

# PRIVATE ACTS OF THE SIXTEENTH CONGRESS

OF THE

## UNITED STATES,

*Passed at the second session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the thirteenth day of November, 1820, and ended on the third day of March, 1821.*

JAMES MONROE, President; DANIEL D. TOMPKINS, Vice President of the United States, and President of the Senate; JOHN GAILLARD, President of the Senate, pro tempore, during the whole session; JOHN W. TAYLOR, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

### STATUTE II.

Dec. 29, 1820.

CHAP. IV. — *An Act to amend the act, entitled "An act for the relief of the legal representatives of Henry Willis."*

Act of 8th May 1820, ch. 77, to be so construed as to exempt from location town lots, &c.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the act, entitled "An act for the relief of the legal representatives of Henry Willis," passed on the eighth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, be so construed as to except from location all town lots and lands now or hereafter reserved by the United States, or which may have been, or may be, appropriated by Congress for the use of any state, or for any other purpose, and that the location be made within two years from the passage of this act.

APPROVED, December 29, 1820.

### STATUTE II.

Dec. 29, 1820.

CHAP. V. — *An Act for the relief of Elias Parks.*

Claim for goods destroyed in 1814 to be paid.

Proviso.

Satisfactory proof that the goods were in the boat, &c.

Appropriation.

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to pay to Elias Parks, of Oswego, in the state of New York, the amount of his claim against the United States, for goods destroyed by the British, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fourteen, in consequence of the boat in which said goods had been placed being impressed, by military authority, into the service of the United States: *Provided, however,* That no allowance shall be made to the said Elias Parks for the loss of his account books: And, before he shall be entitled to the payment hereby directed to be made, he shall produce, to the accounting officers, satisfactory proof that the goods, for the loss of which he claims, were in the boat, and that the price at which they are charged is just and reasonable.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the amount of the aforesaid claim, when ascertained as aforesaid, shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, December 29, 1820.

CHAP. VII.—*An Act for the relief of Perley Keyes and Jason Fairbanks.*

## STATUTE II.

Jan. 11, 1821.

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to cancel and give up a certain bond, heretofore executed to the United States by one Samuel Whittlessey, late a paymaster of militia in the state of New York, and the said Perley Keyes and Jason Fairbanks, as sureties of the said Whittlessey: *Provided,* That the said Keyes and Fairbanks shall first execute another bond to the said United States, with sufficient sureties, to be approved of by the said Secretary of the Treasury, for what shall appear to be due to the said United States, payable, with interest, in two years from the passing of this act.

Bond in which they are sureties of Samuel Whittlessey to be cancelled.

Proviso.

APPROVED, January 11, 1821.

CHAP. IX.—*An Act for the relief of Margaret Perry.*

## STATUTE II.

Jan. 17, 1821.

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the Secretary of the Department of War be, and he is hereby, directed to issue to Margaret Perry, a land warrant for the bounty land to which her son, William Valiant, a soldier, who died in the service of the United States, would have been entitled had he lived.

Warrant for bounty land to be issued to her.

APPROVED, January 17, 1821.

CHAP. X.—*An Act to incorporate the Columbian College in the District of Columbia.*

## STATUTE II.

Feb. 9, 1821.

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That there be erected, and hereby is erected and established, in the District of Columbia, a college, for the sole and exclusive purpose of educating youth in the English, learned, and foreign languages, the liberal arts, sciences, and literature; the style and title of which shall be, and hereby is declared to be, "The Columbian College in the District of Columbia."

