PUBLIC LAWS OF THE SEVENTY-SECOND CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Passed at the first session, which was begun and held at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the seventh day of December, 1931, and was adjourned without day on Saturday, the sixteenth day of July, 1932.

HERBERT HOOVER, President; Charles Curtis, Vice President; George H. Moses, President of the Senate pro tempore; John N. Garner, Speaker of the House of Representatives; Henry T. Rainey, Speaker of the House of Representatives pro tempore, June 13 to 18, 1932; WILLIAM B. BANKHEAD, Speaker of the House of Representatives pro tempore, June 20, 1932; John McDuffle, Speaker of the House of Representatives pro tempore, July 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 1.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To permit the temporary entry into the United States under certain conditions of alien participants and officials of the Third Olympic Winter Games and of the games of the Tenth Olympiad to be held in the United States in 1932.

December 19, 1931. [H. J. Res. 72.] [Pub. Res., No. 1.]

Resolved by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That alien participants, officials, and other accredited members of delegations to the sion into United States Third Olympic Winter Games and to the games of the Tenth Olymeter. piad to be held in the United States in 1932, and members of the immediate families and servants of the foregoing, all the foregoing who are nonimmigrants, if otherwise admissible little the States under the immigration laws, shall be exempted from the payette.

States under the immigration laws, shall be exempted from the payette.

Vol. 39, p. 875.
U. S. C. p. 130. Act of 1917, and exempted from the fees prescribed under the law to be collected in connection with executing an application for a visa and visaing the passport or other travel document of an alien for the purpose of entering the United States as a nonimmigrant, and such aliens shall not be required to present official passports issued by the governments to which they owe allegiance: Provided, That Provided such aliens shall be in possession of official Olympic games identity quired. cards duly visaed without charge by American consular officers abroad: And provided further, That such aliens shall comply with regulations not inconsistent with the foregoing provisions which shall be prescribed by the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary of State: Provided, however, That nothing herein shall relieve an alien from being required to obtain a gratis nonimmigrant visa if coming to the United States as a nonimmigrant, or an immigration visa if coming to the United States as an immigrant: Be it further

Resolved, That such aliens shall be permitted the free entry of their personal effects and their equipment to be used in connection with the games, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved, December 19, 1931.

Olympic games, 1932.

Exempted from tax.

Passports.

Prorisos. Identification re-

Regulations to be prescribed.

Visa requirements.

Entry of personal ef-

[CHAPTER 2.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

December 21, 1931. [S. J. Res. 39.] [Pub. Res., No. 2.]

Extending the time within which the War Policies Commission is required to submit its final report.

report by, extended.
Vol. 46, p. 826,
amended.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the War Policies Com- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time rime for submitting within which the War Policies Commission, created by Public Resolution Numbered 98, Seventy-first Congress, approved June 27, 1930, was required to submit its final report to the Congress be, and the same is hereby, extended ninety days.

Approved, December 21, 1931.

[CHAPTER 3.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

December 21, 1931. [H. J. Res. 141.] [Pub. Res., No. 3.]

To provide additional appropriations for the Veterans' Administration for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932.

tration.
Additional appropriations for objects speci-

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Veterans' Adminis- States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Veterans' Administration for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, namely:

Adjusted-service cer-tificate fund. Vol. 43, p. 128. U. S. C. pp. 1229– 1234; Supp. V, pp. 576–

Adjusted-service certificate fund: For an additional amount necessary under the World War Adjusted Compensation Act (U. S. C., title 38, secs. 591-683; Supp. V, title 38, secs. 612-682), to provide for the payment of the face value of each adjusted-service certificate in twenty years from its date or on the prior death of the veteran, and to make loans to veterans and repayments to banks, in accordance with section 507 of the Act, as amended, \$200,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Vol. 46, p. 1429.

Adjusted-service and dependent pay.

Adjusted-service and dependent pay: For an additional amount for "Adjusted-service and dependent pay, Veterans' Bureau," and for reimbursing the adjusted-service certificate fund the amount of disbursements heretofore made therefrom and properly chargeable to the appropriation "Adjusted-service and dependent pay," \$3,925,000, to remain available until expended.

Hospital and domi-Hospital and domi-ciliary facilities and services. Vol. 46, p. 1550. U. S. C. Supp. V, p. 565.

Hospital and domiciliary facilities and services: For carrying out the provisions of the Acts entitled "An Act to authorize an appropriation to provide additional hospital, domiciliary, and out-patient dispensary facilities for persons entitled to hospitalization under the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended, and for other purposes," Volunteer Soldiers' approved March 4, 1931 (46 Stat. 1550); "An Act to establish a branch home of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers in one of the Northwest Pacific States," approved July 3, 1930 (46 Stat. 852); and "An Act to provide for the establishment of a branch home of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers in one of the Southern States," approved June 21, 1930 (46 author- Stat. 792), the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs is hereby authorized, subject to the limitations imposed by such Acts, to enter into contracts and incur obligations in the full amount of the authorizations provided therein.

Home branches. Establishment, etc. Vol. 46, pp. 852, 792. U. S. C. Supp. V, D. 566.

Approved, December 21, 1931.

Contracts ized.

[CHAPTER 4.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an additional appropriation for the Employment Service, Department of Labor, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932.

December 21, 1931. [H. J. Res. 142.] [Pub. Res., No. 4.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$120,000 ice, is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise Labor. appropriated, out or any money in the Italian, appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, for the Additional appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, for the Additional appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, for the Additional appropriated, out or any money in the Italian Science of Italian including the same Vol. 46, p. 1354. objects and purposes specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Labor for the fiscal year 1932: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the establishment or maintenance of any employment office for which suitable space is not furnished free of rent by State, county, or local authority, or by individuals or organizations: Provided further, That no salary shall be paid under this appropriation at a rate in excess of \$2,000 per annum.

Employment Server, Department of

Additional appropri-

Provisos. Office space.

Salary limitation.

Approved, December 21, 1931.

[CHAPTER 5.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the postponement of amounts payable to the United States from foreign governments during the fiscal year 1932, and their repayment over a ten-year period beginning July 1, 1933.

December 23, 1931. [H. J. Res. 147.] [Pub. Res., No. 5.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the case of each of the following countries: Austria, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, Postponement of States, Finland, France, Germany, Great Britain, Greece, Hungary, States by designated Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Rumania, and Yugoslavia, the countries during fiscal year 1932. Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, is authorized to make, on behalf of the United States, an agreement with the government of such country to postpone the payment of any amount payable during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1931, by such country to the United States in respect of its bonded indebtedness to the United States, except that in the case of Germany the agreement shall relate only to amounts payable by Germany to the United States during such fiscal year in respect of the costs of the Army of Occupation.

SEC. 2. Each such agreement on behalf of the United States shall payment, over a temprovide for the payment of the postponed amounts, with interest at with interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum beginning July 1, 1933, in ten per centum, beginning annuities, the first to be reid during the first to be equal annuities, the first to be paid during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1933, and one during each of the nine fiscal years following, each annuity to be payable in one or more installments.

SEC. 3. No such agreement shall be made with the government of any country unless it appears to the satisfaction of the President debtor-creditor countries. that such government has made, or has given satisfactory assurances of willingness and readiness to make, with the government of each of the other countries indebted to such country in respect of war, relief, or reparation debts, an agreement in respect of such debt substantially similar to the agreement authorized by this joint resolution to be made with the government of such creditor country on behalf of the United States.

SEC. 4. Each agreement authorized by this joint resolution shall Deferred payments and so that resuments of appuiting under such agreement shall subject to terms of original subject to terms or original subject to terms of original subject to terms or original subject to the subject to the subject to the subject to terms or original subject to the sub be made so that payments of annuities under such agreement shall, inal agreements. unless otherwise provided in the agreement (1) be in accordance with the provisions contained in the agreement made with the government of such country under which the payment to be postponed is payable,

and (2) be subject to the same terms and conditions as payments under such original agreement.

Policy of Congress against debt cancellation, etc., declared.

Sec. 5. It is hereby expressly declared to be against the policy of Congress that any of the indebtedness of foreign countries to the United States should be in any manner canceled or reduced; and nothing in this joint resolution shall be construed as indicating a contrary policy, or as implying that favorable consideration will be given at any time to a change in the policy hereby declared.

Approved, December 23, 1931.

[CHAPTER 6.]

AN ACT

December 24, 1931, [S. 930.] [Public, No. 1.]

Limiting the operation of sections 109 and 113 of the Criminal Code with respect to counsel in the case of the Appalachian Electric Power Company against George Otis Smith, and others.

for. Vol. 35, pp. 1107, 1109. U. S. C. pp. 474, 475.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Federal Power Com- United States of America in Congress assembled, That nothing in Certain limitations sections 109 and 113 of the Act entitled "An Act to codify, revise, with respect to coursel for the Act of the United States." approved March 4 1909, as amended (U. S. C., title 18, secs. 198 and 203), or of any other Act of Congress forbidding any person in the employ of the United States or acting in any official capacity under them from acting as agent or attorney for another before any department or branch of the Government or from receiving pay for so acting shall be deemed to apply to counsel serving in the case of the Appalachian Electric Power Company against George Otis Smith, and others, now pending in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Virginia.

Approved, December 24, 1931.

[CHAPTER 7.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

January 20, 1932. [S. J. Res. 79.] [Pub. Res., No. 6.]

To provide an appropriation for expenses of participation by the United States in a general disarmament conference to be held in Geneva in 1932.

Disarmament confer-Appropriation authorized for participation expenses at Geneva, 1932. Post, pp. 35, 783.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$450,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the expenses of participation by the United States in a general disarmament conference to be held in Geneva in 1932, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, including transportation and subsistence or per diem in lieu thereof (notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act), personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, stenographic and other services by contract if deemed necessary without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), rent of offices and rooms, purchase of necessary books and documents, printing and binding, official cards, entertainment, hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified, and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State.

R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309.

Approved, January 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 8.]

AN ACT

To provide emergency financing facilities for financial institutions, to aid in financing agriculture, commerce, and industry, and for other purposes.

January 22, 1932. [H. R. 7360.] [Public, No. 2.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation cre-United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and and is hereby, created a body corporate with the name "Reconstruction Finance Corporation" (herein called the corporation). That the principal office of the corporation shall be located in the District of Columbia, but there may be established agencies or branch offices in any city or cities of the United States under rules and regulations prescribed by the board of directors. This Act may be cited as the "Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act."

Sec. 2. The corporation shall have capital stock of \$500,000,000, subscribed by the United States of America, payment for which shall be subject to call in whole or in part by the board of directors Citation of Act.

Principal office and

Capital stock.

of the corporation.

Appropriation au-Post, p. 14.

Post, pp. 9, 795.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$500,000,000, Post, for the purpose of making payments upon such subscription when called: *Provided*, That \$50,000,000 of the amount so subscribed, and called: Provided, That \$50,000,000 of the amount so subscribed, and Provisos. Sum allocated for the expansion of same through the notes, debentures, bonds, or other loans, etc., to farmers. obligations as set out in section 9 shall be allocated and made available to the Secretary of Agriculture, which sum, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be expended by the Secretary of Agriculture for the purpose of making loans or advances to farmers in the several States of the United States in cases where he finds that an emergency exists as a result of which farmers are unable to obtain loans for crop production during the year 1932: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall give preference in making such loans or advances to farmers who suffered from crop failures emergency due to crop in 1931. Such advances or loans shall be made upon such terms and conditions and subject to such regulations as the Secretary of Agriculture shall prescribe. A first lien on all crops growing, or to be planted and grown, shall, in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, be deemed sufficient security for such loan or advance. All such loans or advances shall be made through such agencies as agencies. the Secretary of Agriculture may designate, and in such amounts as such agencies, with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, may determine. Any person who shall knowingly make any material representation. false representation for the purpose of obtaining an advance or loan, or in assisting in obtaining such advance or loan under this section shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or both.

Preference where Terms, etc., to be

prescribed.

Lien on crops.

Loans, made through

Punishment for false

Receipts for stock

Receipts for payments by the United States of America for or on account of such stock shall be issued by the corporation to the Secre-payments. tary of the Treasury and shall be evidence of the stock ownership of the United States of America.

> Management of corporation. Members ex officio. Post, p. 715.

Political affiliations.

Sec. 3. The management of the corporation shall be vested in a board of directors consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury, or, in his absence, the Under Secretary of the Treasury, the governor of the Federal Reserve Board, and the Farm Loan Commissioner. who shall be members ex officio, and four other persons appointed President, etc. by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Of the seven members of the board of directors not more than four shall be members of any one political party and not more than one shall be appointed from any one Federal reserve district. Each director shall devote his time not otherwise Restriction on private business activities. required by the business of the United States principally to the busi-

Oath of office.

Employment by cor-poration of officers, etc., in Federal boards, commissions, etc.

Terms of directors appointed by President.

When appointed to fill unexpired term.

Salaries,

Restriction upon director, etc., in determina-tion of question affect-ing personal interest.

Corporate rights and

ness of the corporation. Before entering upon his duties each of the directors so appointed and each officer of the corporation shall take an oath faithfully to discharge the duties of his office. Nothing contained in this or in any other Act shall be construed to prevent the appointment and compensation as an employee of the corporation of any officer or employee of the United States in any board, commission, independent establishment, or executive department thereof. The terms of the directors appointed by the President of the United States shall be two years and run from the date of the enactment hereof and until their successors are appointed and qualified. Whenever a vacancy shall occur among the directors so appointed, the person appointed to fill such vacancy shall hold office for the unexpired portion of the term of the director whose place he is selected The directors of the corporation appointed as hereinbefore provided shall receive salaries at the rate of \$10,000 per annum each. No director, officer, attorney, agent, or employee of the corporation shall in any manner, directly or indirectly, participate in the deliberation upon or the determination of any question affecting his personal interests, or the interests of any corporation, partnership, or association in which he is directly or indirectly interested.

Sec. 4. The corporation shall have succession for a period of ten years from the date of the enactment hereof, unless it is sooner dissolved by an Act of Congress. It shall have power to adopt, alter, and use a corporate seal; to make contracts; to lease such real estate as may be necessary for the transaction of its business; to sue and be sued, to complain and to defend, in any court of competent jurisdiction, State or Federal; to select, employ, and fix the compensation of such officers, employees, attorneys, and agents as shall be necessary for the transaction of the business of the corporation, without regard to the provisions of other laws applicable to the employment and compensation of officers or employees of the United States; to define their authority and duties, require bonds of them and fix the penalties thereof, and to dismiss at pleasure such officers, employees, attorneys, and agents; and to prescribe, amend, and repeal, by its board of directors, by-laws, rules, and regulations governing the manner in which its general business may be conducted and the powers granted to it by law may be exercised and enjoyed, including the selection of its chairman and vice chairman, together with provision for such committees and the functions thereof as the board of directors may deem necessary for facilitating its business under this Act. The board of directors of the corporation shall determine and prescribe the manner in which its obligations shall be incurred and its expenses allowed and paid. The corporation shall be entitled to the free use of the United States mails in the same manner as the executive departments of the Government. The corporation, with the consent of any board, commission, independent establishment, or executive department of the Government, including any field service thereof, may avail itself of the use of information, services, facilities, officers, and employees thereof in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

Loans and advances by corporation. Post, p. 715.

tions.

SEC. 5. To aid in financing agriculture, commerce, and industry, including facilitating the exportation of agricultural and other products the corporation is authorized and empowered to make loans, Terms and conditupon such terms and conditions not inconsistent with this Act as it may determine, to any bank, savings bank, trust company, building and loan association, insurance company, mortgage loan company, credit union, Federal land bank, joint-stock land bank, Federal intermediate credit bank, agricultural credit corporation, livestock credit corporation, organized under the laws of any State

or of the United States, including loans secured by the assets of any when secured by assets of closed, etc., bank that is closed, or in process of liquidation to aid in the reor- banks. ganization or liquidation of such banks, upon application of the receiver or liquidating agent of such bank and any receiver of any national bank is hereby authorized to contract for such loans and to pledge any assets of the bank for securing the same: Provided, That not more than \$200,000,000 shall be used for the relief of banks amount to closed, etc., that are closed or in the process of liquidation.

All loans made under the foregoing provisions shall be fully and adequately secured. The corporation, under such conditions as it of collateral accepted shall prescribe, may take over or provide for the administration and as. liquidation of any collateral accepted by it as security for such loans. Such loans may be made directly upon promissory notes or by way of discount or rediscount of obligations tendered for the purpose, or otherwise in such form and in such amount and at such interest or discount rates as the corporation may approve: Provided, That no loans or advances shall be made upon foreign securities or acceptances as collatforeign acceptances as collateral or for the purpose of assisting in the carrying or liquidation of such foreign securities and foreign acceptances. In no case shall the aggregate amount of advances made advances to a corpora-under this section to any one corporation and its subsidiary or affili-tion, etc., limited. ated organizations exceed at any one time 5 per centum of (1) the authorized capital stock of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation plus (2) the aggregate amount of bonds of the corporation authorized to be outstanding when the capital stock is fully subscribed.

Each such loan may be made for a period not exceeding three years, and the corporation may from time to time extend the time of payment of any such loan, through renewal, substitution of new authorized. obligations, or otherwise, but the time for such payment shall not be extended beyond five years from the date upon which such loan was made originally. Except as provided in section 5a hereof, to any enterprise not no loan or advancement shall be made by the corporation for the Post. p. 714. purpose of initiating, setting on foot, or financing any enterprise not initiated, set on foot, or undertaken prior to the adoption of this Act: Provided, That the foregoing limitation shall not apply to loans made to agricultural or livestock credit corporations, or Federal land banks, joint-stock land banks, or Federal intermediate credit banks, nor to loans made to banks for the purpose of financing agricultural operations. The corporation may make loans under loans may be made. this section at any time prior to the expiration of one year from the date of the enactment hereof; and the President may from time Extention by President authorized. to time postpone such date of expiration for such additional period or periods as he may deem necessary, not to exceed two years from the date of the enactment hereof. Within the foregoing limitations upon approval of Inter-of this section, the corporation may also, upon the approval of the state Commerce Commission. Interstate Commerce Commission, make loans to aid in the temporary financing of railroads and railways engaged in interstate commerce, to railroads and railways in process of construction, and to receivers of such railroads and railways, when in the opinion of the board of directors of the corporation such railroads or railways are unable to obtain funds upon reasonable terms through banking channels or from the general public and the corporation will be adequately secured: Provided, That no fee or commission shall be paid by any applicant for a loan under the provisions hereof for loan prohibited. in connection with any such application or any loan made or to be made hereunder, and the agreement to pay or payment of any such unlawful. Agreement to pay, fee or commission shall be unlawful. Any such railroad may obligate itself in such form as shall be prescribed and otherwise comply etc., by railroad. with the requirements of the Interstate Commerce Commission and

Contracts for.

Restriction on total

Security required.

Proviso. eral barred.

Post, p. 714.

Period of loan.

Limited renewals

Restriction on loans Post, p. 714.

Provisos. Exceptions.

Time within which

mission.

Notification.

Authorization to accept drafts when involving exportation of products sold abroad.

Provisos.
Sale or shipment of munitions of war, etc.,

Maturity date of ac-ceptable drafts, etc.

Terms of drafts, etc.

To be fully secured by American securities.

Foreign stored, etc., goods as security.

Vol. 41, p. 297. R. S., sec. 5202, p. 1006, amended. U. S. C., p. 264.

Deposit of corporate moneys.

Redemption of notes, etc., authorized.

Federal reserve banks to act as depositaries,

Reports, records, etc., available to corporation. Post, p. 714.

Examinations of fi-nancial institutions,

the corporation with respect to the deposit or assignment of security hereunder, without the authorization or approval of any authority, State or Federal, and without compliance with any requirement, State or Federal, as to notification, other than such as may be imposed by the Interstate Commerce Commission and the corporation under the provisions of this section.

Sec. 5a. The corporation is authorized and empowered to accept drafts and bills of exchange drawn upon it which grow out of transactions involving the exportation of agricultural or other products actually sold or transported for sale subsequent to the enactment hereof and in process of shipment to buyers in foreign countries: Provided, That the corporation shall not make any such acceptances growing out of transactions involving the sale or shipment of armaments, munitions, or other war materials, or the sale or shipment into countries which are at war of any merchandise or commodities except food and supplies for the actual use of noncombatants. bill of exchange or draft shall be eligible for acceptance if such bill shall have at time of acceptance a maturity of more than twelve All drafts and bills of exchange accepted under this section shall be in terms payable in the United States, in currency of the United States, and in addition to the draft or bill of exchange shall at all times be fully secured by American securities deposited as collateral or shall be guaranteed by a bank or trust company of undoubted solvency organized under the laws of the United States or any State, Territory, or insular possession thereof: Provided, That such securities shall not include goods stored or in process of shipment in foreign countries or the obligation of any foreign government, corporation, firm, or person.

SEC. 6. Section 5202 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended, is hereby amended by striking out the words "War Finance Corporation Act" and inserting in lieu thereof the words

"Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act."

Sec. 7. All moneys of the corporation not otherwise employed may be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States subject to check by authority of the corporation or in any Federal reserve bank, or may, by authorization of the board of directors of the corporation, be used in the purchase for redemption and retirement of any notes, debentures, bonds, or other obligations issued by the corporation, and the corporation may reimburse such Federal reserve bank for their services in the manner as may be agreed upon. The Federal reserve banks are authorized and directed to act as depositaries, custodians, and fiscal agents for the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in the the 1 general performance of its powers conferred by this Act.

SEC. 8. In order to enable the corporation to carry out the provisions of this Act, the Treasury Department, the Federal Farm Loan Board, the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Reserve Board, the Federal reserve banks, and the Interstate Commerce Commission are hereby authorized, under such conditions as they may prescribe, to make available to the corporation, in confidence, such reports, records, or other information as they may have available relating to the condition of financial institutions and railroads or railways with respect to which the corporation has had or contemplates having transactions under this Act, or relating to individuals, associations, partnerships, or corporations whose obligations are offered to or held by the corporation as security for loans to financial institutions or railroads or railways under this Act, and to make through their examiners or other employees for the confidential use of the corporation, examinations of such financial institutions or railroads and

¹ So in original.

railways. Every applicant for a loan under this Act shall, as a con- As conditional condition and condition and condition are conditional conditions. dition precedent thereto, consent to such examinations as the corporation may require for the purposes of this Act and that reports of examinations by constituted authorities may be furnished by such

authorities to the corporation upon request therefor.

SEC. 9. The corporation is authorized and empowered, with the Power of corporations to the Secretary of the Treesury to issue and to have out time to issue obligaapproval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to issue, and to have outstanding at any one time in an amount aggregating not more than three times its subscribed capital, its notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obligations; such obligations to mature not more than five years from their respective dates of issue, to be redeemable at the option of the corporation before maturity in such manner as may be stipulated in such obligations, and to bear such rate or rates of interest as may be determined by the corporation: Provided, That the corporation, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may obligations. sell on a discount basis short-term obligations payable at maturity The notes, debentures, bonds, and other obligations without interest. of the corporation may be secured by assets of the corporation in tions such manner as shall be prescribed by its board of directors: Provided, That the aggregate of all obligations issued under this section shall not exceed three times the amount of the subscribed capital tions. Such obligations may be issued in payment of any loan authorized by this Act or may be offered for sale at such price or prices as the corporation may determine with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The said obligations shall be fully and ally guaranteed by unconditionally guaranteed both as to interest and principal by the United States. United States and such guaranty shall be expressed on the face thereof. In the event that the corporation shall be unable to pay upon demand, when due, the principal of or interest on notes, debence corporation unable to meet due obligations. tures, bonds, or other such obligations issued by it, the Secretary of the Treasury shall pay the amount thereof, which is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not other-thorized. wise appropriated, and thereupon to the extent of the amounts so paid the Secretary of the Treasury shall succeed to all the rights of the holders of such notes, debentures, bonds, or other obligations. The tions by Secretary of Secretary of the Treasury, in his discretion, is authorized to purchase the Treasury. any obligations of the corporation to be issued hereunder, and for such purpose the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to use as a publicdebt transaction the proceeds from the sale of any securities here-sale of securities issued after issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, and the Bond Act, authorized purposes for which securities may be issued under the Second Liberty Bond Act, as amended, are extended to include any purchases of the corporation's obligations hereunder. The Secretary of the Treasury poration obligations. may, at any time, sell any of the obligations of the corporation acquired by him under this section. All redemptions, purchases, as and sales by the Secretary of the Treasury of the obligations of the actions.

Obligations treated as public-debt transcorporation shall be treated as public-debt transcorporation shall be treated as public-debt transcorporation. corporation shall be treated as public-debt transactions of the United States. Such obligations shall not be eligible for discount or pur- count, etc. chase by any Federal reserve bank.

Sec. 10. Any and all notes, debentures, bonds, or other such oblitions from taxation. gations issued by the corporation shall be exempt both as to principal and interest from all taxation (except surtaxes, estate, inheritance, and gift taxes) now or hereafter imposed by the United States, by any Territory, dependency, or possession thereof, or by any State, county, municipality, or local taxing authority. The corporation, poration, including its franchise, its capital, reserves, and surplus, and its franchises, etc. income shall be exempt from all taxation now or hereafter imposed by the United States, by any Territory, dependency, or possession thereof, or by any State, county, municipality, or local taxing

Maturity date and redemption thereof.

Interest rate.

Provisos. Sale of short-term

Security for obliga-tions, etc., of corpora-

Restriction on aggre-

Basis for issue of obligations.

Bond Act, authorized. Vol. 40, p. 288. U. S. C., p. 1026.

Sale of acquired cor-

Not eligible for dis-

Exemption of obliga-

Exception.

Exemption of corincluding Real

Preparation of debenbond, and note

Custody of engraved plates, etc.

Reimbursement for

Corporation as de-positary of public public money.

As financial agent.

Corporate obligations as investments. obliga-

Liquidation of assets by Directors upon expiration of loan period or extensions.

Deposit of funds for payment of obligations.

Deposit of excess funds

Retirement of cor-porate capital stock.

Balance paid into Treasury as miscella-neous receipts.

Dissolution of cor-poration and retire-ment of residue of capi-

ment of results of cap-tal stock.
Duty of liquidation transferred to Secretary of the Treasury after expiration of corporate succession period.

property ex- authority; except that any real property of the corporation shall be subject to State, Territorial, county, municipal, or local taxation to the same extent according to its value as other real property is

Sec. 11. In order that the corporation may be supplied with such forms of notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obligations as it may need for issuance under this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to prepare such forms as shall be suitable and approved by the corporation, to be held in the Treasury subject to delivery, upon order of the corporation. The engraved plates, dies, bed pieces, and so forth, executed in connection therewith shall remain in the custody of the Secretary of the Treasury. The corporation shall reimburse the Secretary of the Treasury for any expenses incurred in the preparation, custody and delivery of such notes, debentures, bonds, or other obligations.

Sec. 12. When designated for that purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury, the corporation shall be a depositary of public money, except receipts from customs, under such regulations as may be prescribed by said Secretary; and it may also be employed as a financial agent of the Government; and it shall perform all such reasonable duties, as depositary of public money and financial agent of the Government, as may be required of it. Obligations of the corporation shall be lawful investments, and may be accepted as security, for all fiduciary, trust, and public funds the investment or deposit of which shall be under the authority or control of the

United States or any officer or officers thereof.

SEC. 13. Upon the expiration of the period of one year within which the corporation may make loans, or of any extension thereof by the President under the authority of this Act, the board of directors of the corporation shall, except as otherwise herein specifically authorized, proceed to liquidate its assets and wind up its affairs. It may with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury deposit with the Treasurer of the United States as a special fund any money belonging to the corporation or from time to time received by it in the course of liquidation or otherwise, for the payment of principal and interest of its outstanding obligations or for the purpose of redemption of such obligations in accordance with the terms thereof, which fund may be drawn upon or paid out for no other purpose. The corporation may also at any time pay to the Treasurer of the United States as miscellaneous receipts any money belonging to the corporation or from time to time received by it in the course of liquidation or otherwise in excess of reasonable amounts reserved to meet its requirements during liquidations. Upon such deposit being made, such amount of the capital stock of the corporation as may be specified by the corporation with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury but not exceeding in par value the amount so paid in shall be canceled and retired. Any balance remaining after the liquidation of all the corporation's assets and after provision has been made for payment of all legal obligations of any kind and character shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts. Thereupon the corporation shall be dissolved and the residue, if any, of its capital stock shall be canceled and retired.

SEC. 14. If at the expiration of the ten years for which the corporation has successsion hereunder its board of directors shall not have completed the liquidation of its assets and the winding up of its affairs, the duty of completing such liquidation and winding up of its affairs shall be transferred to the Secretary of the Treasury, who for such purpose shall succeed to all the powers and duties of the board of directors of the corporation under this Act. In such

event he may assign to any officer or officers of the United States Assignment ers and duties. in the Treasury Department the exercise and performance, under his general supervision and direction, of any such powers and duties; and nothing herein shall be construed to affect any right or privilege accrued, any penalty or liability incurred, any criminal affected. or civil proceeding commenced, or any authority conferred hereunder, except as herein provided in connection with the liquidation of the remaining assets and the winding up of the affairs of the corporation, until the Secretary of the Treasury shall find that such liquidation will no longer be advantageous to the United States and advantageous. that all of its legal obligations have been provided for, whereupon he shall retire any capital stock then outstanding, pay into the balance into Treasury. Treasury as miscellaneous receipts the unused balance of the moneys belonging to the corporation, and make the final report of the corporation to the Congress. Thereupon the corporation shall be deemed to be dissolved.

SEC. 15. The corporation shall make and publish a report quarterly Congress. of its operations to the Congress stating the aggregate loans made to each of the classes of borrowers provided for and the number of borrowers by States in each class. The statement shall show the assets and liabilities of the corporation, and the first report shall be made on April 1, 1932, and quarterly thereafter. It shall also port. show the names and compensation of all persons employed by the

corporation whose compensation exceeds \$400 a month.

Sec. 16. (a) Whoever makes any statement knowing it to be false, or whoever willfully overvalues any security, for the purpose of overvaluation of se-obtaining for himself or for any applicant any loan, or extension curity. thereof by renewal, deferment of action, or otherwise, or the acceptance, release, or substitution of security therefor, or for the purpose of influencing in any way the action of the corporation, or for the purpose of obtaining money, property, or anything of value, under this Act, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or by

imprisonment for not more than two years, or both. (b) Whoever (1) falsely makes, forges, or counterfeits any note, porate notes, etc. debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, in imitation of or purporting to be a note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, issued by the corporation, or (2) passes, utters or publishes, ing to pass, etc., counor attempts to pass, utter or publish, any false, forged or counterfeited terfeits. note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, purporting to have been issued by the corporation, knowing the same to be false, forged or counterfeited, or (3) falsely alters any note, debenture, notes, etc. bond, or other obligation, or coupon, issued or purporting to have been issued by the corporation, or (4) passes, utters or publishes, or ing to pass, etc., altered attempts to pass, utter or publish, as true any falsely altered or notes, etc. spurious note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, issued or purporting to have been issued by the corporation, knowing the same to be falsely altered or spurious, or any person who willfully violates any other provision of this Act, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

(c) Whoever, being connected in any capacity with the corpora- rate funds, etc. tion, (1) embezzles, abstracts, purloins, or willfully misapplies any moneys, funds, securities, or other things of value, whether belonging to it or pledged or otherwise entrusted to it, or (2) with intent to Making false book defraud the corporation or any other body politic or corporate, or to defraud. any individual, or to deceive any officer, auditor, or examiner of the corporation, makes any false entry in any book, report, or statement of or to the corporation, or, without being duly authorized, draws any order or issues, puts forth or assigns any note, debenture, bond,

Assignment of pow-

Retirement of outstanding stock when liquidation no longer

Report to Congress. Final dissolution.

Quarterly report to

Statement therein.

Personnel salary re-

Penalty provisions.

Counterfeiting

corporate

corpo-

Receiving benefit through loan, etc., with intent to defraud.

Giving unauthorized information.

Exclusive use of corporate name.

Punishment for vio-

Vol. 35, pp. 1108, 1109. U. S. C., p. 475.

Applicable provisions extended hereto.

Right to amend, etc.,

or other obligation, or draft, bill of exchange, mortgage, judgment, or decree thereof, or (3) with intent to defraud participates, shares, receives directly or indirectly any money, profit, property or benefit through any transaction, loan, commission, contract, or any other act of the corporation, or (4) gives any unauthorized information concerning any future action or plan of the corporation which might affect the value of securities, or, having such knowledge, invests or speculates, directly or indirectly, in the securities or property of any company, bank, or corporation receiving loans or other assistance from the corporation, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

(d) No individual, association, partnership, or corporation shall use the words "Reconstruction Finance Corporation" or a combination of these three words, as the name or a part thereof under which he or it shall do business. Every individual, partnership, association, or corporation violating this prohibition shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$1,000

or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

(e) The provisions of sections 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, and 117 of the Criminal Code of the United States (U. S. C., title 18, ch. 5, secs. 202 to 207, inclusive) in so far as applicable, are extended to apply to contracts or agreements with the corporation under this Act, which for the purposes hereof shall be held to include loans, advances, discounts, and rediscounts; extensions and renewals thereof; and acceptances, releases, and substitutions of security therefor.

SEC. 17. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby Separability of pro- expressly reserved. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this Act shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this Act, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been

Approved, January 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 9.]

AN ACT

January 23, 1932. [H. R. 6172.] [Public, No. 3.]

To amend the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended, to provide for additional capital for Federal land banks, and for other purposes.

Federal Farm Loan Act, amendment. Vol. 39, p. 365. U. S. C., p. 302.

Retirement of original stock by subscrip-

Vol. 39, p. 365. U. S. C., p. 302. Post, p. 36.

Subscription for capi-tal stock by United States.

Call provision.

· Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 7, secs. 691-697), is amended by inserting after the word "subscribed" in the sixth paragraph thereof the words "by national farm loan associations, by borrowers through agencies, and by borrowers through branch banks".

Sec. 2. Section 5 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 7, secs. 691-697), is further amended by adding

at the end thereof a new paragraph as follows:

"It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury on behalf of the United States, upon the request of the board of directors of any Federal land bank made with the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, to subscribe from time to time for capital stock of such bank in an amount or amounts specified in such approval or approvals, such subscriptions to be subject to call in whole or in part by the board of directors of said bank upon thirty days' notice with

the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board. The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to take out and pay for shares having an aggregate par value equal to the amounts so called; and to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay for stock issued hereunder there is hereby authorized to be appropriated the sum of \$125,000,000 such stock to be nonvoting. Shares of stock issued pursuant to this paragraph shall be paid off at par and retired in the same manner as the original capital stock of said bank after said original stock outstanding, if any, has been paid off and retired: Provided, however, That stock issued pursuant to this paragraph may at any time, in the discretion of the directors and with the if adequate resources approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board, be paid off at par and retired in whole or in part; and that said board may at any time require such stock to be paid off at par and retired in whole or in part if in the opinion of the board the bank has resources available therefor. The proceeds of all repayments on account of stock issued able pursuant to this paragraph shall be held in the Treasury of the United States and shall be available for the purpose of paying for other stock thereafter issued pursuant to this paragraph."

SEC. 3(a). Section 23 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 7, secs. 901, 902), is amended, effective July 1, 1932, by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph as follows:

"Évery Federal land bank shall semiannually carry to reserve account a sum not less than 50 per centum of its net earnings until said reserve account shall show a credit balance equal to the outstanding capital stock of said land bank. After said reserve is equal to the outstanding capital stock 10 per centum of the net earnings shall be added thereto semiannually. Whenever said reserve shall have been impaired it shall be fully restored before any diviberor dividend paid. dends are paid. After deducting the 50 per centum or the 10 per centum herein directed to be deducted for credit to reserve account, any Federal land bank may declare a dividend or dividends to shareholders of the whole or any part of the balance of its net earnings, but only with the approval of the Federal Farm Loan Board. the case of Federal land banks the requirements of this paragraph shall be in lieu of the requirements of the first three sentences of the first paragraph of this section and in lieu of the requirements of the first sentence of the second paragraph of this section.

(b) Section 23 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U.S. C., title 12, ch. 7, secs. 901, 902), is further amended by inserting amended. after the word "earnings" and before the period in the first sentence of the second paragraph thereof a colon and the following: "Provided. That any dividend or dividends declared by any joint-stock by joint-stock bank. land bank shall be subject to the approval of the Federal Farm

Loan Board."

SEC. 4. The first three paragraphs of section 24 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U.S. C., title 12, ch. 7, secs. 911-913),

are amended, effective July 1, 1932, to read as follows:

"That every national farm loan association shall, out of its net reserves and dividends. earnings, semiannually carry to reserve account a sum not less than 10 per centum of such net earnings until said reserve account shall show a credit balance equal to 25 per centum of the outstanding capital stock of said association. After said reserve has reached the sum of 25 per centum of the outstanding capital stock, 5 per centum of the net earnings shall be semiannually added thereto.

"Whenever said reserve shall have been impaired it shall be fully before dividend paid."

restored before any dividends are paid.

"After deducting the 10 per centum or the 5 per centum herein- ance of net earnings. before directed to be credited to reserve account, said association

Payment.

Appropriation 811thorized Post, p. 36. Retirement. Vol. 39, p. 365. U. S. C., p. 302.

Proviso. Optional retirement available.

Proceeds to be avail-

Vol. 39, p. 379. U. S. C., p. 311. Effective date.

Reserves and dividends of land banks. Amount carried to reserve account.

Dividend from bal-ance of net earnings.

Substituted provi-

Vol. 39, p. 379. U. S. C., p. 312,

Proviso.
Dividends declared

Vol. 39, p. 379. U. S. C., p. 312. Effective date.

Amount from net earnings to reserves.

Dividend from bal-

may at its discretion declare a dividend to shareholders of the whole

Vol. 39, p. 372. U. S. C., p. 306. Post, p. 1548.

Powers of Federal land banks of unpaid obligations.

Sum authorized for reimbursement of

Rules and regula-tions to be prescribed.

or any part of the balance of said net earnings."

Sec. 5. Section 13 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 7, sec. 781), is amended by adding at the end

thereof a new paragraph to read as follows:

"Tenth. When in the judgment of the directors conditions justify Extension of due date it, to extend, in whole or in part, any obligation that may be or become unpaid under the terms of any mortgage, and to accept payment of any such obligation during a period of five years or less from the date of such extension in such amounts as may be agreed upon at the date of making such extension. The sum of \$25,000,000 of the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 5 of this Act, as amended, shall be used exclusively for the purpose of supplying any bank with funds to use in its operations in place of any amounts of which such bank may be deprived by reason of extensions made as provided in this paragraph.

Sec. 6. The Federal Farm Loan Board is authorized to make such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with law, as it deems necessary or requisite for the efficient execution of the provisions of the Federal Farm Loan Act, and/or any Act or Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto.

Approved, January 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 10.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

January 27, 1932 [H. J. Res. 230.] [Pub. Res., No. 7.]

Making an appropriation to enable the United States of America to make payments upon subscriptions to the capital stock of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Reconstruction

Ante, p. 5.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Fi- States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby appro-Appropriation for subscriptions to capital stock of.

Appropriation for priated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$500,000,000, to remain available until expended, for ated, the sum of \$500,000,000, to remain available until expended, for subscriptions to the capital stock of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in accordance with the provisions of section 2 of the Act of the Seventy-second Congress entitled "An Act to provide emergency financing facilities for financial institutions, to aid in financing agriculture, commerce, and industry, and for other purposes."

Approved, January 27, 1932.

[CHAPTER 11.]

AN ACT

January 28, 1932. [S. 573.] [Public, No. 4.]

Granting the consent of Congress for the construction of a bridge across Clarks Fork River, near Ione, Pend Oreille County, in the State of Washington.

Clarks Fork River. Washington, etc may bridge at Ione.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to Pend Oreille County, State of Washington, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Clarks Fork River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Ione, Washington, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

> SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 28, 1932.

Amendment.

[CHAPTER 12.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply urgent deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and for other purposes.

February 2, 1932. [H. R. 6660.] [Public, No. 5.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following fiscal year, 1932 sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply urgent deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and for other purposes, namely:

TITLE I

LEGISLATIVE ESTABLISHMENT

SENATE

To pay to Elizabeth C. Morrow, widow of Honorable Dwight W. Morrow, late a Senator from the State of New Jersey, \$10,000.

To pay to Hattie W. Caraway, widow of Honorable Thanks W. Car

H. Caraway, late a Senator from the State of Arkansas, \$10,000.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year 1932,

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Sen- Inquiries and in gations, expenses, ate, including compensation to stenographers of committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words, fiscal year 1932, \$100,000: Provided, That except Restriction on in the case of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation no amount of payment for services. part of this appropriation snall be expended for \$3,600 per annum:

Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be sistence expenses. Vol. 44, p. 688. part of this appropriation shall be expended for services, personal, ance with the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926.

For repairs, improvements, equipment, and supplies for Senate rants, repairs, etc. kitchens and restaurants, Capitol Building and Senate Office Building, including personal and other services, to be expended from the contingent fund of the Senate under the supervision of the Committee on Rules, United States Senate, fiscal year 1932, \$12,000.

Legislative.

Senate.

Dwight W. Morrow. Pay to widow.

Thaddeus H. Caraway.
Pay to widow. Miscellaneous items.

Inquiries and investi-

services.

Per diem and sub-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

To pay the widow of Ernest R. Ackerman, late a Representative from the State of New Jersey, \$10,000.

To pay the widow of James B. Aswell, late a Representative

from the State of Louisiana, \$10,000.

To pay the widow of Charles G. Edwards, late a Representative from the State of Georgia, \$10,000.

To pay the widow of George S. Graham, late a Representative

from the State of Pennsylvania, \$10,000.

To pay the widow of Fletcher Hale, late a Representative from the State of New Hampshire, \$10,000.

To pay the widow of Nicholas Longworth, late a Representative from the State of Ohio, \$10,000.

To pay the widow of Samuel C. Major, late a Representative from the State of Missouri, \$10,000.

House of Representatives.

Ernest R. Ackerman. Pay to widow.

James B. Aswell. Pay to widow.

Charles G. Edwards. Pay to widow.

George S. Graham. Pay to widow.

Fletcher Hale. Pay to widow.

Nicholas Longworth. Pay to widow.

Samuel C. Major. Pay to widow.

Charles A. Mooney. Pay to widow.

Matthew V. O'Mal-Pay to mother. Bird J. Vincent. Pay to widow.

HarryM. Wurzbach. Pay to widow.

Disbursement.

Committee on Revision of the Laws. Preparation, etc., of Preparation, etc., of the laws. Vol. 45, p. 1008; U.S. C., Supp. V, p. 3. Laws and Treaties of the United States.

Unexpended balance available. Vol. 45, p. 1608.

Folding.

To pay the widow of Charles A. Mooney, late a Representative from the State of Ohio, \$10,000.

To pay the mother of Matthew V. O'Malley, late a Representa-

tive from the State of New York, \$10,000.

To pay the widow of Bird J. Vincent, late a Representative from the State of Michigan, \$10,000.

To pay the widow of Harry M. Wurzbach, late a Representative

from the State of Texas, \$10,000.

The eleven preceding appropriations shall be disbursed by the

Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives.

Committee on Revision of the Laws: For preparation and editing of the laws as authorized by section 10 of the Act approved May 29, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 1, sec. 59), fiscal year 1932, \$5,000; for the employment of competent persons to assist in continuing the work of compiling, codifying, and revising the laws and treaties of the United States, fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$3,000. Not to exceed \$1,432.55 of the unexpended balance of the appro-

priation of \$6,500, contained in the First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1929, for preparation and editing of the laws is continued available during the fiscal year 1932.

For folding speeches and pamphlets at a rate not exceeding \$1 per thousand, fiscal year 1932, \$8,000.

Architect of the Capi-

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

House Office Build-House Office Building: For reconstruction and remodeling of the Reconstruction and House Office Building, including all structural, mechanical alterations and other changes, with such modifications as the House Office Building Commission may direct, \$60,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to remain available until June 30, 1933, and to be expended by the Architect of the Capitol under the supervision of the House Office Building Commission; and the Architect of the Capi-Contracts for sup- tol is hereby authorized to enter into contracts in the open market, to make expenditures for material, supplies, equipment, technical and reference books, and instruments, accessories, advertising, travel expenses and subsistence therefor, and, without regard to section 35 Vol. 36, p. 699.
U.S. C., p. 1303.
Vol. 42, p. 1498; Vol.
46, p. 1005.
U.S. C., p. 65; Supp.
V, p. 28.
V, p. 28.
V, p. 29.
V, p. 20.
V, sary personnel, including professional, architectural, and engineering, and other assistants. This appropriation shall be disbursed by ing, and other assistants. This appropriation shall be disbursed by the disbursing officer of the Interior Department.

New House Office Building: To enable the Architect of the Capitol

and to provide furnishings and equipment for the New House Office Building within the authorized limit of cost for site and construction as provided in Act approved January 10, 1929 (45 Stat. 1071), \$400,000 to remain available until June 30, 1933; and the Architect of the Capitol is hereby authorized to enter into contracts in the open market, to make expenditures for material, supplies, equipment, technical and reference books, and instruments, accessories, advertising, travel expenses and subsistence therefor, and, without regard to vol. 36, p. 699.
U. S. C., p. 1303.
Vol. 42, p. 1488; Vol.
46, p. 1003.
U. S. C., p. 65; Supp.
V, p. 28.
Disbursement.

We serve expenses and subsistence therefor, and, without regard to section 35 of the Public Buildings Act, approved June 25, 1910, as amended, or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, to employ professional, architectural, and engineering, and other assistants. This appropriation shall be disall necessary personnel, including professional, architectural, and engineering, and other assistants. This appropriation shall be dis-

bursed by the disbursing officer of the Interior Department. Enlarging the Capitol Grounds: To enable the Architect of the

Capitol to provide for the demolition and removal of structures in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to pro-

plies, etc.

New House Office Building, Furnishings and equipment.

Vol. 45, p. 1071.

Contracts for supplies, etc.

Capitol Grounds.

vide for the enlarging of the Capitol Grounds," approved March 4, vide for the enlarging of the Capitol Grounds," approved March 4, Enlarging. Vol. 45, p. 1694; Vol. 46, Stat. 1694), as amended by Act approved March 4, 1931 46, p. 1522.

(46 Stat. 1522), \$50,000, to remain available until June 30, 1933.

Library building and grounds: For an additional amount for the quisition of a site for additional buildings for the Library of Conquisition of a site for additional buildings for the Library of Conquisition of State 699. acquisition of a site for additional buildings for the Library of Congress, as authorized in the Act approved May 21, 1928 (45 Stat. 622), notwithstanding the limit of cost for site named in that Act, but in pursuance of condemnation awards, \$321,201.94.

To enable the Architect of the Capitol to provide for the removal ings, etc. of buildings and structures in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the acquisition of certain property in the District of Columbia for the Library of Congress, and for other purposes," approved May 21, 1928 (45 Stat. 622), \$20,000, to remain available until June 30, 1933.

Vol. 45, p. 622.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE AND INDEPENDENT

Executive Office and Independent lishments.

ESTABLISHMENTS

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Naval oil reserves Expenses, canceling

Executive Office.

Protection of interests of the United States in matters affecting oil lands in former naval reserves: For an additional amount for leases. compensation and expenses of special counsel and for all other expenses, including employment of experts and other assistants at such rates as may be authorized or approved by the President, in connection with carrying into effect the joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to institute proceedings touching sections 16 and 36, township 30 south, range 23 east, Mount Diable meridian, approved February 21, 1924 (43 Stat. 15), fiscal year 1932, \$10,000, to be expended by the President.

Vol. 43, p. 15.

FEDERAL BOARD FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Federal Board for Vocational Education.

Cooperative vocational education in agriculture and home eco- studies in agriculture and home economics. nomics: For an additional amount for carrying out the provisions of section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the further development of vocational education in the several States and Terri- p. 321.

tories," approved February 5. 1929 (II S. C. Supp. V. tories," approved February 5, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, secs. 15a, 15c), fiscal year 1932, \$83,000.

Vocational education in Porto Rico: For extending to Porto Rico Vocational education in Porto Rico. the benefits of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational education; to provide for cooperation with the States in the promotion of such education in agriculture and the trades in industries; to provide for cooperation with the States in the preparation of teachers of vocational subjects; and to appropriate money and regulate its expenditure," approved February 23, 1917 (U.S. C., title 20, secs. 11-18), in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of certain laws relating to vocational education and civilian rehabilitation to Porto Rico, approved March 3, 1931 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, sec. 30), fiscal year 1932, \$45,000.

Vol. 39, p. 929. U. S. C., pp. 609, 611.

Vol. 46, p. 1489. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 321.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Federal Trade Commission

For an additional amount for authorized expenditures of the Federal Trade Commission in performing the duties imposed by law, including the same objects specified under this head in the "Independent Offices Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932," \$20,000.

Expenses. Vol. 46, p. 1362.

3051°-33--2

George Washington Bicentennial Commis-

GEORGE WASHINGTON BICENTENNIAL COMMISSION

Expenses, etc. Vol. 46, p. 1363.

For an additional amount for the George Washington Bicentennial Commission for the fiscal years 1932 and 1933, including the same objects specified under this head in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1932, \$225,000.

Public Buildings and Parks of the National OFFICE OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND PUBLIC PARKS OF THE NATIONAL Capital. CAPITAL

Mount Vernon Me-morial Highway. Vol. 46, p. 482.

Mount Vernon Memorial Highway: Not to exceed \$4,000 of the appropriation "Salaries, maintenance, and care of buildings, 1932,' and \$10,000 of the appropriation "General expenses, maintenance, and care of buildings, 1932," contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, are hereby made available for the fiscal year 1932, for the maintenance of the Mount Vernon Memorial Highway and other Federal lands authorized by the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 482).

Veterans' Adminis-

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Military and naval compensation. Vol. 46, p. 1373.

Military and naval compensation: For an additional amount for the payment of military and naval compensation accruing during the fiscal year 1932 or in prior fiscal years, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Veterans' Administration for the fiscal year 1932, \$46,872,975.

District of Columbia.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Municipal Architect's Office.

MUNICIPAL ARCHITECT'S OFFICE

Balance available Vol. 46, pp. 966, 969.

Not to exceed \$50,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for buildings and grounds, public schools, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1931, is hereby made available until June 30, 1932, for payment of personal services employed on construction work under the supervision of the Municipal Architect's Office.

Street and road improvements.

STREET AND ROAD IMPROVEMENT AND REPAIR

Benning Road NE. Vol. 46, p. 1384.

The item for the paving of Benning Road northeast, Fifteenth Street to culvert, \$154,400, under the appropriation for Gasoline Tax Road and Street Fund, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, is hereby made available to include the construction of a pedestrian underpass at Twenty-fourth Street and Benning Road northeast.

Collection and disposal of refuse.

COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFUSE

ation of \$550,000 provided for sites and construction, incinerators for

refuse, contained in the First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, is hereby made available for the same purpose until June 30, 1933, and the commissioners are authorized to enter into contract or contracts

Not to exceed \$260,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropri-

Balance available for incinerators Vol. 46, p. 97.

Contracts for con-Vol. 45, p. 1549.

Proviso.

for the construction and equipment of such incinerators at a cost which, together with other expenditures authorized by the Act approved March 4, 1929 (45 Stat. 1549), including a resident engineer at not to exceed the rate of \$3,800 per annum, shall not exceed \$760,000: Provided, That the limitation of \$25,000, contained in the First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, for the employment by contract Limit of cost inor otherwise of such expert and other personal services as may be

required for the preparation of plans for the construction of said incinerators is hereby increased to \$35,000, to enable the commissioners to pay for services not exceeding \$10,000 in addition to the amount of \$25,000 for such services as set forth in the existing contract of June 13, 1930.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Instruction of the Deaf: For an additional amount for maintenance and instruction of colored deaf-mutes of teachable age belonging to the District of Columbia, in Maryland, or some other State, under a contract to be entered into by the commissioners, fiscal year 1932, \$250: Provided, That all expenditures under this appropriation shall be made under the supervision of the Board of Education.

Furniture: For furnishing and equipping buildings and additions to buildings and stadiums, as follows: Dunbar High School sta- Equipping buildings and stadiums. dium, \$1,800; Western High School stadium, \$2,900; Key School, \$4,000; Stoddert School, \$8,000; Hearst School, \$8,000; Janney School, \$5,000; Orr School, \$4,000; Hine Junior High School, \$9,000; Macfarland Junior High School, \$22,000; Paul Junior High School, \$10,000; Randall Junior High School, \$6,300; in all, fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$81,000.

Public schools.

Instruction of the

Proviso.
Disbursement.

Furniture.

METROPOLITAN POLICE

House of Detention: For alterations and improvements to number 2 police precinct station house to fit it for use as a house of Alterations and improvements. detention, including the expense of removing and relocating cell blocks and other equipment and the cost of additional equipment; and for necessary changes in number 3 police precinct station house to make it available for use as a police inspection district headquarters, such work to be performed by day labor or otherwise, in the discretion of the commissioners, fiscal year 1932, \$12,000.

Metropolitan police.

House of Detention.

COURTS

Printing and Binding: For an additional amount for printing ing. and binding for the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, except records and briefs in cases in which the United States is a party, fiscal year 1932, \$1,500.

Courts.

Printing and bind-

PUBLIC WELFARE

Gallinger Municipal Hospital: Not exceeding \$7,680 of the appropriation of \$10,000 contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 for the isolating ward for minor contagious diseases at Providence Hospital is hereby authorized to be transferred to and made a part of the appropriation for personal services, Gallinger Municipal Hospital, fiscal year 1932.

Hospital for the Insane: For an additional amount for deportation of nonresident insane persons, in accordance with the Act of Congress "to change the proceedings for admission to the Govern-resident insane. Vol. 30, p. 811. ment Hospital for the Insane in certain cases, and for other purposes," approved January 31, 1899 (D. C. Code, title 16, sec. 17), including persons held in the psychopathic ward of the Gallinger Municipal Hospital, fiscal year 1932, \$3,000.

Relief of the poor: For an additional amount for payment to Abbeneficiaries named in section 3 of an Act entitled "An Act making child." it a misdemeanor in the District of Columbia to abandon or willfully neglect to provide for the support and maintenance by any person of his wife or his or her minor children in destitute or necessitous

Public welfare

Gallinger Municipal Hospital. Personal services. Vol. 46, p. 1399.

Hospital for the Insane.
Deportation of non-

Relief of the poor. Abandoned wife or Vol. 34, p. 87.

circumstances," approved March 23, 1906 (D. C. Code, title 6, secs. 270-273), to be disbursed by the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia on itemized vouchers duly audited and approved by the auditor of said District, fiscal year 1932, \$2,500.

Water service.

WATER SERVICE

Purchase of laboraving devices. Vol. 46, p. 1412.

Not exceeding a further sum of \$1,000 of the appropriation for maintenance of the Water Department distribution system for the fiscal year 1932 is hereby made available for the purchase of laborsaving devices for the use of the water registrar's office.

Bryant Street station, pump. Vol. 46, p. 988.

Not to exceed \$12,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$92,000 contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931, for the purchase and installation of one twenty-million gallon pump at the Bryant Street pumping station, including economizer and generator, is hereby made available for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1932.

Division of expenses.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

From District revenues and Treasury,

The foregoing appropriations for the District of Columbia shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed by the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for the respective fiscal years for which such appropriations are made.

Department of Agri-culture.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Forest Service.

FOREST SERVICE

Salaries expenses. Vol. 46, p. 1258.

Salaries and expenses (fighting and preventing forest fires): For an additional amount for fighting and preventing forest fires, fiscal year 1932, including the same objects specified under this head in the Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, \$4,260,000.

Bureau of Public

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

Federal-aid highway

Federal-aid highway system: For an additional amount for carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide that the United States shall aid the States in the construction of rural post roads, and for other purposes," approved July 11, 1916 (39 Stat. Vol. 39, p. 355; Vol. 40, p. 1200; Vol. 42, pp. 660, 1157; Vol. 43, p. 889; Vol. 44, p. 760; Vol. 45, pp. 750, 1220.
U. S. C., pp. 422, 668; Supp. V. p. 195.
Vol. 46, p. 1266.

Dost roads, and for other purposes," approved July 11, 1916 (39 Stat. amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, including the same objects specified under this head in the Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, including supp. V. p. 195.
Vol. 46, p. 1266. trict of Columbia, \$50,000,000, to remain available until expended, being a part of the sum of \$125,000,000 authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, by paragraph 1 of the Act approved April 4, 1930 (46 Stat. 141).

Vol. 46, p. 141.

Department of Commarce.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Secretary's office.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Additional amount for salaries. Vol. 46, p. 1329.

Salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Commerce for the fiscal year 1932, \$70,280, and, in addition thereto, not to exceed \$29,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$120,000 under this head, contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, is hereby continued available for the fiscal year 1932.

Vol. 46, p. 1564.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

For an additional amount for contingent expenses, Department of Commerce, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Commerce for the fiscal year 1932, \$27,720, and in addition thereto, not to exceed \$17,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$60,725 under this head, contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, is hereby continued available for the fiscal year 1932.

