from the depot at Philadelphia to the stations of the troops; of subsistence, from the places of purchase, and from the places of delivery, under contracts, to such places as the necessities of the service may require it to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms, from the founderies and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, and frontier posts, six hundred and thirty thousand dollars.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel, forage in kind for the authorized number of officers' horses, and for the horses, mules, and oxen, belonging to the quartermaster's department at the several military posts and stations, and for the horses of the two regiments of dragoons, and of the four companies of light artillery; of straw for soldiers' bedding; and of stationery, including company and other blank books for the army, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's departments, and the printing of department orders, army regulations, and general regulations, one hundred thousand dollars.

For amount required for the support of the [penitentiary of the](a) District of Columbia, for the fiscal year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, eleven thousand nine hundred and forty-nine dollars and sixty-four cents.

For refunding certain duties collected under the act of the thirtieth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act to provide Revenue from Imports, and to change and modify existing Laws imposing Duties on Imports, and for other Purposes," contrary to the terms of the convention of eighteen hundred and fifteen, between Great Britain and the United States, in fulfilment of the agreement lately entered into by the government of the United States and Great Britain, one hundred thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of senators and members of the House of Representatives and delegates, the same being rendered necessary by an increase in the number of senators and members of the House of Representatives, twenty thousand dollars.

(a) The words in brackets were, by a clerical error, omitted, in engrossing the bill. The omission is corrected by the joint resolution of May 15, 1846, post, p. 110. For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of the commissioner to reside in China from the first of April to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-five, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

APPROVED, May 8, 1846.

CHAP. XV. — An Act to repeal a Part of the Act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several Laws for the Sale of the public Lands," approved April fifth, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, the second proviso to the act entitled "An Act supplementary to the several Laws for the Sale of the public Lands," approved April fifth, one thousand eight hundred and thirtytwo, which is as follows, viz., "That no person shall be permitted to enter more than one half quarter section of land under this act in quarter quarter sections, in his own name, or in the name of any other person, and in no case, unless he intends it for cultivation, or for the use of his improvement. And the person making application to make an entry under this act shall file his or her affidavit under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, that he or she makes the entry in his or her own name, for his or her own benefit, and not in trust for another," shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and all entries, selections, or locations of lands now suspended in the General Land Office, because made contrary to the restrictions in this proviso, shall be, and they are hereby, confirmed, provided they are, in all other respects, fair and regular.

APPROVED, May 8, 1846.

CHAP. XVI. — An Act providing for the Prosecution of the existing War between the United States and the Republic of Mexico.

Whereas, by the act of the Republic of Mexico, a state of war exists between that Government and the United States:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purpose of enabling the government of the United States to prosecute said war to a speedy and successful termination, the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ the militia, naval, and military forces of the United States, and to call for and accept the services of any number of volunteers, not exceeding fifty thousand, who may offer their services, either as cavalry, artillery, infantry, or riflemen, to serve twelve months after they shall have arrived at the place of rendezvous, or to the end of the war, unless sooner discharged, according to the time for which they shall have been mustered into service; and that the sum of ten millions of dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury, or to come into the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this act into effect.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the militia, when called into the service of the United States by virtue of this act, or any other act, may, if in the opinion of the President of the United States the public interest requires it, be compelled to serve for a term nc exceeding six months after their arrival at the place of rendezvous, in any one year, unless sooner discharged.

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Contingent expenses of foreign intercourse. Salary of Commissioner to China.

May 8, 1846.

Repeal of the 2d proviso in the act of 1832, ch. 65, permitting entries, &c., of land.

Entries &c., confirmed.

May 13, 1846. Supplementary act, post, p. 17. Preamble.

President authorized to employ militia, naval, and military forces of the U. S., and to call for and accept volunteers, not exceeding 50,000.

Time volunteers are to serve.

Ten millions of dollars appropriated.

Militia to serve for six months. Volunteers to furnish clothes, horses, and equipments; to be armed by the United States.

Volunteers to be subject to the rules and articles of war.

Commutation for clothing.

Volunteers, how to be accepted.

Their officers, how appointed.

Organization into regiments, &c.

Apportionment of field, staff, and general officers.

Provision for volunteers wounded in service

President authorized to complete all public armed vessels now authorized by law, and to purchase, &c., merchant vessels and steamboats.

Organization, pay, and emoluments.

Allowance to mounted men for use and risk of their horses. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said volunteers shall furnish their own clothes, and if cavalry, their own horses and horse equipments; and when mustered into service shall be armed at the expense of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That said volunteers shall, when called into actual service, and while remaining therein, be subject to the rules and articles of war, and shall be, in all respects except as to clothing and pay, placed on the same footing with similar corps of the United States army; and in lieu of clothing every noncommissioned officer and private in any company, who may thus offer himself, shall be entitled, when called into actual service, to receive in money a sum equal to the cost of clothing of a non-commissioned officer or private (as the case may be) in the regular troops of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said volunteers so offering their services shall be accepted by the President in companies, battalions, squadrons, and regiments, whose officers shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by law in the several States and Territories to which such companies, battalions, squadrons, and regiments, shall respectively belong.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to organize companies so tendering their services into battalions or squadrons, battalions and squadrons into regiments, regiments into brigades, and brigades into divisions, as soon as the number of volunteers shall render such organization, in his judgment, expedient; and the President shall, if necessary, apportion the staff, field, and general officers among the respective States and Territories from which the volunteers shall tender their services as he may deem proper.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the volunteers who may be received into the service of the United States by virtue of the provisions of this act, and who shall be wounded or otherwise disabled in the service, shall be entitled to all the benefit which may be conferred on persons wounded in the service of the United States.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized forthwith to complete all the public armed vessels now authorized by law, and to purchase or charter, arm, equip, and man, such merchant vessels and steam boats as, upon examination, may be found fit, or easily converted into armed vessels fit for the public service, and in such number as he may deem necessary for the protection of the seaboard, lake coast, and the general defence of the country.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That whenever the militia or volunteers are called and received into the service of the United States, under the provisions of this act, they shall have the organization of the army of the United States, and shall have the same pay and allowances; and all mounted privates, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and artificers, shall be allowed 40 cents per day for the use and risk of their horses, except of horses actually killed in action; and if any mounted volunteer, private, non-commissioned officer, musician, or artificer, shall not keep himself provided with a serviceable horse, the said volunteer shall serve on foot.

Approved, May 13, 1846.

CHAP. XVII. - An Act to authorize an Increase of the Rank and File of the Army of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and is hereby, authorized, by voluntary enlistment, to increase the number of privates in each or any of the companies of the existing regiments of dragoons, artillery, and infantry, to any number not exceeding one hundred, whenever, in his opinion, the exigencies of the public service may require the same, and to reduce the same to sixty-four, when the exigencies requiring the present increase shall cease : Provided, That said enlistments shall be for the term of five years, and no longer, unless sooner disbanded by the President.

APPROVED, May 13, 1846.

May 13, 1846.

1848, ch. 173. 4 2. Number of pri-

vates in the existing regiments to be increased. Reduced when the exigencies

requiring such shall increase cease.

Time of enlistment

CHAP. XX. - An Act making Appropriations for certain Fortifications of the United States, for the Year ending on the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, for the preservation, repairs, and construction of certain fortifications, for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven :

For defensive works and barracks near Detroit, Michigan, thirty thousand dollars.

For defensive works and barracks near Buffalo, New York, twentyfive thousand dollars.

For repairing and rebuilding barracks and storehouses at Fort Niagara, New York, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For Fort Ontario, at Oswego, New York, eight thousand dollars.

For fortifications at the outlet of Lake Champlain, New York, fortyfive thousand dollars.

For fort at the narrows of the Penobscot River, near Bucksport, Maine, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For repairs of Fort Preble, Portland harbor, Maine, ten thousand dollars.

For repairs at Fort Scammel, Portland harbor, Maine, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For repairs of Fort McClary, Portsmouth harbor, New Hampshire, including the purchase of land for extension of site, six thousand dollars.

For repairs of fortifications on Governor's Island, Boston harbor, Massachusetts, thirty thousand dollars.

For Fort Warren, Boston harbor, Massachusetts, forty-five thousand dollars.

For Fort Adams, Newport harbor, Rhode Island, fifteen thousand dollars.

For rebuilding Fort Trumbull, New London harbor, Connecticut, twenty thousand dollars.

For Fort Schuyler, East River, New York, forty thousand dollars. For repairs at Fort Wood, and sea-wall of Bedlow's Island, New York, forty thousand dollars.

For repairs of Fort Hamilton, New York, thirty thousand dollars. For repairs of Fort Madison, Annapolis harbor, Maryland, ten thousand dollars.

Appropriation.

Detroit

Buffalo.

Fort Niagara.

Fort Ontario. Outlet of Lake Champlain.

Fort at narrows of Penobscot.

Fort Preble.

Fort Scammel.

Fort McClary, and land for site.

Governor's Island, Boston.

Fort Warren.

Fort Adams.

Fort Trumbull.

Fort Schuyler.

Fort Wood, and sea-wall of Bedlow's Island.

Fort Hamilton. Fort Madison

May 15, 1846. [Obsolete.]

Fort Washing-	For repairs of Fort Washington, Potomac River, Maryland, twenty-
ton.	eix thousand dollars.
Fort Monroe.	For Fort Monroe, Hampton Roads, Virginia, seventy-five thousand
	dollars
Fort Caswell.	For preservation of the site of Fort Caswell, mouth of Cape Fear
Port Cashelli	River, North Carolina, fifteen thousand dollars.
Fort Moultrie.	For preservation of the site of Fort Moultrie, Charleston harbor,
1011 110110	Sonth Carolina, fifteen thousand dollars.
Drunken Dick	For dike to Drunken Dick Shoal, Charleston harbor, South Caro-
Shoal.	lina, thirty-five thousand dollars.
Fort Sumter.	For Fort Sumter, Charleston harbor, South Carolina, forty-five
	thousand dollars.
Fort Pulaski.	For Fort Pulaski, Savannah River, Georgia, twenty-five thousand
	dollars.
Fort Jackson.	For repairs of Fort Jackson, Savannah River, Georgia, fifteen
	thousand dollars.
Fort Pickens.	For Fort Pickens, Pensacola harbor, Florida, ten thousand dollars.
Fort Barrancas.	For Fort Barrancas, and the erection of barracks thereat, Pensa-
	cola harbor, Florida, fifty thousand dollars.
Fort Morgan.	For repairs of Fort Morgan, Mobile Point, Alabama, forty thou-
	sand dollars.
Fort Pike.	For repairs of Fort Pike, and preservation of site, Louisiana, thir-
	teen thousand dollars.
Fort Wood, La.	For repairs of Fort Wood, Louisiana, six thousand five hundred
Fort Wood, Eu.	dollars.
Battery Bien-	For repairs of Battery Bienvenue, Louisiana, five thousand dollars.
venue, La.	For repairs of Fort Jackson, Mississippi River, Louisiana, twenty-
Fort Jackson.	five thousand dollars.
Fort St. Philip.	For repairs of Fort St. Philip, Mississippi River, Louisiana, thirty
-	thousand dollars.
Fort Livingston.	For Fort Livingston, Grand Terre Island, Barrataria Bay, Louisi-
_	ana, forty thousand dollars.
Florida Reef.	For fortifications on the Florida Reef, two hundred thousand dollars.
Contingencies.	For contingencies of fortifications, fifty thousand dollars.
Armament.	For the armament of fortifications, three hundred thousand dollars.
	SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United
When to be	States may, in his discretion, direct the expenditure of any of the
expended.	foregoing appropriations, at any time after the passage of this act.

APPROVED, May 15, 1846.

May 15, 1846. CHAP. XXI.—An Act for the Organization of a Company of Sappers, Miners, and Pontoniers.

A company of sappers, miners, and pontoniers to be raised.

Pay and rations. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be added to the corps of engineers one company of sappers, miners, and pontoniers, to be called engineer soldiers; which company shall be composed of ten sergeants, or master workmen, ten corporals, or overseers, two musicians, thirty-nine privates of the first class, or artificers, and thirty-nine privates of the second class, or laborers; in all, one hundred men.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the pay and rations of the sergeants, or master workmen, of said company, shall be the same as those now allowed by law to the master workmen employed by the ordnance department, excepting that the engineer sergeants shall receive one ration only per day, instead of one ration and a half; of the corporals, or overseers, the same as those now allowed by law to the armorers, carriage-makers, and blacksmiths employed by the ordnance department, excepting that the engineer corporals shall receive one ration only per day, instead of one ration and a half; of the privates of the first class, or artificers, the same as those now allowed by law to the artificers employed by the ordnance department; of the privates of the second class, or laborers, the same as those now allowed by law to the laborers employed by the ordnance department; and of the musicians, the same as those allowed by law to the musicians of the line of the army; the said non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians being respectively entitled to the same clothing and other allowances as are granted by law to non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians of the artillery in the army of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said engineer company shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, shall be recruited in the same manner, and with the same limitation, and shall be entitled to the same provisions, allowances, and benefits, in every respect, as are allowed to the other troops constituting the present military peace establishment.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said engineer company shall be attached to and compose a part of the corps of engineers, and be officered by officers of that corps, as at present organized; they shall be instructed in and perform all the duties of sappers, miners, and pontoniers, and shall aid in giving practical instructions in these branches at the Military Academy; they shall, moreover, under the orders of the chief engineer, be liable to serve by detachments, in overseeing and aiding laborers upon fortifications or other works under the engineer department, and in supervising finished fortifications as fort-keepers, preventing injury and applying repairs.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the chief engineer, with the approbation of the Secretary of War, be authorized to regulate and determine the number, quality, form, dimensions, &c., of the necessary vehicles, pontons, tools, implements, arms, and other supplies, for the use and service of said company as a body of sappers, miners, and pontoniers.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, Appropriation. to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the pay, subsistence, and clothing, of said company, and for carrying out the other purposes of this act.

APPROVED, May 15, 1846.

CHAP. XXII.-An Act to provide for raising a Regiment of mounted Riflemen, and for establishing military Stations on the Route to Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be raised one regiment of mounted riflemen, to be composed and organized as follows, to wit : One colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one major, one quartermaster-sergeant, and two chief buglers, one adjutant, who shall be a lieutenant, one sergeant-major, one chief musician, and ten companies; each company shall consist of one captain, one first lieutenant, one second lieutenant, (exclusive of the adjutant lieutenant,) four sergeants, four corporals, two buglers, one farrier, one blacksmith, and sixty-four privates.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, shall be entitled to the same pay and emoluments as are allowed to dragoons, and that the farrier and blacksmith shall receive the same pay and allowances as are allowed to an artificer of artillery.

Clothing, and other allowances.

Placed on the same footing as other troops of the U.S.

To be attached to the corps of engineers, and to be officered by officers of that corps, &c.

Liable to serve by detachments working in – OB fortifications.

The chief en gineer to regu late and deter mine the number, quality, &c., of the necessary vehicles, pontons, tools, &c.

May 19, 1846.

Regiment of mounted riflemen raised. Organization.

Pay and emoluments.

To be subject to the rules and articles of war, and recruited in the same manner as other troops of U.S.

Provisions for wounds and disabilities, and for widows and children, &cc.

Extra compensation when on fatigue duty.

1819, ch. 45.

Appropriation.

Appropriation for military stations on route to Oregon. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said regiment of riflemen shall be subject to the rules and articles of war, and shall be recruited in the same manner as other troops in the service of the United States, and with the same conditions and limitations; and the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, blacksmiths, and farriers, shall be entitled to the same provisions for wounds and disabilities, and the same provisions for widows and children, and the same allowances and benefits, in every respect, as are allowed to other troops composing the army of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates of said regiment, when employed in constructing fortifications, making surveys, cutting roads, or performing other labor, shall be allowed fifteen cents per day each, with a commutation in money for the extra spirit ration, as provided by the act of the second of March, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, entitled "An Act to regulate the Pay of the Army when on Fatigue Duty."

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sum of seventy-six thousand five hundred dollars, for mounting and equipping said regiment, be, and the same hereby is, appropriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceeding three thousand dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same hereby is, appropriated, to defray the expenses of each military station or defence which the President may deem necessary on the line of communication with Oregon, and a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars for making compensation to the Indian tribes which may own or possess the ground on which the said station may be erected, and for each station.

APPROVED, May 19, 1846.

May 22, 1846. 1843, ch. 92.

Value of certain foreign coins in computations at custom-house. CHAP. XXIII. — An Act to establish the Value of certain foreign Coins and Moneys of Account, and to amend existing Laws.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all computations at the custom-house, the foreign coins and money of account herein specified shall be estimated as follows, to wit: The specie dollar of Sweden and Norway, at one hundred and six cents; the specie dollar of Denmark, at one hundred and five cents; the thaler of Prussia and of the northern states of Germany, at sixty-nine cents; the florin of the southern states of Germany, at forty cents; the florin of the Austrian Empire, and of the city of Augsburg, at fortyeight and one half cents; the lira of the Lombardo-Venetian Kingdom, and the lira of Tuscany, at sixteen cents; the franc of France and of Belgium, and the lira of Sardinia, at eighteen cents six mills; the ducat of Naples, at eighty cents; the ounce of Sicily, at two dollars and forty cents; the pound of the British provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Newfoundland, and Canada, at four dollars. And all laws inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed.

Repeal of inconsistent acts.

APPROVED, May 22, 1846.

CHAP. XXV. - An Act establishing certain Post Routes, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following be established as post routes :

In Texas. - From New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, to Galveston, in Texas, by water.

From Galveston to Houston, by water.

From Galveston, by San Luis and Velasco, to Matagorda.

From Galveston, to Corpus Christi, by water.

From Galveston, by Chambersia, John's, and Liberty, to Swartwout. From Galveston, by Garner's, to Beaumont.

From Velasco, by Brazoria, Columbia, Orozimbo, Big Creek, Richmond, San Felipe, Centre Hill, and Cedar Creek, to Washington.

From Matagorda, by Caney, Preston, Peach Creek, Egypt, and Columbus, to Lagrange.

From Houston, by Hamblin's and Arnold's, to Washington.

From Houston, by Hodges' Bend, Richmond, Damon's Mills, Egypt, and Texana, to Victoria.

From Houston, by Croft's, to Montgomery.

From Washington, by Independence, Brenham, Sieper's, Shelby's, and Rutersville, to Lagrange.

From Washington, by Fanthorp's, Rusk, Montgomery, Lone Oak, Collard's, Huntsville, and Cincinnati, to Crockett.

From Washington, by Boonville, Wheelock, and Franklin, to Falls of Brassos.

From Fanthorp's, by Mitchell's, Leona Mills, Alabama, and Mustang Prairie, to Crockett.

From Huntsville, by McGee's, Rankin's, Swartwout, Hardin's, Criswell, Hooker's, Wilson's, Ratcliff's, Town Bluff, Jasper, and Williams, to Sabinetown.

From Crockett, by Masters', Mount Airy, Douglass, Nacogdoches, Melrose, and Flournoy's to San Augustine.

From Nacogdoches, by Wooten's, Henderson, and Walker's, to Marshall.

From San Augustine, by Shelbyville, Hilliard's, Mount Mourn, and Parry's, to Marshall.

From San Augustine, by Milam, Sabinetown, to Fort Jesup, Louisiana.

From Marshall by Jefferson, Hughes, Dangerfield, Wevers, and Durham, to Boston.

From Marshall, by Port Caddo, to Greenwood, Louisiana.

From Boston, by Mooresville, to Fulton, Arkansas, and from Pine Bluff's, in Jefferson county, to Warren, in Bradley county, in Arkansas.

From Boston, by De Kalb, Savannah, Clarksville, Blossom Prairie, Paris, and Honey Grove, to Bonham.

From Bonham, by McGarra's, Dallas, and Chamber's Creek, Falls of Brassos, to Austin.

From Independence, by Mound Prairie, Caldwell, and Dilliard's, to Nashville.

From Lagrange, by Miller's, Cunningham's, Mount Pleasant, Bastrop, Smithwick, and Columbus, to Austin.

From Austin to Gonzales.

From Gonzales, by Seguin and New Braunfels, to San Antonio. From Clarksville to Fort Towson.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to continue in operation such portions of General may con-

Certain post routes in Texas established.

May 29, 1846.

Postmaster-

tinue present mail service in Texas. Post, p. 110. •

Postmaster-General may pay mail contractors in Texas for service performed.

Compensation. Postmasters to account to U. S.

Postmasters in Texas to account for and pay over to the Postmaster-General all balances, &c.

Rates of postage to be the same as in other States.

P. O. Laws extended to Texas.

Repeal of Act of 1846, ch. 6, establishing post routes in Texas. the present mail service in Texas, established under its former laws, upon any of the foregoing routes, as he may deem expedient, — not, however, for a longer period than the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty, — and to make contracts for the appropriate mail service on any of the foregoing routes, either without advertisement, where the same can be effected at rates of compensation not exceeding the average prices for like service in the other States of this Union, or upon advertisements for a less period than twelve weeks, as he shall deem best for the public interests.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be. and he is hereby, authorized to pay mail contractors in Texas for service duly performed by them since the sixteenth day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and also officers employed in superintending the mail service : Provided, however, That such payment shall in no case exceed the compensation agreed upon with the late authorities of Texas: Provided, also, That the several postmasters in Texas, appointed by the late government of Texas, shall duly account to and pay over to the Postmaster-General of the United States all balances accruing at their offices, respectively, from and after said sixteenth of February, eighteen hundred and forty-six; that is, all money collected, or to be collected, for postages at their offices, respectively, after deducting the commissions allowed by the law to postmasters in the Uni-And it is hereby enacted and declared to be the duty of ted States. said persons and postmasters as aforesaid, in Texas, to account for and pay over to said Postmaster-General of the United States all said balances, in the manner and to the extent required by the laws of the United States of the several postmasters in the United States; and the like remedies and means of collecting, and enforcing collection, by suit or otherwise, of said balances, are hereby granted, as now ex-ist by law against the postmasters of the United States. The same rates of postage are to be charged and collected in Texas as in other States of this Union; and all laws concerning the post-office department, and regulations thereof, are hereby declared to have full effect and operation in said State from and after said sixteenth of February aforesaid.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the act establishing certain post routes in Texas, approved the sixth of February, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-six, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. APPROVED, May 29, 1846.

May 29, 1846.

1850, ch. 31.

July term of U. S. Courts in Ohio to be held on 3d Monday of July, annually.

Provision for actions, &c., now pending. CHAP. XXVI. — An Act in Relation to the July Term of the Circuit and District Courts in the District of Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the July term of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, in the District of Ohio, shall hereafter be held on the third Monday of July, annually: Provided, That all actions, suits, appeals, recognizances, processes, writs, and proceedings whatever, pending or which may be pending in said courts, or returnable to the term as it now exists, shall have day therein, and be heard, tried, proceeded with, and disposed of, at the term as fixed by this act.

APPROVED, May 29, 1846

CHAP. XXVIII. - An Act making Alterations in the Pay Department of the Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint three additional paymasters, to be attached to the pay department of the army.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers appointed in virtue of this act shall perform the same duties, receive the same pay pensation, &c. and allowances, as the present paymasters of the army, and shall, in like manner, be subject to the rules and articles of war; and previous to entering upon the duties of their office, shall give such bonds to the United States as the Secretary of War may direct, for the faithful performance of their duties.

APPROVED, June 17, 1846.

CHAP. XXIX. - An Act supplemental to an Act entitled "An Act providing for the Prosecution of the existing War between the United States and the Republic of Mexico," and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, one major-general and two brigadier-generals, in addition to the present military establishment: Provided, That when the war with Mexico shall be terminated by a definitive treaty of peace, duly concluded and ratified, the number of major-generals in the army shall be reduced to one, and the number of brigadier-generals shall be reduced to two; and the President of the United States is authorized and directed to select from the whole number which may then be in office, without regard to the date of their commissions, the number to be retained, and cause the remainder to be discharged from the service of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to call into the service, under the act approved May thirteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, such of the general officers of the militia as the service, in his opinion, may require, and to organize into brigades and divisions the forces authorized by said act, according to his discretion.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the field and staff of a separate battalion of volunteers, under the said act, shall be one lieutenantcolonel or major, one adjutant, with the rank of lieutenant, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, and a chief bugler or principal musician, according to corps.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States may limit the privates in any volunteer company, according to his discretion, at from sixty-four to one hundred; and that with every volunteer company an additional second lieutenant may be allowed and accepted.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when volunteers or militia are called into the service of the United States in such numbers that the officers of the quartermaster, commissary, and medical departments, authorized by law, be not sufficient to provide for supplying, quartering, transporting, and furnishing them with the requisite medical attendance, it shall be lawful for the President to appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, as many additional officers of said departments as the service may require, not exceeding one quartermaster and one commissary for each brigade, with the rank of major, and one

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Three additional paymasters to be appointed.

Duties, com.

Bonds of.

June 18, 1846. 1846, ch. 16.

One major-general and two brigadier-generals to be appointed,

Reduction on conclusion of peace.

How to 08 made.

President authorized to call into service general officers of the militia.

Field and staff of separate battalion of volunteers established.

Number of privates in a company.

An additional second lieutenant allowed.

Additional officers of the quartermaster, com-missary, and medical departments may be appointed.

assistant quartermaster, with the rank of captain, one assistant commissary, with the rank of captain, one surgeon, and one assistant surgeon, for each regiment; the said quartermasters and commissaries, assistant quartermasters and assistant commissaries, to give bonds, with good and sufficient sureties, for the faithful performance of their duties; and they and the said surgeons and assistant surgeons to perform such duties as the President shall direct: *Provided*, That the said officers shall be allowed the same pay and emoluments as are now allowed to officers of the same descriptions and grades in those departments, respectively; that they be subject to the rules and articles of war, and continue in service only so long as their services shall be required, in connection with the militia and volunteers.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to appoint as many additional assistant adjutant-generals, not exceeding four, as the service may require; who shall be appointed, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in the same manner, have the same brevet rank, pay, and emoluments, and be charged with the same duties, as those now authorized by law: *Provided*, that these additional appointments shall continue only so long as the exigencies of the service may render necessary.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That promotion, in the quartermaster's department, to the rank of major, shall hereafter be made from the captains of the army; and that appointments in the line, and in the general staff, which confer equal rank in the army, shall not be held by the same officer at the same time; and when any officer of the staff who may have been taken from the line shall, in virtue of seniority, have obtained or be entitled to promotion to a grade in his regiment equal to the commission he may hold in the staff, the said officer shall vacate such staff commission, or he may, at his option, vacate his commission in the line.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the aids-de-camp of the major-general commanding the army in time of war may be taken from the line, without regard to rank; and the aids-de-camp allowed to other major-generals and brigadier-generals may be taken from the grade of captain or subaltern; and that the commanding or highest general in rank may, while in the field, appoint a military secretary from the subalterns of the army, who shall have the pay and emoluments of a major of cavalry for the time being.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the allowance for clothing to each non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, of volunteers, shall be three dollars and fifty cents per month, during the time he shall be in the service of the United States.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, of volunteers and militia, when called into the service of the United States, shall be entitled to receive fifty cents, in lieu of subsistence, and twenty-five cents in lieu of forage for such as are mounted, for every twenty miles, by the most direct route, from the period of leaving their homes to the place of general rendezvous, and from the place of discharge back to their homes.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the colonel or senior officer of the ordnance department is authorized to enlist, for the service of that department, as many master armorers, master carriagemakers, master blacksmiths, artificers, armorers, carriage-makers, blacksmiths, and laborers, as the public service, in his judgment, under the directions of the Secretary for the Department of War, may require.

Approved, June 18, 1846.

Pay, &c.

Time of service.

Assistant adjutant-generals may be appointed.

Time of service.

Promotions and appointments.

Aids-de-camp, whence to be taken.

Military secretary.

Allowance for clothing.

Subsistence and forage of volunteers and militia.

Enlistments for ordnance department authorized.

CHAP. XXXI. — An Act making Appropriations for the Service of the Post-Office Ju Department for the Year ending Unitieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of the said department, in conformity to the act of the second of July, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, namely:

For transportation of the mails, two millions seven hundred thousand dollars; and the Postmaster-General is hereby authorized to apply twenty-five thousand dollars, of the money appropriated for mail transportation, for a line of mail steamers from the United States to Bremen; but no further sum shall be diverted to any other object than the transportation of the mail within the United States.

For compensation of postmasters, one million dollars.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, twelve thousand dollars. For wrapping paper, sixteen thousand dollars.

For office furniture, (for post-offices,) four thousand dollars.

For advertising, thirty thousand dollars.

For mail bags, twenty thousand dollars.

For blanks, seventeen thousand dollars.

For mail locks, keys, and stamps, four thousand dollars.

For mail depredations and special agents, thirteen thousand dollars.

For clerks for offices, (for offices of postmasters,) two hundred thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous, fifty thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the magnetic telegraph from the city of Washington to Baltimore, four thousand dollars; this appropriation to be available, if need be, before the commencement of the next fiscal year: *Provided*, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to let, for a limited time, the aforesaid telegraph to any person who will keep it in operation for its earnings; or he may, under the direction of the President of the United States, sell the same.

For paying an ascertained balance due to Messrs. Hale and Coleman, under their contract of May thirty-first, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, forty dollars and seventy-five cents.

For publishing a new edition, of eighteen thousand copies, of the Table of Post Offices in the United States, and the same number of the "Laws and Regulations for the Government of the Post-Office Department," eight thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, the work be let to contract to the lowest bidder, upon the terms indicated by the seventeenth section of the act approved twenty-sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, "legalizing and making appropriations for such necessary objects as have been usually included in the general appropriation bills without authority of law, &c."

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in case the revenues of the department, referred to in the first section of this act, shall prove insufficient to meet the foregoing appropriations, then any deficiency that may thus arise shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated,

Approved, June 19, 1846.

June 19, 1846.

Appropriation.

Transportation.

Mail steamers from U. S. to Bremen.

Postmasters.

Letters.

Paper, furniture, advertising, mail bags, blanks, locks, &c.

Depredations & special agents.

Clerks.

Miscellaneous. Magnetio telegraph.

May be leased.

Balance due Hale and Coleman.

New edition of the Table of Post Offices, and of Laws and Regulations of the P. O. Department.

Contract, how made.

1842, ch. 202, §17.

Deficiency of revenue provided for. June, 26, 1846.

The President to organize them into brigades and divisions.

1846, ch. 16.

Appointment of major and brigadier generals, as may be necessary.

Discharge on conclusion of peace, or reduction of volunteers.

Strength of each prigade and division.

June 27, 1846.

Appropriation.

CHAP. XXXIII. — An Act to provide for the Organization of the Volunteer Forces, brought into the Service of the United States, into Brigades and Divisions, and for the Appointment of the necessary Number of General Officers to command the same

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to organize into brigades and divisions such of the volunteer forces as have been, or may be, called into the service of the United States, under the act approved May thirteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act providing for the Prosecution of the existing War between the United States and the Republic of Mexico;" and that he be, and hereby is, authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, such number of major-generals and brigadier-generals as the organization of such volunteer forces into brigades and divisions may render necessary : Provided, That the brigadier-generals and majorgenerals so appointed shall be discharged from service by the President of the United States, when the war with Mexico shall be terminated by a definitive treaty of peace, duly concluded and ratified; or, in case the brigades or divisions of volunteers at any time in the service shall be reduced in number, the brigadier-generals and major-generals herein provided for shall be discharged, in proportion to the reduction in the number of the brigades and divisions: And provided further, That each brigade of volunteers shall consist of not less than three regiments, and each division shall consist of not less than two brigades.

APPROVED, June 26, 1846.

CULLP. XXXIV — An Act making Appropriations for the current and contingent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with the various Indian Tribes, for the Year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, for the year ending on the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, viz.:

For the pay of the superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, and the several Indian agents, as provided by the acts of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and of March third, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, sixteen thousand five hundred dollars

Provided always, That no superintendent of Indian affairs. or Indian agent, or other disbursing officer in such service, shall have advanced to him, on Indian or public account, any money to be disbursed in future, until such superintendent, agent, or officer in such service, shall have settled his accounts of the preceding year, and satisfactorily shown that all balances in favor of the government, which may appear to be in his hands, are ready to be paid over on the order of the department.

For pay of sub-agents, authorized by the act of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For an agent for the Indian tribes residing upon the waters of the Upper Platte and Upper Arkansas Rivers, the sum of fifteen hundred dollars.

Superintendent and agents. 1834, ch. 162. 1837, ch. 31.

Proviso.

Sub agents. 1834, ch. 162.

Agent for the tribes on the Upper Platte, and Upper Arkansas. For pay of interpreters, as authorized by the same act, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of clerk to superintendent at St. Louis, who is hereby authorized to be continued, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of clerk to acting superintendent of Western Territory, who is hereby authorized to be continued, one thousand dollars.

For provisions for Indians, at the distribution of annuities, while on visits of business with the different superintendents and agents, and when assembled on public business, which is hereby authorized, eleven thousand eight hundred dollars.

For presents to Indians, five thousand dollars.

For postages, rents, stationery, fuel for offices, and other contingencies of the Indian department, and for transportation and incidental expenses, thirty-six thousand five hundred dollars.

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, namely :

To the Christian Indians. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the acts of May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, and May twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, four hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Mississippi and Lake Superior. — For payment in money for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine thousand five hundred dollars.

For payment in goods for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nineteen thousand dollars.

For establishing three blacksmiths' shops, supporting three smiths, and furnishing iron and steel for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, three thousand dollars.

For support of farmers, purchase of implements, grain, or seed, and to carry on their agricultural pursuits for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand dollars.

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of tobacco for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty-five years, in money, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred ⁱ and forty-two, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty-five years, in goods, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For purchase of tobacco and provisions, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteer hundred and fortytwo, two thousand dollars.

For support of two blacksmiths' shops, including pay of smiths and assistants, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For support of two farmers, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, one thousand dollars.

For pay of two carpenters, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, twelve hundred dollars.

For support of schools, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty

Interpreters. 1834, ch. 162.

Cierks.

Provisions.

Presents. Contingencies.

Christian Indians.

> Chippewas. Money.

Goods.

Three blacksmiths, &c., under treaty of 1837.

Farmers' implements, &c.

Provisions.

Tobacco.

Limited annuity in money.

Limited annuity in goods.

Tobacco and provisions

Two blacksmith shops, under treaty of 1842.

Farmers.

Carpenters.

Schools.

Chippewas. Annuities. of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas of Saganaw.—For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, one thousand dollars.

For support of blacksmith at Saganaw, and for farming utensils and cattle, and for the employment of persons to aid them in agriculture, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and seventh article of the treaty of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fifth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, one thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas, Menomonies, Winnebagoes, and New York Indians. — For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas, Ottowas, and Pottawatomies. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, sixteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, fourteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second (supplemental) article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, seven hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For the purchase of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Choctaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and five, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, Bob Cole, stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For life annuity to three district chiefs, two hundred and fifty dollars each, stipulated in the fifteenth article of the treaty of twenty-

Blacksmith, farming utensils, &c.

Education.

Chippewas, &c. Education.

Annuities.

Blacksmith and assistant.

> Iron and steel. Salt.

Choctaws. Annuities.

Bob Cole.

seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the seventeenth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty thousand dollars.

For education of forty youths for twenty years, including support of teachers in the nation, two thousand five hundred dollars per annum, stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twentyseventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and ninth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For three blacksmiths and assistants for sixteen years, stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty-five hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, nine hundred and sixty dollars.

For pay of millwright, stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, six hundred dollars.

To the Chickasaws.—For permanent annuity, stipulated in the act of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

For education for fifteen years, stipulated in the second supplemental article of the treaty of twenty-fourth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, three thousand dollars.

To the Creeks. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for fifteen years, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirtywo, ten thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, and use of shop and tools, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For two blacksmiths and assistants, and use of shops and tools, for twenty years, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

For iron and steel, five hundred and forty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, and use of shop and tools, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For wheelwright, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, six hundred dollars.

For wagon-maker, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of Wag fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

Education.

Blacksmiths and assistants, &c.

Millwright.

Chickasaws. Annuity.

Education.

Creeks. Annuities.

Blacksmiths, assistants, &c.

Wheelwright.

Wagon-maker

Agricultural implements.

Education.

Interest

treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars. For education for twenty years, stipulated in the thirteenth article

of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For education for twenty years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For interest, at five per centum, on three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, (ninth year,) stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-third November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For education for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

To the Cherokees.—For four blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth of February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel, one thousand and eighty dollars.

For wagon-maker, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For wheelwright, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

To the Delawares. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third of August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of third of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth of September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth of September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in private and confidential articles of supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth of September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to treaty of third of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one hundred dollars.

For life annuity to three chiefs, stipulated in supplemental article to treaty of twenty-sixth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three hundred dollars.

For the purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shops, two hundred and twenty dollars. For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land, set apart, by the treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, for education, stipulated in resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

To the Florida Indians.— For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth of September, eighteen

Cherokees. Blacksmiths.

Education.

Iron and steel. Wagon-maker.

Wheelwright.

Delawares. Annuities.

Purchase of salt.

Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel. Interest.

Florida Indians. Blacksmith and assistant. hundred and twenty-three, and treaty of ninth of May, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand dollars.

For annuity in goods for fifteen years, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two thousand dollars.

For annuity in money for fifteen years, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, three thousand dollars.

For agricultural implements for five years, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, one thousand dollars.

To the Iowas. — For one year's interest on one hundred and fiftyseven thousand five hundred dollars, to be invested at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

To the Kickapoos. — For limited annuity for nineteen years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five thousand dollars.

To the Kanzas. — For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of June, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural assistance, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of June, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, one thousand six hundred dollars.

To the Miamies. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fifth article of treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For one thousand pounds of tobacco, two thousand pounds of iron, one thousand pounds of steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and seventy dollars.

For pay of miller in lieu of gunsmith, stipulated in the fifth article of treaty of sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, six hundred dollars.

For one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the fifth article of treaty of sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education and support of the poor, stipulated in the sixth article of treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For the tenth of ten instalments, stipulated in second article of treaty of twenty-fourth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, it ten thousand dollars.

For the ninth of ten instalments, stipulated in third article of treaty of sixth November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, twelve thousand five hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

For the sixth of twenty instalments, stipulated in second article of treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For payment in lieu of laborers, stipulated in sixth article of treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, two hundred and fifty dollars.

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Annuities.

Agricultural implements

> Iowas. Interest.

Kickapoos. Annuity.

Kanzas. Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel. Agricultural assistance.

> Miamies. Annuity.

Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel. Tobacco.

Miller.

Salt.

Education and support of poor.

Tenth instalment stipulated in treaty of 1834.

9th instalment stipulated in treaty of 1838.

6th instalment stipulated in treaty of 1840.

Payment in lieu of laborers.

Agricultural assistance.

> Eel River. Annuities.

Menomonies.

Blacksmith and assistants.

> Iron and steel. Provisions.

Tobacco.

Farming utenmils, &cc.

Salt.

Omahas. Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel.

Agricultural implements.

Ottawas, &c. Annuity.

Interest.

Education.

Missions.

Vaccine matter, medicines, åc.

Provisions.

Tobacco.

For agricultural assistance, stipulated in the fifth article of treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred dollars.

To the Eel Rivers - Miamies. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Menomonies. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For two blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shops, four hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars.

For two thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, three hundred dollars.

For farming utensils, cattle, &c., stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five hundred dollars.

For thirty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Omahas. - For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural implements during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, five hundred dollars.

To the Ottowas and Chippewas. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, thirty thousand dollars.

For interest, to be paid annually, on two hundred thousand dollars, as annuity, per Senate resolution, twelve thousand dollars.

For education for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand dollars.

For missions for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars.

For vaccine matter, medicines, and pay of physician, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand dollars.

For six thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, nine hundred and seventy-five dollars,

Annuity.

For one hundred barrels of salt for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For five hundred fish barrels for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For gunsmith at Mackinac, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of two farmers and assistants, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, sixteen hundred dollars.

For pay of two mechanics, stipulated in the seventh article of th treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twelve hundred dollars.

To the Ottoes and Missourias. — For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural implements for ten years, from eighteen hundred and forty, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for ten years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For two farmers for five years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, twelve hundred dollars.

To the Osages. — For interest, at five per centum, on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, the valuation of fifty-four sections of land, set apart, by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for education, per resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, twenty thousand dollars.

For support of two smiths' establishments, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-^{el} nine, two thousand dollars.

For pay of two millers, for fifteen years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirtynine, twelve hundred dollars.

For pay of two assistant millers for eleven years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, four hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Ottowas. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninetyfive, one thousand dollars.

Salt.

Fish barrels.

Blacksmiths and assistants.

> Iron and steel. Gunsmith.

Iron and steel. Farmers.

Mechanics.

Ottoes, &c. Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel.

Agricultural implements.

Education.

Annuity.

Farmers.

Osages. Interest.

Annuity.

Blacksmiths' establishments.

Millers.

Assistant millers.

Ottawas. Annuities.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth of November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth of September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifteen hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, one thousand dollars.

To the Pottawatomies. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty-two years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twentyeight, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shops, two hundred and twenty dollars. For two thousand pounds of tobacco, fifteen hundred pounds of iron, and three hundred and fifty pounds of steel, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth of September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, four hundred dollars.

To the Pottawatomies of Huron. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars. To the Pottawatomies of the Prairie. — For limited annuity for

Pottawatamies. Annuities.

Education.

Salt.

Education.

Blacksmiths assistants. and &c.

Tobacco and steel.

Annuity.

Annuities.

twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, fifteen thousand dollars.

For life annuity to two chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

To the Pottawatamies of the Wabash. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentysixth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars.

To the Pottawatamies of Indiana. - For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand dollars.

To the Piankeshaws. - For permanent annuity, per fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, per third article of the treaty of thirtieth December, eighteen hundred and five, three hundred dollars.

To the Pawnees. - For agricultural implements for five years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of ninth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

To the Quapaws. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For pay of farmer, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

To the Six Nations of New York. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eleventh November, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Senecas of New York. - For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of nineteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars.

To the Sioux of Mississippi. - For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen implements. hundred and thirty, seven hundred dollars.

For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on three hundred thousand dollars, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, ten thousand dollars.

For purchase of medicines, agricultural implements and stock, support of farmers, physicians, blacksmith, and for other beneficial objects, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty physicians. &c.

Pottawatamies. Annuity.

Education

Piankeshaws. Annuities.

Pawnees. Agricultural implements.

> Quapaws, Annuity.

Education.

Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel. Farmer.

Six Nations

Senecas. 1831, ch. 26.

Sioux. Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel.

Agricultural

Interest

Annuity.

Medicines, agricultural implements, farmers, of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Yancton and Santie Sioux. — For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For agricultural implements during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, four hundred dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Missouri.—For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of third November, eighteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirtytwo, twenty thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For gunsmith for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred dollars.

For forty barrels of salt for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

For forty kegs of tobacco for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for ten years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-eighth September, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on two hundred thousand dollars, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on eight hundred thousand dollars, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars.

To the Shawnees. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety five, one thousand dollars.

Provisions.

Sioux. Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel. Agricultural implements.

Sacs and Foxes. Interest.

Annuities.

Blacksmiths and assistants, &c.

Gunsmith, &c.

Agricultural implements.

Salt.

Tobacco.

Annuity.

Interest stock.

on

Shawnees. Annuities. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh of June, eighteen hundred and three, sixty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh November, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighth August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Scnecas and Shawnees. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twentieth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Senecas. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For pay of miller during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen

hundred and thirty-one, six hundred dollars.

To the Wyandots. — For permanent annuity in lieu of all former annuities, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For the balance due the Wyandots on the valuation of their improvements on the lands in Ohio and Michigan, ceded by the Wyandots to the United States, according to the appraisement made by Moses H. Kirby and John Walker, pursuant to the fifth article of the treaty made between the United States and the Wyandots at Upper Sandusky, March seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, the sum of fifty-seven thousand ninety-four dollars and twenty-four cents, in addition to the sums of money heretofore appropriated, which are also directed to be paid, the proviso to the appropriation made at the session of Congress in eighteen hundred and forty-four to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided, That the money herein or heretofore appropriated, for the payment of the appraised value of the Wyandot improvements, shall be paid by an agent of the United States to the several individual Indian claimants in person, or, in the event of the death of any of the original claimants, then to his family, and to no other person or persons whatsoever.

For the support of a blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For the purchase of iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For the support of a blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the

Annuity.

Salt.

Blacksmiths and assistants &.c.

Senecas and Shawnees. Annuity.

Blacksmith and assistant, &c.

> Senecas. Annuities.

Blacksmith and assistant, &c.

> Iron and steel. Millier.

Wyandots, Annuity,

Value of improvements on land ceded.

1844, ch. 108.

To whom to be paid.

Blacksmiths and assistants, &c. eighth article of the treaty of seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For the purchase of iron, steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, five hundred dollars.

To the Weas. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty with them of the second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three thousand dollars.

To the Winnebagoes. — For limited annuity for thirty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty with them of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, eighteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the fifteenth of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars.

For the purchase of fifty barrels of salt for thirty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the purchase of three thousand pounds of tobacco for thirty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the purchase of one thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fifteenth of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For the support of three blacksmiths and assistants for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For the purchase of iron, steel, &c., for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For pay of laborer and for oxen for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For the purpose of education for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For the support of six agriculturists, purchase of oxen, ploughs, and other implements, for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirtytwo, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the pay of two physicians, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on one million one hundred thousand dollars, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of first November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fiftyfive thousand dollars.

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with the Creeks and Seminoles, viz. :

For annuity to the Creeks for twenty years, for purposes of education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

For subsistence of Seminoles while removing to Little River, and for six months thereafter, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, twenty-six thousand dollars.

Education.

Weas. Annuity.

Winnebagoes. Annuities.

Salt.

Tobacco.

Blacksmiths and assistants, &c.

Iron and steel.

Laborer, oxen, &c.

Education.

Support of six agriculturists, &c.

Physicians.

Interest.

Fulfilling treaty stipulations.

Annuity.

Subsistence of emigrating Seminoles.

For annuity to Seminoles for fifteen years, in goods, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of January fourth, eighteen hundred and Seminoles. forty-five, two thousand dollars.

For annuity to Seminoles for fifteen years, in money, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

For agricultural implements to Seminoles for five years, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, one thousand dollars.

For expenses of making the northern and western boundary lines of the Creek country, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, five thousand dollars.

For payment to the American party of St. Regis Indians, stipulated in supplemental article to the treaty with the Six Nations of New York, of fifteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, one thousand dollars.

For defraying contingent expenses of commissioners to adjust claims to Choctaw reservations, under the treaty of September, eighteen hundred and thirty, in addition to former appropriations, six thousand five hundred dollars.

For the reappropriation of this amount due the Senecas and Shawnees, for the erection of a saw-mill and blacksmith shop, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twentieth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six hundred and seventy-one dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For the reappropriation of this amount due the Senecas, and Senecas and Shawnees, for property lost, forage furnished, &c., stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth December, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand dollars.

For the reappropriation of this amount due for improvements valued under the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, with the Miamies, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of sixth November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, five thousand two hundred and ninety-nine dollars.

For the reappropriation of this amount due the western Cherokees, for stock lost, being the balance of the appropriation made the twenty-eighth June, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, for the satisfaction of claims of this character, two thousand seven hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty cents.

For expenses of John W. Quiney, a Stockbridge Indian, to the seat of government, while here, and returning, the sum of two hundred dollars.

For expenses of delegations of Cherokees to the seat of government, while here, and refurning to their homes, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For expenses of a delegation of Winnebagoes to the seat of government, while here, and returning to their homes, five thousand dollars: Provided, no part of the two last appropriations for expenses of delegations of Cherokees and Winnebagoes shall be paid to any citizen of the United States, nor shall any part be paid but upon regular accounts and vouchers, showing to whom paid and for what paid, except such officer or agent as the President of the United States shall direct to accompany the said deputation of Winnebagoes.

For payment to Baptiste Powlis, and the chiefs of the first Christian party of the Oneidas, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty with the Six Nations of New York, fifteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, four thousand dollars.

For payment to William Day, and the chiefs of the Orchard party Wm. Day. VOL. IX. PUB. -5

Annuities to

Agricultural implements to Seminoles.

Marking boundary lines of the Creek country.

Payment to American party of St. Regis Indians.

Contingencies of Choctaw commissioners.

Reappropriation of amounts due Senecas and Shawnees.

Reappropriation of amount due the Miamies.

Reappropriation of amount due western Cherokees. 1834, ch. 105.

Expenses of J. W. Quiney.

Expenses of a delegan. Cherokees. delegation of

Expenses of delegation of Winnebagoes.

To whom and how to be paid.

Payment to Baptiste Powlis.

Payment to

of the Oneidas, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty with the Six Nations of New York, fifteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For interest on the amounts awarded Choctaw claimants under the fourteenth article of the treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek, of the twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, for lands on which they resided, but which it is now impossible to give them, and in lieu of the scrip that has been awarded under the act of twentythird August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, not deliverable east by the third section of the said law, per act of third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, viz., three thousand seven hundred and twenty-five dollars for the year eighteen hundred and forty-five, and thirty-five thousand five hundred and seventy-five dollars for the year eighteen hundred and forty-six.

To make good the interest on investments in State stocks and bonds for various Indian tribes not yet paid by the States, to be reimbursed out of the interest when collected, nineteen thousand five hundred and thirty-four dollars and nine cents.

To defray the expenses of a mission to the wild Indians of the prairie, for the purpose of making treaties of peace and friendship, and for the ransoming of such white prisoners as may be held by them and delivered to the agents of the United States, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the ransom of two white boys, Gillis Doyle and Thomas Pearce, held by the Camanches in bondage, and delivered to the agents of the Government, five hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for education purposes for the years eighteen hundred and forty-five and eighteen hundred and forty-six, (omitted in previous estimates,) stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty with the Wyandots of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand dollars.

For medals to be distributed amongst the chiefs and leading men of the Indians, twenty-five hundred dollars.

To defray the expense of holding a treaty with the Menomonie Indians for the purchase of their lands north of Fox River, in the Territory of Wisconsin, two thousand dollars.

To pay J. A. S. Acklin, United States District Attorney for the northern district of Alabama, for professional services in defending Captain James H. Rogers and Lieutenant Roberts, in suits brought to recover damages for an act done by them, under the order of a superior officer, while in the service of the United States; also, to pay to Joseph Bryan, agent of William Whitfield, for purchasing and distributing stock animals to the Creek Indians, pursuant to an article of a treaty made with said Indians, four hundred and eighty-nine dollars.

For compensation to two commissioners to examine claims under the treaty with the Cherokees of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five-'six, and pay of secretary, and for contingent expenses, the sum of seven thousand dollars. If the two commissioners here provided for shall, upon any case before them, differ in opinion, it shall be their duty to call upon the Attorney-General to settle the difference between them: *Provided*, That the commission hereby revived shall continue for one year and no longer.

To defray the expenses of holding a treaty with the Pottawatamie Indians of the Missouri River, three thousand dollars. And it shall be the duty of the different agents and sub-agents to take a census, and to obtain such other statistical information of the several tribes of Indians among whom they respectively reside, as may be required by the Secretary of War, and in such form as he shall prescribe.

Interest on amounts awarded Choctaw claimants.

1842, ch. 187.

1845, ch. 72.

Interest on State stocks.

Expenses of a mission to wild Indians. Post, p. 40.

Ransom of two white boys.

Permanent provision for education.

Medals.

Expense of holding a treaty with the Menomonies, Payment to J. A. S. Acklin, U. S. District Attorney, &c.

Joseph Bryan.

Compensation of two commissioners to examine Cherokee claims, &c.

Commission to continue one year.

Expenses of holding a treaty with the Pottawatamies. Census and Statistics.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of seventy-five housand dollars, heretofore paid to the President of the United States under the treaty made with the Seneca Indians of New York, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-two, for the benefit of said Indians, and the stock in which the same may have been invested, shall be, and the same is hereby taken absolutely to the use of the United States, in accordance with the prayer of said Indians; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cancel the said stock. and place upon the books of his department the amount of seventyfive thousand dollars to the credit of said Indians, upon which sum interest shall thereafter be paid to them, at the rate of five per centum per annum: Provided, That any interest which may be due and unpaid on said stock, at the time of its cancellation, shall be forthwith paid to them.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to receive from the Ontario Bank of New York any stock of the public debt of the United States, or moneys which the said bank may hold in trust for the said Senecas, whenever the said Indians, or other persons whose consent may be necessary, shall in proper form authorize the transfer; and to cause the stock to be cancelled, and the amount thereof, and of any moneys which he may receive, to be deposited in the treasury to the credit of said Indians, upon which amount interest shall thereafter be paid to them at the rate of five per centum per annum, until Congress may direct the principal in this and the preceding section to be paid to the Indians.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to ascertain what annuities or moneys have been wrongfully withholden from the said Senecas by the late sub-agent of the United States, and so lost to them; and to that end the said Secretary is authorized, if in his judgment it shall be necessary or expedient so to do, to issue a commission or commissions to some discreet person or persons, to be selected by him, to take testimony in the premises, and to report the same to Congress; and, to defray any expenses which may be incurred in the execution of the provisions of this section, a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars is hereby appropriated.

Approved, June 27, 1846.

\$75,000 of stock invested for Sen-New ecas of York to be cancelled, and the amount placed for the credit of said Indians.

5 per cent. interest to be paid them.

President to receive from Ontario Bank, any U. S. stock and money held by it for benefit of the Senecas, and to cancel it, and to place the amount to the credit of the said Indians.

5 per cent, interest to be paid them.

Secretary of War to ascertain what annuities have been withheld from said Senecas, to take testimony, &c.

\$500 appropri-ated to defray the necessary expenses.

July 9, 1846-

Preamble.

CHAP. XXXV. - An Act to retrocede the County of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, to the State of Virginia.

Whereas, no more territory ought to be held under the exclusive legislation given to Congress over the District which is the seat of the General Government than may be necessary and proper for the purposes of such a seat; and whereas, experience hath shown that the portion of the District of Columbia ceded to the United States by the State of Virginia has not been, nor is ever likely to be, necessary for that purpose; and whereas, the State of Virginia, by an act passed on the third day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An act accepting by the State of Virginia the County of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, when the same shall be receded by the Congress of the United States," hath signified her willingness to take back the said territory ceded as aforesaid: Therefore -

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, with the assent ed to Virginia.

Alexandria

of the people of the county and town of Alexandria, to be ascertained as hereinafter prescribed, all of that portion of the District of Columbia ceded to the United States by the State of Virginia, and all the rights and jurisdiction therewith ceded over the same, be, and the same are hereby, ceded and forever relinquished to the State of Virginia, in full and absolute right and jurisdiction, as well of soil as of persons residing or to reside thereon.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to vest in the State of Virginia any right of property in the custom-house and post-office of the United States within the town of Alexandria, or in the soil of the territory hereby receded, so as to affect the rights of individuals or corporations therein, otherwise than as the same shall or may be transferred by such individuals or corporations to the State of Virginia.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the jurisdiction and laws now existing in the said territory, ceded to the United States by the State of Virginia, as aforesaid, over the persons and property of individuals therein residing, shall not cease or determine until the State of Virginia shall hereafter provide, by law, for the extension of her jurisdiction and judicial system over the said territory hereby receded.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That this act shall not be in force until after the assent of the people of the county and town of Alexandria shall be given to it in the mode hereinafter provided. Immediately after the close of the present session of Congress, the President of the United States shall appoint five commissioners, (any three of whom may act,) citizens of the said town or county of Alexandria, and freeholders within the same, who shall be sworn, before some justice of the peace in and for the said town or county, to discharge the duties hereby imposed upon them faithfully, impartially, and to the best of their ability. These commissioners, or any of them, shall proceed, within ten days after they are notified of their appointment, to fix upon the time, place, and manner, of taking the vote within the town or county of Alexandria, and shall give notice of the same by advertisement in the newspapers of the said town. And on the day and at the place so appointed, every free white male citizen of the United States, who shall have resided in said county of Alexandria for six months preceding the time when he offers his vote, insane persons and paupers excepted, shall vote viva voce upon the question of accepting or rejecting the provisions of this act. The said commissioners shall preside when this vote is taken, and decide all questions arising in relation to the right of voting under this act. Within three days after this vote is taken as aforesaid, the said commissioners shall make out three statements of the result of this poll; upon oath, and under their seals. Of these, one shall be transmitted to the President of the United States, one to the Governor of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and one shall be deposited in the clerk's office of the county court of Alexandria. If a majority of the votes so given shall be cast against accepting the provisions of this act, then it shall be void and of no effect; but if a majority of the said votes should be in favor of accepting the provisions of this act, then this act shall be in full force, and it shall be the duty of the President of the United States to inform the Governor of Virginia that this act is in full force and effect, and to make proclamation of the fact.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, in such case, the right of property in the half square in Alexandria on which stands the courthouse, bounded by Columbus, Queen, and Princess Streets, and the half square on which stands the jail, bounded by Princess, St. Asaph, and Pitt Streets, shall be conveyed to the Governor of Virginia, and his successors, for the use of the county and corporation of Alexan-

This act not to be construed so as to vest in Virginia any right of property in the custom-house & post office, &c.

Existing laws and jurisdiction to continue until Virginia shall provide by law for the extension of her jurisdiction, &c.

Assent of the people of Alexandria town and county required.

Manner of ascertaining the sense of the people of said town and county.

Proclamation to be made. Post, Appendix.

Right of property in the courthouse and jail to be conveyed to the Governor of Virginia for use of said town and county. dria forever; and the Solicitor of the Treasury of the United States is hereby authorized and required, in the name and on the behalf of the United States, to make all the proper and necessary conveyances for that purpose.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That Congress will in no event assume and pay the debt, or any part thereof, now due by the corporation of the city of Alexandria.

APPROVED, July 9, 1846.

CHAP. XXXVI. — An Act to authorize the President of the United States to sell the reserved mineral Lands in the States of Illinois and Arkansas, and Territories of Wisconsin and Iowa, supposed to contain Lead Ore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and he hereby is, authorized, as soon as practicable, to cause the reserved lead mines and contiguous lands in the State of Illinois and Arkansas, and Territories of Wisconsin and Iowa, belonging to the United States, to be exposed to sale, in the same manner that other public lands are authorized by law to be sold, except as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That six months' notice of the times and places of said sales shall be given in such newspapers of general circulation, in such of the States as the President may think expedient, with a brief description of the mineral regions of the States of Illinois and Arkansas, and Territories of Wisconsin and Iowa, and of the lands to be offered for sale; showing the number and localities of the different mines now known, the probability of discovering others, the quality of the ore, the facilities of working it, the further facilities (if any) for manufactories of shot, sheet lead, and paints, and the means and expense of transporting the whole to the principal markets in the United States: *Provided*, That the said lands shall not be subject to the rights of preëmption until after the same have been offered at public sale and subject to private entry.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That upon satisfactory proof, made to the register and receiver of the proper land office, that any tract or tracts of said lands contain a mine or mines of lead ore, actually discovered and being worked, then, and in that case, the same shall be sold in such legal subdivision or subdivisions as will include such mine or mines; and no bid shall be received therefor at a less rate than the sum of two dollars and fifty cents per acre; and if such tract or tracts shall not be sold at such public sale, at such price, nor shall be entered at private sale within twelve months thereafter, then the same shall be subject to sale as other lands: *Provided*, That no legal subdivision of any of said lands, upon which there may be an outstanding lease or leases from the Government of the United States, or their authorized agent, unexpired and undetermined, shall be sold until after the determination of such lease or leases by effluxion of time, voluntary surrender, or other legal extinguishment thereof.

APPROVED, July 11, 1846.

CHAP. XXXVII. — An Act to legalize certain Land Sales made at Chocchuma and Columbus, in the State of Mississippi, and to indemnify the Chickasaws therefor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it may and shall be lawful for patents to be issued, as in ordinary cases, for such

The debt of the corporation of Alexandria not to be assumed by Congress.

July 11, 1846.

All the reserved lead mines and contiguous lands in Illinois, Arkansas, Wisconsin, and Iowa, to be exposed to sale.

Six months' public notice to be given of such sales, with a brief description, &c.

Proviso as to preëmption.

Any tract containing a mine or mines of lead ore to be sold in such legal subdivisions as will include such mine or mines. No bid less than

No bid less than \$2 50 per acre to be taken within one year.

Leased subdivisions not to be sold until expiration of lease.

July 15, 1846.

Patents to issue for such sales of land at Chocchuma and Columbus, Miss., as may be found to be within the Chickasaw cession of 1834 said sales being confirmed and legalized.

Appropriation for indemnifying the Chickasaws.

Proviso.

of the sales of land made in the land offices at Chocchuma and Columbus, in the State of Mississippi, as may be found, by the definitivelyestablished line of the Chickasaw cession of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, to be, in whole or part, within that cession, and the said sales are hereby confirmed and legalized; and for the purpose of indemnifying the Chickasaw tribe of Indians for said sales, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum of money equal to all which has been received upon said sales, to the fund created by the treaty with said Chickasaw tribe, and of right to them belonging: *Provided, nevertheless*, That this act shall not extend to any sale where the purchase money may have been refunded to the purchaser.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XXXVIII. — An Act to change the Time of holding the Federal Court in North Carolina.

Circuit Court for North Carolina to be held at Raleigh, on 1st Mondays in June and December. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the circuit courts of the United States for the district of North Carolina shall be held at Raleigh, on the first Monday in June and the first Monday in December, instead of the times now prescribed by law; and all actions, suits, appeals, recognizances, processes, writs, and proceedings, whatever, pending, or which may be pending, in said courts, or returnable thereto, shall have day therein, and be heard, tried, proceeded with, and decided, in like manner as if the time of holding said court had not hereby been altered.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

July 16, 1846.

Collection district of Chicago established.

Chicago made the port of entry.

Said district designated.

A collector to be appointed.

CHAP. LV1. — An Act to establish the Collection District of Chicago. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a collection district be, and hereby is, established upon the western shore of Lake Michigan, to be called the District of Chicago, within which the port of Chicago shall be a port of entry. The said district shall include the territory, harbors, rivers, and waters, on the western shore of said lake

from the line dividing the States of Indiana and Illinois, northward to the town and River Sheboygan, and inclusive of the same, which are within the Territory of Wisconsin. A collector shall be appointed for said district, who shall receive the same amount of annual compensation as the collector of the District of Michillimackinac.

APPROVED, July 16, 1846.

July 20, 1846.

CHAP. LX. — An Act to exempt Canal Boats from the Payment of Fees and Hospital Money.

Canal boats exempted from the payment of fees and hospital money.

Persons employed in them to receive no benefit from the nospital fund. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the owner or owners, master or captain, or other persons employed in navigating canal boats without masts or steam-power, now by law required to be registered, licensed, or enrolled and licensed, shall not be required to pay any marine hospital tax or money; nor shall the persons employed to navigate such boats receive any benefit or advantage from the marine hospital fund; nor shall such owner or owners, master or captain, or other persons, be required to pay fees, or make any compensation for such register, license, or enrolment and license, nor shall any such boat be subject to be libelled in any of the United States courts for the wages of any person or persons who may be employed on board thereof, or in navigating the same.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all acts, and parts of acts, repugnant to the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed. APPROVED, July 20, 1846.

CHAP. LXI. — An Act making Appropriations for the Support of Volunteers and other Troops authorized to be employed in the Prosecution of the War with Mexico, during the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury, for the support of volunteers and other troops authorized to be employed in the prosecution of the war with Mexico, during the year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

For the regular army, viz.:

For pay of officers and men, provided for by the act of eighteenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, forty-five thousand nine hundred and forty-four dollars; for subsistence of said officers, three thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine dollars; for forage for said officers' horses, three thousand seven hundred and forty-four dollars; for clothing for said officers' servants, three hundred and sixty dollars; for recruiting the rifle regiment, nine thousand one hundred and eighty dollars; for clothing and camp equipage for same, twenty-nine thousand nine hundred and ninety-three dollars; for forage for same, fiftytwo thousand two hundred and fifty-four dollars.

For volunteers (including officers, &c., authorized by acts passed the present session) and their operations, and those of the regular army, in the field, viz.:

For pay of officers, two hundred and twelve thousand and ninety-six dollars; for subsistence of officers, &c., one hundred and fifty-two thousand seven hundred and sixteen dollars; for forage for officers' horses, fifty-three thousand three hundred and seventy-six dollars; for clothing of officers' servants, thirteen thousand eight hundred dollars; for pay, &c. &c., of.volunteers, authorized by the act of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three million four hundred and ninety-seven thousand dollars; for subsistence in kind, one million fifty-four thousand and five hundred dollars; for medical and hospital supplies, forty-five thousand dollars; for ordnance, arms, &c., three hundred and thirty thousand dollars; for supplies, transportation, &c., of the quartermaster's department, six million three hundred and nine thousand and twenty-seven dollars.

Approved, July 20, 1846.

CHAP. LXIV. - An Act to authorize an Issue of Treasury Notes and a Loan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to cause treasury notes to be issued for such sum or sums as the exigencies of the government may require; and, in place of such of the same as may be redeemed, to cause others to be issued; but not exceeding the sum of ten millions of dollars of this emission outstanding at any one time, and to be issued under the limitations and other provisions contained in the act entitled "An Act to authorize the Issue of Treasury Notes," approved the twelfth of October, one thousand eight hundred and

Such boats not subject to libel for wages in the courts of the U.S. Repeal of re-

pugnant acts.

July 20, 1846.

Appropriation.

Regular army. Pay. Ante, p. 17. Subsistence. Forage.

Clothing. Recruiting rifle regiment. Clothing and

camp equipage. Forage.

Volunteers.

Pay of officers. Subsistence. Forage. Clothing.

Pay.

Subsistence in kind. Camp equipage,

&c. Medical and hospital supplies.

Ordnance, &c. Supplies, transportation, &c.

July 22, 1846.

Issue of treasury notes authorized, not exceeding ten millions to be outstanding at any one time.

To be issued under the limitations of the act of 1837, ch. 2. thirty-seven, except that the authority hereby given to issue treasury notes shall expire at the end of one year from the passage of this act.

The President may borrow money in lieu of issuing treasury notes, and issue stock for sum borrowed, &c.

1842, ch. 26.

Whole amount not to exceed \$10,000,000. No commission to be allowed.

Not to bear a higher rate of interest than six per cent.

No compensation to be made to any salaried officer for preparing, signing, and issuing said notes, &c. \$50,000 appro-

\$50,000 appropriated for paying the amount of certain purloined treasury notes. Post, p. 106.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President, if in his opinion it shall be the interest of the United States so to do, instead of issuing the whole amount of treasury notes authorized by the first section of this act, may borrow on the credit of the United States such an amount of money as he may deem proper, and issue therefor stock of the United States for the sum thus borrowed, in the same form, and under the same restrictions, limitations, and provisions. as are contained in the act of Congress, approved April fifteenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act for the Extension of the Loan of eighteen hundred and forty-one, and for an Addition of five millions of Dollars thereto, and for allowing Interest Provided, however, That the sum so boron Treasury Notes due." rowed, together with the treasury notes issued by virtue of this act, shall not in the whole exceed the sum of ten millions of dollars: And provided, further, That no commission shall be allowed or paid for the negotiation of the loan authorized by this act; and also that the said stock shall be redeemable at a period not longer than ten years from the issue thereof.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the treasury notes and the stock issued under the provisions of this act shall not bear a higher rate of interest than six per centum per annum, and no part thereof shall be disposed of at less than par.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That no compensation shall be made to any officer, whose salary is fixed by law, for preparing, signing, or issuing treasury notes; nor shall any clerks be employed beyond the number authorized by the act herein referred to.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sum of fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the amount of certain treasury notes (which, having been received or redeemed by any authorized officer of the government, were subsequently purloined or stolen, and put into circulation without evidence on their face of their having been cancelled) to the respective holders, who may have received the same, or any of them, for a full consideration, in the usual course of business, without notice or knowledge of the same having been stolen, or cancelled, or altered, and without any circumstances to cast suspicion on the good faith or due caution with which they may have received the same.

APPROVED, July 22, 1846.

July 23, 1846.

CHAP. LXV. — An Act making Appropriations for certain Objects of Expenditure therein specified.

Pay and mileage of members of Congress.

Expenses of mission to wild Indians of the prairie, &c. Ante, p. 34. Proviso.

1842, ch. 64.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the several objects of expenditure hereafter specified, viz.: For the pay and mileage of members of Congress and delegates, one hundred and seventy-six thousand five hundred and forty-eight dollars. For the expenses of the mission to the wild Indians of the prairie, including the expenses of a delegation of these Indians to the city of Washington and back to their homes, and also some presents to them, fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no other or higher compensation shall be paid to the commissioners appointed to negotiate with said Indians than is authorized by the act approved seventeenth July, eighteen hundred and forty-two, nor shall any expenditure be allowed by the accounting officers but what shall appear to have been proper

and reasonable, and which shall, in all respects, be supported by the most satisfactory vouchers : Provided, further, That no account shall be allowed, except for objects authorized in the instructions to the commissioners: Provided, however, That bills or drafts, heretofore drawn and negotiated by said commissioners, or either of them, on the commissioner of Indian affairs, in pursuance of instructions and authority given to them, shall be paid out of said appropriation, holding said commissioners to a due accountability for the amount of proceeds of said bills or drafts. For fulfilling treaty with the Kansas Indians, viz.: Interest on two hundred thousand dollars at five per cent., in lieu of investment per second article of treaty of fourteenth July, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars; for defraying the necessary expenses of negotiating the treaty, payment to the missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal Church, for improvements, erection of a mill, and for provisions per same article and treaty, two thousand dollars; for expenses of surveying the western line of lands ceded, and marking the same, per third article of the same treaty, one thousand dollars.

Approved, July 23, 1846.

CHAP. LXVI. - An Act in Relation to the Payment of Claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever a claim on the United States aforesaid shall hereafter have been allowed by a resolution or act of Congress, and thereby directed to be paid, the money shall not, nor shall any part thereof, be paid to any person or persons other than the claimant or claimants, his or their executor or executors, administrator or administrators, unless such person or persons shall produce to the proper disbursing officer a warrant of attorney executed by such claimant or claimants, executor or executors, administrator or administrators, after the enactment of the resolution or act allowing the claim; and every such warrant of attorney shall refer to such resolution or act, and expressly recite the amount allowed thereby, and shall be attested by two competent witnesses, and be acknowledged by the person or persons executing it, before an officer having authority to take the acknowledgment of deeds, who shall certify such acknowledgment; and it shall appear by such certificate that such officer, at the time of the making of such acknowledgment, read and fully explained such warrant of attorney to the person or persons acknowledging the same.

APPROVED, July 29, 1846.

CHAP. LXVII. — An Act furtuer to extend the Time for locating Virginia military Land Warrants, and returning Surveys thereon to the General Land Office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An act further to extend the Time for locating Virginia military Land Warrants, and returning Surveys thereon to the General Land Office," approved August nineteen, eighteen hundred and forty-cne, as to all warrants issued prior to the tenth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty, and no others, be, and the same is hereby, revived and continued in force until the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, July 29, 1846. Vol. IX. Pub. - 6 Proviso.

Fulfilling treaty with the Kansas Indians, &c.

July 29, 1846.

Claims allowed by Congress not to be paid to any other person or persons than the claimants, their executors, administrators, or duly constitued attorneys.

Requisite form of warrant of attorney.

To be attested and acknowledged.

July, 29, 1846.

Act of 1841, ch. 10, for locating Virginia military land warrants, &cc., extended to Jan. 1st, 1843. July 29, 1846.

Preamble. 1836, ch. 120.

1827, ch. 53.

Assent of Congress given to a change of the compact, so as to authorize the appropriation of 72 sections of land for school purposes, &cc. CHAP. LXVIII. — An Act giving the Assent of Congress to a Change of the Compact entered into between the United States and the State of Arkansas, on her Admission into the Union.

Whereas the Congress of the United States, by an act supplementary to an act for the admission of the State of Arkansas into the Union. and to provide for the due execution of the laws of the United States within the same, and for other purposes, approved June twenty-third. eighteen hundred and thirty-six, in the fifth proposition made to the State of Arkansas, and which was subsequently accepted by the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas, provided that the two entire townships of land located by virtue of an act of Congress entitled "An act concerning a Seminary of Learning in the Territory of Arkansas," approved the second day of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, which, by the first-recited act of Congress, were vested in and confirmed to the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas, to be appropriated solely to the use and support of a university in said State: And whereas the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas have, by their resolution, approved December eighteen, eighteen hundred and forty-four, asked for a modification of said compact, to authorize said General Assembly to appropriate said seventy-two sections of land to common school purposes: Therefore .

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the assent of Congress be, and is hereby, given to the change in said compact asked for by the said General Assembly, so as to authorize and empower the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas, and they are hereby authorized and empowered, to appropriate said seventy-two sections of land for the use and benefit of common schools in said State, or in any other mode the said General Assembly may deem proper, for the promotion of education in said State.

APPROVED, July 29, 1846.

July 30, 1846.

CHAP. LXXIV. - An Act reducing the Duty on Imports, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the first day of December next, in lieu of the duties heretofore imposed by law on the articles hereinafter mentioned, and on such as may now be exempt from duty, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, on the goods, wares, and merchandise, herein enumerated and provided for, imported from foreign countries, the following rates of duty that is to say:

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule A, a duty of one hundred per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule B, a duty of *forty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule C, a duty of *thirty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandisc, mentioned in schedule D, a duty of *twenty-five* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule E, a duty of *twenty* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in scnedule F, a duty of *fifteen* per centum ad valorem.

On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule G, a duty of *ten* per centum ad valorem.

Schedules classifying amount of duties to be levied. On goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule H, a duty of *five* per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the first day of December next, the goods, wares, and merchandise, mentioned in schedule I, shall be exempt from duty.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the first day of December next, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, on all goods, wares, and merchandise, imported from foreign countries, and not specially provided for in this act, a duty of *twenty* per centum ad valorem.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which the invoice or entry shall not contain the weight, or quantity, or measure, of goods, wares, or merchandise, now weighed, or measured, or gauged, the same shall be weighed, gauged, or measured, at the expense of the owner, agent, or consignee.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of December next, in lieu of the bounty heretofore authorized by law to be paid on the exportation of pickled fish of the fisheries of the United States, there shall be allowed, on the exportation thereof, if cured with foreign salt, a drawback equal in amount to the duty paid on the salt, and no more, to be ascertained under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all goods, wares, and merchandise, imported after the passage of this act, and which may be in the public stores on the second day of December next, shall be subject to no other duty upon the entry thereof than if the same were imported respectively after that day.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the twelfth section of the act entitled "An Act to provide Revenue from Imports, and to change and modify existing Laws imposing Duties on Imports, and for other Purposes," approved August thirty, eighteen hundred and forty-two, shall be, and the same is hereby, so far modified, that all goods imported from this side the Cape of Good Hope or Cape Horn may remain in the public stores for the space of one year instead of the term of sixty days prescribed in the said section; and that all goods imported from beyond the Cape of Good Hope or Cape Horn may remain in the public stores one year instead of the term of ninety days prescribed in the said section.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the owner, consignee, or agent, of imports which have been actually purchased, on entry of the same, to make such addition in the entry to the cost or value given in the invoice, as, in his opinion, may raise the same to the true market value of such imports in the principal markets of the country whence the importation shall have been made, or in which the goods imported shall have been originally manufactured or produced, as the case may be; and to add thereto all costs and charges which, under existing laws, would form part of the true value at the port where the same may be entered, upon which the duties should be assessed. And it shall be the duty of the collector. within whose district the same may be imported or entered, to cause the dutiable value of such imports to be appraised, estimated, and ascertained, in accordance with the provisions of existing laws; and if the appraised value thereof shall exceed by ten per centum or more the value so declared on the entry, then, in addition to the duties imposed by law on the same, there shall be levied, collected, and paid, a duty of twenty per centum ad valorem on such appraised value: Provided, nevertheless, That under no circumstances shall the duty be assessed upon an amount less than the invoice value, any law of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

Schedule I, duty free.

20 per cent duty on all imports not specially provided for.

Goods to be weighed, &c., in certain cases at the expense of owner, &c.

Drawback in lieu of bounty on pickled fish.

Goods, &c. imported, after July 30, and in store on 2d Dec., to be subject to same duties as if imported after that day.

Act of 1842, ch. 270, modified.

Post, p. 53.

Owners & consignees of imports, actually purchased, may make addition to the entry in certain cases.

Collector to cause the dutiable value of imports to be appraised, and to exact 20 per cent, additional duty in certain cases.

Proviso.

Deputies and clerks to be sworn.

Form of oath, and how administered.

Importations in U. S. vessels, of dutiable goods, prohibited.

Repeal of inconsistent acts

Schedule A, 100 per cent. ad valorem.

Schedule B,40 per ccnt. ad valorem.

Schedule C, 30 per cent. ad valorem. SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the deputies of any collector, naval officer, or surveyor, and the clerks employed by any collector, naval officer, surveyor, or appraiser, who are not by existing laws required to be sworn, shall, before entering upon their respective duties, or, if already employed, before continuing in the discharge thereof, take and subscribe an oath or affirmation faithfully and diligently to perform such duties, and to use their best endeavors to prevent and detect frauds upon the revenue of the United States; which oath or affirmation shall be administered by the collector of the port or district where the said deputies or clerks may be employed, and shall be of a form to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury. SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That no officer or other person,

connected with the navy of the United States, shall, under any pretence, import in any ship or vessel of the United States any goods, wares, or merchandise, liable to the payment of any duty.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts repugnant to the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Schedule A. - (One hundred per centum ad valorem.)

Brandy and other spirits distilled from grain, or other materials; cordials, absynthe, arrack, curacoa, kirschenwasser, liquers, maraschino, ratafia, and all other spirituous beverages of a similar character.

SCHEDULE B. — (Forty per centum ad valorem.)

Alabaster and spar ornaments; almonds; anchovies, sardines, and all other fish preserved in oil; camphor refined; cassia; cloves; composition tops for tables, or other articles of furniture; comfits, sweetmeats, or fruit preserved in sugar, brandy, or molasses; currants; dates; figs; ginger root, dried or green; glass, cut; mace; manufactures of cedar wood, granadilla, ebony, mahogany, rosewood, and satin wood; nutmegs; pimento; prepared vegetables, meats, poultry, and game sealed or inclosed in cans, or otherwise; prunes; raisins; scagliola tops for tables, or other articles of furniture; segars, snuff, paper segars, and all other manufactures of tobacco; wines, Burgundy, champagne, claret, Madeira, Port, sherry, and all other wines and imitations of wines.

SCHEDULE C. — (Thirty per centum ad valorem.)

Ale, beer, and porter in casks or bottles; argentine, alabatta, or German silver, manufactured or unmanufactured; articles embroidered with gold, silver, or other metal; articles worn by men, women, or children, of whatever material composed, made up, or made wholly or in part, by hand; asses' skins; balsams, cosmetics, essences, extracts, pastes, perfumes, and tinctures, used either for the toilet or for medicinal purposes; baskets, and all other articles composed of grass, osier, palm-leaf, straw, whalebone, or willow, not otherwise provided for; bay rum; beads, of amber, composition, or wax, and all other beads; benzoates; bologna sausages; bracelets, braids, chains, curls, or ringlets, composed of hair, or of which hair is a component part; braces, suspenders, webbing, or other fabrics, composed wholly or in part of India rubber, not otherwise provided for; brooms and brushes of all kinds; cameos, real and imitation, and mosaics, real and imitation, when set in gold, silver, or other metal; canes, and sticks for walking, finished or unfinished; capers, pickles, and sauces of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; caps, hats, muffs, and tippets of fur, and all other manufactures of fur, or of which fur shall be a component material; caps, gloves, leggins, mits, socks, stockings, wove shirts and drawers, and all similar articles made on frames, worn by

men, women, or childrer, and not otherwise provided for; card cases, pocket books, shell boxes, souvenirs, and all similar articles, of whatever material composed; carpets, carpeting, hearth rugs, bedsides, and other portions of carpeting, being either Aubusson, Brussels, ingrain, Saxony, Turkey, Venetian, Wilton, or any other similar fabric; carriages and parts of carriages; cayenne pepper; cheese; cinnamon; clocks and parts of clocks; clothing ready made, and wearing apparel of every description, of whatever material composed, made up or manufactured wholly or in part by the tailor, sempstress, or manufacturer; coach and harness furniture of all kinds; coal; coke and culm of coal; combs of all kinds; compositions of glass or paste, when set; confectionary of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; coral, cut or manufactured; corks; cotton cords, gimps, and galloons; court plaster; crayons of all kinds; cutlery of all kinds; diamonds, gems, pearls, rubies, and other precious stones, and imitations of precious stones, when set in gold, silver or other metal; dolls, and toys of all kinds; earthen, china, and stone ware, and all other wares composed of earthy and mineral substances, not otherwise provided for; epaulets. galloons, laces, knots, stars, tassels, tresses, and wings, of gold, silver, or other metal; fans and fire screens of every description, of whatever material composed; feathers and flowers, artificial or ornamental, and parts thereof, of whatever material composed; fire crackers; flats, braids, plaits, sparterre, and willow squares, used for making hats or bonnets; frames and sticks for umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades, finished or unfinished; furniture, cabinet and household; ginger, ground; glass, colored, stained, or painted; glass crystals for watches; glasses or pebbles for spectacles; glass tumblers, plain, moulded, or pressed, not cut or punted; paintings on glass; porcelain glass; grapes; gum benzoin or Benjamin; hair pencils; hat bodies of cotton; hats and bonnets, for men, women, and children, composed of straw, satin straw, chip, grass, palm-leaf, willow, or any other vegetable substance, or of hair, whalebone, or other material not otherwise provided for; hemp, unmanufactured; honey; human hair, cleansed or prepared for use; ink and ink powder; iron, in bars, blooms, bolts, loops, pigs, rods, slabs, or other form, not otherwise provided for; castings of iron; old or scrap iron; vessels of cast iron; japanned ware of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; jewelry, real or imitation; jet and manufactures of jet, and imitations thereof; lead pencils; maccaroni, vermicelli, gelatine, jellies, and all similar preparations; manufactures of the bark of the cork-tree, except corks; manufactures of bone, shell, horn, pearl, ivory, or vegetable ivory; manufactures, articles, vessels, and wares, not otherwise provided for, of brass, copper, gold, iron, lead, pewter, platina, silver, tin, or other metal, or of which either of those metals or any other metal shall be the component material of chief value; manufactures of cotton, linen, silk, wool, or worsted, if embroidered or tamboured in the loom or otherwise, by machinery, or with the needle, or other process; manufactures, articles, vessels, and wares of glass, or of which glass shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures and articles of leather, or of which leather shall be a component part, not otherwise provided for; manufactures and articles of marble, marble paving-tiles, and all other marble more advanced in manufacture than in slabs or blocks in the rough; manufactures of paper, or of which paper is a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures, articles, and wares of papier mache; manufactures of wood, or of which wood is a component part, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of wool, or of which wool shall be the component material of chief value, not otherwise provided for; medicinal preparations, not otherwise provided for; metallic pens; mineral waters;

molasses; muskets, riffes, and other fire-arms; nuts, not otherwise provided for, ochres and ochrey earths, used in the composition of painters' colors, whether dry or ground in oil; oil cloth of every description, of whatever material composed; oils, volatile, essential, or expressed, and not otherwise provided for; olive oil, in casks, other than salad oil; olive salad oil, and all other olive oil, not otherwise provided for; olives; paper, antiquarian, demy, drawing, elephant, foolscap. imperial, letter, and all other paper not otherwise provided for; paper boxes and all other fancy boxes; paper envelopes; parasols and sun-shades; parchment; pepper; plated and gilt ware of all kinds; playing cards; plums; potatoes; red chalk pencils; saddlery of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; salmon, preserved; sealing-wax; sewing silks, in the gum or purified; shoes composed wholly of India rubber; side-arms of every description; silk twist, and twist composed of silk and mohair; silver-plated metal, in sheets or other form; soap, Castile, perfumed, Windsor, and all other kinds; sugar of all kinds; sirup of sugar; tobacco, unmanufactured; twines and packthread, of whatever material composed; umbrellas; vellum; vinegar; wafers; water colors; wood, unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for, and fire-wood; wool, unmanufactured.

Schedule D. — (Twenty-five per centum ad valorem.)

Schedule D, 25 per cent. ad valorem.

Borax or tinctal; Burgundy pitch; buttons and button moulds, of all kinds; baizes, bockings, flannels, and floor-cloths, of whatever material composed, not otherwise provided for; cables and cordage, tarred or untarred; calomel, and all other mercurial preparations; camphor, crude; cotton laces, cotton insertings, cotton trimming laces, cotton laces and braids; floss silks, feather beds, feathers for beds, and downs of all kinds; grass cloth; hair cloth, hair seating, and all other manufactures of hair not otherwise provided for; jute, sisal grass, coir, and other vegetable substances unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for; manufactures composed wholly of cotton, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of goat's hair or mohair, or of which goat's hair or mohair shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of silk, or of which silk shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of worsted, or of which worsted shall be a component material, not otherwise provided for; matting, China, and other floor matting and mats made of flags, jute, or grass; roofing slates, and slates other than roofing slates; woollen and worsted yarn.

Schedule E. — (Twenty per centum ad valorem.)

Acids, acetic, acetous, benzoic, boracic, chromic, citric, muriatic, white and yellow, nitric, pyroligneous, and tartaric, and all other acids of every description, used for chemical or medicinal purposes, or for manufacturing, or in the fine arts, not otherwise provided for; aloes: alum; amber; ambergris; angora, Thibet, and other goat's hair or mohair unmanufactured; aniseed; animal carbon; antimony, crude and regulus of; arrow-root; articles, not in a crude state, used in dyeing or tanning, not otherwise provided for; assafætida; bacon; bananas; barley; beef; beeswax; berries, vegetables, flowers and barks, not otherwise provided for; bismuth; bitter apples; blankets of all kinds; blank books, bound or unbound; blue or Roman vitriol, or sulphate of copper; boards, planks, staves, laths, scantling, spars, hewn and sawed timber, and timber to be used in building wharves; boūcho leaves; breccia; bronze liquor; bronze powder; butter; cadmium; calamine; cantharides; caps, gloves, leggins, mits, socks, stockings, wove shirts and drawers, made on frames, composed wholly of cotton, worn by men, women, and children; cassia buds; castor

Schedule E, 20 per cent. ad valorem.

oil; castorum; cedar wood, ebony, granadilla, mahogany, rosewood, and satin wood, unmanufactured; chocolate; chromate of lead; chromate, bichromate, hydriodate, and prussiate of potash; cobalt; cocoa-nuts; coculus indicus; copperas or green vitriol, or sulphate of iron; copper rods, bolts, nails, and spikes; copper bottoms; copper in sheets or plates, called braziers' copper, and other sheets of copper, not otherwise provided for; cream of tartar; cubebs; dried pulp; emery; ether; extract of indigo; extracts and decoctions of logwood and other dye woods, not otherwise provided for; extract of madder; felspar; fig blue: fish, foreign, whether fresh, smoked, salted, dried, or pickled, not otherwise provided for; fish glue or isinglass; fish skins; flaxseed; flour of sulphur; Frankfort black; French chalk; fruit, green or ripe, not otherwise provided for; fulminates or fulminating powders; furs dressed on the skin; gamboge; glue; green turtle; gunny cloth; gunpowder; hair, curled, moss, sea-weed, and all other vegetable substances used for beds or mattresses ;-hams ; hats of wool; hat bodies, made of wool, or of which wool shall be a component material of chief value; hatters' plush, composed of silk and cotton, but of which cotton is the component material of chief value; hempseed or linseed, and rapeseed oil, and all other oils used in painting; Indian corn and corn meal; ipecacuanha; iridium; iris or orris root; iron liquor; ivory or bone black; jalap; juniper berries; lac spirits; lac sulphur; lampblack; lard; leather, tanned, bend, or sole; leather, upper of all kinds; lead, in pigs, bars, or sheets; leaden pipes; leaden shot; leeches; linens of all kinds; liquorice paste, juice, or root; litharge; malt; manganese; manna; manufactures of flax, not otherwise provided for; manufactures of hemp, not other-wise provided for; marble in the rough, slab, or block, unmanufactured; marine coral, unmanufactured; medicinal drugs, roots, and leaves, in a crude state, not otherwise provided for; metals, Dutch and bronze, in leaf; metals, unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for; mineral and bituminous substances, in a crude state, not otherwise provided for; musical instruments of all kinds, and strings for musical instruments of whipgut or catgut, and all other strings of the same material; needles of all kinds for sewing, darning, or knitting; nitrate of lead; oats and oatmeal; oils, neatsfoot and other animal oil, spermaceti, whale and other fish oil, the produce of foreign fisheries; opium; oranges, lemons, and limes; orange and lemon peel; osier or willow, prepared for basket-makers' use; patent mordant; paints, dry or ground in oil, not otherwise provided for; paper hangings, and paper for screens or fireboards; paving stones; paving and roofing tiles and bricks; pearl or hulled barley; periodicals and other works in the course of printing and republication in the United States; pineapples; pitch; plantains; plaster of Paris, when ground; plumbago; pork; potassium; Prussian blue; pumpkins; putty; quicksilver; quills; red chalk; rhubarb; rice, or paddy; roll brimstone; Roman cement; rye and rye flour; saddlery, common, tinned, or japanned; saffron and saffron cake; sago; sal soda, and all carbonates of soda, by whatever names designated, not otherwise provided for; salts, epsom, glauber, Rochelle, and all other salts and preparations of salts, not otherwise provided for; sarsaparilla; seppia; shaddocks; sheathing paper; skins, tanned and dressed, of all kinds; skins of all kinds, not otherwise provided for; slate pencils; smalts; spermaceti candles and tapers; spirits of turpentine; sponges; spunk; squills; starch; stearine candles and tapers; steel, not otherwise provided for, stereotype plates; still bottoms; sulphate of barytes, crude or refined; sulphate of quinine; tallow candles; tapioca; tar; thread laces and insertings; type metal; types, new or old; vanilla beans; verdigris; velvet, in the piece, composed wholly of cotton; velvet, in

the piece, composed of cotton and silk, but of which cotton is the component material of chief value; vermilion; wax candles and tapers; whalebone the produce of foreign fisheries; wheat and wheat flour; white and red lead; whiting, or Paris white; white vitriol, or sulphate of zinc; window glass, broad, crown, or cylinder; woollen listings; yams.

Schedule F. — (Fifteen per centum ad valorem.)

Arsenic; bark, Peruvian; bark, Quilla; Brazil paste; brimstone, crude in bulk; codilla, or tow of hemp or flax; cork-tree bark, unmanufactured; diamonds, glaziers', set or not set; dragon's blood; flax, unmanufactured; gold and silver leaf; mineral kermes; silk, raw, not more advanced in manufacture than singles, tram and thrown, or organzine; steel in bars, cast, shear, or German; Terne tin plates; tin foil; tin in plates or sheets; tin plates galvanized, not otherwise provided for; zinc, spelter, or tuetenegue, in sheets.

Schedule G. — (Ten per centum ad valorem.)

Ammonia; annatto, rancon or Orleans; barilla; bleaching powders or chloride of lime; books printed, magazines, pamphlets, periodicals, and illustrated newspapers, bound or unbound, not otherwise provided for; building stones; burr stones, wrought or unwrought: cameos and mosaics, and imitations thereof, not set: chronometers, box or ships', and parts thereof; cochineal; cocoa; cocoa shells; compositions of glass or paste, not set; cudbear; diamonds, gems, pearls, rubies, and other precious stones, and imitations thereof, when not set; engravings or plates, bound or unbound; hempseed, linseed, and rapeseed; fullers' earth; furs, hatters', dressed or undressed, not on the skin; furs, undressed, when on the skin; goldbeaters' skins; gum arabic and gum senegal; gum tragacanth; gum barbary; gum East India; gum jedda; gum substitute, or burnt starch; hair of all kinds, uncleaned and unmanufactured; India rubber, in bottles, slabs, or sheets, unmanufactured; indigo; kelp; lemon and lime juice; lime; maps and charts; music and music paper, with lines, bound or unbound; natron; nux vomica; oils, palm and cocoanut; orpiment; palm-leaf, unmanufactured; polishing stones; pumice and pumice stones; ratans and reeds, unmanufactured; rotten stone; sal ammonia; saltpetre, (or nitrate of soda, or potash,) refined or partially refined; soda ash; sulphuric acid, or oil of vitriol; tallow, marrow, and all other grease and soap stocks and soap stuffs, not otherwise provided for; terra japonica or catechu; watches, and parts of watches; watch materials of all kinds. not otherwise provided for; woad or pastel.

Schedule H. -- (Five per centum ad valorem.)

Alcornoque; argol, or crude tartar; bells, when old, or bell metal, fit only to be remanufactured; berries, nuts, and vegetables used exclusively in dyeing, or in composing dyes, but no article shall be classed as such that has undergone any manufacture; brass in pigs or bars; brass, when old and fit only to be remanufactured; Brazil wood, and all other dye wood in sticks; bristles; chalk, not otherwise provided for; clay unwrought; copper in pigs or bars; copper, when old, and fit only to be remanufactured; flints, grindstones, wrought or unwrought; horns, horn tips, bones, bone-tips, and teeth unmanufactured; ivory, unmanufactured; ivory nuts, or vegetable ivory; kermes; lac dye; lastings suitable for shoes, boots, bootees, or buttons, exclusively; madder, ground; madder root; manufactures of mohair cloth, silk twist, or other manufacture of cloth suitable for the manufacture of shoes, boots, bootees, or buttons, exclusively; nickel;

Schedule F, 15 per cent. ad valorem.

Schedule G, 10 per cent. ad valorem.

Schedule H, 5 per cent. ad valorem. nut-galls; pearl, mother of; pewter, when old, and fit only to be remanufactured; rags, of whatever material; raw hides and skins of all kinds, whether dried, salted, or pickled, not otherwise provided for; safflower; saltpetre, or nitrate of soda, or potash, when crude; seedlac; shellac; sumac; tin, in pigs, bars, or blocks; tortoise, and other shells unmanufactured; turmeric; waste, or shoddy; weld; zinc, spelter, or teutenegue, unmanufactured, not otherwise provided for.

SCHEDULE I. - (Exempt from duty.)

Animals imported for breed; bullion, gold and silver; cabinets of coins, medals, and other collections of antiquities; coffee and tea, when imported direct from the place of their growth or production, in American vessels, or in foreign vessels entitled by reciprocal treaties to be exempt from discriminating duties, tonnage, and other charges; coffee, the growth or production of the possessions of the Netherlands, imported from the Netherlands in the same manner; coins, gold, silver, and copper; copper ore; copper, when imported for the United States mint; cotton; felt, adhesive, for sheathing vessels; garden seeds, and all other seeds, not otherwise provided for; goods, wares, and merchandise, the growth, produce, or manufacture, of the United States, exported to a foreign country, and brought back to the United States in the same condition as when exported, upon which no drawback or bounty has been allowed ; - Provided, That all regulations to ascertain the identity thereof prescribed by existing laws, or which may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be complied with ; -- guano; household effects, old and in use, of persons or families from foreign countries, if used abroad by them, and not intended for any other person or persons, or for sale; junk, old; models of inventions and other improvements in the arts; - Provided, That no article or articles shall be deemed a model or improvement, which can be fitted for use; --- oakum; oil, spermaceti, whale, and other fish, of American fisheries, and all other articles the produce of such fisheries; paintings and statuary, the production of American artists residing abroad, and all other paintings and statuary; - Provided, The same be imported in good faith as objects of taste, and not of merchandise; - personal and household effects (not merchandise) of citizens of the United States dying abroad; plaster of Paris, unground; platina, unmanufactured; sheathing copper, but no copper to be considered such, and admitted free, except in sheets forty-eight inches long and fourteen inches wide, and weighing from fourteen to thirty-four ounces the square foot; sheathing metal; specimens of natural history, mineralogy, or botany; trees, shrubs, bulbs, plants, and roots, not otherwise provided for; wearing apparel in actual use, and other personal effects not merchandise, professional books, implements, instruments, and tools of trade, occupation, or employment, of persons arriving in the United States; - Provided, That this exemption shall not be construed to include machinery or other articles imported for use in any manufacturing establishment, or for sale.

APPROVED, July 30, 1846.

CHAP. LXXV. — An Act to exempt Coffee imported from the Netherlands from Duty in certain Cases, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, coffee, the production or growth of the Vol. IX. PUB. - 7

Schedule I, exempt from duty.

August 3, 1846.

Coffee import-

ed from the Netherlands, in Dutch or American vessels, to be free of duty.

Repeal of so much of act 1842, ch. 270, as is inconsistent herewith.

Duties collected on coffee in American vessels from the Netherlands, between Aug. 30, 1842, and Sept. 11, 1845, to be refunded.

Discriminating tonnage duties collected on Spanish vessels, in certain cases, to be refunded.

1832 ch. 207.

No discriminating tonnage duties on Spanish vessels, except from Cuba or Porto Rico. colonies or dependencies of the Netherlands, imported into the United States from the Netherlands, either in Dutch or American vessels, shall be admitted free of duty; and so much of the act approved the thirtieth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, entitled, "An Act to provide Revenue from Imports, and to change and modify existing Laws imposing Duties on Imports, and for other Purposes," as is inconsistent herewith, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to refund and pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the several persons or parties entitled to the same, the amount of duties levied and collected upon the importations of coffee in American vessels from the Netherlands, the production or growth of the colonies or dependencies of the Netherlands, between the thirtieth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and the eleventh day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to refund and pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the persons or parties severally entitled to receive the same, the amount of discriminating tonnage duties heretofore levied and collected on Spanish vessels coming from foreign countries (except from Cuba and Porto Rico) under the act approved the thirteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, entitled "An Act concerning Tonnage Duties on Spanish Vessels;" and from and after the passage of this act, no discriminating tonnage duties shall be levied on Spanish vessels coming from foreign countries, except those coming from Cuba or Porto Rico.

APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

August 3, 1846.

1850, ch. 31.

Terms of Circuit and District Courts for Ohio to be held on 2d Monday of November annually. Proviso as to actions,&c., now pending. CHAP. LXXVI. — An Act in Relation to the Time of holding the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the District of Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the terms of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the District of Ohio, heretofore held on the third Monday of December, annually, shall hereafter be held on the second Monday of November, annually: Provided, That all actions, suits, appeals, recognizances, processes, writs, and proceedings, whatever, pending in said courts, or returnable to the term, as it now exists, shall have day therein, and be tried, proceeded with, and disposed of, at the term as fixed by this act. APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

August 3, 1846.

CHAP. LXXVII. — An Act to grant the Right of Preemption to actual Settlers on the Lands acquired by Treaty from the Miami Indians in Indiana.

Preemption rights on the Miami cessions, who entitled to. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every actual settier, being the head of a family, or widow or single man over the age of twenty-one years, who is now in possession, by actual residence as a housekeeper, of any tract of public land within the limits of the several cessions by the Miami Indians in Indiana, which have not yet been proclaimed for sale by the President, or any such person who snall hereafter settle, erect a dwelling-house, and become a housekeeper upon any such tract of land, shall be entitled to the same benefits and privileges, with respect to said land, as was granted to settlers on other lands by the act approved twenty-second of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, entitled "An Act to grant Preemption Rights," and the several amendatory provisions of said act, effected by the subsequent acts bearing date first June, eighteen hundred and forty, and third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three: Provided, That the minimum price per acre of said land shall be two dollars per acre.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in every case, the affidavit of the claimant under this act shall be like unto that prescribed by the act of twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and the same shall be filed, and proof and payment made for the land claimed, at any time before the day fixed by the President's proclamation for the public sale of the said land: Provided, That where a tract of land is now settled upon, a settlement made on such tract subsequent to the date of this law shall confer no right on the lastmentioned settler; and where settlements shall hereafter be made, the to have preferright shall be in the first settler, who shall otherwise comply with the ence. conditions of this law.

APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

CHAP. LXXVIII. — An Act providing for the Adjustment of all suspended Pre-emption Land Claims in the several States and Territories.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to determine, upon principles of equity and justice, as recognized in courts of equity, and in accordance with general equitable rules and regulations, to be settled by the Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney-General, and Commissioner, conjointly, consistently with such principles, all cases of suspended entries now existing in said land office, and to adjudge in what cases patents shall issue upon the same: Provided, however, That such adjudications shall be made within two years from the passage of this act, and be first approved by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Attorney-General, and shall only operate to divest the United States of the title of the land embraced by such entries, without prejudice to the rights of conflicting claimants.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the power and jurisdiction given by this act to the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall cease and determine, at the expiration of two years from the passage thereof; and such Commissioner be, and he is hereby, directed to report to Congress at the first session after the said adjudications shall have been made, a list of the same, and under such classes as he may deem necessary, and of the principles upon which such class was determined.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said Commissioner shall arrange his decisions into two classes; the first class to embrace all such cases of equity as may be finally confirmed by the board aforesaid, and the second class to embrace all such cases as the board reject and decide to be invalid.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That for all lands covered by entries or sales which are placed in the first class, patents shall issue to the claimants; and all lands embraced by entries or sales placed in the second class shall ipso facto revert to, and become part of, the public domain.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the Commissioner of the General Land Office to order into market, after due notice, without the formality and expense of a proclamation second class,

1838, ch. 119.

1840, ch. 32. 1843, ch. 86. Minimum price.

Claimant to make oath as prescribed by act of 1838, ch. 119.

Prior settlers

Aug. 3, 1846.

1848, ch. 101. 1853, ch. 152.

Commissioner of General Land Office to determine all suspended entries, under regulations of Secretary of Treasury and Attorney-General & Commissioner.

Proviso.

1848, ch. 101.

Power and jurisdiction cease at end of two years.

Commissioners to report list of adjudications to Congress.

Decisions to be arranged into classes.

Patents to issue for lands in the first class, and lands in second class to revert to the U.S.

Commissioner to order into market lands of of the President, all lands of the second class, though heretofore unproclaimed and unoffered, and such other isolated or disconnected tracts or parcels of unoffered lands, which, in his judgment, it would be proper to expose to sale in like manner: *Provided*, That public notice of at least thirty days shall be given by the land officers of the district in which such lands may be situated, pursuant to the directions of the Commissioner aforesaid.

APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

Aug. 4, 1846.

Notice of sale.

1845, ch. 48.

Boundaries declared.

1845, ch. 48.

Question in controversy between Missouri and Iowa referred to the Supreme Court.

Supreme Court invested with necessary authority.

To be entitled to two representatives. CHAP. LXXXII. — An Act to define the Boundaries of the State of Iowa, and to repeal so much of the Act of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five as relates to the Boundaries of Iowa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following shall be, and they are hereby, declared to be the boundaries of the State of Iowa, in lieu of those prescribed by the second section of the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, entitled "An Act for the Admission of the States of Iowa and Florida into the Union," viz. Beginning in the middle of the main channel of the Mississippi River, at a point due east of the middle of the mouth of the main channel of the Des Moines River; thence up the middle of the main channel of the said Des Moines River, to a point on said river where the northern boundary line of the State of Missouri, as established by the constitution of that State, adopted June twelfth, eighteen hundred and twenty, crosses the said middle of the main channel of the said Des Moines River; thence, westwardly, along the said northern boundary line of the State of Missouri, as established at the time aforesaid, until an extension of said line intersect the middle of the main channel of the Missouri River; thence, up the middle of the main channel of the said Missouri River, to a point opposite the middle of the main channel of the Big Sioux River, according to Nicollet's map; thence, up the main channel of the said Big Sioux River, according to said map, until it is intersected by the parallel of forty-three degrees and thirty minutes north latitude; thence east, along said parallel of forty-three degrees and thirty minutes, until said parallel intersect the middle of the main channel of the Mississippi River; thence, down the middle of the main channel of said Mississippi River, to the place of beginning.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the question which has heretofore been the subject-matter of controversy and dispute between the State of Missouri and the Territory of Iowa, respecting the precise location of the northern boundary line of the State of Missouri, shall be, and the same is hereby, referred to the Supreme Court of the United States for adjudication and settlement, in accordance with the act of the Legislature of Missouri, approved March twenty-five, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and the memorial of the Council and House of Representatives of the Territory of the Iowa, approved January seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, by which both parties have agreed to "the commencement and speedy determination of such suit as may be necessary to procure a final decision by the Supreme Court of the United States upon the true location of the northern boundary of that State;" and the said Supreme Court is hereby invested with all the power and authority necessary to the performance of the duty imposed by this section.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, until the next census and apportionment shall be made, the State of Iowa shall be entitled to two representatives in the House of Representatives of the United States. SEC 4. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, entitled "An Act for the Admission of the States of Iowa and Florida into the Union," relating to the said State of Iowa, as is inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same is hereby repealed.

APPROVED, August 4, 1846.

CHAP. LXXXIV. — An Act to establish a Warehousing System, and to amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide Revenue from Imports, and to change and modify existing Laws imposing Duties on Imports, and for other Purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the twelfth section of the act entitled "An Act to provide Revenue from Imports, and to change and modify existing Laws imposing Duties on Imports, and for other Purposes," approved the thirtieth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, is hereby amended so as hereafter to read as follows: - [SEC. 12.] And be it further enacted, That, on and after the day this act goes into operation, the duties on all imported goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be paid in cash: *Provided*, That in all cases of failure or neglect to pay the duties within the period allowed by law to the importer to make entry thereof, or whenever the owner, importer, or consignee, shall make entry for warehousing the same, in writing, in such form and supported by such proof as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, the said goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be taken possession of by the collector, and deposited in the public stores, or in other stores to be agreed on by the collector or chief revenue officer of the port and the importer, owner, or consignee, the said stores to be secured in the manner provided for by the first section of the act of the twentieth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, entitled "An Act providing for the Deposit of Wines and distilled Spirits in public Warehouses, and for other Purposes," there to be kept with due and reasonable care, at the charge and risk of the owner, importer, consignee, or agent, and subject at all times to their order, upon payment of the proper duties and expenses, to be ascertained on due entry thereof for warehousing, and to be secured by a bond of the owner, importer, or consignee, with surety or sureties, to the satisfaction of the collector, in double the amount of the said duties, and in such form as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe: *Provided*, That no merchandise shall be withdrawn from any warehouse in which it may be deposited, in a less quantity than in an entire package, bale, cask, or box, unless in bulk; nor shall merchandise so imported in bulk be delivered, except in the whole quantity of each parcel, or in a quantity not less than one ton weight, unless by special authority of the Secretary of the Treasury. And in case the owner, importer, consignee, or agent, of any goods on which the auties have not been paid, shall give to the collector satisfactory security that the said goods shall be landed out of the jurisdiction of the United States, in the manner now required by existing laws relating to exportations for the benefit of drawback, the collector and naval officer, if any, on an entry to reëxport the same, shall, upon payment of the appropriate expenses, permit the said goods, under the inspection of the proper officers, to be shipped without the payment of any duties thereon. And in case any goods, wares, or merchandise, deposited as aforesaid, shall remain in public store beyond one year, without payment of the duties and charges thereon, then said goods, wares, or merchandise, shall be ap-

Repeal of so much of the act of 1845, ch. 48, as is inconsistent herewith.

Aug. 6, 1846.

1842. ch. 270.

Act of 1842, ch. 270, § 12, amended. Ante, p. 43, § 7.

Duties to be paid in cash. Proviso.

1818, ch. 129

Proviso.

Collector to permit goods to be shipped for reëxportation in certain cases.

Goods remaining in store beyond one year to be appraised and sold. Treasury department to prescribe regulations, &c., for such sales.

Proceeds, after deducing charges, to be paid over to the owner, &c.

Overplus, how disposed of.

Repeal of sections of conflicting acts. 1799, ch. 22. 1842, ch. 270.

Perishable and explosive goods to be sold at once.

Goods may be withdrawn and transported to another port of entry under certain restrictions. 1799, ch. 22.

Owner shall give bond.

Provise.

praised by the appraisers of the United States, if there be any at such port, and if none, then by two merchants to be designated and sworn by the collector for that purpose, and sold by the collector at public auction, on due public notice thereof being first given, in the manner and for the time to be prescribed by a general regulation of the treasury department; and at said public sale, distinct printed catalogues descriptive of said goods, with the appraised value affixed thereto, shall be distributed among the persons present at said sale; and a reasonable opportunity shall be given before such sale, to persons desirous of purchasing, to inspect the quality of such goods; and the proceeds of said sales, after deducting the usual rate of storage at the port in question, with all other charges and expenses, including duties, shall be paid over to the owner, importer, consignee, or agent, and proper receipts taken for the same : Provided, That the overplus, if any there be, of the proceeds of such sales, after the payment of storage, charges, expenses, and duties, as aforesaid, remaining unclaimed for the space of ten days after such sales, shall be paid by the collector into the treasury of the United States; and the said collector shall transmit to the treasury department, with the said overplus, a copy of the inventory, appraisement, and account of sales, specifying the marks, numbers, and descriptions, of the packages sold, their contents, and appraised value, the name of the vessel and master in which, and of the port or place whence they were imported, and the time when, and the name of the person or persons to whom said goods were consigned in the manifest, and the duties and charges to which the several consignments were respectively subject; and the receipt or certificate of the collector shall exonerate the master or person having charge or command of any ship or vessel, in which said goods, wares, or merchandise, were imported, from all claim of the owner or owners thereof, who shall, nevertheless, on due proof of their interest, be entitled to receive from the treasury the amount of any overplus paid into the same under the provisions of this act: Provided, That so much of the fifty-sixth section of the general collection law of the second of March, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the thirteenth section of the act of the thirtieth of August, eighteen hundred and fortytwo, to provide revenue from imports, and to change and modify existing laws imposing duties on imports, and for other purposes, as conflicts with the provisions of this act, shall be, and is hereby, repealed, excepting that nothing contained in this act shall be construed to extend the time now prescribed by law for selling unclaimed goods: Provided also, That all goods of a perishable nature, and all gunpowder, fire-crackers, and explosive substances, deposited as aforesaid, shall be sold forthwith.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any goods, when deposited in the public stores in the manner provided for in the foregoing section, may be withdrawn therefrom and transported to any other port of entry under the restrictions provided for in the act of the second March, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, in respect to the transportation of goods, wares, and merchandise, from one collection district to another, to be exported with the benefit of drawback; and the owner of such goods so to be withdrawn for transportation shall give his bond, with sufficient sureties, in double the amount of the duties chargeable on them, for the deposit of such goods in store in the port of entry to which they shall be destined, such bond to be cancelled when the goods shall be redeposited in store in the collection district to which they shall be transported : Provided, that nothing contained in this section shall be construed to extend the time during which goods may be kept in store, after their original importation and entry, beyond the term of one year.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, if any warehoused goods

shall be fraudulently concealed in or removed from any public or private warehouse, the same shall be forfeited to the United States; and all persons convicted of fraudulently concealing or removing such goods, or of aiding or abetting such concealment or removal, shall be liable to the same penalties which are now imposed for the fraudulent introduction of goods into the United States; and if any importer or proprietor of any warehoused goods, or any person in his employ, shall, by any contrivance, fraudulently open the warehouse, or shall

gain access to the goods except in the presence of the proper officer of the customs, acting in the execution of his duty, such importer or proprietor shall forfeit and pay for every such offence one thousand dollars. And any person convicted of altering, defacing, or obliterating, any mark or marks, which have been placed by any officer of the revenue on any package or packages of warehoused goods, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence five hundred dollars.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted. That the collectors of the several ports of the United States shall make quarterly reports to the Secretary of the Treasury, according to such general instructions as the said Secretary may give of all goods which remain in the warehouses of their respective ports, specifying the quantity and description of the same; which returns, or tables formed thereon, the Secretary of the Treasury shall forthwith cause to be published in the principal papers To be published. of the city of Washington.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to make, from time to time, such regulations, not inconsistent with the laws of the United States, as may be necessary to give full effect to the provisions of this act, and secure a just accountability under the same. And it shall be the duty of the Secretary to report such regulations to each succeeding session of Congress.

APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

CHAP. LXXXV. - An Act to repeal an Act entitled "An Act for the Relief of the Stockbridge Tribe of Indians in the Territory of Wisconsin," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-three, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act for the Relief of the Stockbridge Tribe of Indians in the Territory of Wisconsin," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-three, be and the same is hereby repealed; and the said Stockbridge tribe or nation of Indians is restored to their ancient form of government, with all powers, rights, and privileges, held and exercised by them under their customs and usages, as fully and completely as though the above-recited act had never passed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sub-agent of Indian affairs at Green Bay, under the direction of the Governor of Wisconsin, who shall be a commissioner for this purpose, shall be required to open a book for the enrolment of the names of such persons of the Stockbridge tribe of Indians as shall desire to become and remain citizens of the United States, immediately upon the passage of this law; and three months shall be allowed after the opening of said books for the enrolment, within which time it shall be the duty of all desiring citizenship to come forward in person and file their application. After the expiration of the three months, the said sub-agent shall divide the said township of land now held by the Stockbridges on the Winnebago Lake into two districts, to be known and designated as the Indian District and the Citizen District, according to the strength

Goods fraudulently concealed or removed to be forfeited.

Penalty.

Penalty for fraudulently opening warehouse, &c., except in presence of an officer of the customs.

Penalty for altering, obliterat-ing, or defacing, marks.

Collectors to make quarterly reports.

Secretary 0. the Treasury to make the regulalations necessary to give full effect to this act, and report to congress.

Aug. 6, 1846.

1843, ch. 101.

Repeal of act of 1843, cb. 101.

Restored to ancient form of government.

Sub-agent at Green Bay to enrol the names of Indians who desire to become citizens of U.S.

Sub-agent to divide the land held by Stock-bridges into two districts.

How the lands are to be held.

Sub-agents to make out three copies of the divisions made.

Patents to issue to those reservees who become citizens.

Indians becoming citizens to forfeit annuity.

\$5,000 to be paid them for that sum paid by them to the Winnebagoes and Menomonies.

> Appropriation. Proviso.

and numbers of their respective parties, and the laws and usages in The lands in the Indian District are to remain and to be said tribe. held in common; those in the Citizen District are to be divided; and to each Indian who becomes a citizen the said sub-agent shall assign, by distinct metes and bounds, his ratable proportion of land. And. after the division and allotment are completed, it shall be the duty of the said sub-agent to make out three copies of the divisions thus made. one of which he shall file with the clerk of the District Court of the county in which the Citizen District of land may be situated; one other copy he shall file in the land office at Green Bay, in Wisconsin Territory; and the other shall be returned to the Secretary of War. And, upon the receipt of the said return by the Secretary of War, patents may be issued to the individual reservees who become citizens, upon the receipt of which a title in fee simple to the lot of land shall vest in the patentee; and all transfers and assignments of the land made previous to the issuance of the patent shall be null and void : Provided, however, That those Indians who become citizens shall forfeit all right to receive any portion of the annuity which may now be or may become due the nation of Stockbridges, by virtue of any treaty heretofore entered into by this government with said Stockbridges.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in consideration of the moneys paid by said Stockbridge nation of Indians to the Winnebagoes and Menomonies in the years eighteen hundred and twenty-one and eighteen hundred and twenty-two, and all other claims, the sum of five thousand dollars be paid to said tribe of Indians by the Secretary of War; and for this purpose, the said sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : *Provided*, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to impair any claim which said nation may have upon the Delaware nation to a share of the lands assigned to them west of the Missouri River. APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

Aug. 6, 1846. 1847, ch. 53.

The people of Wisconsin authorized to form a constitution and State government.

Boundaries.

1847, ch. 53, § 2.

Post, p. 97.

CHAP. LXXXIX. — An Act to enable the People of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the Admission of such State into the Union.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the people of the Territory of Wisconsin be, and they are hereby, authorized to form a constitution and State government, for the purpose of being admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatsoever, by the name of the State of Wisconsin, with the following boundaries, to wit: Beginning at the north-east corner of the State of Illinois - that is to say, at a point in the centre of Lake Michigan where the line of forty-two degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same; thence running with the boundary line of the State of Michigan, through Lake Michigan, Green Bay, to the mouth of the Menomonie River; thence up the channel of said river to the Brulé River; thence up said last mentioned river to Lake Brulé; thence along the southern shore of Lake Brulé in a direct line to the centre of the channel between Middle and South Islands, in the Lake of the Desert; thence in a direct line to the head-waters of the Montreal River, as marked upon the survey made by Captain Cramm; thence down the main channel of the Montreal River to the middle of Lake Superior; thence through the centre of Lake Superior to the mouth of the St. Louis River; thence up the main channel of said river to the first rapids in the

same, above the Indian village, according to Nicollet's map; thence due south to the main branch of the River St. Croix; thence down the main channel of said river to the Mississippi; thence down the centre of the main channel of that river to the north-west corner of the State of Illinois; thence due east with the northern boundary of the State of Illinois to the place of beginning, as established by "An Act to enable the People of the Illinois Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the Admission of such State into the Union on an equal Footing with the original States," approved April eighteen, eighteen hundred and eighteen.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, to prevent all disputes in reference to the jurisdiction of islands in the said Brulé and Menomonie Rivers, the line be so run as to include within the jurisdiction of Michigan all the islands in the Brulé and Menomonie Rivers, (to Rivers, the extent in which said rivers are adopted as a boundary,) down to, and inclusive of, the Quinnesec Falls of the Menomonie; and from thence the line shall be so run as to include within the jurisdiction of Wisconsin all the islands in the Menomonie River, from the falls aforesaid down to the junction of said river with Green Bay: Provided, That the adjustment of boundary, as fixed in this act, between Wisconsin and Michigan shall not be binding on Congress, unless the same shall be ratified by the State of Michigan on or before the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said State of Wisconsin shall have concurrent jurisdiction on the Mississippi, and all other rivers and waters bordering on the said State of Wisconsin, so far as the same shall form a common boundary to said State and any other State or States now or hereafter to be formed or bounded by the same; and said river and waters, and the navigable waters leading into the same, shall be common highways, and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of said State as to all other citizens of the United States, without any tax, duty, impost, or toll, therefor.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That from and after the admission of the State of Wisconsin into the Union, in pursuance of this act, the laws of the United States which are not locally inapplicable shall have the same force and effect within the State of Wisconsin as elsewhere within the United States; and said State shall constitute one district, and be called the District of Wisconsin; and a district court shall be held therein, to consist of one judge, who shall reside in the said district and be called a district judge. He shall hold, at the seat of government of said State, two sessions of said court annually, on the first Mondays in January and July; and he shall, in all things, have and exercise the same jurisdiction and powers which were by law given to the judge of the Kentucky District, under an act entitled "An Act to establish the Judicial Courts of the United States." He shall appoint a clerk for said district, who shall reside and keep the records of said court at the place of holding the same; and shall receive for the services performed by him the same fees to which the clerk of the Kentucky District is by law entitled for similar 1789, ch. 20, § 10. There shall be allowed to the judge of said district court services. the annual compensation of fifteen hundred dollars, to commence from the date of his appointment, to be paid quarterly at the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That unere shall be appointed in said district a person learned in the law to act as attorney of the United States, who, in addition to the stated fees, shall be paid the sum of two hundred dollars annually by the United States, as a full compensation for all extra services; the said payment to be made And there shall also quarterly at the treasury of the United States VOL. IX. PUB. -8

1818, ch. 67.

Jurisdiction of islands in Brulé and Menomonie

Assent of Michigan required.

To have concurrent jurisdic-tion on the Mississippi and other rivers.

Navigable waters to be common highways.

Laws of U. S. extended to said State.

Shall constitute one judicial district.

A district court to be held.

Sessions of the court, and powers and jurisdiction of the judge.

Shall appoint a clerk, &c.

Fees.

Compensation of judge.

District attorbe apney to pointed. Compensation and fees.

Marshal to be appointed. Duties, fees, and compensation.

To be entitled to two representatives in Congress.

Propositions submitted to the convention, &c.

Lands for schools.

Lands for a seminaryof learning.

1838, ch. 110.

Lands for public buildings and seat of government.

Salt springs.

Proviso.

5 per cent. of proceeds of sales of lands given for roads and canals.

Condition.

`Taxes.

be appointed a marshal for said district, who shall perform the same duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees, as are prescribed and allowed to marshals in other districts; and shall, moreover, be allowed the sum of two hundred dollars annually, as a compensation for all extra services.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, until another census shall be taken and apportionment made, the State of Wisconsin shall be entitled to two representatives in the Congress of the United States.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the following propositions are hereby submitted to the convention which shall assemble for the purpose of forming a constitution for the State of Wisconsin, for acceptance or rejection; and if accepted by said convention, and ratified by an article in said constitution, they shall be obligatory on the United States:

First. That section numbered sixteen, in every township of the public lands in said State, and, where such section has been sold or otherwise disposed of, other lands equivalent thereto, and as contiguous as may be, shall be granted to said State for the use of schools.

Second. That the seventy-two sections or two entire townships of land set apart and reserved for the use and support of a university by an act of Congress, approved on the twelfth day of June, eighteen hundrcd and thirty-eight, entitled "An Act concerning a Seminary of Learning in the Territory of Wisconsin," are hereby granted and conveyed to the State, to be appropriated solely to the use and support of such university, in such manner as the Legislature may prescribe.

Third. That ten entire sections of land, to be selected and located under the direction of the Legislature, in legal divisions of not less than one quarter section, from any of the unappropriated lands belonging to the United States within the said State, are hereby granted to the said State, for the purpose of completing the public buildings of the said State, or for the erection of others at the seat of government, under the direction of the Legislature thereof.

Fourth. That all salt springs within said State, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjoining, or as contiguous as may be to each, shall be granted to the State for its use; the same to be selected by the Legislature thereof, within one year after the admission of said State; and when so selected, to be used or disposed of on such terms, conditions, and regulations, as the Legislature shall direct: *Provided*, That no salt spring or land the right whereof is now yested in any individual or individuals, or which may hereafter be confirmed or adjudged to any individual or individuals, shall, by this section, be granted to said State.

Fifth. That five per cent. of the net proceeds of sales of all public lands lying within the said State, which have been or shall be sold by Congress, from and after the admission of said State into the Union, after deducting all the expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to the said State, for the purpose of making public roads and canals in the same, as the Legislature shall direct : Provided, That the foregoing propositions herein offered are on the condition that the said convention which shall form the constitution of said State shall provide, by a clause in said constitution, or an ordinance, irrevocable without the consent of the United States, that said State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same by the United States, nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in such soil to bona fide purchasers thereof; and that no tax shall be imposed on lands the property of the United States; and that in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents.

APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

CHAP. XC. — An Act to provide for the better Organization of the Treasury, and for the Collection, Safe-Keeping, Transfer, and Disbursement of the public Revenue.

Whereas, by the fourth section of the act entitled "An Act to establish the Treasury Department," approved September two, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, it was provided that it should be the duty of the treasurer to receive and keep the moneys of the United States, and to disburse the same upon warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Treasury, countersigned by the comptroller, and recorded by the register, and not otherwise: and whereas it is found necessary to make further provisions to enable the treasurer the better to carry into effect the intent of the said section in relation to the receiving and disbursing the moneys of the United States: Therefore —

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the rooms prepared and provided in the new treasury building at the seat of government for the use of the treasurer of the United States, his assistants, and clerks, and occupied by them, and also the fireproof vaults and safes erected in said rooms for the keeping of the public moneys in the possession and under the immediate control of said treasurer, and such other apartments as are provided for in this act as places of deposit of the public money, are hereby constituted and declared to be the treasury of the United States. And all moneys paid into the same shall be subject to the draft of the treasurer, drawn agreeably to appropriations made by law.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the mint of the United States in the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, and the branch mint in the city of New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, and the vaults and safes thereof, respectively, shall be places of deposit and safe-keeping of the public moneys at those points, respectively; and the treasurer of the said mint and branch mint, respectively, for the time being, shall be assistant treasurers under the provisions of this act, and shall have the custody and care of all public moneys deposited within the same, and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by them, in reference to the receipt, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursements of all such moneys, according to the provisions hereinafter contained.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the rooms which were directed to be prepared and provided within the custom-houses in the city of New York, in the State of New York, and in the city of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, for the use of receivers-general of public moneys, under the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the Collection, Safe-Keeping, Transfer, and Disbursement, of the public Revenue," approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and forty, shall be for the use of the assistant treasurers hereinafter directed to be appointed at those places respectively; as shall be also the fireproof vaults and safes prepared and provided within said rooms for the keeping of the public moneys collected and deposited with them respectively; and the assistant treasurers, from time to time appointed at those points, shall have the custody and care of the said rooms, vaults, and safes, respectively, and of all the public moneys deposited within the same, and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by them, in reference to the receipt, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement, of all such moneys, according to the provisions of this act.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the offices, with suitable and convenient rooms, which were directed to be erected, prepared, and provided, for the use of receivers-general of public money, at the Aug. 6, 18461

Preamble. 1789, ch. 12.

The treasury of the U. S. dcsignated.

Moneys paid into same, subject to the draft of the treasurer.

U. S. mint at Philadelphia and branch mint at New Orleans made places of deposit.

Treasurers of the mint and branch mint to be assistant treasurers. Their powers and duties.

Places of deposit and assistant treasurers for New York and Boston. Their powers and duties.

1840, ch. 41.

Places of deposit and assistant treasurers at Charleston, and St. Louis. Their powers and duties.

1840, ch. 41.

expense of the United States, at the city of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, and at the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, under the act entitled "An Act to provide for the Collection, Safe-Keeping, Transfer, and Disbursement, of the public Revenue," approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and forty, shall be for the use of the assistant

fourth, eighteen hundred and forty, shall be for the use of the assistant treasurers hereinafter directed to be appointed at the places abovenamed; as shall be also the fire-proof vaults and safes erected within the said offices and rooms for the keeping of the public money collected and deposited at those points respectively; and the said assistant treasurers, from time to time appointed at those places, shall have the custody and care of the said offices, vaults, and safes, erected, prepared, and provided, as aforesaid, and of all the public moneys deposited within the same, and shall perform all the duties required to be performed by them, in reference to the receipt, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement, of all such moneys, according to the provisions hereinafter contained.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appoint, four officers to be denominated "assistant treasurers of the United States," which said officers shall hold their respective offices for the term of four years, unless sooner removed therefrom; one of which shall be located at the city of New York, in the State of New York; one other of which shall be located at the city of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts; one other of which shall be located at the city of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina; and one other at St. Louis, in the State of Missouri. And all of which said officers shall give bonds to the United States, with sureties, according to the provisions hereinafter contained, for the faithful discharge of the duties of their respective offices.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the treasurer of the United States, the treasurer of the mint of the United States, the treasurers, and those acting as such, of the various branch mints, all collectors of the customs, all surveyors of the customs acting also as collectors, all assistant treasurers, all receivers of public moneys at the several land offices, all postmasters, and all public officers of whatsoever character, be, and they are hereby, required to keep safely, without loaning, using, depositing in banks, or exchanging for other funds than as allowed by this act, all the public money collected by them, or otherwise at any time placed in their possession and custody, till the same is ordered, by the proper department or officer of the government, to be transferred or paid out; and when such orders for transfer or payment are received, faithfully and promptly to make the same as directed, and to do and perform all other duties as fiscal agents of the government which may be imposed by this or any other acts of Congress, or by any regulation of the treasury department made in conformity to law; and also to do and perform all acts and duties required by law, or by direction of any of the Executive departments of the government, as agents for paying pensions, or for making any other disbursements which either of the heads of those departments may be required by law to make, and which are of a character to be made by the depositaries hereby constituted, consistently with the other official duties imposed upon them.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the treasurer of the United States, the treasurer of the mint of the United States, the treasurer of the branch mint at New Orleans, and all the assistant treasurers hereinbefore directed to be appointed, shall respectively give bonds to the United States faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices according to law, and for such amounts as shall be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, with sureties to the satis-

Four assistant treasurers to be appointed, who shall hold their offices for four years.

Location of assistant treasurers.

Shall give bonds.

The treasurer, assistant treasurers, and other officers having the custody of public moneys, required to keep the same safely, &c., and faithfully and promptly to make such payments and transfers as are required to be made, &c.

To act as pension agents.

Treasurer of U. S., treasurers of the mint and branch mint, and assistant treasurers, to give bond. faction of the solicitor of the treasury; and shall, from time to time, renew, strengthen, and increase, their official bonds as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct, any law in reference to any of the official bonds of any of the said officers to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, at as early a day as possible after the passage of this act, to require from the several depositaries hereby constituted, and whose official bonds are not hereinbefore provided for, to execute bonds, new and suitable in their terms, to meet the new and increased duties imposed upon them respectively by this act, and with sureties and in sums such as shall seem reasonable and safe to the solicitor of the treasury; and from time to time to require such bonds to be renewed and increased in amount, and strengthened by new sureties, to meet any increasing responsibility which may grow out of accumulations of money in the hands of the depositary, or out of any other duty or responsibility arising under this or any other law of Congress.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That all collectors and receivers of public money, of every character and description, within the District of Columbia, shall, as frequently as they may be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, or the Postmaster-General so to do, pay over to the treasurer of the United States, at the treasury, all public moneys collected by them, or in their hands; that all such collectors and receivers of public moneys within the cities of Philadelphia and New Orleans shall, upon the same direction, pay over to the treasurers of the mints in their respective cities, at the said mints, all public moneys collected by them, or in their hands; and that all such collectors and receivers of public moneys within the cities of New York, Boston, Charleston, and St. Louis, shall, upon the same direction, pay over to the assistant treasurers in their respective cities, at their offices, respectively, all the public moneys collected by them, or in their hands, to be safely kept by the said respective depositaries until otherwise disposed of according to law; and it shall be the duty of the said Secretary and Postmaster-General respectively to direct such payments by the said collectors and receivers at all the said places, at least as often as once in each week, and as much more frequently, in all cases, as they in their discretion may think proper.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer the moneys in the hands of any depositary hereby constituted to the treasury of the United States, to be there safely kept, to the credit of the treasurer of the United States, according to the provisions of this act; and also to transfer moneys in the hands of any one depositary constituted by this act to any other depositary constituted by the same, at his discretion, and as the safety of the public moneys, and the convenience of the public service, shall seem to him to require; which authority to transfer the moneys belonging to the post-office department is also hereby conferred upon the Postmaster-General, so far as its exercise by him may be consistent with the provisions of existing laws; and every depositary constituted by this act shall keep his account of the money paid to or deposited with him, belonging to the post-office department, separate and distinct from the account kept by him of other public moneys so paid or deposited. And for the purpose of payments on the public account, it shall be lawful for the treasurer of the United States to draw upon any of the said depositaries, as he may think most conducive to the public interest, or to the convenience of the public creditors, or both. And each depositary so drawn upon shall make returns to the treasury and post-office departments of all moneys received and paid

Secretary of Treasury to require the several other depositaries to give bonds, &c.

Such bonds may be renewed, strengthened, and increased.

Collectors and receivers of the public money to pay over the same, and to whom.

Secretary of the Treasury and Postmaster-General to direct such payments.

Secretary of Treasury may make transfers of the public moneys.

The Postmaster-General authorized to make transfers of moncys belonging to the post-office department.

Depositaries to keep separate and distinct accounts of the moneys of the post-office department.

The treasurer may draw on any depositary.

Depositaries to make returns to the treasury and post-office departments. by him, at such times and in such form as shall be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury or the Postmaster-General.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause examinations to be made of the books, accounts, and money on hand, of the several depositaries constituted by this act; and for that purpose to appoint special agents, as occasion may require, with such compensation, not exceeding six dollars per day and travelling expenses, as he may think reasonable, to be fixed and declared at the time of each appointment. The agents selected to make these examinations shall be instructed to examine as well the books, accounts, and returns, of the officer, as the money on hand, and the manner of its being kept, to the end that uniformity and accuracy in the accounts, as well as safety to the public moneys, may be secured thereby.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the examinations provided for in the last preceding section, and as a further guard over the public moneys, it shall be the duty of each naval officer and surveyor, as a check upon the assistant treasurers, or the collector of the customs, of their respective districts; of each register of a land office, as a check upon the receiver of his land office; and of the director and superintendent of each mint and branch mint, when separate offices, as a check upon the treasurers, respectively, of the said mints, or the persons acting as such, at the close of each quarter of the year, and as much more frequently as they shall be directed by the Secretary of the Treasury to do so, to examine the books, accounts, returns, and money on hand, of the assistant treasurers, collectors, receivers of land offices, treasurers of the mint, and each branch mint, and persons acting as such, and to make a full, accurate, and faithful return to the treasury department of their condition.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the said officers, respectively, whose duty it is made by this act to receive, keep, and disburse, the public moneys, as the fiscal agents of the government, may be allowed any necessary additional expenses for clerks, fire-proof chests or vaults, or other necessary expenses of safe-keeping, transferring, and disbursing, said moneys; all such expenses of every character to be first expressly authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury, whose directions upon all the above subjects, by way of regulation and other, wise, so far as authorized by law, are to be strictly followed by all the said officers: *Provided*, That the whole number of clerks to be appointed by virtue of this section of this act shall not exceed ten; and that he aggregate compensations of the whole number shall not exceed eight thousand dollars; nor shall the compensation of any one clerks so appointed exceed eight hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury may, at his discretion, transfer the balances remaining with any of the present depositaries to any other of the present depositaries, as he may deem the safety of the public money or the public convenience may require: *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to transfer the balances remaining with any of the present depositaries to the depositaries constituted by this act before the first day of January next: And provided, That, for the purpose of payments on public account, out of balances remaining with the present depositaries, it shall be lawful for the treasurer of the United States to draw upon any of the said de positaries as he may think most conducive to the public interests, of to the convenience of the public creditors, or both.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That all marshals, district attorneys, and others having public money to pay to the United States and all patentees wishing to make payment for patents to be issued.

Examinations to be made of the books, &c.,of the depositaries.

Compensation of examiners.

Examinations, how to be made.

Additional examinations to be made, and how.

Necessary expenses for clerks, chests, &c. allowed.

All such expenses to be first authorized by the Secretary of the Treasury,

Number and compensation of clerks.

Post, p. 297.

Secretary of Treasury may transfer balances remaining with present depositaries.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Payments to the U. S. and for patents, to whom to be made. nay pay all such moneys to the treasurer of the United States, to the treasurer of either of the mints in Philadelphia or New Orleans, to either of the other assistant treasurers, or to such other depositary constituted by this act as shall be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury in other parts of the United States to receive such payments, and give receipts or certificates of deposit therefor.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That all officers and other persons, charged by this act, or any other act, with the safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement, of the public moneys, other than those connected with the post-office department, are hereby required to keep an accurate entry of each sum received, and of each payment or transfer; and that if any one of the said officers, or of those connected with the post-office department, shall convert to his own use. in any way whatever, or shall use, by way of investment in any kind of property or merchandise, or shall loan, with or without interest, or shall deposit in any bank, or shall exchange for other funds, except as allowed by this act, any portion of the public moneys intrusted to him for safe-keeping, disbursement, transfer, or for any other purpose, every such act shall be deemed and adjudged to be an embezzlement of so much of the said moneys as shall be thus taken, converted, invested, used, loaned, deposited, or exchanged, which is hereby declared to be a felony; and any failure to pay over or to produce the public moneys intrusted to such person shall be held and taken to be prima facie evidence of such embezzlement; and if any officer charged with the disbursements of public moneys shall accept, or receive, or transmit to the treasury department to be allowed in his favor, any receipt or voucher from a creditor of the United States, without having paid to such creditor, in such funds as the said officer may have received for disbursement, or such other funds as he may be authorized by this act to take in exchange, the full amount specified in such receipt or voucher, every such act shall be deemed to be a conversion by such officer to his own use of the amount specified in such receipt or voucher; and any officer or agent of the United States, and all persons advising or participating in such act, being convicted thereof before any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction, shall be sentenced to imprisonment for a term of not less than six months nor more than ten years, and to a fine equal to the amount of the money embezzled. And, upon the trial of any indictment against any person for embezzling public money under the provisions of this act, it shall be sufficient evidence, for the purpose of showing a balance against such person, to produce a transcript from the books and proceedings of the treasury, as required in civil cases, under the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to provide more effectually for the Settlement of Accounts between the United States and Receivers of public Money," approved March third, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven; and the provisions of this act shall be so construed as to apply to all persons charged with the safe-keeping, transfer, or disbursement, of the public money, whether such persons be indicted as receivers or depositaries of the same; and the refusal of such person, whether in or out of office, to pay any draft, order, or warrant, which may be drawn upon him by the proper officer of the treasury department, for any public money in his hands belonging to the United States, no matter in what capacity the same may have been received or may be held, or to transfer or disburse any such money promptly, upon the legal requirement of any authorized officer of the United States, shall be deemed and taken, upon the trial of any indictment against such person for embezzlement, as prima facie evidence of such embezzlement.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That, until the rooms, offices,

Entries to be made of the public moneys other than those of the post-office department.

Felony, to use, loan, or deposit in a bank, &c. public money. Punishment.

Evidence of embezzlement

Payment in other funds to be conversion.

Punishment.

What shall besufficient evidence to show a balance, on a charge of embezzlement.

1797, ch. 20.

Until the rooms, &c., directed to be prepared by the first four sections of this act can be constructed, others to be procured.

1789, ch. 5.

1800, ch. 55.

On and after Jan. 1, 1847, 'the duties, taxes,&cc., accruing to the U. S. shall be paid in gold and silver coin, or in treasury notes.

Monthly publication.

On and after April 1, 1847, all payments to be made in gold and silver coin, or in treasury notes, if the creditor agrees to receive them.

Violations of this and the preceding section to be reported to the President, and to Congress.

No exchange of funds to be made except for gold and silver.

How payments shall be made. vaults, and safes, directed by the first four sections of this act to be constructed and prepared for the use of the treasurer of the United States, the treasurers of the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans, and the assistant treasurers at New York, Boston, Charleston, and St. Louis, can be constructed and prepared for use, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to procure suitable rooms for offices for those officers at their respective locations, and to contract for such use of vaults and safes as may be required for the safe-keeping of the public moneys in the charge and custody of those officers respectively, the expense to be paid by the United States.

And whereas, by the thirtieth section of the act entitled "An Act to regulate the Collection of Duties imposed by Law on the Tonnage of Ships or Vessels, and on Goods, Wares, and Merchandises, imported into the United States," approved July thirty-one, seventeen hundred and eighty-nine, it was provided that all fees and dues collected by virtue of that act should be received in gold and silver coin only; and whereas, also, by the fifth section of the act approved May ten, eighteen hundred, entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act providing for the Sale of the Lands of the United States in the Territory North-west of the Ohio, and above the Mouth of Kentucky River," it was provided that payment for the said lands shall be made by all purchasers in specie, or in evidences of the public debt; and whereas, experience has proved that said provisions ought to be revived and enforced, according to the true and wise intent of the constitution of the United States.—

SEC. 18. Be it further enacted, That on the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and thereafter, all duties, taxes, sales of public lands, debts, and sums of money accruing or becoming due to the United States, and also all sums due for postages or otherwise, to the general post-office department, shall be paid in gold and silver coin only, or in treasury notes issued under the authority of the United States: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall publish, monthly, in two newspapers at the city of Washington, the amount of specie at the several places of deposit, the amount of treasury notes or drafts issued, and the amount outstanding on the last day of each month.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That on the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and thereafter, every officer or agent engaged in making disbursements on account of the United States, or of the general post-office, shall make all payments in gold and silver coin, or in treasury notes, if the creditor agree to receive said notes in payment; and any receiving or disbursing officer or agent who shall neglect, evade, or violate, the provisions of this and the last preceding section of this act, shall, by the Secretary of the Treasury, be immediately reported to the President of the United States, with the facts of such neglect, evasion, or violation; and also to Congress, if in session; and if not in session, at the commencement of its session next after the violation takes place.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That no exchange of funds shall be made by any disbursing officers or agents of the government, of any grade or denomination whatsoever, or connected with any branch of the public service, other than an exchange for gold and silver; and every such disbursing officer, when the means for his disbursements are furnished to him in gold and silver, shall make his payments in the money so furnished; or when those means are furnished to him in drafts, shall cause those drafts to be presented at their place of payment, and properly paid according to the law, and shall make his payments in the money so received for the drafts furnished, unless, in either case, he can exchange the means in his hands for gold and silver at par. And it shall be and is hereby made the duty of the head of the proper department immediately to suspend from duty any disbursing officer who shall violate the provisions of this section, and forthwith to report the name of the officer or agent to the President, with the fact of the violation, and all the circumstances accompanying the same, and within the knowledge of the said Secretary, to the end that such officer or agent may be promptly removed from office, or restored to his trust and the performance of his duties, as to the President may seem just and proper: *Provided*, *however*, That those disbursing officers having at present credits in the banks shall, until the first day of January next, be allowed to check on the same, allowing the public creditors to receive their pay from the banks either in specie or bank notes.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue and publish regulations to enforce the speedy presentation of all government drafts for payment at the place where payable, and to prescribe the time, according to the different distances of the depositaries from the seat of government, within which all drafts upon them, respectively, shall be presented for payment; and, in default of such presentation, to direct any other mode and place of payment which he may deem proper; but, in all these regulations and directions, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to guard, as far as may be, against those drafts being used or thrown into circulation as a paper currency or medium of exchange. And no officer of the United States shall, either directly or indirectly, sell or dispose to any person or persons, or corporations, whatsoever, for a premium, any treasury note, draft, warrant, or other public security, not his private property, or sell or dispose of the avails or proceeds of such note, draft, warrant, or security, in his hands for disbursement, without making return of such premium, and accounting therefor by charging the same in his accounts to the credit of the United States; and any officer violating this section shall be forthwith dismissed from office.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That the assistant treasurers directed by this act to be appointed shall receive, respectively, the following salaries per annum, to be paid quarter-yearly at the treasury of the United States, to wit: the assistant treasurer at New York shall be paid a salary of four thousand dollars per annum; the assistant treasurer at Boston shall be paid a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; the assistant treasurer at Charleston shall be paid a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; the assistant treasurer at St. Louis shall be paid a salary of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; the treasurer of the mint at Philadelphia shall, in addition to his present salary, receive five hundred dollars annually, for the performance of the duties imposed by this act; the treasurer of the branch mint at New Orleans shall also receive five hundred dollars annually, for the additional duties created by this act; and these salaries, respectively, shall be in full for the services of the respective officers; nor shall either of them be permitted to charge or receive any commission, pay, or perquisite, for any official service, of any character or description whatsoever; and the making of any such charge, or the receipt of any such compensation, is hereby declared to be a misdemeanor, for which the officer convicted thereof, before any court of the United States of competent jurisdiction, shall be subject to punishment by fine or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of the court before which the offence shall be tried.

SEC.23. And be it further enacted, That there shall be and hereby is appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not Vol. IX. PUB. - 9

Officers violating this section to be suspended and reported to the President.

Proviso.

The Secretary of the Treasury to issue and publish regulations to enforce the speedy presentation of all drafts for payment, &c.

No officer of the U. S. shall dispose of, for a premium, any treasury note, draft, &cc., not his private property, without crediting U.S. in his accounts.

Salaries of assistant treasurers.

Additional compensation to the treasurers of the mint and branch mints.

No officer to charge or receive any commission, &c., for official services.

Punishment of such extortion.

\$5,000 appropriated for repair, &cc., of vaults and safes. otherwise appropriated, the sum of five thousand dollars, to be expended, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, in such repairs or additions as may be necessary to put in good condition for use, with as little delay as may be consistent with the public interests, the offices, rooms, vaults, and safes, herein mentioned, and in the purchase of any necessary additional furniture and fixtures, in the purchase of necessary books and stationery, and in defraying any other incidental expenses necessary to carry this act into effect.

Conflicting acts repealed.

SEC. 24. And be it further enacted, That all acts, or parts of acts, which come in conflict with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

Aug. 6, 1846.

CHAP. XCI. — An Act to provide for the Confirmation of certain Settlement Claims in the Greensburg Land District, Louisiana.

The 2d proviso of act of 1822, ch. 128, § 3, not to apply to the reports of Cosby and Skipwith on certain settlement claims, which are hereby confirmed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second proviso of the third section of the act of eighth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-two, entitled "An Act supplementary to the several Acts for adjusting the Claims to Land and establishing Land Offices in the Districts east of the Island of New Orleans," shall not apply to the reports dated eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and twenty, and twenty-fourth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, of Cosby and Skipwith, on settlement claims in that part of Louisiana which lies east of the Mississippi River and west of Pearl River; but such claims which, according to the said reports, were inhabited or cultivated, or where the date of settlement was before the fifteenth April. eighteen hundred and thirteen, are hereby confirmed under the other restrictions of said third section; but this confirmation shall in no manner affect prior rights, and shall only amount to a relinquishment on the part of the United States.

APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

Aug. 7, 1846.

CHAP. XCII. — An Act to surrender to the State of Tennessee all Title the United States have to Lands in Tennessee, south and west of the Line commonly called the Congressional Reservation Line, and to release to said State the Proceeds of such of said Lands as may have been sold by the State of Tennessee, as the Agent of the United States.

All unappropriated land of the U.S. in Tennessee, south and west of the Congressional reservation line, released to said State, with the proceeds of such as have been sold.

1841, ch. 7:

Said State to apply \$10,000 of the proceeds of said lands for a college.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States hereby release and surrender to the State of Tennessee the right and title of the United States to all lands in the State of Tennessee, lying south and west of the Congressional reservation line in said State, which may yet remain unappropriated, and further release and transfer to said State of Tennessee the proceeds of such of said lands as may have been sold by said State, not heretofore paid over to the United States, nor deposited subject to the order or use of the United States, under the authority of the act of Congress of the eighteenth February, eighteen hundred and forty-one, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to authorize the State of Tennessee to issue Grants and perfect Titles to certain Lands therein described, and to settle the Claims to the vacant and unappropriated Lands within the same,' passed the eighteenth Day of April, one thousand eight hundred and six." This surrender and transfer is upon the express condition that the State of Tennessee shall, out of the proceeds of said lands, set apart and apply forty thousand dollars towards the establishment and support of a college at Jackson, in the county of

Madison, in the State of Tennessee, if the proceeds of the sales of said lands shall amount to so much; and if the aggregate amount of said sales (not paid over nor deposited as aforesaid) shall not amount to the said sum, then whatever sum smaller than forty thousand dollars they may amount to, in accordance with the provisions contained in an act of the General Assembly of said State, passed in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, being chapter one hundred and seven, section eight, and in accordance with the desire expressed by said General Assembly, in their certain memorial to Congress, passed December four, eighteen hundred and forty-five: Provided, nevertheless, That the release herein provided for to the said State of Tennessee of said lands shall be in full satisfaction for any and all services rendered and expenses incurred by said State, or the authorities thereof, in the management, disposal, or administration, of said public lands, and as agent or agents of the United States, in virtue of the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to authorize the State of Tennessee to issue Grants and perfect Titles to certain Lands therein described, and to settle the Claims to the vacant and unappropriated Lands within the same,' passed the eighteenth February, eighteen hundred and forty-one :" And provided also, That all the said lands the release of which is herein provided for, and the proceeds thereof, shall be and remain subject to all the same claims, incumbrances, and liabilities, in relation to "North Carolina land warrants," or other claims of North Carolina, as the same would or certain claims. could be subject to as regards the United States, if the same were not so as aforesaid released.

APPROVED, August 7, 1846.

CHAP. XCIV. — An Act making Appropriations for certain defensive Works of the United States for the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth Day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, for the preservation, repair, and construction, of certain fortifications for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

For the purchase from the State of New York of the defensive works on Staten Island, together with the land bought by the State for the site of said works, with all the material on and about them, and for repairs of said works when the title of the State of New York shall have been extinguished, one hundred thousand dollars: Provided, That the Executive be, and he is hereby, authorized to dispose of the site and materials of old Fort Gansevoort, and to apply the proceeds of such sale to the repair of the works on Staten Island.

For the commencement of batteries on Soller's Point Flats, below Baltimore, thirty thousand dollars.

For the commencement of a fort at the entrance to Cumberland Sound, Georgia, twenty thousand dollars.

For the commencement of a fort on the east side of Dauphin Island, Mobile Bay, Alabama, twenty thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to take such steps as he may deem advisable for adjusting the title to the Pea Patch Island; and, should the same be found to be adverse to the United States, that he cause the value to be ascertained by arbitration, according to the agreement entered into between the Secretary of War and the agent of the claimants.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Such release to be in satisfaction for services and expenses of Tennessee.

1841, ch. 7.

Said lands to remain subject to

Aug. 8, 1846.

Appropriation.

Purchase of defensive works on Staten Island, N. Y., with land for site.

Fort Gansevoort to be sold.

Soller's Point Flats.

Cumberlana Sound, Georgia.

Dauphin Island.

Adjustment of title to Pea Patcn Island.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Appropriation.

sub-

CHAP. XCV. — An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Army for the Year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the support of the army for the year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven:

For pay of the army, one million three hundred and twenty-nine thousand three hundred and seventy-four dollars.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, four hundred and sixtyfive thousand eight hundred and thirty-two dollars.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, including arrears since commencement of hostilities, one hundred and thirty-one thousand six hundred and three dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing to officers' servants, twenty-eight thousand eight hundred and thirty dollars.

For subsistence in kind, four hundred and sixty-eight thousand one hundred and ninety-three dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For clothing for the army, camp and garrison equipage, two hundred and thirty-one thousand dollars.

For expenses of recruiting, twelve thousand and twenty-two dollars. For three months' extra pay to non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, sixteen thousand dollars.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel, forage in kind for the authorized number of officers' horses, and for the horses, mules, and oxen, belonging to the quartermaster's department at the several military posts and stations, and for the horses of the two regiments of dragoons, and the four companies of light artillery; of straw for soldiers' bedding; and of stationery, including company and other blank books for the army, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's departments, and the printing of department orders, army regulations, and general regulations, two hundred and five thousand dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packets received by officers on public service; expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, including the additional compensation to judge-advocates, members, and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of the sixteenth of March, eighteen hundred and two; extra pay to soldiers employed in the erection of barracks and quarters, the construction of roads, and other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, under the act of second of March, eighteen hundred and nineteen; expenses of expresses from the frontier posts; of escorts to paymasters; of the necessary articles for the interment of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; hire of laborers; compensation to clerks to the officers of the quartermaster's department, at posts where their duties cannot be performed without such aid; and compensation to agents in charge of dismantled works, and to such wagon and forage masters as it may be necessary to employ, under the act of the fifth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; various expenditures necessary to keep the two regiments of dragoons and the four companies of light artillery complete, including the purchase of horses to supply the place of those which may be lost and become unfit for service, shoeing horses, and the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incidental to their pursuit; --- one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For repairing and enlarging barracks, quarters, store-houses, and hospitals, at the several posts; for erecting temporary cantonments at

Clothing to offi-

Pay.

sistence.

Officers'

Forage.

cers' servants.

Subsistence in kind.

Clothing and equipage.

Recruiting.

Extra pay.

Regular supplies of the quartermaster's department.

Incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department.

1802, ch. 9.

1819, ch. 45.

1838, ch. 162.

Repairing and enlarging barracks, &c. such posts as may be occupied during the year, and gun-houses for the protection of the cannon at the several posts and military works, including the necessary tools and materials for the objects enumerated, and for the authorized furniture of the barrack-rooms of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; building and repairing stables for dragoons and light artillery; for rent of quarters for officers, barracks for troops at posts where there are no public buildings for their accommodation, and of store-houses for the safe-keeping of subsistence, clothing, &c., and of grounds for summer cantonments and encampments for military purposes; — one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For transportation of officers' baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, fifty thousand dollars.

For transportation of troops and supplies of the army, including the baggage of troops when moving either by land or water; freights and ferriages; the purchase or hire of horses, mules, oxen, carts, wagons, and boats, for the transportation of supplies, and for garrison purposes; drayage and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters; transportation of funds for the pay department; the expense of sailing public transports between the posts on the Gulf of Mexico, and of procuring water at such posts as from their situation require it; of clothing from the depot at Philadelphia to the stations of the troops; of subsistence from the places of purchase and from the places of delivery, under contracts, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require it to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms, from the foundries and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, and frontier posts; — two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For contingencies of the army, six thousand dollars.

For the purchase of ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, one hundred thousand dollars.

For current expenses of the ordnance service, one hundred thousand dollars.

For manufacture of arms at the national armories, three hundred thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery, at Springfield armory, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

And the sum of five thousand dollars, out of the appropriation made for the said objects by the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, is declared to have been intended for the purchase of the lots adjoining the armory ground, as expressed in the estimates, to which purpose it has been applied. And of the sum allowed by the said act to be applied to repairs at the national armories, such amount as in the judgment of the Secretary of War may be necessary, not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars, may be applied to the purchase of land from individuals and from the town of Springfield, Massachusetts, and the assent of Congress is hereby given to such purchase.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery, at Harper's Ferry armory, one hundred and twenty-eight thousand three hundred and sixty-one dollars.

For arsenals, one hundred and sixty-eight thousand five hundred and ninety-three dollars, of which twelve thousand five hundred dollars are authorized to be applied to the purchase of a site and building a magazine for Washington arsenal.

For purchase of saltpetre and brimstone, forty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of gunpowder, one hundred thousand dollars. For expenses of preparing drawings of a uniform system of artillery, one thousand dollars.

For expenses of the mineral land service, including those incurred

Transportation of officers' baggage.

gage. Transportation of troops and supplies, &c.

Contingencies. Ordnance, and ordnance stores.

Current expenses.

Manufacture of arms.

Repairs, &c., at Springfield.

\$5,000, out of appropriation of act of 1845, ch. 65, declared to be for purchase of lots adjoining armory ground, &cc.

Repairs, &c., at Harper's Ferry.

Arsenals.

Arsenal at Washington.

Saltpetre and brimstone. Gunpowder.

Artillery drawings.

Mineral land service. since the first January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, thirty thousand dollars.

For surveys in reference to the military defences of the frontier. inland and Atlantic, twenty thousand dollars.

For military and geographical surveys west of the Mississippi, thirty thousand dollars.

For continuing the surveys of the northern and north-western lakes. twenty-five thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following sums be. and the same are hereby, appropriated, to meet the expenditures which may be incurred under the acts passed during the present session "to authorize an increase of the rank and file of the army, and to provide for raising a regiment of mounted riflemen," viz. :

For pay, eight hundred and fourteen thousand five hundred and twelve dollars.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, twelve thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, eight thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For payment in lieu of clothing to officers' servants, one thousand one hundred and ten dollars.

For subsistence in kind, four hundred and eighty-seven thousand four hundred and forty-two dollars.

For expenses of recruiting, seventy-nine thousand six hundred dollars.

For clothing, camp, garrison, and horse equipage, two hundred and eighty-four thousand one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel, forage, straw, &c., one hundred and thirteen thousand dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, consisting of expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, extra pay to soldiers, purchase of horses for dragoons, &c., ninety-three thousand five hundred dollars.

For transportation of troops and supplies for the army, three hundred and twenty-two thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital department, twenty thousand dollars. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. XCVI. — An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Military Academy for the Year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fortyseven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy for the year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven:

For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, seventy-eight thousand nine hundred dollars.

For commutation of subsistence, five thousand two hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For clothing for their servants, four hundred and twenty dollars. For repairs and improvements, fuel, and apparatus, forage for public

Incidental and

Surveys.

Appropriation for increase of rank and file of the army.

1846, ch. 17.

Pay.

Officers' subsistence.

Forage for officers' horses.

Payments in lieu of clothing.

Subsistence.

Recruiting.

Clothing, equipage, &c.

Regular supplies of quarter-master's department.

Incidental expenses of quartermaster's department.

Transportation and supplies.

Medical and hospital department.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Appropriation.

Pay.

Subsistence.

Forage.

Cle thing.

horses and oxen, stationery, printing, and other incidental and contingent expenses, twenty thousand dollars.

For completing the barracks for cadets, fifteen thousand dollars. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President be authorized to appoint a board of visitors, to attend the annual examination of the Military Academy, whose duty it shall be to report to the Secretary of War, for the information of Congress, at the commencement of the next succeeding session, the actual state of the discipline, instruction, police administration, fiscal affairs, and other concerns, of the institution : Provided, That the whole number of visitors each year shall not exceed the half of the number of States in the Union; and that they shall be selected, alternately, from every second State, each member being a bona fide resident citizen of the State from which he shall be appointed; that not less than six members shall be taken from among officers actually serving in the militia; and that a second member shall not be taken from any Congressional district, until every other district in the State shall have supplied a member : Provided, further, That no compensation shall be made to said members beyond the payment of their expenses for board and lodging while at the Military Academy, and an allowance not to exceed eight cents per mile, for travelling by the shortest mail route from their respective homes to the Academy, and back to their homes. And the sum of two thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to defray the expenses of said board of visitors, at the next annual examination.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the teacher of drawing, and the first teacher of French, at the Military Academy, shall hereafter be, respectively, professor of drawing, and rofessor of the French language.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. XCVII. — An Act supplementary to the Act passed on the twentieth Day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-siz, entitled "An Act to enlarge the Powers of the several Orphans' Courts held in and for the District of Columbia."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every orphan, or other infant, to whom the Orphans' Courts of the District of Columbia are authorized and empowered by the act to which this act is supplementary, or by any other law in force in the said district, or in either county thereof, to appoint a guardian, shall be entitled, on arriving at the age of fourteen years, or at any age between fourteen and twenty-one years, notwithstanding any appointment of guardian before made by such courts, or either of them, to elect a guardian for himself or herself: Provided, The Orphans' Court within whose jurisdiction may be the person and residence of such orphan, or any property, real, personal, or mixed, to which such orphan is entitled, or where a guardian had been duly appointed before, the court by which said former guardian had been appointed, approve the character and competency of the person so elected guardian: And provided, such Orphans' Court shall and may require of the guardian, so elected, such security, and exercise towards him all such jurisdiction and powers for compelling the faithful administration of his trust, as are provided in the said act, or any other law in force as aforesaid, in the cases of guardians appointed by the said court; and if the said court, in the due exercise of such, its jurisdiction and powers, shall see fit to supersede and remove such guardian, or if such guardian die, or become incompetent during the minority of such orphan, the said court shall forthwith cite such orphan to appear and make a new election of guardian, which such orphan may do under the same

contingent expenses.

Barracks.

Board of visitors to be appointed.

How selected.

Compensation.

Appropriation.

Certain teachers to be professors.

Aug, 8, 1846.

1846, ch. 8, ante, p. 4.

Orphan children may select guardians in certain cases.

Selection to be subject to the approval of the court.

Security to be given by guardian.

Supersedure.

conditions and restrictions as are hereinbefore prescribed in respect to the original election of guardian; and for the interval of time between the removal, death, or incompetency, of the first elected guardian, and the new election of another by such orphan, the said court may, if it deem it expedient, appoint a guardian *ad interim* until such new election be made; taking such security of such guardian *ad interim*, and exercising over him such jurisdiction and powers, as are or may be required and given in the cases of other guardians: *And provided further*, That, where a guardian is to be superseded by such election, he shall have notice of the application by summons, or in writing.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any surety of a guardian, by petition to the court before which he was bound, setting forth that he apprehends himself or herself to be in danger of suffering thereby, shall pray that he may be relieved, the said court, after a summons to answer the petition shall have been served upon the guardian, or a copy of such summons left at the place of his usual abode, shall order him to give counter security for the complete indemnity of the original surety, or to deliver the ward's estate into the hands of the surety, or of some other person; in either of which cases it shall take sufficient security of the person into whose hands the ward's estate shall be delivered as aforesaid; and such court shall and may make such further and other order for the relief of the petitioner as to it shall seem just.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. XCVIII. — An Act to regulate the Proceedings in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, and for other Purposes.

Change of time for holding Circuit Court of U. S. for Southern District of New York.

July term abolished.

Either court may remit indictments to the other.

Effect of such remission.

Grand juries of District Courts Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York shall hereafter be held on the third Monday in October, instead of the last Monday in November; and that all writs, pleas, suits, recognizances, indictments, and all other proceedings, civil and criminal, shall be returnable to and have day in court, and shall be heard, tried, and proceeded with, by the said court, in the same manner as might and ought to have been done, if the court had been held at the time heretofore directed by law; and it is further provided, that the term of the Circuit Court appointed by law to be held on the last Monday in July, in each year, in said district, shall not hereafter be holden.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever the district attorney shall deem it necessary, it shall be lawful for any Circuit Court, in session, by order entered on its minutes, to remit to the next term or session of the District Court of the same district any indictment pending in the said Circuit Court, when the offence or offences therein charged may be cognizable by the said District Court; and in like manner it shall be lawful for any District Court to remit to the next term or session of the Circuit Court of the same district any indictment pending in the said District Court; and such remission shall carry with it all recognizances, processes, and proceedings pending in the case in the court from which the remission is made; and the court to which such remission is made shall, after the order of remission is filed therein, act and proceed in the case as if the indictment, and all other proceedings in the same, had been originated in said court.

f SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the grand juries impanelled and sworn in any District Court to take

Guardian ad interim.

Notice of application to supersede.

Sureties may complain, &c.

cognizance of all crimes and offences within the jurisdiction of the said Circuit and District Courts, and every indictment for a capital offence, presented to the District Court, shall, by order entered on the minutes of the court, be remitted to the next term and session of the Circuit Court, together with all recognizances taken therein; and on filing such order and indictment with the clerk of said Circuit Court, that court shall thereafter proceed thereupon, the same as if the indictment had been originally found and presented in said court; and the said District Court may, moreover, in like manner, remit to the Circuit Court any indictment pending in said District Court, when, in the opinion of the court, difficult and important questions of law are involved in the case; and the proceedings thereupon shall thereafter be the same in the Circuit Court as if such indictment had been originally found and presented therein. That no grand jury shall hereafter be summoned to attend any Circuit or District Court of the United States, unless the judge of such District Court, or one of the judges of such Circuit Court, shall, in his own discretion, or upon a notification by the district attorney that such jury will be needed, order a venire to be issued therefor: Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent either of said courts in term from directing a grand jury to be summoned and impanelled, whenever, in its judg- moned ment, it may be proper to do so, and at such time as it may direct: And provided further, That nothing herein shall operate to extend beyond what the law now permits the imprisonment before indictment found of an individual accused of a crime or offence, or the time during which an individual thus accused may be held under recognizance before indictment found.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That any party charged with a criminal offence, and admitted to bail, may, in vacation, be arrested by his bail, and delivered to the marshal or his deputy, before any judge or other officer having power to commit for such offence; and at the request of such bail, the judge or other officer shall recommit the party so arrested to the custody of the marshal, and endorse on the recognizance, or certified copy thereof, the discharge and exoneratur of such bail; and the party so committed shall therefrom be held in custody until discharged by due course of law.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if any captain, or other officer or mariner, of a ship or vessel on the high seas, or any other waters within the admiralty and maritime jurisdiction of the United States, shall piratically or feloniously run away with such ship or vessel, or any goods or merchandise on board such ship or vessel to the value of fifty dollars, or yield up such ship or vessel voluntarily to any pirate, every such person so offending shall be deemed guilty of felony, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding ten years, or both, according to the nature and aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That upon the necessary proof being made to any judge of the United States, or other magistrate having authority to commit on criminal charges against the laws of the United States, that a person previously admitted to bail on any such criminal charge is about to abscond, and that his bail is insufficient, it shall and may be lawful for any such judge or magistrate to require such person to give better security, or, for default thereof, to cause him to be committed to prison; and, to that end, an order for his arrest may be endorsed on the former commitment, or a new warrant therefor may be issued by such judge or magistrate, setting forth the cause thereof.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That, on the application of any Vol. IX. Pub. --- 10

may take cognizance of crimes within the jurisdiction of either Court.

Capital indictments to be remitted to Circuit Court.

Other remissions of cases.

How grand ju-ries shall be summoned.

May be sumat any time.

Proviso.

Surrender of criminals by their

Penalty against captains, &c., of vessels, for the commission of certain crimes.

New bail to be given in certain cases

Witnesses to enter into recognizance.

Warrant issue.

to

Penalty for refusal to give recognizance.

Witness to remain in confinement

Part of the act of 1838, ch. 182, repealed.

An additional session of the Circuit Court for the Northern District of New York to be held at Albany.

Process or proceedings not to be affected by reason of the change.

Term of District Court at Auburn.

Time of holding the term at Buffalo changed.

Process to compel attendance of witnesses on benalf of criminals.

attorney of the United States for any district, and upon satisfactory proof of the materiality of the testimony of any person who shall be a competent witness, and whose testimony shall, in the opinion of any judge of the United States, be necessary upon the trial of any criminal cause or proceeding in which the United States shall be a party or interested, any such judge may compel such person, so required or deemed by him necessary as a witness, to give recognizance, with or without sureties in his discretion, to appear on the trial of said cause or proceeding and give his testimony therein; and, for that purpose, the said judge may issue a warrant against such person, under his hand, with or without seal, directed to the marshal or other officer authorized to execute criminal or civil process in behalf of the United States, to arrest such person and carry him before such judge. And in case the person so arrested shall neglect or refuse to give said recognizance in the manner required by said judge, the said judge may issue a warrant of commitment against such person, which shall be delivered to said officer, whose duty it shall be to convey such person to the prison mentioned in said mittimus. And the said person shall remain in confinement until he shall be removed to the court for the purpose of giving his testimony, or until he shall have given the recognizance required by said judge.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act entitled "An Act to increase and regulate the Terms of the Circuit and District Courts for the Northern District of New York," passed July seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, as requires all issues of fact in the said Circuit Court in which the cause of action shall have arisen west of the line in the said act for that purpose designated to be tried at the term of said Circuit Court to be held at Canandaigua, and all issues of fact in the said court which shall have arisen east of the said line to be tried at Albany, be, and the same is hereby repealed. And that, in addition to the courts now provided by law to be held in the Northern District of New York, a stated session of the Circuit Court of the United States for said Northern District shall be held annually at the City Hall, in the city of Albany, on the third Tuesday of May.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That no process issued or proceedings pending in either of the said courts shall be avoided or impaired by the change hereby made in the time and place of holding such court; but all process, bail bonds, and recognizances, returnable at either of the times and places hereby altered, shall be deemed and held to be returnable at the time and place herein designated in lieu thereof, in the same manner as if the same had in terms been made so returnable, and shall have full effect accordingly. And all continuances may be made to conform to the provisions of this act.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That hereafter a term of the District Court for the Northern District of New York shall be held in the village of Auburn, on the third Tuesday in August in each year. And it is further provided, That the term of the District Court now required by law to be held at the city of Buffalo, on the second Tuesday of October in each year, shall hereafter be held on the second Tuesday of November in each year.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That, whenever any indictment shall be pending in any court of the United States, and any defendant thereto shall make an affidavit setting forth that there are witnesses whose evidence is material to his defence, and that he cannot safely go to trial without them, what he expects to prove by each of them, that they are within the district in which the court is held, or within one hundred miles of the place of trial, and that he is not possessed of sufficient means, and is actually unable to pay the fees of such witnesses, the court in term, or any judge thereof in vacation, may, if it appear proper to do so, order that such witnesses be subported, if found within the limits aforesaid; and in such case, the costs incurred by such process and the fees of such witnesses shall be paid in the same how to be paid. manner that similar costs and fees are paid in case of witnesses subnæned in behalf of the United States.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act shall be, and the same are hereby, repealed : Provided, nevertheless, That they shall be and remain in full force for the punishment of any crime or offence committed before the passing of this act.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. XCIX. - An Act to attach to the Fort Wayne Land District certain Tracts of Land lying within the Limits of that District which are not now attached to any District.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the lands in the State of Indiana which lie north of the township line dividing townships twenty-three and twenty-four, and east of the range line dividing ranges four and five east, which lie south of the Wabash River, be, and the same are hereby, attached to the Fort Wayne land district; and all that tract of land which lies north of the township line dividing townships twenty-three and twenty-four, and west of the range line dividing ranges four and five east, and east of the east line of the Crawfordsville land district, be attached to and shall form a part of the Winnemac land district; and all the lands lying south of the said township line, dividing the said townships twenty-three and twentyfour, which were heretofore within the limits of the Fort Wayne land district, including the portions of the late Miami cessions south of said line, be, and the same are, attached to the Indianapolis land district; and all lands lying within any of the aforesaid land districts, which may not have been offered for sale, shall hereafter constitute a part of the land district in which they respectively lie.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. C. — An Act to provide for the Distribution of the Edition of the Laws and Treaties of the United States published by Little & Brown, under the Provisions of the Resolution of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the one thousand copies of Little & Brown's edition of the Laws and Treaties of the United States, already purchased by Congress, be distributed, under the direction of the Secretary of State, as follows:

One copy to the President, and one copy to the Vice-President of the United States.

One copy to each of the justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, and to the clerk of said court.

One copy to each of the heads of departments, and one copy to the Attorney-General of the United States.

One copy to each of the several States and Territories of the Union, to be placed in the library of such State or Territory.

One copy each to the governments of Great Britain, France, Russia, Austria, Prussia, Spain, Portugal, Sweden, Denmark, Bavaria, The Netherlands, Belgium, Sardinia, Greece, Turkey, Tuscany, The governments.

Fees & costs,

Inconsistent acts repealed ercept as to crimes already committed.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Certain lands attached to Fort Wayne land district in Indiana.

Aug. 8, 1846.

How Little & Brown's edition of the Laws, &c., is to be distributed.

President and Vice-President.

Judges & clerk of Supreme Court.

Heads of departments and Attorney-General.

States and Territories.

Certain foreign

Ecclesiastical States, the Two Sicilies, China, Brazil, Mexico, New Grenada, Venezuela, Chili, Peru, the Argentine Confederation, and the Sandwich Islands.

Forty copies to the heads of departments, for the use of their various offices and bureaus.

Two hundred and eighty copies to the librarian of Congress, for the use of the members of the Senate and House of Representatives during the sessions of Congress.

Four copies to the law library of Congress.

Twenty copies to the secretary of the Senate, and fifty copies to the clerk of the House of Representatives, for the chambers and committee rooms of the two branches.

One copy to the judge, and one copy to the district attorney, and one copy to the clerk, of each of the District Courts of the United States.

One copy to each of the judges and clerks of the Supreme Courts of the Territories and District of Columbia.

One copy to each collector of customs in the United States.

One copy to each surveyor of the customs at places where there is no collector.

One copy to each of the surveyors-general of the public lands, and to each register and receiver of the land offices.

One copy to each of the foreign ministers of the United States.

One copy to the library of each navy yard in the Union; one to the naval lyceum at Brooklyn, New York; one to the naval school at Annapolis, Maryland; one to the naval institute at Charlestown, Massachusetts; and one copy to the Military Academy at West Point.

And the residue of said thousand copies shall remain at the future disposal of Congress: *Provided*, That the copies of the Laws thus distributed to public officers shall be held for the use of their respective offices, and as the property of the government; and that, in case of the death, resignation, or dismission from office, of either of said officers, or whenever their terms of office shall expire, the said copies of the Laws shall be delivered up to their successors in said offices; and a printed copy of this proviso shall be inserted into each of the volumes thus distributed.

SEC. 2. And whereas said edition of the said Laws and Treaties of the United States has been carefully collated and compared with the original rolls in the archives of the government, under the inspection and supervision of the Attorney-General of the United States, as duly certified by that officer; therefore, *Be it further enacted*, That said edition of the Laws and Treaties of the United States, published by Little & Brown, is hereby declared to be competent evidence of the several public and private acts of Congress, and of the several treaties therein contained, in all the courts of law and equity and of maritime jurisdiction, and in all the tribunals and public offices of the United States, and of the several States, without any further proof or authentication thereof.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846. CHAP. CI. — An Act to provide for the more effectual Publication of the Laws of the United States.

§ 21 of the act of 1842, cb. 202, repealed. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the twentyfirst section of the act entitled "An Act legalizing and making Appropriations for such necessary Objects as have usually been included in the general Appropriation Bills, without Authority of Law, and to fix and

Heads of departments.

Congress.

Law library of Congress. Committees.

District judges and clerks.

Judges & clerks of Territories.

Collectors.

Surveyors of customs.

Land offices.

Foreign ministers.

Navy yards, schools, lyceums, military academy, &c.

Residue.

Copies to pass to successive incumbents.

Preamble.

Said edition competent evidence, in all cases, of the laws. provide for certain incidental Expenses of the Departments and Offices of the Government, and for other Purposes," approved August twentysix, eighteen hundred and forty-two, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act entitled "An Act to provide for the Publication of the Laws of the United States, and for other Purposes," approved April twentieth, eighteen hundred and eighteen, as is repealed by the said twenty-first section, be and the same is hereby, revived and continued in force: Provided, That the Secretary for the Department of State shall cause the publication of such laws, resolutions, treaties, and amendments, in two of the newspapers in the District of Columbia, and in each of the several States and Territories of the United States, and no more.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CII. — An Act for the Allowance of Drawback on foreign Merchandise imported into certain Districts of the United States from the British North American Provinces, and exported to foreign Countries.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any merchandise imported from the British North American provinces adjoining the United States which shall have been duly entered and the duties thereon paid or secured according to law at either of the ports of entry in the collection districts situated on the northern, north-eastern, and north-western frontiers of the United States, may be transported by land or by water, or partly by land and partly by water, to any port or ports from which merchandise may, under existing laws, be exported for benefit of drawback, and be thence exported with such privilege to any foreign country: Provided, That such exportations shall be made within one year from the date of importation of said merchandise, and that existing laws relating to the transportation of merchandise entitled to drawback from one district to another, or to two other districts, and the due exportation and proof of landing thereof, and all regulations which the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe for the security of the revenue, shall be complied with.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CIII.—An Act granting certain Lands to the Territory of Iowa, to aid in the Improvement of the Navigation of the Des Moines River, in said Territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, granted to the Territory of Iowa, for the purpose of aiding said Territory to improve the navigation of the Des Moines River from its mouth to the Racoon Fork, (so called,) in said Territory, one equal moiety, in alternate sections, of the public lands, (remaining unsold, and not otherwise disposed of, encumbered, or appropriated,) in a strip five miles in width on each side of said river; to be selected within said Territory by an agent or agents to be appointed by the governor thereof, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the lands hereby granted shall not be conveyed or disposed of by said Territory, nor by any State to be formed out of the same, except as said improvements shall progress; that is, the said Territory or State may sell so much of said lands as shall produce the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and then the sales shall cease, until the governor of said Territory or State shall 1818, ch. 80.

Laws to be published in two newspapers in each State and Territory.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Drawback on merchandise from the British provinces allowed.

Exportation to be made within one year, & laws and regulations complied with.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Public lands granted to the Territory of Iowa, for the improvement of the Des Moines River.

Not to be conveyed or disposed of, except in certain cases. certify the fact to the President of the United States, that one half of said sum has been expended upon said improvement, when the said Territory or State may sell and convey a quantity of the residue of said lands, sufficient to replace the amount expended, and thus the sales shall progress as the proceeds thereof shall be expended, and the fact of such expenditure shall be certified as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said River Des Moines shall be and forever remain a public highway for the use of the government of the United States, free from any toll or other charge whatever for any property of the United States, or persons in their service passing through or along the same: *Provided always*, That it shall not be competent for the said Territory or future State of Iowa to dispose of said lands, or any of them, at a price lower than, for the time being, shall be the minimum price of other public lands.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That whenever the Territory of Iowa shall be admitted into the Union as a State, the lands hereby granted for the above purpose shall be and become the property of said State, for the purpose contemplated in this act, and no other: *Provided*, The Legislature of the State of Iowa shall accept the said grant for the said purpose.

APPROVED, August, 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

How writs of crror and appeals to be taken from District Court for Alabama, for the Middle District.

Certain causes transferred to the Supreme Court. CHAP. CIV. — An Act to regulate Writs of Error and Appeals from the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter writs of error and appeals shall be taken from the District Court of the United States, for the Middle District of Alabama, directly to the Supreme Court of the United States, under the same regulations that writs of error and appeals are allowed from the Circuit Courts of the United States to the Supreme Court; and no writs of error or appeals shall lie from said District Court to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Alabama, as heretofore allowed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all causes now pending in the Circuit Court of the United States for the fifth judicial circuit and Southern District of Alabama, and which were removed to that court by writ of error or appeal from the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama, are hereby transferred to the Supreme Court of the United States. Said Supreme Court shall hear and determine the errors assigned in said Circuit Court, in the same manner that the Circuit Court should have done had said causes not been removed. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug.	8.	1846.	

CHAP. CV. — An Act more effectually to provide for the Enforcement of certain Provisions in the Treaties of the United States.

Preamble.

Whereas, in the treaty between the United States and his Majesty the King of Prussia, it is provided, that "the consuls, vice-consuls, and commercial agents, shall have the right, as such, to sit as judges and arbitrators in such differences as may arise between the captains and crews of the vessels belonging to the nation whose interests are committed to their charge, without the interference of the local authorities, unless the conduct of the crews or the captain should disturb the order or tranquillity of the country, or the said consuls, vice-consuls, or commercial agents, should require their assistance to cause their decisions to be carried into effect or supported;" and whereas a similar provision, in substance, exists in

Des Moines River declared a public highway.

Proviso.

Lands to become the property of Iowa on her admission into the Union.

Proviso.

other treaties of the United States with some other foreign powers; and whereas no jurisdiction is given by law to any courts or magistrates in the United States to carry into effect the said provisions; for the remedy thereof —

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the District and Circuit Courts of the United States, and the commissioners who now are, or shall be hereafter, appointed by the Circuit Courts of the United States to take acknowledgments of bail and affidavits, and also to take depositions of witnesses in civil causes, and to exercise the powers of any justice of the peace in respect to offenders for any crime or offence against the United States, by arresting, imprisoning, or bailing, the same, under and in virtue of the laws of the United States, shall have full power, authority, and jurisdiction, upon the application or petition of the said consuls, vice-consuls, or commercial agents, requiring their assistance to carry into effect the award, or arbitration, or decree, of any such consuls, vice-consuls, or commercial agents, in the premises, according to the true intent and meaning of such award and arbitration, or decree; and for this purpose shall have full authority to issue all proper remedial process, mesne and final, to carry into full effect such award, arbitration, or decree, and to enforce obedience thereto, by imprisonment in the common jail or other place of imprisonment in the district in which the United States may lawfully imprison any person arrested under the authority of the United States, until such award, arbitration, or decree, shall be complied with, or the parties shall be otherwise discharged therefrom, by the consent, in writing, of such consuls, vice-consuls, or commercial agents, or their successors in office, or by the authority of the foreign government by which such consuls, vice-consuls, or commercial agents, are appointed : Provided, however, That the expenses of the said imprisonment, if any, and the maintenance of the prisoners, and the costs of the proceedings, shall be borne by such foreign government, or by its consuls, vice-consuls, or commercial agents, requiring such imprisonment. And the marshals of the United States and their deputies shall have full authority, and shall be bound, to serve all such process, and do all other acts necessary and proper to carry into full effect all and singular the premises under the authority of the said courts, or of the said commissioners.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Jurisdiction of District and Circuit Courts of U. S. and of commissioners, on the application of foreign consuls, &c.

Expenses to be borne by said consuls, &c.

Marshals to serve process.

CHAP. CVI. — An Act to equalize the Compensation of the Surveyors-General of the public Lands of the United States, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, the surveyor-general of Wisconsin and Iowa, and the surveyor-general of Arkansas, shall each receive the same annual salary as the other surveyors-general of the public lands of the United States; and each of said surveyors-general shall be allowed the same amount for clerk hire in their respective offices as is now allowed by law for the office of the surveyor-general north-west of the Ohio.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the surveyors-general of the public lands of the United States, in addition to the oath now authorized by law to be administered to deputies on their appointment to office, shall require each of their deputies, on the return of his surveys, to take and subscribe an oath or affirmation that those surAug. 8, 1846.

Compensation of surveyors-general of Wisconsin and Iowa.

Clerk hire al lowed.

Deputies to make oath. Penalty for swearing to false surveys.

Bond to be sued. Suit to be a lien on property. veys have been faithfully and correctly executed, according to law and the instructions of the surveyor-general; and, on satisfactory evidence being presented to any court of competent jurisdiction that such surveys, or any part thereof, had not been thus executed, the deputy making such false oath or affirmation shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and shall suffer all the pains and penalties attached to that offence; and the district attorney of the United States for the time being, in whose district any such false, erroneous, or fraudulent surveys shall have been executed, shall, upon the application of the proper surveyorgeneral, immediately institute suit upon the bond of such deputy; and the institution of such suit shall act as a lien upon any property owned or held by such deputy, or his sureties, at the time such suit was instituted.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAR. CVII. — An Act making Copies of Papers certified by the Secretary of the Senate or Clerk of the House of Representatives legal Evidence. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of

the United States of America in Congress assembled, That extracts

from the Journals of the Senate or of the House of Representatives,

and of the Executive Journal of the Senate, when the injunction of

secrecy is removed, duly certified by the secretary of the Senate or

by the clerk of the House of Representatives, shall be admitted as

Certified extracts from Journals of Senate and House of Representatives made evidence in U. S. courts.

Fees for copies.

evidence in the several courts of the United States, and shall have the same force and effect as the originals thereof would have if produced in court and proved. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That for all such copies, certified as aforesaid, the secretary of the Senate and clerk of the House of Representatives shall be entitled to the same fees as are now allowed by law, for similar services, to the Secretary of State.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Attorney-General authorized to adjudicate upon claims.

Clerk to be employed.

Oath.

To adopt rules.

CHAP. CVIII. — An Act to carry into Effect the Convention between the United States and the Republic of Peru, concluded at Lima, the seventeenth Day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Attorney-General of the United States shall be, and is hereby, authorized and empowered to adjudicate the claims arising under the convention concluded between the United States and the Republic of Peru, at Lima, the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and fortyone, and shall, within the space of twelve months from and after the passing of this act, receive, examine, and decide upon the amount and validity of all such claims as may be presented to him, and as are provided for by the said convention, according to the merits of the several cases, and the principles of justice, equity, and the law of nations, and the stipulations of the said convention. And the Attorney-General shall be, and is hereby, authorized and empowered to appoint the clerk of the Attorney-General's office, or any other person, to act as clerk under him in the performance of the duties prescribed by this act; and the Attorney-General and the said clerk shall, before entering on such duties, severally take an oath for their faithful performance.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Attorney-General shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to make all needful rules and regulations, not contravening the laws of the land. the provisions of this act, or the provisions of the said convention, for carrying the said convention and this act into effect.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all records, documents, or other papers, which now are in, or hereafter may come into, the possession of the Department of State, in relation to the said claims, shall be delivered to the Attorney-General, who shall forthwith, after the passing of this act, proceed to execute the duties hereby confided to him, and shall give notice in one or more of the newspapers published in the city of Washington, and in such other newspapers pub- appointment. lished elsewhere as he may deem necessary, of his appointment to adjudicate the said claims, and requiring the claimants to present their claims and evidence; and shall thereafter proceed, with all convenient despatch, to arrange and docket the several claims, and to consider the evidence which shall have been or may be offered by the respective claimants, allowing such further time for the production of additional evidence as he shall consider reasonable and just; and shall thereafter adjudicate and determine the said claims, and award the ratable proportions of the several claimants in the sums which may have been received, and which may be hereafter received, by the United States from the Republic of Peru, under the stipulations of the convention aforesaid.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the compensation of the Attorney-General and his clerk, for their services in the adjudication of the said claims, and carrying the said convention and this act into effect, shall be as follows, and no more, to wit, two thousand dollars for the Attorney-General, and one thousand dollars for his clerk, payable out of the first funds received under the said convention.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Attorney-General shall report to the Secretary of State a list of the several awards made by him, a certified copy of which shall be transmitted by the said Secretary of State to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall, from time to time, as they may be received, distribute, in ratable proportions, among the persons in whose favor the awards shall have been made, such sums of money or securities as may have been received into the treasury in virtue of the said convention and this act, according to the proportion which their respective awards shall bear to the whole amount received, first deducting such sums of money as may be due to the United States from said persons in whose favor said awards shall be made. And the said Secretary of the Treasury shall cause certificates to be issued, in such form as he shall prescribe, showing the proportion to which each claimant may be entitled of the amount to be received; and on the presentation of the said certificates at the treasury, as the net proceeds of the several instalments may be re- paid. ceived, such proportions thereof shall be paid to the legal holders of said certificates.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause the several instalments, with the interest thereon, payable to the United States in virtue of the said convention, or the securities therefor, to be received from the Republic of Peru, and transferred to the United States, in such manner as he may deem best; and the net proceeds thereof to be paid into the treasury, and the same are hereby appropriated to pay the awards herein provided for.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That, as soon as the duties hereby prescribed are completed by the Attorney-General, the records, documents, and all other papers relating to the said claims, in his possession, shall be deposited in the office of the Secretary of State.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

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The necessary records to be delivered to Attorney-General.

Publication of

Claims to be docketed.

Award.

Compensation.

Report of awards.

Dividend.

Secretary of Treasury to issue certificates.

When to be

Instalments from Peru to be received.

Records to be deposited in the State Department.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Additional land district in Iowa

established.

CHAP. CIX. - An Act to establish an additional Land District in Iowa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the sale of the public lands in the Territory of Iowa, an additional land district is hereby created, comprising all the lands lying between the line dividing townships seventy-five and seventy-six north, and the line dividing townships eighty-three and eighty-four north, which shall be called the Iowa District.

Register and receiver to be appointed.

Compensation and duties.

Lands in that district to be exposed to sale.

Site of land office. called the Iowa District. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a register and a receiver of the public moneys for the said district, who shall respectively be required to reside at the site of said office, and who shall have the same powers, perform the same duties, and be entitled to the same compensation, as are or may be prescribed by law in relation to other land offices of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President is authorized to cause the public lands in the said district, with the exemption of sections numbered sixteen in each township, reserved for the use of schools, or such other lands as may be selected by law in lieu thereof, and of such other tracts as he may select for military or other purposes, to be exposed to sale in the same manner and upon the same terms and conditions as the other public lands of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President is hereby authorized to designate the site at which the said office shall be established, and to remove the same to any other place within said district, whenever, in his opinion, it may be deemed expedient.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

1844, ch. 3.

Disposition of certain unclaimed goods illegally imported. 1844, ch. 8. CHAP. CX. — An Act to amend the Act approved second April, eighteen hundred and forty-four, entitled "An[Act] directing the Disposition of certain unclaimed Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, seized for being illegally imported into the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the act entitled "An Act directing the Disposition of certain unclaimed Goods, Wares, or Merchandise, seized for being illegally imported into the United States," approved April second, eighteen hundred and forty-four, shall apply to all property of the appraised valueof one hundred dollars or less, any thing contained in any other act to the contrary notwithstanding.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXIX. — An Act to enable the Secretary of the Navy to purchase the Right of using Mix's patent Manger-Stopper.

Secretary of the Navy authorized to purchase right of using Mix's patent manger-stopper.

Limitation of price.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to purchase of Mrs. Ann Mix, widow of M. P. Mix, late master commandant in the navy, the unlimited power to use a machine called a "mangerstopper," in all ships of war or other vessels belonging to the United States: Provided, An assignment thereof can be obtained at a cost not exceeding three thousand dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXX. — An Act to grant a certain Quantity of Land to aid in the Improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, and to connect the same by a Canal, in the Territory of Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, granted to the State of Wisconsin, on the admission of such State into the Union, for the purpose of improving the navigation of the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, in the Territory of Wisconsin, and of constructing the canal to unite the said rivers, at or near the portage, a quantity of land, equal to one half of three sections in width. on each side of the said Fox River, and the lakes through which it passes, from its mouth to the point where the portage canal shall enter the same, and on each side of said canal from one stream to the other, reserving the alternate sections to the United States, to be selected under the direction of the governor of said State, and such selection to be approved by the President of the United States. The said rivers, when improved, and the said canal, when finished, shall be and forever remain a public highway for the use of the government of the United States, free from any toll or other charge whatever for the transportation of the mails, or for any property of the United States, or persons in their service passing upon or along the same : Provided, The said alternate sections, reserved to the United States, shall not be sold at a less rate than two dollars and fifty cents the acre: Provided. also, That no preëmptive claim to the lands so reserved shall give the occupant, or any other person claiming through or under him, a right to said lands at any price less than the price fixed in this act, at the time of the settlement on said lands.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Territory of Wisconsin shall be admitted as a State into the Union, all the lands granted by this act shall be and become the property of said State for the purpose contemplated in this act, and no other: Provided, That the Legislature of said State shall agree to accept said grant upon the terms specified in this act; and shall have power to fix the price at which said lands shall be sold, not less than one dollar and twenty-five cents the acre; and to adopt such kind and plan of improvement on said route as the said Legislature shall from time to time determine for Provided also, That the lands hereby the best interest of said State. granted shall not be conveyed or disposed of by said State, except as said improvements shall progress : that is, the said State may sell so much of said lands as shall produce the sum of twenty thousand dollars, and then the sales shall cease until the governor of said State shall certify the fact to the President of the United States, that one half of said sum has been expended upon said improvements, when the said State may sell and dispose of a quantity of said lands sufficient to reimburse the amount expended; and thus the sales shall progress as the proceeds thereof shall be expended, and the fact of such expenditure certified in the manner herein mentioned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said improvement shall be commenced within three years after the said State shall be admitted into the Union, and completed within twenty years, or the United States shall be entitled to receive the amount for which any of said lands may have been sold by said State: *Provided*, That the title of purchasers under the sales made by the State in pursuance of this act shall be valid.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

1849, ch. 86.

Grant of land to aid in improving the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers.

U. S. to use said rivers and canal free from toll.

Price of lands.

Preemption claims.

Lands to become the property of Wisconsin.

The price of the land to be not less than \$ 1.25 per acre.

Limitation on quantities to be sold.

Title of pur chasers under this act shall be valid. Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXIV.—An Act to refund to certain Persons an excess of Duty exacted on the Importation of foreign Merchandise.

Excess of duty exacted on certain importations of foreign merchandise to be refunded.

Manice, Phelps, & Co. Manice, Gold,

& Co. Halsted, Haines, & Co.

Edward Hardy.

George Trull.

Smith, Thurger, & Co.

Jonathan Little.

Offset to be made of claims of U.S.

All duties illegally collected to be refunded.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to pay to Manice, Phelps, and Company, and Manice, Gold, and Company, merchants of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them to the collector of the port of New York, upon the importation of certain Thibet shawls, worsted Valencias, worsted and cotton erminetts, brochellas. pincettas, and cashmaretts, since the fourteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, beyond what the same were legally chargeable with; and to pay to Halsted, Haines, and Company, merchants of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, upon the importation of wove shirts. worsted cravats, and silk twists, beyond what the same were by law chargeable with, an [and] interest thereon from said time of payment; and also to pay to Edward Hardy, of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by him on the importation, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, of wove shirts and drawers, worsted Guernsey frocks, and cotton and merino and worsted shirts and drawers, beyond what the same were chargeable with, and interest thereon from said time of payment; and also to pay to George Trull any excess of duty paid by him on the importation, in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, and eighteen hundred and forty, of wove shirts and drawers, beyond what was legally chargeable thereon, and interest on such excess from said time of payment; and also to pay to Smith, Thurger, and Company, merchants of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them on the importation of jute grass, under the name of India matting, India weed, hemp carpeting, and jute carpeting, in the years eighteen hundred and thirtyeight, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, eighteen hundred and forty, and eighteen hundred and forty-one, beyond what the same were legally chargeable with, and interest on such excess; and also to pay Jonathan Little, assignee of Whiley and Taylor, merchants of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them upon the importation of silk twist, in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-eight and eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, beyond what the same was legally chargeable with; said several sums to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : Provided, That if either of the persons hereinbefore named is in any manner indebted to the United States, the sum so payable to such indebted person, or so much thereof as will be necessary, shall be retained in set-off to such indebtedness.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to refund to the several persons entitled thereto such sums of money as have been illegally exacted by collectors of the customs, under the sanction of the treasury department, for duties on imported merchandise, since the third of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-three: *Provided*, That, before any such refunding, the Secretary shall be satisfied, by decisions of the courts of the United States upon the principle involved, that such duties were illegally exacted : And provided, also, That such decisions of the courts shall have been adopted or acquiesced in by the treasury department as its rule of construction.

Approved, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXV. — An Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of Government, for the Year ending the thirtieth Day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and hereby are, appropriated to the objects hereinafter expressed, for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, viz.:

For compensation and mileage of senators and members of the House of Representatives, and delegates, three hundred and seventyone thousand eight hundred and sixteen dollars.

For compensation of the officers and clerks of both Houses of Congress, thirty-nine thousand five hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses, of the Senate, one hundred and nine thousand dollars.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses, of the House of Representatives, two hundred and sixteen thousand seven hundred and three dollars; including one hundred and fortythree thousand five hundred and twenty-eight dollars for printing for the year ending thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

Library of Congress. — For compensation of librarian, two assistant librarians, and messenger of the library, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, eight hundred dollars.

For purchase of books for said library, five thousand dollars.

For purchase of law books for said library, one thousand dollars.

Executive.—For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, five thousand dollars.

Department of State. — For compensation of the Secretary of State, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, twenty-six thousand three hundred dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, viz.:

For publishing the laws, and packing and distributing the laws and documents, including proof-reading, labor, boxes, and transportation, nine thousand dollars.

For stationery, blank books, binding, labor, attendance, furniture, fixtures, repairs, painting and glazing, four thousand four hundred dollars.

For printing, letter-press and copper-plate, advertising, books, and maps, two thousand dollars.

For newspapers, two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and three watchmen of the north-east executive building, one thousand three hundred and fortyfive dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the said building, viz.:

For labor, fuel, and light, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eleven hundred dollars.

Treasury Department. — For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, twenty-six thousand and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the First Comptroller, and the clerks, mes-

Aug. 10, 1846.

Appropriations for the year ending Juue 30, 1847.

Congress, pay and mileage.

Officers of Congress.

Contingencies. Senate.

House of Representatives.

> Library. Officers.

Contingencies. Books

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President.

Vice-President.

State Dep't. Secretary and officers.

Contingencies.

North-east ex ecutive building.

Treasury Dep't. Secretary and officers.

1st Comptroller

senger, and assistant messenger, in his office, twenty-two thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Second Comptroller, and the clerks and 2d Comptroller. messenger in his office, fifteen thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the First Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, eighteen thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Second Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, twenty-four thousand nine hundred dollars, including four additional clerks at a salary of one thousand dollars each.

For payment of extra clerk hire in the office of the Second Auditor from the tenth September, eighteen hundred and forty-five to thirtyfirst July, eighteen hundred and forty-six, eight hundred and twentyeight dollars.

For compensation of the Third Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, thirty-five thousand and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Fourth Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, eighteen thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Fifth Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, twelve thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the recorder, draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, clerks, messengers, and packers, in his office, eighty-three thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight dollars.

For compensation of the Solicitor of the Treasury, and the clerks and messenger in his office, eight thousand and fifty dollars.

Contingencies of the Treasury Department. -

In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, compensation for carrying the department mails, translations, printing, including public accounts, eight thousand two hundred dollars.

For iniscellaneous expenses, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

In the office of the First Comptroller:

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Second Comptroller :

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing blanks, including pay for the National Intelligencer and Union, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office, labor, and office furniture, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the First Auditor :

For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, six hundred and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Second Auditor:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing blanks, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two hundred and fifty dollars.

1st Auditor.

2d Auditor.

3d Auditor.

4th Auditor

5th Auditor.

Treasurer.

Register.

General Land Office.

Solicitor.

Contingencies in office of Secretary.

1st Comptroller.

2d Comptroller.

1st Auditor.

2d Auditor.

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In the office of the Third Auditor: For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, labor, and office furniture, eight hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. In the office of the Fourth Auditor :

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.

In the office of the Fifth Auditor:

For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Treasurer:

For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, six hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

In the office of the Register of the Treasury : For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, and labor, four thousand dollars, including two thousand dollars for arrears for blank books, binding, and ruling.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

For cases for the safe-keeping of books and papers, and including the wages of a laborer, two thousand three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of the General Land Office: For stationery, including blank books, and blank forms for the district land offices, pieces of parchment and printing patents, advertising land sales in newspapers and in handbill form, public notices, and printing circulars, office furniture and repairs of the same, and pay of laborers employed in the office, ten thousand four hundred and twentyfive dollars.

For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars.

In the office of the Solicitor of the Treasury: For blank books, binding, stationery, printing circulars and blank forms for returns of district attorneys, marshals, clerks of courts, collectors of the customs, and labor, one thousand and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.

For compensation of a superintendent and eight watchmen of the south-east executive building, three thousand four hundred and ecutive building. twenty dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the said building, namely:

For labor, fuel, and light, seven thousand seven hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

War Department. — For compensation of the Secretary of War, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, nineteen thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and the clerks, messengers, and assistant messenger, in his office, nineteen thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Pensions, and the clerks in his office, fourteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerk in the office of the Commanding General, one thousand dollars.

For compensation of clerks in the office of the Adjutant-General, seven thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Quartermaster-General, including clerks that were attached to the purchasing department, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Pay-

3d Auditor.

4th Auditor.

5th Auditor.

Treasurer.

Register.

General Land Office.

Solicitor.

South-east ex-

War Dep'L

Secretary and officers.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Commissioner of Pensions.

Commanding General.

Adjutant-General.

Quartermaster-General.

Paymaster-General.

master-General, nine thousand one hundred dollars, including two additional clerks at a salary of one thousand dollars each.

For compensation of clerks in the office of the Commissary-General of Subsistence, three thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks in the office of the Chief Engineer, five thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerk in the office of the Surgeon-General, one thousand dollars.

For compensation of clerks in the office of the Colonel of Ordnance, eight thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerk in the bureau of Topographical Engineers, one thousand dollars.

Contingencies of the War Department, viz.:

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said Department, and the various offices and bureaus connected therewith, viz.:

In the office of the Secretary of War:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For books, maps, and plans, one thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Pensions:

For stationery, blank books, binding, printing blank forms and regulations, advertising, and fuel, eight hundred dollars.

For rent of houses occupied by the pension office, six hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, one hundred dollars.

In the office of the Commanding General:

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Adjutant-General:

For printing army register and orders, blank books, binding, and stationery, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.

In the office of the Quartermaster-General, including the office at Philadelphia:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, six hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

In the office of the Paymaster-General :

For blank books, binding, stationery, and fuel, three hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars.

In the office of the Commissary-General of Subsistence:

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, advertising, labor, and fuel, one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one hundred dollars.

In the office of the Chief Engineer:

For blank books, binding, stationery, and fuel, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.

In the office of the Surgeon-General :

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, one hundred and eighty-five dollars.

For miscellaneous items, sixty-five dollars.

In the office of the Colonel of Ordnance:

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, five hundred and thirty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the Bureau of Topographical Engineers:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and fuel, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Commissary-General of Subsistence. Chief Engineer.

Surgeon-General.

Ordnance office.

Topographical Engineers.

Contingencies.

Secretary.

Commissioner of Pensions.

Commanding General. Adjutant-Gen'l.

Quartermaster-General.

Paymaster-General.

Commissary-General of Subsistence.

Chief Engineer.

Surgeon-General.

Ordnance office.

Topographical Engineers. For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and four watchmen of the North-west executive building. north-west executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten dollars

For the contingent expenses of the said building, viz.:

For labor, fuel, and light, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred dollars.

Navy Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, nineteen thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks, and to the civil engineer, draughtsman, clerks, and messenger, in his office, ten thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repair, and to the assistant constructor, clerks, and messenger, in his office, thirteen thousand one hundred dollars.

For salaries of the Chief Naval Constructor and Engineer-in-chief, six thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography, and to the draughtsman, clerks, and messenger, in his office, eight thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, and to the clerks and messenger in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and to the clerks, assistant surgeon, and messenger, in his office, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said department, and all the bureaus Contingencies.

connected therewith, viz.: For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, four thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and three watchmen of the South-west ersouth-west executive building, one thousand three hundred and forty- ecutive building. five dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the said building, viz.:

For labor, fuel, and light, one thousand six hundred and seventyfive dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

Post-Office Department. - For compensation to the Postmaster-General, three assistant postmasters-general, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, and watchmen, of the said department, seventyfour thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of superintendent of the post-office building, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the said department, viz.:

For blank books, binding, stationery, fuel, oil, printing, labor, and day watchmen, six thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars: Provided, That the proceeds of the telegraph between Washington city and Baltimore be, and the same are hereby, directed to be placed in the treasury of the United States for the benefit of the post-office department in the same manner as other revenues from postages.

For compensation of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, clerks, messenger, and assistant messengers, in his office, eighty-five clerks. thousand seven hundred dollars.

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Navy Department.

Bureau of Navy Yards & Docks.

Construction, Equipment, and Repair.

Chief Naval Constructor and Chief Engineer.

Ordnance and Hydrography.

Provisions and Clothing.

Medicine and Surgery.

Post-Office De-

partment.

Superintendent of post-office building. Contingencies.

Miscellaneous. Proceeds of the telegraph to be placed in the treasury.

Auditor and

Secretary and officers.

Contingencies.

For contingent expenses of said office, viz. :

For labor, blank books, binding, stationery, printing blanks and circulars, five thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars.

Surveyors and their Clerks.—For compensation of the surveyor, general north-west of the Ohio, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Illinois and Missouri, and the clerks in his office, five thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Arkansas, and the clerks in his office, four thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Louisiana, and the clerks in his office, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Mississippi, and the clerks in his office, four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Alabama, and the clerks in his office, four thousand dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Florida, and the clerks in his office, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Wisconsin and Iowa, and the clerks in his office, three thousand one hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks in the offices of the surveyors-general, to be apportioned to them according to the exigencies of the public service, and, if necessary, to be employed in transcribing field notes of surveys, for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of government, sixteen thousand dollars.

For paying to the land officers at St. Augustine and Newnansville, in Florida, for issuing permits under the act of fourth August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, a per centage equal to that allowed by law upon the sale of the same quantity of public lands at the minimum price, five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Secretary to sign patents for public lands, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the commissioner of public buildings in Washington city, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to four assistants, draw-keeper at the Potomac bridge, including oil for lamps and machinery, fire-wood, and repairs of bridge, four thousand two hundred and ninety dollars.

Mint of the United States and Branches. ---

At Philadelphia, viz.:

For salaries of the director, treasurer, chief coiner, melter and refiner, engraver, assayer, assistant assayer, and four clerks, nineteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, water rent, and wastage, eight hundred dollars.

For specimens of ores and coins, to be reserved at the mint, three hundred dollars.

At Charlotte, North Carolina, viz.:

For salaries of superintendent, assayer, coiner, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Contingencies. Wastage of gold, and for contingent expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

At Dahlonega,

Officers.

At Dahlonega, Georgia, viz.:

For salaries of the superintendent, assayer, coiner, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand six hundred dollars.

Surveyors and clerks. North-west of the Ohio. Illinois and Missouri.

Arkansas.

Louisiana.

Mississippi.

Alabama.

Florida.

Wisconsin and Iowa.

Apportionment of compensation to clerks.

Land officers at St. Augustine & Newnansville, Florida.

1842, ch. 122.

Secretary to sign patents.

Commissioner of public buildings.

Potomac bridge.

Mint of U.S. and branches.

At Philadelphia. Officers.

Contingencies.

At Charlotte. Officers. For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, three thousand dollars.

At New Orleans, viz. :

For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, coiner, assayer, melter and refiner, and two clerks, twelve thousand nine hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, nineteen thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs, and wastage, twenty-one thousand dollars.

For machinery and machinists, four thousand five hundred dollars. Governments in the Territories of the United States.—

Wisconsin Territory. — For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand one hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation and mileage of the members of the Legislative Assembly, pay of officers and attendants, printing, stationery, fuel, and other incidental and contingent expenses, thirteen thousand seven hundred dollars.

Iowa Territory. — For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand one hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation and mileage of the members of the Legislative Assembly of said Territory, pay of officers and attendants, printing, stationery, fuel, and other incidental and contingent expenses, including arrearages of expenses of previous sessions of said Assembly, the accounts for which shall first be audited and allowed by the proper accounting officers of the treasury, fourteen thousand and fifty dollars.

Judiciary. — For salaries of the chief justice of the Supreme Court, and the eight associate judges, forty-one thousand dollars.

For salaries of the district judges, fifty-six thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of the chief justice of the District of Columbia, the associate judges, the judges of the criminal and orphans' courts of said district, eleven thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of the Attorney-General, and clerk and messenger in his office, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of Attorney-General, five hundred dollars.

For salary of the reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court, thirteen hundred dollars.

For compensation of the district attorneys, including those in the several Territories, being two hundred dollars each, as prescribed by law, seven thousand dollars.

For compensation of the marshals, including those in the several Territories, as prescribed by law, six thousand two hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including the District of Columbia; also for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures, incurred in the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and previous years; and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and for prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the safe-keeping of prisoners; — four hundred and thirty-nine thousand dollars.

Contingencies.

At New Orleans. Officers.

Contingencies.

Machinery.

Territories.

Wisconsin. Governor and

officers. Contingencies.

Legislative Assembly.

Iowa. Governor and officers. Contingencies.

Legislative Assembly.

Judiciary. Chief Justice and Associates. District Judges.

Judges of D. C.

Attorney-Gen eral and office.

Reporter of the Supreme Court.

District Attorneys.

Marshals.

Contingencies.

Additional compensation to certain judges. 1844, ch. 95.

Miscellaneous. Annuities and grants. Florida archives.

Arrearages payable through 3d auditor's office.

Expenses in relation to loans. Auxiliary guard.

Coast survey.

Custom-house, Wilmington.

Custom-house at Boston.

Group of statues for the Capitol.

Proviso.

Sick and disabled seamen.

Custom-house at Mobile.

Revenue cutter.

6th vol. Documentary History.

Payment of excess of duties collected on wines from Portugal.

Proviso.

Contingencies for the Capitol and grounds. For additional compensation, at eight hundred dollars each, to the district judges of Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama, under the provisions of the first (a) section of the act of seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, four thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous. — For payment of annuities and grants by special acts of Congress, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For salaries of two keepers of the public archives in Florida, one thousand dollars.

For arrearages prior to first of July, eighteen hundred and fifteen, payable through the third auditor's office, in addition to one thousand two hundred dollars appropriated this session for the same object, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For expenses in relation to loans, four thousand dollars.

For compensation and contingent expenses of the auxiliary guard, six thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For survey of the coast of the United States, including compensation to the superintendent and assistants, one hundred and eleven thousand dollars.

For completing the custom-house at Wilmington, North Carolina, five thousand one hundred dollars.

For completing the work of the custom-house at Boston, fifty thousand dollars.

For payment to Horatio Greenough for a group of statues to adorn the eastern portico of the Capitol, eight thousand dollars: *Provided*, The work is in such state of progress as, in reference to the whole sum to be paid for its execution, shall, in the opinion of the President of the United States, render it proper to make such payment.

To supply deficiencies in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For repairs of that part of the custom-house at Mobile occupied by the United States Court, three hundred and ninety dollars.

For the building or purchasing of a revenue cutter, twelve thousand dollars.

For the sixth volume of the fourth series of the Documentary History of the United States, twenty-five thousand four hundred and fortynine dollars.

For payment of the excess of duties paid upon wines imported from Portugal into the United States by John Osborn, of the city of New York, the sum of one thousand seven hundred and eighteen dollars and forty-two cents; and by Isaac Winslow and Son, of Boston, the sum of one thousand and nineteen dollars and fifty-four cents; and by Alexander Soltan, of New York, the sum of eight hundred and eightyfive dollars and ninety-six cents; which said duties were levied and collected contrary to the treaty stipulations existing between Portugal and this government: *Provided*, *however*, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall not pay said sums of money to said Osborn, and Winslow and Son, and Soltan, unless he is satisfied they are rightfully entitled thereto.

For annual repairs of the Capitol, lamplighters, oil for lamps, wicks, and repairs of lamps and lamp posts, attendance on furnaces of the crypt, attendance on water closets, cleaning the rotundo and crypt, brushes and brooms, laborers and cartage on Capitol grounds, tools, wire, twine, leather, nails, stakes, manure, and straw for grounds, trees, attendance at the western gates of the Capitol, repairs of public stables, flagging and enclosures, keeping in order iron pipes that con-

⁽a) That act has but one section.

vey the water to the Capitol and public offices, and gardener's salary, nine thousand nine hundred and fourteen dollars.

For constructing seven furnaces for warming and drying the lower story, halls, and passages of the north wing, of the Capitol, three thousand nine hundred and ten dollars.

For constructing six water closets for the Senate and two for the Supreme Court, on the same floors, respectively, three thousand four hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

For enlarging the law library, constructing a new stairway, and other work, and the materials therefor, according to the plan of John Skirving, dated July twentieth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, two thousand four hundred and twelve dollars.

To replace the oil intended for the use of the government, which was destroyed by the recent fire at Nantucket, fourteen thousand dollars.

For annual repairs of President's house, gardener's salary, laborers and cartage, tools, wire, twine, leather, nails, stakes, manure and straw for garden and plants, trees for President's grounds, Fountain Square, Lafayette Square, and Pennsylvania Avenue, repairs of fence at Fountain Square Lafayette Square, and President's garden, three thousand two hundred and seventy-seven dollars.

For replacing platforms on the dome, and repairing balusters, (including materials and work,) repairing hatchway, door, and frame, (including steps and plastering in dome,) furnishing and repairing stepladders and platforms on the different roofs, furnishing two double window frames and sash (including painting and glazing) in open courts, white-washing walls in the open courts, containing about twenty-five hundred square yards, four hundred and ninety dollars and seventy-five cents.

And for the removal of the building over the statue of Washington, and erecting an iron fence around the same, one thousand dollars.

For repairs to Congressional burial ground, rendered necessary by the late freshet, five hundred dollars.

For repairs to the road leading from the Capitol Square to the Congressional burial ground, rendered necessary by the late heavy rains, to be expended under the direction of the commissioner of public buildings, one thousand five hundred dollars.

And the sum of two hundred dollars, being a portion of the unexpended balance of an appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars, made on the twenty-seventh of April, eighteen hundred and sixteen, to be distributed among the captors of certain Algerine vessels which were restored to the Dey of Algiers, which balance has been carried to the account of the surplus fund, be, and the same is hereby, reappropriated, for the benefit of such of the captors as have not yet received their shares of the said fund, or their representatives.

To pay F. Gardner, late acting United States naval store-keeper to the African squadron, from the twenty-fourth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-four, when Floyd Waggaman ceased to receive a salary, until December ninth, eighteen hundred and forty-four, when Francis Alexander proceeded to the post, three months and fifteen days, at fifteen hundred dollars per annum, four hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

To pay the legal representatives of Thomas H. Storm, for a balance due to him as agent for prisoners at Barbadoes, two thousand two hundred and seventy-four dollars and twenty-six cents.

For the support and maintenance of the penitentiary of the District of Columbia, eleven thousand six hundred and eleven dollars and forty-six cents.

For support, clothing, and medical treatment, of insane persons of

Oil destroyed by fire at Nantucket.

Contingencies for the President's house and grounds.

Statue of Washington.

Congressional burying ground.

Balance of an appropriation to be distributed among the captors of certain Algerine vessels 1816, ch. 119.

F. Gardner, for balance due him

Thomas H. Storm, for bal ance due him.

Penitentiary of the District of Columbia. Insane paupers in the District of Columbia.

Publication of works of exploring expedition.

4th and 5th instalments of Mexican indemnity.

Proviso, as to mode of payment.

Refunding to British consul money disbursed by him.

Preparing for publication plans and drawings.

Patent Office.

Lighthouses. Supplies.

Repairs.

Keepers.

Floating lights

Beacons, buoys, &c.

Rebuilding lighthouses. the District of Columbia, including four additional insane paupers ordered by the court to be sent to the hospital, five thousand seven hundred and seventy dollars and forty-five cents.

For continuing the publication of the works of the exploring expedition, including the printing of charts, the pay of the scientific corps, and the salary of the horticulturist, thirty thousand dollars.

For paying the principal and interest of the fourth and fifth instalments of the Mexican indemnities due in April and July, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-four, the sum of three hundred and twenty thousand dollars: *Provided*, The claimants, each for himself, shall relinquish to the United States his right to said instalments: *Provided further*, That each of the claimants shall agree to take in payment the scrip of a stock bearing interest at five per cent., payable in five years.

For refunding to James Buchanan, late her Britannic Majesty's consul at the city of New York, moneys disbursed by him, and for compensating him for services performed in respect to the slaver Catharine, condemned and sold at the suit of the United States, the sum of two thousand one hundred and forty-four dollars and seventy-five cents.

For reducing and preparing for publication, under a resolution of the Senate, plans and drawings, made by the officers of the topographical bureau, for the improvement of harbors, rivers, &c., four thousand nine hundred and eighty-eight dollars.

Patent Office. — For the purchase of such scientific works as are necessary for the use of the patent office, twelve hundred and fifty dollars; to be paid for out of the patent fund.

Lighthouse Establishment. — For supplying lighthouses, containing two thousand five hundred and seventy-seven lamps, with oil, tubeglasses, buff-skins, whiting, and cotton cloth, expenses of transportation, and for keeping the lighting apparatus in repair, one hundred and twelve thousand eight hundred and eighty-three dollars and sixtyfour cents.

For repairs, incidental expenses, refitting, and improvements of lighthouses, and buildings connected therewith, sixty-seven thousand seventy-seven dollars and ninety-nine cents.

For salaries of two hundred and thirty-six keepers and sixteen assistant keepers of lighthouses, (seventeen of them charged with double and two with triple lights,) one hundred thousand five hundred and eighty-eight dollars and thirty-three cents.

For salaries of thirty keepers of floating lights, sixteen thousand dollars.

For seamen's wages, repairs, and supplies of thirty floating lights, eighty-one thousand seven hundred and eleven dollars and sixty-two cents.

For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying the loss of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers, twenty-six thousand four hundred and thirty-one dollars and sixty-nine cents.

For procuring, locating, and mooring buoys at such places as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, and where he shall deem them to be necessary for the safety of navigation, five thousand dollars.

For expenses of rebuilding the Cape Florida Lighthouse, Florida, thirteen thousand dollars.

For expenses of rebuilding Martinicus Rock Lighthouse, Maine, eleven thousand dollars.

For the maintenance of the light on the Delaware Breakwater, including four hundred dollars for the salary of keeper, eight hundred dollars. For expenses incurred by superintendents in visiting their lighthouses annually, and examining and reporting the condition of each, two thousand dollars.

For superintendents' commissions, at two and a half per centum, ten thousand thirty-eight dollars and seventy-seven cents.

Surveys of Public Lands. — For salary of an assistant surveyor, to survey the private claims in Florida, under the direction and supervision of the surveyor-general in Florida, one thousand dollars.

For salary of an assistant surveyor, to have charge and oversight of the resurveys in the Greensburg (late St. Helena) district, Louisiana, under the direction and supervision of the surveyor-general of Louisiana, one thousand dollars.

For pay of chain-carriers, markers, transportation, provisions, &c., one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveying the public lands, to be apportioned to the several districts according to the exigencies of the public service, one hundred and ten thousand dollars.

For surveying the copper region of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, with reference to mines and minerals, thirty thousand dollars.

For the correction of erroneous and defective surveys west of Saganaw Bay, in Michigan, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, five thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

For detached surveys in Missouri, at a rate not exceeding five dollars per mile, on account of difficulties in surveying lakes, swamps, &c., four thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For the survey of towns and villages in Missouri, named in the act of twenty-sixth of May, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, including office work, in addition to the balance of the appropriation of the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, for that object, two thousand dollars.

For surveying that part of Arkansas where, in consequence of local attraction, the ordinary compass cannot be used, at a rate not exceeding eight dollars per mile, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

For surveys at augmented rates, in Louisiana, three thousand seven hundred and four dollars.

For surveys in the Greensburg district, Louisiana, now in the course of execution, in addition to former appropriations, twenty thousand four hundred dollars.

For retracing old lines in the district west of Pearl River, to supply deficiencies now existing in those surveys, at five dollars and seven dollars per mile, in addition to balance of appropriations for same object, of the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, eighteen thousand one hundred and thirteen dollars.

Intercourse with Foreign Nations. — For salaries of ministers to Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Mexico, and Brazil, sixty-three thousand dollars.

For salaries of secretaries of legation to the same places, fourteen thousand dollars.

For outfit of a minister to Great Britain, nine thousand dollars.

For salaries of *chargés des affaires* to Portugal, Austria, Denmark, Sweden, Holland, Belgium, Chili, Peru, New Grenada, Venezuela, Naples, Sardinia, and Buenos Ayres, fifty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of a minister resident to Turkey, six thousand dollars. For salary of a dragoman to the legation to Turkey, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the salary of a commissioner to reside in China, five thousand dollars: *Provided*, No part of this sum shall be paid unless the said commissioner actually resides in China.

Annual examination.

Superintendents' commissions.

Surveys. Assistant surveyor in Florida.

Assistant surveyor in Louisiana.

Pay of chaincarriers, &c.

Surveying public lands.

Surveying the copper region.

Surveys in Michigan.

Missoari.

1843, ch. 100.

Arkansas.

Louisiana

Retracing old lines west of Pearl River.

1843, ch. 100.

Foreign intercoarse. Ministers.

Secretaries of legation.

Outfit of minister to Great Britain. Chargés des affaires.

Minister to Turkey. Dragoman.

Commissioner to China.

Secretary and Chinese interproter.

Contingencies.

Contingent ex-penses of foreign intercourse.

Consul at London.

Contingencies. Commissioner to Sandwich

Islands.

Interpreters, guards, &c., at Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria.

Payment of balance due B. E. Green.

American seamen in foreign countries.

slave trade.

Maps, specifi-cations, &c., of N. E. boundary.

Additional appraiser at New York authorized.

Proviso, as to salary.

Appraisement of goods at custom-house. how made.

Ante, p. 42.

Heads of departments may continue officers authorized by acts of 1842, ch. 202, and 1844, ch. 105

Proviso.

For the salary of a secretary and Chinese interpreter, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, thirty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, thirty thousand dollars.

For salary of the consul at London, two thousand dollars.

For clerk hire, office rent, and other expenses of the office of the consul at London, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, three thousand dollars.

For interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria, fifteen hundred dollars.

For payment in full to Benjamin E. Green for services while employed in Mexico, as chargé d'affaires, three thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For carrying into effect the acts for the suppression of the slave Suppression of trade, including the support of recaptured Africans, and their removal to their country, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For completing the maps, specifications, and astronomical computations of the line of boundary between the United States and the British provinces, heretofore run and established, or run and marked by the joint commissioners, under the treaty of Washington, twenty thousand dollars, and for transmitting to the respective States, whose boundaries are affected thereby, authentic copies thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the assistant appraisers authorized by law at the port of New York, there may be appointed, in the mode now prescribed by law, one additional assistant appraiser at said port, at a salary, as heretofore established, of fifteen hundred dollars per annum, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : Provided, said salary shall not commence, or appointment take effect, prior to the thirtieth of November next, and in appraising all goods, at any port of the United States, heretofore subjected to specific duties, but upon which ad valorem duties are imposed by the act of the thirtieth of July last, entitled "An Act reducing the Duty on Imports, and for other Purposes," reference shall be had to values and invoices of similar goods imported during the last fiscal year, under such general and uniform regulations for the prevention of fraud or undervaluation as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the respective heads of departments to continue in service during the current fiscal year the officers and persons, and at the salaries and compensations, authorized in the act approved twenty-sixth of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act legalizing and making Appropriations for such necessary Objects as have been usually included in the General Appropriation Bills without Authority of Law, and to fix and provide for certain incidental Expenses of the Departments and Officers of the Government, and for other Purposes," and also the clerks authorized to be employed in the office of the first comptroller of the treasury by the act of June seventeenth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of the Government for the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and for other Purposes;" and also the clerk in the office of the second auditor, authorized by the same act: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize

the employment of any clerks in the statistical branch of the treasury department.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the surveyor-general north-west of the Ohio, under the direction of the President, be, and hereby is, required to cause to be surveyed, marked, and designated, so much of the line between Michigan and Wisconsin as lies between the source of Brulé River and the source of Montreal River, as defined by the "Act to enable the People of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the Admission of such State into the Union;" and the expense of such survey shall be paid, upon the certificate of the said surveyor-general, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, not exceeding one thousand dollars.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the fourth section of the act, entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of the Government for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and for other Purposes," passed third March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXVI. — An Act making Appropriations for the natal Service for the Year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-scren.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the naval service, for the year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fortyseven:

For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy, three millions five hundred and seventy-one thousand seven hundred and thirty-five dollars.

Passed midshipmen performing the duties of master, under the authority of the Secretary of the Navy, to receive the compensation allowed to such higher grade, while actually so employed.

For provisions, including transportation, cooperage, and other expenses, eight hundred and sixty-nine thousand seven hundred and twenty-two dollars.

For surgeons' necessaries, and appliances for the sick and hurt of the naval service, including the marine corps, twenty-one thousand and seventy-two dollars.

For the increase, repair, armament, and equipment of the navy, and wear and tear of vessels in commission, including coal for steamers, and hemp, one million fifty thousand dollars; and the President is hereby authorized to construct, by contract, any vessel or steamer for the public service, when in his opinion the same can be done with equal efficiency and on terms more economical than in the present navy yards.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, including all incidental expenses, three hundred and seventy-one thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For books, maps, charts, and instruments, binding and repairing the same, and all the expenses of the hydrographical office, thirty-five charts, &c. thousand nine hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz.: For freight and transportation; printing and stationery; books, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire-engines, and for machinery; repair of steam-engines in yards; purchase and mainte-Vol. IX. Pub. --- 13

So much of line between Michi-gan and Wisconsin as lies be-tween the sources of Brulé and Montreal Rivers, to be surveyed.

Ante, p. 56.

Repeal of § 4 of general appropriation act of 1845, ch. 71.

Aug. 10, 1846.

Appropriations for year ending June 30, 1847.

Pay of officers, seamen, and engineer corps.

Passed midshipmen acting as masters.

Provisions transportation, S.c.

Surgeons' necessaries for the navy and marine corps.

Increase, repair armament. and equipment

Ordnance, &c.

Books, maps,

Contingencies.

nance of horses and oxen; carts, timber-wheels, and workmen's tools; postage of letters on public service; coal and other fuel, and oil and candles for navy yards and shore stations; incidental labor, not chargeable to any other appropriation; labor attending the delivery of public stores and supplies on foreign stations; wharfage, dockage, storage, and rent; travelling expenses of officers; funeral expenses; commissions, clerk hire, store rent, office rent, stationery, and fuel to navy agents and storekeepers; premiums, and incidental expenses of recruiting; apprehending deserters; per diem allowance to persons attending courts-martial and courts of inquiry, or other services authorized by law; compensation to judge advocates; pilotage and towing vessels, and assistance rendered to vessels in distress; five hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses for objects not hereinbefore enumerated, five thousand dollars.

For the support of the civil establishment at the several navy yards, the officers and others to be paid the annual compensation that was allowed to them severally in the act making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, except as hereinafter provided :

At Kittery, Maine. — For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, clerk to the commandant, clerk to the storekeeper, clerk to the naval constructor, and porter, seven thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

At Charlestown, Massachusetts. — For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks to the commandant, three clerks to the storekeeper, clerk to naval constructor, keeper of magazine, and porter, eleven thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

For repairs of the sheer wharf, Charlestown navy yard, twelve thousand dollars.

At Brooklyn, New York. — For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks to the commandant, three clerks to the storekeeper, clerk to naval constructor, keeper of the magazine, and porter, eleven thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

At Philadelphia. — For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, clerk to the commandant, clerk to the storekeeper, clerk to naval constructor, and porter, seven thousand seven hundred dollars: *Provided*, That, when the duties of the clerk to the yard and clerk to the commandant are performed by the same person, he shall not receive a greater compensation than twelve hundred dollars per annum.

At Washington. — For pay of storekeeper, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks to commandant, clerk to the storekeeper, keeper of the magazine, and porter, six thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

At Gosport, Virginia. — For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to yard, two clerks to commandant, three clerks to the storekeeper, clerk to the naval constructor, keeper of the magazine, and porter, eleven thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

At Pensacola. — For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, clerk to the yard, two clerks to the commandant, two clerks to the storekeeper, and porter, eight thousand and fifty dollars.

At Memphis, Tennessee. — For pay of storekeeper, clerk to the yard, clerk to the commandant, and porter, three thousand three hundred dollars : *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized, when in his opinion the public interest will per-

Civil establishment at the several navy yards.

Kittery.

Charlestown.

Brooklyn.

Philadelphia.

Washington.

Gosport.

Pensacola.

Memphis.

Proviso.

mit it, to discontinue any of the civil offices and employments herein provided for at the navy yards, or to discharge the keepers of magazines and to require their duties to be performed by gunners.

For improvements and necessary repairs of navy yards, viz. :

At Kittery, Maine. - For wall for landing wharf at smithery, and filling in, one thousand seven hundred and five dollars and fifty cents.

For cistern, near mast and boat-house, two thousand dollars.

For granite gun-skids, and road to grave-yard, one thousand one hundred and thirty-two dollars.

For repairs of all kinds, four thousand dollars.

At Charlestown. — For drain and iron frame for dry-dock pumps, and set of keel blocks, two thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

For pipes for drain and rain water and waste steam, three thousand dollars.

For completing wharf No. 66, between 1 and 39, nine thousand dollars.

For completing reservoir, one thousand dollars.

For wall on south-west side of site 51, filling in that part of yard, three thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars.

For repairs of all kinds, ten thousand dollars.

At Brooklyn, New York. — Towards continuation of cob-wharf, twenty-nine thousand five hundred dollars.

Towards extension of coal-house, (seventy feet,) four thousand three hundred and eighteen dollars.

Towards repairing and replanking bridge, three thousand dollars.

Towards building a foundation under frigate Sabine, six thousand dollars.

Towards the construction of a timber shed, twelve thousand dollars. Towards repairs of all kinds, eight thousand dollars.

For dry dock, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

At Philadelphia. -- For extension of and moving ship-house G, five Philadelphia. thousand dollars.

For repairs of all kinds, three thousand dollars.

At Washington. — For anchor forges, (five,) and removing small forge in anchor shop, two thousand six hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For chain cable forges, (twelve,) in hydraulic proving machine shop, two thousand eight hundred and ninety dollars.

For completion of laboratory buildings, five thousand one hundred and six dollars and fifteen cents.

For repairs of all kinds, two thousand five hundred dollars.

At Gosport. — Towards store-house No. 13, to be used as timber shed, eighteen thousand dollars.

Towards launching slip and quay walls, twelve thousand dollars.

For the purchase of St. Helena, two thousand four hundred and three dollars and fifty cents.

Towards repairs of all kinds, seven thousand dollars.

At Pensacola. — Towards the blacksmith shop, twenty-one thousand dollars.

Towards cisterns at numbers 20, 25, and 26, twelve thousand dollars.

Towards coal-house, eight thousand dollars.

Towards lime-house, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Towards wharfs, (permanent,) fifty-nine thousand dollars.

Towards dredging machine, scows, &c., sixteen thousand dollars.

For repairs of all kinds, five thousand dollars.

At Sackett's Harbor. -- For repairs of all kinds, one thousand Sacke bor.

For purchase of Navy Point and Fort Tompkins, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Improvement of navy yards Kittery.

Charlestown.

Brooklyn-

Gosport

Washington.

Pensacola.

Sackett's Har

Improvement and repairs of navy hospitals. Chelsea.

Brooklyn.

Gosport.

Pensacola.

Marine Corps. Pay and subsistence.

Proviso.

Clothing.

Provisions.

Military stores, repair of arms, Sec.

Transportation.

Barracks.

Contingencies.

Number of officers and men to be reduced on conclusion of the war.

Expenditure for the navy yard at Memphis limited.

Repairs, improvements, and instruction, at Fort Severn. Post, p. 173,

For the improvement and repairs of the several naval hospitals. viz.:

At Chelsea. - Building for a coal-house, repairing outhouses and wall in rear of main building, two thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

At Brooklyn.-For completing small-pox hospital, ten thousand dollars.

For repairs to hospital quarters, three thousand dollars.

Near Gosport. - For fence around garden and repairs to hospital buildings, two thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars.

At Pensacola. - For centre building at hospital and galleries to connect buildings, seven thousand four hundred and nine dollars and fifty cents.

For engine-house, five hundred and ten dollars.

For repairs of hospital quarters, three thousand dollars.

For magazines, viz.:

At Charlestown, one hundred and fifty dollars.

At Brooklyn, two hundred dollars.

At Washington, one hundred and fifty dollars.

At Gosport, three hundred dollars.

Marine Corps. - For pay of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, and servants, serving on shore, and subsistence of officers, two hundred thousand seven hundred and seventy-one dollars: Provided, That no payment shall hereafter be made to the colonel, or any other officer of said corps, by virtue of a commission of brigadier-general by brevet.

For clothing, forty-six thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For provisions, forty-five thousand seventy dollars and twenty cents.

For military stores, repair of arms, pay of armorers, accoutrements, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and musical instruments, two thousand three hundred dollars.

For transportation of officers and troops, and for expenses of recruiting, eight thousand dollars.

For repair of barracks and rent of temporary barracks, six thousand dollars.

For contingencies, viz.: freight, ferriage, toll, wharfage and cartage; compensation to judge advocates; per diem for attending courtsmartial and courts of inquiry; per diem to enlisted men on constant labor; house rent where no public quarters are assigned; the burial of deceased mariners; printing, stationery, forage, postages, and the pursuit of deserters; candles and oil; straw, barrack furniture, bed sacks; spades, axes, shovels, picks, carpenters' tools, and keeping a horse for the messenger, seventeen thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Navy, on the conclusion of the existing war with Mexico, to reduce the number of petty officers, seamen, ordinary seamen, landsmen, and boys, herein provided for, to seven thousand five hundred.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Navy, in the expenditure of the appropriations made for the navy yard at Memphis, to cohfine the same to the construction of a ropewalk.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That of the money appropriated in this act for "pay of the navy," and "contingent expenses enumerated," an amount not exceeding twenty-eight thousand and two hundred dollars may be expended, under the direction of the Secretary

ot the Navy, for repairs, improvements, and instruction, at Fort Severn, Annapolis, Maryland.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, upon application of the Secretary of the Navy, the President of the United States shall have authority, when in his opinion the exigencies of the service require it, to direct that a part of the money appropriated for a particular branch of the naval service be applied to another branch of the said service; in which case, a special account of the moneys thus transferred, and of their application, shall be laid before Congress before its adjournment, if in session, or during the first week of the next ensuing session, if such transfer be made in the recess of Congress: Provided, That nothing contained in this act shall be construed to authorize the President of the United States to direct any sum appropriated for improvements at navy yards to be applied to any other object of public expenditure, or to authorize any sum to be transferred from any unexpended balance which may be necessary for the purposes for which the appropriation was originally made, or from any head or object of appropriation which may require another appropriation at any future time to supply the deficiency occasioned by such transfer : Provided, also. That this section shall apply to the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to no other.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passage of this act, every proposal for naval supplies invited by the Secretary of the Navy, under the proviso to the general appropriation bill for the navy, approved March third, eighteen hundred and fortythree, shall be accompanied by a written guaranty, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation in such time as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed. No proposal shall be considered, unless accompanied by such guaranty. If, after the acceptance of a proposal, and a notification thereof to the bidder or bidders, he or they shall fail to enter into an obligation within the time prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureties for furnishing the supplies, then the Secretary of the Navy shall proceed to contract with some other person or persons for furnishing the said supplies; and shall forthwith cause the difference between the amount contained in the proposal so guarantied and the amount for which he may have contracted for furnishing the said supplies, for the whole period of the proposal, to be charged up against said bidder or bidders, and his or their guarantor or guarantors; and the same may be immediately recovered by the United States, for the use of the navy department, in an action of debt against either or all of said persons.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for, the payment of navy pensions for the year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven:

Transfers of appropriations authorized in certain cases.

Proviso.

This section to apply to appropriations for year ending June 30 1846.

Proposals for naval supplies to be accompanied by a written guaranty.

On failure of bidders to give bond, the Secretary shall contract with some other person, and charge the difference to the original contractor.

Aug. 10, 1846.

Appropriation.

CHAP. CLXXVII. — An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Navy Pensions for the Year ending thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and fortyseven.

Invalid pensions.

Pensions of widows.

To pay invalid pensions, thirty-two thousand three hundred and thirty-five dollars and forty cents.

To pay the pensions of widows of officers, seamen, and marines. twelve thousand dollars.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

Aug. 10, 1846.	CHAP. CLXXVIII. — An Act to establish the "Smithsonian Institution," for the Increase and Diffusion of Knowledge among Men.

Preamble.

James Smithson, Esquire, of London, in the Kingdom of Great Britain, having by his last will and testament given the whole of his property to the United States of America, to found at Washington, under the name of the "Smithsonian Institution." an establishment for the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men; and the United States having, by an act of Congress, received said property and accepted said trust; therefore, for the faithful execution of said trust, according to the will of the liberal and enlightened donor -

Smithsonian Institution established.

Name.

Amount ceived lent to U. S. treasury, at six per cent. inter-est, from Sept. 1, 1838.

Interest accrued on 1st July next to be ap-propriated to the erection of buildings and other incidental ezpenses.

Interest accruing semi-annualappropriated for the perpetual maintenance and support of the institution.

All moneys and stocks received of the bequest

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President and Vice-President of the United States, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, the Postmaster-General, the Attorney-General, the Chief Justice, and the Commissioner of the Patent Office of the United States, and the Mayor of the city of Washington, during the time for which they shall hold their respective offices, and such other persons as they may elect honorary members, be, and they are hereby constituted, an "establishment," by the name of the "Smithsonian Institution," for the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men; and by that name shall be known and have perpetual succession, with the powers, limitations, and restrictions, hereinafter contained, and no other.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the property of the said James Smithson as has been received in money, and paid into the treasury of the United States, being the sum of five hundred and fifteen thousand one hundred and sixty-nine dollars, be lent to the United States treasury, at six per cent. per annum interest, from the first day of September, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, when the same was received into the said treasury; and that so much of the interest as may have accrued on said sum on the first day of July next, which will amount to the sum of two hundred and forty-two thousand one hundred and twenty-nine dollars, or so much thereof as shall by the board of regents of the institution established by this act be deemed necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the erection of suitable buildings, and for other current incidental expenses of said institution; and that six per cent. interest on the said trust fund, it being the said amount of five hundred and fifteen thousand one hundred and sixty-nine dollars, received into the United States treasury on the first of September, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, payable, in half-yearly payments, on the first of January and July in each year, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the perpetual maintenance and support of said institution; and all expenditures and appropriations to be made, from time to time, to the purposes of the institution aforesaid, shall be exclusively from the accruing interest, and not from the principal of the said fund. And be it further enacted, That all the moneys and stocks which have been, or may hereafter be, received into the treasurv of the United States, on account of the fund bequeathed by James Smithson, be, and the same hereby are, pledged to refund to the treasury of the United States the sums hereby appropriated.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the business of the said institution shall be conducted at the city of Washington by a board of regents, by the name of the Regents of the "Smithsonian Institution," to be composed of the Vice-President of the United States, the Chief Justice of the United States, and the Mayor of the city of Washington, during the time for which they shall hold their respective offices; three members of the Senate, and three members of the House of Representatives; together with six other persons, other than members of Congress, two of whom shall be members of the National Institute in the city of Washington, and resident in the said city; and the other four thereof shall be inhabitants of States, and no two of them of the same State. And the regents to be selected as aforesaid shall be appointed immediately after the passage of this act — the members of the Senate by the president thereof, the members of the House by the speaker thereof, and the six other persons by joint resolution of the Senate and House of Representatives; and the members of the House, so appointed, shall serve until the fourth Wednesday in December, the second next after the passage of this act; and then, and biennially thereafter, on every alternate fourth Wednesday of December, a like number shall be appointed in the same manner, to serve until the fourth Wednesday in December, the second succeeding their appointment. And the senators so appointed shall serve during the term for which they shall hold, without reëlection, their office as And vacancies, occasioned by death, resignation, or othersenators. wise, shall be filled as vacancies in committees are filled: and the other six members aforesaid shall serve, two for two years, two for four years, and two for six years; the terms of service, in the first place, to be determined by lot; but, after the first term, then their regular term of service shall be six years; and new elections thereof shall be made by joint resolutions of Congress; and vacancies occasioned by death, resignation, or otherwise, may be filled in like manner, by joint resolution of Congress. And the said regents shall meet in the city of Washington, on the first Monday of September next after the passage of this act, and organize by the election of one of their number as chancellor, who shall be the presiding officer of said board of regents, by the name of the Chancellor of the "Smithsonian Institution," and a suitable person as secretary of said institution, who shall also be the secretary of said board of regents. Said board shall also elect three of their own body as an executive committee, and said regents shall then fix on the time for the regular meetings of said board; and, on application of any three of the regents to the secretary of the said institution, it shall be his duty to appoint a special meeting of the board of regents, of which he shall give notice, by letter, to each of the members; and, at any meeting of said board, five shall constitute a quorum to do business. And each member of said board shall be paid his necessary travelling and other actual expenses, in attending meetings of the board, which shall be audited by the executive committee, and recorded by the secretary of said board; but his service as regent shall be gratuitous. And whenever money is required for the payment of the debts or performance of the contracts of the institution, incurred or entered into in are to be made. conformity with the provisions of this act, or for making the purchases and executing the objects authorized by this act, the board of regents, or the executive committee thereof, may certify to the chancellor and secretary of the board that such sum of money is required, whereupon they shall examine the same, and if they shall approve thereof, shall

pledged to refund to the U.S. the amount hereby appropriated.

Board of regents constituted.

Regents to be appointed - how and when.

Post, p. 115.

Vacancies, how filled.

When regents shall meet and organize.

Chancellor.

Secretary.

Executive committee.

Regular and special meetings.

Members of the board to be paid their travel-ling expenses.

How payments

Board shall report annually to Congress.

Regents to select a site for building — when and where.

Proviso.

Selection to be recorded.

Copy of such record to be evidence.

Description of building to be erected.

Board of regents authorized to contract for the erection of a suitable building.

Proviso.

Duplicates of contracts to be deposited with the treasurer. certify the same to the proper officer of the treasury tor payment And the said board shall submit to Congress, at each session thereof, a report of the operations, expenditures, and condition, of the institution.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, after the board of regents shall have met and become organized, it shall be their duty forthwith to proceed to select a suitable site for such building as may be necessary for the institution, which ground may be taken and appropriated out of that part of the public ground in the city of Washington lying between the patent office and Seventh Street : Provided, The President of the United States, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Commissioner of the Patent Office, shall consent to the same; but, if the persons last named shall not consent, then such location may be made upon any other of the public grounds within the city of Washington, belonging to the United States, which said regents may select, by and with the consent of the persons herein named; and the said ground, so selected, shall be set out by proper metes and bounds. and a description of the same shall be made, and recorded in a book to be provided for that purpose, and signed by the said regents, or so many of them as may be convened at the time of their said organization; and such record, or a copy thereof, certified by the chancellor and secretary of the board of regents, shall be received in evidence, in all courts, of the extent and boundaries of the lands appropriated to the said institution; and, upon the making of such record, such site and lands shall be deemed and taken to be appropriated, by force of this act, to the said institution.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, so soon as the board of regents shall have selected the said site, they shall cause to be erected a suitable building, of plain and durable materials and structure, without unnecessary ornament, and of sufficient size, and with suitable rooms or halls for the reception and arrangement, upon a liberal scale, of objects of natural history, including a geological and miner-alogical cabinet; also a chemical laboratory, a library, a gallery of art, and the necessary lecture rooms; and the said board shall have authority, by themselves, or by a committee of three of their members, to contract for the completion of such building, upon such plan as may be directed by the board of regents, and shall take sufficient security for the building and finishing the same according to the said plan, and in the time stipulated in such contract; and may so locate said building, if they shall deem it proper, as in appearance to form a wing to the patent office building, and may so connect the same with the present hall of said patent office building, containing the national cabinet of curiosities, as to constitute the said hall, in whole or in part, the deposit for the cabinet of said institution, if they deem it expedient to do so: Provided, said building shall be located upon said patent office lot, in the manner aforesaid: Provided, however, That the whole expense of the building and enclosures aforesaid shall not exceed the amount of -----(a) dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated, payable out of money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, together with such sum or sums out of the annual interest accruing to the institution as may, in any year, remain unexpended, after paying the current expenses of the institution. And duplicates of all such contracts as may be made by the said board of regents shall be deposited with the treasurer of the United States; and all claims on any contract made as aforesaid shall be allowed and certified by the board of regents, or the executive committee thereof, as

⁽a) No sum is inserted in the record at Washington.

the case may be, and, being signed by the chancellor and secretary of the board, shall be a sufficient voucher for settlement and payment at the treasury of the United States. And the board of regents shall be authorized to employ such persons as they may deem necessary to superintend the erection of the building and fitting up the rooms of the institution. And all laws for the protection of public property in the city of Washington shall apply to, and be in force for, the protection of the lands, buildings, and other property, of said institution. And all moneys recovered by, or accruing to, the institution, shall be paid into the treasury of the United States, to the credit of the Smithsonian bequest, and separately accounted for, as provided in the act approved July first, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, accepting said bequest.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That, in proportion as suitable arrangements can be made for their reception, all objects of art and of foreign and curious research, and all objects of natural history, plants, and geological and mineralogical specimens, belonging, or hereafter to belong, to the United States, which may be in the city of Washington, in whosesoever custody the same may be, shall be delivered to such persons as may be authorized by the board of regents to receive them, and shall be arranged in such order, and so classed, as best [to] facilitate the examination and study of them, in the building so as aforesaid to be erected for the institution; and the regents of said institution shall afterwards, as new specimens in natural history, geology, or mineralogy, may be obtained for the museum of the institution, by exchanges of duplicate specimens belonging to the institu tion, (which they are hereby authorized to make,) or by donation, which they may receive, or otherwise, cause such new specimens to be also appropriately classed and arranged. And the minerals, books, memuscripts, and other property, of James Smithson, which have been received by the government of the United States, and are now placed in the department of state, shall be removed to said institution, and shall be preserved separate and apart from other property of the institution.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the board of regents shall take charge of the building and property of said institution, and shall, under their direction, make a fair and accurate record of all their proceedings, to be preserved in said institution; and the said secretary shall also discharge the duties of librarian and of keeper of the museum, and may, with the consent of the board of regents, employ assistants; and the said officers shall receive for their services such sum as may be allowed by the board of regents, to be paid semi-annually on the first day of January and July; and the said officers shall be removable by the board of regents, whenever, in their judgment, the interests of the institution require any of the said officers to be changed.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the members and honorary members of said institution may hold such stated and special meetings, for the supervision of the affairs of said institution and the advice and instruction of said board of regents, to be called in the manner provided for in the by-laws of said institution, at which the President, and in his absence the Vice-President, of the United States shall preside. And the said regents shall make, from the interest of said fund, an appropriation, not exceeding an average of twenty-five thousand dollars annually, for the gradual formation of a library composed of valuable works pertaining to all departments of human knowledge.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That of any other moneys which have accrued, or shall hereafter accrue, as interest upon the said Vol. IX. PUB. - 14

Employment of necessary superintendents authorized.

Moneys accruing to the institution to be paid into the treasury.

All objects of art, natural history, plants, & c., belonging to the U. S. in Washington, to be de posited and ar ranged in said building.

New specimens as obtained to be also appropriatey classed and arranged.

Minerals, books, &cc., of James Smithson, now in department of state to be removed to said institution.

Secretary of board shall take charge of buildings, &c., and make a record of proceedings; to have charge of library, &c., and employ assisttants.

Compensation of officers. Removable by the board.

Members and honorary members may hold stated and special meetings.

Annual appropriation for the gradual formation of a library.

Managers authorized to dispose of unappropriated interest fund.

Persons taking out copyrights for books, &c., to deposit a copy with librarian of institute, and a copy with librarian of Congress.

Right reserved of altering or repealing this act. Proviso. Smithsonian fund, not herein appropriated, or not required for the purposes herein provided, the said managers are hereby authorized to make such disposal as they shall deem best suited for the promotion of the purpose of the testator, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the author or proprietor of any book, map, chart, musical composition, print, cut, or engraving, for which a copyright shall be secured under the existing acts of Congress, or those which shall hereafter be enacted respecting copyrights, shall, within three months from the publication of said book, map, chart, musical composition, print, cut, or engraving, deliver, or cause to be delivered, one copy of the same to the librarian of the Smithsonian Institution, and one copy to the librarian of Congress Library, for the use of the said libraries.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That there is reserved to Congress the right of altering, amending, adding to, or repealing, any of the provisions of this act: *Provided*, That no contract, or individual right, made or acquired under such provisions, shall be thereby divested or impaired.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

Aug. 10, 1846.

846. CHAP. CLXXIX. — An Act authorizing the Payment of certain Claims of the State of Alabama.

Appropriation, to pay Alabama moneys disbursed for subsistence, &c., of Alabama troops, and for provisions and forage furnished to friendly Indians. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid to the State of Alabama, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of thirteen thousand four hundred and fifty-five dollars and thirty-two cents, for moneys paid by the said State for subsistence, supplies, and services, of her local troops, and for provisions and forage furnished the friendly Indians during the Creek and Seminole hostilities, in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-six and eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

Aug. 10, 1846.

Secretary of Treasury to redeem treasury notes which have been stolen and put into circulation and not cancelled.

Ante p 40.

Proviso as to nature of evidence required to prove the facts.

CHAP. CLXXX. — An Act to provide for the Payment of the Evidences of public Debt in certain Cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever it shall appear, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, upon due proof taken in the manner hereinafter directed, that any treasury note, which has been, before the passage of this act, received or redeemed by any authorized officer of the government, has been subsequently purloined or stolen, and put into circulation, without having upon it any evidence or marks of having been cancelled, and has been received by any person or institution, for a full consideration, in the usual course of business, without notice or knowledge of the same having been redeemed or received as aforesaid, or having been cancelled, or having been purloined or stolen as aforesaid, and without any circumstances existing to create suspicion of the good faith or due caution with which the same may have been received by such person or institution, he shall be, and hereby is, authorized to cause the amount of such note to be paid to the innocent holder thereof, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. Provided, That the facts upon which any such payment shall be made shall be proved by the oath or affirmation of a credible witness or witnesses, taken before any judge of the United States, or of the

highest court of record, or of the presiding judge of any court, exercising unlimited jurisdiction in amount, of any State, Territory, or district, and of the taking of which testimony due notice shall previously be given to the district attorney of the United States for the district in which such testimony is taken, who shall be at liberty to appear and propound questions to such witnesses; all which evidence shall be transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury, and preserved in his department; and all wilful false swearing upon such examination shall be and hereby is declared to be perjury, and liable to the punishment for that offence prescribed by the laws of the United States: And provided further, That a statement of all treasury notes paid under the provisions of this act, within the preceding year, shall be submitted to Congress with the annual report of the Secretary of the Treasury in relation to the finances.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That when any officer or agent of the United States, duly authorized to receive, redeem, or cancel, any treasury notes issued by authority of law, has received, or shall receive, or has paid, or shall pay, any treasury note which had been previously received or redeemed by any officer or agent having authority to receive or redeem such note, and which had subsequently thereto been purloined and put into circulation, the Secretary of the Treasury, upon full and satisfactory proof that the same had been received or paid in good faith, and in the exercise of ordinary prudence, may allow a credit for the amount of such note to the officer or agent so receiving or paying the same; and all credits which have, before the passage of this act, been allowed in such cases, and under such circumstances, are hereby sanctioned.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts heretofore enacted, which are supplied by this act, so far as the same may not have been acted on are hereby repealed, and so far as they may have been acted on, they are ratified and confirmed.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

False swear ing to be perjury.

Statement to be submitted to Congress.

Officers and agents of U. S., who have or may receive such notes, to be credited with their amount.

Credits made to be sanctioned.

Repeal of acts supplied by this act if not acted on; if acted on, ratified and confirmed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Dec. 29, 1845.

Preamble.

[No. 1.] - Joint Resolution for the Admission of the State of Texas into the Union.

WHEREAS the Congress of the United States, by a joint resolution approved March the first, eighteen hundred and forty-five, did consent that the territory properly included within, and rightfully belonging to, the Republic of Texas, might be erected into a new State, to be called The State of Texas, with a republican form of government, to be adopted by the people of said republic, by deputies in convention assembled, with the consent of the existing government, in order that the same might be admitted as one of the States of the Union; which consent of Congress was given upon certain conditions specified in the first and second sections of said joint resolution; and whereas the people of the said Republic of Texas, by deputies in convention assembled, with the consent of the existing government, did adopt a constitution, and erect a new State with a republican form of government, and, in the name of the people of Texas, and by their authority, did ordain and declare that they assented to and accepted the proposals, conditions, and guaranties contained in said first and second sections of said resolution : and whereas the said constitution, with the proper evidence of its adoption by the people of the Republic of Texas, has been transmitted to the President of the United States and laid before Congress, in conformity to the provisions of said joint resolution: Therefore -

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Texas shall be one, and is hereby declared to be one, of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That until the representatives in Congress shall be apportioned according to an actual enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, the State of Texas shall be entitled to choose two representatives.

APPROVED, December 29, 1845.

Jan. 7, 1846.

Texas admitted into the Union.

To be entitled

to two representatives.

Estimates of appropriations to be printed.

[No. 2.] — Joint Resolution relative to the Printing and Distribution of the annual Estimates.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the estimates of appropriations which he is by law required to prepare and submit to Congress to be printed, and copies of the same to be delivered to the clerk of the House of Representatives, in time for distribution at the commencement of each session; and that the clerk distribute the said estimates in the manner in which documents printed by Congress are directed to be distributed.

APPROVED, January 7, 1846.

[No. 3.] — A Resolution to authorize the Transmission and Presentation of Books to the Minister of Justice of France, in Exchange for Books received from him.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the librarian of Congress be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to procure a complete series of reports of all the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, and of the Circuit and District Courts thereof, which have been heretofore published; as also a complete copy of the public Statutes at Large of the United States, now being edited by Richard Peters, Esq., by authority of Congress, the whole to be uniformly bound and lettered; and to cause the same, under the direction of the chief justice of the said Supreme Court, to be transmitted and presented to the minister of justice of France, in return and exchange for works of French law heretofore presented by the minister to the Supreme Court aforesaid.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That, for the purpose aforesaid, there be appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars.

APPROVED, March 4, 1846.

[No. 4.] - Joint Resolution concerning the Oregon Territory.

WHEREAS by the convention concluded the twentieth day of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, between the United States of America and the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for the period of ten years, and afterwards indefinitely extended and continued in force by another convention of the same parties, concluded the sixth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven, it was agreed that any country that may be claimed by either party on the north-west coast of America, westward of the Stony or Rocky Mountains, now commonly called the Oregon Territory, should, together with its harbors, bays, and creeks, and the navigation of all rivers within the same, be "free and open" to the vessels, citizens, and subjects, of the two powers; but without prejudice to any claim which either of the parties might have to any part of said country; and with this further provision, in the second article of the said convention of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, that either party might abrogate and annul said convention on giving due notice of twelve months to the other contracting party:

And whereas it has now become desirable that the respective claims of the United States and Great Britain should be definitely settled, and that said territory may no longer than need be remain subject to the evil consequences of the divided allegiance of its American and British population, and of the confusion and conflict of national jurisdictions, dangerous to the cherished peace and good understanding of the two countries:

With a view, therefore, that steps be taken for the abrogation of the said convention of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and twentyty-seven, in the mode prescribed in its second article, and that the attention of the governments of both countries may be the more earnestly directed to the adoption of all proper measures for a speedy and amicable adjustment of the differences and disputes in regard to the said territory:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the

March 4, 1846.

Librarian of Congress authorized to procure a complete series of reports of U S. Courts, and of the laws of U, S., and transmit them to minister of justice of France.

Appropriation.

April 27, 1846.

Preamble.

President authorized to givo the government give to the government of Great Britain the notice required by the

second article of the said convention of the sixth of August, eighteen

hundred and twenty-seven, for the abrogation of the same.

of Great Britain the notice required by 2d article of convention of Aug. 6, 1827, for the abrogation of the same.

[No. 5.] — Joint Resolution to correct a clerical Error.

WHEREAS an error occurred in the enrolment of "An Act to supply Deficiencies in the Appropriations for certain Objects made for the Service of the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, 1846," approved May eighth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, by which error an appropriation intended for the support of the penitentiary of the District of Columbia appears as an appropriation "for the support of the District of Columbia":

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the appropriation of eleven thousand nine hundred and forty-nine dollars and sixtyfour cents, appearing in said act to be "for the support of the District of Columbia," was intended by Congress, and shall be construed to have been appropriated for the support of the penitentiary of the said District of Columbia, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, May 15, 1846.

APPROVED, April 27, 1846.

May 20, 1846.

Postmaster-General authorized to continue existing mail service in Texas. Ante, pp. 3, 15. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to continue the mail service now existing in Texas, under the laws and authority of Texas, or such part thereof as, in his judgment, the public interest may require, from the time that Texas becomes a State in this Union, until contracts can be made, and the mail service put in operation on the post routes in Texas established by Congress at its present session.

[No. 6.] — A Resolution providing for temporary Mail Service in Texas.

APPROVED, May 20, 1846.

June 26, 1846.

[No. 9.] — A Resolution in Relation to the Issuing of Grants of certain Lands in Louisiana.

Attorney-General to examine evidences of title in the case of the Houma land claim, and report to President; who shall cause proceedings to be instituted to try the validity of any patents supposed to be issued contrary to law. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Attorney-General of the United States be, and he is hereby, directed to examine the evidences of title in the case of a certain Spanish land claim in the State of Louisiana, lying on the Mississippi, above New Orleans, commonly known as the Houma claim, and to report his opinion thereon to the President of the United States; and if, in the opinion of the Attorney-General, any patent or patents issued, or which may be issued, under such claim, shall have been, or shall be, issued contrary to law, that the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested to cause proceedings to be instituted in behalf of the United States, and to have the validity of such patent or patents judicially determined.

Approved, June 26, 1846.

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May 15, 1846. Preamble.

Ante, p. 8. Appropriation in act of 1846, ch.

14, for "the support of the D. of C," to be con-

strued to have been appropriated for "the sup-

port of the penitentiary" of said

District.

[No. 10.] - A Resolution supplementary to the Resolution of February twentieth, eighteen hundred and forty-five, for distributing the Works of the exploring Expedition.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That of the thirty-seven copies of the narrative and scientific works of the exploring expedition, deposited, and to be deposited, in the library of Congress, one copy shall be presented to the State of Florida; and whenever any new State shall be admitted into the Union, one copy of said works shall be presented to such State.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

[No. 11.] - A joint Resolution presenting the Thanks of Congress to Major-General Taylor, his Officers and Men.

Resolved unanimously by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress are due, and are hereby tendered, to Major-General Zachary Taylor, commanding the army of occupation, his officers and men, for the fortitude, skill, enterprise, and courage, which have distinguished the recent brilliant operations on the Rio Grande.

And be it further resolved, That Congress sincerely sympathize with the relatives and friends of the officers and soldiers of the army of the United States, who so bravely fell in the service of their country on the Rio Grande.

And be it further resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause the foregoing resolutions to be communicated to General Taylor, and through him to the army under his command.

And be it further resolved, That the President of the United States be authorized and requested to have a medal of gold procured, with appropriate devices and inscriptions thereon, and presented to General Taylor, in the name of the Republic, as a tribute due to his good conduct, valor, and generosity to the vanquished.

APPROVED, July 16, 1846.

July 16, 1846.

Thanks of Congress presented to Major-General Taylor, his officers and men.

Sympathy of Congress with the relatives and friends of those who fell in battle.

The foregoing resolutions to be communicated to Gen: Taylor, and through him to the army. President au-

thorized to cause a gold medal to be presented to Gen. Taylor, in the name of the Republic.

[No. 12.] - A joint Resolution to refund to States and Individuals Expenses incurred by them under Calls for Militia and Volunteers made by Generals Gaines and Taylor.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to refund, out of the appropriation made by the "Act providing for the Prosecution of the existing War between the United States and the Republic of Mexico," approved the thirteenth of May, one thousand eight hundred and fortysix, to the governors of the several States called upon by General Taylor and General Gaines for volunteers and militia, and also to individuals, the amount of the expenses incurred by said States and individuals, in fitting out and preparing said volunteers or militia to join the army under the command of General Taylor, to be settled upon just and equitable principles

APPROVED, July 16, 1846.

July 16, 1846.

Secretary of War authorized to refund to States and individuals amount of expenses incurred in fitting out volunteers called out by General Gaines and Taylor.

Post, p. 115.

July 15, 1846.

the

One copy of

works of

exploring expe-dition to be pre-

sented to State of

Florida, and one copy to each new

State hereafter.

July 23, 1846.

[No. 14.] — A Resolution regulating the Printing of Congress, and establishing the Compensation of [for] the same

Regulations for the printing, of the two houses of Congress.

Proviso, documents that may have been printed may again be put in type in certain cases

Rate of compensation.

How maps and charts may be obtained.

Expenses for printing, how paid.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this resolution, the printing of the two houses of Congress shall be subject to the following regulations : When any message, report. or document, communicated to both houses of Congress, shall be ordered to be printed by the Senate, the secretary shall ascertain whether the same has been previously ordered to be printed by the House of Representatives; and if so, the copies ordered by the Senate shall be supplied by the printer to the House of Representatives, for which there shall be no charge for composition; and if any such message, report, or document, shall be ordered to be printed by the House of Representatives, it shall be the duty of the clerk to ascertain whether the same has been previously ordered to be printed by the Senate; and if so, the copies ordered by the House shall be furnished by the printer to the Senate, and no charge for composition shall be allowed therefor; an [and] should an additional number of copies of any such document be ordered by either house, they shall be furnished by the printer to the house which first ordered the printing of the document, and for which no compensation for composition shall be allowed: Provided, however, That if, for the purpose of despatch, or any other cause, it shall be necessary to fulfil any order for printing, of either house, of any document which had been previously ordered to be printed, the committee on contingent expenses of the house making such order may direct that such document be again composed, or put into type; in which case composition shall be charged and allowed. And from the commencement of the present session of Congress all printing ordered by either house of Congress, where the number of copies do not exceed five thousand, shall be paid for at a rate of compensation not exceeding twenty per centum less than the rates fixed and established by the joint resolution of eighteen hundred and nineteen; and when the number of copies shall exceed five thousand, the compensation shall not exceed thirty-three and one-third per centum less than the rates allowed by the said joint resolution of eighteen hundred and nineteen. And when the committee on contingent expenses of either house shall direct a second composition, to execute any order for printing, the printing shall be done by the printer to the house making such order; and when any order for printing requires maps or charts, the same shall be obtained under the direction of the committee on contingent expenses of the house making such order; and all expenses for printing shall be paid from the contingent fund of the two houses, each house paying for the printing ordered by it, except the expense of composition, which shall be paid by the house which first ordered the document or paper to be printed; and if there shall be a second composition, it shall be paid for by the house whose committee on contingent expenses shall authorize and direct the same; and when extra copies of any document shall be ordered by both houses, and the same are executed by the same printer, the copies shall be delivered to the two houses simultaneously, in proportion to the whole number of copies which the houses have respectively ordered.

Approved, July 23, 1846.

[No. 15.] — A Resolution authorizing the Sale of certain Land at Baton Rouge to the State of Louisiana.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to sell and convey (for the use and benefit of the State of Louisiana) to the three commissioners appointed by the Legislature of said State to select a site on which to erect a State house, two or or more acres of the tract of land owned by the United States, lying in the parish of East Baton Rouge, State of Louisiana, above and adjoining the town of Baton Rouge : Provided, That, in the judgment of the President of the United States, said sale may be made without detriment to the public interest.

Approved, July 23, 1846.

[No. 16.] — Joint Resolution directing the Manner of procuring the Printing for the two Houses of Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the secretary of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Representatives be, and they are hereby, authorized and required, at the beginning of the final session of every Congress, to advertise, for four weeks successively, in all the newspapers published in the city of Washington, for sealed proposals for supplying the Senate and House of Representatives, respectively, of the next ensuing Congress, with the necessary printing for each; which advertisement shall describe the kind of printing and the quality of paper required, as near as may be, in the execution of the work; and said advertisement shall divide and classify the printing of the respective houses, as follows: One of bills and resolutions; one of reports of committees; one of journals; one of executive documents; and one for every other description of printing; each class to be a separate job, and to be provided for by separate contract. The said advertisement shall also contain a designation of the place in the said city of Washington where such sealed proposals shall be received, and the day and time of day at which said secretary and clerk will cease to receive any further proposals. And the secretary and clerk aforesaid shall provide suitable samples of the printing required, and of the paper on which the same is to be executed, to be kept at the place so designated as aforesaid at least twenty days successively before the time of receiving proposals shall expire, open to the inspection of all persons desiring to make proposals for the printing aforesaid, intelligence whereof shall be contained in said advertisement. Immediately on the expiration of the time for receiving said proposals, they shall be opened by the secretary and clerk aforesaid in the presence of the Vice-President, or President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and of such persons making proposals as may wish to be present. And the secretary of the Senate, under the supervision of the Vice-President or President of the Senate, and the clerk of the House of Representatives, under the supervision of the Speaker, shall, thereupon, let each class of said printing to the lowest bidder, who shall furnish satisfactory evidence of his practical skill and his ability to do the work, and who shall offer good and sufficient security for the faithful execution of the jobs and contracts undertaken by him. And thereupon the Vice-President or President of the Senate and its secretary, and the VOL. IX. PUB. - 15

July 23, 1846.

Secretary of War authorized to sell State of Louisiana certain land near Baton Rouge for a site for State house.

Aug. 3, 1846.

Secretary of Senate and clerk of House to advertise for proposals for printing.

What the advertisement shall contain.

Samples of the printing required to be provided and exhibited.

When and how proposals shall be opened.

Each class of printing to be let to the lowest bidder, &c.

Bonds and sufficient security to be taken. All lettings of printing to be reported to the two houses. Proviso.

Joint committee on printing to be chosen.

Their duties and powers.

Auditing of accounts.

Motions for printing extra numbers to be referred to committee of house where made. Expenses for printing — how paid.

Extra copies.

Repeal of laws inconsistent with this resolution. Speaker of the House and its clerk, shall proceed to take bonds, with good and sufficient security, for the due and faithful performance of the work; and the officers aforesaid shall immediately thereafter report to their respective houses all such lettings of printing, and the contracts relating to the same: *Provided*, That the said proposals shall remain sealed until the time appointed for examining the same.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That a committee, consisting of three members of the Senate and three members of the House of Representatives, shall be chosen by their respective houses, which shall constitute a committee on printing, which shall have power to adopt such measures as may be deemed necessary to remedy any neglect or delay on the part of the contractor to execute the work ordered by Congress, and to make a pro rata reduction in the compensation allowed, or to refuse the work altogether, should it be inferior to the standard; and in all cases, the contractor and his securities shall be responsible for any increased expenditure consequent upon the nonperformance of the contract. The committee shall audit and pass upon all accounts for printing; but no bill shall be acted upon for work that is not actually executed and delivered, and which they may require to be properly authenticated.

SEC. 3. And be it further resolved, That all motions to print extra numbers of any bill, paper, or document, in either house, shall be referred to the members of the committee of that house, who shall report upon the propriety of printing, and the probable expense thereof, as early as convenient. And all expenses for printing shall be paid from the contingent fund of the two houses, in proportion to the number of copies ordered by each, except the expense of composition, which shall be paid by the house which shall have first ordered the printing of the paper or document; and if there shall be a second composition, it shall be paid for by the house which shall authorize and direct the same; and when extra copies of any document or paper shall be ordered by both houses, they shall be delivered to the two houses simultaneously, in proportion to the number of copies by them respectively ordered.

SEC. 4. And be it further resolved, That all laws and parts of laws now in force, not in conformity with the provisions of this joint resolution, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

Aug. 3, 1846.

[No. 17.] — Joint Resolution to authorize the Secretary of War to adjudicate the Claims of the Su-quah-natch-ah, and other Clans of Choctaw Indians, whose cases were left undetermined by the Commissioners for the Want of the Township Maps.

Secretary of War authorized to decide certain Choctaw claims, and to award land scrip therefor.

1842, ch. 187.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War, for the purpose of consummating the claims of the Su-quah-natch-ah and other clans of Choctaw Indians, in whose cases the testimony was taken by the commissioners appointed by virtue of the act approved the twenty-third of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and returned to the war department, but judgment was not entered up for the want of the maps whereby the location of the lands of the claimants and the allotment of land or scrip, respectively, to each, could alone be determined, be, and he is hereby, authorized to decide the same, and award land or scrip in each case, as the testimony already taken may justify.

APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

[No. 20.] - Joint Resolution directing the Payment of certain Volunteers and Militia, under the Limitations therein prescribed.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause to be paid, out of the appropriation made by the act providing for the prosecution of the existing war between the United States of America and the Republic of Mexico, approved the thirteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to the volunteers and militia, called and actually received, by virtue of the orders of General E. P. Gaines, into the service of the United States, during the present year, and discharged before joining the army, and such companies as were actually organized and rendezvoused under said call, including the two companies of Major Gally's command, and the company at Baton Rouge arsenal; and also the company of Mississippi volunteers, (Natchez Fencibles,) and also the company of Mississippi volunteers, (Pontotoc Rovers,) organized and assembled at Vicksburg, and afterwards disbanded or discharged, and the companies of Ohio volunteers assembled at camp Washington, near Cincinnati, and who claim to have been mustered into service, one day's pay and allowances for every day detained in service, and the usual travelling allowances, and no more. And further, that where States or individuals have paid the expenses or provided the means of transportation of volunteers to the place of rendezvous, and furnished subsistence or clothing, the proportional amount thus furnished to each man, not exceeding the legal allowance to each, may be charged on the pay rolls, and withheld, and paid to the State or individual who actually provided the same. And further, that, when surgeons and assistant-surgeons have attended regiments of volunteers to the time when medical officers duly appointed by the United States entered upon their duties with said regiments, they may receive the same rate of compensation, and to a like number, as provided for by law; and persons doing the duties of missaries. assistant quartermasters and assistant commissaries, under like circumstances, may in like manner receive the same rate of compensation, and to a like number, as authorized by existing law.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

[No. 23.] — A Resolution appointing Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Rufus Choate, of Massachusetts, Gideon Hawley, of New York, Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, William C. Preston, of South Carolina, and Alexander Dallas Bache and Joseph G. Totten, residents of the city of Washington, be, and the same are hereby, appointed regents of the Smithsonian Institution, in accordance with the provisions of the act establishing said institution.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

[No. 24.] - A Resolution relative to Errors and defective Returns in certain Surveys, Plats, and Field Notes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ

Aug. 8, 1846.

Ante, p. 111.

Certain volunteers called out and received into service under or-ders of General Gaines to be paid out of the appropriation in act of May 13, 1846. Ante, p. 9.

Where individuals or States have paid expenses or provided transportation, &c., how to be refunded.

Compensation of surgeons and assistant 8117geons, and of as-sistant quartermasters and com-

Aug. 10, 1846.

Regents of the Smithsonian Institution. Ante, p. 103.

Aug. 10, 1846

Commissioner of General Land Office to ascertain damages sustained by purchasers of certain land in Michigan.

some suitable person to ascertain and report to the said Commissioner of the General Land Office the amount of damages sustained by the respective purchasers of public lands in township one south, range seven east, in the State of Michigan, (or by their respective assignees and legal representatives,) by, or in consequence of, the erroneous or fraudulent surveys of said township, or of the imperfect or false returns thereof; and it shall be the duty of such person so employed, to proceed to such township, and, upon view of the premises, and upon hearing the proofs of the parties in interest, to estimate and ascertain said damages, and to report his opinion and decision thereon, specifying in his said report each individual case, and the facts and reasons upon which his opinion may be founded.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the second Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 7th Day of December, 1846, and ended on the 3d Day of March, 1847.

JAMES K. POLK, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice-President, and President of the Senate; JOHN W. DAVIS, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAPTER I. — An Act for the Admission of the State of Iowa into the Union.	Dec. 28, 1846.
WHEREAS the people of the Territory of Iowa did, on the eighteenth day of May, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-six, by a convention of delegates called and assembled for that purpose, form for themselves a constitution and State government — which constitution is republican in its character and features — and said convention has asked admission of the said Territory into the Union as a State, on an equal footing with the original States, in obe- dience to "An Act for the Admission of the States of Iowa and	1849, ch. 78. Preamble.
Florida into the Union," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and "An Act to define the Boundaries of the State	1845, ch. 48.
of Iowa, and to repeal so much of the Act of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five as relates to the Boundaries of Iowa," which said last act was approved August fourth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-six : Therefore —	1846, ch. 82.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Iowa shall be one, and is hereby declared to be one, of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatsoever.	Iowa admitted into the Union.
SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the provisions of "An Act supplemental to the Act for the Admission of the States of Iowa and Florida into the Union," approved March third, eighteen hun- dred and forty-five, be, and the same are hereby declared to con- tinue and remain in full force as applicable to the State of Iowa, as hereby admitted and received into the Union. APPROVED, December 28, 1846.	Former act con- tinued in force. 1845, ch. 76.

CHAP. 11. - An Act to encourage Enlistments in the regular Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the continuance of the war with Mexico, the term of enlistment of the men to be recruited for the regiments of dragoons, artillery, infantry, and riflemen of the present military establishment, shall "be during (117)

Jan. 12, 1847.

STATUTE IL

Enlistments to be for the war. the war," or five years, at the option of the recruit, unless sooner discharged.

Bounty to recruits.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed and paid to every able-bodied man who shall be duly enlisted to serve in the artillery or infantry for the term of five years, or during the war, a bounty of twelve dollars; but the payment of six dollars of the said bounty shall be deferred until the recruit shall have joined for duty the regiment in which he is to serve.

APPROVED, January 12, 1847.

Jan. 26, 1847.

States may tax the public lands

after the day of

sale.

CHAP. III. - An Act declaring the Assent of Congress to certain States to impose a Tax upon all Lands hereafter sold by the United States therein, from and after the day of such Sale.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the assent of Congress is hereby given to the several States admitted into the Union prior to the twenty-fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and twenty, to impose a tax or taxes upon all lands hereafter sold by the United States, in said States, from and after the day of such sale: Provided, That the assent hereby given shall in no wise impair that provision of the compact with the said States which declares that all lands belonging to citizens of the United States residing without the said States shall never be taxed higher than lands belonging to persons residing therein.

APPROVED, January 26, 1847.

Jan. 28, 1847.

CHAP. V. — An Act authorizing the Issue of Treasury Notes, a Loan, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to cause treasury notes, for such sum or sums as the exigencies of the government may require, but not exceeding, in the whole amount of notes issued, the sum of twenty-three millions of dollars, and of denominations not less than fifty dollars for any one note, to be prepared, signed, and issued, in the manner hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes when to be authorized to be issued by the first section of this act, shall be reimbursed and redeemed by the United States, at the treasury thereof, after the expiration of one year or two years from the dates of the said notes respectively; from which said dates they shall bear such interest, until they shall be respectively redeemed, as shall be expressed upon the face of the said notes; which rate of interest upon each several issue of the said notes shall be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, by and with the advice and approbation of the President; but shall in no case exceed the rate of interest of six per centum per annum: Provided, That after the maturity of any of the said notes, such interest shall cease at the expiration of sixty days' notice, to be given at any time by the Secretary of the Treasury, in one or more of the principal papers published at the seat of government, of a readiness to redeem the same. The reimbursement herein provided for shall be made at the treasury of the United States to the holders of the said notes respectively, upon presentment, and shall include the principal of each note, and the interest which may be due thereon at the time of payment. For this reimbursement, at the time and times

\$23,000,000 of treasury notes authorized.

paid.

Rate of interest.

Interest to cease sixty days after notice.

herein specified, the faith of the United States is hereby solemnly pledged.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes shall be prepared under the direction of the Secretary of the Treas- signed, &c. ury, and shall be signed, on behalf of the United States, by the treasurer thereof, and countersigned by the register of the treasury; and that those officers respectively shall, as checks upon each other, and to secure the public safety, keep separate, full, and accurate accounts of the number, date, denomination, and amount, of all the notes signed and countersigned by them respectively, which said account shall be entered in a book or books, to be provided for that purpose, and carefully preserved in the treasury department; and also similar accounts, kept and preserved in the same manner, of all the said notes redeemed, as the same shall be returned and cancelled; and the treasurer shall further account, quarterly, for all such notes delivered to him for signature or issue by the register. The treasurer and register of the treasury are hereby authorized, by and with the consent and approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, to employ such additional temporary clerks as the duties enjoined upon them by this act may render necessary : Provided, Said number shall not exceed five, and with a salary of not more than at the rate of twelve hundred dollars to each per annum.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, with the approbation of the President of the United States, to cause to be issued such portion of the said treasury notes as the President may think expedient in payment of debts due by the United States, to such public creditors, or other persons, as may choose to receive such notes in payment, as aforesaid, at par. And the Secretary of the Treasury is further authorized, with the approbation of the President of the United States, to borrow from time to time such sums as the President may think expedient on the credit of such notes: Provided, however, That no treasury notes shall be pledged, hypothecated, sold, or disposed of in any wise for any purpose whatever, directly or indirectly, for any sum less than the amount of such notes, including the principal and interest thereon when disposed of.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes shall be transferable, by delivery and assignment endorsed thereon, by the person to whose order the same shall on the face thereof have been made payable.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said treasury notes shall be received in payment of all duties and taxes laid by the authority of the United States, of all public lands sold by the said authority, and of all debts to the United States of any character whatsoever, which may be due and payable at the time when said treasury notes may be so offered in payment; and on every such payment credit shall be given for the amount of the principal and interest which, on the day of such payment, may be due on the note or notes thus given in payment.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That every collector, receiver of public moneys, or other officer or agent of the United States, shall, on the receipt of any treasury notes in payment for the government, take from the holder thereof a receipt on the back of each of said notes, stating distinctly the date, and the amount received; and shall keep, according to such forms as shall be prescribed by the Secretary and entry made. of the Treasury, entries of whom received, the number, date, and respective amounts of principal and interest of each and every treasury note thus received; and on delivering the same to the treasury shall receive credit for the amount paid as prescribed by the last section : Provided, no error shall appear.

Notes, how

Accounts to be kept.

Additional clerks author. ized.

May be issued to creditors.

May be pledged.

But not for less than par.

How transferable.

To be receivable for all public dues.

On payment, a receipt to be taken.

Payment.

Purchase by U. S.

Appropriation for payment.

Penalty for forging or counterfeiting, &c., said notes.

Penalty for making or keeping an engraved Plate, &c., of said notes.

Secretary of the Treasury to make rules, &c.

Reissue.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be reimbursed and paid the principal and interest of the treasury notes which may be issued by virtue of this act, at the several time and times when the same, according to the provisions of this act, should be thus reimbursed and paid. And the said Secretary is further authorized to make purchases of the said notes at par for the amount of the principal and interest due at the time of purchase on such notes. And so much of unappropriated money in the treasury as may be necessary for that purpose is hereby appropriated for paying the principal and interest of said notes.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall falsely make, forge, or counterfeit, or cause or procure to be falsely made, forged, or counterfeited, or willingly aid or assist in falsely making, forging, or counterfeiting, any note in imitation of, or purporting to be, a treasury note aforesaid, or shall falsely alter, or cause or procure to be falsely altered, or willingly aid or assist in falsely altering, any treasury note issued as aforesaid, or shall pass, utter, or publish, or attempt to pass, utter, or publish as true, any false, forged, or counterfeited note, purporting to be a treasury note as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely forged or counterfeited, or shall pass, utter, or publish as true, any falsely altered treasury note issued as aforesaid, knowing the same to be falsely altered, every such person shall be deemed and adjudged guilty of felony, and being thereof convicted, by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labor for a period not less than three years nor more than ten years, and to be fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall make or engrave, or cause or procure to be made or engraved, or shall have in his custody or possession any metallic plate engraved after the similitude of any plate from which any notes issued as aforesaid shall have been printed, with intent to use such plate, or cause or suffer the same to be used in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, or shall have in his custody or possession any blank note or notes engraved and printed after the similitude of any notes issued as aforesaid, with intent to use such blanks, or cause or suffer the same to be used in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, or shall have in his custody or possession any paper adapted to the making of notes and similar to the paper upon which any such notes shall have been issued, with intent to use such paper or cause or suffer the same to be used in forging or counterfeiting any of the notes issued as aforesaid, every such person being thereof convicted by due course of law, shall be sentenced to be imprisoned, and kept to hard labor, for a term not less than three nor more than ten years, and fined in a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to make and issue, from time to time, such instructions, rules, and regulations to the several collectors, receivers of public money, depositaries, and all others who may be authorized to receive the said treasury notes on behalf of and as agents in any capacity for the United States, as to the safe-keeping, disposition, return, and cancelling of the said notes so paid to and received by them, respectively, and as to their accounts and returns to the department of such receipts as may seem to him best calculated to promote the public interests and convenience, and secure the United States and the holders of the notes against fraud and losses.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That, in lieu of the notes authorized by this act which may be redeemed, other notes may be issued: *Provided*, however, The amount of such notes outstanding, together with the stock issued by virtue of the thirteenth and sixteenth sections of this act, shall not exceed the sum of twenty-three millions of dollars.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the holders of the aforesaid treasury notes to present them, at any time, to the treasury of the United States, or to any assistant treasurer, or to such collectors of the customs and receivers of public moneys as may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury; and the holders of the said treasury notes shall be entitled to receive therefor the amount of the principal of the said notes in a certificate or certificates of funded stock, bearing interest at six per centum per annum, from the date of such presentment of said treasury notes, and for the interest, shall be paid in money; and the stock thus to be issued shall be transferable on the books of the treasury: *Provided*, however, and be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the United States to Teimburse the stock thus created, at any time after the last day of December, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the holder of any treasury notes issued, or authorized to be issued, under this act or any laws heretofore passed, to convert the same into certificates of funded stock, upon the same terms and in the same manner hereinbefore provided in relation to the treasury notes authorized by the first section of this act.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the authority to issue treasury notes authorized by the "Act authorizing an Issue of Treasury Notes and a Loan," approved July twenty-second, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, be, and the same is hereby, extended to the same period fixed for the treasury notes authorized by this act, and upon the same terms and conditions herein specified : *Provided*, That the treasury notes authorized by this section shall not exceed five million of dollars.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That the President, if in his opinion it shall be the interest of the United States so to do, instead of issuing the whole amount of treasury notes authorized by the first section of this act, may borrow, on the credit of the United States, such an amount of money as he may deem proper, and issue therefor stock of the United States, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum for the sum thus borrowed, redeemable after thirty-first December, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven: Provided, however, That the sum so borrowed, together with the treasury notes issued under the first and twelfth sections of this act outstanding, and the stock created by this and the thirteenth section of this act, shall not in the whole exceed the sum of twenty-three millions of dollars: And provided further, That no stock shall be issued at a less rate than par.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That the interest on the stock created by this act shall be payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That the certificates of stock to be issued under this act shall be signed by the register of the treasury, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause each of said certificates to be sealed with the seal of his department.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That for the payment of the stock which may be created under the provisions of this act the sales of the public lands are hereby pledged, and it is hereby made the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to use and apply all moneys which may be received into the treasury for the sales of the public lands after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight,

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Amount not to exceed \$23,000,000.

May be con-

Stock when reimbursable.

Same subject.

Act of 1846, ch. 64, extended.

Stock may be issued instead of notes.

Whole amount not to exceed \$23,000,000.

Proviso.

Interest payable 1st of January and July.

Certificates of stock, how signed.

Proceeds of public lands pledged for redemption. Proviso repealed, post, p. 369.

Contingent expenses.

Amount issued or redeemed to be published monthly.

Issue, when to cease.

Report to Congress, at each session. first, to pay the interest on all stocks issued by virtue of this act; and, secondly, to use the balance of said receipts, after paying the interest aforesaid, in the purchase of said stocks at their market value: *Provided*, No more than par shall be paid for said stocks.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That a sum not exceeding twenty-thousand dollars, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, be, and the same is hereby appropriated, for defraying the expense of preparing, printing, engraving, and otherwise, incident to the issuing of the treasury notes and stock authorized by this act: *Provided*, That no compensation shall be made to any officer whose salary is fixed by law, for preparing, signing, or issuing treasury notes or certificates of stock.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That it shall be, and hereby is, made the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause a statement to be published monthly of the amount of all treasury notes issued or redeemed in pursuance of the provisions of this act; and that the power to issue treasury notes conferred on the President of the United States by this act shall cease and determine six months after the exchange and ratification of a treaty of peace with the Republic of Mexico.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to report to Congress at the commencement of each session the amount of treasury notes which have been issued under the provisions of this act, the amount redeemed, and the manner in which redeemed, the amount purchased and of whom, and at what time purchased, and the amount reissued, stating in lieu of which redemption they are reissued, with the date of such reissue, during the preceding year.

APPROVED, January 28, 1847.

Feb. 2, 1847.

CHAP. VI. — An Act to provide for the Establishment of additional Post Routes in the State of Texas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following additional post routes be established in the State of Texas:

From Sabine City, via Beaumont, Jasper L. Norvill's, and J. Kendrick's, to San Augustine.

From Lyon's Post-Office, in Louisiana, via Salem and Patillos to Beaumont.

From Alexandria, Louisiana, via Burr's Ferry, on the Sabine River, and the county site of Newton, to Jasper.

From Nacogdoches, via county site of Angelina, to county site of Tyler.

From Sabine Town, via Pendleton and Hamilton, to Shelbyville.

From Crockett to Palestine.

From Shelbyville, via Henderson, to the county site of Smith.

From Shelbyville, via Colonel H. C. Ashton's, Logansport, and McMillen's, to Pulaski.

From Greenwood, Louisiana, via Sheenick's Ferry and Rives's Landing, to Moore's Post-Office, and from Shreevesport, via Port Caddo, to Jefferson, in Cass county.

From Nacogdoches, via county site of Cherokee, Anglin's, Palestine, and the county site of Henderson, to Dallas.

From Jefferson, in Cass county, via the county site of Cass, via Dangerfield, the county site of Titus, (Mount Pleasant,) the county site of Hopkins, (Tar. ant,) and the county site of Hunt, to Dallas.

From Bonham, via Warren, to county site of Grayson, (Sherman,) and from Sherman, via Pinckneysville, to Stewartville: and the existing route from Bonham to Dallas shall be so changed as to pass through Buckner, Stewartville, and Cedar Spring.

From Marshall, via the county site of Upshur and the county site of Henderson, to Buffalo, on the Trinity.

From county site of Upshur, via county site of Titus, to Clarksville, and from Paris to Tarrant.

From county site of Cherokee, via the "Saline (Neches.)" and the county site of Smith, to county site of Unshur.

From Galveston to Sabine Pass.

From Houston, via Linchburg and Cedar Bayou, to Liberty.

From Austin, via San Marco and New Braunfels, to San Antonio. From La Grange, via Lyons, Chawdoin's, Hallett's, Petersburgh,

and Shibbling's Mills, to Victoria.

From Gonzales, via Cuero, and Victoria, to Port La Bacca.

From Port La Bacca, via Indian Point and Port Caballo, to Matagorda.

From Galveston, via Springfield and Shelton's, to Chamber's Creek.

From Victoria, via Goliad, Refugio, and San Patricio, to Corpus Christi.

From Brasos Santiago, via Point Isabel, to Fort Brown.

From Corpus Christi to Brasos Santiago.

From Austin to Fredericksburg.

From San Antonio to Castroville.

SEC. 2. Whereas the following routes have been put in operation by the agent, under a misconstruction of the law, viz:

From Crockett to Fort Houston:

From Columbia, via Hinds, Liverpool, and Parker's Point, to Galveston:

From Port La Bacca, via Victoria and Cuero, to Gonzales;

From Matagorda to Port Caballo:

From Port Caballo to Port La Bacca;

Be it further enacted, That they are hereby legalized by this act up to the time the new routes established by this act go into operation, when they shall cease.

APPROVED, February 2, 1847.

CHAP. VII. - An Act to provide for the Payment of any Interest, falling due, on Feb. 9, 1847. the Public Debt.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be paid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise ap- lic debt. propriated, any interest falling due, or accruing on, any portion of the public debt authorized by law.

APPROVED, February 9, 1847.

CHAP. VIII. - An Act to raise for a limited Time an additional military Force, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That in addition to raised.

Feb. 11, 1847. Ten additional regiments to be

terest on the pub-

Certain routes legalized.

Payment of in-

the present military establishment of the United States there shall be raised and organized, under the direction of the President, for and during the war with Mexico, one regiment of dragoons and nine regiments of infantry, each to be composed of the same number and rank of commissioned and non-commissioned officers, buglers, musicians, and privates, &c., as are provided for a regiment of dragoons and infantry, respectively, under existing laws, and who shall receive the same pay, rations, and allowances according to their respective grades, and be subject to the same regulations, and to the rules and articles of war: Provided, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States alone to appoint such of the commissioned officers, authorized by this act, below the grade of field officers, as may not be appointed during the present session : Provided, That one or more of the regiments of infantry authorized to be raised by this section may, at the discretion of the President, be organized and equipped as voltigeurs, and as foot-riflemen, and be provided with a rocket and mountain howitzer battery.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, during the continuance of the war with Mexico, the term of enlistment of the men to be recruited for the regiments authorized by this act, shall be during the war, unless sooner discharged.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint one additional major to each of the regiments of dragoons, artillery, infantry, and riflemen in the army of the United States, who shall be taken from the captains of the army.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That to each of the regiments of dragoons, artillery, infantry, and riflemen, there shall be allowed a regimental quartermaster, to be taken from the subalterns of the line, who shall be allowed ten dollars additional pay per month, and forage for two horses.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said officers, musicians, and privates, authorized by this act, shall immediately be discharged from the service of the United States at the close of the war with Mexico.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint one surgeon and two assistant surgeons to each regiment raised under this act.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That, during the war with Mexico, it shall be lawful for the officers composing the councils of administration of the several regiments constituting a brigade, either regular or volunteer, in the service of the United States, to employ some proper person to officiate as chaplain to such brigade; and the person so employed, shall, upon the certificate of the commander of the brigade, receive for his services seven hundred and fifty dollars, one ration, and forage for one horse, per annum: *Provided*, That the chaplains now attached to the regular army, and stationed at different military posts, may, at the discretion of the Secretary of War, be required to repair to the army in Mexico, whenever a majority of the men at the posts where they are respectively stationed shall have left them for service in the field; and should any of said chaplains refuse, or decline to do this, when ordered so to do by the adjutantgeneral, the office of such chaplain shall be deemed vacant, and the pay and emoluments thereof be stopped.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is hereby authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the

Appointment of officers.

Voltigeurs, and foot-riflemen.

'Term of enlistment.

Additional major to each regiment authorized; whence taken.

Additional quartermasters authorized.

Discharge on termination of war. 1848, ch. 104.

Additional surgeons, and assistant surgeons.

Chaplains.

Pay.

At posts may be ordered to join army. Senate, to appoint two additional surgeons and twelve additional assistant surgeons in the regular army of the United States, subject to the provisions of an act entitled, "An Act to increase and regulate the Pay of the Surgeons and Assistant Surgeons of the Army," approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four; and that the officers whose appointment is authorized by this section, shall receive the pay and allowances of officers of the same grades respectively; and that the rank of the officers of the medical department of the army shall be arranged upon the same basis which at present determines the amount of their pay and emoluments: *Provided*, That the medical officers shall not in virtue of such rank be entitled to command in the line or other staff departments of the army.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That each non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, enlisted or to be enlisted in the regular army, or regularly mustered in any volunteer company for a period of not less than twelve months, who has served or may serve during the present war with Mexico, and who shall receive an honorable discharge, or who shall have been killed, or died of wounds received or sickness incurred in the course of such service, or who shall have been discharged before the expiration of his term of service in consequence of wounds received or sickness incurred in the course of such service, shall be entitled to receive a certificate or warrant from the war department for the quantity of one hundred and sixty acres, and which may be located by the warrantee, or his heirs at law at any land office of the United States, in one body, and in conformity to the legal subdivisions of the public lands, upon any of the public lands in such district then subject to private entry; and upon the return of such certificate or warrant, with evidence of the location thereof having been legally made, to the General Land Office, a patent shall be issued therefor. That in the event of the death of any such non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, during service, or after his discharge, and before the issuing of a certificate or warrant as aforesaid, the said certificate or warrant shall be issued in favor, and inure to the benefit, of his family or relatives, according to the following rules: first, to the widow and to his children; second, his father; third, his mother. And in the event of his children being minors, then the legally-constituted guardian of such minor children shall, in conjunction with such of the children, if any, as may be of full age, upon being duly authorized by the orphans' or other court having probate jurisdiction, have power to sell and dispose of such certificate or warrant for the benefit of those interested. And all sales, mortgages, powers, or other instruments of writing, going to affect the title or claim to any such bounty right, made or executed prior to the issue of such warrant or certificate, shall be null and void to all intents and purposes whatsoever, nor shall such claim to bounty right be in any wise affected by, or charged with, or subject to, the payment of any debt or claim incurred by the soldier prior to the issuing of such certificate or warrant: Provided, that no land warrant issued under the provisions of this act shall be laid upon any lands of the United States to which there shall be a preëmption right, or upon which there shall be an actual settlement and cultivation: Provided, further, That every such non-commissioned officer, musician, and private, who may be entitled, under the provisions of this act, to receive a certificate or warrant for one hundred and sixty acres of land, shall be allowed the option to receive such certificate or warrant, or a treasury scrip for one hundred dollars; and such scrip, whenever it is preferred, shall be issued by the Secretary of the Treasury to such person or persons as would be authorized to receive

Two additional surgeons, and twelve assistant surgeons, to be appointed in the regular army.

1834, ch. 133.

Non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, under certain circum stances, to receive a warrany for 160 acres c^{*} land.

1848, ch. 49.

Mode of proceeding in case of death of soldier.

1848, ch. 49.

Proviso.

Proviso, that every person entitled to receive a land warrant may receive scrip for \$100, bearing 6 per cent interest. such certificates or warrants for lands; said scrip to bear an interest of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, redeemable at the pleasure of the government. And that each private, non-commissioned officer, and musician, who shall have been received into the service of the United States, since the commencement of the war with Mexico, for less than twelve months, and shall have served for such term or until honorably discharged, shall be entitled to receive a warrant for forty acres of land, which may be subject to private entry. or twenty-five dollars in scrip, if preferred; and in the event of the death of such volunteer during his term of service, or after an honorable discharge, but before the passage of this act, then the warrant for such land or scrip, shall issue to the wife, child, or children, if there be any, and, if none, then to the father, and, if there be no father. then to the mother of such deceased volunteer: Provided, That nothing contained in this section shall be construed to give bounty land to such volunteers as were accepted into service, and discharged without being marched to the seat of war.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint, from the officers of the army, four quartermasters of the rank of major, and ten assistant quartermasters with the rank of captain.

APPROVED, February 11, 1847.

Feb. 15, 1847.

Term of the

Circuit Court for

the District of North

altered.

Carolina

CHAP. IX. - An Act to change the Time of holding one of the Terms of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of North Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of North Carolina now by law appointed to be held on the first Monday of December, shall hereafter be held on the last Monday of November (instead of the first Monday of December) in each and every year, and all actions, suits, appeals, recognizances, writs, processes, and other proceedings whatever, pending in said court, or returnable thereto, shall have day, and be heard, tried, proceeded with, and decided accordingly.

APPROVED, February 15, 1847.

CHAP. XIII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of revolutionary and other Pensions of the United States, for the Year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

For revolutionary pensions, under the act of the eighteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, sixty-seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For invalid pensions, under various acts, one hundred and sixty-six thousand dollars.

Non-commissioned officers, &c., under cer-tain circumstances, to receive a warrant for 40 acres of land, or \$25 in scrip.

President to appoint four quartermasters and ten assistants.

Feb. 20, 1847.

Appropriations.

Revolutionary pensioners.

Invalid pensioners.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under the act of the fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, two hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the act of the seventh of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, and the acts supplementary thereto, two hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the act of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, fifty-six thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the act of the seventeenth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, four hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For half-pay pensions to widows and orphans, payable through the third auditor's office, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For arrearages prior to July first, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, payable through the third auditor's office, one thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to make such compensation to agents for paying pensions as may be just and reasonable, to be paid out of the fund appropriated for the payment of revolutionary pensions, but in no case to exceed two per centum on moneys disbursed by them; the said compensation to be in full for all their services, and any contingent expenses that may arise in the discharge of their official duties, books, printing, and stationery excepted: Provided, That the amount of compensation allowed to any one pension agent shall not exceed one thousand dollars per annum: And, provided further, That the Secretary of War shall so regulate the remittances made to pension agents as to prevent an undue accumulation of balances in their hands.

APPROVED, February 20, 1847.

CHAP. XVI. — An Act to regulate the Carriage of Passengers in Merchant Vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That if the master of any vessel owned in whole or in part by a citizen of the United States of America, or by a citizen of any foreign country, shall take on board such vessel, at any foreign port or place, a greater number of passengers than in the following proportion to the space occupied by them and appropriated for their use, and unoccupied by stores, or 1848, ch. 41, § 10. other goods, not being the personal luggage of such passengers, that is to say, on the lower deck or platform one passenger for every fourteen clear superficial feet of deck, if such vessel is not to pass within the tropics during such voyage; but if such vessel is to pass within the tropics during such voyage, then one passenger for every twenty such clear superficial feet of deck, and on the orlop deck (if any) one passenger for every thirty such superficial feet in all cases, with intent to bring such passengers to the United States of America, and shall leave such port or place with the same, and bring the same or any number thereof, within the jurisdiction of the United States aforesaid, or if any such master of vessel shall take on board of his vessel, at any port or place within the jurisdiction of the United States aforesaid, any greater number of passengers than the proportions aforesaid admit, with intent to carry the same to any foreign port or place, every such master shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof before any circuit or district court of the United States aforesaid, shall,

Pensions to widows and orphans. 1836, ch. 362. 1838, ch. 189.

1843, cb. 102.

1844, ch. 102.

Half-pay pen-sions to widows and orphans. Arrearages.

Compensation to pension agents, ac.

Proviso.

Balances not to accumulate.

Feb. 22, 1847.

1849, ch. 111. 1847, ch. 34. Number of passengers which may be taken on board of vessels limited.

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Penalty.

for each passenger taken on board beyond the above proportions, be fined in the sum of fifty dollars, and may also be imprisoned for any term not exceeding one year: *Provided*, That this act shall not be construed to permit any ship or vessel to carry more than two passengers to five tons of such ship or vessel.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if the passengers so taken on board of such vessel, and brought into or transported from the United States aforesaid, shall exceed the number limited by the last section to the number of twenty in the whole, such vessel shall be forfeited to the United States aforesaid, and be prosecuted and distributed as forfeitures are under the act to regulate duties on imports and tonnage.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any such vessel as aforesaid shall have more than two tiers of berths, or in case, in such vessel, the interval between the floor and the deck or platform beneath shall not be at least six inches, and the berths well constructed, or in case the dimensions of such berths shall not be at least six feet in length, and at least eighteen inches in width, for each passenger as aforesaid, then the master of said vessel, and the owners thereof, severally, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five dollars for each and every passenger on board of said vessel on such voyage, to be recovered by the United States as aforesaid, in any Circuit or District Court of the United States where such vessel may arrive, or from which she sails.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, for the purposes of this act, it shall in all cases be computed that two children, each being under the age of eight years, shall be equal to one passenger, and that children under the age of one year shall not be included in the computation of the number of passengers.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the amount of the several penalties imposed by this act shall be liens on the vessel or vessels violating its provisions; and such vessel may be libelled and sold therefor in the district court of the United States aforesaid in which such vessel shall arrive.

APPROVED, February 22, 1847.

Feb. 22, 1847.

CHAP. XVII.—An Act to regulate the Exercise of the appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States, in certain Cases, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all and singular the records of the proceedings in the several cases which were pending in the superior courts [of the] late Territory of Florida, under and by virtue of the act of Congress of the twenty-third of May, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, entitled "An Act Supplementary to the several Acts providing for the Settlement and Confirmation of private Land Claims in Florida," and under and by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the final Settlement of Land Claims in Florida," approved twenty-sixth May, eighteen hundred and thirty, and in the several cases which were pending in the Court of Appeals of the same Territory, on the third day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and all and singular the records of the proceedings in the several cases in which judgments or decrees had been rendered in the said courts on or before that day, and from which writs of error could have been sued out or appeals could have been taken, or from which writs of error had been

Proviso.

Vessels having on hoard twenty passengers more than the number limited, to be forfeited.

Tiers of berths and space alloted for passengers.

Penalty.

Children how reckoned.

Post, p. 149.

Penalties to be liens on the vessels, &c.

Jurisdiction of suits.

Records and proceedings in certain cases to be transferred to the District Court of the U. S. for the District of Florida. 1828, ch. 70.

1830, ch. 106.

sued out, or appeals had been taken, and prosecuted to the Supreme Court of the United States, according to the laws of the United States which were in force on the said third day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, shall, from and after the passing of this act, be transferred to and deposited in the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the judge of the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida, immediately after the passing of this act, to cause the same to be notified to the several clerks of the superior courts, or other officers or persons having in their possession or custody the records of the proceedings in the first section of this act referred to and described, and to demand the delivery of the same, to be deposited as in and by the said first section of this act is required; and on the refusal of such clerk or other officer or person to comply with such demand, the said judge of the District Court of the United States is hereby authorized and required to compel the delivery of the said records by attachment or otherwise, according to law.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in all cases in which judgment or decrees have been rendered in the said superior courts or Court of Appeals of the late Territory of Florida, and from which writs of error have been sued out or appeals have been taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, the said Supreme Court shall be, and is hereby, authorized to hear and determine the same, and the mandates of the said Supreme Court for the execution of the judgments or decrees so to be rendered by them, and all other writs which may be necessary in the exercise of the appellate jurisdiction of the said court in such cases, shall be directed to the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida; and the said District Court shall cause the same to be duly executed and obeyed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida shall take cognizance of all cases which were pending and undetermined in the said superior courts, under and by virtue of the act of Congress of the twenty-third May, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, entitled "An Act supplementary to the several Acts providing for the Settlement and Confirmation of private Land Claims in Florida," and under and by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the final Settlement of Land Claims in Florida," approved twenty-sixth May, eighteen hundred and thirty; and of all cases which were pending and undetermined in the Court of Appeals of the late Territory of Florida, and from the judgments or decrees to be rendered in which writs of error could have been sued out or appeals could have been taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, under the laws which were in force on the third day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and shall proceed to hear and determine the same; and from the judgments or decrees to be rendered by the said District Court, writs of error may be sued out or appeals may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner as if such judgments or decrees had been rendered in the Court of Appeals of the Territory of Florida; and the mandates and all writs necessary to the exercise of the appellate jurisdiction of the said Supreme Court in such cases, shall be directed to the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida, and the said District Court shall cause the same to be duly executed and obeyed.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That in all cases not legally transferred to the State courts in which judgments or decrees have been rendered in the superior courts or Court of Appeals of the late Vol. IX. PUB. - 17

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The judge to cause the same to be notified to the clerks of the superior courts, &c.

Delivery of records, &c. may be compelled.

Writs of error and appeals to the Supreme Court of the U. States, from certain courts in Florida.

District Court of Florida to take cognizance of certain cases. 1828, ch. 70.

1830, ch. 106.

Appeals.

One year allowed to the parties in certain cases for suing out writs of error and taking appeals to the Supreme Court U. States.

Transfer of unfinished business and proceedings.

1834, ch. 87.

The provisions of this act made applicable to cases pending in the courts of the late Territory of Michigan.

Other cases which are to be transferred to the District Court for the District of Florida.

Writs of error and appeals.

Limitation of one year.

Construction of this act. Territory of Florida from which writs of error could have been sued out or appeals could have been taken to the Court of Appeals of said Territory, or to the Supreme Court of the United States under the laws which were in force on the third day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and in which writs of error have not hitherto been sued out or appeals have not hitherto been taken, there shall be allowed to the parties in the said cases the term of one year, from and after the passing of this act, for suing out such writs of error or taking such appeals to the SupremeCourt of the United States, which shall have jurisdiction to review the same.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That any unfinished business or proceedings now remaining or pending before the judge of the superior court at St. Augustine, as a commissioner under and by virtue of the "Act for the Relief of certain Inhabitants of East Florida," approved twenty-sixth June, eighteen hundred and thirty-four. or under any other act granting special powers, or imposing special duties upon said judge be, and the same are hereby, transferred to the judge of the District Court of the District of Florida, to be proceeded in and finished, or decided, in the same manner provided for by law; and the said district judge shall have, exercise, and possess. the same duties, powers, and rights, which have by virtue of the act of twenty-sixth June, eighteen hundred and thirty-four aforesaid, or otherwise, been possessed and exercised by the said judge of the superior court at St. Augustine, so far as may be necessary to enable the said district judge to determine and finish any matter, business, or proceedings now pending and undetermined before the judge of the superior court aforesaid, by virtue of any such special act.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all and singular, the provisions of this act, so far as may be, shall be, and they are hereby, made applicable to all cases which were pending in the supreme or other superior courts of and for the late Territory of Michigan at the time said Territory was admitted as a State into the Union, and to all cases in which judgments or decrees have been rendered in said supreme or superior court of said late Territory of Michigan, and not hitherto removed as aforesaid by writ of error or appeal.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That in all cases pending in any of the superior courts of said Territory of Florida, or in the Court of Appeals of said Territory, on the third day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and not legally transferred to the State courts of the State of Florida, and which said territorial courts continued to hold cognizance of, and proceeded to determine after said day, or which are claimed to have been since pending therein as courts of the United States; and in all cases of federal character, and jurisdiction commenced in said territorial courts after said day, and in which judgments or decrees were rendered, or which are claimed to have been since pending therein, the records and proceedings thereof, and the judgments or decrees therein are hereby transferred to the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida; and writs of error and appeals may be taken by either party to remove the judgments or decrees that have been, or may be, rendered in such cases unto the Supreme Court of the United States, and the Supreme Court may hear and decide such cases on such writ of error or appeal, and issue its mandate to said District Court : Provided, however, Such writ of error or appeal shall be taken within one year from the passage of this act, or one year from the rendition of such judgment or decree hereafter rendered: And provided, also, That nothing in this act shall be construed as affirming or disaffirming the jurisdiction, power, or authority of the territorial judges to proceed in, or try, or determine

such cases after the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, but the same may be referred to said Supreme Court for its decision in all said cases on such writ of error or appeal.

APPROVED, February 22, 1847.

CHAP. XX. - An Act to establish a Court at Key West, in the State of Florida, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that part of the State of Florida lying south of a line drawn due east and west from the northern point of Charlotte Harbor, including the islands, keys, reefs, shoals, harbors, bays and inlets, south of said line, shall be erected into a new judicial district, to be called the Southern District of Florida; a District Court shall be held in said Southern District, to consist of one judge, who shall reside at Key West, in said district, and be called a district judge; and shall in all things have and exercise the jurisdiction and powers of a District and Circuit Court of the United States within the district aforesaid; and appeals may be allowed and writs of error sued out and made returnable in the Supreme Court, in the same manner and under the same rules and regulations as appeals and writs of error are allowed and sued out from and to a Circuit Court. The judge shall appoint a clerk, who shall reside and keep the records of the court at the place of holding the same; and shall receive for the services he may perform the same fees to which the clerk of the Louisiana District is entitled for similar services.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the judge of said district shall hold two regular terms of court in each year at Key West; the one commencing on the first Monday in May, the other, on the first Monday of November in each year. He shall also hold extra sessions of said court from time to time, at such places in said district as occasion may require, to despatch the business of said court; and, for the purpose of hearing and deciding all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, the said court shall be at all times open.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That no vessel, nor master thereof, shall be regularly employed in the business of wrecking on the licensed. coast of Florida without the license of the judge of said court; and, before licensing any vessel or master, the judge shall be satisfied that the vessel is seaworthy, and properly and sufficiently fitted and equipped for the business of saving property shipwrecked and in distress; and that the master thereof is trustworthy, and innocent of any fraud or misconduct in relation to any property shipwrecked or saved on said coast.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to the judge aforesaid an annual salary of two thousand dollars, to be paid to him quarterly from the time of his appointment.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed in said district a person learned in the law, to act as attorney for the United States, who shall, in addition to his stated fees, be paid by the United States two hundred dollars as a full compensation for all extra services.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed in said district a marshal, who shall perform the same duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees as are allowed to marshals in the District of Louisiana, and shall, moreover, be entitled to the sum of two hundred dollars annually, as a compensation for all extra services.

SEC. 7. And he it further enacted, That the provisions of the act

Feb. 23, 1847.

Supplementary act, post, p. 132.

Southern District of Florida established.

District Court.

Jurisdiction.

Clerk.

Sessions of the court.

Extra sessions.

Wreckers to be

Compensation of judge.

District attorney to be ap-pointed.

Pay.

Marshal to be appointed.

Pay.

Provisions of the act of 1847, ch. 17, apply to the records, proccedings, &c. of the court established by this act.

passed at this session, entitled "An Act to regulate the Exercise of the appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States in certain Cases, and for other Purposes," shall be held to apply to all records, proceedings, judgments, or decrees transferred to the court hereby established; and all and singular the records and proceedings, judgments or decrees specified in said act, that arose or pending, or claimed to be pending as stated in said act, in or before the superior court of the Southern District of the late Territory of Florida, and provided by said act to be transferred to the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida, shall be, and are hereby, transferred to the court hereby created, and all the provisions of said act relating to said District Court of the United States for the District of Florida, or respecting the removal of judgments or decrees in such cases to the Supreme Court of the United States, or otherwise relating to such cases, shall be deemed and held to apply to the court hereby created, the same as to said District Court of the United States for said District of Florida, and to the cases so as aforesaid transferred to the court hereby created.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the title and name of said District Court of the United States for the District of Florida shall hereafter be, "the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Florida;" and that the judge of said Northern District shall, in addition to the terms of his court heretofore prescribed to be held within said Northern District, hold one term of the court for said district at Apalachicola on the first Monday in February of each year, and one term of said court at Pensacola on the first Monday in March of each year, for the trial of causes arising in the western section of the State of Florida. APPROVED, February 23, 1847.

Feb. 23, 1847.

1847, ch. 20.

Jurisdiction of the present District Court continued until the appointment and qualification of judge for the new district.

Ante, p. 132.

CHAP. XXI. — An Act in Addition to an Act to establish a Court at Key West in the State of Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the jurisdiction at present exercised, under the existing laws, by the District Court of the United States for the District of Florida, shall continue to be exercised by the said court until a judge shall have been appointed and qualified under the provisions of an act of this session, entitled "An Act to establish a Court at Key West in the State of Florida," any thing in the said act to the contrary notwithstanding. APPROVED, February 23, 1847.

March 1, 1847.

CHAP. XXXI. — An Act making Appropriations for the current and contingent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with the various Indian Tribes, for the Year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the followingsums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, for the year ending on the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Said Court to be called the Northern District Court of Florida.

Terms of courts for said district. For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Depart- D ment, viz.:

For the pay of the superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, and the several Indian agents, as provided by the acts of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, of March third, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, eighteen thousand dollars.

For the pay of sub-agents, authorized by the act of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, nine thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For the pay of interpreters, authorized by the same act, ten thousand two hundred dollars.

For the pay of clerk to superintendent at St. Louis, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For the pay of clerk to acting superintendent of the Western Territory, one thousand dollars.

For postages, rents, stationery, fuel for offices, and other contingencies of the Indian Department, and for transportation and incidental expenses, seventeen thousand dollars.

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, viz. :

To the Christian Indians. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the acts of May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, and May twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, four hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Mississippi and Lake Superior. — For payment in money for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine thousand five hundred dollars.

For payment in goods for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, nineteen thousand dollars.

For establishing three blacksmiths' shops, supporting three smiths, and furnishing iron and steel, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, three thousand dollars.

For support of farmers, purchase of implements, grain, or seed, and to carry on their agricultural pursuits, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand dollars.

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of tobacco for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty-five years, in money, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty-five years, in goods, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For support of two blacksmith's shops, including pay of smiths and assistants, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and fortytwo, two thousand dollars.

For support of two farmers, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand dollars.

For pay of two carpenters, stipulated in the fourth article of the

Department.

Superintendent and agents.

> 1834, ch. 162. 1857, ch. 31. 1846, ch. 34. Sub-agents. 1834, ch. 162.

Interpreters.

Clerks.

Postages, rents, &c.

Christian Indians. 1824, ch. 174, § 7. 1826, ch. 110.

Chippewas of Mississippi and Lake Superior. treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, twelve hundred dollars.

For support of schools, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of provisions and tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth of October, eighteen hundred and fortytwo, two thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas of Saginaw. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, one thousand dollars.

For support of blacksmith at Saginaw, and for farming utensils and cattle, and for the employment of persons to aid them in agriculture, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and seventh article of the treaty of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fifth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, one thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas, Menomonies, Winnebagoes, and New York Indians. — For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Choctaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and five, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, (Bob Cole,) stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For life annuity to the three district chiefs, (two hundred and fifty dollars each,) stipulated in the fifteenth article of the treaty of twentyseventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For life annuity to one Wayne warrior, stipulated in the twentyfirst article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty-five dollars.

For education of forty youths for twenty years, including support of teachers in the nation, two thousand five hundred dollars per annum, stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twentyseventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and ninth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, three hundred and twenty-dollars.

Chippewas of Saginaw.

Chippewas, &c.

Choctaws.

For pay of millwright, stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, six hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the seventeenth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty thousand dollars.

To the Chickasaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the act of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

For education for fifteen years, stipulated in the second supple mental article of the treaty of twenty-fourth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, three thousand dollars.

To the Cherokees. — For four blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated Cherokees. in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel, one thousand and eighty dollars.

For wagon-maker, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For wheelwright, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

To the Creeks. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for fifteen years, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, and use of shop and tools, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For two blacksmiths and assistants, and use of shops and tools, for twenty years, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

For iron and steel, five hundred and forty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, and use of shop and tools, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For wheelwright, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, six hundred dollars.

For wagon-maker, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For agricultural implements, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For education for twenty years, stipulated in the thirteenth article

Chickasaws.

Creeks.

of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For education for twenty years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For interest, at five per centum, on three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, (tenth year,) stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-third November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For education for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

To the Delawares. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third of August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of third of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth of September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in private and confidential articles of supplemental trea.y of twenty-fourth of September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to treaty of third of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one hundred dollars.

For life annuity to three chiefs, stipulated in supplemental article to treaty of twenty-sixth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three hundred dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shops, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land set apart by the treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, for education, stipulated in resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

To the Florida Indians. — For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth of September, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, and treaty of ninth of May, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand dollars.

For annuity, in goods, for fifteen years, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, two thousand dollars.

For annuity, in money, for fifteen years, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

For agricultural implements for five years, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, one thousand dollars.

To the Iowas. — For one year's interest on one hundred and fiftyseven thousand five hundred dollars, to be invested at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Delawares.

Florida Indians.

To the Kickapoos. - For limited annuity for nineteen years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth of October. eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five thousand dollars.

To the Kanzas. - For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of June, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural assistance, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of June, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-five, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars at five per centum, in lieu of investment, per second article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

To the Miamies. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For one thousand pounds of tobacco, two thousand pounds of iron, one thousand pounds of steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and seventy dollars.

For pay of miller, in lieu of gunsmith, stipulated in the fifth article of treaty of sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, six hundred dollars.

For one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the fifth article of treaty of sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education and support of the poor, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For the tenth of ten instalments, stipulated in third article of treaty of sixth November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, twelve thousand five hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

For the seventh of twenty instalments, stipulated in second article of treaty of twenty-eight November, eighteen hundred and forty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For payment in lieu of laborers, stipulated in sixth article of treaty of twenty-eight November, eighteen hundred and forty, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For agricultural assistance, stipulated in fifth article of treaty of sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred dollars.

To the Eel Rivers, (Miamies.) - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of August, seventeen (Miamies.) hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Menomonies. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For two blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

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Eel Rivers.

Menomonies.

Miamies.

Kickapoos.

Kanzas.

For iron, and steel, &c., for shops, four hundred and forty dollars. For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars.

For two thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.

For farming utensils, cattle, &c., stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five hundred dollars.

For thirty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Omahas. — For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural implements during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, five hundred dollars.

To the Ottoes and Missourias. — For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural implements for ten years, from eighteen hundred and forty, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars.

For education during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for ten years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirtythree, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For two farmers for five years and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, twelve hundred dollars.

To the Ottowas. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth of November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth of September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifteen hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, one thousand dollars.

To the Ottowas and Chippewas. — For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, thirty thousand dollars.

For interest to be paid annually on two hundred thousand dollars, as annuity, per Senate resolution, twelve thousand dollars.

For education for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand dollars.

For missions for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress,

Omahas.

Ottoes, and Missourias.

Ottawas.

Ottawas, and Chippewas. stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars.

For vaccine matter, medicines, and pay of physician, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand dollars.

For six thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, nine hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For one hundred barrels of salt for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For five hundred fish barrels for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For gunsmith at Mackinaw, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of two farmers and assistants, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, sixteen hundred dollars.

For pay of two mechanics, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twelve hundred dollars.

To the Osages. — For interest, at five per centum, on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, the valuation of fifty-four sections of land set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twentyfive for education, per resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirtynine, twenty thousand dollars.

For support of two smiths' establishments, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirtynine, two thousand dollars.

For pay of two millers for fifteen years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirtynine, twelve hundred dollars.

For pay of two assistant millers for eleven years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, four hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Piankeshaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of thirtieth December, eighteen hundred and five, three hundred dollars.