Object of the college.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That the said college shall be under the management, direction, and government of a number of trustees, not exceeding thirty-one, to be elected triennially, by the contributors to the said college, qualified to vote, in such manner, and under such limitations and restrictions, as may be provided by the ordinances of the college, on the first Monday in May; and that the first trustees of the said college shall consist of the following persons, viz: Obadiah B. Brown, Luther Rice, Enoch Reynolds, Josiah Meigs, Spencer H. Cone, Daniel Brown, Return J. Meigs, Joseph Gibson, Joseph Cone, Thomas Corcoran, Burgis Allison, Thomas Sewall, and Joseph Thaw: which said trustees, and their successors, shall forever hereafter be, and they are hereby declared to be, one body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, in deed and in law, to all intents and purposes whatsoever, by the name, style, and title of "The Columbian College in the District of Columbia;" by which name and title, they, the said trustees, and their successors, shall be competent and capable, at law and in equity, to take to themselves and their successors, for the use of the said college, any estate, in any messuage, lands, tenements, hereditaments, goods, chattels, moneys, and other effects, by gift, grant, bargain, sale, conveyance, assurance, will, devise, or bequest, of any person or persons whatsoever: *Provided,* The same do not exceed, in the whole, the yearly value of twenty-five thousand dollars; and the same messuages, lands, tenements, hereditaments, and estate, real and personal, to grant, bargain, sell, convey, assure, demise, and to farm let, and place out on interest, for the use of the said college, in such manner as to them, or at least nine of them, shall seem most beneficial to

Government.

Triennial elections.

Trustees a body politic.

Corporation may hold property.

Proviso.

the institution, and to receive the rents, issues, and profits, income and interest, of the same, and to apply the same to the proper use and benefit of the said college: and by the same name to sue, commence, prosecute, and defend, implead and be impleaded, in any courts of law and equity, and in all manner of suits and actions whatsoever, and generally, by and in the same name, to do and transact all and every the business touching or concerning the premises.

Common seal.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the said trustees shall cause to be made for their use one common seal, with such devices and inscriptions thereon as they shall think proper, under and by which all deeds, diplomas, certificates, and acts of the said college, shall pass and be authenticated; and the same seal, at their pleasure, to break, and devise a new one.

Trustees,  
when and  
where to meet.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the said trustees, or five of them at least, shall meet at the college, on College Hill, in the said District of Columbia, on the first Monday in March next, for the purpose of concerting and agreeing to such business as, in consequence of this act, shall be proper to be laid before them at the commencement of the work they have undertaken, and shall have power to adjourn from time to time, as they shall see cause, to any other times or places, for the purpose of perfecting the same. That there shall be a stated meeting

Stated meet-  
ings.

of the said trustees held twice in every year at least, at such place and time as the said trustees, or a quorum thereof, shall appoint, of which public notice shall be given, after the first meeting, at least twenty days before [the] time of such intended meeting, whenever the president, to be appointed by them, shall deem the business of the institution to require the same, and give due notice thereof, which he is hereby authorized to do; and if, at such stated or occasional meetings, five of the said trustees shall not be present, those of them who shall be present, shall have power to adjourn the meeting to any other day, as fully and effectually, to all intents and purposes, as if the whole number of trustees for the time being were present; but, if five or more of the said trustees shall meet at the said appointed times, or at any other time of adjournment, then such five of the said trustees shall be a board or quorum, and a majority of the votes of them shall be capable of doing and transacting all the business and concerns of the said college not otherwise provided for by this act; and particularly of making and enacting ordinances for the government of the said college; of electing and appointing the president, professors, and tutors, for the said college; of agreeing with them for their salaries and stipends, and removing them for misconduct, or breach of the laws of the institution; of appointing committees of their own body to carry into execution all and every the resolutions of the board; of appointing a president, treasurer, secretary, stewards, managers, and other necessary and customary officers, for taking care of the estate and managing the concerns of the corporation; and, generally, a majority of voices of the board, or quorum of the said trustees, consisting of five persons at least, at any semi-annual, occasional, or adjourned meeting, after notice given as aforesaid, shall determine all matters and things (although the same be not herein particularly mentioned) which shall occasionally arise, and be incidentally necessary to be determined and transacted by the said trustees: *Provided always*, That no ordinances shall be of force which shall be repugnant to this charter, or to the laws of the District of Columbia.

Proviso.

The president,  
professors and  
tutors cannot be  
trustees.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the head or chief master for the said college shall be called and styled "The President," and the masters thereof shall be called "Professors and Tutors;" but neither president, professors, or tutors, while they remain such, shall ever be capable of the office of trustee.