For an additional amount for printing and binding, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Commerce for the fiscal year

1932, \$6,000.

BUREAU OF LIGHTHOUSES

Damage claims: To pay the claim adjusted and determined by the Department of Commerce under the provisions of section 4 of the Act approved June 17, 1910 (U. S. C., title 33, sec. 721), on account of damages occasioned to private property by collision with a vessel of the Lighthouse Service and for which damage such vessel was responsible, as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 177, Seventy-second Congress, \$65.

Contingent expenses.

Additional amount.

Vol. 46, pp. 1329, 1564.

Printingandbinding. Vol. 46, p. 1330.

Bureau of Lighthouses.

Damage claims. Vol. 36, p. 537. U. S. C., p. 1091.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

The amount authorized to be deducted from appropriations for Contingent expedience amount increased. the fiscal year 1932 for the Indian Service and placed to the credit of the appropriation for contingent expenses, Department of the Interior, for the purchase of stationery supplies, is hereby increased from \$50,000 to \$55,000.

Interior Department.

Secretary's office.

Contingent expenses,

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Enrollment, Indians of California: For an additional amount for of California. Vol. 45, p. 602. Vol. 45, p. 602. Vol. 46, p. 259. carrying out the provisions of section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the attorney general of the State of California to bring suit in the Court of Claims on behalf of Indians in California," approved May 18, 1928 (45 Stat. 602), as amended by the Act of April 29, 1930 (46 Stat. 259), fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$7,550.

Suppressing forest fires on Indian reservations: For an addi-fires.

Vol. 46, p. 1123. tional amount for the suppression or emergency prevention of forest fires on or threatening Indian reservations, fiscal year 1932, \$50,000, together with \$25,000 from funds held by the United States

in trust for the respective tribes of Indians interested.

Irrigation, Indian reservations (reimbursable): For an additional reservations.

Additional amount. amount for the construction, repair, and maintenance of irrigation systems, and for purchase or rental of irrigation tools and appliances, water rights, ditches, and lands necessary for irrigation purposes for Indian reservations as follows: Goshute, Utah, fiscal year 1932, \$400, reimbursable as provided in the Act of August 1, 1914 (U. S. C., title 25, sec. 385).

J. S. C., title 25, sec. 385).

Irrigation, Colorado River Reservation, Arizona (reimbursable):

Colorado River Reservation, Arizona (reimbursable):

ervation, Arizonal amount.

Additional amount.

Vol. 46, p. 1126. For an additional amount for improvement, operation, and maintenance of the pumping plants and irrigation system on the Colorado River Indian Reservation, Arizona, as provided in the Act of April 4, 1910 (36 Stat., 273), fiscal year 1932, \$7,500, reimbursable as provided in the aforesaid Act.

Indian Affairs Bureau. Enrollment, Indians

Indian Vol. 46, p. 1125.

Vol. 38, pp. 582–587, U. S. C., p. 716.

Colorado River Res-

Vol. 36, pp. 270-273. U. S. C., p. 716.

Ganado îrrigation project, Ariz. Additional amount. Vol. 46, p. 1126.

Ganado irrigation project, Navajo Reservation, Arizona (reimbursable): For an additional amount for improvement, operation, and maintenance of the Ganado irrigation project, Arizona, reimbursable under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, fiscal year 1932, \$25,000.

Uintah Reservation, Utah, Additional amount. Vol. 46, p. 1129.

Vol. 34, p. 375,

Irrigation system, Uintah Reservation, Utah (tribal funds): For an additional amount for continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system to irrigate allotted lands of the Uncompangre, Uintah, and White River Utes in Utah, authorized under the Act of June 21, 1906 (34 Stat., 375), fiscal year 1932, \$20,000, to be paid from tribal funds held by the United States in trust for said Indians, said sum to be reimbursed to the tribal fund by the individuals benefited under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

Indian schools, support. Additional amount. Vol. 46, p. 293.

Support and administration of property. Vol. 46, p. 1138.

Proviso. Employment of In-dian labor.

Geological Survey.

Indian schools, support: For an additional amount for payment of tuition of Indian children enrolled in public schools, fiscal year 1931, \$7,300.

Support of Indians and administration of Indian property: For an additional amount for general support of Indians and administration of Indian property, including pay of employees, fiscal year 1932, \$275,000: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for the employment of Indian labor on any necessary project or activity.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

Investigation of Alaskan mineral resources. Vol. 46, p. 1147.

The amount authorized to be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1932 from the appropriation for continuation of the investigation of the mineral resources of Alaska is hereby increased from \$33,000 to \$48,000.

National Park Serv-

Mesa Verde National Park. Water well.

Emergency reconstruction and fighting fires. Vol. 46, p. 1153.

Proviso.
Availability.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Mesa Verde National Park: For an additional amount for the completion of a deep water well, fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$22,000. Emergency reconstruction and fighting fires: For an additional amount for emergency reconstruction and fighting forest fires in national parks, fiscal year 1932, \$55,000: Provided, That these funds shall be available for reimbursement of park appropriations for the amounts transferred therefrom under the authority contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932.

Howard University.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

Emergency construction. Vol. 46, p. 1070.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$200,000 for Howard University, emergency construction, contained in the First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, shall be available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1932.

Department of Justice.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

Printing and binding. Vol. 46, p. 1321.

For an additional amount for printing and binding for the Department of Justice and the courts of the United States, fiscal year 1932, \$60,000.

Traveling, etc., expenses. Vol. 46, p. 1321.

Traveling and miscellaneous expenses: The Secretary of the Treasury, upon request of the Attorney General, is authorized to transfer to the appropriation "Traveling and Miscellaneous Expenses, Department of Justice, fiscal year 1932," not exceeding \$12,000 from any other appropriation for the fiscal year 1932 under the control of the Department of Justice.

MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Miscellaneous ob-

The amount which may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia from the appropriation "Detection and prosecution of crimes, 1932," is hereby increased from \$414,246 to \$496,315, of which \$20,430 shall be available for temporary services only.

Vol. 46, p. 1322.

MARSHALS, DISTRICT ATTORNEYS, CLERKS, AND OTHER EXPENSES OF UNITED STATES COURTS

United States courts.

Salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals: For an additional amount for salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals and their deputies, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Justice for the fiscal year 1931, \$27,000.

Marshals. Vol. 46, p. 189.

Fees of commissioners: For an additional amount for fees of United States commissioners and other committing magistrates act- 189 ing under section 1014, Revised Statutes (U.S. C., title 18, sec. 591), fiscal year 1930, \$5,195.35.

R. S., sec. 1014, p. Ü. S. C., p. 506.

Commissioners, etc.

Fees of jurors and witnesses: For an additional amount for fees of jurors and witnesses, United States courts, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Justice for the fiscal year 1932, \$150,000.

Jurors, etc. Vol. 46, p. 1325.

Pay of bailiffs, and so forth: For additional amounts for bailiffs and criers, including the same objects specified under this head in the Acts making appropriations for the Department of Justice for the following fiscal years:

Bailiffs.

For 1931, \$14,000; For 1932, \$30,000.

Vol. 46, p. 190. Vol. 46, p. 1325.

Miscellaneous expenses: For an additional amount for such miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General for the United States courts and their officers, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Justice for the fiscal year 1930, \$4,834.81: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropri-\$4,834.81: Provided, That the unexpended buttons," for the fiscal Warren. ation "Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts," for the fiscal Warren. Vol. 46, p. 190. year 1931 is hereby made available for the payment of \$7,503.79 to Charles Warren, special master in the case of United States against The State of Utah, as the amount due from the United States for compensation and expenses of said special master, under the order of the Supreme Court of the United States, dated May 18, 1931, and the Comptroller General is authorized and directed to allow credit for Appropriations availpayments heretofore made from the appropriations for "Miscellaneous expenses, United States courts," for the fiscal years 1930 and

Miscellaneous expenses. Vol. 45, p. 1112.

1931 made in connection with said case of the United States against The State of Utah if otherwise correct. Support of United States prisoners: For an additional amount for support of United States prisoners, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Justice for the fiscal year 1929, \$16,826.05.

Proviso. Payment to Charles

Support of prisoners. Vol. 45, p. 83.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Department of

BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION

Bureau of Immigra-

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and panses.

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and panses.

Vol. 46, p. 1352. expenses, Bureau of Immigration, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the

Limitation removed.

Motor-vehicle chases, etc.

Department of Labor for the fiscal year 1932, \$475,000: Provided, That the limitation contained in the 1932 appropriation Act under this head that "\$2,368,800 shall be available only for coast and land purborder patrol," is hereby removed: Provided further, That the limitation contained in the 1932 appropriation Act under this head that "not to exceed \$165,000 of the sum herein appropriated shall be available for the purchase, exchange, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles," shall not be construed as embracing the cost of motor fuels, lubricants, and garage rentals.

Navy Department.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Secretary's office.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE

Collision damages. Vol. 42, p. 1066. U. S. C., p. 1127.

Claims for damages by collision with naval vessels: To pay claims for damages adjusted and determined by the Secretary of the Navy under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to settle claims for damages to private property arising from collisions with naval vessels," approved December 28, 1922 (U.S. C., title 34, sec. 599), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 41, Seventy-second Congress, \$5,988.75.

Post Office Depart-

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OUT OF THE POSTAL REVENUES

Office of Chief Inspector.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR

Rewards payment. Additional amount. Vol. 46, p. 361.

Payment of rewards: For an additional amount for payment of rewards, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Post Office Department for the fiscal year 1931, \$39,500.

First Assistant Post-master General.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Village delivery service. Vol. 46, p. 1238,

Village delivery service: For an additional amount for village delivery service, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Post Office Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$100,000.

Second Assistant Postmaster General.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Railway Mail Service. Vol. 46, p. 1239.

Railway Mail Service, salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, Railway Mail Service, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Post Office Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$1,500,000.

Department of State.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Salaries, chargés d'affaires ad interim. Additional amount. Vol. 45, p. 1096.

Salaries, chargés d'affaires ad interim: For an additional amount for salaries of Foreign Service officers or vice consuls while acting as chargé d'affaires ad interim or while in charge of a consulate general or consulate during the absence of the principal officer, fiscal year 1930, \$1,203.68.

World's Poultry Congress.

Fourth World's Poultry Congress: So much of the unexpended Unexpended balance available.

Vol. 46, p. 116.

Vol. 47, p. 116.

Vol. 48, p. 116.

Vol. 49, p. 116. 1930-1931" as may be necessary is hereby made available for the payment of expenses incident to travel by steamer, rail, and motor on the official postcongress tours in connection with this Congress.

Bringing home criminals. Additional amount. Vol. 45, p. 1107.

Bringing home criminals: For an additional amount for actual expenses incurred in bringing home from foreign countries persons charged with crime, fiscal year 1930, \$385.88.

Mixed Claims Commission, United States and Germany: For an Mixed Claims Commission, United States additional amount for expenses of determining the amounts of and Germany. claims against Germany by the Mixed Claims Commission established under the agreement concluded between the United States and Germany on August 10, 1922, and subsequent agreement between those Governments, for the determination of the amount to be paid by Germany in satisfaction of the financial obligations of Germany under the treaty concluded between the Governments of the United States and Germany on August 25, 1921, including the expenses which under the terms of such agreement of August 10, 1922, are chargeable in part to the United States, and the preparation of a final report by the American commissioner and the orderly arrangement for preservation and disposition of the records of the commission; and the expenses of an agency of the United States to perform all necessary services in connection with the preparation of claims and the presentation thereof before said mixed commission, and the preparation of a final report of the agent and the orderly arrangement for preservation of the records of the agency and the disposition of property jointly owned by the two Governments, including salaries of an agent and necessary counsel and other assistants and employees, rent in the District of Columbia, employment of special counsel, translators, and other technical experts, by contract, without regard to the provisions of any statute relative to employment, and for contract stenographic reporting services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), law books and books of reference, print-(U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), law dooks and dooks of local land, Printing and binding, contingent expenses, traveling expenses and subsisting.

Printing and binding and binding the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto), and such other expenses in the United States and elsewhere as the President may deem proper, fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$65,500.

General and Special Claims Commissions, United States and Claims Commissions, Mexico: That not to exceed \$50,000 of the appropriation of \$367,000 United States and Claims Commissions, States and Claims Commissions, Mexico: That not to exceed \$50,000 of the appropriation of \$367,000 United States and Claims Commissions, Mexico: The commissions of \$367,000 United States and Claims Commissions, United States and for the General and Special Claims Commissions, United States and Mexico, contained in the State Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, shall be available for such expenses, in addi- Additional amou for closing up affairs. tion to those now enumerated in the appropriation, as in the discretion of the Secretary of State may be necessary in closing up the affairs of the agency of the United States, including expenses

incurred on and after October 15, 1931.

Vol. 42, p. 2200. Vol. 45, p. 2698.

Vol. 42, p. 1939.

Final report.

Employment of

R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309. Printing and bind-Vol. 44, p. 688.

General and Special Mexico.

Vol. 46, p. 1318.

Additional amount

Treasury Depart-

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES

Office of the Treas-Salaries. Additional amount. Vol. 46, p. 1222.

Salaries: For an additional amount for salaries, Office of the Treasurer of the United States, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$20,000.

Supervising Architect's Office.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISING ARCHITECT

Fort Worth, Texas, Narcotic Farm: For acquisition of site under worth, Tex.

e authority of the Act entitled "An Act to establish two United tates narcotic farms for the confinement and treatment of persons U. s. C., Supp. V, p. the authority of the Act entitled "An Act to establish two United States narcotic farms for the confinement and treatment of persons addicted to the use of habit-forming narcotic drugs who have been 330. convicted of offenses against the United States, and for other purposes," approved January 19, 1929 (U.S. C., Supp. V, secs. 222, 223), \$164,780, to remain available until June 30, 1933.

Sites and construction, public buildings. Additional amount. Vol. 44, p. 630. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 601. Provisos.

Provisos.
Remodeling Department of State Building, excluded.

Vol. 46, p. 907.

Restriction on demolishing certain other buildings.

Rent. Vol. 46, p. 1231.

Outside professional services. Vol. 46, p. 1233.

General expenses, public buildings. Vol. 46, p. 1232.

Personal services.

Operating force, public buildings. Vol. 46, p. 1233.

Furniture and repairs. Vol. 46, p. 1234.

Treasury Building, D. C. Vault construction. Vol. 46, p. 1231.

Remodeling of existing vaults. Lift installation.

War Department.

Military activities.

Finance department.

Sites and construction, public buildings, Act of May 25, 1926, as amended: For an additional amount for public buildings, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$16,800,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation for the construction of public buildings shall be used for remodeling and reconstructing the Department of State Building under the authorization therefor contained in the Act approved July 3, 1930 (46 Stat. 907): Provided further, That no part of this or any other appropriation shall be used for or in connection with the demolition of the District of Columbia Municipal Building at Fourteenth and E Streets northwest, the Post Office Department building at Twelfth and D Streets northwest, or the building, 1300 E Street northwest (formerly the Southern Railway Building).

Rent of temporary quarters: For an additional amount for rent of temporary quarters, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Depart-

ment for the fiscal year 1932, \$825,000.

Outside professional services: For an additional amount for outside professional services, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$300,000, to remain available until expended.

General expenses of public buildings: For an additional amount for general expenses of public buildings, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$81,000, and the limitation on the amount that may be expended for personal services contained in said Act is hereby increased from \$1,727,900 to \$1,808,900.

Operating force for public buildings: For an additional amount for operating force for public buildings, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$200,000.

Furniture and repairs of same for public buildings: For an additional amount for furniture and repairs of same for public buildings, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$250,000.

Treasury Building, Washington, District of Columbia, construction of vault: The appropriation of \$1,250,000 contained in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, for the construction of a two-story vault in the north court of the Treasury Building, including all necessary mechanical and vault equipment for same, and incidental changes to the building in connection therewith, is hereby amended so as to include the remodeling and rearrangement of existing vaults in said building under the control of the Treasurer of the United States, and installation of new lift.

WAR DEPARTMENT

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Pay of the Army. Vol. 45, p. 1353.

Pay, and so forth, of the Army: The sum of \$660,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for "Pay, and so forth, of the Army, 1930," contained in the War Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1930, approved February 28, 1929, is hereby made available for expenditure for "Pay, and so forth, of the Army, 1931,"

Vol. 46, p. 435,

including the same objects specified under that head in the War Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Acquisition of land at Kelly Field, Texas: For the acquisition of land at Kelly Field, Texas, under condemnation proceedings as authorized by the Act approved June 28, 1930 (46 Stat. 832), fiscal year 1932, \$135,152.32, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest at the rate stipulated and in accordance with the judgments rendered in condemnation to date of payment.

Quartermaster Corps.

Kelly Field, Tex. Acquisition of land. Vol. 46, p. 832.

MILITIA BUREAU

Militia Bureau.

Arming, equipping, and training the National Guard: For an arming, etc. Vol. 46, p. 451. additional amount for pay of National Guard (armory drills) for the fiscal year 1931, \$250,000.

National Guard

TITLE II. JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

Judgments and authorized claims.

Damage claims.

DAMAGE CLAIMS

Payment of, Vol. 42, p. 1066. U. S. C., p. 989.

Section 1. For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in sums not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case," approved December 28, 1922 (U. S. C., title 31, secs. 215-217), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 46 and House Document Numbered 178, Seventy-second Congress, as follows: Department of Agriculture, \$856.95; Department of Commerce, \$287.95; Department of the Interior, \$285.40; Department of Labor, \$250; Navy Department, except the claim of Harry D. Simons as set forth on page 7 of said Senate Document Numbered 46, \$1,711.88; Post Office Department (out of the postal revenues), \$28,352.86; Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital, \$138.05; Treasury Department, \$1,864.68; Veterans' Admin-excepted. istration, \$808.53; War Department, except the claims of Dee Tian and Judge Anacleto Diaz as set forth on page 25 of said Senate Document Numbered 46, \$2,550.70; in all, \$37,107.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

Judgments, United States courts.

SEC. 2. For payment of the final judgments and decrees, including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States," as amended by the Judicial Code, approved March 3, 1911 (U. S. C., title 28, v. sec. 41, par. 20; sec. 258; secs. 761–765), certified to the Seventy-second Congress in Senate Document Numbered 40 and House Document Numbered 175, under the following departments, namely: Department of Labor, \$5,649.79; Post Office Department, \$3,370; War Department, \$2,554.34; in all, \$11,574.13, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest on the respective judgments at the rate of 4 per centum from the date thereof until the time this appropriation is made.

Payment of. Vol. 24, p. 505.

Vol. 36, p. 1138. U. S. C., pp. 867, 898,

Interest.

For the payment of judgments, including costs of suits, rendered against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging

Judgments rendered by district courts. Vol. 43, p. 1112. U. S. C., p. 1529.

to the United States, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1925 (U. S. C., title 46, secs 781–789), certified to the Seventy-second Congress in House Document Numbered 175, under the following departments, namely: Department of Commerce, \$4,705.90; Navy Department, \$18,041.51; Treasury Department, \$2,590.36; War Department, \$26,083.80; in all, \$51,421.57, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in such judgments.

Interest payment.

Judgments rendered in special cases.

For the payment of the judgments, including costs of suits, rendered against the Government by United States district courts in special cases and under the provisions of certain special Acts and certified to the Seventy-second Congress in Senate Document Numbered 40 and House Document Numbered 175, under the following departments, namely: Department of Justice, \$3,500; Navy Department, \$55,201.53; War Department, \$187,968.29; in all, \$246,669.82, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where specified in such judgments.

Interest payment.

Time of payments.

None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

Interest.

Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days after the date of approval of the Act.

Judgments, Court of Claims.

JUDGMENTS, COURT OF CLAIMS

Payment of.

SEC. 3. For payment of the judgments rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-second Congress, in Senate Document Numbered 39 and House Document Numbered 174, under the following departments and establishments, namely: United States Veterans' Administration, \$659.46; Department of Commerce, \$6,914.23; Navy Department, \$252,758.67, except Number H 320 in favor of Tillett S. Daniel and Number K 138 in favor of William B. Hetfield; Post Office Department, \$48,913.44; Treasury Department, \$48,745.97; War Department, except Number K 317 in favor of Albert C. Dalton, \$220,018.34; United States Shipping Board, \$102,596.44; in all, \$680,606.55, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest on certain of the judgments at the legal rate per annum as and where specified in such judgments.

Time of payment.

Vol. 43, p. 939. U. S. C., p. 900. been affirmed by the Supreme Court or otherwise become final and conclusive against the United States shall be paid until the expiration of the time within which application may be made for a writ of certiorari under subdivision (b) section 3, of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Judicial Code, and to further define the jurisdiction of the circuit courts of appeals and of the Supreme Court, and for other purposes," approved February 13, 1925 (U. S. C., title 28, sec.

None of the judgments contained under this caption which have not

288).

Audited claims.

AUDITED CLAIMS

Payment of.

Vol. 18, p. 110. U. S. C., p. 1022.

U. S. C., p. 1022

Vol. 23, p. 254. U. S C., p. 43. Sec. 4. For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1929 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 266), as fully set forth in

House Document Numbered One hundred and seventy-three, Seventy- Audited claims-second Congress, there is appropriated as follows:

LEGISLATIVE ESTABLISHMENT

Legislative establish.

For increase of Library of Congress, \$15.47.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

Independent offices.

For salaries and expenses, United States Food Administration, \$8. For salaries and expenses, Arbitration Boards, Board of Mediation, \$41.65.

For salaries and expenses, Federal Board for Vocational Education, \$1.50.

For Interstate Commerce Commission, \$31.73.

For United States Veterans' Administration, \$12,726.45.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Department of Agri-

For salaries and expenses, Weather Bureau, \$4.26.

For general expenses, Bureau of Animal Industry, \$13.36.

For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Animal Industry, \$567.43.

For salaries and expenses, Forest Service, \$10.

For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Entomology, \$5.42.

For salaries and expenses, food, drug, and insecticide administration, \$3.05.

For stimulating agriculture and facilitating distribution of products, \$1.50.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Department of Com-

For increase of compensation, Department of Commerce, \$10.

For compiling foreign-trade statistics, Department of Commerce, \$26.46.

For district and cooperative office service, Department of Commerce, \$443.74.

For promoting commerce in Latin America, \$50.

For contingent expenses, Steamboat Inspection Service, \$2.25.

For salaries, lighthouse vessels, \$32.50.

For retired pay, Lighthouse Service, \$54.90.

For general expenses, Lighthouse Service, \$4.75.

For miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Fisheries, \$17.59.

For air-navigation facilities, \$387.90.

For salaries, Bureau of Standards, \$26.46.

For investigating mine accidents, \$1.80.

For collecting statistics, Bureau of the Census, \$13.14.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Department of Jusice.

For contingent expenses, Department of Justice, \$39.20.

For defending suits in claims against the United States, \$102.

For detection and prosecution of crimes, \$36.45.

For printing and binding, Department of Justice and courts, \$6.75.

For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, \$1,721.45.

For pay of regular assistant attorneys, United States courts, \$70.

For fees of commissioners, United States courts, \$3,076.65.

For fees of jurors, United States courts, \$33.

For fees of witnesses, United States courts, \$121.37.

Audited claims-

For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, \$256.04.

For support of United States prisoners, \$18.75.

For United States penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas, \$54.55.

For Federal industrial institution for women, maintenance, 57

Department of the Interior.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

For surveying the public lands, \$37.88.

For Geological Survey, \$12.

For National Park Service, \$28.48.

For general expenses, Bureau of Education, \$1.80.

For education of natives of Alaska, \$49.72.

For general expenses, Indian Service, \$3,464.11.

For industrial work and care of timber, \$500.

For purchase and transportation of Indian supplies, \$70.42.

For support of Indians and administration of Indian property,

For relieving distress and prevention, and so forth, of diseases among Indians, \$2,165.50.

For Indian schools, support, \$354.73. For Indian boarding schools, \$164.99.

For Indian school transportation, \$22. For bridge and road, Hoopa Valley Reservation, California, \$14,237.74.

For conservation of health among Indians, \$360.95.

For support of Sioux of different tribes, subsistence and civilization, \$8.

Department of La-

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For expenses of regulating immigration, \$198.90.

For miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Naturalization, \$3.

Navy Department.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

For increase of compensation, Naval Establishment, \$34.24.

For transportation, Bureau of Navigation, \$598.90. For organizing the Naval Reserve Force, \$73.74.

For engineering, Bureau of Engineering, \$2,873.36. For engineering, Bureau of Steam Engineering, \$6.80.

For pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, \$16,357.74.

For pay of the Navy, \$18,092.14.
For maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, \$7,624.96.

For freight, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, \$20.54. For salaries, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, \$41.98.

For care of the dead, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, \$5.

For salaries, Bureau of Yards and Docks, \$111.94. For aviation, Navy, \$5,333.50.

For pay, Marine Corps, \$1,386.

For general expenses, Marine Corps, \$328.20.

For maintenance, Quartermaster's Department, Marine Corps, \$75.

Post Office Department. Postal Service.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—POSTAL SERVICE

(Out of the postal revenues)

For balances due foreign countries, \$970.34. For car fare and bicycle allowance, \$115.

For city-delivery carriers, \$376.49.

For clerks, first and second class post offices, \$321,89.

For clerks, third-class post offices, \$418.

For compensation to assistant postmasters, \$87.62.

For compensation to postmasters, \$1,406.02.

For freight, express, or motor transportation of equipment, and so forth, \$22.63.

Audited claims-

For indemnities, domestic mail, \$1,668.44.

For indemnities, international registered mail, \$2.03.

For indemnities, international mail, \$247.17.

For labor-saving devices, \$15.

For miscellaneous items, first and second class post offices, \$30.

For post-office equipment and supplies, \$12.

For payment of rewards, \$1,000.

For railroad transportation and mail-messenger service, \$1,745.50.

For rent, light, and fuel, \$1,935.12. For rural-delivery service, \$242.35.

For separating mails, \$47.50. For star-route service, \$24.86. For vehicle service, \$126.61.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Department of State.

For allowance for clerks at consulates, \$115.

For contingent expenses, foreign missions, \$179.05. For contingent expenses, United States consulates, \$158.17.

For expenses of prisons for American convicts, \$25.50.

For post allowances to Foreign Service officers, \$75.

For relief and protection of American seamen, \$9.47.

For salaries, Foreign Service officers, \$233.88.

For transportation of diplomatic and consular officers, \$93.22.

For transportation of Foreign Service officers, \$377.04.

For transporting remains of diplomatic officers, consuls, and consular assistants, 23 cents.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Treasury Depart.

For printing and binding, Treasury Department, \$124.91.

For stationery, Treasury Department, \$2.01.

For collecting the revenue from customs, \$2,115.12.

For collecting the internal revenue, \$404.07.

For enforcement of narcotic and national prohibition act, internal revenue, \$2,129.45.

For Coast Guard, \$1,930.79.

For pay and allowances, Coast Guard, \$5,031.10.

For contingent expenses, Coast Guard, \$26.29.

For fuel and water, Coast Guard, \$323.56.

For mileage, and so forth, Coast Guard, \$6.

For outfits, Coast Guard, \$21.81.

For repairs to Coast Guard vessels, \$8,246.61.

For pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, Public Health Service, \$698.73.

For pay of acting assistant surgeons, Public Health Service, \$20.

For pay of other employees, Public Health Service, \$2.

For field investigations of public health, \$1.75.

For preventing the spread of epidemic diseases, \$503.50.

For compensation of employees, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, \$39.60.

For suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes, \$4.84.

For furniture and repairs of same for public buildings, \$556.05.

For general expenses of public buildings, \$10.69.

For mechanical equipment for public buildings, \$10.55. For operating supplies for public buildings, \$72.10.

For repairs and preservation of public buildings, 65 cents.

Audited claims-Continued. War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT

For registration and selection for military service (Act of June 15, 1917), \$4.

For registration and selection for military service, \$4.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army (Longevity Act of January 29, 1927), \$5,322.54.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, \$75,826.62.

For pay of the Army, \$10,597.98. For pay, and so forth, of the Army (War with Spain), \$330.06.

For arrears of pay, bounty, and so forth, \$300.08.

For finance service, \$78.02.

For mileage of the Army, \$294.95.

For apprehension of deserters, and so forth, \$50.

For increase of compensation, Military Establishment, \$26,495.30. For increase of compensation, War Department, \$960.

For Army transportation, \$9,045.75. For barracks and quarters, \$6,497.32.

For barracks and quarters, other buildings and utilities, \$266.12.

For clothing and equipage, \$236.75.

For general appropriations, Quartermaster Corps, \$3,610.41. For incidental expenses, Quartermaster Department, \$282.10.

For regular supplies of the Army, \$266.60. For subsistence of the Army, \$45.09.

For supplies, services, and transportation, Quartermaster Corps, **\$1,456.35.**

For medical and hospital department, \$21.50.

For armament of fortifications, \$2,851.67.

For field artillery armament, \$1,450.32.

For ordnance service, \$22.98.

For replacing ordnance and ordnance stores, \$144.57.

For ordnance stores, ammunition, \$4.42.

For repairs of arsenals, \$5.36.

For seacost 1 defenses, ordnance, \$140.22.

For Air Corps, Army, \$186.27. For Signal Service of the Army, \$405.94.

For arming, equipping, and training the National Guard (Act May 22, 1928), \$7,780.69.

For arming, equipping, and training the National Guard,

\$2,233.89.

For Organized Reserves, \$445.24.

For pay of the National Guard for armory drills, \$225.21.

For civilian military training camps, \$140.75. For Reserve Officers' Training Corps, \$93.16.

For maintenance, United States Military Academy, \$30.51.

For disposition of remains of officers, soldiers, and civil employees, \$6.382.97.

For headstones for graves of soldiers, \$3.72.

Total, audited claims, section 4, \$293,594.31, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office.

AUDITED CLAIMS

SEC. 5. That for the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874, as amended (U.S. C., title 31, sec. 713), and under appropriations heretofore

Vol. 18, p. 110. U. S. C., p. 1022.

treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1929 Continued. Vol. 23, p. 254. U. S. C., p. 43. tified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 266), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 42, Seventy-second Congress, there is appropriated as follows:

Audited claims-

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

Independent offices.

For Interstate Commerce Commission, \$3.60.

For military and naval compensation, Veterans' Bureau, \$706.50.

For medical and hospital services, Veterans' Bureau, \$7,287.80.

For salaries and expenses, Veterans' Bureau, \$5.

For vocational rehabilitation, Veterans' Bureau, \$1.25.

For Army pensions, \$24.60. For investigation of pension cases, Pension Office, \$1.25.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Department of Agri-

For salaries, Department of Agriculture, \$7.04.

For increase of compensation, Department of Agriculture, \$1.33.

For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Plant Industry, \$1.50.

For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Entomology, \$62.75.

For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Biological Survey, 60 cents.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Department of Commerce.

For air navigation facilities, \$824.64.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Department of the Interior.

For Geological Survey, \$18.86. For medical relief in Alaska, \$26.75.

For conservation of health among Indians, \$6.33.

For Indian schools, support, \$131.54.

For Indian boarding schools, \$10.99.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Department of Jus-

For detection and prosecution of crimes, \$8.60.

For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, \$911.18.

For salaries and expenses of district attorneys, United States courts, \$18.10.

For fees of commissioners, United States courts, \$577.60. For fees of jurors, United States courts, \$33.70.

For fees of witnesses, United States courts, \$18.70.

For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, \$356.62.

For support of United States prisoners, \$632.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Department of Labor.

For salaries, Bureau of Naturalization, \$1.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Navy Department.

For transportation, Bureau of Navigation, \$24.15.

For organizing the Naval Reserve, \$36.40.

For instruments and supplies, Bureau of Navigation, \$202.30.

For pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, \$1,443.14.

For pay of the Navy, \$591.38.

For maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, \$71.59.

Audited claims-Continued.

For fuel and transportation, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts,

For maintenance, Bureau of Yards and Docks, \$149.40.

For pay, Marine Corps, \$164.70.

Post Office Department. Postal Service.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—POSTAL SERVICE

(Out of the postal revenues)

For balances due foreign countries, \$4,314.69.

For city-delivery carriers, \$79.75.

For clerks, first and second class post offices, \$215.79.

For indemnities, domestic mail, \$106.81. For indemnities, international mail, \$63.66.

For rent, light, and fuel, \$3,151.59. For special-delivery fees, \$6.65.

For vehicle service, \$56.84.

Treasury Department.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For collecting the revenue from customs, \$32.55.

For payment of judgments against collectors of customs, \$1,234.68.

For Coast Guard, \$668.48.

For pay and allowances, Coast Guard, \$351.80.

For collecting the internal revenue, \$30.54.

For refunding internal-revenue collections, \$2.50.

For enforcement of Narcotic and National Prohibition Acts, internal revenue, \$93.25.

For pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, Public Health Service, \$33.

War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT

For registration and selection for military service, \$320.90.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, \$15,671.10.

For pay of the Army, \$5,010.83. For pay, and so forth, of the Army, war with Spain, \$115.98. For arrears of pay, bounty, and so forth, \$2.81.

For apprehension of deserters, and so forth, \$8.05. For increase of compensation, War Department, \$493.80. For increase of compensation, Military Establishment, \$2,418.66.

For Army transportation, \$396.52.

For general appropriations, Quartermaster Corps, \$535.80.

For subsistence of the Army, \$96.10.

For supplies, services, and transportation, Quartermaster Corps, \$58.89.

For armament of fortifications, \$14.26.

For field artillery armament, \$4.58.

For seacoast defenses, Ordnance, \$78.41.
For seacoast defenses, Panama Canal, Ordnance, \$16.50. For seacoast defenses, insular possessions, Engineers, \$122.

For Air Service, Army, \$92.89.

For arming, equipping, and training the National Guard, \$10.04.

For Organized Reserves, \$93.95. For pay of the National Guard for armory drills, \$12. For Reserve Officers' Training Corps, \$135.30. For headstones for graves of soldiers, \$2.37.

Total, audited claims, section 5, \$50,547.21, together with such additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office.

Sec. 6. For the payment of the claim of A. H. Cousins allowed by lowed. the General Accounting Office under the provisions of Private Act Numbered 50, approved June 2, 1930 (46 Stat. 1854), and certified to the Seventy-second Congress in House Document Numbered 176, under the Department of Agriculture, \$60.

For the payment of the claim allowed by the General Accounting ficers. Vol. 45, p. 2364. Office under the provisions of Private Act Numbered 524, approved March 2, 1929 (45 Stat. 2364), and certified to the Seventy-second Congress in House Document Numbered 176, under the War

Department, \$255.70.

For the payment of the claim of E. F. Zanetta allowed by the General Accounting Office under the provisions of Private Act Numbered 386, approved February 28, 1931 (46 Stat. 2125), and certified to the Seventy-second Congress in House Document Numbered 176, under the War Department, \$2,315.32.

For the payment of the claim of Alexander H. Bright allowed by the General Accounting Office under the provisions of Private Act Numbered 420, approved March 3, 1931 (46 Stat. 2136), and certified to the Seventy-second Congress in House Document Numbered 176, under the War Department, \$573.50.

Total under section 6, \$3,204.52.

Sundry claims al-Vol. 46, p. 1854.

Designated Army of-

E. F. Zanetta. Vol. 46, p. 2125.

Alexander H. Bright. Vol. 46, p. 2136.

Short title of Act.

SHORT TITLE

This Act may be cited as the "First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1932."

Approved, February 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 13.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an appropriation for expenses of participation by the United States in the general disarmament conference at Geneva, Switzerland, in 1932.

February 2, 1932. [H. J. Res. 251.] [Pub. Res., No. 8.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the expenses of ference. participation by the United States in a general disarmament conference to be held in Geneva in 1932, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, including transportation and subsistence or per diem in lieu thereof (notwithstanding the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto); personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; stenographic and other services by contract if deemed necessary without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U.S. C., title 41, sec. 5); rent of offices and rooms; purchase of necessary books and documents; printing and binding; official cards; entertainment; hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified; and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$300,000, to remain available until June 30, 1933.

Approved, February 2, 1932.

Disarmament Con-Appropriation for participation expenses. Ante, p. 4. Post, p. 783.

Vol. 44, p. 688.

Vol. 42, p. 1488. Vol. 46, p. 1003.

R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309.

[CHAPTER 14.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

February 2, 1932. [H. J. Res. 261.] [Pub. Res., No. 9.]

Making an appropriation to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay for subscriptions to the capital stock of Federal land banks.

Federal land banks Sum appropriated for subscriptions to capital stock of.

Ante, p. 12.

Proviso.

ments.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$125,000,000, to remain available until expended, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay for subscriptions to the capital stock of Federal land banks in accordance with the provisions of section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended, to provide for additional capital for Federal land banks, and for other purposes," Proviso. Proceeds of repay- approved January 23, 1932: Provided, That any proceeds of repayments on account of stock so issued shall be credited to this appropriation and be available for the purpose of paying for other stock thereafter issued pursuant to such Act.

Approved, February 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 15.]

AN ACT

February 4, 1932. [S. 556.] [Public, No. 6.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Elk River at or near Kelso, Tennessee.

Tenn. Vol. 46, p. 1055.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Elk River.

Time extended for United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for bridging at Kelso, commencing and completing the construction of a bridge agrees the commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Elk River, on the Fayetteville-Winchester road near the town of Kelso, in Lincoln County, Tennessee, authorized to be built by the Highway Department of the State of Tennessee, by an Act of Congress approved January 31, 1931, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from January 31, 1932.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 4, 1932.

[CHAPTER 16.]

AN ACT

February 4, 1932, [S. 2388.] [Public, No. 7.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the French Broad River on the proposed Morristown-Newport Road between Jefferson and Cocke Counties, Tennessee.

French Broad River. Time extended for bridging between Jef-ferson and Cocke Coun-ties, Tenn. Vol. 46, p. 1064.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the

French Broad River on the proposed Morristown-Newport Road between Jefferson and Cocke Counties, Tennessee, authorized to be built by the highway department of the State of Tennessee, by an Act of Congress approved February 6, 1931, are hereby extended

one and three years, respectively, from February 6, 1932. SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 4, 1932.

Amendment.

[CHAPTER 17.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the French Broad River on the Dandridge-Newport Road in Jefferson County, Tennessee.

February 4, 1932. [S. 2389.] [Public, No. 8.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across bridging in Jefferson the French Broad River, at a point suitable to the interests of paviance. gation, on the Dandridge-Newport Road, in Jefferson County, Tennessee, authorized to be built by the highway department of the State of Tennessee, by an Act of Congress approved May 14, 1930, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof.

Vol. 46, p. 333.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 4, 1932.

[CHAPTER 18.]

AN ACT

To repeal the Act of Congress approved May 31, 1924 (43 Stat. L. 247), entitled 'An Act to authorize the setting aside of certain tribal land within the Quinaielt Indian Reservation in Washington, for lighthouse purposes.

February 4, 1932, [S. 2408.] [Public, No. 9.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of May 31, 1924 (43 Stat. L. 247), authorizing the Secretary of the lot 1, section 24, township 21 north, range 13 west, Willamette merid-repealed. taining a total of forty-three and twenty one-hundredths acres, be, and the same is hereby, repealed in its entirety.

Quinaielt Indian Reservation, Wash.
Lands in, for light-247.

Approved, February 4, 1932.

[CHAPTER 19.]

AN ACT

To establish a minimum area for a Shenandoah National Park, for administration, protection, and general development by the National Park Service, and for other purposes.

February 4, 1932, [S. 1089.] [Public, No. 10.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the minimum al Park, Va. Shenandoah Nationarea for administration, protection, and general development by the area for administration, protection, and general development by the Area for develop-National Park Service in the Shenandoah National Park, the estab-lishment of which is provided for by the Act of Congress approved Vol. 44, p. 616. lishment of which is provided for by the Act of Congress approved May 22, 1926 (44 Stat. 616), be, and the same is hereby, established as one hundred and sixty thousand acres, and so much of the said Act of May 22, 1926, and of the Act of February 16, 1928 (45 Stat. 109), as is inconsistent herewith is hereby repealed.

Vol. 45, p. 109.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, land, subject to leases. authorized in his discretion to accept title to lands tendered without cost to the United States within the areas of the Shenandoah National Park, the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, Mammoth Cave National Park, and the Isle Royale National Park, subject to leases entered into and granted as part consideration in connection with the purchase of said land for tender to the United

Provisos. Approval of Secretary the Interior. quired.

lands.

States for park purposes, but not exceeding in length of term the life of the particular grantor or grantors: Provided, That said leases and the terms and conditions thereof shall have previously been submitted to and approved by said Secretary: And provided Authority to lease further, That he may lease upon such terms and conditions as he deems proper any lands within the aforesaid areas when such use shall not be deemed by him inconsistent with the purposes for which the lands were acquired on behalf of the United States, to persons, educational or religious institutions, private corporations, associations, and partnerships previously occupying such land for terms not exceeding the particular lifetime in the case of natural persons, and not exceeding twenty years in all other cases, which latter leases may be renewed in the discretion of said Secretary: And provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior may accept lands for these parks subject to reservations of rights of way and easements. Approved, February 4, 1932.

Acceptance of lands subject to easements.

[CHAPTER 21.]

AN ACT

February 5, 1932. [S. 1291.] [Public, No. 11.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Choctawhatchee River, near Freeport, Florida.

Vol. 46, p. 781,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Choctawhatchee United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for River.
Time extended for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the bridging, at Freeport, Choctawhatchee River, near Freeport, Florida, authorized to be constructed by the State of Florida, through and by its highway department, by Act of Congress approved June 18, 1930, are hereby extended two and four years, respectively, from June 18, 1931.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 22.]

AN ACT

February 5, 1932. [S. 2317.] [Public, No. 12.]

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of Michigan and Berrien County, or either of them, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Saint Joseph River.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Saint Joseph River. Michigan may United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent bridge, at Saint Joseph. of Congress is hereby granted to the State of Michigan and Berrien County, or either of them, to construct a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Saint Joseph River, at or near Saint Joseph, Michigan, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, and to maintain and operate the same in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, and sub-

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

> ject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act. SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, February 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 23.]

AN ACT

To authorize the sale of parts of a cemetery reserve made for the Kiowa, Comanche, and Apache Indians in Oklahoma.

February 6, 1932. [S. 2407.] [Public, No. 13.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be issued a patent in fee for not to exceed two and one-half acres of part of. land lying in the northwest corner of the south half of southwest quarter of section 23, township 5 north, range 12 west, Indian meridian, in Caddo County, Oklahoma, said area being within the tract set apart and reserved as a tribal burial ground for the Kiowa, Comanche, and Apache Indians, but long used with their knowledge and assent as a burial place for white residents of the vicinity: Provided, That no patent shall issue until a cemetery association has been legally organized to hold title and until payment for the area involved has been made to the superintendent of the reservation in an amount not less than the appraised value of the land: Provided further, That there is hereby reserved for the use and benefit of the present Indian owners in common all oil, gas, coal, or other minerals in the lands set aside hereunder.

Cache Creek Indian Cemetery, Okla. Patent to issue for

Provisos. Condition

Mineral rights re-

Sale of additional

Proviso. Mineral rights re-

Management of tribal

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is further authorized, in his portions authorized. discretion, to offer for sale on competitive bids, at not less than their appraised value, and to convey to the purchasers, such other parts of the said eighty acres heretofore set apart and known as the Cache Creek Indian Cemetery, as may be found not longer needed for Indian burial or administrative purposes; with the understanding that the net proceeds received from such sale or sales and from the cultivation or leasing of any part prior to sale, shall be set apart and constitute a fund for the beautifying, improvement, and management of the portion retained as a tribal cemetery: Provided, That there is hereby reserved for the use and benefit of the served. present Indian owners in common all oil, gas, coal, or other minerals in the lands set aside hereunder.

SEC. 3. It is further provided that each of the three tribes interested may select one of its full-blood members, the three to function as trustees and custodians of the tribal cemetery, signing leases and otherwise assisting in the management of the property, subject to advice and approval of the superintendent.

Approved, February 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 24.]

AN ACT

Providing for the participation of the United States in A Century of Progress (the Chicago World's Fair Centennial Celebration) to be held at Chicago, Illinois, in 1933, authorizing an appropriation therefor, and for other purposes.

February 8, 1932. [S. 355.] [Public, No. 14.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there Chicago World's Fair Centennial Commisis hereby established a commission, to be known as the Chicago sion. World's Fair Centennial Commission, and to be composed of the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Agriculture, and the Secretary Compurpose of Commerce; which commission shall serve without additional compensation and shall represent the United States in connection with the holding of an international exhibition, known as A Century of Progress, in the city of Chicago, in the State of Illinois, in the year 1933, in celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the incorporation of Chicago as a municipality.

Composition and

Commissioner of "A Century of Progress." Appointment

Sec. 2. (a) For the purposes of more effectively carrying out the provisions of this resolution there is hereby created a commissioner of A Century of Progress (the Chicago World's Fair Centennial Celebration), whom the President is hereby authorized to appoint.

Compensation.

(b) That the commissioner shall be paid, out of the amount hereinafter provided by this resolution, such compensation as the com-Restriction on mission shall authorize: Provided, That such salary shall not be in

amount.

excess of \$10,000 per annum.

Duties, powers and

(c) That the commission shall prescribe the duties of the commissioner and shall delegate such powers and functions to him as it shall deem advisable in order that there may be exhibited at A Century of Progress (the Chicago World's Fair Centennial Celebration) by the Government of the United States, its executive departments, independent offices, and establishments such articles and materials as illustrate the function and administrative faculty of the Government in the advancement of industry, the arts, and peace, demonstrating the nature of our institutions particularly as regards their adaptation to the wants of the people.

Employment of per-

SEC. 3. The commissioner may employ such clerks, stenographers, and other assistants as may be necessary and fix their reasonable compensations within the grades and rates of compensation fixed by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; purchase such material, contract for such labor and other services, and exercise such powers as are delegated to him by the commission as hereinbefore provided, and in order to facilitate the functioning of his office may subdelegate such powers (authorized or delegated) to officers and employees

Compensation. Vol. 42, p. 1488. Vol. 46, p. 1003. U. S. C., p. 65; Supp. V, p. 28.

as may be deemed advisable by the commission.

Cooperation of executive departments, etc.

Sec. 4. The heads of the various executive departments and independent offices and establishments of the Government are authorized to cooperate with the commissioner in the procurement, installation, and display of exhibits; to lend to A Century of Progress (the Chicago World's Fair Centennial Celebration), with the knowledge and consent of the commissioner, such articles, specimens, and Exhibits to be loaned. exhibits which the commissioner shall deem to be in the interest of the United States to place with the science or other exhibits to be shown under the auspices of that corporation; to contract for such labor or other services as shall be deemed necessary, and to designate officials or employees of their departments or branches to assist the commissioner. At the close of the exposition, or when the connection of the Government of the United States therewith ceases, the commissioner shall cause all such property to be returned to the respective departments and branches from which taken, and any expenses incident to the restoration of such property to a condition which will permit its use at subsequent expositions and fairs, and for the continued employment of personnel necessary to close out the fiscal and Preparation of reports of the records and prepare the required reports of the participating organizations, may be paid from the appropriation provided; and if the return of such property is not practicable, he may, with the consent of the department or branch from which it was taken, make such disposition thereof as he may deem advisable and account

Payment of expenses.

Return at close of ex-

position.

Disposition of property if ticable.

Appropriation authorized. Post, p. 645.

therefor.

Amount for buildings, rentals, etc.

Sec. 5. The sum of \$1,000,000 is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until expended, of which sum not to exceed the sum of \$550,000 may be expended for the erection of such building or group of buildings, and/or for the rental of such space, as the commission may deem adequate to carry out effectively the provisions of this resolution; for the decoration of such structure

or structures; for the proper maintenance of such buildings, site, and grounds during the period of the exposition. The commission may contract with A Century of Progress (the Chicago World's Fair etc., of buildings. Centennial Celebration) for the decigning. Centennial Celebration) for the designing and erection of such building or buildings and/or for the rental of such space as shall be deemed proper. The remaining portion of the appropriation authorized under this resolution shall be available for the selection, purchase, preparation, assembling, transportation, installation, arrangement, safe-keeping, exhibition, demonstration, and return of such articles and materials as the commission may decide shall be included in such Government exhibit and in the exhibits of A Century of Progress (the Chicago World's Fair Centennial Celebration); for the compensation of the commissioner and employees in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, for the payment of salaries of officers and employees of the Government, employed by or detailed for duty with the commission, and for their actual traveling expenses and subsistence at not to exceed \$6 per day: Provided, That no such official or employee so designated shall receive a salary in excess of amount of salary. the amount which he has been receiving in the department or branch where employed plus such reasonable allowance for subsistence expenses as may be deemed proper by the commissioner; for telephone service, purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, duplicating, and computing machines, their accessories and repairs, books of reference and periodicals, uniforms, maps, reports, documents, plans, specifications, manuscripts, newspapers and all other publications, ice and drinking water for office purposes: Provided, That payment for telephone service, authorized. rents, subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals, and other similar purposes may be made in advance, for the purchase of a passengercarrying automobile, its maintenance, repair, and operation, for the official use of the commissioner, for printing and binding; for entertainment of distinguished visitors, and all other expenses as may be deemed necessary by the commission to fulfill properly the purposes of this resolution. All purchases, expenditures, and disbursements, der direction of comunder any appropriations which may be provided by authority of mission. this resolution, shall be made under the direction of the commission: Provided, That the commission, as hereinbefore stipulated, may dele-tions. gate these powers and functions to the commissioner, and the commissioner, with the consent of the commission, may subdelegate them: And provided further, That the commission or its delegated representative may authorize the allotment of funds to any executive department, independent office, or establishment of the Government with the consent of the heads thereof for direct expenditure by said executive department, independent office, or establishment for the purpose of defraying any expenditure which may be incurred by said executive department, independent office, or establishment in executing the duties and functions delegated to said office by the commission; and all accounts and vouchers covering expenditures under these ers, etc. Approval of vouchappropriations shall be approved by the commissioner or such assistants as he may delegate, except for such allotments as may be made to the various executive departments and establishments for direct expenditure; but these provisions shall not be construed to waive the Accounting Office. submission of accounts and vouchers to the General Accounting Office for audit or permit any obligations to be incurred in excess of the amount authorized to be appropriated: Provided, That in struction work. the construction of buildings or exhibits requiring skilled and unskilled labor, the prevailing rate of wages, as provided in the Act of March 3, 1931, shall be paid.

Amount available for general expenses.

Compensation of Commissioner.

Detail of government officials, etc.

Provisos.Restriction on

Furniture and sup-

Payments in advance

Delegation of func-

Allotment of funds to executive departments,

Exception.

Vol. 46, p. 1494.

Acceptance of con-tributions authorized.

Sec. 6. The commissioner, with the approval of the commission, may receive from any source contributions to aid in carrying out the general purposes of this resolution, but the same shall be expended and accounted for in the same manner as any appropriation which may be made under authority of this resolution. The commissioner is also authorized to receive contributions of material, or borrow material or exhibits, to aid in carrying out the general purposes of this resolution; and at the close of the exposition or when the connection of the Government of the United States therewith ceases, shall dispose of any such portion of the material contributed as may be unused, and return such borrowed property; and, under the direction of the commission, dispose of any buildings which may have been constructed and account therefor: Provided, That all disposition of materials, property, buildings, and so forth, shall be at public sale to the highest bidder and the proceeds thereof shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

Disposal of buildings and property.

> Proviso. Auction sales.

Reports to Congress.

Sec. 7. That it shall be the duty of the commission to transmit to Congress, within six months after the close of the exposition, a detailed statement of all expenditures, and such other reports as may be deemed proper, which reports shall be prepared and arranged with a view to concise statement and convenient reference.

Approved, February 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 25.]

AN ACT

February 10, 1932. [S. 201.] [Public, No. 15.]

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of South Carolina to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Waccamaw River.

bridge, at Conway.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Waccamaw River. South Carolina may United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Highway Department of the State of South Carolina to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Waccamaw River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, near Conway, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 26.]

AN ACT

February 10, 1932. [S. 2334.] [Publie, No. 16.]

To amend section 3 of the Rivers and Harbors Act, approved June 13, 1902, as amended and supplemented.

Rivers and Harbors Act, amended. Vol. 32, p. 372. U. S. C., p. 1078.

"Commerce" strued.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first paragraph of section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes," approved June 13, 1902, as amended and supplemented, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "As used in this con-section the term 'commerce' shall include the use of waterways by seasonal passenger craft, yachts, house boats, fishing boats, motor boats, and other similar water craft, whether or not operated for

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 27.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the Board of County Commissioners of Mahoning County, Ohio, to construct a free overhead viaduct across the Mahoning River at Struthers, Mahoning County, Ohio.

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 70.] [Public, No. 17.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Mahoning River. Mahoning County Congress be, and it is hereby, granted to the Board of County Commandate, at Struthers, Ohio. missioners of Mahoning County, Ohio, and its successors in office, to construct, maintain, and operate a free overhead viaduct, together with the necessary approaches thereto, across the Mahoning River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at Struthers, Mahoning County, Ohio, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 28.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of North Dakota to construct. maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Missouri River at or near Garrison, North Dakota.

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 474.] [Public, No. 18.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of North Dakota to con-bridge, at Garrison. struct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Missouri River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Garrison, North Dakota, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906. Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Missouri River. North Dakota may Post, p. 804.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

expressly reserved. Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 29.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Culbertson, Montana.

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 4695.] [Public, No. 19.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across bridging, at Culbert-the Missouri River at or near Culbertson, Montana, authorized to be built by the State of Montana and the counties of Roosevelt and Richland, or any of them. by the Act of Congress of Roosevelt and Richland, and Richland, or any of them. Richland, or any of them, by the Act of Congress approved July 3, 1930, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved February 20, 1931, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from July 3, 1932.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 30.]

AN ACT

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 4696.] [Public, No. 20.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River southerly from the Fort Belknap Indian Reservation at or near the point known and designated as the Power-site Crossing, in the State of Montana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Missouri River. Time extended for bridging, at Power-site Commencing and completing the construction of a bridge authorized Crossing, Mont. Vol. 46, p. 859.

When the States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge authorized by Act of Congress approved July 3, 1930, to be built by the State of Montana or any political subdivisions or public agencies thereof, or any of them, across the Missouri River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation and southerly from the Fort Belknap Indian Reservation at or near the point known and designated as the Powersite Crossing, in the State of Montana, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 31.]

AN ACT

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 5131.] [Public, No. 21.]

Amendment.

To extend the time for completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River near and above the city of New Orleans, Louisiana.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Mississippi River. Time extended for bridging, at New or completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River, United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time for near and above the city of New Orleans, authorized to be built by the city of New Orleans, a municipal corporation existing under the laws of the State of Louisiana, its successors and assigns, through its Public Belt Railroad Commission, by an Act of Congress approved April 17, 1924, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved May 24, 1928, is hereby further extended three years from May 24,

Amendment.

Vol. 43, p. 103. Vol. 45, p. 732.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 32.]

AN ACT

February 10, 1932, [H. R. 5471.] [Public, No. 22.]

Authorizing Sullivan County, Indiana, to construct, maintain, and operate a public toll bridge across the Wabash River at a point in said county to a point opposite on the Illinois shore.

Wabash River.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Sullivan County, United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to promote interstate commerce, improve the postal service, and provide for military and other purposes Sullivan County, Indiana, or any board or commission of said county which is or may be created or established for the purpose, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Wabash River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, extending from some point in the county across said river to a point opposite on the Illinois shore, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the said Sullivan County, Right to real estate. Indiana, or such board or commission and the successors thereof, all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, maintenance, and operation of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which such real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

Sec. 3. The said Sullivan County or such board or commission and the successors are hereby authorized to fix and charge tolls for transit over such bridge, and the rates of tolls so fixed shall be the legal rates until changed by the Secretary of War under the authority

contained in the Act of March 23, 1906.

SEC. 4. In fixing the rates of toll to be charged for the use of such provide for operation, and sinking fund. bridge the same shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund sufficient to pay for the reasonable cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge and its approaches under economical management, and to provide a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the cost of such bridge and its approaches, including reasonable interest and financial cost, as soon as possible under reasonable charges but within a period of not to exceed twenty years from the completion thereof. After a anal sinking fund sufficient for such amortization shall have been so provided such bridge shall thereafter be maintained and operated free of tolls, shall then be and become the property of the State of Indiana and a part of the State highway system and be maintained by the State of Indiana out of the maintenance fund of the State highway commission. An accurate record of the cost of the bridge and expenditures. and its approaches, the expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating the same, and of daily tolls collected shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested.

SEC. 5. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 33.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 5478.] [Public, No. 23.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of the bridge across bridging, at Baton the Mississippi River at or near Baton Rouge, Louisiana, authorized to be built by the Baton Rouge-Mississippi River Bridge Company, its successors and assigns, by an Act of Congress approved February 20, 1928, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved January 25, 1929, and further extended by Act of Congress approved June 10, 1930, are hereby further extended two and four years, respectively, from February 20, 1931.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

Right to acquire, etc.,

Tolls authorized.

Vol. 34, p. 85. U. S. C., p. 1076.

Adjustment of,

Acquisition by Indi-

Record of receipts

Amendment.