To the Pawnees. — For agricultural implements for five years, and during the pleasure of the president, stipulated in the fourth article

Osages,

Piankeshaws,

Pawnees.

of the treaty of ninth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-three two thousand dollars.

Pottawatomies.

To the Pottawatomies. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty-two years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, sixteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, fifteen thousand dollars.

For life annuity to two chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-sixth October, eighteen hundred and thirtytwo, twenty thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirtythree, fourteen thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, seven hundred dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second (supplemental) article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty three, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the third article of treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one thousand dollars.

For payment in money, in lieu of two thousand pounds of tobacco, fifteen hun lred pounds of iron, and three hundred and fifty pounds of steel, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and tenth article of the treaty of fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand dollars.

To the Pottawatomies of Huron. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, of Huron. eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars.

To the Quapanos. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

For education during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of farmer, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

To the Six Nations of New York. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eleventh November, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Senecas of New York. - For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of nineteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars.

For interest in lieu of investment in stock, at five per centum, on seventy-five thousand dollars, stipulated in the act of June twentyseventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three thousand seven hundred 1846, ch. 34, § 2. and fifty dollars.

To the Yancton and Santie Sioux. - For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in Santie Sious the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen

hundred and thirty, four hundred dollars. To the Sacs and Foxes of Missouri. — For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand es of Missouri. four hundred dollars, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of

Sacs and Fox-

Pottawatomies

Quapawa.

Six Nations.

Senecas. 1831, ch. 26.

Yancton and

twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars.

To the Sioux of Mississippi. — For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural implements during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred dollars.

For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on three hundred thousand dollars, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, ten thousand dollars.

For purchase of medicines, agricultural implements and stock, support of farmers, physicians, blacksmith, and for other beneficial objects, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of third November, eighteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars.

For limited annuity for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirtytwo, twenty thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For gunsmith for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. For agricultural implements during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred dollars.

For forty barrels of salt for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

For forty kegs of tobacco for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars.

For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on two hundred thousand dollars, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on eight hundred thousand dollars, stipulated in the second article of the treaty

Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi.

sissippi.

Sioux of Mis-

of eleventh October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars.

To the Shawnees - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh of June, eighteen hundred and three, sixty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh November, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighth August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Senecas and Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated Shawnees. in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twentieth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. To the Senecas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of miller, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six hundred dollars.

To the Wyandots. - For permanent annuity, in lieu of all former annuities, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For the support of a blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For the purchase of iron and steel, &c., for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, five hundred dollars.

To the Weas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three thousand dollars.

To the Winnebagoes. - For limited annuity, for thirty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, eighteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the fifteenth of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars.

For the purchase of fifty barrels of salt for thirty years, stipulated

and

Senecas,

Senecas.

Weas.

Wyandots.

Winnebagoes.

Shawnees.

in the second article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the purchase of three thousand pounds of tobacco for thirty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For the purchase of one thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fifteenth of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For the support of three blacksmiths and assistants for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel, &c., for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For pay of labor, and for oxen, for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty, of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For the purpose of education for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For the support of six agriculturists, purchase of oxen, ploughs, and other implements, for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the pay of two physicians, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For interest on investment in stock, at five per centum, on one million one hundred thousand dollars, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of first November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fiftyfive thousand dollars.

For fulfilling treaty with the Winnebagoes, viz.:

To enable them to comply with their present engagements, and to cover the expenses of exploring and selecting their new home, per fourth article of treaty of thirteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-six, four thousand dollars.

For expenses of removal, same article and treaty, twenty thousand dollars.

For expenses of subsisting them for one year after removal, same article and treaty, twenty thousand dollars.

For breaking up and fencing land, same article and treaty, ten thousand dollars.

For establishing manual labor schools, same article and treaty, ten thousand dollars.

For erection of mills, same article and treaty, five thousand dollars. For interest on eighty-five thousand [dollars,] at five per centum,

same article and treaty, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following sums, hereinafter mentioned, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the

service of the current fiscal year, viz. : For fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, and for other purposes, viz. :

Pottawatomies.

To the Pottawatomies. — For payment in money, to enable said Indians to arrange their affairs and pay their just debts, to pay for their improvements, to purchase wagons, horses, and other means of transportation to their new homes, and to pay individuals for the loss of property, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, fifty thousand dollars.

For removal and subsistence of said Indians, stipulated in the sixth article of said treaty, sixty thousand dollars.

To the Cherokees. - For indemnity to the treaty party for losses and expenses incurred in consequence of the treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty-five, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For payment to the Cherokee nation for a printing-press, materials, and other property destroyed, stipulated in the eighth article of said treaty, two thousand dollars.

For indemnity to those whose arms were taken from them, previous Arms. to their removal west, same article of said treaty, five thousand dollars.

For payment of this sum, being in lieu of all claims of the Cherokee nation, as a nation, prior to the treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty-five, same article of said treaty, twenty thousand dollars.

For expenses of removal of Choctaws from the State of Mississippi, and for their subsistence for twelve months thereafter, in addition to removal. former appropriations, seventy-four thousand seven hundred and fiftyone dollars.

For payment of interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars, at five per centum per annum, to the Seneca Indians of New York, from the first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, stipulated in the act of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For interest on the amounts awarded Choctaw claimants, under the fourteenth article of the treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek, of the twentyseventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, for lands on which they resided, but which it is now impossible to give them, and in lieu of the scrip that has been awarded under the act of twenty-third August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, not deliverable east, by the third section of the said law, per act of third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, for the year eighteen hundred and forty-seven, forty-three thousand six hundred dollars.

To make good the interest on investments in State stocks and bonds for various Indian tribes, not yet paid by the States, to be reimbursed out of the interest when collected, nineteen thousand five hundred and thirty-four dollars and nine cents.

To make good the interest on investments in State stocks and bonds for the Chickasaw tribe of Indians, not yet paid by the States, to be reimbursed out of the interest when collected, fourteen thousand nine hundred and sixty-three dollars and twenty-six cents.

For the reappropropriation of this sum, (carried to the surplus fund,) stipulated to be paid to the Chippewas, Ottawas, and Pottawatomies in consideration of a change of boundary of the country ceded to said tribes at the treaty of Chicago, concluded on the twenty-sixth and twenty-seventh days of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, per supplementary article to said treaty, ten thousand dollars.

For the reappropriation of this sum, (carried to the surplus fund,) to meet payments to certain Cherokee Indians for improvements aban- tion for improvedoned, under the treaty of sixth May, eighteen hundred and twenty- menus abandoneight, three hundred and forty-three dollars and sixty cents.

Approved, March 1, 1847.

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Cherokees' in demnity.

Printing-press.

Claims.

Expenses of

Interest.

1846, ch. 34.

Choctaw claimants.

1842, ch. 16

1845, ch. 72.

Interest on investments in State stocks and bonds.

Same subject.

Reappropriation in considera tion of change of boundary.

Reappropriaed.

March 1, 1847

CHAP. XXXII. — An Act to establish a Land Office in the northern Part of Michigan, and to provide for the Sale of mineral Lands in the State of Michigan.

Lake Superior land district.

Secretary

cause a geologi-

cal examination and survey

Mineral lands how-sold.

Treasury

of

shall

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that portion of the public lands in the State of Michigan lying north of the boundaries of the Saganaw and Grand River land districts in said State, commonly called the northern peninsula of the State of Michigan with the islands in Lakes Superior, Huron, and Michigan, and in Green Bay, the Straits of Michilimackinac, and the River St Mary's, within the jurisdiction of said State, be, and the same are hereby, included in a land district, to be called the Lake Superior Land District; and for the sale of the lands in said district, there shall be a land office established at such point therein as the President of the United States may select.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause a geological examination and survey of the lands embraced in said district to be made and reported to the Commissioner of the General Land Office. And the President is hereby authorized to cause such of said lands as may contain copper, lead, or other valuable ores, to be exposed to sale, giving six months' notice of the times and places of sales in such newspapers of general circulation, in the several States, as he may deem expedient, with a brief description of the lands to be offered; showing the number and localities of the mines known, the probability of discovering others, the quality of the ores, the facilities of working the mines, and the means and expense of transporting their products to the principal markets in the United States. And all the lands embraced in said district, not reported as aforesaid, shall be sold in the same manner as other lands under the laws now in force for the sale of the public lands, excepting and reserving from such sales section sixteen in each township for the use of schools, and such reservations as the President shall deem necessary for public uses.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all those persons who are in possession, by actual occupancy, of any portion of the district described in the first section of this act, under authority of a lease from the Secretary of War, for the purpose of mining thereon, and who have fully complied with all the conditions and stipulations of said lease, may enter and purchase the same at any time during the continuance of such lease, to the extent of such lease, and no less, by paying to the United States therefor at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per acre : Provided, That said entry and purchase shall be made to include the original survey of such lease, as near as may be, conforming to the lines of the public surveys of sections and sub-divisions thereof. And all those persons who are in possession, by actual occupancy, of any of said lands, for mining purposes, under authority of a written permit from the Secretary of War, and who have visible landmarks and muniments as boundaries thereon, and who have, in all other respects, complied with the conditions and stipulations contained in such permit, may enter and purchase the same, to the extent of the tract selected by them and reported to the Secretary of War, as required by said permit, and no less, in the same manner as those who hold under leases, and at the same price: Provided, such entry and purchase be made before the day said lands shall be offered for sale by order of the President. And all those persons who shall be in possession, by actual occupancy, of a mine or mines actually discovered before the passage of this act, and who shall pay the same per centum of rents as those who hold under leases, as aforesaid, shall be permitted to enter and purchase one section of land, and not less,

All persons in actual occupancy, under lease from Secretary of War, may purchase to the ex-

tent of lease.

Other lands.

Persons in actual occupancy for mining purposes, under permits, may purchase as those holding under lease.

Other persons in actual occupation.

to include such mine or mines discovered and occupied as aforesaid, by them, by paying to the United States the same price, and at the same time, as required of those who hold under permits aforesaid, and all rents accruing from such lessees or occupants shall be paid and delivered to such officers of the government as the Secretary of the Treasury shall direct: Provided, That prior to any such purchase being made under the provisions of this section, proof of possession and occupancy, as aforesaid, of the mine or mines claimed, shall be made to the register and receiver of the land district, together with the evidence of the payment of all rents due the United States, agreeably to such rules as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for that purpose, which register and receiver shall each be entitled to receive one dollar for his services therein : Provided, That an appeal from the decision of the register and receiver to the Secretary of the Treasury may be had, under such regulations as the said Secretary may prescribe. And if two or more persons are in possession of the same section, the first occupant shall be entitled to a preference, unless the same can be so divided by legal subdivisions as to give to each the discovery claimed by him.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said mineral lands shall be offered for sale in quarter-sections, and no bid shall be received at a less rate than five dollars per acre; and if such lands shall not be tions. sold at public sale at such price, they shall thereafter be entered at private sale at that price : Provided, That no legal division or subdivision of any of said lands upon which there may be an outstanding sions or subdivi-sions of standing lease or leases from the Secretary of War unexpired or undetermined, leases to be sold. and which is actually occupied for mining purposes, and the occupants of which have complied with all the requisites of such lease or leases, and continue to perform the same, shall be sold until after the determination of such lease or leases by efflux of time, voluntary surrender, or other legal extinguishment thereof, except in such cases as are provided for in the third section of this act, and the lessees respectively shall be entitled to the privileges secured by said section upon the voluntary surrender of the lease or leases held by them.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the management and control of the mineral lands shall be transferred from the War Department, and placed under the jurisdiction and control of the Treasury Department; and all books, maps, papers, instruments, and other property procured, to be used and employed in the management, survey, exploring, or conducting of said mineral lands, by the War Department, shall be delivered over and made subject to the disposition of the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, so soon as a sufficient number of townships are surveyed, and returns thereof made to the General Land Office, to authorize the commencement of the sales in said district, shall appoint one register and one receiver for the land office in said district, who shall reside at the place designated by the President for the land office, receive such compensation, give security, and discharge all duties pertaining to such office as are prescribed by law.

APPROVED, March 1, 1847.

CHAP. XXXIII. - An Act to amend the Act entitled "An Act to reduce the Rates of Postage, to limit the Use and correct the Abuse of the franking Privilege, and for the Prevention of Frauds on the Revenues of the Post-Office Department," passed third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in lieu of

Proof of pos-session and occupancy.

Appeal.

Joint occupancy.

Mineral lands offered for sale quarter-secin

No legal divi-

Control and management of the mineral lands transferred from the War to the Treasury Department.

President to appoint register and receiver

March 1, 1847. 1845, ch. 13.

Rates of commission. 1825, ch. 64. 1853, ch. 146, § 6. 1848. ch. 43.

Allowances, commissions, &c., subject to provisions of forty-first section of act of 1845, ch. 43.

Compensation to deputy-postmasters.

Moneys recovered from robbers of the mail shall be paid to the order of Postmaster-General, for use of owner. 1853, ch. 103, § 3.

Franking privilege.

Same subject.

commissions allowed deputy-postmasters by the fourteenth section of the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-five. the Postmaster-General may allow, on the proceeds of their respective offices, a commission not exceeding the following rates on the amount received in any one year, or a due proportion thereof for less than a year : On a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, forty per cent; on a sum over the first hundred and not exceeding four hundred dollars, thirty-three and one third per cent.; on a sum over and above the first four hundred dollars and not exceeding twenty-four hundred dollars, thirty per cent.; on a sum over twenty-four hundred dollars, twelve and one half per cent.; on all sums arising from the postage on newspapers, magazines, and pamphlets, fifty per cent.; on the amount of postages on letters or packets received for distribution, seven per cent.: Provided, that all allowances, commissions, or other emoluments shall be subject to the provisions of the forty-first section of the act which this is intended to amend; and that the annual compensation therein limited shall be computed for the fiscal year commencing on the first of July and ending the thirtieth of June each year, and that for any period less than a year the restrictions contained in said section shall be held to apply in a due proportion for such fractional period : And, provided further, That the compensation to any deputy-postmaster under the foregoing provisions, to be computed upon the receipt at his office of a larger sum, shall in no case fall short of the amount to which he would be entitled under a smaller sum received at his office.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all moneys taken from the mails of the United States by robbery, theft, or otherwise, which have come, or may hereafter come into the possession or custody of any of the agents of the Post-Office Department, or any other officers of the United States, or any other person or persons whatever, shall be paid to the order of the Postmaster-General, to be kept by him as other moneys of the rightful owner, to be paid whenever satisfactory proof thereof shall be made, and upon the failure of any person in the employment of the United States to pay over such moneys when demanded, the person so refusing shall be subject to the penalties prescribed by law against defaulting officers.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all members of Congress, delegates from Territories, the Vice-President of the United States, the Secretary of the Senate, and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, shall have the power to send and receive public documents free of postage during their term of office, and that the said members and delegates shall have the power to send and receive public documents free of postage up to the first Monday of December following the expiration of their term of office.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives shall have the power to receive, as well as to send, all letters and packages, not weighing over two ounces, free of postage, during their term of office.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That members of Congress shall have the power to receive, as well as to send, all letters and packages, not weighing over two ounces, free of postage up to the first Monday in December following the expiration of their term of office.

APPROVED, March 1, 1847.

CHAP. XXXIV. — An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the M Carriage of Passengers in Merchant Vessels," and to determine the Time when said Act shall take Effect.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act to regulate the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels, approved the twenty-second day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall, in regard to all vessels arriving from ports on this side of the Capes of Good Hope and Horn, take effect and be in force from and after the thirty-first day of May next ensuing, and in regard to all vessels arriving from places beyond said capes, on and after the thirtieth day of October next ensuing.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of said act as authorizes shippers to estimate two children of eight years of age and under as one passenger, in the assignment of room, is hereby repealed.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

CHAP. XXXV. — An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Army and of Volunteers for the Year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty eight, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the support of the army and of volunteers, for the year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

For pay of the army, three million three hundred and sixty-five Army. thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, six hundred and forty thousand seven hundred and forty-two dollars.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, one hundred and forty-eight thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing for officers' servants, forty-two thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

For pay of volunteers, including general and staff officers, two million eight hundred and fifteen thousand five hundred and ninety-five te dollars.

For subsistence in kind of the army, volunteers, and employees, two million two hundred and eleven thousand six hundred and twenty-six ki dollars.

For clothing of the army, camp, and garrison equipage, nine hundred and seventy-four thousand dollars.

For expenses of recruiting, including bounties, one hundred and ten thousand dollars.

For three months' extra pay to non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, twelve thousand dollars.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel, forage in kind for the authorized number of officers' plies duart horses, and for the horses, mules, and oxen belonging to the quartermaster's department, at the several military posts and stations, and for the horses of the three regiments of dragoons, the four companies of light artillery, and the regiment of mounted riflemen; of straw for soldiers' bedding; and of stationery, including company and other blank books, for the army; certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's department, and the printing of department orders, army regulations and general regulations; three million seven hundred and ten thousand six hundred dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, con-penses.

March 2, 1847.

1847, ch. 16.

Act of 1947, ch. 16, to take effect from 31st May, as to vessels from this side the Capes of Good Hope and Horn.

Provision as to children repealed.

March 2, 1847.

[Obsolete.]

Commutation of subsistence.

Forage.

Clothing for servants.

Pay of volunteers.

Subsistence in kind.

Clothing of army, &c.

Recruiting.

Three months' extra pay.

Regular supplies of the quartermaster's department.

Incidental ex-

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 35. 1847.

1802. ch. 9.

1819, ch. 45.

1838, ch. 162.

Repairing and enlarging barracks, &c.

Transportation of officers' baggage.

Transportation of troops and supplies, &c.

Contingencies. Medical and hospital departments. Ordnance.

sisting of postage on letters and packets received by officers on public service; expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, including the additional compensation to judge advocates, members and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of the sixteenth of March. one thousand eight hundred and two; extra pay to soldiers employed in the erection of barracks and quarters, the construction of roads, and other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, under the act of the second of March, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen; expenses of expresses from the frontier posts; of escorts to paymasters; of the necessary articles for the interment of non-com-missioned officers and soldiers; hire of laborers; compensation to clerks to the officers of the quartermaster's department, at posts where their duties cannot be performed without such aid; and compensation to agents in charge of dismantled works, and to such wagon and forage-masters as it may be necessary to employ under the act of the fifth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight; various expenditures necessary to keep the three regiments of dragoons, the four companies of light artillery, and the regiment of mounted riflemen complete, including the purchase of horses to supply the places of those which may be lost and become unfit for service; also includiug the purchase of horses for the additional regiment of dragoons and the purchase of saddles, bridles, and other horse equipments for the same; shoeing horses, for the purchase of blacksmiths' and other tools, iron and other materials, and the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incidental to their pursuit; two million one hundred and seventy-three thousand three hundred dollars.

For repairing and enlarging barracks, quarters, store-houses, and hospitals, at the several posts; for erecting temporary cantonments at such posts as may by occupied during the year, and gun-houses for the protection of cannon at the several posts and military works, including the necessary tools and materials for the objects enumerated, and for the authorized furniture of the barrack-rooms of non-com missioned officers and soldiers; building and repairing stables for dragoons, light artillery, and mounted riflemen; for rent of quarters for officers, barracks for troops, at posts where there are no public buildings for their accommodation, and of store-houses for the safekeeping of subsistence, clothing, &c., and of grounds for summer cantonments and encampments for military purposes, one million one hundred and seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For transportation of officers' baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, eighty thousand dollars.

For transportation of troops and supplies of the army, including the baggage of troops when moving either by land or water, freights and ferriages; the purchase or hire of horses, mules, oxen, carts, wagons, and boats; for the transportation of supplies, and for garrison purposes; drayage and cartage at the several posts, hire of teamsters, transportation of funds for the pay department; the expense of sailing public transports between the posts on the Gulf of Mexico, and of procuring water at such posts as, from their situation, require it; of clothing from the depot at Philadelphia to the stations of the troops; of subsistence from the places of purchase and from the places of delivery, under contracts, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require it to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms from the foundries and armories, to the arsenals, fortifications, and frontier posts, five million two hundred and forty-three thousand three hundred dollars.

For contingencies of the army, fifty thousand dollars.

For the medical and hospital department, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, three

hundred and sixty-seven thousand six hundred and twenty-nine dollars.

For current expenses of the ordnance service, one hundred thousand dollars.

For armament of fortifications, one hundred thousand dollars.

For manufacture of arms at the national armories, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery, at Springfield armory, eighteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery, at Harper's Ferry armory, seventeen thousand seven hundred and seventy dollars.

For arsenals, fifty-one thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

For expenses of preparing drawings of a uniform system of artillery, five thousand dollars.

For surveys with armies in the field, twenty-thousand dollars.

For providing for the comfort of discharged soldiers who may be landed at New Orleans, or other places within the United States, so disabled by disease or by wounds received in the service as to be unable to proceed to their homes, and for forwarding destitute soldiers to their homes, five hundred thousand dollars; said sum to be applied and expended under the direction of the Secretary of War.

For the purchase of land, erection of barracks for soldiers, and quarters for officers and laundresses, and for brick wall to enclose the grounds, and grading and paving the river banks at Newport barracks, Kentucky, twenty-four thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingencies of fortifications, two hundred thousand dollars. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated, to supply deficiencies in appropriations made for the service of the present fiscal year, under the following heads, viz :

For pay of volunteers, under resolution of eighth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For pay of volunteers under act of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one hundred and forty-three thousand dollars.

For travelling allowance of volunteers, five hundred thousand dollars.

For transportation and supplies, &c., in quartermaster's department, four millions dollars.

For services of private physicians, including the purchase of medi- cians. cal and hospital supplies, sixty-five thousand dollars.

For pay, including subsistence and other allowances to officers of the ten regiments of regular troops, authorized during the present session, three hundred and eighty-seven thousand nine hundred and seventy-three dollars.

For subsistence in kind for such regiments, two hundred and twenty-one thousand five hundred and seventy-one dollars and fiftytwo cents.

For pay of eleven regiments of volunteers recently called into service, one million three thousand one hundred and ten dollars.

For subsistence in kind, of said regiments of volunteers, two hundred and eighty-three thousand four hundred and eighteen dollars and eighty-five cents.

For expenses of recruiting, including bounties, two hundred and sixty-two thousand eight hundred and ninety-five dollars.

For ordnance, ordnance stores and supplies, four hundred and fiftytwo thousand five hundred and fifty-seven dollars.

For the repair and construction of roads and bridges for the use of armies in the field, one hundred thousand dollars.

For deficiency of former appropriations for fortifications at Oak at Oak Island. Island, one thousand and thirty dollars and fifty-nine cents.

Ordnance service.

Armament of fortifications. Arms.

Springfield armory.

Harper's Ferry armory.

Arsenals.

Drawings of artillery. Surveys.

Discharged soldiers.

Land and erection of barracks.

Contingencies of fortifications. Deficiencies.

Volunteers,

pay under resolution of Aug. 8, 1846, No. 20. Volunteers, pay under act 13th May, 1846, ch. 16. Travelling allowance. Transportation and supplies. Private physicians.

Pay, &c. to officers of the ten regiments. 1847, ch. 8.

Subsistence in kind.

Pay of volunteers.

Subsistence.

Recruiting.

Ordnance, &c.

Repair. &c., of roads, &c. Fortifications

Deficiencies, &c., Cape Fear River.

Deficiency of appropriation for removing the great raft of Red River.

1838, ch 59.

For deficiency of former appropriations for the improvement of Cape Fear River, six hundred and one dollars and ninety-two cents.

For deficiency of appropriation for removing the great raft of Red River, made by the act approved April twentieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seven thousand one hundred and fifty dollars, being the amount advanced by Daniel T. Witlee and others. through the branch of the Real Estate Bank of Washington, Arkansas, to Henry M. Shreve, government agent for such removal, and expended by him for that purpose.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

March 2, 1847.

[Obsolete.]

CHAP. XXXVI. — An Act making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the Year ending on the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following ums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy for the year ending on the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight:

For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, seventynine thousand seven hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For commutation of subsistence, five thousand four hundred and two dollars.

For forage for officers' horses, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For clothing of officers' servants, four hundred and twenty dollars. For repairs and improvements; fuel and apparatus; forage for public horses and oxen; stationery, printing, and other incidental and contingent expenses, twenty thousand dollars.

For barracks for cadets, fifteen thousand dollars.

March 2, 1847.

Appropriations from revenues of the Post-Office Department.

Transportation.

Transportation by steam-ships.

1845, ch. 69.

Postmasters.

Proviso as to compensation of deputy-postmasters.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

CHAP. XXXVII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Service of the Post-Office Department for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department, for the year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of the said department, in conformity to the act of the second of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, namely:

For transportation of the mails within the United States, two million four hundred and forty-one thousand three hundred and ninety-one dollars.

For transportation by steam-ships between New-York and Bremen, according to the contract with Edward Mills, authorized by the "Act to provide for the Transportation of the Mail between the United States and foreign Countries," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two hundred and fifty-eight thousand six hundred and nine dollars.

For compensation to postmasters, one million and forty-two thousand dollars : Provided, That it shall not be lawful for the Postmaster-General to make any allowance or compensation to any deputy-postmaster, in addition to his commissions, except the special allowance made by law to the postmasters at New Orleans and the city of

Pay.

Forage.

Subsistence.

Clothing.

Incidental and contingent expenses.

Barracks.

Washington, and excepting, also, the allowance to which postmasters are entitled by law, from the income from boxes: And provided, further, That each deputy-postmaster, whose compensation for the last preceding year did not exceed two hundred dollars may send through the mail all letters written by himself, and receive through the mail all written communications addressed to himself, on his private business, which shall not exceed in weight one half ounce, free of postage.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, seventeen thousand dollars. For wrapping paper, sixteen thousand dollars.

For office furniture, (for the offices of postmasters,) three thousand dollars.

For advertising, thirty thousand dollars.

For mail bags, twenty thousand dollars.

For blanks, seventeen thousand dollars.

For mail locks, keys, and stamps, four thousand dollars.

For mail depredations and special agents, thirteen thousand dollars : Provided, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ, when the service may require it, the assistant postmasters-general as special agents, and to make them compensation and allowance therefor, not to exceed the amount expended by said agents as necessary travelling expenses while so employed.

For clerks for offices, (in the offices of postmasters,) two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous, fifty thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in case the revenues of the department referred to in the first section of this act, shall prove insufficient to meet the foregoing appropriations, then any deficiency that may thus arise shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the assistant messengers, of the Post Office-Department shall be entitled to an annual salary of four hundred and fifty dollars.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to Howland and Aspinwall, of the city of New York, the sum of five thousand interest, &c. dollars, with interest from the first day of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, being the amount of a draft drawn by James Reeside, on the Post-Office Department, dated the eighteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, payable on the first day of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, to the order of the said Reeside, and accepted by the treasurer of the Post-Office Department, and by the said Reeside indorsed to the order of H. H. Williams, of Baltimore, and by the said Williams indorsed in blank, and which draft is the property of the said Howland and Aspinwall.

Approved, March 2, 1847.

CHAP. XXXVIII. — An Act further to extend the Charter of the Union Bank of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act to extend the Charter of the Union Bank of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia," approved the twenty-fifth day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, be, and the same is hereby, further extended to the first day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-nine, until which time said act shall be in full force, for the sole purpose of enabling the president and directors of

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Franking privilege of deputypostmasters.

> Letters. Paper. Furniture.

Advertising.

Mail bags.

Blanks.

Locks.

Depredations & special agents Proviso.

Clerks.

Miscellaneous.

Any deficiency of revenue to be supplied from the treasury.

Salary of assistant messengers.

Howland and Aspinwall to be paid \$5000 with

March 2, 1847.

Act to extend the charter said bank further extended. 1833, ch. 88.

Proviso

the said bank, for the time being, to close its affairs: *Provided*, That said bank shall not exercise any banking privileges, or any other powers, except to collect and pay its debts, and close up its business. APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

March 2, 1847

1837, ch. 5.

The claims of owners of wagons and teams who have lost horses, &c., provided for.

Deductions in auditing and settling accounts.

Act of 18th Jan., 1837, ch. 5, and all other acts relating to same subject, continued for two years from 3d March, 1847, &c.

CHAP. XXXIX. — An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the Payment of Horses or other Property lost and destroyed in the military Service of the United States," approved the eighteenth Day of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the aboverecited act be so amended as to embrace the claims of all owners of wagons or teams, who sustained or shall sustain damage or injury from the loss of any horse, mule, or wagon, cart, boat, sleigh, or harness, while such property was in the military service of the United States either by impressment or contract, and [when] the same has been destroyed or abandoned by the order of the commanding general, the commanding officer, or wagon-master, or otherwise lost or destroyed by unavoidable accident, without any fault or negligence of the owner, and when he was in the line of his duty, such owner shall be allowed and paid the value thereof at the time he entered the service.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the accounting officers of the treasury, in auditing and settling the claims under this act, and the one to which this is amendatory, shall make no other deductions from the claim, on account of former payments, than for the use, and risk, and forage advanced for the horse actually lost by the claimant, and before he was again remounted, or for clothing to which he was not entitled by law.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That an act entitled "An Act to provide for the Payment of Horses and other Property lost in the military Service of the United States," approved the eighteenth of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and all other acts or parts of acts relating to the same subject, be, and the same are hereby, continued in force for the period of two years from and after the third day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and nothing contained in any former act shall be so construed by the accounting officers of the treasury as to prevent the presentation and adjustment of all the claims the payment of which is provided for by any of these several acts, within the time above specified.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

March 2, 1847. CHAP. XL. — An Act for the Increase of the marine Corps of the United States.

Additional officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates authorized,

Officers, how to be appointed.

Provisions of act of June 30, 1834, ch. 132, made applicable to the provisions of this act. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, the United States marine corps as now organized shall consist of four additional captains, four first lieutenants, four second lieutenants, twenty-five sergeants, twenty-five corporals, twentyfive drummers, twenty-five fifers, and one thousand additional privates.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the officers thus provided for shall be appointed first by promotion according to rank in the marine corps, and then by selection; and that their nominations shall be submitted to the Senate for their advice and consent.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of an act passed the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, entitled "An Act for the better Organization of the United States marine Corps," be, and the same are hereby, made applicable in all respects to the provisions of this act: *Provided*, *however*, That, notwithstanding, any thing in said act to the contrary, the staff of the marine corps be, and the same is hereby, separated from the line of said corps; the officers of the former to receive the same pay and emoluments they now receive by law, and to hold the same assimilated rank, to wit: quartermasters, paymasters, and adjutants and inspectors, the rank of major, and assistant quartermasters the rank of captain.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President, at the termination of the Mexican war, shall reduce the marine corps to a sumber, both in men and officers, not exceeding the number now in service.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

1834, ch. 132. Proviso as to staff.

When said corps shall be reduced. Post, p. 377.

CHAP. XLVII. — An Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of Government for the Year ending the thirtieth Doy of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and hereby are, appropriated to the objects hereinafter expressed, for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, to be paid out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, namely:

Legislative. — For compensation and mileage of senators, and members of the House of Representatives, and delegates, seven hun- and dred and fifty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the officers and clerks of both houses of Congress, thirty-nine thousand five hundred and fifty-seven dollars and ^g fifty cents.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the Senate, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Library of Congress. — For compensation of librarians, two assistant librarians, and messengers of the library, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, eight hundred dollars. For purchase of books for said library, five thousand dollars.

For purchase of law books for said library, one thousand dollars.

Executive. — For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, five thousand dollars.

Department of State. — For compensation of the Secretary of State, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-six thousand three hundred dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, viz.: For publishing the laws, and packing and distributing the laws and documents, including proof-reading, labor, boxes, and transportation, nine thousand dollars.

For publishing in newspapers of the States and Territories the laws, &c., of the United States, nine thousand three hundred dollars.

For stationery, blank books, binding, labor, and attendance, furniture, fixtures, repairs, painting, and glazing, four thousand four hundred dollars.

For printing, (letter-press and copperplate,) advertising, books and maps, two thousand dollars.

For newspapers, two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

March 3, 1041.

Appropriations for the year ending June 30, 1848.

Congress, pay and mileage.

Officers of Congress

Contingencies, Senate.

House of Representatives.

> Library. Officers.

Contingencies.

Books.

Law Books.

President.

Vice-President.

State Dept. Secretary and officers.

Contingencies.

North-east executive building. For extra clerk hire, and copying, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and three watchmen of the north-east executive building, one thousand three hundred and forty-five dollars.

For the contingent expenses of said building, viz. :

For labor, fuel, and light, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred dollars.

Treasury Department. — For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-seven thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the First Comptroller, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messengers in his office, twenty-eight thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Second Comptroller, and the clerks and messenger in his office, including the salary of an additional clerk at twelve hundred dollars, who is hereby authorized to be employed for one year, sixteen thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the First Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office including the salary of two additional clerks, who are hereby authorized to be employed until the end of the next fiscal year, from the first day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, at eleven hundred and fifty dollars each, twenty-two thousand nine hundred and seventy-three dollars.

For compensation of the Second Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, including the salaries of three additional clerks, at eleven hundred and fifty dollars each, who are hereby authorized to be employed for one year, twenty-nine thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Third Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, thirty-eight thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of Fourth Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, including the salaries of two clerks at one thousand dollars each, authorized by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and hereby continued for one year, twenty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Fifth Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, fourteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, and the clerks, and messenger, and assistant messengers in his office, twenty-eight thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the recorder, draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, and packers in his office, eightyfour thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents.

For compensation of the Solicitor of the Treasury, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand nine hundred dollars; the salary of the chief clerk in his office being hereby increased to sixteen hundred dollars per annum from the first day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

For full compensation for all the work heretofore done for completing the synopsis of the treasury instructions in execution of the revenue laws, and for preparing a supplement thereto, illustrating the organization and operations of the Treasury Department, and its various bureaus, in pursuance of those laws and instructions, two

Miscellaneous. Treasury Dept.

Secretary and officers.

1st Comptroller and officers

2d Comptroller and officers.

1st Auditor and officers.

2d Auditor and officers.

3d Auditor and officers.

4th Auditor and officers.

1845, ch. 71.

5th Auditor and officers.

Treasurer and officers.

Register and officers.

Commissioner of General Land Office and officers.

Solicitor of the Treasury and officers.

Synopsis of treasury instructions

thousand dollars: Provided, That the further prosecution of said Proviso. work shall be, and hereby is, discontinued and ended. Contingencics of Treas. Dept. Contingencies of the Treasury Department. - In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury : Office of Sec'y For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, compensation for carrying the department mails, translations, printing, including the public accounts; and for collecting and preparing information to be laid before Congress, ten thousand two hundred dollars. For miscellaneous expenses, two thousand eight hundred dollars. In the office of the First Comptroller. 1st Comptroller For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, one thousand seven hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. In the office of the Second Comptroller: 2d Comptroller. For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing blanks, including pay for the National Intelligencer, and Union, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office, seven hundred dollars. For labor, office furniture, and miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars. 1st Auditor. In the office of the First Auditor: For labor, and printing blanks, seven hundred and fifty dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred and fifty dollars. 2d Auditor. In the office of the Second Auditor: For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing blanks, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. In the office of the Third Auditor : 3d Auditor. For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, labor, and office furniture, eight hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. In the office of the Fourth Auditor: 4th Auditor. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, seven hundred and fifty dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. 5th Auditor. In the office of the Fifth Auditor: For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, three hundred and seventy-five dollars. For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars. Treasurer. In the office of the Treasurer: For blank books, binding, and stationery, three hundred dollars. For labor, three hundred and seventy-five dollars. For printing, two hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, one hundred dollars. In the office of the Register of the Treasury : Register. For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, and labor, two thousand dollars. To pay the expenses of procuring a further supply of the certificates of registers of vessels and lists of crews, two thousand dollars. For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars. In the office of the Commissioner of the General Land Office : Commissioner For stationery, including blank books and blank forms for the dis- of Land Office. trict land offices, pieces of parchment and printing patents, advertising land sales in newspapers and handbill form, public notices and printing circulars, office furniture and repairs of the same, and pay of laborers employed in the office, fourteen thousand three hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars. In the office of the Solicitor of the Treasury: Solicitor. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing circulars and blank

forms for returns of district attorneys, marshals, clerks of courts, collectors of the customs, and labor, one thousand and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.

For compensation of a superintendent and eight watchmen of the
 south-east executive building, three thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

For the contingent expenses of the said building, namely :

For labor, fuel, and light, seven thousand seven hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

War Department. — For compensation of the Secretary of War, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, seventeen thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, nineteen thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Pensions, and the clerks and messengers in his office, including two additional clerks, hereby authorized to be employed for one year in the Bounty Land bureau, at one thousand dollars each, nineteen thousand one hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerk and messenger in the office of the Commanding-General, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Adjutant-General, seven thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Quartermaster-General, seven thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of Clothing and Equipage, at Philadelphia, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Paymaster-General, nine thousand one hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Commissary-General of Subsistence, five thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Chief Engineer, five thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Surgeon-General, two thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Colonel of Ordnance, eight thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Topographical Bureau, four thousand nine hundred dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, and the various offices and bureaus connected therewith, viz.:

In the office of the Secretary of War:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For books, maps, and plans, one thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Pensions:

For stationery, blank books, binding, printing blank forms and regulations, advertising, and fuel, eight hundred dollars.

For rent of houses occupied by the Pension Office, six hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one hundred dollars.

In the office of the Commanding-General:

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Quartermaster-General :

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

South east executive building.

War Dept. Sec'y, & officers in office of.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Commissioner of Pensions.

Commanding-General.

Adjutant-General.

Quartermaster-General.

Clothing and Equipage office at Philadelphia. Paymaster-General.

Commissary-General of Subsistence.

Chief Engineer.

Surgeon-General.

Colonel of Ordnance.

Topographical Bureau.

Contingencies, viz.:

Office of Secretary.

Commissioner of Pensions.

Commanding-

Quartermaster-General.

In the office of Clothing and Equipage, at Philadelphia: Ciothing and For blank books, binding, and stationery, one hundred dollars. Equipage. For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars. In the office of the Paymaster-General : Paymaster-General. For blank books; binding, stationery, and fuel, one thousand dollars. For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars. In the office of the Commissary-General of Subsistence: Commissary-General of Sub-For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, advertising, labor, sistence. and fuel, eight hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, one hundred and fifty dollars. In the office of the Chief Engineer: Chief Engineer For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, three hundred and fifty dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. In the office of the Surgeon-General. Surgeon-Gen'L For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, one hundred and eighty-five dollars. For miscellaneous items, sixty-five dollars. In the office of the Colonel of Ordnance: Colonel of Ordnance. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, five hundred and thirty dollars. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. In the bureau of Topographical Engineers : Topographical Engineers. For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and fuel, seven hundred and fifty dollars. For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars. For compensation of superintendent and four watchmen of the North-west exnorthwest executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten ecutive building. dollars. For the contingent expenses of said building: For labor, fuel, and light, two thousand four hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred dollars. Navy Department. -- For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy Dept. Navy, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, Secretary and officers. twenty-one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Navy Yards and Bureau of Navy Yards & Docks. Docks, and to the civil engineer, draughtsmen, clerks, and messenger in his office, ten thousand four hundred dollars. For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Construction, Bureau of Con-Equipment, and Repair, and to the assistant constructor, draughtsstruction, &c. man, clerks, and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand one hundred dollars. Chief Naval For salaries of the Chief Naval constructor and Engineer-in-chief, Constructor & six thousand dollars. Chief Engineer. For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Ordnance and Bureau of Ordnance and Hy-Hydrography, and to the draughtsman, clerks, and messenger in his drography office, nine thousand four hundred dollars. For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Bureau Provisions & clothing. Clothing, and to the clerks and messenger in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars. For compensation of the Chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Bureau Medi cine & Surgery. Surgery, and to the clerks, assistant-surgeon, and messenger in his office, six thousand eight hundred dollars. For contingent expenses of said department, and all the bureaus Contingencies of War Departconnected therewith, viz:

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, four thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

ment, viz. :

South-west executive building. For compensation of superintendent and three watchmen of the south-west executive building, one thousand three hundred and fortyfive dollars.

For the contingent expenses of said building.

For labor, fuel, and light, one thousand six hundred and seventyfive dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

Post-Office Department. — For compensation of the Postmaster-General, three assistant postmasters-general, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, and watchmen of the said department, seventy-four thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation to temporary clerks, three thousand dollars.

For compensation of the superintendent of the post-office building, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the contingent expenses of said department, viz:

For blank books, binding, stationery, fuel, oil, printing, labor, and day watchmen, six thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

For repairs of the General Post-Office building, white-washing, glazing, casing fireplaces, and mending office furniture, three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, eighty-five thousand seven hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, viz:

For labor, blank books, binding, stationery, printing blanks and circulars, four thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars.

For rebinding old legers and other books of accounts, to provide cases for keeping accounts and other papers, and for the repairs of office furniture, six hundred dollars.

Patent Office. — For the purchase of such scientific works as are nécessary for the use of the Patent Office, one thousand dollars.

For the collection of agricultural statistics, and other purposes, three thousand dollars: *Provided*, That [the] portion of the annual report of the Commissioner of Patents relating to agricultural subjects shall not exceed four hundred pages.

Which several sums, amounting in the whole to four thousand dollars, shall be paid out of the patent fund.

Surveyors and their Clerks. — For compensation of the surveyorgeneral north-west of the Ohio, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Illinois and Missouri, and the clerks in his office, five thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Arkansas, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Louisiana, and the clerks in his office, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Mississippi, and the clerks in his office, four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Alabama, and the clerks in his office, four thousand dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Florida, and the clerks in his office, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general in Wisconsin and Iowa, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks in the offices of the surveyors-gen-

Post-Office Department. Postmaster, General. Assistants, &c. Temporary clerks. Superintendent of post-office building.

Contingencies, viz.:

Auditor for P. O. Dept.

Contingencies.

Patent Office. Scientific works.

Agricultural statistics.

Surveyors-gencral and clerks. North-west of the Ohio. Illinois.

Arkansas.

Louisiana.

Mississippi.

Alabama.

Florida.

Wisconsin and Iowa.

Clerks.

Repairs.

eral, to be apportioned to them according to the exigencies of the public service, and, and [if] necessary, to be employed in transcribing field-notes of surveys, for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of government, eleven thousand dollars.

For compensation of the secretary to sign patents for public lands, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the commissioner of public buildings in Washington city, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of four assistants, draw-keepers at the Potomac Bridge, including oil for lamps and machinery, fire-wood, and repairs of bridge, four thousand two hundred and ninety dollars.

Mint of the United States and Branches. -

At Philadelphia, viz.:

For salaries of the director, treasurer, chief coiner, assayer, melter and refiner, engraver, assistant assayer, and four clerks, nineteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water-rent, repairs, and wastage, in addition to available funds on hand, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For specimens of ores and coins, to be reserved at the mint, one hundred and fifty dollars.

At Charlotte, North Carolina, viz.:

For salaries of superintendent, assayer, coiner, and clerk, six thousand dollars,

For wages of workmen, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, wastage of gold, and watching, two thousand one hundred dollars.

At Dahlonega, Georgia, viz. :

For salaries of superintendent, assayer, coiner, and clerk, six thousand dollars :

For wages of workmen, three thousand six hundred dollars:

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage of gold, three thousand dollars.

At New Orleans, viz. :

For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, coiner, assayer, melter and refiner, and two clerks, twelve thousand nine hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, nineteen thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water-rent, and wastage, nineteen thousand one hundred dollars.

For machinery and machinists, three thousand dollars.

Judiciary. - For salaries of the chief justice of the Supreme Court, and the eight associate judges, forty-one thousand dollars.

For salaries of the district judges, sixty-one thousand seven hundred dollars.

For additional compensation, at two hundred dollars each, to the district judges of Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Alabama, under the provisions of the first section of the act of seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, one thousand dollars: Provided, That so much of the aforesaid act as authorizes the additional compensation to the said judges shall, from and after the first day of October next, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

For salaries of the chief justice of the District of Columbia, the associate judges, the judges of the criminal and orphans' courts of said District, ten thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of the Attorney-General, and the clerk and messenger in his office, including an increase of the salary of his clerk, at the eral and officers. rate of six hundred dollars per annum, commencing on the first day

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Secretary to sign patents.

Commissioner public buildings.

Potomac Bridge.

'Mint U.S. and branches. At Philadelphia. Officers.

Contingencias.

At Charloite, N. Carolina. Officers, &c.

Contingor aiss.

At Dyblon-ga. Georgia. Officers, &c.

Contingencies.

At N. Orleans. Circers, &cc.

Contingencies,

Judiciary. Chief justice and associate judges.

District judges.

Additional compensation to cer-tain judges.

> 1844, ch. 95. Proviso.

Attorney-Gen

of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, six thousand seven hundred dollars.

Contingencies.

Reporter of Supreme Court.

District attorneys.

Marshals.

Contingencies.

Wisconsin Ter- . ritory. Governor, judges, and secretary. Contingencies.

Compensation and milcage of members of Legislative Assembly.

Proviso.

Miscellaneous. Annuities, &c. Lighting Penn. Avenue.

Auxiliary guard.

Indexing Washington papers.

Coast survey.

Custom-houses at Savannah and Charleston.

Custom-house at Eastport.

At Castine.

Salaries of assistant treasurers.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Attorney-General, five

hundred dollars. For salary of the reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court.

one thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the district attorneys, including one in the Territory of Wisconsin, being two hundred dollars each, as prescribed by law, seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of the marshals, including one in the Territory of Wisconsin, as prescribed by law, six thousand four hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts, of the United States, including the District of Columbia; also for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures, incurred in the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and previous years; and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and for prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the safe-keeping of prisoners, four hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars.

Wisconsin Territory. - For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand one hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation and mileage of the members of the Legislative Assembly, pay of officers and attendants, printing, stationery, fuel, and other incidental and contingent expenses, thirteen thousand seven hundred dollars: *Provided*, That only so much of the foregoing appropriation for Wisconsin Territory shall be drawn from the treasury as may be necessary to defray the expenses of said Territory until the formation of a State government therein, and the admission of said State into the Union.

Miscellaneous. - For payment of annuities and grants by special acts of Congress, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For lighting Pennsylvania Avenue from the Capitol Square to the Treasury Department, seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For compensation and contingent expenses of the auxiliary guard, six thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For completing indices to the papers of Washington and of the Confederation, in the Department of State, one thousand two hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For survey of the coast of the United States, including compensation to the superintendent and assistants, one hundred and forty-six thousand dollars.

Thirty thousand dollars in addition to the sum heretofore appropriated for the construction of a custom-house in the city of Savannah, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury in the construction of the same, and the purchase of a lot therefor, any portion of which may be expended during the current fiscal year, and a like sum for a custom-house at Charleston.

For the purchase of a site and the erection of a custom-house at Eastport, in the State of Maine, to be expended for the said purposes under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, ten thousand dollars. For the purchase of three fourths of the building now used as a custom-house in Castine, and for three fourths of the lot of land on which it stands, and for the repairs of said building, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, eleven hundred dollars.

For salaries of assistant treasurers of the United States, per act of

the sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

For a chief clerk to the assistant treasurer at New York, who is hereby authorized to be appointed by him, and for whose acts he shall be responsible, at the rate of one thousand five hundred dollars per year, to commence on the first day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, two thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixtyseven cents.

For salaries of ten additional clerks, under act of the sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, eight thousand dollars.

For additional salaries of treasurers of the mint at Philadelphia, and branch mint at New Orleans, under act of the sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand dollars.

For compensation, &c., to special agents, to examine books, accounts, and money on hand, in the several depositories, under the act of the sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, five thousand dollars.

For the repairs of the Potomac Bridge, to be expended under the direction of the commissioner of public buildings, twenty-two hun-^t dred dollars.

For contingent expenses, under the act for the collection, safekeeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue, of the sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for the books furnished to the members of the House of Representatives of this Congress who had not received them, by the order of the House of the third day of August, last, and for books furnished under former resolutions to members of this House, seventy-two thousand two hundred and five dollars and twenty-seven cents.

For compiling, printing, and binding the Biennial Register, in addition to an unexpended balance of former appropriations, one thouister. sand dollars.

To reimburse the owners the principal specie value of loan office and final settlement certificates which may be produced and exhibited, the sum of five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part of the sum so appropriated shall be carried to the surplus fund, as in ordinary cases, but shall remain subject to the direction of the accounting officers of the treasury to meet the claims that may arise from time to time: *And provided*, That no greater amount of interest be allowed on the said certificates than would have been allowed had they been funded under the act of the fourth of August, seventeen hundred and ninety.

For furniture for the custom-house at Boston, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For annual repairs of the Capitol; lamplighters, oil for lamps, wicks, and repairs of lamps and lamp posts; attendance on furnaces of the crypt; attendance on water closets; cleaning the rotundo and crypt; brushes and brooms; laborers and cartage on the Capitol grounds; tools, wire, twine, leather, nails, stakes, manure, and straw, for grounds; spent ashes, lime, and plaster, for grounds, trees; attendance at the western gates of the Capitol, enlarging watch-box at the north-western gate of the Capitol, repairs of public stables, flagging, and enclosures, keeping in order iron pipes that convey the water to the Capitol and public offices; for repairs of the western front of the Capitol to prevent the cracking of the wall over the windows in the basement story; to necessary repairs of the southern abutment of the bridge across Pennsylvania Avenue and Second Street, over Tiber Creek; new basin at fountain, and repairing jet d'eaux;

Chief clerk to assistant treasurer, N. York.

Additional clerks. 1846, ch. 90. Salaries of treasurers of mint. 1846, ch. 90.

Compensation to special agents.

1846, ch. 90.

Repairs of Potomac Bridge.

Contingencies under the treasury act of 6th August, 1846, ch. 90. Books for members of Congress.

Biennial Reg-

Loan office and final settlement certificates, Proviso.

1790, ch. 34.

Furniture for Boston customhouse.

Repairs, contingencies, &c., for Capitol and grounds. shovelling snow, and wooden spades; gardener's salary; ten thousand three hundred eighty-one dollars and fifty cents.

For taking up and relaying the floor of the Senate chamber, to increase the number of seats, making flues, building fire-proof and ventilating apparatus, and other work, the sum of four thousand eight hundred and seventy-six dollars.

For payment of bill of John Skirving, for extra work done in the Capitol during the year eighteen hundred and forty-six, three hundred and twenty-one dollars and eighty-two cents.

For annual repairs of President's house; gardener's salary; laborers, and cartage; tools, wire, twine, leather, nails, stakes, straw for plants, and oil for lamps; manure for garden and grounds at La Fayette Square; repairs for fence at Fountain Square, La Fayette Square and President's garden, three thousand three hundred and ninety-three dollars and twenty-five cents.

For the completion of the new marine hospital of the United States now building in New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, to be expended under the superintendence of the Secretary of the Treasury, twenty-one thousand six hundred and ninety-six dollars.

For the construction of a custom-house in the city of New Orleans, to be erected on a square of ground on which stands the building now used as a custom-house in said city, or the land in front of the custom-house square embraced within the public road, Custom-house, Canal, and Genois Streets, on condition that the corporate authorities of said city relinquish and convey to the United States an absolute and unconditional title in and to such portion of said ground as may, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, be necessary and convenient for the erection and use of such custom-house; and, so soon as said relinquishment and conveyance is made, as stated, that then, and in that case, the United States release to the said city of New Orleans all claim on their part to the residue of the ground included within said square; one hundred thousand dollars.

For the support and maintenance of the penitentiary of the District of Columbia, seven thousand three hundred and eighty-nine dollars and forty-six cents.

For completing the paving and improvement of Pennsylvania Avenue, agreeably to the estimate of the Topographical Engineer, made at the last session of Congress, sixteen thousand dollars.

For support, clothing, and medical treatment of insane paupers of the District of Columbia, five thousand seven hundred dollars.

For the execution of an historical painting for the rotundo of the Capitol, by William H. Powell, in place of the one contracted for with Henry Inman, deceased, under the joint resolution of the twentythird of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six thousand dollars; and the Library Committee are hereby directed to contract with the said William H. Powell, to execute the said painting on the same terms as were made with the said Inman.

To pay Swan and Palmer for work executed by them at "Twin Island," on the River Ohio, above the falls, six thousand four hundred and seventy-nine dollars, and twenty-five cents: *Provided*, The account be first settled by the proper accounting officer of the Treasury Department.

To make good a deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick and disabled seamen, twelve thousand dollars.

For payment for one thousand copies of the seventh and eighth volumes of the Statutes at Large of the United States, seven thousand dollars.

For continuing the publication of the works of the exploring expedition, including the printing of the charts, the pay of the scien-

Floor of Senate Chamber, &c.

John Skirving, for extra work.

Repairs, contingencies, &c., of President's house and grounds.

Marine hospital at N. Orleans.

Custom-house at New Orleans.

Penitentiary District Columbia.

Improvement Pennsylvania Avenue.

Insane paupers of District Columbia. Historical painting for rotundo of the Capitol.

Vol. 5, p. 133.

Swan & Palmer for work done on Ohio River.

Proviso.

Deficiency in fund for sick and disabled seamen. 7th and 8th volumes Laws U. S.

Continuing of works of exploring expedition. tific corps, salary of the horticulturist, and care of the collections, fifteen thousand dollars.

For refunding certain duties collected under the act of thirtieth August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act to provide Revenue from Imports, and to change and modify existing Laws imposing Duties on Imports, and for other Purposes," contrary to the terms of the treaty of commerce and navigation of first May, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, between Prussia and the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For refunding certain duties collected under the tariff act of eighteen hundred and forty-two, above mentioned, contrary to the terms of the treaty of twentieth December, eighteen hundred and twentyseven, between the Hanseatic Republics of Lubec, Bremen, and Hamburg, and the United States, five thousand dollars.

Lighthouse Establishment. — For supplying lighthouses, containing two thousand five hundred and ninety-four lamps, with oil, tubeglasses, wicks, buff-skins, whiting, and cotton cloth; transportation, and other expenses on the same; and for keeping the lighting apparatus in repair, one hundred and thirteen thousand four hundred and seventy-eight dollars and sixty-four cents.

For repairs and incidental expenses, refitting, and improvements of lighthouses, and buildings connected therewith, sixty-five thousand four hundred and fifty-five dollars and ten cents.

For salaries of two hundred and thirty-eight keepers, and sixteen assistant keepers of lighthouses, (seventeen of them charged with double, and two with triple lights,) including also the salary of an inspector of lights on the upper lakes, and superintendent on Lake Michigan, one hundred and one thousand five hundred and thirtyeight dollars and thirty-three cents.

For salaries of thirty keepers of floating lights, sixteen thousand dollars.

For seamen's wages, repairs, and supplies of thirty floating lights, sixty-nine thousand six hundred and sixty-nine dollars and forty-eight cents.

For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying the losses of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers, twenty-four thousand and three hundred and seventy-one dollars and forty three-cents.

For expenses incurred by superintendents in visiting their lighthouses annually, and examining and reporting the condition of each, two thousand dollars.

For superintendents' commissions, at two and a half per centum, nine thousand eight hundred and twelve dollars and eighty-two cents.

Surveys of Public Lands. — For salary of an assistant surveyor, to have charge and oversight of the resurveys in the Greensburg District, (late St. Helena,) under the direction and supervision of the surveyor-general of Louisiana, one thousand dollars.

For salary of an assistant surveyor, to survey the private claims in Florida, under the direction and supervision of the surveyor-general of Florida, one thousand dollars.

For pay of chain-carriers, markers, transportation, provisions, &c., one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveying, in addition to the unexpended balances of former appropriations, viz.:

For surveying the public lands, including incidental expenses, to be apportioned to the several districts according to the exigencies of the public service, one hundred thousand dollars.

For surveying the copper regions of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, with reference to mines and minerals, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, fifty thousand dollars.

Refunding certain duties. 1842, ch. 270.

1842, ch. 270.

Lighthouse establishment. Supplies.

Repairs, &c.

Floating lights.

Buoys, &c.

Annual examination.

Superintendents' commissions.

Assistant surveyor in Greensburg District.

Assistant Surveyor, &c., in Florida.

Chain-carriers, &c.

Surveying.

Surveying public lands.

Surveying copper regions.

Detached sur- veys	For detached surveys in Missouri, at a rate not exceeding five dol- lars per mile, on account of the difficulties in surveying lakes, swamps,
	&c., four thousand five hundred dollars.
Surveys in Mis-	For surveys of towns and villages in Missouri, named in the act of
souri. 1824, ch. 184.	twenty-sixth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, including office rent, two thousand dollars.
Surveying in	For surveying in that part of Arkansas where, in consequence of
Arkansas.	local attraction, the ordinary compass cannot be used, at a rate not exceeding eight dollars per mile, nine hundred dollars.
Summing in	
Surveying in Mississippi, &c.	For surveying the islands in the Mississippi, Arkansas, White, Red,
ninsissippi, con	Black, and St. Francis Rivers, and detached fractional townships in
	Arkansas, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, three thousand
	dollars.
Surveys at aug-	For surveys, at augmented rates, in Louisiana, sixteen thousand six
mented rates.	
	hundred and ninety dollars.
Surveying in Louisiana.	For surveying the public lands in the State of Louisiana to meet the
Elouisiana.	liabilities of the surveyor-general's office, on contracts now in the
	course of execution, twenty-one thousand dollars.
Foreign inter-	Intercourse with Foreign Nations For salaries of ministers to
course.	Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Mexico, and Brazil
Ministers.	
G	sixty-three thousand dollars.
Secretaries of legation.	For salaries of secretaries of legation to the same places, fourteen
	thousand dollars.
Minister to	For salary of a minister resident to Turkey, six thousand dollars.
Turkey.	For salary of a dragoman to the legation to Turkey, two thousand
Dragoman.	five hundred dollars.
Charges-des-af-	For salaries of chargés-des-affaires to Portugal, Austria, Denmark,
faires.	
	Sweden, Holland, Belgium, Chili, Peru, New Grenada, Venezuela,
	Naples, Sardinia, and Buenos Ayres, fifty-eight thousand five hundred
~ .	dollars.
Contingent ex-	For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, thirty thousand
penses.	dollars.
	For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, thirty thousand
	dollars.
Consul at Lon-	For salary of the consul at London, two thousand dollars.
don.	For clerk hire, office rent, and other expenses of the office of the
	consul of the United States at London, two thousand eight hundred
n 1	dollars.
Barbary powers.	For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, ten thousand
	dollars.
Commissioner	For salary of a commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, three thou-
to Sandwich	sand dollars.
Islands.	For interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at
Interpreters, &c., at Constan-	Constantinople Smurne and Alexandria and the second fue hundred
tinople, &c.	Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria, one thousand five hundred
	dollars.
Commissioner at China.	For salary of a commissioner to reside in China, five thousand
	dollars.
Secretary.	For salary of secretary to commissioner to reside in China, and
	Chinese interpreter, two thousand five hundred dollars.
	And also to make up the difference between the salary of said sec-
	retary and that of a chargé-des-affaires during the time the said secre-
	tary has acted as charge dog affairer three theread dollars area with
	tary has acted as charge-des-affaires, three thousand dollars, or so much
	thereof as may be necessary for that purpose, the compensation herein

thereof as may be necessary for that purpose, the compensation herein allowed to be in full for the services of the said secretary, as acting chargé-des-affaires of the United States in China, down to the arrival of A. H. Everett at Canton; and for all other public services rendered at any previous period to the government of the United States, or to any officer, agent, or citizen thereof, in the capacity of interpreter, translator, or otherwise.

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For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For outfit of a minister to Mexico, nine thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the service of the year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, under the following heads, viz.: For the contingent fund of the Senate, to enable its Secretary to comply with their resolutions passed February eighteenth and February twentieth, for the purchase of certain books therein named, forty-five thousand dollars.

For additional salary to the surveyor-general of Wisconsin and Iowa, from first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For additional salary to the surveyor-general of Arkansas, from first July, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For salary of the district judge of Texas, from twenty-ninth May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, two thousand one hundred and eighty dollars and thirty cents.

For salaries of the district attorney and marshal of Texas, from twenty-ninth May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, four hundred and thirty-six dollars and twenty-six cents.

For salaries of the assistant treasurers at New York, Boston Charleston, and St. Louis, from sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six to the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, ten thousand three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For salaries of ten additional clerks, from sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, seven thousand two hundred and seventeen dollars and thirty-nine cents.

For additional salaries of treasurers of the mint at Philadelphia and branch mint at New Orleans, from sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, nine hundred and two dollars and seventeen cents: Provided, That the salaries of the assistant treasurers and their clerks, the additional salaries of the treasurers of the mint, shall commence only from the day on which they respectively entered upon the discharge of the duties of their several offices.

For the renewal of diplomatic intercourse with Mexico, with a view to the termination of hostilities, in the event that the government of that Republic shall consent to enter upon negotiations, fifty thousand dollars.

For outfit of charge-d'affaires to Peru, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For outstanding claims for the late mission to China, to be settled by the Secretary of State upon principles of equity and justice, a sum not exceeding seven thousand seven hundred dollars.

For deficiency in the appropriations for the salary of the late commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, four thousand two hundred and eight dollars and thirty-three cents.

For deficiency of appropriations for repairs of Pennsylvania Avenue, one thousand nine hundred and fifteen dollars and twenty-nine cents.

For deficiency of former appropriations for articles furnished for the New York custom-house, by Wenman and Wyckoff, five hundred tom-house. and thirty-three dollars and eighty-six cents.

For extra clerk hire and copying in the office of the Secretary of State, including preparing indices to the papers of the Confederation and indices of

American seamen.

Minister to Mexico.

Contingent fund of the Senate.

Surveyor-general Wisconsin.

Surveyor-general of Arkansas.

District judge of Texas.

District attorney and marshal of Texas.

Assistant treasurers at New York, &c.

Additional clerks.

Additional salaries of treasurers of the mints, åc.

Proviso.

Renewal of diplomatic intercourse with Mexice.

Charge-de' affaircs to Peru.

Outstanding claims for mission to China.

Commissioner to Sandwich Islands.

Pennsylvania Avenue.

New York cus-

Extra clerk hire

pers.

Special agents to examine books, &c. 1846, ch. 90.

Roof to building, &c.

Certificates of stocks.

1847, ch. 8.

Contingent expenses.

Office of 4th Auditor.

Meteorologist.

Maps, specifi-cations, &c.

Rent, repairs, &c., for Treasury Department.

Penitentiary.

Republic of Texas for disarming its troops, &c.

3d section of act of general appropriations for year ending June 30, 1847, revived, &c., for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1848.

1846, ch. 175.

Washington pa- and of Washington, during the current fiscal year, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to special agents to examine books, accounts. and money on hand in the several depositories, under the act of August sixth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, nineteen hundred dollars.

For roof to the building adjoining and belonging to the treasury building, five hundred dollars.

For the expenses of procuring and issuing certificates of stock in the several loans heretofore authorized, for bank stock, and dividend books, and other expenses attending the issue and transfer of the evidences of public debt, including the certificates of scrip authorized by the act of eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven. twenty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses, including stationery, blank books, &c., in the office of the Second Auditor, two hundred and ninety-five dollars.

For compensation of two clerks in the office of the Fourth Auditor, at one thousand dollars per annum, two thousand dollars.

For reappropriation of this sum for the compensation of the meteorologist - the same having been omitted by mistake in the enrolment of the civil and diplomatic bill of the last session, two thousand dollars.

For deficiency in the appropriation for completing the maps, specifications, and astronomical computations of the line of boundary between the United States and the British Provinces, six thousand [dollars.]

For rent, repairs, watching, and incidental expenses of such buildings as may be indispensably necessary for the use of the Treasury Department, the Secretary of the Treasury being hereby authorized to obtain the same, twenty-five hundred dollars per annum, to commence from the passage of this act.

For repairs to the wharf at the Penitentiary, six hundred dollars.

For settling the claims of the late Republic of Texas, according to principles of justice and equity, for disarming a body of Texan troops under the command of Colonel Snively; and for entering the customhouse at Bryarly's landing, and taking certain goods therefrom, a sum not exceeding thirty thousand dollars; the account to be settled by the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treas-Ritchie & Heiss. ury be instructed to pay to Ritchie and Heiss, out of any money ir the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the amount deducted by the committees in the Senate and House of Representatives from their accounts, as rendered for printing finished and delivered previous to the passage of the printing law now in operation.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the third section of the "Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of Government for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and for other Purposes," approved the tenth of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, be, and the same is hereby, revived and continued in force for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and fortyeight.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. XLVIII. — An Act making Appropriations for the Naval Service for the Year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight. 169

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the naval service, for the year ending on the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy, three million two hundred and ninety-two thousand eight hundred and six dollars.

For pay of thirteen additional assistant-surgeons, whose appoint- As ment is hereby authorized, twelve thousand three hundred and fifty geons. dollars.

That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint a pyrotechnist for the service of the navy, at an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, as full compensation for the services of said pyrotechnist.

For provisions for commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen; including engineers and marines attached to vessels for sea service, nine hundred and seventy-six thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars and eighty-one cents.

And there shall be allowed, instead of the sum now allowed by law, three cents per day in lieu of the spirit rations in the navy, to be paid monthly to such persons as may elect to receive the same, who shall actually draw their rations in kind.

For an additional clerk for Bureau of Provision and Clothing, one thousand dollars.

For surgeons' necessaries, and appliances for the sick and hurt of the naval service, including the marine corps, including three thousand dollars for pay of the superintendent, who shall be either a captain, commander, or lieutenant in the navy, forty thousand two hundred dollars.

For the increase, repair, armament, and equipment of the navy, Increase and wear and tear of vessels in commission, including coal for steam- pair, &c. ers and purchase of hemp, two million five hundred thousand dollars.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, including incidental expenses, three hundred and seventy-one thousand three hundred and ninety dollars.

For nautical books, maps, charts, and instruments, binding and repairing the same, and all the expenses of the hydrographical office, twenty-five thousand nine hundred and forty dollars.

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz.: Freight and transportation; printing and stationery; advertising in newspapers: books, maps, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire-engines and machinery; repair of steam-engines, and attendance on the same in yards; purchase and maintenance of horses and oxen, and driving teams; carts, timber wheels, and workmen's tools of every description, and repairing the same; postage of letters on public business; coal and other fuel, and oil and candles, for navy yards and shore stations; cleaning and clearing up yards; incidental labor not chargeable to any other appropriation; labor attending the delivery of public stores and supplies on foreign stations; wharfage, dockage, storage, and rent; travelling expenses of officers, funeral expenses, commissions, hire of agents; clerk hire, store rent, office rent, stationery, and fuel to navy agents and naval storekeepers; flags, awnings, and packing boxes; fixtures for officers' quarters; premiums, and incidental expenses of recruiting; apprehend-VOL. IX. PUB. - 22

Pay of officers and seamen, including engineer corps.

March 3, 1847.

Assistant-surgeons.

Pyrotechnist to be appointed his salary.

Provisions.

Allowance in lieu of the spirit ration. 1848, ch. 121, § 5.

Additional clerk for Bureau of Provision and Clothing.

Surgeons' necessaries for navy and marine corps. Post, p. 266.

> Increase, reair, &c.

Ordnance and stores.

Books, charts, instruments, &c.

Contingent erpenses. ing deserters; per diem allowance to persons attending courts-martial and courts of inquiry, or other service authorized by law; compensation to judge advocates; pilotage, and towing vessels; assistance rendered to vessels in distress, six hundred thousand dollars.

For enabling the Secretary of the Navy to test, by experiments, the value to the navy of Earle's patented invention for the preservation of canvass, five thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses for objects not hereinbefore enumerated. five thousand dollars.

For support of the civil establishment at the several navy-vards. the officers and others to be paid the annual compensation that was allowed to them severally in the act making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending on the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, except as hereinafter provided:

At Kittery, Maine. - For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, clerk to the commandant, clerk to the storekeeper, clerk to the naval constructor, and porter, seven thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

At Charlestown, Massachusetts. - For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the vard, two clerks to the commandant, three clerks to the storekeeper, clerk to naval constructor, keeper of magazine, and porter, eleven thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

At Brooklyn, New York. — For pay of storekeeper, naval con-structor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks to the commandant, three clerks to the storekeeper, clerk to the naval constructor, keeper of magazine, and porter, eleven thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

At Philadelphia. - For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, clerk to the commandant, clerk to the storekeeper, clerk to naval constructor, and porter, seven thousand seven hundred dollars.

At Washington. — For pay of storekeeper, measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks to commandant, clerk to the storekeeper, keeper of the magazine, and porter, six thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

At Gosport, Virginia. - For pay of storekeeper, naval constructor. measurer and inspector of timber, clerk to the yard, two clerks to commandant, three clerks to the storekeeper. clerk to the naval constructor, keeper of the magazine, and porter, eleven thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

At Pensacola. - For pay of storekeeper and naval constructor, clerk to the yard, two clerks to the commandant, two clerks to the storekeeper, and porter, eight thousand and fifty dollars.

At Memphis. - For pay of storekeeper, clerk to the yard, clerk to the commandant, and porter, three thousand three hundred dollars.

For improvements and necessary repairs of navy-yards, viz. :

At Kittery. - For extending knee-dock wall, and filling in for gun and anchor wharf, rebuilding wharf number one, cistern near mast and boat-house number fifteen, and for repairs of all kinds, thirty-one thousand five hundred and twenty-eight dollars. That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby directed to cause to be constructed at each of the navy-yards at Kittery, Philadelphia, and Pensacola, a floating dry-dock for ships of the line, with basin and railways at Philadelphia, and reference thereto at the other places, on such plan as may be preferred by the Secretary of the Navy: the said dock at Pensacola to be completed with all possible despatch; and the sum of fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated towards said dock at 1848, ch. 121, Kittery; fifty thousand dollars towards said dock at Philadelphia; and

Contingent expenses.

Civil establishment at navy yards. 1846. ch. 176.

Kittery.

Charlestown.

Brooklyn.

Philadelphia.

Washington.

Gosport.

Pensacola.

Memphis.

Improvements and repair of navy yards. Kittery.

Dry-docks at Phila-Kittery, delphia and Pensacola.

§ З.

two hundred and fifty thousand dollars towards said dock at Pensacola; out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

At Charlestown. — For wharf number sixty-four, and repairs of dry-dock number fifty-four; timber-dock and bridge across timberdock; brick barn to be erected on number twenty-seven; smith shop and plumber's shop, and drains to reservoir, and pipes to smithery; shell-house, joiners' and carpenters' shops and rigging loft; and for repairs of all kinds; ninety-seven thousand six hundred and fifty-five dollars.

At Brooklyn. — For repairing wharves in front of D and E; cisterns to reservoir C; completing cob-wharf; filling in timber pond and dredging channels; shell-house on gun-block; and for repairs of all kinds, fifty-one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight dollars.

For dry-dock, two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

That from and after the passage of this act, all moneys derived from the sale of all stores and other articles belonging to the navy shall revert to that appropriation from which such stores and other articles were originally purchased; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to refund to the appropriation for "clothing for the navy," the proceeds of all sales of condemned navy clothing which have been paid into the treasury of the United States subsequent to the first day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-four, as shall appear from the accounts of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, and the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury; and it shall not be lawful hereafter to make transfers from the clothing fund, or the head of the appropriation for "clothing for the navy," to any other head of appropriation, except in the adjustment of the accounts of disbursing officers, at the office of the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury.

At Philadelphia. — For outside piers of wharves numbers two and three; wharf number four, and outside pier of number four; work-shops on site number ten; anchorage; and repairs of all kinds; forty-seven thousand four hundred and sixteen dollars.

At Washington. — For trip-hammer in anchor shop, and blowing chain-cable fires in hydraulic proving machine shop; new boiler to steam-engine number two; converting number eleven to an iron foundry; temporary laboratory building; and repairs of all kinds; thirty thousand five hundred and forty-eight dollars.

At Gosport. — For completing storehouse number thirteen, and launching slip number forty-eight; new wharf where small shears now stand; and for repairs of all kinds; forty-five thousand two hundred dollars.

At Pensacola. — For completing storehouse number twenty-five, and timber-shed number twenty-six; blacksmith shop and steam-engine; permanent wharf; extending and completing coal-house; completing lime-house; and for repairs of all kinds; fifty-eight thousand and seventeen dollars.

At Memphis. — For blacksmith's shop; steam-engine and boilers for ropewalk; joiner's shop and storehouse, (one wing;) sawmill; commandant's house and offices; foundation of wall to enclose yard; embankment and excavation; and for repairs of all kinds; one hundred and two thousand two hundred and five dollars.

At Sackett's Harbor. — For construction of officers' quarters, and for repairs of all kinds, five thousand dollars.

For the improvement and repairs of the several navy hospitals, viz.: At Chelsea, five thousand four hundred and eighty dollars and fiftyfour cents.

At Brooklyn, twenty-two thousand three hundred and ninety Broodollars.

Charlestown.

Brooklyn.

Dry-dock. Proceeds of sale of stores and clothing.

Transfers of appropriation for clothing.

Philadelphia.

Washington.

Gosport.

Pensacola.

Memphis.

Sackett's Harbor.

Naval hospitals. Chelsea.

Brooklyn.

At or near Gosport, five thousand six hundred and thirty-four

At Pensacola, thirty thousand four hundred and forty-one dollars

Gosport.

Washington.

Pensacola.

For magazines.

and seventy-five cents. For magazines, viz.:

dollars.

At Charlestown, Massachusetts, two hundred dollars.

At Brooklyn, eight hundred dollars.

At Washington, one hundred dollars

At Washington, one hundred dollars.

At Gosport, three hundred dollars.

Marine Corps. — For pay of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, and servants serving on shore, and subsistence of officers, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For clothing, forty thousand five hundred and forty-eight dollars.

For fuel, fifteen thousand four hundred and sixty-nine dollars.

For military stores, repair of arms, pay of armorers, accoutrements, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and musical instruments, four thousand three hundred and five dollars.

For transportation of officers and troops, and for expenses of recruiting, eight thousand dollars.

For repair of barracks, and rent of temporary barracks, six thousand dollars.

For contingencies, viz. :

Freight, ferriage, toll, wharfage, and cartage; compensation to judge advocates; per diem for attending courts-martial and courts of inquiry; per diem to enlisted men on constant labor; house rent where no public quarters are assigned; the burial of deceased marines; printing, stationery, forage, postages, and the pursuit of deserters; candles and oil; straw, barrack furniture, bed sacks, spades, axes, shovels, picks, carpenters' tools, and keeping a horse for the messenger; fifteen thousand dollars.

That the first section of the act of fourth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the naval Service for the Year one thousand eight hundred and forty-two," shall not be construed as applying to the appointment of boatswains, gunners, carpenters, and sailmakers.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the proviso of the act of third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the naval Service for the half calendar Year beginning the first of January and ending the thirtieth Day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four," as requires that provisions and all other materials of every name and nature, for the use of the navy, be furnished by contract with the lowest bidder, after advertisement, shall be and the same is hereby so far modified, that it shall not apply to butter or cheese destined for the use of our navy, or things contraband of war. And it shall be lawful that contracts for those articles for the use of the navy be made, as heretofore, for periods longer than one year, if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy, economy and the quality of the ration will be promoted thereby.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the act of June seventeen, eighteen hundred and forty-four, entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the naval Service for the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth Day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-five," which directs "that the Secretary of the Navy shall order a competent commissioned or warrant officer of the navy to take charge of the naval stores for foreign squadrons, in place of naval storekeepers, at each of the foreign ports where said stores may be deposited, and where a storekeeper is necessary," be, and the same is hereby, so far modified as to authorize the

Marine corps. Pay and subsistence.

Clothing.

Fuel. Military stores.

Transportation.

Barracks.

Contingencies.

Ist section of naval appropriation act of 4th Aug., 1842, ch. 121, not to apply to appointments of boatswains, gunners, &c.

1843, ch. 83.

Butter and cheese, &c., for the navy.

1844, ch. 107.

Naval storekeepers for foreign squadrons. selection and appointment of citizens other than naval officers to be storekeepers on foreign stations, when suitable naval officers cannot be ordered on such service, or when, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy, the public interest will be promoted thereby. Persons so selected and appointed to receive the same compensation as now allowed, and to enter into bond with security, as is required by law of officers of the navy performing said service.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the pay of firemen and coalheavers employed in the naval service, shall hereafter be fixed by the President of the United States, in the same manner as is now provided by law for the pay of other petty officers, and of seamen, ordinary seamen, and marines: and so much of the act of Congress, approved August thirty-first, eighteen hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act to regulate the Appointment and Pay of Engineers in the Navy of the United States," as fixes the pay of firemen and coalheavers, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That of the money appropriated in this act for "pay of the navy," and contingent expenses enumerated, an amount not exceeding twenty-eight thousand and two hundred dollars may be expended, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, for repairs, improvements, and instructions at Fort Severn, Annapolis, Maryland; and for the purchase of land for the use of the naval school at that place, not exceeding twelve acres.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That in every case of the loss or capture of a vessel belonging to the navy of the United States, the accounting officers of the treasury, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, shall be, and they are hereby, authorized, in the settlement of the accounts of the purser of such vessel, to credit him with such portion of the amount of the provisions, clothing, small stores, and money, with which he stands charged on the books of the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury, as they shall be satisfied was inevitably lost by such capture, or loss of a public vessel; and such purser shall be fully exonerated by such credit, from all liability on account of the provisions, clothing, small stores, and money, so proved to have been captured or lost.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause such experiments to be made, under the immediate direction and superintendence Brown's of Uriah Brown, as shall thoroughly test the efficient properties of a proof steamship, liquid fire, and the practical utility of a shot-proof steamship (the invention of said Brown) for coast and harbor defence; said experiments to be made in the presence of competent judges, to be selected by the Secretary of the Navy for that purpose; and it shall be the duty of the said Secretary to report to Congress, at the earliest practicable period thereafter, the result of such experiments; and his opinion whether the interest of the United States would be promoted by adopting this invention as a means of national defence. That said Brown shall receive the sum of six dollars per day while engaged in making said experiments, together with all his travelling and other necessary expenses : Provided, He shall not be so employed for a time exceeding six months. And that a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for defraying the expenses of said experiments.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

Pay.

Bonds.

Pay of firemen and coalheavers regulated.

1842, ch. 279.

Repairs and improvements at Fort Severn, Md. Ante, p. 100.

In case of the loss or capture of public vessels, pursers to be credited, &c.

Experiments to test the efficiency of Uriah shot-

Proviso.

Appropriation.

March 3, 1847.

Appropriation.

pen-

of

Invalid

Pensions

Act of 1845, ch. 41, renewing certain naval

pensions for five years continued.

sions.

widows.

certain

CHAP. XLIX. - An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Navy Pen sions for the Year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the payment of navy pensions for the year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight:

To pay invalid pensions, thirty-six thousand dollars.

To pay the pensions of widows of officers, seamen, and marines, sixteen thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the act of eighteen hundred and forty-five, chapter forty-one, entitled "An Act renewing certain naval Pensions for the Term of five Years," be, and the same are hereby, extended to all pensions of similar kind which have expired since the passage of said act; and the pensions which were renewed by the said act for the term of five years, and which may expire before the next session of Congress, shall be, and hereby are, renewed and continued for another term of five years, to the persons entitled thereto, in the same manner, and subject to the same conditions as are in said act contained, and to commence from the time they may severally expire, and to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

For the payment of pensions under the privateer pension fund, as pledged by the government by act of Congress of June twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twelve, three thousand dollars. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847. CHAP. L. - An Act making further Appropriation to bring the existing War with Mexico to a speedy and honorable Conclusion.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whereas a state of war now exists between the United States and the Republic of Mexico, which it is desirable should be speedily terminated upon terms just and honorable to both nations; and whereas assurances have heretofore been given to the government of Mexico that it was the desire of the President to settle all questions between the two countries on the most liberal and satisfactory terms, according to the rights of each and the mutual interests and security of the two countries; and whereas the President may be able to conclude a treaty of peace with the republic of Mexico prior to the next session of Congress, if means for that object are at his disposal; and whereas, in the adjustment of so many complicated questions as now exist between the two countries, it may possibly happen that an expenditure of money will be called for by the stipulations of any treaty which may be entered into; therefore, the sum of three millions of dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the President to conclude a treaty of peace, limits, and boundaries with the Republic of Mexico, to be used by him in the event that said treaty, when signed by the authorized agents of the two governments, and duly ratified by Mexico, shall call for the expenditure of the same, or any part thereof; full and accurate accounts for which expenditure shall be by him transmitted to Congress at as early a day as practicable. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

1812, ch. 107.

Three millions of dollars appropriated to enable the President to conclude a treaty of peace, limits, &c., with Mexico.

Accounts of ex-penditure to be kept and trans-mitted to Congress,

Privateer pension fund.

Preamble.

CHAP. LI. - An Act to provide for the Punishment of Piracy in certain Cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any subject or citizen of any foreign State, who shall be found and taken on the sea, making war upon the United States, or cruising against the vessels and property thereof, or of the citizens of the same, contrary to the provisions of any treaty existing between the United States and the State of which such person is a citizen or subject, when by such treaty such acts of such persons are declared to be piracy, may be arraigned, tried, convicted, and punished before any circuit court of the United States for the district into which such person may be brought, or shall be found, in the same manner as other persons charged with piracy may be arraigned, tried, convicted, and punished in said courts.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LII. - An Act authorizing the Erection of certain Lighthouses, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That as soon as a cession shall be made by the States, respectively, within the limits of which any of the lighthouses and other public works hereinafter provided for may be situated, to the United States, of the jurisdiction over a tract of land, respectively, proper for the said lighthouses and other public works, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause the said lighthouses and other public works to be erected; and that he shall cause the lighthouses and other public works herein provided for, which may be situated on such locations as are now within and under the jurisdiction of the United States, to be erected as soon as practicable; and that the following sums be, and hereby are, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. for the purpose herein specified, to wit:

In Maine. - For building a lighthouse at Little River, in the town of Cutler, five thousand dollars.

For rebuilding a lighthouse at Mount Desert Rock, fifteen thou sand dollars.

For building a lighthouse at Prospect Harbor, in the town of Gouldsborough, five thousand dollars.

For a spindle on the South breaker, near Whitehead light, three hundred dollars.

For placing buoys on Trundy's Reef and Broad Cove Rock, in Muscle Ridge Channel, to wit, one at each of the following places : Hay Island Ledge, Hurricane Ledge, Shreves's Ledge, Spencer's Head, Island Ledge, Long Ledge, and Muscle Ledge, two thousand dollars.

In New Hampshire. - For rebuilding the lighthouse on a rock New Hampshire. called the Whale's Back, twenty-five thousand dollars, inclusive of a former appropriation for a breakwater to protect that lighthouse.

In Massachusetts. - For such a beacon as may be deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Treasury, on a rock called the "Londoner," near Thatcher's Island, six thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on Minot's Rock, in Boston Harbor, twenty thousand dollars.

For three spar buoys, in Welfleet Harbor, four spar buoys at the mouth of Westport Harbor, and for nine buoys and a beacon in Buzzard's Bay, two thousand dollars.

For a light-boat to be stationed near a reef of rocks at the entrance

March 3, 1847.

Citizens and subjects of foreign States, taken on the sea making war against the U.S., in certain cases, to be tried and punished as pirates.

March 3, 1847.

Res. 17, 1848.

Appropriation for lighthouses, δεc.

Maine.

1838, ch. 00.

Massachusetts.

of the Vineyard Sound, called the Sow and Pigs, ten thousand dollars; or for a permanent lighthouse on said reef, as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem best.

For buoys on Hatset's rock, Mill Rock, and three buoys on the Spit in and near the harbor of Edgartown; for a buoy at Rockport; for a buoy off Brant Point, Nantucket; for beacons or buoys on Harbor Rock, Clam Rock, Elisha's Ledge, Fort Point, and Black Rock, in the harbor of Gloucester, two thousand dollars; for a buoy on Ben's Shoal off Monamoy Point, eighty dollars; for a buoy-boat on the east end of Tuckermuck Shoal, and one on the end of Great or Sandy Point Rip, eight hundred dollars.

For repairs to the causeway between the lighthouse and shore at Edgartown, five thousand dollars.

In Connecticut. — For a lighthouse on the North Dumpling, in Fisher's Island Sound, five thousand dollars.

For a beacon on the Southwest Ledge, in New Haven Harbor, one thousand dollars.

For rebuilding the lighthouse at the entrance of New Haven Harbor, at a place to be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, ten thousand dollars.

For buoys at the following places, viz. : One on Moulton's Ledge, in New London Harbor, one on the outward end of the north east bar of "Two Tree Island," one on the north end of Bartlett's Reef, one on the south end of the Great Goshen Reef, one on White Rock Reef in Black Point Bay, and one at the Housatonic River, the sum of seven hundred and twenty dollars.

To complete the sea-wall for the protection of the lighthouse on Fairweather Island, near Black Rock, ten thousand dollars.

In Rhode Island. — For a buoy on Brinton's Reef, near the entrance of the harbor of Newport, and for placing buoys on Buckley Rock, Race Rock, and on the east end of Watch Hill Reef, four hundred dollars.

In New York. — For a lighthouse at the entrance of Cattaraugus Creek, four thousand dollars.

For a red light on Governor's Island, one hundred and fifty dollars. For a lighthouse on Execution Rocks, in Long Island Sound, twentyfive thousand dollars.

For a beacon on Sandy Hook, three hundred dollars.

For a beacon on the south side of Staten Island, three hundred dollars.

For three beacon lights on the River St. Lawrence, at the passage of the "Thousand Isles," one at the head of the Narrows, one at Low Rock islet below Alexandria, and one at the shoal below Crossover Island, six thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on Teller's Point, on the Hudson River, four thousand dollars.

For furnishing the lighthouses on the Atlantic coast with means of rendering assistance to shipwrecked mariners, five thousand dollars, the same to be under the control and direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

In Pennsylvania. — To continue the construction of the lighthouse on the Brandywine Shoals, in the Delaware River, thirty thousand dollars.

In New Jersey. — For a beacon-light at the Corner Stake, (so called,) between Elizabethtown Point and Shorter's Island, and also for a small light or lantern at Shorter's Island, five thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on the south end of Tucker's Beach, six thousand dollars.

For a buoy in the south channel of New Inlet, near Tuckerton, eighty dollars.

Rhode Island.

Connecticut.

New York.

Pennsylvania

New Jersey.

For placing buoys in Little Egg Harbor, four hundred dollars.

In Delaware. — For buoys to mark the channels discovered by the coast surveyors in Delaware Bay, three thousand three hundred dollars. In Maryland. — For a beacon-light at Greenbury Point, at the

harbor of Annapolis, three thousand five hundred dollars.

In Virginia. — For a buoy on Sand Shoal Inlet, in Accomac, one hundred dollars.

In North Carolina. — For a lighthouse on Boddy's Island, twelve thousand dollars; a former appropriation, of five thousand dollars, having been carried to the surplus fund.

For a floating light, to take the place of one now off Brandt Island, which is too much decayed for repair, fifteen thousand dollars.

In South Carolina. — For a lighthouse on South Island, on the southern edge of Winneyah Entrance, five thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at the entrance of Santee River, five thousand dollars.

For buoys in Bull's Bay and Santee River, one thousand dollars.

For beacons to guide vessels over Charleston bar, three thousand dollars.

In Georgia. — For placing a lantern, lamps, and reflectors upon the beacon already erected upon the "Oyster Beds" in Savannah River, and for a small house for the keeper, two thousand dollars.

For erecting a small tower and a keeper's house upon the east end of Long Island, in said river, also for a similar tower and house on the east end of Fig Island, in said river, six thousand dollars.

For a buoy at Sapelo Inlet, one hundred dollars.

In Florida. — For a lighthouse at Cary's Fort Reef, the sum of thirty thousand dollars, heretofore appropriated and carried to the surplus fund, is hereby reappropriated.

For a lighthouse on Egmont Key, at the entrance of Tampa Bay, ten thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at Cape Canaveral, twelve thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at Cape St. George, eight thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at Cape St. Blas, eight thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at Key West, the old one having been destroyed by a tornado, twelve thousand dollars.

For a buoy on "Rebecca Shoal," about twenty miles east of Tortugas light, three hundred dollars.

For a screw-pile lighthouse on or near Sand Key, the lighthouse Post, at that place having been destroyed by a tornado, twenty thousand dollars.

In Mississippi. — For a lighthouse on Merrill's Shell Bank, twelve thousand dollars; and the appropriation of a like sum for a light on St. Joseph's Island, on the third day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, is hereby repealed.

For a lighthouse at Biloxi, twelve thousand dollars.

In Louisiana. — For a lighthouse on the "Bon Fouca," three Louisiana. thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on South Chandeleur Island, twelve thousand dollars.

In Texas. — For the erection of a lighthouse on Galveston Island, Texas. fifteen thousand dollars.

For the erection of a lighthouse on Matagorda Island, fifteen thousand dollars.

For twenty wrought-iron buoys, to be placed in the waters of Texas, five thousand dollars.

In Ohio. — For a beacon-light and preparing the head of the pier Ohio. for the same at Vermillion River, three thousand dollars.

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Delaware.

Maryland.

Virginia.

North Carolina.

South Carolina,

Georgia.

Florida.

Post, p. 298.

Mississippi.

Illinois.

Michigan.

For a lighthouse on Western Sister Island, in Lake Erie, four thousand dollars. In Illinois. - For a lighthouse at Chicago, three thousand five

hundred dollars. For a lighthouse at Littlefort, four thousand dollars.

In Michigan. — For a lighthouse at Monroe, three thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at Clinton River, three thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse near Waugoshance, the sum appropriated by the act of seventh July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, to wit, twentyfive thousand dollars, is hereby appropriated.

For a lighthouse at Point au Barques, on the westerly shore of Lake Huron, and at the mouth of Saginaw Bay, five thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at De Tour, where the River Sault Ste. Marie empties into Lake Huron, five thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at White Fish Point, on Lake Superior, five thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at St. Joseph's, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a lighthouse at Copper Harbor, Fort Wilkins, Lake Superior, five thousand dollars.

In Wisconsin. - For a lighthouse at Southport, four thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at or near Tail Point, at the mouth of Fox River, four thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the works at Cary's Fort Reef, Florida; near Waugoshance, Michigan; Minct's Rock, Mas-sachusetts, Whale's Back, New Hampshire; Fairweather Island, near Black Rock, Connecticut; and Brandywine Shoals, in the Delaware River, Pennsylvania, shall be executed under the superintendence of the Topographical Bureau.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the light at the Delaware breakwater shall hereafter be included within the list of those established by law.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the following named lighthouses be, and they are hereby, discontinued, to wit: one at the west end of St. George's Island, and one at the entrance of St. Joseph's Bay, in Florida; one at Cunningham's Harbor and one at Otter Creek, on Lake Erie; the lighthouse on Otter Creek not to be discontinued, however, until the lighthouse at Monroe be completed; and that, whenever the lighthouse on the Execution Rocks, Long Island Sound, is completed, then the light at Sand's Point, on Long Island, be discontinued.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

1848, ch. 50, Preamble.

Union.

CHAP. LIII. - An Act for the Admission of the State of Wisconsin into the Union.

WHEREAS the people of the Territory of Wisconsin did, on the sixteenth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-six, by a convention of delegates called and assembled for that purpose, form for themselves a constitution and State government, which said constitution is republican; and said convention having asked the admission of said Territory into the Union as a State, on an equal footing with the original States -

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Wisconsin ad-United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of mitted into the Wisconsin be, and the same is hereby, declared to be, one of the Uni-

Post, p. 337.

Wisconsin.

Works to be executed under superintendence of Topographical Bureau.

Delaware breakwater.

Lighthouses discontinued.

1849, ch. 81.

ted States of America, and is hereby admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the assent of Congress is hereby given to the change of boundary proposed in the first article of said constitution, to wit: leaving the boundary line prescribed in the act of Congress entitled "An Act to enable the People of Wisconsin Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the Admission of such State into the Union," at the first rapids in the River St. Louis, thence in a direct line southwardly to a point fifteen miles east of the most easterly point in Lake St. Croix, thence due south to the main channel of the Mississippi River or Lake Pepin, thence down the said main channel, as prescribed in said act.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the assent of Congress is hereby given to the resolutions adopted by said convention and appended to said constitution, and the acts of Congress referred to in said resolutions are hereby amended so that the lands thereby granted and the proceeds thereof, and the five per centum of the net proceeds fund. of the public lands, may be held and disposed of by said State, in the manner and for the purposes recommended by said convention: Provided, however, That the liabilities incurred by the territorial government of Wisconsin, under the act entitled "An Act to grant a Quantity of Land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the Purpose of aiding in opening a Canal to connect the Waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock River," shall be paid and discharged by said State: And provided, further, That the even-numbered sections along the route of said proposed canal shall be brought into market, and sold at the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of preëmption to all the settlers thereon, at the passage of this act, as other public lands of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it is made and declared to be a fundamental condition of the admission of said State of Wisconsin into the Union, that the constitution adopted at Madison, on the sixteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, shall be assented to by the qualified electors, in the manner and at the times prescribed in the ninth section of the twentieth article of said constitution. And as soon as such assent shall be given, the President of the United States shall announce the same by proclamation; and therefrom, and without any further proceedings on the part of Congress, the admission of said State of Wisconsin into the Union, on an equal footing in all respects whatever with the original States, shall be considered as complete.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LIV. — An Act to create an additional Land District in the Territory March 3, 1847. of Wisconsin, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that portion of the public lands lying within the Territory of Wisconsin, north and west of the following boundary, to wit: commencing at the Mississippi River on the line between townships twenty-two and twenty-three north, running thence east along said line to the fourth principal meridian, thence north along said meridian line to the line dividing townships twenty-nine and thirty, thence east along said township line to the Wisconsin River, thence up the main channel of said river to the boundary line between the State of Michigan and the Territory of Wisconsin, shall form a land district, to be called the Chippewa Land District; and, for the sale of the lands in said district,

Change of boundary, &c.

1846, ch. 89.

Assent of Congress to resolu-tions of convention relative to grants of lands, and the 5 per ct.

Proviso.

1838, ch. 114.

Price of public lands.

Assent to a certain constitution required as a condition of admission.

President to make proclamation.

Chippewa land District created.

Boundary.

be established.

Geological examination of ands in said district to be made.

Mineral and other lands to be exposed to sale.

16th sections, &c., to be re-scrved.

Preemption right to actual occupants of mines.

Proof made.

Appeals may be made to Sec-retary of Treasury. Joint occupa-

tion.

How mineral lands shall be offered for sale.

Occupied lands to be withheld.

Land office to a land office shall be established at such place therein as the President of the United States may select.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause a geological examination and survey of the lands embraced in said district to be made and reported to the Commissioner of the General Land Office. And the President is hereby authorized to cause such of said lands as may contain copper, lead, or other valuable ores, to be exposed to sale, giving six months' notice of the times and places of sales in such newspapers of general circulation in the several States as he may deem expedient, with a brief description of the lands to be offered; showing the number and localities of the mines known, the probability of discovering others, the quality of the ores, the facilities of working the mines, and the means and expense of transporting their products to the principal markets in the United And all the lands embraced in said district, not reported as States. aforesaid, shall be sold in the same manner as other lands under the laws now in force for the sale of the public lands, excepting and reserving from such sales section sixteen in each township for the use of schools, and such reservations as the President shall deem necessary for public uses.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person or persons who shall be in possession, by actual occupancy, of a mine or mines, actually discovered previous to the passage of this act, and who shall pay the same rents as those who hold under leases from the Secretary of War, and which rents accruing from such occupants and lessees shall be paid and delivered to such officer of the government as the Secretary of the Treasury shall direct, shall be entitled to purchase the lands on which the same is or are situated at any time prior to the day of sale fixed by the President, in legal subdivisions, not exceeding in the aggregate one hundred and sixty acres, to include such mine or mines, paying to the United States therefor at the rate of to be five dollars per acre : Provided, That, prior to any entry being made under the provisions of this section, proof of possession and occupancy as aforesaid of the mine or mines claimed shall be made to the register and receiver of the land district, together with the evidence of the payment of all rents due the United States, agreeably to such rules as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury for that purpose, which register and receiver shall each be entitled to receive one dollar for his services therein : Provided, That an appeal from the decision of the register and receiver to the Secretary of the Treasury may be had, under such regulations as the said Secretary may prescribe. And if two or more persons are in possession of the same quarter-section, the first occupant shall be entitled to a preference, unless the same can be so divided by legal subdivisions as to give to each the discovery claimed by him.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, the said mineral lands shall be offered for sale in subdivisions of quarter-quarter sections, and no bid shall be received at a less rate than five dollars per acre; and if such lands shall not be sold at public sale, they shall be subject to entry at private sale at that price : Provided, That no legal division or subdivision of any of said lands, upon which there may be an outstanding lease or leases from the Secretary of War unexpired or undetermined, and which is actually occupied for mining purposes, and the occupants of which have complied with all the requisites of such lease or leases, and continued to perform the same, shall be sold until after the determination of such lease or leases by efflux of time, voluntary surrender, or other legal extinguishment thereof, except in such cases as are provided for in the third section of this act; and the lessees, respectively, shall be entitled to the privilege secured by said

section upon the voluntary surrender of the lease or leases held by them.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the management and control of the mineral lands shall be transferred from the War Department, and placed under the jurisdiction and control of the Treasury Department, and all books, maps, papers, instruments, and other property procured to be used and employed in the management, survey, exploring, or conducting of said mineral lands by the War Department, shall be delivered over and made subject to the disposition of the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, so soon as a sufficient number of townships are surveyed, and returns thereof made to the General Land Office, to authorize the commencement of the sales in said district, shall appoint one register and one receiver for the land office in said district, who shall reside at the place designated by the President for the land office, receive such compensation, give security, and discharge all duties pertaining to such office, as are prescribed by law.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

Management and control of mineral lands to be transferred to Treasury Department, &c.

Register and receiver to be appointed.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LV. - An Act for the Reduction of the Costs and Expenses of Proceedings in Admiralty against Ships and Vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in any case brought in the courts of the United States, exercising jurisdiction in admiralty, where a warrant of arrest, or other process in rem, shall be issued, it shall be the duty of the marshal to stay the execution of such process, or to discharge the property arrested if the same has been levied, on receiving from the claimant of the same a bond or stipulation in double the amount claimed by the libellant, with sufficient surety, to be approved by the judge of the said court, or, in his absence, by the collector of the port, conditioned to abide and answer the decree of the court in such cause; and such bond or stipulation shall be returned to the said court, and judgment on the same, both against the principal and sureties may be recovered at the time of rendering the decree in the original cause: Provided, That the entire costs in any such case, in which the amount recovered by the libellant shall not exceed one hundred dollars, shall not be more than fifty per cent. of the amount recovered in the same, which costs shall be applied, first, to the payment of the usual fees for witnesses, and the commissioner, where a commissioner shall act on the case, and the residue to be divided, pro rata, between the clerk and marshal, under the direction of the judge of the court where the cause may be tried : *Provided*, further, That no attorney's or proctor's fees shall be allowed or paid out of the said costs.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

Marshal to stay execution in admiralty cases and discharge the property arrested, on receiving bond and security from claimant to abide decree of court

Proviso - costs how limited and applied.

No attorney's or proctor's fees to be paid out of said costs.

CHAP. LVI. - An Act to give the Consent of Congress to the Sale of certain Salt Spring Lands heretofore granted to the States of Michigan, Illinois, and Arkansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Michigan shall be, and hereby is, authorized and empowered to sell, granted to State in such manner as the Legislature of said State shall by law direct, thorized.

Sale of sait lands spring

March 3, 1847.

1836 ch. 121.

Sale of saline lands granted to State of Illinois authorized.

1818, ch. 67.

Sale of saline lands granted to State of Arkansas authorized.

1836, ch. 100.

the salt spring lands granted to said State for its use, by an act entitled "An Act supplementary to the Act entitled an Act to establish the northern Boundary Line of the State of Ohio, and to provide for the Admission of the State of Michigan into the Union on certain Conditions," approved June twenty-third, eighteen hundred and thirtysix.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the State of Illinois shall be, and hereby is, authorized and empowered to sell, in such manner as the Legislature of said State shall by law direct, the whole or any part of the saline lands lying in Jackson county, in said State, which were granted to the State of Illinois, by virtue of "An Act to enable the People of the Illinois Territory to form a Constitution and State Government, and for the admission of such State into the Union on an equal Footing with the original States," approved April eighteenth, eighteen hundred and eighteen.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the State of Arkansas shall be, and hereby is, authorized to sell, in such manner as the Legislature of said State shall by law direct, the whole or any part of the saline lands, granted to said State by virtue of an act supplementary to the act entitled "An Act for the Admission of the State of Arkansas into the Union, and to Provide for the due Execution of the Laws of the United States within the same, and for other Purposes," approved June twenty-third, eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LVII. — An Act to establish a Port of Entry at Saluria, in the State of Texas, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that part of the State of Texas, south and west of the counties of Matagorda and Wharton, and including said counties, shall be detached from the District of Texas, and shall constitute a collection district; that Saluria, on the north-easterly part of the Island of Matagorda, shall be the port of entry for said district; and that Matagorda, Aransas, Copano, and Corpus Christi, as ports of delivery only.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a collector for the district of Saluria aforesaid shall be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, who shall hold his office for the terms and for the time prescribed by law for the like office in other districts. The said collector shall reside at Saluria aforesaid, and he shall be entitled to a salary not exceeding twelve hundred and fifty dollars per annum, including in that sum the fees allowed by law; and the amount he shall collect in any one year for fees, exceeding the said sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars, shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That surveyors for the aforesaid ports of delivery, to wit, Matagorda, Labaca, Corpus Christi, and Copano, shall be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, with authority to exercise all the powers conferred by law on such officers; and that the salaries of said surveyors at Matagorda and Labaca shall be at the rate of six hundred dollars per annum, and of those at Copano and Corpus Christi shall be at the rate of five hundred dollars per annum; and that there shall be a deputy-collector appointed according to law, to reside at Aransas, and to exercise such powers under the revenue laws as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe; the compensation of said deputy collector shall be the legal fees on the business he may transact, and

New collection

district in Texas established.

Saluria created a port of entry. Ports of deliv-

ery. Collector to be appointed.

Salary.

Surveyors to be appointed.

Salaries.

Deputy-collector to reside at Aransas

Fees.

no more, and that the surveyor for the port of Cavallo shall be discontinued.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the surveyor for the port of Sabine shall be discontinued, and a deputy-collector shall be appointed for said port of Sabine, with the same powers as the deputycollector of Aransas, provided for in third section of this act, whose salary shall be at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the salary of the collector for the District of Texas, residing at Galveston, shall be, from and after the thirtieth day of June next, not exceeding seventeen hundred and fifty dollars, including in that sum the fees allowed by law; and that the amount he shall collect in any one year for fees, exceeding the said sum of seventeen hundred and fifty dollars, shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury of the United States.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LIX. - An Act to amend an Act, entitled "An Act to raise for a limited Time an additional military Force." and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That under the provisions of the ninth section of the act approved February eleventh, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, entitled "An Act to raise for a limited Time an additional military Force, and for other Purposes," it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue treasury scrip therein provided, on the certificate of the Secretary of War, showing the claimant entitled thereto, and not otherwise; and that the stock thus issued shall bear interest from the day of presenting to the Treasury Department such certificate of the Secretary of War in due form, and the interest thereon shall be payable on the first days of January and July in each year, and shall be transferable on the payable. books of the Treasury Department kept in the register's office. Such certificates of stock shall be signed by the register of the treasury under the direction of the of the Secretary, who shall cause the cates shall signed and seal of the department to be affixed thereto, and no other signature shall be required to said stock.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LX. - An Act creating a Collection District in Maine, and constituting Bangor, in said District, a Port of Entry and Delivery.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the counties of Penobscot and Piscataquis, and the town of Frankfort, in the county of Waldo, be, and they hereby are, created a collection district, which shall be known and called the District of Bangor; and Bangor, within said county of Penobscot, is hereby made a port of entry and delivery for said district.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a collector of customs appointed for said district, together with such other officers as are provided for by law; and the compensation of said collector shall be such fees and commissions as he by law may be entitled to.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That Frankfort, in the county of Waldo, shall form a part of said District of Bangor, in the same form a part manner that it now forms a part of the District of Belfast; and there shall be a deputy-collector at Frankfort, as is now provided by law, who shall perform all the duties, and exercise all the powers, in the

Surveyor for port of Sabine for discontinued and deputy-collector to be appointed.

Salary of col-ctor at Gallector at veston.

March 3, 1847.

1847, ch. 8.

How scrip shall be issued under the 9th section of act of February 11th, 1847, ch. 8.

Interest when

How certifibe sealed.

March 3, 1847.

Collection District of Bangor created.

Bangor made a port of entry.

Collector to be appointed.

Frankfort te of said district.

same manner as the same were performed and exercised when Frankfort constituted a part of the District of Belfast. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

7. CHAP. LX1. — An Act making Provision for an additional Number of general Officers, and for other Purposes.

The ten regiments authorized by the act of 11th February, 1847, ch. 8, to be organized.

Major-generals and brigadiergenerals to be appointed.

Proviso.

Three assistant adjutant-generals to be appointed.

President authorized to accept the services of volunteers now in Mexico, and to organize the same.

Additional pay and allowances to volunteers who shall reënter the service.

Individual vol unteers may be accepted to fill vacancies, &c.

1847, ch. 8.

How officers shall take rank.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to organize the ten regiments to be raised by virtue of the act of the eleventh of February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, into brigades and divisions, either by allotting portions of the same to the brigades and divisions of the regular army or volunteer forces in the service of the United States, and, if the efficiency of the service shall require it, to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, such number of additional brigadier-generals, not exceeding three, and major-generals, not exceeding two, as the organization of the said forces may require: Provided, That each brigade shall consist of not less than three regiments, and each division of not less than two brigades: And provided, further, That the said general officers shall be immediately discharged from the service of the United States at the close of the war with Mexico.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be added to the adjutant-general's department one assistant adjutant-general, with the rank, pay, and emoluments of a lieutenant-colonel of cavalry, and two assistant adjutants-general, with the brevet rank, pay, and emoluments of a captain of cavalry, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in the same manner, and be charged with the same duties, as those authorized by existing laws.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to accept the services of such of the volunteers now in Mexico as, in his opinion, the state of the public service may require, and who may, at the termination of the present term, voluntarily engage to serve during the war with Mexico; and to organize the same into companies, battalions, and regiments, agreeably to existing laws, and to commission the officers for the same.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the pay and allowances provided for the volunteers now in the service of the United States, under existing laws, each volunteer who shall reënter the service under the provisions of this act, in Mexico, immediately after the close of his present term of service, shall be entitled to a bounty of twelve dollars to be paid as soon as the company shall have been duly mustered and received be [by] the mustering and inspecting officer.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, that the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to accept the services of individual volunteers to fill vacancies which may occur by death, discharge, or other cause, in the volunteer regiments or corps now in the service of the United States, or which may be received during the existing war with Mexico.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all the officers to be appointed in the ten regiments to be raised and organized under the "Act to raise for a limited Time an additional military Force, and for other Purposes," shall take rank, in case of equal grade, in such manner as the President of the United States may direct, without regard to priority of appointment.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted. That to each company of said ten regiments there may be appointed the same number of subaltern officers as are provided by existing laws for the companies of volunteers whose term shall expire as provided in the fifth section of the act of eleventh of February eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the act approved May thirteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act to authorize an Increase of the Rank and File of the Army of the United States." be, and the same are hereby, made applicable to the regiment of mounted riflemen authorized by the act of the ninth [nineteenth] of May, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That to each regiment of dragoons, artillery, and mounted riflemen, in the regular army, there the regiments of shall be added one principal teamster, with the rank and compensation of quartermaster-sergeant, and to each company of the same ed rifemen. two teamsters, with the compensation of artificers.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the proviso to the second section of the act approved March second, eighteen hundred and holding the aptwenty-seven, entitled "An Act giving further Compensation to the Captains and Subalterns of the Army of the United States, in certain Cases," shall be so interpreted as not to include lieutenants who hold master. the appointments of adjutant and regimental quartermaster.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted. That so much of any army regulation as gives to any sutler a lien upon any part of the pay of the soldiers, or a right to appear at the pay table to receive the soldier's pay from the paymaster, shall be, and the same is hereby, abrogated; and all regulations extending the rights and privileges of sutlers beyond the rules and articles of war shall be, and hereby are, abrogated.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted. That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to add to the pay department of the army two deputy paymaster-generals, with the pay, and allowances, each of a deputy quartermaster-general, and ten paymasters, with the pay and allowances each of a paymaster of the army; and the officers so appointed shall give such bonds as the President shall, from time to time, direct: Provided, That the deputy paymaster-generals shall, in addition to paying troops, superintend the payment of armies in the field.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the officers of the pay department shall have rank corresponding with the rank to which their pay and allowances are assimilated : Provided, That paymasters shall not in virtue, of such rank, be entitled to command in the line, or other staff departments of the army: Provided, also, That the right to command in the pay department, between officers having the same rank, shall be in favor of the oldest in service in the department, without regard to the date of commission under which they may be acting at the time.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted. That all paymasters hereafter to be appointed by the President for the volunteer service of the United States shall be nominated to the Senate for confirmation to such office.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates of the regiment of dragoons authorized to be raised by an act entitled "An Act to raise for a limited Time an additional military Force and for other Purposes," shall receive the same bounty as is allowed to the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates of the other regiments authorized to be raised by said act.

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Number of subalterns to a company.

1847. ch. 8.

1846, ch. 17.

Mounted riflemen.

1846, ch. 22. Teamsters for artil. dragoons,

Lieutenants pointments ôf adjutant and regimental quarter-1827, ch. 42.

Sutlers to have no liens on pay of soldiers, &c.

Two deputy paymaster-gencrals, and ten paymasters to be appointed.

Proviso.

Rank of officers of pay department. Proviso.

Paymasters of volunteers to be nominated to the Senate.

Bounty to the regiment of dra-1847, ch. 8.

Increase of ordnance department.

Brevets to noncommissioned officers.

Proviso.

Two companies to be added to each of regiments of artillery.

1821, ch. 13.

Additional companies of light artillery.

Pay of light artillery.

Allowance of additional rations for the adjutantgeneral and the quartermastergeneral. 1842, ch. 186.

Deficient regiments to be consolidated, and supernumerary officers discharged.

Proviso.

When the officers and forces authorized by this act shall be discharged. SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and is hereby, authorized to add to the ordnance department, whenever he shall deem it expedient to increase the same, two captains and six first lieutenants, who shall be entitled to receive the same pay and allowances as officers of those grades, respectively, now belonging to that department, to be disbanded at the close of the war.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That when any non-commissioned officer shall distinguish himself, or may have distinguished himself, in the service, the President of the United States shall be, and is hereby, authorized, on the recommendation of the commanding officer of the regiment to which such non-commissioned officer belongs, to attach him by brevet of the lowest grade of rank, with the usual pay and emoluments of such grade, to any corps of the army: **Provided**, That there shall not be more than one so attached to any one company at the same time; and when any private soldier shall so distinguish himself, the President may in like manner grant him a certificate of merit, which shall entitle him to additional pay at the rate of two dollars per month.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That there shall be added to each of the regiments of artillery two companies, to be organized in the same manner, and who shall receive the like pay and allowances in every respect as authorized by existing laws; and in addition to the four companies authorized by the act of March second, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-one, to be equipped as light artillery, the President is hereby empowered, when he shall deem it necessary, to designate four other companies, one in each regiment, to be organized and equipped as light artillery; and each regiment of artillery shall be allowed two principal musicians with the rates of pay provided by law for the principal musicians in the regiments of infantry. SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That the officers and men of the light artillery, when serving as such and mounted, shall receive

the same pay and allowances as provided by law for the dragoons. SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the sixth section of the act entitled, "An Act respecting the Organization of the Army," &c., approved August twenty-third, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, which allow additional rations to certain officers of the army, be, and the same are hereby, so extended as to embrace the quartermaster-general and adjutant-general of the army

from the date of the act. SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That, for the purpose of avoiding unnecessary expenses in the military establishment including volunteers, the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, in case of failure in filling the rank and file of any regiment or regiments, to consolidate such deficient regiment or regiments, and discharge all supernumerary officers: *Provided*, That officers so discharged shall be allowed, in addition to the mileage already authorized by law, three months' pay to each.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That all the officers appointed, and the additional force authorized to be raised under this act, shall be discharged at the close of the war with Mexico, except the officers of the ordnance authorized by the sixteenth section, and the two companies to each regiment of artillery authorized by the eighteenth section of this act.

Approved, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXII. — An Act providing for the Building and Equipment of four 1 naval Steamships.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be built and equipped four first-class sea-going steamships, to be attached to the navy of the United States, and that one million of dollars be, and is hereby, appropriated for that purpose, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and immediately after the passage of this act, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Navy to accept, on the part of the government of the United States, the proposals of E. K. Collins and his associates, of the city of New York, submitted to the Postmaster-General, and dated Washington, March sixth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, for the transportation of the United States mail between New York and Liverpool, and to contract with the said E. K. Collins and his associates for the faithful fulfilment of the stipulations therein contained, and in accordance with the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the steamships to be employed by the said E. K. Collins and his associates in the transportation of the United States mail between New York and Liverpool shall be constructed under the inspection of a naval constructor in the employ of the Navy Department, and shall be so constructed as to render them convertible, at the least possible cost, into war steamers of the first class; and that each of said steamers shall receive on board four passed midshipmen of the United States navy, who shall serve as watch officers, and be suitably accommodated without charge to the government; and the said steamers shall also receive on board and accommodate, without charge to the government, one agent, to be appointed by the Postmaster-General, who shall have charge of the mails to be transported in said steamships.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That from and immediately after the passage of this act, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Navy to contract, on the part of the government of the United States, with A. G. Sloo, of Cincinnati, for the transportation of the United States mail from New York to New Orleans, twice a month and back. touching at Charleston, (if practicable,) Savannah, and Havana; and from Havana to Chagres and back, twice a month. The said mail to be transported in at least five steamships of not less than fifteen hundred tons burden, and propelled by engines of not less than one thousand horse power each, to be constructed under the superintendence and direction of a naval constructor in the employ of the Navy Department, and to be so constructed as to render them convertible, at the least possible expense, into war steamers of the first class; and that the said steamships shall be commanded by officers of the United States navy not below the grade of lieutenant, who shall be selected by the contractor, with the approval and consent of the Secretary of the Navy, and who shall be suitably accommodated without charge to the government. Each of said steamers shall receive on board four passed midshipmen of the United States navy, who shall serve as watch officers, and be suitably accommodated without charge to the government; and each of the said steamers shall also receive on board and accommodate, without charge to the government, one agent, to be appointed by the Postmaster-General, who shall have charge of the mails to be transported in said steamers : Provided, The Secretary of the Navy may, at his discretion, permit a steamer of not less than six hundred tons burden, and engines in proportion, to be employed in

March 3, 1847.

Four first-class steamships to be built and equip ped.

Appropriation.

Secretary of Navy to accept the proposals of E. K. Collins & Co. for transportation of mail between New York and Liverpool.

Each steamship shall receive on board four passed midshipmen and a mail agent.

Secretary of Navy to contract with A. G. Sloo for transportation of mail between New York and N. Orleans, &c.

From Havana to Chagres.

What description of steamships shall be employed, and how commanded.

Each of said steamers to receive on board four passed midshipmen and a mail agent.

Proviso.

Compensation.

Security to be given.

Secretary of Navy to contract for transportation of mail from Panama to Oregon.

Secretary to provide in the contracts that the Navy Department shall have control over said steamships.

1851, ch. 34, § 2.

the mail service herein provided for between Havana and Chagres: *Provided, further*, That the compensation for said service shall not exceed the sum of two hundred and ninety thousand dollars, and that good and sufficient security be required for the faithful fulfilment of the stipulations of the contract.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Navy to contract, on behalf of the government of the United States, for the transportation of the mail from Panama to such port as he may select in the Territory of Oregon, once a month each way, so as to connect with the mail from Havana to Chagres across the isthmus; said mail to be transported in either steam or sailing vessels, as shall be deemed most practicable and expedient.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Navy to provide, in the contracts authorized by this act, that the Navy Department shall at all times exercise control over said steamships, and at any time have the right to take them for the exclusive use and service of the United States, and to direct such changes in their machinery and internal arrangements as the Secretary of the Navy may require; due provision being made in the said contracts for the mode of ascertaining the proper compensation to the eontractors therefor.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847. CHAP. LXIII. — An Act to establish certain Post Routes and for other Purposes.

Post routes established.

Maine.

New

Vermont,

Rhode Island.

shire.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following be established as post roads: Maine — From Divisield through Poru to Capton Mills in the

Maine. — From Dixfield, through Peru, to Canton Mills, in the county of Oxford.

From Newport, through Corinna and Dexter, to Dover, in the county of Penobscot.

From Standish, through Limington, Sebago, Denmark, and Bridgeton, to Sweden.

From Brownsville, in the county of Piscataquis, to Katadhin Iron Works.

From Monson, by Abbot, Parkman, Dexter, and Newport, to Detroit, in Maine.

Hamp- New Hampshire. - From Exeter to the city of Manchester.

From the city of Manchester to Amherst.

From the city of Manchester, through Candia, South Deerfield, Deerfield, Nottingham, Wadley's Falls, Lamprey River, Stratham, Greenland, to Portsmouth.

Vermont. — From Bakersfield, via West Enosburgh post-office, and Enosburgh Falls post-office, to West Berkshire.

From Bridgewater to Ludlow.

From Northumberland, New Hampshire, to Sutton, Vermont.

Rhode Island. — From Providence, Rhode Island, by Valley Falls, in Smithfield, Diamond Hill, in Cumberland, West Wentham, Franklin, Medway, and Holliston, to Framingham Depot, in Massachusetts.

From Providence, by Smithville or Clayville, to Killingly, Connecticut.

From Washington Village, in the State of Rhode Island, via Maple Root Meeting-House, Weaver's Hill, East Coheaghill, in West Greenwich, to Volentown, in the State of Connecticut.

Connecticut.

Connecticut. - From Thomson via the post villages of Fish-

erville, New Boston, South Bridge, Stubridge, and Brimfield, to the Palma Depot.

New York. — From Beaverkill, in the county of Sullivan, through Colchester, to Walton, in the county of Delaware.

From Leroy, in the county of Genesee, via Roanoke, East Bethany, Bethany, and Brookville, to Alexandria.

From Wright's Corners, in the county of Niagara, by the Hess road, to Somerset, in the same county.

From State Bridge, in the town of Lenox, Madison county, via North Bay, on the north point of Oneida Lake, to Camden, in the county of Oneida.

From Antwerp, in Jefferson county, by way of Shingle Creek, Fowler, Fullersville, Edwards's, and Russell, to Canton, in St. Lawrence county.

From Norwich, in the county of Chenango, by Plymouth, South Otselic, and West Linkaen, to De Ruyter, in Madison county.

From Canisteo, in Steuben county, by way of Purdy Creek, through Greenwood and West Union, to Andover, in Alleghany county.

From Sempronius, Cayuga county, to Scott, Cortlandt county.

From Fulton, by way of Gilbert's Mills, to Central Square, in Oswego county.

From the village of Hampton, town of Westmoreland, in the county of Oneida, via Manchester, Walesville, and New York Mills, to the city of Utica, in said county.

From Pratt's Hollow, in the county of Madison, via Pine Woods, to the village of Hamilton.

From South Bern, in the county of Albany, via Chesterville, Ormanville, Longman's Hollow, to Coeyman's Landing, in the county of Albany.

From Cannonsville, Delaware county, by Trout Creek, to Unadilla, Otsego county.

From Port Jervis, Orange county, along the line of the Delaware and Hudson Canal, to the mouth of the Lackawaxen Stream.

New Jersey. — From Burlington city, Burlington county, via Columbus, to Georgetown.

From Burlington city to Wrightstown.

From Stanhope to Strausburg, Pennsylvania.

From Square Village to the city of New York.

From Trenton, via Lawrenceville, to Pennington.

From Bordentown, in Burlington county, via Recklesstown, Jobstown, and New Egypt, to Freehold, Monmouth county.

From Flemington, in Hunterdon county, via Lebanonville and Cokesbury, to German valley.

From Freehold, via Turkey, Burgen Iron Works, to Tom's River, in Monmouth county.

From Flemington, via Greenville, to Ringoe's.

Pennsylvania. — From White Haven, via the State road, to Mount Pocono.

From Ebensburg, Cambria county, through the Woodland settlement, to intersect the Indiana and Curwinsville mail route at Newman's Mills Post-Office.

From Montrose, via New Milford, to Lausboro'.

From Pottstown, via Hillegass Post-Office, Upper Hanover, Mont gomery county, Spinnerstown, Bucks county, to Coopersburg, Lehigh county.

From Athens, in Bradford county, to Smithfield, in said county.

From Meadville, Crawford county, via Sugar Lake, to Cooperstown, Venango county. New Jersey.

Pennsylvania,

New York

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From York, York county, via Dover, Dillsburg, and Allen, to Carlisle, Cumberland county.

From York, York county, by east Berlin, to York Sulphur Springs, (Petersburg,) Adams county.

` From Brady's Bend, Armstrong county, to Anandale, Butler county.

From Montourseville, in Lycoming county, via Warrensville, Isaac Bailey's Mill, J. K. Thomson's, James Williamson's, Bictel's Mill, to Jersey shore, in said county.

From Mercer, in Mercer county, to West Middlesex, in said county. From Collomsville, in Lycoming county, via Susquehanna township, to Williamport, in said county.

From Mifflintown, via McCoystown, Juniata county, and Peru Mills, Bolingerstown, to Shade Gap, in Huntington county.

From Warren, in the county of Warren, via Wattsburg, Beaver Dam, Columbus, Wrightsville, Pittsfield, Youngsville, and Irvine, to the city of Erie.

From Brookville, in Jefferson county, via the State road, to Smickburg, in the same county.

From Grahamsville, in the county of Pike, to the mouth of the Lackawaxen.

From Ligonier, in the county of Westmoreland, to Donegal, in the same county.

From Reedsville, in Mifflin county, via the Kishacoquilla's Valley, to Lock's mill.

From McConnellsburgh, Bedford county, via Webster's Mills, to Hancock, Washington county, Maryland.

From Berrysburg, Dauphin county, via Uniontown, to Georgetown, in Westmoreland county.

From Mercer, to Harrisville, Butler county, via Union Mills.

Virginia. — From Osbornsford, Scott county, Virginia, to Letcher Court-House, Kentucky.

From Saltville, Washington county, to Hendrick's Mills, Russell county.

From Mechanicsburg, by the house of James Davidson at the Rocky Gap; thence along the valley of the South or Muddy Fork of Wolf Creek, by the house of Pleasant Murphy, to Tazewell Court House; to return by the valley of Clear Fork of Wolf Creek, by the house of Henry W. Dills and Rocky Gap, to Mechanicsburg.

From Blacksville, Monongalia county, to Warren, in said county. From De Kalb, Gilmer county, to Harrisville, Ritchie county.

From Pedlar Mills, in Amherst county, to Fairfield, in Rockbridge county.

From Fairmount, via Jeremiah Hess's, to Salem, in Harrison county.

From Fairmount, Marion county, through Pruntytown, Taylor county, and Philippi, the county seat of Barbour county, to Buchanan, in Lewis county.

From Smithfield, on the national road, by Brandonsville, Kingwood, Evansville, to Philippi.

From Staunton, via Beverly, Weston, to Parkersburg, on the Ohio River.

From Parkersburg, by Burning Spring and Glenville, to Bulltown. From Fincastle, Botetourt county, to Blacksburg, Montgomery county, via Catawba.

From Clarksville, to Halifax Court-House.

From the village of Trenton, on Willis River, Cumberland county, to Columbia, in the county of Fluvanna.

From Wytheville to Grayson Court-House.

Virginia.

From Yellow Branch, in Campbell county, via Maston Clay's Mills, and Arnoldtown, to Leesville.

From Sperryville, Rappahannock county, to Robsonville, Madison county

From Salem, in Roanoke county, to Boon's Mill, in Franklin county.

From Holston Post-Office, via Holston River, to Saltville, in Washington county.

From the Red Sulphur Springs, in Monroe county, to Princeton, in Mercer county.

From Glade Spring to Emory and Henry College, in Washington county.

From Lebanon to Sand Lick, in Russell county.

From Fredericksburg, to the store of William Colton.

From Louisburg, via the Sulphur Springs, Fleshman's, on Sewell Mountain, on the old Kanawha road, and Hughart's, to Fayette Court-House.

North Carolina. — From Powell's Point or Elizabeth City, to Nag's North Carolina. Head, North Carolina, touching at Roanoke Island.

From Jefferson, North Carolina, via Helton, to Shadrick Greer's, in Grayson county, Virginia.

From Johnsonsville or Murchison's Mills, to Harrington.

From Marion, up Crooked Creek, to Hendersonville.

From Albemarle, via Morgan's Mills, to Clear Creek, North Carolina, to return by Thomas Rowland's.

From Salisbury, via Brengle's Ferry, to Troy.

From Fayetteville, via Averasboro, to Smithfield, sixty miles.

From N. S. Jarrett's, in Macon county, North Carolina, via Fort Emmery, on Hiwassee River, to Blairsville, Georgia.

From Lenoir to Deal's Mill, in Caldwell county, North Carolina, fifteen miles.

From Washington, Beaufort county, to Durham's Creek, same county.

From Creed's Bridge, Virginia, to Knott's Island.

From Ridgway, via Bullock's Store, Palmer's Springs, St. Tammany, Fitt's Store, to Ridgway.

From Strickland's Depot, to Taylor's Bridge, in Sampson county.

From Jefferson, via Mouth of Wilson, to Grayson Court-House, Virginia.

From Elizabethtown, via house of Thomas Lewis, to Gravelly Hill.

South Carolina. — From Earlesville to Limestone Springs, South So Carolina.

From Aiken, by Merritt's Bridge, to Leesville, South Carolina.

From Aiken to Burcalow, Orangeburg District, South Carolina.

From Leesville to Orangeburg Court-House.

From Lewisville to Vance's Ferry.

From Aiken to Erwington.

From Athens, Georgia, to Pendleton, South Carolina.

Georgia. --- From Villa Rica (Georgia) to Tallapoosa, and Shady Grove to Jacksonville, Alabama.

From Covington, via Lofton's Store, Indian Springs, and Gulletsville, to Forsyth.

From Lagrange, via Vernon, Wehadkee, and Roanoke, to Wedowee, Alabama. The Fredonia route to commence at Vernon, and the Mount Hickory route to end at Roanoke.

From Lagrange, via Houston, to Franklin.

From Fayetteville to Greenville.

From White Sulphur Springs, via Warm Springs, to Talbotton.

South Carolina.

From Dahlonega, by Tuccoah, to Benton, Tennessee.

From Villa Rica, via Powder Springs.

From Marietta, Roswell Factory, Social Hill, in Cherokee county, Allenville, Cumming, and Coal Mountain, Forsyth county, Crossville. and Auroria, to Dahlonega.

From Hawkinsville to Troupville.

From Lawrenceville, via Gainsville, to Clarksville.

From Talbotton, by Nemsom's Mills, in Macon county, to Lanier and Traveller's Rest, in Dooly county.

From Columbus, via Fort Mitchell and Oswichee, in Alabama, to Florence in Georgia, discontinuing the present route from Florence to Fort Gaines, via Eufaula.

From Columbus, via Villula, (in Alabama,) Glennville, and Eufaula, to Fort Gaines.

From Washington to Crawfordville.

From Columbus, (Georgia,) via Borum's, (in Russell county, Alabama,) Union Springs, Aberfoil, Union Hill, Montezuma, and Nathansville, to Blakely.

From Penfield to Union Point.

From Jasper, Marion county, Tennessee, by Rankin's Ferry, on the Tennessee River, Boiling Springs, to Trenton, Dade county, Georgia.

Alabama. - From Geneva, Alabama, to Uchee Anna, Florida.

From Decatur to Moulton.

From Double Springs to State Line, Georgia.

From Abbeville, via Freeman's Store and Skipperville, to Newton Court-House.

From Black's Bluff to Poole's Store.

From Americus, Georgia, via Lumpkin, Florence, Georgetown, Eufaula, Clayton, Louisville, Monticello, and Troy, to Greenville, Alabama.

From Lebanon to Langston.

From Barnes's Cross Roads, via Indigo Head, to Louisville.

From Montgomery to Youngsville --- changed so as to include Mount Jefferson.

From Village Springs to Aurora Post-Office.

From Eufaula, via Abbeville, Columbia, Woodville, to Marriana, Florida.

From Double Springs to Jacksonville.

From Double Springs, by Ashville and Springville, to Elyton.

From Double Springs to Rome, Georgia.

From Tuscaloosa, via Wilson Sheppard's Post-Office, Isaac Cain's Post-Office, to Jasper.

From Jasper, via Eldredge, to Pikeville.

From Point Smith to Buzzard Roost.

From Decatur, via Houston's Store, to Jasper.

From Jacksonville, Benton county, Alabama, via Terrapin Creek, Augustin Young's, to Van Wert, Paulding county, Georgia.

From Blountsville, by Murphey's Valley, to Aurora.

From Ashville to Montevalo.

From Carrollton, Georgia, to Rockdale, Randolph county.

Florida. - From Pensacola, by Apalachicola, St. Mark's, Cedar Keys, and Tampa Bay, to Key West.

From Key West, by Miami River, Indian River, and Mosquito Inlet, to Charleston.

From St. Mary's, Georgia, by Nassau Court-House, to Jacksonville, Florida.

From Jacksonville to Alligator, by Brandy Branch.

From Milton to Sparta.

Alabama.

From Okahumpka to Fort Butler.

Florida.

Mississippi. — From Houston to Starkville.

From Delta, Coahoma county, to Panola.

From Pontotoc to Ragsdale's Stand.

From Fulton to Houston.

From Houston to Columbus.

From Columbus to Hopewell.

From Louisville to Starkville.

From Jackson, via Paulding, and Leashville, to Mobile, Alabama.

From Hillsboro', via Ludlow and Densentown, to Canton.

From Hernando to Chulahoma.

From Jacinto, Tishemingo county, via Danville, New Hope, to Matamoras, Tennessee.

From Starkville, Octibbehaw county, via Springfield, Drane's Mills, to Shongalow, Carroll county.

Louisiana. — From Vidalia to Lake Providence, via Sicily Island, Deer Creek, and Bayou Macon.

From Shreveport to Logansport.

From Trinity, in the parish of Catahola, down Black River, to Howe's, in the parish of Concordia, Louisiana.

From St. Joseph, via Winnsboro', to Monroe.

From Yazoo city, in the State of Mississippi, via the court-house of Josequina county, Providence, Louisiana, Bastrop, to Monroe,

Washita county, Louisiana.

From Mansfield to Logansport, De Soto parish.

From Mansfield to Pulaski, Panola county, Texas.

From Pulaski, via Steele's, Caddo parish, to Greenwood.

From Washington, parish of St. Landry, to Bayou Rouge, via Hedsturn's, McBride's, and Morgan's.

From Covington, via John Parkins's, and Wadsworth's, to Pear River, in the parish of St. Tammany.

Arkansas. — From Pine Bluffs, via Princeton and Dallasport, to Washington.

From Batesville, up Poke Bayou, via John Martin's, to Pilot Hill.

From Helena to the mouth of White River.

From Eldorado to Warren's, in Bradley county.

From Clarendon, Monroe county, to Surrounded Hill.

From Oakland Grove to Des Arques Bluffs, on White River.

From Pilot Hill to Rockbridge, Ozark county, Missouri.

From Benton, Saline county, via Preston Bland's, to Perryville, Perry county.

From Benton, via Joel Brown's, Perriman McDaniel's, and Keezee's Mill, through Colbreath's Settlement, to Warren's, Bradley county.

From Gainesville, in Greene county, crossing Black River at Sherky's Ferry, via Dockworth's Ferry, on Current River, Fourche Dumas, and the Medical Springs, to Charles Hatcher's, on Eleven Point River.

From Yellville, Marion county, via Joseph Coker's, to Forsythe, Taney county, Missouri.

From Smithville, Lawrence county, via Thomas Esta's, to Pilot Hill.

From Huntsville to Lebanon.

From Bentonville to Maysville.

From Elizabeth, in Jackson county, to Walcott.

From Marion, Crittenden county, via James Deeron's, to Smith's, Poinsett county.

From Dwight, Pope county, to Clinton, in Van Buren county.

From Clarksville, Johnson county, to St. Paul.

From Rock Roe to Bearkly.

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Atkansas.

Louisiana.

Mississippi.

From Searcy, White county, via the Chickasaw crossing and Oak land, to Helena, in Philip county.

From Little Rock, via Alexander Murphy's and Kinderhook, to Richwood, Izard county.

From Fort Smith to Tumlinsonville, Scott county.

From Arkansas Post, via Lagrew's Springs, to Crocket Bluffs.

From Helena, in Philips county, via Spring Creek settlement, Oakland Post-Office, in St. Francis county, to Batesville, Independence county.

From Van Buren, Crawford county, to Fayetteville, via James Gin's, William Howard's, Hathaway's Store, and Enos Harris's.

From Smithville, Lawrence county, to Richwood's, Izard county, via Thompson's Mills, Mount Vista, and Criswell's Ferry, across White River.

From Whittington's, Hot Spring county, to Dallas, Polk county, via Mount Ida, and Caddo Cove.

From New Madrid, Missouri, to Memphis, Tennessee, via Hickman's Bend, Mill Bayou, Osceola, Pecan Point, Frenchman's Bayou, Oldham, and Marion, in Arkansas.

From Jasper, in Newton county, to Lebanon, Searcy county, via 'Thomas Jones's, at the mouth of Big Creek. From Eldorado, Union county, to Monroe, Ouachita parish, Lou-

From Eldorado, Union county, to Monroe, Ouachita parish, Louisiana, via William Chapman's Store, William F. Bond's Store, in Union Parish, Louisiana, and Ouachita city, Louisiana.

Missouri. — From Versailles, via mouth of Big Buffalo, to Bolivar. From Independence, via Bent's Fort, to Santa Fe.

From Independence to Astoria, in the Territory of Oregon.

From Dade Court-House, via Buck Prairie, to McDonald.

From Cassville, via John B. Williams's, to Forsythe.

From Georgetown to Lexington.

From Warsaw, via Oceola and Batesville, to Fort Scott, in the Indian Territory.

From Washburn's Prairie, via John B. King's, to Maysville, Arkansas.

From Bolivar, via Homansville, to Oceola.

From Thomasville, via the county seat of Texas county, Ellsworth, and Wickliffe, to Little Piney.

From Thomasville to Rockbridge.

From Canton, via Monticello, Sand Hill, and Memphis, to Lancaster, Schuyler county.

From Bolivar, via Buffalo, to Woodbury.

From Harrisonville to Little Osage.

From Georgetown to Cole Camp.

From Sarcoxie, via Union Grove to Blytheville.

From Warsaw, via Erie, to Waynesville.

From Warsaw to Buffalo.

From Arcadia, via Big Creek and Camp Grove, to Cane Creek, in Wayne county.

From Weston, via Bloomington, to St. Joseph's.

From Harrisburgh, Lafayette county, to Rose Hill, in Johnson county.

From Bolivar to Cedar Court-House.

From Hannibal to Belmont, in the State of Illinois.

From Springfield to Rockbridge.

From St. Joseph's, via the county seats of Clinton, Caldwell, Livingston, Linn, Macon, Shelby, to Palmyra.

From Alexandria, Clarke county, via the county seats of Clark, Scotland, Schuyler, Putnam, Mercer, Harrison, and Gentry, to Lindon, in Atchison county.

Missouri.

From the county seat of Scotland county, via Monticello, to Quincy, Illinois.

From Bates Court-House to Carthage in Jasper county.

From Carthage to Neosho.

From Palmyra to Indian Creek.

From Florida, in Monroe county, to Mexico, in Andrain county.

From Weston, via Estill's Mill, to Plattsburgh.

From Waterloo, via Chambersburgh, Wood's Mill, to Bloomfield, in Iowa.

From St. Louis to Femme Osage, via the old Bonhomme road.

From Tully, Lewis county, to St. Joseph's in Buchanan county, via the county seat of Scotland, Macon, Putnam, Mercer, Harrison, and Gentry.

From St. Joseph's, via the county seat of Gentry, Harrison, Mercer, Putnam, Schuyler, Scotland, and Clark, to Alexander.

Illinois. — From Otsego, via Antioch, to Solon Mills.

From Cass, via Barber's Corners and Du Page, and Vermont, to Oswego.

From La Salle, via the south side of Vermillion River, through Lowell, Galloway, and Moon's Point, to Pontiac, in Livingston county.

From Rock Island, via Camden, Independence, and James Gingle's, to Millersburgh.

From Fulton city, via Genesee Grove, Milledgeville, Elkhorn Grove, and Buffalo Grove, to Oregon, in Ogle county.

From Rock Island, via Camden, and Hollister's Mill, in Rock Island county, Thomas R. Morey's, Berlin, and Oxford, in Henry county, and North Prairie, to Hendersonville.

From Cedar Creek Mills, via Oneco, to Monroe, in the Territory of Wisconsin.

From Olney, Richland county, via St. Mary, to Newtown.

From Decatur, via Clinton, to Bloomington.

From Greenup, via Salisbury, to Charleston.

From New Harmony, in the State of Indiana, via Grayville, to Albion.

From Middleport, to Urbana.

From Bristol, in Kendall county, via Sugar Grove, Grouse, Blackberry, Avon, and Line, to Sycamore.

From Josephine to Ottawa.

From Springfield, the seat of government, via Hillsboro', Greenville, Carlyle, Washville, Pinckneyville, Murphysboro, Saratoga, Jonesboro, and Unity, to Cairo City.

From St. Louis, Missouri, by Belleville, Sparta, Murphysboro, Saratoga, and Vienna, to Metropolis City, on the Ohio River.

From Penn, on the Illinois River, passing tri-weekly through the county seats of Bureau and Henry counties, to Rock Island, on the Mississippi River.

From Warsaw, in Hancock county, to Oyuacoka, via Keithsburgh, to New Boston, so as to intersect the route from Boston to Rock Island.

From Dutchman's Point, via Sherman and Emmett, to Little Fort. From Milwaukie, via Otsego, Dulanty, Elmsley, and Grass Point, to Chicago.

From La Salle, via Princeton and Cambridge, to Millersburgh.

From Dundee, via Barrington, Lake Zurich, Gilmer, and Libertyville, to Little Fort.

From Pittsfield, in Pike county, to Carrolton, in Greene county.

From Williamsburgh, in Shelby county, to Van Buren, in Montgomery county.

From Ottawa, via Norway and Holdeman's Grove, and Cass, to Summit.

Illinois.

From Caledonia, in Pulaski county, to Jonesboro', in Union county From Chicago, via Noyesville, Eldridge, Bonaparte, Warrenville, and Snyder's Mills, to Aurora.

From Pulaski, in Hancock county, via Big Elm Grove, Clayton, Walker's Neck, and Cacanay's Mills, to Perry, in Pike county.

From Evansville, in Indiana, via Albion and Fairfield, to Salem.

From Paducah, in Kentucky, via Metropolis, Vienna, Marion, and Benton, to Mt. Vernon, to intersect with the route from Shawneetown to Salem.

From Friendsville to Albany.

Indiana. - From Rockport to Newburg.

From Jasper, in Dubois county, to Paoli, Orange county via Haysville.

From Leavenworth, Crawford county, via Magnolia, to Jasper, by the present State road.

From Evansville, Vanderburg county, via New Harmony, Indiana, and via Graysville and Albion, Illinois, to Fairfield, Illinois.

From Plymouth, Marshall county, to Goshen, Elkhart county, via the State road between those points.

From Monticello, in White county, via Winimac, Pulaski county, Barber's, Marshall county, and Dover, St. Joseph county, to South Bend, in said county.

From Door Village, Laporte county, via Bigelow's Mills, and John McIntosh's, to Tassinong, Porter county.

From Marion, Grant county, via Etna, to Huntington, Huntington county.

From Middletown, Henry county, via Yorktown, to Wheeling, Delaware county.

From Marion, Grant county, to Hartford, in Blackford county.

From Lafayette, Tippecanoe county, via Rossville, Middle Ford of Wild Cat on the Michigan road, Richardville, Cocomo, to Marion, Grant county.

From Frankfort, Clinton county, to Canton, Tipton county.

From New Trenton, Franklin county, via South Gate, Kilrail, and Summan's, to Napoleon, Ripley county.

From Bowling Green, Clay county, to Point Commerce, Green county.

From Hagerstown, Wayne county, to Winchester, Randolph county. From Aurora, Dearborn county, via Wilmington, and Moor's Hill, to Versailles, Ripley county.

From Lawrenceburgh, via Wilmington, Dillsboro', Hart's Mills, Cross Plains, and Canaan, to Madison, Jefferson county.

From Vernon, Jennings county, up the valley of Big Otter, to Otter Village.

From Charlestown to New Albany.

Tennessee. — From Double Springs, Jackson county, via Poplar Shade, to Smithville, De Kalb county.

From Whitleysville, via Witcher's Cross Roads, to Lafayette.

From Bean's Station, Tennessee, via Morristown, to the mouth of Chucky.

From Columbia, Maury county, to Williamsport, said county.

From Spencer, via Wallsbridge, Isaac Miller's, crossing Collin's River at the Flat Shoals, to Smithville.

From Benton, Polk county, Tennessee, to Cohutta Springs, Georgia. From Raleigh, via Portersville, to Covington, discontinuing the present route from Randolph to Bellmont.

From Raleigh, through Portersville, Covington, and Ripley, to Dyersburg.

From Smithville, via Mechanicsville, to Woodbury.

Tennessee.

Indiana

From Sparta, up the Calf Killer River to its source, thence crossing the old Walton road, west of Robert Officer's, via James M. Goodbar's, Magnus Looper's, to West Fork Post-Office.

From Fayetteville, Lincoln county, via Cold Water and Kelly's Creek, on the south side of Elk River, to Elkton, in Giles county.

Kentucky. — From Columbus, via Blandville, to Paducah. From Paducah, via Benton, Waidsboro', and Murray, to Paris, in Tennessee.

From Paducah, via Lovelaceville, Blandville, and Milburn, to Clinton.

From Prestonsburg to Hazard, Perry county.

From Princeton to the Empire Iron Works.

From West Liberty, via Little Sandy, head of Paint, to Paintsville. From Smithland, via Benton, to Mayfield.

From Pikeville, Kentucky, via Whitesburg and Pound, to Bickley's Mills, in Virginia.

From Blandville, via Hazle Creek, (Kentucky,) to Caledonia, Illinois. From Eddyville, via Benton, to Mayfield.

From Prestonsburg, Kentucky, to Logan Court-House, Virginia.

From Rome Post-Office, in Knox county, via Daniel Baker's, to the Steam-Mill, in Clay county.

From Boonsville to Levi Pennington's.

From Piketon, via mouth of Pond Creek, to Logan Court-House, Virginia.

From Princeton, via Wallonia, to Cadiz.

From Russellville, in Logan county, via Franklin, Simpson county, Scottsville, Allen county, Tompkinsville, Monroe county, to Livingston, Tennessee.

From Hickman, via Feliciana and Mayfield, to Paducah.

From Caseyville, via Cypress and O. P. Griswold's to Providence.

From Madisonville, via Ashbysburgh, to Owensboro'.

Ohio. - From Kinsman, via Johnstonville, to Warren.

From Steubenville, via Browning's Mills, on Island Creek, Knoxville, New Sommerset, Mitchell's Salt Works, Moore's Salt Works, Croxton, Salineville, and Gaver's, to New Lisbon.

From Columbus, via New Albany, Johnstown, Utica, Martinsburg, Bladensburg, East Union, and West Bedford, to Roscoe, Coshocton county.

From Columbus Grove, Putnam county, to Waterville, Lucas county.

From New Philadelphia, Tuscarawas county, via Joseph Murphey's and Rogersville, to Chili, Coshocton county.

From Locust Grove, Adams county, via Marble Furnace, Tranquillity, Youngsville, to Eckmansville.

From Cleveland, via Royalton, Hinkley, Granger, and Sharon, to Wadsworth.

From Sidney, via Palestine, to Urbana.

From Cleveland, via Gates's Mill, Munson, Claridon, Huntsburg, Windsor, to Meadville, in Pennsylvania.

From Ithaca, Darke county, through New Baltimore and Philipsburg, to Union, in Montgomery county.

From Lowell, Washington county, via Reigner's Mills, Jackson and Olive Townships, in Morgan county, to Sharon.

From Ashland, Ashland county, via Jeromeville, Mohecanville to Loudenville, in Richland county.

From Canal Fulton, in Stark county, to Ashland, in Ashland county.

From St. John's, in Allen county, via Frysburg, to Dinsmoore, in Shelby county.

Ohio.

Kentucky.

From Marion, in the county of Marion, via Kenton, in Hardin county, Huntersville, and Lima, in Allen county, to section ten, on the Miami canal.

From Xenia, in Green county, through Paintersville, in the same county, to Port William, in Clinton county.

From Jackson, in Jackson county, by the way of Vinton to Cheshire, in Gallia county.

From Nashport, in Licking county, via Elizabethtown, to Hanover. From Woodville, in Sandusky county, via Hartford and Port Clinton, in Ottowa county, to Sandusky City.

From Bethel, Clermont county, via Brownsville, to Feesburg, in Brown county.

From Fayetteville, Brown county, via Westborough, to Cuba, in Clinton county.

Michigan. — From Grand Haven to Milwaukie, State of Wisconsin. From Owosso, in the county of Shiewassee, to Lyons, in the county of Ionia.

Iowa. - From Washington to the county seat of Jasper county.

From Tipton, via Pioneer Grove, to the county seat of Benton county. From Oskaloosa, via Eddyville, to Clarksville, in Monroe county. From Ottumwa to the county seat of Appenoose county.

From Burlington to Keosauqua.

From Jacksonville, via Mononah and McGregor's landing, to Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin Territory.

From Keokuk, via Fairfield, Ottumwa, and Oskaloosa, to the Barracks at the Racoon Fork of the Des Moines River.

From Wapello, via Columbus City, to Iowa City.

From Oskaloosa to Newton city, in Jasper county.

From Canton, Jackson county, via Pioneer Grove, to Ivanhoe, in Linn county.

From Torlesboro, via Walling's Landing, to Bloomington.

From Iowa City, via the county seats of Iowa, Powisheeck, and Jasper counties, to Fort Des Moines, the county seat of Polk county. From Fairfield to Bloomfield.

From Iowa City, via Tipton and Dewitt, to Albany, Illinois.

From Dubuque to Fort Atkinson.

From Burlington, via Columbus City, Hillsboro, and Port Allen, to Iowa City.

From Kcokuk, via Charleston, Winchester, Birmingham, Agency City, Delonega, Oscaloosa, to Fort Des Moines, county seat of Polk county.

Texas. — From Liberty to Beaumont.

From Buffalo (on Trinity River) to Springfield.

From Greenwood, Louisiana, via Mount Mourne, Grand Bluffs and Pine Hills, in Panola county, and Rhodes, to Gaye's Post-Office, Rusk county.

From Lagrange, via Scallon's, Hamlet, and Cedar Creek, to San Marco.

From Galveston, via Virginia Point, Liverpool, Hinds, Brazoria, and Caney, to Matagorda.

From Mansfield, Louisiana, via Ezekiel Jones', A. G. Turneys, Edward Smith's, and John Grave's, to Marshall.

Wisconsin. — From Falls of St. Croix, to Lapointe, in St. Croix county.

From Rochester, in Racine county, to Sugar Creek, in Walworth county.

From Galena, State of Illinois, via New Diggings, to Mineral Point, in Iowa county.

From Potosi Grant county, via Platteville, Head of Platte, Blue

Michigan.

Iowa.

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Wisconsin.

Texas.

River, and Muscoday, in Iowa county, to the county seat of Richland county.

From Racine, in Racine county, to Beloit, in Rock county.

From Southport, in Racine county, via Beloit, Rock county, to White Oak Springs, in Iowa county.

From Janesville, via Catfish, in Rock county, to Christiana, in Dane county.

From Racine, in Racine county, to White Water, in Walworth county.

From Prairieville, in Waukesha county, via Pemankie and Warren, to Rubicon, in Washington county.

From Janesville, in Rock county, via Exeter and Yellow Stone, in Green county, to Mineral Point, in Iowa county.

From Madison, Dane county, via Cross Plains, Groetsville, Reeveville, and Helena, to Dodgeville, in Iowa county.

From Monroe, Green county, via Greenville, to Blue Mounds, in Iowa county.

From Milton, Rock county, via Goodrich's Ferry, to Cottage Grove, in Dane county.

From Madison, Dane county, to Prairie du Chien, in Crawford county.

From Madison, Dane county, via Watertown, to Milwaukie, in Milwaukie county.

From Prairie du Chien to Cassville, in Grant county.

From Watertown, Jefferson county, to Waupan, Fond-du-Lac county. From Watertown to Fond-du-Lac, in Fond-du-Lac county.

From Janesville, Rock county, via Lima, to Whitewater, in Walworth county.

From Janesville, via Indianford, to Madison, Dane county.

From Beloit, via Monroe, in Green county, and Winslow, to Galena, Illinois.

From Beloit, Rock county, to mineral Point, Iowa county.

From Plover Portage to Big Bull Falls, in Portage county.

From Manitowoc Rapids, via Manitowoc, to Twin Rivers, in Manitowoc county.

From Milwaukie, via West Bend, in Washington county, to Fonddu-Lac, in Fond-du-Lac county.

From Green Bay to Menomonie City, in Brown county

From Green Lake, in Marquette county, via county seat of Winnebago county, to Green Bay, in Brown county.

From Sac Prairie, by Barahoo, to Fort Winnebago.

From Grafton, by Rubicon, in Washington county, and Hustis Rapids, to Oak Grove, Dodge county.

From Oak Grove, in Dodge county, via Burnett and Chester, to Wampum, in Fond-du-Lac county.

From Potosi to Lancaster, in Grant county.

From Dubuque, Iowa, via Wild's Ferry and Potosi, to Platteville.

From Green Bay, via Thomson's Mills, to Plover Portage.

From Fort Winnebago, via the county seat of Winnebago county, to Neenah.

From Summit, via Ocanemawac and Hustis Rapids, to the county seat of Dodge county.

From Prairieville, via Pewankie, Lisbon, Warren, Erie, Wright, to Addison, Washington county.

From Janesville, via Fulton and Cooksville, to Rutland, in Dade county.

From Big Foot, via Solon, Antioch, Angola and Franklin, to Little Fort, Illinois. From Oak Grove, via Laurel and Elhah, in Dodge county, to Columbus, in Columbia county.

Oregon. — From Oregon City, via Fort Vancouver and Fort Nesqually, to the mouth of Admiralty Inlet.

From Oregon City, up the Willamette Valley, to the Kalamet River, in the direction of San Frisco.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the above routes shall go into operation on the first day of July, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, or sooner, should the funds of the department justify the same: *Provided*, That as soon as a responsible contractor shall offer to transport the mails over any portion of the routes included in this bill, for the revenues arising therefrom respectively, the Postmaster-General shall have the power forthwith to put them under contract.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to cause a mail to be transported once a week, and oftener, if he shall think the public interest requires it, from New Orleans, via Galveston, Passo Callo, Brasos de St. Iago, to Tampico, with return mails, the service to be performed by contract, or by the use of the public steamers now in the service of the War Department in the Gulf of Mexico, with the consent of the head of that department; and for this service the sum of thirty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all letters, newspapers, and other packets, not exceeding in weight one ounce, directed to any officer, musician, or private of the army of the United States in Mexico, or at any post or place on the frontier of the United States, bordering on Mexico, shall be conveyed in the mail free of postage: *Provided*, That all letters or other packets directed to any person in the army shall contain, as a part of their direction, the words, "belonging to the army."

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the two preceding sections shall continue in force during the present war, and for three months after the same may be terminated, and no longer.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to contract for transporting a mail from Charleston, South Carolina, to Chagres, touching at St. Augustine and Key West, and also at Havana, in the Island of Cuba, if deemed expedient, and across the isthmus to Panama, and from thence to Astoria, or the mouth of the Columbia River, touching at Monterey, St. Francisco, and such other places on the coast as the Postmaster-General may direct; the mail to be conveyed from Charleston to Chagres, and from Panama to Astoria, in steamships, and to be transported each way once every two months, or oftener, as the public interest may require: *Provided*, That the expenditure for said service shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars per annum.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to establish a post-office and appoint a deputy postmaster at Astoria, and such other places on the coast of the Pacific, within the territory of the United States, as the public interest may require; that all letters conveyed to or from Chagres shall be charged with twenty cents postage : and all letters conveyed to or from Havana shall be subject to twelve and a half cents postage; and letters carried to or from Panama shall pay a postage of thirty cents, and letters to or from Astoria, or any other place on the Pacific coast, within the territory of the United States, shall pay forty cents postage.

SEC. S. And be it further enacted, That any contract made in pursuance of this act shall provide for the purchase, by the United States, of the steamships to be employed in conveying the mail, at its

Oregon.

When said routes shall go into operation.

Proviso.

Mails from New Orleans to Tampico.

Letters, &c., to persons belonging to the army in Mexico to be free.

Proviso.

The two preceding sections to continue in force during the present war.

Mail from Charleston to Chagres, and from Panama to Astoria.

Expense not to exceed \$100,000 a year.

Post-Office to be established at Astoria.

Rate of postage.

Contracts to provide for the purchase of the steamships cm-

option, agreeably to the provisions of an act entitled "An Act to pro-ployed in convide for the Transportation of the Mail between the United States and veying mails. foreign Countries, and for other Purposes," approved the third day of March. one thousand eight hundred and forty-five : Provided, That the departure and return of said mail may, at the discretion of the Postmaster-General, be either from Charleston, New York, Savannah, Pensacola, or New Orleans, as may be deemed most consistent with the public interest.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the sum of thirty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the service herein priated. provided for, to be paid from the general appropriation for mail transportation.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be authorized and directed, when in his judgment the public interest or convenience may require it, to establish one or more branch post offices, to facilitate the operation of the post-office, in any city or place which, in the opinion of the Postmaster-General, may require such additional accommodation for the convenience of the inhabitants: and it shall be the duty of the Postmaster-General to prescribe the rules and regulations for the branch post-offices which may be established by virtue of this act; and no additional postage shall be charged for the receipt or delivery of any letter or packet at such branch post-office.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted. That, to facilitate the transportation of letters in the mail, the Postmaster-General be authorized to prepare postage stamps, which, when attached to any letter or packet, shall be evidence of the payment of the postage chargeable on such letter; which said stamps the Postmaster-General may deliver to any deputy postmaster who may apply for the same, the deputy postmaster paying or becoming accountable for the amount of the stamps so received by him; and if any of said stamps shall not be used, but be returned to the General Post-Office, the amount so returned shall be credited to such deputy postmaster; and such deputy postmaster may sell or dispose of any stamps so received by him, to any person who may wish to use the same; but it shall not be lawful for any deputy postmaster to prepare, use, or dispose of any postage stamps not authorized by and received from the Postmaster-General; and any person who shall falsely and fraudulently make, utter, or forge any postage stamp, with the intent to defraud the Post-Office forging &c. such Department, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and on conviction shall be subject to the same punishment as is provided in the twenty-first section of the act approved the third day of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, entitled "An Act to reduce into one the several Acts establishing and regulating the Post-Office Department.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That so much of the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary as requires the Postmaster-General to cause accounts of the postage that would be chargeable by the rates prescribed in said act upon all matter passing free through the mail, and that the same shall be paid to the Post-Office Department from the contingent funds of the two Houses of Congress, and of the other departments of the government for which such mail service may have been performed, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and that in lieu of such payment, and in compensation for such mail services as may be performed for the several departments of the government, there shall be paid to the Post-Office Department, from the treasury, for each year's service, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, which is hereby appropriated for that purpose, out of any unappropriated money in the treasury.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful to deposit in any post-office, to be conveyed in the mail, two or more post-office Vol. IX. Pub. --- 26

1845. ch. 69.

Proviso.

\$30,000 appro-

post-Branch offices.

Postage stamps.

Penalty for stamps.

1825, ch. 64.

Repeal of so much of the 6th sec. of act 3d March 1845, ch. 43, as requires accounts to be kept of the postages of the pub. depts. &c.

g200,000 appropriated in lieu thereof.

Penalty for depositing in any two or more letters to different persons under the same envelope.

Proviso.

All newspapers, with certain exceptions, handbills, &c. to be subject to postage.

Contractors or mail carriers may transport papers out of the mails, &c.

What publications shall be considered as public documents, and may be franked as cuch.

Compensation of postmasters. Receipts from boxes.

Repeal of so much of the act of May 3, 1845, ch. 43, as is inconsistent herewith. letters directed to different persons enclosed in the same envelope or packet; and every person so offending shall forfeit the sum of ten dollars, to be recovered by action *qui tam*, one half for the use of the

informer, and the other half for the use of the Post-Office Department : Provided, That this prohibition shall not apply to any letter or packet directed to any foreign country; and all newspapers conveved in the mail shall be subject to postage, except those sent by way of exchange between the publishers of newspapers, and except those franked by persons enjoying the franking privilege; and newspapers not sent from the office of publication, and all handbills or circulars, printed or lithographed, not exceeding one sheet. shall be subject to three cents postage each, to be paid when deposited in any post-office to be conveyed in the mail; and it shall be lawful for any contractor or mail carrier to transport newspapers out of the mail for sale or distribution to subscribers, and the Postmaster-General shall have authority to pay or cause to be paid a sum, not exceeding two cents each, for all letters or packets conveyed in any vessel or steamboat not employed in carrying the mail from one post or place to any other post or place in the United States, subject to such regulations as the Postmaster-General may prescribe; and such publications or books as have been or may be published, procured, or purchased by order of either House of Congress, or a joint resolution of the two Houses, shall be considered as public documents, and entitled to be franked as such; and it shall not be lawful to make any allowance or compensation to deputy postmasters in addition to their commissions as authorized by law, excepting the receipts from boxes, of which all beyond two thousand dollars shall be applied in defraying the expenses of their offices, and to be accounted for in the same manner as they are required to account for their commissions, and excepting the special allowance made by law to the postmasters at Washington city and New Orleans.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act approved the third day of March, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-five, entitled "An Act to reduce the Rates of Postage, to limit the Use, and correct the Abuse, of the Franking Privilege, and for the Prevention of Frauds on the Post-Office Department," and of all other acts relating to the Post-Office Department, or the service of that department, as is inconsistent with this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

1845, ch. 25.

Provisions of the act of February 26, 1845, extended so as to enable the State of Alabama to locate a certain quantity of land.

> 1845, ch. 25. 1849, ch. 72.

Proviso.

CHAP. LXIV. — An Act to amend an an Act entitled "An Act to amend An Act to carry into Effect in the States of Alabama and Mississippi the existing Compacts with those States with Regard to the five per cent. Fund and the School Reservations."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to carry into Effect in the States of Alabama and Mississippi the existing Compacts with those States with Regard to the five per cent. Fund and the School Reservations,'" approved February twenty-six, eighteen hundred and forty-five, be, and the same are hereby, extended so as to enable the State of Alabama to locate a quantity of land in any of the States or Territories equal to the quantity now due to the inhabitants of the township within the Chickasaw cession within said State: Provided, That they shall be made subject to the restrictions and limitations of the act the title of which has been cited, as far as the same may be applicable.

Approved, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXVI. - An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the better Organization of the Department of Indian Affairs," and an Act entitled "An Act to regulate Trade and Intercourse with the Indian Tribes, and to pre-serve Peace on the Frontiers," approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the limits of each superintendency, agency, and sub-agency shall be established by the Secretary of War, either by tribes or geographical boundaries; and the superintendents, agents, and sub-agents shall be furnished with offices for the transaction of the public business, and the agents and sub-agents with houses for their residences, at the expense of the United States; and, with the assent of the Indians, be permitted to cultivate such portions of land as the President or Secretary of War may may deem proper.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the twentieth section of the "Act to regulate Trade and Intercourse with the Indian Tribes. and to preserve Peace on the Frontiers," approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, be, and the same is hereby, so amended. that, in addition to the fines thereby imposed, any person who shall sell, exchange or barter, give, or dispose of, any sirituous liquor or wine to an Indian, in the Indian country, or who shall introduce, or attempt to introduce, any sirituous liquor or wine into the Indian country, except such supplies as may be necessary for the officers of the United States and the troops of the service, under the direction of the War Department, such person, on conviction thereof before the proper District Court of the United States, shall in the former case be subject to imprisonment for a period not exceeding two years, and in the latter case not exceeding one year, as shall be prescribed by the court, according to the extent and criminality of the offence. And in all prosecutions arising under this section, and under the twentieth section of the act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, and to preserve peace on the frontiers, approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, to which this is an amendment, Indians shall be competent witnesses.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the eleventh section of the "Act to provide for the better Organization of the Department of Indian Affairs," approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirtyfour, be, and the same is hereby, so amended as to provide that all annuities or other moneys, and all goods, stipulated by treaty to be paid or furnished to any Indian tribe, shall, at the discretion of the President or Secretary of War, instead of being paid over to the chiefs, or to such persons as they shall designate, be divided and paid over to the heads of families and other individuals entitled to participate therein, or, with the consent of the tribe, be applied to such purposes as will best promote the happiness and prosperity of the members thereof, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War, not inconsistent with existing treaty stipulations. And no such annuities, or moneys, or goods, shall be paid or distributed to the Indians while they are under the influence of any description of intoxicating liquor, nor while there are good and sufficient reasons for the officers or agents, whose duty it may be to make such in a state of inpayments or distribution, for believing that there is any species of intoxicating liquor within convenient reach of the Indians, nor until the chiefs and head men of the tribe shall have pledged themselves to use all their influence and to make all proper exertions to prevent the introduction and sale of such liquor in their country; and all executory contracts made and entered into by any Indian for the payment

March 3, 1847.

1834, ch. 162, 1834, ch. 161. 1848, ch. 118, § 3.

Limits of superintendencies, agencies, &c., to be established,

Offices and houses for superintendents, agents, &c.

1834, ch. 161.

Penalty for introducing into the Indian country and selling spirituous quors.

Indians made competent witnesses.

1834, ch. 161.

1834, ch. 162.

Annuities, goods, &c., may be paid over to heads of families.

No annuities, moneys, or goods to be distributed to Indians while toxication.

of money or goods shall be deemed and held to be null and void, and of no binding effect whatsoever.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That from and after the thirtieth day of June next, one of the clerkships of a thousand dollars in the office of Indian affairs shall be discontinued, and that to the salary of chief clerk of said office there shall be added the sum of one hundred dollars, and to one of the salaries of a thousand dollars the sum of two hundred dollars.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That in aid of the means now possessed by the Department of Indian Affairs through its existing organization, there be, and hereby is, appropriated the sum of five thousand dollars, to enable the said department, under the direction of the Secretary of War, to collect and digest such statistics and materials as may illustrate the history, the present condition, and future prospects of the Indian tribes of the United States.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That for the purchase of presents for the Camanche and other Indians of Texas and the southwestern prairies, promised them in eighteen hundred and forty-six, and for the same object the present year, the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : *Provided*, That so much of this amount, not exceeding one half, as may be found necessary on a proper settlement of the account of Messrs. Terry and Brothers, be paid to them for presents which they advanced in the year eighteen hundred and forty-six, the War Department not having the authority to furnish them.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That for compensation of a special agent and two interpreters for one year, to enable the War Department to keep up such a communication with the said Indians as may be necessary towards the preservation of a good understanding with them, and securing peace on the frontier, the sum of three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and that the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated to carry into effect the treaty with the Camanche and other tribes of Indians.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the sum of six thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and placed at the discretion of the President to defray the expenses of the commission now sitting under the treaty between the United States and the Cherokee Indians of eighteen hundred and thirty-five and six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXVII. — An Act giving the Consent of Congress to an Act of the General Assembly of Virginia authorizing the Levy of Tolls on the James River.

Assent of Congress given to an act of Legislature of Virginia authorizing the collection of tolls on the James River, Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress be, and the same is hereby, given to an act passed by the General Assembly of the State of Virginia, on the fifth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act to incorporate a Company to remove the Bars in James River between the City of Richmond and Bermuda Hundred," and that the authority as con-

ferred by the said act on the company thereby created, to demand and receive the tolls therein specified on vessels navigating the said river,

Salaries of two clerkships increased.

\$5,000 appropriated for statistical and historical objects.

> 1850, ch. 91. 1851, ch. 12.

\$20,000 appropriated for presents to Camanche and other wild tribes.

Terry and Brothers to be reimbursed for advances.

Compensation for special agent and two interpreters.

Appropriation to carry into effect treaty with Camanches.

Expenses of commission under the Cherokee treaty.

" on condition only that the same shall have been made navigable in any season at high water from Rochell's Landing, at the city of Richmond, to Bermuda Hundred, in the county of Chesterfield, by vessels drawing eleven feet and an half foot water," be, and the same is hereby, sanctioned and confirmed : Provided, however, and this assent is given on that express condition, that Congress may, at any time ject to modifica-tion or repeal. hereafter, repeal or modify the provisions of this act.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

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This act sub-

RESOLUTIONS.

March 1, 1847.

Copies of certain maps and charts to be prepared and transmitted to the executives of certain States.

[No. 4.] — A Resolution respecting the Maps and Charts of the Surveys of the Boundary Lines of the United States of America with foreign States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State be directed to cause to be prepared, and transmitted to the executives of the several States having boundaries with foreign states, a competent number of authentic copies of the settlement of such boundaries, and the maps and charts relating thereto, and the evidence thereof in the State Department.

APPROVED, March 1, 1847.

March 2, 1847.

Thanks of Congress tendered to Major-General Taylor, his officers and men.

A gold medal to be struck and presented to General Taylor.

Swords to be presented Generals to Butler, Henderson, Twiggs, Worth, and Quitman.

A sword to be presented to the nearest male relative of General Hamer.

[No. 5.] - Resolutions giving the Thanks of Congress to Major-General Taylor. and the Officers and Man under his Command, in the late Military Operations at Monterey.

Resolved, unanimously, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress are due, and are hereby tendered, to Major-General Zachary Taylor, his officers and men, for the fortitude, skill, enterprise, and courage which distinguished the late brilliant military operations at Monterey.

Resolved, That the President be requested to cause to be struck a gold medal with devices emblematical of this splendid achievement, and presented to General Taylor as a testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of his judicious and distinguished conduct on that memorable occasion.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be further requested to cause swords, with suitable devices, to be presented to Major-General Butler, Major-General Henderson, and to Brigadier-General Twiggs, Brigadier-General Worth, and Brigadier-General Quitman, in testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of their gallantry and good conduct in storming Monterey.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be further requested to present a sword, with suitable devices, to the nearest male relative of Brigadier-General Hamer, and to communicate to him the deep regret which Congress feels for the loss of a gallant man, whose name ought to live in the recollection and affection of a grateful country.

Resolved, That the President be requested to cause the foregoing resolutions to be communicated to General Taylor, and, through him, to the army under his command.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

Expenses

[No. 7.] — A Resolution to refund Money to the States which have supplied Vol-unteers and furnished them Transportation during the present War before being mustered and received into the Service of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Uniincurred by States ted States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of

War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause to be refunded to the several States, or to individuals for services rendered acting under the authority of any States, the amount of expenses incurred by them in organizing, subsisting, and transporting yolunteers previous to their being mustered and received into the service of the United States for the present war, and for subsisting troops in the service of the United States, without waiting for deductions to be made from the pay of said volunteers.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

[No. 8.] — A Resolution for lighting with Gas the Capitol and Capitol Grounds.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, be authorized and directed to contract with James Crutchett for lighting up the Capitol and the Capitol grounds, with the solar gas light: Provided, That such contract can be made upon terms deemed reasonable by the said Secretary and Clerk, and that a sum not exceeding seventeen thousand five hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to carry the said contract into effect.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

[No. 9.] — A Resolution concerning the Purchase of additional Lands for the Use of the United States Armories at Harper's Ferry and Springfield.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the assent of Congress be, and is hereby, given to the purchase of additional lands for the use of the United States armories at Harper's Ferry and Springfield, and to the application for that purpose of so much of the sums appropriated for repairs, improvements, and new machinery at Harper's Ferry and Springfield armories, by the act approved August eighth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, as the estimates show to have been intended for the purchase of lands and buildings for said armories.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

[No. 10.] — A Resolution authorizing the employment of the United States Ships Macedonian and Jamestown in transporting Provisions for the famishing Poor of Ireland and Scotland.

Resolucd by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized to place at the disposal of Captain George C. De Kay, of New Jersey, the United States ship Macedonian, for the purpose of transporting to the famishing poor of Ireland and Scotland such contributions as may be made for their relief; and that the said Secretary be also authorized to place at the disposal of Captain Robert B. Forbes, of Boston, the United States sloop-of-war the Jamestown, for the like purpose; or, if the Secretary shall be of opinion that the public interest will be better subserved thereby, he is authorized to despatch said vessels upon the service aforesaid as public ships.

Approved, March 3, 1847

or individuals in organizing, subsisting, and transporting volunteers to be re-

March 3, 1847.

Contract for lighting the Capitol and grounds with gas authorized.

Proviso as to terms.

Appropriation.

March 3, 1847.

The purchase of additional lands authorized at Harper's Ferry and Springfield.

1846, ch. 95

March 3, 1847.

[Obsolete.]

United States ship Macedonian placed at disposal of Captain George C. De Kay, and sloop of war Jamestown placed at disposal of Captain R. B Forbes, to carry provisions to Ireland and Scotland.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. Sess. II. Res. 11, 12. 1847.

March 3, 1847.

Suitable gold and silver medals to be prepared and presented to certain British, French, and Spanish officers.

. [No. 11.] — A Joint Resolution relative to the Preparation and Presentation of Medals to certain French, British, and Spanish Officers.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized and requested to cause suitable gold and silver medals to be prepared 'and presented to the officers and men belonging or attached to the French, British, and Spanish ships-of-war in the harbor of Vera Cruz, who so gallantly, and at the imminent peril of their lives, aided in rescuing from a watery grave many of the officers and crew of the United States brig Somers. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847. Post. p. 419. [No. 12.] — Joint Resolution to prohibit the Sale at private Entry of certain Lands in Cincinnati, Ohio.

Sale of certain lands in Cincinnati, Ohio, prohibited.

Facts to be reported to Congress. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to report to the next session of Congress all the facts in relation to the title to the unsold parts, if any there be, of the reserved fractional section number eleven, of fractional township number four, of fractional range number one, in J. C. Symme's Purchase, State of Ohio, together with the opinion of the Attorney-General thereon, and that he suspend all further proceedings in relation thereto, until the end of the next session of Congress.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

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PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTIETH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the first Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday the 6th Day of December, 1847, and ended on the 14th Day of August, 1848.

JAMES K. POLK, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice-President, and President of the Senate; DAVID R. ATCHISON, President of the Senate on and after the twenty-ninth day of July, 1848; ROBERT C. WINTHROP, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAPTER I. — An Act making an Appropriation to supply, in Part, a Deficiency in the Appropriations for Subsistence in Kind of the Army and Volunteers during the Year ending the 30th June, 1848.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of one million of dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated to supply, in part, a deficiency in the appropriations for the subsistence in kind of the army and volunteers during the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, January 4, 1848.

CHAP. IV. - An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to reorganize the General Land Office," approved July fourth, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That if at any time the number of patents for lands sold or granted under the authority of the United States, shall be such that they cannot be signed in reasonable time by the secretary appointed for that purpose under the sixth section of the above-recited act, that, in that case, the President shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint an assistant secretary, to sign the name, but the said assistant shall be employed by the express direction of the President, and only for such time as may be necessary to bring up the arrears of patents which may be ready for signature.

APPROVED, January 26, 1848.

CHAP. V. — An Act concerning certain Collection Districts, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, Cold Spring, on the north side of Long Island, in the State of New York, be, and the same is hereby, made a port of delivery within the collection district of the port of New York, and that a surveyor be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to reside at the said port of Cold Spring, who shall have power to enrol and license vessels to be employed in the coast- His powers, &c. ing trade and fisheries, and to enter and clear, and grant registers and

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Supply of deficiencies in former appropria-

tions for subsist-

ence in kind.

Jan. 4, 1848.

Jan. 26, 1848.

1836, ch. 352.

An assistant secretary may be employed to sign land patents.

Jan. 26, 1848.

Cold Spring, New York, made a port of delivery.

Surveyor to be appointed there.

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other usual papers to vessels employed in the whale fishery, under such restrictions and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary, and who shall give the usual bond, perform the usual duties in the manner prescribed, and be entitled to receive the fees allowed by law to surveyors and collectors for the same duties, and no more. But all cargoes chargeable with duties shall be entered, and the duties paid, at the port of New York, before permission shall be granted to discharge the same at Cold Spring ; that Greenport, on the north-east part of Long Island, in the State of New York, be, and the same is hereby, made a port of delivery for the towns of Southhold and Riverhead, within the collection district of the port of Sag Harbor, and that a surveyor be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to reside at the said port of Greenport, who shall have like powers and fees, and be under the like restrictions, as is provided in this act for the surveyor of Cold Spring; but all cargoes chargeable with duties shall be entered, and the duties paid, at the port of Sag Harbor, before permission shall be granted to discharge the same at Greenport.

CHAR. VI. — An Act to provide Clothing for Volunteers in the Service of the United States. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in lieu of the

APPROVED, January 26, 1848.

Jan. 26, 1848.

Clothing in kind may be furnished to volunteers, in lieu of commutatiou therefor. money which, under existing laws, is allowed to volunteers as a commutation for clothing, the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause the volunteers to be furnished with clothing in kind, at the same rates, according to grades, as is provided for the troops of the regular army.

APPROVED, January 26, 1848.

Jan. 31, 1848. 1847, ch. 16. 1847, ch. 34.

Passenger vessels of the American or Maryland Colonization Societies exempted from the acts of 1847, ch. 16, and ch. 34, respecting the carriage of passengers in vessels. CHAP. VII. — An Act exempting Vessels employed by the American Colonization Society in transporting Colored Emigrants from the United States to the Coast of Africa, from the Provisions of the Acts of the 22d February and 2d of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, regulating the Carriage of Passengers in Merchant Vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, all and every vessel and vessels which shall or may be employed by the American Colonization Society, or by the Maryland State Colonization Society, to transport, and which shall actually transport, from any port or ports in the United States to any colony or colonies on the west coast of Africa, colored emigrants to reside there, shall be, and the same are hereby, excepted out of and exempted from the operation of the act entitled "An Act to regulate the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels," passed twenty-second February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven; and of the act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to regulate the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels, and to determine the time when said act shall take effect,'" passed second March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Approved, January 31, 1848.

Feb. 2, 1848.

CHAP. VIII. — An Act making further Provisions for surviving Widows of the Soldiers of the Revolution.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That if any person who served in the war of the revolution in the manner specified in the

Entry of cargoes. Greenport, New York, made a port of delivery.

Surveyor to be appointed there.

His powers.

Entry of cargoes.

act passed the seventh day of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, entitled "An Act supplementary to the act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the revolution," have died, or shall hereafter die, leaving a widow, whose marriage took place before the first day of January, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four, such widow shall be entitled to receive, for and during her natural life, from and after the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, the annuity or pension which might have been allowed to her husband, in virtue of said act, if living at the time it was passed, under the same rules, regulations, and restrictions as are prescribed in the act approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, entitled "An Act granting half-pay and pensions to certain widows :" *Provided*, That in the event of the marriage of such widow, said annuity or pension shall be discontinued.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That such widows as have been admitted by special acts of Congress to the benefit of the pension act, approved the seventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, or to the benefit of the act approved the seventeenth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, shall be entitled, and shall be admitted to the benefit of this act; subject, however, to the rules, limitations, and restrictions in and by said acts prescribed

APPROVED, February 2, 1848.

CHAP. X. — An Act to confirm the Boundary Line between Missouri and Arkansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the dividing line between the States of Missouri and Arkansas, surveyed by commissioners appointed under authority of laws enacted by those States, and ratified as a common boundary by the act of the legislature of Arkansas, approved twenty-third December, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and of the legislature of Missouri, approved February sixteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall be, and the same is hereby, approved and confirmed as the boundary between those States, and between the surveying and land districts bordering thereon; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to have the surveys of the public lands of the United States closed on the line so surveyed as above mentioned: *Provided*, the expense thereof shall not ine. exceed six dollars per mile, for every mile and part of a mile actually surveyed, or necessarily resurveyed in closing those surveys.

APPROVED, February 15, 1848.

CHAP. XII. — An Act supplementary to the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the Exercise of the Appellate Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in certain Cases, and for other Purposes."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all and singular the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to regulate the exercise of appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in certain cases, and for other purposes," approved February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to which this is a supplement so far as may be, shall be, and they hereby are, made applicable to all cases which were pending in the Supreme Court or other superior court of and for the late Territory of Iowa at the time said Territory was admitted into the Union as a State, and to all cases in which judgments or decrees have been rendered in said supreme or superior court of the said late Terri-

1852, ch. 126. Provision for widows of revolutionary soldiers.

1838, ch. 189.

Pension to cease on marriage.

This act extended to widows who are pensioners by special acts.

Feb. 15, 1848.

Confirmation of survey of boundary line between Missouri and Arkansas.

Public land surveys to be closed on that line.

Feb. 22, 1848.

1847, ch. 17.

Provisions of act of 1847, ch. 17, respecting appeals to the Supreme Court, extended to cases from the Supreme Court of the Territory of Iowa. tory of Iowa, and not hitherto removed as aforesaid by writ of error or appeal.

That act extended to cases from all territories hereafter formed into states.

Certain cases pending in the courts in Iowa before her admission to the Union, transferred to the District Court of the United States for Iowa. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all and singular the provisions of the said act to which this is a supplement, so far as may be, shall be and they hereby are made applicable to all cases which may be pending in the supreme or other superior court of and for any Territory of the United States which may hereafter be admitted as a State into the Union at the time of its admission, and to all cases in which judgments or decrees shall have been rendered in such supreme or superior court at the time of such admission, and not previously removed by writ of error or appeal.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all cases, together with all process, records, orders, judgments, decrees, and proceedings of federal character or jurisdiction, and not legally transferred to the State courts of the State of Iowa, pending prior to and at the time of the admission of the said State of Iowa into the Union, in the district or supreme courts of the said Territory of Iowa, are hereby transferred to the district court of the United States for the district of Iowa; and it shall be the duty of the respective clerks of the said courts of the said Territory of Iowa, or their successors in office, with whom the records and proceedings of said cases may be found, upon application by any person or persons interested therein, to make and certify a full and complete copy of the records thereof, and transmit the same, together with all the original process, pleadings, and other papers filed in such case or cases, and which may be removed without mutilating the records of said courts, to the clerk of the said District Court of the United States; and when the said records, papers, and proceedings shall be thus certified to the said last-mentioned court, its jurisdiction shall be deemed as full and complete as that of the court, in which the said case originated, had been prior to the said admission of the State of Iowa, or as if the said case had been originally instituted in said District Court of the United States.

APPROVED, February 22, 1848.

Feb. 22, 1848.

CHAP. XIII. — An Act to provide additional Quarters near to New Orleans, for United States Soldiers and Volunteers, returned from or going to the Seat of War in Mexico.

Part of an appropriation in act of 1847, ch. 35, § 1, to be applied to providing temporary quarters for soldiers at New Orleans.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from the appropriation of five hundred thousand dollars "for providing for the comfort of discharged soldiers who may be landed at New Orleans, or other places within the United States, so disabled by disease, or by wounds received in the service, as to be unable to proceed to their homes, and for forwarding destitute soldiers to their homes," contained in an act making appropriations for the support of the army and of volunteers for the year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and for other purposes, approved second March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven; the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to apply a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, to the erection, at or near the United States barracks, below New Orleans, of a wooden hospital, commensurate with the probable wants of the service; also of temporary quarters for the accommodation of United States troops and volunteers during their proper detention at that post, when going to or returning from Mexico; and for the purchase of additional ground, if any shall be necessary to execute advantageously the objects herein specified.

APPROVED, February 22, 1848.

CHAP. XV. - An Act authorizing Persons, to whom Reservations of Land have been made under certain Indian Treaties, to alienate the same in Fce.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the reservations to or for any person or persons named in the treaty of the twentieth day of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, made at Camp Tippecanoe, in the State of Indiana, between the United States by their commissioners, Jennings, Davis, and Crume, and the chiefs and headmen of the Pottawatomie tribe of Indians of the Prairie and Kankakee, shall be so construed and held to convey to and vest in said reservees, their heirs, and assigns, forever, an estate in fee simple in and to the reservations so made, by said treaty, to or for said reservees respectively.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That said reservees, or their heirs, may sell and convey all or any part of his, her, or their respective reserves; and such sale and conveyance shall vest in the purchaser, his or her heirs and assigns, such title as is described in such deed of conveyance, to such lands so sold and conveyed: Provided, That all deeds of conveyance made before the passage of this act shall stand upon the same footing as those made after the passage of this act, and the rights of the parties shall be the same in one case as in the other : *Provided*, That such deed of conveyance for any of said lands, made before or after the passage of this act, shall not be valid for such alienation purpose until the same shall have been approved by the President of essential. the United States.

APPROVED, March 9, 1848.

CHAP. XVI. - An Act granting the Franking Privilege to Louisa Catharine March 9, 1843. Adams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all letters and packets carried by post to and from Louisa Catharine Adams, widow lege granted to of the late John Quincy Adams, be conveyed free of postage during Q. Adams. her natural life.

APPROVED, March 9, 1848.

CHAP. XVII. — An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act in Amendment of the March 9, 1848. Acts respecting the Judicial System of the United States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Uni-

ted States of America in Congress assembled, That in case of a vacancy in the office of the clerk of any Circuit Court of the United States in clerk may be apvacation, the judge of the District Court in the district within which such vacancy occurs may appoint a clerk, who shall hold said office until the district judge, the end of the next term of the Circuit Court for said district, unless the office is sooner filled by an appointment according to existing tion. laws.

APPROVED, March 9, 1848.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever, upon under mesne proprocess instituted in any of the courts of the United States, property the courts of the

March 9, 1848.

Reservees under treaty of Oct. 20, 1832, (vol. vii. p. 378,) with the Pottawatomies, to hold their land in fee simple.

Said lands may be alienated, and former alienations confirmed

Approval of the by made

Franking privithe widow of J.

А temporary pointed for the Circuit Court by when a vacancy occurs in vaca-

Attachments cess issuing from

CHAP. XVIII. — An Act to make Attachments which are made under Process March 14, 1848. issuing from the courts of the United States conform to the Laws regulating ______ such attachments in the courts of the States.

United States, to be dissolved in the same manner as those under process from the respective State courts.

Proviso saving the priority of the United States.

snall hereafter be attached to satisfy such judgment as may be recovered by the plaintiff in such process, and any contingency occurs by which, according to the laws of a State, such attachment would be dissolved upon like process pending in, or returnable to, the State courts. then such attachment or attachments made upon process issuing from. or pending in, the courts of the United States within such State shall be dissolved, the intent and meaning of this act being to place such attachments in the courts of the States and the United States upon the same footing: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall interfere with any existing or future law giving priority in payments of debts to the United States.

APPROVED, March 14, 1848.

March 14, 1848.

CHAP. XIX. - An Act concerning the Courts of the United States in and for the District of Michigan.

the United States in Michigan to be held at Detroit on the third Monday in June and second Monday in October, annually.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the The courts of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the district of Michigan shall continue to be held in the city of Detroit on the third Monday of June and the second Monday of October in every year, any provision in any act of Congress, heretofore passed, to the contrary notwithstanding; and that all writs, pleas, suits, recognizances, indictments, and all other proceedings, civil and criminal, shall be heard, tried, and proceeded with by the said courts in the same manner and at the same place as heretofore.

APPROVED, March 14, 1848.

March 21, 1848.

Adjustment of the accounts of the late John Paul Jones.

Prize money to be paid to his heirs, and the seamen and officers under his command.

Deduction from the share of Captain Landais.

1806, ch. 18.

No interest to be paid to heirs of John Paul Jones.

CHAP. XXII. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of John Paul Jones.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounts of the late Commodore John Paul Jones with the United States be referred to the Secretary of the Treasury, to adjust and pay, out of any money or stock of the United States in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon the principles of justice and equity, according to acts in similar cases and applicable thereto.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby instructed to pay to the legal representatives of the said John Paul Jones, and the officers, seamen, and marines of the squadron under his command, being citizens of the United States, or their representatives, out of any moneys or stock of the United States in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, their respective proportions of the value, as estimated by Benjamin Franklin, of three prizes captured by the squadron under the command of the said Jones, and delivered up to Great Britain by Denmark, in seventeen hundred and seventy-nine; to be apportioned on the basis of the distribution of a settlement made with the captors for prizes captured by the said squadron, and received from the court of France, and confirmed by Congress in seventeen hundred and eighty-seven; deducting, however, from the share of Captain Peter Landais the sum received by him or his legal representatives under an act of Congress, approved the twenty-eighth of March, eighteen hundred and six : Provided, That, in ascertaining the amount due the heirs of said Paul Jones, if any, no interest shall be allowed on such claim.

APPROVED, March 21, 1848.

CHAP. XXIII. — An Act further to supply Deficiencies in the Appropriations for the Service of the Fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, namely:

For pay of one additional clerk in the office of the Fifth Auditor, rendered necessary by the increase of lighthouse business, at eight hundred dollars per annum, from the first of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, eight hundred and sixty-five dollars and ninety-four cents.

For extra clerk hire for the settlement of the increase of business in the office of the Secretary of the Navy, occasioned by the Mexican war, six thousand dollars.

For salary of the judge of the southern district of Florida, per act twenty-third February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, from third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, at two thousand dollars per annum, two thousand six hundred and sixty-one dollars and twelve cents.

For salaries of district attorney and marshal of the southern district of Florida, per same act, from third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, at two hundred dollars each per annum, five hundred and thirty-two dollars and twenty-two cents.

For salaries of the two keepers of the public archives in Florida, per act of third of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, one thousand dollars: *Provided*, That so much of said act of third of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, as authorizes the appointment of two keepers of the public archives, shall be, and the same is hereby, repealed from and after the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; and in the mean time, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the said archives to be removed to some public office in the state of Florida, to be designated by the President of the United States, there to be safely kept.

For expenses of thirty-five lighthouses, including oil and other annual supplies, delivering the same, and repairing the lighting apparatus for four hundred and twenty lamps; salaries of thirty-five keepers, at the fixed average of four hundred dollars per annum, and also all other expenses for six months, twenty-two thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

For one new floating light, including the keeper's salary at six hundred and fifty dollars, and all other expenses for nine months, two thousand three hundred and sixteen dollars.

For additional expenses of sundry new buoys for six months, one thousand six hundred and ninety dollars.

For additional expenses of a temporary floating light at Sand Key, Florida, in lieu of the lighthouse destroyed there, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For superintendent's commission on twenty-eight thousand two hundred and forty-six dollars, at two and a half per cent., seven hundred and six dollars and fifteen cents.

For contingent expenses under the act for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, five thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the Treasurer of the United States, five hundred dollars.

March 27, 1848.

Supply of defi ciencies.

Additional clerk of Fifth Auditor

Estra clerk hire in navy.

District Judge of Florida.

1847, ch. 20.

District Attorney and Marshal in Florida. 1847, ch. 20.

Keepers of archives in Florida.

1825, ch. 83, § 9.

Office abolished.

Lighthouses, &c.

Contingent ex-

1846, ch. 90.

Clerk of Adjutant-General.

Clerk in Ordnance office.

Pension Department.

Clerk in War Department.

Foreign intercourse.

Additional clerks in Treasury Department.

Clerks in General Land office.

Seamen.

Army.

Clothing.

Subsistence in kind.

Ante, p. 209.

Pay of volunteers.

Medical and Hospital Department. Ordnance, &c.

Pea Patch Island.

Marine Corps.

For per diem compensation for clerk employed in the Adjutant-General's office, one thousand dollars.

For per diem compensation of clerk employed in the Ordnance office, one thousand and ninety-eight dollars.

For per diem compensation for eight clerks employed, and such additional number of clerks as the exigencies of the public service may require to be employed temporarily, by the commissioner of pensions, with the approbation and consent of the Secretary of War, during the present fiscal year, on bounty land business in the Pension office, at a rate not exceeding three dollars and thirty-three cents per day, fifteen thousand six hundred and ninety dollars and ninety-six cents.

For contingent expenses of the Pension office, one thousand dollars. For clerks in the office of the Secretary of War, being an unexpended balance of the appropriation remaining on the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, for that purpose, two hundred and ninety-one dollars and eighty-five cents.

For outfits of chargés des affaires to Naples, the Papal States, and the republics of Bolivia, Guatemala, and Ecuador, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

For one quarter's salary, for each of the chargés des affaires to the Papal States, Bolivia, Guatemala, and Ecuador, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of the consul at Beyroot, from the fourth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, nine hundred and fifty-three dollars and eighty cents.

For compensation of such additional number of clerks as the exigencies of the public service may require, to be employed temporarily by the Secretary of the Treasury in the offices of the Second and Third Auditor, and in the office of the Second Comptroller, at a rate not exceeding one thousand dollars per annum, and for contingencies, seventeen thousand dollars.

For compensation to eight additional clerks to be employed in the General Land office, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum each, the sum of two thousand dollars!

For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, twenty thousand dollars.

Army. — For regular supplies, incidental expenses, and transportation in the Quartermaster's department of the army, five million dollars.

For clothing of the army, camp and garrison equipage, including one hundred and sixty thousand dollars for clothing to volunteers, in lieu of commutation therefor, one million one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

For subsistence in kind, (in addition to the sum of one million dollars appropriated at the present session,) two million nine hundred and thirty-seven thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine dollars and seventyfour cents.

For pay of volunteers called into service during the present fiscal year, three million six hundred and eleven thousand dollars.

nd For medical and hospital department, sixty-four thousand five hunt- dred dollars.

For purchase of ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, three hundred thousand dollars.

For expenses of arbitrating the title to the Pea Patch island, five thousand dollars.

Marine Corps. — For provisions, sixteen thousand one hundred and four dollars.

For clothing, thirty-six thousand three hundred dollars.

For fuel, three thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven dollars. For military stores, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For transportation and expenses of recruiting, five thousand dollars. For contingencies, six thousand dollars.

For paying James Crutchett for lighting the Capitol and grounds, three thousand dollars and ten cents.

For contingent expenses of the Senate, twenty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, fifty thousand dollars.

For payment for printing of one thousand copies of list of patents. by Commissioner of Patents, two thousand dollars, to be paid out of the patent fund.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for clothing teers, in kind to volunteers for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, agreeably to the act entitled "An Act to provide clothing for volunteers in the service of the United States," approved the twenty-sixth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight; and that so much of said sum of eight hundred thousand dollars as the President shall direct, is hereby authorized to be applied to the purchase of said clothing during the current fiscal year.

APPROVED, March 27, 1848.

CHAP. XXIV. - An Act to remit the Duties on Books, Maps, and Charts imported March 29, 18w. for the Use of the Library of Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to remit all duties upon such books, maps, and charts as have been during the present year, or brary of Congress hereafter may be, imported into the United States by authority of the remitted. Joint Library Committee of Congress, for the use of the library of Congress: Provided, That if, in any case, a contract shall have been made with any bookseller, importer, or other person, for books, maps, or charts, in which contract the bookseller, importer, or other person aforesaid, shall have paid the duty or included the duty in said contract, in such case the duty shall not be remitted.

APPROVED, March 29, 1848.

CHAP. XXVI. — An Act to authorize a Loan not to exceed the Sum of Sixteen March 31, 1848. Millions of Dollars.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, at any time within one year from the passage of this act, to borrow, on the credit of the United States, a sum not exceeding sixteen millions of dollars, or so much thereof as, in his opinion, the exigencies of the government may require, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per annum, payable quarterly or semi-annually, which loan shall be made reimbursable at any time after twenty years from the first day of July next after the passage of this act; and said money, so borrowed, shall, on being first duly appropriated therefor, be applied, in addition to the money now in the treasury, or which may be received therein from other sources, to defray any of the public expenses which have been heretofore, or may be hereafter, authorized by law, and the stock issued upon such loan shall be transferable on the books of the treasury.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorized, with the consent of the President Vol. IX. Pub. --- 28.

Contingencies.

Clothing in kind for volun-

1848, ch. 6.

Duties OB

Proviso.

Loan of \$16,000,000 authorized.

Interest. When payable

Stock transferahlo

Certificates of stock.

of the United States, to cause to be prepared certificates of stock, which shall be signed by the Register of the Treasury, and sealed with the seal of the Treasury Department, for the sum to be borrowed as aforesaid, or any part thereof, bearing an interest not to exceed six per centum per annum, and transferable and reimbursable as aforesaid, and to cause said certificates of stock to be sold: *Provided*, That no part of said stock be sold below par: *And provided*, also, That, whenever required so to do, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be attached to any certificate or certificates to be issued under this act, coupons of interest; and any certificate having such coupons of interest attached to it, may be transferable by delivery of the certificate, instead of being assignable on the books of the treasury; but no certificate of stock shall be issued for a less amount than fifty dollars.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to receive proposals for the taking of such loan, or any part or parts thereof; and that before disposing of the said stock issued for such loan, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be inserted in one or two public newspapers printed in the city of Washington, and in one or two public newspapers printed in the principal city or capital of each State, an advertisement stating that bids and proposals for such loan will be received until a certain day, to be specified in such advertisement, not more than sixty days or less than twenty days from the time of the first insertion of said advertisement in one or two newspapers in the city of Washington, and stating the amount of the loan required, and in what instalments, and when and where it will be required to be paid. And all such proposals shall be required to be sealed, and shall be opened by the secretary, or other officer of the department, on the day appointed, publicly, and in the presence of such persons as may choose to attend; and no proposal shall be withdrawn after the same shall have been received at the Treasury Department; and the said secretary may pay such expenses as may be necessarily incurred in printing and issuing certificates of stock: Provided, however, That the employment of agents, and other expenses incident to the execution of this act, shall not in all exceed the sum of sixteen thousand dollars; which sum of sixteen thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for these purposes, and shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: And provided, That no compensation shall be allowed to any officer whose salary is fixed by law, for any service performed by him in the execution of this act.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the faith of the United States is hereby pledged to provide and establish sufficient revenues for the regular payment of the interest, and for the redemption of said stock. And the principal sum borrowed under the provisions of this act, and the interest thereon, as the same shall, from time to time, become due and payable, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to purchase, at any time before the period herein limited for the redemption of the stock hereby created, such portion thereof at the market price, not below par, as the funds of the government may admit of, after meeting all the demands on the treasury; and any surplus that hereafter may be in the treasury is hereby appropriated to that object.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to report to Congress, at the commencement of the next session, the amount of money borrowed under this act, and of whom, and on what terms it shall have been obtained, with an abstract or brief statement of all the proposals submitted for the same,

How sold.

Coupons for interest.

Certificates transferable by delivery.

Proposals for the loan may be invited.

Contingent expenses of this loan.

Proviso.

Public faith pledged for repayment.

Appropriation.

Purchase of stock when there are surplus funds in the treasury.

Report to be made of things done under this act. distinguishing between those accepted and those rejected, with a detailed statement of the expense of making such loans.

APPROVED, March 31, 1848.

CHAP. XXVIII.—An Act to change the Location of certain Lighthouses and Buoys.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to change the location of the following named lighthouses, directed to be built by the act of the last session, to wit: From Telless Point, on the Hudson River, to Tarrytown Point, on said river; from Galveston Island to Bolivar Point; from Long Island, in Savannah River, to the knoll connected with Cockspur Island, in the said river; and that the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to substitute a dumb beacon, instead of a lighthouse, if he shall deem it best for the public interest, from Santee New, River to the outer point of Bull's Island, at the entrance of Bull's Bay; and that the buoy authorized by the said act to be placed at the entrance of Bull's Bay, shall be placed at such point as the collector of the port of Charleston, South Carolina, shall direct.

APPROVED, April 8, 1848.

CHAP. XXXII. — An Act relating to the Collection District of New Orleans, and April for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, the city of Lafayette in the State of Louisiana, shall be added to and included in the port of entry of New Orleans; and that the office of surveyor for the city of Lafayette be and is hereby abolished.

APPROVED, April 14, 1848.

CHAP. XXXV. — An Act authorizing a Term of the United States Circuit and District Courts at Chicago, Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a term of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the State of Illinois shall hereafter be held at the city of Chicago, on the first Monday of July in each year.

APPROVED, May 9, 1848.

CHAP. XXXVI. — An Act in addition to an Act therein mentioned.

WHEREAS, by a certain act approved March second, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, there was granted to the State of Indiana, to aid in constructing the Wabash and Erie Canal, "a quantity of land equal to one half of five sections wide on each side of said canal;" and whereas, by an act approved February twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-one, there was confirmed to said State the lands selected under said grant for that part of said canal, between the mouth of Tippecanoe River and Terre Haute, and license was given to said State to select other lands subject to private entry, or such part of said selection as was holden against the State by the legal incumbrance or title of others, which last selections have never been made and completed: Therefore, April 8, 1848.

Change of location of certain lighthouses.

Beacon and buoy.

April 14, 1848.

Lafayette annexed to the coilection district of New Orleans.

May 9, 1848.

A term of the U. S. Courts to be held at Chicago in July, annually.

May 9, 1848.

Preamble. 1827, ch. 56. Indiana be, and is hereby, authorized to select out of any of the public

land in said State subject to private entry, a quantity of land which. together with the land already received and holden by said State for the construction of the said Wabash and Erie Canal, will make the full amount equal to one half of five sections in width on each side of said canal: *Provided*, nevertheless, That no selection shall be made of any

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of

Grant of lands to Indiana.

Whence to be selected.

May 9, 1848.

River, a Port of Delivery, and to authorize the Appointment of a Deputy Collector for said Port.

Ship Island made a port of delivery.

Deputy collector to be appointed.

1817, ch. 109.

Bond.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Ship Island, in the collection district of Pearl River, in the State of Mississippi, is hereby made a port of delivery, and that the President of the United States be authorized, with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint a deputy collector to reside at said port of Ship Island, who is hereby authorized to perform the duties of a collector of the customs, and who shall, before he enters on the duties of his office, take and subscribe the oath contained in, and in the manner prescribed by, the seventh section of the act of the third March, eighteen hundred and seventeen, entitled, "An Act to continue in force an act entitled, 'An Act further to provide for the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," &c., and who shall give a bond for the true and faithful discharge of his duties in the same manner as collectors, naval officers, and surveyors are required to give bonds under existing laws; and the compensation of the aforesaid deputy collector shall be the fees established by law for the services he may perform, and no more.

APPROVED, May 9, 1848.

May 17, 1848. CHAP. XLI. - An Act to provide for the Ventilation of Passenger Vessels, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all vessels, whether of the United States or any other country, having sufficient capacity according to law for fifty or more passengers, (other than cabin passengers,) shall, when employed in transporting such passengers between the United States and Europe, have on the upper deck, for the use of such passengers, a house over the passage-way leading to the apartment allotted to such passengers below deck, firmly secured to the deck, or combings of the hatch, with two doors, the sills of which shall be at least one foot above the deck, so constructed that one door or window in such house may, at all times, be left open for ventilation; and all vessels so employed, and having the capacity to Certain other carry one hundred and fifty such passengers, or more, shall have two such houses; and the stairs or ladder leading down to the aforesaid apartment shall be furnished with a hand-rail of wood or strong rope: Provided, nevertheless, Booby hatches may be substituted for such houses in vessels having three permanent decks.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That every such vessel so employed, and having the legal capacity for more than one hundred such passengers, shall have at least two ventilators to purify the apartment

Certain vessels to have a house on the upper deck.

two such houses.

Booby hatches may be substi-tuted.

Ventilators.

APPROVED, May 9, 1848. CHAP. XL. - An Act to make Ship Island, in the Collection District of Pearl

land but such as was subject to private entry on the first day of April.

anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

or apartments occupied by such passengers; one of which shall be inserted in the after part of the apartment or apartments, and the other shall be placed in the forward portion of the apartment or apartments. and one of them shall have an exhausting cap to carry off the foul air, and the other a receiving cap to carry down the fresh air; which said ventilators shall have a capacity proportioned to the size of the apartment or apartments to be purified; namely, if the apartment or apartments will lawfully authorize the reception of two hundred such passengers, the capacity of such ventilators shall each of them be equal to a tube of twelve inches diameter in the clear, and in proportion for larger or smaller apartments; and all said ventilators shall rise at least four feet six inches above the upper deck of any such vessel, and be of the most approved form and construction : Provided, That if it shall appear, from the report to be made and approved, as provided in the seventh section of this act, that such vessel is equally well ventilated by any other means, such other means of ventilation shall be deemed, therefor. and held to be, a compliance with the provisions of this section.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That every vessel carrying more than fifty such passengers shall have for their use on deck, housed and cooking range on conveniently arranged, at least one camboose or cooking range, the dimensions of which shall be equal to four feet long and one foot six inches wide for every two hundred passengers; and provisions shall be made in the manner aforesaid in this ratio for a greater or less number of passengers : Provided, however, And nothing herein contained shall take away the right to make such arrangements for cooking between decks, if that shall be deemed desirable.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all vessels employed as aforesaid shall have on board, for the use of such passengers, at the passenger time of leaving the last port whence such vessel shall sail, well secured under deck, for each passenger, at least fifteen pounds of good navy bread, ten pounds of rice, ten pounds of oatmeal, ten pounds of wheat flour, ten pounds of peas and beans, thirty-five pounds of potatoes, one pint of vinegar, sixty gallons of fresh water, ten pounds of salted pork, free of bone, all to be of good quality, and a suffi-cient supply of fuel for cooking; but at places where either rice, oat-meal, wheat flour, or peas and beans cannot be procured, of good quality and on reasonable terms, the quantity of either or any of the other last-named articles may be increased and substituted therefor; and in case potatoes cannot be procured on reasonable terms, one pound of either of said articles may be substituted in lieu of five pounds of potatoes, and the captains of such vessels shall deliver to each passenger at least one tenth part of the aforesaid provisions weekly, commencing on the day of sailing, and daily at least three quarts of water, and sufficient fuel for cooking; and if the passengers on board of any such vessel in which the provisions, fuel and water herein required shall not have been provided as aforesaid, shall at any time be put on short allowance during any voyage, the master or owner of any such vessel shall pay to each and every passenger who shall have been put on short allowance the sum of three dollars for each and passengers every day they may have been on such short allowance, to be recovered lowance. in the Circuit or District Court of the United States : Provided, nevertheless, And nothing herein contained shall prevent any passenger, with the consent of the captain, from furnishing for himself the articles of contract to supfood herein specified; and, if put on board in good order, it shall fully ply themselves. satisfy the provisions of this act so far as regards food : And provided further, That any passenger may also, with the consent of the captain, furnish for himself an equivalent for the articles of food required in other and different articles; and if, without waste or neglect on the part of the passenger, or inevitable accident, they prove insufficient,

Substitutes

Camboose or

Proviso.

Victualling of ves-

Penalty in case are put on a short al-

Passer.gers may

and the captain shall furnish comfortable food to such passengers during the residue of the voyage, this, in regard to food, shall also be a compliance with the terms of this act.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the captain of any such vessel so employed is hereby authorized to maintain good discipline. and such habits of cleanliness among such passengers, as will tend to the preservation and promotion of health; and to that end, he shall cause such regulations as he may adopt for this purpose to be posted up, before sailing, on board such vessel, in a place accessible to such passengers, and shall keep the same so posted up during the voyage; and it is hereby made the duty of said captain to cause the apartment occupied by such passengers to be kept, at all times, in a clean, healthy state, and the owners of every such vessel so employed are required to construct the decks, and all parts of said apartment, so that it can be thoroughly cleansed; and they shall also provide a safe, convenient privy or water closet for the exclusive use of every one hundred such passengers. And when the weather is such that said passengers cannot be mustered on deck with their bedding, it shall be the duty of the captain of every such vessel to cause the deck occupied by such passengers to be cleaned [cleansed] with chloride of lime, or some other equally efficient disinfecting agent, and also at such other times as said captain may deem necessary.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the master and owner or owners of any such vessel so employed, which shall not be provided with the house or houses over the passage-ways, as prescribed in the first section of this act; or with ventilators, as prescribed in the second section of this act; or with the cambooses or cooking ranges with the houses over them, as prescribed in the third section of this act; shall severally forfeit and pay to the United States the sum of two hundred dollars for each and every violation of, or neglect to conform to, the provisions of each of said sections; and fifty dollars for each and every neglect or violation of any of the provisions of the How recovered. fifth section of this act; to be recovered by suit in any Circuit or District Court of the United States, within the jurisdiction of which the said vessel may arrive, or from which it may be about to depart, or at any place within the jurisdiction of such courts, wherever the owner or owners, or captain of such vessel, may be found.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the collector of the customs, at any port in the United States at which any vessel so employed shall arrive, or from which any such vessel shall be about to depart, shall appoint and direct one of the inspectors of the customs for such be made, and a point and unect one of the inspectors of the customs for such report, if favora- port to examine such vessel, and report in writing to such collector ble, made conclu- whether the provisions of the first, second, third and fifth sections of this act have been complied with in respect to such vessel; and if such report shall state such compliance, and be approved by such collector, it shall be deemed and held as conclusive evidence thereof.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the first section of the act entitled "An Act to regulate the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels," approved February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, be so amended that, when the height or distance between the decks of the vessels referred to in the said section shall be less than six feet, and not less than five feet, there shall be allowed to each passenger sixteen clear superficial feet on the deck, instead of fourteen, as prescribed in said section; and if the height or distance between the decks shall be less than five feet, there shall be allowed to each passenger twenty-two clear superficial feet on the deck; and if the master of any such vessel shall take on board his vessel, in any port of on the United States, a greater number of passengers than is allowed by greater number. this section, with the intent specified in said first section of the act of

Provisions respecting maintaining the health and discipline of passenger vessels.

Penalty for not providing houses on deck, ventilators, &c.

Examination as to compliance with the first, second, third, and fifth sections to sivé.

Height between decks of passenger vessels. 1847, ch. 16.

Number of passengers.

Penalty taking on board a

eighteen hundred and forty-seven, or if the master of any such vessel shall take on board at a foreign port, and bring within the jurisdiction of the United States, a greater number of passengers than is allowed by this section, said master shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished in the manner provided for the punishment of persons convicted of a violation of the act aforesaid; and in computing the number of passengers on board such vessels, all children under the age of one year, at the time of embarkation, shall be excluded from such computation.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect, in respect to such vessels sailing from ports in the United States, in thirty days from the time of its approval; and in respect to every such vessel sailing from ports in Europe, in sixty days after such approval; and it is hereby made the duty of the Secretary of State to give notice, in the ports of Europe, of this act, in such manner as he may deem proper.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That so much of the first section of the act entitled "An Act regulating passenger ships and vessels," approved March second, eighteen hundred and nineteen, or abolished. any other act that limits the number of passengers to two for every five tons, is hereby repealed.

Approved, May 17, 1848.

CHAP. XLII. — An Act to continue, alter and amend the Charter of the City May 17, 1848. of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the May fifteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty, entitled "An Act to ch 104, and 1824, incorporate the inhabitants of the air of MI-United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of incorporate the inhabitants of the city of Washington, and to repeal plementary acts all acts heretofore passed for that purpose," and the act of May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, entitled "An Act supple-tor continued in mentary to 'An Act to incorporate the inhabitants of the city of Wash-force for twenty ington,' passed the fifteenth of May, one thousand eight hundred and years. twenty, and for other purposes," and the act or acts supplemental or additional to said acts which were in force on the fourteenth day of May, eighteen hundred and forty, or which may, at the passing of this act, be in force, be and the same are hereby continued in force for the term of twenty years from the date hereof, or until Congress shall by law determine otherwise, with the alterations, additions, explanations, and amendments following, that is to say:

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said corporation shall have full power and authority to lay and collect a tax of not exceeding three fourths of one per centum per annum upon the assessed value of all stocks which may be owned and possessed by any person whatever in any banking, insurance, or other incorporated or unincorporated company in the city of Washington; and to compel all such banking, insurance, or other incorporated or unincorporated company to furnish, when so required to do, within ten days thereafter, a full and complete list of the names of the stockholders in such company, and the amount of stock owned by each, under a penalty not exceeding fifty holders. dollars for each and every week such company shall neglect or refuse or fail to furnish the same. And in default of payment of the tax due on said stock by the banking, insurance or other company, or by the holder or holders of the stock, the said corporation shall have full power and authority to sell the said stock, or so many shares thereof as shall be sufficient to pay the taxes due thereon, and costs for non-payment The of taxes. of collection, as provided in the case of personal property. said corporation shall also have power to lay and collect a tax not

Time when this act is to take effect.

Limitation of passengers to two for every five tons 1819, ch. 46.

Taxer on stocks.

Lists of stock-

Sale of shares

Taxes on bonds, mortgages, and other property.

Certain articles exempted.

School-tax.

and police regulations.

alties.

Other powers.

1820, ch. 104.

Election of Board of Assessors.

exceeding three fourths of one per centum per annum on the assessed value of all bonds and mortgages, of stocks of all kinds, and all public and private securities, and on every description of property within the said city, or which may be owned or held by the inhabitants thereof. except the wearing apparel and necessary tools and implements used in carrying on the trade or occupation of any person; and to compel persons to furnish, when required by the assessors, a full and correct list of all property by law taxable, held by them, and to punish with suitable fines and penalties persons refusing or omitting to furnish such lists. The said corporation shall have power to lay and collect a school-tax upon every free white male citizen of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, of one dollar per annum; to provide for licensing, taxing and regulating livery stables, and wholesale and retail dealers, in a ratio according to the annual average amount of the capital in-Licenses, &c., vested in the business of such wholesale and retail dealers; to license, tax and regulate agencies of all kinds of insurance companies; to tax private bankers, brokers and money lenders, not exceeding three fourths of one per centum per annum on the assessed amount of capital employed in the business of said private bankers, brokers and money lenders; to make all necessary regulations respecting hackney carriages and the rates of fare of the same, and the rates of hauling by cartmen, wagoners, carmen, and draymen, and the rates of commission of auctioneers; to regulate and graduate the licenses of nonresident merchants and traders, and the taxes on the same; to regulate and establish fish wharves and docks; to restrain and prohibit gaminghouses, and bawdy-houses; to punish those who may sell intoxicating liquors without having obtained license therefor, by fines not less than five dollars; and in default of the payment thereof, by imprisonment and labor in the workhouse for a term not exceeding ninety days; to pro-Fines and pen- vide for the punishing by fines and penalties, and by confinement to labor in the workhouse, any person and all persons who shall molest or disturb any church or other place of worship while the congregation are engaged in any religious exercises or proceedings; to provide for the weighing of all kinds of live stock brought into the city; to cause to be pulled down unsafe, dilapidated, or dangerous buildings; to take up and relay foot pavements and paved carriage-ways, and to keep them in repair, and to lay and collect taxes for paying the expenses thereof, on the property fronting on such foot-ways and carriage-ways; to lay and collect taxes for the support of public schools; to cause new alleys to be opened into the squares, and to open, change, or close those already laid out, upon the application of the owners of more than one half of the property in such squares, subject to the second proviso of the eighth section of the act of May the fifteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty, incorporating the inhabitants of the city of Wash-And the said corporation shall have full power and authority ington. to make all necessary laws for the protection of public and private property, the preservation of order, the safety of persons, and the observance of decency in the streets, avenues, alleys, public spaces, and other places in the said city, and for the punishment of all persons violating the same, as well as for the punishment of persons guilty of public profanity and prostitution.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That at the first general election held after the passage of this act, a Board of Assessors, to consist of one member from each ward, shall be elected by the qualified voters therein, to serve for two years; and the returns of election for assessors shall be made in the same manner and form as the returns of the election for members of the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council; and the person having the greatest number of legal votes in each ward for assessor, shall be duly elected assessor; but in case two or more persons, highest in vote, shall have an equal number of votes, the commissioners of election for the ward in which such equality shall exist, shall decide the choice by lot. No person who is not eligible to a seat in the Board of Aldermen or Board of Common Council, ble. shall be eligible to election as assessor. And on the first Monday of May next succeeding the first election of assessors under this act, the said board, or a majority of the members thereof, shall meet in the sessors. City Hall, and in the presence of the mayor and register, shall draw by lot the names of three members thereof, if the number of wards be seven, or if the number of wards exceed seven, the names of one half, as near as may be, of the members of said board; and the members whose names shall be thus drawn, shall thereupon cease to be members of said board; and at the next general election a member shall be elected to serve for two years in each of the wards in which the members so drawn shall have been elected; and at every regular annual election thereafter in such wards as the time of the assessors is about to expire, an assessor shall be elected to serve for two years. No person holding any other office under the corporation, shall be Persons hold-elected to or hold the office of assessor. In the event of the death, ing other offices excluded. resignation, inability, or refusal to serve of any person elected an assessor, the vacancy shall be filled immediately by the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council, in joint meeting, in which manner all vacancies in the board of assessors shall be filled: Provided, That until the assessors authorized to be elected by this act, shall have been duly elected and qualified to enter upon their duties, full power and authority are hereby given to the said corporation to provide for the temporary appointment of assessors to perform the duties required of the assessors to be elected under this act. The provision. board of assessors shall assess and value, and make return of all and every species of property by law taxable, at such times, and under ties of board of such regulations, as the said corporation shall prescribe, and shall assessors. make return of all persons subject to a school-tax, in the said city, under such regulations as the said corporation shall prescribe; and if the said assessors, or either of them, shall refuse or wilfully neglect to assess and value, and make return of all and every species of property by law taxable, which may be known to them, or either of them, or come to their knowledge, or shall refuse or wilfully neglect to make return of any person subject to a school-tax, they, or the one so offending, shall be subject to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars for each offence, at the discretion of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia for the county of Washington, and shall thereafter be incapable of holding any office under the corporation; and the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council may, by joint resolution, remove any assessor from office for any misconduct in office.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the register, collector, and surveyor of the said city shall severally be elected on the first Monday in gister, collector, June next, and on the same day in every second year thereafter, at the same time and place, in the same manner, and by the persons qualified to vote for mayor and members of the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council: Provided, That if the said first Monday in June next shall be the regular day for the election of mayor of the said city, then the next election thereafter, of register, collector, and surveyor, shall take place on the same day in the following year, and then on the same day in every second year thereafter, as above provided; and the commissioners of election shall make out duplicate certificates of the result of the election for register, collector, and surveyor, and shall return one to the Board of Aldermen, and the other to the Board of Common Council on the Monday next ensuing the day of election; and the persons having the greatest number of votes for those offices VOL. IX. PUB. -29

Who are eligi-

Board of As-

excluded.

Vacancies.

Temporary

Powers and du-

Penalty for official misconduct.

Election of reand surveyor.

respectively, shall be register, collector, or surveyor, as the case may be: but in case two or more persons highest in vote shall have an equal number of votes for either of said offices, then it shall be lawful for the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council to proceed forthwith by ballot, in joint meeting, to determine the choice between such persons; and the said register, collector and surveyor shall re-Term of office, spectively hold their offices until their respective successors are duly elected and qualified, unless sooner removed from office; and full power and authority are hereby granted to the Corporation of Washington to pass all such laws as may be necessary to define and regulate Powers and du- the respective duties, powers, and authority of the said register. collector, and surveyor; and also to prescribe the amount of bond and security to be given to the said corporation by each before entering upon the duties of their respective offices, and generally to pass all such laws as may be necessary to insure an efficient and faithful discharge of the duties of their respective offices, by the said register, collector, and surveyor; and in case the said officers, or either of them, shall fail or refuse to comply with any law, resolution, or order of the said corporation, or shall fail or refuse to obey any order of the mayor of the said city, or shall fail to discharge the duties of their respective offices with fidelity and a strict regard to the interests of the said corporation, or shall prove unable or incompetent, from any cause whatever, to discharge such duties, or shall be guilty of any malversation in office, or shall be convicted of any high crime or misdemeanor, it shall be lawful for the majority of the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council, by joint resolution, to remove such officer, and to order an election to fill the vacancy; and in case of the refusal or failure of any person elected to either of said offices to accept of the same, or to give such bond and security as may be required by said corporation within twenty days after his election, or in case of the death, resignation, or removal from the said city of any person elected to or holding either of said offices, it shall be lawful for the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council to declare said office vacant, and to order an election to fill the vacancy. And in all cases where it shall become necessary to hold an election to fill a vacancy in either of said offices, the same regulations shall be observed as to the appointment of commissioners to hold said elections, and as to holding the elections and the returns of the same, as are observed at the regular elections: Provided, That authority is hereby given to the mayor of Temporary ap- the said city to appoint temporarily, under such regulations as the said corporation may prescribe, some discreet person to discharge the duties of such vacant office until an election can be had and a successor duly elected and qualified to enter upon his duties.

> SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every free white male citizen of the United States, who shall have attained the age of twentyone years, and shall have resided in the city of Washington one year immediately preceding the day of election, and shall be a resident of the ward in which he shall offer to vote, and shall have been returned on the books of the corporation during the year ending the thirty-first of December next preceding the day of election as subject to a schooltax for that year, (except persons non compos mentis, vagrants, paupers, or persons who shall have been convicted of any infamous crime,) and who shall have paid the school-taxes, and all taxes on personal property due from him, shall be entitled to vote for mayor, members of the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council, and assessors, and for every officer authorized to be elected at any election under this act, or the act or acts to which this is amendatory or supplementary: *Provided*, That if, during the year ending on the thirty-first day of December next preceding the day of the first election after the

ties.

Vacancies.

pointment.

Right of suffrage.

passage of this act, no persons shall have been returned on the books of the said corporation as subject to a school-tax, then all persons who shall have been returned on the books of the said corporation as subject to a school-tax before the day of the said first election, and who shall in all other respects be qualified under this act to vote, and who shall have paid the said school-tax and all taxes due on personal property, shall be entitled to vote at the said first election after the passage And if any person shall buy or sell a vote, or shall vote of this act. more than once at any corporation election, held in pursuance of law, buying or selling or shall give or receive any consideration therefor in money, goods, or twice at one elecany other thing of value, or shall promise any valuable consideration, tion. or vote in consideration of such promise, he shall be disgualified forever thereafter from voting and holding any office under said corporation; and on complaint thereof to the attorney of the United States for the District of Columbia, it shall be the duty of said attorney to proceed against such offender or offenders by indictment and trial, as in other criminal cases; and if found guilty, it shall be the duty of the court to sentence him to pay a fine of not less than ten dollars, and to imprisonment not more than two months nor less than ten days.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That in case of the refusal of any person to accept the office of mayor upon his election thereto, or of his death, resignation, inability, or removal from the city, the Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council shall assemble in joint meeting and elect another in his place to serve for the remainder of the term or during such disability; but in case of temporary absence from the city, or sickness, the mayor may, in writing, depute the president of the Board of Aldermen to act as mayor during such temporary absence or sickness.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That so much of the tenth section of the act incorporating the inhabitants of the city of Washington, approved May fifteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty, as is in the following words, viz. : "That real property, whether improved or unimproved, in the city of Washington, on which two or more years' taxes shall have remained due and unpaid, or on which any special tax, imposed by virtue of authority of the provisions of this act, shall have remained unpaid for two or more years after the same shall have become due, or so much thereof, not less than a lot, (when the property on which the tax has accrued is not less than that quantity,) as may be necessary to pay any such taxes, with all legal costs and charges arising thereon, may be sold at public sale to satisfy the corporation therefor," be and the same is hereby amended, so as to read as follows, viz.: "That real property, whether improved or unimproved, in the city of Washington, on which one or more years' taxes shall have become due and remain unpaid, or on which any special tax imposed by virtue of authority of the provisions of this act, shall have become due and remain unpaid, or so much thereof, not less than a lot, (when the property on which the tax has accrued is not less than that quantity,) as may be necessary to pay any such taxes, with all interests, costs, and charges arising thereon, may be sold at public sale to satisfy the corporation therefor." And so much of the third proviso of the tenth section of the said act incorporating the inhabitants of the city of Washington, approved May the fifteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty, as is in the following words, viz. : "That no sale shall be made, in pursuance of this section, of any improved property whereon there is personal property of sufficient value to pay the said taxes," be and the same is hereby repealed. And the authority given to the collector in the eleventh section of said act to postpone the sale of any property to a future day "for want of bidders," shall be so construed as to authorize the postponement for any other reasonable cause, if, in the

Penalty for a vote, or voting

Vacancy in the office of mayor.

Sale of land for taxes. 1820, ch. 104.

1820, ch. 104.

opinion of the mayor, the collector, or other officer duly authorized. there shall be other reasonable cause for such postponement; but public notice shall in all cases be given of such postponement, and the sales made at such postponed time shall be equally valid as if made the day first designated for such sale; and no sale of any real property for taxes hereafter made shall be impaired or made void by reason of any error of the mayor, or other officer of the corporation, in making a calculation or computation of the amount of taxes due, the expenses attendant on the advertisement and sale, or of the purchase money and the interest thereon, notwithstanding the sum erroneously calculated or computed may have been paid by the purchaser, his heirs or assigns; but all such sales, and the deeds which may be granted on the certificates then issued, shall be valid and binding as if no such error had been made; and it shall be lawful for the heirs or assigns of any purchaser or purchasers of property sold for taxes in the said city, to receive, do, or perform any thing which by the said act of the fifteenth of May, eighteen hundred and twenty, incorporating the inhabitants of the city of Washington, or by any act or acts supplementary to or in execution of the same, it may be lawful for such purchaser or purchasers to receive, do, or perform.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said corporation shall have power to cause to be made out plats of all the squares in the city of Washington, on which shall be shown the lines of all the subdivisions of said squares as the same shall actually exist at the date of the completion of the plat of each square, and to prescribe and regulate the manner in which description shall be made of all real estate sold or transferred in the said city : Provided, That the said plats shall be made out and drawn upon a uniform scale of not less than one inch to fifty feet; and that the method of description of real estate sold or transferred within the corporate limits which shall be prescribed by the said corporation shall be such that the plats shall at all times show the lines of property as actually existing in the squares; and the office Where to be of the surveyor of the city of Washington shall be the legal office of record of the plats of all property in the city of Washington.

> SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the school-tax which may be levied and collected in pursuance of the powers in this act given, shall constitute a fund, or be added to any other fund now or hereafter to be constituted by any act of the corporation, for the establishment and support of common schools, and for no other purpose, under such regulations as may from time to time be established and provided by the corporation.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the corporation shall not have power to increase the present funded debt of the said corporation, either by borrowing money or otherwise, unless it shall be agreed to do so by two thirds of the legal voters in the said city at an annual election; and the said corporation shall annually apply a sum not less than \$10,000 to be ten thousand dollars of its revenues to the redemption of the present debt of the corporation.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That all taxes, except taxes on real property, imposed by virtue of the powers granted by this act, or the acts to which this is amendatory or supplementary, in default of payment thereof within the time limited by act of the incorporation for payment, may be collected by distress and sale of the goods, and chattels, and personal effects of the person or persons chargeable therewith, under such regulations and limitations as the corporation may prescribe; but no such sale shall be made unless ten days' previous notice thereof be given in some newspaper printed and published in the city of Washington.

1820, ch. 104.

Plats of public squares to be made out.

Scale of plats.

recorded.

Appropriation of school-tax.

How debt may be increased.

paid off annually.

Sales for taxes.

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Duty of com-

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner of pub-

lic buildings, or other officer having charge and authority over the missioner of publands and property of the United States lying within the city of Wash- lic buildings as to the public land ington, shall from time to time cause to be opened and improved such in avenues and streets, or parts or portions thereof, as the President of and the United States, upon application of the corporation of the said &c. city, shall deem necessary for the public convenience, and direct to be done; and he shall defray the expenses thereof out of any money arising, or which shall have arisen, from the sale of lots in the city of Washington, belonging, or which may have belonged, to the United States, and from no other fund. And it shall be the duty of the said commissioner, or other United States officer, as aforesaid, upon the application of the mayor, to repair and keep in repair the pavements, watergutters, water-ways and flag foot-ways which have been made or shall be made opposite or along the public squares, reservations, or other property belonging to the United States; as also, on like application, to repair and keep in repair such streets and avenues, or parts thereof, as may have been, or shall hereafter be, opened and improved by the United States; the expense of all such repairs to be paid out of the fund before mentioned.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner of public buildings be, and he is hereby, required to perform the duties of public buildrequired of the city commissioner by the fourteenth section of the act the duties preof the twenty-sixth of May, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, supple- scribed in act of mentary to the act of the fifteenth of May, eighteen hundred and 1824, ch. 195. twenty, incorporating the inhabitants of the city of Washington. And it shall be the duty of the commissioner of public buildings, within ninety days after the sale of any lots or squares belonging to the United States in the city of Washington, to report the fact to the corporation of Washington, giving the date of sale, the number of the lot of public lands and square, the name of the purchaser or purchasers, and the said lots which shall or squares shall be liable to taxation by the said corporation from the ble to taxation date of such sale. And no open space, public reservation, or other public ground in the said city, shall be occupied by any private person, or for any private purposes whatever.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the justices of the peace, whether they be members of the Board of Aldermen or Board of Com- justices of the mon Council or not, who may be selected from time to time by the said corporation, to enforce the police regulations and penal laws of the said city, as also to issue warrants and to hear and determine cases within the jurisdiction of justices of the peace, in which the mayor, Board of Aldermen and Board of Common Council of the said city shall be plaintiffs, shall have power to issue all such warrants, and all other warrants or processes deemed necessary and proper in cases of violations of the police regulations and penal laws of the corporation, and to hear and determine all such cases, and under the orders of the corporation to issue execution or other final process thereon; and the said justices shall also have power to compel the attendance of witnesses by attachment, and to punish them by fine not exceeding ten dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding ten days, for refusing obedience to a summons.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That hereafter the justices of the peace for the county of Washington, in the District of Columbia, and removal of shall be appointed for three years; and upon indictment and convic- justices of the tion of any justices of the peace. tion of any justice of the peace, before any court of competent jurisdiction, of incompetency, habitual drunkenness, corruption in office, or of any other wilful misconduct in the discharge of his duties as justice of the peace, his commission shall be void, and he shall cease to exercise the office and powers of justice of the peace; and for all criminal process or business issued or tried by or before any justice of the

Washington, opening

Commissioner

To report sales

Jurisdiction of the peace.

Term of office

peace in the city and county of Washington, in the District of Columbia, the said justice and the constable who shall execute the process shall respectively be entitled to charge and receive the same fees as are authorized to be charged and received in the case of process issued and served by them respectively in cases of small debts; and the said costs shall be certified by the said justices to the District attorney, for his revision and approval, and when approved shall be paid by the marshal of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the seven members now authorized to be appointed to the Levy Court of the county of Washington, from and after May, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, the President of the United States is hereby authorized and required annually to appoint four additional members from the city of Washington; and the said court shall thereafter consist of eleven members.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That the corporation of the said city of Washington shall have full power and authority to pass all laws which may be needful and necessary to carry into full and complete effect the powers granted to the said corporation, or to any of its officers or servants, by this act, or by the act or acts to which this Repeal of in- act is amendatory or supplementary. And all acts or parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Approved, May 17, 1848.

May 17, 1848.

1847, ch. 33.

Commissions allowed to postmasters to quarters.

Act made retrospective.

Postmaster-

Additional compensation when inail arrives at night.

CHAP. XLIII. - An Act in Amendment of an Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act to reduce the Rates of Postage, to limit the Use and correct the Abuse of the Franking Privilege, and for the Prevention of Fraud on the Revenues of the Post-Office Department,'" passed the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the rates of be commissions authorized to be paid to postmasters by the first section reckoned on the of said act, shall be allowed and paid to them on the amount of postage received in each quarter of the year, and in due proportion for any period less than a quarter, instead of being allowed and paid on the

amount received for a year, as was by mistake provided for in said act. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all postmasters whose commissions have been diminished by their being allowed and paid on the amount of postage received in a year, instead of on the amount received in a quarter, shall be permitted to resettle and adjust their accounts according to the first section of this act, and shall be allowed and paid such sum as may be justly found their due on such resettlement of their accounts.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the postmaster-general be general authorized to employ, temporarily, such additional clerks as may be additional clerks. found necessary for the resettlement of the accounts of postmasters authorized by this act.

> SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, to the postmasters at offices where the mail is regularly to arrive between the hours of nine o'clock at night and five in the morning, the commission on the first hundred dollars collected in one quarter may be increased by the postmastergeneral to a sum not exceeding fifty per cent.

Fees of justices of the peace and constables.

Four members added to the Levy Court.

Corporation may pass all necessary laws.

consistent provisions.

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Approved, May 17, 1848.

CHAP. XLIV. — An Act to require the Holders of Military Land Warrants to compensate the Land Officers of the United States for Services in Relation to the + Location of those Warrants.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the services which may be rendered after the passage of this act by the registers and receivers of the several land offices of the United States in carrying out the provisions of the ninth section of the act of eleventh February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, entitled "An Act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other purposes," they shall each be entitled to require from the holders of warrants issued under that act, for one hundred and sixty acres, the sum of fifty cents for each; and from the holders of warrants, issued under the same law, for forty acres, the sum of twenty-five cents for each, as full compensation for those services : Provided, That in all cases where the warrant is located by, and for the use of, the volunteer or soldier to whom such warrant may have issued, for services rendered under the act aforesaid, no compensation shall be charged, either by the register or receiver, for making such location.

APPROVED, May 17, 1848.

May 17, 1848.

Fee for services by registers and receivers to holders of builtary land warrants.

1847, ch. 8.

Proviso.

CHAP. XLVII. — An Act to provide additional Examiners in the Patent Office, and for other Purposes. May 27, 1848.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be appointed, in the manner provided in the second section of the act entitled "An Act to promote the progress of useful arts, and to repeal all acts and parts of acts heretofore made for that purpose," approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two principal examiners, and two assistant examiners, in addition to the number of examiners now employed in the Patent Office; and that hereafter each of the principal examiners employed in the Patent Office shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars, and each of the assistant examiners an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars: Provided, That the power to extend patents, now vested in the board composed of the Secretary of State, Commissioner of Patents, and Solicitor of the Treasury, by the eighteenth section of the act approved July fourth, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, respecting the Patent Office, shall hereafter be vested solely in the Commissioner of Patents; and when an application is made to him for the extension of a patent according to said eighteenth section, and sixty days' notice given thereof, he shall refer the case to the principal examiner having charge of the class of inventions to which said case belongs, who shall make a full report to said Commissioner of the said case, and particularly whether the invention or improvement secured in the patent was new and patentable when patented; and thereupon the said Commissioner shall grant or refuse the extension of said patent, upon the same principles and rules that have governed said board; but no patent shall be extended for a longer term than seven years.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That hereafter the Commissioner of Patents shall require a fee of one dollar for recording any assignment, grant or conveyance, of the whole or any part of the interest in letters patent, or power of attorney, or license to make or use the things patented, when such instrument shall not exceed three hundred words; the sum of two dollars when it shall exceed three hundred and shall not exceed one thousand words; and the sum of three dollars when it

1836, ch. 357 Additional ex aminers in the patent office.

Salaries.

Extension of patents.

Fee for recording conveyances of patents shall exceed one thousand words; which fees shall in all cases be paid in advance.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed in manner aforesaid two clerks, to be employed in copying and recording, and in other services in the Patent Office, who shall each be paid a salary of one thousand two hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner of Patents is hereby authorized to send by mail, free of postage, the annual reports of the Patent Office, in the same manner in which he is empowered to send letters and packages relating to the business of the Patent Office.

APPROVED, May 27, 1848.

May 27, 1848.

CHAP. XLVIII. - An Act extending Privileges to American Vessels engaged in a certain mentioned Trade, and for other Purposes.

Vessels in the coasting trade may touch at foreign ports, and land passengers, mails, &c.

Proviso as to manifest of cargo, &c.

Vessels engaged in the trade referred to in this act shall be subject to existing collection and revenue laws.

Proviso that no import duty shall be collected on the cargoes of such vessels on account of touching at a foreign port.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall hereafter be lawful for any steamship or other vessel, on being duly registered in pursuance of the laws of the United States, to engage in trade between one port in the United States and one or more ports within the same, with the privilege of touching at one or more foreign ports during the voyage, and land and take in thereat merchandise, passengers and their baggage, and letters, and mails: Provided, That all such vessels shall be furnished by the collectors of the ports at which they shall take in their cargoes in the United States, with certified manifests, setting forth the particulars of the cargoes, the marks, number of packages, by whom shipped, to whom consigned, at what port to be delivered; designating such goods as are entitled to drawback, or to the privilege of being placed in warehouse; and the masters of all such vessels shall, on their arrival at any port of the United States from any foreign port at which such vessel may have touched, as herein provided, conform to the laws providing for the delivery of manifests, of cargo and passengers taken on board at such foreign port, and all other laws regulating the report and entry of vessels from foreign ports, and be subject to all the penalties therein prescribed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all vessels, and their cargoes, engaged in the trade referred to in this act, shall become subject to the provisions of existing collection and revenue laws on arrival in any port in the United States : Provided, That any foreign goods, wares, or merchandise, taken in at one port of the United States, to be conveyed in said vessels to any other port within the same, either under the provisions of the warehousing act of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, or under the laws regulating the transportation coastwise of goods entitled to drawback, as well as any goods, wares, or merchandise not entitled to drawback, but on which the import duties chargeable by law shall have been duly paid, shall not become subject to any import duty by reason of the vessel in which they may arrive having touched at a foreign port during the voyage, in pursuance of the privilege given in this act.

May 27, 1848.

considered

1847, ch. 8.

CHAP. XLIX. - An Act explanatory of the Act entitled "An Act to raise, for a limited Time, an additional Military Force, and for other Purposes," approved eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Who shall be United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term "relatives," as used in the ninth section of the act entitled "An Act to raise,

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APPROVED, May 27, 1848.

for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other purposes," "relatives," approved eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall used in the act of 11th February, be considered as extending to the brothers and sisters of those persons 1847, ch. 8, to whose services, under that act, may have entitled them to the land raise for a limited therein provided : the order or priority of right, however, shall remain al military force, as declared in that act; and those failing, the right shall accrue, &c. fourthly, to the brother or sister, or in equal proportions to the brothers and sisters of the deceased, as the case may be.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the benefits of the said act of eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall not be act shall not be construed as forfeited by the privates and non-commissioned officers vates who have who have been, or may be, promoted to the grade of commissioned been promoted officer during their service in Mexico, and who shall have subsequently fulfilled the condition of their engagements : *Provided*, Such promotion shall have been made subsequent to the original organization of the company, corps, or regiment to which such privates and non-commissioned officers may have belonged.

APPROVED, May 27, 1848.

CHAP. L. — An Act for the Admission of the State of Wisconsin into the Union.

WHEREAS the people of the Territory of Wisconsin did, on the first day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, by a convention of delegates, called and assembled for that purpose, form for themselves a constitution and State government, which said constitution is republican, and said convention having asked the admission of said Territory into the Union as a State, on an equal footing with the original States :

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Wisconsin be, and is hereby, admitted to be one of the United States into the Union. of America, and is hereby admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever, with the boundaries prescribed by the act of Congress, approved August sixth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of such State into the Union."

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the assent of Congress is hereby given to the first, second, fourth, and fifth resolutions adopted gress given by said convention, and appended to said constitution; and the acts tions of the con-of Congress referred to in the said resolutions are hereby amended, so vention of said State held for that the lands granted by the provisions of the several acts referred to forming a constiin the said first and fourth resolutions, and the proceeds of said lands, tution, and cerand the five per centum of the net proceeds of the public lands therein tain acts of Conmentioned, shall be held and disposed of by said State, in the manner ferred to amendand for the purposes recommended by said convention; and so that, ed. also, the lands reserved to the United States by the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to grant a quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the Territory of Wisconsin;" and, also, the even numbered sections reserved by the provisions of the act entitled "An Act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock River," shall be offered for sale at the same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of preëmption, as other public lands of the United States: Provided, however, That no person shall be entitled to a preemption by reason of the settlement and cultivation rights. of any quarter section or other subdivision of said even numbered

as

Benefits of said

Proviso.

May 29, 1848.

1847, ch. 53.

State of Wisconsin admitted

Boundaries.

1846, ch. 89.

Assent of Conto

1846, ch. 170.

1838, ch. 114.

Proviso as to

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sections, which tract, before the commencement of such settlement. shall have been claimed by any other person cultivating and improving the same in good faith, and which shall have continued to be claimed. cultivated, and improved in like good faith by such person, his representatives or assigns, until the sale of said tract, and of which said prior claim, cultivation, and improvement, the person so claiming preemption shall have had notice at the time of his entry and settlement : neither shall any preëmption be allowed to any tract, to the injury of any person, or of the representatives or assigns of any person, claiming and occupying the same or any part thereof in good faith, in his or her right, at the passage of this act, and owning valuable cultivation or improvements thereon, which cultivation or improvements shall have been assigned by the person so claiming preëmption, or, if commenced subsequently to the entry and settlement of such person, shall have been made with his consent or acquiescence. And provided further, That the liabilities incurred by the territorial government of Wisconsin, under the act entitled "An Act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock River," hereinbefore referred to, shall be paid and discharged by the State of Wisconsin.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the purchasers of any tract of the said even numbered sections mentioned in the preceding section, and sold since the reservation thereof at the minimum price of the two dollars and fifty cents per acre, shall be entitled to receive from the Commissioner of the General Land Office a certificate of the quanpaid over \$1 25 the Commissioner of the General Land Once a certificate of the qual-per acre, which tity of land so purchased, and of the amount of the excess paid therefor over and above the value of said land, at the rate of one dollar and public lands of twenty-five cents per acre; which certificate, to the amount of such excess, shall be receivable from the holder thereof, or his assigns, in like manner as so much money, in payment of the public lands of the That, in the event of the death of any such purchaser United States. before the issuing of such certificate, the same shall be issued in favor of the lawful representatives of such purchaser.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the judge of the District Court for the district of Wisconsin shall hold a term of said court in the district of each year at the seat of government, to commence on the first Monday of July, and another term of said court in each year at Milwaukie, to commence on the first Monday of January. He shall also have power to hold special terms for the trial of causes, and for the determination of all suits or proceedings in said courts, at either of the aforesaid places, at his discretion, as the nature and amount of the business may The said court shall be open at all times for the purpose of be always open in hearing and deciding cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, so admirally far as the same can be done without a jury. The records and papers Records where the holding of said court, as the judge in his discretion shall direct.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the clerks of the District Courts Courts of the Territory of Wisconsin shall, before their term of office expires, certify under seal, and transmit to the clerk of said courts, all shall certify and records of all unsatisfied judgments, and of suits pending in said courts transmit to clerk respectively, attaching thereto all papers connected therewith, in all of the District cases arising under the laws or constitution of the United States, or to trict of Iowa all which the United States shall be a party; and they shall forward the same to the clerk of said District Court of the State of Wisconsin, who shall enter the same in his docket, and the said District Court shall proceed therein to final judgment and execution, as if such suits or Clerk of Su proceedings had originally been brought in said court.

Certain liabilities tobe assumed by Wisconsin. 1838, ch. 114.

certain tracts at \$2 50 per acre to certifi-of the receive cates amount of excess shall be received in payment of the the UnitedStates.

Purchasers of

Terms of the United States District Court for Wisconsin.

Special terms.

Said court to require. and jurisdiction.

kept.

Clerks of the District Courts of the Territory of Wisconsin of the District Court of the disrecords, &c.

preme Court of

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the clerk of the Supreme

Court of the Territory of Wisconsin shall deliver over to the clerks Territory of Wisof said District Court all records and papers in the office of the clerk of the said Supreme Court relating to proceedings in bankruptcy under the late bankrupt law of the United States. He shall also certify, under seal, and deliver to said clerk, all records of judgments and of proceedings in suits pending, and all papers connected therewith, in cases arising under the constitution and laws of the United States.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That from and after the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and until another census and apportionment shall be made, the State of Wisconsin shall be Congress. entitled to three representatives in the Congress of the United States

Approved, May 29, 1848.

CHAP. LII. — An Act to provide for the Purchase of the Manuscript Papers of the late James Madison, former President of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to purchase of Mrs. D. P. Madison, widow of the late James Madison, formerly President of the United States, all the unpublished manuscript Madison. papers of the said James Madison now belonging to and in her possession; and upon delivery thereof to the Secretary of State, with a proper conveyance of title to the United States, the said sum of money, upon the certificate of the Secretary of State of the delivery and conveyance of said papers, shall be paid at the treasury, agreeably to the wishes of the said Mrs. Madison, and in the manner following, namely : five thousand dollars of said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars to be paid to her; and the residue of twenty thousand to James Buchanan, sum is to be paid now Secretary of State, John Y. Mason, Secretary of the Navy, and to Mrs. Madison. Richard Smith, Esq., of Washington City, to be held, put out to interest, vested in stocks, or otherwise managed and disposed of by them, or the survivor or survivors of them, as trustees for the said Mrs. Madison, according to their best discretion and her best advantage - the interest or profit arising from the said principal sum to be paid over to her as the same accrues — the said principal sum to be and remain inalienable during her lifetime, as a permanent fund for her maintenance, but subject to be disposed of as she may please by her last will and testament.

APPROVED, May 31, 1848.

CHAP. LIV. — An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Military Academy for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine :

For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, seventy-nine thousand seven hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For commutation of subsistence, five thousand six hundred and twenty-one dollars.

For forage for officers' horses, four thousand five hundred and twelve dollars.

For clothing for officers' servants, four hundred and twenty dollars.

consin to deliver over to clerks of said District Courts certain records, &c.

Said State to be entitled to three representatives in

May 31, 1848.

\$25,000 appropriated for priated for the purchase of all the unpublished manuscripts the late James

Manner in which the above

May 31, 1848.

Appropriations.

Pay.

Commutation of subsistence.

Forage.

Clothing.

Incidental and contingent expenses.

Library.

Board of visitors.

Barracks. Board of visitors for 1848. For repairs and improvements; fuel and apparatus; forage for public horses and oxen; stationery, printing, and other incidental and contingent expenses, thirty thousand one hundred and fifty-five dollars.

For the increase and expenses of the library, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For expenses of the board of visitors, two thousand dollars.

For barracks for cadets, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For expenses of the board of visitors, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, two thousand dollars.

APPROVED, May 31, 1848.

May 31, 1848.

Spanish and American steam vessels placed on a footing of perfect reciprocity.

Higher duties than those referred to, which may have been paid by Spanish vessels, to be refunded. CHAP. LV. - An Act concerning Spanish Steam-vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all laws now in force exacting higher duties on Spanish steam-vessels arriving in the United States than are exacted on steam-vessels of the United States arriving at Havana, or any other port in the Island of Cuba, be suspended, so as to place the said steam-vessels on a footing of perfect reciprocity, the suspension to continue so long as such reciprocity shall be thereby secured, or until otherwise provided for by law.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any higher duties than those before mentioned shall have been, or shall be, paid by any Spanish steamer arriving in the United States on or after the first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to refund the same.

CHAP. LX. - An Act to refund Money for Expenses incurred, Subsistence or

APPROVED, May 31, 1848.

June 2, 1848.

Provisions of joint resolution of March 3, 1847, extended so as to embrace all expenses heretofore incurred for volunteers prior to their being mustered into service.

Proviso,

Appropriation

Interest allowed in certain cases.

Transportation furnished, for the Use of Volunteers during the present War, before being mustered into the Service of the United States. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the joint resolution approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, entitled "A Resolution to refund money to the States which have supplied volunteers, and furnished them transportation, during the present war, before being mustered and received into the service of the United States," be, and the same are hereby, extended, so as to embrace all cases of expenses heretofore incurred in organizing, subsisting, and transporting volunteers, previous to their being mustered and received into the service of the United States for the present war, whether by States, counties, corporations, or individuals, either acting with or without the authority of any States : Provided, however, That proof shall be made, to the satisfaction of the Secretary

of War, of the amount thus expended, and that the same was necessary and proper for the troops aforesaid. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That an amount sufficient to refund said expenses so incurred be, and the same is hereby, appropri-

ated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, in refunding moneys under this act, and the resolution which it amends, it shall be lawful to pay interest at the rate of six per centum per annum on all sums advance [advanced] by States, corporations, or individuals, in all cases where the State, corporation, or individual paid or lost the interest, or is liable to pay it.

APPROVED, June 2, 1848.

CHAP. LXI. - An Act in Explanation of an Act entitled " An Act to appropriate the Proceeds of the Public Lands, and to grant Preemption Rights."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the fifth section of the act entitled "An Act to appropriate the proceeds of the which the 5th sales of the public lands, and to grant preemption rights," approved on the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and 1841, ch. 16, "to forty-one, shall be so construed as to suspend only such portions of said act as precede said fifth section, (relative to the distribution of the sales of the public lands,) that being hereby declared lands," &c., shall be construed. to be the true intent and meaning of said fifth section of the act aforesaid.

APPROVED, June 13, 1848.

CHAP. LXVII. - An Act to amend the Act entitled "An Act to appropriate the Proceeds of the Sales of the Public Lands, and to grant Preemption Rights," &c., approved September fourth, eighteen hundred and forty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sixteenth section of said act be so amended as to give the consent of Congress, and the same is hereby given, to the application of the two per two percent fund cent. fund heretofore relinquished by said act to the State of Missis- granted to the State of Mississippi, to be faithfully applied to the construction of a railroad leading sippi to the confrom Brandon, in the State of Mississippi, to the eastern boundary of said State, in such manner as to authorize the construction of a railroad, commencing at Jackson, in said State, and extending to the boundary of said eastern boundary of said State of Mississippi, via Brandon, in the direction, as near as may be, of the towns of Selma, Cahawba, and Montgomery, in the State of Alabama.

APPROVED, June 16, 1848.

CHAP. LXVIII. -- An Act to attach a Portion of the North-western Land District June 16, 1848. of Louisiana to the District north of Red River, Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and afte the first day of October, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and fortyeight, townships fourteen north to twenty-three north, inclusive, in ranges four and five west, shall be detached from the north-western Louisiana attachland district, Louisiana; and the same shall, from and after the date ed to the district aforesaid, be attached to, and form a part of, the district north of Red River. River, Louisiana; and it shall be, and is hereby, made the duty of the Commissioner of the General Land Office to cause the land office in the district north of Red River to be furnished with the plats and other papers, or transcripts thereof, relating to the townships aforesaid, and to have this act carried into full effec..

APPROVED, June 16, 1848.

CHAP. LXX.—An Act to prevent the Importation of adulterated and spurious Drugs and Medicines.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, all drugs, medicines, medicinal preparations, before including medicinal essential oils, and chemical preparations used the wholly or in part as medicine, imported into the United States from house, be examined and appraisabroad, shall, before passing the custom-house, be examined and ed.

June 13, 1848.

Manner section of the act of 4th September, appropriate the proceeds of the

June 16, 1848.

1841, ch. 16.

Assent of Congress given to the application of the struction of a rail-road from Jackson to the eastern. State.

A portion of the north-western land district of of Red

June 26, 1848.

All drugs, medicines, &c., shall, passing customappraised, as well in reference to their quality, purity, and fitness for medical purposes, as to their value and identity specified in the invoice.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all medicinal preparations, whether chemical or otherwise, usually imported with the name of the manufacturer, shall have the true name of the manufacturer, and the place where they are prepared, permanently and legibly affixed to each parcel, by stamp, label, or otherwise; and all medicinal preparations imported without such names affixed as aforesaid, shall be adjudged to be forfeited.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if, on examination, any drugs, medicines, medicinal preparations, whether chemical or othernot wise, including medicinal essential oils, are found, in the opinion of &c., shall not wise, including incurrent constrained, or in any manner deteriorated, pass the custom- the examiner, to be so far adulterated, or in any manner deteriorated, as to render them inferior in strength and purity to the standard established by the United States, Edinburgh, London, French, and German pharmacopæias and dispensatories, and thereby improper, unsafe, or dangerous to be used for medicinal purposes, a return to that effect shall be made upon the invoice, and the articles so noted shall not pass the custom-house, unless, on a reëxamination of a strictly analytical character, called for by the owner or consignee, the return of the examiner shall be found erroneous; and it shall be declared as the result of such analysis, that the said articles may properly, safely, and without danger, be used for medicinal purposes.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the owner or consignee shall at all times, when dissatisfied with the examiner's return, have ing for a reexam- the privilege of calling, at his own expense, for a reexamination; and, on depositing with the collector such sum as the latter may deem sufficient to defray such expense, it shall be the duty of that officer to procure some competent analytical chemist possessing the confidence of the medical profession, as well as of the colleges of medicine and pharmacy, if any such institutions exist in the State in which the collection district is situated, a careful analysis of the articles included in said return, and a report upon the same under oath; and in case the report, which shall be final, shall declare the return of the examiner to be erroneous, and the said articles to be of the requisite strength and purity, according to the standards referred to in the next preceding section of this act, the entire invoice shall be passed without reservation, on payment of the customary duties; but, in case the examiner's return shall be sustained by the analysis and report, the said articles shall remain in charge of the collector, and the owner or consignee, on payment of the charges of storage, and other expenses necessarily incurred by the United States, and on giving a bond with sureties satisfactory to the collector to land said articles out of the limits of the United States, shall have the privilege of reëxporting them at any time within the period of six months after the report of the analysis; but if six the said articles shall not be sent out of the United States within the time specified, it shall be the duty of the collector, at the expiration of said time, to cause the same to be destroyed, holding the owner or consignee responsible to the United States for the payment of all charges, in the same manner as if said articles had been reëxported.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, in order to carry into effect the provisions of this act, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby aminers of drugs, authorized and required to appoint suitably qualified persons as special examiners of drugs, medicines, chemicals, &c., namely: one examiner in each of the ports of New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston, and New Orleans, with the following salaries, viz. : at Their salaries. New York, sixteen hundred dollars per annum; and at each of the other ports above named, one thousand dollars per annum; which said

Medicinal preparations to have the name of the manufacturer, affixed to &c., each parcel.

Adulterated or deteriorated drugs, medicines,

Owner or consignee to have the privilege of callination.

Medicines adulterated, &c., may reexported be within months.

Secretary of the Treasury to appoint special exmedicines, &c.

salaries shall be paid each year, quarterly, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; and it shall be the duty of the said secretary to give such instructions to the collectors of the customs in the other collection districts, as he may deem necessary to prevent the importation of adulterated and spurious drugs and medicines.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the special examiners to be appointed under this act shall, before entering on the discharge of their duties, take and subscribe the oath or affirmation required by the the act of 30th ninth section of the act of the thirtieth of July, eighteen hundred and July, 1846, ch. 74. forty-six, entitled "An Act reducing the duty on imports, and for other purposes."

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the special examiners authorized to be appointed by the fifth section of this act shall, if suitably qualified persons can be found, be taken from the officers now now employed in employed in the respective collection districts; and if new appoint- the customs. ments shall be necessary for want of such persons, then, as soon as it

can be done consistently with the efficiency of the service, the officers in said districts shall be reduced, so that the present number of said ber of officers not officers shall not be permanently increased by reason of such new appointments.

APPROVED, June 26, 1848.

CHAP. LXXI. — An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Revolutionary and other Pensions of the United States for the Year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

For revolutionary pensions, under the act of the eighteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, in addition to an unexpended pensions. balance remaining in the treasury of eighty-three thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven dollars and forty-three cents, fourteen thousand one hundred and twenty-two dollars and fifty-seven cents.

For invalid pensions, under various acts, two hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under the act of the fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, in addition to an unexpended balance remaining in the treasury of one hundred and fiftyone thousand one hundred and fifty-six dollars and thirty-six cents, thirty-two thousand eight hundred and forty-three dollars and sixtyfour cents.

For pensions to widows, under the act of the second February, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, in addition to the unexpended balance of two hundred and sixty-three thousand seven hundred and twenty-nine dollars and eighty-seven cents remaining in the treasury of a former appropriation for the payment of pensions, under the act of seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, one hundred and thirty-six thousand two hundred and seventy dollars and thirteen cents.

For half-pay pensions to widows and orphans, payable through the Third Auditor's office, in addition to an unexpended balance remaining in the treasury of eight thousand seven hundred and ninety dollars and four cents, nine thousand five hundred dollars.

For arrearages prior to the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, payable through the offices of the Second and Third

Necessary instructions to be given to collectors of customs.

Special examiners to take the oath required by

The special examiners to be taken from officers

Present numto be increased, except temporarily.

June 26, 1848.

Revolutionary 1818, ch. 19.

Invalid pensions,

For widows and orphans. 1836, ch. 362.

1848, ch. 8.

1844, ch. 102.

For half-pay pensions to wid ows and orphans,

Arrearages.

Auditors, in addition to an unexpended balance of three thousand two hundred and one dollars and forty-five cents, eight hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the proviso to the second section of the act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the payment of revolutionary and other pensions of the United States for the year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and for other purposes," approved May seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. APPROVED, June 26, 1848.

1813, ch. 42.

Proviso in act

of 7th May, 1846,

ch. 13, repealed.

June 26, 1848. CHAP. LXXII. — An Act to amend the Act entitled "An Act for the Regulation of Seamen on board the public and private Vessels of the United States,' passed the third of March, eighteen hundred and thirteen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Repeat of clause United States of America in Congress assembled, That the last clause of the twelfth section of the act hereby amended, consisting of the following words, to wit, "without being at any time during the said the United States five years out of the territory of the United States," be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, June 26, 1848.

June 26, 1848.

Agents for the

trans-

axchange and donation of docu-ments, &c., to be

mitted through such agents to be

Appropriation.

ppointed.

Books

duty free.

CHAP. LXXIII. - An Act to regulate the Exchange of certain Documents and other Publications of Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the joint committee on the Library shall appoint such agents as they may from time to time deem requisite, to carry into effect the donation and exchange of such documents and other publications as have been, or shall be, placed at their disposal for the purpose.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all books transmitted through such agents for the use of the government of the United States, or of any government of a State or of its legislature, or of any department of the government of the United States or of a State, or of the Academy at West Point, or of the National Institute, shall be admitted into the United States duty free.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; and the same is put at the disposal of the Library Committee, for the purpose of carrying into effect such agency and donation, and exchange, and of paying the expenses already incurred in relation thereto.

Approved, June 26, 1848.

June 26, 1848.

CHAP. LXXIV. - An Act giving further Time for satisfying Claims for Bounty Lands, and for other Purposes.

Time for satisfying claims for bounty lands extended.

1842, ch. 69.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of the second session of the twenty-ninth [twenty-seventh] Congress, chapter sixty-nine, entitled "An Act to provide for satisfying claims for bounty lands for military services in the late war with Great Britain, and for other purposes," approved July twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and also the two acts approved January twenty-seventh, 1835, cb. 6 and 7. eighteen hundred and thirty-five, therein and thereby revived, shall be, and the same are hereby, revived, and continued in force for five years, to be computed from and after the passage of this act.

Approved, June 26, 1848.

requiring a continued residence of five years in previous to natualization.

CHAP. LXXIX. - An Act to amend the Act to provide for the Transportation of the Mail between the United States and foreign Countries, and for other Pur-TOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General, under the direction of the President of the United ter-General States, be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to charge collect from all upon, and collect from, all letters and other mailable matter carried to letters, &c., caror from any port of the United States, in any foreign packet ship or other vessel, the same rate or rates of charge for American postage rate of which the government to which such foreign packet or other vessel be- which the gov. longs imposes upon letters and other mailable matter conveyed to or from such foreign country in American packets or other vessels, as the post- eign packets beage of such government, and at any time to revoke the same. And it long impose upon shall be the duty of all custom-house officers and other United States ried in American agents, designated or appointed for that purpose, to enforce or carry packets. into effect the foregoing provision, and to aid or assist in the collection of such postage. And to that end it shall be lawful for such officers States officers reand agents, on suspicion of fraud, to open and examine, in the pres- quired to aid in ence of two or more respectable persons, being citizens of the United States, any package or packages supposed to contain mailable matter, found on board such packets or other vessels, or elsewhere, and to pre- packages authorvent, if necessary, such packets or other vessels from entering, break- ized. ing bulk, or making clearance, until all such letters or other mailable matter are duly delivered into the United States post-office.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all letters or other mailable matter conveyed to or from any port of the United States, by any foreign packet or ship except such unsealed letters relating to said ship to or from foreign packet or ship except such unsealed letters relating to bare ship to of the ship or vessel, or any part of the cargo thereof, as may be directed to any port of the United States, to the owner or owners, consignee or consignees, of said ship or other be vessel, shall be so subject to postage charge as aforesaid, whether postage charge as addressed to any person in the United States or elsewhere: Provided, aforesaid, except It is done by the packet or other ship of a foreign country imposing the vessels or carpostage on letters or mailable matter conveyed to or from such coun- goes, directed to the owners and try, by any packet or other ship of the United States; and such letters consignees or other mailable matter carried in foreign packet ships or other said vessels. vessels, except such unsealed letters relating to the ship or vessel, or any part of the cargo thereof, as may be directed to the owner or owners, consignee or consignees, as aforesaid, are hereby required to be delivered into the United States post-office by the master or commanders of all such packets or other vessels when arriving, and to be taken from a United States post-office when departing, and the postage paid thereon justly chargeable by this act; and for refusing or failing to do so, or for conveying said letters, or any letters intended to be conveyed fusing or failing in any ship or vessel of such foreign country, over or across the United the provisions of States, or any portion thereof, the party offending shall, on conviction, this section. forfeit and pay not exceeding five thousand dollars for each offence.

And be it further enacted, That in case the person or per-Sec. 3. sons, or the directors of any incorporated company, who have entered tractors who shall into any contract, or who may hereafter enter into any contract, with up, at the appraisthe Postmaster-General, for conveying the mail of the United States to ed value, any foreign country, in pursuance of the act entitled "An Act to proany foreign country, in pursuance of the act entitled "An Act to pro-ployed by them vide for the transportation of the mail between the United States and in carrying said foreign countries, and for other purposes," approved the third day of mails. March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, or of any other act, in which said contract there is a stipulation, on the part of such contractor, giving to the United States the right to purchase, at an appraised value, the steam-ship or ships required by such contract to be employed in Vol. IX. Pub. --- 31

June 27, 1848.

1845, ch. 69.

The Postmasto packets, the same postage ernments which such for-

Custom-house and other United carrying this pro-vision into effect.

Examination of

All letters, &c., conveyed by any foreign packet or subject to of

Penalty for reto comply with

Penalty on conrefuse to deliver the steam-ships em-

1845, ch. 69.

conveying the mail, shall decline to sell and deliver to the United States such ship or ships, or shall refuse to name and appoint appraisers to value the same, agreeably to the provisions of said act, or the same having been appraised and valued, shall refuse to convey and deliver said ship or ships to the United States, on the payment, or tender of payment, by the United States, of the sum at which the said ship or ships may have been appraised and valued, such person or persons so offending shall forfeit a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, to be recovered in any proper action, for the use of the treasury of the United States: and in case of refusal or inability to pay the same, shall be liable to be imprisoned not exceeding one year, at the discretion of the court rendering judgment for such penalty.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That to secure the regular transmission of the mail to and from foreign countries, the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to impose fines on contractors, for any unreasonable or unnecessary delay in the departure of such mails, or in the performance of the trip: Provided, That the fine for any one default shall not exceed one half of the contract price paid for the trip.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall not be lawful for any contractor for transporting the mail to any foreign country to assign or transfer his contracts; and all such assignments or transfers shall be null and void : Provided, That assignments and transfers which have been made and accepted by the Postmaster-General or the Secretary of the Navy before the passage of this act, shall not be affected by this section.

APPROVED, June 27, 1848.

June 28, 1848. CHAP. LXXXII. - An Act concerning the taking of official Oaths in the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all official oaths required by law to be taken by officers of the United States may, in the District of Columbia, be administered and certified by any one of the judges of the Circuit Court, or by the judge of the Criminal Court offi- of the said District.

Approved, June 28, 1848.

June 28, 1848.

Any one of the judges of the Cir-

the

cuit Court, or the judge of the

Criminal Court,

of the District of

Columbia,

administer cial oaths.

CHAP. LXXXIII. - An Act respecting certain Surveys in the State of Florida.

Certain islands, keys, and other lands in South Florida to be surveyed.

Expense of surveys limited.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby authorized and directed to cause to be surveyed, as soon as practicable, the islands and keys, and other lands in South Florida, interspersed with water, which cannot conveniently be connected with the regular public surveys; and also the private claims or grants which have been duly confirmed, situate in said State; and that such surveys of said islands, keys, and lands interspersed with water as aforesaid may be made by such persons on such terms, and in such mode and manner, as said commissioner may deem most expedient and proper, without connection thereof with the other public surveys, by township lines; but the expense thereof shall not exceed the maximum price per mile heretofore allowed for surveys by the United States in other States or Territories; and the surveys of said private claims or grants may be made by such persons, and on such terms, as said commissioner may deem most expedient and proper; but the expense thereof shall not in any case exceed twenty

Postmaster-General may impose fines on contractors for unreasonable or unnecessary delay, &c.

Proviso.

Contracts for foreign mail service not to be assignable.

Proviso.

five per centum on the said price heretofore allowed in addition to such price : Provided, however, That it shall be the duty of the President at some convenient time, and before offering any of said islands an for sale, to have an examination made by, and a report from, a board of engineers, to ascertain whether any of said islands or parts of them, and if so, which of them, should be reserved from sale for the use of the United States; and that all islands or parts of islands recommended by such board to be reserved for public use shall be reserved from sale.

APPROVED, June 28, 1848.

CHAP. XC. — An Act for the Relief of the bona fide Settlers under the Acts for the armed Occupation and Settlement of a Part of the Territory of Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases in which proof shall be made to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of the General Land Office that any person who obtained a permit under occupation the act entitled "An Act to provide for the armed occupation and settlement of a settlement of the unsettled part of the peninsula of Florida," approved ritory of Florida August fourth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and who was an occu- to be entitled to pant under that act, and the act amendatory thereof, approved June patents for the lands settled and fifteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-four, and who actually occupied occupied or settled under said acts, and did not voluntarily relinquish and aban- them. don the same, but continued to reside on said frontier south of said line specified in said act of eighteen hundred and forty-two, thereby aiding to effect the object of said acts, and who has not received the lands provided by said acts, such settler shall be entitled to a grant and patent for the land so occupied or settled by him, the same as if all the conditions and stipulations of said acts and requirements of the General Land Office in relation thereto had been fully and strictly fulfilled and complied with.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That in all cases where the lands settled or occupied by such settler, or any part thereof, were or are if interfered with, not legally subject to donation under the said acts on any account by prior claims whatever, then such settler may locate his right, or the part so inter-the same or adiafered with, on any vacant public lands in the same, or any adjacent cent township. township.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall extend to, and be construed and executed for, the benefit of the widow and heirs and heirs of setof any settler, according to the principles of the fifth section of said tlers. first above-recited act.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That immediately after the passage of this act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall appoint an agent to proceed forthwith to the different county seats of the counties of the State of Florida, where said lands lie, who shall attend at least ten da, where the said successive days at each county seat, if so long time be necessary, to take and receive proof by depositions before him, or in such manner lation to such setas he may prescribe in relation to such settlement or occupation, and tlement and ocof settlers being entitled under this act to a grant or donation of land as aforesaid; and said agent shall also attend at such other places in said settlements as the convenience of such settlers in furnishing their proofs may demand, under the instructions of the General Land Office; and said agent shall, within five months after he shall commence his transmit all the duties in said State, transmit all the proofs he may take, and make him, report of his opinion as to each case to said Commissioner of the opinion in each General Land Office, who shall proceed forthwith to examine and de-cide said cases . Provided That if any cottles does not what the missioner of the cide said cases: Provided, That if any settler does not submit his General Land Ofproof to such agent within four months after reasonable notice, by ad- fice.

Provision for examination before sale.

July 1, 1848.

Bona fide settlers under the act for the armed and

1842, ch. 122. 1844, ch. 71.

Settlers may lothe same or adja-

This act extended to widows

Secretary of the Treasury to appoint an agent to proceed to Florilands lie, to receive proof in recupation.

Said agent to proofs taken by him, with his limited.

made.

Time of proof vertisement of the times and places of his attendance to receive such proof, said settler shall not have the benefit of this act; and all the Decision, how cases reported as aforesaid shall be definitively decided by the Commissioner of the General Land Office within two months after the Salary of agent. report thereof is received at his office; and said agent shall be allowed the same compensation as is allowed by law to examining agents of the Treasury Department.

APPROVED, July 1, 1848.

July 5, 1848.

1846, ch. 35.

CHAP. XCII. - An Act supplemental to the Act passed on the ninth Day of July, in the Year eighteen hundred and forty-siz, entitled "An Act to retroced the County of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, to the State of Virginia."

The Supreme Court of the United States to have power to hear and determine all causes removed into said court from the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia for Alexandria county, at the time when the the jurisdiction and laws lately existing in said county had finally ceased.

The Circuit Court of the county of Washington, and the clerk of said court, required to certify and transmit. exemplifications of all pro-ceedings, &c., rendered in any comaction menced in said Circuit Court for the county of Alexandria.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Supreme Court of the United States shall have full power and jurisdiction to hear and determine, and shall proceed in due course to hear and determine, all causes which had been removed into said court from the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, holden in and for the late county of Alexandria, by writ of error or appeal, at the time when the jurisdiction and laws lately existing in said county had finally ceased and determined in the manner provided for in and by the third section of the act to which this is supplemental, and shall deal with and dispose of the same in the same manner, and pursuant to the same laws, rules, and regulations as would have applied to and governed the said causes if the same had been duly heard and determined in the said Supreme Court before the said jurisdiction and laws had ceased and determined as aforesaid; and all judgments, decrees, and mandates, after that time, issuing from the said Supreme Court in any such cause or causes, shall be certified and transmitted by the clerk of said Supreme Court to such court, or to the judge or judges of such court, as has been vested, or shall or may be vested, with jurisdiction or authority to take cognizance of the same, or in any manner to carry the same into effect, or to act judicially touching the same, by any law of the State of Virginia in such case provided, or hereafter to be enacted and provided.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia for the county of Washington, and of the clerk of said court, and they and each of them are hereby authorized and required to certify and transmit exemplifications of all proceedings, and of all judgments, decrees, and orders rendered or passed, or at any time hereafter to be rendered or passed, in any action, suit, or prosecution originally commenced in the said Circuit Court holden for the county of Alexandria, and thence removed into the said Circuit Court holden for the county of Washington, together with all original documents and other papers filed in the same, to such court, judge, judges, or clerk, be now required or authorized, or as shall or may be required or authorized, by any such law of Virginia as aforesaid, to receive or take cognizance of the same, or to carry the same into effect, or in any manner to act judicially or officially touching the same.

APPROVED, July 5, 1848.

July 5, 1848.

CHAP. XCIII. - An Act further to extend the Time for locating Virginia Military Land Warrants, and returning Surveys thereon to the General Land Office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Act further to United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled extend the time Onlieu States of America in Congress assembled, I have been entried for locating Vir. "An Act further to extend the time for locating Virginia military

land warrants, and returning surveys thereon to the General Land ginia Office," approved August nineteen, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and as to all warrants issued prior to the tenth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty, and no others, be, and the same is hereby, revived and continued in force until the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the same right and privilege August 10, 1840. is hereby also extended for the same time to all such warrants as have issued subsequent to said tenth day of August, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty: Provided, That before the location thereof, it shall be with a proviso. shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that such warrant was issued justly and legally, and that the person who received said warrant was legally entitled to the same.

APPROVED, July 5, 1848.

CHAP. XCIV. — An Act giving the Consent of the Government of the United States to the State of Texas to extend her eastern Boundary, so as to include within her Limits one half of Sabine Pass, Sabine Lake, and Sabine River, as far north as the thirty-second Degree of North Latitude.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Congress consents that the legislature of the State of Texas may extend her of Texas may exeastern boundary so as to include within her limits one half of Sabine Pass, one half of Sabine Lake, also one half of Sabine River, from its mouth as far north as the thirty-second degree of north latitude.

APPROVED, July 5, 1848.

CHAP. XCVIII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Service of the Post-Office Department for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of the said department, in conformity to the act of the second of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, namely:

For the transportation of the mails within the United States, two million four hundred and ninety-five thousand seven hundred dollars;

For transportation of the mails between Charleston, South Carolina, and Havana, by way of Key West, calling at Savannah, under the contract made with M. C. Mordecai, fifty thousand dollars. And for transportation of the mail by said line, or by other steamers, to such other places on the coast of Florida as the Postmaster-General may deem practicable and expedient, five thousand dollars;

For transportation by steamships between New York and Bremen, according to the contract with Edward Mills, authorized by the "Act to provide for the transportation of the mail between the United States and foreign countries," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, four hundred thousand dollars;

For compensation to postmasters, one million seventy-five thousand dollars;

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, twenty-five thousand dollars; For wrapping paper, eighteen thousand dollars;

For office furniture, (in the offices of postmasters,) three thousand per. dollars :

military land warrants &c., revived and continued in force until January 1, 1850. As to warrants

issued prior to

1841, ch. 10. Also as to subsequent ones,

July 5, 1848.

The legislature tend her eastern soundary.

July 10, 1848.

Appropriations.

1836, ch. 270.

Transportation of mail.

Transportation of mail by steamships.

1845, ch. 69.

Compensation to postmasters.

Ship, steamboat, and way letters.

Wrapping pa-

Office furniture.

Advertising. Mail bags. Blanks. Mail locks, &c. Mail depredations and special agents.

Clerks.

Miscellaneous.

If he revenues of the department shall prove insufficient, the deficiency shall be supplied from the treasury. For advertising, thirty-five thousand dollars;

For mail bags, twenty-five thousand dollars;

For blanks, eighteen thousand dollars;

For mail locks, keys, and stamps, five thousand dollars;

eda- For the detection and prevention of mail depredations, and for ^{scial} special agents, twelve thousand dollars;

For clerks for offices, (in the offices of postmasters,) two hundred and thirty thousand dollars;

For miscellaneous, fifty-five thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in case the revenues of the department, referred to in the first section of this act, shall prove insufficient to meet the foregoing appropriations, then any deficiency that may thus arise shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, July 10, 1848.

July 10, 1848. CHAP. XCIX. — An Act to extend the Provisions of existing Pension Laws to enlisted Men of the Ordnance Corps of the United States Army.

Provisions of certain pension laws extended to enlisted men of the ordnance corps; and

Bounty lands granted to those of them who have served in Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the acts of Congress granting pensions to soldiers disabled by wounds or otherwise, while in the line of their duty in public service, shall be construed to apply to the enlisted men of the ordnance department who have been or may be disabled, in the same manner as to non-commissioned officers, artificers, musicians, and privates of other corps of the army, subject to the limitation that in no such case shall the pension exceed the rate of eight dollars per month.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That those enlisted men of the ordnance department who have served, or may serve, in Mexico during the war with that country, shall be entitled to, and shall receive, the same bounty in land as is or may be allowed by law to other regular troops in the service of the United States, and under like limitations and restrictions.

APPROVED, July 10, 1848.

July 10, 1848.

CHAP. C. — An Act to reëstablish the Collection District of Brunswick, in the State of Georgia.

The collection district of Brunswick reestablished.

1844, ch. 51.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the act entitled "An Act relating to certain collection districts and for other purposes," approved June fifteen, eighteen hundred and fortyfour, as relates to the collection district of Brunswick, in the state of Georgia, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and the said district is hereby reëstablished and restored in all respects as it was before the passage of said act.

APPROVED, July 10, 1848.

July 17, 1848.

CHAP. CI. — An Act to extend an Act entitled "An Act providing for the Adjustment of all suspended Preemption Land Claims in the several States and Territories," approved third August, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

Act for the adjustment of suspended preëmption land claims continued till 3d August, 1849. 1846, ch. 78.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the power and jurisdiction given to the Commissioner of the General Land Office by the act of the third of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act providing for the adjustment of all suspended preemption

land claims in the several States and Territories," shall continue and remain in force until the third day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

APPROVED, July 17, 1848.

CHAP. CII. — An Act to amend an Act approved the twenty-fourth of May, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, entitled "An Act supplementary to an Act approved on the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and nincteen, enlitled, 'An Act providing for the Correction of Errors in making Entries of Land at the Land Offices.'

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the act to which this act is amendatory as provides that the application for the correction of an error of entry shall be made within six months within six months after the date of such erroneous entry, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. repealed.

APPROVED, July 17, 1848.

CHAP. CIV. — An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act supplemental to an Act entitled 'An Act providing for the Prosecution of the existing War between the United States and the Republic of Mexico,'" and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proviso of the first section of an act approved the eighteenth day of June, one of thousand eight hundred and forty-six, in the following words, "That 1846, ch. 29, rewhen the war with Mexico shall be terminated by a definitive treaty of peace, duly concluded and ratified, the number of major-generals in the army shall be reduced to one, and the number of brigadier-generals shall be reduced to two; and the President of the United States is authorized and directed to select from the whole number which may then be in office, without regard to the date of their commissions, the number to be retained, and cause the remainder to be discharged from the service of the United States," be, and the same is hereby, repealed : Provided, That no vacancy happening in the grade of general officer shall be filled up until the number is reduced to one major-general and filling up vacantwo brigadier-generals.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much of the existing laws as require the discharge, at the close of the war with Mexico, of laws as require the discharge, at the close of the regiments of dragoons, artillery, charge, at the one additional major to each of the regiments of dragoons, artillery, charge, at the pointed or promoted under the third section of the act passed on the eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, entitled "An Act to raise for a limited time an additional military force, and for other purposes, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of said act, passed on the eleventh of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, provisions requiras requires the discharge, at the close of the war with Mexico, of two of additional suradditional surgeons and twelve additional assistant surgeons, as author- geons, assistant ized by the eighth section of said act; four quartermasters and ten termasters, assistassistant quartermasters, as authorized by the tenth section of said act; and so much of the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, as requires the discharge, at the close of the war with Mexico, of an assistant adjutant-general, with the rank, pay, &c., of a ters, and musi-lieutenant-colonel of another and the second se lieutenant-colonel of cavalry, and two assistant adjutants-general, with the brevet rank, pay, &c., of a captain of cavalry, as authorized by the second section of the said act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven; and the two deputy paymasters, as authorized by the

July 17, 1848.

1824, ch. 128.

Provision requiring applica tions to be made

July 19, 1848.

1846, ch. 29.

Repeal of provisions of the act 18th June, quiring the number of major-generals in the army to be reduced to one, and the number of brigadiergenerals to two, at the close of the war.

Proviso as to cies.

So much of the existing laws as require the disof the additional majors, repealed.

1847, ch. 8.

Repeal of the ant quartermasters, assistant adjutants-general, deputy paymas

1847, ch. 8. 1847, ch. 61. 1849, ch. 83. vacancies.

Proviso.

Officers of the old army who reappointceived ments in the new corps.

Proviso.

Three months' extra pay.

Proviso.

twelfth section of the last-mentioned act, the two principal musicians allowed to each regiment of artillery by the eighteenth section of the said last-mentioned act, be, and the same is hereby, repealed: Pro-Proviso as to vided, That no vacancy happening under the provisions so repealed shall be filled up until further authorized by law: And provided further. That the ten additional paymasters, appointed in virtue of the said foregoing act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven. shall be retained in service until the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all the officers of the old army who received appointments in any of the additional regiments raised for the war with Mexico shall be restored to their former regied to their for- ments or corps, and rank as additional officers of the respective grades mer regiments or to which they would have succeeded, and to which they shall now succeed, in virtue of their former commission: Provided, That such officers so restored shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate : And provided, That the next vacancy happening in such grade of such regiment or corps to which they succeed shall not be filled.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates engaged in the military service of the United States in the war with Mexico, and who served out the term of their engagement, or have been or may be honorably discharged - and first to the widows, second to the children, third to the parents, and fourth to the brothers and sisters of such who have been killed in battle, or who died in service, or who, having been honorably discharged, have since died, or may hereafter die, without receiving the three months' pay herein provided for --- shall be entitled to receive three months' extra pay: Provided, That this provision of this fifth section shall only apply to those who have been in actual service during the war.

APPROVED, July 19, 1848.

July 20, 1848.

CHAP. CV. - An Act making Appropriations for certain Fortifications of the United States, for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the preservation, repairs, and construction of certain fortifications, for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine;

Detroit.

Lake

plain.

er.

For defensive works and barracks near Detroit, fifteen thousand dollars;

Cham-For fortifications at outlet of Lake Champlain, twenty thousand dollars;

Penobscot Riv-For defensive works and barracks at narrows of Penobscot River, Maine, ten thousand dollars;

Fort Preble.

For repairs of Fort Preble, Portland Harbor, Maine, nine thousand dollars;

Fort Scammel. For repairs of Fort Scammel, Portland Harbor, Maine, ten thousand dollars;

Governor's Island.

For repairs of fortifications on Governor's Island, Boston Harbor, fifteen thousand dollars;

Fort Warren. For Fort Warren, Boston Harbor, thirty thousand dollars;

For Fort Adams, Newport Harbor, Rhode Island, twenty thousand Fort Adams. dollars;

For rebuilding Fort Trumbull, New London, Connecticut, ten thou-	Fort Trumbull.
sand dollars; For Fort Schuyler, Long Island Sound, New-York, ten thousand	Fort Schuyler.
dollars; For repairs of Fort Wood, and sea-wall of Bedlow's Island, New	Fort Wood.
York, ten thousand dollars; For batteries on Soller's Point Flats, Baltimore Harbor, fifteen thou- sand dollars;	Soller's Point Flats.
For Fort Monroe, Hampton Roads, Virginia, twenty thousand	Fort Monroe.
dollars; For preservation of site of Fort Moultrie, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina, ten thousand six hundred dollars;	Fort Moultrie.
For dike on Drunken Dick Shoal, Charleston Harbor, South Caro- lina, fifteen thousand dollars;	Dranken Dick Shoal.
For Fort Sumpter, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina, twenty thousand dollars.	Fort Sumpter.
For Fort Pulaski, Savannah River, Georgia, eight thousand dollars; For repairs of Fort Jackson, Savannah River, Georgia, twenty thou- sand dollars;	Fort Pulaski. Fort Jackson, Georgia.
For Fort McRee, Pensacola Harbor, Florida, fifty thousand dollars. For Fort Barancas and barracks thereat, Pensacola Harbor, Florida,	Fort McRee. Fort Barancas.
forty thousand dollars; For repairs of Fort Morgan, Mobile Point, Alabama, twenty thou-	Fort Morgan.
sand dollars; For repairs of battery Bienvenue, Louisiana, three thousand dollars; For repairs of Fort Jackson, Mississippi River, Louisiana, five thou- sand dollars;	Battery Bienve- nue, Louisiana. Fort Jackson, Louisiana.
For repairs of Fort St. Philip, Mississippi River, Louisiana, twenty thousand dollars;	Fort St. Philip.
For Fort Livingston, Grand Terre Island, Louisiana, ten thousand	Fort Livings- ton.
dollars; For fortifications at Key West, Florida, fifty thousand dollars; For fortifications at Garden Key, Tortugas Island, Florida, twenty- five thousand dollars;	Key West. Tortugas Is- land.
For protection of Great Brewster Island, and security and defence	
of the principal ship channels into the harbor of Boston, Massachusetts, forty thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That no portion of said sum of forty thousand dollars shall be expended for the objects aforesaid, until	Proviso as to title.
the United States shall procure a good and valid title to so much of said Great Brewster Island as may be necessary to the construction of	
the proposed fortifications; For additional preservation of the site of Fort Moultrie, in Charles-	Additional for
ton Harbor, three thousand dollars; For Fort Delaware, on the Pea Patch Island, Delaware River, fifty	Fort Moultrie. Fort Delaware
thousand dollars. APPROVED, July 20, 1848.	

CHAP. CVIII. - An Act amending the Act entitled "An Act granting Half Pay to Widows or Orphans, where their Husbands and Fathers have died of Wounds received in the Military Service of the United States," in Case of deceased Officers and Soldiers of the Militia and Volunteers, passed July fourth, eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the first section of the act entitled "An Act granting half pay to the act of July 4, widows or orphans, where their husbands and fathers have died of granting half pay wounds received in the military service of the United States, in certain to widows or orcases, and for other purposes," approved July fourth, eighteen hun- phans, &c., made

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Provisions of

July 21, 1848.

1836, ch. 362.

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widows or · orphans of officers, soldiers, &c., who were in the army 1st March, 1846, and during the present war with Mexico.

W.dows and orphans herein provided for to receive the same rate of pensions as is wovided for an the above act.

1 10 . 10.

Provi

Pensions under this act to be granted under such rules, &c., as the Secretary of War may prescribe.

applicable to all dred and thirty-six, shall be applicable to all widows and orphans of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and soldiers of the army of the United States, who were in the army of the United States on the first day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-six, or at any subsequent period during the present war between the United States and Mexico. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all widows and orphans of

officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, whether of the regular army or of volunteers, who have died since the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, or who may die during the war with Mexico, from wounds received or from disease contracted while in the line of duty, shall be entitled to the same rate of pension as is provided for in the first section of the before-mentioned act, under like limitations and restrictions: Provided, Said death has occurred, or may hereafter occur, while said officers, noncommissioned officers, musicians, or privates, were in the service of the United States, and in the line of duty; or while returning to their usual place of residence in the United States, after having received a discharge upon a surgeon's certificate for disability incurred from wounds received, or disease contracted, while in the line of duty, or while on their march to join the army in Mexico: And provided further, That this act shall not be applicable to the widows and orphans of such officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, or privates, who have not served in Mexico, or at posts or stations on the borders of Mexico; except where such officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, or privates, have died while on their march to join the army in Mexico.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all pensions under this act shall be granted under such rules, regulations, restrictions, and limitations as the Secretary of War, with the approbation of the President of the United States, may prescribe. APPROVED, July 21, 1848.

July 25, 1848.

CHAP. CIX. — An Act to authorize the Sale of a Part of Public Reservation numbered Thirteen, in the City of Washington, and for other Purposes.

Sale of a portion of public reservation No. 13 to the vestry of Washington par-ish authorized.

Provis

of purchase money, deed of conveyance to be executed.

Said vestry may enclose and occupy portions of certain streets;

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of Public Buildings in the city of Washington be, and he is hereby, authorized to sell to the vestry of Washington parish such portion of the public reservation of land in the city of Washington, numbered thirteen, called the Hospital Square, as the said vestry may desire to purchase, for the purpose of enlarging the Washington parish burial ground, not exceeding six acres: Provided, The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy shall be of opinion that the said land can be Upon payment sold without injury to the public service; and, upon payment being made to the said Commissioner for the said land, at the same price per acre which the United States received for the adjoining square of ground, numbered eleven hundred and fifteen, he shall execute a conveyance therefor to the said vestry, in the same manner as he now conveys public lands when sold.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the vestry of Washington parish shall have authority to enclose, possess, and occupy so much of Ninteenth Street east as passes between square numbered eleven hundred and fifteen, in the city of Washington, (the present burialground,) and the land proposed by the first section of this act to be sold; and also, with the consent of the corporate authority of the city of Washington, the said vestry may enclose, possess, and occupy so much of any street or streets as may pass between the said square

numbered eleven hundred and fifteen, and any other whole square of ground of which it may become the possessor, for the sole purpose of enlarging the said burial-ground.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the vestry of Washington parish shall have power to hold and enjoy forever any land which it may purchase or possess for the extension of the Washington parish burialground : Provided, The whole quantity shall not exceed thirty acres, any thing in any former act to the contrary notwithstanding; and the said vestry may, from time to time, sell or otherwise dispose of the said ground for the purposes of burial.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the government of the United States shall be entitled to purchase from the said vestry, and to occupy as a burial-ground, for members of Congress and such other to members of the United States government as the President shall deem portion of said it expedient and proper to allow it expedient and proper to allow, a portion of the land hereinbefore burial-ground for authorized to be sold, not exceeding one fourth part thereof, and which members of Conportion shall be laid out in some compact form, and at such place as gress and public officers. the Secretaries aforesaid shall select: Provided, That the ground so authorized to be purchased and used by the government shall be paid for from time to time, as it is actually used, at the price demanded by the vestry, for grave-sites in other parts of the same ground: And provided, also, That this reservation of the right to purchase to the extent aforesaid shall not be held to subject the United States to any part of the expense of putting up or keeping up the enclosures of the said to any expense for burying-ground, or other expense incident thereto.

Approved, July 25, 1848.

CHAP. CX. - An Act to make Bangor a Port of Entry for Ships or Vessels coming from and beyond the Cape of Good Hope

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Bangor, in the State of Maine, shall be, and hereby is, made a port of entry for ships or vessels coming from or beyond the Cape of Good Hope.

Approved, July 25, 1848.

CHAP. CXI. - An Act to revive an Act authorizing certain Soldiers in the late War [with Great Britain] to surrender the Bounty Lands drawn by them, and to locate others in lieu thereof

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall and may be lawful for any soldier in the late war with Great Britain, to whom bounty land has been allotted and patented in the State of Ar- ain may surren-ter surrender said patent. der the bounty kansas, which was and is unfit for cultivation, to surrender said patent, and to receive in lieu thereof the same quantity of any of the public them in Arkansas, land subject to private entry as he may select : Provided, That before and receive othreceiving such new land, it shall be proved, to the satisfaction of the er lands in lieu Commissioner of the General Land Office, that the land so allotted and patented to said soldier is unfit for cultivation, and that said soldier has never disposed of his interest in said land by any sale of his own, and that the same had not been taken or disposed of for his debts due to any individual, and that he shall release all his interest in the same to the United States, in such way as said Commissioner shall prescribe; and such surrender and location shall be made within five years from the passing of this act.

And may hold and enjoy forever any land it may purchase for extension of burial ground.

Proviso.

Government of the United States to have the right

Proviso.

United States not to be subject enclosures, &cc.

July 25, 1848,

Bangor made a port of entry for ships or vessels coming from or beyond the Cape of Good Hope.

July 25, 1848. 1826, ch. 147.

Certain soldiers in the late war lands drawn by

Proviso.

Limitation of time.

APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

July 29, 1848.

CHAP. CXVIII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Current and Contin-gent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with the various Indian Tribes, for the Year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes. to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, viz.:

For the pay of the superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis and the several Indian agents, as provided by the acts of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, of March third, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, twelve thousand six hundred and seventy-eight dollars.

For the pay of sub-agents, authorized by the act of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, eight hundred and seventy dollars;

For the pay of interpreters, authorized by the same act, one thousand three hundred and forty-two dollars;

For the pay of clerk to superintendent at St. Louis, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For the pay of clerk to acting superintendent of the western territory, one thousand dollars;

For buildings at agencies, and repairs, two thousand dollars;

For expenses of negotiating treaties with the Chippewas, ratified with April, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, three thousand dollars;

For compensation to an agent and two interpreters for the Indian tribes of Texas, in addition to the former appropriation for this object, fifteen hundred dollars;

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, viz. :

To the Christian Indians. - For permanent annuity stipulated in Permanent an- the acts of May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, and

May twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, four hundred dollars. To the Chippewas of Mississippi and Lake Superior. — For payment in money, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine thousand five hundred dollars;

For payment in goods, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, nineteen thousand dollars;

For establishing three blacksmiths' shops, supporting three smiths, and furnishing iron and steel for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, three thousand dollars.

For support of farmers, purchase of implements, grain, or seed, and to carry on their agricultural pursuits, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand dollars;

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, two thousand dollars ;

For purchase of tobacco for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, five hundred dollars;

For limited annuity for twenty-five years, in money, stipulated in

Superintendent of Indian affairs and Indian and agents.

Sub-agents.

Interpreters.

Clerks to superintendent and acting superin-tendent of western territory.

Buildings and repairs.

Negotiating treaties Chippewas.

Agent and two interpreters for Indian tribes of Texas.

Christian Indians.

nuity.

Chippewas. Payment in

money.

Payment in goods.

Blacksmiths' shops, smiths, പ്ര

Farmers' implements, grain, &c.

Provisions.

Tobacco.

Limited annuities.

the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, twelve thousand five hundred dollars;

For limited annuity for twenty-five years, in goods, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, ten thousand five hundred dollars;

For support of two blacksmiths' shops, including pay of smiths and assistants, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two. two thousand dollars;

For support of two farmers, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand dollars:

For pay of two carpenters, stipulated in the fourth article of the Carpenters. treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, twelve hundred dollars;

For support of schools, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty Schools. of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars;

For purchase of provisions and tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars;

For payment in money to the Chippewas of Lake Superior, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, seventeen thousand dollars;

For payment in money to the Chippewas of Mississippi, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the second of August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, seventeen thousand dollars;

For limited annuity for forty-six years, to be paid to the Chippewas of Mississippi, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, one thousand dollars.

To the Pillager Band of Chippewa Indians. — For limited annuity in goods, for five years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, three thousand six hundred dollars :

For purchase of two hundred beaver traps, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, one thousand dollars;

For purchase of seventy-five north-west guns, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the first of August, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, five hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Saganaw. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August; seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars:

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, one thousand dollars :

For support of a blacksmith at Saganaw, and for farming utensils and cattle, and for the employment of persons to aid them in agriculture, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and seventh article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars;

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fifth August, eighteen hundred and twentysix, one thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas, Menomonies, Winnebagoes, and New York In- nomonies, Win-

Farmers.

Provisions and tobacco.

Payments in money.

Limited annui-

Pillager Band of Chippewa Indians.

Limited annuity.

Beaver traps.

Guns.

Chippewas of Saganaw. Permanent annuities.

Blacksmiths farming utensils, cattle, &c.

Education.

nebagoes. New York dians. Education.

Choctaws. noities.

and dians. - For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in In- the fifth article of the treaty of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Choctaws. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second Permanent an- article of the treaty of sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and five. three thousand dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six thousand dollars:

For life annuity to chief, (Bob Cole,) stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five. one hundred and fifty dollars;

For life annuity to the three district chiefs, (two hundred and fifty dollars each.) stipulated in the fifteenth article of the treaty of twentyseventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and fifty dollars;

For life annuity to one Wayne warrior, stipulated in the twenty-first article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty-five dollars;

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the seventeenth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty thousand dollars;

For education of forty youths for twenty years, including support of teachers in the nation, two thousand five hundred dollars per annum, stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars:

For pay of millwright, stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, six hundred dollars;

For blacksmith, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and ninth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six hundred dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, three hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Chickasaws. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the act Permanent an- of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars;

> For education for fifteen years, stipulated in the second article of the supplement to the treaty of twenty-fourth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, (one thousand dollars having heretofore been appropriated,) two thousand dollars;

> For the use of the heirs of Hoth la-cha, and his wife, Rebecca James, Chickasaw Indians, who were entitled to reservations of land under the Chickasaw treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and which were sold, and the money paid into the hands of the Chickasaw agent in pursuance of said treaty, and never accounted for, two thousand dollars:

> For amount to make good the interest on investments in State stocks for the Chickasaw Indians, not yet paid by the States, to be reimbursed out of the interest when collected, sixteen thousand two hundred dollars.

> To the Cherokees. - For four blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars;

Life annuities to chiefs

Education.

Millwright.

Blacksmith.

Iron and steel. Chickasaws. nuity.

Education.

Heirs of Hothla-cha and wife.

To make good interest on investments.

> Cherokees. Blacksmiths.

	200
For iron and steel for shops, one thousand and eighty dollars; For wagon-maker, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars;	Iron and steel. Wagon-maker.
For wheelwright, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.	Wheelwright.
To the Creeks. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety, one thousand five hundred dollars;	Creeks. Permanent an- nuities.
For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, three thousand dollars;	
For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty thousand dollars;	
For limited annuity, for fifteen years, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars;	Limited annui- ty.
For blacksmith and assistant, and use of shop and tools, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth January, eigh- teen hundred and twenty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars; For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars;	Blacksmiths and assistants.— Iron and steel.
For two blacksmiths and assistants, and use of shops and tools, for twenty years, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty- fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand six hun-	
dred and eighty dollars; For iron and steel for shop, five hundred and forty dollars; For blacksmith and assistant, and use of shop and tools, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of	
fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eight hundred	
and forty dollars; For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars;	
For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars; For wheelwright, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, six hundred	Wheelwright.
dollars;	
For wagon-maker, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars;	Wagon-maker.
For agricultural implements, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two	Agricultural implements.
thousand dollars; For education, for twenty years, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-	Education.
two, three thousand dollars; For interest, at five per centum, on three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, stipulated in the third, article of the treaty of twenty third	Interest on amount stipulated
dollars, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-third November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars;	in 3d article of treaty of 1838.
For education, for twenty years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one	Education.
thousand dollars; For education, for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three	
thousand dollars.	
To the Delawares For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August seventeen hundred and ninety-	Delawares. Permanent an

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article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-nuities. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty

of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars :

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars:

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thonsand dollars:

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the private and confidential articles of supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one hundred dollars;

For life annuity to three chiefs, stipulated in supplemental article to treaty of the twenty-sixth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three hundred dollars:

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land set apart by the treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, for education, stipulated in resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

To the Florida Indians. - For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, and fourth article of the treaty of ninth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand dollars;

For annuity in goods, for fifteen years, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two thousand dollars;

For annuity in money, for fifteen years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars;

For agricultural implements, for five years, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, one thousand dollars.

To the lowas. — For one year's interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, to be invested at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

To the Kickapoos. - For limited annuity for nineteen years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five thousand dollars.

To the Kansas. - For one year's interest on two hundred thousand on dollars at five per centum, in lieu of investment, per second article of ted in treaty of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

> To the Miamies. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty-five thousand dollars;

> For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For one thousand pounds of tobacco, two thousand pounds of iron,

of Purchase calt Blacksmith and

Life annuities to chiefs.

assistant.

Iron and steel. Education.

Florida Indiana Blacksmith and assistant.

Annuity in goods.

Annuity in money.

Agricultural implements.

> Iowas. Interest

on amount stipulated in treaty of 1838.

Kickapoos. Limited annuitv.

> Kansas. Interest

amount stipula-1846.

Miamies. Permanent annuity.

Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel Tobacco, iron, and steel.

and one thousand pounds of steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and seventy dollars;

For pay of miller, in lieu of gunsmith, stipulated in the fifth article Miller in lieu of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, six hun- of gunsmith. dred dollars;

For one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three hundred and twenty dollars;

For education, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of twentythird October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars;

For the eighth of twenty instalments in money, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars;

For payment in lieu of laborers, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, two hundred and fifty dollars;

For agricultural assistance, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred dollars.

For payment for improvements on the lands ceded, as stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and the seventh article of the treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand seven hundred and one dollars and sixty-eight cents.

To the Eel Rivers, (Miamics.) - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred (Miamies.) and ninety-five, five hundred dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and fifty dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty, and separate article of the treaty, of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Menomonies. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twenty thousand dollars;

For two blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one and assistants. thousand four hundred and forty dollars;

For irou and steel for shops, four hundred and forty dollars,

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars;

For two thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars;

For farming utensils and cattle, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five hundred dollars;

For thirty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Omahas. - For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For agricultural implements for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of implements. Vol. IX. Pub. - 33

Salt.

Education.

Money.

Payment in lieu of laborers.

Agricultural assistance.

Improvements. on lands ceded.

Eel Rivers. Permanent annuities.

Menomonies. Limited annuitv.

Blacksmiths

Iron and steel. Provisions.

Tobacco.

Farming utensils and cattle.

Salt.

Omahas. Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel.

Agricultural

fifteenth July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty, five hundred dollars.

To the Ottoes and Missourias. - For blacksmith and assistant for ten years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For agricultural implements for ten years, from eighteen hundred and forty, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars;

For education during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars;

For limited annuity for ten years, from eighteen hundred and forty. stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For two farmers, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, twelve hundred dollars.

To the Ottawas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninetyfive, one thousand dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars ;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, one thousand dollars.

To the Ottawas and Chippewas. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, thirty thousand dollars;

For interest to be paid annually on two hundred thousand dollars as annuity, per resolution of Senate, twelve thousand dollars;

For education for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand dollars;

For missions for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars;

For vaccine matter, medicines, and pay of physician, stipulated in medicines, the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars;

> For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand dollars;

> For six thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five hundred dollars;

> For one hundred barrels of salt for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two hundred dollars;

> For five hundred fish barrels for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, four hundred dollars;

For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the seventh arti-

Ottoes and Missourias. Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel. Agricultural implements.

Education.

Limited annuitv.

Farmers.

Ottawas. Permanent annuities.

Ottawas and Chippewas. Limited annuity. Interest.

Education.

Missions.

Vaccine matter. & c.

Provisions.

Tobacco.

Salt.

Fish barrels.

Blacksmiths and assistants.

cle of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars;

For iron and steel for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars;

For gunsmith at Mackinac, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six hundred dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For pay of two farmers and two assistants, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and ^a thirty-six, one thousand six hundred dollars;

For pay of two mechanics, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twelve hundred dollars.

To the Osages. — For interest, at five per centum, on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, the valuation of fifty-four sections of land set apart by treaty of second June, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for education, per resolution of Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars;

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, ^{ty}twenty thousand dollars;

For support of two blacksmiths' establishments, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, two thousand dollars;

For pay of two millers for fifteen years, and two assistants for eleven years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars;

For erection of mills, as stipulated in the second article of the Ere treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, four mills. thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Piankeshaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the Piank fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and nuities. ninety-five, five hundred dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth December, eighteen hundred and five, three hundred dollars.

To the Pawnees. — For agricultural implements for five years, and during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of ninth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

To the Pottawatomies of Huron.—For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars.

To the Pottawatomies. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the Potta fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and Perm ninety-five, one thousand dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars;

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred dollars;

lron and steel. Gunsmith.

Iron and steel. Farmers and assistants.

Mechanics.

C sages. Interest.

Limited annuity.

Blacksmiths' establishments.

Millers.

Erection of mills.

Piankeshaws. Permanent annuities.

Pawnees. Agricultural implements.

Pottawatomies of Huron.

Permanent annuity.

Pottawatomies. Permanent annuities. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, sixteen thousand dollars;

Limited annuitics.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-sixth October, eighteen hundred and thirtytwo, twenty thousand dollars;

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, fifteen thousand dollars;

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirtythree, fourteen thousand dollars;

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars;

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, seven hundred dollars;

i- For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second (supplemental) article of the treaty of twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars;

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred and forty dollars:

For purchase of one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, three hundred and twenty dollars;

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one thousand dollars;

For payment in money in lieu of two thousand pounds of tobacco, fifteen hundred pounds of iron, and three hundred and fifty pounds of steel, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and the tenth article of the treaty of fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three hundred dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For purchase of fifty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars;

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand dollars;

For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fifth June,

Life annuity to chiefs.

Limited annuity.

Salt.

Education.

Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel. Education.

in

Payments money.

Blacksmith and assistants. — Iron and steel.

Salt.

Education.

Interest.

eignteen hundred and forty-six, thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars;

For subsistence, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

To the Quapaws. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighteenth May, eighteen hundred tv. and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars; For pay of farmer, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

To the Six Nations of New York. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eleventh November, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Tuscaroras. - For proportionate share of the fund for three thousand dollars due to the emigrant Tuscaroras, as provided in the fourteenth article of the treaty with the Six Nations of New York of fund due the emififteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, eighty-eight dollars ;

For payment to James Cusick, as stipulated in schedule B., appended to the treaty with the Six Nations of New York of fifteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, one hundred and twentyfive dollars.

To the Senecas of New York. - For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of nineteenth of February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars.

For interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars at five per centum, per act twenty-seventh June, eighteen hundred and of investment. forty-six, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Yancton and Santie Sioux. - For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hun- assistant. dred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen implements. hundred and thirty, four hundred dollars.

Sioux of Mississippi. - For blacksmith and assistant, during the Sioux of Missispleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty sippi. Blacksmith and of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, eight hundred and forty assistant. dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen implements. hundred and thirty, seven hundred dollars;

For interest on three hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifteen thousand dollars;

For limited annuity, for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty- ty. seven, ten thousand dollars;

For purchase of medicines, agricultural implements, and stock; support of farmers, physician, and blacksmith, for twenty years, stipu- ricultural imple-

Subsistence.

Quanaws. Limited annui-

Education.

Blacksmith and assistant.

> 1-on and steel. Farmer.

Six Nations of New York.

Permanent annuity.

Tuscaroras.

Share of the grant Tuscaroras.

James Cusick.

Senecas of New York.

Permanent annuity.

Interest in lieu

1846, ch. 34, §2. Yancton and

Santie Sioux.

Blacksmith and

Iron and steel

Agricultural

Iron and steel. Agricultural

Interest.

Limited annui-

Medicines, ag-

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the second

article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and

ments, farmers, lated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, physician, and eighteen hundred and thirty source eight the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth september, physician, blacksmith. eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and

fifty dollars;

Provisions.

Sacs and Foxes of Missouri. Interest in lieu of investment.

thirty-seven, five thousand five hundred dollars. To the Sacs. and Foxes of Missouri. - For interest, in lieu of investment, on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. - For permanent annuity, Permanent an. stipulated in the third article of the treaty of third November, eighteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars;

For limited annuity for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred and forty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For gunsmith for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred and forty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred dollars;

For forty barrels of salt for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars;

For forty kegs of tobacco for thirty years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars;

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars;

For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of eleventh October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars.

To the Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, two thousand dollars;

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, sixty dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh November, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, eight hundred and forty dollars; For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighth August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars;

Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. nuity. Limited annui-

tv.

Blacksmith and assistant.

> Iron and steel. Gunsmith.

Iron and steel. Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel.

Agricultural implements.

Salt.

Tobacco.

Interest.

Shawnees. Permanent annuities.

Salt.

Blacksmith and assistants.

Iron and steel.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Senceas and Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twentieth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Senecas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, five hundred dollars;

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five hundred dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For pay of miller, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six hundred dollars.

To the Wyandots. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty- nuity. two, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars;

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, five hundred dollars.

To the Weas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, nuity. three thousand dollars.

To the Winnebagoes. — For limited annuity for thirty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, eighteen thousand dollars;

For limited annuity for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars;

For the purchase of fifty barrels of salt, for thirty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars;

For the purchase of three thousand pounds of tobacco, for thirty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and fifty dollars;

For the purchase of one thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and seventy-five dollars;

For three blacksmiths and assistants, for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars;

For laborer and oxen, for thirty years, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and sixty-five dollars;

For education, for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirtytwo, three thousand dollars;

For six agriculturists, purchase of oxen, ploughs, and other imple- oxen, ploughs.

Senecas and Shawnees. Permanent an

nuity.

Blacksmith.and assistant.

Iron and steel.

Senecas. Permanent annuities.

Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel.

Miller.

Wyandots. Permanent an-

Blacksmith and assistant.

Iron and steel. Education.

Weas. Permanent an-

Winnebagoes. Limited annui-

Salt.

Tobacco.

Blacksmiths and assistants.

Laborer and oxen.

Education.

Agriculturists,

ments, for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand five hundred dollars

For pay of two physicians, for twenty-seven years, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars;

For interest on one million one hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of first November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifty-five thousand dollars: For interest on eighty-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of thirteenth October, eighteen

hundred and forty-six, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars;

For iron and steel for three smiths' shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

Catawba Indians. - For the removal of the Catawba tribe of Indians. now in the limits of the State of North Carolina, to the Indian country west of the Mississippi, with the consent of said tribe, under the direction of the President of the United States, a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars : Provided, No portion of this sum shall be expended, for the purpose of removing said Indians, until the President shall first obtain a home for them among some of the tribes west of the Mississippi River, with their consent, and without any charge upon the government.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, no moneys which have been or may be appropriated for the purposes of education among the Indian tribes shall be expended for any such object elsewhere than in the Indian country: *Provided*, That this shall not apply to appropriations the expenditures of which are or may be, by treaty stipulations, under the direction either of the President of the United States, or of the Indian tribes respectively.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the first section of the act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to pronishing superin- vide for the better organization of the Department of Indian Affairs,' and an act entitled 'An Act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, and to preserve peace on the frontiers,' approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, as is in the following words: "And the superintendents, agents, and sub-agents, shall be furnished with offices for the transaction of the public business, and the agents and sub-agents with houses for their residences, at the expense of the United States, and, with the assent of the Indians, be permitted to cultivate such portions of land as the President or Secretary of War may deem proper," be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War cause The hands and number of the to be ascertained the number and names of such monotonic number of the Cherokees who remained in the ilies, including each member of every family of the Cherokee nation State of North of Indians, that remained in the State of North Carolina at the time consistence of the treat of New Echota, May twenty-three, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and who have not removed west of the Mississippi, or received the commutation for removal and subsistence, and report the same to the Secretary of the Treasury; whereupon the Secretary of the Treasury shall set apart, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum equal to fifty-three dollars and thirty-three cents for each individual ascertained as aforesaid, and that he cause to be paid to every such individual, or his or her legal representative, interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum on such per capita, from the said twenty-third day of May, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, to the time of the passage of this act, and

Physicians.

Interest.

Iron and steel.

Catawba Indians. Removal of Catawbas.

Proviso.

No moneys appropriated for education among Indian tribes to expended be elsewhere than among said tribes. Proviso.

Repeal of the provision of a certain act for furtendents, agents, sub-agents and with offices and dwelling-houses.

1817, ch. 66.

The names and Echota to be ascertained, and a fund to be set apart for them, the interest on which to be paid to each individual of said tribe.

continue annually thereafter said payment of interest at the rate aforesaid.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That whenever, hereafter, any individual or individuals of said Cherokee Indians shall desire to individual or inremove and join the tribe west of the Mississippi, then the Secretary tribe desire to reof War shall be authorized to withdraw from the fund set apart as move west of the aforesaid the sum of fifty-three dollars and thirty-three cents, and the sum thus set apart interest due and unpaid thereon, and apply the same, or such part to be withdrawn thereof as shall be necessary, to the removal and subsistence of such and applied to their removal and individual or individuals, and pay the remainder, if any, or the whole, subsistence. if the said Indians or any of them shall prefer to remove themselves, to such individuals or heads of families upon their removal west of the Mississippi : *Provided*, That the amount herein required to be funded for the benefit of the said Cherokees in North Carolina, and the amount required to be paid them, shall be charged to the general Cherokee fund, under the treaty of New Echota, and shall be reimbursed therefrom.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint a commissioner to issue the "certificates" contemplated in the instructions of that department to issue certain cer-General William B. Mitchell, dated April thirtieth, eighteen hundred tificates in relaand forty, in relation to the claims of certain citizens against the certain Ottowas, Chippewas, and Pottawatomies, and the Pottawatomies of against the Otto-Indiana, and the sum of two thousand dollars is hereby appropriated was, Chippewas, and Pottawatofor said purpose.

APPROVED, July 29, 1848.

CHAP. CXIX. - An Act for the Payment of liquidated Claims against Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to pay, out of any claims already limoney in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the claimants, or Mexico provided their legal representatives, the amount now due by reason of the claims for. already liquidated, and decided against the Mexican republic, under the conventions between that republic and the United States, severally concluded on the eleventh day of April, eighteen hundred and thirtynine, and the thirtieth day of January, eighteen hundred and fortythree, and for which certificates have been issued by the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, That, before such payment, the said claimants, or their legal representatives, shall surrender and deliver up the ficates that have been issued to them, respectively, from the Treasury Depart- claimants to be ment of the United States, under the provisions of the act of Con- delivered up. gress of the first of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all interest shall cease from the day of payment, which shall be notified by the Secretary of the shall cease. Treasury, not exceeding ninety days from the passage of this act.

APPROVED, July 29, 1848.

CHAP. CXX. - An Act for the Relief of certain surviving Widows of Officers and Soldiers of the Revolutionary Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the widows of all officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, soldiers, mariners, or marines, and Indian spies, who shall have served in the Continental diers, &c., to be line, State troops, volunteers, militia, or in the naval service, in the entitled to a penrevolutionary war with Great Britain, shall be entitled to a pension amount to that

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Whenever any dividuals of said Mississippi, the

Proviso.

Secretary of War to appoint a commissioner to tion to claims of citizens mies.

July 29, 1848.

Payment of

Proviso; certi-

1841, ch. 14.

When interest

July 29, 1848.

Certain widows of revolutionary officers and soltheir would be entitled to, if living.

No widow now receiving a pension to be entitled to a further pension under this act.

No mortgage, sale, assignment, &c., of claims under this act to be valid.

dence.

This act to take effect immediately.

husbands during such widowhood, of equal amount per annum that their husbands would be entitled to, if living, under existing pension laws; to commence on the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-

eight, and to be paid in the same manner that other pensions are paid to widows; but no widow now receiving a pension shall be entitled to receive a further pension under the provisions of this act; and no widow married after the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred, shall be entitled to receive a pension under this act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any pledge, mortgage, sale, assignment, or transfer of any right, claim, or interest, in any way granted by this act, shall be utterly void and of no effect, nor shall the annuities or pension granted by this act be liable to attachment, levy, or seizure by any process of law or equity, but shall enure wholly to

the personal benefit of the pensioner or annuitant entitled to the same Rules of evi- The same rules of evidence, regulations, and prescriptions shall apply and govern the Commissioner of Pensions and pension agents under this act as now prevail under existing pension laws which relate to widows of revolutionary officers and soldiers.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect immediately.

APPROVED, July 29, 1848.

Aug. 3, 1848.

CHAP. CXXI. - An Act making Appropriations for the Naval Service, for the Year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be appropriated for the naval service for the year ending June thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, out of any unappropriated money in the treasury, in addition to the sum of one Part of unex- million five hundred thousand dollars of the unexpended balances of pended balance former appropriations for the naval service. The remainder of such propriation to be unexpended balances, after deducting the said sum of one million five carried to the sur- hundred thousand dollars, to be carried to the surplus fund.

For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers, and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy, two millions one hundred and eighty-nine thousand two hundred and eleven dollars.

For the pay of the superintendent of the Naval Observatory at Washington city, who shall be a captain, commander, or lieutenant in the navy, three thousand dollars, which shall be the salary per annum of said superintendent. And the provision in the act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight," which is in these words, viz.: "including three thousand dollars for pay of the superintendent, who shall be either a captain, commander, or lieutenant in the navy," shall be construed to apply to the superintendent of said Naval Observatory, and shall take effect from and after the passage of that act.

For pay of superintendents, naval constructors, and all the civil establishments at the several navy-yards, seventy-four thousand two hundred and twenty dollars.

For provisions for commission, warrant, and petty officers, and seamen, including engineers and marines, attached to vessels for sea service, six hundred and seventy-seven thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars.

For surgeons' necessaries and appliances for the sick and hurt of the navy, including the marine corps, twenty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

of a former applus fund.

Pay of officers and seamen.

Superintendent of Naval Obser-vatory at Washington.

1847, ch. 48.

Superintendents, constructors, &c., at yards.

Provisions.

Surgeons' necessaries, &c., for tick and wounded.

For increase, repair, armament, and equipment for the navy, including wear and tear of vessels in commission, coal for steamers, purchase of hemp, and one million two hundred thousand dollars for completing four first-class steamers, two millions five hundred and thirty-one thousand four hundred and seventy-four dollars.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, including incidental expenses, two hundred and eighteen thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

For nautical books, maps, charts, instruments, binding and repairing the same, and all expenses of the hydrographical office, thirty-five charts, &c. thousand dollars. And the Secretary of the Navy is hereby directed to expend five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in causing the observations to be made which have been recently recommended to him by the American Philosophical Society and the Academy of Arts and Sciences.

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz.: freight and transportation; printing and stationery; advertising in newspapers; books, maps, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire engines and machinery; repair of and attending on steam engines in yards; purchase and support of horses and oxen, and driving teams; carts, timber wheels, and the purchase and repair of workmen's tools; postage of public letters; furniture for government houses; fuel, oil and candles for navy-yards and shore stations; cleaning and clearing up yards; watchmen and incidental labor not chargeable to any other appropriation; labor attending the delivery of stores and supplies on foreign stations; wharfage, dockage, and rent; travelling. expenses of officers; funeral expenses; store and office rent; stationery and fuel to navy agents and storekeepers; flags, awnings, and packing boxes; premiums and other expenses of recruiting; apprehending deserters; per diem pay to persons attending courts-martial, and courts of inquiry, or other service authorized by law; pay to judge advocates; pilotage and towage of vessels; assistance rendered to vessels in distress; seven hundred thousand dollars. And the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized, from the sum aforesaid, without dried flour further notice or advertisement, out of the appropriation for provisions, to purchase, at his discretion, a sufficient quantity of flour and cornmeal prepared and dried by the process and machinery invented by J. R. Stafford, of Ohio, to be sent to different naval stations, to test its capacity to resist the influence of time and climate, and to ascertain what advantage there may be in introducing the use of the same for the navy.

For the transportation of the United States mail between New York For the transportation of the United States mail between New 1 or and of the United and Liverpool, between New York and New Orleans, and Havana and States mail in Chagres, and between Panama and Astoria, under the act of the third steamships. of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, eight hundred and 1847, ch. 62. seventy-four thousand six hundred dollars. And the Secretary of the Secretary of the Navy may make Navy is hereby directed to advance to the contractors for said service, advances to conor to their assignees, for the purpose of enabling them to finish the tractors. steamships contracted for under their respective contracts, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars per month on each of said ships, after such ship shall have been launched; but the money so advanced under any one of said contracts shall not exceed the amount of one year's compensation, stipulated for in such contract, to be secured in all cases by a lien on said ships, in such manner as the Secretary of the Navy may require; and the money so advanced shall be faithfully expended in finishing said ships to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Navy; and compensation on the contract from Panama to Astoria shall commence from the time the ships are ready for service, and sation on the con-tract from Panaplaced at the disposal of the United States; the said annual com- ma pensation, however, not to commence until first October, eighteen shall commence. hundred and forty-eight: Provided, That the contractor for the line

Increase. repair, armament, &c., of vessels.