Sec. 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the president, professors,

and tutors, or a majority of them, shall be called and styled "The Faculty of the College," which faculty shall have the power of enforcing the rules and regulations adopted by the trustees for the government of the pupils, by rewarding or censuring them, and, finally, by suspending such of them as, after repeated admonitions, shall continue disobedient and refractory, until a determination of a quorum of the trustees can be had; and of granting and confirming, by and with the approbation and consent of a board of the trustees, signified by their mandamus, such degrees in the liberal arts and sciences, to such pupils of the institution, or others, who, by their proficiency in learning, or other meritorious distinction, they shall think entitled to them, as are usually granted and conferred in colleges; and to grant, to such graduates, diplomas or certificates, under their common seal, and signed by the faculty, to authenticate and perpetuate the memory of such graduation.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That persons of every religious denomination shall be capable of being elected trustees; nor shall any person, either as president, professor, tutor, or pupil, be refused admittance into said college, or denied any of the privileges, immunities, or advantages, thereof, for or on account of his sentiments in matters of religion.

SEC. 8. *And be it further enacted*, That no misnomer of the said corporation shall defeat or annul any gift, grant, devise, or bequest, to or from the said corporation: *Provided*, The intent of the parties shall sufficiently appear upon the face of the gift, grant, will, or other writing, whereby any estate or interest was intended to pass to or from the said corporation.

SEC. 9. *And be it further enacted*, That the constitution of the said college, herein and hereby declared and established, shall be, and remain, the inviolate constitution of the said college forever; and the same shall not be altered, or alterable, by any ordinance or law of the said trustees: *Provided*, That it may be lawful for the Congress of the United States to revoke and repeal this act, at any and at all times whenever they shall think fit so to do.

SEC. 10. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the said board of trustees to keep a regular book or journal, in which shall be entered, under their direction, besides an account of all their ordinary acts and proceedings, all the by-laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations, which may be adopted by the said board, for their own government, and for the government of the institution; also, a schedule of all the property and effects, real, personal, or mixed, which shall or may be vested in the said trustees, for the use of the said college, by virtue of any gift, grant, bargain, sale, will, or otherwise, together with annual statements concerning the accounts and finances of the institution. That it shall, moreover, be the duty of the said trustees, to cause to be enrolled, in the said book or journal, the names of all the contributors to the institution qualified to vote for trustees, with their respective places of residence; and the said book or journal, shall, at all times, be open to the inspection or examination of the Attorney General of the United States; and, when required by either house of Congress, it shall be the duty of the said trustees to furnish any information respecting their own conduct, the state of the institution, and of its finances, which shall or may be so required.

SEC. 11. *And be it further enacted*, That in case any vacancy or vacancies shall happen in the board of trustees aforesaid, by death, inability, resignation, or otherwise, at any time between the stated or triennial elections, that then it shall and may be lawful for the other trustees, or any five of them, to proceed, at any subsequent meeting after the happening of such vacancy or vacancies, to choose, by ballot, any suitable person or persons to fill the same.

President, professors, &c. to be called the faculty.  
Powers of the faculty.

No preference or exclusion on account of religious sentiments.

No misnomer to defeat or annul any gift, &c.  
Proviso.

This constitution to remain inviolate, forever.

Proviso.

Board of trustees to keep a journal.

Contributors qualified to vote for trustees, to be enrolled in the journal.

Journal subject to the inspection of the Attorney-General.

Trustees may fill vacancies in the board.

Rights, &c. under this act, forfeited by a misapplication of the funds.

SEC. 12. *And be it further enacted*, That the employment or application of the funds or income of the said corporation, or any part thereof, for any purpose or object other than those expressed and defined in the first section of this act, or the investment thereof in any other mode than is described and provided in the second section thereof, shall be deemed and taken to be a forfeiture of all the rights and immunities derived from this act, and the same shall, thenceforth, cease, and become null and void.

APPROVED, February 9, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

Duplicate of military land warrant No. 577, to be issued.  
Location.