Mississippi River. Time extended for Rouge, La. Vol. 45, pp. 130, 1093. Vol. 46, p. 551.

Amendment.

[CHAPTER 34.]

AN ACT

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 5626.] [Public, No. 24.]

Authorizing the States of Minnesota and North Dakota, the county of Polk, Minnesota, the county of Grand Forks, North Dakota, or any one or more of them, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Red River of the North at or near Bygland, Minnesota.

Dakota, etc., may bridge, at Bygland, Minn.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Red River of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to Minnesots, North facilitate interstate commerce, improve the Postal Service, and provide for military and other purposes, the States of Minnesota and North Dakota, the county of Polk, Minnesota, the county of Grand Forks, North Dakota, or any one or more of them be and is hereby authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Red River of the North, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Bygland, Minnesota, on the township line between township 150 north, range 49 west, fifth principal meridian, and township 149 north, range 49 west, fifth principal meridian, where said line crosses the Red River of the North, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the States of Minnesota

Construction, Vol. 34, p. 84.

Right to acquire, etc.,

and North Dakota, the county of Polk, Minnesota, the county of Grand Forks, North Dakota, or to any one or more of them all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which such real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property

Amendment.

for public purposes in such State.

SEC. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 35.]

AN ACT

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 5878.] [Public, No. 25.]

Granting the consent of Congress to the Louisiana Highway Commission, and the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, and the Louisiana and Arkansas Railway Company to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge in combination with a railroad bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

Mississippi River.

Post, p. 1413.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent Mississippi River.

Bridge authorized United States of America in Congress assemblea, 1 nat the consent across, at Baton Rouge, of Congress is hereby granted to the Louisiana Highway Commission, an administrative body created and acting under the constitution and laws of the State of Louisiana, and the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, a corporation created under the laws of the State of Missouri, and the Louisiana and Arkansas Railway Company, a corporation created under the laws of the State of Delaware, their successors and assigns, jointly to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge in combination with a railroad bridge and approaches thereto across the Mississippi River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Baton Rouge, Louisiana, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Sec. 2. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the Right to sel etc., conferred. rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Act is hereby granted to the Louisiana Highway Commission, the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company, and the Louisiana and Arkansas Railway Company, their successors and assigns, and any party to whom such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred, or who shall acquire the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise is hereby authorized to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon such party.

Sec. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 36.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the Board of County Commissioners of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Monongahela River between the city of Pittsburgh and the borough of Homestead, Pennsylvania.

February 10, 1932. [H. R. 7225.] [Public, No. 26.]

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Board of County Commissioners Pa., may bridge at Parameters to construct maintain and Pittsburgh. of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Monongahela River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, between the city of Pittsburgh and the borough of Homestead, to replace what is known as the Brown Bridge, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906. SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Monongahela River.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 38.]

AN ACT

Exempting building and loan associations from being adjudged bankrupts.

February 11, 1932. [S. 2199.] Public, No. 27.

Uniform Bankruptcy Act, amendment. Vol. 30, p. 547. U. S. C., p. 245. Post, p. 1467.

Who may become bankrupts.
Building and loan associations, etc., ex-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved July 1, 1898, as

amended (U.S. C., title 11, sec. 22), is amended to read as follows: "SEC. 4. Who may become bankrupts.—(a) Any person, except

a municipal, railroad, insurance, banking corporation, or a building and loan association, shall be entitled to the benefits of this Act as a

voluntary bankrupt. "(b) Any natural person, except a wage earner or a person en- Invol gaged chiefly in farming or the fillage of the soil, any unincorporated company, and any moneyed, business, or commercial corporation (except a municipal, railroad, insurance, or banking corporation, or a building and loan association) owing debts to the amount of \$1,000 or over, may be adjudged an involuntary bankrupt upon default or an impartial trial, and shall be subject to the provisions and entitled to the benefits of this Act.

"The bankruptcy of a corporation or association shall not release etc., of corporation. its officers, directors, or stockholders, as such, from any liability under the laws of a State or Territory or of the United States."

Approved, February 11, 1932.

Involuntary bank-

cepted.

Liability of officers.

[CHAPTER 39.]

February 11, 1932. [S. 9.] [Public, No. 28.]

AN ACT

Respecting the qualifications of the assessor of the District of Columbia to testify in condemnation proceedings.

Competency of assessor of, to testify in condemnation proceed-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the District of Columbia. United States of America in Congress assembled, That in any action for the condemnation of lands in the District of Columbia the assessor of the District shall not be disqualified, by reason of the fact that he holds the office of assessor, from testifying as an expert witness to the market value of such lands, and as to benefits.

Approved, February 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 40.]

February 11, 1932. [S. 2077.] [Public, No. 29.] AN ACT

To relieve the Commissioners of the District of Columbia of certain ministerial duties.

District of Columbia. Authority of secre-tary of Commissioners to perform certain ministerial duties.

Approval of Commissioners requisite.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on and after the passage of this Act it shall be lawful for the secretary of the Board of Commissioners of the District of Columbia, or in his absence or upon his inability to act, such person as said commissioners may designate, when so directed by said commissioners, to execute in the name of the District of Columbia or of said board, by attaching thereto his signature as such secretary and affixing when requisite the seal of said District, any deed, contract, pleading, lease, release, regulation, notice, or other paper, which heretofore said commissioners were required to execute by subscribing thereto their respective signatures: Provided, That prior to such signing, and sealing if requisite, said deed, contract, pleading, lease, release, regulation, notice, or other paper shall first have been considered and approved by said board of commissioners, or a majority of them, sitting as a board, and evidence of such consideration and approval shall be reduced to writing and recorded in the minutes of said board of commissioners, which minutes shall thereafter be signed by the members of said board of commissioners or a majority thereof.

Approved, February 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 41.]

February 11, 1932. [H. R. 149.] [Public, No. 30.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River at or near The Dalles, Oregon.

Columbia River. Time extended for bridging, at The Dalles,

Vol. 46, p. 1193. Post, p. 806.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Columbia River at or near The Dalles, Oregon, authorized to be built by Dalles City, by an Act of Congress approved February 20, 1931, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from February 20, 1932.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 42.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the modification of the existing project for the Willamette River between Oregon City and Portland, Oregon.

February 11, 1932. [H. R. 7248.] [Public, No. 31.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the project for the improvement of the Willamette River between Oregon City and Portland, Oregon, authorized by the River and Harbor Act approved Portland, Oreg. Vol. 46, p. 932.

Willamette River. Modification of project for improving, between Oregon, authorized by the River and Harbor Act approved Portland, Oreg. Vol. 46, p. 932. July 3, 1930, is hereby modified in accordance with the recommenda-tion of the Chief of Engineers in the report submitted in House Document Numbered 748, Seventy-first Congress, third session.

Approved, February 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 43.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of War to reduce the penalty of the bond of the Brazos River Harbor Navigation District, of Brazoria County, Texas, furnished as surety for its doing certain work on the improvement of Freeport Harbor,

February 11, 1932. [S. 2278.] [Public, No. 32.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War, may, in his discretion, reduce the penalty of the bond executed April 27, 1928, by the Brazos River Harbor Navigation District, of Brazoria County, Texas, as principal and the National Surety Company as surety, to insure the payment of the sum of \$861,000 to such amount as in his opinion will cover any further contribution which may be required from the said Brazos River Harbor Navigation District in connection with the project for improvement of Freeport Harbor, Texas, authorized by the River and Harbor Act of March 3, 1925: Provided, That whenever the Secretary of War is satisfied that the said project has been completed and the works have become so stabilized that no further expenditures will be necessary other than normal maintenance, he may cancel said bond and release the said principal and surety from any obligation thereunder.

Freeport Harbor, Texas. Reduction of penalty bond, for improvement of, authorized.

Vol. 43, p. 1187.

Proviso Cancellation of bond.

Approved, February 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 45.]

AN ACT

Providing for payment of \$25 to each enrolled Chippewa Indian of Minnesota from the funds standing to their credit in the Treasury of the United States.

February 12, 1932. [H. R. 225.] [Public, No. 33.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized and directed to withdraw from the Treasury so much as may be necessary of the principal fund on mem ized. deposit to the credit of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota, under section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act for the relief and civilization of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota," approved January 14, 1889, as amended, and to make therefrom payment of \$25 to each enrolled Chippewa Indian of Minnesota, under such regulations as such Secretary shall prescribe. No payment shall be made under this Act until the Chippewa Indians of Indians. Minnesota shall, in such manner as such Secretary shall prescribe, have accepted such payments and ratified the provisions of this Act. The money paid to the Indians under this Act shall not be subject from liens, etc. to any lien or claim of whatever nature against any of said Indians.

Chippewa Indians, Minn.
Payment to enrolled members of, author-

Vol. 25, p. 645.

Ratification, etc., by

Approved, February 12, 1932.

[CHAPTER 46.]

AN ACT

February 12, 1932. [H. R. 6663.] [Public, No. 34.]

To reserve certain land on the public domain in Utah for addition to the Skull Valley Indian Reservation.

Land added to.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Skull Valley Indian United States of America in Congress assembled, That the south half of section 14, township 5 south, range 8 west of the Salt Lake meridian, Utah, on the public domain, be, and the same is hereby, reserved as an addition to the Skull Valley Indian Reservation:

Proviso.
Rights, etc., of prior
Provided, That the rights and claims of any bona fide settler initiations. tiated under the public land laws prior to September 2, 1931, the date of withdrawal of the land from all form of entry, shall not be affected by this Act.

Approved, February 12, 1932.

[CHAPTER 47.]

AN ACT

February 18, 1932. [S. 2173.] [Public, No. 35.]

To authorize associations of employees in the District of Columbia to adopt a device to designate the products of the labor of their members, to punish illegal use or imitation of such device, and for other purposes.

District of Columbia. rotection of union labels, etc.

Drawing and regis-

Fee for certified copy.

Certificate not assignable.

Unauthorized use of label, etc., prohibited.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a union or association of employees in the District of Columbia may adopt a device in the form of a label, brand, mark, name, or other character for the purpose of designating the products of the labor of the members thereof. A drawing of such device may be filed in the office of the clerk of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia and the clerk shall register same in a book to be provided for such purpose and be entitled to collect \$1 for each registration. A certified copy of the drawing so registered may be obtained from the clerk upon the payment of \$1 for each certification. Such certificate shall not be assignable by the union or association to whom it is issued.

Sec. 2. No person shall in any way use or display the label, brand, mark, name, or other character adopted by any such union or association as provided in section 1 of this Act without the consent or authority of such union or association; or counterfeit or imitate any such label, brand, mark, name, or other character, or knowingly sell, dispose of, keep, or have in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of any goods, wares, merchandise, or other products of labor, upon which any such counterfeit or imitation is attached, affixed, printed, stamped, or impressed, or knowingly sell, dispose of, keep, or have in his possession with intent to sell or dispose of any goods, wares, merchandise, or other products of labor contained in any box, case, can, or package, to which or on which any such counterfeit or imitation is attached, affixed, printed, painted, stamped, or impressed. If copies of such device have been filed, the union or association may maintain an action in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to enjoin the manufacture, use, display, or sale of counterfeit or colorable imitations of such device, or of goods bearing the same, or the unauthorized use or display of such device or of goods bearing the same, and the court may restrain such wrongful manufacture, use, display, or sale, and every unauthorized use or display by others of the genuine devices so registered and filed, if such use or display is not authorized by the owner thereof, and may award to the plaintiff such damages resulting from such wrongful manufacture, use, display, or sale as may be proved, together with the profits derived therefrom.

Action to enjoin use, etc., of counterfeits and imitations.

Sec. 3. A person violating any of the provisions of section 2 of Punishment for viothis Act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, or by imprisonment for not less than three months nor more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Approved, February 18, 1932.

[CHAPTER 48.]

AN ACT

To provide for the incorporation of the District of Columbia Commission, George Washington Bicentennial.

February 18, 1932. [S. 1306.] [Public, No. 36.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That during the George Washington Bineral 1932 the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of George Centennial Commission. Washington will be celebrated in the District of Columbia, and for vided. the purpose of preparing, sponsoring, and encouraging suitable programs, entertainments, and demonstrations Cloyd H. Marvin, William W. Everett, John Poole, Mrs. Philip Sidney Smith, Clarence A. Aspinwall, George F. Bowerman, William W. Bride, Thomas E. Campbell, James A. Cobb, John H. Cowles, Harrison H. Dodge, Robert V. Fleming, Isaac Gans, Edwin C. Graham, Gilbert H. Grosvenor, John Hays Hammond, George C. Havenner, J. Leo Kolb, David Lawrence, Charles Moore, George Richards, A. K. Shipe, Ernest N. Smith, Edgar C. Snyder, Mrs. Virginia White Speel, Anton Stephan, Merle Thorpe, Joseph P. Tumulty, Charles Stanley White, and Lloyd B. Wilson are hereby created a body corporate and politic to be known as the District of Columbia Commission, George Washington Bicentennial, and within the limits hereinafter pre- Authority of corporascribed subject to the supervision of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or subject to the supervision of the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks, as the case may be, the said corporation is hereby authorized—

(a) To purchase, acquire by lease, or construct such structures, sary platforms, etc. platforms, and stands for the conduct of the programs, entertainments, and demonstrations as may be deemed necessary by said corporation.

Acquisition of neces-

(b) To manufacture, purchase, or otherwise acquire such para- Flags, posters, staphernalia, flags, posters, stationery, badges, programs and other printed matter, and lighting facilities as may be deemed necessary by

the corporation for the purposes of said celebration.

Construction of plat-

(c) To erect or contract to be erected such structures, platforms, forms on public space. or stands on public space in the District of Columbia as may be deemed necessary by said corporation for the purposes hereof, and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks are hereby authorized to grant such permit or permits as may be necessary for the occupation of public space in the District of Columbia under their immediate jurisdiction: Provided, That no structure, platform, or stand shall be erected as aforesaid unless the plans thereof be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia where the same are intended to be erected on public space within their jurisdiction, or the Office of Public Buildings and Public Parks where the same are intended to be erected on public space within the jurisdiction of that office.

Permits to be granted.

Proviso. Approval of plans.

(d) To contract for the leasing and subleasing of such structures, platforms, etc. platforms, and stands as may be erected by said corporation to such individuals, partnerships, or corporations.

Adoption of seal.

(e) Adopt a seal, which said seal shall be the seal of the corporation.

(f) To do all other acts and things which may be necessary and

proper to carry into effect the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 2. That none of the persons herein named shall be entitled to or receive any of the profits of the corporation, but the same shall

be paid into the Treasury of the United States.

Dissolution when final report filed.

Profits of corporation.

Sec. 3. That the corporation herein formed shall cease and determine, and all of the powers granted by paragraphs (a), (b), (c), (d), and (f) of section 1 of this Act shall terminate upon the filing of its final report and audit with the Congress of the United States, which date shall not be later than February 1, 1933: Provided, however, Liability for corpo date shall not be later than 1 contained shall operate to prevent the institution of any suit or claim at law or in equity by any person, firm, or corporation growing out of any act or omission of the corporation, provided that the institution of such suit or claim shall be commenced within the period limited by the provisions of chapter 41 of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia: Provided further, That the Comptroller General be, and he hereby is, authorized to audit all accounts of the corporation, including the final audit thereof. Sec. 4. That the corporation herein formed shall cease and deter-

Provisos.

Audit of accounts.

Final report.

Amendment.

mine upon the filing of its final report with the Commissioners of the District of Columbia. SEC. 5. That Congress hereby reserves to itself the right to alter, amend, and repeal this Act or any provisions thereof.

Approved, February 18, 1932.

[CHAPTER 50.]

AN ACT

February 20, 1932. [S. 2639.] [Public, No. 37.]

To extend the time for the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Poplar, Montana.

Mont. Vol. 46, p. 858.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Missouri River. Time extended for United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for bridging, at Poplar, commencing and completing the construction of a bridge authorized by Act of Congress approved July 3, 1930, to be built by the State of Montana, the counties of Roosevelt, Richland, and McCone, or any of them, across the Missouri River, at a point suitable to the interest of navigation, at or near Poplar, Montana, are hereby extended for one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof.

Amendment.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 51.]

AN ACT

February 20, 1932. [H. R. 6304.] [Public, No. 38.]

To transfer Lavaca County from the Houston division to the Victoria division of the southern judicial district of Texas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States Courts Teams South of the Judicial Code (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 189) be, and it is hereby, transferred to Victoria amended by the transfer of Lavaca County from the Houston division Division. Vol. 32, p. 65; Vol. 36, p. 899. of Texas: Provided, That no civil or criminal cause commenced prior Provises. Civil causes, etc., not to the enactment of this Act shall be in any way affected by it.

Approved, February 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 52.]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to issue patents for lands held under color of title.

February 23, 1932. [S. 1588.] [Public, No. 39.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever it certain public land in, shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Interior title. that a tract or tracts of public land, contiguous to a Spanish or Mexican land grant, in the State of New Mexico, not exceeding in the aggregate one hundred and sixty acres, has or have been held in good faith and in peaceful, adverse possession by a citizen of the United States, his ancestors or grantors, for more than twenty years under claim or color of title, and that valuable improvements have been placed on such land, or some part thereof has been reduced to cultivation, the Secretary may, in his discretion, upon the payment of \$1.25 per acre, cause a patent or patents to issue for such land to any such citizen: *Provided*, That where the area or areas so held by any such citizen is in excess of one hundred and sixty acres the excess of limitation. Secretary may determine what particular subdivisions, not exceeding one hundred and sixty acres in the aggregate, to any such citizen may be patented hereunder: Provided further, That coal and all eral rights. other minerals contained therein are hereby reserved to the United States; that said coal and other minerals shall be subject to sale or disposal by the United States under applicable leasing and mineral land laws, and permittees, lessees, or grantees of the United States shall have the right to enter upon said lands for the purpose of prospecting for and mining such deposits: Provided further, That the term "citizen," as used herein, shall be held to include a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or any State or Territory thereof. Approved, February 23, 1932.

New Mexico.

Fee.

Provisos.
Patent if holding in

Reservation of min-

Citizen construed.

[CHAPTER 53.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the William Robert Smith Memorial Association of El Paso, Texas, to construct a memorial in honor of William Robert Smith, former Member of Congress from the sixteenth district of Texas.

February 23, 1932. [S. 2286.] [Public, No. 40.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the William Smith Memorial Association of El Paso, Texas, be, and it is at Elephant Butte hereby, authorized to construct without cost to the United States Dam, N. Mex., by, authorized. a memorial tablet at or near the site of Elephant Butte Dam, New Mexico, in honor of the work of William Robert Smith, former Member of Congress from the sixteenth district of Texas, in behalf of the Elephant Butte project and of irrigation in the Southwest. Approved, February 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 54.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the Catawissa Railroad Company to reconstruct, maintain, and operate a railroad bridge across the Susquehanna River at or near Catawissa, Pennsylvania.

February 23, 1932. [H. R. 81.] [Public, No. 41.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Catawissa Railroad Company, at Rupert Station, Palits successors and assigns, to reconstruct, maintain, and operate railroad bridge and approaches thereto across the Susquehanna

River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or about two thousand one hundred and fifty feet south of Rupert Station, in the township of Montour, county of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, to a point at or about six thousand and seventy feet north of Catawissa Station in the township of Catawissa, county of Columbia, State of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Construction.

Vol. 34, p. 84.

Right to sell, assign, etc., granted.

SEC. 2. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Act is hereby granted to the Catawissa Railroad Company, its successors and assigns, and any corporation to which, or any person to whom, such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred, or which shall acquire the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise, is hereby authorized to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon such corporation or person.

SEC. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 55.]

AN ACT

February 23, 1932. [H. R. 7247.] [Public, No. 42.]

Amendment.

Authorizing the Rhode Island State Board of Public Roads and the State Highway Department of the State of Connecticut to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Pawcatuck River near the location of the present Broad Street Bridge between Westerly, Rhode Island, and Stonington, Connecticut.

Rhode Island and United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to Connecticut may bridge between west facilitate interstate commerce, improve the Postal Service, and proerly and Stonington. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the of Public Roads and the State Highway Department of the State of Connecticut be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Pawcatuck River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near the location of the present Broad Street Bridge between Westerly, Rhode Island, and Stonington, Connecticut, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23,

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Right to acquire realty, etc., proaches, etc.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the Rhode Island State Board of Public Roads and the State Highway Department of the State of Connecticut all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which such real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

Amendment

SEC. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 56.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Amending section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes," approved July 3, 1930, relating to the Mississippi River between the mouth of the Illinois River and Minneapolis.

February 24, 1932. [H. J. Res. 271.] Pub. Res., No. 10.1

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision, relating to the Mississippi River between the mouth of the Illinois River and Minneapolis, in section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes," approved July 3, 1930, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Mississippi River. Improvement of. Vol. 46, p. 927.

Channel depth be-

"Mississippi River between mouth of Illinois River and Minne- tween Illinois River apolis: The existing project is hereby modified so as to provide a and Minneapolis." channel depth of nine feet at low water with widths suitable for long-haul common-carrier service, to be prosecuted in accordance with the plan for a comprehensive project to procure a channel of nine-foot depth, submitted in House Document Numbered 290, Seventy-first Congress, second session, or such modification thereof as Chief of Engineers in the discretion of the Chief of Engineers may be advisable: and "Appropriation auin the discretion of the Chief of Engineers may be advisable; and Appropriated. the sum of \$7,500,000, in addition to the amounts authorized under existing projects, is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the prosecution of initial works under the modified project: Provided, That all locks below the Twin City Dam shall be of not less than the Ohio River standard dimensions."

Proviso. Lock construction.

Approved, February 24, 1932.

[CHAPTER 57.]

AN ACT

Authorizing an addition to the Cache National Forest, Idaho.

February 25, 1932. [S. 457.] [Public, No. 43.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, subject to est, Idaho. any valid existing claim or entry, all lands of the United States within the areas hereinafter described be, and the same are hereby, added to and made parts of the Cache National Forest, to be hereafter administered under the laws and regulations relating to the national forests; and the provisions of the Act approved March 20, 1922 (42 Stat. 465), as amended, are hereby extended and made applicable to all other lands within said described areas:

Cache National For-Area added to.

The west half of sections 6, 7, and 18, sections 19, 30, and 31, in township 8 south, range 36 east, Boise meridian; section 6 and the west half of sections 7, 18, 19, and 30, in township 9 south, range 36 east of Boise meridian; sections 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, 26, 35, and 36, in township 8 south, range 35 east, Boise meridian; sections 1, 2, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, 24, 25, and 26, in township 9 south, range 35 east of Boise meridian, Idaho.

Vol. 42, p. 465.

Description.

Approved, February 25, 1932.

CHAPTER 58.1

AN ACT

February 27, 1932. [H. R. 9203.] [Public, No. 44.]

amendment. Vol. 38, p. 260, U. S. C., p. 275.

Advances to member banks in groups of five.

Security.

When suthorized.

Liability of individual banks.

Advances to banks in groups of less than five.

Distribution.

Deposit of secured notes with trustee.

Interest rate.

Eligibility assecurity for Federal reserve

Foreign government, etc., obligations.

Authority of mem-ber banks to obligate themselves.

Loan by Federal re-serve bank to individual member bank. Post, p. 794.

Consent of Federal Reserve Board re-quired. Security.

Proviso, Interest rate. To improve the facilities of the Federal reserve system for the service of commerce, industry, and agriculture, to provide means for meeting the needs of member banks in exceptional circumstances, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Federal Reserve Act, United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is further amended by inserting, between sections 10 and 11 thereof, a new section reading as follows:

"Sec. 10. (a) Upon receiving the consent of not less than five members of the Federal Reserve Board, any Federal reserve bank may make advances, in such amount as the board of directors of such Federal reserve bank may determine, to groups of five or more member banks within its district, a majority of them independently owned and controlled, upon their time or demand promissory notes, provided the bank or banks which receive the proceeds of such advances as herein provided have no adequate amounts of eligible and acceptable assets available to enable such bank or banks to obtain sufficient credit accommodations from the Federal reserve bank through rediscounts or advances other than as provided in section 10 (b). The liability of the individual banks in each group must be limited to such proportion of the total amount advanced to such group as the deposit liability of the respective banks bears to the aggregate deposit liability of all banks in such group, but such advances may be made to a lesser number of such member banks if the aggregate amount of their deposit liability constitutes at least 10 per centum of the entire deposit liability of the member banks within such district. Such banks shall be authorized to distribute the proceeds of such loans to such of their number and in such amount as they may agree upon, but before so doing they shall require such recipient banks to deposit with a suitable trustee, representing the entire group, their individual notes made in favor of the group protected by such collateral security as may be agreed upon. Any Federal reserve bank making such advance shall charge interest or discount thereon at a rate not less than 1 per centum above its discount rate in effect at the time of making such advance. No such note upon which advances are made by a Federal reserve bank under this section shall be eligible under section 16 of this Act as collateral security for Federal reserve notes.

"No obligations of any foreign government, individual, partnership, association, or corporation organized under the laws thereof shall be eligible as collateral security for advances under this section.

"Member banks are authorized to obligate themselves in accordance with the provisions of this section."

Sec. 2. The Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is further amended by adding, immediately after such new section 10 (a), an additional new section reading as follows:

"Sec. 10. (b) Until March 3, 1933, and in exceptional and exigent circumstances, and when any member bank, having a capital of not exceeding \$5,000,000, has no further eligible and acceptable assets available to enable it to obtain adequate credit accommodations through rediscounting at the Federal reserve bank or any other method provided by this Act other than that provided by section 10 (a), any Federal reserve bank, subject in each case to affirmative action by not less than five members of the Federal Reserve Board, may make advances to such member bank on its time or demand promissory notes secured to the satisfaction of such Federal reserve bank: Provided, That (1) each such note shall bear interest at a

rate not less than 1 per centum per annum higher than the highest discount rate in effect at such Federal reserve bank on the date of such note; (2) the Federal Reserve Board may by regulation limit classets. and define the classes of assets which may be accepted as security for advances made under authority of this section; and (3) no note for Federal reserve accepted for any such advance shall be eligible as collateral security notes. for Federal reserve notes.

ship, association, or corporation organized under the laws thereof shall be eligible as collateral security for advanced to the laws thereof

Sec. 3. The second paragraph of section 16 of the Federal Reserve C., p. 284.

Act, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Any Federal reserve bank may make application to the local Federal reserve agent for such amount of the Federal reserve notes hereinbefore provided for as it may require. Such application shall be accompanied with a tender to the local Federal reserve agent of collateral in amount equal to the sum of the Federal reserve notes thus applied for and issued pursuant to such application. lateral security thus offered shall be notes, drafts, bills of exchange, or acceptances acquired under the provisions of section 13 of this Act, or bills of exchange indorsed by a member bank of any Federal reserve district and purchased under the provisions of section 14 of this Act, or bankers' acceptances purchased under the provisions of said section 14, or gold or gold certificates: Provided, however, That until March 3, 1933, should the Federal Reserve Board deem States as security auit in the public interest, it may, upon the affirmative vote of not less than a majority of its members, authorize the Federal reserve banks to offer, and the Federal reserve agents to accept, as such collateral security, direct obligations of the United States. On March 3, 1933, terminate. or sooner should the Federal Reserve Board so decide, such authorization shall terminate and such obligations of the United States be retired as security for Federal reserve notes. In no event shall such security. collateral security be less than the amount of Federal reserve notes The Federal reserve agent shall each day notify the drawals, etc. applied for. Federal Reserve Board of all issues and withdrawals of Federal reserve notes to and by the Federal reserve bank to which he is accredited. The said Federal Reserve Board may at any time call upon a Federal reserve bank for additional security to protect the Federal reserve notes issued to it."

Approved, February 27, 1932.

[CHAPTER 59.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of Illinois to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge agross the Pecatonica River at Harrison, in Winnebago County, State of Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congrass 1 assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of Illinois, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Pecatonica River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation at Harrison, Illinois, in section 14, township 28 north, range 11 east, fourth principal meridian, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 29, 1932.

Classification of

Federal reserve notes. Vol. 38, p. 265; U. S. Post, p. 794.

Application for. Collateral to accom-

Nature of.

Vol. 38, pp. 263, 264.

Proviso.Obligations of United thorized. Post, p. 795.

Vol. 40, p. 236. Date authorization to

Amount of collateral

Notification of with-

Additional security.

February 29, 1932. [H. R. 8163.] [Public, No. 45.]

Pecatonica River Illinois may bridge, at Harrison.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

¹ So in original.

[CHAPTER 60.]

AN ACT

February 29, 1932. [H. R. 8171.] [Public, No. 46.]

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of Illinois to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Kankakee River at Momence, in Kankakee County, State of Illinois.

Kankakee River. Illinois may bridge, at Momence.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of Illinois, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Kankakee River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation at Momence, Illinois, in township 31 north, between section 24, range 13 east, and section 19, range 14 east, third principal meridian, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters." approved March 23, 1906.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 61.]

AN ACT

February 29, 1932. [H. R. 8238.] [Public, No. 47.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a free highway bridge across the Fox River at Algonquin, in McHenry County, State of Illinois.

Fox River. Time extended for bridging, at Algonquin,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a free highway bridge across the Fox River, at Algonquin, McHenry County, Illinois, authorized to be built by the State of Illinois by an Act of Congress approved February 13, 1931, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from February 13, 1932.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Vol. 46, p. 1100.

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 62.]

1906.

AN ACT

February 29, 1932. [H. R. 8250.] [Public, No. 48.]

Granting authority to the Texas State Highway Commission to maintain and operate, as constructed, a free highway bridge across Trinity River between the counties of Navarro and Henderson, in the State of Texas.

Trinity River.
Texas may operate bridge across, at Trini-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Texas State Highway Commission and their successors and assigns to maintain and operate the free highway bridge and approaches thereto, as constructed, across Trinity River, seven-tenths mile west of Trinidad, between the counties of Navarro and Henderson, in the State of Texas, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23,

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

> SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 29, 1932.

Amendment.

[CHAPTER 63.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of Illinois to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across Rock River at Byron, in Ogle County, State of Illinois.

February 29, 1932. [H. R. 8324.] [Public, No. 49.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of Illinois to construct, at Byron. maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Rock River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at Byron, Illinois, in section 32, township 25 north, range 11 east, fourth principal meridian, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Rock River. Illinois may bridge

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 64.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of Illinois to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across Rock River at Oregon, in Ogle County, State of Illinois.

February 29, 1932. [H. R. 8327.] [Public, No. 50.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of Illinois to construct, at Oregon. maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Rock River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at Oregon, Illinois, in section 3, township 23 north, range 10 east, fourth principal meridian, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906. SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend or repeal this Act is hereby

Rock River. Illinois may bridge,

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, February 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 69.]

AN ACT

To excuse certain persons from residence upon homestead lands during 1929, 1930, 1931, and 1932, in the drought-stricken areas.

March 2, 1932. [H. R. 268.] [Public, No. 51.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any homestead settler or entryman who, during the calendar year 1929, 1930, cused from residence or 1931, found it necessary, or during 1932 should find it necessary, to leave his homestead to seek employment in order to obtain food and other necessaries of life for himself, family, or work stock because of serious drought conditions, causing total or partial failure of crops, may, upon filing with the register of the district proof of such conditions in the form of a corroborated affidavit, be excused from residence upon his homestead during all or part of the calendar years 1929, 1930, 1931, and 1932, and said entries shall not be open to contest or protest because of such absences: Provided, That the time of such actual absence shall not be deducted from the actual be added to statutory residence required by law, but an equivalent period shall be added to the statutory life of the entry.

on, in certain cases.

life of entry.

Approved, March 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 70.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

March 3, 1932. [H. J. Res. 292.] [Pub. Res., No. 11.]

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to aid in the establishment of agricultural-credit corporations, and for other purposes.

corporations. to assist in organizing,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Agricultural-credit States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agri-Advances authorized culture is hereby authorized to make advances or loans to individuals, under such regulations as he may prescribe, for the purpose of assisting in forming local agricultural-credit corporations, livestock-loan companies, or like organizations, or of increasing the capital stock of such corporations, companies, or organizations qualified to do business with Federal intermediate credit banks, or to which such privileges may be extended.

Sec. 2. (a) No loans shall be made to individual stockholders on

Limit on amount of loan.

the capital stock of, or to create or increase the capital stock of such corporation, company, or organization in an amount in excess of 75 per centum of the par value of the capital stock of such corporation, company, or organization owned by or proposed to be subscribed to by such individual.

Investigation of financial structure of corporation.

Approval of manage-

Due da debtedness. data

(b) No loan shall be made upon the capital stock of any corporation until the Secretary of Agriculture shall find that the financial structure of such corporation is sound and unimpaired and by him approved, nor shall any loan be made upon the capital stock of such corporation until the management of such company shall be made of in known to and approved by the Secretary, and the Secretary shall have the right at any time to declare the indebtedness to the Government that may be created hereunder due whenever in his judgment the financial structure of the corporation shall become so impaired or the management become so unsatisfactory as to jeopardize the interests of the Government.

Minimum paid in capital stock.

Sec. 3. No loan or advance shall be made to any individual upon the capital stock of or to create or increase the capital stock of any corporation, unless the paid in capital stock of such corporation shall be at least \$10,000.

Appropriation authorized.

Vol. 46, 1160, 1167.

To constitute revolving fund.

penses. Payments.

Sec. 4. To carry out the provisions of this resolution, including all expenses incurred thereunder, there are authorized to be appropriated, out of the unexpended balances of appropriations made to pp. 1032, carry out the provisions of Public Resolution Numbered 112, Seventyfirst Congress (46 Stat. 1032), as amended by the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and as amended by Public Resolution Numbered 120 (46 Stat. 1167), and out of the collections from loans made under Public Resolution Numbered 112, as so amended, a sum not exceeding \$10,000,000, which sum shall be paid into a revolving fund. Not to exceed 2 per Administration ex- centum of such fund may be used for expenses of administration. All moneys received from time to time upon the repayment of any advance or loan made pursuant to this Act, together with the interest, shall be paid into the revolving fund and shall thereafter be available for the purposes and in the manner hereinbefore provided.

Approved, March 3, 1932.

[CHAPTER 71.]

AN ACT

To approve Act numbered 256 of the session laws of 1931 of the Territory of Hawaii, entitled "An Act to authorize and provide for the manufacture, maintenance, distribution, and supply of electric current for light and power within the districts of North Kona and South Kona, on the island and county of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii."

March 5, 1932. [H. R. 307.] [Public, No. 52.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Act numbered United States of America in Congress assembled, That Act numbered Grant of electric fran-256 of the session laws of 1931 of the Territory of Hawaii, entitled chise in Hawaii County, "An Act to authorize and provide for the manufacture, maintenance, approved." distribution, and supply of electric current for light and power within the districts of North Kona and South Kona, on the island and county of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii," passed by the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii and approved by the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii on April 29, 1931, is hereby approved: Provided, That the authority in section 16 of said Act for the amending or to approval of Conrepeal of said Act shall not be held to authorize such action by the gress. Legislature of Hawaii except upon approval by Congress in accordance with the Organic Act: Provided further, That nothing herein replacement cost, not shall be construed as an approval by Congress of the theory of estab-approved. lishing value on the actual cost of reproducing or replacing property as contained in section 18 of the said Act.

Provisos. Amendment subject

Approved, March 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 72.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the distribution of Government-owned wheat to the American National Red Cross and other organizations for relief of distress.

March 7, 1932. [S. J. Res. 110.] [Pub. Res., No. 12.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Farm Board is authorized and directed to take such action as may be nec-ernment-owned, essary to make available, at any time prior to May 1, 1933, on appliance of the American National Red Cross, or any other organization designated by the American National Red Cross, wheat of the Grain Stabilization Corporation, for use in providing food for the needy and distressed people of the United States and Territories, and for feed for livestock in the 1931 crop-failure areas. Such wheat dent's approval. shall be delivered upon any such application only upon the approval of the President of the United States, and in such amounts to each organization as the President may approve, except that the total ited amount of wheat delivered as hereinbefore authorized shall not be in excess of forty million bushels.

Wheat. Distribution of Gov-

Purpose.

Delivery upon Presi-

Total amount lim-

Expense of delivery,

Processing, etc.

Baking.

Proviso. Processing, etc., ex-

Sec. 2. No part of the expenses incident to the delivery, receipt, etc. and distribution of such wheat shall be borne by the United States or the Federal Farm Board. Such wheat may be milled or exchanged for flour or feed, but if processed it shall be without profit to any mill, organization, or other person. In cities of over twentyfive thousand population the American National Red Cross or any other organization designated by it may have said flour obtained in accordance with section 2 baked into bread or processed into food for distribution: Provided, That no part of the expense incident to such baking or processing shall be paid out of said wheat or flour penses. and no part of said expense shall be borne by the United States or the Federal Farm Board.

Administration.

SEC. 3. The Federal Farm Board shall keep account of all wheat delivered as authorized in section 1, and shall credit the account of the Grain Stabilization Corporation with an amount equal to the current market value thereof at the time of delivery.

Approved, March 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 73.]

AN ACT

March 8, 1932. [S. 3514.] [Public, No. 53.]

Regulating the use of appropriations for the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department.

War Department, Purchase of articles the growth, produc-tion, or manufacture of the United States required.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the expenditure of appropriations for the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department, the Secretary of War shall, unless in his discretion the interest of the Government will not permit, purchase or contract for, within the limits of the United States, only articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of the United States, notwithstanding that such articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of the United States may cost more, if such excess of cost be not unreasonable.

Approved, March 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 74.]

AN ACT

March 8, 1932. [H. R. 5064.] [Public, No. 54.]

Authorizing Vernon W. O'Connor, of Saint Paul, Minnesota, his heirs, legal representatives, and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Rainy River at or near Baudette, Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate international commerce, improve the postal service, and

provide for military and other purposes Vernon W. O'Connor, of the city of Saint Paul, Ramsey County, State of Minnesota, his heirs, legal representatives, and assigns, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Rainy River, so far as the United States has jurisdiction over the waters of such river, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Baudette, Minnesota, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of

bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, subject to

the conditions and limitations contained in this Act, and subject

to the approval of the proper authorities in Canada.

Rainy River. Bridge authorized cross at Baudette, Minn.

Construction.

Approval of Canadian authorities.

Vol. 34, p. 84.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon Vernon W. O'Connor, his heirs, legal representatives, and assigns, all such rights and powers to Acquisition of real enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use estate for approaches, real estate and other property in the State of Texts. real estate and other property in the State of Minnesota needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State of Minnesota upon making just compensation therefor to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

The said Vernon W. O'Connor, his successors or assigns, shall within ninety days after the completion of the bridge constructed under the authority of this Act file with the Secretary of War an itemized statement under oath showing the actual original cost of

Statement of costs, etc.

such bridge and its approaches and appurtenances, which statement shall include any expenditures actually made for engineering and legal services; and any fees, discounts, and other expenditures actually incurred in connection with the financing thereof. Such Investigation by Section 11 of the Investigation of War. itemized statement of cost shall be investigated by the Secretary of War at any time within three years after the completion of such bridge, and for that purpose the said Vernon W. O'Connor, his successors or assigns, in such manner as may be deemed proper, shall make available and accessible all records connected with the construction and financing of such bridge, and the findings of the Secretary of War as to the actual cost of such bridge shall be made a part of the records of the War Department.

SEC. 3. The said Vernon W. O'Connor, his heirs, legal representatives, and assigns, is hereby authorized to fix and charge tolls for transit over such bridge in accordance with any laws of Minnesota applicable thereto, and the rates of toll so fixed shall be the legal rates until changed by the Secretary of War under the authority

contained in the Act of March 23, 1906.

SEC. 4. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Act is hereby granted to Vernon W. O'Connor, his heirs, legal representatives, and assigns; and any corporation to which or any person to whom such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred, or who shall acquire the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise, is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon such corporation or person.

SEC. 5. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, March 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 75.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the George Washington Bicentennial Commission to print and distribute additional sets of the writings of George Washington.

[Public, No. 55.]

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of Bicentennial Commisthe Act entitled "An Act to enable the George Washington Bicenson, Vol. 46, p. 71. tennial Commission to carry out and give effect to certain approved plans," approved February 21, 1930, is amended by striking out all preceding the last sentence therein and inserting in lieu thereof the

following:

"That the United States Commission for the Celebration of the writings of George Washington Washington to be pre-That the United States Commission for George Washington Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington Washington to the Hundredth Anniversary of the Birth of George Washington Wa established by the joint resolution entitled 'Joint resolution authorizing an appropriation for the participation of the United States in the preparation and completion of plans for the comprehensive observance of that greatest of all historic events, the bicentennial of the birthday of George Washington,' approved December 2, 1924 (hereinafter referred to as the commission), is authorized and directed to prepare, as a congressional memorial to George Washington, a definitive edition of all his essential writings, public and private (excluding the diaries), including personal letters from the original manuscripts or first prints, and the general orders, at a cost not to exceed \$56,000 for preparation of the manuscript. Such definitive edition shall be mg. printed and bound at the Government Printing Office and shall be in about the same form as the already published diaries of George Washington and shall consist of twenty-five volumes, more or less.

Toll rates.

Right to sell, assign, etc., conferred.

March 10, 1932. [S. 1861.]

Limit of cost. Printing and bindVolumes for sale. Cost to libraries, etc.

Others.

Distribution to designated officials, etc.

Foreign exchange sets.

No "usual number."

Vol. 46, p. 72.

Distribution of privately printed volume.

Sale.

There shall be three thousand sets of such edition, two thousand of which shall be sold by the Superintendent of Documents (1) at a cost of \$50 per set for sets sold to such public libraries, and institutions and societies of learning, as shall order the same not later than July 1, 1932, and (2) the remainder of the two thousand sets, at a cost equal (together with the receipts from the sets sold to such libraries, institutions, and societies) to the total cost under this section of preparing the manuscript and printing and binding the entire The commission shall, upon the publication of each volume of the remaining one thousand sets, distribute copies of each such volume as follows: Two each to the President, the library of the Senate, and the library of the House of Representatives; twenty-five to the Library of Congress; one to each member of the Cabinet; one each to the Vice President and the Speaker of the House of Representatives; one to each Senator, Representative in Congress, Delegate, and Resident Commissioner; one each to the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives; and one to each member and officer of the commission. Every such recipient eligible to receive any volume or volumes of such writings at any time prior to the issue of the final volume (but not later than December 31, 1935), shall be entitled to receive a complete set of such The remaining sets, if any, shall be distributed as the commission directs, including such number of sets as may be necessary for foreign exchange. The usual number for congressional distribution and for depository libraries shall not be printed."

SEC. 2. Section 1 of such Act of February 21, 1930, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"The one thousand extra copies (heretofore privately printed) of the first volume of such writings shall be considered to have been authorized by the commission and the commission may accept a donation of such extra copies for distribution for reviews, advertising, and for such other promotional purposes as it may deem advisable. If the commission shall direct the Superintendent of Documents to sell any such extra copies of the first volume, he shall offer the same for sale at a cost per copy equal to the cost per copy of the first volume as computed under clause (2) of the third sentence of this section. Such extra copies shall be the only copies of any volume of the set distributed or sold separately."

Approved, March 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 76.]

AN ACT

March 11, 1932. [S. 2985.] [Public, No. 56.]

Granting the consent of Congress to the Connecticut River State Bridge Commission, a statutory commission of the State of Connecticut created and existing under the provisions of special act numbered 496 of the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut, 1931 session, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Connecticut River.

Connecticut River. Connecticut may bridge at Hartford.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Connecticut River State Bridge Commission, a statutory commission of the State of Connecticut created and existing under the provisions of special act numbered 496 of the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut, 1931 session, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Connecticut River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, between Hartford and East Hartford,

Connecticut, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84,

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, March 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 77.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for the commencement and completion of the bridge of the county of Norman and the town and village of Halstad, in said county, in the State of Minnesota, and the county of Traill and the town of Herberg, in said county, in the State of North Dakota, across the Red River of the North on the boundary line between said States.

March 11, 1932. [S. 3132.] [Public, No. 57.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge authorized by Act of Congress, approved July 1, 1922, and revived and reenacted by an Act of Congress approved March 3, 1931, granting the consent of Congress to the county of Norman and the town and village of Halstad, in said county, in the State of Minnesota, and the county of Traill and the town of Herberg, in said county, in the State of North Dakota, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Red River of the North at or near the section line between sections 24 and 25, township 145 north, range 49 west, fifth principal meridian, on the boundary line between Minnesota and North Dakota, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from March 3, 1932.

Red River of the North. Time extended for bridging, between Minnesota Dakota. and North

Vol. 42, p. 819. Vol. 46, p. 1513.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, March 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 78.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the Interstate Commerce Commission to make an investigation as to the possibility of establishing a six-hour day for railway employees.

March 15, 1932. [H. J. Res. 252. [Pub. Res., No. 13.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Interstate roads. Commerce Commission be, and is hereby, directed to investigate what would be the effect upon operation, service, and expenses of gate effect of applicaapplying the principle of a six-hour day in the employment of all classes and each particular class of railway employees because of such application.

Six hour day, rail-Interstate Commerce Commission to investition of.

Report to Congress.

Sec. 2. The commission is further directed to report its findings

to the Congress on or before December 15, 1932.

Approved, March 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 80.]

AN ACT

Amending the Public Building Act approved March 4, 1931, authorizing acquisition of building sites and construction of public buildings at Hibbing, Minnesota, and other places.

March 16, 1932. [H. R. 375.] [Public, No. 58.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision of the Public Building Act approved March 4, 1931, which author-

Public Building Act, amendment. Vol. 46, p. 1594,

ized the acquisition of a suitable site for the post office at Hibbing, Minnesota, be, and the same is hereby, amended as follows:

Hibbing, Minn. Acquisition of site.

Reservation of mineral rights.

"Hibbing, Minnesota, post office and so forth: For acquisition of site and construction of a building, under an estimated total cost of \$135,000: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, accept a title which reserves or excepts all ores or minerals on the lands, with the right of mining the same."

Approved, March 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 81.]

AN ACT

March 16, 1932. [H. R. 7899.] [Public, No. 59.]

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to negotiate and to enter into an agreement regarding the south boundary of the post-office site at Plattsburg,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Plattsburg, N. Y. Boundary line of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Federal building site of the Treasury is hereby authorized and empowered to negotiate at, to be established. with the owners of the property south of and adjoining the Federal building site at Plattsburg, New York, and to enter into such agreement or agreements with the owners as in his discretion may be deemed necessary definitely to establish the south boundary line of said Federal building site.

Approved, March 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 84.]

AN ACT

March 17, 1932. [H. R. 361.] [Public, No. 60.]

To provide for the extension of improvements on the west side of Georgia Avenue, north of Princeton Place, in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Description.

Proviso. Subject to assessments, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the District of Columbia. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the owner fain strip of land in, of lot 14, square 2897, in the District of Columbia be, and said owner authorized. is hereby, authorized to use for building purposes a strip of land in front of said lot 14, square 2897, so that the front face of the front wall of the building or improvements so erected shall be in a direct line with the front face of the front wall of the building immediately north thereof located on lot 835, square 2897, said strip herein authorized to be used and occupied being described as follows: Beginning for the same at the northeast corner of lot 14, square 2897, and running thence with the extension of the northerly line of said lot 14, easterly three and sixty-four hundredths feet; thence southerly twenty-four and forty-five hundredths feet to a point in the extension of the northerly line of Princeton Place, sixty feet wide; thence with said extension, westerly three and fifty-two hundredths feet to the southeast corner of said lot 14; thence with the easterly line of said lot 14, northerly twenty-five feet to the point of beginning: Provided, That the piece or parcel of land herein described shall be occupied, used, and owned by the owner of said lot 14, square 2897, its successors and assigns, subject to any and all assessments and general and special taxes which may be levied or charged thereon the same in all respects as other private property in the District of Columbia.

Approved, March 17, 1932.

[CHAPTER 85.]

AN ACT

To clarify the application of the contract labor provisions of the immigration laws to instrumental musicians.

March 17, 1932, [H. R. 8235.] [Public, No. 61.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the contract Immigration Act of labor provisions of the immigration laws shall be applicable to Application of conalien instrumental musicians, whether coming for permanent to instrumental musicians. residence or for a temporary period.

SEC. 2. No alien instrumental musician shall, as such, be considered "Artist," "profesan "artist" or a "professional actor" within the meaning of the strued. Fifth proviso of section 3 of the Immigration Act of 1917 (U. S. C., Vol. 39, p. 878. U. S. C., p. 131. title 8, sec. 136(h), second proviso) unless-

(1) he is of distinguished merit and ability as an instrumental musician, or is a member of a musical organization of distinguished merit and is applying for admission as such; and

his professional engagements (or, if the exemption is claimed on account of membership in an organization, the professional engagements of such organization) within the United States are of a character requiring superior talent.

SEC. 3. In the case of an alien instrumental musician coming for a temporary period, who is exempted from the contract labor provisions of the immigration laws by the fifth proviso of section 3 scribed. of the Immigration Act of 1917 as limited by section 2 of this Act. his admission to the United States shall be under such conditions as may be by regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Labor (including where deemed necessary the giving of bond with sufficient surety) to insure that at the termination of his contract he will depart from the United States.

Regulations to insure departure of admitted musicians to be pre-

Approved, March 17, 1932.

[CHAPTER 86.]

AN ACT

To authorize the construction of a dam across Des Lacs Lake, North Dakota.

March 18, 1932. [H. R. 5866.] [Public, No. 62.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Des Lacs Development Association, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, repair, and improve a dam across the Des Lacs Lake, North Dakota: Provided, That work shall not be commenced until the plans therefor have been submitted to and approved by the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, and by the Secretary of War: Provided further, That in approving the plans for said dam such conditions and stipulations may be imposed as the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War may deem necessary to protect the present and future interests of the United States: And provided further, That this Act shall not be construed to authorize the use of such dam to develop water power or generate hydroelectric energy.

Des Lacs Lake, N. Dak. Construction of dam

Provisos. Approval of plans.

Conditions.

Development of water power not authorized.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. The authority granted by this Act shall cease and be null struction. and void unless the actual construction of the dam hereby authorized is commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval of this Act.

SEC. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, March 18, 1932.

[CHAPTER 87.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

March 18, 1932. [H. J. Res. 182.] [Pub. Res., No. 14.]

Authorizing an appropriation to defray the expenses of participation by the United States Government in the Second Polar Year Program, August 1. 1932, to August 31, 1933.

expenses.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Second Polar Year States of America in Congress assembled, That, for the purpose of Sum authorized for defraying the expenses of participation by the United States Government in the Second Polar Year Program, August 1, 1932, to August 31, 1933, an appropriation of \$30,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby authorized for personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, contingent expenses, printing and binding, purchase of necessary books, documents, and periodicals, camp and field supplies, scientific instruments and equipment, construction of necessary temporary buildings for housing equipment and for observations, hire, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, transportation of supplies, equipment, and personnel, and subsistence or per diem in lieu of subsistence while traveling, stenographic and other services and purchase of supplies, R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. materials, and equipment by contract if deemed necessary, without U. S. C., p. 1309. regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), and such other expenses as may be deemed necessary by the Secretary of State in furtherance of the project described, and the Secretary of State may transfer this fund, or so much as may be deemed necessary, to the Department of Commerce with the approval of the Secretary of Commerce for direct expenditure by the Coast

Transfer of fund.

Approved, March 18, 1932.

[CHAPTER 88.]

and Geodetic Survey.

AN ACT

March 19, 1932. [H. R. 6485.] [Public, No. 63.]

To revise the boundary of the Mount McKinley National Park, in the Territory of Alaska, and for other purposes.

Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Mount McKinley United States of America in Congress assembled, That the bound-National Park, Alaska. Boundary of, modi- ary of the Mount McKinley National Park is hereby changed so as ary of the Mount McKinley National Park is hereby changed so as to read as follows:

Beginning at the summit of a hill between the Toklat River and the Clearwater Fork of that river at an approximate latitude of sixty-three degrees forty-seven minutes forty-five seconds, longitude one hundred and fifty degrees seventeen minutes forty seconds, which is intended to be same point of beginning of the boundary description as contained in the Act of February 26, 1917; thence southerly along the summit of the ridge between Toklat River and the Clearwater Fork of said river and across Stony Creek at its confluence with the said Clearwater Fork to the summit of the ridge between Stony Creek and the Clearwater Fork of the Toklat River; thence following the summit of said ridge and the summit of the ridge between the tributaries of said Clearwater Fork, the headwaters of the North Fork of Moose Creek and Boundary Creek to the intersection with the present boundary of Mount McKinley National Park at approximate latitude of sixty-three degrees thirtytwo minutes forty-five seconds, longitude one hundred and fifty degrees twenty-four minutes forty-five seconds; thence southwesterly fourteen and three-tenths miles, more or less, to a point one-half mile north of Wonder Lake on the stream flowing out of Wonder Lake into Moose Creek; thence south sixty-eight degrees west forty-three and five-tenths miles, more or less, to the point of intersection with

the southwest boundary extended; thence southeasterly thirty-three miles, more or less, to the summit of Mount Russell; thence in a northeasterly direction following the present south boundary approximately eighty-eight miles to Windy Creek at approximate latitude sixty-three degrees twenty-five minutes forty-five seconds. longitude one hundred and forty-nine degrees one minute thirty-five seconds; thence easterly following the north bank of Windy Creek to the western boundary of The Alaska Railroad right of way; thence northerly following the west boundary of The Alaska Railroad right of way to a point due east of the present north boundary of the park as extended due east; thence due west following the present north boundary of the park to the summit of the ridge between Toklat River and the Clearwater Fork of said river; thence southerly following the summit of said ridge to the place of beginning: Provided, however, That such isolated tracts of land lying east of The Alaska Railroad right of way and the west bank of the tracts. Nenana River between the north bank of Windy Creek and the north park boundary as extended eastward are also included in said park: Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall affect any valid cla valid existing claim, location, or entry under the land laws of the United States, whether for homestead, mineral, right of way, or any other purpose whatsoever, or shall affect the rights of any such claimant, locator, or entryman to the full use and enjoyment of his land.

Inclusion of isolated

Valid claims, etc.,

SEC. 2. That the provisions of the Act of August 25, 1916, entitled lands added.

An Act to establish a national park service, and for other purposes," Vol. 39, p. 535.

Output Description of Tehrung 26, 1917, entitled "Ap Act to establish the U.S. C., p. 389. "An Act to establish a national park service, and for other purposes," and the Act of February 26, 1917, entitled "An Act to establish the Mount McKinley National Park, in the Territory of Alaska," together with all Acts supplementary to and amendatory of said Acts are made applicable to and extended over the lands hereby added to the park.

Vol. 39, p. 938. U. S. C., p. 410.

Approved, March 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 89.1

AN ACT

To amend the authorization contained in the Act of Congress approved March , 1929, for the acquisition of site and construction of building in Jackson, Mississippi.

March 19, 1932. [H. R. 6739.] [Public, No. 64.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authorization contained in the Act of Congress approved March 4, 1929, eral building at.
Vol. 45, p. 1658. for the acquisition of site and construction of a building in Jackson, Mississippi, under an estimated total cost of \$825,000, be, and the same is hereby, amended to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Treasury to enter into contracts for the demolition of the present building in Jackson, Mississippi, and for the construction of a new post office, courthouse, and so forth, building on the present site as enlarged by the land acquired under the authorization in said Act of March 4, 1929, and the unexpended balance of the amounts appropriated under the authority of such Act is hereby made available for the purposes herein.

Jackson, Miss. Construction of Fed-

Demolition of exist-

Unexpended balance available.

Approved, March 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 90.]

AN ACT

March 23, 1932. [H. R. 5315.] [Public, No. 65.]

To amend the Judicial Code and to define and limit the jurisdiction of courts sitting in equity, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Injunctions in labor United States of America in Congress assembled, That no court of sputes.
Jurisdiction of courts the United States, as herein defined, shall have jurisdiction to issue any restraining order or temporary or permanent injunction in a case involving or growing out of a labor dispute, except in a strict conformity with the provisions of this Act; nor shall any such restraining order or temporary or permanent injunction be issued contrary to the public policy declared in this Act.

SEC. 2. In the interpretation of this Act and in determining the jurisdiction and authority of the courts of the United States, as such jurisdiction and authority are herein defined and limited, the public

policy of the United States is hereby declared as follows:

Whereas under prevailing economic conditions, developed with the aid of governmental authority for owners of property to organize in the corporate and other forms of ownership association, the individual unorganized worker is commonly helpless to exercise actual liberty of contract and to protect his freedom of labor, and thereby to obtain acceptable terms and conditions of employment, wherefore, though he should be free to decline to associate with his fellows, it is necessary that he have full freedom of association, self-organization, and designation of representatives of his own choosing, to negotiate the terms and conditions of his employment, and that he shall be free from the interference, restraint, or coercion of employers of labor, or their agents, in the designation of such representatives or in selforganization or in other concerted activities for the purpose of collective bargaining or other mutual aid or protection; therefore, the following definitions of, and limitations upon, the jurisdiction and authority of the courts of the United States are hereby enacted.