Ordnance and ordnance stores.

Books, maps,

Observations recommended by American Philosophical Society.

Miscellaneous expenses.

Test of kiln and corn-meal.

Transportation

When compento Astoria ditional places of stopping.

Contingent expenses.

Grading University Square. Depot charts.

Marine hospital, New Orleans.

Meteorological observations.

Depot at New Orleans.

Construction, &c., and current expenses at navyyards.

Portsmouth.

Boston.

New York.

Proviso for ad- from Panama to Astoria, as the condition of this advance, be required to stop and deliver and take mails at San Diego, San Francisco, and Monterey, in California, if required so to do by the Secretary of the Navy, with the concurrence of the Postmaster-General: And provided further, That, in consideration of the foregoing advance, the line of steamers provided in the contract with A. S. Sloo shall stop, going and returning, at Charleston, if practicable, and Savannah.

For contingent expenses for objects not hereinbefore enumerated. two thousand dollars.

To pay arrearages due for grading University Square, and other for expenses, for the construction of the depot for charts and instruments. being a reappropriation in part of a sum carried to the surplus fund. heretofore appropriated for that purpose, ten thousand forty-three dollars and seventy-seven cents.

For furnishing the marine hospital building at New Orleans, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For "meteorological observations," to be conducted under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, two thousand dollars.

For the establishment of a depot for naval stores, which the Secretary of the Navy is hereby required to cause to be located at or near the city of New Orleans, twenty thousand dollars.

For the construction, extension, and completion of the following objects, and for the current repairs at the several navy-yards, viz.:

At Portsmouth. - For completing quay wall and wharf, and wharf number one; wall west side of ship-house number four, and filling in; timber shed opposite number seven, and addition to smithery I; brick powder magazine, engine, fixtures, &c., for blowing-fires to forges; and for repairs of all kinds, fifty thousand five hundred and fifty-one dollars.

At Boston. - For timber shed number thirty-seven, and pier wharf at angle number fifty-nine; coal-house near dry-dock, and pier wharf in rear of carpenter's and joiner's shop; for eight knee docks, and tracks for stowage of guns in gun park; for completing brick barn; and repairs of all kinds, ninety-seven thousand three hundred and fiftyone dollars.

At New York. - For iron and copper store, cooperage, cob wharf, and filling in timber pond; dredging channels and wharf in front of hospital lands; steam engine in smithery, steam pipes, &c., and cistern for each reservoir; paving and flagging, and granite skids, and plat-forms for cannon, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and six thousand dollars.

For the dry-dock, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For the purchase by the Secretary of the Navy of the land, above and under water, bounded by Flushing Avenue, in the city of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, the United States navy-yard, hospital grounds, and the Wallabout Bay to the channel, two hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars: Provided, That no part of said sum of money shall be applied to the payment of the purchase money until a good and perfect title is secured to the United States for the said land and its appurtenances.

At Philadelphia. - For removing and extending ship-house G; completing wharf number two; dredging machine; and repairs of all kinds, fourteen thousand five hundred dollars.

At Washington. - For chain-cable forges, and fitting part of number eleven for a boiler shop; steam hammer for smith's shop, and alteration in hydraulic proving machine; converting joiner's shop in number twelve to mould loft, and steam hammer in place of old tilt hammer; ordnance workshops, and extending brass foundry; extending blacksmith's shop and iron store under N, and finishing shop for

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Philadelphia.

Washington.

smithery; converting old foundry into stables, and for repairs of all kinds, thirty-two thousand four hundred and eighteen dollars.

At Norfolk. - For extension of quay walls; completing slip fortyeight, and for the storehouse number nineteen; brick stables; steam hammer and engine; brick gun place, coal-house, and landing wharf; culvert drill press; punching machine and cutting shears, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and forty-four thousand one hundred and thirty-six dollars.

At Pensacola. - For two third class officers' houses; completing timber shed number twenty-six; dredge machine scows; four warrant officers' houses, and guard-house; coal-house; paint shop and rail tracks; permanent wharf; drain in rear of officers' quarters; wharf and rail track in front of storehouse number twenty-six; paving, grading, planting trees and levelling, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and fifty-nine thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For construction, in part, of a new timber shed at said navy-yard, fifty thousand dollars.

For payment of such arrearages as the Secretary of the Navy may in law and equity decide to be due to Jerrison and Foster, seven thousand dollars.

At Memphis. — For completing commandant's house and storehouse; tarring-house; engine and machinery for saw mill; timber shed, and boat-builder's shop, and wall to enclose yard; embankment and excavations; machinery for ropewalk, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and seventy-four thousand and thirty-eight dollars.

At Sackett's Harbor. - For the completion of officers' quarters, and for repairs of all kinds, two thousand dolla:

For Hospitals, viz.: At Boston. - For repairing hospital buildings and dependencies, fences and furnaces, painting, glazing, and whitewashing, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For the completion of the marine hospitals now building, viz. : At Pittsburg, ten thousand dollars; at Cleveland, ten thousand dollars; at Louisville, ten thousand dollars.

For the purpose of erecting marine hospitals on the sites owned by the United States at the following places, viz.:

At St. Louis, ten thousand dollars; at Natchez, ten thousand dollars; at Paducah, ten thousand dollars.

At Napoleon, Arkansas, (so soon as the government title to the site selected and purchased shall be perfected,) ten thousand dollars.

Also for the construction of a marine hospital on such site as shall be selected by the Secretary of the Treasury, on the lands owned by the United States at Chicago, ten thousand dollars.

At New York. - For purchase from the city of New York of water front to hospital lands; for surgeon's house; paving, guttering, and completing sewer, and for current repairs, twenty thousand and fiftyseven dollars.

At Washington. - For current repairs, one hundred dollars.

At Norfolk. - For repairs of galleries, cells, bath-house, fence, and surgeon's house, one thousand four hundred dollars; and for making necessary repairs for the marine hospital at Norfolk, sixteen hundred dollars.

At Pensacola. - For bricking up ponds and drain, repairs to hospital, and for current repairs, six thousand three hundred and seventyeight dollars.

At Mobile. - For necessary repairs of the marine hospital, one thousand and ninety dollars.

For Magazines, viz. : - At Boston, five hundred dollars. At New York, five hundred dollars.

At Washington, two hundred dollars.

Norfolk.

Pensacola.

Sackett's Har

Memphis.

Hospitals, viz. : Boston.

Pittsburg.

Erection of marine hospitals.

St. Louis.

Napoleon, Ark.

Chicago.

New York.

Washington. Norfolk.

Pensacola.

Mobile.

Magazines, viz : Boston. New York. Washington.

Norfolk. Marine corps. Pay of officers, marines, &c.

Provisions. Clothing.

Fuel.

Military stores.

Transportation.

Contingencies. Miscellaneous expenses.

Relief and protection of American seamen.

Improvements &c., at the naval school at Annapolis, viz. :

Enclosing grounds.

Superintendent's house.

Building an arsenal. Houses for pro-

fessors.

1847, ch. 48.

Secretary and Moody for the construction of a sectional floating dry-dock, &c., at Philadelphia navy-yard.

At Norfolk, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

Marine Corps. - For pay of officers, non-commissioned officers. musicians, privates, and servants, serving on shore, subsistence of officers. and pay for undrawn clothing, two hundred and eighty-three thousand dollars.

For provisions for marines, serving on shore, sixty thousand dollars. For clothing, eighty-one thousand four hundred and ninety-two dollars.

For fuel, eleven thousand three hundred and thirty-four dollars.

For military stores, repair of arms, pay of armorers, accoutrements, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and musical instruments, eight thousand dollars.

For transportation of officers and troops, and for expenses of recruiting, twelve thousand dollars.

For contingencies, viz.:

Freight, ferriage, toll, cartage, wharfage, compensation to judgesadvocate, per diem for attending courts-martial, courts of inquiry, and for constant labor; house-rent, in lieu of quarters; burial of deceased marines; printing, stationery, forage, postage, pursuit of deserters; candles, oil, straw, furniture, bed sacks, spades, axes, shovels, picks, carpenters' tools; keep of a horse for messenger, pay of the matron, washerwoman, and porter at hospital head-quarters, twenty-two thousand dollars.

For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, further to supply deficiencies in appropriations made for the service of the fiscal year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, twenty thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of seventeen thousand and three hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for improvements and repairs at the naval school at Annapolis, to be expended as follows: For enclosing the grounds embraced in the new purchase, repairing the houses thereon, docking, grading, and improving the grounds, six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For repairing and tinning superintendent's house, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For building an arsenal, five hundred dollars.

For raising the row of houses occupied by professors, one story, six thousand dollars.

For completing mess-room and lyceum, five hundred dollars.

For painting outside of houses, and other necessary repairs, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For fire engines and apparatus, complete, five hundred dollars.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in execution of the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, making appropriations for the naval service, &c., directing, among other things, the construction of floating dry-docks at the navy-yards at Philadelphia, Pensacola, and Kittery, and in pursuance of the reports in favor of the two plans hereinafter named as best adapted to naval purposes, made by a board of officers appointed to examine all the plans, and by the of Bureau of Yards and Docks, the Secretary of the Navy is hereby the Navy to enter into a contract directed forthwith to enter into a contract with Samuel D. Dakin and into a contract directed forthwith to enter into a contract with Samuel 2. Data with S. D. Data Rutherford Moody, for the complete construction, within a reasonable Rutherford time from the date of the contract, of a sectional floating dry-dock, basin, and railways, at the navy-yard at Philadelphia, according to the plan and specifications submitted by them to the Navy Department; and also to enter into a contract with John S. Gilbert and Zeno Secor, for the complete construction, within a reasonable time from the date Also to enter of the contract, of a balance floating dry-dock, basin, and railways, at

the navy-yard at Pensacola, according to the plan and specifications into a contract submitted by them to the Navy Department; and also to enter into a with John S. Gilbert and Zeno contract with one or the other of the respective parties above named, Secor for for the complete construction, within a reasonable time from the date construction of a balance floating of the contract, at the navy-yard at Kittery, of a floating dry-dock, dry-dock, &c., at basin, and railways, upon either of the above-named plans that the Pensacola navysaid Secretary may prefer as best adapted to said yard; the said works yard. at each yard to be of the largest dimensions proposed in said plans and specifications: Provided, That in each case such contract can be made at prices that shall not exceed by more than ten per cent. the price. prices which have been submitted by either of the said proprietors to the Navy Department for a floating dry-dock on either of said plans, and for the basins and railways, of the dimensions aforesaid, at any of the said navy-yards : And provided further, That the said Secretary Proviso as to shall also, by further contract with said parties, enlarge the dimensions sions. of said works at each yard to a capacity sufficient for docking warsteamers of the largest class, at least three hundred and fifty feet in length, if the dimensions above mentioned should not be found adequate for that purpose.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the sum of four hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated towards said works from any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, which sum, together with the sums that remain unexpended of the appropriations made by said act of March third, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, for floating dry-docks at the three navy-yards aforesaid, shall be applied towards the payments to be provided for in the said contracts, and be equally divided between the said contracts for the said works at the three navyyards aforesaid.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That hereafter the amount of Commutation spirit ration money commutation allowed by law in lieu of the spirit ration shall be increased. increased to four cents.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That when any master in the Pay allowed to masters and pass-navy, or passed midshipman, holding an acting appointment as master ed midshipmen from the Secretary of the Navy, has performed, or shall hereafter per- acting as masters, form, the duty of a lieutenant, under an order of the commander of the the duties of lieuvessel to which he was or shall be at the time attached, to supply a tenants. deficiency in the established complement of lieutenants of said vessels, whether belonging to a squadron or on separate service, which order shall have been subsequently approved by the Secretary of the Navy, [he] shall be allowed the pay of a master for the period or periods during which he shall have performed such duty.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That in calculating for the pay Pay of surgeons in the navy, hereafter, the time upon the graduated scale in the navy. of pay shall be reckoned from their original entry into the service.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy Secretary to rebe, and he is hereby, directed to report to Congress, at the commence-annually, the ment of the next session, the number of persons in the naval service number of perflogged in each of the years eighteen hundred and forty-six and eigh- sons flogged in the navy, &c. teen hundred and forty-seven, specifying the name of the ship, the offence, the sentence, and the number of lashes inflicted; and it shall be his duty to make a similar report for each year thereafter.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That, on the application of the tain appropria-Secretary of the Navy, the President of the United States be authorized, tions authorized. when, in his opinion, the contingencies of the public service may require it, to transfer any portion of the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars of unexpended balances of former appropriations, mentioned in the first section of this act, from one head of appropriation to any other head of the appropriations made for the naval service; and in all cases of such transfer, a special account of the moneys trans-

Proviso as tc

Appropriation for said docks.

How applied.

1847, ch. 48.

Pay of surgeons

co Congress.

Net proceeds of postages collected in the several carrying the United States mails; plied.

The provision of the naval ap-propriation act of 3d March, 1843, ch. 83, requiring that all articles for use of the navy be furnished by contract with the lowest bidder, tracts for tobacco.

Number of professors of mathematics in the navy not to ex-ceed twelve. Their duties and pay.

in the naval service to be placed in such lunatic hospitals as the Secretary of the Navy may direct.

Number of midshipmen increased to 464. 842, ch. 121.

Proviso as to .ppointments. 1845, ch. 77,

Report thereof ferred, and their application, shall be laid before Congress at each session, previous to its adjournment.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Postmaster-General, under the direction of the President, to cause the lines of steamers net receipts of postages collected on the several lines of steamers from New York to Liverpool, from New York to Chagres, and from Panahow to be ap- ma to some point in the Territory of Oregon, stipulated for in contracts made with the Secretary of the Navy, to be deposited in the treasury to the credit of the appropriation for the annual compensation for the service to be rendered under said contracts, or otherwise apply the said postages in payment of the said annual compensation.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That so much of the proviso of the act of third of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the half calendar year beginning the first of January, and ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four," &c., as requires that materials of every name and nature for the use of the navy be furnished by contract with the lowest bidder, be, and the same modified so far as is hereby, so far modified, that it shall be lawful for the Secretary of relates to con- the Navy, hereafter, to enter into contract for tobacco, from time to time, as the service requires, for a period not exceeding four years; and in making such contracts, he shall not be restricted to the lowest bidder, unless, in his opinion, economy and the best interests of the service will be thereby promoted.

> SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the number of professors of mathematics in the navy shall not exceed twelve; that they shall be appointed and commissioned by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall perform such duties as may be assigned them by order of the Secretary of the Navy, at the Naval School, the Observatory, and on board ships-of-war, in instructing the midshipmen of the navy, or otherwise. That when on duty, the pay of a professor of mathematics shall be at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars per annum, with a ration; and when on leave of absence or waiting orders, the pay shall be at the rate of eight hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy insane persons be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause persons in the naval service or marine corps, who shall become insane while in the service, to be placed in such lunatic hospital as in his opinion will be most convenient and best calculated to promise a restoration of reason; and that in addition to the pay which may from time to time be due to such person, he may, from the annual appropriation for the naval service, under the head of contingent enumerated, pay any deficiency of a reasonable expense; provided, that in each case it does not exceed one hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the proviso of the act of August fourth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, limiting the number of officers of the navy of the grade of midshipmen to the number that were in service on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-one, be, and is hereby, so modified as to authorize the appointment of officers of that grade, to the number of four hundred and sixty-four: Provided, That the appointments shall be made according to the directions of the fifth section of the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six;" and in appointing from each State, hereafter, its proportion of officers of that grade, the appointments shall be apportioned, as nearly as practicable, equally among the several congressional districts therein.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, the annual pay of boatswains, gunners, carpenters, and sail- boatswains, gunmakers at the navy-yard at Pensacola shall be the same as now allowed and sail-makers, by law to the forward warrant officers at the navy-yards at Boston, at Pensacola, es-New York, and Norfolk.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That the restriction established by the fourth section of the act approved March third, eighteen hun- 1845, ch. 77, redred and forty-five, whereby no more than one hundred and eighty lating to the passed midshipmen, and those senior in rank, shall at the same time midshipmen rereceive the pay fixed by law for that class of officers, be suspended in ceiving pay, susits operation from the passage of this act, until the class of eighteen pended. hundred and forty-one and eighteen hundred and forty-two shall have been examined, and the relative rank established among those who shall pass their examination.

APPROVED, August 3, 1848.

CHAP. CXXII. - An Act supplemental to an Act to confirm the Survey and Location of Claims for Lands in the State of Mississippi, east of the Pearl River, and south of the thirty-first Degree of North Latitude, approved March three, eigh-teen hundred and forty-five.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all confirmed claims and settlement rights for lands situate in the State of Mississippi, east of the Pearl River and south of thirty-first degree of north latitude, which had not been actually surveyed on the ground, and for which no plats of actual survey had been returned to the surveyor- tual surveys heregeneral's office south of Tennessee, on or before the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, shall be, and are hereby, confirmed, according to actual surveys hereafter to be made as herein provided for, in the same manner that said claims actually surveyed on the ground, and returned to the surveyor-general's office at the time aforesaid, are confirmed by the act to which this is a supplement; and the surveyor-general is hereby authorized and directed, on request of any party interested, to cause the survey of said claims, without delay, and at any time between the passage of this. act and made and returns the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty, to be made and register and rereturned to his office, and he shall certify the return and plats of such ceiver for the Auactual surveys, so made, to his office, to the register and receiver for trict. lands in the Augusta district for said State. And the surveyor-general, and the said register and receiver, shall regard these claims and plats of actual survey, in all respects, upon the same footing with the claims confirmed as actually surveyed upon the ground, by said act to which this is a supplement, and subject to, and entitled to, the benefits of all the provisions of said act: Provided, That if it shall appear to the surveyor-general, from the plats of actual survey already returned survey cannot be to his office, that any of said claims cannot now be actually surveyed on the ground, owing to their conflict with other claims already confirmed as actually surveyed on the ground, by the act to which this is a supplement, then it shall be lawful for him to grant to the claimant, so deprived of his location, a warrant, as provided by the fourth section of said act, without causing the survey to be made.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all warrants which have Warrants issued been heretofore issued, or which shall hereafter be issued, by the sur- by the surveyorveyor-general south of Tennessee, under the provisions of the original general south of act to which this is a supplement, and under the provisions of this act, the act to which act to which this is a supplement, and under the provisions of this act, this is a supple-be, and they are hereby, authorized to be located upon any lands subject this is a supple-ment, may be loto sale at private entry in the State of Mississippi, in any of the land cated upon any Vol. IX. Pub. - 35

Annual pay of

Restriction in act of 3d March,

Aug. 5, 1848.

1845, ch.46.

Certain land claims in the State of Missisthe sippi confirmed according to acafter to be made.

Surveys to be certified to the

Proviso: when made.

the State of Mississippi.

lands subject to districts in said State, in the same manner that said warrants are now private entry in authorized to be located in the Augusta land district. APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

Aug. 7, 1848.

CHAP. CXLI. - An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to license Yachts, and for other Purposes.

pleasure vessels, &c., to be lithat will allow them to proceed States without clearance.

Proviso: such allowed to transport merchandise.

bonds.

Such vessels to be subject in all respects to the laws of the United States.

Shall use signals, &c.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Yachts used as United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to cause yachts used and emcensed on terms ployed exclusively as pleasure vessels, and designed as models of naval architecture, and now entitled to be enrolled as American vessels, to them to proceed from port to port be licensed on terms which will authorize them to proceed from port in the United to port of the United States without entering or clearing at the custom-Such license shall be in such form as the Secretary of the house. Treasury may prescribe: Provided, Such vessels so enrolled and vessels not to be licensed shall not be allowed to transport merchandise or carry passengers for pay: And provided further, That the owner of any such vessel, before taking out such license, shall give a bond, in such form and for Owners of such such amount as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, condivessels to give tional that the said vessel shall not engage in any unlawful trade, nor in any way violate the revenue laws of the United States, and shall comply with the laws in all other respects.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all such vessels shall, in all respects, except as above, be subject to the laws of the United States, and shall be liable to seizure and forfeiture for any violation of the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all such licensed yachts shall use a signal of the form, size, and colors prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, and the owners thereof shall at all times permit the naval architects in the employ of the United States to examine and copy the models of said yachts.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

Aug. 7, 1848.

State of Alabama divided into three judicial districts.

Southern district

Middle district.

Northern dis- ery. trict.

Terms of the District Court for the middle dis-trict to be hereheld after Montgomery.

CHAP. CXLIII. - An Act to change the Place of holding the District Court of the United States for the Middle District of Alabama, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Alabama shall be, and the same is hereby, divided into three districts in manner following, to wit:

The counties of Mobile, Washington, Baldwin, Sumpter, Clarke, Marengo, Green, Pickens, Wilcox, Monroe, Conecuh, shall compose one district, to be called the southern district, and a court shall be held for the said district, as heretofore, at Mobile.

The counties of Montgomery, Autauga, Coosa, Tallapoosa, Chambers, Talladega, Randolph, Macon, Russell, Barbour, Pike, Henry, Dale, Coffee, Covington, Lowndes, Dallas, Perry, Bibb, Shelby, and Tuscaloosa, shall hereafter compose one district, to be called the middle district, and a court shall be held for the said district at Montgom-And the residue of the counties of said State shall hereafter compose the northern district of Alabama, and a court shall be held for the same, as heretofore, at Huntsville.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the next term of the District Court for the said middle district, and every term thereafter, shall be held at Montgomery; and the clerk and marshal of said middle district are hereby required, forthwith, to remove all the books, and papers, and records, belonging to their respective offices from Tuscaloosa to Montgomery.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all causes at law or in All causes pendchancery, pending in the said District Courts at Mobile and Huntsville, ing in the United or in the Circuit Court of the United States at Mobile, in which the Mobile defendant or defendants reside in the middle district (as hereby estab- Huntsville lished) at the time of serving process, shall be transferred for trial to which the dethe District Court for the said middle district, and be proceeded in, the middle disheard, adjudged, and determined in the same manner as though origi-referred to District nally commenced or prosecuted in the said court; and it shall be the Court for said disduty of the clerks of the said courts at Huntsville and Mobile safely to trict. transmit to the clerk of the District Court at Montgomery the original papers in all cases hereby ordered to be transferred, together with a transcript of all orders and other proceedings had thereon.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all laws or parts of laws Conflicting laws contravening or opposed to the provisions of this act, be, and the same repealed. are hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

CHAP. CXLIV. - An Act to annex the Town of Essex, in the State of Massachusetts, to the Collection District of Gloucester.

Be it enacted by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the town of Essex, in the State of Massachusetts, now included in the collection Mass., annexed to the collection district of Newburyport, shall hereafter be included in, and form a part district of Glou of, the collection district of Gloucester.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

CHAP. CXLV. - An Act to annex that Part of the State of Indiana bordering on Lake Michigan to the Chicago Collection District.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the thirtieth day of September next, all that part of the State of Indiana the thirtieth day of September next, an that part of the State of Ulipoint Michigan annex-bordering on Lake Michigan, and heretofore included in the Detroit Michigan annex-collection district, be, and the same is hereby, annexed to, and made ed to the collec-tion district of a part of, the collection district of Chicago, in the State of Illinois.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

CHAP. CXLVII. - An Act for the Relief of those Preemption Claimants upon the Miami Lands in Indiana, who, by their Services in the Mexican War, are entitled to Bounty Land.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That those persons who are entitled to bounty land warrants for one hundred and sixty claimants acres in virtue of their own services during the present war with Mexico, and who may likewise be entitled to the right of preëmption upon the Miami lands in Indiana, under the act of the third of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall have the privilege of applying their warrants in payment or part payment for the tract to which they may establish their right of preëmption ; said warrant to be estimated, when received as aforesaid, at the sum of one dollar and twenty-five cents for each acre therein contained: Provided, That in no case shall the government be required to refund any excess of the estimated amount of said warrants, over and above the price of the tract claimed to be entered; and should the tract claimed to be entered as aforesaid exceed, at the rate fixed by law, the said sum, then and in such case the balance of the purchase money of said tract shall be paid in cash.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

Aug. 7, 1848.

Town of Essex, cester.

Aug. 7, 1848.

That part of the State of Indiana Chicago.

Aug. 7, 1848.

Preemption claimants upon the Miami lands in Indiana entitled to bounty lands may apply their warrants in payment.

1846, ch. 77.

Proviso.

Aug. 11, 1848.

The commissioner and consuls of the United States appointed to reside in China vested with judicial authority.

May arraign and try all citizens of the United States against fences law in the dominupon conviction, sentence the offenders.

1850, ch. 65.

Their jurisdiction in regard to civil rights.

Laws of the United States extended over the citizens of the United States in China; and when they are deficient, the common law extended in like manner.

Where tions, supply such defects.

The commisadvice of the several consuls, to sary regulations, decrees, &c., for carrying the provisions of this act into effect.

CHAP. CL. - An Act to carry into Effect certain Provisions in the Treaties between the United States and China and the Ottoman Porte, giving certain judicial powers to Ministers and Consuls of the United States in those Countries.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, to carry into full effect the provisions of the treaty of July third, eighteen hundred and forty-four, with the Chinese empire, the commissioner and the consuls of the United States, duly appointed to reside in China, shall, in addition to the other powers and duties imposed upon them by the provisions of said treaty, be vested with the judicial authority herein described, which shall appertain to the said office of commissioner and consul, and be a part of the duties belonging thereto.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in regard to crimes and misdemeanors, the said public functionaries are hereby fully empowcharged with of- ered to arraign, and try, in the manner herein provided, all citizens of the United States charged with offences against law, which shall be ions of China, and committed in the dominions of China, including Macao, and, upon conviction, to sentence such offenders in the manner herein authorized; and the said functionaries and each of them are hereby authorized to issue all such processes as are suitable and necessary to carry this authority into execution.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in regard to civil rights, whether of property or person, the said functionaries are hereby vested with all the judicial authority necessary to execute the provisions of said treaty, and shall entertain jurisdiction in matters of contract at the port where, or nearest to which, the contract was made, or at the port at which, or nearest to which, it was to be executed; and in all other matters at the port where, or nearest to which, the cause of controversy arose, or at the port where, or nearest to which, the damage complained of was sustained - any such port above named being always one of the five mentioned in the treaty; which jurisdiction shall embrace all controversies between citizens of the United States or others provided for by said treaty.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That such jurisdiction in criminal and civil matters shall, in all cases, be exercised and enforced in conformity with the laws of the United States, which are hereby, so far as is necessary to execute said treaty, extended over all citizens of the United States in China, (and over all others to the extent that the terms of the treaty justify or require,) so far as such laws are suitable to carry said treaty into effect; but in all cases where such laws are not adapted to the object, or are deficient in the provisions necessary to furnish suitable remedies, the common law shall be extended in like these manner over such citizens and others in China; and if defects still the commission, remain to be supplied, and neither the common law nor the statutes er shall, by de- of the United States furnish appropriate and suitable remedies, the crees and regula- commissioner shall by decrees and regulacommissioner shall, by decrees and regulations which shall have the force of law, supply such defects and deficiencies.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, in order to organize and sioner, with the carry into effect the system of jurisprudence demanded by said treaty, the commissioner, with the advice of the several consuls for the five make the neces- ports named in said treaty, or so many of them as can be conveniently assembled, shall prescribe the forms of all processes which shall be issued by any of said consuls; the mode of executing and the time of returning the same; the manner in which trials shall be conducted, and how the records thereof shall be kept; the form of oaths for Christian witnesses, and the mode of examining all other witnesses; the costs which shall be allowed to the prevailing party, and the fees which shall be paid for judicial services to defray necessary expenses;

the manner in which all officers and agents to execute process, and to carry this act into effect, shall be appointed and compensated; the form of bail bonds, and the security which shall be required of the party who appeals from the decision of a consul; and generally, without further enumeration, to make all such decrees and regulations from time to time, under the provisions of this act, as the exigency may demand; and all such regulations, decrees, and orders shall be plainly drawn up in writing, and submitted, as above provided, for the advice of the consuls, or as many of them as can be consulted without preju- shall be taken. dicial delay or inconvenience, who shall each signify his assent or dissent in writing, with his name subscribed thereto; and after taking such advice, and considering the same, the commissioner may, nevertheless, by causing the decree, order, or regulation, to be published with his signature thereto, and the opinions of his advisers inscribed thereon, [make it] to become binding and obligatory until annulled or modified by Congress, and it shall take effect from the publication or any subsequent day thereto named in the act.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That all such regulations, orders, and decrees shall, as speedily as may be after publication, be transmitted by the commissioner, with the opinions of his advisers, as drawn mitted to the Preup by them severally, to the President, to be laid before Congress for sident, to be laid before Congress. revision.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That each of the consuls aforesaid, at the port for which he is appointed, shall be competent, under ties of consuls. the authority herein contained, upon facts within his own knowledge, or which he has good reason to believe true, or upon complaint made, or information filed in writing and authenticated in such way as shall be prescribed by the commissioners, to issue his warrant for the arrest of any citizen of the United States charged with committing in China an offence against law; and when arrested, to arraign and try any such offender; and upon conviction, to sentence him to punishment in the manner herein prescribed; always meting out [punishment] in a manner proportioned to the offence; which punishment shall, in all cases, except as is herein otherwise provided, be either fine or imprisonment. ishment.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That any consul, when sitting alone for the trial of offences, shall finally decide all cases where the the decision of a fine imposed does not exceed one hundred dollars, or the term of cases. imprisonment does not exceed sixty days, and there shall be no appeal therefrom, except as provided in section eleven of this act.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That when sitting alone he may also decide all cases in which the fine imposed does not exceed five the defendant may appeal to the hundred dollars, or the term of imprisonment does not exceed ninety commissioner. days; but in all such cases, if the fine exceeds one hundred dollars, or the imprisonment exceeds ninety days, the defendant may, by complying with the requirements in cases of appeal, carry the case before the commissioner by appeal.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted. That whenever in any case the consul shall be of opinion that, by reason of the legal questions which the consul may may arise therein, assistance will be useful to him, or whenever he more American shall be of opinion that a severer punishment than those above speci- citizens for assist fied will be required, he shall, in either case, summon one or more and advice citizens of the United States, not exceeding four in number, but in capital cases not less than four, who shall be persons of good repute and competent to the duty, to sit with him in the trial, and who, after so sitting upon the trial, shall each enter upon the record his judgment and opinion, and sign the same. The consul shall, however, decide the case; but if his decision is opposed by the opinion of one or more of his associates, the case, without further proceedings, together with the evidence and opinions, shall be referred to the commissioner for

How advice

Such regulations, decrees, &c., to be trans-

Powers and du-

Mode of pun-

No appeal from consul in certain

Cases in which

Cases in which summon one or

his final adjudication, either by entering up judgment therein, or remitting the same to the consul with instructions how to proceed therewith; but in all such cases, except capital offences, if the consul and his associates concur in opinion, the decision shall be final.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the consuls aforesaid, and each of them, at the port for which he is appointed, shall have jurisdiction, as is herein provided, in all civil cases arising under said treaty, wherein the damage demanded does not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars; and if he sees fit to decide the same without aid, his decision thereon shall be final; but if in his judgment any case involves legal perplexities, and assistance will be useful, or if the damage demanded exceeds five hundred dollars, in either such case it shall be his duty to summon to his aid not less than two nor more than three citizens of the United States, of good repute and competent to the duty, who shall with him hear any such case; and if the consul and his associates concur in opinion, the judgment shall be final; but if the associates, or any of them, differ from the consul, the opinions of all shall be noted on the record, and each shall subscribe his name to his assent to, or dissent from, the consul, with such reasons therefor as he thinks proper to assign, and either party may thereupon appeal, under such regulations as may exist, to the commissioner; but if no appeal is lawfully claimed, the decision of the consul shall be final and conclusive.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That, in all cases, criminal and civil, the evidence shall be taken down in writing in open court, under such regulations as may be made for that purpose; and all objections to the competency or character of testimony shall be noted down, with the ruling in all such cases, and the evidence shall be part of the case.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner of the United States shall, in addition to his power to make regulations and decrees, as is herein provided, be fully authorized to hear and decide all cases, criminal and civil, which may come before him under the provisions of this act, and to issue all processes necessary to execute the power conferred upon him; and he is hereby fully empowered to decide finally any case upon the evidence which comes up with it, or to hear the parties further, if he thinks justice will be promoted thereby; and he may also prescribe the rules upon which new tria's may be granted, either by the consuls or by himself, if asked for upon justifiable grounds.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That in all cases, except as is herein otherwise provided, the punishment of crime provided for by tioned, to be fine this act shall be by fine or imprisonment, or both, at the discretion of and imprison- the functionary who desides the the functionary who decides the case, but subject to the regulations herein contained, and such as may hereafter be made. It shall, howthe magnitude of ever, be the duty of each and every functionary to allot punishment according to the magnitude and aggravation of the offence, and all who refuse or neglect to comply with the sentence passed upon them shall stand committed until they do comply, or are discharged by order of the consul, with the consent of the commissioner.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That murder and insurrection, or rebellion against the Chinese government, with intent to subvert the same, shall be capital offences, punishable with death; but no person shall be convicted of either of said crimes unless the consul and his associates in the trial all concur in opinion, and the commissioner also approves of the conviction; but it shall always be lawful to convict one put upon trial for either of these crimes of a lesser offence, of a similar character, if the evidence justifies it; and when so convicted, to punish as for other offences, by fine or imprisonment, or both.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That whenever any one shall

Extent of jurisdiction of consuls.

Evidence in all cases to be taken down in writing.

Jurisdiction of commissioner.

Punishment, except in cases ment, and to be in proportion to the offence.

Capital offences.

be convicted of either of the crimes punishable with death, as aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the commissioner to issue his warrant for to issue his warthe execution of such convict, appointing the time, place, and manner; cution of persons but if the said commissioner shall be satisfied that the ends of public convicted of capijustice demand it, he may, from time to time, postpone such execu- tal offences. May nost tion; and if he finds mitigatory circumstances which may authorize such execution, it may submit the case to the Desider in a submit to the case to the Desider in a submit to the case to the Desider in a submit the case to the Desider in a submit to the desider in it, may submit the case to the President of the United States for and may submit pardon.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the don. commissioner to establish a tariff of fees for judicial services, which shall be paid by such parties, and to such persons, as said commis- tariff of fees, &c. sioner shall direct; and the proceeds shall, as far as is necessary, be applied to defray the expenses incident to the execution of this act; and regular accounts, both of receipts and expenditures, shall be kept and laid before Congress by the commissioner annually.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That, in consideration of the duties herein imposed upon the commissioner, there shall be paid to and consuls for him, out of the treasury of the United States, annually, the sum of one services thousand dollars in addition to his salary; and there shall also be paid, this act. annually, to each of said consuls, for a like reason, the sum of one thousand dollars in addition to consular fees.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That, in all criminal cases which are not of a heinous character, it shall be lawful for the parties inal cases the aggrieved or concerned therein, with the assent of the commissioner sent of commisor consul, to adjust and settle the same among themselves, upon pecu- sioner, may settle niary or other considerations.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty also of the commissioner and the consuls to encourage the settlement of and consuls shall controversies of a civil character by mutual agreement, or to submit settlement of civthem to the decision of referees agreed upon by the parties, a majority il controversies of whom shall have power to decide the matter. And it shall be the by matual agreeduty of the commissioner to prepare a form of submission for such the parties. cases, to be signed by the parties and acknowledged before the consul; and when parties have so agreed to refer, the referees may, after suitable notice of the time and place of meeting for the trial, proceed ex parte, in case either party refuses or neglects to appear; and, after hearing any case, may deliver their award sealed to the consul, who, in court, shall open the same; and if he accepts it, he shall endorse force the award. the fact, and judgment shall be rendered thereon, and execution issue in compliance with the terms thereof: Provided, however, That the parties may always settle the same before return thereof is made to the consul.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner and the May call on the Chinese authoriconsuls shall be fully authorized to call upon the Chinese authorities to support sustain and support them in the execution of the powers confided to them in the exerthem by said treaty, and on their part to do and perform whatever is cise of the pownecessary to carry the provisions of said treaty into full effect, so far as fided to them. they are to be executed in China.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of this act, so far as the same relate to crimes committed by citizens of the United States, shall extend to Turkey, under the treaty with the Sublime Porte of May seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty, and shall be executed in the dominions of the Sublime Porte, in conformity with the provisions of said treaty, by the minister of the United States, and the consuls appointed by the United States to reside therein, who are hereby ex officio vested with the powers herein contained, for the purposes above expressed, so far as regards the punishment of crime.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That the word commissioner, when used in this act, shall be understood to mean the persons vested words

Commissioner

President for par-

Commissioner to establish

Annual Report to Congress.

Compensation under

In certain crimthe same among themselves.

Commissioner ment, &c., among

Consul may en-

ers herein con-

Provisions of this act extended to Turkey.

Meaning of "com• missioner" and " consul " as used in this act.

officers All herein referred to responsible to the United States and the laws thereof.

with and exercising the principal diplomatic functions in China; and the word minister, as meaning the person vested with the powers of chief diplomatic functionary of the United States in Turkey. The word consul shall be understood to mean any person vested by the United States with, and exercising, the consular authority in any of the five ports in China named in the treaty, or in any port in Turkey.

SEC. 24. And be it further enacted, That all such officers shall be responsible for their conduct to the United States and to the laws thereof, not only as diplomatic functionaries and commercial function aries, but as judicial officers when they perform judicial duties, and shall be held liable for all negligences and misconduct as public officers.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848.

State of Georgia divided into two judicial dis-

Southern Dis

tricts.

trict.

trict.

CHAP. CLI. - An Act for dividing the State of Georgia into two Judicial Districts, and organizing and establishing an additional District Court of the United States, with Circuit Court Powers and Jurisdiction.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Georgia shall be, and the same is hereby, divided into two judicial districts, in manner following, to wit: the counties of Harris, Talbot, Upson, Monroe, Jones, Putnam, Hancock, Warren, Columbia, and all the counties in said State south of them, shall compose one district, to be called the southern district; and the courts shall be held as heretofore, and at the times now authorized and required by law, at Savan-The counties of Troupe, Merriwether, Pike, Butts, Jasper, nah. Morgan, Greene, Taliaferro, Wilkes, Lincoln, and all the remaining counties in said State north of them, shall compose one district, to be Northern Dis- called the northern district, and a court shall be held for the said district at Marietta, in the county of Cobb.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be two terms of the District Court for the northern district, held at Marietta, in each and every year, to begin on the second Monday in March, and on the second Monday in September. And the district judge of the United States for the State of Georgia is hereby required to hold the courts aforesaid; and furthermore, he is authorized and required to hold one or more special terms at Marietta, in each year, if, in his opinion, the business of the court or the public convenience shall require it to be done.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the second Monday in March and the second Monday in September in each year shall be return days for writs and executions, returnable to the said District Court to be held for the northern district at Marietta; and the parties to such suits as shall be so returned shall make up their pleadings under such rules as the court shall prescribe, in order to have the causes so returned in a state of readiness for trial at the succeeding regular term.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all causes at law or in chancery pending in the said District Courts at Savannah, or in the Circuit Court of the United States at Savannah and Milledgeville, where the defendant or defendants resided in the northern district (as hereby established) at the time of serving process, shall be transferred for trial to the District Court for the said northern district, and be proceeded in, heard, adjudged, and determined in the same manner as though originally commenced or prosecuted in said court. And it shall be the duty of the clerks of the said courts at Savannah and Milledgeville safely to transmit to the clerk of the District Court at Mari-

Terms of court for the northern district.

Return days.

Certain causea pending in the courts at Savannah and Milledgeville to be transferred to the District Court for the northern district.

etta the original papers in all cases hereby ordered to be transferred, together with a transcript of all orders and other proceedings had thereon.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all suits hereafter to be instituted in either of said courts, not of a local nature, shall be com- instituted to be menced in a court of the district where the defendant resides; but if there be more than one defendant, and they reside in different districts, trict where the the plaintiff may sue in either, and send duplicate writs to the other defendant re-sides; but if set on the district where the defendant redefendants, on which the plaintiff or his attorney shall endorse that the than one defendwrit thus sent is a copy of a writ sued out of the proper district; and ant, plaintiff may the said writs, when executed and returned into the office from which of either. they issued, shall constitute one and the same suit, and be proceeded in accordingly.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the judge of the said District Court shall appoint a clerk of the District Court of the northern northern district. district, who shall reside and keep his office, and records and documents appertaining thereto, at the place of holding said court. And the said clerk shall be entitled to the same fees allowed by law to the clerks of the District Courts in the other district in said State, perform the like duties, and be subject to the same liabilities and penalties.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the district attorney and the marshal of the southern district of Georgia shall respectively per- ney and marshal of southern district of Georgia shall respectively per- ney and marshal of southern dis-And the said marshal shall keep an office at Marietta; and duties of district form the duties of the district attorney and marshal of the northern district. his charges for mileage, in the execution of the duties of his office attorney and marwithin the said northern district, shall be computed from Marietta.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said District Court for the northern district of Georgia, in addition to the ordinary jurisdiction District Court for and powers of a District Court of the United States, shall, within the northern district. limits of the said northern district, have jurisdiction of all causes, except appeals and writs of error, which now are or hereafter may be made cognizable in a Circuit Court of the United States, and shall proceed therein in the same manner as a Circuit Court.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That appeals, and writs of error in the nature of appeals, shall lie and may be sued from the said Dis- to lie to Supreme trict Court at Marietta to the Supreme Court of the United States.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That, should the judge of the In case judge District Courts aforesaid fail to attend at the time and place of holding should fail to at-tend, business to SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That, should the judge of the the court for the said northern district, at any one of its terms afore- stand adjourned. said, before the close of the fourth day of any such term, the business pending in any such court shall stand adjourned to the next term thereof.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That all laws contravening or opposed to the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed. repealed.

Approved, August 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLII. - An Act to authorize the State of Alabama to apply certain Lands heretofore granted to that State for internal Improvements, for the Use of Schools in the valueless sixteenth Sections in said State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the lands granted to the State of Alabama for purposes of internal improvement, by the eighth section of the act entitled "An Act to appropriate the internal improveproceeds of the sales of the public lands, and to grant preëmption ments may be rights," approved September fourth, eighteen hundred and forty-one, State for the use may be, and the same are hereby, placed at the disposal of the legisla- of schools. ture of said State, at such price as said legislature may direct, to be Vol. IX. Pub. - 36

Suits hereafter

Judge to ap-

District attordistrict.

Jurisdiction of

Appeals, &c., Court of the United States.

Conflicting laws

Aug. 11, 1848.

Certain lauus granted to State of Alabama for

1841, ch. 16.

applied for the use of schools in such townships of said State as in which the sixteenth or school sections are comparatively valueless, and the legislature may locate said lands in any legal subdivisions, not less than forty acres, within the limits of said State.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848. CHAP. CLIII. — An Act to change the Time of holding the Circuit and District Courts in the State of Kentucky.

Time of holding the Circuit and District Courts of the United States in the State of Kentucky, changed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the spring terms of the District and Circuit Courts of the United States in and United for the district of Kentucky shall hereafter commence on the third Monday in May, annually, and the fail terms of the same courts shall hereafter commence on the third Monday in October, annually, and may continue in session at each term the number of juridical days now allowed by law; and all actions, suits, appeals, recognizances, processes, writs, and proceedings whatever, pending or which may be pending in said courts or returnable thereto, shall have day therein, and be heard, tried, proceeded with and decided in like manner as if the time of holding said courts or sessions had not been hereby altered APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848. CHAP. CLIV — An Act to change the Time of holding the Terms of the Circuit Court of the United States in the District of Maine.

Time of holding the Circuit Court of the United States for district of Maine, changed.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the terms of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Maine shall hereafter be held as follows, to wit: on the twenty-third day of April, and on the twenty-third day of September, in each year, instead of the time now by law appointed; and all actions, suits, appeals, recognizances, writs, processes, and other proceedings whatever, pending in said court or returnable thereto, shall have day, and be heard, tried, proceeded with, and decided accordingly: Provided, however, That when either of said days shall happen on Sunday, then the session of said court shall commence on the next day. APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLV. — An Act renewing certain Naval Pensions, and extending the Benefits of existing Laws, respecting Naval Pensions, to Engineers, Firemen, and Coal-heavers in the Navy, and to their Widows.

Naval pensions of certain widows and orphans, renewed.

1837, ch. 42.

Proviso.

Pensions to be paid so long as such widows continue as widows.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all those widows and such child or children as are now receiving a pension under any of the laws of Congress passed prior to the first of August, eighteen hundred and forty-one, (excepting the law passed the third of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven,) and those widows and children who have received pensions at any time within five years prior to the passage of this act, may and shall continue to receive the same amount as they have received under any special act, from the time such special act expired: Provided, Such act ceased on or after the first day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-five, or may hereafter terminate And all such pensions as are now in force, and such as are renewed by this act, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, so long as the said widows shall live as widows; and in case of the death, before or after the passage of this act, of the widows, to the orphan child or children of the deceased parties, until they respectively arrive at the age of sixteen years; and to the child widows, pensions or children of said widows in case of marriage by said widows, until to be paid to their said child or children shall respectively arrive at the age of sixteen children years; and that the act approved thirtieth April, eighteen hundred and teen years of age. forty-four, shall not be so construed as to exclude officers, seamen, or marines from their pensions when disabled for sea service : Provided. That the whole amount received by the pensioner, including pay for his service and pension, shall not exceed his lowest duty pay. That the orphan child or children of the deceased parties shall have a pension in case the widow has died after drawing a five years' pension, to commence at the time when the widow dies, and to continue until the child or children shall respectively reach the age of sixteen years; and that any casualty by which an officer, seaman, or marine has lost or may lose his life while in the line of his duty, shall be considered sufficient to entitle the widow, child or children to all the benefits of this act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That engineers, firemen, and coal-heavers in the navy shall be entitled to pensions in the same man-ner as officers, seamen, and marines; and the widows of engineers, and coal-heavers, coal-heavers and fremen in the area of the same mancoal-heavers, and firemen in the same manner as the widows of officers, in the navy, and seamen, and marines : *Provided*, That the pension of a chief engineer children. shall be the same as that of a lieutenant in the navy; and a pension of the widow of a chief engineer the same as that of the widow of a sion. lieutenant in the navy; the pension of a first assistant engineer the same as that of a lieutenant of marines; and the pension of the widow of a first assistant engineer the same as that of the widow of a lieutenant of marines; the pension of a second or third assistant engineer the same as that of a forward officer; and the pension of the widow of a second or third assistant engineer the same as that of the widow of a forward officer; the pension of a fireman or coal-heaver the same as that of a seaman; the pension of the widow of a fireman or coal-heaver the same as that of the widow of a seaman: And provided further, That an engineer, fireman, or coal-heaver shall not be entitled to any pension by reason of a disability incurred prior to the thirty-first of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, nor shall the widow of an engineer, fireman, or coal-heaver be entitled to any pension by reason of the death of her husband, if his death was prior to the said date.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the amount of pension in every case arising under this law [is] not to exceed the half-pay of the sion not to exceed the deceased officer, seaman, or marine, as it existed in January, eighteen of the deceased. hundred and thirty-five, or such rate of pension as is allowed by this act.

Approved, August 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLVI. - An Act to surrender to the State of Indiana the Cumberland Road in said State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the Cumberland road as lies within the State of Indiana, and all the interest Cumberland road lying within the of the United States in the same, together with all the timber, stone, State of Indiana and other materials belonging to the United States, and procured for surrendered the purpose of being used in the construction of said road, and all the rights and privileges of every kind belonging to the United States as connected with said road in said State, be, and the same are hereby, transferred and surrendered to the said State of Indiana.

APPROVED. August 11, 1848.

In case of death until they arrive at six-1844, ch. 15.

Proviso.

Pension laws

Rates of pen-

Proviso.

Amount of pen-

Aug. 11, 1848.

That part of the Cumberland road said State.

Aug.	12,	1848.
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CHAP. CLXVI. — An Act making Appropriations for the Civil and Diplomatic Expenses of Government for the Year ending the thirtieth Day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

Appropriations United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following for the year ending June 30, 1849. not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the

Congress: pay and mileage.

Officers.

Contingencies. Senate.

House of Representatives.

> Library. Officers.

Contingencies. Books.

Purchase of papers of the late Thomas Jefferson.

Proviso.

Printing and publishing said papers. Proviso: to be

done under authority of the Committee on the Library.

Purchase and printing of the papers of the late Alexander Hamilton.

President.

Vice-President. Department of State. Secretary and officers. Additional clerk in State Department provided for.

Contingencies.

Publishing the laws.

year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, namely : *Legislative.* — For compensation and mileage of senators and members of the House of Representatives and delegates, three hundred and

eighty-eight thousand four hundred and forty dollars. For compensation of the officers and clerks of both Houses of Congress, thirty-nine thousand five hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the Senate, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, and including the compensation of a clerk to the sergeant-at-arms, at the rate of four dollars per day, during the present session, one hundred and seventeen thousand seven hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents.

Library of Congress. — For compensation of librarian, two assistant librarians, and messenger of the library, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, eight hundred dollars.

For purchase of books for said library, five thousand dollars.

For purchase of law books for said library, one thousand dollars.

For paying to Thomas Jefferson Randolph, executor of Thomas Jefferson, deceased, the sum of twenty thousand dollars, for all the papers and manuscripts of the said Thomas Jefferson: *Provided*, That said T. J. Randolph shall deposit all the said papers and manuscripts of a public nature in the State Department, and execute a conveyance thereof to the United States.

For printing and publishing the said papers and manuscripts, the sum of six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: be *Provided*, The said printing and publishing be done under authorithe ty of the Joint Committee on the Library, the whole or any part thereon of to be printed as the said committee may direct; and a like sum for the purchase and printing under the same conditions of the papers and manuscripts of the late Alexander Hamilton.

Executive. — For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, five thousand dollars.

Department of State. — For compensation of the Secretary of State, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, including a salary of two thousand dollars per annum for a clerk, whose duty it shall be to examine claims of the citizens of the United States against foreign governments, and claims of the latter against the former, and to perform such other duties as the Secretary of State may designate, twenty-eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, viz.: For publishing the laws, and packing and distributing the laws and documents, including proof-reading, labor, boxes, and transportation, nine thousand dollars.

For publishing in newspapers of the States and Territories the laws of the United States, ten thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For stationery, blank books, binding, labor and attendance, furni-Stationery, &c. ture, fixtures, repairs, painting and glazing, four thousand four hundred dollars.

For printing, (letter press and copperplate,) advertising, books and maps, two thousand dollars.

For newspapers, two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

For extra clerk hire, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and four watchmen of the hire. North-east excnorth-east executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten cutive building. dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, viz. :

For labor, fuel, and light, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For the purchase of such scientific works as are necessary for the Patent Office use of the Patent Office, fifteen hundred dollars.

For compensation of librarian, three hundred dollars.

For the collection of agricultural statistics and other purposes, thirtyfive hundred dollars; which several sums, amounting in the whole to five thousand three hundred dollars, shall be paid out of the patent fund.

For defraying the expenses of chemical analyses of vegetable substances produced and used for the food of man and animals in the Uni- yses of vegetable ted States, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Patents, one thousand dollars; the said sum to be paid out of the patent fund.

Treasury Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his partment. office, twenty-seven thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the First Comptroller, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messengers in his office, twenty-eight thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Second Comptroller, and the clerks and messenger in his office, including the salary of an additional clerk, at twelve hundred dollars, authorized by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and hereby continued for one year, sixteen thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of six additional clerks in said office for one year. at twelve hundred dollars each, seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of the First Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, including the salaries of two additional clerks, authorized by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, at one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars each, and hereby continued for one year, and of an additional messenger six hundred dollars, twenty-two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Second Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, including the salaries of three additional clerks, at one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars each, authorized by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and the salaries of nine additional clerks, at one thousand dollars each, (said additional clerks being hereby authorized to be employed for one year,) and including two hundred and eighty-three dollars and twenty cents as compensation to A. B. Morton, for services in said office in eighteen hundred and forty-seven, thirty-eight thousand six hundred and thirty-three dollars and twenty cents.

For compensation of thirteen additional clerks, which the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to employ for a period of twelve months, from and after the passage of this act, at a daily compensation not exceeding three dollars, for the purpose of expediting, as far as

Miscellaneous.

Extra clerk

Chemical analsubstances, &c.

Treasury De-Secretary and officers. First Comptroller.

Second Comptroller.

First Auditor.

Second Auditor

A. B. Morton.

possible, the settlement of the accounts of paymasters of the army of the United States, and the accounts for arrears of pay of discharged and deceased officers and soldiers, recruiting officers' accounts, and the accounts of captains of companies, for company clothing and equipments, the sum of twelve thousand dollars.

Third Auditor.

Fourth Auditor.

For compensation of Third Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, thirty-eight thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of six additional clerks in said office for one year, two at twelve hundred dollars each, and four at one thousand dollars each, six thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Fourth Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, including four hundred and two dollars for services rendered by William Brown in said office, in eighteen hundred and forty-seven, twenty thousand five hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For compensation of two clerks in said office, at one thousand dollars each, authorized by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and hereby continued for one year, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Fifth Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, including the salary of an additional clerk, at eight hundred dollars per annum, fifteen thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, and the clerks and messenger and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-eight thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the recorder, draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, and packers in his office, eighty-four thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents.

For compensation of eight additional clerks in said office for one year, at one thousand dollars each, eight thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Solicitor of the Treasury, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand six hundred and fifty dollars, the salary of the copying clerk, under the act of June seventeen, eighteen hundred and forty-four, in this office, being hereby increased to eight hundred dollars per annum, from the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

Contingent Expenses of the Treasury Department. -

In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, compensation for carrying the department mails, translations, printing, including the public accounts, and for collecting and preparing information to be laid before Congress, fifteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous expenses, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For arrearages due to Robert Mayo, nine hundred dollars.

For the payment of a balance due on the treasury books to the legal representatives of John Habersham, late of Georgia, deceased, one thousand nine hundred and twenty-five dollars and ninety-four cents: *Provided*, That before payment, the proper accounting officers of the treasury shall be first satisfied that the said balance on said books is justly due.

First Comptroller.

In the office of the First Comptroller.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

Second Comptroller. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Second Comptroller. For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing blanks, includ-

for

Fifth Auditor.

Treasurer.

Register.

General Land Office.

Soficitor.

1844, ch. 105.

Contingencies of various offices of Treasury Department, viz.: Office of Secretary.

Robert Mayo. John Habersham.

ing pay for the National Intelligencer and Union, to be filed, be and preserved for the use of the office, seven hundred dollars. For labor, office furniture, and miscellaneous items, eight hun dollars.	,
In the office of the First Auditor. For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing bla one thousand dollars.	First Auditor. anks,
For miscellaneous items, seven hundred and fifty dollars. In the office of the Second Auditor. For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing bla	Second Auditor.
one thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars. In the office of the Third Auditor. For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, and labor, eight	Third Auditor.
dred dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.	iidii -
In the office of the Fourth Auditor. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, s	Fourth Auditor even
hundred and fifty dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. In the office of the Fifth Auditor. For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, three hundred seventy-five dollars.	Fifth Auditor. and
For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars. In the office of the Treasurer. For blank books, binding, and stationery, four hundred and two	Treasurer. enty-
five dollars. For labor, three hundred and seventy-five dollars. For printing, two hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars. In the office of the Register of the Treasury. For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, and labor, two t	Register. thou-
sand dollars. For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars. In the office of Commissioner of the General Land Office. For tract books, three thousand three hundred and twenty-s	General Land Office.
dollars. For stationery, including blank books and blank forms, for the trict land offices, pieces of parchment and printing patents, advert land sales in newspapers and handbill form, public notices, and p ing circulars, office furniture, and repairs of the same, and pay of borers employed in the office, twenty-five thousand eight hundred twenty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents. For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars. In the office of the Solicitor of the Treasury. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing circulars and h forms for returns of district attorneys, marshals, clerks of co collectors of the customs, and labor, one thousand and fifty dollars. For statutes and reports of the several States, one thousand do For cases for books and papers, fifteen hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. For compensation of a superintendent and eight watchmen o south-east executive building, three thousand four hundred and tw dollars.	ising orint- of la- and Solicitor. Jank ourts, s. Ilars. f the venty
For contingent expenses of said building, viz.: for labor, fuel, light, seven thousand seven hundred dollars. For rent of additional rooms and four watchmen, and inclu	

iron safes, hose to guard against fire, fuel, repairs, and labor, six thou-sand nine hundred and sixty-five dollars. For miscellaneous items, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

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War Department. Secretary and officers.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Proviso : one of the salaries in his office of \$1600 reduced to \$1400, and one of the salaries of \$1000 raised to \$1200.

Commissioner of Pensions.

Salary.

Commanding General.

Adjutant-Gen eral.

Quartermaster-General. Office of Clothing and Equipage, Philadelphia.

Paymaster-General.

sistence.

Chief Engineer.

Surgeon-General.

Ordnance Department.

Topographical Engineers.

Contingencies of various bureaus of War Department, viz. : Office of Secretary.

War Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of War, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, seventeen thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, eighteen thousand seven hundred dollars: Provided, That of [from] one of the salaries of one thousand six hundred dollars in said office, there shall be

deducted the sum of two hundred dollars, and that the same be added to one of the salaries in the same office of one thousand dollars, so that the former shall be at the rate of one thousand four hundred dollars, and the latter at the rate of one thousand two hundred dollars.

For the compensation of the Commissioner of Pensions, and the clerks and messengers in his office, including twenty-three thousand four hundred and twenty-two dollars and fifty-six cents, for per diem compensation to twenty-seven additional clerks on bounty land business, forty-one thousand and twenty-two dollars and fifty-six cents. The salary of the Commissioner of Pensions shall hereafter be three thousand dollars per annum, commencing from the first of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

For compensation of the clerk and messenger in the office of the Commanding General, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Adjutant-General, including one additional permanent clerk, at an annual salary of fourteen hundred dollars, nine thousand and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks temporarily employed in said office, one thousand dollars.

For compensation of the extra clerk employed in said office, one month and five days, during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, one hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Quartermaster-General, seven thousand three hundred dollars.

For clerks and messenger in the office of Clothing and Equipage, at Philadelphia, four thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Paymaster-General, nine thousand one hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Com-General of Sub- missary-General of Subsistence, five thousand three hundred dollars.

> For compensation of three additional clerks in said office for one year, at one thousand dollars each, three thousand dollars.

> For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Chief Engineer, five thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

> For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Surgeon-General, two thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

> For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Colonel of Ordnance, eight thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

> For compensation of one clerk temporarily employed in said office, six hundred and nine dollars.

> For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the Bureau of Topographical Engineers, four thousand nine hundred dollars.

Contingencies of the War Department. -

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, and the various offices and bureaus connected therewith, viz.:

In the office of the Secretary of War.

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, and newspapers and periodicals, one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For books, maps, and plans, one thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred dollars.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs.

Commissary-

For labor, one hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars. In the office of the Commissioner of Pensions. Pension office. For stationery, blank books, binding, printing blank forms and regulations, advertising and fuel, one thousand two hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars. In the office of the Commanding General. Commanding General's office. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. In the office of the Adjutant-General. Adjutant-Gen-For printing army register and orders, blank books, binding and eral's office. stationery, one thousand two hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. In the office of the Quartermaster-General, including the office at Quarter General. Quartermaster-Philadelphia. For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, five hundred dollars. For extra clerk hire, five thousand dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. Paymaster-Gen-In the office of the Paymaster-General. eral's office. For blank books, binding, stationery, and fuel, one thousand dollars. For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars. Office Commis-In the office of the Commissary-General of Subsistence. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, advertising, labor, Subsistence. of and fuel, two thousand dollars. For miscellaneous items, one hundred and fifty dollars. Chief Engineer. In the office of the Chief Engineer. For blank books, binding, stationery, fuel, and printing, seven hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. In the office of the Surgeon-General. Surgeon-Gen-For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, one hun- eral. dred and eighty-five dollars. For miscellaneous items, sixty-five dollars. Ordnance De-In the office of the Colonel of Ordnance. partment. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, four hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars. In the bureau of Topographical Engineers. Topographical Engineers. For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and fuel, seven hundred and fifty dollars. For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars. For compensation of superintendent and four watchmen of the north-North-west west executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten dollars. building. For the contingent expenses of said building, viz.: for labor, fuel, and light, two thousand four hundred dollars. For rent of additional offices and fuel for the same, eight thousand five hundred dollars: Provided, That the said appropriation for rent shall not be construed into a pledge or guaranty, on the part of the government, to rent said offices after the present appropriation is exhausted. For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred doltars. Navy Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy Depart-Navy, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, ment. twenty-one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars. officers. For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Navy-Yards and Bureau of Na-Docks, and of the civil engineer, draughtsman, clerks, and messengers vy-yards and in his office, including a salary of one thousand dollars for an addi- Docks. tional clerk for one year, eleven thousand four hundred dollars. Ordnance and

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Ordnance and Hy- Hydrography. VOL. IX. PUB. - 37

Secretary and

drography, and of the draughtsman, clerks, and messenger in his office. nine thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repairs, and of the assistant constructor, draughtsman. clerks, and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand one hundred

dollars : Provided, That when a captain in the navy shall be the chief Salary of chief. of the bureau, he shall receive the same pay to which he would be naval entitled if upon other duty.

For compensation of the chief naval constructor and the engineer in chief, six thousand dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, and of the clerks and messenger in his office, nine thousand three hundred dollars: Provided, That when a vacancy shall occur, a purser of the navy of the United States, of not less than ten years' standing, shall be assigned to duty as head of said bureau, receiving for his services no compensation except his highest service pay as a purser.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and of the clerks, assistant surgeon, and messenger in his office, six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said department and all the bureaus connected therewith, viz. :

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, four thousand dollars.

For newspapers and periodicals, two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and three watchmen of the south-west executive building, one thousand three hundred and fortyfive dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, viz. :

For labor, fuel, and light, one thousand six hundred and seventyfive dollars.

Rent of addi-For the rent of additional offices, and fuel for the use of the Navy Department, three thousand dollars.

> For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars. For payment of expenses of frigate Macedonian whilst employed under a resolution of Congress in carrying provisions to Ireland, such sum (not exceeding sixteen thousand dollars) as the accounting officers of the treasury charged with settling the accounts of the navy, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, may find to have been actually paid by the commander, making no allowance for his pay, which he declines to receive, and deducting from the whole amount paid by him the earnings of the ship.

Post-Office Department. - For compensation of the Postmaster-General, three assistant postmasters-general, clerks, messengers, assist-General and offi- ant messengers, and watchmen of the said department, seventy-four thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of four clerks, under the act of nineteenth May, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, for six months, at the rate of one thousand dollars each per annum, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to temporary clerks, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of the superintendent of the post-office building, Post-Office De- two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the contingent expenses of said department, viz. :

For blank books, binding, stationery, fuel, oil, labor, printing, and day watchmen, six thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

For repairs of the post-office building, repairs of the furnaces, whitewashing, glazing, casing fireplaces, and mending office furniture, five hundred dollars.

South-west executive building.

tional offices for Navy Department. Miscellaneous.

Expenses of frigate Macedonian.

Ante, p. 207.

Post-Office Department. Postmastercers.

Clerks under the act of May 17, 1848, ch. 43.

Temporary clerks. Superintendent partment.

Contingencies.

Miscellaneous.

Construction, Equipment, and Repairs.

Chief

constructor.

Bureau of Provisions and Clothoffice to be filled by a purser.

Medicine and Surgery.

Contingencies.

For compensation of the Auditor of the Post-Office Department and the clerks, and messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, eighty-five thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation to Robert B. Boyd, in lieu of his present compensation, the sum of forty dollars per month, as a watchman in the Post-Office Department.

For contingent expenses of said office, viz.:

For labor, blank books, binding, stationery, printing blanks and circulars, seven thousand seven hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

Surveyors and their Clerks. - For compensation of the surveyorgeneral north-west of the Ohio, and the clerks in his office, eight thou- clerks sand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Illinois and Missouri, and the clerks in his office, five thousand eight hundred and twenty Missouri. dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Louisiana, and the clerks in his office, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Florida, and the clerks in his office, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Wisconsin and Iowa, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Public Buildings in Washington, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to four assistants, drawkeepers at the Potomac Potomac bridge. bridge, including oil for lamps and machinery, fire-wood and repairs, four thousand two hundred and ninety dollars.

Mint of the United States. -

At Philadelphia, viz.:

For salaries of the director, treasurer, chief coiner, assayer, melter and refiner, engraver, assistant assayer, and four clerks, nineteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs and wastage, in addition to available funds on hand, seventeen thousand three hundred and forty-four dollars.

For specimens of ores and coins to be reserved at the mint, one hundred dollars.

At Charlotte, North Carolina, viz. :

For salaries of superintendent, assayer, coiner, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, two thousand one hundred dollars.

At Dahlonega, Georgia, viz.:

For salaries of superintendent, assayer, coiner, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, two thousand five hundred dollars.

At New Orleans, viz.:

For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, coiner, assayer, melter and refiner, and two clerks, twelve thousand nine hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, nineteen thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs, and wastage, together with an estimated excess of expenses over means for the previous year of nine thousand

Auditor Post-Office Department, and officers.

R. B. Boyd.

Contingencies.

Surveyors and North-west of

the Ohio. Illinois and

Louisiana.

Florida.

Wisconsin.

Commissioner Public Buildings.

Mint of the United States.

Officers.

Contingencies.

At Charlotte, North Carolina. Officers.

Contingencies.

At Dahlonega. Officers.

Contingencies.

At New Orleans.

Officers.

Contingencies.

two hundred gotlars, and in addition to available funds on hand, twenty-nine thousand two hundred dollars.

Judiciary. --- For salaries of the chief justice of the Supreme Court. and the eight associate judges, forty-one thousand dollars.

For salaries of the district judges, sixty-three thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of the chief justice of the District of Columbia, the associate judges, the judges of the Criminal and Orphans' Court. ten thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of the Attorney-General, and the clerk and messenger in his office, six thousand one hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Attorney-General, five hundred dollars.

For salary of the reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court, one thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the district attorneys, being two hundred dollars each, as prescribed by law, seven thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the marshals, as prescribed by law, six thousand six hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including the District of Columbia; also, for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures incurred in the fiscal year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and previous years; and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and of prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the apprehension and safe-keeping of prisoners, four hundred and forty-three thousand dollars : Provided, however, That hereafter, in lieu of all fees, emoluments, and receipts now allowed for taking and certifying the depositions of witnesses in civil causes, the clerk, commissioner, or other officer taking and certifying the same, shall be entitled to receive no greater sum whatever than two dollars for each and every deposition so taken and certified, and for all services connected therewith; and when the taking of such deposition shall require more than six hours, then for every additional six hours Books in the the like rate of compensation : And provided further, That all books in the offices of the clerks of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, containing the docket or minute of the judgments or decrees of said courts, shall, during office hours, be open to the inspection of any person desiring to examine the same, without any fee or charge therefor.

> For repairs of the United States court-house at Detroit, heretofore made by William R. Noyes, under the direction of the marshal, such amount as the treasury decide is due.

> Miscellaneous. - For payment of annuities and grants by special acts of Congress, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

> For the purchase of one or both of the bridges over the Eastern Branch, near the city of Washington, at a valuation to be made in such manner as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct, a sum not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, which bridge or bridges, when purchased, shall be free of toll to all persons whomsoever, under such regulations as are now in force, or as the same may be legally modified or added to, in relation to the Potomac bridge opposite said city.

> For compensation and contingent expenses of the auxiliary guard, six thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

> For annual repairs of the Capitol, attendance on furnaces in the crypt, attendance on water closets, cleaning rotundo; for public gardener and laborers, and cartage on the Capitol grounds; tools, wire, twine, leather, nails, chains and posts, boxes, straw, whitewashing,

Judiciary. Chief Justice and associates. District Judges.

Judges of District Columbia.

Attorney-General and office.

Reporter of Supreme Court.

District Attorneys.

Marshals.

Contingencies.

Proviso: fees for taking and certifying depositions.

offices of clerks of courts to be open for inspecwithout tion charge.

Repairs of courthouse, Detroit.

Miscellaneous. Annuities and grants. Purchase of bridges over the Eastern Branch.

Auxiliary guard.

Contingencies for the Capitol and grounds.

manure, and trees for grounds; attendance at the western gate of the Capitol; repairs of public stables; flagging, enclosures, &c.; keeping in order the iron pipes that convey water to the Capitol and public offices, and repairing damage by freshets; brooms, brushes, wooden spades, and shovelling snow; erecting a suitable building for the keeper of the western gates; repairing western front of the Capitol; repairing abutments of Tiber Creek bridge, and building protecting walls; painting exterior wood work of the Capitol and iron fences around the same; altering and enclosing wooden stairway from the roof of the Capitol to the opening in the dome; erecting iron fence on Pennsylvania Avenue, enclosing a part of the public grounds at the President's House; for enclosing public grounds at the north and south of the Capitol, at the western front of the Capitol, and the public grounds at the south front of the President's House, with wooden fences; grading said grounds; for suitable trees for planting nursery, seventeen thousand four hundred and ninety-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For lighting Pennsylvania Avenue from the Capitol Square to the For highling Pennsylvania Avenue from the Capitol Square to the sylvania Avenue, Treasury Department, and compensation for one lamp-lighter for the sylvania Avenue, and same, and for lighting Capitol and Capitol grounds and President's grounds, and Pre-House, six thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the sident's House. Commissioner of Public Buildings.

For annual repairs and painting of President's House ; gardener and laborers, manure, leather, nails, tools, cartage, &c., for the grounds House about the same; repairs of the fence at Lafayette Square, Fountain grounds. Square, President's garden, and repairs of gardener's house, eight thousand three hundred and sixty-eight dollars and twenty-five cents.

For grading, draining, planting, and enclosing with wooden fence the grounds south of the President's House, and extending to the canal, six thousand dollars.

For sprinkling Pennsylvania Avenue during the session of Congress, one thousand dollars.

For painting the Capitol, twenty thousand dollars.

For compensation to James Crutchet for extra work done in making the necessary fixtures for lighting the Capitol with gas, two thou- to James Crutchsand eight hundred and seventy-seven dollars and eighteen cents.

For pay for removing the mast and lantern above the dome of the Capitol, three hundred and twenty-three dollars; and for the purchase and lantern above and erection of lamps and lamp-posts of iron, and for the laying of gas pipes, and for other necessary fixtures for lighting the Capitol grounds with gas, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars.

For laying gas pipes from the main gas pipe at the Capitol to the foot of Fifteenth Street, on both sides of Pennsylvania Avenue, and for one hundred lamp-posts and lamps and other necessary fixtures, and for work and materials rendered and supplied in establishing the same, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, a sum not exceeding ten thousand dollars; and it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Public Buildings to have the pipes fully and sufficiently tested and proved before they are received.

For laying eight hundred feet of gas pipe from the foot of Fifteenth Street to the President's House; and sixteen hundred feet of branch pipe through the house, thirty single burners, pendants, and brackets in the kitchen and passages below, twenty brackets in the bed-rooms, fifty double brackets in the other rooms, five four-light chandeliers, four six-light do., six eight-light do., two twelve-light do., altering chandeliers in the east room, and for all other necessary fixtures for completing the same, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, a sum not exceeding five thousand dollars.

Lighting Pennand

Contingencies for President's and

Painting the

et.

Removing mast the dome of the Capitol.

Gas pipes, &c.

Lamps, lampposts, and gas pipes.

Washington Gas Company, for lighting the Capitol and grounds.

Grading and planting the public mall.

Repairs at lazaretto, Philadelphia.

Coast survey.

Payment to clerks of District Courts for preparing statements of cases of bankruptcy.

Proviso.

Miscellaneous claims.

Proviso.

Marshal northern district, Florida.

Assistant treasurers.

Treasurers of the mint at Philadelphia and New Orleans.

Clerks.

1846, ch. 90.

Chief clerk to treasurer, New York.

Contingencies under the Independent Treasury act.

1846, ch. 90.

Compensation to special agents.

Insane paupers of District of Columbia.

Penitentiary of District of Columbia.

For paying the Washington Gas Company for lighting the Capitol and Capitol grounds, including fixtures furnished to the thirty-first of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to be paid under the direction of the Committee on Public Buildings, two thousand dollars.

For grading, planting with trees, and enclosing with a substantial wooden fence for their protection, the public mall from Seventh Street westward to the Potomac River, three thousand six hundred and twenty-eight dollars.

For necessary repairs of the public property at the lazaretto, at Philadelphia, eight hundred and thirty-two dollars.

For survey of the coast of the United States, including compensation to superintendent and assistants, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

For the further prosecution of the survey of the northern and northwestern lakes, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For payment to clerks of the District Courts of the United States, for statements of the proceedings under the bankrupt act, made in pursuance of the resolution of the House of Representatives of the twenty-fifth March, eighteen hundred and forty-four, at the rate of fifteen cents for each application for relief under said act, six thousand one hundred and sixty-six dollars and twenty cents: Provided, That no clerk shall receive any portion of the money hereby appropriated until he shall have settled his account with the proper department, as required by the act of Congress in such case made and provided: Provided, also, That no part of such compensation shall be paid to clerks whose annual compensation has exceeded three thousand dollars.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims, not otherwise provided for, as shall be admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, five thousand dollars : *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation

shall be drawn from the treasury, except in pursuance of some law or resolution of Congress authorizing the expenditure.

For services rendered by the marshal of the northern district of Florida in removing intruders from the military reservation, and from within the Indian boundary in Florida, three hundred and four dollars and five cents.

For salaries of assistant treasurers of the United States at New York, Boston, Charleston, and St. Louis, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

For additional salaries of treasurers of the mint at Philadelphia and branch mint at New Orleans, one thousand dollars.

For salaries of ten clerks authorized by the act of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, including an increase of one hundred dollars per annum to the salary of each of said clerks, from the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, nine thousand dollars.

For salary of chief clerk to the assistant treasurer, New York, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses under the act for the safe-keeping, collection, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, fifteen thousand dollars : *Provided*, That no part of said sum of fifteen thousand dollars shall be expended for clerical services.

For compensation to special agents to examine books, accounts, and money on hand in the several depositories, under the act of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, five thousand dollars.

For the support, clothing, and medical treatment of insane paupers of the District of Columbia, five thousand seven hundred dollars.

For the warden, clerk, physician, chaplain, three assistant keepers, five guards, messenger, and three inspectors of the penitentiary of the District of Columbia, six thousand two hundred and eighty-three dollars and eighty cents : Provided, That the inspectors shall hereafter receive one hundred dollars each per annum, instead of the sum ries of inspectors they now receive, and that they shall perform the duties now performed by their clerk without any additional compensation; and so much of the act of February twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, and all other acts, or parts of acts, as are inconsistent with this provision, are hereby repealed.

For the support, attention, and medical treatment of twelve transient pauper medical or surgical patients in the Washington Infirmary, two twelve transient thousand dollars, to be expended under the supervision of the Commis- in Washington sioner of Public Buildings: Provided, The physicians and surgeons Infirmary. of the aforesaid Infirmary give bonds for the maintenance of twelve pauper transient patients during one year, if application be made for their reception, or bind themselves to keep rooms for the accommodation for [of] twelve pauper patients weekly, on an average, during the year.

For bringing to the seat of government the votes for President and Vice-President of the United States, nine thousand dollars: *Provided*, of government the votes for Pre-That from and after the passage of this act, the person appointed by sident and Vicethe electors of any State to deliver to the President of the Senate a President. list of the votes for President and Vice-President shall be allowed, on delivery of said list, twelve and an half cents for every mile of the estimated distance, by the most usual route, from the place of meeting messengers. of the electors for such State to the seat of government for the United States, going and returning; and all laws and parts of laws, inconsistent with this proviso, are hereby repealed.

For expenses of loans and treasury notes, fifteen thousand dollars. To make good a deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick seamen, twelve thousand dollars.

To enable the Clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for two fund for relief of thousand seven hundred and sixty copies of the Congressional seamen. Globe and Appendix for the second session of the twenty-ninth Con- Globe and Apgress, delivered to the members of the House of that Congress, under pendix. the resolution of first March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and eight dollars.

To enable the Clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for two thousand seven hundred and sixty copies of the Congressional Globe and Appendix of the present session, under the resolution of first March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, when they shall have been delivered to the members of the House of Representatives, sixteen thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

To enable the Secretary of the Senate to pay James A. Houston for three hundred and fifty bound copies of the proceedings and debates of ton for reports of the Senate, for the present session, as published by him, and for an analytical index to the same, to be furnished to the members of the House of Representatives and Senate, two thousand five hundred dollars.

To provide for a deficiency in the appropriation for the contingent expenses of the Senate, for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, fifteen thousand dollars.

For payment of the first volume of the fifth series of the Documentary History, under contract with the Secretary of State, twenty-four History. thousand three hundred and twenty-seven dollars.

To pay for three hundred and fifty copies of a compend of the revenue laws of the United States, compiled by Thomas F. Gordon, at the for compend of instance and for the use of the Treasury Department, four thousand two hundred and seventy dollars.

For furniture and fixtures for the custom-house building, including

Proviso : sala-

1831, ch. 31,

Support,&c., of Proviso.

Bringing to seat

Mileage of

Post. p. 417.

Expenses of loans and treasury notes. Deficiency in Congressional

James A. Housdebates, &c.

Deficiency in appropriation for contingencies of Senate.

Documentary

T. F. Gordon revenue laws.

For furniture,

For continuing the construction of the custom-house in the city of

For the purchase of a site for a custom-house in Charleston. South

Savannah, thirty thousand dollars.

ty thousand dollars already appropriated.

construction, and the post-office, United States court-room and offices at Wilmington. repairs of custom- North Carolina, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. houses, viz. : Wilmington, N. Carolina.

Savannah. Charleston, S. Carolina.

New Orleans.

Boston.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house in the city of New Orleans, one hundred and thirty thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars.

Carolina, one hundred thousand dollars, in addition to the sum of thir-

For paying the outstanding claims on account of the new customhouse at Boston, and for completing the work, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For repairing the custom-house at Wiscasset, in the State of Maine, and for purchasing the land on which it stands, two thousand two hundred dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For repairing and painting the custom-house at Portland; in the State of Maine, three hundred dollars.

For refunding certain duties paid by colleges, academies, schools, and seminaries of learning in the United States, on philosophical apparatus, instruments, books, maps, and charts, agreeably to the provisions of an act passed July thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act reducing the duty on imports, and for other purposes," the sum of seven thousand dollars; and hereafter all philosophical apparatus, instruments, books, maps, and charts; statues, statuary, busts, and casts, of marble, bronze, alabaster, or plaster of Paris; paintings, drawings, engravings, etchings, specimens of sculpture, cabinets of coins, medals, gems, and all collections of antiquities, provided the same be specially imported in good faith for the use of any society incorporated or established for philosophical or literary purposes, or for the encouragement of the fine arts, or for the use or by the order of any college, academy, school, or seminary of learning in the United States, shall be imported into the United States free of duty, any thing in the act above named to the contrary notwithstanding.

For grading and gravelling Four-and-a-half Street, from Maryland Avenue to the arsenal grounds, and flagging the west side, four thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For grading and gravelling Indiana Avenue, from Third Street to the Capitol Hill, and constructing culvert under the same, thirteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For paving the remainder of the centre space of Pennsylvania Avenue to Fifteenth Street, four thousand dollars.

For paving Fifteenth Street, in front of the Treasury Department, and of the street in front of the President's House to Seventeenth Street, to be executed in the same manner as was prescribed for the paving of Pennsylvania Avenue, twelve thousand seven hundred dollars: **Provided**, That all the foregoing appropriations for paving shall be laid out under the direction of the War Department; and that the Secretary of War shall appoint an engineer to make the necessary levels and surveys for all the said improvements of said streets and avenues: Provided, That all of such work be done by contract to the lowest responsible bidder, or bidders, after giving thirty days' public notice in such newspapers as shall be selected by the Secretary of War in the cities of Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York.

To reimburse to the city of Washington the amount advanced to the Commissioner of Public Buildings to finish the repair of the Potomac bridge, twelve hundred dollars.

Portland.

Wiscasset.

Refunding certain duties paid by colleges, academies, &c.

1846, ch. 270.

Books, &c., im-ported for col-leges, &c., to be duty free.

Grading, gravelling, &c., streets and avenues in Washington city.

Repairs of Potomac bridge.

For expenses of the survey of the boundary line between the United Survey of north-States and the British provinces, four thousand eight hundred and thir- eastern boundary line. teen dollars and seventy-five cents.

For continuing the publication of the works of the exploring expedition, including the printing of the charts, the pay of the scientific lication of works of exploring excorps, salary of the horticulturist, and care of the collection, thirty pedition. thousand seven hundred and fifty-three dollars.

For the purpose of restoring, by reconstruction under the direction of the Secretary of State, the maps showing the demarcation of boun-destroyed by fre. dary under the treaty of Washington, of August ninth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, which were destroyed by fire, at the city of Washington, on the night of April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and of procuring the authentication thereof, ten thousand dollars.

For repayment to Virginia of money paid by that State, under judgments of her courts against her, to revolutionary officers and soldiers, paid under judgand their representatives, for half-pay and commutation of half-pay, a ments to her resum not exceeding eighty-one thousand two hundred and seventy-three volutionary, dollars and seventeen cents: Provided, however, That the agent of said State shall first deposit authenticated copies of the acts or judgments under which the money was paid by the State of Virginia.

For the payment to Richard Fields of the balance due him on the certificate of the commissioners of Washington city, of June the twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, awarded and decreed to him under the sixteenth article of the treaty with the Cherokee nation of Indians of eighteen hundred and thirty-five-'six, six hundred dollars.

To pay Samuel Walker for work done at the Norfolk hospital, fifty dollars.

Lighthouse Establishment. - For supplying lighthouses (containing two thousand nine hundred and seventy-six lamps) with oil, tubeglasses, wicks, buff skins, whiting, and cotton cloth, transportation, and other expenses, on the same, and for repairing the lighting apparatus, one hundred and forty thousand three hundred and ninety-four dollars and sixty-two cents.

For repairs and incidental expenses, refitting, and improvements of lighthouses, and buildings connected therewith, seventy-eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For salaries of two hundred and seventy-three keepers and fifteen assistant keepers of lighthouses, (seventeen of them charged with double and three with triple lights,) including twelve hundred dollars for salary of an inspector of lights on the lakes, one hundred and fourteen thousand nine hundred and forty-eight dollars and thirty-three cents.

For salaries of thirty-one keepers of floating lights, sixteen thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For seamen's wages, repairs and supplies of thirty-one floating lights, seventy-nine thousand two hundred and sixty-five dollars and two cents.

For weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing, and supplying loss of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers, thirty-three thousand four hundred and sixty-six dollars and twenty-eight cents.

For expenses of superintendents in visting [visiting] the lighthouses annually, and examining and reporting the condition of each, two thousand dollars.

For superintendents' commissions on four hundred and sixty-five thousand seven hundred and thirteen dollars and ninety-two cents, at two and a half per cent., eleven thousand six hundred and forty dollars appropriated shall be paid to any person who receives a salary as an p. 365. officer of the customs. And from and after the first due to a salary as an

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Continuing pub-

Reconstructing

Repayment to Virginia of money officers and soldiers.

Richard Fields for balance due him.

Lighthouse establishment. Supplies.

Repairs.

Keepers.

Floating lights.

Beacons, buoys, özc.

Annual examination.

Superintend-ents' cosions.

For completing the lighthouse on Minot's Rock, Boston Harbor.

For completing the construction of a lighthouse at Monroe, Michi-

For completing the construction of a lighthouse at Wangoshance.

Michigan, thirty-eight thousand three hundred and sixty-five dollars

Lighthouses, teen hundred and forty-nine, the said disbursement shall be made by the collectors of the customs without compensation. sea-wall, lightboat, beacon, &c., viz.

Boston Harbor. Massachusetts, ten thousand dollars. Black Rock,

Connecticut.

For completing the sea-wall for the protection of the lighthouse on Fairweather Island, near Black Rock, Connecticut, five thousand dollars.

gan, three thousand five hundred and twenty-two dollars.

Monroe, Mich.

Wangoshance.

Florida.

and forty-two cents. For completing the construction of a lighthouse at Carvsfort Reef. Florida, twenty-nine thousand nine hundred and seventy dollars and seventy-four cents.

For completing the construction of a lighthouse on Sand Key, Florida, thirty-nine thousand nine hundred and seventy dollars and seventy-four cents; said sum of thirty-nine thousand nine hundred and seventy dollars and seventy-four cents, and the sum of twenty thousand dollars appropriated by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, for a screw-pile lighthouse on said Key, are hereby authorized to be applied, under the superintendence of the Topographical Bureau, to the erection of a cheap and durable structure adapted to the locality, any thing in said act to the contrary notwithstanding.

For a light-boat to be stationed on Bartlett's Reef, Long Island Sound, twelve thousand dollars.

For the erection of a beacon light on the south-west ledge in the harbor of New Haven, Connecticut, (in addition to the one thousand dollars heretofore appropriated,) five thousand dollars, or for the removal of said ledge, as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem best.

For the construction and equipment of six revenue cutters, the sum of ninety thousand dollars; the said sum to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the construction and equipment of the said revenue cutters; and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, before commencing the construction of any revenue cutter, to give public notice, for at least thirty days, in two or more public newspapers published at the city of Washington, and in such other papers published at maritime places, where ship-building is carried on, as he may deem expedient; inviting proposals for materials for, and building, said revenue cutters, to be constructed under the superintendence and direction of an officer of the revenue service; and after opening the proposals, it shall be the duty of said Secretary to enter into a contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders therefor.

Surveys of Public Lands. - For surveying, in addition to the unexpended balance of former appropriations, viz. :

For surveying the public lands, including incidental expenses, to be apportioned to the several districts according to the exigencies of the public service — the part to be applied to the surveys of the mineral regions of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, and to the location of private claims in Florida, to be disbursed at augmented rates - one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For surveying in Florida, under act of June twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, directing certain surveys in the State of Florida, fifteen thousand dollars.

For carrying into effect the act of first July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, for the relief of the bona fide settlers under the acts for the armed occupation and settlement of a part of the Territorv of Florida, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Surveys.

surveying pub-🗛 lands, including incidental expenses, viz.:

> Florida. 1848. ch. 83.

Ante, p. 242.

CarysfortReef,

Sand Key, Florida.

1847. ch. 52.

Bartlett's Reef.

New

ters.

Connecticut.

1847. ch. 52.

six revenue cut-

Construction and equipment of

Haven,

For clerks in the offices of the surveyors-general, to be apportioned to them according to the exigencies of the public service, and, if neces- of surveyors gensary, to be employed in transcribing field-notes of surveys for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of government, and for other purposes, twenty-two thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For detached surveys in the southern part of Missouri, at a rate not exceeding five dollars per mile, on account of the difficulties in surveying lakes and swamps, four thousand dollars.

For correction of erroneous and defective surveys in Illinois and Missouri, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For retracing in the State of Mississippi, to supply lost field-notes, and for the location of private claims, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For the location of private claims and correction of surveys in Louisiana, exclusive of the Greensburg district, fourteen thousand two hundred and thirty dollars.

For retracing in the State of Alabama, to supply field-notes destroyed by fire, six thousand and fifty dollars.

For additional compensation to certain deputies, as set forth in the report of the surveyor-general of Florida, three thousand dollars.

For mineral land service, to carry out the requirements of the acts of the first and third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, viz. :

For compensation of geologists, assistant geologists, laborers, packmen, and incidental expenses attending the geological examination and survey of the mineral lands in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, includ- expenses. ing the amount required for the third and fourth quarters of the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, forty thousand dollars.

For compensation of agent, assistant agent, and incidental expenses in collecting the rents required by the leases and permits issued to lead mines. minors [miners] and others in Michigan and Wisconsin, three thousand four hundred dollars.

Intercourse with Foreign Nations. - For salaries of the ministers of the United States to Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, and Brazil, fifty-four thousand dollars; and for outfit of said minister to Russia, nine thousand dollars.

For salaries of secretaries of legation to the same places, twelve thousand dollars.

For salary of minister resident to Turkey, six thousand dollars.

For salary of the dragoman to the legation to Turkey, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For salaries of the chargés des affaires to Portugal, Austria, Denmark, Sweden, Holland, Belgium, Naples, Sardinia, the Papal States, Chili, Peru, New Granada, Venezuela, Buenos Ayres, Bolivia, Guatemala, and Ecuador, seventy-six thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, thirty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, thirty thousand dollars.

For intercourse with the Barbary Powers, nine thousand dollars.

For the salary of a consul-general at Alexandria, three thousand dollars.

For paying John Hogan twelve hundred and fifty dollars for services and expenditures as political agent in St. Domingo, and in full satisfac- services as politition of all his claims for extra expenses and services in the years eighteen hundred and forty-two and eighteen hundred and forty-three.

For salary of consul at London, two thousand dollars.

Clerks in offices eral.

Missouri.

Mississippi.

Louisiana.

Alabama.

Additional compensation to deputies in Florida. Mineral land service:

Geologists, laborers, packmen, and incidental

Expenses collecting rents of

Foreign intercourse. Ministers.

Secretaries of legation.

Minister to Turkey. Dragoman.

Charges des af-

Contingencies.

Contingent ex-penses of foreign intercourse.

Consul-general at Alexandria.

John Hogan for cal agent in St. Domingo.

Consul at London.

Commissioner For salary to Sandwich Is- sand dollars. lands.

Joshua Dodge, late tobacco agent.

Compensation of sundry individuals for diplomatic services, viz.: John Randolph Clay.

Eben R. Dorr.

Jacob L. Martin.

Wm. M. Blackford.

Stanhope Pre-

Peter Parker.

A. T. Donnett.

Joseph Graham and George Lee Brent as special agents and bearers of despatches from Buenos Ayres to Paraguay. For salary of the commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, three thousand dollars.

For paying Joshua Dodge, late special tobacco agent of the United States to the various governments of Europe, four thousand five hundred dollars, in full compensation for his services, and for contingent and other expenses incurred by him during the period of his three missions as said special tobacco agent, and for services rendered to the tobacco interest of the United States.

For paying John Randolph Clay, late secretary of legation at St. Petersburg, on account of his services as chargé des affaires at said court, from the twenty-seventh day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the eighteenth day of August, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, after the rate of four thousand five hundred dollars per annum, deducting his pay as secretary of legation at two thousand dollars per annum, the sum of three thousand nine hundred and ten dollars and seventy-six cents: *Provided*, The Secretary of State shall be satisfied that the service was performed, and is still unpaid for.

- For paying Eben Ritchie Dorr for diplomatic services at the republic of Chili, from the seventeenth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, until the nineteenth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-five, five thousand two hundred and sixty-two dollars.
- For paying Jacob L. Martin, late secretary of legation of the United States at Paris, for his services as chargé des affaires of the United States near the French government, from fifteenth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, being the time intervening between the recall of our late minister, Mr. King, and the arrival of Mr. Rush, after the rate of four thousand five hundred dollars per annum, (deducting his pay as secretary of legation,) the sum of two thousand one hundred and ninety-three dollars.

For compensation to William M. Blackford, as chargé d'affaires to the republic of New Granada, the sum of one thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars, being the usual return allowance to chargé d'affaires to foreign courts.

For compensation to Stanhope Prevost, consul of the United States at Lima, for diplomatic services rendered in the absence of the chargé d'affaires from that country, the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For paying Peter Parker, secretary of legation and Chinese interpreter at Canton, for his services as chargé des affaires of the United States at said place, from the twenty-eight day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to the twenty-eight day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, being the interval between the death of Alexander H. Everett, late commissioner at Canton, and the probable arrival of the present commissioner, John W. Davis, Esq., after the rate of four thousand five hundred dollars per annum, (after deducting his salary as such secretary.) the sum of two thousand dollars.

For paying A. T. Donnett, for services as acting chargé des affaires to Portugal, from nineteenth April to twenty-fourth December, eighteen hundred and forty-one, three thousand and sixty-nine dollars and eighty-six cents.

For paying to Joseph Graham the sum of one thousand four hundred and sixty dollars, and to George Lee Brent the sum of two thousand one hundred and fifteen dollars, in full compensation for their services and expenses as special agents and bearers of despatches from Buenos Ayres to Paraguay, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-six, on a mission instituted by the chargé d'affaires of the United States at Buenos Ayres, to offer the mediation of the United States to adjust and settle hostilities then pending between the Argentine Confederation and the State or Province of Paraguay.

For interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria, one thousand five hundred guards, &c., at Constantinople, dollars.

For salary of a commissioner to reside in China, five thousand dollars. exandria. For salary of the interpreter and secretary to the said mission, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign coun- secretary. tries, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For clerk hire, office rent, and other expenses of the office of the consul of the United States at London, two thousand eight hundred of consulate at dollars.

For the expenses of running and marking the boundary line between the United States and Mexico, and paying the salaries of the officers of the commission, a sum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars.

For salary of the consul at Beyroot, five hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the third section of the "act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and for other purposes," approved the tenth of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, be, and the same is hereby, revived and continued in force for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That inasmuch as it is claimed by the Creek nation of Indians that a balance of one hundred and forty-one thousand and fifty-five dollars and ninety-one cents, being the remainder of the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars agreed to be paid in liquidation of the claims of the citizens of Georgia, to be ascertained and allowed by the arbitrament and award of the President of the United States, under the fourth article of the treaty of the eighth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, to belong to them, and the said sum of one hundred and forty-one thousand and fifty-five dollars and ninety-one cents is intended as a compromise of said claim : And inasmuch as it is a matter of doubt whether the obligation of the United States under said article extended further than to pay to the State of Georgia whatever balance might be found due to her citizens from the Creek nation : And inasmuch, also, as the whole snm of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars has in fact heretofore been paid by the United States to the State of Georgia : - it is therefore directed that the President of the United States shall cause the said sum of one hundred and forty-one thousand and fifty-five dollars and ninety-one cents, said sum of one hundred and forty-one thousand and fifty-five dollars and ninety-one cents, to be paid to the said Creek nation of Indians in the manner following, viz.: one fifth on demand, and the residue thereof, without interest, to be paid in four equal annual instalments; on condition, however, that a release of all claim for principal and interest on account of said sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars shall be first executed by the said Creek nation to the United States, in such manner as the President of the United States shall direct, in full discharge of the same; and on condition, also, that the persons to whom said money shall be paid shall make proof to the satisfaction of the President of the United States that they have full power and authority to receive and receipt for the same.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, required to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the Creek nation of Indians, or to the order of the delegation of Indians aforesaid, the sum of fortythree thousand three hundred and thirty-three dollars thirty-three and

Interpreters Smyrna, and Al-

Commissioner

to China. Interpreter and

Relicf of American seamen.

Contingencies London.

Boundary line between the United States and Mexico.

Consul at Beyroot.

Third section of appropriation act of 1846, ch. 175, revived.

Payments to the Creck nation of Indians.

Same subject

one third cents, in satisfaction of the claims of thirteen hundred "Creek Indian emigrants," friends and followers of General McIntosh, who were emigrated to the west in eighteen hundred and twenty-nine. by Col. Crowell, under the conduct and control of Luther Blake, as provided in the ninth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth of January. eighteen hundred and twenty-six : Provided, That the persons to whom said money shall be paid shall make proof, to the satisfaction of the President of the United States, that they have full power to receive and receipt for the same: And provided, also, That said money shall be paid only on condition that a release be first executed to the United States in full of all claims for principal and interest on account of the emigration of said thirteen hundred Creek Indians.

APPROVED, August 12, 1848.

Aug. 12, 1848.

CHAP. CLXVII. - An Act for giving Effect to certain Treaty Stipulations between this and foreign Governments, for the Apprehension and delivering up of certain Offenders.

In all cases in which treaties of extradition may exist between the United States and foreign govern-ments, the justices and judges of the United States and State missioner authorized by the Unimay issue warrants for the ap-prehension of any person with having comcertain mitted offences foreign governments.

to sustain the Secretary of State, that a warrant may issue,

of Copies depositions upon warrant may have been grant-ed in such ed in such foreign countries, countries, &c., may be received in evidence.

Secretary

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases in which there now exists, or hereafter may exist, any treaty or convention for extradition between the government of the United States and any foreign government, it shall and may be lawful for any of the justices of the Supreme Court or judges of the several District Courts of the United States - and the judges of the several State courts, and courts, and com- the commissioners authorized so to do by any of the courts of the United States, are hereby severally vested with power, jurisdiction, and ted States courts, authority, upon complaint made under oath or affirmation, charging any person found within the limits of any State, district, or territory, with having committed within the jurisdiction of any such foreign govcharged ernment any of the crimes enumerated or provided for by any such treaty or convention-to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the within person so charged, that he may be brought before such judge or comthe limits of such missioner, to the end that the evidence of criminality may be heard and considered; and if, on such hearing, the evidence be deemed If, on hearing, sufficient by him to sustain the charge under the provisions of the the evidence be proper treaty or convention, it shall be his duty to certify the same, deemed sufficient together with a copy of all the testimony taken before him, to the charge, the same Secretary of State, that a warrant may issue upon the requisition of to be certified, with copy of the proper authorities of such foreign government, for the surrender testimony, to the of such person, according to the stipulations of said treaty or convention; and it shall be the duty of the said judge or commissioner to issue his warrant for the commitment of the person so charged to the upon requisition proper gaol, there to remain until such surrender shall be made.

from the proper such, there is a further enacted, That in every case of complaint surrender of such as aforesaid, and of a hearing upon the return of the warrant of arrest, copies of the depositions upon which an original warrant in any such foreign country may have been granted, certified under the hand of which original the person or persons issuing such warrant, and attested upon the oath of the party producing them to be true copies of the original depositions, may be received in evidence of the criminality of the person so apprehended.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the of Secretary of State, under his hand and seal of office, to order the per-State, under his son so committed to be delivered to such person or persons as shall be office, may order authorized, in the name and on behalf of such foreign government, to such offenders to be tried for the crime of which such person shall be so accused, and be delivered to such person shall be delivered up accordingly; and it shall be lawful

for the person or persons authorized, as aforesaid, to hold such person such person or in custody, and to take him or her to the territories of such foreign persons as may government, pursuant to such treaty; and if the person so accused such foreign govshall escape out of any custody to which he or she shall be committed, ernment to or to which he or she shall be delivered, as aforesaid, it shall be lawful Creve them, &c. to retake such person in the same manner as any person accused of provided for. any crime against the laws in force in that part of the United States to which he or she shall so escape may be retaken, on an escape.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That when any person who shall have been committed under this act, or any such treaty, as aforesaid, son or persons to remain until delivered up in pursuance of a requisition, as aforesaid, this act,&c., shall shall not be delivered up pursuant thereto, and conveyed out of the not be delivered United States within two calendar months after such commitment, over out of the Uniand above the time actually required to convey the prisoner from the ted States within gaol to which he or she may have been committed, by the readiest way, out of the United States, it shall, in every such case, be lawful for any judge of the United States, or of any State, upon application made to him by or on behalf of the person so committed, and upon courts may disproof made to him that reasonable notice of the intention to make such charge him application has been given to the Secretary of State, to order the person so committed to be discharged out of custody, unless sufficient cause shall be shown to such judge why such discharge ought not to be ordered.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force during the existence of any treaty of extradition with any foreign government, and no longer.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the courts of the United States, or any of them, to authorize any person or persons to act as a commissioner or commissioners, under the provis- United ions of this act; and the doings of such person or persons so author- may ized, in pursuance of any of the provisions aforesaid, shall be good as commissioners and available to all intents and purposes whatever.

APPROVED, August 12, 1848.

CHAP. CLXVIII. - An Act concerning the Pay Department of the Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Paymaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to allow any of the paymasters of the army, who shall have been employed in the payment of volun- sion on the sums teers, during the late war with Mexico, such a commission, not ex- disbursed by ceeding one half of one per centum on all sums disbursed by them as aforesaid, as he shall deem a reasonable compensation for the risk and labor attending such service : Provided, That the said commission to any one paymaster shall not exceed one thousand dollars per annum, \$1000. from the commencement to the close of the war.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said Paymaster-General may, in his discretion, allow to any paymaster's clerk, in lieu of the pay now allowed by law, an annual salary of seven hundred dollars.

APPROVED, August 12, 1848.

CHAP. CLXIX. — An Act in Relation to the Terms of the Circuit and District Aug. 12, 1848. Courts of the United States in and for the District of New Jersey.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Circuit Court of the United States for the district of New Jersey shall here, and District after be held on the fourth Tuesdays of March and September, instead Courts for district

Te-

Cases of escape

When any pertwo months after such commitments, any judge of the United States or State or them from custody, unless, &c.

This act to continue in force during the existence of any treaty of extradition, &c., and no longer.

Courts of the States authorize under this act,&c.

Aug. 12, 1848.

Certain paymasters to be allowed a commisthem.

Not to exceed

Paymasters' clerks may be allowed an annual salary of \$700 in lieu of pay now received.

Times of hold-

changed.

of New Jersey, of the first day of April and October, as heretofore; and that the District Court of the United States for the district of New Jersey shall hereafter be held on the third Tuesdays of January, April, June, and September, instead of the second Tuesdays of March and September. and the third Tuesdays of May and November, as heretofore; and all writs, actions, appeals, recognizances, and proceedings whatever. pending, or which may be pending, in said courts, or returnable to the terms as they now exist, shall be continued, heard, tried, proceeded with, and disposed of by the said courts, in the same manner as might or ought to have been done, if the said courts had been held at the times heretofore directed by law.

APPROVED, August 12, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXIII .- An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

For the pay of the army, one million six hundred and thirty-four thousand three hundred and eighty-two dollars.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, five hundred and fifty-five thousand three hundred and fifty-one dollars.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, one hundred and four thousand two hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For payment in lieu of clothing for officers' servants, thirty-six thousand one hundred and seventy dollars.

For expenses of recruiting, forty thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

For three months' extra pay to non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, on reënlistment, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For three months' extra pay to the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, engaged in the military service of the United States in the war with Mexico, under the act entitled "An Act to amend the act entitled 'An Act supplemental to an act entitled An Act providing for the prosecution of the existing war between the United States and the republic of Mexico, and for other purposes," approved July nineteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, three millions of dollars.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel, forage in kind for the authorized number of officers' horses, and for the horses, mules, and oxen of the quartermaster's department at the several military posts and stations, and with the armies in the field, and for the horses of the first and second regiments of dragoons, the eight companies of light artillery, and the regiment of mounted riflemen; of straw for soldiers' bedding, and of stationery, including company and other blank books for the army, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's department, and for the printing of division and department orders and army regulations, six hundred thousand dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packets received and sent by officers on public service; expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, including the additional compensation to judge advocates, recorders, members, and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of March

Pay.

Officers' subsistence.

Forage.

Clothing for officers' servants.

Recruiting.

Extra pay on reenlistment.

Three months' extra pay to offi-cers and soldiers engaged in the Mexican war.

1848, ch. 104.

Regular supplies of quarter-master's department.

Incidental expenses of quartermaster's department.

sixteenth, eighteen hundred and two; extra pay to soldiers employed in the erection of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals, the construction of roads, and other constant labor, under the direction of the quartermaster's department, for periods of not less than ten days, under the act of second March, eighteen hundred and nineteen; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field, of escorts to paymasters, other disbursing officers, and trains, where military escorts cannot be furnished; expense of the interment of noncommissioned officers and soldiers; hire of laborers; compensation of clerks to the officers of the quartermaster's department; compensation to wagon and forage masters, authorized by the act of the fifth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; the various expenditures necessary to keep the first and second regiments of dragoons, the eight companies of light artillery, and the regiment of mounted riflemen complete, including the purchase of travelling forges, blacksmith's and shoeing tools, horse and mule shoes, iron, hire of veterinary surgeons, medicines for horses and mules, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of horses required for the first and second regiment of dragoons, the eight companies of light artillery, and the regi- goons and light ment of mounted riflemen, one hundred thousand dollars.

For constructing, repairing, and enlarging barracks, quarters, storehouses, hospitals, stables, wharves, and ways, at the several posts repairing, and eaand army depots; for temporary cantonments, gun-houses for the protection of cannon, including the necessary tools and materials for the objects enumerated, and for the authorized furniture for barrack rooms of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; rent of quarters for officers, barracks, and hospitals for troops, where there are no public buildings for their accommodation, for storehorses, [houses,] for the safekeeping of military stores, and of grounds for summer cantonments, three hundred thousand dollars.

For mileage, or the allowance made to officers for the transportation of themselves and baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For transportation of the army, including the baggage of the troops, when moving either by land or water; of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and horse equipments, from the depot at Philadelphia to the several posts and army depots; of subsistence from the places of purchase, and from the places of delivery, under contract, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require it to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms [for] the foundries and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots, one million five hundred thousand dollars.

For subsistence in kind, in addition to one hundred and eighty-six thousand seven hundred and fourteen dollars and forty-four cents in the treasury, one million one hundred and twenty-seven thousand four hundred and twenty-eight dollars and fifty-six cents.

For medical and hospital departments, one hundred and twelve thousand dollars.

For contingencies of the army, twenty thousand dollars.

For armament of fortifications, one hundred thousand dollars.

For purchase of ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For current expenses of the ordnance service, one hundred thousand dollars.

For the manufacture of arms at the national armories, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

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1802, ch. 9.

1819, ch. 45.

1838, ch. 162.

Horses for draartillery.

Constructing, larging barracks.

Mileage of officers.

Transportation.

Subsistence in kind.

Medical and hospital departments.

Contingencies. Armament of fortifications.

Ordnance and ordnance stores.

Expenses of Ordnance Department.

Manufacture of arms.

Repairs, &c., at Harper's Fer-

and Springfield.

Arsenals.

Purchase of land at Springfield.

Artillery drawings.

Military station on route to Oregon. Surveys.

Arrearages for fortifications.

Repeal of act to increase rank and file of the army. 1846, ch. 17. Proviso.

Non-commissioned officers, &c., of the Mexico may receive an honorable discharge.

Proviso.

Captain Caldwell for amount expended for volunteers.

For repairs, improvements, and new machinery at Harper's Ferry armory, fifty-three thousand and ninety-one dollars.

For repairs, improvements, and new machinery at Springfield armory, eighty-one thousand dollars.

For arsenals, one hundred and thirty thousand three hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

For purchase of land at Springfield, Massachusetts, adjacent to new arsenal and public buildings, ten thousand dollars.

For purchase of land at Springfield, Massachusetts, to be flowed by raising dam at upper water shop, five thousand dollars.

For expenses of preparing drawings of a uniform system of artillery. three thousand dollars.

For the two contemplated military stations on the line of communication with Oregon, thirty thousand dollars.

For arrearages of the military and geographical surveys west of the Mississippi, twenty thousand dollars.

For arrearages on account of the appropriations heretofore made for works of fortification at Mobile Point, fifty-nine dollars and ninetytwo cents; at the Rigolets, Louisiana, eight hundred and fifty-two dollars; and at Fort Lafayette, New York, seven hundred and twentysix dollars and forty-six cents - the same being the amounts expended by Lt. Col. De Russey, United States engineer, and admitted and allowed by the Comptroller of the Treasury, but not credited to Lt. Col. De Russey, owing to the want of appropriations for the aforesaid works.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the act entitled "An Act to authorize an increase of the rank and file of the army of the United States," approved May thirteen, eighteen hundred and forty-six, be, and the same is hereby, repealed : Provided, That the President of the United States may, by transfer from other regiments, increase the number of privates, of not more than five regiments, to such number as he may think discreet, not exceeding one hundred privates to each of the companies of said five regiments.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That any more commissioned [non-commissioned] officer, musician, or private in the regiment of mounted riflemen mounted riflemen, who has been in service in Mexico, shall, on appliwho served in cation, receive an honorable discharge from the service of the United States, and stand as if they had served out their respective terms: Provided, That any vacancy caused by such discharge shall be filled at the discretion of the President of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to Captain blankets for Ohio John Caldwell the sum of six hundred and fifty-seven dollars, with interest thereon from the twenty-sixth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, being the amount expended by him in the purchase of blankets and clothing for the second regiment of Ohio volunteers, while acting as assistant quartermaster for that regiment, in Mexico; and that said sum be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXV. - An Act to establish certain Post Routes.

Certain post routes establish-Certain ed, viz.:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following post roads be, and the same are hereby, established in the States and Territories, as hereafter expressed, viz. : in

Maine. — From Farmington, via East Strong, New Vineyard, and M New Portland, to Kingsfield.

From Stoneham, via East Stoneham, to North Waterford.

From Bangor, in the county of Penobscot, via East Hermon, South Levant, Exeter, Garland Centre, East Sangerville, Guilford Centre, to Monson, in the county of Piscataquis.

From Bucksport Village, in Hancock county, via Duck Cove settlement, passing the dwellings of Samuel Harriman and Joab Harriman, and thence through the Long Pond settlement and Dedham, to George's Corner, in Penobscot county.

From Augusta, via South China, North Palermo, Freedom, Knox, Brooks, Monroe, north part of Frankfort, Carlton's Corner, and Hampden, to Bangor.

From Mexico to Byron, through Roxbury, in Oxford county, and terminating the route from Wilton to Andover at Weld.

Vermont. — From Northumberland, New Hampshire, to East Burke, Vermont, via Guildhall, Granby, and Victory.

From West Townsend, Vermont, to Windham Centre.

From Cambridge, Lamoille county, Vermont, via Fletcher, to Bakersfield.

Pennsylvania. — From Sharon, Potter county, Pennsylvania, via McKay's grist mill, through the valley of the Honeyoye Creek, to Wellsville, in the State of New York.

From Norristown, Montgomery county, to Allentown, Lehigh county, via Jeffersonville, Perkiomen bridge, Schwenke's store, Frederick, Colebrookdale, and Emaus.

From Pottsville, Schuylkill county, to Millersburg, on the Susquehanna, via Llewellyn, Tremont, Bearmont, Wiconisco, and Elizabethville.

From Stroudsburg, Monroe county, to East Sterling, Wayne county, via Brackleyville, Priceburg, Indian Hill, and Covesville.

From Penningtonville, Chester county, to the Buck post-office, Lancaster county, via Coopersville, Green Tree inn, Bart's and Pasmore's.

From Oil Creek post-office, at Titusville, Crawford county, to Columbus, Warren county, via Rome, Eldred, and Spring Creek townships.

From Trexlertown, Lehigh county, to Hereford, via Millerstown.

From Worcester, Montgomery county, to Centre Square.

From Jonestown, Lebanon county, to Rherersburg, Berks county.

From borough of Clarion, Clarion county, to borough of Ridgway, Elk county, via the north-east side of Clarion River.

From Allen, Cumberland county, to Boiling Spring.

From Hollidaysburg, Blair county, via Alleghany and Ashland Furnaces, and Weakland's, to Newman's Mills, Indiana county.

From West Philadelphia, via Kellysville, Lobb's store, Springfield, Rose Tree, and Bishop's Works, to Howelsville, Delaware county.

From Sunneytown, Montgomery county, via Spinnerstown, to Emaus, Lehigh county.

From Emlentown, Venango county, to the mouth of Tionesta Creek.

From Sunville, Venango county, via Wallaceville, to Demsey.

From Cushingville, Potter county, to Spring Mills, in the State of New York.

From Allentown, Lehigh county, via Schnecksvill, to Kern's Mills. From Norristown, via Jeffersonville, Shannonville, and Lumberville, in the county of Montgomery, to Phænixville, in the county of Chester.

From Avondale, Chester county, Pennsylvania, to Stanton, Newcastle county, Delaware. Vermont.

Maine.

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From Gap post-office, Lancaster county, via Hat and Intercourse, to New Holland.

From West Penn, Suchuylkill county, to Lehighten, Carbon county. From Smith's ferry, Beaver county, via Ohioville, to Darlington.

From Dunningsville, Washington county, via Vanceville, to Hillsborough.

From Pittsburg, via Breakneck, Whitestown, and Prospect, to Brownington.

From Williamsport, Lycoming county, via Loyalsock Valley, to Cherry, Sullivan county.

From Greensborough to J. E. Taylor's store, and thence to intersect the old route at Whitely post-office, in Green county.

From Providence post-office, via John Cobb, Hollistersville, Hamilton post-office, and Pawpeck, to Tufton.

From New London Cross-roads, in Chester county, via Oxford, to Hopewell cotton works, in the same county, eight miles.

Ohio. — From Chickasaw, in Mercer county, to Cranberry Prairie, in Darke county.

From Milan to Sandusky city.

From Sabina, in Clinton county, Ohio, via Quinn's Mills and Centreville, to Highland P. O., in Highland county.

From Georgetown, via New Hope, Benton, and Greenbush, to Fayetteville.

From Wilmington, via Morrisville, Martinsville, Lynchburg, Dodsonville, Princetown, Buford, and New Hope, to Georgetown.

From Defiance, via Brunersburgh and Hicksville, to Panama.

From Tiffin, via Van Buren and Independence, to Defiance.

From Warren, via Hudson, to Brunswick.

From Lower Sandusky to Port Clinton.

From Hagerstown to Eaton.

From Jackson Court-House, via Jackson Furnace, to Portsmouth.

From Waterville to Bryan.

From Waterford, via Watertown, to Barlow.

From Jacksonville, in Darke county, by Houston's Cross-roads and Cranberry Prairie, to Cold Water or Motezuma, in Mercer county.

From Hamilton, in Butler county, Ohio, by the way of Morning Sun, in Preble county, to Richmond, in Indiana.

From Ithaca, in Darke county, to New Castine, in the same county. From Xenia, in Green county, by way of Byron, to Fairfield, in the same county.

Indiana. — From Putnamville, via Cataract Mills, Spencer, and Whitehall, in the county of Owen, and Stanford, in the county of Monroe, to Springville, in Lawrence county.

From Tipton, in Tipton county, via West Kinderhook, to Strawtown, in Hamilton county.

From Salem, in Washington county, via Leesville, in Lawrence county, to Bloomington, in Monroe county.

From Muncie, in Delaware county, to the county seat of Tipton county.

From West Unity, in Williams county, Ohio, via Angola, to La Grange Centre, in the State of Indiana.

From St. Joseph, via Williams Centre, Bannersburgh, to Defiance, in the State of Ohio.

From Leesburg to Wolf Lake.

From Bellville, in the county of Hendricks, via Danville, to North Salem.

From Brownstown, in Jackson county, via David Bowman's, to Nashville, in Brown county.

Ohio.

Indiana.

From Bluffton, in Wells county, to Fort Wayne, in Allen county. From La Grange to Goshen.

From Monticello, in White county, to Lafayette, in Tippecanoe sounty.

From Perkinsville, in Madison county, via New Lancaster, to Tipton, in Tipton county.

From Evansville, in Vanderburg county, to Cynthiana, in Posey county.

From Metea or Fulton, in Fulton county, via Perrysburg, Niconza, Laketon, North Manchester, Liberty Mills, South Whitely to Whitely.

From Washington, in Davis county, via Fayetteville, in Lawrence county, to Bedford, in said county.

From Jasper, in Dubois county, to Troy, in Perry county.

From Evansville, in the State of Indiana, via Albion and Fairfield, to Salem, in the State of Illinois.

From Warsaw, in Gallatin county, to New Liberty, by the way of Glencoe and Poplar Grove, in the State of Kentucky.

From Ponoma, in the State of Ohio, to Denmark, up to the St. Joseph River to Hamilton, in the county of Steuben, in Indiana, to Coldwater, Michigan, via Biddle's Corner, in Troy township, in Dekalb county.

From Brownstown, in Jackson county, Indiana, to David Bowman's, in Creek township, to Nashville, in Brown county.

Michigan. — From Lansing, in the county of Ingham, via Oneida, Chester, and Vermontville, in Eaton county, and Hastings, in the county of Barry, to Allegan, in the county of Allegan.

From Battle Creek, in the county of Calhoun, to Lansing, in the county of Ingham, via Bellview and Charlotte, in the county of Eaton.

From Marshall, via Olivet and Charlotte, to Lansing, the capital of the State.

From Hastings, in the county of Barry, to Vermontville, thence through Wheaton's settlement, in the town of Chester; thence to Hovey's settlement, in the town of Benton; and thence to Lansing, the seat of government.

From Marshall, via Eaton Rapids, to Lansing, the capital of the State.

From Hillsdale, Michigan, to Montpelier, in Ohio.

From Kalamazoo, in the county of Kalamazoo, via Austin's Lake, Vicksburg, John W. Backey's, Mendon, Sand Lake, Sturgis' Prairie, to Lima, in the State of Indiana.

From Brooklyn, in the county of Jackson, to Grass Lake, in the county aforesaid.

From Dexter, via Pinckney, to Howell.

From Dexter to Lansing, the capital of the State.

From Paw Paw, via Almina Centre, in Van Buren county, to Alamo, in Kalamazoo county, intersecting at that point the route from Kalamazoo to Otsego, in the county of Allegan.

From Allegan, in the county of Allegan, via the Holland Colony, to Grand Haven, in the county of Ottawa.

From Pontiac, in Oakland county, via Campbell's Corners, to Farmer's Creek, in Lapeer county.

From Brighton, Livingston county, via Hartland and Tyrone, to Fentonville, in Genesee county.

From Lansing, the capital of the State, in Ingham county, to Byron, in Shiawassee county.

From Howell, Livingston county, via Josco and Whiteoak, to Ingham, Ingham county.

From Bronson, in the county of Branch, via Gilead, to the township of Noble, in the same county. Michigan.

From Ada, in the county of Kent, via Smyrna and Otisco, to Greenville, in the county of Montcalm.

Florida. — From Milton, Santa Rosa county, via Escambia county, and Nathansville, to Sparta, Alabama.

From Milton, via Alaqua, and Ucheeanna, to Marianna, Jackson county.

From Alaqua to Geneva, Alabama.

From Marianna to Ocheesee, Calhoun county, to intersect the route from Appalachicola to Chattahooche.

From Tallahassee, via Benhaden and Shell Point, to Sopchoppy.

From Tallahassee, via Centreville, to Miccosakee.

From St. Mark's, via Newport, Wacissa, and Marion, to Monticello, Jefferson county.

From Quincy, via Rocky Comfort, to Reform, in Gadsden county. From Quincy to Secludo, Gadsden county.

From Jasper, in the county of Hamilton, via Blount's Ferry and Rawlerson's Ferry, to Centre Village.

From Pilatka to Newnansville.

From Alligator to Oleestee.

From Alligator, via Ocean Pond, Barber's and Brandy Branch, to Jacksonville, Duvall county.

From Columbus, Florida, to Troupville, Georgia.

From Newnansville, via Wacassa, to Cedar Keys, in Levy county.

From Newnansville, via Madisonborough, to Orange Springs.

From Micanopy, via Fort Clark, to Fork Harlee.

From Jacksonville, Florida, via Haddock's, Kirkland's. and Nassau Court-House, to St. Mary's, Georgia.

From Nassau Court-House, to Fernandina.

From Jacksonville, via Mandarin, Black Creek, Picolati, Pilatki, Volusia, Fort Butler, Enterprise, and Mellonville, to headwaters of St. John's River by water, and from thence by land, via Indian River, Palos, San Lucia, and Japitor, to Miami, Dade county.

From Pensacola by sea, via St. Andrew's and St. Joseph, to Appalachicola; from Appalachicola, by sea, via St. Mark's and Cedar Keys, to Tampa; and from Tampa by sea, via *Savasota* and Charlotte Harbor, to Key West, in steamers.

From Tampa, via Manatee, to Sarasota.

From Tampa, via Hitchepucksassa and Fort Gallen, to Mellonsville. From Key West by sea, via Indian Key, Key Largo, Miami, Japitor, San Lucie, Indian River, and Smyrna, to St. Augustine, in steamers.

Illinois. — From Peru, via Troy Grove, Ovid, Dewy's Mills, Lafayette Grove, Kelly's Mills, Stillman, and Kishwaukie, to Rockford.

From Ottawa, via Norway, Newark, Long Grove, and Oswego, to Naperville.

From Peru, via Como and Genesee Grove, to Mount Carroll.

From Galesburg to Knoxville.

From Wheeling, (Illinois,) via Long Grove, Gilmer, Forksville, McHenry, Ringwood, Geneva, Spring Prairie, East Troy, Elizabeth, and Waterville, to Summit, in Wisconsin.

From Farmington, via Fairview, Ellisville, and Virgil, to Macomb.

From Dixon, via Prophetstown, Portland, Sharon, Green River, and Camden, to Rock Island.

From Belvidere, (Illinois,) via Roscoe, Force's Bridge, Davis's Mills, Rightsell's Mill, and New Pennsylvania, to Shullsburg, in Wisconsin.

From Sycamore, via Coltonsville, South Grove, Hick's Mill, Lindenwood, White Rock, Paine's Point, Daysville, and Oregon, to Mount Morris.

From Wilmington, in Will county, via Mazon, to Pontiac, in Livingston county.

Illinois.

Florida.

From Charleston, in Coles county, via Sullivan, in Moultrie, to Decatur, in Macon county.

From Thompson's Ferry, opposite Cape Girardeau, in Missouri, via Thebes, Santa Fe, and Smithland, to Cairo.

From Peru, via Perkin's Grove, Ovid, Palestine Grove, Inlet Grove, Lee Centre, Franklin Grove, and Lighthouse Point, to Daysville.

From Southport, (Wisconsin,) via Pleasant Prairie, Knox Cross-corners, Liberty, and English Prairie, to Richmond, in Illinois

From Elizabeth, via Freeport, to Rock River.

From Freeport, via Cedar Creek Mills and Oneco, (Illinois,) to Monroe and Madison, in Wisconsin.

From Carrollton, in Green county, to Winchester, in Scott county.

From Mount Morris, via Niles' and Woodruff's Corners, Farewell's Ferry, and Rock Run, in Illinois, to Madison, in Wisconsin.

From Waterloo, in Monroe county, via Red Bird, Evansville, and Ellis Grove, to Chester, in Randolph county.

From Joliet, via Jackson Creek, Reed's Grove, Wilmington, Rock Creek, Bulbonia, Mount Lagun, Middleport, and Millford, to Lafayette, in Indiana.

From Wilmington, via Horse Creek, Yates' Farm, Limestone, Sammon's Farm, and Spring Creek, to Middleport.

From Fairfield, in Wayne county, to Mayville, in Clay county.

From Littlefort, via Wentworth, Angola, Antioch, English Prairie, Blevin's Mills, Solon, Richmond, Alden, Cogswell, Bigfoot Prairie, Burton Corners, Wilmot, and Manley's Prairie, to Beloit, in Wisconsin.

From Pittsfield, via Washington, New Canton, Cincinnati, Piketon, in Illinois, Rallsport, and Frankford, to New London, in Missouri.

From Virginia, in Cass county, via Keeling Berry's and Otway B. Nance's, to Petersburg, in Menard county.

From Peru, via Selby, Princeton, and Crandell's Ferry, to Rock Island.

From York, in Clark county, via Melrose, Martinsville, and Salisbury, to Charleston, in Coles county.

From Freeport, in Stephenson county, to Elizabeth, in Jo Davies county.

From Mount Sterling, in Brown county, to New Liberty, in Highland county.

From Naples, in Morgan county, to Perry, in Pike county.

From Jerseyville, via Otter Creek and Grafton, in Illinois, to St. Charles, in Missouri.

From Mount Sterling, via Liberty and Richland, in Adams county, and Kinderhook, in Pike county, to Hannibal, in Missouri.

From Peru, via Troy Grove, to Earleville.

From Mount Carrol, via Pleasant Valley, to Howardsville.

From Cass, via Flag Creek and Lyons, to Chicago.

From Dorr, in McHenry county, via Erin and Highland Prairie, to Geneva, in Walworth county, Wisconsin. From Dorr, via Hope and Boon's Mills, Hebron, to Richmond, in

McHenry county.

From Hickory Hill, in Marion county, to McLanesborough, in Hamilton county.

From Littlefort, via Gage's Lake, Hainesville, Forkville, Lamar and Merona, to Crystal Lake, in McHenry county.

From Mount Sterling, in Brown county, via Garvish Mill, to Griggsville, in Pike county.

From Sycamore, via South Grove, Hick's Mills, Lindenwood, White Rock, Daysville, Oregon, Mount Morris, Chamber's Grove, and Mount Carroll, to Savannah, on the Mississippi River.

From Rockford, via Kishwaukie, Mouth of Stillman's Creek, Daysville, Lee Centre, and Ovid, to Peru.

From Charleston, via Springville and Perry Brashear's, to Greenup, in Cumberland county.

From Ewington, via Cochran's Grove and Sullivan, to Decatur. From Greenville to Alton.

From Springfield, via Athens, New Market, Walker's Grove, Quiver, and Liverpool, to Canton, in Fulton county.

From Springfield, via Mount Pulaski, Clinton, and Marian, to Mount Pleasant.

From Dillon, in Tazewell county, via Mackinaw Point, Hittle's Grove, and Mount Hope, to Waynesville, in De Witt county.

From Rock Island, via Camden Mills, Orion, Andover, Red Oak Grove, Walnut Grove, Victoria, Rochester, Brimfield, and Kickapootown, to Peoria.

From Blue Island, via Cooper's Grove, Chelsea, Wallingford, and Bloomville, to Bulbonia.

From Greenville, in Bond county, to Staunton, in Macoupin county. From Metropolis City to Jonesboro.

From Chicago, via Gross Point, La Pear, and Oak Hill, to Littlefort.

From Middleport, via Worth, Quitman, and Butler, to Urbanna.

From Dixon, via Wilson's Mills, (south side of Elkham Grove,) Milledgeville, and Black Oak Grove, to Savannah.

From Winslow, in Stephenson county, via Warren, to Millville, in Jo Davies county.

From Dutchman's Point, via Sherman and Emmett, to Littlefort.

From Cass, via Barber's Corners, Du Page, and Vermont settlement, to Oswego.

Georgia.

Georgia. - From Griffin to Newnan.

From Albany, in Baker county, to Thomasville, in Thomas county. From Barrington Ferry, in McIntosh county, via Pendam's store, in Wayne county, and Alabaham Creek, to Waresborough, in Ware

county.

From Carrolton, via Laurel Hill, to Franklin.

From Carrolton to Van Wert.

From Troupville, Georgia, via Clyattsville, to Columbus, in Florida. From Madison, via Monticello, Seven Islands, and Jackson, to

Griffin.

From Blairsville, Union county, to Mount Yonah, Habersham county.

From Dalton, Georgia, to Benton, Tennessee.

From Dalton, via Spring Place, Murray county, and Elijay, Gilmer county, to Dahlonega.

From Rome, Floyd county, via Cave Spring, to Jacksonvile, Alabama.

From Griffin, Pike county, via English Mills, Fayette county, to Newnan, Coweta county.

From Raysville, Columbia county, via John Bently's, to Lincolnton, Lincoln county.

From Traveller's Rest, Dooley county, to Florence, Stewart county. From Halcyondale, at the fifty mile station on the Central railroad,

in Scriven county, to Reidsville, in Tatnall county.

From Reidsville, in Tatnall county, to the forty-fifth mile station on the Central railroad.

From Buckeye post-office to Towersville, in Laurens county.

From Anderson, in South Carolina, via Elberton, to Lexington, Oglethorpe county, Georgia.

From Pendleton, South Carolina, via Pulliam's Ferry, King's

Bench, Bowersville, Franklin Springs, Madison Springs, to Athens, Georgia.

From Athens, via Gillsville, to Clarkesville.

From Athens, via Dallas, Providence, to Carnesville.

From Gainesville to Argo.

Arkansas. — From Eldorado, in Union county, via Harper's, Foster's Arkansas. Store, and James Dyer's, to Athens, the seat of justice of Clairborne parish, in Louisiana.

From Washington, via Johnson's Mills, Neal's Springs, and Russey's, in Sevier county, Baker's Springs, and Mountain Fork Cove, in Polk county, to Dallas.

From Chickalah to Hot Springs.

From Lost Creek, via Hester's Bridge, on Hurricane Creek, via H. Carr's, to Pine Bluff, Jefferson county.

From Chickalah Village, Yell county, via Matthias Harkey's, via Jordan Thompson's, to Morrison's Bluff, in Johnson county.

From Fayetteville, Arkansas, via Daniel Neal's, via Henry Hasting's, to Maysville, Benton county.

From Wilmington, Arkansas, via Carysville, to Marion, Louisiana.

Louisiana. - From Hansonburg, via Copenhagen, Thomas Mere-

dith's, James Williams's, Vernon, Duydemonia, to Athens, seat of justice for the parish of Claiborne.

From Natchitoches, via Saint Maurice, Cedar Creek, Salem Mills, John Leslie's, Wyatt's, and John T. Harris's, in Monroe.

From Bellevieu, in Bossier parish, to Minden, in Claiborne.

From Alexandria to Mount Lebanon.

From Fort Jesup, via Toro, to Burr's Ferry.

Kentucky. — From Mount Sterling, via the Beaver Ponds on Red River, and the Estill Steam Furnace, to Irvine, in Estill county.

From Grayson, in Carter county, via the precinct of Little Sandy and Daniel Horton's, to West Liberty, in Morgan county, and from

thence, via Hazel Green, to Jackson, in Breathitt county.

From Williamstown, via Fork Lick, Meredith, Collins's, and Logansville, to Leesburg.

From Winchester, via Reuben Rucker's, Walter Goude's, and the mouth of Woodward's Creek, to Irvine.

From Kiddville to Walter Goude's.

From Pleasureville to Owentown.

From Poplar Plains, Fleming county, via Plummer's Mills, John's Mills, and Triplett, to West Liberty, in Morgan county.

From Thomas J. Dobbin's store to Aaron's Run, both in Montgomery county.

From Jackson, in Breathitt county, to Crockettsville, on the middle fork of the Kentucky River, in the same county.

Tennessee. — From Taylorsville, via Shady, Johnson county, to Paperville, in Sullivanville county.

From Comerville, via Dancyville, to Brownsville.

From Thorn Hill, through the valley on the north side of Clinch mountain, via Martin Cleveland's and John Dobson's, to Blain's Crossroads.

From Kingston, via Bellfonte, Erie, and Oxford, to Athens.

From Waynesboro' to Florence, Alabama.

From Elizabethton, via Greenfield, Blountville, and Arcadia, to Kingsport.

From Comerville, via Fayette Corner and Estaunala, to Denmark. From Benton to Dalton, Georgia.

From Jackson to Savanna, in Tennessee.

Alabama. - From Jasper to Springville.

From Russeville to Buzzard Roost.

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Louisiana.

Kentucky.

Tennessee.

Alabama.

From Huntsville to Montgomery, via Montevallo.

From Wetumpka, via Quitman, Chesnut Creek, and Wascahatchey, to Columbiana.

From Marion, via Dicken's Mill, Brush Creek, Centreville, and Jericho, to Marion.

From Moulton to Leighton.

From the town of Talladega to Broken Arrow, in the county of St. Clair.

From Wetumpka, via Nixburg, Socapotoy, Pinkneyville, Goldville, Wedowee, to Griffin, in the State of Georgia.

From Blue Pond, in the county of Cherokee, to the city of Montgomery, Alabama, via Jacksonville and Talladega.

From Wilderness post-office, via Carleton's store, to Mott's post-office.

From Troy, in Pike county, Alabama, via Wellborne, to Indigo Head, to Geneva, in said State.

From Benton, in Lowndes county, Alabama, via Joseph Walker's, to Warrenton, in Dallas county.

Mississippi. — From Shieldsboro', via Gainesville. Columbia, and Monticello, to Gallatin.

From Boloxie, via Augusta and Ellisville, to Paulding.

From Belfontaine, via Grenada, to Farmville.

From Ripley, via Campbelltown, to Aberdeen.

From Oxford, via College Hill, Lewellen's Cross-roads, and Robin-

son's, to Memphis, Tennessee.

From Panola to Coffeeville.

From Raleigh, via Fayetteville, Coates's Mills, to Ellesville.

From Williamsburg, via Ellisville, to Paulding.

From Paulding, via Enterprise, to Daleville.

From East Port to Fulton.

From Hillsboro' to Raleigh.

From Jackson, via Raymond, Cayuga, Rocky Springs, Port Gibson, and Fayette, to Natchez.

From Paulding, via Leakesville, to Mobile, Alabama.

From Leakesville, via Winchester, Miltonville, and Quitman, to Enterprise.

From Woodville, via Sibley's and Harvard's Ferry, to Stephen Kenedy's, (on the road from Natchez to Liberty.)

From Vicksburg, via Warrenton, to Grand Gulf, by land.

From Hopewell, via Big Creek and Jones's Mills, to Coffeeville.

From Salem, via J. H. Norton's and William McLean's, to Fenger's Cross-roads.

From Grenada to Greensboro'.

From Grenada, via Belfontaine, to Fame.

From Kosciusko, via Greensboro' and Houston, to Pontotoc.

From Greensboro', via Shongalo, Middleton, and Carrollton, to Greenwood.

From Aberdeen, via Athens, Quincy, Splunge, Grubb Springs, and Hamilton, to Aberdeen.

From Macon to Prairie Point.

From Charleston to Delta.

From Delta to Bolivar.

From Bolivar to McNutt.

From McNutt to Greenwood.

From Charleston, via Tuscahoma and Smith's Mills, to Carrollton.

From Coffeeville to Sarepta.

From Holly Springs, via New Albany, to Fulton, in Ittawamba county.

From Delta, via Husting's Ferry, to Panola county.

Mississippi.

From Herbert's post-office to Quitman, in said State.

From Vicksburg, Warren county, Mississippi, via Warrenton, Willow Springs, Port Gibson, Oakland College, Rodney, and Church Hill, to Natchez, Mississippi, eighty-five miles.

Maryland. - From Baltimore, via Cub Hill, Fork Meeting, to Bellair.

From Princess Anne, via Kingston, to Jefferson Corner, in Somerset county.

From Denton, Caroline county, via Greensborough, Bridgetown, Beaver Dams, Long March, to Sudlersville, in Queen Anne's county.

From Ellicott's Mills to Rockville, Montgomery county, via Clarksville and Sandy Spring.

Virginia. — From Blacksburgh, in the county of Montgomery, via Virginia. Pepper's Ferry, in said county, to Newbern, in the county of Pulaski.

From Martinsville, in the county of Henry, via Rough and Ready, Prunty's Union Furnace, Elamsville, and Rock Castle, in the county of Patrick, to Floyd Court-House.

From Brooksville, in the county of Albemarle, via Greenfield, Tye River Mills and Roseland, in county of Nelson, to Rose Mills, in the county of Amherst.

From Kingwood, in the county of Preston, to West Union in

From New London, in Campbell county, via Wade's, the Meadows, Halesford, and Taylor's Store, to Rocky Mount, in the county of Franklin; and the turnpike road from the said town of New London to Rocky Mount, when completed, shall be, and the same is hereby declared to be, a post road, without regard to the intermediate points herein named, if the same shall not be upon the line of said road.

From Rocky Mount, via Saunders's Mill, Long Branch, and Canady's Gap, to Floyd Court-House.

From Fincastle, in the county of Botetourte, to Covington, in the county of Alleghany.

From Mechanicsburg, in Giles county, to Perry's Store, in the county of Tazewell.

From Kenhawa to Logan Court-House, along the main State road, via John G. Jones's, near the mouth of Hewett's Creek, in the county of Boone.

From the town of Moorfield, in Hardy county, via the South Fork of the South Branch of the Potomac River, to McDowell post-office, in the county of Highland.

From Christianburg, in Montgomery county, via the Foundry, to Hillsville, in Carroll county.

From the town of Huntersville, in the county of Pocahontas, to Huttonsville, in the county of Randolph, via Martin's Bottom, Stony Creek, Old Field Fork of Elk River, Big Spring, and Mingo Flats; thence to the Valley River, and down that river to Huttonsville.

From Free Port, in Wood, at the mouth of Goose Creek, to Ritchie Court-House.

From Clintonville, in Greenbrier, via Nicholas Court-House and Pocahontas, to Randolph Court-House.

From Gravel Spring to Woodstock.

From Alexandria, via Drainsville, to Leesburg.

North Carolina. — From Asheville, through Buncombe and Yancey counties, via Garrison's, Gilbert's, Bull Creek, Indian Gap, Double Springs, Gahagen's, Big Laurel, (across the State line,) via Sulphur Springs, in Green county, (Tennessee,) and Love's, to Limestone Spring, in said county.

From Lexington, via Fulton, Mocksville, County Line, and Oak Forest, to Statesville; and that the route from Salem to Statesville be, and the same is hereby, discontinued.

North Carolina.

Maryland.

From Elizabeth City, Pasquotank county, to Newbigon Creek, in same county.

From Floral College, Robeson county, to Randallsville.

From Lumberton to Elizabethtown, or Prospect Hill.

From Gravelly Hill, by Peter's Creek, to Fayetteville.

From Cedar Creek, in Greene county, Tennessee, into North Carolina, via Allen's Old Stand, Joseph Rives's Mill, to Bald Mountain Creek post-office, in Yancey county.

From Daniel Carter's, via J. W. Anderson's, on Gabriel's Creek, in Yancey county, via Bull Creek, Walnut, and Bush Creek, to the Warm Springs.

From Warrenton to Shocco Springs.

From Lexington, by Fair Grove, Johnson's, Hoover's, and Sawyer's Gold Mines, to Ashboro', North Carolina.

From Littleton, in Halifax county, to Ransom's Bridge, in Franklin county.

Texas. — From Sherman, via Coffee's Bend, in Grayson county, to Fort Washita.

From Green's Bluff, on Sabine River, via Lawhon's Mills, to Burkeville, the county site of Newton county.

From Lyon's post-office, Louisiana, via Green's Bluff, to Sabine Pass.

From Mooresville, in Bowie county, via Old Hickory, Clear Spring, and Gertrude post-offices, to Jefferson, in Cass county.

From Henderson, via San Cosme, (Solomon Grigsby's,) Lilly's Mills, Rusk, and Murchison Prairie, to Crockett.

From Woodville, via Sandy Bluff, to Beaumont.

From Tyler, in Smith county, via the county site of Van Zandt, (Grand Saline,) Bruten's, and Four Mile Prairie, to Buffalo.

From Tyler, in Smith county, to Palestine.

From San Augustine to Marion.

From Springfield, the county seat of Limestone, to Falls of Brazos. From Houston, via E. Byren's, and F. Bingham's, to Parker's Point.

From Goliad to Port Lavacca.

From Milam, in Sabine county, via Housen Bayou (Pace's) to Bear Creek.

From Clarksville, via Tarrant and the county site of Kaufman, to Buffalo.

From Warren to Coffee's Bend.

From Fort Washita to Fort Smith.

From Henderson, via Bellevieu and Manchester, to the county site of Upshur.

From Bonham, via Greenville, to the county site of Kaufman.

From Paris, in Lamar county, to Pine Bluffs, in Red River county.

From Henderson, via Pecantown and Sugar Hill, to Grand Bluffs, in Panola county.

From Port Caddo, via Clinton, in Cass county, to Moore's postoffice, in Bowie county.

From Fulton, on Red River, via Moore's Ferry, on Sulphur Fork, William's Bluff, and Clinton, in Cass county, to Jefferson.

From Beaumont, via Village Creek, Jefferson county, and Jonas Cravy's, in Tyler county, to Town Bluff.

From Nacogdoches to Ewingsville, in Angelina county.

From Austin, via Cameron, to the Falls of Brazos, and the route from Springfield to Buffalo shall be so changed as to pass through Tawackany Hills, and Corsicanna, the county site of Navarro.

From Gonzales to Goliad.

From Corsicanna, the county site of Navarro, via Porter's Bluff, to Buffalo.

Texas.

From Hodge's post-office, in Fort Bend county, to Arnold's postoffice, in Austin county, via Gasten's, Wade's, and Stephen Tippett's.

From Houston to Gonzales, via Richmond, Columbus, and Petersburg.

From Galveston to Columbia, via Virginia Point and Garen Hines.

From Passo Cavallo to Corpus Christi, via Lamar, Copano, and Aransas Pass.

From Lagrange to Goliad, via Chisholm's Ferry.

From Indian Point to Victoria.

From San Antonio to Victoria, via Goliad.

From Refugio to Lamar.

From Columbia to Matagorda, via Brazoria, Cedar Lake, and Caney.

From Lagrange to Texana, via Lyons, Petersburg, and Kerr's.

From Houston, via Fantharp's, to Springfield.

From San Antonio to Laredo.

From Austin, via Young's settlement, to Caldwell.

From Braunfel's to Fredericksburg.

From Washigton, via Fantharp's, to Huntsville.

From San Felipe to Washington, via New county seat of Austin county.

From Corpus Christi to county seat of Cameron county.

From Corpus Christi to Rio Grande city.

From Corpus Christi to Laredo.

From the mouth of the Rio Grande to Laredo, by steamboat or land, via Rio Grande city.

From Buffalo to Washington, via Fantharp's.

From Cameron, in Milan county, to Crockett, via Nashville, Wheelock, Leona, and Alabama.

From Marshall, in Harrison county, via Hagan's Ferry, in Upshur county, to Tyler, in Smith county.

From Rusk, Cherokee county, to Lockrawza.

From Galveston, via New Boston, to Sour Lake, in Jefferson county.

Missouri. — From Alexandria, via St. Francisville, Wood's Mills, Fox, Bloomfield, Drakesville, Pinceton, and Knoxville, to Fort Des Moines, in Iowa.

From Fredericktown, Madison county, via Devalt Bollinger's, to Lowndes, Wayne county.

From Brunswick, Chariton county, via Utica, to Gallatin.

From Cassville, via Mount Pleasant, to Sarcoxie.

From Brunswick, via Compton's Ferry, to Chillicothe.

From Alexandria to Winchester.

From Alexandria to Canton.

From Oseola, via Quincy, to Hickory Court-House.

From Kirksville, via Lancaster, to Fort Des Moines, in Iowa.

From Memphis to Keosauqua, in Iowa.

From Westport to Harrisonville.

From Arrow Rock to Georgetown.

From Fulton to Linna.

From Round Hill to Arator.

From Buffalo, via St. Paul, to Forsyth.

From Richmond, via Far West, Maysville, and Gentryville, to Athens.

From Gallatin, via Marysville, to St. Joseph.

From Hartville to Waynesville.

From Danville to Mexico

From Sandhill, in Scotland county, to Kenksville, in Adams county. *Iowa.* — From Mount Pleasant, via Deed's Mill, Brighton, and Oskaloosa, to Monroe city.

From Delhi, via Cascade and Green's Ferry, to Galena, in Illinois.

Iowa.

Missouri.

From Quashqueton, via Independence, to Sturges's Rapids, Black Hawk county.

From the Raccoon Forks of the Des Moines River to Council "luff.

From El Kader to Jacksonville.

From Fort Madison, via West Point, Lowell, Mount Pleasant, Crawfordville, and Iowa city, to Dubuque.

From Tipton, via Pioneer Grove and Marion, to the county seat of Benton county.

From Cedar Rapids, Linn county, via the county seat of Benton county, to the Falls of Cedar River, Black Hawk county.

From Iowa City, via Wasson's Mills, Washington county, Houston's Point, Keokuck county, and Sigourney, to Lancaster.

Wisconsin. — From Southport, via Pleasant Prairie and Franklin, to Antioch, in Illinois.

From Southport, via Pleasant Prairie and Walker's Prairie, to Richmond, in Illinois.

From Port Washington, via Salisbury's Mills and Horricon, to Beaver Dam, Dodge county.

From Geneva, via East Troy, Eagleville, and Waterville, to Summitt. From Waupun, Fond du Lac county, via Ceresco, to Dartford.

From Darien, via Reed's Corners, Richmond, and Utter's Corners, to Whitewater.

From Milwaukie, via Troy, Elkhorn, Delaware, Darien, Allen's Grove, and Clinton, to Beloit.

From Fond du Lac, via Humesville, to Plover Portage, on Wisconsin River.

From Potosi to Beetown.

From Summitt, via Oeonomewoe, Neosho, and Maysville, to Fond du Lac.

From Jamesville, via Stone's Bridge, Fulton, and Dunkirk, to Madison.

From Port Washington to Fond du Lac.

From Sheyboyagan, via Maysville and Henricon, to the county seat of Dodge county.

From Watertown, Jefferson county, via Waupun, Ceresco, Berlin, and Plover Portage, to Steven's Point, in Portage county.

New York. — From Florence, Oneida county, New York, to Osceola, Lewis county.

From Geneva, Ontario county, New York, via Gorham, Rushville, and Naples, to Dansville, in Livingston county.

From Fosterdale, Sullivan county, New York, via Callikoon village, and Round Pond, to Rockland, in said county.

From Greenville, Green county, New York, via Norton Hill, to Oak Hill.

From Gilboa, Schoharie county, New York, via Jefferson and North Harpersfield, to Davenport, Delaware county.

From Chateaugay, Franklin county, New York, to the Canada line, adjoining the north part of the town of Clinton.

From Alden, Erie county, New York, to Millgrove, in said county, near the residence of Moses Case.

From Williamstown, Oswego county, New York, to Amboy Corners, in said county.

From Rome, Oneida county, New York, to Vernon Centre, in said county.

From Augusta, Oneida county, New York, to Madison, in the county of Madison.

From Copenhagen, Lewis county, New York, via Boynton's Corners, Worthville, and Jacksonville, to Lorraine, in Jefferson county.

New York.

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Wisconsin.

From Jefferson, Schoharie county, New York, to Byrneville, in said county.

From Elmira, Chemung county, New York, via East Veteran and West Cayuta, to Ithaca, Tompkins county.

From Lafargeville, Jefferson county, New York, via Shantyville, Parker settlement, Theresa, Ox Bow, and Caledonia, to Governeur, St. Lawrence county.

From Malone, Franklin county, New York, to Fort Covington, same county.

From Henvalton, St. Lawrence county, New York, by way of De Puyster, on the present route to De Puyster post-office, thence by the road through the town of Macomb, by the way of Pope's Mills, to Rossie, in the said county of St. Lawrence.

New Jersey. — From Columbia, in the township of Knowlton, New Jersey, along the Delaware River, to Flat Brookville. in Sussex county.

From Vincenttown, via Lumberton, Bridgeborough, to Philadelphia.

From New Germantown, via Unionville, to German Valley.

From Key Fort, New Jersey, to Squankum.

From Tuckahoe, via lower bridge on Cedar Creek, Seaville, Townsend's Inlet, to Cape May Court-House.

From Cranberry to South Brunswick, Middlesex county, New Jersey.

From Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, via Camden, New Jersey, Ellesburg, Fellowship and Green Tree, to Mount Laurel, Burlington county, New Jersey.

South Carolina. — From Anderson, via Séneca, Centreville, Steel's, Sc Churubusco, Milwer's, and back to Anderson.

From Willow Grove, by Sheto, Rusk's Mills, Bethlehem, and Taylorsville, to Willow Grove, being a circuit of thirty-four and a half miles.

From Barnwell Court-House to King's Creek.

From Columbia, South Carolina, via Maybinton, Unionville, Spartansburg Court-House, to Rutherfordton, North Carolina, three times a week.

Illinois. — From Mount Carmel, via Round Prairie, Splucer's Mill, Illinois and Fairview, to Olney.

From Cairo city, via Thebes, to Cape Girardeau, in Missouri.

From Lebanon, in St. Clair county, via Marine Town and Staunton, to Carlinville, in Macoupin county.

From Waterloo, by Red Bud and Lafayette, to Sparta, in Randolph county.

From Shelbyville, by Audubon, Hillsboro, and Mount Kingston, in Montgomery county, by Staunton, Bunkerhill, and Woodburn, in Macoupin county, to the city of Alton.

From Dresden, via Ohio Farm and Lisbon, to Newark.

From Dundee, via Prospect, O'Connell, and Jackson precinct, to Marengo.

From Aurora, via Royaltown and Kaneville, to Sycamore.

From Dundee, via Algonquin, Crystal Lake, McHenry, Ringwood, Solon, and Richmond, in Illinois, to Geneva, in Wisconsin.

Arkansas. - From Camden to Arkadelphia.

From Mount Ida, via Dallas, to Ultima Thule.

From Lost Creek post-office to Pine Bluff, in Jefferson county, to connect with route from Benton, Saline county, to Lost Creek.

From Lewisville, Lafayette county, to Minden, in Claiborne parish, Louisiana.

From Arkadelphia to Clingman's, Arkansas.

Arkansas.

New Jersey

South Carolina.

From Helena, in Arkansas, to Panola, in Panola county, Mississippi. via Askew's Bluffs, once a week.

Louisiana. - From New River post-office, on the east bank of the Mississippi River, to Galveston, in said State.

From Winsborough, in the parish of Franklin, to Monroe, in the parish of Ouachita.

From Natchitoches, along the bank of Red River, to Shreveport.

From Placquemine to Johnson's store, on the Bayou Grosstete, by the way of Point Coupee, in Louisiana.

From Harrisonburg, through what is called the Funebree and Riser settlements, to Columbia.

From Columbia, by Thomas Meredith's, Anderson, and Perkins, in Jenkins' settlement, to Vernon.

From Vernon, by Indian Village and Coon's, to Monroe.

New York. - From Lockport, via Tonewanda Rapids, to Clarence. From Elizabethtown, Essex county, New York, via Keene postoffice, and Osgood's, Harrietstown, St. Amands, to Merrillsville postoffice, in Franklin county, New York.

From Fort Covington, Franklin county, New York, to Dickinson, by way of Moira, in the same county.

Wisconsin. - For a mail route from Prairie du Chien, in Wisconsin, via Round Prairie, Graham's Mills, the Falls of Black River, the Mouth of Ollear River, the Middle Mills on the Menomonie River, the Mouth of William River, and Osceola, to the Falls of St. Croix.

Alabama. — From Wilderness post-office, via Carleton's store, to Mott's post-office.

From Troy, in Pike county, Alabama, via Wellborne or Indigo Head, to Geneva, in said State.

From Benton, in Lowndes county, Alabama, via Joseph Walker's, to Warrenton, in Dallas county.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the aforesaid routes shall be advertised for contracts, for the service thereon, at the next general letting in the year eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and the service to commence as soon thereafter as practicable : *Provided*, That as soon as a responsible contractor shall offer to transport the mails over any portion of the routes included in this bill, the Postmaster-General shall have the power forthwith to put them under contract : Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be to construed as to express any opinion as to the true boundary of any State or Territory named therein.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to establish post-offices and appoint deputy postinasters at San Diego, Monterey, and San Francisco, and such nia, and make other places on the coast of the Pacific, in California, within the territory of the United States, and to make such temporary arrangements for the transportation of transportation of the mail in said territory, as the public interest may require; that all letters conveyed to or from any of the above-mentioned Rates of post-places on the Pacific, from or to any place on the Atlantic coast, age from or to shall be charged with forty cents postage; that all letters conveyed places on the Pa- from one to any other of the said places on the Pacific shall pay twelve and a half cents postage; and the Postmaster-General is authorized to apply any moneys received on account of postages aforesaid to the payments to be made on the contract for the transportation of the mails in the Pacific Ocean; and the Postmaster-General is further authorized to employ not exceeding two agents in making arrangements for the establishment of post-offices, and for the transmission, receipt, and conveyance of letters in Oregon and California, at an annual compensation not exceeding that of the principal clerks in the Post-Office Department.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Louisiana.

New York.

Wisconsin.

Alabama.

routes shall go into operation. Proviso.

said

When

Postmaster General may estab-lish certain postoffices in Califortemporary arfor rangements

ritory. cific.

mail in said Ter-

Agents for mail service in Oregon and California to be appointed.

CHAP. CLXXVI. - An Act making Appropriations for Lighthouses, Light-boats, Buoys, &c., and providing for the Erection and Establishment of the same.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following appropriations be, and the same are hereby made, and directed to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be buoys, &c. enable the Secretary of the Treasury to carry the provisions of this act into effect : Provided, however, If a good title to any land which it may be necessary to use cannot be obtained on reasonable terms, or the ex- sites. clusive right to such land cannot be acquired by cession, where the interest of the United States demand it, before the appropriation would by law fall into the surplus fund, in any and all such cases the appropriations shall be applicable to the objects for which they are made at any time within two years after the first meeting of the legislature, subsequent to the passage of this act, in any State wherein any such land lays, to wit : in

Maine. — For a fog-bell at the lighthouse on Pond Island, mouth of Kennebec River, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For buoys and beacons in Casco Bay, one thousand dollars.

In Massachusetts. - For a lighthouse at the mouth of Parmet River, in Truro, Cape Cod, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a lighthouse and keeper's house at Sankaty Head, Nantucket, twelve thousand dollars.

For a small harbor light at Hyannis, two thousand dollars.

For a beacon light on Palmer's Island, New Bedford, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a lighthouse on Wing's Neck, Buzzard's Bay, thirty-five hundred dollars.

For a spar buoy at the mouth of Little Wood's Hole Harbor; one on the westerly part of Mutton Shoal; one on the south-west point, and one on the north-west point of Hawe's Shoal; one on the easterly point of Tom's Shoal, in Muskeket Channel; and three at the mouth of Parmet River, Truro, five hundred dollars; and the upper buoy at Edgartown Harbor to be removed to the shoal point of Cape Poge.

In Rhode Island. - For a dolphin on Long Bed, in Providence River, in lieu of the buoy now placed there, one hundred and twenty dollars.

For a spar buoy at each of the following places, to wit : off Plumb Beach Point; on Manna Rock; on Flat Rock; and on Bill Dyer's Rock, near Wickford, two hundred dollars.

For two buoys and a spindle at the mouth of Pawcatuck River, two hundred dollars.

In Connecticut. - For a light-boat to be placed on Eel Grass Shoal, in Fisher's Island Sound, five thousand dollars.

In New York. — For three lamps on the Hudson River; one at the extreme part of West Point; one at the bend of the river, about two miles north of Catskill landing, on the west side of the river; and one at Pryme's Hook, two miles north of the city of Hudson, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For three spar buoys at the mouth of Port Jefferson Harbor, Long Island, one hundred and eighty dollars.

For eight spar buoys to guide vessels into Niagara River from Lake Erie, and into Black Rock Harbor, four hundred dollars.

For a lighthouse upon the North Brother, near Hurl Gate, East River, if a title to the site can be obtained upon satisfactory terms, ten thousand dollars.

In Pennsylvania. — For a lighthouse on the stone pier in the River Delaware, near Fort Mifflin, five thousand dollars.

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Aug. 14, 1348.

Appropriation for lighthouses, light-boats,

Proviso as to

Maine.

Massachusetts

Rhode Island.

Connecticut.

New York.

Pennsylvania.

Maryland.

Virginia.

In Maryland. — For a lighthouse on Blackstone's Island, Potomac River, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a spar buoy in Potomac River, above Rozier's Bluff, on the Maryland side, between Alexandria and Fort Washington, fifty dollars. For five spar buoys to be placed on the Great Shoal in Wicomico River, two hundred and fifty dollars.

In Virginia. — For two lighthouses on Sand Shoal Island, to be placed so as to guide vessels in the best and safest manner into Sand Shoal Inlet, or to be placed so as to guide vessels into Matchapungo Inlet, ten thousand dollars.

NorthCarolina. In North Carolina. — For a beacon light on the upper Jettee, Cape Fear River, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a beacon light on Campbell's Island, same river, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a beacon light at Orton's Point, same river, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a light-boat at the Horse Shoe, same river, between the New Inlet and Prince's Creek, ten thousand dollars.

For two beacon lights placed in the best manner at Price's Creek, same river, six thousand dollars.

For two lighthouses placed in the best manner upon the west channel of the same river, and a keeper's house on Oak Island, nine thousand dollars.

For a buoy on the Western bar, and another at the Rip off the point of Oak Island, same river, five hundred dollars.

In Georgia. — For a light-boat to be placed off the knoll north of Tybee Island, Savannah River, ten thousand dollars.

In Florida. — For the removal of the lighthouse on Amelia Island to such other site thereon as the Secretary of the Treasury shall deem best suited to the exigencies of commerce, six thousand dollars.

In Mississippi. — For a lighthouse on the west end of Ship Island twelve thousand dollars.

In Louisiana. — For a bug-light at Proctorsville, on Lake Borgne, five hundred dollars.

For a light-boat on Ship Shoal, near Dernier, or Last Island, fifteen thousand dollars.

For a light-boat in Atchafalaya Bay, as designated on the chart drawn by Captain Foster, provided the Fifth Auditor shall deem the same necessary for the protection of commerce, after causing a full examination to be made, twelve thousand dollars.

In Wisconsin. — For a lighthouse to guide vessels through the passage from Lake Michigan to Green Bay, called Port du Mort, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a lighthouse at Port Washington, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a bug-light on the government pier at Milwaukee, five hundred dollars.

In Michigan. — For twelve buoys to be placed on the St. Clair Flats, in St. Clair River, eight hundred dollars.

For two beacon lighthouses on Detroit River, one near Mamajuda, and the other on or near Grass Island, or at such places as may be decided upon by the Fifth Auditor, after a survey, seven thousand dollars.

New Jersey. In New Jersey. — For providing surf boat, rockets, carronades, and other necessary apparatus for the better preservation of life and property from shipwreck on the coast of New Jersey, between Sandy Hook and Little Egg Harbor, ten thousand dollars; the same to be expended under the supervision of such officer as may be detached for this duty by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Georgia.

Florida.

Mississippi.

Louisiana,

Wisconsin.

Michigan.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if the Fifth Auditor shall report, in any of the cases herein provided for, that preliminary surveys are necessary to determine the site of a proposed lighthouse or light- surveys are neboat, or to ascertain more fully what the public exigency demands, the cessary, the Sec-Secretary of the Navy shall thereupon appoint one or more officers of the navy, possessing the requisite skill and experience, to perform the an officer to perrequired service.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That any officer so appointed shall forthwith enter upon the discharge of the duty, and, after fully cersso appointed. ascertaining the facts, shall report, first, whether the proposed facility to navigation is the most suitable for the exigency which exists; and, second, where it should be placed if the interests of commerce demand it; third, if the thing proposed be not the most suitable, whether it is expedient to make any other kind of improvement; fourth, whether he proposed light has any connection with other lights, and if so, whether it cannot be so located as to subserve both the general and local wants of trade and navigation; and, fifth, whether there be any, and, if any, what other facts of importance touching the subject.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all such reports shall, as speedily as may be, be laid before the Secretary of the Treasury, and if such as to authorize the work without further legislation, he shall of the Treasury, forthwith proceed with it; otherwise, such report shall be laid before &c. Congress at the next ensuing session; but in all cases where the Fifth Auditor does not report such preliminary examination as expedient, the provisions of this act shall without delay be carried into execution.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sum of six thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in for a lighthouse the treasury not otherwise appropriated to react the treasury of the tre the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to purchase lenses, and to fit Mr. Isherwood's up, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a lighthouse discovery. to make trial of Mr. Isherwood's plan of discriminating one light from another, and of determining the distance of a vessel from a light, if the said Secretary shall be of opinion that the discovery merits such a trial of its value.

Approved, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXVII. — An Act to establish the Territorial Government of Oregon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the the passage of this act, all that part of the Territory of the United ernment for Ter-States which lies west of the summit of the Territory of the United ernment for Ter-States which lies west of the summit of the Rocky Mountains, north of the forty-second degree of north latitude, known as the Territory of Oregon, shall be organized into and constitute a temporary government by the name of the Territory of Oregon : Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to impair the rights of person or property now pertaining to the Indians in said Territory, so long as such rights shall remain unextinguished by treaty between the United States and such Indians, or to affect the authority of the government of the United States to make any regulation respecting such Indians, their lands, property, or other rights, by treaty, law, or otherwise, which it would have been competent to the government to make if this act had never passed : And provided, also, That the title to the land, not exceeding six hundred and forty acres, now occupied as missionary sionary stations stations among the Indian tribes in said Territory, together with the improvements thereon, be confirmed and established in the several religious societies to which said missionary stations respectively belong : And provided further, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the government of the United States from dividing

If the Fifth Auditor shall report that preliminary vy shall appoint form the service required.

Duties of offi-

Reports of such officers to be laid before Secretary

Aug. 14, 1848.

established.

Proviso as to Indians in said Territory.

Title to misconfirmed.

said Territory reserved.

The executive power to be vested in a governor; his tenure of office, powers, duties, and emoluments.

1850, ch. 16, § 3.

Secretary; his powers and duties.

In case of death, resignation, or removal of governor, the secretary to act as governor.

Legislative assembly to consist of a council and house of repre-sentatives. How composed.

Proviso.

Election of members of legislative council.

Power to divide said Territory into two or more Territories, in such manner and at such times as Congress shall deem convenient and proper, or from attaching any portion of said Territory to any other State or Territory of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the executive power and authority in and over said Territory of Oregon shall be vested in a governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States. The governor shall reside within said Territory, shall be commander-in-chief of the militia thereof, shall perform the duties and receive the emoluments of superintendent of Indian affairs; he may grant pardons and respites for offences against the laws of said Territory, and reprieves for offences against the laws of the United States, until the decision of the President can be made known thereon; he shall commission all officers who shall be appointed to office under the laws of the said Territory, where, by law, such commissions shall be required, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a secretary of said Territory, who shall reside therein, and hold his office for five years, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States; he shall record and preserve all the laws and proceedings of the legislative assembly hereinafter constituted, and all the acts and proceedings of the governor in his executive department; he shall transmit one copy of the laws and journals of the legislative assembly within thirty days after the end of each session, and one copy of the executive proceedings and official correspondence, semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, to the President of the United States, and two copies of the laws to the President of the Senate and to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, for the use of Congress And in case of the death, removal, resignation, or absence of the governor from the Territory, the secretary shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to execute and perform all the powers and duties of the governor during such vacancy or absence, or until another governor shall be duly appointed and qualified to fill such vacancy.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power and authority of said Territory shall be vested in a legislative assembly. The legislative assembly shall consist of a council and house of representatives. The council shall consist of nine members, having the qualifications of voters as hereinafter prescribed, whose term of service shall continue three years. Immediately after they shall be assembled, in consequence of the first election, they shall be divided as equally as may be into three classes. The seats of the members of council of the first class shall be vacated at the expiration of the first year; of the second class at the expiration of the second year; and of the third class at the expiration of the third year, so that one third may be chosen every year; and if vacancies happen by resignation or otherwise, the same shall be filled at the next ensuing election. The house of representatives shall, at its first session, consist of eighteen members, possessing the same qualifications as prescribed for members of the The council, and whose term of service shall continue one year. number of representatives may be increased by the legislative assembly from time to time, in proportion to the increase of qualified voters: Provided, That the whole number shall never exceed thirty. An apportionment shall be made, as nearly equal as practicable, among the several counties or districts, for the election of the council and representatives, giving to each section of the Territory representation in the ratio of its qualified voters, as nearly as may be. And the members of the council and of the house of representatives shall reside in and

be inhabitants of the district, or county, or counties, for which they may be elected respectively. Previous to the first election, the governor shall cause a census or enumeration of the inhabitants and qual- election, goverified voters of the several counties and districts of the Territory to be census taken by such persons, and in such mode as the governor shall desig- taken. nate and appoint; and the persons so appointed shall receive a reasonable compensation therefor; and the first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, both as to the per- and manner of sons who shall superintend such election, and the returns thereof, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and he shall, at the same time, declare the number of members of the council and house of representatives to which each of the counties or districts shall be entitled under this act; and the governor shall, by his proclaimation, give at least sixty days' previous notice of such apportionment, and of the time, places, and manner of holding such election. The persons having the highest number of legal votes in each of said council districts for members of the council shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected to the council; and the persons having the highest number of legal votes for the house of representatives shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected members of said house: Provided, That, in case two or more persons voted for shall have an equal number of votes, elections. and in case a vacancy shall otherwise occur in either branch of the legislative assembly, the governor shall order a new election; and the persons thus elected to the legislative assembly shall meet at such place, and on such day, within ninety days after such elections, as the governor shall appoint; but, thereafter, the time, place, and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the apportion- elections. ing the representation in the several counties or districts to the council and house of representatives, according to the number of qualified voters, shall be prescribed by law, as well as the day of the commencement of the regular sessions of the legislative assembly : Provided, That no session in any one year shall exceed the term of sixty days, except the first session, which shall not be prolonged beyond one hun- sions limited. dred days.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every white male inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of of voters. said Territory at the time of the passage of this act, and shall possess the qualifications hereinafter prescribed, shall be entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eligible to any office within the said Territory; but the qualifications of voters and of holding office, at all subse- of suffrage and of quent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the legislative assembly: Provided, That the right of suffrage and of holding office by citizens and shall be exercised only by citizens of the United States above the age of twenty-one years, and those above that age who shall have declared, liminary steps for on oath, their intention to become such, and shall have taken an oath naturalization. to support the constitution of the United States and the provisions of longing to the this act: And provided further, That no officer, soldier, seaman, or army or navy to marine, or other person in the army or navy of the United States, or attached to troops in the service of the United States, shall be allowed been his permato vote in said Territory, by reason of being on service therein, unless nent domicil for said Territory is and has been for the period of six months his permanent domicil : Provided further, That no person belonging to the army longing to army or navy of the United States shall ever be elected to or hold any civil or navy shall be office or appointment in said Territory.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power of the Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation not inconsistent with the constitution and laws of the United States; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States; nor

Previous to first nor shall cause a be to

Time, place, holding elections.

Proviso for new

Times, &c., of

Term of ses-

Qualifications

Proviso: right holding office to be exercised only those who shall have taken pre-

vote in said Territory unless it has six months, &c.

No person becivil office.

Extent of legislative power.

ing in this act to charter a bank, or borrow money, or to grant the privilege of issuing and circulating notes, bills, &c., &c.

inconsistent with this act to be null and void.

but one object.

Certain officers to be appointed in such manner as legislative assembly may prescribe.

Restrictions on members of legislative assembly as to appointments to office.

Judicial power, viz.:

Peace.

Each District Court to appoint its clerk.

shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. All the laws passed by the legislative assembly shall be submitted to the Congress of the United States, and if disapproved, shall be null and of no effect : Provided. Proviso: noth- That nothing in this act shall be construed to give power to incorposhall be construed rate a bank, or any institution with banking powers, or to borrow as giving power money in the name of the Territory, or to pledge the faith of the people of the same for any loan whatever, either directly or indirectly. No charter granting any privilege of making, issuing, or putting into circulation any notes or bills in the likeness of bank notes, or any bonds, scrip, drafts, bills of exchange or obligations, or granting any other banking powers or privileges, shall be passed by the legislative assembly; nor shall the establishment of any branch or agency of any such corporation, derived from other authority, be allowed in said Territory; nor shall said legislative assembly authorize the issue of any obligation, scrip, or evidence of debt by said Territory, in any mode or manner whatever, except certificates for services to said Terri-All such laws tory: and all such laws, or any law or laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, shall be utterly null and void; and all taxes shall be equal and uniform, and no distinction shall be made in the assessments between different kinds of property, but the assessments shall be according to the value thereof. To avoid improper influences which may All acts of le- result from intermixing in one and the same act such things as have no bly shall embrace proper relation to each other, every law shall embrace but one object. and that shall be expressed in the title.

> SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all township, district, and county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed or elected in such manner as shall be provided by the legislative assembly of the Territory of Oregon.

> SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That no member of the legislative assembly shall hold, or be appointed to, any office which shall have been created, or the salary or emoluments of which shall have been increased, while he was a member, during the term for which he was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; but this restriction shall not be applicable to members of the first legislative assembly; and no person holding a commission or appointment under the United States shall be a member of the legislative assembly, or shall hold any office under the government of said Territory.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the judicial power of said Territory shall be vested in a Supreme Court, District Courts, Probate Supreme Court. Courts, and in justices of the peace. The Supreme Court shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of government of said Territory annually, and they shall hold their offices during the period of four years, and until their successors shall be appointed and qualified. The said Territory shall be divided into three judicial dis-District Courts. tricts, and a District Court shall be held in each of said districts by one of the justices of the Supreme Court, at such times and places as may be prescribed by law; and the said judges shall, after their appointments, respectively, reside in the districts which shall be assigned The jurisdiction of the several courts herein provided for, both them. Justices of the appellate and original, and that of the Probate Courts and of justices of the peace, shall be as limited by law: Provided, That justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any case in which the title to land shall in any wise come in question, or where the debt or damages claimed shall exceed one hundred dollars; and the said Supreme and District Courts, respectively, shall possess chancery as well as common law jurisdiction. Each District Court, or the judge thereof, shall

appoint its clerk, who shall also be the register in chancery, and shall

keep his office at the place where the court may be held. Writs of error, bills of exception, and appeals, shall be allowed in all cases from $\frac{\&c.}{dt}$ to be allowthe final decisions of said District Courts to the Supreme Court, under of District Courts such regulations as may be prescribed by law; but in no case removed to S to the Supreme Court shall trial by jury be allowed in said court. The Supreme Court, or the justices thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk shall hold his office at the pleasure of the Court for which to appoint its he shall have been appointed. Writs of error and appeals from the final decisions of said Supreme Court shall be allowed, and may be &c., from decis-taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner Court to be allowand under the same regulations as from the Circuit Courts of the United ed to Supreme States, where the value of the property or the amount in controversy, ted States. to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall exceed two thousand dollars, and in all cases where the constitution of the United States, or acts of Congress, or a treaty of the United States, is brought in question; and each of the said District Courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction in all cases arising under the constitution of the United States, and the laws diction of District of said Territory, as is vested in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States; writs of error and appeal in all such cases shall be made to the Supreme Court of said Territory, the same as in other cases. Writs of error and appeals from the final decisions of said Supreme Court shall be allowed, and may be taken to the Supreme Court error and appeals of the United States, in the same manner as from the Circuit Courts of the United States, where the value of the property, or the amount in controversy, shall exceed two thousand dollars; and each of said District Courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction in all cases arising under the constitution and laws of the United States, as is vest- District Courts. ed in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, and also of all cases arising under the laws of the said Territory, and otherwise. The said clerk shall receive, in all such cases, the same fees which the clerks of the District Courts of the late Wisconsin Territory received for similar services.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed an attorney for said Territory, who shall continue in office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall receive the same fees and salary as were provided by law for the attorney of the United salary. States for the late Territory of Wisconsin. There shall also be a marshal for the Territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall execute all processes issuing from the said courts, when exercising their jurisdiction as Circuit and District Courts of the United States; he shall perform the duties, be subject to the same regulation and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees, as were provided by law for the marshal of the District Court of the United States for the present [late] Territory of Wisconsin; and shall, in addition, be paid two hundred dollars annually as a compensation for extra services.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the governor, secretary, chief justice and associate justices, attorney, and marshal, shall be retary, chief and associate just nominated, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, tices, attorney, appointed by the President of the United States. The governor and and marshal to be secretary, to be appointed as aforesaid, shall, before they act as such, president, by and respectively take an oath or affirmation, before the district judge, or with the advice some justice of the peace in the limits of said Territory, duly author- and consent of ized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws now in force Each to take therein, or before the chief justice or some associate justice of the Su- official oaths, &c preme Court of the United States, to support the constitution of the

Writs of error, ed from decisions Supreme

Supreme Court

Writs of error, Court of the Uni-

Extent of juris-

How writs of are to be taken.

Jurisdiction of

Fees of clerks.

Attorney.

His fees and

Marshal.

His duties, &c.

Compensation.

Governor, sec-

United States, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices; which said oaths, when so taken, shall be certified by the person by whom the same shall have been taken, and such certificates shall be received and recorded by the said secretary among the executive proceedings; and the chief justice and associate justices, and all other civil officers in said Territory, before they act as such, shall take a like oath or affirmation, before the said governor or secretary, or some judge or justice of the peace of the Territory, who may be duly commissioned and qualified; which said oath or affirmation shall be certified and transmitted by the person taking the same, to the secretary, to be by him recorded as aforesaid; and, afterwards, the like oath or affirmation shall be taken, certified, and recorded, in such Salary of gov-manner and form as may be prescribed by law. The governor shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars as governor, and fifteen hundred dollars as superintendent of Indian affairs. The chief justice and associate justices shall each receive an annual salary of two Salary of sec- thousand dollars. The secretary shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars. The said salaries shall be paid quarter-yearly. from the dates of the respective appointments, at the treasury of the United States; but no such payment shall be made until said officers shall have entered upon the duties of their respective appointments. The members of the legislative assembly shall be entitled to receive three dollars each per day during their attendance at the session thereof. and three dollars each for every twenty miles' travel in going to and returning from said sessions, estimated according to the nearest usually Officers of leg- travelled route. And a chief clerk, one assistant clerk, a sergeant-atislative assembly. arms, and door-keeper, may be chosen for each house; and the chief clerk shall receive five dollars per day, and the said other officers three dollars per day, during the session of the legislative assembly; but no Proviso as to other officers shall be paid by the United States : Provided, That there shall be but one session of the legislature annually, unless, on an extraordinary occasion, the governor shall think proper to call the legislature together. There shall be appropriated annually the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, to be expended by the governor to defray the for contingent expenses of the Territory, including the salary of a clerk of the executive department; and there shall also be appropriated, annually, a sufficient sum to be expended by the Secretary of the Territory, and upon an estimate to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the legislative assembly, the printing of the laws, and other incidental expenses; and the governor and secretary of the Territory shall, in the disbursement of all moneys intrusted to them, be governed solely by the instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, and shall semiannually account to the said Secretary for the manner in which the aforesaid [sum] moneys shall have been expended; and no expenditure, to be paid out of money appropriated by Congress, shall be made by said legislative assembly for objects not specially authorized by the acts of Congress making the appropriations, nor beyond the sums thus appropriated for such objects.

> SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the rivers and streams of water in said Territory of Oregon in which salmon are found, or to which they resort, shall not be obstructed by dams or otherwise, unless such dams or obstructions are so constructed as to allow salmon to pass freely up and down such rivers and streams.

> SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and is hereby appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States, in payment for the services and expenses of such persons as have been engaged by the provisional government of Oregon in conveying communications to and from the

ernor &c.

retary.

Compensation of members of legislative assembly.

sessions of legislature.

Provision contingent cxpenses.

Saimon leaps be obnot to structed.

Appropriations for services and expenses of expresses, And for presents to Indians.

United States, and the purchase of presents for such of the Indian tribes as the peace and quietude of the country requires.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the inhabitants of said Ordinance of Territory shall be entitled to enjoy all and singular the rights, privi-ment of northleges, and advantages granted and secured to the people of the terri- west territory extory of the United States north-west of the River Ohio, by the articles tended over said of compact contained in the ordinance for the government of said territory, on the thirteenth day of July, seventeen hundred and eightyseven; and shall be subject to all the conditions, and restrictions, and prohibitions in said articles of compact imposed upon the people of said territory; and the existing laws now in force in the Territory of Oregon, under the authority of the provisional government established by the people thereof, shall continue to be valid and operative therein, so far as the same be not incompatible with the constitution of the United States, and the principles and provisions of this act; subject, nevertheless, to be altered, modified, or repealed, by the legislative assembly of the said Territory of Oregon; but all laws heretofore passed in said Territory making grants of land, or otherwise affecting All grants of or incumbering the title to lands, shall be, and are hereby declared to made in said for be, null and void; and the laws of the United States are hereby ex- ritory to be null tended over, and declared to be in force in, said Territory, so far as and void. the same, or any provision thereof, may be applicable.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted. That the legislative assembly Time of holding of the Territory of Oregon shall hold its first session at such time and sessions of legis-lative assembly place in said Territory as the governor thereof shall appoint and direct; and location of and at said first session, or as soon thereafter as they shall deem expe- seat of govern dient, the legislative assembly shall proceed to locate and establish the ment seat of government for said Territory at such place as they may deem eligible; which place, however, shall thereafter be subject to be changed of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby priated for build-appropriated and granted to said Territory of Oregon, to be there applied, by the governor, to the erection of suitable buildings at the seat of government.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House Delegate to of Representatives of the United States, to serve for the term of two sentatives of the years, who shall be a citizen of the United States, may be elected by United States to the voters qualified to elect members of the legislative assembly, who be elected. shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as have been heretofore exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several other Territories of the United States to the said House of Representatives; but the delegate first elected shall hold his seat only during the term of the Congress to which he shall be elected. The first election shall ing said delegate, be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, as &c. the governor shall appoint and direct; of which, and the time, place, and manner of holding such elections, he shall give at least sixty days' notice by proclamation; and at all subsequent elections, the times, places, and manner of holding the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected, and a certificate thereof shall be given The delegate from said Territory shall not be entitled accordingly. to receive more than twenty-five hundred dollars at any one session of Congress, as a compensation for his mileage, in going to and returning from the seat of government of the United States, any act of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That all suits, process, and proceedings, civil and criminal, at law and in chancery, and all indict- ceess, and ceedings. ments and informations, which shall be pending and undetermined in and criminal, inthe courts established by authority of the provisional government of dictments, &c.,

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made in said 'Ter-

His mileage.

All suits, proprocivil visional govern-ment of Oregon, transferred to District the Courts of the said Territory.

Proviso.

Justices of the constapeace, bles, sne....., &c., who shall be fine when this act shall take effect, continued in office till they or others are elected or ap-pointed, &c., to fill their places.

Appropriation of \$5000 for a library.

Reservation of lands for use of schools.

Until otherwise provided for by law, the governor may define the judicial districts, and assign the judges to them, &c.; but the legislativeassembly may organize, alor modify ter, such judicial districts, &c.

Certain officers security for monthem fordisbursement.

pending in the Oregon, within the limits of said Territory, when this act shall take courts of the pro- effect, shall be transferred to be heard tried prosecuted and date effect, shall be transferred to be heard, tried, prosecuted, and determined in the District Courts hereby established, which may include the counties or districts where any such proceeding may be pending. All bonds, recognizances, and obligations of every kind whatsoever. United States for valid under the existing laws within the limits of said Territory, shall be valid under this act; and all crimes and misdemeanors against the laws in force within said limits may be prosecuted, tried, and punished in the courts established by this act; and all penalties, forfeitures, actions, and causes of action, may be recovered under this act, in like manner as they would have been under the laws in force within the limits composing said Territory at the time this act shall go into operation: Provided, That the laws, penalties, and forfeitures and punishments, by this section required to be enforced by the courts provided for by this act, shall not be inconsistent with the constitution of the United States : And provided further, That no right of action whatever shall accrue against any person for any act done in pursuance of any law heretofore passed by the temporary government, and which may be declared contrary to the constitution of the United States.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That all justices of the peace, constables, sheriffs, and all other judicial and ministerial officers, who shall be in office within the limits of said Territory when this act shall take effect, shall be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to continue to exercise and perform the duties of their respective offices as officers of the Territory of Oregon until they or others shall be duly elected or appointed, and qualified to fill their places in the manner herein directed, or until their offices shall be abolished.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended, by and under the direction of the said governor of the Territory of Oregon, in the purchase of a library, to be kept at the seat of government for the use of the governor, legislative assembly, judges of the Supreme Court, sec-retary, marshal, and attorney of said Territory, and such other persons, and under such regulations, as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in the said Territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in each township in said Territory shall be, and the same is hereby, reserved for the purpose of being applied to schools in said Territory, and in the States and Territories hereafter to be erected out of the same.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That, until otherwise provided for by law, the governor of said Territory may define the judicial districts of said Territory, and assign the judges who may be appointed for said Territory, to the several districts, and also appoint the times and places for holding courts in the several counties or subdivisions in each of said judicial districts by proclamation to be issued by him; but the legislative assembly, at their first or any subsequent session, may organize, alter, or modify such judicial districts, and assign the judges, and alter the time and places of holding the courts, as to them shall seem proper and convenient.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That all officers to be appointed required to give by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, eys intrusted to for the Territory of Oregon, who by virtue of the provisions of any law now existing, or which may be enacted during the present Congress, are required to give security for moneys that may be intrusted with them for disbursement, shall give such security at such time and place, and in such manner, as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That all the ports, harbors, shores, and waters of the main land of the Territory aforesaid shall constitute a collection district, to be called the District of Oregon; and collector a port of entry shall be established at Astoria, near the mouth of the appointed. Columbia River, and a collector of customs shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to reside at such port of entry.

SEC. 24. And be it further enacted. That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to establish such ports of deliv- ery, and erv in the district created by this act, not exceeding two in number, (one of which shall be located on Fuget's Sound,) as he may deem expedient, and may appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, surveyors to reside thereat.

SEC. 25. And be it further enacted, That the collector of said district shall be allowed a compensation of one thousand dollars per annum, of collector and and the fees allowed by law; and the compensation of any surveyor appointed in pursuance of this act shall not exceed five hundred dollars per annum, including in said sum the fees allowed by law; and the amount collected by any of said surveyors, for fees in any one year, exceeding the sum of five hundred dollars, shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 26. And be it further enacted, That the revenue laws of the United States be, and are hereby, extended over the Territory of extended Oregon.

SEC. 27. And be it further enacted, That the sum of fifteen thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any moneys for in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the gon. direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the construction of lighthouses at Cape Disappointment and New Dunginess; and for the construction and anchoring of the requisite number of buoys, to indicate the channels at the mouth of the Columbia River, and the approaches to the harbor of Astoria; the said buoys to be placed and anchored under the direction of such persons as the Secretary of the Treasury shall appoint.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXVIII. - An Act for the Payment of the Fourth Regiment in the Second Brigade of the Third Division of the Vermont Militia, for Services at the Battle of Plattsburg.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized tain officers and soldiers of Verand directed to adjust and settle the claims for one month's services of mont militia to be the officers and soldiers of the fourth regiment in the second brigade adjusted and setof the third division of the militia of the State of Vermont, who served tied. at the battle of Plattsburg on the eleventh day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, for their military services on that occasion, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of the Widows and Orphans of the Aug. 14, 1848. Officers, Seamen, and Marines of the Brig-of-War Somers.

Collection district of Oregon established, and to be

Ports of deliv-

Surveyors to be appointed.

Compensation surveyors.

Revenue laws OVER said Territory.

Appropriation lighthouses and buoys in Ore-

Aug. 14, 1848.

Claims of cer-

WHEREAS the United States brig-of-war Somers was foundered at sea, in the offing of the harbor of Vera Cruz, while engaged, under very

hazardous circumstances, in the prosecution of hostilities against an enemy of this republic : Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A sum equal to United States of America in Congress assembled, That the widows, if any such there be, and in case there be no widow, the child or children. pay of their deceased relatives and if there be no child, then the parent or parents, and if there are no awarded to the parents, to the brothers and sisters who were minors and under the widows or chil- parents, to the brothers and sisters who were minors and under the dren, &c., of the age of eighteen years at the time of said loss of the officers, seamen. officers, seamen, and marines who were in the service of the United States, and lost in and marines of the United States of the United States and lost in the late United the United States brig-of-war Somers, shall be entitled to, and receive. States brig Som- out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum equal to twelve months' pay of their respective deceased relations aforesaid, in addition to the pay due to the said deceased at the date of the loss of said vessel.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXX. - An Act in Relation to Military Land Warrants.

Location of certain military land warrants authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, or his widow or heirs, who shall receive and hold in his own right a land warrant, issued by the government of the United States for military service, may locate the same in on legal subdivision, on any public land subject to private entry, taking said land at the price at which the same is subject to private entry, and reckoning the warrant at one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre for the number of acres therein contained, and paying the balance, if any, in money; but no claim shall exist on the government to pay for any balance on said warrant in money.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

twelve

ers.

months'

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] — A Resolution authorizing the Erection on the Public Grounds in the Jan. 31, 1848. City of Washington of a Monument to George Washington.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Washington National Monument Society be, and it is hereby, authorized to erect the National Monuproposed monument to the memory of George Washington upon such thorized to erect portion of the public grounds or reservations within the city of Wash- a monument to ington, not otherwise occupied, as shall be selected by the President the memory of George Washingof the United States and the board of managers of said society, as a ton on the public suitable site on which to erect the said monument, and for the neces- grounds in the sary protection thereof.

APPROVED, January 31, 1848.

[No. 2.] — Joint Resolution expressive of the Thanks of Congress to Major-General March 9, 1848. Winfield Scott, and the Troops under his Command, for their distinguished Gallantry and good Conduct in the Campaign of eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

Resolved, unanimously, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress be, and they are hereby, presented to Winfield gress presented Scott, major-general commanding in chief the army in Mexico, and through him to the officers and men of the regular and volunteer corps officers and men under him, for their uniform gallantry and good conduct conspicuously displayed at the siege and capture of the city of Vera Cruz and castle gallantry, good of San Juan de Ulloa, March twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and forty- conduct, &c., in seven ; and in the successive battles of Cerro Gordo, April eighteenth ; Mexico. Contreras, San Antonio, and Churubusco, August nineteenth and twentieth; and for the victories achieved in front of the city of Mexico, September eighth, eleventh, twelfth, and thirteenth, and the capture of the metropolis, September fourteenth, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, in which the Mexican troops, greatly superior in numbers, and with every advantage of position, were in every conflict signally defeated by the American arms.

SEC. 2. Resolved, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested to cause to be struck a gold medal, with devices emblematical of the series of brilliant victories achieved by the eral Scott. army, and presented to Major-General Winfield Scott as a testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of his valor, skill, and judicious conduct in the memorable campaign of eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

SEC. 3. Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause the foregoing resolutions to be communicated to cause the above Major-General Scott, in such terms as he may deem best calculated to resolutions to be give effect to the objects thereof.

APPROVED March 9, 1848.

ment Society aucity of Washington.

Thanks of Conto Major-General Scott and to the under his com-mand, for their

certain battles in

A gold medal

The President requested communicated to General Scott.

Washington

March 24, 1848. [No. 4.] - Joint Resolution relative to the Evidence which shall be considered satisfactory in Applications for Bounty Land.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases of In applications for bounty land application for bounty land warrants under the act approved February the eleventh, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, the honorable discharge of discharge of the ap- the applicant, showing the same was predicated on a surgeon's certified on a surgeon's cate of disability, shall be considered as satisfactory evidence to the certificate to be Commissioner of Pensions that the disability was incurred in the deemed sufficient course of service.

APPROVED, March 24, 1848.

April 13, 1848. [No. 5.] - A Resolution tendering the Congratulations of the American to the French People.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United The congratu- States of America in Congress assembled, That, in the name and be-lations of Con- half of the American neonle, the congratulations of Congress as here. half of the American people, the congratulations of Congress are hereby tendered to the people of France, upon the success of their recent efforts to consolidate the principles of liberty in a republican form of government.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, requested to transmit this resolution to the American minister at Paris, with instructions to present it to the French government.

Approved, April 13, 1848.

[No. 6.] - A Resolution respecting Contracts for Hemp for the Use of the Ameri-May 9, 1848. can Navy.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Contracts for States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby authorized, if in his opinion it will be advantageous to the public interest, to make contracts, for any term not exceeding five years, for the purchase of American water-rotted hemp for the use of the United States navy, provided the same can be had of equal quality with the best foreign hemp, and at a price not exceeding the average price of such hemp for the last five years; the inspection and delivery to be at the place of purchase. APPROVED, May 9, 1848.

May 9, 1848.

Thanks of Congress tendered to Major-General Taylor and the officers and solcommand, for their valor, skill. and good conduct displayed in the battle of Buena Vista.

A gold medal to be struck and presented to General Taylor.

[No. 7.] - Joint Resolution of Thanks to Major-General Taylor.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress are due, and they are hereby tendered, to Major-General Zachary Taylor, and through him to the officers and soldiers of the regular diers under his army and of the volunteers under his command, for their valor, skill, and good conduct conspicuously displayed on the twenty-second and twenty-third days of February last, in the battle of Buena Vista, in defeating a Mexican army of more than four times their number, consisting of chosen troops, under their favorite commander, General Santa Anna.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause to be struck a gold medal, with devices emblematical of this splendid achievement, and presented to Major-General Zachary Taylor

gress tendered to the people of France, &c.

The President requested to transmit this resto the olution American minister at Paris for presentation to the French government.

American waterrotted hemp may be made for any term not exceeding five years, &c.

warrants,

honorable

evidence.

1847, ch. 8.

as a testimony of the high sense entertained by Congress of his judicious and distinguished conduct on that memorable occasion.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause the foregoing resolutions to be communicated to Major-General Taylor, in such terms as he may deem best calculated to give effect to lutions to be comthe object thereof.

APPROVED, May 9, 1848.

[No. 8.] - Joint Resolution in Relation to the Transportation and Discharge of the Military Forces of the United States at the Close of the War with Mexico.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on the restoration of peace with Mexico, by a treaty of peace duly ratified and proclaimed, Mexico, all the all the military forces of the United States, whether volunteers, regu-troops of the United States, whether volunteers, regulars, or the marine corps, who by law, or the terms of their engagement, are to be discharged at the close of the war, shall, under the direction to be transported of the President of the United States, be transported or marched, with to such places in the least practicable delay, to such posts or places in the United States as may be least expensive and most convenient to the troops — and at expensive such places they shall be discharged from the service of the United most convenient States; and that until they shall respectively reach such places and be discharged, the officers and men shall be considered, paid, and treated officers and men as in the service of the United States, in the same manner as if the war to be paid and treated as in the had not closed.

Approved, June 16, 1848.

[No. 9.] - Joint Resolution providing for Payment of the Regiment of Texas Mounted Troops called into the Service of the United States, under the Requisition of Colonel Curtis, in the Year eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and for other Purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause to be paid, out mounted mustered of any unexpended appropriations for the prosecution of the war service for between the United States of America and the republic of Mexico, the months in 1847 regiment of Texas mounted troops which was mustered into the ser-before joining the vice of the United States for six months, under the requisition of army, to receive Colonel Curtis in the year eighteen hundred and forty-seven and dis-Colonel Curtis, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and discharged before joining the army, the pay and allowances of mounted men, mounted from the time the several companies thereof arrived at San Antonio, the place of rendezvous, until they were mustered out of service, and the usual pay and travelling allowances from the time they left their mustered out of homes until they reached San Antonio, and from the places where they service or diswere mustered out of service until they reached their homes; and the companies of Captains Smith and Hill, until they refused to be mustered out of service, or were disbanded by their respective captains; and also that he cause to be paid to the said regiment the full value of all horses which he shall be satisfied were lost by them for want of forage, during the periods herein specified : Provided, That nothing in forage. the act approved second March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, entitled "An Act to amend an act to provide for the payment of horses and other property lost and destroyed in the military service of the United States," approved eighteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, shall be construed to revive the proviso to the second section of the act approved the fifteenth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of horses

The President requested to cause these resomunicated to General Taylor.

June 16, 1848.

On the restoration of peace with ted States enti-tled to discharge the United States as may be least and to them.

Until discharged, service of the United States.

June 16, 1848.

Certain Texas troops into six lowances of men from the time arrived at they arrived at San Antonio till

To be paid also for horses lost by them for want of

Proviso. 1847, ch. 39.

1844, ch. 73.

longing to volunteers, which were thrown overboard in the Gulf of Mexico since 13th May, 1846, also to be paid for.

All horses be- lost by the Missouri volunteers in the Florida war:" Provided, also. That all horses belonging to volunteers, which were lost in the Gulf of Mexico, since the thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, by being thrown overboard or otherwise, shall be paid for in the same manner as is provided for the payment of other lost horses in this act. APPROVED. June 16, 1848.

June 30, 1848.

[No. 12.] — A Resolution authorizing the Presentation to the Government of France of a Series of the Standard Weights and Measures of the United States, and for other Purposes.

A series of the standard weights and measures of the United States to be presented to the government of France; and certain books to be furnished to the Committee on the Library, for purposes of international exchange.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State be directed to furnish to Alexandre Vattemare one complete series of the standard weights and measures of the United States, now in the Department of State, to be presented to the government of France; and that he furnish to the Joint Committee on the Library twenty-five copies of the revolutionary archives, and an equal number of copies of Little and Brown's edition of the Laws of the United States, to be disposed of by them for the purposes of international exchange.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That seven copies of the works of the exploring expedition now published, and an equal number of such of the works of the same as may hereafter be published, be placed at the disposal of the Joint Library Committee of Congress for the purposes of international exchange.

APPROVED, June 30, 1848.

July 1, 1843. [No. 13.] — A Joint Resolution relative to Evidence in Application for Pensions.

shall be sufficient to enable the widow of a revolutionary officer or soldier to obtain a pension.

mont.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Evidence that States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases where a pension may have been granted to any officer or soldier of the Revolution in his lifetime, the evidence upon which such pension was granted shall be conclusive of the service of such officer or soldier in the application of any widow, or woman who may have been the widow, of such officer or soldier, for a pension; and upon proof by her that she was married to any such officer or soldier prior to January first, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, and that she is a widow, she shall thereupon be placed upon the pension rolls at the same rate that such officer or soldier received during his lifetime.

APPROVED, July 1, 1848.

July 10; 1848. [No. 15.] - Joint Resolution disposing of two brass Field-Pieces captured at the Battle of Bennington, in seventeen hundred and seventy-seven.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That two brass field-pieces, Two brass fieldpieces captured captured from the enemy at the battle of Bennington, in the State of at the battle of Vermont, in seventeen hundred and seventy-seven, now in the posses-Bennington, in 1777, to be well sion of the United States, be immediately well mounted, under the mounted and demounted and de-livered to the direction of the Secretary of War, and delivered to the governor of governor of Ver- the State of Vermont, to be hereafter holden as the property of said State.

APPROVED, July 10, 1848.

[No. 16.] - Joint Resolution to change the Location of a Lighthouse on Lake Superior, in the State of Michigan.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and hereby is, authorized (if he deem it expedient) to house authorized change the site of the lighthouse authorized by the act of March third, March, 1847, at eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to be constructed at Copper Harbor, Copper Harbor, Fort Wilkins, Lake Superior, in the State of Michigan, to a more be changed to be constructed at Copper Harbor, Copper Harbor, be changed to be changed to be constructed at Copper Harbor, be changed to be ch suitable place on said lake : Provided, Such change shall not increase a more suitable the cost of construction so as to exceed the appropriation made for such lake. purpose by said act.

APPROVED, July 10, 1848.

[No. 17.] - A Joint Resolution extending the Time for the Erection of certain July 25, 1843. Lighthouses.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the six-States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the six-teenth section of the act approved March third, seventeen hundred and priated for light-houses not to be ninety-five, entitled "An Act making further provision for the support carried to the surof public credit and for the redemption of the public debt," as requires plus fund until that sums remaining unexpended for two years after the year of appropriation shall be carried to the account of the surplus fund, shall not of the legislature apply to the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty- of those States in which said lightseven, entitled "An Act authorizing the erection of certain light- houses are to be houses, and for other purposes," until two years after the first meeting located. of the legislature of those States in which said lighthouses are to be located.

APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

[No. 18.] — Joint Resolution relinquishing to the State of Missouri certain Trophies of Doniphan's victorious Expedition.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the ten pieces of ordnance captured by the Missouri volunteers under Colonel Doniphan, captured by the in their brilliant expedition through the Northern States of Mexico, Missouri volun-in their brilliant expedition through the Northern States of Mexico, teers, under Col-now deposited at the capital of the State, by permission of the com- onel Doniphan, manding general, as trophies of their heroic achievements, be, and the relinquished to the State of Missouri same are hereby, forever relinquished to the State of Missouri.

Approved, July 25, 1848.

[No. 19.] - A Resolution to sanction an Agreement made between the Wyandotts and Delawares for the Purchase of certain Lands by the former, of the latter Tribe of Indians.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the agreement, in writing, between the Delaware nation of Indians and the Wyandott writing between nation of Indians, made and entered into on the fourteenth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-three, for the purchase of cer- tions of Indians, tain lands by the latter, of the former tribe of Indians, and which said on the 14th De-cember, 1843, for agreement, in writing, is as follows:

"WHEREAS, from a long and intimate acquaintance, and the ardent the latter of the friendship which has for a great many years existed between the former, confirm-Delawares and Wyandotts, and from a mutual desire that the same ed. feeling shall continue and be more strengthened by becoming near neighbors to each other; therefore the said parties, the Delawares Vol. IX. Pub. -- 43

July 10, 1848.

Site of the lighton said Proviso.

Sums

1795, ch. 45. 1847, ch. 52.

July 25, 1848.

The ordnance souri.

July 25, 1848.

Agreement in the Delaware and Wyandott nathe purchase of certain lands by

on one side, and the Wyandotts on the other, in full council assembled, have agreed, and do agree, to the following stipulations, to wit: --

ARTICLE 1. The Delaware nation of Indians, residing between the Missouri and Kansas Rivers, being very anxious to have their uncles, the Wyandotts, to settle and reside near them, do hereby donate, grant, and quitclaim forever, to the Wyandott nation, three sections of land, containing six hundred and forty acres each, lying and being situated at the point of the junction of the Missouri and Kansas Rivers.

ARTICLE 2. The Delaware chiefs, for themselves and by the unanimous consent of their people, do hereby cede, grant, quitclaim to the Wyandott nation, and their heirs forever, thirty-six sections of land, each containing six hundred and forty acres, situated between the aforesaid Missouri and Kansas Rivers, and adjoining on the west the aforesaid three donated sections, making in all thirty-nine sections of land, bounded as follows, viz. : Commencing at the point at the junction of the aforesaid Missouri and Kansas Rivers, running west along the Kansas River sufficiently far to include the aforesaid thirty-nine sections; thence running north to the Missouri River; thence down the said river with its meanders to the place of beginning; to be surveyed in as near a square form as the rivers and territory ceded will admit of.

ARTICLE 3. In consideration of the foregoing donation and cession of land, the Wyandott chiefs bind themselves, successors in office, and their people, to pay to the Delaware nation of Indians forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, as follows, viz.: six thousand and eighty dollars to be paid the year eighteen hundred and forty-four, and four thousand dollars annually thereafter for ten years.

ARTICLE 4. It is hereby distinctly understood, between the contracting parties, that the aforesaid agreement shall not be binding or obligatory until the President of the United States shall have approved the same, and caused it to be recorded in the War Department.

In testimony whereof, we, the chiefs and headmen of the Delaware nation, and the chiefs and headmen of the Wyandott nation, have, this fourteenth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-three, set our signatures.

	NAH-KOO-MER, his x mark.	\
Captain	KETCHUM, his x mark.	
Captain	SUAVEC, his x mark,	
1	JACKENDUTHEN, his x mark.	
	SAN-KOCK-SA, his x mark.	Delaware chiefs
	COCK-I-TO-WA, his x mark,	
	SA-SAR-SIT-TONA, his x mark,	
	PEMP-SCAH, his x mark,	
	NAH-QUE-NON, his x mark,)
	HENRY JACQUIS, his x mark,	
	JAMES WASHINGTON, his x mark,	
	MATTHEW PEACOCK, his x mark,	
	JAMES BIGTREE, his x mark,	Wyandotts.
	GEORGE ARMSTRONG, his x mark,	, v
	TAN-ROO-MIE, his x mark,	
	T. A. HICKS,	
	l in open council in presence of	
Jon	ATHAN PHILLIPS, Sub-agent for the Wyand	dotts,
Ric	HARD W. CUMMINS, Indian Agent.	
Jam	es M. Simpson.	
	ARLES GRAHAM.	
JOE	L WALKER, Secretary of the Wyandott Con	ınc il .
HEN	NRY TIBLOW, Indian Interpreter, Delaware.	,,, ,

be, and the same is hereby, confirmed: Provided, That the Wyandott Indian nation shall take no better right or interest in and to said lands than is now vested in the Delaware nation of Indians.

APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

[No. 20.] — A Resolution for the speedy Payment of the three Months' extra Pay to the Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Musicians, and Privates, who have served in the late War with Mexico, allowed by the Act of July nineteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the three months' extra pay provided by the fifth section of the act approved July nineteenth, months' eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to the officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, who have been in actual service in served in Mexithe late war with Mexico, and who have served out the term of their co, to be settled engagement, or have been honorably discharged, and to the widows or partment of the heirs of those who have died or been killed in the service, shall be paid army. and settled by the pay department of the army, under such regulations as the Paymaster-General, with the approval of the Secretary of War, shall establish.

APPROVED, July 29, 1848.

[No. 21.] — A Resolution authorizing the proper accounting Officers of the Treasury to make a just and fair Statement of the Claims of the Cherokee Nation of Indians, according to the Principles established by the Treaty of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting statement of the officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to make a just and fair statement of the claims of the Cherokee nation of Indians to be of Indians, according to the principles established by the treaty of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, between the United States and said Indians, and that they report the same to the next session of Congress.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

[No. 22.] - Joint Resolution of Thanks to the Officers, Sailors, and Marines, of the United States Navy.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the thanks of Congress the officers, seaare due, and are hereby tendered, to the officers, sailors, and marines, of the navy of the United States, for the zeal and ability with which their duty during the late war with Mexico, and especially their efficient cooperation with the army of the United States in the capture of ity with which Vera Cruz and the castle of San Juan de Ulloa, was performed.

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to cause the foregoing resolution to be communicated to the officers, sailors, and marines of the navy of the United States, in such terms as requested he may deem best calculated to give effect to the object thereof.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

[No. 23.] — Joint Resolution authorizing the Secretary of State to furnish the Clerks of the several District and Circuit Courts of the United States with Copies of Little and Brown's Edition of the Laws of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State of State to furnish

Proviso.

July 29, 1848.

1848, ch. 104.

The three extra pay to officers and soldiers who

Aug. 7, 1848.

A just and fair claims of the Cherokee nation made according to the principles established by the treaty of August, 1846. between the United States and said Indians.

Aug. 7, 1848.

Thanks of Conmen, and marines of the United States navy for the zeal and abilthey performed their duty during the late war with Mexico.

The President to communicate this resolution to the officers, seamen, and marines of the navy.

Aug. 7, 1848.

The Secretary

the several Circuit and District number of copies of Little and Brown's edition the United States, &c.

to the clerks of cause to be furnished to each of the clerks of the several District and Circuit Courts of the United States a sufficient number of copies of Courts as utilities that Little and Brown's edition of the Statutes at large, with those heretofore received, to supply the clerk's office at each place where said courts are required by law to be held, one copy for the use of said clerk's of the Laws of office and of said courts.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

Aug. 10, 1848. [No. 24.] - Joint Resolution concerning certain Portions of the Marine and Ordnance Corps.

officers, The non-commissioned officers, &c., of the marine corps, and artificers and laborers of the ordnance corps, who served in Mexico, placed, as to bounty land neration, on a footing with the regular army.

Proviso.

sioned officers of the marine corps bounty for reënlistment.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the officers, non-commissioned officers, privates, and musicians of the marine corps, who have served with the army in the war with Mexico, and also the artificers and laborers of the ordnance corps serving in said war, be placed, in all respects as to bounty land and other remuneration, in addition to ordinary pay, on a footing with the officers, non-commisand other remu- sioned officers, privates, and musicians of the army: Provided. That this remuneration shall be in lieu of prize money and all other extra allowances.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the non-commissioned offi-Non-commis- cers of the marine corps shall be entitled to the same bounty for reënlistment as is now or may hereafter be received by the non-commisto be entitled to sioned officers of the army.

APPROVED, August 10, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848.

[No. 25.] - A Resolution granting to the Jackson Monument Committee certain brass Guns and Mortars, captured by General Andrew Jackson, and for other Purposes.

captured by General Jackson at Pensacola to be delivered to the Jackson Monument Committee. construction of a monument.

A portion of the public ground in the city of Washington granted as a site for said monument.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United The brass guns States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and requested to cause to be delivered to the Jackson Monument Committee, in the city of Washington, the brass guns and mortars captured by General Andrew Jackson at Pensacola, and referred to in a statement of the Chief of to be used for the the Ordnance Office, dated fourteenth April, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to be used by the said committee as material for the construction of the monument to that distinguished patriot; and the said committee is hereby authorized to erect the said monument upon such portion of the public grounds in the city of Washington as may be designated for that purpose by the President of the United States. APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848.

Four copies of the Statutes at large to be delivered to the Solicitor of the Treasury for the use of his office.

Solicitor allowed the use of the library of Congress.

[No. 26.] — A Resolution concerning the Distribution of the Statutes at large.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State be authorized and directed to deliver to the Solicitor of the Treasury four copies of the Statutes at large, for the use of his office, and to be kept and preserved therein as public property, and that the Solicitor be allowed the use of the library of Congress, subject to regulations of the Joint Committee on the Library. APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTLETH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the second Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 4th day of December, 1848, and ended Saturday, March 3, 1849.

JAMES K. POLK, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice-President, and President of the Senate; DAVID R. ATCHISON, President of the Senate, pro tempore, on and after March 2, 1849; ROBERT C. WIN-THROP, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. XIV. - An Act to extend certain Privileges to the Town of Whitehall, in the State of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, on the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury, be authorized to extend to the town of Whitehall the same privileges as are conferred on certain ports named in the seventh section of an act entitled "An Act allowing drawback upon foreign merchandise exported in the original packages to Chihuahua and Santa Fe, in Mexico, and to the British North American provinces adjoining lamation at the the United States," passed third March, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, in the manner prescribed by the proviso contained in said section.

APPROVED, January 10, 1849.

CHAP. XIX. - An Act supplemental to the Act approved the sixth Day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-two, entitled " An Act confirming certain Land Claims in Louisiana."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a further term of two years, from and after the passage of this act, be, and the same allowed to locate is hereby, conceded to locate the claim named and alluded to in the claim in Louisithird and sixth sections of the act to which this act is supplemental, ana. and therein designated as claim number eight.

Approved, January 19, 1849.

CHAP. XX. - An Act to continue the Office of the Commissioner of Pensions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authority given to continue the office of Commissioner of Pensions by the act of the fourteenth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled ued till further "An Act to continue the office of Commissioner of Pensions," be extended until further legislation by Congress; and that said Commis-(341)

Jan. 10, 1849.

Certain priv-ileges of drawback extended to town of the Whitehall, New York.

1845, ch. 70. See the procend of the laws of this session.

Jan. 19, 1849. 1842, ch. 50.

Further time a certain land

Jan. 19, 1849.

Office of Commissioner of Pensions continlegislation.

1846, ch. 4.

Salary.

sioner shall receive the same rate of compensation which was paid to him during the year ending December thirty-first, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, January 19, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849. CHAP. XXIV. —An Act to supply Deficiencies in the Appropriations for the Service of the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely:

> For contingent expenses of the General Land Office, to cover a deficiency in appropriation for parchment, the increase required to satisfy military locations being much greater than was estimated, four thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Register of the Treasury, for amount due on an account for printing and binding blank books for the entry of the collectors' quarterly returns of the commerce and navigation of their several districts, nine hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For salary of the governor and superintendent of Indian affairs of Oregon Territory, from eighteenth August, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, at three thousand dollars per annum, per act fourteenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, two thousand six hundred and eight dollars and seventyfour cents.

For salaries of the chief justice and two associate judges of Oregon Territory, at two thousand dollars each per annum, from fourteenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, per same act, five thousand two hundred and sixty-six dollars and twenty-nine cents.

For salary of the secretary of Oregon Territory, from fourteenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, at fifteen hundred dollars per annum, per same act, one thousand three hundred and sixteen dollars and fifty-eight cents.

For salaries of district attorney and marshal of Oregon Territory, from fourteenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, at two hundred dollars each per annum, per same act, three hundred and fifty-one dollars and eight cents.

For the re-appropriation of this sum, (carried to the surplus fund,) being for the purchase of agricultural implements, cattle, and mechanics' tools, for the Ottowas and Chippewas, stipulated in the fourth clause of the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand four hundred and six dollars and forty-seven cents.

For payment of services of blacksmith and striker of the Choctaws, rendered after the treaty provisions had expired by limitation, and before he was notified thereof, and for coal furnished the shop during the same time, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and ninetyeight cents.

For expenses of an agent in taking the census of the North Carolina Cherokees, under the fourth section of the act of twentyninth July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, four hundred dollars.

Supply of deficiencies in the appropriations for 1849.

Contingencies of General Land Office, \$4000.

Contingencies in office of Register of the Treasury, \$975.

Salary of governor and superintendent of Indian affairs of Oregon Territory, \$2608 74. 1848, ch. 177.

Salary of judges, secretary, marshal, and district attorney of Oregon Territory, \$5266 29.

\$1316 58.

\$351 08.

Re-appropriation for Ottowas and Chippewas, \$5406 47.

Blacksmith and striker for Choctaws, \$156 98.

Expenses of census of N. C. Cherokees, \$400. 1848, ch. 118.

For continuing the collecting and digesting of such statistics and materials as may illustrate the history, the present condition, and future prospects of the Indian tribes of the United States, five thousand dollars.

For re-appropriation of this sum, (carried to the surplus fund.) for pay, subsistence, and clothing of the company of sappers, miners, and pontoniers, and for carrying out the other purposes of the act of May toniers, \$23,259 fifteenth eighteen hundred and forty size tonication in the state of the act of May toniers, \$23,259 fifteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, twenty-three thousand two 40. hundred and fifty-nine dollars and forty cents.

To enable the clerk of the House to furnish to members of the House the books authorized by the resolution of the seventh of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, seventy-six thousand dollars.

For copying abstracts from old sea journals, for the "wind and current charts," and for payment of duties on books, maps, charts, and instruments imported for the use of the navy, four thousand dollars. And from and after the thirtieth of June next, all books, maps, charts, mathematical, nautical instruments, philosophical apparatus, and all other articles whatever, imported for the use of the United States, shall be imported free of duty, any thing in the act of July thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act reducing the duty on imports and for other purposes," to the contrary notwithstanding.

For salary of the secretary to sign patents for public lands, fifteen hundred dollars.

To pay two messengers in the Pension Office, in addition to those now employed, at the rate of four hundred dollars each per annum, for Pension the last two quarters of the current fiscal year, four hundred dollars.

For furnishing sixteen rooms in the new building occupied by the Pension Office, at an average of one hundred dollars per room; for carpets, matting, desks, tables, shelves, book-cases, chairs, and other necessary articles, sixteen hundred dollars.

For compensation to the commissioner in China, under the act to carry into effect certain provisions in the treaties between the United States and China and the Ottoman Porte, of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, five hundred and eighty-three dollars and thirty-three cents.

For compensation to the consuls of the United States at the five ports in China, viz.: Kwangehow, Amoy, Fuchow, Ningpo, and Shanghae, under the same act, two thousand nine hundred and sixteen dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For outfit of a chargé d'affaires to the Papal States, per act first May, eighteen hundred and ten, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Senate, one hundred and twentythree thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, fifty thousand dollars, including the compensation of a clerk to the Sergeant-at- resentatives, arms, at the rate of four dollars per day, during the present session.

For completing the three rooms in the Capitol of Iowa, set apart for the use of the United States courts, under a resolution of the General Assembly of Iowa, approved January twenty-two, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, one thousand one hundred and eighty-six dollars and seventy-two cents : Provided, That before any money be paid under Proviso. this appropriation, the said apartments be ceded by the proper authorities of the State of Iowa for the use of the courts of the United States, until other arrangements for the accommodation of the courts be made by the United States.

For bringing to the seat of government the votes for President and Vice-President of the United States, nine thousand dollars.

For the employment in the Adjutant-General's office of two temporary clerks for the last half of the current fiscal year, one thousand dollars; and for the contingent expenses of the Pension Office for the office, \$5566 45.

Statistics of Indian tribes. \$ 5000.

Re-appropriation for sappers,

1846, ch. 21.

Books for members House Representatives, \$76,000.

Copying ahstracts of old sea journals,&c., and duties on books, maps, charts, &c. \$4000.

Books, &c., imported for the use of the U.S., to be duty free after 30th June next.

1846, ch. 74.

Salary of sec. to sign patents, \$1508.

Messengers in Office, \$400.

Furnishing rooms in Pension Office, \$1600.

Compensation of commissioner to China, \$583 33.

1848, ch. 150.

Compensation consuls, to \$2916 67.

Outfit of chargé d'affaires to Rome, \$4500.

1810, ch. 44. Contingencies of Senate, \$123,000, and House Rep-\$50,000.

Completing three rooms in the Capitol of ín Iowa for use of the U.S. courts, \$1186 72.

For bringing on votes for Presi-dent and Vice-President, \$9000. Temporary clerks in Adjutant-General's

last and the current fiscal years, five thousand five hundred and sixtysix dollars and forty-five cents.

For the six swords ordered to be presented by the joint resolution, approved March second, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, nine thousand dollars.

For instruments necessary for the astronomical observations directed to be made in the southern hemisphere by the act of August third, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and for freight and expenses on the same, six thousand four hundred dollars.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

Secretary of War to pay interest on

certain advances

made by State of Alabama.

How interest

shall be comput-

ed.

CHAP. XXV. — An Act authorizing the Payment of Interest upon the Advances made by the State of Alabama for the Use of the United States Government, in the Suppression of the Creek Indian Hostilities of eighteen hundred and thirty-siz and eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, in Alabama.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to pay interest upon the advances made by the State of Alabama for the use of the United States Government, in the suppression of hostilities by the Creek Indians, in eighteen hundred and thirty-six and eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, at the rate of six per centum per annum from the time of the advances until the principal sum was paid by the United States to the State of Alabama; and the sum so found to be due to said State be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in ascertaining the amount of interest as aforesaid due to the State of Alabama, the following rules shall govern: That interest shall not be computed on any sum which Alabama has not expended for the use and benefit of the United States, as evidenced by the amount refunded or repaid to the State of Alabama by the United States. Second, That no interest shall be paid on any sum on which the said State of Alabama did not either pay or lose interest as aforesaid.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

849. CHAP. XXXVII. — An Act for the Relief of the forward Officers of the late Exploring Expedition.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be authorized and directed, in the settlements of the accounts of the forward officers of the late Exploring Expedition, under the command of Charles Wilkes, Esquire, to allow them the extra pay of two hundred and fifty dollars per annum, credited to said officers on the pay-rolls rendered on the arrival of said expedition in the United States, agreeably to the direction of said commander.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the accounting officers of the Treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed, in the settlement of the accounts of Lieutenant Cadwallader Ringgold, late commanding the United States brig Porpoise, attached to the Exploring Expedition, to allow and credit him in the extra pay for scientific duties, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum, and upon the principle applied to the accounts of Lieutenant W. L. Hudson, then commanding the United States sloop Peacock, attached to said expedition.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

Feb. 1, 1849.

Extra pay allowed forward officers of the Exploring Expedition.

Lieut. Cadwallader Ringgold to be allowed extra pay for scientific services.

For six swords, \$9000.

Instruments for astronomical observations, \$6400.

1848, ch. 121.

CHAP. LII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Military Academy, for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, seventy-nine thousand seven hundred and sixty-four dollars.

For commutation of subsistence, five thousand six hundred and twenty-one dollars.

For forage for officers' horses, two thousand four hundred and ninetysix dollars; and all professors shall be entitled to the same amount of forage which is allowed to officers of the rank to which their rank professors. is assimilated.

For clothing for officers' servants, four hundred and twenty dollars.

For repairs, fuel, apparatus, forage for public horses and oxen, stationery, printing, and other incidental and contingent expenses, twentysix thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

For the increase and expenses of the library, one thousand dollars. For expenses of the board of visitors, one thousand and thirty-three

dollars and sixty-one cents.

For barracks for cadets, forty thousand dollars.

For new mess hall, five thousand dollars.

For riding hall, two thousand dollars.

For hospital for enlisted men, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent quarters and barracks for engineer troops, (sappers, Quarters, \$5000. miners, and pontoniers,) five thousand dollars.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

For revolutionary pensions, under the act of the eighteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, twenty-eight thousand four 400 hundred dollars.

For invalid pensions, under various acts, two hundred and seventytwo thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the act of the second of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, one hundred and thirtytwo thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under the act of the twentyfirst of July, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For half-pay pensions to widows and orphans, under the act of the sixteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, and the act of the sixteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, \$11,764 57. in addition to an unexpended balance remaining in the treasury of eleven thousand seven hundred and sixty-four dollars and fifty-seven cents, payable through the Third Auditor's office, ten thousand dollars.

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Feb. 19, 1849.

[Obsolete.]

Pay, \$79,764.

Subsistence, £5621.

Forage, \$2496. Allowance to

Clothing, \$420. Incidental and contingent expenses, \$26,460.

Library, \$1000. Board of visitors, \$1033 61. Barracks, \$40,000. New mess hall, \$5000. Riding hall, \$2000.

Feb. 19, 1849.

Revolutionary pensions, §28,

1818, ch. 19. Invalid pen-sions, \$272,000.

For widows and orphans, \$132,-000.

1848, ch. 8. \$24,000. 1848, ch. 108.

Half-pay pen-sions to widows

CHAP. LIII. — An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of revolutionary and other Pensions of the United States, for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Arrearages, \$1000.

Deputies

clerks of agents for paying pensions may ad-

minister oaths.

or

For arrearages prior to the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, under the act of the first of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, in addition to an unexpended balance remaining in the treasury of two thousand nine hundred and fourteen dollars and eighty-nine cents, payable through the Third Auditor's office, one thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever any agent for paying pensions shall have a deputy or clerk, authorized by law, said deputy or clerk shall have like power to administer oaths or affirmations as said agent may have; and all oaths and affirmations taken before said clerk or deputy, shall be of like obligation, and subject to like penalties for false swearing or affirmation, as if taken before the pension agent himself.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

Feb. 19, 1849.

CHAP. LV. — An Act to relinquish the reversionary Interest of the United States in a certain Indian Reservation in the State of Alabama.

Reversionary interest of the U.S. in a certain tract of land relinquished to Stephen Steele and James Daniel.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the right, title, and interest, which might accrue or revert, or has accrued or reverted, to the United States, to a certain reservation confirmed to the heirs of William Jones, deceased, by the certificate from the United States, bearing date the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, being known and described as fractional section sixteen, and the south-east and south-west quarters of section nine, in township six, and range five, under a treaty made and concluded at Fort Jackson, on the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and lying in the State of Alabama, be, and the same are hereby, relinquished and vested in Stephen Steele and James Daniel, respectively, according to the extent of their several interests therein . Provided, however, (and this relinquishment is made upon the condition,) that the said Steele and Daniel, or either of them, have fairly, and in good faith, and for a valuable and adequate consideration, purchased of the said heirs, by authentic and valid deeds, their respective rights in and to the said reservations: And provided, further, That no sale or conveyance of said reservation, or any part thereof, by the said reservees, or either of them, shall be deemed regular or valid, nor shall this act have effect, until the President of the United States, or some officer to be by him designated, shall have approved such conveyance, and endorsed his approval thereon.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849.

1849, ch. 82.

Manner in which certain records, &c., may be authenticated and read in evidence.

[This section is explained by act of 1849, ch. 82, post, p. 350.] CHAP. LXI. - An Act for authenticating certain Records.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That it may and in shall be lawful for the keepers or persons having the custody of laws, any judgments, orders, decrees, journals, correspondence, or other public ted documents, of any foreign government or its agents, relating to the vi- title to lands claimed by or under the United States, on the application of the back of a former of the land of the Theorem 1.5.

of the head of any one of the departments, the Solicitor of the Treasury, or the Commissioner of the General Land Office, to authenticate the same under his hand and seal, and certify the same to be correct and true copies of such laws, judgments, orders, decrees, journals, correspondence, or other public documents; and when the same shall be certified by such minister, consul, or judge, mentioned in the first

section of this act, under his hand and seal of office, to be true copies of the originals, the same shall be sealed up by him and returned to the Solicitor of the Treasury, who shall file the same in his office, and cause it to be recorded in a book to be kept for that purpose. A copy of said laws, judgments, orders, decrees, journals, correspond-ence, or other public documents, so filed, or of the same so recorded in said book, may be read in evidence in all courts where the title to land claimed by or under the United States may come into question, equally with the originals thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Solicitor of the Treasury shall cause a seal to be made and provided for his office, with such Treasury device as the President of the United States shall approve, and copies cause a seal to be of any public documents, records, books or pages belowing to cause a seal to be of any public documents, records, books, or papers, belonging to or on fice. the files of the said office, under the signature of the said Solicitor, or, when the office shall be vacant, under the signature of such officer as may be officiating for the time being, accompanied by an impress of the said seal, shall be competent evidence in all cases equally with the original records, documents, books, or papers.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all books, papers, docu-ments, and records in the War, Navy, Treasury, and Post-Office Navy, Treasury, Departments, and the Attorney-General's office, may be copied and Post-Office, and Attorney-General's office, may be copied and Post-Office on the second certified under seal in the same manner as those in the State Depart- Attorney-Geni's Dep'ts, may be ment may now by law be, and with the same force and effect, and the copied and certisaid Attorney-General shall cause a seal to be made and provided for fied in the same his office, with such device as the President of the United States shall State Dep't. approve.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

CHAP. LXII. - An Act granting five Years' Half Pay to certain Widows and Orphans of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, Musicians, and Privates, both Regulars and Volunteers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the second section of the act entitled "An Act amending the act entitled 'An Act granting half pay to widows or orphans, where their ing the act granthusbands and fathers have died of wounds received in the military service of the United States,' in cases of deceased officers and soldiers of &c., the militia and volunteers," approved July twenty-first, eighteen hun- construed. dred and forty-eight, shall be so construed as to embrace all widows and orphans of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, whether of the regular army or of volunteers, who have received an honorable discharge, or who remained to the date of their death in the military service of the United States, and who have died, since their return to their usual place of residence, of wounds received, or from disease contracted while in line of duty, subject to such rules, regulations, and restrictions, as the Secretary of War, by the third section of said act, is authorized to impose.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

CHAP. LXX. — An Act to establish an additional Land Office in the State of Missouri.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the public lands of the United States included in the present Fayette district, in the State of Missouri, as lies within the following bounda- land district.

Solicitor of the

manner as in the Attorney-Gen'l to have a seal.

Feb. 22, 1849.

How the act of 20th July, 1848, ch. 108, amending half pay to widows,orphans, &c., shall be

Feb. 26, 1849.

Part of Fayette land district formed into new ries, to wit: Beginning at the point on the northern boundary of the State intersected by the line between ranges thirteen and fourteen; thence south along that line until it intersects the line between townships fifty-five and fifty-six; thence west along that line until it intersects the line between ranges twenty-three and twenty-four; thence north along the last mentioned line to the northern boundary of the State; thence east with said boundary line to the beginning, shall be formed into a new land district, to be called the "Chariton district;" and for the sale of the public lands within the district hereby constituted, a land office shall be established at such most convenient place within the said district as the President of the United States may designate.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That for the office in the land district hereby created, a register and receiver shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall severally give bond and security, according to law, before entering on the duties of their respective offices. They shall receive the same compensation, fees, and emoluments, and shall perform similar duties, and possess the same powers with all other registers and receivers of land offices, and shall, in all respects, be governed by the laws of the United States providing for the sale of the public lands.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall cause to be transferred to the land office hereby created all such books, maps, records, field notes, and plats, or transcripts thereof, relating to the surveys and entries of the public lands in this district, as may be necessary for the sale of the public lands, in compliance with the provisions of this act. APPROVED, February 26, 1849.

CHAP. LXXI.— An Act to provide for carrying into Execution, in Part, the Twelfth Article of the Treaty with Mexico, concluded at Guadupe [Guadalupe] Hidalgo.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of carrying into execution, in part, the twelfth article of the treaty between the United States and Mexico, made and concluded at Guadalupe Hidalgo on the second day of February, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

For payment of the instalment and interest which will fall due, under said article, on the thirtieth day of May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-nine, the sum of three million seven hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

For payment of the instalment and interest which will fall due, under said article, on the thirtieth day of May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and fifty, the sum of three million five hundred and forty thousand dollars.

APPROVED, February 26, 1849.

Feb. 26, 1849. 1847, ch. 64. CHAP. LXXII. — An Act to extend the Provisions of an act Approved the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, for carrying into Effect the existing compacts with the States of Alabama and Mississippi, with Regard to the five per cent. Fund and School Reservations.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions

To be called Chariton district. Land office to be established.

Register and receiver to be appointed. To give bond.

Their compensation, duties,

Books, maps, &c., of the Fayette land district, transferred to new office.

Feb. 26, 1849.

[Obsolete.]

Appropriation.

Instalment and interest due Máy 30, 1849, \$3,720,000.

Instalment and interest due May 30, 1850, \$3,540,000. of "An Act to amend an act entitled 'An Act to carry into effect, in Three lowed the States of Alabama and Mississippi, the existing compacts with those of Alabama to States with regard to the five per cent. fund and the school reserva- make selection tions,' approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-seven," be, of lands author-ized the some are berefit even at the state of Ala and the same are hereby extended, so as to enable the State of Ala- acts. bama to have three years from the passage of this act in which to make the selections of land authorized by the preceding acts to which this is an amendment.

Approved, February 26, 1849.

CHAP. LXXVII. — An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Navy Pensions for the Year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of navy pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

To pay invalid pensions, forty thousand dollars.

To pay the pensions of widows and orphans of officers, seamen, and sions, \$40,000. Widows and orphans of officers, seamen, and Widows and ormarines, fifty thousand dollars.

To pay the pensions of invalids who were wounded on board of private armed vessels during the last war with Great Britain, three thousand dollars.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXVIII. - An Act declaratory of the Act for the Admission of the State March 2, 1849. of Iowa into the Union.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That by the act entitled "An Act for the admission of the State of Iowa into the mon schools in Union," approved December twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and fortysix, the United States assented to the application for the support of common schools, as made in the second section of the tenth article of the constitution of said State, of the five per cent. of the net proceeds of the sales of the public lands within the State of Iowa, and of the five hundred thousand acres of land granted to said State by the act of the fourth of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one; said land to be selected in legal subdivisions of not less than three hundred and twenty acres.

Approved, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXIX. - An Act to allow Subsistence to certain Arkansas and other March 2, 1849. Volunteers, who have been Prisoners of War in Mexico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the army of the United States be, and they are be paid to certain hereby, required to pay, in money, to each volunteer of the Arkansas volunteers. regiment, and to each volunteer of any other corps that has been in the military service of the United States, who has been a prisoner of war in Mexico, the sum of forty cents a day, in lieu of subsistence, during the whole time of his imprisonment.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the benefits provided by

Three years alto State

1847, ch. 64.

March 2, 1849. [Obsolete.]

phans, \$50,000. Invalids wounded on board private armed vessels, \$3000.

Support of com-Iowa

1846, cb 1.

Money, in lieu of subsistence, to

Benefits of this

act to be extended to legal representatives. What evidence

shall be sufficient.

the first section of this act extend to the legal representatives of said volunteer.

SEC. 3. And be it further eaacted, That the same evidence as is now required to establish the fact of ordinary service shall be sufficient to establish the fact of imprisonment, and to authorize and require said accounting officers to make the payment provided by the first section of this act, upon application of said volunteer, his authorized agent, or legal representative.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXX. - An Act concerning the Pay Department of the Army. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

United States of America in Congress assembled, That the pay de-

partment of the army shall consist of a Paymaster-General, who shall

have the rank of colonel, and the same pay and allowances as are

of other disbursing departments of the army; two deputy Paymasters-General, with the same rank, pay, and allowances as are now provided by law for such officers, and the same tenure of office as officers of like grade in other disbursing departments of the army; and twenty-five Paymasters, with the same rank, pay, and allowances as are now provided by law for such officers, and the same tenure of office as officers

shall be the duty of all disbursing officers of the pay department to

years, or as much oftener as the President may direct. That the

officers of the pay department, provided for by the first section of this

act, shall consist of the Paymaster-General, the two deputy Paymasters-

General now in commission, the fifteen Paymasters who were in service under the acts in force at the commencement of the war with Mexico, and ten Paymasters to be selected from the additional paymasters now in service, and the thirteen Paymasters authorized by the acts of the seventeenth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and the

That it

of like grade in other disbursing departments of the army.

Pay department of the army reorganized. at present provided by law, and the same tenure of office as the heads

Officers, their rank, pay, emoluments, and ten-ure of offices.

Disbursing officers of the department to re- snam be the duty of all disbursing others of the pay department to new their bonds renew their bonds, or furnish additional security, at least once in four every four years. Of what officers the pay department shall consist.

1846, ch. 28. 1847, ch. 61.

third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven. APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849. CHAP. LXXXI. - An Act to continue the Light at Sand's Point, on Long Island.

Light at Sand's point, L. I., con-tinued. 1847, ch. 52.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the fourth section of the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, entitled "An Act authorizing the erection of certain lighthouses, and for other purposes," as requires the light at Sand's Point, on Long Island, to be discontinued, be, and it is hereby, repealed. APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849.

1849, ch. 61.

First section of act for authenticating certain records amended and explained.

CHAP. LXXXII. - An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act for authenticating certain Records," approved February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the act entitled "An Act for authenticating certain records," approved February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows :

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it may and shall be lawful for the keepers or persons having the custody of laws, judgments, orders, decrees, journals, correspondence, or other public documents of any foreign government or its agents, relating to the title to lands claimed by or under the United States, on the application of one of the head of one of the departments, the Solicitor of the Treasury, or the Commissioner of the General Land Office, to authenticate the same under his hand and seal, and certify the same to be correct and true copies of such laws, judgments, orders, decrees, journals, correspondence, or other public documents; and when the same shall be certified by an American minister or consul under his hand and seal of office, or by a judge of one of the United States courts under his hand and seal, to be true copies of the originals, the same shall be sealed up by him and returned to the Solicitor of the Treasury, who shall file the same in his office, and cause it to be recorded in a book to be kept for that purpose. A copy of said laws, judgments, orders, decrees, journals, correspondence, or other public documents so filed, or of the same so recorded in said book, may be read in evidence in all courts, where the title to land claimed by or under the United States may come into question, equally with the originals thereof.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXXIII. — An Act to provide for an Increase of the Medical Staff, and for an additional Number of Chaplains of the Army of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of section third of an act entitled "An Act to amend an act entitled An Act supplemental to an act entitled an An Act providing for the prosecution of the existing war between the United States and the republic medical staff. of Mexico, and for other purposes," approved July nineteen, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, as prevents the filling of vacancies in the medical department of the army until further authorized by law, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the medical staff of the army be increased by the addition of ten assistant surgeons, to be appointed as provided by existing laws, and the regulations made under them.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the act of eighteen hundred and thirty-eight be, and hereby are, extended so as to authorize the employment of ten additional chaplains, for military posts of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, 1 has the residence be, and be it further enacted, 1 has the residence be, and the army - appointment of, to appoint a suitable person as judge advocate for the army, to be taken from the captains in the army, who shall have the brevet rank, pay, and emoluments of a major of cavalry, and that so much of the proviso to the third section of the act approved July nineteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, as relates to officers of the Adjutant-General's department, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXXIV. - An Act for changing the Location of the Land Office in the March 2, 1849. Chippewa Land District, and establishing an additional Land District in the State of Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the thirtieth June next, the land office for the sale of the public lands Land office at Falls of St. Croix, in the Chippewa land district shall be removed from the Falls of St. Wisconsin, to be

March 2, 1849.

Repeal of provision of act of July 19, 1848, ch. 104, prohibiting the filling of vacancies in the

Medical staff increased.

Appointment of ten additional chaplains authorized.

1838, ch. 162.

Judge advocate authorized.

1848, ch. 104.

water.

Additional land office and land district created. Post, p. 420.

Register and receiver to be eppointed; their powers, duties, and compensations.

Lands in said district to be exposed to sale.

President to designate the site of land office.

removed to Still- Croix, to Stillwater, in the county of St. Croix, in the proposed Territory of Minesota; and sales of the public lands in said district shall thereafter be held at Stillwater, in the county aforesaid.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That for the sale of the public lands in the Territory of Wisconsin, an additional land office and land district are hereby created, comprising all the lands not included within the districts of land subject to sale at Green Bay, Milwaukee, or Mineral Point, which shall be called the western land district.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a register and a receiver of the public moneys for the said district, who shall respectively be required to reside at the site of said office, and who shall have the same powers, perform the same duties, and be entitled to the same compensation as are, or may be, prescribed by law in relation to other land officers of the United States.

> SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President is authorized to cause the public lands in the said district, with the exemption of sections numbered sixteen, in each township, reserved for the use of schools, or such other lands as may be selected by law in lieu thereof, and of such other tracts as he may select for military or other purposes, to be exposed to sale in the same manner, and upon the same terms and conditions, as the other public lands of the United States.

> SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President is hereby authorized to designate the site at which the said office shall be established, and to remove the same to any other place within said district, whenever, in his opinion, it may be deemed expedient.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

Mareh 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXXVI. - An Act in relation to the Fox and Wisconsin River Reservation, in the State of Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all land entries made in the Green Bay land district, in the State of Wisconsin, upon the odd-numbered sections of the Fox and Wisconsin River reservation, in said State, subsequent to the passage of an act entitled "An Act to grant a certain quantity of land to aid in the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin Rivers, and connect the same by canal, in the Territory of Wisconsin," approved on the eighth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, be, and the same are hereby, declared to be good and valid as though said act had not been passed : Provided, nevertheless, That the governor of said State is hereby authorized to select the same quantity of other lands in lieu thereof; subject, however, to the

approval of the President of the United States. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all similar entries made upon the even-numbered sections of said reservations be also declared to be as good and valid as though said reservation had not been made.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849. CHAP. LXXXVII. - An Act to aid the State of Louisiana in draining the Swamp Lands therein.

Certain swamp lands granted to State of Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That to aid the State of Louisiana in constructing the necessary levees and drains to reclaim the swamp and overflowed lands therein, the whole of those swamp and overflowed lands, which may be or are found unfit for cultivation, shall be, and the same are hereby, granted to that State.

Certain entries of land in the Green Bay land district eonfirmed. 1846, ch. 170.

Proviso.

Certain other entries confirmed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That as soon as the Secretary of the Treasury shall be advised, by the Governor of Louisiana, that that State has made the necessary preparation to defray the expenses thereof, he shall cause a personal examination to be made, under the direction of the surveyor-general thereof, by experienced and faithful deputies, of all the swamp lands therein which are subject to overflow and unfit for cultivation; and a list of the same to be made out, and certified by the deputies and surveyor-general, to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall approve the same, so far as they are not claimed or held by individuals; and on that approval, the fee simple to said lands shall vest in the said State of Louisiana, subject to the disposal of the legislature thereof: Provided, however, That the proceeds of said lands shall be applied exclusively, as far as necessary, to the construction of the levees be applied. and drains aforesaid.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in making out a list of these swamp lands, subject to overflow and unfit for cultivation, all legal subdivisions, the greater part of which is of that character, shall be included in said list; but when the greater part of a subdivision is not of that character, the whole of it shall be excluded therefrom : Provided, however, That the provisions of this act shall not apply to any lands fronting on rivers, creeks, bayous, watercourses, &c., which have been surveyed into lots or tracts under the acts of third March, eighteen hundred and eleven, and twenty-fourth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-four: And provided, further, That the United States shall in no manner be held liable for any expense incurred in selecting these lands and making out the lists thereof, or for making any surveys that may be required to carry out the provisions of this act.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXXVIII. - An Act for the Settlement of the Claims of New Hampshire March 2, 1849. against the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Second Auditor of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to settle and adjust the account of the State of New Hampshire against the United States, " for sundry military expenses incurred by the State in repelling invasion and suppressing insurrection at Indian Stream, in the county justed. of Coos, in said State," in the same manner and upon the same principles as if the militia therein referred to had been called out by the President of the United States; and to pay the amount thus ascertained to be due out of any unappropriated money in the treasury: *Provided*, That said amount shall not exceed the sum of seven thousand dollars.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXXIX. - An Act to define the Period of Disability imposed upon certain March 2, 1849. Bidders for Mail Contracts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the disability to contract with the Post-Office department, now imposed by law on any person or persons, for entering into combinations against said department in relation to contracts therewith, shall in all cases, existing or to exist, cease after the expiration of five years from the time incurred : 1836, ch. 270, § 28. Provided, That any person incurring said disability a second time shall never be released therefrom.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849. Vol. IX. Pub. - 45

How said lands shall be selected.

of Proceeds lands-how to

How selection is to be made when only part of a subdivision is swamp land.

Proviso as to land on bayous, &c.

> 1811, ch. 46. 1824, ch. 141. Proviso.

Claims of the State of New Hampshire for certain military expenses to be audited and ad-

Proviso - that amount shall not exceed \$7000.

Disability imposed upon certain bidders for mail contracts limited to five years.

Proviso as to the offending twice.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. C. - An Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of Government for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and hereby are, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty. namely: --

Legislative. - For compensation and mileage of senators, members of the House of Representatives, and delegates, seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation and mileage of senators and members of the House of Representatives and delegates, for the current fiscal year, one hundred thousand dollars.

For compensation of the officers and clerks of both Houses of Congress, thirty-nine thousand five hundred and fifty-seven dollars and filty cents.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the Senate, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, one hundred and eighty-two thousand seven hundred and forty-nine dollars.

Library of Congress. - For compensation of librarian, two assistant librarians, and messenger, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, eight hundred dollars.

For purchase of books for said library, five thousand dollars.

For purchase of law books for said library, one thousand dollars.

For printing and binding a complete catalogue of the Library of Congress, two thousand dollars.

Executive. — For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, five thousand dollars.

Department of State. - For compensation of the Secretary of State and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, twentyeight thousand three hundred dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, namely:-

For publishing the laws in pamphlet form, and in the newspapers of the States and Territories, and of the city of Washington, ten thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars

For proof-reading, packing, and distributing laws and documents, including boxes, labor, and transportation, nine thousand dollars.

For stationery, blank books, binding, labor, and attendance, furniture, repairs, painting and glazing, four thousand four hundred dollars.

For printing (letter press and copperplate) books and maps, two thousand dollars.

- For newspapers, two hundred dollars.
- For extra clerk hire, two thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

For compiling, printing, and binding the Biennial Register, one Biennial Reg. thousand eight hundred dollars.

> For compensation of superintendent and four watchings of the northeast executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten dollars.

- For contingent expenses of said building, viz. :
 - For labor, fuel, and light, two thousand two hundred dollars.
- For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred and ten dollars.

Appropriations for the year ending June 30,1850.

Congress-pay and mileage, \$768,200.

\$100,000.

Officers \$39,557 50.

Contingencies, Senate, \$75,000.

Contingencies. House of Reps. \$182,749.

Library. Officers, \$4500.

Contingencies, \$800. Books, \$5000. \$1000.

Catalogue library, \$2000. of

President, \$25,000.

Vice President, \$5000.

Dept. of State. Secretary and officers, \$28,300.

Contingencies.

Publishing laws, \$10,880.

\$9000.

Stationery, &c. \$4400. Printing, &c. \$2000. Newspapers, **\$20**0. Extra clerk hire, \$2000. Miscellaneous,

\$1000. ister, \$1800.

North-east executive building,

\$1710.

\$2200. \$1110. Treasury Department. — For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-seven thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the First Comptroller, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-eight thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Second Comptroller, and the clerks and messenger in his office, twenty-three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the First Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Second Auditor, and the clerks and messenger, assistant messenger in his office, fifty-one thousand and fifty-^{ton} seven dollars.

For compensation of the Third Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, thirty-eight thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the six additional clerks in said office, authorized by the act of the twelfth of August, eighteen hundred and forty- ch eight, six thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of six additional clerks in the Third Auditor's office, for services during the current fiscal year, eleven hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Fourth Auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Fifth Auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, fifteen thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Treasurer of the United States, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand seven hundred ¹ and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the Register of the Treasury, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messengers in his office, thirty thousand two hundred dollars: "and the clerk now employed in said office at a per diem compensation shall hereafter be allowed a salary of fourteen hundred dollars per annum: *Provided*, No other person shall be paid for discharging any of the duties now performed by him."

For compensation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the recorder, draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, and packers in his office, ninety-two thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents.

For compensation of the Solicitor of the Treasury, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

Contingent Expenses of the Treasury Department. — In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury :

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, sealing ships' registers, carrying the department mails, translations, printing, including the public accounts, and for collecting and preparing information to be laid before Congress, fifteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous expenses, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

In the office of the First Comptroller:

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

For cases to preserve books and papers; also for desks and writing tables, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For carpets, oil-cloths, and chairs, in eight rooms, one thousand glu dollars.

Treasury Department, Secretary and officers, \$27,850.

First Comptroller, \$28,550.

Second Comptroller, \$23,650.

First Auditor, \$22,800.

Second Auditor, \$51,057.

Third Auditor, \$38,350.

Additional clerks, \$6400. 1848, ch. 166.

\$1100.

Fourth Audi tor, \$20,400.

Fifth Auditor, \$15,600.

Treasurer, \$13,750.

Register, \$30,200.

Salary of a Clerk, \$1400.

General Land Office, \$92,788 75

Solicitor, \$13,650.

Contingencies of Treasury Department, viz. : Office of Secretary, \$15,200.

\$2800. First Comptroller, \$1700.

\$150**0**.

SESS. II. CH. 100. 1849. THIRTIETH CONGRESS. 356 For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. \$300. In the office of the Second Comptroller : Second Comptroller, \$700. For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing blanks, including pay for the National Intelligencer and Union, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office, seven hundred dollars. For labor, office furniture, and miscellaneous items, eight hundred **\$800.** dollars. First Auditor, In the office of the First Auditor: **g**1200. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, books, and labor, one thousand two hundred dollars. \$300. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. Second Audi-In the office of the Second Auditor : tor, \$1500. For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing blanks, one thousand five hundred dollars. Third Auditor. In the office of the Third Auditor : \$1000. For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, and labor, one thousand dollars. \$200. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. Fourth Audi-In the office of the Fourth Auditor: tor, \$750. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, seven hundred and fifty dollars. \$200. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. Fifth Auditor, In the office of the Fifth Auditor: \$425. For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, four hundred and twenty-five dollars. \$350. For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars. Treasurer, In the office of the Treasurer : \$1000. For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, one thousand dollars. \$500. For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars. Register, In the office of the Register : \$3000. For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, including the printing of blank certificates of registers, enrolments, and licenses of vessels, and other blanks for the use of the collectors of the customs, three thousand dollars. \$1000. For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars. Solicitor, In the office of the Solicitor : **g1050**. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing circulars and blank forms for reports of district attorneys, marshals, clerks of courts, and labor, one thousand and fifty dollars. \$200. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. \$1000. For statutes and reports, including those of the several States, one thousand dollars. General Land In the office of the Commissioner of the General Land Office : Office, For tract books, three thousand three hundred and twenty-seven \$3327. dollars. \$26,990 50. For stationery, including blank books and blank forms for the district land offices, pieces of parchment, and printing patents, advertising land sales in newspapers and handbill form, public notices, printing circulars, office furniture and repairs of the same, and pay of laborers employed in office, twenty-six thousand nine hundred and ninety dollars and fifty cents. \$700. For miscellaneous items, seven hundred dollars. South-east ex-For compensation of the superintendent and eight watchmen of the ecutive building, south-east executive building, three thousand four hundred and twenty \$3420. dollars. \$8000. For contingent expenses of said building, viz. : for labor, fuel, and light, eight thousand dollars. \$10,000. For rent, fuel, watching, and miscellaneous expenses of additional

buildings for accommodation of officers of the Treasury Department, ten thousand dollars.

War Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of War, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, seventeen thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For arrearage for clerks and messengers in said office, one thousand two hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty-six cents.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, eighteen thousand seven hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Pensions, and the clerks and messengers in his office, forty-five thousand seven hundred and forty-one dollars and eighty-three cents.

For compensation of the clerk and messenger in the office of the Commanding General, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Adjutant-General, ten thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Quartermaster-General, seven thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of Clothing ing and equipand Equipage, at Philadelphia, four thousand two hundred dollars

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Paymaster-General, nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Commissary General of Subsistence, six thousand eight hundred sistence, \$6800. dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Chief Engineer, five thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Surgeon-General, including the sum of one thousand dollars for additional clerk hire, three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the Colonel of Ordnance, nine thousand five hundred and eighty-nine dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the Bureau of Topographical Engineers, four thousand nine hundred dollars.

Contingencies of the War Department. - For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, and the various offices and bureaus connected therewith, namely :

In the office of the Secretary of War:

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, and news- retary. \$1450. papers and periodicals, one thousand four hundred and fifty-dollars.

For books, maps, and plans, one thousand dollars.

For extra clerks in the War Department, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred dollars.

For labor, one hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Pensions:

For stationery, blank books, binding, printing blank forms and reg- \$7050. ulations, advertising, fuel, and furniture, seven thousand and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

For the purpose of printing, under the direction of the Commissioner of Pensions, an additional number of House document number ninetyfive, of the first session of the twenty-ninth Congress, and all laws relating to pensions which have been passed since the twenty-seventh

War Depart-ment, Secretary and officers, \$17,850.

Arrearages, \$1269 56.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs, \$18,700.

Commissioner of Pensions, \$45,741 83.

Commanding General, \$1500.

Adjutant-General, \$10,450.

Quartermaster-General, \$7300.

age, Phila phia, \$4200.

Paymaster

General, \$9900. Commissary

General of Sub-

Chief Engineer, \$5650.

Surgeon-Gen-eral, \$3650.

Ordnance Department, \$9589.

Topographical Engineers, \$4900.

Contingencies of War Department, and its various bureaus,

viz : Office of Sec-

\$1000.

\$1500.

\$550. Commissioner of Indian Affairs, \$500. \$100. \$400,

Pension office,

\$500.

Printing laws, &c., respecting, \$800.

day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and are still in force, together with the constructions placed upon such laws by the War Department, or Attorney-General, and the forms necessary to be followed by applicants for pensions under the several laws, and the bounty land laws, together with the necessary forms for application therefor, for the use of the Pension Office, the sum of eight hundred dollars, Commanding In the office of the Commanding General : General's office, For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. In the office of the Adjutant General : stationery, one thousand two hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. Quartermaster In the office of the Quartermaster-General, including the office at General's office. Philadelphia: and fuel, one thousand eight hundred dollars. \$5000. For extra clerk hire, five thousand dollars. \$150. For miscellaneous items, one hundred and fifty dollars. Paymaster-Gen-In the office of the Paymaster-General: eral's office. \$1000. For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars. \$400. Office of Com-In the office of the Commissary-General of Subsistence: missary-General of Subsistence. and fuel, one thousand eight hundred dollars. \$1800. For miscellaneous items, one hundred and fifty dollars. \$150. In the office of the Chief Engineer: Chief Engineer, \$700. dred dollars. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. \$300. In the office of the Surgeon-General : Surgeon-Gen-\$110. and ten dollars. For miscellaneous items, sixty-five dollars. \$65. In the office of the Colonel of Ordnance : Ordnance Dedollars. For miscellaneous items, five hundred and sixty-one dollars. In the Bureau of Topographical Engineers: and fifty dollars. For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars. \$1710. dollars. light, two thousand four hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred dollars. For rent of sixty additional rooms for offices, (properly warmed,) eight thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary appropriation is exhausted. To enable the Secretary of War to pay the balance of the estimated

cost of the buildings of the Choctaw Academy to Colonel R. M. Johnson, of Kentucky, six thousand dollars.

ment.

partment, \$500. \$561.

eral

- Topographical Engineers,
 - \$500.
- \$750.

 - \$2400.
- \$1600.
- Rent of additional rooms, **88500**.

Z300.

\$1800.

eral's office, \$1200. .

\$300. Adjutant Gen-

For printing army register and orders, blank books, binding, and

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, advertising, labor,

For blank books, binding, stationery, and fuel, one thousand dollars.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, advertising, labor,

For blank books, binding, stationery, fuel, and printing, seven hun-

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, one hundred

For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing, five hundred

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and fuel, seven hundred

For compensation of superintendent and four watchmen of the north-west executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten

For contingent expenses of said building, viz. : for labor, fuel, and

of War can procure the rooms at the rate of said sum of eight thousand five hundred dollars per annum: And provided, also, That the said appropriation for rent shall not be construed into a pledge or guaranty, on the part of Government, to rent said rooms after the present

\$6000.

Navy Depart-Navy Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks, and of the civil engineer, draughtsman, clerks, and messenger Docks, \$11,400. in his office, eleven thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Ordnance and Hydrography, and of the draughtsman, clerks, and messenger in his office, nine thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repairs, and of the assistant constructer, draughtsman, clerks, and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Construction, Equipment, and Repairs, for current fiscal year, to supply a deficiency of the appropriation of the last session, five hundred dollars

For compensation of the Chief Naval Constructer and the Engineer in Chief, six thousand dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, and of the clerks and messenger in his office, nine thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, and of the assistant surgeon, clerks, and messenger in his office, seven thousand three hundred dollars.

Contingencies of the Navy Department. - For contingent expenses of said department, and all the bureaus connected therewith, namely :

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, six thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For newspapers and periodicals, two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and three watchmen of the south-west executive building, one thousand three hundred and fortyfive dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, namely:

For labor, fuel, and light, one thousand six hundred and seventy-five \$1675. dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred and fifty *\$*1150. dollars.

Post-Office Department. - For compensation of the Postmaster-General, three Assistant Postmasters-General, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, and watchmen of said department, seventy-six thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of the superintendent of the post-office building, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said department, viz. :

For blank books, binding, stationery, fuel, oil, printing, labor, and day-watching, six thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

For repairs of the post-office building, repairs of furnaces and fireplaces, office furniture, glazing, and whitewashing, five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Auditor of the Post-Office Department, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, eightyfive thousand eight hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, viz. :

For labor, blank books, binding, stationery, printing blanks and circulars, five thousand seven hundred and ninety dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars. Surveyors-General and their Clerks. - For compensation of the eral and clerks

Secretary and officers, S21,950.

Bureau of Na-Yards and

Ordnance and Hydrography. \$9400.

Construction, Equipment, and Repairs, \$13,600.

\$500.

Chief naval constructer, \$6000.

Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, \$9300.

Medicine and Surgery, \$7300.

Contingencies of Nav partment and its various bureaus. **\$6150**.

\$200.

\$2000.

\$1345.

Post-Office Department. Postmaster-General and officers, \$76,600.

Superintend-ent P. O. Department, \$250.

Contingencies, \$6280. Miscellaneous,

\$800.

\$500.

Auditor Post-Office Department, \$85,800.

\$5790.

\$1000.

Surveyors-gen

Ohio, \$8300.

Illinois and Missouri, \$5820.

Louisiana, \$4500.

Florida, \$5500.

Wisconsin, \$8300.

Clerks in office of surveyor-gen-eral, \$22,500.

Surveys in Arkansas.

Secretary to sign patents, \$1500. Commissioner of Public Buildings, \$2000. Potomac bridge, \$4290.

Mint of the United States, viz.: At Philadelphia. Officers, \$18,400 \$24,000.

Contingencies, \$3846.

\$300.

At Charlotte, N. C. Officers, &c., \$6000. g3500.

Contingencies, **\$**2100.

At Dahlonega, Georgia. Officers, &c.,

\$6000. \$3600.

Contingencies, \$2500.

At N. Orleans, \$12,900.

> \$15,500. \$1500. \$24 600

Territory of Oregon, \$10,500.

north-west of the Surveyor-General north-west of the Ohio, and the clerks in his office. eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Surveyor-General of Illinois and Missouri. and the clerks in his office, five thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the Surveyor-General of Louisiana, and the clerks in his office, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Surveyor-General of Florida, and the clerks in his office, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Surveyor-General of Wisconsin and Iowa, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For clerks in the office of the Surveyor-General, to be apportioned to them according to the exigencies of the public service, and, if necessary, to be employed in transcribing field notes of surveys, for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of government, and for correcting, restoring, and retracing of surveys in the State of Arkansas, and for other purposes, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of secretary to sign patents for public lands, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Public Buildings in Washington, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of four assistants, draw-keepers at the Potomac bridge, including oil for lamps and machinery, firewood and repairs, four thousand two hundred and ninety dollars.

Mint of the United States. -

At Philadelphia, viz. :

For salaries of the director, treasurer, chief coiner, assayer, melter and refiner, engraver, assistant assayer, and three clerks, eighteen thousand four hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including materials, stationery, water rent, repairs, and wastage, in addition to available funds on hand, three thousand eight hundred and forty-six dollars.

For specimens of ores and coins, to be reserved at the mint, three hundred dollars.

At Charlotte, North Carolina, viz.:

For salaries of superintendent, coiner, assayer, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, two thousand one hundred dollars.

At Dahlonega, Georgia, viz. :

For salaries of superintendent, coiner, assayer, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials,

stationery, repairs, and wastage, two thousand five hundred dollars.

At New Orleans :

For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, coiner, assayer, melter, and refiner, and two clerks, twelve thousand nine hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, fifteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For machinery and machinist, fifteen hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs, and wastage, in addition to available funds on hand, twenty-four thousand six hundred dollars.

Government in the Territory of Oregon. - For salaries of governor and superintendent of Indian affairs, three judges, and secretary, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said territory, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twenty thousand six hundred dollars.

Judiciary. - For salaries of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. and the eight associate judges, forty-one thousand dollars.

For salaries of the district judges, sixty-three thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of the chief justice of the District of Columbia, the associate judges, the judges of the criminal and orphans' court, ten thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of the Attorney-General, and the clerk and messenger in his office, six thousand one hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Attorney-General, five hundred dollars.

For the purchase of law books, and the necessary book-cases for said office, two thousand dollars.

For salary of the reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court, one thousand three hundred dollars.

For additional compensation to the district judge of Louisiana for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, six hundred dollars — being the deficiency of the appropriation for that year - and eight hundred dollars for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, under the provisions of the first section of the act of seventeenth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four,

For compensation of the district attorneys - being two hundred dollars each, as prescribed by law - seven thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the marshals, six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including the District of Columbia; also, \$443,000. for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures incurred in the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty, and previous years; and, likewise, for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and of prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the safe-keeping of prisoners, four hundred and forty-three thousand dollars: Provided, That the clerks of the several Circuit Courts of the United States be, and the same are hereby, authorized and allowed to retain to their own use of the fees and emoluments of their office, a sum equal to that allowed to the clerks of the District Courts of the United States, by the "act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the government for the year eighteen hundred and fortytwo," approved May eighteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-two: Provided, That the proviso in the first section of an act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the government for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and for other purposes," limiting the fees for taking and certifying the depositions of witnesses in civil causes, be, and the same is hereby, declared to extend and apply to all and every civil cause between any parties whatsoever, and to all admiralty proceedings: Provided, however, That where the actual taking of any such deposition shall necessarily require a longer time than three where the taking hours, the judge of the court in which said depositions is to be used is than three hours. hereby authorized to certify an amount not exceeding eight dollars as a proper charge for taking such deposition, and the same shall thereupon be taxable as a part of the costs of the suit in proceeding.

\$1500.

\$20,600.

Judiciary. Chief Justice and associates, \$41,000. District judges, \$63,700.

Judges of Dis-trict of Columbia. \$10,700.

Attorney-General and office, \$6100. \$500.

\$2000.

Reporter of Supreme Court, \$1300.

District judge f Louisiana, of \$600.

1844, ch. 95.

District attorneys, \$7400.

Marshals \$6800. Contigencies,

Proviso relative to fees of clerks of Circuit Courts.

1842, ch. 29. Proviso relative to fees for taking and certifying deposi. tions.

1848, ch. 166.

Exception occupies

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District judge of Louisiana.

[This is a repetition of a clause, p. 361.]

1844, ch. 95.

Miscellaneous. Furniture for President's house, \$14,000.

Capitol and grounds, \$17,000

President's house and grounds, \$3500.

Lighting Pennsylvania Avenue, \$6000.

Corporation of Washington for one half the cost of the City Hall, \$30,000.

Auxil'ry guard, \$6775. Coast survey, \$186,000.

Charts of Bay of SanFrancisco, &c. \$260.

Penn. Avenue, \$1200.

Charts of surveys of north and north-westcrn lakes, \$5000. For additional compensation to the district judge of Louisiana, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, six hundred dollars, being the deficiency of the appropriation for that year, and eight hundred dollars for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, under the provision of the first section of the act of seventeenth of June, eighteen hundred and fortyfour.

Miscellaneous. — For furnishing the President house after the third day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, in addition to such sum as may be realized from the sale of such articles furnished for the same by the United States, as may be decayed or out of repair, or unfit for use, and the President may direct to be sold, a sum not exceeding fourteen thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States.

For annual repairs of the Capitol, and attendance on furnaces in the crypt, attendance on water closets, for public gardener and laborers, and cartage on the Capitol grounds; tools, wire, leather, nails, stakes, boxes, straw for grounds, and whitewashing, gravelling the walks in the Capitol grounds, manure and trees for ground; repairs of public stables, flagging, enclosures, &c.; keeping in order the iron pipes that convey water to the Capitol and public offices, and repairing the damage by freshets; brooms, brushes, wooden spades, shovelling snow; repairing abutments at Tiber Creek, and building protecting walls; enclosing and improving the public grounds at the north, south, and west of the Capitol, and the open triangular spaces on Pennsylvania Avenue, seventeen thousand dollars.

For annual repairs of President's house, gardener, and laborers, gravelling the walks in President's Square, manure, leather, nails, tools, &c.; and repairs of fence at Lafayette Square, Fountain Square, President's Square, and President's garden, cottage, &c., three thousand five hundred dollars.

For lighting Pennsylvania Avenue from Capitol Square to the Treasury Department, and compensation for one lamplighter for the same, and for lighting Capitol and Capitol grounds, and President's house, six thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Buildings.

To reimburse the corporation of Washington the cost of erecting the half of the City Hall building, granted to, and occupied by, the government for the Circuit, District, and Criminal Courts of the United States, thirty thousand dollars, the same to be expended by the said corporation in finishing the exterior of the said building under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That rooms enough be set apart for the use of the United States in the District of Columbia, the Secretary of the Treasury to be the judge as to the sufficiency of the rooms so provided.

For compensation and contingent expenses of the auxiliary guard, six thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For survey of the coast of the United States, including compensation to superintendent and assistants, one hundred and eighty-six thousand dollars.

For printing two thousand charts of the Bay of San Francisco and River Sacramento, under resolution of the House of Representatives of the fifteenth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, two hundred and sixty-dollars.

For completing the centre strip of Pennsylvania Avenue to Fifteenth Street west, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For publishing an atlas of charts of the surveys of the northern and north-western lakes, made under various appropriations, under the direction of the Secretary of War, five thousand dollars.

For continuing the survey of the northern and north-western lakes, ten thousand dollars.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims, not otherwise provided for, as shall be admitted in due course of settlement at the treasury, five thousand dollars: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be drawn from the treasury, except in pursuance of some law or resolution of Congress authorizing the expenditure.

For salaries of special examiners of drugs, medicines, and chemicals, Hereafter the salary of examiner of drugs, eight thousand dollars. medicines, and chemicals, at New York, shall be two thousand dollars. instead of his present salary of eighteen hundred dollars; and that he be allowed a clerk at one thousand dollars per annum.

For salary of the recorder of land titles in Missouri, heretofore paid out of the survey of public lands, five hundred dollars.

For the expenses that may be incurred in the further execution of the act of first July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, for the relief of the bona fide settlers under the acts for the armed occupation of Florida, the provisions of said act being continued and extended till the first day of October, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, fifteen hundred dollars.

For salaries of assistant Treasurers of the United States, at New York, Boston, Charleston, and St. Louis, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

For additional salaries of treasurers of the mint at Philadelphia, and branch mint at New Orleans, one thousand dollars.

For salaries of ten clerks, authorized by the act of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and of the twelfth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, nine thousand dollars.

For salary of chief clerk to assistant Treasurer, New York, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses under the act for the safe-keeping, collection, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue, of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, fifteen thousand dollars: Provided, That no part of said sum of fifteen thousand dollars shall be expended for clerical services.

For compensation to special agents to examine books, accounts, and money, on hand in the several depositories, under the act of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, five thousand dollars.

For support, clothing, and medical treatment of insane paupers of the District of Columbia, six thousand four hundred dollars.

For the support, care, and medical treatment of twelve transient pauper medical or surgical patients in the Washington Infirmary, two thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Buildings: Provided, The physicians and surgeons of the aforesaid infirmary give bonds for the maintenance of twelve pauper transient patients during one year, if application be made for their reception, or bind themselves to keep rooms for the accommodation of twelve pauper patients weekly on an average during the year.

For the warden, clerk, physician, chaplain, three assistant keepers, five guards, and messenger of the penitentiary of the District of Columbia, eight thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For three inspectors of said penitentiary, three hundred dollars.

For expenses of loans and treasury notes, twenty thousand dollars; and for the same during the remainder of the current fiscal year, six thousand dollars.

To make good a deficiency in the fund for the relief of sick seamen, bled fifteen thousand dollars.

For repairs of the custom-house and wharf at Plymouth, North Caro- Plymouth, N.C., lina, one hundred dollars.

\$10,000.

Miscellaneous claims, \$5000.

Examiners of drugs and medicines, \$8000.

Examiner at New York to have a clerk and salary of \$2000.

Recorder of land titles in Missouri, \$500.

Execution of the act for the relief of settlers under the acts for the armed occupation of Florida, \$1500. 1848, ch. 90. of

Assis't Treasurers of the U.S., \$11,500.

Treasurers of the mint, \$1000. Clerks to as-sistant Treas-

urers, \$9000. 1846, ch. 90.

1848, ch. 166.

Chief clerk to assistant Treas-

urer at New York, \$1500.

Contingencies under Indepen-dent Treasury act, \$15,000. 1846, ch. 90.

Compensation to special agents, \$5000.

1846, ch. 90.

Insane paupers of District of Columbia, \$6400.

"Pauper pa-tients in WashingtonInfirmary. Transient pauper patients.

Penitentiary of Dist. of Columbia, \$8550.

\$300.

Expenses of loans and treas'y notes, \$6000.

Sick and disa-

\$15,000. Custom-house

\$100.

Books for Patent office, \$1500.

Librarian, \$500. Agricultural statistics, \$3500. Chemical ana-

lyses of vegetable substances, \$6500.

Erection of wings of Patent Office, \$50,000.

Custom-house st Portland, Me., \$149,000.

Custom-house at Erie, Pa., \$29,000.

Custom-house Savannah, Ga., \$35,000. Custom-house Charleston, \$50,000. Books for members of Congress \$8280.

\$8747 52.

Widow of Jas McDonald, \$37 50.

Site for custom-house af Norfolk, Virgin-ia, \$12,000. Custom-house Eastport, \$13,000.

Custom-house New Orleans, \$150,000.

Deficiency in appropriation for

For the purchase of such scientific works as are necessary tor the use of the Patent Office, fifteen hundred dollars.

For compensation of librarian, five hundred dollars.

For the collection of agricultured statistics and other purposes, thirty-five hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the chemical analyses of vegetable substances produced and used for the food of man and animals in the United States, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Patents, one thousand dollars; which several sums, amounting in the whole to six thousand five hundred dollars, shall be paid out of the patent fund.

Towards the erection of the wings of the Patent Office building, according to the original plan, under the direction of the Secretary of State, fifty thousand dollars, to be paid out of the patent fund: Provided, That the said Secretary is hereby authorized to cause the said extension to be done by contract, in the same manner as was pursued in executing the work of the General Post-Office building.

For the purchase of a building for a custom-house at Portland, in the State of Maine, a sum not exceeding one hundred and forty-nine thousand dollars: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall, after full examination, deem such purchase expedient, and for the interest of the United States.

For the purchase of a building erected by the President and Directors of the Bank of the United States for a banking-house in the town of Erie, Pennsylvania, to be used as a custom-house, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to make said purchase: Provided, That the cost of the building and the ground necessary to its convenient use can be made for a sum not exceeding twenty-nine thousand dollars.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house at Savannah, in Georgia, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For the construction of a custom-house at Charleston, South Carolina, fifty thousand dollars.

To enable the Clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for twelve copies of the Congressional Globe, and twelve copies of the Appendix, for each member of the House of Representatives under the resolution of the first of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

To enable the Clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for five hundred and thirty-six copies of the seventh volume of the Documentary History of the American revolution, being the first volume of the fifth series of that work, eight thousand seven hundred and forty-seven dollars and fifty-two cents.

For the re-appropriation of this sum, (carried to the surplus fund,) for payment to the widow of James McDonald, deceased, said McDonald's share of the sum granted by Congress for distribution as prize money among the captors of the British brig Detroit, during the last war with Great Britain, thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For the purchase of a site for a new custom-house at Norfolk, Virginia, twelve thousand dollars : *Provided*, The President of the United States shall deem it proper to make the purchase.

For the erection of a custom-house at Eastport, in the State of Maine, in addition to the amount heretofore appropriated for that object, thirteen thousand dollars.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house in the city of New Orleans, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation in the act entitled "An Act to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year endbooks for mem- ing the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, under a resolution of the House of the seventh of August, eighteen hundred bers of Congress, and forty-eight, directing the clerk to furnish the members of the House the books therein authorized, the sum of three thousand eight hundred repeated, post, and ninety-three dollars and fifty cents."

For continuing the publication of the works of the exploring expefor continuing the publication of the horticulturist, and addition to the ing Expedition, dition, including the salary of the horticulturist, and addition to the ing Expedition, \$15,000. greenhouse, fifteen thousand dollars.

For completing the geological survey and exploration of the mineral lands in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, in addition to the amount heretofore appropriated for that service, sixteen thousand dollars.

To pay A. J. Glossbrenner for work done in re-arranging and classifying the volumes in the copy-right room in the Department of State, ner, \$250. in eighteen hundred and forty-eight, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the purchase of a site for a new custom-house, Norfolk, Virginia, twelve thousand dollars : Provided, The President of the United States shall deem it proper to make the purchase.

To enable the Secretary of War to execute the survey and examination of the Potomac River, order by a resolution of the House of Representatives of the eighth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, fifteen hundred dollars.

And the proviso contained in the act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the government for the year commissions of ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and for other purposes, approved August twelfth, eighteen hundred and ing officers. forty-eight - which proviso is in the following words : Provided, That ante, p. 297. no part of the sum hereby appropriated shall be paid to any person who receives a salary as an officer of the customs: and from and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, the said disbursements shall be made by the collectors of the customs without compensation — is hereby repealed.

For continuing the publication of the works of the exploring expedition, including the salary of the horticulturist, and addition to the ing expedition, \$15,000.

For additional compensation to the messenger of the Post-Office Department, so as to place them on the same footing as the messenger of the other Departments, the sum of one hundred and thirty dollars.

For the expenses incurred under the joint resolution of August eleventh, eighteen hundred and forty-eight --- "A Resolution authorizing the submission of certain claims to arbitration"-twenty-five hundred dollars, the same to be disbursed under the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For the expenses that may be incurred in the further execution of the act of first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, for the relief of the bona fide settlers under the acts for the armed occupation of Florida, the provisions of said act being continued and extended till the first day of October, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To Robert Beale, for bis services and expenses incurred in a journey to Virginia to notify President Tyler of his accession to the Presidency, three hundred dollars.

For the correction of erroneous and defective surveys in Southern Michigan, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, ten thousand dollars.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation in the act entitled "And Act to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine," approved the twenty-sixth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, under a \$3803 50. resolution of the House of the seventh of August, eighteen hundred tition of a lause, and forty-eight, directing the clerk to furnish to members of the House ante, p. 364.]

\$3893 50.

[This clause is p. 365.]

Publication of

Survey of mineral lands, \$16,000.

A. J.Glossbren-

Site for customhouse at Nor-folk, Virginia, \$12,000.

Survey of Potomac River, \$1500.

Repeal of proviso limiting certain disburs-1848, ch. 166,

Publication of

Messenger of Post Office Dept. \$130.

1850, ch. 56.

Expenses under resolution for arbitration of Cherokee claims, \$2500. Res. No. 27.

[Repetition of a clause on page 363.]

1848, ch. 90.

Robert Beale, \$300.

Correction of erroneous sur-veys in Michigan, \$10,000.

Deficiencies in appropriation for books for mem-bers of Congress

the books therein authorized, the sum of three thousand eight hundred and ninety-three dollars and fifty cents.

For the redemption of the treasury scrip heretofore issued for the satisfaction of the bounties promised to the non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, by the ninth section of the act of the eleventh of February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to raise for a limited time an additional military force, and for other purposes, and for the satisfaction in money of such bounties due under said section of said act as those to whom they are due may elect to receive in money instead of land, three hundred thousand dollars. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed, immediately after the passage of this act, to give notice, by publication for sixty days, in at least one of the principal papers in Washington city, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, and Boston, and in such other papers as he may deem expedient, that the principal and interest of such scrip as has been or may be issued prior to the first of July, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-nine, will be paid on that day on presentation at the Treasury of the United States, and that the interest on such scrip will cease on that And the said Secretary is further directed not to issue scrip for dav. said bounty after that day, but to pay the same in money out of this appropriation in all cases when the person entitled to the bounty in land shall elect to receive money in lieu thereof.

For completing the room under the post-office of the Senate, and the staircases and passages communicating therewith, and the circular room on the upper floor of the Capitol, four thousand dollars.

Lighthouse Establishment. — For supplying lighthouses, containing two thousand eight hundred and forty-three lamps, with oil, tubeglasses, wicks, buff skins, whiting, and cotton cloth, transportation, and other expenses thereon, and for repairing and keeping in repair the lighting apparatus, one hundred and thirty-five thousand one hundred and three dollars and sixty cents.

For repairs and incidental expenses, refitting and improvements of lighthouses and buildings connected therewith, eighty-one thousand seven hundred and fourteen dollars and four cents.

For clearing out and deepening that portion of the Washington city canal which passes through and along the public grounds, twenty thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, The corporation of Washington shall expend a like sum in cleaning out and deepening the other portions of said canal: *And provided*, also, That all transportations on said canal for the use of the government of the United States shall be free of toll.

For sewer under Fifteenth Street, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Topographical Bureau.

f For payment of annuities and grants by special acts of Congress, and seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For payment, by the Secretary of State, to William C. Reddall and William C. Zantzinger, equally to be divided between them, the sum of seven hundred and seventy-one dollars and forty-three cents, which has been already appropriated for clerk hire in the State Department, but not drawn from the treasury.

For the expenses incurred under the joint resolution of August eleventh, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, entitled "A Resolution authorizing the submission of certain claims to arbitration," twenty-five hundred dollars, the same to be disbursed under the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For salaries of two hundred and seventy-four keepers of lighthouses, and fifteen assistants, (twenty of them charged with double and two with triple lights,) including one thousand two hundred dollars for that

Redemption of treasury scrip issued under the act to raise for a limited time an additional military force, &c., \$300,000.

1847, ch. 8.

Completing rooms in the Capitol, \$4000.

Lighthouse establishment, \$135,103 60. Supplies.

Repairs, \$81,714 04.

Clearing out Washington city canal, \$20,000. Proviso.

Sewer under Fifteenth Street, \$2160.

Payment of annuities and grants, \$750. Wm. C. Reddall and Wm. C. Zantzinger, \$771 43.

[Repetition of clause on page 365.]

Salaries of keepers of lighthouses, &c., \$116,198 33. of an inspector of lights on the upper lakes, one hundred and sixteen thousand one hundred and ninety-eight dollars and thirty-three cents.

For salaries of thirty-three keepers of floating lights, seventeen thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For seamen's wages, repairs and supplies for thirty-three floating lights, eighty-four thousand three hundred and eighty-six dollars and sixty-five cents.

For expenses of weighing, mooring, cleansing, and supplying losses of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers, twenty-nine thousand six hun- &c., \$29,677 46. dred and seventy-seven dollars and forty-six cents.

For expenses incurred by superintendents in visiting lighthouses annually, and examining and reporting their condition, two thousand ination, \$2000. dollars.

For superintendents' commissions, at two and a half per cent. on the four hundred and sixty-six thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars and eight cents, appropriated above for lighthouse purposes, eleven thousand six hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty-five cents. And the proviso contained in the act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the government for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and for other purposes, approved August twelfth, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, which proviso is in the following words : "Provided, That no part of the sum hereby appropriated shall be paid to any person who receives a salary as an officer of the customs; and from and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, the said said disbursement shall be made by the collectors of the customs without compensation," is hereby repealed.

For completing the lighthouse on Brandywine Shoal, Delaware Bay, twenty-nine thousand eight hundred and two dollars and sixtyone cents.

For completing the lighthouse on Carysfort Reef, coast of Florida, thirty-one thousand five hundred and ninety dollars and seventy-six Florida, cents.

To pay the balance due to Ebenezer Warner, for constructing the lighthouse at White Fish Point, on Lake Superior, three thousand ner, \$3298. two hundred and ninety-eight dollars.

For illuminating apparatus for the lighthouse at Minot's Rock, Boston Harbor, Massachusetts, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For the reimbursement of the New York, Providence, and Boston Railroad Company, and the New Jersey Steam Navigation Company, for their expenses in maintaining a light-boat on Eel Grass Shoals, in Fisher's Island Sound, from the month of November, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, to the present time, ten thousand four hundred and seven dollars.

Hospitals. — For completion of marine hospital at Pittsburg, eleven thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars.

For completion of marine hospital at Louisville, eleven thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars.

For completion of marine hospitals at Cleveland, six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars.

For completion of marine hospital at Chicago, twenty thousand dollars.

For completion of marine hospital at Paducah, twenty thousand dollars.

For completion of marine hospital at Natchez, twenty thousand dollars.

For completion of marine hospital at Napoleon, Arkansas, twenty thousand dollars.

For the purpose of erecting a marine hospital at or near St. Louis, g20,000.

Floating lights, \$17,850.

\$84,386 65.

Beacons, buoys,

Annual exam-

Superintendents' commissions, \$11,673 25. [This is in part a repetition of the clause ante, p. 365.]

Lighthouses, &c., viz. : Brandywine Shoal. \$29,802 61. Carysfort Reef, \$31,590 76.

Ebenezer War-

Minot's Rock, Boston Harbor, \$4500. Light-boat at

 \mathbf{Eel} Grass Shoals, \$10,407.

Hospitals, viz .: Pittsburg, \$11,667. Louisville, \$11,667.

Cleveland, O **26667**.

Chicago, \$20,000

Paducah, \$20,000.

Natchez, \$20,000.

Napoleon, Ark., \$20,000. St. Louis, Mo., 1848, ch. 121.

Collection of information in relation to marine hospitals, \$1000.

Surveys.

Surveying public lands, &c., \$115,000.

Missouri, \$4000.

\$1200.

\$2000.

Arkansas, \$850.

Foreign intercourse. Ministers, \$126,000.

Secretaries of legation, \$14,000. Minister to Turkey, \$6000.

Dragoman, \$2500. Outfit and sal-

ary of minister to Germanic Confederation, \$18,000.

Secretary of legation, \$2000.

Outfit and salary of minister to

Chili, \$18,000. Abraham Rencher.

Charges des affaires, \$153,000. Missouri, in addition to the ten thousand dollars heretofore appropriateu by the act approved August third, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, for the same object, twenty thousand dollars, to be expended only when the government shall have obtained a *bona fide* title to the site. And for the purchase of said site the ten thousand dollars heretofore appropriated by the act aforesaid, or so much thereof as is necessary, shall be applied.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to collect facts and information in relation to marine hospitals and the marine hospital fund, and to report to Congress what alterations are necessary and practicable, in the administration of the same, one thousand dollars.

Surveys of Public Lands. — For surveying the public lands, in addition to the unexpended balance of former appropriations, viz.:

For surveying the public lands, including incidental expenses, to be apportioned to the several districts, according to the exigencies of the public service, the part to be applied to the surveys of the mineral regions of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, in the location of private claims in Florida, to be disbursed at augmented rates, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For surveys in the southern part of Missouri, east of the meridian, at five dollars per mile, on account of the difficulties in executing surveys in that section of the State, owing to lakes, swamps, and marshes, four thousand dollars.

For the correction of erroneous and defective surveys, in small and detached portions, in Illinois and Missouri, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For completing surveys of the towns and villages in Missouri, named in the acts of eighteen hundred and twelve and eighteen hundred and twenty-four, including office work, two thousand dollars.

For completing certain surveys in Arkansas, at the increased rates, in consequence of the peculiar difficulties attending the execution of them, eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Intercourse with Foreign Nations. — For salaries of the ministers of the United States to Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Brazil, and Mexico, sixty-three thousand dollars; and for outfits of said ministers, sixty-three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For salaries of the secretaries of legation to the same places, fourteen thousand dollars.

For salary of minister resident to Turkey, six thousand dollars.

For salary of the dragoman to the legation to Turkey, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For the outfit of a minister to the Germanic Confederation, nine thousand dollars.

For one year's salary for the said minister, nine thousand dollars.

For one year's salary for a secretary of legation to the said mission, two thousand dollars.

For outfit for a minister to the government of Chili, nine thousand dollars.

For salary of said minister, nine thousand dollars.

For Abraham Rencher, late chargé d'affaires to Portugal, such sum as the Secretary of State, upon adjusting his claim, shall allow for his unavoidable detention abroad from second January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to the sixteenth September following: *Provided*, Such sum shall not exceed the rate of his official salary.

For salaries of chargés des affaires to Portugal, Austria, Denmark, Sweden, Holland, Belgium, Naples, Sardinia, the Papal States, Chili, Peru, New Grenada, Venezuela, Buenos Ayres, Bolivia, Guatemala, and Ecuador, seventy-six thousand five hundred dollars; and for outfits for said chargés des affaires, seventy-six thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, thirty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary Powers, nine thousand dollars.

For salary of the consul at London, two thousand dollars.

For salary of the commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, three thousand dollars.

For payment of the salary of a commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, from the commencement of the salary of Mr. Eames to the termination of that of Mr. Ten Eyck, so much as is necessary of the sum of fifteen hundred dollars.

For interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of the commissioner to reside in China, including additional compensation, under the act of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, six thousand dollars.

For compensation to Peter Parker, secretary of legation and Chinese interpreter at Canton, for his services as chargé d'affaires of the United States at said place, from the twenty-eighth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to the twenty-first day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, being the interval between the death of Alexander Everett, late commissioner at Canton, and the actual arrival of John W. Davis, the present commissioner, after the rate of four thousand five hundred dollars per annum, (deducting his salary as such secretary, and two thousand dollars already paid him towards said service,) the sum of two hundred and ninety-five dollars and ninety-two cents.

For salary of the interpreter and secretary to said mission, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For buoys on and near the bar of Nassau River, and on the coasts of Georgia and Florida, in the neighborhood thereof, one thousand sau River, \$1000. dollars.

For compensation to the consuls at the five Chinese ports, viz.: Kwangchow, Amoy, Fuchow, Ningpo, and Shanghae, five thousand dollars.

For salary of consul-general at Alexandria, three thousand dollars. For salary of consul at Beirout, five hundred dollars.

For the relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, one hundred thousand dollars.

For clerk hire, office rent, and other expenses of the office of the consul of the United States at London, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For office rent of the consul at Basle, in Switzerland, one hundred dollars; and for office rent from June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-five, to the close of the current fiscal year, four hundred dollars.

For procuring medals for Indians, twenty-five hundred dollars. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the third section of the act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic partments expenses of government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and for other purposes," approved of August 26, 42, the tenth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, be, and the same and June 17, '44. is hereby, revived and continued in force for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the proviso to the nine- repeat of proteenth section of the act of the twenty-eighth of January, eighteen hun- purchase Vol. IX. Pub. - 47

Contingencies of foreign inter-course, \$30,000. Barbary Pow-ers, \$9000.

Consel at London, \$2000. Commissioner to Sandwich Isl-

ands, \$3000.

Interpreters, guards, &c., at Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria, \$1500.

\$1500. Commissioner to China, \$6000.

Peter Parker, \$295 92.

Interpreter and Secretary, \$2500.

Buoys on Nas-

Consuls at five Chinese ports, \$5000.

Consul-general at Alexandria. \$3000.

Consul at Beirout, \$500.

Relief of American seamen, \$100,000.

Clerk hire and sul at London, \$2800. office rent of con-

Office rent of consul at Basle, **\$400**.

Medals for In-

dians, \$2500. Heads of demay continue officers 1848, ch. 175.

of

stocks by Treasury Department to par. 1847, ch. 5.

Proviso — no clerk to receive salary of Secretary or head of bureau while said Secretary or head receives such sal-

ary. Public archives of Florida to be delivered over to officers of said State.

Proviso.

Appropriation of \$29,000 for payment of compensation to certain depositaries of public money. 1846, ch. 90.

Proviso.

Three temporary clerks in Gen. Land Office to be continued.

Purchase of papers of General Washington and James Monroe, \$40,000. dred and forty-seven, entitled "An Act authorizing the issue of treasury notes, a loan, and for other purposes," be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That no clerk or other officer shall receive the salary of any secretary, or head of bureau, for acting or having acted in his place or office, while said secretary, or head of bureau, receives such salary.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That whenever it shall be shown to the President of the United States that the State of Florida has by law provided for the safe custody of the public archives, which were formerly kept by the keepers of archives at St. Augustine and Pensacola, it shall be lawful for him to cause to be delivered to duly authorized officers of the State such of the said archives as do not relate to grants of land which remain unconfirmed or unsurveyed: Provided, That the President of the United States may suspend the execution of this provision, if, in his judgment, the public interests requires it.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and is hereby, appropriated for the payment of a compensation of one half per centum to each designated depositary, (provided to be appointed, but not provided to be paid, under the act of August sixth, eighteen hundred and forty-six,) on all moneys received by him, as such depositary, from the date of his appointment to the first day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine : *Provided*, That no compensation shall be allowed, for above services, where the emoluments of the office, of which said designated depositary is in commission, amounts to over two thousand dollars per annum; nor shall the amount allowed to any one of said designated depositaries for such service be

at the rate of over fifteen hundred dollars per annum. SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner of the General Land Office be authorized to continue three temporary clerks, during the recess of Congress, until the patents for bounty lands shall be issued; said clerks to be paid out of the contingent fund.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of State to purchase the remaining manuscript books and papers of General George Washington; the said books and papers to be deposited and preserved in the Department of State; and that a like sum be appropriated for the purchase of the manuscript books and papers of the late James Monroe, to be deposited in like manner in the Department of State.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.	CHAP. CI An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Army for the	
	Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and lifty.	

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty : —

Pay, \$1,635,582.

Officers' subsistence, \$561,800. For pay of the army, one million six hundred and thirty-five thousand five hundred and eighty-two dollars.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, five hundred and sixty-one thousand eight hundred dollars, including the additional rations for commissioned officers commanding "arsenals" or "armories," being separate and fixed or permanent "posts" of the army of the United States.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, one hundred and four thousand seven hundred and thirty-six dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing for officers' servants, thirty-six thousand two hundred dollars.

For expenses of recruiting, thirty-eight thousand and fifty-two dollars. For three months' extra pay to non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, on reënlistment, ten thousand dollars.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel, forage in kind for the authorized number of officers' horses, and for the horses, mules, and oxen of the quartermaster's department, at the several military posts and stations, and with the armies in the field, and for the horses of the first and second regiments of dragoons, the four companies of light artillery, and the regiment of mounted riflemen; of straw for soldiers' bedding, and of stationery, including company and other blank books for the army, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's department, and for the printing of division and department orders and army regulations, five hundred thousand dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the guartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packets received and sent by officers on public service; expenses of courts martial and courts of inquiry, partment, including the additional compensation to judge advocates, recorders, members, and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and two; extra pay to soldiers employed in the erection of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals, the construction of roads, and other constant labor, under the direction of the quartermaster's department, for periods of not less than ten days, under the act of second March, eighteen hundred and nineteen; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field, of escorts to paymasters, other disbursing officers, and trains, where military escorts cannot be furnished; expense of the interment of noncommissioned officers and soldiers, hire of laborers in the quartermaster's department; compensation of clerks to the officers of the quartermaster's department; compensation to wagon and forage masters, authorized by the act of the fifth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; the various expenditures necessary to keep the first and second regiment of dragoons, the four companies of light artillery, and the regiment of mounted riflemen complete, including the purchase of travelling forges, blacksmiths' and shoeing tools, horse and mule shoes, iron, hire of veterinary surgeons, medicines for horses and mules, two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For the purchase of horses required for the first and second regiments of dragoons, the four companies of light artillery, and the regi- goons and light ment of mounted riflemen, one hundred thousand dollars.

For constructing, repairing, and enlarging barracks, quarters, hospitals, storehouses, stables, wharves, and ways, at the several posts and repairing, army depots; for temporary cantonments, gun-houses for the protection of cannon, including the necessary tools and materials for the objects 3300,000. enumerated, and for the authorized furniture for barrack rooms of noncommissioned officers and soldiers; rent of quarters for officers, barracks and hospitals for troops, where there are no public buildings for their accommodation; for storehouses for the safe-keeping of military stores, and of grounds for summer cantonments and encampments, three hundred thousand dollars.

For mileage, or the allowance made to officers for the transportation

Forage, \$104,736.

Clothing for officers' servants, \$36,200.

Recruiting, 838,052.

Extra pay on reënlistment, \$10,000.

Regular supplies of quarter-master's department, \$500,000.

Incidental expenses of quartermaster's de-\$275,000.

1802, eh. 9.

1819, ch. 45.

1838, ch. 162.

Horses for draartillery \$100,000.

Constructing, and enlarging bar-

Mileage of officers, \$75,000.

Transporta-tion, 750,000.

of themselves and baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For the transportation of the army, including the baggage of the troops when moving either by land or water; of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and horse equipments, from the depots at Philadel. phia and New York to the several posts and army depots; of subsistence, from the places of purchase and from the places of delivery, under contract, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require it to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms, from the foundries and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots; freights, tolls, and ferriages; the purchase and hire of horses, wagons, mules, oxen, carts, drays, ships, and other seagoing vessels and boats, for the transportation of supplies and for garrison purposes; drayage and cartage at the several posts, hire of teamsters; transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments; the expense of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and in the Atlantic and Pacific; and of procuring water at such posts as, from their situation, require it, seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Medical and hospital depart-ments, \$52,000. Armament of

fortifications, \$100,000.

Ordnance and ordnance stores, \$100,000.

Expenses of ordnance department, \$100,000. Manufacture of

arms, §360,000. Purchase of

Colt's revolving

pistols, \$50,000. Repairs, &c., at Harper's Fer-ry and Spring-field arsenals,

\$155,120.

\$74,261.

Purchase of ground at Har-per's Ferry and at Springfield, \$9200.

Site for maga-\$5000.

Surveys,

\$10,000. Purchase of

land at Frank-ford, Pa., \$20,000. Érection of

buildings at same place, \$15,000.

Compiling and publishing Ord-nance Manual, \$6000.

Map of surveys thousand dollars. of routes from valley of the Mississippi to Pacific, \$50,000. Secret services

in Mexico, \$50,000.

For medical and hospital departments, fifty-two thousand dollars.

For armament of fortifications, one hundred thousand dollars.

For purchase of ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, one hundred thousand dollars.

For current expenses of the ordnance service, one hundred thousand dollars.

For manufacture of arms at the national armories, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of Colt's revolving pistols, if the Secretary of War should deem it advisable and proper, fifty thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery at the Harper's Ferry armory, sixty-two thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery at the Springfield armory, eighty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

For arsenals, seventy-four thousand two hundred and sixty-one dollars.

For purchase of a lot of ground at Harper's Ferry, Virginia, contiguous to the public buildings, two hundred dollars.

For purchase of land at Springfield armory, to be flowed by raising the dam at the upper shop, and of a lot on the north-west corner of the armory grounds, nine thousand dollars.

For purchase of a site for magazine at St. Louis arsenal, at a suitable zine at St. Louis, point without the city, five thousand dollars.

For surveys in reference to the military defences of the frontier, inland and Atlantic, ten thousand dollars.

For the purchase of land adjoining Frankford arsenal, Pennsylvania, twenty thousand dollars.

For erecting suitable buildings and machinery for the manufacture of percussion caps at the same place, fifteen thousand dollars.

To defray the expense of compiling, arranging, publishing, and supervising the publication of a new edition of the Ordnance Manual, of fifteen hundred copies, six thousand dollars.

To defray the expenses of Topographical [-----] of surveys of Topographical routes from the valley of the Mississippi to the Pacific Ocean, fifty

> To provide for the payment for secret services rendered to the United States in the war with Mexico, and to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States, fifty thousand dollars.

> For carrying into effect the treaty of the United States with the Stockbridge tribe of Indians of the twenty-fourth November, eighteen

hundred and forty-eight, the sum of fifty-two thousand eight hundred and four dollars eighty-five cents.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the military storekeeper at Watertown arsenal, Massachusetts, be allowed, from the first day of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, the the same compensation as is authorized by the act of the twenty-third August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, to be paid to the storekeepers at the Washington, Pittsburg, and Watervliet arsenals; and that there be paid to military storekeeper T. A. Webber twenty dollars per month, for and during the time he has performed the duties of commissary and assistant commissary of subsistence at said arsenal.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That any non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, in the company of sappers and miners, and pontoniers, raised by the act of May ninth, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, who served in said company in the war with Mexico, shall, on application, be entitled to receive an honorable discharge from the service of the United States, and stand as if they had served out their respective terms.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

Carrying into effect treaty with Stockbridge Indians, \$52,804 85.

Increase of pay to military store-keeper at Watertown, Mass.

1842, ch. 186.

Allowance to military store-keeper T. A. keeper Webber.

Non-commissioned officers, &c., of the sappers, miners, and pontoniers, who served in Mexiwho co, to be entitled to an honorable discharge.

Act of May 15, 1848, ch. 21.

	making Appropriations			
	Year ending the thirtieth	of June, one thousand	eight hun-	
dred and fifty.				

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the preservation, repairs, and construction of certain fortifications, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty :

For defensive works and barracks near Detroit, twenty thousand dollars.

For fortifications at outlet of Lake Champlain, twenty thousand dollars.

For defensive works and barracks at narrows of Penobscot River, Maine, twenty thousand dollars.

For repairs of Fort Scammel, Portland Harbor, Maine, five thousand dollars.

For repairs of fortifications on Governor's Island, Boston Harbor, ten thousand dollars.

For Fort Warren, Boston Harbor, thirty thousand dollars.

For repairs of Fort Independence, Boston Harbor, ten thousand dollars.

For Fort Adams, Newport Harbor, Rhode Island, and permanent quarters and barracks thereat, forty thousand dollars,

For building Fort Trumbull, New London, Connecticut, ten thousand dollars.

For Fort Schuyler, Long Island Sound, ten thousand dollars.

For repairs of Fort Wood, and sea-wall of Bedlow's Island, fifteen thousand dollars.

For repairs of Fort Hamilton, New York, ten thousand dollars. For Fort Richmond, on Staten Island, thirty thousand dollars.

For repairs of Fort Lafayette, five thousand dollars.

For Fort Delaware, on Pea Patch Island, fifty thousand dollars. For repairs of Fort Madison, five thousand dollars.

For fort on Soller's Point Flats, Baltimore Harbor, forty thousand dollars.

Detroit, \$20,000.

Lake Champlain, \$20,000.

Penobscot River, \$20,000.

Fort Scammel, \$5000.

Governor's Island, \$10,000. Fort Warren,

\$30,000.

Fort Independ-

- ence, \$10,000. Fort Adams, \$40,000.
- Fort Trumbull, \$10,000.
- Fort Schuyler,
- \$10,000. Fort Wood,
- \$15,000
- Fort Hamil-
- ton, \$10,000. Fort Rich
- mond, \$30,000. Fort Lafayette,
- \$5000. Fort Delaware,
- \$50,000.
- Fort Madison, \$5000.
- Soller's Point
- Flats, \$40,000.

Fort Monroe, \$20,000.	For Fort Monroe, Hampton Roads, Virginia, twenty thousand dol-
Fort Caswell, \$15,000.	lars. For preservation of site of Fort Caswell, North Carolina, fifteen
Fort Macon, \$5000.	thousand dollars. For preservation of site at Fort Macon, North Carolina, five thou-
Drunken Dick Shoal, \$10,000.	sand dollars. For dike to Drunken Dick Shoal, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina,
Fort Sumter,	ten thousand dollars. For Fort Sumter, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina, twenty-five
\$25,000. Fort Jackson,	thousand dollars. For repairs of Fort Jackson, Savannah River, fifteen thousand dol-
Savannah, \$15,000. Fort Barran-	lars. For Fort Barrancas, Pensacola Harbor, Florida, and barracks thereat,
cas, \$35,000. Fort Morgan,	thirty-five thousand dollars. For repairs of Fort Morgan, Mobile Point, Alabama, fifteen thou-
\$15,000.	sand dollars.
Fort Jackson, Mississippi Riv- er, §15,000.	For repairs of Fort Jackson, Mississippi River, fifteen thousand dollars.
Fort St. Philip, \$30,000. Fort Pike,	For repairs of Fort St. Philip, Mississippi River, thirty thousand dollars.
\$10,000. Fort Wood,	For repairs of Fort Pike, Louisiana, ten thousand dollars. For repairs of Fort Wood, Louisiana, ten thousand dollars.
\$10,000. Key West, \$75,000.	For fortifications on Florida Reef, Key West, seventy-five thousand dollars.
Garden Key, \$50,000. Sea-wall, St.	For fortifications on Florida Reef, Garden Key, fifty thousand dollars. For repairs of sea-wall, St. Augustine, five thousand dollars.
Augustine, \$5,000.	For contingent expenses of engineer officers engaged in an exami- nation of the coast of the United States on the Pacific Ocean, in refer-
Contingencies of examination of coast of Pacific,	
\$6000.	

March	3,	1849.
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CHAP. CIII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Naval Scrvice for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the naval service, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty :

For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy, two million four hundred and sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of superintendents, naval constructers, and all the civil establishments at the several navy-yards and stations, seventy-three thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

For provisions for commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including engineers and marines, attached to vessels for sea service, six hundred and eighty-six thousand two hundred dollars.

For surgeons' necessaries and appliances for the sick and hurt of the navy, including marine corps, thirty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

For repair of vessels in ordinary, and for wear and tear of vessels in commission, including fuel for steamers, and the purchase of hemp, one million four hundred and thirty-six thousand dollars.

For the construction at the national observatory of a magnetic clock, under the superintendence of Dr. Locke, and to pay him for the free use by the United States of his invention of said clock, and of all improvements that he may make thereto, ten thousand dollars.

Pay of officers and scamen, \$2,462,500.

Superintendents, constructers, &c., \$73,960.

Provisions. \$686,200.

Surgeons' necessaries, &c., \$38,500.

Repair, \$1,436,000.

Construction of magnetic clock, \$10,000.

For paying the unsatisfied demands upon the fund for continuing the survey of the coast on the Gulf of Mexico, from Apalachicola Bay to the Mississippi, four thousand and seventy dollars, to be taken out of the balance of the fund appropriated for that purpose by act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and which has been carried to the credit of the surplus fund.

For the survey of the reefs, shoals, keys, and coasts of South Florida by the Superintendent of the "Coast Survey," and for which the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to provide the requisite officers, vessels, and crews to said "Coast Survey," the sum of thirty thousand dollars.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, and small arms, including incidental expenses, two hundred and fifty-seven thousand dollars.

For nautical books, maps, charts, instruments, and all other expenses of the hydrographical office, fifty-eight thousand two hundred and sixty dollars: Provided, That a competent officer of the navy, not below the grade of lieutenant, be charged with the duty of preparing the Nautical Almanac for publication, and that the Secretary of the Navy may, when, in his opinion, the interests of navigation would be promoted thereby, cause any nautical works that may, from time to time, be published by the hydrographical office, to be sold at cost, and the sold at cost of proceeds arising therefrom to be placed in the treasury of the United publication. States.

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz.: freight and transportation; printing and stationery; advertising $g_{508,000}^{expenses}$, in newspapers; books, maps, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire engines and machinery; repair of and attending on steam engines in yards; purchase and maintenance of horses and oxen and driving teams; carts, timber wheels, and the purchase and repair of workmen's tools; postage of public letters; furniture for government houses; fuel, oil, and candles for navy-yards and shore stations; cleaning and clearing up yards; watchmen and incidental labor not chargeable to any other appropriation; labor attending the delivery of stores and supplies on foreign stations; wharfage, dockage, and rent; travelling expenses of officers; funeral expenses; store and office rent; stationery and fuel to navy agents and storekeepers; flags, awnings, and packing boxes; premiums and other expenses of recruiting; apprehending deserters; per diem pay to persons attending courts martial and courts of inquiry, or other service authorized by law; pay to judge advocates; pilotage and towage of vessels, and assistance rendered to vessels in distress, five hundred and eight thousand dollars.

For support of the naval school at Annapolis, Maryland, twenty-eight thousand two hundred dollars.

For transportation of the United States mail between New York and Liverpool, between New York and New Orleans, Havana and Chagres, and between Panama and some point in the Territory of Oregon, eight hundred and seventy-four thousand six hundred dollars.

For the purchase of the right to use A. D. Bishop's patent portable boom derrick for all government purposes, ten thousand dollars : Provided, The said Bishop shall, within fifteen days from the passage derrick, \$10,000. of this act, notify the Secretary of the Navy, in writing, of his acceptance of said sum in full compensation for said patent right, and all improvements which he may, hereafter, make upon the same; and shall furnish full working plans and explanations for the construction of said boom derrick.

For testing the capacity and usefulness of the electro-magnetic power as a mechanical agent for the purposes of navigation and locomotion, Professor Page, the sum of twenty thousand dollars, to be expended &c., \$20,000.

Surveys on coast of Gulf of Mexico, \$4070.

1841, ch. 35.

Surveys on coasts of South Florida, \$30,000.

Ordnance and ordnance stores, \$257,000.

Books, maps, charts, &c., \$58,260.

Proviso as to preparation of the Nautical Almanac.

Books may be

Miscellaneous expenses,

Naval school at Annapolis, \$28,200. Transportation of U.S. mail in steamers, \$874,600.

Purchase of right to use Bishop's patent boom Proviso.

Testing capa-city and usefulness of electrounder the supervision of the Secretary of the Navy in making a practicable experiment of said invention according to the plan to be proposed and conducted by Professor Page.

For the construction, extension, and completion of the following objects, and for the current repairs at the several navy-yards, viz.:

At Portsmouth. — For completing powder magazine and smithery I; for constructing commander's quarters, timber shed number twentyeight, store-house number thirty, dock wall west of timber sheds; for paving timber shed number twenty-seven, wharf, and filling in rear of number four; for pitch house, engine house, and filling in low grounds; and for repairs of all kinds, fifty-four thousand six hundred and twenty dollars and fifty-three cents.

At Boston. — Towards construction of sail loft and cordage store; for stone wall and filling in south-west of ship house H; for coal house near blacksmith shop, grading and paving avenue sixty-three; for anchor hoys and water tank; and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and thirty-two thousand two hundred and twenty-one dollars and fifty cents.

At New York. — For two officers' houses, cob dock, dredging channels, filling in land purchased between navy-yard and hospital, fence on Flushing avenue, filling in timber pond, paving and gutters to avenue, and for repairs of all kinds, ninety-five thousand dollars.

At Philadelphia. — For two houses for officers; for foundation and slip of ship house G; extension of wharves number one, two, and three, to port warden's line; for timber shed D; for raising smith's shop, and for repairs of all kinds, seventy-six thousand and twentyseven dollars.

At Washington.—For boiler and furnace for small steam hammer, and boilers for steam engines, numbers one and three; for building stone wharf; for large slide lathes, planing machines, shafting, drums, boring, slotting, and drilling machines, and small lathes; and repairs of all kinds, forty-four thousand five hundred and thirty dollars.

At Norfolk.—For slip number forty-eight; continuation of quay walls, digging out timber dock, grading, paving, gutters, filling low grounds, brick stables, water cisterns, engine house to smithery, coal house, and repairs of all kinds, one hundred and five thousand eight hundred and forty-four dollars.

At Pensacola.— For completing permanent wharf, smith, and machine shop, timber shed and mould loft, water tank, lime house, paint shop, dredging machine and lighters, and yard boats; for brick kitchen to officers' houses, (eleven,) six first class, and six second class houses, and repairs of all kinds, two hundred thousand and thirteen dollars and fifty-five cents.

At Memphis. — For saw mill, one wing of store house; to complete building for officers, blacksmith's shop, and joiner's shop; for fire engine, excavation, and embankment, piling on river bank, wall to enclose yard, guard house, and enclosure to commandant's house, pavements, drains, and gutters, and repairs of all kinds, one hundred and thirty-six thousand five hundred and fifty-four dollars.

At Sackett's Harbor. — For stables and fencing, and repairs of all kinds, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For Hospitals, viz. : ---

At Boston. — For repairs to road, fences, wall, white-washing, and general repairs, one thousand five hundred dollars.

At New York. — For completing small-pox building, finishing sewer, dead-house, grading, brick barn, and stable, and general repairs, eleven thousand three hundred dollars.

At Washington. - For general repairs, one hundred and fifty dollars.

Construction, &c., and current expenses at navy-yards: Portsmouth, \$54,620 53.

Boston, \$132,221.50.

New York, \$95,000.

Philadelphia, \$76,027.

Washington, \$44,530.

Norfolk, \$105,844.

Pensacola, \$200,013 55.

Memphis, \$136,554.

Sackett's Har-

Hospitals,viz.: Boston,

\$1500. New York,

\$11,300.

Washington, \$150. At Norfolk. - For general repairs, one thousand dollars.

At Pensacola. - For repairs of hospital buildings, medical officers' quarters, out-buildings, fences, and general repairs, one thousand seven \$1750. hundred and fifty dollars.

For Magazines, viz.

At Boston, one hundred and fifty dollars.

At New York, two hundred dollars.

At Washington, one hundred and fifty dollars.

At Norfolk, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For stone and floating Dry Docks, viz. - For completing the stone dry dock building at New York, four hundred and ninety thousand dollars.

For the construction of the floating dry dock to be built at Kittery, two hundred thousand dollars.

For the construction of the floating dry dock to be built at Philalelphia, two hundred thousand dollars.

For the construction of the floating dry dock to be built at Pensacola, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For improvements and superintendence at naval depôt near New Orleans, the sum of one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Marine Corps. - For pay of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, and servants, serving on shore, subsistence of officers, and pay for undrawn clothing, two hundred and nine thousand and twelve dollars: Provided, That the President of the United States rines may substitute marines for landsmen in the navy, as far as he may deem it expedient to promote the efficiency of the service.

And that the officers of the marine corps affected by the 4th section of the act of Congress approved March 2, 1847, entitled "An Act for the increase of the Marine Corps of the United States," shall be provided for in the same manner that the officers of the old army, who received appointments in the additional regiments raised for the war with Mexico, were under the 4th section of the act of Congress, approved July nineteen, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act providing for the prosecution of the existing war between the United States and the republic of Mexico, and for other purposes."

For provisions for marines serving on shore, thirty thousand six hundred and seventy four dollars and eighty cents.

For clothing, forty-two thousand nine hundred and forty-eight dollars.

For fuel, thirteen thousand one hundred and fifty-eight dollars.

For military stores, repair of arms, pay of armorers, accoutrements, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and musical instruments, six thousand dollars.

For transportation of officers and troops, and expenses of recruiting, eight thousand dollars.

For repairs of barracks, and rent of temporary barracks and offices for commanding officers, six thousand dollars.

For contingencies, viz.:

Freight, ferriage, cartage, wharfage, compensation to judges advocate per diem, for attending courts martial, courts of inquiry, and for constant labor, house rent in lieu of quarters, burial of deceased marines, printing, stationery, forage, portage, pursuit of deserters, candles, oil, straw, furniture, bed sacks, spades, axes, shovels, picks, carpenter's tools, keep of a horse for the messenger, pay of matron, washerwoman, and porter at the hospital head-quarters, eighteen thousand one hundred and eighty-four dollars.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation of the third of March, appropriation for eighteen hundred and forty-seven, for two buoy-boats, one on the eastern buoy-boats, Vol. IX. Pub. --- 48

Norfolk, \$1000. Pensacola.

Magazines,viz: Boston, \$150. New York, **\$**200. Washington, \$150. Norfolk, \$150. Stone and dry docks, viz. : New York, \$490,000. Kittery,

\$200,000.

Philadelphia, \$200,000.

Pensacola, **g**250,000.

New Orleans, \$1750.

Marine corps. Pay of officers, marines, \$209,012. &с.

Proviso, ma-·may be substituted for landsmen in the

navy. Certain officers of the marine corps disbanded by the act of March 2d, 1847, ch. 40, restored.

1848, ch. 104.

Provisions, \$30,674 80.

Clothing, \$42,948.

Fuel, &c. \$13,158. Military stores, \$6000.

Transportation, *\$*8000.

Repairs of barracks,&c.,\$6000. Contingencies, \$18,184.

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\$205 53. 1847, ch. 48. Meteorological observations, \$2000.

Secretary of the Navy to detail three vessels in testing new routes, &c.

Proviso.

Secretary of War to transfer certain vessels to Navy Dept.

Pay of purser at naval station in California.

Proviso.

Retention
from pay of mu-
sicians and pri-
vates extended.
1833, ch. 68.

Pay of engineers in the navy established. \$1500. \$2000. \$1200. \$1400.

\$1000.

φ-----

\$850.

\$800 \$600. \$600.

\$400.

Commencement of the mail contract with E. K. Collins postponed to 1st June, 1850. 1847, ch. 62.

Prize money to be hereafter deposited in the treasury.

How the same shall be distributed. end of Tuckernuck Shoal, and the other on the end of Great or Sandy Rip Shoal, two hundred and five dollars and fifty-three cents.

For meteorological observations, to be conducted under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, two thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy be directed to detail three suitable vessels of the navy in testing new routes and perfecting the discoveries made by Lieutenant Maury in the course of his investigations of the winds and currents of the ocean; and to cause the vessels of the navy to coöperate in procuring materials for such investigations, in so far as said coöperation may not be incompatible with the public interests: *Provided*, That the same can be accomplished without any additional expense.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed, in conformity with the recommendation contained in his annual report, to transfer to the Navy Department such vessels now belonging to the War Department as, in his judgment, will promote the public interests.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the pay allowed by law, a purser, when, by order of the Secretary of the Navy, attached to and doing duty at the naval station of California, shall receive the same pay as if attached to a frigate in commission for sea service: Provided, That not more than one purser shall, at the same time, be attached to the said station on general or special duty.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the retention of one dollar per month from the pay of the musicians and privates of the Marine Corps, directed by the act of second March, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, be extended, as in the case of the musicians and privates of the army, to the whole term of their enlistment.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the engineers in the navy shall hereafter receive the following pay, viz.:

Chief Engineers on duty, first five years, fifteen hundred dollars.

Chief Engineers on duty, after five years, two thousand dollars.

Chief Engineers on leave, first five years, twelve hundred dollars.

Chief Engineers on leave, after five years, fourteen hundred dollars.

First Assistant Engineers, on duty, one thousand dollars.

First Assistant Engineers, on leave, eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Second Assistant Engineers, on duty, eight hundred dollars.

Second Assistant Engineers, on leave, six hundred dollars.

Third Assistant Engineers, on duty, six hundred dollars.

Third Assistant Engineers, on leave, four hundred dollars.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and hereby is, authorized so to modify the contract entered into by him with E. K. Collins and his associates for the transportation of the mail between New York and Liverpool, under direction of the act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, as to postpone the commencement of the mail service stipulated to be performed until the first day of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, without, in other respects, impairing the condition or obligations of the said contract.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, all prize money, arising from captures made by the vessels of the navy of the United States, received by the marshal who shall make sale of such prizes, shall, within sixty days after such sale, deposit the net proceeds, after paying all charges, as now provided by law, into the treasury of the United States; and all money now in the hands of prize agents shall also be deposited in the treasury, to be distributed as now provided by law; such part thereof as may belong to the officers and crews of the vessels of the navy shall be paid to them under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, and the law author- pointed. izing the appointment of prize agents is hereby repealed.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CIV. - An Act making Appropriations for the Service of the Post Office Department for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and they are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of the said department, in conformity to the act of the second of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, viz.:

For transportation of the mails within the United States, two millions five hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For transportation of the mails in four steamships, at one hundred thousand dollars each per year, from New York to Bremen, by way of Southampton, under the contract made with the Ocean Steam Navigation Company, of New York, in addition to the sum of three hundred and eighty-three thousand six hundred and nine dollars of former appropriations for the same object, which it is estimated will remain unexpended on the thirtieth of June eighteen hundred and forty-nine, sixteen thousand three hundred and ninety-one dollars.

For transportation of the mails between Charleston, South Carolina, and Havana, by way of Key West, calling at Savannah, under the contract made with M. C. Mordecai, fifty thousand dollars; and for transportation of the mail by said line, or by other steamers, to such other places on the coast of Florida as the Postmaster-General may deem practicable and expedient, five thousand dollars.

For compensation of postmasters, one million two hundred and to postmasters, g1,220,000. twenty thousand dollars.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, thirty thousand dollars.

For wrapping paper, twenty-two thousand dollars.

For office furniture, (in the offices of postmasters,) three thousand dollars.

For advertising, fifty thousand dollars.

For mail bags, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For blanks, twenty-one thousand dollars.

For mail locks, keys, and stamps, six thousand dollars.

For the detection and prevention of mail depredations and for special agents, including the two agents for Oregon and California, twenty thousand dollars.

tions and special special agents, \$20,000. For clerks for offices, (the offices of postmasters,) two hundred and agents, \$20,000. Clerks, sixty thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous, sixty thousand dollars.

That the better to enable the postal treaty with Great Britain to go into full effect with equal advantage to both countries, letters shall be mailed as composing one rate only where the letter does not exceed the weight of a half ounce avoirdupois; where it exceeds a half ounce, but does not exceed an ounce, as composing two rates; where it exceeds an ounce, but does not exceed two ounces, as composing four rates; where it exceeds two ounces, but [does] not exceed three ounces, as composing six rates; where it exceeds three ounces, but does not exceed four ounces, as composing eight rates; and in like progression for each additional ounce, or fraction of an ounce, and that each rate

1836, ch. 270.

Transporta-on of mails, tion \$2,540,000.

Transportation of mails, by steam ships, **§**16,391.

\$50,000.

\$5000.

Compensation \$1,220,000. Ship, steam-boat, and way-letters, \$30,000. Wrapping pa-per, \$22,000. Office furniture, \$3000. Advertising, \$50,000. Mail bags, \$25,000. Blanks, \$21,000. Mail locks, &c., \$6000. Mail depreda-\$260,000 Miscellaneous, \$60,000. Rates of letters

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No prize a-gents to be ap-

March 3, 1849.

transported under the postal treaty with Great Britain.

shall be subject to the full postage charge; that letters refused, or which cannot be delivered, may be immediately returned to the dead letter office, and that newspapers not sent from the office of publication shall be charged with the same postage as other papers, to be prepaid.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CV. - An Act making Appropriations for Lighthouses, Lightboats, Buoys, March 3, 1849. &c., and providing for the Erection and Establishment of the same, and for other Purposes.

Appropriation for lighthouses, light-boats, buoys, &c.

Proviso, as to cases where title cannot be obtained.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following appropriations be, and the same are hereby, made, and directed to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to carry the provisions of this act into effect : Provided, however, If a good title to any land which it may be necessary to use cannot be obtained on reasonable terms, or the exclusive right to such land cannot be acquired by cession, where the interest of the United States demands it, before the appropriation would by law fall into the surplus fund, in any and all such cases the appropriations shall be applicable to the objects for which they are made, at any time within two years after the first meeting of the legislature subsequent to the passage of this act, in any State wherein any such land may be situated, to wit:

In Maine. — For thirteen spar buoys and three beacons in Casco Bay, three thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at Gilkey's Harbor, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a lighthouse at Beauchamp Point, or on the opposite side of the harbor, in the town of Camden, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a fog-bell at the lighthouse on Libby's Island, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Massachusetts. - For a screw-pile beacon, or other practicable structure, on the south shoal off Nantucket, lately discovered by the survey of the coast, twenty-five thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Bureau of Topographical Engineers.

For six large buoys on the shoals off Nantucket, one thousand dollars.

For a light-boat on Pollock Rip, off Chatham. twelve thousand five \$12,500. hundred dollars.

New York.—For a light boat on Horse Shoe Reef, Niagara River, New York. ten thousand dollars; or for the erection of a light-house instead thereof, \$10,000. if, after the survey herein provided for, it shall be deemed more advisable, twenty thousand dollars.

\$300. For four spar buoys, to mark the channel from the aforesaid shoal to Bird Island, three hundred dollars.

\$10,000. For a beacon on the south-east part of Romer Shoal, in the lower bay of New York, ten thousand dollars. \$200.

For three spar buoys in Buttermilk Channel, two hundred dollars.

\$**400**. For four additional spar buoys in the lower bay of New York, at such points as may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, four hundred dollars.

New Jersey.-For a lighthouse on the rocks at Bergen Point, five New Jersey. \$5000. thousand dollars.

For five spar buoys at Thom's River, three hundred dollars.

- For five spar buoys at Barnegat Inlet, three hundred dollars.
- \$5000. For a lighthouse at the mouth of the Passaic River, five thousand dollars.

\$3000.

\$3500.

\$3500.

\$750.

Massachusetts, \$25,000.

\$1000.

\$20,000.

\$300. \$300.