CHAP. XIX.—*An Act for the relief of James Brady.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That the Secretary of War cause to be issued to James Brady a duplicate of military land warrant number five hundred and seventy-seven, for two hundred acres, which, on the twenty-eighth of March, one thousand eight hundred and twelve, issued to him as assignee of John Barclay, a lieutenant of the Pennsylvania line in the revolutionary war, and has been lost, which duplicate may be located on any vacant parts of the fifty quarter townships, and fractional quarter townships, reserved by law for the holders of military warrants, in lieu and satisfaction of said warrant number five hundred and seventy-seven, which is hereby declared to be null, void, and of none effect.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be paid for damages done to her houses, &c., by U. S. troops.

CHAP. XX.—*An Act for the relief of Rosalie P. Deslonde.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That there be paid to Rosalie P. Deslonde, or her legal representatives, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two thousand two hundred and twenty-seven dollars, in full for damages done to her houses and plantation, by the troops of the United States, near New Orleans, during the invasion of that place by the British, in the years one thousand eight hundred and fourteen and fifteen.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be placed on the list of invalid pensioners.

Act of April 23, 1800, ch. 33.

CHAP. XXI.—*An Act for the relief of Samuel Tucker, late a Captain in the Navy of the United States.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and hereby is, directed to place upon the navy list of invalid pensioners of the United States, Samuel Tucker, late a captain in the navy of the United States, who is unable, by reason of age, to support himself by labor; and who, having, by his bravery and long and faithful services, merited the gratitude of his country, shall be entitled to receive a pension of twenty dollars a month, to commence from the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and eighteen, agreeably to the provisions contained in the act, entitled "An act for the better government of the navy of the United States."

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

Authorized to enter 400 acres within the Vandalia district.

CHAP. XXII.—*An Act for the relief of Nicholas Jarrott.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That Nicholas Jarrott, the legal representative of Francois Arcoit, or the legal representative of him, the said Nicholas, be, and he is hereby, authorized to locate four hundred acres, consisting of one entire half section, and one half quarter section, adjoining thereto, and in the same section, of any of the public land within the Vandalia district, established for the sale of the public lands in the state of Illinois, which may be already surveyed, and which, having been offered for sale previous to the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred

and twenty-one, shall remain unsold; and in payment therefor the said Nicholas Jarrott, or his legal representative, shall be, and he is hereby, authorized to surrender his certificate of confirmation, as the legal representative of the said Francois Arcoit, for four hundred acres of land, in the said state, which was confirmed by act of Congress, bearing date the sixteenth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fourteen: *Provided*, The same be not located on town sites and lots, or lands reserved by the United States: *And provided further*, That the said location be made before the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-two.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

CHAP. XXIII.—*An Act for the relief of John Rodriguez.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That there be paid to John Rodriguez, or his legal representatives, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of eighteen hundred and fifty-seven dollars, in full for the injuries sustained by him, in consequence of his plantation and buildings having been occupied by the troops of the United States, during the invasion of New Orleans by the British, in the years eighteen hundred and fourteen—fifteen.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

A surrender of certificate of confirmation, &c., will be received in payment.  
Act of April 16, 1814, ch. 61.  
Proviso.  
Proviso.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be paid for injuries to his property by U. S. troops.

CHAP. XXIV.—*An Act for the relief of Francis B. Languille.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That there be paid to Francis B. Languille, or to his legal representatives, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars, in full for injuries sustained by him, in consequence of the occupation of his buildings by the troops of the United States, in the winter of eighteen hundred and fourteen—fifteen.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be paid for injuries to his buildings by U. S. troops.

CHAP. XXVI.—*An Act for the relief of Alexander Milne.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That there be paid to Alexander Milne, or his legal representatives, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars, in full for the losses sustained by him in the destruction or injury of his building, and other property, by the troops of the United States, during the invasion of New Orleans by the British, in the years eighteen hundred and fourteen—fifteen.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be paid for losses sustained from U. S. troops.

CHAP. XXVII.—*An Act for the relief of Lewis H. Guerlain.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That there be paid to Lewis H. Guerlain, or his legal representatives, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of four hundred and twenty dollars, in full for injuries sustained by him, in consequence of his plantation and buildings having been occupied by the troops of the United States, during the invasion of New Orleans by the British, in the years eighteen hundred and fourteen—fifteen.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be paid for injuries to his property by U. S. troops.