Sec. 3. Any undertaking or promise, such as is described in this section, or any other undertaking or promise in conflict with the public policy declared in section 2 of this Act, is hereby declared to be contrary to the public policy of the United States, shall not be enforceable in any court of the United States and shall not afford any basis for the granting of legal or equitable relief by any such

court, including specifically the following:

Every undertaking or promise hereafter made, whether written or oral, express or implied, constituting or contained in any contract or agreement of hiring or employment between any individual, firm, company, association, or corporation, and any employee or prospective employee of the same, whereby

(a) Either party to such contract or agreement undertakes or promises not to join, become, or remain a member of any labor organ-

ization or of any employer organization; or

(b) Either party to such contract or agreement undertakes or promises that he will withdraw from an employment relation in the event that he joins, becomes, or remains a member of any labor

organization or of any employer organization.

Sec. 4. No court of the United States shall have jurisdiction to issue any restraining order or temporary or permanent injunction in any case involving or growing out of any labor dispute to prohibit any person or persons participating or interested in such dispute (as these terms are herein defined) from doing, whether singly or in concert, any of the following acts:

(a) Ceasing or refusing to perform any work or to remain in any relation of employment:

Declaration of the ublic policy of the public policy United States.

Promise, etc., con-trary thereto not en-forceable in courts.

Nature of unenforceable promises, etc.

Agreements inhibit-ing joining of labor or employer organiza-

Agreements to withdraw membership in labor, etc., organiza-tions during employment.

Labor disputes.
Acts of disputants
not constituting
grounds for issue of
injunction, etc., in.

Refusal to continue employment relation.

(b) Becoming or remaining a member of any labor organization Retention of organization affiliations. or of any employer organization, regardless of any such undertaking or promise as is described in section 3 of this Act;

(c) Paying or giving to, or withholding from, any person par- Payment etc., benefits. ticipating or interested in such labor dispute, any strike or unemploy-

ment benefits or insurance, or other moneys or things of value;

(d) By all lawful means aiding any person participating or Aiding disputa interested in any labor dispute who is being proceeded against in, suit. or is prosecuting, any action or suit in any court of the United States or of any State;

(e) Giving publicity to the existence of, or the facts involved in, disputed facts. any labor dispute, whether by advertising, speaking, patrolling, or

by any other method not involving fraud or violence;

(f) Assembling peaceably to act or to organize to act in promotion Peaceably assembling. of their interests in a labor dispute;

(g) Advising or notifying any person of an intention to do any of tentions to do acts. the acts heretofore specified;

(h) Agreeing with other persons to do or not to do any of the erted acts.

acts heretofore specified; and

(i) Advising, urging, or otherwise causing or inducing without fraud or violence the acts heretofore specified, regardless of any such undertaking or promise as is described in section 3 of this Act.

Sec. 5. No court of the United States shall have jurisdiction to disputants not unlawissue a restraining order or temporary or permanent injunction upon ful combination. the ground that any of the persons participating or interested in a labor dispute constitute or are engaged in an unlawful combination or conspiracy because of the doing in concert of the acts enumerated in section 4 of this Act.

Sec. 6. No officer or member of any association or organization, not liable for acts of d no association or organization participating or interested in a individual members. and no association or organization participating or interested in a labor dispute, shall be held responsible or liable in any court of the United States for the unlawful acts of individual officers, members, or agents, except upon clear proof of actual participation in, or If participation or ratification. actual authorization of, such acts, or of ratification of such acts after actual knowledge thereof.

SEC. 7. No court of the United States shall have jurisdiction to When injurisduction to etc., may issue. issue a temporary or permanent injunction in any case involving or growing out of a labor dispute, as herein defined, except after hearing the testimony of witnesses in open court (with opportunity for cross-examination) in support of the allegations of a complaint made under oath, and testimony in opposition thereto, if offered, and except after findings of fact by the court, to the effect-

(a) That unlawful acts have been threatened and will be committed unless restrained or have been committed and will be continued unless restrained, but no injunction or temporary restraining order shall be issued on account of any threat or unlawful act excepting against the person or persons, association, or organization making the threat or committing the unlawful act or actually authorizing or ratifying the same after actual knowledge thereof;

(b) That substantial and irreparable injury to complainant's prop-

erty will follow;

(c) That as to each item of relief granted greater injury will complainant. inflicted upon complainant by the denial of relief than will be inflicted upon defendants by the granting of relief;

(d) That complainant has no adequate remedy at law; and

(e) That the public officers charged with the duty to protect complainant's property are unable or unwilling to furnish adequate protection.

Such hearing shall be held after due and personal notice thereof has been given, in such manner as the court shall direct, to all known

Payment of strike,

Communicating in-

Agreements for con-

Urging others to join.

injunction.

Procedure.

If unlawful acts are threatened, etc.

Restriction.

Irreparable injury.

No adequate remedy at law.

Adequate protection not available.

Hearings. Notice.

Proviso.
Issue of temporary restraining order.

Effective period.

Undertaking with security to be filed.

Purpose.

Scope.

Duty of complainant to comply with legal obligations.

Basis for injunctive relief.

Extent of relief.

Certification of record for review.

Procedure and precedence.

Trial upon contempt of court charge,

persons against whom relief is sought, and also to the chief of those public officials of the county and city within which the unlawful acts have been threatened or committed charged with the duty to protect complainant's property: Provided, however, That if a complainant shall also allege that, unless a temporary restraining order shall be issued without notice, a substantial and irreparable injury to complainant's property will be unavoidable, such a temporary restraining order may be issued upon testimony under oath, sufficient, if sustained, to justify the court in issuing a temporary injunction upon a hearing after notice. Such a temporary restraining order shall be effective for no longer than five days and shall become void at the expiration of said five days. No temporary restraining order or temporary injunction shall be issued except on condition that complainant shall first file an undertaking with adequate security in an amount to be fixed by the court sufficient to recompense those enjoined for any loss, expense, or damage caused by the improvident or erroneous issuance of such order or injunction, including all reasonable costs (together with a reasonable attorney's fee) and expense of defense against the order or against the granting of any injunctive relief sought in the same proceeding and subsequently denied by the court.

The undertaking herein mentioned shall be understood to signify an agreement entered into by the complainant and the surety upon which a decree may be rendered in the same suit or proceeding against said complainant and surety, upon a hearing to assess damages of which hearing complainant and surety shall have reasonable notice, the said complainant and surety submitting themselves to the jurisdiction of the court for that purpose. But nothing herein contained shall deprive any party having a claim or cause of action under or upon such undertaking from electing to pursue his ordinary

remedy by suit at law or in equity.

Sec. 8. No restraining order or injunctive relief shall be granted to any complainant who has failed to comply with any obligation imposed by law which is involved in the labor dispute in question, or who has failed to make every reasonable effort to settle such dispute either by negotiation or with the aid of any available governmental machines of making the labor to the second of the second or with the seco

mental machinery of mediation or voluntary arbitration.

SEC. 9. No restraining order or temporary or permanent injunction shall be granted in a case involving or growing out of a labor dispute, except on the basis of findings of fact made and filed by the court in the record of the case prior to the issuance of such restraining order or injunction; and every restraining order or injunction granted in a case involving or growing out of a labor dispute shall include only a prohibition of such specific act or acts as may be expressly complained of in the bill of complaint or petition filed in such case and as shall be expressly included in said findings of fact made and filed by the court as provided herein.

Sec. 10. Whenever any court of the United States shall issue or deny any temporary injunction in a case involving or growing out of a labor dispute, the court shall, upon the request of any party to the proceedings and on his filing the usual bond for costs, forthwith certify as in ordinary cases the record of the case to the circuit court of appeals for its review. Upon the filing of such record in the circuit court of appeals, the appeal shall be heard and the temporary injunctive order affirmed, modified, or set aside with the greatest possible expedition, giving the proceedings precedence over all other matters except older matters of the same character.

SEC. 11. In all cases arising under this Act in which a person shall be charged with contempt in a court of the United States (as herein

defined), the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the State and district wherein the contempt shall have been committed: Provided, That this right shall not apply to contempts committed in the presence of the court not available.

Or so near thereto as to interfere the court not available. or so near thereto as to interfere directly with the administration of justice or to apply to the misbehavior, misconduct, or disobedience of any officer of the court in respect to the writs, orders, or process of the court.

Venue. Proviso.

SEC. 12. The defendant in any proceeding for contempt of court ment of judge. may file with the court a demand for the retirement of the judge sitting in the proceeding, if the contempt arises from an attack upon the character or conduct of such judge and if the attack occurred elsewhere than in the presence of the court or so near thereto as to interfere directly with the administration of justice. Upon the filing until another judge of any such demand the judge shall thereupon proceed no further, designated. but another judge shall be designated in the same manner as is pro-The demand shall be filed prior to the hearing in the mand. vided by law. contempt proceeding.

Time of filing de-

Sec. 13. When used in this Act, and for the purposes of this Act— (a) A case shall be held to involve or to grow out of a labor held to involve labor dispute when the case involves persons who are engaged in the same dispute. industry, trade, craft, or occupation; or have direct or indirect interests therein; or who are employees of the same employer; or who are members of the same or an affiliated organization of employers or employees; whether such dispute is (1) between one or more employers or associations of employers and one or more employees or associations of employees; (2) between one or more employers or associations of employers and one or more employers or associations of employers; or (3) between one or more employees or associations of employees and one or more employees or associations of employees; or when the case involves any conflicting or competing interests in a "labor dispute" (as hereinafter defined) of "persons participating or interested" therein (as hereinafter defined).

Persons in dispute.

(b) A person or association shall be held to be a person participatheld a party to dispute. ing or interested in a labor dispute if relief is sought against him or it, and if he or it is engaged in the same industry, trade, craft, or occupation in which such dispute occurs, or has a direct or indirect interest therein, or is a member, officer, or agent of any association composed in whole or in part of employers or employees engaged

in such industry, trade, craft, or occupation.

(c) The term "labor dispute" includes any controversy concerning terms or conditions of employment, or concerning the association or representation of persons in negotiating, fixing, maintaining, changing, or seeking to arrange terms or conditions of employment, regardless of whether or not the disputants stand in the proximate relation of employer and employee.

Terms construed. "Labor dispute".

(d) The term "court of the United States" means any court of States. the United States whose jurisdiction has been or may be conferred or defined or limited by Act of Congress, including the courts of the District of Columbia.

"Court of the United

SEC. 14. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to Separability of proany person or circumstance is held unconstitutional or otherwise invalid, the remaining provisions of the Act and the application of such provisions to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected

Sec. 15. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions pealed. of this Act are hereby repealed.

Conflicting acts re-

Approved, March 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 91.]

AN ACT

March 25, 1932. [S. 3237.] [Public, No. 66.]

To legalize a bridge across the Mississippi River at Grand Rapids, Minnesota.

legalized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the bridge Mississippi River. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the bridge Bridge across, at Grand Rapids, Minn., now being constructed by the State of Minnesota across the Mississippi River at Grand Rapids, Minnesota, and located on Trunk Highway Numbered 35, if completed in accordance with the plans accepted by the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War, shall be a lawful structure, and shall, together with the persons owning

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

or controlling it, be subject to the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.
Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, March 25, 1932.

[CHAPTER 92.]

AN ACT

March 26, 1932. [S. 3282.] [Public, No. 67.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Bay of San Francisco from the Rincon Hill district in San Francisco by way of Goat Island to Oakland.

Vol. 46, p. 1192.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Bay of San Fran- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for cisco. Time extended for commencing and completing construction of a bridge across the Bay bridging between Rin- of San Francisco, at or near the general site from Rincon Hill. in the city and county of San Francisco. of San Francisco, at or near the general site from Rincon Hill, in the city and county of San Francisco, to and across Goat Island, in San Francisco Bay, thence to Oakland, in the county of Alameda, authorized to be built by the State of California, by an Act of Congress approved February 20, 1931, are hereby extended two and five years, respectively, from February 20, 1932.

Amendment.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 26, 1932.

[CHAPTER 93.]

AN ACT

March 28, 1932. [S. 3409.] [Public, No. 68.]

Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to sell certain unused Indian cemetery reserves on the Wichita Indian Reservation in Oklahoma to provide funds for purchase of other suitable burial sites for the Wichita Indians and affiliated bands.

Wichita Indian Reservation, Okla.

Sale of lands in, authorized.

Description.

Provisos. Purchase of tracts for cemetery purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, to advertise and sell to the highest bidder for cash, at not less than the appraised value, the following-described tracts of land on the Wichita Indian Reservation in Oklahoma: Southeast quarter southeast quarter, section 3, township 9 north, range 10 west, Indian meridian, in Oklahoma, forty acres; and north half northeast quarter northwest quarter and southeast quarter northeast quarter northwest quarter, section 10, township 7 north, range 10 west, Indian meridian, in Oklahoma, thirty acres: Provided, That the proceeds derived therefrom shall be used by the Secretary of the Interior in purchasing suitable tracts of land more conveniently situated, which may be desired by the Wichita and affiliated bands of Indians for cemetery purposes: And provided further, That there shall be Reservate eral rights. reserved to the Indian owners all coal, oil, gas, or other mineral deposits found at any time in the land.

Reservation of min-

Approved, March 28, 1932.

[CHAPTER 94.]

AN ACT

Granting certain public lands to the State of New Mexico for the use and benefit of the Eastern New Mexico Normal School, and for other purposes.

March 31, 1932. [S. 1590.] [Public, No. 69.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby granted and confirmed to the State of New Mexico seventySix thousand six hundred and sixty-seven acres of surveyed, nonNormal School. mineral, unappropriated, and unreserved public lands of the United States in the State of New Mexico, for the use and benefit of the Eastern New Mexico Normal School, at Portales, Roosevelt County, New Mexico, to be used solely for normal-school purposes. Such lands shall be in addition to the lands granted to the State of New Mexico for normal-school purposes under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to enable the people of New Mexico to form a constitution and State government and be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States; and to enable the people of Arizona to form a constitution and State government and be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States," approved June 20, 1910, as amended, and the grant of such lands shall be subject to the same terms and conditions as are tions. imposed upon the grants made by such Act of June 20, 1910, as amended.

To be additional.

Vol. 36, p. 557.

Terms and condi-

Approved, March 31, 1932.

[CHAPTER 95.]

AN ACT

For the temporary relief of water users on irrigation projects constructed and operated under the reclamation law.

April 1, 1932. [S. 3706.] [Public, No. 70.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any irrigation projects, the struction district, water-users' association, or other water-users' organization under contract with the United States for payment of construction charges under the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388), or Vol. 32, p. 388. Vol. 36, p. 925. Post, pp. 776, 1427. Act of February 21, 1911 (36 Stat. 923) (upon acceptance of this Act by resolution of its board of directors or corresponding body), shall be required to make no payment on the regular construction charge for the calendar year 1931, and in lieu of the regular installment of construction charge provided for under existing contracts, may pay for the calendar year 1932 on the basis of 50 per centum of the amount which, but for this Act, would be payable under said contracts, such amount to be computed and determined for that year in the manner provided in said contracts and the law applicable thereto. Interest and penalty as now provided by law and contracts est and penalty profor nonpayments when due shall apply on all charges for 1932 visions. adjusted as herein authorized; and otherwise the deferred payments herein authorized shall bear interest until paid at such rate, and

Calendar year 1931.

1932.

Provisos.
Interest as element in determination of power rate.

Construction charges and interest payments not waived.

Benefits to apply to individual water-right applicants.

Uncompander reclamation project, Colo. Vol. 46, p. 1974.

Construction of drainage systems on, deferred.
Payment.

Grand Valley reclamation project, Colo. Vol. 46, p. 1202. Construction charges deferred.

Resumption of payments of charges under existing contracts.

When deferred construction installments due.

Vol. 36, p. 925; Vol. 38, p. 686; Vol. 44, p. 636.

shall be paid at such times, as the Secretary of the Interior shall determine: *Provided*, That in determining the rate for the sale of power during the irrigation season of 1931 to irrigation districts from any power plant operated by the Bureau of Reclamation, interest on the cost of the power system shall not be included as an element, but interest at the rate of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per centum per annum shall be included as an element of such rate for the sale of power to such districts during the irrigation season of 1932: *And provided further*, That the payments for construction charges and interest payments on the cost of the power systems referred to in this Act shall not be deemed waived, but only deferred, and shall be paid as provided in this Act.

Sec. 2. On projects or divisions of projects where no irrigation district, water-users' association, or other water-users' organization has assumed joint obligation for payment of construction charges individual water-right applicants or entrymen upon acceptance of this Act in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary of the Interior, shall be required to make no payment on the regular construction charge for the calendar year 1931, and in lieu of the installments payable under existing contracts, may pay their regular installments of construction charges for the calendar year 1932 on the same basis as that authorized in section 1 hereof for districts, associations, and other water-users' organizations.

SEC. 3. The Act of Congress approved January 31, 1931, entitled "An Act for the relief of the Uncompangre reclamation project, Colorado " (Private, Numbered 300, Seventy-first Congress), is hereby amended to extend for one year from and after January 1, 1932, the time for beginning construction of drainage system upon the Uncompangre project, and any and all construction charges accruing upon or for said project for or during the year 1932, shall be deferred and included in and made payable as a part of the project supplemental construction charge provided for in said Act of January 31, 1931; and in order to afford opportunity to complete the construction authorized by the Act of Congress approved February 21, 1931 (Public, Numbered 708), relating to the Grand Valley reclamation project, Colorado, any and all construction charges accruing upon or for said project for or during the year 1932 shall be deferred and shall be included in and made payable as project supplemental construction charges under the terms as provided in

Sec. 4. At the expiration of the period for which deferment of charges is made under this Act, all districts, water-users' associations, or other water-users' organizations, and all individuals accepting the provisions hereof shall resume payment of charges on the basis of and in accordance with existing contracts and shall continue payments thereafter until the entire indebtedness of said districts, water-users' associations, or other water-users' organizations, and individuals to the United States shall have been fully paid. In the case of a district, water-users' association or other water-users' organization, or individual having contracts executed pursuant to the Act of February 21, 1911 (36 Stat. 925), the Act of August 13, 1914 (38 Stat. 686), or the Act of May 25, 1926 (444 Stat. 636)¹, or any special Act the deferred construction installment or installments for the calendar year 1931, and that portion of the 1932 installment or installments deferred construction and/or operation and maintenance

² So in original.

for 1931 and 50 per centum of the installment and/or installments of such deferred charges for 1932, shall be paid as an additional installment to be due and payable one year after the date the last installment under existing contracts shall become due, except in those cases in which the Secretary of the Interior, whose decision shall be final, shall find necessary additional installments, which he ments authorized. is hereby authorized to fix. In the case of any district, water-users' association, or other water-users' organization, or individual under contract for payment of construction charge pursuant to subsection F, section 4, Act of December 5, 1924 (43 Stat. 702), construction payments to continue payments shall be continued on the basis of existing contracts until the entire indebtedness to the United States, including all charges vol. 43, p. 702. the entire indebtedness to the United States, including all charges deferred pursuant to this Act, shall have been fully paid. Installments so carried over shall be subjected to the reductions provided for in section 8 hereof.

SEC. 5. The Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion, and upon struction, operation, acceptance of the provisions of this section by the water users and maintenance affected, in the manner provided in sections 1 and 2 hereof, may permit adjustment of construction and/or operation and maintenance charges heretofore deferred by contracts made pursuant to existing law to be made for the years 1931 and 1932 on the basis authorized in sections 1 and 2 hereof or on such other basis as the

Secretary may find to be required in each case.

Sec. 6. The Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion, is further authorized to defer the payment to the United States from any tion, etc., charges, for 1930, etc., deferred. water-users' organization, as defined in section 1 hereof and from any individual water-right applicant or entryman of construction charges and installments of deferred construction and/or deferred operation and maintenance charges for the calendar year 1930 and prior thereto. Such deferred charges, together with penalty or interest to December 31, 1931, under existing laws and contracts shall be paid in such annual installments as the Secretary of the Interior may fix.

SEC. 7. Any irrigation district, water-users' association, or other Delivery of water to water-users' organization which has contracted to pay construction user. charges and which is not in arrears for more than one calendar year in the payment of any construction, operation, and maintenance. or other charge due by it to the United States may, at its option, deliver or authorize the delivery of water during the years 1932 and 1933 to water users who may be more than one year in arrears in the payment of charges or assessments due from such landowner

or water user to the district or association.

SEC. 8. In the case of any irrigation district, water-users' organible deducted from payzation, or individual, receiving credits on account of power profits ments. or other revenues under the provisions of subsections I and/or J. section 4, Act of December 5, 1924 (43 Stat. 703), or any other Act of Congress, when any extension is granted as provided in section 1, 2, or 4 the amount of such credits shall be deducted from the amount of any payment so extended: Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to power profits or other revenues Federal construction. derived from works not constructed at the expense of the United States. The credits, if any, in excess of the payment so extended shall be applied as now provided by law and contract. Acceptance Effect of acceptance of the provisions of this Act shall operate as a waiver of any law hereof. and/or contract providing for application of credits different from that in this section prescribed.

Exception.

Additional install-

Reductions.

charges.

Payment of construc-

Annual installments.

Vol. 43, p. 703. Ante, pp. 75, 76.

Proviso.

Credits in excess of

Crediting payments of construction charges for 1931.

Sec. 9. Collections of construction charges for the calendar year 1931 (which charges are subject to adjustment and are adjusted under sections 1, 2, and 4 of this Act) and penalties and interest, if any, from water-users' organizations and individual water-right applications or landowners, heretofore made under existing contracts, shall be credited upon the succeeding payments as they become due, including operation and maintenance charges.

fund. Vol. 36, p. 835. Vol. 46, p. 1507.

Deferment of the repayment of moneys advanced to reclamation authorize advances to the reclamation fund.

Vol. 36, p. 835.

Vol. 46, p. 835. and for other purposes," as amended, and the Act of March 3, 1931 (46 Stat. 1507), are hereby amended so as to provide that payments in reimbursement of moneys so advanced under these Acts and not heretofore repaid shall be made by transfer annually from the reclamation fund to the general funds of the Treasury beginning July 1, 1934.

Approved, April 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 96.]

AN ACT

April 8, 1932. [S. 3836.] [Public, No. 71.]

To authorize the construction of a temporary railroad bridge across Pearl River at a point in or near the northeast quarter section 11, township 10 north, range 8 east, Leake County, Mississippi.

Pearl River. Construction of temporary railroad bridge across, authorized.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Pearl River Valley Lumber Company is hereby authorized to construct a temporary railroad bridge connecting its timber holdings and its lands and timber across Pearl River at a point in or near the northeast quarter section 11, township 10 north, range 8 east, Leake County, Mississippi, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.
SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, April 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 97.]

April 8, 1932. [S. J. Res., 47.] [Pub. Res., No. 15.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

For the improvement of Chevy Chase Circle with a fountain and appropriate landscape treatment.

District of Columbia. Erection of memorial fountain at Chevy Chase Circle, author-

Acceptance of dona-

No Federal expense. Approval of plans.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital is authorized (1) to provide for the erection of a memorial fountain of simple design at Chevy Chase Circle in the District of Columbia and for appropriate landscaping in connection therewith, and (2) to accept, on behalf of the United States, donations for such purposes except that the work herein authorized shall not be commenced until there shall have been received donations equal in the aggregate to the estimated cost of such work and unless such work can be completed within a period of three years from the date of enactment of this Act. The United States shall be put to no expense in connection with such work. The plans and designs for such fountain and landscaping shall be approved by the National Commission of Fine Arts. Approved, April 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 98.]

AN ACT

To authorize pay patients to be admitted to the contagious-disease ward of the Gallinger Municipal Hospital.

April 14, 1932. [S. 1769.] [Public, No. 72.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter District of Columbia. Admission of pay papay patients may be admitted to the contagious-disease ward of the tients to Gallinger Mu-Gallinger Municipal Hospital for care and treatment at such rates nicipal Hospital. and under such regulations as may be established by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, in so far as such admissions will not interfere with admission of indigent patients.

Approved, April 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 99.]

AN ACT

To permit construction, maintenance, and use of certain pipe lines for petroleum and petroleum products in the District of Columbia.

April 14, 1932. [S. 2496.] [Public, No. 73.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, company pipeline conauthorized and empowered to grant permission to the Griffith-struction Consumers Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, the owner of square 661 in the city of Washington in the District of Columbia, said square being bounded on the north by R Street, on the south by S Street, on the east by Half Street, and on the west by First Street, its successors and assigns, to lay down, construct, maintain, and use not more than ten pipe lines for the carriage of petroleum and petroleum products from a point or points within said square 661, in and through R Street, due east to Half Street, east, and thence north on Half Street, east, to a point opposite lots 12 or 13 in square east of square 708 (through which said lots the said Griffith-Consumers Company now has an easement to run said pipe lines), thence through said lots or any other lots in said square east of square 708 which may hereafter be acquired by the said Griffith-Consumers Company or through which it may secure an easement, and to the pierhead line of the Anacostia River.

District of Columbia. Griffith Consumers streets, authorized.

SEC. 2. That all the construction and use provided for herein Registerials. shall be under such regulations and rentals as the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may make and establish in connection

Regulations and

therewith.

Sec. 3. That no permission granted or enjoyed hereunder shall vest any title or interest in or to the land within the above-mentioned streets or affect any right, title, or interest of the United States in or to land within square east of square 708.

Conditions.

SEC. 4. That the Congress reserves the right to amend, alter, or repeal this Act at any time.

Amendment.

Approved, April 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 100.]

AN ACT

To amend an Act approved March 3, 1917, known as the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the year ending June 30, 1918.

April 14, 1932. [S. 3222.] [Public, No. 74.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the year ending propriation Act, Fiscal June 30, 1918, relating to the supply of water for the Washington Year 1918.

District of Columbia.

Vol. 39, p. 1043.

Suburban Sanitary Commission by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, is hereby repealed and reenacted so as to read as follows:

Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission.

Delivery of water to, for distribution in Maryland.

"For the protection of the health of the residents of the District of Columbia and the employees of the United States Government residing in Maryland near the District of Columbia boundary, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, upon the request of the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission, a body corporate, established by chapter 313 of the acts of 1916 of the State of Maryland, or upon the request of its legally appointed successor, are hereby authorized to deliver water from the water-supply system of the District of Columbia to said Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission or its successor for distribution to territory in Maryland within the Washington Suburban Sanitary District as designated in the aforesaid Act, or any amendment thereto, and to connect District of Columbia water mains with water mains in the State of Maryland at such points at or near the District of Columbia line as may be agreed upon from time to time by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission, under the conditions hereinafter named, namely:

Vol. 46, p. 838.

Legislative authority for agreement required.

"That before such connections shall be made the said Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission or its legally appointed successor shall secure authority from the Legislature of the State of Maryland to enter into an agreement with the said Commissioners of the District of Columbia outlining the conditions under which the service is to be rendered.

Provisions of agreement.

"The agreement between the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the said Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission or its legally appointed successor shall provide, among other things—

Meters.

"First. That the meters on each of said connections shall be located within the District of Columbia and shall remain under the jurisdiction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Rates.

"Second. The rates at which water will be furnished, said rates to be based on the actual cost to the United States and the District of Columbia of delivering water to the points designated above, including an interest charge at 4 per centum per annum and a suitable allowance for depreciation.

Payments.

"Third. That payments for water so furnished shall be made through the collector of taxes of the District of Columbia at such times as the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may direct, said payments to be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as other water rents now collected in the District of Columbia are deposited.

Amount of water to be furnished.

"Fourth. That at no time shall the amount of water furnished the said Washington Suburban Sanitary Commission or its successor exceed the amount that can be spared without jeopardizing the interests of the United States or of the District of Columbia.

Investigation of Maryland distribution system.

"Fifth. That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall have at all times the right to investigate the distribution system in Maryland, and if, in their opinion, there is a wastage of water they shall have the right to curtail the supply to said sanitary district to the amount of such wastage."

Approved, April 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 101.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To provide for the naming of Montgomery Blair Portal.

April 14, 1932. [S. J. Res. 4.] [Pub. Res., No. 16.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the portion of Sixteenth Street and the adjacent park reservation lying within Montgomery Blair Portal, location designation the District of Columbia at the intersection of Sixteenth Street, North Portal Drive, Eastern Avenue, and the District line, shall be known as Montgomery Blair Portal, in commemoration of the public service of the late Montgomery Blair, Postmaster General in the Cabinet of President Lincoln.

District of Columbia. nated.

Approved, April 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 102.]

AN ACT

To amend the Act of March 2, 1897, authorizing the construction and maintenance of a bridge across the Saint Lawrence River.

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 483.] [Public, No. 75.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representation of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of Congress assembled, That the first Saint Laws United States of Congress assembled as the Congress of Congress assembled as the Congress of Congress of Congress of Congress as the Congress of Cong section of the Act of March 2, 1897 (29 Stat. L. 603, ch. 357), entitled "An Act to authorize the construction and maintenance of a bridge across the Saint Lawrence River," be, and is hereby, amended to read

Saint Lawrence

"The Northern New York Railroad Company, a corporation

organized and created under and by virtue of the laws of the State Railroad Company of New York, or such railway or bridge company now or hereafter burg, N. Y. incorporated under the laws of said State or of the Dominion of Canada as the said Northern New York Railroad Company or its assigns may unite with, be, and it hereby is, authorized and empowered to construct, own, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Saint Lawrence River, from a point on the right or southerly bank thereof at or near the village of Hogansburg, in the county of Franklin, in the State of New York, to a point on the island of Cornwall near the town of Cornwall, in the county of Cornwall, and Stormont, Province of Ontario, in the wall Island with bridge from Stormont, Cana-Dominion of Canada, at such point as may be most convenient to said corporation to unite and connect the railroad built or to be built by it in the said State of New York with any railroad or bridge that may be constructed by any person or corporation in the said Dominion of Canada. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of railway trains and, at the option of the said corporation, may be used for the passage of vehicles, animals, and foot passengers upon such reasonable rates of toll as may be fixed and from time to time revised by the Secretary of War of the United States; the bridge may be equipped for use for the passage of vehicles, animals, and foot passengers by the lessee under a lease made by the corporation, and the tolls for such passage, as fixed and revised by the Secretary of War as aforesaid, may be collected by the lessee under such lease. Said bridge when completed shall be deemed and taken to be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route for the United States mails: Provided, That before the construction of the said bridge shall be begun all proper and requisite authority therefor shall be obtained from the Government of the Dominion of Canada."

Purpose.

Leasing and toll rates.

Post route. Proviso.
Condition.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 103.]

AN ACT

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 8379.] [Public, No. 76.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Arrow Rock, Missouri.

Time extended for United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for bridging, at Arrow commencing and completing the construction of the limit of the construction of the limit of the Missouri River at or near Arrow Rock, Missouri, authorized to be built by the Saint Louis, Kansas City Short Line Railroad Company by the Act of Congress approved March 2, 1929, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from March 2, 1932.

Vol. 45, p. 1511.

Amendment.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 104.]

AN ACT

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 8394.] [Public, No. 77.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Saint Charles, Missouri.

Missouri River.
Time extended for bridging, at Saint Charles, Mo.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for Saint commencing and completing the construction of the bridge across the Missouri River at or near Saint Charles, Missouri, authorized to be built by the Saint Louis-Kansas City Short Line Railroad Company by the Act of Congress approved March 2, 1929, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from March 2, 1932.

Vol. 45, p. 1511. Amendment.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 105.]

AN ACT

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 8396.] [Public, No. 78.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Rock River at or near Prophetstown, Illinois.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Rock River.

Time extended for United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times bridging, at Prophets for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Rock River at or near Prophetstown, Illinois, in section 28, township 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to be built by the State of Illinois by an Act of Congress approach to the section of the section 28, township 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to be built by the State of Illinois by an Act of Congress approach to the section 28, township 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to be built by the State of Illinois by an Act of Congress approach to the section 28, township 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to be built by the State of Illinois by an Act of Congress approach to the section 28, township 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to be built by the State of Illinois by an Act of Congress approach to the section 28, township 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to be built by the State of Illinois by an Act of Congress approach to the section 28, township 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to be built by the State of Illinois by an Act of Congress approach to the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, authorized to the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, and the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, and the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, and the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, and the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, and the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, and the section 20 north, range 5 east, fourth principal meridian, and the section 20 north principal meridian east principal meridi proved March 28, 1930, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof.

Amendment.

Vol. 46, p. 134.

Sec. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 106.]

AN ACT

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 8506.] [Public, No. 79.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mahoning River at New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania.

Mahoning River.
Time extended for bridging, at New Castle, Pa.

Be is enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mahoning River at a point just south of New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania, now served by a structure known locally as the Willow Grove Bridge, authorized to be built by the State Highway Department, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by the Act of Congress approved March 2, 1931, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from March 2, 1932.

Vol. 46, p. 1480.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 107.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge. across the Saint Lawrence River near Alexandria Bay, New York.

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 8696.] [Public, No. 80.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for Saint Lawrence commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across, Time extended for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across Time ex the Saint Lawrence River at or near Alexandria Bay, New York, Bay, N. Y. authorized to be built by the New York Development Association (Incorporated), a corporation organized under and by virtue of the membership corporation law of the State of New York, its successors and assigns, by an Act of Congress approved March 4, 1929, and heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved February 13, 1931, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from March 4, 1932.

bridging, at Alexandria

Vol. 45, p. 1552. Vol. 46, p. 1098. Post, p. 806.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 108.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a free highway bridge across the Saint Francis River at or near Madison, Arkansas, on State Highway Numbered 70.

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 9264.] [Public, No. 81.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times Saint Francis River. Time extended for commencing and completing the construction of a free highway bridging, at Madison, bridge across the Saint Francis River at or near Madison, Arkansas, on State Highway Numbered 70, authorized to be built by the State of Arkansas, through its State highway department, by an Act of Congress approved March 3, 1931, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from March 3, 1932.

Vol. 46, p. 1513.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 109.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Saint Francis River at or near Lake City, Arkansas.

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 9266.] [Public, No. 82.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times Saint Francis River.

Time extended for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across bridging, at Lake City, the Saint Francis River at or near Lake City, Arkansas, on State Ark. Highway Numbered 18, authorized to be built by the State of

Vol. 46, p. 835.

Arkansas, through its State highway department, by an Act of Congress approved June 30, 1930, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 110.]

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 9451.] [Public, No. 83.] AN ACT

To provide a preliminary examination of the Flint River, Alabama and Tennessee, with a view to the control of its floods.

Flint River. Preliminary nation of.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the exami. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause a preliminary examination to be made of the Flint River, Alabama-Tennessee, with a view to control of its floods in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for control of the floods of the Mississippi River, and of the Sacramento River, California, and for other purposes," approved March 1, 1917. Approved, April 15, 1932.

Vol. 39, p. 950.

[CHAPTER 111.]

AN ACT

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 9452.] Public, No. 84.1

To provide a preliminary examination of Flint Creek and its branches in Morgan County, Alabama, with a view to the control of its floods.

Flint Creek. Preliminary nation of exami-

Vol. 39, p. 950.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause a preliminary examination to be made of Flint Creek and its branches in Morgan County, Alabama, with a view to control of its floods in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for control of the floods of the Mississippi River, and of the Sacramento River, California, and for other purposes, approved March 1, 1917.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 112.]

AN ACT

April 15, 1932 [H. R. 9453.] [Public, No. 85.]

To provide a preliminary examination of Cataco Creek and its branches in Morgan County, Alabama, with a view to the control of its floods.

Cataco Creek. Preliminary examination of.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause a preliminary examination to be made of Cataco Creek and its branches in Morgan County, Alabama, with a view to control of its floods in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for control of the floods of the Mississippi River, and of the Sacramento River, California, and for other purposes," approved March 1, 1917.

Vol. 39, p. 950.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 113.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the counties of Fayette and Washington, Pennsylvania, either jointly or severally, to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Monongahela River at or near Fayette City, Pennsyl-

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 10365.] [Public, No. 86.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the county of Fayette, Pennsylvania, ties, Pa., may bridge at or, its heard of county commissioners, their successors or assigns. Fayette City. or its board of county commissioners, their successors or assigns, and/or to the county of Washington, Pennsylvania, or its board of county commissioners, their successors or assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Monongahela River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Fayette City, Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Monongahela River.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Free bridge there-

Maintenance costs.

Record of expenditures and receipts.

Right to sell, assign,

Sec. 2. If tolls are charged for the use of such bridge, the rates of Tolls adjusted to protoll shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund sufficient to pay the sinking fund, etc. reasonable cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge and its approaches under economical management, and to provide a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the cost of the bridge and its approaches, including reasonable interest and financing cost, as soon as possible under reasonable charges, but within a period of not to exceed twenty years from the completion thereof. After a sinking fund sufficient for such amortization shall have been so provided, such bridge shall thereafter be maintained and operated free of tolls, or the rates of toll shall thereafter be so adjusted as to provide a fund of not to exceed the amount necessary for the proper maintenance, repair, and operation of the bridge and its approaches under economical management. An accurate record of the costs of the bridge and its approaches, the expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating the same, and of the daily tolls collected, shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested.

Sec. 3. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the etc., conferred. rights, powers, and privilesge 1 conferred by this Act, is hereby granted to the county of Fayette, Pennsylvania, or its board of county commissioners, their successors and assigns, and/or the county of Washington, Pennsylvania, or its board of county commissioners, their successors and assigns, and any public agency or corporation to which or any person to whom such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred, or who shall acquire the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise, is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon such corporation or person.

SEC. 4. The rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this act ferred. Rights, etc., con-

upon the county of Fayette, Pennsylvania, or its board of county commissioners, their successors or assigns, and/or upon the county of Washington, Pennsylvania, or its board of county commissioners, their successors or assigns, are hereby declared to be conferred upon the two counties, or their boards of county commissioners, their heirs, successors, or assigns, either jointly or severally.

Amendment.

Sec. 5. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

¹ So in original.

[CHAPTER 114.]

AN ACT

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 10775.] [Public, No. 87.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Hudson River at or near Catskill, Greene County, New York.

Vol. 46, p. 501. Post, p. 1563.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Hudson River.
Time extended for United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times bridging, at Catskill, for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across N. Y. the Hudson River, at or near Catskill, Greene County, New York, authorized to be built by the State of New York, by an Act of Congress approved June 5, 1930, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 115.]

AN ACT

April 15, 1932. [H. R. 4515.] Public, No. 88.1

Extending the limit of time within which Parramore Post Numbered 57, American Legion, may construct its memorial building, and correcting street location.

construction by Amer-ican Legion. Parra-

Vol. 42, p. 199.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Memorial Building. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the limit of time within which Parramore Post Numbered 57, American Legion, Parramore Post Numbered Legion, may erect its memorial building as provided in the Act approved August 24, 1921, being Public Numbered 70, Sixty-seventh Congress, be, and the same is hereby, extended three years from and after the date of the final passage and approval of this bill; and that said Act be, and it is hereby, further amended by striking out in line 9 of said Act the words "East side of Pine" and substituting therefor the words "West side of Walnut,"

Approved, April 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 118.]

April 16, 1932. [S. 2078.] [Public, No. 89.]

AN ACT

To amend an Act approved February 20, 1896, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to punish false swearing before trial boards of the Metropolitan police force and fire department of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes,' approved May 11, 1892."

District of Columbia. False swearing, etc., before trial boards. Vol. 29, p. 10.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved February 20, 1896, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to punish false swearing before the trial board of the Metropolitan police force and fire department of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes,' approved May 11, 1892," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Issue of subpoenas to compel attendance of witnesses.

Proviso.

Fees.

"Secrion 1. That hereafter any trial board of the Metropolitan police force or the fire department of the District of Columbia shall have the power to issue subpænas in the name of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia to compel witnesses to appear and testify and/or to produce all books, records, papers or documents before said trial board: Provided, That witnesses other than those employed by the District of Columbia subpoenaed to appear before said trial board shall be entitled to the same fees as are paid witnesses for attendance before the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, but said fees need not be tendered said witnesses in advance of their appearing and testifying and/or producing books, records, papers or documents before said trial board.

Process to compel

Punishment for false

Oaths.

"Sec. 2. That if any witness having been personally summoned shall neglect or refuse to obey the subpœna issued as herein provided, then and in that event the chairman of the trial board may report that fact to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia or one of the justices thereof and said court, or any justice thereof, hereby is empowered to compel obedience to said subpœna to the same extent as witnesses may be compelled to obey the subpœnas of that court.

"Sec. 3. That any willful false swearing on the part of any witness before any trial board mentioned in the preceding sections as to any material fact shall be deemed perjury and shall be punished in

the manner prescribed by law for such offense.

"Sec. 4. On and after the passage of this Act each member of existing trial boards, and members hereafter appointed shall take an oath to be administered by the chief clerk of the police department for the faithful and impartial performance of the duties of the office."

Approved, April 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 119.]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of War to erect one marker for the graves of fifteen Confederate soldiers killed in action and buried in the La Fayette Cemetery at La Fayette, Georgia, in lieu of separate markers as now authorized by law.

April 16, 1932. [H. R. 132.] [Public, No. 90.]

La Fayette Cemetery, Ga. Erection of marker

authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to erect one single marker at the grave in the La Fayette Cemetery at La Fayette, Georgia, in which are buried fifteen unknown Confederate soldiers killed in action in 1864, at a cost not exceeding the cost to be represented by fifteen separate markers as now authorized by law.

Approved, April 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 121.]

AN ACT

To amend section 600 of the Act of March 3, 1901 (31 Stat. 1284; D. C. Code, title 5, sec. 122).

April 20, 1932, [S. 3634.] [Public, No. 91.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 600 of the Act of March 3, 1901 (31 Stat. 1284; D. C. Code, title 5, sec. 122), be, and the same is hereby, amended by striking out the words "clear annual income from which shall not exceed in value \$25,000," and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "income from which shall be applied to the purposes of such society."

District of Columbia Code, amendment. Societies, benevolent, educational, etc. Vol. 31, p. 1284. Income from real and personal property.

Approved, April 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 122.]

AN ACT

Amending the Act of Congress entitled "An Act authorizing the Wichita and affiliated bands of Indians in Oklahoma to submit claims to the Court of Claims," approved June 4, 1924.

April 21, 1932. [S. 1719.] [Public, No. 92.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act authorizing the Wichita and affiliated bands of Indians in Oklahoma to submit claims to the Court of Claims," approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat. 366), be, and the same hereby is, amended to read as follows:

Wichita Indians, etc., Okla. Vol. 43, p. 366.

Determination of attorneys' fees.

Payment.

Proviso.

Balance of judgment deposited in Treasury.

"Sec. 3. That upon the final determination of such suit or suits the Court of Claims shall have jurisdiction to fix and determine a reasonable fee, not to exceed 10 per centum of the recovery, together with all necessary and proper expenses incurred in the preparation and prosecution of said suit or suits, to be paid to the attorneys employed by said Wichita and affiliated bands of Indians, and the same shall be included in the decree and paid out of any sum or sums found to be due said Indians: Provided, That the balance of such judgment shall be placed in the United States Treasury to the credit of the Indians entitled thereto, where it shall draw interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, and shall be thereafter subject to appropriation by Congress for educational, health, industrial, and other purposes for the benefit of said Indians, and no part of said judgment shall be paid out in per capita payments to said Indians unless authorized by Congress."

Approved, April 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 123.]

AN ACT

April 21, 1932. [S. 3560.] [Public, No. 93.]

To amend the Act of May 27, 1930, authorizing an appropriation for the reconstruction and improvement of a road on the Shoshone Indian Reservation, Wyoming.

construction Vol. 46, p. 430.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Wind River Indian United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act authorizing reconstruction and improvement of a public road in Wind River Indian Reservation, Wyoming," approved May 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 430), is hereby amended by adding the follow-

Payments for rights

SEC. 2. In connection with the construction of such road, payment may be made for rights of way across Indian lands and also of the total irrigation construction costs and accrued operation and maintenance charges on affected lands.

Disbursement State funds.

"Sec. 3. Any funds provided by the State of Wyoming shall not be subject to the requirement in section 1 hereof for the employment of Indian labor."

Approved, April 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 124.]

AN ACT

April 21, 1932. [S. 3655.] [Public, No. 94.]

To provide for the leasing of the segregated coal and asphalt deposits of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indian Nations, in Oklahoma, and for an extension of time within which purchasers of such deposits may complete payments.

thorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Choctaw and Chick- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secreassw Indians, Okla.

Lesse of coal and tary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered,
asphalt deposits of, auunder rules and regulations to be prescribed by him and rules and regulations. under rules and regulations to be prescribed by him, and upon such terms and conditions as he may deem proper, not inconsistent with this Act, to lease to citizens of the United States or any association of such persons, or to any corporation organized under the laws of

Supervision and con-

the United States or of any State or Territory thereof, any developed tract of the unsold coal and asphalt deposits of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, in Oklahoma, such leases to be entered into on behalf of said nations by the Choctaw and Chickasaw mining trustee or such other officer as the Secretary of the Interior may designate, and said lessees, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, said leases and the mining operations thereon to be under

the supervision and control of said mining trustee: Provided, That the rate of royalty for coal mined shall not be less than 8 cents per ton at the mine, payable monthly, and that the leases shall require the mining of a minimum of fifteen thousand tons of coal per annum from each tract leased, or the payment of royalty thereon at the said rate the same as if the coal had been mined: Provided further, That \$500 of the annual minimum tonnage royalty shall be paid annually in advance, beginning with the date of approval of the lease by the Secretary of the Interior, that the royalty paid on the minimum tonnage for any year shall not be applied on the minimum royalty due for any prior or subsequent year, and all moneys received as royalties or otherwise for leases made under the provisions of this Act shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indian Nations; that no lease shall be made to extend for a period of more than fifteen years from and after September 25, 1932; that the Secretary of the Interior, in his oped lease authorized. discretion, may add to any developed lease, upon application of the lessee, not more than six hundred and forty acres of the segregated unleased coal deposits, where it is shown that such additions are necessary for the successful operation of such lease; that the tracts to be added must be contiguous to the leased deposits of the lessee, such additional acreage to be subject to the rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior under this Act; that the lease on the added area shall expire at the same time as the lease of which it becomes a part; and the rate of royalty on coal mined on the added area shall be the same as that fixed by this Act.

SEC. 2. That the prior lessee of any developed lease, who has paid prior lessee, all moneys due on coal mined thereon, or any person or corporation which by judicial sale or otherwise has succeeded or may succeed to any right of a former lessee in any developed lease, shall be given the preference right to a new lease on such developed premises, if in the opinion of the Secretary of the Interior the granting of such right will fully protect the interest of the Indians. The said parties shall be allowed thirty days after notice from the Superintendent of the Five Civilized Tribes or other official designated by the Secretary of the Interior within which to apply for new leases.

Sec. 3. That the Choctaw and Chickasaw mining trustee, or such officer as the Secretary of the Interior shall designate, is hereby authorized to examine the books and accounts of lessees who shall submit, upon oath, statements and reports, in such form and on such blanks as the Secretary of the Interior may require. Lessees shall report each month under oath to the Superintendent for the Five Civilized Tribes or to any other officer designated by the Secretary of the Interior, the quantity of coal mined on each lease during the previous month, and shall pay the royalty due thereon, as required The failure failure. by the rules and regulations prescribed under this Act. of any lessee to make such report and pay such royalty within sixty days after such report and royalty become due shall subject the lease to cancellation, whereupon all advance and minimum royalties to the credit of such lease shall be forfeited and become the property Punishm report, etc. of the nations, and any lessee making a false report, statement, or representation shall be subject to punishment as for perjury: Provided, That no lessee shall assign or sublease his estate, term, or interest in any lease without the written approval of the Secretary of the Interior, and a violation of this provision shall subject the lease so assigned or subleased to cancellation by the Secretary of the Interior, whereupon all advance and minimum royalties to the credit of the lease shall be forfeited and become the property of said nation.

Provisos. Payment of royalties.

Part in advance.

Deposit in Treasury.

Time limit of leases.

Condition.

Expiration date.

Royalty rate.

Preference right of

Time for application.

Examination of accounts, books, etc.

Monthly report of

Cancellation upon

Punishment for false

Proviso.Assignment of lease. Application of delinquent owners for extension.

Vol. 40, p. 433.

Part payment to accompany.

Payment of balance.

Provisos.

Cancellation upon failure to pay installment.

Payment of balance.

Monthly payments for mined coal and asphalt.

Examination of records of operation.

Rules and regula-

Provisos.
Disposition of forfeited or canceled tracts.

Right to dispose of deposits not affected.

SEC. 4. That within thirty days from the approval of this Act any person owing a balance on any tract of the tribal coal and asphalt deposits, purchased under the Act of February 8, 1918 (40 Stat. L. 433), as amended by subsequent Acts, may make application to the Secretary of the Interior for an extension of time within which to pay his balance, which application must be accompanied by 10 per centum of such balance, including principal and interest. approval of such application by the Secretary of the Interior such purchaser may be allowed five years from May 25, 1932, to pay the remaining 90 per centum of the amount due by him, said balance to be paid annually in five equal installments, the first installment to be due and payable one year from May 25, 1932, and subsequent installments to be due and payable on or before May 25 of each year thereafter, all deferred payments to bear interest at 6 per centum per annum: Provided, That upon failure of a purchaser to pay any installment for a period of sixty days from the due date, the Secretary of the Interior shall cancel the sale, whereupon all payments theretofore made thereon shall be forfeited to the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations: Provided further, That a purchaser may pay the entire balance due on any purchase at the time of payment of any installment, and thereupon be entitled to a patent as authorized by the statutes providing for the sale of said mineral deposits.

Sec. 5. That the purchaser of any tract on which coal or asphalt is mined shall pay each month to the Superintendent for the Five Civilized Tribes, or such other officer as may be designated by the Secretary of the Interior, a sum equal to not less than 15 cents per ton mine run for coal mined, and not less than 10 cents per ton on crude, and 60 cents per ton on refined asphalt mined, such payments to be applied on request of the purchaser on any installment of the

purchase price when due.

SEC. 6. The Choctaw and Chickasaw mining trustee, or any other official designated by the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the right to examine all records of operations of any purchaser on a purchased tract; and all payments on monthly output shall be under oath to the Superintendent of the Five Civilized Tribes, the same as payments made by lessees of unsold tracts.

Sec. 7. That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to perform any and all acts and to make such rules and regulations not inconsistent with this Act as may be deemed necessary and proper for the protection of the interests of said nations and for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this Act into full force and effect: Provided, That upon the expiration of any developed lease, if the lessee thereof shall not apply for its renewal, or if the sale of any coal or asphalt tract upon which operations have begun shall be forfeited and canceled, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to take possession of said expired lease or canceled tract and dispose of the same under the provisions of this Act, or take whatever steps may be necessary to preserve and protect such property: Provided further, That nothing in this Act shall be construed or held to affect in any way the right to dispose of the coal and asphalt deposits of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations by sale as now authorized by law.

Approved, April 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 125.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

April 22, 1932. [H. R. 8397.] Public, No. 95.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following appropriations, fiscal sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not other- year 1933. wise appropriated, for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, namely:

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Secretary's office.

SALARIES

Secretary of the Interior, \$15,000; First Assistant Secretary, Secretary, Assistants, Assistant Secretary, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$338,580; in all, \$353,580: Provided, That in expending Provisos. Salaries restricted to Columbia, \$338,580; in all, \$353,580: Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act, average rates under for the payment for for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia the exception of the First Assistant Secretary and the Assistant 1003. Secretary the every secretary the e Secretary the average of the salaries of the total number of persons U.S.C., p. 65; Supp. under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction.

Restriction not applicable to clerical-mechanical service.

No reduction in fixed salary.

Vol. 42, p. 1490.
U.S. C., p. 66.
Transfer without reduction. tion in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent higher rates permitted. the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in grade. in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

duction.

Solicitor's Office.

Office personnel.

OFFICE OF SOLICITOR

For personal services in the District of Columbia, \$111,200.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

For contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary and the Department continbureaus and offices of the department; furniture, carpets, ice, lumber, hardware, dry goods, advertising, telegraphing, telephone service, including personal services of temporary or emergency telephone operators; street-car fares for use of messengers not exceeding \$150; expressage, diagrams, awnings, filing devices, typewriters, adding and addressing machines and other labor-saving devices, including the repair, exchange, and maintenance thereof; constructing model and other cases and furniture; postage stamps to prepay postage on foreign mail and for special-delivery and air mail stamps for use in the United States; traveling expenses, including necessary expenses of inspectors; fuel and light; examination of estimates for appropriations in the field for any bureau, office, or service of the department; not exceeding \$500 shall be available for the payment of damages caused to private property by department motor vehicles; purchase and exchange of motor trucks, motor cycles, and bicycles,

Traveling expenses.

Property damages.

Vehicles.

Disbarment ex-

Stationery, etc.

Additional, from specified appropriations.

maintenance, repair, and operation of two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and motor trucks, motor cycles, and bicycles to be used only for official purposes; rent of department garage; expense of taking testimony and preparing the same in connection with disbarment proceedings instituted against persons charged with improper practices before the department, its bureaus and offices; expense of translations, and not exceeding \$1,000 for contract stenographic reporting services; not exceeding \$700 for newspapers; stationery, including tags, labels, index cards, cloth-lined wrappers, and specimen bags, printed in the course of manufacture, and such printed envelopes as are not supplied under contracts made by the Postmaster General, for the department and its several bureaus and offices, and other absolutely necessary expenses not hereinbefore provided for, \$90,000; and, in addition thereto, sums amounting to \$34,800 for stationery supplies shall be deducted from other appropriations made for the fiscal year 1933, as follows: General Land Office, \$5,500; Geological Survey, \$6,000; Freedmen's Hospital, \$1,000; Saint Elizabeths Hospital, \$2,800; National Park Service, \$7,500; Bureau of Reclamation, \$12,000, any unexpended portion of which shall revert and be credited to the reclamation fund; and said sums so deducted shall be credited to and constitute, together with the first-named sum of \$90,000, the total appropriation for contingent expenses for the department and its several bureaus and offices for the fiscal year 1933.

Books, periodicals,

Office allotments.

For the purchase or exchange of professional and scientific books, law and medical books, and books to complete broken sets, periodicals, directories, and other books of reference relating to the business of the department, \$500, and in addition there is hereby made available from any appropriations made for any bureau or office of the department not to exceed the following respective sums: Indian Service, \$500; Office of Education, \$1,800; Bureau of Reclamation, \$1,800; Geological Survey, \$3,000; National Park Service, \$1,000; General Land Office, \$500.

Printing and binding.

For Department, bureaus, etc.

PRINTING AND BINDING

For printing and binding for the Department of the Interior, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, except the Alaska Railroad, the Geological Survey, and the Bureau of Reclamation, \$125,000, of which \$35,000 shall be for the National Park Service, and \$40,000 for the Office of Education, no part of which shall be available for correspondence instruction.

Indian Commissioners.

EXPENSES OF INDIAN COMMISSIONERS

For expenses of the Board of Indian Commissioners, \$14,100, of which amount not to exceed \$9,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

General Land Office.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE

SALARIES

Commissioner, and office personnel.

For Commissioner of the General Land Office and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$700,000, including one clerk of grade 1, clerical, administrative, and fiscal service, who shall be designated by the President, to sign land patents.

GENERAL EXPENSES

For traveling expenses of officers and employees, including employment of stenographers and other assistants when necessary; for separate maps of public-land States and Alaska, including maps showing areas designated by the Secretary of the Interior under the enlarged homestead Acts, prepared by the General Land Office; for the reproduction by photolithography or otherwise official plats of surveys; for expenses of restoration to the public domain of lands in forest reserves and of lands temporarily withdrawn for forest-national forests, etc. reserve purposes; and for expenses of hearings or other proceedings held by order of the General Land Office to determine the character of lands, whether alleged fraudulent entries are of that character or have been made in compliance with the law, and of hearings in disbarment proceedings, \$28,000.

Surveying public lands: For surveys and resurveys of public lands, examination of surveys heretofore made and reported to be defective or fraudulent, inspecting mineral deposits, coal fields, and timber districts, making fragmentary surveys, and such other surveys or examinations as may be required for identification of lands for purposes of evidence in any suit or proceeding in behalf of the United States, under the supervision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office and direction of the Secretary of the Interior, \$500,000, including not to exceed \$7,000 for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles: Provided, That not to exceed \$5,000 of this appropriation may be expended for salaries of employees of the field surveying service ployees. temporarily detailed to the General Land Office: Provided further, That not to exceed \$15,000 of this appropriation may be used for Oregon and Califorthe survey, classification, and sale of the lands and timber of the Bay Road lands. so-called Oregon and California Railroad lands and the Coos Bay Wagon Road lands: Provided further, That not to exceed \$50,000 of this appropriation may be used for surveys and resurveys, under the rectangular system provided by law, of public lands deemed to be valuable for oil and oil shale: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for surveys or resurveys of veys in States advance public lands in any State which, under the Act of August 18, 1894 Vol. 28, p. 394.

(II S. C. title 43 sec. 863) advances money to the United States. U. S. C., p. 1388. (U. S. C., title 43, sec. 863), advances money to the United States for such purposes for expenditure during the fiscal year 1933: Provided further, That this appropriation may be expended for surveys expended for surveys other made under the supervision of the Commissioner of the General Land bursable. Office, but when expended for surveys that would not otherwise be chargeable hereto it shall be reimbursed from the applicable appropriation, fund, or special deposit.

Registers: For salaries and commissions of registers of district land offices, \$80,000.