For two buoys on the east and west oyster beds in Newark Bay, one	<i>\$</i> 100.
hundred dollars.	P
For a lighthouse on the east point of Maurice River, Cumberland	\$5000.
county, five thousand dollars. To provide surf boats, life cars, rockets, carronades, lines, and other	\$10,000.
necessary apparatus for the better preservation of life and property from	g10,000.
shipwreck along the coast of New Jersey, between Little Egg Harbor	
and Cape May, ten thousand dollars, to be expended under the direc-	
tion of such officer of the revenue marine service as may be designated	
for that purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury.	
Delaware For the foundation and construction of a lighthouse at	Delaware.
the Delaware Breakwater, ten thousand dollars.	\$10,000.
Maryland For two spar buoys at the mouth of Chester River, one	Maryland, \$120
hundred and twenty dollars.	
Texas. — For a light-boat on Galveston Bar, twelve thousand five	Texas.
hundred dollars.	\$12,500.
For a lighthouse at Sabine Pass, seven thousand five hundred	\$\$7500.
dollars.	Illinois.
Illinois For the foundation and construction of a lighthouse at	\$15,000.
or near the end of the north pier at Chicago, fifteen thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Bureau of Topographical	
Engineers, and the present lighthouse within the city, and the beacon	
light on the pier, shall be discontinued from and after the completion	
of the aforesaid lighthouse.	
For a lighthouse at the mouth of Calumet River, four thousand	\$4000.
dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Bureau of Topo-	
graphical Engineers.	_
Florida For buoys on and near the bar of Nassau River, on the	Florida, \$1000.
coasts of Georgia and Florida, in the neighborhood thereof, one thou-	μ ²⁰⁰⁰¹
sand dollars.	Michigan.
Michigan.—For a lighthouse at the mouth of Muskegon River, three thousand five hundred dollars.	\$3500.
For a lighthouse on Manitou Island, Lake Superior, seven thousand	\$ 7500.
five hundred dollars.	"
For a lighthouse at Eagle Harbor, Lake Superior, four thousand	\$4000
dollars.	-
For a floating bell at Stanard Rock, Lake Superior, one thousand	\$1000.
dollars.	
For a lighthouse on Skilagalee Rock, Lake Michigan, four thousand	\$4000.
dollars.	
For a beacon' light on the pier at New Buffalo, seven hundred and fifty dollars.	<i>\$</i> 750.
For a lighthouse at North Black River, Lake Michigan, three thou-	<i>\$</i> 3500.
sand five hundred dollars.	<i>a</i> 0000.
For providing surf boats, life boats, and other means for the preser-	\$10,000.
vation of life and property shipwrecked on the coast of the United	1
States, ten thousand dollars, to be expended under the control and	
direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.	_
SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if the Fifth Auditor shall	In case of pre liminary repor
report, in any of the cases herein provided for, that preliminary sur-	by Fifth Auditor
veys are necessary to determine the site of a proposed lighthouse or light-boat, or to ascertain more fully what the public exigency demands,	officers of the navy or of the
the Secretary of the Navy shall, thereupon, appoint one or more officers	topographical
of the navy, not under the grade of commander, to perform the	engineers to make surveys fo
required service; or when the expenditure is to be made under the	sites of light-
	HUHSUS.

direction of the Bureau of Topographical Engineers, the Secretary of War shall appoint one or more officers of the corps of topographical engineers, possessing the requisite skill and experience to perform the like service.

reort or, e the for tSaid officers to make report of the result of their examinations.

Reports to be laid before the Secretary of the Treasury.

Regulations to be observed by vessels, steamboats, &c., navigating the northern or northwestern lakes. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That any officer so appointed shall forthwith enter upon the discharge of the duty, and after fully ascertaining the facts, shall report: first, whether the proposed facility to navigation is the most suitable for the exigency which exists; and second, where it should be placed if the interests of commerce demand it; third, if the thing proposed be not the most suitable, whether it is expedient to make any other kind of improvement; fourth, whether the proposed light has any connection with other lights, and if so, whether it cannot be so located as to subserve both the general and the local wants of trade and navigation; and fifth, whether there be any, and if any, what other facts of importance touching the subject.

SEC. 4. And be further enacted, That all such reports shall, as speedily as may be, be laid before the Secretary of the Treasury, and if such as to authorize the work without further legislation, he shall forthwith proceed with it, otherwise such reports shall be laid before Congress at the next ensuing session; but in all cases where the Fifth Auditor does not report such preliminary examination as expedient,

the provisions of this act shall without delay be carried into execution. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That vessels, steamboats, and propellers, navigating the northern and western lakes, shall, from and after the thirtieth day of April next, comply with the following regulations, for the security of life and property, to wit: during the night, vessels on the starboard tack shall show a red light, vessels on the larboard tack a green light, and vessels going off large, or before the wind, or at anchor, a white light; steamboats and propellers shall carry on the stem, or as far forward as possible, a triangular light, at an angle of about sixty degrees with the horizon, and on the starboard side a light shaded green, and on the larboard side red; said lights shall be furnished with reflectors, &c., complete, and of a size to insure a good and sufficient light; and if loss or damage shall occur. the owner or owners of the vessel, steamboat, or propeller, neglecting to comply with these regulations, shall be liable to the injured party for all loss or damage resulting from such neglect; and the owner or owners of any vessel failing to comply with said regulations shall forfeit a penalty of one hundred dollars, which may be recovered in an action of debt, to be brought by the district attorney of the United States, in the name of the United States, in any court of competent jurisdiction.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CVI. — An Act making Appropriations for the current and contingent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with the various Indian Tribes, for the Year ending June thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes.

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, viz. :

Superintendent viz. : of Indian affairs at St. Louis, and Indian agents, \$14,000, 1834, ch. 162. 1834, ch. 31. 1846, ch. 34. forty-

For the pay of superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, and the several Indian agents, as provided by the acts of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and of March third, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, fourteen thousand dollars.

For th	e pay of	sub-a	gents, autho	orize	ed by the a	act of .	June thirt	ieth,	Sub-a
eighteen	hundred	and	thirty-four,	six	thousand	seven	hundred	dol-	1834,
lars.									-

Interpreters, \$10,000. For the pay of interpreters, authorized by the same act, ten thousand dollars.

For the pay of clerk to superintendent at St. Louis, authorized by the act of June twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For the pay of clerk to superintendent of the western territory, by \$1000. the same act, one thousand dollars. Buildings and repairs, \$2000.

For buildings at agencies, and repairs, two thousand dollars.

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, viz.:

To the Christian Indians. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the acts of May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, and May twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, four hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Saginaw. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty \$800. of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, one thousand dollars.

For support of blacksmiths, and for farming utensils and cattle, and the employment of persons to aid them in agriculture, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fifth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, one thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas, Menomonies, Winnebagoes, and New York Indians. - For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Lake Superior and Mississippi. — For payment in money, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty- money, \$9500. ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine thousand five hundred dollars.

For payment in goods, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nineteen thousand dollars.

For establishing three smiths' shops, supporting three smiths, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, three thousand dollars.

For support of farmers, purchase of implements, grain, or seed, and to carry on their agricultural pursuits, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand dollars.

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For limited annuity, in money, for twenty-five years, stipulated in the 4th article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

\$1000.

Blacksmiths, \$2000.

Education, \$1000.

Education, **\$**1500.

Payment in

Payment in goods, \$19,000.

Blacksmiths and shops, \$3000.

Farmers, im plements, seeds &c., \$1000.

Provisions, **\$2000**.

Tobacco, \$500

Annuities. \$12,500.

Sub-agents,

1834, ch. 162.

1846, ch. 34.

Annuity, \$400

Annuities.

£1000.

Clerks.

\$1200.

\$10,500.

Blacksmiths and shops, \$2000.

Farmers, \$1000.

Carpenters, \$1200.

Schools, \$2000.

Frovisions and tobacco, \$2000.

Annuity, \$3600.

Specie to Chippewas of Lake Superior, \$17,000. Specie to Chippewas of Mississippi, \$17,000.

Annuity, \$1000.

Annuity, \$3000. 1799, ch. 11.

> Annuities. \$3000.

\$600.

Life annuities to chiefs. \$150.

\$6000.

\$750.

\$25.

\$20,000.

Education, g12,500. For limited annuity, in goods, for twenty-five years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For support of two smiths' shops, including pay of smiths and assistants, and furnishing iron and steel stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For support of two farmers, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand dollars.

For pay of two carpenters, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For support of schools, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of provisions and tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, in goods, for five years, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of first August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For payment, in specie, to the Chippewas of Lake Superior, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, seventeen thousand dollars.

For payment, in specie, to the Chippewas of Mississippi, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, seventeen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, for forty-six years, to be paid to the Chippewas of Mississippi, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, one thousand dollars.

To the Chickasaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the act of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

To the Choctaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and five, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chief, (Bob Cole,) stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity for education, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six thousand dollars.

For life annuity to three district chiefs, stipulated in the fifteenth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For life annuity of one Wayne warrior, stipulated in the twenty-first article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty-five dollars.

For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the seventeenth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty thousand dollars.

For education of forty youths for twenty years, (including support of teachers in the nation, two thousand five hundred dollars,) stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars. For blacksmith, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth of October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, stipulated in the ninth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, three ^{\$} hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Crecks. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty sof sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, for twenty years, stipulated in the eighth article *S* of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For two blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirtytwo, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

For iron and steel for shops, five hundred and forty dollars.

For wheelwright, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of wh twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, six hundred \$600. dollars.

For education, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For interest on three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-third ^S November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

To the Delawares. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninetyfive, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty \$\$ of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the private article of supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in supplemental article to treaty sof twenty-sixth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

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Blacksmith, **g**600.

Iron and steel, \$320.

> Annuities. \$1500.

\$3000.

\$20,000.

\$10,000.

Blacksmiths, \$840.

Iron and steel, \$270. Blacksmiths,

\$1680.

Iron and steel, \$540. Wheelwright, \$600.

Education, \$3000.

Interest, \$17,500.

Education, \$3000.

Annuities. \$1000.

\$500.

\$4000.

\$1000.

\$200.

\$200.

Salt, \$100.

Blacksmiths, \$720.

y1080.

Iron and steel, \$220.

Interest, **g**2304.

Blacksmith and shop, \$1000.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land, set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine for education, stipulated in resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

To the Florida Indians or Seminoles. — For blacksmith establishment, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, and fourth article of the treaty of ninth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand dollars.

For annuity in goods, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two thousand dollars.

For annuity in money, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

For agricultural implements, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, one thousand dollars.

To the Iowas. — For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

To the Kickapoos. — For limited annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five thousand dollars.

To the Kansas. — For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

To the Miamies. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For one thousand pounds of tobacco, two thousand pounds of iron, and one thousand pounds of steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and seventy dollars.

For pay of miller, in lieu of gunsmith, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, six hundred dollars.

For one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education and support of poor, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For the ninth of twenty instalments in money, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For payment in lieu of laborers, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For agricultural assistance, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred dollars.

\$3000.

Annuitics. \$2000.

Agricultural implements, \$1000.

Interest, \$7875.

Annuity, \$5000.

Interest, \$10,000.

Annuity, \$25,000.

Blacksmith and assistant, \$720.

Iron and steel, \$220. Tobacco, iron, and steel, \$770.

Pay of miller, \$600.

Salt, \$320.

Education, \$2000.

Payments in money, \$12,500.

\$250.

Agricultural assistance, \$200.

To the Eel Rivers, (Miamies.) - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article, and separate article, of the treaty of the thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Menomonies. - For limited annuity for twenty years, supulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For two blacksmiths and assistants for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shops for twenty years, four hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, three thousand dollars.

For two thousand pounds of tobacco for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.

For farming utensils and cattle for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five hundred dollars.

For thirty barrels of salt for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, one hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Omahas. - For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fiftcenth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural implements, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, five hundred dollars.

To the Ottoes and Missourias. - For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For agricultural implements, stipulated in the third article of the trenty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five plements, \$500. hundred dollars.

For education, stipulated in the tourth article of the treaty of twentyfirst September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars.

For payment of farmer, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Ottawas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Annuitier \$500.

\$250.

\$350.

Annuity, \$20,000.

Blacksmiths and assistants, \$1440.

Iron and steel, \$440.

Provisions, \$3000.

Tobacco, \$300.

Farming utensils and cattle, \$500.

Salt, \$150.

Blacksmith and assistant, \$720.

Iron and steel, \$220. Agricultural implements, \$500. Annuity, \$2500.

Agricultural im-

Education, \$500.

Farmer, \$600.

Blacksmith and assistant, \$720.

Iron and steel, \$220. Annuities. \$1000.

g800.

g1500.

\$1000.

Annuity, \$30,000.

Interest, \$12,000.

Education, §5000.

Missions, \$3000.

Vaccine matter, \$300.

Provisions, \$2000.

Tobacco, \$1100.

Blacksmiths and assistants, \$2160.

Iron and steel, \$660. Gunsmith, \$600.

Iron and steel, \$220. Farmers and assistants, \$1600.

Mechanics, \$1200.

Interest, \$3456.

Annuity, \$20,000.

Blacksmiths, &c., \$2000.

Millers, \$1200.

Annuities. \$500.

\$300.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, one thousand dollars.

To the Ottawas and Chippewas. — For limited annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, thirty thousand dollars.

For interest to be paid as annuity on two hundred thousand dollars, per resolution of the Senate of twenty-seventh May, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twelve thousand dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand dollars.

For missions, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twentyeighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars.

For vaccine matter, medicines, and pay of physicians, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand dollars.

For six thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, one hundred barrels of salt, and five hundred fish barrels, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For gunsmith at Mackinac, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For two farmers and assistants, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For two mechanics, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand two hundred dollars.

To the Osages. — For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at five per centum, being the valuation of fifty-four sections of land set apart by treaty of the second June, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for educational purposes, per resolution of the Senate of the nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, twenty thousand dollars.

For two smiths' establishments, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, two thousand dollars.

For pay of two millers, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, one thousand two hundred dollars.

To the Piankeshaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the thirtieth December, eighteen hundred and five, three hundred dollars.

To the Pawnees. - For agricultural implements, stipulated in the implements, \$1000. fourth article of the treaty of the ninth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars. To the Pottawatomies of Huron. - For permanent annuity, stipu-

lated in the second article of the treaty of the seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars.

To the Pottawatomies. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the Annuities. fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and \$1000. ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty \$500. of the thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

\$2500. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty \$2000. of the twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the second article of the treaty Life annuity to chief, \$100. of the twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty Annuities. of the twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, sixteen \$16,000. thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, fifteen thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twenty-sixth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, fourteen thousand dollars.

For life annuities to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, seven hundred dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second supplemental article of the treaty of the twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirtythree, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one thousand dollars.

For payment in money, in lieu of two thousand pounds of tobacco. fifteen hundred pounds of iron, and three hundred and fifty pounds of money, \$300.

\$15,000.

Life annuity to chiefs, \$400.

> Annuities. \$20,000.

\$14,000.

Life annuities to chiefs, \$700.

Annuity, **\$2000.**

Salt, \$140.

\$320.

Education, \$2000.

Blacksmiths and assistants, \$720.

Iron and steel, \$220. Education, \$1000.

Payment in

Agricultural

Annuity, \$400.

steel, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and the tenth article of the treaty of fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars. •

For purchase of fifty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twentynine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-seventh October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand dollars.

For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Quapaws. - For limited annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirtythree, two thousand dollars.

For education, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars. For iron and steel for shop; two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of farmer, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the eighteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

To the Six Nations of New York. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of the eleventh November, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Senecas of New York. — For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of the nineteenth of February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars.

For interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, per act of the twenty-seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Sioux of Mississippi. - For interest on three hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For purchase of medicines, agricultural implements, and stock, and for support of farmers, physician, and blacksmith, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, five thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Missouri. --- For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-first October,

Blacksmith and assistant, \$720.

Iron and steel, \$220. \$720.

\$220.

Salt, \$250.

Education. \$2000.

Interest, \$32,150.

Annuity, \$2000.

Education, \$1000.

Blacksmith, \$600. Iron and steel, \$220. Farmer, \$600.

Annuity, \$4500.

Annuity, \$6000.

Interest. \$3750.

Interest, \$15,000.

Annuity, \$10,000.

Medicines, agricultural implestock, ments. farmer, physi-cian, and blacksmith, \$8250. Provisions. \$5500.

Interest, £7870.

eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the third November, eighteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars.

For gunsmith, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For forty barrels of salt, and forty kegs of tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred dollars.

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars.

To the Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninetyfive, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, sixty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the eighth August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

To the Senecas and Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand dollars.

To the Senecas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of miller, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six hundred dollars.

To the Wyandots. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third [article] of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seven and assistant, hundred and twenty dollars.

Annuities. **\$10**00.

\$20,000.

Gunsmith, \$600.

Iron and steel \$220.

Blacksmith and assistant, **\$840.**

Iron and steel, \$220.

Salt, \$800.

Interest, \$10,000.

\$40,000.

Annuities. \$1000.

\$2000.

Salt, \$60.

Blacksmith and assistant, \$840.

Iron and steel, \$220.

Annuity, \$1000.

> Annuities. \$500.

\$500.

Blacksmith and assistant, \$840.

Iron and steel, \$320.

Miller, \$600.

Annuity, \$17,500.

Blacksmith \$720.

lron and steel, \$270. Education, \$500. Annuities.

\$18,000.

\$10,000.

Salt and tobacco, \$600.

\$175.

Blacksmiths and assistants, \$2160.

Iron and steel, \$660. Laborers and oxen, \$365.

Education, \$3000.

Agriculturists, oxen, and farming utensils, \$2500.

Physicians, \$400.

Interest, \$55,000.

\$4200.

Annuity, \$3000.

Payments in money, \$30,000.

\$40,000.

Commissioner to be appointed.

Expenses of removal, \$20,000. Subsistence after removal, \$20,000.

Manual labor school, \$15,000. For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For education, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, five hundred dollars.

To the Winnebagoes. — For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen and twenty-nine, eighteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars.

For fifty barrels salt, and three thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, six hundred dollars.

For one thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For laborers and oxen, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For six agriculturists, purchase of oxen, ploughs, and other implements, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of two physicians, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For interest on one million one hundred thousand dollars at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the first November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For interest on eighty-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the thirteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-six, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Weas. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three thousand dollars.

Menomonies. — For fulfilling treaty with the Menomonies, ratified at the present session of Congress, viz.:

For payment to the chiefs, to enable them to arrange and settle the affairs of their tribe, preparatory to their removal to their new country, per first clause of fourth article of treaty eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, thirty thousand dollars.

For payment to the mixed blood, and in such proportions to each as the chiefs in council, and a commissioner to be appointed by the President, shall designate, per second clause of same article and treaty, forty thousand dollars.

For payment for expenses of removal per third clause of same article and treaty, twenty thousand dollars.

For payment for subsistence for one year after removal, per fourth clause of same article and treaty, twenty thousand dollars.

For the establishment of a manual labor school, the erection of a grist and saw mill, and other necessary improvements, per fifth clause of same article and treaty, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the payment of improvements on the lands ceded, per eighth clause of same article and treaty, five thousand dollars.

For the services and expenses of a commissioner to distribute the half-breed fund, per second clause of same article and treaty, two thousand dollars.

For expenses of a delegation of Indians to explore their new country, per sixth article same treaty, four thousand dollars.

New York Indians. — For payment to the emigrant New York Indians who went west, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-six, their proportion of the annuities due the Senecas and the Six Nations of New York for that year, to be reimbursed to the United States when recovered from Samuel H. Bunch, late sub-Indian agent, and his sureties, four hundred and seventy-eight dollars and sixty-five cents.

For compensation to an agent and two interpreters for the Indian tribes of Texas, in addition to former appropriations for this object, three thousand dollars.

For surveying the northern and western boundary lines of the country now owned by the Creek Indians, fifteen thousand dollars.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CVII. - An Act to carry into effect certain Stipulations of the Treaty between March 3, 1849. the United States of America and the Republic of Mexico, of the second Day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall be appoint three persons, who shall constitute a board of commissioners, to their powers and meet at the city of Washington, at some early day, to be designated by the President, whose duty it shall be to receive and examine all claims of citizens of the United States upon the republic of Mexico, which are provided for by the treaty between said governments of the United States and Mexico, concluded on the second day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and which may be presented to the said board of commissioners, and to decide thereon according to the provisions of the said treaty, and of the first and fifth articles of the unratified convention concluded at the city of Mexico, on the twentieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said board of commissioners shall have a secretary, versed in the English and Spanish lan- retary and clerk. guages, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate; and the said board is hereby authorized to appoint a clerk, and to make all needful rules and regulations, not contrary to the laws of the United States or the provisions of said ceeding. treaties, for carrying their said commission into full effect.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all records, documents, and papers, which now are, or hereafter, until the close of said commission, may come into the possession of the Department of State, ment of State, having relation to said claims, shall be delivered to the said board; in and when the said commission shall be concluded, the journal of its proceedings, together with all the records, documents, and papers which shall have come into its possession relating to the business of said board, shall be deposited in the office of the Secretary of State; and the period of one year from and after the organization of said board is hereby designated, within which said commissioners may, at the instance of any claimant or claimants, apply, through the Secretary of ers may apply State of the United States to the Manister of Foreign Affairs, for through the Sec-State of the United States, to the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, for all such books, records, or documents, in the possession or power of VOL. IX. PUB. - 50

Payment for improvements, \$5000. Expenses of

commissioner to distribute the half-breed's fund, \$2000. \$4000.

Payment to New emigrant York Indians, **\$478 65.**

Agent and interpreters fo tribes of Texas, for \$3000. Surveying, \$15,000

Board of three commissioners to appointed : duties.

To have a sec-

Rules of pro-

All records. documents, &c., relation to claims on Mexico provided for by the treaty, to be transferred to said board.

Commissionretary of State to the Mexican government for necessary books, records, documents, &c.

Secretary of State to give notice of the day for the meeting of said board.

Salaries 5 8 1 of commissioners, secretary, and clerk.

Contingent expenses provided for.

Commissioners to report to Secretary of State a list of all the awards made by them, and a certified copy thereof to be transmitted to Secretary of the Treas-

ury. How awards shall be distributed and paid.

Offset of claims of United States.

When business of said board shall terminate. How claimants to awards made in favor of other persons shall proceed to contest the same.

of District of Columbia to have jurisdiction in such case.

When this act shall take effect. the government of the Mexican republic, as shall be deemed necessary to the just decision of any claim or claims submitted to said board, in conformity with the provisions of said treaty.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of State is required, as soon as the President shall have designated the day for the meeting of the said board, to give public notice thereof, and to cause said notice to be published in such newspapers as are authorized to publish the laws of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the compensation of the respective officers for whose appointment provision is made by this act, shall be as follows, namely: To each of said commissioners at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum; to the secretary of the board at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum; and to the clerk at the rate of fifteen hundred dollars per annum. And the President of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to make provision for the contingent expenses of said commission as to him shall appear reasonable and proper. And the said salaries and expenses shall be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioners shall report to the Secretary of State a list of all the several awards made by them; a certified copy thereof shall be by him transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall thereupon distribute, in ratable proportions among the persons in whose favor the awards shall have been made, the amount stipulated in the fifteenth article of the said treaty, (being three and one fourth millions of dollars,) according to the proportions which their respective awards shall bear to the said three and one fourth millions of dollars, first deducting such sums of money as may be due the United States from said persons in whose favor said award shall be made; and the said Secretary shall thereupon cause certificates of stock of the United States to be issued to the said parties, respectively, or their legal representatives, for the amount to which they may be entitled, which stock shall bear an interest of six per cent. per annum until paid, and redeemable at any time at the pleasure of the United States, or pay the same in money, at the option of the United States.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the said board shall terminate its business within two years from the day of its organization.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That in all cases arising under this act, where any person or persons, other than those in whose favor an award has been or may be made, shall claim the amount so awarded, or any part thereof, and shall within thirty days from the passage of this act, or from the date of the said award, notify the Secretary of the Treasury of his, her, or their intention to contest the payment of the same as awarded, and shall file with the District Attorney of the United States a bond, with good and sufficient security, to be approved by him, for the payment of the costs and damages arising therefrom, the amount so awarded, and the payment of which is contested as aforesaid, shall be and remain in the treasury of the United States, subject to the decision of the courts of the United States thereon; and thereupon the said party so claiming the sum so awarded, or any part thereof, shall be at liberty to file his bill for relief and injunction Circuit Court in the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, upon the principles which govern courts of equity; and any injunction thereupon granted by the court shall be respected by the Treasury Department; and the said case in equity shall thereupon be conducted and governed in all respects as in other cases in equity.

> SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That this act shall not go into effect until from and after the tenth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

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APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CVIII. - An Act to establish the Home Department, and to provide for the Treasury Department an Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, and a Commissioner of the Customs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, from and after the passage of this act, there shall be created a new executive department of the government of the United States, to be called the Department of the Interior; the head of which department shall be called the Secretary of the Interior, who shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and who shall hold his office by the same tenure, and receive the same salary, as the Secretaries of the other executive departments, and who pointed: his salshall perform all the duties assigned to him by this act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior regard to the office of Commissioner of Patents, now exercised by the of the patent shall exercise and perform all the acts of supervision and appeal in Secretary of State; and the said Secretary of the Interior shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury on estimates or accounts, subject to the same adjustment or contro now exercised on similar estimates or accounts by the First or Fifth Auditor and First Comptroller of the Treasury.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior shall perform all the duties in relation to the General Land Office, of supervision and appeal, now discharged by the Secretary of the Treasury; and the said Secretary of the Interior shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury, on estimates or accounts, approved or certified by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, subject to the same control now exercised by the First Comptroller of the Treasury.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the supervisory power now exercised by the Secretary of the Treasury over the accounts of the counts of marmarshals, clerks, and other officers of all the courts of the United States, and officers of shall be exercised by the Secretary of the Interior, who shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury, &c.; on estimates or accounts, subject to the same control now exercised on like estimates or accounts by the First Auditor and First Comptroller of the Treasury.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior shall exercise the supervisory and appellate powers now exercised by the Secretary of the War Department, in relation to all the acts of the &c.; Commissioner of Indian Affairs; and shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury, on estimates or accounts, subject to the same adjustment or control now exercised on similar estimates or accounts by the Second Auditor and Second Comptroller of the Treasury.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior shall exercise the supervisory and appellate powers now exercised by the Secretaries of the War and Navy Departments, in relation to all the acts of the Commissioner of Pensions; and shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury, on estimates or accounts, subject to the same adjustment or control now exercised on similar estimates or accounts by the Third or Fourth Auditors and Second Comptroller of the Treasury.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior shall exercise all the supervisory and appellate powers now exercised by the Secretary of State, in relation to all acts of marshals and others census, &c.; in taking and returning the census of the United States; and shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury, on estimates or accounts, subject to the same adjustment or

March 3, 1849.

New executive department created, to be called " Departthe ment of the Interior."

Secretary of the Interiorary.

Secretary of the Interior to patent office;

of the And General Land Office;

And of the acshals, clerks, Courts of the United States,

And of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs,

And of the Commissioner of Pensions, &c.;

And of the taking and making returns of control now exercised over similar estimates and accounts by the Fifth Auditor and First Comptroller of the Treasury.

And of the lead and other mines of the U. States;

And of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, &c.;

Proviso.

And over the penitentiary of the District of Columbia.

Secretary to appoint a chief clerk: his salary.

Certain clerks in the Treasury Department to be transferred to the office of Secretary of the Interior. Appointment

of clerks.

Commissioner of Customs to be appointed. His salary.

Clerks to be transferred from office of First Comptroller, and chief clerk to be appointed by Secretary of the Treasury.

Assistant Secretary of the

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the supervisory and appellate powers now exercised by the Secretary of the Treasury over the lead and other mines of the United States, and over the accounts of the agents thereof, shall be exercised by the Secretary of the Interior; who shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury, on estimates or accounts, subject to the same adjustment or control now exercised on similar estimates or accounts by the Second Auditor and Second Comptroller of the Treasury.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the supervisory and appellate powers now exercised by the President of the United States over the Commissioner of Public Buildings, shall be exercised by the Secretary of the Interior; who shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury, on estimates or accounts, subject to the same adjustment or control now exercised on similar estimates or accounts by the First Auditor and First Comptroller of the Treasury: Provided, That nothing in this section contained shall be construed to take from the presiding officers of the two Houses of Congress the power now possessed by them to make and enforce rules and regulations for the care, preservation, orderly keeping, and police of the Capitol, and its appurtenances.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior shall have and exercise a supervisory power and control over the Board of Inspectors and warden of the Penitentiary of the District of Columbia; and shall sign all requisitions for the advance or payment of money out of the treasury on estimates or accounts, subject to the same adjustment or control now exercised on similar estimates or accounts by the First Auditor and First Comptroller of the Treasury.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to appoint a chief clerk of his department, who shall receive a salary of two thousand dollars per annum; and that the President of the United States, on the recommendation of the said Secretary of the Interior, may transfer from the Treasury Department proper, to the Department of the Interior, such clerks in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury as perform the duties over which the supervision and control are given by this act to the Secretary of the Interior; which said clerks shall be hereafter subject to the appointing and removing power of the Secretary of the Interior, as also the clerks in the several bureaus heretofore appointed or removable by the heads of departments, which bureaus are transferred by this act to the Department of the Interior.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That an officer shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in the Department of the Treasury, as one of its bureaus, to be called the Commissioner of Customs, who shall perform all the acts and exercise all the powers, now devolved by law on the First Comptroller of the Treasury, relating to the receipts from customs and the accounts of collectors and other officers of the customs, or connected therewith; who shall hold his office by the same tenure, and receive the same amount of salary, as the First Auditor of the Treasury, and payable in the same manner. And the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer from the office of the First Comptroller such clerks as may be necessary to the bureau of the Commissioner of Customs, for whom the said Secretary of the Treasury shall also appoint one chief clerk, at a salary of seventeen hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That an officer shall be appointed Treasury to be in the Treasury Department by the Secretary of the Treasury, to be

called the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, whose salary shall be appointed : his three thousand dollars per annum, payable in the same manner as that salar of the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall examine all letters, contracts, and warrants, prepared for the signature of the Secretary of the Treasury, and who shall perform all such other duties in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, now performed by some of his clerks, as may be devolved on him by the Secretary of the Treasury; who shall also appoint a clerk at a salary of seventeen hundred dollars per annum, who shall perform such duties as a clerk in the Treasury Department, in aid of said Assistant Secretary, as may be assigned to him appointed. by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer from the office of the First Comptroller one of his the messengers, to perform the same duties in the office of the Commis- fund to be transsioner of Customs, as also such portion of the contingent fund of the office of the First Comptroller as may be required in that of the Commissioner of Customs, in consequence of the transfer of clerks from one office to another, or the transfer of a messenger from that office to another. And the Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer one of his messengers to the office of the Secretary of the Interior, as also such portion of the contingent fund of the office of the Secretary of the Treasury as may be required in the office of the Secretary of the Interior, in consequence of the transfer of clerks from one department to the other.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act con-SEC. 10. This of the second as to affect or impair any of the power on the Secretary conferred, or duties devolved, on the Secretary of the Treasury, in of the Treasury dent Treasury dent Treasury dent Treasury by the act of the sixth of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act to provide for the better organization of the paired. treasury, and for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disburse- 1846, ch. 90. ment of the public revenue."

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CIX. - An Act to authorize the Coinage of Gold Dollars and Double March 3, 1849. Eagles.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be, from time to time, struck and coined at the mint of the United States, and gold dollars and the branches thereof, conformably in all respects to law, (except authorized. that on the reverse of the gold dollar the figure of the eagle shall be omitted,) and conformably in all respects to the standard for gold coins now established by law, coins of gold of the following denominations and values, viz. : double eagles, each to be of the value of twenty dollars, or units, and gold dollars, each to be of the value of one dollar, or unit.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for all sums whatever, the double eagle shall be a legal tender for twenty dollars, and the gold dollar shall be a legal tender for one dollar.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all laws now in force in relation to the coins of the United States, and the striking and coining the same, shall, so far as applicable, have full force and effect in relation to the coins herein authorized, whether the said laws are penal or otherwise; and whether they are for preventing counterfeiting or debasement, for protecting the currency, for regulating and guarding the process of striking and coining, and the preparations therefor, or for the security of the coin, or for any other purpose.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That, in adjusting the weights gold coins.

appo salary, po duties. powers,

Clerk at \$1700 per annum to be

Messengers and portion of contingent ferred from First Comptroller's office and Treas-ury Department to office of Commissioner of Cus-Detoms and partment of Interior.

The powers and act not to be im-

Coinage of

Double eagle and gold dollar to be legal tenders.

All laws now in force in relation to the coins of the U. States to apply to the coins herein authorized.

Weights of of gold coins henceforward, the following deviations from the standard weight shall not be exceeded in any of the single pieces — namely, in the double eagle, the eagle, and the half eagle, one half of a grain, and in the quarter eagle, and gold dollar, one quarter of a grain; and that, in weighing a large number of pieces together, when delivered from the chief coiner to the treasurer, and from the treasurer to the depositors, the deviation from the standard weight shall not exceed three pennyweights in one thousand double eagles; two pennyweights in one thousand eagles; one and one half pennyweights in one thousand half eagles; one pennyweight in one thousand quarter eagles; and one half of a pennyweight in one thousand gold dollars.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CX. — An Act requiring all Moneys receivable from Customs and from all other Sources to be paid immediately into the Treasury, without Abatement or Reduction, and for other Purposes.

The gross amount of all moneys received for the use of the United States to be paid into the Trensury without deduction.

Proviso.

Appropriations for debentures or drawbacks.

Proviso.

Secr'y of the Treasury to submit to Congress estimates of appropriations necessary to provide for expenses of collecting the revenue, &c.

Appropriations for expenses of collecting the revenues.

Proviso : expenses of collecting revenue limited.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, the gross amount of all duties received from customs, from the sales of public lands, and from all miscellaneous sources, for the use of the United States, shall be paid by the officer or agent receiving the same into the treasury of the United States at as early a day as practicable, without any abatement or deduction on account of salary, fees, costs, charges, expenses, or claim of any description whatever: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to alter the existing laws regulating the collection of the revenues of the Post-Office Department.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That so much money as may be necessary for the payment of debentures or drawbacks, bounties and allowances, which are or may be authorized and payable after the day aforesaid, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated for that purpose out of any money in the treasury, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of that department, according to the laws authorizing said debentures or drawbacks, bounties, and allowances: *Provided*, That the collectors of the customs shall be the disbursing agents to pay the aforesaid debentures, drawbacks, bounties, and allowances; and that all debenture certificates issued according to law shall be received in payment of duties at the custom-house where the same has been issued, the laws regulating drawbacks having been complied with.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to submit to Congress, at the commencement of the next regular session, estimates of appropriations which may be required to provide for the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, and also from the public lands, for the second half of the next fiscal year, and separate estimates for the said purpose for the year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty, and similar estimates from year to year thereafter.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That so much money as may be necessary to pay the expenses of collections referred to in the next preceding section, including the first half of the next fiscal year, and until specific appropriations for the objects shall be made by Congress, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury, to be expended after the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, under the direction of the Secretary thereof, conformably to law and regulation: *Provided*, That the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs shall not thereafter exceed the sum of one million five hundred and sixty thousand dollars per annum, together with such sums as under the law are paid into the treasury for drayage, cartage, labor, and storage, and in proportion for a less time.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That from and after the thirtieth day of June next, all imports subject to duty, and whereon the duties to duty to be deare not paid when assessed, shall be deposited in the public warehouse, public from whence they may be taken out for immediate exportation under house, &c. the provisions of that act, at any time within two years, and on payment of the duties may be withdrawn for consumption within the United States at any time within one year; but no goods subject to duty shall be hereafter entered for drawback, or exported for drawback, after they are withdrawn from the custody of the officers of the customs: Provided, however, That nothing herein contained is intended to modify the laws relating to export of goods to Canada or Chihuahua, if the goods when entered for export are immediately taken out of the United States, nor is it intended hereby to modify the laws in relation to pickled fish or refined sugar.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Solicitor of the Treas- Solicitor of the Treasury to reury, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall require from all collectors, and surveyors acting as collectors, new lectors, bonds, with sufficient sureties, for such sum and in such form as shall bonds. be prescribed by said Secretary. The said new bonds to be taken before the day fixed for this act to take effect. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, at the commencement of each session the Treasury to of Congress, to report to each house a statement or statements, presenting the amount of money expended at each custom-house in the expenses of cus-United States, during the fiscal year next preceding, and also tom-houses and the number of perthe number of persons employed, and the occupation and salary sons employed of each person at each of the said custom-houses during the period in them. aforesaid.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXI. - An Act to extend the Provisions of all Laws now in Force relating March 3, 1849. to the Carriage of Passengers in Merchant Vessels, and the Regulation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all vessels laws in relation bound from any port in the United States to any port or place in the Pacific Ocean, or on its tributaries, or from any such port or place to merchant vessels any port in the United States on the Atlantic, or its tributaries, shall extended. be subject to the provisions of all the laws now in force relating to the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels, sailing to and from foreign countries, and the regulation thereof; except the fourth section of the "Act to provide for the ventilation of passenger vessels, and for other purposes," approved May seventeenth, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, relating to provisions, water, and fuel; but the owners and masters of all such vessels shall in all cases furnish to each passenger the daily supply of water therein mentioned, and they shall furnish, or cause the passengers to furnish for themselves, a sufficient supply of good and wholesome food; and in case they shall fail so to do, or shall provide unwholesome or unsuitable provisions, they shall be subject to the penalty provided in said fourth section in case the passengers are put on short allowance of water or provisions.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the act entitled "An Act to regulate the carriage of passengers in merchant vessels," approved February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, shall be so ing amended as that a vessel passing into or through the topics shall be allowed to carry the same number of passengers as vessels that do not enter the tropics.

Goods subject posited in the ware-

Proviso.

Solicitor of the quire from colsurvey-&с., new

Secretary of make annnal statements of

Provisions of to carriage of passengers in

1848, ch. 41.

Number of passengers allowed on vessels passîn and through the tropics. 1847, ch. 16.

When this act shall take effect.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect on and after the fifteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and fortynine.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

Revenue laws

of the U.S. ex-tended over Up-

per California.

CHAP. CXII. - An Act to extend the Revenue Laws of the United States over the Territory and Waters of Upper California, and to create a Collection District therein.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the revenue laws of the United States be, and they are hereby, extended to and over the main land and waters of all that portion of territory ceded to the United States by the "treaty of peace, friendship, and limits, between the United States of America and the Mexican republic," concluded on the second day of February, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-eight, heretofore designated and known as Upper California.

Collection district of U. California established. Port of entry

established at San Francisco, and collector to be appointed.

Ports of deliverv

Collector to appoint three deputy collectors.

Compensation of collector and deputy collectors.

How violation of revenue laws within the dis-trict of Califorecuted.

When this act shall take effect.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the ports, harbors, bays, rivers, and waters of the main land of the territory of Upper California shall constitute a collection district by the name of Upper California; and a port of entry shall be, and is hereby, established for said district at San Francisco, on the Bay of San Francisco, and a collector of customs shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to reside at said port of entry.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That ports of delivery shall be, and are hereby, established in the collection district aforesaid, at San Diego, Monterey, and at some convenient point within the territory of the United States, to be selected by the Secretary of the Treasury, as near as may be to the junction of the Rivers Gila and Colorado, at the head of the Gulf of California; and the collector of the said district of California is hereby authorized to appoint, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Treasury, three deputy collectors, to be stationed at the ports of delivery aforesaid.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the collector of said district shall be allowed a compensation of fifteen hundred dollars per annum and the fees and commissions allowed by law; and the said deputy collectors shall each be allowed a compensation of one thousand [dollars] per annum, and the fees and commissions allowed by law.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, until otherwise provided by law, all violations of the revenue laws of the United States, com-mitted within the district of Upper California, shall be prosecuted in nia shall be pros- the District Court of Louisiana or the Supreme Court of Oregon, which courts shall have original jurisdiction, and may take cognizance of all cases arising under the revenue laws in the said district of Upper Cadifornia, and shall proceed therein in the same manner and with the like effect as if such cases had arisen within the district or territory where the prosecution shall be brought.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect from and after the tenth day of March next.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849. CHAP. CXIII. - An Act to settle the Title to certain Tracts of Land in the State of Arkansas.

Owners of cer-Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the tain Spanish or claims United States of America in Congress assembled, That each and every French

owner of a Spanish or French land claim, or any part thereof, in the authorized to en-State of Arkansas, which was submitted for adjudication to the Supe- ered by rior Court of the late Territory of Arkansas, and by that court con- claims. firmed, being a bona fide subsequent purchaser for a valuable consideration, is hereby authorized to enter, within one year from the passage of this act, the land covered by said claim, or less quantity thereof, to be embraced in any legal subdivision, at the minimum price, under such regulations as the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall prescribe : Provided, however, That the owner aforesaid shall be an occupant or cultivator of said land.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, after the lapse of two years from the approval of this act, the sale of the lands embraced by the decrees of the Superior Court of Arkansas, which were on bills of sold. review reversed, and which the President was, by the act of eighteen hundred and thirty-two, required to reserve from sale, which may then remain the property of the United States, shall no longer be reserved from sale by the President of the United States, and that the same may be brought into market under the existing laws.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXIV. - An Act for the better Organization of the District Court of the United States within the State of Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the more convenient transaction of business in the courts of the United States within the State of Louisiana, the said State shall be, and the same is hereby, divided into two judicial districts, in the manner following, to wit: the parishes of Sabine, Desoto, Caddo, Natchitoches, Bossier, Rapides, Claiborne, Jackson, Catahoula, Caldwell, Ouachita, Union, Morehouse, Franklin, Carroll, Madison, Tensas, Concordia, St. Landry, Avoyelles, Calcasieu, St. Mary, St. Martin, Vermillion, and Lafayette, shall compose one district, to be called the western district of Louisiana; and all the remaining part of the said State shall compose another district, to be called the eastern district of Louisiana; and all criminal actions or civil suits, either in law or equity, which have arisen in the western district, or against persons residing therein, or concerning lands situated therein, together with all process, writs, recognizances, and records, belonging thereto, shall be transferred to the western district; and all civil suits hereafter instituted against persons residing in said western district, or suits concerning lands situated in the same, in the courts of the United States, shall be in said district; and there shall be held annually in said district one stated session of the court at each of the following places, to wit: at Opelousas, on the first Monday in August, for the parishes of St. Landry, Calcasieu, courts shall be held annually for St. Mary, St. Martin, Vermillion, and Lafayette; at Alexandria, on the western district. first Monday in September, for the parishes of Rapides, Avoyelles, Natchitoches; at Shreveport, on the first Monday in October, for the parishes of Caddo, Sabine, Desoto, Bossier, and Claiborne; at Monroe, on the first Monday in November, for the parishes of Ouachita, Jackson, Union, Morehouse, Franklin, Catahoula, Carroll, Madison, Tenwestern district, shall be appointed by the President of the United western district States, by and with the advice and States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, judge thereof, with a salary of two thousand dollars per annum, payable semiannually, with the same powers and duties as the district judge of the powers, and du-United States for the district of Louisiana, as it now exists, and such as are conferred on him, or required of him, by this act; who is Vol. IX. Pub. - 51

ter the lands cov

Proviso.

After two years, lands reserved from sale may be

1832, ch. 72.

March 3, 1849.

1850, ch. 28.

State of Louisiana divided into two judicial districts.

Western district.

Eastern district.

Places at which 1850, ch. 28.

His salary, ties.

to hold terms and special sessions of court for western district, &c.

District Court for western district to perform the duties and possess the powers of Circuit Courts of the U. S. for State of Louisiana, except in cases of appeal, &c. Clerks of courts

for western district to be appointed : their duties; compensations, &c.

District Court for eastern district to be held at New Orleans.

Clerks of Circuit and District Courts at New Orleans to transmit to western district all pa-pers, &c., be-longing to said district.

Marshal and district attorney for western district to be appointed.

Their duties, responsibilities, salaries, fees, &c.

Judge required required to hold said terms, and authorized and required to hold special sessions of the said court, in the said western district, for the trial of civil or criminal cases, whenever he may deem it expedient; that all process, writs, and recognizances of every kind, whether respecting juries, witnesses, bail, or otherwise, which relate to cases to be tried at said special sessions, shall be considered as belonging to such sessions. in the same manner as if they had been issued or taken in reference thereto; that any special session may be adjourned to any time or times previous to the next stated meeting of the District Court for said districts; that all business pending for trial at any special court shall, at the close thereof, be considered as of course removed to the next stated term of the court; that the District Court, in said western district, shall perform all the duties, and possess all the powers, of Circuit Courts of the United States for the State of Louisiana, except in cases of appeal and writs of error; and the said judge shall appoint a clerk of the court in the western district, for each place where the court sits, who shall reside, and keep the records of the court, at that place, and shall receive, for the services performed by them, the same fees and compensation that are allowed to the clerk of said court holding its sessions in New Orleans, in the same State, and shall be subject, in every respect, to the same restrictions and responsibilities; and the District Court for the eastern district shall be held in New Orleans as heretofore, and it shall be the duty of the clerks of the District and Circuit Courts of the United States in New Orleans to transmit, by some safe conveyance, or deliver to the clerks of the western district, or their order, the original papers in all such cases as properly belong to the court in the western district by the provisions of this act, together with a transcript of the proceedings had therein.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, be, and hereby is, authorized to appoint one person as marshal, and one as district attorney, for the said western judicial district of the United States within the State of Louisiana, created by this act, and that the terms of appointment and service, together with the duties and responsibilities of the said marshal and district attorney respectively, for the district aforesaid, be, in all respects, the same within their said district, as to the terms of appointment and services, the duties and responsibilities of the marshal and district attorney, respectively, of the eastern district of the State of Louisiana; and said marshal shall receive such fees and emoluments as are received by the marshal of the United States for the State of Louisiana; and said attorney an annual compensation of two hundred dollars, and the same fees and emoluments as are allowed to the attorney of the United States for the district of Louisiana.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

"Census Board" constituted : their powers and duties.

CHAP. CXV. - An Act to make Arrangements for taking the seventh Census.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State, the Attorney-General, and the Postmaster-General, shall constitute and be a board, to be styled the Census Board; that it shall be the duty of the said board to prepare and cause to be printed such forms and schedules as may be necessary for the full enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States; and also proper forms and schedules for collecting in statistical tables, under proper heads, such information as to mines, agriculture, commerce, manufactures, education, and other topics, as will exhibit a full view of the pursuits, industry, education,

resources of the country; it being provided that the number of said inquiries, exclusive of the enumeration, shall not exceed one hundred. and that the expense incurred in preparing and printing said forms and schedules shall not exceed ten thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said board shall have power to appoint a secretary, whose remuneration shall be determined appoint a secreby Congress, upon the completion of the duties assigned to the board. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXVIII. — An Act concerning the Selection of Jurors in certain Courts of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act of Congress approved March nineteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, 1842, ch. 7, in (chap. vii.,) be suspended in its operation until further legislation in relation to jurors the premises; and that, in the mean time, jurors may be selected for the courts of the United States in Pennsylvania, (under the direction of the proper district judge,) agreeably to the practice and usage which prevailed before the enactment of the act approved July twentieth, in Pennsylvania. eighteen hundred and forty, (chap. xlvii.)

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXX. - An Act to authorize the Judge of the Courts of the United States March 3, 1849. of the fifth Circuit to hold the Circuit Court for the District of Kentucky.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter it shall be lawful for the judge of the fifth circuit of the courts of the United States to hold the Circuit Court for the district of Kentucky in the absence of the judge of the eighth circuit.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXXI. - An Act to establish the Territorial Government of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the after the passage of this act, all that part of the territory of the United ernment for Ter-United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and States which lies within the following limits, to wit: Beginning in the Mississippi River, at the point where the line of forty-three degrees and thirty minutes of north latitude crosses the same, thence running due west on said line, which is the northern boundary of the State of Iowa, to the north-west corner of the said State of Iowa, thence southerly along the western boundary of said State to the point where said boundary strikes the Missouri River, thence up the middle of the main channel of the Missouri River to the mouth of the White-earth River, thence up the middle of the main channel of the White-earth River to the boundary line between the possessions of the United States and Great Britain; thence east and south of east along the boundary line between the possessions of the United States and Great Britain to Lake Superior; thence in a straight line to the northernmost point of the State of Wisconsin in Lake Superior; thence along the western boundary line of said State of Wisconsin to the Mississippi River; thence down the main channel of said river to the place of beginning, be, and

Judge of the fifth circuit to hold court for district of Kentucky, in absence of judge of eighth circuit.

Said board to tary.

March 3, 1849.

Act of 19 M'ch.

in Pennsylvania,

1842, ch. 7. How jurors

1840, ch. 47.

suspended.

March 3, 1849.

1851, ch. 9.

ritory of Minnesota established. Boundaries.

Power to divide said Territory,or to attach a portion of it to a State or Territory, reserved.

The executive power vested in a governor; his tenure of office, powers, duties, and emoluments.

Secretary: his powers and duties.

In case of death, resignation, or removal of governor, the secretary to act as governor.

Legislative power : how vested.

Legislative assembly to consist of council and house of representatives.

Proviso: number of councillors and representatives limited. Apportionment of representation.

Census to be taken: when.

the same is hereby, erected into a temporary government by the name of the Territory of Minnesota: *Provided*, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the government of the United States from dividing said Territory into two or more Territories, in such manner and at such times as Congress shall deem convenient and proper, or from attaching any portion of said Territory to any other State or Territory of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the executive power and authority in and over said Territory of Minnesota shall be vested in a governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States. The governor shall reside within said Territory, shall be commander-in-chief of the militia thereof, shall perform the duties and receive the emoluments of superintendent of Indian affairs; he may grant pardons for offences against the laws of said Territory, and reprieves for offences against the laws of said Territory and reprieves for offences against the laws of the United States until the decision of the President can be made known thereon; he shall commission all officers who shall be appointed to office under the laws of the said Territory, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a secretary of said Territory, who shall reside therein, and hold his office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States; he shall record and preserve all the laws and proceedings of the legislative assembly hereinafter constituted, and all the acts and proceedings of the governor in his executive department; he shall transmit one copy of the laws and one copy of the executive proceedings, on or before the first day of December in each year, to the President of the United States, and, at the same time, two copies of the laws to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate, for the use of Congress. And in case of the death, removal, resignation, or necessary absence of the governor from the Territory, the secretary shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to execute and perform all the powers and duties of the governor during such vacancy or necessary absence, or until another governor shall be duly appointed to fill such vacancy.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power and authority of said Territory shall be vested in the governor and a legislative assembly. The legislative assembly shall consist of a council and house of representatives. The council shall consist of nine members, having the qualifications of voters, as hereinafter prescribed, whose term of service shall continue two years. The house of representatives shall, at its first session, consist of eighteen members, possessing the same qualifications as prescribed for members of the council, and whose term of service shall continue one year. The number of councillors and representatives may be increased by the legislative assembly, from time to time, in proportion to the increase of population: Provided, That the whole number shall never exceed fifteen councillors and thirty-nine representatives. An apportionment shall be made, as nearly equal as practicable, among the several counties or districts, for the election of the council and representatives, giving to each section of the Territory representation in the ratio of its population, Indians excepted, as nearly as may be. And the members of the council and of the house of representatives shall reside in, and be inhabitants of, the district for which they may be elected respectively. Previous to the first election, the governor shall cause a census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the several counties and districts of the Territory to be taken, and the first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, as the governor

shall appoint and direct; and he shall, at the same time, declare the number of members of the council and house of representatives to which each of the counties or districts shall be entitled under this act. The number of persons authorized to be elected having the highest number of votes in each of said council districts for members of the shall be conductcouncil shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected to the council; and the person or persons authorized to be elected having the greatest number of votes for the house of representatives, equal to the number to which each county or district shall be entitled, shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected members of the house of representatives : Provided, That in case of a tie between two or more persons voted for, the governor shall order a new election to supply the vacancy made by such tie. And the persons thus elected to the legislative assembly shall meet at such place, and on such day, as the governor shall appoint; but thereafter, the time, place, and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the apportioning the representation in the several counties or districts to the council and house of representatives according to the population, shall be prescribed by law, as well as the day of the commencement of the regular sessions of the legislative assembly: Provided, That no one session shall exceed the term of sixty days.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every free white male inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a of voters. resident of said Territory at the time of the passage of this act, shall be entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eligible to any office within the said Territory; but the qualifications of voters and of holding office, at all subsequent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the legislative assembly : Provided, That the right of suffrage Proviso. and of holding office shall be exercised only by citizens of the United States, and those who shall have declared, on oath, their intention to become such, and shall have taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power of the Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation, consistent lative power. with the Constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States; nor shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. All the laws passed by the legislative assembly and governor shall be submitted to mitted to Conthe Congress of the United States, and, if disapproved, shall be null and gress. of no effect.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all township, district, and county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed or elected, as the case may be, in such manner as shall be provided by shall be appointthe governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Minnesota. ed. The governor shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative council, appoint, all officers not herein otherwise provided for; and in the first instance the governor alone may appoint all said officers, who shall hold their offices until the end of the next session of the legislative assembly.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That no member of the legisla- office tive assembly shall hold or be appointed to any omce which shall have member, or for been created, or the salary or emoluments of which shall have been one year theretive assembly shall hold or be appointed to any office which shall have increased, while he was a member, during the term for which he was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; and no person holding a commission or appointment under the United States, except postmasters, shall be a member of the legislative assembly, or postmasters, not to be members shall hold any office under the government of said Territory.

How elections ed.

Proviso.

Proviso as to terms of sessions of legislative assembly.

Qualifications

Extent of legis-

Laws to be sub-

How township, istrict, and district, officers county

No member of the legislative assembly to hold created while he was a after. Officers of the government of the United States, except of the assembly.

Judicial power : how vested.

the Supreme, ict, and

Clerks of District Courts.

Clerk of Supreme Court.

Writs of error and appeals to Supreme Court of U. States.

Fees of clerk.

Attorney and arshal : their marshal : fees and emoluments.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the judicial power of said Territory shall be vested in a Supreme Court, District Courts, Probate Supreme Court. Courts, and in justices of the peace. The Supreme Court shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of government of said Territory annually, and they shall hold their offices during the period of four years. The said Territory shall be divided into District Courts. three judicial districts, and a District Court shall be held in each of said districts by one of the justices of the Supreme Court, at such times and places as may be prescribed by law; and the said judges shall, after their appointments, respectively, reside in the districts which shall Jurisdiction of be assigned them. The jurisdiction of the several courts herein provided for, both appellate and original, and that of the Probate Courts Probate Courts, and of justices of the peace, shall be as limited by law: *Frontieu*, and justices of That the justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any matdispute, or where the debt or sum claimed shall exceed one hundred dollars; and the said Supreme and District Courts, respectively, shall possess chancery as well as common law jurisdiction. Each District Court, or the judge thereof, shall appoint its clerk, who shall also be the register in chancery, and shall keep his office at the place where the court may be held. Writs of error, bills of exception and appeals, shall be allowed in all cases from the final decisions of said District Courts to the Supreme Court, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall trial by jury be allowed in said court. The Supreme Court, or the justices thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk shall hold his office at the pleasure of the court for which he shall have been appointed. Writs of error and appeals from the final decisions of said Supreme Court shall be allowed, and may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner and under the same regulations as from the Circuit Courts of the United States, where the value of the property, or the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall exceed one thousand dollars; and each of the said District Courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction, in all cases arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States, as is vested in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States; and the first six days of every term of said courts, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be appropriated to the trial of causes arising under the said Constitution and laws; and writs of error and appeal in all such cases shall be made to the Supreme Court of said Territory, the same as in other cases. The said clerk shall receive, in all such cases, the same fees which the clerks of the District Courts of the late Wisconsin Territory received for similar services.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed an attorney for said Territory, who shall continue in office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall receive the same fees and salary as the attorney of the United States for the late Territory of Wisconsin received. There shall also be a marshal for the Territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall execute all processes issuing from the said courts, when exercising their jurisdiction as Circuit and District Courts of the United States; he shall perform the duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees, as the marshal of the District Court of the United States for the late Territory of Wisconsin; and shall, in addition, be paid two hundred dollars annually as a compensation for extra services.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the governor, secretary, chief justice, and associate justices, attorney, and marshal, shall be nominated, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appointed tices, attorney, by the President of the United States. The governor and secretary, to to be appointed. be appointed as aforesaid, shall, before they act as such, respectively take an oath or affirmation, before the district judge, or some justice of the official oaths, &c peace in the limits of said Territory, duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws now in force therein, or before the chief justice or some associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, to support the Constitution of the United States, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices; which said oaths, when so taken, shall be certified by the person by whom the same shall have been taken, and such certificates shall be received and recorded by the said secretary among the executive proceedings; and the chief justice and associate justices, and all other civil officers in said Territory, before they act as such, shall take a like oath or affirmation, before the said governor or secretary, or some judge or justice of the peace of the Territory, who may be duly commissioned and qualified, which said oath or affirmation shall be certified and transmitted, by the person taking the same, to the secretary, to be by him recorded as aforesaid; and afterwards, the like oath or affirmation shall be taken, certified, and recorded in such manner and form as may be prescribed by law. The governor shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars as governor, and one thousand dollars as superintendent of Indian affairs. The chief justice and associate justices shall each receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars. The secretary shall receive an annual salary of eighteen hundred dollars. The said salaries shall be paid quarter-yearly, at the treasury of the retary. United States. The members of the legislative assembly shall be entitled to receive three dollars each per day during their attendance at legislative the sessions thereof, and three dollars each for every twenty miles sembly. travel in going to and returning from the said sessions, estimated according to the nearest usually travelled route. There shall be appropriated, annually, the sum of one thousand dollars, to be expended by the governor to defray the contingent expenses of the Territory; and there shall also be appropriated, annually, a sufficient sum, to be expended by the Secretary of the Territory, and upon an estimate to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the legislative assembly, the printing of the laws, and other incidental expenses; and the Secretary of the Territory shall annually account to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States for the manner in which the aforesaid sum shall have been expended.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the inhabitants of the said Territory shall be entitled to all the rights, privileges, and immunities be entitled to all heretofore granted and secured to the Territory of Wisconsin and to its inhabitants; and the laws in force in the Territory of Wisconsin at the date of the admission of the State of Wisconsin shall continue to be valid and operative therein, so far as the same be not incompatible consin to conwith the provisions of this act, subject, nevertheless, to be altered, tinue in force. modified, or repealed, by the governor and legislative assembly of the said Territory of Minnesota; and the laws of the United States are hereby extended over and declared to be in force in said Territory, so far as the same, or any provision thereof, may be applicable.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the legislative assembly of the Territory of Minnesota shall hold its first session at Saint Paul; and at said first session the governor and legislative assembly shall locate and establish a temporary seat of government for said Territory Territory. at such place as they may deem eligible; and shall, at such time as they shall see proper, prescribe by law the manner of locating the

Governor, secretary, chief and associate justo be appointed. Each to take

Salary of governor.

Salaries of chief and associate justices. Salary of sec-

Compensation of members of as-

Provision for contingent expenses, &c.

Inhabitants to the rights and privileges secured to inhabitants of Wisconsin. Laws of Wis-

Seat of government for said

Appropriation for public buildings. 1850, ch. 19.

Delegate to Congress of the U. States to be elected.

All suits, pro-cess, and pro-ceedings at law, &c., pending in the courts of Wisconsin, with-in limits of said Territory, trans-ferred to District Courts of said Territory.

Justices of the peace, consta-bles, &c., con-tinued in office till others are appointed to succeed them.

Appropriation of \$5000 for library.

Reservation of lands for use of schools.

1851, ch. 10.

Until otherwise provided by

permanent seat of government of said Territory by a vote of the people. And the sum of twenty thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated and granted to said Territory of Minnesota, to be applied, by the governor and legislative assembly, to the erection of suitable public buildings at the seat of government.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House of Representatives of the United States, to serve for the term of two. years, may be elected by the voters qualified to elect members of the legislative assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several other Territories of the United States to the said House of Representa-The first election shall be held at such times and places, and tives be conducted in such manner, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and at all subsequent elections, the times, places, and manner of holding the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected, and a certificate thereof shall be given accordingly.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That all suits, process, and proceedings, civil and criminal, at law and in chancery, and all indictments and informations, which shall be pending and undetermined in the courts of the Territory of Wisconsin, within the limits of said Territory of Minnesota, when this act shall take effect, shall be transferred to be heard, tried, prosecuted, and determined in the District Courts hereby established, which may include the counties or districts where any such proceedings may be pending. All bonds, recognizances, and obligations, of every kind whatsoever, valid under the existing laws within the limits of said Territory, shall be valid under this act; and all crimes and misdemeanors against the laws in force within said limits may be prosecuted, tried, and punished in the courts established by this act; and all penalties, forfeitures, actions, and causes of action, may be recovered under this act, the same as they would have been under the laws in force within the limits composing said Territory at the time this act shall go into operation.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That all justices of the peace, constables, sheriffs, and all other judicial and ministerial officers, who shall be in office within the limits of said Territory, when this act shall take effect, shall be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to continue to exercise and perform the duties of their respective offices as officers of the Territory of Minnesota, temporarily, and until they, or others, shall be duly appointed and qualified to fill their places in the manner herein directed, or until their offices shall be abolished.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended by and under the direction of the said governor of the Territory of Minnesota, in the purchase of a library, to be kept at the seat of government, for the use of the governor, legislative assembly, judges of the Supreme Court, secretary, marshal, and attorney of said Territory, and such other persons and under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in the said Territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in each township in said Territory shall be, and the same are hereby, reserved for the purpose of being applied to schools in said Territory, and in the States and Territories hereafter to be erected out of the same.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That temporarily, and until law the governor otherwise provided by law, the governor of said Territory may define the judicial districts of said Territory, and assign the judges who may may define the be appointed for said Territory to the several districts, and also appoint indicial districts, and also appoint and assign the the times and places for holding courts in the several counties or sub- judges to them, divisions in each of said judicial districts, by proclamation to be issued &c. by him; but the legislative assembly, at their first or any subsequent session, may organize, alter, or modify such judicial districts, and assign the judges, and alter the times and places of holding the courts. as to them shall seem proper and convenient.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That every bill which shall or may pass the council and house of representatives shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor of the Territory; if he bly and approved approve, he shall sign it, but if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it originated; which shall cause the objections to be entered at large upon their journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall also be reconsidered, and if approved by two thirds of that house, it shall become a law; but in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for and against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house, respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law, in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the legislative assembly, by adjournment, prevent it; in which case it shall not become a law.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXXII. - An Act to establish the Collection District of Brazos de Santiago, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that part of the collection district of Saluria, south and west of the north side lished, and Point of Padre Island, in the Gulf of Mexico, be, and the same is hereby, made a collection district, which shall be known as the district of Brazos Santiago, and that Point Isabel be, and the same is hereby, made the port of entry of the said district.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That a collector for the said district of Brazos Santiago shall be appointed by the President, with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall reside at Point Isabel, and hold his office for the terms and the time prescribed by law for the like office in other districts, and who shall be entitled to a salary not exceeding seventeen hundred and fifty dollars per annum, including in that sum the fees allowed by law; and the amount he shall collect in any one year for fees, exceeding the said sum of seventeen hundred and fifty dollars, shall be accounted for and paid into the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That any merchandise which shall have been duly entered at the said port of entry, and the duties thereon paid or secured according to law, may be transported by land to Fort Brown, on the Rio Grande, or any other place near the said Fort Brown which may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, and be thence exported with the privilege of drawback to any foreign country: *Provided*, That such exportation shall be made within one year from the date of importation, and under the conditions and provisions of the act entitled "An Act allowing drawback upon foreign merchandise exported in the original packages to Chi-

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How laws shall be enacted by legislative assemby the governor.

March 3, 1849

Collection district of Brazos de Santiago estab-Isabel made a port of entry.

Collector to be his appointed: compensation.

Merchandise entered at Point Isabel, and transported by land to Fort Brown, to be entitled to privilege of drawback, &c.

Proviso.

1845, ch. 70.

huahua and Santa Fe, in Mexico, and to the British North American provinces adjoining the United States," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall appoint an additional inspector, who shall reside at Fort Brown, or such other place as may be designated by him as aforesaid, and who shall inspect all merchandise entitled to drawback under the provisions of this act, and otherwise protect the revenue.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That any merchandise which shall have been duly entered at the port of Corpus Christi, and the duties thereon paid or secured according to law, may be transported to Loredo, on the Rio Grande, and from thence exported to Mexico, with the privilege of drawback: Provided, That such exportation shall be made within one year from the date of importation, and under the conditions and provisions of the act entitled "An Act allowing drawback upon foreign merchandise exported in the original packages to Chihuahua and Santa Fe, in Mexico, and to the British North American provinces adjoining the United States," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to appoint an additional inspector to reside at Loredo, who shall inspect all merchandise entitled to drawback under the provisions of this act, and otherwise protect the revenue.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to appoint a deputy collector to reside at Chesapeake City, in the State of Maryland, with authority to grant enrolments and licenses to vessels : Provided, That the compensation of the said deputy collector shall be the usual fees of office, and nothing

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the owners of vessels residing on New River, in Onslow county, in the State of North Carolina, shall have the privilege of taking out registers or enrolments, and licenses, at Wilmington, in said State, and the collector of that district is hereby authorized to grant the same on the conditions now required by law.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849. CHAP. CXXIII. - An Act to cause the Northern Boundary of the State of Iowa to be run and marked.

Northern boundary line of Iowa to be run and mayked.

Post. p. 535; Vol. x. p. 22.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Surveyor-General of Wisconsin and Iowa, under the direction of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, shall cause the northern boundary line of the State of Iowa to be run and marked, and suitable monuments placed thereon; and the said Surveyor-General shall return one copy of said survey to the General Land Office, and another copy to the executive of Iowa, to be deposited in the archives of that State.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849. CHAP. CXXIV. - An Act to amend the Act entitled "An Act supplemental to the Act for the Admission of the States of Iowa and Florida into the Union."

1845, ch. 76. Judicial dis-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the trict of Iowasep- United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the pur-

Brown.

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Merchandise entered, &c., at Corpus Christi, and transported to Loredo, to be entitled to privi-lege of drawback. Proviso.

1845, ch. 70. Inspector at Loredo to be appointed.

Secretary of the Treasury to ap-point a deputy collector to re-side at Chesapeake City, Md. 1849, ch. 127. the sa His compen- more.

ation. Registers and

enrolments of ressels at New of Onslow River, county, N. C.

pose of trying all issues of fact, triable by a jury in the District Court arated into three of the United States for the district of Iowa, as established by the act entitled "An Act supplemental to the act for the admission of the States of Iowa and Florida into the Union," approved third March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, the said district shall be separated into three divisions, as follows, to wit: All that part of said district lying within the Dubuque land district, as altered by the "Act to establish an additional land district in Iowa," approved eighth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall constitute the northern division, and a regular term of said court for said division shall be held annually at vision. Dubuque, to commence on the first Monday in January; all that part of said district lying within the Iowa land district, as established by the "Act to establish an additional land district in Iowa," approved eighth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall constitute the middle division, and a regular term of said court for this division shall be held annually at Iowa city, to commence on the first Monday in October; and the residue of the State of Iowa shall constitute the southern division, and a regular term of said court for this division sion. shall be held annually at Burlington, to commence on the first Monday in June; and should the judge of the said district court fail to attend at the time and place of holding any one of the regular terms of the court, for either of the said divisions of the aforesaid district, before the close of the fourth day of any such term, the business pending in such court shall stand adjourned to the next regular term thereof: Provided, That whenever the judge of said court, from any cause, shall fail to hold a regular term of said court for either of said divisions, special sessions. it shall be his duty, if in his opinion the business in said court shall require, to hold an intermediate term of said court, at such time as he shall, by his order, under his hand and seal, direct, addressed to the clerk and marshal of said court, at least thirty days previous to the commencement of said term, and to be published, in the several newspapers published in the bounds of said division and district, the same length of time; and, at any and all such intermediate terms, the business of any such courts, of every nature and description whatsoever, shall have reference to, and be proceeded with, in the same manner as if the same were a regular term of the said court. And all such issues of fact shall be tried at a term of said court, to be held in the division where such suit should hereafter be commenced, in accordance with the third section of this act. But nothing herein contained shall prevent the said District Court, by general rule, from regulating the venue of transitory actions, either in law or in equity, and from changing the same for a good cause to be shown.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all issues now pending in the said District Court shall be tried at the places above prescribed for holding such court, within the division where the cause of action may have arisen, unless otherwise ordered by said court, in pursuance of the in the division where the cause of action may or proceedings pending, in the said District Court shall be avoided or have arisen, &c. impaired by this change of the time and place of holding such court; but all process, bail bonds, and recognizances, returnable at the next term of the said court, shall be returnable and returned to the court next held at the appropriate place, according to this act, in the same manner as if so made returnable on the face thereof, and shall have full effect accordingly; and all continuances may be made to conform to the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all suits hereafter to be brought in the said District Court, not of a local nature, shall be brought where suits herein a court of the division of the district where the defendant resides; brought in said but if there be more than one defendant, and they reside in different District Court.

divisions.

1845, ch. 76.

1846, ch. 109.

Northern di-

1846, ch. 109. Middle division.

Southern divi-

Proviso as to

Venue.

Cases now pending in District Court of Iowa to be tried

How and divisions of the district, the plaintiff may sue in either division, and send duplicate writ or writs to the other defendants; on which the plaintiff or his attorney shall endorse that the writ thus sent is a copy of a writ sued out of a court of the proper division of the said district; and the said writs, when executed and returned into the office from which they issued, shall constitute one suit, and be proceeded in accordingly.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the clerk of the District Court for the district of Iowa to appoint a deputy at each of the places prescribed for holding terms of the said court, who, in his absence, may exercise all the official powers of the said clerk, at the place and within the division of the said district for which he may have been appointed. And such deputy, before he enters on the discharge of his duties, shall take the usual oath for the faithful performance of his duties as such deputy. And nothing herein contained shall be held to excuse or release the said clerk from legal responsibility for acts performed by his said deputy, in behalf of said clerk in the office aforesaid.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the district attorney and shal and district marshal of the district of Iowa shall, respectively, perform the duties of district attorney and marshal of and for the northern, middle, and southern divisions of the district of Iowa, as established by this act; and the said marshal shall keep an office at each of the places where the sessions of the said District Court are directed to be held, and his charges for mileage, in the execution of the duties of his office within the said district, shall be computed from the city of Iowa.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the ordinary District jurisdiction and powers of a District Court of the United States, with which the District Court of Iowa has been invested, it be, and is hereby, invested, within the limits of said district, with the exercise of concurrent jurisdiction and power in all civil cases now exercised by the Circuit Courts of the United States; and that in all cases where said court shall exercise such jurisdiction, writs of error and appeals shall be allowed and taken from the judgment, orders, or decrees of said court to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner and upon the same conditions as appeals may be taken from the Circuit Courts.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXXV. — An Act to transfer the Tonons of Vinal Haven, North Haven, and Islesboro', from the Collection District of Penobscot to that of Belfast, in the State of Maine.

Towns of VinalHaven,North Haven, and Islesboro', to constitute a portion of the collection district of Belfast.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the towns of Vinal Haven, North Haven, and Islesboro', in the State of Maine, now included in the collection district of Penobscot, shall hereafter be included in and constitute a part of the collection district of Belfast. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849. CHAP. CXXVI. - An Act to provide for the Settlement of the Accounts of public Officers and others who may have received Moneys arising from military Contri-1852, ch. 110, § 7 butions, or otherwise, in Mexico. 1853, ch. 98, § 5.

Bc it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the How moneys raised by contri-United States of America in Congress assembled, That all moneys bution in Mexico shall be charged raised in Mexico by contributions, or otherwise, and received by any

Clerk of District Court authorized to appoint a deputy for each division, àс.

Duties of marattorney.

Jurisdiction of said Court extended.

Writs of crror and appeals to Supreme Court.

Inconsistent acts repealed.

officer of the United States army, or navy, shall be charged against and such officer on the books of the Treasury Department, and accounted for by him in like manner as if the moneys collected and received had been drawn from the treasury of the United States; and if any part of said moneys shall have been expended for objects not usually embraced among those for which appropriations are made for that branch of the service to which the officer belongs, the sums so expected shall not be passed to the credit of the officer, except, in the case of an officer of the army, on the certificate of the Secretary of War, that the amount expended was properly disbursed, and for the public service, and, in case of any officer of the navy, on a like certificate of the Secretary of the Navy; and on the adjustment of the accounts of the officer, if any balance shall appear to remain in the hands of such officer, the same shall be paid into the treasury of the United States for general purposes. And any such officer having such balance in his hands, who, after being duly required, shall refuse or neglect to pay over the same, or who shall, after due notice, fail to settle his accounts, shall be proceeded against in the same manner as is provided for, by existing laws, in the case of disbursing officers who neglect or refuse to account for moneys drawn from the treasury of the United States. And all moneys received by any officer, either as contributions or penalties, or as internal assessments and compensations granted by the municipal authorities, as well as all sums received by any officer or agent acting as collector, shall be charged to, and accounted for, by such officer or agent, in the same manner as in other cases provided by this section.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That where an officer has had the supervision of the collection of the military contributions at any of the ports in Mexico, and has, at the same time, exercised civil functions the collection of under the temporary government there established, or where and officer or other person shall have performed the duties of collectors at such ports, such officer or person shall be allowed a compensation which shall be assimilated in amount, as nearly as may be, including the regular pay and emoluments of such officer, to that allowed by existing laws to officers of the customs in the United States where the services are similar in amount and importance; such allowance, in all cases, to be determined by the President of the United States. And all officers of the army and other persons in public employment, who nave received payment for their services in collecting, keeping, or accounting for said moneys, and for other necessary services, are authorized to retain so much of the amounts so received as, in the opinion of the President of the United States, may be a fair compensation for said services.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That where questions arise in respect to the refunding of duties collected in Mexico, or the remis- regard to refundsion of penalties imposed, on the ground that the collection was im- remission of penproper, or the penalties wrongfully enforced, the same shall be referred alties, how to be for the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury, who is hereby authorized and required to pay, under the direction of the President of the United States, out of the money in the treasury raised from contributions, such sums as may be determined by him to have been improperly levied or imposed as contributions, assessments, or penalties.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That where accounts are rendered for expenditures, under the approval and sanction of the proper dered for expenofficers, and which may appear to have been proper and necessary, but "be paid. cannot be settled for the want of appropriations applicable to the objects to which they relate, the same may be paid out of the contribution fund, on the approval of the head of the department having charge of that branch of business to which the expenditure appertains.

accounted

Officers refusing or neglecting to account for and pay over the balances in their hands to be proceeded against.

Provision for compensation of officers who had such contributions. &c.

Questions in ing of duties, or referred and decided.

Accounts renditures, how to

Expenditures for secret services.

1798, ch. 17.

Disbursements by pursers of the navy.

Post, p. 419.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That where expenditures have been made, in the course of the war with Mexico, by the commanding generals, or under their directions, for secret services, the accounts therefor shall be adjusted and settled in the same manner as is provided for the settlement of accounts for expenses of intercourse between the United States and foreign nations, under the act entitled "An Act providing the means of intercourse between the United States and foreign nations," passed March nineteenth, seventeen hundred and ninety-eight.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That where pursers of the navy, acting under the instructions of their commanding naval officers, have made disbursements for hostile operations against the enemy on land, and which operations have been approved by the government, such pursers shall, under the direction of the President of the United States, be credited for the amounts thus necessarily disbursed; and such parts thereof as shall have been received by officers of the army shall be charged to and accounted for by them respectively.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849. CHAP. CXXVII. - An Act declaring Fort Conington, in the State of New York, to be a Port of Delivery, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Fort Coving-ton, New York, made a port of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the town of Fort Covington, in the State of New York, shall be a port of delivery, and shall be subject to the same regulations as other ports of delivery in the United States. Deputy collec-tor for Chesa-peake city, Md.,

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to appoint a deputy collector to reside at Chesapeake city, in the State of Maryland, to grant enrolments and licenses to vessels: Provided, That the compensation of the said deputy collector shall be the usual fees of office, and nothing more.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

to be appointed.

Ante, p. 410.

delivery.

CHAP. CXXIX. - An Act to provide for the Payment of Horses and other Property lost or destroyed in the Military Service of the United States.

Payment for horses, and other property lost or destroyed in the military service of the United States provided for.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any field, or staff, or other officer, mounted militia-man, volunteer, ranger, or cavalry, engaged in the military service of the United States since the eighteenth of June, eighteen hundred and twelve, or who shall hereafter be in said service, and has sustained, or shall sustain, damage without any fault or negligence on his part, while in said service, by the loss of a horse in battle, or by the loss of a horse wounded in battle, and which has died or shall die of said wound, or, being so wounded, shall be abandoned by order of his officer and lost, or shall sustain damage by the loss of any horse by death or abandonment because of the unavoidable dangers of the sea when on board an United States transport vessel, or because the United States failed to supply transportation for the horse, and the owner was compelled by the order of his commanding officer to embark and leave him, or in consequence of the United States failing to supply sufficient forage, or because the rider was dismounted and separated from his horse and ordered to do duty on foot at a station detached from his horse, or when the officer in the immediate command ordered, or shall order, the horse turned out to graze in the woods, prairies, or commons, because the United States failed, or shall fail, to supply

sufficient forage, and the loss was or shall be consequent thereof, or for the loss of necessary equipage, in consequence of the loss of his horse. as aforesaid, shall be allowed and paid the value thereof, not to exceed two hundred dollars: Provided, That if any payment has been, or shall be, made to any one aforesaid, for the use and risk, or for forage after the death, loss, or abandonment of his horse, said payment shall be deducted from the value thereof, unless he satisfied, or shall satisfy the paymaster at the time he made, or shall make, the payment, or thereafter show, by proof, that he was remounted, in which case the deduction shall only extend to the time he was on foot: And provided, also, If any payment shall have been, or shall hereafter be, made to any person above mentioned, on account of clothing to which he was not entitled by law, such payment shall be deducted from the value of his horse or accoutrements.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any person who has sustained, or shall sustain, damage by the capture or destruction by an enemy, or by the abandonment or destruction by the order of the commanding gons, carts, &c. general, the commanding officer, or quartermaster of any horse, mule, ox, wagon, cart, boat, sleigh, or harness, while such property was in the military service of the United States, either by impressment or contract, except in cases where the risk to which the property would be exposed was agreed to be incurred by the owner; and any person who has sustained, or shall sustain, damage by the death or abandonment and loss of any such horse, mule, or ox, while in the service aforesaid, in consequence of the failure on the part of the United States to furnish the same with sufficient forage, and any person who has lost, or shall lose, or has had, or shall have, destroyed by unavoidable accident, any horse, mule, ox, wagon, cart, boat, sleigh, or harness, while such property was in the service aforesaid, shall be allowed and paid the value thereof at the time he entered the service: Provided, It shall appear that such loss, capture, abandonment, destruction, or death, was without any fault or negligence on the part of the owner of the property, and while it was actually employed in the service of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the claims provided for under this act shall be adjusted by the Third Auditor, under such rules as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War, under the direction or ed by Third Auwith the assent of the President of the United States, as well in regard to the receipt of applications of claimants as the species and degree of evidence, the manner in which such evidence shall be taken and authenticated, which rules shall be such as in the opinion of the President shall be best calculated to obtain the object of this act, paying a due regard as well to the claims of individuals' justice as to the interest of the United States; which rules and regulations shall be published for four weeks in such newspapers, in which the laws of the United States are published, as the Secretary of War shall direct.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in all adjudications of said Auditor upon the claims above mentioned, whether such judgments be in favor of or adverse to the claim, shall be entered in a book provided by him for that purpose, and under his direction; and when such judgments shall be in favor of such claim, the claimant or his legal repre- at the Treasury sentative shall be entitled to the amount thereof, upon the production upon his certifiof a copy thereof, certified by said Auditor, at the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That in all instances where any minor has been, or shall be, engaged in the military service of the guardians to be United States, and was, or shall be, provided with a horse or equip-horses, &c., pro-ments, or with military accoutrement by his parent or guardian, and vided for minors. has died, or shall die, without paying for said property, and the same

Proviso.

Proviso.

Payment provided for horses, mules, oxen, wacaptured or destroyed by the enemy.

Proviso.

Claims provid ed for under this act, to be adjustditor of Treasury. of the

Adjudications upon claims to be recorded by Third Auditor, and when favorcate.

Parents or has been, or shall be, lost, captured, destroyed, or abandoned in the manner before mentioned, said parent or guardian shall be allowed pay therefor, on making satisfactory proof, as in other cases, and the further proof that he is entitled thereto by having furnished the same.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, 'That in all instances where any person other than a minor has been, or shall be, engaged in the military service aforesaid, and has been, or shall be, provided with a horse or equipment, or with military accoutrements by any person, the owner thereof, who has risqued, or shall take the risque of such horse, equipments, or military accoutrements on himself, and the same has been, or shall be, lost, captured, destroyed, or abandoned in the manner before mentioned, such owner shall be allowed pay therefor, on making satisfactory proof, as in other cases, and the further proof that he is entitled thereto, by having furnished the same, and having taken the risque on himself.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where horses have been condemned by a board of officers, on account of their unfitness for service, in consequence of the government failing to supply forage, all such horses and their equipage shall be allowed and paid for, whenever the facts shall be proven, by legal and satisfactory evidence, whether oral or written, that such condemned horse and the equipage was turned over to a quartermaster of the army, whether any receipt therefor was given and produced or not.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXIX. — An Act for the Relief of James Norris, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Name of James Norris to be placed on the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of James invalid pension Norris, of Sandwich, in the State of New Hampshire, on the roll of roll. Norris, of Sandwich, in the State of New Hampshire, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and pay him a pension at such rate per year as is provided by law for the total disability of an of an assistant surgeon in

ural life.

Appropriation for the government of Territory of Minnesota, viz. :

Salaries of governor and other officers.

Contingencies.

Pay and mileage of members of legislature, officers, and attendants, and other incidental expenses. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be, and hereby are, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated the following sums, for the government of the Territory of Minnesota:

the navy of the United States, to commence on on the first day of July, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and continue during his nat-

For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, pay of officers and attendants, printing, stationery, fuel, and other incidental expenses, thirteen thousand seven hundred dollars. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

When persons other than minors have been provided with horses, &c., the owners to be paid.

Horses condemned as unfit for service, in consequence of want of forage, to be paid for.

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] - A Resolution for the Appointment of Regents in the Smithsonian Dec. 19, 1848. Institution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancies in the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class "other than members of Congress," be filled by the reappointment of how to be filled. the late incumbents, viz., Rufus Choate, of Massachusetts, and Gideon Hawley, of New York.

APPROVED, December 19, 1848.

[No. 2.] — A. Resolution relating to the Compensation of Persons appointed to January 6, 1849. deliver the Votes for President and Vice-President of the United States to the President of the Senate.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of an act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of government for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and for other purposes," as limiting the com-relates to the compensation to be allowed as a second relates to the compensation to be allowed persons appointed by the electors of any State to deliver to the President of the Senate a list of the votes for President and Vice-President, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and that the messengers appointed under the operation of the clause hereby repealed, who bore, or may hereafter deliver, the

votes cast in the presidential election of eighteen hundred and fortyeight, shall be entitled to demand and receive the same amount that they would have been entitled to had the act approved August twelfth, of compensation one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, not passed.

APPROVED, January 6, 1849.

[No. 10.] - Joint Resolution for the Distribution of the Official Register, or Blue March 2, 1849. Book, among the several States.

Whereas a number of copies of the Official Register, or Blue Book, are now deposited in the office of the Secretary of State, subject to the order of Congress; therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a full set of one for each year, or so far as is practicable, be furnished to each of the State libraries; and where there are no State libraries, to be deposited in the among the sevoffice of the Secretary of State, and that the Secretary of State be eral states. requested to have the same transmitted to them,

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

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The present vacancies in board of regents,

Proviso in general appropriation act of 12th persons bringing on the votes for President and Vice-President repealed.

1848, ch. 166.

Original rate

Surplus copies of the Blue Book to be distributed -Aarch 2, 1849.

"wo copies adional of vols.

of the Exploring Expe-

w., and vii. of the

dition to be de-livered to the

government of Russia.

One complete copy of said works to be presaid

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[No. 11.] - Joint Resolution directing that the Government of Russia be supplied with certain Volumes of the Narrative of the Exploring Expedition, in lieu of those which were lost at Sea, and for other Purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the librarian of Congress be, and is hereby, directed to procure and deliver to the Secretary of State two copies of volumes six and seven of the Narrative of the Exploring Expedition under Captain Wilkes; and the Secretary of State is hereby directed to deliver them to the government of Russia, in lieu of those heretofore delivered, which were lost at sea on their passage to Russia; and that the cost of the same be paid out of the funds heretofore appropriated to the publication of the works of the Exploring Expedition.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That the librarian of Congress deliver one copy of the works of the Exploring Expedition, as they shall be completed, to the Secretary of State, to be presented by him to the government of Ecuador.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849.

[No. 12.] - A Resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to furnish Arms and Ammunition to Persons emigrating to the Territories of Oregon, California, and New Mexico.

The Secretary of War to furnish arms and ammunition to emigrants to Cali-fornia.

Provisoes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized, at his discretion, and having due regard to the necessities of the public service, to furnish to such persons as may apply for the same, and who design to emigrate to the Territories either of Oregon, California, or New Mexico, such arms and ammunition, from the army stores, as they may require to arm them-selves for such expedition: *Provided*, That the arms and ammunition so furnished shall not exceed a supply sufficient to arm and equip each person of such expedition: And provided further, That before the same are delivered, the actual cost to the government of such arms and ammunition shall first be paid to the United States; and that the Secretary of War shall be satisfied that the persons so applying really and bona fide design them for the use aforesaid.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

[No. 14.] - Joint Resolution relative to Evidence in Applications for Pensions by Widows of deceased Soldiers, under the Act of July twenty-first, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

What shall be considered satisfactory evidence in applications by certain wid-ows for pensions. 1848, ch. 108.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all applications for pensions by the widows of deceased soldiers, under the act of July twenty-first, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, the returns on the rolls of the disease of which the soldier died, and the official opinion of the Surgeon-General founded thereon, that from the nature of the disease it was contracted while the soldier was in the line of his duty, shall be considered satisfactory evidence thereof, without the proof now required at the Pension Office; and that it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of Pensions, in all cases of application for pensions under said act, to apply to the proper officers for said evidence, without requiring the applicant to furnish the same.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

[No. 15. - Joint Resolution granting to the Secretary of the Treasury further March 3, 1849. Time to make the Report concerning the Sale and Entry of certain Lands in . Cincinnati.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the granted to Secre-Treasury have until the next session of Congress to make the report required of him by the joint resolution to prohibit the sale at private concerning sales entry of certain lands in Cincinnati, Ohio, approved March third. one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

[No. 16.] - Joint Resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Senate and Clerk of the House of Representatives to subscribe for a thousand Copies of a further Publication of the Debates and Proceedings of Congress, and for other Purposes.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives are hereby authorized to subscribe, under the direction of the Joint Library Committee, on behalf of Congress, for one thousand copies of the debates and proceedings of Congress, from the termination of the first Congress, where the present publication stops, until the end of the fourth Congress, the bates, &c., from same having been compiled and ready for the press; and that the Joint 1st to 4th Con-Library Committee be directed to examine any further compilation of such debates and proceedings from the end of the fourth Congress until the commencement of the Register of Debates, already published, from eighteen hundred and twenty-four; and that such committee report, from time to time, upon the propriety of subscribing for such making a further continuation; and that one copy of such debates and proceedings be furnished each member of the present Congress, and the residue be deposited in the library of Congress, subject to the further order of Congress.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the Treasury are authorized and directed to credit pursers of the navy with payments made by them for carrying on hostilities against Mexico, during the late war with that republic, whether the expenditures were made on land or water: *Provided*, That said payment shall have been made under orders of the naval officer in command, and approved by the Secretary of the Navy: And provided, That satisfactory vouchers are produced to establish such payments.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That every disbursement of public moneys, or disposal of public stores, made by order of any commanding officer of the navy, which shall be objected to by the accounting officers of the treasury in the settlement of the accounts of any disbursing officer shall, nevertheless, be allowed to such disbursing officer, and the commanding officer, by whose order such disbursement or disposal was made, shall be held accountable for the same : Provided, That satisfactory evidence of such order, and of the payment of public moneys or disposal of public stores, under the same, shall be produced.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

Further time to make report of lands at Cincinnati.

Ante. p. 208.

March 3, 1849.

Subscription on the part of the Senate and House of Representatives for 1000 copies of Journal of Degress, ized. author-

Joint Committee on the Library to report on the propriety of subscription for continuation of said Debates,&c.

March 3, 1849.

Accounting officers to credit pursers for certain payments made during the Mexican war.

Ante, p. 414. Provisoes.

Disbursements made by order of commanding officers of the navy to be allowed and credited.

Proviso.

[[]No. 17.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of Pursers in the Navy, as to Expenditures made in Pursuance of Orders during the War with Mexico, and for other Purposes.

March 3, 1849.

[No. 18.] - A Resolution to fix the Meaning of the Second Section of an Act for changing the Location of the Land Office in the Chippewa Land District, and establishing an additional Land District in the State of Wisconsin.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the word "Territory," in the second section of the act entitled "An Act for changing the lo-The word "Ter-ritory," in the act herein refercation of the land office in the Chippewa land district, and establishing red to, to be construed so as to mean "State." an additional land district in the State of Wisconsin," approved at the present session of Congress, be construed to be and mean "State."

1849, ch. 84.

March 3, 1849.

[No. 19.] - Joint Resolution for the Purchase of Copies of the General Navy Register and Laws.

Purchase of a sufficient num-ber of the General Navy Register authorized.

cost.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That that the Secretary of the Navy be instructed to purchase and pay, out of the contingent fund of his department, for a sufficient number of copies of Mechlin and Winder's General Navy Register and Laws, to supply one copy to each commissioned officer now in the naval service; and that the work Proviso as to be distributed to such officers: Provided, however, That the cost shall not exceed three dollars per copy.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

How accounts for the printing of Congress shall be audited and passed upon.

Proviso.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate, and the Clerk of the House, and the Clerk of the Joint Committee on Printing, jointly be, and they hereby are, authorized and empowered to examine, audit, and pass upon all accounts for printing, to make a pro rata reduction in the compensation allowed, or to refuse the work altogether, should it be inferior to the standard, and in all things to possess the same power over the public printing as is conferred upon the Joint Committee on Printing by the joint resolution approved August 3, 1846: Provided, That the authority hereby conferred shall only be exercised during the next recess of Congress, and shall cease at the commencement of the next session of Congress. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

[No. 20.] - A Resolution relative to the Public Printing.

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.PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the first Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 3rd day of December, 1849, and ended Monday, the 30th day of September. 1850.

ZACHARY TAYLOR, President until his death, July 9, 1850; MILLARD FILLMORE, President after July 9, 1850; MILLARD FILLMORE, Vice-President, until July 9, 1850; WILLIAM R. KING, President of the Senate on and after July 11, 1850; Howell Cobb, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. I. — An Act to extend the Privilege of franking Letters and Packages to Jan. 10, 1850. Sarah Polk.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Franking priv-United States of America in Congress assembled, That all letters and hege granted to packages to and from Sarah Polk, relict of the late James K. Polk, ict of the late shall be received and conveyed by post, free of postage, for and during James K. Polk. her life.

APPROVED, January 10, 1850.

CHAP. III. — An Act further to extend the Time for locating Virginia Military Land Warrants, and returning Surveys thereon to the General Land Office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act further to extend the time for locating Virginia military land warrants, and returning surveys thereon to the General Land Office," military la approved July fifth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and as to all warrants issued prior to the tenth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty, and no others, be, and the same is hereby, revived and continued in force until the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-two.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the same right and privilege is hereby also extended for the same time to all such warrants as have issued subsequent to said tenth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty: Provided, That before the location thereof, it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, that such warrant was issued justly and legally, and that the person who received said warrant was legally entitled to the same.

APPROVED, February 20, 1850.

Feb. 20, 1850.

1852, ch. 114.

Time extended for locating cer-tain Virginia military land

1848, ch. 93.

Proviso.

(421)

1852, ch. 53. Vol. x. p. 146. Commissioner

pointed.

Oath.

Commissioner authorized make rules and regulations.

Department of records, &c., to er.

Commissioner to organize the commission, exconfided to him, newspapers, of his appointment decide claims.

Moneys paya-ble from Brazilian government to be received by Sccretary of the Treasury, and appropriated to

On the termination of the commission, я list of the awards the Secretary of State, &c.

March 29, 1850. CHAP. VI. - An Act to carry into Effect the Convention between the United States and the Emperar of Brazil, of the twenty-seventh day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the o be appointed. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint one commissioner, whose duty it shall be to receive, examine, and decide upon all such claims as may be presented to him. and provided for by the convention between the United States and the Emperor of Brazil, concluded at Rio Janeiro, the twenty-seventh day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, according to the merits of the several cases, and the principles of justice and equity, the law of nations, and the stipulations of the said convention. And there shall also be appointed by the President, by and Clerk to be ap- with the advice and consent of the Senate, a clerk to act under the commissioner in the performance of the duties prescribed by this act.

> And the commissioner and clerk shall, before entering on their offices, severally take an oath well and faithfully to perform the duties thereof. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioner shall to be, and he is hereby, authorized to make all needful rules and regulations, not contravening the laws of the land, or the provisions of the

said convention, or this act for carrying the said commission into effect. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That all records, documents, or State to deliver other papers which now are in, or hereafter, during the continuance the commission of this commission, may come into, the possession of the Department of State, in relation to the said claims, shall be delivered to the commissioner aforesaid.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the commissioner to be appointed under this act shall, forthwith after his appointment, attend countering and the city of Washington, and organize the commission, and proceed to execute the duties hereby confided to him, and shall give notice in and make publi-cation, in Wash- one or more newspapers published in the city of Washington, and in ington and other such other newspapers published elsewhere as he may deem necessary, of his appointment to examine and decide the said claims, and requirto examine and ing the claimants to produce their claims and evidence; and when the said said claims are presented, he shall proceed with all convenient despatch to consider the same, and the evidence relating thereto, allowing time for the production of additional evidence as he shall consider reasonable and just; and thereafter shall decide the same, and award the ratable proportions of the several claimants in the sums of money and interest to be received under the stipulations of the convention aforesaid; and within one year from the time of the attendance of the said commissioner in the city of Washington, and organizing the commis-

sion, he shall complete and terminate the duties of the said commission. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause the moneys and interest thereon, payable to the United States in pursuance of the said convention, to be duly received from the imperial government of Brazil, and transferred to the United States in such manner as he may deem most advantageous and best, pay the awards and the net proceeds thereof to be deposited in the Treasury, and to claimants. the same are hereby appropriated to pay the awards in favor of the claimants herein provided for.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That on the termination of the commission, the commissioner shall report to the Secretary of State a list of the awards made by him, a certified copy of which shall be to be reported to transmitted by the Secretary of State to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall, from time to time, as they may be received, distribute in rateable proportion among the persons in whose favor the awards shall have been made, all sums of money received into the treasury of the

United States, in virtue of the said convention and this act, according to the proportion which the respective awards bear to the whole amount How distributed. received, first deducting such sums of money as may be due to the United States from persons in whose favor the awards shall be made. And the said Secretary of the Treasury shall cause certificates to be issued in such form as he shall prescribe, showing the proportion to be issued. which each claimant may be entitled of the amount to be received, and on the presentation of the said certificates at the treasury, as the net proceeds of the sums to be received under the convention and this act may be received, the proportions thereof shall be paid to the legal holders of the said certificates.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the compensation of the commissioner and clerk shall be as follows: To the commissioner at commissioner and clerk shall be as follows: To the commissioner at e^{rs} the rate of three thousand dollars per annum; and to the clerk at the $g_{3,000}$; rate of two thousand dollars per annum, to commence from the time \$2,000. of the attendance of the commissioner in the city of Washington, and the organizing of the commission, and to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; and the President of, the thorized to make United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to make such pro- provision for the vision for the contingent expenses of the commission as he may deem contingent proper.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That so soon as the commission shall be executed and completed, the records, documents, and all other to be returned to Department of papers relating to the claims in the possession of the commissioner or State. clerk, shall be deposited in the office of the Secretary of State.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That this act shall continue in force one year, and no longer.

APPROVED, March 29, 1850.

CHAP. X. — An Act to supply Deficiencies in the Appropriations for the Service of the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and . fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following ficiencies sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated to supply deficiencies 1850. in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending the 30th of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely :

Treasury Department. -

In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For salary of the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, from the retary of Treasury. twelfth of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, and for the clerk in aid of said retary Assistant Secretary from the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, six thousand one hundred and seventy-eight dollars and sixty-one cents.

In the office of the Commissioner of Customs.

For salary of the Commissioner of Customs, from the seventeenth of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum, three thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For salary of chief clerk in the office of the Commissioner of Customs, from the first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, at the rate of one thousand seven hundred dollars per annum, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of five additional clerks in the office of the Commis- al clerks

Certificates to

Commissionsalary, clerk,

President auexof the commission.

Records, etc.,

To continue one year

May 15, 1850.

To supply defor

Office of Secthe Assistant Sec-Clerk.

Commissioner of Customs.

Chief clerk.

Five addition-

sioner of Customs from the first of October, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Commissioner of Customs, one thousand dollars.

In the office of the First Comptroller.

For salary of one messenger in the office of the First Comptroller. from the first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, seven hundred dollars.

In the Register's office.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Register of the Treas-J. C. McGuire. ury, being an amount due to J. C. McGuire, for printing, ruling, and binding books and abstracts for statements of the commerce and navigation, blank enrolments and licenses, ledgers, and other books, under the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, in relation to the advances to collectors and receivers of public moneys, and the settlement incident thereto, and for desks and other furniture, three thousand five hundred and forty-six dollars and twenty-five cents.

In the office of the Second Auditor.

For amount required to meet outstanding claims for contingent expenses incurred in eighteen hundred and forty-eight, by the Second Auditor of the Treasury in fitting up his office, one thousand six hundred and ninety-five dollars and eighty-five cents.

For deficiency of appropriation for the contingent expenses of the ecutive building, south-east executive building for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, three thousand four hundred and seventy-four dollars and ninety cents.

For deficiency in the appropriation for the contingent expenses ecutive building, of the south-east executive building for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, five thousand four hundred and fifty-eight dollars and forty-four cents.

For deficiency in the appropriation for the contingent expenses of the south-east executive building for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, seven thousand one hundred and seventy-eight dollars.

Department of the Interior. ----

In the office of the Secretary of the Interior.

For salary of the Secretary of the Interior from the ninth of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, at the rate of six thousand dollars per annum, seven thousand nine hundred dollars.

For salaries of the chief clerk and other clerks in the office of the Secretary of the Interior, from the ninth of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, four-

teen thousand five hundred and sixty-eight dollars and thirty-two cents: Proviso as to Provided, That thereafter the clerks shall be transferred from the of other Departments in proportion to the business transferred to the Department of the Interior, or from the bureaus of either Departments, and nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize any increase of clerical force in the several Departments in consequence of the creation of the Department of the Interior, above the specification of the law of March third, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

For salary of messenger and laborer in the office of the Secretary of the Interior to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fortynine, two hundred and sixty-nine dollars and thirty-six cents.

For salaries of messengers and laborers in the office of the Secretary of the Interior from the first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, two thousand dollars.

Contingencies.

First Comptroller's office. Messenger.

Register's office. Contingencies.

Second Auditor's office. Outstanding claims.

South-east ex-

South-east ex-

South-east executive building, 1850

Department of the Interior.

Secretary.

clerk Chief and other officers.

transfer clerks.

1849, ch. 108. Messengers, &c.

For books, stationery, furniture, fuel, and other contingencies of the office of the Secretary of the Interior for the fiscal year year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, five thousand dollars.

For library, maps, &c., for the office of the Secretary of the Interior for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, five hundred dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Pensions.

For compensation to temporary clerks employed in the office of the Commissioner of Pensions, from the first of July, eighteen hundred and clerks. forty-nine, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, six thousand five hundred and twenty-nine dollars and seventy-eight cents.

For compensation of nine extra clerks, employed under the act of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, during the session of Con- clerks in Third gress, in the Third Auditor's office, and for contingencies incident thereto, five thousand dollars.

For deficiency in the appropriation for the contingent expenses of the office of the First Auditor of the Treasury, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty, six hundred and fifty of the Treasury. dollars.

War Department. ---

In the office of the Surgeon-General.

For arrearages in the office of the Surgeon-General for furniture, two hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For expenses of military reconnoissance in Texas, including exami- Reconnoissance nation of a new route from San Antonio, Texas, to El Paso, in New of route from New New Mexico, made in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, Mexico. three thousand nine hundred and sixty-seven dollars and seventeen cents.

Post-Office Department. — For compensation to temporary clerks employed upon the current business of the Post-Office Department, clerks. for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, eleven thousand nine hundred and seventy-two dollars and eightytwo cents.

Territorial Government. - For contingent expenses of the Territory of Minnesota, six hundred and fifty dollars; and for deficiencies tingencies, in the appropriation for the salaries of the Governor, three Judges, salaries of offiand Secretary of the said Territory, for the present fiscal year, three cers. thousand two hundred and nine dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For a deficiency in the last appropriation to defray the expenses of the government of the Territory of Minnesota, nine thousand six hun- plied. dred and forty-five dollars and sixteen cents, the accounts for which shall, before payment, be audited and settled by the proper accounting officers of the treasury.

Intercourse with Foreign Nations. - For outfit of the minister resident at Constantinople, six thousand dollars.

For outfit of a charge d'affairs to Naples, four thousand five hun- constantinople. dred dollars.

For one year's salary of a secretary of legation to Chili, two thousand dollars.

For outfit of the minister to Prussia, nine thousand dollars.

For outfit of charge d'affairs to Austria, four thousand five hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous. — For the expenses of pauper lunatics in the Mary- Pauper lunatics. land Hospital at Baltimore, one thousand three hundred and twentyeight dollars.

For fifteen days' services of Joseph Bryan, as commissioner to take testimony in pursuance of an inquiry by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, at eight dollars per day, one hundred and twenty dollars.

Contingencies.

Library, &c.

Pension office. Temporary

Nine extra Auditor's office, 1842, ch. 202.

Contingencies.

First Auditor

War Department.

Surgeon-General.

Post-Office. Temporary

Territories. Minnesota conand

Deficiency sup-

Foreign Intercourse. Minister яt

Chargé to Na-

Secretary of legation to Chili. Minister to

Prussia. Charge to Austria.

Joseph Bryan.

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Custom-house at New Orleans.

1849. ch. 100.

Custom-house at Eastport, Me.

Custom-house Mass.

Patent Office.

Running boundary line be-tween United ico Proviso as to salaries.

Proviso.

Western coast survey.

Protection of American men. Contingent expenses.

Seminole Indians.

Deficiency in pensions.

Pavement of the avenue around the Capitol grounds.

Mint of the United States at Philadelphia.

Repairs at mint.

Provisions for the navy.

Two additional clerks in Post-Office Department.

Norfolk navy yard.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house at New Orleans, during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, in addition to the sum appropriated by the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, one hundred thousand dollars.

To complete the erection of a custom-house at Eastport, Maine, and for compensation of architect, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, thirteen thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars.

For repairs of the custom-house at New Bedford, Massachusetts, for at New Bedford, the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, eight hundred and forty-five dollars.

Towards the completion of the east wing of the Patent Office building, according to the original plan, and placing the west wing in a state of security, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, ninety thousand dollars, to be paid out of the patent fund.

For expenses of running and marking the boundary line between the United States and Mexico, and paying the salaries of the officers and States and Mex. men of the commission, fifty thousand dollars: Provided, There shall be allowed and paid to the commissioner, surveyor, and astronomer, appointed or to be appointed for the purpose aforesaid, each a salary at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum, and that if the duties of either have been or shall be performed by an officer of the army, his pay during the time of such employment shall be increased to that sum : And provided, further, That the appointments aforesaid shall terminate and cease at the expiration of three years from the first day of January, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

> To provide for unforeseen expenses in the survey of the western coast of the United States, already commenced, fifteen thousand dollars.

For relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, sea- twenty-five thousand dollars.

In aid of the appropriation heretofore made for the contingent expenses of the treasury office, eight hundred dollars.

To provide for the removal and subsistence of the Seminole Indians, now in Florida, west of the Mississippi, two hundred thousand dollars.

For deficiency in the appropriation for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, five hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For continuing the pavement of the avenue around the Capitol grounds, sixteen thousand five hundred dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioner of Public Buildings, on whose application to the Secretary of War an officer of the engineers or other corps of the army may be detailed to supervise the work.

For deficiency in the appropriation for the mint of the United States at Philadelphia, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, twelve thousand dollars.

For supplying new boilers to the engines, lengthening chimney, and for other alterations and improvements in the mint of the United States at Philadelphia, twenty thousand eight hundred dollars.

Additional sum required to supply a deficiency in the appropriation for provisions for the navy, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, seventy thousand dollars.

For the pay of two additional clerks in the Auditor's office of the Post-Office Department, from the first of January to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty, one thousand dollars.

To supply the deficiency in former appropriation for storehouse number nineteen, and gateway, wall across timber dock, digging out timber dock, and for repairs at the Norfolk navy yard, sixty thousand dollars.

For deficiency in the appropriation for the present fiscal year for lighting the Capitol and Capitol grounds, Pennsylvania Avenue, and the President's house, six thousand dollars.

For the management of Indian affairs in Oregon Territory, to be expended under the direction of the President, ten thousand dollars, to supply the deficiency in the appropriation made by the law of fourteenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives for printing, binding, and en- penses of the House of Repregraving, and other miscellaneous expenses for the present fiscal year, sentatives. one hundred and twenty-nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for one thousand sets of the continuation of the Statutes at Large, printed by Large. Little & Brown, pursuant to the order of the House of Representatives, two thousand five hundred and twenty-one dollars.

For repairing the United States steamers Jefferson, Hetzel, and Legare, employed in the coast survey, under the direction of the Secretary tain U. States steamers. of the Treasury, twenty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Senate, two hundred and thirteen thousand dollars.

For deficiencies in the appropriations for the branch mint at New Orleans, the present fiscal year, fifteen thousand dollars.

For supplying deficiencies in appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fortynine, in pursuance of the letter of the Secretary of the Navy of December twenty-four, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, seven hundred and forty-seven thousand five hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty cents.

For the compensation of two watchmen to be employed in preserving the public grounds about the Capitol, at the rate of three hundred about the Capiand sixty-five dollars per annum each, seven hundred and thirty dollars.

For the removal of the public greenhouse, and the botanical collection thereat, to some suitable site on the public grounds, and for the public house, etc. erection of such other greenhouse as may be deemed necessary by the Joint Committee on the Library, five thousand dollars, to be expended by the direction of the said Joint Committee, and under the supervision of the Commissioner of Public Buildings.

For continuing the improvement of the grounds south of the President's house, and as incidentally necessary thereto, towards the con- of grounds south of the Presistruction of a culvert on Seventeenth Street, leading from the grounds dent's attached to the Navy Department building to the Washington Canal, and construction of culvert. ten thousand dollars.

For completing the improvement of Indiana Avenue in the city of Indiana Avenue. Washington, from the City Hall to the Capitol Hill, seven thousand dollars, to be expended under the control of the Commissioner of Public Buildings.

For continuing the improvement of the public grounds west of Sev- Public grounds. enth Street, designated as the mall, five thousand dollars.

For enclosing with a substantial wooden fence, grading, and planting with trees, the low grounds on the canal, between Third and Sixth grading, Streets, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be, Twentyand he is hereby, authorized to employ twenty-two additional clerks and one watchin the Post-Office Department, viz.: seven clerks each at an annual man, in Post-Ofsalary of fourteen hundred dollars, eight clerks each at an annual salary fice Department. of twelve hundred dollars, and seven clerks each at an annual salary of one thousand dollars, and one additional watchman at a salary of three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the salaries provided for in the second section of this act, and payable for the remainder of the paid out of any

Lighting the Capitol and Capitol grounds, etc.

Indian affairs in Oregon.

1848, ch. 177.

Contingent ex-

Statutes at

Repairs of cer-

Contingent expenses the of Senate.

Branch mint at New Orleans.

Naval service.

Two watchmen

Removal of green-

Improvement Presihouse.

Enclosing, and lanting certain low grounds. Twenty-two adclerks.

Salaries to be

monev treasury not otherwise appropriated.

in the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty, and for the whole year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty-one. shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, May 15, 1850.

May 23, 1850.

1850, ch. 43.

Marshals

take a census.

to

CHAP. XI. — An Act providing for the taking of the seventh and subsequent Cen-suses of the United States, and to fix the Number of the Members of the House of Representatives, and provide for their future Apportionment among the several States.

I. — Of the Duties, Liabilities, and Compensation of Marshals.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the marshals of the several districts of the United States, including the District of Columbia and the Territories, are hereby required respectively to cause all the inhabitants to be enumerated, and to collect all the other statistical information within their respective districts, in the manner provided for in this act, and specified in the instructions which shall be given by the Secretary of the Interior, and in the tables annexed, and to return the same to the said Secretary on or before the first day of November next ensuing, omitting from the enumeration of the inhab-itants Indians not taxed; also, at the discretion of said Secretary, any part or all the statistics of the Territories except those of population *Provided*, however, And if the time assigned for making the return

shall prove inadequate for the Territories, the said Secretary may extend the same : Provided, further, If there be any district or Territory of the United States in which there is no marshal of the United States, the President shall appoint some suitable person to discharge the duties assigned by this act to marshals.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That each of said marshals shall, before entering upon his duties, take and subscribe the following oath, or affirmation, before any circuit or district judge of the United States, or before any judge of any State court, to wit:

, marshal of the district I, , do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will to the best of of my ability enumerate, or cause to be enumerated, all the inhabitants of said district, and will collect, or cause to be collected, the other statistical information within the same, and will faithfully perform all the duties enjoined on me by the act providing for the taking of the seventh census.

And when duly authenticated by the said judge, he shall deposite a copy thereof, so authenticated, with the said Secretary of the Interior, and no marshal shall discharge any of the duties herein required, until he has taken and subscribed this oath, and forwarded a copy as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That each marshal shall separate his district into subdivisions containing not exceeding twenty thousand persons in each, unless the limitation to that number causes inconvenient boundaries, in which case the number may be larger; and shall also estimate, from the best sources of information which he is able to obtain, the number of square miles in each subdivision, and transmit the same to the Department of the Interior : Provided, however, That in bounding such subdivisions, the limits thereof shall be known civil divisions, such as county, hundred, parish, township, town, city, ward or district lines, or highways, or natural boundaries, such as rivers, lakes, &c.

Each marshal

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That each marshal shall to appoint and appoint an assistant for each such subdivision, who is a resident

Proviso.

Further proviso.

Marshals required to swear or affirm.

Form of oath of affirmation.

Each marshal is required to separate his district into subdivisions containing not exceed-ing 20,000 persons, &c. Proviso.

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therein, to whom he shall give a commission under his hand, author- commission izing him to perform the duties herein assigned to assistants, which assistant commission shall set forth the boundaries of the subdivision, of which appointment so made, and the boundaries so specified, the marshal shall keep a true and faithful record.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That each marshal shall seasonably supply each assistant with the instructions issued by the quired to supply pepartment of the Interior, the blanks provided for the enumeration needful instrucof the population, and the collection of other statistics, and give to tions, and blanks him, from time to time, all such information and directions as may be for the prosecunecessary to enable him to discharge his duty. He shall carefully ties, &c. examine whether the return of each assistant marshal be made in conformity with the terms of this act, and, where discrepancies are detected, require the same to be corrected. He shall dispose of the two sets of the returns required from the assistant marshals as herein- ties defined. after provided for as follows: One set he shall transmit forthwith to the Secretary of the Interior; and the other copy thereof he shall transmit to the office of the Secretary of the State or Territory to which his district belongs. He shall classify and determine the rate of compensation to be paid to each assistant marshal according to the provisions of this act, subject to the final approval of the Secretary of the Interior. He shall, from time to time, make himself acquainted with the progress made by each assistant marshal in the discharge of his duties, and in case of inability or neglect arising from sickness, or otherwise, appoint a substitute.

SEC. 6, And be it further enacted, That if any marshal shall, by any arrangement or understanding whatever, secure to himself any fee, bidden to secure reward, or compensation for the appointment of an assistant, or shall compensation, in any way secure to himself any part of the compensation provided from an assistby this act for the services of assistants, or if he shall knowingly neg- ant. lect or refuse to perform the duties herein assigned to him, he shall, in any such case, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and if convicted in any such case, shall, for such offence, forfeit and pay not less than one thousand dollars.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That any marshal of the United States may, for any purposes not inconsistent with the duties appoint of the assistants herein provided for, appoint a deputy or deputies, to act in his behalf; but for all official acts of such deputy or deputies the marshal shall be responsible : Provided, however, An appointment to collect the social statistics shall not be deemed an interference with the duties of the assistants.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That whenever the population returned in any district shall exceed one million, the marshal thereof shall be entitled to receive as a compensation for all his services in executing this act, after the rate of one dollar for each thousand persons; but if the number returned shall be less than a million in any district, the marshal thereof shall be allowed for his services at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents for each thousand persons: Provided, however, That no marshal shall receive less than two hundred and fifty dollars : and when the compensation does not in the whole exceed the sum of five hundred dollars, a reasonable allowance for clerk hire shall be made, the amount whereof shall be determined by the Secretary of the Interior. And provided, further, That the marshal of any district may, at his discretion, perform the duties of an ⁵⁰. assistant in any subdivision in which he may reside; and when he shall personally perform the duties assigned by this act to assistants, he shall receive therefor the compensation allowed to assistants for like services.

an for each subdivision.

Marshals re-

Marshal's du-

Marshal forbidden to secure

Penalty.

Marshal may depu

Proviso.

Marshal's fees.

Further provi-

II. — Of Assistants, their Duties, Liabilities, and Compensation.

Assistant to be commissioned by the marshal.

Form of oath or affirmation. SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That no assistant shall be deemed qualified to enter upon his duties, until he has received from the marshal, under his hand, such a commission as is provided for in this act, and shall take and subscribe the following oath, or affirmation, which shall be thereon endorsed, to wit:

I, , an assistant to the marshal of the district of

do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will make a true and exact enumeration of all the inhabitants within the district assigned to me, and will also faithfully collect the other statistics therein, in the manner provided for in the act for taking the seventh census, and in conformity with all lawful instructions which I may receive, and will make due and correct returns thereof, as required in said act. (Signed.) Which said oath, or affirmation, may be administered by any judge of a court of record, or any justice of the peace empowered to administer oaths, and a copy thereof duly authenticated shall be forwarded to the marshal by such assistant before he proceeds to the business of the appointment.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That each assistant, when duly qualified in manner aforesaid, shall perform the service required of him, by a personal visit to each dwelling-house, and to each family, in the subdivision assigned to him, and shall ascertain, by inquiries made of some member of each family, if any one can be found capable of giving the information, but if not, then of the agent of such family, the name of each member thereof, the age and place of birth of each, and all the other particulars specified in this act, the tables thereto subjoined, and the instructions of the Secretary of the Interior; and shall also visit personally the farms, mills, shops, mines, and other places respecting which information is required, as above specified, in his district, and shall obtain all such information from the best and most reliable sources; and when, in either case, the information is obtained and entered on the tables, as obtained, till the same is complete, then such memoranda shall be immediately read to the person or persons furnishing the facts, to correct errors and supply omissions, if any shall exist.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That each assistant shall, within one month after the time specified for the completion of the enumeration, furnish the original census returns to the clerk of the county court of their respective counties, and two copies, duly compared and corrected, to the marshal of the district. He shall affix his signature to each page of the schedules before he returns them to his marshal, and, on the last page thereof, shall state the whole number of pages in each return, and certify that they were well and truly made according to the tenor of his oath of office.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That each assistant shall be allowed, as compensation for his services, after the rate of two cents for each person enumerated, and ten cents a mile for necessary travel, to be ascertained by multiplying the square root of the number of dwelling-houses in the division by the square root of the number of square miles in each division, and the product shall be taken as the number of miles travelled for all purposes in taking this census.

 SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the comfor pensation allowed for the enumeration of the inhabitants, there shall
 be paid for each farm, fully returned, ten cents; for each establishment of productive industry, fully taken and returned, fifteen cents; for the social statistics, two per cent. upon the amount allowed for the enumeration of population, and for each name of a deceased person

Duties of assistants defined.

Each assistant to furnish returns within one month after the time specified.

Assistants' compensation for enumerating inhabitants.

Additional compensation for specified duties. returned, two cents: Provided, however, That, in making returns of farms and establishments of productive industry, the instructions given by the Secretary of the Interior must be strictly observed, and no allowance shall be made for any return not authorized by such instructions, or for any returns not limited to the year next preceding the first of June next.

And be it further enacted, That any assistant who, SEC. 14. having accepted the appointment, shall, without justifiable cause, neg- ance of duties lect or refuse to perform the duties enjoined on him by this act, shall demeanor. be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, be liable to a foroath, it shall be deemed perjury; or if he shall wilfully make a false Penalties on certificate. it shall be deemed a misdaman as feiture of five hundred dollars; or if he shall wilfully make a false certificate, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and if convicted or found sistants, for false guilty of either of the last-named offences, he shall forfeit and pay not certificates. exceeding five thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than two years. And each marshal shall be alike punishable for the two lastnamed offences when committed by him.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That each and every free person more than twenty years of age, belonging to any family residing in ing to give inany subdivision, and in case of the absence of the heads and other ject to a forfeit members of any such family, then any agent of such family shall be, and of thirty dollars. each of them hereby is, required, if thereto requested by the marshal or his assistant, to render a true account, to the best of his or her knowledge, of every person belonging to such family, in the various particulars required in and by this act, and the tables thereto subjoined, on pain of forfeiting thirty dollars, to be sued for and recovered in an action of debt by the assistant to the use of the United States.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That all fines and penalties Sec. 16. And be it further endeded, that an intes and penalties different to be en-berein provided for may be enforced in the courts of the United alties to be en-forced in the U. States within the States or Territories where such offence shall have States courts. been committed, or forfeiture incurred.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted. That the marshals and their assistants are hereby authorized to transmit, through the post-office, any assistants thorized papers or documents relating to the census, by writing thereon, transmit papers "Official business, census," and subscribing the same with the addition and documents to his name of marshal, or assistant, as the case may be; but this relating to the through privilege shall extend to nothing but documents and papers relating to the Post-Office, the census, which shall pass free; and the sum of twelve thousand free; for trans-dollars is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not &c., an appropriate otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of covering the expense of ation of \$12,000 transmitting the blanks and other matter through the mail, to be paid is made. to the Post-Office Department.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That if, in any of the Territories or places where the population is sparse, the officers of the army, population or any persons thereto belonging, can be usefully employed in taking and others be-the census, the Secretary of War is hereby directed to afford such aid, longing to the if it can be given without prejudice to the public service.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby required to carry into effect the provisions of this act, of the Interior nor is hereby required to carry into effect the provisions of this act, required to pro-and to provide blanks and distribute the same among the marshals, so vide blanks, and that the enumeration may commence on the first day of June next, distribute and be taken with reference to that day in each and every district and to the marshals. subdivision of districts; to draw up and distribute, at the same time, printed instructions, defining and explaining the duties of such as collect the statistics, and the limits by which such duties are circumscribed, in a clear and intelligible manner; to see, also, that all due diligence is employed by the marshals and assistants to make return of their respective doings completed, at the times herein prescribed; and further, as the returns are so made, to cause the same to be classified and arranged in the best and most convenient manner for use, and lay

Proviso.

Non-perform-

Persons refusformation

Fines and pen-

Marshals and to

Where the officers sparse, army to give necessary aid. The Secretary

them

fore Congress.

Superintendand ing clerk thorized. Franking privilege.

Salaries.

Proviso.

Blanks printing.

Salary of the Secretary of the Census Board.

The marshal the assistant has performed duty.

Tables annexact If no other law

be passed for the taking of the census before the Constitution of the U.S., then taken according to this act.

resentatives consist of two hundred and thirty-three members.

Enumeration to be made, and apportionment declared, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

To be laid be- the same before Congress at the next session thereof. And to enable him the better to discharge these duties, he is hereby authorized and

required to appoint a suitable and competent person as superintending clerk, who shall, under his direction, have the general management of other officers au- matters appertaining thereto, with the privilege of franking and receiving, free of charge, all official documents and letters connected therewith; and the said Secretary shall also appoint such clerks and other officers as may be necessary, from time to time, for the efficient And the compensation to be allowed management of said service. and paid to the officers connected with the census office, shall be as follows : For the superintending clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars per annum in full for his services; and for other assistants and clerks, the compensation usually paid for similar services, to be fixed and allowed by the Secretary of the Interior. Provided, That no salary to a subordinate clerk under this section shall exceed the sum of and one thousand dollars per annum. The blanks and preparatory printing for taking the census shall be prepared and executed under the direction of the Census Board; the other printing hereafter to be executed as Congress shall direct.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That for the purpose of carry-Appropriation. ing into effect this act, and defraying the preliminary expenses, there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; out of which the said Secretary of the Interior may allow, to the person employed as secretary of the Census Board, a compensation after the rate of three thousand dollars per annum during the period he has been in their employ.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That whenever a marshal shall to certify that certify that an assistant has completed to his satisfaction, and made his return of the subdivision confided to him, and shall also certify the amount of compensation to which, under the provisions of this act, such assistant is entitled, designating how much for each kind of service, the Secretary of the Interior shall thereupon cause one half of the sum so due to be paid to such assistant, and when the returns have been carefully examined for classification, if found executed in a manner satisfactory, then he shall also cause the other half to be paid. And he shall make payments in the manner and upon like conditions to the several marshals for their services.

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That the tables hereto annexed, ed part of the and made part of this act, are numbered from one to six, inclusive.

SEC. 23. And be it further enacted, That if no other law be passed providing for the taking of the eighth, or any subsequent census of the United States, on or before the first day of January of any year, when, by the Constitution of the United States, any future enumeration of Ist of January by the Constitution of the United States, any future enumeration of of any year, re- the inhabitants thereof is required to be taken, such census shall, in guired by the all things, be taken and completed according to the provisions of this act. all things, be taken and completed according to the provisions of this act. SEC. 24. And be it further enacted, That from and after the third the census to be day of March, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, the House of Representatives shall be composed of two hundred and thirty-three House of Rep- members, to be apportioned among the several States in the manner to directed in the next section of this act.

SEC. 25. And be it further enacted, That so soon as the next and each subsequent enumeration of the inhabitants of the several States, directed by the Constitution of the United States to be taken, shall be completed and returned to the office of the Department of the Interior, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Interior to ascertain the aggregate representative population of the United States, by adding to the whole number of free persons in all the States, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three fifths of all other persons; which aggregate population he shall divide by the number two hundred and thirty-three, and the product of such division, rejecting any fraction of an unit, if any such happen to remain, shall be the ratio, or rule of apportionment, of representatives among the several States under such enumeration ; and the said Secretary of the Department of the Interior shall then proceed, in the same manner, to ascertain the representative population of each State, and to divide the whole number of the representative population of each State by the ratio already determined by him as above directed; and the product of this last division shall be the number of representatives apportioned to such State under the then last enumeration: Provided, That the loss in the number of members caused by the fractions remaining in the several States, on the division of the population thereof, shall be compensated for by assigning to so many States having the largest fractions, one additional member each for its fraction as may be necessary to make the whole number of representatives two hundred and thirty-three. And provided, also, That if, Further proviso. after the apportionment of the representatives under the next, or any subsequent census, a new State or States shall be admitted into the Union, the representative or representatives assigned to such new State or States shall be in addition to the number of representatives herein above limited; which excess of representatives over two hundred and thirty-three shall only continue until the next succeeding apportionment of representatives under the next succeeding census.

SEC. 26. And be it further enacted, That when the Department of the Interior shall have apportioned the representatives, in the manner the number of above directed, among the several States under the next or any subse-tioned to be sent quent enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, he shall, as to soon as practicable, made out and transmit, under the seal of his office. and H. of Rep. to the House of Representatives, a certificate of the number of members apportioned to each State under the then last enumeration; and shall likewise make out and transmit, without delay, to the executive of each State, a certificate, under his seal of office, of the number of members apportioned to such State, under such last enumeration.

SEC. 27. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Inte- Statistics in rerior, in his instructions to the marshals, shall direct that the statistics gard to hemp, besides dew and in regard to all other descriptions of hemp not embraced in the de- water-rotted, to nomination of dew and water-rotted, shall be taken and estimated in be taken in the the returns.

SCHI	SCHEDULE 1. — FREE INHABITANTS in , enumerated by me, on the day of								County	l of	, S Assist	tate of ant.
in the der of	rder of	usual lay of nily.	DE	DESCRIPTION.				State,		year.	age who ite.	ind, in- avict.
Dwelling-houses numbered in the order of visitation.	Families numbered in the order visitation.	Name of every person whose usual place of abode on the first day of June, 1850, was in this family.	Age.	Sex.	O White, black, or mu-	Profession, occupation, or trade of each male person over 15 years of age.	Value of real estate owned.	Place of birth, naming the Territory, or country.	Married within the year.	Attended school within the year.	Persons over 20 years of age cannot read and write.	Whether deaf and dumb, blind, in sane, idiotic, pauper, or convict.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
1												1
2												2
Vo	DL. I	X Pri	a	55	<u> </u>			<u></u>				

Proviso.

Certificate of each State

returns.

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THIRTY-FIRST
CONGRESS.
Sess. I.
CH.
. 11.
1850.

24	Buckwheat, bushels of.									
25	Barley, bushels of.									
26	Irish, bushels of.	Pot	н							
27	Sweet, bushels of.									
28	Value of orchard products in a	lollars.	CC							
29	Wine, gallons of.		du							
30	Value of produce of market g	arden.	Ŀ							
31	Butter, pounds of.		00							
32 33	Cheese, pounds of.		he							
33	Hay, tons of.									
34	Clover seed, bushels of.									
35	Other grass seeds, bushels of.									
36	Hops, pounds of.									
37	Dew-rotted, tons of.	He	Produce during the year ending June 1, 1850.— Continued							
38	Water-rotted, tons of.	Hemp.	1e 1,							
39	Flax, pounds of.		18£							
40	Flaxseed, bushels of.		ö							
41	Silk Cocoons, pounds of.									
42	Maple Sugar, pounds of.		G							
43	Cane Sugar, hhds. of of 1,00	00 lbs.	ntinu							
44	Molasses, gallons of.		ed.							
45	Honey and Beeswax, pounds									
46	Value of home-made manufac	ctures.								

SCHEDULE 3.-

- Continued.

	Name of owner, agent, or man the farm.	ager of	SCHED State of d	
22	Improved.	Acres of land.	le va	
లు	Unimproved.	id. of	LE 3.	
4	Cash value of farm.		· · · ·	
61	Value of farming implemen machinery.	ts and	-Pro luring	
6	Horses.	н	50.	
7	Mules and Asses.	J	le g	
8	Working Oxen.	E s	ons	
9	Milch Cows.	e	20	
10	Other Cattle.		F	
Ξ	Sheep.	re stock on h June 1, 1850	ng	1
12	Swine.	Live stock on hand, June 1, 1850.	Ju	
13	The value of live stock.	ŗ,	291	
14	The value of animals slaugh- tered during the year.	냋	TURE 1st, 1	
15	Wheat, bushels of.		55 \$	
16	Rye, bushels of.	LCe	a	!
17	Indian Corn, bushels of.	Produce during the ye June 1st, 1850	in enu	
18	Oats, bushels of.	16	men	1
19	Rice, pounds of.	LE.	ate C	
20	Tobacco, pounds of.	е у 85(id b	
21	Ginned Cotton, bales of 400 lbs. each.	2	-PRODUCTIONS OF AGRICULTURE in in the County of , during the year ending June 1st, 1850, as enumerated by me on the , 1850.	
22	Wool, pounds of.	ending	63	
23	Beans and Peas, bushels of.	ng	the.	0

22	1	Name of Nu slave owners.	SCHEDULE 2. — SLAVE INHABITANTS in , enumerated by me, on the day o	
	12	Number of slayes.	-SLAVE IN by me, on th	
	. 😅	Age.	벌	HAB
	4	Sex.	DESCRIPTION.	ITANT d
	6	Age. Sex. Color.	TION.	trs in day of
	6	Fugitives from th	e State.	- 5.
	7	Number manumi	tted.	1850
	8	Deaf and dumb, blind, insane, or idiotic.	in the County of , 1850.	
2	9	, REMARKS.		, State of Assistant.

SCHEDULE 4. — PRODUCTS OF INDUSTRY in in the County of , State of , during the year ending June 1, 1850, as enumerated by me. Assistant.

mpany, or articles to 00. facture, or	l person-	Raw material used, includ- ing fuel.			schinery, e.	Average No. of hands employed.			ges.	Annual product.		
Name of Corporation, Company, Individual, producing articles the annual value of \$500. Name of business, manufacture, product.	$ $ Capital invested in real and person- al estate in the business.	+ Quantities.	on Kinds.	o Values.	Kind of motive power, machinery, structure, or resource.	🛛 🖉 Malo.	6 Female.	Average monthly cost of male labor.	E Average monthly cost of female labor.	75 Quantities.	13 Kinds.	Talues.

SCHEDULE	5. — Social Statistics of	, in the County of	, and State
of	, compiled by me.		Assistant.
	1		

Name of	Aggregate valua-	Aggregate	Public schools.
town, county,	tion of real and	amount of taxes	
or city.	personal estate.	assessed.	
	Real estate \$ Person'l estate Total \$ How valued ? True valuat'n \$	State \$ County Parish Town Total Road tax How paid?	No. colleges. Do. academies. Do. free schools. Do. other schools. Do. other schools. Mount of money raised by tax for schools last year, \$ Raised in other ways for schools last year, \$ Received from public funds for schools last year, \$

SCHEDULE 5. - Continued.

Public libraries.				Р	eriodicals, in newspap		Seasons.				
Social. Colleges. Academies. Public schools. Sunday schools.	No.	Vols.	Name.	Class.		Number of circulation.					

Public paupers.	Criminals.	Cost of labor.	Religious worship.
paupers supported	of crimeduring year	Av'ge wages to farm hand per month, hired by the year and boarded, \$	No. of churches.
Number supported on the 1st day of June.	In prison on the 1st June, 1850.	Average wages of a day laborer, with- out board, \$ With board, \$	No. of persons each
$\mathbf{Native} \left\{ egin{array}{c} \mathbf{White.} \ \mathbf{Black.} \end{array} ight.$	Native $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{White.} \\ \text{Black.} \end{array} \right.$	Average payment to a carpenter per day, without board, \$ Average wages to	will accommodate.
Foreign.	Foreign.	a female domestic per week, without board, \$	
Cost of supporting paupers during last year.		Average price of board to a laboring man per week, \$	

SCHEDULE 5. - Continued.

SCHEDULE 6. - PERSONS WHO DIED during the year ending 1st June, 1850, in the , in the County of , and State of , enumerated by of

me.							•	Assı	stant.
Name of every person who died during the year ending 1st June, 1860, whose usual place of abode at the time of his death was in this family.		DESCR:	a White, black, or mulatto.	or slave.	ied or widowed.	Place of birth, naming the State, Territory, or country.	The month in which the person died.	Profession, occupation, or trade.	Disease, or cause of death.
Name durib June of a death	Age.	Sex.	COLOR. OI	Free o	Married	Place (Terr	The m	Profes	Diseas
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Approved, May 23, 1850.

May 23, 1850. 1837, ch. 3.

lic money.

CHAP. XII. - An Act supplementary to the Act entitled "An Act supplementary to the Act entitled 'An Act establishing a Mint, and regulating the Coins of the United States.''

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the To enable the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purmint and branch pose of enabling the mint and branch mints of the United States to returns to depos- make returns to depositors with as little delay as possible, it shall be itors, etc., the lawful for the President of the United States, when the state of the President is au-thorized to direct treasury shall admit thereof, to direct transfers to be made from time transfers of pub- to time to the mint and branch mints for such sums of public money as he shall judge convenient and necessary, out of which those who bring bullion to the mint may be paid the value thereof, as soon as practicable after this value has been ascertained; that the bullion so deposited shall become the property of the United States ; that no discount or interest shall be charged on money so advanced; and that the Secretary of the Treasury may at any time withdraw the said deposite, or any part thereof, or may, at his discretion, allow the coins formed at the mint to be given for their equivalent in other money : Provided, That the bonds given by the United States treasurers and superintendents of the mint shall be renewed or increased at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, under the operation of this act.

APPROVED, May 23, 1850.

CHAP. XVI. — An Act authorizing the Negotiation of Treaties with the Indian Tribes in the Territory of Oregon, for the Extinguishment of their Claims to Lands lying west of the Cascade Mountains, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be authorized to appoint one or more commissioners to negotiate to be appointed, treaties with the several Indian tribes in the Territory of Oregon, for defined. the extinguishment of their claims to lands lying west of the Cascade Mountains; and, if found expedient and practicable, for their removal east of said mountains; also, for obtaining their assent and submission to the existing laws regulating trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes in the other Territories of the United States, so far as they may be applicable to the tribes in the said Territory of Oregon; the compensation to such commissioner or commissioners not to exceed the rate heretofore allowed for similar services.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President be authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint a of Indian Affairs for Oregon to be Superintendent of Indian Affairs for the Territory of Oregon, who appointed. shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred dollars, and whose duty it shall be to exercise a general superintendence over all the Indian tribes in Oregon, and to exercise and perform all the powers and duties assigned by law to other superintendents of Indian affairs.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act to Part of for establish the territorial government of Oregon, approved the eleventh act repealed. [14th] August, 1848, as requires the governor of said Territory to perform the duties of Superintendent of Indian Affairs, and authorizes him to receive a salary therefor, in addition to the salary allowed for his services as governor, be repealed; and that the governor of said Territory shall hereafter receive an annual salary of three thousand g3,000. dollars.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President be authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint one or more Indian agents, not exceeding three, as he shall deem expedient, each of whom shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars, to be appointed. give bond as now required by law, and perform all the duties of agent to such tribe or tribes of Indians in the Territory of Oregon as shall duties. be assigned to him by the superintendent to be appointed by the provisions of this act, under the direction of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the law regulating trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes east of the Rocky Mountains, tended over inor such provisions of the same as may be applicable, be extended over fied. the Indian tribes in the Territory of Oregon.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars be appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to carry into effect the provisions of this act.

APPROVED, June 5, 1850.

June 5, 1850.

Proviso.

Commissioners and their duties

Superintendent

Salary. Duty.

Part of forme

1848, ch. 177.

Governor of Orsalary,

Indian agents

Salaries and

Laws to be ex-

Appropriation.

to continue in

force until the 3d

of March, 1861. 1800, ch. 15.

Proviso.

June 5, 1850. CHAP. XVII. - An Act to continue in Force an Act therein mentioned, relating to the Port of Baltimore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Actrevived and United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act passed the seventeenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred, entitled "An Act declaring the assent of Congress to certain acts of the States of Maryland and Georgia," and which by subsequent acts has been revived and continued in force until the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, be, and the same, so far as it relates to the act of the State of Maryland, is hereby revived and continued in force until the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall authorize the demand of a duty on tonnage on vessels propelled by steam, employed in the transportation of passengers.

APPROVED, June 5, 1850.

June 11, 1850. CHAP. XIX. - An Act to make further Appropriations for public Buildings in the Territories of Minnesota and Oregon.

Minnesota and Oregon.

Appropriation under a former act, how to be used. 1849, ch. 121.

ditional tion of buildings in Oregon. 1848, ch. 177.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$20,000 each twenty thousand dollars each be, and the same is hereby, appropriated appropriated for appropriated for the erection of out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be penitentiaries in applied by the governors and legislative assemblies of the Territories of Minnesota and Oregon at such place as they may select in said Territories for the erection of penitentiaries.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the govenor and legislative assembly of Minnesota are hereby authorized to expend the appropriation made in section thirteen, of "An Act to establish the territorial government of Minnesota," approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, for the erection of suitable public buildings at the temporary seat of government of said Territory, at such time as

they deem proper, any previous law to the contrary notwithstanding. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sum of twenty thou-20,000 ad- sand dollars, in addition to that appropriated by section fifteen of "An priated for erec- Act to establish the territorial government of Oregon," approved public August fourteen, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be applied by the governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of Oregon, to the erection of suitable public buildings at the seat of government of said Territory.

APPROVED, June 11, 1850.

June 17, 1850. CHAP. XX. — An Act to increase the Rank and File of the Army, and to encourage Enlistments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter each company of artillery designated and serving as light artillery, shall, during such service, consist of the commissioned officers as now provided by law, and of four sergeants, four corporals, two artificers, two

musicians, and sixty-four privates.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized, by voluntary enlistment, to increase the number of privates in each or any of the companies of the existing regiments of the army, at present serving, or which may

Each company of artillery to consist of a specified number.

Increase of privates by volun-tary enlistment, authorized.

hereafter serve, at the several military posts on the western frontier, and at remote and distant stations, to any number not exceeding seventy-four, and to cause such portions of the army as may, by law, be serving on foot, to be properly equipped and mounted whenever, in his opinion, the exigency of the public service may require the same: Provided, that the said enlistments shall be for the term of five years. unless sooner discharged.

made at, or in the vicinity of, the said military posts, and remote and given on a cer-distant stations, a bounty equal in amount to the distant stations, a bounty equal in amount to the cost of transporting cy. and subsisting a soldier from the principal recruiting depot in the harbor of New York, to the place of such enlistment, be, and the same is hereby, allowed to each recruit so enlisted, to be paid in unequal instalments at the end of each year's service, so that the several amounts shall annually increase, and the largest be paid at the expiration of each enlistment.

Approved, June 17, 1850.

CHAP. XXII. - An Act to supply a Deficiency in the Appropriation for the Service of the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of fifty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated by law, to supoly a deficiency in the appropriation for defraying the expenses of the Deficiency in Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including tion for expenses the District of Columbia; also for jurors and witnesses in aid of the of United States funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures incurred in the fiscal for. year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty, and previous years, and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and of prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the safe keeping of prisoners.

Approved, June 21, 1850.

CHAP. XXIII. - An Act for the Construction of certain Roads in the Territory of Minnesota, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums of money be, and they are hereby, appropriated for the construc- made for tion of roads in the Territory of Minnesota, to wit: For the construction of certain roads in the Deniet De tion of a road from Point Douglass, on the Mississippi River, via Cot- the Territory or tage Grove, Stillwater, Marine Mills, and Falls of St. Croix, to the Minnesota. falls or rapids of the St. Louis River of Lake Superior, fifteen thousand dollars; for the construction of a road from Point Douglass, via Cottage Grove, Red Rock, St. Paul, and Falls of St. Anthony, to Fort Gaines, ten thousand dollars; for the construction of a road from the mouth of Swan River, or the most available point between it and the Sauk Rapids, to the Winnebago agency at Long Prairie, five thousand dollars; for the construction of a road from Wabashaw to Mendota, five thousand dollars; and for the survey and laying out of a military road from Mendota to the mouth of the Big Sioux River, on the Missouri, five thousand dollars. The said roads to be constructed under the direction of the Secretary of War, pursuant to contracts to be War to made by him.

Secretary of make contracts. The governors

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the governors of Oregon

Proviso.

June 21, 1850.

[Obsolete.]

Deficiency in courts provided

July 18, 1850. [Obsolete.]

Appropriations the

SESS. I. CH. 24, 25, 27. 1850 THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

ed.

of Oregon and and Minnesota shall report to Congress annually a detailed statement Minnesota to re- of the expenditure of money appropriated by Congress for the use or port to Congress of the expenditure of money appropriated by being the and all of the amount of benefit of said Territories, which is expended under the order or sumoney expend- pervision of the governor and assembly.

APPROVED, July 18, 1850.

CHAP. XXIV. - An Act authorizing the Legislative Assemblies of Minnesota and July 18, 1850. Oregon Territories to prolong their next Annual Session to a Period of ninety Days.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Legislative as- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the legislative semblies of Min-assemblies of Minnesota and Oregon Territories be, and they are authorized hereby, authorized to prolong their next annual session to a period of to prolong their ninety days, any thing contained in any former act or acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

APPROVED, July 18, 1850.

July 18, 1850. CHAP. XXV .-- An Act to grant the Franking Privilege to Mrs. Margaret S. Taylor.

ilege granted to Taylor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Franking priv- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the franking ^{nege} granted to Mrs. Margaret privilege heretofore accorded to the widows of the deceased Presidents Smith Taylor, be, and the same is hereby, granted to Mrs. Margaret Smith Taylor, relict of Zachary relict of Zachary Taylor, late President of the United States. APPROVED, July 18, 1850.

July 29, 1850. CHAP. XXVII. - An Act to provide for recording the Conveyances of Vessels, and for other Purposes.

customs the vessel is regrolled.

lien by bottomry.

Collectors of the shall record all bills of sale, &e., therefor a fee of fifty cents.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the No bill of sale, United States of America in Congress assembled, That no bill of sale, &c., to be valid except as against mortgage, hypothecation, or conveyance of any vessel, or part of any grantors, &c., vessel, of the United States, shall be valid against any person other unless recorded than the grantor or mortgagor, his heirs and devisees, and persons the collector of having actual notice thereof; unless such bill of sale, mortgage, hywhere pothecation, or conveyance be recorded in the office of the collector of istered or en. the customs where such vessel is registered or enrolled: Provided, That the lien by bottomry on any vessel created during her voyage, Proviso as to by a loan of money or materials, necessary to repair or enable such vessel to prosecute a voyage, shall not lose its priority, or be in any way affected by the provisions of this act.

customs toms shall record all such bills of sale, mortgages, hypothecations, or conveyances, and, also, all certificates for discharging and cancelling and shall receive any such conveyances, in a book or books to be kept for that purpose, in the order of their reception; noting in said book or books, and also on the bill of sale, mortgage, hypothecation, or conveyance, the time when the same was received, and shall certify on the bill of sale, mortgage, hypothecation, or conveyance, or certificate of discharge or cancellation, the number of the book and page where recorded; and shall receive, for so recording such instrument of conveyance, or certificate of discharge, fifty cents.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of the cus-An index of records, &c., to toms shall keep an index of such records, inserting alphabetically the

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gon

sessions.

names of the vendor or mortgagor, and of the vendee or mortgagee, be made out for and shall permit said index and books of records to be inspected dur- the convenience of those coning office hours, under such reasonable regulations as they may estab- cerned, and the lish, and shall, when required, furnish to any person a certificate, collectors to re-setting forth the names of the owners of any vessel registered or en-dollar for furrolled, the parts or proportions owned by each, (if inserted in the regis-ter or enrollment,) and also the material facts of any existing bill of from said index. sale, mortgage, hypothecation, or other incumbrance upon such vessel, recorded since the issuing of the last register or enrollment, viz., the date, amount of such incumbrance, and from and to whom or in whose favor made, the collector shall receive for each such certificate one dollar.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of the customs shall furnish certified copies of such records on the receipt of furnish certifice fifty cents for each bill of sale, mortgage, or other conveyance.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the owner, or agent of the owner of any vessel of the United States, applying to a collector of the the oath now tacustoms for a register or enrollment of a vessel, shall, in addition to ship the oath now prescribed by law, set forth, in the oath of ownership, the ownership to be part or proportion of such vessel belonging to each owner, and the serted in the same shall be inserted in the register of enrollment; and that all bills register. Bills of sale to of sale of vessels registered or enrolled shall set forth the part of the Bills of sale to recite parts vessel owned by each person selling, and the part conveyed to each owned and sold. person purchasing.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the twelfth clause or section Amendment or of the act entitled "An Act in addition to the several acts regulating the act of 1840, ch. 48. the shipment and discharge of seamen, and the duties of consuls, approved July twentieth, eighteen hundred and forty, be so amended, as that all complaints in writing to the consuls or commercial agents as therein provided, that a vessel is unseaworthy, shall be signed by the unseaworthifirst, or the second and third officers, and a majority of the crew, before the consul or commercial agent shall be authorized to notice such complaint, or proceed to appoint inspectors as therein provided.

owner, who shall, on the high seas, wilfully, with intent to burn or de- stroying a vessel stroy, set fire to any ship or other vessel stroy, set fire to any ship or other vessel, or otherwise attempt the de- ing, or other struction of such ship or other vessel heing the property of any siting a structure of any siting the property of any site and site any site any site and site any site any site any site any site any site struction of such ship or other vessel, being the property of any citizen wise, a penal ofor citizens of the United States, or procure the same to be done, with the intent aforesaid, and being thereof lawfully convicted, shall suffer imprisonment to hard labor, for a term not exceeding ten years, nor less than three years, according to the aggravation of the offence.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That this act shall be in force from and after the first day of October next ensuing. Approved, July 29, 1850.

CHAP. XXVIII. - An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act for the better Organization of the District Court of the United States within the State of Louisiana, approved the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act for the better organization of the District Court of the United States within the State of Louisiana," approved third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, be so amended that it shall be the duty of the judge of the western district of said State to hold a term of the held at St. Jocourt at St. Joseph's, in the parish of Tensas, on the first Monday in seph's. December, in each year, for the parishes of Carroll, Madison, Tensas, the judge au thorized to apand Concordia, and to appoint a clerk of the court for that place; and point a clerk, &c. Vol. IX. Pub. -- 56

Collectors to

In addition to ken, the ownerpart OT

parts

Complaints for ness.

fence.

To be in force from and after Oct. 1st, 1850.

July 29, 1850.

1849, ch. 114.

1849, ch. 114.

it shall be the duty of the clerk of the District Court of the United States, at Monroe, to deliver to the clerk at St. Joseph's, or to his order, the original papers in all such cases as properly belong to the court at that place, together with a transcript of the proceedings had Marshal's du- thereon; and it shall be the duty of the marshal of said western district to attend the terms of said court at St. Joseph's, by himself or deputy, and to perform all the duties of his office for that court in the same manner, and with the same powers, duties, and emoluments, as he is required to do for the courts at other places in the district, by the act to which this is an amendment.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That writs of error and appeal and appeal to lie shall lie from decisions of the District Court of the Western District as from a Circuit of Louisiana, exercising Circuit Court jurisdiction, to the Supreme Court to Su- Court of the United States, in the same causes as from a Circuit Court to the Supreme Court, and under the same regulations.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the parish of Bienville shall Shreveport to be form a part of the western district of Louisiana, and be one of the held for Bienville, and that at parishes for which a court is to be held at Shreveport; and that the parish of Caldwell shall be one of the parishes for which a court is to be held at Monroe; and that this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

hundred and ninety-nine.

July 29, 1850.

1799, ch. 22.

lection district.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Transfer of col- United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the waters of the Narragansett Bay, and the shores, bays, harbors, creeks, and inlets, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, as are within the county of Kent, including the port of East Greenwich, and that part of Warwick lying upon Greenwich Bay, is hereby taken from the collection district of Newport, in said State, and attached to, and made part of, the collection district of Providence.

CHAP. XXIX. - An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the Collec-

tion of Duties on Imports and Tonnage," approved March second, seventeen

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

July 29, 1850. 1852, ch. 20.

CHAP. XXX. - An Act to provide for holding the Courts of the United States in Case of the Sickness or other Disability of the Judges of the District Courts.

ed States courts judge

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Provisions made United States of America in Congress assembled, That in case of the for holding Unit-sickness or other disability of any district judge of any judicial district in the event of of the United States, which shall prevent him from holding any stated the sickness or or appointed term of the District Court of his district, or of the Circuit other disability court therein in the absence of the circuit judge, and upon the fact of such sickness or other disability being certified by the clerk of such District Court to the circuit judge of the circuit within which such district may lie, it shall be lawful for such circuit judge, if, in his judgment, the public interests shall so require, to designate and appoint the district judge of any other judicial district of the United States within the same circuit, to hold the District Court or Circuit Court in case of the sickness or absence of the circuit judge, in the place of, and discharge all the judicial duties of, the district judge who may be sick or otherwise disabled as aforesaid, while such sickness or other disability shall continue; which appointment shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the said District Court, and be entered on the minutes of the court; and a certified copy thereof, under the seal of the court, be by such clerk transmitted to the judge so designated and appointed.

ties.

Writs of error in some causes preme Court.

The court at held for Monroe for Caldwell.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in case there be no circuit In case of judge resident within such circuit, or of his absence therefrom, or non-residence or inability to execute the provisions of the preceding section, or of cuit judge, the the disability or neglect of the district judges designated by him, to clerk of the Dis-hold the courts and transact the business within the district for which trict Court to no-tify the chief he or they may be so designated, the clerk of such District Court shall justice of the in-ertify such fact or facts to the chief justice of the United States; and judge to hold a court, by sick-designate and appoint. in manner aforesaid, any district judge within ness or othersaid circuit, or of any judicial district within a circuit next immediately wise, and provis-ion made therecontiguous to the one within which such disability exists, which ap- for. pointment shall be transmitted to such clerk, and by him acted on as directed in the preceding section.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of such It shall be the district judge as shall be for that purpose designated and appointed, (as trict judge, ap-in the preceding sections provided,) to hold the District Court or Cir- pointed for that cuit Court as aforesaid, and discharge all the judicial duties of the dis- purpose, to hold trict judge, who shall be sick or otherwise disabled as aforesaid, so fied. long as such sickness or other disability shall continue; and all the acts and proceedings in said courts, or by or before the said district judge so designated and appointed, shall have the same force, effect, and validity as if done and transacted by and before the district judge of said district.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for such If necessary, a circuit judge, or the chief justice of the United States, as the case to be made by may be, from time to time, if in his judgment the public interests shall the chief justice, so require, to make a new designation and appointment of any other &c. district judge, of any judicial district within the same circuits as aforesaid, with the powers and for the duties and purposes mentioned in the preceding sections of this act, and to revoke and determine any previous designation and appointment.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the district judge so designated and appointed to hold the court and discharge the duties of the judge appointed the district judge of another district, and who shall hold such court or dis- courts designatcharge such duties, shall be allowed his reasonable expenses of travel to ed to be allowed and from and of residence in such other district necessarily incurred by reason of such designation and appointment, and his obedience there-certified by the to; and such expenses shall, when certified by the clerk and the district clerk, &c. attorney of the judicial district within which such services shall have been performed, be paid by the marshal of such district, and allowed him in his accounts with the United States.

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

CHAP. XXXI. - An Act to regulate the Terms of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the District of Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be held at the city of Columbus, in the State of Ohio, two regular terms to be held at the city of Columbus, in the State of Ohio, two regular terms to be held at the city of Co-of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the district lumbus, Ohio, in of Ohio, in each year, which shall commence respectively on the third each year, &c. Tuesday in May and the third Tuesday in October, in each year; and 1846, ch. 26 and 76. so much of any law as requires the terms of said courts to be held in July and November, respectively, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all issues now pending in All issues pen-either of said courts shall be tried at the terms herein provided for, ding to be tried and no process issued or proceedings pending in either of said courts herein provided shall be avoided or impaired by this change of the time of holding the for, &c.

· The district

Two regular

July 29, 1850.

same; but all process, bail-bonds, and recognizances returnable at the next term of either of said courts, shall be returnable and returned to the court next held under this act, in the same manner as if so made returnable on the face thereof, and shall have full effect accordingly.

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

August 17, 1850. CHAP. XXXIX. - An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Navy Pensions for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and [Obsolete.] fifty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Appropriations United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the pay of navy pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one:

To pay invalid pensions, forty thousand dollars.

To pay the pensions of invalids who were wounded on board of priwere wounded vate armed vessels during the last war with Great Britain, three thou-

APPROVED, August 17, 1850.

August 17, 1850. CHAP. XL. — An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Revolutionary and other Pensions of the United States for the Year ending the thirticth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Appropriations United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

> For revolutionary pensions under the act of the eighteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, forty-seven thousand eight hundred and eighty-three dollars.

> For invalid pensions under various acts, three hundred thousand dollars.

> For pensions to widows and orphans, under the acts of the fourth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and twenty-first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, three hundred and sixty thousand six hundred dollars.

> For pensions to widows under the act of the seventh of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, sixty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows under the act of the third of March, one widows, under thousand eight hundred and forty-three, twenty thousand dollars. the act of 1843, For pensions to widows under the

For pensions to widows under the acts of the seventeenth of June, Pensions to one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, second of February, one widows, under thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and twenty-ninth of July, one the acts of 1844, thousand eight hundred and forty-eight. thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, five hundred and eighty-four thousand dollars.

For half-pay pensions to widows and orphans, under the act of the sixteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve,* and the and orphans un-der the acts of act of the sixteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, 1802, ch.9, §15, & in addition to an unexpended balance remaining in the treasury of five 1816, ch. 65, in thousand two hundred and seventy-nine dollars and fifty cents, payable unexpended bal- through the third auditor's office, eighteen thousand four hundred and ance, etc. ten dollars.

APPROVED, August 17, 1850.

For pay of in valid pensions. Invalids who

for the pay of navy pensions.

on board of pri- sand dollars. vate armed ves- APPROVED sels, etc.

for pensions for 1850-51.

Revolutionary pensions, etc. 1818, ch. 19.

Invalid pensions, etc.

Pensions to widows and orphans, etc. 1836, ch. 362. 1848, ch. 108.

Pensions to

widows, under the act of 7th July,1838,ch.189.

ch. 102.

ch. 102, 1848, ch.

8, and ch. 120. Half-pay pen-sions to widows and orphans unance, etc.

CHAP. XLIII. - An Act supplementary to the Act entitled "An Act providing August 30, 1850. for the taking of the seventh and subsequent Censuses of the United States, and to fix the Number of the Members of the House of Representatives, and to provide for their future Apportionment among the several States."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to increase the compen- for taking sation allowed the marshals or agents, and their assistants, for taking nia, etc., increasthe seventh census in California, Oregon, Utah, and New Mexico, so as ed. to secure the prompt and faithful execution of the work.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in enumerating persons residing in California, Oregon, Utah, and New Mexico, the several as- moved from any sistant marshals or agents shall include those who may have removed from their residence in any State or Territory of the United States States prior prior to the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, June 1, 1000, and settled subsequent to that date in either of the said countries.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That each assistant marshal or agent shall be paid for making out and returning complete copies of the original census returns, as required in the eleventh section of the for making comact to which this is a supplement, eight cents for each page of the two plete copies of copies of the original census returns required to be furnished by the eleventh section of the act to which this is a supplement.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in any of the districts of the United States where causes beyond the control of the marshal shall have tended to delay the taking of the census, so that the same could not be taken, and return thereof made, within the time prescribed by the act of twenty-third May, the Secretary of the Interior may, if he time sees proper, extend the time to any day not later than the first January, eighteen hundred and fifty-one : Provided, That the said Secretary may extend the time for completing the census in California, Oregon, Utah, and New Mexico, to such time as, in his discretion, may be deemed advisable.

APPROVED, August 30, 1850.

CHAP. XLIV. — An Act to amend the Act entitled "An Act to amend, in the Cases August 30, 1850. therein mentioned, the 'Act to regulate the Duties on Imports and Tonnage.' "

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, the collection district of Ocracoke, in North defined. Carolina, shall embrace all the waters, shores, harbors, rivers, creeks, and inlets, within the limits hereinafter described, to wit: Commencing at Drum Inlet, on the sea-shore, twenty miles south of Ocracoke, thence running in a northerly direction to the Thoroughfare, so called, and through said Thoroughfare to Point Marsh, near the mouth of the Neuse River, thence to the point of Long Shoal in Pamlico Sound, thence across said sound in a south-westerly direction to the outer bar of Cape Hatteras Inlet, twelve miles north-east of Ocracoke, and thence along the sea-coast to Drum Inlet.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, August 30, 1850.

1850, ch. 11.

Compensation the census in Califor-

Persons re-State or Territoof United IV to 1850, California, etc., to be enumerated.

Compensation 1850, ch. 11.

Extension of granted. 1850, ch. 11. Proviso

1806, ch. 45.

Collection district of Ocracoke

Acts inconsistent repealed.

August 30, 1850. CHAP. XLVII. - An Act in Relation to Donations of Land to certain Persons in the State of Arkansas.

strictions.

1828, ch. 108.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Claims to do-nations of land in Arkansas, al-lowed by the cated and allowed by the register and receiver of the proper land proper officer, district, in virtue of the provisions of the eighth section of the act of Congress, approved on the twenty-fourth of May, one thousand eight rights and not hundred and twenty-eight, entitled "An Act to aid the State of Ohio relocated, may in extending the Miami Canal from Dayton to Lake Erie, and to grant in one year, un- a quantity of land to said State, to aid in the construction of canals der certain re- authorized by law, and for making donations of land to certain persons in Arkansas Territory," and of other subsequent acts of Congress on the same subject, and which have not been located and patent certificates issued therefor, or which, having been so located, were compelled to yield to other and prior rights, either in whole or in part, and not subsequently relocated within the period fixed by law, may be entered with the register of any one of the land offices in the State of Arkansas, at any time within one year from the passage of this act, in the same manner, and under the same restrictions and conditions, as existed prior to the twenty-fourth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and thirtyeight, the day last limited for the location of these claims: Provided, That no such claim shall be so located against which fraud has been or may be alleged until all objection thereto shall have been removed, to the satisfaction of the commissioner of the general land office. APPROVED, August 30, 1850.

CHAP. XLIX. - An Act proposing to the State of Texas the Establishment of Sept. 9, 1350. her Northern and Western Boundaries, the Relinquishment by the said State of all Territory claimed by her exterior to said Boundaries, and of all her Claims upon the United States, and to establish a territorial Government for New Mexico

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Propositions United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following propositions shall be, and the same hereby are, offered to the State of Texas, which, when agreed to by the said State, in an act passed by the general assembly, shall be binding and obligatory upon the United States, and upon the said State of Texas : Provided, The said agreement by the said general assembly shall be given on or before the first day of December, eighteen hundred and fifty: FIRST. The State of Texas will agree that her boundary on the

north shall commence at the point at which the meridian of one hundred degrees west from Greenwich is intersected by the parallel of thirty-six degrees thirty minutes north latitude, and shall run from said point due west to the meridian of one hundred and three degrees west from Greenwich; thence her boundary shall run due south to the thirty-second degree of north latitude; thence on the said parallel of thirty-two degrees of north latitude to the Rio Bravo del Norte, and thence with the channel of said river to the Gulf of Mexico.

SECOND. The State of Texas cedes to the United States all her ritory to the Uni- claim to territory exterior to the limits and boundaries which she agrees to establish by the first article of this agreement.

THIRD. The State of Texas relinquishes all claim upon the United Texas relin-States for liability of the debts of Texas, and for compensation or in-quishes all claim demnity for the surrender to the United States of her ships, forts, States for liabil- arsenals, custom-houses, custom-house revenue, arms and munitions of

offered to Texas, when accepted, to be binding upon her and the United States. Proviso.

Boundary of Texas defined.

Cession of terted States.

war, and public buildings with their sites, which became the property ity of her debts of the United States at the time of the annexation.

FOURTH. The United States, in consideration of said establishment of boundaries, cession of claim to territory, and relinquishment of claims, will pay to the State of Texas the sum of ten millions of dol- stock bearing lars in a stock bearing five per cent. interest, and redeemable at the five per cent. inend of fourteen years, the interest payable half-yearly at the treasury to Texas thereof the United States.

FIFTH. Immediately after the President of the United States shall have been furnished with an authentic copy of the act of the general sued when Texassembly of Texas accepting these propositions, he shall cause the eepted these prostock to be issued in favor of the State of Texas, as provided for in the positions, President fourth article of this agreement : Provided, also, That no more than United five millions of said stock shall be issued until the creditors of the notified thereof. State holding bonds and other certificates of stock of Texas for which duties on imports were specially pledged, shall first file at the treasury of the United States releases of all claim against the United States for or on account of said bonds or certificates in such form as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury and approved by the President of the United States: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to impair or qualify any thing contained in the third viso. article of the second section of the "joint resolution for annexing Texas to the United States," approved March first, eighteen hundred and forty-five, either as regards the number of States that may hereafter be formed out of the State of Texas, or otherwise.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all that portion of the SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, I hat all that portion of the boundary at-Territory of the United States bounded as follows: Beginning at a fined, and tem-porary governpoint in the Colorado River where the boundary line with the republic ment created by of Mexico crosses the same; thence eastwardly with the said boundary the name of the line to the Rio Grande; thence following the main channel of said New Mexico. river to the parallel of the thirty-second degree of north latitude; thence east with said degree to its intersection with the one hundred and third degree of longitude west of Greenwich; thence north with said degree of longitude to the parallel of thirty-eighth degree of north latitude; thence west with said parallel to the summit of the Sierra Madre; thence south with the crest of said mountains to the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude; thence west with said parallel to its intersection with the boundary line of the State of California; thence with said boundary line to the place of beginning - be, and the same is hereby, erected into a temporary government, by the name of the Territory of New Mexico: Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the government of the United States from dividing said Territory into two or more Territories, in such manner and at such times as Congress shall deem convenient and proper, or from attaching any portion thereof to any other Territory or State: And provided, further, That, when admitted as a State, the said Territory, or any portion of the same, shall be received into the viso. Union, with or without slavery, as their constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the executive power and Executive powauthority in and over said Territory of New Mexico shall be vested in er vested in a a governor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States. The governor shall reside within said Territory, shall be commander-in-chief of the militia thereof, fined. shall perform the duties and receive the emoluments of superintendent of Indian affairs, and shall approve all laws passed by the legislative assembly before they shall take effect; he may grant pardons for offences against the laws of said Territory, and reprieves for offences

indemnity. or &c.

\$10,000,000 ir. for.

Stock to be isand of States Proviso.

Further provol. v. p. 797.

Boundary dcof

Proviso.

Further pro-

His duties de-

against the laws of the United States, until the decision of the President can be made known thereon; he shall commission all officers who shall be appointed to office under the laws of the said Territory, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a secretary of said Territory, who shall reside therein, and hold his office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States; His duties de- he shall record and preserve all the laws and proceedings of the legislative assembly hereinafter constituted, and all the acts and proceedings of the governor in his executive department; he shall transmit one copy of the laws and one copy of the executive proceedings, on or before the first day of December in each year, to the President of the United States, and, at the same time, two copies of the laws to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the To act as gov- Senate, for the use of Congress. And, in case of the death, removal, resignation, or other necessary absence of the governor from the Territory, the secretary shall have, and he is hereby authorized and required to execute and perform all the powers and duties of the governor during such vacancy or necessary absence, or until another governor shall be duly appointed to fill such vacancy.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power and power: how vest- authority of said Territory shall be vested in the governor and a legisla- legislative assembly. The legislative assembly shall consist of a assembly Council and House of Representatives. The Council shall consist of to consist of a thirteen members, having the qualifications of voters as hereinafter House of Rep- prescribed, whose term of service shall continue two years. The House of Representatives shall consist of twenty-six members, possessing the same qualifications as prescribed for members of the Council, Apportionment and whose term of service shall continue one year. An apportionment of representa- shall be made shall be made, as nearly equal as practicable, among the several counties or districts, for the election of the Council and House of Representatives, giving to each section of the Territory representation in the ratio of its population, (Indians excepted,) as nearly as may be. And the members of the Council and of the House of Representatives shall reside in, and be inhabitants of, the district for which they may A census to be be elected respectively. Previous to the first election, the governor taken previous shall cause a census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the several to the first eleccounties and districts of the Territory to be taken, and the first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and he shall, at the same time, declare the number of the members of the Council and House of Representatives to which each of the counties or districts Elections : how shall be entitled under this act. The number of persons authorized to be elected having the highest number of votes in each of said Council districts, for members of the Council, shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected to the Council; and the person or persons authorized to be elected having the greatest number of votes for the House of Representatives, equal to the number to which each county or district shall be entitled, shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected members of the House of Representatives: Provided, That in case of a tie between two or more persons voted for, the governor shall order a new election to supply the vacancy made by such tie. And the persons thus elected to the legislative assembly shall meet at such place and on such day as the governor shall appoint; but thereafter, the time, place, and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the apportioning the representation in the several counties or districts to the Council and House of Representatives according to the population, shall be prescribed by law, as well as the day of the commencement of the regular sessions of the

Secretary.

fined, &c.

ernor in certain contingencies.

Legislative eđ. The tive resentatives.

representation.

tion.

conducted.

Proviso.

legislative assembly: Provided, That no one session shall exceed viso. the term of forty days.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That every free white male inhabitant, above the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of said Territory at the time of the passage of this act, shall be entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eligible to any office within the said Territory; but the qualifications of voters and of holding office, at all subsequent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the legislative assembly : Provided, That the right of suffrage, and of holding office, shall be exercised only by citizens of the United States, including those recognized as citizens by the treaty with the republic of Mexico, concluded February second, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power of the SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power of the Legislative Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation, consistent power of the dewith the Constitution of the United States and the provisions of this fined. act; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the United States; nor shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. All the laws passed by the legislative assembly and governor shall be submitted submitted to the Congress of the United States, and, if disapproved, shall be null and of no effect.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That all township, district, and How township, county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed district, or elected, as the case may be, in such manner as shall be provided are to be appointby the governor and legislative assembly of the Territory of New ed. Mexico. The governor shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative Council, appoint, all officers not herein otherwise provided for; and in the first instance the governor alone may appoint all said officers, who shall hold their offices until the end of the first session of the legislative assembly, and shall lay off the necessary districts for members of the Council and House of Representatives, and all other officers.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That no member of the legislative assembly shall hold, or be appointed to, any office which shall the have been created, or the salary or emoluments of which shall have tain offices dur-have been created, or the salary or emoluments of which he ing his term been increased while he was a member, during the term for which he ing his term was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; and for one year was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; and for one year no person holding a commission or appointment under the United thereafter. Offi-States, except postmasters, shall be a member of the legislative as-sembly, or shall hold any office under the government of said Ter- cert postmas-ritory. The second second

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the judicial power of sembly. said Territory shall be vested in a Supreme Court, District Courts, The Probate Courts, and in justices of the peace. The Supreme Court power: in whom shall consist of a chief justice and two associate justices, any two of to be exercised. whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of government of said Territory annually, and they shall hold their offices during the period of four years. The said Territory shall be divided into three judicial districts, and a District Court shall be held District Courts. in each of said districts by one of the justices of the Supreme Court, at such time and place as may be prescribed by law; and the said judges shall, after their appointments, respectively, reside in the dis-tricts which shall be assigned them. The jurisdiction of the several of courts and of courts herein provided for, both appellate and original, and that of the justices of the Probate Courts and of justices of the peace, shall be as limited by law : peace, &c. Provided, That justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any matter in controversy when the title or boundaries of land may be in VOL. IX. PUB. - 57

Further pro-

Qualifications of voters.

Proviso.

Laws to he to

and officers

No member of the legislature shall hold cer-

judicial vested, and how

Proviso.

Clerk.

ror, &c.

Clerk.

and appeals shall be allowed, &c.

Exceptions.

Attorney and arshal: their marshal: fees and duties.

The governor, attorney marshal, --how

dispute, or where the debt or sum claimed shall exceed one hundred dollars; and the said Supreme and District Courts, respectively, shall possess chancery as well as common law jurisdiction. Each District Court, or the judge thereof, shall appoint its clerk, who shall also be the register in chancery, and shall keep his office at the place where Writs of er- the court may be held. Writs of error, bills of exception, and appeals. shall be allowed in all cases from the final decisions of said District Courts to the Supreme Court, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall trial by jury be allowed in said court. The Supreme Court, or the justices thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk shall hold his office at the pleasure of the court for which he shall have been ap-Writs of error pointed. Writs of error and appeals from the final decisions of said Supreme Court shall be allowed, and may be taken to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner and under the same regulations as from the Circuit Courts of the United States, where the value of the property or the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall exceed one thousand dollars; except only that in all cases involving title to slaves, the said writs of error or appeals shall be allowed and decided by the said Supreme Court without regard to the value of the matter, property, or title in controversy; and except also that a writ of error or appeal shall also be allowed to the Supreme Court of the United States from the decision of the said Supreme Court created by this act, or of any judge thereof, or of the District Courts created by this act, or of any judge thereof, upon any writ of habeas corpus involving the question of personal freedom; and each of the said District Courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction in all cases arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States as is vested in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States; and the said Supreme and District Courts of the said Territory, and the respective judges thereof, shall and may grant writs of habeas corpus in all cases in which the same are grantable by the judges of the United States in the District of Columbia; and the first six days of every term of said courts, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be appropriated to the trial of causes arising under the said Constitution and laws; and writs of error and appeals in all such cases shall be made to the Supreme Court of said Territory, the same as in other cases. The Fees of clerk. said clerk shall receive in all such cases the same fees which the clerks of the District Courts of Oregon Territory now receive for similar

services.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed an attorney for said Territory, who shall continue in office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall receive the same fees and salary as the attorney of the United States for the There shall also be a marshal for the present Territory of Oregon. Territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall execute all processes issuing from the said courts when exercising their jurisdiction as Circuit and District Courts of the United States : he shall perform the duties, be subject to the same regulation and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees as the marshal of the District Court of the United States for the present Territory of Oregon, and shall, in addition, be paid

two hundred [dollars] annually as a compensation for extra services. SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the governor, secretary, secretary, chief justice and associate justices, attorney and marshal, shall be justice, and as- chief justice and associate justices, attorney and marshal, shall be sociate justices, nominated, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and appointed by the President of the United States. The governor and to be appointed. secretary, to be appointed as aforesaid, shall, before they act as such, respectively take an oath or affirmation, before the district judge, or some justice of the peace in the limits of said Territory, duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws now in force therein, or before the chief justice or some associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, to support the Constitution of the United States, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices; which said oaths, when so taken, shall be certified by the person by whom the same shall have been taken, and such certificates shall be received and recorded by the said secretary among the executive proceedings; and the chief justice and associate justices, and all other civil officers in said Territory, before they act as such, shall take a like oath or affirmation, before the said governor or secretary, or some judge or justice of the peace of the Territory, who may be duly commissioned and qualified, which said oath or affirmation shall be certified and transmitted, by the person taking the same, to the secretary, to be by him recorded as aforesaid; and afterwards, the like oath or affirmation shall be taken, certified, and recorded, in such manner and form as may be prescribed by law. The governor shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars as governor, and ernor. one thousand dollars as superintendent of Indian affairs. The chief chief justice and justice and associate justices shall each receive an annual salary of associate eighteen hundred dollars. The secretary shall receive an annual Sec salary of eighteen hundred dollars. The said salaries shall be paid lary. quarter-yearly, at the treasury of the United States. The members of members of of the legislative assembly shall be entitled to receive three dollars the legislative each per day during their attendance at the sessions thereof, and three assembly. dollars each for every twenty miles' travel in going to and returning from the said sessions, estimated according to the nearest usually travelled route. There shall be appropriated annually the sum of one thousand dollars, to be expended by the governor, to defray the contingent expenses of the Territory; there shall also be appropriated penses provided annually a sufficient sum to be expended by the secretary of the Territory, and upon an estimate to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the legislative assembly, the printing of the laws, and other incidental expenses; and the secretary of the Territory shall annually account to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States for the manner in which the aforesaid sum shall have been expended.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the legislative assem- Legislative asbly of the Territory of New Mexico shall hold its first session at sembly to hold such time and place in said Territory as the Governor thereof shall as directed by appoint and direct; and at said first session, or as soon thereafter as the governor. they shall deem expedient, the governor and legislative assembly shall proceed to locate and establish the seat of government for said ernment. Territory at such place as they may deem eligible; which place, however, shall thereafter be subject to be changed by the said governor and legislative assembly.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House SEC. 14. And be it jurther enacted, 1 has a delegate to the fronts be elected to of Representatives of the United States, to serve during each Congress be congress of the of the United States, may be elected by the voters qualified to elect U.S. members of the legislative assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several other Territories of the United States to the said House of Representatives. The first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and at all subsequent elections, the times, places, and manner of holding the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected, and a certificate thereof shall be given

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A delegate to

Proviso.

Lands to be surveyed: how to be disposed of.

schools.

Judicial districts: how defined.

The Constituco.

Provisions of boundary is adjusted.

p. 1005.

Citizens' rights protected.

accordingly: Provided, That such delegate shall receive no higher sum for mileage than is allowed by law to the delegate from Oregon.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in said Territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sec-

tions numbered sixteen and thirty-six in each township in said Ter-Reservation for ritory shall be, and the same are hereby, reserved for the purpose of being applied to schools in said Territory, and in the States and Territories hereafter to be erected out of the same.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That temporarily and until otherwise provided by law, the governor of said Territory may define the judicial districts of said Territory, and assign the judges who may be appointed for said Territory to the several districts, and also appoint the times and places for holding courts in the several counties or subdivisions in each of said judicial districts, by proclamation to be issued by him; but the legislative assembly, at their first or any subsequent session, may organize, alter, or modify such judicial districts, and assign the judges, and alter the times and places of holding the courts, as to them shall seem proper and convenient

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That the Constitution, and all tion and applica-ble laws of the United States which are not locally inapplicable, shall have U. S. extended the same force and effect within the said Territory of New Mexico as over New Mexi- elsewhere within the United States.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of this act this act to be sus- be, and they are hereby, suspended until the boundary between the pended until the United States and the State of Texas shall be adjusted; and when such adjustment shall have been effected, the President of the United Proclamation. States shall issue his proclamation, declaring this act to be in full force See Appendix, and operation, and shall proceed to appoint the officers herein provided to be appointed in and for said Territory.

> SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That no citizen of the United States shall be deprived of his life, liberty, or property, in said Territory, except by the judgment of his peers and the laws of the land.

APPROVED, September 9, 1850.

Sept. 9, 1850. CHAP. L. - An Act for the Admission of the State of California into the Union.

Preamble.

Whereas the people of California have presented a constitution and asked admission into the Union, which constitution was submitted to Congress by the President of the United States, by message dated February thirteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty, and which, on duc examination, is found to be republican in its form of government:

California declared to be one of the United States.

Entitled to two representatives until an enumeration is made.

Admitted into the Union upon certain express conditions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of California shall be one, and is hereby declared to be one, of the United States of America, and admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States in all respects whatever

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, until the representatives in Congress shall be apportioned according to an actual enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, the State of California shall be entitled to two representatives in Congress.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said State of California is admitted into the Union upon the express condition that the people of said State, through their legislature or otherwise, shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the public lands within its limits, and shall pass no law and do no act whereby the title of the United States to, and right to dispose of, the same shall be impaired or questioned;

and that they shall never lay any tax or assessment of any description whatsoever upon the public domain of the United States, and in no case shall non-resident proprietors, who are citizens of the United States, be taxed higher than residents; and that all the navigable waters within the said State shall be common highways, and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of said State as to the citizens of the United States, without any tax, impost, or duty therefor: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as recognizing or rejecting the propositions tendered by the people of California as articles of compact in the ordinance adopted by the convention which formed the constitution of that State.

APPROVED, September 9, 1850.

CHAP. LI. - An Act to establish a Territorial Government for Utah.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all that part of United States of America in Congress assemuce, I hat all that part of of the Territory the territory of the United States included within the following limits, of Utah defined to wit: bounded on the west by the State of California, on the north by the Territory of Oregon, and on the east by the summit of the Rocky Mountains, and on the south by the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude, be, and the same is hereby, created into a temporary government, by the name of the Territory of Utah; and, when admitted as a State, the said Territory, or any portion of the same, shall be received into the Union, with or without slavery, as their constitution may prescribe at the time of their admission : Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall be construed to inhibit the government of the United States from dividing said Territory into two or more Territories, in such manner and at such times as Congress shall deem convenient and proper, or from attaching any portion of said Territory to any other State or Territory of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the executive power and Executive powauthority in and over said Territory of Utah shall be vested in a gov- er vested in a governor: his ernor, who shall hold his office for four years, and until his successor duties defined. shall be appointed and qualified, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States. The governor shall reside within said Territory, shall be commander-in-chief of the militia thereof, shall perform the duties and receive the emoluments of superintendent of Indian affairs, and shall approve all laws passed by the legislative assembly before they shall take effect: he may grant pardons for offences against the laws of said Territory, and reprieves for offences against the laws of the United States, until the decision of the President can be made known thereon; he shall commission all officers who shall be appointed to office under the laws of the said Territory, and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be a secretary of said Territory, who shall reside therein, and hold his office for four duties defined. years, unless sooner removed by the President of the United States: he shall record and preserve all the laws and proceedings of the legislative assembly hereinafter constituted, and all the acts and proceedings of the governor in his executive department; he shall transmit one copy of the laws and one copy of the executive proceedings, on or before the first day of December in each year, to the President of the United States, and, at the same time, two copies of the laws to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate, for the use of Congress. And in the case of the death, removal, resignation, or other necessary absence of the governor from ernor in certain the Territory, the secretary shall have, and he is hereby authorized contingencies.

Sept. 9, 1850.

Proviso.

The boundary of the Territory

Proviso.

Secretary : his

To act as gov-

and required to execute and perform, all the powers and duties of the governor during such vacancy or necessary absence, or until another governor shall be duly appointed to fill such wacancy.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power and power: how vest- authority of said Territory shall be vested in the governor and a legislative assembly. The legislative assembly shall consist of a tive assembly to Council and House of Representatives. The Council shall consist of consist of acount thirteen members, having the qualifications of voters as hereinafter pre-Representatives, scribed, whose term of service shall continue two years. The House The Council of Representatives shall consist of twenty-six members, possessing the shall consist of same qualifications as prescribed for members of the Council, and bers, and the whose term of service shall continue one year. An apportionment House of Repre- shall be made, as nearly equal as practicable, among the several coun-sentatives of House of Repreties or districts, for the election of the Council and House of Representatives, giving to each section of the Territory representation in the ratio of its population, Indians excepted, as nearly as may be. And the members of the Council and of the House of Representatives shall reside in, and be inhabitants of, the district for which they may be Previous to the elected respectively. Previous to the first election, the governor shall cause a census or enumeration of the inhabitants of the several counties and districts of the Territory to be taken, and the first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and he shall, at the same time, declare the number of members of the Council and House of Representatives to which each of the counties or districts shall be entitled under this act. The number of persons authorized to be elected having the highest number of votes in each of said Council districts for members of the Council, shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected to the Council; and the person or persons authorized to be elected having the highest number of votes for the House of Representatives, equal to the number to which each county or district shall be entitled, shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected members of the House of Representatives: Provided, That in case of a tie between two or more persons voted for, the governor shall order a new election to supply the vacancy made by such a tie. And the persons thus elected to the legislative assembly shall meet at such place, and on such day, as the governor shall appoint; but thereafter, the time, place, and manner of holding and conducting all elections by the people, and the apportioning the representation in the several counties or districts to the Council and House of Representatives, according to population, shall be prescribed by law, as well as the day of the commencement of the regular sessions of the legislative assembly: pro- Provided, That no one session shall exceed the term of forty days.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That every free white male inhabitant above the age of twenty-one years, who shall have been a resident of said Territory at the time of the passage of this act, shall be entitled to vote at the first election, and shall be eligible to any office within the said Territory; but the qualifications of voters and of holding office, at all subsequent elections, shall be such as shall be prescribed by the legislative assembly : Provided, That the right of suffrage and of holding office shall be exercised only by citizens of the United States, including those recognized as citizens by the treaty with the republic of Mexico, concluded February second, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the legislative power of said Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation, consistent with the Constitution of the United States and the provisions of this act; but no law shall be passed interfering with the primary disposal of the soil; no tax shall be imposed upon the property of the

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first election, a census to be taken.

Elections : how conducted.

Proviso.

Further viso. Qualifications of voters.

Proviso.

Legislative power of the Territory defined.

United States; nor shall the lands or other property of non-residents be taxed higher than the lands or other property of residents. All the laws passed by the legislative assembly and governor shall be submitted to the Congress of the United States, and, if disapproved, shall be null and of no effect.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all township, district, and SEC. 7. And be it juriner endited, that an township, district, and district, county officers, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be appointed or district, county elected, as the case may be, in such manner as shall be provided by are to the governor and legislative assembly of the territory of Utah. The pointed. governor shall nominate, and, by and with the advice and consent of the legislative Council, appoint all officers not herein otherwise provided for; and in the first instance the governor alone may appoint all said officers, who shall hold their offices until the end of the first session of the legislative assembly, and shall lay off the necessary districts for members of the Council and House of Representatives, and all other offices.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That no member of the legislative assembly shall hold or be appointed to any office which legislative shall have been created, or the salary or emoluments of which shall certain have been increased while he was a member, during the term for which during his term he was elected, and for one year after the expiration of such term; of election, or year and no person holding a commission or appointment under the United thereafter. States, except postmasters, shall be a member of the legislative assem- cers of the Uni-

bly, or shall hold any office under the government of said Territory ten blates, ex-SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the judicial power of said ters, not to be Territory shall be vested in a Supreme Court, District Courts, Probate members of as-sembly. or hold Courts, and in justices of the peace. The Supreme Court shall consist office. of a chief justice and two associate justices, any two of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold a term at the seat of govern- power: in whom ment of said Territory annually, and they shall hold their offices during to be exercised. the period of four years. The said Territory shall be divided into three judicial districts, and a District Court shall be held in each of said districts by one of the justices of the Supreme Court, at such time and place as may be prescribed by law; and the said judges shall, after their appointments, respectively, reside in the districts which shall be assigned them. The jurisdiction of the several courts herein provided for, both appellate and original, and that of the Probate Courts courts and jusand of justices of the peace, shall be as limited by law: Provided, peace, etc. That justices of the peace shall not have jurisdiction of any matter in controversy when the title or boundaries of land may be in dispute, or where the debt or sum claimed shall exceed one hundred dollars; and the said Supreme and District Courts, respectively, shall Each Dispossess chancery as well as common law jurisdiction. trict Court, or the judge thereof, shall appoint its clerk, who shall also be the register in chancery, and shall keep his office at the place where the court may be held. Writs of error, bills of exception, and appeals shall be allowed in all cases from the final decisions of said District &c. Courts to the Supreme Court, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law; but in no case removed to the Supreme Court shall trial by jury be allowed in said court. The Supreme Court, or the justices thereof, shall appoint its own clerk, and every clerk shall hold his office at the pleasure of the court for which he shall have been appointed. Writs of error, and appeals from the final decisions of said Supreme Court, shall be allowed, and may be taken to the Supreme and appeals shall Court of the United States, in the same manner and under the same regulations as from the Circuit Courts of the United States, where the value of the property or the amount in controversy, to be ascertained by the oath or affirmation of either party, or other competent witness, shall exceed one thousand dollars, except only that, in all

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cases involving title to slaves, the said writs of error or appeals shall be allowed and decided by the said Supreme Court, without regard to the value of the matter, property, or title in controversy; and except, also, that a writ of error or appeal shall also be allowed to the Supreme Court of the United States, from the decisions of the said Supreme Court created by this act, or of any judge thereof, or of the District Courts created by this act, or of any judge thereof, upon any writ of habeas corpus involving the question of personal freedom; and each of the said District Courts shall have and exercise the same jurisdiction in all cases arising under the Constitution and laws of the United States as is vested in the Circuit and District Courts of the United States: and the said Supreme and District Courts of the said Ter ritory, and the respective judges thereof, shall and may grant writs of habeas corpus in all cases in which the same are granted by the judges of the United States in the District of Columbia; and the first six days of every term of said courts, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be appropriated to the trial of causes arising under the said Constitution and laws; and writs of error and appeal, in all such cases, shall be made to the Supreme Court of said Territory, the same as in other cases. The said clerk shall receive in all such cases the same fees which the clerks of the District Courts of Oregon Territory now receive for similar services.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed an attorney for said Territory, who shall continue in office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall receive the same fees and salary as the attorney of the United States for the present Territory of Oregon. There shall also be a marshal for the Territory appointed, who shall hold his office for four years, unless sooner removed by the President, and who shall execute all processes issuing from the said courts, when exercising their jurisdiction as Circuit and District Courts of the United States: he shall perform the duties, be subject to the same regulation and penalties, and be entitled to the same fees as the marshal of the District Court of the United States for the present Territory of Oregon; and shall, in addition, be paid two hundred dollars annually as a compensation for extra services.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the governor, secretary, chief justice and associate justices, attorney and marshal, shall be nominated, and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appointed by the President of the United States. The governor and secretary to be appointed as aforesaid shall, before they act as such, respectively, take an oath or affirmation, before the district judge, or some justice of the peace in the limits of said Territory, duly authorized to administer oaths and affirmations by the laws now in force therein, or before the chief justice or some associate justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, to support the Constitution of the United States, and faithfully to discharge the duties of their respective offices; which said oaths, when so taken, shall be certified by the person by whom the same shall have been taken, and such certificates shall be received and recorded by the said secretary among the executive proceedings; and the chief justice and associate justices, and all other civil officers in said Territory, before they act as such, shall take a like oath or affirmation, before the said governor or secretary, or some judge or justice of the peace of the Territory who may be duly commissioned and qualified, which said oath or affirmation shall be certified and transmitted, by the person taking the same, to the secretary, to be by him recorded as aforesaid; and afterwards, the like oath or affirmation shall be taken, certified, and recorded, in such man-Salary of gov- ner and form as may be prescribed by law. The governor shall receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars as governor, and one

Fees of clerk.

Attorney and arshal: their marshal: fees and duties.

Governor, sec-retary, chief justice and associate justices, attorney and mar-shal: how to be appointed. Oaths.

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thousand dollars as superintendent of Indian affairs. The chief justice and associate justices shall each receive an annual salary of eigh-teen hundred dollars. The secretary shall receive an annual salary salary of sec-teen hundred dollars. The secretary shall receive an annual salary salary of secof eighteen hundred dollars. The said salaries shall be paid quarter- retary. yearly, at the treasury of the United States. The members of the legislative assembly shall be entitled to receive three dollars each per of members of day during their attendance at the sessions thereof, and three dollars assembly. each for twenty miles' travel, in going to and returning from the said sessions, estimated according to the nearest usually travelled route. There shall be appropriated annually the sum of one thousand dollars, to be expended by the governor, to defray the contingent expenses of penses provided the Territory. There shall also be appropriated, annually, a sufficient sum, to be expended by the secretary of the Territory, and upon an estimate to be made by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to defray the expenses of the legislative assembly, the printing of the laws, and other incidental expenses; and the secretary of the Territory shall annually account to the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States for the manner in which the aforesaid sum shall have been expended.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the legislative assembly of the Territory of Utah shall hold its first session at such time and sembly to hold its first sessions place in said Territory as the governor thereof shall appoint and direct; as directed by and at said first session, or as soon thereafter as they shall deem expe- the dient, the governor and legislative assembly shall proceed to locate and establish the seat of government for said Territory at such place as they may deem eligible; which place, however, shall thereafter be ernment. subject to be changed by the said governor and legislative assembly. And the sum of twenty thousand dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, is hereby appropriated and granted to for public buildsaid Territory of Utah to be applied by the governor and legislative assembly to the erection of suitable public buildings at the seat of government.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That a delegate to the House SEC. 13. And of it further enacted, i had a delegate to the labour be elected to of Representatives of the United States, to serve during each Congress be elected to Congress of the of the United States, may be elected by the voters qualified to elect United States. members of the legislative assembly, who shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges as are exercised and enjoyed by the delegates from the several other Territories of the United States to the said House of Representatives. The first election shall be held at such time and places, and be conducted in such manner, as the governor shall appoint and direct; and at all subsequent elections, the times, places, and manner of holding the elections shall be prescribed by law. The person having the greatest number of votes shall be declared by the governor to be duly elected, and a certificate thereof shall be given accordingly: Provided, That said delegate shall receive no higher sum for mileage than is allowed by law to the delegate from Oregon.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any moneys in for the purchase the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended by and under the direction of the said governor of the territory of Utah, in the purchase of a library, to be kept at the seat of government for the use of the governor, legislative assembly, judges of the Supreme Court, secretary, marshal, and attorney of said Territory, and such other persons, and under such regulations, as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That when the lands in the said Territory shall be surveyed under the direction of the government of the United States, preparatory to bringing the same into market, sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in each township in said Territory shall be, and the same are hereby, reserved for the purpose of Vol. IX. PUB. - 58

Salary of chief

Compensation legislative

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Appropriation of a library.

Lands to be surveyed, how to be disposed of.

being applied to schools in said Territory, and in the States and Territories hereafter to be erected out of the same.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That temporarily, and until how de- otherwise provided by law, the governor of said Territory may define the judicial districts of said Territory, and assign the judges who may be appointed for said Territory to the several districts, and also appoint the times and places for holding courts in the several counties or subdivisions in each of said judicial districts, by proclamation to be issued by him; but the legislative assembly, at their first or any subsequent session, may organize, alter, or modify such judicial districts, and assign the judges, and alter the times and places of holding the courts, as to them shall seem proper and convenient.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That the Constitution and laws of the United States are hereby extended over and declared to be in extend over the force in said Territory of Utah, so far as the same, or any provision of thereof, may be applicable.

APPROVED, September 9, 1850.

Sept. 16, 1850. CHAP. LII. - An Act to authorize Notaries Public to take and certify Oaths, Affirmations, and Acknowledgments in certain Cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the &c., United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases in made before notaries, to have which, under the laws of the United States, oaths, or affirmations, or force acknowledgments may now be taken or made before any justice or jusas if taken before tices of the peace of any State or Territory, such oaths, affirmations, justices of the justices of the peace of any state of any state of any state of the peace. Perjury or acknowledgments may be hereafter also taken or made by or before punishable as in any notary public duly appointed in any State or Territory, and, when certified under the hand and official seal of such notary, shall have the same force and effect as if taken or made by or before such justice or justices of the peace. And all laws and parts of laws for punishing perjury, or subornation of perjury, committed in any such oaths or affirmations, when taken or made before any such justice of the peace, shall apply to any such offence committed in any oaths or affirmations which may be taken under this act before a notary public, or commissioner, as hereinafter named : Provided always, That on any trial for either of these offences, the seal and signature of the notary shall not be deemed sufficient in themselves to establish the official character of such notary, but the same shall be shown by other and proper evidence.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all the powers and authority conferred in and by the preceding section of this act upon notaries public be, and the same are hereby, vested in, and may be exercised by, any commissioner appointed, or hereafter to be appointed, by any Circuit Court of the United States, under any act of Congress authorizing the appointment of commissioners to take bail, affidavits, or depositions, in causes pending in the courts of the United States.

APPROVED, September 16, 1850.

Sept. 16, 1850.

CHAP. LIII. - An Act to extend the Port of New Orleans.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Port of New United States of America in Congress assembled, That the port of New Orleans extend- Orleans shall be, and is hereby, so extended as to embrace the whole parish of New Orleans on both sides of the Mississippi River. APPROVED, September 16, 1850.

Judicial district : fined.

The Constitution and laws of the U. States to Territory Utah so far as applicable.

Oaths,

the same

other cases.

Proviso.

Commissioners appointed by Cir-

cuit Courts, to

exercise powers above defined.

CHAP. LIV. — An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Military Academy for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.	Sept. 16, 1850.
Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.	Appropriation.
For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, eighty-seven thousand four hundred and thirty-six dollars.	Pay.
For commutation of subsistence, two thousand two hundred and sixty-three dollars.	Commutation.
For forage of officers' horses, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars: Provided, That hereafter, in lieu of the pay proper, ordinary rations,	Forage.
forage, and servants, heretofore received under the provisions of the	Proviso.
act of April twelfth, [twenty-ninth,] eighteen hundred and twelve, the professors of engineers, philosophy, mathematics, ethics, and chem-	1812, ch. 72. Professors' sal-
istry, shall be entitled to receive two thousand dollars each, per an- num; and the professors of drawing and French, fifteen hundred	aries. 1851, ch. 22.
dollars each, per annum. For clothing for officers' servants, thirty dollars. For repairs, fuel, apparatus, forage for public horses and oxen, sta-	Servants' cloth
tionery, printing, and other incidental and contingent expenses, twenty- eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-four dollars.	Incidental and contingent.
For the increase and expenses of the library, one thousand dollars.	Library.
For expenses of the board of visitors, two thousand five hundred and	Board of visit-
seventeen dollars and forty-seven cents.	ors.
For barracks for cadets, forty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.	Barracks.

For new mess-hall, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For hospital for enlisted men, two thousand dollars.

For erecting permanent guard-house and commissary store, three Guard thousand dollars.

APPROVED, September 16, 1850.

CHAP. LV. - An Act to provide for the Printing of the Annual Report upon Commerce and Navigation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the annual report upon be completed as commerce and navigation to be completed at as early a day before the ble. first Monday in January in each year as is practicable.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, Then when completed, or in the course of its progress towards completion, if that will give despatch and ready for deto the business, the work of printing, under the superintendence of day of January said Secretary, shall be commenced, and the whole shall be printed and annually. ready for delivery on or before the first day of January next ensuing the close of the fiscal year to which the report relates.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, until Congress shall otherwise direct, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be printed, in pies, and distrithe same manner as other printing of the Department, twenty thousand copies of said report, which shall be distributed as follows : first, the usual number for the use of the members of the two Houses and their officers; second, five hundred copies for the use of the Treasury Department; and thirdly, as nearly as may be, five thousand copies to the Senate, and thirteen thousand copies to the House, to be distributed by the members of each House.

Sept. 16, 1850.

The report to early as practica-

To be printed

Number of cobution.

Mess-hall.

Hospital.

and storehouse.

Binding.

Proviso.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the report aforesaid, except such as are to be bound with other public documents, shall be substantially bound: Provided, That the expense thereof shall not exceed twelve and a half cents for each copy. APPROVED, September 16, 1850.

Sept. 16, 1850. CHAP. LVI. - An Act making Appropriations for the Service of the Post-Office Department, during the fiscal Year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Appropriation. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Pay of officers, clerks, &c.

Proviso.

For compensation of three assistant postmasters-general, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, and watchmen of said Department, ninety-six thousand three hundred and sixty-five dollars: Provided, That this appropriation shall be in lieu of any other appropriation heretofore made for the objects contemplated by this provision.

For compensation of the superintendent of the Post-Office building, .Post-Office two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Department, viz. : for blank books, binding, stationery, fuel and oil, printing, labor, day watching, and for arrears of contingencies in the fiscal year ending thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, nine thousand two hundred and ninety-two dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

For repairs of the General Post-Office building, office furniture, painting, glazing, papering, and brick work, including sums now due for like objects of expenditure, five thousand and eighty-three dollars.

For fitting with three-ply carpets sixty rooms in the General Post-Office building, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For painting the interior of the General Post-Office building, including the passages and stairways, five thousand dollars.

- For compensation of the auditor of the Post-Office Department, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, eighty-five thousand eight hundred dollars.
- Fifteen additional clerks.

Contingent expenses.

Miscellaneous.

Additional two watchmen.

For compensation of fifteen additional clerks, four at one thousand four hundred dollars each, four at one thousand two hundred dollars each, and seven at one thousand dollars each, per annum, seventeen thousand four hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said office, viz. : for blank books, binding, stationery, labor, printing blanks and circulars, five thousand seven hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars : and the Postmaster-General is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to dispose of, to the best advantage, any quarterly returns of mails sent or received which were made up previous to eighteen hundred and forty-five, preserving the accounts current, and all vouchers accompanying such accounts, and to use such portion of the proceeds thereof as may be necessary to defray the cost of separating and disposing of the same.

For additional compensation to two night watchmen in the General compensation to Post-Office building from first July, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and-fifty-one, so as to place them on the same footing as the watchmen in the other executive buildings, and to correct an error in the act making appropriations for the civil

Superintendent of building. Contingent ex-

penses.

Miscellaneous. Repairs of Post-Office building.

Carpeting.

Painting.

Auditor, clerks, &c.

nd diplomatic expenses of government for the year commencing first July, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, whereby one hundred and thirty dollars was appropriated for the "messenger" instead of the two watchmen in the Post-Office Department, (acts second session, thirtieth Congress, page 62,) two hundred and sixty dollars; and the said clause making an appropriation of additional compensation of one hundred and thirty dollars for messenger of Post-Office Department is hereby repealed.

For transportation of the mails, including the service in California and Oregon, two million nine hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For transportation of the mails in two steamships from New York, by Southampton, to Bremen, at one hundred thousand dollars for each to Bremen. ship, under the contract with the Ocean Steam Navigation Company of New York; and for transportation by two ships, under the same contract, from New York to Havre, at seventy-five thousand dollars each, in addition to unexpended balance of former appropriations, to Havre. sixty-six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars : Provided, That the steamships to Havre shall be constructed according to the requirements of the act of third of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, providing for the transportation of the mail between the United States and foreign countries, and shall perform with the speed required in the contract of second February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven; and that the two steamships to Bremen shall, from and after the first June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, comply, in all respects, with the requirements of said act of one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and shall perform mail service with the speed required by the contract aforesaid.

For transportation of the mails between Charleston and Havana, by From Charlesway of Key West, calling at Savannah, under the contract with M. C. ton to Havana. Mordecai, fifty thousand dollars.

For transportation of the mails across the Isthmus of Panama, thir- Across Isthmus ty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation to postmasters, one million four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, forty-five thousand dollars. For wrapping paper, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For office furniture, (in the post-offices,) eight thousand dollars.

For advertising, sixty-five thousand dollars.

For mail bags, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For blanks, twenty-eight thousand dollars.

For mail locks, keys, and stamps, ten thousand dollars.

For mail depredations, and special agents, thirty thousand dollars. For clerks for offices, (in the post-offices,) three hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous, seventy thousand dollars.

For publishing new editions of the post-office laws and regulations, laws. and of the table of post-offices, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General be, Postmaster-and he is hereby, authorized to pay out of any money in the treasury balances due at the credit of the Post-Office Department, all such balances as have, General P. Office or may hereafter, become due to the General Post-Office of London, of London. upon the adjustment of the quarterly accounts arising out of the Postal Convention, concluded December fifteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, between the United States and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

APPROVED, September 16, 1850.

1849, ch. 100.

Transportation of mails.

From N. York

From N. Yorl

Proviso.

1845, ch. 69.

of Panama.

Compensation to postmasters.

Ship, steamboat, and way letters. Wrapping paper

Office furniture . Advertising. Mail bags. Blanks. keys, Locks,

and stamps.

Depredations and agents.

Clerks. Miscellaneous

Publishing

Postmaster-

Sept. 18, 1850.

1793, ch. 7.

to execute the powers and duties of this act.

1789, ch. 20.

To be appoint-ed by the Superior Court of each Territory.

ties.

Courts authorized to enlarge the number of commissioners.

Jurisdiction of commissionconcurrent ers of with that grant certificates to take fugitives from service.

Duty of mar-

Penalty refusing to execute the same.

of a fugitive escaping after his arrest.

CHAP. LX. - An Act to amend, and supplementary to, the Act entitled "An Act respecting Fugitives from Justice, and Persons escaping from the Service of approved February twelfth, one thousand seven hundred and their Masters," ninety-three.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commissioners United States of America in congress assembled, That the persons who have been, or may hereafter be, appointed commissioners, in virtue of any act of Congress, by the Circuit Courts of the United States, and who, in consequence of such appointment, are authorized to exercise the powers that any justice of the peace, or other magistrate of any of the United States, may exercise in respect to offenders for any crime or offence against the United States, by arresting, imprisoning, or bailing the same under and by virtue of the thirty-third section of the act of the twenty-fourth of September seventeen hundred and eightynine, entitled "An Act to establish the judicial courts of the United States," shall be, and are hereby, authorized and required to exercise and discharge all the powers and duties conferred by this act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Superior Court of each organized Territory of the United States shall have the same power to appoint commissioners to take acknowledgements of bail and affidavits, and to take depositions of witnesses in civil causes, which is now possessed by the Circuit Court of the United States; and all commissioners who shall hereafter be appointed for such purposes by the Superior Court of any organized Territory of the United States, shall possess all Powers and du- the powers, and exercise all the duties, conferred by law upon the commissioners appointed by the Circuit Courts of the United States for similar purposes, and shall moreover exercise and discharge all the powers and duties conferred by this act.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Circuit Courts of the United States, and the Superior Courts of each organized Territory of the United States, shall from time to time enlarge the number of commissioners, with a view to afford reasonable facilities to reclaim fugitives from labor, and to the prompt discharge of the duties imposed by this act.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners above named shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the judges of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States, in their respective cirjudges, and shall cuits and districts within the several States, and the judges of the Superior Courts of the Territories, severally and collectively, in termtime and vacation; and shall grant certificates to such claimants, upon satisfactory proof being made, with authority to take and remove such fugitives from service or labor, under the restrictions herein contained, to the State or Territory from which such persons may have escaped or fled.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of all shals and depu- marshals and deputy marshals to obey and execute all warrants and precepts issued under the provisions of this act, when to them directed; and should any marshal or deputy marshal refuse to receive such warrant, or other process, when tendered, or to use all proper means dilifor gently to execute the same, he shall, on conviction thereof, be fined in the sum of one thousand dollars, to the use of such claimant, on the motion of such claimant, by the Circuit or District Court for the district of such marshal; and after arrest of such fugitive, by such marshal or his deputy, or whilst at any time in his custody under the provisions of this act, should such fugitive escape, whether with or without Liable for value the assent of such marshal or his deputy, such marshal shall be liable, on his official bond, to be prosecuted for the benefit of such claimant, for the full value of the service or labor of said fugitive in the State,

Territory, or District whence he escaped : and the better to enable the said commissioners, when thus appointed, to execute their duties faithfully and efficiently, in conformity with the requirements of the Constitution of the United States and of this act, they are hereby authorized and empowered, within their counties respectively, to appoint, in writing under their hands, any one or more suitable persons, from time authorized to apto time, to execute all such warrants and other process as may be execute warrants issued by them in the lawful performance of their respective duties; issued by them. with authority to such commissioners, or the persons to be appointed by them, to execute process as aforesaid, to summon and call to their aid the bystanders, or posse comitatus of the proper county, when necessary to ensure a faithful observance of the clause of the Constitution referred to, in conformity with the provisions of this act; and all good citizens are hereby commanded to aid and assist in the prompt and efficient execution of this law, whenever their services may der aid. be required, as aforesaid, for that purpose; and said warrants shall run, and be executed by said officers, any where in the State within which they are issued.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That when a person held to service or labor in any State or Territory of the United States, has here-service may be tofore or shall hereafter escape into another State or Territory of the owner or author-United States, the person or persons to whom such service or labor ized agent, by may be due, or his, her, or their agent or attorney, duly authorized, by judge, or com power of attorney, in writing, acknowledged and certified under the missioner for ap seal of some legal officer or court of the State or Territory in which prehension. the same may be executed, may pursue and reclaim such fugitive person, either by procuring a warrant from some one of the courts, judges, or commissioners aforesaid, of the proper circuit, district, or county, for the apprehension of such fugitive from service or labor, or by seizing and arresting such fugitive, where the same can be done without process, and by taking, or causing such person to be taken, forthwith before such court, judge, or commissioner, whose duty it shall be to Duties of court, hear and determine the case of such claimant in a summary manner; judge, or and upon satisfactory proof being made, by deposition or affidavit, in cases of trial writing, to be taken and certified by such court, judge, or commissioner, or by other satisfactory testimony, duly taken and certified by some court, magistrate, justice of the peace, or other legal officer authorized to administer an oath and take depositions under the laws of the State or Territory from which such person owing service or labor may have escaped, with a certificate of such magistracy or other authority, as aforesaid, with the seal of the proper court or officer thereto attached, which seal shall be sufficient to establish the competency of the proof, and with proof, also by affidavit, of the identity of the person whose service or labor is claimed to be due as aforesaid, that the person so arrested does in fact owe service or labor to the person or persons claiming him or her, in the State or Territory from which such fugitive may have escaped as aforesaid, and that said person escaped, to make out and deliver to such claimant, his or her agent or attorney, a certificate setting forth the substantial facts as to the service or labor due from such fugitive to the claimant, and of his or her escape from the State or Territory in which such service or labor was due, to the State or Territory in which he or she was arrested, with authority to such claimant, or his or her agent or attorney, to use such reasonable force and restraint as may be necessary, under the circumstances of the case, to take and remove such fugitive person back to the State or Territory whence he or she may have escaped as aforesaid. In no trial or hearing under this act shall the testimony of such alleged fugitive be admitted in evidence; and the certificates in this and the fugitive not adfirst [fourth] section mentioned, shall be conclusive of the right of the mitted.

Commissioners

Citizens to ren-

Fugitives from

missioner, in

Testimony of

person or persons in whose favor granted, to remove such fugitive to the State or Territory from which he escaped, and shall prevent all molestation of such person or persons by any process issued by any court, judge, magistrate, or other person whomsoever.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That any person who shall knowknowingly hin-dering the arrest ingly and willingly obstruct, hinder, or prevent such claimant, his agent of a fugitive, or or attorney, or any person or persons lawfully assisting him, her, or to them, from arresting such a fugitive from service or labor, either with custody, or aid- or without process as aforesaid, or shall rescue, or attempt to rescue. ing to escape, or such fugitive from service or labor, from the custody of such claimant, harboring, shall his or her agent or attorney, or other person or persons lawfully assisting as aforesaid, when so arrested, pursuant to the authority herein given and declared; or shall aid, abet, or assist such person so owing service or labor as aforesaid, directly or indirectly, to escape from such claimant, his agent or attorney, or other person or persons legally authorized as aforesaid; or shall harbor or conceal such fugitive, so as to prevent the discovery and arrest of such person, after notice or knowledge of the fact that such person was a fugitive from service or labor as aforesaid, shall, for either of said offences, be subject to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment not exceeding six months, by indictment and conviction before the District Court of the United States for the district in which such offence may have been committed, or before the proper court of criminal jurisdiction, if committed within any one of the organized Territories of the United States; and shall moreover forfeit and pay, by way of civil damages to the party injured by such illegal conduct, the sum of one thousand dollars, for each fugitive so lost as aforesaid, to be recovered by action of debt, in any of the District or Territorial Courts aforesaid, within

whose jurisdiction the said offence may have been committed. SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the marshals, their deputies, and the clerks of the said District and Territorial Courts, shall be paid, for their services, the like fees as may be allowed to them for similar services in other cases; and where such services are rendered exclusively in the arrest, custody, and delivery of the fugitive to the claimant, his or her agent or attorney, or where such supposed fugitive may be discharged out of custody for the want of sufficient proof as aforesaid, then such fees are to be paid in the whole by such claimant, his agent or attorney; and in all cases where the proceedings are before a Commissioner's commissioner, he shall be entitled to a fee of ten dollars in full for his services in each case, upon the delivery of the said certificate to the claimant, his or her agent or attorney; or a fee of five dollars in cases where the proof shall not, in the opinion of such commissioner, warrant such certificate and delivery, inclusive of all services incident to such arrest and examination, to be paid, in either case, by the claimant, his or her agent or attorney The person or persons authorized to execute the process to be issued by such commissioners for the arrest and Fee for execut. detention of fugitives from service or labor as aforesaid, shall also be entitled to a fee of five dollars each for each person he or they may arrest and take before any such commissioner as aforesaid, at the instance Additional fees. and request of such claimant, with such other fees as may be deemed reasonable by such commissioner for such other additional services as may be necessarily performed by him or them; such as attending at the examination, keeping the fugitive in custody, and providing him with food and lodging during his detention, and until the final determination of such commissioner; and, in general, for performing such other duties as may be required by such claimant, his or her attorney or agent, or commissioner in the premises, such fees to be made up in conformity with the fees usually charged by the officers of the courts of justice within the proper district or county, as near as may be prac-

person Any attempting rescue one from be fined and imprisoned.

Penalties.

Additional camages.

Fees for services of marshals, deputies, åс.

fees.

ing process.

ticable, and paid by such claimants, their agents or attorneys, whether such supposed fugitives from service or labor be ordered to be delivered to such claimants by the final determination of such commissioners or not.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That, upon affidavit made by the claimant of such fugitive, his agent or attorney, after such certificate or his agent aphas been issued, that he has reason to apprehend that such fugitive will cue, the officer be rescued by force from his or their possession before he can be taken making the arbeyond the limits of the State in which the arrest is made, it shall be the fugitive to the duty of the officer making the arrest to retain such fugitive in his the State whence custody, and to remove him to the State whence he fled, and there to he fled. If nedeliver him to said claimant, his agent, or attorney. And to this end, ploy aid. the officer aforesaid is hereby authorized and required to employ so many persons as he may deem necessary to overcome such force, and to retain them in his service so long as circumstances may require. The said officer and his assistants, while so employed, to receive the same compensation, and to be allowed the same expenses, as are now allowed by law for transportation of criminals, to be certified by the of officer. judge of the district within which the arrest is made, and paid out of the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That when any person held to service or labor in any State or Territory, or in the District of Colum- cessary to obtain bia, shall escape therefrom, the party to whom such service or labor livery of fugishall be due, his, her, or their agent or attorney, may apply to any tives. court of record therein, or judge thereof in vacation, and make satisfactory proof to such court, or judge in vacation, of the escape aforesaid, and that the person escaping owed service or labor to such party. Whereupon the court shall cause a record to be made of the matters so proved, and also a general description of the person so escaping, with cuch convenient certainty as may be; and a transcript of such record, authenticated by the attestation of the clerk and of the seal of the said court, being produced in any other State, Territory, or district in which the person so escaping may be found, and being exhibited to any judge, commissioner, or other officer authorized by the law of the United States to cause persons escaping from service or labor to be delivered up, shall be held and taken to be full and conclusive evidence of the fact of escape, and that the service or labor of the person escaping is due to the party in such record mentioned. And upon the production by the said party of other and further evidence if necessary, either oral or by affidavit, in addition to what is contained in the said record of the identity of the person escaping, he or she shall be delivered up to the claimant. And the said court, commissioner, judge, or other person authorized by this act to grant certificates to claimants of fugitives, shall, upon the production of the record and other evidences aforesaid, grant to such claimant a certificate of his right to take any such person identified and proved to be owing service or labor as aforesaid, which certificate shall authorize such claimant to seize or arrest and transport such person to the State or Territory from which he escaped : Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as requiring the production of a transcript of such record as evidence as aforesaid. But in its absence the claim shall be heard and determined upon other satisfactory proofs, competent in law.

When claimant rest is to remove

Compensation

Evidence nearrest and de-

Proviso.

APPROVED, September 18, 1850. VOL. IX. PUB. - 59

Sept. 20, 1850. CHAP. LXI. - An Act granting the Right of Way, and making a Grant of Land to the States of Illinois, Mississippi, and Alabama, in Aid of the Construction of a Railroad from Chicago to Mobile.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Right of way United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of way through the public lands be, and the same is hereby, granted to es, with privilege the State of Illinois for the construction of a railroad from the southern terminus of the Illinois and Michigan Canal to a point at or near the junction of the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers, with a branch of the same to Chicago, on Lake Michigan, and another via the town of Galena in said State, to Dubuque in the State of Iowa, with the right also to take necessary materials of earth, stones, timber, etc., for the construction thereof: Provided, That the right of way shall not exceed one hundred feet on each side of the length thereof, and a copy of the survey of said road and branches, made under the direction of the legislature, shall be forwarded to the proper local land offices respectively, and to the general land office at Washington city, within ninety days after the completion of the same.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be, and is hereby, granted to the State of Illinois, for the purpose of aiding in making the railroad and branches aforesaid, every alternate section of land designated by even numbers, for six sections in width on each side of said road and branches; but in case it shall appear that the United States have, when the line or route of said road and branches is definitely fixed by the authority aforesaid, sold any part of any section Preemption hereby granted, or that the right of preemption has attached to the same, then it shall be lawful for any agent or agents to be appointed by the governor of said State, to select, subject to the approval aforesaid, from the lands of the United States most contiguous to the tier of sections above specified, so much land in alternate sections, or parts of sections, as shall be equal to such lands as the United States have sold, or to which the right of preëmption has attached as aforesaid, which lands, being equal in quantity to one half of six sections in width on each side of said road and branches, the State of Illinois shall have and hold to and for the use and purpose aforesaid: Provided, That the lands to be so located shall in no case be further than fifteen miles pro- from the line of the road: And further provided, The construction of said road shall be commenced at its southern terminus, at or near the junction of the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers, and its northern terminus upon the Illinois and Michigan Canal simultaneously, and continued from each of said points until completed, when said branch roads shall be constructed, according to the survey and location thereof: pro- Provided further, That the lands hereby granted shall be applied in the construction of said road and branches respectively, in quantities corresponding with the grant for each, and shall be disposed of only as the work progresses, and shall be applied to no other purpose whatpro- soever: And provided further, That any and all lands reserved to the United States by the act entitled "An Act to grant a quantity of land to the State of Illinois, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of the Illinois River with those of Lake Michigan, approved March second, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, be, and the same are hereby, reserved to the United States from the operations of this act. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the sections and parts of

remaining to the sections of land which, by such grant, shall remain to the United States, within six miles on each side of said road and branches, shall not be sold for less than double the minimum price of the public lands when sold.

granted for railroad and branchof using the materials found.

Proviso.

Alternate sections of land granted.

rights secured.

Proviso.

Further viso.

Further

viso.

Further viso.

1827, ch. 51.

Price of lands United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said lands hereby Lands granted granted to the said State shall be subject to the disposal of the legis- to be used only lature thereof, for the purposes aforesaid and no other; and the said aforesaid. Railrailroad and branches shall be and remain a public highway, for the roads to be free use of the government of the United States, free from toll or other ernment of U. charge upon the transportation of any property or troops of the United States. States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if the said railroad shall not be completed within ten years, the said State of Illinois shall be pleted within ten bound to pay to the United States the amount which may be received pay the U. States upon the sale of any part of said lands by said State, the title to the the amount repurchasers under said State remaining valid; and the title to the resi-lands by that due of said lands shall reinvest in the United States, to have and hold State, and the the same in the same manner as if this act had not been passed.

e same in the same manner as if this act had not been passed. SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the United States mail Transportation shall at all times be transported on the said railroad under the direc- of U.S. mail. tion of the Post-Office Department, at such price as the Congress may by law direct.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That in order to aid in the continuation of said Central Railroad from the mouth of the Ohio River etc., herein con-ferred on Illinois to the city of Mobile, all the rights, privileges, and liabilities hereinbe- shall be granted fore conferred on the State of Illinois shall be granted to the States of to Alabama and Alabama and Mississippi respectively, for the purpose of aiding in the aid in construct construction of a railroad from said city of Mobile to a point near the ing a railroad mouth of the Ohio River, and that public lands of the United States, the Ohio River. to the same extent in proportion to the length of the road, on the same terms, limitations, and restrictions in every respect, shall be, and is hereby, granted to said States of Alabama and Mississippi respectively.

APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

CHAP. LXII. — An Act giving the Assent of the United States to an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the December Session, eighteen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and eighty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the assent of Chesapeake and the United States be, and the same is hereby, given to the act of the Ohio Canal Comgeneral assembly of Maryland, passed at its December session, eigh- pany. teen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to amend the act incorporating the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company,' passed at December session, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, chapter two hundred and ninety-seven," and to each and every provision thereof; and that the same be, and are hereby, extended to so much of the said canal as lies within the District of Columbia, in as full and effectual a manner as if the several provisions aforesaid were hereby formally enacted.

APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

CHAP. LXIII. - An Act to suppress the Slave Trade in the District of Ĉolumbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, it shall not be District of Colawful to bring into the District of Columbia any slave whatever, for lumbia to the purpose of being sold, or for the purpose of being placed in depot, sold.

If not comlands unsold rc-

All the rights,

Sept. 20, 1850.

Sept. 20, 1850.

No slave to be be

this act entitles the slave to freedom.

Corporations of and Georgetown authorized of slaves.

vested with same authority.

to be subsequently transferred to any other State or place to be sold as Violation of merchandize. And if any slave shall be brought into the said District by its owner, or by the authority or consent of its owner, contrary to the provisions of this act, such slave shall thereupon become liberated and free.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful Washington for each of the corporations of the cities of Washington and Georgetown, from time to time, and as often as may be necessary, to abate. break up depots break up, and abolish any depot or place of confinement of slaves brought into the said District as merchandize, contrary to the provisions of this act, by such appropriate means as may appear to either of Levy Court of the said corporations expedient and proper. And the same power is Washington co. hereby vested in the Levy Court of Washington county, if any attempt shall be made, within its jurisdictional limits, to establish a depot or place of confinement for slaves brought into the said District as merchandize for sale contrary to this act.

APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

Sept. 20, 1850. CHAP. LXIV. - An Act to supply a Deficiency in the Appropriation for Pay and Mileage of Members of Congress for the present Session.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Mileage and United States of America in Congress assembled. That the sum of one hundred and sixty thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of mileage and per diem of senators, members of the House of Representatives, and delegates in Congress, at the present session : two thousand three hundred and thirty dollars for additional expense of stationery for members of the House of Representatives, Proviso as to during the present session : Provided, That the mileage of the senators and representatives from California, and the delegate from Oregon, be computed according to the most usual travelling route within the limits of the United States; and the per diem of said senators and representatives for this session shall commence from the day on which the Constitution of California was first communicated to the two Houses of Congress, respectively :

And that the sum of fifty thousand dollars, in addition to the sum already provided for, in the civil and diplomatic appropriation bill, be, and and the same is hereby, appropriated for the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives :

And that Hugh N. Smith and Almon W. Babbit, late claimants for seats in the House of Representatives, from New Mexico and Utah, be allowed their per diem of five dollars, from the day of their arrival in Washington, to the day when their claim to a seat was rejected by a vote of the House of Representatives; and, also, the sum of two thousand dollars each for their mileage : Provided, That no per diem shall be allowed, for any time previous to the commencement of the present session of Congress.

APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

1848, ch. 150. Judicial pow-s withdrawn егз from ministers and consuls of the U. States as regards Macao.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the act "to carry into effect certain provisions in the treaties between the United States and China and the Ottoman Porte," giving certain judi-

pay.

Stationery.

from mileage and California Oregon.

Contingent expenses of H. of Representatives.

Mileage and pay of H. N. Smith and A. W. Babbit.delegates from New Mexico and Utah.

Proviso.

Sept. 20, 1850. CHAP. LXV. - An Act to repeal so much of the Act approved eleventh of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, as extends the Provisions thereof to Macao.

cial powers to ministers and consuls of the United States in those countries, approved the eleventh day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, as extends jurisdiction over, or the right to exercise any of the powers conferred by said act in Macao, be, and the same is hereby. repealed.

APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

CHAP. LXIX. - An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to permit Vessels from the British North American Provinces to lade and unlade at such Places in any Collection District of the United States as he may designate.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Secretary of the of the Treasury, with the approbation of the President of the United Treasury author-ized to permit States, provided the latter shall be satisfied that similar privileges are vessels extended to vessels of the United States in the colonies hereinafter British mentioned, is hereby authorized, under such regulations as he may pre- American prov-inces to lade or scribe, to protect the revenue from fraud, to permit vessels laden with unlade at such the products of Canada, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, places as he may and Prince Edward's Island, or either of them, to lade or unlade at vided the same any port or place within any collection district of the United States privileges are exwhich he may designate; and if any such vessel entering a port or tended to vessels of the U. States place so designated, to lade or unlade, shall neglect or refuse to comply by said provinwith the regulations so prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, ces. such vessel, and the owner or owners, and master thereof, shall be subject to the same penalties as if no authority under this act had been granted to lade or unlade in such port or place.

APPROVED, September 26, 1850.

CHAP. LXX. - An Act to increase the Commissariat of the United States Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be added to the subsistence department four commissaries of subsistence with saries to be taken the rank of captain, to be taken from the line of the army.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the senior aid-de-camp of the major-general commanding the army may be taken from the cap- camp of the matains or majors of the army, and shall be allowed the pay and emolu- manding the arments of a major of cavalry.

APPROVED, September 26, 1850.

CHAP. LXXI. — An Act providing for the Examination and Settlement of Claims Sept. 26, 1850. for Land at the Sault Ste. Marie, in Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the register and receiver of the land office at the Sault Ste. Marie be, and they are receiver authorhereby, authorized to examine and report upon claims to lots at the claims to certain Sault Ste. Marie, in township forty-seven north, of ranges one east and lots. one west, in Michigan, according to the provisions hereinafter contained, and pursuant to such instructions as may be given by the commissioner of the general land office.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioner shall Commissioner cause the register and receiver to be furnished with a map, on a large office to furnish scale, of the lines of the public surveys at the Sault Ste. Marie, and it the register and shall be the duty of the Secretary of War to direct the proper military receiver with a large map, upon officer, on the application of the register and receiver, to designate, or which the tracts

Sept. 26, 1850

from North

Sept. 26, 1850.

Four commisfrom the line of

the army. Senior aid-demy.

Register and ized to examine

other public purposes are to be designated.

Claimants under the original claims to present of their claim, its position, and the time of occupa-tion thereof.

1823, ch. 10.

receiver to receive testimony.

Register

Claimants withoriginal under claim, but being bona fide ments, extent, &c.

Officers to artestimony under abstracts.

for military and cause to be designated, upon the map aforesaid, the position and the extent of lots necessary for military purposes, as also the position and the extent of any other lot or lots, which may be required for other public purposes, and also the position and extent of the Indian agency tract, and of the Indian reserve.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in the case of any person or persons, or the legal representatives of any person or persons, who a sworn notice in are the present bona fide claimants, under the original claims, which writing to the are entered in book number seven of the report of the Board of Com forth the nature missioners, under the act of Congress approved twenty-first of February, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, entitled, "An Act to revive and continue in force certain acts for the adjustment of land claims in the Territory of Michigan," it shall and may be lawful for such person, within one year from the passage of this act, to present a sworn notice, in writing, to the register and receiver, setting forth the nature of his claim, with the front and depth necessary to embrace his settlement and improvements, and its position and limits, as accurately as practicable, on the public surveys; also the length of time it has been settled by the present claimant, and the estimated value at the time his right originated, and the estimated value at the present time, Register and exclusive of improvements; and it shall be the duty of the register and receiver to receive and consider testimony, which may be presented in each case, and to call for such further testimony as they may deem necessary, in rder to enable them to determine the precise nature of each claim or title, and ascertain under whom the same originated, and to fix its position and extent on the public surveys, and its present value, exclusive of improvements, and also to ascertain the value of the improvements, and further to ascertain whether it interferes with any adverse claim, and the extent of, and nature au-of, such interference; and for the purposes aforesaid, the registhorized to ad- ter and receiver are hereby authorized each to administer oaths, or and receive fees, affirmations, and it shall also be the duty of those officers to record all notices and testimony in support of each claim; and for administering oaths they shall be allowed a fee of twelve-and-a-half cents, and a like sum for every hundred words of testimony which they may record, to be paid by the claimants, and equally divided between the officers aforesaid

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in the case of any bona out any right fide claimant, who has no right under an original claim, entered in the aforesaid book number seven, but who, on the first day of January, in set- the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-nine, had reduced a tlers, to file a lot into possession, and is an actual and bona fide settler thereon, or sworn notice of lot into possession, and is an actual and bona fide settler thereon, or the time of pos- occupant thereof, it shall and may be lawful for him to file a sworn session, improve- notice, stating how long he has been in the actual possession of the lot, the nature of his improvements, the extent of front and depth requisite to embrace his actual settlement and improvements, the estimated value of the lot at the time of his settlement, and its present value, exclusive of improvements, as also the value of such improvements, and also designating, as accurately as practicable, its position upon the public surveys; and it shall and may be lawful for the aforesaid officers, also, to take all necessary testimony in this class of cases in like manner, and perform similar duties as required in the foregoing section, and to receive any notice and evidence of any missionary claim from any party authorized to act, both as to the nature and extent of the same, and the grounds on which it may be entitled to equitable consideration.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall also be the duty range cases and of the land officers to examine and arrange the notices and testimony certain classes of in all cases filed under this act; and the cases contemplated by the third section, which they may confirm, shall be placed in abstract A,

first class, and those under that section which may be rejected by them, shall be placed in abstract A, second class; and in all cases contemplated by the fourth section of this act, the confirmation of the commissioners shall be placed in abstract B, first class, and their rejections in abstract B, second class.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That in the aforesaid abstracts, Forn the register and receiver shall designate the number of each claim, tents stracts name of present and of original claimant, area, present value of the lot, exclusive of improvements, and the amount, which, in their opinion, it would be just to require as a payment for the same to the government; and the said officers shall designate on the aforesaid map of the public surveys the location of each claim as near as it can be ascertained from the testimony, with the estimated actual value, and the assessment thereon of the sum which, in their judgment, should be paid for the same to the government.

Detroit, on being notified of the completion by the land officers of the eral at Detroit, aforesaid abstracts and man shall deprete the eral if the track of the eral at the state of the eral at th aforesaid abstracts and map, shall despatch a skilful deputy to the ed of completion Sault Ste. Marie, who shall file in the land office at that place his of map and abaffidavit faithfully and impartially to discharge his duty, and thereupon deputy to the there shall be delivered to him the said abstracts and map, and he shall Sault Ste Marie, then proceed forthwith to lay off and survey the village of Sault Ste. to lay off the vil-Marie into town lots, streets, avenues, public squares, out-lots, having regard to the lots and streets already actually surveyed, existing or established, and having regard also to the existing limits and extent of the lots, and to the existing limits and extent of the lots covered by the claims which shall have been adjudicated by the register and receiver; and after such surveys shall have been completed, the aforesaid deputy shall prepare a plat exhibiting, in connexion with the lines of the deputy of the public surveys, the exterior lines of the whole village, also the squares, individual lots, and the public lots, and also the out-lots, designating the lots reserved for military or other purposes, according to the extent and limits of the same, as fixed by the proper military officers, pursuant to the requirements of the second section of this act, and specifying the name of each claimant of the individual lot, and whether confirmed or rejected, the sum assessed by the register and receiver as a payment which should be made in each case by the party, and also designating the vacant in-lots and out-lots, the former of which shall be subdivided into lots not to exceed each a quarter of an acre, and the latter not to exceed two acres each; and it shall be the duty of the said deputy, from the best information he can obtain, and after conference with the land officers, to specify on the survey of each vacant lot the actual present estimated value, and it shall be the duty of the aforesaid deputy to return to the register and receiver their abstracts and map, and to submit to them his plat of the actual surveys, and if they shall be satisfied that it is in accordance with their adjudications, they shall append a certificate to that effect, and the said deputy shall then transmit the said plat with the field notes to the surveyor-general at Detroit for examination of the work, and if that officer shall find it faithfully and properly executed, he shall allow the said deputy a per diem of five dollars for every day actually and necessarily engaged in the preliminary examination and surveys, and in the construction of the plat, and shall also pay all necessary expenses.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the surveyor-general, upon the approval of the plat, or actual survey by his maps, with plat, to be transmitted deputy, to return the said plat to the register and receiver, who shall to com'r of genthereupon transmit the same, with their abstracts, maps, and record of eral land office, testimony, to the commissioner of the general land office, whose de- in all cases, shall cision in every case shall be final, and binding upon the parties and be binding.

Form and conof abstracts.

Further duties

Compensation.

Abstracts and

the government, and who shall have power either to affirm, modify, or reverse the decisions of the register and receiver, and to authorize them to grant a certificate upon the cash payment to the receiver, of what may be determined to be a fair assessment on the lot confirmed: and upon such payment being made, and the return of the certificate to the general land office, a patent shall issue. And the said register and receiver shall each receive, from the proceeds of such sales, the sum of five dollars for every claim examined and adjudicated by them under this act.

Commissioner authorized to order vacant lots two months.

and selling va-cant lots, all

Sault Ste. Marie,

in public im-

authorities

provements.

cating

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the commissioner to order into market, after public notice of at to be sold after least two months, all vacant lots, or lots to which a claim may be republic notice of jected, and to sell the same for cash to the highest bidder, subject to a minimum of two thirds of their estimated value; and upon such sales being made, and proper returns reported to the general land office, the commissioner, if the proceedings are found regular, shall be authorized to issue patents. After adjudi-

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That after all the claims shall claims, have been adjudicated, surveyed, and the vacant lots sold, it shall be all the duty of the proper accounting officers of the treasury to ascertain moneys receiv- the net amount of sales, after deducting all expenses incident to the ed, after deducted, after deduct-ing expenses, to execution of this act, and such amount shall be paid over by the Sec-be paid to the retary of the Treasury to the trustees, or other constituted authorities, .^{of} of Salt Ste. Marie, to be expended by them in the improvements of to be expended the streets and erection of public buildings.

APPROVED, September 26, 1850.

Sept. 26, 1850. CHAP. LXXII. - An Act to reduce the minimum Price of the Mineral Lands in the Lake Superior District in Michigan, and in the Chippewa District in Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Mineral lands United States of America in Congress assembled, That the mineral in Michigan and lands in the Lake Superior district in Michigan, and in the Chippewa Wisconsin to be lands in the Lake Superior district in Michigan, and in the Chippewa offered for sale district in Wisconsin, shall be offered for public sale in the same manas other public ner, and be subject to the same minimum price, and the same rights of pre-emption as the other public lands of the United States; and such

portions of the act of first March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, inconsistent re- " to establish a land office in the northern part of Michigan, and to provide for the sale of the mineral lands in the State of Michigan," and

1847, ch. 32, and of the act of the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, "to create an additional land district in the Territory of Wisconsin, and for other purposes," as are inconsistent with the provisions of this act, shall be, and the same are hereby, repealed : *Provided*, however, That the right given by those acts of first and third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to lessees, occupants, and permittees, to enter to the extent of their leases and pern.its, and no less, shall not be considered as impaired by this act; but said lessees, occupants, and permittees shall be authorized to enter the land covered by their leases, occupancy, and permits, respectively, as therein provided, at the minimum price fixed by this act.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the holder of a lease or lease for more permit covering more than one full section of the mineral lands, as than one section aforesaid, shall be entitled, on the surrender and annulment of said render of said lease or permit at the proper land-office, to purchase, if he shall elect to do so, one full section, and no more, of the land covered by said at the minimum lease or permit, at a minimum price of two dollars and fifty cents per acre. APPROVED, September 26, 1850.

lands.

Parts of acts pealed.

ch. 54.

Proviso.

Holder of a lease to purchase one full section price.

CHAP. LXXIII. - An Act to provide for carrying into Execution, in further Sept. 26, 1850. Part, the twelfth Article of the Treaty with Mexico concluded at Guadalupe Hidalgo.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of three millions three hundred and sixty thousand dollars be, and the the payment of instalment due same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not oth- May 30, 1851. erwise appropriated, for the payment of the instalment and interest which will fall due on the thirtieth of May, eighteen hundred and fiftyone, under the twelfth article of the treaty between the United States and Mexico, made and concluded at Guadalupe Hidalgo, on the second of February, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, September 26, 1850.

CHAP. LXXV. — An Act to establish certain Post-Roads in the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following post roads be, and the same are hereby, established in the States and Territories as hereafter expressed, viz.: in

Maine. -- From Buckfield, via East Sumner, Hartford, and Canton Maine. Mills, to Canton.

From Buckfield, via Sumner, to West Sumner.

From Bangor, via Hermon, South Levant, Exeter, West Garland, northeasterly part of Dexter, Sangerville, Guilford, Abbott, and Monson, to Moose-Head Lake.

From North Anson village, Somerset county, via East Anson, and East New Vineyard, to New Vineyard, Franklin county.

From Exeter Corner, Penobscot county, on the Avenue road, to Abbott, in Piscataquis county.

From Waterville, via Fairfield, Norridgewock, Madison, and Anson, to North Anson.

From Port Fairfield, via Van Buren and Madawaska, to Fort Kent. From Bethel post-office, Oxford county, via Newry Corner, up Bear River, to Letter B. post-office.

From Belgrade, Kenebec county, via Rome, Mercer, and Starks, to Industry, Somerset county.

New Hampshire. - From Stewart's to Pittsburg, in Coos county. From Bellows' Falls, Vermont, via Paper Mill, South Acworth,

Lemster, and East Unity, to Newport, in New Hampshire. From Canaan, Vermont, to Pittsburg, New Hampshire. Vermont. - From West Topsham, Orange county, to East Orange. Vermont. From Jamesville, in Richmond, Addison county, via West Bolton,

Underhill, Cambridge, Waterville, Bakersfield, and West Enosburg, to West Berkshire.

From East Burke, Caledonia county, via East Haven, Newark, Brighton, Climbstone, and Morgan, to State line, in Holland.

From Jamaica to Winhall, Bennington county.

From West Wardsboro', via West Dover, to Wilmington, Winaham county.

New York. - From Pierrepont Manor to Sacketts Harbor, Jefferson county, on the line of the railroad now being made.

From Adams Centre to Sackets Harbor on the direct road thither From Canajoharrie, Montgomery county, via Ames and Sharon

Springs, to Sharon Centre, Schoharrie county. From Rome, Oneida county, via Stanwicks, Westmoreland, Wales-

ville, Vernon, Vernon Centre, Knox's Corners, to Oriskany Falls. Vol. IX. Pub. - 60

Providing for

New Hampshire.

New York.

Sept. 27, 1850.

From Natural Bridge. Jefferson county, to Diana, Lewis county.

From Dover Plains, Dutchess county, via Amenia, Northdart, Boston Corner, and Copake, to Hillsdale, Columbia county.

From Evans' Mills, Jefferson county, to Oxbone, in said county.

From Clovesville post-office, Delaware county, via Bataviakill, to Roxbury.

From Callikoon Depot, Sullivan county, via North Branch, Callkoon and Youngsville, to Liberty in said county.

From Carlton, Orleans county, via Carlton, Kendall, Parma, Clarkson, and Greene, to Charlotte, Monroe county.

From Chocon, Ulster county, via Olive Bridge, Samsonville, to Pine Bush in said county.

From Croton, Delaware county, via North Hamden, to Walton in said county.

From Lowville, Lewis county, via Harrisburg and Pinckney, to Rodman, Jefferson county.

From Chehocton, Delaware county, via Hancock, Walton, Franklin, and North Franklin, to Oneonta, Otsego county.

From Fredonia, Chautauque county, to Vellanava.

From Ovid Landing, Seneca county, via Ovid Village, to Sheldrake.

From West Troupsburg, via Roger's Centre, to Troupsburg, Steuben county.

From Avoca, Steuben county, via Lyons Hollow, and Riker's Hollow, to Naples, Ontario county.

From Andover, via Wellsville, to Bolivar, Alleghany county.

From Burns, Alleghany county, via Grove, to Nunda, Livingston county.

From White Lake, via Toronto and Black Lake, to Beaver Brooks, Sullivan county.

From White's Corners, via most direct rout to Collin's Centre, Erie county.

From Albany, via Berne, to Gallopville, Schoharrie county.

From Batavia, Genessee county, to Buffalo, Erie county, along the plank road now being constructed between said points.

From Rome, Oneida county, via Western, to Boonville.

From Chemung, to Van Eltonville, Chemung county, New York.

From Walton to Oneonta, via Franklin and North Franklin

From Saratoga Springs to Latsonia.

New Jersey.

New Jersey. -- From White House to New Germantown, Hunterdon county.

From Clinton to Frenchtown, in Hunterdon county.

From Plainfield, Essex county, to Baskenridge, in Somerset county.

From Mount Holly, via Chemung, New Gretna, to Tuckerton, New Jersey.

From Mount Holly, via Pemberton, Browns Mills, to Barnegat, New Jersey.

From Princeton, Mercer county, via Van Hise Store, Edinburgh, Dutch Neck, Windsor, to Hightown.

From Medford, via Lumberton, to Mount Holly.

Pennsylvania. Pennsylvania. — From Clarion, Clarion county, via Lucinda Furnace, and Tylersburgh, to Tionesta, Venango county.

From Selinsgrove, via Kratzersville, New Berlin, and Barber's Mills, to Hareleton, Union county.

From Selinsgrove, Union county, via Turtleville, Lewisburgh, New Columbia, White Deer Mills, White Deer, (Uniontown,) and Road Hall, to Williamsport, Lycoming county.

From Saegerstown, to Conneautville, Crawford county.

From Elderton, Armstrong county, via South Bend, West Lebanon, and Clarksburgh, to Blairsville, Indiana county.

From Pike Mills, Potter county, via Mixtown, to Westfield, Tioga county.

From Tinker Run, Westmoreland county, via Guffey's Salt Works, to Pittsburgh; also from West Newton, via Guffey's Salt Works, to Pittsburg.

From Hopewell post-office, Bedford county, via Broadtop, Beavertown, and Glasgow Cross Roads, to Mill Creek, Huntington county.

From Orbsonia, via Scottsville, Nèw Grenada, and Speersville, to Ray's Hill.

From Bloody Run, Bedford county, via Clearville, William Robinson's, and Warfordsburg, to Hancock, in Maryland.

From Harrisonville, Bedford county, via Dublin Mill, to Orbsonia, Huntingdon county.

From Connellsville, Fayette county, via Springfield, New Lexington and Gebhart's, to Berlin, Somerset county.

From Honeybrook, in Chester county, to Pequea, in Lancaster county. From Rock, in Lancaster county, to Peach Bottom, in York county. From Enterprize, via Bareville, and Voganville to Hinkleton.

From Roulett, Potter county, via Pleasant Valley, Evan's Corners, and Glenn, to Ceres post-office, McKean county.

From Stroudsburgh, Monroe county, via Fennersville and Weiseport, to Mauch Chunk, Carbon county.

From Stroudsburgh, via Brackleysville, Henrysville, and Paradise Valley, to New Mount Pleasant, Monroe county.

From Allentown, Lehigh county, via Catasauqua and Lauback's, to Cherryville, in Northampton county.

From Easton, via Kesslerville, Leaherville, and Roxbury, to Williamsburgh, Northampton county.

From Titusville, Crawford county, via Pleasantville and Tyrell, to Tionesta, Venango county.

From Columbia, Lancaster county, via Newton and Mountjoy, to Mastersonsville.

From Northeast Borough, Erie county, via Greenfield post-office, in Pennsylvania, and the residence of Nehemiah L. Firm, in Mina, and through the township of French Creek, to Orlando Durkees, in Chautauque county, New York.

From the Borough of Clarion, Clarion county, via Myer's Furnace, Saw Mill, and Grist Mill, Griswell's Saw Mill, Helen Furnace, Cook's Saw Mill, Haght's Saw Mill, Longwell's Saw Mill, Munn's Saw Mill, Reynold's Saw Mill, Armstrong's Saw Mill, O'Neill's Saw Mill, Winkook's Saw Mill, Brook's & Co.'s Saw Mill, Winser's Saw Mill, Rought's Saw Mill, Paine's Saw Mill, Gillise's Saw Mill, and Dickinson's Saw Mill, to Ridgeway Borough, Elk county.

From Hepburn, via Hogeland branch road, Sierra, Hay's saw mill, Little Pine Creek, to Waterville.

From Hamilton, Wayne county, to Dalesville, Luzerne county.

From Catfish post-office, via Callensburg, Jefferson Furnace, to Shippenville, Clarion county.

From Tunkhannock, Wyoming county, via Tunkhannock and East Branch Creeks, to Carbondale, Luzerne county.

From Strattanville, Clarion county, via Helen Furnace, Black's Settlement, and Marion, to Warren, Warren county.

From Kimbleville to Lewisville, Chester county.

From Bloomburg, via Light Street, Orangeville, Pealer's, Benton, Coles Creek, and Davidsons, to Laport, Sullivan county.

From Titusville, Crawford county, via Enterprize and Holland, to Perry, Venango county.

From Luthersburg, Clearfield county, via Punxsutawney, Schmicksburg, and Rural Village, to Kittanning, Armstrong county. From Hamburg to Windsor Castle; also from Virginsville to Kutztown, Berks county.

From Canton Corners, via Shunk post-office, Eldredsville, and Cherry, to Sugar Run.

From Condersport, Potter county, to Wellsville, Alleghany county, New York.

From Berlin, Somerset county, via Roxbury, Shanksville, Buckstown, Shade Furnace, and Scalp Level, to Johnstown, in Cambria county, Pennsylvania.

From Shalocta, via Marlin's mill and Plumville, to Schmicksburg, Indiana county.

From Titusville, Crawford county, via Rome, Eldred, and Spring Creek, to Columbus, Warren county.

From Carbondale, via Archbold, Blakely, Dunmore, and Harrison, to Hyde Park.

From Emlenton, Venango county, to the mouth of Tionesta Creek, in said county.

From Roulett, Potter county, via Sartwell Creek, Evan's Corners, ind Kings Run, to Ceres, McKean county.

From Kutztown, via Dale, to Colebrookdale, Berks county.

From Schmicksburg, Indiana county, to Luthersburg, Clearfield county.

From Limestone to Clarion, Clarion county.

From Smith's Mills, Clearfield county, via Wheatland and Clearfield Creek bridge, to Clearfield Borough, in said county.

From Kittaning, Armstrong county, via Pine Creek Furnace, Scrubgrass, Mahonie's furnace, Putneyville, Olney Furnace, Guthrie's Mills, Perrysville, and Punxsatawney, to Luthersburg, Clearfield county.

From Centreville, Butler county, to New Castle, Lawrence county.

From Chest, via New Washington, to Burnsides, Clearfield county.

From Cerestown, via Mill Creek, Evan's Corners, Tristle Point, and Potato Creek, to Smithport, in McKean county.

From tavern, late Orr's, on the Wilkesbarre and Hazzleton road, via Swiss valley, Wolverton, and Tenchman's Mills, Buchannan's and Whitebread Settlement, to Sloyersville, Luzerne county.

From Caledonia, via Benezett, to Second Fork, Elk county.

From Tinker Run to Elizabeth.

From Medford, Burlington county, via Shamong, Green Bank, Bridgeport, and Bass River, Lower Bridge, to Tuckerton, in said county.

From Mannahawken, via Barnegatt, Cedar Bridge, Mount Misery, Brown's Mills, and Pemberton, to Mount Holly, Burlington county.

From Halifax, via Fisherville, to Elizabethville, Dauphin county.

From Blythe post-office, at Tuscarora village, to Catawissa post-office, Schuylkill county.

From Spruce Creek, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, via Warrior's Mark, to Phillipsburg, Centre county, Pennsylvania.

From Le Roy post-office, in Bradford county, Pennsylvania, via Granville, to Troy, in said county.

From Eldredsville, via Campbellville, to New Albany, Sullivan county.

From Roland Wilcox's, on the Berwick turnpike, in Albany, Bradford county, through Wilmot, via Henry Gaylord's, J. P. Horton's, and J. L. Jones', to Terrytown, in the township of Asylum.

From Bartonsville to Merwinesburg, Monroe county.

From Easton to Hettertown, via Lower Saucon and Stout's.

Delaware and Maryland.—From Millsborough, Sussex county, Dela-

Delaware and Maryland. New York and Pennsylvania,

ware, via Greenborough, to Whaleysville, Worcester county, in Maryland. New York and Pennsylvania. — From Maysville, Chautauque county, New York, via Panama and Lottsville, to Laporte, in Warren county, Pennsylvania. From Lekaysville, Bradford county, Pennsylvania, via Windham, Warren and Nichols, to Smithboro, in Tioga county, New York. Delaware. - From Lewiston, via Angola, and Peter R. Burton's Delaware. Store, to Millsborough, in Sussex county. Pennsylvania and Virginia. - From Brownsville, via Heisterburgh, Pennsylvania Carmichael's by Mope's Mills, Pennsylvania, to Morgantown, Vir- and Virginia. ginia. Maryland. - From Glymont to Port Tobacco. Maryland. From Clear Spring to the Depot, or the nearest convenient point on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad. From Laurel, in Prince George's county, to Sandy Spring, in Montgomery county. From Baltimore, by way of Ford's Landing and Cecil, and on to Warwick, Cecil county. From Elkton, Maryland, by way of Fair Hill, and Lewisville, Pennsylvania, to Kimbleville and New London, Pennsylvania. Virginia. — From Wytheville, Wythe county, to Mechanicsburgh, Virginia. Giles county. From Horse Pasture to Martinsville. From Beckley, Raleigh county, to Peytona, Boone county. From Salem, Harrison county, to Harrisville, Ritchie county. From Ritchie Court-House to Gilmer Court-House. From Factory Hill to Holy Neck, Nansemond county. From Franklin, via Monterey, Nelsonville, and Bath, to Crab Bottom, Highland county. From Morgantown, Monongalia county, to Pruntytown, Taylor county. From Buchannan to Clarksburg. From Patrick Court-House to Carrol Court-House. From Love's Mill to Jefferson, Ash county, North Carolina. From Braxton Court-House to Kanawha Court-House. From Morgantown to Brownsville, Pennsylvania. From North Mountain post-office, via Clear Spring, Maryland, Clay Lick Hall, to Mercersburg, Pennsylvania. From Mercer Court-House to Fayette Turnpike. From Lumberport, Harrison county, to Centreville. From Morgantown, Monongalia county, to Evansville, Preston county. From Winchester to Wardensville. From West Union, Doddridge county, to Webb's Mill, Ritchie county. From Riply, via Buffalo Big Level, to Barbourville. From Barboursville to Bloomingdale, Cabell county. From New Market, Nelson county, via Glasgow, to Lexington, Rockbridge county. From Ripley, Jackson county, via Wright's Mills, Liberty Falls, Graham's Station, Pomeroy, and Pleasant's Flats, to Point Pleasant. From mouth of Goose Creek, Wirt county, to Ritchie Court-House. From Mechanicsburg, Giles county, to Shannon's Store, Wythe county. From Hensonville, Russell county, to Quillinsville, Scott county. From New Salem, via New Milton, Sugar Grove and Farmington, to Harrisville.

From German Settlement, in Preston county, to Leadsville, in Randolph county.

From Monterey, via Madisonville and Ruckmansville, to Mountain Grove.

From West Union, via Stive Spring Mills, Lewins's and Lawson's Store, and Zeba Davis's Mills, to Webb's Mills.

From Fairmount, Marion county, via Morgan's Settlement by Gladesville, to Kingswood, in Preston county.

From Chancellorville to Richardsville.

From Shepherd's Grove, via Kellyville and Brandy, to Culpepper Court-House.

From Wytheville, via Speedwell, Dry Run, Elk Creek, Austin and Cornett's Store, Independence, to Ballard's Store, on Bridle Creek, Grayson county.

From Patterson's Depot, via Frankford, Sheetz's Mills, Burlington, Williamsport, and Ridgeway, McNeman's Cross Roads, to Petersburg, Hardy county, Virginia.

From Winchester, via Wardensville, to Moorfield, in Hardy county. From Palatine Hill, Marion county, Virginia, to Ringwood in the county of Preston, via Morgan's Settlement, and Jacob Miller's.

From the German Settlement, Preston county, via Western-ford, to Leedsville, Randolph county.

North Carolina. — From Joy, to Longmire's, Washington county, Tennessee.

From Marion to Limestone.

From Wilmington, via Whitesville, Fair Bluff, Marion Court-House, Mars Bluff, Bradleyville, and Sumpterville, to Manchester, South Carolina.

From Burnsville to Elizabethtown, Tennessee.

From Grassy Creek, via Toe River, Cranberry Forge, and Roan Mountain, to Elizabethtown, Tennessee.

From Burnsville to Big Rock Creek.

From Wantan Court-House to Cranberry Forge.

From Clemmonsville, via Smith Grove, Mockville, and Oak Forest, to Statesville, Iredell county.

From McNeil's Ferry to Summerville.

From Shelby, via Birchelsville, Sandy Run, Grassy Pond, South Carolina, Corohens, to Spartansburg.

From Rock Fish Village, via Lumberbridge, to Philadelphia.

From Murphy, Cherokee county, to Ellijoy, Gilmer county, Georgia. From Paint Rock to Newport, Cocke county, Tennessee.

From Ednysville, via Mills' Gap, to Rutherford.

From Grassy Creek, to Elizabethtown, Tennessee.

From Franklin, via Harris' Cross Roads, to Hall's Cross Roads, Franklin county.

From Salem, via Clemmonsville, and Panther Creek, to Huntsville. Surry county.

From Eagle Rock, in Wake county, to Nahunta in Wayne county.

From Durham's Creek, in Beaufort county, by way of South Creek to Bay River, in Craven county.

From Hamptonville, in Surry county, North Carolina, by the way of Lovelace, to Wilkesborough, Wilkes county, in said State.

From Cathey's Creek to Georgetown, Macon county.

From Fayetteville, via Aversborough Village, to Smithfield.

From Salisbury, via Organ Church, to Mount Pleasant, in Cabarrus county.

From the Warm Springs, North Carolina, to Newport, Tennessee.

From St. John's, in Hertford county, via Britton's Cross Roads, to Scotland Neck, in Halifax county.

From Powel's Point to Roanoke Island, Currituck county.

From Clinton, Sampson county, to Pittsborough, Chatham county, via Aversborough.

South Carolina.

South Carolina. - From Newberry Court-House, via Reynosa, Hunt-

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ington, Cross Anchor, Woodruff's and Pleasant Grove, to Merrittsville.

From Lexington Court-House, via Wise's Ferry, to Newberry Court-House.

From Graham's Turnout to Lott's post-office.

From Richardson's, in Edgefield District, via Dyson's Mills, to Lodi, in Abbeville District.

From Spartansburg Court-House, via Damascus, Coulter's Ford, Buck's Creek, Fingersville, Green's Creek, and Carson's, to Rutherfordton.

From Pacolet Mills, via Duncan's Store, John Wilkins', and Duncans old Store, to White Plains.

From Camden, Kershaw District, via Ridgewood, Winsborough, and Monticello, Fairfield District, to the village of Newberry, Newberry District.

From Rocky Mount, Fairfield District, to Long Street, Lancaster District.

From Darlington Court-House to Camden, Kershaw District.

From Jeffries Creek post-office, via Anderson's Bridge, to Graham's Cross Roads, Williamsburg District.

From Yorkville, via South Point and Woodlawn, in Gaston county, North Carolina, Cottage House, and Vesuvius Furnace, Lincoln county, to Newton, Catawba county, in North Carolina.

From Lauren's Court-House, via North Creek, Milton Spring Grove, Cross Hill, Waterloo, Mount Gallagher, Brewerton, Simpson's Mills,

Tumbling Shoals, Reabun's Creek, back to Lauren's Court-House.

From Glenn Springs, via Smith's Store, Henry Ferguson's Store, and Burnt Factory, to Cross Anchor.

From Marion Court-House, via Gilchrist's Bridge, J. N. Stevens', G. W. Woodbury's Tabernacle Church, to Marion Court-House.

From Mrs. Mason's, on the rout from Yorkville, to Charlotte, North Carolina, via Bethel, and westward to Antioch.

From Pickens Court-House, via Clayton's Mills, Salubrity, Pickensville, Wolf Creek, Joseph Hughes', to Pickens Court-House.

From Pickens Court-House, via Robert Stewart's, Anderson's Mills, and Nix's, on Eastatoe, to Pickens Court-House.

From Thirty-two-mile House, by way of Lenud's Ferry, to Kingstree, in Williamsburg District.

From Camden, via Bishopville, to Willow Grove.

From Bethlehem, to Sandy Grove.

From Anderson, South Carolina, to Athens, Georgia.

From Columbia, via Pleasant Springs, Countsville, and Calk's Road, to Frog Level, in Newberry District.

From Dyson's Mills, via Greenwood, Deadfall, Cokesburg, Mount Hill, to Anderson.

From Bennettsville, South Carolina to Stewartsville and Daniel McNeills Mill, North Carolina.

From Pungo Bridge, Beaufort county, to North Creek.

From Anderson, S. C., to Carnsville, Georgia.

Georgia. - From Eden, Effingham county, to James Hagen's, Bul- Georgia. lock county.

From Centre Village, via Woodstock's Mills, to St. Mary's, Camden county.

From Dahlonega, via Harvey Jones', to William Robertson's, Lumpkin county.

From Hawkinsville to Darien.

From Waresboro', Ware county, to Centre Village, Camden county. From Waresboro, Ware county, via Polk, to Blount's Ferry, Florida. From Eleventh Station, on the Central Railroad, to the Fifty-fifth Precinct, Emanuel county.

From Trenton, Dale county, to Chattanooga, in Tennessee.

From Monticello, via Canton, to Dahlonega.

From Dublin, Laurens county, to Jacksonville, Telfair county.

From Thirteenth Station, Central Railroad, to Sandersville, Washington county.

From Thomasville, Thomas county, via Dekle's Store, to Monticello, Jefferson county, Florida.

From Talbotton, via Red Bone, Talbot county, to Hootenville, Upson county.

From Marietta, Cobb county, via Roswell and Cuming, to Dahlonega.

From Marietta to Canton.

From Jacksonville, via Swain's Store, to Ocmulgee post-office.

From Mount Vernon, Montgomery county, via Tillman's Ferry on the Ohoopy River, and Wilkes' Ferry, on Pendleton Creek, to Reedsville, Tatnall county.

From Blount's Ferry to Polk, Clinch county.

From Alapahaw, Lowndes county, to Jasper, Hamilton county, Florida.

From Waresboro' to Polk, Clinch county.

From Gin Town, Irwin county, to Okapilco, Lowndes county.

From Villa Rica, Carrol county, via Pleasantvale and Cedar Town, to Cave Spring, Floyd county.

From Dublin, Laurens county, to Jacksonville, Telfair county.

From Oglethorpe, via Hamburg, Pond Town, Trycam, Buena Vista, and Halloca, to Columbus.

From Thirteenth Section, Central Railroad, to Sandersville, in Washington county.

From Poplar Spring, Hall county, to Mount Jonah, Habersham county.

From Reedsville, 'I'atnall county, via Surrency's post-office and Stafford's Ferry, to Holmesville, Appling county.

From Waresboro', Georgia, to Blount's Ferry, Florida.

From Hawkinsville to Irwinville.

From Dahlonega to William Robertson's.

From Thomasville, Thomas county, Georgia, to Monticello, Jefferson county, Florida.

From Centre Village, Camden county, via Woodstock Mills, Florida, to St. Mary's, Camden county.

From Waresboro', in Ware county, to Centre Village, in Camden county.

From Eleventh Section, Central Railroad, to Fifty-fifth Precinct, Emanuel county.

From Tarbolton to Hootenville, via Red Bone.

From Monticello to Thomasville, via Dekle's store.

From Eden to house of James Hazin, Bullock county.

Kentucky. - From Lagrange, via Hendersonville, to New Castle

From Middletown, via the Eakin Road, to Shelbyville.

From Louisville, via Cross Roads, to Shepherdsville.

From Foster's Landing to Falmouth.

From Troy, via Silvertop, and the points where the Kentucky State line strikes the Mississippi River, to New Madrid, Missouri.

From Hopkinsville to Rumsey.

From Somerset, via Harrison and Miltonville, to Liberty.

From Richmond, via Walnut Valley, to Kiddville.

From Maysville, via Tolesboro', Éculapia, John Thompson's, on Kinniconick, and the Laurel Fork of the Kinniconick, to Knapp's post-office.

From Barboursville to Whitley Court-House.

From Providence to Henderson.

Kentucky.

From Eddyville, via Birmingham, to Benton.

From Crockettsville to Owsley Court-House.

From Dresden to Troy.

From Ross' Ferry, Livingston county, via Underwood Furnace, Hopewell Furnace, Pinkneyville, Salem, Darlington's, William Wallace's in Kentucky, to Elizabethtown, Hardin county, Illinois.

From Jamestown to Rowena, in Russell county.

From Bradfordsville, in Marion county, via Mann's Lick, in Taylor county, and the Forks of Casey's Creek, to Neatville, in Adair county.

From Russellville, Logan county, via Buena Vista Springs, to Elkton, Todd county, Kentucky.

From Maysville, via Slack, to Germantown.

From Maysville, via Slack and Minerva, to Dover.

From Carrollton, via Palmyra, to Bedford.

From Carrollton, via Campbellsburg, to New Castle.

From John R. G. Buck's (or Clear Point) to Dr. J. C. Green's.

From Russellville to Elkton, via the Buena Vista Springs and Gordonville.

From Hopkinsville, via Fruit Hill, Harrison's Tanyard, and Clark's Store, to Swanville.

Tennessee. — From Winchester, Franklin county, via Halkersville and Pelham, to Altamont, Grundy county.

From Rogersville, via Anderson's Cross Roads, Kyles Ford and Hunter's Gap, to Jonesville, Lee county, Virginia.

- From McMinnville, via Irvin College and William Dugan's, to Chattanooga.
- From Dover, Stewart county, via Strombold Furnace, to Concord, Kentucky:

From Jasper to Pikesville, on the east side of Seguachee River.

From Elizabethtown, via Longmire, to Stockville, North Carolina.

From Bolivar, via Nubbin Ridge, to Metamora.

From Waynesboro', to Lyndon.

From Turtletown, North Carolina, via Ducktown, Tennessee, Fightingtown, Georgia, to Ilyaz.

From Dresden, via Palmer's Store, to Boydville, Tennessee.

From Taylorsville, Tennessee, to John Mast's, North Carolina.

From Taylorsville to Sugar Grove, North Carolina.

From Taylorsville, down Roger's Creek, via Carter's Iron Works, to Sugar Grove, North Carolina.

From Bagdad to Carthage.

From Chattanooga, via Sparta, Gainsboro', Tompkinsville, to Glasgo, Kentucky.

From Harrison, via Blue Spring, to Cotton Port, Meigs county.

From Harrison's, via Hinson's, to Pikesville.

From Kingston, Roane county, to Robertsville.

From Woodbourne, in Knox county, via Vandergriff Cross Roads, and Austin L. Moore's, to Clinton.

From Franklin, via Hurts' Cross Roads, to Rally Hill.

From Dresden, via Middleburg, to Troy.

From Waynesboro' to Decaturville, via Patriot.

From Knoxville to Madisonville, via Lewis' Ferry, United, and Morgantown.

From Winchester, Franklin connty, to Manchester, Coffee county, via Spring Creek.

From Altamont, Grundy county, Tennessee, to Winchester, via Hockersville.

Ohio. — From Ashtabula, Ashtabula county, by Plymouth, North Ohio. Sheffield, and Kelloggsville, Ohio, to Elk Creek post-office, Erie county, Pennsylvania.

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Tennessee.

From Greenville, Mercer county, Pennsylvania, by Kinsman, Williamsfield, Andover, Richmond, Denmark, Pierpont, and Monroe Village, to Kingsville, Ashtabula county.

From Canton, Stark county, Ohio, via Lewisville, Barryville, Mount Union, Damascusville, Salem, Washingtonville, Columbiana, East Fairfield, and Palestine, to Darlington, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

From the town of Kenton to the town of Hale, in the county of Hardin.

From Zanesville, Muskingum county, via Chandlersville, Cumberland, Rochester, Sarahsville, Summerfield, Louisville, to Woodsfield, Monroe county.

From Chagrin Falls, via Russell, Newberry Centers, to Burton, in the county of Geauga.

From Chillicothe, Ross county, via Hallsville, Adelphi, South Perry, and Gibersonville, to Logan.

From Simmon's Run, Coshocton county, Ohio, via Mohawk to New Castle, in said county.

From Middletown, Butler county, via Le Sourdsville, Princeton, and Port Union, to Cincinnati, in Hamilton county.

From Waynesville, via Springboro, to Franklin, in Warren county.

From Carrolton, Carrol county, via Augusta, Green Hill, New Alexander, North Georgetown, to Salem, Columbiana county.

From Malta, in Morgan county, via Chappell Hill, Sunday Creek Cross Roads, and Straitsville, to Logan, in Hocking county.

From Barnesville, Belmont county, via Temperanceville, Boston, and Calais to Woodfield, Monroe county.

From Perrysburg, Wood county, to Defiance, in the county of Defiance, Ohio, on the south side of the Maumee River.

From Dayton, Montgomery county, to Xenia, Greene county.

From Lancaster, Fairfield county, via Jefferson, Winchester, Waterloo, to Grand Port, Franklin county.

From Hillsboro, Highland county, via Berrysville, Fairfax, Campbell's Mills, to Youngstown, in Adams county.

From Findley, Hancock county, via Gilboa, and Medary, to Defiance, in Defiance county.

From Deep Cut post-office, Allen county, via Jenning's Prairie, Anglaize post-office, to Willshire, in Van Wert county.

From Wilksville to McArthurstown, in the county of Vinton.

From Milton, Miami county, via Harriford, Painter Creek, and Poplar Ridge, to Greenville, in Darke county.

From Defiance, Defiance county, via Snooksville, Cranesville, and Hicksville, to Panama.

From Recovery, via Saint Henry's and Saint John's, to Minster, in Anglaize county.

From Humphreyville, Holmes county, via Van Buren, to Warsaw, Coshocton county.

From Millersburgh, Holmes county, via Nashville, Greersville, Brownsville, North Liberty, Ankeneytown, Palmyra, Waterford, and Pulaskiville, to Mount Gilead, in the county of Morrow.

From Ashland, Ashland county, via Troy, Rochester, Brighton, and Camden, to Henrietta, in Lorain county.

From Brighton to Rochester, Beaver county, Pennsylvania.

From Waupaukonetta, Anglaize county, via Unionopolis, Waynes field, and Roundhead, to Kenton, Hardin county.

From Republic, Seneca county, via Adams and Butternut Ridge, to Green Creek, in Sandusky county.

From Newark, in Licking county, via Chatham, Sylvania, Appleton, Croton, and Trenton, to Sunberry, in Delaware county. From Jamestown, Greene county, via Bowersville and Bloomington, to Wilmington, in Clinton county.

From Bryan, Williams county, Ohio, via West Jefferson, Norris, Bridgewater, Drake's, and Stoddard's, to Hillsdale, Hillsdale county, Michigan.

From Coolville, via Carthage, Lodi, and Alexander, to Albany, in the county of Athens.

From Logan, Hocking county, via Swan post-office, to McArthurstown, Athens county.

From West Liberty, Logan county, via Pickereltown, to Delaware, in Delaware county.

From Upper Sandusky, via Browntown, to Marseilles, in Wyandotte county.

From Piketon to Gibson post-office, Pike county.

From Antwerp, Paulding county, via Hicksville, Newville, Wilmington, Franklin, to De Kalb post-office, Indiana.

From Defiance, in Defiance county, Ohio, via Washington Centre, Farmer post-office, Milford Center, to Newville, Indiana.

From Mount Gilead, Morrow county, via Iberia, Galion, Leesville, West Liberty, De Kalb, Tyro, to Plymouth, Richland county.

From Wellerville, Columbiana county, via Knoxville, Richmond, Bloomingdale, Smithfield, Mount Pleasant, and Colerain, to St. Clairsville, Belmont county.

From Twinsburg, Summit county, via Solon, Orange, Mayfield, Willoughby, to the village of Willoughby.

From Coshocton, Coshocton county, via Lewisville, Forks of the White Eyes Creek, Bakersville, and Pleasant Valley, to Canal Dover.

From Barlow, Washington county, via North Belpre, Decatur, and Baker's Settlement, to Coolville, Athens county.

From Constitution post-office, Washington county, via Belpre and Decatur, to Federalton, Athens county.

From Bentlett post-office, Washington county, via Decatur, to Centre Belpre, in said county.

From Sharp's Fork post-office, Athens county, via Pleasant Valley, Woody's Mill, Rosseau, and Chaneysville, to McConnellsville, Morgan county.

From Deverton, Morgan county, via Chappel Hill, to Oxford, Athens county.

From Findlay, Hancock county, to New Haven.

From Polk, Ashland county, Ohio, through Albion, West Salem, Lodi, Lafayette, to Medina, Medina county.

From Waynesville, via Springboro, to Franklin, in Warren county.

From Ashtabula Harbor, via Plymouth, Jefferson, and Denmark, to Richmond, in Ashtabula county.

From West Jefferson, in Madison county, to Mechanicsburg, in Champaign county.

From Pomeroy to Apple Grove, at the head of the Letart Falls, in the county of Meigs.

From Mansfield to Greenwich, via Shenandoah.

Louisiana. - From Point Coupee to Fausse River.

From Atchafalas, in the parish of Point Coupee, to the Big Bend, in Avoyells.

From Beek's Ferry, Harmonsburg, to Cataholas.

From New Orleans, via Sebastian Bruslards and Estee Delese, in the parish of Plaquemine.

From New Orleans, via Auguste Titus and Robert Wilkinson's, to Francois Moreau's, in Plaquemine parish.

From New Iberia, via Le Blanc's, to Perry's Bridge. From Perry's Bridge to Corse's Mill. Louisiana

From Maury, via P. H. Montgomery's, to P. H. Dillon's.

From Mansfield, via Durham's and General Williamson's, to Shrevesport.

From Minden, via Fairview, to Bellvue.

From Shreeveport, via Logansport and Shelbyville, to Nacogdoches, in Texas.

From Mill Creek, Sabine parish, via La-ana-coco and Big Woods post-office, to Bellows' Ferry.

From Grand Ecore, via Campti, Coushattie, Chute, and Ringgold, to Minden.

From Farmersville, in Union parrish, to Hamer, in Claiborne parrish.

From Deerfield, by Dallas, to Richmond, in the parish of Madison. From Natchitoches, to Shreeveport, via Maury and Mansfield.

From Vienna, Jackson parish, to El Dorado, Arkansas, via Calloways and Corner Bluffs, Union parish, crossing the De Abone at Sulphur Springs.

From Natchitoches, to Shelbyville, in Texas.

From Forkville, in the parish of Ouachita, directly to Farmersville, passing through the principal settlements between the Bayou Choudion and De Arbone.

Indiana. — From Lafayette, Tippecanoe county, via Monticello, Winamac, North Bend, and Plymouth, to Niles, in Michigan.

From Logansport, via Kewana and Barber's, to Laporte, Laporte county.

From Sullivan Court-House, to Merom, in Sullivan county.

From Stilesville, Hendricks county, via Wadesville, to Gosport, Owen county.

From Washington, Daviess county, via Petersburg to Princeton, Gibson county.

From Rushville, Rush county, via Greenfield, to Noblesville, Hamilton county.

From Rochester, Fulton county, via Buena Vista, to Winamac, Pulaski county.

From Anderson, Madison county, to Alexandria, in said county.

From Greenfield, Hancock county, via Germantown, Lawrence, Millersville, and Broad Ripple, to Augusta, Marion county.

From Nashville, Brown county, via Bean Blossom, and Mount Moriah, to Edinburgh, Johnson county.

From Harrison, Ohio, via Logan, Dover, Alsace, and Alton, to North Hogan, Ripley county.

From Shelbyville, Shelby county, via Franklin, to Hensley, Johnson county.

From Elizabethtown, Bartholomew county, via Rock Creek, and West Point, to Greensburg.

From Columbus, Bartholomew county, to Bedford, Lawrence county, via Heltonsville.

From Burlington, Carroll county, via New London, to Kokomo, in Howard county.

From Logansport, Cass county, via Perrysburg, Gilead, Laketon, Manchester, Millersburg, Liberty Mills, Springfield, Columbia, Papana, Cold Spring, Wolf Lake, and Port Mitchell, to Albion, in Noble county.

From Washington, Daviess county, via Petersburg, Pike county, New State Road, Gibson county, and Vanderburg, to Evansville, on the Ohio River.

From Terre Haute, Vigo county, via Bridgeton post-office, and Dickson's Mills, to Portland Mills, Putnam county.

From Bowling Green, Clay county, via Jourdan Village and Santa Fee, to Gosport, Owen county.

Indiana.

From Martinsville to Mooresville, in Morgan county.

From Marion, via Mier, to Delphi, and also from Marion via Mier. to Logansport, Cass county.

From Defiance, in the State of Ohio, via Brunersburg, Farmer, Newville, Auburn, Lisbon, and Albion, to Noble Iron Works, Noble county.

From Columbia, Whitely county, via Paupana, to Wolf Lake, Noble county.

From Fort Wayne, Allen county, via Zanesville, Tracy, and Warren, to Marion, Grant county.

From Bremen, Mercer county, Ohio, via Fort Recovery, Portland, and Camden, to Hartford, Blackford county.

From Andersonville, Franklin county, via Richland, Milroy, Moscow, and Blue Ridge, to Shelbyville, Shelby county.

From Franklin, Johnson county, via Far West, Mooresville, Monrovia, and Stilesville, to Springtown, Hendricks county.

From Elkhart, to Locke, Elkhart county.

From Noblesville, Hamilton county, via Cicerotown and Shielsville, to Tipton, Tipton county.

From Bloomington, Monroe county, via White Hall, to Point Commerce, Greene county.

From New Albany, via Bridgeport, Elizabeth, Laconia, to Mauck-

port, Harrison county. From Richmond, Wayne county, via Dover, Williamsburg, Economy, Blountsville, and New Burlington, to Munsey, in Delaware county.

From Smithfield, Delaware county, via New Albany, James Ransem's, in Blackford, in Montpelier.

From Marion, Grant county, via America, Wabash county, to La Gro.

From Otteredage to Scipio, via Zenas, Brewersville.

From Stilesville to Gosport, via Wadesville.

From Oxford, Benton county, to Rensellaer, Jasper county.

From Marion, Grant county, Indiana, to Broman, Mercer county, Ohio, via Hartford, Portland, Jay Court-House, and Fort Recovery.

From Laurel, Franklin county, via Stipp's Hill, to Clarksburg, in Decatur county.

Mississippi. — From Mississippi city, Harrison county, via A. W. Mississippi. Ramsey's, to Jackson Court-House, Jackson county.

From Gainesville, State of Alabama, via Kemper Springs, to Daleville, Lauderdale county, Mississippi.

From Tallula to Powellville, Issaquena county.

From Williamsburg, Covington county, via Bunker Hill, to Raleigh, Smith county.

From Fayette, Jefferson county, via Stephen's Cross Roads, and Lebanon, to Pisgah, Copiah county.

From Gallatin, Copiah county, via Pine Bluff, Bustonton, and Utica, to Edward's Depot, Hinds county.

From Jackson, Hinds county, to Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

From Houston, Chickasaw county, via T. B. Dalton's, Line Creek post-office, and Starkville, to Choctaw Agency, in Octibbeha county.

From Newton, Hinds county, via Georgetown and Providence, to Monticello, Lawrence county.

From Aberdeen, Monroe county, via Camargo, Harrisburg, and Ellistown, to Ripley, Tippah county. From Brandon, Rankin county, via Concord, Densonton, Ludlow,

and Bulluctah, to Carthage, Leake county.

From Lexington, Holmes county, via Franklin, Richland, and Deaton's Store, to Canton, Madison county.

From Holley Springs, Marshall county, via Pink Hill, Bethlehem, Cornersville, Rocky Ford, to Pontotoc.

From Oxford to Paris, in Lafayette county.

From Granada, in Yalla Busha county, via Leflore, Greenwood, and Yazoo city to Vicksburg.

From Granada, Mississippi, to Memphis, Tennessee.

From Jackson, Mississippi, to Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

Illinois. - From Salem, via H. Gibson's, Bishop's Mill, and Larkinsburg, to Ewington.

From Carmi, via McLeansboro, to Benton.

From McLeansboro, via Crouch's residence, to Hickory Hill postoffice.

From Waukegan, via Antioch, Butterfield's Corner, in the town of Benton, Mortimer, Hickory, Milburn, and Otsego, to Waukegan.

From St. Charles, via Line, De Kalb Centre, Broadie's Grove, Jefferson Grove, Lafayette Grove, and Taylor, to Grand Detour.

From Ottawa, via Brookfield, Wauponsie and Mazon, to Wilmington. From Danville, via Pilot, Middle Fork, Sugar Grove, Ten Mile Grove, Olivers Grove, and Avoca, to Pontiac.

From Belvidere, via Genoa, Sycamore, Lost Grove, Squaw Grove, and Somonoc, to Ottawa.

From Plainfield, via Naansey, to Oswego.

From Peru, via Troy Grove, Pawpaw Grove, Shaboneh's Grove, Coltonville, Brush Point, and Lacey, to Belvidere.

From Bloomington, via Kickapoo and Oldtown Timber, to Cheney's Grove.

From Sycamore, via Genoa, Riley, Marengo, and Durham, in Illinois, to Walworth, in Wisconsin.

From Edwardsville, via Taylorsville, to Decatur, Macon county.

From Marshall, via Salisbury, Campbell, and Springville, to Shelbyville.

From Shelbyville, via Cold Spring, Jericho, and Van Buren, to Greenville.

From Greenup, via Paradise, to Cochran's Grove.

From Lawrenceville to Robinson.

From Decatur to N. M. Brown's, Macon county.

From Williamsburgh, Shelby county, to Greenville, Bond county.

From Springfield, via Salisbury, Petersburg, Panther Creek, and Chandlersville, to Beardstown.

From Jacksonville, via Emerson's Mill, Crow's Point, Claries Grove, Petersburg, and Sugar Grove, to Middletown.

From Pekin, via Circleville, to Delavan.

From Pekin, via Kingston and Timber Point, to Canton.

From Pekin, via Dillon, Armington, and Mount Hope, to Wayneville.

From Petersburg, via Huron, Crane Creek, Bull's Eye Prairie, and Long Point, to Pekin.

From Havana, via Quiver, Long Point, and Allen's Grove, to Delavan.

From Naples, via Meredosia, Virginia, and Chandlersville, to Bath.

From Hennepin, via Florida and Caledonia, to Magnolia.

From Rock Island, via Camden, Richland Grove, Meridian, Oxford, North Prairie, Henderson, and Galesburgh, to Knoxville.

From Peoria, via Farmington, Fairview, Ellisville, Macomb, Argyle, and Carthage, to Warsaw.

From Rock Island, via Genessee and Princeton, to Peoria.

From Oquaka, via Keithburg, New Boston, and Millersburgh, to Rock Island.

From Rock Island, via Camden Mills, Orion, and Cambridge, to Burns.

From Fredericksville, Schuyler county, via Ridgeville and Shelden Grove, to Astoria, Fulton county. From Pittsfield, Pike county, to New London, in Missouri.

From Jerseyville to Franklin.

From Peoria City, via Farmington, Fairview, Ellisville, Macomb, Carthage, Chili, and Mendon, to Quincy.

From Columbus, Adams county, via Houston, Elm Grove, Huntville, and Brooklyn, to Doddsville, Schuyler county.

From Rocton, via Laona, to Monroe, Wisconsin.

From Lancaster Landing, Peoria county, via Timber, Brunswick, Farmington, French Creek, Elmore, Littletonville, Victoria, Walnut Grove, Bishop Hill, and Red Oak, to Cambridge, Henry county.

From Pekin, via Spring Bay, Partridge Creek, and Crow Creek, to Lacon.

From Lacon, via Steuben, Lawn Ridge, and Wyoming, to Toulon, in Stark county.

From Lacon, via Shaw's Point and Robert's Point, to Magnolia.

From Oregon, via Mount Morris, to Buffalo Grove.

From Sterling, via Union Grove, to Albany.

From Middleport, in Iraquois county, via Wool, Quitman, and Butler, to Urbana, in Champaign county.

From Newton to Martinsville, via Hickory Creek, Grandville, and Johnstone's Mill.

From Montezuma to Glasgow.

Alabama. - From Griffin, Georgia, via Newman and Franklin, in said State, via Eastville, Winston, Rockdale, Wedowee, and Wehodkee, Randolph county, Alabama.

Alabama.

From Mobile, via Clark's and Windham's Stands, Old Washington Court-House, Barryton, Mount Sterling, and Gaston, to Livingston, Sumter county.

From Gosport, Clark county, via Suggsville, Grove Hill, Choctaw Corner, Clay Hill, and Shiloh, to Linden, Marengo county.

From Mobile, via Alabama River, and the intermediate towns and landings, to the city of Montgomery.

From Mobile, via Tombeckbee River and the intermediate towns and landings, to Demopolis, Marengo county.

From Mobile to Holly Wood, Baldwin county.

From Mobile to Point Clare, Baldwin county.

From Mobile to Bayou Le Batre.

From Burnt Corn, via Buena Vista, to Bell's Landing, Monroe county.

From Sparta, Conecuh county, to Milton, Santa Rosa county, Florida.

From Greenville, Butler county, via Daniel McCormick's, Millville, and Gainer's Store, to Troy, Pike county.

From Cahawba, via Uniontown and Macon, to Demopolis.

From Burnt Corn, Monroe county, via Turnbull, New Town, Acad-

emy, Cross Road's, and Dutch Settlement, to Camden, Wilcox county.

From Troy, via Orion, Carter's Hill, and Pine Level, to Montgomery.

From China Grove to Bruceville.

From Pierson to Russellville.

From Leighton, via Mount Hope, to Kinlock.

From Tuscumbia, via Newport, to Point Smith.

From Point Smith, via East Port, to Jacinto.

From Lafayette, in Chambers county, via Fredonia, Milltown, Wehadkee, and Roanoke, to Wedowee, in Randolph county.

From West Point, via Haralson's Mills and Berlin, in Chambers county, to Columbus, Georgia.

From Fayette Court-House to Crossville.

From Mount Ginsan, Jefferson county, via Trussville, to Home postoffice, in Blount county.

From Milltown, Chambers county, via Louina and Court Hill, Talladega county.

From Woodville, Jackson county, to Zachariah, Marshall county.

From Tuscumbia, Franklin county, by the Court-House, to Detroit, Marion county.

From Newton, Dale county, to Camelton, Florida.

From Yorkville, Pickens county, to Lacy's Hill.

From Eufala to Mariana, in Florida, via Abberville, Henry county.

From Liberty Hill to Dayton, via McKinley.

From Locapotoy, Coosa county, to Talladega, via Brownsville, Hillabee, Hatchee, Coleta, and Maria Forge.

From Dadeville, Talapoosa county, to Goldville, same county.

Missouri. — From Forsyth, via Hussaw's Prairie and Marshall's Prairie, Marion county, to Lebanon, Arkansas.

From Neosho, via Harmon's Mill, Pineville, and White Rock Prairie, to Bentonville, Arkansas.

From Marshall, via Moses Woodfin's, A. Larch's, and William Drummond's, to Lexington.

From Neosho to Rutledge.

From Enterprize, via Perseverance, to Grand Falls.

From Ozark, via Joel Hall's and James Cook's, to Forsythe.

From Rockbridge to Houston.

From Springfield to Lebanon.

From Lexington to Georgetown.

From Neosho, via Grand Falls, to Crawford Seminary.

From Miami to Brunswick.

From Mexico, via Lick Creek, to New London.

From Van Buren, via McFadden's, to Greenville.

From Apple Creek, via Wittenburg and Hood, and Spruce's Ferry, to Murphysboro, Illinois.

From Perryville to Chester, Illinois.

From Thomasville, via Mill Creek and Donophan, to Martinsburgh.

From New Madrid, via James' Bayou, to Wolf's Island.

From Versailles to Erie.

From Saint Genevieve to Farmington.

From New Madrid, via Silver Top, to Troy, Tennessee.

From Martinsburg, Ripley county, to county seat of Butler county.

From Breckenridge's Mill, Crawford county, to Eminence.

From Chilliteceaux to Hornersville.

From Union to Moselle Furnace, Franklin county.

From Spring Hill, Livingston county, via Auberry Grove and Hickory Creek, to Bethpage.

From Bethany, Harrison county, via Gallatin, to Kingston.

From Union, via James B. Southworth's, Jake's Prairie, and Miller's, to mouth of Little Piney, Pulaski county.

From Alexandria, via St. Francisville, White Hall, and Athens, to Farmington, Iowa.

From Georgetown to Osceola.

From Springfield, via Yocum's Mill, to Cape Fear.

From Somerset, Monroe county, to Otter Creek.

From Iron Mountain, in St. Francis county, via Pilot Knob, and Arcadia, Madison county, to Greeneville, Wayne county.

From Hannibal to St. Joseph's, Missouri.

Arkansas. — From Terre Noir, to Stewart's Store, Clarke county.

From Camden, via Buena Vista, Seminary, Taylor, Calhoun, and Walnut Creek, to Homer, in Louisiana.

Missouri.

Arkansas.

From Fountain Hill, via Harrisburgh, to Bastrop, Louisiana.

From Grand Lake, via Hawkin's Landing, to Bastrop, Louisiana. From Ozark to Booneville.

From Calhoun, via Burnesville and Chaney Creek, to Minden, in Louisiana.

From Clarksville, via Ewbank's Mill and F. K. Jones', to St. Paul. From Antoine, via Murfriesborough, John Russ', Paraclifta, and Laynesport, to Clarksville, Texas.

From Charlestown, via Big Creek, to Sugar Loaf.

From Arkadelphia, to county seat of Montgomery county.

From Ozark, Franklin county, to Boonville, Scott county, via Brawley's, Grand Prairie, and Robert Maffitt's.

From Camden, Arkansas, to Homer, Claiborne parish, Louisiana, Buena Vista, and Seminary, in Ouachita county, Calhoun, in Lafayette county, and Walnut Creek.

From Searcy, in White county, to Clinton, Van Buren county.

From Mill Bayou, Mississippi county, to Chilleceaux, Dunklin county, Missouri, via Checkasawba, William Fleetor's, Big Lake, and Grand Prairie.

From Fort Smith to Little Rock, via Perryville and Danville.

From Marion, Louisiana, to Wilmington, Arkansas.

From Rockport to Murfreesborough, via America, Fowler's, Dr. Clingman's, and Thompson's.

From Danville, Yell county, to Fort Smith, via Springfield, Revellie, and Charlestown.

Michigan. — From Quincy post-office to Allegany, county of Branch. From Wayne Village, via Romulus Centre, and Huron, to Brownstown, Wayne county.

From Flint, Genessee county, via Flushing, New Haven, Venice, and Caledonia, to Corunna, Shiawassee county.

From Mount Clemens, via Little's and Ashleyville, to Algona, St. Clair county.

From De Witt to Duplain, Clinton county.

From Lyons, Ionia county, to Greenville, Montcalm county.

From Grand Rapids, Kent county, via Loomisville, Wright, and Ravenna, to Muskegon, Ottawa county.

From Hastings, Barry county, via William Ingham's, to Flat River, Kent county.

From Lansing, Ingham county, via Delta, Oneida, Roxand, Danby, and Sibewa, to Odessa, Ionia county.

From Lapeer, via Farmer's Creek, Rural Vale, Campbell's Corners, Jersey, and Steam Mill, to Pontiac, Oakland county.

From Tecumseh, Lenawee county, via Ridgeway, and York, to Ypsilanti, Washtenaw county.

From Rochester, Oakland county, via Mount Vernon post-office, to Romeo, Macomo county.

From Grand Rapids, Kent county, via Plainfield, Cannonsburg, Grattan, Otisca, Wheatland, and North Plains, to Lyons, Ionia county.

From Dexter, via Dover, Pinckney, Plainfield post-office, White Oak post-office, Williamstown, and Okenos, to Lansing, Ingham county.

From Grand Haven, Ottawa county, via Muskegon, White Lake, Pent Water, Pevie, Marquette, and Point Sauble, to Manistee, Manistee county.

From Lakeville, Oakland county, via Collin's Mill, Townsend School-House, to Almont, Lapeer county.

From Grand Banc, in Genessee county, via Holly, Rose, White Lake, and Highland, to Kensington, in Oakland county.

From Cedar, Livingston county, via Conway, to Antrim, in Shiawassee county.

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Michigan.

From Green Oak, Livingston county, via Green Oak Centre, and Oak Plains, to Brighton.

From Paw Paw, Van Buren county, to Black River, via Bush Creek.

From Grand Rapids, Kent county, via Ada, Lowell, and Saranac, to Ionia, Ionia county.

From De Witt, Clinton county, to Maple, Ionia county, via Riley and Westphalia.

From Jackson, Jackson county, to Mason, Ingham county, via Henrietta.

From Lawrence, Van Buren county, to the mouth of Kalamazoo, via Columbia, Hunter, South Haven, and Ganges.

From Grand Rapids, Kent county, to Mackinac, Michilimackinac county, via Grand Traverse Bay and Little Traverse Bay.

From Saginaw, Saginaw county, to Grand Traverse Bay, Omena county.

From Grand Haven, Ottawa county, through counties of Oceana, Mason, and Manistee, to Grand Traverse Bay, Omena county.

Florida. — From Mariana, Jackson county, West Florida, via Calhoun Court-House, to Apalachicola.

From Apalachicola to Quincy, Gadsden county.

From Homosassa to Long Pond, Levy county, via Chrystal River, Benton county.

From Fanning, Levy county, to Waukeena, Jefferson county, via Cook's Hammock, Warrior, Fenhalloway, Ecinfwrie, Madison county, and Rocky Ford.

From Spring Hill, Benton county, to Fort Dade, via Melendez.

From Barbour's to Micanopy, via New River, Fort Harlee, and Fort Crane.

From Okahumka to Abraham Town, Marion county.

From Cedar Key to Homossassa, by water.

From Melendez to Augusta, in Benton county.

Wisconsin. — From Green Bay, via Bridgeport, Konomak, Menasha, Wanekuna, Omro, Waukau, Berlin, Bluffton, Namahkun, Marquette, Kingston, and Bellefontaine, to Fort Winnebago.

From Green Bay, via Okanto, mouth of Menomonee River, Cedar Fork, Eskanawba, Wooster, Iron Mountain, mouth of Carp River, and L'Ance, to Copper Harbor.

From Eskanawba, via Badanok, Manistee, and Mackinaw, to Sault Ste. Marie.

From Manitowoc, via Menasha and Waupaca River, to Plover Portage.

From Twin Rivers to Menasha.

From Sheboygan Falls, via Mentor, Lynden, Olio, and Alcove, to Fond du Lac.

From Dartford, via Namahkun and State Centre, to White River and Plover Portage.

From Stockbridge to Manitowoc.

From Waushara, via Lake Maria, Marquette, Namahkun, and Neshkoro, to Plover Portage.

From Waushara to Kingston.

From Janesville, via Goodrich's Ferry, Albion, Christiana, Deerfield, Hanchett, and York, to Columbus.

From Dartford to Berlin.

From Waupun, via Springvale, Rosendale, Bothelle, and Nekama, to Oshkosh.

From Rosendale, via Welaunee and Waukan, to Wanekuna.

From Menasha, via Shauwuno and the Forks of Menomonee River, to Fort Wilkins.

Florida.

Wisconsin.

From Ozankee, via Belgium, Plymouth, Elk Heart, New Holstein, Charleston, Stockbridge, and Clifton, to Menasha. From Oshkosh, via Algoma, Bloomingdale, Omro, and Waukan, to Berlin. From Waupun, via Pulaski, West Rosendale, and Welaunee, to Waukan. From Roche Ecrit, via Pauwaicun, to Menasha. From Fort Winnebago, via Buffalo Lake, to Plover Portage. From the Dells, via Roxo, Montello, and the north side of Neenah River, to Wanekuna. From Green Bay to Sturgeon Bay. From Green Bay to Hewaunee. From Menasha, via Wausan, Falls of Chippewa River, Ezhoorah, to St. Paul's and the Falls of St. Anthony. From Waushara, via Lake Maria, Grandville, Kingston, to Stevens' Point. From Rosendale, via Hawley's Corners, to Wanekuna. From West Bend to Sheboygan Falls. From Madison, via Hampden, Fountain Prairie, Fox Lake, Alto, Metomen, Brighton, Oshkosh, and Menasha, to Green Bay. From Ozankee, via Horricon, Waushara, Wyocena, and Oshaukuta, to Dekowa. From Fond du Lac to Fort Winnebago. From Lowville to Adams. From Adams to Wanonah. From Columbus to Marquette. From Kingston, via Buffalo Lake and Port Hope, to Fort Winnebago. From Fort Winnebago, via Oshaukuta, Derkorra, and Lodi, to Blue Mounds. From Wausau to Willow River. From Wausau to La Pointe. From Menasha to Prairie La Crosse. From Sheboygan to Menasha. From Green Bay, via Neenah and Wisconsin Rivers, to Prairie du Chien. From Grafton to Ulao. From Oshkosh, via Groveland, Mukwau, and Waupaka, to Stevens' Point. From Fort Winnebago, via Adams and Reedsburg, to Prairie La Crosse. From Ozankee, via Rough and Ready, Belle Terre, Waucousta, Farmington, and Fredonia, to Fond du Lac. From Madison, via Door Creek, Christiana, Oakland, Jefferson, Crowder, Golden Lake, and Waterville, to Waukashau. From Two Rivers to Green Bay. From Dartford, via Bluffton, State Centre, and Norris, to Adams. From Madison, via Dekorra, to Wanonah. From Milwaukie, via Philip Dhein's, and West Bend, to Fond du Lac. From Sycamore, De Kalb county, Illinois, via Genoa, Riley, Marengo, Dunham, to Walworth, Wiskonsin. From Prairie du Lac, via State Road, to Reedsburgh, Sauk county. From Rockton, Illinois, via Spring Grove, Montezuma, to Monroe, Wisconsin. From Patch Grove, Grant county, via Wyoming, to Garnaville, Iowa. From Fair Play, via Hazle Green, Benton New Diggins, to White Oak Springs.

From Rockford, via Monroe, to Mineral Point.

From Prairie du Chien, to Tom Corwin, Clayton county, Iowa.

From Blue River, via Fennimore, Wrightsville, to Prairie du Chien.

From Plover Portage, via Warsaw, Big Bull, to Rib River.

From Prairie du Sac, via Baraboo, to Reedsburg.

From Madison, via the east shore of the Fourth Lake, Lodi, Watson's Ferry, Baraboo, Moses' Mill, to Prairie La Crosse, on the Mississippi River.

From Prairie du Sac to Prairie du Chien.

From Carnie, via McCleansboro, to Benton.

From Watertown, via Lowell, Columbus, Fall River, Otsego, Wyocena, and Fort Winnebago, to Wanonah.

From Monroe to Jefferson, via Sylvester, Union, Cooktown, Dunkirk, and Clinton.

From Milwaukie to Madison, via Waukisha, Watersville, Crowddie's Corner, Jefferson, and Cambridge.

From Janesville to Madison, via Fulton, Dunkirk, Strighton, Dunse, and Lake Vieux.

From Prairie La Crosse to Madison, via Meeker's Settlement, Upper Mills of Lemoniere River, Reedsburg, Adams, and Prairie du Sac.

From Falls St. Croix to La Pointee, on Lake Superior.

From Waukesha to Cedarsburg, via Pewankee, Lisbon, and Menominee Falls.

From Waukeshaw to West Bend.

From Milwaukie to Fort Winnebago.

From Muscoda to Sauk Village, via Richmond, Ash Creek, Willow River, and Richland City, and Honey Creek.

From Fair Play to Platteville.

From Mungnonego to Whitewater, via Troy Centre and La Grange, through Round Prairie.

From West Bend to Sheboygan Falls, via Giddings Mill.

From Whitewater to Madison, via Fort Atkinson, Oakland postoffice, Cambridge, Door Creek post-office, and Cottage Grove.

From Mukwonego, Waukeshaw county, to Whitewater, via Troy Lakes, Troy Centre, Adams, and Round Prairie.

From Highland post-office, in Iowa county, to Richmond, in Richmond county.

From Richmond to Baraboo, in Sauk county.

From Beaver Dam to Cresco, via Trenton, Alto, and Metomen.

From Fond du Lac to Fort Winnebago, by the United States Military Road.

Iowa.

Iowa. — From Dubuque to Makaqueta.

From Andrew, via Canton, Scotch Grove, Edinburgh, and Anamosa, to Independence.

From Winterssett, Madison county, via Wah-ta-wah, Whetingo, Ford, Campbell's Grove, Indian Town, Silver Creek, Keg Creek, and Hyde's Camp, to St. Francis.

From Prairie du Chien to Independence.

From Muscatine to Knoxville, Illinois.

From Lansing to Fort Atkinson, via Auburn, township ninety-eight, Union Prairie township ninety-eight, and Jamestown, Winneshick.

From Wintersett to St. Francis, via Wah-sah-wah, Nodaway, Campbell's Grove, Whelen's Ford (east side of Neshnabotna River,) House Mill, and Silver Creek.

From Monona to Union Prairie, via Clark's Ford, on Yellow River, and Gilbert.

From Fort Des Moines to Weston.

From the county seat of Madison county, to St. Francis, via Wattanah, Wheeling's Ford, Campbell's Grove, Indian Town, and Huntsville. From Oskaloosa to Sugar Grove, via Union Mills and Montezuma. From Butler, Keokuk county, to Fairfield, Jefferson county, via Competine, and Locust Grove.

From Adéle, Dallas county, to Council Bluffs, via Irish Grove.

From Eddyville, Wapello county, to Chariton Point, Lucas county.

From Bloomfield to Washington, via Ottomwa and Lancaster.

From Vinton, Black Hawk county, to Upper Rapids, on Cedar River.

From Pella to Council Bluffs, St. Francis, or Rainesville, via Dudley and Wintersett, Keokuk county.

From Fairfield to Waugh's Point, via Brookville and Abingdon.

From Wintersett to Athens, Missouri.

From Quasqueton to Animosa, via Spring Grove.

From Tom Corwin to Fort Atkinson, or Lansing.

From Eddyville to seat of justice of Lucas county, via Halfway Prairie.

From Fairfield to Lancaster, via Richland, Keokuk county.

From Fairfield to Askaloosa, via Abingdon.

From Fort Des Moines to Boonville, Indiana, via Taylor's Grove.

From Sabula to Cascade, via Van Buren, Amou, Andrew Stasens' Mill, Otter Creek, Gairy Owen, and house of Thomas McNally, in

Jones county.

From Keokuk to St. Francisville, Missouri, via Monterey.

From Colesburg to Elkader, via Elkport.

From Knoxville to Wintersett, via Indianola.

From Muskatine to Prairie du Chien, via Tipton, Rome, Anamosa, Peak's, Delhi, Ead's Grove, and Garnaville.

From Iowaville to Memphis, via Fox post-office.

From Quashqueton to county seat of Keokuk county, via Maysville, Benton county, county seat of Benton county, and county seat of Iowa county.

From Rockford to Madison, via Spring Grove, Decatur, and Albany.

From Madison to Fort Atkinson, via Wingville, Fennimore Grove, Millville, Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin.

From Uniontown to Indiantown, via Dodge's Point, Garden Grove, and Pisgah.

From Bloomfield to Washington, via Ottumwa and Lancaster.

From Savannah, Illinois, to Caskade, in Dubuque county, via Saluda, Iowa, thence through the townships of Union, Van Buren, Fairfield, and the town of Andrew in Jackson county.

From McGreggor's Landing, on the Mississippi River, to Louisville, Fayette county, via Monona and Portville.

From Ead's Grove, Delaware county, to Louisville.

From McGreggors Landing to Sodom, in Poverty Point.

From Centreville, in Appanose county, to Garden Grove, in Delaware county, and thence to intersect the route from Fort Des Moines to Council Bluffs.

From Dubuque, Iowa, to White Oak Springs, via Fairplay, Wisconsin, and New Diggings.

From Fairfield to Lancaster, Iowa, via Richland.

From Belleville to Independence, via Amnaoosa.

From Eddyville to Council Point, via Halfway Prairie, Clark's Point, Wynacksville, Charlton Point, Pisgah, Neshaecottony, Silver Creek, and Kanesville.

From Iowa city to Keosauqua, via Washington, Brighton, and Fairfield.

From Tipton, Iowa, to the county seat of Benton county, via St. Mary's and Marion. From New London, Iowa, to Iowa city, via Crawfordsville, Washington county.

From Óttumwa, Wapello county, to Chariton Point, in Lucas county, via the county seat of Monroe county.

From the seat of justice of Boone county to Wintersett, via Adéle.

From Albia, Monroe county, Trader's Point, on the Missouri River, via Chariton Point, Lucas county.

From Garnavillo, Clayton county, to Monona.

From Dubuque to Keokuk, via Iowa city and Fairfield.

From Iowa city to Keosauqua.

From Fort Des Moines to the east or Boon fork of the Des Moines River.

From Belleview to Independence, via Andrew, Canton, Edinburg, and Anamosa.

From Eddyville to Council Point.

From Shelbyville to Nacogdoches, via Captain John King's Store.

From Springfield to Palestine.

From Hilliard's, via Carthage, to Grand Bluffs.

From Pareclifta, Arkansas, to Clarksville, Texas, via Rocky Comfort and mouth of Mill Creek.

From Nacogdoches county to Tyler, Smith county, via Anadarco and New Salem. *Provided*, That nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as to express any opinion as to the true boundary of any State or Territory named therein.

Minnesota. — From Point Douglass, via Cottage Grove and Red Rock, to Saint Paul.

From Saint Paul, via Falls of St. Anthony, Sauk Rapids, and the mouth of Swan River, to Fort Gaines.

From Swan River to Long Prairie, and to Pembina.

From Point Douglass, via Stillwater, Marine Mills, Falls of St. Croix, and Pockegoma Lake, to the Falls of St. Louis River, of Lake Superior.

From Wabashaw, via Wahcoota's Village, Olive Grove, and Mendota, to Fort Snelling.

From Mendota, via Little Rapids, Traverse des Sioux and Little Rock, to Sac qui Parle.

From Prairie du Chien to Stillwater and St. Paul.

Texas. — From Shemnah, Grayson county, to the county site of Cooke county.

From county site of Cooke county to Alton, Denton county.

From Jefferson, Cass county, via Alley's Mills and Coffeeville, to Gilmer.

From Mount Pleasant, and county seat of Vansant, to Palestine.

From Gilmer, via Quitman and Davis' Mills, to Greenville, Hunt county.

From Quitman, via Kaufman, to Dallas.

From Huntville, via county site of Trinity, to Marion, Angelina county.

From Crockett, via county site of Trinity, to Livingston.

From Dallas to Birdville, Tarrant county.

From Alton, Denton county, to Birdville, Tarrant county.

From Buffalo, via Waxahatchie, Ellis county, to Birdville, Tarrant county.

From Sabinetown, via Fairmount post-office and Toledo, to Burke, ville.

From Shelbyville to Nacogdoches.

From McKinney to Alton.

From Clear Spring, by most direct rout to Boston, Bowie county.

From Copano to Refugio, Refugio county.

From Victoria to Lamar.

Minnesota.

Texas.

From Goliad to Cibolo Springs, Bexar county.

From San Antonio, via Eagle Pass and Presidio del Norte, to El Paso and Don Ana.

From Indianola, via McGrew's, to Victoria.

From Victoria, via Mission Valley, King's, and Sulphur Springs, to San Antonio.

From Huntville, Walker county, via Mitchell's post-office, to Leona. From Brazos Santa Iago, by land, to New Orleans.

From Houston, via Brien H. Jones', Big Creek post-office, T. Bingham's, and Liverpool post-office, to Galveston.

From Texana, via Wharton and R. J. Calder's, to Columbia.

From Bastrop, Bastrop county, via Lockheart, to Seguin, Guadelupe county.

From Lavacca, Calhoun county, to Texana, Jackson county.

From Loredo, Webb county, to Eagle Pass, Kinney county.

From Cameron, Milam county, to the county seat of Bell county.

From Manchester, via Waco, to Cameron, Milam county.

From Waxahatchie, Ellis county, via Waco, to Cameron, Milam county.

California. - From Fort Bridget, on Black's Forks River, via Salt California. Lake City, to San Francisco.

From San Francisco, via Sacramento City, to Trinity.

From Sacramento City, via Yuba, to Lawson's Ranche.

From Sacramento City to Sutter's Mills.

From Sacramento City, via Stockton and Sonora, to Mariposa.

From San Francisco, via San Jose, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, San Juan, San Antonio, San Miguel, San Luis Obispo, Santa Barbara, Los Angelos, to San Diego.

From San Francisco to San Diego, via Santa Clara, city of San Jose, San Juan, Bauptista, Monterey, Soledad, San Miguel, San Luis Obispo, Dana's, La Purissima, Santa Ynes, Santa Barbara, San Buena Ventura, Los Angeles, Santa Anna, San Juan Capistrana, Santa Marguerita, and San Luis Rey.

From the city of San Jose to Stockton, via San José Mission and Livermore's.

From the city of San José to Benicia, via the Mission of San José, and Martinez.

From Monterey to Towalumnè, via Pachecos.

From the city of San José to Santa Cruz.

From Los Angeles to San Pedro.

From Los Angeles, Gila Town, via San Gabriel, Workman's, Roland's, Chino, Pala, and Aqua Caliente.

From San Francisco to Sacramento, via San Salito and Benicia.

From Benicia to Humboldt and Trinidad, via Sonoma.

From Benicia to Stockton, via Martinez and New York.

From Sacramento to Humboldt and Trinidad, via Vernon, Frémont, Nicolaus, Vernon, Sutter's (Hock Farm) Yuva Town, Neils, Lassen's, Reading's, and Placer Town.

From Sacramento to Carson Valley Settlement, via Columa.

From Sacramento to the gold diggings on the Rio de los Americanos.

From Yuva Town to the gold diggings on Bear, Yuva, and Feather Rivers.

From Sacramento to Los Mariposas Mines, by Murpheys, Shaddans, Laird's, Isbels, Stockton, Stanislaus, and Towalumne.

From Stockton to the gold diggings of the Mokelumne and Calaveras.

From Stockton to the gold diggings on the Stanislaus, Towalumne, and Mercedes Rivers.

Oregon.

Oregon. — From Astoria, via mouth of the Conlitz River, Plymouth, Portland, Milwaukie, Oregon City, Linn City, Lafayette, Nathaniel Ford's, Nesmith's Mills, Marysville, John Lloyd's, Eugene F. Skinner's, Pleasant Hill, to the mouth of the Umpqua River.

From the Umpqua Valley to Sacramento City, in California.

From Oregon City, via Champoy, Salem, Hamilton, Campbell's, Albany, Kirk's Ferry, W. B. Malay's, to Jacob Spore's, in Linn county.

From Nesqually, via Conlitz Settlement, to the mouth of the Conlitz River.

From Portland, via Vancouver, to the Dalles of the Columbia River. From Portland to Hillsborough.

From Oregon City to Harrison Wright's, on Mollola.

From Hamilton Campbell's to Jacob Conser's, in Santyam Forks.

From Linn City to Hillsboro.

From Santa Fe to Socorro.

From Socorro to Frontera.

From Las Vegas to Santa Fe.

From Santa Fe, via Abicin, to Taos.

From Santa Fe to Salt Lake City.

Utah. --- From Great Salt Lake to Sampete, via Utah Lake.

From Great Salt Lake City to Brownsville.

From Great Salt Lake City, to Utah Lake, and thence to Sand Pitch Valley.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the third section of the act of August fourteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, entitled "An Act to establish certain post-routes," be extended to the Territories Utah and New of Utah and New Mexico, and that the postmaster-general be authorized to establish such rates of postage in said Territories as to him may seem proper, not exceeding those authorized in said act.

APPROVED, September 27, 1850.

Sept. 27, 1850. CHAP. LXXVI. — An Act to create the Office of Surveyor-General of the Public Lands in Oregon, and to provide for the Survey, and to make Donations to Settlers of the said Public Lands.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a surveyorgeneral shall be appointed for the Territory of Oregon, who shall have the same authority, perform the same duties respecting the public lands and private land claims in the Territory of Oregon, as are vested in and required of the surveyor of lands in the United States northwest of the Ohio, except as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said surveyor-general shall establish his office at such place within the said Territory as the President of the United States may from time to time direct; he shall be allowed an annual salary of two thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid quarter-yearly, and to commence at such time as he shall enter into bond, with competent security, for the faithful discharge of the Appropriation duties of his office. There shall be, and hereby is, appropriated the sum of four thousand dollars, or as much thereof as is necessary for clerk hire in his office; and the further sum of one thousand dollars Incidental ex- per annum for office rent, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses of his office, to be paid out of the appropriation for surveying the public lands. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if, in the opinion of the

Secretary of the Interior, it be preferable, the surveys in said Territory shall be made after what is known as the geodetic method, under such regulations, and upon such terms, as may be provided by the Sec-

Utah.

Third section of the act of 1848, ch. 175, extended to territories of Mexico.

Rates of postage.

1853, ch. 69.

Surveyor-general of Oregon: his authority and duties.

Salary and place of office.

Bond.

for clerk hire.

penses.

Manner of making surveys.

retary of the Interior or other Department having charge of the surveys of the public lands, and that said geodetic surveys shall be followed by topographical surveys, as Congress may from time to time authorize and direct; but if the present mode of survey be adhered to. then it shall be the duty of said surveyor to cause a base line, and meridian to be surveyed, marked, and established, in the usual manner, at or near the mouth of the Willamette River; and he shall also cause to be surveyed, in townships and sections, in the usual manner, and in accordance with the laws of the United States, which may be in force, the district of country lying between the summit of the Cascade Mountains and the Pacific Ocean, and south and north of the Columbia River: Provided, however, That none other than township lines shall be run where the land is deemed unfit for cultivation. That no deputy surveyor shall charge for any line except such as may be actually run and marked, nor for any line not necessary to be run; and that the whole cost of surveying shall not exceed the rate of eight dollars per mile, for every mile and part of mile actually surveyed and marked.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That there shall be, and hereby Grantofpublic is, granted to every white settler or occupant of the public lands, lands to every white settler or occupant of the public lands, white settler American half-breed Indians included, above the age of eighteen years, above 18 years of being a citizen of the United States, or having made a declaration ac- age, who is a cit cording to law, of his intention to become a citizen, or who shall or who has demake such declaration on or before the first day of December, eighteen clared his intenhundred and fifty-one, now residing in said Territory, or who shall tion, or shall de-become a resident thereof on or before the first day of December the before become a resident thereof on or before the first day of December, Dec. 1, 1850. eighteen hundred and fifty, and who shall have resided upon and cultivated the same for four consecutive years, and shall otherwise conform to the provisions of this act, the quantity of one half section, or three hundred and twenty acres of land, if a single man, and if a married to a single man, man, or if he shall become married within one year from the first day tion to a married of December, eighteen hundred and fifty, the quantity of one section, man. or six hundred and forty acres, one half to himself and the other half to his wife, to be held by her in her own right; and the surveyor-general shall designate the part enuring to the husband and that to the wife, and enter the same on the records of his office; and in all cases where such married persons have complied with the provisions of this persons, act, so as to entitle them to the grant as above provided, whether under the provisions of the late provisional government of Oregon, or since, and either shall this have died before patent issues, the survivor and children or heirs of the either shall have deceased shall be entitled to the share or interest of the deceased in patent equal proportions, except where the deceased shall otherwise dispose the survivor and of it by testament duly and properly executed according to the laws of the deceared of Oregon: *Provided*, That no alien shall be entitled to a patent to entitled to his land, granted by this act, until he shall produce to the surveyor-generation of the share, in properties the surveyor of the surveyor of the surveyor of the surveyor of the share, in equal for the surveyor of the eral of Oregon, record evidence that his naturalization as a citizen of tions. the United States has been completed; but if any alien, having made his declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States, after the passage of this act, shall die before his naturalization shall be completed, the possessory right acquired by him under the provisions of this act shall descend to his heirs at law, or pass to his devisees, to whom, as the case may be, the patent shall issue: Provided, further, Further proviso. That in all cases provided for in this section, the donation shall embrace the land actually occupied and cultivated by the settler thereon: Provided, further, That all future contracts by any person or persons Further proviso. entitled to the benefit of this act, for the sale of the land to which he or they may be entitled under this act before he or they have received a patent therefor, shall be void : Provided, further, however, That this Further proviso. section shall not be so construed as to allow those claiming rights

Proviso.

Half a section

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under the treaty with Great Britain relative to the Oregon Territory, to claim both under this grant and the treaty, but merely to secure them the election, and confine them to a single grant of land.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That to all white male citizens of the United States, or persons who shall have made a declaration of intention to become such, above the age of twenty-one years, emigrat-Oregon between intention to become such, above the age of twenty-one years, emigrat-Dec. 1, 1850, and ing to and settling in said Territory between the first day of Decem-Dec. 1, 1853. her eighteen hundred and fifty, and the first day of December, eighteen ber, eighteen hundred and fifty, and the first day of December, eighteen hundred and fifty-three; and to all white male American citizens, not hereinbefore provided for, becoming one and twenty years of age, in said Territory, and settling there between the times last aforesaid, who shall in other respects comply with the foregoing section and the provisions of this law, there shall be, and hereby is, granted the quantity of one quarter section, or one hundred and sixty acres of land, if a single man; or if married, or if he shall become married within one year from the time of arriving in said Territory, or within one year after becoming twenty-one years of age as aforesaid, then the quantity of one half section, or three hundred and twenty acres, one half to the husband and the other half to the wife in her own right, to be designated by the surveyor-general as aforesaid : Provided always, That no person shall ever receive a patent for more than one donation of land in said Territory in his or her own right: Provided, That no mineral lands shall be located or granted under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That within three months after months after the the survey has been made, or where the survey has been made before made, or after the settlement commenced, then within three months from the commencement of such settlement, each of said settlers shall notify the surveyor-general, to be appointed under this act, of the precise tract or tracts claimed by them respectively under this law, and in all cases it shall be in a compact form; and where it is practicable so to do, the land so claimed shall be taken as nearly as practicable by legal subdivisions; but where that cannot be done, it shall be the duty of the said surveyor-general to survey and mark each claim with the boundaries as claimed, at the request and expense of the claimant; the charge for the same in such case not to exceed the price paid for surveying the Surveyor-gen- public lands. The surveyor-general shall enter a description of such claims in a book to be kept by him for that purpose, and note, temponote the tracts rarily, on the township plats, the tract or tracts so designated, with the designated, and boundaries; and whenever a conflict of boundaries shall arise prior to issuing the patent, the same shall be determined by the surveyorgeneral: *Provided*, That after the first December next, all claims shall be bounded by lines running east and west, and north and south : And Further provise. provided, further, That after the survey is made, all claims shall be made in conformity to the same, and in compact form.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That within twelve months after the surveys have been made, or, where the survey has been made before ment, all persons the settlement, then within twelve months from the time the settlement claiming land to was commenced, each person claiming a donation right under this act shall prove to the satisfaction of the surveyor-general, or of such other that cultivation, officer as may be appointed by law for that purpose, that the settlement and cultivation required by this act had been commenced, specifying the time of the commencement; and at any time after the expiration of four years from the date of such settlement, whether made under the laws of the late provisional government or not, shall prove in like be manner, by two disinterested witnesses, the fact of continued residence and cultivation required by the fourth section of this act; and upon such proof being made, the surveyor-general, or other officer appointed by law for that purpose, shall issue certificates under such rules and

Grants of land to white persons emigrating to

Proviso.

Within three survey has been the commencement of a settlement, each settler to notify the surveyor-general of the location of his tract.

eral to keep a book in which to to settle disputed boundaries.

Proviso.

Within twelve months after survey, or settleprove to the surveyor-general etc., has been commenced.

Four years' residence to proved, before patents for the land shall be granted.

regulations as may be prescribed by the commissioner of the general land office, setting forth the facts in the case, and specifying the land to which the parties are entitled. And the said surveyor-general shall return the proof so taken to the office of the commissioner of the general land office, and if the said commissioner shall find no valid objection thereto, patents shall issue for the land according to the cer- Patent to issue. tificates aforesaid, upon the surrender thereof.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That upon the death of any settler before the expiration of the four years' continued possession required dies before expiby this act, all the rights of the deceased under this act shall descend years, his rights to the heirs at law of such settler, including the widow, where one is are guarantied left, in equal parts; and proof of compliance with the conditions of law. this act up to the time of the death of such settler shall be sufficient to entitle them to the patent.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That no claim to a donation right No claim to under the provisions of this act, upon sections sixteen or thirty-six, sections sixteen shall be valid or allowed, if the residence and cultivation upon which or thirty-six to be the same is founded shall have commenced after the survey of the valid if the resi-dence was com-same; nor shall such claim attach to any tract or parcel of land select-menced after the ed for a military post, or within one mile thereof, or to any other land survey of the reserved for governmental purposes, unless the residence and cultiva- same. tion thereof shall have commenced previous to the selection or reservation of the same for such purposes.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That there be, and hereby is, granted to the Territory of Oregon the quantity of two townships of gon for a uni land in said Territory, west of the Cascade Mountains, and to be selected in legal subdivisions after the same has been surveyed, by the legislative assembly of said Territory, in such manner as it may deem proper, one to be located north, and the other south, of the Columbia River, to aid in the establishment of a university in the Territory of Oregon, in such manner as the said legislative assembly may direct, the selection to be approved by the surveyor-general.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That what is known as the Further grant "Oregon city claim," excepting the Abernethy Island, which is hereby "Oregon city" confirmed to the legal assigns of the Williamette Milling and Trading claim." Companies, shall be set apart and be at the disposal of the legislative assembly, the proceeds thereof to be applied by said legislative assembly to the establishment and endowment of a university, to be located at such place in the Territory as the legislative assembly may designate: Provided, however, That all lots and parts of lots in said claim, sold or granted by Doctor John McLaughlin, previous to the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, shall be confirmed to the purchaser or donee, or their assigns, to be certified to the commissioner of the general land office, by the surveyor-general, and patents to issue on said certificates, as in other cases: Provided, fur-Further proviso. ther, That nothing in this act contained shall be so construed or executed, as in any way to destroy or affect any rights to land in said Territory, holden or claimed under the provisions of the treaty or treaties existing between this country and Great Britain.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That all persons claiming Persons claim-land under any of the provisions of this act, by virtue of settlement ing land to make oath that the and cultivation commenced subsequent to the first of December, in the land claimed is year eighteen hundred and fifty, shall first make affidavit before the for their own use surveyor-general, who is hereby authorized to administer all such oaths and cultivation. or affirmations, or before some other competent officer, that the land claimed by them is for their own use and cultivation; that they are not acting directly or indirectly as agent for, or in the employment of others, in making such claims; and that they have made no sale or transfer, or any arrangement or agreement for any sale, transfer, or aliena-

If any settler

Grants to Ora versity.

Proviso.

tion of the same, or by which the said land shall enure to the benefit of any other person. And all affidavits required by this act shall be entered of record, by the surveyor-general, in a book to be kept by him Punishment of for that purpose; and on proof, before a court of competent jurisdiction, that any of such oaths or affirmations are false or fraudulent, the persons making such false or fraudulent oaths or affirmations shall be subject to all the pains and penalties of perjury.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That all questions arising under this act shall be adjudged by the surveyor-general as preliminary to a final decision according to law; and it shall be the duty of the surveyor-general, under the direction of the commissioner of the general land office, to cause proper tract books to be opened for the lands in Oregon, and to do and perform all other acts and things necessary and proper to carry out the provisions of this act.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That no mineral lands, nor lands reserved for salines, shall be liable to any claim under and by virtue of the provisions of this act; and that such portions of the public lands as may be designated under the authority of the President of the United States, for forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful public uses, shall be reserved and excepted from the operation of this act: Provided, That if it shall be deemed necessary, in the judgment of the President, to include in any such reservation the improvements of any settler made previous to the passage of this act, it shall in such case be the duty of the Secretary of War to cause the value of such improvements to be ascertained, and the amount so ascertained shall be paid to the party entitled thereto, out of any money not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, September 27, 1850.