CHAP. XXVIII.—*An Act for the relief of Joseph McNiel.*

*Be it enacted, &c.*, That there be paid to Joseph McNiel, or his legal representative, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appro-

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be paid for injuries sustain-

ed during the invasion of New Orleans by the British.

priated, the sum of seven hundred dollars, in full for his claim for injuries sustained during the invasion of New Orleans by the British, in the years eighteen hundred and fourteen—fifteen.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be paid for losses sustained from U. S. troops.

CHAP. XXIX.—*An Act for the relief of Bartholomew Duverge.*

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That there be paid to Bartholomew Duverge, or to his legal representatives, out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two thousand one hundred dollars, in full for injuries and losses sustained by him, in consequence of the use and destruction of his property, by the troops of the United States, during the invasion of New Orleans, in the winter of eighteen hundred and fourteen—fifteen.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

To be paid for injury sustained from U. S. troops.

CHAP. XXX.—*An Act for the relief of Pierre Dennis De La Ronde.*

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That there be paid to Pierre Dennis De La Ronde, or his legal representatives, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of five thousand seven hundred seventy dollars and fifty cents, in full for the injury sustained by him, in consequence of his plantation and buildings having been occupied by the troops of the United States, from the twenty-third to the twenty-eighth of December, eighteen hundred and fourteen.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 2, 1821.

Certain sums settled, by way of annuity, upon the persons named.

On the widow of the late O. H. Perry, \$400 per annum during her life.

C. G. Perry.  
O. H. Perry.

C. R. Perry.

Margaret Perry.

Any child dying before the time specified, his annuity ceases.

CHAP. XXXI.—*An Act for the relief of the family of the late Oliver Hazard Perry, Esquire.*

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That, from and after the twenty-third day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and nineteen, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, settled, by way of annuity, payable, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, half yearly, at the treasury of the United States, or at the loan office at Providence, at the option of the annuitants, on the widow and children of the late Oliver Hazard Perry, Esquire, of the United States' navy; that is to say: On Elizabeth Perry, dowager of the aforesaid Oliver Hazard Perry, four hundred dollars during her natural life: *Provided*, That the said annuity shall cease and determine on the determination of her widowhood: on Christopher Grant Perry, his eldest son, one hundred and fifty dollars: on Oliver Hazard Perry, his second son, one hundred and fifty dollars: and on Christopher Raymond Perry, his third son, one hundred and fifty dollars: until the said Christopher Grant, Oliver Hazard, and Christopher Raymond, shall arrive at full age of twenty-one years respectively: and on Margaret Perry, only daughter, and youngest child, of the said Oliver Hazard Perry, deceased, the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars, until she shall arrive at the age of twenty-one years, aforesaid: *Provided*, That, in case the said Margaret shall have contracted any marriage on or before she shall reach the age of twenty-one years, aforesaid, then the said pension or annuity shall cease and determine on the day whereon the said marriage shall have been contracted, as aforesaid: *Provided always*, That in case the said Margaret shall not have contracted any marriage on that day, or prior thereto, then the said pension or allowance shall continue to be paid until the marriage or natural demise of the said Margaret: *And provided further*, That in case any of the said children of the said Oliver Hazard Perry, deceased, shall die under lawful age as aforesaid, then, and in that case, the pension or annuity granted by this act, shall, in such case, cease and determine, in respect to such child, so deceasing.

APPROVED, March 2, 1821.

CHAP. LV.—*An Act for the relief of General Robert Swartwout.*

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to pay to General Robert Swartwout, out of any money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the amount of a judgment and costs obtained against him in the Supreme Court of the state of New York, for the loss of a boat called the Night Hawk, impressed by him into the service of the United States, in the month of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirteen, by order of the commanding general, and which boat was destroyed by the enemy in the descent of the army by the river St. Lawrence: *Provided*, The said sum shall not exceed two thousand eight hundred dollars.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1821.

To be paid, amount of judgment and costs against him for a boat impressed in 1813.

Proviso.

CHAP. LVI.—*An Act for passing to the credit of Nathaniel Allen certain moneys by him disbursed in the public service.*

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the accounting officers of the treasury department be, and are hereby, directed, in the settlement of the accounts of Nathaniel Allen, late district paymaster of the militia in the state of New York, to pass to his credit all such sums of money as shall appear to have been by him disbursed in payments to the said militia, for clothing, in obedience to orders received from his commanding officers.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1821.