Contingent expenses of land offices: For clerk hire, rent, and other incidental expenses of the district land offices, including the expenses of depositing public money; traveling expenses of clerks detailed to examine the books and management of district land offices and to assist in the operation of said offices and in the opening of new land offices and reservations, and for traveling expenses of clerks transferred in the interest of the public service from one district land office to another, \$175,000: Provided, That no expenses chargeable to the Government shall be incurred by registers in the conduct of local tion required. land offices except upon previous specific authorization by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

General expenses.

Traveling expenses.

Hearings, etc.

Surveying.

Vehicles.

Detailed field em-

Oil and oil shale

Not available for sur-

Expenditures for

Registers.

Contingent expenses.

Proviso.

Timber depreda-tions, protecting public lands.

Indemnity for swamp lands.

Vehicles, etc.

Forest fire fighting.

Indian reservations. Opening to entry.

Proviso. Reimbursement.

Depredations on public timber, protecting public lands, and settlement of claims for swamp land and swamp-land indemnity: For protecting timber on the public lands, and for the more efficient execution of the law and rules relating to the cutting thereof; protecting public lands from illegal and fraudulent entry or appropriation, adjusting claims for swamp lands and indemnity for swamp lands; and traveling expenses of agents and others employed hereunder, \$400,000, including not exceeding \$35,000 for the purchase, exchange, operation, and maintenance of motor-propelled passengercarrying vehicles and motor boats for the use of agents and others employed in the field service and including \$60,000 for prevention and fighting of forest and other fires on the public lands, to be available for this and no other purpose, and to be expended under the direction of the commissioner.

Opening Indian reservations (reimbursable): For expenses pertaining to the opening to entry and settlement of such Indian reservation lands as may be opened during the fiscal year 1933, \$300: Provided, That the expenses pertaining to the opening of each of said reservations and paid for out of this appropriation shall be reimbursed to the United States from the money received from the sale of the lands embraced in said reservations, respectively.

Indian Affairs Bu-Tean.

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

SALARIES

Commissioner, and office personnel.

For the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$400,000.

General expenses.

GENERAL EXPENSES

Transportation, etc.

For transportation and incidental expenses of officers and clerks of the Bureau of Indian Affairs when traveling on official duty; for telegraph and telephone toll messages on business pertaining to the Indian Service sent and received by the Bureau of Indian Affairs at Washington, and for other necessary expenses of the Indian Service for which no other appropriation is available, \$16,000, and in addition thereto the unexpended balance for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the same purpose for the fiscal vear 1933.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1119.

Supplies. tation, etc.

Proviso Limitation on pay-

Field representa-

tives

Judges.

\$15,000. For pay of Indian police, including chiefs of police at not to exceed \$70 per month each and privates at not to exceed \$50 per month

Police.

each, to be employed in maintaining order, and for purchase of equipments and supplies, \$150,000. Suppression of liquor. For the suppression of the traffic in intoxicating liquors and etc., traffic. deleterious drugs, including peyote, among Indians, \$100,000.

For expenses necessary to the purchase of goods and supplies for Purchase, transport the Indian Service, including inspection, pay of necessary employees, and all other expenses connected therewith, including advertising, storage, and transportation of Indian goods and supplies, \$650,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used in payment for any services except bill therefor is rendered within one year

from the time the service is performed.

For salaries, traveling, and incidental expenses of field representatives of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, \$20,000.

For pay of judges of Indian courts where tribal relations now exist, at rates to be fixed by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, exclusive of hospital buildings, including the purchase of necessary pair, etc.

Agency buildings, Lease, purchase, relands and the installation, repair, etc. lands and the installation, repair, and improvement of heating, lighting, power, and sewerage and water systems in connection therewith, \$165,000; for construction of physical improvements, exclusive of hospitals, \$30,000; in all, \$195,000: Provided, That not more than \$7,500 shall be expended for new construction at any one agency.

Not to exceed \$200,000 of applicable appropriations made herein for the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall be available for the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of superintendents, farmers, physicians, field matrons, allotting, irrigation, and other employees in the Indian field service: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$1,000 may be used in the purchase of horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, and not exceed 1 \$100,000 for the purchase and exchange of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and that such vehicles shall be

used only for official service.

That to meet possible emergencies not exceeding \$75,000 of the ance by diversions from propriations made by this Act for support of reservation and non-specified appropriaappropriations made by this Act for support of reservation and non-specitions. reservation schools, for school and agency buildings, and for conservation of health among Indians shall be available, upon approval of the Secretary of the Interior, for replacing any buildings, equipment, supplies, livestock, or other property of those activities of the Indian Service above referred to which may be destroyed or rendered unserviceable by fire, flood, or storm: Provided, That the limitations for new construction contained in the appropriations for Indian tion allowed. school, agency, and hospital buildings shall not apply to such emergency expenditures: Provided further, That any diversions of appropriations made hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget.

Not to exceed \$10,000 shall be available from applicable funds ings. Attendance at meetfor expenses (not membership fees) of employees of the Indian Service when authorized by the Secretary of the Interior to attend meetings of medical, health, educational, agricultural, forestry, engineering, and industrial associations in the interest of work among

the Indians.

EXPENSES IN PROBATE MATTERS

For the purpose of determining the heirs of deceased Indian allottees having right, title, or interest in any trust or restricted property, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, \$60,000, reimbursable as provided by existing law, of which \$13,250 shall be available for personal services in the District of trict. Columbia: Provided, That the provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to the Osage Indians nor to the Five Civilized Tribes of Oklahoma.

For salaries and expenses of such attorneys and other employees as the Secretary of the Interior may, in his discretion, deem necessary in probate matters affecting restricted allottees or their heirs in the Five Civilized Tribes and in the several tribes of the Quapaw Agency, and for the costs and other necessary expenses incident to suits instituted or conducted by such attorneys, \$30,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the payment service eligibles. of attorneys or other employees unless appointed after a competitive examination by the Civil Service Commission and from an eligible list furnished by such commission.

Proviso. Limitation.

Vehicles. Maintenance.

Proviso.
Purchase limited.

Building construc-

Report to Congress.

Probate matters.

Determining heirs of

Services in the Dis-Proviso.
Tribes excepted.

Five Civilized Tribes and Quapaws. Attorneys, etc., for.

Restricted to Civil

¹ So in original.

Indian lands.

INDIAN LANDS

For the survey, resurvey, classification, and allotment of lands in severalty under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide

for the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians," approved February 8, 1887 (U.S. C., title 25, sec. 331), and under any other Act or Acts providing for the survey or allotment of Indian lands, \$30,000:

Provided, That no part of said sum shall be used for the survey,

Surveying, allotting, etc., in severalty.

Vol. 24, p. 388. U. S. C., p. 711.

Proviso.
Use in New Mexico and Arizona limited.

Pueblo Board. Vol. 43, p. 640. Vol. 46, p. 1121. Post, p. 825.

Advertising land

Pueblo Indians, N. Mex. Attorney for.

Pueblo Indian lands, N. Mex. Quieting titles in, etc. Vol. 43, p. 636.

Payments to designated pueblos.

Proviso. Sums reappropriat-Vol. 46, pp. 286, 1122.

Cahuilla Indian Reservation, Calif.
Purchase of additional land.
Vol. 46, p. 1522.

Fort Apache Reservation, Ariz. Land purchase. Vol. 46, p. 1517.

Navajo Indians. Purchase of addi-tional land, etc. Vol. 45, p. 899.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1122, Post, p. 825.

Proviso. Title for surface only.

resurvey, classification, or allotment of any land in severalty on the public domain to any Indian, whether of the Navajo or other tribes, within the State of New Mexico and the State of Arizona, who was not residing upon the public domain prior to June 30, 1914. For carrying out the provisions of section 13 of the Act entitled "An Act to quiet the title to lands within Pueblo Indian land grants, and for other purposes," approved June 7, 1924 (43 Stat., p. 636), \$10,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932. For the payment of newspaper advertisements and printing locally

of posters of sales of Indian lands, \$500, reimbursable from payments by purchasers of costs of sale, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For the pay of one special attorney for the Pueblo Indians of New Mexico, to be designated by the Secretary of the Interior, and for

necessary traveling expenses of said attorney, \$3,700.

For carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 7, 1924 (43 Stat., p. 636), to quiet title in Pueblo Indian lands, New Mexico, and in settlement for damages for lands and water rights lost to the Indians of the pueblos as recommended in the respective reports of the Pueblo Lands Board thereon, the sum of \$112,435.33, as follows:

Santa Clara, supplemental, \$27,154.87; Picuris, supplemental, \$15,625.69; Pojoaque, \$51,679.79; Pojoaque, supplemental, \$4,844.42; Cochiti, supplemental, \$13,130.56: Provided, That appropriations heretofore made for the purchase of land and water rights and fencing, irrigating, and improving the lands of the Santo Domingo, Nambe, Sandia, Taos, San Felipe, Tesuque, San Juan, Isleta, Cochiti, and Picuris pueblos, are hereby continued available until June 30, 1933.

For the purchase of land for addition to the Cahuilla Indian Reservation, California, as authorized by and in accordance with the Act of March 4, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1522), \$2,560.

For the purchase of certain land and appurtenances thereto situated within the exterior boundaries of the Fort Apache Reservation, Arizona, as authorized by and in accordance with the Act of March 4, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1517), \$1,300, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of the Fort Apache Indians.

For purchase, or lease pending purchase, of additional land and water rights for the use and benefit of Indians of the Navajo Tribe as authorized to be acquired by the Act of May 29, 1928 (45 Stat., p. 899), the unexpended balances of the appropriations available for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 are hereby continued available for the same purpose and subject to the same conditions and provisions until June 30, 1933: Provided, That title to all such lands so purchased shall be taken in the name of the United States in trust for the Navajo Tribe, and in purchasing such lands title may be taken, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, for the surface only.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$109,746.25 conto tained in the First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, for payment to the loyal Shawnee Indians in settlement of their claim arising under

Loyal Shawnee Indians, Okla.
Paying award to, under treaty obliga-

the twelfth article of the treaty with said Indians proclaimed October 14, 1868 (15 Stat., p. 513), as authorized by and in accordance with the Act of March 4, 1929, is hereby continued available until

June 30, 1933.

For payment to the Kiowa, Comanche, and Apache Indians, of Oklahoma, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the royalty funds. Interior may prescribe, \$125,000, from the tribal trust fund established by joint resolution of Congress, approved June 12, 1926 (44 Stat., p. 740), being a part of the Indians' share of the money derived from the south half of the Red River in Oklahoma: Provided, That said sum herein made available shall be paid out in two stallments. equal installments—one during the month of October and one during the month of March.

Vol. 15, p. 516. Vol. 45, p. 1550. Post, p. 826.

Kiowas, etc., Okla. Payment to,

Vol. 44, p. 740.

Proviso.
Payable in two in-

INDUSTRIAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCEMENT

For the preservation of timber on Indian reservations and allotments other than the Menominee Indian Reservation in Wisconsin, the education of Indians in the proper care of forests, and the general administration of forestry and grazing work, including fire prevention and payment of reasonable rewards for information leading to arrest and conviction of a person or persons setting forest fires in contravention of law on Indian lands, \$200,000: Provided, That Administration of this appropriation shall be available for the expenses of administra-forest lands from timber sales atc tion of Indian forest lands from which timber is sold to the extent only that proceeds from the sales of timber from such lands are insufficient for that purpose.

For expenses incidental to the sale of timber, and for the expenses of administration, including fire prevention, of Indian forest lands from which such timber is sold to the extent that the proceeds of such sales are sufficient for that purpose, \$125,000, reimbursable to the United States as provided in the Act of February 14, 1920 (U.S. C., title 25, sec. 413): Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of reasonable rewards for information leading tion. to arrest and conviction of a person or persons setting forest fires in

contravention of law.

For continuation of forest insect control work on the Klamath Klamath Reserva-Indian Reservation in Oregon, \$20,000, payable from funds on deposit in the Treasury to the credit of the Klamath Indians.

For the suppression or emergency prevention of forest fires on suppression. or threatening Indian reservations, \$40,000, together with \$25,000 From tribal funds. from funds held by the United States in trust for the respective tribes of Indians interested: *Provided*, That not to exceed \$50,000 of appropriations herein made for timber operations and for support and administration purposes may be transferred, upon the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, for fire suppression or emergency prevention purposes and allotments of funds so trans- Only after incurring emergency prevention purposes and allotments of funds so trans-Obligation therefor. ferred shall be made by the Secretary of the Interior only after the obligation for the expenditure has been incurred: Provided further, That any diversions of appropriations made hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget.

For transfer to the Geological Survey for expenditures to be made in inspecting mines and examining mineral deposits on Indian lands operations. and in supervising mining operations on restricted, tribal, and allotted Indian lands leased under the provisions of the Acts of 35, pp. 795; Vol. February 28, 1891 (26 Stat., p. 795), May 27, 1908 (35 Stat., p. 312), U.S. C., p. 717. March 3, 1909 (U. S. C., title 25, sec. 396), and other Acts authorizing the leasing of such lands for mining purposes, \$60,000.

Industrial assistance and advancement.

ber sales, etc.

Timber sales, etc., expenses.

Reimbursable. Vol. 41, p. 415. U. S. C., p. 720.

Proviso. Rewards for informa-

Provisos. Funds available.

Report to Congress.

Geological Survey

Employment for In-Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1123. Post, p. 827.

Developing agricul-ture and stock raising.

Agricultural experiments on farms.

Encouraging farming for self-support.

Purchases authorized.

Proviso. Repayment.

Pima Indians, Ariz.

Limit to one tribe.

Tribal herds ex-

Advances to old, etc., allottees.

Liens against lands. Education of Indian youths.

Industrial assistance Construction of homes, purchase equipment, supp supplies,

Advances to old, etc., Indians

Vol. 46, p. 1124. Post, pp. 335, 827. Provisos. Conditions for repay-

advances to youths for educational purposes.

For the purpose of obtaining remunerative employment for Indians, \$60,000, and the unexpended balance for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1933.

For the purpose of developing agriculture and stock raising among the Indians, including necessary personnel, traveling and other expenses, and purchase of supplies and equipment, \$382,000, of which not to exceed \$15,000 may be used to conduct agricultural experiments and demonstrations on Indian school or agency farms and to maintain a supply of suitable plants or seed for issue to Indians.

For the purpose of encouraging industry and self-support among the Indians and to aid them in the culture of fruits, grains, and other crops, \$475,000, which sum may be used for the purchase of seeds, animals, machinery, tools, implements, and other equipment necessary, and for advances to Indians having irrigable allotments to assist them in the development and cultivation thereof, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, to enable Indians to become self-supporting: Provided, That the expenditures for the purposes above set forth shall be under conditions to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior for repayment to the United States on or before June 30, 1938, except in the case of loans on irrigable lands for permanent improvement of said lands, in which the period for repayment may run for not exceeding twenty years in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior: Provided further, That \$150,000 shall be immediately available for expenditures for the benefit of the Pima Indians and not to exceed \$25,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be expended on any other one reservation or for the benefit of any other one tribe of Indians: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the purchase of tribal herds: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized, in his discretion and under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, to make advances from this appropriation to old, disabled, or indigent Indian allottees, for their support, to remain a charge and lien against their lands until paid: Provided further, That advances may be made to worthy Indian youths to enable them to take educational courses, including courses in nursing, home economics, forestry, and other industrial subjects in colleges, universities, or other institutions, and advances so made shall be reimbursed in not to exceed eight years, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

Industrial assistance (tribal funds): For the construction of homes for individual members of the tribes; the purchase for sale to them of seed, animals, machinery, tools, implements, building material, and other equipment and supplies; and for advances to old, disabled, or indigent Indians for their support, and Indians having irrigable allotments to assist them in the development and cultivation thereof, the unexpended balances of the appropriations under this head contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 are hereby continued available during the fiscal year 1933: Provided, That the expenditures for the purposes above set forth shall be under conditions to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior for repayment to the United States on or before June 30, Loans on irrigable 1938, except in the case of loans on irrigable lands for permanent improvement of said lands in which the period for repayment may run for not exceeding twenty years, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, and advances to old, disabled, or indigent Indians for their support, which shall remain a charge and lien against their of land until paid: Provided further, That advances may be made to worthy Indian youths to enable them to take educational courses,

including courses in nursing, home economics, forestry, and other industrial subjects in colleges, universities, or other institutions, and advances so made shall be reimbursed in not to exceed eight years. under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may Credit imburse prescribe: Provided further, That all moneys reimbursed during the fiscal year 1933 shall be credited to the respective appropriations and be available for the purposes of this paragraph.

For reimbursing Indians for livestock destroyed on account of with douring. infected being infected with dourine, and for expenses in connection with Reimbur destroyed. the work of eradicating and preventing such disease, \$9,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose sted. Vol. 46, p. 1124. for the fiscal year 1932, to be expended under such rules and regula-

tions as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For assisting Indians in the eradication of scabies in their sheep goats.

Eradication, etc., in. and goats, \$50,000, which amount may be transferred by the Secretary of the Interior, with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, to the Bureau of Animal Industry for direct expenditure.

DEVELOPMENT OF WATER SUPPLY

Developing water supply: For improving springs, drilling wells, ing, etc. and otherwise developing and conserving water for Indian use, including the purchase, construction, and installation of pumping machinery, tanks, troughs, and other necessary equipment, for operation and maintenance thereof, and for necessary investigations and surveys for the purpose of increasing the available grazing range on Increasing the available grazing range on range. unallotted lands on Indian reservation; for the Navajo and Hopi Indians in Arizona and New Mexico, the Papago Indians in Arizona. and the Pueblo Indian lands in New Mexico, \$100,000.

Developing water supply (from tribal funds): For improving al Improsprings, drilling wells, and otherwise developing and conserving water for Indian use, including the purchase, construction, and installation of pumping machinery, tanks, troughs, and other necessary equipment, for operation and maintenance thereof, and for necessary investigations and surveys for the purpose of increasing the available grazing range on unallotted lands on Indian reservations: For Reservations designated. the Mescalero Reservation, New Mexico, \$5,000; for the Ute Mountain Reservation, Colorado, \$15,000; for the Jicarilla Reservation, New Mexico, \$6,000; for the Truxton Canyon Reservation, Arizona, \$3,000; in all, \$29,000; to be paid from funds held in trust for said tribes of Indians, respectively, by the United States.

IRRIGATION AND DRAINAGE

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of irrigation systems, and for purchase or rental of irrigation tools and appliances. water rights, ditches, and lands necessary for irrigation purposes for Indian reservations and allotments; for operation of irrigation systems or appurtenances thereto when no other funds are applicable or available for the purpose; for drainage and protection of irrigable lands from damage by floods or loss of water rights, upon the Indian irrigation projects named below, in not to exceed the following amounts, respectively:

Arizona: Ak Chin, \$18,000; Chiu Chui, \$4,000; Navajo and Hopi, miscellaneous projects, Arizona and New Mexico, \$18,000; California: Coachella Valley, \$2,000; miscellaneous projects California and southern Arizona, \$6,000; Morongo, \$4,200; Pala and Rincon, \$2,000; Colorado: Southern Ute, \$16,000; Nevada: Moapa River, \$1,500; Walker River, \$7,000; Western Shoshone, \$9,500; New Mex-

Credit of moneys re-Availability.

Reimbursement for

Balance reappropri-

Scabies in sheep and

Water supply.

Developing, conserv-

Increasing grazing

Improving from trib-

Tribal funds.

Irrigation and drain-

Construction, maintenance of systems.

Allotments.

ico: Miscellaneous pueblos, \$2,800; Zuni, \$10,000; Washington: Colville, \$4,300;

For necessary miscellaneous expenses incident to the general admin-Irrigation projects, istration of Indian irrigation projects, including pay of employees

and their traveling and incidental expenses, \$75,000;

In all, for irrigation on Indian reservations, not to exceed \$163,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932, which is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933, reimbursable as provided in the Act of August 1, 1914 (U. S. C., title 25, sec. 385): Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended on any irrigation system or reclamation project for which public funds are or may be otherwise available: Provided further, That the foregoing amounts appropriated for such purposes shall be available interchangeably, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, for the necessary expenditures for damages by floods and other unforseen exigencies, but the amount so interchanged shall not exceed in the aggregate 10 per centum of all the amounts so appropriated: Provided further, That the cost of irrigation projects and of operating and maintaining such projects where reimbursement thereof is required by law shall be apportioned on a per acre basis against the lands under the respective projects and shall be collected by the Secretary of the Interior as required by such law, and any unpaid charges outstanding against such lands shall constitute a first lien thereon which shall be recited in any patent or instrument issued for such lands.

For all purposes necessary to provide an adequate distributing, tion, Ariz.

Itrigation of tribal pumping, and drainage system for the San Carlos project, authorized by the Act of June 7, 1924 (43 Stat., p. 475), and to continue construction of and to maintain and operate works of that project and of the Florence-Casa Grande project; and to maintain, operate, and extend works to deliver water to lands in the Gila River Indian Reservation which may be included in the San Carlos project, including not more than \$5,000 for crop and improvement damages and not more than \$5,000 for purchases of rights of way, \$75,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932, which is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933, reimbursable as required by said Act of June 7, 1924, as amended, and subject to the conditions and provisions imposed by said Act as amended.

For improvement, operation, and maintenance of the pumping plants and irrigation system on the Colorado River Indian Reservation, Arizona, as provided in the Act of April 4, 1910 (36 Stat., p. 273), \$20,000, reimbursable as provided in the aforesaid Act.

For operation and maintenance of the Ganado irrigation project, Arizona, reimbursable under such rules and regulations as the Secre-

tary of the Interior may prescribe, \$3,000.

For the operation and maintenance of pumping plants for the irrigation of lands on the San Carlos Reservation in Arizona, \$5,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Indians of such reservation: Provided, That the sum so used shall be reimbursed to the tribe by the Indians benefited, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For improvements, maintenance, and operation of the Fort Hall

irrigation system, Idaho, \$35,000.

For improvements to the Fort Hall irrigation project, Idaho, including payment of damage claims and purchase of rights of way, as authorized by and in accordance with the provisions of the Act of February 4, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1061), \$250,000, reimbursable as

Administration

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1126. Vol. 38, p. 583. U. S. C., p. 715.

Provisos.
Use restricted.

Flood damages, etc., expenses interchange-able; limitation.

Apportionment of costs on per acre basis.

Unpaid charges first lien on property. 8.

San Carlos Reservalands. Vol. 43, p. 475.

Florence-Casa Grande project. Maintenance, etc. Gila River Indian Reservation. Water delivery to. Rights of way, etc.

Vol. 46, p. 1126. Vol. 45, p. 1573.

Colorado River Indian Reservation, Ariz. Improvements. Vol. 36, p. 273.

Ganado irrigation project, Ariz. Operation, etc.

San Carlos Reserva-tion, Ariz.

Proviso. Reimbursement.

Fort Hall project,

Operation. Damage claims.

Vol. 46, p. 1061.

provided in said Act: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for expenditure until repayment contracts shall required. have been entered into in accordance with the provisions of said Act: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the extension of canals or ditches in connection with the encepted. Michaud Division.

For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Act approved May 29, 1928 (45 Stat., p. 938), to provide reclamation of Kootenai Indian allotments in Idaho within the exterior boundaries of drainage districts that may be benefited by drainage works of such districts, the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$114,000 contained in the Act of March 4, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1574), is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933.

rtinued available until Julie 50, 1000.

For maintenance and operation, repairs, purchase of stored waters, vation, Mont.

Operation, etc. and continuation of construction of the irrigation systems on the Fort Belknap Reservation, in Montana, \$17,500, reimbursable in accordance with the provisions of the Act of April 4, 1910 (36 Stat.,

For maintenance and operation of the Little Porcupine Division, the Big Porcupine Division, and not exceeding four thousand acres under the West Side Canal of the Poplar River Division, Fort Peck

project, Montana, \$5,000, reimbursable.

For operation and maintenance of the irrigation systems on the Flathead Indian Reservation, Montana, \$12,000; for continuation of construction Camas A betterment, \$2,000; completing construction Continuing construction of Lower Crow Reservoir \$135,000, together with the unexpended ects. balance of the appropriations for continuing construction of the Flathead irrigation system contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932; continuing Pablo Reservoir enlargement, \$80,000; lateral systems betterment, \$20,000; miscellaneous engineering, surveys, and examinations, \$5,000; in all, \$254,000: Provided, That the funds made available herein for continuation of construction shall be subject to the reimbursable and other conditions and provisions of said Acts: Provided further, That upon execution by the Jocko district of repayment contract in pursuance to existing law, the operation and maintenance charges for into construction costs. such district for the irrigation season of 1932 shall be covered into construction costs.

For improvement, maintenance, and operation, \$41,000 (reim-

bursable).

For improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation Mont. systems on the Crow Reservation, Montana, including maintenance Operation of the irrigation Montana, including maintenance assessments payable to the Two Leggins Water Users' Association and Bozeman Trail Ditch Company, Montana, properly assessable against lands allotted to the Indians irrigable thereunder \$18,000, to be reimbursed under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the Act of May 26, 1926 (44 Stat., pp. 658-660).

For operation and maintenance of the irrigation system on the Pyramid Lake Reservation, Nevada, \$4,000, reimbursable from any Operation, etc. funds of the Indians of this reservation now or hereafter available.

For payment of annual installment of reclamation charges against Nev. Paiute Indian lands within the Newlands reclamation project, Nevada, \$5,381; and for payment in advance, as provided by district law, of operation and maintenance assessments, including assessments for the operation of drains to the Truckee-Carson irrigation district, which district, under contract, is operating the Newlands reclamation project, \$10,243, to be immediately available: in all, \$15,624.

Repayment contracts

Michaud Division. Extension of canals,

Kootenai Idaho. Drainage, etc. Vol. 45, p. 938.

Balance available. Vol. 45, p. 1574. Post, p. 830.

Fort Belknap Reser-

Vol. 36, p. 270.

Fort Peck project, Operation of projects.

Flathead Indian Reservation, Mont. Operation.

Vol. 46, p. 1127.

Provisos. Reimbursement.

Jocko and Mission districts. Repayment covered

Improvement, maintenance, etc.

Crow Reservation. Operation of systems.

Reimbursement. Vol. 44, p. 660.

Pyramid Lake Reser-

Newlands project, Paying charges against Paiute lands.

Duck Valley Reservation, Idaho and Nev. Dam construction.

Vol. 46, p. 1458.

Laguna and Acoma Indians, N. Mex. Operation, etc.

Hogback project, N. Mex. Operation.

Flood damages, N. Repairs, etc.

Vol. 46, p. 1128.

Middle Rio Grande Conservancy District, N. Mex.

Vol. 46, pp. 1128, 1567. Post, p. 831.

Vol. 45, p. 312.

Engineers.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1128.

Klamath tion, Oreg. Operating projects on.

Uncompangre, etc., Utes, Utah. Continuing irrigation of allotments of.

Vol. 34, p. 375. Vol. 46, p. 1129.

Reimbursement tribal funds.

Yakima Reservation, unit. Vol. 41, p. 28.

Wapato project. Construction. Vol. 46, p. 1129.

For surveys and investigations for the construction of a dam or dams across the Owyhee River, or other streams within, or adjacent to, the Duck Valley Indian Reservation, Idaho and Nevada, as authorized by and in accordance with the Act of February 28, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1458), \$10,000, to be made immediately available.

For improvement, operation, and maintenance of the irrigation system for the Laguna and Acoma Indians in New Mexico, \$5,500, reimbursable by the Indians benefited, under such rules and regula-

tions as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For improvement, operation, and maintenance of the Hogback irrigation project on that part of the Navajo Reservation in New Mexico under the jurisdiction of the Northern Navajo Agency, \$12,000, reimbursable under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For repair of damage to irrigation systems resulting from flood and for flood protection of irrigable lands on the several pueblos in New Mexico, \$5,000, and the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 shall be available for

the same purpose for the fiscal year 1933.

The unexpended balances of the appropriations contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, and the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1931, for payment to the Middle Rio Grande Conservancy District in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to execute an agreement with the Middle Rio Grande Conservancy District providing for conservation, irrigation, drainage, and flood control for the Pueblo Indian lands in the Rio Grande Valley, New Mexico, and for other purposes," approved March 13, 1928 (45 Stat., p. 312), are hereby continued available until June 30, 1933.

For salaries and all other expenses of the Government engineer and assistants appointed in pursuance to contract executed December 14, 1928, by the Secretary of the Interior with the Middle Rio Grande Conservancy District, \$5,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932.

For improvement, maintenance, and operation of miscellaneous irrigation projects on the Klamath Reservation, \$5,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Klamath Indians in the State of Oregon, said sum, or such part thereof as may be used, to be reimbursed to the tribe under such rules and regu-

lations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

For continuing operation and maintenance and betterment of the irrigation system to irrigate allotted lands of the Uncompangre, Uintah, and White River Utes in Utah, authorized under the Act of June 21, 1906 (34 Stat., p. 375), and for drainage and water rights investigations, \$20,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for these purposes for the fiscal year 1932, to be paid from tribal funds held by the United States in trust for said Indians, said sum to be reimbursed to the tribal fund by the individuals benefited under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

Yakima Reservation, For operation and maintenance, including repairs, of the Toppe-Toppenish-Simcoe irrigation unit, on the Yakima Reservation, Washington, reimbursable as provided by the Act of June 30, 1919 (41 Stat., p.

28), \$1,000.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, for continuing construction of the Wapato irrigation and drainage system, for the utilization of the water supply provided by the Act of August 1, 1914 (38 Stat., p. 604), is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933.

For reimbursement to the reclamation fund the proportionate $_{\mathrm{Wash}}^{\mathrm{Yak}}$ expense of operation and maintenance of the reservoirs for furnishing stored water to the lands in Yakima Indian Reservation, Washington, in accordance with the provisions of section 22 of the Act of August 1, 1914 (38 Stat., p. 604), \$11,000.

For completing construction of pumping plant and canals for the irrigation of higher lands in subdivision 2, Satus unit, Wapato project, Yakima Reservation, Washington, \$15,000, to be reimbursed under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior

may prescribe.

For the extension of canals and laterals on the ceded portion of wind River Reserva-te Wind River Reservation, Wyoming, to provide for the irrigation Extension of irriga-tenditional Indian lands, and for the Indians' pro-rate characters of the tion to additional lands. the Wind River Reservation, Wyoming, to provide for the irrigation of additional Indian lands, and for the Indians' pro rata share of the cost of the operation and maintenance of canals and laterals and for the Indians' pro rata share of the cost of the Big Bend drainage project on the ceded portion of that reservation, and for continuing the work of constructing an irrigation system within the diminished reservation, including the Big Wind River and Dry Creek Canals, Dry Creek Canals, Dry Creek Canals, Dry Creek Canals, and including the maintenance and operation of completed canals, \$45,000, reimbursable as provided by existing law.

Appropriations herein for irrigation and drainage of Indian Expenditure under lands shall be available only for expenditure by and under the direction of Commistion of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, except for such engineering and economic studies and construction work as the Secretary of the Interior decides may be more advantageously performed by

the Bureau of Reclamation.

EDUCATION

For the support of Indian schools not otherwise provided for, and other educational and industrial purposes in connection therewith, including tuition for Indian pupils attending public schools, \$3,521,-500: Provided, That not to exceed \$15,000 of this appropriation may be used for the support and education of deaf and dumb or blind, blind. physically handicapped, or mentally deficient Indian children: Provided further, That \$4,500 of this appropriation may be used for the shattes. education and civilization of the Alabama and Coushatta Indians in Texas: Provided further, That not more than \$10,000 of the amount children in public herein appropriated may be expended for the tuition of Indian pupils attending higher educational institutions, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, but formal contracts shall not be required, for compliance with section 3744 of the Revised Statutes (U.S. C., title 41, sec. 16), for payment of tuition of Indian pupils attending public schools, higher educational institutions, or schools for the deaf and dumb, blind, physically handicapped, or mentally deficient: And provided further, That not mising. to exceed \$10,000 of the amount herein appropriated shall be available for educating Indian youth in stock raising at the United States Range Livestock Experiment Station at Miles City, Montana.

For the support of Indian schools, and other educational and from tribal funds. industrial purposes in connection therewith, other than among the Five Civilized Tribes, there shall be expended from Indian tribal funds and from school revenues arising under the Act of May 17, U. S. C., Supp. v, 1926 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 25, sec. 155a), not more than \$700,000, P. Red Lake, Minn., including not to exceed \$80,000 from trust funds of the Red Lake school. vided, That not more than \$7,500 of the above authorization of limited.

Vol. 38, p. 604.

Yakima Reservation, Water payments.

Vol. 38, p. 604.

Satus unit of Wapato project. Operation, etc.

Big Bend project.

Education.

Support of schools.

Provisos.

schools.

No formal contracts. R. S., sec. 3744, p. 738. U. S. C., p. 1310.

Education in stock

Five Civilized Tribes. From tribal funds.

Vol. 25, p. 645.

Summer schools. Subsistence, etc.

School transporta-

School buildings. repair, struction, etc.

Exceptions.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1131.

Leupp School and Agency, Ariz. Flood protection. Proviso Investigations.

Pawnee School, Okla. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1131.

Support, etc., of designated boarding schools.

Phoenix, Ariz.

\$700,000 shall be expended for new construction at any one school unless herein expressly authorized; for tuition and other educational purposes among the Five Civilized Tribes, there may be expended from tribal funds of such nations \$55,000 as follows: Chickasaw Nation, \$15,000; Choctaw Nation, \$40,000; for payment of tuition for Chippewa Indian children enrolled in the public schools of the State of Minnesota, \$48,000, payable from the principal sum on deposit to the credit of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota arising under section 7 of the Act of January 14, 1889 (25 Stat., p. 645); in all, \$803,000.

For subsistence of pupils retained in Government boarding schools

of all classes during summer months, \$98,000.

For collection and transportation of pupils to and from Indian and public schools, and for placing school pupils, with the consent of their parents, under the care and control of white families qualified to give them moral, industrial, and educational training, \$100,000.

For lease, purchase, repair, and improvement of buildings at Indian schools not otherwise provided for, including the purchase of necessary lands and the installation, repair, and improvement of heating, lighting, power, and sewerage and water systems in con-Provises. nection therewith, \$275,000, for construction of physical improvements, \$167,000; in all, \$442,000: Provided, That not more than \$7,500 out of this construction of the second \$7,500 out of this appropriation shall be expended for new construction at any one school or institution except for new construction authorized as follows: Cheyenne and Arapahoe, Oklahoma, repairs and extension of heating system, \$20,000; Hopi, Arizona, employee's cottage, \$3,000; improvement of water system, \$10,000; new day school plant, \$7,500; in all, \$20,500; Northern Navajo, New Mexico, water development, \$35,000; Santa Fe, New Mexico, Nambe day school plant, \$10,000; Shoshone, Wyoming, employee's cottage, \$4,500; dining room, kitchen, and bakery, including equipment, \$22,000; in all, \$26,500; Tongue River, Montana, for remodeling and repairing school building, \$10,000; Western Navajo, Arizona, improvements at Moencopi day school plant, \$10,000: Provided further, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for employees' building, San Carlos, Arizona, fiscal year 1932, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933.

For flood protection and drainage, Leupp Indian School and Agency, Arizona, \$10,000, to be immediately available: Provided, That in the discretion of the Secretary so much of this amount as may be necessary may be used for preliminary investigations of sites for relocation or replacement of present facilities, including tests for the

purpose of determining adequacy of water supplies.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation for school building, auditorium, gymnasium, heating plant, and conversion of present school building into dormitory, Pawnee School, Oklahoma, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, is hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1933.

For support and education of Indian pupils at the following nonreservation boarding schools in not to exceed the following amounts, respectively:

Phoenix, Arizona: For eight hundred and fifty pupils, including not to exceed \$1,500 for printing and issuing school paper, \$276,500; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$28,000; for repairs to streets and sidewalks, \$12,000; in all, \$316,500:

Truxton Canyon, Arizona: For two hundred and fifteen pupils, Arizon Canyon, \$66,575; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs

and improvements, \$12,500; in all, \$79,075;

Theodore Roosevelt Indian School, Fort Apache, Arizona: Four hundred and twenty-five pupils, \$132,125; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$23,000; for employee's cottage, \$4,000; in all, \$159,125: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation contained in the Interior bory continued available.

Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, for the construction able.

Vol. 46, p. 1131. tion of a boys' dormitory, including equipment, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933;

Sherman Institute, Riverside, California: For nine hundred pupils, including not to exceed \$1,000 for printing and issuing school paper, \$302,250; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general

repairs and improvements, \$20,000; in all, \$322,250;
Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas: For nine hundred pupils, including not to exceed \$2,500 for printing and issuing school paper, \$306,000; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, including necessary drainage work, \$40,000; for shop building, including equipment, \$50,000; in all, \$396,000: Proshop building, including equipment, \$50,000; in all, \$396,000: Pro-vided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for audi-rium continued availtorium, including equipment, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933: Provided further, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for employees' building, including equipment, fiscal year 1932, is hereby made available until June 30, 1933, for the construction of cottages for employees;

Mount Pleasant, Michigan: For three hundred and seventy-five pupils, \$123,125; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$14,000; in all, \$137,125: Provided, That the unexpended balances of the appropriations for auditorium, including equipment, and for remodeling school building, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, are hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30,

Pipestone, Minnesota: For three hundred and fifteen pupils, \$101,825; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs

and improvements, \$18,000; in all, \$119,825;

Genoa, Nebraska: For five hundred pupils, including not more than \$400 for printing and issuing school paper, \$166,250; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$18,000; in all, \$184,250;

Carson City, Nevada: For five hundred pupils, \$162,500; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements,

\$15,000; in all, \$177,500;

Albuquerque, New Mexico: For eight hundred and fifty pupils, \$286,500; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$25,000; for repairs to heating system, replacement of boilers, rehabilitation and extension of steam mains, \$12,000; for deep well and equipment, \$5,000; for hog and poultry houses, \$3,000; in all, \$331,500;

Santa Fe, New Mexico: For five hundred and twenty-five pupils, \$167,250; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$15,000; for remodeling laundry building, \$10,000;

in all, \$192,250;

Charles H. Burke School, Fort Wingate, New Mexico: For six Charles H. Burke, N. Mex. hundred and twenty-five pupils, \$198,750; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$20,000; for

Theodore Roosevelt, Fort Apache, Ariz,

Proviso. Balance for dormi-

Sherman Ins Riverside, Calif. Institute,

Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kans. Post, p. 833.

able. Vol. 46, p. 1131.

Balance for employees' building. Vol. 46, p. 1131.

Mount Pleasant, Mich.

Balance for auditorium, etc. Vol. 46, p. 1131.

Pipestone, Minn.

Genoa, Nebr.

Carson City, Nev.

Albuquerque, Mex. N.

Santa Fe, N. Mex.

Cherokee, N. C.

Bismarck, N. Dak.

Fort Totten, N. Dak.

employees' quarters, \$8,000; for horse barns, sheep sheds, and hog house, \$7,500; in all, \$234,250;

Cherokee, North Carolina: For three hundred and seventy-five pupils, \$119,375; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$19,000; in all, \$138,375;

Bismarck, North Dakota: For one hundred and twenty-five pupils, \$45,125; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$7,000; in all, \$52,125;

Fort Totten, North Dakota: For two hundred and sixty-five pupils. \$83,825; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$20,000; for employee's cottage, \$4,500; in all, \$108,325;

Wahpeton, N. Dak. Post, p. 834.

Wahpeton, North Dakota: For three hundred and twenty-five pupils, \$104,125; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$12,000; for central heating plant, \$30,000; in all, \$146,125;

Chilocco, Okla.

Chilocco, Oklahoma: For nine hundred pupils, including not to exceed \$2,000 for printing and issuing school paper, \$301,000; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$30,000; for shop building and equipment, \$35,000; for bakery and meat room, including equipment, \$16,000; in all, \$382,000: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$90,000 for boys' dormitory, including equipment, fiscal year 1932, is

hereby continued available until June 30, 1933;

Proviso.
Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1132.

> Sequoyah Orphan Training School, near Tahlequah, Oklahoma: For three hundred and twenty-five orphan Indian children of the State of Oklahoma belonging to the restricted class, to be conducted as an industrial school under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, \$106,625; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$12,000; for water supply, including necessary rights of way, \$40,000; boys' dormitory, including equipment, \$80,000; in all, \$238,625: Provided, That the unexpended balances of appropriations for gymnasium, including equipment, and for central heating plant, for this school for the fiscal year 1932, are continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1933;

Sequoyah Orphan Training School, Okla.

Carter Seminary, Okla.

Proviso. Balance available.

Vol. 46, p. 1132.

Carter Seminary, Oklahoma: For one hundred and sixty pupils, \$56,100; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$6,000; for remodeling and repairing dormitories, \$6,000; in all, \$68,100;

Euchee, Okla.

Euchee, Oklahoma: For one hundred and fifteen pupils, \$39,775; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$7,000; in all, \$46,775;

Eufaula, Okla.

Eufaula, Oklahoma: For one hundred and thirty-five pupils, \$46,975; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$7,000; in all, \$53,975;

Academy. Jones Okla.

Jones Academy, Oklahoma: For one hundred and seventy-five pupils, \$61,125; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$7,000; in all, \$68,125;

Wheelock Academy. Okla.

Wheelock Academy, Oklahoma: For one hundred and thirty pupils, \$45,050; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$7,000; for central heating plant, \$30,000; in all, \$82,050:

Chemawa. Salem, Oreg.

Chemawa, Salem, Oregon: For seven hundred and fifty pupils, including native Indian pupils brought from Alaska, and including not to exceed \$1,000 for printing and issuing school paper, \$255,000; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$20,000; in all, \$275,000;

Flandreau, South Dakota: For four hundred and twenty-five pupils, \$150,875; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$15,000; in all, \$165,875;

Pierre, South Dakota: For three hundred and twenty-five pupils, \$105,375; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$15,000; for bakery, including equipment, \$4,000; for shop building, and equipment, \$15,000; in all, \$139,375;

Rapid City, South Dakota: For three hundred pupils, \$99,000; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$15,000; for water supply, \$11,500, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932; in all, \$125,500;

Hayward, Wisconsin: For one hundred and seventy pupils, \$58,950; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs

and improvements, \$12,000; in all, \$70,950;

Tomah, Wisconsin: For three hundred and fifty pupils, \$112,500; for pay of superintendent, drayage, and general repairs and improvements, \$18,000; for repairs to central heating plant and extension

of steam mains, \$6,000; in all, \$136,500;

In all, for above-named nonreservation boarding schools, not to exceed \$4,825,000: Provided, That 10 per centum of the foregoing sum amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures for able. similar purposes in the various boarding schools named, but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said boarding schools or for any particular item within any boarding school. Any such interchanges shall be reported

to Congress in the annual Budget.

Five Civilized For aid to the common schools in the Cherokee, Creek, Choctaw, Tribes, Okla.

Common schools. Chickasaw, and Seminole Nations and the Quapaw Agency in Oklahome, \$400,000, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior and under rules and regulations to be prescribed by him: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be subject to the limitation in section 1 of the Act of May 25, 1918 (U. S. C., title 25, sec. 297), limiting the expenditure of money to educate children of less than one-fourth Indian blood: Provided further, That of this papers, appropriation not to exceed \$2,500 may be expended in the printing and issuance of a paper devoted to Indian education, which paper shall be printed at an Indian school, not to exceed \$10,000 may be expended under rules and regulations of the Secretary of the Interior, in part payment of truancy officers in any county or two or more officers, contiguous counties where there are five hundred or more Indian children eligible to attend school and not to exceed \$10,000 may be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior for the payment of salaries of public-school teachers employed by the State or county in special Indian day schools in full blood Indian communities where there are not adequate white day schools available for their attendance.

For support and maintenance of day and industrial schools among Dak.

For support and maintenance of day and industrial schools among Dak. the Sioux Indians, including the erection and repairs of school buildings, in accordance with the provisions of article 5 of the agreement made and entered into September 26, 1876, and ratified

February 28, 1877 (19 Stat., p. 254), \$350,000.

Not to exceed \$500,000 of the appropriations herein specified for Indian educational purposes shall be expended, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, for the construction of new day schools, the enlargement of existing day schools, the provision of transportation facilities between Indian homes and day schools, and ities. for other purposes necessary to a substitution of day school for

Flandreau, S. Dak.

Pierre, S. Dak.

Rapid City, S. Dak.

Hayward, Wis.

Tomah, Wis.

Total.

Proviso.

Report to Congress.

Provisos. Parentage limita-tion not applicable. Vol. 40, p. 564. U. S. C., p. 708.

Printing, etc., school

Payment of truancy

Vol. 19, p. 256.

Sum for day schools.

Transportation facil-

boarding school facilities, wherever in the discretion of the Secretary

of the Interior it is practicable.

Alaska natives.

Natives in Alaska: To enable the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion and under his direction, to provide for support and education of the Eskimos, Aleuts, Indians, and other natives of Alaska, including necessary traveling expenses of pupils to and from industrial boarding schools in Alaska; erection, purchase, repair, and rental of school buildings, including purchase of necessary lands; textbooks and industrial apparatus; pay and necessary traveling expenses of superintendents, teachers, physicians, and other employees; repair, equipment, maintenance, and operation of vessels: and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses which are not included under the above special heads, including \$341,900 for salaries in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, \$22,000 for traveling expenses, \$182,600 for equipment, supplies, fuel, and light, \$22,000 for repairs of buildings, \$13,000 for purchase or erection of buildings, \$30,000 for freight, \$35,000 for operation of vessels, \$1,500 for rentals, and \$2,000 for telephone and telegraph; total, \$650,000, to be immediately available: Provided, That not to exceed 10 per centum of the amounts appropriated for the various items in this paragraph shall be available interchangeably for expenditures on the objects included. in this paragraph, but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to any one item of appropriation except in cases of extraordinary emergency and then only upon the written order of the Secretary of the Interior: Provided further, That of said sum not exceeding \$10,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Services in the District. Specific allotments.

Provisos. Interchangeable sums.

Services in the Dis-

Conservation of health.

Expenses designated.

Suppressing tra-

Allotments for specified hospitals and sanatoria.

Arizona.

CONSERVATION OF HEALTH

For conservation of health among Indians including equipment, materials, and supplies; repairs and improvements to buildings and plants; compensation and traveling expenses of officers and employees and renting of quarters for them when necessary; transportation of patients and attendants to and from hospitals and sanatoria; returning to their former homes and interring the remains of deceased patients; and not exceeding \$1,000 for printing and binding circulars and pamphlets for use in preventing and suppressing trachoma and other contagious and infectious diseases, \$3,213,000, including not to exceed the sum of \$2,396,000 for the following-named hospitals and sanatoria:

Arizona: Indian Oasis Hospital, \$23,000; Kayenta Sanatorium, \$45,000; for employee's cottage, \$5,000; in all, \$50,000; Fort Defiance Sanatorium and Southern Navajo General Hospital, \$105,000; Phoenix Sanatorium, \$75,000; Pima Hospital, \$23,000; for heating plant, \$3,000; in all, \$26,000; Truxton Canyon Hospital, \$12,000; for addition for quarters, \$3,000; in all, \$15,000; Western Navajo Hospital, \$35,000; Chin Lee Hospital, \$11,000; Fort Apache Hospital, \$27,000; Havasupai Hospital, \$5,000; Hopi Hospital, \$40,000; Leupp Hospital, \$26,000; San Carlos Hospital, \$19,000; Tohatchi Hospital, \$11,000; Colorado River Hospital, \$23,000; San Xavier Sanatorium, \$37,500; Phoenix Hospital, \$30,000; Hopi-Navajo Sanatorium, \$20,000;

California: Hoopa Valley Hospital, \$22,000; Soboba Hospital, \$20,000; Fort Bidwell Hospital, \$15,000: Fort Yuma Hospital, \$14,000;

Colorado.

California.

Colorado: Ute Mountain Hospital, \$12,000; Ignacio Hospital, \$18,000; for physician's quarters, \$7,000; in all, \$25,000;

Idaho: Fort Lapwai Sanatorium, \$85,000; for employees' quarters, including equipment, \$18,000; in all, \$103,000; Fort Hall Hospitals, \$15,000;

Iowa: Sac and Fox Sanatorium, \$70,000; Minnesota: Pipestone Hospital, \$22,000; Mississippi: Choctaw Hospital, \$27,000;

Montana: Blackfeet Hospital, \$25,000; Fort Peck Hospital, \$22,000; Crow Agency Hospital, \$24,000; Fort Belknap Hospital, \$30,000; Tongue River Hospital, \$30,000;

Nebraska: Winnebago Hospital, \$32,000;

Nevada: Carson Hospital, \$20,000; Pyramid Lake Sanatorium, \$35,000; for power lines and equipment, including payment for necessary rights of way, \$10,000, to be immediately available; in all, \$45,000; Walker River Hospital, \$21,000;

New Mexico: Jicarilla Hospital, and Sanatorium, Laguna Sanatorium, \$30,000; Mescalero Hospital, \$20,000; Eastern Navajo Hospital, \$15,000; Northern Navajo Hospital, \$28,000; Taos Hospital, \$9,000; Zuni Sanatorium, \$55,000; Albuquerque Hospital, \$50,000; Charles H. Burke Hospital, \$8,000; Santa Fe Hospital, \$40,000; Toadlena Hospital, \$10,000;

North Carolina: Cherokee Hospital, \$8,000;

North Dakota: Turtle Mountain Hospital, \$35,000; Fort Berthold Hospital, \$21,500; Fort Totten Hospital, \$26,000; Standing

Rock Hospital, \$25,000; Oklahoma: Cheyenne and Arapahoe Hospital, \$36,000; Choctaw and Chickasaw Sanatorium, \$55,000; for water supply, including payment for necessary rights of way, \$30,000, to be immediately available; in all, \$85,000; Shawnee Sanatorium, \$80,000; Claremore Hospital, \$32,000; Clinton Hospital, \$20,000; Pawnee and Ponca Hospital, \$30,000; Kiowa Hospital, \$70,000;

South Dakota: Crow Creek Hospital, \$22,000; Pine Ridge Hos-

pitals, \$43,000; Rosebud Hospital, \$28,000;

Utah: Uintah Hospital, \$11,000;

Washington: Yakima Sanatorium, \$43,000; Tacoma Sanatorium, \$200,000; Tulalip Hospital, \$8,000;

Wisconsin: Hayward Hospital, \$30,000; Tomah Hospital,

\$27,000:

Wyoming: Shoshone, \$18,000;

Provided, That 10 per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures in the various hospitals penditures. named, but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said hospitals or for any particular item within any hospital, and any interchange of appropriations hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the Annual Budget; Provided further, That nonreservation boarding schools receiving pupils. specific appropriations shall contribute on a per diem basis for the hospitalization of pupils in hospitals located at such schools and supported from this appropriation;

Provided further, That appropriations contained in or continued construction. available by the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, and the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, for construction and equipment of hospitals, sanatoria, and other physical improvements under this heading are continued available until June

30, 1933.

For a clinical survey of tuberculosis, trachoma, and venereal and Clinical survey of disease conditions. other disease conditions among Indians, \$50,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932: Provided, That in conducting such survey the cooperation of such State and other organizations engaged in similar

Idaho.

Iowa. Minnesota. Mississippi. Montana.

Nebraska.

Navada.

New Mexico.

North Carolina. North Dakota.

Oklahoma

South Dakota.

Ttah Washington.

Wisconsin,

Wyoming.

Provisos.

Report to Congress.

Hospitalization of

Balances for hospital Vol. 46,pp. 1136, 1568.

Post, p. 837.

Proviso. Local cooperation. From trust funds.

New construction.

Canton, S. Dak.

Asylum expenses.

Proviso.

work shall be enlisted wherever practicable and where services of physicians, nurses, or other persons are donated their travel and

other expenses may be paid from this appropriation.

Chippewas in Min-For support of hospitals maintained for the benefit of the Chip-Hospitals for, from pewa Indians in the State of Minnesota, \$125,000, payable from tribal funds. the principal sum on deposit to the credit of said Indians arising Vol. 25, p. 645. under section 7 of the Act of January 14, 1889 (25 Stat., p. 645). Health work.

There shall be available for health work among the several tribes of Indians not exceeding \$200,000 of the tribal trust funds authorized elsewhere in this Act for support of Indians and administration of Indian property: Provided, That not more than \$7,500 of such amount may be expended for new construction in connection

with health activities at any one place.

For the equipment and maintenance of the asylum for insane Indians at Canton, South Dakota, for incidental and all other expenses necessary for its proper conduct and management, including pay of employees, repairs, improvements, and for necessary expense of transporting insane Indians to and from said asylum, \$40,000. Medical relief in

Medical relief in Alaska: To enable the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion, and under his direction through the Bureau of Indian Affairs, with the advice and cooperation of the Public Health Service, to provide for the medical and sanitary relief of the Eskimos, Aleuts, Indians, and other natives of Alaska; erection, purchase, repair, rental, and equipment of hospital buildings; books and surgical apparatus; pay and necessary traveling expenses of physicians, nurses, and other employees, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses which are not included under the above special heads, \$281,800, to be available immediately.

Support and admin-

Expenses for sundry agencies and reserva-

Additional amount.

Provisos

Vol. 46, p. 1137, Employment of Indian labor.

Fulfilling treaties, etc.

Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes, Mont. Vol. 19, p. 256.

Pawnees, Okla. Vol. 11, p. 731; Vol. 27, p. 644.

Sioux. Vol. 15, p. 635; Vol. 19, p. 254.

Total.

General support, etc., at specified agencies, from tribal funds.

GENERAL SUPPORT AND ADMINISTRATION

For general support of Indians and administration of Indian property, including pay of employees, \$1,400,000: Provided, That Salary, etc., of special no part of the money appropriated in this Act shall be used for the commissioner. payment of the salary or expenses of a special commissioner to

negotiate with Indians.

For an additional amount for support of Indians and administration of Indian property, including pay of employees, \$135,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until June 30, 1932: Provisos. Limitation for relief Provided, That the limitation of \$160,000 for relief, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, is hereby increased to \$570,000: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the employment of Indian labor on any necessary project or activity.

Fulfilling treaties with Indians: For the purpose of discharging obligations of the United States under treaties and agreements with

various tribes and bands of Indians as follows:

Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes, Montana (article 7, treaty of

May 10, 1868, and agreement of February 28, 1877), \$75,000;
Pawnees, Oklahoma (articles 3 and 4, treaty of September 24, 1857, and article 3, agreement of November 23, 1892), \$51,300;

Sioux of different tribes, including Santee Sioux of Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota (articles 8 and 13, treaty of April 29, 1868, 15 Stat., p. 635, and Act of February 28, 1877, 19 Stat., p. 254), \$445,000:

In all, for said treaty stipulations, not to exceed \$571,300.

For general support of Indians and administration of Indian property under the jurisdiction of the following agencies, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the respective

tribes, in not to exceed the following sums, respectively:

Arizona: Colorado River, \$3,500; Fort Apache, \$20,000; Leupp, \$2,000; Paiute, \$7,500; Pima, \$1,000; San Carlos, \$100,000; Truxton Canyon, \$16,000; in all, \$150,000.

California: Fort Yuma, \$4,000; Mission, \$3,000; Round Valley,

\$3,000; Tule River, \$500; in all, \$10,500;

Colorado: Consolidated Ute (Southern Ute, \$15,000; Ute Moun-

tain, \$15,000); in all, \$30,000;

Idaho: Fort Hall, \$15,000: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for eradication of noxious weeds, fiscal year 1932, is hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1933; Fort Lapwai, \$7,500; Coeur d'Alene (Kalispel), \$1,980; in all, \$24,480;

Iowa: Sac and Fox, \$1,000; Kansas: Pottawatomie, \$1,000; Michigan: Ontonagon, \$1,000; Minnesota: Red Lake, \$45,000;

Montana: Blackfeet, \$5,000; Flathead, \$30,000; Fort Peck, \$5,000; Tongue River, \$10,000; Rocky Boy, \$1,000; in all, \$51,000;

Nebraska: Omaha, \$1,000;

Nevada: Carson (Summit Lake), \$1,000; Pyramid Lake, \$2,500; Walker River, \$400; Western Shoshone, \$5,000; in all, \$8,900;

New Mexico: Jicarilla, \$25,000; Mescalero, \$25,000; in all, \$50,000;

North Dakota: Fort Totten, \$1,000;

Oklahoma: Pawnee (Otoe, \$1,000; Ponca, \$2,000), \$3,000; Sac and Fox, \$2,000; Cheyennes and Araphoes, \$2,000, which shall be available for expenses of the tribal business committee; in all, \$7,000.

Oregon: Klamath, \$50,000; Umatilla, \$5,000; in all, \$55,000; South Dakota: Cheyenne River, \$75,000; Pine Ridge, \$4,000; in

all, \$79,000;

Utah: Uintah and Ouray, \$10,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$500 of this amount may be used to pay part of the expenses of the Experimental Farm, located near Fort Duchesne, Utah, within

the Uintah and Ouray Indian Reservation;

Washington: Colville, \$30,000; Neah Bay, \$5,000; Puyallup, \$2,000, of which \$1,000 shall be available for the upkeep of the Puyallup Indian cemetery; Spokane, \$7,500; Taholah (Quinaielt), \$30,000, of which not to exceed \$25,000 shall be available only for a sewer and water system for the Indian village; Yakima, \$20,000; in all, \$94,500.