Sept. 28, 1850. CHAP. LXXVII. -- An Act making Appropriations for Lighthouses, Light-Boats, Buoys, &c., and providing for the Erection and Establishment of the same, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Appropriation. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following appropriations be, and the same are hereby, made, and directed to be paid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to carry the provisions of this act into effect : Provided, however, If a good title to any land, which it may be necessary to use, cannot be obtained on reasonable terms, or the exclusive right to such land cannot be acquired by cession, when the interest of the United States demands it, before the appropriation would by law fall into the surplus fund, in any and all such cases, the appropriations shall be applicable to the objects for which they are made, at any time within two years after the first meeting of the legislature, in any State wherein such land may be situated, subsequent to the passage of this act, to wit:

In Maine. - For a buoy on a ledge about one league east of Bocn Island, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For dumb beacons on Drunken and Fidler's Ledges, at the mouth Fidler's Ledges. of the thoroughfare between Northhaven and Vinalhaven, one thousand dollars.

> For a lighthouse on Black Saddleback Island, in the county of Hancock, four thousand dollars.

In New Hampshire. — For a beacon and buoys at the mouth of Lit-Little Harbor. tle Harbor, near Portsmouth, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For a beacon on Logy's Ledge, in Piscataqua River, five hundred dollars.

perjury.

Surveyor-general authorized to make preliminary adjudica-tions of questions arising under this act.

Reservation of mineral and other lands.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Maine.

Boon Island. Drunken and

Black Saddleback Island.

> N. Hampshire. Logy's ledge.

In Massachusetts. - For a dwelling-house for the keeper of the beacon light at Hyannis, eight hundred dollars.

For a spar buoy on the middle ground off Chatham; one on the east end of Monomoy Rip; one on Schooner Bar; one at Powder Hole Harbor; and one on Stone Horse Shoal, near Pollock Rip, four hundred dollars.

For one spar buoy at the north, and one at the south end of a ledge called Muskeget Rocks, one on the north-west end of the Horseshoe, one at Hyannis, one on the Sturgeon Flat, one off Stoney Point, and one on Blankenship's Rock, in the Edgartown district, five hundred and sixty dollars.

For a lighthouse on Egg Rock, near Nahant, five thousand dollars.

For a fog signal, to be placed at the outer lighthouse in Boston Bay,

three thousand dollars. For spar buoys at the entrance of Lynn Harbor, viz.: one on the Dolphin Rock, one on the Libby Rock, one on Sawney's Rock, one on the north-east and one on the south-west of Pig Rocks, one on Old Harry Rock, and one on Lobster Rock, five hundred and sixty dollars.

For the completion of the causeway from the shore to the lighthouse at Edgartown, four thousand dollars.

For buoys or beacons at the harbor of Newburyport, five hundred dollars.

For a lighthouse on the breakwater at Bass River, four thousand dollars.

For a beacon on Bird Island, and one on the False Spit, and a buoy on Slate Ledge, near the lower middle in the harbor of Boston, two thousand nine hundred dollars.

For beacons on Black Rock, Harbor Rock, and Five Pound Island Gloucester Har-Point, in the harbor of Glocester, fifteen hundred dollars.

For the erection of a beacon and placing buoys at the mouth of and in Essex River, in Ipswich Bay, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For a lighthouse upon a reef of rocks called the Sow and Pigs, off the Island of Cuttyhunk, in place of the light-boat stationed off said reef, and the lighthouse on said island: Provided, on examination, a good foundation can be found, thirty thousand dollars.

In Rhode Island. - For a lighthouse on Sandy Point, Prudence Island, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a spar buoy on the middle ground shoal, Dutch Island Harbor, in Narragansett Bay, forty dollars.

For a buoy upon a rock near Coal Mine Wharf, on the Island of Rhode Island. Rhode Island, one hundred dollars.

In Connecticut. - For a can buoy on Pea Field's Reef, off Black Rock Harbor, one hundred dollars.

For a beacon light on Bridgeport Bar, three thousand five hundred Bridgeport Bar dollars.

In New York. - For four spar buoys in Greenport Harbor, three bor. hundred dollars.

For two beacon lights near Fort Hamilton, as a range to guide vessels from the South-west Spit to the Narrows, four thousand dollars.

For seven can buoys in Niagara River, between Horseshoe Reef and Grand Island, one thousand dollars.

For the erection of a beacon on the south-east part of Romer Shoal, thirty thousand dollars.

For a spar buoy on Glover's Reef, near Port Chester, Long Island Sound, seventy dollars.

For a spar buoy at Cold Spring, Long Island, seventy dollars. For four spar buoys, to be placed in the inlet to Fire Island Bay, Fin Bay. Fire Long Island.*

Massachusetts. Dwelling-house at Hyannis. Spar buoys.

Egg Rock. Boston Bay.

Spar buoys.

Edgartown.

Newburyport.

Bass River.

Boston Harbor.

Ipswich Bay.

Cuttyhunk.

Proviso.

Rhode Island. Sandy Point.

Narraganset Bay.

Connecticut. Pea Field's

Reef.

New York. Greenport Har-

Fort Hamilton.

Niagara River.

Romer Shoal.

Glover's Reef.

Cold Spring.

Island

New Jersey. bor. Passaic River.

In New Jersey. - For an iron can buoy between the new and old Little Egg Har- Inlet Shoal, at Little Egg Harbor, two hundred dollars.

For a beacon at the "Elbow" in Passaic River, and for four spar buoys in said river, four hundred dollars.

For a spar buoy on Mill Reef, at the entrance of the Kills, and a Mill Reef and Corner Stake. beacon at the Corner Stake near Elizabethtown Point, four hundred dollars.

Conaskonk Point.

Maryland.

Virginia. Hog Island.

Knoll.

For a lighthouse on Conaskonk Point, four thousand five hundred dollars.

In Delaware. - For a lighthouse at the entrance of Indian River, Delaware. Indian River. five thousand dollars.

In Maryland. - For a lighthouse at Seven Foot Knoll, ten thousand Seven Foot dollars.

For a light-boat to be stationed off James Island, Tangier Sound. James Island. eight thousand dollars; or for a lighthouse on the south-west point of James Island, if the Secretary of the Treasury shall decide that it will answer the purposes of commerce.

In Virginia. - For two lights on the south end of Hog Island, as a range for the channel of Great Mutchipungo, or on Sand Shoal, as the one or the other, upon actual survey, may be found to be best, ten thou-Repeal of ap- sand dollars; and the appropriation of ten thousand dollars, made by for the act of the fourteenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, for 1848, ch. 176. two lights on Sand Shoal Inlet, be, and is hereby, repealed.

> For four beacons in James River, viz. : one on White Shoal, one on Bluvess Bluff Shoal, one on Point Shoal, and one on Deep Water Shoal, three thousand five hundred dollars.

In North Carolina. - For buoys in Hatteras Inlet, near the south breakers, at the entrance from the ocean, five hundred dollars.

For buoys at the Cape Channel, opposite the Hatteras lighthouse,

one at Cates Slew, and one at the Bog Channel, opposite Kinnikect, two Bog Channel. hundred and fifty dollars.

In South Carolina. - For a small beacon light on Morris Island, two thousand five hundred dollars.

In Mississippi .- For a beacon lighthouse on the pier at Mississippi city, three thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on the west end of Ship Island, twelve thousand dollars, being a renewal of an appropriation for this purpose made August fourteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

For a lighthouse at or near Pascagoula River, three thousand dollars.

In Michigan. - For a lighthouse on the north-west point of Grand Travers Bay, four thousand dollars.

Marquette Port. For a lighthouse at the port of Marquette, Lake Superior, five thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on the point of land about three miles east of Cheboygan River, in the Straits of Mackinaw, four thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at or near the mouth of Eagle River, four thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on the south shore of Lake Superior, at Ontanagon, five thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at Ottawa Point, in Saginaw Bay, five thousand dollars.

Beaver Island. For a lighthouse on Beaver Island, Lake Michigan, five thousand dollars.

In Wisconsin. - For a lighthouse at the mouth of Twin Rivers, Wisconsin: Twin Rivers. three thousand five hundred dollars. Port Ulao.

For a lighthouse at Port Ulao, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Texas. In Texas.—For a lighthouse and beacon light at Brasos Satiago, Brasos Santia-[Santiago,] fifteen thousand dollars.

propriation for Sand Shoal Inlet.

James River.

North Carolina. Hatteras Inlet.

Cape Channel.

South Carolina,

Morris Island-

Mississippi. Mississippi city

Ship Island. 1848, ch. 176.

Pascagoula River. Michigan.

Grand Travers Bay.

- Straits of Mackinaw.
 - Eagle River.

Ontanagon.

Ottawa Point.

go.

For a lighthouse at Boliver Point, fifteen thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at Matagorda Island, fifteen thousand dollars.

In Florida. - For the erection of a lighthouse on Sea Horse Key, eight thousand dollars.

In Georgia. - For the purchase of the signal light at the Savannah River, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For two dumb beacons to be erected, one on Black Oyster Rock, the other on Sugar Loaf, in the River Savannah, four thousand dollars.

In Louisiana. - For a lighthouse at or near the head of the Southwest Pass of the Mississippi River, fifteen thousand dollars.

In California. - For a lighthouse at Alcatraz Island; for a lighthouse at Point Conception, and a fog signal; for a lighthouse on Battery Point entrance of the Bay of San Francisco; for a lighthouse at tery Point San Diago for a lighthouse at tery Point San San Diego; for a lighthouse and a fog signal at Monterey; for a light- Diego; Monte-house at the Island of Faralones, off the harbor of San Francisco, and rey; Faralones. a fog signal, and for the transportation, erection, and placing the same; ninety thousand dollars.

In Oregon. - For a lighthouse on Cape Disappointment, at the mouth of the Columbia River; one on an island off Cape Flattery, at the entrance of the Straits of Fuca, and one at New Dungenness; twelve iron can buoys in Columbia River, and the transportation, erection, and placing the same; fifty-three thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to test the use and economy of the calcium light, five thousand dollars.

For fog signals at the lighthouses on Execution Rocks, Gull Island, Long Island Sound, Beaver Tail Point, Rhode Island, and on board the light-boat at Bartlett's Reef, Long Island Sound, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For life-boats and other means for rendering assistance to wrecked mariners, and others, on the coasts of the United States, to be expended under the control and direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, ten thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That whereas the lighthouse on Minot's Ledge is completed and in operation, the one at Scituate be Scituate therefore suspended during such time as the one on Minot's Ledge is that on Minot's Ledge is lighted.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if such person as the Secretary of the Treasury shall designate shall report, in any of the cases Treasury author-herein provided for, that preliminary surveys are necessary to deter- officers of U.S. mine the site of a proposed lighthouse, or light-boat, beacon or buoy, revenue service or to ascertain more fully what the public exigency demands, the Sec-retary of the Treasury shall thereupon appoint one or more officers of and beacons. the United States revenue service, to perform the required duty.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That any officer so appointed shall forthwith enter upon the discharge of the duty, and, after fully ficers appointed ascertaining the facts, shall report; first, whether the proposed facility aforesaid. to navigation is the most suitable for the exigency which exists; and second, where it should be placed if the interests of commerce demand it; third, if the thing proposed be not the most suitable, whether it is expedient to make any other kind of improvement; fourth, whether the proposed light has any connection with other lights, and if so, whether it cannot be so located as to subserve both the general and the local wants of trade and navigation; and fifth, whether there be any, and if any, what other facts of importance touching the subject.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all such reports shall, as speedily as may be, be laid before the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Treasury au-if such as to authorize the work without further legislation, he shall ceed when the forthwith proceed with it; otherwise, such reports shall be laid before report is favor

Bolivar Point. Matagorda Island. Florida.

Sea Horse Key. Georgia.

Savannah River.

Louisiana. South-west Pass.

California. Alcatras; Point

Oregon.

Pacific coast, Oregon.

Calcium light.

Long Island Sound and Rhode Island

Life-boats, &c.

Lighthouse at

Secretary of

Duties of of-Report.

Secretary of Congress.

and Marks cbannel.

able without fur- Congress, at the next ensuing session; but in all cases where such perther legislation; son as the Secretary of the Treasury shall designate does not report otherwise, to lay the report before such preliminary examination as expedient, the provisions of this act shall without delay be carried into execution.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That hereafter all buoys along numbers to be the coast, or in bays, harbors, sounds, or channels, shall be colored to designate the and numbered, so that passing up the coast or sound, or entering the bay, harbor, or channel, red buoys with even numbers shall be passed on the starboard hand, black buoys with uneven numbers on the port hand, and buoys with red and black stripes on either hand. Buoys in channel ways to be colored with alternate white and black perpendicular stripes.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to collectors, when acting as superintendents of lighthouses, beacons, superintendents light-boats, and buoys, the same rate of commission on the disburseof lighthouses, ment of the aforesaid appropriations, as were allowed and paid for the

year ending fourth March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine: *Provided*, That no collector shall receive for his services, as superintendent afore-

Further pro- said, over the sum of four hundred dollars per annum : And provided, further, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall assign to the collectors the superintendence of such lighthouses, beacons, lightboats, and buoys, as he may judge best and most convenient for the public interest.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That there be, and hereby is, appropriated the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to purpurchase of a appropriated the sum of one numbered and may thousand donars to pur-steamer for the chase a steamer to be employed in the coast survey upon the Pacific Pacific coast sur- coast, and used, if deemed expedient, in designating the sites of the several lighthouses provided for in California.

> SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the sum of two thousand dollars is hereby appropriated to pay the balance due to M. La Pont, of Paris, for the light at Saneoty Head, Nantucket.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

Sept. 28, 1850. CHAP. LXXVIII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Army for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

For pay of the army, one million seven hundred and fifty-nine thousand eight hundred and forty-two dollars : Provided, that the pay and emoluments of the superintendent of the United States Military Academy shall in no case be less than the pay and emoluments of the professor of natural and experimental philosophy.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, five hundred and fifty of officers' sub- thousand six hundred and seventy-nine dollars, including the additional rations for commissioned officers of ordnance commanding arsenals or armories, being fixed or permanent posts of the army of the United States, and the additional rations for the commissioned officers of engineers commanding separate and fixed or permanent posts of the army of the United States.

For extra pay to the commissioned officers and enlisted men of the diers serving in army of the United States, serving in Oregon or California, three hundred and twenty-five thousand eight hundred and fifty-four dollars, on

Commissions allowed to collectors acting as &с

Proviso.

viso.

Appropriation of \$150,000 for vey.

Appropriation of \$2000 for M. La Pont.

of the Pay army.

Proviso as to pay of the superintendent of the Military Academy.

Commutation sistence, &c.

Extra pay to officers and solfornia.

the following basis, to wit: that there shall be allowed to each com- 1852, ch. 110, §8. missioned officer as aforesaid, whilst serving as aforesaid, a per diem, in addition to their regular pay and allowances, of two dollars each, and to each enlisted man as aforesaid, whilst serving as aforesaid, a per diem, in addition to their present pay and allowances, equal to the pay proper of each as established by existing laws, said extra pay of the enlisted men to be retained until honorably discharged - This addi-Τo continue tional pay to continue until the first of March, eighteen hundred and until 1852. March 1, fifty-two, or until otherwise provided.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, one hundred and three thousand seven hundred and seventy-six dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing for officers' servants, thirty-five thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For expenses of recruiting, fifty-six thousand six hundred and sixteen dollars.

For three months' extra pay to non-commissioned officers, musicians, re-enlistments. and privates, on re-enlistment, ten thousand dollars.

For clothing and camp and garrison equipage, and horse equip- Clothing, camp ments, one hundred and two thousand eight hundred and seventy-one equipage, dollars. ments.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consist-ing of fuel, forage in kind for the authorized number of officers' horses, ter's ment: mules, and oxen of the quartermaster's department, at the several mili- supplies. tary posts and stations, and with the armies in the field and for the horses for the first and second regiments of dragoons, the eight companies of light artillery, and the regiment of mounted riflemen, of straw for soldiers' bedding, and of stationery, including company and other blank books for the army, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's department, and for the printing of division and department orders and army regulations, eight hundred and fifty thousand and sixty-one dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packets received and sent by officers penses of quaron public service, expenses of courts martial and courts of inquiry, in- partment. cluding the additional compensation to judge advocates, recorders, members, and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of March the sixteenth, eighteen hundred and two, extra pay to soldiers employed in the erection of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals, the construction of roads and other constant labor, under the direction of the quartermaster's department, for periods of not less than ten days, under the act of the second of March, eighteen hundred and nineteen, expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field, of escorts to paymasters, other disbursing officers and trains, where military escorts cannot be furnished, expense of the interment of non-commissioned officers and soldiers, hire of laborers in the quartermaster's department; compensation to wagon and forage masters, authorized by the act of the fifth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; the various expenses necessary to keep the first and second regiments of dragoons, the four companies of light artillery, and the regiment of mounted riflemen complete, including the purchase of travelling forges, blacksmith's and shoeing tools, horse and mule shoes, iron, hire of veterinary surgeons, medicines for horses and mules, and hire of guides, interpreters, and spies, four hundred and fifty-four thousand nine hundred and sixty-seven dollars.

For the purchase of horess [horses] required for the first and second Horses for draregiments of dragoons, the eight companies of light artillery, and the goons, artillery, mounted regiment of mounted riflemen, one hundred and seventy thousand nine riflemen. hundred and twelve dollars.

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Incidental ex-

1802, ch. 9.

1819, ch. 45.

1838, ch. 162.

Commutation of forage.

Money in lieu of clothing for servants.

Extra pay for

Quartermasdepartregular

and equip-

Recruiting.

Barracks, quarhospitals, ters, etc.

military post at Newport, Ky.

Allowance to officers travelling on duty.

Visitors to Military Academy.

Purchase of a cemetery near the city of Mexico.

Vol. x. p. 21.

Transportation of army and army stores.

Medical department.

> Armament. Ordnance.

Ordnance service. Proviso.

1842, ch. 186.

National armories.

For constructing, repairing, and enlarging barracks, quarters, hospitals, storehouses, stables, wharves, and ways at the several posts and depots, for temporary cantonments, gun-houses for the protection of cannon, including the necessary tools and materials for the objects enumerated, and for the authorized furniture of barrack-rooms of noncommissioned officers and soldiers, rent of quarters for officers, barracks and hospitals for troops when there are no public buildings for their accommodation, for storehouses for the safe-keeping of military stores, and of grounds for summer cantonments and encampments, four hundred and sixty-five thousand one hundred and one dollars : Pro-Proviso as to vided, That eighteen thousand eight hundred dollars of said sum shall be expended in the erection of a guard-house, powder magazine, repair and enlargement of the barracks, the construction of culverts and sinks, the grading of the drill and parade grounds, and the construction of a stone wall on the Licking River side, for the protection and preservation of the public property, at the military post at Newport, in the State of Kentucky.

> For mileage, or the allowance made to officers for the transportation of themselves and baggage when travelling on duty without troops, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

> To supply deficiency in the appropriation for the expenses of the visitors to the Military Academy at West Point, one thousand and ninety-four dollars and eighty-three cents.

> For purchasing, walling, and ditching a piece of land near the city of Mexico, for a cemetery or burial-ground, for such of the officers and soldiers of our army, in our late war with Mexico, as fell in battle, or died in and around said city, and for the interment of American citizens who have died or may die in said city, to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States, ten thousand dollars.

> For transportation of the army, including the baggage of the troops when moving either by land or water, of clothing, camp, and garrison equipage, and horse equipments, from the depots at Philadelphia and New York to the several posts and army depots; of subsistence, from the places of purchase and from the places of delivery, under contract, to such places as the circumstances of the services may require it to be sent; of ordinance, ordnance stores, and small arms, from the foundaries and the armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots; freights, tolls, and ferriages; the purchase and hire of horses, wagons, mules, oxen, carts, drays, ships, and other sea-going vessels and boats for the transportation of supplies; and for garrison purposes, drayage, and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters, transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments, the expenses of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and in the Atlantic and Pacific, and of procuring water at such post as, from their situations, require it, one million seven hundred and fifty-two thousand and forty-two dollars.

> For medical and hospital departments, sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

For armament of fortifications, one hundred thousand dollars.

For purchase of ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, one hundred thousand dollars.

For current expenses of the ordnance service, one hundred thousand dollars : Provided, That the principal assistant in the ordnance bureau of the War Department shall receive a compensation not less than that of the person employed at the founderies, under the fifth section of the act approved twenty-third of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, from and after the date thereof.

For manufacture of arms at the national armories, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery, at the Harper's Ferry armory, fifty thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery, at the Spring-^{ry}. Repairs, etc., at Springfield. field armory, fifty-six thousand six hundred dollars.

For arsenals, one hundred and seventeen thousand five hundred and eighty-six dollars, and that sixteen thousand dollars of the sum hereby appropriated shall be applied to the completion of the arsenal at Fayetteville, North Carolina, according to the intent of the law authorizing etteville, N. C. its construction.

For purchase of a lot of ground at Springfield, Massachusetts, ad-Purchase joining the armory grounds on the hill, and near the new arsenal, eight ground thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveys in reference to the military defences of the frontier, inland and Atlantic, fifteen thousand dollars.

For military and geographical surveys west of the Mississippi, twenty thousand dollars.

For continuing the surveys of the northern and north-western lakes, ^{p1.} Northern lakes. twenty-five thousand dollars.

For arrearages prior to the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifteen, under the act of the first of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, in addition to an unexpended balance remaining in the treasury of one thousand six hundred and twenty-seven dollars and eighteen cents, payable through the third auditor's office, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to a draftsman, employed in the bureau of topographical engineers, on a map of the western territory of the United in the states, and of the northern part of Mexico, which was made under engineers. order of the Senate of the United States, one thousand and sixty dollars. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of six hundred Reappropriation

and eight thousand two hundred and eighteen dollars and ninety-eight for army subsistcents, being the unexpended balance now in the treasury, of the appropriation made by Congress on the fourteenth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, on account of the "army subsistence" for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fortynine, be, and the same is hereby, reappropriated for the army subsistence for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the moneys which may be received by the proper officers of the army for the sales of subsistence, of March 3, 1849, military stores, and other supplies, be, and they are hereby, exempted ch. 110. from the operation of the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, entitled "An Act requiring all moneys received from the customs, and all other sources, to be paid into the treasury without abatement or reduction."

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the military stoorkeeper at Little Rock arsenal, Arkansas, be allowed, from the first day of Octo- of military storeber, eighteen hundred and forty-two, to the twenty-fifth day of October, Rock arsenal. eighteen hundred and forty-nine, the same compensation as is authorized by the act of the twenty-third of August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, to be paid to the storekeepers at the Washington, Pittsburg, and Watervliet arsenals, and that there be paid to military storekeeper David Butler twenty dollars per month, for and during the time he has performed the duties of commissary and assistant commissary of subsistence and quartermaster.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War to order the discharge of any soldier of the army of the United States, who at the time of his enlistment was under the age ing without conof twenty-one years, upon evidence being produced to him that such sent of parent or enlistment was without the consent of his parent or guardian.

Repairs, etc., at Harper's Fer-

Arsenals.

Arsenal at Fay-

nf at

Frontier surveys.

Surveys west of the Mississip-

Arrearages. 1820, ch. 52.

Draughtsman the bureau of topographical

ence.

1848, ch. 173.

Moneys ex-

Compensation keeper at Little

1842, ch. 186.

David Butler.

Secretary of War to discharge any minor enlistguardian.

Publication of new edition of "Ordnance Manual." 1849, ch. 101.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay the unexpended balance of the appropriation made by an act of March third, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, " for publishing a new edition of the Ordnance Manual," to the officer of the United States army employed in compiling, arranging, and supervising the publication of the same, as provided by the terms of said act.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

Sept. 28, 1850. CHAP. LXXIX. - An Act to create additional Collection Districts in the State of California, and to change the existing District therein, and to modify the existing Collection Districts in the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Six collection United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be districts in Cali- in the State of California six collection districts, to wit : San Francisco, Monterey, San Diego, Sacramento, Sonoma, and San Joaquin. District of San The district of San Francisco shall include all the territory, bays, harde- bors, rivers, and shores embraced within the counties of San Francisco, Santa Clara, Contra-Costa, Marin, Mondocino, and Trinidad, and a Officers to be collector, naval officer, and surveyor for the district shall be appointed, to reside at the city of San Francisco, which shall be the sole port of entry for the district.

The district of Monterey shall include all the territory, bays, harbors, rivers, and shores embraced within the counties of Monterey, San Luis Obispo, and Santa Cruz, and a collector shall be appointed for said district, to reside at the town of Monterey, which shall be the sole port of entry for the district.

The district of San Diego shall include all the territory, bays, harbors, rivers, and shores of the counties of San Diego, Los Angeles, and Santa Barbara; and a collector shall be appointed for said district, to reside at the town of San Diego, which shall be the sole port of entry for said district.

The district of Sacramento shall include all the territory, bays, harbors, rivers, and shores of the counties of Sacramento, Sutter, El Dorado, Yuba, Butte Yolo, Coluse, and Shasta; and a collector for the district shall be appointed to reside at Sacramento city, which shall be the sole port of entry for the district.

The district of Sonoma shall include all the territory, bays, harbors, rivers, and shores embraced within the counties of Sonoma, Napa, and Solano, and a collector shall be appointed for said district, to reside at the town of Benicia, which, together with the town of Vallejo, shall be the sole port of entry for the district.

The district of San Joaquin shall include all the territory, bays, harbors, rivers, and [shores] embraced within the counties of Calaveras, San Joaquin, Tualumne, and Mariposa, and a collector of the district shall be appointed to reside at the town of Stockton, which shall be the sole port of entry for the district. And the towns of Santa Barbara and San Pedro, in the collection district of San Diego, shall be, and are hereby, constituted ports of delivery for said districts, and surveyors shall be appointed to reside at each, with such other officers as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary for the public service.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in addition to the officers hereinbefore provided for, at the port of San Francisco, there shall be appointed two principal and two assistant appraisers for said port; and the compensations of the officers provided for in this act shall be as follows, to wit: the collector of the district of San Francisco shall be allowed a compensation not exceeding ten thousand dollars per annum;

Francisco fined.

appointed.

District of Monterev.

Collector.

District of San Diego.

Collector.

District of Sacramento.

Collector.

District of Sonoma.

Collector.

District of San Joaquin.

Collector.

Santa Barbara and San Pedro made ports of delivery. Other officers.

Appraisers.

Compensation of officers at San Francisco.

the naval officer a compensation not exceeding eight thousand dollars per annum; the surveyor a compensation not exceeding seven thousand dollars per annum. The principal appraisers a compensation not exceeding six thousand each per annum, and the assistant appraisers each a sum not exceeding three thousand five hundred dollars per annum. The collectors of the districts of Monterey, San Diego, Sacranum. The collectors of the districts of atomics of sources, such does of collectors of mento, Sonoma, and San Joaquin shall be allowed three thousand dol- of collectors of Montercy, San lars each per annum, with additional maximum compensation of two Diego, Sacra-thousand dollars each per annum, should their official emoluments and mento, Sonoma, fees provided by existing laws amount to that sum respectively. surveyors at Santa Barbara and San Pedro shall be allowed, in addition to the fees authorized by existing laws, a compensation of two thousand dollars per annum, and the deputy collector appointed in pursuance of existing laws at the port of San Francisco shall be allowed a compen- tor at San Fransation not to exceed five thousand dollars per annum.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That, until otherwise directed by Laws relating SEC. 3. And be it further charten, 1 hat, unth other wise directed by Congress, the provisions of law in relation to the payment of expenses to collection of the revenue, exincidental to the collection of the revenue from customs, existing prior is the revenue, ex-to the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, entitled of 1849, ch. 110, "An Act requiring all moneys receivable from customs and from all other extended to colsources to be paid immediately into the treasury without abatement or of California and reduction, and for other purposes," shall be, and are hereby, made ap-Oregon. plicable to the several collection districts in the State of California and the Territory of Oregon, any thing in the aforesaid act to the contrary notwithstanding.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of fine, penalty, or forfeiture mentioned and embraced in the act entitled "An Act the Treasury auto provide for mitigating or remitting the forfeitures, penalties, and or mitigate fines disabilities accruing in certain cases therein mentioned," or in any act and penalties inin addition to or amendatory of said act, that have occurred or may curred under ceroccur in the collection districts in the State of California and Territory ces of Oregon, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, if, in his opinion, the said fine, penalty, or forfeiture was incurred without wilful negligence or intention of fraud, to prescribe such rules and mode of proceeding to ascertain the facts, as, in his opinion, may be convenient and proper, without regard to the provisions of the act above referred to; and upon the said facts so to be ascertained as aforesaid, the said Secretary may exercise all the power conferred upon him in and by said act, as fully as he might have done had said facts been ascertained under and according to the provisions of said act : Provided, That where any ships or vessels, or any goods, wares, and merchandize, may have been subjected to seizure, or confiscation, or detention by any officer of the customs in the collection district of Upper California or the district of Oregon, prior to the passage of this act, and it shall be made to appear, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, that the owner or owners of any such ships or vessels, or the owner or owners or importers of any such goods, wares, and merchandize, has or have sustained damage or loss by reason of any improper seizure, confiscation, or detention thereof, the said Secretary is hereby authorized to extend such relief in the respective cases as he may deem just and proper.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That all the territory, harbors, rivers, and waters on the eastern shore of the State of Wisconsin, district of Milbordering on Lake Michigan, lying south of the forty-fourth parallel in Wisconsin. of north latitude, heretofore embraced in the district of Chicago, as are contained within the limits and jurisdiction of the State of Wisconsin, shall be, and are hereby, constituted a collection district, to be called the district of Milwaukie, and a port of entry for said district is hereby established at Milwaukie; and Southport, Racine, Sheboy-

Compensation Monterey, San Sacra-The and San Joaquin.

> Surveyors at anta Barbara Santa and San Pedro. Deputy colleccisco.

Secretary of

1797, ch. 13.

Proviso.

The collection created

gan, Green Bay, and Depére, shall be ports of delivery only. And the town of Waukegan, in the State of Illinois, in the collection dis-Extension of the trict of Chicago, shall be a port of delivery also. And all the territory, district of Mack- harbors, rivers, and waters on the eastern shore of the State of Wisconsin, bordering on Lake Michigan and Green Bay, lying north of the said forty-fourth parallel of latitude, shall be, and the same are hereby, attached to, and made part of, the collection district of Mackinac, in the State of Michigan.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed. in pursuance of law, a collector of the customs for the aforesaid district, who shall reside at the port of entry created by this act, together with such other subordinate officers of the customs as are provided for

Compensation. by law; and the compensation of said collector shall be two hundred and fifty dollars per annum, together with such commissions and fees as are authorized by existing laws.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That deputy collectors of the customs shall be appointed and compensated for their services, in the mode prescribed by existing laws, to reside at the respective ports of delivery constituted by this act, and said officers shall exercise all the powers and duties vested in deputy collectors of the customs under

existing laws. SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That all that part of the territory district of Minne- of the United States lying north of the northern boundary line of the States of Wisconsin and Iowa, and east of the Rocky Mountains, is hereby created a collection district, to be called the Minnesota Dis-Collector to be trict, whereof Pembina shall be the port of entry; and a collector shall be appointed who shall give the usual bond required of such officers, and who shall be entitled to a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum, and who shall not receive any other compensation whatever in the shape of extra allowance or fees of any description whatever.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the tor or an inspec- Treasury is hereby authorized at his discretion to appoint a deputy collector or an inspector of the customs for said district, at a rate of compensation not to exceed three dollars per day when he is employed.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the town of Jeffersonville, in the State of Indiana, shall be attached to, and made a part of, the livery of Louis- port of delivery as now existing at Louisville, in the State of Ken-ville, Ky. tucky : and goods imported into the state of Kentucky; and goods imported into the port of Louisville, in pursuance of existing laws, and destined for Jeffersonville, may be landed and warehoused under the provisions of the warehousing act of the sixth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, at Jeffersonville, under the custody and control of the surveyor of the port of Louisville.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the town of Memphis, in the State of Tennessee, shall be a port of delivery, and shall be subject to the same regulations and restrictions as other ports of delivery Surveyor to be in the United States; and there shall be appointed a surveyor of the customs, to reside at the said port, who shall, in addition to his own duties, also perform the duties and receive the salary and emolument of surveyors prescribed by the act of Congress passed on the second of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, providing for the payment of duties on imported goods at certain ports therein mentioned, the same being entitled "An Act allowing the duties on foreign merchandize imported into Pittsburg, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Nashville, and Natchez, to be received and paid at those places," and at the said town of Memphis and the said port of delivery be, and the the same is hereby, annexed to and made part of the collection district of New Orleans, and all the privileges and facilities afforded to Pittsburg, and Wheeling, and Cincinnati, &c., by the act of Congress of second

inac.

Collector to be appointed.

Deputy collectors.

The collection sota created.

appointed. Compensation.

Deputy collec-

tor.

Jeffersonville, Ia., made a part of the port of de-

1846, ch. 84.

Memphis made port of delivery.

appointed.

1831, ch. 87.

Memphis tached to the district of New Orleans.

March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, be, and the same are hereby, extended to said port of Memphis.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That the port of entry now existing by law as the port of entry in the collection district of Miami, in Miami, Ohio, Ohio, be, and the same is hereby, changed and transferred to the Toledo, Ohio. town of Toledo, in the State of Ohio, and all the laws now in force in regard to said port of entry in the said collection district of Miami, be, and the same are hereby, declared to be in full force, and to apply to the new port of entry of Toledo, and the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause the archives and custom-house of said district of of Miami to be transferred to the town custom-house to be transferred. of Toledo.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That the town of Chelsea, in Chelsea, Mass. the State of Massachusetts, shall be attached to and made part of the attached to disport of entry and collection district of Boston and Charlestown, in the town. State of Massachusetts, as now existing by law, and goods imported into the port of Boston and Charlestown, and destined for the port of Chelsea, may be landed and warehoused under the provisions of the warehousing act of sixth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, at Chelsea, under the custody and control of the collector of Boston and Charlestown, and the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint an inspector of customs for said port of Chelsea.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the towns of Evansville SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, 1 hat the towns of Lyansyme Albany and New Albany shall be ports of delivery, and shall be subject to the New Albany made ports of same regulations and restrictions as other ports of delivery in the delivery. United States: and there shall be appointed a surveyor of the customs to reside at each of said ports, who shall, in addition to their own duties, also perform the duties and receive the salary and emolument of surveyors, prescribed by the act of Congress, passed on the second of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, providing for the payment of duties on imported goods at certain ports therein mentioned, the same being entitled "An Act allowing the duties on foreign merchandize imported into Pittsburgh, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Nashville, and Natchez, to be received and paid at those places," and the said towns of Evansville and New Albany, and the said ports of delivery, be, and the same are hereby, annexed to, and made part of delivery, be, and the same are nevery, annovation, and the privileges district of New orleans; and all the privileges district of New and facilities afforded to Pittsburgh, and Wheeling, and Cincinnati, &c., by the act of Congress of second of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, be, and the same are hereby, extended to said ports of Evansville and New Albany.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That so much of an act entitled "An Act to establish a port of entry at Saluna, [Saluria,] in the State of act establishing Texas, and for other purposes," approved the third day of March, Saluria, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, as fixes the said port of entry at Su- and transfer of lana, and requires the residence of the collector to be there, shall be, the same to land the same is hereby, repealed, and hereafter the port of entry and 1847, ch. 57. the residence of the collector shall be at La Salle, in said district.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the sev- Modification of enth section of the act entitled "An Act allowing drawbacks upon act of 1845, ch. allowing foreign merchandize, exported in the original packages to Chihuahua drawbacks and Santa Fe, in Mexico, and to the British North American provinces foreign merchanadjoining the United States," approved third March, eighteen hundred dize and forty-five, be, and the same are hereby, so far modified as to allow any foreign imported merchandize, in the original packages, which has been entered, and the duties paid, according to law, to be transported, with benefit of drawback, by land or by water, or partly by land and partly by water, to either of the ports designated in said section, or such ports as may have been, or may hereafter be, designated, in pursuance of

Port of entry to

Archives and

trict of Charles-

1846, ch. 84.

Inspector.

Evansville and

1831, ch. 87.

Attached to

1831, ch. 87.

Repeal of the a port of entry at Texas, the same to La

allowing on

1845, ch. 70.

the authority conferred therein, and any such merchandize may be exported from either of the aforesaid ports, or from such ports on the seaboard, from which merchandize may, under existing laws, be exported for benefit of drawback, and be transported thence in like manner to ports in the adjoining British provinces, and to ports and places in Mexico, under such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe : Provided, That so much of the eighth section of said act as requires the production of the affidavit of the master of the vessel in which any such goods may be exported, may be dispensed with when such goods are not exported in vessels; and the residue of the provisions of said section are hereby extended to cases arising under this act.

SEC. 17. And be it further enacted, That so much of the proviso to the fifth section of the act of third March, eighteen hundred and lates to Canada forty-nine, entitled "An Act requiring all moneys receivable from customs, and from all other sources, to be paid immediately into the treasury without abatement or reduction, and for other purposes," as exempts from the operations of said section the provisions of law relating to the exportation of merchandize to Canada and Chihuahua, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That any imported merchandize, in the original packages, which shall have been duly entered and warehoused in pursuance of the warehousing act of the sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, may be exported therefrom in conformto ports in ad- eighteen hundred and forty-six, may be experted therefore in contours joining British ity with law, and be transported, in the manner indicated in the first section of this act, to ports in the adjoining British provinces, and become entitled to the benefits of the warehousing act before mentioned.

SEC. 19. And be it further enacted, That the privileges granted by the act of second March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, entitled " An Act allowing the duties on foreign merchandize, imported into Pittsburg, Wheeling, Cincinnatti, Lousville, Saint Louis, Nashville, and Natchez, to be secured and paid at those places," be, and are hereby, extended to any foreign merchandize intended for either of the ports mentioned in said act, which may be imported into such ports of entry on the seaboard of the United States, as may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, and be thence transported, to either of the aforesaid ports, by such inland routes as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, under such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, as he may prescribe, and subject to the forfeitures and penalties prescribed in and by said act of March second, eighteen hundred and thirty-one.

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That the collector of the district of New Orleans be, and he is hereby, authorized to employ such temporary number of temporary inspectors, not exceeding ten, in addition to the permanent and temporary inspectors now authorized by law, as may be necessary for the prompt and convenient despatch of business in said district; and that each of said temporary inspectors be allowed and paid a compensation of three dollars per day for every day he shall be employed in actual service : *Provided*, however, That the said collector shall not be authorized at any time to employ a larger number of inspectors, including the permanent and temporary inspectors heretofore authorized, than the actual number of vessels from foreign ports, having cargoes to be discharged, then lying in said port or district of New Orleans.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That the President of the thorized to ap-mint two assist- United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, be, thorized to ap-point two assist-ant appraisers and he is hereby, authorized to appoint two additional assistant ap-for New Orleans. praisers for the collection district of New Orleans, with the same salary as that now authorized by law, to the assistant appraisers of said collection district.

Proviso.

Repeal of the act of 1849, ch. 110, so far as reand Chihuahua.

Imported merchandise warehoused under act of 1846, ch. 84, may be exported provinces.

Extension of act of 1831, ch. 87, relating to duties on merchandise import-ed into Pittsburg, Wheeling, &c.

Collector of N. Orleans authorized to employ ten inspectors.

Proviso.

President au-

SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That the town of Jacksonville. SEC. 22. And be it further enacted, That the town of Jacksonville, Jacksonville, in the State of North Carolina, shall be a port of delivery, subject to N. C. made a the same regulations as other ports of delivery in the United States, and attached to and shall be attached to the collection district of Wilmington, North district of Wil-Carolina, and that there shall be appointed, in pursuance of law, a sur- mington. vevor of customs, and compensated for his services, in the mode prescribed by existing laws. Said surveyor shall exercise all the powers appointed. and perform the duties vested in deputy collectors under existing laws; the said surveyor of customs aforesaid to reside at said port of deliverv.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

CHAP. LXXX. - An Act making Appropriations for the Naval Service for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers, and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy, two million seven hundred and fifty-eight thousand two hundred and sixty-two dollars; and that there be paid by the proper accounting officers to William J. McAlpine and be paid by the proper accounting officers to William J. McAlpine and Wm. J. McAl-William P. S. Sanger, the same salary that was paid to their predeces- pine and W. P S. Sanger. sors as engineers-in-chief, during the time they severally performed such service at the navy yard, Brooklyn, New York, and that the same amount of salary as is provided for the said William J. McAlpine and William P. S. Sanger, be paid to James Herron, the engineer-inchief at the navy yard at Pensacola, during the time he has been employed at said yard.

For pay of superintendents, naval constructors, and all the civil establishments at the several navy yards and stations, seventy-three thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

To equalize the salary of the clerk of the naval constructor at Kittery with those at other navy yards, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For provisions for commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including engineers and marines attached to vessels for sea service, six hundred and eighty-six thousand two hundred dollars: Provided, That so much of the "act making appropriations for the naval service for the half calendar year beginning the first day of January, and ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and fortythree, and for the fiscal year beginning the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-three, and ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, approved the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, as requires the Secretary of the Navy to advertise once a week, for at least four weeks, for proposals for the transportation of supplies for the use of the navy, be, and the same hereby is, repealed, and that hereafter such advertisements shall be made for a period of not less than five days.

For surgeons' necessaries and appliances for the sick and hurt of the navy, including marine corps, thirty-six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For repair of vessels in ordinary, and for wear and tear of vessels in commission, including fuel for steamers, and the purchase of American &c. water-rotted hemp, to be bought by the Secretary of the Navy in open market : Provided, That that the price of the American hemp shall not Vol. IX. Pub. -- 65

Surveyor to be

Sept. 28, 1850.

Appropriation.

Pay of officers and seamen.

James Herron.

Superintendents, constructors, &c.

Clerk at Kittery.

Provisions.

Proviso.

1843, ch. 83.

Surgeons' necessaries.

Repairs, hemp.

Proviso.

exceed the average price of the foreign article, for the last five years. one million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

And that the Secretary of the Navy be authorized to examine into the merits of the various condensers for supplying the boilers of marine the various con-dencers for sup- engines with fresh water, and that he report to this House, at its next marine session, the result of said examination, together with his opinion as to with the value of the best of said condensers to the government of the United States, and that the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, to carry into effect this provision.

For meteorological observations, to be conducted under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, two thousand dollars.

For ordnance, and ordnance stores, and small arms, including inciordnance stores, dental expenses, one hundred and ninety-six thousand nine hundred dollars.

For the purchase and repair of nautical instruments of the hydrographical office, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For the purchase of books, maps, and charts for the hydrographical office, four thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For backing and binding the same, and for printing and publishing hydrographical surveys and astronomical observations, four thousand six hundred dollars.

For models, drawings, copying, postage, stationery, freight and transportation; for pay of lithographer, and for working lithographic press, fice and national including chemicals; for planting trees, sodding, and keeping grounds and buildings in order; for pay of porter, gardner, watchman, and instrument maker; for fuel and lights of the hydrographical office and national observatory, eight thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

For copying abstracts from old sea journals for the wind and current charts, and for continuing the engraving and publication of the same, ing wind and cur- including cost of copper, stones, chemicals, paper, &c., in the national observatory, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

> For improvement and repair of buildings and grounds of the naval school at Annapolis, twenty-eight thousand two hundred dollars.

> For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz.: freight and transportation, printing and stationery, advertising in newspapers; books, maps, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire-engines and machinery, and a patent right to use the same; repair of and attending on steam-engines in yards; purchase and maintaining of horses and oxen, and driving teams; carts, timber wheels, and the purchase and repair of workman's tools, postage of public letters, furniture for government houses, fuel, oil and candles, for navy yards and store stations, cleaning and clearing up yards; watchnien and incidental labor not chargeable to any other appropriation; labor attending on the delivery of stores and supplies on foreign stations; wharfage, dockage, and rent, travelling expenses of officers, funeral expenses, store and office rent, stationery and fuel to navy agents and storekeepers, flags, awnings and packing cases, premiums and other expenses of recruiting, apprehending deserters, per diem pay to persons attending courts-martial and courts of inquiry, and other services authorized by law, pay to judge advocates, pilotage and towage of vessels, and assistance rendered to vessels in distress, five hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and forty-five dollars.

For transportation of the United States mail between New York and of U.S. mail in Liverpool, between New York and New Orleans, Havana and Chagres, and between Panama and some points in the Territory of Oregon, eight hundred and seventy-four thousand six hundred dollars : Provided, That no payment shall be made for said services, except in proportion to the mail service heretofore performed, or that may be hereafter performed; and that the Secretary of the Navy is hereby directed to make

For making examinations of plying engines fresh water.

Meteorological observations.

Ordnance and

in-Nautical struments.

Books, maps, and charts.

Binding and printing.

Miscellaneous expenses of hydrographical ofobservatory.

Copying sea journals, engraving and publishrent charts, &c.

Buildings of naval school.

Contingent expenses.

Transportation

Proviso.

navment in said proportion only: Provided, That flogging in the payment in said proportion only. A router, and hogging in the forging in the navy, and on board vessels of commerce, be, and the same is hereby, flogging in the navy and merabolished from and after the passage of this act.

And that no midshipman in the navy shall be appointed from any congressional district, having at the time of appointment more than of midshipmen. two officers of that grade in the navy from such district : and whenever an appointment shall be made from any State, the person so apnointed shall be an actual resident of the congressional district from which the appointment purports to be made : And provided, further, that such congressional district of any State, as may not have any midshipmen in the navy at the time an appointment may be made from said State, shall be entitled to at least one appointment before any other shall be made from any district of the State having one or more officers of that grade in the navy.

For preparing for publication the American Nautical Almanac, twelve thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars : Provided, That here- tical Almanac. after the meridian of the observatory at Washington shall be adopted the meridian. and used as the American meridian for all astronomical purposes, and that the meridian of Greenwich shall be adopted for all nautical purposes.

And the Secretary of the Navy is hereby directed, in making contracts and purchases of articles for naval purposes, to give the prefer- the navy directence, all other things (including price and quality) being equal, to contracts articles of the growth, production, and manufacture of the United purchases, States; and that in the article of fuel for the navy, or naval stations give the prefer-and varia the Secretary of the Name deall have a variation of the other other and yards, the Secretary of the Navy shall have power to discriminate things and purchase, in such manner as he may deem proper, that kind of fuel which is best adapted to the purpose for which it is to be used.

And the pay of the superintendent of the naval school at Annapolis shall be at the rate allowed to an officer of his rank, when in Fay or superservice at sea.

For constructions, extension, and completion of the following objects, and for contingent repairs at the several navy yards, viz.:

At Portsmouth. N. H. - For brick stables, lime-house, coal-house, filling in wharf east of bridge, filling in wharf east of timber-shed, machinery and tools for smithery, and for repairs of all kinds, thirtyone thousand six hundred and seventy-three dollars.

At Boston. - For storehouse on number thirty-six, stone skids in timber-shed number thirty-three, stone skids in timber-shed number thirty-eight, paving in front and rear of carpenters and joiners shops, completing sail loft and cordage-store, mastmakers shed, N. Pedrick's patent fliers, drains between timber-sheds, and repairs of all kinds, one hundred and eight thousand five hundred dollars.

At New York. - For one officer's house, one work and machine shop, quay walls, dredging channels, sewer from city drain, house on gun block, removing coffer dam and dredging in front of dock, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and nineteen thousand five hundred dollars.

At Philadelphia. - For extending wharves number one, two, and four, extending ways in ship-house G, moving ship-house F, and extending ways, two culverts and moving shears, raising roof of smithery, raising roof of timber-shed five, filling up old timber dock, iron railing front of officers' houses, and for repairs of all kinds, eighty thousand and ninety-three dollars : and the pay of the engineer, Ward B. Burnett, at the navy yard, Philadelphia, be two thousand three hundred and fifty dollars, commencing at the time of his appointment on the first day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

At Washington. - For a building and machinery for a copper rolling establishment, and for repairs of all kinds, fifty-one thousand three hundred dollars.

Abolition of chant service.

Appointment

Proviso.

American Nau-Proviso as to

Secretary of and to being equal, to productions of the U. States. Fuel.

val school.

Constructions and contingencies at navy yards.

Portsmouth.

Boston.

New York.

Philadelphia.

Washington.

At Norfolk. - For storehouse number nineteen and gateway, wall

At Pensacola. - For extending permanent wharf, dredging, towards

across timber dock, completing engine-house to smithery and machinery, iron pipes to cisterns, magazine at Fort Norfolk, magazine keener's house, filling in space enclosed by quay walls, filling low grounds. making streets in yard, digging out timber dock, and for repairs of all

Norfalk

Pensacola.

Memphis.

timber-shed, coal-house, extension of wharf and rail tracks near number twenty-six, lime-house, muster-house, and office for the clerk of the vard, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and ninety-seven thousand seven hundred dollars. At Memphis. - For completing the following works, viz.: excava-

kinds, sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

tion and embankment, ropewalk and boiler-house, saw-mill, one wing of stone house, blacksmith's shop, joiner's shop, tarring-house, offices, commandant's house, machinery for saw-mill; and for constructing a hemp-house, house for fire-engine, cisterns, pavements, drains, and ditches, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars.

Sackett's Har-At Sackett's Harbor. - For fences and repairs of all kinds, seven hundred dollars.

For hospitals, viz.:

At Boston. - For repairing, whitewashing fences, walls, painting, glazing, repairs of roads, &c., one thousand dollars.

At New York. - For paying, grading, completing sewers, wall and fence round burying-ground, and current repairs, sixteen thousand dollars.

At Pensacola. — For general repairs, one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For magazines. viz.:

At Boston, one hundred and fifty dollars.

At New York, five hundred dollars.

At Washington, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For completing the stone dry dock at New York, one hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

For completing the floating dry dock at Kittery, Maine, three hun-Philadel- dred thousand dollars.

For completing the floating dry dock at Philadelphia, three hundred At Pensacola. and seventy-one thousand two hundred and forty-two dollars.

For completing the floating dry dock at Pensacola, four hundred and On the coast of fourteen thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

For commencing the construction of a floating dry dock on the coast of California, one hundred thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the or Navy is authorized to enter into a contract for the construction, with balance floating all reasonable despatch, of a sectional, or balance floating dry dock, dry dock to be constructed at basin, and railway, at such harbor on the coast of the Pacific Ocean Such harbor on as he may select, of a capacity and dimensions in no respect inferior the Pacific as the Secretary of the to those of the dry dock in progress of construction at Pensacola: Navy may direct. *Provided*, That by granting the said contractors permission if required Provise to prepare the materials chiefly at some harbor on the Atlantic seaboard, and advancing moneys thereon, as the works progress, the said works can be completed at a sum not exceeding by more than twelve per cent. the total amount contracted to be paid for the floating dock, basin, and railway at the Pensacola navy yard, with the addition thereto of what would be the cost of transportation to said coast of the said materials thus prepared, and with the reservation till the works are done of ten per cent., and the usual surety for the faithful performance of the contract; and the Secretary of the Navy shall also be authorized to enter into an agreement with the contractors, if they will keep the said works in repair, and take proper care of the same, for any given period of years, free of charge to the government, to permit them to

hor. Hospitals.

Boston.

New York.

Pensacola.

Magazines. Boston. New York. Washington. Dry docks. New York.

At Kittery.

At phia.

California.

Sectional Proviso.

use the said works, during such period, on their own account. for repairing merchant vessels, when not occupied by vessels of the navv. to which precedence shall at all times be given, on such terms as he shall deem reasonable.

The sum of five hundred dollars for suitable plans of the buildings, and requisite improvements at the naval depot near New Orleans, and ings at the naval that said plans be procured and furnished under the direction of the leans. senior naval officer resident or stationed at New Orleans.

Marine Carps. - For pay of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, and servants, serving on shore, subsistence for officers. marines, subsistand pay for undrawn clothing, two hundred and fifty-three thousand ing. four hundred and six dollars and seven cents.

For provisions for marines serving on shore, twenty thousand dollars

For clothing, forty-six thousand four hundred and sixteen dollars. For fuel, ten thousand dollars.

For military stores, repair of arms, pay of armorers, accoutrements, Military stores, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and musical instruments, six thou- etc. sand nine hundred dollars.

For transportation of officers and troops, and expenses of recruiting, nine thousand dollars.

For repairs of barracks, and rent of temporary barracks and offices for commanding officers, six thousand dollars.

For contingencies, viz. : freight, ferriage, cartage, wharfage, compensation to judges advocate per diem, for attending courts-martial, courts of inquiry, and for constant labor, house rent in lieu of quarters, burial of deceased marines, printing, stationery, forage, postage, pursuit of deserters, candles, oil, straw, furniture, bed-sacks, spades, axes, shovels, picks, carpenters tools, keep of a horse for the messenger, pay of matron, washerwoman, and porter at the hospital headquarters, twenty thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy Wreck of the "Missouri," in is authorized, should he deem it practicable to employ such part of the the harbor of naval force as may be necessary, to remove the wreck of the steam- Gibraltar. frigate Missouri lying in the harbor of Gibralter.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy Salvage for the be, and is hereby authorized, if he deems it advisable to submit the "Water Witch." demands of the claimants for salvage on the United States vessel Waterwitch, to the arbitration of the judge of the District Court of the United States in the southern district of Florida.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

CHAP. LXXXI. - An Act making Appropriations for certain Fortifications of the United States, for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the preservation, repairs, and construction of certain fortifications, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

For defensive works and barracks near Detroit, fifteen thousand dollars.

For fortifications at outlet of Lake Champlain, fifteen thousand dollars.

For defensive works and barracks at narrows of Penobscot River, River, Maine, twenty thousand dollars.

Plans of builddepot of New Or-

Pay of officers,

Provisions.

Clothing.

Fuel.

Transportation.

Barracks and renaira.

Contingencies

Sept. 28, 1850,

Appropriation.

Detroit.

Lake Champlain.

Penobscot

Fort Scammel.	For repairs of Fort Scammel, Portland Harbor, Maine, five thousand dollars.
Governor's Is-	For repairs of fortifications on Governor's Island, Boston Harbor,
land, Boston.	ten thousand dollars.
Fort Warren.	For Fort Warren, Boston Harbor, thirty thousand dollars.
Fort Independ- ence.	lars.
Fort Adams.	For Fort Adams, Newport Harbor, Rhode Island, and permanent quarters and barracks thereat, thirty-five thousand dollars.
Fort Trumbull.	
Fort Schuyler.	For Fort Schuyler, Long Island Sound, fifteen thousand dollars.
Fort Wood, N.	
Y.	pital, Bedloe's Island, New York, twenty-five thousand dollars.
Fort Hamilton.	
	York Harbor, twenty thousand dollars.
Fort Rich-	
mond.	For magazines at Battery, Hudson, five thousand dollars.
Battery. Fort Delaware.	For Fort Delaware, on Pea Patch Island, fifty thousand dollars.
Sollers' Point.	For fort on Sollers' Point Flats, Baltimore Harbor, fifty thousand
	dollars.
Fort Monroe.	For Fort Monroe, Hampton Roads, Virginia, twenty thousand dol-
	lars.
Mill Creek road.	hundred dollars.
Fort Moultrie.	For preservation of site of Fort Moultrie, Charleston Harbor, three
Fort Sumter.	thousand five hundred dollars.
Fort Sumter.	For Fort Sumter, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina, forty thousand dollars.
Dyke, Charles-	For dyke to Druken Dick Shoal, Charleston Harbor, South Carolina,
ton Harbor.	ten thousand dollars.
	For preservation of site at Fort Johnson, Charleston Harbor, five
Fort Johnson.	thousand dollars.
	For repairs of quarters and barracks at Fort Johnson, Charleston
	Harbor, South Carolina, four thousand five hundred dollars.
Fort Pulaski.	For Fort Pulaski, including quarters and barracks, Savannah River,
	Georgia, fifteen thousand dollars.
Fort Jackson.	For repairs of Fort Jackson, Savannah River, Georgia, twenty
	thousand dollars.
Fort Morgan.	For repairs of Fort Morgan, and additional barracks and quarters
-	thereat, Mobile Point, Alabama, fifteen thousand dollars.
Fort Barran-	For Fort Barrancas, and barracks thereat, Pensacola Harbor, thirty-
cas.	five thousand dollars.
Fort Jackson.	For repairs of Fort Jackson, Mississippi River, twenty thousand
	dollars.
Fort St. Phil-	For repairs of Fort St. Philip, Mississippi River, thirty-five thousand
ip.	dollars.
Fort Pike.	For repairs of Fort Pike, and additional barracks thereat, Louisiana,
	five thousand dollars.
Fort Wood, La.	For repairs of Fort Wood, and additional barracks thereat, Louis-
Battery Bien-	iana, ten thousand dollars.
viewe.	For Battery, Bienviewe, Louisiana, four thousand dollars.
Tower Dupre. Key West.	For Tower Dupre, Louisiana, two thousand dollars. For fortifications at Key West, Florida, seventy-five thousand dol-
(* 0.504	lars.
Garden Key.	For fortifications on Florida Reef, Garden Key, fifty thousand dol-
•	lars.
	APPROVED, September 28, 1850.
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CHAP. LXXXII. - An Act to authorize the Appointment of Indian Agents in Sept. 28, 1850. California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President President au-be authorized to appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, point three In-not more than three agents for the Indian tribes within the State of dian agents for Such agents shall perform the duties now prescribed by California. California. law to Indian agents, and shall receive an annual compensation of three thousand dollars each.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

CHAP. LXXXIII. - An Act for the Payment of a Company of Indian Volunteers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause to be paid to the spy company of Indian mounted volunteers (Shawnees and Delawares) called and mustered into the service of the United States Volunteers, mus-by Coloral W.S. Human, W.S. Human, W.S. Human, M.S. by Colonel W. S. Harney, United States army, on the first day of June, tered by Colonel Harney into the eighteen hundred and forty-six, and discharged the thirty-first day of service of U.S. August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one day's pay and allowances for every day held in service under said muster, and the usual travelling allowances, according to rates established for volunteers under existing laws; and the sum of four thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for this object, out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

CHAP. LXXXIV. — An Act to enable the State of Arkansas and other States to reclaim the " Swamp Lands " within their limits.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That to enable the State of Arkansas to construct the necessary levees and drains to unfit for cultivareclaim the swamp and overflored lands therein, the whole of those tion granted to swamp and overflowed lands, made unfit thereby for cultivation, which Arkansas. shall remain unsold at the passage of this act, shall be, and the same are hereby, granted to said State.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Interior to make Sage of this act, to make out an accurate list and plats of the lands of said land, and described as aforesaid, and transmit the same to the governor of the when requested, State of Arkansas, and, at the request of said governor, cause a patent vesting the same to be issued to the State therefor; and on that patent, the fee simple in the State of to said lands shall vest in the said State of Arkansas, subject to the Arkansas. disposal of the legislature thereof: Provided, however, That the proceeds of said lands, whether from sale or by direct appropriation in

kind, shall be applied, exclusively, as iar as accessary, when the greater part of a sub-of reclaiming said lands by means of the levees and drains afore. When the greater part of a sub-division is unfit

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in making out a list and for cultivation, it shall be included in said plats of the land aforesaid, all legal subdivisions, the greater part of in said plats; if which is "wet and unfit for cultivation," shall be included in said list the greater part and plats; but when the greater part of a subdivision is not of that be not of that character, it shall character, the whole of it shall be excluded therefrom.

Sept. 28, 1850.

Secretary War authorized to pay a spy com-

Sept. 28, 1850.

Swamp and

Proviso.

be excluded.

Provisions of lands.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of this act this act extended be extended to, and their benefits be conferred upon, each of the other to other states of the Union in which such swamp and overflowed lands, known as designated as aforesaid, may be situated.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

Sept. 23, 1850. CHAP. LXXXV. - An Act granting Bounty Land to certain Officers and Soldiers who have been engaged in the Military Service of the United States.

1852, ch. 19.

Certain classes of persons in the military service of the U. States of service.

Proviso.

Further viso.

The period dur-

Those entitled United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That each of the surviving, or the widow or minor children of deceased commissioned and non-commissioned officers, musicians, or privates, whether of regulars, volunteers, rangers, or militia, who performed military service in any regiment, company, or detachment, in the service of the United during the war any regiment, company, or detachment, in the service of the United of 1812, the war States, in the war with Great Britain, declared by the United States on with Mexico, or the eighteenth day of June, eighteen hundred and twelve, or in any of Indian wars, or the eignteenth day of June, eignteen hundred and twelve, or in any of their widows or the Indian wars since seventeen hundred and ninety, and each of the minor children commissioned officers who was engaged in the military service of the entitled to lands, United States in the late war with Mexico, shall be entitled to lands, certain periods as follows: Those who engaged to serve twelve months or during the war, and actually served nine months, shall receive one hundred and sixty acres, and those who engaged to serve six months, and actually served four months, shall receive eighty acres, and those who engaged to serve for any or an indefinite period, and actually served one month, shall receive forty acres : Provided, That wherever any officer or soldier was honorably discharged in consequence of disability in the service, before the expiration of his period of service, he shall receive the amount to which he would have been entitled if he had served the pro- full period for which he had engaged to serve : Provided, The person so having been in service shall not receive said land, or any part thereof, if it shall appear, by the muster rolls of his regiment or corps, that he deserted, or was dishonorably discharged from service, or if he has received, or is entitled to, any military land bounty under any act of Congress heretofore passed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the period during which ing which any any officer or soldier may have remained in captivity with the enemy was a prisoner to shall be estimated and added to the period of his actual service, and the enemy to be the person so detained in captivity shall receive land under the provisadded to his time ions of this act in the same manner that he would be entitled in case he had entered the service for the whole term made up by the addition of the time of his captivity, and had served during such time.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That each commissioned and to land under non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, for whom provision is this act to re-ceive a certificate made by the first section hereof, shall receive a certificate or warrant from the Depart- from the Department of the Interior for the quantity of land to which ment of the In-terior for land he may be entitled, and which may be located by the warrantee or his which may be heirs at law, at any land office of the United States, in one body and located at any in conformity to the legal subdivisions of the public lands, upon any land office of the nublic locate is used. of the public lands in such district then subject to private entry; and upon the return of such certificate or warrant, with evidence of the location thereof having been legally made to the general land office, a The widow of patent shall be issued therefor. In the event of the death of any commy officer, etc., missioned or non-commissioned officer, musician, or private, prior or killed in battle, subsequent to the passage of this act, who shall have served as aforeto receive the said, and who shall not have received bounty land for said services, a like certificate or warrant shall be issued in favor, and enure to the

benefit of his widow, who shall receive one hundred and sixty acres of land in case her husband was killed in battle, but not to her heirs. Provided. She is unmarried at the date of her application. Provided further. That no land warrant issued under the provisions of this act shall viso. be laid upon any land of the United States to which there shall be a pre-emption right, or upon which there shall be an actual settlement and cultivation, except with the consent of such settler, to be satisfactorily proven to the proper land officer.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all sales, mortgages, letters All sales, mortof attorney, or other instruments of writing, going to affect the title or gages, and let-claim to any warrant or certificate issued, or to be issued, or any land affecting any granted, or to be granted, under the provisions of this act, made or ex- title to land war ecuted prior to the issue, shall be null and void to all intents and pur- rants, if made poses whatsoever; nor shall such certificate or warrant, or the land of said warrants, obtained thereby, be in any wise affected by, or charged with, or to be void. subject to, the payment of any debt or claim incurred by such officer or soldier, prior to the issuing of the patent : Provided, That the benefits of this act shall not accrue to any person who is a member of the present Congress. Provided further, That it shall be the duty of the commissioner of the general land office, under such regulations as viso. may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, to cause to be located, free of expense, any warrant which the holder may transmit to the general land office for that purpose in such State and land district as the said holder or warrantee may designate, and upon good farming land, so far as the same can be ascertained from the maps, plats, and field notes of the surveyor, or from any other information in the possession of the local office, and, upon the location being made as aforesaid, the Secretary shall cause a patent to be transmitted to such warrantee : And provided further, That no patent issued under this act shall be delivered upon any power of attorney or agreement dated before the viso. passage of this act, and that all such powers of attorney or agreements be considered and treated as null and void.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

CHAP. LXXXVI. — An Act to provide for extending the Laws and the Judicial System of the United States to the State of California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the laws United States of America in Congress assemuced, 1 hat all the laws of the United States which are not locally inapplicable shall have the States not local-ly inapplicable same force and effect within the said State of California as elsewhere extended within the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said State shall compose two districts, to be called the northern and southern districts of California, divided by the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude. And for the purpose of trying all issues of fact triable by a jury in said districts, a District Court shall be held in said districts, to consist of one tion. judge, who shall reside within the district to which he is appointed, and be called a district judge, and shall in all things have and exercise the 1853, ch. 80, § 6. same jurisdiction and powers which were by law given to the judge of the southern district of New York; the said judge shall appoint a clerk at the place at which a court is holden within the district, who shall reside and keep the records of the court at the place of holding the same; and shall receive for the services they may perform, for the first four years after the passage of this act, double the amount allowed to the clerk of the southern district of New York; and thereafter shall

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Provisa

Further pro

Proviso.

Further pro-

Further pro

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Laws of the U. over California.

Divided into the northern and couthern districts.

Court officers : their jurisdic-

Fees of offi- receive only the fees allowed to the clerk of the said southern district 0079

Rytra sessions

Places and courts in northern district.

Southern district

Should a judge fail to attend before the close of any term, business pending to stand adjournlar term.

Proviso.

Compensation to judges.

District attorneys of the U.S.

Compensation.

Marshal.

amount of fees which are prescribed to marshals in the southern district of New York, and thereafter he shall be entitled to receive the fees of the marshal of the said southern district of New York, and shall moreover be entitled to the sum of five hundred dollars annually,

as a compensation for all extra services; and the said marshal shall Deputies. have the right to appoint as many deputies as the duties of his office shall require.

District courts invested

of New York, and may appoint a deputy.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the judges of the districts of California shall hold extra sessions at any time when the public interest may in their opinion require the same.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the judge of the northern times of holding district of California shall hold two regular sessions annually at San Francisco, and one regular session annually at San Jose, Sacramento, and Stockton, at the times following, to wit: at San Francisco, on the first Mondays of December and June; at San Jose, on the first Monday in April: at Sacramento, on the first Monday in September; and at Stockton, on the second Monday in October.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the judge of the southern district of California shall hold one regular session annually at the following places, to wit: at Monterey, on the first Monday in June; and at Los Angeles, on the first Monday in December.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, And should the judges of either of the said District Courts fail to attend at the time and place of holdthe fourth day of ing any one of the regular terms of the court, for either of said disthe tricts, before the close of the fourth day of any such term, the business pending in such court shall stand adjourned to the next regular term ed to next regu- thereof: Provided, That whenever the judge of either of said courts, from any cause, shall fail to hold a regular term of said court, it shall be his duty, if, in his opinion, the business in said court shall require, to hold an intermediate term of said court at such time as he shall, by his order, under his hand and seal, direct, addressed to the clerk and marshal of said court at least thirty days previous to the commencement of said term, and to be published in the several newspapers published in the bounds of said district the same length of time; and at any and all such intermediate terms, the business of any such courts, of every nature and description whatsoever, shall have reference to, and be proceeded with, in the same manner as if the same were a regular term of said court.

> SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That there shall be allowed to the judge of the northern district aforesaid an annual compensation of three thousand five hundred dollars, and to the judge of the southern district aforesaid an annual compensation of twenty-eight hundred dollars, to commence from the date of their appointments respectively.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed, in each of said districts, a person learned in the law, to act as attorney for the United States, who shall, in addition to his fees of office, which, for the first four years after the passage of this act, shall be double Compensation, those of the southern district of New York; and thereafter he shall be entitled to receive the same fees as the attorney of the said southern district of New York, and a salary of five hundred dollars annually as a full compensation for all extra services. SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That a marshal shall be ap-

pointed in each of said districts, who shall perform the same duties, be subject to the same regulations and penalties, and be entitled to receive, for the first four years after the passage of this act, double the

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That, in addition to the ordiwith nary jurisdiction and powers of a District Court of the United States,

with which the southern District Court of New York has been in- concurrent jurisvested, the said courts be, and hereby are, invested respectively, within diction in all the limits of its district, with the exercise of concurrent jurisdiction cised by U. S. and powers in all civil cases now exercised by the Circuit Courts of Circuit Courts. the United States; and that, in all cases where said Courts shall exercise such jurisdiction, appeals may be taken from the judgments, orders, or decrees of said courts, to the Supreme Court of the United States, in the same manner, and upon the same conditions, as appeals may be taken from the Circuit Courts.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That all civil causes now pending in any of the courts of California, the jurisdiction of which may now pending in properly belong to the courts of the United States herein established, of California to shall be removed to the said United States courts, either by writ of be removed to certiorari, or by a transfer of the original papers, with an exemplification from the record or docket entry, under the seal of the court from which they shall be removed, for which exemplification the clerk of said court shall receive the same fees as may be allowed by law for similar services, to be paid by the party applying for such transfer; and in case of a final determination of the cause in favor of the party paying for such record, he shall be entitled to tax the expense thereof. as other costs are taxable, against the party failing in said suit; and all cases, &c., removed, shall take rank on the dockets and lists of cases of said United States courts according to priority of date, and be proceeded in as cases originally brought in said courts.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

CHAP. XC. — An Act making Appropriations for the Civil and Diplomatic Expenses of Government for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following Appro-for 1851. sums be, and hereby are, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fiftyone, namely : ---

Legislative. — For compensation and mileage of senators, members of the House of Representatives, and delegates, four hundred and six- pensation teen thousand three hundred and thirty-eight dollars. And it is hereby declared that, according to the true interpretation of the third section of the act entitled "An Act allowing compensation to the members of the Senate, members of the House of Representatives of the United States, and to the delegates of the Territories, and repealing all other laws on that subject," approved twenty-second January, eighteen hundred and eighteen, all certificates which have been or may be granted by the presiding officers of the Senate and House of Representatives be conclusive. respectively, of the amount of compensation due to the members of their several houses, and to such delegates, are, and ought to be, deemed, held, and taken, and are hereby declared to be, conclusive upon all the departments and officers of the government of the United States.

For compensation of the officers and clerks of both Houses of Congress, forty-one thousand nine hundred and thirteen dollars and twentysix cents.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and other contingent expenses of the Senate, including publishing proceedings and debates, one hundred thousand dollars.

For stationery, fuel, printing, and all other contingent expenses of

Certain cases

Sept. 30, 1850.

Appropriation

Congress, comand mileage. 1818, ch. 5.

Certificate to

Officers.

Contingencies. Senate.

Contingencies.

resentatives.

Increase of contingent fund.

Officers.

Contingencies. Books.

International exchanges. 1848, ch. 73.

Library for the Treasury Dept.

Library for the executive mansion

scribed for.

Distribution.

President.

Vice-President.

Secretary and officers.

Contingencies.

laws.

Stationery, &c.

Printing, etc.

Newspapers.

Extra clerk hire.

Miscellaneous. North-east executive building.

House of Rep- the House of Representatives, one hundred and ninety-seven thousand seven hundred and forty-nine dollars.

For addition to the contingent fund of the House of Representatives, thirty thousand dollars.

Library of Congress. - For compensation of librarian, two assistant librarians, and messenger, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, eight hundred dollars. For purchase of books for said library, five thousand dollars.

For purchase of law books for said library, two thousand dollars.

For carrying into effect the international exchanges of books, authorized by the act of twenty-sixth June, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, entitled "An Act to regulate the exchanges of certain documents and other publications of Congress," two thousand dollars.

For the purchase of books for the library of the Treasury Department, one thousand dollars.

For the purchase of a library to be preserved in the executive mansion, two thousand dollars; and the joint committee on the library of Congress are hereby authorized to supply the said libraries with any duplicates of public documents which can be spared from the public Two thousand collections in the library of Congress, or elsewhere; and the secretary copies of the De- of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Representatives be aubates and Pro-thorized and required to subscribe, on behalf of Congress, for two gress to be sub- thousand copies of the Debates and Proceedings of Congress, from the commencement of the first session (of which the one thousand copies of the first four Congresses, already subscribed for, be considered as part) to the second session of the eighteenth Congress, when the Register of Debates, already published, begins; the price per volume not to exceed that agreed upon for the volumes already printed and delivered under the title of "Annals of Congress," which copies (after distributing one copy to each member of the thirty-first Congress, not provided for by the previous order for supplying the members of the thirtieth Congress) shall be deposited with the librarian of Congress for the future disposition of Congress.

> Executive. - For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

> For compensation of the Vice-President of the United States, one thousand dollars.

> Department of State. - For compensation of the Secretary of State, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, twentyeight thousand three hundred dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, viz. : Publishing For publishing the laws in pamphlet form, and in the newspapers of the States and Territories, and in the city of Washington, eighteen thousand two hundred dollars.

> For proof-reading, packing, and distributing laws and documents, including boxes, labor, and transportation, ten thousand dollars.

> For stationery, blank books, binding, labor and attendance, furniture, fixtures, repairs, painting and glazing, four thousand five hundred dollars.

> For printing (letter-press and copperplate) books and maps, two thousand dollars.

For newspapers, two hundred dollars.

For extra clerk hire and copying, two thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

For compensation of the superintendent and four watchmen of the north-east executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten dollars; for contingent expenses of said building, viz., for labor, fuel, and light, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred dollars.

Treasury Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of the Compensation. Treasury, and the assistant secretary of the treasury, clerks, mes-Secretary and senger, and assistant-messenger, in his office, thirty-two thousand five hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation of the first comptroller, and the clerks and mes-First compsenger in his office, twenty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars troller. 1818, ch. 87. -the salary of one of the clerks in this office, per act of the twentieth Clerk. of April, eighteen hundred and eighteen, being hereby increased to fourteen hundred dollars per annum, from first of July, eighteen hundred and fifty. For compensation of the second comptroller, and the clerks and Second compmessenger in his office, twenty-three thousand six hundred and fifty troller, &c. dollars. For compensation of one temporary clerk in the office of the second Temporary comptroller, at a salary of one thousand dollars per annum. one thousand dollars. For compensation of the first auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and First auditor. assistant messenger, in his office, twenty-two thousand eight hundred &c. dollars. For compensation of second auditor, and the clerks, messenger, and Second audiassistant messenger, in his office, thirty-eight thousand eight hundred tor, &c. and fifty dollars. For compensation of third auditor, and thirty-six clerks, messenger, Third auditor, and assistant messenger, in his office, forty-four thousand seven hun- &c. dred and fifty dollars. For compensation of twelve temporary clerks --- two at fourteen hun-Twelve tempodred dollars, four at twelve hundred dollars, and six at one thousand rary clerks. dollars, each per annum, and a temporary messenger at five hundred dollars per annum, fourteen thousand one hundred dollars. For arrearages to extra clerks, authorized to be employed in said Arrearages to clerks. office, to first of December next, four hundred and thirty-five dollars. For compensation of the fourth auditor, and the clerks, messenger, Fourth audiand assistant messenger, in his office, twenty thousand four hundred tor, &c. dollars. For compensation of the fifth auditor, and the clerks and messenger Fifth auditor, Ŷс. in his office, fifteen thousand six hundred dollars. For compensation of the treasurer of the United States, and the Treasurer, &c. clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation of the register of the treasury, and the clerks, Register, &c. messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, thirty thousand two hundred dollars. For compensation of the solicitor of the treasury, and the clerks Solicitor, &c. and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand six hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation of the commissioner of customs, and the clerks Commissioner and messenger in his office, including five additional clerks, at one of customs, &c. thousand dollars each, per annum, sixteen thousand five hundred dollars Contingent Expenses of the Treasury Department : --Contingencies. In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury. Secretary's office. For copying, labor, blank books, stationery, sealing ships' registers, translating foreign languages, printing, advertising, printing the public accounts, carrying the department mails, extra clerk hire for preparing and collecting information to be laid before Congress, fifteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous expenses, two thousand eight hundred dollars. In the office of the First Comptroller. For furniture, one hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous. First comptroller. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of the first comptroller of the treasury, required in consequence of the transfer of one half of the contingent fund to the office of the commissioner of customs, said transfer having been authorized by the fourteenth section of the act creating the office of commissioner of customs, approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Second Comptroller.

For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing blanks, including pay for the National Intelligencer and Union, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office, seven hundred dollars.

For labor, office furniture, and miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

For the expenses of making investigation and taking testimony in the case of an alleged fraud by an officer of the quartermaster's department at Evansville, Indiana, two hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the First Auditor.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing blanks, and labor, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For cases for records, documents, and official papers preserved in the office, and necessary furniture, one thousand dollars; and for two hundred dollars in addition to the salary now received by the recording clerk in the first auditor's office.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Second Auditor.

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, office furniture, printing blanks, including pay for the Republic and Union, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office, and miscellaneous items, one thousand five hundred dollars.

In the office of the Third Auditor.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, office furniture for extra clerks, and labor, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

For preparing document room, arranging and preserving files and papers, two thousand dollars.

In the office of the Fourth Auditor.

For blank books, binding, printing, stationery, and labor, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.

In the office of the Fifth Auditor.

For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars

In the office of the Treasurer.

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, one thousand dollars.

Register.

Solicitor.

Treasurer.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

In the office of the Register.

For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, including printing of blank certificates of registry, enrollments, and licenses of vessels, and other blanks for the use of the collectors of customs, three thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

In the office of the Solicitor.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing circulars and blank forms for reports of district attorneys, clerks of courts and marshals, and labor, one thousand and fifty dollars.

1849, ch. 108.

Second comptroller.

First auditor.

Second audi-

Third auditor.

Fourth audi-

Fifth auditor.

tor

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For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars.

For statutes and reports, including those of the several States, one thousand dollars.

For official seal, with press and fixtures, two hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Customs.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and labor. one thou- of customs. sand seven hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

For furniture, five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the superintendent and eight watchmen of the south-east executive building, three thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, viz.: for labor, fuel, and light, fourteen thousand six hundred dollars.

For rent, fuel, watching, and miscellaneous expenses of additional buildings for accommodation of officers of the Treasury Department, seven thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

Department of the Interior. - For compensation of the Secretary of the Interior, and his chief clerk, eight thousand dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messengers, fourteen thousand two hundred dollars : Provided, That the first proviso in the act of May messengers. twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and fifty, entitled "An Act to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty, be, and the same is hereby repealed.

For compensation of the commissioner of the general land office, and the recorder, draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, clerks, messen- of general land gers, assistant messengers, and packers in his office, ninety-two thousand seven hundred and eighty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents. That the assistant messengers, laborers, and packers of the general land office shall, from and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and fifty, receive at the rate of five hundred dollars per annum for their services.

For compensation of three temporary clerks, authorized by the seventh section of the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty- rary clerks. nine, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of commissioner of Indian affairs, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, eighteen thousand of Indian affairs. seven hundred dollars.

For compensation of the commissioner of pensions, and the clerks and messengers in his office, thirty-four thousand two hundred and of pensions. thirty-four dollars; the salary of the principal messenger being hereby raised to seven hundred dollars ; and the salary of the assistant messenger to five hundred dollars, to be computed from the first day of July last.

Contingent Expenses of the Department of the Interior.

In the office of the Secretary of the Interior, viz. For books, stationery, furniture, and other contingencies, eight thou-fice. sand dollars.

For library, maps, &c., five thousand five hundred dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of the General Land Office. For tract books, patent records, parchment records of correspond- missioner ence, stationery, including blank books and blank forms for the district office. land officers, advertising land sales, binding plats, field notes, &c., office furniture, and repairs of the same, and pay of laborers employed in the office, and miscellaneous items, twenty-five thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars.

In the office of Commissioner of Indian Affairs. For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred dollars. For labor, one hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand four hundred dollars.

Secretary and chief clerk. Clerks and

Proviso. 1850, ch. 10.

Commissioner

Three tempo-1849, ch. 100.

Commissioner

Commissioner

Contingencies. Secretary's of-

Office of com of land

Office of commissioner of Indian affairs.

Commissioner

nf pensions.

In the office of the Commissioner of Pensions.

For stationery, printing blank forms, regulations, and circulars. and for advertising, for furniture and binding, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and four watchmen of the building occupied by the Secretary of the Interior, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

For labor, fuel, light, and incidental expenses, two thousand two hundred dollars. War Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of War.

For compensation of the clerk and messenger in the office of the

officers.

general's office.

Adjutant-general's office. Quartermastergeneral's office.

ing and equi-page, Philadelphia.

Paymastergeneral's office. Office of commissary-general of subsistence.

Chief engineer's office.

Surgeon-general's office.

Ordnance office.

Topographical engineers. Quartermaster-

Contingencies of War Department.

Secretary's office.

the various offices and bureaus connected therewith : In the office of the Secretary of War.

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, and newspapers and periodicals, one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said Department, and

For books, maps, and plans, one thousand dollars.

For extra clerks in the War Department, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Commanding General.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Adjutant-General.

For printing army register and orders, blank books, binding and stationery, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

Quartermaster- In the office of the Quartermaster-General, including the office at Philadelphia.

For blank books, binding, and stationery, printing, advertising, labor, and fuel, one thousand and fifty dollars.

Commanding general.

Adjutant-general.

general, &c.

Office of commissioner

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Superintendent, &c., of building

Secretary and and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger, in his office, sev-

enteen thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars. Commanding

commanding general, one thousand five hundred dollars. For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the

adjutant-general, ten thousand four hundred and fifty dollars. For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the Office of cloth- quartermaster-general, twelve thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of

clothing and equipage, Philadelphia, four thousand and forty dollars. For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the paymaster-general, nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the commissary-general of subsistence, six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of clerks and messenger in the office of the chief engineer, five thousand nine hundred dollars; and the salary of the book-keeper and accountant in the said office is hereby raised from one thousand to twelve hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the surgeon-general, three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messengers in the office of the colonel of ordnance, eight thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the bureau of topographical engineers, four thousand nine hundred dollars - That general's office, the sum of nine hundred and sixty-one dollars and forty-four cents, heretofore appropriated for clerical service in the quartermaster-general's office, and which remains unexpended, be paid, under the direction of the quartermaster-general, to the persons who perform the duties for which the appropriation was made.

Contingencies of the War Department.

For office rent at Philadelphia, five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars.

In the office of Paymaster-General.

general. For blank books, binding, and stationery, one thousand dollars. For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars.

In the office of Commissary-General of Subsistence.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, advertising, and la- general of subsisten ve. bor, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of Chief Engineer. Chief engi-For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing, seven hundred neer. dollars.

For miscellaneous items, including twenty dollars for one year's sub-

scription for two daily Washington newspapers, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Surgeon-General. Surgeon-gen-For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, and fuel, two hun- eral. dred and ten dollars.

For miscellaneous items, sixty-five dollars.

In the office of Colonel of Ordnance. Ordnance of. For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing, five hundred fice. dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars.

In the Bureau of Topographical Engineers.

For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, seven hundred and engineers. fifty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and four watchmen of the north-west executive building, one thousand seven hundred and ten dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, viz., for labor, fuel, and light, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For rent of the house on the north-west corner of F and Seventeenth streets, and warming all the rooms in it, for each room one hundred and seventy-five dollars, twenty-one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Navy Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, clerks, &c. twenty-one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the chief of bureau of navy yards and docks, Bureau of na-and of the civil engineer, draftsman, clerks, and messenger in his of- vy yards and docks. fice, eleven thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the bureau of ordnance and Bureau of ord For compensation of the chief of the bureau of orunance and p-hydrography, and of the draftsmen, clerks, and messenger, in his nance and hy-drography. office, nine thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the bureau of construction, Bureau of con-equipment, and repairs, and of the assistant constructor, draftsmen, ment and reclerks, and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand six hundred dollars. pairs.

For compensation of the chief naval constructor, and of the engineer-in-chief, six thousand dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the bureau of provisions and clothing, six thousand five hundred dollars; the annual visions compensation of the assistant book-keeper being increased two hundred dollars.

For the annual salary of the chief of the bureau of medicine and surgery, three thousand dollars.

For arrears of salary of the chief of the bureau of medicine and surgery, provided by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, five hundred dollars.

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Secretary.

Chief constructor and engi-

neer. Bureau of pro-

Medicine and surgery.

1849, ch. 100.

Paymaster-

Commissary-

Topographical

For compensation of the assistant surgeon, clerks, and messengers in the office of the chief of the bureau of medicine and surgery, four thousand three hundred dollars.

Contingencies of the Navy Department. - For contingencies of the Contingencies. Navy Department, and all the bureaus connected therewith, namely: For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, labor, office rent, and fuel, seven thousand two hundred dollars.

South-west ex-

Postmaster-

Surveyor-gen-

For compensation of superintendent and three watchmen of the ecutive building. south-west executive building, one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars, the salary of the three watchmen being increased from three hundred and sixty-five dollars to five hundred dollars each per annum, from first of July, eighteen hundred and fifty.

> For contingent expenses of said building, namely, labor, fuel, and light, one thousand six hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars. Post-Office Department. - For compensation of the Postmaster-

General, six thousand dollars.

Surveyors-General and their Clerks. - For compensation of the sureral north-west vevor-general north-west of the Ohio, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

Illinois and Missouri.

general.

of Ohio.

Louisiana.

Florida.

Wisconsin and Iowa.

Clerks in offices of surveyorgeneral.

> Arkansas. 1846, ch. 106.

Michigan.

Officers

Workmen. Contingencies.

Proviso Boothe.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Illinois and Missouri, and the clerks in his office, five thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Louisiana, and the clerks in his office, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Florida, and the clerks in his office, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Wisconsin and Iowa, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For clerks in the offices of the surveyors-general, to be apportioned to them according to the exigencies of the public service, and, if necessary, to be employed in transcribing field-notes of surveys, for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of government, twenty thousand dollars.

For compensation of surveyor-general of Arkansas, per act of eighth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, two thousand dollars.

For compensation of clerks in his office, per act of eighth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, six thousand three hundred dollars.

For re-surveying and correcting erroneous surveys in Michigan, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, twenty thousand dollars.

Mint of the United States,

At Philadelphia.

For salaries of the director, treasurer, chief coiner, assayer, melter and refiner, engraver, assistant assayer, and their clerks, twenty-one thousand dollars, and the employment of an additional clerk, at twelve hundred dollars per annum, is hereby authorized.

For wages of workmen, thirty-two thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs, and wastage, in addition to available for funds on hand, twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*. That to enable purchase of right the President of the United States to obtain for the United States, if to use methods the resident of the officer States to obtain for the officer States, h of McCulloh & he shall deem it expedient to do so, the right to use the improved methods of refining argentiferous gold bullion, recently discovered, and being patented to R. S. McCulloh and James C. Boothe, or the right to use any other method of accomplishing the same object which may be hereafter discovered and patented, there be appropriated the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.

For specimens of ores and coins, to be reserved at the mint, three hundred dollars.

The Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to contract, upon the most reasonable terms, with the proprie- treasury authortors of some well-established assaying works now in successful opera- with tion in California, upon satisfactory security, to be judged by the Sec- works in Califor retary of the Treasury, who shall, under the supervision of the United fix the value of States assayer to be appointed by the President, by and with the ad- gold, under suvice and consent of the Senate, perform such duties in assaying and pervision of U fixing the value of gold in grain and lumps, and in forming the same into bars, as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and that the said United States assayer shall cause the stamp of the United States, indicating the degree of fineness and value, to be affixed to each bar or ingot of gold that may be issued from the estatablishment. Provided. That the United States shall not be held responsible for the loss of any gold deposited with said proprietors for assay: And provided, further, That the salary of said assaver shall be fixed by the viso. Secretary of the Treasury, not to exceed five thousand dollars.

At Charlotte, North Carolina.

For salaries of superintendent, coiner, assayer, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, two thousand one hundred dollars.

For repairing the wall of the ditch in front of the Mint, and for making other repairs in and about the lot, and for painting, one thousand dollars.

At Dahlonega, Georgia, viz.

For salaries of superintendent, coiner, assayer, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, two thousand dollars. At New Orleans.

For salaries of superintendent, treasurer, assayer, coiner, melter, and refiner, and clerks, seventeen thousand three hundred dollars the salary of the treasurer being hereby increased from first July, eighteen hundred and fifty, to four thousand dollars; the salary of chief clerk to eighteen hundred dollars; of the other clerk to fifteen hundred dollars; and the employment of an additional clerk at fifteen hundred dollars, is hereby authorized.

For wages of workmen, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, in addition to available funds on hand, twenty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven dollars.

For new machinery, thirteen thousand dollars.

Governments in the Territories of Oregon and Minnesota.-Territory of Oregon.

For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of superintendent of Indian affairs, three Indian agents, and for office rent, wood and lights, stationery, and clerk hire, ten thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of the legislative assem-Legislative asbly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twenty- sembly. four thousand dollars.

For taking the census in the Territory of Oregon, under the act of Census. 1848, ch. 177 fourteenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Proviso

Further pro-

Salaries, &c.

Contingencies.

Salaries, &c.

Contingencies.

Salaries, &c.

Additional clerk

Contingencies.

Oregon.

Salaries.

Indian affairs.

Contingencies.

Territory of Minnesota.

For salaries of governor and superintendent of Indian affairs, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand seven hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twentyfour thousand dollars.

That the accounting officers be empowered to audit, adjust, and allow the public printers of Minnesota Territory, for printing the Constitution of the United States, such parts of the laws of the United States as relates to the north-west territory, and the laws of Wisconsin in force in said Territory, by provision of the act organizing it; the said accounts to be subjected to the same rules and principles as are prescribed by the act of August twenty-ninth, eigh-

teen hundred and forty-two, for other territorial accounts. Territory of New Mexico. - For salaries of governor and superintendent of Indian affairs, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand

seven-hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of legislative assembly, clerks, officers, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For library for said Territory, five thousand dollars : Provided, That the library for the Territories of New Mexico and Utah shall be purchased by agents to be appointed by the President of the United States.

For public buildings for the Territory of New Mexico, twenty thousand dollars: Provided, however, That no part of said appropriations time of expendi- for the Territory of New Mexico shall be expended, until the State of ations for New "An Act proposing to the State of Texas the establishment of her northern and western boundaries, the relinquishment by the said State of all territory claimed by her, exterior to said boundaries, and of all her claims upon the United States, and to establish a territorial government for New Mexico."

> Judiciary. - For salaries of the chief justice of the Supreme Court, and the eight associate justices, forty-one thousand dollars.

For salaries of the district judges, sixty-three thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salaries of the chief justice of the District of Columbia, the associate judges, the judges of the Criminal and Orphans' Court, ten thousand seven hundred dollars.

For an addition to the salary of the judge of the Orphans' Court of the District of Columbia, (which is hereby increased to fifteen hundred dollars per annum,) five hundred dollars.

For salaries of the attorney-general, and the clerk and messenger in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars — the salary of the Salary increas- messenger in his office being hereby increased to seven hundred dollars per annum, from first July, eighteen hundred and fifty; and the salary of the attorney-general being hereby increased to six thousand dollars per annum from the same day.

> To reimburse to Reverdy Johnson, late attorney-general of the United States, the amount paid by him out of his private funds for the services of a clerk employed for public purposes in public duties, eight hundred and sixty-six dollars and fifty-nine cents.

For the salary of an additional clerk in the attorney-general's office, two thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of the attorney-general, five hundred dollars.

Minnesota Salaries.

Contingencies. Legislative assembly.

Printing.

1842. ch. 259.

New Mexico. Salaries.

Contingencies. Legislative as-sembly.

> Library. Proviso.

Public buildings. Proviso as to 1850, ch. 49.

Chief justice and associates.

District judges.

Judges of Dis-trict of Columhia.

Judge of Orphans' Court.

Attorney-general.

ed.

Reverdy Johnson.

Additional clerk.

Contingencies.

For the purchase of law books, and the necessary book-cases for said office, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For salary of the reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court. thirteen hundred dollars, if one volume only of the reports shall be Supreme Court. published, as heretofore; and in case the Supreme Court shall direct him to publish two volumes, then the sum of thirteen hundred dollars for each volume so published.

For compensation of the district attorneys, being two hundred dollars each, as prescribed by law, eight thousand four hundred dol- neys. lars.

For compensation of the marshals, seven thousand dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including the District of Columbia, and also for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines. penalties, and forfeitures incurred in the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and previous years, and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and of prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the safe-keeping of prisoners, five hundred and fiftyseven thousand five hundred and thirty-seven dollars.

For compensation for the clerk of the district judge of Florida, employed in keeping and making transcripts of the records of the decisions of said judge in certain matters submitted to him by the Secretary of the Treasury, the compensation for said service to be audited and allowed by the Secretary of the Treasury, nine hundred dollars.

Lighthouse Establishment. — For supplying lighthouses, contain-ing three thousand one hundred and ten lamps, with oil, tube-glasses, wicks, buff-skins, whiting, and cotton cloth, transportation, and other expenses thereon, and for repairing and keeping in repair the lighting apparatus, one hundred and forty-seven thousand four hundred and seventy-four dollars and nineteen cents.

For providing surf-boats, life-boats, and other means for the preservation of life and property shipwrecked on the coast of the United boats. States, ten thousand dollars; to be expended under the control and direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For repairs and incidental expenses, refitting, and improvements of lighthouses, and buildings connected therewith, eighty-four thousand six hundred and thirty dollars and sixty cents.

For salaries of three hundred and two keepers of lighthouses, and twenty assistants, (twenty-five of them charged with double and two keepers. with triple lights,) and including one thousand two hundred dollars for salary of an inspector of lights on the upper lakes, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand four hundred and forty-eight dollars and thirtythree cents.

For salaries of forty keepers of floating lights, twenty-one thousand Floating lights. seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For seamen's wages, repairs and supplies of forty floating lights, seventy one thousand three hundred and ninety dollars and seventyseven cents.

For expenses of weighing, mooring, cleansing, repairing losses of beacons, buoys, chains, and sinkers, thirty-nine thousand four hundred and forty-nine dollars and ninety-two cents.

For expenses of superintendents in visiting lighthouses annually, and reporting their condition, two thousand dollars.

For superintendents' commissions, at two and a half per cent., on the four hundred and ninety-four thousand one hundred and forty-three dollars and eighty-one cents, appropriated above for lighthouse purposes, twelve thousand three hundred and fifty-three dollars and sixty cents: Provided, That collectors, whose compensation exceeds twenty- superintendents.

Law hooks

Reporter of

District attor-

Marshals. Expenses of U. States courts.

Clerk of dis trict judge of Florida.

Supplies.

Surf and life-

Repairs.

Lighthouse

Beacons, &c.

Superintend ents.

Commissions.

Proviso as to

five hundred dollars, shall receive no compensation as superintendents of lights, or disbursing agents.

For completing the lighthouse on Waugoshance, Lake Michigan. Waugoshance, in twenty thousand five hundred and eighty dollars.

For completing the lighthouse on Minot's Rock, Boston Harbor, five thousand dollars.

For completing the lighthouse on Brandywine Shoal, Delaware Bay. Shoal, Delaware three thousand dollars.

For repair of damages, caused by the late storm, to the light on " Brandywine Shoal," two thousand dollars.

For completing the lighthouse on Blackston's Island, Potomac River. Island, Potomac one thousand five hundred dollars.

For completing the lighthouse on Carysfort Reef, coast of Florida. thirty-six thousand dollars.

Hospitals. - For completion of the marine hospital at Chicago, Illinois, fifteen thousand dollars.

For completion of the marine hospital at Louisville, Kentucky, five thousand dollars.

For furnishing said hospital, seven thousand dollars.

For completion of the marine hospital at Pittsburg, now under construction, ten thousand one hundred and forty-nine dollars and fortytwo cents.

For inclosing the site of said marine hospital with wooden fence, for filling up, and levelling the lot, and constructing sewers, for supplying the building with water, and protecting the bank of the lot on the Ohio River, eleven thousand six hundred and four dollars.

For furnishing marine hospital at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, seven thousand dollars.

For completion of the marine hospital at Cleveland, Ohio, eight, thousand dollars.

For furnishing said marine hospital, seven thousand dollars.

For grading, piling, &c., that portion of the said marine hospital site at Cleveland fronting the lake, in order to protect the bank from the encroachment of the water, and secure the hospital edifice, five thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements of marine hospital at Mobile, Alabama, two thousand three hundred and thirty dollars.

To aid in the construction of a marine hospital at Evansville, Indiana, ten thousand dollars.

To aid in the construction of a marine hospital at Vicksburg, Mississippi, ten thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements of marine hospital at Key West, Florida, six hundred dollars.

For completion of marine hospital at Paducah, seven thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars.

For completion of marine hospital at Natchez, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For completion of marine hospital at Napoleon, Arkansas, ten, thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For repairs and improvements of marine hospital at New Orleans, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For the construction of a marine hospital, to be located by the Secretary of the Treasury, at or near San Francisco, in the State of California, fifty thousand dollars.

For the purchase of Greenwood's Island, near Pascagoula, Mississippi, lately made by the surgeon-general, under the order of General

Twiggs, for the location of a military hospital, five thousand dollars. Surveys of Public Lands. - For surveying the public lands, in addition to the unexpended balance of former appropriations, viz. :

Lighthouse on Lake Michigan. Minot's Rock, Boston Harbor.

Brandywine

Bay. Repair of damages.

Blackston's River.

Carysfort Reef. Florída.

Chicago.

Louisville.

Pittsburg.

Cleveland.

Mobile.

Evansville.

Vicksburg.

Key West.

- Paducah.
- Natchez.
- Napoleon.

New Orleans.

San Francisco.

Purchase of Greenwood's Island.

For surveying the public lands, including incidental expenses to be apportioned to the several districts according to the exigencies of the incidental public service, the part to be applied to the surveys of the mineral region of Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, and in the resurveys required by the location and survey of private claims in Florida, to be distributed at augmented rates, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

For completing the surveys of the towns and villages in Missouri, named in the acts of eighteen hundred and twelve and eighteen hundred and twenty-four, including office work, two thousand dollars.

For the survey of private claims in Florida, under the act of twentyeighth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, including the work now under contract, fifteen thousand dollars.

For surveying in Louisiana, viz. :

For the outstanding liabilities of the surveying department, in Louisiana, exclusive of the Greensburg district, thirty thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For the outstanding liabilities of the surveying department in the Greensburg district, Louisiana, three thousand two hundred and twelve dollars.

For proposed surveys in Louisiana, exclusive of the Greensburg district, and including office work, seventeen thousand dollars.

For proposed surveys, including office work, in the Greensburg district, Louisiana, seventeen thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

For the mineral land service, to carry out the requirements of the acts of the first and third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven. ch. 54. to wit:

For compensation of geologists, assistant geologists, laborers, packfor compensation of geologists, assistant geologists, laborets, pack-men, &c., and incidental expenses attending the geological examina-Michigan, tion and survey of the mineral lands in Michigan, Wisconsin, and consin, Iowa, twenty thousand dollars.

For running and marking the northern boundary of the State of Iowa, conformably to the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, fifteen thousand dollars.

For running and marking the meridian boundary between Wisconsin and Minnesota, six hundred dollars.

For refunding to the surveying appropriation the amount transferred therefrom, on the application of the commissioner of the general transferred land office, by the Secretary of the Treasury, to the contingent fund propriation. of that office, for the service of the fiscal year ending thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, for the payment of outstanding liabilities of that fund, contracted by the general land office, before the fourth of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, beyond the amount appropriated for that year, and to be carried to the credit of the general surveying fund, thirteen housand seven hundred and seventeen dollars and forty-six cents.

Intercourse with Foreign Nations .- For salaries of the ministers of the United States to Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, Brazil, Mexico, and Chili, seventy-two thousand dollars.

For salaries of the secretaries of legation to the same places, sixteen thousand dollars.

For salary of minister resident to Turkey, six thousand dollars.

For salary of the dragoman to the legation to Turkey, two thousand Turkey. Dragoman. five hundred dollars.

For salary of an assistant dragoman and secretary to the legation to Turkey, fifteen hundred dollars.

For outfit of chargés des affaires to Portugal, New Grenada, Guatemala, and Ecuador, eighteen thousand dollars.

For salary and outfit to chargé d'affaires to Nicaragua, nine thousand dollars.

Louisiana.

Surveys

Missouri

Florida. 1848. ch. 83.

Geological exof Wisand Towa.

1847, ch. 32 &

Northern boundary of Iowa. 1849. ch. 123.

Boundary between Wisconsin and Minnesota. Refunding of ap

Ministers.

Secretaries of legation.

Minister to

Assistant and secretary.

Outfit of chargés.

Chargé to Nicaragua.

ev.

Charges des affairog

For salaries of chargés des affaires to Portugal, Austria, Denmark. Sweden, Holland, Belgium, Naples, Sardinia, the Papal States. Peru. New Grenada, Venezuela, Buenos Ayres, Bolivia, Guatemala, and Ec. uador, seventy-two thousand dollars. And for compensation to Alex-

Alexander ander Hammett, for his services as chargé d'affaires at Naples, from the twentieth of May, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to the twentyfirst of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, four thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, forty thousand Contingent exenses of foreign dollars.

> For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, thirty thousand dollars

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary powers, nine thousand Barbary powdollars.

For salary of the consul at London, two thousand dollars. To de-Special agent fray the expenses of a special agent to the three republics of Venezueto Central Amer- la, New Granada, and Ecuador, to claim of those governments respectively the several amounts due from each of them on claims of citizens of the United States against the former government of Columbia, two thousand dollars.

For salary of the commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, three thousand dollars.

To Anthony Ten-Eyck, for salary and contingent expenses as commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, for the year ending December thirtyfirst, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, three thousand nine hundred and twenty-two dollars and eighty-seven cents.

To Charles Eames, for additional compensation as late commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, in pursuance of the recommendation of the Department of State, three thousand dollars.

For interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the expenses of the agent of the Sublime Porte, ten thousand dollars, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State.

For office rent of the consul at Basle, in Switzerland, one hundred dollars.

For salary of a commissioner to reside in China, including the additional compensation under the act of the eleventh of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, six thousand dollars.

For salary of the interpreter and secretary to said mission, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the consuls at the five ports in China, viz. : Kwang-chow, Amoy, Fuchow, Ning-po, and Shang-hai, five thousand dollars.

For salary of consul-general at Alexandria, three thousand dollars.

For clerk hire, office rent, and other expenses of the office of the at consul at London, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For salary of the consul at Beirout, five hundred dollars.

For relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, Relief of Amer- one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

> For additional contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, four thousand dollars.

> For relief of Stephen H. Weems, late consul of the United States at Guatamala, and to enable him to procure a passage home, twelve hundred dollars, to be expended under the direction of the State Department.

Miscellaneous. - For the annual repairs in the Capitol and attendance on furnaces in crypt, attendance on water closet, cleaning rotunda, for public gardner and laborers, and cartage on the Capitol grounds,

PTS. Consul at London. ica.

Commissioner to Sandwich Islands. Anthony Ten

Eyck.

Charles Eames.

Consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna. and Alexandria. Agent of the Sublime Porte.

Consul at Basle.

Commissioner resident in China. 1848, ch. 150. Interpreter and secretary.

Consuls at five Chinese ports.

Consul-general at Alexandria.

Consulate London. Consul at Bei-

rout.

ican seamen Additional contingencies.

Stephen H. Weems.

Capitol and public grounds.

Hammett.

intercourse.

tools, wire, twine, leather, nails, chains, and posts, boxes, straw, whitewashing, manure, trees for grounds, attendance at the western gates of the Capitol, repairs of public stables, flagging, enclosures, &c., keeping in order iron pipes that convey water to the Capitol and public offices, and repairing damages by freshets: brooms, brushes, wooden spades, and shovelling snow, repairing abutments at Tiber Creek, gravelling the walks in the Capitol grounds, inclosing and improving the public grounds at the north, south, east, and west of the Capitol, the open triangular spaces on Pennsylvania [Avenue], for relaying and repairing flag pavements in the building, terraces, and western approaches, &c., and for other incidental repairs and improvements, twenty thousand dollars.

For annual repairs of President's house, garden, and laborers, gravelling the walks in in President's Square, manure, leather, nails, tools. house, etc. &c., and repairs of fence at Lafayette Square, Fountain Square, President's Square, and President's garden, cartage, &c., four thousand five hundred dollars.

For improving the grounds in Lafayette Square, and fencing the same, three thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Square. President of the United States.

For compensation of four assistants, draw-keepers at the Potomac Potomac bridge. bridge, including oil for lamps and machinery, firewood, and repairs, five thousand dollars : Provided, That the allowance to the two assist-Proviso. ants employed in keeping the southern draw of said bridge shall be two dollars per day.

For lighting Pennsylvania Avenue, from Capitol Square to the Lighting Penn-Treasury Department, and compensation of two lamp-lighters for the sylvania Avenue, etc. same, and for lighting the Capitol and Capitol grounds and President's house, eleven thousand dollars.

For compensation and contingent expenses of auxiliary guard, six Auxiliary guard. thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For repairs of the bridges on the eastern branch of the Potomac, pay Repairs, etc., of two draw-keepers, oil for lamps and machinery, and for reimbursing Eastern Branch. to the corporation and Levy Court of Washington City the sum of six hundred and fifty dollars advanced by them for repairs already done, five thousand dollars.

For completing the improvements on Indiana Avenue, three thousand nue. dollars.

For grading, gravelling, repairing sidewalks, building culverts, and otherwise improving New Jersey Avenue, north of the Capitol, three Avenue. thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the commissioner of public buildings.

For like improvements on New Jersey Avenue, from the Capitol Square to public reservation number seventeen, according to such grade as the corporation of Washington may hereafter establish, two thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the commissioner of public buildings.

For paying a balance due Peter Gorman, for furnishing stone for paving Pennsylvania Avenue, two hundred and sixty dollars and sixtyfive cents.

For completing the gravelling on Four-and-a-half Street, from Maryland Avenue to the arsenal grounds, and flagging the west side, one half Street. thousand two hundred dollars.

For the support, care, and medical treatment of twelve transient pau- Twelve patients per medical or surgical patients in the Washington Infirmary, two in Mash thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the commissioner of public buildings: *Provided*, The physicians and surgeons of the aforesaid infirmary give bonds for the maintenance of twelve pauper transient patients during one year, if application be made for Vol. IX. Pub. - 68

President's

Lafavette

Indiana Ave-

New Jersev

Peter Gorman.

Four-and-a-

Proviso.

their reception; and bind themselves to keep rooms for the accommudation of twelve pauper patients weekly on an average during the year.

For completing the grading, planting with trees, and enclosing with a substantial wooden fence for their protection, the Mall from Sixth Street westward to the Potomac River, five thousand dollars.

For extending the sewers from the executive department and the President's house to the canal, and for further improving the grounds south of the President's house, fifteen thousand dollars.

For paying a balance due the contractors for laying gas pipes between the Capitol and Fifteenth Street, within the Capitol and Capitol grounds, and for chandeliers and burners in the President's house, and completing the branch pipes, lamps, &c., within the Capitol grounds, three thousand dollars.

For continuing the sewer under Pennsylvania Avenue, on the east line of Fourteenth Street, to the canal, three thousand dollars; to be expended under the direction of the commissioner of public buildings.

For the extension of the Capitol, according to such plan as may be approved by the President of the United States, one hundred thousand dollars; to be expended under his direction, by such architect as he may appoint to execute the same.

That the duties now due the United States upon a certain importation of printed books, contained in three cases, marked one hundred and ninety-three, one hundred and ninety-five, and three, and shipped by William Cricknor, from London, England, in the ship J. W. Andrews, unto Messrs. Hill and Sears, Boston, the value of said books being seventy-eight pounds four shillings and sixpence sterling, be, and the same are hereby, remitted : Provided, It shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, that such books have not been imported for sale, but for charitable and gratuitous circulation by certain religious societies in the United States.

For refunding to John Joseph Chance, bishop of Natchez, the duties paid on a cathedral bell, presented to said bishop by Prince Alexander Torlonia, of Rome, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the expenses of pauper lunatics in the Maryland Hospital at Baltimore, eight thousand six hundred dollars.

For payment of annuities and grants by special acts of Congress, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of Secretary to sign patents for public lands, one sign land pat- thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of two additional watchmen on the Capitol grounds, seven hundred and thirty dollars.

For compensation of the commissioner of public buildings, two of public build- thousand dollars,

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims, not otherwise provided for, as shall be admitted in due course of settlement at the Treasury, five thousand dollars: Provided, That no part of the appropriation shall be drawn from the Treasury, except in pursuance of some law or resolution of Congress authorizing the expenditure.

For salaries and commissions of registers of land offices and receivers of public moneys, one hundred and twenty-eight thousand and seventy dollars.

For expenses of depositing public moneys by receivers of public moneys, seventeen thousand seven hundred and fifteen dollars.

For incidental expenses of the several land offices, twenty-five thoupenses of land sand and fifty dollars.

> For salaries of assistant treasurers of the United States at New York, Boston, Charleston, and St. Louis, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

The Mall.

Sewers from executive man sion and improving grounds.

Balance due for contractors laying gas pipes.

Continuing sewer under Pennsylvania Ауелие.

Extension of the Capitol.

Remission of duties on books consigned to Hill and Sears.

Proviso.

Bishop of Natchez.

Maryland Hospital.

Annuities.

Secretary to ents. Additional watchmen, Capitol grounds. Commissioner

ing Miscellaneous

claims. Proviso.

Land offices and receivers.

Expenses of depositing public moneys.

Incidental exoffices. Assistant treas-

urers.

For additional salary of the treasurer of the mint at Philadelphia, five hundred dollars.

For salaries of ten clerks authorized by the act of sixth August. eighteen hundred and forty-six, and of the twelfth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, nine thousand dollars.

For salary of chief clerk of assistant treasurer at New York, one thousand five hundred dollars.

ing, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue, of sixth August, penses of keep-eighteen hundred and forty-eig sixtage the For contingent expenses under the act for the safe-keeping, collecteighteen hundred and forty-six, sixteen thousand five hundred dollars : Provided. That no part of said sum of sixteen thousand five hundred dollars shall be expended for clerical services.

For compensation to special agents to examine books, accounts, and money on hand, in the several depositories, under the act of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, five thousand dollars.

For expenses of loans and treasury notes, twenty thousand dollars.

For supply of deficiencies in the fund for the relief of sick seamen, including the furnishing of five new marine hospitals, now building, seamen. viz.: Paducah, Kentucky; Chicago, Illinois; Natchez, Mississippi; Napoleon, Arkansas; St. Louis, Missouri; two hundred thousand dollars.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house at New Orleans, two hundred thousand dollars.

For the topographical and hydrographical survey of the Delta of the Mississippi, with such investigations as may lead to determine the most practicable plan for securing it from inundation, and the best mode of so deepening the passes at the mouth of the river as to allow ships of twenty feet draft to enter the same, fifty thousand dollars.

For repairs, alterations, and furniture for the new custom-house at Portland, Maine, eight thousand dollars.

For repairs and furniture for the custom-house at Castine, in the district of Penobscot, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For the purchase of a site, and the erection of a custom-house, in the city of Bangor, Maine, fifty thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury; and the cost of said building shall not exceed said sum.

For the purchase of a site, and the erection of a new custom-house, at Mobile, to contain rooms for the post-office in that city, and the ac- and post-office at commodation of its officers, and also rooms for the United States District Court, and the accommodation of its officers, one hundred thousand dollars, in addition to such sum as may be received for the sale of the old custom-house building: *Provided*, That the plan of the building shall be such, that the whole cost, both of building and site, shall in no event exceed the appropriation hereby made.

The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and required to purchase, as soon as it can be effected on reasonable terms, a site for a custom-house and post-office in the city of Bath, in the State of Maine, and to cause to be erected thereon such a building as may be suitable for a custom-house and post-office: Provided, The said Secretary should not deem it more expedient to have the present cus-tom-house repaired: *Provided*, also, That the entire cost of such site and building, or of such repairs, shall not exceed the sum of twenty- viso. five thousand dollars.

For repairing and lining the arches and vaults of the custom-house building at Philadelphia, to render them proper for storing goods, at Philadelphia. seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house at Charleston, one hundred thousand dollars.

For the purchase of a site and the building of a custom-house and

Treasurer പ് mint, Phila.

> Ten clerks. 1846, ch. 90. 1848, ch. 166.

Chief clerk of

ass't treasurer, New York.

enue.

1846, ch. 90. Proviso.

Special agents. 1846, ch. 90.

Loans and treasury notes.

Relief of sick

Custom-house at New Orleans.

Survey of the Delta of the Mississippi.

Custom-house at Portland.

Custom-house at Castine.

Custom-house at Bangor.

Custom-house Mobile.

Proviso.

Custom-house and post-office at Bath.

Proviso.

Further pro-

Custom-house

Custom-house at Charleston.

Custom-house

Norfolk.

Proviso.

Custom-house and post-office at San Francisco.

Proviso.

viso.

Custom-house at Savannah.

Custom-house and government offices at St. Louis.

Proviso.

Custom-house and government offices at Cincinnati

Proviso.

Further viso.

Altering custom-house at Portland for ac-U. S. courts.

Coast survey.

Survey of Florida coasts.

Western coast survey.

Purchase of chives.

For reporting the "Daily in the Globe."

and post-office at post-office at Norfolk. Virginia, in addition to the proceeds of the sale of the present custom-house and site, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, fifty thousand dollars : Provided, That the plan of the building shall be such that the whole cost, both of building and site, shall in no event exceed the appropriation hereby made.

For the erection of a new custom-house at San Francisco, to contain rooms for the post-office in that city, and the accommodation of its officers, and also rooms for the United States District Court, the accommodation of its officers, and other government officers in California, until the whole building is needed for custom-house purposes. one hundred thousand dollars: Provided, Said building shall be exempt Further pro- from all State, city, or other taxation : And provided, further, That the whole cost of the same shall not exceed four hundred thousand dollars.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house at Savannah. Georgia, fifteen thousand dollars.

For purchasing a site, and commencing the erection of a suitable fire-proof building, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for a customhouse and independent treasury, and other offices of the United States, the sum of fifty thousand dollars; the whole cost of the building not to exceed the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars: Provided, That said building shall be exempted from city taxes, and all other taxes whatever, by act of the legislature of Missouri.

For the purchase of a site, and construction of a proper building, at Cincinnati, for a custom-house, independent treasury, and other offices of the United States, fifty thousand dollars: Provided, That the total cost of construction shall not exceed seventy-five thousand dollars : pro- And provided, also, That said building shall be exempted from city taxes, and all other taxes whatever, by act of the legislature of Ohio.

For repairing and painting the custom-house at Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, one thousand dollars.

For finishing and altering rooms in the custom-house, Portland, Maine, for the accommodation of the federal courts, clerk of the Discommodation of trict and Circuit Courts, and marshal's office, three thousand and thirtyone dollars and seventy-one cents.

> For survey of the coast of the United States, including compensation to superintendent and assistants, one hundred and eighty-six thousand dollars.

For continuation of the survey of reefs, shoals, keys, and coasts of South Florida, by the superintendent of the coast survey, thirty thousand dollars.

For continuing the survey of the western coast of the United States, forty thousand dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for one eighth volume of hundred and two copies of the eighth volume of the American archives, to be retained in his possession until disposed of by Congress, at sixteen dollars and eighty-three cents per volume, one thousand seven hundred and sixteen dollars and sixty-six cents.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for one hundred and seventeen copies of the eighth volume of the American archives, to be retained in his possession until disposed of by Congress, at sixteen dollars and eighty-three cents per volume, one thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine dollars and eleven cents.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for reporting and publishing in the "Daily Globe" two thousand columns of the proceedings of the House of Representatives, for this session, at the rate of seven dollars and fifty cents a column, fifteen thousand dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for binding the Congressional Globe and Appendix, for members of the "Congressional Globe." thirty-first Congress, ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be required to pay for binding said volumes in strong, substantial Russia leather, backs and corners, at a price not exceeding sixty cents

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for Purchase of a thousand five hundred and ninety-two copies of the "Congressional "Congressional" five thousand five hundred and ninety-two copies of the "Congressional Globe. Globe," and for five thousand five hundred and ninety-two copies of the Appendix, at three dollars per copy each, thirty-three thousand four hundred and eight dollars.

To enable the librarian of Congress to subscribe for and purchase To enable the librarian of Congress to subscribe for and purchase the works one thousand copies of the works of John Adams, second President the works President of the United States, to be published by Little & Brown, in an edition ans. of ten volumes: Provided, The cost of the same shall not exceed two dollars and twenty-five cents per volume, said volumes to be disposed of as Congress may hereafter direct, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

For completing the eastern wing of the patent office building according to the original plan, under the direction of the Secretary of the east wing. Interior, and for defraying such expenses as may have been incurred by materials procured or labor applied towards the west wing, prior to the fifteenth of May last, and for such materials or labor as may have been since procured or applied for the security of the old building, one hundred and ten thousand dollars, to be paid out of the patent fund, if so much of said fund remains unappropriated; and if not, the excess out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

For the collection of agricultural statistics, four thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid out of the patent fund.

For the purchase of such scientific works as are necessary for the use of the patent office, one thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid for patent office. out of the patent fund.

For compensation of librarian, five hundred dollars, to be paid out Librarian. of the patent fund.

For payment of the second and third volumes of the fifth series of the Documentary History, under contract with the Secretary of State. History. thirty-five thousand dollars.

For expenses in running and marking the boundary line between Boundary the United States and Mexico, marking the examinations contemplated and Mexico. by the sixth article of the treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, and paying the salaries of the officers of the commission, one hundred and thirtyfive thousand dollars.

For the warden, clerk, physician, chaplain, two assistant keepers, Penitentiary of four guards, and porter of the penitentiary of the District of Colum- the District of bia, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For three inspectors of said penitentiary, three hundred dollars.

For discharging the expense of taking the seventh enumeration of the inhabitants of the United States, one million one hundred and six- census. teen thousand dollars.

For the payment of a balance certified by the first comptroller of the treasury to be due to James D. Doty as governor and superintendent of Indian affairs for the Territory of Wisconsin, one thousand one hundred and forty-eight dollars and nine cents.

For the payment of taxes due on the mint in Philadelphia, for which a judgment has been obtained, ten thousand dollars.

For compensation due Lieutenant George Thom, of the United George Thom. States corps of topographical engineers, while acting upon the northeastern boundary during the years eighteen hundred forty-three, eighteen hundred forty-four, and eighteen hundred forty-five, for his neces-

Binding

Purchase of of Ad-

Proviso.

Patent office;

Agricultural statistics

Scientific works

Documentary

Boundary line

Inspectors. Taking seventh

James D. Doty.

Taxes on the Philadelphia mint.

sary travelling and other personal expenses, as authorized by the Secretary of State, one thousand one hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For the pay of draftsmen and assistants to the head of the scientific corps, employed under the direction of the Department of State, in the reconstruction of the maps of the boundary under the treaty of on the northern Washington, and in copying and recording, seven thousand dollars; the rent of rooms employed for assistants to the head of the scientific corps engaged in recording, copying, &c., including fuel for the same, five hundred dollars; attendance on office rooms, and expenses of employing messengers, five hundred dollars; purchase of drawing paper, and other necessary drawing materials, and office furniture, three hundred and seventy-five dollars; stationery for office use, one hundred dollars: mileage and expense of officers employed in examinations required on the frontiers of Vermont and New York, eight hundred and forty dollars: for survey and examination of that portion of the line lying on the northern frontiers of Vermont and New York, embracing hire of men, and their transportation and subsistence, hire of horses and baggage wagons, camp equipage and its transportation, purchase of instruments and all contingencies, five thousand dollars: and compensation of two private soldiers, for their services as draftsmen in reconstructing maps, eleven hundred and fifteen dollars; making, in all, fifteen thousand four hundred and thirty dollars.

For paying a balance found by the accounting officers to be due to Jose Yznardy. Jose Yznardy, formerly consul at Cadiz, in Spain, the sum of one thousand two hundred and twenty-eight dollars and eight cents; and said accounting officers are to ascertain how much of said sum is due by descent or devise, or in any other manner, to the late Joseph M. Yznardy, or to his heirs, former consul of the United States at Havana, who is indebted to the United States; and so much of this appropriation as shall so be found due to said Joseph M. Yznardy, or to his heirs, shall be applied on said indebtedness; and the remainder of this appropriation to be paid to the other heirs of the said Jose Yznardy, or to his representatives.

For payment of compensation to Doctor Thomas O. Edwards, for his services as examiner into the practical operation of the law for the prevention of the importation of spurious and adulterated drugs and medicines, under appointment from the Secretary of the Treasury, October tenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For salaries for examiners of drugs for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Charleston, and New Orleans, per act twentysixth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, seven thousand dollars.

For salary of clerk to examiner at New York, one thousand dollars. For the payment to W. J. Duane, of Philadelphia, executor of Daniel executor of Dan- Parker, deceased, late paymaster-general and agent for paying salaries in his office, a balance found due the said Parker by the accounting officer of the treasury, eight hundred and eighty-six dollars.

For the payment to Major W. H. Chase, of the corps of engineers, in pursuance of the decision of the second comptroller of the treasury, of the second and fifteenth of November, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, one thousand one hundred and nineteen dollars and sixtyeight dollars.

Richard Rush. For the payment to Richard Rush of a balance ascertained to be due, by the accounting officers of the treasury, for his salary as attorney-general of the United States, and for the satisfaction of which there Proviso pro- is no appropriation, two hundred and fifty-nine dollars and fifty-nine hibiting pay for cents : Provided, however, That hereafter the proper accounting offi-

Expenses of reconstructing maps, and making examinations frontiers of Vermont and New York.

Thomas O. Edwards.

Examiners of drugs.

Clerk at New York. W. J. Duane, iel Parker.

W. H. Chase.

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cers of the treasury, or other pay officers of the United States, shall two officers at in no case allow any pay to one individual the salaries of two different the same time. offices on account of having performed the duties thereof at the same But this prohibition shall not extend to the superintendents of time. the executive buildings.

For the payment to Corporal Charles Hawke, as ascertained to be Charles Hawke. due him by the fourth auditor of the treasury, one hundred and seventy-six dollars and thirty-eight cents.

To enable the Secretary of the Interior to take a perpetual lease to Lease of rooms the United States from the city of Utica, New York, free of taxes or in City Hall of Utica. other charges of any sort, so many rooms in the City Hall, in said city, about to be erected, as may be necessary for the proper accommodation of the United States District and Circuit Courts, holden in said city, and their officers, twelve thousand dollars : Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be paid until it shall be certified by the justices of said Circuit Court that the said rooms are provided, and the said lease made

For making alterations in the office of the assistant treasurer of the United States at New York, and for furniture for the said office, four sistant treasurer, New York, hundred and fifty-five dollars.

For making alterations in the approaches of the building belonging Alteration of to the United States, in the city of Detroit, now occupied by the courts building occu of the United States and their officers, under order of the common courts in Decouncil of Detroit, and for repairing and renovating said building, five troit. hundred and thirty-five dollars.

To pay the amount of subscription under the joint resolution of the Subscription to third March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, for one thousand copies the of the annals of Congress to the end of the fourth Congress, and to include the first Congress, as well as the second, third, and fourth Congress, thirty thousand dollars.

For continuing the publication of the works of the Exploring Expedition, including the printing of the charts, the pay of the scientific works of the Excorps, salary of the horticulturist, and care of the collections, twenty- ploring Expedifive thousand dollars.

To defray the expenses incurred under the authority of the committee of arrangement for the funeral of General Zachary Taylor, deceased, President bits President of the Linited States site thousand one hundred and late President of the United States, eight thousand one hundred and forty-six dollars and seventy-three cents, to be disbursed by the marshal of the District of Columbia.

To defray the expenses of transporting the remains of General Taylor from the cemetery in Washington to Kentucky, to be expended remains of Genunder the direction of the President of the United States, four thou- Kentucky. sand dollars.

To enable the War Department to make such examinations and surveys as may be necessary to determine upon the best and most availa- with reference to ble mode of supplying the city of Washington with pure water, and to ington with pure prepare a plan and estimate of the probable cost of the same, to be water. reported to Congress at its next session, five hundred dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the pas- Laborers on the sage of this act, the compensation of the laborers on the public grounds, public grounds. under the public gardner, in Washington city, shall be forty dollars per month, to be paid monthly, without reduction for time lost in consequence of sickness.

And the compensation of the watchmen, in the various departments of government, shall be five hundred dollars per annum.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the accounting officers of Acco the treasury are hereby authorized, in settling the accounts of Captain M. Clark. M. M. Clark, superintendent in erecting barracks and quarters at Savannah, Georgia, to allow him credit for whatever amount was properly

Proviso.

Office of as-

annals of Congress.

Publishing the

Funeral of Tay-

Transporting eral Taylor to

Examination supplying Wash-

Watchmen in the depart-Accounts of M. disbursed by him beyond the sums which he disbursed under the laws making specific appropriations for the work.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the third section of the act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of government for the year ending the thirtieth of June. eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and for other purposes," approved the tenth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, be, and the same is hereby, revived and continued in force for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treas-Secretary of SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, 1 has the Secretary of the Treasury author-Treasury author- ury be authorized and directed to adjust and settle the claim submitted by the legal representatives of Lieutenant Robert L. Browning, late of resentatives of the United States navy, deceased, for a share of the proceeds of the sale of the schooner Oregon and cargo, seized and confiscated in the month of April, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, under the President's regulations of the first March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, at the port of Tampico, during the war with Mexico, and to pay the amount of said claim out of any moneys in the treasury arising from military contributions collected in Mexico in pursuance of the regulations of the President before referred to : Provided, That before any money is paid in this case, any claim submitted by the owners of the vessel before mentioned for remission of the penalty and payment of the proceeds under the confiscation shall first be duly examined and decided by the Secretary of the Treasury, under the directions of the President of the United States.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury to cause the revenue steamer Dallas, now lying in the port of New York, together with the machinery placed therein, under and by virtue of a contract by and between R. J. Walker, late Secretary of the Treasury, and Ethan Campbell, dated August twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to be appraised by one or more good and sufficient appraisers, and to sell (if the said Secretary shall think the public interests will be thereby promoted) the said steamer and machinery to said Campbell at said appraised value, and to annul, by and with his assent, said contract : Provided, That the said Secretary shall, on selling said steamer and machinery to said Campbell, take from him a release or discharge of the United States from all claims and demands under and by virtue of said contract. APPROVED, September 30, 1850.

Appropriations for Indian department.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes.

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, viz. :

Superintendent at St. Louis, and agents. 1834, ch. 162. 1837, ch. 31. 1846, ch. 34.

For the pay of superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, and the several Indian agents, as provided by the acts of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and March third, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, and of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, eighteen thousand dollars.

ized to adjust the claim of rep-Robert L. Browning.

Proviso.

Steamer Dallas to be appraised.

Proviso.

Sept. 30, 1850. CHAP. XCI. - An Act making Appropriations for the current and contingent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with various Indian Tribes, for the Year ending June the thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

For the pay of sub-agents authorized by the act of June thirtieth. eighteen hundred and thirty-four, twelve thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For the pay of interpreters authorized by the same act, thirteen thousand dollars.

For the pay of clerk to the superintendent at St. Louis, authorized by the act of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one Louis 1846, ch. 34. thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of clerk to acting superintendent of the western territory. by the same act, one thousand dollars.

For buildings at agencies, and repairs thereof, fifteen hundred dollars ings.

For the erection and repairs of buildings for the Choctaw agency. five thousand dollars.

For the erection of buildings for the Creek Indian agency, four Creek agency. thousand five hundred dollars.

For the erection of buildings for the Cherokee Indian agency, (to be located according to treaty stipulations,) four thousand five hundred agency. dollars.

For the erection of an agency house for the use of the sub-agent for the Osage tribe of Indians, eight hundred dollars.

For presents to Indians, five thousand dollars.

For contingencies of the Indian department, thirty-six thousand five Contingencies of department. hundred dollars.

To the Christian Indians. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in Christian Indians. the acts of May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, and Permanent an-May twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, four hundred dollars.

nuity. 1824, ch. 174. 1826, ch.128. To the Chippewas of Saginaw. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth of November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, one thousand dollars.

For support of blacksmiths, and for farming utensils and cattle, and the employment of persons to aid them in agriculture, stipulated in the implements, and seventh article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred jects. aad thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fifth August, eighteen hundred and twentysix, one thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas, Menomonies, Winnebagoes, and New York Indians. - For education during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in Menomonies, the fifth article of the treaty of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and N. Y. Indians. twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Lake Superior and Mississippi. -For payment in money, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth Lake Superior & July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine thousand five hundred Mississippi. dollars.

For payment in goods, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nineteen thousand dollars.

For establishing three smith's shops, supporting three smiths, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the second article of the treaty iron and steel. of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, three thousand dollars.

For support of farmers, purchase of implements, grain, or seed, and agriculture Vol. IX. Pub. --- 69

Blacksmiths'

Education.

Chippewas, Education.

Chippewas of

Goods.

Shops, smiths,

and Farmers

Sub-agents. 1834. ch. 162

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Interpreters.

Clerk at St

Clerk for west ern territory.

Agency build-

Choctaw agency.

Osage agency.

Presents.

Annuities.

	THIRTY-FIRST CONURESS, SESS. I. CH. 91. 1850,
	to carry on their agricultural pursuits, stipulated in the second article
	of the treaty of the twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty- seven, one thousand dollars.
	For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the
lsions.	treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two
	thousand dollars.
cco.	For the purchase of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the
	treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five
	hundred dollars.
ty money.	For limited annuity in money, for twenty-five years, stipulated in the
	fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and
	forty-two, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.
	For limited annuity in goods, for twenty-five years, stipulated in the
	fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and

THE TRACE OF THE TRACE

forty-two, ten thousand five hundred dollars. Shops, smiths. For support of two smiths' shops, including pay of smiths and asand materials. sistants, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the fourth article

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1850

of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

- For support of two farmers, stipulated in the fourth article of the Two farmers. treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand dollars.
- For pay of two carpenters, stipulated in the fourth article of the Two carpenters. treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For the support of schools, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dol-

For the purchase of provisions and tobacco, stipulated in the fourth Provisions and article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

> For limited annuity, in goods, for five years, payable to the Pillager Band, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, three thousand six hundred dollars.

> For limited annuity for forty-six years, to be paid to the Chippewas of Mississippi, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, one thousand dollars.

> To supply Deficiencies in former Appropriations to the Chippewas of Lake Superior and Mississippi. — For limited annuity in goods, for five years, payable to the Pillager Band, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, to supply a deficiency for this amount in the appropriations for the year eighteen hundred and forty-eight, three thousand six hundred dollars.

> For limited annuity for forty-six years, to be paid to the Chippewas of Mississippi, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to supply a deficiency for this amount in the appropriations for the year eighteen hundred and forty-eight, one thousand dollars.

To the Chickasaws. - For permanent annuity stipulated in the act of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

To the Choctaws. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and five, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars.

Annuities.

Schools.

Annuities.

tobacco.

Chickasaws. Annuity.

Choctaws. Annuities.

Prov

Toha

Annui

	010
For life annuity to chief, (Bob Cole,) stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five one hundred and fifty dollars.	
For permanent annuity for education, stipulated in the second articl of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five six thousand dollars.	
For life annuity to three district chiefs, stipulated in the fifteenth ar ticle of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and fifty dollars.	
For life annuity to one Wayne warrior, stipulated in the twenty-firs article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty-five dollars.	d ^{rior.}
For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the seventeenth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, twenty thousand dollars.	d
For education of forty youths for twenty years, (including suppor of teachers in the nation, two thousand five hundred dollars,) stipulated in the twentieth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September eighteen hundred and thirty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.	d forty youths.
For blacksmith, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and the ninth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five six hundred dollars.	e
For iron and steel for shop, three hundred and twenty dollars. To the Creeks. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety one thousand five hundred dollars.	
For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, three thousand dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty thousand dollars.	y
For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two ten thousand dollars.	
For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, eigh hundred and forty dollars.	
For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars. For two blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty two, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.	
For iron and steel for shops, five hundred and forty dollars. For wheelwright, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, six hundred dollars.	
For education, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.	Education.
For interest on three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-third No- vember, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.	\$350,000.
For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.	e Education.

To the Delawares. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninetyfive, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third [article] of the treaty

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Delawares. Annuities.

of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the private article of supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen. two hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental article to treaty of twenty-sixth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land, set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, for education, stipulated in resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

To the Florida Indians, or Seminoles. - For blacksmith's establishment, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, and fourth article of the treaty of ninth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand dollars.

For annuity, in goods, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two thousand dollars.

For annuity, in money, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

For agricultural implements, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, one thousand dollars.

To the Iowas. - For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thou-Interest on sand five hundred dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirtyeight, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

To the Kickapoos. - For limited annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five thousand dollars.

To the Kansas. - For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at on five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

To the Miamies. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For one thousand pounds of tobacco, two thousand pounds of iron, and one thousand pounds of steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and seventy dollars.

Salt.

Blacksmiths.

Iron and steel. Interest

\$46.080.

Seminoles. Blacksmiths.

Annuities.

Agricultural implements. .

Iowas.

\$157,500.

Kickapoos. Annuity.

Kansas.

Interest \$200,000.

- Miamies.
- Annuity.
- Blacksmiths.

- Iron and steel.
- Tobacco.

For pay of miller, in lieu of gunsmith, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and thirtyfour, six hundred dollars.

For one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education and support of poor, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, support of the two thousand dollars.

For the tenth of twenty instalments, in money, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For payment in lieu of laborers, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hundred and forty, two lieu of laborers. hundred and fifty dollars.

For agricultural assistance, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred assistance. dollars.

To the Eel Rivers, (Miamies.) - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred (Miamies.) and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article, and separate article, of the treaty of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and fifty dollars: Provided, That the three preceeding appropriations shall not be paid to any person, or persons, until proof is obtained by the department that the Eel Rivers Miamies yet exist as a tribe, and shall then be paid to such tribe only.

To the Menomonies. - For limited annuity for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For two blacksmiths and assistants for twenty years, stipulated in he second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shops, for twenty years, four hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of provisions for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, three thousand dollars.

For two thousand pounds of tobacco for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.

For farming utensils and cattle for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and sils and cattle. thirty-six, five hundred dollars.

For thirty barrels of salt for twenty years, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For miller, (for fifteen years,) stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, six hundred dollars.

To the Omahas. - For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For agricultural implements, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, five hundred dollars. implements.

Miller

Salt.

Education and

Instalment.

Payment in

Agricultural

Eel Rivers, Annuities

Proviso.

Menomonies. Annuities.

Blacksmiths.

Iron and steel.

Provisions.

Tobacco.

Farming uten-

Salt.

Miller

Omahas. Blacksmiths

Iron and steel. Agricultural

Ottoes and	To the Ottoes and Missourias For education, stipulated in the
Missourias.	fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred
Education.	in the state of the bundwed dollars
	and thirty-three, five hundred dollars.
Farmer.	For payment of farmer, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty
	of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hun-
	dred dollars.
	
Blacksmiths.	For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the
	treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred
	and twenty dollars.
	For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.
Iron and steel.	For iton and steel for shop; two numbered and twenty donais.
Ottowas.	To the Ottowas For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth
Annuities.	article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-
	five, one thousand dollars.
	For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty
	of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred
	dollars.
	For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty
	of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thou-
	sand five hundred dollars.
	For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty
	of twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, one thou-
	sand dollars.
Ottowas and	To the Ottawas and Chippewas For limited annuity, stipulated in
Chippewas.	the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hun-
Annuities.	
•	dred and thirty-six, thirty-thousand dollars.
Interest on	For interest to be paid as annuity on two hundred thousand dollars,
\$ 200,000.	per resolution of the Senate twenty-seventh May, eighteen hundred
	and thirty-six, twelve thousand dollars.
Education.	For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-
Lundunoin	
	eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand dollars.
Missions.	For missions, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the
	twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand
	dollars.
Medical assist-	For vaccine matter, medicines, and pay of physicians, stipulated in
ance.	the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hun-
	dred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.
Provisions.	For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the fourth article of the
L TOVISIONS.	treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two
	thousand dollars.
Tobacco, salt,	For six thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, one hundred bar-
and barrels.	rels of salt, and five hundred fish barrels, stipulated in the fourth arti-
	cle of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-
-	six, one thousand one hundred dollars.
Blacksmiths.	For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the seventh arti-
	cle of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-
	six, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.
Teen and steel	
Iron and steel.	For iron and steel for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.
Gunsmith at	o / i i
Mackinac.	treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six
	hundred dollars.
Iron and steel.	For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.
Farmers.	For two farmers and assistants, stipulated by the seventh article of
	the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six,
	one thousand six hundred dollars.
Mechanics.	For two mechanics, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of
ALCOMBINES.	twanty sighth Marsh sightson hundred and there are the month
	twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand
0	two hundred dollars.
Osages. Interest on	To the Osages. — For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred
\$69,120.	and twenty dollars, at five per centum, being the valuation of fifty-four

sections of land set apart by treaty of the second June, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for educational purposes, per resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, twenty thousand dollars.

For two smith's establishments, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine. establishments. two thousand dollars.

For pay of two millers, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, one thousand two hundred dollars.

To the Piankeshaws. - For permanent annuities, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the thirtieth December, eighteen hundred and five, three hundred dollars.

To the Pawnees. - For agricultural implements, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the ninth of October, eighteen hundred Agricult and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

To the Pottawatomies of Huron. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars.

To the Pottawatomies. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, sixteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, fifteen thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-six October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twenty-six September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, fourteen thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-six September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, seven hundred dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second supplemental article of

Annuity.

smith's Two

Two millers.

Piankeshaws. Annuities.

Pawnees. Agricultural

Pottawatomies of Huron. Annuity.

Pottawatomies. Annuities.

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the treaty of twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred and forty dollars.

For purchase of one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For education, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one thousand dollars.

For payment in money, stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

- For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.
- For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

- For the purchase of fifty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars.
- For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-seventh October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand dollars.

on For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

es. To supply Deficiency in a former Appropriation for the Pottawataon mies. — For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to supply a deficiency to that amount in the appropriations for eighteen hundred and forty-eight, thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars. To the Quapaws. — For limited annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-

three, two thousand dollars. For education, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thir-

teenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thi ty-three, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of farmer, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars. of For the Six Nations of New York. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eleventh November, seventeen of hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Senecas of New York. - For permanent annuity, in lieu of

Salt.

Education.

Blacksmiths.

Iron and steel. Education.

Money.

Blacksmiths.

Iron and steel. Blacksmiths.

Iron and steel. Salt.

Education.

Interest \$643,000.

\$643,000.

Pottawatomies. Interest on

Quapaws. Annuity.

Education.

Blacksmith.

Iron and steel. Farmer.

Six Nations of New York. Annuity. Senecas of New York. Annuity. interest on stock, per act of the nineteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars.

For interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, per act of the twenty-seventh June. eighteen hundred and forty-six, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Stockbridges. - For interest on sixteen thousand five hundred dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the ninth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth November, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, eight hundred and twenty-five dollars.

To the Sioux of Mississippi. - For interest on three hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the sissippi. treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, \$300,000. fifteen thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For purchase of medicines, agricultural implements, and stock, and for support of farmers, physician, and blacksmith, stipulated in the farmers, etc. second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Missouri. - For interest on one hundred Sacs and Foxes and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, stip- of Missouri. ulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-first October, g157,400. eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars.

To the Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of third November, eighteen of Mississippi. hundred and four, one thousand dollars.

For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars.

For gunsmith, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For forty barrels of salt and forty kegs of tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred dollars.

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-first Octo- \$200,000. ber, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh October, \$800,000. eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars.

To the Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninetyfive, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, two thousand dollars.

For purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of Salt. the seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, sixty dollars.

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Interest on \$75,000.

Stockbridges. Interest on \$16,500.

Sioux of Mis-Interest on

Annuity

Medicines, im-

Provisions.

Interest ٥'n

Sacs and Foxes Annuities.

Gunsmith.

Iron and steel Blacksmiths.

Iron and steel. Salt.

Interest on

Interest on

Shawnees. Annuities.

treaty of eighth August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hun-

To the Senecas and Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

Blacksmiths.

dred and forty dollars.

Iron and steel. Senecas and Shawnees. in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen Annuity.

Senecas. Annuities.

Miller.

Wvandots. Annuity.

Blacksmiths.

Education.

Winnebagoes.

Annuities.

hundred and eighteen, one thousand dollars. To the Senecas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five hundred dollars.

Blacksmiths. For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, three hundred and twenty dollars. Iron and steel.

> For pay of miller, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six hundred dollars.

> To the Wyandots. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

Iron and steel. For iron and steel for shop, three hundred and seventy dollars.

> For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, five hundred dollars.

> To the Winnebagoes. - For limited annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, eighteen thousand dollars.

> For limited annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars.

> For fifty barrels of salt, and three thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, six hundred dollars.

> For one thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

> For three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel for shops, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For laborers and oxen, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For six agriculturists, purchase of oxen, ploughs, and other implements, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of two physicians, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

Salt.

Tobacco.

Blacksmiths.

Iron and steel. Laborers and oxen.

Education.

Agricultural purposes.

Two physicians.

554

For interest on one million one hundred thousand dollars, at five Interest per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the first \$1,100,000. November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For interest on eighty-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, stip-Interest on. ulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the thirteenth October. \$\$5,000. eighteen hundred and forty-six, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For payment in full, of a like sum, heretofore wrongfully paid, by For payment in full, of a like sum, neretorore wrong unity paid, by money wrong the Secretary of War, out of the annuities of said Indians to the legal fully paid here Payment representatives of John McFarland, deceased, the sum of twelve thou- tofore. sand dollars; to be paid to the said Winnebagoes "per capita," as now required by law.

To the Weas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen. three thousand dollars.

To the Creeks. --- For the re-appropriation of the sum carried to the surplus fund, under head of "fulfilling treaties with the Creeks," June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, per surplus fund warrant number nineteen, one thousand two hundred and fifty-seven dollars and eighty-five cents.

To the Iowas. - For the re-appropriation of the sum carried to the surplus fund, under the head of "fulfilling treaties with the Iowas," tion. June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, per surplus fund warrant number nineteen, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Ottowas and Chippewas. - For the re-appropriation of the sum carried to the surplus fund, under head of "fulfilling treaties with the Ottowas and Chippewas," June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and tion. forty-seven, per surplus fund warrant number nineteen, two thousand four hundred and twelve dollars and sixteen cents.

To the Wyandots. - For the re-appropriation of the sum carried to the surplus fund, under head of "fulfilling treaties with the Wyandots," June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, per surplus fund warrant number nineteen, one thousand and twenty-nine dollars and sixteen cents.

To the Cherokees. - For compensation and expense of the committee of old settler party of Cherokees, their clerks, &c., for services rendered in pursuance of the provision contained in the fifth article of the treaty of seventeenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Choctaws. - For interest on the amounts awarded Choctaw claimants, under the fourteenth article of the treaty of Dancing-Rabbit Creek, of September twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty, for lands on which they resided, but which it is now impossible to give them, and in lieu of the scrip that has been awarded under the act of. August twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and joint resolution of Congress of August third, eighteen hundred and forty-six, not deliverable east by the third section of said law, per act of March third, eighteen hundred and forty-five, eighty-seven thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of three special agents and four interpreters for the Indian tribes of Texas, including the purchase of presents, fifteen agents and four to thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary Indians of Texof the Interior.

For expenses of holding treaties with the Indian tribes of Oregon, for an extinguishment of their claims to lands lying west of the Cascade Mountains, authorized by act of Congress of fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty, the same being in addition to the appropriation made by that act, fifteen thousand dollars.

Weas.

Annuity.

Creeks. Re-appropriation.

Towas. Re-appropria-

Ottowas and Chippewas. Re-appropria-

Wyandots. Re-appropriation.

Cherokees. Compensation of committee of old settler party.

Choctaws. Interest on awards for lands.

1842, ch. 187.

Three special

Treaties with Oregon Indians.

1850, ch. 16.

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of wrong-

Removal of Indians Iowa.

Medals for chiefs. Statistics for treaties and presents to Indians on borders of Mexico.

Sioax.

'Treating with Indians in Minnesota.

Subsistence.

Proviso.

so.

"Old settlers," "Western or Cherokees."

Proviso.

80.

Resurvey of Choctaw country.

Survey of Creek country.

Treaty with Chippewas.

For expenses of negotiating treaty with the Chippewas, ratified in eighteen hundred and forty-eight, in addition to the appropriation made twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, one thousand five hundred dollars-

For expenses of removal and subsistance of the Chippewas of Lake and of Superior and Mississippi from the lands ceded under the treaty of fourth

For expenses of removing the Pottawatomies and Sacs and Foxes from from Iowa, west of the Missouri River, to their own lands, agreeably to the terms of a contract entered into by Brevet Major S. Woods, United States army, two thousand dollars.

For medals for Indian chiefs, fifteen hundred dollars.

For expenses of procuring information, and collecting statistics ne-Indian bureau: cessary to the Indian bureau, and for making treaties with, and presents to, the various tribes of Indians residing within the limits of the United States upon the borders of Mexico, thirty thousand dollars.

For expenses of treating with the Mississippi and St. Peter Sioux, Treating with for the extinguishment of their title to lands in Minnesota Territory, fifteen thousand dollars.

> For expenses of treating with the Indians and half-breeds for the extinguishment of the title to their lands on the Red River of the North, in the Territory of Minnesota, ten thousand dollars.

For the additional amount for expenses paid for subsistance and improperly charged to the treaty fund, according to the award of the Senate of fifth day of September, eighteen hundred and fifty, under the provisions of the eleventh article of the treaty of sixth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand four hundred and twenty-two dollars and seventy-six cents, and that interest be paid on the same at the rate of five per cent. per annum, according to a resolution of the Senate of fifth September, eighteen hundred and fifty: Provided, That said money shall be paid by the United States and received by the Indians on condition that the same shall be in full discharge of the amount thus improperly charged to Further provi- said treaty fund : Provided, further, That in no case shall any money hereby appropriated be paid to any agent of said Indians, or to any other person or persons than the Indian or Indians to whom it is due per capita.

To the "old settlers," or "Western Cherokees," in full of all demands, under the provisions of the treaty of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, according to the principles established in the fourth article thereof, five hundred and thirty-two thousand eight hundred and ninety-six dollars and ninety cents; and that interest be allowed and paid upon the above sums due respectively to the Cherokees and "old settles," in persuance of the above-mentioned award of the Senate, under the reference contained in the said eleventh article of the treaty of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six : Provided, That in no case shall any money hereby appropriated be paid to any agent of said Indians, or to any other person or persons than the Indian Further provi- or Indians to whom it is due : Provided, also, That the Indians who shall receive the said money shall first respectively sign a receipt or release, acknowledging the same to be in full of all demands under the fourth article of said treaty.

> For expenses of the resurvey and making the eastern boundary of the country set apart to the Choctaw Nation, per second article of the treaty of Dancing-Rabbit Creek, of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, three thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars.

For expenses of surveying the northern and western boundary lines of the Creek country, per eighth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, in addition to former appropriations, ten thousand and seventy-two dollars.

Removal subsistence Chippewas. October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For payment to David Taylor, representative of Cul-sut-tee-hee, or Hog. for proceeds of property sold by the United States agents, and representative of erroneously paid by Governor P. M. Butler to another than the rightful or Hog. claimant, said claim having been allowed by the accounting officers of the treasury, seventy dollars and eighty-seven cents.

For continuing the collection, and for publishing the statistics and other information, authorized by the act third March, eighteen hundred formation. and forty-seven, ten thousand dollars: Provided, That such publication he made under the direction of the commissioner of Indian affairs. and the number of copies not to exceed twelve hundred.

For an advance to the Chippewas of Mississippi and Lake Superior of this amount retained by the late sub-agent, J. P. Hays, the same to by J. P. Hays, he reimbursed to the United States when recovered from said sub-agent sub-agent. or his sureties, one thousand three hundred and eighty-two dollars and twenty-nine cents.

For an advance to the Wyandott Indians of this sum retained by the late sub-agent, Richard Hewitt, the same to be reimbursed to the money retained by Richard Hew-United States when received from said sub-agent, or his sureties, eight itt, sub-agent. hundred and twenty-eight dollars and nine cents.

For interest due on investments in stocks of the State of Michigan, held in trust by the Secretary of the Interior for the time being, for the vestments. benefit of the Cherokee Indians, the same to be reimbursed to the United States out of the interest when collected, nineteen thousand and eighty dollars.

For payment to S. B. Lowry, for services rendered as interpreter and assistant conductor to a delegation of Winnebago Indians who visited the seat of government and concluded the treaty with that tribe, of thirteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three hundred and five dollars.

For payment to Henry M. Rice for articles of outfit furnished the Henry M. Rice. Winnebago delegation who visited the seat of government and concluded the treaty of eighteen hundred and forty-six with that tribe, seven hundred and sixty-two dollars and ten cents. For payment to Henry M. Rice for expenses as one of the delegates Henry M. Rice.

from the Winnebago nation to the city of Washington in eighteen hundred and forty-six, and compensation for valuable services rendered the government in the negotiation of the treaty concluded at that time, six hundred and seventy dollars.

For the reappropriation of the following sums carried to the surplus fund per warrants dated, respectively, thirtieth June, eighteen hundred tion. and forty-six, thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, viz. :

For payment to the Winnebago Indians of certain unexpended balances of sums set apart for certain objects in the treaty of eighteen balance to the hundred and thirty-seven, but not required therefor, and carried to the surplus fund, twenty-nine thousand two hundred and eighty-eight dollars and forty-nine cents.

For carrying into effect treaty with Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi of eleventh October, eighteen hundred and forty-three, per act third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, two hundred and eighty-eight dollars and ninety-nine cents.

For arrearages of annuities due Cherokees, per act of twelfth June, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, thirty-nine thousand eight hundred Cherokees. and seventy-one dollars and ninety-two cents.

For expenses of delegation of Seminoles to Florida, per act of second March, eighteen hundred and forty-one, one mousand six hundred and eleven dollars and thirty cents.

David Taylor, Cul-sut-tee-hee.

Collecting in-1847, ch. 66. Proviso. 1851, ch. 12.

Payment of

Payment പ്

Interest on in-

S. B. Lowry.

Re-appropria-

Unexpended Winnebagoes.

Treaty with Sacs and Foxes.

Arrearages due

Delegation of Seminoles to Florida.

of Expenses department.

Assistant the Quapaws.

Blacksmith shop for Senecas and Shawnees.

New code of laws and regulations for Indian department.

Commissioner to negotiate with the Wyandots.

1842, ch. 64.

Creeks.

Blacksmith, &c. Wagon-maker.

Implements. Education.

Richard Chute.

Redemption of the daughter of Mr. White.

So-le Emarthla.

For treaties California with Indians. Lewis A. Thomas Thomas Rodgers.

Agent and interpreters in Texas.

Central Bank of Georgia.

Awards of

For current expenses of Indian department, fifteen thousand and eighty-three dollars and forty-three cents.

For compensation for two years ending thirtieth June, eighteen hunblacksmith for dred and fifty-one, of an assistant to the blacksmith authorized to be employed for the Quapaw Indians in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, four hundred and eighty dollars.

> For the re-establishment of the blacksmith shop for the Senecas and Shawnees, under the fourth article of the treaty of twentieth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, including pay of smith and assistant, and the usual supply of iron, coal, and steel, one thousand and sixty dollars.

> For expenses of revising, preparing and printing a new code of regulations for the Indian department, in connection with all laws and portions of laws in force in relation to Indian affairs, duties and responsibility of superintendents and agents, disbursing and accounting for public money, &c., &c., and for compiling, printing, and binding a supplement to the volume of Indian treaties published in eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, three thousand dollars.

> For compensation of commissioner to negotiate with the Wyandott Indians, under an appointment by the President, twenty-seven days, at eight dollars per day, as fixed in such case by the provision in the last clause of the act of July seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two hundred and sixteen dollars.

> For the continuance of the following allowances to the Creek Indians, arising under the fifth article of the treaty of the fourteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, viz. :

> For pay of blacksmith and assistant, and for iron, steel, and coal, one thousand one hundred and ten dollars.

For pay of wagon-maker, six hundred dollars.

For agricultural implements, two thousand dollars.

For education, one thousand dollars.

For payment to Richard Chute for articles of outfit furnished the Winnebago delegation who visited the seat of government and concluded the treaty of eighteen hundred and forty-six with that tribe, seven hundred dollars and five cents.

For the redemption of the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James M. White, who was captured by the Indians on the borders of New Mexico, fifteen hundred dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

For payment to So-le Emarthla, a Seminole Indian, this amount stolen from him by United States soldiers at New Orleans, one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

To enable the President to hold treaties with the various Indian tribes in the State of California, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For payment to Lewis A. Thomas and Thomas Rodgers five hunand dred dollars, for services rendered by them in defence of two Sioux Indians indicted in the District Court of the United States for Iowa Territory, holden in the county of Dubuque on the eleventh of August, eighteen hundred and forty-five, for the murder of two white men.

For paying arrears of compensation to an agent and two interpreters for the Indian tribes of Texas, authorized by act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and subsequent acts, three thousand two hundred dollars.

To pay the Central Bank of Georgia, assignee of H. W. Jarnegan & Co., and others, the sum of twenty-one thousand and forty-four dollars.

For the payment of the awards of General William B. Mitchell, com-Teneral William missioner under the treaty of Chicago of the twenty-sixth of September, 3. Mitchell un- eighteen hundred and thirty-three, with the Pottowottamies, reported by

him to the Secretary of War on the twenty-eighth January, eighteen der treaty with hundred and forty-one, as adjudicated and approved by the said Secre- the Pottawatotary in his descession of the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-one, 1860 tary in his descession of the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-one, $\frac{1853}{1853}$, ch. 104. the sum of eighty-eight thousand five hundred and eighty-nine dollars Vol. x. p. 234. and thirty-two cents.

That the sum of thirty-nine thousand nine hundred and one dollars McIntosh party and sixty-seven cents be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of of Creek Indians. any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be paid by the Creek agent to the surviving chiefs of the McIntosh party of the Creek Indians, to be divided among the chiefs and warriors, the friends and followers of the late General William McIntosh, who have not received their proportion of the sum of one hundred thousand dollars stipulated by the ninth article of the treaty between the United States and the Creek Nation, made at the city of Washington on the twentyfourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, said sum of thirtynine thousand one hundred and nine dollars sixty-seven cents to be in full of all demands of said Indians under the said ninth article of said treaty.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the accounting officers of the United States treasury be, and are hereby, directed to audit and ed Rangers to be settle the accounts of the companies of Texas Mounted Rangers, commanded by Captains B. F. Hill, J. M. Smith, J. Roberts, J. S. Sutton, S. P. Ross, H. E. McCulloch, J. W. Johnson, and C. Blackwell, who were retained in or called into service by the governor of said State, and out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : Provided, That the amount to be so paid shall not exceed seventy-two thousand dollars.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War pay any balance that may be due the Delaware Indians, who served in the dians who served in Florida war. Forida war, under the order of the Secretary of War of July twentysecond, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, in which the Indians were promised the sum of two hundred and seventy dollars for six months' service, and that the Secretary be required to pay according to said order, to the chiefs of said tribe of Indians, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, September 30, 1850.

Texas Mountpaid.

Proviso.

Delaware In-

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] - A Resolution for binding the Public Documents.

Feb. 12, 1850.

ecutive ments: how to be done.

Proviso.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Binding of ex- States of America in Congress assembled, That all executive docudocu- ments, the printing of additional copies of which have been, during the present session, or may during either session, of the present Congress, be ordered by either house of Congress, and the size of which shall not be less than three hundred printed pages, such additional copies shall be bound, under the direction of the joint committee on printing : *Provided*, The cost of binding shall not exceed the sum of twelve and a half cents a volume, for the whole number ordered. APPROVED, February 12, 1850.

Feb. 12, 1850. [No. 2.] - A Resolution authorizing the Purchase of the Manuscript Farewell Address of George Washington.

Joint mittee library dress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United com- States of America in Congress assembled, That the joint committee on the author on the library be authorized to purchase the manuscript of the Fareized to purchase well Address to the people of the United States, of George Washingthe manuscript ton, if the purchase of it can be effected on fair and just terms, in the of Washington's Ad- opinion of the committee.

APPROVED, February 12, 1850.

Feb. 14, 1850. [No. 4.] - A Resolution limiting the Expense of collecting the Revenue from Cus-

Expense the collecting from revenue present limited. year 1849, ch.

Salaries California Oregon. Proviso. Bonded warehouses.

toms for the present fiscal Year. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That instead of the sum of appropriated for the expenses of collecting the revenue, in the act of March third, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, the sum of customs for the one million of dollars for collection of revenue from customs; fifty fiscal thousand dollars for warehouses; twenty-five thousand dollars for Texas and Oregon; one hundred thousand dollars for California; fifty thousand dollars for new business and new districts, be appropriated for the expenses of collecting the revenue, for the half of the present fiscal year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty, together with such sums in addition as may be received from storage, cartage, drayage, and labor, for said half year, and in that proportion for any shorter in or longer time, until Congress shall act upon the subject, and that and meanwhile the restriction, by law, upon the amount of salaries in California and Oregon, shall be suspended : Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall be authorized to dispose of the bonded warehouses now leased by government, on or before the first of January next, on the best practicable terms for the government. But he may retain such parts of said houses, or lease such other houses, at his discretion, as may be necessary for the storage of unclaimed goods, or goods which for any other reason are required by law to be stored by the government.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That nothing in the act aforesaid shall be so construed as to deprive the importer of the privilege act aforesaid to deprive the im of the transportation of merchandize under bond from one district to another, and of re-warehousing the same according to the provisions of privilege the second section of the act of sixth August, one thousand eight hun- transportation of merchandise dred and forty-six, to establish a warehousing system, and to amend an from one district act entitled "An Act to provide revenue from imports, and to change to another. 1846, ch. 84 and modify existing laws imposing duties on imports, and for other purposes."

APPROVED, February 14, 1850.

[No. 5.] - Joint Resolution to supply the Territories of Oregon and Minnesota with the Narrative of the Exploring Expedition.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That of the thirty-seven The Territories copies of the Narrative and Scientific works of the Exploring Expedi- of Oregon and tion, deposited and to be deposited in the library of Congress, one copy furnished shall be presented to each of the Territories of Oregon, Minnesota, copies of and such other Territories as may be hereafter organized by act of Narrative of the Exploring Expe-Congress, to belong to the Territorial libraries of such Territories dition. respectively, and to stand in the place of the copy each of those Territories would be entitled to receive upon being admitted into the Union as a State.

APPROVED, February 20, 1850.

[No. 7.] — Joint Resolution authorizing the President of the United States to accept and attach to the Navy two Vessels offered by Henry Grinnell, Esq., of New York, to be sent to the Arctic Seas in Search of Sir John Franklin and his Companions.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to receive from Henry Grinnell, thorized to acof the city of New York, the two vessels prepared by him for an expe- to the navy of dition in search of Sir John Franklin and his companions; and to the U. S. two detail from the navy such commissioned and warrant officers, and so by H. Grinnell, many seamen, as may be necessary for said expedition, and who may be Esq., willing to engage therein. The said officers and men shall be furnished York, to be sent in search of Sir with suitable rations, at the discretion of the President, for a period not John Franklin. exceeding three years, and shall have the use of such necessary instruments as are now on hand, and can be spared from the navy, to be accounted for or returned by the officers who shall receive the same.

SEC. 2. Be it further resolved, That the said vessels, officers, and men shall be in all respects under the laws and regulations of the navy of the United States until their return, when the said vessels shall be delivered to the said Henry Grinnell: Provided, That the United States shall not be liable to any claim for compensation in case of the loss, damage, or deterioration of the said vessels, or either of them, from any cause or in any manner whatever, nor be liable to any demand for the use or risk of the said vessels, or either of them.

APPROVED, May 2, 1850.

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Nothing in the porter of the

Feb. 20, 1850.

Minnesota to be with the

May 2, 1850.

President auof New

Proviso.

July 18, 1850. [No. 8.] - A Resolution expressing the Condolence of Congress for Mrs. Margaret S. Taylor.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United The President States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the of the United United States be requested to transmit a copy of the proceedings of States requested of the two Houses on the tenth instant, in relation to the death of the late Mrs. Margaret S. President of the United States, to Mrs. Margaret S. Taylor; and to Taylor a copy of the proceedings assure her of the profound respect of the two Houses of Congress for the proceedings has paragraphic to the two Houses of Congress for of the two her person and character, and of their sincere condolence on the late Houses of Con-gress on the 10th American The 100 for the two Houses of Congress for afflicting dispensation of Providence.

APPROVED, July 18, 1850.

July 29, 1850. [No. 9.] — A Resolution for restoring the Settlement of the "three months extra pay" Claims to the Accounting Officers of the Treasury.

of settlement " three the months' pay" the accounting treasury.

562

instant.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Restoring the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, the unsettled claims of the officers, non-comextra missioned officers, musicians, and privates, for three months' extra pay claims to for services in the war with Mexico, as provided for by the fifth section officers of the act approved July nineteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, chapter one hundred and four, which, by a joint resolution of Congress, approved July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight. it was made the duty of the pay department of the army to settle under such regulations as the paymaster-general, with the approval of the Secretary of War, shall establish, be, and the same are hereby, directed to be settled by the second auditor and certified by the second comptroller of the treasury. That all muster and pay rolls, and all other papers relating to said claims on file in the paymastergeneral's office, be transferred to the second auditor's office, and that the settlements made by the pay department, under the joint resolution approved the twenty-ninth day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, be considered as valid as if they had been made by the accounting officers of the treasury.

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

July 29, 1850. [No. 10.] - Joint Resolution granting old Brass Guns to the Jackson Monument Committee.

to be delivered to the Jackson purpose named.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Old brass guns United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and requested to monument com- cause to be delivered to the Jackson monument committee, in the city mittee, for the of Washington, such old brass guns, condemned as unserviceable, and not being national trophies, as may be sufficient material for casting the equestrian statue of Andrew Jackson, now in the course of construction in said city under the direction of said committee.

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

Aug. 10, 1850. [No. 11.] — A Resolution relative to the Payment of Dividends or Interest on War Bounty Scrip.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United or States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Dividends interest to be Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed, in redeeming and discharging

the obligations upon the government for war bounty scrip, which are paid to the asmade assignable, to pay to the assignee and holder of such obligations, signee and holdall dividends or interest which have been or shall be declared and set scrip, &c. apart, and passed to the credit of the obligee upon the books of the See post, Res. treasury, subsequent to the date of the assignment, unless such divi-16. dends or interest has been paid to the obligee before the transfer of the scrip upon the books in the office of the register of the treasury, or the presentation thereof for final payment.

APPROVED, August 10, 1850.

[No. 13.] - Joint Resolution instructing the Secretary of State to furnish the State of Alabama Duplicates of the Books and Documents heretofore supplied by Congress, and which were destroyed by the recent burning of the State Capitol of said State.

Whereas, by reason of the recent conflagration of the State Capitol of the State of Alabama, the public library belonging to the same was entirely destroyed, including a portion of the books and public documents heretofore furnished to said State by the Congress of the United States : therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, authorized to transmit to the governor of the books to be sent State of Alabama duplicates of all such books and public documents of Alabama. destroyed, as have been, by the acts and resolutions of Congress, heretofore distributed among the States of the Union.

APPROVED, September 9, 1850.

[No. 15.] — Joint Resolution relating to the Equestrian Statue of General Andrew Jackson.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and is, authorized to make such exchanges of the metal de- the Navy authorlivered to Clarke Mills for executing the equestrian statue of General ized to make ex-Andrew Jackson, for other brass or copper, in possession of the United metal for the States, as he may deem proper in order for the execution of said work. Jackson eques-trian statue. APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

[No. 16.] - A Resolution to amend a Resolution approved on the tenth of August, eighteen hundred and fifty, relative to the Payment of Dividends or Interest on War Bounty Scrip.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed, where the principal has been the treasury au-thorized to pay heretofore redeemed of any war bounty scrip, to pay the dividend, or divi- the dividend or dends, or interest, due at the time of such redemption, to the person or interest due on persons who would be entitled to the same under the resolution to at the time of its which this is an amendment, in case such scrip was hereafter presented redemption. for payment or redemption, or that he pay the same to the assignee, attorney, or legal representative, as the case may be.

APPROVED, September 26, 1850.

Sept. 9, 1850.

Preamble.

Duplicates of

Sept. 20, 1850.

Secretary of

Sept. 26, 1850. Ante, Res. 11.

Secretary of

Sept. 26, 1850. [No. 17.] - A Resolution relating to the Publication of the Laws of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United of States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State State authorized be authorized and directed to contract with Little & Brown to furnish to contract with Little & Brown their annual Statutes at Large, printed in conformity with the plan for their annual adopted by Congress in eighteen hundred and forty-five, instead of the ^{at} edition usually issued by his order, under the act of Congress of April twentieth, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and which conforms to an edition of the laws now out of use.

APPROVED, September 26, 1850.

Sept. 28, 1850.

[No. 19.] - A Resolution relative to the Public Printing.

the account for printing the obitthe death of Fresident Taylor.

Proviso.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United For auditing States of America in Congress assembled, That the secretary of the Senate, and the clerk of the House, and the clerk of the joint commituary notices on tee on printing, jointly be, and they hereby are, authorized and emof powered to examine, audit, and pass upon all accounts for printing, except they shall not audit or allow the account for printing the obituary notices on the death of President Taylor, to make a pro rata reduction in the compensation allowed, or to refuse the work altogether, should it be inferior to the standard, and in all things to possess the same power over the public printing as is conferred upon the joint committee on printing by the joint resolution approved August third, eighteen hundred and forty-six : Provided, That the authority hereby conferred shall only be exercised during the next recess of Congress, and shall cease at the commencement of the next session of Congress. APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

Sept. 28, 1850.

the "Act of granting orphans," &c. of July 21, 1848, extended. 1848, ch. 108. 1849, ch. 62.

Proviso.

[No. 20.] - Joint Resolution explanatory of certain Acts therein mentioned.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Provisions of States of America in Congress assembled. That the provisions of the second section second section of the act entitled "An Act amending the act entitled half 'An Act granting half-pay to widows or orphans where their husbands pay to widows or and fathers have died of wounds received in the military service of the United States,'" approved July twenty-one, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, extended by the act of February twenty-two, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, shall be construed to embrace the widows and orphans of all persons designated therein, who died while in actual service in the late war with Mexico, or in going to and returning from the same; and also to the widows and orphans of all such persons as, having been honorably discharged, or having resigned, shall have died after the passage of said last mentioned act, or who may hereafter die, of wounds received or from disease contracted while in said service : Provided, That the army rolls showing the death of any of said persons in the army, shall be sufficient evidence to establish that fact. APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

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Secretary

Statutes

Large.

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

Passed at the second Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 2d day of December, 1850, and ended Monday, the 3d day of March, 1851.

MILLARD FILLMORE, President; WILLIAM R. KING, President of the Senate: HOWELL COBB, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. II. — An Act to grant the Right of Preemption to certain Purchasers and Settlers on the "Maison Rouge Grant," in the Event of the final Adjudication of the Title in Favor of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the event of chasers a final adjudication by the court in favor of the United States, on the Rouge " Maison Rouge Grant," under the act of Congress, approved seven- authorized, in case the title teenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, entitled "An Act to pro-of the United vide for the adjustment of land claims within the States of Missouri, States is con-Arkansas, and Louisiana, and in those parts of the States of Missis- firmed, to enter sippi and Alabama south of the thirty-first degree of north latitude, and chased by them. between the Mississippi and Perdido Rivers," every person, his heirs, or legal representatives, who, prior to the first March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, purchased land in good faith, and for a valuable consideration, from Daniel W. Coxe, or other persons holding titles derived under the said Maison Rouge Grant, on the Ouachita River, in the State of Louisiana, and who has improved and cultivated the land so purchased, or any part of it, shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to enter, with the register of the land office for the district in which said land may be, as nearly as practicable by legal subdivisions, the whole or any portion of the tract or tracts so purchased, to include the residence and improvement, upon paying to the United States the minimum price of public lands.

final adjudication, it shall be the duty of the register of the proper given of such district to publish a notice of the fact in district to publish a notice of the fact in some newspaper circulating tion. in the vicinity of the land, with a declaration of the readiness of the land office to receive preëmption applications under this act, and thereupon every person claiming a right of preëmption under this act shall be allowed twelve months within which to enter and pay for the land so claimed, from and after the date of the first public advertise- allowed to enter ment, and in conformity with such instructions as may be given by the commissioner of the general land office: *Provided*, That notice, Proviso as to specifying the particular tracts so claimed, shall be given within three tion. months after such first advertisement, to the register, of the intention of the claimant to make such purchase of the United States, and that (565)

Jan. 27, 1851.

Certain purunder Maison 1844. ch. 95.

Twelve months and pay.

no sale or entry shall be permitted to land within the limits of the aforesaid Maison Rouge claim until the expiration of the aforesaid three months, and the lands embraced in the aforesaid notices or preëmption applications shall not be liable to sale to other persons as public lands, unless, after the expiration of the aforesaid term of twelve months, it shall be found that no preëmption under this act shall have been established to the same.

Provision for the case of two to enter same subdivision.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if the residence and impersons entitled provements of two or more persons entitled to preëmption as aforesaid the shall be found on any one of the smallest legal subdivisions of the public lands, the same may be entered jointly by the parties in order that they may secure and divide the same, according to their several rights, and in default of one or more of the parties taking the proper steps within the time prescribed, to secure the benefit of this act, it shall be lawful for any one of the parties of this class to make the entry of the whole of such legal subdivision for his sole benefit.

APPROVED, January 27, 1851.

Feb. 14, 1851.	CHAP. VI An Act to authorize the Exchange of a Lot on the military Site of
	Fort Hamilton, for an equal Quantity of Ground adjoining said Site.

Exchange of part of site of Fort Hamilton, New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized, under the direction of the President of the United States, to cause to be exchanged a lot of ground, being part of the site of Fort Hamilton, New York, for an equal quantity of ground lying nearer to said fort, and being more valuable for military purposes.

APPROVED, February 14, 1851.

Feb. 14, 1851.

1852, ch. 85. 1853, ch. 94.

Appropriation to pay expense of defending CHAP. VII. - An Act to settle and adjust the Expenses of the People of Oregon in defending themselves from the Attacks and Hostilities of Cayuse Indians, in the Years eighteen hundred and forty-seven and eighteen hundred and fortyeight.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Oregon from the the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to settle the attacks of the actual and necessary expenses incurred by the provisional government Cayuse Indians, of Oregon in defending the people of said Territory from the attacks in 1847 and 1848. and hostilities of the Cayuse Indians, in the years eighteen hundred and forty-seven and eighteen hundred and forty-eight, upon the presentation by the governor of said Territory to the said Secretary of the Treasury of a full, accurate, and detailed statement of the actual and necessary expenses of said defence and hostilities, accompanied by proper vouchers and satisfactory proof of the correctness thereof, authenticated in conformity with the usages of the department, and [that] the sum of one hundred thousand dollars be, and is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to carry the provisions of this act into effect.

APPROVED, February 14, 1851.

Feb. 14, 1851. CHAP. VIII. - An Act to create additional Collection Districts in the Territory of Oregon, and for other Purposes.

collec-Three Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the tion districts es-United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the Territory tablished. Ports of entry. of Oregon there shall be three collection districts, with a port of entry

to each district, to wit : Umpqua, Oregon, and Puget's Sound. The district of Umpqua shall include all the land, bays, harbors, rivers, and shores embraced in that portion of the Territory aforesaid, lying between the forty-second and forty-fourth degrees of north latitude; and a collector shall be appointed, in pursuance of existing laws for said district; and Scottsville shall be, and is hereby, made a port of entry and delivery for said district, at which the collector shall reside. The district of Oregon shall include all the land, bays, rivers, harbors, and shores em- Oregon District. braced within that portion of the Territory of Oregon, lying between the forty-fourth and forty-sixth and a half degrees of north latitude, embracing the coast of the Pacific west of the coast range of mountains, up to the forty-eighth degree of north latitude; and Astoria shall be the port of entry for the district, at which the collector shall reside. The district of Puget's Sound shall include all the land, bays, harbors, rivers, and shores in the Territory, not embraced in either of the before- Puget's mentioned districts, to wit: All that portion of the coast lying between the forty-eighth degree of north latitude and the northern boundary of said Territory, and embracing all the land and waters lying north of the forty-sixth and a half degree of latitude, and east of the coast range of mountains; and a collector shall be appointed, in pursuance of existing laws for said district; and Olympia shall be the port of entry and delivery for said district, at which place the collector shall reside. Nasqually and Portland, constituted ports of delivery, with surveyors to reside thereat, in pursuance of the act of Congress, approved four- Portland continto reside thereat, in pursuance of the act of Congress, approved tour used as ports of teenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, shall be continued as delivery. ports of delivery for such districts created by this act, within the limits of which they may respectively be situated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the collectors of the districts of Umpqua, Oregon, and Puget's Sound shall be allowed one of officers. thousand dollars each per annum, with additional maximum compensation of two thousand dollars each per annum, should their respective official emoluments and fees, provided by existing laws, amount to that sum; and the surveyors at Nasqually and Portland shall be allowed, in addition to the fees authorized by existing laws, a compensation of one thousand dollars each per annum. (a)

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That Pacific City, on Baker's Bay, and Milwaukie, on the Willamette River, in the collection district and of Oregon, established by this act, are hereby constituted ports of delivery. delivery; and surveyors of the customs shall be appointed, in conformity to law, to reside thereat, whose compensations, in addition to the fees authorized by existing laws, shall not exceed one thousand dollars each per annum.

APPROVED, February 14, 1851.

CHAP. IX. - An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act to establish the Territorial Government of Oregon," and "An Act to establish the Territorial Government of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in addition to the number of officers already authorized by law to be employed by lative assemblies the legislative area and and a semblic and the legislative assemblies of Oregon and Minnesota Territories, the Minnesota Tersaid legislative assemblies are hereby authorized, during their sessions, ritories. to employ one clerk for each branch thereof, whose pay per diem shall be the same as is now provided by law to be paid other clerks of said legislative assemblies.

APPROVED, February 19, 1851.

(a) As to the fees allowed to collector and surveyors, see note in vol. III. p. 693, and the acts of 1839, ch. 82, § 3; 1841, ch. 35, § 2; 1846, ch. 7; 1850, ch. 27.

Boundaries of Umpqua District.

Collector.

Port of entry. Boundaries of

Port of entry.

Boundaries of Sound District.

Collector.

Port of entry.

Nasqually and

1848, ch. 177.

Compensation

City Pacific Milwaukie made ports of Surveyors.

Feb. 19, 1851.

1848, ch. 177. 1849, ch. 121.

Clerk of legisof Oregon and Feb. 19, 1851.

Governments Minnesota ancharge of school lands therein.

Grant of land for a university in M.nnesota.

CHAP. X. - An Act to authorize the Legislative Assemblies of the Territories of Oregon and Minnesota to take Charge of the School Lands in said Territories, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the of Oregon and United States of America in Congress assembled, That the governors thorized to take and legislative assemblies of the Territories of Oregon and Minnesota the be, and they are hereby, authorized to make such laws and needful regulations as they shall deem most expedient to protect from injury and waste sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in said Territories. reserved in each township for the support of schools therein. (a)

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to set apart and reserve from sale, out of any of the public lands within the Territory of Minnesota to which the Indian title has been or may be extinguished, and not otherwise appropriated, a quantity of land not exceeding two entire townships, for the use and support of a university in said Territory, and for no other use or purpose whatsoever, to be located by legal subdivisions of not less than one entire section.

APPROVED, February 19, 1851.

CHAP. XI. - An Act to prescribe the Mode of obtaining Evidence in Cases of con-Feb. 19, 1851. tested Elections. (b)

Notice to be given of intention to contest House of Representatives within thirty days after it is declared.

Proviso.

Answer to be made to notice.

By whom subpœnas are to be issued.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, whenever any person shall intend to contest an any election of the passage of this act, whenever any person shall intend to control a member of the election of any member of the House of Representatives of the United States, he shall, within thirty days after the result of such election shall have been determined by the officer or board of canvassers authorized by law to determine the same, give notice, in writing, to the member whose seat he designs to contest, of his intention to contest the same, and, in such notice, shall specify, particularly, the grounds upon which he relies in the contest : Provided, That in all elections for the thirtysecond Congress heretofore held, any person intending to contest the same may give notice thereof within thirty days after the passage of this act.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any member upon whom such the notice mentioned in the first section of this act may be served, shall, within thirty days after the service thereof, answer such notice, admitting or denying the facts alleged therein, and stating specifically any other grounds upon which he rests the validity of his election, and shall serve a copy of his answer upon the contestant.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That when any such contestant or returned member shall be desirous of obtaining testimony respecting such election, it shall be lawful for him to make application to any judge of any court of the United States, or to any chancellor judge or justice of a court of record of any State, or to any mayor, recorder, or intendant of any town or city, which said officer shall reside within the congressional district in which such contested election was held, who shall thereupon issue his writ of subpœna, directed to all such witnesses as shall be named to him, requiring the attendance of such witnesses before him, at some time and place named in the subpæna, in order to be then and there examined respecting the said contested election, in the manner hereinafter provided.

(a) The reservation for Minnesota is in Stat. 1849, ch. 121, § 18, and for Oregon in Stat. 1848, ch. 177, § 20, and Stat. 1850, ch. 76, § 9.

(b) The prior acts on this subject are Stat. 1798, ch. 8, and Stat. 1800, ch. 28, which extends the former act for four years.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That every such witness shall be fuly served with such subporna, by a copy thereof being delivered to porna. him or her, or left at his or her usual place of abode, at least five days before the day on which the attendance of the witness is required : Provided, That no witness shall be required to attend an examination out of the county or parish in which he or she may reside, or be served with a subpœna.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That any person summoned in the manner hereinbefore directed, and refusing or neglecting to attend neglecting and testify, unless prevented by sickness or unavoidable necessity, shall tend or testify. forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars, to be recovered, with costs of suit, by the party at whose instance the subpœna was issued, and for his use, by an action of debt, in any court of the United States, and shall also be liable to an indictment for a misdemeanor, and punishment by fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the party at whose instance such subpœna may be issued, shall, at least ten days before the day given to opposite appointed for the examination of the witnesses, give notice, in writing, tion to examine to the opposite party of his intention to examine witnesses, which no- witnesses. tice shall contain a statement of the time and place of the proposed examination, the name of the officer who shall conduct the same, the names of the witnesses to be examined, and their places of residence, which notice shall be served by leaving a copy with the person to be notified, or at his usual place of abode : *Provided*, That neither party shall give notice of taking testimony at different places at the same time, or without allowing an interval of at least five days between the close of taking testimony at one place and its commencement at another.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all witnesses who shall attend in obedience to said subpœna, or who shall attend voluntarily of witnesses. at the time and place appointed, of whose examination notice has been given as provided in the next preceding section, shall then and there be examined on oath or affirmation, by the magistrate who issued the subpæna aforesaid, or, in case of his absence, by any other such magistrate as is authorized by this act to issue such subpœna, touching all such matters and things respecting the election about to be contested as shall be proposed by either of the parties aforesaid, or either of them, or by their or either of their agents; and the testimony of the witnesses, together with the questions proposed by the parties or their agents, the said magistrate is hereby authorized and required to cause to be reduced to writing, in his presence, and in the presence of the parties or their agents, if attending, and to be duly attested by the witnesses respectively, after which he shall immediately transmit by Testimony to mail the said testimony, duly certified under his hand, and sealed up, be transmitted to the clerk of the House of Representatives for the time being, to the House of gether with a copy of the subpœna and of the notice served upon the Representatives. party, as provided in the preceding section, and of the proof of the service of such notice.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the said magistrate shall have power to require the production of papers; and on the refusal or papers. neglect of any person to produce and deliver up any paper or papers in his possession pertaining to said election, or to produce and deliver up certified or sworn copies of the same in case they may be official papers, he shall be liable to all the penalties prescribed in the fifth section of this act; and all papers thus produced, and all certified or sworn copies of official papers, shall be transmitted by said magistrate, with the testimony of witnesses, to the clerk of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the testimony taken by the Vol. IX. Pub. - 72

Service of sub-

Proviso.

Penalty for or refusing to at-

Notice to be party of inten-

Proviso.

Examination

Production of

THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS. SESS. II. Сн. 12. 1851.

answer; and

service of swer.

prefixed to the depositions. Proviso.

the may before justices of the peace.

Fees of witnesses.

trates.

Testimony to parties to the contest, or either of them, shall be confined to the proof be confined to or disproof of the facts alleged or denied in the notice and answer the matter stated or denied in the notice and answer in the notice and mentioned in the first and second sections of this act; and no testimony shall be taken after the expiration of sixty days from the day on which Testimony to the answer of the member returned shall be served upon the contestin 60 days from ant; and a copy of the notice of contest, and of the answer of the an- returned member, shall be prefixed to the depositions taken, and trans-Copy of notice mitted with them to the clerk of the House of Representatives: Proand answer to be vided, That the House may, at their discretion, allow supplementary evidence to be taken after the expiration of said sixty days.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That when no such magistrate In certain cases as is by the third section of this act authorized to take depositions testimony as is by the tinta section of this act authorized to take appositions be taken shall reside in the congressional district from which the election is proposed to be contested, it shall be lawful for either party to make application to any two justices of the peace residing within the said district, who are hereby authorized to receive such application, and jointly to proceed upon it in the manner hereinbefore directed.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That every witness attending by virtue of such subporna as is herein directed to be issued, shall be allowed the sum of seventy-five cents for each day's attendance, and the further sum of five cents for every mile necessarily travelled in going and returning, which allowance shall be ascertained and certified by the magistrate taking the examination, and shall be paid by the Fees of magis- party at whose instance such witness was summoned; and each judge, justice, chancellor, mayor, recorder, intendant, and justice of the peace who shall be necessarily employed pursuant to the provisions of this act, and all sheriffs, constables, or other officers who may be employed to serve any subpœna or notice herein provided for, shall be entitled to receive from the party at whose instance the service shall have been performed, such fee or fees as are or may be allowed for similar services in the States wherein such service may be rendered respectively. APPROVED, February 19, 1851.

Feb. 27, 1851.

CHAP. XII. — An Act to supply Deficiencies in the Appropriations for the Service of the Fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, namely : -

State Department. — For additional compensation to four watchmen in the north-east executive building, five hundred and forty dollars.

For salaries of the judges in the northern and southern districts of California, three thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Treasury Department. - For additional compensation to eight watchmen in the south-east executive building, one thousand and eighty dollars.

For contingent expenses in the office of the first auditor of the treasury, for cases for the records, documents, and official papers preserved in the office, and for new furniture, this sum having been transferred, per act September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty, as an addition to the salary of one of the recording clerks, two hundred dollars.

Watchmen in north-east executive building. Judges in California.

Watchmen in south-east executive building.

Office of first auditor of treasury.

Office of Indian affairs.

For contingent expenses of office of Indian affairs, nine hundred and twenty-two dollars and five cents.

For compensation to clerks employed by the Secretary of the Treasury, in the third auditor's office, on the examination of muster and auditor of treasury. pay-rolls of the war of eighteen hundred and twelve, and Indian wars, in addition to an undrawn balance of appropriation for the month of July last, twelve thousand dollars : Provided, That no clerk shall receive more than at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum under clerks. this act, except one whose salary shall be sixteen hundred dollars per annum, and four others whose per diem pay shall be four dollars.

For contingencies incident thereto, such as printing, binding rolls, desks, office furniture, and labor, five hundred dollars.

War Department. - For additional compensation to four watchmen in the north-west executive building, five hundred and forty dollars.

For compensation of superintendent of rented building corner of F and Seventeenth Streets, from first of October, eighteen hundred and ing. fifty, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, at two hundred and fifty dollars per annum, one hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For compensation of four watchmen, from first of October, eighteen hundred and fifty, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, fifteen hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, twelve hundred and seventy dollars.

To replace an amount obtained from the subsistence department, which was applied to the service of the quartermaster's department last department. year, and is a charge on the appropriation for the present year, two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For the amount of drafts drawn, the proceeds of which were applied to the service of the quartermaster's department in the last year, and ter's ment. have been paid from the appropriations for the present year, two hundred and sixty-four thousand one hundred and seventeen dollars and three cents.

To supply a deficiency on account of claims yet to be discharged, under the head of preventing and suppressing Indian hostilities in Florida, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Post-Office Department. — For additional compensation to three watchmen in the post-office department, four hundred and five dollars. post-office

For contingent expenses of the office of the auditor of the post-office Partment. department, for furniture and labor rendered necessary in consequence of the increase of business and number of clerks, and for deficiency in estimate, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

Interior Department. - For temporary clerks in the pension-office, in addition to the balance of appropriations now on hand, thirty-two thousand nine hundred and thirty-three dollars and twenty-seven cents: Provided, That said temporary clerks shall not be allowed more than

three dollars and thirty-three and one third cents per day. For salary of recorder of land titles in Missouri, five hundred dol-

lars

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Oregon, sixteen hundred dollars.

For salaries of the attorney and marshal of the Territory of New Mexico, four hundred dollars.

For salaries of the governor, judges, secretary, attorney, and marshal of the Territory of Utah, eight thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses, twenty-four thousand sembly. dollars.

For invalid pensions, under various acts, one hundred and sixtysions. three thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows and orphans, under the acts of the fourth

Office of third

Proviso as to

Contingencies.

Watchmen in north-west executive building Rented build-

Subsistence

Quartermasdepart-

Indian hostilities in Florida.

Watchmen in de-Contingencies.

Temporary

clerks in pension office.

Proviso as to pay.

Recorder in Missouri.

Surveyor-general of Oregon.

New Mexico.

Utah.

Legislative as-

Invalid pen-

Pensions phans.

1836, ch. 362. 1848, ch. 108. 1838, ch. 189. 1843, ch, 102.

1844, ch. 102. 1848, ch. 8 and ch. 120.

with Treaty Wyandots.

Treaty with Utahs. Treaty with Navajoes.

in California.

Treaties with Indians in California.

Removal and subsistence the Chippewas.

Vol. vii. p. 536. Vol. vii. p. 521 1850, ch. 91

Old-settler party of the Cherokees.

1850, ch. 91.

Wild tribes of the prairie.

Choctaws.

Winnebagoes.

Vol. vii. p. 545.

Cherokees.

to of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and twenty-first July, eighteen widows and or- hundred and forty-eight, seventy-four thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

> For pensions to widows, under the act of seventh July, one thousand eight hundred thirty-eight, fifty-six thousand dollars.

> For pensions to widows, under the act of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, twelve thousand dollars,

> For pensions to widows, under the acts of the seventeenth of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, second of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and twenty-ninth of July, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, forty-four thousand dollars.

> For fulfilling treaty with Wyandots, one hundred and eighty-seven thousand dollars.

For fulfilling treaty with the Utahs, eighteen thousand dollars.

For fulfilling treaty with the Navajoes, eighteen thousand dollars.

For arrearages of compensation, from first of October, eighteen Indian agents hundred and fifty, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, to the Indian agents for the Indian tribes of California, six thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

> For expenses of holding treaties with the various tribes of Indians in California, in addition to the appropriation of the thirtieth of September, eighteen hundred fifty, twenty-five thousand dollars.

> For expenses of removal and subsistence of the Chippewas of Lake Superior and the Mississippi from the lands ceded under the treaties of the twenty-ninth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirtyseven, and fourth of October, one thousand eight hundred and fortytwo, in addition to appropriation of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty, twenty-five thousand dollars.

> For expenses of the removal of the sub-agency for the Chippewas of Lake Superior and the Mississippi from the old site at Lapointe to the new one, including the erection of necessary buildings, three thousand dollars.

> For compensation and expenses of the committee of old-settler party of Cherokees, their clerks, &c., for services rendered in pursuance of the provisions contained in the fifth article of the treaty of seventeenth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, in addition to the appropriation of thirtieth of September, eighteen hundred and fifty, in full for all service rendered, or hereafter to be rendered, one thousand five hundred dollars.

> For expenses of holding treaties with the wild tribes of the prairie, and for bringing delegates on to the seat of government, one hundred thousand dollars.

> For expenses of the removal and subsistence of the Choctaws from the State of Mississippi to the Choctaw country west of that river, in addition to former appropriations for that object, twenty thousand dollars

> For payment to the Winnebago Indians, of this sam erroneously charged against the fund of ten thousand dollars set apart (out of the consideration to be paid for the lands ceded) by the eighth clause of the fourth article of the treaty of the first of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, six thousand two hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twenty-eight cents.

> For payment to the Cherokee nation, the sum of seven 'hundred and twenty-four thousand six hundred and three dollars and thirty-seven cents, and interest on the above sum, at the rate of five per centum per annum, from twelfth day of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, until paid, shall be paid to them out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; but no interest shall be paid after the first of April, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, if any portion of the money is

then left undrawn by the said Cherokees: Provided, however, That the sum now appropriated shall be in full satisfaction and a final settlement of all claims and demands whatsoever of the Cherokee nation against the United States, under any treaty heretofore made with the Chero-And the said Cherokee nation shall, on the payment of said kees. sum of money, execute and deliver to the United States a full and final discharge for all claims and demands whatsoever on the United States, except for such annuities in money or specific articles of property as the United States may be bound by any treaty to pay to said Cherokee nation, and except, also, such moneys and lands, if any, as the United States may hold in trust for said Cherokees: And provided, further, That the money appropriated in this item shall be paid in strict conformity with the treaty with said Indians of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

For reappropriation of the following sums, (carried to the surplus fund on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven,) under the following heads : ----

Fulfilling treaties with the Kansas, eight thousand seven hundred and seven dollars and twenty-one cents.

For fulfilling treaties with the Wyandots, three hundred and fiftyfive dollars and twenty-eight cents.

Support of blacksmiths, &c., for Osages, six thousand five hundred and six dollars and fifty-nine cents.

Payment of claims for Osage depredations, fourteen thousand three hundred and seventy-five dollars and fifty cents.

For purchase of cows and calves for Osages, three hundred and twelve dollars and sixteen cents.

For continuing the collection, and for publishing the statistics and other information, authorized by the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and subsequent acts, fifteen thousand three hundred dollars.

For supplying deficiency in the amount appropriated at the last session for the same object, four thousand and sixty-one dollars.

For expenses of an agent to collect information to enable the department to execute the law of Congress providing for the per capita Cherokees. payment to Cherokees, under the treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty- Vol. vii. p. 478. five, so far as relates to those Indians east of the Mississippi, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For removal and subsistence of Indians, fifty-two thousand five hundred and ten dollars and thirty-seven cents. This sum is required in order to settle the claim adjudicated by the accounting officers of the treasury, in favor of the Chickasaw nation of Indians, for losses, &c., in provisions purchased in eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.

For the pay of the several companies, and the expenses of three companies of Texas volunteers, called into service by requisition of teers. Brevet Major-General Brook, two hundred and thirty-six thousand nine hundred and thirty-four dollars and thirty-four cents : Provided, That the pay and allowances conform to the pay and allowances of similar troops employed during the war with Mexico.

For expenditures incident to the issue of the ten millions dollars of stock for Texan indemnity, ten thousand dollars.

For reimbursing the State of Florida, under such rules and regulations as have heretofore governed the adjustment of similar claims of the several States on the United States, for moneys advanced and paid, and for expenses incurred and obligations contracted by said State, for subsistence, supplies, and services of local troops called into service during the year eighteen hundred and forty-nine, by and under the authorities of said State, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Proviso.

Proviso.

1847, ch. 66. 1850, ch. 91.

Agent for

Chickasaws.

Texas volun-

Proviso.

Texan indemnity contingencies Florida.

Extra session in Oregon. For defraying the expense of an extra session of the legislature of Oregon, held agreeably to the provisions of law, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, on the production of regular and legal vouchers, five thousand dollars.

Volunteers in New Mexico. For the pay and expenses of four companies of volunteers, called into the service of the United States by Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Washington, in New Mexico, in the year eighteen hundred and fortynine, one hundred and thirty-five thousand five hundred and thirty dollars and twenty cents.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

Feb. 27, 1851. CHAP. XIII. — An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Revolutionary and other Pensions of the United States, for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two: —

. For revolutionary pensions, under the act of the eighteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, fifty-eight thousand dollars.

For invalid pensions, under various acts, five hundred thousand five hundred dollars.

2. For pensions for widows and orphans, under the acts of July the 6. fourth, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and July the twentyfirst, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, six hundred and forty thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

39. For pensions to widows, under the act of seventh July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, sixty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, twenty thousand dollars.

For pensions to widows, under the acts of the seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, second of February, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, eight hundred and sixty-two thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

For half-pay pensions to widows and orphans, provided for by the eleventh section of an act approved January the twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and thirteen, and the first and second sections of an act approved the sixteenth of April, eighteen hundred and sixteen, in addition to a balance remaining in the treasury undrawn on the fifteenth of October, eighteen hundred and fifty, of twenty-seven thousand three hundred and fifty-six dollars and nine cents, ten thousand dollars.

Feb. 27, 1851. CHAP. XIV. — An Act making Appropriations for the current and contingent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with various Indian Tribes, for the Year ending June the thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the

1818, ch. 19.

1836, ch. 362.

1848, ch. 108.

- 1838, ch. 189.
- 1843, ch. 102.

1844, ch. 102.

1848, ch. 8.

1813, ch. 16.

1816, ch. 55.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes.

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, viz.:

For the pay of superintendents of Indian affairs, and the several ents and agents. Indian agents, as provided by the acts of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and March third, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and of June fifth, eighteen hundred and fifty, and of September twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and fifty, thirty-four thousand dollars.

For the pay of sub-Indian agents, authorized by the act of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, thirteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of interpreters, authorized by the same act, sixteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of clerk to superintendent at St. Louis, authorized by the act of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of clerk to acting superintendent of the Western Territory, by the same act, one thousand dollars.

For buildings at agencies and repairs thereof, two thousand dollars. For presents to Indians, five thousand dollars.

For provisions for Indians, eleven thousand eight hundred dollars. For contingencies of the Indian department, thirty-six thousand five

hundred dollars.

To the Christian Indians. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the acts of May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, and May twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, four hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Saganaw. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth of November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty Vol. vii. p. 204. of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, one thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for the support of blacksmiths, and for farming utensils and cattle, and the employment of persons to aid them in agriculture, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty- Vol. vii. p. 204. fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and the seventh article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty- Vol. vii. p. 529. seven, two thousand dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fifth August, eighteen hundred and twenty- Vol. vii. p. 291 six, one thousand dollars.

To the Chippewas, Menomonees, Winnebagoes, and New York In- Chippewas, Me-dians. — For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in nomonees, Win-peagoes, and N. the fifth article of the treaty of eleventh August, eighteen hundred and York Indians. twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Chippewas of Lake Superior and Mississippi. - For fifteenth of twenty instalments, in money, stipulated in the second article of the Lake treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine Vol. vii. p. 536. thousand five hundred dollars.

For fifteenth of twenty instalments, in goods, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and Vol. vii. p. 536 thirty-seven, nineteen thousand dollars.

For fifteenth of twenty instalments for the establishment of three smith's shops, supporting three smiths, and furnishing iron and steel,

Superintend-

1834, ch. 162. 1837, ch. 31. 1846, ch. 34.

1850, ch. 16. ch. 82.

Sub-agents. 1834, ch. 162. Interpreters. Clerk at St. 1846, ch. 34. Clerk in Western Territory. Buildings. Presents. Provisions. Contingencies. Christian In-1824, ch. 174. 1826, ch. 128. Chippewas of Vol. vii. p. 51. Vol. vii. p. 105.

Vol. vii. p. 304.

Chippewas of Superior and Mississippi.

dians Saganaw.

THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 14. 1851.

Vol. vii. p. 536. stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, three thousand dollars.

> For fifteenth of twenty instalments for the support of farmers, purchase of implements, grain, or seed, and to carry on their agricultural pursuits, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-

> ninth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand dollars. For fifteenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of tobacco,

stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For fifteenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For tenth of twenty-five instalments, in money, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For tenth of twenty-five instalments, in goods, stipulated in the fourth Vol. vii. p. 592. article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two. ten thousand five hundred dollars.

> For tenth of twenty-five instalments for the support of two smith's shops, including pay of smiths and assistants, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For tenth of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two farmers, Vol. vii. p. 592. stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand dollars.

For tenth of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two carpenters, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For tenth of twenty-five instalments for the support of schools, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For tenth of twenty-five instalments for the purchase of provisions and tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For fifth of five instalments in goods payable to the Pillager Band, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For fifth of forty-six instalments to be paid to the Chippewas of Mississippi, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of second August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, one thousand dollars.

To the Chickasaws. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the act of twenty-fifth February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

To the Choctaws. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and five, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chief Bob Cole, stipulated in the tenth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity for education, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six thousand dollars.

For annuity to three district chiefs, stipulated in the fifteenth article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For life annuity to one Wayne warrior, stipulated in the twenty-first

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Chickasaws. 1799, ch. 11.

Choctaws. Vol. vii. p. 99.

Vol. vii. p. 213.

Vol. vii. p. 236.

Vol. vii. p. 235.

- Vol. vii. p. 335.

article of the treaty of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 338. and thirty, twenty-five dollars. For permanent provision for blacksmiths, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty, Vol. vii. p. 212. and ninth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 238. and twenty-five, six hundred dollars. For iron and steel, &c., for shop, stipulated in the ninth article of the treaty of twentieth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, Vol. vii. p. 236. three hundred and twenty dollars. To the Creeks. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth Creeks. article of the treaty of seventh August, seventeen hundred and ninety, Vol. vii. D. 36. one thousand five hundred dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty Vol. vii. p. 69. of sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, three thousand dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty Vol. vii. p. 287. of twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty thousand dollars. For twentieth of twenty instalments in money, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 367. and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars. For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 287. hundred and twenty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars. For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and seventy dollars. For fifteenth of twenty instalments for the pay of two blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty- Vol. vii. p. 368. fourth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars. For iron, steel, &c., for shops, five hundred and forty dollars. For permanent provision for the pay of a wheelwright, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 287. hundred and twenty-six, six hundred dollars. For twenty-first of thirty-three instalments for education, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth March, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 368. hundred and thirty-two, and fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars. For interest on three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-third Vol. vii. p. 574. November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars. For eighth of twenty instalments for education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars. For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, Vol. vii. p. 419. eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eight hundred and forty dollars. For iron, steel, and coal, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 419. hundred and thirty-three, two hundred and seventy dollars. For wagon maker, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 419. and thirty-three, six hundred dollars. For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth January, Vol. vii. p. 287. eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars. For education, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of fourteenth February, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 419. and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

To the Delawares. --- For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth Delawares. Vol. IX. PUB. -- 73

article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, Vol. vii. p. 51. one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty Vol. vii. p. 114. of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty Vol. vii. p. 188. of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of Vol. vii p. 327. twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

> For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the private article of supplemental treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and twentynine, to treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental article to Vol. vii. p. 399. treaty of twenty-sixth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

> For permanent provision for the purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in Vol. vii. p. 188. the sixth article of the treaty of third October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land, set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, for education, stipulated in resolution of the Senate of nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

To the Florida Indians, or Seminoles. - For twenty-ninth of thirty instalments for blacksmith's establishment, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth September, eighteen hundred and twentythree, and fourth article of the treaty of ninth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand dollars.

For eighth of fifteen instalments, in goods, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two thousand dollars.

For eighth of fifteen instalments, in money, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fourth January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars.

To the Iowas. - For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of nineteenth October, eighteen hundred and thirtyeight, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

To the Kickapoos. - For eighteenth of nineteen instalments, as annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five thousand dollars.

To the Kansas. - For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of fourteenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, ten thousand dollars.

To the Miamies. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in Vol. vii p. 191. the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For permanent provision for the purchase of one thousand pounds of tobacco, two thousand pounds of iron, and one thousand pounds of

Iowas.

Vol. vii. p. 568.

Kickapoos. Vol. vii. p. 392.

Kansas.

Miamies.

Vol. vii. p. 301.

578

Vol. vii. p. 75.

Vol. vii. p. 327.

dians, or Semi-

Vol. vii. p. 225.

Vol. vii. p. 369.

In-

Florida

noles.

steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and seventy Vol. vii. p. 301. dollars.

For permanent provision for pay of miller, in lieu of gunsmith, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and fifth article of the treaty of second Vol. vii. p. 464. [23d] October, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, six hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for the purchase of one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth Vol. vii. p. 191. October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education and support of poor, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of treaty of twenty-third October, Vol. vii. p. 301. eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For eleventh of twenty instalments, in money, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen hun- Vol. vii. p. 583 dred and forty, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for payment in lieu of laborers, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth November, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 583. hundred and forty, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent provision for agricultural assistance, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of sixth October, eighteen hundred and Vol. vii. p. 191. eighteen, two hundred dollars.

To the Eel Rivers, (Miamies.) — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred (Miamies.) and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and Vol. vii. p. 91. fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article, and separate article, of the treaty of the thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars : Provided, That the several sums hereby appropriated to the Eel Rivers (Miamies) shall not be paid until satisfactory proof is obtained, by the commissioner of Indian affairs, of the existence of such band of Indians, and shall then be paid to such band only: And provided further, That if said commissioner obtains satisfactory proof that the annuities, or any part thereof, due said Eel Rivers, have heretofore, erroneously or otherwise, been paid to any other band or nation of Indians, such sums thus paid shall be reimbursed to said Eel Rivers, if their existence is established, in such instalments as the commissioner may direct, out of the annuities of the nation or band to which they were thus paid.

To the Menomonees. - For sixteenth of twenty instalments as annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, Vol. vii. p. 507. eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For sixteenth of twenty instalments for two blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, Vol. vii. p. 507. eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

For sixteenth of twenty instalments for iron, steel, &c., for shops, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, Vol. vii. p. 507 eighteen hundred and thirty-six, four hundred and forty dollars.

For sixteenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, Vol. vii p. 507. eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars.

For sixteenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of two thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars.

Vol. vii. p. 191.

Rivers, \mathbf{Eel} Vol. vii. p. 51.

Vol. vii. p. 114. Proviso.

Proviso.

Menomonees.

Vol. vii. p. 507.

For sixteenth of twenty instalments for farming utensils and cattle, Vol. vii. p. 507. stipulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five hundred dollars. For sixteenth of twenty instalments for thirty barrels of salt, stip-Vol. vii. p. 507. ulated in the second article of the treaty of third September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one hundred and fifty dollars. Omahas. To the Omahas. - For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure Vol. vii. p. 329. of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars. For iron and steel, &c., for shops, during the pleasure of the President, two hundred and twenty dollars. For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, Vol. vii. p. 329. stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, five hundred dollars. To the Ottoes and Missourias. - For education, during the pleasure Ottoes and of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of Vol. vii. p. 430. twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars. For pay of farmer, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated Vol. vii. p. 430. in the fifth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars. For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, Vol. vii. p. 329. stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of fifteenth July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars. For iron and steel for shop, during the pleasure of the President, two hundred and twenty dollars. To the Ottowas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth Ottowas. Vol. vii. p. 51. article of treaty of the third August, seventeen hundred and ninetyfive, one thousand dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty Vol. vii. p. 105. of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty Vol. vii. p. 179. of seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, one thousand five hundred dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty Vol. vii. p. 220. of twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, one thousand dollars. Ottawas and To the Ottawas and Chippewas. - For seventeenth of twenty instalments, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth Vol. vii. p. 492. March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, thirty thousand dollars. stipulated in the resolution of the Senate of the twenty-seventh May, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twelve thousand dollars. For education, for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth Vol. vii. p. 492. March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five thousand dollars. For missions, for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth Vol. vii. p. 492. March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three thousand dollars. For vaccine matter, medicines, and pay of physicians, so long as the Indians remain on their reservations, stipulated in the fourth Vol. vii. p. 492. article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, three hundred dollars: For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of provis-Vol. vii. p. 492. jons, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand dollars.

Missourias.

Chippewas.

For interest, to be paid as annuity on two hundred thousand dollars,

For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of six thousand

five hundred pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eight March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, five hundred dollars	Vol. vii. p. 492.
dred dollars. For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of one hundred barrels of salt, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty- eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two hundred dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 492.
For seventeenth of twenty instalments, for the purchase of five hun- dred fish barrels, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty- eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, four hundred dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 492.
For three blacksmiths and assistants, for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eight March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 493.
For iron, steel, &c., for shops, for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six hundred and sixty dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 493.
For gunsmith at Mackinac, for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty- eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, six hundred dollars.	Vol. v ii. p. 493.
For iron, steel, &c., for shop, for twenty years, and during the plea- sure of Congress, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twen- ty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two hundred and tweaty dollars	Vol. vii. p. 493.
twenty dollars. For two farmers and assistants, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand six hundred dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 493.
For two mechanics, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of twenty-eighth March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand two hundred dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 493.
To the Osages.—For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at five per centum, being the valuation of fifty-four	Osages.
sections of land set apart by treaty of the second June, eighteen hundred	Vol. vii. p. 242.
For fourteenth of twenty instalments, as annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, twenty thousand dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 576.
For fourteenth of twenty instalments for two smiths' establishments, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, two thousand dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 576.
For fourteenth of fifteen instalments for pay of two millers, stipulat- ed in the second article of the treaty of eleventh January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, one thousand two hundred dollars.	Vol. vii. p. 576.
To the Piankeshaws. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and nine-	Piankeshaws. Vol. vii. p. 51.
ty-five, five hundred dollars.	
For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the thirtieth December, eighteen hundred and five three hundred dollars	Wal mi - 101
the thirtieth December, eighteen hundred and five, three hundred dollars. To the Pawnees. — For agricultural implements, during the pleasure	Vol. vii. p. 101. Pawnees.
of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the ninth	Vol. vii. p. 448.
October, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.	
To the Potawatamies of Huran - For permanent annuity, stipulat-	Potawatamies

To the Potawatamies of Huron. — For permanent annuity, stipulat-ed in the second article of the treaty of the seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars. To the Potawatamies. — For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and vol. vii. p. 105. Potawatamies Vol. vii. p. 105. Vol. vii. p. 105.

Potawatamies. ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

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582	THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 14. 1851.
Vol. vii. p. 114.	For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dol- lars.
Vol. vii. p. 185.	hundred dollars.
Vol. vii. p. 317.	For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thou- sand dollars.
Vol. vii. p. 317.	For life annuity to chief, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, one hundred dollars.
Vol. vii. p. 320.	For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, sixteen thou- sand dollars.
Vol. vii. p. 379.	thirty-two, fifteen thousand dollars.
Vol. vii. p. 379.	For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.
Vol. vii. p. 395.	For nineteenth of twenty instalments, as annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-six October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars.
Vol. vii. p. 432.	For seventeenth of twenty instalments, as annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twenty-six September, eighteen hun- dred and thirty-three, fourteen thousand dollars. For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the third article of the treaty
Vol. vii. p. 432.	of twenty-sixth of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, seven hundred dollars. For seventeenth of twenty instalments, as annuity, stipulated in the
Vol. víi. p. 443.	second supplemental article of the treaty of twenty-six September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars. For permanent provision for the purchase of salt, stipulated in the
Vol. vii. p. 75.	third article of the treaty of seventh June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred and forty dollars. For permanent provision for the purchase of one hundred and sixty
Vol. vii. p. 296.	bushels of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, three hundred and twenty dollars.
Vol. vii. p. 296.	For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars. For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in
Vol. vii. p. 296.	the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and twenty dollars. For permanent provision for iron, steel, &c., for shop, stipulated in
Vol. v ii. p. 296.	the third article of the treaty of sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two hundred and twenty dollars. For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the
Vol. vii. p. 317.	second article of the treaty of the twentieth September, eighteen hun- dred and twenty-eight, one thousand dollars. For permanent provision for the payment in money, in lieu of two thousand pounds of tobacco, fifteen hundred pounds of iron, and three
Vol. vii. p. 317.	hundred and fifty pounds of steel, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and the tenth article of the treaty of fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty- ity three hundred dollars

ix, three hundred dollars. For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hun- Vol. vii. p. 317. dred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For permanent provision for iron, steel, &c., for shop, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth September, eighteen hun- Vol. vii. p. 317. dred and twenty-eight, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 320. and twenty-nine, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For permanent provision for iron, steel, &c., for shop, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 320and twenty-nine, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For permanent provision for the purchase of fifty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth of July, Vol. vii. p. 320. eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-seventh October, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 401. hundred and thirty-two, two thousand dollars.

For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the seventh article of the treaty of the fifth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Quapaws. - For nineteenth of twenty instalments, as annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and Vol. vii. p. 425. thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 425. hundred and thirty-three, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron, steel, &c., for shop, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 425. hundred and thirty-three, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of farmer, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of thirteenth May, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 425. and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

To the Six Nations of New York. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of eleventh November, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To the Senecas of New York. - For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of the nineteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars.

For interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, per act of the twenty-seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Stockbridges. - For interest on sixteen thousand five hundred dollars at five per centum, stipulated in the ninth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth November, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, eight hundred and twenty-five dollars.

To the Sioux of Mississippi. - For interest on three hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the sissippi. treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, Vol. vii. p. 538. fifteen thousand dollars.

For fifteenth of twenty instalments as annuity, in goods, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 538. hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For fifteenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of medicines, agricultural implements, and stock, and for support of farmers, physicians, and blacksmiths, &c., stipulated in the second article of the

Quapaws.

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Six Nations of New York.

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Stockbridges.

Sioux of Mis-

Vol. vii. p. 538. treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. For fifteenth of twenty instalments, for the purchase of provisions, Vol. vii. p. 538. stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five thousand five hundred dollars. Sacs and Foxes To the Sacs and Foxes of Missouri. - For interest on one hundred of Missouri. and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, stip-Vol. vii. p. 540. ulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars. Sacs and Foxes To the Sacs and Foxes of Mississippi. - For permanent annuity, of Mississippi. stipulated in the third article of the treaty of third November, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 85. hundred and four, one thousand dollars. For twentieth of thirty instalments as annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and Vol. vii. p. 375. thirty-two, twenty thousand dollars. For twentieth of thirty instalments for gunsmith, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 375. and thirty-two, six hundred dollars. For twentieth of thirty instalments for iron, steel, &c., for shop, Vol. vii. p. 375. stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred and twenty dollars. For twentieth of thirty instalments for blacksmith and assistant, stip-Vol. vii. p. 375. ulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, eight hundred and forty dollars. For twentieth of thirty instalments for iron, steel, &c., for shop, Vol. vii. p. 375. stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred and twenty dollars. For twentieth of thirty instalments for forty barrels of salt, stipulated Vol. vii. p. 375. in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars. For twentieth of thirty instalments for forty kegs of tobacco, stipu-Vol. vii. p. 375. lated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-first September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, six hundred dollars. For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-first October, Vol. vii. p. 540. eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars. For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars at five per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the eleventh October, Vol. vii. p. 596. eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars. Shawnees. To the Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth Vol. vii. v. 51. article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen, two thou-Vol. vii. p. 161. sand dollars. For permanent provision for the purchase of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventh June, eighteen hundred and Vol. vii. p. 75. three, sixty dollars. For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighth August, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 356. hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars. For iron, steel, &c., for shop, during the pleasure of the President, Vol. vii. p. 356. stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of eighth August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, two hundred and twenty dollars. To the Sencas and Shawnees. - For permanent annuity, stipulated Senecas and Shawnees. in the fourth article of the treaty of seventeenth September, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 179. hundred and eighteen, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twentieth July, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 352. hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars. For iron, steel, &c., for shops, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twentieth July, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 352. hundred and thirty-one, two hundred and twenty dollars. To the Senecas. - For permanent annuity stipulated in the fourth Senecas. article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred Vol. vii. p. 161. and seventeen, five hundred dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five Vol. vii. p. 179. hundred dollars. For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth Feb- Vol. vii. p. 349. ruary, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, eight hundred and forty dollars. For iron and steel for shop, during the pleasure of the President, two hundred and twenty dollars. For pay of miller, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-eighth February, eighteen Vol. vii p. 349. hundred and thirty-one, six hundred dollars. To the Wyandots. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third Wyandots. article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and Vol. vii. p. 592. forty-two, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars. For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 592. hundred and forty-two, seven hundred and twenty dollars. For permanent provision for iron, steel, &c., for shop, three hundred and seventy dollars. For permanent provision for education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventeenth March, eighteen hundred and forty-two, Vol. vii. p. 592. five hundred dollars. To the Winnebagoes. - For twenty-third of thirty instalments, as Winnebagoes. annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, Vol. vii. p. 323. eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, eighteen thousand dollars. For twentieth of twenty-seven instalments, as annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen Vol. vii. p. 371. hundred and thirty-two, ten thousand dollars. For twenty-third of thirty instalments for the purchase of fifty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the first August, Vol. vii p. 338. eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars. For twenty-third of thirty instalments for the purchase of three thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the Vol. vii. p. 323. treaty of the first August, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and fifty dollars. For twentieth of twenty-seven instalments for the purchase of one thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the fifth article Vol. vii. p. 371. of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirtytwo, one hundred and seventy-five dollars. For twenty-third of thirty instalments for three blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, Vol. vii. p. 323. eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars. For twenty-third of thirty instalments for iron, steel, &c., for shop, six hundred and sixty dollars. For twenty-third of thirty instalments for laborers and oxen, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the first August, eighteen Vol. vii p. 323. hundred and twenty-nine, three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For twentieth of twenty-seven instalments for education, stipulated Vol. IX. Pub. - 74

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Vol. vii. p. 371.

in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, three thousand dollars.

For twentieth of twenty-seven instalments for six agriculturists, purchase of oxen, ploughs, and other implements, stipulated in the fifth Vol. vii. p. 371. article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For twentieth of twenty-seven instalments for pay of two physicians, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fifteenth September, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, four hundred dollars.

For interest on one milion one hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the first November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For interest on eighty-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the thirteenth October, eighteen hundred and forty-six, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

To the Weas. - For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of second October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, three thousand dollars.

To defray the expenses of the chiefs of the Oneida Indians in Wisconsin, on a visit to Washington in eighteen hundred and fifty-one, in relation to their treaties with the United States, rendered necessary by the deranged condition of their affairs with the federal government, one thousand dollars.

For arrearages due the first Christian and Orchard parties of Oneida Indians in Wisconsin, under the treaty of seventeen hundred and ninetysix, one thousand seven hundred and sixty-four dollars and eighty cents.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the thirtieth ents of Indian day of June next, all laws or parts of laws now in force, (a) providing for the appointment or employment of superintendents of Indian affairs, of whatever character, for any of the Indian tribes east of the Rocky Mountains, and north of New Mexico and Texas, shall be, and the same are hereby repealed; and that the President be, and he is hereby, authorized by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint three superintendents of Indian affairs, for said Indians, who shall receive an annual salary each of two thousand dollars, and whose duty it shall be to exercise a general superintendance over such tribes of Indians as the President of the United States, or the Secretary of the Department of the Interior may direct, and to execute and perform all the powers and duties now assigned by law to superintendents of Indian affairs: Provided, That the governor of Minnesota shall continue to be, ex officio, superintendent of Indian affairs, for that Territory until the President shall otherwise direct.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That hereafter all Indian treaties shall be negotiated by such officers and agents of the Indian department as the President of the United States may designate for that purpose, and no officer or agent so employed shall receive any additional compensation for such service.

> SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the twenty-three agents and sub-agents, heretofore employed for the Indians east of the Rocky Mountains, and north of New Mexico and Texas, the President be, and he is hereby, authorized by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint eleven Indian agents, who shall each receive an annual salary of fifteen hundred dollars; and, also, six other agents, with an annual salary each of one thousand dollars, whose appointments shall take effect from and after the thirtieth day of June next; and the said agents shall execute and perform all the powers and duties now assigned by law to Indian agents.

> (a) See notes in vol. ii. p. 652, and vol. iv. p. 735, and acts of 1834, ch. 162; 1846, ch. 34; 1847, ch. 66; 1848, ch. 118, § 3.

Weas.

Vol. vii. p. 187.

Vol. vii. p. 371.

Vol. vii, p. 545.

Expenses of chiefs of Oneida Indians in Wisconsin.

Arrearages.

Superintendaffairs east of Rocky Mountains. (a)

Proviso.

Negotiation of Indian treaties.

Appointment of agents for In-dians east of Rocky Mountains.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the President be authorized. by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint four agents for New Mexico. for the Indians in the territory of New Mexico, and one agent for those in the territory of Utah, who shall receive an annual salary each of fifteen hundred and fifty dollars, and perform all the duties of agent to such Indians or tribes, as shall be assigned them by the Superintendents of Indian Affairs for these territories respectively, under the direction of the President, or the Secretary of the Department of the Interior.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the superintendents and agents to be appointed under the provisions of this act, before entering ents and agents to give bonds upon the duties of their respective offices, shall give bond in such penalties and with such security, as the President or Secretary of the Interior may require, and shall hold their offices respectively for the term four years. of four years.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That all the laws now in force, regulating trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, or such provisions of the same as may be applicable, shall be, and the same are here- Mexico by, extended over the Indian tribes in the Territories of New Mexico Utah. (a) and Utah.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That from and after the thirtieth day of June next, the salaries of interpreters lawfully employed in the terpreters. service of the United States, in California, Oregon, Utah, and New Mexico, shall be five hundred dollars per annum, and of all so employed elsewhere, four hundred dollars.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the chief clerk in the office of Indian affairs shall be allowed a salary equal to that of the chief clerk of any other bureau, and that the appointment of four additional clerks in said office be, and is hereby authorized, two of whom shall be allowed a salary of sixteen hundred dollars each, one a salary of fourteen hundred dollars, and one a salary of twelve hundred dollars, and that the payment of the salary of fourteen hundred dollars to one of the clerks in said office out of the Chickasaw fund be discontinued, and that said paid from the Chickasaw fund. salary be hereafter paid out of the treasury of the United States. Nor shall further payments be made out of said fund to any clerk or clerks in any of the executive offices.

For payment of per diem of a special agent at a rate not to exceed Special agent to four dollars per day, and expenses of transportation, for the purpose of paying off Indians in the old States, and particularly the North Carolina Indians, their removal and subsistence fund under the order and instructions of the Secretary of the Treasury, one thousand dollars.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

CHAP. XX. - An Act to reduce and modify the Rates of Postage in the United March 3, 1851. States, and for other Purposes. (b)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, in lieu of the age on letters. rates of postage now established by law, there shall be charged the following rates, to wit :- For every single letter in manuscript, or paper of any kind, upon which information shall be asked for, or communicated, in writing, or by marks or signs, conveyed in the mail for any distance between places within the United States, not exceeding three thousand miles, when the postage upon such letter shall have

Indian agents

For Utah.

Superintend-

To hold office

Former applicable laws ex-tended to New and

Salaries of in-

Chief clerk in office of Indian affairs. Other clerks.

No clerk to be

pay off Indians in the old states.

1852, ch. 98.

Rates of post-

⁽a) See notes in vol. ii. pp. 6, 139, 140, 146, 652, and acts of 1834, ch. 161; 1847, ch. 66.

⁽b) See note in vol. ii. 592, & acts of 1845, ch. 43 & 69; 1846, ch. 25, § 3; 1847, ch. 63; 1848, ch. 79; ch. 121, § 10; ch. 175, § 3; 1849, ch. 104; 1850, ch. 75, § 2.

been prepaid, three cents, and five cents when the postage thereon shall not have been prepaid; and for any distance exceeding three thousand miles, double those rates. For every such single letter or paper when conveyed wholly or in part by sea, and to or from a foreign country, for any distance over twenty-five hundred miles, twenty cents, and for any distance under twenty-five hundred miles, ten cents, (excepting, however, all cases where such postages have been or shall be adjusted at different rates, by postal treaty or convention already concluded or hereafter to be made;) and for a double letter there shall be charged double the rates above specified; and for a treble letter, treble those rates; and for a quadruple letter, quadruple those rates; and every letter or parcel not exceeding half an ounce in weight shall be deemed a single letter, and every additional weight of half an ounce, or additional weight of less than half an ounce, shall be charged with an additional single postage. And all drop letters, or letters placed in any post-office, not for transmission, but for delivery only, shall be Advertised let- charged with postage at the rate of one cent each; and all letters which shall hereafter be advertised as remaining over or uncalled for, in any post-office, shall be charged with one cent in addition to the regular postage, both to be accounted for as other postages now are.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all newspapers not exceeding three ounces in weight, sent from the office of publication to actual the office of pub- and bona fide subscribers, shall be charged with postage as follows, to lication to sub- wit :- All newspapers published weekly only, shall circulate in the mail free of postage within the county where published, and that the postage on the regular numbers of a newspaper published weekly, for any distance not exceeding fifty miles out of the county where published, shall be five cents per quarter; for any distance exceeding fifty miles and not exceeding three hundred miles, ten cents per quarter; for any distance exceeding three hundred miles and not exceeding one thousand miles, fifteen cents per quarter; for any distance exceeding one thousand miles and not exceeding two thousand miles, twenty cents per quarter; for any distance exceeding two thousand miles and not exceeding four thousand miles, twenty-five cents per quarter; for any distance exceeding four thousand miles, thirty cents per quarter; and all newspapers published monthly, and sent to actual and bona fide subscribers, shall be charged with one fourth the foregoing rates; and on all such newspapers published semi-monthly shall be charged with one half the foregoing rates; and papers published semiweekly shall be charged double those rates; tri-weekly, treble those On other news- rates; and oftener than tri-weekly, five times those rates. And there shall be charged upon every other newspaper, and each circular not sealed, handbill, engraving, pamphlet, periodical, magazine, book, and every other description of printed matter, which shall be unconnected with any manuscript or written matter, and which it may be lawful to transmit through the mail, of no greater weight than one ounce, for any distance not exceeding five hundred miles, one cent; and for each additional ounce or fraction of an ounce, one cent; for any distance exceeding five hundred miles and not exceeding one thousand five hundred miles, double those rates; for any distance exceeding one thousand five hundred miles and not exceeding two thousand five hundred miles, treble those rates; for any distance exceeding two thousand five hundred miles and not exceeding three thousand five hundred miles, four times those rates; for any distance exceeding three thousand five hundred miles, five times those rates. Subscribers to all periodicals shall be required to pay one quarter's postage in advance, and in all such cases the postage shall be one half the foregoing rates. Bound books, and parcels of printed matter not weighing over thirtytwo ounces, shall be deemed mailable matter under the provisions of

Drop letters.

ters.

Rates of postage on newspapers sent from scribers.

papers, and on circulars, peri-odicals, &c.

this section. And the postage on all printed matter other than newspapers and periodicals published at intervals not exceeding three months, and sent from the office of publication, to actual and bona fide subscribers, to be prepaid; and in ascertaining the weight of newspapers for the purpose of determining the amount of postage chargeable thereon, they shall be weighed when in a dry state. And whenever any printed matter on which the postage is required by this section to be prepaid, shall, through the inattention of postmasters or otherwise, be sent without prepayment, the same shall be charged with double the amount of postage which would have been chargeable thereon if the postage had been prepaid; but nothing in this act contained shall subject to postage any matter which is exempted from the from postage. payment of postage by any existing law. And the Postmaster-General, by and with the advice and consent of the President of the United eign countries States, shall be, and he hereby is, authorized to reduce or enlarge, from or enlarged. time to time, the rates of postage upon all letters and other mailable matter conveyed between the United States and any foreign country, for the purpose of making better postal arrangements with other governments, or counteracting any adverse measures affecting our postal intercourse with foreign countries; and postmasters at the office of delivery are hereby authorized, and it shall be their duty, to remove the wrappers and envelopes from all printed matter and pamphlets not charged with letter postage, for the purpose of ascertaining whether there is upon or connected with any such printed matter, or in such package, any matter or thing which would authorize or require the charge of a higher rate of postage thereon. And all publishers of pamphlets, periodicals, magazines, and newspapers, which shall not exceed sixteen ounces in weight, shall be allowed to interchange their publications reciprocally, free of postage : Provided, That such interchange shall be confined to a single copy of each publication: And provided, also, That said publishers may enclose in their publications the bills for subscriptions thereto, without any additional charge for postage: And provided, further, That in all cases where newspapers shall not contain over three hundred square inches, they may be transmitted through the mails by the publishers to bona fide subscribers, at one fourth the rates fixed by this act.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Postage stamps, Postmaster-General to provide and furnish to all deputy postmasters. and and to all other persons applying and paying therefor, suitable postage stamps, (a) of the denomination of three cents, and of such other denominations as he may think expedient, to facilitate the prepayment of postages provided for in this act; and any person who shall forge or postages provided for in this act; and any person who shah long of forging or coun-counterfeit any postage stamp provided or furnished under the provis- terieiting, &c., ions of this or any former act, whether the same are impressed or stamps. printed on, or attached to, envelopes or not, or any die, plate, or engraving therefor, or shall make or print, or knowingly use or sell, or 1845, ch. 69, § 5. have in his possession with intent to use or sell, any such false, forged, or counterfeited die, plate, engraving, or postage stamp, or who shall make or print, or authorize or procure to be made or printed, any postage stamps of the kind provided and furnished by the Postmaster-General as aforesaid, without the especial authority and direction of the post-office department, or who, after such postage stamps have been printed, shall, with intent to defraud the revenues of the postoffice department, deliver any postage stamps to any person or persons other than such as shall be authorized to receive the same by an instrument of writing, duly executed under the hand of the Postmaster-General and the seal of the post-office department, shall, on conviction

Matters free

Rates to for-

Exchanges.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Penalty for

⁽a) For previous provision as to stamps, see act of 1847, ch. 63, § 11.

thereof, be deemed guilty of felony, and be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding five of years, or by both such fine and imprisonment; and the expenses of procuring and providing all such postage stamps and letter envelopes, as are provided for or authorized by this act, shall be paid, after being adjusted by the auditor of the post-office department, on the certificate of the Postmaster-General, out of any money in the treasury arising from the revenues of the post-office department.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of every postmaster to cause to be defaced, in such manner as the Postmaster-General shall direct, all postage stamps attached to letters deposited in his office, for delivery, or to be sent by mail; and if any postmaster sending letters in the mail with postage stamps attached shall omit to deface the same, it shall be the duty of the postmaster, to whose office such letters shall be sent for delivery, to deface the stamps and report the delinquent postmaster to the Postmaster-General. And if any person shall use, or attempt to use, in prepayment of postage any postage stamp which shall have been before used for like purposes, such person shall be subject to a penalty of fifty dollars for every such offence, to be recovered in the name of the United States in any court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That lists of letters remaining uncalled for in any post-office, in any city, town or villiage [village] where a newspaper shall be printed, shall hereafter be published once only in the newspaper which, being issued weekly or oftener, shall have the largest circulation within the range of delivery of said office, to be decided by the postmaster at such office, at such times, and under such regulations as the Postmaster-General shall prescribe, and at a charge of one cent for each letter advertised. And the postmaster at such office is hereby directed to post in a conspicuous place in his office, a copy of such list, on the day, or day after the publication thereof; and if the publisher of any such paper shall refuse to publish the list of letters as provided in this section, the postmaster may designate some other paper for such purpose. Such lists of letters shall be published once in every six weeks, and as much oftener, not exceeding once a week, as the Postand master-General may specially direct: Provided, That the Postmasterforeign General may, in his discretion, direct the publication of German and other foreign letters in any newspaper printed in the German or any other foreign language, which publication shall be either in lieu of or in addition to the publication of the list of such letters in the manner first in this section provided, as the Postmaster-General shall direct.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That to any postmaster whose commissions may be reduced below the amount allowed at his office for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and whose labors may be increased, the Postmaster-General shall be authorized, in his discretion, to allow such additional commissions as he may deem just and proper: Provided, That the whole amount of commissions allowed such postmaster during any fiscal year shall not exceed by more than twenty per centum the amount of commissions at such office for the year ending the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That no post-office now in existto be discontin- ence shall be discontinued, nor shall the mail service on any mail route ued, nor mail in any of the States or Territories be discontinued or diminished, in service dimin- in any of the States or Territories be discontinued or diminished, in ac- consequence of any diminution of the revenues that may result from this act; and it shall be the duty of the Postmaster-General to establish revenue arising new post-offices, and place the mail service on any new mail routes established, or that may hereafter be established, in the same manner as though this act had not passed.

Expenses stamps and envelopes.

Stamps to be defaced by postmasters.

Penalty for using, or attempting to use stamps already used.

Advertisement of uncalled for letters.

German other letters.

Pay of postmasters.

Proviso.

Post-offices not mail ished, on count of any of diminution from this act. Increase.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That there shall be paid to the post-office department, in further payment and compensation for the for government mail service performed for the two houses of congress and the other postage. departments and officers of the government in the transportation of free matter, the sum of five hundred thousand dollars per year, which shall be paid quarterly, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the moneys appropriated to the post-office department by the twelfth section of the act "to establish certain post routes and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, and remaining undrawn in the treasury, shall continue subject to the requisition of the Postmaster-General for the service of the post- priations made office department, notwithstanding the same may have so remained undrawn for more than two years after it became subject to such requisition.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That there is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the for deficiencies. sum of five hundred thousand dollars, to supply any deficiency that may arise in the post-office department.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That it shall be in the power of the Postmaster-General, at all post-offices where the postmasters are appointed by the President of the United States, to establish post routes within the cities or towns, to provide for conveying letters to the postoffice by establishing suitable and convenient places of deposit, and by employing carriers to receive and deposit them in the post-office; and at all such offices it shall be in his power to cause letters to be delivered by suitable carriers, to be appointed by him for that purpose, for which not exceeding one or two cents shall be charged, to be paid by the person receiving or sending the same, and all sums so received shall be paid into the post-office department: Provided, The amount of compensation allowed by the Postmaster-General to carriers shall in no case exceed the amount paid into the treasury by each town or city, under the provisions of this section.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, it shall be lawful to coin at the mint of the United States value of 3 cents. and its branches, a piece of the denomination and legal value of three cents, or three hundredths of a dollar, to be composed of three-fourths silver and one fourth copper, and to weigh twelve grains and threeeighths of a grain; that the said coin shall bear such devices as shall be conspicuously different from those of the other silver coins, and of the gold dollar, but having the inscription United States of America, and its denomination and date; and that it shall be a legal tender in payment of debts for all sums of thirty cents and under. And that no ingots shall be used for the coinage of the three-cent pieces herein authorized, of which the quality differs more than five thousandths from the legal standard; and that, in adjusting the weight of the said coin, the following deviations from the standard weight shall not be exceeded, namely, one half of a grain in the single piece, and one pennyweight in a thousand pieces. (a.)

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

Appropriation

1847, ch. 63.

Former approsubject to drafts.

Appropriation

Letter carriers.

Proviso.

New coin of

Weight.

Device.

Made a tender.

Weight.

CHAP. XXI. — An Act making Appropriations for the service of the Post-Office March 3, 1851. Department during the fiscal Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following

⁽a) For acts respecting U.S. coins, see note in vol. i. p. 248; Stat. 1849, ch. 109. 1853, ch. 79.

sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated, for the service of the post-office-department, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of the said department, in conformity to the act of the second of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and for other purposes, viz:-

For transportation of the mails, including the service in California Transportation of mails. and Oregon three millions four hundred and seventy-six thousand dollars.

Steamship mail For transportation of the mails in two steamships from New York, to Bremen and by Southampton, to Bremen, at one hundred thousand dollars for each ship, under the contract with the Ocean Steam Navigation Company of New York; and for transportation by two ships under the same contract, from New York to Havre, at seventy-five thousand dollars each, in addition to an unexpended balance of former appropriations, two hundred and sixty-seven thousand dollars. (a.)

For transportation of the mails across the Isthmus of Panama, forty-Isthmus of Panama. five thousand dollars.

> For compensation to postmasters, one million eight hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, forty-five thousand dollars.

For wrapping paper, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For office furniture, nine thousand dollars.

For advertising, eighty thousand dollars.

For mail bags, thirty-six thousand dollars.

For blanks, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For mail-locks, keys, and stamps, ten thousand dollars.

For mail depredations, and special agents, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For clerks in the offices of postmasters, four hundred and twentv-Cerks in postfive thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eighty thousand dollars.

For new mail-locks, and keys, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For maps of post routes, six thousand dollars.

For incidental expenses of post-offices in California, from the dates respectively of their establishment, to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, sixty-six thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in addition to the commissions allowed by law to postmasters; to be expended at such offices in such proportions, and under such regulations, as the Postmaster-General may direct, and to be accounted for as commissions.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint letter carriers for the delivery of letters from any post-office in California or Oregon, and to allow the letter carriers who may be appointed at any such post-office to demand and receive such sum for all letters, newspapers, or other mailable matter delivered by them, as may be recommended by the postmaster for whose office such letter carrier may be appointed, not exceeding five cents for every letter, two cents for every newspaper, Their appoint- and two cents for every ounce of other mailable matter; and the Postmaster-General shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to empower the special agents of the post-office-department in California and Oregon to appoint such letter carriers in their districts respectively, and to fix the rates of their compensation within the limits aforesaid, subject to, and until the final action of, the Postmaster-General thereon. And such appointments may be made, and rates of compensation modified from time to time, as may be deemed expedient; and the rates of compensation may be fixed and graduated in respect to the distance of

> (a) See act of 1845, ch. 69; 1846, ch. 31; 1847, ch. 37; 1848, ch. 79 and ch. 98; 1849, ch. 103; 1850, ch. 56.

Havre.

Postmasters.

Ship, &c., lettere.

St. dries.

offices. Sundries.

Post-offices in California.

Letter carriers in Oregon and California.

ment and compensation.

the place of delivery from the post-office for which such carriers are appointed; but the rate of compensation of any such letter carrier shall not be changed after his appointment, except by the order of the Postmaster-General; and such letter carriers shall be subject to the provisions of the forty-first section of the act entitled "An Act to to provisions of change the organization of the post-office department, and to provide $\frac{5tat}{270}$. more effectually for the settlement of 'the accounts thereof," approved July second, eighteen hundred and thirty-six; except in cases otherwise provided for in this act.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of fine, penalty, Fines ar forfeiture, or disability, or alleged liability for any sum or sums of feitures; money, by way of damages, or otherwise, under any provision of law mission. relating to the post-office department, or the officers, operations, or business thereof, the Postmaster-General shall be, and he is hereby authorized to prescribe such general rules and mode of proceeding, as shall to him appear expedient for the government of the auditor of the post-office department, in ascertaining the facts in each case in which it shall be certified to him by such auditor, that the interests of the department probably require the exercise of the power conferred by this act; and upon the facts being ascertained as aforesaid, the said auditor shall have power, with the written consent of the Postmaster-General, to mitigate or remit such fine, penalty, or forfeiture, remove such disability, and to compromise, release, and discharge such claims for such sum or sums of money and damages, on such terms as the said auditor shall deem just and expedient; and that in all cases where a judgment shall have been obtained for a debt or damages due the of judgments. post-office department, and it shall satisfactorily appear by the return of execution or otherwise, that such judgment, or so much thereof as remains unpaid, cannot be collected by due process of law, the said auditor shall be, and he is hereby authorized, with the written consent of the Postmaster-General, to compromise such judgment and accept in satisfaction thereof, less than the amount of such judgment : **Provided**, That the power conferred by this section shall not extend to any case of fine, penalty, forfeiture, disability, alleged liability or claim which shall be incurred, accrue, or arise subsequent to the passage of this act, or to any judgment obtained after the passage thereof.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General is hereby authorized to allow hereafter to the special agents of the post- of special agents. office department the annual salary of sixteen hundred dollars: *Provided*, That no more shall be expended for this purpose, during the present year, than is already appropriated in this act.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXII. — An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Military March 3, 1851. Academy for the Year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-treo.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any money in formilitary acad-the treasury not otherwise appropriated for the treasury of the treasury the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy, for the year ending the thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

For pay of officers, instructors, cadets, and musicians, eighty-seven thousand four hundred and thirty-six dollars.

For commutation of subsistence, two thousand two hundred and sixty-three dollars.

For forage of officers' horses, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars: Forage. Vol. IX. — Рив. 75

Made subject Stat. 1836, ch.

Fines and fortheir recovery and re-

Compromise

Proviso.

Compensation

Proviso.

Pay of officers, 2c.

Commutation of subsistence.

matics, chemistry, drawing, and French, tant.

1812, ch. 72.

Sundries.

Compensation Provided, That hereafter, in lieu of the pay proper, ordinary rations of professors of forage, and servants, heretofore received under the provisions of the engineers, philosophy, mathe- act of April twelfth, [twenty-ninth,] eighteen hundred and twelve, the ethics, professors of engineers, philosophy, mathematics, ethics, and chemistry, shall be entitled to receive two thousand dollars each, per annum, and and of the adju- the professors of drawing and French, fifteen hundred dollars each, per annum: And that the adjutant of the Military Academy shall hereafter be entitled to receive the same pay and allowances as an adjutant of a regiment of dragoons. (a)

For clothing for officers' servants, thirty dollars.

For repairs and improvements, fuel, apparatus, forage for public horses and oxen, stationery, printing and other incidental and contingent expenses, twenty-seven thousand one hundred and thirty-five dollars.

For increase and expenses of the library, one thousand dollars.

For expenses of the board of visitors, including deficiency in the appropriation for the fiscal year ending thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, three thousand eight hundred dollars.

For expenses of practical instruction in field engineering, comprising purchase of lumber, iron, tools, brush, &c. &c., for construction of trenches, field batteries, magazines, gun and mortar platforms, descents of ditches, mines, and other temporary work, five hundred dollars.

For erecting quarters for engineer troops, five thousand dollars.

For apparatus for warming academy and other buildings with hot air, two thousand five hundred dollars.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851. CHAP. XXIII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Payment of Navy Pensions for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Appropriations United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following navy pen- sums be, and the same are hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the pay of navy pensions, for the year ending thirtieth June, one thousand eight hundred and fiftytwo.

> For invalid pensions, forty thousand dollars. APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851.

for

sions.

CHAP. XXIV. - An Act to divide the District of Arkansas into two Judicial Districts. (b)

Two judicial districts constituted in Arkansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act the counties of Benton, Washington, Crawford, Scott, Polk, Franklin, Johnson, Madison, and Carroll, and all that part of the Indian country lying within the present judicial district of Arkansas, shall constitute a new judicial district, to be styled "the western district of Arkansas," and the residue of said State shall be and remain a judicial district, to be styled "the eastern district of Arkansas."

Terms of court.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the judge of the district

(a) See act of 1812, ch. 72, and 1850, ch. 54.

(b) See note in vol. iv. p. 261, for previous provisions respecting courts in Arkansas.

Board of visitors. 1850, ch. 54.

Practical instruction in field engineering.

Quarters.

Warming apparatus.

court of Arkansas shall hold two terms of said court at the town of Van Buren, the county seat of Crawford county aforesaid, on the second Mondays of May and November in each and every year, and shall continue in session until all the business shall be disposed of; and he is hereby authorized and directed to hold such other special sessions as may be necessary for the despatch of the causes in said court, at such time or times as he may deem expedient, and may adjourn such special sessions to any other time previous to a stated term.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the district court of the United States for the western district of Arkansas hereby established, court for the western district. in addition to the ordinary jurisdiction and powers of a district court, shall, within the limits of its respective district, have jurisdiction of all causes, civil or criminal, except appeals and writs of error, which now are, or hereafter may by law be made cognizable in a circuit court, and shall proceed therein in the same manner as a circuit court; and an appeal or writ of error shall be prosecuted from the final decree or writs of error. judgment of said district court to the supreme court of the United States, in the same manner that appeals and writs of error now are, by law, from a circuit court of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint for the western a district attorney and marshal for said western district of Arkansas, district. who respectively shall receive the same salary and perquisites as the present district attorney and marshal of the State of Arkansas have by law; and the said district judge shall appoint a clerk of said court hereby established.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXV. - An Act to found a Military Asylum for the Relief and Support March 3, 1851. of invalid and disabled Soldiers of the Army of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all soldiers of the army of the United States, and all soldiers who have been, or may members of the hereafter be, of the army of the United States, whether regulars or volunteers, and who have contributed, or may hereafter contribute, according to section seven of this act, to the support of the military asylum hereby created, shall, under the restrictions and provisions which follow, be members of the said asylum, with all the rights annexed thereto.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, for the good government and attainment of the objects proposed by the institution aforesaid, the general-in-chief commanding the army, the generals commanding the eastern and western geographical military divisions, the quartermastergeneral, the commissary-general of subsistence, the paymaster-general, the surgeon-general, and the adjutant-general, shall be, ex officio, commissioners of the same, constituting a board of commissioners, a majority of whom shall have power to establish, from time to time, regu- ers. lations for the general and internal direction of the institution, to be submitted to the Secretary of War for approval; and may do any other act or acts necessary for the government and interests of the same, as authorized herein.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers of the institution shall consist of a governor, a deputy governor, and a secretary, for institution. each separate site of the asylum, the latter to be also treasurer; and the said officers shall be taken from the army, and appointed or removed, from time to time, as the interests of the institution may require, and removal.

Special laws.

Jurisdiction of

Appeals and

District attor-

Clerk.

Who are to be

Government of the asylum.

Commission-

Their powers.

Officers of the

by the Secretary of War, on the recommendation of the board of commissioners.

Who entitled to the privileges of the asylum.

Proviso.

Discharge on recovery.

be entitled to the privileges of the asylum, on transsions while availing themselves of it.

Soldiers con-

Funds for suplum.

Balance ation.

1847, ch. 35. the contributions levied in Mexico.

pages of pay of soldiers, after soldiers, ccrtain tion.

Forfeitures for desertion.

tal and funds. Unclaimed pay

of deceased soldiers, subject to be reclaimed.

Deductions from pay.

ceive denations.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the following persons, members of the army asylum, according to section one, shall be entitled to the rights and benefits herein conferred, and no others, viz : every soldier of the army of the United States who shall have served, or may serve, honestly and faithfully twenty years in the same, and every soldier, and every discharged soldier, whether regular or volunteer, who shall have suffered by reason of disease or wounds incurred in the service and in the line of his duty, rendering him incapable of further military service, if such disability has not been occasioned by his own misconduct: Provided, That no deserter, mutineer, or habitual drunkard, shall be received without such evidence of subsequent service, good conduct and reformation of character as the commissioners shall deem sufficient to authorize his admission.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That any soldier admitted into this institution, for disability as aforesaid, and who shall recover his health, so as to fit him again for military service, (he being under fifty Pensioners to years of age,) shall be discharged : Provided, That any pensioner on account of wounds or disability incurred in the military service, although he may not have contributed to the funds of the institution, ferring their pen- shall be entitled to all the benefits herein provided, upon transferring his pension to said asylum, for and during the period that he may voluntarily continue to receive such benefits.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of the forevicted of felony, going sections shall not be extended to any soldier in the regular or or other disgraceful or infa- volunteer service, who shall have been convicted of felony, or other mous crime, ex- disgraceful or infamous crimes of a civil nature since he shall have cluded from said been admitted into the service of the United States.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That for the support of the said port of the asy-institution the following funds shall be set apart, and the same are of hereby appropriated: any unexpended balance of the appropriation former appropri- made March second, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, now remaining in the treasury, for the benefit of discharged soldiers disabled by \$118,791,19 of wounds; the sum of one hundred and eighteen thousand seven hundred and ninety-one dollars and nineteen cents, levied by the commanding general of the army of the United States in Mexico, during the war with that republic, for the benefit of the soldiers of the United States army, regulars and volunteers, engaged in that war, but taken posses-Fines and stop- sion of as funds of the United States and placed in the treasury; all stoppages or fines adjudged against soldiers by sentence of courts mardeduct tial, over and above any amount that may be due for the reimbursement of government, or of individuals; all forfeitures on account of desertion, all moneys, not exceeding two thirds of the balance on Part of hospi- hand, of the hospital fund, and of the post fund of each military stapost tion, after deducting the necessary expenses of the year, and all moneys belonging to the estates of deceased soldiers, which now are, or may hereafter be unclaimed for the period of three years, subsequent to the death of said soldier or soldiers, to be repaid by the commissioners of the institution, upon the demand of the heirs or legal representatives of the deceased: And provided, also, That from the first day of the month, next after the passage of this act, there shall be deducted from the pay of every non-commissioned officer, musician, artificer, and private, of the army of the United States, the sum of twenty-five cents per month, which sum so deducted shall, by the pay department of the army, be passed to the credit of the commissioners Commissioners of the army asylum, who are hereby also authorized to receive all doauthorized to re- nations of money or property made by any person or persons for the benefit of the institution, and hold the same for its sole and exclusive

use: Provided, That the deduction of twenty-five cents per month from the pay of non-commissioned officers, musicians, artificers, and privates of regiments of volunteers, or other corps or regiments, raised for a limited period, or for a temporary purpose or purposes, shall only be made with their consent.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners of this institution, by and with the approval of the President, be, and the same for the asylum. are hereby authorized and required to procure for immediate use, at a suitable place or places, a site or sites for the Military Asylum, and if the necessary buildings cannot be procured with the site or sites, to have the same erected, having due regard to the health of the locations, facility of access, to economy, and giving preference to such places as, with the most convenience and least cost, will accommodate the persons provided for in this act.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners, with the approval of the Secretary of War, prepare the necessary rules and regulations for the government of said institution, and cause the same to be fitted and furnished for the immediate reception of those persons fitted and furprovided for in this act, and that the Secretary of War report upon the execution of this duty at the next session of Congress.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXVI. - An Act for the Settlement of certain Classes of " Private Land March 3, 1851. Claims" within the Limits of the "Baron De Bastrop Grant," and for allowing Preemptions to certain actual Settlers, in the Event of the final Adjudication of the Title of the said De Bastrop in Favor of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the event of a final adjudication by the court in favor of the United States, on of an adjudicathe "Baron De Bastrop" claim in Louisiana, under the act of Con- the United gress, approved on the seventeenth June, one thousand eight hundred States and forty-four, entitled "An Act to provide for the adjustment of land ing the "Baron claims within the States of Missouri. Arkansas and Louisians and De Bastrop" claims within the States of Missouri, Arkansas, and Louisiana, and in claim, notice to those parts of the States of Mississippi and Alabama south of the be given, and thirty-first degree of north latitude, and between the Mississippi and lowed to file no-Perdido Rivers," the register and receiver for the Ouachita Land Dis- tices. trict, Louisiana, shall give public notice of the fact in some newspaper circulating in the vicinity of the land, and within twelve months from and after the date of the first publication of such notice, it shall and may be lawful for any original claimants of the classes hereinafter mentioned in this section of the present act, their heirs or legal representatives, to file with the aforesaid register and receiver notices descriptive of their claims, and specifying their precise localities and area, with the testimony in support of the same.

First: All bona fide claimants by purchase from De Bastrop, or those holding under him, where the land has been occupied and culti- claimants. vated for twenty years.

Second: All bona fide claimants of "head rights," for not exceeding six hundred and forty acres, their heirs or legal representatives, where the original claimant came over and settled the land under the contract between the Spanish government and De Bastrop, even though the land was not actually sold or conveyed to such original claimants by the said De Bastrop.

Third: All bona fide claimants for not exceeding six hundred and forty acres, as actual settlers prior to the twentieth December, eighteen hundred and three, where they have held such continued possession as to show that they identified themselves with the ownership of the land.

Proviso.

Site or sites

Buildings.

Rules and regulations to be prepared. Asylums to be nished. Report to be made by Secre-retary of War at next session of

Congress.

In the event United

1844, ch. 95.

Classes of

After twelve to be made respecting claims.

Report to be laid before Congress.

Claims recommended for confirmation to be from reserved sale.

Those reported as rejected to be public lands.

ported on by Daniel J. Sutton, confirmed in the event of an adjudication in favor of the United States.

1823, ch. 18. 1820, ch. 87.

Confirmation to operate only ment of title.

sue.

Preëmption right given to certain settlers on said claim.

eď land.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That after the expiration of months, a report the twelve months aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the register and the receiver, pursuant to such instructions as may be given by the commerits of said missioner of the general land office, to make a report with the notices, and all the testimony, to the general land office, specifying all such cases as in their opinion came within the principles recognized under the several heads mentioned in the foregoing section, and which according to those principles ought to be confirmed, and such as in their opinion ought to be rejected.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the commissioner of the general land office to lay the report aforesaid before Congress for final action thereon, and all claims recommended for confirmation shall be reserved from sale until the final action of Congress on the report aforesaid, and all claims reported as rejected shall be treated as other public lands.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the claims numbers forty, treated as other forty-four, forty-five, forty-six, forty-seven, forty-eight, and fifty-one, favorably reported on by Daniel J. Sutton, as register for the district Claims 40, 44, and north of Red River, Louisiana, and entered in the first class of his 51, favorably re- report, dated first January, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, but on account of being within the limits of the Bastrop grant, have been excluded from the confirmatory provisions of the second section of the act of Congress, approved February twenty-eight, eighteen hundred and twenty-three, entitled "An Act supplementary to the several acts for the adjustment of land claims in the State of Louisiana," be, and the same shall be held confirmed, in the event of the final adjudication of the Bastrop claim in favor of the United States as aforesaid: Provided, That this confirmation shall only operate as a relinquishment of as a relinquish- title on the part of the United States, and shall in no way prejudice or affect any sale, or other right existing at the time when the survey shall Patents to is- be executed, of the claims hereby conditionally confirmed; and in the event of the final adjudication of the Bastrop grant as aforesaid, and upon the return of approved plats of survey for the claims specified in this section, relinquishment patents shall be issued as in other cases.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That in the event of a final adjudication, in favor of the United States, of the Bastrop claim, as contemplated by the first section of this act, every bona fide settler on any part of said land, at the time of the extension of the public surveys over the same, who is a man of family, widow, or single man over twenty-one years of age, and an actual housekeeper thereon, and who, but for the reservation heretofore made of said land for the claim of the said Bastrop, would have been entitled to a right of preëmption under some one of the preëmption laws, be, and he is hereby authorized to enter the quarter section so resided on, or by adjoining legal subdivisions, so as to include his residence and land cultivated or

improved, any number of acres not to exceed one hundred and sixty Proof to be acres, upon making proof of such settlement, housekeeping, &c., to year after sur-veys are extend- any time within a year after the public surveys are so extended over over said said land.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851. CHAP. XXXII. — An Act making Appropriations for the Civil and Diplomatic Expenses of Government for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, and for other Purposes.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following

sums be, and are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fiftytwo, namely : --

For compensation and mileage of senators, members of the House of Representatives, and delegates, eight hundred and thirty-five thou- &c., of officers and members of sand and forty dollars.

For compensation of the officers and clerks of both houses of Congress, forty-two thousand five hundred and sixty dollars and fifty cents.

For stationery, fuel, printing, publishing proceedings and debates, and all other contingent expenses of the Senate, one hundred and fifty of Senate. thousand dollars.

For printing, binding, engraving, stationery, furniture, salary of the Contingencies librarian, four clerks of the house, messengers, pages, and laborers, of House of Representatives. For printing, binding, engraving, stationery, furniture, salary of the salaries of extra clerks on index of claims, horses, mail carriages, &c., fuel, oil and candles, newspapers, alterations and repairs, and other miscellaneous items, for Capitol police, and other contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, two hundred and nine thousand nine hundred and seventy-one dollars.

Library of Congress. - For compensation of librarian, two assistant librarians, and messenger, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said library, eight hundred dollars. For purchase of books for said library, five thousand dollars.

For purchase of law books for said library, two thousand dollars. And that of the two thousand copies of the Annals of Congress, con- of tracted for by the secretary of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Representatives, by the act of Congress passed March thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of government, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and for other purposes," a further distribution, in addition to that already authorized by law, shall be made, as follows : One copy to the library of the President of the United States; two copies to each of the executive departments; five copies to the library of Congress; fifty copies to the library of the House of Representatives; twenty-five copies to the document room of the Senate, for the use of the Senate; six copies for the office of the secretary of the Senate; three hundred copies to colleges and literary institutions, and public or incorporated libraries, one to be designated by each senator, representative, and delegate in Congress; twenty-five copies for international exchanges; two copies to the executive office of each State and Territory; sixty copies to supply the several foreign legations of the United States, to be deposited in and distributed under such regulations as may be made by the department of state; two copies for the Military Academy, and two copies to the Naval School; two copies to the Smithsonian Institution; one copy to each Circuit and District Court of the United States; and the residue to be deposited in the department of state, subject to the future disposition of Congress. And the amounts which may from time to time become due to the publishers of the Annals of Congress, for same. under the subscription authorized by the act aforesaid, shall be, and are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

And for defraying the expenses of preparing the opinions of the Attorney's General under the resolution of this house, two thousand torney-generals. dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General.

To enable the Smithsonian Institution to publish a new edition of Wilke's Narrative and the accompanying series of papers; the plates rative. and engravings which have been made at the expense of the United

Compensation, Congress.

Contingencies

Library of Congress and librarian.

Distribution the Annals of Congress.

1850, ch. 90.

Appropriation

Opinions of at-

Wilkes's Nar-

States do be turned, and they are hereby ordered to be delivered over to the said Institution to be used for that purpose.

Executive.—For compensation of the President of the United States, twenty-five thousand dollars.

- Department of State. — For compensation of the Secretary of State, and the clerks and messenger and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For two principal clerks in the department of state, whom the Secretary of State is hereby authorized to appoint, at a salary for each not to exceed two thousand dollars per annum; and for one clerk whom the Secretary of State is hereby authorized to appoint at a salary not exceeding fourteen hundred dollars per annum, five thousand four hundred dollars.

For the incidental and contingent expenses of said department, viz. : For publishing the laws in pamphlet form, and in the newspapers of the States and Territories, and in the city of Washington, eleven thousand nine hundred dollars.

For proof-reading, packing, and distributing laws and documents, including boxes, labor, and transportation, ten thousand dollars.

For stationery, blank books, binding, labor and attendance, furniture, fixtures, repairs, painting and glazing, four thousand four hundred dollars.

For printing (letter press and copper plate) books and maps, two thousand dollars.

For newspapers, two hundred dollars. For extra clerk hire and copying, two thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

For binding the letters, despatches, and other papers which have accumulated in this department, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compiling, printing, and binding the Biennial Register for eighteen hundred and forty-nine, twelve hundred and ninety-four dollars and twenty-five cents.

For compiling, printing, and binding the Biennial Register for eighteen hundred and fifty-one, one thousand eight hundred dollars: *Provided*, That an additional column be inserted therein, showing the State or Territory from which each person was appointed to office: *And Provided further*, That one copy of the same be sent to each of the Secretaries of the State, of the States.

For the expense incurred under the joint resolution, approved September twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and fifty, relating to the publication of the laws of the United States for the years eighteen hundred and fifty and eighteen hundred and fifty-one, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

North-east Executive Building. — For compensation of the superintendent and four watchmen of the north-east executive building, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, namely, for fuel, labor, oil, and repairs, and miscellaneous items, three thousand three hundred dollars.

Dept. Treasury Department. — For compensation of the Secretary of the tary, Treasury, and assistant secretary of the treasury, clerks, messenger and assistant messenger in his office, thirty-two thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the first comptroller and the clerks and messenger in his office, twenty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the second comptroller and the clerks and messenger in his office, twenty-four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

President.

State Department. Secretary, &c.

Additional cierks.

Salaries.

Publishing laws.

Sundries.

Biennial Register for 1849.

Same for 1851.

Proviso.

Distribution.

Publication of laws for 1850-1.

N. E. executive building.

Treasury Dept. Secretary, clerk, &c.

First comptroller. &c.

Second comptroller, &c.

For compensation of the first auditor and the clerks and messenger First auditor, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty-three thousand dollars.

For compensation of the second auditor and twenty-five clerks, messenger and assistant messenger in his office, thirty-four thousand tor, &c. eight hundred dollars, namely: For the second auditor, three thousand dollars; one chief clerk, eighteen hundred dollars; eight clerks, fourteen hundred dollars each; eight clerks, twelve hundred dollars each; eight clerks, one thousand dollars each; one messenger, seven hundred dollars; and one assistant messenger, five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the third auditor, and the clerks, messengers and assistant messenger in his office, fifty-eight thousand nine hundred &c. and fifty dollars.

For compensation to temporary clerks employed in the office of the third auditor in making out certificates of service from the muster rolls clerks. of eighteen hundred and twelve, and the several Indian wars, twenty-three thousand three hundred and two dollars: *Provided*, That no clerk shall receive more than at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum under this act, except one, whose salary shall be sixteen hundred dollars per annum, and four others whose per diem shall be four dollars per day.

For compensation of the fourth auditor, and the clerks, messenger and assistant messenger in his office, twenty thousand four hundred tor, &c. dollars.

For compensation of the fifth auditor, and the clerks and messenger in his office, fifteen thousand six hundred dollars. &c.

For compensation of the treasurer of the United States, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the register of the treasury, and the clerks and messenger and assistant messenger in his office, thirty thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of the solicitor of the treasury, and the clerks and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand eight hundred fifty dollars, the salary of one of the clerks in this office, per act of seventeenth June eighteen hundred and forty-four, being hereby increased to one clerk increased. thousand dollars per annum.

For compensation of the commissioner of customs, and the clerks and messenger in his office, sixteen thousand five hundred dollars.

Contingent Expenses of the Treasury Department.-

In the office of the Secretary of the Treasury.

For copying, labor, blank books, stationery, sealing ships' registers, the Treasury. translating foreign languages, printing, advertising, printing the public accounts, transmission of Mediterranean passports and sea letters, carrying the department mails, extra clerk hire for preparing and collecting information to be laid before Congress, fifteen thousand two hundred dollars.

For printing twenty thousand copies of the report on Commerce and Navigation of the United States, three hundred and seventy-two pages, report on comrule and figure work, at the prices of eighteen hundred and nineteen, gation. deducting thirty-five per cent., according to agreement; and binding eight thousand six hundred and ten copies of the same, per act approved sixteenth September eighteen hundred and fifty, ten thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars : Provided, That hereafter said reports be printed by the public printer, as other documents.

For miscellaneous expenses, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

In the office of the First Comptroller.

For furniture, one hundred dollars.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing and labor, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

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Second audi-

Third auditor,

Temporary

Their pay.

Fourth audi-

Fifth auditor,

Treasurer, &c.

Register, &c.

Solictor, &c.

Salary of one 1844, ch. 105.

Secretary of Sundries.

Printing, &c.,

1850, ch. 55.

Miscellaneous. First comptroller.

602	THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS. Sess. II. CH. 32. 1851.
Second comp- troller.	For miscellaneous items, one hundred and twenty-five dollars. In the office of the Second Comptroller. For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing blanks, including pay for the National Intelligencer and Union, to be filed, bound, and preserved for the use of the office, seven hundred dollars. For labor, office furniture, and miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.
First auditor.	In the office of the First Auditor.
Second auditor.	
	For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, office furniture, printing blanks, including pay for the Republic and Union, to be filed, bound, and preserved in the office, and miscellaneous items, fifteen hundred dollars.
Third auditor.	In the office of the Third Auditor. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, office furniture, in- cluding carpeting and labor, two thousand seven hundred dollars. For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. For expenses of arranging document rooms, and preserving files and
Fourth auditor.	papers, one thousand dollars.
Fifth auditor.	For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. In the office of the Fifth Auditor. For blank books, binding, stationery, and labor, four hundred and twenty-five dollars.
Treasurer.	For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars. In the office of the Treasurer. For blank books, binding, labor, stationery, and printing, one thou-
Register.	sand dollars. For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars. In the office of the Register. For blank books, binding, and stationery, two thousand five hundred dollars.
Solicitor.	For blank forms of imports and exports, certificates of registers, blank enrolments, and licenses of vessels, for the use of the collectors of the customs, one thousand dollars. For labor, and other miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars. In the office of the Solicitor. For blank books, binding, stationery, printing circulars, and blanks,
	for district attorneys, clerks of courts, and marshals, and labor, one thousand and fifty dollars. For miscellaneous items, two hundred dollars. For statutes and reports, including those of the several states, one thousand dollars.
Commissioner of customs.	For mahogany case and stand for safe keeping of the official seal, twenty-six dollars and seventy-five cents. In the office of the Commissioner of Customs. For blank books, stationery, printing, and labor, seventeen hundred dollars.
S. E. execu- tive building.	For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars. South-east Executive Building. — For compensation of the superin- tendent and eight watchmen of the south-east executive building, four thousand five hundred dollars.
	For contingent expenses of said building, namely: For labor, fuel, and lights, fourteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For rent of additional buildings for the accommodation of the offices of the treasury department, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For fuel, watching, and miscellaneous items for the same, four thousand dollars.

Department of the Interior. - For compensation of the Secretary Department of of the Interior, and the clerks, messenger, and laborers in his office, the Interior. twenty-four thousand seven hundred dollars.

and the recorder, draughtsman, assistant draughtsman, clerks, messen- of land office gers, assistant messengers, and nackers in his first sand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of the commissioner of Indian affairs, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, eighteen thou- of Indian affairs, &c. sand seven hundred dollars.

For compensation of the commissioner of pensions, and the clerks and messengers in his office, fifty-four thousand two hundred and of pensions, &c. thirty-seven dollars and eighty-six cents; the annual salary of the chief clerk being increased one hundred dollars.

For temporary clerks in the pension office, twenty thousand seven hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-three cents: **Provided**, clerks in pension of That said temporary clerks shall not be allowed more than three dol- and pay. lars and thirty-three and one third cents per day.

Contingent Expenses of the Department of the Interior. --

In the office of the Secretary of the Interior.

For books, stationery, furniture, and other contingencies, two thou- interior. sand dollars.

For library, maps, &c., one thousand dollars.

In the General Land Office.

For compensation of three temporary clerks, per act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, three thousand seven hun- 1849, ch. 100, § 7. dred and fifty-six dollars.

For compensation of seven laborers, at five hundred dollars per annum, per act of thirtieth September eighteen hundred and fifty, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For tract books, patent records, parchment, records of correspondence, stationery, blank books, and blank forms for district offices, advertising land sales, binding plats, field notes, and office furniture, and repairs of the same, including miscellaneous items, twenty-three thousand six hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents.

To meet requirements of the act "granting bounty land to certain officers and soldiers who have been engaged in the military service of the United States, approved September twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and fifty, for patent records and parchment for same, blank forms of returns, &c., twenty-eight thousand dollars.

For tract books, plat books, stationery, and instruments for the office of the surveyor-general, and including four iron safes for the offices connected with the public lands in Oregon, California, Utah, and New Mexico, and transportation, seven thousand dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. For blank books, binding, and stationery, one thousand dollars. For labor, two hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

In the office of the Commissioner of Pensions.

For stationery, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For printing blank forms, regulations, circulars, and for advertising, six thousand dollars.

For furniture, one thousand dollars.

For binding books, one thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

Secretary, &c.

Commissioner

Commissioner

Temporary the office,

Contingent expenses of the de-

1850, ch. 90.

1850, ch. 85.

Building occupied by Secretary of the Interior.

For compensation of superintendent of building, and four watchmen for the same, five hundred and fifty dollars, (in addition to an unexpended balance on hand.)

War Department. — For compensation of the Secretary of War, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, seventeen thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerk and messenger in the office of the commanding general, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the adjutant-general, ten thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the quartermaster-general, twelve thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of clothing and equipage, Philadelphia, four thousand and forty dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the paymaster-general, nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the commissary-general of subsistence, six thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the chief engineer, five thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the surgeon-general, three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the office of the colonel of ordnance, eight thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the bureau of topographical engineers, four thousand nine hundred dollars.

Contingent Expenses of the War Department. —

In the office of the Secretary of War.

For blank books, binding, stationery, labor, and printing, newspapers and periodicals, one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For books, maps, and plans, one thousand dollars.

For extra clerks in the war department, fifteen hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, fife [five] hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Commanding General.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Adjutant-General.

For printing army register, general orders, circulars, &c., seven hundred dollars.

For blank books, binding, and stationery, five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, including office furniture, three hundred dollars.

In the office of the Quartermaster-General, including the office at Philadelphia.

For blank books, binding, and stationery, seven hundred dollars.

For labor, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For printing, two hundred dollars.

For office rent at Philadelphia, five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, four hundred dollars.

In the office of the Paymaster-General.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

In the office of the Commissary-General of Subsistence.

For blank books, binding, stationery, printing, advertizing, and labor, three thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one hundred and fifty dollars.

In the office of the Chief Engineer.

For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing, six hundred dollars.

Contingent expenses of the war department.

War ment. depart-

For miscellaneous items, including subscriptions to two daily Washington newspapers, four hundred dollars.

In the office of the Surgeon-General.

For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing, one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one hundred dollars.

In the office of the Colonel of Ordnance.

For blank books, binding, stationery, and printing, five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, three hundred and fifty dollars.

In the bureau of Topographical Engineers.

For blank books, binding, stationery, &c., seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For labor, five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

North-west Executive Building .- For compensation of the superin-N. W. exccutendent and four watchmen of the north-west executive building, two ^{tive building.} thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses for said building, namely, for labor, fuel, and light, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, sixteen hundred dollars.

Building corner of F. and Seventeenth Streets. — For rent of house Building coron north-west corner of F. and Seventeenth Streets, and warming all ner of F. and Seventeenth Sts. the rooms in it, twenty-one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For compensation of superintendent and four watchmen of the building corner of F. and Seventeenth Streets, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses for said building, namely, for labor, five hundred and forty dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred and sixty dollars.

Navy Department. - For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy, Navy departand the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, twenty- ment. two thousand dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the bureau of construction, equipment, and repairs, and the assistant constructor, draftsman, clerks, construction. and messenger in his office, thirteen thousand six hundred dollars.

For compensation of the naval constructor and the engineer-in-chief, six thousand dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the bureau of ordnance and hydrography, and of draftsmen, clerks, and messenger in his office, nine nance and hy-drography. thousand four hundred dollars.

For compensation of the chief of the bureau of navy yards and docks, and of the civil engineer, draftsman, clerks, and messenger in his vy yards and office twelve thousand six hundred dollars, the chief clark being docks. office, twelve thousand six hundred dollars; the chief clerk being Salary of chief restored to the salary he received as chief clerk to the late navy clerk. board. Bureau of pro-

For compensation of the clerks and messenger in the bureau of visions provisions and clothing, seven thousand three hundred dollars.

clothing. For the annual salary of the chief of the bureau of medicine and icine and surgesurgery, three thousand dollars.

ry. For compensation of the assistant surgeon, clerks, and messenger in the office of the chief of the bureau of medicine and surgery, four thousand seven hundred dollars.

Contingencies of the Navy Department.

For contingencies of the navy department, and all the bureaux connected therewith, namely, for blank books, binding, stationery, printing, labor, and office rent, six thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars.

South-west Executive Building. - For compensation of the superin- utive building.

Bureau of med-

and

Contingencies.

s. w. exec

Secretary, &c. Bureau of

Bureau of ord-

Bureau of na-

tendent and three watchmen of the south-west executive building, one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses of said building, namely, for labor, fuel, and lights, one thousand six hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars. Post-Office Department. -- For compensation of the Postmaster-

General, six thousand dollars.

For compensation of three assistant postmasters-general, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, and watchmen of said department, ninety-five thousand nine hundred dollars.

For compensation of the superintendent of the post-office, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of temporary clerks, one thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of said department, viz. :---

For blank books, binding, stationery, fuel for the general post-office building, oil, gas, and candles, printing, labor, and day watchman, nine thousand seven hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

For repairs of the general post-office building, for office furniture, glazing, and whitewashing, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the auditor of the post-office department, and the clerks, messenger, and assistant messenger in his office, one hundred and three thousand two hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses, viz.: blank books, binding, stationery, labor, printing, blanks, circulars, and miscellaneous items and furniture, nine thousand two hundred dollars.

Intercourse with Foreign Nations. - For salaries of the ministers of the United States to Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Spain, of Brazil, Mexico, and Chili, seventy-two thousand dollars: Provided, to That the act entitled "An Act to carry into effect the convention Great Britain, between the United States and the Emperor of Brazil," concluded on the twenty-seventh day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, shall be, and the same is hereby, continued in force for the period of one year from and after the first day of March, eighteen hundred and fifty-one.

> For the salaries of the secretaries of legation to the same places, sixteen thousand dollars.

For salary of minister resident to Turkey, six thousand dollars.

For salary of the dragoman to the legation to Turkey, twenty-five hundred dollars.

For salary of an assistant dragoman and secretary to the legation to Turkey, fifteen hundred dollars.

For salaries of charges des affaires to Portugal, Austria, Denmark, Sweden, Holland, Belgium, Naples, Sardinia, the Papal States, Peru, New Grenada, Venezuela, Buenos Ayres, Bolivia, Gautemala, [Guatemala,] Eucador, [Ecuador,] and Nicaragua, seventy-six thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of all the missions abroad, forty thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of foreign intercourse, thirty thousand dollars.

For expenses of intercourse with the Barbary Powers, nine thousand dollars.

For salary of the consul at London, two thousand dollars.

For salary of the commissioner to the Sandwich Islands, three thouto Sandwich Isl- sand dollars.

For interpreters, guards, and other expenses of the consulates at Constantinople, Smyrna, and Alexandria, fifteen hundred dollars.

For office rent of the consul at Basle, in Switzerland, one hundred dollars.

Intercourse with foreign nations. Salaries ministers Act of 1850, ch. 6, continued in force.

Secretaries of legation.

Turkey.

Charges des affaires.

Contingent expenses.

Barbary Powers.

Consul at London. Commissioner

ands.

Post-office department.

For salary of a commissioner to reside in China, including the Commissioner additional compensation under the act to carry into effect certain in China. 1848, ch. 150. provisions in the treaties between the United States and China and Ottoman Porte, six thousand dollars.

For salary of the interpreter and secretary to said mission, twentyfive hundred dollars.

For compensation to the consuls at the five ports in China, viz: Consuls Kwang Chow, Amoy, Fuchow, Ning-po, and Shanghai, five thousand China. dollars.

For salary of the consul-general at Alexandria, three thousand dollars.

For relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For clerk hire, office rent, and other expenses of the office of the countries. consul at London, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For salary of the consul-general at Beirout, five hundred dollars. For compensation of the commissioner on Brazilian claims, three

thousand dollars.

For compensation of the clerk of said commissioner, two thousand dollars: And the President of the United States shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to make such provision for the contingent expenses of the commission as he may deem proper.

Mint of the United States.

At Philadelphia.

For salaries of the director, treasurer, chief coiner, melter and refiner, engraver, assistant assayer, and their clerks, twenty-one thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, forty-seven thousand dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs and wastage, in addition to the available funds on hand, seven hundred dollars.

For specimens of ores and coins to be reserved at the mint, three hundred dollars.

At Charlotte, North Carolina.

For salaries of superintendent, coiner, assayer, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen and watchmen, four thousand one hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, fifteen hundred dollars.

At Dahlonega, Georgia.

For salaries of superintendent, coiner, assayer, and clerk, six thousand dollars.

For wages of workmen, three thousand six hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, repairs, and wastage, one thousand four hundred dollars.

At New Orleans.

For salaries of the superintendent, treasurer, assayer, coiner, melter, refiner, and clerks, seventeen thousand three hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen, thirty-three thousand five hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including fuel, materials, stationery, water rent, repairs, new machinery, and wastage, in addition to available funds on hand, forty-five thousand two hundred dollars.

Judiciary. --- For salaries of the chief justice of the Supreme Court, and eight associate judges, forty-one thousand dollars.

For salaries of the district judges, seventy thousand dollars.

For salaries of the chief justice of the District of Columbia, the associate judges, and the judges of the Criminal Court and Orphans Court, eleven thousand two hundred dollars.

Judiciary. Judges.

U. S. Mint.

in

Alexandria.

American seamen in foreign

London.

Beirout. Commissioner on Brazilian claims. Clerk.

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Attorney-General, &c.

For salaries of the attorney-general, and the clerks and messenger in his office, ten thousand three hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the office of the attorney-general, five hundred dollars.

For salary of the reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court, thirteen hundred dollars, if only one volume of the reports shall be published as heretofore; and in case the Supreme Court shall direct him to publish two volumes, then the sum of thirteen hundred dollars for each volume so published.

For compensation of the district attorneys, being two hundred dollars each, as prescribed by law, eight thousand eight hundred dollars.

For compensation of the marshals, seven thousand four hundred dollars.

For defraying the expenses of the Supreme, Circuit, and District Courts of the United States, including the District of Columbia, also for jurors and witnesses, in aid of the funds arising from fines, penalties, and forfeitures, incurred in the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, and previous years, and likewise for defraying the expenses of suits in which the United States are concerned, and of prosecutions for offences committed against the United States, and for the safe keeping of prisoners, five hundred and ninetytwo thousand seven hundred and forty-seven dollars.

Lighthouse Establishment. - For supplying lighthouses, containing for three thousand and ninety-three lamps, with oil, tube glasses, wicks, buff skins, whiting, and cotton cloth, transportation, and other expenses on the same, and for repairing and keeping in repair the lighting apparatus, one hundred and fifty-two thousand and eighty-one dollars and fifty-nine cents.

For repairs and incidental expenses, refitting and improvements of lighthouses and buildings connected therewith, eighty-nine thousand six hundred and ninety-eight dollars and sixty-four cents.

For salaries of three hundred and two keepers of lighthouses and twenty assistants, (twenty-five of them charged with double and two with triple lights,) and including one thousand two hundred dollars for salary of an inspector of lights on the upper lakes, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand and three dollars and thirty-three cents.

For seamen's wages, repairs, and supplies of forty floating lights, eighty-six thousand eight hundred and fifteen dollars and twenty-four cents.

For expenses of weighing, mooring, and cleansing, repairing, and supplying losses of beacons, buoys, chains and sinkers, thirty-seven thousand and eight dollars and two cents.

For salaries of forty keepers of floating lights, twenty-one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For expenses of superintendents in visiting lighthouses annually, and reporting their condition, two thousand dollars.

For superintendents' commissions at two and a half per cent. on five hundred and sixteen thousand three hundred and fifty-six dollars and eighty-two cents, appropriated above, for lighthouse purposes, twelve thousand nine hundred and eight dollars and ninety-two cents : Certain collec- Provided, That the collectors at the several ports at which the collector has heretofore discharged the duties or acted as superintendents of lights, shall continue to discharge them, and to act as such: And

provided, further, That collectors whose compensation exceeds twentyfive hundred dollars, shall receive no compensation as superintendents of lights, or disbursing agents.

Hospitals.-For completion of the marine hospital at Chicago, Illinois, four thousand seven hundred and twelve dollars.

Reporter.

District attorneys.

Marshals.

Miscellaneous.

Lighthouses. Supplies lighthouses.

Repairs, &c., of lighthouses.

Salaries. &c.

Floating lights.

Beacons, buoys, &с.

Salaries.

Superintendents.

Their commissions.

tors to act as superintendents.

Proviso.

Hospitals.

For the completion of the marine hospital at St. Louis, Missouri. twenty-two thousand eight hundred and six dollars.

For marine hospital at Natchez, Mississippi, twenty thousand dollars. For marine hospital at Louisville, Kentucky, seven thousand dollars. For marine hospital at Paducah, Kentucky, eleven thousand dollars. For marine hospital at Napoleon, Arkansas, twelve thousand dollars. For marine hospital at Cleveland, Ohio, twelve thousand nine hundred and nine dollars and five cents.

Customs. -- For continuing the construction of the custom-house at New Orleans, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars : Provided, That At leans, there shall be no material departure from the original adopted plan or materials contracted for, and that the main business room shall remain plan and materials. as contemplated in said plan: And be it further provided, The better to enable the commissioners to comply with this proviso, that the architect and author of said plan be employed to furnish all information relating to the anatomical parts of the work, working drawings, specifications, &c., at a salary not exceeding eight dollars per day: And be it also provided, further, That the acting architect shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and pay of act-ing architects. and no other person shall be employed at a salary or per diem allowance on said building, except the operatives under the direction of the architect.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house at Charleston, South Carolina, one hundred thousand dollars.

For continuing the construction of the custom-house at Savannah, Georgia, thirty-three thousand dollars.

For furniture and fixtures for the accommodation of the officers of the revenue, as also for the post-office, and United States courts, in the custom-house at Savannah, Georgia, six thousand five hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For the completion of the custom-house at San Francisco, California, three hundred thousand dollars; but no part of this sum shall be expended unless the same shall complete the work.

For the construction of a building for a custom-house, independent treasury, and other offices of the United States, at St. Louis, Missouri, in addition to appropriation of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty, twenty-five thousand dollars; but no part of this sum shall be expended unless the same shall complete the work.

For purchasing a site and commencing the erection of a suitable building in the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, for custom-house, postoffice, court rooms, and other offices of the United States, the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars : Provided, That the said building shall be exempted from city taxes, and all other taxes whatever, by the act of the legislature of Pennsylvania: And provided, further, That the plan of the building shall be such, that the whole cost, both of site and building, shall in no event exceed the appropriation herein made.

For purchasing a site and commencing the erection of a suitable building in the city of Louisville, Kentucky, for custom-house, postoffice, court rooms, and other offices of the United States, the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars : Provided, That the said building shall be exempted from city taxes, and all other taxes whatever, by the act of the legislature of Kentucky: And provided further, That the plan of the building shall be such that the whole cost, both of the site and building, shall in no event exceed the appropriation herein made.

For the construction of a building for a custom-house, independent treasury, and other offices of the United States, at Cincinnati, Ohio, buildings at Cinin addition to the appropriation of thirtieth of September, eighteen hundred and fifty, twenty-five thousand dollars; but no part of this sum shall be expended unless the same shall complete the work.

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Customs. At New Or-Proviso as to

Per diem of architect.

Appointment

At Charleston.

At Savannah.

At San Francisco.

At St. Louis.

1850, ch. 90.

Government buildings at Pittsburgh.

Taxes.

Proviso.

Government building. Louisville. at

Taxes.

Proviso.

Government cinnati. 1850, ch. 90.

States, including compensation to superintendent and assistants, (and

excluding the pay and rations of officers of the army and navy, and petty officers and men of the navy employed on the work,) one hun-

dred and eighty thousand dollars.

Coast survey. In general.

Coasts, &c., of South Florida.

For continuing the survey of the reefs, shoals, keys, and coasts of South Florida, by the superintendent of the coast survey, (and excluding the pay and rations of officers of the army and navy, and petty officers and men of the navy employed on the work,) thirty thousand dollars.

For continuing the survey of the western coast of the United States by the superintendent of the coast survey, one hundred thousand dollars.

Independent Treasury. - For salaries of the assistant treasurers of the United States, at New York, Boston, Charleston, and St. Louis, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

For additional salaries of the treasurer of the mint at Philadelphia of one thousand dollars, and of the treasurer of the branch mint at New Orleans, of five hundred dollars --- fifteen hundred dollars.

For salaries of ten clerks, authorized by the act of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and of the twelfth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, nine thousand six hundred dollars, the salary of the clerk of the sub-treasurer at New Orleans being hereby increased from first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, to fifteen hundred dollars.

For salary of the chief clerk of the assistant treasurer at New York, fifteen hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses under the act for the safe keeping, collecting, transfer, and disbursement of the public revenue, of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, sixteen thousand five hundred dollars : Provided, That no part of said sum of sixteen thousand five hundred dollars shall be expended for clerical services.

For compensation to special agents to examine books, accounts, and money on hand in the several depositories, under the act of sixth August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, five thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous. - For expenses of loans and treasury notes, twenty thousand dollars.

For the discharge of such miscellaneous claims not otherwise provided for, as shall be admitted under course of settlement at the treasury, five thousand dollars : Provided, That no part of the appropriation shall be drawn from the treasury, except in pursuance of some law or resolution of Congress authorizing the expenditure.

For supply of deficiencies in the fund for the relief of sick seamen, two hundred thousand dollars.

Surveyors-General and their Clerks. - For compensation of the surveyor-general of Oregon, and the clerks in his office, six thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general north-west of the Ohio, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Illinois and Missouri, and the clerks in his office, five thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Louisiana, and the clerks in his office, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Florida, and the clerks in his office, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the surveyor-general of Wisconsin and Iowa, and the clerks in his office, eight thousand three hundred dollars.

For clerks in the offices of the surveyors-general, to be apportioned

Western coast.

Independent treasury. Salaries.

1846, ch. 90. 1848, ch. 166. Increase of salary of clerk at New Orleans.

1846, ch. 90.

Special agents. 1846, ch. 90.

Miscellaneous.

Sick seamen.

Surveyors-gen-eral and their clerks.

to them according to the exigencies of the public service, and if necessary, to be employed in transcribing field notes of surveys, for the purpose of preserving them at the seat of government, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Government in the Territories. -

Territory of Oregon.

For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twenty-four thousand dollars.

Territory of Minnesota.

For salary of governor, three judges, and secretary, eight thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salary of superintendent of Indian affairs, one thousand dollars. For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twentyfour thousand dollars.

Territory of New Mexico.

For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, eight thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salary of superintendent of Indian affairs, one thousand dollars. For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twenty-four thousand dollars.

Territory of Utah.

For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, eight thousand seven hundred dollars.

For salary of superintendent of Indian affairs, one thousand dollars. For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twenty-four thousand dollars: Provided, That the salaries specified above, for any of the officers of any of the Territories of the United States, shall not be paid in case be paid in any case where any of said officers shall absent themselves more than 60 from said Territories and their official duties for a period of time days. greater than sixty days.

Surveys of Public Lands. - For surveying the public lands, in addition to the unexpended balance of former appropriations, viz: For surveying the public lands, including incidental expenses, to be apportioned to the several districts according to the exigencies of the public service, the part to be applied to the surveys required by the location and survey of private claims in Florida, to be disbursed at augmented rates, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars: Provided, That no land bounty for military services granted by the act of twenty-eighth be open to warof September, eighteen hundred and fifty, entitled "An Act granting rants bounty land to certain officers and soldiers who have engaged in the military service of the United States," or by virtue of any other act of Congress heretofore passed, granting land bounties for military services, shall be satisfied out of any public land not heretofore brought into market, and now subject to entry at private sale under existing laws.

For completing the survey of the copper region of Michigan, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, twenty-five thousand two hundred dollars.

For re-surveying and correcting erroneous surveys in the lower penin-

No salaries to

Surveys. In general.

Proviso as to what lands shall under bounty act of 1850, ch. 85.

Territorial government.

sular of Michigan, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

For survey of the Menomonee cession, Wisconsin, at a rate not exceeding five dollars per mile, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For surveys in the southern part of Missouri, east of the meridian, at a rate not exceeding five dollars per mile, five thousand dollars.

For correction of erroneous and defective lines of the public and private surveys in Missouri, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, two thousand dollars.

For retracing and re-surveying fraudulent and erroneous work in Arkansas, at a rate not exceeding four dollars per mile, fifteen thousand dollars.

For correcting detached erroneous surveys in Arkansas, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, one thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

For surveying in Louisiana, at augmented rates, twenty thousand dollars.

For the survey of private claims in Florida, under the act of twentyeighth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, including the work now under contract, ten thousand dollars.

For completing certain surveys in Florida, including scrap work, at a rate not exceeding six dollars per mile, in consequence of the difficulties attending the execution of the same, ten thousand dollars.

For running and marking the base and meridian lines in Oregon, as required by the third section of the act of twenty-seventh September, eighteen hundred and fifty, nine thousand dollars.

For surveying in Oregon of township lines and subdivisions of townships at a rate not to exceed twelve dollars per mile, fifty-one thousand eight hundred and forty dollars: *Provided*, That this rate of compensation shall cease on the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two.

uild- *Public Buildings.*—For the purchase of tree boxes, leather, wire, and twine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For the hire of two carts at two dollars per day each, for two hundred and fifty days, one thousand dollars.

For manure for the public grounds, six hundred dollars.

For the purchase of trees for the mall and other public grounds, one thousand dollars.

For expense of enclosing and prepairing public *public* grounds, for nursery, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For the casual repairs of the Capitol, repairs of water closets, cleaning furnaces, &c., repairing stables, and various other appendages to the Capitol, four thousand five hundred dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House to cause to be erected in the basement under the east entrance of the Capitol nearest the House of Representatives, a suitable furnace for warming and excluding the dampness from that part of the building, the sum of five hundred dollars.

For improving public grounds, north, south, and west of the Capitol, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For compensation of the western gate-keeper, seven hundred and thirty dollars.

For compensation of two additional watchmen at the park, three hundred and sixty-five dollars each, seven hundred and thirty dollars.

For compensation of the messenger attendant in part on the main furnace, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the laborer employed by the commissioner of public buildings, for cleaning rotunda, water closets, &c., three hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For compensation of the public gardner, one thousand two hundred dollars.

1848, ch. 83.

1850, ch. 76.

Public buildings.

Furnace Capitol. in

For compensation of sixteen laborers employed on the public grounds and President's garden, at forty dollars per month each, seven thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

For annual repairs of the President's house, garden, and laborers, gravelling the walks in President's Square, &c., five thousand dollars.

For purchase of books for library at the executive mansion, two hundred fifty dollars, to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States.

For lighting Pennsylvania Avenue from the treasury department to Lighting Pennthe Capitol, and compensation to two lamp-lighters for the same, and sylvania for lighting the Capitol grounds and President's house, twelve thousand dollars: Provided, however, That no contract shall be made for a longer term than one year, and that the commissioner of public buildings advertise for proposals for furnishing gas to light the Capitol, President's house, Pennsylvania Avenue, [and] other public grounds, after the first day of March, eighteen hundred and fifty-two; and that a contract be made with the person offering the best terms, under the direction of the committee on public buildings.

For compensation of four assistant draw-keepers at the Potomac bridge, including oil for lamps, machinery, firewood, repairs of the northern abutments, and other casual repairs, five thousand dollars.

For repairs of the bridges on the eastern branch of the Potomac, pay of draw-keepers, oil for lamps and machinery, four thousand dollars.

For the support, care, and medical treatment of twelve transient paupers, medical and surgical patients in the Washington Infirmary, Infirmary, two thousand dollars.

For completing the grading, and planting with trees, and enclosing Public grounds. the public mall, from Third Street to the Potomac River, thirteen thousand dollars.

For continuing the improvements, grading, and planting with trees the grounds south of the President's house, ten thousand dollars: Provided, further, That all unexpended balances of moneys heretofore appropriated, and herein appropriated for the improvement of the public grounds in the city of Washington, shall be expended under the direct der direction of tion of the President of the United States, in execution of such plan or the President. plans as he may adopt.

For supplying the deficiency in the last appropriation for improving New Jersey Avenue, south of the Capitol, according to the grade established by the corporation of Washington, four thousand dollars.

For completing the improvements of New Jersey Avenue, north of the Capitol, according to the grade established by the corporation of Washington, from North B Street to North E Street, including a bridge over the Tiber, in addition to the amount on hand, ten thousand dollars.

To supply deficiency in appropriation for continuing the pavement around the Capitol, one thousand dollars.

For extending the gas pipes, and providing lamp posts, lamps, and burners, in front of the executive buildings on Fifteenth and Seventeenth Streets, and the north front of the President's grounds, six thousand five hundred dollars.

For grading and paving, with round stone, Twelfth and Fourteenth Streets from the Canal to South B Street, nine thousand dollars.

For grading and improving Maryland Avenue, from Seventh Street to the Potomac bridge, six thousand five hundred dollars.

For grading and paving with round stone, Seventeenth Street, from Pennsylvania Avenue to the south side of New York Avenue, and Street. continuing the sewer from its present terminus, at New York Avenue and Seventeenth Street, to Pennsylvania Avenue, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For filling up, grading, and otherwise improving Franklin Square, Franklin Square. five thousand five hundred dollars.

Avenue.

Proviso. Gas contract.

Bridges.

Washington

The money to be expended un-

New Jersey venue. 1850, ch. 90.

Pavement.

Gas pipes, &c.

Twelfth and Fourteenth Streets. Maryland Avenue.

Seventeenth

Proposals for contracts for last seven items.

Provided, That before any thing is expended or drawn from the treasury, under the last seven items, proposals in detail, describing the work to be done, shall be published by the commissioner of public buildings, for three weeks in three newspapers, one of which shall be elsewhere than in Washington, and that the proposals of the lowest responsible bidder shall be received, upon which a contract, with security for its performance, shall be made by the commissioner of

Painting.

Commissioner of public buildings. Patent-office.

Executive mansion.

Washington City Canal.

Proviso.

Washington City.

Auxiliary guard.

C. P. Montgomery.

Public lands. Registers of land offices, &c. of

Receivers of public moneys.

Land offices.

Recorder land titles. Secretary.

Miscellaneous. Mexico.

public buildings, for the finishing and completion of all these works, and that the Secretary of the Interior shall revise and improve said contracts.

For painting the external walls of the treasury and patent-office buildings, five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the commissioner of public buildings, two thousand dollars.

For completing the east wing of the patent-office building, two hundred thousand dollars.

For the compensation of two watchmen to be employed at the executive mansion and grounds, at a salary of five hundred dollars each, per annum, the sum of one thousand dollars, to supply the place of watchmen taken from the executive mansion and employed in the executive buildings.

For completing, cleaning out, and repairing that portion of the Washington City Canal which passes through and along the public grounds, twenty thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: Provided, The corporation of Washington shall expend a like sum in cleaning out and repairing the other portions of said canal.

To complete the grades of the city of Washington, four thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States.

To reimburse the corporation of Washington the amount advanced to complete the culvert and the paving of Fifteenth Street West, in front of the treasury department, two thousand three hundred and nine dollars and ninety cents.

For the compensation and contingent expenses of the auxiliary guard, fifteen thousand dollars, which shall, from and after the passage of this act, in addition to the captain, consist of thirty men, fifteen at five hundred dollars each per annum, and the remainder at four hundred and twenty dollars each per annum, the same to be appointed by the mayor of the city of Washington.

For refunding to Charles P. Montgomery the duties paid on a bell, presented to him at Genoa, for the new church adjoining the literary institution of St. Joseph's, Perry County, Ohio, ninety dollars and sixty cents.

Public Lands. - For salaries and commissions of registers of land offices and receivers of public moneys, one hundred and twenty thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For expenses of depositing public moneys by receivers of public moneys, nineteen thousand two hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For incidental expenses of the several land offices, thirty thousand one hundred and five dollars.

For salary of the recorder of land titles in Missouri, five hundred of dollars.

For compensation of secretary to sign patents for public lands, fifteen hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous. - For expenses of running and marking the boundary Boundary with line between the United States and Mexico, and making the examinations contemplated by the sixth article of [the] treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo, and for paying the salaries of the officers of the commission, one hundred thousand dollars.

For the collection of agricultural statistics, five thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid out of the patent fund.

For the warden, clerk, physician, chaplain, two assistant keepers, four guards, and porter of the penitentiary of the District of Columbia. seven thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For three inspectors of said penitentiary, three hundred dollars

For the support and maintenance of said penitentiary, four thousand and seventy dollars.

For support, clothing, and medical treatment of insane paupers of Insane the District of Columbia, at such place or places as the Secretary of pers. the Interior may in his discretion deem proper, ten thousand dollars.

For compensation of the watchmen in the President's house, five hundred dollars.

For compensation of John P. Brown, secretary and dragoman of the legation to Turkey, for his services as acting charge d'affaires at different periods, five thousand one hundred and twenty-two dollars, which, if received, shall be in full payment for all his services in that character to this date.

For compensation of Theodore S. Fay, secretary of the legation to Prussia, for his services as acting charge d'affaires at different periods. six hundred and eighty-six dollars and fifty-four cents, which, if received, shall be in full payment for all his services in that character to this date.

For compensation of Robert M. Walsh, secretary of the legation to Mexico, for his services as acting charge d'affaires, eight hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-three and one third cents, which, if received, shall be in full payment for all his services in that character to this date.

For the payment of the claim of the city of Detroit for paving in front of property belonging to the United States, in that city, one hundred and ten dollars and seventy-seven cents.

For compensation of Benjamin Rush, secretary of the legation to London, for his services as acting charge d'affaires, two hundred and twenty-eight dollars and eighty-six cents, which, if received, shall be in full payment for all his services in that character to this date.

To make good the interest on investments in State stocks and bonds for the Chickasaw tribe of Indians, not yet paid by the States, to be dians. reimbursed out of the interest when collected, twenty-two thousand two hundred dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for reporting and publishing, in the "Daily Globe," five hundred and gressional Globe. thirty-three and one half columns of the proceedings of the House of Representatives for the last session of Congress, four thousand and one dollars and twenty-five cents.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for two hundred and sixty-four copies of the "Congressional Globe," and for two hundred and sixty-four copies of the Appendix for the first session of the thirty-first Congress, at three dollars per copy each, one thousand five hundred and eighty-four dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for twelve copies of the "Congressional Globe" and Appendix, of the second session of the thirtieth Congress, at three dollars per copy, thirty-six dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for five thousand six hundred and forty copies of the "Congressional Globe" and Appendix, for the second session of the thirty-first Congress, at three dollars per copy, sixteen thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for

Statistics.

Penitentiary.

pau-

Watchmen.

John P.Brown.

T. S. Fay.

R. M. Walsh.

City of Detroit.

Benj. Rush.

Chickasaw In-

Daily and Con-

reporting and publishing, in the "Daily Globe," eight hundred columns of the proceedings of the House of Representatives for the second session of the thirty-first Congress, at the rate of seven dollars and fifty cents per column, six thousand dollars.

To enable the clerk of the House of Representatives to pay for binding five thousand five hundred copies of the "Congressional Globe" and Appendix, for members of the second session of the thirty-first Congress, three thousand three hundred dollars, the binding thereof to be in strong, substantial Russia leather, backs and corners, and at the rate of sixty cents per volume.

For salary of the clerk in the general land office employed upon the Chickasaw business, and hitherto paid out of the Chickasaw fund, Chickasaw busi- from March first, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, to June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, eighteen hundred and seventy-three dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay him at the rate of fourteen hundred dollars per annum, and for any services which the principal clerk of private land claims may perform in relation to the Chickasaw fund, he may be paid such compensation as has been heretofore allowed, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, which is hereby appropriated: Provided, however, That such compensation is to cease whenever the Secretary of the Interior shall direct the services to be discontinued.

> For salary of a clerk in the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, heretofore paid out of the Indian fund, from first of March, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, to thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, or so much as may be necessary, at twelve hundred dollars per annum, sixteen hundred dollars.

> For custom-house in Oregon, ten thousand dollars : Provided, That the whole cost of the site and building shall not exceed the sum herein appropriated.

> For a cast-iron fence, similar to that recently put up around the war and navy departments, from the corner of the department of state to the President's gate, three thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary for this object, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

For continuing the construction of a marine hospital at Evansville, tal at Evansville. Indiana, fifteen thousand dollars : Provided, That the building is to be completed for the sum now appropriated.

> For rebuilding engine-house of Columbia Fire Company, on Capitol Hill, twenty-five hundred dollars.

> For defraying the expenses of setteling land claims in California, per act of third of March, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, fifty thousand

dollars: Provided, The whole compensation of the law agent shall not exceed six thousand dollars.

To A. W. Babbit, as delegate from the Territory of Utah, for mileage and compensation, two thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

To W. S. Messary, as delegate from New Mexico, for mileage and compensation, two thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

For compensation to John Ryan, a deputy surveyor-general of Wisconsin and Iowa, five hundred and sixty-seven dollars seventy-three cents, under his contract of the twenty-second June, eighteen hundred and fifty.

For the payment of the salaries of the clerks in the office of Indian affairs, authorized by the act of twenty-seventh of February, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, for the remainder of the present fiscal year, and for the year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, ten thousand dollars.

For the pay of the superintendents of Indian affairs, authorized by the act [of] twenty-seventh February, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, for

Clerk in general land office employed on the ness.

Proviso.

Clerk in office of Secretary of Treasury.

Custom-house in Oregon.

Cast-iron fence.

Marine hospi-

Land claims in California. 1851, ch. 41.

A. W. Babbit.

W.S. Messary.

John Ryan.

Clerk in office of Indian affairs. 1851, ch. 14.

Superintendents of Indian effairs.

the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For the pay of five Indian agents and their interpreters, for New Mexico and Utah, authorized by the act of twenty-seventh February, and interpreters eighteen hundred and fifty-one, for the remainder of the present fiscal and Utah. year, and for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, thirteen thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-six cents.

For raising the chimneys of the south-east executive building, and repairing the steps to the western portico thereof, to be expended under S. E. executive the direction of the commissioner of public buildings, three thousand dollars.

For the payment of the money to those entitled under the fifteenth article of the treaty between the United States and Mexico, concluded treaty with Mex-February second, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, according to the provisions of the sixth section of an act entitled "An Act to carry into effect certain stipulations of the treaty between the United States of America and the Republic of Mexico, of the second day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-eight," the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to sell the stock to be issued under the said sixth section, and to issue it under the same restrictions, limitations, and provisions, as are contained in the second section of an act entitled "An Act authorizing the issue of treasury notes and a loan," and approved July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and forty-six: Provided, however, That the stock so issued shall not bear a rate of Rate of interest. interest greater than five per centum per annum, and that it shall be redeemable in ten years from its date.

For improving that part of reservation seventeen, lying between New Jersey Avenue and Second Street east, and north of Virginia seventeen. Avenue, two thousand five hundred dollars.

To enable the Postmaster-General to purchase for the use of the post-office department the remainder of the square on which the general post-office building is situated, three thousand seven hundred and seventy-seven dollars ninety-three cents.

For surveying the public lands and private land claims in California, in conformity with the provisions of the acts of Congress authorizing claims in Cali-fornia, and sursimilar surveys, twenty-five thousand dollars, to be expended under the veyor-general direction of the department of the interior; out of which sum is to be there. paid the compensation of a surveyor-general, whose salary shall not exceed four thousand and five hundred dollars per annum: Provided, That this rate of compensation shall continue for the term of two years, and no longer.

For defraying the expense of taking a census of the government and treaty parties of the Cherokees west, two thousand dollars.

For compensation to three special agents, and the necessary interpreters, for the Indian tribes of Texas, including the purchase of pres- in Texas. ents, authorized by the act approved thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty, for the fiscal year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, fifteen thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed and paid, in the manner now provided by law, two principal examiners aminers in patand two assistant examiners of patents, in addition to the examining force now employed in the patent office.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the third section of the act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic 1846, ch. expenses of government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, force. eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and for other purposes," approved

the tenth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, be, and the same Vol. IX. Pub. - 78

Indian agents

1851, ch. 14.

Repairs of building.

Claims under

Stock. 1849, ch. 107.

1846, ch. 64.

Reservation

P. O. building.

Survey of land

Proviso.

Census of the Cherokees.

Indian agents

1850, ch. 91.

Additional ex-

§ 3 of Stat. ch. 175, is hereby, revived and continued in force for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-two.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That to assist the third auditor in more effectually carrying out the provisions of the bounty land act, and other pressing business in his office, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to appoint an assistant chief clerk, to be chosen from among the experienced accoutants already in said office, who, with the present chief clerk, shall have authority to sign and attest such official business as said auditor shall approve and direct.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, in lieu of the compensation now allowed by law for his services, (a) there shall be paid hereafter to each of the assistant and deputy collectors, and principal appraisers, at the ports of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New Orleans, two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; and to the assistant appraisers at the ports of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, and New Orleans, shall each hereafter receive for his services, two thousand dollars per annum: Provided, That the entire expense of collecting the revenue shall not be increased, the Secretary of the Treasury being hereby directed and Reduction of required to cause such a pro rata reduction to be made in the number of persons, and in the fees now allowed by law to officers employed in the collection of the revenue, as in his discretion may be just and expedient, to an extent which will provide the additional compensation hereby secured to the said appraisers and assistant appraisers. And Collector and the compensation of the collector and inspector of the revenue at the inspector at Mil- port of Milwaukee, in Wisconsin, shall hereafter be the same as that of the collector and inspector of the customs at Chicago, Illinois; and the same shall be paid out of the sum appropriated for the collection of the revenue.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the district judge for the district of Texas be, and he is hereby, required to hold terms of his court annually at Austin, Tyler, and Brownsville, at each of which places he be authorized to appoint a clerk, at each of said places; and the marshal and district attorney for said district shall attend upon said county [court,] and the judge may order transfers of cases as in his judgment justice may require, and direct at what places suits against parties residing in particular counties may be brought.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act of thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty, as declares that "the compensation of the watchman in the various departments of government shall be five hundred dollars per annum," shall be construed to include the watchmen of the navy yard at Washington.

Approved, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXXIII. - An Act making Appropriations for the Support of the Army for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fiftytwo.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the army, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two.

Pay of army.

the

For pay of the army, two millions ninety-six thousand six hundred and seventy dollars : Provided, That all promotions in the staff department, or corps, shall be made as in other corps of the army.

Additional clerk in office of third auditor. 1850. ch. 85. Salary.

Salary of appraisers and assistant appraisers, and deputy collectors. (a)

Expenses of collection of revenue.

fees and number of employees.

waukee.

Additional terms of District Court in Texas.

Pay of watchmen in navy yard at Washington. 1850, ch. 90.

For commutation of officers subsistence, five hundred and seventy thousand seven hundred and thirty-nine dollars.

For commutation of forage for officers horses, one hundred and three thousand seven hundred and seventy-six dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing for officers servants, thirty-five thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For expenses of recruiting, fifty-four thousand and forty-eight dollars.

For three months' extra pay to non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates, ten thousand dollars.

For subsistence in kind, one million seventy-six thousand fifteen dollars and fifteen cents.

For clothing for the army, camp and garrison equipage, &c., two hundred and forty-two thousand five hundred and thirty-eight dollars and sixty-five cents.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel, forage in kind for the authorized number of officers horses, quartermaster's department. and for the horses, mules, and oxen of the quartermaster's department, at the several military posts and stations, and the armies in the field, and for the horses of the first and second regiments of dragoons, the eight companies of light artillery, the regiment of mounted riflemen, and the mounted infantry, of straw for soldiers bedding, and of stationery, including company and other blank books for the army, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's departments, and for the printing of division and department orders and army regulations, six hundred and thirty thousand dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packets received and sent by officers penses of the of the army on public service, expenses of courts martial and courts department. of inquiry, including the additional compensation to judge advocates, recorders, members, and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and two, extra pay to soldiers employed in the erection of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals, the construction of roads and other constant labor, under the direction of the quartermasters department, for periods of not less than ten days, under the act of the second of March, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field, of escorts to paymasters, other disbursing officers and trains, where military escorts cannot be furnished, expense of the interment of non-commissioned officers and soldiers, hire of laborers in the quartermaster's department, including hire of interpreters, spies, and guides for the army, compensation of clerks to officers of the quartermaster's department, compensation of forage and wagon masters, authorized by the act of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, for the apprehension of deserters and the expenses incident to their pursuit, the various expenditures required for the first and second regiments of dragoons, the eight companies of light artillery, the regiment of mounted riflemen, and the mounted infantry, including the purchase of travelling forges, blacksmith's and shoeing tools, horse and mule shoes, iron, hire of veterinary surgeons and medicines for horses and mules, two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For the purchase of horses required for the first and second regiments of dragoons, the eight companies of light artillery, the regiment of mounted riflemen, and the mounted infantry, sixty thousand dollars.

For constructing, repairing, and enlarging barracks, quarters, hospitals, storehouses, stables, wharves, and ways at the several posts and pitals, army depots, for temporary cantonments, and the authorized furniture for the barracks, rooms of non-commissioned officers and soldiers, gun-

Commutation.

Recruiting.

Three months' extra pay.

Subsistence.

Clothing.

Supplies of the

Incidental ex-

1802, ch. 9.

1819, ch. 45.

1838, ch. 162.

Horses.

Barracks, hosstorehouses, &e.

houses for the protection of cannon, including the necessary tools and materials for the objects enumerated, and for rent of quarters and offices for officers, and barracks and hospitals for troops, where there are no public buildings for their accommodation, for storehouses for the safe keeping of military stores, and of grounds for summer cantonments and encampments, four hundred thousand dollars.

For mileage or allowance made to officers for transportation of themselves and baggage, when travelling on duty without troops, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

For transportation of the army, including the baggage of the troops and when moving, either by land or water, of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and horse equipments, from the depot at Philadelphia to the several posts and army depots; of subsistence from the places of purchase, and from the places of delivery under contract, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require it to be sent; of ordnance and ordnance stores, and small arms from the founderies and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots, freights, tolls, and ferriages; for the purchase and hire of horses, mules, oxen, wagons, carts, drays, ships, and other sea-going vessels and boats, for the transportation of supplies and for garrison purposes, for drayage and cartage at the several posts, hire of teamsters, transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments, the expense of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and Pacific, and for procuring water at such posts as from their situation require it to be brought from a distance, one million dollars.

For the medical and hospital departments, sixty thousand three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For the purchase of ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, one hundred thousand dollars.

For the current expenses of ordnance service, one hundred thousand dollars.

For the manufacture of arms at the national armories, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery, at Harper's Ferry armory, twenty-three thousand one hundred dollars.

For repairs and improvements, and new machinery, at Springfield armory, forty-seven thousand dollars.

For paying the expenses of suits at law to which the superintendent lawsuits of su- of Springfield armory has been subjected in establishing the title of the United States to public land at that armory, and in defending suits against him in his public capacity, five thousand dollars: Provided, That no part thereof shall be paid until the accounts shall have been submitted to and approved by the Secretary of War.

For arsenals, one hundred and seventeen thousand five hundred and eighty-six dollars.

For the erection of two magazines for powder on the public lands St. Louis arsenal. reserved for military purposes, at Jefferson barracks, below St. Louis arsenal, and including the sum of five thousand dollars heretofore appropriated for the purchase of a magazine site at this arsenal, which may be applied to the erection of the two magazines, twenty thousand dollars.

> Surveys. - For continuing the surveys of the northern and northof western lakes, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Lighthouses. - For completing the lighthouse on Carysfort Reef, coast of Florida, seventeen thousand dollars.

For completing the foundation and construction of the lighthouse at the end of North Pier, at Chicago, Illinois, four thousand four hundred and ninety-eight dollars and thirty-nine cents.

Medical and hospital departments.

Ordnance.

Arms.

Harper's Ferry.

Springfield.

Expenses of perintendent at Springfield. Proviso.

Arsenals.

Magazines at

Surveys lakes.

Lighthouse on

Carysfort Reef.

Lighthouse at Chicago.

cers.

of

Mileage of offi-

Transportation

army stores.

For the thorough trial, and for maintaining of light on Brandywine Shoal, Delaware Bay, from October the first, one thousand eight hun- Shoal. dred and fifty, to March thirty-first, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, six months, one thousand one hundred and forty-four dollars and twenty-four cents.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That of the seventy-two thousand dollars heretofore appropriated for the payment of eight com-panies of Texas troops, the amount which has been paid by the State of 1850, ch. 91, of Texas, shall be paid to said State, or its properly constituted agent, § 2, for Texan and that the amount due to the officers, non-commissioned officers and privates, be paid to each by the pay department, in the usual manner, estimating their pay in accordance with the provisions of the law for paying volunteers during the Mexican war, so soon as the amount due each shall be ascertained by the accounting officers of the treasury.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXXIV. — An Act making Appropriations for the Naval Service for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-1200

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two :-

For pay of commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including the engineer corps of the navy, two millions seven hundred and seamen. and seventy-one thousand four hundred and forty-eight dollars.

For pay of superintendents, naval constructors, and all the civil establishments at the several navy yards and stations, ninety thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

For provisions for commission, warrant, and petty officers and seamen, including engineers and marines attached to vessels for sea service, six hundred and eighty-eight thousand and eighty dollars : Provided, That no commutation of rations shall be allowed except to officers and their attendants, and for the spirit part of the ration; and no person not of rations. actually attached to, and doing duty on board a sea-going or receiving vessel, and the petty officers, seamen, and ordinary seamen attached to to rations. the ordinary of the navy yards, shall be allowed a ration. And provided, further, That no rations stopped for the sick on board vessels shall be credited to the hospital fund, but shall remain and be accounted for by rations of those the purser as part of the provisions of the vessels, and that the rations of officers and others of the navy, sent to hospitals on shore, shall be credited to the hospital fund at the cost only thereof; and the chief of the bureau of provisions and clothing, with the approbation of the Secretary of the Navy, shall prescribe all such regulations in relation to stopping such rations as will ensure a faithful accountability for the rations stopped for the sick on board vessels, and to ensure due credit to the hospital fund for the rations at cost of those sent to the hospitals on shore; the said regulations to go into effect on the first day of the succeeding month after their official receipt at yards, stations, and on board vessels.

For surgeons necessaries, and appliances for the sick and hurt of the navy, including the marine corps, thirty-seven thousand six hundred cessaries. dollars.

For repair of vessels in ordinary, and for wear and tear of vessels in commission, including fuel and purchase of hemp, one million three wear and tear of hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars : Provided, That the Secretary

Brandywine

Mode of mak-

March 3, 1851.

Pay of officers

Superintendents, co tors, &c. construc-

Provisions.

Commutation

Who entitled

Stoppage of sick.

Surgeons' ne-

Repair and Fuel.

Hemp, chase of.

Ordnance and

Proviso.

Meteorological observations.

Nautical instruments.

Books, maps, and charts.

Pay of superintendent of ex-pedition in Chili. 1848, ch. 121.

Sundries.

Buildings Annapolis.

at

Contingent expenses.

pur- of the Navy shall hereafter purchase for the use of the navy, in open market, if to be procured, American hemp of a quality equal to the best foreign article.

For ordnance and ordnance stores and small arms, including inciordnance stores. dental expenses, one hundred and seventy-one thousand two hundred dollars : Provided, That the officer charged with the experiments in gunnery at the navy yard at Washington shall hereafter receive the compensation of a commander at sea.

> For meteorological observations, to be conducted under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, two thousand dollars.

> For the purchase and repair of the nautical instruments required for the use of the navy, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

> For the purchase of all the books, maps, and charts required for the use of the navy, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

> For backing and binding the same, and for printing and publishing hydrographical surveys, astronomical observations, and sailing directions, nine thousand two hundred dollars.

> And the superintendent of the naval astronomical expedition in Chili, directed by the act of the third of August, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, shall receive the same amount of salary as is allowed to the superintendent of the naval observatory at Washington City, while he has been or may be in charge of that expedition: Provided, That the pay and emoluments of said officer shall not exceed for any one year the sum of three thousand dollars.

> For models, drawings, copying, postage, stationery, freight and transportation, for pay of lithographer, and for working lithographic press, including chemicals, for keeping grounds and buildings in order, for finishing the grading of the grounds, for pay of porters, gardner, watchmen, instrument maker, for fuel, lights, and all the unenumerated contingent expenses of the hydrographical office and national observaory, eleven thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.

> For copying abstracts from old sea-journals for the wind and current charts, and for continuing, and engraving, and publication of the same, including cost of copper, stones, chemicals, paper, &c., in the national observatory, fifteen thousand dollars.

> For the repairs and erection of buildings at the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland, fifty-two thousand five hundred dollars. For the contingent expenses of the United States Naval Academy at

Annapolis, Maryland, twenty-six thousand seven hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz. : Freight and transportation, printing and stationery, advertising in newspapers, books, maps, models, and drawings, for purchase and repair of fire engines and machinery, and a patent right to use the same, repair and attending on steam engines in yards, purchase and maintaining horses and oxen, and driving teams, carts, timber wheels, and the purchase and repair of workmen's tools, postage of public letters, furniture for government houses, fuel, oil, and candles, for navy and store stations, cleaning and clearing up yards, watchmen, and incidental labor not chargeable to any other appropriation, labor attending on delivery of stores and supplies on foreign stations, wharfage, dockage, and rent, travelling expenses of officers, funeral expenses, store and office rent, stationery and fuel to navy agents and storekeepers, flags, awnings, and packing cases, premiums, and other expenses of recruiting, apprehending deserters, per diem pay to persons attending courts martial and courts of inquiry, and other services authorized by law, pay of judge advocates, pilotage and towage of vessels, and assistance rendered to vessels in distress, five hundred and twenty-eight thousand seven hundred dollars.

For the floating dry dock in California, one hundred and fifty thousand

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dollars; and the Secretary of the Navy is hereby required so to modify the contract alleged to have been made on the seventeenth January dock in Califorlast, as to confine the sum to the construction of the floating dock alone, without the basin and railway : Provided, The contractors will agree tract and adverto do the work at the estimates made by the department in November tisement contract. and December last: And provided, The Secretary considers the said estimates fair and reasonable; and so much of said law as authorizes the construction of the basin and railway is hereby repealed : Provided, That before making said contract the Secretary of the Navy shall give at least sixty days' notice by advertisement in the usual way.