Credit allowed for certain moneys disbursed by him to the militia.

CHAP. LVII.—*An Act authorizing the Secretary of State to issue a Patent to Thomas Oxley.*

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the Secretary of State be, and he hereby is, authorized and required to issue letters patent to Thomas Oxley, for his invention of a machine and engine, called "The American Land Clearing Machine and Land Clearing Engine," upon his complying with the directions of the act, entitled "An act to promote the progress of the useful arts, and to repeal the act heretofore made for that purpose," and an act, entitled "An act to extend the privilege of obtaining patents for useful discoveries and inventions to certain persons therein mentioned, and to enlarge and define the penalties for violating the rights of patentees," except so far as the said acts, or any part or parts of them, require a residence of two years within the United States, in like manner, in all respects, as if the said Thomas Oxley had resided two years within the United States.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1821.

Patent for his Land Clearing Machine to be issued.

Act of Feb. 21, 1793, ch. 11.

Act of April 17, 1800, ch. 25.

CHAP. LVIII.—*An Act for the relief of John Webster.*

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to pay to John Webster, late collector of the internal revenue for the county of Somerset, in the district of Pennsylvania, the sum of two hundred and sixty-four dollars; which sum shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1821.

To be paid \$264.

CHAP. LIX.—*An Act concerning Thomas Shields and others.*

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the Secretary of the Treasury shall be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to pay to Thomas Shields, and to the persons associated with him in capturing and delivering to the Marshal of the Louisiana district, seventy-seven prisoners, during the late

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1821.

\$3850 to be paid them for 77 prisoners, &c.



war between the United States and Great Britain, the sum of three thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars; it being fifty dollars a head, one half the bounty allowed to private armed vessels for prisoners delivered by them as aforesaid; the said money to be paid to the said Thomas Shields and his associates aforesaid, or to their legal representatives, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to be divided among the said Thomas Shields and his associates aforesaid, upon the principles regulating the distribution of prize money.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1821.

CHAP. LX. — *An Act for the relief of Robert Buntin.*

Claim for surveying to be settled.

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the Surveyor General, and the Surveyor of the Lands of the United States in the territories of Illinois and Missouri, be, and they are hereby, authorized and required to settle the claim of Robert Buntin, and allow him a sum not exceeding three dollars per mile for the lines which bound each survey, whether separate or adjoining other claims, for each survey and resurvey which he may have made within their districts, under the authority of the United States, of the private claims of the Vincennes district; and that they allow him at the same rate for each line run by him in the said Vincennes district, not the boundary of any survey, but run in order to connect the surveys into a general plat: *Provided,* That the aforesaid allowance be in full for his services as Assistant or Deputy Surveyor in the district aforesaid.

Proviso.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1821.

CHAP. LXI. — *An Act authorizing the settlement of the accounts of the late Le Roy Opie.*

Accounts to be settled.

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That the proper accounting officers of the treasury department be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to settle the accounts of the late Le Roy Opie, battalion paymaster in the service of the United States, upon the principles of justice and equity.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1821.

CHAP. LXII. — *An Act to extend the term of Samuel Parker's patents, for his improvement in currying and finishing leather of all kinds.*

Patents for improvements in currying and finishing leather extended for 14 years, &c.

*Be it enacted, &c.,* That all the rights and privileges of Samuel Parker, under two several patents issued from the department of state, on the ninth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eight, and on the twenty-sixth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and nine, respectively, for his improvements in currying and finishing leather of all kinds, be, and hereby are, extended to the said Samuel Parker, his heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, for and during the term of fourteen years, to commence from and immediately after the expiration of fourteen years, granted by said last-mentioned patent as aforesaid, subject to all the provisions of the act, entitled "An act to promote the progress of the useful arts, and to repeal the act heretofore made for that purpose," excepting so far as regards the extension of the term of his said patents herein authorized.

Act of Feb. 21, 1793, ch. 11.

APPROVED, March 3, 1821.