Wisconsin: Lac du Flambeau, \$2,000; Keshena, \$50,000, including \$5,000 for monthly allowances, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, to such old and indigent members of the Menominee Tribe as it is impracticable to place in the home for old and indigent Menominee Indians, and who reside with relatives or friends; in all, \$52,000;

Wyoming: Shoshone, \$40,000; In all, not to exceed \$712,380.

For general support, administration of property and promotion of self-support among the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota, \$75,000, to be paid from the principal sum on deposit to the credit of said Indians, arising under section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act for the relief and civilization of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota," approved January 14, 1889 (25 Stat., p. 645), to be used exclusively for the purposes following: Not exceeding \$45,000 of this amount may be expended for general agency purposes; not exceeding \$30,000 may be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior in aiding indigent Chippewa Indians upon the condition that any funds used in support of a member of the tribe shall be

Arizona.

California.

Colorado.

Idaho. Proviso. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1138.

Iowa. Kansas. Michigan. Minnesota. Montana.

Nebraska. Nevada.

New Mexico. North Dakota. Oklahoma.

Oregon. South Dakota.

Utah.
Proviso.
Expenses of State Experimental Farm.

Washington.

Wisconsin.

Wyoming.

Chippewa Indians, Minn. General support, etc.

Vol. 25, p. 645.

Sum for agency purposes.

Aiding indigent.

reimbursed out of and become a lien against any individual property of which such member may now or hereafter become seized or possessed, the two preceding requirements not to apply to any old, infirm, or indigent Indian, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior.

Five Civilized

Apportionment of allotments. Specified salaries.

Proviso. Pay restriction.

Osages, Okla. Expenses from trust funds.

Visits by tribal council to Washington, D. C.

Self-support and administering property, from accrued interest.

Vol. 37, p. 934.

Proviso. construction.

For the current fiscal year money may be expended from the tribal funds of the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Creek, and Seminole Tribes for equalization of allotments, per capita, and other payments authorized by law to individual members of the respective tribes, salaries and contingent expenses of the governor of the Chickasaw Nation and chief of the Choctaw Nation and one mining trustee for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations at salaries at the rate heretofore paid for the said governor and said chief and \$4,000 for the said mining trustee, and the chief of the Creek Nation at a salary not to exceed \$600 per annum, and one attorney each for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Tribes employed under contract approved by the President under existing law: Provided, That the expenses of the above-named officials shall be determined and limited by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, not to exceed \$2,500 each.

For the support of the Osage Agency, and for necessary expenses in connection with oil and gas production on the Osage Reservation, Oklahoma, including pay of necessary employees, the tribal attorney and his stenographer, one special attorney in tax and other matters, and pay of tribal officers; repairs to buildings, rent of quarters for employees, traveling expenses, printing, telegraphing and telephoning, and purchase, repair, and operation of automobiles, \$150,000, payable from funds held by the United States in trust for the Osage Tribe of Indians in Oklahoma.

For expenses incurred in connection with visits to Washington, District of Columbia, by the Osage Tribal Council and other members of said tribe, when duly authorized or approved by the Secretary of the Interior, \$5,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United

States in trust for the Osage Tribe.

Confederated Bands of Utes, Utah.

Distribution to, from funds to the credit of the Confederated Bands of Ute Indians, the sum of \$42,500 of said amount for the benefit of the Ute Mountain (formerly Navajo Springs) Band of said Indians in Colorado, and the sum of \$17,500 of said amount for the Uintah, White River, and Uncompangre Bands of Ute Indians in Utah, which sums shall be charged to said bands, and the Secretary of the Interior is also authorized to withdraw from the Treasury the accrued interest to and including June 30, 1932, on the funds of the said Confederated Bands of Ute Indians appropriated under the Act of March 4, 1913 (37 Stat., p. 934), and to expend or distribute the same for the purpose of administering the property of and promoting self-support among the said Indians, under such regulations as the Secretary of Provise. Restriction on road the Interior may prescribe: Provided, That none of the funds in this paragraph shall be expended on road construction unless preference shall be given to Indians in the employment of labor on all roads constructed from the sums herein appropriated from the funds of the Confederated Bands of Utes.

Roads and bridges.

ROADS AND BRIDGES

Red Lake Indian Reservation, Minn.

Construction, etc.

Proviso. Indian labor.

For the construction and repair of roads and bridges on the Red Lake Indian Reservation, including the purchase of material, equipfrom Chippewa trust ment, and supplies, and the employment of labor, \$25,000, to be paid from the funds held by the United States in trust for the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota: Provided, That Indian labor shall be employed as far as practicable.

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads on Indian Road construction, non-Federal aid highreservations not eligible to Government aid under the Federal High- ways. way Act, including engineering and supervision and the purchase of material, equipment, supplies, and the employment of Indian labor, \$400,000: Provided, That where practicable the Secretary of the Interior shall arrange with the local authorities to defray the maintenance expenses of roads constructed hereunder and to cooperate in such construction.

For maintenance and repair of that portion of the Gallup-Shiprock Highway, N. Mex. ighway within the Navajo Reservation. New Mexico, including the Maintenance, etc. Highway within the Navajo Reservation, New Mexico, including the purchase of machinery, \$20,000, reimbursable as provided in the Act of June 7, 1924: Provided, That other than for supervision and engineering only Indian labor shall be employed for such mainte-

nance and repair work.

That the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$150,000 contained in the First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, for one-half of the cost of reconstruction and improvement of the road running from Milford across the Wind River or Shoshone Indian Reservation, through Fort Washakie to the diversion dam in Wyoming, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933.

ANNUITIES AND PER CAPITA PAYMENTS

For fulfilling treaties with Senecas of New York: For permanent annuity in lieu of interest on stock (Act of February 19, 1831, 4 Stat., p. 442), \$6,000.

For fulfilling treaties with Six Nations of New York: For permanent annuity, in clothing and other useful articles (article 6,

treaty of November 11, 1794), \$4,500.

For fulfilling treaties with Choctaws, Oklahoma: For permanent annuity (article 2, treaty of November 16, 1805, and article 13, treaty 236. Vol. 11, p. 614. of June 22, 1855), \$3,000; for permanent annuity for support of light horsemen (article 13, treaty of October 18, 1820, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), \$600; for permanent annuity for support of blacksmith (article 6, treaty of October 18, 1820, and article 9, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), \$600; for permanent annuity for education (article 2, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), \$6,000; for permanent annuity for iron and steel (article 9, treaty of January 20, 1825, and article 13, treaty of June 22, 1855), \$320; in all, \$10,520.

To carry out the provisions of the Chippewa treaty of September 30, 1854 (10 Stat., p. 1109), \$10,000, in part settlement of the amount, \$141,000, found due and heretofore approved for the Saint Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin, whose names appear on the final roll prepared by the Secretary of the Interior pursuant to Act of August 1, 1914 (38 Stat., pp. 582-605), and contained in House Document Numbered 1663, said sum of \$10,000 to be expended in the purchase of land or for the benefit of said Indians by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs: Provided, That, in the discretion of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, the per capita share of any of payments.

said Indians under this appropriation may be paid in cash.

Appropriations herein made for road work and other physical Road work appropriations immediately improvements in the Indian Service shall be immediately available. available. available. When, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Interior, it is necessary for accomplishment of the purposes of appropriations

herein made for the Indian field service, such appropriations shall be available for purchase of ice, rubber boots for use of employees, for travel expenses of employees on official business, and for the cost of packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of personal effects of

employees upon permanent change of station.

Road construction,

Local contributions.

Provisa Indian labor.

Wind River Reservation, Wyo. Road construction. Vol. 46, p. 1070.

Annuities, etc.

Senecas, N. Y. Vol. 4, p. 442.

Six Nations, N. Y. Vol. 7, p. 46.

Choctaws, Okla. Vol. 7, pp. 99, 212, 213,

Saint Croix Chip-pewas, Wis. Purchase of land. Vol. 10, p. 1109.

Vol. 38, p. 607.

Proviso. Discretionary

Field service appropriations.

Supplies, etc.

Natives of Alaska. Education and medi-

The appropriations for education of natives of Alaska and medical relief in Alaska shall be available for the payment of traveling expenses of new appointees from Seattle, Washington, to their posts of duty in Alaska, and of traveling expenses, packing, crating, and transportation (including drayage) of personal effects of employees upon permanent change of station within Alaska, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior.

Reclamation Bureau,

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Payments from rec-lamation fund.

Vol. 32, p. 388,

The following sums are appropriated out of the special fund in the Treasury of the United States created by the Act of June 17, 1902, and therein designated "the reclamation fund," to be available immediately:

Commissioner, office personnel, and ex-

Commissioner of Reclamation, \$10,000; and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$130,000; for office expenses in the District of Columbia, \$20,000; in all, 160,000;

All expenses. Vol. 32, p. 388,

Purposes designated.

For all expenditures authorized by the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat., p. 388, and Acts amendatory thereof or supplementary thereto.

Ante, p. 92.

known as the reclamation law, and all other Acts under which expenditures from said fund are authorized, including not to exceed \$170,000 for personal services and \$16,000 for other expenses in the office of the chief engineer, \$20,000 for telegraph, telephone, and other communication service, \$5,000 for photographing and making photographic prints, \$45,000 for personal services, and \$10,000 for other expenses in the field legal offices; examination of estimates

Transporting effects of employees.

ings.

Provisos. Headquarters side of Distri stricted. uarters out-District re-

Medical attention for employees.

for appropriations in the field; refunds of overcollections and deposits for other purposes; not to exceed \$15,000 for lithographing, engraving, printing, and binding; purchase of ice; purchase of rubber boots for official use by employees; maintenance and operation of horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; not to exceed \$40,000 for purchase and exchange of horsedrawn and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; packing, crating, and transportation (including drayage) of personal effects of employees upon permanent change of station, under regulations Damages to property. to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior; payment of damages caused to the owners of lands or other private property of any kind by reason of the operations of the United States, its officers or employees, in the survey, construction, operation, or maintenance of irrigation works, and which may be compromised by agreement between the claimant and the Secretary of the Interior, or such officers as he may designate; payment for official telephone service in the field hereafter incurred in case of official telephones installed in private houses when authorized under regulations established by the Secretary of the Interior; not to exceed \$1,000 for Attendance at meet expenses, except membership fees, of attendance, when authorized by the Secretary, upon meetings of technical and professional societies required in connection with official work of the bureau; payment of rewards, when specifically authorized by the Secretary of the Interior, for information leading to the apprehension and conviction of persons found guilty of the theft, damage, or destruction of public property: *Provided*, That no part of said appropriations may be used for maintenance of headquarters for the Bureau of Reclamation outside the District of Columbia except for an office for the chief engineer and staff and for certain field officers of the division of reclamation economics: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Interior in his administration of the Bureau of Reclamation is authorized to contract for medical attention and service for employees and to make necessary pay-roll deductions agreed

¹ So in original.

to by the employees therefor: Provided further, That no part of any Restriction on use for irrigation districts in sum provided for in this Act for operation and maintenance of any arrears. project or division of a project by the Bureau of Reclamation shall be used for the irrigation of any lands within the boundaries of an irrigation district which has contracted with the Bureau of Reclamation and which is in arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of any charges due the United States, and no part of any sum provided for in this Act for such purpose shall be used for the irrigation of any lands which have contracted with the Bureau of Reclamation and which are in arrears for more than twelve months in the payment of any charges due from said lands to the United States:

Examination and inspection of projects: For examination of ects operated by disaccounts and inspection of the works of various projects and divisions of projects operated and maintained by irrigation districts or water users' associations, and bookkeeping, accounting, clerical, legal, and other expenses incurred in accordance with contract provisions for the repayment of such expenses by the districts or associations, the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the same purpose for the

fiscal year 1933;

For operation and maintenance of the reserved works of a project works or division of a project when irrigation districts, water-users' associations, or Warren Act contractors have contracted to pay in advance but have failed to pay their proportionate share of the cost of such operation and maintenance, to be expended under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1933;

Yuma project, Arizona-California: For operation and maintenance, \$50,000; for continuation of construction of drainage, \$20,000; in all, \$70,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$25,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1933 for mercial system. the operation and maintenance of the commercial system;

Orland project, California: For operation and maintenance,

\$35,000;

Boise project, Idaho: For continuation of construction, Arrowrock division, \$15,000; for operation and maintenance, Payette

division, \$20,000; in all, \$35,000;

Minidoka project, Idaho: For operation and maintenance, reserved works, \$55,000; continuation of construction gravity extension unit, \$100,000, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932: Provided, That not to exceed \$50,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1933 for the operation of the commercial system; and not to exceed \$125,000 from power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1933 for continuation of construction, south side division; in all, \$155,000;

Bitter Root project, Montana: For loaning to the Bitter Root irrigation district for necessary construction, betterment and repair work, \$100,000, as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act for the rehabilitation of the Bitter Root irrigation project, Montana,"

approved July 3, 1930 (46 Stat., pp. 852, 853);

Milk River project, Montana: For operation and maintenance, Chinook division, \$4,000; continuation of construction, \$27,000; in all, \$31,000: Provided, That the unexpended balances of the appropriations for continuation of construction, fiscal years 1931 and 1932, shall remain available for the same purpose during the fiscal year 1933;

Post, p. 842.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1143.

Operation of reserved Post, p. 843.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1143.

Yuma, Ariz.-Calif.

Proviso. Operation of com-

Orland, Calif.

Boise, Idaho. Post, p. 843.

Minidoka, Idaho.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1143. Post, p. 843. Proviso. Commercial system and construction.

Bitter Root, Mont.

Vol. 46, p. 852.

Milk River, Mont.

Proviso. Balance available. Vol. 46, pp. 307, 1144. Sun River, Mont. Sum reappropriated. Vol. 46, p. 1144.

North Platte, Nebr.-

Carlsbad, N. Mex. Proviso. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1144.

Rio Grande, N. Mex .-

Proviso.
Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1144. Post, p. 843.

Owyhee, Oreg.

Proviso.
Balance available. Vol. 45, pp. 229, 1591; Vol. 46, pp. 307, 1144.

Baker, Oreg. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1144.

Vale, Oreg. Klamath, Oreg .-Calif.

Provisos. Revenues from Tule Lake division.

Sum available. Vol. 46, p. 1144.

Belle Fourche, S. Dak. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1144.

Salt Lake Basin. Utah. Balance available. Vol. 46, pp. 308, 1144. Post, p. 844.

Proviso.
Contracts required.

Yakima, Wash.

Proviso. Balance available, Vol. 46, p. 1144.

Sun River project, Montana: Of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for continuation of construction for the fiscal year 1932, \$25,000 is reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1933 for drainage construction, Greenfields division;

North Platte project, Nebraska-Wyoming: Not to exceed \$80,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1933 for the operation and maintenance of the commercial system;

Carlsbad project, New Mexico: For operation and maintenance, \$25,000: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the fiscal year 1932 shall remain available for the same

purposes during the fiscal year 1933;

Rio Grande project, New Mexico-Texas: For operation and maintenance, \$300,000; for continuation of construction, \$46,000; in all, \$346,000: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for continuation of construction for the fiscal year 1932 shall remain available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1933;

Owyhee project, Oregon: For continuation of construction, \$500,000: Provided, That the unexpended balances of the appropriations for continuation of construction for the fiscal years 1929, 1930, 1931, and 1932 are hereby reappropriated for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1933:

Baker project, Oregon: The unexpended balance of the appropriation for the fiscal year 1932 shall remain available for the same

purposes for the fiscal year 1933;

Vale project, Oregon: For operation and maintenance, \$20,000; Klamath project, Oregon-California: For operation and maintenance, \$45.000; continuation of construction, \$75,000; in all, \$120,000: Provided, That revenues received from the lease of marginal lands, Tule Lake division, shall be available for refunds to the lessees in such cases where it becomes necessary to make refunds because of flooding or other reasons within the terms of such leases: Provided further, That \$40,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for continuation of construction, Tule Lake division, fiscal year 1932, shall remain available for canal enlargement purposes during the fiscal year 1933;

Belle Fourche project, South Dakota: The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$150,000 for continuation of construction for the fiscal year 1932 shall remain available for the same purposes for

the fiscal year 1933;

Salt Lake Basin project, Utah, second division: The unexpended balance of the appropriation for the fiscal year 1932, originally made in the Appropriation Act of May 14, 1930 (46 Stat. 308), for the Interior Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1931, and continued available for the fiscal year 1932 by the Act of February 14, 1931 (46 Stat. 1115), shall remain available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1933, the proviso to said original appropriation for said second division being hereby amended so as to read as follows: "Provided, That no part of this sum shall be available for construction work until a contract or contracts shall be made as required by the reclamation laws with an irrigation district or districts or water users' association or associations for the payment to the United States of the cost of such second division";

Yakima project, Washington: For operation and maintenance,

\$250,000; for continuation of construction, \$500,000; in all, \$750,000; Yakima project (Kittitas division), Washington: For operation and maintenance, \$40,000: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for continuation of construction for the fiscal year 1932 shall remain available during the fiscal year 1933;

Riverton project, Wyoming: For operation and maintenance, \$17,500: Provided, That not to exceed \$20,000 from the power reve-\$17,500: Provided, That not to exceed \$20,000 from the power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1933 for the operation revenues. and maintenance of the commercial system;

Shoshone project, Wyoming: For operation and maintenance, Willwood division, \$10,000: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for construction, Willwood division, for the fiscal year 1932, shall remain available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1933: Provided further, That not to exceed \$20,000 from power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1933 for the

operation and maintenance of the commercial system;

For cooperative and general investigations, including investigations cooperative and general investigations. necessary to determine the economic conditions and financial feasibility of new projects and investigations and other activities relating to the reorganization, settlement of lands, and financial adjustments of existing projects, including examination of soils, classification of land, land-settlement activities, including advertising in newspapers and other publications, and obtaining general economic and settlement data, the unexpended balances of the appropriations for these purposes for the fiscal year 1932 shall remain available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1933: Provided, That the expenditures from this appropriation for any reclamation project shall be con-mentary to appropriasidered as supplementary to the appropriation for that project and shall be accounted for and returned to the reclamation fund as other expenditures under the Reclamation Act: Provided further, That for investigations. beginning January 1, 1933, the expenditure of any sums from this appropriation for investigations of any nature requested by States, municipalities, or other interests shall be upon the basis of the State, municipality, or other interest advancing at least 50 per centum of the estimated cost of such investigation;

Giving information to settlers: For the purpose of giving informatiers. tion and advice to settlers on reclamation projects in the selection of lands, equipment, and livestock, the preparation of land for irrigation, the selection of crops, methods of irrigation and agricultural practice, and general farm management, the cost of which shall be charged to the general reclamation fund and shall not be charged as a part of the construction or operation and maintenance cost payable by the water users under the projects the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1933;

Under the provisions of this Act no greater sum shall be expended, to specific allotments, to specific allotments, nor shall the United States be obligated to expend during the fiscal year 1933, on any reclamation project appropriated for herein, an amount in excess of the sum herein appropriated therefor, nor shall the whole expenditures or obligations incurred for all of such projects for the fiscal year 1933 exceed the whole amount in the "reclamation

fund " for the fiscal year;

Ten per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures on the reclamation projects named; but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said projects, except that should existing works or the water supply for lands under cultivation be endangered by floods or other unusual conditions an amount sufficient to make necessary emergency repairs shall become available for expenditure by further transfer of appropriation from any of said projects upon approval of the Secretary of the Interior;

Total, from reclamation fund, \$2,414,500.

Riverton, Wvo.

Shoshone, Wyo.

Provisos Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1145.

Sum from power revenues.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1145.

Provisos Expenditures supple-

Vol. 32, p. 388. Division of expenses

Information to set-Post, p. 845.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1145.

Expenditures limited

Interchangeable appropriations.

Emergency repairs.

Total.

Yuma project, Ariz.work adjacent to.

Vol. 44, p. 1016. Vol. 46, pp. 310, 1146.

To defray the cost of operating and maintaining the Colorado Calif. Colorado River front River front work and levee system adjacent to the Yuma Federal irrigation project in Arizona and California, subject only to section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the construction, repair, and preservation of certain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes," approved January 21, 1927 (44 Stat., p. 1010), the unexpended balances of the appropriations for the fiscal years 1931 and 1932 shall remain available for the fiscal year 1933.

Boulder Canyon

Acquisitions.

Vol. 45, p. 1057. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 628.

Proviso School buildings, etc.

Boulder Canyon project: For the continuation of construction of Hoover Dam con the Hoover Dam and incidental works in the main stream of the Colorado River at Black Canyon, to create a storage reservoir, and of a complete plant and incidental structures suitable for the fullest economic development of electrical energy from the water discharged from such reservoir; to acquire by proceedings in eminent domain or otherwise, all lands, rights of way, and other property necessary for such purposes; and for incidental operations, as authorized by the Boulder Canyon Project Act, approved December 21, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 43, ch. 12A); \$6,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until advanced to the Colorado River Dam fund, which amount shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia and for all other objects of expenditure that are specified for projects included in this Act under the caption "Bureau of Reclamation" without regard to the limitations of amounts therein set forth: Provided, That of this fund not to exceed \$70,000 shall be available for the erection, operation, and maintenance of necessary school buildings and appurtenances on the Boulder Canyon project Federal reservation, and for the purchase and repair of required desks, furnishings, and other suitable facilities; for payment of compensation to teachers and other employees necessary for the efficient conduct and operation of schools on said reservation.

Geological Survey.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

SALARIES

Director, and office personnel.

For the Director of the Geological Survey and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$125,000;

General expenses.

GENERAL EXPENSES

work of the Geological Survey, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, including not to exceed \$35,000 for the purchase and exchange, and not to exceed \$60,000 for the hire,

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the authorized

Authorization for all

services, etc. Ante, p. 92.

Vehicles.

Attendance at meetings.

maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horsedrawn passenger-carrying vehicles for field use only by geologists, topographers, engineers, and land classifiers, and the Geological Survey is authorized to exchange unserviceable and worn-out passenger-carrying and freight-carrying vehicles as part payment for new freight-carrying vehicles, and including not to exceed \$4,500 for necessary traveling expenses of the director and members of the Geological Survey acting under his direction, for attendance upon meetings of technical, professional, and scientific societies when required in connection with the authorized work of the Geological Survey, to be expended under the regulations from time to time prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, and under the following heads:

For topographic surveys in various portions of the United States, \$366,000, and in addition thereto \$150,000 of the unexpended balance for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1933, of which amount not to exceed \$345,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended in cooperation with States or municipalities except upon the basis of the State or municipality bearing all of the expense incident thereto in excess of such an amount as is necessary for the Geological Survey to perform its share of standard topographic surveys, such share of the Geological Survey in no case exceeding 50 per centum of the cost of the survey: Provided further, That \$256,000 of this amount shall be available only for such cooperation with States or municipalities:

For geologic surveys in the various portions of the United States and chemical and physical researches relative thereto, \$325,000, of which not to exceed \$280,000 may be expended for personal services

in the District of Columbia;

For fundamental research in geologic science, \$40,000;

For volcanologic surveys, measurements, and observatories in Hawaii, including subordinate stations elsewhere, \$15,000;

For continuation of the investigation of the mineral resources of sources. Alaska, \$60,000, to be available immediately, of which amount not to exceed \$30,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

For gaging streams and determining the water supply of the United States, the investigation of underground currents and artesian wells, and the preparation of reports upon the best methods of utilizing the water resources, \$560,000; for operation and maintenance of the Lees Ferry, Arizona, gaging station and other base gaging stations in the Colorado River drainage, \$40,000; in all, \$600,000, of which amount not to exceed \$150,000 may be expended \$600,000, of which amount not to exceed \$150,000 may be expended Provisor. Cooperation expenses for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no with States, etc. part of this appropriation shall be expended in cooperation with States or municipalities except upon the basis of the State or municipality bearing all of the expense incident thereto in excess of such an amount as is necessary for the Geological Survey to perform its share of general water-resource investigations, such share of the Geological Survey in no case exceeding 50 per centum of the cost of the investigation: Provided further, That \$450,000 of this tion. amount shall be available only for such cooperation with States or municipalities:

For the examination and classification of lands with respect to sification of lands. mineral character, water resources, and agricultural utility as required by the public land laws and for related administrative operations; for the preparation and publication of land classification maps and reports; for engineering supervision of power permits and grants under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior; and for performance of work of the Federal Power Commission, \$175,000, of which amount not to exceed \$125,000 may be expended for personal

services in the District of Columbia.

For printing and binding, \$120,000; for preparation of illustrations, \$20,000; and for engraving and printing geologic and topo-

graphic maps, \$110,000; in all, \$250,000;

For the enforcement of the provisions of the Acts of October 20, Nonmetallic mineral mining act.

125) October 2 1917 (II. S. C., title 30, Enforcement of pro-1914 (U. S. C., title 48, sec. 435), October 2, 1917 (U. S. C., title 30, sec. 141), February 25, 1920 (U. S. C., title 30, sec. 181), and March 1914 (U. S. C., title 48, sec. 435), October 2, 1917 (U. S. C., title 30, sec. 181), and March vol. 38, p. 741; vol. 4, 1921 (U. S. C., title 48, sec. 444), and other Acts relating to the 40, p. 297; Vol. 41, pp. mining and recovery of minerals on Indian and public lands and U. S. C., pp. 963, 964, 1595, 1596.

Topographic surveys.

Proviso. Cooperation expenses with States, etc.

Sum for cooperation.

Geologic surveys.

Research in geologic science.

Volcanologic surveys.

Alaska mineral re-

Water supply. Stream gaging; investigations.

Gaging stations.

Amount for coopera-

Printing and binding.

naval petroleum reserves; and for every other expense incident thereto, including supplies, equipment, expenses of travel and subsistence, the construction, maintenance, and repair of necessary camp buildings and appurtenances thereto, \$225,000, of which amount not to exceed \$40,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Scientific investiga-tions with depart-ments, etc., by the bureau.

Credit of funds.

Funds for cooperative work.

Reimbursement.

Contracts with civil-

Transfer of effects of

During the fiscal year 1933 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government having funds available for scientific and technical investigations and requiring cooperative work by the Geological Survey on scientific and technical investigations within the scope of the functions of that bureau and which it is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, transfer to the Geological Survey such sums as may be necessary to carry on such investigations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer on the books of the Treasury Department any sums which may be authorized hereunder, and such amounts shall be placed to the credit of the Geological Survey for the performance of work for the department or Provisos. Expenditure of transfer is made: Provided, That any ferred funds. sums transferred by any department or independent establishment of the Government to the Geological Survey for cooperative work in connection with this appropriation may be expended in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended: Provided further, That any funds herein appropriated for the Geological Survey for cooperative work may be utilized prior to July 1, 1932, as required to enable the Geological Survey to continue its cooperative work pending reimbursement from cooperative agencies, the amount so utilized to be repaid to the appropriation from which advanced;

Acrial photographs. War and Navy Departments to furnish. During the fiscal year 1933, upon the request of the Secretary of partments to furnish. The Interior, the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to furnish aerial photographs required for mapping projects, in so far as the furnishing of such photographs will be economical to the Federal Government and does not conflict with military or naval operations or the other parts of the regular training program of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps flying services, and the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to reimburse the War or Navy Department for the cost of making the photographs, such cost to be confined to the actual cost of gasoline, oil, film, paper, chemicals, and the labor performed in developing the photographic negatives and the printing of copies of photographs, and the per diem expenses of the personnel authorized by law, together with such incidental expenses as care and minor repairs to plane and transportation of personnel to and from projects, and the War Department or the Navy Department, on the request of the Department of the Interior, is authorized to furnish copies to any State, county, or municipal agency cooperating with the Federal Government in the mapping project for which the photographs were taken. In the event that the Director of the Geological Survey deems it advantageous to the Government, the Geological Survey is authorized to contract with civilian aerial photographic concerns for the furnishing of such photographs;

Appropriations herein made shall be available for payment of the costs of packing, crating, and transportation (including drayage) of personal effects of employees upon permanent change of station, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior; Total, United States Geological Survey, \$2,181,000.

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

For the Director of the National Park Service and other personal personnel. services in the District of Columbia, including accounting services in checking and verifying the accounts and records of the various operators, licensees, and permittees conducting utilities and other enterprises within the national parks and monuments, and including the services of specialists and experts for investigations and examinations etc. of lands to determine their suitability for national park and national monument purposes and members of the commission appointed under the provisions of the Act of February 21, 1925 (43 Stat., p. 959): Provided, That such specialists and experts may be employed for temporary service at rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior to correspond to those established by the Classification Act of feation, etc., Acts. vol. 42, p. 1488; vol. 1923, as amended, and without reference to the Civil Service Act 1003. of January 16, 1883, \$174,620, of which amount not to exceed \$22,500 may be expended for the services of field employees engaged in examination of lands and in developing the educational work of the National Park Service.

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the authorized penses. work of the office of the Director of the National Park Service not herein provided for, including traveling expenses, telegrams, photographic supplies, prints, and motion-picture films, necessary expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the National Park Service when authorized by the Secretary of the Interior, and necessary expenses of field employees engaged in examination of lands and in developing the educational work of the National Park Service, and not exceeding \$2,400 for the purchase of two motordriven passenger-carrying vehicles for use in field work, \$37,000: Provided, That necessary expenses of field employees in attendance at such meetings, when authorized by the Secretary, shall be paid ployees. from the various park and monument appropriations.

Acadia National Park, Maine: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including \$3,000 for George B. Dorr as superintendent, \$3,000 for temporary clerical services for investigation of titles and preparation of abstracts thereof of lands donated to the United States for inclusion in the Acadia National Park, and not exceeding \$1,800 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motordriven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$55,400; for the construction of physical improvements, \$4,000, of which not exceeding \$3,000 shall be available for the extension of an equipment

storage shed, \$1,000 for a garage; in all, \$59,400.

Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$300 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with the general park work, \$11,500; for construction of physical improvements, \$3,300, of which \$2,000 shall be available for a headquarters building, and \$1,300 for employees' quarters; in all, \$14,800.

Carlsbad Caverns National Park, New Mexico: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$800 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passengercarrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$71,800; for construction of physical improvements, \$57,000, and in addition thereto \$13,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriations for Carlsbad Caverns National Park for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available, includ-

National Park Serv-

Director, and office Accounting services.

Specialists, experts,

Vol. 43, p. 959.

Proviso.Employment with-out reference to Classi-U. S. C., p. 65; Supp.

V, p. 28. Vol. 22, p. 403.

Ante, p. 92.

Proviso. Expenses of field em-

Acadia, Me.

Bryce Canyon, Utah.

Carlsbad Caverns,

ing \$20,000 for passenger elevator, not exceeding \$19,000 for the construction of buildings, of which not exceeding \$6,000 shall be available for a messhouse, \$8,000 for improvements to employees' quarters, \$5,000 for an addition to a bunkhouse; in all, \$128,800.

Crater Lake, Oreg.

Crater Lake National Park, Oregon: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$800 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$54,800; for construction of physical improvements, \$33,200, of which \$3,500 shall be available for an employees' quarters, \$2,500 for a comfort station, \$8,000 for a superintendent's quarters, \$12,000 for a ranger dormitory, \$6,000 for a machine shop and utility shed; in all, \$88,000.

General Grant National Park, California: For administration,

General Grant, Calif.

protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$2,000 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of a motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicle, \$19,900; for construction of physical improvements, \$2,000, of which not exceeding \$1,500 shall be available for laborer's quarters; in all, \$21,900.

Glacier, Mont.

Glacier National Park, Montana: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including necessary repairs to the roads from Glacier Park Station through the Blackfeet Indian Reservation to various points in the boundary line of the Glacier National Park and the international boundary, including not exceeding \$750 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passengercarrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$210,000; for construction of physical improvements, \$14,200, including not exceeding \$5,400 for the construction of buildings, of which not exceeding \$1,600 shall be available for a combination shower bath and laundry, \$1,300 for completion of an employees' quarters, \$1,500 for an equipment shed. not exceeding \$1,000 for a gasoline storage tank to be located on railroad right of way outside the park boundary; in all \$224,200.

Grand Canyon, Ariz,

Grand Canyon National Park, Arizona: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$1,000 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passengercarrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$134,100; for construction of physical improvements, \$15,900, including not exceeding \$11,900 for the construction of buildings, of which not exceeding \$2,000 shall be available for one employee's quarters, \$2,000 for a hay storage shed, \$2,000 for remodeling a bunkhouse, \$2,000 for a machine and blacksmith shop; in all, \$150,000.

Grand Teton, Wyo.

Grand Teton National Park, Wyoming: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$700 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$27,900; for construction of a comfort station, \$2,000; in all, \$29,900.

Great Smoky Mountains, N. C.-Tenn.

Proposed Great Smoky Mountains National Park, North Carolina and Tennessee: For administration and protection of the portion of the area of such proposed park the title of which has been vested in the United States under the provisions of section 3 of the Act of May 22, 1926 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 403b), including not to exceed \$300 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for use in connection with such work, \$30,000.

Vol. 44, p. 616, U. S. C., p. 1936,

Hawaii National Park: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$1,900 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$39,100; for construction of physical improvements, \$10,000, of which \$1,600 shall be available for a machine shop and \$2,400 for comfort stations; in all, \$49,100.

Hot Springs National Park, Arkansas: For administration, protection, maintenance, and improvement including not exceeding \$1,300 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$83,200; for construction of physical improvements, \$4,500, which shall be available for dressing booths and comfort station; in all,

\$87,700.

Lassen Volcanic National Park, California: For administration, California, California, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$1,500 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$31,300; for construction of physical improvements, \$11,800, including not exceeding \$6,300 for two employees' quarters, \$1,500 for a comfort station,

\$1,500 for a storage shed; in all, \$43,100.

Mesa Verde National Park, Colorado: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$775 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$52,900; for construction of physical improvements, \$18,000, including not exceeding \$3,000 for the construction of buildings of which \$2,000 shall be available for an employees' quarters, \$15,000 for a high tension transmission line partly outside the park boundary; in all, \$70,900.

Mount McKinley National Park, Alaska: For administration, protection, and maintenance, \$30,500; for construction of physical improvements, \$5,100, including not exceeding \$3,000 for construc-

tion of two shelter cabins; in all, \$35,600.

Mount Rainier National Park, Washington: For administration, Wash. Wash. protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$2,300 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$136,400; for construction of physical improvements, \$88,700, including not exceeding \$11,500 for the construction of buildings, of which not exceeding \$5,500 shall be available for two employees' quarters, \$6,000 for a comfort station, not exceeding \$50,000 for extension of electric power and pumping plant and distributing system at Sunrise Park; in all, \$225,100.

Platt National Park, Oklahoma: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$300 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$22,700; for construction of physical improvements, \$8,900, of which not exceeding \$1,900 shall be available for two comfort stations and \$7,000 for a superintendent's residence; in

all, \$31,600.

Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado: For administration, Rocky Mountain National Park, Colorado: For administration, Colorado: protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$1,200 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-

Hawaii.

Hot Springs, Ark.

Mesa Verde, Colo.

Mount McKinley, Alaska.

Platt, Okla.

Rocky Mountain,

carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$96,300; for construction of physical improvements, \$16,000, including not exceeding \$11,000 for the construction of buildings, of which not exceeding \$2,000 shall be available for a shelter cabin, \$2,000 for a ranger station, \$2,000 for a storage shed, \$2,800 for a comfort station, \$2,200 for a bunk and mess house; in all, \$112,300.

Sequoia, Calif.

Sequoia National Park, California: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$1,200 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$113,600; for construction of physical improvements, \$16,200, including not exceeding \$12,200 for the construction of buildings, of which not exceeding \$2,700 shall be available for two comfort stations, \$4,500 for a ranger cabin, \$5,000 for a mess house and dormitory; in all, \$129,800.

Wind Cave, S. Dak.

Wind Cave National Park, South Dakota: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$100 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$20,600.

Yellowstone, Wyo.

Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$6,175 for the purchase, maintenance, operation and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, not exceeding \$8,400 for maintenance of the road in the national forest leading out of the park from the east boundary, not exceeding \$7,500 for maintenance of the road in the national forest leading out of the park from the south boundary, and including feed for buffalo and other animals and salaries of buffalo keepers, \$468,700; for construction of physical improvements \$60,100, including not exceeding \$39,800 for extension of water and sewer systems, and not exceeding \$19,900 for the construction of buildings, of which not exceeding \$3,000 shall be available for a bunk house, \$6,000 for a ranger station, \$10,000 for a heating system; in all, \$528,800.

Yosemite, Calif.

Yosemite National Park, California: For administration, protection, and maintenance, including not exceeding \$1,800 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, not exceeding \$3,200 for maintenance of that part of the Wawona Road in the Sierra National Forest between the park boundary two miles north of Wawona and the park boundary near the Mariposa Grove of Big Trees, not exceeding \$2,000 for maintenance of the road in the Stanislaus National Forest connecting the Tioga Road with the Hetch Hetchy Road near Mather Station, and including necessary expenses of a comprehensive study of the problems relating to the use and enjoyment of the Yosemite National Park and the preservation of its natural features, \$327,700; for construction of physical improvements, \$71,500, including not exceeding \$22,900 for the construction of buildings, of which not exceeding \$5,000 shall be available for a comfort station, \$5,500 for a dormitory, \$2,100 for a storage shed, \$1,700 for a refrigerating room, not exceeding \$39,200 for extension and improvement of electric system; in all, \$399,200.

Zion National Park, Utah: For administration, protection and maintenance, including not exceeding \$1,700 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying

Zion, Utah.

vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general park work, \$43,800; for construction of physical improvements, \$2,800, including not exceeding \$2,300 for an equip-

ment shelter; in all, \$46,600.

National monuments: For administration, protection, maintenance, and preservation of national monuments, including not exceeding \$2,900 for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motordriven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the custodians and employees in connection with general monument work, \$76,500; for construction of physical improvements, \$17,300, of which not exceeding \$2,900 shall be available for an employee's quarters, \$3,700 for two comfort stations, \$3,500 for two tool sheds; in all, \$93,800: Provided, That the unexpended balance of the appropriation for a water-supply at Chaco Canyon for the fiscal year 1931 shall remain available until June 30, 1933.

Colonial National Monument, Virginia: For administration, pro- Monument, Va. tection, maintenance, and improvement, including not exceeding \$675 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent and employees in connection with general monument work, \$50,000; for construction of physical improvements, \$22,000, of which not exceeding \$12,000 shall be available for construction and/or purchase of a superintendent's quarters including necessary land therefor, \$5,000

for miscellaneous building improvements; in all, \$72,000.

George Washington Birthplace National Monument, Wakefield, George Washington Birthplace, Va. Virginia: For administration, protection, maintenance, improvement, including not exceeding \$300 for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the custodian and employees in connection with general monument work, \$16,300; for construction of physical improvements, \$9,500, of which not exceeding \$3,000 shall be available for a comfort station, \$2,000 for a utility building, \$500 for telephone

and electrical connections; in all, \$25,800.

of five lookout stations; in all, \$140,000.

For reconstruction, replacement, and repair of roads, trails, Roads, trails, etc., rebridges, buildings, and other physical improvements and of equipment in national parks or national monuments that are damaged or destroyed by flood, fire, storm, or other unavoidable causes during the fiscal year 1933, and for fighting or emergency prevention of ing. forest fires in national parks or other areas administered by the National Park Service, or fires that endanger such areas, \$50,000, and in addition thereto the unexpended balance for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available during the fiscal year 1933, together with not to exceed \$100,000 to be transferred upon the approval of the Secretary of the Interior from the various appropriations for national parks and national monuments herein contained, any such diversions of appropriations to be reported to Congress in the annual Budget: Provided, That the allotment of these funds to the various national parks or areas administered by fighting. the National Park Service as may be required for fire-fighting purposes shall be made by the Secretary of the Interior, and then only after the obligation for the expenditure has been incurred.

For the control and the prevention of spread of forest insects and free prevention measures, including necessary personnel and equipment for such ures, etc. work, \$50,000; for fire-prevention measures, including necessary personnel and fire-prevention equipment, \$80,000; and for fire-prevention improvements within national parks and national monuments, \$10,000, including not exceeding \$8,900 for the construction

National monu-Administration, etc.

Proviso. Chaco Canyon. Balance available.

Emergency fire-fight-

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1154. Post, p. 852. Transfer of funds.

Proviso. Allotment for fire-

Commissioners' salaries

For salaries of commissioners in Crater Lake, Glacier, Hawaii, Lassen Volcanic, Mesa Verde, Mount Rainier, Rocky Mountain, Sequoia and General Grant, Yellowstone, and Yosemite National Parks, \$20,000, which shall be in lieu of all fees and compensation heretofore authorized.

Sums immediately available. Provisos. Limitation.

The total of the foregoing amounts shall be immediately available in one fund for the National Park Service: Provided, That the Secretary of the Interior shall not authorize for expenditure prior to July 1, 1932, any of the amounts herein appropriated except those for construction of physical improvements, for tree-disease and insect-control work, for fire-prevention measures, and for the purchase of equipment: Provided further, That in the settlement of the accounts of the National Park Service the amount herein made available for each national park and other main headings shall not be exceeded, except that 10 per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditures in the various national parks named, and in the national monuments, but not more than 10 per centum shall be added to the amount appropriated for any one of said parks or monuments or for any particular item within a park or monument: Provided further, That any interchange of appropriations hereunder shall be reported to Congress in the annual Budget.

Interchangeable appropriations.

Appropriations made for the national parks and national monu-

Report to Congress.

Limitation.

Lectures.

Roads and trails. Construction, etc., of, in parks and monu-

Special authorizations.

Vol. 43, p. 423.

Vol. 44, p. 616. U. S. C., p. 1936.

Vol. 46, p. 1155.

Pronisos. District.

Contracts for proved projects deemed Federal obliga-

Vol. 46, p. 1053.

ments shall be available for the giving of educational lectures therein. Construction, and so forth, of roads and trails: For the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of roads and trails, inclusive of necessary bridges, in national parks and monuments under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, including the roads from Glacier Park Station through the Blackfeet Indian Reservation to various points in the boundary line of the Glacier National Park and the international boundary, and the Grand Canyon Highway from the National Old Trails Highway to the south boundary of the Grand Canyon National Park as authorized by the Act approved June 5, 1924 (43 Stat., p. 423), and including that part of the Wawona Road in the Sierra National Forest between the Yosemite National Park boundary two miles north of Wawona and the park boundary near the Mariposa Grove of Big Trees, and that part of the Yakima Park Highway between the Mount Rainier National Park boundary and connecting with the Cayuse Pass State Highway, areas to be established as national parks under the Act of May 22, 1926 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 403), for the removal of the present Otter Cliffs Radio Station and its reconstruction within the Acadia National Park in connection with the Acadia Park motor road, Maine, at a cost not to exceed \$250,000, and for the replacement of an officers' quarters on the Navy mine depot in connection with the Colonial National Monument parkway, Virginia, at a cost of not to exceed \$12,000, to be immediately available and remain available. Contractual authori. able until expended, \$4,500,000, which includes \$2,850,000, the amount of the contractual authorization contained in the Act making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year 1932, approved February 14, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1155): Personal services in Provided, That not to exceed \$25,000 of the amount herein appropriated may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1933: Provided further, That in addition to the amount herein appropriated the Secretary of the Interior may also approve projects, incur obligations, and enter into contracts for additional work, including work on approach roads authorized by the Act of January 31, 1931, not exceeding a total of \$2,500,000, and his action in so doing shall be deemed a

contractual obligation of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof and appropriations hereafter made for the the construction of roads in national parks and monuments shall be considered available for the purpose of discharging the obligation so created: Provided further, That not to exceed \$1,200,000 shall roads. be available for national-park and national-monument approach roads, inclusive of necessary bridges.

Sum for approach

OFFICE OF EDUCATION

Office of Education.

SALARIES

For the Commissioner of Education and other personal services Commissioner, and office personnel. in the District of Columbia, \$250,000.

GENERAL EXPENSES

General expenses.

For necessary traveling expenses of the commissioner and Travel, attendance at meetings, etc. employees acting under his direction, including attendance at meetings of educational associations, societies, and other organizations; for compensation not to exceed \$1,200 of employees in field service; for purchase, distribution, and exchange of educational documents, motion-picture films, and lantern slides; collection, exchange, and cataloguing of educational apparatus and appliances, articles of school furniture and models of school buildings illustrative of foreign and domestic systems and methods of education, and repairing the same; and other expenses not herein provided for, \$20,000.

For all expenses, including personal services in the District of Study of organiza-Columbia and elsewhere, purchase and rental of equipment, purchase schools. of supplies, traveling expenses, printing, and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing to enable the Secretary of the Interior, through the Office of Education, at a total cost of not to exceed \$200,000, to make a study of the qualifications of teachers in the public schools, the supply of available teachers, the facilities available and needed for teacher-training, including courses of study and methods of teaching, \$50,000: Provided, That the unexpended balances of the appropriations for these purposes for the fiscal years 1931 and 1932 shall remain available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1933: Provided further, That specialists and experts for service in this investigation may be employed at rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior to correspond to those established by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and without reference to the Civil Service Act of January 16, 1883.

Post, p. 853.

Provisos. Balance available. Vol. 46, pp. 320, 1156.

Specialists and ex-

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

TERRITORY OF ALASKA

Governor, \$10,000; secretary, \$5,600; in all, \$15,600.

For incidental and contingent expenses of the offices of the governor and of the secretary of the Territory, clerk hire, not to exceed \$8,600; janitor service for the governor's office and the executive mansion, not to exceed \$3,000; traveling expenses of the governor while absent from the capital on official business and of the secretary of the Territory while traveling on official business under direction of the governor; repair and preservation of governor's house and furniture; for care of grounds and purchase of necessary equipment; stationery, lights, water, and fuel; in all, \$17,500, to be expended under the direction of the governor.

Government in the Territories.

Alaska.

Governor and secretary. Incidental and contingent expenses.

Legislative expenses.

Legislative expenses: For salaries of members, \$21,600; mileage of members, \$9,500; salaries of employees, \$5,200; printing, indexing, comparing proofs, and binding laws, printing, indexing, and binding journals, stationery, supplies, printing of bills, reports, and so forth, \$9,700; in all, \$46,000, to be expended under the direction of the Governor of Alaska.

Reindeer.

Reindeer for Alaska: For support of reindeer stations in Alaska and instruction in the care and management of reindeer, including salaries of necessary employees in Alaska, traveling expenses of employees, purchase, erection, and repair of cabins for supervisors, herders, and apprentices, equipment, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses, \$34,300, to be available immediately: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the payment

Care of insane.

of employees who are not experienced in animal husbandry. Insane of Alaska: For care and custody of persons legally

Provisos. tarium Company.

adjudged insane in Alaska, including compensation of medical supervisor detailed from Public Health Service, transportation, Payments to Sani-burial, and other expenses, \$156,000: Provided, That authority is

Limit.

granted to the Secretary of the Interior to pay from this appropriation to the Sanitarium Company, of Portland, Oregon, or to other contracting institution or institutions, not to exceed \$564 per capita per annum for the care and maintenance of Alaskan insane patients during the fiscal year 1933: Provided further, That so much of this sum as may be required shall be available for all necessary expenses in ascertaining the residence of inmates and in returning those who are not legal residents of Alaska to their legal residence or to their friends, and the Secretary of the Interior shall, so soon as practicable, return to their places of residence or to their

Return, etc., of persons not Alaskan residents.

> insane, and the commitment papers for any person hereafter adjudged insane shall include a statement by the committing authority as to the legal residence of such person. Traffic in intoxicating liquors: For suppression of the traffic in

> friends all inmates not residents of Alaska at the time they became

intoxicating liquors among the natives of Alaska, to be expended

Suppressing intoxicating liquors.

Alaska Railroad. Maintenance, etc.

Additional facilities

Damage claims.

Vol. 39, p. 750. U. S. C., p. 81.

under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, \$12,000. The Alaska Railroad: For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the authorized work of the Alaska Railroad, including maintenance, operation, and improvements of railroads in Alaska; operation, etc., of maintenance and operation of river steamers and other boats on the Yukon River and its tributaries in Alaska; operation and maintenance of ocean-going or coastwise vessels by ownership, charter, or arrangement with other branches of the Government service, for for freight transports the purpose of providing additional facilities for the transportation of freight, passengers, or mail, when deemed necessary, for the benefit and development of industries and travel affecting territory tributary to the Alaska Railroad; operation and maintenance of agricultural experiment stations heretofore operated by the Department of Agriculture on the line of the railroad; stores for resale; payment of claims for losses and damages arising from operations including claims of employees of the railroad for loss and damage resulting from wreck or accident on the railroad, not due to negligence of the claimant, limited to clothing and other necessary personal effects used in connection with his duties and not exceeding \$100 in value; payment of amounts due connecting lines under traffic agreements; payment of compensation and expenses as authorized by section 42 of the Injury Compensation Act approved September 7, 1916 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 793), to be reimbursed as therein provided, \$450,000, in addition to all amounts received by the Alaska Railroad during the fiscal year 1933, to continue available until

expended: Provided, That not to exceed \$6,000 of this fund shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1933, and no one other than the general manager of said railroad shall be paid an annual salary out of this fund of more than \$6,000: Provided further, That not to exceed \$10,000 of such fund shall be available for printing and binding: Provided further, ing. That \$200,000 of such fund shall be available only for such capital expenditures as are chargeable to capital account under accounting regulations prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission, which amount shall be available immediately.

Printing and bind-

Capital account of

TERRITORY OF HAWAII

Governor \$10,000; secretary, \$5,800; in all, \$15,800.

For contingent expenses, to be expended by the governor, for stationery, postage, and incidentals, \$1,000; private secretary to the governor, \$3,100; temporary clerk hire, \$500; for traveling expenses of the governor while absent from the capital on official business. \$1,500; in all, \$6,100.

Legislative expenses, Territory of Hawaii: For compensation and mileage of members of the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii as provided by the Act of June 27, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title

48, sec. 599), \$47,000.

TEMPORARY GOVERNMENT FOR THE VIRGIN ISLANDS

For salaries of the governor, judge of the district court, and employees incident to the execution of the Act of March 3, 1917 (U. S. C., title 48, sec. 1391), traveling expenses of officers and employees while absent from place of duty on official business, necessary janitor service, care of Federal grounds, repair and preservation of Federal buildings and furniture, purchase of equipment, stationery, lights, water, and other necessary miscellaneous expenses,

For salaries and expenses of the agricultural experiment station ment station. in the Virgin Islands, including technical personnel, clerks, and other persons; scientific investigations of plants and plant industries and diseases of animals; demonstrations in practical farming; official traveling expenses; fixtures, apparatus, and supplies; clearing and fencing of land; and other necessary station expenses, \$25,000.

For defraying the deficits in the treasuries of the municipal governments because of the excess of current expenses over current revenues for the fiscal year 1933, municipality of Saint Thomas and Saint John, \$112,032, and municipality of Saint Croix, \$124,355; in all, \$236,387: Provided, That the amount herein appropriated for each municipal government shall be expended only if an equivalent amount is raised by municipal revenues and applied to the operating costs of the respective government, except that for the fiscal year 1933 the contribution to either municipal government shall not be less than \$110,000: Provided further, That should the revenues of municipal improve-the municipality of Saint Thomas and Saint John, during the fiscal ments. year 1933, exceed \$112,032, and/or the revenues of the municipality of Saint Croix exceed \$124,355, such excess revenues may be expended for municipal improvements and operating costs of the municipalities under such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe: Provided further, That the unobligated balance of the appropriation available. Vol. 46, p. 1571. for expenses of the temporary government for the Virgin Islands contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, shall be

Hawaii.

Governor and secretary. Contingent expenses.

Legislative expenses.

Virgin Islands.

Governor, judge, etc. Vol. 39, p. 1132. U. S. C., p. 1643.

Miscellaneous ex-

Agricultural experi-

Deficits of municipal governments.

Provisos. Division of deficit.

Unobligated balance

Acquisition of land.

Loans for building construction.

available for the fiscal year 1933 for such projects for the further development of agriculture and industry, and for promoting the general welfare of the islands as may be approved by the President, including the acquisition by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, of land and the construction of buildings for use in administering the affairs of the islands; the purchase of land for sale as homesteads to citizens of the Virgin Islands; and the making of loans for the construction of buildings, for the purchase of farming implements and equipment, and for other expenses incident to the cultivation of land purchased for resale as homesteads.

Saint Elizabeths Hos-

SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

Maintenance, etc. Ante, p. 92.

Canada.

Vehicles.

Improvement of buildings, etc.

Return of escaped patients.

Provisos.

Returning

Purchase of butter substitutes. Patients of the Dis-trict of Columbia, etc.

For support, clothing, and treatment in Saint Elizabeths Hospital for the Insane of insane persons from the Army, Navy, Marine Corps. and Coast Guard, insane inmates of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, persons charged with or convicted of crimes against the United States who are insane, all persons who have become insane since their entry into the military and naval service of the United States, insane civilians in the quartermaster service of the Army, insane persons transferred from the Canal Zone who have citizens in been admitted to the hospital and who are indigent, American citizens legally adjudged insane in the Dominion of Canada whose legal residence in one of the States, Territories, or the District of Columbia it has been impossible to establish, insane beneficiaries of the United States Employees' Compensation Commission, and insane beneficiaries of the United States Veterans' Bureau, including not exceeding \$27,000 for the purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for the use of the superintendent, purchasing agent, and general hospital business, and including not to exceed \$200,000 for repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, \$1,245,653, including maintenance and operation of necessary facilities for feeding employees and others (at not less than cost), and the proceeds therefrom shall reimburse the appropriation for the institution; and not exceeding \$1,500 of this sum may be expended in the removal of patients to their friends, not exceeding \$1,500 in the purchase of such books, periodicals, and newspapers, as may be required for the purposes of the hospital and for the medical library, and not exceeding \$1,500 for the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the apprehension and return to the hospital of escaped patients: Provided, That so much of this sum as Returning immates may be required shall be available for all necessary expenses in escapes. ascertaining the residence of inmates who are not or who cease to be properly chargeable to Federal maintenance in the institution and in returning them to such places of residence: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase of oleomargarine or butter substitutes except for cooking purposes: Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1933 the District of Columbia, or any branch of the Government requiring Saint Elizabeths Hospital to care for patients for which they are responsible, shall pay by check to the superintendent, upon his written request, either in advance or at the end of each month, all or part of the estimated or actual cost of such maintenance, as the case may be, and bills rendered by the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital in accordance herewith shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment; proper adjustments on the basis of the actual cost of the care of patients paid for in advance shall be made monthly or quarterly, as may be agreed upon between the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital and the District of

Columbia government, department, or establishments concerned. All Sums paid for passums paid to the Superintendent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital for tenance account. the care of patients that he is authorized by law to receive shall be deposited to the credit on the books of the Treasury Department of the appropriation made for the care and maintenance of the patients at Saint Elizabeths Hospital for the year in which the support, clothing, and treatment is provided, and be subject to requisition by the disbursing agent of Saint Elizabeths Hospital, upon the approval of the Secretary of the Interior.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF

Columbia Intion for the Deaf. Institu-

For support of the institution, including salaries and incidental expenses, books and illustrative apparatus, and general repairs and improvements, \$128,000.

Maintenance.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

Howard University.

Salaries: For payment in full or in part of the salaries of the officers, professors, teachers, and other regular employees of the university, the balance to be paid from privately contributed funds. \$450,000, of which sum not less than \$2,200 shall be used for normal instruction;

Salaries.

General expenses: For equipment, supplies, apparatus, furniture, cases and shelving, stationery, ice, repairs to buildings and grounds, and for other necessary expenses, including reimbursement to the appropriation for Freedmen's Hospital of actual cost of heat and light furnished, \$225,000;

General expenses.

Total, Howard University, \$675,000.

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

Freedmen's Hospital.

For officers and employees and compensation for all other professional and other services that may be required and expressly approved by the Secretary of the Interior, \$198,980; for subsistence, fuel and light, clothing, to include white duck suits and white canvas shoes for the use of internes, and rubber surgical gloves, bedding, forage, medicine, medical and surgical supplies, surgical instruments, electric lights, repairs, replacement of X-ray apparatus, furniture, including not exceeding \$300 for the purchase of books, periodicals, and newspapers; and not to exceed \$1,200 for the special instruction of pupil nurses, and other absolutely necessary expenses, \$94,500; in all, for Freedmen's Hospital, \$293,480, of which amount one-half shall be chargeable to the District of Columbia and paid in like manner as other appropriations of the District of Columbia are paid.

Salaries.

Contingent expenses. Ante, p. 92.

Division of expenses.

Field work appropriations available for

Proviso. Limit on amount for

Exception.

SEC. 2. Appropriations herein made for field work under the General Land Office, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Bureau of work animals, etc. Reclamation, the Geological Survey, and the National Park Service shall be available for the hire, with or without personal services, of work animals and animal-drawn and motor-propelled vehicles and equipment: Provided, That no part of any money appropriated by this Act shall be used for purchasing any motor-propelled passenger- motor vehicles. carrying vehicle (except busses, ambulances, and station wagons) at a cost, completely equipped for operation, in excess of \$750, except where, in the judgment of the department, special requirements can not thus be efficiently met, such exceptions, however, to be limited to not to exceed 10 per centum of the total expenditures for such motor vehicles purchased during the fiscal year, including the value of a vehicle exchanged where exchange is involved; nor shall any money

Limitations not applicable to Secretary.