For transportation of the United States mail between New York and Liverpool, between New York and New Orleans, Havana, and Chargres, [Chagres,] and between Panama and some points in the Territory of gon, and to Ore-Oregon, eight hundred and seventy-four thousand six hundred dollars : vana, and to New Provided, That no payment shall be made for said services except in proportion to the mail service heretofore performed, or that may be be made only hereafter performed; and that the Secretary of the Navy is hereby for service per-formed. directed to make payment in said proportion only: Provided, also, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and be refunded. directed to require the several advances of money made under the act of Congress, August third, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, to the different contractors or their assignees, for mail steamship service, to be refunded by deductions from the compensation of each line, ten per cent. annually, reckoning in the adjustment of the advances to all of the lines, from the commencement of the performance of their respective mail service : And provided, further, That the said contractors or their assigns shall, from and after the passage of this act, pay paid. interest on the balances of said advances still due, at the rate of six per cent. per annum till paid: And also provided further, That the Secretary of the Navy and the Postmaster-General be authorized, by ment of times and with the consent of the contracting parties respectively, to rearrange the running of the United States mail steamships, so as to afford more direct dispatch between the ports of the United States and the Isthmus of Panama: Provided, That the Postmaster-General shall maintain a semi-monthly mail between Charleston, Savannah, and mail between Havana, during the continuance of the Sloo-contract, and also to make vannah, and Hathe service from Panama to California and Oregon conform with the vana. service required by the existing contract on the Atlantic side of the Panama to Ore-Isthmus, by increasing the trips of the Pacific line to semi-monthly : gon and Califor-Provided, That the said increased service on the Pacific side shall be nia. at a rate not exceeding seventy-five per cent. upon the amount now paid for Pacific service, and to be performed in steamships built according to the specifications, and subject to all the clauses of the A. Harri's contract, beneficial to the United States. And the Postmaster-General is hereby authorized to include in this arrangement such a provision for the transportation of the letter mails only in the steamships of the said contractors, running between New York and Chargres, [Chagres,] and as in his opinion the public service may demand, not exceeding in the whole the amount herein limited : And provided, further, That the compensation for the semi-monthly service already performed between Panama, and California, and Oregon, and for such service for the coming year, shall not exceed three fourths the usual rate at which additional mail service may be ordered under existing laws, and shall be paid out of any unexpended balance of money heretofore appropriated for mail steam service : Provided, That whenever a better route between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans is established, the Sec-Atlantic to Paretary of the Navy and the Postmaster-General are authorized to agree changed. with the present contractors for the Pacific line to change the terminus of the additional semi-monthly service hereby authorized, so as to

Floating dry nia.

Terms of con-

Transportation of mail to Liver-Orleans.

Advances to

1848, ch. 121.

Interest to be

Re-arrangeof sailing.

Semi-monthly Service from

Proviso.

Proviso.

Route from

secure the advantage of increased despatch and economy; and in case the reduction of compensation for the change of service be not agreed on between the parties, the same shall be referred to Congress; and the Postmaster-General is also authorized to make corresponding arrangements with the present contractors for the transportation of the mail from New York to Chagres for the change of the terminus of their Mails between route; and until such better route be established, the Postmaster-General and shall be, and hereby is, authorized to enter into contracts, or to make suitable arrangements for transporting the mails between Chagres and Panama with regularity and despatch: Provided, The rate of compensation shall not exceed twenty-two cents per pound, and shall cease on the establishment of any new route between the two oceans offering greater despatch and economy.

For preparing for publication the American Nautical Almanac, nineteen thousand four hundred dollars.

For construction, extension, and completion of the following objects, and for contingent expenses at the several navy yards, viz. :-

At Portsmouth, New Hampshire. - Towards the construction of quay wharf across the head of timber dock, filling in around walls of floating dock basin, pavements around timber shed, magazine wharf, and filling in low grounds, engine house, wharf, and filling in east of number four, repairs of all kinds, thirty-one thousand six hundred and seventy-three dollars.

At Boston, Massachusetts. - For completing sail loft and cordage store, grading and paving, for completing storehouse number thirty-six, paving, grading, and filling in between numbers twenty-seven and twenty-eight, twenty-nine, and thirty, grading yard, paving gutters, drains, &c., rain water cistern, coal house near rope walk, dredging slips, for completing steam tug and water tanks, repairs of all kinds, fifty thousand dollars.

At New York. - For a smithery, saw mill, number twenty-four, quay wall continued, cob wharf, dredging channels, one timber shed, paving, guttering, and flagging, cisterns, gutters, and leaders to ship houses and timber sheds, filling timber pond and low places, engine house, dock gates, &c., repairs of all kinds, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

At Philadelphia. - For slip of ship house G, addition to wall of basin, and filling in old timber dock, repairs of all kinds, twenty-four thousand four hundred dollars.

At Washington, D. C. - For filling up timber dock, saw mill, and machinery, ordnance building number eleven, completing wharf and slide lathes, completing copper rolling establishment, to convey water to the yard, reservoir, pipes, &c., railway in ship house T, paint shop and wharf crane, brass foundry and tank shop, (raising one story,) repairs of all kinds, one hundred thousand dollars.

At Norfolk. - For a sea-wall at St. Helena, brick saw shed, cylinder and exhaust pump and apparatus, water tank, and capstans, repairs of all kinds, fifty thousand eight hundred dollars.

At Pensacola. — For permanent wharf, paint shop, and cooperage, completing guard house, wharf near storehouse number twenty-six, tar, pitch, and oil house, storehouse for shells, house for boiling tar, pitch, &c., steam tug, water tank, rail tracks in yard, fences, and outbuildings, for outside houses, repairs of all kinds, one hundred thousand dollars.

At Memphis. --- For preservation of the public property at Mem-Memphis. phis, Tennessee, and for the rope walk at said place, fifty thousand dollars.

Sackett's Harbor.

At Sackett's Harbor. - For repairs of buildings, grading, filling in and repairs of all kinds, two thousand three hundred dollars.

Chagres Panama.

Proviso.

American Nautical Almanac

Navy yards.

Portsmouth.

Boston.

New York.

Philadelphia.

Washington.

Norfolk.

Pensacola.

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For Hospitals, viz. :

At Boston. - For repairing, painting, whitewashing, glazing, furnaces, ranges, &c., fifteen hundred dollars.

At New York .- For plastering, painting, repairs of furnaces, banks. wall, paving of flagging, building for laboratory, wall around graveyard, grading, setting trees, and all other repairs, fifteen thousand dollars.

At Philadelphia. - For removing and rebuilding stable, drains, and water to stable, excavation and grading wall on south side of Shippen Street, curbing and paving along Shippen Street, painting house, iron railing, &c., repairs of all kinds, thirteen thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven dollars.

At Norfolk. - For general repairs, five thousand dollars.

At Pensacola. - For wall around hospital grounds, drawing and filling ponds, repairs of all kinds, four thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

Marine Corps. - For pay of officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and servants serving on shore, subsistence for officers, and pay for undrawn clothing, two hundred and twenty-one thousand four hundred dollars.

For provisions for marines serving on shore, fifteen thousand dollars. For clothing, fifty-six thousand six hundred and one dollars.

For fuel, ten thousand dollars.

For military stores, repair of arms, pay of armorers, accoutrements, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and musical instruments, eight thousand dollars.

For transportation of officers and troops, and expenses of recruiting, nine thousand dollars.

For repairs of barracks, and rent of temporary barracks, and offices for commanding officers, six thousand dollars.

For contingencies, viz.: freight, ferriage, cartage, wharfage, compensation to judges advocate, per diem for attending courts martial, courts of inquiry, and for constant labor, house rent, in lieu of quarters, burial of deceased marines, printing, stationery, forage, postage, pursuit of deserters, candles, oil, straw, furniture, bed sacks, spades, axes, shovels, picks, carpenter's tools, keep of a horse for the messenger, pay of matron, washerwoman, and porter at hospital head-quarters, twentyfive thousand dollars.

For arrearages of pay which accrued to John Rush, late sailing master, from thirty-first of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, to ninth of August, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, six thousand and ninety-five dollars and seventy-one cents.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in time of peace, or while war is not threatened, the steamers employed in carrying the United peace, the Col-States mail between New York and Liverpool shall be placed under under control of the exclusive control of, and officered by the contractors, E. K. Collins owners. and his associates, provided the same shall be done with the consent of the contractors.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That if any assistant engineer shall have been absent from the United States on duty at the time of assistant enothers of his date were examined, he shall, if not rejected at a subsequent examination, be entitled to the same rank with them; and if, from any cause, his relative rank cannot be assigned to him, he shall retain his original position on the register.

preceding section shall be applied to the cases of Joshua Follansbee and B. F. Isherwood, who were prevented by reason of the on duty from being present at the examination ordered for officers of their date.

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Hospitals. Boston.

New York.

Philadelphia.

Norfolk. Pensacola.

Marine corps.

John Rush.

In time of

Examination gineers.

Preparation of works of the exploring expedition. 1842, ch. 204.

Removal of wreck of Missouri. 1850, ch. 80.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That for continuing the prepaand publication ration and publication of the works of the exploring expedition, including the pay of the scientific corps, care of property, payment for printing, and paper, and other contracts under the law of eighteen hundred and forty-two, authorizing the preparation and publication of said works, twenty-five thousand dollars.

> SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Navy the be directed to cause the wreck of the steamer Missouri to be removed from the harbor of Gibraltar in such mode as he shall deem expedient. by contract or otherwise, and that eighty thousand dollars be, and hereby is, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated as may be necessary to defray the expense of removing said wreck.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXXV .- An Act to authorize the Secretary of War to allow the Payment March 3, 1851. of Interest to the State of Georgia for Advances made for the Use of the United States, in the Suppression of the Hostilities of the Creek, Seminole, and Chero-kee Indians, in the Years 1836, 1837 and 1838.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to allow to the State of Georgia, for advances made to the United States for the suppression of the hostilities of the Creek, Seminole, and Cherokee Indians, in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-five, eighteen hundred and thirty-six. eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and eighteen hundred and thirtyeight, interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum upon all sums allowed and paid to the State of Georgia, or that may hereafter be allowed and paid for any moneys advanced by the State for the purposes aforesaid, from the date of such advances until the principal sum or sums were or may be paid by the United States: Provided, That no interest shall be paid on any sum on which the said State of Georgia did not either pay or lose interest.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851.

Proviso.

CHAP. XXXV1. - An Act authorizing the Payment of Interest upon the Advances made by the State of Maine for the Use of the United States Government, in the Protection of the North-eastern Frontier.

Allowance of interest to the State of Maine.

Mode of computing the interest.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to liquidate and settle the claim of the State of Maine against the United States for interest upon money borrowed and actually expended by her for the protection of the north-eastern frontier of said State, during the years eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, eighteen hundred and forty, and eighteen hundred and forty-one; and the sum so found to be due to said State shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That in ascertaining the amount of interest as aforesaid due to the State of Maine, the following rules shall govern: First, that interest shall not be computed on any sum which Maine has not expended for the use and benefit of the United States, as evidenced by the amount refunded or repaid to the State of Maine by the United States. Second, that no interest shall be paid on

Allowance of interest to the State of Georgia.

any sum on which the said State of Maine did not either pay or lose interest as aforesaid.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXXVII. - An Act making Appropriations for Lighthouses, Light-boats, March 3, 1851. Buoys, &c., and providing for the Erection and Establishment of the same, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following appropriations be, and the same are hereby, made, and directed to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to carry the provisions of this act into effect : Provided, however, If a good title to any land which it the exclusive right to such land cannot be acquired by cession, when go to surplus the interest of the United States demands it before the contained the surplus may be necessary to use cannot be obtained on reasonable terms, or when would by law fall into the surplus fund, in any and all such cases, the is not acquired. appropriations shall be applicable to the objects for which they are made, at any time within two years after the first meeting of the legislature, in any State wherein such land may be situated, subsequent to the passage of this act, to wit: ---

Maine. - For buoys on Whites and Thorns Ledges, and on Pond Island Reef, at the mouth of Kennebec River, three hundred dollars.

For a lighthouse on Pond Island, at the entrance of Narraguagus Bay, four thousand dollars.

Massachusetts. - For a light-boat on the Shovelful Shoals, off Chatham, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For eleven buoys in the channel to Commercial Point and Neponset River, in Dorchester, one thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse at the head of Holmes's Hole Harbor, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For a beacon on Fawn Bar, near Deer Island, Boston Harbor, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For two iron spindles on the north-east ledge of the Graves, and on Harding's Ledge, Boston Harbor, two thousand dollars.

Rhode Island. - For a light-boat off Brinton's Reef, fifteen thousand dollars.

Connecticut. — For a can buoy on Pea Field Reef, off Black Rock Harbor, in Long Island Sound, in addition to a former appropriation in the act of September, eighteen hundred and fifty, one hundred & thirty-five dollars.

New York. - For a lighthouse on Flynn's Knoll, near Sandy Hook, thirty thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on Horseshoe Reef, Niagara River, twenty-five thousand dollars, in addition to the former appropriations.

For a lighthouse on the pier at the mouth of Sodus Bay, and the removal of the beacon light on said pier, to Grassy Point, near Port Glasgow, six thousand dollars.

For a lighthouse on the northern extremity of Gardiner's Island, six thousand dollars.

For a beacon on the sandspit, in the harbor of Sag Harbor, seven hundred dollars.

For the completion of two beacons near Fort Hamilton, two thousand dollars.

For four spar buoys at Fire Island Inlet, three hundred dollars.

Maryland. - For a lighthouse at Fishing Battery, Chesapeake Bay, five thousand dollars.

Proviso as to jurisdiction

Maine.

Massachusetts.

Rhode Island.

Connecticut. 1850, ch. 77.

New York.

Maryland.

	For a lighthouse on the Bodkin Shoal, mouth of the Patapsco River,
1819, ch. 102. 1822, ch. 41.	in addition to the former appropriation, seventeen thousand dollars: When this is completed, the present light on Bodkin Point to be dis-
New Jersey.	continued. New Jersey. — For a fogbell at the Newark Lighthouse, two hun-
	dred and fifty dollars. For completion of the beacon in Passaic River, four spar buoys
	in the same, a spar buoy at Mill Rock, and a beacon at the corner stake
North Carolina.	near Elizabethtown Point, eight hundred dollars. North Carolina. — For a buoy on Middle Ground Shoal, Beaufort
	Harbor, two hundred dollars. For a lighthouse on Beacon Island, six thousand dollars.
	For a light-boat, near Ocracoke Channel, fifteen thousand dollars. For an iron buoy on Diamond Shoal, off Cape Hatteras, eight hun-
	dred dollars.
	For a floating bell beacon on Cape Hatteras, outer shoal, eight thou- sand dollars.
Ohio.	For a lighthouse on the Upper Jetter, in Cape Fear River, including a bridge from the shore to the lighthouse, thirteen thousand dollars. Ohio. — For a lighthouse on Rock or Mouse Island, Lake Erie, five
	thousand dollars. For a lighthouse on Green Island, Lake Erie, five thousand dollars.
	For a beacon light on Cedar Point, as a range to enter Sandusky
	Bay, five hundred dollars. For buoys at the entrance of Port Clinton, Lake Erie, two hundred
Michigan.	and fifty dollars. Michigan. — For a lighthouse at Bayley's Harbor, five thousand
-	dollars.
Florida.	Florida. — For buoys at the entrance of Mosquito Harbor, five hun- dred dollars.
Oregon.	Oregon. — For a lighthouse and fog signal at Umpqua, fifteen thou- sand dollars.
	For fog signals for the lighthouses at Cape Disappointment, Cape Flattery, and New Dunginness, three thousand dollars.
California.	California. — For a lighthouse at Humbolt Harbor, fifteen thousand dollars.
Texas.	Texas For a lighthouse at Aransas Pass, twelve thousand five
	hundred dollars. For three lighthouses of the third class, at Half Moon Shoal, Red
	Field Bar, and at Clopper's Bar, Galveston Bay, fifteen thousand dol- lars.
Surveys for sites.	SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if such person as the Sec-
	retary of the Treasury shall designate shall report, in any of the cases herein provided for, that preliminary surveys are necessary to determine
	the site of a proposed lighthouse or light-boat, beacon or buoy, or to
	ascertain more fully what the public exigency demands, the Secretary of the Treasury shall thereupon direct the superintendent of the sur-
	vey of the coast of the United States to perform such duty on the sea-
	board, and the colonel of the corps of topographical engineers to per-
Same subject.	form such duty on the north-western lakes. SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the officers so directed
·····j····j	shall forthwith enter upon the discharge of the duty, and after fully
	ascertaining the facts, shall report: First, whether the proposed facility
	to navigation is the most suitable for the exigency which exists; and
	second, where it should be placed if the interests of commerce demand
	it: Third, if the thing proposed be not the most suitable, whether it is expedient to make any other kind of improvement: Fourth, whether
	the proposed light has any connection with other lights, and if so,
	whether it cannot be so located as to subserve both the general and the

local wants of trade and navigation : And, fifth, whether there be any, and if any, what other facts of importance touching the subject.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all such reports shall, as speedily as may be, be laid before the Secretary of the Treasury, and if such as to authorize the work without further legislation, he shall forthwith proceed with it, otherwise, such reports shall be laid before Congress at the next ensuing session; but in all cases where the person designated by the Secretary of the Treasury, under the second section of this act, does not report such preliminary examination as expedient, the provisions of this act shall without delay be carried into execution.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the salary of the keeper of the Minot's Ledge light shall hereafter be at the rate of one thou- er of Minot's sand dollars per annum, and the assistants, five hundred and fifty dol- assistants. lars per annum.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That in case it should be impossible, in the opinion of the colonel of the topographical corps, to specting the title obtain a perfect title to the necessary land upon which to build the of lighthouse at lighthouse heretofore ordered to be built at the mouth of the Calumet mouth of the River, on Lake Michigan, said land shall be appraised by three disinterested persons under oath, and the lighthouse shall immediately be built, and the appraised value of said land shall be paid to any person who shall make to the United States what the Attorney-General shall consider a perfect title thereto.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That hereafter, in all new lighthouses, in all lighthouses requiring new lighting apparatus, and in all Fresnel system, lighthouses as yet unsupplied with illuminating apparatus the lens of may be adopted. lighthouses as yet unsupplied with illuminating apparatus, the lens, or Fresnel system, shall be adopted, if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, the public interest will be subserved thereby.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, & he is hereby, authorized and required to cause a board to convened to inbe convened at as early a day as may be practicable after the passage condition of the of this act, to be composed of two officers of the navy, of high rank, lighthouse two officers of engineers of the army, and such civil officer of high to report. scientific attainments as may be under the orders, or at the disposition, of the treasury department, and a junior officer of the navy to act as secretary to said board, whose duty it shall be, under instructions from the treasury department, to inquire into the condition of the lighthouse establishment of the United States, and make a general detailed report and programme to guide legislation in extending and improving our present system of construction, illumination, inspection, and superintendence: Provided, That no additional compensation shall be allowed any person serving on said board.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is hereby, required to cause to be detailed from the engineer corps of the be detailed for army, from time to time, such officers as may be necessary to superintend the construction and renovating lighthouses.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXXVIII. - An Act to amend the Acts regulating the Appraisement of March 3, 1851. imported Merchandise, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases where there is or shall be imposed any ad valorem rate of duty on any duties on imgoods, wares, or merchandise imported into the United States, it shall ket price of the be the duty of the collector within whose district the same shall be im- country

Report.

Salary of keep-Ledge light and

Provision re-

The lens, or

Board to be quire establishment, and

No extra pay therefor.

Engineers may construction, &c., of lighthouses.

In assessing

from

portation made, at the peand charges, is to be taken.

By whom the certificate of appraisement is to be made.

Four appraisers to be appointed. Salary.

Duties.

Appeal from appraisements. 1842, ch. 270.

Act to take effect April 1, 1851.

in Ohio.

which the im- ported or entered, to cause the actual market value or wholesale price is thereof at the period of the exportation to the United States, in the prinriod of exporta- cipal markets of the country from which the same shall have been imtion, with costs ported into the United States, to be appraised, estimated, and ascertained; and to such value or price shall be added all costs and charges, except insurance, and including in every case a charge for commissions at the usual rates, as the true value at the port where the same may be entered, upon which duties shall be assessed. (a)

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the certificate of any one of the appraisers of the United States of the dutiable value of any imported merchandise required to be appraised, shall be deemed and taken to be the appraisement of such merchandise required by existing laws to be made by such appraisers. And where merchandise shall be entered at ports where there are no appraisers, the certificate of the revenue officer to whom is committed the estimating and collection of duties of the dutiable value of any merchandise required to be appraised, shall be deemed and taken to be the appraisement of such merchandise required by existing laws to be made by such revenue officer.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, four appraisers of merchandise, to be allowed an annual salary each of two thousand five hundred dollars, together with their actual travelling expenses, to be regulated by the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall be employed in visiting such ports of entry in the United States, under the direction of the said Secretary, as may be deemed useful by him for the security of the revenue, and shall at such ports afford such aid and assistance in the appraisement of merchandise thereat as may be deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Treasury to protect and insure uniformity in the collection of the revenue from customs; and wherever practicable, in cases of appeal from the decision of United States appraisers, under the provisions of the seventeenth section of the tariff act of thirtieth August, eighteen hundred forty-two, the collector shall select one discreet and experienced merchant to be associated with one of the appraisers appointed under the provisions of this act, who together shall appraise the goods in question; and if they shall disagree, the collector shall decide between them; and the appraisement thus determined shall be final, and deemed and taken to be the true value of said goods, and the duties shall be levied thereon accordingly, any act of Congress to the contrary notwithstanding. (b)

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That this act shall take effect on and after the first day of April next; and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851. CHAP. XXXIX. — An Act to amend the Act to change the Time of holding the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the District of Ohio. (c)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Terms of courts United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term of the Circuit and District Courts of the United States for the district of Ohio now required by law to commence on the third Tuesday of May in

> (a) For provisions of previous acts respecting appraisements, see Stat. 1823, ch. 21; Stat. 1830, ch. 147; Stat. 1842, ch. 270, § 16, (vol. v. pp. 563, 564,) and Stat. 1846, ch. 74, § 8, and ch. 175, § 2.

(b) For previous provision, as to appeal, see Stat. 1842, ch. 270, § 17.

(c) See vol. ii. pp. 201, 420, 568; vol. iii. p. 544; vol. iv. pp. 18, 187, 399; vol. v. pp. 215, 488, 652, and Stat. 1846, ch. 26, and ch. 76.

each year shall hereafter commence on the third Tuesday of April in each year, and all provisions of law now applicable to the holding of said May term shall apply to the said April term.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XL. - An Act to change the Terms of the Circuit Courts for the Eastern March 3, 1851. and Western Districts of Pennsylvania. (a)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the terms of the Circuit Courts of the United States for the eastern and western districts cuit Courts in of Pennsylvania shall hereafter commence as follows, to wit : The April and October terms of the eastern district shall commence on the first Mondays of April and October, and the May and November terms of the western district shall commence on the second Mondays of May and November.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XLI. - An Act to ascertain and settle the private Land Claims in the State March 3, 1851. of California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of ascertaining and settling private land claims in the State of California, a commission shall be, and is hereby, constituted, which shall consist of three commissioners, to be appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, which commission shall continue for three years from the date of this act, unless sooner discontinued by the President of the United States.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That a secretary, skilled in the Spanish and English languages, shall be appointed by the said commissioners, whose duty it shall be to act as interpreter, and to keep a record of the proceedings of the board in a bound book, to be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Interior on the termination of the commission.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to appoint an agent learned in the law, and skilled in the Spanish and English languages, whose special duty it shall be to superintend the interests of the United States in the premises, to continue him in such agency as long as the public interest may, in the judgment of the President, require his continuance, and to allow him such compensation as the President shall deem reasonable. It shall be the duty of the said agent to attend the meetings of the board, to collect testimony in behalf of the United States, and to attend on all occasions when the claimant, in any case before the board, shall take depositions; and no deposition taken by or in behalf of any such Notice of tak-claimant shall be read in evidence in any case, whether before the ing of deposi-tions to be given commissioners, or before the District or Supreme Court of the United to such agent. States, unless notice of the time and place of taking the same shall have been given in writing to said agent, or to the district attorney of the proper district, so long before the time of taking the deposition as to enable him to be present at the time and place of taking the same,

Terms of Cir-Pennsylvania.

Commission constituted.

Secretary.

Duties.

Clerks.

Agent for United States. Duties.

> Ante, p. 616. Compensation. Duties.

(a) See vol. i. pp. 75, 463, 517; vol. ii. pp. 1, 157; vol. iii. p. 462; vol. v. pp. 177, 628.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That such clerks, not to exceed five in number, as may be necessary, shall be appointed by the said commissioners.

and like notice shall be given of the time and place of taking any deposition on the part of the United States.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioners shall hold their sessions at such times and places as the President of the

United States shall direct, of which they shall give due and public nomar- tice; and the marshal of the district in which the board is sitting shall appoint a deputy, whose duty it shall be to attend upon the said board. and who shall receive the same compensation as is allowed to the marshal for his attendance upon the District Court.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That the said commissioners, when sitting as a board, and each commissioner at his chambers, shall be, and are, and is hereby, authorized to administer oaths, and to examine witnesses in any case pending before the commissioners, that all such testimony shall be taken in writing, and shall be recorded and preserved in bound books to be provided for that purpose.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the board shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and required, on the application of the law agent or district attorney of the United States, or of any claimant or his counsel, to issue writs of subpœna commanding the attendance of a witness or witnesses before the said board or any commissioner.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That each and every person claiming lands in California by virtue of any right or title derived from the Spanish or Mexican government, shall present the same to the said commissioners when sitting as a board, together with such documentary evidence and testimony of witnesses as the said claimant relies upon Proceedings in support of such claims; and it shall be the duty of the commissioners, when the case is ready for hearing, to proceed promptly to examine the same upon such evidence, and upon the evidence produced in behalf of the United States, and to decide upon the validity of the said claim, and, within thirty days after such decision is rendered, to certify the same, with the reasons on which it is founded, to the district attorney of the United States in and for the district in which such decision shall be rendered.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That in all cases of the rejection or confirmation of any claim by the board of commissioners, it shall and may be lawful for the claimant or the district attorney, in behalf of the United States, to present a petition to the District Court of the district in which the land claimed is situated, praying the said court to review the decision of the said commissioners, and to decide on the validity of such claim; and such petition, if presented by the claimant, shall set forth fully the nature of the claim and the names of the original and present claimants, and shall contain a deraignment of the claimant's title, together with a transcript of the report of the board of commissioners, and of the documentary evidence and testi-Form of peti- mony of the witnesses on which it was founded; and such petition, if presented by the district attorney in behalf of the United States, shall be accompanied by a transcript of the report of the board of commissioners, and of the papers and evidence on which it was founded, and shall fully and distinctly set forth the grounds on which the said claim is alleged to be invalid, a copy of which petition, if the same shall be presented by a claimant, shall be served on the district attorney of the United States, and, if presented in behalf of the United States, shall be served on the claimant or his attorney; and the party upon whom such service shall be made shall be bound to answer the same within to a time to be prescribed by the judge of the District Court; and the answer of the claimant to such petition shall set forth fully the nature of the claim, and the names of the original and present claimants, and shall contain a deraignment of the claimant's title; and the answer of the

of Sessions commissioners.

Deputy shal.

Pay.

Oaths to be administered, testimony and taken in writing and recorded.

Subpœnas.

Claimants of land to present their claims.

thereon.

Petitions. District Court. Proceedings therein.

tion.

Answers petitions.

district attorney in behalf of the United States shall fully and distinctly set forth the grounds on which the said claim is alleged to be invalid. copies of which answers shall be served upon the adverse party thirty days before the meeting of the court, and thereupon, at the first term of the court thereafter, the said case shall stand for trial, unless, on cause shown, the same shall be continued by the court.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That the District Court shall proceed to render judgment upon the pleadings and evidence in the thereon. case, and upon such further evidence as may be taken by order of the said court, and shall, on application of the party against whom judgment is rendered, grant an appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States, on such security for costs in the District and Supreme Court, in preme Court. case the judgment of the District Court shall be affirmed, as the said court shall prescribe; and if the court shall be satisfied that the party desiring to appeal is unable to give such security, the appeal may be costs. allowed without security.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That the commissioners hereinprovided for, and the District and Supreme Courts, in deciding on the ciples commisvalidity of any claim brought before them under the provisions of this act. act, shall be governed by the treaty of Guadaloupe Hidalgo, the law of nations, the laws, usages, and customs of the government from which the claim is derived, the principles of equity, and the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, so far as they are applicable.

SEC. 12. And be it further enacted, That to entitle either party to a review of the proceedings and decision of the commissioners herein- authorize before provided for, notice of the intention of such party to file a peti- Court. tion to the District Court shall be entered on the journal or record of proceedings of the commissioners within sixty days after their decision on the claim has been made and notified to the parties, and such petition shall be filed in the District Court within six months after such decision has been rendered.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That all lands, the claims to which have been finally rejected by the commissioners in manner herein California provided, or which shall be finally decided to be invalid by the District which claims are or Supreme Court, and all lands the claims to which shall not have been to be taken as presented to the said presented to the said commissioners within two years after the date of ^{public lands.} this act, shall be deemed, held, and considered as part of the public domain of the United States; and for all claims finally confirmed by Patent to issue the said commissioners, or by the said District or Supreme Court, a for lands, claims patent shall issue to the claimant upon his presenting to the general firmed. land office an authentic certificate of such confirmation, and a plat or survey of the said land, duly certified and approved by the surveyorgeneral of California, whose duty it shall be to cause all private claims which shall be finally confirmed to be accurately surveyed, and to furnish plats of the same; and in the location of the said claims, the said surveyor-general shall have the same power and authority as are con-survey of claims. ferred on the register of the land office and receiver of the public moneys of Louisiana, by the sixth section of the act "to create the office of surveyor of the public lands for the State of Louisiana," approved third March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-one: Provided, always, That if the title of the claimant to such lands shall Provision where be contested by any other person, it shall and may be lawful for such a claim is con-tested by some person to present a petition to the district judge of the United States other person. for the district in which the lands are situated, plainly and distinctly setting forth his title thereto, and praying the said judge to hear and determine the same, a copy of which petition shall be served upon the adverse party thirty days before the time appointed for hearing the same. And provided, further, That it shall and may be lawful for the district judge of the United States, upon the hearing of such petition, such case.

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Location and

1831, ch. 116.

Injunction in

Vol. IX. Pub. - 80

to grant an injunction to restrain the party at whose instance the claim to the said lands has been confirmed, from suing out a patent for the same, until the title thereto shall have been finally decided, a copy of which order shall be transmitted to the commissioner of the general land office, and thereupon no patent shall issue until such decision shall be made, or until sufficient time shall, in the opinion of the said judge, have been allowed for obtaining the same; and thereafter the said injunction shall be dissolved.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That the provisions of this act shall not extend to any town lot, farm lot, or pasture lot, held under a grant from any corporation or town to which lands may have been granted for the establishment of a town by the Spanish or Mexican government, or the lawful authorities thereof, nor to any city, or town, or village lot, which city, town, or village existed on the seventh day Provision for of July, eighteen hundred and forty-six; but the claim for the same the case of such shall be presented by the corporate authorities of the said town, or where the land on which the said city, town, or village was originally granted to an individual, the claim shall be presented by or in the name of such individual, and the fact of the existence of the said city, town, or village on the said seventh July, eighteen hundred and forty-six, being duly proved, shall be prima facie evidence of a grant to such corporation, or to the individual under whom the said lotholders claim; and where any city, town, or village shall be in existence at the time of passing this act, the claim for the land embraced within the limits of the same may be made by the corporate authority of the said city, town, or village.

SEC. 15. And be it further enacted, That the final decrees rendered conclusive by the said commissioners, or by the District or Supreme Court of the S. and the United States, or any patent to be issued under this act, shall be conclusive between the United States and the said claimants only, and shall not affect the interests of third persons.

SEC. 16. And be it further enacted. That it shall be the duty of the commissioners herein provided for to ascertain and report to the Secneld by certain retary of the Interior the tenure by which the mission lands are held, and those held by civilized Indians, and those who are engaged in agriculture or labor of any kind, and also those which are occupied and cultivated by Pueblos or Rancheros Indians.

> SEC. 17. And be it further enacted. That each commissioner appointed under this act shall be allowed and paid at the rate of six thousand dollars per annum; that the secretary of the commissioners shall be allowed and paid at the rate of four thousand dollars per annum; and the clerks herein provided for shall be allowed and paid at the rate of one thousand five hundred dollars per annum; the aforesaid salaries to commence from the day of the notification by the commissioners of the first meeting of the board.

> SEC. 18. And be it further enacted, That the secretary of the board shall receive no fee except for furnishing certified copies of any paper or record, and for issuing writs of subpæna. For furnishing certified copies of any paper or record, he shall receive twenty cents for every hundred words, and for issuing writs of subpœna, fifty cents for each witness; which fees shall be equally divided between the said secretary and the assistant clerk.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

This act not to extend to certain lots.

lots.

Proceedings to re cnly as between TI. claimants.

Report on tenure of mission lands and those Indians.

Compensation. Commissioners. Secretary. Clerks. Vol. ix. p. 94. Vol. x. p. 208.

Secretary to receive no fees except in certain LCSes.

CHAP. XLII. - An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act allowing Compensation March 3, 1851. to the Members of the Senate, Members of the House of Representatives of the United States, and to the Delegates of the Territories, and repealing all other Laws on that Subject." (a)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act, no member of the Senate shall be entitled to receive mileage receive compensation for his attendance at the Senate, in the recess of Congress, during such meeting of the Senate as may be called on the March 4, 1853, fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, and on the and every four fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and hity-three, and on the years thereafter, fourth day of March in every fourth year thereafter, other than the if he was a memeight dollars per diem for attendance, now allowed by law: *Provided*, ber of Congress in the preceding That this act shall not apply to a senator, not a member of either house session. of Congress at the expiration of the Congress preceding such called session of the Senate.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XLIII. - An Act to limit the Liability of Ship-Owners, and for other Purposes. (b)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no owner or owners of any ship or vessel shall be subject or liable to answer for or liable for damage make good to any one or more person or persons any loss or damage by their neglect. which may happen to any goods or merchandize whatsoever, which shall be shipped, taken in, or put on board any such ship or vessel, by reason or by means of any fire happening to or on board the said ship or vessel, unless such fire is caused by the design or neglect of such owner or owners: Provided, That nothing in this act contained shall prevent the parties from making such contract as they please, extending or vary their liabil-ities by contract. limiting the liability of ship-owners.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any shipper or shippers of platina, gold, gold dust, silver, bullion, or other precious metals, liable for certain coins, jewelry, bills of any bank or public body, diamonds or other unless notice is precious stones, shall lade the same on board of any ship or vessel, given, &c. without, at the time of such lading, giving to the master, agent, owner or owners of the ship or vessel receiving the same, a note in writing of the true character and value thereof, and have the same entered on the bill of lading therefor, the master and owner or owners of the said vessel shall not be liable, as carriers thereof, in any form or manner. Nor shall any such master or owners be liable for any such valuable goods beyond the value and according to the character thereof so ity in case of such notice. notified and entered.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the liability of the owner or owners of any ship or vessel, for any embezzlement, loss, or de-owners for cerstruction, by the master, officers, mariners, passengers, or any other to person or persons, of any property, goods, or merchandize, shipped or value of put on board of such ship or vessel, or for any loss, damage, or injury interest in the by collision, or for any act, matter, or thing, loss, damage, or forfeiture, done, occasioned, or incurred, without the privity or knowledge of such owner or owners, shall in no case exceed the amount or value of the interest of such owner or owners respectively, in such ship or vessel, and her freight then pending.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That if any such embezzlement,

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March 3, 1851.

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Liability of tain losses not exceed tbe their

⁽a) For previous acts on the subject, see note in vol. i. p. 70, and Stat. 1850, ch. 90.

⁽b) See the case of New Jersey Steam Navigation Co. v. Merchants Bank, 6 Howard, R. 344.

where there are several shippers, and the loss exceeds the value of the ship and her freight.

Owner may abandon his interest to a trustee appointed by court for the benefit of the losers.

Charterers, in certain cases, to be deemed the owners.

Remedies against masters, taken away,

Penalty for shipping oil of &c., vitriol. without notice.

Act not to boats, &c., or to ed in river navigation.

Proceedings loss, or destruction, shall be suffered by several freighters or owners of goods, wares, or merchandize, or any property whatever, on the same voyage, and the whole value of the ship or vessel, and her freight for the voyage, shall not be sufficient to make compensation to each of them, they shall receive compensation from the owner or owners of the ship or vessel, in proportion to their respective losses; and for that purpose the said freighters and owners of the property, and the owner or owners of the ship or vessel, or any of them, may take the appropriate proceedings in any court, for the purpose of apportioning the sum for which the owner or owners of the ship or vessel may be liable amongst the parties entitled thereto. And it shall be deemed a sufficient compliance with the requirements of this act, on the part of such owner or owners, if he or they shall transfer his or their interest in such vessel and freight, for the benefit of such claimants, to a trustee, to be appointed by any court of competent jurisdiction, to act as such trustee for the person or persons who may prove to be legally entitled thereto, from and after which transfer, all claims and proceedings against the owner or owners shall cease.

> SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the charterer or charterers of any ship or vessel, in case he or they shall man, victual and navigate such vessel at his or their own expense, or by his or their own procurement, shall be deemed the owner or owners of such vessel within the meaning of this act; and such ship or vessel, when so chartered, shall be liable in the same manner as if navigated by the owner or owners thereof.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That nothing in the preceding sections shall be construed to take away or affect the remedy to which &c., for miscon' sections shall be construed to take away or anect the remedy to which duct, &c., not any party may be entitled, against the master, officers, or mariners, for or on account of any embezzlement, injury, loss, or destruction of goods, wares, merchandize, or other property, put on board any ship or vessel, or on account of any negligence, fraud, or other malversation of such master, officers, or mariners, respectively, nor shall any thing herein contained lessen or take away any responsibility to which any master or mariner of any ship or vessel may now by law be liable, notwithstanding such master or mariner may be an owner or part owner of the ship or vessel.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That any person or persons shipping oil of vitriol, unslacked lime, inflammable matches, or gunpowgiving der, in a ship or vessel taking cargo for divers persons on freight, without delivering, at the time of shipment, a note in writing, expressing the nature and character of such merchandize, to the master, mate, officer, or person in charge of the lading of the ship or vessel, shall forfeit to the United States one thousand dollars.

This act shall not apply to the owner or owners of any canal boat, apply to canal barge, or lighter, or to any vessel of any description whatsoever, used vessels employ- in rivers or inland navigation.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851. CHAP. XLIV. - An Act providing for an additional Term of the United States Circuit and District Courts at Chicago, in the District of Illinois. (a)

in Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Terms of courts United States of America in Congress assembled, That a term of the Circuit Court, and a term of the District Court of the United States for the District of Illinois, shall be held at the city of Chicago, in said district, commencing on the first Tuesday of October in each

(a) For previous acts respecting courts in Illinois, see note in vol. iv. p. 468, and Stat. 1819, ch. 70; 1824, ch. 38; 1831, ch. 10; 1848, ch. 35.

year, and a term of each of said courts shall likewise be held at said city, commencing on the third Tuesday of April, in each year; and special terms of said courts, or either of them, may be held at said city of Chicago at such other times as the district judge of the United States for the district of Illinois may appoint; and process may be Retur made returnable to any general or special term of said District or Cir- process. cuit Court at said city of Chicago, at any succeeding term thereof. notwithstanding a term of the said courts may, in the mean time, be held at the seat of government of the State of Illinois, or elsewhere.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the clerk of said Circuit and District Courts shall keep a clerk's office for said courts at Chi- to be kept at cago, and all the records and papers portaining cago, and all the records and papers pertaining to business in said deputy clerk to courts at Chicago shall be kept therein; and he shall appoint a deputy be appointed and clerk of said courts, to reside in said city of Chicago.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the judge of the District Rules and reg-Court of the United States for the district of Illinois may make such courts, process. rules and regulations for the regulation of the terms of said court, and &c. the process thereof, and the business, and the fees and costs to be taxed therein, as he shall deem expedient, and revise and alter the same when necessary.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the terms of the Circuit Court and the terms of the District Court of the United States for the district of Illinois, now required to be annually held in said district on the first Monday of June, and the first Monday of December, be hereafter held on the first Monday of July, and the third Monday of December, annually, and that all causes, motions, and proceedings pending in said courts, which may have been continued, and all process which may have issued therefrom returnable to the next June term of the said Circuit and District Courts, shall be considered and held as returnable, and continued to the new July terms of the said courts provided for in this section.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XLVIII. - An Act to establish certain Post-Roads in the United States, March 3, 1851. and the Territories thereof.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following roads be, and the same are hereby, declared post-roads, to wit:---

Maine. - From Houlton, via Smyrna, to Aroostook road, in Aroos-Maine. took county.

From Portsmouth in New Hampshire, to Kittery in Maine.

From Dennysville, via Charlotte, to Calias. From East Thomaston to the Island of Matinicus.

Massachusetts. - From Hingham, Plymouth county, via the north Massachusetts. part of Cohasset, to Hull.

Vermont. -- From Danby, Rutland county, via Mount Tabor, to Weston, Windsor county.

From East Thomaston to the Island of Malinicees.

From Dennysville, via Charlotte, Bairing, to Calais.

From Jonesville, via Huntington, Starksboro', Bristol, to New Haven, Addison county.

New Hampshire. --- From Wakefield, Carroll county, via East Wake- New Hampshire. field, Glidden's Corner, to Effingham.

New York. - From the city of Albany, in Albany county, to the New York. lower aqueduct on the Mohawk River.

From Albany, via Bethlehem, New Scotland, Coeymans, Westerloo, to Granville in Greene county.

Special terms.

Return of

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Vermont.

From Utica, via Frankfort Hill, Jerico, Cedar Lake, North Winfield, West Winfield, Wood's Corners, Spooner's Corners, Huntley's Corners, West Exeter, to Burlington Flatts.

From Newport, Herkimer county, via Norway, to Graysville.

From Warrensburg, in Warren county, to Athol, and from Johnsburgh to Wellstown, in Hamilton county.

From Clayville, Oneida county, to West Winfield, in Herkimer county From Eaton to Georgetown, Madison county.

From Canisteo, Steuben county, via Bennett's Creek, Greenwood, Rough and Ready, to Whitesville.

From Nunda, Livingston county, via River road, to Caneada, Alleghany county.

From Rockland, Sullivan county, to Beaverkill, Delaware county.

From Almond, via McHenry's Valley, and Collins' Settlement, to Phillipsville, Alleghany county, New York.

From Great Bend, via Evansville, to French Creek, Jefferson county From Sinclairsville, Chautauque county, to Charlotte Centre.

From East Lawrence, via Glenmore, to West Branch, Oneida county. From Friendsville, Pennsylvania, to Binghamton, New York. From Union, Broom county, New York, to Friendsville, Pennsylvania.

New Jersey. — From the city of New Brunswick, Middlesex county, via Black Horse, South Brunswick, to Cranberry.

From the city of Trenton, via Allentown, Imlaystown, Dounsville, and Manchester, to Tom's River, Ocean county.

From Lawrenceville, Mercer county, via Baker's Basin, and Evert's Corner, to Dutch Neck.

From Millville, Cumberland county, via Port Elizabeth, Dennis' Creek, Cape May Court-House, Rio Grande, and Cold Spring, to Cape Island.

From Princeton, via Blawenburgh and Harlingen, to Griggstown, in Somerset county.

From Milford to Little York, Hunterdon county.

Pennsylvania. — From Elderton, Armstrong county, via South Bend, West Lebanon, and Clarksburg, to Blairville, Indiana county.

From Tinker Run, Westmoreland county, via Guffey's Salt Works, to Elizabethtown, in Alleghany county.

From West Newton, Westmoreland county, via Guffey's Salt Works, to Pittsburg, Alleghany county.

From Hopewell post-office, Bedford county, via Broadtop, Beaverton, Glasgow, to Mill Creek, Huntingdon county.

From Orbisonia, Huntingdon county, via Scottsville, New Grenada, Speersville, to Rayshill, Bedford county.

From Wemesboro', via Long Street, to Lancaster Court-House, Lancaster county.

From city of Lancaster, via Neffsville, Litiz, Warwick, Lexington, Willow Bank Mills, Brickersville, Elizabeth Furnace, and Sheaferstown, to borough of Lebanon, in Lebanon county.

From Meadville, Crawford county, via Chapmanville, Titusville, and Enterprise, to Steam Mill post-office, Warren county.

From Tionista, Venango county, via Hawley's Saw Mill, to Tidiute, Warren county.

From Manheim, via Sporting Hill, to Mount Joy, Lancaster county.

From Mercer, in Mercer county, via New Hamburg, to West Greenville.

From the mouth of Spruce Creek, Huntingdon county, via Philipsburg, and George Reylees, to Clearfield borough, Clearfield county.

From Union, in Broom county, New York, to Friendsville, in Susquehanna county, Pennsylvania.

New Jersey.

Pennsylvania.

From Bloomsburg, Columbia county, via Buckhorn, Jerseytown, White Hall, and Bull's Tavern, to Muncey, Lycoming county.

From Binghamton, New York, to Friendsville, in Pennsylvania. From Pignea, Lancaster county, to New Holland.

From Reamstown, in Lancaster county, via Fry's Mill, and Terre Hill post-office, to Churchtown.

From Titusville, Crawford county, via Chapmanville and Sugar Lake, to Meadville.

From Warren, in Warren county, to Little Valley, in New York.

From Gratz, Dauphin county, via Klingerstown, Spread Eagle, to Upper Mahantango, in Schuylkill county.

From Tremont, Schuylkill county, to Pine Grove.

From Middletown, Dauphin county, to Hummelstown.

From Manheim, via Stouffer's Store, to Brickersville, Lancaster county.

From Somerset, via Somerset Furnace, to Johnstown, Cambria county.

From Jones's Mills, Westmoreland county, to Salt Lick, Fayette county.

From Canton, Bradford county, via Union, to Blockhouse, in Tioga county.

From Erie, Pennsylvania, via McKean's Corners, Wells's Corners, Venango, & Saegerstown, to Meadville, Pennsylvania.

From Columbus, Warren county, Pennsylvania, via Cock, Erie county, to Spartansburg, Crawford county, Pennsylvania.

From Fairview, Erie county, via Sterret's Mills and Franklin, to Edinboro' in same county.

Virginia. — From White Sulphur Springs, Greenbrier county, to Mountain Grove, Bath county.

From Clendenin, Kenawha county, via Valley of Sandy, Otter Creek, to Braxton Court-House.

From Braxton Court-House, Braxton county, via Holly, Fork Lick, Stroud's Glades, and Beaver Creek, to Nichols Court-House.

From Charlestown, Jefferson county, to Berryville, Clarke county.

From Winchester, via White Post, to Front Royal.

From Horn Town to Chincoteague Island, Accomac county.

From Callaghan's, Alleghany county, to Sweet Springs, Monroe county.

From Newmarket, Shenandoah county, via Page and Rappahannock county Court-House, to Warrenton, Fauquier county.

From Winchester, in Frederick county, via Capon Springs, Hampshire county, to Moorefield, Hardy county.

North Carolina. - From Jefferson to Richard Gentry's, on New North Carolina. River.

From Mount Airy, via Judesville, to Gap Civil.

From Slatersville to Mount Ulla. From Jonesville to Judesville.

From Sugar Grove, up Cove Creek, and down Roans Creek, to Taylorsville, in the State of Tennessee.

From Taylorsville, in Tennessee, via Carter's Forge, Baker's Gap, to Sugar Grove, in North Carolina.

From Asheville, Buncombe county, up Riem's Creek, and down Joy, to Democrat.

From Mosely Hall, via Jericho, to Strabane.

From Slatersville, via Taylorville and Lenoir, to Jonesboro', in Tennessee.

From Union Institute, in Randolph county, by Fair Grove and Medway, in Davidson county.

South Carolina. - From Newberry Court-House, via Reynosa, Hunt- South Carolina. ington, Cross Anchor Woodruff's and Chicks' Springs, to Merritsville.

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Virginia.

Georgia.

From Rocky Mount, Fairfield district, to Lancaster Court-House.

Georgia. — From Sharpe's Store, Lowndes county, via Shank's Ferry, Randal Fulsom's, Robert N. Parish's, Lott Whiddon's, to Vienna, Dooly county.

From Monticello, via Cardes', Littles' and Gaines'.

From Toombsboro', Wilkinson county, via Milton, Stephensville, to Cool Springs.

From Laurens, Pulaski county, to Hawkinsville.

From Oglethorpe, via Pointdexter & Tazewell, to Columbus, Georgia.

From Oglethorpe to Vienna, in Dooly county.

From Americus, Sumter county, via Cuthburt, to Fort Gaines, Earby county.

From Dr. Swinney's, via Starkville, to Lumpkin.

From Carnesville, via Isaac David's and Nathan Gunnells', to Jefferson, Jackson county. From Polk, Clinch county, via Carter's Bridge, to Alpaka post-office, Lowndes county, Georgia.

Kentucky. — From Columbia, Adair county, to Campbellsville, Taylor county. From Glasgow, Barren county, via Frederick, Fountain Run and Enon, to Lafayette, Tennessee.

From Russellville, Logan county, to Hartford, Ohio county.

Tennessee. — From Dyersburg, via Etam, Merriwether's Ridge, to Troy.

From Dyersburg, via Green's Meeting-house, Yorkville, Mount Prospect, to Dresden.

From and along the Johnson and Carter, Ashe and Caldwell turnpike roads, between Jonesboro', Tennessee, and Charlotte, North Carolina.

From Lafayette, via Red Sulphur Springs, to Lodi, in Jackson county.

From Winchester to Manchester, Tennessee. From Nashville to Arrington post-office, Williamson county.

Indiana.— From Point Commerce, in Greene county, to Sullivan, in Sullivan county.

From Montpelier, in Blackford county, to Bluffton, in Wells county.

From Deertield, in Randolph county, via New Lancaster, to Fort Recovery, in Mercer county. From Bluffton, in Wells county, via Murray, Uniontown, Chappien, to Roanock, in Huntington county, Ohio.

From Richmond, in Wayne county, via Washington, Hagerstown, to Newcastle, in Henry county.

From Indianapolis, via Clarkestown, Eagletown, Baxleytown, Noomanda, Alto, to Kokomo, in Howard county.

From Delphi to Burlington, in Carroll county.

From Middleton, in Henry county, via Huff's Cross Roads, Yorktown, Jacob W. Miller's and Jacob Hatfield's, to Wheeling, in Delaware county.

From Plymouth, Marshall county, to Knox, in Stark county.

From Auburn, De Kalb county, through the centre of Salem, Fairfield, and Richmond Townships, to Flint post-office, Steuben county.

From Lagro, Wabash county, via New Holland, Mount Etna, Warren, to Camden, Jay county. From Vevay, in Switzerland county, via Creig's & Indian Kentuck, to Madison, in Jefferson county. From Auburn, county seat of De Kalb county, northward, till it intersects a route commencing at Clarksville, Ohio, and running to White Pigeon post-office, at Jackson.

Ohio.—From Toledo, in Lucas county, via Oregon, to Woodville, in Sandusky county.

From Cleveland, via East Euclid, Mayfield, Chester Cross Roads,

Kentucky.

Tennessee.

Indiana.

Ohio.

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Munson, Claridon, East Claridon, Huntsburgh, Windsor, Orwell, Colebrook, Lindenville, Williamsfield, in Ohio, South Shenango, Hart's Cross Roads, to Meadville, in Pennsylvania.

From Hamilton, Butler county, via Millville, to Reily.

From Defiance, via Ayersville, New Bavaria, Medary and Gilboa, to Findley.

From Williamsburg, Clermont county, to New Hope, Brown county. From Painesville, Lake county, via Little Mountain, Mitchell's Mills, Chardon, Claridon, Burton, to Parkman Village.

From Richmond, via William Smyth's Mills, J. W. Grafton's Store, to Moore's Salt Works, Jefferson county.

From Shelby, in Richland county, via De Kalb, Sulphur Springs, to Broken Sword, Crawford county.

From Bonn, via Kidd's Salt Petre, to Masterton, Monroe county.

From Washington to Goodehope, Fayette county.

From Mount Vernon, via Millersburg, to Massillon.

From Frémont, Sandusky county, on the Plank Road, via Riley,

Lawrence, Castalia, and Venice, to Sandusky City, Erie county.

From Senecaville, Guernsey county, to Kennonsburgh.

From Spring Valley, Greene county, via New Burlington, to Lumberton, Clinton county.

From Bainbridge, via Greenfield, New Martinsburg, Buenea Vista and Plymouth, to Jamestown.

From Kalida to Medary, Putnam county.

From Vaughnsville, Putnam county, to Section Ten, Allen county. Illinois. — From Rock Island, via Moline, in Rock Island county, Cleveland Ferry, Green River post-office, Genesee, Canada Settlement,

Bul Bony Grove, Indiantown, to Peru, in La Salle county.

From Robinson, in Crawford county, to Marshall, in Clark county.

From Farmington, in Fulton county, via Uniontown, Brush Creek, Hartford, Berwick, Ellison, Olena, to Warren.

From Rushville, in Schuyler county, via Willson's Ferry, to Lagrange, in Brown county.

From Vermont, via Marietta, Lee, Centre, Virgil, to Woodstock, in Fulton county.

From Hutsonville, in Crawford county, to intersect the Palestine and Greenup route, at or near Elkton.

From Middleport, in Iroquois county, via Wool, Quitman, Butler, and Heater, to Urbanna, Champagne county. From New Harmony, Indiana, to Chester, Illinois.

From Edwardsville to Decatur.

Missouri. - From Tulby, via Monticello, Edina, Kirksville, Fry's Missouri. Mills, Frilan, to Trenton, in Grundy county. From Lebanon to Union.

From Clinton, Henry county, via George W. Brumits', William Crawfords', James Boon's, to West Point.

From Oceola, in St. Clair county, via Sac River Mills, and Frémont to Greenfield.

From Spanish Prairie to Iberia, in Miller county.

From Bolivar to Fort Scott.

From Glasgow to Bloomington.

From Canton, Lewis county, via Edina, to Kirksville, Adair county.

From Erie, Camden county, via Lebanon, to Oakland, Laclede county.

From Canton, via Memphis, to Lancaster.

From Clinton to Harrisonville. From St. Charles to Mexico. From Fayette, via Boonsborough, Howard county, to Arrow Rock. From La Grange, Lewis county, to New Ark, Knox county.

From La Grange, Lewis county, to Houston, Marion county. Vol. IX. Pub. - 81

Illinois.

Mississippi.

Arkansas.

Mississippi. — From Columbia, Marion county, via Fordsville, to Covington, in Louisiana.

From Liberty to Natchez. From Vicksburg to Benton. From Vicksburg to Deer Creek post-office.

From Greensboro' to Louisville. From Malcom, Jefferson county, via Cadeville, to Meadville, Franklin county.

Arkansas. — From Pine Bluffs, Jefferson county, via Southwest Crossing, Saline River, to Chambersville, in Calhoun county.

From county seat of Montgomery county, to Waldron, in Scott county. From Princeton, Dallas county, via Moro post-office, Little Bay, Miller's Bluffs; to Eldorado, in Union county.

From Grand Lake, county of Chicot, via De Bastrop, Hamburg, Fountain Hill, Long View, to Warren.

From Hillsboro', in county of Union, via Holly Springs, to Marion, in Union Parish, Louisiana.

From Powhattan, via Gabriel Frost's, to Gatesville.

From Round Pond post-office, Independence county, via Military Road crossing White River at Russell's Ferry, Sulphur Rock, through Hamilton, Hogan's Settlement, in Black River township, through Frost's Settlement, to Smithville, in Lawrence county.

From Cadron, in Conway county, to Clinton, in Van Buren county. From Brownsville, via Pigeon Roost, to Des Arc.

From Duvall's Bluffs, via Richwoods and Bear Skin Pond, to Little Rock.

From Pine Bluff to Bastrop, Louisiana. From Pine Bluff, via Little Rock, Perryville, Danville, the crossing of the State Road, to Fort Smith, the present weekly mail from Little Rock to Danville, and from Danville to Boonville, be suspended.

From Forsyth, Missouri, to Lebanon, Arkansas. From Grand Lake to Warren.

From Arkadelphia, to the county seat of Montgomery county, & to Waldron, in Scott county.

From Little Rock, via Arkadelphia, to Washington, instead of passing, as at present, through Raymond.

From Princeton to Eldorado. From Bastrop, Louisiana, via Hamburg and Monticello, to Pine Bluff, Arkansas.

From Antoine, in Clark county, via Murfreesboro' and Wilton, in Pike county, and Center Point and Paraclifta, in Sevier county, Arkansas, to Clarksville, in Texas.

From Clarksville, Arkansas, via Tatton, Ewbanks, on Mulberry River, to St. Paul's, on White River.

From Charleston, in Franklin county, via Epplers, in the narrows of Big Creek, in Crawford county, to Waldron, in Scott county.

From Little Rock, via the mouth of Cache River, Oakland, St. Francis and Marion, to Memphis, Tennessee.

From Camden, via Woodlawn, Leake's Store, and Fitz's Store, to Lewisville, Arkansas.

From Pine Bluff, via White Oak Bluff, on Saline River, to Chambersville, in Calhoun county, Arkansas.

From Stewarts Store, via Yate's, to Cogburns, in Clark county.

From Amity, in Clarke county, to Caddo Cove, Montgomery county. From Clinton, Van Buren county, via the Meadows, Locust Grove,

in Searcy county, and Big Flats, to Buffalo city, in Marion county. From Batesville, Independence county, to Fayetteville, Washington county.

From St. Louis, Missouri, to Batesville, state of Arkansas.

From Clarksville, Johnson county, via settlements on Big Mulberry & Big Buffalo, and Osage Creeks, to Osage post-office, Carroll county Arkansas.

Michigan. -- From Romeo, Macomb county, via Draperville, Albert-Michigan. sonville, Lynn, Merrillville, to Port Huron, St. Clair county. From Grand Rapids, in Kent county, via Grandville, Georgetown, Allendale and Ottawa, to Grand Haven, in Ottowa county. Wisconsin. - From Green Bay, via Kewanee, to Twin Rivers. From Beaver Dam to Dekora. From Patch Grove, via Milton and Fillmore, to Cassville. From Berlin, via Willow Creek, Poysipi, Pine River, and Lind, to Waupaka. From Ozankee, via Sanksville, Newberg, Newark, Pattrick Connelly's house, Theresa, Mayville, and Horrikon, to Beaver Dam, From Oshkosh to Waupaka. From Freedom to Reedsburg. From Menaska, via Hortonia, to Okonto. From Beaver Dam, via Elba and Portland, to Astalan. From Oshkosh, via Little River, to Plover Portage. From Beaver Dam, via Springfield, to Wyocena. From Menaska to Bridgeport. From Ezhoocah, (Prescott,) via Willow River, to St. Croix Falls. From Prescott, at the mouth of Lake St. Croix, via Willow River and Osceola, to the Falls of St. Croix. Oregon. - From Salem to Nesmith's Mills. Oregon. From Jacob Spore's to Elijah Bristoe's, in Benton county. From Harrison Wrights', on Molatto, to Syracuse. From Oregon City to Philip Foster's, Clackamas county. From the Cowlitz Settlements, in Lewis county, to Olympia. Alabama. - From Hollywood, on the eastern shore of Mobile Bay, Alabama. via the Navy Yard, to Pensacola, in Florida. From Tuscumbia, Franklin county, via Newport, Chickasaw, and Eastport, to Point Smith. From Mount Pinson, Jefferson county, to Tussville, Blount county. From Leighton, via Mount Hope, to Kinloch, Lawrence county. From Troy, Pike county, via Orion, Carter's Hill, and Pine Level, to Montgomery. From West Point, Georgia, to Talladega, Alabama. Louisiana. - From New Orleans to Vicksburg, daily. Louisiana. From New Orleans to Terre au Bouf, parish of St. Bernard. From New Orleans to Pointe a la Hache, parish of Plaquemine. Florida. — From Key West, Florida, to Mobile, Alabama, monthly. Florida. From Marianna to Ocheesee, tri-weekly. From Marianna to Abes' Spring, tri-weekly. From New Orleans, Louisiana, via Pensacola, Apalachicola, St. Marks, and Cedar Key, to Key West. Texas. - From Gum Spring, Smith county, to Canton, in Vanzandt Texas. county. From White Oak, Hopkins county, via Woodland, Quitman, and Belzora, to Tyler, Smith county. From San Augustine, via Port Windham, to Woodville, Tyler county. From Anderson, Grimes county, via White Sulphur Spring, F. S. Chamy's, Daniel F. McMahan's, Rogers Furnace, Stewart, Joseph Henson's, to Springfield, Limestone county. From Shelbyville, via Caledonia, to Henderson, instead of present route. From Austin to San Elizario. From Tyler, Smith county, to Athens. From Clarksville, by county sites of Wood and Vanzandt counties, to Athens, Henderson county.

Iowa. - From Keokuk, via Camargo, String Prairie, Croton, to Lowa. Farmington.

Wisconsin.

From Bloomfield, Davis county, via Centreville, Wayne, Decatur, Ringgold, Taylor, Page, and Frémont counties, to Fort Kearney.

From Mayville, Missouri, to Nodoway, in Iowa.

From Centreville, in Apponose county, to St. Johns, Dodge county. From Keokuk, via Summerville, Charleston, Primrose, Harrisburg, Winchester, Birmingham, Libertyville, Ashland, Agency City, Dahlonega, to Oskaloosa.

From Muscatine, via Tipton, Pioneer, Grove, and Anamosa, to Prairie du Chien.

From Davenport, Scott county, via Centre Grove, John Boydston's, and Pedec, to Iowa City county, Iowa.

From Fort Madison, Iowa, via Appanoose, Pontoosue, Dallas City, Camp Creek, to La Harp.

From Fort Madison, via West Point and Salem, to Fairfield, Iowa.

From Keokuk, via Camargo and Croton, to Farmington.

From Keokuk, via Franklin, to Salem. From Centreville, through the counties of Wayne, Decatur, Ringgold, Taylor, Page, & Frémont, to the Missouri River. From Fort Des Moines, via Garden Grove, & Nine Eagles, to Princeton, Missouri. From Muscatine, via Seventy-Seven, Yatton, Richmond, & Wassonville, to the county seat of Poweschick county.

From Dodgeville to Pleasant Grove, Des Moines county. From Hardin, via Alamakee, Dry Ford, & Fuller's, to De Kora, in Winneschick county. From Keosanqua, via Union Corner, south side of Fox River, to Bloomfield.

From La Harpe, to Blandensville, Illinois.

California.

California. — From Eureka, via Trinidad City and Klamath City, to Klamath Diggings.

From San Francisco, via Benicia and Junction, to Stockton.

From Sacramento City, via Boston, Nicholas, Eliza, and Yuba City, to Marysville.

From Marysville to the Gold Diggings on the Bear, Yuba, and Feather Rivers.

From Sacramento City to the Gold Diggings on the American River and its forks.

From Sacramento City to the Gold Diggings on Upper Sacramento River.

From San Francisco, via Benicia, to Sacramento City.

From San Francisco, via Santa Clara, to San José.

From San Francisco, via Sansilito, San Raphael, Petaluma, Sonoma, and Napa, to Benicia.

From San José, via Redwood, to Santa Cruz.

From San José, via Mission of San José, Amadors, and Martinez, to Benicia.

From Stockton, via San Joaquin City, Grayson, Tuolumne City, and Empire City, to Sacramento City.

From San José, via Gildroy's and San Juan, to Monterey.

From Monterey, via San Juan and Pachecos, to Mariposas.

From Monterey, via Soledad, San Miguel, San Louis Obispo, Dana's, Santa Ynes, Santa Barbara, and San Buena Ventura, to Los Angeles.

From Los Angeles, via Santa Anna, San Juan, Capistrana, and Santa Margarita, to San Diego.

From Los Angeles, via San Gabriel, Rolando, Chimo, Temecula, and Aqua Caliente, to Gila Town. From Los Angeles to San Pedro.

From Stockton, via Emory's Ferry, Knights, Mountain Inn, Jamestown, Sonora, Hawkins Bar, and Aqua Frio, to Maraposas.

From Stockton, via Ranche, Louise, Double Springs, Mockulumne Hill, Murphy's Diggings, Carson Creek, and Mormon Gulch, to Sonora.

From Stockton, via Lairds, to Sacramento. From Sacramento, via Patterson's, Mississippi Bar, Mormon Island, Greenwood Valley, Columa, Weberville, Salmon, Georgetown, and Placerville, to Ringgold.

From Sacramento City, via Dr. Traxton's, Nantucket, and Mud Springs, to Logtown.

From Sacramento City, via Daylor's, Dry Creek, and Jackson, to Volcano.

From Sacramento City, via Vernon, Nicholaus, Yuba City, and Eliza, to Marysville.

From Sacramento City, via Frémont, Cache Creek, Colusi's, Monroe's, Ide's, and Cottonwood Creek, to Redding's Springs.

From Sacramento City, via Ohphir, Aulum, Illinoistown, and Rough and Ready, to Nevada City.

From Marysville, via Foster's Bar, to Downieville.

From Marysville, via Veazie City, Hamilton, and Bidwell's Bar to Toll's Diggins.

From Redding's Diggins, via Weavertown Big Bar, on the Trinidad, South Trinidad, Redwood, and Union Town, to (Humbolt's Bay.) Eureka.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized to enter into contracts, or to make suit- contract for op able arrangements for transporting through any foreign country the through mails of the United States, running from and to any point in the said countries. the authority conferred by this section, shall not be for a longer period term and kind than four years and that in making them the before a longer period of the best section. than four years, and that, in making them, the Postmaster-General shall be bound to select the speediest, safest, and most economical route:

Provided, further, That such contracts shall be subject to be revoked and annulled, whenever any new road or canal shall be cut or opened, revoking affording a speedier, more economical, and equally as safe means of indemnity. communication between the point of departure and the point of destination of the mail to be transported; and that, in such case, a fair in-

demnity be awarded to the parties concerned : And provided, further, Advertisementa That, before making such contracts, notice shall be given during sixty for proposals. days, by advertisements in the usual manner, for inviting proposals for mail contracts.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

Authority to erating routes other

Provision for con-

RESOLUTIONS.

Dec. 24, 1850.

stitution filled.

[No. 1.] - A Resolution for the Appointment of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Vacancies in States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancies in the the board of re-gents of the board of regents of the Smithsonian Institution of the class "other than Smithsonian In- members of Congress," be filled by the reappointment of the late incumbents, viz.: Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, and Joseph G. Totten, of the city of Washington. (a)

APPROVED, December 24, 1850.

Feb. 27, 1851.

of the works of

Alexander Ham-

ilton.

[No. 2.] - A Resolution directing the Distribution of the Works of Alexander Hamilton, and for other Purposes.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Distribution States of America in Congress assembled. That the secretary of the Senate and the clerk of the House of Representatives be, and they hereby are, directed to distribute, by mail or otherwise, the works now being published by authority of Congress, known as the works of Alexander Hamilton, in the manner following, to wit: To the President of the United States, one copy; to the libraries of the different departments, of the Postmaster-General and the Attorney-General, one copy each; to each member of the present Senate and House of Representatives, one copy; to the office of the secretary of the Senate, five copies; to the library of the House of Representatives, ten copies; to the library of Congress, six copies; to the libraries of the States and Territories of the Union, each one copy; to the Smithsonian Institution, one copy; to the Military Academy and the Naval School at Annapolis, each one copy; to the joint committee on the library for the purpose of international exchange, twelve copies; to Mrs. Eliza Hamilton, five copies; to such colleges and literary institutions as shall be designated by the present committee on the library, one hundred and twenty copies.

Sale of undistributed copies. 1848, ch. 166.

Distribution of works of John Adams. 1850, ch. 90.

SEC. 2. And be it further resolved, That as the appropriation heretofore made for the editing and publication of said papers is inadequate, the joint committee on the library be, and they hereby are, empowered to sell the undistributed residue of the copies of said work; and that the proceeds of such sale be applied by said committee, in aid of the said appropriation, to defray the expense of editing and publishing said works.

SEC. 3. And be it further resolved, That the works of the late John Adams, published and being published, for which the Congress of the United States have subscribed, be distributed in the same manner as is herein provided for the distribution of the works of the late Alexander Hamilton, except the five copies to Mrs. Eliza Hamilton.

(a) See act of 1846, ch. 178, § 3, and joint resolutions of Aug. 10, 1846, No. 23; Dec. 19, 1848, No. 1.

SEC. 4. And be it further resolved, That the clerk of the House of Representatives be, and he is hereby, instructed to deliver to each of the present member of the present Congress one copy of the eighth volume of the one copy of vol. American Archives, and for this purpose he shall use the two hundred viii. and nineteen volumes of the Archives, paid for at the last session of Archives. Congress, and purchase a sufficient number of volumes to supply the deficiency.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

[No. 4.] — A Resolution for the Relief of Louis Kossuth and his Associates, Exiles March 3, 1851. from Hungary.

WHEREAS, the people of the United States sincerely sympathize with the Hungarian exiles, Kossuth and his associates, and fully appreciate the magnanimous conduct of the Turkish government in receiving and treating those noble exiles with kindness and hospitality, and whereas, if it be the wish of these exiles to emigrate to the United States, and the will of the Sultan to permit them to leave his dominions, therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Kossuth and States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the his associates to be received and United States be, and he hereby is, requested to authorize the employ- be received and brought to this ment of some one of the public vessels which may be now cruising in country in a the Meditterranean, to receive and convey to the United States the said public vessel. Louis Kossuth and his associates in captivity.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

[No. 5.] - A Resolution changing the Mode of appointing Clerks of the Treas- March 3, 1851. urers of the Mints of the United States.

WHEREAS, by existing laws, the treasurers of the United States' mint are required to give bond in heavy penalties for the faithful performance of their duties, and of those under them; and whereas, it is but just the selection of their clerks should be under their control; therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the second the mint to have section of the act, approved March third, eighteen hundred and thirty- of their own five, entitled "An Act to establish branches of the mint of the United clerks, subject to States," as vests the appointment of the clerks of the treasurer in the the Secretary of superintendent of each mint, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; the Treasury and that the several treasurers of the United States' mint be, and they 1835, ch. 39, § 2. are hereby, authorized to appoint their own clerks, subject, however, to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

[No. 6.] - Joint Resolution explaining the Acts of seventh July, eighteen hundred March 3, 1851. and thirty-eight, March third, eighteen hundred and forty-three, and June seven-teenth, eighteen hundred and forty-four.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the benefits of the acts of the acts of f July seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, granting pensions 1843, ch. 102; for five years: of the act of March third eighteen hundred and forty- and 1844, ch. for five years; of the act of March third, eighteen hundred and forty- and three, granting pensions for one year; and of the act of June seven- pensions to widteenth, eighteen hund ed and forty-four, extending the act of March ows, extended to

The benefits granting

Each member

Preamble.

Preamble.

Treasurers of the approval of bands died after the passage of those acts. Proviso.

those whose hus- third, eighteen hundred and forty-three, for the term of four years, to certain widows, shall not be withheld from any widow whose husband . died since the passage of either of said acts, if said widow shall be otherwise entitled to the same: Provided, That no pension shall be granted to said widow for the same time her husband received one. APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851. [No. 8.] - A Resolution providing for auditing and settling the Accounts of the Public Printers during the Recess of Congress.

settlement of accounts of pubcess of Congress.

> Res. No. 10. Proviso.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Auditing and States of America in Congress assembled, That the secretary of the Senate and the clerk of the House, and the clerk of the committee lic printers dur- on printing, jointly be, and they hereby are, authorized and empowered ing coming re- to examine, audit, and pass upon all accounts for printing and binding, to make a pro rata reduction in the compensation allowed, or to refuse the work altogether, should it be inferior to the standard, and in all things to possess the same power over the public printing and binding as is conferred upon the joint committee on printing by the joint resolution, approved August third, eighteen hundred and forty-six: *Provided*, That the authority hereby conferred shall only be exercised during the next recess of Congress, and shall cease at the commencement of the next session of Congress. APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

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PRIVATE ACTS.

LIST

OF THE

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LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

PRIVATE ACTS OF THE TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the first Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 1st Day of December, 1845, and ended on the 10th Day of August, 1846.

JAMES K. POLK, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice-President, and President of the Senate up to the 8th Day of August, 1846; DAVID R. ATCHISON, President of the Senate *pro tempore* on and after August 8th, 1846; JOHN W. DAVIS, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAPTER V. - An Act for the Relief of James Bogardus.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the patent granted to James Bogardus, bearing date on the eighteenth day of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, for his invention of a new and useful mill, now known as "Bogardus' Excentric Universal Mill," be and the same is hereby renewed and extended for the term of fourteen years from and after the eighteenth day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and the Commissioner of Patents is hereby directed to make a certificate of such renewal and extension.

APPROVED, January 14, 1846.

CHAP. IX. — An Act for the Relief of William Elliot, junior, of Fulton County, State of Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That William Elliot, junior, of Fulton county, State of Illinois, be and he is hereby permitted to enter, at the minimum price per acre, the north-west quarter of section thirty, in township numbered five, north of range numbered four, east of the fourth principal meridian, the same being within the Quincy land district in said State; and upon the payment of the purchase money therefor, a final certificate and patent shall issue as in other cases: Provided, That if any boná fide assignment or sale of said tract were made by said William Elliot, junior, after his errone-Vol. IX. PRIV. - 1 (649) STATUTE 1. Jan. 14, 1846.

Patent of Jas. Bogardus renewed and extended.

March 11, 1846.

William Elliot Jun. permitted to enter a quarter section of land.

Final certificate and patent to issue.

Proviso, in case of assignment. ous entry thereof in February, one thousand eight hundred and .hirtysix, then said patent shall inure to the benefit of such purchaser or assignee of said William, notwithstanding said original entry may have been subsequently cancelled by order of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

APPROVED, March 11, 1846.

April 27, 1846. CHAP. XII. — An Act for the Relief of David F. Williamson, of Pope County, State of Arkansas.

Entry of section in the name of David F. Williamson confirmed, and a patent to issue. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the entry of the north-west quarter of section number twenty-nine, in township number eight north of range number twenty west, in the name of David F. Williamson, made at the Johnson Court-House land office, in the State of Arkansas, per certificate number six hundred and seventeen of that office, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed, and a patent shall issue thereon as in other cases.

APPROVED, April 27, 1846.

May 13, 1846.

Register to be issued under the name of "Jane Gano," for the barque Emile.

Proof to be furnished that the barque has been repaired in the United States.

6. CHAP. XVIII. — An Act for the Relief of Charles W. Bingley, of Charleston, South Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That under the special circumstances of the case, as set forth in the report of the committee of the Senate on this subject, there shall be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register under the name of "Jane Gano" for the barque Emile, built in France, but now owned by Charles W. Bingley, a citizen of the United States, and now lying at the port of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, unseaworthy, whenever the said Charles W. Bingley shall furnish the Secretary of the Treasury with satisfactory proof that the said barque has been repaired in the United States, and that the costs of repairing her by her present owner exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States. APPROVED, May 13, 1846.

May 13, 1846.

CHAP. XIX. - An Act for the Relief of George Wentling.

George Wentling to be placed on the pension roll. 1832, ch. 126. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to place the name of George Wentling on the pension roll, at the rate prescribed by the act of June seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, for two years' service as a major during the war of the Revolution; and that his pension commence according to the provisions of said act. APPROVED, May 13, 1846.

May 22, 1846.

1843, ch. 43.

CHAP. XXIV. — An Act to amend an Act approved February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and forty-three, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act for the Relief of George Mayfield,' approved July twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-two."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a patent shall issue to George Mayfield for the west half and south-east quarter of section seventeen, township twenty-six, range five west, and the southwest quarter of section eight, township twenty-six, range five west, in the district of lands subject to sale at Grenada, Mississippi, any thing in the act of which this is amendatory to the contrary notwithstanding. APPROVED, May 22, 1846.

CHAP. XXVII. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of George

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to the legal representatives of George Duval, deceased, (a Cherokee,) the just value of the [cattle, horses, and hogs, (a)] calash and horses of the said Duval, destroyed or taken away by citizens of the United States within the limits of the State of Arkansas.

Duval, a Cherokee Indian.

APPROVED, June 6, 1846.

CHAP. XXX.—An Act to authorize the Justices of the County Court of Bates County, in the State of Missouri, to enter a certain Quarter Section of Land for a County Seat.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the justices of the County Court of the county of Bates, in the State of Missouri, be, and they are hereby, authorized to enter with the register and receiver of the land office at Clinton, in said State, for the use of said county, whereon the county seat thereof has been located, the northeast quarter of section seventeen, in township, numbered thirty-eight north, of range numbered thirty west; and on payment of the minimum price therefor within twelve months after the passage of this act, a patent shall issue therefor as in other cases.

APPROVED, June 19, 1846.

CHAP. XXXII. - An Act for the Relief of Asenath Canney.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War cause to be issued to Asenath Canney, formerly Asenath Nayson, a warrant for two hundred acres of land, in the place of land warrant number eight hundred and ninety-five, heretofore issued in the name of Ruth Quinby, the devisee of Nathaniel Nayson, late of South Berwick, in the county of York, and State of Maine, deceased, who was a lieutenant in the Massachusetts continental line; which warrant, so heretofore issued, is now lost, and the right to which land was heretofore given by Ruth Ranson to said Asenath.

APPROVED, June 19, 1846.

CHAP. XXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of James Wyman.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary

(a) The words in brackets were, by a clerical error, wrongly engrossed, "calash and horses." The error is rectified by the joint resolution of June 19, 1846, post, 680.

A patent to issue to George Mayfield for land in the Grenada land district.

June 6, 1846.

Payment to George Duval.

Justices of Bates county may enter land for a county

seat.

June 19, 1846.

June 19, 1846.

A warrant for 200 acres of land to be issued to Asenath Canney in lieu of one heretofore issued and lost.

651

Pension of \$6 per month allowed James Wyman. of War be, and is hereby, directed to place the name of James Wyman upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and cause to be paid to him six dollars per month, out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, commencing from and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to continue during his natural life. APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XL. — An Act for the Relief of Joseph Kemball.

Joseph Kemball to be paid \$198. 47, balance due on a due bill for

work done by

him, &c.

July 15, 1846.

1836, ch. 91.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to Joseph Kemball, or his legal representatives, the sum of one hundred and ninetyeight dollars and forty-seven cents, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, being the balance still due on one of Thomas Tupper's due bills of twelve hundred and sixty-two dollars and forty-seven cents, after deducting a credit of thirty-nine dollars and forty-seven cents, given by him for work done on Madison barracks, at Detroit, in eighteen hundred and sixteen; one thousand and twenty-three dollars and eighty-six cents of which was allowed to the credit of the assignees under the act for the relief of Jesse Smith and others, passed June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

July 15, 1846.

Pension of \$6 per month allowed to James Mains. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of James Mains upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and cause to be paid to him six dollars per month, out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, commencing from and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to continue during his natural life. APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XLI. - An Act for the Relief of James Mains.

July 15, 1846.

Benjamin Harris permitted to enter at the minimum price certain land in the Dixon land district, Illinois.

1834, ch. 54.

Patent to issue.

Proviso, in case of an assignment. CHAP. XLII. — An Act for the Relief of Benjamin Harris, of La Salle County, State of Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Benjamin Harris, of La Salle county, State of Illinois, be, and he is hereby, permitted to enter, at the minimum price per acre, the south-east fraction of the north-west quarter of section twelve, in township numbered thirty-three north, range numbered three east, of the third principal meridian, in the Dixon land district in said State, heretofore entered by said Benjamin Harris as a preëmption under the act of the nineteenth of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and which entry has been cancelled for irregularity; and on the payment of the purchase money therefor, a final certificate and patent shall issue as in other cases: Provided, however, If any transfer or assignment of the right of the said Harris has been made by him to any other person, the privilege hereby granted shall extend to and be exercised by his assignee.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XLIII. - An Act for the Relief of George D. Spencer.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to pay to George D. Spencer, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of seventy-six dollars and twenty-three cents, being the balance due for taking the census of two precincts in the county of Montgomery, in the State of Maryland, in the year eighteen hundred and forty.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XLIV. - An Act for the Relief of Semington Buffenbarger.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the sum of fifty dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be paid to Semington Buffenbarger, of South Charleston, in the county of Clark, in the State of Ohio, it being for money wrongfully received by the receiver of the land office at Waupaukonetta district. in said State of Ohio, for the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section four, in township number six south, of range number eight east.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XLV. - An Act for the Relief of Sampson Brown.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place upon the roll of invalid pensions the name of Sampson Brown, and that he pay him at the rate of six dollars per month for and during his natural life, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

Approved, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XLVI. - An Act for the Relief of Adam McCulloch.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Adam McCulloch, the sum of three hundred dollars, if it shall be ascertained by the solicitor of the treasury that the legal title of Goat Island, in the State of Maine, (whereon a lighthouse has been built by the United States,) is in the said Adam McCulloch, and he, the said Adam McCulloch, will first convey his title to said Goat Island to the United States.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XLVII. — An Act for the Relief [of] Daniel Ingalls. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary

July 15, 1846.

\$50, wrongfully received of S. Buffenbarger, to be refunded.

July 15, 1846.

Pension of \$6 per month al-lowed Sampson Brown,

July 15, 1846.

A. McCulloch to be paid \$300 for his legal title to Goat Island, Maine, on con-veying the same to U.S.

July 15, 1846.

George D. Spen-

cer to be paid bal-

ance due him for

taking the census of two precincts in Montgomery

county, Md.

July 15, 1846.

Daniel Ingalls to be placed on the pension roll. 1832, ch. 126.

of War be directed to place the name of Daniel Ingalls on the pension roll, at the rate prescribed by the act of June seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, for two years' service as a private; and that his pension commence, according to the provisions of said act, on the eighteenth December, eighteen hundred and forty-three.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XLVIII. - An Act for the Relief of John E. Holland.

John E. Holland's account for travelling expenses to be audited and paid.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, directed to cause the account of John E. Holland, for his travelling expenses when ordered on board the ship Vandalia, as captain's clerk, in August, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, to be audited and settled in the same manner as if the same had been claimed within six years, and to pay the sum found to be due out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

July 15, 1846.

CHAP. XLIX. - An Act for the Relief of John G. Pierie.

J. G. Pierie to be paid \$102.25, the amount the amount ex-acted at the N. Y. custom-house on brig Aldrick, as foreign tonnage.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to John G. Pierie, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one hundred and two dollars and twenty-five cents, being the sum exacted on the entry of the brig Aldrick at the New York custom-house, as foreign tonnage, because of having foreign seamen, who were shipped from Oporto, from necessity.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

July 15, 1846.

Rhea.

CHAP. L. — An Act for the Relief of Joseph M. Rhea, of the County of Sullivan, in the State of Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secre-Pension of \$4 per month al-lowed Joseph M. tary of War be, and he is hereby, directed and required to place the name of Joseph M. Rhea, of the State of Tennessee, upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he pay him at the rate of four dollars per month, during his natural life, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

July 15, 1846.

Pension of \$8. 50 per month al-lowed to A. R. Frogge.

CHAP. LI. — An Act for the Relief of Arthur R. Frogge, of Fentress County, Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place upon the invalid pension roll of the United States the name of Arthur R. Frogge; and that he pay him at the rate of eight dollars and fifty cents per month, for and during his natural life, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

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CHAP. LII. — An Act for the Relief of Joseph Watson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of Joseph Watson on the roll of invalid pensioners; and that he be paid at the rate of four dollars per month during his life, to commence on the sixth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

Approved, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. LIII. — An Act for the Relief of John Ficklin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of John Ficklin on the roll of invalid pensioners; and that he be paid a pension, at the rate of eight dollars per month, during his life, to commence on the twenty-second day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-four.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. LIV. — An Act for the Relief of James Davidson, of the County of Fentress, in the State of Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place upon the roll of invalid pensions the name of James Davidson, and that he pay him at the rate of six dollars per month for and during his natural life, commencing on the first January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. LV. - An Act for the Relief of William McCauley.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of William McCauley upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and cause to be paid to him six dollars per month, out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, commencing from and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, July 15, 1846.

CHAP. LVII. - An Act for the Relief of Nathaniel Stafford.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, directed to cause to be paid to the legally authorized guardian of Nathaniel Stafford, of Vermont, who became insane by exposure and extreme hardship in the military service of the United States, the amount of arrearage which may be found due to him, at the rate of eight dollars per month from the seventeenth of May, eighteen hundred and fourteen, to the thirtieth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-six, at which time his pension, already allowed, commenced under existing laws.

APPROVED, July 18, 1846.

July 15, 1846.

Pension of **\$4** per month allowed to Joseph Watson,

July 15, 1846.

Pension of \$8 per month allowed to John Ficklin.

July 15, 1846.

Pension of \$6 per month allowed to James Davidson.

July 15, 1846

Pension of \$6 per month allowed to William McCauley.

July 18, 1846.

Arrearage due Nathaniel Star ford to be paid to his legally authorized guardian.

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July 18, 1846.

CHAP. LVIII. — An Act for the Relief of Isabella Baldridge, Widow of Captain John Baldridge.

Name of Isabella Baldridge to be placed on the pension roll.

To be paid at the rate of \$480 per annum. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be directed to place the name of Isabella Baldridge, widow of John Baldridge, deceased, an officer in the revolutionary war, on the pension roll, and that she be paid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a pension, for the service of her husband as a captain in the revolutionary war, at the rate of four hundred and eighty dollars per annum, commencing on the fourth of September, eighteen hundred and forty-three.

APPROVED, July 18, 1846.

July 18, 1846.

CHAP. LIX. - An Act for the Relief of Charles M. McKenzie.

Charles M. Mc-Kenzie authorized to locate 80 acres of U. S. land in Michigan, on executing a release to the U. S. of 75 acres. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Charles M. Mc-Kenzie be, and he is hereby, authorized to locate eighty acres of land in any of the unlocated lands of the United States, in the State of Michigan, subject to private entry, on his executing a deed of release of seventy-five acres to the United States, being that part of the south half of the south-east quarter of section twenty-seven, township five, range one east, in the State of Michigan, not used or occupied by the said Charles M. McKenzie, being land covered by water; which deed of release shall be deposited with the register of the land office at Detroit, Michigan, and the receipt and certificate of said register shall be sufficient evidence to the register of any other land office in the State of Michigan, when the said McKenzie may desire to locate said eighty acres of land, of his compliance with the requisitions of this act. APPROVED, July 18, 1846.

July 21, 1846.

Benjamin Ballard confirmed in his claim to certain lots of land in Louisiana, entered in the name of William Moyslin, and to a lot of land entered in the name of Elizabeth Parker.

CHAP. LXII. - An Act for the Relief of Benjamin Ballard.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Benjamin Ballard, of the State of Louisiana be, and he is hereby, confirmed in his claim, by mesne conveyances, to lots numbered one and four, section thirty-five, township sixteen, range twelve, containing ninety acres and sixty hundredths, entered in the name of William Moyslin; and to the north-west fractional quarter section twenty-seven, township sixteen, range twelve, containing sixty-two acres and fifty-two hundredths, entered in the name of Elizabeth Parker — both situated on the Red River, and sold at the Natchitoches land office on the eighth of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty. And the Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby directed to issue patents to the said Ballard for the land so above described

APPROVED, July 21, 1846.

July 21, 1846.

CHAP. LXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Robert Barclay, of Missouri.

Robert Barclay authorized to enter certain lands. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Robert Barclay, of Missouri, be, and he hereby is, authorized to enter, at any land office in the State of Missouri, six hundred and forty acres of any unimproved land, subject to sale at private entry, according to the divisions of the public surveys; the said six hundred and forty acres being in lieu of, and to be accepted as full compensation for, the concession of eight hundred arpens granted to him by the order of Delassus, the lieutenant-governor of the Province of Louisiana, dated March sixth, one thousand eight hundred and two, which have been sold by the government of the United States as public lands.

APPROVED, July 21, 1846.

CHAP. LXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Abraham B. Fannin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to settle, upon principles of justice and equity, the accounts of Abraham B. Fannin, formerly collector of the customs for the district of Savannah, in the State of Georgia: Provided, That the credits which may be given in such settlement on account of expenses incurred by and allowed to him per annum, as collector aforesaid, shall not exceed the expenses incurred by and allowed per annum to his successor in said office, nor make any balance due from or payable by the United States to said Fannin.

APPROVED, July 29, 1846!

CHAP. LXX. - An Act for the Relief of Amos Kendall.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first auditor and comptroller of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the account of Amos Kendall, late Postmaster-General of the United States, for such counsel fees as said Amos Kendall has paid, or bound himself to pay, and all other necessary and usual expenses incurred, and not repaid by the plaintiffs, by reason of the suit instituted against him by William B. Stokes and others, in the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, and decided in his favor by the Supreme Court of the United States at January term, eighteen hundred and forty-five; and that the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, whatever sums of money may be allowed to him by said accounting officers pursuant to the provisions of this act.

APPROVED, July 29, 1846.

CHAP. LXXI. - An Act for the Relief of Mrs. Pike, Widow of the late General Pike.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of three thousand dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be, and the same is hereby appropriated, to be paid to Mrs. Zebulon Montgomery Pike, widow of the late General Pike, for compensation for two years' extraordinary services in two exploring expeditions by the said General (then Lieutenant) Pike to the sources of the Mississippi, in eighteen hundred and five and eighteen hundred and six, and to the sources of the Arkansas and Great Platte, and through New Mexico, in eighteen hundred and six and eighteen hundred and seven.

APPROVED, July 29, 1846. Vol. IX. Priv.-2 July 29,1846.

Accounts of A. B. Fannin to be audited and settled.

Proviso.

July 29, 1846.

Account of Amos Kendall for counsel fees and other expenses to be audited and settled.

To be paid the amount found to be due him.

July 29, 1846.

Mrs. Zebulon M. Pike to be paid \$3,000 for two years' service of her husband in two exploring expeditions.

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July 29, 1846.

A pension of \$4 per month allowed to Nathan-

iel Phillips.

CHAP. LXXII. - An Act for the Relief of Nathaniel Phillips.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Nathaniel Phillips on the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be paid, during his natural life, a pension at the rate of four dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five.

Approved, July 29, 1846.

July 29, 1845.

Release from a

judgment obtain-

ed against H. L. Catching by the United States.

CHAP. LXXIII. — An Act for the Relief of Harriet L. Catching.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Harriet L. Catching be, and she is hereby, released from the payment of a judgment obtained against her by the United States in the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Mississippi, on the sixteenth day of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine: Provided, She pay all costs of said suit.

APPROVED, July 29, 1846.

Aug. 3, 1846.

\$427.40, due F. St Vrain, deceased, with interest, to be refunded to his sureties. CHAP. LXXIX. — An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of Pierre Menard, Josiah T. Betts, Jacob Feaman, and Edmund Roberts, of the State of Illinois, Sureties of Felix St. Vrain, late Indian Agent, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be refunded to the legal representatives of Pierre Menard, Josiah T. Betts, Jacob Feaman, and Edmund Roberts, sureties of Felix St. Vrain, late Indian agent, and now deceased, the sum of four hundred and twenty-seven dollars and forty cents, being the amount of salary of said St. Vrain remaining unpaid at the time of his death, and the sum of two hundred dollars, paid by him to Mr. Farnham, to hand to gunsmith and blacksmith, and for which his account was never credited; with six per cent. interest per annum from the thirteenth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, being the time when the execution against the sureties of said St. Vrain was satisfied; the said sums and interest to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby required to pay the said sums of money and interest to the above-named persons, in the same proportions and amounts as they severally paid towards the satisfaction and discharge of said judgment, to be ascertained by him in such manner as he may direct.

APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

Aug. 3, 1846.

CHAP. LXXX. - An Act for the Relief of John Keith, of New York.

John Keith to be placed on the revolutionary pension roll. 1832, ch. 126. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be directed to place the name of John Keith, of Madison county, New York, on the roll of revolutionary pensioners, under the act of the seventh of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and allow him a pension for six months' service as a private, in pursuance of said act.

APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

CHAP. LXXXI. — An Act for the Relief of John Chasseaud, the Consul of the United States for Syria and Palestine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to pay to John Chasseaud, consul of the United States for Syria and Palestine, whatever amount there may be due said Chasseaud for salary while acting as consul aforesaid, and which the Secretary of the Treasury has no authority in law to pay, in consequence of a failure on the part of said Chasseaud to furnish the department of state with the bond and two sureties required by law, although he performed the duties of consul, and was recognized as such by the government of the United States.

APPROVED, August 3, 1846.

CHAP. LXXXIII. — An Act for the Relief of James Low.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of James Low on the pension roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of six dollars per month, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 4, 1846.

CHAP. LXXXVI. — An Act to provide for the final Settlement of the Accounts of John Crowell, late Agent for the Creek Indians.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That nothing in the act of the third of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of the Government for the Year ending the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and for other Purposes," shall be construed as a bar to the settlement of the accounts of John Crowell, late agent of the Creek nation of Indians; and for the payment of any sum or sums of money, if any, found due to the said Crowell, or to his heirs or legal representatives, by the proper accounting officers, the necessary amount is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August, 6, 1846.

CHAP. LXXXVII. — An Act for the Relief of Harriet Ward.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy cause the name of Harriet Ward to be placed upon the naval pension roll, under the act of third of March, eighteen hundred and seventeen, at the rate of nine dollars and fifty cents per month, commencing on the first day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

Aug. 3, 1846.

Amount due for salary to be paid to John Chasseaud.

Aug. 4, 1846

Pension of **g6** per month allowed to James Low.

Aug. 6, 1846.

Nothing in act of 1845, ch. 71, to be construed as a bar to settlement of the accounts of John Crowell.

Appropriation.

Aug. 6, 1846.

Pension of \$9. 50 per month allowed to Harriet Ward.

1817, ch. 60.

Aug. 6, 1846.

\$8.00 per month allowed to Eben-

ezer Ballard.

Pension of

CHAP. LXXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Ebenezer Ballard.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Ebenezer Ballard on the pension roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of eight dollars per month, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

Aug. 6, 1846.

CHAP. XCI. — An Act to provide for the Confirmation of certain Settlement Claims in the Greensburg Land District, Louisiana.

The 2d proviso of § 3, of act of 1822, ch. 122, not to apply to the reports of Cosby and Skipwith, on certain settlement claims, which are hereby confirmed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the second proviso of the third section of the Act of eight of May, eighteen hundred and twenty-two, entitled "An Act supplementary to the several Acts for adjusting the Claims to Land and establishing Land Offices in the Districts east of the Island of New Orleans," shall not apply to the reports dated eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and twenty, and twenty-fourth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, of Cosby and Skipwith, on settlement claims in that part of Louisiana which lies east of the Mississippi River and west of Pearl River; but such claims which, according to the said reports, were inhabited or cultivated, or where the date of settlement was before the fifteenth April, eighteen hundred and thirteen, are hereby confirmed under the other restrictions of said third section; but this confirmation shall in no manner affect prior rights, and shall only amount to a relinquishment on the part of the United States.

APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

Aug. 7, 1846.

\$76,300 to be paid in full of the claims of Robert Fulton.

CHAP. XCIII. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Robert Fulton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to the heirs of Robert Fulton seventy-six thousand three hundred dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, in full of the claims of the said Robert Fulton against the United States, due at the time of the death of the said Fulton, for inventing floating steam batteries, and superintending the construction of the steam frigate Fulton, for the detention of, and damages to, his steamboat Vesuvius, and for the great benefits conferred on the country by his improvements in the application of steam to navigation.

APPROVED, August 7, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Richard Elliott to be placed on the pension roll.

1832, ch. 126.

CHAP. CXI. — An Act granting a Pension to Richard Elliott.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place Richard Elliott, of the city of Washington, District of Columbia, on the pension list of revolutionary pensioners, under the act of the 7th of June, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and allow him a pension for six months' service, in pursuance of said act.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

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CHAP. CXII. - An Act for the Relief of Patrick Masterson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Patrick Masterson, of Lawrence county, Kentucky, upon the revolutionary pension roll, under the act of eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and grant him a pension of twenty dollars per annum, for six months' service, according to the provisions of said act

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXIII. — An Act for the Relief of William Gump.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of William Gump on the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be paid at the rate of eight dollars per month during his life, to commence on the sixth day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-three.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXIV. — An Act granting a Pension to Orris Crosby.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War cause the name of Orris Crosby, of Illinois, to be placed upon the roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of eight dollars per month, during his natural life; said pension to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

Approved, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXV. — An Act for the Relief of Griffen Kelly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Griffen Kelly be placed upon the roll of invalid pensions, and that he be allowed and paid the sum of eight dollars per month, for and during his life, to be computed from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXVI. - An Act granting a Pension to Joseph Dusseau.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be directed to place the name of Joseph Dusseau, of Michigan, upon the list of invalid pensioners, at the rate of six dollars per month, and that he be entitled to receive the same from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, for and during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Patrick Masterson to be placed on the pension roll. 1832, ch. 126.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Wm. Gump allowed a pension of \$8 per month.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of **\$8** per month allowed to Orris Crosby

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of **\$3** per m nth allowed to Griffen Kelly.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of **\$6** per month allowed to Joseph Dusseau.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Wm. B. Lang to be paid \$415. 22, provided requisite proof be given to Secretary of the Treasury.

CHAP. CXVII. - An Act for the Relief of William B. Lang.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to pay to William B. Lang, of Boston, Massachusetts, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of four hundred and fifteen dollars and twentytwo cents: Provided, It shall be proved to his satisfaction that the collector of the customs for the port of Boston has assessed and collected from the said William B. Lang, on the importation of sheetsteel, duties to this amount, greater than the said steel was liable by law to be charged with.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Samuel Jorden.

Samuel Jorden to be placed on the pension roll. 1832, ch. 126. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Samuel Jorden, of Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, upon the pension roll, according to the provisions of the act of eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and grant him a certificate for nine months' service; that is to say, for thirty dollars per annum during his natural life, beginning on the first day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-four.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Wiley B. Parnell authorized to surrender the certificate for lands entered under a mistake, and to enter other lands in lieu thereof.

Application to be made within six months.

His entry not to interfere with rights of others.

James A. Whiteside authorized to surrender a certain patent for lands. CHAP. CXIX. — An Act for the Relief of Wiley B. Parnell, of Blount county, Alabama, and James A. Whiteside, of Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Wiley B. Parnell of Blount county, Alabama, be, and he is hereby, authorized to surrender the certificate that issued to him from the Huntsville land office, in said State, for the north-east quarter of the south-west quarter of section number thirty-two, township number twelve, range number two west, in said land district, entered by the said Parnell on the fourth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-four, under a mistake; and, upon the surrender of said certificate, or the patent for said tract of land, if it has issued, under such rules and regulations as the Commissioner of the General Land Office may prescribe, the said Wiley B. Parnell is hereby authorized to enter, in lieu thereof, the south-west quarter of the north-east quarter of said section, township, and range, it being the tract the said Wiley B. Parnell intended to enter: Provided, That application is made by the said Wiley B. Parnell, under the provisions of this act, within six months after the passage of the same : And provided further, That the entry shall not be made to the prejudice of the rights of any other person or persons.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That James A. Whiteside, of the county of Hardin, in the State of Illinois, be, and he is hereby, authorized to surrender the patent issued to him from the Shawneetown land district, in said State, for the south-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section eight, in township eleven south, of range eight east, in said land district, entered and patented by the said Whiteside, on the twenty-eighth of July, eighteen hundred and thirtyeight; and upon the surrender of said patent for the said tract of land, under such rules and regulations as the Commissioner of the General Land Office may prescribe, the said James A. Whiteside is hereby authorized to locate and enter, in lieu thereof, an equal quantity of land to that so surrendered, any where in the said land district unsold, and to which no preëmption right attaches: Provided, That said entry shall be made within six months after the passage of this act.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXX. — An Act for the Relief of Peter Rife.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Peter Rife, of Wythe county, Virginia, upon the revolutionary pension roll, and pay him a pension of thirty dollars per annum, commencing on the first day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-four.

APPROVED, August, 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXI. - An Act for the Relief of Jose Carxillo.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to issue to Jose Carxillo, of the county of Hancock and State of Mississippi, a patent to the north-west quarter of section twentysix, of township nine, range sixteen west, in the Augusta land district of Mississippi.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXII. - An Act for the Relief of Mary Campbell, Widow of John Campbell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Mary Campbell, of the county of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, widow of John Campbell, late a soldier of the revolutionary war, be per annum. placed upon the pension roll under the provisions of the act of Congress passed July four, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and that she be paid a pension at the rate of thirty dollars annually, in accordance with the provisions of said act, to commence the ninth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXIII. — An Act for the Relief of the Heirs or legal Representatives of Thomas Kelly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office be, and is hereby, authorized to issue to the legal representatives of Thomas Kelly a duplicate warrant, in lieu of warrant number nine hundred and fifty-nine, for one hundred rant No. 959. acres of land.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

SESS. I. CH. 120, 121, 122, 123.

Authorized to enter lands ìn lieu thereof.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Peter Rife to receive a pension of \$30 per annum.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Patent for certain land in Augusta, Missis-sippi, land dis-trict, to be issued to Jose Carxillo.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Mary Campbell to receive pension of \$30

1836, ch. 362.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Duplicate warrant to be issued to Thomas Kelly in lieu of war-

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXIV. — An Act for the Relief of Lewis Laing.

Pension of \$8 per month al-lowed to Lewis Laing.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of Lewis Laing on the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be paid at the rate of eight dollars per month during his life, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Warrant for 640 acres of land to be issued to Wm. Moss.

CHAP. CXXV. — An Act for the Relief of William Moss.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall be, and is hereby, authorized and required to issue a warrant in favor of William Moss, for six hundred and forty acres of land, to be located upon any unlocated land belonging to the United States, and now subject to entry. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Elizabeth Betts to receive a pen-sion of \$50 per annum.

CHAP. CXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Elizabeth Betts, of the City of New York. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Elizabeth Betts on the revolutionary pension roll at the rate of fifty dollars per annum, for fifteen months' service of her husband, Preserved Betts; and that her pension commence the twenty-fifth December, eighteen hundred and forty-three. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas Ap Catesby Jones.

Catesby Jones to be paid \$1,501. 78, being balance due on the settlement of his accounts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay to Thomas Ap Catesby Jones, out of any money not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one thousand five hundred and one dollars and seventy-eight cents, it being the balance due him on his accounts as rendered to the United States.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of the Owners of the Ship Herald, of Baltimore.

Extra tonnage duties charged upon the ship Herald to be refunded.

1817, ch. 31.

Proviso. That the Secretary of the Treasury is satisfied.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to refund to Thomas Harris Hodges, administrator of John H. Hodges, in behalf of the owners of the ship Herald, Captain Pullen, of Baltimore, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the extra tonnage duty charged upon that ship by the collector of the port of New York, on her arrival from Amsterdam, in September, eighteen hundred and forty-four, for a violation of the sixth section of the navigation act of the first of March, eighteen hundred and seventeen : Provided, That the said Hodges shall satisfy the Secretary of the Treasury that

Aug. 8, 1846. Thomas Ap he is legally entitled to receive the same, and that the violation of the navigation act aforesaid was rendered necessary to enable the master to return with his vessel to the United States.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXIX. — An Act for the Relief of Margaret Gwinnup, of Hamilton County, Ohio.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the name of Margaret Gwinnup, of Hamilton county, Ohio, on the pension roll, under the act of July seven, eighteen hundred and thirtyeight, and pay her at the rate of one hundred and twenty dollars per annum.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXX. — An Act for the Relief of Isaiah Parker.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required and authorized to pay Isaiah Parker the sum of three hundred and twenty-eight dollars, for arrears of pension from March fourth, eighteen hundred and twentythree, to October thirty-one, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, at the rate of two dollars per month, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXXI. — An Act for the Relief of the Owner and Crew of the Schooner Tancred.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the collector of the customs for the District of Marblehead, in the State of Massachusetts, is hereby authorized to pay Glover Broughton, owner of the schooner Tancred, and to the persons composing her crew, or their legal representatives, such sum as said vessel would have been entitled to receive had she been engaged more than four months in the cod fisheries during the season of eighteen hundred and forty-four, and which was prevented by the loss of said vessel, which sum shall be distributed according to law: Provided, It shall be proved, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, that the provisions of law relating to fishing bounties, other than such as require the actual employment of the vessel at sea for a term or terms of time, shall have been complied with.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXXII. — An Act for the Relief of Captain John Patton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of John Patton on the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be paid at the rate of Vol. IX. PRIV. — 3 Aug. 8, 1846.

Margare Gwinnup to receive a pension of \$120 per annum.

1838, ch. 189.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Isaiah Parker to be paid \$328 for arrears of pension due him.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Collector at Marblehead to pay owner and crew of schr. Tancred such sum as they would have been entitled to had said vessel been engaged more than four months in cod fishery.

Proviso.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of \$20 per month allowed to John Patton. twenty dollars per month during his life, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846. CHAP. CXXXIII. — An Act for the Relief of Lois Mattison, of the County of Jefferson, State of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Lois Mattison on the pension list, at the rate of forty dollars per annum, to commence the fifteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1845.

Lois Mattison to receive a pen-

sion of \$40 per

annum.

CHAP. CXXXIV. — An Act for the Relief of Leah Gray.

Leah Gray to receive a pension of \$96 per annum. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Leah Gray on the roll of revolutionary pensions, at the rate of ninety-six dollars a year, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXXV. — An Act for the Relief of William Pool.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, directed to place the name of William Pool on the pension list of invalid pensioners of the United States; and that said William Pool be entitled to receive a pension at the rate of four dollars per month from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of John McAllister.

John McAllister to be paid \$50 as an encouragement for his enlistment in the army. 1814, ch. 7. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay, out of any unappropriated money, to John McAllister, of Troup county, Georgia, the sum of fifty dollars, that being the amount still due him as encouragement for his enlistment into the army of the United States, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved twenty-seventh January, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXXVII. — An Act for the Relief of James Journey.

James Journey confirmed in his title to tract of land. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That James Journey, who claims title, by virtue of a Spanish concession for four hundred arpens, to the north-east quarter of section thirty, and the north-west

Pension of \$4 per month allowed to Wm.

Pool.

quarter of section twenty-nine, both in township forty-seven north, and range one west, in Warren county, Missouri, be confirmed in the same, and that a patent issue to him therefor; and that he also be permitted, without paying any thing therefor, to enter with the register and receiver of the St. Louis land district forty acres on any of the unappropriated public lands now in market in said district, in full satisfaction of the remainder of said four hundred arpens: *Provided*, That said entry shall not interfere with any rights of any other persons.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXXVIII. — An Act for the Relief of John G. McCloud, of Linn County, Iowa.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That John G. Mc-Cloud be, and he is hereby, permitted to enter, within one year from the date of the passage of this bill, at the proper land office, at the minimum price of the public lands, the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of section number sixteen, in township eighty-three north, of range seven west, containing forty acres.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the authority having charge of the said school land is hereby authorized to select, and report to the register and receiver of the district in which said land is situate, other unappropriated lands of the United States subject to private entry in the said Territory, of a similar quantity to that which shall have been entered by said John G. McCloud, for the use of schools for the inhabitants of said township, under such regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That two thirds of the legal voters (including such females as may be heads of families) of said township sign a petition consenting that the said John G. McCloud may enter the before-mentioned forty-acre tract of land, and cause the same to be presented to the register of the proper district.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXXXIX. — An Act for the Relief of John Carr, John Batty, and Samuel Stevenson, Seamen on board the Whale Ship Margaret.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to John Carr, John Batty, and Samuel Stevenson, for their detention under the authority of the United States, five hundred and thirty-eight days each, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per day, amounting to two thousand and sixteen dollars and fifty cents, to give evidence on the trial of Harper, Rodman, Latham, and Hummstor, for mutiny and setting fire to the above-named ship whilst on a whaling voyage in the Pacific Ocean; and that the same be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXL. - An Act for the Relief of John Milsted, of Escambia County, Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That John Milsted be authorized to surrender the evidence of title issued to him by the United States for the north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of Aug. 8, 1846.

John Carr, John Batty, and Samuel Stevenson to be paid \$2,016.50 for their detention under the authority of the U.S. to give evidence, &cc.

Patent to issue.

Proviso.

Aug: 8, 1846.

John G. Mc-Cloud permitted to enter a quarter section of land.

Authority having charge of school land to report to register and receiver.

Aug. 8, 1846.

John Milsted authorized to surrender evidence of tille to a quarter section of land, and to enter other land in lieu thereof.

Entry to be made in six months. Proviso. section twenty-five, in township three north, of range twenty-three west, entered by him at the land office at Tallahassee, in the Territory (now State) of Florida, by mistake; and upon the surrender of such evidence of title, under such rules and regulations as the Commissioner of the General Land Office may prescribe, the said John Milsted shall be authorized to enter, in lieu thereof, the north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section twenty-five, in township three north of range thirty-two west, it being the tract that the said John Milsted intended to enter: *Provided*, That the said entry shall be made within six months after the passage of this act: *And provided further*, The said entry shall not be made to the prejudice of the rights of any other person or persons.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXLI. - An Act for the Relief of Daniel H. Warren.

Pension of \$6 per month allowed to Daniel H. Warren. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and hereby is, directed to place the name of Daniel H. Warren upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and to pay him a pension at the rate of six dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXLII. — An Act for the Relief of Patrick Kelly, senior, of the County of Indiana, State of Pennsylvania.

Patrick Kelly to be placed on the pension roll. 1832, ch. 126. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Patrick Kelly, senior, on the pension roll, according to the act of seventh June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, for six months' service as a private, and that his pension commence the twenty-sixth September, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXLIII. — An Act for the Relief of Solomon Russell, of the County of Somerset, in the State of Maine.

Duplicate to land warrant 705 to be issued to Solomon Russell. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to issue to Solomon Russell a duplicate to land warrant number seven hundred and five; and that said Russell have leave to locate the same upon any vacant land belonging to the United States, subject to private entry, so as not to interfere with preëmption rights.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXLIV. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Doctor John Gray, deceased.

Legal representatives of Dr. John Gray, to be paid \$5,000. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, required to pay to the legal representatives of Dr John Gray, deceased, late of Calvert county, in the State of Maryland, the sum of five thousand dollars, out of any moneys remaining in the treasury otherwise unappropriated.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXLV. — An Act for the Relief of Nathan Smith, Charles K. Smith, and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the collector of the customs for the District of Stonington, in the State of Connecticut, is hereby authorized to pay to Nathan Smith, Charles K. Smith, owners of the fishing-schooner Washington, of Stonington, and to the persons composing her late crew, such allowance, to be distributed according to law, as they would have been entitled to receive had she completed her fishing term; the said schooner having been driven on shore in a gale, by which she was prevented from accomplishing the full term required by law to entitle her to the bounty.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXLVI. - An Act for the Relief of Amos Hunting.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Amos Hunting on the revolutionary pension roll, under the act of the seventh June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, for six months' service as a private.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXLVII. - An Act for the Relief of Richard Hargreave Lee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to pay to Richard Hargreave Lee, of Buffalo, in the State of New York, one hundred and sixty dollars, or so much thereof as shall satisfactorily appear to said secretary to be the moiety of the penalty of four hundred dollars paid by said Lee, by mistake, for a breach of the revenue laws committed by him on the thirtieth of December, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, after deducting from said penalty of four hundred dollars the amount of the true penalty which ought to have been paid by said Lee, according to the provisions of the act of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CXLVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Aquilla Goodwin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Aquilla Goodwin be placed upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be allowed and paid the sum of six dollars per month, for and during his life, to be computed from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Collector of Stonington authorized to pay to owners of schr. Washington such allowance as they would have been entitled to had their schooner completed her term of fishing service.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Amos Hunting placed upon the pension roll. 1832, ch. 162.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Secretary of Treasury authorized to refund to R. H. Lee \$160, paid by him through mistake

1823, ch. 58.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of \$6 per month allowed to Aquilla Goodwin. Aug. 8, 1846.

J. R. Williams to be credited \$2,000 for damages done to his farm in 1813 and 1814.

CHAP. CXLIX .- An Act for the Relief of John R. Williams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to credit John R. Williams, as on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fourteen, on his bonds and mortgage, given by him to the United States in eighteen hundred and twelve, and still held by them, to secure the payment of three thousand two hundred dollars, with interest till paid, being the amount of the purchase money of a farm when sold to him at auction by the United States, in eighteen hundred and eleven, the sum of two thousand dollars, it being for damages done to his farm, known by the name of the Springwell farm, situate in the then Territory, now State of Michigan, while in the occupancy of the United States troops, in the years eighteen hundred and thirteen and eighteen hundred and fourteen, and in full payment of said damages.

CHAP. CL. — An Act for the Relief of Eli Merrill. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That upon the surrender to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, by Eli Merrill, of letters patent issued to said Eli Merrill for a tract of land containing one hundred and sixty acres, being the north-west quarter of section twenty-six, of township five north, in range one west, in the tract appropriated for military bounties in the Territory of Illinois, and upon due proof made that said Merrill has made no conveyance of said land,

the said Commissioner of the General Land Office shall be, and is hereby, authorized and required to issue a warrant in favor of said Eli

Merrill for one hundred and sixty acres of land to be located upon any

unlocated land belonging to the United States and now subject to entry.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Warrant for 160 acres of land to be issued to Eli Merrill, in lieu of one heretofore issued.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Persons attached to the pilotboat Washington, to be paid \$300 for injuries sustained by the boat by a collision with the U. S. steamer Coloncl Harney.

CHAP. CLI. — An Act for the Relief of Gregory Thomas and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to pay, or cause to be paid, to Gregory Thomas, of the city of New York, for himself and the other owners and pilots who were attached to the pilot-boat Washington, of that port, on the first October, eighteen hundred and forty-four, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of eight hundred dollars, being three hundred dollars for expenses incurred by them for repairs, and five hundred dollars for detention occasioned by injuries to their said pilot boat, by a collision with the United States Steamer Colonel Harney, on the ocean, on the night of the first October, eighteen hundred and forty-four.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLII. - An Act for the Relief of James Gee.

James Gee to be paid \$4 per month from Sept. 22, 1837, to Dec. 3, 1842. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to pay to James Gee, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, an arrearage of pension at the rate of four dollars per month, from the twenty-second day of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, to the third day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-two.

Approved, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLIII. - An Act for the Relief of Mary Segar, of Jefferson County, State of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to place the name of Mary Phelps on the revolutionary pension roll, at the rate of twenty dollars per annum, to commence the eighth day of August, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, for six months' service of her husband, Peter Segar.

Approved, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLIV. - An Act for the Relief of Samuel D. Walker, of Baltimore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to pay, out of any 27, money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Samuel D. Walker, the sum of six hundred and sixteen dollars and twenty-seven cents, being the amount of duty levied (on four hundred and forty-one seroons of Spanish leaf tobacco) by the act of second of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three: Provided, That satisfactory proof shall be furnished to the Secretary of the Treasury that said duties were paid, and not returned in debentures on the exportation of said tobacco.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLV. - An Act for the Relief of Ebenezer Conant, of the County of Jefferson, State of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Ebenezer Conant on the pension list, at the rate of forty dollars per annum, to commence the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLVI. - An Act to confirm an Entry of Land made by the Administrator of James Anderson, deceased, of Iowa Territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the entry of fractional section sixteen, in township number sixty-nine north, of range number two west, in the Des Moines land district, in the Territory of Iowa, made by the administrator of the estate of the late James Anderson, deceased, of Iowa Territory, under the provisions of an act of Congress for the relief of said Anderson, approved seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed and allowed: Provided, nevertheless, That the consent of two thirds of the legal voters in said township shall be first obtained thereto.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLVII. - An Act for the Relief of Justin Jacobs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, directed to place the name of Justin to receive a pen-

Aug. 8, 1846.

1847, ch. 109.

Mary Phelps to receive a pension of \$20 per annum.

Aug. 8, 1846.

S. D. Walker to be paid \$1616. 27, being an amount of duty levied by act of 1833, ch. 55.

Proviso.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Ebenezer Conant to receive a pension of \$40 per annum.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Entry of land, made by the adof ministrator James Anderson, confirmed. 1844, ch. 142.

Proviso.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Justin Jacobs

month.

sion of \$8 per Jacobs, late a laborer of ordnance in the service of the United States, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and to pay him eight dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty six, and to continue during his natural life. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLVIII. -- An Act for the Relief of Samuel D. Enochs.

Sam. D. Enochs to be paid \$80 for a mare lost in the service of the U. S.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Samuel D. Enochs, the sum of eighty dollars, in full compensation for his mare, which ran off, and has never since been heard of, while he was separated from her to do guard duty on foot in the service of the United States.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Legal representatives of Cyrus Turner to be paid \$1,500 for depredations by committed Sioux Indians.

Said sum to be deducted from Sioux annuities.

CHAP. CLIX. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs and legal Representatives of Cyrus Turner, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be paid to the heirs and legal representatives of Cyrus Turner, deceased, the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; which sum of money shall be in full of all demands for depredations and injuries committed by that band of Sioux Indians known and designated as the North Sursitons or Lake Traverse Indians; which sum of money shall be deducted from any annuity which may now be, or hereafter may become, due from this government to said band of Indians.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of \$6 per month allowed to Abraham Ansman.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to place the name of Abraham Ansman, of Clermont county, in the State of Ohio, on the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of six dollars per month, to continue during his natural life, and commence from the first day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-six.

CHAP. CLX. - An Act granting a Pension to Abraham Ansman.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXI. — An Act granting a Pension to Elijah C. Babbit.

Pension of \$4 per month allowed to E.C. Babbit.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby directed to place the name of Elijah C. Babbit on the list of invalid pensioners of the United States; and that said Babbit be entitled to receive a pension of four dollars per month, from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to con tinue during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXII. - An Act for the Relief of Langtry and Jenkins.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to Langtry and Jenkins, of the State of Tennessee, or their legal representatives, the sum of one thousand four hundred and forty-three dollars and sixty-five cents, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; it being for damage sustained by them in consequence of the violation of a contract on the part of the government agents, in refusing to receive three thousand pairs of shoes contracted to be received at the Cherokee Agency in the summer of eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, for the use of poor and destitute Cherokees, to equip them for their removal west.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP CLXIII. — An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of John Ruddle.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the legal representatives of John Ruddle be, and are hereby, authorized, by law, to enter three hundred and fifty arpens of any unlocated land now subject to entry in the State of Missouri.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXIV. — An Act for the Relief of Benjamin Allen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Benjamin Allen be placed upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be allowed and paid the sum of six dollars per month for and during his life, to be computed from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXV. — An Act granting a Pension to John Campbell, of Garland, in the State of Maine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be directed to place the name of John Campbell, of Garland, in the State of Maine, upon the list of invalid pensioners, at the rate of four dollars per month, during his natural life; said pension to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXVI. — An Act for the Relief of Surranus Cobb.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is required to place the name of Surranus Cobb on the invalid pension roll, at the rate of four dollars per month, during his natural life, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846. Vol. IX. Priv. - 4 Aug. 8, 1846.

Langtry & Jenkins to be paid \$1,443.65, for damages sustained by them in consequence of a violation of contract by the agents of the government.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Legal representatives of John Ruddle authorized to enter 350 arpens of land in Missouri.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of \$6 per month allowed to Benj. Allen.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of \$4 per month allowed to John Camp bell.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Pension of \$4 per month allowed to Surranus Cobb. Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXVII. — An Act for the Relief of Mary Phelps, of the County of Genesee, State of New York.

Mary Phelps allowed a pension of \$96 per annum. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Mary Phelps on the revolutionary pension roll, at the rate of ninety-six dollars per annum, to commence the seventeenth day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-five, for two years' service of her husband, Richard Austen.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXVIII. — An Act granting a Pension to Daniel Pratt.

Pension of \$4 per month allowed to Daniel Pratt. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the name of Daniel Pratt on the invalid pension roll of the United States, and that he pay him, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of four dollars per month, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXI. — An Act to authorize the constituted Authorities of the County of Polk, in the Territory of Iowa, to enter a Quarter Section of Land for a Seat of Justice.

Authorities of the county of Polk authorized to enter quarter section of land upon which fort Des Moines is situated for a seat of justice.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the constituted authorities of the county of Polk, in the Territory of Iowa, be, and are hereby, authorized to enter, by legal subdivisions, the quarter section of land upon which Fort Des Moines, in the Territory of Iowa, is situated, upon paying to the proper register and receiver therefor one dollar and a quarter per acre: *Provided*, That the seat of justice of said county is located on said tract of land.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXII.—An Act authorizing the Inhabitants of Township one, of Range thirteen east, Seneca County, Ohio, to relinquish certain Lands selected for Schools, and to obtain others in Lieu of them.

School trustees of township 1, range 13 east, Seneca Co., Ohio, authorized, on relinquishing certain lands, to select others in lieu thereof.

1826, ch. 83.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, on the relinquishment to the United States by the proper school trustees of township one, of range thirteen east, in Seneca county, Ohio, of all the right, title, and interest, of the inhabitants of said township to the east half and north-west quarter of section eight, in township ten south, of range nine east, containing four hundred and eighty acres, and Cedar Point, on Cedar Island, in Lake Erie, containing thirtyfour acres and eighty-nine hundredths of an acre, heretofore selected for them as school lands, under the provisions of the act of twentieth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, entitled "An Act to appropriate Lands for the support of Schools in certain Townships and fractional Townships, not heretofore provided for," the said school trustees be, and they are hereby, authorized to select and enter, free of cost, a quantity not exceeding five hundred and fourteen acres of the lands belonging to the United States, within the limits of the late Wyandott cession, or of any of the land districts in the State of Ohio, in tracts conforming to the subdivisions into which the lands shall be represented on the plats of survey : *Provided*, That the selections hereby authorized to be made shall not embrace lands upon which the assessed improvements of Indians have been made.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, when the lands here authorized to be selected or entered shall have been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, they shall be held by the inhabitants of the township herein first designated, by the same tenure, and upon the same terms, for the support of schools in said township, as if they had been selected under the provisions of the before-recited act of twentieth May, eighteen hundred and twenty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXIII. — An Act authorizing the Trustees of Tymochtee Township, Wyandott County, Ohio, to select Lands for Schools within the Wyandott Cession.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the school trustees of township one south, of range fourteen east, in Wyandott county, Ohio, be, and hereby are, authorized to select and enter, free of cost, two hundred and twenty-five acres of land, within the Wyandott cession, or of any other lands, within the State of Ohio, belonging to the United States, in tracts conforming to the subdivisions into which the lands shall be represented on the plots of survey: Provided, The selections hereby authorized to be made shall not embrace lands upon which the assessed improvements of Indians have been made.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, when the lands hereby authorized to be selected and entered shall have been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, they shall be held by the inhabitants of the township herein designated by the same tenure, and upon the same terms, for the support of schools in said township, as if they had been selected under the provisions of the general school law of the twentieth of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXIV. — An Act to refund to certain Persons an excess of Duty exacted on the Importation of Foreign Merchandise.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to pay to Manice, Phelps, and Company, and Manice, Gold, and Company, merchants of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them to the collector of the port of New York, upon the importation of certain Thibet shawls, worsted Valencias, worsted and cotton erminetts, brochellas, pincettas, and cashmaretts, since the fourteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, beyond what the same were legally chargeable with; and to pay to Halsted, Haines, and Company, merchants of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-three, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, eighteen hundred and Proviso.

Said lands to be held for schools.

1826, ch. 83.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Trustees of Tymochtee township, Ohio, authorized to select lands for schools in the Wyandott cession.

Proviso.

To be held as if selected under school law of May, 1826.

1826, ch. 83.

Aug. 8, 1846.

Excess of duty collected on certain importations of foreign merchandise to be refunded. Manice, Phelps,

& Co. Manice, Gold,

& Co.

Halsted, Haines, & Co.

thirty-eight, and eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, upon the importa tion of wove shirts, worsted cravats, and silk twists, beyond what the same were by law chargeable with, an [and] interest thereon from said time of payment; and also to pay to Edward Hardy, of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by him on the importation, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, of wove shirts and drawers, worsted Guernsey frocks, and cotton and merino and worsted shirts and drawers, beyond what the same were chargeable with, and interest thereon from said time of payment; and also to pay to George Trull any excess of duty paid by him on the importation, in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, and eighteen hundred and forty, of wove shirts and drawers, beyond what was legally chargeable thereon, and interest on such excess from said time of payment; and also to pay to Smith, Thurger, and Company, merchants of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them on the importation of jute grass, under the name of India matting, India weed, hemp carpeting, and jute carpeting, in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, eighteen hundred and forty, and eighteen hundred and forty-one, beyond what the same were legally chargeable with, and interest on such excess; and also to pay to Jonathan Little, assignee of Whiley and Taylor, merchants of the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them upon the importation of silk twist, in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-eight and eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, beyond what the same was legally chargeable with; said several sums to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: Provided, That, if either of the persons hereinbefore named is in any manner indebted to the United States, the sum so payable to such indebted person, or so much thereof as will be necessary, shall be retained in set-off to such indebtedness.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to refund to the several persons entitled thereto such sums of money as have been illegally exacted by collectors of the customs, under the sanction of the treasury department, for duties on imported merchandise, since the third of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-three: *Provided*, That, before any such refunding, the Secretary shall be satisfied, by decisions of the courts of the United States upon the principle involved, that such duties were illegally exacted: And provided, also, That such decisions of the courts shall have been adopted or acquiesced in by the treasury department as its rule of construction.

APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 10, 1846.

Heirs or legal representatives of R. C. Allen authorized to enter and patent one section of land in Florida. CHAP. CLXXXI. — An Act for the Relief of the Heirs and Legal Representatives of Richard C. Allen, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the heirs or legal representatives of Richard C. Allen, deceased, late of the Territory (now State) of Florida, be authorized to enter and patent, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, one section of public land, according to legal sub-divisions, subject to sale in the State of Florida, to which there may be no preemption right, in full satisfaction of all claims for the services and expenses of said Allen in locating lands reserved for a seminary of learning in said State.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

Edward Hardy.

George Trull.

Smith, Thurger, & Co.

Jonathan Little, assignee.

Proviso as to off-set.

All duties illegally collected to be refunded.

Proviso.

Proviso.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. I. CH. 182, 183, 184, 185. 1846.

CHAP. CLXXXII. - An Act to allow Elijah White Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by him as acting Sub-Agent of Indian Affairs west of the Rocky Mountains

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and required to allow and pay to Elijah White, and that he be also authorized and required to audit, allow, and pay, the accounts of said White, presented to the war department for payment upon the principles of right and justice, and that the sum of two thousand one hundred and seventy-six dollars and fifty-nine cents be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purposes aforesaid.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXXIII. — An Act for the Relief of Abraham Horbach.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay. to Abraham Horbach, the sum of five thousand dollars, with lawful interest from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, being the amount of a draft drawn by James Reeside on the post-office department, dated the eighteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, payable on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and accepted by the treasurer of the post-office department; which said draft was endorsed by said Abraham Horbach, at the instance of the said James Reeside, and the amount drawn from the Bank of Philadelphia, and, at maturity, said draft was protested for non-payment, and said Horbach became liable to pay, in consequence of his endorsement, and did pay, the full amount of said draft.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of Henry Etting.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and hereby are, directed, in settling the accounts of Henry Etting, as purser in the United States Navy, to allow him the sum of two thousand six hundred and six dollars, being a portion of the amount expended by him in prosecuting a suit against the Commercial Bank of New Orleans, to recover public moneys deposited therein

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXXV. - An Act for the Relief of Richard Kidd and Benjamin Kidd.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and hereby is, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Joshua Coit, of the city of New York, attorney of Richard Kidd and Benjamin Kidd, the balance remaining unpaid, and interest thereon, of a judgment recovered by said Richard Kidd and Benjamin Kidd, in

Aug. 10, 1846.

Secretary of War authorized to audit, allow, and pay, the ac-count of Elijah White on prin-ciples of equity and justice.

Aug. 10, 1846

Secretary ot the Treasury authorized to pay A. Horbach \$5000, with interest, for a draft Reeside, and ac-cepted by the treasure treasurer of the post-office department, &c.

Aug. 10, 1846.

Henry Etting owed \$2,606 allowed in settlement of his accounts.

Aug. 10, 1846

Secretary of Treasury to pay attorney of R. and B. Kidd balance due on a judgment.

the Circuit court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, against Samuel Swartwout, late collector of the port of New York, for the recovery of duties illegally exacted on the importation of certain wheat and flour of American growth or origin, in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-six and eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, a part of which judgment has been heretofore paid.

CHAP. CLXXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of James Erwin, of Arkansas, and

others.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

Aug. 10, 1846.

Secretary of War authorized to allow and pay James Erwin for losses sustained on a contract.

Also to allow and pay him and the heirs of D. Greathouse for losses sustained on a contract.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to investigate, audit, allow, and pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to James Irwin, of Arkansas, a fair and full remuneration for the actual losses he sustained in consequence of a contract he made with the United States in September, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, to supply provisions and transportation for the use of the Creek Indians expected to emigrate from the eastern to the western side of the Mississippi River, but who did not emigrate.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to investigate, audit, allow, and pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to James Erwin, and to the heirs or legal representatives of Daniel Greathouse, deceased, a full and fair remuneration for the actual losses sustained in consequence of a contract made by said Erwin and said Daniel Greathouse, in his lifetime, and the United States, in December, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, to supply provisions and transportation for the use of the Seminole Indians expected to emigrate from the eastern to the western side of the Mississippi River, but who failed to emigrate: *Provided*, The amount allowed as damages, in consequence of the non-use of the provisions furnished, shall not exceed the difference between their cost at the place or places where they were to have been delivered, and the amount for which they were afterwards sold.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

Aug. 10, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXXVII. — An Act for the Relief of John Jones, surviving Partner of John Jones and Charles Souder. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

Secretary to ascertain and pay J. Jones amount of damages sustained as contractor, &c.; also the amount for extra work and materials in constructing a wall around Peapatch Island. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to ascertain the actual amount of damages sustained by John Jones and Charles Souder, contractors with others for constructing a stone wall and embankment around the Peapatch Island, in the State of Delaware, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty, caused by the storm and overflow of that island on the twenty-ninth of November of that year, to which the works of the constructors of said wall and embankment were exposed by the failure on the part of the United States to furnish stone sufficient to construct said wall within the time limited in said contract; as well as the amount of extra work done and materials furnished and used, or conveyed to the place of construction by them, in repairing said damages or building said wall and embankment, upon such evidence as is usually received by the accounting officers of the departments in similar cases. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said Secretary be, and he is hereby, directed to ascertain the amount of extra work done and materials furnished by John Jones, but not paid for, in constructing a cistern or other works on the said island, in the years eighteen hundred and twenty-nine and eighteen hundred and thirty, and pay to the said John Jones, surviving partner of J. Jones and C. Souder, such sum or sums of money as will afford him such indemnity for said losses, damages, and extra work, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, as it may appear that they, upon principles of law and equity, were justly entitled to.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

CHAP. CLXXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Alexis Ayot.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War he, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Alexis Ayot on the list of invalid pensioners, and to pay him at the rate of ten dollars per month, to commence on the twentyfourth day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-four.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

Also, amount of extra work and materials furnished by John Jones to be paid him.

Indemnity to be made on equitable principles.

Aug. 10, 1846.

Pension of \$10 per month allowed to Alexis Ayot.

RESOLUTIONS.

May 29 1846.

Accounts of Peter Gorman to be settled — balance found due him to be paid.

[No. 7.] - A Resolution for the Relief of Peter Gorman.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury cause the account of Peter Gorman, for all the work actually done by him in grading, gravelling, paving, stone work, and otherwise repairing and improving the roads from the Capitol to the navy yard and Congress burial-ground, according to the measurement of the city surveyor, and at the rates specified in the contracts, to be audited and settled, as also his account for an additional culvert, and for gravel and rolling; and that the Secretary of the 'I'reasury pay the balance due thereon, after deducting the amount already received by the said Peter Gorman from the former appropriation, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, May 29, 1846.

June 19, 1846.

rected.

Ante, p. 65.

[No. 8.] - A Resolution to correct a clerical Error in the Act approved June sixth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, "for the Relief of the legal Representatives of George Duval, a Cherokee Indian.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the words Clerical error, in act of June 6, " calash and horses of the said Duval," where they occur in the "Act 1846, to be corfor the Relief of the legal Representatives of George Duval, a Cherokee Indian," approved June sixth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, shall read and be held to mean, cattle, horses, and hogs, of the said Duval; the word "calash" having been erroneously written for the word cattle, and the word hogs erroneously omitted in said act APPROVED, June 19, 1846

July 21, 1846.

Accounting officers of the treasury to setthe tle accounts of L. De Russey.

[No. 13.] — A Resolution for the Relief of Lewis De Russey, late a Paymaster of the Army of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and required, in the settlement of the accounts of Lewis De Russey, of Louisiana, for funds placed in his hands in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, for the Indian service, a credit for such amount of said funds as he may satisfy such officers was lost, without any fault on his part, by the explosion in and sinking of the steamboat Black Hawk, in the River Mississippi, in said year, the boat in which the said De Russey was transporting said funds o heir place of expenditure.

APPROVED, July 21, 1846.

[No. 15.] - A Resolution authorizing the Sale of certain Land at Baton Rouge to the State of Louisiana.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secre ary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to sell and convey, (for the use and benefit of the State of Louisiana,) to the three commissioners appointed by the Legislature of said State to select a site on which to erect a State house, two or more acres of the tract of land owned by the United States, lying in the parish of East Baton Rouge, State of Louisiana, above and adjoining the town of Baton Rouge: *Provided*, That, in the judgment of the President of the United States, said sale may be made without detriment to the public interest.

Approved, July 23, 1846.

[No. 18.] — A Resolution for the Relief of Putney and Riddle.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purpose of a final settlement of the accounts of Putney and Riddle, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to cause the papers and evidence now on file to be reëxamined by the proper accounting officer of the department; and if it shall appear that the government failed to fulfil its contract with the said Putney and Riddle, he shall then restate the account upon principles of equity and justice, according to the evidence on file. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the balance, if any, which shall appear to be due, after deducting what the said Putney and Riddle have already received.

APPROVED, August 4, 1846.

[No. 19.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of Seth M. Leavenworth.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be authorized and required to inquire into and ascertain the amount of damages (if any) sustained by Seth M. Leavenworth, mail contractor on route two thousand five hundred and four, by reason of the transfer of the contract for carrying the mail on said route from said Leavenworth to John Orchard, on the twentieth of September, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight; and the Postmaster-General is required to pay such damages ascertained out of the current appropriation for mail transportation; and the said Leavenworth shall be allowed the term of two years to make his proof of such damages.

APPROVED, August 6, 1846.

[No. 21.] — Joint Resolution for the Relief of John B. Denton and Curtis Humphreys.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That John B. Denton and Curtis Humphreys, and their guarantors, be relieved from any supposed responsibility they may have incurred by reason of the Vol. IX. PRIV. -- 5

Secretary of War to cause the papers and evidence in support of the claim of Putncy and Riddle to be reēxamined, &c.

Balance appearing to be due to be paid.

Aug. 6, 1846.

Postmaster-General to ascertain the damages sustained by S. M. Leavenworth, by reason of the transfer of his contract.

Aniount of such damages to be paid him.

Two years allowed him to make his proof.

Aug. 8, 1846.

J. B. Denton and Curtis Humphreys relieved from responsibility for failure to comply with

July 23, 1846.

Secretary of War authorized

to sell State of

Louisiana certain land near Baton

Rouge, for a site

for State house.

Aug. 4, 1846.

their contract with the postoffice department.

failure of the said John B. Denton and Curtis Humphreys to comply with their contract with the post-office department. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 8, 1846.

[No. 22.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of Shelden B. Hays.

Shelden B. Hayes to be paid \$342 67 due him for mail services. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, required to pay Shelden B. Hayes, out of the revenues of the post-office department, the sum of three hundred and forty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, it being a balance due him for mail services upon route Washington to Bedford, Pennsylvania, in the winter of eighteen hundred and thirty-nine. APPROVED, August 8, 1846.

Aug. 10, 1845. 1842, ch. 200. [No. 25.] — A Resolution declaratory of the Act passed twenty-third August, eighteen hundred and forty-two, entitled "An Act for the Relief of Charles F. Sibbald."

Claim of Chas. F. Sibbald to be audited and settled.

1842, ch. 200.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in carrying into effect the act entitled "An Act for the Relief of Charles F. Sibbald," passed twenty-third August, eighteen hundred and fortytwo, the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to audit and liquidate the claims and demands of said Sibbald, upon principles of law and equity, and in such manner as to secure to said Sibbald an indeminification for the injuries and damages sustained by him, occasioned by the interference of the agents of the government with his property and rights, and on such proofs as are usually received in similar cases by the accounting officers of the government.

APPROVED, August 10, 1846.

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PRIVATE ACTS OF THE TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

Passed at the second Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 7th Day of December, 1846, and ended on the 3d Day of March, 1847.

JAMES K. POLK, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice-President, and President of the Senate; JOHN W. DAVIS, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. IV. - An Act for the Relief of Julius Eldred, Elisha Eldred, and Francis E. Eldred for Expenses and Services in removing the Copper Rock from Lake Superior.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to allow and settle upon just and equitable terms the account of Julius Eldred and sons for their time, services, and expenses, in purchasing and removing from the Ontonagon River of Lake Superior to Detroit the mass of native copper, commonly called the copper rock, taken from said Eldred and sons, in eighteen hundred and forty-three, by order of the Secretary of War, and removed to the city of Washington; and that the amount so allowed be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, January 26, 1847.

CHAP. X. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas Blanchard.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of Patents be, and he is hereby, required to extend to Thomas Blanchard, a citizen of the United States, his executors and administrators, his patent for a machine for turning or cutting irregular forms out of wood, iron, brass, or other materials or substance which can be cut by ordinary tools, for and during the term of fourteen years from the twentieth day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred ry, 1848. and forty-eight, the day on which said patent will expire, in which extension the Commissioner may include any improvements in said machine made by the said Thomas Blanchard prior to the date of such extension, on his paying into the treasury, to the account of the patent fund, the duty required by the eighteenth section of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to promote the Progress of the useful Arts, and to repeal all Acts and Parts of Acts heretofore made for that Purpose," approved July the fourth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-six, on applications for the extension of patents: Provided, That such extension shall inure to the use and benefit of the said Thomas Blanchard, his executors and administrators, and to no other (683)

STATUTE II. Jan. 26, 1847.

Certain expenses of Julius Eldred and others, to be paid.

Feb. 15, 1847.

Patent of Thomas Blanchard for cutting irregular forms out of wood, brass, or iron, &c., extend-ed for 14 years, from 20th Janua-

1836, ch. 357.

Proviso.

persons whomsoever, except that a bona fide assignce of the invention, by virtue of an assignment from the patentee heretofore made, shall have the benefit of this act upon just, reasonable, and equitable terms, according to his interest therein. And if the said Thomas Blanchard, his executors or administrators, cannot agree with such assignee, the terms shall be ascertained and determined by the Circuit Court of the United States for the district in which such assignee resides, to be decreed upon a bill to be filed by such assignee for that purpose: And provided, further, That no assignee shall have the benefit of this act unless he shall, within ninety days from the date of its passage, agree with the said Thomas Blanchard, his executors or administrators, as to the consideration upon which he is to have it, or file his bill in the circuit court aforesaid, in order that the amount to be paid therefor, and the terms of such payment, may be decreed in conformity with the intent and meaning of this act : Provided, That the rights of the United States to use said invention, obtained by assignment or contract with said Blanchard, shall be and are hereby reserved to the same extent as they would have been if this act had not been passed. APPROVED, February 15, 1847.

Feb. 18, 1847. CHAP. XI. — An Act to extend the Time for selling the Lands granted to the Kentucky Asylum for teaching the Deaf and Dumb.

The further time of five years allowed for selling the lands heretofore granted the Kentucky Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb.

Proviso

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the further time of five years, from and after the expiration of that time heretofore allowed, be, and the same is hereby, allowed and permitted the trustees of the Centre College of Kentucky, who are also trustees of the Kentucky Asylum for teaching the Deaf and Dumb, to sell the lands heretofore granted said asylum, and confirmed to said trustees for the use of said asylum by acts of Congress heretofore passed: *Provided*, That the provisions of this act shall not extend to any lands, heretofore granted, lying in the State of Arkansas.

APPROVED, February 18, 1847.

CHAP. XII. — An Act for the Relief of Thomas Brownell.

Thomas Brownell to be placed on the roll of navy pensioners, and to be paid at the rate of \$10 per month.

1841, ch. 8.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Thomas Brownell be placed upon the roll of navy pensioners, and that he be paid ten dollars a month, commencing on the first day of October, eighteen hundred and forty, for disability incurred by him while in the discharge of his duty as master on board the Lawrence, under command of Commodore Perry, in the year eighteen hundred and thirteen; the payment of said pension to be subject to the provisions of the second section of an act passed August sixteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-one, entitled "An Act for the Payment of Navy Pensions."

APPROVED, February 18, 1847.

Feb. 20, 1847.

CHAP. XIV. - An Act for the Relief of Joshua Shaw.

The Secretary of War to examine the claim Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to examine the

Feb. 18, 1847. Thomas Brownell to be placed

claims of Joshua Shaw upon the government of the United States, and report to the proper officers of the treasury, for payment, such amount as may be found due him, upon principles of justice and equity, not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars; which amount is hereby directed to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, as a full compensation for the past and future use of his invention of percussion caps and locks for small arms, and percussion locks and wafer primers to be applied to the firing of cannon.

APPROVED, February 20, 1847.

CHAP. XV. - An Act granting a Pension to Patrick Kelly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be directed to place the name of Patrick Kelly upon the invalid pension roll; and that a pension be granted to said Patrick Kelly. Kelly, at the rate of eight dollars a month, from and after the eighth day of May, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, February 20, 1847.

CHAP. XVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Ray Tompkins and others, the Children and Heirs-at Law of the late Daniel D. Tompkins.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the children and heirs of Daniel D. Tompkins, late governor of the State Tompkins. of New York, deceased, the sum of forty-nine thousand seven hundred and ninety-five dollars and two cents.

APPROVED, February 22, 1847.

CHAP. XIX. - An Act to authorize the Issuing of a new Register for the American Barque Pons, of Philadelphia, by the name of the Cordelia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a new register for the American barque Pons, by the name of the Cordelia, of Philadelphia, which vessel was recently sold in that city, in pursuance of an order of the United States District Court of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, as having been unlawfully engaged in the slave trade, and is now owned by Edward Harris Miles: Provided, That this act shall not be so construed as to dispense with the requirements of existing laws relating to new registers to be issued to vessels, except as to the name thereof; and that satisfactory evidence of a full compliance with those requirements shall be furnished to the Secretary of the Treasury before a new register shall be issued, as herein provided.

APPROVED, February 23, 1847.

of Joshua Shaw and to report such amount as may be due him, not exceeding

\$25,000. The amount found due to be paid him as full compensation.

Feb. 20, 1847.

A pension of \$8 a month al-lowed Patrick

Feb. 22, 1847.

The sum of \$49,795 02 to be paid to heirs, &c., of D. D.

Feb. 23, 1847.

A new register to be issued for the barque Pons, by the name of the Cordelia.

Proviso as to register.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 22, 23, 24. 1847.

Feb. 25, 1847.

CHAP. XXII. — An Act to authorize the Issuing of a Register to the Brigantine Ocean Queen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register for the brigantine Ocean Queen, formerly a British colonial vessel, but now owned by Trusten P. McColley and Hiram W. McColley, citizens of the State of Delaware; and which said vessel, having been wrecked and condemned on Cape Henlopen beach, was purchased by them, and which they have caused to be repaired and refitted for sea again: Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the cost of the repairs made in the United States, after the purchase of the said vessel by the present owners, exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

Feb. 25, 1847.

Entries of certain lands by George Gordon, and by Zachariah C.Poor, legalized and confirmed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the entry and purchase by George Gordon, at the land office at St. Louis, Missouri, of the south-west quarter of section thirty-two, in township numbered forty-six, of range numbered six east, as per receiver's certificate numbered eight thousand three hundred and sixty-seven, and the entry and purchase by Zachariah C. Poor, at the same land office, of the south-east quarter of section thirty-one, in township numbered forty-six, of range numbered six east, as per receiver's certificate number eight thousand three hundred and sixty-seven, and the entry six, of range numbered six east, as per receiver's certificate number eight thousand three hundred and sixty-six, and by the said Poor assigned to said Gordon, and which said entries have been cancelled for irregularity, at the General Land Office, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed and legalized, and a patent or patents shall issue therefor to the said George Gordon, or his assignee, as in other cases.

CHAP. XXIII. - An Act for the Relief of George Gordon.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

Feb. 25, 1847.

Patents to issue.

CHAP. XXIV. — An Act to grant a Right of Preemption to Philip F. Dering and Robert H. Champion to a Tract of Mineral Land.

The right of preëmption to certain lands granted to P. F. Dering and R. H. Champion.

Proviso as to payment.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, granted to Philip F. Dering and Robert H. Champion, of the county of Iowa, and Territory of Wisconsin, the right of preëmption to the north-east quarter, and east half of the north-west quarter, of section numbered twenty-six, in township numbered one north, of range numbered one east, of the fourth principal meridian, being the land now occupied by them under a lease from the United States as mineral land: Provided, That said Dering and Champion shall make full payment for the same at the proper land office within six months after the passage of this act: And provided, further, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to affect the lawful claims of any other person or persons to the same, by virtue of existing laws.

A register to be issued for the brigantine Ocean Queen.

Proviso.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 1847. 687

CHAP. XXV. - An Act for the Relief of John Stockton, late a Lieutenant in the Army of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the judgment rendered in the Circuit Court of the United States in the District of Michigan, in the case of the "United States of America versus John Stockton Stockton," against the said John Stockton, for the sum of seven hun- \$707 55 dred and seven dollars and fifty-five cents, be, and the same is hereby, forever released and discharged.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

CHAP. XXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Peter Frost.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be required to place the name of Peter Frost, of Waterboro, in the State of Maine, upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and that Frost. he be allowed at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

CHAP. XXVII. - An Act for the Relief of George Roush.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of George Roush, of Mason county, Virginia, on the roll of revolutionary pensioners of the United States, and allow him, during his natural life, the sum of eighty dollars per annum, as other pensioners.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

CHAP. XXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of James S. Conway.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper law officer of the Government of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized, to cause a release to be entered in the case of the United States vs. James S. Conway, for the balance now owing by said Conway, in virtue of a judgment heretofore obtained against him in the District Court of the United States for the District of Arkansas.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

CHAP. XXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Andrew Moore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of Andrew Moore on the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be paid at the Moore. rate of twenty dollars per month during his life, to commence on the sixteenth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

Feb. 25, 1847.

Release of judgment rendered against John for

Feb. 25, 1847.

A pension of \$8 per month allowed Peter

Feb. 25, 1847.

A pension of \$80 per annum allowed George Roush.

Feb. 25, 1847

'The balance on a judgment now owing by J. S. Conway to the United States released.

Feb. 25, 1847.

A pension of \$20 per month allowed Andrew

688 TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. SESS. II. Ch. 30, 38, 41, 42. 1847.

Feb. 25, 1847.

CHAP. XXX. - An Act granting a Pension to Joseph Morrison.

A pension of \$17 per month \$17 per month allowed Joseph Morrison.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be granted to Joseph Morrison, late first lieutenant in the thirty-third regiment of infantry, a pension, at the rate of seventeen dollars a month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, and to continue during his natural life - the said Morrison having been wounded in battle while acting as lieutenant of marines on board the brig Eagle, in the action on Lake Champlain, September eleventh, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen. APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

March 2, 1847. CHAP. XXXVIII. - An Act further to extend the Charter of the Union Bank of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia.

Act to extend the charter of said bank further extended. 1838, ch. 38.

Proviso

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act to extend the Charter of the Union Bank of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia," approved the twenty-fifth day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, be, and the same is hereby, further extended to the first day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-nine, until which time said act shall be in full force, for the sole purpose of enabling the president and directors of the said bank, for the time being, to close its affairs : Provided, That said bank shall not exercise any banking privileges, or any other powers, except to collect and pay its debts, and close up its business APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

March 2, 1847.

Secretary of the Navy to audit and adjust the account of Hobson Joons.

Such further compensation to be allowed him as is just and equitable.

CHAP. XLI. - An Act for the Relief of Hobson Johns.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to audit and adjust the account of Hobson Johns for tobacco furnished the navy under his contract with the department, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-five, and if the said Secretary shall be satisfied that said Johns entered into said contract under a mistake as to the standard sample furnished by the department, in consequence of a new and superior sample having been substituted by the department for the one originally shown said Johns, of which substitution he was, at the time of making said contract, ignorant, the said Secretary shall allow said Johns such further compensation, over and above the price stipulated in said contract, as shall be just and equitable; which allowance, when so ascertained, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to pay out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

March 2, 1847.

CHAP. XLII. - An Act for the Relief of Elijah White, and others.

Secretary of War authorized to pay them the

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized to pay to Elijah White, Charles Saxton, Orris amount of their Brown, M. S. Chapman, the respective losses sustained by them, not

exceeding in the aggregate the sum of one thousand and eighty-one respective losses, dollars, being the value of property forcibly taken from them by the Pawnee Indians at or near the head of Grand Island, on the Platte or Nebraska River; and that the sum of one thousand and eighty-one dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose aforesaid.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

CHAP. XLIII. — An Act for the Relief of the Bank of [the] Metropolis.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to the Bank of the Metropolis the sum of three thousand three hundred and seventy-one dollars and ninety-four cents, with interest thereon from the sixth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight; which sum and interest, in an action commenced by the United States, at the instance of the Post-Office Department, in the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, for the county of Washington, against the said bank, to recover the amount of money therein on deposit at the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, for the service of said department, and in which action the said bank filed, by way of set-off, certain demands arising from acceptances of said department in favor of certain contractors, discounted and held by the bank, and protested for non-payment, and also a certain demand arising from an overdraft made on said bank by the agent for disbursing the fund appropriated for the contingent expenses of said Post-Office Department, was found by the jury, under instructions from the court, to be due from the United States to the said bank; and on which finding, a writ of error was taken by the United States from the judgment of the said court, and the said judgment affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States, at January term, eighteen hundred and forty-one.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Treasurer of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to credit the said Bank of the Metropolis for the amounts charged by it in his tropolis for the account therewith, for the service of the said Post-Office Department, under date of the tenth day of October, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, the same being the amounts of said set-offs, so established in as follows. said action, as follows, to wit:

For one acceptance in favor of James Reeside, contractor, dated seventeenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, at ninety days, Receide. for four thousand five hundred dollars, with interest to tenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and cost of protest, four thousand

nine hundred and sixty-six dollars, and seventy-five cents. For one acceptance in favor of James Reeside, contractor, dated twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, at ninety days, for one thousand dollars, with interest to tenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and cost of protests, one thousand one hundred and five dollars and twenty-five cents.

For one acceptance in favor of James Reeside, contractor, dated twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, at ninety days, for four thousand five hundred dollars, with interest to tenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven; and cost of protest, four thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine dollars and seventy-five cents.

For one acceptance in favor of James Reeside, contractor, dated twenty-eighth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, at ninety days, for three thousand dollars, with interest to tenth October, October 28, 1835, Vol. IX. Priv. - 6

not exceeding ir. the aggregate \$1,081.

March 2, 1847.

Secretary of the Treasury directed to pay Bank of Metropolis \$3,371 94, with interest interest from 6th March, 1838.

Treasurer directed to credit the Bank of Meamounts charged by it in his account therewith

For acceptance in favor of James

For acceptance in favor of James Recside, dated October 20, 1835, for \$1,000, &c., \$1,105 25.

For acceptance in favor of James Reeside, dated October 23, 1835, for \$4,500, &c., \$4,969 75.

For acceptance in favor of James dated Reeside,

For acceptance in favor of Edwin Porter, dated 24 April, 1835, for \$10,000, &c., \$11,355 08.

For overdraft by Edmund F. Brown.

Auditor for the Post-Office Department to allow a corresponding credit to the Treasurer.

Amount to be reimbursed to Treasurer.

Amounts	of
acceptances	to
be charged	to
contractors.	

Amount of overdraft to be charged to said agent.

for \$3,000, &c., eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and cost of protest, three thousand \$3,321 25. three hundred and twenty are deliver. three hundred and twenty-one dollars and twenty-five cents.

> For one acceptance in favor of Edwin Porter, dated twenty-fourth April, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, at ninety days, for ten thousand dollars, with interest to tenth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and cost of protest, eleven thousand three hundred and fifty dollars, and eight cents.

> For overdraft of Edmund F. Brown, agent for disbursing the contingent fund of the Post-Office Department, six hundred and eleven dollars and fifty-two cents.

> And that the auditor of the treasury for the Post-Office Department be, and he is hereby, directed to allow a corresponding credit to the said treasurer for the amounts so to be charged in his account for the service of the said department.

> SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the amount of the said five acceptances of the said department, for which it was adjudged by the said Circuit and Supreme Courts that the United States were liable in law, and for which it appeared no service had been rendered by the said contractors to the said department, and the amount of the overdraft of said agent, in respect to a fund not chargeable to the revenues of said department, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to reimburse and pay to the said treasurer less the said sum of three thousand three hundred and seventy-one dollars and ninety-four cents, directed to be paid by the first section of this act, in order that the said amount may be replaced to his credit in the proper depository for the service of the Post-Office Department, and that the said sums, so to be paid to the said bank and reimbursed to the Treasurer of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

> SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said auditor of the treasury for the Post-Office Department be, and he is hereby, directed to charge the amounts of the said acceptances to the contractors, respectively, in whose favor they were severally given; and that the comptroller of the treasurer be, and he is hereby, directed to charge the amount of the said overdraft to the said agent for disbursing the contingent fund of the Post-Office Department.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

March 2, 1847. CHAP. XLIV. - An Act confirming the Claim of the Heirs and legal Representatives of Pierre Dufresne to a Tract of Land.

Claim of heirs of Pierre Dufresne to a tract of land confirmed.

Proviso,

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the claim of the heirs and legal representatives of Pierre Dufresne to a tract of land situate on the Bayou Siard, in the State of Louisiana, containing six acres in front, with a depth of forty acres, bounded on the west by the lands of Francis Duval, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed: Provided, That the said confirmation shall amount only to a relinquishment of all the right and claim of the United States to the said tract of land : And provided, also, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect the claim or claims of any individual or individuals, or of any body politic or corporate. APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

CHAP. XLV .- An Act for the Relief of William B. Keene.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the entry heretofore made at the land office at Ouachita, in the State of Louisi- tain tract of land ana, of the east half of the south-east quarter of section twenty-six, in township twenty north, of range twelve east, by certificate number four thousand eight hundred and seventeen, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed, and a patent shall be issued therefor in the same manner as for other lands entered at the same office.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

CHAP. XLVI. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Louis de la Houssaye, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the heirs and legal representatives of Louis de la Houssaye, deceased, be authorized and permitted to locate the tract of land confirmed to them by an act entitled "An Act for the Relief of the Heirs and legal Representatives of Louis de la Houssaye," approved second March, eigh-teen hundred and twenty-seven, upon any vacant public land in the 1827, ch. 6 Opelousas land district, in Louisiana : Provided, That said lands shall not be located in less quantities than a quarter of a section.

APPROVED, March 2, 1847.

CHAP. LVIII. — An Act relinquishing to the City of Madison, in the State of Indiana, all the Right and Title of the United States to a certain Strip of unsurveyed Land lying within the Limits of said City, and bordering on the Ohio River.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to all that unsurveyed strip or parcel of land lying and being in the county of Jefferson, and State of Indiana, bounded as follows, viz.: Beginning at the southeast corner of fractional section number one; thence westwardly, along the south line of fractional sections one, two, and three, all in township "three" north, of range "ten" east, until said line strikes the south-west corner of said fractional section numbered "three;" thence from the corner last mentioned, due south, to low-water mark on the Ohio river; thence eastwardly, up and following the meanderings of the river at low-water mark, to a point directly opposite the south-east corner of said fractional section numbered one; thence north, from the point last aforesaid, to the place of beginning of the lands, lying and being in the Jeffersonville land district, be, and the same is hereby vested in the city of Madison, for the sole use and benefit of said city.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXV. - An Act to authorize the constituted Authorities of the City of Dubuque, in the State of Iowa, to enter certain Islands between the Landings of said City and the main Channel of the Mississippi River.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the constituted authorities of the city of Dubuque, in the State of Iowa, be, the city of Du-

March 2, 1847.

Entry of a cermade by William B. Keene, con firmed.

Patent to issue.

March 2, 1847.

Heirs, &c. of Louis de la Houssave authorized to locate the tract of land confirmed to them upon any

1827, ch. 64. Proviso.

March 3, 1847.

Boundaries of a tract of land hereby relinquished to the city of Madison.

March 3, 1847.

Authorities of

buque authorized to enter certain islands in the Mississippi.

Proviso.

and they are hereby, authorized, to enter the islands in the Mississippi River, opposite the said city, which are fractions within sections nineteen and thirty, in township eighty-nine north, in range three east, and in section twenty-five, township eighty-nine north, range two east, at the minimum price of the public lands: *Provided*, Said entries shall be made within six months from the passage of this act.

Approved, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

\$424 91 to be paid to administrators of J. Edson, being the amount of certain fees due him while U. S. marshal, &c. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be paid to the administrators of Joseph Edson, deceased, late marshal of the district of Vermont, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of four hundred and twenty-four dollars and ninety-one cents, being the amount of fees due him on certain executions in favor of the United States, which were executed by him while marshal aforesaid; and which fees were charged by him in his account, and disallowed by the accounting officers of the Treasury Department.

CHAP. LXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of the Administrators of Joseph Edson,

deceased, late Marshal of the District of Vermont.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Francis Sommerauer.

Pension of \$8 per month allowed to Francis Sommerauer. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War place the name of Francis Sommerauer on the invalid pension roll, and pay him at the rate of eight dollars per month, for and during his natural life, commencing from and after the twenty-fifth February, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXX. - An Act for the Relief of the Citizens of Beetown, in the Territory of Wisconsin.

Citizens of Beetown authorized to enter a certain quantity of land.

Entry, how made.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the citizens of the town of Beetown, in the Territory of Wisconsin, shall be entitled to enter, at the proper land office, the north-east quarter, and the north-east quarter of the south-east quarter, of section thirty, in township number four north, in range four west, in said Territory, at the minimum price, for the use and benefit of the occupants thereof, according to their respective interests: Provided, that such entry may be made in the name of the corporate authorities of said town; and if said town shall not be incorporated, in the name of the district judge of the district in which such town is situated, in trust for the use and benefit of the citizens of said town, the execution of which trust as to the disposal of the lots in such town, and the proceeds of the sales thereof, to be conducted under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Legislature of the Territory or State of Wisconsin.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXI. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of Thomas Shields, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of Pensions be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to the legal representatives of Thomas Shields, late a purser in the navy of the United States, deceased, a pension up to the twenty-third of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, in conformity August 23, 1842. with the provisions of the act of Congress approved on the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, entitled "An Act for the more equitable Administration of the Navy Pension Fund."

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXII. - An Act to grant a Preemption Right to the Heirs or legal March 3, 1847. Representatives of John Smith T.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the heirs or legal representatives of John Smith T., the assignee of Jacques St. Vrain, to claim number four, in the report of the commissioners appointed under the act of ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, for the adjustment of private land claims in Missouri, and the act supplementary thereto, of the second of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, be, and the same are hereby, authorized to enter, at the minimum price of the public lands, so much of said claim as has been duly registered, located, and laid down on the plats of the public surveys for reservation, under the authority of the laws of the United States: *Provided*, however, That said entries shall not exceed, in the aggregate, five thousand six hundred acres; and that the said entries shall be made to conform to the surveys and legal subdivisions of the lands of the United States, and to include, as nearly as may be, the reservations as laid down on the plats aforesaid: And provided, further, That the acceptance of the permission granted by the provision of this act shall be taken in full satisfaction of the grant arpens made to of ten thousand arpens made to the said Jacques St. Vrain by the said St. Vrain. Baron de Carendolet, on the tenth day of February, seventeen hundred and ninety-six: And provided, that if any private rights exist to any part of said location, adverse to that of the claimants herein, the same shall be reserved and saved to said adverse claimants.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Harrison Whitson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Harrison Whitson, of Clinton county, and State of Missouri, the sum of two hundred dollars, in full satisfaction of his claim against the United States for services rendered and supplies furnished, while on the march to be mustered into the United States service, the company of Captain Cornelius Gilliam, of the Missouri volunteers, that served in Florida.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

Commissioner of Pensions to pay the legal representatives of Thomas Shields,

1837, ch. 38.

Authorized to enter at the minimum price so the of much claim No. 4 of Jacques Vrain St. as has been registered and located, &c.

1832, ch. 180.

1833, ch. 84.

Proviso.

To be in full satisfaction of the

Private rights secured.

March 3, 1847.

H. Whitson to be paid \$200 for services rendered and supplies furnished.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of William Causey.

Pension of \$4 er month alper month al-lowed to William Causey.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the name of William Causey, of Gilford county, North Carolina, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and to pay him a pension at the rate of four dollars per month, from the ninth day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847. CHAP. LXXV. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of Simon Spaulding, deceased.

Representatives of Simon Spaulding to be paid the amount of a final settlement certificate, and inter-est, which has been lost.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Byron Kingsbury, administrator of Simon Spaulding, deceased, the amount of final settlement certificate number one hundred and sixty-seven, dated July twenty-eight, seventeen hundred and eighty-three, issued to said Simon Spaulding, for seven hundred and sixty dollars, together with interest thereon from twenty-second March, seventeen hundred and eighty-three; which said certificate is proven to have been lost, and appears, by the books of the treasury, to be outstanding and unpaid.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXVI. — An Act granting a Pension to Silas Chatfield.

Pension of \$20 per month allowed to Silas Chatfield.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War place the name of Silas Chatfield, of Illinois, upon the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, and that he be entitled to receive the same from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, during his natural life. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of the Assignces of the late Bank of Alexandria.

Accounting officers to close the account against Bank of Alexandria, when satisfied that the prin-cipal of the debt due by it has been paid.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper officers of the Treasury Department, when they shall be satisfied that the principal of the debt owing by the late Bank of Alexandria to the United States has been paid, be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to close the account against the said bank, its trustees and assignees, upon the books of the Treasury Department.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXVIII. - An Act to increase the Pension of Roswell Hale.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the pension of Roswell Hale be increased so that he shall be entitled to receive,

March 3, 1847.

Pension of Roswell Hale infrom and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty- creased, from 1 January 1846, to six, the sum of eight dollars per month during his natural life, in lieu \$8 per month. of the pension which he now receives under the act of the twentythird April, eighteen hundred.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXIX. - An Act to provide for the final Settlement of the Accounts of John Spencer, late Receiver of public Moneys at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to audit and settle the accounts of John Spencer, late receiver of public moneys at Fort Wayne, Indiana, upon princi- tice and equity. ples of equity and justice; and that whatever sum or sums of money, if any, be found due said Spencer, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXX. - An Act authorizing a Register to be issued to the Brig Leveret.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, under such regulations as he shall prescribe, to cause a register to be issued to the brig Leveret, formerly a British vessel, which was wrecked on the coast of New Jersey in the month of November, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and afterwards sold at auction under the directions of Christopher Murray, agent for the underwriters, and purchased by Russel Sturges, a citizen of the United States : Provided, It shall be proved, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the treasury, that the cost of the repairs made in the United States by the said Russel Sturges, her present owner, after the purchase aforesaid, shall be equal to three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage and materials in the United States.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXXI. — An Act for the Relief of Bernard O'Neill.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to Bernard O'Neill, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two thousand dollars, in full compensation for the use of the government of his land since eighteen hundred and twentyseven, and for sand and for wood taken therefrom for the use of the United States; and in full for any other damages at any time heretofore done to said lands by agents of the United States.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXXII. — An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of John March 3, 1847. Lauson, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, required to pay to the legal

March 3, 1847.

Accounts of John Spencer to be settled upon principles of jus-

March 3, 1847.

Register to be issued to brig Leveret.

Proviso.

March 3, 1847.

\$2,000 to be paid to B. O'Neill for the use of his land since 1827, and for sand and wood taken therefrom.

Representatives of John Lauson private in the army.

1845, ch. 71.

to be paid \$55 representatives of John Lauson, deceased, the sum of fifty-five dol-for services of lars, it being for services rendered as a private in the army of the deceased as a United States for the formation of the United States, from the first of May, eighteen hundred and seventeen, to thirtieth March, eighteen hundred and eighteen, the time of the death of the intestate, and which said sum appears to be due to said intestate upon the books of the War Department, any thing in the fourth section of the act approved on the third day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, to the contrary notwithstanding.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXXIII. -- An Act for the Relief of John Pickett and others.

of Solicitor Treasury to ex-amine claims of John Pickett and others upon principles of justice and equity, and report result to Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Solicitor of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to examine the case of John Pickett and others, owners of the brig Albert, and ascertain what is due to the claimants, (if any thing,) upon principles of law and equity, and to report to Congress at its next session the result of his examination.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

Patent to be issued to Isaac Guess for his entry as a preemp-tion of certain land in the Columbus district, Mississippi.

CHAP. LXXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of Isaac Guess.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to issue to Isaac Guess, of Mississippi, a patent to the west half of the north-west quarter of section thirty-five, township fifteen north, of range five east, and for the east half of the north-east quarter of section three, township fourteen north, of range five east, in the State of Mississippi, within the Columbus land district; the same being the land entered and paid for by said Guess as a preemption.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXXV. - An Act for the Relief of James Jones, of the City of Brooklyn.

Pension of \$12 per month al-lowed to James Jones.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the name of James Jones on the pension roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of twelve dollars per month, to commence on the second June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Josiah Haskell.

Josiah Haskell to be paid \$645 30 for his services on the Sandy Bay breakwater.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of six hundred and forty-five dollars and thirty cents to Josiah Haskell, it

being in full compensation for his services on the Sandy Bay breakwater, within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXXVII. — An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Sergeant-Major John Champe.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the full amount of five years' commutation pay of an ensign of infantry in the army of the Revolution to the children of Sergeant-Major John Champe, late of the army of the Revolution, (Lee's legion;) and in case of the death of any of the children of said Sergeant-Major John Champe, leaving a child or children now living, then to such surviving child or children, in the same proportion their said deceased parent would have taken if living.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Henry La Reintree.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be directed to pay Henry La Reintree the sum of three hundred dollars, for his services as interpreter.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. LXXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Catharine Stevenson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby required to issue a pension certificate to Catharine Stevenson, of the county of Knox, Ohio, granting to her, as as the widow of George Stevenson, deceased, who was a pensioner under the act of the seventh of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, a pension, with the full benefit of the law of the seventh of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, entitled "An Act granting Half-Pay and Pensions to certain Widows;" also, the full benefit of the acts of the third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, and the seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, "granting" and "extending" pensions to the widows of certain revolutionary soldiers.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. XC. — An Act for the Relief of Frederick Hopkins, of the County of Chenango, in the State of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Frederick Hopkins on the pension roll, according to the act of seventh June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, for two years' service as a private, and that his pension commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-four.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

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March 3, 1847.

Commutation pay of an ensign to be paid to heirs of John Champe.

March 3, 1847.

Henry La Reintree to be paid \$300 for services as interpreter.

March 3, 1847.

Pension certificate to be issued to Catharine Stevenson.

> 1838, ch. 189. 1843, ch. 102. 1844, ch. 102.

March 3, 1847.

Frederick Hopkins to be placed on the pension roll.

1832, ch. 126.

To commence 1st January, 1844.

March 3, 1847. CHAP. XCI. — An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of James H. Clark.

Representatives of James H. Clark to be paid \$3,060 94, in full satisfaction of all his against United claims the States.

Be it enacted by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be allowed and paid to the legal representatives of James H. Clark, late a purser in the navy, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three thousand and sixty dollars and ninetyfour cents, in full satisfaction for all his claims against the government to April, one thousand eight hundred and thirty, as exhibited in his statement thereof.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. XCII. - An Act for the Relief of Doctor Clark Lillybridge.

Settlement of accounts of Dr. Clark Lillybridge. 1846, ch. 175.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the fourth section of an act entitled "An Act making Appropriations for the civil and diplomatic Expenses of the Government, for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and for other Purposes," shall be considered as no bar by the proper accounting officers of the treasury to the fair and equitable settlement of the accounts of Doctor Clark Lillybridge, for services performed as physician in the Cherokee emigration.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

John Speakman to be paid \$741 60, in full for all losses under a certain contract with the government.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to John Speakman, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of seven hundred and forty-one dollars and sixty cents, in full compensation for all losses he may have sustained by reason of any action of the government affecting his contract to line gunpowder barrels with India rubber cloth, for the use of the United States.

CHAP. XCIII. - An Act for the Relief of John Speakman.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. XCIV. — An Act for the Relief of John Van Slyck.

Pension of \$6 per month allowed to John Van Slyck.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of John Van Slyck on the roll of invalid pensioners, and to pay him six dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to continue during his natural life. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847. CHAP. XCV. - An Act for the Relief of Zachariah Simmons, of the State of Tennessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Pension of \$6 per month al-United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary lowed to Zachaof War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Zachariah riah Simmons.

Simmons upon the pension roll; and that he pay him at the rate of six dollars per month during his natural life, commencing upon the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. XCV1. — An Act for the Relief of Thomas N. Newell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay Captain Thomas N. Newell, of the navy, the extra expenses incurred by him for board and attendance, incurred between the second February and the sixth April, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, in consequence of a wound received on board of the frigate Java, in the discharge of his duty, while at Port Mahon, on the second February, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. XCVII. - An Act for the Relief of Elizabeth Adams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be directed to place Elizabeth Adams, widow of Passed Midshipman Adams, late of the United States navy, on the pension roll, at the highest rate prescribed, and that her pension commence from the eighth day of November, eighteen hundred and forty-two.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. XCVIII. — An Act for the Relief of Susan Brum.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Susan Brum, widow of Philip Brum, upon the navy pension list, at the rate of twenty dollars a month, commencing on the first day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-three, and continuing during her natural life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. XCIX. - An Act for the Benefit of James Williams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers be authorized and required to settle with James Williams, one of the sureties of Henry Ashton, late marshal of the District of Columbia, all fees and sums of money due and payable by the United States, out of any fund whatever, for services rendered and money advanced and paid by said James Williams while acting as jailer under said Henry Ashton; and which had not been paid or credited to the said Henry Ashton; and, having ascertained the amount so due, to credit the same upon the judgment in favor of the United States against said Williams as surety of said Ashton, as if paid by Williams at the time interest begins to run: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be so construed as to authorize payment to Williams in any other manner than by a credit on said judgment.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3 1847.

Thomas N. Newell to be paid the extra expenses incurred by him in consequence of a wound received in the discharge of his duty.

March 3, 1847.

Elizabeth Adams to be placed on the pension roll.

Pension to commence from Nov. 8, 1842.

March 3, 1847.

Pension of \$20 per month allowed to Susan Brum.

March 3, 1847.

James Williams to be allowed certain credits on a judgment against him.

Proviso.

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March 3, 1847.

CHAP. C. - An Act for the Relief of Jonathan Hoyt.

Pension of \$8 per month allowed to Jonathan Hoyt. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Jonathan Hoyt on the roll of invalid pensioners, and to pay him eight dollars per month, from and after the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to discontinue from that time the payment allowed to him by an act of Congress passed in eighteen hundred and thirty. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CI. - An Act for the Relief of Edith Ramey.

Pension certificate to be issued to Edith Ramey.

1838, ch. 189.

1843, ch. 102. 1844, ch. 102. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby required to issue a pension certificate to Edith Ramey, of Muskingum county, in the State of Ohio, granting to her, as the widow of John Ramey, deceased, who was a pensioner of the revolution, a pension, with the full benefit of the act of the seventh of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, entitled "An Act granting Half-Pay and Pensions to certain Widows;" also the full benefit of the acts of the third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, and the seventeenth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, granting and extending pensions to the widows of certain revolutionary soldiers.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

Accounts of William T. Walthall as acting professor of mathematics to be settled from 24th May, 1843, to 25th February, 1845. Also to be allowed the a-

lowed the amount of his board and medical attendance while sick at Hong Kong. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury be directed and required to audit and settle the account of William T. Walthall, for his services as acting professor of mathematics, from the twenty-fourth day of May, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-three, to the twenty-fifth day of February, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-five, inclusive; and that he include also in said settlement, and allow to said Walthall, the amounts allowed and paid by the purser of the frigate Brandywine, on account of his board and medicine and medical attendance at Hong Kong, in China, during the time when, by advice of the naval surgeon, he was left sick ashore at that place in the absence of the East India squadron.

CHAP. CII. - An Act for the Relief of William T. Walthall.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CIII. - An Act for the Relief of Elizabeth Fitch.

Elizabeth Fitch to be placed on the pension roll.

1936, ch. 362.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Elizabeth Fitch on the pension roll, under the act of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six; and that he cause her to be paid, agreeably to said act, for seven months' service by her late husband as assistant surgeon in the revolutionary war.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CIV. - An Act for the Relief of Wilfred Knott.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the name of Wilfred Knott on the list of invalid pensioners, and to pay him a pension at the rate of eight dollars a month during his natural life, commencing from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CV. — An Act for the Relief of Elizabeth Calkins, the Widow of Silas March 3, 1847. Winans.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the kins to be placed name of Elizabeth Calkins on the revolutionary pension roll, under roll, the act of seventh July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, for two 18 years' service of her said husband, to commence the first January, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

APPROVED March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CV1. - An Act for the Relief of Harvey Reynolds.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act approved third of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, entitled "An Act for the Relief of Harvey Reynolds," be, and the same is hereby, so modified and repealed as to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay to the said Harvey Reynolds the sum of eight dollars per month for and during his natural life, commencing on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CVII. — An Act for the Relief of John C. Stewart and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay five hundred and seventy-five dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to John C. Stewart, and other watchmen employed in the years eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, and eighteen hundred and forty, to watch the Treasury and 1840. Building, and to build and maintain fires in the rooms of the same; the said sum of money to be equally divided between the said watchmen by the Secretary of the Treasury.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Ann Clayton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby required to place Ann Clayton, of Muskingum the pension roll.

March 3, 1847.

Pension of \$8 per month al-lowed to Wilfred Knott.

Elizabeth Calon the pension

1838, ch. 189.

March 3, 1847.

A pension of \$8 per month allowed to Harvey Reynolds.

1839, ch. 119.

March 3, 1847.

John C. Stewart and others to be paid \$575 for services watchmen of the Treasury Build-ing in 1838, 1839,

March 3, 1847.

Ann Clayton to be placed on county, Ohio, on the pension roll, granting her a pension and the pay of a lieutenant, as the widow of Henry Clayton, deceased, who was a pensioner, and who was a lieutenant in the revolution, in lieu of the pension and pay of a private, which she now receives as such widow. commencing for such lieutenant's pay from the fifteenth day of October, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847. CIX. - An Act for the Relief of Mary Segar, and for the Relief of Elisha Denison, Administrator of Phenix Carpenter Ellis.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an act entitled "An Act for the Relief of Mary Segar, of Jefferson County, New York," passed August eighth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, be so amended that, in the first section, for the words "Mary Phelps," shall be substituted "Mary Segar, now of Lewis county, New York."

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of War be authorized and required to pay, out of the moneys appropriated for the payment of revolutionary pensions, to Elisha Denison, of New York, administrator of Phenix Carpenter Ellis, deceased, the amount of pension payable to said Phenix Carpenter Ellis from the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, to the seventh day of December of the same year, at the rate of ten dollars a month, being the rate which he was entitled to draw as sergeant of infantry in the Connecticut line of the army of the revolution.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CX. - An Act for the Relief of W. P. S. Sanger and George F. De La March 3, 1847. Roche.

W. P. S. Sanger and George F. De La Roche to be paid the amount of their expenses while making certain surveys and examinations by order of Secretary of Navy.

1843, ch. 83.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to allow to William P. S. Sanger and George F. De La Roche the amounts paid by them for expenses incurred, in obedience to an order from the Navy Department, dated October thirty, eighteen hundred and forty-three, directing them to make the surveys and examinations required by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, in reference to the construction of a dry dock at New York; which expenses the Secretary of the Navy expressly stipulated should be paid.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CX1. - An Act for the Relief of the Widow and Heirs of John B. Chaudonia.

Widow of John B. Chaudonia authorized to enter a balf-section of land.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Mary L. Chaudonia, for and in consideration of services rendered by her husband, John B. Chaudonia, to the United States, during the late war, be, and she is hereby, authorized to enter, in any land office in the State of Indiana, without paying money therefor, any unappropriated half-section of public land liable to entry at private sale; for which Patent to issue. she shall be entitled to, and shall receive, a patent from the United States vesting the title thereof, in fee simple, in her and her heirs.

gust, 1846, ch. 153, for relief of Mary Segar amended. 1846, ch. 153.

Act of 8th Au-

Pension paya-ble to Phenix Carpenter Ellis to be paid to his administrator.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That Charles B. Chaudonia and Mary L. Breset, children and heirs of John B. Chaudonia, deceased, for and in consideration of services rendered by their father to the thorized to enter United States during the late war, be, and they are hereby, authorized to enter, in any land office in the State of Indiana, without paying money therefor, each for themselves, one quarter-section of any unappropriated public lands liable to entry at private sale; for which they shall be entitled to, and shall receive, a patent from the United States vesting the titles thereof, in fee simple, in them and their heirs.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CXII. - An Act for the Relief of James H. Conley.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one thousand and fifty-eight dollars and ninety-six cents, to be paid to James H. Conley, or his legal representative, in full payment for his services, as acting carpenter on board the United States steamship Princeton, from the eighth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-three, to the seventh day of January, eighteen [hundred] and forty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CXIII. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of William Bunce, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the legal representatives of William Bunce, deceased, one thousand dollars, they giving a receipt in full for the damage sustained by the deceased aforesaid in the burning of his buildings on Palm Island, Flor- Island, Florida. ida, by the order of Brigadier-General Armistead, of the United States army.

Approved, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CXIV. —An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of the late March 3, 1847. Joseph E. Primeau and Thomas J. Chapman.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of nine hundred and seventy-six dollars and ninety-one cents be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, as payment in full to the legal representatives of the late Joseph E. Primeau and Thomas J. Chapman, known formerly as the firm of Primeau and Chapman, for spoliations committed on said firm by the Yancton Indians of the Sioux tribe, in the latter part of the year eighteen hundred and thirty-five.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

Children and heirs of John B. Chaudonia ลก.₊ each a quarter section of land

Patents to issue

March 3, 1847.

1849, ch. 27.

James H. Conley to be paid \$1058, 96 infull, for services as carpenter on board the United States steamship Princeton.

March 3, 1847.

Representatives of Wm. Bunce of to be paid \$1000 for damages sustained in the burning of buildings Palm

Representatives representatives of Primeau and Chapman to be paid \$976 91 for spoliations com-mitted by the Yancton Indians.

704 TWENTY-NINTH CONGRESS. Sess. II. Ch. 115, 116, 117, 118. 1847.

March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CXV. - An Act for the Relief of Jacob L. Vance.

Jacob L. Vance to be paid \$50for horse lost in the service of United States.

Also \$54 for the services of his wagon and team. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to Jacob L. Vance, of the State of Ohio, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of fifty dollars, being in full compensation for a horse lost in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, while in the service of the United States; also the sum of fifty-four dollars, being in full compensation for the use of his team of four horses and a wagon eighteen days in the year eighteen hundred and thirteen, which said team was employed in conveying flour to the army of the United States.

Approved, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847. CHAP. CXVI. — An Act for the Relief of James Green, of the County of Fauquier, State of Virginia.

Pension of \$144 per annum from June 15, 1840, allowed to James Green.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of James Green upon the roll of revolutionary pensioners; and that he pay him at the rate of one hundred and forty-four dollars per annum, for and during his natural life, commencing on the fifteenth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty, that being the. time at which he was stricken from the said pension roll by the Commissioner of Pensions. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

Accounting officers to ascertain and pay George B. Russell and others, the amount of their claims for provisions and clothing furnished the Cherokee Indians.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be directed to ascerray tain, by competent and satisfactory proof, the amount of the claims, hers, respectively, of George B. Russell, George M. Lavender, George E. of Mountcarth, John M. Bruce, R. J. Loyless, John Dawson, and S. C. and Newman, and that the same be paid to them, or their heirs, out of furany money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; it being for bread, meat, and clothing furnished the Cherokee Indians, to induce them to accept Ridge's treaty, and under the appointment and authority of Benjamin F. Curry, superintendent of Cherokee removals. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CXVII. - An Act for the Relief of George B. Russell and others.

March 3, 1847.

Lewis C. Sartori to be paid \$306 30, with interest, for his services as professor of mathematics on board the frigate Constitution.

CHAP. CXVIII. — An Act for the Relief of Lewis C. Sartori.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and is hereby, appropriated the sum of eight hundred and six dollars and thirty cents, with interest from the eighth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-two, to be paid to Lewis C. Sartori, of Philadelphia, or his legal representative, in full payment for his services as professor of mathematics on board the United States frigate Constitution, from the tenth day of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, to the twenty-fifth day of April, eighteen hundred and forty-one. APPROVED, March 3, 1847. CHAP CXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Captain James Pennoyer.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to make, or cause to be made, a full and accurate estimate of the value of the United States brig Porpoise, her tackle, apparel, and furniture, together with that of all the property of every description on board of her at and before the twelfth day of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-six; and, the same being ascertained, to pay over the one equal half part of such gross amount to the said Captain James Pennoyer, as a full and complete compensation for his services in saving the said brig Porpoise, her officers, and crew; and that the said sum be paid out [of] any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CXX. — An Act for the Relief of Joseph Gideon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be and is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of five hundred and ninety-seven dollars and twenty-six cents, to be paid to Joseph Gideon, of the city of New York, or his legal representative, in full payment for his services as an acting purser on board the United States brig Porpoise, from the twenty-seventh of April to the thirtieth of November, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CXXI. - An Act for the Relief of Job Hawkins.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized, and he is hereby required, to place Job Hawkins, of the State of Massachusetts, on the roll of revolutionary pensioners, in conformity with the act of the seventh day of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, allowing pensions to the surviving officers and soldiers of the revolution; and that the pension hereby allowed to him be paid as other pensions are, and so as to include any amount which was due to him when he was dropped from the rolls on the fourth of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, at which time the pension now allowed is to commence.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

CHAP. CXXII. — An Act for the Relief of the Estates of Benjamin Metoyer and François Gaiennie, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to examine into the circumstances of the estates of Benjamin Metoyer and François Gaiennie, deceased, and to adjust and settle the claim upon the said estates aforesaid, in behalf of the United States, and to discharge such claims upon such terms as he shall think most for the interest of the United States.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847. Vol. IX. PRIV. - 8 March 3, 1847.

Value of the United States brig Porpoise, her tackle, &c., to be estimated, and one half part of gross amount to be paid Captain Pennoyer, as compensation for saving her, her officers, and crew.

March 3, 1847.

Joseph Gideon to be paid \$597 26 for his services as acting purser on board the United States brig Porpoise.

'March 3, 1847.

Job Hawkins to be placed on the revolutionary pension roll. 1832, ch. 126.

March 3, 1847.

Secretary of the Treasury to examine and adjust the claim of the United States upon B. Metoyer and F. Gaiennie. March 3, 1847. CHAP. C

CHAP. CXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Hyacinth Lasselle.

Whereas, by an act of the Congress of the United States, entitled "An

1840, ch. 100.

Hyacinth Las-

selle authorized

to locate a certain tract of land

at any time prior to 4th March,

Proviso.

1849.

Preamble.

Act for the Relief of Hyacinth Lasselle," approved the twenty-first day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and forty, the said Hyacinth Lasselle was authorized to locate five hundred and sixty acres of land at any land office in the State of Indiana, at any time prior to the fourth day of March, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-three, by paying the minimum price fixed for such lands, for eighteen acres and forty-six hundredths of an acre, part and parcel of said tract of five hundred and sixty acres: and whereas, also, the said Hyacinth Lasselle has deceased without perfecting the location of said land: Therefore —

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the heirs of the said Lasselle to locate the said tract of land in said act contemplated, at any time prior to the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, at any land office in said State of Indiana, after any lands therein may have been offered at public sale, by paying the said minimum price for the said eighteen acres and forty-six hundredths, as by said act is provided : Provided, That no tract of land shall be selected, in virtue of this act, upon which there may be improvements made, without the consent of such person or persons who have made such improvements first obtained in writing, and filed with the proper land officers where the location may be made.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the act entitled "An Act for the Relief of Jubal B. Hancock" be so amended that the time allowed for the location of the land therein specified be extended to thirtieth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

Act for relief of Jubal B. Han-

cock amended.

1842, ch. 154.

Pension of \$80 per annum allowed to Thankful Reynolds.

CHAP. CXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of Thankful Reynolds.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Thankful Reynolds on the revolutionary pension roll, at the rate of eighty dollars per annum, to commence the first January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, and to be continued five years. APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

Joseph W. Newcomb to be paid \$8,331 48, the balance due Major-General Warren, under resolutions of Congress of July 1, 1780.

Proviso.

CHAP. CXXV. - An Act for the Relief of Joseph Warren Newcomb.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Joseph Warren Newcomb, only descendant and heir of Major-General Joseph Warren, who was killed at Bunker Hill, the balance due and unpaid, under resolutions of Congress of the first day of July, seventeen hundred and eighty, being the sum of eight thousand three hundred and twenty-one dollars and forty-eight cents: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall be satisfied that the said Newcomb is the only surviving heir.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] - Joint Resolution authorizing and directing the Examination and Settlement of the Claims of Alexander M. Cumming.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department be directed to examine and audit the claims of Alexander M. Cumming, of New Jersey, late mail contractor on routes nine hundred and fifty-one, and nine hundred and fifty-two, between the cities of Philadelphia and New York, between the years eighteen hundred and thirty-five, and eighteen hundred and thirty-nine; and it shall be the duty of the Postmaster-General to pay to him the balance (if any) that may be justly and legally due him to be paid. due him under the contracts and orders from the Department and its agents, out of the current appropriation for mail transportation.

APPROVED, February 18, 1847.

[No. 2.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of John and Charles Bruce.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of Patents be, and he is hereby, authorized to grant a new patent to John and Charles Bruce, of Jersey City, State of New Jersey, for the term of seven years from and after the passage of this resolution, for their machine secured to them by letters patent bearing date the thirteenth day of March, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-two; the same to be granted under the same provisions and restrictions as are now provided by law for applications for original letters patent, except so far as the existing laws prohibit and invalidate the grant of letters patent for inventions which have been before patented, or used for more than two years before the date of application for letters patent : Provided, Upon an examination of the case, the said Commissioner shall deem the parties hereto entitled to a patent.

APPROVED, February 22, 1847.

[No. 3.] - A Resolution to correct an Error in the Act of June seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-four, for the Relief of Mary Ann Linton.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the error in the act of June seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-four, for the ry Ann Linton, relief of Mary Ann Linton, in the words "who was lately a pensioner of the United States, under the act of one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two," and any expression contained in said act, shall not be so construed as to prevent said Mary Ann Linton from receiving the same rate of pension as is allowed to widows by the general act of July seventh, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, in cases where their husbands have served two years as captains of infantry.

APPROVED, February 25, 1847.

Feb. 18, 1847.

Accounts of A. M. Cumming, under with the Post-Department to be ex-amined and audited, and the amount found

Feb. 22, 1847.

New patent for the term of seven years to be grant-ed to John and Bruce Charles for their machine patented March 13, 1832.

Proviso.

Feb. 25, 1847.

Pension of Ma-1844, ch. 132.

1838, ch. 189.

March 2, 1847.

[No. 6.] — Joint Resolution for the Settlement of the Accounts of Purser G. R. Barry.

Accounts of G. R. Barry to be settled, and certain items charged to him credited. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be authorized to settle the accounts of the United States ship Boston, Captain Pendergrast, and pass to the credit of the purser, G. R. Barry, the items charged to him in the reconciling statement of his accounts.

Approved, March 2, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

447. [No. 13.] — Joint Resolution for the Relief of the Children of Stephen Johnson, deceased.

Register and receiver of land office at Sandusky to receive a certificate granted to heirs of StephenJohnson, under the act of 1840, ch. 96, in payment for any one half-section of vacant land in the Wyandot reserve.

Proviso, as to price.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office cause the register and receiver at Upper Sandusky, Ohio, to receive a certificate of the heirs of Stephen Johnson, granted to them under "An Act for the Relief of the Heirs [children] of Stephen Johnson, deceased," approved July twentieth, eighteen hundred and forty, in payment for any half-section of land in the Wyandot reserve not otherwise appropriated: Provided, the minimum price of said half-section shall not exceed two dollars and fifty cents per acre.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

[No. 14.] — Joint Resolution for the Relief of William B. Stokes, surviving Partner of John N. C. Stockton and Company.

Postmaster-General to pay Wm. B. Stokes such compensation as shall be an adequate remuneration for carrying the mail in Florida in the years 1835 and 1836.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to William B. Stokes, surviving partner of John N. C. Stockton and Company, for carrying the mail in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-six, on the lower or Florida route, in consequence of the interruption of the mail by the Creek hostilities on the upper route, such compensation as shall be established to be an adequate remuneration for the same, taking into consideration the value of the services performed, and the loss to the said contractors by the exclusion of passengers, as directed by the then Postmaster-General; and it shall be the duty of the Postmaster-General to pay the amount so allowed out of the current appropriation for mail transportation.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

March 3, 1847.

[No. 15.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of M. A. Price and E. A. White.

Accounts of M. A. Price and E. A. White for mail transportation to be audited and settled.

Rate at which they shall be baid. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause the account of M. A. Price and E. A. White, of the State of Tennessee, for mail transportation, to be audited and settled; and to pay to the said Price and White, out of the fund appropriated for mail transportation, the same rate of compensation from the first day of January to the first day of February, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, as was allowed and paid them from the first of June to the thirty-first of December, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.

APPROVED, March 3, 1847.

PRIVATE ACTS OF THE THIRTLETH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

Passed at the first Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday the 6th Day of December. 1847, and ended on the 14th Day of August, 1848.

JAMES K. POLK, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice-President, and President of the Senate; DAVID R. ATCHISON, President of the Senate on and after the twenty-ninth day of July, 1848; ROBERT C. WINTHROP, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. II. — An Act to authorize the issuing of a Register to the Barque Canton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That there be issued. under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register for the issued. barque Canton, formerly a Haytien vessel, but now owned by William T. Sayward, J. R. Kimball, and H. C. Lowell, citizens of the State of Maine; and which said vessel, having been wrecked and condemned on one of the Muscle Ridge Islands, was purchased by them, and which they have caused to be repaired and refitted for sea again : Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the cost of repairs Treasury that the cost of the repairs made in the United States, after the purchase of the said vessel by the present owners, exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States.

APPROVED. January 14, 1848.

CHAP. III. - An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to grant a Register to the Barque Sarah and Eliza.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register for the issued. barque Sarah and Eliza, formerly a British vessel, but now owned by Joshua T. Jones, Charles H. Jones, and Thomas Bell, citizens of the State of New York; and which said vessel, having been wrecked and condemned on the coast of Maryland, was purchased by them, got off, and towed to New York, repaired, and refitted for sea: Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the cost thereof, after the purchase of the said vessel by the present owners, exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States.

APPROVED, January 24, 1848.

CHAP. IX. - An Act to authorize the Issue of a Register to the Barque Wilhamet.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, issued. (709)

Jan. 14, 1848.

A register to be

Proviso as to

Jan. 24, 1848.

A register to be

Proviso as to cost of repairs.

Feb. 15, 1848.

A register to be

710

under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register for the barque Wilhamet, formerly a British vessel, but now owned by A. G. Benson and John Benson, citizens of the State of New York : said vessel, having been wrecked and condemned on Rockaway Beach, Long Island, was purchased by the aforesaid citizens of the United States, and has been repaired and refitted for sea: Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the cost of the repairs made in the United States, after the purchase of the said vessel by the present owners, exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States.

APPROVED, February 15, 1848.

Feb. 15, 1848.

Proviso as to cost of repairs.

CHAP. XI. - An Act for the Relief of Joseph and Lindley Ward.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs

Appropriation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commis-sioner of Indian Affairs be, and he is hereby, authorized to adjust and to adjust and set- sioner of Indian Affairs be, and he is hereby, authorized to adjust and the the claims of settle the claims of Lindley and Joseph Ward, arising upon their con-J. and L. Ward. tract with the United States to furnish rations for the emigrating Intract with the United States to furnish rations for the emigrating Indians of the Potawatomie tribe, in eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, according to the principles set forth in the report accompanying this bill; and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, February 15, 1848.

Feb. 22, 1848. CHAP. XIV. - An Act to authorize the issuing of a Register or Enrolment to the Schooner Robert Henry.

ssued

Proviso as to . st of repairs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A register to be United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register or enrolment for the schooner Robert Henry, formerly a British vessel, but now owned by John P. Baldwin, a citizen of the State of Florida; and which said vessel, having been wrecked on the Florida Reef, and condemned and sold, was purchased by him, and which he has caused to be repaired and refitted for sea again: Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the cost of repairing and refitting said schooner in the United States, after her purchase by the present owner, exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States.

APPROVED, February 22, 1848.

Mr.ch 9, 1848. CHAP. XVI. - An Act granting the Franking Privilege to Louisa Catharine Adams.

lege granted to Mrs Adams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Fanking privi- United States of America in Congress assembled, That all letters and packets carried by post to and from Louisa Catharine Adams, widow of the late John Quincy Adams, be conveyed free of postage during her natural life.

APPROVED, March 9, 1848.

Mar h 14, 1848. CHAP. XX. - An Act for the Relief of the Administratrix of Elisha L. Keen, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Sec retary of the Treasury to pay United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay, out of any money her such sum as in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the administratrix of the Fourth Audi-tor may decide to In the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the administrative of tor may decide to Elisha L. Keen, such sums as the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury may be justly due the decide to be justly due said Keen, not exceeding the sum of five hun- deceased, not exdred and ninety-four dollars, being a balance alleged to be due said ceeding \$594. Keen, and credited on the books of the Fourth Auditor for advances to the United States in the years eighteen hundred and thirteen and eighteen hundred and fourteen.

APPROVED, March 14, 1848.

CHAP. XXI. - An Act providing for the Payment of the Claim of Walter R. John- March 14, 1848. son against the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid to United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid to g611 31 cents Walter R. Johnson, from any money in the treasury not otherwise to be paid him in appropriated, the sum of six hundred and eleven dollars and thirty-one vices, &c. cents, which will be in full for his services, and payments made by him in researches and experiments on American coal, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy.

APPROVED, March 14, 1848.

CHAP. XXII. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of John Paul Jones.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounts of the late Commodore John Paul Jones with the United States be late Commodore referred to the Secretary of the Treasury, to adjust and pay, out of any to be adjusted. money or stock of the United States in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, upon the principles of justice and equity, according to acts in similar cases, and applicable thereto.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby instructed to pay to the legal representatives of the said be paid to the le-John Paul Jones, and the officers, seamen, and marines of the squadron tives of under his command, being citizens of the United States, or their rep- Jones, and of the resentatives, out of any moneys or stock of the United States in the men under his treasury not otherwise appropriated, their respective proportions of the command. value, as estimated by Benjamin Franklin, of three prizes captured by the squadron under the command of the said Jones, and delivered up to Great Britain by Denmark, in seventeen hundred and seventy-nine; to be apportioned on the basis of the distribution of a settlement made with the captors, for prizes captured by the said squadron, and received from the court of France, and confirmed by Congress in seventeen hundred and eighty-seven; deducting, however, from the share of Captain Peter Landais the sum received by him or his legal represent-tain Landais. atives under an act of Congress approved the twenty-eighth of March, eighteen hundred and six: Provided, That in ascertaining the amount due the heirs of said Paul Jones, if any, no interest shall be allowed on such claim.

APPROVED, March 21, 1848.

CHAP. XXV. — An Act in addition to an Act for the Relief [of] Walter Loomis and Abel Gay, approved July second, eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Secretary of the of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to settle, upon princi-

March 21, 1848.

Accounts of the John Paul Jones

Prize money to representasaid

Deduction from 1806, ch. 18. Proviso.

March 29, 1848.

1836, ch. 337.

their accounts principles upon of justice equity.

Appropriation.

him in full for services perform-

General Land Of-

fice.

ized to settle ples of equity, the accounts of Walter Loomis and Abel Gay, so far as they are original contractors, for making the Cumberland road, and so and far as they contracted to make the said road, or any part thereof, different from the original contract, and for keeping the same in repair; and to pay any balance that may be found due to them, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 29, 1848.

CHAP. XXVII. - An Act to provide for the Compensation of Samuel Leech, for April 4, 1848. Services in the Investigation of suspended Sales in the Mineral Point District, Wisconsin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the \$550 to be paid United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary m in full for of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay, out of any rules perform. ed by him under money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Samuel Leech, instructions from the sum of five hundred and fifty dollars, in full compensation for services performed by him pursuant to instructions from the General Land Office, in taking testimony at Mineral Point, Wisconsin, during the past year; and for making a report in the cases of entry in that land district, in which patents have been withheld, on account of alleged frauds in making said entries.

APPROVED, April 4, 1848.

April 3, 1848.

1849, ch. 63. A pension of \$40 per month, granted to Patrick Walker in lieu of the pension he now receives.

CHAP. XXIX. - An Act granting a Pension to Patrick Walker.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be allowed and paid Patrick Walker, a soldier of the first regiment of artillery in the war with Mexico, a pension at the rate of forty dollars per month, in lieu of the pension he now receives, to commence on the twenty-eighth of October last, and to continue for one year; the said Walker having lost his right arm, and nearly the whole of his left hand, by a cannon-ball, in the action at Churubusco, on the twentieth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, April 8, 1848.

The Second Auditor to examine and adjust their claims on principles of equity and justice, &c.

Amount found due to be paid them.

Losses caused by United States troops and Indians, respectively, to be appor-tioned in such manner as to afford a fair and full indemnity for losses caused by said troops.

April 12, 1848. CHAP. XXX. — An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of George Fisher, deceased.

> Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Second Auditor of the Treasury of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to examine and adjust the claims of the legal representatives of George Fisher, deceased, on principles of equity and justice, and having due regard to the proofs, for the value of property taken or destroyed by the troops of the United States engaged in suppressing Indian hostilities in the year eighteen hundred and thirteen; and that the said legal representatives be paid for the same out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if it shall be found impracticable for the claimants to furnish distinct proof as to the specific quantity of property respectively taken or destroyed by the troops and by the Indians, it shall be lawful for the said accounting officer to apportion the losses caused by said troops and Indians respectively, in such manner as from the proofs he may think just and equitable, so as to afford a fair and full indemnity for all losses and injuries occasioned by said troops, and allow the claimants accordingly:

Provided. That nothing herein contained shall authorize any payment for property destroyed by Indians. APPROVED, April 12, 1848.

Proviso: property destroyed by Indians not to be paid for.

CHAP. XXXI. - An Act for the Relief of Peter Engels, Senior.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Peter total disability Engels. senior. on the pension roll and to allow Engels, senior, on the pension roll, and to allow and pay him a pension Engels. for a total disability during his natural life, to commence on the fifteenth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-five

APPROVED, April 12, 1848.

CHAP. XXXIII. — An Act to authorize the issuing of a Register to the Brig Palmetto.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register for the brig Palmetto, formerly a vessel called the Roger Bontemps, but now owned by Moses D. Hyams, S. B. Barnard, James Vidal, and A. H. Abraham, of the State of South Carolina; and which said vessel, having been condemned at Charleston, in said State, in consequence of injuries sustained at sea, was purchased by them, and which they have repaired and refitted for sea again : Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the cost of the cost of repairs. repairs made in the United States, after the purchase of the said vessel by the present owners, exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States.

APPROVED, April 19, 1848.

CHAP. XXXIV. - An Act to change the Name of Photius Kavasales to that of Photius Fisk.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Photius Kavasales, a chaplain in the navy of the United States, of the District of sales may Columbia, be, and he is hereby, authorized, from and after the passage tius Fisk. of this act, to take and use the name of Photius Fisk; and that the name of said Photius Kavasales be hereafter Photius Fisk: by which name all acts and engagements done or made by him may be enforced, and have the same effect and operation in law, as if his name had originally been Photius Fisk.

APPROVED, May 3, 1848.

CHAP. XXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of Christopher Cunningham.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Christopher Cunninghamtobe Cunningham, now resident of New Orleans, Louisiana, on the list of placed on the list of invalid peninvalid pensioners; and that the said Cunningham receive a pension at sioners. the rate of eight dollars a month, to commence from and after the passage of this act.

APPROVED, May 9, 1848. Vol. IX. Priv. - 9

April 19, 1848.

A register to be issued.

Proviso as to

May 3, 1848.

Photius Kava-

the name of Pho-

take

May 9, 1843.

Name of C.

April 12, 1848.

May 9, 1848.

CHAP. XXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Mrs. Harriet Barney.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the pension heretofore allowed Harriet Barney, and which expired on the first day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-three, shall be, and the same is hereby, renewed for five years, to be computed from and after the first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three. APPROVED, May 9, 1848.

May 9, 1848.

CHAP. XXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of John Black, late Consul of the United States at the City of Mexico.

Also to be paid such additional traordinary penditures curred by him. Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the John Black to United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid to be paid for his diplomatic ser- John Black, late consul of the United States at the city of Mexico, the vices in Mexico, rate of compensation allowed by law to a chargé d'affaires of the United at the rate of States, for his diplomatic services to the United States in Mexico lowed by law to during the suspension of diplomatic intercourse between Mexico and chargé d'affaires. the United States, from the tenth of May, eighteen hundred and fortyfive, to the third day of April, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, inclu-

sive, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be paid, as aforesaid, sum as may be to the aforesaid John Black, such additional sum as may be found due found due for ex- by the proper accounting officers of the treasury, to cover his extraorex-in- dinary expenditures incurred by him, the said Black, in consequence of his forcible expulsion from Mexico, and in bringing with him to the United States the archives of legation of the United States: Provided, however, That the sum thus allowed for indemnity shall not exceed eleven hundred and twenty-four dollars.

APPROVED, May 9, 1848.

May 17, 1848.	CHAP. XLV. — An Act to authorize the issuing of a Register to the Brig Encar-	
	nacion.	

issued.

cost of repairs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A register to be United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register to the brig Encarnacion, formerly a Danish vessel, but now owned by John B. Brown, Jedediah Jewett, and Mark P. Emery, of Portland, in the State of Maine, citizens of the United States, the said vessel having sustained great damage on a voyage from St. Thomas to Portland, and the aforesaid owners having caused the said vessel to be repaired and Proviso as to refitted for sea at great expense: Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the cost of the repairs and refitting said vessel in the United States exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States.

APPROVED, May 17, 1848.

May 17, 1848.

CHAP. XLVI. - An Act for the Relief of William P. Brady.

pension of \$10 per month allowed to William P. Brady.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and hereby is, authorized and directed to place the name of William P. Brady, of the State of Pennsylvania, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be allowed a pension of ten dollars a month

Pension renewed for five years from 1st December, 1843.

from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, May 17, 1848.

CHAP. LI. - An Act for the Relief of John Mitchell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of John \$10 per month Mitchell on the roll of involted read Mitchell on the roll of invalid pensions, and that he pay him semi- allowed Mitchell. annually at the rate of ten dollars per month, for and during his natural life, commencing on the fifteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, May 29, 1848.

CHAP. LII. - An Act for the Relief of Mary Brown, Widow of Jacob Brown.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby required to issue a pension certificate to Mary Brown, of Clarksburgh, in the State of Massachusetts, aged seventy-four years, and was born before the close of the revolution, and widow of Jacob Brown for a pen-Brown, senior, a revolutionary pensioner, deceased, granting to her a sion of \$8 per pension at the rate of eight dollars per month, commencing on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, and continuing during her natural life.

APPROVED, May 29, 1848.

CHAP. LIII. - An Act to provide for the Purchase of the Manuscript Papers of the late James Madison, former President of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of prated for the twenty-five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, purchase of all out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to purchase the unpublished of Mrs. D. P. Madison, widow of the late James Madison, formerly Presi- manuscripts or the late James dent of the United States, all the unpublished manuscript papers of the Madison. said James Madison now belonging to and in her possession; and upon delivery thereof to the Secretary of State, with a proper conveyance of title to the United States, the said sum of money, upon the certificate of the Secretary of State of the delivery and conveyance of said papers, shall be paid at the treasury, agreeably to the wishes of the said Mrs. Madison, and in the manner following, namely : five thousand dollars of said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars to be paid to her; and which the above the residue of twenty thousand to James Buchanan, now Secretary of to Mrs. Madison. State, John Y. Mason, Secretary of the Navy, and Richard Smith, Esq., of Washington city, to be held, put out to interest, vested in stocks, or otherwise managed and disposed of by them, or the survivor or survivors of them, as trustees for the said Mrs. Madison, according to their best discretion and her best advantage - the interest or profit arising from the said principal sum to be paid over to her as the same accrues — the said principal sum to be and remain inalienable during her lifetime, as a permanent fund for her maintenance, but subject to be disposed of as she may please by her last will and testament.

APPROVED, May 31, 1848.

CHAP. I.VI. - An Act for the Relief of Edward Bolon. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary

May 29, 1848.

May 29, 1848.

Secretary of War to issue a pension pension certifi-cate to Mary month.

May 31, 1848.

\$25,000 appro-

Manner in sum is to be paid pensation ted States.

\$1174 to be paid of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, Edward Bolon or cause to be paid, to Edward Bolon, of Florida, or his legal reprefor expenses in-curred and com- sentatives, eleven hundred and seventy-four dollars, as reimbursement for of expenses and compensation for services in keeping two prisoners of keeping two pris the United States, named Passmore, in the jail of Calhoun county, Florida; the same to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, May 31, 1848.

May 31, 1848.

cers and seamen

United

of the

States.

\$50 63 to be allowed in the settlement of the accounts of Thomas Brownell, for that sum paid by him for medical services rendered to offi-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury are hereby directed to allow to Thomas Brownell, in the settlement of his accounts, the sum of fifty dollars and sixty-three cents, being the amount paid by him while in command of the naval station at Sackett's Harbor, for medical services rendered to the officers and seamen attached to that station.

CHAP. LVII. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas Brownell.

APPROVED, May 31, 1848.

May 31, 1848. CHAP. LVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Samuel W. Bell, a Native of the Cherokee Nation.

of War to pay Samuel W. Bell

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the The Scoretary United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War pay to Samuel W. Bell, a native of the Cherokee nation of the amount of his Indians, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, expenses incur- his expenses incurred in going to and returning from Florida, in the red in going to non eighteen hundred and thirty even and such deily new for the red in going to and returning year eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and such daily pay for the from Florida in time he was engaged on such mission, up to the time of his return to 1837. the Cherokee nation, as was paid to Richard Fields for similar services.

APPROVED, May 31, 1848.

May 31, 1848.

CHAP. LIX. — An Act for the Relief of Reynolds May.

Reynolds May released and discharged from the payment of judgment obtained against him by the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Reynolds May, of the State of Arkansas, be, and he hereby is, released and discharged a from the payment of a judgment obtained against him by the United States in the District Court for the district of Arkansas, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-six, on his recognizance for five hundred dollars, and from the payment of all costs and expenses attending the same.

APPROVED, May 31, 1848.

June 13, 1848.

CHAP. LXII. - An Act for the Relief of Fernando Fellanny.

A pension of \$8 per month allow-ed to Fernando Fellanny.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War cause the name of Fernando Fellanny to be placed upon the pension roll, under the act providing pensions for persons disabled by wounds in the military service of the United States, at the rate of eight dollars per month during his natural life, to commence on the twentythird day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-six. Approved, June 13, 1848.

THIRTIETH CONGRESS. SESS. I. CH. 63, 64, 65, 1848.

CHAP. LXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Jones and Boker.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary paid Jones and of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay Boker, in full for to Jones and Boker, of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, the their claim for sum of eleven hundred dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury not eight treasury sum of eleven hundred dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, in full satisfaction of their claim for eight to them, which treasury notes, of which they were the lawful owners, and which were were stolen, &c. abstracted and stolen from the mail at the post-office at Fayetteville, in the State of Arkansas : one of five hundred dollars, five of one hundred dollars each, and two of fifty dollars each; and, for a more particular description of said notes, reference may be had to the report accompanying this bill; and which said notes, after being altered and forged, were by some person unknown presented to and redeemed by the Bank of America, as the fiscal agent of the United States.

APPROVED, June 13, 1848.

CHAP. LXIV. - An Act for the Relief of Richard Bloss and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary The Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, after ascertaining of the Treasury and deducting all the costs charges and expenses incurred by the to ascertain and and deducting all the costs, charges, and expenses incurred by the payRichard Bloss United States in and about the arrest, detention, and commitment of and others the Thaddeus P. Haskell, to the custody of the marshal of the United amount of their recog-States for the northern district of the State of New York, in October, nizances for the eighteen hundred and forty-five, on a charge for passing counterfeit appearance of Thaddeus P. Has-money, to repay to the bail of said Thaddeus, Richard Bloss, and kell, after deductothers, the amount paid by them on the forfeited recognizance and ing all boud for the appearance of said Thaddeus; the said Thaddeus having charges, &c. since his default been retaken and convicted and imprisoned for said offence.

APPROVED, June 13, 1848.

CHAP. LXV. — An Act for the Relief of Joseph Wilson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, author- to be allowed, in ized to allow to Joseph Wilson, a purser in the United States navy, in the settlement of his accounts, for the settlement of his accounts, for such deficiency as he shall show to deficiencies causexist by reason of his making his deposits of the public money in the ed by making his Phœnix Bank, at Charlestown, Massachusetts, subsequent to the twenty- Phœnix Bank, of fifth of February, eighteen hundred and forty-two, after a final liquida- Charlestown, tion and distribution of the effects of said bank shall have been made; and shall also allow to said Wilson such reasonable and proper expenses as he has actually incurred and paid, or may incur and pay, in penses to be ala suit now pending in the Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts, and prosecuting the same to final judgment, brought to enforce the supposed priority of the claims of the United States over other creditors upon the assets of said bank in the hands of trustees; the proper evidence thereof being furnished by said Wilson to the accounting officers aforesaid.

APPROVED, June 13, 1848.

June 13, 1848.

notes belonging

June 13, 1848.

June 13, 1848.

Joseph Wilson deposits in the Massachusetts.

Certain ex-

June 13, 1848.

CHAP. LXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Charles L. Dell.

The claim of Charles L. Dell, settled.

Amount found due to be paid him.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury, under the direction of the Secretary for military ser- counting oncers of the treasury, under the uncertain of the Secretary vices in the Sem- of War, settle the claim of Charles L. Dell, of Florida, for military serinole war, to be vices performed during the Seminole war, between the twenty-third of May and the twenty-ninth of November, eighteen hundred and forty, making to him such compensation for pay and allowances as shall appear to be just; and that the amount which shall be so ascertained to be due, to be paid to him, notwithstanding the want of a muster roll bearing his name, and that the same shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. APPROVED, June 13, 1848.

June 24, 1848. CHAP. LXIX. - An Act for the Relief of W. B. Slaughter, late Secretary of the Territory of Wisconsin. * Post, p. 747.

The accounts of W. B. Slaughter to be settled

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the accounts United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the Treasury Department be authorized and directed to on principles of settle the accounts of W. B. Slaughter, late Secretary of the Treasury justice and equi- of Wisconsin, upon the principles of equity and justice; and that they Balance found cause to be paid to him the balance, if any be due him, out of any due to be paid moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : Provided, That that it shall not such balance shall not exceed the sum of one thousand seven hundred exceed \$1731 51. and thirty-one dollars and fifty-one cents.

APPROVED, June 24, 1848.

June 26, 1848. CHAP. LXXV. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of James Brown, deceased.

the sum of \$\$4149 66, appropriated Brown.

1834, ch. 201.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Such portion of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to pay to the legal for their relief, as representatives of James Brown, deceased, such portion of the sum of remains unpaid, four thousand one hundred and forty-nine dollars and sixty-six cents, gal representa- appropriated by an act of Congress, approved June thirtieth, eighteen tives of James hundred and thirtie for a will a will be the former will a will be the former will a will be the former will be the forme James hundred and thirty-four, entitled "An Act for the relief of the legal representatives of James Brown," as remains due and unpaid; such payment to be made to such of the legal representatives of said James Brown as shall prove to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that they, as such representatives, are entitled under such act. APPROVED, June 26, 1848.

June 26, 1848.

per month allowed Silas Waterman.

CHAP. LXXVI. — An Act for the Relief of Silas Waterman.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Apension of \$4 United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Silas Waterman on the roll of invalid pensions, and that he pay him at the rate of four dollars per month, for and during his natural life, commencing on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six. Approved, June 26, 1848.

CHAP. LXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Heirs of John Snyder, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the legal heirs of John Snyder, deceased, a private of Captain Sadlier's company of the sixth regiment of infantry, who enlisted the twelfth of June, eighteen hundred and twelve, for five years, and died whilst in service, on of land. the twenty-seventh of January, eighteen hundred and thirteen, be, and they are hereby, authorized to enter at the proper land office in any of the States and Territories in which the same may lie, one hundred and sixty acres of land.

APPROVED, June 26, 1848.

CHAP. LXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Phineas Capen, Administrator of John Cox, deceased, of Boston.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of four hundred and thirty-six dollars and twenty-eight cents be, and the same is hereby, directed to be paid, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Phineas Capen, legal administrator of his administrator. John Cox, late of Boston, deceased, it being the amount due to the said John Cox, deceased, by the United States, for his services on board of one of its ships, and which said sum was fraudulently obtained from the treasury officers by a person unknown to, and unauthorized by, the heirs and the legal administrator of said John Cox, deceased.

APPROVED June 26, 1848.

CHAP. LXXX. - An Act to change the Name of the Steamboat " Charles Downing," to the " Calhoun."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the collector of the port of Charleston, in the State of South Carolina, be, and he hereby is, authorized to issue an enrolment and license for the steam- changed to boat now called the "Charles Downing," in the name of the "Cal- "Calhoun." houn;" the owner thereof, William A. Carson, paying the usual fees, and complying in all respects with the laws regulating the granting of enrolments and licenses to vessels employed in the coasting trade : said enrolment shall state, in addition to the usual description, that the former name of said steamboat was the Charles Downing, and that it was changed by authority of this act.

APPROVED, June 28, 1848.

CHAP. LXXXI. - An Act to authorize the issuing a Register to the Schooner "James."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register or enrolment for the schooner "James," formerly a British vessel, but now owned by Timothy Carman, a citizen of South Oyster Bay, Queen's county, State of New York, and which said vessel, having been wrecked and condemned on the south shore of Long Island, was purchased by him, and which he has caused to be repaired : Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that cost of repairs. the cost of the repairs made in the United States after the purchase of

June 26, 1848.

Heirs of John Snyder, deceased, authorized to enter 160 acres

June 26, 1848.

\$436 28, being the amount due John Cox, deceased, to be paid

June 28, 1848.

Name of steam-" Charles boat Downing" to be the

June 28, 1848.

A register to be issued.

Proviso, as to

the said vessel by the present owner exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States. APPROVED, June 28, 1848.

June 28, 1848. CHAP. LXXXIV. - An Act to authorize the Settlement of the Account of Joseph Nourse, deceased.

The account of Joseph Nourse to be settled in conformity with de-cree of court of the United States for the District of Columbia.

Balance found

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and are hereby, authorized to settle the account of Joseph Nourse, in conformity with the award and decree of the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, as affirmed by the Supreme Court of the United States, and that any balance which may be found due him on said decree be paid to his due to be paid to balance which may be found and the treasury not otherwise his legal representatives out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, June 28, 1848.

June 28, 1848. CHAP. LXXXV. - An Act for the Relief of Edna Hickman, Wife of Alexander D. Peck.

firmed to Hickman.

Provis).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Title to two ar. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the title to two peas of land in tracts of land, ten arpens front by forty deep, each, in all amounting con-Edua to eight hundred acres, situated on the Bayou Bartholomew, in the parish of Morehouse, State of Louisiana, being a part of a Spanish grant to Baron de Bastrop, of date first June, seventeen hundred and ninety-seven, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed to Edna Hickman: Provided, That this act shall not be so construed as in any manner to confirm any part of said de Bastrop grant, save the two tracts, or to affect the rights of third persons in said two tracts hereby confirmed.

Approved, June 28, 1848.

June 28, 1845.

\$681.81 to be paid William Ralston for services as chaplain to the regiment of Tennessee cavalry.

CHAP. LXXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of William Ralston.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, instructed to pay to William Ralston, of Tennessee, the sum of six hundred and eighty-one dollars and eighty-one cents, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, it being in full compensation for his services as chaplain to the regiment of Tennessee cavalry, from the sixth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to April twenty-one, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, June 28, 1848.

June 28, 1848.

CHAP. LXXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of Barclay and Livingston, and Smith, Thurgar, and Company.

Thurgar, funded.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Excess of du- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary ties paid by Bar- of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay clay and Living-ston, and Smith, to Barclay and Livingston, and Smith, Thurgar, and Company, merand chants in the city of New York, any excess of duty paid by them to Company, on jute the collector of the port of New York, upon the importations of jute grass to be regrass, under the name of India matting, India weed, hemp carpeting,

or jute carpeting, under the tariff law of eighteen hundred and fortytwo, and imported in the years eighteen hundred and forty-two, eighteen hundred and forty-three, eighteen hundred and forty-four, and eighteen hundred and forty-five, beyond what the same were legally chargeable with; said sum to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : Provided, The total amount does not exceed twelve hundred dollars; and that if either of the persons hereinbefore named is in any manner indebted to the United States, the sum so payable to such indebted person, or so much thereof as will be necessary, shall be retained in set-off to such indebtedness.

APPROVED, June 28, 1848.

CHAP. LXXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Russell Goss.*

by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary 97 for this act corof War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the rectly enrolled. name of Russell Goss, of the State of Tennessee, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and to pay him during his life a pension at the rate of eight dollars per month from the first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

Approved, June 28, 1848.

CHAP. LXXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas Scott, Register of the Land Office at Chillicothe, Ohio, for Scrvices connected with the Duties of his Office.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to pay, out of any Scott money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Thomas Scott, amount as may late register of the land office at Chillicothe, Ohio, such amount as compensation for may be a reasonable compensation for extra labor performed by per- extra labor persons employed by him, in consequence of the transfer to said office of formed by sons employed the business of certain other land offices, under the act approved June him. twelfth, eighteen hundred and forty: Provided, That the whole amount Proviso: whole amount not to exso paid shall not exceed five hundred dollars.

APPROVED, June 28, 1848.

CHAP. XCI. - An Act for the Relief of Jonathan Fitzwater.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary A per of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Jonathan per mer Fitzwater on the roll of invalid pensioners, and pay him at the rate lowed Jonathan of twenty dollars per month during his natural life, to commence on Fitzwater. the eighteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fortyseven.

Approved, July 1, 1848.

CHAP. XCV. - An Act for the Relief of Stalker and Hill.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of The Secretary the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to audit to audit and adand adjust the claim of Gilbert Stalker and N. B. Hill, for a steamboat just the accounts called the "James Boatwright," which was sunk in Indian River, in of Stalker and

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1842, ch. 270.

Proviso.

June 28, 1848.

* See chapter

June 28, 1848.

The Secretary of the Treasury to pay Thomas such persons employed by

ceed \$500.

July 1, 1848.

A pension of dollars

July 5, 1848.

boat sunk in the of the service United kс.

Hill for a steam- Florida, in the month of April, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, while in the service of the United States, as represented by them, by reason States, of her bottom being eaten through by the worms which infest those waters, and which was prevented from being repaired after she had been ascertained to have been seriously injured, and application had been made for her relief to the officer under whose command she was, in consequence of the exigency of the public service; and that the said Secretary, on finding the facts aforesaid to be true, pay the said Stalker and Hill whatever damage they may have sustained by the loss of the steamboat aforesaid, estimating the value of the said steamboat not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars, and deducting therefrom what, in his judgment, it would have cost to overhaul and repair the said steamboat at the time application was made to take her to Charleston for repairs, including the expense of taking her there, and the value of the engine saved from the wreck of said steamboat; and that the said Secretary be authorized to take additional evidence upon any or all of the points arising in the case, if deemed necessary.

APPROVED, July 5, 1848.

July 8, 1848.

Washington Gas Light Company incorporatéd.

Capital stock not to exceed \$50,000.

Affairs, &c., of said corporation to be managed by five directors. how they are to be chosen.

CHAP. XCVI. - An Act to incorporate the Washington Gas Light Company.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That John F. Callan, Jacob Bigelow, B. B. French, W. H. Harover, M. P. Callan, W. A. Bradley, and W. H. English, and their present and future associates, are hereby declared to be a body politic and corporate, by the name and style of the "Washington Gas Light Company," and by the same name shall have perpetual succession, and shall be able to sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, in all courts of law and equity in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and to make and have a common seal, and the same to break, alter, and renew at pleasure; to ordain and establish such by-laws, ordinances, and regulations, and generally to do every act and thing necessary to carry into effect this act, or to promote the objects and design of this corporation.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the capital stock of this corporation shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars; that a share in the same shall be twenty dollars; and books of subscription to the said capital stock, or to such portions thereof as from time to time may, by the directors for the time being, be deemed proper and necessary, shall be opened by the appointment or under the direction of the directors hereinafter named, subject to such rules, limitations, and conditions, as by them shall be prescribed; and the stock of the said corporation shall be deemed personal property.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the stock, property, and affairs of the said corporation shall be managed and conducted by or under the direction of five directors, being stockholders; that the said directors shall hold their offices for one year from the second Monday, and shall be elected on the first Monday in January, in each year, at such time and place in the city of Washington as a majority of the directors for the time being shall appoint; and that notice of such election shall be published in at least two of the public newspapers printed in the city of Washington, at least fourteen days previous to the time of holding such election; and every such election shall be by ballot, and by such of the stockholders who shall attend for that purpose, either in person or by proxy; and each stockholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share of the stock which he or she may have held in his or her own name for at least fourteen days before the time of voting; and the persons having the greatest number of votes

shall be the directors; and if it shall happen that two or more persons have an equal number of votes, the directors in office at the time of such election shall, by a plurality of votes, given by ballot, determine which of the persons so having an equal number of votes shall be director or directors, so as to complete the whole number to be chosen; and the directors so chosen shall, as soon as may be thereafter, Directors chose one proceed by ballot to elect one of their number for their president; their number for and whenever any vacancy shall happen, the same shall be filled up by president. the remaining directors, by plurality of votes, until the next annual election.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That John F. Callan, Jacob Five persons Bigelow, B. B. French, W. H. Harover, M. P. Callan, and W. A. rectors until Jan-Bradley, shall be the first directors of the said company, who shall hold uary, 1849. their offices until the second Monday of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and until others are chosen in their places; and they shall proceed to choose their president at such time and place as they, or a majority of them, shall determine.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That in case it shall at any time happen that an election for directors shall not take place on the day tion not to be dis-solved in case of appointed by this act for that purpose, the said corporation shall not, failure to elect for that cause, or for any nonuser, be deemed to be dissolved, but it directors on the shall and may be lawful to hold an election for directors on any other day herein desig-nated. day, in such manner as shall be provided for by the by-laws of the said corporation.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful for the directors, or a majority of them, to require payment of the sub- which the capital stock shall be scription to the capital stock of the said corporation, at such times and paid in. in such proportions as they, or a majority of them, shall deem fit, under the penalty of forfeiting all previous payment or payments thereon; and that previous notice of the instalments required to be paid shall be non-payment. published at least fourteen days in two of the public newspapers printed in the city of Washington.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the president and directors shall have full power and authority to manufacture, make, and sell ties of the presi-ent and directgas, to be made of coal, oil, tar, peat, pitch, or turpentine, or other ors. material, and to be used for the purpose of lighting the city of Washington, or the streets thereof, and any buildings, manufactories, or houses, therein contained and situate, and to lay pipes for the purpose of conducting gas in any of the streets, avenues, and alleys of the said city; and, also, that the said company will so conduct the manufactories of gas as not to injure private property or create a nuisance: Provided, however, That the said pipes shall be laid subject to such conditions, and in compliance with such regulations, as the corporation of Washington may from time to time prescribe: And provided further, That the right to erect or put up any buildings, works, or apparatus for the manufacture of gas shall be subject to such terms, conditions, restrictions, and regulations as the said corporation of Washington may or shall, from time to time, prescribe or direct.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That if any person or persons shall wilfully do, or cause to be done, any act or acts whatever, where- fully injuring or by the works of said corporation, or any pipe, conduit, plug, cock, erected by said reservoir, or any engine, machine, or structure, or any matter or thing company. appertaining to the same, shall be stopped, obstructed, impaired, weakened, injured, or destroyed, the person or persons so offending shall forfeit and pay to the said corporation double the amount of the damage sustained by means of such offence or injury, to be recovered in the name of the said corporation, with costs of suit, in any action of debt, to be brought in any court having cognizance thereof.

to

This corpora-

Manner in

Forfeiture for

Powers and du-

Proviso.

Penalty for wil-

Nothing in this vent any person persons, or OF in the 7th section of this act.

tion in notes, late as money.

Stockholders to liable for debts tion.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act shall be act to be so con-strued as to pre- construed to prevent any person or persons, nor any incorporated company hereafter to be created by Congress for that purpose, from engaging in and pursuing the business specified in the seventh section company, from engaging in and partonne the lawful for Congress, at any time here-engaging in the of this act; and that it shall be lawful for Congress, at any time herebusiness specified after, to alter, amend, or repeal this act.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this act con-Said corpora- tained shall be construed to authorize the said Washington Gas Light prohibited Company to make, issue, or put in circulation any bill, draft, check, suing, or putting order, promissory note, change ticket, or any thing else promising or circulation agreeing to pay money, intended to circulate as money, or the tendency checks, of which shall be to circulate as money or currency; and the violation drafts, &c., in- of which shall be to circulate as money of currency, and the violation tended to circu- of any one of the provisions of this section shall be a forfeiture of the charter herein granted, and a fine of fifty dollars against each of the directors voting for the same.

SEC. 11. And be it further enacted, That each of the stockholders be individually in the Washington Gas Light Company shall be held liable in his or and engagements her individual capacity for all the debts and liabilities of the said comof said corpora- pany, however contracted or incurred, to be recovered by suit as other debts or liabilities, before the court or tribunal having jurisdiction of the case.

APPROVED, July 8, 1848

July 8, 1848.

CHAP. XCVII. — An Act for the Relief of Russell Goss.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War bc, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the name of Russell Goss, of the State of Tennessee, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and to pay him during his life a pension at the rate of eight dollars per month, from the first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, July 8, 1848.

July 17, 1848. CHAP. CIII. — An Act to confirm to the legal Representatives of Joseph Dutarilis the Location of a certain New Madrid Certificate.

Location under certificate confirmed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the location by a New Madrid the legal representatives or assignee of Joseph Dutaillis, under a New Madrid certificate, numbered fifty-two, (52,) of the south half of section eighteen, in township forty-nine north, range nine west, in the

Patent to issue. State of Missouri, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed, and a patent may issue therefor as in other cases.

Approved, July 17, 1848.

July 20, 1848.

CHAP CVI. - An Act for the Relief of William T. Holland.

William T. Holland to be paid ginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary the mileage al. of the Treasury pay to William T. Holland, out of any money in the lowed to witness- treasury not otherwise appropriated, the mileage allowed by law to wites in the courts nesses attending the courts of the United States from the city of Rio States from Rio de Janeiro, in the empire of Brazil, to the city of Richmond, in the de Janeiro to State of Virginia. Richmond, Vir-

APPROVED, July 20, 1848.

A pension of eight dollars per month allowed Russell Goss.

CHAP. CVII. - An Act for the Relief of Jose Argote Villalobos, Marie Rose, Francois Felix, Marquis de Fougeres, or their Heirs or legal Representatives.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Jose Argote Villalobos, Marie Rose, François Felix, Marquis de Fougeres, or their lalobos and othheirs or legal representatives, or such thereof as may be deemed to be proper parties therefor, may, within one year from the passage of this on the docket of act, reinstate, or have reinstated on the docket of the Supreme Court of the United States, an appeal to the said Supreme Court from a certain decree of the Superior Court of the district of East Florida, in the Peal from a cerlate Territory of Florida, rendered on the tenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, in favor of the United States, rejecting a certain claim or grant for certain lands in said State, and said Supreme Court shall have jurisdiction of said appeal, and proceed to hear ted States. and determine such appeal, the same as if the appeal heretofore taken and dismissed by said Supreme Court or Court of Error in the proceedings respecting said appeal by the officers of said Superior Court had not been irregular, and as if the time limited by law had not elapsed; it appearing that some of said parties have died, some residents of France, and some minors, and that delay in taking said appeal in due time has been occasioned thereby.

Approved, July 20, 1848.

CHAP. CIX. - An Act to authorize the Sale of a Part of Public Reservation numbered Thirteen, in the City of Washington, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of Public Buildings in the city of Washington be, and he is tion of public rehereby, authorized to sell to the vestry of Washington parish such portion of the public reservation of land in the city of Washington, numbered thirteen, called the Hospital Square, as the said vestry may ish authorized. desire to purchase, for the purpose of enlarging the Washington parish burial-ground, not exceeding six acres: Provided, The Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy shall be of opinion that the said land can be sold without injury to the public service; and, upon payment being made to the said Commissioner for the said land, at the of purchase monsame price per acre which the United States received for the adjoining square of ground, numbered eleven hundred and fifteen, he shall exe- ecuted. cute a conveyance therefor to the said vestry, in the same manner as he now conveys public lands when sold.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the vestry of Washington parish shall have authority to enclose, possess, and occupy so much of Nineteenth Street east as passes between square numbered eleven hun- certain streets; dred and fifteen, in the city of Washington, (the present burial-ground,) and the land proposed by the first section of this act to be sold; and also, with the consent of the corporate authority of the city of Washington, the said vestry may enclose, possess, and occupy so much of any street or streets as may pass between the said square numbered eleven hundred and fifteen, and any other whole square of ground of which it may become the possessor, for the sole purpose of enlarging the said burial-ground.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the vestry of Washington parish shall have power to hold and enjoy forever any land which it may purchase or possess for the extension of the Washington parish purchase for exburial-ground: *Provided*, The whole quantity shall not exceed thirty tension of acres, any thing in any former act to the contrary notwithstanding; Proviso.

July 20, 1848.

Jose Argote Vilers, authorized te have reinstated the Supreme Court of the United States an aptain decree of the SuperiorCourt of the eastern district of Florida in favor of the Uni-

July 25, 1848.

Sale of a porservation No. 13 to the vestry of Washington par-

Proviso.

Upon payment ey, deed of con-veyance to be ex-

Said vestry may enclose and occupy portions of

And may hold and enjoy forever any land it may and the said vestry may, from time to time, sell or otherwise dispose of the said ground for the purposes of burial.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the government of the United States shall be entitled to purchase from the said vestry, and to occupy as a burial-ground, for members of Congress and such other members of the United States government as the President shall deem it expedient and proper to allow, a portion of the land hereinbefore authorized to be sold, not exceeding one fourth part thereof, and which portion shall be laid out in some compact form, and at such place as the Secretaries aforesaid shall select : Provided, That the ground so authorized to be purchased and used by the government shall be paid for from time to time, as it is actually used, at the price demanded by the vestry, for grave-sites in other parts of the same ground : And provided, also, That this reservation of the right to purchase to the extent United States aforesaid shall not be held to subject the United States to any part of not to be subject the expense of putting up or keeping up the enclosures of the said burying-ground, or other expense incident thereto.

APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

July 25, 1848. CHAP. CXII. - An Act to confirm the Location and to grant a Quarter Section of Public Lands for the County Site of Hillsborough County, State of Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the location of the county commissioners of the county of Hillsborough, in the State of Florida, of one hundred and sixty acres of land for the county site of said county, at Tampa, viz.: beginning on the east bank of Hillsborough River, at the point where the reduced military reservation, as made by Major L. Whiting, September fourteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, strikes the same; thence up said river, binding thereon, to a point at least half a mile in a straight line from the beginning; thence north-easterly to a point from whence a line running parallel to said straight line, and striking the line of said reduced reservation; and thence along the lines of said reservation to the place of beginning -shall include between said river and said lines one hundred and sixty acres of land; and the same is hereby granted to the said commissioners of the said county, and their successors in office, for the use of of said county, the proceeds of sales to be applied to the building of a court-house and jail, and other public buildings for said county; and the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall cause said one hundred and sixty acres of land, granted as aforesaid, to be surveyed, and the survey confirmed, as soon as practicable; and a patent shall issue therefor to said commissioners, for the use of said county, as aforesaid, referring to this act.

APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

July 25, 1848.

CHAP. CXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Alfred White.

Postmaster-General to pay Alfred \$51 45 White cents, the amount of a judgment recovered against nim.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, directed to pay, from the revenues of the Post-Office Department appropriated for mail transportation, to Alfred White, of Mississippi, the sum of fifty-four dollars and forty-five cents, that sum having been paid by him in satisfaction of a judgment recovered against him by the United States, in the District Court for the southern district of Mississippi; and which said sum, included in said judgment, was over and above what appears to have been due

Government of the United States to have the right purchase a to portion of said ground for a burial-ground for members of Congress and public officers.

Proviso.

to any expense for enclosures, &c.

Confirmation of location and grant

of a quarter sec-

tion of land to Hillsborough

county, Florida,

for county site.

Proceeds sales - how to be

applied.

from said White to the Post-Office Department, for whose benefit said judgment was recovered.

ĂPPROVED, July 25, 1848.

CHAP. CXIV. — An Act for the Relief of the Central Railroad and Banking Company of Georgia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Secretary of the of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to can-cel and give up cel and give up six several bonds of the Central Railroad Company six several bonds of Georgia, falling due on the third day of March, eighteen hundred illegally and forty-three, which said several bonds were required and given Railroad contrary to the true intent and meaning of the several acts under Banking Compawhich they were taken.

APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

CHAP. CXV. — An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to make a Com-promise and Settlement with the Securities of Francis D. Newcomb, late Sur-veyor-General of the State of Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Be it enacted by the Secretary and Louise of Louise of Louise Secretary Secretary of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Secretary of the Treasury authorized to make such an Treasury authorized to make such an of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to make such an ized to make a equitable settlement and compromise with the securities of Francis D. settlement Newcomb, late surveyor-general of the State of Louisiana, as he shall, compromise with Newcomb, late surveyor-general of the State of Louisiana, as he shan, the securities of under the circumstances, deem advisable; and on their paying or F. D. Newcomb. securing to his satisfaction the sum agreed to be paid by them, to discharge them fully from all liability as such securities.

APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

CHAP. CXVI. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Moses White.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress aesembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, directed to allow and pay to the heirs-atlaw of Moses White, deceased, late a pensioner on the revolutionary invalid pension roll, the amount of his invalid pension, from the third of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and pension from 3 twenty-six, to the thirty-first day of May, in the year of our Lord one 31st May, 1830. thousand eight hundred and thirty, during which time said pension was withheld or discontinued in consequence of said Moses taking the benefit of the act entitled "An Act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the army of the Revolution," approved May fifteenth, in the year eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.

APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

CHAP. CXVII. - An Act for the Relief of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents in the City of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the judgment Release of a rendered in the District Court of the United States for the southern judgment render sold district of New York, in the case of the United States against the society in favor managers of the Society for the Reformation of Juvenile Delinquents, of the United so far as the same remains unpaid, be, and the same is hereby, forever States.

July 25, 1848.

Secretary of War to pay to the heirs of Moses White the amount of his invalid pension from 3d March, 1826, to

1828, ch. 53.

July 25, 1828.

July 25, 1848.

taken Central and ny of Georgia.

July 25, 1848.

and

released and discharged; and that the proper law officer of the United States in said court cause satisfaction thereof to be entered of record. APPROVED, July 25, 1848.

Aug. 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Bent, St. Vrain, and Company.

The claim of Bent, St. Vrain, and Company to be settled on principles of equity and justice.

due them to be paid.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, directed to audit and settle the claim of Bent, St. Vrain, and Company, on principles of equity and justice, for provisions collected for the use of a detachment of United States troops on the waters of the upper Arkansas, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-three, under a contract made with Major Lee, commissary of subsistence at St. Louis, and recommended to be allowed by General Gibson, Commissary-General of Subsistence, by letter to the Second Comptroller, dated May Amount found twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and forty-four; and that the amount found due to the said Bent, St. Vrain, and Company, be paid to them out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

Aug. 5, 1848.

\$2333 82 to be paid John Anderson for lead imof a lead mine which belonged rent was paid.

CHAP. CXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of John Anderson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of two thousand three hundred and thirty-three dollars and eighty-two and a son for lead im-properly received half cents be paid to John Anderson, of Jefferson county, Missouri, from him as rent for forty-eight thousand five hundred and seventy-four pounds of lead, received by the agent of the United States as rent for the use of a lead to him at the time mine which belonged to said Anderson at the time the rent was paid. APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

Aug. 5, 1848.

Bennet M. Dell for a building at Newnansville, Florida, taken for the use of the United States.

CHAP. CXXV. - An Act for the Relief of Bennet M. Dell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the \$750 to be paid United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to Bennet M. Dell, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of seven hundred and fifty dollars, being for the value of a certain building at Newnansville, in Florida, which was taken for the use of the United States by order of Colonel Francis R. Sanchez, in the year eighteen hundred and thirtyfive, and continued in the use of the United States as a blockhouse and magazine until eighteen hundred and forty-one, when it was abandoned and pulled down.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

Aug. 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of E. G. Smith.

Commissioner of Patents to pay E. G. Smith such compensation for extra services as he may deem a fair remuneration for the labors performed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of Patents be authorized to pay E. G. Smith, from the patent fund, such compensation for extra service, out of office hours, rendered by him in the preparation of the agricultural report in eighteen hundred and forty-four and eighteen hundred and forty-five, as in the Commissioner's judgment is a fair remuneration for the labor performed, on satisfactory proof being furnished him of the number of hours so employed, and according to the usual rate for similar services APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXVII. — An Act for the Relief of John Manly.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized and required to place the name of John ^{\$12} permonth al-lowed to John Manly on the pension list of revolutionary pensioners, and to pay him Manly a pension at the rate of twelve dollars per month from the fourth of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and forty-five.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXVIII. — An Act for the Relief of Charles Cappel.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Charles Cappel. of the parish of Avoyelles, State of Louisiana, his heirs and assigns, be forever confirmed in the title, use, and possession of all that certain tract, lot and parcel of land situate within the said parish of Avoyelles, Avoyelles, Louisat Marksville, in the prairie, and embraced within the grant of the iana, confirmed. Spanish government to Noel Soileau, lying within section numbered twenty-seven, of township two north, of range four east, as described upon the plat of the public survey of the lands of the south-western district of Louisiana, to wit: that tract occupied by the said Charles Cappel, containing two hundred superficial arpents, five arpents front by forty arpents deep, not heretofore confirmed to any other claimant.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury cause the said tract of two hundred superficial arpents to be surveyed, veyed and patent and a patent to issue to said Cappel, his heirs and assigns, for the same.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Robert Ellis.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary A pension of of War be, and he is hereby, required to pay to Robert Ellis, of the \$66 per annum State of Tennessee, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise allowed Robert Ellis in addition appropriated, the sum of sixty-six dollars per annum, for and during to the pension he his natural life, in addition to the thirty dollars per annum now paid now receives. him under the act of seventh of June, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, in consequence of wounds received by him in the war of the Revolution; said pension to commence from and after the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXX. - An Act for the Relief of Amzy Judd.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Amzy Judd to of the Treasury pay, out of any unappropriated money, to Amzy Judd, ing the amount of the county of Onondaga, New York, the sum of twenty-four dollars, still due him on his bount for enthat being the amount still due him as encouragement for his enlist-listment in the ment into the army of the United States under the provisions of the army.

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Aug. 5, 1848.

A pension of

Aug. 5, 1848.

Title of Charles Cappel to a certain tract of land in the parish of

Tract to be surto issue.

Aug. 5, 1848.

Aug. 5, 1848.

1813, ch. 12.

A warrant to issue to him for 160 acres of land.

act of Congress approved January twentieth, eighteen hundred and thirteen.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall be, and is hereby, authorized and required to issue a warrant in favor of Amzy Judd, for one hundred and sixty acres of land, to be located upon any unlocated land belonging to the United States, and now subject to entry.

Aug. 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXXI. - An Act for the Relief of Catharine Fulion, of Washington County, Pennsylvania.

revolutionary pension roll.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Name of Cath-arine Fulton to be placed on the of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Catharine Fulton upon the revolutionary pension roll, under the rates fixed by the acts of the seventh of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and third of March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, as the widow of Captain Samuel Fulton, for twelve months' service as a captain in the revolutionary army; and that her pension commence on the first of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848

Aug. 5, 1848. CHAP. CXXXII. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Representative of William McKenzie, late a Seaman on bourd the United States Ship Vincennes.

The sum due to William McKenfied copies of letters testamentary tion.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum due to William McKenzie, late a seaman on board of the United States ship zie, deceased, to William McKenzie, late a seaman on board of the United States ship be paid to his Vincennes, at the time of his death, as determined by the proper ac-legal representa- counting officers of the treasury, may, and shall be paid to the legal counting officers of the treasury, may, and shall be, paid to the legal tive on presenta- counting oncers of the treasury, may, and shall be, paid to the legal tion of duly certi- representative of the said William McKenzie, on such representative presenting to the proper officer an exemplification or duly certified or of administra. copy of letters testamentary, or letters of administration, granted, or which shall be granted, to such representative by any State court of competent jurisdiction and authority to grant the same.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

Aug. 5, 1848.

The claim of J. Throckmorton for loss sustained by rescinding of a certain contract to be audited and adjusted.

CHAP. CXXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of J. Throckmorton.

Be it enacted by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to audit and adjust the claim of J. Throckmorton against the United States, for any damage or loss sustained by him in consequence of the rescinding of a certain contract on the twentieth August, one thousand eight hundred and forty, without any fault and against the wish of the said Throckmorton; which contract was entered into between him and Major McRae, a quartermaster of the army of the United States, on the sixteenth day of August, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and forty, who was duly authorized to make the said contract; and by the terms of which contract the said Throckmorton, as master of the steamer Chippewa, was required to transport Brigadier-General Atkinson, together with eight companies of the infantry of the United States army, from Jefferson barracks, near St. Louis, to Fort Crawford, in Wisconsin, and to furnish two keel boats of the first class, in addition to the steamer, for the use of the said troops; for which he was to

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

receive as compensation the sum of two hundred dollars per day, to commence on the twenty-first of the same August; and that, upon an adjustment of the said claim, the sum found due to the said Throckmorton, not to exceed one thousand dollars, be paid to him out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of Elijah H. Willis.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the collector of Plymouth, in the State of North Carolina, is hereby authorized to pay Elijah H. Willis the sum of twenty-six dollars and sixty-five cents for Elijah H. Willis Elijah H. willis the sum of twenty-six donard and bardy and forty- vices as inspector and measurer, in the discharge of the cargo \$20.65 for his serof schooner Carpenter's Son, in the year eighteen hundred and forty- vices as inspector in measurer in five; and that the Secretary of the Treasury allow to the collector the year 1845. aforesaid, in his account with the United States, the sum of twenty-six dollars and sixty-five cents aforesaid.

Approved, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXXV. - An Act for the Relief of Benjamin White.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby directed and authorized to give to Benjamin White issue to Benjamin a land warrant for one hundred and sixty acres of land for military acres of land for services rendered by him in the late war with Great Britain, which military services warrant may be located on any quarter section of public land now open in the late war with Great Britto private entry. ain.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of William Culver.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay thirteen hundred to be paid \$1317 and seventeen dollars and twenty-one cents, out of any moneys in the sation for work, treasury not otherwise appropriated, to William Culver, in full com- &c., for the Uni-treasury not otherwise appropriated, to William Culver, in full com- &c., for the Unipensation for work on, and for materials furnished for, the United States custom house at the city of New London, in the State of Con- New necticut.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Matthew Stewart.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to pay paid heirs of Mat-to the heirs of Matthew Stewart one hundred and directed to pay paid heirs of Matto the heirs of Matthew Stewart one hundred and forty-eight dollars and forty-eight cents, in full of all demands, under his claims as set mands under the forth in the report of Colonel Totten, of the engineer corps, dated claims of the denineteenth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and directed to the the Hon. John W. Davis; the said sum to be paid out of any moneys States. in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

Aug. 5, 1848.

Collector of Plymouth, North

Land warrant to

Aug. 5, 1848.

Aug. 5, 1848.

William Culver tom-house at London, Conn.

Aug. 5, 1848.

thew Stewart in full of all deceased against United

CHAP. CXXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Sarah Stokes, Widow of John Aug. 5, 1848. Stokes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A pension of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of \$66 63 per annum War is barehy authorized and an assembled. War is hereby authorized and required to place the name of Sarah Stokes on the list of revolutionary pensioners, and to pay her a pension at the rate of sixty-six dollars and sixty-three cents per annum, to commence on the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

Aug. 5. 1848,

allowed to Sarah

Stokes.

CHAP. CXXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Jonathan Moore, of the State of Massachusetts.

Name of Jonathan Moore to be placed on the roll of revolutionary pensioners.

1832, cb. 126.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Jonathan Moore, of the State of Massachusetts, on the roll of revolutionary pensioners, and that he be allowed such pension, under the act of June seventh, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, as would be allowed him if he had served six months; said pension to commence on the fourth of September, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, August 5, 1848.

CHAP. CXL. -- An Act to authorize the issuing a Register to the Bark Mary Aug. 7, 1848. Teressa.

A register to issue to bark Mary Teressa.

Proviso as to cost of repairs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register for the bark Mary Teressa, formerly a French vessel, but now owned by Nathan Rogers and Charles Butler, citizens of Baltimore, in the State of Maryland; and which said vessel having been wrecked and condemned in the Chespeake Bay, and has been repaired at great expense : Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the cost of the repairs made in the United States exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States. APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

Aug. 7, 1848.

CHAP. CXLII. - An Act for the Relief of James M. Scantland.

A pension of \$30 per month allowed James M. Scantland in

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War allow and pay to Major James M. Scantland, of Davidson county, Tennessee, the sum of thirty dollars per month during his natural life, lieu of the pen- instead of the sum now paid him as an invalid pensioner, to commence sion he now re- from the twenty-first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight. APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

Aug. 7, 1848.

CHAP. CXLVI. - An Act for the Relief of certain Tennessee Volunteers.

Certain mount-Tennessee ed

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of volunteers to be the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay,

out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the paid each 40 mounted Tennessee volunteers who served in the companies of Cap- the use and rick tains Gillespie, Peake, and Vernon, and Rogers, in eighteen hundred of his horse, and and thirty-six, to each the sum of forty cents per day for the use and 15 cents per day risk of his horse, and fifteen cents per day for forage, from the first for forage, from the first lst November, day of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, the date of the 1836, till the date order of General Wool, until the day they were finally discharged, of their discharge. according to law, from the public service : Provided, Said allowances shall be made by the accounting officers upon the same principles and upon like proofs as are required in other cases where similar allowances are made by law.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

CHAP. CXLVIII. - An Act to refund a Penalty remitted by the Secretary of the Treasury to John Hardorp.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay to John Hardorp, of the city of New York, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of four hundred and eighteen dollars by him which was and sixty cents, being the amount of a certain penalty incurred by him under the seventeenth section of the act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide revenue from imports, and to change and modify existing laws imposing duties on imports, and for other purposes, approved thirtieth August, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-two, and which penalty was remitted by the Secretary of the Treasury on the fifteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

CHAP. CXLIX. - An Act for the Relief of Catharine Hoffman.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary United States of America in Congress assembled, 1 had the Beckerary g20 per monthal-of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Catharine lowed to Catha-Hoffinan, of Baltimore, State of Maryland, widow of the late Lieuten- rine Hoffman. ant-Colonel William Hoffman, on the roll of invalid pensions, and pay to her the sum of twenty dollars per month, from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and to continue during her natural life.

APPROVED, August 7, 1848.

CHAP. CLVII. - An Act for the Relief of David N. Smith.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of David N. \$8 per month al-Smith, of New York, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be N. Smith. paid at the rate of eight dollars per month during his life, to commence on the nineteenth day of January, eighteen hundred and fortyseven.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Proviso.

Aug. 7, 1848.

John Hardorp to be paid \$418 60, the amount of a penalty incurred remitted.

1842, ch. 270.

Aug. 7, 1848.

A pension of

Aug. 11, 1848.

A pension of

Aug. 11, 1848.

Letters patent granted to Oliver C. Harris for improvement in paint mills, extended for seven vears.

CHAP. CLVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Oliver C. Harris.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That letters patent granted to Oliver C. Harris on the fifteenth day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, for his improvement in paint mills, or manner of grinding paints, indigo, &c., &c., be, and the same are hereby, extended for the term of seven years from and after the passage of this act; and the Commissioner of Patents is hereby directed to renew and extend said patent by making certificate thereon, or upon a certified copy thereof, of such extension; and the Commissioner is hereby directed to cause the same to be entered on record in the Patent Office, and the said patent so extended shall have the same effect in law as if originally granted for twenty-one years, in the form herein provided. APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848. CHAP. CLIX. — An Act for the Relief of the Red River Railroad Company.

Certain bonds given by Red River Railroad Company for duties on railroad iron to be cancelled.

Judgments obtained against them on said bonds to be entered "satisfied." Proviso.

of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to cancel the several bonds given by the Red River Railroad Company for the duties on certain railroad bars of iron imported for the use of said company, and which bars were imported at New Orleans in the months of February and March, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven; and he is hereby further authorized to enter the judgments satisfied, which have been obtained by the United States against said company on their bonds, upon the defendants paying the costs of said suits: *Provided*, That it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the said railroad bars have been, and are now, permanently laid down upon the railroad of the aforesaid company.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLX. - An Act for the Relief of Samuel Cony.

A pension of \$8 per month allowed to Samuel Cony.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, directed to place on the pension roll the name of Samuel Cony, of Augusta, State of Maine, and to pay him a pension at the rate of eight dollars per month, from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLXI. - An Act for the Relief of Alborne Allen.

Alborne Allen to be paid a balance due on a contract for builda boat for the government.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid to Alborne Allen, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of four hundred and thirty-two dollars, for the balance due on a contract for building a boat called the Æolus, on account of the government.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLX. -

THIRTIETH CONGRESS. Sess. I. Ch. 162, 163, 164, 165. 1848.

CHAP. CLXII. - An Act for the Relief of Joseph Perry, a Choctaw Indian, or Aug. 11, 1848. his Assignees

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in lieu of section thirty-five, of township twenty-five, range six east, to which authorized to lo-Joseph Perry, a Choctaw Indian, was entitled, and of which he was of land, in lieu of deprived by operation of the Chickasaw treaty of eighteen hundred a section of which and thirty-four, and the action of the government of the United States, he was deprived the said Joseph Perry or his assignees shall be entitled to locate one treaty section of land, in quantities not less than one quarter section by the legal subdivisions, upon any of the public lands not otherwise appropriated, subject to private entry.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLXIII. — An Act for the Relief of the Heirs and Widow of François Gramillion.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the claim of the widow and heirs of François Gramillion, to a tract of seventeen heirs and widow arpens front, by forty deep, in the parish of Avoyelles, Louisiana, be, million to a tract and the same is hereby confirmed, according to a survey executed in of land confirm-February, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, by Kenneth McCrummen, deputy surveyor; and it shall be the duty of the commissioner of the General Land Office to order an official survey to be returned for the said claim, conforming as near as may be to a survey made in February, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, by Kenneth McCrummen, accompanying the petition for confirmation; and upon the return to the General Land Office of an official survey, properly executed and certified, a patent shall issue: Provided, That the confirmation and patent shall only operate as a relinquishment of title on the part of the United States, and shall in no way prejudice any adverse rights which may exist to any part of the premises before such official survey shall be made.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLXIV. - An Act for the Relief of John Farnham.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of John 55 per month al-lowed to John Farnham, of Woolwich, in the county of Lincoln, and State of Maine, Farnham. on the roll of invalid pensions, and that he pay to him the sum of five dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

CHAP. CLXV. - An Act for the Relief of Francis M. Holton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Francis M. Holton on the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of eight dollars per month; and that he be paid at that rate during his natural life, to commence from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Joseph Perry

Aug. 11, 1848.

The claim of of François Graed.

Proviso.

Aug. 11, 1848.

Aug. 11, 1848.

A pension of \$8 per month al-lowed to Francis M. Holton.

Aug. 12, 184

CHAP. CLXX. — An Act for the Relief of B. O. Tayloe.

The claims of B. O. Tayloe recertain buildings the rented by him to the Post-Office Department were returned to him "in a good and tenantable condition;" if not, to pay him the amount of damage sustained.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the claims of B. O. Tayloe, as set forth in the report of the Committee of Claims of licitor of the the House of Representatives of July twenty-four, eighteen hundred Treasury to as-and forty-six, be referred to the Solicitor of the Treasury to ascertain. from the proof to be submitted by said Tayloe and by the government, whether the buildings were returned to B. O. Tayloe by the Post-Office Department "in a good and tenantable condition;" and if not, to ascertain the amount of damage sustained by said B. O. Tayloe, and the amount so ascertained to have been sustained by said B. O. Tayloe (if any) the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to pay out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. APPROVED, August 12, 1848.

Aug. 12, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXI. - An Act for the Relief of Charity Herrington.

Charity Herauthorrington ized to enter a land.

Patent to issue. Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Charity Herrington be authorized and permitted to enter at the minimum price, at certain fractional the Chicago land office, the north-east fractional quarter of section ten, quarter section of in township thirty-nine north, of range eight east, of the third principal meridian, and a patent shall issue therefor as in other cases: Provided, That this act, and the patent hereby authorized to be granted, shall not have the effect, or be construed, to impair any legal or equitable claim of any person or persons whatsoever to said tract or parcel of land.

APPROVED, August 12, 1848.

Aug. 12, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXII. - An Act for the Relief of Gustavus Dorr.

A pension of \$20 per month allowed to Gustavus Dorr.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Gustavus Dorr, late captain in the sixth regiment of United States infantry, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and pay to him the sum of twenty dollars per month, during his natural life, commencing on the eighteenth day of November, eighteen hundred and forty-seven. APPROVED, August 12, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

1814, ch. 68.

Secretary of State to examine, according to principles of equity, the claim of Joseph De la Francia

1814, ch. 68.

CHAP. CLXXIV. — An Act supplementary to " An Act to authorize the Secretary of State to liquidate certain Claims therein mentioned," passed eighteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, directed to examine, according to principles of equity and justice, the claim of Joseph De la Francia for advances made, for the use and benefit of the United States, prior to and since the taking of that portion of the late province of West Florida described in the act (approved eighteenth April, eighteen hundred and fourteen) to which this is a supplement, as included within the limits of the State of Louisiana, or of the Mississippi Territory, by the United States; and that such sum of money as he may find to be justly

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due to the said De la Francia be paid to him, or his legal representatives, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. APPROVED. August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXVIII. - An Act for the Payment of the Fourth Regiment in the Second Brigade of the Third Division of the Vermont Militia, for Services at the Battle of Plattsburg.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized tain officers and and directed to adjust and gattle the claims for one marth's number of soldiers of Verand directed to adjust and settle the claims for one month's services of mont militia to be the officers and soldiers of the fourth regiment in the second brigade adjusted and setof the third division of the militia of the State of Vermont, who served tled. at the battle of Plattsburg on the eleventh day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, for their military services on that occasion, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXIX. — An Act for the Relief of the Widows and Orphans of the Officers, Seamen, and Marines of the Brig-of-War Somers.

WHEREAS the United States brig-of-war Somers was foundered at sea, in the offing of the harbor of Vera Cruz, while engaged, under very hazardous circumstances, in the prosecution of hostilities against an enemy of this republic: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the widows, if twelve any such there be, and in case there be no widow, the child or children, ceased relatives and if there be no child, then the parent or parents, and if there are no awarded to the varents, to the brothers and sisters who were minors and under the widows or chil-are of eighteen years at the time of said loss of the officers accounts. age of eighteen years at the time of said loss of the officers, seamen, officers, seamen, and marines who were in the service of the United States, and lost in and marines of the United States brig-of-war Somers, shall be entitled to, and receive, States brig Somput of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum ers. equal to twelve months' pay of their respective deceased relations aforesaid, in addition to the pay due to the said deceased at the date of the loss of said vessel.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXXI. - An Act for the Relief of George V. Mitchell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That George V. Mitchell, late postmaster at Bellsville, Pennsylvania, be, and he hereby Mitchell released from the payment is, released from the payment of a judgment obtained against him in of a judgment. the United States Court for the western district of Pennsylvania, held at Williamsport.

APPROVED, August 14. 1848.

CHAP. CLXXXII. - An Act for the Relief of Ward and Smith.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy to asof the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to ascertain certain what sum Vol. IX. PRIV. --- 12

Claims of cer-

A sum equal to months

Aug. 14, 1848.

George Mitchell released

Amount found

Aug. 14, 1848.

due to be paid him.

Aug. 14, 1848.

is justly due Ward and Smith for advances made for the use of the navy in California, and certify the amount to the Secretary of the Treasury. who shall pay the same.

due what sum should be justly and equitably allowed the firm of Ward and Smith, for advances made by them for the use of the Navy Department in California, in the month of February, eighteen hundred and fortyseven, and to certify the amount to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall pay the same out of any money in the treasury not otherwise ap propriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Messrs. Cook, Anthony, manony, Aug. 14, 1848. and others.

Treasury to pay

To Cook, Anthony,& Mahony, \$50; To Doremus, Suydams, & Nixen, ∦150 ; To Spellman &

Frazer. \$50; To West Oliver & Co., \$100; and To O B. White, \$250, for certain treasury notes belonging to them, which were stolen, and after being altered and forged, were paid by the Bank of America, as the fiscal agent of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Secretary of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Cook, Anthony, and Mahony, of New York, fifty dollars; to Doremus, Suy-dams, and Nixen, of New York, one hundred and fifty dollars; to Spellman and Fraser, of New York, fifty dollars; to West Oliver and Company, of New York, one hundred dollars; and to O. B. White, of New York, two hundred and fifty dollars; the said sums being the amount of treasury notes, the property of the aforesaid persons, which were deposited, enclosed in letters, in the post-office at Van Buren, in the State of Arkansas, in March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, and were afterwards stolen from the mail by one Charles Botsford; and, after being altered and forged, were presented, by some person unknown, to the Bank of America, in the city of New York, then acting as the fiscal agent of the treasury, and paid by said bank, in behalf of the United States. APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

M. Charles Gibson to be paid \$300 for a wagon captured and destroyed in Florida by the Indians.

CHAP. CLXXXIV. — An Act for the Relief of Charles M. Gibson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause the sum of three hundred dollars to be paid to Charles M. Gibson, as remuneration for a wagon captured and destroyed in Middle Florida by the Seminole Indians, in February, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, the same to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXXV. - An Act for the Relief of William Triplett.

Right to a preemption of a tract land in Mis of souri, confirmed to William Triplett.

to issue. Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of William Triplett, of St. Louis county, Missouri, to a preemption of the south-east quarter of section thirty-six, in township forty-five, of range four east, as specified in the certificate of the receiver of the land office at St. Louis, numbered eleven thousand one hundred and seventy-one, held under the act of eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, being the land on which he, the said Triplett, has resided for more than twenty-Upon payment five years last past, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed and estabbeing made for lished; and that upon payment being made, or having been made for said land, a patent said land, by said Trip'ett, a patent shall be issued to him: Provided. said land, by said Trip'ett, a patent shall be issued to him: Provided, That all or any previous right acquired, and grants or sales of said

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land by the United States, shall be, and the same are hereby, expressly saved and reserved from the operation of this act.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Richard Reynolds.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place upon the pension list of \$8 per month alinvalid pensioners of the United States, Corporal Richard Reynolds; and that he be allowed a pension of eight dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fortyeight.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXXVII. - An Act granting a Pension to John Clark.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be allowed and paid to John Clark, a soldier of the forty-fifth regiment of infantry in the late war with Great Britain, a pension at the rate of four dollars Clark, per month, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to continue during his natural life; the said Clark having been severely injured while in the line of his duty, in September, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Milledge Galphin, Executor of the last Will and Testament of George Galphin, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to the late George examine and adjust the claim of the late George Galphin, under the the treaty made by the Governor of Georgia with the Creek and Cherokee with the Creek Indians, in the year seventeen hundred and seventy-three, and to pay and Cherokee In-dians in 1773 to the amount which may be found due to Milledge Galphin, executor of be adjusted. the said George Galphin out of any money in the treasury not other- Amount found due to be paid to wise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CLXXXIX. - An Act for the Payment of Charles Richmond.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to Charles Richmond, out of any money in the treas-ury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of three hundred dollars, in his services as full payment for his services as special marshal in aiding the marshal special of the United States for the district of Michigan to preserve the neutral in the district of relations of the United States with the provinces of Upper and Lower and 1840. Canada, in eighteen hundred and thirty-nine and eighteen hundred and forty.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

A pension of lowed to Richard Reynolds.

Aug. 14. 1848.

A pension of 84 per month al lowed to John

Aug. 14, 1848.

The claim of under Galphin and Cherokee In-

his executor.

Aug. 14, 1848.

Charles Richmarshal Michigan in 1839

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THIRTIETH CONGRESS. SESS. I. CH. 190, 191, 192, 193. 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CXC. - An Act for the Relief of Jesse Turner.

The title of Jesse Turner to a tract of 150 acres

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, confirmed unto Jesse Turner, of the State of Florida, one of land in Florida hundred and fifty acres of land lying on the north side of Trout Creek. confirmed to him. north of the River St. John, to the west of the Bouck house, in the county of Duval, and State of Florida, being the same tract of land surveyed to James Turner by order of the Spanish government on the fifteenth day of December, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and on which the said Jesse Turner has resided upwards of twenty years.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CXCI. — An Act for the Relief of Mary Taylor.

The name of Mary Taylor to be placed upon the revolutionary pension roll.

1838, ch. 189.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place the name of Mary Taylor, commonly called Polly Taylor, upon the revolutionary pension roll, at the rates fixed by the act of the seventh of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, as the widow of Jesse Taylor, for services performed by him as a sergeant in the revolutionary army; and that her pension commence on the seventh of April, eighteen hundred and forty-five.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848. CHAP. CXCII. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of Thomas J. V. Owen, deceased.

of Thomas J. V. Owen to be paid during Black Hawk war, &c.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Administrator United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the ⁸²⁰⁰ for the oc- administrator or other legal representative of the late Thomas J. V. ^{cupation} of the Owen, deceased, the sum of two hundred dollars for the use and ^{house of the de-} occupation of his house at Chicago during the Black Hawk war in administrator or other legal representative of the late Thomas J. V. ceased at Chica. occupation of his house at Chicago during the Black Hawk war, in the the year eighteen hundred and thirty-two, as a cholera hospital. APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CXCIII. - An Act for the Relief of William B. Stokes.

B William Stokes to be paid from the revenues of the Post-Office Department \$4775 for extra mail service per-formed by John N. C. Stockton & Co., in 1836.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay from the revenues of the Post-Office Department appropriated for mail transportation, to William B. Stokes, surviving partner of John N. C. Stockton and Company, the sum of four thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars, for extra services performed by said John N. C. Stockton and Company, who were contractors for carrying the mail from Augusta, in the State of Georgia, to Mobile, in Alabama; said services having been rendered during the months of May, June, and July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and which said sum shall be in full satisfaction of all claims for said extra services, and of all damages occasioned thereby.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CXCIV. - An Act for the Relief of Samuel Grice.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Samuel Grice of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, amount of damout of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, such ages sustained by amount of damages as, from the testimony furnished, shall appear to him in conse-quence of the have been sustained by Samuel Grice, in consequence of the seizure seizure of his boat by an officer of the United States army, in the year eigh-teen hundred and thirty-six, so far as said damages have not arisen from States army in the negligence of said Grice.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CXCV. — An Act for the Relief of Frederic Durrive.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Frederic Durrive be, and he is hereby, confirmed in his purchase of lot number Frederic Durrive sixteen, in township number seventeen, of range number fifteen east, to a tract of 165 acres lying west of the Mississippi River, entered and paid for by him at the of land in Missisland office at New Orleans, containing one hundred and sixty-five sippi confirmed to him. acres and eleven-hundredths of an acre, and that a patent be issued to him therefor: Provided, however, That said Durrive shall first procure and file with the register of the district the assent in writing of the commissioners of schools, and a majority of the voters, in the township in which said land is situated, to such confirmation.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if such patent shall be issued to said Durrive, in pursuance of the section aforesaid, then the register of the land office and receiver of public money in said district, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall select and reserve for the use of schools in said township other lands in the same or adjoining township, of the same extent and quality with those described in the first section of this act.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CXCVI. - An Act granting a Pension to William Pittman.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby directed to place the name of William Pittman on the list of invalid pensioners of the United States, and that the said Pittman be entitled to receive a pension of eight dollars per month, from the thirteenth day of May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CXCVII. — An Act for the Relief of John P. B. Gratiot and the legal Aug. 14, 1948. Representatives of Henry Gratiot.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Secretary of the of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to ascertain whether Treasury to ascertain the value the lead exacted of John P. B. and Henry Gratiot, as rent, by the of certain lead il-United States agents of lead mines, was mined and smelted within the legally exacted from John P. B. territory and upon the lands of the Ottawa, Pottawatomie, Chippewa, Gratiot and othor other tribes of Indians; and, if so, to ascertain the amount, or ers as rent by the

of his

Aug. 14, 1848.

1836.

Aug. 14, 1848.

1851, ch. 5.

The title of

Other school lands to be select-

Aug. 14, 1848.

A pension of \$8 per month allowed to William Pittman.

States, and after deducting therewhich may be due the United States, to pay the balance to said Gratiots.

agents of United value, so paid to said agents for the United States by said Henry and John P. B. Gratiot, and, after deducting the amount appearing on the from the amount books of the Treasury, or found to be really due from said Gratiots, or either of them, to the United States, to pay the balance, if any, to John P. B. Gratiot and to the legal representatives of Henry Gratiot, deceased, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CXCVIII. - An Act authorizing the Payment of a Sum of Money to Robert Purkis.

700 to be paid Robert Purkis for having recaptured, alone and unassisted, a vessel called the Little Sarah, together with four seamen of the British navy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of seven hundred dollars to Robert Purkis, of the State of Rhode Island, or to his legal representatives; which sum of seven hundred dollars is paid to him as an evidence of the sense entertained by Congress of his valor and good conduct in having recaptured, alone and unassisted, a vessel called the Little Sarah, together with four seamen of the British navy, which prisoners were delivered to the district of Rhode Island, and as a compensation for the prisoners so taken. APPROVED, 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848. CHAP. CXCIX. - An Act for the Relief of William Hogan, Administrator of Michael Hogan, deceased.

paid William Hogan in full compensation for the services of the deceased and by him as agent for the navy de-partment at Valparaiso,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the \$16,831 to be United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to William Hogan. administrator of Michael Hogan, deceased, the sum of sixteen thoumoneys advanced sand eight hundred and thirty-one dollars and eighty-seven cents, it being in full compensation for the services rendered and moneys advanced by the said Michael Hogan, as agent or factor for the Navy Department at Valparaiso.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CC. - An Act to compensate R. M. Johnson, for the Erection of certain Buildings for the Use of the Choctaw Academy.

R. M. Johnson to be paid the cost of certain buildings erected by him for the use of Indian students at the Choctaw Academy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and required to receive proof of the cost of the buildings erected by Colonel Richard M. Johnson, of Kentucky, for the use of Indian students at the Choctaw Academy, and when the cost of such buildings shall be so ascertained, to pay the same to said Johnson; and for the purpose aforesaid, the sum of ten thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CCI. - An Act for the Relief of Benjamin Adams and Company, and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out certain of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Benjamin Adams and Company, George Howe and Company, Thomas P. Cush-ing, Dexter & Al ing, Dexter and Almy, Gill Wheelock, and Carter and Coolidge, the book, Carter & additional duties paid by them, severally, over and above five per cent. ad valorem imposed by the act of the second of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three, on certain milled and fulled cloths, known by the name of "plains, kerseys, and Kendal cottons," which were imported by them, respectively, under the act of the fourteenth of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, and placed in the public stores, according to the terms of said act, prior to the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-three : Provided, That satisfactory proof shall be furnished to the Secretary of the Treasury that said goods were in the actual custody of the public officers on the third day of March aforesaid, and that said duties have not been returned in debentures on the exportation of said merchandise : And provided, also, That the whole amount to be thus refunded, as having been overpaid, shall not exceed two thousand seven hundred amount to be thus and seventy-six dollars.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CCII. - An Act for the Relief of Purser Benjamin J. Cahoone.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury be, and are hereby, authorized to allow to Benjamin J. Cahoone, in the settlement of his accounts as purser, the sum of two hundred and thirty-seven dollars and sixty-seven cents, for the counts, \$237 67 services of Mr. Fleming, late captain's clerk on board the United States frigate Congress, who performed the additional duties of purser's clerk during a part of the late cruise of said frigate.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CCIII. - An Act granting a Pension to Abigail Garland, Widow of Jacob Garland, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of Abigail Gar- per month allow-of War be authorized and directed to place the name of Jacob Gar- ed Abigail Garland, of Potten, in the province of Canada East, widow of Jacob Gar- land. land, on the revolutionary pension roll; and that she be paid at the rate of five dollars per month during her life, to commence on the twenty-eighth of April, eighteen hundred and forty-three.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CCIV. - An Act for the Relief of Anna J. Hassler.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of A pension of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to place on g^{25} per month for the term of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the navy pension list, under the act of June thirtieth, eighteen hundred five years allowed and thirty-four, the name of Anna J. Hassler, widow of Charles A. Anna J. Hassler.

Aug. 14, 1848.

Refunding of ertain duties paid by B. Adams & Co.,T. P. Cush-Coolidge.

1842, ch. 270.

Proviso.

The whole refunded not to exceed \$2776.

Aug. 14, 1848.

Benjamin Cahoone to be allowed, in the set-tlement of his acof the captain's clerk on board the frigate Congress as purser's clerk.

Aug. 14, 1848.

A pension of \$5

Aug. 14, 1848.

Hassler, deceased, late a surgeon in the United States navy, and that there be paid to her, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of twenty-five dollars per month for the term of five years; pension to commence on the twenty-seventh day of November, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, on which day her said husband was drowned, while on board the steamer Atlantic. APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAF. JCV. - An Act for the Relief of Welcome Parmeter.

\$10 per month allowed come Parmeter.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A pension of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Wel- of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Welcome Parmeter on the pension roll, and to allow and pay him a pension at the rate of ten dollars per month during his natural life, to commence on the twentieth day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six. APPROVED, August 14, 1818.

Aug. 14, 1848.

CHAP. CCVI. - An Act for the Relief of David Currier.

A pension of \$4 per month allowed David Currier.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of David Currier, of Andover, in the State of Massachusetts, upon the invalid pension roll, at the rate of four dollars per month, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-four. APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CCVII. - An Act for the Relief of Elizabeth Pistole, Widow of Charles Aug. 14, 1848. Pistole, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary The name of Elizabeth Pistole of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the to be placed upon the revolution- name of Elizabeth Pistole, widow of Charles Pistole, who was a private soldier in the revolutionary army, on the revolutionary pension roll, ary pension roll. and allow her the same rate of pension as is allowed to the widows of revolutionary soldiers under the act of J - e seventeen, eighteen hundred and forty-four.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848. 1850, ch. 66,

1844, ch. 102.

CHAP. CCVIII. - An Act for the Relief of David A. Watterston.

David A. Watterston to be paid §87 85, the amount of salary for quarter of the quarter of year 1845.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized and required to cause to his be paid to D. A. Watterston the sum of eighty-seven dollars and eighty-^{4th} five cents, the same being the amount of his salary for the fourth quaryear 1844 and 1st ter of the year eighteen hundred and forty-four, and the first quarter of the the year eighteen hundred and forty-five, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CCIX. - An Act for the Relief of David Wilkinson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause son to be paid to be paid to David Wilkinson the sum of ten thousand dollars, as a $\frac{g_{10}}{100}$ for the use of the princiremuneration to him for the benefits accruing to the public service ple of the gauge from the use of the principle of the gauge and sliding lathe, of which and sliding lathe he was the inventor, now in use in the workshops of the government at the workshops at the different national arsenals and armories; the same to be paid of the governout of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

CHAP. CCX. — An Act for the Relief of John Lorimer Graham, late Postmaster in the City of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the ham to be credit-United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department credit the account of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department credit the account of equal to the besite John Lorimer Graham, late postmaster in the city of New York, with ments from the a sum equal to the debit, for his disbursements from the post-office post-office fund a sum equal to the debit, for his disbursements from the post-office fund, in leasing ground and buildings, and fitting the same for the and principal branch post-office in that city, under the direction of Charles &c., for the post-office at New A. Wickliffe, late Postmaster-General.

SEC. 2, And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster-General pay to the said John Lorimer Graham the sum of two thousand seven paid him out of hundred and four dollars and thirty-one cents, the said Graham having the post-otnee fund for that sum overpaid that amount at said date.

Approved, August 14, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

David Wilkinment.

Aug. 14, 1848.

John L. Graed an amount equal to the debit in leasing ground buildings, York.

\$2704 31 to be overpaid by him

RESOLUTIONS.

March 14, 1848.

Treasury to pay to Betsey McIntosh the amount of a certificate issued by the late board of Cherokee commissioners in her favor.

[No. 3.] — A Resolution for the Relief of Betsey McIntosh.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Secretary of the States of America in Congress assembled, That, agreeably to a joint resolution of the fifteenth of June, eighteen hundred and fortyfour, " for the relief of certain Indian claimants under the Cherokee treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty-five - thirty-six," the Secretary of the Treasury pay, or cause to be paid, the amount of certificate issued by the late board of Cherokee commissioners under the seventeenth article of said treaty, in favor of Betsey McIntosh, to the said Betsey McIntosh, out of any unexpended appropriation heretofore made under an act approved the second of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, entitled "An Act making further appropriations for carrying into effect certain Indian treaties."

APPROVED, March 14, 1848.

June 16, 1848.

[No. 9.] — Joint Resolution providing for Payment of the Regiment of Texas Mounted Troops called into the Service of the United States, under the Requisi-tion of Colonel Curtis, in the Year eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and for other Purposes.

Certain Texas mounted troops months in 1847, and discharged army, to receive the pay and alof lowances mounted from the they arrived at San Antonio till service or disbanded.

To be paid also for horses lost by them for want of forage.

Proviso. 1847, ch. 39.

1844, ch. 73.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause to be paid, out mustered into be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause to be paid, our service for six of any unexpended appropriations for the prosecution of the war between the United States of America and the republic of Mexico, the before joining the regiment of Texas mounted troops which was mustered into the service of the United States for six months, under the requisition of Colonel Curtis, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and dismen charged before joining the army, the pay and allowances of mounted men, time from the time the several companies thereof arrived at San Antonio, the place of rendezvous, until they were mustered out of service, and mustered out of the usual pay and travelling allowances from the time they left their homes until they reached San Antonio, and from the places where they were mustered out of service until they reached their homes; and the companies of Captains Smith and Hill, until they refused to be mustered out of service, or were disbanded by their respective captains; and also that he cause to be paid to the said regiment the full value of all horses which he shall be satisfied were lost by them for want of forage, during the periods herein specified : Provided, That nothing in the act approved second March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, entitled "An Act to amend an act to provide for the payment of horses and other property lost and destroyed in the military service of the United States," approved eighteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirtyseven, shall be construed to revive the proviso to the second section of the act approved the fifteenth of June, eighteen hundred and forty-four, entitled "An Act making an appropriation for the payment of horses All horses be-longing to volunteers, which were That all horses belonging to volunteers, which were lost in the Gulf of

Mexico, since the thirteenth May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, by thrown overboard being thrown overboard or otherwise, shall be paid for in the same in the Gulf of Mexico manner as is provided for the payment of other lost horses in this act. 13th May, 1846, APPROVED, June 16, 1848. also to be paid for.

[No. 10.] - A Resolution in Favor of David Shaw and Solomon T. Corser.

Resolved by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be, and hereby is, authorized and required to examine the claim of David Shaw and Solomon T. Corser, contractors for carrying the mail claim for extra on route number four, from Portland to Augusta, in Maine, and ascer- mail service. tain whether any sum of money is justly and equitably due them for certained to be any more expensive service performed by them on said route than was due them, if any, required or contemplated by their contract; and if it shall be found to be paid out of the revenues of that any sum of money is due them as aforesaid, then that he ascertain the the amount thereof, and pay the same out of the revenues of the Post- Department. Office Department : Provided, That in no event shall a greater sum than three thousand dollars be allowed and paid on the claim aforesaid. Approved, June 26, 1848.

[No. 11.] - A Resolution to explain an Act passed twenty-fourth June, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, entitled "An Act for the Relief of W. B. Slaughter, late Secretary of the Territory of Wisconsin."

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the words "late Secretary of the Treasury of Wisconsin," where the same occur in the "late act entitled "An Act for the relief of W. B. Slaughter, late Secretary of the of Wis of the Territory of Wisconsin," approved June twenty-fourth, eighteen the act for his rehundred and forty-eight, be taken to mean, "late Secretary of the Ter- lief, to be taken to ritory of Wisconsin;" and that the said act be construed and executed retary of the Teraccordingly.

Approved, June 28, 1848.

[No. 14.] - A Resolution in Relation to the naval Pension of John McGarr.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he hereby is, authorized to pay to Catharine McGarr, Garr to be paid wife of John McGarr, a naval pensioner, the amount of pension which the shall appear on the books to be due to him, and not called for by him shall appear on or any one duly authorized by him.

APPROVED, July 5, 1848.

[No. 27.] - A Resolution authorizing the Submission of certain Claims to Arbitration.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United The claim of States of America in Congress assembled, That the Solicitor of the the Catholic Con-Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the approval gregation of St. of the Secretaries of the Treasury and War Departments to submit of the Secretaries of the Treasury and War Departments, to submit da, and Benedict the differences between the United States of the one part, and the Madeore, Catholic Congregation of St. Augustine, Florida, and Benedict Made-ore, vicar-general of the Catholic Church of Florida, of the other da, to certain ore, vicar-general of the Catholic Church of Florida, of the other property specified part, as to certain property specified in the memorials to Congress of to be submitted the claimants, at this session, to arbitration, and to agree, for the to arbitration.

June 26, 1848.

The Postmaster-General to examine their

the revenues of Post-Office

Proviso, that no greater sum be allowed than \$3000.

June 28, 1848.

1848, ch. 69.

The words Secretary of the Treasury of Wisconsin," in ritory of Wiscon-sin."

July 5, 1848.

Catharine Mcamount of the books to be due her husband, and not called for by him.

Aug. 11, 1848.

vicar-

since

United States, to such impartial and disinterested citizen learned in the law as said Solicitor and said parties may select, to decide said differences on such terms and conditions, and in such mode, manner, and form, as may be deemed just and proper by said Solicitor and said parties, to be set forth in such submission; and that said Solicitor be directed to defend the rights and interests of the United States before such arbitrator, and to obtain from Havana, or elsewhere, such papers as may be necessary therefor, the decision of said arbitrator to be made before or during the next session of Congress, and, with the evidence on which the same is founded, to be laid before Congress at its next session, for its approval and ratification thereof, or dissent therefrom. and for its further action.

APPROVED, August 11, 1848.

Aug. 14, 1848.

[No. 28.] — A Resolution for the Relief of H. B. Gaither.

for taking charge of and keeping certain books relating to the payment of the Cherokees in 1841.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United 5240 to be paid States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War to H. B. Gaither be authorized and required to pay to H. B. Gaither the sum of two hundred and forty dollars, for taking charge of and keeping certain books relating to the payment of the Cherokees, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-one, under an implied contract with William Armstrong, agent for said Indians; and that said sum be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, August 14, 1848.

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the second Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday the 4th Day of December, 1848, and ended Saturday, March 3, 1849.

JAMES K. POLK, President; GEORGE M. DALLAS, Vice-President, and President of the Senate; DAVID R. ATCHISON, President of the Senate pro tempore on and after March 2, 1849; ROBERT C. WIN-THROP, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAPTER I. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of Jean F. Perry, Josiah Bleakley, Nicholas Jarrot, and Robert Morrison.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the register of the land office at Kaskaskia be required to issue certificates of confirmation on the several claims to lands confirmed to the said Jean F. Perry, Josiah Bleakley, Nicholas Jarrot, and Robert Morrison, by the sued to J.F. Pergovernors of the north-western or Indiana Territories, upon those claims where such certificates have not heretofore issued, which certificates shall be issued to the heirs of the said persons, and shall not exceed in the whole four thousand six hundred acres of land.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That such certificates may be located in legal subdivisions upon any land subject to private entry in any land office in Illinois, established for the sale of the public lands agreeably to the provisions of the act entitled "An Act confirming certain claims to land in the Illinois Territory, and providing for their location," approved April sixteenth, eighteen hundred and fourteen, and patents shall be issued therefor agreeably to said act.

APPROVED, December 21, 1848.

Dec. 21, 1848.

Certificates of confirmation on land certain claims to be isry and others.

Where to be located.

1814, ch. 61.

Patents to issue.

CHAP. II. - An Act for the Relief of Reuben Perry and Thomas P. Ligon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to ascertain the cost of the stone cornice upon the branch mint erected at cost of the stone Charlotte, in the State of North Carolina, under a contract made by the United States in October, eighteen hundred and thirty-five, with Reuben Perry and Thomas P. Ligon, and, if he shall find that the aforesaid stone cornice was substituted by proper authority, and was due to be paid beneficial to the building, shall pay the said cost to the said Perry and T. P. Ligon. Ligon in full compensation for said stone cornice.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

Jan. 8, 1849.

The Secretary of the Treasury to ascertain the cornice on the branch mint at Charlotte, N. C.

Jan. 8, 1849.

CHAP. III. - An Act for the Relief of Hugh Riddle.

A pension of \$8 per month allowed Hugh Riddle.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Hugh Riddle, of the city and county of Schenectady, and State of New York, be placed on the roll of invalid pensions, and that the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to the said Hugh Riddle the sum of eight dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, during his natural life.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

Jan. 8, 1849.

Elisha Thomason allowed to complete his entry and purchase of a certain tract of land.

Proviso.

Other land to be reserved for schools in lieu thereof.

CHAP. IV. - An Act for the Relief of Elisha Thomason.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Elisha Thomason is hereby permitted to complete his entry and purchase of the north-east quarter of section sixteen, in township fifteen, range five east, in the land district north of Red River : Provided, however, That said Thomason shall first procure and file with the register of the district the assent, in writing, of the commissioners of schools, and a majority of the free white adult male inhabitants of the township in which said land lies, to such entry and purchase.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, If such entry and purchase shall be made by said Thomason in pursuance of the section aforesaid, then the register of the land office and receiver of public money in said district, under the directions of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall select and reserve for the use of schools in said township, other land in the same or adjoining township, of the same extent and quality with those which said Thomason is hereby allowed to enter and purchase as aforesaid.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

Jan. 8, 1849.

Zilpha White's name to placed on

revolutionary

pension roll.

be

the

CHAP. V. - An Act for the Relief of Zilpha White.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause the name of Zilpha White, widow of William White, of Tolland, Connecticut, to be placed upon the pension list, for six months' services of her husband as a private soldier in the revolutionary war, her pension to commence on the fourth of March, eighteen hundred and fortyseven.

To have the benefit of future acts.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That said Zilpha White shall be entitled to the full benefit of all laws which may hereafter be enacted, continuing in force the acts mentioned in the foregoing section.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

Jan. 8, 1849.

CHAP. VI. — An Act for the Relief of Philip J. Fontané.

P. J. Fontané be paid to to be paid \$1000 in full for balance due him for mason work.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to Philip J. Fontané, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, one thousand dollars in full for balance due him for mason work done at Love Key beacon, under a contract with the collector of Key West. APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

CHAP. VII. - An Act for the Relief of Eliza A. Mellon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby required to place the name of Eliza A. Mellon, widow of the late Captain Charles Mellon, who fell at Fort Mellon, in Mellon. Florida, upon the pension roll, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, commencing on the eighth day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and continuing during her natural life.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

CHAP. VIII. - An Act for the Relief of the Heirs of William Evans. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, directed to allow and pay to the heirs of William Evans, a pensioner on the revolutionary invalid pension roll, paid certain arthe amount of his invalid pension from the third day of March, sion due to deeighteen hundred and twenty-six, to the third day of November, ceased. eighteen hundred and thirty-six, during which time his said pension was withheld or discontinued in consequence of his taking the benefit of the act entitled "An Act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the army of the revolution," passed May fifteen, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

CHAP. IX. - An Act for the Relief of Charles Waldron.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay Charles Waldron the sum of one hundred and ninety-eight dollars and fifty cents, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

CHAP. X. - An Act for the Relief of Simon Rodrigues.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the claim of Simon Rodrigues to his ancient settlement of four hundred arpens of mon Rodrigues land, situate in the parish of St. Tammany, in the State of Louisiana, of land confirmor to so much thereof as can be located in accordance with the lines ed. of public surveys, and without interference with preëxisting rights, or grants, or sales by the United States, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any portion of the ancient settlement aforesaid shall be covered by preëxisting rights, or grants, or sales by the United States, the said Simon Rodrigues shall be entitled to enter at the land office of the district within which the rights, or grants, said angient actilement is given a shall be albe entitled to enter at the land onice of the district manner than he shall be al-said ancient settlement is situate, such quantity of land, not more than he shall be al-lowed to enter equal to such deficit, as he may select, the same not being covered by other lands in lieu thereof. a preëmption right, and subject to private entry.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted. That the acceptance, by the said Simon Rodrigues, of the provisions of this act, entirely, or in part, shall be held as a full satisfaction of his said ancient claim, as in favor act to be held as of the United States, as also in favor of conflicting claimants, if any a full satisfaction such there be.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849

Jan. 8, 1849.

A pension of \$20 per month allowed Eliza A.

Jan. 8, 1849.

Heirs of Wm. Evans, deceased, to be allowed and

1828, ch. 53.

Jan. 8, 1849.

\$198 50 to be païd (Waldron. Charles

Jan. 8, 1849.

Claim of Sito a certain tract

If any portion of said land shall be covered by preexisting

The acceptance by said Rodrigues of this of his claims.

Jan. 8, 1849.

CHAP. XI. - An Act for the Relief of Archibald Bull and Lemuel S. Finch.

A. Bull and L. S. Finch to be paid for their services as judge and sheriff in detecting a forgery on the pension fund.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Archibald Bull the sum of fifteen dollars and twenty-five cents, and to Lemuel S. Finch the sum of sixty-three dollars and thirty-eight cents, being for services, &c., rendered as judge and as sheriff to the United States, to detect a forgery on the pension fund.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

Jan. 8, 1849.

. CHAP. XII. — An Act for the Relief of Colonel Robert Wallace, Aid-de-camp to — General William Hull.

Col. R. Wallace to be paid \$734 in full compensation for his services as aidde-camp to Brigadier - General William Hull, Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to Colonel Robert Wallace, or his legal representative, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of seven hundred and thirty-four dollars, in full compensation for his services as aid-de-camp to Brigadier-General William Hull, commencing May first, eighteen hundred and twelve, and continuing for the period of twelve months; and the further sum of one hundred and eighty dollars for one of the horses alleged to have been taken by the enemy at the surrender of General Hull.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

Jan. 8, 1849.

Pension of Esther Russell increased.

1832, ch. 126.

CHAP. XIII. - An Act for the Relief of Esther Russell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be directed to increase the pension of Esther Russell, widow of Philip M. Russell, a surgeon's mate in the army of the revolution, to such sum as would have been allowed her husband for a service of two years as surgeon's mate during the war of the revolution, by virtue of an act passed the seventh day of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, entitled "An Act supplementary to the act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the revolution;" said pension, so increased, to commence from the fourth day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and to continue for and during her natural life.

APPROVED, January 8, 1849.

Jan. 10, 1849.

Titles to two tracts of land confirmed to Jas. B. Davenport.

CHAP. XV. - An Act for the Relief of James B. Davenport.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the titles to two tracts of land, situated in the parish of Moorhouse, and State of Louisiana, one containing three hundred and eighty arpents, being part of a large tract of land commonly known as the Baron de Bastrop grant, which was assigned and set off to the said James B. Davenport, in the partition of the real estate of his father, the late Josiah Davenport, deceased, by deed bearing date the fourth of March, one thousand eight hundred and ten; the other containing seven hundred and sixty-six acres of land, being part of a large tract commonly known as "The

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Bell Grove" tract, and which was conveyed by Richard Crampton to the said James B. Davenport, by deed bearing date the twenty-eighth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and forty, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed, so far as the United States have title thereto, to the said James B. Davenport, his heirs and assigns : Provided, That this act shall not be so construed as in any manner to confirm any part of the said De Bastrop grant, save the said two tracts, or to affect the rights of third persons in said two tracts hereby confirmed.

APPROVED, January 10, 1849.

CHAP. XVI. - An Act for the Relief of Anthony Bessee.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the surveyorgeneral of the State of Louisiana is hereby authorized and directed to locate for Anthony Bessee, in full satisfaction of his six hundred and thony Bessee 640 forty acre confirmed settlement claim, in the parish of East Baton acres of public Rouge, Louisiana, the like area, according to the lines of the public surveys, upon any unappropriated land belonging to the United States in the Greensburgh land district, Louisiana, and, upon the return of a certificate of such location to the General Land Office, a patent shall issue to the said Bessee.

APPROVED, January 10, 1849.

CHAP. XVII. - An Act to confirm Elizabeth Burriss, her Heirs, or Assigns, in their Title to a Tract of Land.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Elizabeth Burriss, her heirs, or assigns, be, and they are hereby, confirmed in a certain tract of their claim to a tract of land, containing six hundred and forty acres, land confirmed. situate in the Greensburgh land district, in the State of Louisiana, being the same on which said Elizabeth Burriss resided on and previous to the third of March, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and confirmed by commissioner's certificate number two hundred and seven, dated the eighth day of November, eighteen hundred and nineteen, saving and reserving any and all previous confirmations, sales, or grants, made by the United States, conflicting with the said claim of said Elizabeth Burriss; and if any sales of all or a portion of said claim have been made by the United States, the said Elizabeth shall be entitled to select a quantity of land equal to the amount so sold by the United States, by legal subdivisions, elsewhere, within said land district.

APPROVED, January 10, 1849.

CHAP. XVIII. - An Act for the Relief of John B. Smith and Simeon Darden.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to pay, or cause to be paid, by the proper disbursing officer, the sum of one hundred dollars, to the said John B. Smith and Simeon Darden, for labor and expenses incurred by them in the pursuit and arrest of John Weaver, who was tried and convicted, in the District Court of the United States for the middle district of Alabama, of the crime of stealing from the mail of the United States.

APPROVED, January 10, 1849. Vol. IX. PRIV. - 14

Proviso.

Jan. 10, 1849.

Surveyor-general of Louisiana to locate for An-

Patent to issue.

Jan. 10, 1849.

Claim of Elizabeth Burriss to

Jan. 10, 1849.

Messrs. Smith and Darden to be paid \$100 for their services and expenses incurred in the arrest of John Weaver, who was convicted of robbing the mail.

754 THIRTIETH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 21, 22, 23, 26, 27, 1849.

Jan. 19, 1849.

CHAP. XXI. - An Act for the Relief of Mrs. Anne W. Angus.

allowed Anne vears.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A pension of United States of America in Congress assembled, That a pension of \$50 per month fifty dollars nor month for the for the former of fifty dollars per month, for the term of five years, to commence on the W. Angus for 5 fourth of March next, be paid to Anne W. Angus, widow of Samuel Angus, late a post captain in the navy, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : Provided, That, in case of the death of said Anne W. Angus during the said term, said grant shall enure to the benefit of her children for the remainder thereof; and in case of her ceasing to be a widow, said grant shall cease altogether. APPROVED, January 19, 1849.

Jan. 19, 1849.

A preëmption allowed M. F. Johnson to certain tract of land in Louisiana on certain conditions.

CHAP. XXII. - An Act for the Relief of Marcus Fulton Johnson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall be satisfied that the inhabitants of township number eighteen, of range thirteen east, in the Ouachita land district, have abandoned or relinquished their claim to lot or fractional section number thirty-three, in said township, as a selection for school purposes, then and thenceforth the said lot of land last named shall be open to the preëmption claim and location of the said Marcus Fulton Johnson, upon proper proof being made, as is required by existing laws.

APPROVED, January 19, 1849.

Jan. 19, 1849.

CHAP. XXIII. - An Act for the Relief of James M. Scantland.

A pension of \$50 per month allowed J. M. Scantland.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War allow and pay to James M. Scantland fifty dollars per month during his natural life, in lieu of the pension now allowed him by law, to commence on the eighteenth December, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, January 19, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Joseph Bryan.

\$282 to be paid Joseph Bryan for certain disbursements.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to pay out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Joseph Bryan, or his legal representative, the sum of two hundred and eighty-two dollars, in full payment for certain disbursements made by Commander J. D. Williamson, of the United States ship Ontario, at Nassau, New Providence, on the ninth and twelfth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXVII. - An Act for the Relief of James H. Conley.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Americu in Congress assembled, That there be, and paid in full for hereby is, appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise

\$222 88 to be

appropriated, the sum of two hundred and twenty-two dollars and eighty-eight cents, in addition to the amount appropriated by the "Act for the relief of James H. Conley," approved March three, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, the sum of both of said appropriations to be paid to the said James H. Conley in full payment for his services as acting carpenter on board the United States steam-ship Princeton, from the eighth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-three, to the seventh day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, subject to deduction of such amounts as have already been paid him for his said tain deductions. services, and of his monthly contribution due to the hospital fund.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas Badger.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary A pension of of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Thomas allowed Thomas Badger, now a resident of the town of Plattsburgh, in the county of Badger. Clinton, in the State of New York, on the list of invalid pensioners; and that the said Badger receive a pension at the rate of eight dollars a month, to commence on the fourteenth day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Stephen Champlin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be authorized and directed to allow paid S. Champand pay to Stephen Champlin, a commander in the navy of the United lin. States, his original rate of pension from the time it was reduced, viz., first of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, till it ceased by law, on the twentieth April, eighteen hundred and forty-four, deducting the amount of pension received by him during that period of time; and that the same be payable out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXX. - An Act for the Relief of Captain Dan Drake Henrie.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Captain Dan Drake Henrie, the sum of two thousand dollars; and the proper officer shall issue to the said Henrie land warrants for two sections of land, to be located on any land subject to private land, being for his highly gallant rious services in and meritorious services in escaping from the Mexicans, at the hazard of his life, for the express purpose of conveying to the American forces, under General Taylor, news of the approach of large bodies of Mexican forces, under the command of General Santa Anna, which information he did so convey.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

services of J. H. Conley as acting carpenter on board the U. S. ship Princeton. 1847, ch. 112.

Subject to cer-

Jan. 26, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

Arrearages of to be

Jan. 26, 1849.

Capt. D. D. Henrie to be paid \$2000, and land warrants to issue to him for two sections of land, for meritowar with Mexico.

THIRTIETH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

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CHAP. XXXI. - An Act for the Relief of William Harding.

\$100, the am't of a certain pen-alty imposed on Wm. Harding, to be refunded

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to William Harding, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one hundred dollars, to refund that portion of a penalty imposed on said Harding which was paid into the treasury. APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXXII. - An Act granting a Pension to John Morrison.

A pension of \$20 per annum allowed John Morrison.

Be it enacted by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required and directed to place on the pension rolls of the United States John Morrison, of Ohio, county of Cuyahoga; and that there be allowed to him the sum of twenty dollars per annum, to commence on the fourth of March, eighteen hundred and forty-six, and continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

The amounts paid by W. P. S. Sanger and Geo. F. de la Roche, for expenses in-curred in obedience to a certain order of the Navy Department, to be paid them. 1843, ch. 83.

CHAP. XXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of G. F. de la Roche and William P. S. Sanger.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to allow to William P. S. Sanger and George F. de la Roche the amounts paid by them for expenses incurred, in obedience to an order from the Navy Department, dated October thirty, eighteen hundred and forty-three, directing them to make the surveys and examinations required by the act of third March, eighteen hundred and forty-three, in reference to the construction of a dry dock at New York; which expenses the Secretary of the Navy expressly stipulated should be paid.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of Elizabeth Mays.

A pension of \$114 allowed Elizabeth Mays.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a pension of one hundred and fourteen dollars per annum be allowed and paid, in half yearly payments, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Elizabeth Mays, the mother of Wilson Mays, late a carpenter's mate in the Navy of the United States, for and during the period of her natural life and widowhood, and commencing on and from the third day of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

Jan. 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXXV. - An Act for the Relief of Edward Quinn.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Ed-

A pension of \$3 per month alward Quinn on the roll of invalid pensioners, and that he be paid, lowed Edward during his natural life, a pension at the rate of three dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, January 26, 1849.

CHAP. XXXVI. — An Act to authorize the Issuing of a Register or Enrolment to the Ship Annie Tift.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be issued, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register or enrolment for the ship Annie Tift, formerly a British vessel, called the Kestrel, but now owned by Asa F. Tift, a citizen of the State of Florida; and which said vessel, having been wrecked on the Florida reef, and condemned and sold, was purchased by him, and which he has caused to be repaired and refitted for sea again : Provided, It shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the cost of repairing and refitting said ship in the United States after purchase by the present owner, exceeds three fourths of the original cost of building a vessel of the same tonnage in the United States.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

CHAP. XXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of the forward Officers of the late Exploring Expedition.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be authorized and directed, in the settlements of the accounts of the forward officers of the late Exploring Expedition, under the command of Charles Wilkes, Es- Expedition. quire, to allow them the extra pay of two hundred and fifty dollars per annum, credited to said officers on the pay-rolls rendered on the arrival of said expedition in the United States, agreeably to the direction of said commander.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted. That the accounting officers of the Treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed, in the settlement of the accounts of Lieutenant Cadwallader Ringgold, late tra pay for sciencommanding the United States brig Porpoise, attached to the Exploring tific services. Expedition, to allow and credit him in the extra pay for scientific duties, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum, and upon the principle applied to the accounts of Lieutenant W. L. Hudson, then commanding the United States sloop Peacock, attached to said expedition.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

CHAP. XXXVIII. - An Act to provide for the Settlement of the Claim of Henry Washington, late a Deputy Surveyor of the Public Lands in Florida.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury be, and they are hereby, author- ry Washington ized and required to settle and adjust the claims of Henry Washing- account of the ton, late a deputy surveyor of the public lands in Florida, for damages abrogation of sustained by him on account of the abrogation, by the surveyor-general with him to be of the district of Florida, of a contract, made by him on the twenty- adjusted.

Quinn.

Feb. 1, 1849.

A register to be issued to the ship Annie Tift.

Proviso.

Feb. 1, 1849.

Extra pay al-lowed the forward officers of the Exploring

Lieut. Cadwallader Ringgold to be allowed ex-

Feb. 1, 1849.

Claims of Hen-Washington a made contract

THIRTIETH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 39, 40, 41, 42. 1849.

Amount found due to be paid him.

Proviso.

sixth of July, eighteen hundred and forty-five, to make certain surveys of public lands in said district; and such sum or sums of money, if any, as shall be found due to said Washington on account of loss or damage sustained in consequence of the abrogation of said contract. and directly resulting therefrom, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : Provided, however, That the damages to be allowed on such settlement shall not exceed the nett profits, had the contract been fully executed by the said Washington. APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

Feb. 1, 1849.

CHAP. XXXIX. — An Act for the Relief of Salsy Darby, of Randolph county, and State of Georgia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Salsy Darby, widow of Richard Darby, deceased, upon the roll of revolutionary pensions, and that he pay her the same rate of pension per annum which the said Richard in his lifetime received, commencing upon the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

Feb. 1, 1849.

per month allow-

ed Charles Wil-

dollars

sixteen

son.

CHAP. XL. - An Act for the Relief of Charles Wilson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A pension of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, directed to place the name of Charles Wilson (late a sergeant of Company D., second regiment of United States artillery) on the roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of sixteen dollars per month, to commence on the first day of July, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

Feb. 1, 1849.

CHAP. XLI. - An Act for the Relief of John Percival, Captain in the Navy of the United States.

Accounting officers to credit Percival John with the amount charged against him for money paid by the pur-ser of the Constitution to Dr. J. C. Reinhardt.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officer of the Navy Department, or the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury Department, enter in the account of Captain John Percival a credit equal to the amount there charged against said Percival, for money paid by the purser of the United States frigate Constitution, on her voyage to the Indian Ocean, and elsewhere, in the years eighteen hundred and forty-four and eighteen hundred and forty-five, to Doctor J. C. Reinhardt, as naturalist; and cancel such account and charge against said John Percival, for all money charged as aforesaid against him, whether paid by the purser, or by himself, or by his order, to said Reinhardt or Chandler, acting as naturalist, chaplain, or passed midshipman.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

Feb. 1, 1849.

CHAP. XLII. — An Act for the Relief of Creed Taylor.

Balance of a judgment re-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the balance of

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Darby placed placed on the roll of revolutionary pensioners.

Name of Salsy

to

he

a judgment recovered against H. S. Edington, Thomas Moore, and covered against Creed Taylor, in the district court for the district of Arkansas, by the United States, for the benefit of the Post-Office Department, be, and S. Edington rethe same is hereby, released and discharged; said judgment being for leased. about the sum of nine hundred dollars, damages and costs, of which the said Taylor has paid five hundred and thirty-five dollars and twentysix cents, said judgment having been recovered against said Taylor as surety for said Edington, late deputy postmaster at Napoleon, in the State of Arkansas.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

CHAP. XLIII. - An Act to compensate John M. Moore.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to account with and allow to John M. Moore, late chief clerk in the General Land Office, for the time he discharged the duties of commissioner of said office, the same compensation as is allowed by law to the commissioner for those duties, to be paid out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; deducting Office. therefrom the compensation received by said Moore, during said time, as chief clerk.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

CHAP. XLIV. - An Act for the Relief of Joseph F. Caldwell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be hereby directed to pay to Joseph F. Caldwell, out of any money in the treasury derived from the Post-Office Department, and not otherwise appropriated, the sum of eleven hundred and sixty-seven dollars; being the amount due him for carrying the mail of the United States over routes number two thousand and eighty, and one thousand nine hundred and eighty-four, in the State of Virginia, for one year preceding the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, under written contracts with the Postmaster-General.

Approved, February 1, 1849.

CHAP. XLV. - An Act for the Relief of the Owners of the Spanish Brig Restaurador.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to refund to William Howell and Son, in behalf of the owners of the Spanish brig Restaurador, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the discriminating duty charged by the collector of the port of Baltimore, in January, eighteen hundred and forty, on fifteen hundred barrels of flour shipped to the Havana by that vessel: Provided, It shall be proved to his satisfaction that the said flour was actually landed at the port of Montevideo.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

Feb. 1, 1849.

Accounting officers of the Treasury to al-low and pay J. M. Moore for the time he discharged the duties of Commissioner of the General Land

Compensation received by him as chief clerk during said time to be deducted.

Feb. 1, 1849.

J. F. Caldwell to be paid out of the funds of the Post - Office Dept. \$1167 for carrying the mail in Virginia, over routes 2080 and 1984.

Feb. 1, 1849.

Certain discriminating duties exacted from owners of the Restaurador to be refunded.

Próviso.

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Creed Taylor as surety for H.

Feb. 1, 1849.

CHAP. XLVI. — An Act for the Relief of Thomas Douglas, late United States Attorney for East Florida.

Accounts of Thomas Douglas to be audited and settled.

Amount found due to be paid him.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting as officers of the treasury be authorized and required to audit and settle the accounts of Thomas Douglas, late attorney of the United States for East Florida, for his services in defending, by direction of the President of the United States, sundry suits founded upon claims to lands in his district, and to allow him just and reasonable compensation for his said services, according to allowances heretofore made for similar services in similar cases; and that the Secretary of the Treasad ury be authorized to pay said Thomas Douglas any balance due him on such account, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, February 1, 1849.

Feb. 2, 1849.

CHAP. XLVII. - An Act for the Relief of Timothy Cavan.

A pension of eight dollars per month allowed Timothy Cavan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Timothy Cavan, of Monroe county, State of Ohio, on the list of invalid pensioners; and that the said Cavan receive a pension at the rate of eight dollars per month, from the twenty-third day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-four, to continue during his natural life. APPROVED, February 2, 1849.

Feb. 2, 1849.

CHAP. XLVIII. — An Act for the Relief of William Plummer, Executor of Starkey Armistead, deceased.

All further proceedings on certain judgments against Thomas Turner and others in the District Court of the U.S. for district of N. Carolina to be stayed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no proceedings shall be taken or prosecuted by, or on behalf of, the United States for enforcing a judgment rendered at April term, anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty, of the District Court of the United States for the district of Albemarle, in the district of North Carolina, in behalf of the United States against Thomas Turner, William A. Turner, and William S. Ellison, for eleven hundred dollars, to be discharged on payment of four hundred and eighty dollars and eighty cents, with interest from November twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, and costs, or for enforcing one other judgment rendered in the said court at the same term in behalf of the United States against the said Thomas and William A. Turner for thirteen hundred dollars, to be discharged on payment of six hundred and forty-four dollars and forty cents, with interest from January second, eighteen hundred and thirty, and all costs, or for enforcing two other judgments rendered in the said court at October term, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fortyeight, upon writs of scire facias brought at the instance of the United States upon the first named judgment, the principal, interest, and costs due upon the said first judgment having been paid into the office of the clerk of the said court on the fourteenth November, anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty-five, by William Plummer, executor of Starkey Armistead; but all further proceedings thereon shall be perpetually stayed, and the district attorney of the United States for the district of North Carolina shall cause satisfaction of the said judgments to be duly entered upon the record.

District attorrey to enter up said judgments as satisfied.

APPROVED, February 2, 1849.

CHAP. XLIX. - An Act for the Relief of William Fuller and Charles Savage.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of twelve hundred and twenty-nine dollars and seventeen cents be appropriate in full satisfaction of a conpriated and paid, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, in full satisfaction of a contract made by William Fuller with the Post-Office Department, for transporting the mail from Decatur to ment. Rome, in the State of Georgia, terminating the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, the same to be paid as follows: unto Charles Savage, assignce of said Fuller, the sum of five hundred and which the above forty-four dollars and forty-five cents of said sum, and the residue to paid. said Fuller.

APPROVED, February 10, 1849.

CHAP. L. — An Act for the Relief of Jeanette C. Huntington, Widow and sole Executiz of William D. Cheever, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, directed to pay to Jeanette C. Huntington, widow and sole executrix of William D. Cheever, deceased, twenty-one thousand two hundred and thirty-one dollars and eighteen cents, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appro-priated, being the amount of his loss on treasury notes while engaged in supplying the army of the United States, under a contract with the Secretary of War, during the years eighteen hundred and fourteen and eighteen hundred and fifteen, and reported by the Secretary of the Treasury to be due.

APPROVED, February 10, 1849.

CHAP. LI. - An Act for the Relief of William Fuller and Orlando Saltmarsh.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Auditor of the Treasury for the Post-Office Department be, and he is hereby, directed to audit and settle the accounts of William Fuller and Orlando Saltmarsh, for services actually rendered by them in carrying the mail on routes number two thousand three hundred and sixty-six, and number two thousand three hundred and eighty, in the State of Georgia, under a contract entered into by the department with James Reeside to and George W. Avery for transporting the mail over said routes from and settled. first January, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-five, till thirtyfirst December, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight, allowing to said Fuller and Saltmarsh the full contract price for said service for the time they continued to perform it. And the Postmaster-General is hereby directed to cause to be paid to said Fuller and Saltmarsh what- found justly due soever sum shall appear to be justly due to them upon said settlement, deducting deducting all payments which may have been heretofore made; and he ments heretofore is hereby further directed and required to correct the accounts of the made. late James Reeside at the department, by striking from them all credits Reeside to which may heretofore have been given him for the services above corrected. mentioned.

APPROVED, February 10, 1849. Vol. IX. Priv. --- 15

Feb. 10, 1849.

tract made by Wm. Fuller with the P. O. Depart-

Manner in

\$21,231 18 to be paid for that amount lost by William B. Cheever, deceased, on treasury notes. &c.

Feb. 10, 1849.

Accounts of Fuller and Saltmarsh for services in carrying the mail under a contract made by the P. O. Department with Reeside and Avery to be audited audited

The amount them to be paid,

Accounts of be Feb. 19, 1849.

CHAP. LIV. — An Act to authorize the Secretary of War to make Reparation for the killing of a Caddo Boy by Volunteer Troops in Texas.

\$500 appropriated to make reparation for the killing of a Caddo boy by certain volunteers. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of five hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of War to carry out an agreement made and entered into at Torray's Trading House, in the State of Texas, thirteenth September, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, between R. S. Neighbors, United States special Indian agent, and Colonel P. H. Bell, on the one part, and José Maria Tow-i-ash and Had-i-hah, Caddo Indians, on the other part, to make reparation in money for the killing of a Caddo boy by the volunteer troops in Texas, in the summer of eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

Feb. 19, 1849. CHAP. LV. — An Act to relinquish the reversionary Interest of the United States in a certain Indian Reservation in the State of Alabama.

Reversionary interest of the U.S. in a certain tract of land relinquished to Stephen Steele and James Daniel.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the right, title, and interest, which might accrue or revert, or has accrued or reverted to the United States, to a certain reservation confirmed to the heirs of William Jones, deceased, by the certificate from the United States, bearing date the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, being known and described as fractional section sixteen, and the south-east and south-west quarters of section nine, in township six, and range five, under a treaty made and concluded at Fort Jackson, on the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, and lying in the State of Alabama, be, and the same are hereby relinquished and vested in Stephen Steele and James Daniel, respectively, according to the extent of their several interests therein : Provided, however, (and this relinquishment is made upon the condition.) that the said Steele and Daniel, or either of them, have fairly, and in good faith, and for a valuable and adequate consideration, purchased of the said heirs, by authentic and valid deeds, their respective rights in and to the said reservations : And provided, further, That no sale or conveyance of said reservation, or any part thereof, by the said reservees, or either of them, shall be deemed regular or valid, nor shall this act have effect, until the President of the United States, or some officer to be by him designated, shall have approved such conveyance, and endorsed his approval thereon.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

Feb. 19, 1849.

J. P. Sexton and J. Holden allowed to complete their entries to certain tracts of school land.

Other land to be reserved in lieu thereof. CHAP. LVI. - An Act for the Relief of James P. Sexton and Joshua Holdon.

Be it enacted by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That James P. Sexton is hereby permitted to complete his entry, and purchase a halfquarter section of land, situate in the land district north of Red River in the State of Louisiana, it being the east half of the south-west quarter of section sixteen, township fifteen, range five east; and Joshua Holden is also authorized to enter the west half of the same quartersection.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the register of the land office and receiver of public moneys in the district

aforesaid, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, to select and reserve, for the use of schools in the aforesaid township, other lands of the same extent and quality within the same or the next adjoining township, in lieu of the quarter-section which the said Sexton and the said Holden are hereby permitted to purchase, and which embraces their improvements: *Provided*, That the said Sexton and the said Joshua Holden shall first obtain and file with the register of the district the assent thereto of the commissioners of schools of the parish in which the land lies, and of a majority of the free white male inhabitants of the township, over twenty-one years of age.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

CHAP. LVII. - An Act for the Relief of Levi H. Corson, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Levi H. Corson be, and he hereby is, authorized to deposit in the office of the clerk of the northern district of New York, the title of the print of a certain perpetual calendar or almanac, of which he alleges himself to be the original, sole, and only author, inventor, and proprietor, and to pursue the usual legal measures for the purpose of obtaining a copyright, with like effect, to all intents and purposes, as would have been produced if he had not already, by mistake, proceeded in the southern district of New York, or printed, published, sold, or disposed of the same: Provided, always, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed to affect in any way whatever the rights of persons, who, by reason of the proceedings heretofore adopted by the said Levi H. Corson, or otherwise, have printed, published, or vended the said work, or have in any manner availed themselves of the said invention, in the absence of a copy-right duly obtained by the authors.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That before the said Levi H. Corson shall avail himself of the benefits of this act, he shall give public notice of the same, in the manner and at the times when publication is made of the copy of the record of his deposit in the office of the clerk of the proper district according to law.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

CHAP. LVIII. — An Act for the Relief of William De Buys, late Postmaster at New Orleans.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Post-Office Department be authorized and directed, in settling the accounts of William De Buys, late postmaster at New Orleans, to allow the said William De Buys such sum, in addition to the regular commissions on postages collected at the post-office in New Orleans, as shall make up to him a compensation, from all sources, at the rate of five thousand dollars per year, from the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, to the seventh of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three: Provided, That there is a sufficient surplus of the box rents collected at said office, and accounted for by said postmaster, to cover said allowance.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

Levi H. Corson authorized to commence anew proceedings for obtaining a copyright for a perpetual calendar, of which he is the author and inventor, &c.

Proviso.

Public notice to be given by said Corson.

Accounting officers of the Treasury to make Wm. De Buys certain allow-

Feb. 19, 1849.

Proviso.

ances.

s. Feb. 19, 1849.

Proviso.

THIRTIETH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 59, 60, 63, 64. 1849

Feb. 19, 1849.

revolutionary pension roll.

CHAP. LIX. - An Act granting a Pension to Bethiah Healy, Widow of George Healy, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Name of Bethiah Healy to be placed on the of War be directed to place the name of Bethiah Healy, of the city of New York, widow of George Healy, on the revolutionary pension roll; to pay her at the rate of six months' service rendered by her late husband in the revolutionary war as a soldier, under the act of July, 1836, ch. 362. eighteen hundred and thirty-six, in addition to the pension which she now receives, commencing on the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, February 19, 1849.

Feb. 19, 1849.

CHAP. LX. - An Act for the Relief of Sarah D. Caldwell, Wife of James H. Brigham.

Title of Sarah D: Caldwell to two tracts of land confirmed to her.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the title to two parcels of land, - one containing eight hundred and seventy-five arpens, the other one hundred and seventy-one arpens, being part of a tract of land known as the Baron de Bastrop, which is held by Sarah D. Caldwell, by regular chain of title from De Bastrop, - be confirmed to Sarah D. Caldwell, her heirs and assigns : Provided, That this act shall not be so construed as in any manner to confirm any part of said De Bastrop grants save the said two tracts, or to affect the rights of third persons in said two tracts hereby confirmed, or to be any thing more than a mere relinquishment of any title which the United States may have in said tracts of land.

ÅPPROVED, February 19, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849.

Pension of Patrick Walker to be continued for his life. 1848, ch. 29.

CHAP. LXIII. - An Act continuing the Pension granted to Patrick Walker.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act granting a pension to Patrick Walker," approved on the eighth of April, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, be and the same is hereby revived and continued in force during the natural life of the said Patrick Walker; and there shall be allowed and paid to him a pension at the rate of forty dollars per month during his natural life, in conformity to the provisions of the said act, from and after the twenty-seventh day of October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849.

CHAP. LXIV. - An Act for the Relief of George Newton.

\$610 93 to be païd George Newton for certain arrears of pension.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay to George Newton, of the town of Johnstown, and State of New York, six hundred and ten dollars and ninety-three cents, for arrears of pension from the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and nineteen, to the seventh day of April, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, being at the rate of two dollars and sixty-six cents and two thirds of a cent per month, out of any money not otherwise appropriated. APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

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CHAP. LXV. - An Act for the Relief of Nancy Tompkins.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a pension of A pension of one hundred dollars per annum be allowed and paid, out of any money allowed Nancy in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, in half yearly payments, to Tompkins. Nancy Tompkins, the mother of John Place, late a seaman in the navy of the United States, for and during the period of her natural life, commencing from the sixth day of December, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

CHAP. LXVI. -- An Act for the Relief of James Glynn and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized and required to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Lieutenant James Glynn, of the United States navy, and other officers acting under his command in the surveys and preparing charts of Beaufort and Wilmington, or Cape Fear River, in North Carolina, and also Sapelo harbor and river, and Doboy, in Georgia, and preparing charts of the same, the same and Doboy, in Georgia, and preparing charts of the same, the same paid to other of-allowance which has been paid to other officers while engaged in sur- ficers for similar veying the coast of the United States.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

CHAP. LXVII. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas T. Gammage.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to Thomas T. the sum of nine hundred and ninety-four dollars, it being in full com-tence of volunteers in the ser-United States service, under the command of Gran Viller United States service, under the command of General William Erwin, in the war against the Creek Indians, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

CHAP. LXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Jesse Young.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to pay to Jesse Young (whose name Jesse Young inis now on the roll of invalid pensions) at the rate of sixteen dollars creased to the rate of \$16 per per month, instead of the pension now received by him, to commence month. on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fortyeight.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

CHAP. LXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Nehemiah Brush.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the g8 per month al-lowed Nehemiah United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Brush.

Feb. 22, 1849.

\$994 to be paid Thomas T. Gam-

Feb. 22, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849.

Lieut. James Glynn to be al-

lowed and paid

for making certain surveys, and

preparing charts

of the same, the same allowance which has been

services.

Pension of

Feb. 22, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849.

A pension of

of War be, and is hereby directed to place the name of Nehemiah Brush on the roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of eight dollars per month, during his natural life, and that his pension commence from and after the passage of this act.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

Feb. 26, 1849. CHAP. LXXIII. — An Act in addition to the Act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Washington, Alexandria, and Georgetown Steam Packet Company."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Washington, Alexandria, and Georgetown Steam Packet Company," approved the third March, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, be, and the same hereby is, extended and continued in full force and effect for a further period of twenty years, commencing with the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fortynine: Provided, nevertheless, That Congress may at any time hereafter modify or repeal the same.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That no suit or action depending in any court whatsoever, in which the said corporation is plaintiff or defendant, shall abate or be discontinued by reason of the expiration of the original charter of the said corporation, but the same shall continue and be prosecuted in all respects as if the said charter had not expired; and the president and directors who were in office at the time it expired, shall continue in office under and by virtue of this act, until others shall be duly chosen in their places.

APPROVED, February 26, 1849.

Feb. 26, 1849.

\$3,064 to be opaid James Y. t Smith.

CHAP. LXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of James Y. Smith.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to James Y. Smith the sum of three thousand and sixty-four dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, in full of his claim against the United States, for the use of the steamboat Hyperion, and damage done to her in the transportation of the Georgia troops under command of Major Howard in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-six, and also for provisions and supplies furnished to said troops.

APPROVED, February 26, 1849.

Feb. 26, 1849.

A pension of \$8 per month al-

lowed John Hib-

bert.

CHAP. LXXV. — An Act for the Relief of John Hibbert.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of John Hibbert, of Wiscasset, in the State of Maine, upon the roll of invalid pensions, and pay to the said Hibbert the sum of eight dollars per month, from the first day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-six, during his natural life.

APPROVED, February 26, 1849.

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1829, ch. 56. Charter of said company extended 20 years.

Proviso, as to repeal,&c. thereof.

No suits, &c., to which the corporation is party, to abate, &c. CHAP. LXXVI. - An Act amendatory of an Act entitled "An Act amendatory of the Act entitled 'An Act to incorporate the Provident Association of Clerks in the Civil Departments of the Government of the United States, in the District of Columbia," approved, 3d March, 1825.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, the funds of of the Provident "the Provident Association of Clerks" shall be appropriated and Association paid to the families of 'deceased members, at the following rates, to appropriated. wit: To the families of such member as may die at any time during the first five years of their membership, the amount of the subscription which shall have been paid in by such members respectively, with the addition thereto of fifty per centum of the amount so paid in by them; to the families of members dying at any time during the next five years, an additional sum of seven dollars and a half for every quarter of each of said succeeding years; to the families of members dying at any time during the next succeeding ten years, an additional sum of six dollars and twenty-five cents for every quarter of each of said succeeding years: to the families of members dying at any time during the next succeeding five years, an additional sum of five dollars for every quarter of each of said succeeding years; to the families of members dying at any time during the next succeeding ten years, an additional sum of six dollars and twenty-five cents for every quarter of each of said succeeding years; and to the families of members dying at any time after the thirty-fifth year, an additional sum of twelve dollars and fifty cents for every quarter of each of said succeeding years; so that, at the end of the fifth, tenth, twentieth, twenty-fifth, thirty-fifth, and fortieth years respectively, every member dying at either of those periods shall have provided for his family out of the funds of the association the sums of seventy-five, two hundred and twenty-five, four hundred and seventyfive, five hundred and seventy-five, eight hundred and twenty-five, and one thousand and seventy-five dollars respectively.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That, with the consent of three fourths of all the contributing members, the foregoing rates may, at any time, be increased or diminished, and subsequently altered, as may be deemed warranted or required by the then existing funds of the of three fourths association: Provided, That any and every such act of alteration, duly attested by the presiding and recording officers of the association, and be recorded. under its seal, shall be filed within ten days after the adoption thereof, in the office of clerk of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia for the county of Washington, whose duty it is hereby made to receive and record the same in his office.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That any member of the association who has been, or may hereafter be, removed from office, may at any time hereafter, and after such removal, discontinue his quarterly payments to the funds of the association, and instead of thereby forfeit- ments without ing his previous payments, as provided in the original act of incorporation of said association, by such discontinuance, there shall be paid to the family of such member, at his death, such an amount of the said funds as they would have been entitled to had his death occurred at the time he discontinued his payments.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for a member of said association who has a wife and children to designate his widow as entitled to receive the whole benefit of his membership; if no widow, his children, or such of them as he may designate; the benefits of his membership. and if no child or children, then such person or persons as he may designate, (or adopt,) by giving notice in writing to the president and board of officers of the name or names of such person or persons.

March 2, 1849.

1825, ch. 97.

How the funds clerks shall be

Foregoing rates may be increased diminished or with the consent of three fourths Alteration to

Members removed from office may discontinue their payforfeiture.

Members may designate the person or persons who shall receive the benefits of

Inconsistent acts repealed. 1819, ch. 23. 1825, ch. 97.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That so much of the original act of incorporation, and of the act of the third of March, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, amendatory thereof, as is inconsistent with the provisions of the act, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APRROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849.

CHAP. LXXXV. -- An Act granting a Half Section of Land for the Use of Schools within fractional Township Nineteen south, of Range Eighteen west, County of Lowondes, State of Mississippi.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the school commissioners, or other authority, having official cognizance over school lands within fractional township nineteen south, of range eighteen west, State of Mississippi, be, and they are hereby, authorized to select by legal subdivisions, from any of the public lands within the said State not otherwise appropriated, a quantity of land not exceeding one half section, for the use and support of schools within the said fractional township. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That when the lands hereby

authorized to be selected shall have been approved by the Secretary of

the Treasury, they shall be held by the inhabitants of the township herein designated by the same tenure, and upon the same terms, for the support of schools in the said township, as if they had been selected under the provisions of the general school law of the twentieth of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-six: *Provided*, nevertheless.

That the said commissioners, or other authority mentioned in the first section of this act, shall not be authorized, by any thing herein contained, to select lands out of the land district in which said fractional township is situated, if there be land within said district applicable to school purposes under the provisions of the act of May twentieth,

How lands so selected shall be held.

Proviso.

1826, ch. 83.

eighteen hundred and twenty-six. APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849.

Peter M. Grant authorized to return to the Commissioner of the t General Land H Office a land warrant for 160 acres of land, and to i receive another warrant in lieu thereof.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office, on Peter M. Grant's returning to that office land warrant No. thirty thousand and ninety-one, for one hundred and sixty acres of land, and furnishing satisfactory evidence that Jacob Phillips left no kin entitled by law to the said land warrant, in consideration of the services of the said Phillips, deceased, shall issue another land warrant to said Peter M. Grant, executor and devisee of

CHAP. XC. - An Act for the Benefit of Peter M. Grant.

said Jacob Phillips, deceased, for one hundred and sixty acres in lieu of said warrant so to be returned, and shall be *cacelled*.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849.

CHAP. XCI. - An Act for the Relief of Lizur B. Canfield.

A pension of \$20 per month allowed Lizur B. Canfield. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Lizur B. Canfield, a captain in the army of the United States during the war with Great Britain, be placed on the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of twenty dollars a month, commencing the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

School commissioners with in fractional missioner township 19 lands with south, of range State of 18 west, to select one half seclegal subtion of land. not other

CHAP. XCII. - An Act for the Relief of E. B. Cogswell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to E. B. Cogswell, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of twelve hundred dollars, for services rendered to the Texas Indians, and for coal and iron furnished as Indians. to the same, as armorer and public blacksmith, from the twentieth May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the twentieth May, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. XCIII. — An Act to provide for the final Settlement of the Accounts of Thomas C. Sheldon, lately Receiver of public Moneys at Kalamazoo, Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to audit and settle the accounts of Thomas C. Sheldon, and settled upon late receiver of public moneys at Kalamazoo, Michigan, upon principles of equity and justice; and that whatever sum or sums of money, if any, be found due said Sheldon, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. XCIV. - An Act to provide for the final Settlement of the Accounts of March 2, 1849. Abraham Edwards, Register of the Land Office at Kalamazoo, Michigan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to audit and settle the accounts of Abraham Edwards, register of the land office at Kalamazoo, Michigan, upon principles of equity and justice; and that whatever sum or sums of money, if any, be found due said Edwards, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. XCV. - An Act for the Relief of Joshua Barney, United States Agent.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay Joshua Barney, United States agent for the construction and improvement of roads and harbors in the Territory of Iowa, under the direction of the Topographical Bureau, the sum of one hundred and four dollars and fifty cents, with six per centum interest from the first of January, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, it being an over-payment beyond the appropriation made by Congress for constructing a military road from Dubuque to Keosaqua, on the Des Moines, Iowa Territory.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. XCVI. - An Act for the Relief of Solomon Davis.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Soloman Davis, allowed to enter of Oregon county, in the State of Missouri, be, and he is hereby, au- another lot of Vol. IX. PRIV. --- 16

March 2, 1849.

\$1200 to be paid E. B. Cogswell for services, &c., to the Tex-

March 2, 1849.

Accounts of Thomas C. Sheldon to be audited principles of justice and equity. Amount found due to be paid him.

Accounts of Ed-Abraham wards to be au-dited and settled upon principles of justice and equity. oĒ Amount found due to be paid him.

March 2, 1849.

\$104 50, with interest, to be paid Joshua Barney.

March 2, 1849.

Solomon Davis

the one heretofore entered and paid for by him.

Proviso.

land in lieu of thorized to enter, in place of the north-west quarter of lot number two. in the south-west quarter of section number six, in township number twenty-four north, range five west, any other lot of land subject to private entry, and that his payment, heretofore made for said northwest guarter of lot number two, shall be taken in part payment for said new entry: Provided, That the said Solomon Davis shall first release to the United States all his right, title, interest, and claim to said northwest quarter of lot number two, containing thirty-five acres and thirtysix hundredths, more or less, and shall further show, before said release, that the title to said lot number two is still in him, the said Davis, and that the said lot has not been in any way encumbered by mortgage, judgment, taxes, or in any other manner, and that the title thereto is in every respect as good as when the same was entered by the said Davis. APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849.

Commissioners of Cherokee Co., Ala., authorized to enter 150 acres of land on which the town of Cedar Bluff is situated.

Proviso : how said land shall be sold and pro-ceeds applied.

Such entry not to interfere with disturb the or titles of certain purchasers lots here to heretofore sold in said town.

Said commissioners to make titles to said lots to the owners.

Patent to issue.

CHAP. XCVII. — An Act for the Relief of the Citizens of Cedar Bluff, in the State of Alabama, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the commissioner of the county of Cherokee, in the State of Alabama, be, and they are hereby, authorized to enter the tract of land lying on the Coosa River, whereon the town of Cedar Bluff (formerly called Jefferson) is situated, in said county, containing one hundred and fifty acres, according to the survey of S. R. Russell, on the payment by the commissioners of said county of the minimum price, as in other cases: *Provided*, That said commissioners shall sell in lots, on reasonable notice, (not less than sixty days,) to the highest bidder, all that portion of said tract of land not hereinafter referred to and embraced, make titles to the purchasers, and apply the proceeds of said sale for the common benefit of said county of Cherokee.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That neither the entry nor the right of entry of said tract of land, by said commissioners, shall interfere with or disturb the titles of purchasers to the lots heretofore sold in said town by the county commissioners of said county of Cherokee, who have paid, or may, within twelve months, complete payment of, according to the terms of sale, the sum of the first instalment on the amount for which said lots were purchased; but in all such cases, without further action of any kind, the right and title of the purchasers to the lots thus purchased and paid for, together with all the improvements thereon, are hereby fully confirmed to and vested in said purchasers, their heirs at law, and bona fide vendees and assignees. And the said commissioners are hereby authorized and required (should they enter said tract of land on the terms above named) to make titles to said lots to the owners thereof, according to the description by which the same were known and distinguished in the plan of said town of Cedar Bluff.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That (should said commissioners enter said tract of land on the terms above named) the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to issue, to said commissioners of said county of Cherokee, a patent for said tract of land, for the uses and purposes herein before mentioned. APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

March 2, 1849.

CHAP. XCVIII. - An Act for the Relief of A. C. Bryan and others

Payments to be

Be it enacted by the Serate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary made for horses of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, in full payment for captured in Mexhorses captured in Mexico, to A. C. Bryan, the sum of sixty dollars; to Alfred Argabright, the sum of sixty dollars; to B. A. Chapman, the sum of fifty-five dollars; to Charles E. Mooney, the sum of fifty dollars; to David C. Jones, the sum of sixty dollars; to William D. Radcliffe, the sum of seventy dollars; to John J. Finch, the sum of sixty-five dollars.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay the value of any horses and equipments that may have been lost in consequence of their having fallen into the possession of the Mexicans at quence of their naving failer into the possession of the surrender of the surrender of the commands of Major John P. Gaines, Major Solon commands of Borland, and Captain William J. Heady; the owners satisfactorily Majors Gaines and Borland and proving their loss on that occasion, and also the value of the horses and accoutrements thus captured and lost.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CUAP. XCIX. - An Act for the Relief of B. O. Payne, of Albany, New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of B. O. Payne, of Albany, in the State of New York, be placed on the roll of invalid pensions, and that the Secretary of War be directed to Payne. pay to him a pension, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. CXVI. - An Act to grant to the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Company the March 3, 1849. Right of Way through the Public Lands of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of way shall be, and is hereby, granted to the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Company, over and through any of the public lands of the United States, in the State of Florida, over which the road authorized by said State may pass; and the said company is hereby authorized to survey and mark through the said public lands to be held by them for the track of said road one hundred feet in width; and, furthermore, an additional quantity of twenty-five feet in width on each side of said road along the same.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said company shall have the right to take from the public lands in the vicinity of said road all such materials of earth, stone, or wood, as may be necessary or convenient from time to time for the actual construction and repair of said road or any part thereof.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be, and is hereby, granted to said company all necessary sites for watering-places, depots, and workshops, along the line of said road, so far as the places convenient for the same may fall upon the public lands: Provided, That no one depot or watering-place shall contain over five square acres, and that said sites shall not be nearer to each other than ten miles along the line of said road: Provided, That the grants herein contained, as well of the use of the public lands as of the materials for the construction of said road, shall cease and determine, unless the

bright, В. Ā. Chapman, Chas. E. Mooney, Da-vid C. Jones, William D. Radcliffe, and John J. Finch. Secretary of the

ico, to A. C. Bry-an, Alfred Arga-

Treasury to pay the value of any horses captured in Mexico at the Captain Heady.

March 2, 1849.

A pension of \$20 per month allowed B. O.

Right of way through the lands of the U. S. granted to the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Company.

Said company may take from the public lands such materials as may be necessary.

All necessary sites for watering places, depots, &c., granted to said company. Proviso.

Proviso.

Proviso.

road be begun within two years and completed within six years thereafter: And provided, moreover, That if the said road shall at [any] time after its completion be discontinued or abandoned by the said company, the grants hereby made shall cease and determine. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849. CHAP. CXVII. — An Act to grant the Right of Way to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company.

Right of way through the lands of the U. S. granted to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company.

Said company may take from the public lands such materials as are necessary.

Proviso, as to transportation of mails of the U.S. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of way is hereby granted to the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company for the railroad contemplated by said company to be constructed from Mobile to its northern terminus on the Ohio or Mississippi Rivers, at or near the mouth of of the Ohio, and the said company is hereby authorized to locate said road through any of the public lands of the United States which may lie on the route which may be selected for the location of said road; and the said company is hereby authorized to survey and mark through the said public lands the track of said road one hundred feet in width, and, furthermore, an additional quantity of twenty-five feet in width on each side of said road along the same, which land shall be reserved from sale, and the title whereof shall be vested in the State wherein such land shall lie, for the use of said railroad company forever, and for no other use whatever.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said Mobile and Ohio Railroad Company shall have the privilege, and the same is hereby granted to them, to cut and use all such timber, and to use all earth, stone, sand, gravel, mineral, and other materials on the public lands of the United States; which may be necessary for the construction or repair of said road, and to build bridges, or construct buildings, truss work, or other erections, such as the same may require, and use such water as may be wanted, and cross such streams as shall be necessary for the completion and use of said road : *Provided*, That the said railroad company, when the said railroad shall be completed, shall carry the mails of the United States on such terms as the Postmaster-General shall be able to contract, for similar services, with other railroad companies.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

Citizens of Ozark county authorized to enter a lot of land for seat of justice for said county.

1824, ch. 169.

CHAP. CXIX. — An Act to authorize the Citizens of Ozark County, Missouri, to enter less than a Quarter Section of Land for the Seat of Justice in said County.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the county of Ozark, in the State of Missouri, may enter by preëmption less than a quarter section of land, to be taken by legal subdivision. Said entry, except as to quantity, shall be made according to the provisions of the act of Congress, approved May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, entitled "An Act granting to the counties or parishes of each State and Territory of the United States in which the public lands are situated, the right of preëmption to quarter sections of land for seats of justice within the same."

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

CHAP. CXXVIII. - An Act to incorporate the Oak Hill Cometery, in the District March 3, 1849. of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Lorenzo United States of America in Congress assemblea, I had Lorenzo etery Company, Thomas, John Marbury, Senior, Edward M. Linthicum, and George D. C., incorpo-Poe, Jr., together with such other persons as may become proprietors rated. of lots in the hereinafter mentioned cemetery, of a size not less each than three hundred square feet, and their successors and assigns, be, and they are made hereby, a body politic and corporate in law, under the name, style, and title of "The Oak Hill Cemetery Company," and by that name shall be able, and capable in law, to have and use a common seal, to sue and be sued, to plead and be impleaded, and to do all such other things as are incident to a corporation.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the said Lorenzo Thomas, John Marbury, Senior, Edward M. Linthicum, and George Poe, Jr., shall be managers of the said corporation, and shall continue so to be until the first Monday in June, in the year eighteen hundred and fiftytwo, on which day, and on the same day in every succeeding year thereafter, there shall be a general meeting of the proprietors of lots in the said cemetery, who are members of the said corporation, of whom twenty, appearing in person or by proxy, shall form a quorum to transact all business; and at such meeting on that day, in each and every year, the said proprietors of lots, each being entitled to one vote, and no more, shall elect four persons from among their own number to be managers of the said corporation for one year from the day of their election, and until other managers shall be duly elected in their place; and if there shall, from any cause whatsoever, be a failure on the part of the proprietors of lots to make such election on any of the days aforesaid, the managers holding over shall appoint some other time for proprietors of lots to meet and make such election, and shall give at least six days' previous notice of the time and place so appointed, by an advertisement in some convenient newspaper, and the managers then elected shall serve until the recurrence of the regular election, and until others have been elected in their place; and in the event of any vacancy in the board of managers by death, resignation, removal from the county, or otherwise, the continuing members of the said board shall have power to choose from among the proprietors of lots in the said cemetery a manager to fill such vacancy, and the person so chosen shall have power to act in the premises, in connection with the continuing managers, in every respect as if he had been originally appointed to said office by this act, or elected to the same by the proprietors of lots at a general meeting; and a majority of the said board of managers shall form a quorum to do all business.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the said corporation may acquire, take, and hold, in fee simple, by gift or grant, all that portion and ho of a lot of ground in Washington county, in the District of Columbia, simple commonly called the Rock of Dunbarton, which is bounded on the lands. south by the northern boundary line of Georgetown, on the west by lands of Captain William M. Boyce, on the north by Rock Creek, and on the east by land of the heirs of Lewis Grant Davidson, deceased, containing about fifteen acres, and any other lands adjacent thereto, not exceeding in the whole fifty acres; and may take and hold any personal estate, not exceeding ten thousand dollars in value, which said land and personal estate shall be devoted and applied to purposes connected with, and appropriate to, the objects of a cemetery or burialplace, the establishing, maintaining, and improving of which is hereby declared to be the only object for which said corporation is created.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the said board of man-

Said corporation may acquire and hold in fee certain

Oak Hill Cem-

Managers : when and how to be chosen.

President and officers : other how to be chosen. Powers and du-ties of board of managers.

agers shall choose one of their own body to be president thereof, who shall be also president of the said corporation. They shall have power to appoint all officers and agents necessary for the due and regular transaction of the business of said institution, to assign to them, severally, their duties, to fix their compensation, and to require, if deemed expedient, of any of their said officers, a bond with approved security for the faithful performance of their duties. They shall have power to lay out and ornament the cemetery grounds; to erect all necessary enclosures and buildings; to lay out, sell, and dispose of burial lots; to make such by-laws, rules, and regulations as they may deem proper for conducting the affairs of said company, for the government of lot-holders and visitors to the cemetery; and for the sale and conveyance of lots in the said cemetery by individual proprietors; and in general they shall have the management, superintendence, and care of the property, expenditures, business, and prudential concerns of the said corporation, and they shall make a report of their doings to the said

corporation, and they shall make a report of their doings to the sale corporation at each annual meeting of the said proprietors of lots. SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That special meetings of the members of the said corporation for the transaction of business may be called by the board of managers, or by any five of such members, by advertisement to be inserted in some convenient newspaper, two weeks before the day appointed for such meeting, in which shall be set forth the time, and place, and object of such meeting.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That every lot conveyed in said cemetery shall be held by the proprietor thereof, for the purpose of sepulture only, and for no other purpose, and shall be deemed real estate, and shall not be subject to the payment of any assessment or tax whatsoever, nor subject to execution or attachment for any debt; and the proceeds of the sale of burial lots in the said cemetery shall, after deducting the annual expenses of cemetery establishment, be applied solely to the improvement, extension, ornament, and preservation of the said cemetery, and shall not be made a source of profit to the proprietors of lots, or members of said corporation.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That any person who shall unlawfully destroy, mutilate, deface, injure, or remove any tomb, monuted against said ment, grave-stone, or other structure, placed in the said cemetery, or any fence, railing, or other work, for the protection or ornament of any tomb, monument, grave-stone, or other structure aforesaid, or of any cemetery lot within the limits of the ground belonging to the said corporation, or of the ground set apart for the cemetery; or shall unlawfully destroy, break, or remove, cut, or injure, any tree, shrub, or plant, within the limits of said cemetery; or shall shoot or discharge any gun, or other firearm, within the said limits, or at any object within the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, upon conviction thereof before any justice of the peace, or other court of competent jurisdiction within Washington county aforesaid, be punished by a fine of not less than five dollars, or more than fifty, according to the nature and aggravation of the offence; and such offender shall also be liable, in an action of trespass, to be brought against him in any court of competent jurisdiction in the name of the said corporation, to pay all such damages as shall have been occasioned by his unlawful act or acts; which money, when recovered, shall be applied by the said corporation, under the direction of the board of managers, to the reparation and restoration of the property destroyed or injured as above, and members of the said corporation shall be witnesses in such suit; and if any person shall unlawfully open any tomb or grave in the lands of the said Oak Hill Cemetery Company, or shall clandestinely remove, or attempt to remove, any body or remains therefrom, such person, on conviction thereof in any court of competent

Special meetings of said corporation provided for

How lots in cemetery said shall be held.

Penalties for injuries or trespasses commitcemetery and its appurtenances.

jurisdiction within the county where the said cemetery is situated, shall be sentenced to undergo imprisonment in the penitentiary of the District of Columbia, at hard labor, for a term not less than one year, or more than five, and pay a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, at the discretion of the said court.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That lots in the said cemetery shall be indivisible, and upon the death of any proprietor of any lot in the said cemetery, he or she being a member of said corporation, the devisee of such lot, or the heir at law, as the case may be, shall be en- prietors thereof. titled to all the privileges of membership as aforesaid; and if there be more than one devisee, or heir at law, of each lot, the board of managers for the time being shall designate which of the said devisees or heirs at law shall represent the said lot, and vote in the meetings of the corporation; which designation shall continue in force until by death. removal, or other sufficient cause, another designation shall become necessary; and in making such designation the managers shall, as far as they conveniently may, give the preference to males over females, and to proximity of blood, and priority of age, having due regard, however. to proximity of residence.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That it shall be lawful for the said corporation to take and hold any grant, donation, or bequest, upon trust, to apply the income thereof, under the direction of the board of managers, for the embellishment, preservation, renewal, or repair of any tomb, monument, grave-stone, or other structure, fence, railing, or other enclosure, in or around any cemetery lot, or for the planting and cultivation of any trees, shrubs, flowers, or plants, in or around any cemetery lot, according to the terms of such grant, donation, or bequest; and any court having equity jurisdiction within the county in which said cemetery is situated shall have full power and jurisdiction to compel the due performance of such trust, or any of them, upon a bill filed by the proprietor of any lot in said cemetery for that purpose.

SEC. 10. And be it further enacted. That the said cemetery property shall be, and the same is hereby, declared to be forever inalienable property to be inby the said corporation, and to be exempted from all public assessments be exempt from and taxes, so long as the same shall remain dedicated to the purposes taxes, &c. of a cemetery.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXXX. - An Act for the Relief of James Hotchkiss.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That James Hotchkiss be, and he is hereby, authorized to enter at the Chicago Land Office, in the State of Illinois, at the minimum price, the north-east quarter of section thirty-one, in township thirty-nine north, and range land. eight east, of the third principal meridian : Provided, That said Hotchkiss, at the time of said entry and purchase, shall satisfy the register and receiver of said land district that there are no adverse or other claimants to said tract of land, or to any part thereof.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXXXI. — An Act for the Relief of Mary Mac Rea, Widow of Lieutenant Colonel William Mac Rea, late of the United States Army, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in considera- ry Mac Rea for

How lots in said cemeterv shall descend on the death of pro-

Grants, donations, bequests, &c., how to be held and applied.

Said cemetery alienable, and to

March 3, 1849.

James Hotchkiss authorized to enter a quarter section of

Proviso.

775

Pension to Ma-

services of her husband Lt. Col. Wm. Mac Rea.

tion of the long, arduous, and faithful services of William Mac Rea. late of the United States army, deceased, commencing in seventeen hundred and ninety-one, and continuing through the Indian wars on the north-western frontier of the United States, in which he was distinguished for gallantry and good conduct, and was severely wounded in battle, and also through the late war with Great Britain, in which he rendered valuable and efficient service, as well in battle as in preparation of the means of defence, to the period of his death, while in service, in eighteen hundred and thirty-two, comprising a period of more than forty years' continuous service, embracing two wars, and of the destitute condition of his widow, there be granted and paid to Mary Mac Rea, widow of the said Lieutenant-Colonel William Mac Rea. annually, for five years, in semiannual payments, a sum equal to one half the pay to which the said William Mac Rea was entitled at the time of his decease, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated : *Provided*. She should live so long.

APPROVED. March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

James G. Carson authorized to make and complete his pur-chase of a cer-tain lot of land in the district of Ouachita, Louisiana.

Selections heretofore made in said district for use of schools, in lieu of lot 16, confirmed.

CHAP. CXXXII. - An Act for the Relief of James G. Carson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That James G. Carson be, and he is hereby, authorized and permitted to make and complete his purchase of lot numbered sixteen, of township numbered nineteen, of range thirteen east, in the district of lands north of Red River, subject to entry and sale at Ouachita, in the State of Louisiana, by paying at the said land office the sum of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre for the same; and it is hereby made the duty of the United States officer at the said office to receive from him the said price, and issue to him a certificate therefor, upon which he shall be entitled to a patent, as in other cases of purchases of land from the government.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the selection heretofore made, under the directions and approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, of lots numbered twenty-five, twenty-six, and twenty-seven, in said township nineteen, for the use of schools, in lieu of lot sixteen, be, and the same is hereby, confirmed. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

William L. Wi-gent authorized to enter and purtract of land in Illinois.

CHAP. CXXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of William L. Wigent.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That William L. Wigent be, and he is hereby, authorized to enter and purchase, at the chase a certain minimum price of the public lands, the south-east quarter of section numbered twelve, in township numbered thirty-five north, range numbered eleven east, of the third principal meridian, in the north-eastern land district of Illinois; it being the same tract of land on which the said Wigent resides, and has improved and cultivated : Provided, The said Wigent, at the time of said entry and purchase, shall satisfy the register and receiver of said land district that there are no adverse or other claimants to said tract of land, or to any part of the same. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP, CXXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of Henry D. Garrison.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of eight hundred dollars be paid to Henry D. Garrison, under the direction of the Secretary of War, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, on due and satisfactory proof being furnished treaty with the that the claim of Wah-in-gun for said sum in schedule B, annexed to Saginaw band of the treaty with the Saginaw band of Chippewa Indians, on the fourteenth day of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, has been regularly and legally transferred to him.

APPROVED. March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXXXV. - An Act for the Relief of the Owners of the Schooner Ticonic.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay to Henry Williams, Benjamin A. G. Fuller, and George Williams, owners of the schooner Ticonic, or their legal representatives, the sum of thirty-eight hundred dollars, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, as compensation for the loss of said schooner, while employed in the service of the United States, during the attack on Vera Cruz, in March, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of P. Chouteau, Junior, and Company.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized to pay P. Chouteau, Junior, and Company, the sum of nine thousand six hundred dollars, out of any moneys in the ated for the bentreasury not otherwise appropriated; and that the amount, when paid, nee Indians. be charged to the fund, under the control of government, created for the benefit of the Shawnee Indians, by the seventh article of the treaty of the eighth of August, eighteen hundred and thirty-one.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of George Center.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to ascertain, by the best evidence which the nature of the case will admit of, the value of the houses and other property of George Center, destroyed at Micanopy, Florida, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-six, by order of Lieutenant-Colonel B. K. Peirce, the commanding officer at that post, to prevent them from falling into the hands of the enemy; and that the amount so ascertained be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise ap- certained to be propriated : *Provided*, That the sum so to be paid shall not exceed five paid him. thousand five hundred and sixty-nine dollars and eighty cents.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

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March 3, 1849.

H. D. Garrison to be paid \$800 on account of the claim of Wah-in-Chippewas.

March 3, 1849.

\$3800 to be paid owners of the Ticonic for the loss of their schooner while in service of the U. S.

March 3, 1849.

P. Chouteau, Jr. & Co., to be paid \$9600 out of the fund creefit of the Shaw-

March 3, 1849.

The Secretary of War to ascer tain the value of the buildings of George Center at Micanopy, Fla., destroyed by or-der of Lieut. Col. Peirce, &c.

Amount so as-

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$80 per annum allowed Mary G.

Leverett.

CHAP. CXXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Mary G. Leverett.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place upon the list of revolutionary pensioners the name of Mary G. Leverett, widow of Thomas Leverett, and that she be paid a pension at the rate of eighty dollars per annum, during her natural life, commencing on the fourth day of September, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

9. CHAP. CXXXIX.— An Act for the Relief of John P. Skinner and the legal Representatives of Isaac Green.

John P. Skinner, &c., to be paid *38313 34*, the amount of a judgment recovered against them as sureties of Thos. Emmerson.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to John P. Skinner and the legal representatives of Isaac Green the sum of eight thousand three hundred and thirteen dollars and thirty-four cents, being the amount received by the United States on a judgment recovered by them against the said John P. Skinner and Isaac Green, in his lifetime, as sureties of Thomas Emmerson: Provided, That nothing in this act shall be construed to discharge the said Emmerson from liability under said judgment.

CHAP. CXL. - An Act for the Relief of John F. Ohl.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

The Secretary of the Treasury directed to cancel two duty bonds given by John F. Ohl, amounting to \$2148 79.

Also to repay to him a sum not exceeding \$\$420 for duties paid by him on goods which were destroyed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be authorized to direct the cancellation of two separate bonds given for the payment of duties at the port of Philadelphia, by John F. Ohl as principal, and Lewis Mayer as surety, dated respectively the eighth day of November, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, to wit: one numbered seven thousand one hundred and five, for the sum of one thousand and seventy-four dollars and seventy-nine cents, and the other numbered seven thousand one hundred and six, for the sum of one thousand and seventy-four dollars, making in the aggregate two thousand one hundred and forty-eight dollars and seventy-nine cents; and also to repay to the said John F. Ohl, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum of money not exceeding four hundred and twenty dollars, on the production of satisfactory proof to the Secretary of the Treasury going to show that said sum, or any portion thereof, has heretofore been paid to the United States, for or on account of duties, on any of the articles of merchandise destroyed in the manner set forth in the papers attached to House report No. seven hundred and twenty-five, first session, thirtieth Congress.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849. CHAP. CXLI. — An Act for the Relief of the President and Directors of the Union Bank of Florida.

Secretary of Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Treasury to pay United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay, out of any the money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the President and Directors of the Union Bank of Florida, the sum of two thousand four hundred and seventy-four dollars and two cents, and interest thereon $\frac{$2474.02}{\text{interest}}$, with from the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, in full payment for money advanced by them to the governor of Florida. to provide for the defence of the people of said territory against the area of Flor-ida, to provide against attacks APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

President and Directors of the Union Bank of Florida. vances made by them to the govof hostile Indians.

CHAP. CXLII. - An Act for the Relief of Sidney Flower, of Louisiana, and for March 3, 1849. other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Sidney Flower be, and he is hereby, authorized to enter, at the minimum price of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, lot number three in township one (north) of range eight east, containing one hundred and fifty-nine and Louisiana. sixty-eight one hundred acres, in the district north of Red River, Louisiana: Provided, As said lot has been selected for schools, that a majority of the male inhabitants of the township shall assent to the purchase, by filing an instrument to that effect in the local land office.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That upon such an instrument Other school being filed in the aforesaid office, the proper authorities shall have the lected in lieu right to select an equal area for schools on other public lands, in the same land district.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXLIII. - An Act for the Relief of Joel Thacker.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Joel Thacker, a private in the Virginia militia in the service of the United States during the war with Great Britain, be placed upon the roll of invalid pensions at the rate of four dollars a month, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to continue during life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXLIV. - An Act for the Relief of James Moorehead.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed and required to pay to James Moorehead, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amount as shall fully compensate and remunerate said Moorehead for all damages and losses sustained by reason of the suspension by the government of the erection of a dam in the Ohio, from a point on Wells Island to a point on the Virginia shore. But before any payment is made to said Moorehead, the said Secretary shall cause the witnesses, on the part of the said Moorehead, to be crossexamined, and take testimony on behalf of the government, should he the Treasury to deem it proper to do so.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

Sidney Flower authorized to en-159 68-100 ter acres of land in

Proviso.

Other school lieu thereof.

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$4 per month allowed Joel Thacker.

March 3, 1849.

Secretary of the Treasury to ascertain and pay the amount of damages incurred and losses sustained by James Moorehead on account of the suspen-sion of the erection of a dam in the Ohio River. Secretary of examine testimony in the case.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXLV. - An Act for the Relief of William Gott.

A pension of four dollars per month allowed Wm. Gott.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of William Gott, of Leeds, in the county of Kennebec and State of Maine, on the roll of invalid pensions, and pay to him the sum of four dollars per month, during his natural life.

Approved, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXLVI. - An Act for the Relief of Doctor Adolphus Wislizenus.

Secretary of the Treasury to ascertain ascertain pay Dr. Adolphus Wislizenus the value of certain medicines furnished by him Mexico.

Also to pay him at the rate of of \$90 per month for the time he acted assistant 28 surgeon.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to ascertain what was the value at Chihuahua, in Mexico, on the third day of April, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-seven, of the medicines furnished to the army of the United States by Doctor Adolphus Wislizenus, as certified by Lieutenant Kribben, by the direction of his superior officer. to the army of approved by Colonel A. W. Doniphan, and specified in a schedule annexed to House report number four hundred and four, first session. thirtieth Congress, and marked "B-1," and to pay to Doctor Wislizenus the amount so ascertained, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; also, out of the same funds, to pay the aforesaid Doctor Adolphus Wislizenus, at the rate of ninety dollars per month, the amount due to him for the time during which he acted as assistant surgeon, under a contract with Colonel D. D. Mitchell, of the United States army.

Approved, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

Samuel A. Grier to be §462 10, be paid the amount collect-ed from him uncollectder execution, on a judgment against him as surety for a postmaster.

CHAP. CXLVII. - An Act for the Relief of Samuel A. Grier.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to Samuel A. Grier, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of four hundred and sixty-two dollars and ten cents; it being the sum by him paid to a district marshal of the United States upon an execution issued in favor of said States, less sixty dollars and eighty-one cents, which was the amount owed by the postmaster for which he was security, and less fifty-two dollars and two cents, cost of suit.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

David Thomas be paid to S141 54, the amount of duties illegally exacted from him.

CHAP. CXLVIII. - An Act for the Relief of David Thomas, of Philadelphia.

Bc it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to David Thomas, of the city of Philadelphia, in Pennsylvania, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one hundred and forty-one dollars and fifty-four cents, it being in repayment of duties erroneously demanded and obtained of him on listings imported by said Thomas from foreign countries.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CXLIX. - An Act for the Relief of Polly Dameron, Widow of Charles Dameron, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Polly Dam-eron, widow of Charles Dameron, deceased, upon the revolutionary Polly Dameron pension roll, under the act of seventh July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-eight; and that he pay her at the rate of eighty dollars per annum for and during her natural life; said pension to commence on the fourth of September, one thousand eight hundred and fortyseven.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CL. - An Act for the Relief of Catharine Clark.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Catharine Clark (widow of Joseph Clark, a seaman in the navy of the United States, and wounded in the service of the same during the war with Tripoli) be placed on the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of eight dollars per month, commencing on the first of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to continue during her natural life.

APPROVED. March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLI. - An Act for the Relief of Captain Alexander McEwen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of Alexander McEwen on the roll of invalid pensions, and that he pay him, semi- Alexr. McEwen. annually, at the rate of ten dollars per month, for and during his natural life, commencing on the fifteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLII. - An Act for the Relief of Maurice R. Simonds.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Maurice R. Simonds, lately serving under General Taylor in Mexico, lowed Maurice be placed on the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of eight dollars a R. Simonds. month, commencing the first day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLIII. - An Act for the Relief of Major Charles Larrabec.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary to commence on the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and lieu of the pen-forty-eight, and continue during his natural life

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$8 a month al-lowed Catharine Clark.

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$10 per month allowed Captain

March 3, 1849.

A pension of

March 3, 1849.

Major C. Larrabec to be paid

March 3, 1849.

A pension of

782 THIRTIETH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 154, 155, 156, 157, 158. 1849.

March 3, 1849. CLIV. — An Act for the Relief of Alexander Montgomery, Captain and Assistant Quartermaster of the Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Alexr. Montgomery to be paid \$6000 for six thousand dollars be, and is hereby, appropriated, out of any unexlosses actually pended money in the treasury of the United States, to indemnify Alexsustained by him as disbursing officer of the U.S. actually sustained as a disbursing officer of the United States in the war with Mexico.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLV. - An Act for the Relief of Jesse Washington Jackson.

A pension of \$8 per month allowed Jesse Washington Jackson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Jesse Washington Jackson, a soldier in the army of the United States during the war with Great Britain, be placed upon the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of eight dollars a month, commencing the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLVI. — An Act for the Relief of Elizabeth S. Cobbs.

A pension of \$25 per month allowed Elizabeth S. Cobbs. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Elizabeth S. Cobbs, widow of the late Waddy V. Cobbs, then a major in the army of the United States, be placed on the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of twenty-five dollars a month, commencing the first of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to continue during her natural life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

). CHAP. CLVII. — An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of Captain — George R. Shoemaker, deceased.

Secretary of the Treasury to ascertain the amount due Captain George R. Shoemaker, deceased, under contract, for his services, and pay the same to his legal representatives.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, instructed to ascertain what amount of money is due Captain George R. Shoemaker, under contract, for his services, and to pay such amount so due to the legal representatives of the said Shoemaker, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

Robert Ramsay to be paid a pension of \$8 per month, in lieu of the pension now allowed him. CHAP. CLVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Robert Ramsay.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, required to pay to Robert Ramsay, whose name is now on the roll of navy pensioners, the sum of eight dollars per month, from the first day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and forty-eight, instead of the sum which the said Ramsay has heretofore received, and that the same be continued during his natural life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLIX. - An Act for the Relief of Daniel Robinson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, instructed to ascertain the amount of damages sustained by Daniel Robinson, of amount of dam-Gloucester, Massachusetts, in consequence of a violation, on the part of the United States, of a contract made between the United States son in conse-quence of the violation of a contract, by the and the said Daniel Robinson, and to pay to him, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the said amount of damages by him sustained.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLX. - An Act for the Relief of Noah A. Phelps.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Noah A. Phelps, of Connecticnt, the sum of four hundred and sixteen dollars and thirteen cents, it being the sum awarded to him by the District Court of the United States for the district of Connecticut, on the fourth Tuesday of May, eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXI. -An Act for the Relief of H. Carrington, Executor of Paulina March 3, 1849. Le Grand, deceased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay to H. Carrington, executor of the last will of Paulina Le Grand, deceased, the half yearly the half yearly pension of three hundred dollars, which was due and pension due to Paulina Le owing to the said Paulina, in September, anno Domino eighteen hun- Grand, deceased. dred and forty-four; and which pension was duly demanded by the said Paulina in her lifetime, but not paid, because the necessary appropriation had not been made.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXII. — An Act for the Relief of Hervey Jones.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Hervey Jones, a private in the militia of New York during the last war, be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners, at the rate of eight Jones. dollars per month, commencing the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Eve Boggs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be authorized and directed to place the name of Eve Boggs, of the county of Davidson, and State of North Carolina, widow of John

March 3, 1849.

U. S., made with

Noah A. Phelps to to be paid \$416 13, it being paid the sum awarded him by the District Court of the U. S. for dis-trict of Connecticut.

The Secretary of War to pay H. Carrington

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$8 per month allowed Hervey

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$80 per annum allowed Eve Boggs.

March 3, 1849.

Accounting officers to ascer-

tain and pay the

by Daniel Robin-

sustained

ages

him.

784 THIRTIETH CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 164, 165, 166, 167, 168. 1849.

Boggs, on the revolutionary pension roll, and that she be paid at the rate of eighty dollars per annum, during her life, to commence on the fourth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED. March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXIV. - An Act for the Relief of Satisfies Clark.

\$15,632 61 to be paid Satterlee Clark.

March 3, 1849.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is, authorized to pay to Satterlee Clark, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of fifteen thousand six hundred and thirty-two dollars and sixty-one cents. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXV. - An Act for the Relief of John Campbell.

John Camp-bell to be paid \$288 for arrears of pension.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be paid to John Campbell, of Penobscot county, Maine, the sum of two hundred and eighty-eight dollars, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, it being for arrears of pension from January, eighteen hundred and forty, to January, eighteen hundred and forty-six. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXVI. - An Act for the Relief of William P. Yonge.

\$214 96 to be paid William P. Yonge.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to William P. Yonge, the sum of two hundred and fourteen dollars and ninetysix cents.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXVII. - An Act for the Relief of John W. Hockett.

\$303 52 to be paid John W. Hockett, in full for work done upon the national road under contract with the U. S.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to John W. Hockett, of Illinois, late a contractor upon the Cumberland road in the said State, the sum of three hundred and three dollars and fifty-two cents, being the amount in full due and unpaid to him for work done upon the national road, in pursuance with and according to contract with the United States.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Mary Buck.

A pension of \$10 per month allowed Mary Mary Buck.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place the name of Mary Buck, of Bucksport, in the State of Maine, upon the revolutionary pension roll, and pay her, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of ten dollars per month, commencing

on the fourth day of September, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and to continue during her natural life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXIX. - An Act jor the Relief of Lowry Williams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secre- Lowry Williams tary of the Treasury pay to Lowry Williams, out of any moneys in the to be \$1960 50, treasury not otherwise appropriated, nineteen hundred and sixty dol- 31960 30, the lars and fifty cents, being the amount of a certificate, number four tificate still due thousand and sixty-eight, for that amount still due and unpaid to the and unpaid un-said Williams, under the Cherokee treaty of eighteen hundred and treaty of 1835. thirty-five.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXX. - An Act for the Relief of John Savage.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of John Savage, a soldier in the army during the war with Great Britain, be placed on the roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of four dollars a month, commencing on the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXI. - In Act for the Relief of Andrew Flanegan.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, required to place on the roll of invalid pensioners the name of Andrew Flanegan, of Fayette, Pennsylvania, a lieutenant in the war of eighteen hundred and twelve, and that he pay him a pension of seventeen dollars per month, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXII. - An Act for the Relief of William H. Wilson.

Be is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be directed to place the name of William H. Wilson, of the State of Virginia, on the roll of invalid pensioners, and pay to him, from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty, four dollars per month, during his natural life, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Charles McLane, of Missouri.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the claim of Charles McLane to seven hundred and forty-eight arpens and sixty- Charles McLane Vol. IX. PRIV.-18

March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$4 per month al-lowed John Savage.

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$17 per month allowed Andrew Flanegan.

Mareh 3, 1849.

A pension of \$4 per month al-lowed William H. Wilson.

March 3, 1849.

Ancient settlement claim of

785

68 perches land com confirmed to him.

This confirmation not to impair any adverse recognized claim.

After survey and return of plat to General Land Office, patcnt to issue.

to 748 arpens and eight perches, which is entered as number thirty-three in the second class of the decisions of the late board of commissioners in Missouri. but which has since been shown to be an ancient and continued settlement claim, be and the same is hereby, confirmed, according to the

original survey in eighteen hundred and six.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That this confirmation is in no manner to impair or affect any interfering adverse recognized claim, if any such should be found to exist when a retracing and connection by survey of the original lines of said claim shall be made by the

proper officer of the United States, pursuant to this confirmation; and that after such survey shall be made, and an official plat of the same returned to the General Land Office, a relinquishment patent shall be issued, in which shall be saved and protected any adverse interfering right, if such exist.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXIV. - An Act for the Relief of James Fugate.

A pension of \$4 per month al-lowed James Fugate.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the name of James Fugate, a soldier in the militia of Kentucky during the war with Great Britain, be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners, at the rate of four dollars a month, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXV. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas H. Noble.

\$284 62} to be paid Thomas H. Noble, in full for charcoal, fur-nished by him to the U. States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to Thomas H. Noble, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two hundred and eighty-four dollars and sixty-two and a half cents, it being in full compensation for one thousand nine hundred and sixty-three bushels of charcoal furnished by him to the United States, at fourteen and a half cents per bushel, which was the contract price.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Peter Shaffer.

\$372 46 to be aid Peter Shaffer, in full for work done by him upon the Cumberland road.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Peter Shaffer, the sum of three hundred and seventy-two dollars and forty-six cents, in full compensation for work done by him (by contract) upon the Cumberland road within the State of Illinois.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849. CHAP. CLXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of John J. Young, a Commander in the Navy of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Name of John United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary J. Young to be

of the Navy cause the name of John J. Young, a commander in the placed on the navy of the United States, to be placed upon the navy pension list, and list, and a pen the same amount paid to said John J. Young which was paid to him sion of \$25 per the same amount paid to said John J. Young which was paid to minimate the paid prior to the act of Congress of first August, eighteen hundred and month to be paid him. made according to the rules and regulations now existing, and commencing on the first of August, eighteen hundred and forty-one, the time when the pension of said Young was suspended; which payments shall be made from the navy pension fund, or out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Charles Benns.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to Charles Benns, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, so much as remains undisturbed in the treasury of the United States, the sum of three hundred and eightyseven dollars and twenty cents; being the nett amount paid into the treasury from the sale of his effects, which had been seized for nonpayment of duties, in full discharge and satisfaction of his claim, specified in the accompanying report.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of James Norris, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of James Norris, of Sandwich, in the State of New Hampshire, on the roll of invalid invalid pensioners, and pay him a pension at such rate per year as is roll. provided by law for the total disability of an of an assistant surgeon in the navy of the United States, to commence on on the first day of July, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and continue during his natural life.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be, and hereby are, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated the following sums, for the government of the Territory of Minnesota:

For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, three hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative age of memassembly, pay cf officers and attendants, printing, stationery, fuel, and other incidental expenses, thirteen thousand seven hundred dollars.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXX. - An Act for the Relief of James F. Sothoron.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Treasury to as-

March 3, 1849.

Name of James Norris to be the on pension

Appropriation for the govern-ment of Territory of Minne-sota, viz. :

Salaries of governor and other officers. Contingencies.

Pay and mileture, officers, and attendants, and other incidental expenses.

March 3, 1849.

Secretary of the

787

March 3, 1849.

\$387 20 to be Charles

in full

of

paid Benns,

satisfaction

his claim against the U. States.

certain the value of certain tobacco owned by James F. Sothoron which was destroyed by the British troops during the war of 1812.

Amount to be paid to his legal representatives. of the Treasury be directed to ascertain the then value of the tobacco owned by the late James F. Sothoron, and which was destroyed by the British troops during the late war, and to pay the amount thereof, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to the legal representatives of the said James F. Sothoron, deceased, as a full indemnity for the loss of personal property destroyed by the enemy during the late war with Great Britain, in consequence of the occupation of said Sothoron's buildings by the American forces by order of their commanding officer.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXXI. — An Act for the Relief of Peter Capella, Administrator of Andrew Capella, deceased, and for the Relief of John Capo, and for the Relief of Elijah Petty and Hannah Petty, his Wife, Heirs of John Beardon, deceased.

The judge of the District Court of the U. S. for the northern district of Florida to adjudicate the claims of Peter Capella and others.

1834, ch. 87.

Proviso

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the judge of the District Court of the United States for the northern district of Florida be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to receive and adjudicate the claim of Peter Capella, administrator of Andrew Capella; and also the claim of John Capo, and also the claim of Elijah Petty and Hannah, his wife, heirs of John Beardon, and also the claim of Francis P. Ferreira, administrator of Francis Pass, deceased, under the provisions of the act of Congress of the twenty-sixth day of June, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, entitled "An Act for the relief of certain inhabitants of East Florida," and that said several claims may be settled by the treasury as are other cases under said act: Provided, however, That the petition for the allowance of such claim shall be presented to said judge, by the proper parties entitled to prefer the same, within one year from the passage of this act: And provided, also, That said parties shall respectively allege in such petition, and prove to said judge, reasonable cause for such petition not having been presented within the time prescribed and enacted by said act of June twentysixth, eighteen hundred and thirty-four.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

W. Thomas Chinn and others discharged from the payment of one third of a judgment rendered against them upon their paying, or securing the payment, of residue of said judgment. Proviso.

CHAP. CLXXXII. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas W. Chinn and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to discharge Thomas W. Chinn and Micajah Courtney and the other sureties of Thomas Gibbs Morgan, late collector for the district of Mississippi, from the payment of one third of the principal and interest of a judgment rendered against them in the Circuit Court of the United States in and for the fifth circuit and district of Louisiana, upon their paying or securing the payment of the residue of said judgment to the satisfaction of said Secretary: Provided, The Secretary of the Treasury shall not be authorized to make the compromise of this claim as aforesaid, unless he shall be satisfied that, from the party's pecuniary ability, said collector and his sureties, the said claim is not collectable; and, also, that it is for the interest of the United States such compromise be made.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas Talbot and others.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis, Missouri, be authorized and required to ascertain, by proof, the number and value of the horses, rected to ascermules, asses, and other property, forcibly taken from Thomas Talbot, Elisha Stanley, William Wolfskill, James Collins, Edwin M. Ryland, James Fielding, and Solomon Houck, by the Pawnee Indians, on the night of the twelfth day of October, anno Domini eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, at a processing of the same to the best same to the best of War, whose duty it shall be to pay over to the parties aforesaid the retary of War, value of the property they respectively lost, and for that purpose the \$4155 appro-bundred and fifty-five dollars be, and the the amount to be parties reand twenty-seven, at a place about twenty-five miles west of the Paw- Pawnee Indians, same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not the parties reotherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXXIV. — An Act for the Relief of Amelia Couvilion, of Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Mrs. Amelia Couvillion, wife of Zenen St. Romain, be, and she is hereby, authorized to enter as a preëmption, and at the minimum price of public lands, the area, in legal subdivisions of one quarter section, so as to embrace her present actual settlement and "a certain improvement on isiana. a piece of public land, situated in the parish of Avoyelles, on Bayou Des Glaises," in the State of Louisiana, it appearing from an official certificate, dated the sixteenth of October, eighteen hundred and fortyeight, of the recorder of said parish, that the said Mrs. Amelia Couvillion became the purchaser at sheriff's sale of all the right, title, and interest of her said husband in the aforesaid improvement: Provided, however, That the right hereby allowed be subject to any valid adverse claim, if such exist, to any part of the land.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be required to place the name of Polly Aldrich upon the pension roll, and that the said Polly Aldrich be entitled to receive the sum of forty dollars a year, during her natural life, to commence on the fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fortyseven, in consideration of the services of her deceased husband, Clark Aldrich, (as a private in the revolutionary war,) for twelve months.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

March 3, 1849.

Superintendent of Indian affairs at St. Louis ditain the value of horses and other property taken from Thomas Talbot and others by the

spectively.

March 3, 1849.

Amelia Couvillion author-ized to enter as a preëmption a certain tract of land in Lou-

March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$40 per annum allowed Polly Aldrich.

March 3, 1849.

CHAP. CLXXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Daniel Wilson.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Daniel Wilson, of the county of Kane, and the State of Illinois, on the roll of invalid pensions, and pay him a pension at the rate of eight dollars per month, from the first day of January, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-seven, to continue during his natural life. APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

A pension of \$8 per month allowed Daniel Wilson.

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 3.] - A Resolution to defray the Expenses of certain Chippewa Indians and their Interpreter.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of six thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of defraying the expenses of a certain delegation of Chippewa Indians and their interpreter, in coming to Washington city upon business of their tribe with the government of the United States, and their expenses whilst engaged in such business in the city, and on their return home; the money to be paid into the hands of the chiefs of said delegation, or to an agent to be appointed by the Secretary of War, at his option, to conduct said Indians on the way home as far as Detroit, who shall be allowed a reasonable compensation for such services out of the money appropriated as aforesaid.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

[No. 4.] - Joint Resolution Concerning the Settlement of the Accounts of William Speiden, Purser in the Nvay of the United States.

By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, be, tor this resoluand they are hereby, authorized to settle the accounts of William rolled. Speiden, purser in the navy of the United States, and to credit him with such portion of the amount of the provisions, clothing, small stores, and money, and such other things as belong appropriately to the custody of the pursers' department, with which he stands charged on the books of the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury, as they shall be satisfied was inevitably lost with the loss of the United States vessel Peacock, at the mouth of the Columbia River, in eighteen hundred and forty-one, and that he be fully exonerated, by such credit, from all liability on account of the provisions, clothing, small stores, money, and any other articles with which he stands charged, proved to have been lost on board said vessel.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

[No. 5.] — Joint Resolution for the Relief of John B. Nevitt. of Adams County, Feb. 22, 1849. Mississippi.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, within six months after the passage of this joint resolution, to cause an accurate survey survey

Feb. 22, 1849.

Appropriation for defraying the expenses of delegation a of Chippewa In-dians to Washington.

Feb. 22, 1849.

See page 145

Commissioner of General Land Office to cause a to

county, Miss.

And when surveyed, to notify John B. Nevitt of the number of acres vacant, and allow him or his legal representatives to enter the same at the minimum price.

made of certain to be made of certain unsurveyed lands lying in township seven and lands in Adams eight, of range three west, in Adams county, Mississippi, and more particularly known as a triangular slip lying between the lands granted to Joseph Bernard, and surveyed for his representatives, in the year eighteen hundred and six, on the north, and the lands, marked on the maps of the Surveyor-General's office, south of Tennessee, as Balser Shillings, and now occupied and owned by John B. Nevitt on the south; and when so surveyed, it shall be the duty of the Commissioner. as aforesaid, to notify the said John B. Nevitt of the number of acres ascertained to be vacant, and if the said Nevitt, or, in case of his death, his legal representatives, shall, within six months next succeeding such notice, offer to pay to the receiver of the Land Office of the district within which said lands lie, one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre for the same, it shall be the duty of the receiver aforesaid to accept such offer, and, on payment being made, to give a receipt therefor, as in other cases of land entries, and on the presentation of said receipt to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, he shall cause a patent to issue, as in all other cases of lands paid for.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849. [No. 6.] - Joint Resolution authorizing a Settlement of the Accounts of Thomas M. Howe, late Pension Agent at Pittsburg, upon equitable Principles.

> Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper account-ing officers of the Treasury Department be, and they are hereby, authorized to settle and adjust the accounts of Thomas M. Howe, late pension agent at Pittsburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, according to the principles of equity; and to admit the vouchers without regard to strict legal rules, if to them it shall appear that said vouchers are in all other respects correct.

APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

Feb. 22, 1849.

Accounts

т. M. to be settled on principles of justice and equity.

of Howe

[No. 7.] — A Joint Resolution for the Relief of H. M. Barney.

General, in ad-justing his acjusting fice during the 4th quarter of 1847.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Postmaster- States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General, in the adjustment of the accounts of H. M. Barney, postcounts, to charge master at Brimheld, Peoria county, Illinois, be required to charge H. M. Barney Barney nothing for the receipts of his office during the quarter nothing for re-ceipts of his of- the thirty-first of December, eighteen hundred and forty-seven. Barney nothing for the receipts of his office during the quarter ending APPROVED, February 22, 1849.

Feb. 26, 1849.

[No. 8.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of J. Melville Gilliss and others.

ficers of the treasury, in settling the accounts of Lieut. J. M. Gilliss, and his as-

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers Accounting of of the treasury are hereby authorized and directed, in settling the accounts of Lieutenant J. Melville Gilliss, of the navy, for the time during which he had charge of the depot of charts at Washington, and also in settling the accounts of those officers of the navy who were sistants, to allow employed as additional assistants of Lieutenant Gilliss, for making

astronomical and scientific observations in connection with the objects to each of them of the late surveying and exploring expendition, to allow him and each of them, respectively, such extra pay as was allowed by the act of one thousand eight hundred and forty-three, chapter one hundred, to the officers attached to that expedition.

APPROVED, February 26, 1849.

[No. 9.] - Joint Resolution concerning the Settlement of the Accounts of William Speiden, Purser in the Navy of the United States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the treasury, under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, ficers of the trea-sury to settle his be, and they are hereby, authorized to settle the accounts of William Speiden, purser in the navy of the United States, and to credit him with such portion of the amount of the provisions, clothing, small stores, and money, and such other things as belong appropriately to the custody of the purser's department, with which he stands charged on the books of the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury, as they shall be loss of the U.S. satisfied was inevitably lost with the loss of the United States vessel vessel Peacock. Peacock, at the mouth of the Columbia River, in eighteen hundred and forty-one; and that he be fully exonerated, by such credit, from all liability on account of the provisions, clothing, small stores, money, and any other articles with which he stands charged, proved to have been lost on board said vessel.

APPROVED, February 26, 1849.

[No. 13.] — A Resolution to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to make an March 2, 1849. equitable Settlement with the Sureties of Robert T. Lytle, late Surveyor-General of the District of Ohio.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to make an equitable settlement with the sureties of Robert T. Lytle, late Surveyor-General of the district of Ohio, as he shall, under the circumstances, deem just, and on their paying such sum as after said settlement may be due &c. to discharge said sureties from further liability, or on securing to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury such balance, to give such further time for the payment of the same as he may deer advisable.

APPROVED, March 2, 1849.

[No. 21.] - A Resolution respecting the Claims of A. S. & A. W. Benson.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Navy be, and is hereby, authorized to adjust and settle, upon princi- S. & A. W. Ben-ples of equity and justice the alaimand a G. and settle, upon principles of equity and justice, the claims of A. S. & A. W. Benson, arising ed and settled out of contracts made with the Navy Department for the transportation upon principles of naval stores to the Pacific. of naval stores to the Pacific.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849. VOL. IX. PRIV. - 19

clothing, stores, money, &c., as was lost with the

and

Secretary of the Treasury to make an equitable settlement with the sureties of R. T. Lytle,

certain pay.

Feb. 26, 1849.

Accounting of-

credit him with the amount of

such provisions,

accounts

March 3, 1849.

equity.

March 3, 1849.

[No. 22.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of George R. Smith.

Geo. R. Smith to be paid \$780 for carrying the mail on routes 4665 and 4670, from 15th Aug., 1844, to 1st July, 1846.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General pay to George R. Smith, of Missouri, the sum of seven hundred and eighty dollars, as full compensation for carrying the mail once per week oftener than originally contracted by him, on routes forty-six hundred and sixty-five and forty-six hundred and seventy, from the fifteenth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-four, until the first day of July eighteen hundred and forty-six.

APPROVED, March 3, 1849.

PRIVATE ACTS OF THE THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the first Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 3d day of December, 1849, and ended Monday, the 30th day of September, 1850.

ZACHARY TAYLOR, President until his death, July 9, 1850; MILLARD FILLMORE, President after July 9, 1850; MILLARD FILLMORE, Vice-President until July 9, 1850; WILLIAM R. KING, President of the Senate on and after July 11, 1850.

CHAP. II. — An Act to enable the Trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Feb. 14, 1850. Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, to hold certain Property for the Purposes therein recited.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church of Georgetown, in the District of the M.E.Church Columbia, be, and they are hereby, enabled to hold the property on D.C., enabled to Montgomery Street, in said town, now used and occupied by the reli-hold the propergious congregation, of which they are the regularly appointed trus- ty on Montgom-tees, for the purposes and to the intents expressed in the conveyance ligious purposes. from the heirs of Anthony Holmead, deceased, to the said trustees, bearing date the seventh day of November, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and recorded in Liber J. A. S., number eight, folios four hundred et sequitur, one of the land records for Washington county, in the District of Columbia.

APPROVED, February 14, 1850.

The trustees of

CHAP. IV. - An Act for the Relief of Conrad W. Faber, Leopold Bierwirth, and March 6, 1850. Theodore Victor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Conrad W. Faber, Leopold Bierworth, and Theodore Vietor, of the city of New and others re-York, be, and they are hereby, released and discharged from the obli- leased from executed gations of two bonds executed by them to the United States, on the by them to the twenty-fourth day of May, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, the one as United States. principals, and the other as sureties, and that both of said bonds be discharged, and that the Secretary of the Treasury cause the same to be cancelled and delivered up to the obligors in said bonds.

APPROVED, March 6, 1850.

C. W. Faber

(795)

SESS. I. CH. 5. 7. 8. 1850. THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

March 29, 1850.

A pension of \$30 per month granted to Tho-

mas Dennis.

CHAP. V. - An Act for the Relief of Thomas Dennis.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, granted to Thomas Dennis, of the city of Philadelphia, in the State of Pennsylvania, who, whilst engaged in the discharge of his duty as a seaman, on board of the United States ship Princeton. on the fifth day of September, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, when at Gibraltar, and while in the act of firing a salute, had both his arms blown off, in lieu of any pension or allowance to which he may now be entitled by law, a pension of thirty dollars per month, to commence on the first day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and to continue during his natural life, to be paid out of the navy pension fund.

APPROVED, March 29, 1850.

April 19, 1850.

CHAP. VII. - An Act to grant a Register to the Barque "Royal Saxon."

granted for the built vessel.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the register United States of America in Congress assembled, That under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury a register issue for the barque barque Royal rection of the Secretary of the Treasury a register issue for the barque Saxon, a British "Royal Saxon," a British built vessel, but now owned by David U. Brown, of Baltimore, a citizen of the United States: having been by him purchased at a sale under decree of the District Court of the United States for Maryland district, and having incurred a large outlay for repairs and refitting in the United States: Provided, The Secretary of the Treasury shall be satisfied that said repairs and refitting will amount, or shall have amounted, to at least three fourths of the value in the United States of said vessel as so repaired and refitted. APPROVED, April 19, 1850.

April 19, 1850. CHAP. VIII. - An Act for the Relief of the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad Company.

ed.

secured by bonds of company and personal security.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the ment of auties on iron rails extend- of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to extend the time of payment of duties, upon all iron rails now or hereafter to be imported at the port of Wilmington, North Carolina, by the Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad Company, for the use of said company, so that the same shall be made by four equal annual payments or instalments; which annual instalments and payments are first to be reserved by the Postmaster-General for the use of the treasury, out of any monies which may be due said Wilmington and Raleigh Railroad Company, for mail service to be performed by them; and further, that Payment to be before the delivery of any such iron rails, the payments so deferred shall be secured, by the bonds of said company, with good personal security, to be approved of by the United States district judge for the State of North Carolina, and such authority given in writing to secure the reservation and payment by the Post-Office Department as may be satisfactory by the Secretary aforesaid.

> SEC. 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That this act be in force from and after its passage: Provided, That this act shall only extend to iron already imported, and to be imported within two years from the passage of this act. APPROVED, April 19, 1850.

CHAP. IX. - An Act for the Relief of Brown & Tarbox.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-General be, and he is hereby, directed to allow and pay to Brown & eral directed to Tarbox, from the revenues of the Post-Office Department, appropriated Tarbox \$804 84 for mail transportation, the sum of eight hundred and four dollars and for mail service. eighty-four cents, for temporary mail service on route number six thousand one hundred and forty-nine, in the State of Texas, from the first day of July to the twenty-third day of October, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, May 6, 1850.

CHAP. XIII. - An Act giving the Assent of Congress to the Leasing of a Portion of the Margin of the Black Warrior River for the Purposes therein mentioned.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress be, and it is hereby, given to the corporation of the city of Tuscaloosa to lease to the Tuscaloosa Plank Road Company so much of the margin of the Black Warrior River at the termination of said Margin of Black road as may be necessary for a warehouse and landing on said river, Warrior River to be used for any thing contained in the act of Congress of the twenty-sixth May, certain purposes. eighteen hundred and twenty-four, "granting to the corporation of Tuscaloosa certain lots and privileges over the reservations and commons in said town," to the contrary notwithstanding.

APPROVED, May 23, 1850.

CHAP. XIV. - An Act for the Relief of Smith and Hersey.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to cause for the payment to be cancelled and given up three several bonds given to the United cancelled and states for the payment of duties, at the port of Portland and Falmouth, given up to States for the payment of duties, at the port of Portland and Falmouth, Smith and Heron merchandize imported by Smith and Hersey, of the city of Port- sey. land, in Maine, to wit: the first numbered twenty-four, signed by Smith and Hersey and Lewis Mitchell, and dated March eighth, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, on which is due and unpaid the sum of one thousand and fifty-four dollars and eight cents: the second, numbered twenty-eight, signed by Smith and Hersey and Eli Sargent, and dated March eleventh, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, on which is due and unpaid the sum of four hundred and ninety-four dollars and forty-eight cents; the third, numbered ninety-three, signed by Smith and Hersey and Nathaniel Gordon, and dated June third, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, on which is due and unpaid the sum of five hundred and eight dollars and twenty cents, making in the aggregate the sum of two thousand and fifty-six dollars and seventy-six cents, which bonds were given for the duties on three cargoes of molasses, imported by Smith and Hersey, in the brig Elmira and barque Maria Hersey; six hundred and seven hogsheads thereof, on which the duties amount to the said sum of two thousand and fifty-six dollars and seventysix cents, having been destroyed by fire on the ninth day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, while in warehouse, and under the exclusive control of the government: Provided, That satisfactory evidence shall be produced to the Secretary of the Treasury of the destruction of the said molasses as aforesaid.

Approved, May 23, 1850.

May 6, 1850.

The P. M. Gen-

May 23, 1850.

1824, ch. 193.

May 23, 1850.

Certain bonds to

797

May 23, 1850.

CHAP. XV. - An Act to authorize the issuing of a Register to the Barque " Cornicallis."

Register thorized to to the given

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the au. United States of America in Congress assembled. That there be issued. be under direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a register for the barque Cornwal- barque Cornwallis, formerly a British vessel, called the "Cornwallis, of Cornwallis, of Nova Scotia," of the burthen of about three hundred and twelve tons; which vessel was stranded on the eastern part of the Island of Nantucket, when on a voyage from Halifax, Nova Scotia, to New York city, in October, eighteen hundred and forty-nine. That said vessel, after much labor, was got off and carried into the harbor of Nantucket, where she was thoroughly repaired, and placed in a condition to be sea-worthy in all respects, and after such repairs, was carried to New York, where she now lies. She is owned by Thomas S. Winslow, an American citizen, resident of said city of New York : Provided, That it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury, that the cost of the repairs of said vessel made in the United States, subsequently to her shipwreck aforesaid, exceeds three fourths of her value after having been so repaired. APPROVED, May 23, 1850.

June 5, 1850.

dollars appropriated for relief of Jesse Sutton.

CHAP. XVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Jesse Sutton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the One thousand United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury pay to Jesse Sutton, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of one thousand dollars, for services rendered, and coal, iron, and steel furnished the Texas Indians, as public blacksmith, from the twentieth of May, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the twentieth of May, eighteen hundred and fortyseven.

APPROVED, June 5, 1850.

June 17, 1850.

in a specified tract of land, and

Proviso.

viso.

CHAP. XXI. - An Act for the Relief of James T. Shackleford.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Title confirmed United States of America in Congress assembled, That James T. a specified Shackleford, of the State of Alabama, be, and he is hereby, confirmed in the following described tract of land, to wit: the south-east quarter tract of land, and patent to be is-sued therefor to of section number sixteen, in township numbered seventeen, in range J. T. Shackle-numbered one west, in the district of lands subject to entry at the land office at Demopolis, in the said State of Alabama, and that the commissioner of the general land office, upon the passage of this act, shall issue a patent for the same : *Provided*, The said commissioner shall be first satisfied that the said James T. Shackleford has purchased the interest in the said tract of land of the person who originally entered the Further pro- same : And provided, further, That the said patent shall operate only as a relinquishment on the part of the United States of all right and title to the said land.

Approved, June 17, 1850.

July 18, 1850.

CHAP. XXVI. - An Act for the Relief of William B. Crews.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Accounting offi-cers of the treas-United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting ury directed to officers of the treasury be, and they are hereby, directed to ascertain

whether William B. Crews has been paid for all military services ren- accertain whethdered by him to the United States, from the eighth of August, eighteen er William B. hundred and thirty-seven, to February fourteen, eighteen hundred and paid for his milithirty-eight, by examining the proper officers and other persons, as well tary services, &c. as the proper rolls of the company to which he belonged. And the Secretary of the Treasury is directed to pay, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to said Crews, such sum of money as may be found his due: Provided, The same does not exceed the sum of eighty dollars, and the same shall be in full of all claims by amount not to said Crews against the United States.

APPROVED, July 18, 1850.

CHAP. XXXII. - An Act for the Relief of Jacob Zimmerman.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Ja- man allowed a cob Zimmerman on the roll of invalid pensioners, at the rate of eight pension of \$8 per month. dollars per month, to commence on the twenty-fifth day of April. eighteen hundred and forty-eight, and continue during his natural life.

APPBOVED, July 29, 1850.

CHAP. XXXIII. - An Act for the Relief of Richard H. Barrett.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Richard H. Barrett shall be entitled to the north-east quarter, section twenty-eighth, issue to R. H. Barrett for a township ten, south range twenty-six east, in the St. Augustine district quarter in the State of Florida : Provided, That it shall not interfere with any of land. other private claimant, and that a patent for the same shall be issued accordingly.

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

CHAP. XXXIV. - An Act to refund the Fine imposed on the late Dr. Thomas Cooper, under the Sedition Law, to his Heirs.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to re- to heirs of Dr. Thomas Cooper, fund to the heirs of Thomas Cooper, deceased, out of any money in with interest. the treasury not otherwise appropriated, four hundred dollars, being the fine imposed upon the said Thomas Cooper under the sedition law passed the fourteenth day of July, seventeen hundred and ninety-eight, together with interest thereon, at the rate of six per centum per annum from the first day of November, eighteen hundred, until paid.

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

CHAP. XXXV. - An Act for the Relief of Joseph P. Williams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the entry of the south-west quarter of section twenty-five, in township number thirteen, north, of range ten east, in the district of lands subject to sale at Helena, in the State of Arkansas, by Joseph P. Williams, of the county of Mississippi and State aforesaid, be, and the same is hereby, conJuly 29, 1850.

Proviso: whole

exceed \$80.

Jacob Zimmer-

July 29, 1850.

Land patent to section Proviso.

July 29, 1850.

Fine refunded

July 29, 1850.

Land title confirmed to J. P Williams.

Proviso.

firmed : Provided, That, before this act shall take effect, the said Joseph P. Williams shall surrender to the commissioner of the general land office Choctaw certificate number thirteen, and Cherokee preemption certificate number eighty-eight, or, in such manner as the said commissioner shall direct, secure the government against the validity of the same, and prove, also, that there are no conflicting claims to said land.

APPROVED, July 29, 1850.

Aug. 10, 1850.

CHAP. XXXVI. - An Act for the Relief of Benjamin P. Smith.

Smith.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Pension of \$4 United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of permonth grant-to B. P. Benjamin P. Smith, a drafted soldier of the New York militia, in the service of the United States, during the late war with Great Britain, be placed on the roll of invalid pensions at the rate of four dollars per month, commencing on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty, to continue during his natural life. APPROVED, August 10, 1850.

Aug. 10, 1850. CHAP. XXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of William Maxwell, late Marshal for the District of Georgia.

cancelled.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A judgment United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-against William Maxwell to be General be, and he is hereby, required to cause to be cancelled and satisfied, upon the records of the District Court of the United States for the district of of Georgia, a judgment rendered in behalf of the United States of America, against William Maxwell, late marshal for the district of Georgia, for the sum of one hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty cents, with interest from the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three, which judgment was rendered against him in the said District Court, on the twenty-ninth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty; and that the said William Maxwell be, and he is hereby, forever relieved and discharged from the same.

APPROVED, August 10, 1850.

Aug. 10, 1850.

CHAP. XXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Isaac Seymour.

per month granted to Isaac Seymour.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Pension of \$8 United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be authorized, and is hereby required, to place the name of Isaac Seymour, of the State of Mississippi, on the invalid pension roll, at the rate of eight dollars per month, to commence on the first day of June, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 10, 1850.

Aug. 17, 1850.

Brown.

CHAP. XLI. - An Act for the Relief of Eliphas C. Brown.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A pension of per month United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of allowed to E. C. Eliphas C. Brown, a soldier in the service of the United States during

the war in Florida, be placed on the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of eight dollars a month, commencing the first of January, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 17, 1850.

CHAP. XLII. - An Act for the further Relief of John Mitchell.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the pension allowed to John Mitchell, by the act for his relief, approved the 29th day John Mitchell of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, be increased, and per month. that he be paid, semi-annually, from and after the fifteenth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, at the rate of twenty dollars per month, during his life; and the Secretary of War is hereby required to make said payment accordingly.

APPROVED, August 17, 1850.

CHAP. XLV. - An Act for the Relief of Camfield Averill.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of United States of America in Congress assembled, I have have been a state of New York, in \$8 per month al-Camfield Averill, a drafted militia man, of the State of New York, in \$8 per month al-lowed Camfield the service of the United States, during the war with Great Britain, be lowed Averill. placed on the roll of invalid pensions, at the rate of eight dollars a month, commencing July first, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, August 30, 1850.

CHAP. XLVI. - An Act for the Relief of Al-lo-lah and his legal Representatives and their Grantees.

Whereas, in the survey and location of the section of land granted to "Al-lo-lah," by the twelfth article of the treaty concluded at the Forks of the Wabash, Indiana, on the sixth November, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and ratified February eighth, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, between the United States and the Miami tribe of Indians, a mistake was made, whereby the same was located below and adjoining the section granted to Mais-shir-goim Mi-yah, and on the same creek, and not above, as required by the provisions of said treaty; and whereas, since the erroneous location of said reserve, the section described in said treaty has been sold and conveyed to bona fide purchasers by the United States; and whereas, since the death of said Al-lo-lah, his legal heirs have sold and conveyed their interest in said reservation to Cot-te-se-pawn and his heirs -

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the title of the The title to cerlawful heirs of Cot-te-se-pawn in and to the reserve situate in township tain land to be twenty-seven, north of range seven east of the second principal merid- heirs of Cot-teian, Indiana, surveyed and designated as survey number twenty-one, se-pawn containing six hundred and forty acres, according to the map of Indian Al-lo-lah. grants certifyed by the surveyor-general on the second of September, A. D. eighteen hundred and forty, be confirmed as fully and effectually as if the same had been originally reserved to Al-lo-lah by the treaty Patent to issue above recited; and that upon the surrender of the patent heretofore issued to the said Al-lo-lah, another patent be issued therefor to Cotte-se-pawn and to his heirs : Provided, however, That the said land Vol. IX. PRIV. - 20

Aug. 17, 1850.

Pension

Aug. 30, 1850.

Aug. 30, 1850.

Preamble.

as to

Proviso.

remain subject to such contracts and liabilities as may have lawfully accrued against and upon the same during the life-time of the said Cot. te-se-pawn.

APPROVED, August 30, 1850.

Sept. 9, 1850. CHAP. XLVIII. — An Act to grant a Register to the Barque Jas. Patton, Jun'r, now the Grenadien Barque "Bogota."

to issue.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the A new register United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to grant a register to the barque Jas. Patton, Jun'r., owned by Mr. Benson, an American citizen, residing in the city of New York: Provided, It shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that the aforesaid barque Jas. Patton, Jun'r., is an American built vessel, formerly owned by the said John Benson, and conveyed by him to foreign owners under the name "Bogota;" but subsequently re-transferred to him, the terms of the sale aforesaid not having been complied with.

APPROVED, September 9, 1850.

Sept. 16, 1850.

CHAP. LVII. - An Act for the Relief of Winthrop S. Harding.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the notes or bonds against Winthrop S. Harding, one of the sureties of Benjamin W. S. Harding to be credited with the sum of Rush Gantt, be credited with the sum of two thousand one hundred and ten dollars, being the amount of money received by the United States belonging to said Gantt, and which should be allowed him on said judgment.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That said Harding be exempted from the payment of interest on the notes executed by him in favor of the United States for the balance due by him as surety of Benjamin Rush Gantt : Provided, Said notes be punctually paid.

APPROVED, September 16, 1850.

Sept. 16, 1850.

CHAP. LVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Skelton Felton.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be required to place the name of Skelton Felton upon the roll of invalid pensioners, and that the said Felton be entitled to receive the sum of ten dollars per month during his natural life, to commence on the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty. APPROVED, September 16, 1850.

Sept. 16, 1850.

CHAP. LIX. - An Act for the Relief of Sarah Jane West.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Sarah Jane Extra pay, etc., due to her de-ceased husband, West, the widow of Gardner West, who was a musician in Patrick H regiment of Kentucky volunteers, (company K, of Col. William's granted her. and two and a half months pay, to which her deceased husband was

A pension of \$10 per month allowed Skelton Felton.

Exempt from the payment of interest.

\$2110.

Proviso.

entitled at the time of his death; and the commissioner of pensions is directed to issue to her a certificate for one hundred and sixty acres of land, and to place her name upon the pension roll, and allow the five years pension, payable to the widows of deceased soldiers who served in the war with Mexico, by virtue of the act of July twenty-one, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, commencing at that time.

Approved, September 16, 1850.

CHAP. LXII. — An Act giving the Assent of the United States to an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at the December Session, eighteen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and eighty-seven.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the assent of the United States be, and the same is hereby, given to the act of the Chesapeake and ohio Canal Comgeneral assembly of Maryland, passed at its December session, eigh- pany. teen hundred and forty-four, chapter two hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act supplementary to an act entitled 'An Act to amend the act incorporating the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Company,' passed at December session, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, chapter two hundred and ninety-seven," and to each and every provision thereof; and that the same be, and are hereby, extended to so much of the said canal as lies within the District of Columbia, in as full and effectual a manner as if the several provisions aforesaid were hereby formally enacted.

APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

CHAP. LXVI. - An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act for the Relief of D. A. Watterston.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act en-titled "An Act for the relief of D. A. Watterston," approved August ston to be paid fourteen, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, be so modified penses instead of and construed as to make the sum therein specified payable to said salary. 1848, ch. 208. Watterston for travelling expenses incurred while acting as assistant surveyor of Louisiana, during the fourth quarter of eighteen hundred and forty-four, and the first quarter of eighteen hundred and forty-five, instead of for his salary during that time, as is erroneously provided by said act.

APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

CHAP. LXVII. - An Act for the Relief of Leuright Browning.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary A pension al-of the Interior be authorized to place the name of Leuright Browning, version Leuright widow of the late Lieutenant Robert L. Browning, on the list of naval Browning. pensions; and that she be allowed, annually, for the period of five years, the pension now provided by law for the widows of lieutenants of the navy who die in service; said pension to commence the twelfth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

APPROVED, September 20, 1850

Sept. 20, 1850.

Relating to the

Sept. 20, 1850.

Sept. 20, 1850.

Sept. 20, 1850.

CHAP. LXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of Captain Nathan Adams, of Tennessee.

cers of the creasury author-N. Adams.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Accounting of- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper acthe counting officers of the treasury settle and adjust the account of Capized to settle this tain Nathan Adams, on the principles of justice and equity, and admit account of Capt. to his credit such sums, not exceeding three hundred and thirty-five dollars and two cents, as shall be proved to their satisfaction to have been expended in the service of the United States in the guartermaster's department, pertaining to the war with Mexico

APPROVED, September 20, 1850.

Sept. 26, 1850. CHAP. LXXIV. - An Act to authorize Thomas Ginnatty to hold and transmit certain Real Estate.

Thomas Ginnatty authorized to hold and conof Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Thomas Ginnatty, a native of Ireland, but now a resident in the city of Washingvey certain real ton, in the District of Columbia, be, and he is hereby, authorized to estate in the city hold, convey, and transmit certain real estate bounded as follows, to wit: "All that piece and parcel of ground situated in the city of Washington, and known and designated on the ground plan thereof, as part of lot numbered five (5) in square numbered two hundred and fifty-seven, (257), being thirty-seven (37) feet front on Fourteenth Street, and running back to the depth of seventy-five (75) feet, being the north part of said lot number five, (5), together with the buildings and im provements, rights, privileges, and appurtenances to the same belonging," as per deed of the same from Andrew J. Joice and wife, on record in said city - reference being had to said deed bearing date on the eighth day of May, anno Domini eighteen hundred and fifty, in the same manner as though he was a native citizen of the United States and that if the said Thomas Ginnatty should die, leaving a widow, she shall be endowed thereof according to law.

APPROVED, September 26, 1850.

Sept. 28, 1850.

Secretary

CHAP. LXXXIII. - An Act for the Payment of a Company of Indian Volunteers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary War authorized of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to cause to be to pay a spy com-pany of Indian paid to the spy company of Indian mounted volunteers (Shawnees and volunteers, mus-tered by Colonel Delawares) called and mustered into the service of the United States by Colonel W. S. Harney, United States army, on the first day of June, Harney into the service of U.S. eighteen hundred and forty-six, and discharged the thirty-first day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one day's pay and allowances for every day held in service under said muster, and the usual travelling allowances, according to rates established for volunteers under existing laws; and the sum of four thousand dollars is hereby appropriated for this object, out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS. SESS. I. CH. 87, 88, 89. 1850

CHAP. LXXXVII. - An Act for the Relief of Charles Stuart.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United

States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is, authorized and required to pay, out of any money to be paid Charles Stuart money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to Charles Stuart, as he is entitled late a private in company K, of the seventh regiment of New York to. volunteers, commanded by Colonel Stevenson, generally known as the California regiment, such sum as he would have been entitled to receive for pay, rations, and clothing, from the time he enlisted in said company to his return to Norfolk, on the 8th October, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, had he remained with said regiment during that time.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

CHAP. LXXXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of William Paddy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary United States of America in Congress assemblea, I hat the Secretary A person of of War be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to place the name \$8 per month alof William Paddy, of the State of New York, on the roll of invalid Paddy. pensioners; and that he be allowed a pension of eight dollars a month, from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

CHAP. LXXXIX. - An Act for the Relief of William Whicher.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of William Whicher, of Canterbury, in the State of New Hampshire, on the Whicher. roll of invalid pensioners, and pay to him a pension at the rate of eight dollars per month, from the first day of January, eighteen hundred and fifty, to continue during his natural life.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

Sept. 28, 1850.

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Sept. 28, 1850

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Sept. 28, 1850.

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RESOLUTIONS.

Feb. 12, 1850. [No. 3.] - A Resolution directing the Accounting Officers of the Treasury to adjust the Account of Newton Lane, late Pension Agent at Louisville, Kentucky.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Accounting of States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the of the treasury be, and they are hereby, directed, in adjusting the ed to adjust the account of Newton Lane, late pension agent at Louisville, Kentucky, account of New- to place to the credit of the said Newton Lane the entire amount paid by him to the heirs of Mary Edwards, deceased, the same having been paid in conformity with the directions of the commissioner of pensions, as conveyed upon the face of a certificate of pension issued by said commissioner to said Mary Edwards on the eleventh day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-nine.

APPROVED, February 12, 1850.

May 1, 1850.

[No. 6.] - A Resolution to extend the Provisions of a "Joint Resolution for the Benefit of Frances Slocum and her Children and Grandchildren, of the Miami Tribe of Indians," approved March third, one thousand eight hundred and fortyfive, to certain other Individuals of the same Tribe.

Provisions of the joint resolution of March 3, 1845, extended herein.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the above-mentioned joint resolution be, and the same are hereby, extended to persons and to the following persons and their families and their descendants, to families named wit, Me-ze-quoh, Pe-she-woh, O-san-di-ah, Al-lo-luh alias Black Raccoon, Seek, Waw-pi-mung-gwaw, Ko-as-se, Ah-mac-con-ze-quoh, Mah-kit-e-mung-gwaw, Young Revoir alias Shap-pe-ne-maw, Peter Longlois and Elizabeth Longlois, who are all residents of the State of Indiana.

Approved, May 1, 1850.

Aug. 10, 1850. [No. 12.] - A Resolution for the Settlement of Accounts with the Heirs and Representatives of Colonel Pierce M. Butler, late Agent for the Cherokee Indians.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United To be released States of America in Congress assembled, That any balance appearing ance appearing against him, as for the Cherokee Indians, be, and the same is hereby, released, upon agent of Chero- the condition that the heirs and representatives of said Butler shall See Res. 14, release all claims against the government growing out of his services as such agent, or as commissioner to treat with certain Indian tribes. APPROVED, August 10, 1850.

kee Indians. post.

ficers of the treasury directton Lane.

[No. 14.] - A Resolution for the Settlement of Accounts with the Heirs and Representatives of Colonel Pierce M. Butler, late Agent for the Cherokee Indians.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That any balance appearing to be due upon a settlement of the accounts of P. M. Butler, late agent accounts of P. for the Cherokee Indians, and agent for paying pensions at Fort Gibson, Arkansas, be, and the same is hereby, released, upon the condition ante. that the heirs and representatives of said Butler shall release all claims against the government growing out of his services, as such agent, or as commissioner to treat with certain Indian tribes.

APPROVED, September 16, 1850.

[No. 18.] - Joint Resolution for the Relief of the Children of Sarah Stokes, deceased.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper officer be, and he hereby is, directed to pay to Jonathan Shelton, administrator of Shelton, administrator o Sarah Stokes, deceased, out of the money appropriated for the payment istrator of Sarah of revolutionary pensions, the sum of three hundred ninety-three dol- Stokes, to be dislars and thirty-two cents, the same being the amount of pension due children. the said Sarah Stokes on the day of her decease, by virtue of an act of Congress passed on the fifth day of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, (excepting what would accrue from March fourth, eighteen hundred forty-one, to March fourth, eighteen hundred fortythree,) to be, by the said Jonathan Shelton, administrator as aforesaid, distributed to the children of said Sarah Stokes, in the same manner as arrearages of pensions are distributed to the children of deceased pensioners.

APPROVED, September 28, 1850.

Sept. 16, 1850.

Settlement of See Res. 12,

Sept. 28, 1850.

A sum to be tributed to her

PRIVATE ACTS OF THE THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the second Session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the 2d day of December, 1850, and ended Monday, the 3d day of March, 1851.

MILLARD FILLMORE, President; WILLIAM R. KING, President of the Senate; HOWELL COBB, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Dec. 24, 1850. CHAP. I. - An Act for the Relief of Gamaliel Taylor (late Marshal of the District of Indiana) and his Sureties.

his sureties retain liabilities.

Legal proceedings against him to be dismissed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Gamalici Tay- United States of America in Congress assembled, That Gamaliel Taylor, marshal, and lor, late marshal of the State of Indiana, together with the sureties on leased from cer- his official bond, dated March fourteenth, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty-six, be, and they are hereby, released from all liability in consequence of the acts of said Gamaliel Taylor, in the levy and execution of a certain "distress warrant," issued from the office of the solicitor of the treasury, on the twenty-eighth day of April, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, directed against James T. Pollock, late receiver at Crawfordsville, Indiana; and that the proper officer of the treasury department be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to dismiss any and all suits that may have been instituted, and are now pending, and to suspend proceedings upon any judgment that may have been rendered in favor of the United States against said Gamaliel Taylor and said sureties, or any one of them, growing out of the execution of said distress warrant.

APPROVED, December 24, 1850.

Jan. 27, 1851. CHAP. III. - An Act to renew and continue in Force the Charter of the "Potomac Insurance Company" of Georgetown.

Potomac Fire Insurance Company and extended. 1831, ch. 90. 1837, ch. 57.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Charter of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act entitled "An Act to incorporate a fire insurance company in Georgetown, in renewed the District of Columbia," approved the second March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, and the act entitled "An Act to amend the charter of the Potomac Fire Insurance Company of Georgetown," approved the third of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, be, and the (808)

same are hereby, reënacted and extended to the first day of March, in the year eighteen hundred and seventy, and until the end of the next session of Congress which shall happen thereafter, until which time the said company may exercise all the powers, and have and enjoy all the privileges and immunities, granted to them by the said original act of incorporation, and the amendment thereto, any thing to the contrary thereof notwithstanding. This act shall commence and be in force from the passage thereof.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the stockholders of said SEC. 2. And be it further endiced, that the stockholders of said bility of the company shall be individually liable for the debts and liabilities of said bility of the stockholders for corporation to an amount equal to the capitol [capital] stock held by the debts of the them respectively: Provided, That such liability shall be confined to company. the stockholders who were anoth when such debts were contracted or liabilities incurred.

APPROVED, January 27, 1851.

CHAP. IV. - An Act for the Relief of Charlotte Lynch.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, there shall be al- made to Char lowed and paid to Charlotte Lynch, only surviving child of Lieutenant Colonel Ebenezer Gray, of the sixth regiment of the Connecticut line, who served in the army of the revolution from the beginning of the war to its close, as an equivalent for the loss sustained by him by the substitution of the commutation certificates, issued in seventeen hundred and eighty-three, for the half pay for life, to which he was entitled under the resolution of Congress of seventeen hundred and eighty, five years' full pay, without interest, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

APPROVED, February 5, 1851.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proviso Proviso in forcontained in the first section of the above-entitled act be, and the same mer act repealed is hereby, repealed. (a)

APPROVED, February 14, 1851.

CHAP. VI. — An Act to authorize the Exchange of a Lot on the military Site of Fort Hamilton, for an equal Quantity of Ground adjoining said Site.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized, under the direction of the part of site of Hamilton, President of the United States, to cause to be exchanged a lot of New York. ground, being part of the site of Fort Hamilton, New York, for an equal quantity of ground lying nearer to said fort, and being more valuable for military purposes.

APPROVED, February 14, 1851.

(a) The proviso thus repealed made it a condition to the confirmation of a purchase of a school lot, and the issuing of a patent therefor, that "the said Durrive shall first procure and file with the register of the district the assent in writing of the commissioners of schools, and a majority of the voters in the township in which said land is situated, to such confirmation."

Vol. IX. Priv. --- 21

This act to take effect from its passage. Individual lia-

Proviso.

Feb. 5, 1851.

Payment to be

Feb. 14, 1851. 1848, ch. 195.

Feb. 14, 1851.

Exchange of

CHAP. V. - An Act to amend an Act entitled " An Act for the Relief of Frederic Durrive," approved August fourteen, eighteen hundred and forty-eight.

Feb. 27, 1851.

CHAP. XV. - An Act for the Relief of Dunning R. McNair.

McNair.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the \$425 to be re- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Postmaster-funded to D. R. General be, and he is hereby, required to pay to Dunning R. McNair, McNair, out of any money in the treasury appropriated to the post-office department, the sum of four hundred and twenty-five dollars, the amount of fines improperly imposed on said McNair, while he was mail contractor on route one thousand one hundred and fifteen, from Bedford to Washington, in the State of Pennsylvania: Provided, however, That if the said McNair shall accept the said sum of four hundred and twenty-five dollars, under the provisions of this act, he shall be forever barred from claiming any other or further sum from this government on account of said service under said contract.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

Feb. 27, 1851. CHAP. XVI. - An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of the late General Walker K. Armistead, of the Army of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the g687,40 to be United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of paid to legal rep- six hundred and eighty-seven dollars and forty cents be, and the same resentatives of Gen. Walker K. is hereby, appropriated to the legal representatives of the late General Walker K. Armistead, of the United States, it being an amount of money which he paid out, for and on account of the army of the United States, whilst in command at Fort Monroe, in the year eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and which was not adjusted with the government, during his life: and that the Secretary of the Treasury cause the same to be paid.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

Feb. 27, 1851.

Payment

Armistead.

CHAP. XVII. - An Act for the Relief of Sayles J. Bowen.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the to United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be allowed Sayles J. Bowen. and paid to Sayles J. Bowen, for his services as clerk in the office of the second auditor of the treasury department, from the first of March, eighteen hundred and forty-six, to the first of July, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, the sum of five hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-three cents, and also the further sum of three hundred and eighty-three dollars and twenty-eight cents, for his services as a clerk in the third auditor's office from the seventeenth day of November, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to the fourth day of April, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

CHAP. XVIII. — An Act for the Relief of the legal Representatives of Robert S. Feb. 27, 1851. Burrough and of Stephen Hopkins.

Payment kins.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the to United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary legal representa-tives of Robert of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to pay to the legal repre-S. Burrough and sentatives of Robert S. Burrough, deceased, and of Stephen Hopkins, Stephen Hop- deceased, formerly weighers of merchandize in the custom house at kins. Providence, Rhode Island, the sum of seven hundred and nine dollars

and eighty-two cents, (without interest,) in full compensation for fees alleged to have been withheld from them by the United States, and which had accrued between the first day of July, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, and the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and five, and shall take their receipts in full therefor.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

CHAP. XIX. - An Act for the Relief of the Widow of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Feb. 27, 1851. William Gray, of Arkansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Allowance to widow of Lt. Col. of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay William Gray. to the widow of Lieutenant-Colonel William Gray, late of Arkansas, the difference of pay and allowances, between a lieutenant-colonel of cavalry, and a lieutenant-colonel of infantry, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

CHAP. XXVII. - An Act for the Relief of Hubert H. Booley.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Hubert H. of the Interior be, and he is hereby, required to place the name of a pension for life Hubert H. Booley on the roll of invalid pensions; and that he pay of \$16 per him, semi-annually, at the rate of sixteen dollars per month, for and month, from Oc-him is a big of the rate of sixteen dollars per month, for and tober 10, 1847. during his life, commencing on the tenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXVIII. - An Act for the Relief of the Administrator of Major Frederick March 3, 1851. D. Mills, deccased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Payment to of the Treasury shall be, and and he is hereby, authorized and directed cock, adminis-to pay to James F. Babcock, administrator of the estate of Major Fred- trator of estate erick D. Mills, late of the fifteenth regiment of the United States in- of Frederick D. Mills. fantry, who was killed in the charge upon a body of the enemy retreating from the field of Churubusco, at the gate of the city of Mexico, on the twentieth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, the value of the horse and equipage of the deceased lost on that occasion, not exceeding two hundred dollars.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXIX. - An Act for the Relief of Joseph D. Ward and Isuac Watts March 3, 1851. Griffith.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Joseph D. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the name of Ward to have a Joseph D. Ward, who was a sergeant in the second regiment of Ken. Pension for life tucky volunteers in the late war with Mexico, be placed on the roll of g20 per invalid pensions at the rate of twenty dollars a month, commencing on June 9, 1847.

March 3, 1851.

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the ninth day of June, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, and to continue during his natural life.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Inte-Watts Griffith to have rior be, and he is hereby, directed to place the name of Isaac Watts a pension of \$16 for Griffith, late a sergeant in the army of the United States, on the penper month for life, from Oct. 28, sion list, at the rate of sixteen dollars per month, to commence on the 1847, in lieu of twenty-eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and fortypresent pension. seven, and to continue during his life, in lieu of the pension to which he is now entitled by law.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XXX. - An Act for the Relief of William Hardin.

Payment William Hardin.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the to United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be paid to William Hardin six hundred dollars, as an indemnity for expenses incurred and moneys paid by him in defending a suit to recover money which he had procured for the use of the government.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851. CHAP. XXXI. - An Act for the Relief of H. J. McClintock, Harrison Gill, and Mansfield Carter.

Payment Harrison Gill.

Payment

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Payment to H. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the superin-J. McClintock. tendent of Indian affirmed a congress assembled, That the superintendent of Indian affairs at Saint Louis be authorized and required to pay to H. J. McClintock the sum of one hundred and forty-two dollars and twenty cents, for his services as farmer for the Sac and Fox Indians at the Great Nemahaw sub-agency, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-six, and for the hire of two hands employed and paid by said to McClintock; also the sum of fifty-eight dollars and sixty-six cents to Harrison Gill, the amount due him for services as assistant farmer for to said Indians at the same place; also the sum of eighty-nine dollars Mansfield Car- and thirty-three cents to Mansfield Carter for his services as assistant blacksmith for said Indians, at the same place and time; and for this purpose, the sum of two hundred and ninety dollars and twenty cents be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated. APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XLV. — An Act for the Relief of the American Colonization Society.

Settlement of claim of the American Colonization Society for Africans of the barque Pons.

Proviso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the t of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary the of the Treasury be, and is hereby, authorized and required, upon equitable principles, to settle the claim of the American Colonization Society for the support and maintenance, in Liberia, of the Africans recaptured on board the barque Pons, and for all supplies furnished them of every description, and for medical attention, and to pay the amount which he may find so to be due to the said society, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, provided the same shall not exceed fifty dollars per head. APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

Isaac

THIRTY-FIRST CONGRESS. SESS. II. CH. 46, 47. 1851.

CHAP. XLVI. - An Act for the Relief of Cincinnatus Trousdale and John G. March 3, 1851. Connelley, of Arkansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the treasury audit and pay to Cincinnatus Trousdale, late acting adjutant, and John G. Connelley, late acting quarter- ley. master and commissary, of the mounted rifle battalion of Arkansas Volunteers, lately in the service of the United States, commanded by Major Solon Borland, the same rate of pay and allowances, for the time beginning September twenty-sixth and ending November eighteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, as is now allowed by law to officers of the United States army holding commissions equal in grade to the nominal acting appointments temporarily filled by said Trousdale and said Connelley, respectively.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

CHAP. XLVII. - An Act to grant to the New Haven and New London Railroad March 3, 1851. Company the Right of Way through the Custom-House Lot in New London.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of way for a railroad shall be, and is hereby, granted to the New Haven granted over Custom House and New London Railroad Company, over and across the lot of land Lot in New Haknown as the Custom-House Lot, in the city of New London, in the ven. State of Connecticut : Provided, That the route of said railroad shall be laid over the water line of said lot, in the rear of the custom-house, route. and at a suitable distance from the buildings and fixtures of the United States, and in such manner as not to injure said property, and shall be located under the direction of the collector of customs of the port of New London. And the route of said road shall be surveyed and designated, and a copy of the notes of survey, and a plat and description of the location thereof, with the approval of said collector, shall be transmitted within six months to the Secretary of the Treasury, and thereupon the same shall be held for the use of said company for the purpose aforesaid, and no other.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the grants herein contained, and all rights and privileges secured hereby, shall cease and upon the above determine unless the road be begun and completed within one year thereafter; and if the said road shall at any time after its completion be discontinued or abandoned by said company, the grants hereby made, and all rights and privileges hereby secured, shall cease and determine.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

Payment to C. Trousdale and John G. Connel-

Right of way over

Proviso as to

Limitation grant.

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RESOLUTIONS.

Feb. 27, 1851.

[No. 3.] - A Resolution providing for an Adjustment of the Accounts of John D. Colmesneil, President of the Ohio and Mississippi Mail Line Company.

accounts of J. D. Colmesneil, sippi Mail Line Cô.

Payment of found amount due.

1825, ch. 64.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Settlement of States of America in Congress assembled. That the auditor of the treasury for the post-office department be, and he is hereby, authorized and D. Colmesnell, president of the directed to audit and adjust the account of John D. Colmesnell, president Ohio and Mississ- of the Ohio and Mississippi Mail Line Company, for transporting the mails of the United States on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers, between Louisville and New Orleans, and intermediate points, during the season of steamboat navigation, between the fifteenth day of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, and the fifteenth day of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-three; and upon ascertaining the amount of service actually rendered by said company in the transportation of the mail as aforesaid, the said auditor shall pay to the said John D. Colmesneil, for the use of himself and associates, out of any funds appropriated for the transportation of the mails, the sum which may be found justly and equitably due to said company: Provided, That said sum shall not exceed the rate of allowance fixed by the fifth section of the act of March three, eighteen hundred and twenty-five.

APPROVED, February 27, 1851.

March 3, 1851. [No. 7.] - A Resolution in relation to the Accounts of John De Neufville and Son.

counts of John Son.

Proviso.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Settlement and States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the payment of ac- Treasury be, and he is hereby, directed to examine and adjust the De Neufville & accounts of John De Neufville and Son, merchants of Amsterdam, with the United States, and pay any balance which may be found to be due to said firm, to the party or parties legally entitled to receive the same : Provided, That the amount to be paid shall not exceed the sum of eight thousand seven hundred and sixty seven dollars and sixty cents, with interest from the thirty-first day of May, seventeen hundred and eighty-two, to the first day of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, at the rate of five per centum per annum, deducting all payments heretofore made.

APPROVED, March 3, 1851.

TREATIES.

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THE

TREATIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

CONVENTION WITH PERU,

FOR THE SATISFACTION OF CLAIMS OF AMERICAN CITIZENS, &c.

THE United States of America and the Republic of Peru, desirous of consolidating permanently the good understanding and friendship now happily existing between the parties, have resolved to arrange and terminate their differences and pretensions, by means of a Convention that shall determine exactly the responsibilities of Peru, with respect to the claims of certain citizens of the United States against her : And with this intention, the President of the United States has appointed James C. Pickett, Chargé d'Affaires of said States near Peru, and his Excellency the President of the Republic of Peru has appointed Don Manuel del Rio, principal officer of the Department of Finance, acting minister of the same Department, and supernumerary Councillor of State; and both Commissioners, after having exchanged their powers, have agreed upon and signed the following articles : ----

ARTICLE I.

The Peruvian Government, in order to make full satisfaction for various claims of citizens of the United States, on account of seizures, captures, detentions, sequestrations and confiscations of their vessels, or for the damage and destruction of them, of their cargoes, or other property, at sea, and in the ports and territories of Peru, by order of said Government of Peru, or under its authority, has stipulated to pay to the United States the sum of three hundred thousand dollars, which shall be distributed among the claimants, in the manner and according to the rules that shall be prescribed by the Gov- thereof. ernment of the United States.

ARTICLE II.

The sum of three hundred thousand dollars, which the Government of Peru has agreed to pay, in the preceding article, shall be paid at Lima, in ten equal annual instalments of thirty thousand dollars each, ments. to the person or persons that may be appointed by the United States to receive it. The first instalment shall be paid on the first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and an instalment on the first day of each succeeding January, until the whole sum of three hundred thousand dollars shall be paid.

VOL. IX. TREAT. -1

March 17, 1841.

Proclamation January 8, 1847. Ratifications exchanged яt October Lima, 31 1846.

Preamble. Negotiators.

The · Peruvian Government to pay \$300,000, to satisfy the claims of American citizens for captures, detentions, sequestrations, &c., of their property. Distribution

To be paid at Lima in ten equal annual instal

⁽⁸¹⁵⁾

ARTICLE III.

The Peruvian Government agrees, also, to pay interest on the before mentioned sum of three hundred thousand dollars, at the rate of four per centum per annum, to be computed from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and the interest accruing on each instalment shall be paid with the instalment. That is to say, interest shall be paid on each annual instalment, from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two.

ARTICLE IV.

All the annual payments made on account of the three hundred thousand dollars, shall be paid in hard dollars, of the same standard and value as those now coined at the mint in Lima, and the annual payments, as well as the accruing interest, may be exported from Peru free of all duty whatever.

ARTICLE V.

There shall not be demanded of the Government of Peru any other payment or indemnification, on account of any claim of the citizens of the United States, that was presented to it by Samuel Larned, Esquire, when Chargé d'Affaires of the United States near Peru. But the claims subsequent to those presented by Mr. Larned to the Government of Peru, shall be examined and acted upon hereafter.

ARTICLE VI.

It is further agreed, that the Peruvian Government shall have the option of paying each annual instalment, when it is due, with orders on the custom-house at Callao, which shall be endorsable in sums of any amount, and receivable in the treasury as cash, in payment of duties on importations of all kinds; and the orders shall be given in such a manner as that, in case similar orders shall be at a discount in the market, the full value of each annual payment shall be secured and made good to the United States, as though it had been paid in cash, at the time of its falling due; and any loss occasioned by discount, or delay in the collection, shall be borne and made good by the Peruvian Government.

ARTICLE VII.

This Convention shall be ratified by the contracting parties, and the ratifications shall be exchanged within two years from its date, or sooner, if possible, after having been approved by the President and Senate of the United States, and by the Congress of Peru.

In witness whereof, the respective Commissioners have signed the same, and affixed thereto their seals.

Done in triplicate at the city of Lima, this seventeenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-one.

> J. C. PICKETT, [L. S.] MANUEL DEL RIO, [L. S.]

What indemnities may and inay not be demanded from the Government of Peru.

How each annual instalment may be paid, &c.

Convention sublect to ratification. Ratifications to be exchanged within two years from date.

Signed at Lima 17th March, 1841

Annual payments to be made in hard dollars, &c.

Interest --- how

to be computed and paid. [Norz.— The foregoing treaty is published in Foreign Treaties, Vol. I. p. 570. The reason for publishing it again, appears in the following extract from the proclamation of the President, of January 8, 1847:—

"And whereas the seventh article of the said Convention required that the ratifications of the contracting parties should be exchanged within two years from its date, which provision was not observed by the said parties, owing to delays in the ratification rendering such exchange impracticable within the time stipulated; and whereas it appears that the duly constituted authorities of the Republic of Peru did, on the 21st of October, 1845, by law, approve in all respects the said Convention, with the condition, however, that the first annual instalment of thirty thousand dollars on account of the principal of the debt recognized thereby, and to which the second article relates, should begin from the 1st of January, 1846, and the interest on this annual sum, according to Article III., should be calculated and paid from the 1st of January, 1842; and whereas the said Convention, and the aforesaid modification thereof, have been duly ratified, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged in the city of Lima on the 31st day of October last, by Albert G. Jewett on the part of the United States, and Manuel del Rio on the part of the Republic of Peru:

^c Now, therefore, be it known, that I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, have caused the said Convention, and the modification thereof, to be made public, to the end that the same, and every article and clause thereof, may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof."]

Ratifications not having been exchanged within the time prescribed by the 7th article, the constituted authorities of Peru did, on 21st October, 1845, approve of said convention with certain conditions.

Ratifications ex changed 31st October, 1846.

Proclaimed 8th January, 1847.

CONVENTION WITH HESSE CASSEL. Максн 26, 1844.

CONVENTION WITH HESSE CASSEL.

March 26, 1844.

Proclamation, May 8, 1845. Ratifications exchanged at Berlin, Oct. 16, at 1844.

Proamble.

Negotiators.

Convention for the mutual Abolition of the Droit d'Aubaine and Taxes on Emigration between the United States of America and the Grand Duchy of Hesse.

THE United States of America, on the one part, and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, on the other part, being equally desirous of removing the restrictions which exist in their territories upon the acquisition and transfer of property by their respective citizens and subjects, have agreed to enter into negotiation for this purpose.

For the attainment of this desirable object, the President of the United States of America has conferred full powers on Henry Wheaton, their Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of His Majesty the King of Prussia, and His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse upon Baron Schaeffer-Bernstein, his Chamberlain, Colonel, Aid-de-camp, and Minister Resident near His Majesty the King of Prussia, who, after having exchanged their said full powers, found in due and proper form, have agreed to the following articles: --

ARTICLE I.

Droit d'aubaine and taxes on emigration abolished.

Every kind of droit d'aubaine, droit de retraite, and droit de détraction, or tax on emigration, is, hereby, and shall remain, abolished, between the two contracting parties, their states, citizens, and subjects, respectively.

ARTICLE II.

Where, on the death of any person holding real property within the territories of one party, such real property would, by the laws of the land, descend on a subject or citizen of the other, were he not disqualified by alienage, such | pays, à un citoyen ou sujet de

Convention pour l'Abolition mutuelle du Droit d'Aubaine et des Taxes sur l'Emigration entre les Etats-Unis d'Amerique et le Grand Duché de Hesse.

Les Etats-Unis d'Amérique, d'une part, et Son Altesse Royale le Grand Duc de Hesse, de l'autre part, désirant également d'ecarter les restrictions qui existent actuellement dans leurs territoires sur l'acquisition et l'aliénation des biens, par leurs citoyens et sujets respectifs, sont convenus dans ce but d'entrer en negociation.

Pour atteindre ce but désirable, le Président des Etats-Unis d'Amérique a muni de pleins pouvoirs le Sieur Henry Wheaton, leur Envoyé Extraordinaire et Ministre Plenipotentiare près la Cour de Sa Majesté le Roi de Prusse, et Son Altesse Royale le Grand Duc de Hesse a muni de pleins pouvoirs Monsieur le Baron de Schaeffer-Bernstein, son Chambellan, Colonel, et Aide-de-Camp, et Son Ministre Résident près Sa Majesté le Roi de Prusse, lesquels, après avoir échangés leurs pleins pouvoirs, trouvés en bonne et due forme, ont arrêtés les articles suivans : ----

ARTICLE, I.

Toute espèce de droit d'aubaine, droit de retraite, et droit de détraction, ou impôt d'emigration, est et demeurera aboli, entre les deux parties contractantes, leurs états, citoyens, et sujets, respectifs.

ARTICLE II.

Si, par la mort de quelque personne possédant des immeubles ou biens-fonds sur le territoire de l'une des parties contractantes, ces immeubles ou biens-fonds venaient à passer, selon les lois du

Heirs of real property allowed to sell the same and withdraw the proceeds.

citizen or subject shall be allowed [a term of two years to sell the same, --- which term may be reasonably prolonged, according to circumstances, - and to withdraw the proceeds thereof, without molestation, and exempt from all duties of detraction on the part of the government of the respective states.

ARTICLE III.

The citizens or subjects of each of the contracting parties shall have power to dispose of their personal property within the states of the other, by testament, donation, or otherwise; and their heirs, being citizens or subjects of the other contracting party, shall succeed to their said personal property, whether by testament or ab intestato, and may take possession thereof, either by themselves or by others acting for them, and dispose of the same at their pleasure, paying such duties only as the inhabitants of the country where the said property lies shall be liable to pay in like cases.

ARTICLE IV.

In case of the absence of the heirs, the same care shall be taken, provisionally, of such real or personal property as would be taken. in a like case, of property belonging to the natives of the country, until the lawful owner, or the person who has a right to sell the same, according to article second. may take measures to receive or dispose of the inheritance.

ARTICLE V.

If any dispute should arise between different claimants to the same inheritance, they shall be decided, in the last resort, according to the laws and by the judges of the country where the property is situated.

ARTICLE VI.

This Convention shall be ratified by the President of the United States of America, by and with d'Amérique, par et avec l'avis et the advice and consent of their le consentement de leur Sénat, et

l'autre partie, celui-ci, si par sa qualité d'étranger il est inhabile à les posséder, obtiendra un délai de deux ans, qui, d'après les circonstances, pourra être convénablement prolongé, pour les vendre, et pour en retirer le produit, sans obstacle, et exempte de tout droit de retenue de la part du gouvernement des états respectifs.

ARTICLE III.

Les citoyens ou sujets de chacune des parties contractantes au-ront, dans les états de l'autre, la or donation, or liberté de disposer de leurs biens otherwise. mobiliers, soit par testament, donation, ou autrement; et leurs heritiers, étant citoyens ou sujets de l'autre partie contractante, succéderont à leur biens, soit en vertu d'un testament ou ab intestato. et ils pourront en prendre possession, soit en personne, soit par d'autres agissant en leur place, et en disposeront à leur volonté, en ne payant d'autres droits que ceux auxquels les habitans du pays où se trouvent les dits biens sont assujettis en pareille occasion.

ARTICLE IV.

En cas d'absence des heritiers, Property or au-sent heirs to be on prendra provisoirement des taken care of. dits biens mobiliers ou immobiliers les mêmes soins qu'on aurait pris, en pareille occasion, des biens des natifs du pays, jusqu'à ce que le propriétaire légitime, ou la personne qui a le droit de les vendre, d'après l'article deux, ait agreé des arrangemens pour recueiller l'héritage ou en disposer

ARTICLE V.

S'il s'élève des contestations entre différens pretendans, ayant droit à la succession, elles seront décidées, en dernier ressort, selon les lois et par les juges du pays où la succession est vacante.

ARTICLE VI.

Cette Convention sera ratifiée par le Président des Etats-Unis

Personal prop-

Duties on disposal of personal property the same as paid by inhabitants.

Disputes concerning inheritances to be de-cided by the local laws.

Convention to be ratified, &c.

Senate, and by His Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Hesse, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Berlin, within the term of six months from the date of the signature hereof, or sooner, if possible.

In faith of which, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the above articles, both in French and English, and have thereto affixed their seals; declaring, nevertheless, that the signing in both languages shall not hereafter be cited as a precedent, nor in any way operate to the prejudice of the contracting parties.

Done in quadruplicata, in the city of Berlin, on the twenty-sixth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and the sixty-eighth of the Independence of the United States of America.

BARON DE SCHAEFFER-BERNSTEIN. [L. S.] par Son Altesse Royale le Grand Duc de Hesse, et les ratifications en seront échangés à Berlin, dans l'espace de six mois, à dater de ce jour, ou plutôt, si faire se peut.

En foi de quoi, les Plénipotentiaires respectifs ont signés les articles ci-dessus, tant en Français qu'en Anglaise, et y ont apposé leurs sceaux, déclarant toutefois que la signature dans ces deux langues ne doit pas, par la suite, être citée comme exemple, ni en aucune manière porter préjudice aux parties contractantes.

Fait par quadruplicata, en la ville de Berlin, le vingt-six du mois de Mars, l'an de Grace mille huit cent quarante-quatre, et le soixante-huitième de l'Independance des Etats-Unis d'Amérique.

HENRY WHEATON. [L. S.]

Signed March 26, 1844.

TREATY WITH THE CREEKS AND SEMINOLES.

Articles of a Treaty made by William Armstrong, P. M. Butler, James Logan, and Thomas L. Judge, Commissioners in Behalf of the United States, of the first Part ; the Creek Tribe of Indians, of the second; and the Seminole Tribe of Indians, of the third Part.

- WHEREAS it was stipulated, in the fourth article of the Creek treaty of 1833, that the Seminoles should thenceforward be considered a constituent part of the Creek nation, and that a permanent and comfortable home should be secured for them on the lands set apart in said treaty as the country of the Creeks; and whereas many of the Seminoles have settled and are now living in the Creek country, while others, constituting a large portion of the tribe, have refused to make their homes in any part thereof, assigning as a reason that they are unwilling to submit to Creek laws and government, and that they are apprehensive of being deprived, by the Creek authorities, of their property; and whereas repeated complaints have been made to the United States government, that those of the Seminoles who refuse to go into the Creek country have, without authority or right, settled upon lands secured to other tribes, and that they have committed numerous and extensive depredations upon the property of those upon whose lands they have intruded :
- Now, therefore, in order to reconcile all difficulties respecting location and jurisdiction, to settle all disputed questions which have arisen, or may hereafter arise, in regard to rights of property, and especially to preserve the peace of the frontier, seriously endangered by the restless and warlike spirit of the intruding Seminoles, the parties to this treaty have agreed to the following stipulations : ----

ARTICLE 1.

The Creeks agree that the Seminoles shall be entitled to settle in a body or separately, as they please, in any part of the Creek country; that they shall make their own town regulations, subject, however, to the general control of the Creek council, in which they shall be represented; and, in short, that no distinction shall be made between the two tribes in any respect, except in the management of their pecuniary affairs, in which neither shall interfere with the other.

ARTICLE II.

The Seminoles agree that those of their tribe who have not done so before the ratification of this treaty, shall, immediately thereafter, remove to and permanently settle in the Creek country.

ARTICLE III.

It is mutually agreed by the Creeks and Seminoles, that all contested cases between the two tribes, concerning the right of property, growing out of sales or transactions that may have occurred previous to the ratification of this treaty, shall be subject to the decision of the subject to the decision of the President of the United States.

Jan. 4, 1845.

Proclamation. July 18, 1845.

Preamble. Indian Treaties, vol. 1, p. 419.

The Seminoles to settle in any part of the Creek country. To be subject generally to the Creek council.

No distinction between thom, except in pecu-niary affairs.

Seminoles who have have not re-moved to Creek country to do so immediately.

Certain contested cases concerning the right of property to be President.

821

ARTICLE IV

The Creeks being greatly dissatisfied with the manner in which their boundaries were adjusted by the treaty of 1833, which they say they did not understand until after its execution, and it appearing that in said treaty no addition was made to their country for the use of the Seminoles, but that, on the contrary, they were deprived, without adequate compensation, of a considerable extent of valuable territory: And, moreover, the Seminoles, since the Creeks first agreed to receive them, having been engaged in a protracted and bloody contest, which has naturally engendered feelings and habits calculated to make them troublesome neighbors: The United States, in consideration of these circumstances, agree that an additional annuity of three thousand dollars for purposes of education shall be allowed for the term of twenty years; that the annuity of three thousand dollars provided in the treaty of 1832 for like purposes shall be continued until the determination of the additional annuity above mentioned. It is further agreed that all the education funds of the Creeks, including the annuities above named, the annual allowance of one thousand dollars, provided in the treaty of 1833, and also all balances of appropriations for education annuities that may be due from the United States, shall be expended in their own country for the support of a manual labor school in the Canadian District, and of another in the Arkansas District : Provided, That the President does not object to such application of the annuities above named, granted in the treaties of 1832 and 1833. And it is also agreed that, in the management of such schools, the wishes of the Creek council shall be consulted. (a)

ARTICLE V.

The Seminoles having expressed a desire to settle in a body on Little River, some distance westward of the present residence of the greater portion of them, it is agreed that rations shall be issued to such as may remove while on their way to their new homes; and that, after their emigration is completed, the whole tribe shall be subsisted for six months, due notice to be given that those who do not come into the Creek country before the issues commence shall be excluded. And it is distinctly understood that all those Seminoles, except those now in Florida, who refuse to remove to, and settle in, the Creek country, within six months after this treaty is ratified, shall not participate ticipate in its in any of the benefits it provides. (a)

ARTICLE VI.

The sum of fifteen thousand four hundred dollars, provided in the second article of the treaty of Payne's Landing, shall be paid in the manner therein pointed out, immediately after the emigration of those Seminoles who may remove to the Creek country is completed; also, as soon after such emigration as practicable, the annuity of three thousand dollars for fifteen years, provided in the fourth article of said treaty, and, in addition thereto, for the same period, two thousand dollars per annum in goods suited to their wants, to be equally divided among all the members of the tribe.

ARTICLE VII.

In full satisfaction and discharge of all claims for property left or abandoned in Florida at the request of the officers of the United States, under promise of remuneration, one thousand dollars per annum, in agricultural implements, shall be furnished the Seminoles for five years.

Additional annuity of \$3,000 for education allowed the Creeks for 20 years.

Education fund, annuities, &c., of the Creeks, to be expended in their own country in support of certain schools.

Proviso.

Rations to be issued to such Seminoles as re-move, during re-moval, and the whole tribe to be subsisted for six months after emigration.

Those refusing to remove in six months after ratification of this treaty not to parbenefits.

The sum o. \$15,400 provided for in the treaty of Payne's Landing, and the \$3,-000 provided for in said treaty, when to be paid. Ind. Treat., vol. 1, p. 368.

\$1,000 per an-num for 5 years to be furnished in agricultural implements.

ARTICLE VIII.

To avoid all danger of encroachments, on the part of either Creeks or Seminoles, upon the territory of other nations, the northern and western boundary lines of the Creek country shall be plainly and distinctly marked.

In witness whereof, the said Commissioners and the undersigned Chiefs and Head Men of the Creek and Seminole tribes, have hereunto set their hands, at the Creek Agency, this fourth day of January, 1845.

> WM. ARMSTRONG, Act'g Superintendent Western Territory. P. M. BUTLER, Cher. Agent. JAMES LOGAN, Creek Agent. THOMAS L. JUDGE, Seminole Sub-Agent.

> > Creeks.

Roly McIntosh, To-marth-le Micco, Eu-faula Harjo, O-poeth-le Yoholo, Yargee, Samuel Miller, Cot-char Tustunnuggee, *K. Lewis, Tuskunar Harjo, Tinthlanis Harjo, To-cose Fixico, *Samuel C. Brown, Ho-tul-gar Harjo, Oak-chun Harjo, Art-tis Fixico, Joseph Carr. Ar-ar-te Harjo, Samuel Perryman, O-switchee Emarthlar, Talloaf Harjo, David Barnett,

Jim Boy, *B. Marshall, Tinthlanis Harjo, Co-ah-coo-che Emarthlar, Thlathlo Harjo, E cho Harjo, Co-ah-thlocco. Ke-sar-che Harjo, No cose Harjo, Yar-dick-ah Harjo, Yo-ho-lo Chop-ko, Phil Grayson, Chu-ille, E-cho Emarthla, Pol-lot-ke, Kot-che Harjo, To-cose Micco, Henry Marshall, Matthew Marshall, Che-was tiah Fixico, Tom Carr.

Seminoles.

Miccanope, Coah-coo-che, or Wild Cat, Alligator, Nocose Yoholo, Halleck Tustunnuggee, Emah-thloo-chee, Octi-ar-chee, Tus-se-kiah, Pos-cof-far, E-con-chat-te-micco, Black Dirt,

In the presence of ---J. B. Luce, Secretary to Commissioners. Samuel C. Brown, U. S. Interpreter. B. Marshal, Creek Nation Interpreter. Abraham, U. S. Interpreter for Seminoles. J. P. Davis, Captain U. S. A. A. Cady, Captain 6th Infantry.

Itch-hos-se Yo-ho-lo, Kap-pe-chum-e-coo-che, O-tul-ga Harjo, Yo-ho-lo Harjo, O-switchee Emarthla, Kub-bit-che, An-lo-ne, Yah-hah Fixico, Fus-hat-chee Micco, O-chee-see Micco, Tus-tun-nug-goo-chee.

> J. B. S. Todd, Captain 6th Infantry. George W. Clarke. Jno, Dillard. J. L. Alexander. J. H. Heard.

[To the names of Indians, except those marked with an asterisk, are subjoined their marks.] VOL. IX. TREAT. — 2

the Creeks to be marked.

and

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IN EXECUTIVE SESSION OF THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, March 6, 1845.

Resolution of the Senate, advising and consenting to the ratification of the treaty with certain amendments. Resolved, (two thirds of the Senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the articles of a treaty made by William Armstrong, P. M. Butler, James Logan, and Thomas L. Judge, Commissioners in behalf of the United States, of the first part, the Creek tribe of Indians of the second, and the Seminole tribe of Indians, of the third part, concluded at the Creek Agency, on the 4th day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, with the following

AMENDMENTS.

Strike out from the fourth article the following words: "in their own country, for the support of a manual labor school in the Canadian district, and of another in the Arkansas district: *Provided*, That the President does not object to such application of the annuities above named, granted in the treaties of 1832 and 1833. And it is also agreed that, in the management of such schools, the wishes of the Creek council shall be consulted"—

And insert, in lieu thereof, the following words: "under the direction of the President of the United States, for the purposes of education aforesaid."

Strike out from the fifth article the following words: "except those now in Florida," and add at the end of this article, the following words: "except those now in Florida, who shall be allowed twelve months from the date of the ratification of this treaty for their removal."

Attest:

ASBURY DICKINS, Secretary.

Assent of the Creeks and Seminoles to the amendments of the Senate, May 28, 1845. WHEREAS a treaty was made and concluded on the fourth day of January, 1845, between the United States, by William Armstrong, Acting Superintendent Western Territory, Pierce M. Butler, Cherokee Agent, James Logan, Creek Agent, and Thomas L. Judge, Sub-Agent for the Seminoles, and the chiefs and Head Men of the Creek and Seminole tribes of Indians assembled in council; and whereas the Senate did, by resolution of March sixth, 1845, advise and consent to the ratification of said treaty with the following amendments:

Strike out from the fourth article the following words: "in their own country for the support of a manual labor school in the Canadian district, and of another in the Arkansas district: *Provided*, That the President does not object to such application of the annuities above named granted in the treaties of 1832 and 1833. And it is also agreed that, in the management of such schools, the wishes of the Creek Council shall be consulted;" and insert, in lieu thereof, the following words: "under the direction of the President of the United States, for the purposes of education aforesaid."

Strike out from the fifth article the following words: "except those now in Florida," and add, at the end of this article, the following words: "except those now in Florida, who shall be allowed twelve months from the date of the ratification of this treaty for their removal."

Now we, the Chiefs and Head Men of the Creek and Seminole tribes of Indians, do hereby consent to and ratify said amendments.

Consent to Amendments. In testimony whereof, we hereunto place our hands, this twentyeighth day of May, 1845.

> Roley McIntosh, To-marth-le Micco, Eufaula Harjo, Tuckabatche Micco, Co-wock-koo-che Emarthlar, Jim Boy, O poeth-le Yo-ho-lo, Tuskunar Harjo, David Barnett, Neah-locco Chopko, Tustunnuggee Chopko,

Curseta Micco, Tuskunar Fixico, Ho-lah-tah Micco, Co-sah-nah-che Harjo, Spoke-oak Micco, Oak-chun Harjo, Joseph Carr, In-thlinnis Harjo, K. Lewis, B. Marshall.

In the presence of ----

J. B. Luce, Secretary to Commissioners. B. Marshall, Interpreter. James Logan, Creek Agent. Thomas L. Judge, Sub-Agent, Sem. Indians. Reuben Cook. Wm. Whitfield.

Seminoles.

Mic-can-o-pe, Co-ah-coo-che, or Wild Cat, Alligator, Ho-lat tah Mic-coo-che, Tus se-kiah, Halleck Tustunnuggee, Oc-ti-ar-che, Black Dirt, George Cloud, Cho-co-tee, Pas-co-far, Yo-ho-lo Harjo, Kap-pe-chum-e-coo-che, E-cho Emah-thlor-chee, Jim Jumper.

In the presence of —

J. B. Luce, Secretary to Commissioners Abraham, U. S. Interpreter. Thomas L. Judge, Sub. Agent, Sem. Indians. Thomas Hazen. Charles L. Bailey.

(To the names of Indians are added their marks)

CONVENTION WITH BAVARIA.

Jan. 21, 1945.

Ratifications exchanged at Berlin, Nov. 4, 1845. Proclamation, Aug. 16, 1846.

Preamble.

Negotiators.

Convention for the mutual Abolition of the Droit d'Aubaine and Taxes on Emigration between the United States of America and his Majesty the King of Bavaria.

THE United States of America and his Majesty the King of Bavaria, having agreed, for the advantage of their respective citizens and subjects, to conclude a convention for the mutual abolition of the droit d'aubaine and taxes on emigration, have named, for this purpose, their respective plenipotentiaries, namely: the President of the United States of America has conferred full powers on Henry Wheaton, their Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Royal Court of Prussia; and his Majesty the King of Bavaria, upon Count Maximilian von Lerchenfeld-Kœfering, his Chamberlain, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Royal Prussian Court, Commander of the Royal Order of the Knights of St. George, of the Order for Merit in Civil Service of the Bavarian Crown, of St. Michael, Grand Cross of the Russian Imperial Order of St. Anne of the first class, of the Royal Prussian Order of the Red Eagle of the first class, Commander Grand Cross of the Royal Swedish Order of the North Star, and Great Commander of the Royal Greek Order of the Saviour; who, after having exchanged their said full powers, found in due and proper form, have agreed to and signed the following articles : ---

Vertrag über die gegenseitige Aufhebung von Heimfalls-(Fremdlings)-Recht und Auswanderungs-Steuern zwischen den Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-America und Sr. Majestät dem König von Bayern.

Nachdem die Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-Amerika und Sr. Majestät der König von Bayern übereingekommen sind, zum Besten der beiderseitigen Staats Angehörigen einen Vertrag über gegenseitige Aufhebung von Heimfalls-(Fremdlings)-Recht und Auswanderungs-Steuern abzuschliessen, so sind hiezu von beiden Seiten Bevollmächtigte ernannt worden, als nämlich, von Seiten des Präsidenten der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-Amerika, Herr Heinrich Wheaton, nordamerikanischer ausserordentlicher Gesandter und bevollmächtigter Minister am königlich-preussisschen Hofe, und von Seiten, Seiner Majestät des Königs von Bayern, allerhöchst dessen Gesandten und bevollmächtigten Minister am königlich-preussisschen Hofe, Graf Maximilian von Lerchenfeld-Kœfering, Commandeur des königlichen Ritterordens vom heiligen Georg, der königlichen Civil-Verdienstorden der bayrischen Krone. und vom heiligen Michael, Grosskreuz des kaiserlichrussischen St. Anenordens 1 Classe in Diamanten, des königlich-preussischen rothen Adlerordens erster Classe in Diamanten, Commandeur Grosskreuz des königlichschwedischen Nordsternordens, und Gross-Commenthur des königlichgriechischen Erlöser-Ordens; welche Bevöllmachtigte, nach vollzogener Auswechslung ihrer, in guter und gehöriger Form befundenen Vollmachten, nachstehende Artikel festgesetzt und unterzeichnet haben : ---

ARTICLE I.

Every kind of droit d'aubaine, droit de retraite, and droit de détraction or tax on emigration, is hereby, and shall remain, abolished between the two contracting parties, their states, citizens, and subjects, respectively.

ARTICLE II.

Where, on the death of any person holding real property within the territories of one party, such real property would, by the laws of the land, descend on a citizen or subject of the other, were he not disgualified by alienage, such citizen or subject shall be allowed a term of two years to sell the same, which term may be reasonably prolonged according to circumstances, and to withdraw the proceeds thereof, without molestation, and exempt from all duties of détraction.

ARTICLE III.

The citizens or subjects of each of the contracting parties shall have power to dispose of their (real and*) personal property within the states of the other, by testament, donation, or otherwise; and their heirs, legatees, and donees, being citizens or subjects of the other contracting party, shall succeed to their said (real and*) personal property, and may take possession thereof, either by themselves or by others acting for them, and dispose of the same at their pleasure, paying such duties only as the inhabitants of the country where the said property lies shall be liable to pay in like cases.

ARTIKEL I.

Jede Art von Heimfalls-(Fremdlings)-Recht, Nachsteuer und Abzugs-Recht, oder Auswanderungs-Steuer, ist und bleibt aufgehoben zwischen beiden abschliessenden Theilen, ihren beiderseitigen Staaten und Staats-Angehörigen.

ARTIKEL II.

Wenn durch den Tod irgend eines Besitzers von Immobilien property allowed Grundeigenthum, welche and withdraw the oder sich auf dem Gebiete des einen proceeds. der abschliessenden Theile befinden, diese Immobilien oder Grundeigenthum nach den Gesetzen des Landes auf einen Staats-Angehörigen des andern Theils übergehen sollen, so wird diesem, wenn er durch seine Eigenschaft, als Fremder, zum Besitze derselben unfähig ist, ein Aufschub von Jahren gewährt, welcher zwei Termin nach Umständen in angemessene Weise verlängert werden kann, um dieselben zu verkaufen, und um den Ertrag davon ohne Anstand und frei von jeder Abzugssteuer zu beziehen.

ARTIKEL III.

Den Staats-Angehörigen eines jeden der abschliessenden Theile, soll in den Staaten des andern die Freiheit zustehen, über ihre beweglichen (und unbeweglichen*) Güter durch Testament, Schen- other, &c. kung, oder auf andere Weise zu verfügen, und deren Erben durch Testament, oder ab intestato, oder durch Schenkung hiezu berechtigt, sollen, wenn sie die Standes-Angehörige des andern der beiden abschliessenden Theile sind, ihnen in dem Besitze dieser ihrer beweglichen (und unbeweglichen*) Güter folgen, auch in Person sowohl, als durch andere, welche an ihrer Stelle handeln, davon Besitz ergreifen, und nach Gutdünken damit schalten können, ohne andere Steuern zu bezahlen, als solche, welche die Einwohner des Landes, worin sich die genannten Güter befinden, bei gleichem Anlasse unterworfen sind.

Droit d'aubaine and taxes on emigration abolished.

Heirs to real

Citizens subjects of each party to have power to dispose of their personal property in the states of the states the

Duties to be same as paid by inhabitants.

^{*} The words in parentheses are, in the Original Treaty, encircled in red ink.

ARTICLE IV.

In case of the absence of the heirs, the same care shall be taken, provisionally, of such real or personal property as would be taken in a like case of property belonging to the natives of the country, until the lawful owner, or the person who has a right to sell the same, according to Article II, may take measures to receive or dispose of the inheritance.

ARTICLE V.

Disputes concerning inheritances to be settled by local laws.

If any dispute should arise between different claimants to the same inheritance, they shall be decided in the last resort according to the laws, and by the judges, of the country where the property is situated.

ARTICLE VI.

This conven tion not to dero gate from force of laws of Bavaria to prevent emigration. But this convention shall not derogate in any manner from the force of the laws already published, or hereafter to be published, by his Majesty the King of Bavaria, to prevent the emigration of his subjects.

ARTICLE VII.

Convention subject to ratification, and ratifications to be exchanged in fifteen months from date.

This convention is concluded subject to the ratification of the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of their Senate, and of his Majesty the King of Bavaria, and the ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at Berlin within the term of fifteen months from the date of the signature hereof, or sooner if possible.

ARTIKEL IV.

Im Fall der Abwesenheit der Erben, wird man hinsichtlich der erwahnten, beweglichen oder unbeweglichen Güter provisorisch ganz dieselbe Sorgfalt anwenden, welche man bei gleichem Anlasse hinsichtlich der Güter der Eingebornen angewendet hätte, bis der gesetzmässige Eigenthümer oder derjenige, welcher nach Artikel II. das Recht hat, dieselben zu verkaufen, Anordnungen zu treffen, für gut finden wird, um die Erbschaft anzutreten, oder darüber zu verfügen.

ARTIKEL V.

Wenn sich Streitigkeiten zwischen verschiedenen rechtlichen Anspruch auf die Erbschaft habenden Prätendenten erheben, so werden dieselben in letzter Instanz nach den Gesetzen und von den Richtern des Landes entschieden werden, in welchem das Object der Erbschaft sich befindet.

ARTIKEL VI.

Durch die Bestimmungen des gegenwärtigen Vertrags sollen jedoch auf keiner Weise diejenigen Gesetze entkräftet werden, welche durch S^{r.} Majestät den König von Bayern bezuglich der Verhinderung der Auswanderung allerhöchst dessen Unterthanen bereits erlassen worden sind, oder in der Folge zu erlassen wären.

ARTIKEL VII.

Gegenwärtiger Vertrag ist abgeschlossen worden, vorbehaltlich der Ratification des Präsidenten der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-America, nach und mit dem Rathe und der Einwilligung des nordamerikanischen Senats, und vorbehaltlich der Ratification S^{r.} Majestät des Königs von Bayern, und es soll die Auswechslung der Ratifications-Urkunden innerhalb fünfzehen Monaten vom Tage der Unterzeichnung des gegenwärtigen Vertrags angerechnet, oder früher, wenn es möglich ist, zu Berlin statt finden.

Property of ab-

sent heirs to be

taken care of.

In witness whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the above articles, as well in Engglish as in German, and have thereto affixed their seals.

Done in quadruplicata, in the city of Berlin, on the twenty-first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, in the sixty-ninth year of the independence of the United States of America, and the nineteenth of the reign of his Majesty the King of Bavaria.

HENRY WHEATON. [L. S.]

Urkundlich dessen, [haben] die beiderseitigen Bevollmächtigten obenstehende Artikel sowohl in englischer, als teutscher Sprache unterzeichnet, und ihre Siegel beigedrückt haben.

Ausgestellt in vier Exemplaren zu Berlin, den ein und zwanzigsten Januar, ein tausend acht hundert und fünf und vierzig, im neun und sechszigsten Jahr der Unabhängigkeit der Vereinigten Staaten von America, und im neunzehnten Jahr der Regierung Seiner Majestät des Königs von Bayern.

GRAF V. LERCHENFELD. [L. S.]

TREATY WITH BELGIUM.

[Nork. — The Treaty concluded with the King of the Belgians, Nov. 10, 1845, was printed in the volume containing the Treaties of the United States with Foreign Nations, published under the joint resolution of Congress, approved March 3, 1845, authorising a subscription to Little & Brown's edition of the Laws and Treaties of the United States, and which is the eighth volume of that series. It is, therefore, omitted here. It will be found on page 606 of that volume.] Nov. 10, 1845.

Signed, in German and English, Jan. 21, 1845.

CONVENTION WITH SAXONY,

FOR THE MUTUAL ABOLITION OF THE DROIT D'AUBAINE AND TAXES ON EMIGRATION.

May 14, 1845. Ratifications exchanged Aug. 12, 1846 Proclamation, 9, September 1846. Preamble.

THE United States of America on the one part, and his Majesty the King of Saxony on the other part, being equally desirous of removing the restrictions which exist in their territories upon the acquisition and transfer of property by their respective citizens and subjects, have agreed to enter into negotiations for this purpose.

Negotiators.

For the attainment of this desirable object, the President of the United States of America has conferred full powers on Henry Wheaton, their Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the Court of his Majesty the King of Prussia, and his Majesty the King of Saxony upon John de Minckwitz, his Minister of State, Lieutenant-General, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the said Court; who, after having exchanged their said full powers, found in due and proper form, have agreed to the following articles : ---

ARTICLE I.

Droit d'aubaine, &c., abolished.

Every kind of droit d'aubaine, droit de retraite, and droit de détraction or tax on emigration, is hereby and shall remain abolished between the two contracting parties, their States, citizens, and subjects, respectively.

ARTICLE II.

Where, on the death of any person holding real property within the territories of one party, such real property would, by the laws of the land, descend on a citizen or subject of the other, were he not disqualified by alienage, or where such real property has been devised by last will and testament to such citizen or subject, befähigt wäre, zufallen, oder wenn

DIE Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-Amerika einestheils, und Seine Majestät der König von Sachsen anderntheils, von gleichem Wunsche beseelt, die Beschränkungen aufzuheben, welche in Ihren Staatsgebieten bei Erwerbung und Ueberbringung von Gütern Seiten Ihrer beiderseitigen Staatsangehörigen bestehen, sind übereingekommen zu diesem Ende in Unterhandlung zu treten.

Um diesen wünchenswerthen Zweck zu erreichen, haben der Präsident der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord Amerika, deren ausserordentlichen Gesandten und bevollmächtigten Minister am königlich-preusisschen Hofe, Heinrich Wheaton, und Seine Majestät der König von Sachsen Aller-Staats-minister, höchst. Ihren General-Lieutenant, ausserordentlichen Gesandten und bevollmächtigen Minister am gedachten Hofe Johannes von Minckwitz, zu Bevollmächtigten ernannt, welche, nach erfolgter Auswechselung ihrer, in gehöriger Form befundenen Vollmachten über folgende Artikel sich vereinigt haben : ---

ARTIKEL I.

Jede Art von Heimfallsrecht, Abschoss und Auswanderungs Steur ist und bleibt aufgehobenzwischen den beiden abschliessenden Theilen, ihrer beiderseitigen Staaten und Staatsangehörigen.

ARTIKEL II.

Wenn durch den Tod irgend eines Besitzers von unbeweglichen Gütern, die in den Gebieten des einen Theils liegen, solche unbewegliche Güter durch gesetzliche Erbfolge einem Staatsangehörigen des andern Theils, wenn er nicht wegen seiner Eigenschaft als Fremder zu deren Besitz un-

Heirs to real property allowed to sell the same and withdraw the proceeds.

he shall be allowed a term of two years from the death of such person — which term may be reasonably prolonged according to circumstances — to sell the same and to withdraw the proceeds thereof without molestation, and exempt from all duties of détraction on the part of the government of the respective States.

ARTICLE III.

The citizens or subjects of each of the contracting parties shall have power to dispose of their personal property within the States of the other, by testament, donation, or otherwise; and their heirs, being citizens or subjects of the other contracting party, shall succeed to their said personal property, whether by testament or ab intestato, and may take possession thereof, either by themselves or by others acting for them, and dispose of the same at their pleasure, paying such duties only as the inhabitants of the country where the said property lies shall be liable to pay in like cases.

ARTICLE IV.

In case of the absence of the heirs, the same care shall be taken, provisionally, of such real or personal property as would be taken, in a like case, of the property belonging to the natives of the country, until the lawful owner, or the person who has a right to sell the same, according to Article II., may take measures to receive or dispose of the inheritance

unbewegliches Eigenthum durch testamentarische Verfügung einem solchen Staatsangehörigen bestimnit worden seyn sollte; so soll diesem ein Zeitraum von Zwei Jahren vom Tode des Erblassers an ---- welche Frist jedoch nach Umständen in billiger Weise verlängert werden kann - zugestanden werden, um die gedachten unbeweglichen Güter verkaufen und den Erlöss ohne Hinderniss und frei von jeder Abzugssteuer Seiten der Regierung eines der beiden Staaten, beziehen zu können.

ARTIKEL III.

Die Staatsangehörigen eines jeden der abschliessenden Theile, sollen in den Gebieten des Andern das Recht haben, über ihre beweglichen Güter durch Testament, Schenkung, oder auf andere Weise zu verfügen, und ihre Erben, wenn sie Staatsangehorige des andern abschliessenden Theiles sind, sollen denselben, entweder durch Testament oder ab intestato in dem Besitze ihrer gedachten beweglichen Güter folgen und von selbigen, sei es in Person oder durch Andere in deren Namen Handelnde, Besitz ergreifen und nach Gefallen darüber verfügen können, ohne einer andern Abgabe als derjenigen unterworfen zu seyn, welche die Einwohner des Staats, worin sich die fraglichen Güter befinden, in gleichen Fällen zu entrichten haber würden.

ARTIKEL IV.

Im Falle der Abwesenheit der Erben, wird man für dergleichen bewegliche oder unbewegliche Güter einstweilen dieselbe Sorge tragen, welche man in einem gleichen Falle rücksichtlich der Güter eines Eingebornen getragen haben würde, bis dass der rechtmässige Eigeünthmer oder derjenige, welchem das Recht zusteht, dieselben zu verkaufen dem Artikel 2 gemäss, Anordnungen, die Erbschaft anzutreten oder darüber zu verfügen, getroffen haben wird.

Citizens and subjects of each party may dispose by will, &c., of their property in the States of the other, &c.; duties to be the same as paid by inhabitants.

Property of ausent heirs to be taken care of.

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ARTICLE V.

If any dispute should arise between the different claimants to the same inheritance, they shall be decided according to the laws and by the judges of the country where the property is situated.

ARTICLE VI.

All the stipulations of the present convention shall be obligatory in respect to property already inherited, devised, or bequeathed, but not yet withdrawn from the country where the same is situated at the signature of this convention.

ARTICLE VII.

This convention shall be ratified by the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of their Senate, and by his Majesty the King of Saxony, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Berlin within the term of eighteen months from the date of the signature, or sooner if possible.

Signed in German and English, 14 May, 1845.

In faith of which, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the above articles, both in German and English, and have thereto affixed their seals.

Done in triplicata, in the city of Berlin, on the 14th of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, and the sixty-ninth of the Independence of the United States of America.

HENRY WHEATON. [L. S.]

ARTIKEL V.

Wenn sich irgend eine Streitigkeit zwischen verschiedenen dieselbe Erbschaft beansprechenden Personen erheben sollte, so soll dieselbe in Gemässheit der Gesetze und durch die Richter desjenigen Staats, worin sich die Güter befinden, entschieden werden.

ARTIKEL VI.

Sämmtliche Bestimmungen dieses gegenwärtigen Vertrags sollen auch verbindlich seyn rücksichtlich derjenigen unbeweglichen oder beweglichen Güter, welche zur Zeit der Vollziehung dieses Vertrags bereits angefallen oder vererbt, aber aus dem Lande, in dem sie sich befinden, noch nicht bezogen worden sind.

ARTIKEL VII.

Dieser Vertrag wird von dem Präsidenten der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-Amerika, mit Beirath und Einwilligung Seiten des Senats sowie von Seiner Majestät dem Könige von Sachsen ratificirt, und sollen die Ratificationen zu Berlin binnen zwölf Monaten vom Tage der Unterzeichnung angerechnet oder auch früher, sofern es thunlich ist, ausgewechselt werden.

Zur Urkund dessen haben die beiderseitigen Bevollmächtigten die vorstehenden Artikel, sowohl in deutscher als englischer Sprache, vollzogen und ihre Siegel beigedrückt.

Ausgefertigt in drei Exemplaren zu Berlin, den 14ten May des Jahres der Gnade Ein Tausend Acht hundert Fünf und Vierzig, und dem Neun und Sechszigsten der Unabhängigkeit der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-Amerika.

MINCKWITZ. [L. S.]

Stipulations of the present convention to apply to property already inherited, &c., but not yet withdrawn.

Convention sub-

ject to ratifica-

tion, and ratifica-

tions to be exchanged in 18

months from

date.

Disputes to be

settled by local

laws.

TREATY WITH THE TWO SICILIES.

THE United States of America and his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, equally animated with the desire of maintaining the relations of good understanding which have hitherto so happily subsisted between their respective states, and consolidating the commercial intercourse between them, have agreed to enter in negotiation for the conclusion of a Treaty of Commerce and Navigation, for which purpose they have appointed plenipotentiaries, that is to say :

The President of the United States of America, William H. Polk, Chargé d'Affaires of the same United States of America to the Court of his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies; and his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, D. Giustino Fortunato, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Military Constantinian Order of Saint George, and of Francis the 1st, Minister Secretary of State of his said Majesty; D. Michael Gravina and Requesenz, Prince of Comitini, Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Order of Francis the 1st, Gentleman of the Chamber in waiting, and Minister Secretary of State of his said Majesty; and D. Antonio Spinelli, of Scalea, Commander of the Royal Order of Francis the 1st, Gentleman of the Chamber of his said Majesty, Member of the General Consulta, and Superintendent-General of the Archives of the Kingdom; who after having each others exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form, have concluded and signed the following articles: ---

ARTICLE I.

There shall be reciprocal liberty of commerce and navigation between the United States of America and the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies.

GLI Stati Uniti di America, e Sua Maestà il Re del Regno delle Due Sicilie, del pari animati dal desiderio di conservare le relazioni di buona corrispondenza che ànno finora felicemente esistito tra' loro rispettivi stati, e di estendere e consolidare i rapporti commerciali tra essi, sono convenuti di entrare in negoziazione per la conchiusione di un Trattato di Commercio e di Navigazione, ed ànno a tale effetto destinato rispettivamente de' plenipotenziarî, cioè :

Il Presidente degli Stati Uniti di America, il Sigur. Guglielmo H. Polk, Incaricato di Affari degli stessi Stati Uniti di America presso la Corte di S. M. il Re del Regno delle Due Sicilie; e Sua Maestà il Re del Regno delle Due Sicilie, D. Giustino Fortunato, Cavaliere Gran Croce del Militare Reale Ordine Costantiniano, di S. Georgio, e di quello di Francesco 1°, Ministro Segretario di Stato della M. S.; D. Michele Gravina e Requesenz, Principe di Comitini, Cavaliere Gran Croce di Francesco 1º, Gentiluomo di Camera con esercizio, e Ministro Segretario di Stato della M. S.; e D. Antonio Spinelli, dei Principi di Scalea, Commendatore del Real Ordine di Francesco 1°, Gentiluomo della M. S., Consultore della Consulta Generale, e Soprantendente Generale degli Archivî del Regno; i quali dopo di avere scambiato i loro pieni poteri, trovati in buona e dovuta forma, àn conchiuso e sottoscritto gli articoli seguenti : ---

ARTICOLO I.

Vi sarà reciproca libertà di commercio e navigazione tra gli Stati Uniti di America ed il Regno delle navigation. Due Sicilie, e niun dazio doganale, o altra imposizione, sarà caricato

Dec. 1, 1845.

Ratifications exchanged at Naples, June 1, 1846. Proclamation. July 24, 1846.

Negotiators.

To be a recip-rocal liberty of commerce and

No higher duties to be imposed on imporiations into either country of articles from the other than from any other country.

Favors granted by either party to other nations to be common to the other.

No duty of customs, or other impost, shall be charged upon any goods, the produce or manufacture of one country, upon importation by sea or by land from such country into the other, other or higher than the duty or impost charged upon goods of the same kind, the produce or manufacture of, or imported from, any other country; and the United States of America and his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies do hereby engage, that the subjects or citizens of any other state shall not enjoy any favor, privilege, or immunity, whatever, in matters of commerce and navigation, which shall not also, and at the same time, be extended to the subjects or citizens of the other high contracting party, gratuitously, if the concession in favor of that other state shall have been gratuitous, and in return for a compensation, as nearly as possible of proportionate value and effect, to be adjusted by mutual agreement, if the concession shall have been conditional.

ARTICLE II.

Equalization of duties, &c., on imports and exports on vessels of either country.

All articles of the produce or manufacture of either country, of their respective states, and which can legally be imported into either country from the other, in ships of that other country, and thence coming, shall, when so imported, be subject to the same duties, and enjoy the same privileges, whether imported in ships of the one country, or in ships of the other; and in like manner, all goods which can legally be exported or reëxported from either country to the other, in ships of that other country, shall, when so exported or reëxported, be subject to the same duties, and be entitled to the same privileges, drawbacks, bounties, and allowances, whether exported in ships of the one country, or in ships of the other.

sopra qualunque merce di produzione del suolo o dell' industria di un paese, alla importazione per mare o per terra da tale paese nell' altro, diverso o più elevato del dazio o imposizione caricata sulle merci dello stesso genere di produzione, o manifattura importata da qualsivoglia altro paese.

Gli Stati Uniti di America e S. M. il Re del Regno delle Due Sicilie s' impegnano, perciò che i sudditi o cittadini di alcun altra Potenza non godranno alcun favore, privilegio o inununità, in materia di commercio o di navigazione, senza estenderlo, egualmente, e nello stesso tempo, a' sudditi o cittadini dell' altra Potenza contraente, gratuitamente, se la concessione fatta a favore di tale altro Stato sarà stata gratuita. e mediante un compensamento proporzionato, per quanto sia possibile, di valore e di effetto, da stabilirsi di comune accordo, se la concessione è stata onerosa.

ARTICOLO II.

Tutte le produzioni del suolo e dell' industria dell' uno e dell' altro paese, o de' loro rispettivi Stati che possono essere legalmente immesse in uno de' due paesi con legni dell' altro paese e da esso provvenienti, saranno, quando verranno così immesse, sottoposte agli stessi dazî, e godranno degli stessi privilegî, o che sieno importate con bastimenti dell' uno o con bastimenti dell' altro paese : ed allo stesso modo, tutte le merci che potranno essere legalmente esportate o riesportate da uno de' due paesi nell' altro, con legni dell' altro paese, saranno, quando verranno così esportate o riesportate, sottoposte agli stessi dazî, ed avranno diritto agli stessi privilegî diffalchi, beneficî, concessioni e restituzioni, o che sieno esportate da' legni di un paese o da quelli dell' altro.

ARTICOLO III.

Equalization of tonnage, harbor, and lighthouse duties.

ARTICLE III.

No duties of tonnage, harber, lighthouses, pilotage, quarantine, porto, di fanale o di pilotaggio,

Niun diritto di tonnellaggio, di

or other similar duties, of whatever nature, or under whatever denomination, shall be imposed in either country upon the vessels of the other, in respect of voyages between the United States of America and the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, if laden, or in respect of any voyage, if in ballast, which shall not be equally imposed in the like cases on national vessels.

ARTICLE IV.

It is hereby declared, that the stipulations of the present treaty are not to be understood as applying to the navigation and carrying trade between one port and another, situated in the states of either contracting party, such navigation and trade being reserved exclusively to national ves-Vessels of either country sels. shall, however, be permitted to load or unload the whole or part of their cargoes, at one or more ports in the states of either of the high contracting parties, and then to proceed to complete the said loading or unloading to [at] any other port or ports in the same states.

ARTICLE V.

Neither of the two governments, nor any corporation or agent acting in behalf or under the authority of either government, shall, in the purchase of any article which, being the growth, produce, or manufacture of the one country, shall be imported into the other, give, directly or indirectly, any priority or preference on account of, or in reference to, the national character of the vessel in which such article shall have been imported; it being the true intent and meaning of the high contracting parties that no distinction or difference whatever shall be made in this respect.

ARTICLE VI.

The high contracting parties engage, in regard to the personal privileges that the citizens of the United States of America shall dini degli Stati Uniti di America

quarantena e altri simili o correspondenti diritti di qualsivoglia natura, e sotto qualsiasi denominazione, sarà imposto in uno de' due paesi sopra i legni dell' altro, in risguardo ai viaggi tra gli Stati Uniti di America ed il Regno delle Due Sicilie, se carichi, e per qualunque viaggio, se in zavorra, che non sarà egualmente imposto, in casi simiglianti, sopra i legni del proprio paese.

ARTICOLO IV.

E espressamente dichiarato, che le stipulazioni del presente trattato non debbono intendersi come applicabili alla navigazione ed al traffico tra un porto ed un altro situati negli Stați di ciascuna delle alte parti contraenti, essendo tale navigazione e traffico riserbato esclusivamente a' bastimenti nazionali.

I bastimenti de' due paesi, del resto, potranno caricare o discaricare il tutto, o una parte de' loro carichi, in uno o più porti degli Stati di ciascuna delle parti contraenti, e quindi procedere per completare il rimanente del carico o del discarico, in ogni altro porto o porti negli stessi Stati.

ARTICOLO V.

Niuno de' due Governi, nè alcuna corporazione o agente che operi in favore, o sotto l' autorità di ciascuno di essi nella compradi qualunque articolo, il quale, essendo produzione o manifattura which imported. di un paese, sarà importato nell' altro, darà direttamente o indirettamente alcuna preeminenza o preferenza, in risguardo o in rapporto al carattere nazionale del bastimento, in cui tale articolo sarà stato importato; essendo il vero scopo ed intenzione delle. alte parti contraenti, che niuna distinzione o differenza qualunque, sia fatta sotto questo rapporto.

ARTICOLO VI.

Le alte parti contraenti s' impegnano, per risguardo a' personali privilegî, di cui godranno i citta-

Stipulations of this treaty not to apply to the coasting trade.

No preference to be given by either party to importations on account of the national character of vessels in

Liberty of residence, &c., secured.

enjoy in the dominions of his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, and the subjects of his said Majesty in the United States of America, that they shall have free and undoubted right to travel and to reside in the states of the two high contracting parties, subject to the same precautions of police which are practised towards the subjects or citizens of the most favored nations.

They shall be entitled to occupy dwellings and warehouses, and to dispose of their personal property of every kind and description, by sale, gift, exchange, will, or in any other way whatever, without the smallest hindrance or obstacle; and their heirs or representatives, being subjects or citizens of the other high contracting party, shall succeed to their personal goods, whether by testament or ab intestato; and may take possession thereof, either by themselves or by others acting for them, and dispose of the same at will, paying to the profit of the respective governments such dues only as the inhabitants of the country wherein the said goods are, shall be subject to pay in like cases. And in case of the absence of the heir and representative, such care shall be taken of the said goods as would be taken of the goods of a native of the same country in like case, until the lawful owner may take measures for receiving them. And if a question should arise among several claimants as to which of them said goods belong, the same shall be decided finally by the laws and judges of the land wherein the said goods are.

They shall not be obliged to pay, under any pretence whatever, any taxes or impositions, other or greater than those which are paid, or may hereafter be paid, by the subjects or citizens of the most favored nations, in the respective states of the high contracting parties.

ne' Dominî di S. M. il Re del Regno delle Due Sicilie, ed i Sudditi della M. S. ne' detti Stati Uniti di America, che avranno essi libero e non dubbio diritto di viaggiare e risiedere negli Stati delle due alte parti contraenti, rimanendo sottoposti, soltanto. alle precauzioni di polizia che vengono usate verso i sudditi o cittadini delle nazioni le più favorite.

Essi avranno diritto di occupare delle case e de' magazzini, e di disporre delle loro proprietà personali di qualunque specie e denominazione, per vendita, donazione, permuta, testamentato, o in qualunque altro modo, senza il minimo ostacolo o impedimento; ed i loro eredi, essendo sudditi o cittadini dell' altra parte contraente, succederanno a' detti loro beni personali, sia per testamentato, sia ab intestato; e potranno prenderne possesso, sia da se stessi o per altri agendo per essi, e di disporne a piacimento, pagando a profitto de' rispettivi Governi, quei soli diritti, a' quali gli abitanti del paese ove sono situati tali beni, sarebbero assoggettati in simiglianti circostanze : ed in caso di assenza degli eredi o de' rappresenta[n]ti di essi, si prenderà de' detti beni la stessa cura che sarebbe presa, in simili casi, de' beni de' nativi dello stesso paese, fino a tanto che il legittimo proprietario abbia rinvenuto i mezzi E laddove sorgesse per riceverli. quistione tra molti pretendenti per l'appartenenza de' detti beni. la stessa sarà decisa diffinitivamente, secondo le leggi e da' giudici del paese ove si trovano i detti beni.

Non saranno essi obbligati a pagare, sotto verun pretesto, altre tasse o imposizioni, diverse o più elevate di quelle che sono pagate o che potranno essere in seguito pagate da' sudditi o cittadini delle nazioni le più favorite ne' respettivi Stati delle alte parti contraenti.

Saranno essi esenti da qualun-

Citizens and subjects of either party may dispose of their personal property and their heirs may succeed to and take possession of the same, &c.

In absence of the heirs their goods shall re-ceive the same care as those of natives.

They shall not be obliged to pay higher taxes than paid by citizens of most favored nationa.

Shall be exempt

They shall be exempt from all from military service, whether by land que servizio militare, sia per teror by sea; from forced loans, and from every extraordinary contribution not general and by law Their dwellings, established. warehouses, and all premises appertaining thereto, destined for purposes of commerce or residence, shall be respected. No arbitrary search of, or or visit to, their houses, and no arbitrary examination or inspection whatever of the books, papers, or accounts of their trade, shall be made, but such measures shall be executed only in conformity with the legal sentence of a competent tribunal; and each of the two high contracting parties engages that the citizens or subjects of the other, residing in their respective states, shall enjoy their property and personal security in as full and ample manner as their own citizens or subjects, or the subjects or citizens of the most favored nations.

ARTICLE VII.

The citizens and the subjects of each of the two high contracting parties shall be free in the states of the other to manage their own affairs themselves, or to commit those affairs to the management of any persons whom they may appoint as their broker, factor, or agent; nor shall the citizens and subjects of the two high contracting parties be re-strained in their choice of persons to act in such capacities, nor shall they be called upon to pay any salary or remuneration to any person whom they shall not choose to employ.

Absolute freedom shall be given in all cases to the buyer and seller to bargain together, and to fix the price of any goods or merchandise imported into, or to be exported from, the states and dominions of the two high contracting parties; save and except generally such cases wherein the laws and usages of the country may require the intervention of any special agents in the states and dominions of the high contracting parties.

ra, sia per mare, da' prestiti forzosi e da qualunque contribuzione straordinaria, purchè non sia generale e stabilita dalle leggi. Le loro abitazioni, i magazzini, e tutto ciò che loro appartiene per obbietto di commercio e di residenza, saranno rispettati. Non sarà fatta alcuna arbitraria perquisizione o visita nelle loro abitazioni, e neanche arbitrario esame o ispezione qualunque de' loro libri, carte o conti commerciali; potendo siffatte misure essere soltanto eseguite in forza di sentenza legale di un competente tribunale; ciascuna delle due alte parti contraenti s' impegna, perciò che i perty guarantied. cittadini o i sudditi dell' altra residenti ne' loro rispettivi Stati, godranno della loro proprietà e sicurezza personale, in tal pieno ed amplo modo, come i loro proprî cittadini e sudditi, o i sudditi o cittadini delle nazioni le più favorite.

ARTICOLO VII.

I cittadini ed i sudditi di ciascuna delle due alte parti contraenti potranno, negli Stati dell' altra, liberamente trattare i proprî affari da se stessi, o commettere tali affari alla gestione di tutte le persone, ch' essi potranno nominare loro mezzani, fattori o agenti, e non saranno i cittadini ed i sudditi delle due alte parti contraenti impediti nella scelta delle persone che potranno agire in tale qualità, ne' saranno essi richiesti di pagare alcun salario o rimunerazione ad alcuna persona, che non sia da essi scelta.

Assoluta libertà sarà data, in ogni caso, al compratore ed al venditore, di negoziare insieme, e di fissare il prezzo di qualunque effetto o mercanzia immessa negli Stati e ne' dominî delle due alte parti contraenti, o da essere dai medesimi esportata; salvo, in generale, gli affari, pe' quali le leggi e le usanze del paeze richiederanno l'opera di agenti speciali negli Stati e dominî delle due alte parti contraenti.

military service, forced loans, &c.

Dwellings to be respected.

No arbitrary search of houses or examination of papers allowed.

Rights of pro-

Citizens and subjects of each party in the country of the other may manage their own affairs or select their own agents, &c.

Absolute freedom given to buyers and sellers to bargain together.

ARTICLE VIII.

Each party may appoint consuls, &c., to enjoy the same privileges as those of most favored nations; but coneula engaging in commerce placed on same footing as private individuals.

Consuls, &c. authorized to require assistance of local authorities for arrest, &c., of deserters,

How demand shall be made.

How deserters shall be disposed of when arrested.

Each of the two high contracting parties may have, in the ports of the other, consuls, vice-consuls, and commercial agents, of their own appointment, who shall enjoy the same privileges and powers of those of the most favored nations; but if any such consuls shall exercise commerce, they shall be submitted [subject] to the same laws and usages to which the private individuals of their nation are submitted [subject] in the same place.

The said consuls, vice-consuls, and commercial agents are authorized to require the assistance of the local authorities for the search, arrest, detention, and imprisonment of the deserters from the ships of war and merchant vessels of their country. For this purpose, they shall apply to the competent tribunals, judges, and officers, and shall in writing demand the said deserters, proving, by the exhibition of the registres of the vessel, the rolls of the crews, or by other official documents, that such individuals formed part of the crews; and this reclamation being thus substantiated. the surrender shall not be refused.

Such deserters, when arrested, shall be placed at the disposal of the said consuls, vice-consuls, or commercial agents, and may be confined in the public prisons, at the request and cost of those who shall claim them, in order to be detained until the time when they shall be restored to the vessels to which they belonged, or sent back to their own country by a vessel of the same nation, or any other vessel whatsoever. But if not sent back within four months from the day of their arrest, or if all the expenses of such imprisonment are not defrayed by the party causing such arrest and imprisonment, they shall be set at liberty, and shall not be again arrested for the same cause.

However, if the deserter should be found to have committed any messo qualche delitto, la estradi-

ARTICOLO VIII.

Ciascuna delle due alte parti contraenti potrà avere, ne' porti dell' altra, de consoli, vice-consoli ed agenti commerciali di loro scelta, i quali godranno degli stessi privilegî e poteri, di cui godono quelli delle nazioni le più favorite; ma nel caso che i detti consoli volessero esercitare il commercio, saranno soggetti alle stesse leggi ed usi, a' quali sono sottoposti gl' individui della loro nazione nel paese ove risiedono.

I detti consoli, vice-consoli ed agenti consolari sono autorizzati a richiedere l'assistenza delle autorità locali per la ricerca, l'arresto, la detenzione e l' imprigiunamento de' disertori da navi da guerra e mercantili del loro paese. A tale effetto, essi si rivolgeranno a' tribunali, giudici ed ufficiali competenti, e domanderanno in iscritto i suddetti disertori, provando co' registri del bastimento o ruolo di equipaggio o con altri documenti officiali che tali individui abbiano fatto parte de' suddetti equipaggi, e a tal dimanda, così documentata, il disertore non sarà negato.

Questi disertori, allorchè arrestati, rimarranno a disposizione de' consoli, vice-consoli o agenti commerciali, e potranno esser rinchiusi nelle pubbliche carceri, a richiesta e spesa di chi ne faccia la dimanda, per essere ritenuti sino al momento che saranno restituiti al bastimento al quale appartenevano, o inviati nel loro paese su di un bastimento della stessa nazione o di qualsiasi altra; ma, però, se nello spazio di quattro mesi, a contare dal giorno dello arresto, non fossero essi rimandati, o che tutte le spese per tale imprigionamento non sieno pagate dalla parte che à dimandato tale arresto e prigionia, saranno essi messi in libertà, senza che possano quindi essere arrestati di bel nuovo per la stessa ragione.

Se però il disertore avesse com-

crime or offence, his surrender zione dello stesso sarà differita may be delayed until the tribunal, before which his case shall be depending, shall have pronounced its sentence, and such sentence shall have been carried into effect.

ARTICLE IX.

If any ships of war or merchant vessels be wrecked on the coasts of the states of either of the high contracting parties, such ships or vessels, or any parts thereof, and all furniture and appurtenances belonging thereunto, and all goods and merchandise which shall be saved therefrom, or the produce thereof, if sold, shall be faithfully restored, with the least possible delay, to the proprietors, upon being claimed by them, or by their duly authorized factors; and if there are no such proprietors or factors on the spot, then the said goods and merchandise, or the proceeds thereof, as well as all the papers found on board such wrecked ships or vessels, shall be delivered to the American or Sicilian consul or vice-consul in whose district the wreck may have taken place; and such consul, vice-consul, proprietors, or factors, shall pay only the expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, together with the rate of salvage, and expenses of quarantine, which would have been payable in the like case of a wreck of a national vessel; and the goods and merchandise saved from the wreck shall not be subject to duties, unless cleared for consumption; it being understood that in case of any legal claim upon such wreck, goods, or merchandise, the same shall be referred for decision to the competent tribunals of the country.

ARTICLE X.

The merchant vessels of each of the two high contracting parties, which may be forced by stress of weather or other cause into one of the ports of the other, shall be exempt from all duty of port or navigation paid for the benefit of the state, if the motives which led beneficio dello Stato, se i motivi to take refuge be real and evi- che le avranno costrette a rifug-

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fino a tanto che il tribunale, da cui dipende, abbia emanata la sua sentenza, e che abbia questa avuto il suo effetto.

ARTICOLO IX.

Si alcun bastimento da guerra o mercantile, farà naufragio sulle coste degli Stati di ciascuna delle alte parte contraenti, tali bastimenti o qualunque parte di essi, ed attrezzi ed appartenenze de' medesimi, ed ogni altro effetto e mercanzia che sarà salvata da essi. o il prodotto, se venduto, sarà fedelmente restituito il più presto che si potrà, ai proprietarî, su la di loro richiesta, o di agenti, debitamente da loro autorizzati; e se non vi sieno tali proprietarî o agenti sul luogo, allora siffatti effetti e mercanzie, o il di loro prodotto, del pari che tutte le carte ritrovate a bordo de' bastimenti naufragati, saranno consegnate al console o vice-console Americano o Siciliano, nel di cui distretto il naufragio à potuto avere luogo; e tale console o vice-console, proprietarî o agenti, pagheranno solamente le spese incorse per la conservazione della proprietà, insieme con la rata di salvataggio, e le spese di quarantena, che sarebbero pagabili in simil caso di naufragio di un bastimento nazionale, e gli effetti e mercanzie salvate dal naufragio non saranno soggette a dazio, a meno che non sieno esse destinate per consumazione, beninteso che, in caso di qualunque legale reclamo su di tale naufragio, effetti e mercanzie, lo stesso sarà deferito alla decisione dei tribunali competenti del paese.

ARTICOLO X.

Le navi mercantili di ciascuna delle due alte parti contraenti, che per fortuna di mare o altra cagione fossero costrette ad entrare in uno de' porti dell' altra, vi saranno esentate da ogni diritto di porto o di navigazione solito a pagarsi in

Vessels of either party wrecked on the coast of the other, and merchandise saved therefrom shall be restored to owners.

Goods found on board such wrecked vessels, how to be disposed of.

Legal claims on such wreck to be referred to competent tribunals : of the country.

Vessels of either party for-ced by stress of weather into the ports of the other exempt from port charges, provided they do not en-gage in commerce.

Loading or un-loading, in certain cases, not considered engaging in commerce.

> of duties, and that the said vessels do not stay in port beyond the time necessary, keeping in view the cause which led [to] taking refuge.

Every differ-ence of duty to cease and be abolished.

ARTICLE XI.

merce be done by loading or un-

loading merchandises; [it being]

well understood, however, that the

loading or unloading, which may

regard the subsistence of the

crew, or necessary for the repa-ration of the vessel, shall not

be considered operations of com-

merce, which lead to the payment

To carry always more fully into effect the intentions of the two high contracting parties, they agree that every difference of duty. whether of the ten per cent. or other, established in the respective states, to the prejudice of the navigation and commerce of those nations which have not treaties of commerce and navigation with them, shall cease and remain abolished in conformity to the principle established in the first article of the present treaty, as well on the productions of the soil and industry of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, which therefrom shall be imported in the United States of America, whether in vessels of the one or of the other country, as on those which, in like manner, shall be imported in the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies in vessels of both countries.

They declare, besides, that as the productions of the soil and industry of the two countries, on their introduction in the ports of the other, shall not be subject to greater duties than those which shall be imposed on the like productions of the most favored nations, so the red and white wines of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies of every kind, including those of Marsala, which may be imported directly in the United States of America, whether in vessels of the one or of the other pagheranno dazî maggiori o più country, shall not pay higher or elevati de' vini rossi o bianchi

dent, and if no operation of com-girsi sieno reali ed evidenti, e purchè non facciano esse alcuna operazione di commercio caricando o scaricando delle mercanzie. Beninteso, però, che i caricamenti o discaricamenti risguardanti la sussistenza degli equipaggi o necessarî alla riparazione delle navi, non saranno considerati come operazioni di commercio che diano adito al pagamento de' diritti, e purchè le dette navi non prolunghino la loro permanenza nel porto, al di là del tempo necessario, avendosi riguardo alle cagioni che le avranno costrette a cercar rifugio.

ARTICOLO XI.

Per recare sempre più ad effetto le intenzioni delle due alte parti contraenti, convengono esse, che ogni differenza di dazio, sia del 10 p. c. sia altra stabilita negli Stati rispettivi in pregiudizio della navigazione e del commercio delle nazioni che non ànno con esse trattati di navigazione e di commercio, cesserà e rimarrà abolita, consentaneamente al principio stabilito nel primo articolo del presente trattato, tanto sulle produzioni del suolo e della industria del Regno delle Due Sicilie, che da esso verranno immesse negli Stati Uniti di America con legni dell' uno e dell' altro paese, quanto sulle produzioni del suolo e dell' industria degli Stati Uniti di America, che da essi verranno parimenti immesse nel Regno delle Due Sicilie con bastimenti de' due paesi.

Dichiarano, inoltre, che non dovendo le produzioni del suolo e dell' industria dei due paesi, nella loro immissione dall' uno nell' altro, essere assoggettate a dazio maggiore di quello a cui sono sottoposti i prodotti medesimi delle nazioni le più favorite, i vini rossi e bianchi, perciò, del Regno delle Due Sicilie, di qualunque sorta, inclusi quelli di Marsala, che saranno immessi direttamente negli Stati Uniti di America, con legni dell' uno o dell' altro paese, non

Duties on red and white wines. greater duties than those of the | delle nazioni le più favorite. red and white wines of the most favored nations. And in like manner, the cottons of the United States of America, which may be imported directly in the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, whether in vessels of the one or other nation, shall not pay higher or greater duties than the cottons of Egypt, Bengal, or those of the most favored nations.

ARTICLE XII,

The present treaty shall be in force from this day, and for the term of ten years, and further, until the end of twelve months after either of the high contracting parties shall have given notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same; each of the said high contracting parties reserving to itself the right of giving such notice at the end of the said term of ten years, or at any subsequent term.

ARTICLE XIII.

The present treaty shall be approved and ratified by the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the said States, and by his Majesty the King of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Naples, at the expiration of six months from the date of its signature, or sooner, if possible.

In witness whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done at Naples the first of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-five.

WILLIAM H. POLK.

 \mathbf{E} similmente, i cotoni degli Stati Uniti di America, che verranno immessi direttamente nel Regno delle Due Sicilie, con legni dell' una o dell' altra nazione, non pagheranno dazî maggiori, o più elevati de' cotoni di Egitto, del Bengala, o di quelli delle nazioni le più favorite.

ARTICOLO XII.

Il presente trattato sarà in vigore da questo giorno, e per lo spazio di dieci anni, ed anche fino al termine di dodici mesi dopo che ciascuna delle alte parti contraenti avrà notificato all'altra la sua intenzione di porvi termine; riserbandosi ciascuna delle alte parti contraenti il diritto di dare tale conoscenza alla fine del detto termine di dieci anni, o a qualunque susseguente tempo.

ARTICOLO XIII.

Il presente trattato sarà approvato e ratificato dal Presidente degli Stati Uniti di America, con l'intesa e col consentimento del Senato degli Stati suddetti, e da S. M. il Re del Regno delle Due Sicilie, e ne saranno scambiate in Napoli le ratifiche allo spirare di sei mesi dalla data della sottoscrizione, o anche prima, se sarà possibile.

In fede di chè, i plenipotenziarî rispettivi lo àn firmato, e vi ànno apposto il sugello delle loro armi.

Fatto in Napoli il primo di Dicembre dell' anno milleottocento quarantacinque.

[L. S.]	GIUSTINO FORTUNATO.	[L. S.]	
	IL PRINCIPE DI COMITINI.	[L. S.]	
	ANTONIO SPINELLI.	[L. S.]	ĺ

[There are some errors in the Italian part of this treaty, and the English version of it has many errors. We have followed the original in all cases. - Pub.]

This treaty to be in force ten years, and until 12 months after either party give notice, &c.

To be ratified. and ratifications to be exchanged six months from the date of its signature.

Signed Dec. 1 1845

TREATY WITH THE KANSAS INDIANS.

Jan. 14, 1846.

Articles of a Treaty made and concluded at the Methodist Mission, in the Kansas country, between Thomas H. Harvey and Richard W. Cummins, Commissioners of the United States, and the Kansas Tribe of Indians.

ARTICLE I.

The Kansas tribe of Indians cede to the United States two millions of acres of land on the east part of their country, embracing the entire width, thirty miles, and running west for quantity.

ARTICLE II.

Sums to be paid by the United States for the cession of lands - how disposed of.

Education. Agriculture.

Methodist Episcopal Church.

Provisions.

West line of lands ceded by this treaty to be ascertained and marked.

To move from lands ceded by lst May, 1847.

In consideration of the foregoing cession, the United States agree to pay to the Kansas Indians two hundred and two thousand dollars, two hundred thousand of which shall be funded at five per cent., the interest of which to be paid annually for thirty years, and thereafter to be diminished and paid pro rata, should their numbers decrease, but not otherwise --- that is: the government of the United States shall pay them the full interest for thirty years on the amount funded, and at the end of that time, should the Kansas tribe be less than at the first payment, they are only to receive pro rata the sums paid them at the first annuity payment. One thousand dollars of the interest thus accruing shall be applied annually to the purposes of education in their own country; one thousand dollars annually for agricultural assistance, implements, &c.; but should the Kansas Indians at any time be so far advanced in agriculture as to render the expenditure for agricultural assistance unnecessary, then the one thousand dollars above provided for that purpose shall be paid them in money with the balance of their annuity; the balance, eight thousand dollars, shall be paid them annually in their own country. The two thousand dollars not to be funded shall be expended in the following manner: first, the necessary expenses in negotiating this treaty; second, four hundred dollars shall be paid to the Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church for their improvements on the land ceded in the first article; third, six hundred dollars shall be applied to the erection of a mill in the country in which the Kansas shall settle for their use, it being in consideration of their mill on the land ceded in the first article. The balance to be placed in the hands of their agent, as soon after the ratification of this treaty as practicable, for the purpose of furnishing the said Kansas Indians with provisions for the present year.

ARTICLE III.

In order that the Kansas Indians may know the west line of the land which they have ceded by this treaty, it is agreed that the United States shall, as soon as may be convenient in the present year, cause the said line to be ascertained and marked by competent surveyors.

ARTICLE IV.

The Kansas Indians are to move from the lands ceded to the United States, by the first article of this treaty, by the first day of May, 1847.

Consent of Senate, April 13, 1846. • Proclamation, April 15, 1846.

Land ceded to the U. States.

ARTICLE V.

As doubts exist whether there is a sufficiency of timber on the land remaining to the Kansas, after taking off the land ceded in the first article of this treaty, it is agreed by the contracting parties, that after the western line of the said cession shall be ascertained, [and] the President of the United States shall be satisfied that there is not a sufficiency of timber, he shall cause to be selected and laid off for the Kansas a suitable country, near the western boundary of the land ceded by this treaty, which shall remain for their use forever. In consideration of which, the Kansas nation cede to the United States the balance of the reservation under the treaty of June 3, 1825, and not ceded in the first article of this treaty.

ARTICLE VI.

In consideration of the great distance which the Kansas Indians will be removed from the white settlements and their present agent, and their exposure to difficulties with other Indian tribes, it is agreed that the United States shall cause to reside among the Kansas Indians a sub-agent, who shall be especially charged with the direction of their farming operations, and general improvement, and to be continued as long as the President of the United States should consider it advantageous to the Kansas.

ARTICLE VII.

Should the government of the United States be of opinion that the Kansas Indians are not entitled to a smith under the 4th article of the treaty of June 3, 1825, it is agreed that a smith shall be supported out of the one thousand dollars provided in the 4th article for agricultural purposes.

In testimony whereof, Thomas H. Harvey and Richard W. Cummins, Commissioners, [and] the Chiefs and Principal Men of the Kansas tribe of Indians have, this the 14th day of January one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, set their hands and seals at the Methodist Kansas Mission.

TH. H. HARVEY, RICH. W. CUMMINS, Commissioners.

Ki-hi-ga-wah-chuffe, or Hard Chief, Me-cho shin-gah, or Broken Thigh, Pi-is-cah-cah, Ish-tal-a-sa, or Speckled Eyes, Mah-gah-ha, Shin-gah-ki-hi-ga, Ca-ho-nah-she, Wa-shon-ge ra, Ne-qui-bra, Ke-bucco-mah-e,

> James M. Simpson, Secretary, Clement Lesserts, Interpreter, John T. Peery, John D. Clark, Chs. Choteau, Seth M. Hays, Nelson Henrys, R. M. Parrett,

[To the names of the Indians are added their marks.]

No-pa-war-ra, Was-sol-ba-shinga, Ke-hi-ga-wat-ti-in-ga, Big-no-years, Wah-pug-ja, Ah-ke-is-tah, Chi-ki-cah-rah, Ke-hah-ga-cha-wah-go, Wah-hah-hah.

Witnesses.

The President, on being satisfied that there is not a sufficiency of timber on lands remaining to the Kansas, to select and lay off a suitable country, &c.

Additional cession by the Kansas.

A sub-agent to reside amongst them.

Provision for a smith.

Signed January 14, 1846.

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TREATY WITH THE COMANCHES AND OTHER TRIBES.

May 15, 1846.

Proclamation March 8, 1847.

Articles of a Treaty made and concluded at Council Springs, in the County of Robinson, Texas, near the Brazos River, this 15th Day of May, A. D. 1846, between P. M. Butler and M. G. Lewis, Commissioners on the Part of the United States, of the one Part, and the undersigned Chiefs, Counsellors, and Warriors of the Comanche, I-on-i, Ana-da-ca, Cadoe, Lepan, Long-wha, Keechy, Tah-wa-carro, Wi-chita, and Wacoe Tribes of Indians, and their associate Bands, in Behalf of their said Tribes, on the other Part.

ARTICLE I.

Said tribes or ations to be nations under the sole protection of the United States.

THE undersigned chiefs, warriors, and counsellors, for themselves and their said tribes or nations, do hereby acknowledge themselves to be under the protection of the United States, and of no other power, state, or sovereignty whatever.

ARTICLE II.

The United States to have the sole and exclusive right to regulate trade and intercourse with said tribes.

reside among them as a trader who is not furnished license for that purpose.

Unfair dealing how punished.

It is stipulated and agreed by the said tribes or nations, and their associate bands, that the United States shall have the sole and exclusive right of regulating trade and intercourse with them, and they do hereby respectively engage to afford protection to such persons, with their property, as shall be duly licensed to reside among them for the purpose of trade and intercourse, and to their agents and servants, No person to but no person shall be permitted to reside among them as a trader, who is not furnished with a license for that purpose, under the hand and seal of the superintendent to be appointed by the President of with a the United States or such other person as the President shall authorize to grant such licenses, to the end that said Indians may not be imposed on in their trade; and if any licensed trader shall abuse his privilege by unfair dealing, upon complaint by the chiefs to their agents and proof thereof, his license shall be taken from him, and he shall be further punished according to the laws of the United States; and if any person shall intrude himself as a trader without such license, upon complaint he shall be dealt with according to law.

ARTICLE III.

This article struck out by the Senate. See post, p. 848.

The United States reserves to itself the right of working such mines as may be found within the Indian territory, and the said tribes pledge themselves to protect such persons as the President of the United States may send among them for that purpose. In order to guard against the perpetration of frauds upon the Indians, under pretext of hunting and working mines, no person shall be permitted to go among them for that purpose, except by express license from the President of the United States.

ARTICLE IV.

All white per sons and negroes now prisoners with said Indians now to be delivered up.

The said tribes and their associate bands agree to deliver, by the first day of November next, to the superintendent of Indian affairs to be appointed by the President, at such place as he may direct, due notice of which shall be given to the said tribes, all white persons and

negroes who are now prisoners among any of the said tribes or nations, for which the United States agree to make to them a fair compensation; and the United States further agree to make [that] all the prisoners taken from said tribes by Texas or the United States, shall be delivered up to the said tribes, at the same time and place, without charge. And when any member of any of said tribes or nations, and their associate bands, having in his possession an American prisoner or prisoners, white or black, shall refuse to give them up, the President of the United States shall have the privilege of sending among said tribes or nations such force as he may think necessary to take them; and the chiefs of the nations or tribes, parties to this treaty, pledge themselves to give protection and assistance to such persons as may be sent among them for this purpose.

ARTICLE V.

The said tribes or nations shall have the right of sending delegates to the city of Washington whenever they may think their interest requires it.

ARTICLE VI.

The said tribes and their associate bands pledge themselves to give notice to the agent of the United States residing near them of any designs which they may know or suspect to [be] formed in any neighboring tribe, or by any person whatever, against the peace and interests of the United States.

ARTICLE VII.

It is agreed that, if any Indian or Indians shall commit a murder or robbery on any citizen of the United States, the tribe or nation to which the offender belongs shall deliver up the person or persons so complained of, on complaint being made to their chief, to the nearest post of the United States, to the end that he or they may be tried, and, if found guilty, punished, according to the law of the State or Territory where such offence may have been committed. In like manner, if any subject or citizen of the United States shall commit murder or robbery on any Indian or Indians of the said tribes or United nations, upon complaint thereof to the agent residing near them, he or they shall be arrested, tried, and punished according to the law of the State or Territory where such offence may have been committed.

ARTICLE VIII.

The practice of stealing horses has prevailed very much to the great disquiet of the citizens of the United States, and, if persisted in, cannot fail to involve both the United States and the Indians in endless strife. It is therefore agreed that it shall be put an entire stop to on both sides. Nevertheless, should bad men, in defiance of this agreement, continue to make depredations of that nature, the person convicted thereof shall be punished with the utmost severity, according to the laws of the State or Territory where the offence may have been committed; and all horses so stolen, either by the Indians from the citizens of the United States or by the citizens of the horses to be re-United States from any of the said tribes or nations, into whose possession soever they may have passed, upon due proof of rightful ownership, shall be restored; and the chiefs of said tribes or nations shall give all necessary aid and protection to citizens of the United

Persons taken from said tribes by Texas to be delivered up.

Force may be used.

This article struck out by the Senate. See post, p. 848.

The said tribes to give notice of any designs against the peace and interests of the U. States.

Indians guilty of murder or robbery to be delivered up.

Citizens of the States guilty of murder or robbery of Indians to be pun-ished according to law.

Horse stealing.

How punished.

All stolen stored.

States in reclaiming and recovering such stolen horses; and the civil magistrates of the United States, respectively, shall give all necessary aid and protection to Indians in claiming and recovering such stolen horses.

ARTICLE IX.

For the protection of said Indians and for the purpose of carrying out the stipulations of this treaty more effectually, the President shall, at his discretion, locate upon their borders trading houses, agencies, and posts. In consideration of the friendly disposition of said tribes, evidenced by the stipulations in the present treaty, the commissioners of the United States, in behalf of the said States, agree to give to the said tribes or nations goods, as presents, at this time, and agree to give presents in goods to them, to the amount of —, next fall, (a) at the Council Springs, on the Brazos, where this council is now held, or at some other point to be designated, and of which due notice shall be given to said tribes.

ARTICLE X.

The said tribes or nations and their associate bands are now, and forever agree to remain, at peace with the United States. All animosities for past offences are hereby mutually forgiven and forgotten, and the parties to this treaty pledge themselves to carry it into full execution, in good faith and sincerity.

ARTICLE XI.

And the said tribes and their associate bands are now, and agree Said tribes to to remain, friendly with such tribes as are now at peace with the United States, residing upon the waters of the Arkansas, Missouri, and Red Rivers.

ARTICLE XII.

If any person or persons shall introduce ardent spirits or intoxicating liquors of any kind among said tribes or nations, such person or person [persons] shall be punished according to the laws of the United States, and the said tribes or nations agree to give immediate notice to the agent of the United States residing near them, and to prevent by any means in their power the violation of this article of treaty.

ARTICLE XIII.

It is further agreed that blacksmiths shall be sent to reside among be sent to reside the said tribes or nations, to keep their guns and farming utensils in order, as long and in such manner as the President may think proper. It is further agreed that school teachers, at the discretion of the President, shall be sent among the said tribes or nations for the purpose of instructing them; and the said tribes or nations agree that preachers of the gospel may travel or reside among them by permission of the President or his agents to be appointed, and that ample protection shall be afforded them in the discharge of their duties.

> (a) This blank was filled by the Senate with \$10,000, and for the words "next fall" were substituted, "at such time as the President of the United States may think proper.

Trading houses, agencies, and posts to be located on the borders.

See post, p. 848.

Perpetual peace between the Uni-ted States and said tribes.

remain at peace Indians with friendly to 1 United States. to the

Penalty for the introduction of ardent spirits or intoxicating li-quors into the Indian country.

Blacksmiths to among said tribes

School teachers to be sent among said tribes; and preachers of the gospel may travel and reside among them.

ARTICLE XIV.

The said tribes or nations, parties to this treaty, are anxious to be at peace with all other tribes or nations, and it is agreed that the President shall use his exertions, in such manner as he may think proper, to preserve friendly relations between the different tribes or nations parties to this treaty, and all other tribes of Indians under his jurisdiction.

Given under our hands and seals this day and date above.

Signed 15 May, 846.

P. M. BUTLER, M. G. LEWIS, } U. S. Commissioners.

Comanches.

Pah-ha-u-ca, (or the Amorous Man,) Mo-pe-chu-co-pe, (or Old Owl,) Cush-un-a-rah-ah, (or Ravisher,) Ka-bah-ha-moo, (or Won't Smoke,) O-ka-art-su, (or Rope Cutter,) Moo-ra-que-top, (or Nasty Mule,) Ta-bup-pua-ta, (or the Winner,) Kai-tia-tah, (or Little,) Kai-tia-tah, (or Little,) Kai-he-na-mou-rah, (Blind Man,) Ho-chu-cah, (Birdshouse,) Pah-moo-wah-tah, (No Tobacco,) Mon-ne-con-nah-heh, (Ring,)

We-ar-ras, (Big Dog,)

Santa Anna, Sa-ba-heit, (Small Wolf,) Quarah-ha-po-e, (Atelope Road,) Ka-nah-u-mah-ka, (Nearly Dead,) Ish-a-me-a-qui, (Travelling Wolf,) Mo-he-ka, (Polecat,) A-ka-chu-a-ta, (No Horn,) Ka-he-na-bo-ne, (Blind Man,) Ma-war-ra, (The Lost,) Ke-wid-da-wip-pa, (Tall Woman,) Pa-na-che, (Mistletoe.)

Po-che-na-qua-heip, (Buffalo Hump,)

Wacoes,

Hed-e-cok-isk, (Double-Barrelled,)

Keeches.

Sa-sed-da-qua, (Dead Man,)	Ha-wi-da-sai-kish, (Man Killer,)
A-ko-ha-rai-at, (Pursuer,)	No-cur-ra-oh-to-a-wa, (Loud Talker,)
Hens-ke-da-hick, (Long Frock,)	To-ka-rah, (Black House,)
Uks-que-ra-qua-ar-da, (House Kecper,)	Ken-di-ash-ush-sa, (Narrow Escape.)

Tonkaways.

Ha-set-ta, (Sitting by a River,) Campo,
Ha-shu-ka-nah, (Can't Kill Him,)
Placedon,
Cha-al-lah, (Strong Man,) Jose,
Ka-sa, (A Worshipper,)
Tron-ke-la, (Thunder,)

Nic-co-na-nah, (Killed an Indus: on the Hill,) Hose-Marea, (or Aish,) Be-cin-ta, Shell Chief, (or Tow-a-ash,) Bin-chah, Chick-a-saw-che.

Wichetas.

To-sa-quas, (White Tail,) Cho-wash-ta-ha-da, (Runner,) Kow-wah, (Shirt Tail,) Wich-qua-sa-is, (Contrary,) His-si-da-wah, (Stubborn.)

Towa-karroes.

Ke-cni-ko-ra-ko, (Stubborn,) Nes-ho-chil-lash, (Traveller,) Na-co-ah, (Dangerfield,) Ka-ra-ko-ris, (Deceiver,) Ha-ke-di-ad-ah, (Gallant Man,) VOL. IX. TREAT. --- 5 Wha-cha-ash-da, (Looker-on,) Wash-le-doi-ro-ka, (Don't you do so,) Te-ah-kur-rah, (Lightman,) Sar-rah-de-od-a-sa, (Straight Looker.)

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Wacoes.

A-qua-gosh, (Short Tail,) Ho-hed-orah, (Long Ways over the

Chos-toch-ka-a-wah, (Charger,) Cha-to-wait, (Ghost.)

River,)

THOMAS J. WILSON, ISAAC H. DU VAL, Secretaries.

Robt. S. Neighbsor,)		
Hugh Rose,		Louis Sanches,	>
Jno. H. Rollins,	Witnesses.	John Conner,	Interpreters.
Thomas J. Smith,	i	Jim Shaw,) ~
E. Morehouse,	J		

[To each of the names of the Indians is affixed his mark.]

And whereas the said treaty having been submitted to the Senate of the United States, for its constitutional action thereon, the Senate did, on the fifteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, resolve as follows, viz. :---

Resolved, (two thirds of the senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the articles of a treaty made and concluded at Council Springs, in the county of Robinson, Texas, near the Brazos River, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1846, between P. M. Butler and M. G. Lewis, commissioners on the part of the United States, of the one part, and the undersigned chiefs, counsellors, and warriors of the Comanche, I-on-i, Ana-da-ca, Cadoe, Lepan, Long-wha, Keechy, Sah-wah-carro, Wichita, and Wacoe tribes of Indians, and their associate bands, in behalf of their said tribes, on the other part, with the following amendments: ---

Strike out the third article of the treaty in the following words: ---

"ARTICLE III.

"The United States reserves to itself the right of working such mines as may be found within the Indian Territory; and the said tribes pledge themselves to protect such persons as the President of the United States may send among them for that purpose. In order to guard against the perpetration of frauds upon the Indians, under pretext of hunting and working mines, no person shall be permitted to go among them for that purpose, except by express license from the President of the United States."

Strike out the fifth article of the treaty in the following words: ---

"ARTICLE V.

"The said tribes or nations shall have the right of sending delegates to the city of Washington whenever they may think their interest requires it."

In Article IX., line 10, after the word "of," insert ten thousand dollars.

In Article IX., line 11, strike out the words "next fall," and insert, at such time as the President of the United States may think proper.

Resolution of the Senate rati fying said treaty with amendments.

CONVENTION WITH NASSAU.

Convention for the mutual Abolition of the Droit d'Aubaine and Taxes on Emigration between the United States of America and his Royal Highness the Duke of Nassau.

THE United States of America and his Royal Highness the Duke of Nassau having resolved, for the advantage of their respective citizens and subjects, to conclude a convention for the mutual abolition of the droit d'aubaine and taxes on emigration, have named for this purpose their respective plenipotentiaries, namely: the President of the United States of America has conferred full powers on Henry Wheaton, their Envov Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at the royal court of Prussia; and His Royal Highness the Duke of Nassau upon his Minister Resident at the royal court of Prussia, Colonel and Chamberlain, Otto Wilhelm Carl von Roeder, Comthur of the first class of the Ducal Order of Henry the Lion, etc., etc.; who, after having exchanged their said full powers, found in due and proper form, have agreed to and signed the following articles: -----

ARTICLE I.

Every kind of droit d'aubaine, droit de retraite, and droit de détraction or tax on emigration, is hereby and shall remain abolished between the two contracting parties, their States, citizens, and subjects, respectively.

Vertrag ueber die gegenseitige Aufhebung Heimfalls von (Fremdlings) Recht und Aus- January 6, 1847. Ratifications exwanderungs-Steuern zwischen den Vereinigten Staaten von lin, October 13, Nord America und Senier Koe- 1846. niglichen Hoheit dem Herzog von Nassau.

NACHDEM die Vereinigten Staaten von Nord America und Seiner Koenigliche Hoheit der Herzog von Nassau beschlossen haben: zum Besten der beiderseitigen Staatsangehoerigen einen Vertrag über gegenseitige Aufhebung von Heimfalls (Fremdlings) Recht und Auswanderungs Steuern abzuschliessen, so sind dazu von beiden Seiten Bevollmaechtigte ernannt worden, nämlich von Seiten des Praesidenten der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord America. Herr Heinrich Wheaton, Nordamericanischer ausserordentlicher Gesandter und bevollmaechtigter Minister am Königlich Preussischen Hofe, und von Seiten Seiner Koeniglichen Hoheit des Herzogs von Nassau Hoechst ihr Minister Resident am Koeniglich Preussischen Hofe, Oberst und Kammerherr, Otto Wilhelm Carl von Roeder, Comthur 1er Classe des Herzoglichen Ordens Heinrich des Loewen, &c., &c., welche Bevollmaechtigte, nach vollzogener Auswechselung ihrer, gegenseitig in rechtiger und gehoeriger Form befundener Vollmachten, nachstehende Artikel festgesetzt und unterzeichnet haben : --

ARTIKEL I.

Jede Art von Heimfalls (Fremdlings) Recht, Nachsteuer und &c., abolished. Abzugsrecht oder Auswanderung Steuer, ist und bleibt aufgehoben zwischen beiden abschliessenden ihren beiderseitigen Theilen, Staaten und Staats-Angehoerigen.

May 27, 1846.

Proclamation,

Preamble.

Negotiators,

Droit d'aubaine,

ARTICLE II.

Where, on the death of any person holding real property within the territories of one party, such real property would, by the laws of the land, descend on a citizen or subject of the other, were he not disqualified by alienage, such citizen or subject shall be allowed a term of two years to sell the same - which term may be reasonably prolonged according to circumstances - and to withdraw the proceeds thereof without molestation, and exempt from all duties of detraction.

ARTICLE III.

The citizens or subjects of each of the contracting parties shall have power to dispose of their personal property within the states of the other, by testament, donation, or otherwise, and their heirs, legatees, and donees, being citizens or subjects of the other contracting party, shall succeed to their said personal property, and may take possession thereof, either by themselves, or by others acting for them, and dispose of the same at their pleasure, paying such duties only as the inhabitants of the country where the said property lies shall be liable to pay in like cases.

ARTICLE IV.

Property of absent heirs to be taken care of.

In case of the absence of the heirs, the same care shall be taken, provisionally, of such real or personal property, as would be taken, in a like case, of property belonging to the natives of the country,

ARTIKEL II.

Wenn durch den Tod irgend eines Besitzers von Immobilien oder Grundeigenthum, welche sich auf dem Gebiete des einen der ab-Theile schliessenden befinden, diese Immobilien oder Grundeigenthum nach den Gesetzen des Landes auf einen Staatsangehoerigen des anderen Theils uebergehen sollten, so wird diesem, wenn er durch seine Eigenschaft als Fremder zum Besitze derselben unfaehig ist, ein Aufschub von zwei Jahren gewachrt, wel-cher Termin nach Umstaenden in angemessener Weise verlaengert werden kann, dieselbe zu verkaufen und um den Ertrag davon ohne Anstand und frei von jeder Abzugs Steuer zu beziehen.

ARTIKEL III.

Den Staatsangehoerigen eines jeden der abschliessenden Theile, soll in den Staaten des anderen die Freiheit zustehen, ueber ihre beweglichen Gueter durch Testament, Schenkung, oder auf andere Weise zu verfügen, und deren Erben ab intestato oder Rechtsnachfolger durch Testament oder Schenkung, sollen wenn sie Staatsangehoerigen des andern der beiden abschliessenden Theile sind, ihnen in dem Besitze ihrer beweglichen Gueter folgen, auch in Person sowohl, als durch andere, welche an ihrer Stelle handeln, davon Besitz ergreifen und nach Gutduenken damit shalten können, ohne andere Steuern zu bezahlen als solche, welchen die Einwohner des Landes, worin sich die genannten Gueter befinden, bei gleichem Anlasse unterworfen sind.

ARTIKEL IV.

Im Falle der Abwesenheit der Erben wird man hinsichtlich der erwähnten beweglichen oder unbeweglichen Gueter provisorisch gans dieselbe Sorgfalt anwenden welche man bei gleichem Anlasse, until the lawful owner, or the hinsichtlich der Gueter der Ein-

Heirs to real

property allowed

to sell the same

and withdraw the

proceeds.

Citizens and subjects of each party may dis-pose of, by will or otherwise, their perce their personal property in the states of the other, &c. Du-ties to be the same as paid by inhabitants.

person who has a right to sell the same, according to Article II. may take measures to receive or dispose of the inheritance.

ARTICLE V.

If any dispute should arise between different claimants to the same inheritance, they shall be decided, in the last resort, according to the laws and by the judges of the country where the property is situated.

ARTICLE VI.

All the stipulations of the present convention shall be obligatory in respect to property already inherited, or bequeathed, but not yet withdrawn from the country where the same is situated at the signature of this convention.

ARTICLE VII.

This convention is concluded subject to the ratification of the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of their Senate, and of his Royal Highness the Duke of Nassau, and the ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at Berlin, within the term of twelve months from the date of the signature hereof, or sooner, if possible.

In witness whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the above articles, as well in English as in German, and have thereto affixed their seals.

gebornen angewendet hatte, bis der gesetzmaessige Eigenthuemer, oder derjenige, welcher nach Artikel II. das Recht hat, dieselben zu verkaufen, Anordnungen zu treffen für gut finden wird: um die Erbschaft anzutreten oder darüber zu verfuegen.

ARTIKEL V.

Wenn sich Streitigkeiten zwischen verschiedenen, rechtlichen laws. Anspruch auf die Erbschaft habenden Praetendenten erheben. so werden dieselben in letzter Instanz nach den Gesetzen und von den Richtern des Landes entschieden werden, in welchen das Object der Erbschaft sich befindet.

ARTIKEL VI.

Sämmtliche, in gegenwaertigem Vertrage enthaltene Bestimmungen, sollen auch in Ansehung solcher Vermögenstheile verbindliche Kraft haben, welche zur drawn. Zeit der Unterzeichnung des gegenwaertigen Vertrages bereits angefallen, jedoch noch nicht wirklich expectorirt sind.

ARTIKEL VII.

Gegenwaertiger Vertrag ist abgeschlossen worden, vorbehaltlich jeet to ratifica-der Ratification des Praesidenten tions to be ex-der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord changed in 12 der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord America, nach und mit dem Rathe date. und der Einwilligung des nordamericanischen Senates, und vorbehaltlich der Ratification Seiner Koeniglichen Hoheit des Herzogs von Nassau, und es soll, die Auswechselung der Ratifications-Urkunden innerhalb zwoelf Monaten, vom Tage der Unterzeichnung des gegenwaertigen Vertrages an gerechnet, oder früher, wenn es möglich ist, zu Berlin stattfinden.

In Urkund dessen haben die beiderseitigen Bevollmaechtigten obstehende Artikel, sowohl in Englischer als in Deutscher Sprache unterzeichnet, und ihre Siegel beigedrueckt.

Disputes to be

Stipulations of present conven-tion to apply to property already inherited, &c., &c., but not yet with-

Convention submonths from

Signed in English and German, May 27, 1846.

Done in triplicata, in the city of Berlin, on the twenty-seventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, in the seventieth year of the independence of the United States of America, and the seventh of the reign of his Royal Highness the Duke of Nassau.

HENRY WHEATON. [L. S.]

Ansgestellt in drei Exemplaren zu Berlin, den 27^o Mai, Ein Tausend Acht Hundert Sechs und Vierzig, im siebzigsten Jahre der Unabhaengigkeit der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord America, und im siebenten Jahre der Regierung Seiner Koeniglichen Hoheit des Herzogs von Nassau.

OTTO WILHELM CARL VON ROEDER. [L. S.]

TREATY WITH THE POTTOWAUTOMIE NATION. (a)

Whereas the various bands of the Pottowautomie Indians, known as the Chippewas, Ottawas, and Pottowautomies, the Pottowautomies of the Prairie, the Pottowautomies of the Wabash, and the Pottowautomies of Indiana, have, subsequent to the year 1828, entered into separate and distinct treaties with the United States, by which they have been separated and located in different countries, and difficulties have arisen as to the proper distribution of the stipulations under various treaties, and being the same people by kindred, by feeling, and by language, and having, in former periods, lived on and owned their lands in common; and being desirous to unite in one common country, and again become one people, and receive their annuities and other benefits in common, and to abolish all minor distinctions of bands by which they have heretofore been divided, and are anxious to be known only as the POTTOWAUTOMIE NATION, thereby reinstating the national character; and whereas the United States are also anxious to restore and concentrate said tribes to a state so desirable and necessary for the happiness of their people, as well as to enable the government to arrange and manage its intercourse with them: now, therefore, the United States and the said Indians do hereby agree, that said people shall hereafter be known as a nation, to be called the POTTOWAUTOMIE NATION; and to the following

Articles of a Treaty made and concluded at the Agency on the Missouri River, near Council Bluffs, on the fifth Day of June, and at Pottawatomie Creek, near the Osage River, south and west of the State of Missouri, on the seventeenth Day of the same month, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, between T. P. Andrews, Thomas H. Harvey, and Gideon C. Matlock, Commissioners on the Part of the United States, on the one Part, and the various Bands of the Pottowautomie, Chippewas, and Ottowas Indians, on the other part:—

ARTICLE I.

It is solemnly agreed that the peace and friendship which so happily exist between the people of the United States and the Pottowautomie Indians shall continue forever; the said tribes of Indians giving assurance, hereby, of fidelity and friendship to the government and people of the United States; and the United States giving, at the same time, promise of all proper care and parental protection

ARTICLE II.

The said tribes of Indians hereby agree to sell and cede, and do hereby sell and cede, to the United States, all the lands to which they have claim of any kind whatsoever, and especially the tracts or parcels of lands ceded to them by the treaty of Chicago, and subsequent thereto, and now, in whole or in part, possessed by their people, lying and being north of the River Missouri, and embraced in the limits of the Territory of Iowa; and also all that tract of country lying and being on or near the Osage River, and west of the State of Missouri;

June 5 and 17, 1846.

Consent of Senate, July 22, 1846. Proclamation, July 23, 1846. Preamble.

Peace and friendship to continue forever.

Pottowautomies cede certain lands to U. S.

(a) The name of this tribe is, in different treaties, spelled very differently.

These cessions not to affect title of said Indians to former grants and reservations.

Consideration to be paid by U. S. for cession.

Grant by the U. S. of a tract of land to said Indians.

Ante, p. 22.

Consideration to be paid by said Indians for grants.

The U.S. to pay said Indians \$50,000 out of sum granted in 3d article-when and for what purpose.

Said tribes to remove to new homes within two years from ratification of treaty.

moval and subsistence.

it being understood that these cessions are not to affect the title of said Indians to any grants or reservations made to them by former treaties.

ARTICLE III.

In consideration of the foregoing cessions, or sales of land to the United States, it is agreed to pay to said tribes of Indians the sum of eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars, subject to the conditions, deductions, and liabilities, provided for in the subsequent articles of this treaty.

ARTICLE IV.

The United States agree to grant to the said united tribes of Indians, possession and title to a tract or parcel of land containing five hundred and seventy-six thousand acres, being thirty miles square, and being the eastern part of the lands ceded to the United States by the Kansas tribe of Indians, by treaty concluded on the 14th day of January, and ratified on the fifteenth of April of the present year, lying adjoining the Shawnees on the south, and the Delawares and Shawnees on the east, on both sides of the Kansas River, and to guarantee the full and complete possession of the same to the Pottowautomie nation, parties to this treaty, as their land and home forever; for which they are to pay the United States the sum of eighty-seven thousand dollars, to be deducted from the gross sum promised to them in the 3d article of this treaty.

ARTICLE V.

The United States agree to pay said nation of Indians, at the first annuity payment after the ratification of this treaty, and after an appropriation shall have been made by Congress, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, out of the aggregate sum granted in the third article of this treaty, to enable said Indians to arrange their affairs, and pay their just debts, before leaving their present homes; to pay for their improvements; to purchase wagons, horses, and other means of transportation, and pay individuals for the loss of property necessarily sacrificed in moving to their new homes; said sum to be paid, in open council, by the proper agents of the United States, and in such just proportions to each band as the President of the United States may direct.

ARTICLE VI.

The said tribes of Indians agree to remove to their new homes, on the Kansas River, within two years from the ratification of this treaty; and further agree to set apart the sum of twenty thousand dollars to the upper bands, (being ten dollars per head,) and ten thousand dollars to the lower bands, (being five dollars per head,) to pay the Provision for actual expenses of removing; and the sum of forty thousand dollars expenses of re- for all the hands as subsistence for all the bands, as subsistence money, for the first twelve months after their arrival at their new homes; to be paid to them so soon as their arrival at their new homes is made known to the government, and convenient arrangements can be made to pay the same between the parties to this treaty; the aforesaid sums to be also deducted from the aggregate sum granted by the United States to said tribes of Indians by the 3d article of this treaty.

ARTICLE VII.

Balance of \$850,000 to re-main with U.S., as trust fund, at interest of 5 per cent.

The balance of the said sum of eight hundred fifty thousand dollars, after deducting the cost of removal and subsistence, &c., it is agreed shall remain with the United States, in trust for said Indians, and an interest of five per cent. annually paid thereon, commencing at the expiration of one year after the removal of said Indians, and

continuing for thirty years, and until the nation shall be reduced below one thousand souls. If, after the expiration of thirty years, or any period thereafter, it shall be ascertained that the nation is reduced below that number, the said annuity shall thenceforth be paid pro rata so long as they shall exist as a separate and distinct nation, in proportion as the present number shall bear to the number then in existence.

ARTICLE VIII.

It is agreed upon by the parties to this treaty that, after the removal of the Pottowautomie Nation to the Kansas country, the annual interest of their "improvement fund" shall be paid out promptly and fully, for their benefit, at their new homes. If, however, at any time thereafter, the President of the United States shall be of opinion that it would be advantageous to the Pottowautomie nation, and they should request the same to be done, to pay them the interest of said money in lieu of the employment of persons or purchase of machines or implements, he is hereby authorized to pay the same, or any part thereof, in money, as their annuities are paid at the time of the general payments of annuities. It is also agreed that, after the expiration of two years from the ratification of this treaty, the school fund of the Pottowautomies shall be expended entirely in their own country, un- expended in their less their people, in council, should, at any time, express a desire to country. have any part of the same expended in a different manner.

ARTICLE IX.

It is agreed by the parties to this treaty that the buildings occupied as a missionary establishment, including twenty acres of land now under fence, shall be reserved for the use of the government agency; also the houses used for blacksmith house and shop shall be reserved for the use of the Pottowautomie smith; but should the property cease to be used for the aforementioned purposes, then it shall revert to the use of the Pottowautomie nation.

ARTICLE X.

It is agreed that hereafter there shall be paid to the Pottowautomie nation, annually, the sum of three hundred dollars, in lieu of the two thousand pounds of tobacco, fifteen hundred pounds of iron, and three hundred and fifty pounds of steel, stipulated to be paid to the Pottowautomies under the third article of the treaty of September 20, 1828.

In testimony whereof, T. P. Andrews, Thomas H. Harvey, and Gideon C. Matlock, aforesaid Commissioners, and the Chiefs and Prin- and 17, 1846. cipal Men of the Pottowautomie, Ottowa, and Chippewas tribes of Indians, have set their hands, at the time and place first mentioned.

> T. P. ANDREWS, TH. H. HARVEY,

Mi-au-mise, (the Young Miami,) Op-te-gee-shuck, (or Half Day,) Wa-sow-o-ko-uck, (or the Lightning,) Kem-me-kas, (or Bead,) Mi-quess, (or the Wampum,) Wab-na-ne-me, (or White Pigeon, Na-no-no-uit, (or Like the Wind,) Patt-co-shuck, junior, Catte-nab-mee, (the Close Observer,) Wap-que-shuck, (or White Cedar,) VOL. IX. TREAT. --- 6

G. C. MATLOCK, Puck-quon, (or the Rib,) Sena-tche-wan, (or Swift Current,) Shaub-poi-tuck, (the Man goes through,) Wab-sai, (or White Skin,) Shaum-num-teh, (or Medicine Man,) Nah-o-sah, (the Walker,) Keahh, Ne-ah-we-quot, (the Four Faces,)

Commissioners.

Wa-sash-kuck, (or the Grass Turner,) Ke-ton-ne-co, (or the Kidneys,)

After removal of said Indians, the annual interest of their improvement fund to be paid at new homes.

The President may pay in money in lieu employing of persons or pur-chase of machines, &c.

After two years, school fund to be

Buildings now occupied as missionary establishment to be reserved for the agency. The blacksmith house and shop to be reserved for Pottowauto-

mie smith.

Money to be paid in lieu of tobacco, iron, and steel, stipulated in treaty of 1828. Ind. Treat., vol. 1, p. 317.

Signed June 5

Sah-ken-na-ne-be, Etwa-gee-shuck, Saass-pucks-kum, (or Green Leaf,) Ke-wa-ko-to, (Black Cloud Turning,) Meek-sa-mack, (the Wampum,) Chau-cose, (Little Crane,) Co-shae-wais, (Tree Top,) Patt-qui, Me-shuk-to-no, Ween-co, Joseph Le Frambeau, Interpreter, Pierre or Perish Le Clerk, M. B. Beaubien, Interpreter, Pes-co-unk, (Distant Thunder,) Naut-wish-cum, Ob-nob, (or He Looks Back,) Pam-wa-mash-kuck, Pacq-qui-pa-chee, Ma-shaus, (the Cutter,) Ci-co,

* Francois Bourbonnai, * Chas. H. Beaubien. * Shau-on-nees * Paskal Miller, * Joseph Glaudeau, * Joseph Laughton, Ca-ta-we-num, (the Black Dog.) Sine-pe-num, Chatt-tee, (the Pelican,) Me-shik-ke-an, Teh-cah-co, (Spotted Fawn,) Ca-shah-kee, (the Craw Fish,) Shem-me-nah, Nah-kee-shuck, (In the Air,) Mich-e-wee-tah, (Bad Name,) Patte-co-to, Shau-bon-ni-agh, Kah-bon-cagh, Wock-quet.

Witnesses.

R. B. Mitchell, Indian sub-agent,	Edward Pore,	W. R. English,
Richard Pearson,	John H. Whitehead,	S. E. Wicks,
A. G. Wilson,	John Copeland,	Lewis Kennedy,
S. W. Smith,	T. D. S. McDonnell,	L. T. Tate.

[To the names of the Indians, except where there is an asterisk, are added their marks.]

We, the undersigned, Chiefs and Head Men, and Representatives of the Wabash, St. Joseph, and Prairie bands of the Ottowa, Chippewas, and Pottowautomie Indians, do hereby accept, ratify, and confirm the foregoing articles of a treaty, in all particulars. Done at Pottowautomie Creek, near the Osage River, west and south of the State of Missouri, this seventeenth day of June, A. D., 1846.

To-pen-e-be, We-we-say, Gah-gah-amo, I-o-way, Mah-go-quick, Zhah-wee, Louison, Mash-kum-me, Crane, Esk-bug-ge, Noa-ah-kye, Abraham Burnet, Ma-gis-gize, Nas-wah-gay, Pok-to, Little Bird, Shim-nah, Ma-kda-wab.	Root, Niena-kto, Ma-je-sah, Mah-suck, Bade-je-zha, Kah-shqua, Little American, Match-kay, Wane-mage, Wah-wah-suck 2d, Black Bird, Wah-wah-suck 1st, Wah-wah-suck 1st, Wab-mack, (Henry Clay,) T-buck-ke, Zah-gna, N. D. Grover, Big Snake.	Jau-ge-mage, Sin-be-nim, No-clah-Koshig, Os-me-at, Wah-bah-koze, J-o-wa 2d, Wah-we-sueah, Mowa, Moses H. Scott, Kah-kee, Andrew Jackson, Ke-sis, Pame-qe-yah, Peme-nuek, Be-to-quah, Mesha-de, Wm. Hendricks, Nma-onise	Na-che-wa, Ahn-quot, * Jos. N. Bourassa, Kka-mage, * Jude W. Bourassa, Bossman,
Shim-nah, Ma-kda-wah, Black Wolf,	N. D. Grover, Big Snake, En-ne-byah,	Wm. Hendricks, Nma-quise, Mas-co,	Bossman, Joel Barrow,

[To the names of the Indians, except where there is an asterisk, are added their marks.]

Witnesses.

Joseph Bertrand, Jr.,	The	
R. W. Cummins, Indian	J. 1	
Agent,	J. I	
Leonidas A. Vaughan,	М.	
Robert Simerwell,	Wa	

Thomas Hurlburt, J. W. Polk, J. Lykins, M. H. Scott, Washn. Bossman, John T. Jones, James A. Poage, Joseph Clymer, Jr., W W. Cleghorn.

TREATY WITH HANOVER,

OF COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION.

THE United States of America and his Majesty the King of Hanover, equally animated with a desire of placing the privileges of their navigation on a basis of the most extended liberality, and of affording otherwise every encouragement and facility for increasing the commercial intercourse between their respective States, have resolved to settle in a definitive manner the rules which shall be observed between the one and the other, by means of a treaty of navigation and commerce; for which purpose the President of the United States has conferred full powers on A. Dudley Mann, their special agent to his Majesty the King of Hanover, and his Majesty the King of Hanover has furnished with the like full powers the Baron George Frederick de Falcke, of his privy council, Knight Grand-Cross of the Royal Guelphick Order; who, after exchanging their full powers, found in good and due form, have concluded and signed, subject to ratification, the following articles.

ARTICLE 1.

The high contracting parties agree that whatever kind of produce, manufacture, or merchandise of any foreign country, can be, from time to time, lawfully imported into the United States in their own vessels, may also be imported in vessels of the kingdom of Hanover; and no higher or other duties upon the tonnage or cargo of the vessel shall be levied or collected, whether the importation be made in a vessel of the United States or in a Hanoverian vessel.

Dre Vereinigten Staaten von America und seine Majestät der exchanged March König von Hannover, von gleichem Wünsche beseelt, die Pri- made April 24, vilegien ihrer Schiff-fahrt auf die Grundlage der ausgedehntesten Liberalität zu stellen und auch sonst jede Aufmunterung und Erleichterung zu gewähren, um Handels-Verkehr zwischen den den beiderseitigen Staaten zu vermehren, haben beschlossen, die zwischen denselben zu beobachtenden Regeln durch einen Handels und Schifffahrts-Vertrag definitiv festzusetzen. Zu diessem Behufe haben seine Majestät der König von Hannover mit Vollmacht versehen: Allerhöchst ihren Geheimenrath den Freyherrn George Friedrich von Falcke. Groskreuz des königlichen Guelphen Ordens, und hat der Präsident der Vereinigten Staaten gleiche Vollmacht ertheilt: dem bei-Special-Agenten derselben seiner Mäjestät dem Könige von Hannover, A. Dudley Mann, welche nach Auswechselung ihrer in guter und gehöriger Form befundenen Vollmachten, die nachstehenden Artikel mit dem Vorbehalte der Ratification abgeschlossen und unterzeichnet haben:

ARTIKEL I.

Die hohen contrahirenden Theile kommen überein, dass jedwede parties placed on Art von Producten, Manufacturen in regard to imoder Waaren irgend eines fremden portations of for-Landes, welche zu jeder Zeit in den Vereinigten Staaten in deren duties on tonnage eigenen Schiffen gesetzlich einge- and cargoes. führt werden darf, auch in Schiffen des Königreichs Hannover soll eingeführt werden dürfen, und dass keine höhere oder andere Abgaben von dem Tonnengehalte oder der Ladung des Schiffs, es mag die Einfuhr in einem Schiffe der Ver-

June 10, 1846.

Ratifications 5, 1847

Proclamation 1847.

Negotiators.

Vessels of both the same footing eign merchandise and in regard to

857

And in like manner, whatever kind of produce, manufacture, or merchandise of any foreign country, can be, from time to time, lawfully imported into the kingdom of Hanover in its own vessels, may also be imported in vessels of the United States; and no higher or other duties upon the tonnage or cargo of the vessel shall be levied or collected, whether the importation be made in vessels of the one party or the other.

The same recito exports and du-

be reciprocal.

Whatever may be lawfully exprocity in regard ported or re-exported by one party to exports and au-ties, drawbacks, in its own vessels to any foreign &cc., on the same. country may, in like manner, be exported or re-exported in the vessels of the other. And the same duties, bounties, and drawbacks shall be collected and allowed. whether such exportation or re-exportation be made in vessels of the Port charges to one party or the other. Nor shall higher or other charges of any kind be imposed in the ports of the one party on vessels of the other, than are or shall be payable in the same ports by national vessels.

No higher toll, Stade than is colof Hanover.

And further, it is agreed that &c., to be collect- no higher or other toll shall be the United States levied or collected at Brunshausen at Brunshausen or or Stade, on the River Elbe, upon lected on vessels the tonnage or cargoes of vessels of the United States, than is levied and collected upon the tonnage and cargoes of vessels of the kingdom of Hanover; and the vessels of the United States shall be subjected to no charges, detention, or other inconvenience by the Hanoverian authorities, in passing the above-mentioned place, from which vessels of the kingdom of Hanover are or shall be exempt.

einigten Staaten oder in einem Hannöverschen Schiffe geschehen, gehoben werden soll. In gleicher Weise soll jedwede Art von Producten, Manufacten oder Waaren. irgend eines fremden Landes, welche zu jeder Zeit in das Königreich Hannover in dessen eigenen Schiffen gesetzlich eingeführt werden darf, auch in Schiffen der Vereinigten Staaten eingeführt werden dürfen, und sollen keine höhere oder andere Abgaben von dem Tonnengehalte oder der Ladung des Schiffs, es mag die Einfuhr in Schiffen des einen oder des anderen Theils geschehen, erhoben werden.

Alles was von dem einen Theile in dessen eigenen Schiffen nach irgend einem fremden Lande gesetzlich ausgeführt werden darf, soll in gleicher Weise auch in den Schiffen des andern Theils ausgeführt oder wiederausgeführt werden dürfen; und die nämlichen Abgaben, Vergütungen und Rückzahlungen sollen gehoben und bewiligt werden, es mag die derartige Ausfuhr oder Wieder-Ausfuhr in Schiffen des einen oder des anderen Theils geschehen; auch sollen keine höhere oder andere Abgaben irgend einer Art in den Häfen des einen Theils den Schiffen des andern Theils auferlegt werden, als welche in denselben Häfen von den einheimischen Schiffen zu entrichten sind oder sein werden.

Es wird ferner vereinbart, dass kein höherer oder anderer Zoll zu Brunshausen oder Stade an der Elbe, von dem Tonnengehalte oder den Ladungen von Schiffen der Vereinigten Staaten erhoben werden soll, als von dem Tonnengehalte und den Ladungen von Schiffen des Königreichs Hannover erhoben wird, und dass die Schiffe der Vereinigten Staaten keinen Lasten, Aufenthalt oder sonstigen Unannehmlichkeiten von den Hannoverschen Behörden bei der Vorbeifahrt an dem obgenannten Orte unterworfen werden sollen, wovon die Schiffe des Königreichs Hannover befreit sind oder werden.

ARTICLE II.

The preceding article is not applicable to the coasting trade and navigation of the high contracting parties, which are respectively reserved by each exclusively to its own subjects or citizens.

ARTICLE III.

No priority or preference shall be given by either of the contracting parties, nor by any company, corporation, or agent, acting on their behalf, or under their authority, in the purchase of any article of commerce, lawfully imported, on account of or in reference to the national character of the vessel, whether it be of the one party or of the other, in which such article was imported.

ARTICLE IV.

The ancient and barbarous right to wrecks of the sea shall remain entirely abolished with respect to the property belonging to the citizens or subjects of the high contracting parties.

When any vessel of either party shall be wrecked, stranded, or otherwise damaged on the coasts, or within the dominions of the other, their respective citizens or subjects shall receive, as well for themselves as for their vessels and effects. the same assistance which would be due to the inhabitants of the country where the accident happens.

They shall be liable to pay the same charges and dues of salvage as the said inhabitants would be liable to pay in a like case.

If the operations of repair shall require that the whole or any part of the cargo be unloaded, they shall pay no duties of custom, charges, or fees, on the part which they shall reload and carry away,

ARTIKEL II.

Der vorhergehende Artikel ist nicht anwendbar auf den Kü- cle not applicable stenhandel und die Küstenfahrt to the coasting der hohen contrahirenden Theile, welche beiderseits ihren eigenen Unterthanen oder Bürgern ausschiesslich vorbehalten werden.

ARTIKEL III.

Von keinem der contrahirenden Theile, noch von, in deren Na- preference to be men oder unter deren Autorität given, in the pur-chase of any artihandelnden Gesellschaften, Cor- cle; on account of porationen oder Agenten, soll, bei the national char-acter of the vesdem Ankaufe irgend eines gesetz- sel in which imlich eingeführten Handels-Arti- ported. kels, wegen oder bezüglich der Nationalität des Schiffes, in welchem ein solcher Artikel eingeführt worden, es mag dem einen oder dem andern Theile angehören, ein Vorrecht noch Vorzug gegeben werden.

ARTIKEL IV.

Das alte und barbarische Strandrecht soll rücksichtlich des den of the sea abol-Unterthanen oder Bürgern der hohen contrahirenden Theile gehörenden Eigenthums gänzlich aufgehoben bleiben.

Wenn ein Schiff des einen Theils an den Küsten oder inner- wreck, assistance halb der Besitzungen des andern to be rendered. Theils Schiffbruch erlitten hat, gestrandet oder sonst beschädigt ist, so sollen die respectiven Bürger oder Unterthanen, sowohl für sich als für ihre Schiffe und Sachen, den nämlichen Beistand erhalten, welcher den Einwohnern des Landes, woder Unfall sich ereignet, gebührt haben würde.

Dieselben sollen gehalten sein, die nämlichen Abgaben und Ber- to be reciprocal. gelöhne zu entrichten, welche die besagten Einwohner in einem gleichen Falle zu zahlen schuldig wären.

beiten erforderlich machen, dass of vessels are die Ladung general Wenn die Ausbesserungs-Ardie Ladung ganz oder zum Theil necessary, no charges or fees to gelöscht werden, so sollen sie von be demjenigen, was sie wieder ein- that part of their laden und wegführen keine Zoll- ed;

Preceding arti-

No priority c?

Right to wrecks ished.

In cases of ship-

Dues of salvage

exacted for except such as are payable in the like case by national vessels.

Except fees and charges for storage

What vessels the privileges of

this treaty shall

extend to.

It is nevertheless understood that if, whilst the vessel is under repair, the cargo shall be unladen and kept in a place of deposit destined to receive goods, the duties on which have not been paid, the cargo shall be liable to the charges and fees lawfully due to the keepers of such warehouses.

ARTICLE V.

The privileges secured by the present treaty to the respective vessels of the high contracting parties shall only extend to such as are built within their respective territories, or lawfully condemned as prizes of war, or adjudged to be forfeited for a breach of the municipal laws of either of the high contracting parties, and belonging wholly to their citizens or subjects.

Crews of Hanoverian vessels, of whom to be composed.

It is further stipulated that vessels of the kingdom of Hanover may select their crews from any of the states of the Germanic confederation, provided that the master of each be a subject of the kingdom of Hanover.

ARTICLE VI.

No higher or other duties to be imposed on the importation of articles into either country, the growth, produce, or manufacture of the other, or of their fisheries, than are imposed on like articles the growth, &c.., of any other foreign country.

No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the United States of any articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of the kingdom of Hanover, or of its fisheries, and no higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the kingdom of Hanover of any articles the growth, produce, and manufacture of the United States, and of their fisheries, than are or shall be payable on the like articles being the growth, produce, or manufacture of any other foreign country, or of its fisheries.

Abgaben, Auflagen oder Gebühren zahlen, ausser solchen, welche in gleichem Falle von den einheimischen Schiffen zu entrichten sind.

Es versteht sich jedoch, dass wenn, während das Schiff ausgebessert wird, die Ladung gelöscht und in einer Niederlage für unversteuerte Güter aufbewahrt wird, die Ladung denjenigen Abgaben und Gebühren unterliegen soll, welche den Inhabern solcher Niederlagen gesetzlich zukommen.

ARTIKEL V

Die durch gegenwärtigen Vertrag den respectiven Schiffen der hohen contrahirenden Theile zugesicherten Privilegien sollen sich nur auf solche Schiffe erstrecken, welche innerhalb ihrer respectiven Gebiete erbaut, oder gesetzlich als Kriegs-Beute condemnirt oder wegen Bruchs der Municipal-Gesetze des einen oder des andern der hohen contrahirenden Theile für confiscirt erklärt sind, und welche ihren Unterthanen oder Bürgern ganz gehören.

Es wird ferner stipulirt, dass Schiffe des Königreichs Hannover ihre Mannschaften aus allen Staaten des Deutschen Bundes wählen dürfen, sofern nur der Capitain eines jeden Schiff Unterthan des Königreichs Hannover ist.

ARTIKEL VI.

Es sollen keine höhere oder andere Abgaben auf die Einfuhr in die Vereinigten Staaten von Artikeln welche Erzeugnisse des Bodens oder des Gewerbfleisses des Königreichs Hannover oder seiner Fischereien sind, und keine höhere oder andere Abgaben auf die Einfuhr in das Königreich Hannover von Artikeln, welche Erzeugnisse des Bodens und des Gewerbfleisses der Vereinigten Staaten und ihrer Fischereien sind, gelegt werden, als von den gleichen Artikeln, welche Erzeugnisse des Bodens oder des Gewerbfleisses irgend eines andern fremden Landes oder seiner Fischereien sind, zu entrichten sind oder sein werden.

No higher or other duties and charges shall be imposed in the United States on the exportation of any articles to the kingdom of Hanover, or in Hanover on the exportation of any articles to the United States, than such as are or shall be payable on the exportation of the like articles to any other foreign country.

No prohibition shall be imposed on the importation or exportation of any articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of the kingdom of Hanover, or of its fisheries. or of the United States or their fisheries, from or to the ports of said kingdom, or of the said United States, which shall not equally extend to all other powers and states.

ARTICLE VII.

The high contracting parties engage, mutually, not to grant any particular favor to other nations in respect of navigation and duties of customs, which shall not immediately become common to the other party; who shall enjoy the same freely, if the concession was freely made, or on allowing a compensation, as near as possible, if the concession was conditional.

ARTICLE VIII.

In order to augment, by all the means at its bestowal, the commercial relations between the United States and Germany, the kingdom of Hanover hereby agrees to abolish the import duty on raw cotton, and also to abolish the existing transit duties upon leaves, stems, and strips of tobacco, in hogsheads or casks, raw cotton in bales or bags, whale oil in casks or barrels, and rice in tierces or half tierces.

Es sollen keine höhere oder andere Abgaben und Abgiften in ties to be imposed den Vereinigten Staaten auf die tion of articles Ausfuhr irgend eines Artikels nach from either coundem Königreiche Hannover, noch try to the other in Hannover auf die Ausfuhr ir- on exportation of gend eines Artikels nach den Ver- the same to any einigten, Staaten gelegt werden, als countries. diejenigen, welche bei der Ausfuhr der gleichen Artikel nach irgend einem andern fremden Lande zu entrichten sind oder sein werden.

Es soll auf die Einfuhr oder Ausfuhr irgend eines Artikels, of importations or welcher Erzeugniss des Bodens from either counoder des Gewerbfleisses des Kö- try which shall nigreichs Hannover oder seiner other countries. Fischereien, oder der Vereinigten Staaten oder ihrer Fischereien ist, aus oder nach den Häfen des besagten Königreichs oder der besagten Vereinigten Staaten, kein Verbot gelegt werden, welches nicht ebenfalls auf alle anderen Mächte und Staaten sich erstreckt.

ARTIKEL VII.

Die hohen contrahirenden Theile verpflichten sich gegenseitig, by either party to other nations to anderen Nationen in Ansehung become common. der Schiff-fahrt und der Zoll-Abgaben keine besondere Begünstigung zu verleihen, die nicht sofort auch dem anderen Theile zu gute kommet, welcher dieselbe unentgeltlich geniessen soll, wenn die Verleihung unentgeltlich erfolgt war, oder gegen Bewilligung einer möglichst gleich kommenden Vergütung, wenn die Verleihung Bedingungen geschehen gegen war.

ARTIKEL VIII.

Um durch alle zu seiner Verfügung stehenden Mittel die Han- transit duties on dels-Beziehungen zwischen den bacco in leaves Vereinigten Staaten und Deutsch- and stems, &c., land zu vermehren, versteht das ished by Han-Königreich Hannover hiemit sich over. dazu, die Eingangs-Abgabe von roher Baumwolle abzuschaffen und auch die bestehenden Durchgangs-Abgaben von Tabacks Blättern und Stengeln in Hogsheads oder Fässern, roher Baumwolle in Balesor-Säcken, Wallfischthran in Fäs-

No higher du-

No prohibition

Favors granted

Impost and raw cotton, toby Han-

No Weser tolls tories of over;

government Hanover of on destined for ports and places other states;

And, further, the kingdom of to be levied on Hanover obligates itself to levy no articles landed Hanover obligates itself to levy no within the terri- Weser tolls on the aforementioned Han- articles, which are destined for, or landed in, ports or other places within its territory on the Weser; And upon cer- and it moreover agrees that if the tain condition the states bordering upon said river will shall consent at any time, however abolish that toll soon, to abolish the duties which merchandise they levy and collect upon said in articles destined for ports or other places within the Hanoverian territory, the kingdom of Hanover will readily abolish the Weser tolls upon the same articles destined for ports and places in such states.

But a sufficient for expense of regulation specting transit goods.

ed.

It being understood, however, tax may be levied that the aforesaid stipulations shall maintaining the not be deemed to prohibit the re- levying, upon the said articles, a tax sufficient for defraying the expense of maintaining the regulation respecting transit goods. But in Such tax limit- no case shall such tax exceed eight pfennings Hanoverian currency, (two cents United States currency,) for one hundred pounds Hanoverian weight, (one hundred and four pounds United States weight.)

ARTICLE IX.

Each party to who shall enjoy the same privileges as those of the most favored nations.

The high contracting parties nave the liberty grant to each other the liberty of suls, &c., in the having, each in the ports of the ports of the other, other, consuls, vice-consuls comother, consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, and vice-commercial agents of their own appointment, who shall enjoy the same privileges and powers as those of the most favored nations; but if any of the said consuls shall carry on trade, they shall be subjected to the same laws and usages to which private individuals of their nation are subjected in the same place.

sern oder Tonnen und Reis in tierces oder halben tierces aufzuheben.

Ferner verpflichtet sich das Königreich Hannover keine Weserzölle von den vorerwähnten Artikeln zu erheben welche nach Häfen oder andern Plätzen innerhalb seines Gebiets an der Weser bestimmt sind oder daselbst gelandet werden, und will ausserdem, wenn die am besagten Fluss gränzenden Staäten, zu irgend einer Zeit früher oder später sich dazu verstehen, die Abgaben welche sie von besagten, nach Häfen oder andern Plätzen innerhalb des Hannoverschen Gebiets bestimmten Artikeln erheben, abzuschaffen, dann das Königreich Hannover bereitwillig die Weserzölle für dieselben, nach den Häfen und Plätzen in solchen Staaten bestimmten Artikel aufzuheben.

Es versteht sich jedoch, dass die vorbesagten Stipulationen nicht so anzusehen sein sollen, als verböten sie, von den besagten Artikeln eine Abgift zu erheben, welche hinreicht zu Bestreitung der Unkosten wegen Aufrechthaltung der Anordnungen in Betreff von Transit-Gütern. In keinem Falle soll jedoch die derartige Abschrift den Betrag von Acht Pfennigen Hannöversches Geld (zwei Cents in dem Gelde der Vereinigten Staaten) für einhundert Pfund Hannöversches Gewicht (einhundert und vier Pfund Gewicht der Vereinigten Staaten) übersteigen.

ARTIKEL IX.

Die hohen contrahirenden Theile gestehen einander die Befugniss zu, jeder in den Häfen des andern, selbst bestellte Consuln, Vice Consuln, Handels-Agenten und Vice Handels Agenten zu unterhalten, welche die nämlichen Privilegien und Befugnisse, wie diejenigen der begünstigtsten Nationen geniessen sollen; wenn jedoch der eine oder der andere der genannten Consuln Handel treiben will, so sollen dieselben den nämlichen Gesetzen und Gebräuchen unterworfen sein, welchen Privat per-

The consuls, vice-consuls, commercial and vice-commercial agents, shall have the right, as such, to sit as judges, and arbitrators, in such differences as may arise between the masters and crews of the vessels belonging to the nation whose interests are committed to their charge, without the interference of the local authorities, unless the conduct of the crews or of the captain should disturb the order or tranquillity of the country; or the said consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, or vice-commercial agents should require their assistance to cause their decisions to be carried into effect or supported.

It is, however, understood that this species of judgment or arbitration shall not deprive the contending parties of the right they have to resort, on their return, to the judicial authority of their own country.

The said consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, and vice-commercial agents, are authorized to require the assistance of the local authorities for the search, arrest, and imprisonment of the deserters from the ships-of-war and merchant vessels of their country.

For this purpose they shall apply to the competent tribunals, judges, and officers, and shall, in writing, demand said deserters, proving by the exhibition of the registers of the vessels, the musterrolls of the crews, or by any other official documents, that such individuals formed part of the crews; and on this claim being thus substantiated, the surrender shall not be refused.

Such deserters, when arrested, shall be placed at the disposal of the said consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents or vice-commercial agents, and may be con-

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sonen ihrer Nation in demselben Orte unterliegen.

Die Consuln, Vice Consuln, Handels und Vice-Handels Agenten to have the right sollen das Recht haben, als solche and arbitrators in bei Streitigkeiten, welche zwis- differences that chen den Capitains und Mann- may arise be-schaften der Schiffe der Nationen masters schaften der Schiffe der Nationen, and crews of vesderen Interessen sie wahrzuneh- sels of the nation men beauftragt sind, entstehen them. mögen, als Richter und Schiedsmänner zu handeln, ohne Dazwischenkunft der Orts-Behörden, wenn nicht etwa das Benehmen der Mannschaften oder des Capitains die Ordnung oder Ruhe des Landes stört, oder die besagten Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten, oder Vice-Handels Agenten deren Beistand zu Vollziehung oder Aufrechthaltung ihrer Entscheidungen in Anspruch nehmen.

Es versteht sich jedoch, dass diese Art von Urtheil oder schieds- parties shall not richterlicher Entscheidung die prived of the streitenden Theile nicht des ihnen right to resort to zustehenden Rechts berauben soll, the judicial au-thority of their bei ihrer Zurückkunft an die own country. richterliche Behörde ihres eigenen Landes sich zu wenden.

Die besagten Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten und may require the assistance of lo-Vice-Handels-Agenten sind be- cal authorities for fugt, den Beistand der Orts-Be- arrest of deserthörden zu Aufsuchung, Festnehmung und Gefängensetzung der Deserteurs von den Kriegs und Handels-Schiffen ihres Landes in Anspruch zu nehmen.

Zu diesem Behuf haben sie sich an die competenten Gerichte, mand Richter und Beamten zu wenden und die besagten Deserteurs schriftlich zu reclamiren, indem sie durch Beibringung der Schiffsregister, Musterrollen der Mannschaften oder anderer amtlicher Urkunden darthun, dass jene Individuen zu den Mannschaften gehörten, und wenn diese Reclamation also begründet ist, so soll die Auslieferung nicht versagt werden.

Wenn dergleichen Deserteurs festgenommen sind, so sollen sie shall be disposed zur Verfügung der besagten Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten oder Vice Handels-

Consuls, &c.,

But contending

Consuls, &c., ers.

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How deserters of when arrested.

fined in the public prisons, at the request and cost of those who shall claim them, in order to be sent to the vessels to which they belong, or to others of the same country. But if not sent back within three months from the day of their arrest, they shall be set at liberty, and shall not be again arrested for the same cause. However, if the deserter shall be found to have committed any crime or offence, his surrender may be delayed until the tribunal before which his case shall be pending shall have pronounced its sentence, and such sentence shall have been carried into effect.

ARTICLE X.

The citizens and subjects of subjects of either the high contracting parties shall be permitted to sojourn and reside in all parts of the in all parts whatsoever of the said territories, in order to attend to their affairs, and also to hire and occupy houses and warehouses for the purposes of their commerce, provided they submit to the laws. as well general as special, relative to the right of residing and trading.

Whilst they laws, they shall be at liberty to selves their own business, and be treated in all respects as citizens or subjects of the country in which they reside.

Citizens

party to be per-

mitted to reside

territories of the

other, &c.

and

Whilst they conform to the laws conform to the and regulations in force, they shall be at liberty to manage, manage for them- themselves, their own business in all the territories subject to the jurisdiction of each party, as well in respect to the consignment and sale of their goods, by wholesale or retail, as with respect to the loading, unloading, and sending off their ships, or to employ such agents and brokers as they may deem proper, they being in all these cases to be treated as the citizens or subjects of the country in which they reside; it being, nevertheless, understood that they shall remain subject to the said laws and regulations; also, in respect to sales by wholesale or retail.

Agenten gestellt werden, und können sie, auf Requisition and Kosten Derer, welche sie reclamiren, in den öffentlichen Gefängnissen festgehalten werden, um auf die Schiffe, zu welchen sie gehören, oder auf andere desselben Landes, gesandt zu werden. Wenn sie aber binnen drei Monaten vom Tage ihrer Festnehmung an nicht zurückgeschickt sind, so sollen sie in Freiheit gesetzt und wegen desselben Grundes nicht wieder verhaftet werden. Wenn jedoch befunden werden sollte, dass der Deserteur irgend ein Verbrechen oder Vergehen begangen hätte, so kann dessen Auslieferung ausgesetzt werden, bis das Gericht, vor welchem seine Sache anhängig ist, das Urtheil gesprochen haben, und dieses Urtheil zur Vollstreckung gebracht sein wird.

ARTIKEL X.

Den Unterthanen und Bürgern der hohen contrahirenden Theile soll erlaubt sein, in allen Theilen der besagten Gebiete sich aufzuhalten und zu wohnen, um ihren Geschäften nachzugehen und auch Häuser und Speicher behuf ihres Handels zu miethen und innezuhaben, vorausgesetzt, dass sie den allgemeinen und besonderen Gesetzen in Betreff des Rechts zu Wohnen und zu Handeln sich unterwerfen.

So lange sie den bestehenden Gesetzen und Verordnungen nachkommen, sollen sie die Freiheit haben ihre Geschäfte in allen der Botmässigkeit eines jeden Theils unterworfenen Gebieten, sowohl in Ansehung der Consignation und des Verkaufs ihrer Waaren en gros oder en detail, als hinsichtlich der Beladung, Ausladung und Absendung ihrer Schiffe selbst wahrzunehmen oder aber nach Belieben Agenten und Makler zu gebrauchen, indem sie in allen diesen Fällen, wie die Bürger oder Unterthanen des Landes, in welchen sie wohnen, zu behandeln sein sollen, wobei es sich jedoch versteht, dass sie den besagten Gesetzen und Verordnungen auch

They shall have free access to the tribunals of justice in their litigious affairs on the same terms which are granted by the law and usage of country to native citizens or subjects, for which purpose they may employ in defence of their rights such advocates, attorneys, and other agents, as they may judge proper.

The citizens or subjects of each party shall have power to dispose of their personal property within the jurisdiction of the other by sale, donation, testament, or otherwise.

Their personal representatives, being citizens or subjects of the other contracting party, shall succeed to their said personal property, whether by testament or ab intestato.

They may take possession thereof either by themselves or by others acting for them, at their will, and dispose of the same, paying such duty only as the inhabitants of the country wherein the said personal property is situate shall be subject to pay in like cases.

In case of the absence of the personal representatives, the same care shall be taken of the said property as would be taken of the property of a native in like case, until the lawful owner may take measures for receiving it.

If any question should arise among several claimants to which of them the said property belongs, the same shall be finally decided by the laws and judges of the country wherein it is situate.

Where, on the decease of any person holding real estate within the territories of one party, such real estate would, by the laws of the land, descend on a citizen or in Ansehung von Verkäufen en gros oder en detail unterworfen bleiben sollen.

Sie sollen in ihren Prozessachen freien Zutritt zu den Ge- free access to the richten in gleichem Masse, wie tice, &c. den eingebornen Bürgern oder Unterthanen nach den Gesetzen und Gebräuchen des Landes zusteht, haben, und zu diesem Zweck für die Vertheidigung ihrer Rechte Advokaten, Proeuratoren und andere Agenten nach Gutbefinden gebrauchen dürfen.

jedes Theils sollen die Befugniss pose of their per-haben, üher ihr verstillt haben, über ihr persönliches Eigenthum innerhalb der Gerichtsbarkeit des Andern, durch Verkauf, Schenkung, Testament oder sonst zu verfügen.

Wenn ihre Erben Bürger oder Unterthanen des andern contrahi- representatives, renden Theils sind so sollen diese isses may sucrenden Theils sind, so sollen diese isees, in ihr Vermögen durch Testa- ceed to the same ; ment oder ab intestato nachfolgen.

Sie können davon seibsi ouci possession and durch für sie handelnde Andere, dispose of it, pay-Bositz neh- ing such duty nach ihrem Willen, Besitz neh- ing nach ihrem Willen, Besitz neh- ing such duty men und darüber verfügen, indem only as the inhab-itants of the counsie nur diejenige Abgift entrich- try where such ten, welche die Einwohner des property is situ-Landes, in welchem das besagte ate. Vermögen befindlich ist, in gleichen Fällen zu bezahlen verbunden sein werden.

Im Fall der Abwesenheit der Erben soll für das besagte Vermö- sent heirs to be taken care of. gen bis dahin, dass der gesetzliche Eigenthümer Maasregeln zu Empfangnahme desselben treffen kann, die nämliche Sorge getroffen werden, welche für das Vermögen eines Eingebornen in gleichem Falle getragen werden würde.

Wenn zwischen verschiedenen Prätendenten Streit darüber ent-stehen sollte, wem von ihnen das stehen sollte, wem von ihnen das ing to the laws besagte Vermögen gehöre, so soll of the country selbiger nach den Gesetzen und erty is situate. durch die Richter des Landes, worin selbiges sich befindet, definitiv entschieden werden.

Wo, bei dem Ableben einer innerhalb der Gebiete des einen reasonable time Theils Grundeigenthum besitzen- to dispose of the den Person, dieses Grundeigen- draw the prothum, nach den Gesetzen des ceeds.

They shall have tribunals of jus-

Their personal may suc-

Property of ab-

Questions

Heirs of real

subject of the other, were he not disqualified by alienage, such citizen or subject shall be allowed a reasonable time to sell the same, and to withdraw the proceeds without molestation, and exempt from all duties of detraction on the part of the government of the respective States.

Capitals and effects of those desiring to change their residence to duties of detraction or emigration.

The capitals and effects which the citizens or subjects of the respective parties, in changing their be exempt from residence, shall be desirous of removing from the place of their domicil, shall likewise be exempt from all duties of detraction or emigration on the part of their respective governments.

ARTICLE XI. The present treaty shall con-

This treaty to continue in force for 12 years from date, and further until the end of 12 months after the government of either party shall have given notice to the other of its intention of terminating the same; but upon the condition that if the King of Hanover should, during the said 12 years, determine to augment the duty on tobacco, one year's notice shall be given to the government of the United States ; and at the end of that year the government of the United United States shall have the right to abrogate and annul this treaty by giving six months' notice, or to continue it, at its option, &c.

tinue in force for the term of twelve years from the date hereof, and further until the end of twelve months after the government of Hanover on the one part, or that of the United States on the other part, shall have given notice of its intention of terminating the same; but upon the condition hereby expressly stipulated and agreed. that if the kingdom of Hanover shall determine, during the said term of twelve years, to augment the existing import duty upon leaves, strips, or stems of tobacco, imported in hogsheads or casks, a duty which at this time does not exceed one thaler and one gutengroschen per one hundred pounds Hanoverian currency and weight, (seventy cents per one hundred pounds United States currency and weight,) the government of Hanover shall give a notice of one year to the government of the United States before proceeding to do so; and at the expiration of that year, or any time subsequently, the government of the United States shall have full power and right to abrogate the present treaty by giving a previous notice of six months to the government of Hanover, or to continue it (at its! Landes, auf einen Bürger oder Unterthan des andern Theils übergehen würde, wenn derselbe nicht als Fremder unfähig wäre es zu besitzen, so soll einem solchen Bürger oder Unterthan eine angemessene Frist nachgelassen werden, um dasselbe zu verkaufen und den Erlös ohne Beschwerde und frei von allem Abzug von Seiten der Regierung der respectiven Staaten, aus dem Lande zu ziehen.

Capitalien und Fonds, Die welche die Bürger oder Unterthanen der respectiven Theile. bei Veränderung ihres Aufenthalts, von ihrem Wohnorte fortzubringen wünschen, sollen ebenfalls von allen Abzugs-Abgaben von Seiten ihrer respectiven Regierungen frei sein.

ARTIKEL XI.

Der gegenwärtige Vertrag soll auf die Zeit von zwölf lahren, vom Tage desselben an, in kraft bleiben und ferner bis zum Ablaufe von zwölf Monaten nach dem die Hannoversche Regierung einer Seits oder die Regierung der Vereinigten Staaten anderer Seits, ihre Absicht zu erkennen gegeben hat, denselben zu Ende gehen zu lassen; jedoch mit der hierdurch ausdrücklich stipulirten und vereinbarten Bedingung, dass, wenn das Königreich Hannover während der besagten Zeit von zwölf Iahren sich entschliessen sollte, die bestehende Einfuhr Abgabe auf in Hogsheads oder Fässern eingebrachte Tabacks-Blätter, Streifen oder Stengel, welche Abgabe gegenwärtig einen Thaler und einen Gutengroschen von einhundert Pfund Hannoversches Geld und Gewicht (siebenzig Cents von hundert Pfund Geld und Gewicht der Vereinigten Staaten) nicht übersteigt, zu erhöhen, die Hannoversche Regierung ein Iahr vor der Ausführung dieser Maasregel der Regierung der Vereinigten Staaten davon Nachricht geben und am Ende dieses lahrs oder alle Zeit nachher die Regierung der Vereinigten Staaten volle Gewalt und Befugniss haben soll, den

option) in full force until the operation thereof shall have been arrested in the manner first specified in the present article.

ARTICLE XII.

The United States agree to extend all the advantages and privileges contained in the stipulations of the present treaty to one or more of the other States of the Germanic confederation, which may wish to accede to them, by means of an official exchange of declarations; provided that such state or states shall confer similar favors upon the said United States to those conferred by the kingdom of Hanover, and observe and be subject to the same conditions, stipulations, and obligations.

ARTICLE XIII.

The present treaty shall be approved and ratified by the Presideut of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of their Senate, and by his Majesty the King of Hanover; and the ratifications thereof shall be exchanged at the city of Hanover, within the space of ten months from this date, or sooner, if possible, when the treaty of commerce and navigation concluded between the high contracting parties at Berlin, on the 20th day of May, 1840, shall become null and void to all intents and purposes.

In faith whereof, we, the plenipotentiaries of the high contracting parties, have signed the present treaty, and have thereto affixed our seals.

gegenwärtigen Vertrag durch vorgängige sechsmonatliche Kündigung bei der Hannoverschen Regierung aufzuheben, oder, nach ihrer Wahl, den Vertrag in voller Kraft fortbestehen zu lassen, bis die Wirksamkeit desselben in der im gegenwärtigen Artikel zuerst angegebenen Weise seine Endschaft erreicht hat.

ARTIKEL XII.

Die Vereinigten Staaten er- The advantages klären sich bereit, die in den Be- and privileges of this treaty may stimmungen des gegenwärtigen be extended to Vertrags enthaltenen Vortheile other States of und Privilegien auf einen oder Confederation, mehrere der übrigen Staaten des provided deutschen Bundes auszudehnen, shall confer simi-lar favors upon welche wünschen möchten, den- the United States selben mittelst einer amtlichen to those confer-Auswechselung von Declarationen dom of Hanover, beizutreten, vorausgesetzt, dass der &c. oder die solche Staaten ähnliche Vergünstigungen, wie sie von dem Königreiche Hannover ertheilt sind, den Vereinigten Staaten ertheilen und den nämlichen Bedingungen, Stipulationen und Verpfpflichtungen nachkommen und sich unterziehen.

ARTIKEL XIII.

Der gegenwärtige Vertrag wird von seiner Majestät dem Könige be subject to ratvon Hannover und von dem Präsi- fication, one ratidenten der Vereinigten Staaten changed within von Amerika nach und mit Beirath date of signature und Zustimmung ihres Senats, genehmigt und ratificirt werden; und die Ratificationen sollen in der Stadt Hannover innerhalb des States and Han-Zeitraums von zehn Monaten vom over of 20th May, heutigen Tage an oder wo möglich früher, ausgewechselt werden, und soll dann der zwischen den hohen contrahirenden Theilen am 20sten Mai 1840 zu Berlin abgeschlossene Handels-und Schifffahrts Vertrag in allen seinen Absichten und Zwecken null und nichtig werden.

Zu Urkund dessen haben wir, die Bevollmächtigten der hohen June, 1846. contrahirenden Theile, den gegenwärtigen Vertrag unterzeichnet und untersiegelt.

Germanic they

This treaty to ification, and ratidate of signature.

When ratified, the treaty tween the United 1840, to be null and void.

> Signed IOth

Done in quadruplicate, at the city of Hanover, on the tenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and in the seventieth year of the independence of the United States of America. Geschehen, in vierfacher Ausfertigung, in der Stadt Hannover am zehnten Junius des Jahrs unsers Herrn eintausend achthundert sechs und vierzig, im siebenzigsten Jahre der Unabhängigkeit der Vereinigten Staaten von Amerika.

[L. S.] A. DUDLEY MANN.

[L. S.] GEORGE FREDERICK BARON DE FALCKE.

DECLARATION OF ACCESSION OF HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE GRAND DUKE OF OLDENBURG, UNDER THE TWELFTH ARTI-CLE OF THE FOREGOING TREATY.

March 10, 1847.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, a treaty of navigation and commerce, between the United States of America and his Majesty the King of Hanover, was concluded at Hanover on the 10th day of June last, by the plenipotentiaries of the contracting parties, and was subsequently duly ratified on the part of both governments:

And whereas, by the terms of the twelfth article of the same, "the United States agree to extend all the advantages and privileges contained in the stipulations of the present treaty to one or more of the other States of the Germanic confederation, which may wish to accede to them, by means of an official exchange of declarations; provided that such State or States shall confer similar favors upon the said United States to those conferred by the kingdom of Hanover, and observe and be subject to the same conditions, stipulations, and obligations:"

And whereas, the government of his Royal Highness the Grand Dukc of Oldenburg has signified its desire to accede to the said treaty, and to all the stipulations and provisions therein contained, so far as the same are or may be applicable to the two countries, and to become a party thereto; that is to say, to all the said stipulations and provisions, excepting only those relating to the Stade, and the Weser tolls, in which the government of Oldenburg has no interest, and over which it has no control:

Now, therefore, the undersigned, Baron W. E. de Beaulieu Marconnay, of the privy council of his Royal Highness, and at the head of the Department of Foreign Affairs, on the part of Oldenburg, and A. D. Mann, special agent, on the part of the United States, invested with full powers to this effect, found in good and due form, have this day signed, in duplicate, and have exchanged, this declaration of the accession (hereby agreed to on the part of the United States) of his Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Oldenburg, for the Duchy of Oldenburg, to the treaty aforesaid, the effect of which accession and agreement is hereby declared to be to establish the said treaty between the high parties to this declaration, as fully and perfectly, to all intents and purposes, as if all the provisions therein contained, excepting as above excepted, had been recited word for word in a separate treaty, concluded and ratified between them, in the ordinary form.

Signed March 10, 1847. In witness whereof, the above-named plenipotentiaries have hereto affixed their names and seals. Done at Oldenburg, this tenth day of March, 1847.

> W. E. BEAULIEU MARCONNAY. [L. S.] A. DUDLEY MANN. [L. S]

Declaration of accession of the Grand Ducby of Oldenburg to the treaty with Hanover.

TREATY WITH GREAT BRITAIN,

IN REGARD TO LIMITS WESTWARD OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

THE United States of America and her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, deeming it to be desirable for the future welfare of both countries that the state of doubt and uncertainty which has hitherto prevailed respecting the sovereignty and government of the territory on the northwest coast of America, lying westward of the Rocky or Stony Mountains, should be finally terminated by an amicable compromise of the rights mutually asserted by the two parties over the said territory, have respectively named plenipotentiaries to treat and agree concerning the terms of such settlement - that is to say : the President of the United States of America has, on his part, furnished with full powers James Buchanan, Secretary of State of the United States, and her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland has, on her part, appointed the Right Honorable Richard Pakenham, a member of her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, and her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the United States; who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles : --

ARTICLE I.

From the point on the forty-ninth parallel of north latitude, where the boundary laid down in existing treaties and conventions between the United States and Great Britain terminates, the line of boundary between the territories of the United States and those of her Britannic Majesty shall be continued westward along the said forty-ninth parallel of north latitude to the middle of the channel which separates the continent from Vancouver's Island, and thence southerly through the middle of the said channel, and of Fuca's Straits, to the Pacific Ocean : *Provided, however*, That the navigation of the whole of the said channel and straits, south of the forty-ninth parallel of north latitude, remain free and open to both parties.

ARTICLE II.

From the point at which the forty-ninth parallel of north latitude shall be found to intersect the great northern branch of the Columbia River, the navigation of the said branch shall be free and open to the Hudson's Bay Company, and to all British subjects trading with the same, to the point where the said branch meets the main stream of the Columbia, and thence down the said main stream to the ocean, with free access into and through the said river or rivers, it being understood that all the usual portages along the line thus described shall, in like manner, be free and open. In navigating the said river or rivers, British subjects, with their goods and produce, shall be treated on the same footing as citizens of the United States; it being, however, always understood that nothing in this article shall be construed as preventing, or intended to prevent, the government of the United States from making any regulations respecting the navigation of the said river or rivers not inconsistent with the present treaty. June 15, 1846.

Ratifications exchanged at London, July 17, 1846. Proclamation.

Aug. 5, 1846.

Preamble.

Negotiators.

Boundary line between the U. S. and British possessions west of Rocky Mountains.

Navigation of the channel between Vancouver's Island and the continent, and of Fuca's Straits, to be free and open to both parties.

Navigation of part of Columbia River to he free and open to Hudson's Bay Co. and British subjects trading with them, &c.

Not to be con strued to prevent the U. S. from making regulations for naviga tion of said river. Possessory rights of the Hud son's Bay Company and all British subjects to be respected.

Farms, &c., belonging to Puget's Sound Agricultural Co. to be confirmed to them; but, under certain circumstances, may be transferred to the U.S. at a proper valuation.

ARTICLE III.

In the future appropriation of the territory south of the forty-ninth parallel of north latitude, as provided in the first article of this treaty, the possessory rights of the Hudson's Bay Company, and of all British subjects who may be already in the occupation of land or other property lawfully acquired within the said territory, shall be respected.

ARTICLE IV.

The farms, lands, and other property of every description, belonging to the Puget's Sound Agricultural Company, on the north side of the Columbia River, shall be confirmed to the said company. In case, however, the situation of those farms and lands should be considered by the United States to be of public and political importance, and the United States government should signify a desire to obtain possession of the whole, or of any part thereof, the property so required shall be transferred to the said government, at a proper valuation, to be agreed upon between the parties.

ARTICLE V.

 The present treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United ratiratiex. States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and thin by her Britannic Majesty; and the ratifications shall be exchanged at from London, at the expiration of six months from the date hereof, or sooner, if possible.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Washington, the fifteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

> JAMES BUCHANAN. [L. S.] RICHARD PAKENHAM. [L. S.]

Treaty to be ratified, and ratifications exchanged, within six months from date

TREATY WITH THE CHEROKEES.

Articles of a Treaty made and concluded at Washington, in the District of Columbia, between the United States of America, by three Commissioners, Edmund Burke, William Armstrong, and Albion K. Parris; and John Ross, principal Chief of the Cherokee Nation, David Vann, William S. Coody, Richard Taylor, T. H. Walker, Clement V. McNair, Stephen Foreman, John Drew, and Richard Field, Delegates duly appointed by the regularly constituted Authorities of the Cherokee Nation; George W. Adair, John A. Bell, Stand Watie, Joseph M. Lynch, John Huss, and Brice Martin, a Delegation appointed by, and representing, that Portion of the Cherokee Tribe of Indians known and recognized as the "Treaty Party;" John Brown, Captain Dutch, John L. McCoy, Richard Drew, and Ellis Phillips, Delegates appointed by, and representing, that Portion of the Cherokee Tribe of Indians known and recognized as "Western Cherokees," or "Old Settlers."

WHEREAS serious difficulties have, for a considerable time past, existed between the different portions of the people constituting and recognized as the Cherokee nation of Indians, which it is desirable should be speedily settled, so that peace and harmony may be restored among them: and whereas certain claims exist on the part of the Cherokee nation, and portions of the Cherokee people, against the United States; therefore, with a view to the final and amicable settlement of the difficulties and claims before mentioned, it is mutually agreed by the several parties to this convention as follows, viz : ----

ARTICLE I.

That the lands now occupied by the Cherokee nation shall be secured to the whole Cherokee people for their common use and by Cherokee nabenefit; and a patent shall be issued for the same, including the eight hundred thousand acres purchased, together with the outlet west, promised by the United States, in conformity with the provisions relating thereto, contained in the third article of the treaty of 1835, and in the third section of the act of Congress, approved May twentyeighth, 1830, which authorizes the President of the United States, in making exchanges of lands with the Indian tribes, "to assure the tribe or nation with which the exchange is made, that the United States will forever secure and guarantee to them, and their heirs or successors, the country so exchanged with them; and, if they prefer it, that the United States will cause a patent or grant to be made and executed to them for the same: Provided, always, That such lands shall revert to the United States, if the Indians become extinct, or abandon the same."

ARTICLE II.

All difficulties and differences heretofore existing between the several parties of the Cherokee nation are hereby settled and adjusted, and shall, as far as possible, be forgotten and forever buried in oblivion. All party distinctions shall cease, except so far as they may be

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Aug. 6, 1846.

Consent of Senate, Aug. 8, 1846.

Proclamation, Aug. 17, 1846.

Preamble

Lands occupied tion to be secured to whole people, and a patent to be issued.

1830, ch. 148.

Reversion to be in the U.S.

All difficulties and disputes ad-justed, and a general amnesty declared.

necessary to carry out this convention or treaty. A general amnesty is hereby declared. All offences and crimes committed by a citizen or citizens of the Cherokee nation, against the nation, or against an individual or individuals, are hereby pardoned. All Cherokees who are now out of the nation, are invited and earnestly requested to return to their homes, where they may live in peace, assured that they shall not be prosecuted for any offence heretofore committed against the Cherokee nation, or any individual thereof. And this pardon and amnesty shall extend to all who may now be out of the nation and who shall return thereto on or before 1st day of December next. The several parties agree to unite in enforcing the laws against all future offenders. Laws shall be passed for equal protection, and for the security of life, liberty, and property; and full authority shall be given by law, to all or any portion of the Cherokee people, peaceably to assemble and petition their own government, or the government of the United States, for the redress of grievances, and to discuss their rights. All armed police, light horse, and other military organization, shall be abolished, and the laws enforced by the civil authority alone.

No one shall be punished for any crime or misdemeanor, except on conviction by a jury of his country, and the sentence of a court duly authorized by law to take cognizance of the offence. And it is further agreed, all fugitives from justice, except those included in the general amnesty herein stipulated, seeking refuge in the territory of the United States, shall be delivered up by the authorities of the United States to the Cherokee nation for trial and punishment.

ARTICLE III.

Whereas certain claims have been allowed by the several boards of commissioners heretofore appointed under the treaty of 1835, for rents, under the name of improvements and spoliations, and for property of which the Indians were dispossessed, provided for under the 16th article of the treaty of 1835; and whereas the said claims have been paid out of the \$5,000,000 fund; and whereas said claims were not justly chargeable to that fund, but were to be paid by the United States the said United States agree to reimburse the said fund the amount thus charged to said fund, and the same shall form a part of the aggre gate amount to be distributed to the Cherokee people, as provided in the 9th article of this treaty; and whereas a further amount has been allowed for reservations under the provisions of the 13th article of the treaty of 1835, by said commissioners, and has been paid out of the said fund, and which said sums were properly chargeable to, and should have been paid by, the United States, the said United States further agree to reimburse the amounts thus paid for reservations to said fund; and whereas the expenses of making the treaty of New Echoto were also paid out of said fund, when they should have been borne by the United States, the United States agree to reimburse the same, and also to reimburse all other sums paid to any agent of the government, and improperly charged to said fund; and the same also shall form a part of the aggregate amount to be distributed to the Cherokee people, as provided in the 9th article of this treaty.

ARTICLE IV.

Provision for the equitable in terest of the Western Cherokees in lands

And whereas it has been decided by the board of commissioners recently appointed by the President of the United States to examine and adjust the claims and difficulties existing against and between the Cherokee people and the United States, as well as between the Cher-

Laws to be passed for equal protection, and for the security of life, liberty, and property.

No one to be punished for any crime, except on conviction by a jury.

Fugitives from justice.

Certain claims pa.d out of the \$5,000,000 fund to be reimbursed by the U. S. Ind. Treat., vol. 1, p. 485.

okees themselves, that under the provisions of the treaty of 1828, as well as in conformity with the general policy of the United States in relation to the Indian tribes, and the Cherokee nation in particular, that that portion of the Cherokee people known as the "Old Settlers," or "Western Cherokees," had no exclusive title to the territory ceded in that treaty, but that the same was intended for the use of, and to be the home for, the whole nation, including as well that portion then east as that portion then west of the Mississippi; and whereas the said board of commissioners further decided that, inasmuch as the territory before mentioned became the common property of the whole Cherokee nation by the operation of the treaty of 1828. the Cherokees then west of the Mississippi, by the equitable operation of the same treaty, acquired a common interest in the lands occupied by the Cherokees east of the Mississippi River, as well as in those occupied by themselves west of that river, which interest should have been provided for in the treaty of 1835, but which was not, except in so far as they, as a constituent portion of the nation, retained, in proportion to their numbers, a common interest in the country west of the Mississippi, and in the general funds of the nation; and therefore they have an equitable claim upon the United States for the value of that interest, whatever it may be. Now, in order to ascertain the value of that interest, it is agreed that the following principle shall be of said interest adopted, viz.: all the investments and expenditures which are properly chargeable upon the sums granted in the treaty of 1835, amounting in the whole to five millions six hundred thousand dollars, (which in- 1, p. 478. vestments and expenditures are particularly enumerated in the 15th article of the treaty of 1835,) to be first deducted from said aggregate sum, thus ascertaining the residuum or amount which would, under such marshalling of accounts, be left for *per capita* distribution among the Cherokees emigrating under the treaty of 1835, excluding all extravagant and improper expenditures, and then allow to the Old Settlers (or Western Cherokees) a sum equai to one third part of said residuum, to be distributed per capita to each individual of said party of "Old Settlers," or "Western Cherokees." It is further agreed that, so far as the Western Cherokees are concerned, in estimating the expense of removal and subsistence of an Eastern Cherokee, to be charged to the aggregate fund of five million six hundred thousand dollars above mentioned, the sums for removal and subsistence stipulated in the 8th article of the treaty of 1835, as commutation money in those cases in which the parties entitled to it removed themselves, shall be adopted. And as it affects the settlement with the Western Cherokees, there shall be no deduction from the fund before mentioned in consideration of any payments which may hereafter be made out of said fund; and it is hereby further understood and agreed, that the principle above defined shall embrace all those Cherokees west of the Mississippi, who emigrated prior to the treaty of 1835.

In the consideration of the foregoing stipulation on the part of the United States, the "Western Cherokees," or "Old Settlers," hereby release and quit claim to the United States all right, title, interest, or claim, they may have to a common property in the Cherokee lands 1, p. 415. east of the Mississippi River, and to exclusive ownership to the lands ceded to them by the treaty of 1833 west of the Mississippi, including the outlet west, consenting and agreeing that the said lands, together with the eight hundred thousand acres ceded to the Cherokees by the treaty of 1835, shall be and remain the common property of the whole Cherokee people, themselves included.

ceded by the treaty of 1828.

How the value shall be ascertained.

Ind. Treat., vol.

Release by the Western Cheronees to the U.S. Ind. Treat., vol.

ARTICLE V.

It is mutually agreed that the per capita allowance to be given to the "Western Cherokees," or "Old Settlers," upon the principle above stated, shall be held in trust by the government of the United States, and paid out to each individual belonging to that party or head of family, or his legal representatives, first deducting therefrom the sum of fifty thousand dollars, to be paid to the delegation of that portion of the Cherokee people who are parties to the treaty, to defray the expenses of prosecuting their claims against the government of the United States, including the late Captain John Rogers. (a) And it is further agreed, that the per capita allowance to be paid as aforesaid shall not be assignable, but shall be paid directly to the persons entitled to it, or to his heirs or legal representatives, by the agent of the United States, authorized to make such payments.

And it is further agreed that a committee of five persons shall be appointed by the President of the United States, from the party of "Old Settlers," whose duty it shall be, in conjunction with an agent of the United States, to ascertain what persons are entitled to the *per capita* allowance provided for in this and the preceding article.

ARTICLE VI.

And whereas many of that portion of the Cherokee people known and designated as the "Treaty Party," have suffered losses and incurred expenses in consequence of the treaty of 1835, therefore, to indemnify the Treaty Party, the United States agree to pay to the said Treaty Party the sum of one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars, of which the sum of five thousand dollars shall be paid by the United States to the heirs or legal representative of Major Ridge, the sum of five thousand dollars to the heirs or legal representatives of John Ridge, and the sum of five thousand dollars to the heirs or legal representatives of Elias Boudinot, and the balance, being the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, which shall be paid by the United States, in such amounts and to such persons as may be certified by a committee to be appointed by the Treaty Party, and which committee shall consist of not exceeding five persons, and approved by an agent of the United States, to be entitled to receive the same for losses and damages sustained by them, or by those of whom they are the heirs or legal representatives: *Provided*, That, out of the said balance of one hundred thousand dollars, the present delegation of the Treaty Party may receive the sum of twentyfive thousand dollars, to be by them applied to the payment of claims And it is further provided that, if the said sum and other expenses. of one hundred thousand dollars should not be sufficient to pay all the claims allowed for losses and damages, that then the same shall be paid to the said claimants pro rata, and which payments shall be in full of all claims and losses of the said Treaty Party.

ARTICLE VII.

The value of all salines which were the private property of individuals of the Western Cherokees, and of which they were dispossessed, provided there be any such, shall be ascertained by the United States agent, and a commissioner to be appointed by the Cherokee authorities; and, should they be unable to agree, they shall select an umpire, whose decision shall be final; and the several amounts found due

The per capita allowance for Western Cherokees to be held in trust by U. S., &c.

Not assignable.

Committee of five from party of "Old Settlers."

Indemnity for "Treaty Party." Ind. Treat., vol. 1, p. 478.

Provision for heirs of Major Ridge, John Ridge, and Elias Boudinot.

Proviso.

Value of salines to be ascertained and paid to individuals dispossessed of them.

⁽a) These words in Italics were struck out by the Senate. See post, p. 36.

shall be paid by the Cherokee nation, or the salines returned to their respective owners.

ARTICLE VIII.

The United States agree to pay to the Cherokee nation the sum of two thousand dollars for a printing-press, materials, and other property a printing-press, destroyed at that time; the sum of five thousand dollars to be equally divided among all those whose arms were taken from them previous to their removal west by order of an officer of the United States; and the further sum of twenty thousand dollars, in lieu of all claims of the Cherokec nation, as a nation, prior to the treaty of 1835, except all lands reserved, by treaties heretofore made, for school funds.

ARTICLE IX.

The United States agree to make a fair and just settlement of all moneys due to the Cherokees, and subject to the per capita division under the treaty of 29th December, 1835, which said settlement shall exhibit all money properly expended under said treaty, and shall embrace all sums paid for improvements, ferries, spoliations, removal, and subsistence, and commutation therefor, debts and claims upon the 1, p. 478. Cherokee nation of Indians, for the additional quantity of land ceded to said nation; and the several sums provided in the several articles of the treaty, to be invested as the general funds of the nation; and also all sums which may be hereafter properly allowed and paid under the provisions of the treaty of 1835. The aggregate of which said several sums shall be deducted from the sum of six millions six hundred and forty-seven thousand and sixty-seven dollars, and the balance thus found to be due shall be paid over, per capita, in equal amounts, to all those individuals, heads of families, or their legal representatives, entitled to receive the same under the treaty of 1835, and the supplement of 1836, being all those Cherokees residing east at the date of said treaty and the supplement thereto.

ARTICLE X.

It is expressly agreed that nothing in the foregoing treaty contained shall be so construed as in any manner to take away or abridge any rights or claims which the Cherokees now residing in States east of the Mississippi River had, or may have, under the treaty of 1835 and the supplement thereto.

ARTICLE XI.

Whereas the Cherokee delegations contend that the amount expended for the one year's subsistence, after their arrival in the west, of the Eastern Cherokees, is not properly chargeable to the treaty fund: It is hereby agreed that that question shall be submitted to the Senate of the United States for its decision, which shall decide whether the subsistence shall be borne by the United States or the Cherokee funds, and if by the Cherokees, then to say, whether the subsistence shall be charged at a greater rate than thirty-three, $\frac{33}{100}$ collars per head; and also the question, whether the Cherokee nation shall be allowed interest on whatever sum may be found to be due the nation, and from what date and at what rate per annum.

Payment for arms &c.

Ind. Treat., vol. I, p. 478.

A fair and just settlement of all moneys due the Cherokees under treaty of 1835 to be made.

Ind. Treat., vol.

Rights under treaty of Aug. 1, 1835, not affected. Ind. Treat., vol. 1, p. 478.

Certain questions to be sub-mitted to the the Senate of U.S.

ARTICLE XII. (a)

The Western Cherokees, called "Old Settlers," in assenting to the general provisions of this treaty, in behalf of their people, have expressed their fixed opinion that, in making a settlement with them upon the basis herein established, the expenses incurred for the removal and subsistence of Cherokees, after the twenty-third day of May, 1838, should not be charged upon the five millions of dollars allowed to the Cherokees for their lands under the treaty of 1835, or on the fund provided by the third article of the supplement thereto; and that no part of the spoliations, subsistence, or removal, provided for by the several articles of said treaty and the supplement thereto, should be charged against them in their settlement for their interest in the Cherokee country east and west of the Mississippi River. And the delegation of "Old Settlers," or "Western Cherokees," propose that the question shall be submitted with this treaty to the decision of the Senate of the United States, of what portion, if any, of the expenditures made for removal, subsistence, and spoliations, under the treaty of 1835, is properly and legally chargeable to the five million fund. And they will abide by the decision of the Senate.

ARTICLE XIII.

This treaty, after the same shall be ratified by the President and Senate of the United States, shall be obligatory on the contracting parties.

Signed Aug. 6, 1846.

In testimony whereof, the said Edmund Burke, William Armstrong, and Albion K. Parris, Commissioners as aforesaid, and the several delegations aforesaid, and the Cherokee nation and people, have hereunto set their hands and seals, at Washington aforesaid, this sixth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

EDMUND BURKE. WM. ARMSTRONG. ALBION K. PARRIS.

Delegation of the Gove	rnment Party.			
Jno. Ross,	Stephen Foreman,			
W. S. Coody,	John Drew,			
R. Taylor,	Richard Fields.			
C. V. McNair,				
Delegation of the Treaty Party.				
Geo. W. Adair,	Joseph M. Lynch,			
J. A. Bell,	John Huss,			
S. Watie,	Brice Martin,			
	(By J. M. Lynch, his attorney.)			
Delegation of the Old Settlers.				
Jno. Brown,	Richard Drew,			
Wm. Dutch,	Ellis F. Phillips.			
John L. McCoy,	•			
[To each of the names of the Ind	ians a seal is affixed.]			
presence of —				
Joseph Bryan, of Ald	ibama.			
Geo. W. Paschal.				

In

John P. Wolf, (Secretary of Board.) W. S. Adair. Jno. F. Wheeler.

This article struck out by Senate.

Ind. Treat., vol. 1, p. 478.

IN EXECUTIVE SESSION, SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, August 8, 1846.

Resolved, (two thirds of the Senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the articles of a treaty Senate, 1846. made and concluded at Washington, in the District of Columbia, the sixth day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, between the United States of America, by three Commissioners, Edmund Burke, William Armstrong, and Albion K. Parris, and John Ross, principal Chief of the Cherokee Nation, David Vann, William S. Coody, Richard Taylor, T. H. Walker, Clement F. McNair, Stephen Foreman, John Drew, and Richard Field, Delegates duly appointed by the regularly constituted authorities of the Cherokee Nation; Geo. W. Adair, John A. Bell, Stand Watie, Joseph M. Lynch, John Huss, and Brice Martin, a delegation appointed by and representing that portion of the Cherokee tribe of Indians known and recognized as the "Treaty Party; " John Brown, Captain Dutch, John L. McCoy, Richard Drew, and Ellis Phillips, Delegates appointed by and representing that portion of the Cherokee tribe of Indians known and recognized as "Western Cherokees," or "Old Settlers," with the following

AMENDMENTS.

Strike out of the fifth article the following words: "First deducting therefrom the sum of fifty thousand dollars, to be paid to the delegation of that portion of the Cherokec people who are parties to the treaty, to defray the expenses of prosecuting their claims against the government of the United States, including the late Captain John Rogers."

Strike out the twelfth article of the treaty. Attest :

ASBURY DICKENS, Secretary.

We, John Ross, principal Chief of the Cherokee nation, David Vann, Wm. S. Coody, Richard Taylor, T. H. Walker, Clement F. McNair, Stephen Foreman, John Drew, and Richard Field, Delegates duly appointed by the regularly constituted authorities of the Chero-kee nation; George W. Adair, John A. Bell, Stand Watie, Joseph M. Lynch, John Huss, and Brice Martin, a delegation appointed by and representing that portion of the Cherokee tribe of Indians known and recognized as the "Treaty Party;" John Brown, Captain Dutch, John L. McCoy, Richard Drew, and Ellis Phillips, Delegates appointed by and representing that portion of the Cherokee tribe of Indians known and recognized as "Western Cherokees," or "Old Settlers," do hereby give our free and voluntary assent to the foregoing amendments made by the Senate of the United States, on the eighth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, to the treaty concluded by us with Edmund Burke, William Armstrong, and Albion K. Parris, Commissioners acting for and on behalf of the United States, on the sixth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, the same having been submitted and fully explained to us by the Secretary of War and Commissioner of Indian Affairs, on the part of the United States.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto set our hands and affixed our seals, respectively, at Washington, District of Columbia, the thirteenth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

Jno. Ross,	Stephen Foreman,	Stand Watie,	Jno, Brown,
David Vann.	(By John Ross.)	J. M. Lynch,	Wm. Dutch,
W. S. Coodey,	John Drew,	Jno. Huss,	John L. McCoy,
R. Taylor,	Richard Fields,	Brice Martin,	Richard Drew,
T. Walker,	Geo. W. Adair,	(By J. M. Lynch.)	Ellis F. Phillips
C. V. McNair,	John A. Bell,	(by 5. m. bynch.)	THUS L. LIMMAS
C. V. Michair,	,	AL . Tu Jinua	•

[To each of the names of the Indians a seal is affixed.] Witnesses present,

Spencer Jarnagin, U. S. S. H. Miller,

N. Quackenbush, W. Medill.

Amended by

Amendments

TREATY WITH THE WINNEBAGO INDIANS.

Proclamation, February 4, 1847.

Treaty with the Winnebagoes concluded October 13, 1846.

October 13, 1846. Articles of a Treaty made and concluded at the City of Washington, on the thirteenth Day of October, in the Year one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, between the United States, of the one Part, by their Commissioners, Albion K. Parris, John J. Abert, and T. P. Andrews, and the Winnebago Tribe of Indians, of the other Part, by a full Delegation of said Tribe specially appointed by the Chiefs, Head Men, and Warriors thereof.

ARTICLE I.

It is solemnly agreed, that the peace and friendship which exist between the people of the United States and the Winnebago Indians shall be perpetual; the said tribe of Indians giving assurance, hereby, of fidelity and friendship to the government and people of the United States, and the United States giving to them, at the same time, promise of all proper care and parental protection.

ARTICLE II.

The said tribe of Indians hereby agree to cede and sell, and do hereby cede and sell, to the United States, all right, title, interest, claim, and privilege, to all lands, wherever situated, now or heretofore occupied or claimed by said Indians, within the States and Territories of the United States, and especially to the country now occu-. pied, inhabited, or in any way used by them, called the "Neutral Ground," which tract of country was assigned to said Indians by the second article of the treaty of Fort Armstrong, concluded on the fifteentli day of September, 1832, and ratified on the thirteenth day of February following.

ARTICLE III.

In consideration of the foregoing purchase from, or cession by, the said Indians, the United States hereby agree to purchase and give to the said Indians, as their home, to be held as all Indians' lands are held, a tract of country north of St. Peter's and west of the Mississippi Rivers, of not less than eight hundred thousand acres, which shall be suitable to their habits, wants, and wishes : Provided, Such land can be obtained on just and reasonable terms.

ARTICLE IV.

The United States agree to pay to said tribe of Indians the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars for the land, and the sum of forty thousand dollars for release of hunting privileges, on the lands adjacent to their present home, making the sum of one hundred and ninety thousand dollars, being in further consideration of the cession or sale made to the United States by the second article of this treaty; to be paid as follows : Forty thousand dollars to enable them to comply with their present just engagements, and to cover the expenses of exploring and selecting (by their own people, or by an agent of their own appointment) their new home; twenty thousand dollars in consideration of their removing themselves, and twenty thousand dollars in consideration of their subsisting themselves the first year after their removal; ten thousand dollars to be expended for breaking up and

Peace and friendship to prevail.

Lands ceded to the United States.

Ind. Treat. Vol. I. p. 371.

In considera-tion of the above cession, the United States agree to purchase and give to said tribe, as their home, a tract of country north of the St. Peter's and west of the Mississippi Rivers.

The United States agree to pay to said Indians \$150,000 for the land, and \$40,000 for re-lease of hunting privileges on the lands adjacent to their present home.

How to be applied.

fencing lands, under the direction of the President of the United States, at their new home; ten thousand dollars to be set apart and applied, under the direction of the President, to the creation and carrying on of one or more manual labor schools for the benefit of said tribe of Indians; and five thousand dollars for building a saw and grist mill. The balance of said sum of one hundred and ninety thousand dollars, viz., eighty-five thousand dollars, to remain in trust with the United States, and five per cent. interest thereon to be paid annually to said tribe or applied for their benefit, as the President of the States, at five United States may from time to time direct, for the period of thirty years, which shall be in full payment of the said balance : Provided, That no part of the said consideration moneys shall be paid until after the arrival of said tribe of Indians at their new home, and appropriations shall have been made by Congress; and that the sums for meeting their present engagements, for removal and subsistence, and for exploring their new home, shall be paid to the chiefs in open council, in such manner as they in said council shall request.

ARTICLE V.

It is further agreed by the parties to this treaty, that the said tribe of Indians shall remove to their new home within one year after the ratification of this treaty, and their new home shall have been procured for them, and they duly notified of the same.

ARTICLE VI.

It is further agreed by the parties to this treaty, that the President may, at his discretion, (should he at any time be of opinion that the interest of the Indians would be thereby promoted,) direct that any portion of the money, not exceeding ten thousand dollars per annum, now paid in goods, as provided for by the last clause of the fourth article of the treaty of the first of November, 1837, be applied to the purchase of additional provisions, or to other purposes.

In testimony whereof, the Commissioners, Albion K. Parris, John J. Abert, and T. P. Andrews, and the undersigned Chiefs, Head Men, and Delegates, of the Winnebago Tribe of Indians, have bereunto subscribed their names and affixed their seals, at the City of Washington, this thirteenth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

> ALBION K. PARRIS, JOHN J. ABERT, Commissioners. T. P. ANDREWS,

Hoong-ho-no-kaw, Is-jaw-go-bo-kaw, Co-no-ha-ta-kaw, Naw-hoo-skaw-kaw, Shoong-skaw-kaw, Kooz-a-ray-kaw, Waw-ma-noo-ka-kaw, Ha-naw-hoong-per-kaw, Wo-gie-qua-kaw, Waw-kon-chaw-she-shick-kaw, Chas-chun-kaw, Naw-hey-kee-kaw, Ah-hoo-zheb-kaw, VOL. IX. TREAT. -9

Waw-roo-jaw-hee-kaw, Baptist-Lasalica, Waw-kon-chaw-per kaw, Kaw-how-ah-kaw, Hakh-ee-nee-kaw, Waw-kon-chaw-ho-no-kaw, Maw-hee-ko-shay-naw-zhee-kaw, Maw-nee-ho-no-nic, Maw-ho-kee-wee-kaw, Sho-go-nee-kaw, Watch-ha-ta-kaw, by Henry M. Rice, his delegate.

Balance of \$85,000 to re-main in trust with the United per cent. interest.

Proviso.

Said Indians to remove to their new home in one year from ratifi-cation of this treaty.

President may, at his discretion, at his discretion, direct a portion of the money now paid in goods to be applied to the purchase of provisions.

Signed October 13, 1846.

Witnesses —

John C. Mullay, Secretary to Board of Commissioners.

J. E. Fletcher, Sub-Agent.

S. B. Lowry, Peter Mananaige, Antoine Grignon, Simeon Lecure,

H. L. Dousman, Richard Chute, John Haney, George Cahn, James Maher.

[To each of the names of the Indians are affixed a seal and mark.]-

TREATY WITH NEW GRANADA. DEC. 12, 1846.

TREATY WITH NEW GRANADA.

A general Treaty of Peace, Amity, Navigation, and Commerce between the United States of America and the Republic of New Granada.

THE United States of North America, and the republic of New Granada, in South America, desiring to make lasting and firm the friendship and good understanding which happily exist between both nations, have resolved to fix, in a manner clear, distinct, and positive, the rules which shall in future be religiously observed between each other, by means of a treaty, or general convention of peace and friendship, commerce and navigation.

For this desirable object, the President of the United States of America has conferred full powers on Benjamin A. Bidlack, a citizen of the said States, and their chargé d'affaires in Bogota; and the President of the republic of New Granada has conferred similar and equal powers upon Manuel Maria Mallarino, Secretary of State and Foreign Relations; who, after having exchanged their said full powers in due form, have agreed to the following articles: -

ARTICLE I.

There shall be a perfect, firm, and inviolable peace and sincere friendship between the United States of America and the republic of New Granada, in all the extent of their possessions and territories, and between their citizens respectively, without distinction of persons or places.

ARTICLE II.

The United States of America and the republic of New Grana- nada i los Estados Unidos de granted by either

Tratado jeneral de Paz, Amistad, Navegacion, i Comercio entre la República de la Nueva Granada i los Estados Unidos de America.

LA república de la Nueva Granada en la America del Sur, i los Estados Unidos del Norte America, deseando hacer firme i duradera la amistad i buena intelijencia que felizmente existen entre ambas naciones, han resuelto fijar de una manera clara, distinta, i positiva, las reglas que en lo futuro han de observarse relijiosamente entre una i otra, por medio de un tratado ó convencion jeneral de paz i amistad, comercio i navegacion.

Para este apetecible objeto el Presidente de la república de la Nueva Granada ha conferido plenos poderes á Manuel Maria Mallarino, Secretario de Estado del Despacho de Relaciones Esteriores, i el Presidente de los Estados Unidos de America ha conferido semejantes e iguales poderes a Benjamin A. Bidlack, ciudadano de dichos Estados i su Encargado de Negocios en Bogotá; los cuales, despues de haber canjeado sus dichos plenos poderes en debida forma, han convenido en los articulos siguientes : ----

ARTICULO I.

Habrá una paz perfecta, firme e inviolable, i amistad sincera en- a perfect, firm, tre la república de la Nueva Granada i los Estados Unidos de America en toda la estension de sus posesiones i territorios, i entre sus ciudadanos respectivamente, sin distincion de personas ni lugares.

ARTICULO II.

La república de la Nueva Grada, desiring to live in peace and America, deseando vivir en paz i tions which shall

Dec. 12, 1846.

Proclamation made June 12, 1848. Preamble.

Negotiators.

There shall be and inviolable peace and friendship between the two republics.

No favors to be

not become common to the other.

harmony with all the nations of the earth, by means of a policy frank and equally friendly with all, engage mutually not to grant any particular favor to other nations, in respect of commerce and navigation, which shall not immediately become common to the other party, who shall enjoy the same freely, if the concession was freely made, or on allowing the same compensation, if the concession was conditional.

ARTICLE III.

Mutual benefits in trade and residence to be equally enjoyed.

Except as to the coasting trade.

Equalization of duties on vessels

and their cargoes.

The two high contracting parties, being likewise desirous of placing the commerce and navigation of their respective countries on the liberal basis of perfect equality and reciprocity, mutually agree that the citizens of each may frequent all the coasts and countries of the other, and reside and trade there, in all kinds of produce, manufactures, and merchandise; and that they shall enjoy all the rights, privileges, and exemptions, in navigation and commerce, which native citizens do or shall enjoy, submitting themselves to the laws, decrees, and usages there established, to which native citizens are subjected. But it is understood that this article does not include the coasting trade of either country, the regulation of which is reserved by the parties, respectively, according to their own separate laws.

ARTICLE IV.

They likewise agree that whatever kind of produce, manufacture, or merchandise of any foreign country can be, from time to time, lawfully imported into the United States in their own vessels, may be also imported in vessels of the republic of New Granada; and that no higher or other duties upon the tonnage of the vessel and her cargo shall be levied and collected, whether the importation be made in vessels of the one country And, in like or of the other.

armonia con todas las naciones de la tierra por medio de una politica franca e igualmente amistosa con todas, se obligan mutuamente á no otorgar favores particulares á otras naciones con respecto á comercio i navegacion que no se hagan inmediatamente estensivos á la otra parte, quien gozará de los mismos libremente, si la concesion fuere hecha libremente, ú otorgando la misma compensacion, si la concesion fuere condicional.

ARTICULO III.

Las dos altas partes contratantes deseando tambien establecer el comercio i la navegacion de sus respectivos paises sobre la base liberal de igualdad i reciprocidad perfectas, convienen mutuamente en que los ciudadados de cada una de ellas puedan frecuentar todas las costas i territorios de la otra, i residir i traficar en ellos con toda especie de producciones, manufacturas, i mercaderias; i que gozarán de todos los derechos, privilejios i exenciones, en navegacion i comercio, que los ciudadanos naturales gozen o gozaren, sometiendose á las leyes, decretos i usos establecidos alli, á que estan sujetos los ciudadanos naturales. Pero debe entenderse, que este articulo no incluye el comercio de cabotaje de cada uno de los dos paises, cuyo arreglo se reservan las partes respectivamente, conforme à sus leyes particulares.

ARTICULO IV.

Igualmente convienen una i otra en que cualquiera especie de producciones, manufacturas ó mercaderias estranjeras que puedan ser en cualquier tiempo legalmente importadas en la república de la Nueva Granada en sus propios buques, puedan ser tambien importadas en buques de los Estados Unidos; i que no se impondrán ó cobrarán otros ó mas altos derechos sobre las toneladas del buque, ó por su cargamento, sea que la importacion se haga en buques del uno ú manner, that whatever kind of del otro pais: i de la misma ma-

produce, manufactures, or merchandise of any foreign country can be, from time to time, lawfully imported into the republic of New Granada in its own vessels, may be also imported in vessels of the United States; and that no higher or other duties upon the tonnage of the vessel and her cargo shall be levied or collected, whether the importation be made in vessels of the one country or the other.

And they further agree, that whatever may be lawfully exported or re-exported from the one country in its own vessels to any foreign country, may in like manner be exported or re-exported in the vessels of the other country; and the same bounties, duties, and drawbacks shall be allowed and collected, whether such exportation or re-exportation be made in vessels of the United States or of the republic of New Granada.

ARTICLE V.

No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the United States of any articles the produce or manufacture of the republic of New Granada, and no higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the republic of New Granada of any articles the produce or manufactures of the United States, than are or shall be payable on the like articles, being the produce or manufactures of any other foreign country; nor shall any higher or other duties or charges be imposed, in either of the two countries, on the exportation of any articles to the United States or to the republic of New Granada, respectively, than such as are payable on the exportation of the like articles to any other. foreign country; nor shall any prohibition be imposed on the exportation or importation of any articles the produce or manufactures of the United States or of the republic of New Granada, to or from the territories of the Uni- tural ó manufacturado de los terri-

nera, cualquiera especie de producciones, manufacturas ó mercaderias estranjeras que puedan ser en cualquier tiempo legalmente importadas en los Estados Unidos en sus propios buques, puedan ser tambien importadas en los buques de la república de la Nueva Granada; i que no se impondrán otros ó mas altos derechos sobre las toneladas del buque ó por su cargamento, sea que la importacion se haga en buques del uno ú del otro pais.

Convienen ademas, en que todo lo que pueda ser legalmente esportado ó reesportado de uno de los dos paises en sus propios buques para un pais estranjero, pueda de la misma manera ser esportado ó reesportado en los buques del otro: i serán concedidos i cobrados iguales premios, derechos, i descuentos, sea que tal esportacion ó reesportacion se haga en los buques de la república de la Nueva Granada, ó en los de los Estados Unidos.

ARTICULO V.

No se impondrán otros ó mas altos derechos sobre la importacion and exportations to be on a recipen la república de la Nueva Gra- rocal footing. nada de cualesquiera articulos del producto natural ó manufacturado de los Estados Unidos, i no se impondrán otros ó mas altos derechos sobre la importacion en los Estados Unidos de cualesquiera articulos del producto natural ó manufacturado de la república de la Nueva Granada, que los que se exijan ó exijieren por iguales articulos del producto natural ó manufacturado de cualquiera otro pais estranjero; ni se impondrán otros ó mas altos derechos ó gravamenes en ninguno de los dos paises sobre la esportacion de cualesquiera articulos para la república de la Nueva Granada ó para los Estados Unidos respectivamente, que los que deban exijirse por la esportacion de iguales articulos para cualquiera otro pais estranjero; ni se establecerá prohibicion alguna respecto á la importacion ú esportacion de cualesquiera articulos del producto na-

Vessels of both nations to be on the same footing as to drawbacks, &c.

Importations

No partial prohibitions to be established.

ted States, or to or from the territories of the republic of New Granada, which shall not equally extend to all other nations.

ARTICLE VI.

The stipulations in the preceding articles applicable to vessels of either party arriving in the ports of the other, whether they proceed from the ports of their own country or from foreign ports.

In order to prevent the possibility of any misunderstanding, it is hereby declared that the stipulations contained in the three preceding articles are to their full extent applicable to the vessels of the United States and their cargoes arriving in the ports of New Granada, and reciprocally to the vessels of the said republic of New Granada and their cargoes arriving in the ports of the United States, whether they proceed from the ports of the country to which they respectively belong, or from the ports of any other foreign country; and in either case, no discriminating duty shall be imposed or collected in the ports of either country on said vessels or their cargoes, whether the same shall be of native or foreign produce or manufacture.

ARTICLE VII.

It is likewise agreed that it shall be wholly free for all merchants, commanders of ships, and other citizens of both countries, to manage, by themselves or agents, their own business in all the ports and places subject to the jurisdiction of each other, as well with respect to the consignments and sale of their goods and merchandise by wholesale or retail, as with respect to the loading, unloading, and sending off their ships; they being, in all these cases, to be treated as citizens of the country in which they reside, or at least to be placed on an equality with the subjects or citizens of the most favored nation.

torios de la república de la Nueva Granada para los de los Estados Unidos, ó de los territorios de los Estados Unidos para los de la república de la Nueva Granada, que no sea igualmente estensiva á las otras naciones.

ARTICULO VI.

A fin de remover la posibilidad de cualquiera mala intelijencia con respecto á los tres articulos anteriores, se declara aqui: que las estipulaciones contenidas en ellos son aplicables en toda su estension á los buques de la Nueva Granada i sus cargamentos que arriben á los puertos de los Estados Unidos, i reciprocamente á los buques de los Estados Unidos i sus cargamentos que arriben á los puertos de la Nueva Granada; sea que procedan de los puertos del pais à que ellos pertenezcan respectivamente, ó de los de cualquiera otro pais estranjero; i que en ningun caso se impondrá ó cobrarara derecho alguno diferencial en los puertos de los dos paises sobre los dichos buques ó sus cargamentos, ya sean estos del producto ó manufactura nacional ó del producto ó manufactura estranjera.

ARTICULO VII.

Se conviene ademas, que será enteramente libre à los comerciantes, capitanes de buques, i otros ciudadanos de ambos paises manejar á su voluntad sus negocios por si mismos, ó por medio de sus ajentes, en todos los puertos i'lugares sujetos á la jurisdiccion del uno ú del otro, tanto con respecto á las consignaciones i ventas por mayor ó menor de sus efectos i mercaderias, como con respecto á la carga, descarga i despacho de sus buques ú otros negocios, debiendo en todos estos casos ser tratados como ciudadanos del pais en que residan, ó considerados al menos bajo igual pie que los subditos ó ciudadanos de la nacion mas favorecida.

to be treated as citizens of the country in which they reside.

Citizens of ei-

ther party to be

free to manage their own busi-

ness in the coun-

try of the other,

&c.; and

ARTICLE VIII.

The citizens of neither of the contracting parties shall be liable to any embargo, nor be detained with their vessels, cargoes, merchandise, or effects, for any military expedition, nor for any public or private purpose whatever, without allowing to those interested an equitable and sufficient indemnification.

ARTICLE IX.

Whenever the citizens of either of the contracting parties shall be forced to seek refuge or asylum in the rivers, bays, ports, or dominions of the other with their vessels, whether merchant or war, public or private, through stress of weather, pursuit of pirates or enemies, or want of provisions or water, they shall be received and treated with humanity, giving to them all favor and protection for repairing their ships, procuring provisions, and placing themselves in a situation to continue their voyage without obstacle or hinderance of any kind, or the payment of port fees, or any charges other than pilotage, except such vessels continue in port longer than fortyeight hours, counting from the time they cast anchor in port.

ARTICLE X.

All the ships, merchandise, and effects, belonging to the citizens of one of the contracting parties, which may be captured by pirates, whether within the limits of its jurisdiction or on the high seas, and may be carried or found in the rivers, roads, bays, ports, or dominions of the other, shall be delivered up to the owners, they proving in due and proper form their rights before the competent tribunals; it being well understood that the claim shall be made within the term of one year by the parties themselves, their attorneys or agents, of their respective governments.

ARTICULO VIII.

Los ciudadanos de una i otra de las partes contratantes no podrán ser embargados ó detenidos con sus embarcaciones, tripulaciones, mercaderias i efectos comerciales de supertenencia, para ninguna espedicion militar, ni para usos publicos ó particulares, cualesquiera que sean, sin conceder á los interesados una justa i suficiente indemnizacion.

ARTICULO IX.

Siempre que los ciudadanos de alguna de las partes contratantes se vieren precisados á buscar re- the ports of the fujio ú asilo en los rios, bahias, puertos ó dominios de la otra, con sus buques, sean mercantes ó de guerra, públicos ó particulares, por mal tiempo, persecucion de piratas ó enemigos, ó falta de aguada ó provisiones, serán recibidos i tratados con humanidad, dispensandoles todo favor i proteccion para reparar sus buques, acopiar viveres, i ponerse en situacion de continuar su viaje, sin obstaculo ni molestia de ningun jenero, ni pago de derechos de puerto ó de cualesquiera otras cargas que los emolumentos del practico, á no ser que los tales buques continuen en el puerto mas de cuarenta i ocho horas contadas desde el momento en que anclaren.

ARTICULO X.

Todos los buques, mercaderias, i efectos pertenecientes á los ciudadanos de la una de las partes contratantes, que acaso fueren owners. apresados por piratas, bien sea dentro de los limites de su jurisdiccion ó en alta mar, i fueren lleados ó hallados en los rios, radas, bahias, puertos ó dominios de la otra, seran entregados á sus duenos, probando estos en la forma propia i debida sus derechos ante los tribunales competentes: bien entendido que el reclame he de hacerse dentro del termino de un año, por las mismas partes ó por sus procuradores, ó por los ajentes de sus respectivos gobiernos.

No embargo or detention of vessels and cargoes without indemnification.

Vessels of either party seekrefuge in ing other to be protected, &c.

Vessels, &c., captured by picaptured by pi-rates, to be delivered up to the

ARTICLE XI.

When any vessels belonging to the citizens of either of the contracting parties shall be wrecked or foundered, or shall suffer any damage on the coasts, or within the dominions of the other, there shall be given to them all assistance and protection, in the same manner which is usual and customary with the vessels of the nation where the damage happens; permitting them to unload the said vessel, if necessary, of its merchandise and effects, without exacting for it any duty, impost, or contribution whatever, unless they may be destined for consumption or sale in the country of the port where they may have been disembarked.

ARTICLE XII.

The citizens of each of the contracting parties shall have power to dispose of their personal goods or real estate within the jurisdiction of the other, by sale, donation, testament, or otherwise; and their representatives, being citizens of the other party, shall succeed to their said personal goods or real estate, whether by testament or *ab intestato*, and they may take possession thereof, either by themselves or others acting for them, and dispose of the same at their will, paying such dues only as the inhabitants of the country wherein said goods are shall be subject to pay in like cases.

ARTICLE XIII.

Both contracting parties promise and engage formally to give their special protection to the persons and property of the citizens of each other, of all occupations, who may be in the territories subject to the jurisdiction of one or the other, transient or dwelling therein, leaving open and free to them the tribunals of justice for their judicial recourse, on the same terms which are usual and customary with the natives or cit-

ARTICULO XI.

Cuando algun buque perteneciente a los ciudadanos de cualquiera de las partes contratantes naufrague, encalle, ó sufra alguna averia en las costas, ó dentro de los dominios de la otra, se le dará todó ayuda i proteccion; del propio modo que es uso i costumbre con los buques de la nacion en donde suceda la averia; permitiendose descargar el dicho buque si fuere necesario, de sus mercaderias i efectos, sin exijir por esto ningun derecho, impuesto ó contribucion de ninguna especie, á no ser que se destinen á la venta ó consumo en el pais en cuyo puerto se hubieren desembarcado.

ARTICULO XII.

Los ciudadanos de cada una de las partes contratantes tendrán facultad para disponer de sus bienes muebles é inmuebles dentro de la jurisdiccion de la otra, por venta, donacion, testamento ó de otro modo; i sus representantes, siendo ciudadanos de la otra parte, sucederán á sus dichos bienes muebles é inmuebles, sea por testamento ó ab intestato, i podrán tomar posesion de ellos, por si personalmente, o por medio de otros que procedan en su nombre, i disponer de los mismos á su arbitrio, pagando solo aquellas cargas que en iguales casos estuvieren obligados á pagar los habitantes del pais en donde esten los referidos bienes.

ARTICULO XIII.

Ambas partes contratantes se comprometen i obligan en toda forma á dispensar reciprocamente su proteccion especial á las personas i propiedades de los ciudadanos de cada una de ellas, de todas profesiones, transeuntes ó habitantes en los territorios sujetos á la jurisdiccion de una i otra, dejandoles abiertos i libres los tribunales de justicia para sus recursos judiciales, en los mismos terminos usados i acostumbrados para los

Citizens of either party may dispose of their personal goods or real estate within the jurisdiction of the other.

Protection to persons and property.

Assistance to

be given in cases

of shipwreck, &c.

izens of the country; for which purpose, they may either appear in proper person, or employ in the prosecution or defence of their rights such advocates, solicitors, notaries, agents, and factors as they may judge proper in all their trials at law; and such citizens or agents shall have free opportunity to be present at the decisions or sentences of the tribunals, in all cases which may concern them, and likewise at the taking of all examinations and evidence which may be exhibited in the said trials.

ARTICLE XIV.

The citizens of the United States residing in the territories of the republic of New Granada shall enjoy the most perfect and entire security of conscience, without being annoyed, prevented, or disturbed on account of their religious belief. Neither shall they be annoyed, molested, or disturbed on the proper exercise of their religion in private houses, or on the chapels or places of worship appointed for that purpose, provided that in so doing they observe the decorum due to divine worship and the respect due to the laws, usages, and customs of the country. Liberty shall also be granted to bury the citizens of the United States, who may die in the territories of the republic of New Granada, in convenient and adequate places, to be appointed and established by themselves for that purpose, with the knowledge of the local authorities, or in such other places of sepulture as may be chosen by the friends of the deceased; nor shall the funerals or sepulchres of the dead be disturbed in any wise, nor upon any account.

In like manner, the citizens of New Granada shall enjoy, within the government and territories of the United States, a perfect and unrestrained liberty of conscience, and of exercising their religion, publicly or privately, within their own dwelling-houses, or on the chapels and places of worship ap-

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naturales ó ciudadanos del pais; para lo cual podrán jestionar en persona, ó emplear en la jestion ó defensa de sus derechos á los abogados, procuradores, escribanos ajentes ú apoderados que juzguen convenientes para todos sus litijios; i dichos ciudadanos ó ajentes tendrán la libre facultad de estar presentes en las decisiones i sentencias de los tribunales, en todos los casos que les conciernan, como igualmente al tomarse todas las declaraciones i pruebas, que se ofrezcan en los dichos litijios.

ARTICULO XIV.

Los ciudadanos de la república de Nueva Granada residentes en science and the rites of burial seterritorio de los Estados Unidos, cured. gozarán una perfecta é ilimitada libertad de consciencia, sin ser molestados, inquietados ni perturbados por su creencia relijiosa. No serán molestados, inquietados ni perturbados en el ejercicio de su relijion, en casas privadas ó en las capillas ó lugares de adoracion designados al efecto, con el decoro debido a la divinidad, i respeto á las leyes, usos i costumbres del pais. Tambien tendrán libertad para enterrar los ciudadanos de Nueva Granada que mueran en territorio de los Estados Unidos, en los lugares convenientes i adecuados, designados i establecidos por ellos con acuerdo de las autoridades locales, ó en los lugares de sepultura que elijan los amigos de los muertos; i los funerales i sepulcros no serán trastornados de modo alguno ni por ningun motivo.

De la misma manera, los ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos gozarán en territorio de la república de Nueva Granada perfecta éilimitada libertad de consciencia, i ejercerán su relijion pública o privadamente en sus mismas habitaciones, ó en las capillas ó lugares de adoracion designados al efecto,

Liberty of con-

pointed for that purpose, agreeably | to the laws, usages, and customs of the United States.

ARTICLE XV. It shall be lawful for the citizens

Both parties at liberty to trade with those at enmity with either.

of the United States of America and of the republic of New Granada, to sail with their ships with all manner of liberty and security, no distinction being made who are the proprietors of the merchandise laden thereon, from any port to the places of those who now are or hereafter shall be at enmity with either of the contracting parties. It shall likewise be lawful for the citizens aforesaid to sail with the ships and merchandise before mentioned, and to trade with the same liberty and security from the places, ports, and havens of those who are enemies of both or either party, without any opposition or disturbance whatsoever, not only directly from the places of the enemy before mentioned to neutral places, but also from one place belonging to an enemy to another place belonging to an enemy, whether they be under the jurisdiction of one power or under sev-Free ships to eral. And it is hereby stipulated that free ships shall also give freedom to goods, and that every thing which shall be found on board the ships belonging to the citizens of either of the contracting parties shall be deemed to be free and exempt, although the whole lading or any part thereof should appertain to the enemies of either, (contraband goods being always excepted.) It is also agreed, in like manner, that the same liberty shall be extended to persons who are on board a free ship, with this effect, that although they be enemies to both or either party, they are not to be taken out of that free ship unless they are officers and soldiers, and in the actual service of the enemies; provided, however, and it is hereby agreed, that the stipulations in this article contained, declaring that the flag shall cover the property, shall be understood as applying to those powers

de conformidad con las leves, usos i costumbres de la república de Nueva Granada.

ARTICULO XV.

Será licito á los ciudadanos de la república de la Nueva Granada, i de los Estados Unidos de America, navegar con sus buques con toda seguridad i libertad, de cualquier puerto á las plazas i lugares de los que son ó fueren en adelante enemigos de cualquiera de las dos partes contratantes, sin hacerse distincion de quienes son los dueños de las mercaderias que llevan á su bordo. Será igualmente licito á los referidos ciudadanos, navegar con sus buques i mercaderias mencionadas, i traficar con la misma libertad i seguridad, de los lugares, puertos i ensenadas de los enemigos de ambas partes ó de alguna de ellas, sin oposicion ó molestia de ninguna especie, no solo directamente de los lugares enemigos arriba mencionados a los lugares neutros, sino tambien de un lugar perteneciente á un enemigo a otro enemigo, ya sea que esten bajo la jurisdiccion de una sola potencia, ó bajo la de diversas. I qued aaqui estipulado, que los buques libres hacen libres tambien a las mercaderias, i que se ha de considerar libre i exento todo lo que se hallare á bordo de los buques pertenecientes á los ciudadanos de cualquiera de las partes contratantes, aunque toda la carga ó parte de ella pertenezca á enemigos de una ú otra, esceptuados siempre los articulos de con-Se conviene tambien trabando. del mismo modo, en que la misma libertad sea estensiva á las personas que se encuentren á bordo de buques libres, con el fin de que aunque dichas personas sean enemigos de ambas partes ó de alguna de ellas, no deban ser estraidas de los dichos buques libres, á menos que sean oficiales ó soldados en actual servicio de los enemigos: á condicion no obstante, como espresamente se conviene, que las estipulaciones, contenidas en el presente articulo, por las que se

make free goods, contraband ercepted.

All persons on board, except those in the actual service of the enemy, to be free.

Flag covering the property to be applied to those powers only who

only who recognize this principle; but if either of the two contracting parties shall be at war with a third, and the other remains neutral, the flag of the neutral shall cover the property of enemies whose governments acknowledge this principle, and not of others.

ARTICLE XVI.

It is likewise agreed, that in the case where the neutral flag of one of the contracting parties shall protect the property of the enemies of the other, by virtue of the above stipulation, it shall always be understood that the neutral property found on board such enemy's vessels shall be held and considered as enemy's property, and as such shall be liable to detention and confiscation, except such property as was put on board such vessel before the declaration of war, or even afterwards if it were done without the knowledge of it; but the contracting parties agree that, two months having elapsed after the declaration of war, their citizens shall not plead ignorance thereof. On the contrary, if the flag of the neutral does not protect the enemy's property, in that case the goods and merchandise of the neutral embarked on such enemy's ship shall be free.

ARTICLE XVII.

This liberty of navigation and commerce shall extend to all kinds of merchandise, excepting those only which are distinguished by the name of *contraband*; and under this name of contraband, or prohibited goods, shall be comprehended, -

1st. Cannons, mortars, howitzers, swivels, blunderbusses, muskets, rifles, carbines, pistols, pikes, swords, sabres, lances, spears, haldeclara que el pabellon cubre la acknowledge the propiedad, se entenderán aplica- principle. bles solamente á aquellas potencias que reconozcan este principio: pero si alguna de las dos partes contratantes estuviere en guerra con una tercera, i la otra permaneciere neutral, la bandera de la neutral cubrirá la propiedad de los enemigos, cuyos gobiernos reconozcan este principio, i no de otros.

ARTICULO XVI.

Se conviene igualmente, que en el caso de que la bandera neutral de una de las partes contratantes proteja las propiedades de los enemigos de la otra, en vertud de lo estipulado arriba, deberá siempre entenderse que las propiedades neutrales encontradas á bordo de tales buques enemigos, han de tenerse i considerarse como propiedades enemigas, i como tales estarán sujetas á detencion i confiscacion, esceptuando aquellas propiedades que hubiesen sido puestas á bordo de tales buques antes de la declaratoria de la guerra, i aun despues, si hubiesen sido embarcadas en dichos buques sin tener noticia de ella; pero las partes contratantes convienen en que, pasados dos meses despues de la declaratoria de la guerra, sus respectivos ciudadanos no podrán alegar que la ignoraban. Por el contrario, si la bandera neutral no protejiere las propiedades enemigas, entonces serán libres los efectos i mercaderias de la parte neutral embarcadas en buques enemigos.