Appropriation not available to pay incumnot bent appointed after approval of act.

Provisor applicable.

Unexpended appropriations returned to Treasury.

Report to Congress.

Authority of President to waive impounding of funds.

Restriction on opera- appropriated herein be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment, except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties make such transportation necessary and then only when the same is approved by the head of the department. The limitations of this proviso shall not apply to any motor vehicle for official use of the

Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 3. No appropriation under the Department of the Interior, available during the fiscal years 1932 and/or 1933 shall be used after the date of the approval of this Act to pay the compensation of an incumbent appointed to any position under the Federal Government which is vacant on the date of the approval of this Act or to any When inhibition not such position which may become vacant after such date: Provided. That this inhibition shall not apply (a) to absolutely essential positions the filling of which may be authorized or approved in writing by the President of the United States, either individually or in groups, or (b) to temporary, emergency, seasonal, and cooperative positions. The appropriations or portions of appropriations unexpended by the operation of this section shall not be used for any other purposes but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury, and a report of all such vacancies, the number thereof filled, and the amounts unexpended, for the period between the date of the approval of this Act and October 31, 1932, shall be submitted to Congress on the first day of the next regular session: Provided, That such impounding of funds may be waived in writing by the President of the United States in connection with any appropriation or portion of appropriation, when, in his judgment, such action is necessary and in the public interest.

Approved, April 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 126.]

AN ACT

To amend section 5 of the Criminal Code.

April 22, 1932. [S. 2682.] [Public, No. 96.]

Criminal correspondence with foreign governments.
Vol. 35, p. 1088; U. S.
C., p. 459, amended.
Correction in text.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the Act of March 4, 1909, c. 321 (sec. 5, title 18, U. S. C.), be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 5. Every citizen of the United States, whether actually resident or abiding within the same, or in any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, or in any foreign country, who, without the permission or authority of the Government, directly or indirectly, commences or carries on any verbal or written correspondence or intercourse with any foreign government or any officer or agent thereof, with an intent to influence the measures or conduct of any foreign government or of any officer or agent thereof, in relation to any disputes or controversies with the United States, or to defeat the measures of the Government of the United States; and every person, being a citizen of or resident within the United States or in any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, and not duly authorized, who counsels, advises, or assists in any such correspondence with such intent, shall be fined not more than \$5,000 and imprisoned not more than three years; but nothing in this section shall be construed to

Punishment for.

abridge the right of a citizen to apply, himself or his agent, to any foreign government or the agents thereof for redress of any injury Redre injuries. which he may have sustained from such government or any of its agents or subjects."

Redress of personal

Approved, April 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 127.]

AN ACT

Granting certain lands to the board of commissioners of the Orleans levee district in the city of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, for levee and street purposes.

April 22, 1932. [H. R. 8779.] [Public, No. 97.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the followingdescribed land, to wit: A strip of land two hundred and ten and street purposes granted two one-hundredths feet in length and thirty feet in depth, fronting on North Peters Street, between Barracks Street and Esplanade Avenue, being a part of the Old Mint Site, transferred to the control and custody of the Department of Justice by the Secretary of the Treasury on May 15, 1931, and shown on a plan made by the chief engineer of the Board of Levee Commissioners, dated January 2, 1932, be, and the same is hereby, granted to the board of commissioners of the Orleans levee district, of New Orleans, Louisiana, for levee and street purposes; and the Attorney General is, upon the passage of this Act, authorized to execute a proper quit-claim deed upon due proof of the organization and legal existence of the board of commissioners of the Orleans levee district.

New Orleans, La. Land for levee and

Sec. 2. That the said lands are granted solely for levee and street purposes, and shall revert to and become the property of the United States of America, if used for any purpose whatsoever other than or foreign to those for which this donation is made.

Reversion for non-

Sec. 3. The transfer of this property and its use for the purposes mentioned shall be without expense to the United States of America. No Federal expense.

Approved, April 22 1932.

[CHAPTER 128.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River at or near Tenth Street in Bettendorf, Iowa.

April 22, 1932, [H. R. 9066.] Public, No. 98.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of the bridge across bridging, at Bettenthe Mississippi River at or near Tenth Street in Bettendorf. Iowa. the Mississippi River at or near Tenth Street in Bettendorf, Iowa, authorized to be built by B. F. Peek, G. A. Shallberg, and C. I. Josephson, of Moline, Illinois; J. W. Bettendorf, A. J. Russell, and J. L. Hecht, of Bettendorf and Davenport, Iowa, their heirs, legal representatives, and assigns, by the Act of Congress approved May Vol. 45, pp. 759, 1512; pp. 1502, 1000 hands for artended by Acts of Congress approved March 2, arrended, pp. 552, 26, 1928, heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved March 2, amended. 1929, and June 10, 1930, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof.

Mississippi River.

Post, p. 1415.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, April 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 129.]

AN ACT

April 22, 1932. IH. R. 9143.1 [Public, No. 99.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Elbowoods, North Dakota.

Missouri River. Time extended bridging, at E woods, N. Dak. Vol. 46, p. for 46, p. amended.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the 1526, Missouri River, at or near Elbowoods, North Dakota, authorized to be built by the State of North Dakota, by an Act of Congress approved March 4, 1931, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from March 4, 1932.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, April 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 130.]

AN ACT

April 22, 1932. [H. R. 9301.] [Public, No. 100.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Black River at or near Pocahontas, Arkansas.

tas, Ark.

Black River. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Time extended for United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for bridging, at Pocahon-commencing and completing the commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Black River at or near Pocahontas, Arkansas, authorized to be built by the Arkansas State Highway Commission by an Act of Congress approved April 12, 1930, are hereby extended one and three years,

162, Vol. 46, ъ. amended.

Amendment.

respectively, from the date of approval hereof.
Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, April 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 131.]

AN ACT

April 22, 1932. [H. R. 9974.] [Public, No. 101.]

To authorize appointment of public-school employees between meetings of the Board of Education.

Public schools, D. C. Provisional appointments, etc., by the Superintendent, authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Superintendent of Schools of the District of Columbia be, and he is hereby, authorized to accept the resignation or the application for retirement of any employee, to grant leave of absence to any employee, to extend or terminate any temporary appointment, and to make all changes in personnel and appointments growing out of such resignation, retirement, leave of absence, termination of temporary appointment, or caused by the decease or suspension of any employee, or the organization of a new class or classes, and to perform such other duties necessary for the operation of the public school system as may be authorized by the Board of Education, provisionally and until the next regular meeting of the Board of Education.

Authority conferred on acting superintend-

Inconsistent laws repealed.

SEC. 2. That the authority conferred on the superintendent of schools by this Act shall, during his authorized absence, devolve on the person designated as acting superintendent of schools.

SEC. 3. All laws or parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions

of this Act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Approved, April 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 132.]

AN ACT

To revive and reenact the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the South Carolina and the Georgia Highway Departments to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Savannah River at or near Burtons Ferry, near Sylvania, Georgia," approved May 26, 1928.

April 22, 1932, [H. R. 10088.] [Public, No. 102.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act Savannah River. Authority for bridgapproved May 26, 1928, granting the consent of Congress to the ing, at Burtons Ferry, South Carolina and the Georgia State Highway Departments to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Savannah amended. River at or near Burtons Ferry, near Sylvania, Georgia, be, and the same is hereby, revived and reenacted: Provided, That this Act shall be null and void unless the actual construction of the bridge herein referred to be commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval hereof.

Ga., revived. Vol. 45, p.

Proviso.
Time restriction.

Amendment.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, April 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 133.]

AN ACT

To provide for the extension and widening of Michigan Avenue in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

April 22, 1932, [H. R. 10489.] [Public, No. 103.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to extend and widen Michigan Avenue between First Street and Park Place northwest, and to improve traffic conditions, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to use for street purposes all of the land line ized to use for street purposes all of the land lying within the McMillan Park and the United States Soldiers' Home grounds which is comprised within the parcels designated A and B as shown on map filed in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia and numbered as map 1650, together with any and all additional land that may be necessary for slopes in the proper construction etc. of roadway and sidewalks.

District of Columbia.

Additional for slopes,

Federal property

SEC. 2. The Chief of Engineers, United States Army, is hereby authorized and directed to transfer to the Commissioners of the transferred. District of Columbia for street purposes all of the land comprised within the parcels designated A, as shown on map filed in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia and numbered as map 1650; and the Board of Commissioners of the United States Soldiers' Home is hereby authorized and directed to transfer to said Commissioners of the District of Columbia for street purposes all of the land comprised within the parcels designated B, as shown on said map filed in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia and numbered as map 1650.

Exchanges with U.S. Soldiers' Home.

SEC. 3. That the Board of Commissioners of the United States Soldiers' Home shall transfer to the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, all of the land comprised within the parcels designated C, as shown on map filed in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia and numbered as map 1650, to be used as part of the McMillan Park; and the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, shall transfer to the Board of Commissioners of the United States Soldiers' Home all of the land comprised within the parcels designated D, as shown on said map filed in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia and numbered as map 1650, to be used as part of the United States Soldiers' Home grounds.

Certified plats to be prepared.

To be recorded in surveyor's office.

To constitute a legal transfer.

Alteration of service mains, restoration of property, etc., at District expense.

SEC. 4. That the surveyor of the District of Columbia is hereby authorized to prepare the necessary plat or plats showing all parcels of land to be transferred in accordance with the provisions of this Act, with a certificate affixed thereon to be signed by the parties in interest making the necessary transfers; which plat and certificate, after being signed by the various interested officials and approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, shall be recorded upon order of said Commissioners in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia; and said plat or plats, when duly recorded in said office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia, shall constitute a legal transfer for the purposes designated according to the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 5. The District of Columbia shall perform the necessary work and shall pay any and all expenses for removing and replacing water mains, removing, reconstructing, and repainting the boundary fence of the United States Soldiers' Home and bringing the surface of the areas reconstructed to proper grade with loose earth suitable for growing vegetation and otherwise replacing the property of the United States Soldiers' Home in the same condition as it was before construction was undertaken; any trees required to be cut along the proposed route and on the areas authorized to be transferred by the United States Soldiers' Home to remain the property of the United States Soldiers' Home and to be cut into such lengths as may be suitable for cord wood or lumber, and to be split and stacked by said District of Columbia as directed by the governor of said home.

Approved, April 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 134.]

AN ACT

April 23, 1932. [H. R. 8087.] [Public, No. 104.]

Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to vacate withdrawals of public lands under the reclamation law, with reservation of rights, ways, and easements.

Public lands. reclamation projects, containing minerals.

Rights, es easements,

Use of construction materials.

Contract requirements.

Indemnity, etc., cov-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Opening to entry, re. United States of America in Congress assembled, That where public linguished portions of lands of the United States have been withdrawn for possible use for reclamation projects, construction purposes under the Federal reclamation laws, and are known or believed to be valuable for minerals and would, if not so withdrawn, be subject to location and patent under the general mining laws, the Secretary of the Interior, when in his opinion the rights of the United States will not be prejudiced thereby, may, in his discretion, open the land to location, entry, and patent under the general mining laws, reserving such ways, rights, and easements over or to such lands as may be prescribed by him and as may be deemed necessary or appropriate, including the right to take and remove from such lands construction materials for use in the construction of irrigation works, and/or the said Secretary may require the execution of a contract by the intending locator or entryman as a condition precedent to the vesting of any rights in him, when in the opinion of the Secretary same may be necessary for the protection of the irrigation interests. Such reservations or contract rights may be in favor of the United States or irrigation concerns cooperating or contracting with the United States and operating in the The Secretary may prescribe the form of vicinity of such lands. such contract which shall be executed and acknowledged and recorded in the county records and United States local land office by any locator or entryman of such land before any rights in their favor attach thereto, and the locator or entryman executing such contract shall undertake such indemnifying covenants and shall grant such rights over such lands as in the opinion of the Secretary may be necessary for the protection of Federal or private irrigation in the vicinity. Notice of such reservation or of the necessity of executing to be of public record. such prescribed contract shall be filed in the General Land Office and in the appropriate local land office, and notations thereof shall be made upon the appropriate tract books, and any location or entry thereafter made upon or for such lands, and any patent therefor shall be subject to the terms of such contract and/or to such reserved ways, rights, or easements and such entry or patent shall contain a reference thereto.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior may prescribe such rules and prescribed. regulations as may be necessary to enable him to enforce the provisions of this Act.

Approved, April 23, 1932.

Notice of reservation

Force and effect.

[CHAPTER 136.]

AN ACT

To confer jurisdiction on the Court of Claims to hear and determine certain claims of the Eastern or Emigrant and the Western or Old Settler Cherokee Indians against the United States, and for other purposes.

April 25, 1932. [S. 2405.] [Public, No. 105.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all claims Oklahoma. Cherokee Indians in against the United States of the Eastern or Emigrant Cherokees, and Claims of Eastern or the Western Cherokee or Old Settler Indians, so called, who are duly ern or Old Settler Indians of Eastern or Cherokee Indians of Court of Claims. classes, respectively, may be submitted to the Court of Claims, and jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon the Court of Claims, notwithstanding the lapse of time or statutes of limitation, to hear, examine, adjudicate, and render judgment in any and all legal and equitable waived. claims arising or growing out of any treaty or agreement between the United States and the Cherokee Indians, or arising or growing out of any Act of Congress in relation to Indian affairs, which the said Eastern or Emigrant and Western or Old Settler Cherokees may have against the United States, which claims have not heretofore been determined and adjudicated on their merits by the Court of Claims or the Supreme Court of the United States and paid in full: Provided, That said Eastern or Emigrant and Western or Old Settler Cherokee Indians may act together or as two bodies hereunder as suits. they may be advised: Provided further, That the said Eastern or pending suits. Emigrant and Western or Old Settler Cherokees may intervene in any suit or suits now pending in the Court of Claims under authority of the Act of Congress approved March 19, 1924 (43 Stat. L. 27, 28), in which the Cherokee Nation is party plaintiff and the United States party defendant.

SEC. 2. Any and all claims against the United States within the purview of this Act shall be forever barred unless suit or suits or intervening petition shall be filed, subject to amendment, however, as herein provided in the Court of Claims within six months from the date of approval of this Act, and such suit or suits shall make the Eastern or Emigrant and/or Western or Old Settler Cherokees party or parties plaintiff and the United States party defendant. petition or petitions shall be verified by the attorney or attorneys employed to prosecute such claim or claims under contract or contracts with the said Indians approved in accordance with existing laws, and said contract or contracts shall be executed in their behalf by a committee or committees selected by said Indians or provided by existing law. Official letters, papers, documents, and records, maps,

Claims of Eastern or

Jurisdiction con-ferred. Statutes of limitation

Provisos. Joint or separate Intervention in

Vol. 43, p. 28.

Petitions to be filed within six months.

Verification.

Evidence admitted.

or certified copies thereof, may be used in evidence; and the departments of the Government shall give access to the attorney or attorneys of said Indians to such treaties, papers, maps, correspondence, or reports as they may require in the preparation and prosecution of any suit or suits instituted under this Act.

Counter claims.

Sec. 3. In said suit or suits the court shall also hear, examine, consider, and adjudicate any claims which the United States may have against the said Indians or any of them, but any payment or payments which have been made by the United States upon any such claim or claims shall not operate as an estoppel but may be placed as an off-set in such suit or suits, and the United States shall be allowed to plead and shall be given credit for all sums, including gratuities, paid to or expended for any of said classes of Indians: Provided, however, That in any claim sued on by said Cherokees for any part of an interest-bearing fund upon which account any payment or payments shall have been made, such payment or payments shall first be applied to reduction or payment of interest earned to the date of such respective payments, and the balance, if any, shall then be applied to reduce the interest-bearing principal, and not otherwise.

Set-offs.

Proviso. Priority of payments.

Joinder of other tribes.

Proviso.

Sec. 4. Any other tribes or bands of Indians the court may deem necessary to a final determiniation of any suit or suits brought here-Proviso.

Fees, etc., to be in. under may be joined therein as the court may order: Provided, That cluded in Court decree. upon final determination of such suit or suits the Court of Claims shall have jurisdiction to fix and determine a reasonable fee, not to exceed 10 per centum of recovery or recoveries, together with all necessary and proper expenses incurred in the preparation and prosecution of such suit or suits, to be paid to the attorney or attorneys employed as herein provided by the said Indians, and the same shall be included in the decree and shall be paid out of any sum or sums Disposition of bal- adjudged to be due said Indians, or any of them, and the balance of such sum or sums shall be placed in the Treasury of the United States, where it shall draw interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, and be disposed of as provided by existing law.

Approved, April 25, 1932.

[CHAPTER 137.]

AN ACT

Relating to the construction of a Federal building at Ponca City, Oklahoma.

Ponca City, Okla. Federal building at,

April 25, 1932. [S. 3086.]

[Public, No. 106.]

to provide facilities for District Court.

Cost limitation.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in the construction of the Federal building at Ponca City, Oklahoma, authorized by an Act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations (Public, Numbered 519, Seventy-first Congress), the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to provide facilities for the holding of terms of the District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma, provided that the total cost of said building, including the site, shall not exceed the sum of \$250,000 heretofore appropriated and now available for such construction. Approved, April 25, 1932.

² So in original.

[CHAPTER 138.]

AN ACT

Authorizing and directing the Secretary of War to lend to the entertainment committee of the United Confederate Veterans two hundred and fifty pyramidal tents, complete; fifteen 16 by 80 by 40 foot assembly tents; thirty 11 by 50 by 15 foot hospital-ward tents; ten thousand blankets, olive drab, numbered 4; five thousand pillowcases; five thousand canvas cots; five thousand cotton pillows; five thousand bed sacks; ten thousand bed sheets; twenty field ranges, numbered 1; ten field bake ovens; fifty water bags (for ice water); to be used at the encampment of the United Confederate Veterans, to be held at Richmond. Virginia, in June, 1932.

April 25, 1932. [H. R. 5848.] [Public, No. 107.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to lend, at his discretion, Loan of Army tents, to the entertainment committee of the United Confederate Veterans, Richmond, Va. whose encampment is to be held at Richmond, Virginia, June 21, 22, 23, and 24, 1932, two hundred and fifty pyramidal tents, complete with all poles, pegs, and other equipment necessary for their erection; fifteen 16 by 80 by 40 foot assembly tents, complete with all poles, pegs, and other equipment necessary for their erection; thirty 11 by 50 by 15 foot hospital-ward tents, complete with all their poles, pegs, and equipment necessary for their erection; twenty field ranges, numbered 1, with necessary equipment for their erection; ten field bake ovens with necessary equipment for their erection; fifty water bags (for ice water); ten thousand blankets, olive drab, numbered 4; five thousand pillowcases; five thousand canvas cots; five thousand cotton pillows; five thousand bed sacks; and ten thousand bed sheets: Provided, That no expense shall be caused the United States Government by the delivery and return of said pense. property, the same to be delivered from the nearest quartermaster depot at such time prior to the holding of said encampment as may be agreed upon by the Secretary of War and the general chairman of the said entertainment committee, Robert T. Barton, junior: Provided further, That the Secretary of War, before delivery of such property, shall take from said Robert T. Barton, junior, general chairman of the Forty-second Annual Confederate Reunion, a good and sufficient bond for the safe return of said property in good order and condition and the whole without expense to the United States.

Provisos. No Government ex-

Bond required.

Approved, April 25, 1932.

[CHAPTER 139.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the granting by the Secretary of War of a right of way to the Georgia Highway Department.

April 25, 1932. [H. R. 7788.] [Public, No. 108.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to grant to the highway department of the State of Georgia a right of way for a public, across Andersonv. National Cemetery. hard-surfaced road through a part of the uninclosed portion of the Government property embraced in the national cemetery reservation at Andersonville, Georgia.

Georgia Highway Department. Right of way granted, across Andersonville

Approved, April 25, 1932.

[CHAPTER 149.]

AN ACT

April 27, 1932. [H. R. 10362.] Public, No. 109.]

To require the approval of the General Council of the Seminole Tribe or Nation in case of the disposal of any tribal land.

Seminole Okla. Disposal council.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Indians, United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter the Disposal of tribal Secretary of the Interior shall not sell, lease, encumber, or in any land subject to approval of its general manner dispose of, any land or any interest in land belonging to the Seminole Tribe or Nation in Oklahoma or reserved for the benefit of such tribe, except with the approval of the Seminole Tribe or Nation acting through its general council selected in pursuance of Seminole customs.

Approved, April 27, 1932.

[CHAPTER 150.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

April 29, 1932. [H. J. Res., 375.] [Pub. Res., No. 17.]

To provide additional appropriations for contingent expenses of the House of Representatives for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932.

Additional appropriations for contingent expenses.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United House of Represents- States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for contingent expenses of the House of Representatives for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932:

Special and select committees.

For expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, \$15,000.

Furniture, etc.

For furniture and materials for repairs of the same, including

labor, tools, and machinery for furniture repair shops, \$6,500.

Stenographic reports of hearings.

For stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than

special and select committees, \$5,000.

Approved, April 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 151.]

AN ACT

May 2, 1932. [S. 3570.] [Public, No. 110.]

To amend the Act entitled "An Act confirming in States and Territories title to land granted by the United States in the aid of common or public schools, approved January 25, 1927.

Extension of com-mon school grants to mineral sections. Vol. 44, p. amended. 1026,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subsections (b) and (c) of section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act confirming in States and Territories title to land granted by the United States in the aid of common or public schools," approved January 25, 1927, be amended to read as follows:

Mineral grants on sold lands reserved to

"(b) That the additional grant made by this Act is upon the express condition that all sales, grants, deeds, or patents for any of the lands so granted shall hereafter be subject to and contain a reservation to the State of all the coal and other minerals in the lands so sold, granted, deeded, or patented, together with the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same. The coal and other mineral deposits in such lands not heretofore disposed of by the State shall be subject to lease by the State as the State legislature may direct, the proceeds and rentals and royalties therefrom to be utilized for the support or in aid of the common or public schools: Provided, That any lands or minerals hereafter disposed of contrary to the provisions of this Act shall be forfeited to the United States by appropriate proceedings instituted by the Attorney Gen-

eral for that purpose in the United States district court for the dis-

trict in which the property or some part thereof is located.

Undisposed deposits subject to State lease.

Proviso. Forfeiture for contravention.

"(c) That any lands included within the limits of existing reservations of or by the United States, or specifically reserved for waterpower purposes, or included in any pending suit or proceeding in the courts of the United States, or subject to or included in any valid application, claim, or right initiated or held under any of the existing laws of the United States, unless or until such reservation, application, claim, or right is extinguished, relinquished, or canceled, and all lands in the Territory of Alaska, are excluded from the provisions of this Act."

e provisions of this Act.

SEC. 2. This amendatory Act shall take effect as of January 25, ary 25, 1927.

Benefits to States be selected lieu lands since Benefits to States.

Benefits to States be selected lieu lands since Benefits to States. 1927; and in any case in which a State has selected lieu lands since such date under the Act approved February 28, 1891 (26 Stat. of lieu lands subsected), and still retains title thereto, such State may, within ninety quently selected. days after the date of the enactment of this Act, relinquish to the United States all right, title, and interest in such lands and shall thereupon be entitled to all the benefits of the Act of January 25, 1927, as amended by this Act.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

Lands excluded.

Effective as of Janu-

Vol. 44, p. 1026.

[CHAPTER 152.]

AN ACT

To grant certain lands to the State of Colorado for the benefit of the Colorado School of Mines.

May 2, 1932. [H. R. 231.] Public, No. 111.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue use of the Colorado to the State of Colorado patent conveying title to the south half school of Mines. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary southeast quarter section 22; the north half northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter northwest quarter section 27, township 18 south, range 66 west, sixth principal meridian, Colorado, for the use and benefit of the Colorado School of Mines located at Golden, upon payment to the United States of \$1.25 per acre therefor: Provided, That there is found to be no conflicting valid claim to the lands so described: And provided further, That there shall be reserved to the Minerals, etc., re-United States all coal, oil, gas, or other mineral deposits found at any time in the land, together with the right of the United States. its grantees or permittees, to prospect for, mine, and remove such deposits, under such rules, regulations, and conditions as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

Approved, May 2, 1932

Provisos.Title.

[CHAPTER 153.]

AN ACT

To authorize the conveyance by the United States to the State of Minnesota of lot 4, section 18, township 131 north, range 29 west, in the county of Morrison, Minnesota.

May 2, 1932. [H. R. 5603.] [Public, No. 112.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to convey Military Reservation, to the State of Minnesota all right, title, and interest of the United Conveyed to. States in and to lot 4, section 18, township 131 north, range 29 west, fifth principal meridian in the county of Morrison, State of Minnesota, formerly a part of Fort Ripley military reservation and restored to homestead entry by Act of April 1, 1880 (21 Stat. L. 69), for military purposes and specifically as part of Camp Ripley Military Reservation. Such conveyance shall contain the express condition

Minnesota.

Description.

Vol. 21, p. 69.

Reversion for non-

that if said State of Minnesota shall at any time cease to use such lot for such purpose or shall alienate or attempt to alienate such lot, title thereto shall revert to the United States.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 154.]

AN ACT

May 2, 1932. [H. R. 8084.] [Public, No. 113.]

For the protection of the northern Pacific halibut fishery.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

Northern Pacific Halibut Act.

SHORT TITLE

Short title.

Section 1. That this Act may be cited as the Northern Pacific Halibut Act.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Terms defined.

SEC. 2. For the purposes of this Act "close season" shall mean the period from the 1st day of November in any year to the 15th day of February in the next following year, both days inclusive, unless this period or any part thereof shall be opened to fishing by regulation of the International Fisheries Commission, as empowered by the provisions of the Convention for the Preservation of the Halibut Fishery of Northern Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea, signed on behalf of the United States of America and the Dominion of Canada, May 9, 1930, or any other close season hereafter established by the International Fisheries Commission in accordance with the provisions of that convention; "territorial waters of the United States" shall mean the waters contiguous to the western coast of the United States and the waters contiguous to the southern and western coasts of Alaska; "territorial waters of Canada" shall mean the waters contiguous to the western coast of Canada; and "convention waters" shall mean the territorial waters of the United States, the territorial waters of Canada, and the high seas, including Bering Sea, extending westerly from the limits of the territorial waters of the United States and of Canada.

Post, p. 1783.

FISHING UNLAWFUL; WHEN

Fishing, etc., for, during closed season, unlawful.

In prohibited waters.

Unintentional catching,
Not a violation if used for food,

Or delivered to fishery official.

Sale; use of proceeds.

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person to fish for, or catch, or attempt to catch, any halibut (Hippoglossus) at any time in any of the territorial waters of the United States closed to fishing under the provisions of the above-mentioned convention or by any regulations adopted in pursuance thereof, or under the provisions of this Act, or for any national or inhabitant of the United States to fish for, or catch, or attempt to catch, any halibut at any time in any of the convention waters so closed to fishing, or to violate any regulations established pursuant to the authority of the convention. unintentional catching of halibut, when legally fishing for other species of fish, shall not constitute a violation of this Act if such halibut shall be used for food by the crew of the vessel catching the same, or be landed and immediately delivered to any official duly authorized by the Secretary of Commerce of the United States to accept delivery, or delivered to the proper authorities of the Do-The halibut delivered to any official of the minion of Canada. United States pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be sold to the highest bidder for cash and the proceeds therefrom, exclusive of necessary expenses in connection therewith, shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

UNLAWFUL PORT USE; DEPARTURES

SEC. 4. No person, firm, or corporation shall use any port of or place in the United States to furnish, prepare, or outfit any vessel, boat, or other craft intended to be used in violation of the Convention for the Preservation of the Halibut Fishery or in violation of this Act, nor shall any person permit, or cause to be permitted, any vessel, boat, or other craft intended to be used in violation of the said convention or of this Act to depart from any port of or place in the United States.

UNLAWFUL PORT ENTRY; POSSESSION

SEC. 5. It shall be unlawful for any vessel, boat, or other craft catch contrary to Act, having on board any halibut caught contrary to any of the provi-unlawful. sions of the said convention or of this Act to enter any port or place in the United States, or for any vessel, boat, or other craft to enter any such port or place while upon or in the prosecution of any vovage during which the vessel, boat, or other craft fished or was used in fishing for halibut in convention waters closed to fishing. shall be unlawful for any person knowingly to have in his possession in any port of or place in the United States or in any territorial water of the United States any halibut unlawfully caught under the provisions of the said convention or of this Act. It shall also be unlawful for any person to land in any port of or place in the United States halibut caught in convention waters during any period closed to fishing.

It Possessing ful catch. unlaw-

Landing, etc.

PENALTY

SEC. 6. Any person violating any of the provisions of the said lation. convention or of this Act shall be fined not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.

PATROLS; SEARCHES

SEC. 7. The President shall cause a patrol of naval or other public enforcement. vessels designated by him to be maintained in such places and waters as to him shall seem expedient for enforcing the said convention and this Act, and any officer of any vessel engaged in such service, and any other officers designated by the President, may stop, board, and search any vessel, boat, or other craft in the territorial waters of the United States and any vessel, boat, or other craft of the United States on the high seas when suspected of having violated or being about to violate any of the provisions of the said convention or of this Act.

Searches.

CANADIAN VESSELS AND NATIONALS

SEC. 8. Every national or inhabitant and every vessel, boat, or nationals. other craft of Canada found violating the said convention or this Delivery to Canada Act shall be delivered as soon as practicable to an authorized official diam authorities, if violating this Act. of Canada at the nearest point to the place of seizure or elsewhere as the officials of the United States seizing the same and the authorized officials of Canada may agree upon, and the witnesses and proof necessary to the prosecution of said persons and vessels of Canada shall be furnished with reasonable promptitude to the authorities of Canada having jurisdiction thereof.

SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE

Seizure, forfeiture, tc., of vessels employed in violation.

Ante, p. 143.

Sec. 9. Every vessel, boat, or craft, employed in any manner in violating any of the provisions of the said convention or of this Act shall be seized by any collector, surveyor, inspector, officer of a revenue cutter, or person specified in section 7 hereof, and except as provided in section 8 hereof, every such vessel, boat, or craft, including its tackle, apparel, furniture, cargo, and stores, shall be forfeited to the United States by proper proceedings in the district court of the United States, including the United States District Courts of Alaska, in the judicial district in which the violation is alleged to have occurred; or in the United States district court in the nearest judicial district within the United States, if the violation is alleged to have occurred outside the territorial waters of the United States.

FISHERIES COMMISSION EXEMPTION

Fisheries Commission Sec. 10. None of the inhibitions contained in this Act snan apply scientific investigation to the International Fisheries Commission when engaged in any

DURATION OF ACT

Duration.

Sec. 11. This Act shall take effect immediately and shall continue in force until the termination of the convention signed by the United States and the Dominion of Canada, on May 9, 1930, for the preservation of the halibut fishery of the northern Pacific Ocean and Bering Sea.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 155.]

AN ACT

May 2, 1932. [H. R. 8914.] [Public, No. 114.]

To accept the grant by the State of Montana of concurrent police jurisdiction over the rights of way of the Blackfeet Highway, and over the rights of way of its connections with the Glacier National Park road system on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation in the State of Montana.

Rights of way, Black-feet Highway, Mont. Acceptance of grant by Montana of concur-rent jurisdiction over, and connections with Glacier National Park.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the act of the Legislature of the State of Montana, approved February 27, 1929, granting to the United States concurrent police jurisdiction over and within all the territory which is now or may hereafter be included in the rights of way of the Blackfeet Highway, including the highway itself throughout its length between Glacier Park Station and the Canadian boundary line, and including also the rights of way of the highways on the Blackfeet Indian Reservation connecting the Blackfeet Highway with the Glacier National Park road system, including the highways themselves, are hereby accepted, and the laws and regulations of the United States relating to and while in force within the Glacier National Park, so far as applicable, are hereby extended over and within the territory of said rights of way and highways.

Applicability of Federal laws, etc.

Notice to Governor.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior shall notify, in writing, the Governor of the State of Montana of the passage and approval of this Act, and so far as the interests of the United States shall require, the said Secretary shall exercise administrative control and jurisdiction over said rights of way and highways through the National Park Service.

Administrative control

SEC. 3. The United States commissioner for the Glacier National Commissioner for Commissioner for the Glacier National Park. Park shall have jurisdiction under the provisions of the Act of August 22, 1914 (38 Stat. 699), of violations of law or the rules and tended.

August 22, 1914 (38 Stat. 699), of violations of law or the rules and tended.

Vol. 38, p. 699, regulations of the Secretary of the Interior in force within said Wol. 3 amended. rights of way and highways.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 156.]

AN ACT

To authorize expenditures for the enforcement of the contract-labor provisions of the immigration law.

May 2, 1932. [H. R. 9598.] [Public, No. 115.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 24 of the Immigration Act of February 5, 1917 (39 Stat. 874), is amended visions, enforcer amount increased. by striking out the figures "\$100,000" where they appear in said section and inserting in lieu thereof the figures "\$200,000."

Immigration law. Contract labor pro-isions, enforcement Vol. 39, p. 893, amended.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 157.]

AN ACT

For establishment of the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park.

May 2, 1932. [H. R. 4752.] [Public, No. 116.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the pur- International Peace pose of permanently commemorating the long-existing relationship of peace and good will existing between the people and Governments of Canada and the United States and upon the enactment by the proper authority of the Canadian Government of a similar provision respecting the Waterton Lakes National Park in the Province of Alberta and upon the proclamation of the President of the United States, who is hereby authorized to issue such a proclamation, the Fost, p. 2519. Glacier National Park in the State of Montana shall become a part Park to become a part. of an international park to be known as the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park.

Watertown-Glacier Park. Establishment of.

Concurrent action by

Proclamation to is-

Sec. 2. For purposes of administration, promotion, development, tion within the United and support by appropriations that part of the said Waterton-Glacier States. International Peace Park within the territory of the United States shall be designated as the Glacier National Park.

Approved, May 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 162.]

AN ACT

To authorize the modification of the boundary line between the Panama Canal Zone and the Republic of Panama, and for other purposes.

May 3, 1932. [H. R. 7119.] [Public, No. 117.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That with respect tary Reservation.

Paitilla Point Military Reservation, title to which was acquired by the Government of the United States under the conventions controlled an Newschen 18, 1902, and Sentember 2, 1914, but and the Congress assembled at the Conventions controlled an Newschen 18, 1902, and Sentember 2, 1914, but and the Conventions controlled an Newschen 18, 1902, and Sentember 2, 1914, but and the Conventions controlled an Newschen 18, 1902, and Sentember 2, 1914, but and the Conventions controlled an Newschen 18, 1902, and Sentember 2, 1914, but and the Conventions controlled a cluded on November 18, 1903, and September 2, 1914, between the 38, p. 1893, p. 2234; Vol. United States and Panama, the Secretary of State be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to effect with the Republic cf Panama a modification of the boundary line between the Panama Canal Zone and the Republic of Panama so that such line shall then run as follows:

"Beginning at a concrete monument marked "E," which is a point on the line on the north boundary of the Paitilla Point Mili-

tary Reservation as shown on Panama Canal Drawing Numbered X-6053-1, whose geodetic coordinates are latitude eight degrees fifty-eight minutes plus four thousand four hundred and forty-five and six one-hundredths feet and longitude seventy-nine degrees thirty-one minutes plus nine hundred and twenty-three and fifty onehundredths feet, and following along a course of south thirty-three degrees east for seven hundred and ninety feet to a concrete monument marked "F"; thence along a course of south twenty-one degrees forty-five minutes east for a distance of four hundred and ninety feet to a concrete monument marked "G"; thence along a course of south fifty-two degrees west for eight hundred and seventy feet to a concrete monument marked "H"; thence along a course of south seventy-six degrees thirty minutes west for seven hundred and eighty feet more or less to a point marked "I" on the map, which is an imaginary point located on the center line of the Matasnillo River, which forms the west boundary of the military reservation. All bearings are true. All coordinates are referred to the Panama Colon Datum."

Title and jurisdiction.

Sec. 2. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to authorize the Secretary of State to convey or to surrender to the Government of Panama the title which the Government of the United States now holds in that parcel of land which may be detached from the Panama Canal Zone by virtue of the provisions of section 1 of this Act.

Pending court proceedings.

SEC. 3. No civil or criminal case that may be pending in the courts of the Panama Canal Zone at the time this Act shall become effective shall be affected thereby, either as to its present status or as to future proceedings, including final judgment or disposition.

Approved, May 3, 1932.

[CHAPTER 164.]

AN ACT

May 4, 1932. [H. R. 5484.] [Public, No. 118.] Extending the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the sale of desert lands in certain States and Territories," approved March 3, 1877 (19 Stat. 377), and Acts amendatory thereof, to ceded lands of the Fort Hall Indian Reservation.

Fort Hall 25, p. 687. Vol. 31, p. 672. Proviso. Price restriction.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Indian United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provi-Reservation, Idaho.

Desert land lawmade sions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the sale of desert applicable to coded lands in certain States and Territories," approved March 3, 1877 (19 lands of. lands of.
Vol. 19, p. 377; Vol. Stat. 377), and Acts amendatory thereof, are made applicable to the ceded lands on the former Fort Hall Indian Reservation opened to entry by the Act of June 6, 1900 (31 Stat. 672): Provided, That no land shall be disposed of at less than the price fixed by that Act. Approved, May 4, 1932.

[CHAPTER 165.]

AN ACT

May 4, 1932. [H. R. 19495.] [Public, No. 119.] Amending an Act of Congress approved February 28, 1919 (40 Stat. L. 1206), granting the city of San Diego certain lands in the Cleveland National Forest and the Capitan Grande Indian Reservation for dam and reservoir purposes for the conservation of water, and for other purposes, so as to include additional

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the San Diego, Calif. Additional lands United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of granted to, for water an Act of Congress approved February 28, 1919, granting the city of San Diego certain lands in the Cleveland National Forest and the Capitan Grande Indian Reservation for dam and reservoir purposes for the conservation of water and other purposes, be amended to read wol. 40, p. 1206, as follows:

"That the south half northeast quarter northwest quarter and the National Forest. north half southwest quarter section 8; the west half southwest quarter southwest quarter and the west half northeast quarter northwest quarter section 9, all in township 15 south, range 2 east, San Bernardino base and meridian, within the Cleveland National Forest; and the southwest quarter southwest quarter, the east half southwest Grande Indian Reserquarter, the northwest quarter southeast quarter and the west half vation. northeast quarter southeast quarter section 11; the north half northwest quarter and the southwest quarter northwest quarter section 14; the southeast quarter southwest quarter, the southwest quarter southeast quarter, the east half southwest quarter southwest quarter. the northeast quarter southwest quarter, the east half northeast quarter northwest quarter, the east half southeast quarter northwest quarter, the northeast quarter, the north half southeast quarter and the southeast quarter southeast quarter section 15; the northeast quarter southeast quarter section 21; the northwest quarter northeast quarter, the northwest quarter, the north half southwest quarter, the southwest quarter southwest quarter, the west half northeast quarter northeast quarter, and the south half northeast quarter section 22; the west half northwest quarter section 27; the east half northeast quarter, the southwest quarter northeast quarter, the southeast quarter, the east half northeast quarter southwest quarter, the east half southeast quarter southwest quarter, and the east half northwest quarter northeast quarter section 28; and the northeast quarter, the west half southeast quarter, the east half southwest quarter, the southeast quarter northwest quarter, and the east half northeast quarter northwest quarter section 33, all in township 14 south, range 2 east, San Bernardino base and meridian; also the north half southwest quarter, the southwest quarter southwest quarter, the west half northwest quarter southeast quarter, the west half southwest quarter southeast quarter, and the north half southeast quarter southwest quarter section 3; and lots 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and the south half section 4, all in township 15 south, range 2 east, San Bernardino base and meridian, within the Capitan Grande Indian Reservation, all within the county of San Diego and State of California, are hereby granted to the city of San Diego, a municipal corporation in said county and State, for dam and reservoir purposes for the conservation and storage of water, whenever said city shall have provided compensation as hereinafter specified for all property rights Compensation to Mission Indians. and interests and damages done to Mission Indians located upon the Capitan Grande Indian Reservation: Provided, That the lands herein granted shall not be sold, assigned, transferred, or conveyed vate person or authorized use, etc. to any private person, corporation, or association; and in case of any attempt to sell, assign, transfer, or convey, or upon a failure to use and apply said lands exclusively to the purposes herein specified, this grant shall revert to the United States: Provided, however, That ceedings may be disproceedings to acquire the nine hundred and twenty acres of addi-pensed with. tional land granted by this Act, as herein amended, by eminent domain of the State of California as authorized by the provisions of this Act herein contained, may at the option of the city of San Diego be dispensed with, and if the said city so elects and upon ment. payment by said city as compensation for such lands, rights, interests, and damages of the additional sum of \$35,567.20, the Secretary of the Interior of the United States is hereby authorized and directed to issue to said city a patent in fee simple conveying all the rights, titles, and interests of the said Indians and of the United States

Conveyance to pri-ate person or un-

Grant upon pay-

Rights of Indians, etc., not impaired.

in and to all of the lands herein above described: Provided further, That no provisions of this Act and nothing done in carrying out its provisions, as between the United States, said Mission Indians and their grantees, shall in any wise limit or terminate any rights within the Capitan Grande Indian Reservation of any person, persons, or corporations heretofore granted or conveyed under or by authority of the laws of the United States.

Transfer of water rights to remaining lands within Capitan Grande Reservation.

Provisos.
Benefits extended to Indians relocating within San Diego watershed.

'No provisions of this Act and nothing done in carrying out its provisions shall have the effect of terminating or limiting the rights of said Capitan Grande Indians or of the United States in or to the lands or in the waters flowing in or along the lands remaining in and forming a part of the Capitan Grande Reservation after the city of San Diego has acquired title to the lands herein granted: Provided. That in the event the Indians of the Capitan Grande Reservation, or any of them, are located on additional land or lands purchased by the United States for them and situate within the watershed of the San Diego River, the said Indians or any of them or the United States in their behalf shall have the right to transfer to such additional land or lands, in whole or in part, such water rights as they or the United States possess on the Capitan Grande Indian Reservation, and subject to the conditions hereinafter provided shall have the same right to develop and use a like quantity of water on such additional land or lands as they have heretofore had the right to develop and use within said reservation: Provided further, That the total quantity of water developed and used by the said Indians or by the United States in their behalf, including the use continued on the diminished reservation, shall not exceed in the aggregate the total quantity of water which said Indians or the United States in their behalf have heretofore had the right to develop and use within the Capitan Grande Indian Reservation.

Use, etc., of water restricted.

Inviolable rights de-

"The grant herein to the said city of San Diego is hereby expressly made subject to such rights, which rights shall not be subject to loss by nonuse or abandonment thereof so long as the title to said lands remains in the Indians or in the United States.

Vol. 40, p. 1206.

"The funds paid and those to be paid by the said city of San Diego as compensation to the Capitan Grande Indians for their lands shall, in addition to the uses in the Act of February 28, 1919 (40 Stat. L. 1206-1209), for the removal of said Indians as a tribe, be available also for reestablishing individually or as a group or groups the Capitan Grande Band of Indians, including those residing within the Conejos Valley of the retained reservation, on tract or tracts of land to be acquired by purchase or otherwise for them, and for the acquiring of water rights including cost of transferring in whole or in part their present water rights to such other lands, construction of necessary water works, including the development of a water supply, for domestic and irrigation purposes, purchasing or building homes, purchasing of household furnishings, farm equipment, livestock, and other improvements for the benefit of these Indians under such rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior: Provided, That those Indians desiring to remain on that part of the Capitan Grande Reservation not disposed of under this Act may remain thereon and receive such benefits there."

Riparian ownership not affected.

Sec. 2. Nothing contained in section 1 hereof shall be held, deemed, or construed as affecting, altering, or in anywise changing the rights of the riparian owners under the provisions in the Act approved February 28, 1919.

Approved, May 4, 1932.

[CHAPTER 168.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, to deliver to the custody of the Historical Society of Montana, for preservation and exhibition, the silver service which was in use on the gunboat, Numbered 9, Helena.

May 6, 1932. [S. 1047.] [Public, No. 120.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized, in his discretion, to loan to the Historical Society of Montana for preservation and exhibition in the city of Helena, in that State, the silver service which was in use on the gunboat, Numbered 9, Helena, until such time as he may order its return to the Navy: Provided, That no expense shall be incurred by the United States for the delivery of such silver service.

"Helena," gunboat, Numbered 9. Silver service of, de-livered to custody of Historical Society of Montana.

No Federal expense.

Approved, May 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 169.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Randolph, Missouri.

May 6, 1932. [S. 2967.] [Public, No. 121.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for Missouri River. Time extended for commencing and completing the construction of the bridge across bridging, at Randolph, the Missouri River at or near Randolph, Missouri, authorized to be built by The Kansas City Southern Railway Company, its successors and assigns, by the Act of Congress approved May 24, 1928, heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved March 1, 1929, May 14, 1930, and February 6, 1931, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from May 24, 1932.

Vol. 45, pp. 729, 1431,

Vol. 46, p. 1064,

Post, p. 772. Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

amended.

expressly reserved. Approved, May 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 170.]

AN ACT

Providing for the appointment as ensigns in the line of the Navy of all midshipmen who graduate from the Naval Academy in 1932, and for other purposes.

May 6, 1932. [H. R. 8083.] [Public, No. 122.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States is authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint as ensigns in the line of the Navy all or more, of future midshipmen who graduate from the Naval Academy in 1932, and at least 50 per centum of all graduates in subsequent years: Provided, Proviso.

That the number of such officers so appointed shall, while in excess a sertra numbers, etc. of the total number of line officers otherwise authorized by law, be as extra numbers, etc. considered in excess of the number of officers in the grade of ensign as determined by any computation, and shall be excluded from any computation made for the purpose of determining the authorized number of line officers in any grade on the active list above the grade of lieutenant, junior grade, until the total number of line officers shall have been reduced below the number otherwise authorized by

SEC. 2. That all commissions hereafter issued as ensigns in the line Revocation of com-of the Navy, second lieutenants in the Marine Corps, and in the wears, provided. lowest commissioned grades of the Staff Corps of the Navy with the rank of ensign, may be revoked by the Secretary of the Navy, under

rank, etc.

such regulations as he may prescribe, at any time during a period of two years from the dates of such commissions, and each officer whose commission is so revoked shall be discharged from the service Boards to determine with not more than one year's pay. The rank of such officers of the same date of commission among themselves at the end of said period shall be determined by boards of officers under such rules as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, and the recommendations of such boards shall be final when approved by him.

Approved, May 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 171.]

AN ACT

May 7, 1932. [S. 460.] [Public, No. 123.]

To give war-time commissioned rank to retired warrant officers and enlisted men.

to retired warrant of-ficers and enlisted men

Provisos.

No pay increase.

tive duty.

Army, Navy, Marine United States of America in Congress assembled, That all warrant.

War time rank given to retired warrant given to retired warrant warrant warrant. Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States during the World War or the Spanish-American War, and whose service during such war was creditable, and who have been or hereafter may be retired according to law, shall on the date of approval of this Act or upon retirement in the case of those now on the active lists of the services. named herein, be advanced in rank on the retired list to the highest commissioned, warrant, or enlisted grade held by them during such Provisos. Retired men on ac war: Provided, That nothing in this Act shall entitle any of the personnel described herein, while on active duty, to any other rank than that in which they were serving at the time of retirement: And provided further, That no increase in active or retired pay or allowances shall result from the passage of this Act.

Approved, May 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 172.]

AN ACT

May 7, 1932. [S, 2396.] [Public, No. 124.]

Public sale required. Tillable and grazing lands; minimum price.

Leases. Grazing and agricul-tural lands. Mineral leases.

To amend section 11 of the Act approved February 22, 1889 (25 Stat. 676), relating to the admission into the Union of the States of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, and Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Public lands of desig- United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 11 of rated States. United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 11 of Disposal of school the Act approved February 22, 1889 (25 Stat. 676), be, and the Vol. 25, p. 679, same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

amended. That all lands granted by this Act shall be disposed of only at

"That all lands granted by this Act shall be disposed of only at public sale after advertising-tillable lands capable of producing agricultural crops for not less than \$10 per acre and lands principally valuable for grazing purposes for not less than \$5 per acre. Any Exchanges; restriction of the said lands may be exchanged for other lands, public or private, of equal value and as near as may be of equal area, but if any of the said lands are exchanged with the United States such exchange shall be limited to surveyed, nonmineral, unreserved public lands of the United States within the State.

"The said lands may be leased under such regulations as the legislature may prescribe; but leases for grazing and agricultural purposes shall not be for a term longer than five years; mineral leases, including leases for exploration for oil and gas and the extraction For hydroelectric thereof, for a term not longer than twenty years; and leases for development of hydroelectric power for a term not longer than fifty years.

"The State may also, upon such terms as it may prescribe, grant of way.

Ch easements or rights in any of the lands granted by this Act, State grants, in price may be acquired in privately owned lands through proceedings vately owned lands. such easements or rights in any of the lands granted by this Act, as may be acquired in privately owned lands through proceedings in eminent domain: Provided, however, That none of such lands, nor any estate or interest therein, shall ever be disposed of except in pursuance of general laws providing for such disposition, nor unless the full market value of the estate or interest disposed of, to be ascertained in such manner as may be provided by law, has been paid or safely secured to the State.

"With the exception of the lands granted for public buildings, the proceeds from the sale and other permanent disposition of any of the said lands and from every part thereof, shall constitute permanent funds for the support and maintenance of the public schools and the various State institutions for which the lands have been granted. Rentals on leased lands, interest on deferred payments on lands sold, interest on funds arising from these lands, and all other actual income, shall be available for the maintenance and support of such schools and institutions. Any State may, however, in its discretion, add a portion of the annual income to the permanent funds.

"The lands hereby granted shall not be subject to preemption, homestead entry, or any other entry under the land laws of the United States whether surveyed or unsurveyed, but shall be reserved for the purposes for which they have been granted."

Sec. 2. Anything in the said Act approved February 22, 1889, inconsistent states of the said Act approved February 22, 1889, stons repealed. inconsistent with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed.

Approved, May 7, 1932.

Proviso.Conditions imposed.

Schools, etc., maintenance From land sales.

Leases, interest, etc.

From State sources.

Rights reserved.

Inconsistent provi-

[CHAPTER 173.]

AN ACT

To provide for the confirmation of a selection of certain lands by the State of Arizona for the benefit of the University of Arizona.

May 7, 1932. [S. 2428.] [Public, No. 125.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the selection by the State of Arizona under the grant for university purposes made lands by, for University the Act of June 20, 1910 (36 Stat. 557), filed in the Phoenix vol. 36, p. 573. by the Act of June 20, 1910 (36 Stat. 557), filed in the Phoenix (Arizona) United States land office July 7, 1930 (Phoenix serial numbered 068540), for the south half of the northeast quarter, the north half of the southeast quarter, and the west half of section 9, township 14 south, range 16 east of the Gila and Salt River Meridian, Arizona, be ratified and confirmed, and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to approve such selection.

Approved, May 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 174.]

AN ACT

To amend the Act approved February 7, 1927, entitled "An Act to promote the mining of potash on the public domain."

May 7, 1932, [S. 3953.] [Public, No. 126.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act Potash on public do-approved February 7, 1927, entitled "An Act to promote the mining Vol. 44, p. 1058, approved February 7, 1927, entitled "An Act to promote the mining of potash on the public domain," is hereby amended by adding thereto a section, to be numbered 7, reading as follows:

| Main | Main

"SEC. 7. Any prospecting permit issued under this Act may be Extension of prospected by the Secretary of the Interior for a period not exceeding thorized. two years, upon a showing of satisfactory cause."

Approved, May 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 175.]

AN ACT

May 9, 1932. [S. 3908.] [Public, No. 127,]

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to regulate navigation on the Great Lakes and their connecting and tributary waters," approved February 8, 1895.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

paragraphs of rule 3 under the heading "Lights" in the first section

Navigation on the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first two

Vol. 28, p. 645, of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate navigation on the Great Lakes amended." U. S.

Steam vessels.

Regulation of lights.

C., p. 1061, and their connecting and tributary waters," approved February 8, 1895 (U. S. C., title 33, sec. 252), are amended to read as follows: "Rule 3. Except in the cases hereinafter expressly provided for, a steam vessel when under way shall carry: "(a) On or in front of the foremast, or if a vessel without a fore-

mast, then in the fore part of the vessel, at a height above the hull of not less than twenty feet, and if the beam of the vessel exceeds twenty feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such beam, so, however, that such height need not exceed forty feet, a bright white light so constructed as to show an unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of twenty points of the compass, so fixed as to throw the light ten points on each side of the vessel, namely, from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side, and of such character as to be visible at a distance of at least five miles: Provided, however, That such vessels built to navigate the New York State Barge Canal or other similar canals where the bridges prevent them from carrying the headlight at the height prescribed herein, shall

carry such headlight not less than twenty feet above the hull." Sec. 2. This Act shall take effect April 15, 1932.

Approved, May 9, 1932.

Effective date.

Vessels built for New York State Barge Canal

New matter.

Proviso.

navigation.

[CHAPTER 176.]

AN ACT

May 11, 1932, [S. 283.] [Public, No. 128.]

To provide for conveyance of a certain strip of land on Fenwick Island, Sussex County, State of Delaware, for roadway purposes.

Description.

Service.

Proviso. Reversion for nonuser.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Fenwick Island, Del. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary tain land on, for road- of Commerce is hereby authorized to transfer and convey by quitclaim deed to the Levy Court of Sussex County, State of Delaware, the following described parcel of land situate in Sussex County and being a part of the Fenwick Island Lighthouse Reservation: A strip of land sixty feet wide and six hundred and sixty feet long, extending from the west boundary line of the Fenwick Island Lighthouse Reservation to the east boundary line of the lighthouse reservation with the center line running parallel to and three hundred and thirty feet northerly from the east and west boundary line between the States of Delaware and Maryland, which boundary line is the southerly boundary of the Fenwick Island Lighthouse Reservation; the same to be held and made available permanently by said Levy Court of Sussex County, State of Delaware, as a roadway under such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for the use Use by Lighthouse thereof by the public, and that the Lighthouse Service shall have an unrestricted right at all times to use the said roadway for the purposes of access to and egress from the lighthouse reservation: Provided, That should the Levy Court of Sussex County, State of Delaware, fail to keep and hold the said strip of land for roadway purposes or devote it to any use inconsistent with said purposes,

then title to said land shall revert to and be reinvested in the United States and the deed or instrument of conveyance shall recite the reversionary right herein reserved.

Approved, May 11, 1932,

[CHAPTER 177.]

AN ACT

To authorize the sale, on competitive bids, of unallotted lands on the Lac du Flambeau Indian Reservation, in Wisconsin, not needed for allotment, tribal, or administrative purposes.

May 13, 1932. [H. R. 8637.] [Public, No. 129.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That authority is Indian Reservation, hereby granted the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion, with Wis. the consent of the Indians and under such terms and regulations lands on, may be sold, as he may deem proper, to sell on competitive bids that portion of on competitive bids. the unallotted lands in the Lac du Flambeau Indian Reservation in Wisconsin comprising lot 5, section 7, township 40, range 5 east, containing twenty-one acres, more or less, title to be transferred to the purchaser by deed or by patent in fee.

Approved, May 13, 1932.

[CHAPTER 178.]

AN ACT

To extend the period of time during which final proof may be offered by home-. stead entrymen.

May 13, 1932. [H. R. 9591.] [Public, No. 130.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to extend for a period of not to exceed two years the period during which final proof may be offered thorized. by any homestead entryman upon public lands of the United States. U.S. C., p. 1346, by any homestead entryman upon public lands of the United States amended. if the date requiring the submission of such final proof by any such entryman under existing law falls within the period beginning July 1, 1931, and ending December 31, 1933: Provided, That any such entryman shall be required to show that it is a hardship upon him- to be shown. self to meet the requirements incident to final proof upon the date required by existing law, due to adverse weather or economic conditions.

Homestead entries, C., p. 1346,

Proviso. conditions

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to make such scribed. rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved, May 13, 1932.

[CHAPTER 179.]

AN ACT

To transfer Lincoln County from the Columbia division to the Winchester division of the middle Tennessee judicial district.

May 13, 1932. [H. R. 10277.] [Public, No. 131.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Lincoln judicial district. County of the Columbia division of the middle district of the State transferred from County of Tennessee is hereby detached from the Columbia division and attached to and made a part of the Winchester division of the middle district of such State.

Lincoln County transferred from County of the State transferred from County transferred from district of such State.

Approved, May 13, 1932.

[CHAPTER 180.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

May 13, 1932. [S. J. Res. 50.] [Pub. Res., No. 18.]

To authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to close upper Water Street between Twenty-second and Twenty-third Streets.

Streets to be closed.

Provisos.

park system.

isting sewers.

Adjacent area trans-ferred to American Pharmaceutical Association.

Location and setting of building to conform to plan of Fine Arts Commission.

Sewer protection.