ARTICULO XVII.

Esta libertad de navegacion i comercio se estenderá á todo jenero de mercaderias, esceptuando unicamente aquellas que se distinguen con el nombre de contraban- cepted. do; i bajo este nombre de contrabando ú efectos prohibidos, se comprenderán, ---

1°. Cañones, morteros, obuces, pedreros, trabucos, fusiles, rifles, specified. carabinas, pistolas, picas, espadas, sables, lansas, chuzos, alabardas, i

Enemy's property, to be pro-tected by a neutral flag, must be within shipped two months after declaration of war, &c.

This liberty of navigation and commerce to extend to all kinds of merchandise, contraband ex-

Contraband

berts, and grenades, bombs, powder, matches, balls, and all other things belonging to the use of these arms.

2d. Bucklers, helmets, breastplates, coats of mail, infantry belts, and clothes made up in the form and for the military use.

3d. Cavalry belts, and horses with their furniture.

4th. And generally all kind of arms and instruments of iron, steel, brass, and copper, or of any other materials manufactured, prepared, and formed expressly to make war by sea or land.

5th. Provisions that are imported into a besieged or blockaded place.

ARTICLE XVIII.

Goods not contraband.

Definition blockade.

of

All other merchandise, and things not comprehended in the articles of contraband, explicitly enumerated and classified as above, shall be held and considered as free, and subjects of free and lawful commerce, so that they may be carried and transported in the freest manner by the citizens of both the contracting parties, even to places belonging to an enemy, excepting those places only which are at that time besieged or blockaded; and to avoid all doubt in this particular, it is declared that those places only are besieged or blockaded which are actually attacked by a belligerent force capable of preventing the entry of the neutral.

ARTICLE XIX.

The articles of contraband, before enumerated and classified, which may be found in a vessel bound for an enemy's port, shall be subject to detention and confiscation, leaving free the rest of the cargo and the ship, that the owners may dispose of them as they see proper. No vessel of either of the two nations shall be detained on the high seas on account of having on board articles of con- alta mar por tener a su bordo ar-

granadas, bombas, polvora, mechas, balas, con todas las demas cosas correspondientes al uso de estas armag

2°. Escudos, casquetes, corazas, cotas de malla, fornituras i vestidos hechos en forma i á usanza militar.

3°. Bandoleras i caballos con sus arneses.

4°. I jeneralmente toda especie de armas e instrumentos de hierro. acero, bronce, cobre, i otras materias cualesquiera manufacturadas, preparadas i formadas espresamente para hacer la guerra por mar ó por tierra.

5°. Los viveres que se introducen á una plaza sitiada ó bloqueada.

ARTICULO XVIII.

Todas las demas mercaderias i efectos no comprendidos en los articulos de contrabando esplicitamente enumerados i clasificados en el articulo anterior, serán tenidos i reputados como libres i de licito i lejitimo comercio, de modo que prodrán ser conducidos i trasportados de la manera mas franca, por los ciudadanos de ambas partes contratantes, aun á los lugares pertenecientes á enemigo, esceptuando solo aquellas plazas que se hallen actualmente sitiadas ó bloqueadas; i para evitar en el particular toda duda, se declaran sitiadas ó bloqueadas solamente aquellas plazas que en la actualidad estuvieren attacadas por una fuerza de un belijerante capaz de impedir la entrada del neutral.

ARTICULO XIX.

Los articulos de contrabando antes enumerados i clasificados, que se hallen en un buque destinado á puerto enemigo, estarán sujetos á detencion i confiscacion, dejando libre el resto del cargamento i el buque, para que los dueños puedan disponer de ellos como lo tengan por conveniente. Ningun buque de cualquiera de las dos naciones será detenido en

Contraband only liable to confiscation.

Vessels delivering up contra-band not to be detained.

traband, whenever the master, captain, or supercargo of said vessels will deliver up the articles of contraband to the captor, unless the quantity of such articles be so great, and of so large a bulk, that they cannot be received on board the capturing ship without great inconvenience; but in this and all other cases of just detention, the vessel detained shall be sent to the nearest convenient and safe port for trial and judgment according to law.

ARTICLE XX.

And whereas it frequently happens that vessels sail for a port or place belonging to an enemy, without knowing that the same is besieged, or blockaded, or invested, it is agreed that every vessel so circumstanced may be turned away from such port or place, but shall not be detained, nor shall any part of her cargo, if not contraband, be confiscated, unless, after warning of such blockade or investment from the commanding officer of the blockading forces, she shall again attempt to enter; but she shall be permitted to go to any other port or place she shall think proper. Nor shall any vessel that may have entered into such port before the same was actually besieged, blockaded, or invested by the other, be restrained from quitting that place with her cargo; nor, if found therein after the reduction and surrender, shall such vessel or her cargo be liable to confiscation, but they shall be restored to the owners thereof.

ARTICLE XXI.

In order to prevent all kind of disorder in the visiting and examination of the ships and cargoes of both the contracting parties on the high seas, they have agreed mutually that whenever a national vessel of war, public or private, shall meet with a neutral of the other ticulos de contrabando, siempre que el maestre, capitan ósobrecargo de dicho buque quiera entregar los articulos de contrabando al apresador, á menos que la cantidad de dichos articulos sea tan grande i de tanto volumen que no puedan ser recibidos á bordo del buque apresador sin graves inconvenientes; pero en este, i en todos los demas casos de justa detencion, el buque detenido será enviado al puerto mas inmediato, comodo, i seguro, para que alli se siga el juicio i se dicte sentencia conforme á las leyes.

ARTICULO XX.

I por cuanto frecuentemente sucede que los buques navegan para un puerto ó lugar perteneciente á un enemigo, sin saber que se halle sitiado, bloqueado ó embestido, se conviene en que à todo buque, en tales circunstancias, se le pueda hacer retroceder de dicho puerto ó lugar; pero no será detenido ni confiscada parte alguna de su cargamento, no siendo contrabando; á menos que, despues de la intimacion de semejante bloqueo ó embestimiento por el comandante de las fuerzas bloqueadoras, intentare otra vez entrar; pero le será permitido ir á cualquiera otrc puerto ó lugar á donde lo tuviere por conveniente. Ni á buque alguno que hubiere entrado en un ing before blockpuerto ántes de que estuviere sitiado, bloqueado ú embestido, se le impedirá salir de el con su cargamento; ni siendo hallado alli despues de la rendicion i entrega del lugar, estarán sujetos a confiscacion el tal buque o su cargamento, sino que serán restituidos á sus dueños.

ARTICULO XXI.

Con el objeto de prevenir todo jenero de desorden en la visita i reconocimiento de los buques i cargamentos de ambas partes contratantes en alta mar, han convenido mutuamente, que siempre que un buque nacional de guerra se encontrare con un neutral de la

In case of blockade, vessels to be turned away, but not detained, &c.

Vessels enterade may quit unmolested, &c.

During a visit at sea, armed vessels to remain out of cannon shot. Examination. how to be made.

contracting party, the first shall remain out of cannon shot, unless in stress of weather, and may send its boat with two or three men only, in order to execute the said examination of the papers concerning the ownership and cargo of the vessel, without causing the least extortion, violence, or ill treatment, for which the commanders of said armed ships shall be responsible with their persons and property; for which purpose the commanders of private armed vessels shall, before receiving their commissions, give sufficient security to answer for all the damages they may commit. And it is expressly agreed that the neutral party shall in no case be required to go on board the examining vessel for the purpose of exhibiting her papers, or for any other purpose whatever.

ARTICLE XXII.

To avoid all kind of vexation and abuse in the examination of the papers relating to the ownership of the vessels belonging to the citizens of the two contracting parties, they have agreed, and do hereby agree, that in case one of them should be engaged in war, the ships and vessels belonging to the citizens of the other must be furnished with sea letters or passports expressing the name, property, and bulk of the ship, as also the name and place of habitation of the master and commander of the said vessel, in order that it may thereby appear that the ship really and truly belongs to the citizens of one of the parties; they have likewise agreed that when such ships have a cargo, they shall also be provided, besides the said sea letters or passports, with certificates containing the several particulars of the cargo and the place whence the ship sailed, so that it may be known whether any forbidden or contraband goods are on board the same; which certificates shall be made out by the

otra parte contratante, el primero permanecerá, fuera del tiro de cañon, salvo en caso de mala mar. i podrá enviar subote, con dos ó tres hombres solamente, para verificar el dicho reconocimiento de los papeles concernientes á la propiedad i carga del buque, sin ocasionarle la menor estorsion, violencia ó mal trato; sobre lo cual serán responsables con sus personas i bienes los comandantes del dicho buque armado. Para este fin los comandantes de buques, armados por cuenta de particulares, estarán obligados antes de recibír sus patentes, á dar fianza suficiente para responder de los perjuicios que puedan causar. I se ha convenido espresamente que en ningun caso se exijira de la parte neutral, que vaya á bordo del buque reconocedor con el fin de exhibir sus papeles, ó para cualquiera otro objeto.

ARTICULO XXII.

Para evitar toda clase de vejamin i abuso en el escrutino de los papeles relativos á la propiedad de los buques pertenecientes á los ciudadanos de las dos partes contratantes, estas han convenido i convienen, que en caso de que una de ellas estuviere en guerra, los buques i bajeles pertenecientes á los ciudadanos de la otra deberán proveerse con patentes de navegacion ó pasaportes en que se espresen el nombre, propiedad i capazidad del buque como tambien el nombre i el lugar de la residencia del maestre ó comandante, á fin de que se vea que el buque pertenece real i verdaderamente á los ciudadanos de una de las partes : i han convenido igualmente, que estando cargados los espresados buques, ademas de las patentes de navegacion ó pasaportes, irán tambien provistos de certificados, que contengan los pormenores del cargamento, i el lugar de donde se hizo á la vela el buque, para que asi pueda saberse si hai á su bordo algunos efectos prohibidos ó de contrabando, cuyos officers of the place whence the certificados serán espedidos en la

In case of war, sea letters, certificates of cargo, &c., to be fur-nished, showing to whom the property belongs.

ship sailed, in the accustomed form; without which requisites said vessel may be detained, to be adjudged by the competent tribunal, and may be declared lawful prize, unless the said defect shall be proved to be owing to accident. and shall be satisfied or supplied by testimony entirely equivalent.

ARTICLE XXIII.

It is further agreed, that the stipulations above expressed relative to the visiting and examination of vessels shall apply only to those which sail without convoy; and when said vessels shall be under convoy, the verbal declaration of the commander of the convoy, on his word of honor, that the vessels under his protection belong to the nation whose flag he carries, and when they may be bound to an enemy's port, that they have no contraband goods on board, shall be sufficient.

ARTICLE XXIV.

It is further agreed, that in all cases the established courts for prize causes, in the country to which the prizes may be conducted, shall alone take cognizance of them. And whenever such tribunals of either party shall pronounce judgment against any vessel, or goods, or property, claimed by the citizens of the other party, the sentence or decree shall mention the reasons or motives upon which the same shall have been founded, and an authenticated copy of the sentence or decree, and of all the proceedings in the case, shall, if demanded, be delivered to the commander or agent of said vessel, without any delay, he paying the legal fees for the same.

ARTICLE XXV.

For the purpose of lessening the evils of war, the two high contracting parties further agree, that in case a war should unfortunately

forma acostumbrada por los empleados del lugar de la procedencia del buque, sin cuyos requisitos el dicho buque podrá ser detenido para que se le juzgue por el tribunal competente, i podrá ser declarado buena presa, á menos que se pruebe que el defecto proviene de algun accidente, i se satisfaga ó subsane con testimonios del todo equivalentes.

ARTICULO XXIII.

Se ha convenido ademas que las estipulaciones anteriores relativas al reconocimiento i visita de los buques, se aplicarán unicamente á los que naveguen sin convoi, i que cuando los dichos buques estuvieren bajo de convoi, será suficiente la declaracion verbal del comandante de este, bajo su palabra de honor, de que los buques que se hallan bajo su proteccion pertenecen á la nacion cuya bandera llevan; i cuando se dirijan á un puerto enemigo, que los dichos buques no tienen á su bordo articulos de contrabando.

ARTICULO XXIV.

Se ha convenido ademas, que en todos los casos que ocurran, tablished courts solo los tribunales establecidos only. para causas de presas en el pais á que las presas sean conducidas, tomarán conocimiento de ellas. T siempre que tales tribunales de una de las partes pronunciaren thereof. sentencia contra algun buque, ó efectos ó propiedad reclamada por los ciudadanos de la otra, la sentencia ó decreto hará mencion de las razones ó motivos en que aquella se hubiere fundado, i se franqueará sin retardo alguno al comandante é ajente de dicho buque, si lo solicitare, un testimonio autentico de la sentencia ó decreto, ó de todo el proceso, satisfaciendo por el los derechos legales.

ARTICULO XXV.

Con el fin de disminuir los males de la guerra, las dos altas partes nostilutes to us contratantes convienen ademas : by persons duly que en caso de suscitarse desgra- commissioned.

Visiting regulations to apply only to vessels without convoy.

Prize causes to be tried in the es-

Decree of condemnation to set forth the reasons

In case of war, hostilities to be take place between them, hostilities shall only be carried on by persons duly commissioned by the government, and by those under their orders, except in repelling an attack or invasion, and in the defence of property.

ARTICLE XXVI.

Whenever one of the contracting parties shall be engaged in war with another state, no citizen of the other contracting party shall accept a commission or letter of marque for the purpose of assisting or coöperating hostilely with the said enemy against the said

ARTICLE XXVII.

parties so at war, under the pain

of being treated as a pirate.

If by any fatality --- which cannot be expected, and God forbid -the two contracting parties should be engaged in a war with each other, they have agreed, and do agree now for then, that there shall be allowed the term of six months to the merchants residing on the coasts and in the ports of each other, and the term of one year to those who dwell in the interior, to arrange their business and transport their effects wherever they please, giving to them the safe-conduct necessary for it. which may serve as a sufficient protection until they arrive at the designated port. The citizens, of all other occupations, who may be established in the territories or dominions of the United States or of New Granada, shall be respected and maintained in the full enjoyment of their personal liberty and property, unless their particular conduct shall cause them to forfeit this protection, which, in consideration of humanity, the contracting parties engage to give them.

ARTICLE XXVIII.

No confiscations in case of war.

Neither the debts due from individuals of the one nation to the in- 1 los individuos de la una nacion en

ciadamente una guerra entre ellas, solo se llevérán á efecto las hostilidades por aquellas personas debidamente autorizadas por el gobierno, i por las que esten bajo sus ordenes, esceptuados los casos de repeler un ataque, ó invasion, i en la defensa de la propiedad.

ARTICULO XXVI.

Siempre que una de las partes contratantes estuviere empñeada en guerra con otro estado, ningun ciudadano de la otra parte contratante aceptará comision ó patente de corso para el objeto de ausiliar, ó cooperar hostilmente con el dicho enemigo contra la mencionada parte que este en guerra, bajo la pena de ser tratado como pirata.

ARTICULO XXVII.

Si por alguna fatalidad, que no puede esperarse, i que Dios no permita, las dos partes contratantes se viesen empeñadas en guerra una con otra, han convenido i convienen desde ahora para entonces, que se concederé el termino de seis meses a los comerciantes residentes en las costas i en los puertos de entrambas, i el termino de un año á los que habitan en el interior, para arreglar sus negocios i transportar sus efectos á donde quieran, dandoles el salvoconducto necesario que les sirva de suficiente proteccion hasta que lleguen al puerto designado. Los ciudadanos dedicados á cualesquiera otras ocupaciones, que se hallaren establecidos en los territorios ó dominios de la Nueva Granada ó de los Estados Unidos, serán respetados i mantenidos en el pleno goze de su libertad personal i de sus propiedades, á menos que su particular conducta les haga desmerecer esta proteccion que las partes contratantes se comprometen á prestarles por consideraciones de humanidad.

ARTICULO XXVIII.

Ni las deudas contraidas por

Citizens of neither party to engage in the service of an enemy of the other.

In case of war,

merchants allow-

ed time to ar-

range their business and transport their effects, &c. dividuals of the other, nor shares, nor money which they may have in public funds, nor in public or private banks, shall ever, in any event of war or of national difference, be sequestered or confiscated.

ARTICLE XXIX.

Both the contracting parties, being desirous of avoiding all inequality in relation to their public communications and official intercourse, have agreed, and do agree, to grant to the envoys, ministers, and other public agents, the same favors, immunities, and exemptions which those of the most favored nations do or shall enjoy; it being understood that whatever favors, immunities, or privileges the United States of America or the republic of New Granada may find it proper to give to the ministers and public agents of any other power, shall, by the same act, be extended to those of each of the contracting parties.

ARTICLE XXX.

To make more effectual the protection which the United States and the republic of New Granada shall afford in future to the navigation and commerce of the citizens of each other, they agree to receive and admit consuls and vice consuls in all the ports open to foreign commerce, who shall enjoy in them all the rights, prerogatives, and immunities of the consuls and vice consuls of the most favored nation; each contracting party, however, remaining at liberty to except those ports and places in which the admission and residence of such consuls may not seem convenient.

ARTICLE XXXI.

In order that the consuls and vice consuls of the two contracting parties may enjoy the rights, pre-

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favor de los individuos de la otra, ni las acciones ó cantidades que puedan tener en los fondos públicos, ó en los bancos públicos ó particulares, serán jamas confiscadas ó secuestradas en ningun caso de guerra ó desavenencia nacional.

ARTICULO XXIX.

Deseando ambas partes contratantes evitar toda desigualdad en lo relativo á sus comunicaciones públicas i su correspondencia oficial, han convenido i convienen en conceder á sus enviados, ministros i ajentes públicos los mismos favores, inmunidades i exenciones que gozan ó gozaren los de las naciones mas favorecidas; bien entendido que cualesquiera favores, inmunidades ó privilejios que la Nueva Granada ó los Estados Unidos tengan por conveniente otorgar á los enviados, ministros, i ajentes diplomaticos de otras potencias, se harán por el mismos hecho estensivos á los de una i otra de las partes contratantes.

ARTICULO XXX.

Para hacer mas efectiva la proteccion que la Nueva Granada i vice consuls to be los Estados Unidos de America dispensarán en adelante á la navegacion i comercio de los ciudadanos de una i otra, convienen en recibir i admitir consules i vice consules en todos los puertos abiertos al comercio estranjero, quienes gozarán en ellos de todos los derechos, prerogativas é inmunidades de los consules i vice consules de la nacion mas favorecida, quedando no obstante en libertad cada una de las partes contratantes para esceptuar aquellos puertos i lugares en que la admision i residencia de tales consules pueda no parecer conveniente.

ARTICULO XXXI.

Para que los consules i vice consules de las dos partes contratantes puedan gozar de los dererogatives, and immunities which chos, prerogativas é inmunidades before they shall

Ministers and other public agents to enjoy the same favors as those of the most favored nations.

Consuls and ports open to foreign commerce.

Consuls to exhibit their commissions and obtain exequaturs

be considered as such.

belong to them by their public character, they shall, before entering on the exercise of their functions, exhibit their commission or patent, in due form, to the government to which they are accredited; and, having obtained their exequatur, they shall be held and considered as such by all the authorities, magistrates, and inhabitants in the consular district in which they reside.

ARTICLE XXXII.

It is likewise agreed, that the consuls, their secretaries, officers, and persons attached to the service of consuls, they not being citizens of the country in which the consul resides, shall be exempt from all public service; and also from all kind of taxes, imposts, and contributions, except those which they shall be obliged to pay on account of commerce or their property, to which the citizens and inhabitants, native and foreign, of the country in which they reside, are subject, being in every thing besides subject to the laws of the respective States. The archives and papers of the consulates shall be respected inviolably, and under no pretext whatever shall any magistrate seize or in any way interfere with them.

ARTICLE XXXIII.

Consuls may require the assistance of public authorities in securing deserters.

Mode of procceding.

Deserters, how to be disposed of.

The said consuls shall have power to require the assistance of the authorities of the country for the arrest, detention, and custody of deserters from the public and private vessels of their country; and for that purpose they shall address themselves to the courts, judges, and officers competent, and shall demand in writing the said deserters, proving by an exhibition of the registers of the vessels, or ship's roll, or other public documents, that those men were part of the said crews; and on this demand so proved, (saving, however, where the contrary is proved by other testimonies,) the delivery shall not

que les corresponden por su caracter público, antes de entrar en el ejercicio de sus funciones, presentarán su comision ó patente en la forma debida al gobierno respecto del cual estan acreditados; i habiendo obtenido su exequatur, serán reputados i considerados como tales por todas las autoridades, majistrados i habitantes del distrito consular en que residan.

ARTICULO XXXII.

Se ha convenido igualmente, que los consules, sus secretarios, oficiales, i personas agregadas al servicio de los consulados (no siendo estas personas ciudadanos del pais en donde el consul reside) esterán exentas de todo servicio público, i tambien de toda especie de pechos, impuestos i contribuciones, esceptuando aquellas que esten obligados á pagar por razon de comercio ú propiedad, i á las cuales estan sujetos los ciudadanos i habitantes naturales i estranjeros en el pais en que residen, quedando en todo lo demas sometidos á las leyes de los respectivos estados. Los archivos i papeles de los consulados serán respectados inviolablemente, i bajo ningun pretesto los ocupará majistrado alguno, ni tendrá en ellos ninguna intervencion.

ARTICULO XXXIII.

Los dichos consules tendrán facultad para requerir el ausilio de las autoridades locales para la prision, detencion i custodia de los desertores de buques, publicos i particulares, de su respectivo pais; i con este objeto se dirijirán á los tribunales, jueces i empleados competentes, i reclamarán por escrito los dichos desertores probando con la presentacion de los rejístros de los buques, del rol de la tripulacion i de otros documentos publicos, que aquellos hombres hacian parte de las dichas tripulaciones : i á virtud de esta demanda, asi probada (esceptuando no obstante el caso en que se probare be refused. Such deserters, when por otros testimonios lo contrario)

Consuls, &c., exempt from public service and from taxes, &c.

Their archives and papers inviolable.

arrested, shall be put at the disposal of the said consuls, and may be put in the public prisons, at the request and expense of those who reclaim them, to be sent to the ships to which they belonged, or to others of the same nation. But if they be not sent back within two months, to be counted from the day of their arrest, they shall be set at liberty, and shall be no more arrested for the same cause.

ARTICLE XXXIV.

For the purpose of more effectually protecting their commerce and navigation, the two contracting parties do hereby agree to form, as soon hereafter as circumstances will permit, a consular convention, which shall declare specially the powers and immunities of the consuls and vice consuls of the respective parties.

ARTICLE XXXV.

The United States of America and the republic of New Granada, desiring to make as durable as possible the relations which are to be established between the two parties by virtue of this treaty, have declared solemnly, and do agree to the following points : ---

1st. For the better understanding of the preceding articles, it is and has been stipulated between the high contracting parties, that the citizens, vessels, and merchandise of the United States shall enjoy in the ports of New Granada, including those of the part of the Granadian territory generally denominated Isthmus of Panama, from its southernmost extremity until the boundary of Costa Rica, all the exemptions, privileges, and immunities concerning commerce and navigation, which are now or may hereafter be enjoyed by Granadian citizens, their vessels, and merchandise; and that this equality of favors shall be made to extend to

no se rehusará la entrega. Aprehendidos dichos desertores, serán puestos á disposicion de los mencionados consules, i podran ser depositados en las carceles públicas á solicitud i á espensas de los que los reclamen para ser enviados á los buques á que correspondian, ó á otros de la misma nacion. Pcro si no fueren remitidos dentro de dos meses, contados desde el dia de su arresto, serán puestos en libertad, i no volverán á ser presos por la misma causa.

ARTICULO XXXIV.

Con el objeto de protejer mas eficazmente su comercio i navegacion, las dos partes contratantes convienen aqui en formar, luego que las circunstancias lo permitan, una convencion consular que declare mas especialmente las atribuciones é inmunidades de los consules i vice consules de las partes respectivas.

ARTICULO XXXV.

La república de la Nueva Granada i los Estados Unidos de America, deseando hacer tan duraderas cuanto sea posible las relaciones que han de establecerse entre las dos partes en virtud del presente tratado, han declarado solemnemente i convienen en los

1°. Para mejor intelijencia de los articulos precedentes, han estipulado i estipulan las altas partes contratantes : que los ciudadanos, buques, i mercancias de los Estados Unidos disfrutaran en los puertos de la Nueva Granada, inclusos ports of Panama. los de la parte del territorio Granadino jeneralmente denominado Istmo de Panama, desde su arranque en el estremo del sud hasta la frontera de Costa Rica, todas las franquicias, privilejios é inmunidades, en lo relativo á comercio i navegacion, de que ahora gozen i en lo sucesivo gozaren los ciudadanos Granadinos, sus buques i mercancias; i que esta igualdad de favores se hará estensiva á los pasajeros, correspondencia i mer-

A consular convention to be formed.

Citizens of the United States their vessels and merchandise, placed on the same footing as those of New Granada in the Right of transit across the Isthmus of Panama guarantied to citizens of the United States, and no other or higher tolls to be exacted from them than from citizens of New Granada.

Guaranty of the perfect neutrality of the Isthmus of Panama by the United States.

and merchandise of the United States, in their transit across the said territory, from one sea to the other. The government of New Granada guaranties to the government of the United States that the right of way or transit across the Isthmus of Panama upon any modes of communication that now exist, or that may be hereafter constructed, shall be open and free to the government and citizens of the United States, and for the transportation of any articles of produce, manufactures, or merchandise, of lawful commerce, belonging to the citizens of the United States ; that no other tolls or charges shall be levied or collected upon the citizens of the United States, or their said merchandise thus passing over any road or canal that may be made by the government of New Granada, or by the authority of the same, than is, under like circumstances, levied upon and collected from the Granadian citizens; that any lawful produce, manufactures, or merchandise, belonging to citizens of the United States, thus passing from one sea to the other, in either direction, for the purpose of exportation to any other foreign country, shall not be liable to any import duties whatever ; or, having paid such duties, they shall be entitled to drawback upon their exportation; nor shall the citizens of the United States be liable to any duties, tolls, or charges of any kind, to which native citizens are not subjected for thus passing the said isthmus. And, in order to secure to themselves the tranquil and constant enjoyment of these advantages, and as an especial compensation for the said advantages, and for the favors they have acquired by the 4th, 5th, and 6th articles of this treaty, the United States guaranty, positively and efficaciously, to New Granada, by the present stipulation, the perfect neutrality of the beforementioned isthmus, with the view that the free transit from the one to the other sea may not be inter-

the passengers, correspondence,

cancias de los Estados Unidos que transiten al traves de dicho territorio de un mar á otro. El gobierno de la Nueva Granada garantiza al gobierno de los Estados Unidos, que el derecho de via ó transito al traves del Istmo de Panama, por cualesquiera medios de comunicacion que ahora existan ó en lo sucesivo puedan abrirse, estará franco i espedito para los ciudadanos i el gobierno de los Estados Unidos, i para el trasporte de cualesquiera artículos de productos, manufacturas ó mercaucias de licito comercio, pertenecientes á ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos: que no se impondrán ni cobrarán á los ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos, ni á sus mercancias de licito comercio, otras cargas á peajes, á su paso por cualquier óamino ó canal que pueda hacerse por el gobierno de la Nueva Granada, ó con su autoridad, sino los que en semejantes circunstancias se impongan ó cobren á los ciudadanos Granadinos: que cualesquiera de estos productos, manufacturas ó mercancias pertenecientes á ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos, que pasen en cualquier direccion de un mar al otro, con el objeto de esportarse á cualquier otro pais estranjero, no estarán sujetas á derecho alguno de importacion: i si lo hubieren pagado deberá reembolzarse al verificarse la esportacion; i que los ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos, al pasar asi por el dicho istmo, no estarán sujetos á otros derechos, peajes, ó impuestos, de cualquier clase, sino aquellos á que estuvieren sujetos los ciudadanos naturales. Para seguridad del goze tranquilo i constante de estas ventajas, i en especial compensacion de ellas i de los favores adquiridos segun los articulos 4°, 5°, i 6° de este tratado, los Estados Unidos garantizan positiva i eficazmente á la Nueva Granada, por la presente estipulacion, la perfecta neutralidad del ya mencionado istmo, con la mira de que en ningun tiempo, existiendo este tratado, sea interrumpido ni embarazado el libre transito de uno á otro mar; i por

rupted or embarrassed in any future time while this treaty exists; and in consequence, the United States also guaranty, in the same manner, the rights of sovereignty and property which New Granada has and possesses over the said territory.

2d. The present treaty shall remain in full force and vigor for the term of twenty years from the day of the exchange of the ratifications; and from the same day the treaty that was concluded between the United States and Colombia, on the 13th of October, 1824, shall cease to have effect, notwithstanding what was disposed in the first point of its 31st article.

3d. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if neither party notifies to the other its intention of reforming any of, or all, the articles of this treaty twelve months before the expiration of the twenty years stipulated above, the said treaty shall continue binding on both parties beyond the said twenty years, until twelve months from the time that one of the parties notifies its intention of proceeding to a reform.

4th. If any one or more of the citizens of either party shall infringe any of the articles of this treaty, such citizens shall be held personally responsible for the same, and the harmony and good correspondence between the nations shall not be interrupted thereby; each party engaging in no way to protect the offender, or sanction such violation.

5th. If unfortunately any of the articles contained in this treaty should be violated or infringed in any way whatever, it is expressly stipulated that neither of the two contracting parties shall ordain or authorize any acts of reprisal, nor shall declare war against the other on complaints of injuries or damages, until the said party considering itself offended shall have laid before the other a statement of such injuries or damages, verified by competent proofs, demanding justice and satisfaction, and the same consiguiente garantizan de la misma manera los derechos de soberania i propiedad que la Nueva Granada tiene i posee sobre dicho territorio.

2°. El presente tratado permanecerá en plena fuerza i vigor por el termino de veinte años, contados desde el dia del canje de las ratificaciones; i desde el mismo dia cesará de tener efecto el tratado concluido entre Colombia i los Estados Unidos el 3 de Octubre de 1824, no obstante lo dispuesto en el primer punto de su articulo 31.

3°. Sin embargo de lo antedicho, si doce meses antes de espirar el termino de veinte años estipulados arriba, ninguna de las partes contratantes notificare á la otra su intencion de reformar alguno ó todos los articulos de este tratado, continuará siendo obligatorio dicho tratado para ambas partes mas allá de los citados veinte años, hasta doce meses despues de que una de las partes notifique su intencion de proceder á la reforma.

4°. Si alguno ú algunos de los ciudadanos de una ú otra parte infrinjieren alguno de los articulos contenidos en el presente tratado, dichos ciudadanos serán por ello personalmente responsables, i no se interrumpirá en su consecuencia la armonia i buena correspondencia entre las dos naciones, comprometiendose cada una á no protejer de modo alguno al ofensor, ni á sancionar semejante violacion.

5°. Si desgraciadamente algunos de los articulos contenidos en el presente tratado fuesen en alguna otra manera violados ó infrinjidos, se estipula espresamente que ninguna de las dos partes contratantes ordenará ó autorizara actos algunos de represaria, ni declarará la guerra contra la otra por queja de injurias ó perjuicios hasta que la parte que se considere ofendida haya previamente presentado á la otra una esposicion de dichos perjuicios ó injurias, apoyada con pruebas competentes, exi-

This treaty to remain in force 20 years from date of exchange of ratifications, on which day treaty with Colombia to cease, Oct. 3. 1824 rol VII

1824, vol. VII. p. 306.

If no notice should be given, this treaty to continue as binding beyond the 20 years, until 12 months after notice shall be given.

Citizens personally responsible for infringing any articles of this treaty.

Reprisals not to be authorized nor war declared until justice has been demanded and refused. tion of the laws and of international right.

6th. Any special or remarkable advantage that one or the other power may enjoy from the foregoing stipulations, are, and ought to be, always understood in virtue and as in compensation of the obligations they have just contracted, and which have been specified in the first number of this article.

ARTICLE XXXVI.

The present treaty of peace, amity, commerce, and navigation shall be approved and ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof; and by the President of the republic of New Granada, with the consent and approbation of the Congress of the same; and the ratifications shall be exchanged in the city of Washington, within eighteen months from the date of the signature thereof, or sooner if possible.

In faith whereof, we, the plenipotentiaries of the United States of America, and of the republic of New Granada, have signed and sealed these presents in the city of Bogota, on the twelfth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

[L. S.] B. A. BIDLACK. M. M. MALLARINO. [L. S.]

ADDITIONAL ARTICLE.

The republics of the United States and of New Granada will hold and admit as national ships of one or the other, all those that shall be provided by the respective governments with a patent issued according to its laws.

The present additional article shall have the same force and validity as if it were inserted, word for word, in the treaty signed It shall be ratified, and this day. the ratifications shall be exchanged at the same time.

shall have been denied, in viola- jiendo justicia i satisfaccion, i esto haya sido negado con violacion de las leyes i del derecho internacional.

6°. Cualquiera ventaja especial i senalada que la una ó la otra potencia reporte de las estipulaciones anteriores, es i debe entender se siempre en virtud i como compensacion de las obligaciones que acaban de contraer i quedan especificadas en el numero primero de este articulo.

ARTICULO XXXVI.

El presente tratado de paz, amistad, comercio i navegacion, será aprobado i ratificado por el Presidente de la república de la Nueva Granada con acuerdo i consentimiento del Congreso de la misma; i por el Presidente de los Estados Unidos de America con acuerdo i consentimiento del Senado de los mismos : i las ratificaciones serán canjeadas en la ciudad de Washington dentro de diez i ocho meses contados desde el dia de la firma, ó antes si fuere posible.

En fé de lo cual, nosotros, los plenipotenciarios de la república de la Nueva Granada i de los Estados Unidos de America, hemos firmado i sallado las presentes en la ciudad de Bogotá el dia doce de Diciembre, en el año de Nuestro Señor mil ochocientos cuarcnta i seis.

> [L. S.] M. M. MALLARINO. B. A. BIDLACK. [L. S.]

ARTICULO ADICIONAL.

Las repúblicas de la Nueva Granada y de los Estados Unidos tendrán y admitirán como buques nacionales de una ú otra, todos aquellos que esten provistos de una patente del respectivo gobierno expedida conforme á las leyes del pais.

El presente articulo adicional tendrá la misma fuerza y validez que si se hubiera insertado, palabra por palabra, en el tratado firmado hoy, sera ratificado, y las ratificaciones serán canjeadas en el mismo tiempo.

Any advantages enjoyed by either party to be considered as a compensation of the obligations contracted.

This treaty to be ratified, and theratifications to exchanged, be within 18 months.

Signed 12th December, 1846.

Additional article, defining national ships.

Additional article to have the same force as if inserted in the treaty.

In witness whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto their seals.

Done in the city of Bogota, the twelfth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six.

B. A. BIDLACK. L. S.] M. M. MALLARINO. [L. S.]

En testimonio de lo cual, los respectivos plenipotenciarios lo han firmado y sellado con sus sellos.

el dia doce de Diciembre en el December, 1846. año de Nuestro Señor mil ochocientos cuarenta y seis.

M. M. MALLARINO. [L. S.] B. A. BIDLACK. [L. S.]

May 18, 1847.

CONVENTION WITH THE SWISS CONFEDERATION

FOR THE MUTUAL ABOLITION OF THE DROIT D'AUBAINE AND TAXES ON EMIGRATION.

Ratifications exchanged at Washington, May 3, 1848. Proclamation made, May 1848. Preamble.

Negotiators.

Power to dis-

pose of personal

property.

possession;

and may dispose

payment of cer-

taken care of.

THE President of the United States of America and the Federal Directory of the Swiss Confederation, animated by the desire to secure and extend, by an amicable convention, the relations happily existing between the two countries, have, to this effect, appointed, as their plenipotentiaries, to wit: the President of the United States of America, James Buchanan, Secretary of State of the United States; and the Federal Directory of the Swiss confederation, A. C. Cazenove, Swiss consul at Alexandria; who, after the exchange of their full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and signed the following articles:

ARTICLE I.

The citizens of each one of the high contracting parties shall have power to dispose of their personal property, within the jurisdiction of the other, either by testament, donation, or ab intestato. or in any other manner; and their Heirs, &c., may heirs, being citizens of the other inherit and take party, shall inherit all such personal estates, whether by testament or ab intestato, and they may take possession of the same, either personally or by attorney, and dispose of them as they may of the same on think proper, paying to the respective governments no other charges than those to which the inhabitants of the country in which the said property shall be found would be liable in a similar case; Property of ab- and, in the absence of such heir, sent heirs to be or heirs, the same care shall be taken of the property that would be taken, in the like case, for the preservation of the property of a citizen of the same country, until the lawful proprietor shall have had time to take measures for

Le Président des Etats Unis de l'Amérique, et le Directoire Federal de la Confédération Suisse, animés du désir d'assurer et d'étendre, par une convention amiable, les rélations heureusement existantes entre les deux pays, ont nommé à cet effet pour leurs plénipotentiaires, savoir : le Président des Etats Unis d'Amérique, James Buchanan, Sécretaire d'Etat des Etats Unis; et le Directoire Federal de la confédération Suisse, A. C. Cazenove, consul Suisse á Alexandrie; lesquels après l'échange de leurs pleins pouvoirs trouvés en bonne et due forme, sont convenus des articles suivants, et les ont signés :

ARTICLE I.

Les citoyens de chacune des hautes parties contractantes auront la faculté de disposer de leurs biens personnels, dans la jurisdiction de l'autre, soit par testament, donation, ou de toute autre maniére; et leurs héritiers, etant citoyens de l'autre partie, hériteront de leurs dits biens personnels, que ce soit, par testament, ou ab intestato, et ils pourront en prendre possession, euxmèmes, ou par le moyen de leurs agens, et en disposer comme ils l'entendront, n'ayant à payer aux gouvernemens respectifs d'autres droits, que ceux auxquels sont soumis en pareil cas les habitans même du pays dans lequel les dits biens se trouvent; dans le cas de l'absence de l'héritier ou des héritiers, il y serait pris par l'autorité, à l'egard des dits biens, le même soin que celui qui pourrait être pris, dans le même cas, pour la conservation des biens d'un natif du même pays, et cela jusqu'à ce que le propriétaire légal ait pu prendre les mesures conve-

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possessing himself of the same; and in case any dispute should arise between claimants to the same succession, as to the property thereof, the question shall be decided according to the laws, and by the judges, of the country in which the property is situated.

ARTICLE II.

If, by the death of a person owning real property in the territory of one of the high contracting parties, such property should descend, either by the laws of the country, or by testamentary disposition, to a citizen of the other party, who, on account of his being an alien, could not be permitted to retain the actual possession of such property, a term of not less than three years shall be allowed to him to dispose of such property, and collect and withdraw the proceeds thereof, without paying to the government any other charges than those which, in a similar case, would be paid by an inhabitant of the country in which such real property may be situated.

ARTICLE III.

The present convention shall be in force for the term of twelve years from the date hereof; and further, until the end of twelve months after the government of the United States on the one part, or that of the Swiss confederation on the other, shall have given notice of its intention of terminating the same.

This convention shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Washington, within twelve months after its date, or sooner, if possible.

In faith whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the present convention, and have thereunto affixed their seals. Done at Washington, this eigh-

teenth day of May, A. D. 1847, and of the Independence of the United States the seventy-first.

JAMES BUCHANAN, L. S. ANT. CHS. CAZENOVE. L. S.] Vol. IX. TREAT. --- 12

nables pour les recueillir; et dans le cas où il s'éléverait une question parmi les prétendans à une pute, how to be succession de savoir à qui les biens doivent appartenir, cette question sera décidée après les lois et par les juges du pays dans lequel les biens se trouvent.

ARTICLE II.

Si, par la mort d'une personne possedant des proprietés foncières lowed time to dispose of real essur le territoire de l'une des hautes tate. parties contractantes, ces propriétés venaient, en vertu des lois du pays, ou d'une disposition testamentaire, à échoir à un citoyen de l'autre partie, qui, à cause de sa qualité d'étranger ne serait pas admis á la possession en nature de ces propriétés, il serait accordé à celui-ci un terme, de pas moins de trois ans, pour vendre ces propriétés, et en retirer et exporter le produit sans difficulté, et sans payer au gouvernement aucun autre droit de mutation que celui qui, dans un cas analogue, serait dû par un habitant du pays dans lequel les propriétés fonciéres sont situées.

ARTICLE III.

La présente convention sera en vigueur pendant douze ans, à dater de ce jour; et au-delà de ce terme jusqu'à l'expiration de douze mois après que le gouvernement des Etats Unis, d'une part, ou celui de la confederation Suisse, de l'autre, aura annoncé à l'autre son intention de le terminer.

Cette convention sera ratifiée, Convention subet les ratifications en seront jectioratification, echangées à Washington, dans le to be exchanged terme de douze mois, après sa within 12 months. date, ou plutôt si faire se peut.

En foi de quoi, les plenipotentiaries respectifs ont signé la présente convention, et y ont opposé leurs cachets.

Fait à Washington le dixhuitième jour du mois de Mai, de l'an de May, 1847 Grace 1847, et de l'Independance des Etats Unis le 71me.

JAMES BUCHANAN, L. S. ANT. CHS. CAZENOVE, [L. S.]

In cases of disdecided.

Alien heirs al-

Duration of this convention.

Signed 18th

Aug. 2, 1847.

Consent of Senate, (w amendments,) (with April 3, 1848. Próclamation

1848.

TREATY WITH THE CHIPPEWAS

OF THE MISSISSIPPI AND LAKE SUPERIOR.

made, April 7, Articles of a Treaty made and concluded at the Fond du Lac of Lake Superior, on the second Day of August, in the Year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, between the United States by their Commissioners, Isaac A. Verplank and Henry M. Rice, and the Chippewa Indians of the Mississippi and Lake Superior, by their Chiefs and Headmen.

ARTICLE I.

Peace and friendship to be perpetual.

It is agreed that the peace and friendship which exists between the people of the United States and the Chippewa Indians shall be perpetual.

ARTICLE II.

Cession of land by the Chippewas of the Mississippi and Lake Superior to the United States.

"Pillager band,"

Boundary the latter.

In consideration of the foregoing cession the United States to pay to the Chippewas \$17,000;

pay to the chiefs of the Mississippi Indians the sum of \$1000 for 46 years.

pended.

The Chippewa Indians of the Mississippi and Lake Superior cede and sell to the United States all the land within the following boundaries, viz.: Beginning at the junction of the Crow Wing and Mississippi Rivers, thence up the Crow Wing River to the junction of that river with the Long Prairie River, thence up the Long Prairie River to the boundary line between the Sioux and Chippewa Indians, thence southerly along the said boundary line to a lake at the head of Long Prairie River, thence in a direct line to the sources of the Watab River, thence down the Watab to the Mississippi River, thence up the Mississippi to the place of beginning; and also all the interest and claim which the Indians, parties to this treaty, have in a tract of land lying upon and north of Long Prairie River, and called One-day's be- Hunt; but, as the boundary line between the Indians, parties to this boundary line between the indians, parties to this tween the indians, it is agreed that before the United States use or occupy the definite, it is agreed that before the United States use or occupy the said tract of land north of Long Prairie River, the boundary line beto be settled to said tract of land north of Long Prairie River, the boundary line be-the satisfaction of tween the said tract and the Pillager lands shall be defined and settled to the satisfaction of the Pillagers.

ARTICLE III.*

In consideration of the foregoing cession, the United States agree to pay to the chiefs of the Chippewas of Lake Superior seventeen thousand dollars in specie, and to the chiefs of the Chippewas of the Mississippi seventeen thousand dollars in specie; the above sums to be paid at such place or places as the President shall direct, and to be paid within six months after this treaty shall be ratified by the Presi-And further to dent and Senate of the United States; and the United States further agree to pay to the chiefs of the Mississippi Indians the sum of one thousand dollars annually for forty-six years; but it is agreed that whenever the Chippewas of the Mississippi shall agree as to the schools to be established, and the places at which they shall be located, the number of blacksmiths and laborers to be employed for them, and shall request the United States to expend, from year to year, the annual payments remaining unpaid, in the support of schools, How to be ex- blacksmiths, and laborers, the same shall be expended by the United

* For an amendment to this Article, see note at the end of this treaty, p. 907.

States for such purposes; and that Chippewas of full or mixed blood shall be employed as teachers, blacksmiths, and laborers, when such persons can be employed who are competent to perform the duties required of them under this and all former treaties.

ARTICLE IV.

It is stipulated that the half or mixed bloods of the Chippewas residing with them shall be considered Chippewa Indians, and shall, as bloods of the Chippewas to be such be allowed to participate in all annuities which shall hereafter be considered paid to the Chippewas of the Mississippi and Lake Superior, due them Chippewas. by this treaty, and by the treaties heretofore made and ratified.

ARTICLE V.*

The United States agree to establish an agency on or near the Mississippi River, at a point convenient for the Chippewas of the Mississippi, immediately after the ratification of this treaty, or as soon thereafter as may be, to be located at such point as the President shall direct, and the amount of annuities to which the Chippewas of the Mississippi are entitled under this and all former treaties shall be paid paid to them at the said agency, and the amount of their just proportion of annuities resulting from former treaties shall be determined by the President.

ARTICLE VI.

This treaty shall be obligatory upon the contracting parties when ratified by the President and Senate of the United States.

In testimony whereof, the said Isaac A. Verplank and Henry M. Rice, commissioners as aforesaid, and the chiefs, headmen and warriors gust, 1847. of the Chippewas of the Mississippi and Lake Superior, have hereunto set their hands, at the Fond du Lac of Lake Superior, this second day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fortyseven.

ISAAC A. VERPLANK. HENRY M. RICE.

Kai-ah-want-eda, 2d chief,	his x mark, Crow-wing.
Waub-o-jceg, 1st chief,	his x mark, Gull Lake.
Uttom-auh, 1st warrior,	his x mark, Crow-wing.
Shen-goob, 1st warrior,	his x mark, Crow-wing.
Que-wish-an-sish, 1st warrior,	his x mark, Gull Lake.
Maj-c-gah-bon, 2d warrior,	his x mark, Crow-wing.
Kag-gag-c-we guon, warrior,	his x mark, Crow-wing.
Mab uk-um-ig, warrior,	his x mark, Crow-wing.
Nag aun cg-a bon, 2d chief,	his x mark, Sandy Lake.
Wan jc-ke-shig-uk, chief,	his x mark, Sandy Lake.
Kow-az-rum-ig-ish-kung, warrior	, his x mark, Sandy Lake.
Ke-che-wask keenk, 1st chief,	his x mark, Lapointe.
Gab im ub-be, chief,	his x mark, St. Croix Lake
Kee che-waub-ish-ash, 1st chief,	his x mark, Pelican Lakes.
Nig-gig, 2d chief,	his x mark, Pelican Lakes.
Ud-c-kum-ag, 2d chief,	his x mark, Lac flambeau.
Ta-che-go-onk, 3d chief,	his x mark, Lapointe.
Muk-no-a-wuk-und, warrior,	his x mark, Lapointe.
O-sho-gaz, warrior,	his x mark, St. Croix.
A-dow-c-re-shig, warrior,	his x mark, Lapointe.
	his x mark, Lapointe.
Keesh-ri-tow-ng, 1st warrior,	ms x mark, Mapointe.

* This article was struck out by the Senate. See note at the end of this treaty, p. 907.

Half or mixed

An agency to be established.

Annuities to be at said agency.

Signed 2d Au-

I-aub-ans, chief,	his x mark, Rice Lake.
Tug-wany-am-az, 2d chief,	his x mark, Lapointe.
O-rum-de-kun, chief,	his x mark, Ontonagin.
Keesh-re-tow-no, 2d chief,	his x mark, Ontonagin.
Mai a wo we alung 9d chief	his x mark, Puckaguno.
Maj-c-wo-we-clung, 2d chief,	his w mark, Duckaguno.
Ke-che-wa-mibco-osk, 1st chief,	
Mong-o-sit, 3d chief,	his x mark, Fond-du-lac.
Mug-un-ub, 2d chief,	his x mark, Fond-du-lac.
An-im-as-ung, 1st warrior,	his x mark, Fond-du-lac.
Waub-ish-ashe, 1st chief,	his x mark, Chippeway River.
Make-cen-gun, 2d chief,	his x mark, Chippeway River.
Kee-wan-see, chief,	his x mark, Lac Contereille.
Ten-as-see, chief,	his x mark, Puk-wa-wun.
Nag-an-is, 2d chief,	his x mark, Lac Contereille.
Ke-chi-in-in-e, 1st warrior,	his x mark, Puk-wa-wun.
Ke-che-now-uj-c-nim, chief,	his x mark, Turtle Portage.
Bus-e-guin-jis, warrior,	his x mark, Lac flambeau.
Shin-goob, 1st chief,	his x mark, Fond-du-lac.
Shay-u-ash-cens, 1st chief,	his x mark, Grand Portage.
Ud-ik-ons, 2d chief,	his x mark, Grand Portage.
Me-zye, 4th chief,	his x mark, Lapointe.
David King, 1st chief,	his x mark, Ance.
Ma-tak-o-se-ga, 1st warrior,	his x mark, Ance.
Assurcens, 2d warrior,	his x mark, Ance.
Peter Marksman, chief.	
Alexander Corbin, chief.	
William W. W. Warren, 1st ch	ief.
Jno. Pta. Rellenger,	his x mark.
Charles Charlo,	his x mark.
Chief, Battiste Gauthier,	his x mark.
,	
Half-breeds — Lapointe Band.	
Chief, Vincent Roy,	his x mark.
Warrior, John Btse. Cadotte,	his x mark.
Second Chief, Lemo Sayer,	his x mark.
Warrior, Jhn. Btse. Roy,	his x mark.
Michel Bas-he-na,	his x mark.
Lueson Godin,	his x mark.
John Sayer,	his x mark.
Chief, Lueson Corbin,	his x mark.
14/24manana	
Witnesses — W = W Warran interpretor	
Wm. W. Warren, interpreter.	
Chas. H. Oakes, Lapointe.	X 7 1.
Roswell Hart, Rochester, New	iork.

Henry Evans, Batavia, New York. A. Morrison.

S. Hovers.

•

Mamoci M. Samuel.

Henry Blatchford, interpreter. William A. Aitken.

Julius Ombrian.

The following signatures are those of chiefs and headmen parties to this treaty: Taba hia -1

Ke-nesh-te-no, chief, Trout Lake,	his x mark.
Mah-shah, 1st warrior,	his x mark, Lac flambeau.
I-oush-ou-c-ke-shik, chief,	his x mark, Red Cedar Lake.
Mah-ko-dah, 1st warrior.	his x mark, Mille Lac.

Pe-tud, 1st chief,	his x mark, Mille Lac.	
Aunch-e-be-nas, 2d warrior,	his x mark, Mille Lac.	
Mish-in-nack-in-ugo, warrior,	his x mark, Red Cedar Lake.	
Gah-nin-dum-a-win-so, 1st chief,	his x mark, Sandy Lake.	
Mis-quod-ase, warrior,	his x mark, "	
Na-tum-e-gaw-bow, 2d chief,	his x mark, "	
I-ah-be-dua-we-dung, warrior,	his x mark, "	
Bi-a-jig, 1st chief,	his x mark, Pukaguno.	
Joseph Montre, 1st chief, Mississippi half-breeds.		

Witnesses —

Wm. W. Warren, Peter Marksman, Smith Hovers.

The signature of No-din, or The Wind, written by his request on the 3d day of August, 1847, and with the consent of the commissioners —

No-din, or The Wind, his x mark.

In presence of William A. Aitkin, R. B. Carlton.

I approve of this treaty, and consent to the same, August 3d, 1847. Fond-du-lac.

Po-go-ne-gi-shik, or Hole-in-the-day, his x mark.

Witness —

William Aitkin,

D. T. Sloan.

NOTE.

In executive session Senate of the United States, April 3, 1848.

Resolved, (two thirds of the senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the articles of a treaty made and concluded at the Fond-du-lac of Lake Superior, on the second day of August, in the year 1847, between the United States, by their commissioners, Isaac A. Verplank and Henry M. Rice, and the Chippewa Indians of the Mississippi and Lake Superior, by their chiefs and headmen, with the following amendments: Strike out of article 3 the words "the chiefs of" wherever they occur in said article. Insert in article 3, after the words "place or places," where they first occur, the following words : and in such manner.

Strike out the 5th article of the treaty, in the following words: "Article 5. The United States agree to establish an agency on or near the Mississippi River, at a point convenient for the Chippewas of the Mississippi, immediately after the ratification of this treaty, or as soon thereafter as may be, to be located at such point as the President shall direct; and the amount of annuities to which the Chippewas of the Mississippi are entitled under this and all former treaties shall be paid to them at the said agency; and the amount of their just proportion of annuities resulting from former treaties shall be determined by the President."

Amendments of the Senate.

Aug. 21, 1847. TREATY WITH THE PILLAGER BAND OF CHIPPEWA Proclamation INDIANS. made, April 7,

Articles of a Treaty made and concluded at Leech Lake on the twentyfirst Day of August, in the Year one thousand eight hundred and forty-seven, between the United States, by their Commissioners, Isaac A. Verplank and Henry M. Rice, and the Pillager Band of Chippewa Indians, by their Chiefs, Headmen, and Warriors.

ARTICLE I.

IT is agreed that the peace and friendship which exists between the Peace and friendship to be United States and the Indians, parties to this treaty, shall be perpetual. perpetual.

ARTICLE II.

The Pillager band of Chippewa Indians hereby sell and cede to the Cession of lands United United States all the country within the following boundaries, viz. : Beginning at the south end of Otter Tail Lake; thence southerly on the boundary line between the Sioux and Chippewa Indians to Long Prairie River; thence up said river to Crow Wing River; thence up Crow Wing River to Leaf River; thence up Leaf River to the head of said river; and from thence in a direct line to the place of beginning.

ARTICLE III.

It is stipulated that the country hereby ceded shall be held by the to be held as ludian land until United States as Indian land, until otherwise ordered by the President. otherwise ordered.

ARTICLE IV.

In consideration of the foregoing cession, the United States agree totfurnish to the Pillager band of Chippewa Indians annually, for five in consideration of the following articles: Fifty three-point Mackinaw blankets, three hundred two and a half point Mackinaw blankets, fifty one and a half point Mackinaw blankets, three hundred and forty yards of gray list cloth, four hundred and fifty yards of white list scarlet cloth, eighteen hundred yards of strong dark prints, assorted colors, one hundred and fifty pounds three-thread gray gilling twine, seventy-five pounds turtle twine, fifty bunches sturgeon twine, twenty-five pounds of linen thread, two hundred combs, five thousand assorted needles, one hundred and fifty medal looking-glasses, ten pounds of vermillion, thirty nests (fourteen each) heavy tin kettles, five hundred pounds of tobacco, and five barrels of salt. And the United States further agree, that at the first payment made under this treaty, the Indians, parties to this treaty, shall receive as a present two hundred warranted beaver traps and seventy-five north-west guns.

ARTICLE V.

Treaty to be United States.

This treaty shall be obligatory upon the parties thereto when ratified ratified by the by the President and Senate of the United States. In testimony President of the whereof, the said Isaac A. Verplank and Henry M. Rice, commissioners, as aforesaid, and the chiefs, headmen, and warriors of the Pillager band of Chippewa Indians, have hereunto set their hands at Leech

Country coded

the to States.

1848.

Annuity in goods for 5 years, cession.

TREATY WITH PILLAGER BAND OF INDIANS. Aug. 21, 1847.

Lake, this twenty-first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and Signed 21st Auforty-seven.

ISAAC A. VERPLANK. HENRY M. RICE.

GEORGE BONJA, Interpreter.

Aish-ke-bo-ge-Koshe, or Flat Mouth, 1st chief,	his x mark.
Ca-pe-ma-be, or Elder Brother's Son, 2d chief,	his x mark.
Nia-je-ga-boi, or La Trappe, head warrior,	his x mark.
Ca-gouse, or Small Porcupine, headman,	his x mark.
Pe-ji-ke, or the Buffalo, 2d warrior,	his x mark.
Ca-ken-ji-wi-nine, or Charcoal, 3d warrior,	his x mark.
Na-bi-ne-ashe, or the Bird that flies on one side,	
2d headman,	his x mark.
Ne-ba-coim, or Night Thunder, warrior,	his x mark.
Chang-a-so-ning, or Nine Fingers, 3d headman,	his x mark.

Witness --- GEORGE BONJA, Interpreter

A. MORRISON,

A. R. McLeod, J. W. Lynde.

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DECLARATION OF ACCESSION OF THE GRAND DUCHY OF MECKLENBURG-SCHWERIN TO THE TREATY WITH HAN-OVER OF 10TH JUNE, 1846.

DECLARATION.

Dac. 9, 1847.

Proclamation made Aug. 2, 1848.

Assent of the Senate, April 3, 1848.

Declaration of accession of the government of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin to the treasy between the United States and Hanover of June 10, 1846, suite, p. 857. WHEREAS a treaty of commerce and navigation between the United States of America and his Majesty the King of Hanover was concluded at Hanover on the 10th day of June, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, by the plenipotentiaries of the contracting parties, and was subsequently duly ratified on the part of both governments :

And whereas, by the terms of the twelfth article of the same, the United States agree to extend all the advantages and privileges contained in the stipulations of the said treaty to one or more of the other States of the Germanic confederation which may wish to accede to them by means of an official exchange of declarations, provided that such State or States shall confer similar favors upon the United States to those conferred by the kingdom of Hanover, and observe and be subject to the same conditions, stipulations, and obligations:

And whereas the government of his Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin has signified its desire to accede to the said treaty, and to all the stipulations and provisions therein contained, as far as the same are or may be applicable to the two countries, and to become a party thereto, and has expressed its readiness to confer similar favors upon the United States as an equivalent in all respects to those conferred by the kingdom of Hanover :

And whereas the government of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, in its anxiety to avoid the possibility of a misconception hereafter of the nature and extent

ERKLARUNG.

DA ein Handels und Schiffahrts, Vertrag, zwischen den Vereinigten Staaten Amerikas, und seiner Majestät dem Könige Von Hannover, am zehnten Juni achtzehn hundert und sechs und viersig, zu Hannover, durch die Bevollmächtigten der contrahirenden Theile abgeschlossen, und später von Seiten beider Regierungen gehörig ratificirt, ist:

Und da, nach den Bestimmungen des zwölften Artikels desselben die Vereinigten Staaten sich bereit erklären, alle in den Bestimmungen des gedachten Vertrags enthaltenen Vortheile und Privilegien, auf einen oder mehrere der anderen Staaten, des Deutschen Bündes auzudehnen welche denselben beitreten mittelst einer amtlichen Auswechslung von Erklärungen, vorausgesetzt, dass der oder die Staaten dieser Art, ähnliche Vergünstigungen, wie sie vom Königreiche Hannover, ertheilt sind, den Vereinigten Staaten ertheilen, und den nähmlichen Bedingungen, Stipulationen, und Verpflichtungen nachkommen, und sich unterziehen:

Und da die Regierung Seiner Königlichen Hoheit, des Grossherzogs Von Mecklenburg-Schwerin, den Wunsch ausgedrückt hat, dem genannten Vertrage, und allen in denselben enthaltenen Stipulationen, und Bedingungen, soweit dieselben, auf die beiden Länder anwendbar sind oder sein mögen, beizutreten, und Theilhaber jenes Vertrags zu werden, und da sie ihre Bereitwilligkeit zu erkennen gegeben hat, ähnliche Begünstigungen den Vereinigten Staaten zuzugestehen, welche den Vom Königreiche Hannover gemachten völlig gleichstehen:

Da ferner, die Regierung des Grossherzogthums Mecklenburg-Schwerin, aus Vorsorge, um die Möglickkeit eines spätern Missverständnisses, über die Natur und of the favors differing essentially from those of Hanover, which itconsents to bestow upon the United States, as well as for its own faithful observance of all the provisions of the said treaty, wishes the stipulations, conditions, and obligations imposed upon it, as also those which rest upon the United States, as explicitly stated, word for word, in the English and German languages, as contained in the following articles:

ARTICLE I.

The high contracting parties agree that whatever kind of produce, manufacture, or merchandise of any foreign country can be, from time to time, lawfully imported into the United States in their own vessels, may also be imported in the vessels of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and no higher or other duties upon the tonnage or cargo of the vessel shall be levied or collected, whether the importation be made in a vessel of the United States, or in a vessel of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

And in like manner, whatever kind of produce, manufacture, or merchandise of any foreign country, can be, from time to time, lawfully imported into the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, in its own vessels, may also be imported in vessels of the United States, and no higher or other duties upon the tonnage or cargo of the vessel shall be levied or collected, whether the importation be made in vessels of the one party or the other.

Whatever may be lawfully exported or re-exported by one party in its own vessels to any foreign country, may in like manner be exported or re-exported in the ves-

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die Ausdehnung, der wesentlich, von denen Hannovers abweichenden Vergünstigungen zu vermeiden, welche dieselbe den Vereinigten Staaten zu gewähren gesonnen ist, dass sowohl die Stipulationen, Bedingungen, und Verpflichtungen, welche ihm auferlegt sind, um selbst die Bestimmungen des genannten Vertrags getreu erfüllen zu können, als auch diejenigen, welche auf den Vereinigten Staaten ruhen, besonders festgestellt werden, und Wort für Wort in Englischer und in Deutscher Sprache, in den folgenden Artikeln angegeben werden:

ARTIKEL I.

Die hohen contrahirenden Theile kommen überein, dass jedwede Art von Producten, Manufucturen oder Waaren irgend eines fremden Landes, welche zu jeder Zeit in den Vereinigten Staaten in deren eigenen Schiffen gesetzlich eingeführt werden darf, auch in Schiffen des Grossherzogthums Mecklenburg-Schwerin soll eingeführt werden dürfen, und dass keine höhere oder andere Abgaben von dem Tonnengehalte oder der Ladung des Schiffs, es mag die Einfuhr in Schiffe der Vereinigten einem Staaten oder in einem Mecklenburg-Schwerinschen geschehen, erhoben werden soll.

In gleicher Weise soll jedwede Art von Producten, Manufacten oder Waaren, irgend eines fremden Landes, welche zu jeder Zeit in das Grossherzogthum Mecklenburg-Schwerin in dessen eigenen Schiffen gesetzlich eingeführt werden darf, auch in Schiffen der Vereinigten Staaten eingeführt werden dürfen, und sollen keine höhere oder andere Abgaben von dem Tonnengehalte oder der Ladung des Schiffs, es mag die Einfuhr in Schiffen des einen oder des anderen Theils geschehen, erhoben werden.

Alles was von dem einen Theile in dessen eigenen Schiffen nach irgend einem fremden Lande gesetzlich ausgeführt werden darf, soll in gleicher Weise auch in den

Vessels of both parties placed on the same footing in regard to importations of foreign merchandise and in regard to duties on tonage and cargoes

The same reciprocity to prevail in regard to exports, and duties, drawbacks, &c., on the same. sels of the other. And the same duties, bounties, and drawbacks shall be collected and allowed. whether such exportation or reexportation be made in vessels of the one party or the other.

Nor shall higher or other charges of any kind be imposed in the ports of one party on vessels of the other, than are or shall be payable in the same ports by national vessels.

ARTICLE II.

Preceding arti-cle not applicable to the coasting trade.

Port charges to

be reciprocal.

The preceding article is not applicable to the coasting trade and navigation of the high contracting parties, which are respectively reserved by each exclusively to its own subjects or citizens.

ARTICLE III.

ported.

No priority or preference shall be given by either of the contracting parties, nor by any company, corporation, or agent acting on their behalf, or under their authority, in the purchase of any article of commerce lawfully imported on account of, or in reference to, the national character of the vessel, whether it be of the one party or of the other, in which such article was imported.

ARTICLE IV.

Right to wrecks of the sea abolished.

In cases of shipwreck, assistance to be rendered.

The ancient and barbarous right to wrecks of the sea shall remain entirely abolished with respect to the property belonging to the subjects or citizens of the high contracting parties.

When any vessel of either party shall be wrecked, stranded, or otherwise damaged on the coasts or within the dominions of the other, their respective citizens or subjects shall receive, as well for themselves as for their vessels and

Schiffen des andern Theils ausgeführt oder wiederausgeführt werden dürfen; und die nämlichen Abgaben, Vergütungen und Rückzahlungen sollen gehoben und bewilligt werden, es mag die derartige Ausfuhr oder Wieder-Ausfuhr in Schiffen des einen oder des anderen Theils geschehen ; auch sollen keine höhere oder andere Abgaben irgend einer Art in den Häfen des einen Theils den Schiffen des andern Theils auferlegt werden, als welche in denselben von den einheimischen Häfen Schiffen zu entrichten sind oder sein werden.

ARTIKEL II.

Der vorhergehende Artikel istnicht anwendbar auf den Küstenhandel und die Küstenfahrt der hohen contrahirenden Theile, welche beiderseits ihren eigenen Unterthanen oder Bürgern ausschiesslich vorbehalten werden.

ARTIKEL III.

Von keinem der contrahirenden Theile, noch von, in deren Namen oder unter deren Autorität handelnden Gesellschaften, Corporationen oder Agenten, soll bei dem Ankaufe irgend eines gesetzlich eingeführten Handels-Artikels, wegen oder bezüglich der Nationalität des Schiffes, in welchem ein solcher Artikel eingeführt worden, es mag dem einen oder dem andern Theile angehören, ein Vorrecht noch Vorzug gegeben werden.

ARTIKEL IV.

Das alte und barbarische Strandrecht soll rüchsichtlich des den Unterthanen oder Bürgern der hohen contrahirenden Theile gehörenden Eigenthums gänzlich aufgehoben bleiben.

Wenn ein Schiff des einen Theils an den Küsten oder innerhalb der Besitzungen des andern Theils Schiffbruch erlitten hat, gestrandet oder sonst beschädigt ist, so sollen die respectiven Bürger oder Unterthanen, sowohl für sich als für ihre

No priority or preference to be given in the purchase of any article on account of the national character of the vessel in which it is im-

effects, the same assistance which would be due to the inhabitants of the country where the accident happens.

They shall be liable to pay the same charges and dues of salvage as the said inhabitants would be liable to pay in a like case.

If the operations of repair shall require that the whole or any part of the cargo be unloaded, they shall pay no duties of custom, charges, or fees, on the part which they shall reload and carry away, except such as are payable in the like case by national vessels.

It is nevertheless understood that if, whilst the vessel is under repair, the cargo shall be unladen, and kept in a place of deposit destined to receive goods, the duties on which have not been paid, the cargo shall be liable to the charges and fees lawfully due to the keepers of such warehouse.

ARTICLE V.

The privileges secured by the present treaty to the respective vessels of the high contracting parties shall only extend to such as are built within their respective territories, or lawfully condemned as prizes of war, or adjudged to be forfeited for a breach of the municipal laws of either of the high contracting parties, and belonging wholly to their subjects or citizens.

It is further stipulated that vessels of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin may select their crews from any of the States of the Germanic Confederation, provided that the master of each be a subject of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

ARTICLE VI.

No higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation dere Abgaben auf die Einfuhr in imposed on the

Schiffe und Sachen, den nämlichen Beistand erhalten, welcher den Einwohnern des Landes, wo der Unfall sich ereignet, gebührt haben würde.

Dieselben sollen gehalten sein, die nämlichen Abgaben und Ber- rocal. gelöhne zu entrichten, welche die besagten Einwohner in einem gleichen, Falle zu zahlen schuldig waren.

Wenn die Ausbesserungs-Arbeiten erforderlich machen, dass die Ladung ganz oder zum Theïl gelöscht werden, so sollen sie von demjenigen, was sie wieder einladen und wegführen, keine Zöll Abgaben, Auflagen oder Gebühren zahlen, ausser solchen, welche in gleichem Falle von den einheimischen Schiffen zu entrichten sind.

Es versteht sich jedoch, dass wenn, während das Schiff ausgebessert wird, die Ladung gelöscht und in einer Niederlage für unversteuerte Güter aufbewahrt wird, die Ladung denjenigen Abgaben und Gebühren unterliegen soll welche den Inhabern solcher gesetzlich Niederlagen zukommen.

ARTIKEL V.

Die durch gegenwärtigen Vertrag den respectiven Schiffen der hohen contrahirenden Theile zugesicherten Privilegien sollen sich nur auf solche Schiffe erstrecken, welche innerhalb ihrer respectiven Gebiete erbaut, oder gesetzlich als Kriegs-Beute condemnirt oder wegen Bruchs der Municipal Gesetze des einen oder des andern der hoben contrahirenden Theile für confiscirt erklärt sind, und welche ihren Unterthanen oder Bürgern ganz gehören.

Es wird ferner stipulirt, dass Schiffe des Grossherzogthums Mecklenburg-Schwerin ihre Mann- in. schaften aus allen Staaten des Deutschen Bundes wählen dürfen, sofern nur der Capitain eines jeden Schiffes Unterthan des Herzogthums Mecklenburg-Schwerin ist.

ARTIKEL VI.

Es sollen keine höhere oder an-

Charges of salvage to be recip-

Where repairs of vessels are necessary, nɗ charges or fees to be exacted for that part of their cargoes unloaded.

Except charges for storage.

What vessels the privileges of this treaty extend to,

Crews of the vessels of Mecklenburg-Schwer-

No higher or other duties to be

importation of articles into either country the growth, produce, manufacture,&c., of the other, than are imposed on the like articles the growth, &c., of any other foreign country. into the United States of any articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, or of its fisheries, and no higher or other duties shall be imposed on the importation into the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin of any articles the growth, produce, and manufacture of the United States and of their fisheries, than are or shall be payable on the like articles, being the growth, produce, or manufacture of any other foreign country or of its fisheries.

Export duties to be reciprocal. No higher or other duties and charges shall be imposed in the United States on the exportation of any articles to the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, or in Mecklenburg-Schwerin on the exportation of any articles to the United States, than such as are or shall be payable on the exportation of the like articles to any other foreign country.

No prohibitions to be imposed on importations or exportations of either party by the other, which shall not extend to all other nations.

No probibition shall be imposed on the importation or exportation of any articles the growth, produce, or manufacture of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, or of its fisheries, or of the United States or their fisheries, from or to the ports of said Grand Duchy, or of the said United States, which shall not equally extend to all other powers and states.

ARTICLE VII.

The high contracting parties engage mutually not to grant any particular favor to other nations in respect of navigation and duties of customs, which shall not immediately become common to the other party, who shall enjoy the same freely, if the concession was freely made, or on allowing a die Vereinigten Staaten von Artikeln, welche Erzeugnissee des Bodens oder des Gewerbfleisses des Grossherzogthums Mecklenburg-Schwerin oder seiner Fischereien sind, und keine höhere oder andere Abgaben auf die Einfuhr in das Grossherzogthum Mecklenburg-Schwerin von Artikeln, welche Erzeugnisse des Bodens und des Gewerbfleisses der Vereinigten Staaten und ihrer Fischereien sind, gelegt werden, als von den gleichen Artikeln, welche Erzeugnisse des Bodens oder des Gewerbfleisses irgend eines andern fremden Landes oder seiner Fischereien sind, zu entrichten sind oder sein werden.

Es sollen keine höhere oder andere Abgaben und Abgiften in den Vereinigten Staaten auf die Ausfuhr irgend eines Artikels nach dem Grossherzogthum Mecklenburg-Schwerin, noch in Mecklenburg-Schwerin auf die Ausfuhr irgend eines Artikels nach den Vereinigten Staaten gelegt werden, als diejenigen, welche bei der Ausfuhr der gleichen Artikel nach irgend einem andern fremden Lande zu entrichten sind oder sein werden.

Es soll auf die Einfuhr oder Ausfuhr irgend eines Artikels, welcher Erzeugniss des Bodens oder des Gewerbfleisses des Grossherzogthums Mecklenburg-Schwerin oder seiner Fischereien, oder der Vereinigten Staaten oder ihrer Fischereien ist, aus oder nach den Häfens des besagten Grossherzogthums, oder der besagten Vereinigten Staaten, kein Verbot gelegt werden, welches nicht ebenfalls auf alle anderen Mächte und Staaten sich erstreckt.

ARTIKEL VII.

Die hohen contrahirenden Theile verpflichten sich gegenseitig, anderen Nationen in Ansehung der Schifffahrt und der Zollabgaben keine besondere Begünstigung zu verleihen, die nicht sofort auch dem anderen Theile zu gute kommet, welcher dieselbe unentgeltlich geniessen soll, wenn

Favors granted by either party to other nations to be common to both. compensation as near as possible, if the concession was conditional.

ARTICLE VIII.

In order to augment by all the means at its bestowal the commercial relations between the United States and Germany, the Grand **Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin** agrees, subject to the reservation in article eleventh, to abolish the import duty on raw cotton and paddy, or rice in the husk, the produce of the United States; to levy no higher import duty upon leaves, stems, or strips of tobacco, imported in hogsheads or casks, than one thaler and two schillings for one hundred pounds Hamburg weight, (equal to seventy cents United States currency and weight;) to lay no higher import duty upon rice imported in tierces or half tierces than twenty-five schillings for one hundred pounds Hamburg weight, (equal to thirtyseven and a half cents United States currency and weight;) to lay no higher duty upon whale oil, imported in casks or barrels, than twelve and a half schillings per hundred pounds Hamburg weight, (equal to eighteen and three quarters cents United States currency and weight.)

The Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin further agrees to levy no higher transit duty on the aforementioned articles in their movement on the Berlin-Hamburg railroad than two schillings per hundred pounds Hamburg weight, (equal to three cents United States currency and weight,) and to levy no transit duty on the above-mentioned articles when conveyed through the ports of the country.

die Verleihung unentgeltlich erfolgt war, oder gegen Bewilligung einer möglichstgleich kommenden Vergütung, wenn die Verleihung gegen Bedingungeng eschehen war.

ARTIKEL VIII.

Um durch alle zu seiner Verfügung stehenden Mittel, die Handels-Beziehungen, zwischen den Vereinigten Staaten, und Deutschland zu vermehren, versteht das Mecklenburg-Grossherzogthum Schwerin unter dem Vorbehalte, im Artikel eilf, sich dazu, die Eingangsabgabe auf rohe Baumwolle und Paddy (ungeschälten Reis) Producte der Vereinigten Staaten, aufzuheben den Ein-Tabaks-Blätter. gangszoll auf Stängel oder Streifen, wenn sie in hogsheads, oder Fässern, eingeführt werden nicht höher zu stellen, als zu Einem Thaler und zwei Schillingen, fur hundert Pfund Hamburgisches Gewicht (gleich Siebenzig cents, nach dem Gelde, und Gewicht der Vereinigten Staaten) Keinen höhern Eingangszoll auf Reis, wenn er in ganzen oder halben Tonnen (tierces) eingeführt wird, zu legen als fünf und zwanzig Schillinge für hundert Pfund, Hamburgisches Gewicht (gleich sieben und dreissig und ein halb Cents, nach dem Gelde und Gewicht der Vereinigten Staaten,) den Zoll auf Wallfischthran, welcher in Fässern oderTonnen eingeführt wird, nicht höher als zu zwölf und ein halb Schillinge, für hundert Pfund, Hamburgische Gewicht (gleich achtzehn und drei viertel cents, nach dem Gelde und Gewicht der Vereinigten Staaten) zu stellen.

Dass Grossherzogthum Mecklenburg Schwerin erklärt sich ferner bereit, von den vorher erwähnten Gegenständen, bei deren Transport auf der Berlin Hamburger Eisenbahn, keinen höhern Durchgangszoll zu erheben, als zwei Schillinge per hundert Pfund Hamburgisches Gewicht, (gleich drei cents nach dem Gelde, und Gewicht der Vereinigten Staaten) und keinen Durchgangszoll auf

Duty on raw cotton, and rice in the husk, abolished by Mecklenburg-Schwerin, but subject to the reservation in the 11th article.

Import duty on leaves, stems, &c., of tobacco, rice in tierces, and on whale oil, limited.

Transit duty on the same limited. A duty, however, sufficient for control, may be levied. It is understood, however, that nothing herein contained shall prohibit the levying of a duty sufficient for control, which in no instance shall exceed on the two articles imported duty free or those on transit one schilling per hundred pounds Hamburg weight, (equal to one cent and a half United States currency and weight.)

ARTICLE IX.

Each party to have the liberty of appointing consuls, viceconsuls, &cc., to reside in the ports of the other, &c., who shall enjoy the same privileges as those of the most favored nations.

The high contracting parties grant to each other the liberty of having, each in the ports of the other, consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, and vice-commercial agents, of their own appointment, who shall enjoy the same privileges and powers as those of the most favored nations; but if any of the said consuls shall carry on trade, they shall be subjected to the same laws and usages to which private individuals of their nation are subjected in the same place.

Said consuls, icc., to have the ight to sit as judges or arbitrators in such differences as may arise between the masters and crews of vessels of the country represented by them.

The consuls, vice-consuls, commercial and vice-commercial agents shall have the right, as such, to sit as judges and arbitrators in such differences as may arise between the masters and crews of the vessel belonging to the nation whose interests are committed to their charge without the interference of the local authorities, unless the conduct of the crews or of the captain should disturb the order or tranquillity of the country; or the said consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, or vice-commercial agents, should require their assistance to cause their decisions to be carried into effect or supported.

die obengenannten Gegenstände, zu legen, wegen sie über die Landeshäfen durchgefahren werden.

Es versteht sich jedoch, dass nichts von dem hierin Gesagten, hindern soll eine die Controlekosten deckende Abgabe zu erheben, welche beiden zwei von dem Eingangszoll befreiten, oder den frei transitirenden Gegenständen auf keinen Fall, einen Schilling für hundert Pfund, Haunburgisches Gewicht (gleich anderthalb Cents nach dem Geld und Gewicht der Vereinigten Staaten) überschreiten soll.

ARTIKEL IX.

Die hohen contrahirenden Theile gestehen einander die Befugniss zu, jeder in den Häfen des andern, selbst bestellte Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten und Vice-Handels-Agenten zu unterhalten, welche die nämlichen Privilegien und Befugnisse, wie diejenigen der begünstigtsten Nationen geniessen sollen; wenn jedoch der eine oder der andere der genannten Consuln Handel treiben will, so sollen dieselben den nämlichen Gesetzen und Gebräuchen unterworfen sein, welchen Privatpersonen ihrer Nation in demselben Orte unterliegen.

Die Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels und Vice-Handels Agenten sollen das Recht haben, als solche bei Streitigkeiten, welche zwischen den Capitains und Mannschaften der Schiffe der Nationen, deren Interessen sie wahrzunehmen beauftragt sind, enstehen mögen, als Richter und Schiedsmänner zu handeln, ohne Dazwischenkunft der Ortsbehörden, wenn nicht etwa das Benehmen der Mannschaften oder des Capitains die Ordnung oder Ruhe des Landes stört oder die besagten Con-Vice-Consuln, suln, Handels-Agenten, oder Vice Handels-Agenten deren Beistand zu Voll-Aufrechthaltung ziehung oder ihrer Entscheidungen in Anspruch nehmen.

Contending parties not to be proIt is, however, understood that

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Es versteht sich jedoch, dass

this species of judgment or arbitration shall not deprive the contending parties of the right they have to resort, on their return, to the judicial authority of their own country.

The said consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, and vice-commercial agents are authorized to require the assistance of the local authorities for the search, arrest, and imprisonment of the deserters from the ships-of-war and merchant vessels of their country. For this purpose they shall apply to the competent tribunals, judges, and officers, and shall, in writing, demand said deserters, proving by the exhibition of the registers of the vessels, the muster-rolls of the crews, or by any other official documents, that such individuals formed part of the crews; and on this claim being thus substantiated. the surrender shall not be refused.

Such deserters, when arrested, shall be placed at the disposal of the said consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, or vice-commercial agents, and may be confined in the public prisons at the request and cost of those who shall claim them, in order to be sent to the vessels to which they belong or to others of the same country. But if not sent back within three months from the day of their arrest, they shall be set at liberty, and shall not be again arrested for However, if the the same cause. deserter shall be found to have committed any crime or offence, his surrender may be delayed until the tribunal before which his case shall be pending shall have pronounced its sentence, and such sentence shall have been carried into effect.

diese Art von Urtheil oder schieds- hibited from rerichterlicher Entscheidung die streitenden Theile nicht des ihnen their own counzustehenden Recthts berauben soll. uy. bei ihrer Zurückkunft an die richterliche Behörde ihres eigenen Landes sich zu wenden.

Die besagten Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten und Vice-Handels-Agenten sind befugt, den Beistand der Ortsbehörden zu Aufsuchung, Festnehmung und Gefangensetzung der Deserteurs von den Kriegs und Handels-Schiffen ihres Landes in Auspruch zu nehmen. Zu diesem Behuf haben sie sich an die competenten Gerichte, Richter und Beamten zu wenden und die besagten Deserteurs schriftlich zu reclamiren, indem sie durch Beibringung der Shiffs-register, Muster rollen der Mannschaften oder anderer amtlicher Urkunden datthun, dass jene Individuen zu den Mannschaften gehörten, und wenn diese Reclamation also begründet ist, so soll die Auslieferung nicht versagt werden.

Wenn dergleichen Deserteurs festgenommen sind, so sollen sie zur Verfügung der besagten Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten oder Vice-Handels-Agenten gestellt werden, und können sie, auf Requisition und Kosten derer, welche sie reclamiren, in den öffentlichen Gefängnissen festgehalten werden, um auf die Schiffe, zu welchen sie gehören, oder auf andere desselben Landes, gesandt zu werden. Wenn sie aber binnen drei Monaten vom Tage ihrer Festnehmung an nicht zurückgeschickt sind, so sollen sie in Freiheit gesetzt und wegen desselben Grundes nicht wieder verhaftet Wenn jedoch befunden werden. werden sollte, dass der Deserteur irgend ein Verbrechen oder Vergehen begangen hätte, so kann dessen Auslieferung ausgesetzt werden, bis das Gericht, vor welchem seine Sache anhängig ist, das Urtheil gesprochen haben, und dieses Urtheil zur Vollstreckung gebracht sein wird.

sorting to the judicial authority of

Said consuls, &c., may require the assistance of the local authorities for the arrest of deserters.

How demand shail be made.

How deserters shall be disposed of when arrested.

The subjects and citizens of either party to have liberty to reside in all parts of the territories of the other, and attend to their own affairs, &cc.

Whilst they conform to the laws, they shall be at liberty to manage for themselves their own business, &c., and be treated in all respects as citizens of the country in which they reside

They shall have free access to the tribunals of justice.

Shall have power to dispose of their personal property; and their heirs may succeed to and dispose of the same, paying no other duties than those paid by inhabitants.

ARTICLE X.

The subjects and citizens of the high contracting parties shall be permitted to sojourn and reside in all parts whatsoever of the said territories, in order to attend to their affairs, and also to hire and occupy houses and warehouses for the purpose of their commerce, provided they submit to the laws. as well general as special, relative to the right of residing and trading.

Whilst they conform to the laws and regulations in force, they shall be at liberty to manage, themselves, their own business in all the territories subject to the jurisdiction of each party, as well in respect to the consignment and sale of their goods, by wholesale or retail, as with respect to the loading, unloading, and sending off their ships, or to employ such agents and brokers as they may deem proper, they being in all these cases to be treated as the citizens or subjects of the country in which they reside, it being nevertheless understood that they shall remain subject to the said laws and regulations also in respect to sales by wholesale or retail.

They shall have free access to the tribunals of justice in their litigious affairs on the same terms which are granted by the law and usage of country to native citizens or subjects, for which purpose they may employ in defence of their rights such advocates, attorneys, and other agents as they may judge proper.

The citizens or subjects of each party shall have power to dispose of their personal property within the jurisdiction of the other by sale, donation, testament, or otherwise.

Their personal representatives, being citizens or subjects of the Unterthanen des andern contrahi-

ARTIKEL X.

Den Unterthanen und Bürgern der hohen contrahirenden Theile soll erlaubt sein, in allen Theilen der besagten Gebiete sich aufzuhalten und zu wohnen, um ihren Geschäften nachzugehen und auch Häuser und Speicher behuf ihres Handels zu miethen und innezuhaben, vorausgesetzt, dass sie den allgemeinen und besonderen Gesetzen in Betreff des Rechts zu wohnen und zu handeln sich unterwerfen.

So lange sie den bestehenden Gesetzen und Verordnungen nachkommen, sollen sie die Freiheit haben ihre Geschäfte in allen der Botmässigkeit eines jeden Theils unterworfenen Gebieten, sowohl in Ansehung der Consignation und des Verkaufs ihrer Waaren en gros oder en detail, als hinsichtlich der Beladung, Ausladung und Absendung ihrer Schiffe selbst wahrzunehmen oder aber nach Belieben Agenten und Makler zu gebrauchen, indem sie in allen diesen Fällen, wie die Bürger oder Unterthanen des Landes, in welchen sie wohnen, zu behandeln sein sollen, wobei es sich jedoch versteht, dass sie den besagten Gesetzen und Verordnungen auch in Ansehung von Verkäufen en gros oder en detail unterworfen bleiben sollen.

Sie sollen in ihren Prozess sachen freien Zutritt zu den Gerichten in gleichem Masse, wie den eingebornen Bürgern oder Unterthanen nach den Gesetzen und Gebräuchen des Landes zusteht, haben, und zu diesem Zweck für die Vertheidigung ihrer Rechte Advokaten, Prorucatoren und andere Agenten nach Gütbefinden gebrauchen dürfen.

Die Bürger oder Unterthanen jedes Theils sollen die Befugniss haben, über ihr persönliches Eigenthum innerhalb der Gerichtsbarkeit des andern, durch Verkauf, Schenkung, Testament oder sonst zü verfügen.

Wenn ihre Erben Bürger oder

other contracting party, shall succeed to their said personal property, whether by testament or ab intes-They may take possession tato. thereof, either by themselves or by others acting for them, at their will, and dispose of the same, paying such duty only as the inhabitants of the country wherein the said personal property is situated shall be subject to pay in like cases. In case of the absence of the personal representatives, the same care shall be taken of the said property as would be taken of a property of a native in like case, until the lawful owner may take measures for receiving it.

If any question should arise among several claimants to which of them the said property belongs, the same shall be finally decided by the laws and judges of the country wherein it is situated.

Where, on the decease of any person holding real estate within the territories of one party, such real estate would, by the laws of the land, descend on a citizen or subject of the other, were he not disqualified by alienage, such citizen or subject shall be allowed a reasonable time to sell the same, and to withdraw the proceeds without molestation, and exempt from all duties of detraction on the part of the government of the respective States.

The capitals and effects which the citizens or subjects of the respective parties, in changing their residence, shall be desirous of removing from the place of their domicil, shall likewise be exempt from all duties of detraction or emigration on the part of their respective governments.

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renden Theils sind, so sollen diese in ihr Vermögen durch Testament oder ab intestato nachfolgen.

Sie können davon selbst oder durch für sie handelnde Andere, nach ihrem Willen, Besitz nehmen und darüber verfügen, indem sie nur diejenige Abgift entrichten, welché die Einwohner des Landes, in welchem das besagte Vermögen befindlich ist, in gleichen Fällen zu bezahlen verbunden sein werden.

Im Fall der Abwesenheit der Erben soll für das besagte Vermögen bis dahin, dass der gesetzliche Eigenthümer Massregeln zu Empfangnahme desselben treffen kann, die nämliche Sorge getroffen werden, welche für das Vermögen eines Eingebornen in gleichem Falle getragen werden würde.

Wenn zwischen verschiedenen Prätendenten Streit darüber entstehen sollte, wem von ihnen das besagte Vermögen gehöre, so soll selbiger nach den Gesetzen und durch die Richter des Landes, worin selbiges sich befindet, definitive entscheiden werden.

Wo, bei dem Ableben einer innerhalb der Gebiete des einen Theils Grundeigenthum besitzenden Person, dieses Grundeigenthum, nach den Gesetzen des Landes, auf einem Bürger oder Unterthan des andern Theils übergehen würde, wenn derselbe nicht als Fremder unfähig wäre es zu besitzen, so soll einem solchen Bürger oder Unterthan eine angemessene Frist nachgelassen werden, um dasselbe zu verkaufen und den Erlös ohne Beschwerde und frei von allem Abzug von Seiten der Regierung der respectiven Staaten, aus dem Lande zu ziehen.

Die Capitalien und Fonds, welche die Bürger oder Unterthanen der respectiven Theile, bei Veränderung ihres Aufenthalts, von ihrem Wohnorte fortzubringen wünschen, sollen ebenfalls von allen Abzugs-Abgaben von Seiten ihrer respectiven Regierungen frei sein.

Property of absent heirs to be taken care of.

Questions of ownership to be decided according to the laws of the country where the property is situate.

Heirs of real estate allowed a reasonable time to sell the same and withdraw the proceeds.

This treaty to continue in force till 10th June, 1858, and further until 12 months after notice shall have been given by one of the parties to the other of its intention to abrogate it; but upon the condi-tion that if the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin shall during said term levy a duty on rice in the husk, or augment the duties on tobacco, oil, &c., whale it shall give one vear's notice to the United States, and thereupon the United States shall have the right to abrogate this treaty upon giving 6 months' notice &c. &c.

ARTICLE XI.

The present treaty shall continue in force until the tenth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and further until the end of twelve months after the government of Mecklenburg-Schwerin on the one part, or that of the United States on the other part, shall have given notice of its intention of terminating the same, but upon the condition hereby expressly stipulated and agreed, that if the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin shall deem it expedient, or find it compulsory, during the said term, to levy а duty on paddy, or rice in the husk, or augment the duties upon leaves, strips, or stems of tobacco, on whale oil and rice, mentioned in Article VIII. (eight) of the present treaty, the government of Mecklenburg-Schwerin shall give notice of one year to the government of the United States before proceeding to do so; and, at the expiration of that year, or any time subsequently, the government of the United States shall have full power and right to abrogate the present treaty, by giving a previous notice of six months to the government of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, or to continue it (at its option) in full force, until the operation thereof shall have been arrested in the manner first specified in the present article,

Signed December 9, 1847. Now, therefore, the undersigned, L. de Lutzow, president of the privy council and first minister of his Royal Highness, on the part of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and A. Dudley Mann, special agent on the part of the United States, invested with full powers to this effect, found in good and due form, have this day signed in triplicate, and have exchanged this declaration. The effect of this agreement is hereby declared to be to estab-

ARTIKEL XI.

Der gegenwärtige Vertrag, soll. bis zum zehnten Juni, achtzehn hundert und sechs und fünfzig, in Kraft bleiben, und ferner, bis zum Ablauf von zwölf Monaten, nachdem die Mecklenburg-Schwerinsche Regierung einerseits, oder die Regierung der Vereinigten Staaten anderer Seits, ihre Absicht zu erkennen gegeben hat, denselben zu Ende gehen zu lassen ; jedoch, mit der hiedurch ausdrücklich stipulirten Bedingung, dass, wenn das Grossherzogthum Mecklenburg-Schwerin während des gedachten Zeitraums, es seinem Interesse für angemessen erachten, oder dazu veranlasst sein sollte. einen Zoll auf Paddy (ungeschälten Reis) zu legen, oder die in Artikel 8, des gegenwärtigen Vertrags, gedachten Zölle auf Tabaksblätter, Stängel, oder Streifen, auf Wallfischthran, und Reis zu erhöhen, die Grossherzoglich Mecklenburg Schwerinsche Regierung. vor der Ausführung ein Iahr dieser Maassregel der Regierung der Vereinigten Staaten, Anzeige davon geben, und nach Ablauf dieses Iahres, oder zu jeder spätern Zeit, die Regierung der Vereinigten Staaten volle Gewalt und Befugniss haben soll, den gegenwärtigen Vertrag durch vorgängige sechsmonatliche Kündigung bei der Mecklenburg Schwerinschen Regierung aufzuheben, oder (nach ihrer Wahl) ihn in voller Kraft fortbestehen zu lassen, bis die Wirksamkeit desselben, in der im gegenwärtigen Artikel, zuerst angegebenen Weise seine Endschaft erreicht hat.

So haben demnach, die Unterzeichneten L. Von Lutzow, Geheim Raths President und Erster Minister Seiner Königlichen Hoheit, Von Seiten Mecklenburg-Schwerins, und A. Dudley Mann, Special Agent Seitens der Vereinigten Staaten, versehen mit den hiezu erforderlichen Vollmachten, welche in guter und richtiger Form befunden sind, am heutigen Tage gegenwärtige Erklärung, in dreifacher Ausfertigung unterzeichnet lish the aforesaid treaty between the high parties to this declaration, as fully and perfectly, to all intents and purposes, as if all the provisions therein contained, in the manner as they are above explicitly stated, had been agreed to in a separate treaty, concluded and ratified between them in the ordinary form.

In witness whereof, the abovenamed plenipotentiaries have hereto affixed their names and seals.

Done at Schwerin, this 9th (ninth) day of December, 1847.

> A. DUDLEY MANN. [L. S.] L. OF LUTZOW. [L. S.]

und ausgewechselt. Die Wirkung dieser übereinkunft wird hiemittelst dahin erklärt, dass der vorgedachte Vertrag, zwischen den Hohen Parteien, durch gegenwärtige Declaration, festgestellt sein soll, in jeder Hinsicht, und für alle Zwecke, ebenso völlig und vollkommen, als wenn alle darin enthaltenen Bestimmungen, in der Weise wie sie oben ausdrücklich festgestellt sind, in einem besonders zwischen ihnen in ganz ähnlicher Form abgeschlossenen und ratificirten Vertrage, vereinbart wären.

Dessen zu Urkund, haben die obengenannten Bevollmächtigten hierunter ihre Namen und Siegel gesetzt.

Gegeben zu Schwerin, den 9ten Tag des Monats December, 1847.

> A. DUDLEY MANN. [L. S.] L. VON LUTZOW. [L. S.]

And whereas the said declaration of accession has been duly ratified on both parts:

Now, therefore, be it known that I, JAMES K. POLK, President of the United States of America, have caused the said declaration to the United States be made public, to the end that the same, and every clause and August 2, 1848. article thereof, may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this second day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-

eight, and of the Independence of the United States of [L. S.] America the seventy-third.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President :

JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State

Proclaimed by

TLEMENT WITH THE REPUBLIC OF MEXICO.

In the name of Almighty God:

The United States of America

and the United Mexican States,

animated by a sincere desire to

put an end to the calamities of

the war which unhappily exists between the two republics, and to es-

tablish upon a solid basis relations

of peace and friendship, which shall

confer reciprocal benefits upon the citizens of both, and assure the

concord, harmony, and mutual confidence wherein the two people

should live, as good neighbors, have

for that purpose appointed their

respective plenipotentiaries --- that

is to say, the President of the

Nicholas P. Trist, a citizen of the

United States, and the President

of the Mexican republic has ap-

pointed Don Luis Gonzaga Cuevas,

Don Bernardo Couto, and Don

Miguel Atristain, citizens of the

said republic, who, after a recipro-

cal communication of their respec-

tive full powers, have, under the pro-

tection of Almighty God, the au-

thor of peace, arranged, agreed

Treaty of Peace, Friendship,

Limits, and Settlement between

the United States of America

upon, and signed the following

and the Mexican Republic.

ARTICLE I.

has

appointed

United States

Feb. 2, 1848.

Ratifications exchanged at Queretaro, May 30, 1848. Proclamation made, July 4, 1848.

Preamble.

Negotiators.

Firm and uni-

There shall be firm and universal versal peace to There shall be firm and universal prevail between peace between the United States the two republics. of America and the Mexican republic, and between their respective countries, territories, cities, towns, and people, without exception of places or persons.

ARTICLE II.

Convention to Immediately upon the signature be entered into of this treaty, a convention shall | tratado, habrá un convenio entre

En el nombre de Dios Todo-Poderoso:

Los Estados Unidos Mexicanos y los Estados Unidos de América, animados de un sincero deseo de poner término á las calamidades de la guerra que desgraciadamente existe entre ambas repúblicas, y de establecer sobre báses sólidas relaciones de paz y buena amistad, que procuren reciprocas ventajas á los ciudadanos de uno y otro pais, y afianzen la concordia, armonia y mútua seguridad en que deben vivir, como buenos vecinos, los dos pueblos han nombrado á este efecto sus respectivos plenipotenciarios; á saber, el Presidente de la república Mexicana á Don Bernardo Couto, Don Miguel Atristain, y Don Luis Gonzaga Cuevas, ciudadanos de la misma república; y el Presidente de los Estados Unidos de América á Don Nicolas P. Trist, ciudadano de dichos Estados; quienes despues de haberse comunicado sus plenos poderes, bajo la proteccion del Señor Dios Todo Poderoso autor de la paz, han ajustado, convenido, y firmado el siguiente

Tratado de Paz, Amistad, Limites y Arreglo definitivo entre la República Mexicana y los Estados Unidos de América.

ARTICULO I.

Habrá paz firme y universal entre la república Mexicana y los Estados Unidos de América, y entre sus respectivos paises, territorios, ciudades, villas, y pueblos, sin escepcion de lugares ó personas.

ARTICULO II.

Luego que se firme el presente

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TREATY OF PEACE, FRIENDSHIP, LIMITS, AND SET-

be entered into between a commissioner or commissioners appointed by the General-in-chief of the forces of the United States, and such as may be appointed by the Mexican government, to the end that a provisional suspension of hostilities shall take place, and that, in the places occupied by the said forces, constitutional order may be reëstablished, as regards the political, administrative, and judicial branches, so far as this shall be permitted by the circumstances of military occupation.

ARTICLE III.

Immediately upon the ratification of the present treaty by the government of the United States, orders shall be transmitted to the commanders of their land and naval forces, requiring the latter (provided this treaty shall then have been ratified by the government of the Mexican republic, and the ratifications exchanged) immediately to desist from blockading any Mexican ports; and requiring the former (under the same condition) to commence, at the earliest moment practicable, withdrawing all troops of the United States then in the interior of the Mexican republic, to points that shall be selected by common agreement, at a distance from the seaports not exceeding thirty leagues; and such evacuation of the interior of the republic shall be completed with the least possible delay; the Mexican government hereby binding itself to afford every facility in its power for rendering the same convenient to the troops, on their march and in their new positions, and for promoting a good understanding between them and In like manner the inhabitants. orders shall be despatched to the persons in charge of the customhouses at all ports occupied by the forces of the United States, requiring them (under the same condition) immediately to deliver possession of the same to the persons authorized by the Mexican government to receive it, together

el comisionado ú comisionados for the provisiondel gobierno Mexicano, y el ó los al suspension of que pombro el General en en la hostilities. que nombre el General-en-gefe de las fuerzas de los Estados Unidos. para que cesen provisionalmente las hostilidades, y se restablezca en los lugares ocupados por las mismas fuerzas el orden constitucional en lo político, administrativo, y judicial, en cuanto lo permitan las circunstancias de ocupacion militar.

ARTICULO III.

Luego que este tratado sea ratificado por el gobierno de los upon the ratifica-Estados Unidos, se expedirán ór-blockade of the denes á sus comandantes de Mexican ports to tierra y mar previniendo á estos segundos (siempre que el tratado haya sido ya ratificado por el gobierno de la república Mexicana y cangeadas las ratificaciones.) que inmediatamente alcen el bloqueo de todos los puertos Mexicanos, y mandando á los primeros (bajo la misma condicion) que á la mayor posible brevedad comiencen á retirar todas las tropas de los Estados Unidos que se halláren entonces en el interior de la re- United States to pública Mexicana, á puntos que be withdrawn from the interior se elegirán de comun acuerdo, y to certain points que no distarán de los puertos mas near the de treinta leguas; esta evacuación ation of the intedel interior de la república se con-rior to be com-sumerá con la menor dilacion po-pleted with the least possible desible, comprometiéndose á la vez lay. el gobierno Mexicano á facilitar, cuanto quepa en su arbitrio, la evacuación de las tropas Americanas : á hacer cómodas su marcha y su permanencia en los nuevos puntos que se elijan ; y á promover una buena inteligencia entre ellas y los habitantes. Igualmente se librarán órdenes á las personas en cargadas de las aduanas maritimas en todos los puertos ocupados por to be delivered up las fuerzas de los Estados Unidos, authorities, &c. previniéndoles (bajo la misma condicion) que pongan inmediatamente en posesion de dichas aduanas á las personas autorizadas por el gobierno Mexicano para

Immediately tion of this treaty, cease.

Troops of the withdrawn

Custom-houses

An account to be made out of the amount of all b٧ the United States after the treaty by Mexico; the rime, after deducting costs, to be paid over to the government of Mexico within three months after exchange of ratifications.

with all bonds and evidences of debt for duties on importations and on exportations, not yet fallen due. Moreover, a faithful and exact account shall be made out, showduties collected ing the entire amount of all duties on imports and on exports, colratification of this lected at such custom-houses, or elsewhere in Mexico, by authority of the United States, from and after the day of the ratification of this treaty by the government of the Mexican republic; and also an account of the cost of collection; and such entire amount, deducting only the cost of collection, shall be delivered to the Mexican government, at the city of Mexico, within three months after the exchange of ratifications.

Evacuation of the capital of Mexico to be month.

All castles,

immedi-

forts, &c., taken and occupied by

within the limits

of Mexico estab-

stored

cations.

The evacuation of the capital of the Mexican republic by the completed in one troops of the United States, in virtue of the above stipulation, shall be completed in one month after the orders there stipulated for shall have been received by the commander of said troops, or sooner if possible.

ARTICLE IV.

Immediately after the exchange of ratifications of the present treathe United States ty, all castles, forts, territories, places, and possessions, which have been taken or occupied by the lished by this treaty to be reforces of the United States during the present war, within the limits ately after exchange of ratifiof the Mexican republic, as about to be established by the following article, shall be definitively restored to the said republic, together with all the artillery, arms, apparatus of war, munitions, and other public property, which were in the said castles and forts when captured, and which shall remain there at the time when this treaty shall be duly ratified by the government of the Mexican republic. To this end, immediately upon the signature of this treaty, orders shall be despatched to the American officers commanding such castles and forts, securing against the

recibirlas, entregándoles al mismo tiempo todas las obligaciones y constancias de deudas pendientes por derechos de importacion y exportacion, cuyos plazos no estén vencidos. Ademas se formará una cuenta fiel y exacta que manifieste el total monto de los derechos de importacion y exportacion, recaudados en las mismas aduanas maritimas ó en cualquiera otro lugar de México por autoridad de los Estados Unidos desde el dia de la ratificacion de este tratado por el gobierno de la república Mexicana; y tambien una cuenta de los gastos de recaudacion; y la total suma de los derechos cotrados, deducidos solamente los gastos de recaudacion, se entregará al gobierno Mexicano en la ciudad de México á los tres meses del cange de las ratificaciones.

La evacuacion de la capital de la república Mexicana por las tropas de los Estados Unidos, en consecuencia de lo que queda estipulado, se completará al mes de recibirse por el comandante de dichas tropas las órdenes convenidas en el presente artículo, ó antes si fuere posible.

ARTICULO IV.

Luego que se verifique el cange de las ratificaciones del presente tratado, todos los castillos, fortalezas, territorios, lugares, y posesiones que hayan tomado ú ocupado las fuerzas de los Estados Unidos. en la presente guerra, dentro de los limites que por el siguiente artículo van á fijarse á la república Mexicana, se devolverán definitivamente á la misma república, con toda la artilleria, armas, aparejos de guerra, municiones, y cualquiera otra propiedad pública existentes en dichos castillos y fortalezas, cuando fueron tomados, y que se conserve en ellos al tiempo de ratificarse por el gobierno de la república Mexicana el presente A este efecto, inmediatratado. tamente despues que se firme, se expedirán órdenes á los oficiales Americanos que mandan dichos castillos y fortalezas para asegurar

removal or destruction of any such | artillery, arms, apparatus of war, munitions, or other public prop-The city of Mexico, within erty. the inner line of intrenchments surrounding the said city, is comprehended in the above stipulations, as regards the restoration of artillery, apparatus of war, &c.

The final evacuation of the territory of the Mexican republic, by the forces of the United States, shall be completed in three months from the said exchange of ratificaions, or sooner if possible: the Mexican government hereby engaging, as in the foregoing article, to use all means in'its power for facilitating such evacution, and rendering it convenient to the troops, and for promoting a good understanding between them and the inhabitants.

If, however, the ratification of this treaty by both parties should not take place in time to allow the embarcation of the troops of the United States to be completed before the commencement of the sickly season, at the Mexican ports on the Gulf of Mexico, in such case a friendly arrangement shall be entered into between the Generalin-chief of the said troops and the Mexican government, whereby healthy and otherwise suitable places, at a distance from the ports not exceeding thirty leagues, shall be designated for the residence of such troops as may not yet have embarked, until the return of the healthy season. And the space of time here referred to as comprehending the sickly season, shall be understood to extend from the first day of May to the first day of November.

All prisoners of war taken on either side, on land or on sea, shall be restored as soon as practicable after the exchange of ratifications of this treaty. It is also agreed that if any Mexicans should now be held as captives by any savage tribe within the limits of the United States, as about to

toda la artilleria, armas, aparejos de guerra, municiones, y cualquiera otra propiedad pública, la cual no podrá en adelante removerse de donde se halla, ni destruirse. La ciudad de México dentro de la linea interior de atrincheramientos que la circundan queda comprendida en la precedente estipulacion en lo que toca á la devolución de artilleria, aparejos de guerra, etc.

de la república Mexicana por las tion of Mexican fuerzas de los Estad fuerzas de los Estados Unidos que- completed dará consumada á los tres meses three del cange de las ratificaciones, ó ratifications. antes si fuére posible, comprometiendose á la vez el gobierno Mexicano, como en el artículo anterior, á usar de todos los medios que estén en su poder para facílitar la tal evacuacion, hacerla cómoda á las tropas Americanas, y promover entre allas y los habitantes una buena inteligencia.

Sin embargo, si la ratificacion del presente tratado por ambas should not take uel presente tratado por ambas snouid not take partes no tuviéra efecto en tiempo que permita que el embarque de cation of United las tropas de los Estados Unidos se complete, antes de qui comience ment of the sickla estacion malsana en los puertos ly season, healthy Mexicanos del Golfo de México; ignated for their en tal caso, se hará un areglo residence until amistoso entre el gobierno Mexi- return of healthy season. cano y el General-en-gefe de dichas tropas, y por medio de este arreglo se señalarán lugares salubres y convenientes (que no disten de los puertos mas de treinta leguas) para que residan en ellos hasta la vuelta de la estacion sana las tropas que aun no se hayan embarcado. Y queda entendido que el espacio de tiempo de que aquí se habla, como comprensivo de la estacion malsana, se extiende desde el dia primero de Mayo hasta el dia primero de Noviembre.

Todos los prisioneros de guerra tomados en ó mar tierra por ambas war partes, se restituirán á la mayor brevedad posible despues del cange de las ratificaciones del presente Queda tambien convetratado. nido que si algunos Mexicanos estuviéren ahora cautivos en poder de alguna tribu salvage dentro de

months from exchange of

If ratifications

Prisoners of to be restored.

be established by the following article, the government of the said United States will exact the release of such captives, and cause them to be restored to their country.

ARTICLE V.

Boundary line between the two republics established.

The boundary line between the two republics shall commence in the Gulf of Mexico, three leagues from land, opposite the mouth of the Rio Grande, otherwise called Rio Bravo del Norte, or opposite the mouth of its deepest branch, if it should have more than one branch emptying directly into the sea; from thence up the middle of that river, following the deepest channel, where it has more than one, to the point where it strikes the southern boundary of New Mexico; thence, westwardly, along the whole southern boundary of New Mexico (which runs north of the town called Paso) to its termination; thence, western northward, along the western line of New Mexico, until it intersects the first branch of the River Gila ; (or if it should not intersect any branch of that river, then to the point on the said line nearest to such branch, and thence in a direct line to the same;) thence down the middle of the said branch and of the said river, until it empties into the Rio Colorado; thence across the Rio Colorado, following the division line between Upper and Lower California, to the Pacific Ocean.

Southern and western limits of New Mexico, as referred to in this article, defined.

The southern and western limits of New Mexico, mentioned in this article, are those laid down in the map entitled "Map of the United Mexican States, as organized and defined by various acts of the Congress of said republic, and constructed according to the Revised edition. best authorities. Published at New York, in 1847, by J. Disturnell." Of which map a copy is added to this treaty, bearing the signatures and seals of the undersigned plenipotentiaries.

los limites que porel siguiente artículo van á fijarse álos Estados Unidos, el gobierno de los mismos Estados Unidos exigirá su libertad y los hará restituir á su pais.

ARTICULO V.

La línea divisoria entre las dos repúblicas comenzará en el Golfo de México, tres leguas fuera de tierra frente á la desembocadura del Rio Grande, llamado por otro nombre Rio Bravo del Norte, ó del mas profundo de sus brazos, si en la desembocadura tuviére varios brazos: correrá por mitad de dicho rio, siguiendo el canal mas profundo, donde tenga mas de un canal, hasta el punto en que dicho rio corta el lindero meridional de Nuevo México; continuará luego hácia occidente por todo este lindero meridional (que corre al norte del pueblo llamado Paso) hasta su término por el lado de occidente : desde alli subirá la linea divisoria hácia el norte por el lindero occidental de Nuevo México, hasta donde este lindero esté cortado por el primer brazo del Rio Gila; (y si no está cortado por ningun brazo del Rio Gila, entonces hasta el punto del mismo lindero occidental mas cercano al tal brazo, y de alli en una línea recta al mismo brazo;) continuará despues por mitad de este brazo y del Rio Gila hasta su confluencia con el Rio Colorado; y desde la confluencia de ambos rios la línea divisoria, cortando el Colorado, seguira el límite que separa la Alta de la Baja California hasta el Mar Pacífico.

Los linderos meridional y occidental de Nuevo Mexico, de que habla este artículo, son los que se marcan en la carta titulada : Mapa de los Estados Unidos de México segun lo organizado y definido por las varias actas del Congreso de dicha república, y construido por las mejores autoridades. Edicion revisada que publico en Nueva York en 1847, J. Disturnell; de la cual se agrega un ejemplar al presente tratado, firmado y sellado por los plenipotenciarios infra-

And, in order to preclude all difficulty in tracing the upon ground the limit separating Upper from Lower California, it is agreed that the said limit shall consist of a straight line drawn from the middle of the Rio Gila, where it unites with the Colorado, to a point on the coast of the Pacific Ocean distant one marine league due south of the southernmost point of the port of San Diego, according to the plan of said port made in the year 1782 by Don Juan Pantoja, second sailing-master of the Spanish fleet, and published at Madrid in the year 1802, in the Atlas to the voyage of the schooners Sutil and Mexicana, of which plan a copy is hereunto added, signed and sealed by the respective plenipotentiaries.

In order to designate the boundary line with due precision, upon authoritative maps, and to establish upon the ground landmarks which shall show the limits of both republics, as described in the present article, the two governments shall each appoint a commissioner and a surveyor, who, before the expiration of one year from the date of the exchange of ratifications of this treaty, shall meet at the port of San Diego, and proceed to run and mark the said boundary in its whole course to the mouth of the Rio Bravo del Norte. They shall keep journals and make out plans of their operations; and the result agreed upon by them shall be deemed a part of this treaty, and shall have the same force as if it were inserted therein. The two governments will amicably agree regarding what may be necessary to these persons, and also as to respective escorts, should their such be necessary.

The boundary line established by this article shall be religiously respected by each of the two republics, and no change shall ever be made therein, except by the express and free consent of both nations, lawfully given by the general government of each, in con-Vol. IX. TREAT. - 15

scriptos. Y para evitar toda dificultad al trazar sobre la tierra el límite que separa la Alta de la Baja California, queda convenido que dicho límite consistirá en una linea recta tirada desde la mitad del Rio Gila en el punto donde se une con el Colorado, hasta un punto en la costa del Mar Pacífico. distante una legua marina al sur del punto mas meridional del puerto de San Diego, segun este puerto está dibujado en el plano que levantó el año de 1782 el segundo piloto de la armada Española Don Juan Pantoja, y se publicó en Madrid el de 1802, en el Atlas para el viage de las goletas Sutil y Mexicana; del cual plano se agrega copia firmada y sellada por los

plenipotenciarios respectivos.

Para consiguar la linea divisoria con la precision debida en mapas and surveyor to fehacientes, y para establecer sobre be appointed by each government la tierra mojones que pongan á la to run and mark vista los límites de ambas repú- the boundary blicas, segun quedan descritos en meet at San Diel presente artículo, nombrará cada ego within one uno de los dos gobiernos un co- year from ex-change of ratifica misario y un agrimensor, que se tions. juntarán antes del término de un año contado desde la fecha del cange de las ratificaciones de este tratado, en el puerto de San Diego, y procederán á señalar y demarcar la expresada linea divisoria en todo su curso hasta la desembocadura del Rio Bravo del Norte. rán di arios y llevantarán planos de sus operaciones: y el resultado convenido por ellos se tendrá por parte de este tratado, y tendrá la misma fuerza que si estuviése inserto en él; debiendo convenir amistosamente los dos gobiernos en el arreglo de cuanto necesiten estos individuos, y en la escolta respectiva que deban llevar, siempre que se crea necesario.

La linea divisoria que se esta- Boundary une to be religiously blece poreste artículo será religio- respected. samente respetada por cada una de las dos repúblicas, y ninguna variacion se hará jamás en ella, sino de expreso y libre consentimiento de ambas naciones, otorgado legalmente por el gobierno general de

A commissioner

They shall keep Lleva- journals, &c.

formity with its own tion.

constitu- | cada una de ellas, con arreglo á su propia constitucion.

ARTICLE VI.

Free passage by the Gulf of California and River Colorado to vessels of the United States.

An agreement to be entered into respecting the road, canal, or railway to run on the banks of the River Gila.

The vessels and citizens of the United States shall, in all time, have a free and uninterrupted passage by the Gulf of California, and by the River Colorado below its confluence with the Gila, to and from their possessions situated north of the boundary line defined in the preceding article; it being understood that this passage is to be by navigating the Gulf of Cali-fornia and the River Colorado, and not by land, without the express consent of the Mexican government.

If, by the examinations which may be made, it should be ascerconstruction of a tained to be practicable and advantageous to construct a road, canal, or railway, which should in whole or in part run upon the River Gila, or upon its right or its left bank, within the space of one marine league from either margin of the river, the governments of both republics will form an agreement regarding its construction, in order that it may serve equally for the use and advantage of both countries.

ARTICLE VII.

The River Gila, and the part of the Rio Bravo del Norte lying below the southern boundary of New Mexico, being, agreeably to zens of both coun- the fifth article, divided in the middle between the two republics, the navigation of the Gila and of the Bravo below said boundary shall be free and common to the vessels and citizens of both countries; and neither shall, without the consent of the other, construct any work that may impede or interrupt, in whole or in part, the exercise of this right; not even for the purpose of favoring new meth-Navigation of ods of navigation. Nor shall any tax or contribution, under any deno tax to be levied nomination or title, be levied upon vessels, or persons navigating the same, or upon merchandise or ARTICULO VI.

Los buques y ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos tendrán en todo tiempo un libre y no interrumpido tránsito por el Golfo de California y por el Rio Colorado desde su confluencia con el Gila, para sus posesiones y desde sus posesiones sitas al norte de la linea divisoria que queda marcada en el artículo precedente ; entendiéndose que este tránsito se ha de hacer navegando por el Golfo de California y por el Rio Colorado, y no por tierra, sin expreso consentimiento del gobierno Mexicano.

Si por reconocimientos que se practiquen se comprobáre la posibilidad y conveniencia de construir un camino, canal, ó ferro-carril, que en todo ó en parte corra sobre el Rio Gila ó sobre alguna de sus márgenes derecha ó izquierda en la latitud de una legua marina de uno ó de otro lado del rio, los gobiernos de ambas repúblicas se pondrán de acuerdo sobre su construccion á fin de que sirva igualmente para el uso y provecho de ambos paises.

ARTICULO VII.

Como el Rio Gila y la parte del Rio Bravo del Norte que corre bajo el lindero meridional de Nuevo Mexico se dividen por mitad entre las dos repúblicas. segun lo establecido en el artículo quinto, la navegacion en el Gila y en la parte que queda indicada del Bravo, será libre y comun á los buques y ciudadanos de ambos paises, sin que por alguno de ellos poeda hacerse (sin consentimiento del otro) ninguna obra que impida ó interrumpa en todo ó en parte el ejercicio de este derecho, ni aun con motivo de favorecer nuevos metodos de navegacion. Tampoco se podrá cobrar (sino en el caso de desembarco en alguna de sus riberas) ningun impuesto ó contribucion bajo ninguna denomina-

Navigation of Rivers Gila and Rio Bravo below the boundary line to be common to vessels and cititries

said rivers not to be obstructed, and on vessels or persons navigating effects transported thereon, except in the case of landing upon one of their shores. If, for the purpose of making the said rivers navigable, or for maintaining them in such state, it should be necessary or advantageous to establish any tax or contribution, this shall not be done without the consent of both governments.

The stipulations contained in the present article shall not impair the territorial rights of either republic within its established limits.

ARTICLE VIII.

Mexicans now established in territories previously belonging to Mexico, and which remain for the future within the limits of the United States, as defined by the present treaty, shall be free to continue where they now reside, or to remove at any time to the Mexican republic, retaining the property which they possess in the said territories, or disposing thereof, and removing the proceeds wherever they please, without their being subjected, on this account, to any contribution, tax, or charge whatever.

Those who shall prefer to remain in the said territories, may either retain the title and rights of Mexican citizens, or acquire those of citizens of the United States. But they shall be under the obligation to make their election within one year from the date of the exchange of ratifications of this treaty; and those who shall remain in the said territories after the expiration of that year, without having declared their intention to retain the character of Mexicans. shall be considered to have elected to become citizens of the United States.

In the said territories, property of every kind, now belonging to Mexicans not established there, shall be inviolably respected. The present owners, the heirs of these, and all Mexicans who may hereafter acquire said property by contract, shall enjoy with respect to it

cion ó títula á los buques, efectos, the same without mercancias ó personas que na- the consent of both governveguen en dichos rios. Si para ments. hacerlos ó mantenerlos navegables fuere necesario ó conveniente establecer alguna contribucion ó impuesto, no podrá esto hacerse sin el consentimiento de los dos gobiernos.

Las estipulaciones contenidas en el presente artículo dejan ilesos los derechos territoriales de una y otra república dentro de los limites que les quedan marcados.

ARTICULO VIII.

Los Mexicanos establecidos hoy en territorios pertenecientes antes tablished in terriá México, y que quedan para lo tories ceded to the United States futuro dentro de los límites seña- to be free to sonlados por el presente tratado á los tinue where they Estados Unidos, podrán perma-necer en donde ahora habitan, ó taining theirprop-tradador a la contrata do contrata de la contrata de trasladarse en cualquier tiempo á erty or disposing la república Mexicana, conser- pleasurc. vando en los indicados territorios los bienes que poseen, ó enagenándolos y pasando su valor á donde les convenga, sin que por esto puéda exigirseles ningun género de contribucion, gravamen ó impuesto.

Los que prefieran permanecer en los indicados territorios, podrán main may either conservar el título y derechos de retain the title and rights of Mexciudadanos Mexicanos, ó adquirir ican citizens or el título y derechos de ciudadanos become Mas la States. de los Estados Unidos. eleccion entre una y otra ciudadania deberán hacerla dentro de un año contado desde la fecha del made within one cange de las ratificaciones de este tratado. Y los que permanecieren en los indicados territorios despues de transcurrido el año, sin haber declarado su intencion de retener el carácter de Mexicanos, se considerará que han elegido ser ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos.

Las propiedades de todo género existentes en los expresados territorios, y que pertenecen ahora á Mexicanos no establecidos en ellos, serán respetadas inviolablemente. Sus actuales dueños, los herederos de estos, y los Mexicanos que en lo venidero puedan adquirir por

govern-

Mexicans

Those who recitizens the United

Election to be year.

Property to be inviolab) respected.

guaranties equally ample as if the same belonged to citizens of the United States.

ARTICLE IX.

How Mexicans remaining in the ceded territorics may become citizens of the United States.

Mexicans who, in the territories aforesaid, shall not preserve the character of citizens of the Mexican republic, conformably with what is stipulated in the preceding article, shall be incorporated into the Union of the United States, and be admitted at the proper time (to be judged of by the Congress of the United States) to the enjoyment of all the rights of citizens of the United States, according to the principles of the constitution; and in the mean time shall be maintained and protected in the free enjoyment of their liberty and property, and secured in the free exercise of their religion without restriction.

ARTICLE X.

[Stricken out.]

ARTICLE XI.

Considering that a great part of the territories which, by the present treaty, are to be comprehended for the future within the limits of the United States, is now occupied by savage tribes, who will hereafter be under the exclusive control of the government of the United States, and whose in-Incursions of cursions within the territory of savage tribes into Mexico would be prejudicial in the territory of the artrama it is colomply arread Mexico to be re- the extreme, it is solemnly agreed strained by the that all such incursions shall be forcibly restrained by the government of the United States whensoever this may be necessary; and that when they cannot be prevented, they shall be punished by the said government, and satisfaction for the same shall be exacted --all in the same way, and with equal diligence and energy, as if the same incursions were meditated or committed within its own

contrato las indicadas propiedades. disfrutarán respecto de ellas tan amplia garantia, como si perteneciesen á ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos.

ARTICULO IX.

Los Mexicanos que en los territorios antedichos no conserven el carácter de ciudadanos de la república Mexicana segun lo estipulado en el artículo precedente, serán incorporados en la Union de los Estados Unidos, y se admitirán en tiempo opportuno (á judicio del Congreso de los Estados Unidos) al goce de todos los derechos de ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos conforme á los principios de la constitucion, y entretanto serán mantenidos y protejidos en el goze de su libertad y propiedad, y asegurados en el libre ejercicio de su religion sin restriccion alguna.

ARTICULO X.

[Suprimido.]

ARTICULO XI.

En atencion á que una gran parte de los territorios que por el presente tratado van á quedar para lo futuro dentro de los límites de los Estados Unidos, se halla actualmente ocupada por tribus salvages, que han de estar en adelante bajo la exclusiva autoridad del gobierno de los Estados Unidos, y cuyas incursiones sobre los distritos Mexicanos serian en extremo perjudiciales; está solemnemente convenido que el mismo gobierno de los Estados Unidos contendrá las indicadas incursiones por medio de la fuerza siempre que así sea necesario; y cuando no pudiére prevenirlas, castigará y escarmentará á los invasores, exigiéndoles ademas la debida reparacion: todo del mismo modo, y con la misma diligencia y energia con que obraria, si las incursiones se hubiesen meditado ó ejecutado sobre terri-

overnmenť of the United States or punished.

zens.

It shall not be lawful, under any pretext whatever, for any inhabitant of the United States to purchase or acquire any Mexican, or any foreigner residing in Mexico, who may have been captured by Indians inhabiting the territory of either of the two republics, nor to purchase or acquire horses, mules, cattle, or property of any kind, stolen within Mexican territory by such Indians.

And in the event of any person or persons, captured within Mexican territory by Indians, being carried into the territory of the United States, the government of the latter engages and binds itself, in the most solemn manner, so soon as it shall know of such captives being within its territory, and shall be able so to do, through the faithful exercise of its influence and power, to rescue them and return them to their country, or deliver them to the agent or representative of the Mexican govern-The Mexican authorities ment. will, as far as practicable, give to the government of the United States notice of such captures; and its agent shall pay the expenses incurred in the maintenance and transmission of the rescued captives; who, in the mean time, shall be treated with the utmost hospitality by the American authorities at the place where they may be. But if the government of the United States, before receiving such notice from Mexico, should obtain intelligence, through any other channel, of the existence of Mexican captives within its territory, it will proceed forthwith to effect their release and delivery to the Mexican agent, as above stipulated.

For the purpose of giving to these stipulations the fullest possible efficacy, thereby affording the security and redress demanded by their true spirit and intent, the government of the United States will now and hereafter pass, without unnecessary delay, and always vigilantly enforce, such

territory, against its own citi- torios suyos ó contra sus propios ciudadanos.

> A ningun habitante de los Estados Unidos será lícito, bajo nin- the United States gun pretesto, comprar ó adquirir any Mexicans, cautivo alguno, Mexicano ó ex- &c., captured by trangero, residente en México, purchase horses, apresado por los Indios habitantes mules, &c., stolen en territorio de cualquiera de las by them Mexican dos repúblicas, ni los caballos, tory. mulas, ganados, ó cualquiera otro género de cosas que hayan robado dentro del territorio Mexicano.

> Y en caso de que cualquier persona ó personas cautivadas por tured in Mexican los Indios dentro del territorio ried into the ter-Mexicano sean llevadas al territo-rito de los Estados Unidos, el go-bierno de dichos Estados Unidos turned to their se compromete y liga de la manera country. mas solemne, en cuanto le sea posible, á rescatarlas, y á restituirlas á su pais, ó entregarlas al agente ó representante del gobierno Mexicano; haciendo todo esto, tan luego como sepa que los dichos cautivos se hallan dentro de su territorio, y empleando al efecto el leal ejercicio de su influencia y Las autoridades Mexipoder. canas darán á las de los Estados Unidos, segun sea practicable, una noticia de tales cautivos; y el agente Mexicano pagará los gastos erogados en el mantenimiento y remision de los que se rescaten, los cuales entre tanto serán tratados con la mayor hospitalidad por las autoridades Americanas del lugar en que se encuentren. Mas si el gobierno de los Estados Unidos antes de recibir aviso de México, tuviére noticia por cualquiera otro conducto de existir en su territorio cautivos Mexicanos, procederá desde luego á verificar su rescate y entrega al agente Mexicano, segun queda convenido.

> Con el objeto de dar á estas estipulaciones la mayor fuerza po- the United States sible, y afianzar al mismo tiempo as may be necesla seguridad y las reparaciones que sary to give effect exige el verdadero espiritu é inten-stipulations. cion con que se han ajustado, el gobierno de los Estados Unidos dictará sin inútiles delaciones, ahora y en lo de adelante, las leyes

Inhabitants of within terri-

Persons capterritory and car

Government of to pass such laws laws as the nature of the subject | And finally, the may require. sacredness of this obligation shall never be lost sight of by the said government when providing for the removal of the Indians from any portion of the said territories, or for its being settled by citizens of the United States; but on the contrary, special care shall then be taken not to place its Indian occupants under the necessity of seeking new homes, by committing those invasions which the United States have solemnly obliged themselves to restrain.

ARTICLE XII.

Amount of money to be paid to Mexico in conextension acquired by the boundaries of the United States.

In consideration of the extension acquired by the boundaries of sideration of the the United States, as defined in the fifth article of the present treaty, the government of the United States engages to pay to that of the Mexican republic the sum of fifteen millions of dollars.

How the same shall be paid.

Immediately after this treaty shall have been duly ratified by the government of the Mexican republic, the sum of three millions of dollars shall be paid to the said government by that of the United States, at the city of Mexico, in the gold or silver coin of Mexico. The remaining twelve millions of dollars shall be paid at the same place, and in the same coin, in annual instalments of three millions of dollars each, together with interest on the same at the rate of six per centum per annum. This interest shall begin to run upon the whole sum of twelve millions from the day of the ratification of the present treaty by the Mexican government, and the first of the instalments shall be paid at the expiration of one year Together from the same day. with each annual instalment, as it falls due, the whole interest accruing on such instalment from the beginning shall also be paid.

que requiera la naturaleza del asunto, y vigilará siempre sobre su ejecucion. Finalmente, el gobierno de los mismos Estados Unidos tendrá muy presente la santidad de esta obligacion siempre que tenga que desalojar á los Indios de cualquier punto de los indicados territorios, ó que establecer en él á ciudadanos suyos; y cuidará muy especialmente de que no se ponga á los Indios que habitaban antes aquel punto, en necesidad de buscar nuevos hogares por medio de las incursiones sobre los distritos Mexicanos, que el gobierno de los Estados Unidos se ha comprometido solemnemente á reprimir.

ARTICULO XII.

En consideracion á la estension que adquieren los límites de los Estados Unidos, segun quedan descritos en el artículo quinto del presente tratado, el gobierno de los mismos Estados Unidos se compromete à pagar al de la república Mexicana la suma de quince millones de pesos.

Inmediatamente despues que este tratado haya sido ratificado por el gobierno de la república Mexicana, se entregará al mismo gobierno por el de los Estados Unidos, en la ciudad de México, yen moneda de plata ú oro del cuño Mexicano, la suma de tres millones de pesos. Los doce millones de pesos restantes se pagarán en Mexico, en moneda de plata ú oro del cuño Mexicano, en abonos de tres millones de pesos cada año, con un rédito de seis por ciento anual: este rédito comienza á correrpara toda la suma de los doce millones el dia de la ratificacion del presente tratado por el gobierno Mexicano, y con cada abono anual de capital se pagará el rédito que corresponda á la suma abonada. Los plazos para los abonos de capital corren desde el mismo dia que empiezan à causarse los réditos.

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ARTICLE XIII.

The United States engage, moreover, to assume and pay to the claimants all the amounts now due them, and those hereafter to become due, by reason of the claims already liquidated and decided against the Mexican republic, under the conventions between the two republics severally concluded on the eleventh day of April, eighteen hundred and thirtynine, and on the thirtieth day of January, eighteen hundred and forty-three; so that the Mexican republic shall be absolutely exempt, for the future, from all expense whatever on account of the said claims.

ARTICLE XIV.

The United States do furthermore discharge the Mexican republic from all claims of citizens of the United States, not heretofore decided against the Mexican government, which may have arisen previously to the date of the signature of this treaty; which discharge shall be final and perpetual, whether the said claims be rejected or be allowed by the board of commissioners provided for in the following article, and whatever shall be the total amount of those allowed.

ARTICLE XV.

The United States, exonerating Mexico from all demands on account of the claims of their citizens mentioned in the preceding article, and considering them entirely and forever cancelled, whatever their amount may be, undertake to make satisfaction for the same, to an amount not exceeding three and one quarter millions of dollars. To ascertain the validity and amount of those claims, a board of commissioners shall be established by the government of the United States, whose awards shall be final and conclusive: provided, that in

ARTICULO XIII.

Se obliga ademas el gobierno de los Estados Unidos á tomar States also to assobre sí, y satisfacer cumplida- sume and pay the amounts due on mente á los reclamantes, todas las the claims liquicantidades que hasta aquí se les dated Mexico deben y cuantas se venzan en ade- the conventions lante por razon de las reclama- between the two ciones ya liquidadas y sentenciadas governments. contra la república Mexicana conforme á los convenios ajustados entre ambas repúblicas el once de Abril de mil ochocientos treinta y nueve, y el treinta de Enero de mil ochocientos cuarenta y tres; de manera que la república Mexicana nada absolutamente tendrá que lastar en lo venidero, por razon de los indicados reclamos.

ARTICULO XIV.

Tambien exoneran los Estados Unidos á la república Mexicana ernment de todas las reclamaciones de ciu- charged from all dadanos de los Estados Unidos no of dadanos de los Estados Unidos no States which decididas aun contra el gobierno States which have arisen pre-Mexicano, y que puedan haberse vious to the sigoriginado antes de la fecha de la nature of firma del presente tratado: esta exoneracion es definitiva y perpetua, bien sea que las dichas reclamaciones se admitan, bien sea que se desechen por el tribunal de comisarios de que habla el artículo siguiente, y cualquiera que pueda ser el monto total de las que queden admitidas.

ARTICULO XV.

Los Estados Unidos, exonerando á México de toda responsabilidad States to make satisfaction for por las reclamaciones de sus ciu- the same to an dadanes mencionadas en el artí- amount not exculo precedente, y considerándolas ceeding three and completamente canceladas para of dollars. siempre, sea cual fuére su monto, toman á su cargo satisfacerlas hasta una cantidad que no exceda de tres millones doscientos cincuenta mil pesos. Para fijar el monto y validez de estas reclamaciones, se establecerá por el go- certain the valid-bierno de los Estados Unidos un ity of such claims. tribunal de comisarios, cuyos fallos serán definitivos y concluyentes, deciding upon the validity of each | con tal que al decidir sobre la

The United against under

Mexican govthe which this treaty.

The United

Board of com-

claim, the board shall be guided and governed by the principles and rules of decision prescribed by the first and fifth articles of the unratified convention, concluded at the city of Mexico on the twentieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and forty-three;* and in no case shall an award be made in favor of any claim not embraced by these principles and rnles.

If, in the opinion of the said board of commissioners, or of the claimants, any books, records, or documents in the possession or power of the government of the Mexican republic, shall be deemed necessary to the just decision of how to be obtain- any claim, the commissioners, or the claimants through them, shall, within such period as Congress may designate, make an application in writing for the same, addressed to the Mexican Minister for Foreign Affairs, to be transmitted by the Secretary of State of the United States; and the Mexican government engages, at the earliest possible moment after the receipt of such demand, to cause any of the books, records, or documents, so specified, which shall be in their possession or power, (or authenticated copies or extracts of the same,) to be transmitted to the said Secretary of State, who shall immediately deliver them over to the said board of commissioners : Provided, That no such application shall be made by, or at the instance of, any claimant, until the facts which it is expected to prove by such books, records, or documents, shall have been stated under oath or affirmation.

ARTICLE XVI.

Each party re-serves the right to fortify any part of its territory.

Each of the contracting parties reserves to itself the entire right to validez de dichas reclamaciones. el tribunal se haya guiado y gobernado por los principios y reglas de decision establecidos en los artículos primero y quinto de la convencion, no ratificada, que se ajustó en la ciudad de México el veinte de Noviembre de mil ochocientos cuarenta y tres : * y en ningun caso se dará fallo en favor de ninguna reclamacion que no esté comprendida en las reglas y principios indicados.

Si en juicio del dicho tribunal de comisarios, ó en el de los reclamantes, se necesitáre para la justa decision de cualquier reclamacion algunos libros, papeles de archivo ó documentos que posea el gobierno Mexicano, ó que estén en su poder; los comisarios, ó los reclamantes per conducto de ellos, los pedirán por escrito (dentro del plazo que designe el Congreso) dirigiéndose al Ministro Mexicano de Relaciones Exteriores, á quien transmitirá las peticiones de esta clase el Secretario de Estado de los Estados Unidos : y el gobierno Mexicano se compromete á entregar á la mayor brevedad posible, despues de recibida cada demanda, los libros, papeles de archivo ó documentos, así especificados, que posea ó estén en su poder, ó copias ó extractos auténticos de los mismos, con el objeto de que sean transmitidos al Secretario de Estado, qui en los pasará inmediatamente al expresado tribunal de comisarios. Y no se hára peticion alguna de los enunciados libros, papeles ó documentos, por ó á instancia de ningun reclamante, sin que antes se haya aseverado bajo juramento ó con afirmacion solemne la verdad de los hechos que con ellos se pretende probar.

ARTICULO XVI.

Cada una de las dos repúblicas se reserva la completa facultad de fortify whatever point within its fortificar todos los puntos que

Books, records, and documents in the possession of the government of Mexico necessary to the decision of any claim, ed from that government.

* For these articles, see the end of this treaty, p. 128.

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territory it may judge proper so to [fortify, for its security.

ARTICLE XVII.

The treaty of amity, commerce, and navigation, concluded at the city of Mexico on the fifth day of April, A. D. 1831, between the United States of America and the United Mexican States, except the additional article, and except so far as the stipulations of the said treaty may be incompatible with any stipulation contained in the present treaty, is hereby revived for the period of eight years from the day of the exchange of ratifications of this treaty, with the same force and virtue as if incorporated therein; it being understood that each of the contracting parties reserves to itself the right, at any time after the said period of eight years shall have expired, to terminate the same by giving one year's notice of such intention to the other party.

ARTICLE XVIII.

All supplies whatever for troops of the United States in Mexico, arriving at ports in the occupation of such troops previous to the final evacuation thereof, although subsequently to the restoration of the custom-houses at such ports, shall be entirely exempt from duties and charges of any kind; the government of the United States hereby engaging and pledging its faith to establish, and vigilantly to enforce, all possible guards for securing the revenue of Mexico, by preventing the importation, under cover of this stipulation, of any articles other than such, both in kind and in quantity, as shall really be wanted for the use and consumption of the forces of the United States during the time they may remain in Mexico. To this end, it shall be the duty of all officers and agents of the United States to denounce to the Mexican authorities at the respective ports any attempts

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para su seguridad estime convenientes en su propio territorio.

ARTICULO XVII.

El tratado de amistad, comercio Treaty of 5th y navegacion, concluido en la April, 1831, be-ciudad de México el cinco do tween the United El tratado de amistad, comercio ciudad de México el cinco de States and Mez-Abril, del año del Señor 1831, ico, with certain entre la república Mexicana y los exceptions, Estados Unidos de América, esceptuandose el artículo adicional y cuanto pueda haber en sus estipulaciones incompatible con alguna de las contenidas en el presente tratado, queda restablecido por el periodo de ocho años desde el dia del cange de las ratificaciones del mismo presente tratado, con igual fuerza y valor que si estuviese inserto en él; debiendo entenderse que cada una de las minated by either partes contratantes se reserva el party's giving one derecho de poner término al dicho tratado de comercio y navegacion en cualquier tiempo luego que haya expirado el periodo de los ocho años, comunicando su intencion á la otra parte con un año de anticipacion.

ARTICULO XVIII.

No se exigirán derechos ni gravámen de ninguna clase á los troops of the Uni-artículos todos que lleguen para ing in Mexico las tropas de los Estados Unidos á previous to the los puertos Mexicanos ocupados evacuation to be exempt from por ellas, antes de la evacuacion duty. final de los mismos puertos, y despues de la devolucion á México de las aduanas situadas en ellos. El gobierno de los Estados Unidos se compromete á la vez, y sobre esto empeña su fé, á establecer y mantener con vigilancia cuantos guardas sean posibles para asegurar las rentas de México, precaviendo la importacion, á la sombra de esta estipulacion, de cualesquiera artículos que realmente no sean necesarios, ó que excedan en cantidad de los que se necesiten para el uso y consumo de las fuerzas de los Estados Unidos mientras ellas permanescan en México. A este efecto, todos los oficiales y agentes de los Estados Unidos tendran obligacion de

But may be ter-

Supplies for the

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at a fraudulent abuse of this stipulation which they may know of or may have reason to suspect, and to give to such authorities all the aid in their power with regard thereto; and every such attempt, when duly proved and established by sentence of a competent tribunal, shall be punished by the confiscation of the property so attempted to be fraudulently introduced.

ARTICLE XIX. With respect to all merchandise,

effects, and property whatsoever,

public, or by citizens or subjects

of any neutral nation, the following

United States,

the

rules shall be observed : ----

forces of

Rules to be observed with respect to merchandise imported in- imported into ports of Mexico to Mexican ports whilst in the occupation of the whilst in the occupation of the forces of the Uni- whether by citizens of either reted States.

Merchandise &c., imported previous to the restoration of the custom-houses. exempt from confiscation.

The same exemption as to merchandise, &c., subsequently to the restoration of the customsame may be subject to payment 20th article.

Merchandise, effects, &c., during continuance at place of importation, and upon leaving such place for the insuch exempt terior, from duty, &c.

1. All such merchandise, effects, and property, if imported previously to the restoration of the custom-houses to the Mexican authorities, as stipulated for in the third article of this treaty, shall be exempt from confiscation, although the importation of the same be prohibited by the Mexican tariff.

2. The same perfect exemption shall be enjoyed by all such merimported chandise, effects, and property, imported subsequently to the restoration of the custom-houses, houses; but the and previously to the sixty days fixed in the following article for of duties as pro- the coming into force of the Mexivided for in the can tariff at such ports respectively; the said merchandise, effects, and property being, however, at the time of their importation, subject to the payment of duties, as provided for in the said following article.

> 3. All merchandise, effects, and property described in the two rules foregoing shall, during their continuance at the place of importation, and upon their leaving such place for the interior, be exempt

denunciar á las autoridades Mexicanas en los mismos puertos, cualquier conato de fraudulento abuso de esta estipulacion que pudiéren conocer ó tuvieren motivo de sospechar; asi como de impartir á las mismas autoridades todo el auxilio que pudiéren con este objeto : y cualquier conato de esta clase, que fuére legalmente probado, y declarado por sentencia de tribunal competente, será castigado con el comiso de la cosa que se haya intentado introducir fraudulentamente.

ARTICULO XIX.

Respecto de los efectos, mercancias y propiedades importados en los puertos Mexicanos durante el tiempo que han estado ocupados por las fuerzas de los Estados Unidos, sea por ciudadanos de cualquiera de las dos repúblicas, sea por ciudadanos ó subditos de alguna nacion neutral, se observarán las reglas siguientes : -

1. Los dichos efectos, mercancias y propiedades siempre que se hayan importado antes de la devolucion de las aduanas á las autoridades Mexicanas conforme á lo estipulado en el articulo tercero de este tratado, quedarán libres de la pena de comiso, aun cuando sean de los prohibidos en el arancél Mexicano.

2. La misma exencion gozarán los efectos, mercancias y propiedades que lleguen à los puertos Mexicanos, despues de la devolucion á Mexico de las aduanas maritimas, y antes de que expiren los sesenta dias que van á fijarse en el artículo siguiente para que empieze à regir el arancél Mexicano en los puertos; debiendo al tiempo de su importacion sujetarse los tales efectos, mercancias y propiedades, en cuanto al pago de derechos, á lo que en el indicado siguiente artículo se establece.

3. Los efectos, mercancias y propiedades designados en las dos reglas anteriores quedárán exentos de todo derecho, alcabála ó impuesto, sea bajo el titulo de internacion, sea bajo cualquiera otro, mifrom all duty, tax, or impost of every kind, under whatsoever title or denomination. Nor shall they be there subjected to any charge. whatsoever upon the sale thereof.

4. All merchandise, effects, and property, described in the first and second rules, which shall have been removed to any place in the interior whilst such place was in the occupation of the forces of the United States, shall, during their continuance therein, be exempt from all tax upon the sale or consumption thereof, and from every kind of impost or contribution, under whatsoever title or denomination.

5. But if any merchandise, effects, or property, described in the first and second rules, shall be removed to any place not occupied at the time by the forces of the United States, they shall, upon their introduction into such place, or upon their sale or consumption there, be subject to the same duties which, under the Mexican laws, they would be required to pay in such cases if they had been imported in time of peace, through the maritime custom-houses, and had there paid the duties conformably with the Mexican tariff.

6. The owners of all merchandise, effects, or property described in the first and second rules, and existing in any port of Mexico, shall have the right to reship the same, exempt from all tax, impost, or contribution whatever.

With respect to the metals, or other property, exported from any Mexican port whilst in the occupation of the forces of the United States, and previously to the restoration of the custom-house at such port, no person shall be required by the Mexican authorities, whether general or state, to pay any tax, duty, or contribution upon any such exportation, or in any manner to account for the same to the said authorities.

entras permenescan en los puntos donde se hayan importado, y á su salida para el interior; y en los mismos puntos no podrá jamás exigirse impuesto alguno sobre su venta.

4. Los efectos, mercancias, y propiedades, designados en las &c., removed to reglas primera y segunda que terior whilst in hayan sido internados à cualquier the occupation of lugar ocupado por fuerzas de los united states, al-Estados Unidos, quedarán exentos so exempt from de todo derecho sobre su venta ó duty, &c. consumo, y de todo impuesto ó contribución bajo cualquier título ó denominacion, mientras permanescan eu el mismo lugar.

5. Mas si algunos efectos, mercancias, ó propiedades de los de- dise, &c., removsignados en las reglas primera y occupied by the segunda se trasladaren á algun forces of the Uni-lugar no ocupado á la sazon por be subject to the las fuerzas de los Estados Unidos; payment of duties al introducirse á tal lugar, ó al under Mexican laws, &c. venderse ó consumirse en él, quedarán sujetos á los mismos derechos que bajo las leyes Mexicanas deberian pagar en tales casos si se hubiéran importado en tiempo de paz por las aduanas marítimas, y hubiesen pagado en ellas los derechos que establece el arancél Mexicano.

6. Los dueños de efectos, mercancias, y propiedades designados chandise, &c., to have the right to en las reglas primera y segunda, y reship the same existentes en algun puerto de free of duty. México, tienen derecho de reembarcarlos, sin que pueda exigirseles ninguna clase de impuesto, alcabúla ó contribucion.

Respecto de los metales y de toda otra propiedad exportados por er property ex-cualquier puerto Mexicano durante ican ports whilst su ocupacion por las fuerzas Ame- occupied by the ricanas, y antes de la devolucion forces of the Uni-de su aduana al gobierno Mexi- ous to the restocano, no se exigirá á ninguna per- ration of the cus-sona por las autoridades de Mexico, ya dependan del gobierno general, ya de algun estado que pague ningun impuesto, alcabála ó derecho por la indicada exportacion, ni sobre ella podrá exigirsele por las dichas autoridades cuenta alguna.

Merchandise,

But merchaned to places not

Owners of mer-

Metals and oth-

The tariff estab-States ted at Mexico to be in force for sixty days after the signature of this treaty.

ARTICLE XX.

Through consideration for the lished by the Uni- interests of commerce generally, places occupied it is agreed, that if less than sixty by their forces in days should elapse between the date of the signature of this treaty and the restoration of the customhouses, conformably with the stipulation in the third article, in such case all merchandise, effects, and property whatsoever, arriving at the Mexican ports after the restoration of the said custom-houses, and previously to the expiration of sixty days after the day of the signature of this treaty, shall be admitted to entry; and no other duties shall be levied thereon than the duties established by the tariff found in force at such customhouses at the time of the restoration of the same. And to all such merchandise, effects, and property, the rules established by the preceding article shall apply.

ARTICLE XXI.

In case of disatwo mutual represento be used to settle such differences.

If unhappily any disagreement greement be-tween the gov-ernments of the governments of the two republics, countries, whether with respect to the intertations and pa, pretation of any stipulation in this cific negotiations treaty, or with respect to any other particular concerning the political or commercial relations of the two nations, the said governments, in the name of those nations, do promise to each other that they will endeavor, in the most sincere and earnest manner, to settle the differences so arising, and to preserve the state of peace and friendship in which the two countries are now placing themselves; using, for this end, mutual representations and pacific negotiations. And if, by these means, they should not be enabled to come to an agreement, a resort shall not, on this account, be had to reprisals, aggression, or hostility of any kind, by the one republic against the other, until the government of that which deems itself aggrieved shall have maturely considered, in the spirit of peace

ARTICULO XX.

Por consideracion á los interéses del comercio de todas las naciones. queda convenido que si pasáren menos de sesenta dias desde la fecha de la firma de este tratado hasta que se haga la devolucion de las aduanas marítimas, segun lo estipulado en el artículo tercero: todos los efectos, mercancias, y propiedades que lleguen á los puertos Mexicanos desde el dia en que se verifique la devolucion de las dichas aduanas hasta que se completen sesenta dias contados desde la fecha de la firma del presente tratado, se admitirán no pagando otros derechos que los establecidos en la tarifa que esté vigente en las expresadas aduanas al tiempo de su devolucion, y se extenderán á dichos efectos, mercancias, y propiedades las mismas reglas establecidas en el artículo anterior.

ARTICULO XXI.

Si desgraciadamente en el tiempo futuro se suscitáre algun punto de desacuerdo entre los gobiernos de las dos repúblicas, bien sea sobre la inteligencia de alguna estipulacion de este tratado, bien sobre cualquiera otra materia de las relaciones políticas ó comerciales de las dos naciones, los mismos gobiernos, á nombre de ellas, se comprometen á procurar de la manera mas sincera y empeñosa a llanar las diferencias que se presenten y conservar el estado de paz y amistad en que ahora se ponen los dos paises, usando al efecto de representaciones mútuas y de ne-Y si por gociaciones pacíficas. estos medios no se lográre todavia ponerse de acuerdo, no por eso se apelará á represalia, agresion ni hostilidad de ningun género de una república contra otra, hasta que el gobierno de la que se crea agraviada haya considerado maduramente y en espiritu de paz y buena vecindad, si no seria mejor que la diferencia se terminara por un arbitramento de comisarios and good neighborship, whether it nombrados por ambas partes, ó de

would not be better that such i difference should be settled by the arbitration of commissioners appointed on each side, or by that of a friendly nation. And should such course be proposed by either party, it shall be acceded to by the other, unless deemed by it altogether incompatible with the nature of the difference, or the circumstances of the case.

ARTICLE XXII.

If (which is not to be expected, and which God forbid!) war should unhappily break out between the two republics, they do now, with a view to such calamity, solemnly pledge themselves to each other and to the world, to observe the following rules; absolutely where the nature of the subject permits, and as closely as possible in all cases where such absolute observance shall be impossible : ----

1. The merchants of either republic then residing in the other shall be allowed to remain twelve months, (for those dwelling in the interior,) and six months (for those dwelling at the seaports,) to collect their debts and settle their affairs; during which periods, they shall enjoy the same protec-tion, and be on the same footing, in all respects, as the citizens or subjects of the most friendly nations; and, at the expiration thereof, or at any time before, they shall have full liberty to depart, carrying off all their effects without molestation or hinderance. conforming therein to the same laws which the citizens or subjects of the most friendly nations are required to conform to. Upon the entrance of the armies of either nation into the territories of the other, women and children, ecclesiastics, scholars of every faculty, cultivators of the earth, merchants, artisans, manufacturers, and fishermen, unarmed and inhabiting unfortified towns, villages, or places, and in general all persons whose occupations are for the y en general todas las personas

una nacion amiga. Y si tal medio fuére propuesto por cualquiera de las dos partes, la otra accederá á él, á no ser que lo juzgue absolutamente incompatible con la naturaleza y circunstancias del caso.

ARTICULO XXII.

Si (lo que no es de esperarse, y Dios no permita) desgraciadamente served in case se suscitáre guerra entre las dos war sn happily repúblicas, estas para el caso de out. tal calamidad se comprometen ahora solemnemente, ante si mismas y ante el mundo, á observar las reglas siguientes de una manera absoluta si la naturaleza del objeto á que se contraen lo permite; y tan extrictamente como sea dable en todos los casos en que la absoluta observancia de ellas fuére imposible : ---

1. Los comerciantes de cada 1. Los conterviantes de ouas intervientes de una de las dos repúblicas que á la allowed time to settle their affairs sazon residan en territorio de la and collect their otra, podrán permanecer doce debts, and at the meses los que residan en el inte- end ef that time to have liberty to rior, y seis meses los que residan depart with their en los puertos, para recoger sus effects. deudas y arreglar sus negocios; durante estos plazos disputarán la misma proteccion y estarán sobre el mismo pié en todos respectos que los ciudadanos ó súbditos de las naciones mas amigas; y al expirar el término, ó antes de él, tendrán completa libertad para salir y llevar todos sus efectos sin molestia ó embarazo, sujetándose en este particular á las mismas leyes á que estén sujetos, y deban arreglarse los ciudadanos ó súbditos de las naciones mas amigas. Cuando los ejércitos de una de las trance of the ardos naciones entren en territorios mice of either rede la otra, las mujeres y niños, los territories of the eclesiasticos, los estudiantes de other, women children, ecclesi cualquier facultad, los labradores, astics, &c., to be comerciantes, artesanos, manufac- unmolested. tureros, y pescadores que estén desarmados y residan en ciudades, pueblos ó lugares no fortificados,

Rules to be obwar should unbreak

Merchants to be

Upon the enwomen, Their property to be respected; and if taken, in case of necessity, to be paid for.

Churches, hositals, schools, itc., to be repected.

Prisoners of war; their treatment.

common subsistence and benefit of mankind, shall be allowed to continue their respective employments unmolested in their persons, Nor shall their houses or goods be burnt or otherwise destroyed, nor their cattle taken, nor their fields wasted, by the armed force into whose power, by the events of war, they may happen to fall; but if the necessity arise to take any thing from them for the use of such armed force, the same shall be paid for at an equitable price. All churches, hospitals, schools, colleges, libraries, and other establishments for charitable and beneficent purposes, shall be respected, and all persons connected with the same protected in the discharge of their duties, and the pursuit of their vocations.

2. In order that the fate of prisoners of war may be alleviated, all such practices as those of sending them into distant inclement or unwholesome districts. or crowding them into close and noxious places, shall be studiously avoided. They shall not be confined in dungeons, prison-ships, or prisons; nor be put in irons, or bound, or otherwise restrained in the use of their limbs. The officers shall enjoy liberty on their paroles, within convenient districts, and have comfortable quarters; and the common soldier shall be disposed in cantonments, open and extensive enough for air and exercise, and lodged in barracks as roomy and good as are provided by the party in whose power they But if are for its own troops. any officer shall break his parole by leaving the district so assigned him, or any other prisoner shall escape from the limits of his cantonment, after they shall have been designated to him, such individual, officer, or other prisoner, shall forfeit so much of the benefit of this article as provides for his liberty on parole or in cantonment. And if any officer -80 breaking his parole, or any common soldier so escaping from the

cuya ocupacion sirva para la comun subsistencia y beneficio del género humano, podrán continuar en sus ejercicios, sin que sus personas sean molestadas. No serán incendiadas sus casas ó bienes ó destruidos de otra manera; ni serán tomados sus ganados, ni devastados sus campos por la fuerza armada en cuyo poder puedan venir à care por los acontecimientos de la guerra; pero si hubiére necesidad de tomarlos alguna cosa para el uso de la misma fuerza armada, se les pagará lo tomado á un precio justo. Todas las iglesias, hospitales, escuelas, colegios, librerias, y demas establecimientos de caridad y beneficencia serán respetados; y todas las personas que dependan de los mismos serán protegidas en el de sempeño de sus deberes y en la continuacion de sus profesiones.

2. Para aliviar la suerte de los prisioneros de guerra se evitarán ciudadosamente, las prácticas de enviarlos á distritos distantes, inclementes ó malsanos, ó de aglomerarlos en lugares estrechos y enfirmizos. No se confinarán en calabosos, prisiones ni pontones; no se les aherrojar, ni se les atará, ni se les impedirá de ningun otro modo el uso de sus miembros. Los oficiales que darán en libertad bajo su palabra de honor, dentro de distritos convenientes y tendrán alojamientos comodos; y los soldados rasos se colocarán en acantonamientos bastante despejados y extensos para la ventilacion y el ejercicio, y se alojáran en cuarteles tan amplios y comodos como los que use para sus propias tropas la parte que los tenga en su poder. Pero si algun oficial faltare á su palabra, saliendo del distrito que se le ha séñalado; ó algun otro prisionero se fugáre de los limites de su acantonamiento despues que estos se les hayan fijado, tal oficial ó prisionero perderá el beneficio del presente artículo por lo que mira á su libertad bajo su palabra ó en acantonamiento; y si algun oficial faltando así á su palabra, o algun soldado raso saliendo de los límites que se le han asignado,

limits assigned him, shall afterwards be found in arms, previously to his being regularly exchanged. the person so offending shall be dealt with according to the established laws of war. The officers shall be daily furnished by the party in whose power they are, with as many rations, and of the same articles, as are allowed, either in kind or by commutation, to officers of equal rank in its own army; and all others shall be daily furnished with such ration as is allowed to a common soldier in its own service: the value of all which supplies shall, at the close of the war, or at periods to be agreed upon between the respective commanders, be paid by the other party, on a mutual adjustment of accounts for the subsistence of prisoners; and such accounts shall not be mingled with or set off against any others, nor the balance due on them be withheld, as a compensation or reprisal for any cause whatever, real or pretended. Each party shall be allowed to keep a commissary of prisoners, appointed by itself, with every cantonment of prisoners, in possession of the other; which commissary shall see the prisoners as often as he pleases; shall be allowed to receive, exempt from all duties or taxes, and to distribute, whatever comforts may be sent to them by their friends; and shall be free to transmit his reports in open letters to the party by whom he is employed.

And it is declared that neither the pretence that war dissolves all treaties, nor any other whatever, shall be considered as annulling or suspending the solemn covenant contained in this article. On the contrary, the state of war is precisely that for which it is provided; and during which, its stipulations are to be as sacredly observed as the most acknowledged obligations under the law of nature or nations. fuére encontrado despues con las armas en la mano antes de ser debidamente cangeado, tal persona en esta actitud ofensiva será tratada conforme á las leves comunes de la guerra. A los oficiales se proveerá diariamente por la parte en cuyo poder estén, de tantas raciones compuestas de los mismos artículos como las que gozan en especie ó en equivalente los oficiales de la misma graduacion en su propio ejército: á todos los demas prisioneros se proveerá diariamente de una racion semejante á la que se ministra al soldado raso en su propio servicio : el valor de todas estas suministraciones se pagará por la otra parte al concluirse la guerra, ó en los periodos que se convengan entre sus respectivos comandantes, precediendo una mutua liquidacion de las cuentas que se lleven del mantenimiento de prisioneros: y tales cuentas no se mezclarán ni compensarán con otras; ni el saldo que resulte de ellas, se reusará bajo pretesto de compensacion ó represalia por cualquiera causa, real ó figurada. Cada una de las partes podrá mantener un comisario de prisioneros nombrado por ella misma en cada acantonamiento de los prisioneros que esten en poder de la otra parte: este comisario visitará á los prisioneros siempre que quiera; tendrá facultad de recibir, libres de todo derecho ó impuesto, y de distribuir todos los auxilios que pueden enviarles sus amigos, y podra libremente transmitir sus partes en cartas abiertas á la autoridad por la cual esta empleado.

de que la guerra destruye los tra- covenant herein tados ni otro al company destruye los tratados, ni otro alguno, sea el que to be annulled on fuére, se considerará que anula ó the pretence that suspende el pacto solemne con- treaties. tenido en este artículo. Por el contrario, el estado de guerra es cabalmente el que se ha tenido presente al ajustarlo, y durante el cual sus estipulaciones se han de observar tan santamente como las obligaciones mas reconocidas de la lev natural ó de gentes.

war dissolves all

ARTICLE XXIII.

Treaty subject to ratification, and ratifications to be exchanged in four of signature.

This treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United States of America, by and with the admonths from date vice and consent of the Senate thereof; by the President of the Mexican republic, with the previous approbation of its General Congress; and the ratifications shall be exchanged in the city of Washington, or at the seat of government of Mexico, in four months from the date of the signature hereof, or sooner if practicable.

> In faith whereof, we, the replenipotentiaries, have spective signed this treaty of peace, friendship, limits, and settlement; and have hereunto affixed our seals respectively. Done in quintuplicate, at the city of Guadalupe Hidalgo, on the second day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fortyeight.

ARTICULO XXIII.

Este tratado será ratificado por el Presidente de la república Mexicana, previa la aprobacion de su Congreso General; y por el Presidente de los Estados Unidos de America con el consejo y consentimiento del Senado; y las ratificaciones se cangearán en la ciudad de Washington, ó donde estuviere el gobierno Mexicano, á los cuatro meses de la fecha de la firma del mismo tratado, ó antes si fuere posible.

En fé de lo cual, nosotros los respectivos plenipotenciarios hemos firmado y sellado por quintuplicado este tratado de paz, amistad, limites, y arreglo definitivo, en la ciudad de Guadalupe Hidalgo, el dia dos de Febrero del año de nuestro Señor mil ochocientos cuarenta y ocho.

N. P. TRIST,	[L. S.]	Bernardo Couto,	[L. S.]
LUIS G. CUEVAS,	[L. S.]	MIGL. ATRISTAIN,	[L. S.]
Bernardo Couto,	[L. S.]	LUIS G. CUEVAS,	[L. S.]
Migl. Atristain,	[L. S.]	N. P. TRIST,	[L. S.]

ARTICLES REFERRED TO IN THE FIFTEENTH ARTICLE OF THE PRECEDING TREATY.

First and Fifth Articles of the unratified Convention between the United States and the Mexican Republic of the 20th November, 1843.

ARTICLE I.

ALL claims of citizens of the Mexican republic against the government of the United States, which shall be presented in the manner and time hereinafter expressed, and all claims of citizens of the United States against the government of the Mexican republic, which, for whatever cause, were not submitted to, nor considered, nor finally decided by, the commission, nor by the arbiter appointed by the convention of 1839, and which shall be presented in the manner and time hereinafter 1839, y que se presentaren del

ARTICULO I.

TODAS las reclamaciones de ciudadanos de la república Mexicana contra el gobierno de los Estados Unidos, que se presentáren del modo y en el tiempo que en adelante se espresa, y todas las reclamaciones de ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos contra el go bierno de la república Mexicana, que por cualquier motivo no se presentáron á la junta ó que no fueron examinadas ó decididas finalmente por ella ó por el árbitro establecido por la convencion de

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Signed in February, 1848.

specified, shall be referred to four [commissioners, who shall form a board, and shall be appointed in the following manner, that is to say: Two commissioners shall be appointed by the President of the Mexican republic, and the other two by the President of the United States, with the approbation and consent of the Senate. The said commissioners, thus appointed, shall, in presence of each other, take an oath to examine and decide impartially the claims submitted to them, and which may lawfully be considered, according to the proofs which shall be presented, the principles of right and justice, the law of nations, and the treaties between the two republics.

ARTICLE V.

All claims of citizens of the United States against the government of the Mexican republic, which were considered by the commissioners, and referred to the umpire appointed under the convention of the eleventh April, 1839, and which were not decided by him, shall be referred to, and decided by, the umpire to be appointed, as provided by this convention, on the points submitted to the umpire under the late convention, and his decision shall be final and conclusive. It is also agreed, that if the respective commissioners shall deem it expedient, they may submit to the said arbiter new arguments upon the said claims.

modo y en el tiempo que en adelante se espresará se someteran á cuatro comisionados que formarán junta, y serán nombrados del modo siguiente, á saber : Dos comisionados serán nombrados por el Presidente de la república Mexicana, y los otros dos lo serán por el Presidente de los Estados Unidos, con consentimiento y aprobacion del Senado de los mismos, Los dichos comisionados, de ese modo nombrados, prestarán juramento en presencia unos de otros. de examinar y decidir imparcialmente las reclamaciones que se les sometan, y que legalmente deban considerarse segun las pruebas que se les presentáren y segun los principios de derecho y justicia de la ley de las naciones y de los tratados entre ambas repúblicas.

ARTICULO V.

Todas las reclamaciones de ciudadanos de los Estados Unidos contra el gobierno de la república Mexicana, que fueron examinadas por los comisionados y sometidas al árbitro nombrado con arreglo á la convencion de once de Abril de 1839, y que no fueron por el decididas, se someterán y decidirán por el árbitro que debe nombrarse conforme á esta convencion por lo relativo á los puntos que se sujetaron al árbitro establecido par la anterior convencion; y su decision será final y definitiva. A la vez se ha convenido que, si se juzga oportuno por los comisionados respectivos, podrán someterse por ellos al espresado árbitro, nuevas esposiciones sobre dichas reclamaciones.

TREATY WITH AUSTRIA. MAY 8, 1848.

TREATY OF COMMERCE AND NAVIGATION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND AUSTRIA.

Ratifications exchanged яt Washington Feb. 23, 1850. Proclamation made Feb. 25. 1850.

May 8, 1848.

Convention for the Extension of certain Stipulations, contained in the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of 27th August, 1829, between the United States of America, and his Majesty the Emperor of Austria.

THE United States of America

and his Majesty the Emperor of

Austria having agreed to extend to all descriptions of property the ex-

Preamble.

emption from dues, taxes, or charges, which was secured to the personal goods of their respective citizens and subjects by the eleventh article of the treaty of commerce and navigation which was concluded between the parties on the twenty-seventh of August, 1829; and also for the purpose of increasing the powers granted to their respective consuls by the tenth article of said treaty of commerce and navigation, have chosen for this purpose their respective plenipotentiaries; namely, the President of the United States of America has conferred full powers on James Buchanan, Secretary of State of the United States, and his Majesty the Emperor of Austria upon his Chargé d'Affaires to the United States, John George Hülsemann; who, after having exchanged their said full powers, found in due and proper form, have agreed to and signed the following articles :

ARTICLE I.

Reciprocal privbe enjoyed.

Negotiators.

The citizens or subjects of each lleges of acquir of the contracting parties shall ing property to have power to dispose of their personal property within the States of the other, by testament, donation, or otherwise; and their heirs, legatees, and donees, being citizens or | zu verfügen; deren Erben, durch

Vertrag über die Ausdehnung gewisser in dem Handelsund Schiffahrts-Vertrage vom 27 August. 1829, enthaltenen Bestimmungen gwischen Seiner Majestät dem Kaiser von Oesterreich, und den Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-America.

NACHDEM Seine Majestät der Kaiser von Oesterreich und die Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-America übereingekommen sind, die in dem Artikel XI des Handels-und Schiffahrts-Tractaets vom 27 August, 1829, den beiderseitigen Staatsangehörigen für ihr bewegliches Vermögen zugesicherte Befreiung von Taxen und Abgaben auf alle Arten von Eigenthum auszudehnen und ebenfalls die in dem Artikel X erwähnten Handelsund Schiffahrts-Tractates den respectiven Consuln zugesicherten Befugnisse zu vermehren, so sind heirzu von beiden Seiten Bevollmächtigte ernannt worden, als nämlich von Seiten Seiner Majestät des Kaisers von Oesterreich, Allerhöchst dessen Geschäftsträger bei den Vereinigten Staaten, Herr Johann Georg Hülsemann, und des Praesidenten der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-America, Herr James Buchanan, Staats-Secretair der Vereinigten Staaten, welche Bevollmächtigte, nach vollzogener Auswechslung ihrer in guter und gehöriger Form befundenen Vollmachten, nachstehende Artikel festgesetzt und unterzeichnet haben :

ARTIKEL I.

Den Staatsangehörigen eines jeden der abschliessenden Theile soll in den Staaten des andern die Freiheit zustehen, über ihre beweglichen Güter durch Testament, Schenkung, oder auf andere Weise

subjects of the other contracting party, shall succeed to their said personal property, and may take possession thereof, either by themselves or by others acting for them, and dispose of the same at their pleasure, paying such duties only as the inhabitants of the country, where the said property lies, shall be liable to pay in like cases.

ARTICLE II.

Where, on the death of any person holding real property, or property not personal, within the territories of one party, such real property would, by the laws of the land, descend on a citizen or subject of the other, were he not disqualified by the laws of the country where such real property is situated, such citizen or subject shall be allowed a term of two years to sell the same; which term may be reasonably prolonged, according to circumstances; and to withdraw the proceeds thereof, without molestation, and exempt from any other charges than those which may be imposed in like cases upon the inhabitants of the country from which such proceeds may be withdrawn.

ARTICLE III.

In case of the absence of the heirs, the same care shall be taken, provisionally, of such real or personal property as would be taken in a like case of property belonging to the natives of the country, until the lawful owner, or the person who has a right to sell the same, according to Article II., may take measures to receive or dispose of the inheritance.

Testament, oder ab intestato, oder durch Schenkung hiezu berechtigt, sollen, wenn sie die Staatsangehörigen des andern der beiden abschliessenden Theile sind, ihnen in dem Besitze dieser ihrer beweglichen Güter folgen, auch in Person sowohl, als durch andere. welche an ihrer Stelle handeln, davon Besitz ergreifen und nach Gutdünken damit shalten können, ohne andere Steuern zu bezahlen, als solche, welche die Einwohner des Landes, worin sich die genannten Güter befinden, bei gleichem Anlasse unterworfen sind.

ARTIKEL II.

Wenn durch den Tod irgend wenn durch den 1 og ngend og any person eines Besitzers von Immobilien of any person bolding real pro oder Grundeigenthum, welche sich perty, or property auf dem Gebiete des einen der not abschliessenden Theile befinden, how it is t diese Immobilien oder Grundeigenthum nach den Gesetzen des Landes auf einen Staats-Angehöigen des andern Theiles übergehen sollen, so wird diesem, wenn er nach den Gesetzen des Landes, wo des unbewegliche Vermögen liegt, zu dessen Besitze unfähig ist, ein Aufschub von zwey Jahren gewahrt, welcher Termin nach Umständen in angemessener Weise verlängert werden kann, um dieselben zu verkaufen, und um den Ertrag davon ohne Anstand und frey von allen andern Abgaben zu beziehen, als solchen, die in dergleichen Fällen den Einwohnern des Landes auferlegt werden, aus welchem dieser Ertrag exportirt wird.

ARTIKEL III.

In Fall der Abwesenheit der Property of ah-Erben wird man hinsichtlich der sent heirs to be erwähnten, beweglichen, or unbeweglichen Güter provisorisch ganz dieselbe Sorgfalt anwenden, welche man bei gleichem Anlasse hinsichtlich der Güter der Eingeborenen angewendet hätte, bis der gesetzmässige Eigenthümer, oder derjenige, welcher nach Artikel II das Recht hat, dieselben zu verkaufen, Anordnungen zu treffen für gut finden wird, um die Erbschaft anzutreten, oder darüber zu verfügen.

not personal: how it is to be

taken care of.

ARTICLE IV.

Liberty granted by both parof having, ties suls, agents, vice-commercial agents, who shall privileges of the those most favored nations

The high contracting parties grant to each other the liberty of each in the ports having, each in the ports of the of the other, con- other, consuls, vice-consuls, com-suls, vice-consuls, commercial mercial agents, and vice-commerand cial agents, of their own appointment, who shall enjoy the same enjoy the same privileges and powers as those of as the most favored nations; but if any of the said consuls shall carry on trade, they shall be subjected to the same laws and usages to which private individuals of their nation are subjected in the same place.

The officers trators in cases of difference becrews.

Their judg-ment not to preclude a resort to judicial authority upon returning home.

The said consuls, vice-consuls, named shall have commercial and vice-commercial the right, as such to sit as agents, shall have the right, as judges and arbi- such, to sit as judges and arbitrators in such differences as may tween masters of arise between the masters and vessels, belong crews of the vessels belonging to ing to the counsent, and their mitted to their charge, without the interference of the local authorities, unless the conduct of the crews or of the captain should disturb the order or tranquillity of the country; or the said consuls, viceconsuls, commercial agents, or vice-commercial agents, should require their assistance in executing or supporting their own decisions. But this species of judgment or arbitration shall not deprive the contending parties of the right they have to resort, on their return, to the judicial authority of their own country.

Local authoririne.

The said consuls, vice-consuls, ties to aid in the commercial agents, and vice-comsearch for, arrest, commercial agents, and vice-com-and imprison- mercial agents, are authorized to ment of desert require the assistance of the local ers, from ships authorities for the search, arrest, merchant ma- and imprisonment of the deserters from the ships of war and merchant vessels of their country. For this purpose they shall apply in writing to the competent tribunals, judges, and officers, and shall demand said deserters, proving by the exhibition of the registers of sagten Deserteurs zu reclamiren,

ARTIKEL IV.

Die hohen contrahirenden Theile gestehen einander die Befugniss zu, jeder in den Häfen des andern selbstbestellte Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten, und Vice-Handels-Agenten, zu underhalten, welche die nämlichen Privilegien und Befugnisse, wie dieje nigen der begünstigtsten Nationen. geniessen sollen; wenn jedoch der eine oder der andere der genannten Consuln Handel treiben will, so sollen dieselben den nämlichen Gesetzen und Gebräuchen unterworfen seyn, welchen Privatpersonen ihrer Nation in demselben Orte unterliegen.

Die Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-und Vice-Handels-Agenten sollen des Recht haben, als solche, bei Streitigkeiten, welche zwischen den Capitains und Mannschaften der Schiffe der Nation, deren Interessen sie wahrzunehmen beauftragt sind, entstehen mögen, als Richter und Schiedsmänner zu handeln, ohne Dazwischenkunft der Orts-Behörden, wenn nicht etwa das Benehmen der Mannschaften oder des Capitains die Ordnung oder Ruhe des Landes stört, oder die besagten Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten, oder Vice - Handels-Agenten, deren Beistand zu Vollziehung oder Aufrechthaltung ihrer Entscheidungen in Anspruch nehmen. Es versteht sich jedoch, dass diese Art vom Urtheil oder schiedsrichterlichen Entscheidung, die streitenden Theile nicht des ihnen zustehenden Rechts berauben soll, bei ihrer Zurückkunft an die richterliche Behörde ihres eigenen Landes sich zu wenden.

Die Besagten Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten und Vice-Handels-Agenten sind befugt, den Beistand der Ortsbehörden zu Aufsuchung, Festnehmung und Gefangensetzung der Deserteurs von den Kriegs und Handels-Schiffen ihres Landes in Anspruch zu Zu diesem Behufe hanehmen. ben sie sich schriftlich an die competenten Gerichte, Richter und Beamten zu wenden und die bethe vessels, the muster-rolls of the crews, or by any other official documents, that such individuals form legally part of the crews; and, on such claim being substantiated, the surrender shall not be refused.

Such deserters, when arrested, shall be placed at the disposal of the said consuls, vice-consuls, commercial agents, and vice-commermercial agents, and may be confined in the public prisons, at the request and cost of those who shall claim them, in order to be sent to the vessels to which they belong, or to others of the same country. But if not sent back within three months from the day of their arrest, they shall be set at liberty, and shall not be again arrested for If, however, the the same cause. deserter shall be found to have committed any crime or offence requiring trial, his surrender may be delayed, until the tribunal before which his case shall be pending, shall have pronounced its sentence, and such sentence shall have been carried into effect.

ARTICLE V.

The present treaty shall continue in force for two years, counting from the day of the exchange of its ratifications; and if, twelve months before the expiration of that period, neither of the high contracting parties shall have announced, by an official notification to the other, its intention to arrest the operation of said treaty, it shall remain binding for one year beyond that time, and so on, until the expiration of the twelve months which will follow a similar notification, whatever the time at which it may take place.

indem sie durch Beibringung der Schiffsregister, Muster-Rollen der Mannschaften oder anderer amtlicher Urkunden darthun, dass jene Individuen gesetzlich zu den Mannschaften gehören, und wenn diese Reclamation also begründet ist, so soll die Auslieferung nicht versagt werden.

Wenn dergleichen Deserteurs Disposalofsuch festgenommen sind, so sollen sie deserters, arrested. zur Verfügung der besagten Consuln, Vice-Consuln, Handels-Agenten und Vice-Handels-Agenten gestellt werden, und können sie, auf Requisition und Kosten derer, welche sie reclamiren, in den öffentlichen Gefängnissen festgehalten worden, um auf die Schiffe, zu welchen sie gehören, oder auf andere desselben Landes, gesandt zu werden. Wenn sie aber binnen drei Monaten, vom Tage ihrer Festnehmung an, nicht zurück geschickt sind, so sollen sie in Freiheit gesetzt und wegen desselben Grundes nicht wieder ver-Wenn jedoch behaft werden. funden werden sollte, dass Deserteur irgend ein Verbrechen oder Vergehen begangen hätte, wegen dessen er vor Gericht zu stellen wäre, so kann dessen Auslieferung ausgesetzt werden, bis das Gericht, vor welchem seine Sache anhängig ist, das Urtheil gesprochen haben und dieses Urtheil zur Vollstreckung gebracht sein wird.

ARTIKEL V.

Gegenwärtiger Vertrag soll vom Tage der Auswechslung der Rati- tinue in fications-Urkunden zwei Jahre in Doch er-Wirksamkeit bleiben. lischt selber nach Verlauf dieses Zeitraums nur in dem Falle, wenn er von dem einen oder von dem andern Theile zwölf Monate früher aufgekündigt wurde. Geschieht keine aufkündigung zu der bestimmten Frist, so danert der Vertrag auf unbestimmte Zeit fort, bis eine der contrahirenden Mächte ihn aufkündigt, wo sodann derselbe zwölf Monate nach erfolgter Aufkündigung aufzuhören hat, wenn immer diese Aufkündigung geschehen sollte.

Treaty to conforce

when

ARTICLE VI.*

This conven-1848.

This convention is concluded tion to be rati-fied, and ratifica- subject to the ratification of the tions to be ex- President of the United States of changed within America, by and with the advice one year from the and consent of the Senate thereof, Signed 8th May, and of his Majesty the Emperor of Austria; and the ratifications thereof shall be exchanged in Washington, within the term of one year from the date of the signature thereof, or sooner if possible.

> In witness whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the above articles, as well in German as in English, and have thereto affixed their seals.

> Done in the city of Washington, on the eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and fortyeight, in the seventy-second year of the independence of the United States of America, and in the fourteenth year of the reign of his Majesty the Emperor of Austria.

> > JAMES BUCHANAN, [L. s.]

ARTIKEL VI.

Gegenwärtiger Vertrag ist abgeschlossen worden, vorbehaltlich der Ratification Sr. Majestät des Kaisers von Oesterreich und vorbehaltlich der Ratification des Praesidenten der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-America nach und mit dem Rathe und der Einwilligung des Nord - Americanischen Senates; und es soll die Auswechslung der Ratifications urkunden innerhalb Jahresfrist vom Tage der Unterzeichnung des gegenwärtigen Vertrages an gerechnet oder früher, wenn es möglich ist, in Washington statt finden.

Urkundlich dessen haben die beiderseitigen Bevollmächtigten oben stehende Artikel so wohl in Deutscher als Englischer Sprache unterzeichnet und ihre Siegel beigedrückt.

Ausgestellt zu Washington den achten May ein tausend acht hundert und acht und vierzig, im vierzehnten Jahre der Regierung Seiner Majestät des Kaisers von Oesterreich, und im zwei und sieberzigsten Jahre der Unabhängingkeit der Vereinigten Staaten von Nord-America.

HULSEMANN, [L. s.]

* RESOLUTION OF THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES. February 13th, 1850.

Whereas the time limited by the 6th article of the convention for the extension of certain stipulations contained in the Treaty of Commerce and Navigation of August 27, 1829, between the United States of America and his Majesty the Emperor of Austria, concluded at the city of Washington, the 8th May, 1848, has expired before the ratification of the said convention by the Senate, be it therefore.

Resolved, (two thirds of the senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the exchange of ratifications of the convention aforesaid, at any time prior to the fourth day of July next, whenever the same shall be offered by his Majesty the Emperor of Austria, and the said ratifications shall be deemed and taken to have been regularly exchanged, the limitation contained in said convention to the contrary notwithstanding.

Attes:

ASBURY DICKINS, Secretary.

TREATY WITH THE PAWNEES.

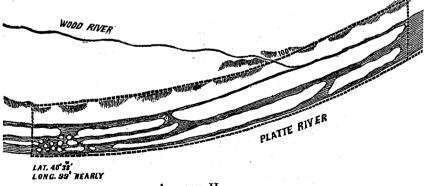
Articles of Agreement and Convention made this sixth Day of August, A. D. 1848, at Fort Childs, near the Head of Grand Island, on the south Side of the Nebraska or Great Platte River, between Lieutenant-Colonel Ludwell E. Powell, commanding Battalion Missouri Mounted Volunteers, en route to Oregon, in Behalf of the United States, and the Chiefs and Headmen of the Four Confederated Bands of Pawnees, viz.: Grand Pawnees, Pawnee Loups, Pawnee Republicans, and Pawnee Tappage, at present residing on the south Side of the Platte River.

ARTICLE I.

The confederated bands of the Pawnees hereby cede and relinquish to the United States all their right, title, and interest in and to all that tract of land described as follows, viz.: Commencing on the south side of the Platte River five miles west of this post, "Fort Childs;" thence due north to the crest of the bluffs north of said Platte River; thence east and along the crest of said bluffs to the termination of Grand Island, supposed to be about sixty miles distant; thence south to the southern shore of said Platte River; and thence west and along the southern shore of the said Platte River to the place of beginning.

The land hereby conveyed is designated within the red lines of the following plat.

[Note. — The red lines in the original plat are designated by dotted lines in this copy.]



ARTICLE II.

In consideration of the land hereby ceded and relinquished, the United States has this day paid, through Captain Stewart Van Vliet, assistant quartermaster United States army, under an order from Lieutenant-Colonel Ludwell E. Powell, commanding battalion Missouri mounted volunteers, to the said four bands collectively, on the execution of this treaty, the amount of two thousand dollars in goods and merchandise, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged.

In consideration of the foregoing cession, the U. States has paid to the said four bands two thousand dollars in goods and merchandise.

Aug. 6, 1848.

Treaty ratified Jan. 8, 1849.

Land ceded to the U. States.

ARTICLE III.

The U. States The United States shall have the privilege of using any hard timber to have the privthat may at any time be needed, situate upon Wood River, immediately ilege of using timber upon upon north of the land hereby conveyed. Wood River.

ARTICLE IV.

The Pawnee nation renew their assurance of friendship for the white men, their fidelity to the United States, and their desire for peace with all the neighboring tribes of Indians.

The Pawnee nation, therefore, faithfully promise not to molest or injure the property or person of any white citizen of the United States wherever found, nor to make war upon any tribes with whom said Pawnee tribes now are, or may hereafter be, at peace; but, should any difficulty arise, they agree to refer the matter in dispute to such arbitration as the President of the United States may direct.

ARTICLE V.

These articles of agreement and convention shall be binding and

obligatory from this sixth day of August, A. D. 1848. In testimony whereof, the said Lieutenant-Colonel Ludwell E. Powell, commanding battalion Missouri mounted volunteers, and the chiefs and headmen of the four confederated bands of Grand Pawnees, Pawnee Loups, Pawnee Republicans, and Pawnee Tappage, have hereunto signed their names, and affixed their seals, on the day and year aforesaid.

> LUDWELL E. POWELL, Lt. Col. Com'g Bat. Mo. Mounted Volunteers.

CHEF MA-LAIGNE,

Principal Chief of the Four Confederated Bands.

Chiefs of ---

Grand Pawnees.

Ah-tah-ra-scha.

American Chief.

Ish-Ka-top-pa,

Sha-re-ta-riche,

Big Chief,

French Chief,

Pawnee Republicans.

Pawnee Loups.

La-lo-che-la-sha-ro, A-sha-la-la-cot-sha-lo,

Pawnee Tappage.

La-pa-ko-lo-lo-ho-la-sha, Ta-ra-re-tappage. La-sha-pit-ko,

[To each of the Indian names is affixed his mark.]

Executed and delivered in the presence of --

Thomas J. Todd, Ajt. Bat. Mo. Mt. Vits., Secretary. A. W. Sublette, Capt. Co. A. J. Walker, A. S. U. S. Army.

Friendship and fidelity to the U. States pledged by the Pawnees. Should difficulties arise, the matter in dis-pute to be left to arbitration.

W. H. Rodgers, Capt. Co. L.
David McCausland, Capt. Co. B.
Stewart Van Vliet, Capt. and A. Q. M. U. S. A.
D. P. Woodbury, Lieutenant Engineers.
J. W. Kelly, 2d Lieut. commanding Co. C.
Saml. J. Lingenfelter.
Ant. Le Faivre.
Peter A. Carnes, Forage Master.
J. B. Small, A. S. U. S. Army.
F. Jeffrey Deroine, Interpreter.

VOL. IX. TREAT. - 18

TREATY WITH THE MENOMONEE TRIBE OF INDIANS.

Oct. 18, 1848. Articles of a Treaty made and concluded at Lake Pow-aw-hay-kon-nay, in the State of Wisconsin, on the eighteenth Day of October, one Ratified Jan. thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, between the United States 23, 1849. of America, by William Medill, a Commissioner duly appointed for that purpose, and the Menomonee Tribe of Indians, by the Chiefs, Headmen, and Warriors of said Tribe.

ARTICLE I.

It is stipulated and solemnly agreed that the peace and friendship Peace and friendship to be now so happily subsisting between the government and people of the United States and the Menomonee Indians shall be perpetual.

ARTICLE II.

The said Menomonee tribe of Indians agree to cede, and do hereby cede, sell, and relinquish to the United States all their lands in the State of Wisconsin wherever situated.

ARTICLE III.

In consideration of the foregoing cession, the United States agree to give, and do hereby give, to said Indians for a home, to be held as Indians' lands are held, all that country or tract of land ceded to the said United States by the Chippewa Indians of the Mississippi and Lake Superior, in the treaty of August 2, 1847, and the Pillager band of Chippewa Indians, in the treaty of August 21, 1847, which may not be assigned to the Winnebago Indians, under the treaty with that tribe of October 13, 1846, and which is guarantied to contain not less than six hundred thousand acres.

ARTICLE IV.

In further and full consideration of said cession, the United States agree to pay the sum of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at the several times, in the manner and for the purposes following, viz. :

To the chiefs, as soon after the same shall be appropriated by Congress as may be convenient to enable them to arrange and settle the affairs of their tribe preparatory to their removal to the country set apart for and given to them as above, thirty thousand dollars.

To such persons of mixed blood, and in such proportion to each, as the chiefs in council, and a commissioner to be appointed by the President, shall designate and determine, and as soon after the appropriation thereof as may be found practicable and expedient, forty thousand dollars.

In such manner and at such times as the President shall prescribe, in consideration of their removing themselves, which they agree to do, without further cost or expense to the United States, twenty thousand dollars.

In such manner and at such times as the President shall prescribe, in consideration of their subsisting themselves the first year after their removal, which they agree to do, without further cost or expense on the part of the United States, twenty thousand dollars.

To be laid out and applied, under the direction of the President, in

perpetual.

The Menomonees cede to the U. S. all their lands in Wisconsin.

In consideration of the foregoing cession the U.S. give to said tribe for a home certain lands ceded by the Chippewas.

In further consideration the U. S. agree to pay three hundred three hundred and fifty thou-sand dollars, viz: To the chiefs to settle the affairs of the tribe, &c., \$30,000. To certain per-

sons of mixed blood, \$40,000.

For expenses of removal, \$20,000.

For subsistence for one year after removal, g20,000.

For a manual

the establishment of a manual labor school, the erection of a grist and labor saw mill, and other necessary improvements in their new country, fifteen thousand dollars.

To be laid out and applied, under the direction of the President, in procuring a suitable person, to attend and carry on the said grist and saw mill for a period of fifteen years, nine thousand dollars.

To be laid out and applied, under the direction of the President, in continuing and keeping up a blacksmith's shop, and providing the usual quantity of iron and steel for the use and benefit of said tribe, for a period of twelve years, commencing with the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and when all provision for blacksmiths' shops under the treaty of 1836 shall cease, eleven thousand dollars.

To be set apart, applied, and distributed under the direction of the President, in payment of individual improvements of the tribe upon the lands above ceded to the United States, five thousand dollars.

And the balance, amounting to the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, to be paid over to the tribe, as Indian annuities are required to be paid, in ten equal annual instalments, commencing with the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, and when their annuities or annual instalments under the treaty of 1836 shall have ceased.

ARTICLE V.

It is stipulated and agreed, that the sum now invested in stocks, under the Senate's amendment to the treaty of 1836, with the interest due thereon at this time, shall be and remain invested, under the direction of the President, and that the interest hereafter arising therefrom how to be apshall be disposed of as follows: that is to say, so much thereof as may be necessary to the support and maintenance of the said manual labor school, and other means of education, and the balance be annually paid over in money as other annuities, or applied for the benefit and improvement of said tribe, as the President, on consultation with the chiefs, may, from time to time, determine.

ARTICLE VI.

To enable the said Indians to explore and examine their new country, and as an inducement to an early removal thereto, it is agreed that the United States will pay the necessary expenses of a suitable delegation to be selected for that purpose, under the direction of the plore the country President.

ARTICLE VII.

It is alleged that there were less goods delivered to the said Indians at the annuity payment of 1837 than were due and required to be paid and delivered to them under the stipulations of their treaties with the United States then in force; and it is therefore agreed that the subject shall be properly investigated, and that full indemnity shall be made to them for any loss which they may be shown to have sustained.

ARTICLE VIII.

It is agreed that the said Indians shall be permitted, if they desire to do so, to remain on the lands hereby ceded for and during the period of two years from the date hereof, and until the President shall notify them that the same are wanted.

ARTICLE IX.

It is stipulated that Robert Grignon, who has erected a saw mill

school, mill &c., \$15.000.

For hire of persons to attend npon mills \$9,000.

For a blacksmith's shop, and iron. steel. &c., \$11,000.

For payments for individual improvements, \$5000.

Balance, \$200,000, to be paid in ten annual instalments.

The sum now invested in stocks under the of 1836: plied.

The United States to pay the expenses of a delegation to exceded to said tribe.

Deficiency in goods at the annual payment of 1837 to be accounted for.

Said Indians permitted to remain on the lands ceded by two them for years from date.

Robert Grignon

to have the right of preemption to the land on which he erected a saw mill.

Treaty to be binding as soon as ratified by the President and Senate. upon the Little Wolf River, at his own expense, for the benefit and at the request of said Indians, shall have the right of a preëmptor to the lands upon which such improvements are situated, not exceeding in quantity on both sides of said river one hundred and sixty acres.

ARTICLE X.

This treaty to be binding on the contracting parties as soon as it is ratified by the President and Senate of the United States.

In testimony whereof, the said William Medill, Commissioner as aforesaid, and the chiefs, headmen, and warriors of the said Menomonee tribe of Indians, have hereunto set their hands and seals, at the place and on the day and year aforesaid.

W. MEDILL, [SEAL.]

Commissioner on the Part of the United States.

Signed and sealed in the presence of us, --

Albert G. Ellis, Sub-Agent,
Chas. A. Grignon, U. S. Interpreter,
F. J. Bonduel, Missionary Priest among the Menomonee Indians.
M. L. Martin,
P. B. Grignon,
Samuel Ryan,
A. G. Grignon,
John B. Jacobs.

Osh-Kush, Jau-ma-tau, Waw-kee-che-un, Sage-toke, Wy-tah-sauh, Kee-chee-new, Chee-cheequon-away, Corron Glaude, Sho-nee-nieu, Lamotte, Che-quo-tum, Shaw-wan-on, Ah-ko-no-may, Shaw-poa-tuk, Wau-po-nan-ah, Sho-na-new, Jr., Pah-maw-po-may, Naw-kaw-chis-ka, Show-anno-penessee, Tah-ke, Osh-kish-he-nay-new, Little Wave, Muck-atah-penesse, Wa-pee-men-shaw, Ah-ke-na-pe-new, Ah-kaw-mut, Kee-she-teu-ke-tau, She-pau-na-ko, Naw-kaw-nish-kau-wa.

[To each of the names of the Indians is affixed his mark.]

Witnesses ----

William Powell, John B. Dube, John G. Kittson, Robt. Grignon, Charles Caron, Antoine Gotheiu, F. Desnoyers, Louis G. Porhir, O. W. F. Bruce.

TREATY WITH THE STOCKBRIDGE TRIBE OF INDIANS.

WHEREAS, by an act of Congress, entitled "An Act for the relief of the Stockbridge tribe of Indians, in the Territory of Wisconsin." approved on the third day of March, A. D., 1843, it was provided that the township of land on the east side of Winnebago Lake, secured to said tribe by the treaty with the Menomonee Indians of February 8th, 1831, as amended by the Senate of the United States, and not heretofore ceded by said tribe to the United States, should be divided and allotted among the individual members of said tribe, by commissioners to be elected for that purpose, who were to make report of such division and allotment, and thereupon the persons composing said tribe were to become citizens of the United States.

And whereas a portion of said tribe refused to recognize the validity of said act of Congress, or the proceedings which were had under it, or to be governed by its provisions, and upon their petition a subsequent act was passed by the Congress of the United States, on the 6th day of August, 1846, repealing the said act of March 3d, 1843, and providing, among other things, that such of said tribe as should enrol themselves with the sub-agent of Indian affairs at Green Bay, should be and remain citizens of the United States, and the residue of said tribe were restored to their ancient form of government as an Indian tribe. It was also provided that the said township of land should be divided into two districts, one of which was to be known as the "Indian district," the other as the "citizen district;" the former to be held in common by the party who did not desire citizenship, and the latter to be divided and allotted among such as were citizens and desired to remain so.

And whereas it has been found impracticable to carry into full effect the provisions of the act of August 6th, 1846, by dividing the said township of land in the manner specified in said act, without infringing upon private rights acquired in good faith under the act of 1843 hereinbefore referred to, with a view of relieving both the Indian and citizen parties of said Stockbridge tribe of Indians from their present embarrassments, and to secure to each their just rights, articles of agreement and compromise have been entered into, as follows :-

Articles of Agreement and Treaty made and concluded at Stockbridge, in the State of Wisconsin, on the 24th day of November, in the Year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, by and between the undersigned, acting Commissioners on the Part of the United States of America, and the Stockbridge Tribe of Indians.

ARTICLE I.

The said Stockbridge tribe of Indians renounce all participation in any of the benefits or privileges granted or conferred by the act of Congress entitled "An Act for the relief of the Stockbridge tribe of Indians, in the Territory of Wisconsin," approved March 3, 1843, and act of March 3,

The said tribe renounce all participation in the benefits of the

Nov. 24, 1848.

1843, ch. 101. Preamble.

Ratified March 1, 1849.

1846, ch. 85.

1843, ch. 101, for their relief, and acknowledge themselves -תנו der the guardianship of the U.S.

A roll or census to be taken to determine who compose said tribe.

[For roll see post p. 958.]

relinquish all rights secured by said act; and they do hereby acknowledge and declare themselves to be under the protection and guardianship of the United States, as other Indian tribes.

ARTICLE II.

That no misunderstanding may exist, now or hereafter, in determining who compose said tribe and are parties hereto, it is agreed that a roll or census shall be taken and appended to this agreement, and in like manner taken annually hereafter, and returned to the Secretary of the War Department of the United States, containing the names of all such as are parties hereto, and to be known and recognized as the Stockbridge tribe of Indians, who shall each be entitled to their due proportion of the benefits to be derived from the provisions made for their tribe by this and former agreements; and whenever any of them shall separate themselves from said tribe, or abandon the country which may be selected for their future home, the share or portion of such shall cease, and they shall forfeit all claims to be recognized as members of said tribe.

ABTICLE III.

Lands ceded by said tribe to the United States.

The said Stockbridge tribe of Indians hereby sell and relinquish to the United States the township of land on the east side of Lake Winnebago, (granted and secured to said tribe by the treaty with the Menomonee tribe of Indians of February 8, 1831, as amended by the resolution of the Senate of the United States,) and situated in the State of Wisconsin.

ARTICLE IV.

be surveyed into lots, and such as were allotted to members of said tribe under the act of March 3, 1843, confirmed to them.

1843, ch. 101.

[Post p. 960.]

The said township of land shall be surveyed into lots, in conformity with the plan adopted by the commissioners elected under the act of March 3, 1843, and such of said lands as were allotted by said commissioners to members of said tribe who have become citizens of the United States (a schedule of which is hereunto annexed) are hereby confirmed to such individuals respectively, and patents therefor shall The residue of said lands belonging be issued by the United States. to the United States shall be brought into market, but shall not be sold at less than the appraised value, unless the Senate of the United States shall-otherwise determine.

ARTICLE V.

In consideration of the above cession, the U.S. to pay to said tribe \$16,500, to enable them to settle their affairs.

In consideration of the cession and relinquishment hereinbefore made by the said Stockbridge tribe of Indians, it is agreed that the United States shall pay to said tribe within six months after the ratification of this agreement the sum of sixteen thousand five hundred dollars, to enable them to settle their affairs, obtain necessaries, and make provision for establishing themselves in a new home.

ARTICLE VI.

The U.S. also to pay \$14,504 85 to said tribe, being the appraised value of their improvements.

The United States shall also pay to said tribe, within six months after the ratification of this agreement, the sum of fourteen thousand five hundred and four dollars and eighty-five cents, being the appraised value of their improvements upon the lands herein ceded and relin-

Said land to

quished to the United States, and to be paid to the individuals claiming said improvements according to the schedule and assessment herewith transmitted.

ARTICLE VIL

It is further stipulated and agreed that the said Stockbridge tribe may remain upon the lands they now occupy for one year after the ratification of this agreement, and that they will remove to the country set apart for them, or such other west of the Mississippi River as they may be able to secure, where all their treaty stipulations with the government shall be carried into effect.

ARTICLE VIII.

Whenever the said Stockbridge tribe shall signify their wish to emigrate, the United States will defray the expenses of their removal west of the Mississippi, and furnish them with subsistence for one year after their arrival at their new home.

ARTICLE IX.

It is further stipulated and agreed, that, for the purpose of making provision for the rising generation of said tribe, the sum of sixteen thousand five hundred dollars shall be invested by the United States in stock, bearing an interest of not less than five per cent. per annum, paid annually. the interest of which shall be paid annually to said tribe, as other annuities are paid by the United States.

ARTICLE X.

It is agreed that nothing herein shall prevent a survey of said lands, at any time after the ratification of this agreement, and that said tribe shall commit no waste or do unnecessary damage upon the premises occupied by them.

ARTICLE XI.

The United States will pay the expenses incurred by the sachem and headmen, amounting to three thousand dollars, in attending to the business of said tribe since the year 1843.

ARTICLE XII.

This agreement to be binding and obligatory upon the contracting parties from and after its ratification by the government of the United States.

In witness whereof, the said commissioners, and the sachem, councillors, and headmen of said tribe, have hereunto set their hands and seals, the day and year above written.

Morgan L. Martin,	[L. S.]	John Metoxen,) Coun-	[L. S.]
Albert G. Ellis,	[L. 8.]	John W. Quinney, Samuel Miller,	Ecillors.	[L. S.]
Augustin E. Quinney, sachem	, [L. 8.]	Samuel Miller,)	[L. S.]

Said tribe may remain on the lands now occupied by them for one year after ratification of this treaty.

Whenever said tribe signify their wish to emigrate the U.S. to defray the expenses of their removal, and subsistence for one year thereafter.

\$16,500 to be vested in stocks, the interest of which is to be

Survey of said lands provided

U. States to pay the expen-ses of the sachem and headmen in attending to the business of said tribe.

Treaty to be binding as soon as ratified by the U. States.

*Abram Pye,) Joseph M. Quinney, Samuel Stephens, Jeremiah Slingerland, *Benjamin Pye, 2d, Simon S. Metoxen,	[L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.]	*David Palmer, Ezekiel Robinson, *James Joshua, *Garrett Thompson, *Laurens Yocron, *Thomas Schanandoah, *John W. Quinney, Jr., *Nicolas Palmer,	[L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.] [L. S.]
		, ,	
Simon S. Metoxen,	-	•	[L. s.]
Daniel Metoxen, *Moses Charles,	[L. 8.] [L. 8.]	John P. Quinney, *Washington Quinney,	[L. S.] [L. S.]
*Benjamin Pye, 3d,	[L. S.]	*Aaron Turkey.	[L. S.]
*lacob Jehoiakim,	[L. S.]		

[To each of the names of the Indians marked with an asterisk is affixed his mark.]

In presence of ----

CHARLES A. GRIGNON, U. S. Interpreter. Lemuel Goodell, Eleazer Williams, Charles Poreuninozer.

Roll or census of said tribe, as provided for by 2d article of this treaty.

Roll or Census of the Stockbridge Tribe of Indians, taken in conformity with the provisions of the second article of the within agreement.

Heads of Fa	milies.			Male.	Female.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Austin E. Quinney . John Metoxen . Benjamin Pye, Sen Garret Thompson . Elisha Konkapot . John W. Quinney . John P. Quinney . Peter D. Littleman . Jonas Thompson . James Joshua . Joseph M. Quinney . Simon L. Metoxen .		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{2}{} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $		E 9234313541596
Benjamin Pye, 2d Thomas Schenandoah Aaron Turkey Abram Pye Benjamin Pye, 4th Benjamin Doxtater Moses Charles Benjamin Pye, 3d Eli Williams David Palmer Jacob Konkapot Daniel Metoxen Elizabeth Palmer, (wid Elizabeth Aaron Catharine Butterfield			• • • • • • • • •				$-\frac{2}{2}$ 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ $

Louisa Jamison-Jacob Jahoicum1Anna Turkey-Jeremiah Slingerland1John Yocum1Elizabeth Wilber-John W. Quinney, Jr., and sister1Clarissa Miller and son1Elizabeth Pye-Phœbe S. Ricket-Josiah Abrams, wife, and sister1Jeremiah Bennet1Paul Pye1Peter Bennet1Ziba T. Peters1Lawrence Yocum1Moses Doxtater1Junina Quinney-Jeremina Doxtater1John Bennet1Levi Konkapot1	Female.	Female. Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Samuel Stevens . . 1 John Killsnake . . 1 Lewis Hendricks . . 1 Diana Davids . . . -	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ - \\ - \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ - \\ - \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ -$	$\begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1$

Roll or Census of Stockbridge Indians. - Continued.

M. L. MARTIN, ALBERT G. ELLIS, AUSTIN E. QUINNEY.

STOCKBRIDGE, Nov. 24, 1848.

John Metoxen, John W. Quinney, Samuel Miller, Ziba T. Peters, Peter D. Littleman, Abram Pye, Joseph M. Quinney, Samuel Stephens, Jeremiah Slingerland, Benjamin Pye, 2d, Simon S. Metoxen, Daniel Metoxen, Moses Charles,

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Benjamin Pye, 3d, Jacob Jehoiakim, David Palmer, Ezekiel Robinson, James Joshua, Garret Thompson, Laurens Yocum, Thomas Schanandoah, Joshua W. Quinney, Jr., Nicolas Palmer, John P. Quinney, Washington Quinney, Aaron Turkey. Schedule of lands to be patented to individuals under 4th article of this treaty.

Schedule of Schedule of Lands to be patented to individuals under the 4th article of need to indithe above agreement.

Names.	No. of I	ot.	No. of Acre	25.
Josiah Chicks .		L		
Nancy Chicks .				
John N. Chicks	,			
Jacob Davids .	· · · ·			
Harvey Johnson				
Hannah P. Chicks	$\cdot \cdot $		00.00	~
Dindemia, Big Deer			22.60	b
Puella Jourdain	16			
Jacob Chicks .	17			
John N. Chicks	18	3		
Josiah Chicks .	20			
Jacob Chicks .	21	L		
Jos. L. Chicks	22	2		
Jacob Chicks .	23	l I		
John N. Chicks	24			
Moses E. Merrill	25, 26, 27			
John N. Chicks				
Jane Dean .				
Marietta Abrams				
			30.62	
Catharine Mills	N. $\frac{1}{2}$ 32		30.02	,
Joseph L. Chicks	33			
John Dick .	37			
John More	38			
Isaac Jacobs .	40			
Benjamin Welch	41			
Lucy Jacobs .	44			
Daniel Davids .	47			
Daniel Davids .	N. ½ 48			
John W. Abrams	$ S. \frac{1}{2} 48$			
Louisa Davids .	· Ī 50			
Harry E. Eastman	51			
Empire Abroma	52			
Daniel Davids .	53			
Labor M. Oblaha	54			
Hoel S. Wright	. S. part of 55		5	
Oscar Wright .	. N. part of 55		57	
		••	• • • • • •	2
John Littleman	$.$ $.$ $S_{1} = 56$			
Daniel Davids .	N. $\frac{1}{2}$ 56			
	57			
Margaret Davids	58			
Daniel Davids .	60	C . 1	or 11	-
Erastus Welch, (a stu	rip) E. of road, 65		25 lks. wide off S	5.
		side of lo		
Richard Fidler	. E. of road, 65	• •	balance of the lo	
Henry Modlin .	part 65	• •	W. of road, 54	3 .
Henry Jacobs .	63			
Lucy Jacobs .	. frac'l part of 66		W. of road, 50.5	0
John W. Abrams	E. 🚽 68		-	
John Dick	70			
Eunice Abrams	N. 1 76			
Mary Hendrick	$E.\frac{1}{2}78$			
Isaac Jacobs and)	-			
George Bennet	79			
John N. Chicks	81			
JOHN IN, UMCKS	81			

No. of Lot. Names. No. of Acres. John N. Chicks and 82 Jacob Davids W. 1 83 Nancy Hunt 311 James Menagre and) part of 84 E. end 154 **Betsy Menagre** Betsy Wyatt W. 1 85 & 86 62‡ 87 William Gardner • 90 Timothy Jourdain Timothy Jourdain S. ‡ 91 31.25 . Charles Stevens 92 & 94 • Nancy Homm . 98 2 . 102 Joseph L. Chicks • John N. Chicks . 103 . 105 John Moore . 106 Josiah Chicks . . 110 John N. Chicks . 111, 112 Timothy Jourdain . 113 John Littleman Nathan Goodell 115 Charles Stevens S. part 119 50 E. part 128 54.60 Catharine Littleman John Moore . 129 John W. Abrams 130 Jacob Davids . 131 W. 1/2 132 Adam Sheriff . 31.25 Jacob Davids . 133 . Joseph L. Chicks 134 W. 1/2 136 Catharine Mills . 144 & 145 Joseph Doxtater . 151 Isaac Jacobs . Alexander Abrams 154 • Jacob Davids . 155 . 156 Darius Davids . . 157 John Littleman . 158 Isaac Jacobs . 159 Hannah W. Chicks . . 160 Catharine Mills • . 170 Nathan Goodell • . 173 John N. Chicks . 174 James N. Lane • . 175 Jacob Davids . . 176 Job More . 179 Thomas J. Chicks . 180 Harvey Johnson . 181 Nancy Gardner . 182 Abagail Jourdain . 184 Abram Chicks . 186 Bartholomew Bowman . 187 Harriet Jourdain . . 188 Andrew Chicks 189 Sarah Davids . 191 Job Moore . S. part of 192, and 221. 50 William Gardner N. part of 192, and 221. 70 Mordy Mann . . 194 Mary N. Chicks

Schedule. — Continued.

Schedule. - Continued.

	~~~~	
Names.		No. of Lot.
William Gardner		. 220
Triphane E. Jourdain		. 222
Caleb Moore	- ·	. 223
Isaac Simmons	•	. 224
Isabel Chicks .	•	. 225
Sophia M. Jourdain	• •	. 226
Jesse Bowman .	•••	. 227
Catharine Franks	• •	. 228
Jonathan Chicks .	• •	
Jonas Davids	•	. 229 . 231
Adam Davids	•	
Linke Jourdain	•	. 232
Elizabeth Moore	• •	. 233
	•	. 234
Joseph Doxtater	• •	. 235
George Bennet	• •	. 237
Isaac Simmons .	•	. 240
Abigail Moore .	• •	. 263
Henry Moore .	•	. 264
William Scott .	•	. 265
William Scott .	•	S. <u>1</u> 266 N. <u>1</u> 266
George Bennet	• •	N. 🛔 266
Reuben Johnson .	•	. 267
Silas Jourdain	•	. 268
Jesse M. Jourdain .	• •	. 271
Simon Gardner .		. 274
Hannah Moore .	•	. 276
Solomon Davids .	•	. 277
Edward Howell .		. 279
Harriet Johnson .		. 280
Lucinda Gardner .		. 282
Hope Moore		. 284
Jemison C. Chicks		. 308
Obadiah Gardner		. 309
Rachael Davids		. 313
Julius Davids .		014
Elizabeth Bowman	•	. 314
Jeremiah Gardner	•••	. 316
Mary Jane Bowman	• •	01#
Nancy Johnson	• •	
Jason Simmons	• •	.319 .320
Betsy Menagre	• •	
Darius Davids .	• •	. 321
Humble M. Jourdain	•••	. 323
Stanbor Condron	•	. 325
Stephen Gardner	• •	. 326
Francis T. Davids	• •	. 327
Mary McCallister	• •	. 328
Mary Hendrick	• •	. 335
Susannah Hendrick	• •	. 349
Jacob Moore .	• •	. 355
David Gardner	•••	. 357
George Gardner	• •	. 359
Catharine Bowman	• •	. 360
Serepta Johnson	• •	. 361
Thankful Stevens	• •	. 362
William Gardner		. 364

No. of Acres.

Names		No.	of Lot	•			
Joseph Chicks			365				
John Chicks			366				
Charles Stephens .	•		367,	368			
Timothy Jourdain .	•	369,	370,	371			
Jacob Chicks			372,	373			
Paul D. Hayward .		•	375				
State of Wisconsin .	•	•	383				S
Timothy Jourdain .		•	384				
Jeremiah Johnson .		•	385,	389			
American Board of							
Commissioners for >	•	•	386,	390			
Foreign Missions. J							
Jacob Chick		•	387,	391			
Timothy Jourdain .	•		388				
John N. Chicks .	•	•	392,	396			
William Gardner		393,	394,	397,	398	3	
Lemuel Goodell .	N	l. end	395			•	
						-	

Schedule. - Continued.

School purposes.

Valuation of

No. of Acres.

. . . 2 acres. M. L. MARTIN, ALBERT G. ELLIS.

Valuation of Improvements. (Vide Art. 6.)

					(			improvements
						Acres.	Dollars.	under article 6
Austin E. Quinney	•		•	•	•	163.38	2,760 63	of this treaty.
	•	•	•	•	•	49.50	718 25	
Joseph M. Quinney		•		•		30.90	617 15	
Samuel Stevens	•		•		•	38.76	703 26	
Moses Chicks .				•		43.00	980 50	
Elizabeth Palmer		•				29.06	512 41	
Samuel Miller .			•	•		55.62	880 87	
Elisha Konkapot .					•	5.00	142 50	
Peter D. Littleman				•		3.25	168 88	
John P. Quinney .	•		•		•	15.50	267 50	
Heirs of J. Yocum	•	•	•	•	•	5.78	78 03	
Aaron Turkey .	•	•	•			6.00	311 00	
Benjamin Pye, 2d	•			•		40.00	640 00	
John Metoxen .			•			50.00	825 00	
Mrs. B. Wright .		•	•	•		5.00	67 50	
Abraham Pye .			•			30.00	495 00	
Benjamin Pye, 4th						• •	. 40 00	
Benjamin Pye, Sr.		•	•		•	•	. 40 00	
Benjamin Pye, 3d	•	•	•	•	•	20.00	350 00	
Garrett Thompson			•		•	30.00	485 00	
Ziba T. Peters .		•		•	•	10.00	215 00	
Betsey T. Aaron	•		•	•	•	3.00	85 00	
Thomas Skenandoah			•		•	-17.00	349 50	
Simon S. Metoxen						30.00	535 00	
Elizabeth Wilber						41.62	711 87	
Ezekiel Robinson			•			4.00	60 00	
J. W. Quinney .						60.00	1,315 00	
School-House				•			150 00	
	•	-	-					

\$14,504 85

M. L. MARTIN, ALBERT G. ELLIS. Amended by the Senate, Mar. 1st, 1849. In Executive Session, Senate of the United States, March 1st, 1849.

Resolved, (two thirds of the Senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the articles of agreement and treaty made and concluded at Stockbridge, in the State of Wisconsin, on the 24th day of November, in the year of our Lord 1848, by and between Morgan L. Martin and Albert G. Ellis, commissioners on the part of the United States of America, and the Stockbridge tribe of Indians, with the following

# AMENDMENT.

### Add the following as supplemental articles :

Whereas the Stockbridge and Munsee Indians consider that they have a claim against the United States for indemnity for certain lands on White River in the State of Indiana, and for certain other lands in the State of Wisconsin, which they allege they have been deprived of by treaties entered into with the Miamies and Delawares, or to the lands claimed by them in Indiana, and with the Menomonees and Winnebagoes, or to the lands in Wisconsin, without their consent; and whereas the said Stockbridge and Munsee Indians, by their chiefs and agents, have continued to prosecute their said claims during the last twenty years at their own expense, except the sum of three thousand dollars paid them in 1821; and whereas it is desirable that all ground of discontent on the part of said Indians shall be removed, the United States do further stipulate, in consideration of the relinquishment by them of said claims, and all others, except as provided in this treaty, to pay to the sachems or chiefs of said Indians, on the ratification of this article by them, with the assent of their people, the sum of five thousand dollars, and the further sum of twenty thousand dollars, to be paid in ten annual instalments, to commence when the said Indians shall have selected and removed to their new homes, as contemplated by the seventh article of this treaty.

The President of the United States, within two years from the ratification of this treaty, shall procure for the use of said Stockbridge Indians a quantity of land west of the Mississippi River, upon which they shall reside, not less than seventy-two sections, said Indians to be consulted as to the location of said land, and to be holden by the same tenure as other Indian lands.

JAMES K POLK.

By the President.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

Payment for relinquishing certain claims.

# POSTAL CONVENTION WITH GREAT BRITAIN.

The United States of America and her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, being desirous to promote the friendly relations existing between their respective citizens and subjects, by placing the communications by post between the territories of the United States and those of her Britannic Majesty upon a more liberal and advantageous footing, have resolved to conclude a convention for this purpose, and have named as their plenipotentiaries, that is to say:

The President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, George Bancroft, a citizen of the United States, their envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to her Britannic Majesty :

And her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the right honorable Henry John Viscount Palmerston, Baron Temple, a peer of Ireland, a member of her Britannic Majesty's most honorable Privy Council, a member of Parliament, Knight Grand Cross of the most honorable Order of the Bath, and her Britannic Majesty's principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs :

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon and concluded the following articles:

#### ARTICLE I.

There shall be charged upon all letters not exceeding half an ounce in weight, conveyed either by United States or by British packets, between a port in the United States and a port in the United Kingdom, an uniform sea rate of eight pence, or sixteen cents; and such postage shall belong to the country by which the packet conveying the letters. is furnished.

### ARTICLE II.

There shall be charged by the post-office of the United Kingdom, upon all letters not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted in the United Kingdom, and forwarded to the United States, or brought from the United States and delivered in the United Kingdom, whether such letters shall be conveyed by British or by United States packets, an inland postage rate of one penny halfpenny.

There shall be charged by the post-office of the United States, upon all letters not exceeding half an ounce in weight, posted in the United States, and forwarded to the United Kingdom, or brought from the United Kingdom and delivered in the United States, whether such letters shall be conveyed by United States or by British packets, an inland postage rate of five cents.

# ARTICLE III.

Upon all letters posted in one country and delivered in the other, these rates of postage, both sea and inland, shall be combined into one bined into one rate, of which payment in advance shall be optional in either country. rate, and on It shall, however, not be permitted to pay less than the whole com- which payment may be made in the other into one bined into one bine bined rate.

Dec. 15, 1848.

Ratifications exchanged яt London, Jan. 26, 1849.

Preamble.

Negotiators.

Rate of postage on letters conveyed either by United States or British packets.

Inland postage chargeable by the post-office of Great Britain

Inland postage chargeable the U. States. in

Sea and inland advance.

## ARTICLE IV.

Letters of above half an ounce in weight

With respect to letters above the weight of half an ounce, each country shall be at liberty to employ, as regards the collection of the whole combined rate, the scale of progression in operation in its own territory for charging inland rates of postage.

# ARTICLE V.

Transit of British closed mails through the U. States to the British North American provinces, at inland rates of postage, granted.

The United States engage to grant to the United Kingdom the transit in closed mails, through the territory of the United States, of the correspondence and newspapers from the United Kingdom to the British North American provinces, and from those provinces to the United Kingdom, at the rate of inland postage to be charged under this convention for letters and newspapers between the United Kingdom and the United States.

A British officer shall be permitted to accompany the closed mails during their transit.

# ARTICLE VI.

On the other hand, her Britannic Majesty engages to grant to the United States the transit in closed mails, through the British North American provinces, of the correspondence and newspapers from one part of the territory of the United States to any other part of the territory of the United States, at rates not exceeding the rates of inland postage now charged, or to be hereafter charged, in the North American provinces, according to the distance such closed mails may be conveyed within the North American provinces.

An officer of the United States shall be permitted to accompany the closed mails during their transit.

## ARTICLE VII.

The United States further engage to grant to the United Kingdom the transit in closed mails, through the United States, or through any country where the post communication may be under the control or management of the United States, of letters and newspapers forwarded from the United Kingdom, its colonies or possessions, to any other British colony or possession, or to any foreign country, and from any foreign country or British colony or possession, to the United Kingdom, its colonies or possessions.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

Her Britannic Majesty engages, on her part, to grant to the United States the transit in closed mails, through the United Kingdom, or through any country where the post communication may be under the control or management of the United Kingdom, of letters and newspapers forwarded from the United States, their colonies, or possessions, to any other colony or possession of the United States, or to any foreign country, and from any foreign country, or from any colony or possession of the United States, to the United States, their colonies or possessions.

#### ARTICLE IX.

How postages shall be computed on letters forwarded in closed mails. When letters shall be forwarded in closed mails under the stipulations of articles V. VI. VII. or VIII. of the present convention, the payment to be made to the post-office of the United Kingdom or the United States, as the case may be, shall be made by the ounce, according to the net weight of the letters, at two rates to the ounce, with the

Transit of American closed mails through the British N. American provinces, at inland rates of postage, granted.

Transit of closed mails through the territory of each country, its colonies or possessions, to and from the territory, colonies, and possessions of the other, and to and from any foreign country, mutually granted.

addition of twenty-five per cent. on the amount of postage, to compensate the loss that would otherwise be sustained by this mode of computation.

#### ARTICLE X.

The country which sends or receives closed mails through the other, is to render an account of the letters and newspapers sent or received in such closed mails, and to account to such country for the postage to be kept and due thereon.

#### ARTICLE XI.

Letters posted in the United States, addressed to foreign countries, and intended to pass in transit through the United Kingdom, shall be delivered to the British post-office free of all United States postage, whether packet or inland; and letters from foreign countries addressed to the United States, passing in transit through the United Kingdom, shall be delivered to the United States post-office free of all British postage, whether packet or inland.

In the case of those countries to which letters cannot be forwarded unless the British postage be paid in advance, such British postage shall be collected in the United States, (in addition to the United States rates of postage,) and accounted for to the British post-office.

In the case of those countries to which letters cannot be forwarded unless the United States postage be paid in advance, such United States postage shall be collected in the United Kingdom, (in addition to the British postage,) and accounted for to the United States post-office.

#### ARTICLE XII.

The rate of postage to be taken by the British post-office upon letters arriving in the United Kingdom from the United States, either by British or by United States packets, and to be forwarded through the United Kingdom to colonies or possessions of the United Kingdom, or of the United States, or to foreign countries - and vice versa - shall be the same as the rate which is now, or which may hereafter be, taken by the British post-office upon letters to or from such colonies or possessions, or foreign countries respectively, when posted at the port of arrival or delivered at the port of departure of the packets conveying the mails between the United Kingdom and the United States.

The above postage is irrespective of and beyond the inland rate to be taken in the United States upon such letters, if posted or delivered therein, according to the stipulations of Article II. of this convention, and also irrespective of and beyond the sea rate upon such letters payable according to the stipulations of Article I.

The rate of postage to be taken by the United States post-office upon letters arriving in the United States, either by British or by United States packets, from the United Kingdom, and to be forwarded through the United States, to the colonies or possessions of the United States, or of the United Kingdom, or to those territories which, according to the law of the United States, are beyond the limit of their established post routes, or to foreign countries — and vice versa — shall be the same as the rate which is now, or which may hereafter be, taken by the United States post-office upon letters conveyed, whether by sea or land, to or from such colonies, possessions, territories, or foreign countries respectively, when posted at the port of arrival or delivered at the port of departure of the packets conveying the mails between the United States and the United Kingdom.

VOL. IX. TREAT. - 20

Accounts of letters forwarded in closed mails rendered.

Transit letters to be delivered to the post-of-fices of either either country free of postage.

Transit letters on which postage must be prepaid.

Rate of post-age at the Brit-ish post-office on transit letters from the United States, &c.

Rate of post-age at the United States post-office on transit letters from Great Britain, &c.

The above postage is irrespective of and beyond the inland rate to be taken in the United Kingdom upon such letters, if posted or delivered therein, according to the stipulations of Article II. of this convention, and also irrespective of and beyond the sea rate upon such letters payable according to the stipulations of Article I.

There shall be excepted from the above stipulations, letters and newspapers passing through the United Kingdom, to and from France, as to which certain rates are fixed by the postal convention existing between that country and the United Kingdom. But the two contracting parties agree to invite France to enter into communication with them, without loss of time, in order to effect such arrangements for the conveyance of letters and newspapers, and closed mails, through the territories of the United States, of the United Kingdom, and of France, respectively, as may be most conducive to the interests of the three countries.

### ARTICLE XIII.

Letters posted in the United States, addressed to the British North American provinces, or vice versa, when not conveyed by sea, shall be charged according to the rates of postage which are now, or which shall hereafter be, in operation in the United States, and in the British North American provinces, for inland letters.

# ARTICLE XIV.

Upon all letters posted in the United States, and addressed to the British North American provinces, or *vice versa*, the rates of postage fixed by the preceding article shall be combined into one rate, of which payment in advance shall be optional, both in the United States and in the British North American provinces. It shall, however, not be peremitted to pay less than the whole rate.

#### ARTICLE XV.

The rates to be taken on newspapers published in the United Kingdom, when conveyed between the United Kingdom and the United States, either by British or by United States packets, shall be one penny for each newspaper in the United Kingdom, and two cents in the United States. Conversely, no higher charges than those above stated shall be made by the British or by the United States post-office, or newspapers published in the United States, either when despatched from that country, or when delivered in the United Kingdom.

There shall be no accounts between the two offices for the transmission of newspapers: each office shall retain the postage it shall have charged, according to the preceding stipulations.

#### ARTICLE XVI.

The rate of postage to be charged in the United Kingdom upon newspapers to and from the United States, passing in transit through the United Kingdom, shall be one penny for each newspaper, except where a lower rate is provided by any treaty between the United Kingdom and a foreign country; and the rate of postage to be charged in the United States upon newspapers to and from the United Kingdom, passing in transit through the United States, shall be two cents for each newspaper.

Letters and newspapers to and from France excepted.

Inland postage on letters from the United States to the British North American provinces, and vice versa.

Sea and inland postage from the United States to the British North American provinces combined into one rate, which may be prepaid.

Rates of postage on newspapers conveyed by sea.

Accounts to be kept.

Rates of postage on newspapers passing in transit through either country.

### ARTICLE XVII.

Periodical works, not of daily publication, posted in the United Kingdom or in the United States, may be forwarded from one country to the other, either by British or by United States packets, by means of the two offices, under the following conditions, namely :

1st. There shall be no accounts between the two offices for the transmission of such works: each office shall retain the postage it shall have charged.

2dly. They must be sent in bands or covers open at the sides or end, so that they may be easily examined.

3dly. They shall be in every respect subject to the conditions prescribed by the laws and regulations of both countries.

The rates to be levied in Great Britain, as well on the above mentioned works addressed to the United States, as on those from the United States addressed to Great Britain, shall be as follows :

1st. For every work not exceeding two ounces in weight, one penny.

2dly. For every work above two ounces in weight, and not exceeding three ounces, six pence.

3dly. For every work above three ounces in weight, and not exceeding four ounces, eight pence.

4thly. And for every ounce above four up to sixteen ounces, (the limit imposed on the transmission of such articles by the British office,) two pence additional, every fraction of an ounce being reckoned as a full ounce.

The rates to be levied by the post-office of the United States on similar works, addressed to or coming from the United States, shall not exceed the rates to be charged in the United Kingdom.

# ARTICLE XVIII.

Printed pamphlets not exceeding the weight of eight ounces, posted in the United Kingdom or in the United States, may be forwarded from phlets. one country to the other, either by British or by United States packets, by means of the two offices, at the same rates and under the same conditions as those fixed for periodical works by Article XVII.

#### ARTICLE XIX.

In consideration of two cents United States currency not being precisely equivalent to one penny sterling, the British post-office shall account to the United States post-office at the rate of four hundred and ish currency eighty-four cents to the pound sterling; and the United States post- be accounted for. office shall account to the British post-office at the rate of four hundred and eighty cents to the pound sterling.

# ARTICLE XX.

In case of war between the two nations, the mail packets of the two offices shall continue their navigation without impediment or molesta- tween the two tion until six weeks after a notification shall have been made on the for. part of either of the two governments, and delivered to the other, that the service is to be discontinued; in which case they shall be permitted to return freely, and under special protection, to their respective ports.

Periodical works: how they may be forwarded from one country to the other.

Printed pam.

Difference between the TI. States and Brit-

Case of war be-

Forms in which accounts between the respective post-offices shall be made out, with other details, &c., to be settled after exchange of ratifications.

Measures of detail may be modified. The forms in which the accounts between the respective post-offices for the transmission and conveyance of letters are to be made out, the time and mode in which payment shall be made by either post-office to the other, together with all other measures of detail arising out of the stipulations of the present convention, shall be settled between the postoffice of the United States and the British post-office, as soon as possible after the exchange of the ratifications of the present convention.

It is also agreed that the measures of detail mentioned in the present article may be modified by the two post-offices whenever, by mutual consent, those offices shall have decided that such modification would be beneficial to the post-office service of the two countries.

#### ARTICLE XXII.

Present convention indefinite; and can only be annulled after a year's notice. The present convention is concluded for an indefinite period. It cannot be annulled by either of the two governments, except after the expiration of a year's notice given to the other government.

## ARTICLE XXIII.

This convention to be ratified, and ratifications to be exchanged within three months from date.

To go into operation as soon as practicable thereafter. The present convention shall be ratified by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate thereof, and by her Britannic Majesty; and the ratifications shall be exchanged at London within three months from the date hereof. It shall come into operation as soon as possible after the exchange of the ratifications.

In witness whereof the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at London, the fifteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight.

GEORGE BANCROFT, [L. S.] PALMERSTON, [L. S.]

ARTICLE XXI.

# CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMER- Jan. 27, 1849. ICA AND HIS MAJESTY THE EMPEROR OF BRAZIL,

# FOR THE SATISFACTION OF CLAIMS OF CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES ON THE BRAZILIAN GOVERNMENT.

# In the name of the Most Holy and , EM nome da Santissima e Indivi-Indivisible Trinity.

The United States of America and his Majesty the Emperor of Brazil, desiring to remove every cause that might interfere with the good understanding and harmony which now happily exist between them, and which it is so much the interest of both countries to maintain; and to come for that purpose to a definitive understanding, equally just and honorable to each, as to the mode of settling the longpending questions arising out of claims of citizens of said States, have for the same appointed, and conferred full powers, respectively, to wit:

The President of the United States of America, on David Tod, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the said States near the court of Brazil, and his Majesty the Emperor of Brazil, upon the most illustrious and most excellent Viscount of Olinda, of his Council, and of the Council of State, Senator and Grandee of the Empire, Grand Cross of the Order of Saint Stephen of Hungary, of the Legion of Honor of France, and of Saint Maurice and Saint Lazarus of Sardinia, Officer of the Imperial Order of the Cross, Commander of the Order of Christ, President of the Council of Ministers, Minister and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; who, after exchanging their full powers, which were found in good and proper form, agreed to the following articles:

# ARTICLE I.

The two high contracting parties, appreciating the difficulty of

sivel Trinidade.

Sua Magestade o Imperador do Brazil, e os Estados Unidos da America, desejando para removerem qualquer motivo que empeça a bôa harmonia e intelligencia que felizmente subsistem entre os dous paizes, e tanto lhes interessa manter, chegar á um accordo definitivo, igualmente justo e honroso para ambos, sobre o modo de pôr termo ás questões ha tanto tempo pendentes, provenientes de reclamações de cidadãos dos ditos Estados, nomeárão e munirão com plenos poderes para aguelle fim, respectivamente, a saber:

Sùa Magestade o Imperador do Brazil ao Illustrissimo e Excellentissimo Sñr. Visconde de Olinda, do Seu Conselho, e do de Estado. Senador e Grande do Imperio, Grão Cruz das Ordens de Santo Estevào da Hungria, da Legiào de Honra da França, e de S. Mauricio e S. Lazaro de Sardenha, Official da Imperial Ordem do Cruzeiro, Commendador da de Christo, Presidente do Conselho de Ministros, Ministro e Secretario d'Estado dos Negocios Estrangeiros; e o Presidente dos Estados Unidos d'America ao Sñr. David Tod, Enviado Extraordinario e Ministro Plenipotenciario dos mesmos Estados na Côrte do Brazil; os quaes, de pois de terem trocado seus plenos poderes, que forão achados em bôa e devida fórma, concordarão nos seguintes artigos:

### ARTIGO I.

Conhecendo as duas altas partes 530,000 milreas, contractantes a difficuldade de se to be placed at the disposition of agreeing upon the subject of said entenderem sobre o assumpto da- the President of

Ratifications exchanged Jan. 18, 1850. Proclamation made Jan. 19, 1850.

Preamble.

Negotiators.

the U.S. to set- reclamations, from the belief en- | the claims of citi- tertained by each, - one of the zens of the U. justice of the claims and the other 8. against Brazil. justice of the claims, and the other of their injustice, --- and being convinced that the only equitable and honorable method by which the two countries can arrive at a perfect understanding of said questions is to adjust them by a single act; they mutually agreed, after a mature examination of these claims; and, in order to carry this agreement into execution, it becomes the duty of Brazil to place at the disposition of the President of the United States the amount of five hundred and thirty thousand milreis, current money of Brazil, as a reasonable and equitable sum, which shall comprehend the whole of the reclamations, whatever may be their nature and amount, and as full compenfor the indemnifications sation claimed by the government of said States; to be paid in a round sum, without reference to any one of said claims, upon the merits of which the two high contracting parties refrain from entering; it being left to the government of the United States to estimate the justice that may pertain to the claimants, for the purpose of distributing among them the aforesaid sum of five hundred and thirty thousand milreis, as it may deem most proper.

# ARTICLE II.

Brazil exonersibility springing out of the aforesaid claims.

In conformity what is to ated from respon- agreed upon in the preceding article, Brazil is exonerated from all responsibility springing out of the aforesaid claims presented by the government of the United States up to the date of this convention, which can neither be reproduced nor reconsidered in future.

# ARTICLE III.

Documents which the U.S.

In order that the government of throw the United States may be enabled light upon the properly to consider the claims nished to the of the citizens of said States, -government of they remaining as showe do they remaining, as above declared, subject to its judgment, - | sujetas à sua appreciação, serl-he-

quellas reclamações pela convicção, em que ambas estao, uma da justica, e outra da injustiça das mesmas reclamações, e convencidas que o unico meio justo e honroso para chegarem os dous paizes á um perfeito accôrdo em taes questões serà resolve-las por via de uma transacção; concordárão mutuamente, depois de maduro exame sobre aquellas reclamações; e para o fim de poder levar se a effeito aquella transacção, em que por parte do Brazil se ponha à disposição do Presidente dos Estados Unidos a quantia de quinhentos e trinta contos de reis, moeda corrente do Brazil, como quantitativo razoavel e equitativo, que comprehenderá a generalidade das reclamações, qualquer que seja a sua natureza e importancia, e como compensação plena pelas indemnidades reclamadas pelo governo dos ditos Estados; as quaes serão satisfeitas em globo, sem referencia á nenhuma dessas reclamaçoes, em cujo merito prescindem de entrar as altas partes contractantes; ficando ao governo dos Estados Unidos o avaliar a justiça, que assista dos reclamantes, para distribuir por elles a supradita soma de quinhentos e trinta contos de reis como julgue mais conveniente.

#### ARTIGO II.

Em conformidade do que fica concordado no artigo antecedente é exonerado o Brazil de qualquer responsabilidade proveniente das ditas reclamações, apresentadas pelo governo dos Estados Unidos até à data desta convenção; as quaes não poderão ser mais reproduzidas, é nem attendidas no futuro.

# ARTIGO III.

A fim de que o governo dos Estados Unidos possa attender devidamente às reclamações dos cidadàos dos mesmos Estados, que pela forma acima declarada ficão the respective documents which throw light upon them shall be delivered by the imperial government to that of the United States, so soon as this convention shall receive the ratification of the government of said States.

# ARTICLE IV.

The sum agreed upon shall be paid by the imperial government to that of the United States, in the current money of Brazil, as soon as the exchange of the ratifications of this convention is made known in this capital, for which his Majesty, the Emperor of Brazil, pledges himself to obtain the necessary funds at the next session of the legislature.

#### ARTICLE V.

The payment of the sum above named of five hundred and thirty thousand milreis shall not be made until after the reception of the notice in this capital of the exchange of ratifications; but the said sum shall bear interest, at six per centum per annum, from the first day of July next; the imperial government, however, obliges itself to make good that interest only when, in conformity to the preceding article of this convention, the amount stipulated shall be paid.

#### ARTICLE VI.

The present convention shall be ratified, and the ratifications exchanged, in Washington, within twelve months after it is signed in this capital; or sooner, if possible.

In faith of which we, Plenipotentiaries of the United States of America, and of his Majesty the Emperor of Brazil, sign and seal the same.

Done in the city of Rio de Janeiro this twenty-seventh day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

DAVID TOD. L. S. VISCONDE DE OLINDA. [L. S.] | DAVID TOD.

ào entregues pelo governo imperial os respectivos documentos que lhes servão de illustração, logo que a presente convenção tenha a ratificação do governo dos Estados Unidos.

### ARTIGO IV.

A soma estipulada serà entregue The sum agreed pelo governo imperial ao dos Es. upon to be paid tados Unidos em moeda corrrente of Brazil, as soon do Brazil, logo que conste nesta as the ratificacorte a troca das ratificações desta tion of this conconvenção para o que sua Mages- known. tade o Imperador do Brazil se compromette a obter os precisos fundos na proxima sessão legislativa.

#### ARTIGO V.

Ainda que o pagamento da Payment of the quantia supra mencionada de quin- sum named not hentos e trinta contos de reis não after the recepse effectue, senào depois de chegar tion at the capi-à esta côrte a noticia da troca das tal of the ex-change of ratifiratificações, a dita quantia vence- cations, but to rá o juro de seis por cento ao bear interest at. anno, desde o primeiro de Julho proximo futuro; obrigando-se o governo imperial a fazer bom esse juro, só quando, na fórma do precedente artigo desta convenção, se verifique o pagamento da soma ajustada.

#### ARTIGO VI.

A presente convenção será rati- Convention to ficada, e as ratificações trocadas ratifications ex-em Washington, dentro de doze changed within mezes depois de sua assignatura twelve months. nesta côrte, ou mais cedo se for possivel.

Em fé do que nós Plenipotenciarios de sua Magestade o Imperador do Brazil e dos Estados Unidos da America assignamos e sellamos a presente.

Feita na cidade do Rio de Ja- Jan. 1849. neiro aos vinte e sete de Janeiro do anno do Nascimento de Nosso Senhor Jesus Christo de mil oito centos e quarenta e nove.

VISCONDE DE OLINDA. [L. S.] [L. S.]

Signed, 27th

#### Sept. 9. 1849.

Consent of Senate Sept. 9, 1850. Proclamation made Sept. 24, 1850.

Contracting parties.

Navajo tribe lupe Hidalgo.

Perpetual peace to exist between the contracting parties.

Laws now in lating trade and vajoes.

The Navajoes Garcia.

All American and captives to

# TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE NAVAJO TRIBE OF INDIANS.

THE following acknowledgements, declarations, and stipulations, have been duly considered, and are now solemnly adopted and proclaimed by the undersigned : that is to say, John M. Washington, Governor of New Mexico, and Lieutenant-Colonel commanding the troops of the United States in New Mexico, and James S. Calhoun, Indian agent, residing at Santa Fé, in New Mexico, representing the United States of America, and Mariano Martinez, Head Chief, and Chapitone, second Chief, on the part of the Navajo tribe of Indians.

I. The said Indians do hereby acknowledge that, by virtue of a placed under the treaty entered into by the United States of America and the United the U.S. by the Mexican States, signed on the second day of February, in the year of treaty of Guada- our Lord eighteen bundred and forth sight Hidalgo, by N. P. Trist, of the first part, and Luis G. Cuevas, Bernardo Couto, and Mgl Atristain, of the second part, the said tribe was lawfully placed under the exclusive jurisdiction and protection of the government of the said United States, and that they are now, and will forever remain, under the aforesaid jurisdiction and protection.

> II. That from and after the signing of this treaty, hostilities between the contracing parties shall cease, and perpetual peace and friendship shall exist; the said tribe hereby solemnly covenanting that they will not associate with, or give countenance or aid to, any tribe or band of Indians, or other persons or powers, who may be at any time at enmity with the people of the said United States; that they will remain at peace, and treat honestly and humanely all persons and powers at peace with the said States; and all cases of aggression against said Navajoes by citizens or others of the United States, or by other persons or powers in amity with the said States, shall be referred to the government of said States for adjustment and settlement.

III. The government of the said States having the sole and excluforce for regu- sive right of regulating the trade and intercourse with the said Navapreserving peace joes, it is agreed that the laws now in force regulating the trade and with the Indian intercourse, and for the preservation of peace with the various tribes tribes to be bind-ing upon the Na-of Indians under the protection and guardianship of the aforesaid government, shall have the same force and efficiency, and shall be as binding and as obligatory upon the said Navajoes, and executed in the same manner, as if said laws had been passed for their sole benefit and protection; and to this end, and for all other useful purposes, the government of New Mexico, as now organized, or as it may be by the government of the United States, or by the legally constituted authorities of the people of New Mexico, is recognized and acknowledged by the said Navajoes; and for the due enforcement of the aforesaid laws, until the government of the United States shall otherwise order, the territory of the Navajoes is hereby annexed to New Mexico.

IV. The Navajo Indians hereby bind themselves to deliver to the to deliver to the military authority of the United States in New Mexico, at Santa Fe, military authori-military authori-ties of the U.S. New Mexico, as soon as he or they can be apprehended, the murderer first of the U.S. New Mexico, as soon as he or they can be apprehended, the murderer the murderer or or murderers of Micente Garcia, that said fugitive or fugitives from murderers of M. inclusion may be dealt with an institute man dearers justice may be dealt with as justice may decree.

V. All American and Mexican captives, and all stolen property taken Mexican from Americans or Mexicans, or other persons or powers in amity with delivered to the the United States, shall be delivered by the Navajo Indians to the aforesaid military authority at Jemez, New Mexico, on or before the 9th military authoriday of October next ensuing, that justice may be meted out to all ty of the United whom it may concern; and also all Indian captives and stolan property. States by the 9th whom it may concern; and also all Indian captives and stolen property October of such tribe or tribes of Indians as shall enter into a similar recipro- also all Indian cal treaty, shall, in like manner, and for the same purposes, be turned captives stolen over to an authorized officer or agent of the said States by the afore- of friendly tribes said Navajoes.

VI. Should any citizen of the United States, or other person or persons subject to the laws of the United States, murder, rob, or otherwise U.S. committing maltreat any Navajo Indian or Indians, he or they shall be arrested and the Navajoes to tried, and, upon conviction, shall be subjected to all the penalties pro- be subjected to vided by law for the protection of the persons and property of the people of the said States.

VII. The people of the United States of America shall have free and safe passage through the territory of the aforesaid Indians, under through their such rules and regulations as more back in a large through their such rules and regulations as more back in a large territory of the second territory of such rules and regulations as may be adopted by authority of the said States.

VIII. In order to preserve tranquility, and to afford protection to all the people and interests of the contracting parties, the government of and agencies to the United States of America will establish such military posts and be established. agencies, and authorize such trading-houses, at such time and in such places as the said government may designate.

IX. Relying confidently upon the justice and the liberality of the aforesaid government, and anxious to remove every possible cause that S. to adjust ter-might disturb their peace and quiet, it is agreed by the aforesaid Navajoes that the government of the United States shall, at its earliest con-ies, and pass venience, designate, settle, and adjust their territorial boundaries, and such laws as will pass and execute in their territory such laws as may be deemed and promote the happass and execute in their territory such laws as may be deemed con- piness of the Naducive to the prosperity and happiness of said Indians.

X. For and in consideration of the faithful performance of all the Donations, presstipulations herein contained, by the said Navajo Indians, the govern- ents, and ment of the United States will grant to said Indians such donations, given. presents, and implements, and adopt such other liberal and humane measures, as said government may deem meet and proper.

XI. This treaty shall be binding upon the contracting parties from and after the signing of the same, subject only to such modifications after being signand amendments as may be adopted by the government of the United ed, and to re-States, and finally this traction is to result of the United ceive a liberal States; and, finally, this treaty is to receive a liberal construction, at construction. all times and in all places, to the end that the said Navajo Indians shall not be held responsible for the conduct of others, and that the government of the United States shall so legislate and act as to secure the permanent prosperity and happiness of said Indians.

In faith whereof, we, the undersigned, have signed this treaty, and affixed thereunto our seals, in the valley of Cheille, this the ninth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

> J. M. WASHINGTON. [L. S.] Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding. JAMES S. CALHOUN, [L. S.] Indian Agent, residing at Santa Fe. Mariano Martinez, his x mark, [L. S.]

Head Chief. Chapitone, his x mark, [L. S.] Second Chief.

J. L. Collins. James Conklin. Lorenzo Force.

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1850; and property to be given up.

Citizens of the the penalties of the law, if convicted upon trial.

The vaioes.

plements to be

To be binding liberal

Signed, Se tember 9, 1849. Sep

Antonio Sandoval, his x mark. Francisco Josto, his x mark. Governor of Jemez.

Witnesses -

H. L. Kendrick, Brevet Major U. S. A.

J. N. Ward, Brevet 1st Lieut. 3d Inf'ry.

John Peck, Brevet Major U. S. A. J. F. Hammond, Assistant Surg'n U. S. A.

H. L. Dodge, Capt. comd'g Eut. Rg's.

Richard H. Kern.

J. H. Nones, Second Lieut. 2d Artillery.

Cyrus Choice.

John H. Dickerson, Second Lieut. 1st Art.

W. E. Love.

John G. Jones.

J. H. Simpson, First Lieut. Corps Top. Engrs.

# TREATY WITH THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, DEC. 20, 1849.

WHEREAS a treaty of friendship, commerce, and navigation, between the United States of America and his Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, was concluded and signed at Washington, on the twentieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, the original of which treaty is, word for word, as follows:—

The United States of America and his Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, equally animated with the desire of maintaining the relations of good understanding which have hitherto so happily subsisted between their respective states, and consolidating the commercial intercourse between them, have agreed to enter into negotiations for the conclusion of a treaty of friendship, commerce, and navigation, for which purpose they have appointed plenipotentiaries, that is to say: The President of the United States of America, John M. Clayton, Secretary of State of the United States; and his Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, James Jackson Jarves, accredited as his special commissioner to the government of the United States; who, after having exchanged their full powers, found in good and due form, have concluded and signed the following articles:—

#### ARTICLE I.

There shall be perpetual peace and amity between the United States and the King of the Hawaiian Islands, his heirs and his successors.

## ARTICLE II.

There shall be reciprocal liberty of commerce and navigation between the United States of America and the Hawaiian Islands. No duty of customs, or other impost, shall be charged upon any goods, the produce or manufacture of one country, upon importation from such country into the other, other or higher than the duty or impost charged upon goods of the same kind, the produce or manufacture of, or imported from, any other country; and the United States of America and his Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands do hereby engage, that the subjects or citizens of any other state shall not enjoy any favor, privilege, or immunity, whatever, in matters of commerce and navigation, which shall not also, at the same time, be extended to the subjects or citizens of the other contracting party, gratuitously, if the concession in favor of that other state shall have been gratuitous, and in return for a compensation, as nearly as possible of proportionate value and effect, to be adjusted by mutual agreement, if the concession shall have been conditional.

#### ARTICLE III.

All articles, the produce or manufacture of either country, which can legally be imported into either country from the other, in ships of that other country, and thence coming, shall, when so imported, be subject to the same duties, and enjoy the same privileges, whether imported in ships of the one country, or in ships of the other; and in like manner, all goods which can legally be exported or re-exported Dec. 20, 1849.

Ratifications exchanged at Honolulu Aug. 24, 1850. Proclamation made Nov. 9, 1850.

Preamble.

Peace and amity.

Reciprocal freedom of trade.

"Most-favored nation" stipulation.

Same subject

from either country to the other, in ships of that other country, shall, when so exported or re-exported, be subject to the same duties, and be entitled to the same privileges, drawbacks, bounties, and allowances, whether exported in ships of the one country, or in ships of the other; and all goods and articles, of whatever description, not being of the produce or manufacture of the United States, which can be legally imported into the Sandwich Islands, shall, when so imported in vessels of the United States, pay no other or higher duties, imposts, or charges, than shall be payable upon the like goods and articles, when imported in the vessels of the most favored foreign nation, other than the nation of which the said goods and articles are the produce or manufacture.

#### ARTICLE IV.

No duties of tonnage, harbor, lighthouses, pilotage, quarantine, or other similar duties, of whatever nature, or under whatever denomination, shall be imposed in either country upon the vessels of the other, in respect of voyages between the United States of America and the Hawaiian Islands, if laden, or in respect of any voyage, if in ballast, which shall not be equally imposed in the like cases on national vessels.

#### ARTICLE V.

It is hereby declared, that the stipulations of the present treaty are not to be understood as applying to the navigation and carrying trade between one port and another, situated in the states of either contracting party, such navigation and trade being reserved exclusively to national vessels.

# ARTICLE VI.

Steam vessels of the United States which may be employed by the government of the said States, in the carrying of their public mails across the Pacific Ocean, or from one port in that ocean to another, shall have free access to the ports of the Sandwich Islands, with the privilege of stopping therein to refit, to refresh, to land passengers and their baggage, and for the transaction of any business pertaining to the public mail service of the United States, and shall be subject in such ports to no duties of tonnage, harbor, lighthouses, quarantine, or other similar duties of whatever nature or under whatever denomination.

### ARTICLE VII.

The whale ships of the United States shall have access to the ports of Hilo, Kealakekua, and Hanalei, in the Sandwich Islands, for the purposes of refitment and refreshment, as well as to the ports of Honolulu and Lahaina, which only are ports of entry for all merchant vessels; and in all the above-named ports, they shall be permitted to trade or barter their supplies or goods, excepting spirituous liquors, to the amount of two hundred dollars ad valorem for each vessel, without paying any charge for tonnage or harbor dues of any description, or any duties or imposts whatever upon the goods or articles so traded or bartered. They shall also be permitted, with the like exemption from all charges for tonnage and harbor dues, further to trade or barter, with the same exception as to spirituous liquors, to the additional amount of one thousand dollars ad valorem, for each vessel, paying upon the additional goods and articles so traded and bartered, no other or higher duties than are payable on like goods and articles, when imported in the vessels and by the citizens or subjects of the most favored foreign They shall also be permitted to pass from port to port of the nation. Sandwich Islands, for the purpose of procuring refreshments, but they

Tonnage &c.

duties.

Provisions of this treaty not to extend to coasting trade.

Privileges of steam vessels carrying mails.

Privileges of whale ships.

# TREATY WITH THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. Dec. 20, 1849.

shall not discharge their seamen or land their passengers in the said Islands, except at Lahaina and Honolulu; and in all the ports named in this article, the whale ships of the United States shall enjoy, in all respects whatsoever, all the rights, privileges, and immunities, which are enjoyed by, or shall be granted to, the whale ships of the most favored foreign nation. The like privilege of frequenting the three ports of the Sandwich Islands, above named in this article, not being ports of entry for merchant vessels, is also guaranteed to all the public armed vessels of the United States. But nothing in this article shall be construed as authorizing any vessel of the United States, having on board any disease usually regarded as requiring quarantine, to enter, during the continuance of such disease on board, any port of the Sandwich Islands, other than Lahaina or Honolulu.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

The contracting parties engage, in regard to the personal privileges, that the citizens of the United States of America shall enjoy in the dominions of his Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, and the subjects of his said Majesty in the United States of America, that they versa. shall have free and undoubted right to travel and to reside in the states of the two high contracting parties, subject to the same precautions of police which are practiced towards the subjects or citizens of the most favored nations. They shall be entitled to occupy dwellings and warehouses, and to dispose of their personal property of every kind and description, by sale, gift, exchange, will, or in any other way whatever, without the smallest hindrance or obstacle; and their heirs or representatives, being subjects or citizens of the other contracting party, shall succeed to their personal goods, whether by testament or ab intestato; and may take possession thereof, either by themselves or by others acting for them, and dispose of the same at will, paying to the profit of the respective governments, such dues only as the inhabitants of the country wherein the said goods are, shall be subject to pay in like cases. And in case of the absence of the heir and representative, such care shall be taken of the said goods as would be taken of the goods of a native of the same country in like case, until the lawful owner may take measures for receiving them. And if a question should arise among several claimants as to which of them said goods belong, the same shall be decided finally by the laws and judges of the land wherein the said goods are. Where, on the decease of any person holding real estate within the territories of one party, such real estate would, by the laws of the land, descend on a citizen or subject of the other, were he not disqualified by alienage, such citizen or subject shall be allowed a reasonable time to sell the same, and to withdraw the proceeds without molestation, and exempt from all duties of detraction on the part of the government of the respective states. The citizens or subjects of the contracting parties shall not be obliged to pay, under any pretence whatever, any taxes or impositions other or greater than those which are paid, or may hereafter be paid, by the subjects or citizens of the most favored nations, in the respective states of the high contracting parties. They shall be exempt from all military service, whether by land or by sea; from forced loans; and from every extraordinary contribution not general and by law established. Their dwellings, warehouses, and all premises appertaining thereto, destined for the purposes of commerce or residence, shall be respected. No arbitrary search of, or visit to, their houses, and no arbitrary examination or inspection whatever of the books, papers, or accounts of their trade, shall be made; but such measures shall be executed only in conformity with the legal sentence of a competent tribunal; and

Privileges of citizens of U.S. in Hawaiian Islands, and vice

Travel.

Trade.

Heirship.

Real estate.

Taxes.

Military service.

Right of search of tenements.

each of the two contracting parties engages that the citizens or subjects of the other residing in their respective states shall enjoy their property and personal security, in as full and ample manner as their own citizens or subjects, or the subjects or citizens of the most favored nation, but subject always to the laws and statutes of the two countries respectively.

# ARTICLE IX.

The citizens and subjects of each of the two contracting parties shall be free in the states of the other to manage their own affairs themselves, or to commit those affairs to the management of any persons whom they may appoint as their broker, factor, or agent; nor shall the citizens and subjects of the two contracting parties be restrained in their choice of persons to act in such capacities; nor shall they be called upon to pay any salary or remuneration to any person whom they shall not choose to employ.

Absolute freedom shall be given in all cases to the buyer and seller to bargain together, and to fix the price of any goods or merchandise imported into, or to be exported from, the states and dominions of the two contracting parties, save and except generally such cases wherein the laws and usages of the country may require the intervention of any special agents in the states and dominions of the contracting parties. But nothing contained in this or any other article of the present treaty shall be construed to authorize the sale of spirituous liquors to the natives of the Sandwich Islands, farther than such sale may be allowed by the Hawaiian laws.

# ARTICLE X.

Consuls, &c.

Deserters from vessels.

Each of the two contracting parties may have, in the ports of the other, consuls, vice-consuls, and commercial agents, of their own appointment, who shall enjoy the same privileges and powers with those of the most favored nations; but if any such consuls shall exercise commerce, they shall be subject to the same laws and usages to which the private individuals of their nation are subject in the same place. The said consuls, vice-consuls, and commercial agents, are authorized to require the assistance of the local authorities for the search, arrest, detention and imprisonment of the deserters from the ships of war and merchant vessels of their country. For this purpose they shall apply to the competent tribunals, judges, and officers, and shall, in writing, demand the said deserters, proving, by the exhibition of the registers of the vessels, the rolls of the crews, or by other official documents, that such individuals formed part of the crews; and this reclamation being thus substantiated, the surrender shall not be refused. Such deserters, when arrested, shall be placed at the disposal of the said consuls, vice-consuls, or commercial agents, and may be confined in the public prisons, at the request and cost of those who shall claim them, in order to be detained until the time when they shall be restored to the vessel to which they belonged, or sent back to their own country by a vessel of the same nation, or any other vessel whatsoever. The agents, owners, or masters of vessels on account of whom the deserters have been apprehended, upon requisition of the local authorities, shall be required to take or send away such deserters from the states and dominions of the contracting parties, or give such security for their good conduct as the law may require. But if not sent back nor reclaimed within six months from the day of their arrest, or if all the expenses of such imprisonment are not defrayed by the party causing such arrest and imprisonment, they shall be set at liberty, and shall not be again arrested for the same cause. However, if the deserters should

Trade in either country with citizens of the country. be found to have committed any crime or offence, their surrender may be delayed until the tribunal before which their case shall be depending shall have pronounced its sentence, and such sentence shall have been carried into effect.

# ARTICLE XI.

It is agreed that perfect and entire liberty of conscience shall be enjoyed by the citizens and subjects of both the contracting parties, in the countries of the one and the other, without their being liable to be disturbed or molested on account of their religious belief. But nothing contained in this article shall be construed to interfere with the exclusive right of the Hawaiian government to regulate for itself the schools which it may establish or support within its jurisdiction.

# ARTICLE XII.

If any ships of war or other vessels be wrecked on the coasts of the states or territories of either of the contracting parties, such ships or vessels, or any parts thereof, and all furniture and appurtenances belonging thereunto, and all goods and merchandise which shall be saved therefrom, or the produce thereof, if sold, shall be faithfully restored with the least possible delay to the proprietors, upon being claimed by them, or by their duly authorized factors; and if there are no such proprietors or factors on the spot, then the said goods and merchandise, or the proceeds thereof, as well as all the papers found on board such wrecked ships or vessels, shall be delivered to the American or Hawaiian consul, or vice-consul, in whose district the wreck may have taken place; and such consul, vice-consul, proprietors, or factors, shall pay only the expenses incurred in the preservation of the property, together with the rate of salvage and expenses of quarantine which would have been payable in the like case of a wreck of a national vessel; and the goods and merchandise saved from the wreck shall not be subject to duties unless entered for consumption, it being understood that in case of any legal claim upon such wreck, goods, or merchandise, the same shall be referred for decision to the competent tribunals of the country.

## ARTICLE XIII.

The vessels of either of the two contracting parties which may be forced by stress of weather or other cause into one of the ports of the other, shall be exempt from all duties of port or navigation paid for the benefit of the state, if the motives which led to their seeking refuge be real and evident, and if no cargo be discharged or taken on board, save such as may relate to the subsistence of the crew, or be necessary for the repair of the vessels, and if they do not stay in port beyond the time necessary, keeping in view the cause which led to their seeking refuge.

#### ARTICLE XIV.

The contracting parties mutually agree to surrender, upon official requisition, to the authorities of each, all persons who, being charged with the crimes of murder, piracy, arson, robbery, forgery, or the utterance of forged paper, committed within the jurisdiction of either, shall be found within the territories of the other, provided that this shall only be done upon such evidence of criminality as, according to the laws of the place where the person so charged shall be found, would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial, if the crime had there been committed; and the respective judges and other magistrates of the two governments shall have authority, upon complaint made under oath, to

Liberty of conscience.

Proviso as to schools.

Wrecks.

Vessels driven into port by stress of weather.

Extradition of criminals.

issue a warrant for the apprehension of the person so charged, that he may be brought before such judges or other magistrates respectively, to the end that the evidence of criminality may be heard and considered; and if, on such hearing, the evidence be deemed sufficient to sustain the charge, it shall be the duty of the examining judge or magistrate to certify the same to the proper executive authority, that a warrant may issue for the surrender of such fugitive. The expense of such apprehension and delivery shall be borne and defrayed by the party who makes the requisition and receives the fugitive.

# ARTICLE XV.

Mail arrangements. So soon as steam or other mail packets under the flag of either of the contracting parties shall have commenced running between their respective ports of entry, the contracting parties agree to receive at the post-offices of those ports all mailable matter, and to forward it as directed, the destination being to some regular post-office of either country, charging thereupon the regular postal rates as established by law in the territories of either party receiving said mailable matter, in addition to the original postage of the office whence the mail was sent. Mails for the United States shall be made up at regular intervals at the Hawaiian post-office, and despatched to ports of the United States; the postmasters at which ports shall open the same, and forward the enclosed matter as directed, crediting the Hawaiian government with their postages as established by law, and stamped upon each manuscript or printed sheet.

All mailable matter destined for the Hawaiian Islands shall be received at the several post-offices in the United States, and forwarded to San Francisco, or other ports on the Pacific coast of the United States, whence the postmasters shall despatch it by the regular mail packets to Honolulu, the Hawaiian government agreeing on their part to receive and collect for and credit the post-office department of the United States with the United States' rates charged thereupon. It shall be optional to prepay the postage on letters in either country, but postage on printed sheets and newspapers shall in all cases be prepaid. The respective post-office departments of the contracting parties shall in their accounts, which are to be adjusted annually, be credited with all dead letters returned.

# ARTICLE XVI.

Continuance of this treaty.

Amity not to be

broken by acts of individuals. The present treaty shall be in force from the date of the exchange of the ratifications, for the term of ten years, and further, until the end of twelve months after either of the contracting parties shall have given notice to the other of its intention to terminate the same, each of the said contracting parties reserving to itself the right of giving such notice at the end of the said term of ten years, or at any subsequent term.

Any citizen or subject of either party infringing the articles of this treaty shall be held responsible for the same, and the harmony and good correspondence between the two governments shall not be interrupted thereby, each party engaging in no way to protect the offender, or sanction such violation.

## ARTICLE XVII.

Ratification. The present treaty shall be ratified by the President of the United States of America, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the said States, and by his Majesty the King of the Hawaiian Islands, by and with the advice of his Privy Council of State, and the

# TREATY WITH THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS. DEC. 20, 1849.

ratification shall be exchanged at Honolulu within eighteen months from the date of its signature, or sooner if possible.

In witness whereof, the respective plenipotentiaries have signed the same in triplicate, and have thereto affixed their seals.

Done at Washington, in the English language, the twentieth day of Date. December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine. JOHN M. CLAYTON, [SEAL

SEAL.] JAMES JACKSON JARVES. [SEAL.]

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#### Dec. 30, 1849.

Consent of Senate Sept. 9, 1850. Proclamation made Sept. 9, 1850.

Utah Indians acknowledge themselves lawfully under the authority of the U. States.

Cessation of hostilities and perpetual peace and amity to exist.

All American and Mexican captives to be restored to an officer of the U. S. before March 1, 1850.

Stolen property to be returned, or restitution made.

Laws now in force for regulating trade and preserving peace with the Indian tribes to be extended over the Utahs, and the territory occupied by them is annexed to New Mexico.

Free passage through their territory.

# TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE UTAH INDIANS.

THE following articles have been duly considered and solemnly adopted by the undersigned — that is to say, James S. Calhoun, Indian Agent, residing at Santa Fe, acting as commissioner on the part of the United States of America, and Quixiachigiate, Nanito, Nincocunachi, Abaganixe, Ramahi, Subleta, Rupallachi, Saguasoxego, Paguisachi, Cobaxanor, Amuche, Puigniachi, Panachi, Sichuga, Uvicaxinape, Cuchuticay, Nachitope, Pueguate, Guano Juas, Pacachi, Saguanchi, Acaguate nochi, Puibuquiacte, Quixache tuate, Saxiabe, Pichiute, Nochichigue, Uvive, principal and subordinate chiefs, representing the Utah tribe of Indians.

I. The Utah tribe of Indians do hereby acknowledge and declare, they are lawfully and exclusively under the jurisdiction of the government of said States: and to its power and authority they now unconditionally submit.

II. From and after the signing of this treaty, hostilities between the contracting parties shall cease, and perpetual peace and amity shall exist, the said tribe hereby binding themselves most solemnly never to associate with, or give countenance or aid to, any tribe or band of Indians, or other persons or powers, who may be, at any time, at enmity with the people or government of said States; and that they will, in all future time, treat honestly and humanely every citizen of the United States, and all persons and powers at peace with the said States, and all cases of aggression against said Utahs shall be referred to the afore-said government for adjustment and settlement.

III. All American and Mexican captives, and others, taken from persons or powers at peace with the said States, shall be restored and delivered by said Utahs to an authorized officer or agent of said States, at Abiquin, on or before the first day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty. And, in like manner, all stolen property, of every description, shall be restored by or before the aforesaid first day of March, 1850. In the event such stolen property shall have been consumed or destroyed, the said Utah Indians do agree, and are hereby bound, to make such restitution and under such circumstances as the government of the United States may order and prescribe. But this article is not to be so construed, or understood, as to create a claim against said States, for any losses or depredations committed by said Utahs.

IV. The contracting parties agree that the laws now in force, and such others as may be passed, regulating the trade and intercourse, and for the preservation of peace with the various tribes of Indians under the protection and guardianship of the government of the United States, shall be as binding and obligatory upon the said Utahs as if said laws had been enacted for their sole benefit and protection. And that said laws may be duly executed, and for all other useful purposes, the territory occupied by the Utahs is hereby annexed to New Mexico as now organized, or as it may be organized, or until the government of the United States shall otherwise order.

V. The people of the United States, and all others in amity with the United States, shall have free passage through the territory of said Utahs, under such rules and regulations as may be adopted by authority of said States.

VI. In order to preserve tranquility, and to afford protection to all the people and interests of the contracting parties, the government of the United States will establish such military posts and agencies, and authorize such trading-houses, at such time and in such places as the said government may designate.

VII. Relying confidently upon the justice and liberality of the United States, and anxious to remove every possible cause that might disturb their peace and quiet, it is agreed by the Utahs that the aforesaid government shall, at its earliest convenience, designate, settle, and adjust their territorial boundaries, and pass and execute such laws, in their territory, as the government of said States may deem conducive to the happiness and prosperity of said Indians. And the said Utahs, further, bind themselves not to depart from their accustomed homes or localities unless specially permitted by an agent of the aforesaid government; and so soon as their boundaries are distinctly defined, the said Utahs are further bound to confine themselves to said limits, under such rules as the said government may prescribe, and to build up pueblos, or to settle in such other manner as will enable them most successfully to cultivate the soil, and pursue such other industrial pursuits as will best promote their happiness and prosperity: and they now, deliberately and considerately, pledge their existence, as a distinct tribe, to abstain, for all time to come, from all depredations; to cease the roving and rambling habits which have hitherto marked them as a people; to confine themselves strictly to the limits which may be assigned them; and to support themselves by their own industry, aided and directed as it may be by the wisdom, justice, and humanity of the American people.

VIII. For, and in consideration of the faithful performance of all the stipulations contained in this treaty by the said Utahs, the government of the United States will grant to said Indians such donations, presents, and implements, and adopt such other liberal and humane measures, as said government may deem meet and proper.

IX. This treaty shall be binding upon the contracting parties from and after the signing of the same, subject, in the first place, to the approval of the civil and military governor of New Mexico, and to such other modifications, amendments, and orders as may be adopted by the government of the United States.

In faith whereof, the undersigned have signed this treaty, and affixed thereunto their seals, at Abiquin, in New Mexico, this the thirtieth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.

> JAMES S. CALHOUN, [L. S.] Indian Agent, Commissioner, U. S. QUIXIACHIGIATE, his x mark, [L. S.] Principal Chief.

Nanito,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
		5 4
Nincocunachi,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Abaganixe,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Ramahi,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Subleta,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Rupallachi,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Saguasoxego,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Paguisachi,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Cobaxanor,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Amuche,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Puigniachi,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Panachi,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Sichuga,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Uvicaxinape,	his x mark,	[L. S.]

Military posts and agencies to be established.

The U.S. to limit boundaries and provide laws.

The Utahs to live within their limits, and cultivate the soil.

The U. S. to grant presents, donations, and implements.

Obligation of this treaty.

Signed December 30, 1849.

Cuchuticay,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Nachitope,	his x mark,	L. S.
Pueguate,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Guano Juas,	his x mark,	[l. s.]
Pacachi,		[L. S.]
Saguanchi,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Acaguate nochi,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Puibuquiacte,	his x mark,	L. S.
Quixache tuate,	his x mark,	L. S.
Saxiabe,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Pichiute,	his x mark,	[L. S.]
Nochichigue,		[L. S.]
Uvive,	his x mark,	L. S.
-	Subordina	tes.

Witnesses -

Anto. Jesus Solosa,

Franco Tomas Baco,

Vicente Vilarde, his x màrk, Interpreter. Antoine Leroux, Interpreter. James Conklin, Interpreter. J. H. Whitlesey, 1st Lieut. 1st Dragoons. Edward M. Kern, George W. Martin, Wm. H. Mitchell.

Approved :

JOHN MUNROE,

Brevet Colonel U. S. Army, Civil and Military Gov.

# TREATY WITH THE WYANDOT INDIANS.

Articles of a Convention concluded in the city of Washington, this ate first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, by and 1850. between Ardavan S. Loughery, Commissioner especially appointed made by the President of the United States, and the undersigned, Head 1850. Chief and Deputies of the Wyandot Tribe of Indians, duly authorized and empowered to act for their tribe.

[WHEREAS, the people composing the Wyandot tribe or nation of Indians have manifested an anxious desire to extinguish their tribal or national character and become citizens of the United States - believing their condition will, thereby, not only be ameliorated, but their welfare and prosperity greatly promoted. They have arrived at this conviction in view of the fact that a new territory will, at no distant period, be organized by the government of the United States, which will embrace within its limits their present lands and possessions, and thus they will again be surrounded by citizens of the United States. After a full consultation with their people, and upon mature reflection, the undersigned, representatives of the Wyandot nation, entertain the belief, that the evil effects always to be apprehended from such a state of things will be avoided by their becoming citizens of the United States, and having the lands and other property accruing under treaty stipulations, now held in common by their people, fairly and equally divided among the individual owners, and secured to them in severalty :

And, whereas, by the first article of the treaty concluded between the United States and the Wyandot nation or tribe of Indians, on the 17th day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, the said nation ceded and relinquished to the United States all the lands and possessions owned or claimed by them, within the limits of the States of Ohio and Michigan — in consideration of which cession, the United States, by the second article of the treaty aforesaid, stipulate and agree to "grant to the Wyandot nation a tract of land west of the Mississippi River, to contain one hundred and forty-eight thousand acres, and to be located upon any lands owned by the United States, now set apart, or may in future set apart, for Indian use, and not already assigned to any other tribe or nation." And in further consideration of the aforesaid cession by the Wyandot nation, the United States, by the third and succeeding articles of said treaty, agree "to pay the Wyandot nation a perpetual annuity of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars (\$17,500) in specie," beside making other provision for the benefit of said nation, as follows : Blacksmith and assistant, \$750 — iron and steel for shop, \$270 — and for education purposes, \$500 - all of which to be furnished and paid annually. It being expressly stipulated in the 3d article of the treaty before mentioned, that the annuity of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars should include " all former annuities."

And, whereas, the Wyandot tribe of Indians were not put in possession of the one hundred and forty-eight thousand acres of land, as stipulated in the second article of the treaty aforesaid; and they aver that, in consequence of the United States having failed to comply with that stipulation, by not designating and conveying to them a country fit for farming purposes and suited to their wants, they were compelled to purchase a home, of which they were then destitute, from another tribe of Indians. Accordingly, on the fourteenth day of December, one

April 1, 1850.

Consent of Senate Sept. 24, 1850. Proclamation

made Sept 30, 1850.

.Preamble.

thousand eight hundred and forty-three, they entered into a contract with the Delaware nation of Indians, by which they purchased of the last-mentioned nation a tract of land containing thirty-six sections, (or twenty-three thousand and forty acres,) and had granted to them, as a donation, three sections, (or nineteen hundred and twenty acres,) in addition, as set forth in the 1st and 2d articles of said contract or treaty, wherein these two tracts or sections of land are described as follows: "Three sections of land, containing six hundred and forty acres each, lying and being situated at the point of the junction of the Missouri and Kansas Rivers,"-and the "thirty-six sections of land, each containing 640 acres, situated between the aforesaid Missouri and Kansas Rivers, and adjoining on the west the aforesaid three donated sections, making in all thirty-nine sections of land, bounded as follows, viz.: Commencing at the point at the junction of the aforesaid Missouri and Kansas Rivers, running west along the Kansas River sufficiently far to include the aforesaid thirty-nine sections; thence running north to the Missouri River; thence down the said river with its meanders to the place of beginning; to be surveyed in as near a square form as the rivers and territory ceded will admit of."

And, whereas, this said contract or treaty was ratified and confirmed by the United States, by a joint resolution of Congress, approved July 1848. res. 19. 25, 1848; and which contains only the following proviso: "That the Wyandot Indian nation shall take no better right or interest in and to said lands than is now vested in the Delaware nation of Indians."

The representatives of the Wyandot nation, therefore, present a claim against the United States for the price of one hundred and fortyeight thousand acres of land granted by the 2d article of the aforesaid treaty of March 17, 1842,-fixing that price at one dollar and twentyfive cents per acre, --- and which claim, they conceive, is strengthened, if not rendered valid, by the recognition of their purchase from the Delaware Indians on the part of the United States, as shown by the resolution confirmatory thereof, above cited. And they now ask that the sum of one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars be allowed and paid to the Wyandot people in commutation of said claim.

And, whereas, the commissioner on behalf of the United States, having carefully and attentively examined the application presented to him on behalf of the Wyandot nation, both in regard to their desire to become citizens of the United States, and of their claim for payment, in money, for the lands granted to them by the treaty of 1842; and having, also, examined the public documents and other proofs having reference to the subject, he is induced to believe, first, that the Wyandot people have so far advanced in civilization as to be capable, generally, of managing their own affairs, and are qualified and calculated to become useful citizens, a large portion whereof being already engaged in agricultural pursuits; and, secondly, that they have an equitable claim on the United States for the value of the lands granted to them by the treaty of 1842, aforesaid, but of which lands they were not possessed, in compliance with the stipulations of said treaty. In arriving at this conclusion, however, it is expressly understood, that it is not to be considered as an admission by the United States of either the policy or expediency of commuting lands granted to Indian tribes under treaty stipulations, for money, or in fixing the value of such lands so as to serve as a precedent hereafter. But, under the peculiar circumstances of this case, and especially in view of the Wyandot tribe of Indians agreeing to extinguish their national existence, and become citizens of the United States, thereby relinquishing all claims now held, in their national or collective capacity, against the United States, the commissioner aforesaid has agreed with the Wyandot chief and deputies, parties hereto, to conclude the following articles, to wit:

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#### ARTICLE I.

For and in consideration of the stipulations set forth in the following articles, the Wyandot tribe or nation of Indians hereby cede, relinquish, and forever quit claim to the United States all the right, title, and interest in the lands they now possess and occupy, or have ever possessed and held in common, either as original occupants of the soil, or acquired by virtue of treaty stipulations.

# ARTICLE II.

The Wyandot nation aforesaid, in further consideration of the stipulations contained in the following articles, hereby stipulate and agree that their existence, as a nation or tribe, shall terminate and become extinct upon the ratification of this treaty by the President and Senate of the United States, and by the Chiefs and National Council of their nation. And in like manner do they relinquish all claims held by the Wyandot people, in their national or collective capacity, against the United States, either on account of annuities arising out of treaty sipulations, or of any other character or description whatsoever; and that, after the ratification of this treaty in the manner before mentioned, they will have no claim to be recognized by the government of the United States in their *tribal* or *national* capacity, except so far as it may be necessary to carry into effect the several stipulations of this treaty.

#### ARTICLE III.

In consideration of the foregoing grants and conditions, and for the purpose of gratifying the laudable desire expressed by the Wyandot people to become citizens of the United States, it is hereby stipulated and agreed, that the United States will pay them (the Wyandot people) for the one hundred and forty-eight thousand acres of land, promised to them by the treaty of March 17, 1842, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, amounting to the sum of one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars, in the manner following, to wit: One hundred thousand dollars shall be invested in United States stock, to bear interest from the ratification of this treaty, at the rate of five per cent. per annum, redeemable at the pleasure of the government of the United States — certificates of which stock shall be issued to the individuals now composing the Wyandot nation, in the manner and form hereinafter prescribed. And for the purpose of enabling the Wyandot Indians (preparatory to their becoming citizens of the United States) to pay and extinguish all their just debts and liabilities, contracted in their national or collective capacity, either on account of the purchase of their lands from the Delaware nation or otherwise, the balance of eighty-five thousand dollars shall, upon the ratification of this treaty by the Senate, be advanced by the United States, in specie, to the chief and deputies, signers hereto, or upon the draft or drafts drawn by them, or any two of them. And as the said chief and deputies are hereby made accountable for the faithful application of this fund, each and every draft or order they may draw upon it, will explicitly state them. the nature and character of the claim, and show that the debt or debts were fairly contracted by the properly constituted authorities of the Wyandot nation, and on account of the business of said nation; and after discharging all the national debts and liabilities of their tribe, they will distribute the balance, if any among their people, per capita.

The Wyandots cede and relinquish to the U. S. all the right and title in the lands they now possess or have possessed.

They surrender their national existence, and relinquish all claims against the U. S., except such as are necessary to carry this treaty into effect.

The U. States stipulate to pay the Wyandots \$185,000 for the lands promised them, \$100,000 of which is to be vested in government stock, and the balance paid to their chief and deputies in cash.

Disposition to be made of the cash paid to them. The U. S. to commute all annuities and claims under the treaty of March 17, 1842, for the sum of \$379,800; which is to be funded with the \$100,000 mentioned in art. 3.

# ARTICLE IV.

The United States further agree to a commutation of the annuity and other claims of the Wyandot Indians arising out of former treaty stipulations, and which are to be considered as being all embraced in the treaty of March 17, 1842. These annuities and other claims, producing an annual payment to the Wyandot nation of eighteen thousand nine hundred and ninety dollars, are hereby commuted for the sum of three hundred and seventy-nine thousand eight hundred dollars, (8379,800.) And this sum of three hundred and seventy-nine thousand eight hundred dollars shall be added to the sum of one hundred thousand dollars stipulated to be funded, by the third article of this treaty; and the aggregate amount of four hundred and seventy-nine thousand eight hundred dollars shall constitute a general fund, to be equally divided among the Wyandot people, and certificates of stock to be issued therefor, as mentioned in the preceding article, so that each and every Wyandot citizen shall have an equal share of the common property thus to be divided.

### ARTICLE V.

Retrocession of the lands in fee simple to the Wyandots, which they acquired from the Delawares, and the title of which they surrendered to the U. S.

The Wyandot tribe or nation having, by the first article of this treaty, extinguished their *Indian* or occupant title to all lands claimed or occupied by them, the United States, for the consideration hereinbefore set forth, do hereby retrocede, convey, and guaranty in *fee simple* to the Wyandot people, all the lands conveyed or intended to be conveyed to them by the Delaware nation, in the treaty or contract entered into on the 14th of December, 1842, and ratified by the President and Congress of the United States, July 25, 1848, as fully shown in the préamble to this treaty; said tract or tracts of land containing thirty-nine sections, or twenty-four thousand nine hundred and sixty acres. And the United States agree to cause an accurate survey of the boundary of these lands to be made as soon after the ratification of this treaty as possible, in accordance with the stipulations contained in the said contract between the Delaware and Wyandot tribes.

# ARTICLE VI.

A board of commissioners constituted for the apportionment of the Wyandot lands, and for the taking of a census of the nation.

In order that a fair and equitable partition and apportionment of the Wyandot lands mentioned in the foregoing article may be made, so that they may hereafter be held individually and severally, it is hereby mutually agreed between the contracting parties, that a commissioner on the part of the United States, and three commissioners on the part of the Wyandot people, shall be appointed for that purpose - the latter to be appointed by the chiefs and national council of the Wyandot The duty of the board of commissioners, thus constituted, nation. shall be to take a census of all the individuals belonging to the Wyandot nation, and entitled to personal benefits accruing under this treaty - to make an accurate register of their names, ages, occupations, and general condition. And after these facts are ascertained to the satisfaction of said board of commissioners, then they shall proceed to make a just partition and apportionment of the lands aforesaid among the individuals of the Wyandot nation who, at the ratification of this treaty, reside upon the lands as citizens of said nation, and who are ascertained to be entitled to a share therein, according to the laws, usages, or agreements of said nation.

## ARTICLE VII.

It is expressly agreed and understood between the parties to this treaty, that the commissioners aforesaid, in making the partition and division provided for in the preceding article, shall not interfere with the buildings and improvements of individual Wyandots; and in all cases of this kind, such buildings and other improvements shall be embraced within the portion of the land allotted to the person who is properly in possession, and owner of the same, unless, by doing so, palpable injustice will be done to other Wyandot citizens; and in all cases, the quality and location of the land must be taken into consideration in making allotment of quantity to individuals : Provided, however, That nothing herein shall be so construed as to authorize the value of the buildings or improvements (being individual property) in estimating the value of the lands.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

The commissioners agreed upon in the foregoing articles shall be appointed within six months after the ratification of this treaty; notice of which appointment on behalf of the United States shall be previously given to the Wyandot chiefs and council. And after the said commissioners shall have performed the duties hereinbefore assigned to them, they shall make up a full report of their proceedings, setting forth the name of each person to whom they may have apportioned and allotted any part of said lands, with the name and condition of such person; showing who, upon proper proofs, are considered incompetent to take charge of their property, either as orphans, minors, insane persons, or for other causes; and also exhibit the quantity of land assigned to each person, with the metes and bounds of such allotments. And said commissioners shall make an accurate map of the whole survey and proceeding, to accompany their report, showing the partition and division aforesaid. This report and map, when completed, shall be submitted to a convention of the Wyandot people, to be assembled for the purpose, after due notice given by the chiefs and national council; of the Wyandots. and after having all matters embraced in said report and map fully explained to them, their decision for or against the same shall be taken, in accordance with the usages of the tribe in such cases. If a full majority of those qualified to judge for themselves should declare themselves dissatisfied, it will be the duty of the commissioners to remove the cause of dissatisfaction, if it can be properly done, in order that there shall be no just grounds of complaint. And whenever a majority of the persons interested, whose vote shall be taken as aforesaid, declare in favor of the partition and division made by the commissioners, and said report and proceedings are approved by the chiefs and national councils of the nation, they shall be considered as adopted by the Wyandot people - one copy whereof, with the accompanying map, shall be given to the chiefs and national council, to be hereafter deposited by them in the office of the Secretary of the State or Territory wherein their lands may be situated; and another copy to be transmitted to the Secretary of the Interior at Washington; and whenever the report and proceedings aforesaid are approved by the President of the United States, a patent shall be granted to each individual for his or her portion of said land, in the same manner that patents are issued to other citizens of the United States; and upon the same report, and in like manner, shall certificates of stock, as stipulated for in the 3d and 4th articles, be issued to the individuals thus shown to be entitled thereto, with the reservation and restriction, only, contained in the following article:

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In the division of lands, buildings and im-provements are not to be inter-fered with.

Proviso.

Duties and report of commissioners.

Map and report to be submitted to a convention

ARTICLE IX.

For the purpose of protecting the Wyandots, made citizens by this treaty, in the lands and other property which they are hereafter to hold in severalty, it is hereby mutually agreed between the commissioner on behalf of the United States, and the chief and deputies of the Wyandot nation, that they shall not possess the right, until after the expiration of five years from the ratification of this treaty, to alienate, by sale or otherwise, either their land or stock herein provided for. And any sale or transfer made of such land or stock, or any portion thereof, before the expiration of five years as aforesaid, shall be considered null and void : *Provided, however*, That if any individual or individuals of the Wyandot people produce satisfactory proof that such sale or transfer can be made, beneficially to themselves, then it may be done under the approval and sanction of the President of the United States.

### ARTICLE X.

All persons adjudged to be incompetent to take care of their property, for the reasons and in the manner set forth in the 8th article of this treaty, shall become the wards of the United States; and all property acquired by them under the provisions of this treaty shall be held in trust accordingly, until trustees and guardians can be legally appointed by a court of law possessing competent jurisdiction over the same; and, in the mean time, trustees and guardians shall be designated by the board of commissioners hereinbefore mentioned, who shall in this respect take into consideration and act upon the recommendation of the chiefs and council of the Wyandot nation, and the selections thus made shall be approved by said chiefs and council. Each and every trustee and guardian thus to be designated and appointed over the persons and property of the orphans or others not qualified to manage their own affairs, as before mentioned, shall be required to give bonds with sufficient security to the President of the United States, conditioned for the faithful performance of the trust confided in them, and said bonds be approved by the President before any moneys or other property accruing under this treaty shall be placed in their hands for the education and maintenance of these wards of the United States, or for any other purpose whatsoever on their account.

## ARTICLE XI.

All former treaties between the United States and the Wyandot nation of Indians are abrogated and declared null and void by this treaty — except such provisions as may have been made for the benefit of private individuals of said nation, by grants of reservations of lands, or otherwise, which are considered as *vested* rights, and not to be affected by any thing contained in this treaty.

# ARTICLE [XII.] -2.

All the reasonable expenses attending the negotiation of this treaty, including a reasonable allowance for the expenses of the delegation, signers hereto, in coming to Washington, whilst here on the business connected herewith, and in returning to their nation, shall be defrayed by the United States.

## ARTICLE XIII.

This treaty shall take effect and be binding and obligatory upon the contracting parties as soon as it shall be ratified by the President, by

The right to alienate either lands or stock, for five years after the ratification of this treaty, mutually forbidden.

Proviso.

Persons incompetent to take care of their property to become wards of the U. States.

Trustees and guardians to be appointed for them, who are to give security for the discharge of their duties.

All former treaties abrogated.

Expenses of negotiating this treaty to be paid by the U. States.

To be binding when ratified by and with the advice and consent of the Senate of the United States, the and by the chiefs and national council of the Wyandot nation.

In testimony whereof, the said commissioner on the part of the United States, and the said head chief and deputies, delegates on the part of the Wyandot tribe or nation of Indians, have hereunto set their 1, 1850. hands, at the city of Washington, D. C., this first day of April, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and fifty.

ARDAVAN S. LOUGHERY,	[L. S.]
United States Com	missioner.
F. A. HICK,	[L. S.]
GEO. J. CLARK,	[L. S.]
JOEL WALKER	L. S.
WILLIAM B. WAUGH, Secreta	ry.
,	5

In presence of-

R. W. Johnson, James X. MacLanahan, Geo. F. Wood, James Myer, A. M. Mitchell, Jno. G. Camp, Richard Fields. S. C. Stambaugh, Sam. J. Potts.

And whereas, The said treaty having been submitted to the Senate of the United States for its constitutional action thereon, the Senate the Senate, Sep-did, on the twenty-fourth day of Sentember one thousand eight hun tember 24, 1850. did, on the twenty-fourth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, resolve as follows, viz. :

"Resolved, (two thirds of the senators present concurring,) That the Senate advise and consent to the ratification of the articles of a convention concluded in the city of Washington, the 1st day of April, 1850, by and between Ardavan S. Loughery, commissioner especially appointed by the President of the United States, and the undersigned, head chief and deputies of the Wyandot tribe of Indians, duly authorized and empowered to act for their tribe, with the following

#### AMENDMENT.

Strike out the preamble, and all the other articles of the treaty, except the twelfth, and insert as follows :

Whereas, By the treaty of March 17, 1842, between the United States and the Wyandot nation of Indians, then chiefly residing within the limits of the State of Ohio, the said nation of Indians agreed to sell and transfer, and did thereby sell and transfer, to the United States their reservations of land, one hundred and nine thousand acres of which was in the State of Ohio, and six thousand acres was in the State of Michigan, and to remove to the west of the Mississippi River: And whereas, among other stipulations it was agreed that the United States should convey to said Indians a tract of country for their permanent settlement in the Indian territory west of the Misr sissippi River, to contain one hundred an [and] forty-eight thousand acres of land: And whereas, The said Indians never did receive the said one hundred and forty-eight thousand acres of land from the United States, but were forced to purchase lands from the Delaware nation of Indians, which purchase was agreed to and ratified by the United States: Now, in order to settle the claim of the Wyandot tribe of Indians to said land, the United States having appointed A. S. Loughery a commissioner or their part, who, with the undersigned delegates from the Wyandot action, have agreed to the following treaty:

Amended by

Preamble.

President and by the chiefs of the Wyandot nation. Signed April

ARTICLE I.

In consideration that the Wyandots relinquish all claim to certain lands, the U. S. agree to pay to them \$100,000, to be invested in government stocks at five per cent. per annum, and \$85,000 shall be paid to them or on their drafts

The United States, in consideration that the Wyandot nation of Indians shall and do hereby release, relinquish, and give up all claim to the said one hundred and forty-eight thousand acres of land agreed to be assigned and given to them by the treaty of March 17, 1842, hereby stipulate and agree to pay to the said Wyandot tribe of Indians the sum of one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars, being at and after the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre, in the manner and form following, to wit: One hundred thousand dollars to be invested in United States stocks, bearing five per cent. interest per annum, which interest shall be paid to them at the time and in the manner in which their present annuities are paid - and for the purpose of enabling the Wyandot Indians to pay and extinguish all their just debts, as well what is now due to the Delawares for the purchase of their lands as to others, the balance of said sum, being the sum of eighty-five thousand dollars, shall be paid to the Wyandot nation, or on their drafts, specifically describing for what the drafts are given.

Article II.

Change article twelve to article two." Attest ---

ASBURY DICKINS, Secretary."

# CONVENTION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMER-ICA AND HER BRITANNIC MAJESTY.

THE United States of America and her Britannic Majesty, being desirous of consolidating the relations of amity which so happily subsist between them, by setting forth and fixing in a convention their views and intentions with reference to any means of communication by ship canal, which may be constructed between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, by the way of the River San Juan de Nicaragua, and either or both of the lakes of Nicaragua or Managua, to any port or place on the Pacific Ocean : the President of the United States has conferred full powers on John M. Clayton, Secretary of State of the United States; and her Britannic Majesty on the Right Honorable Sir Henry Lytton Bulwer, a member of her Majesty's Most Honorable Privy Council, Knight Commander of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, and Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of her Britannic Majesty to the United States, for the aforesaid purpose; and the said plenipotentiaries, having exchanged their full powers, which were found to be in proper form, have agreed to the following articles:

#### ARTICLE I.

The governments of the United States and Great Britain hereby declare, that neither the one nor the other will ever obtain or maintain for itself any exclusive control over the said ship canal; agreeing that neither will ever erect or maintain any fortifications commanding the same or in the vicinity thereof, or occupy, or fortify, or colonize, or assume or exercise any dominion over Nicaragua, Costa Rica, the Mosquito coast, or any part of Central America; nor will either make use of any protection which either affords or may afford, or any alliance which either has or may have, to or with any State or people, for the purpose of erecting or maintaining any such fortifications, or of occupying, fortifying, or colonizing Nicaragua, Costa Rica, the Mosquito coast, or any part of Central America, or of assuming or exercising dominion over the same; nor will the United States or Great Britain take advantage of any intimacy, or use any alliance, connection, or influence that either may possess, with any State or government through whose territory the said canal may pass, for the purpose of acquiring or holding, directly or indirectly, for the citizens or subjects of the one, any rights or advantages in regard to commerce or navigation through the said canal which shall not be offered on the same terms to the citizens or subjects of the other.

#### ARTICLE II.

Vessels of the United States or Great Britain traversing the said canal shall, in case of war between the contracting parties, be exempted from blockade, detention, or capture by either of the belligerents; and this provision shall extend to such a distance from the two ends of the said canal as may hereafter be found expedient to establish.

#### ARTICLE III.

In order to secure the construction of the said canal, the contracting parties engage, that, if any such canal shall be undertaken upon fair parties engaged

Ratifications exchanged at Washington Ju-ly 4, 1850. Proclamation made July 4, 1850.

Negotiators.

Exclusive control over the proposed canal, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, not to be exercised by either power.

Neither party to colonise, &c.

Vessels of either power traversing the canal to be exempted from blockade, from detention, or capture, in case of war.

Property of the

in constructing the canal to be protected from unjust detention, confiscation, and seizure.

and equitable terms, by any parties having the authority of the local government or governments through whose territory the same may pass, then the persons employed in making the said canal, and their property used or to be used for that object, shall be protected, from the commencement of the said canal to its completion, by the governments of the United States and Great Britain, from unjust detention, confiscation, seizure, or any violence whatsoever.

## ARTICLE IV.

The contracting parties agree to facilitate the construction of the work.

Good offices to be used for the establishment of two free ports. The contracting parties will use whatever influence they respectively exercise with any State, states, or governments, possessing, or claiming to possess, any jurisdiction or right over the territory which the said canal shall traverse, or which shall be near the waters applicable thereto, in order to induce such states or governments to facilitate the construction of the said canal by every means in their power; and furthermore, the United States and Great Britain agree to use their good offices, wherever or however it may be most expedient, in order to procure the establishment of two free ports, one at each end of the said canal.

#### ARTICLE V.

On the completion of the canal, the contracting parties guarantee its neutrality, so that it may forever remain open and free.

Conditions of said guarantee

Which is not to be withdrawn without six months' notice being given.

The contracting parties in this convention invite every state in friendly intercourse to enter into similar stipulations with them.

Treaty stipulations to be made with such of the Central American States as they may deem advisable.

If differences arise between the

The contracting parties further engage that, when the said canal shall have been completed, they will protect it from interruption, seizure, or unjust confiscation, and that they will guarantee the neutrality thereof, so that the said canal may forever be open and free, and the capital invested therein secure. Nevertheless, the governments of the United States and Great Britain, in according their protection to the construction of the said canal, and guaranteeing its neutrality and security when completed, always understand that this protection and guarantee are granted conditionally, and may be withdrawn by both governments, or either government, if both governments, or either government should deem that the persons or company undertaking or managing the same adopt or establish such regulations concerning the traffic thereupon as are contrary to the spirit and intention of this convention, either by making unfair discriminations in favor of the commerce of one of the contracting parties over the commerce of the other, or by imposing oppressive exactions or unreasonable tolls upon passengers, vessels, goods, wares, merchandize, or other articles. Neither party, however, shall withdraw the aforesaid protection and guarantee, without first giving six months' notice to the other.

#### ARTICLE VI.

The contracting parties in this convention engage to invite every State with which both or either have friendly intercourse, to enter into stipulations with them similar to those which they have entered into with each other, to the end that all other States may share in the honor and advantage of having contributed to a work of such general interest and importance as the canal herein contemplated. And the contracting parties likewise agree that each shall enter into treaty stipulations with such of the Central American States as they may deem advisable, for the purpose of more effectually carrying out the great design of this convention, namely, that of constructing and maintaining the said canal as a ship communication between the two oceans, for the benefit of mankind, on equal terms to all, and of protecting the same; and they also agree, that the good offices of either shall be employed, when requested by the other, in aiding and assisting the negotiation of such treaty stipulations; and should any differences arise as to right or property over the territory through which the said canal shall pass, - between the States or governments of Central America, — and such differences should, in any way, impede or obstruct the execution of the said canal, the governments of the United States and Great Britain will use their good offices to settle such differences in the manner best suited to promote the interests of the said canal, and to strengthen the bonds of friendship and alliance which exist between the contracting parties.

#### ARTICLE VII.

It being desirable that no time should be unnecessarily lost in commencing and constructing the said canal, the governments of the United States and Great Britain determine to give their support and encouragement to such persons or company as may first offer to commence the same, with the necessary capital, the consent of the local authorities, and on such principles as accord with the spirit and intention of this convention; and if any persons or company should already have, with any State through which the proposed ship canal may pass, a contract for the construction of such a canal as that specified in this convention, to the stipulations of which contract neither of the contracting parties in this convention have any just cause to object, and the said persons or company shall, moreover, have made preparations, and expended time, money, and trouble, on the faith of such contract, it is hereby agreed that such persons or company shall have a priority of claim, over every other person, persons, or company, to the protection of the governments of the United States and Great Britain, and be allowed a year from the date of the exchange of the ratifications of this convention for concluding their arrangements, and presenting evidence of sufficient capital subscribed to accomplish the contemplated undertaking; it being understood that if, at the expiration of the aforesaid period, such persons or company be not able to commence and carry out the proposed enterprize, then the governments of the United States and Great Britain shall be free to afford their protection to any other persons or company that shall be prepared to commence and proceed with the construction of the canal in question.

#### ARTICLE VIII.

The governments of the United States and Great Britain having not only desired, in entering into this convention, to accomplish a particular object, but also to establish a general principle, they hereby agree to extend their protection, by treaty stipulations, to any other practicable communications, whether by canal or railway, across the isthmus which connects North and South America, and especially to the inter oceanic communications, should the same prove to be practicable, whether by canal or railway, which are now proposed to be established by the way of Tehuantepec or Panama. In granting, however, their joint protection to any such canals or railways as are by this article specified, it is always understood by the United States and Great Britain that the parties constructing or owning the same shall impose no other charges or conditions of traffic thereupon than the aforesaid governments shall approve of as just and equitable; and that the same canals or railways, being open to the citizens and subjects of the United States and Great Britain on equal terms, shall also be open on like terms to the citizens and subjects of every other State which is willing to grant thereto such protection as the United States and Great Britain engage to afford.

Central American States, respecting territory, the good offices of the respective governments to be used to settle them.

Contract to be entered into without delay for the commencement and completion of the canal.

Priority of claim granted to certain persons on certain conditions.

Protection to be extended by treaty stipulations to any other communications, either by canal or railway, across the isthmus.

Citizens of nations other than the U. States and Great Britain granted the same privileges, conditionally.

#### ARTICLE IX.

The ratifications of this convention shall be exchanged at Washington within six months from this day, or sooner if possible.

In faith whereof, we, the respective plenipotentiaries, have signed this convention, and have hereunto affixed our seals.

Done at Washington, the nineteenth day of April, anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and fifty.

JOHN M. CLAYTON, HENRY LYTTON BULWER. [L. S.]

Ratifications to be exchanged within six months.

Signed 19th April, 1850.

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#### 1. Lewiston made a Port entitled to Privilege of Drawback.

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the Congress of the United States of the 3d of March. 1845, entitled "An Act allowing Drawback upon Foreign Merchandise exported in the original Packages to Chihuahua and Santa Fé, in Mexico, and to the British North American Provinces adjoining the United States," certain privileges are extended in reference to drawback to ports therein specially enu merated in the 7th section of said act, which also provides "That such other ports situated on the frontiers of the United States, adjoining the British North American Provinces as may hereafter be found expedient, may have extended to them the like privileges on the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury, and proclamation duly made by the President of the United States, specially designating the ports to which the aforesaid privileges are to be extended :"

And whereas the Secretary of the Treasury has duly recommended to me the extension of the privileges of the law aforesaid to the port of Lewiston, in the collection district of Niagara, in the State of New York:

Now, therefore, I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim that the port of Lewiston, in the collection district of Niagara, in the State of New York, is and shall be entitled to all the privileges extended to the other ports enumerated in the seventh section of the act aforesaid, from and after the date of this proclamation.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this seventeenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States of America the seventieth.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

#### Respecting the War with Merico. 2

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

#### A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Congress of the United States, by virtue of the constitutional authority vested in them, have declared by their act, bearing date this day, that, "by the act of the Republic of Mexico, a state of war exists between that government and the United States:"

Now, therefore, I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the same to all whom it may concern; and I do specially enjoin on all persons holding offices, civil or military, under the authority of the United States, that they be vigilant and zealous in discharging the duties respectively incident thereto: and I do moreover exhort all the good people of the United States, as they love their country, as they feel the wrongs which have forced on them the last resort of injured nations, and as they consult the best means, under the blessing of Divine Providence, of abridging its calamities, that they exert themselves in preserving order, in promoting concord, in maintaining the authority and the efficacy of the laws, and in support- proper measures

Existence of war between Re-public of Mexico and U.S.

Persons holding office under U.S. exhorted to be vigilant in discharge of their duties, and citizens exhorted to exert themselves to preserve or-der, &c., and in supporting all

Preamble.

Privileges of

tended to port of

Lewiston, New

ex-

drawback

York.

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authorities, &cc.

of the constituted ing and invigorating all the measures which may be adopted by the constituted authorities for obtaining a speedy, a just, and an honorable peace.

> In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed to these presents.

Done at the City of Washington, the thirteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States, the seventieth.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

3. Declaring Alexandria County to be retroceded to Virginia.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

#### A PROCLAMATION.

Ante, p. 35

WHEREAS, by the act of Congress, approved July 9, 1846, entitled "An Act to retrocede the County of Alexandria, in the District of Columbia, to the State of Virginia," it is enacted, That, with the assent of the people of the county and town of Alexandria, to be ascertained in the manner therein prescribed, all that portion of the District of Columbia ceded to the United States by the State of Virginia, and all the rights and jurisdiction therewith ceded over the same, shall be ceded and forever relinquished to the State of Virginia, in full and absolute right and jurisdiction, as well of soil as of persons residing or to reside thereon: And whereas, it is further provided, that the said act "shall not be in force until after the assent of the people of the county and town of Alexandria shall be given to it, in the mode therein provided;" and if a major-ity of the votes should be in favor of accepting the provisions of the said act, it shall be the duty of the President to make proclamation of the fact : And whereas, on the 17th day of August, 1846, after the close of the late

session of the Congress of the United States, I duly appointed five citizens of the county or town of Alexandria, being freeholders within the same, as commissioners, who, being duly sworn to perform the duties imposed on them, as prescribed in the said act, did proceed, within ten days after they were notified. to fix upon the first and second days of September, 1846, as the time, the court-house of the county of Alexandria, as the place, and viva voce as the manner of voting; and gave due notice of the same; and at the time, and at the place, in conformity with the said notice, the said commissioners presiding, and deciding all questions arising in relation to the right of voting under the said act, the votes of the citizens qualified to vote were taken viva voce, and recorded in poll-books, duly kept, and on the third day or [of] September instant, Statement of after the said polls were closed, the said commissioners did make out, and on the next day did transmit to me, a statement of the polls so held, upon oath, and under their seals; and of the votes so cast and polled, there were, in favor of accepting the provisions of the said act, seven hundred and sixty-three votes, and against accepting the same, two hundred and twenty-two --- showing a majority of five hundred and forty-one votes for the acceptance of the same:

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America, in fulfilment of the duty imposed upon me by the said act of Congress, do hereby make proclamation of the "result" of said " poll," as above stated, and do call upon all and singular the persons whom it doth or may concern, to take notice, that the act aforesaid, " is in full force and effect."

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this seventh day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and of the Independence of the United States, the seventy-first.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President.

N. P. TRIST, Acting Secretary of State.

vote.

Act declared to be in full force.

## 4. Commercial Intercourse with French Vessels from Miguelon and St. Pierre.

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the Congress of the United States, approved the third day of March, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, entitled "An Act regulating commercial intercourse within the Islands of Miquelon and St. Pierre," it is provided, that all French vessels coming directly from those islands, either in ballast or laden with articles the growth or manufacture of either of said islands, and which are permitted to be exported therefrom in American vessels, may be admitted into the ports of the United States on payment of no higher duties of tonnage, or on their cargoes aforesaid, than are imposed on American vessels, and on like cargoes imported in American vessels, provided that this act shall not take effect until the President of the United States shall have received satisfactory information that similar privileges have been allowed to American vessels and their cargoes at said islands by the government of France, and shall have made proclamation accordingly:

And whereas satisfactory information has been received by me that similar privileges have been allowed to American vessels and their cargoes at said islands by the government of France : Now, therefore, I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America,

do hereby declare and proclaim that all French vessels coming directly from coming directly the Islands of Miquelon and Saint Pierre, either in ballast or laden with articles the growth or manufacture of either of said islands, and which are permitted to be exported therefrom in American vessels, shall from this date be into the ports of admitted into the ports of the United States on payment of no higher duties on the United States tonnage, or on their cargoes aforesaid, than are imposed on American vessels, on the same footand on like cargoes imported in American vessels.

Given under my hand at the city of Washington, the twentieth day of ^{can vessels.} April, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and forth compared to the twentieth day of ^{can vessels.} Independence of the United States the seventy-first.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

5. Suspension of Discriminating Duties on Vessels from Brazil, and on their cargoes.

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

WHIREAS, by an act of the Congress of the United States of the twenty-fourth of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, entitled "An Act in addition to an act entitled 'An Act concerning discriminating duties of tonnage and impost, and to equalize the duties on Prossian vessels and their cargoes, it is provided, that upon satisfactory evidence being given to the President of the United States, by the government of any foreign nation, that no discriminating duties of tonnage or impost are imposed or levied in the ports of the said nation upon vessels wholly belonging to citizens of the United States, or upon the produce, manufactures, or merchandise imported in the same from the United States, or from any foreign country, the President is thereby authorized to issue his proclamation, declaring that the foreign discriminating dutics of tonnage and impost within the United States are, and shall be, suspended and discontinued, so far as respects the vessels of the said foreign nation, and the produce, manufactures, or merchandise imported into the United States in the same from the said foreign nation, or from any other foreign country, the said suspension to take effect from the time of such notification being given to the President of the United States, and to continue so long as the reciprocal exemption of vessels belonging to citizens of the United States, and their cargoes, as aforesaid, shall be continued, and no longer:

Nov. 4, 1847.

Preamble reciting act relative to discriminating m duties.

1828, ch. 111

April 20, 1847. Preamble.

1845, ch. 66.

French vessels from the ports of Miquelon and St. Pierre admitted

Satisfactory evidence that discriminating duties are levied zil.

Discriminating duties on Brazilian vessels and their cargoes suspended.

tober, 1847.

And whereas satisfactory evidence has lately been received by me, from his ^{no} Majesty the Emperor of Brazil, through an official communication of Mr. Felippe Jose Pereira Leal, his chargé d'affaires in the United States, under date on vessels of the of the 25th of October, 1847, that no other or higher duties of tonnage and United States in impost are imposed or levied in the ports of Brazil upon vessels wholly belongthe ports of Bra-ing to citizens of the United States, and upon the produce, manufactures, or ril. merchandise imported in the same from the United States, and from any foreign country whatever, than are levied on Brazilian ships and their cargoes in the same ports under like circumstances :

Now, therefore, I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim, that so much of the several acts imposing discriminating duties of tonnage and impost within the United States are, and shall be, suspended and discontinued so far as respects the vessels of Brazil, and the produce, manufactures, and merchandise imported into the United States in the same, from Brazil and from any other foreign country whatever, From 25th Oc- the said suspension to take effect from the day above mentioned, and to continue thenceforward so long as the reciprocal exemption of the vessels of the United States, and the produce, manufactures, and merchandise imported into Brazil in the same as aforesaid, shall be continued on the part of the government of Brazil.

> Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this fourth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fortyseven, and the seventy-second of the Independence of the United States.

JAMES K. POLK.

By the President.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

6. Whitehall, N. Y., made a Port, with Privileges of Drawback.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

March 2, 1849.

Preamble.

1849, ch. 14.

of Privileges drawback exten-ded to port of Whitehall, N. Y.

WHEREAS, by an act of the Congress of the United States of the tenth January, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, entitled "An Act to extend certain privileges to the town of Whitehall, in the State of New York," the President of the United States, on the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury, is authorized to extend to the town of Whitehall the same privileges as are conferred on certain ports named in the seventh section of an act entitled "An Act allowing drawhack upon foreign merchandise exported in the original packages to Chihuahua and Santa Fe, in Mexico, and to the British North American provinces adjoining the United States," passed third March, eighteen hundred and forty-five, in the manner prescribed by the proviso contained in said section.

And whereas the Secretary of the Treasury has duly recommended to me the extension of the privileges of the law aforesaid to the port of Whitehall, in the collection district of Champlain, in the State of New York :

Now, therefore, I, James K. Polk, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim that the port of Whitehall, in the collection district of Champlain, in the State of New York, is and shall be entitled to all the privileges extended to the other ports enumerated in the seventh section of the act aforesaid, from and after the date of this proclamation.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this second day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and of the inde-[L S.]

pendence of the United States of America the seventy-third. JAMES K. POLK.

By the President.

JAMES BUCHANAN, Secretary of State.

#### 7. Respecting an Invasion of Cuba.

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

THERE is reason to believe that an armed expedition is about to be fitted out in the United States, with an intention to invade the Island of Cuba, or some of the Provinces of Mexico. The best information which the executive has been able to obtain, points to the Island of Cuba as the object of this expedition. It is the duty of this government to observe the faith of treaties, and to prevent any aggression by our citizens upon the territories of friendly nations. I have therefore thought it necessary and proper to issue this proc-lamation, to warn all citizens of the United States who shall connect themselves with an enterprise so grossly in violation of our laws and our treaty obligations, that they will thereby subject themselves to the heavy penalties denounced against them by our acts of Congress, and will forfeit their claim to the protection of their country. No such persons must expect the interfer-ence of this government, in any form, on their behalf, no matter to what extremities they may be reduced in consequence of their conduct. An enterprise to invade the territories of a friendly nation, set on foot and prosecuted within the limits of the United States, is in the highest degree criminal, as tending to endanger the peace, and compromit the honor, of this nation : --- and, therefore, I exhort all good citizens, as they regard our national reputation; as they respect their own laws, and the laws of nations; as they value the blessings of peace and the welfare of their country, to discountenance and prevent, by all lawful means, any such enterprise; and I call upon every officer of this government, civil or military, to use all efforts in his power to arrest, for trial and punishment, every such offender against the laws providing for the performance of our sacred obligations to friendly powers.

Given under my hand, the 11th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, and the seventy-fourth of the Independence of the United States.

Z. TAYLOR.

Z. TAYLOR.

By the President: J. M. CLAYTON,

Secretary of State.

8. Nesqually and Portland, in Oregon, made Ports of Delivery.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the Congress of the United States of the four-teenth of August, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, entitled, "An Act to establish the territorial government of Oregon," the President of the United States is authorized to establish such ports of delivery in the collection district created by that act, not exceeding two in number, (one of which shall be

located on Fuget's Sound,) as he may deem proper: — Now, therefore, I, Zachary Taylor, President of the United States of Nesqually and America, do hereby declare and proclaim the ports of Nesqually (on Fuget's Portland, in the Sound) and Portland, in the collection district of Oregon, in the Territory of district of Ore-created Oregon, to be constituted ports of delivery, with all the privileges authorized ports of delivery. by law to such ports.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this tenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and of the Independence of the United States the seventy-fourth. [L. S.]

By the President:

J. M. CLAYTON, Secretary of State. Jan. 10, 1850.

1848, ch. 177.

1003

Aug. 11, 1849.

#### 9. Respecting Duties on Ships and Imports from Chili.

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

Nov. 1, 1850.

Preamble.

1828, ch. 111.

Chile.

WHEREAS, by an act of the Congress of the United States of the twentyfourth of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, entitled "An Act in addition to an act, entitled 'An Act concerning discriminating duties of tonnage and impost,' and to equalize the duties on Prussian vessels and their cargoes," it is provided that upon satisfactory evidence being given to the President of the United States, by the government of any foreign nation, that no discriminating duties of tonnage or impost are imposed or levied in the ports of the said nation, upon vessels wholly belonging to citizens of the United States, or upon the produce, manufactures, or merchandise, imported in the same, from the United States or from any foreign country, the President is thereby authorized to issue his proclamation, declaring that the foreign discriminating duties of tonnage and impost, within the United States, are, and shall be, suspended and discontinued, so far as respects the vessels of the said foreign nation, and the produce, manufactures, or merchandise, imported into the United States in the same from the said foreign nation, or from any other foreign country; the said suspension to take effect from the time of such notification being given to the President of the United States, and to continue so long as the reciprocal exemption of vessels belonging to citizens of the United States, and their cargoes, as aforesaid, shall be continued, and no longer :

And whereas satisfactory evidence has lately been received by me, from the government of the Republic of Chile, through an official communication of Señor Don Manuel Carvallo, accredited to this government as Envoy Extra-ordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of that Republic, under date of the thirty-first of October, 1850, that no other or higher duties of tonnage and impost are imposed or levied in the ports of Chile, upon vessels wholly belonging to citizens of the United States, and upon the produce, manufactures, or merchandise imported in the same from the United States, and from any foreign country whatever, than are levied on Chileau ships and their cargoes, in the same ports, and under like circumstances:

Now, therefore, I, Millard Fillmore, President of the United States of Ameri-Discriminating ca, do hereby declare and proclaim, that so much of the several acts imposing duties of tonnage and impost discriminating duties of tonnage and impost within the United States, are, and discontinued as shall be, suspended and discontinued, so far as respects the vessels of Chile, respects ships and imports of and the produce, manufactures, and merchandise imported into the United States in the same, from Chile and from any other foreign country whatever; the said suspension to take effect from the day above mentioned, and to continue thenceforward, so long as the reciprocal exemption of the vessels of the United States, and the produce, manufactures, and merchandise, imported into Chile in the same, as aforesaid, shall be continued on the part of the government of Chile.

Given under my hand at the City of Washington, this first day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and the seventy-fifth of the independence of the United States.

MILLARD FILLMORE.

By the President:

W. S. DERRICK, Acting Secretary of State.

# 10. Declaring Act of 1850, ch. 49, respecting the Boundaries of Texas, to be in force.

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, by an act of the Congress of the United States of the ninth of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, entitled "An Act proposing to the State of Texas the establishment of her northern and western boundaries, the relinquishment by the said State of all territory claimed by her exterior to said boundaries, and of all her claims upon the United States, and to establish a territorial government for New Mexico," it was provided, that the following propositions should be, and the same were thereby, offered to the State of Texas, which, when agreed to by the said State, in an act passed by the General Assembly, should be binding and obligatory upon the United States and upon the said State of Texas: *Provided*, The said agreement by the said General Assembly should be given on or before the first day of December, eighteen hundred and fifty; namely: ---

"First. The State of Texas will agree that her boundary on the north shall commence at the point at which the meridian of one hundred degrees west from Greenwich is intersected by the parallel of thirty-six degrees thirty minutes north latitude, and shall run from said point due west to the meridian of one hundred and three degrees west from Greenwich; thence her boundary shall run due south to the thirty-second degree of north latitude; thence on the said parallel of thirty-two degrees of north latitude to the Rio Bravo del Norte, and thence with the channel of said river to the Gulf of Mexico."

Norte, and thence with the channel of said river to the Gulf of Mexico." "Second. The State of Texas cedes to the United States all her claim to territory exterior to the limits and boundaries which she agrees to establish by the first article of this agreement."

"Third. The State of Texas relinquishes all claim upon the United States for liability of the debts of Texas, and for compensation or indemnity for the surrender to the United States of her ships, forts, arsenals, custom-houses, custom-house rovenues, arms and munitions of war, and public buildings with their sites, which became the property of the United States at the time of the annexation."

"Fourth. The United States, in consideration of said establishment of boundaries, cession of claim to territory, and relinquishment of claims, will pay to the State of Texas the sum of ten millions of dollars in a stock bearing five per cent. interest, and redeemable at the end of fourteen years, the interest payable half-yearly at the treasury of the United States."

"Figh. Immediately after the President of the United States shall have been furnished with an authentic copy of the act of the General Assembly of Texas accepting these propositions, he shall cause the stock to be issued in favor of the State of Texas, as provided for in the fourth article of this agreement: Provided also, That no more than five millions of said stock shall be issued until the creditors of the State holding bonds and other certificates of stock of Texas for which duties on imports were specially pledged, shall first file at the treasury of the United States releases of all claim against the United States for or on account of said bonds or certificates in such form as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury and approved by the President of the United States. Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to impair or qualify any thing contained in the third article of the second section of the 'joint resolution for annexing Texas to the United States,' approved March first, eighteen hundred and forty-five, either as regards the number of States, that may hereafter be formed out of the State of Texas, or otherwise."

And whereas it was further provided, by the eighteenth section of the same act of Congress, "That the provisions of this act be, and they are hereby, suspended until the boundary between the United States and the State of Texas shall be adjusted, and when such adjustment shall have been effected, the President of the United States shall issue his proclamation declaring this act to be in full force and operation:"

And whereas the Legislature of the State of Texas, by an act approved the twenty-fifth of November last, entitled "An Act accepting the propositions made by the United States to the State of Texas, in an Act of the Congress of the United States approved the ninth day of September, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and entitled 'An Act proposing to the State of Texas

Dec. 13, 1850. 1850, ch. 49. the establishment of her northern and western boundaries, the relinquishment by the said State of all territory claimed by her exterior to said boundaries, and of all her claims upon the United States, and to establish a territorial government for New Mexico," — of which act a copy authenticated under the seal of the State has been furnished to the President, — enacts " that the State of Texas hereby agrees to and accepts said propositions, and it is hereby declared that the said State shall be bound by the terms thereof, according to their true import and meaning:"

Now, therefore, I, Millard Fillmore, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim that the said act of the Congress of the United States of the ninth of September last, is in full force and operation.

Given under my hand, at the City of Washington, this thirteenth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred

[L. S.] of December, in the year of our Lord one mousand eight hundred and fifty, and the seventy-fifth of the independence of these United States. MILLARD FILLMORE.

By the President:

DAN'L WEBSTER, Secretary of State.

11. Respecting the Rescue of an alleged Fugitive Slave at Boston.

#### A PROCLAMATION.

#### BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

Feb. 18, 1851.

WHEREAS information has been received, that sundry lawless persons, principally persons of color, combined and confederated together, for the purpose of opposing by force the execution of the laws of the United States, did, at Boston, in Massachusetts, on the fifteenth of this month, make a violent assault on the Marshal or Deputy Marshals of the United States, for the district of Massachusetts, in the Court-House, and did overcome the said officers, and did, by force, rescue from their custody a person arrested as a fugitive slave, and, then and there, a prisoner lawfully holden by the said Marshal or Deputy Marshals of the United States, and other scandalous outrages did commit, in violation of law:

Now, therefore, to the end that the authority of the laws may be maintained, and those concerned in violating them brought to immediate and condign punishment, I have issued this my Proclamation, calling on all well-disposed citizens to rally to the support of the Laws of their Country, and requiring and commanding all officers, civil and military, and all other persons, civil or military, who shall be found within the vicinity of this outrage, to be aiding and assisting, by all means in their power, in quelling this, and other such combinations, and assisting the Marshal and his Deputies in recapturing the abovementioned prisoner; and I do, especially, direct, that prosecutions be commenced against all persons who shall have made themselves aiders or abettors in or to this flagitious offence; and I do further command, that the District Attorney of the United States, and all other persons concerned in the administration or execution of the Laws of the United States, cause the foregoing offenders, and all such as aided, abetted, or assisted them, or shall be found to have harbored or concealed such fugitive, contrary to law, to be immediately arrested and proceeded with according to law.

Given under my hand, and the seal of the United States, this 18th day [L. s.] of February, 1851.

MILLARD FILLMORE.

DAN'L WEBSTER, Secretary of State.

Act of 1850, ch. 49, declared to be in full operation.

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