Provisos. Land of the Association in exchange.

design,

Restriction on use.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United District of Colum- States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners Dia. Upper Water Street, of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to close upper between Twenty-second and Twenty-third Streets, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third Streets, northwest, lying north of Potomac Park and south of square 62: Provided, That the consent in writing of the owners of three-fourths Consent of property of all private property on the south side of square 62 is first had owners to be obtained. of all private property on the south side of square 62 is first had and obtained; and upon the closing of said street between the limits named the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized Part transferred to to transfer the land contained in the bed of said street to the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital, as part of the park system of the District of Columbia: Provided fur-Maintenance of ex- ther, That the said commissioners be, and they are hereby, authorized to enter upon said closed area at all times for the purpose of maintenance and repair of all existing sewers and sewer appurtenances.

Sec. 2. The Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital is authorized to transfer to the American Pharmaceutical Association such an area adjacent to the land owned by the said association, as shall be agreed upon between the association and the two commissions hereinafter named, so that the location and the setting of the association's building will conform to the plan prepared by the National Capital Park and Planning Commission and approved by the National Commission of Fine Arts for the treatment of that area, and in the construction of said building the said association shall take such steps as are necessary to insure the safety of existing sewers and sewer appurtenances: Provided, That the American Pharmaceutical Association agrees, contemporaneously with the above transfer to it, to transfer to the United States of America title to a strip of land owned by said association seventeen feet in depth along Twenty-third Street, for the purpose of widen-Approval of building ing said street as an approach to the Lincoln Memorial: Provided further, That the design of the said association's building shall be such as to be approved by the National Commission of Fine Arts, and its use shall be limited to organizations and institutions serving American pharmacy on a nonprofit basis.

Approved, May 13, 1932.

[CHAPTER 183.]

AN ACT

May 14, 1932. [S. 2775.] [Public, No. 132.]

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of the District of Columbia," approved March 3, 1869, as amended.

Charter amended. Vol. 15, p. 334; Vol. 32, p. 923; Vol. 42, p. 1020.

Name changed to "Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Company."

Amendments.

Powers enlarged.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Masonic Mutual Re- United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 District of Columbia. of the Act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Masonic Mutual of the Act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of the District of Columbia," approved March 3, 1869, as amended, is amended by striking out the word "Association" in the name of the organization and inserting in lieu thereof the words "Insurance Company," so that the name of the organiza-tion shall read "Acacia Mutual Life Insurance Company."

SEC. 2. Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5 of such Act, as amended, are

amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. The company shall have the power to make all and every insurance appertaining to or connected with life or disability risks of whatever kind or nature; and to grant, purchase, or dispose of

annuities; to make insurance against injury, disablement, or death resulting from accident and against disablement resulting from sickness and every insurance appertaining thereto; to make and accept reinsurance of any risks; and to furnish any aid or service to promote the health and welfare of its policyholders and their beneficiaries: Provided, however, That the company shall forever be conducted for the mutual benefit of its policyholders and their company, beneficiaries and not for profit; and, as to its business transacted in the District of Columbia or in any State or other jurisdiction in which it is licensed, shall be subject to all laws of such District. State, or other jurisdiction governing similar mutual insurance companies.

"Sec. 3. The number of directors of said company shall be fixed by the by-laws and shall be at least twenty-one, a number of whom, less than a majority, shall be elected by the policyholders at the annual meeting of the company from among themselves for a term of three years; that in all cases of a tie vote the choice shall be determined by lot, and in all other cases a plurality vote shall decide. The annual meeting of the company shall be held at such time and place as provided in the by-laws. The board of directors shall elect from among the policyholders at their first meeting succeeding the annual meeting of the company a president, one or more vice presidents, a secretary, and a treasurer, and from time to time such additional officers as the by-laws may provide. The president, the vice presidents, the secretary, and the treasurer shall each give bond with surety to the company in such sum as the board of directors may require for the faithful performance of his duties. At all meetings of the board of directors twelve of the board shall form a quorum. In case of any vacancy in the board of directors by death, resignation, or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled by the remaining directors from among the policyholders of the company to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.

"Sec. 4. The board of directors shall have full power to make and prescribe such by-laws, rules, and regulations as they shall deem needful and proper for the elections herein provided, and for the disposition and management of the business, funds, property, and effects of the company, not contrary to this charter or to the laws of the United States, and they shall have power to alter or amend the same as the interests of the company, in their opinion,

may require.

"Sec. 5. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect paired. or impair in any manner whatsoever any vested right or interest existing in or under any contract of the company."

SEC. 3. Such Act, as amended, is further amended by adding at wol. 15, amended.

the end thereof a section as follows:

"Sec. 6. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved."

Approved, May 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 184.]

AN ACT

To add certain land to the Crater Lake National Park in the State of Oregon, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all of that certain tract described as follows: Beginning on the south boundary line of Crater Lake National Park at four mile post numbered 112; thence west along the south boundary line of said park four and

nonprofit

Business license.

Directors.

Annual meetings. Officers.

Quorum.

Vacancies.

By-laws, etc.

No vested right im-

D.

Amendment.

May 14, 1932. [H. R. 9970.] [Public, No. 133.]

Crater Lake National Park, Oreg.
Land added to.
Description.

twenty-six one-hundredths chains which is the northwest corner of this tract; thence south one hundred and fourteen and forty-two onehundredths chains; thence south forty degrees fifty-nine minutes east, eighty-four and thirty-nine one-hundredths chains; thence east fifteen and thirteen one-hundredths chains to highway stake numbered 130; thence north eighty-nine degrees thirty minutes east, eighteen and six one-hundredths chains; thence north twenty and eighty-three one-hundredths chains; thence north nineteen degrees and forty minutes west, one hundred and twenty-six and four onehundredths chains; thence north twenty-seven degrees fifty-two minutes west forty-three and fifty one-hundredths chains to the south boundary of Crater Lake National Park; thence west twenty-four chains following the south boundary of said park to the place of beginning, in the State of Oregon be, and the same is hereby, excluded from the Crater National Forest and made a part of the Crater Lake National Park subject to all laws and regulations applicable to and governing said park.

Transferred from Crater National For-

Approved, May 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 185.]

AN ACT

May 14, 1932. [H. R. 10284.] [Public, No. 134.]

To authorize the acquisition of additional land in the city of Medford, Oregon, for use in connection with the administration of the Crater Lake National

Crater Lake National Park, Oreg.
Purchase of certain tract from Mediord, Oreg., authorized.

Crater Lake National Park, Oreg.
Purchase of certain of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to acquire on behalf tract from Mediord, Oreg., authorized. trative headquarters of the Crater Lake National Park, that certain tract of land in the city of Medford, Jackson County, Oregon, adjoining the present headquarters site and described as lot 4, block 2, central subdivision to said city of Medford, Oregon, which tract of land has been offered to the United States for the purpose aforesaid by the city of Medford, Oregon, free and clear of all encumbrances for the consideration of \$300.

Price.

Fund available. Vol. 46, p. 1154.

SEC. 2. That not to exceed the sum of \$300 from the unexpended balance of appropriations heretofore made for the acquisition of privately owned lands and/or standing timber within the national parks and national monuments be, and the same is hereby, made available for the acquisition of land herein authorized.

Approved, May 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 186.]

AN ACT

May 14, 1932. [H. R. 10744.] [Public, No. 135.]

To authorize the issuance of patents for certain lands in the State of Colorado for certain purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Patents to issue for of the Interior, in his judgment and discretion, is hereby authorized public domain.

The secretary of the Interior, in his judgment and discretion, is hereby authorized public domain. vided, for any of those lands situated in the State of Colorado which were, as a result of the adjustment of the land grant to Leavenworth, Pawnee and Western Railroad Company to which the Union Pacific Railroad Company succeeded, restored to the public domain by the Secretary of the Interior on May 20, 1931, to be disposed of under existing applicable public land laws.

Sec. 2. That any person, association, corporation, or municipality which, in good faith under color of title prior to the date of said cupants. restoration, placed valuable improvements upon, occupied, or cultivated, or otherwise exercised dominion over any of the lands so restored, or who on or since said date of restoration became the grantee, transferee, or assignee of such person, association, corporation, or municipality, shall have a preference right to purchase the lands so held by him upon the filing of an application therefor and payment of \$1.25 per acre, or fraction thereof within six years from the date of the passage of this Act: Provided, That upon any such application filed within three years from the date of the enactment hereof payment of said \$1.25 per acre is hereby waived. such application must be accompanied with satisfactory proof that the applicant is entitled to such preference right, and that the lands which he applies to purchase are not in the legal possession of an adverse claimant: Provided further, That any such applicant may, if he so elects, perfect his title under any applicable public land law, if qualified thereunder.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to issue scribed. all necessary rules and regulations for the purpose of carrying out

the provisions of this Act. Approved, May 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 187.]

AN ACT

To increase passport fees, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Response to the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the issue and validity of pass-48, p. 887; Vol. 44, p. 887; Vol. 45, p. 830.

United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of Passports. Vol. 44, p. 887; Vol. 46, p. 830.

U. S. C., Supp. V. ports, and for other purposes," approved July 3, 1926, as amended by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the renewal of passports," approved July 1, 1930, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 2. That the validity of a passport or passport visa shall be limited to a period of two years: Provided, That a passport may be renewed under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of State creased. for a period, not to exceed two years, upon payment of a fee of \$5 for such renewal, but the final date of expiration shall not be more than four years from the original date of issue: Provided further, That the Secretary of State may limit the validity of a passport, passport visa, or the period of renewal of a passport to less than two years: Provided further, That the charge for the issue of an charge, increased. original passport shall be \$9.

Approved, May 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 188.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an additional appropriation for printing and binding for Congress for the fiscal year 1932.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$500,000 is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not other- ation for printing and binding. wise appropriated, for printing and binding for Congress, including the same objects and under the same conditions specified under the appropriation "Public Printing and Binding, Government Printing Office, 1932," contained in the Legislative Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932.

Approved, May 16, 1932.

Preference right of

Payment.

Provisos.Waiver of payment.

Evidence required.

Rules to be pre-

May 16, 1932. [H. R. 9393.] [Public, No. 136.]

p. 339, amended.

Validity of, or visa. Provisos fee in-Renewal:

Time limitation.

May 16, 1932. [H. J. Res. 382.] [Pub. Res., No. 19.]

Congress. Additional appropri-

Vol. 46, p. 1189.

[CHAPTER 189.]

AN ACT

May 17, 1932. [S. 3584.] [Public, No. 137.] To require all insurance corporations formed under the provisions of Chapter XVIII of the Code of Law of the District of Columbia to maintain their principal offices and places of business within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Code amendment. Vol. 31, pp. 1289, XVIII of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia be, and the 1310, amended. same hereby is, amended by adding thereto a new section, which shall provide-

Branch-office records exempt.

Corporations created by special Act of Con-Reincorporation,

elsewhere.
Post, p. 1778.

Revocation of charter for violation.

Prosecution of officer

court

Insurance corporations formed under District of Columbia laws. Under any provision of law in force and effect in the District of Headquarters and Columbia to engage in an insurance business shall maintain its coid District and shall keep its books, records, Headquarters and Columbia to engage in an insurance business shall maintain its records of, to be maintain its principal office within said District and shall keep its books, records, and files therein, and shall not remove from said District either its principal office or its books, records, or files without the permission of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia first had and obtained: Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to apply to the books, records, and files of any such corporation kept in a branch-office agency of such corporation, which books, records, and files relate solely to the business transacted by the said branch office agency: And provided further, That any insurance corporation created by special Act of Congress is hereby authorized upon resolution of its board of directors or trustees to reincorporate under the laws of any State of the United States, a certified copy of such resolution of such board of directors or trustees having first been filed in the office of the Superintendent of Insurance of the District of Columbia and recorded in the office of the Recorder Conditions imposed of Deeds of the District of Columbia. Upon compliance with the above conditions, the assets of the said corporation shall thereby become vested in the new corporation. Said new corporation shall faithfully carry out any and every right, obligation, and liability of said original corporation.

"Any corporation violating any of the provisions hereof shall forthwith forfeit its charter, which forfeiture shall operate as a revocation of its license to do business within said District.

"Any officer, agent, or employee of any such corporation who shall violate any of the provisions hereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall pay a fine of not less than \$300 or be imprisoned for not more than ninety days, or by both such fine Jurisdiction of police and imprisonment. All prosecutions hereunder shall be upon information filed in the police court of the District of Columbia in the name of the District of Columbia by the corporation counsel thereof or any of his assistants."

Approved, May 17, 1932.

[CHAPTER 190.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

May 17, 1932. [S. J. Res. 36.] [Pub. Res., No. 20.]

To change the name of the island of "Porto Rico" to "Puerto Rico."

Rico."
Vol. 39, p. 951.
To be hereafter designed as "Puerto nated as Rico."

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Island of "Porto United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this resolution the island designated "Porto Rico" in the Act entitled "An Act to provide a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," approved March 2, 1917, as Force and effect on amended, shall be known and designated as "Puerto Rico." All laws, regulations, and public documents and records of the United States in which such island is designated or referred to under the name of "Porto Rico" shall be held to refer to such island under and by the name of "Puerto Rico."

Approved, May 17, 1932.

[CHAPTER 191.]

AN ACT

To amend Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act in regard to Federal intermediate credit banks, and for other purposes.

May 19, 1932. [S. 2409.] [Public, No. 138.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 202 Federal intermediate (a) of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., 40, 145; Vol. 42, p. 1455; Vol. 42, p. 145; Vol. 46, p. 161; Vol. 461; Vol. 462; Vol. 463; Vol. 463; Vol. 463; Vol. 464; Vo products as herein provided."

SEC. 2. Section 205 of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1061), is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following new matter: "In the event that there shall be an impairment of the paid-in capital of any Federal intermediate credit bank, the Farm Loan Board, at such time banks, authorized. or times as it deems advisable, may determine and assess the amount thereof against the other Federal intermediate credit banks on such equitable basis of apportionment as it shall prescribe. Each bank against which such an assessment is made shall, out of its surplus and/or to an extent up to 50 per centum of its net earnings, in accordance with the terms of such assessment, pay the amount thereof as soon as possible to the bank having the impairment. In plus, or net earnings, such event payments into the surplus fund and payments of the franchise tax prescribed by this chapter shall be determined on the basis of the net earnings remaining after providing for the payment of any such assessment."

SEC. 3. Section 206 (b) of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, Special reserve and surplus funds. as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1072), is hereby amended (Vol. 42, p. 1457; U. S. C., p. 317, amended. (effective January 1, 1932) by striking out the first two sentences of said section and substituting therefor the following new matter: "After all necessary expenses of a Federal intermediate credit bank have been paid or provided for, the net earnings shall be paid into a applied to. surplus fund until it shall amount to 100 per centum of the subscribed capital stock of such bank, and thereafter 50 per centum of such earnings shall be paid into the surplus. Whenever the surplus Restoration of sursuch earnings shall be paid into the surplus. thus paid in shall have been impaired it shall be fully restored before payment of the franchise tax herein prescribed. After the tax. aforesaid requirements of this section have been fully met and, except as otherwise provided in this Act, 50 per centum of the net earnings shall be paid to the United States as a franchise tax."

Net earnings to be

Liability on deben-

SEC. 4. Section 207 of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as Liability on debenamended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1081), is hereby amended by Vol. 42, p. 1458; amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1081), is hereby amended by Vol. 42, p. 1458; amended (U. S. C., p. 317, amendamended (U. S. C., title 12, cli. o, sec. 1001), is hereby amended by U.S.C., p. 317, amend-striking out the period at the end thereof and substituting a colon ed.

together with a proviso as follows: "Provided, That in view of the Mutual arrange-liability of all Federal intermediate credit banks for the debentures ments for transfer of funds to meet continand other such obligations of each bank under this Act, the banks gencies. shall, in accordance with rules, regulations, and orders of the Federal Farm Loan Board, enter into adequate agreements and arrangements among themselves by which funds shall be transferred and/or made available from time to time for the payment of all such debentures and other such obligations and the interest thereon when due in accordance with the terms thereof."

Federal reserve

Collateral trust de-

SEC. 5. The second paragraph of section 13 (a) of the Federal banks.
Vol. 42, p. 1479; U. S.
C., p. 282, amended.
May discount, for intermediate credit bank, notes covering loans by such bank.

May discount, for intermediate credit bank, notes covering loans by such bank.

SEC. 5. The second paragraph of section 15 (a), of the local large paragraph of section 15 (a), of the loc and bearing the indorsement of any Federal intermediate credit bank, Vol. 43, p. 1264; Vol. covering loans or advances made by such bank pursuant to the pro46, p. 816.
U.S. C., p. 316; Supp. visions of section 202 (a) of Title II of the Federal Farm Loan Act,
V, p. 133.

as amended (II. S. C. title 19 ch. 8 cos. 1021) which have required. as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 8, sec. 1031), which have maturities at the time of discount of not more than nine months, exclusive of days of grace, and which are secured by notes, drafts, or bills of exchange eligible for rediscount by Federal Reserve banks."

SEC. 6. The seventh paragraph of section 13 of the Federal Reserve bentures, etc. Vol. 38, p. 2924; U. S. Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 3, sec. 347), is hereby amended C. p. 282.
Acceptance as secu. by changing the period at the end thereof to a comma and adding thereto the words "or by the deposit or pledge of debentures or other such obligations of Federal intermediate credit banks which are eligible for purchase by Federal reserve banks under section 13 (a) of this Act."

Approved, May 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 192.]

AN ACT

May 19, 1932. [S. 4289.] [Public, No. 139.]

To amend the Act of February 23, 1927, as amended (U.S.C., title 47, sec. 85), and for other purposes.

Radio Act of 1927. Vol. 44, p. 1164; U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 662, amended. Citizenship requirements, station opera-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5, subparagraph C of the Act of February 23, 1927, as amended (U. S. C., title 47, sec. 85), is amended by striking out the word "persons" after the words "issue them to such" and inserting the words "citizens of the United States," so that the amended paragraph will read: "to prescribe the qualifications of station operators, to classify them according to the duties to be performed, to fix the forms of such licenses, and to issue them to such citizens of the United States as he finds qualified."

Approved, May 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 193.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

May 19, 1932. [S. J. Res. 75.] [Pub. Res., No. 21.]

Authorizing the Joint Committee on the Library to procure an oil portrait of former President Calvin Coolidge.

cured fo Mansion. Post, p. 527.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee Calvin Coollidge. States of America in Congress assembled, That the Joint Committee Portrait of, to be produced for Executive on the Library is hereby authorized to procure an oil portrait of former President Calvin Coolidge for the Executive Mansion, at a cost not to exceed \$2,500.

Approved, May 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 194.]

AN ACT

May 20, 1932. [S. 418.] [Public, No. 140.]

. To extend the admiralty laws of the United States of America to the Virgin Islands.

Virgin Islands. Admiralty laws of the United States extended to. Vol. 39, p. 1132,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and is hereby, conferred upon the judicial tribunals of the Virgin Islands jurisdiction in admiralty which shall be the same as is exercised by the United States district courts, and the practice and procedure shall be the same as in the United States district courts and all cases coming within the admiralty jurisdiction of said tribunals shall be determined in accordance with the general admiralty laws of the United States of America.

Approved, May 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 195.]

AN ACT

To authorize the sale of interest in lands devised to the United States under the will of Sophie Chanquet.

May 20, 1932. [S. 694.] [Public, No. 141.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Admin-Sale of interest in istrator of Veterans' Affairs is hereby authorized to sell all right, lands acquired under title and interest acquired by the United States under the will of will of, authorized. title, and interest acquired by the United States under the will of Sophie Chanquet, deceased, in lands situate in the counties of Alameda and San Francisco, State of California, upon such terms and after such public notice by advertisement as he may deem best for the public interest, and to make, execute, and deliver all needful conveyances. The net proceeds of such sale shall be paid into the Proceeds covered into Treasury. Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

Approved, May 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 196.]

AN ACT

To remove the limitation upon the filling of vacancy of district judge for the _ district of New Jersey.

May 20, 1932. [S. 1335.] [Public, No. 142.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed, by Filling vacancy of and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint a judge additional judge, authorized. of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed, by to fill a vacancy in the District Court of the United States for the District of New Jersey, occasioned by the death of Honorable William A. Runyon, who was appointed as additional judge in said district under the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act for the appointment of an additional circuit judge for the fourth judicial circuit, for the appointment of additional district judges for certain districts, providing for an annual conference of certain judges, and for other purposes," approved September 14, 1922 (U.S. C., title 28, sec. 3). A vacancy occurring at any time in the office Vacance of district judge referred to in this Act is authorized to be filled.

New Jersey judicial district.

Vol. 42, p. 837; U. S. C., p. 864, amended.

Vacancy hereafter to

Approved, May 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 197.]

AN ACT

To authorize the transfer of jurisdiction over public land in the District of [Public, No. 143.] Columbia.

May 20, 1932. [S. 2498.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the District of Colum-United States of America in Congress assembled, That Federal and bia.

Administration, etc., District authorities administering properties within the District of of public lands. Columbia owned by the United States or by the said District are hereby authorized to transfer jurisdiction over parts or all of such properties among or between themselves for purposes of administration and maintenance under such conditions as may be mutually

Provisos. Recommendation by National Capital Park and Planning Com-mission.

Report to Congress.

Existing laws not

agreed upon: Provided, That prior to the consummation of any transfer hereunder such proposed transfer shall be recommended by the National Capital Park and Planning Commission: Provided further, That all such transfers and agreements shall be reported to Congress by the authorities concerned.

SEC. 2. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to repeal the provisions of any existing law or laws authorizing the transfer of jurisdiction of certain lands between and among Federal and District authorities, but all such laws shall remain in full force and effect.

Approved, May 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 198.]

AN ACT

May 20, 1932. [S. 4148.] [Public, No. 144.]

To permit the United States to be made a party defendant in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Lenawee County, United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent Mich. to of the United States is given to be named a party in any suit which is Consent given name United States party defendant in in now pending, or which may hereafter be brought in the courts of clearing title, etc., to certain lands in. the State of Michigan having jurisdiction of the subject matter, for the purpose of clearing the title to, and removing liens from, all those pieces or parcels of land situate and being in the county of Lenawee

and State of Michigan, described as follows, to wit:

Description.

The west half northwest quarter section 35, township 5 south, range 4 east, containing eighty acres of land, be the same more or less. Also that tract beginning at the northwest corner of Maumee and Boughton Streets in the village of Tecumseh, thence along the west line of said Maumee Street north to the corner of Lave Baxter, junior's, land, thence west along said Baxter's land to the mill pond, thence southwardly along the east side of said mill pond to said Boughton Street, thence along the north line of said Boughton Street to the place of beginning, containing about thirty acres of land, be the same more or less. Also village lot 130; and also that tract of land beginning at the southwest corner of said village lot 130 and on the east line of Mill Street; thence along the east line of said lastmentioned street southwardly to the line between village lots 126 and 127, thence along the said line last mentioned eastwardly to the east line of said lots; thence eastwardly to the line between village lots 139 and 140; thence along said lots to Maumee Street; thence north along the west line of said street to the line between village lots 133 and 134; thence along the south line of said lot 133 and of lots 132, 131, and 130 to the place of beginning, containing about ten acres of land, be the same more or less.

Service of process,

Force and effect of court decree.

SEC. 2. Service upon the United States shall be made by serving the process of the court, with a copy of the bill of complaint, upon the United States attorney for the eastern district of Michigan, and by sending copies of the process and bill, by registered mail, to the Notice to Attorney Attorney General of the United States, at Washington, District of Columbia. The United States shall have thirty days after service as above provided, or such further time as the court may allow, within which to appear and answer, disclaim, plead, or demur.

SEC. 3. The final judgment or decree of the court in any suit brought under this Act shall have the same effect respecting the discharge of a purported mortgage given by Joseph W. Brown and Cornelia T. Brown, his wife, of the first part, to United States of America of the second part, dated November 21, 1835, and recorded on December 30, 1835, in the register of deeds' office of Lenawee County, Michigan, in Liber B of Mortgages, at page 447, as may be provided with respect to such matters by the law of the State of Michigan.

Sec. 4. No judgment for costs or other money judgment shall be rendered against the United States in any suit or proceeding which may be brought under the provisions of this Act. Nor shall the United States be or become liable for the payment of the costs of any such suit or proceeding or any part thereof.

Approved, May 20, 1932.

No Federal liability.

[CHAPTER 199.]

AN ACT

To provide for the transfer of certain school lands in North Dakota to the International Peace Garden (Incorporated).

May 20, 1932. [S. 4416.]

International Peace

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representaives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwith- Garden. standing any provision of any law of the United States to the contrary, the State of North Dakota is hereby authorized to provide by law for the transfer without cost of all of section 36, township 164 north, range 73 west, fifth principal meridian, containing six hundred and forty acres, more or less, according to the United States Government survey thereof, to the International Peace Garden (Incorporated), a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, to be used and maintained by the said International Peace Garden (Incorporated), and in connection with other lands in the State of North Dakota and in the Province of Manitoba, Dominion of Canada, as a memorial to commemorate the long existing relationship of peace and good will between the people and Governments of Canada and the United States.

The conveyance from the State of North Dakota to said International Peace Garden (Incorporated) shall contain a provision that if said land shall at any time thereafter cease to be used and maintained as an International Peace Garden, the land shall revert to the State of North Dakota, and upon reversion to the State of North Dakota said land shall become subject to the laws of the United States applying thereto to the same extent as if this Act had not been enacted.

Approved, May 20, 1932.

[CHAPTER 200.]

AN ACT

To establish a memorial to Theodore Roosevelt in the National Capital.

May 21, 1932. [S. 290.] [Public, No. 146.]

Reversionary provi-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Director Memorial, D. C. Acceptance of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital be, Acceptance of Maand he is hereby, authorized to accept and receive as a gift from the sons Island for, authorized. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Director Roosevelt Memorial Association (Incorporated), for and in behalf of the United States, the island in the Potomac River heretofore variously known as Barbadoes, Analostan, and Masons Island, together with accretions thereto; and that, upon acceptance of this gift of land, the said island shall hereafter be known as Roosevelt Island and shall be maintained and administered by the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital as park. a natural park for the recreation and enjoyment of the public: Provided, That no general plan for the development of the island be adopted without the approval of the Roosevelt Memorial Association; and that, so long as this association remains in existence, no development, inconsistent with this plan, be executed without the association's consent.

Designated Roose-velt Island hereafter. Post, p. 799. Set aside as a public Proviso. Approval of plans.

Approaches, etc.

Construction maintenance

Erection of suitable memorial and related

Sec. 2. That the director is hereby authorized to provide suitable means of access to and upon the said Roosevelt Island as appropriations are made available from time to time and subject to the approval of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission; and and that the appropriations needed for such construction and annually for the care, maintenance, and improvement of the said lands and improvements, are hereby authorized to be made from any funds not otherwise appropriated from the Treasury of the United States.

Sec. 3. That the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks be, and he is hereby, further authorized and directed to permit the Roosevelt Memorial Association (Incorporated) to erect on said Roosevelt Island such monument or memorial and related structures as may be recommended by it and approved by the National Commission of Fine Arts and the National Capital Park and Planning Commission.

Approved, May 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 201.]

May 21, 1932. [S. 2955.] [Public, No. 147.] AN ACT

To amend the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended.

World War Veterans' Act, 1924, amendment. Vol. 43, p. 621; U. S. C., p. 1222, amended.

Wife and children of disabled veteran.

emergency officers.

Vol. 45, pp. 735, 967; U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 575, amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 202 (12) of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 12. Where the disabled person is a patient in a hospital, Apportioning come or where for any other reason the disabled person and his wife are pensation to. not living together, or where the children are not in the custody of the disabled person, the amount of the compensation may be appor-Applicable to retired tioned as may be prescribed by regulations. Retired pay payable under Public Act Numbered 506, Seventieth Congress, approved May 24, 1928, may be apportioned in the same form and manner as compensation is apportioned under the provisions of this section."

Approved, May 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 202.]

AN ACT

May 23, 1932. [S. 4193.] [Public, No. 148.]

Virgin Islands. Saint Thomas Har-bor Board may issue bonds for graving or dry dock.

Sale, interest, etc.

Form, etc., of bonds. Terms of each issue.

Redemption board.

To authorize the issuance of bonds by the Saint Thomas Harbor Board, Virgin Islands, for the acquisition or construction of a graving or dry dock.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of acquiring and installing or building a dry dock or graving dock in the harbor of Saint Thomas, Krum Bay, Virgin Islands, or in Gregerie Channel adjacent to such harbor, the Saint Thomas Harbor Board, a municipal institution, is authorized, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, to issue registered or coupon bonds in any sum not to exceed \$150,000. Such bonds shall be sold at not less than their par value with accrued interest, shall bear interest at a rate not to exceed 6 per centum per annum, and shall be payable from the treasury of said board in gold coin of the United States at such place or places as shall be designated by such board in the bonds. Such bonds shall be issued in serial form maturing in substantially equal annual installments, the first installment to mature not later than five years from the date of the issue of such series, and the last installment not later than thirty years from the date of such issue, except that

said board may reserve the right to pay off such bonds in their numerical order at the rate of \$20,000 or less per annum from and after the expiration of four years from their date of issue.

Approved, May 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 203.]

AN ACT

To further amend the naturalization laws, and for other purposes.

May 25, 1932. [H. R. 6477.] [Public, No. 149.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the veteran, as defined in section 1 of the Act of May 26, 1926 (ch. 398, World War. 44 Stat. 654; title 8, sec. 241, U. S. C., Supp. 1), shall, if residing in C., Supp. 71, the United States, be entitled at any time within two years after amended. ditions, and exemptions which would have been accorded to such ration privileges to.

Terms, exemptions, alien if he had petitioned before the armistice of the World War, etc.

Proof of continued except that (1) such alien shall be required to prove that immediately residence and good bepreceding the date of his petition he has resided continuously within havior required. the United States for at least two years, in pursuance of a legal admission for permanent residence, and that during all such period he has behaved as a person of good moral character; (2) if such admission was subsequent to March 3, 1924, such alien shall file with his petition a certificate of arrival issued by the Commissioner of Naturalization; (3) final action shall not be had upon the petition. Fin until at least ninety days have elapsed after filing of such petition; and (4) such alien shall be required to appear and file his petition in person, and to take the prescribed oath of allegiance in open court. Such residence and good moral character shall be proved either by open court. the affidavits of two credible witnesses who are citizens of the United States, or by depositions by two such witnesses made before a naturalization examiner, for each place of residence.

(b) All petitions for citizenship made outside the United States Overseas, etc., petitions invalid if not in accordance with the seventh subdivision of section 4 of the heretofore granted. Naturalization Act of June 29, 1906, as amended, upon which C., p. 160. naturalization has not been heretofore granted, are hereby declared

to be invalid for all purposes.

Sec. 2. (a) The seventh subdivision of section 4 of the Naturalization Act of June 29, 1906, as amended, is amended by striking out requirements not to include service in militia.

"the National Guard or Naval Militia of any State, Territory, or the C., p. 161, amended.

District of Columbia or the State militia in Federal service." District of Columbia, or the State militia in Federal service,"

(b) This section shall not be applied in the case of any individual petitions filed prior to date of Act. whose petition for naturalization has been filed before the enactment

of this Act.

SEC. 3. The last proviso in the first paragraph of the seventh subvision of section 4 of such Act of June 29, 1906, as amended, is
violating out the period of the ond thereof and inserting.

Alien seamen in foreign registry.
violating and the section of the seventh subcity results a seamen in foreign registry.
violating and the seamen in foreign registry.
violating and the seamen in foreign registry.
violating division of section 4 of such Act of June 29, 1906, as amended, is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the following: "except that this proviso shall not apply in the case of service on American-owned service on American-owned owned vessels."

Residence restrictions not to apply to proviso shall not apply in the case of service on American-owned owned vessels. vessels by an alien who has been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence."

SEC. 4. Section 32 of such Act of June 29, 1906, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subdivisions:

"(c) If the name of any naturalized citizen has, subsequent to citizenship may be isnaturalization, been changed by order of a court of competent juris
sued on change of name. diction, or by marriage, the citizen may, upon the payment to the commissioner of a fee of \$10, make application (accompanied by two photographs of the applicant) for a new certificate of citizenship in

If admitted subsequent to March 3, 1924.

Final action on peti-

Petition and oath in

Waiver of residence

Vol. 45, p. 1515, amended.

Fee.

the new name of such citizen. If the commissioner finds the name of the applicant to have been changed as claimed he shall issue to the applicant a new certificate with one of such photographs of the

applicant affixed thereto.

Authority granted to issue certified copies of naturalization records.

Admission of, as evidence.

Vol. 45, p. 1515, re-

Not required if entry before June 29, 1906.

Vol. 45, p. 1513.

Certain deported aliens may reenter after expiration of one year. Vol. 45, pp. 1513, 1551.

Approval of application necessary.

Naturalization tistics. Compilation of.

To conform to Act of 1929. Vol. 45, p. 1516.

Fund available.

Quarters for photo-graphic studio to be pro-

Supervision.

Vol. 34, p. 598; Vol. 40, p. 545. U. S. C., p. 159.

(d) The Commissioner of Naturalization is authorized to make and issue, without fee, certifications of any part of the naturalization records of any court, or of any certificate of citizenship, for use in complying with any statute, State or Federal, or in any judicial Any such certification shall be admitted in evidence proceeding. equally with the original from which such certification was made in any case in which the original thereof might be admissible as evidence. No such certification shall be made by any clerk of court except upon order of the court."

Sec. 5. So much of subdivision (a) of section 33 of such Act of pealed. Ortificate of arrival. June 29, 1906, as amended, as reads "Upon obtaining a certificate from the Secretary of Labor showing the date, place, and manner of

arrival in the United States," is hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. Section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to supplement the naturalization laws, and for other purposes," approved March 2, 1929, is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon and the following: "except that no such certificate shall be required if the entry was on or before June 29, 1906."

Sec. 7. Despite the provisions of subdivision (a) of section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act making it a felony with penalty for certain aliens to enter the United States of America under certain conditions in violation of law," approved March 4, 1929, as amended, an alien, if otherwise admissible, shall not be excluded from admission to the United States under the provisions of such subdivision after the expiration of one year after the date of deportation if, prior to his reembarkation at a place outside of the United States, or prior to his application in foreign contiguous territory for admission to the United States, the Secretary of Labor, in his discretion, shall have

granted such alien permission to reapply for admission.

SEC. 8. The compilation of the statistics to show races, nationalities, and other information, authorized and directed to be prepared by the Commissioner of Naturalization, shall be completed and published at the same time, as near as practicable, as the publication of the statistics of the 1930 census; except that reports covering the census of 1910 shall be completed and submitted not later than January 31, 1933, and reports covering the census of 1920 not later than December 31, 1933. Such statistics shall show the records of registry made under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to supplement the naturalization laws, and for other purposes," approved March 2, 1929. Payment for the equipment used in preparing such compilation shall be made from appropriations for miscellaneous expenses of the Bureau of Naturalization.

SEC. 9. The Secretary of the Treasury, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Labor, is authorized to provide quarters, without payment of rent, in the building occupied by the Naturalization Service in New York City, for a photographic studio operated by welfare organizations without profit and solely for the benefit of aliens seeking naturalization. Such studio shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner of Naturalization.

SEC. 10. The tenth subdivision of section 4 of the Act of June 29, 1906 (ch. 3592, 34 Stat. 598), as amended by the Act of May 9, 1918 (ch. 69, 40 Stat. 545; U. S. C., title 8, sec. 377), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Tenth. That any person not an alien enemy, who resided unin- Residents not alien enemy, who resided unin- Residents not alien enemy, who resided uninterruptedly within the United States during the period of five years ergising next preceding July 1, 1920, and was on that date otherwise quali-rights. fied to become a citizen of the United States, except that he had not made a declaration of intention required by law and who during or prior to that time, because of misinformation regarding his citizenship status erroneously exercised the rights and performed the preliminary duties of a citizen of the United States in good faith, may file the tion. petition for naturalization prescribed by law without making the preliminary declaration of intention required of other aliens, and upon satisfactory proof to the court that he has so acted may be admitted as a citizen of the United States upon complying in all respects with the other requirements of the naturalization law.

Approved, May 25, 1932.

Residents not alien

Admittance, without declara-

[CHAPTER 204.]

AN ACT

Validating certain applications for and entries of public lands, and for other purposes.

May 28, 1932. [S. 3111.] [Public, No. 150.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to allow of the Interior be, and he is hereby, autnorized and unreced to allow lowed. Edward L. Dailey, of Priest River, Idaho, to make entry under secVol. 36, p. 531.

Yol. 39, p. 724. tion 7 of the enlarged homestead Act (36 Stat. L. 531), for the east half of southwest quarter, southwest quarter of southwest quarter, south half of northwest quarter of southwest quarter, south half of north half of northwest quarter of southwest quarter, northeast quarter of northeast quarter of northwest quarter of southwest quarter, southeast quarter of southeast quarter of northwest quarter, and south half of southwest quarter of southeast quarter of northwest quarter, section 24, township 57 north, range 5 west, Boise meridian, Idaho, within the limits of Kaniksu National Forest, restored to entry under the provisions of the Act of June 11, 1906 (34 Stat. L. 233).

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby lowed. authorized and directed to accept final proof submitted by Eugene Johnson on December 27, 1929, in support of his homestead entry, Santa Fe, New Mexico, numbered 054594, made on November 8, 1926, for lots 1 and 2, and south half of the northeast quarter, section 4, township 3 north, range 14 west, New Mexico principal meridian, and to issue patent upon payment therefor at the rate of \$1.25 per acre. Sec. 3. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, to.

authorized and directed to issue patent upon isolated tract application, Evanston, Wyoming, numbered 017020, filed by John Arambel on February 18, 1930, for the south half of the northeast quarter, section 17, township 24 north, range 106 west, sixth principal meridian, which was purchased by him at the appraised price of \$3 per acre, under the provisions of section 2455 of the Revised Statutes, as

SEC. 4. That the right of way under the Act of March 3, 1875 (18 tric and Water Power Stat. L. 482), granted to the Wasco County Electric and Water Right of way granted Power Company from a point in section 10 township 4 and Water to forfeited 21 east, Willamette meridian, to a point in section 34, township 9 realed.

Right of way granted to, forfeited.

Vol. 18, p. 482, resouth, range 20 east, Willamette meridian. Oregon by and the pealed. is hereby, forfeited.

Sec. 5. Patents issued hereunder shall contain reservation in usual form of all oil, gas, and other minerals to the United States.

Approved, May 28, 1932.

Public lands. Edward L. Dailey. Homestead entry al-

Vol. 34, p. 233.

Eugene Johnson. Homestead entry al-

John Arambel. Land patent issued

R. S., sec. 2455, p. 449. U. S. C., p. 1411.

Minerals reserved.

[CHAPTER 205.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

May 28, 1932. [H. J. Res. 407.] [Pub. Res., No. 22.]

Making an additional appropriation for the payment of Army and Navy pensions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932.

Additional appropriation for payment of.

from naval

Provisos. Navy,

fund.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the UnitedArmy and Navy pensions, 1932.

States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$12,750,000

Additional appropriated out of any money in the Treesury not other is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, for the payment of Army and Navy pensions, as follows: For invalids, widows, minor children, and dependent relatives, Army nurses, and all other pensioners who are now borne on the rolls, or who may hereafter be placed thereon, under the provisions of any and all Acts of Congress: *Provided*, That the appropriation aforesaid for Navy pensions shall be paid from the income of the Navy pension fund so far as the same shall be sufficient for that purpose: Provided Separate accounting. further, That the amount expended under each of the above items shall be accounted for separately.

Approved, May 28, 1932.

[CHAPTER 206.]

AN ACT

June 3, 1932. [H. R. 7305.] [Public, No. 151.]

To permit construction, maintenance, and use of certain pipe lines for petroleum and petroleum products.

District of Columbia. Gulf Refining Company may construct certain pipe lines in.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized and empowered to grant permission to the Gulf Refining Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Texas and registered and doing business in the District of Columbia, to lay down, construct, maintain, and use not more than ten pipe lines for the carriage of petroleum and petroleum products from a point or points within square 662 in the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, said square being bounded on the north by R Street, on the south by S Street, on the east by Water Street and South Capitol Street, and on the west by Half Street (west), in and through Water Street, South Capitol Street, in an easterly direction to lot 4 of square south of square 708, which lot is bounded on the north by lands of the Standard Oil Company, on the south by S Street, extended, on the east by Anacostia River, and on the west by South Capitol Street.

Approval of plans.

Rentals, regulations,

No vested title grant-

Amendment.

SEC. 2. All the construction and use provided for herein shall be in accordance with plans approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and under such regulations and rentals as the said commissioners may make and establish in connection herewith.

SEC. 3. No permission granted or enjoyed hereunder shall vest any title or interest in or to the land within the above-mentioned streets, or affect any right, title, or interest of the United States in or to land within square south of square 708.

SEC. 4. The Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act at any time.

Approved, June 3, 1932.

[CHAPTER 207.]

AN ACT

To authorize transfer of the abandoned Indian-school site and building at Zeba, _ Michigan, to the L'Anse Band of Lake Superior Indians.

June 6, 1932. [H. R. 208.] [Public, No. 152.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to convey by deed, without cost, to the L'Anse Band of Lake Superior Indians for community meetings and other like purposes, the abandoned Indianschool site and improvements thereon located at Zeba, Michigan, embracing approximately three-fourths of an acre of land within the east half of southeast quarter of southwest quarter of northwest quarter of section 19, township 51 north, range 32 west, Michigan meridian: *Provided*, That said conveyance shall be made to three members of the band duly elected by said Indians as trustees for the band and their successors in office.

L'Anse Band of Lake Superior Indians Abandoned Indian school, etc., at Zeba, Mich., transferred to.

Proviso. Conveyance to trus-

Approved, June 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 208.]

AN ACT

To authorize the exchange of a part of the Rapid City Indian School land for a part of the Pennington County Poor Farm, South Dakota.

June 6, 1932. [H. R. 9254.] [Public, No. 153.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Rapid City, S. Dak. of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to exchange, under Indian school land for United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, an irregular tract portion of Pennington County Poor Farm, auof eighty-four and four-tenths acres, more or less, of the Rapid City thorized. Indian School land, located in the northwest quarter section 3, township 1 north, range 7 east of the Black Hills meridian, South Dakota, for thirty-eight and nine one-hundredths acres, more or less, of the Pennington County Poor Farm, in the adjoining north half of the southwest quarter of the same section, including all improvements thereon; transfer of title to the Indian School reserve land to be accomplished by deed.

Title transfer by deed,

Approved, June 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 209.]

AN ACT

To provide revenue, equalize taxation, and for other purposes:

June 6, 1932. [H. R. 10236.] [Public, No. 154.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act, divided into titles and sections according to the following Table of Contents, may be cited as the "Revenue Act of 1932":

REVENUE ACT OF 1932.

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Sec. 1112. Separability clause. Sec. 1113. Effective date of act.

TITLE I—INCOME TAX

INCOME TAX.

SUBTITLE A—INTRODUCTORY PROVISIONS

SEC. 1. APPLICATION OF TITLE.

The provisions of this title shall apply only to the taxable year ing years. 1932 and succeeding taxable years. Income, war-profits, and excessprofits taxes for taxable years preceding the taxable year 1932 shall affected. not be affected by the provisions of this title, but shall remain subject to the applicable provisions of prior revenue Acts, except as such provisions are modified by Title IX of this Act or by legislation enacted subsequent to this Act.

SEC. 2. CROSS REFERENCES.

The cross references in this title to other portions of the title, ience. where the word "see" is used, are made only for convenience, and shall be given no legal effect.

Introductory provi-

Application of title.

To 1932, and succeed-

Previous years not

Exceptions. Post, p. 286.

Cross references.

Merely for conven-

INCOME TAX

SEC. 3. CLASSIFICATION OF PROVISIONS.

Classification of pro-Designations.

The provisions of this title are herein classified and designated as

Subtitle A—Introductory provisions,

Subtitle B—General provisions, divided into Parts and sections, Subtitle C—Supplemental provisions, divided into Supplements and sections.

payers.
Application of general provisions and supplements.

Special classes of tax- SEC. 4. SPECIAL CLASSES OF TAXPAYERS.

The application of the General Provisions and of Supplements A to D, inclusive, to each of the following special classes of taxpayers, shall be subject to the exceptions and additional provisions found in the Supplement applicable to such class, as follows:

(a) Estates and trusts and the beneficiaries thereof,—Supple-

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Estates and trusts,

Citizens deriving

Post, p. 231. China Trade Act corporations, p. 232.

(b) Members of partnerships,—Supplement F.

(c) Insurance companies,—Supplement G.
(d) Nonresident alien individuals,—Supplement H.

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(g) Individual citizens of the United States or domestic corporalarge portion of income from United States tions, satisfying the conditions of section 251 by reason of deriving possessions. a large portion of their gross income from sources within a possession of the United States,—Supplement J.

(h) China Trade Act corporations,—Supplement K.

General provisions.

Rates on net income.

SUBTITLE B—GENERAL PROVISIONS

Part I—Rates of Tax

Rates of tax.

Post, p. 184.

Normal tax on indi- SEC. 11. NORMAL TAX ON INDIVIDUALS.

There shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the net income of every individual a normal tax equal to the sum of the following:

(a) 4 per centum of the first \$4,000 of the amount of the net income in excess of the credits against net income provided in section 25; and

(b) 8 per centum of the remainder of such excess amount.

Surtax on individuals. Rates.

SEC. 12. SURTAX ON INDIVIDUALS.

(a) RATES OF SURTAX.—There shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the net income of every individual a surtax as follows:

Upon a net income of \$6,000 there shall be no surtax; upon net incomes in excess of \$6,000 and not in excess of \$10,000, 1 per centum of such excess.

\$40 upon net incomes of \$10,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$10,000 and not in excess of \$12,000, 2 per centum in addition of

\$80 upon net incomes of \$12,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$12,000 and not in excess of \$14,000, 3 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$140 upon net incomes of \$14,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$14,000 and not in excess of \$16,000, 4 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$220 upon net incomes of \$16,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$16,000 and not in excess of \$18,000, 5 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$320 upon net incomes of \$18,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$18,000 and not in excess of \$20,000, 6 per centum in addition of wals.

RATES—Contd. such excess.

INCOME TAX Surtax on individ-

\$440 upon net incomes of \$20,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$20,000 and not in excess of \$22,000, 8 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$600 upon net incomes of \$22,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$22,000 and not in excess of \$24,000, 9 per centum in addition of

\$780 upon net incomes of \$24,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$24,000 and not in excess of \$26,000, 10 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$980 upon net incomes of \$26,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$26,000 and not in excess of \$28,000, 11 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,200 upon net incomes of \$28,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$28,000 and not in excess of \$30,000, 12 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,440 upon net incomes of \$30,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$30,000 and not in excess of \$32,000, 13 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,700 upon net incomes of \$32,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$32,000 and not in excess of \$36,000, 15 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$2,300 upon net incomes of \$36,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$36,000 and not in excess of \$38,000, 16 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$2,620 upon net incomes of \$38,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$38,000 and not in excess of \$40,000, 17 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$2,960 upon net incomes of \$40,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$40,000 and not in excess of \$42,000, 18 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$3,320 upon net incomes of \$42,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$42,000 and not in excess of \$44,000, 19 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$3,700 upon net incomes of \$44,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$44,000 and not in excess of \$46,000, 20 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$4,100 upon net incomes of \$46,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$46,000 and not in excess of \$48,000, 21 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$4,520 upon net incomes of \$48,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$48,000 and not in excess of \$50,000, 22 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$4,960 upon net incomes of \$50,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$50,000 and not in excess of \$52,000, 23 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$5,420 upon net incomes of \$52,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$52,000 and not in excess of \$54,000, 24 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$5,900 upon net incomes of \$54,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$54,000 and not in excess of \$56,000, 25 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$6,400 upon net incomes of \$56,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$56,000 and not in excess of \$58,000, 26 per centum in addition of such excess.

INCOME TAX
Surtax on individuals.
RATES—Contd.

\$6,920 upon net incomes of \$58,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$58,000 and not in excess of \$60,000, 27 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$7,460 upon net incomes of \$60,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$60,000 and not in excess of \$62,000, 28 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$8,020 upon net incomes of \$62,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$62,000 and not in excess of \$64,000, 29 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$8,600 upon net incomes of \$64,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$64,000 and not in excess of \$66,000, 30 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$9,200 upon net incomes of \$66,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$66,000 and not in excess of \$68,000, 31 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$9,820 upon net incomes of \$68,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$68,000 and not in excess of \$70,000, 32 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$10,460 upon net incomes of \$70,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$70,000 and not in excess of \$72,000, 33 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$11,120 upon net incomes of \$72,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$72,000 and not in excess of \$74,000, 34 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$11,800 upon net incomes of \$74,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$74,000 and not in excess of \$76,000, 35 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$12,500 upon net incomes of \$76,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$76,000 and not in excess of \$78,000, 36 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$13,220 upon net incomes of \$78,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$78,000 and not in excess of \$80,000, 37 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$13,960 upon net incomes of \$80,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$80,000 and not in excess of \$82,000, 38 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$14,720 upon net incomes of \$82,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$82,000 and not in excess of \$84,000, 39 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$15,500 upon net incomes of \$84,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$84,000 and not in excess of \$86,000, 40 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$16,300 upon net incomes of \$86,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$86,000 and not in excess of \$88,000, 41 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$17,120 upon net incomes of \$88,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$88,000 and not in excess of \$90,000, 42 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$17,960 upon net incomes of \$90,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$90,000 and not in excess of \$92,000, 43 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$18,820 upon net incomes of \$92,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$92,000 and not in excess of \$94,000, 44 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$19,700 upon net incomes of \$94,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$94,000 and not in excess of \$96,000, 45 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$20,600 upon net incomes of \$96,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$96,000 and not in excess of \$98,000, 46 per centum uals in addition of such excess.

INCOME TAX Surtax on individ-RATES-Contd.

\$21,520 upon net incomes of \$98,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$98,000 and not in excess of \$100,000, 47 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$22,460 upon net incomes of \$100,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$100,000 and not in excess of \$150,000, 48 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$46,460 upon net incomes of \$150,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$150,000 and not in excess of \$200,000, 49 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$70,960 upon net incomes of \$200,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$200,000 and not in excess of \$300,000, 50 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$120,960 upon net incomes of \$300,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$300,000 and not in excess of \$400,000, 51 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$171,960 upon net incomes of \$400,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$400,000 and not in excess of \$500,000, 52 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$223,960 upon net incomes of \$500,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$500,000 and not in excess of \$750,000, 53 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$356,460 upon net incomes of \$750,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$750,000 and not in excess of \$1,000,000, 54 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$491,460 upon net incomes of \$1,000,000; and upon net incomes in excess of \$1,000,000, 55 per centum in addition of such excess.

(b) SALE OF MINES AND OIL OR GAS WELLS.—For limitation of surtax attributable to sale of mines and oil or gas wells, see section 102.

(c) Capital Net Gains and Losses.—For rate and computation of losses. tax in lieu of normal and surtax in case of net incomes of not less than \$16,000, approximately, or in case of net incomes, excluding items of capital gain, capital loss, and capital deductions, of not less than \$16,000, approximately, see section 101.

(d) Evasion of Surtaxes by Incorporation.—For tax on corporation. rations which accumulate surplus to evade surtax on stockholders,

see section 104.

SEC. 13. TAX ON CORPORATIONS.

(a) RATE OF TAX.—There shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the net income of every corporation, a tax of 133/4 per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of the credit against net income provided in section 26.

(b) Exempt Corporations.—For corporations exempt from tax, tions

see section 103.

(c) IMPROPER ACCUMULATION OF SURPLUS.—For tax on corpora-plus to avoid surtar. tions which accumulate surplus to evade surtax on stockholders, see section 104.

SEC. 14. TAXABLE PERIOD EMBRACING YEARS WITH DIFFERENT period embracing years with different laws.

If a taxable period embraces portions of two calendar years for which the laws are different, the tax shall be computed as provided in section 105.

Sale of mines, etc. Post, p. 192.

Capital net gains and

Post, p. 191.

Evasion by incorpo-Post, p. 195.

Tax on corporations. Rate.

Exempt corpora-Post, p. 193. Accumulating sur-

Post, p. 195.

Computing tax. Post, p. 195.

INCOME TAX
Computation of net income.

Part II—Computation of Net Income

Net income. Meaning of. SEC. 21. NET INCOME.

"Net income" means the gross income computed under section 22, less the deductions allowed by section 23.

Gross income.

General definition.

SEC. 22. GROSS INCOME.

(a) General Definition.—"Gross income" includes gains, profits, and income derived from salaries, wages, or compensation for personal service, of whatever kind and in whatever form paid, or from professions, vocations, trades, businesses, commerce, or sales, or dealings in property, whether real or personal, growing out of the ownership or use of or interest in such property; also from interest, rent, dividends, securities, or the transaction of any business carried on for gain or profit, or gains or profits and income derived from any source whatever. In the case of Presidents of the United States and judges of courts of the United States taking office after the date of the enactment of this Act, the compensation received as such shall be included in gross income; and all Acts fixing the compensation of such Presidents and judges are hereby amended accordingly.

(b) Exclusions from Gross Income.—The following items shall not be included in gross income and shall be exempt from taxation under this title:

under this title:

(1) LIFE INSURANCE.—Amounts received under a life insurance contract paid by reason of the death of the insured, whether in a single sum or in installments (but if such amounts are held by the insurer under an agreement to pay interest thereon, the interest

payments shall be included in gross income);

(2) Annuries, etc.—Amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of the death of the insured and interest payments on such amounts) under a life insurance, endowment, or annuity contract, but if such amounts (when added to amounts received before the taxable year under such contract) exceed the aggregate premiums or consideration paid (whether or not paid during the taxable year) then the excess shall be included in gross income. In the case of a transfer for a valuable consideration, by assignment or otherwise, of a life insurance, endowment, or annuity contract, or any interest therein, only the actual value of such consideration and the amount of the premiums and other sums subsequently paid by the transferee shall be exempt from taxation under paragraph (1) or this paragraph;

(3) Gifts, bequests, AND DEVISES.—The value of property acquired by gift, bequest, devise, or inheritance (but the income

from such property shall be included in gross income);

(4) TAX-FREE INTEREST.—Interest upon (A) the obligations of a State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia; or (B) securities issued under the provisions of the Federal Farm Loan Act, or under the provisions of such Act as amended; or (C) the obligations of the United States or its possessions. Every person owning any of the obligations or securities enumerated in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall, in the return required by this title, submit a statement showing the number and amount of such obligations and securities owned by him and the income received therefrom, in such form and with such information as the Commissioner may require. In the case of obligations of the United States issued after September 1, 1917 (other than postal savings certificates of deposit), the interest shall be exempt only if and to the extent provided in the respective Acts authorizing the

Compensation Presidents, judges.

Items exempt from taxation.

Life insurance.

Amounts from annuities.

Transfers for value.

Value of gifts, etc.

Interest on State bonds, etc.

Farm loan securities.

Federal obligations, etc.
Statement required in returns.

Limitation on Liberty bonds, etc. issue thereof as amended and supplemented, and shall be excluded from gross income only if and to the extent it is wholly exempt to

the taxpayer from the taxes imposed by this title;

(5) COMPENSATION FOR INJURIES OR SICKNESS.—Amounts received, Payment for personal injuries or sickness. through accident or health insurance or under workmen's compensation acts, as compensation for personal injuries or sickness, plus the amount of any damages received whether by suit or agreement on account of such injuries or sickness;

(6) MINISTERS.—The rental value of a dwelling house and dwelling. appurtenances thereof furnished to a minister of the gospel as part

of his compensation;

(7) MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.—The following items, to the extent provided in section 116:

Earned income from sources without the United States;

Salaries of certain Territorial employees;

The income of foreign governments;

Income of States, municipalities and other political subdivisions:

Receipts of shipowners' mutual protection and indemnity

associations;

Dividends from China Trade Act corporations.

(c) Inventories.—Whenever in the opinion of the Commissioner mine income. the use of inventories is necessary in order clearly to determine the income of any taxpayer, inventories shall be taken by such taxpayer upon such basis as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may prescribe as conforming as nearly as may be to the best accounting practice in the trade or business and as most clearly reflecting the income.

(d) Distributions by Corporations.—Distributions by corporations shall be taxable to the shareholders as provided in section 115.

(e) Determination of Gain or Loss.—In the case of a sale or gain or loss on sale of other disposition of property, the gain or loss shall be computed as property.

Post, pp. 195, 196, 198. provided in sections 111, 112, and 113.

(f) Gross Income from Sources Within and Without United without United States. STATES.—For computation of gross income from sources within and

without the United States, see section 119.

SEC. 23. DEDUCTIONS FROM GROSS INCOME.

In computing net income there shall be allowed as deductions:

(a) Expenses.—All the ordinary and necessary expenses paid or incurred during the taxable year in carrying on any trade or business, including a reasonable allowance for salaries or other compensation for personal services actually rendered; traveling expenses cluded. (including the entire amount expended for meals and lodging) while away from home in the pursuit of a trade or business; and rentals or other payments required to be made as a condition to the continued use or possession, for purposes of the trade or business, of property to which the taxpayer has not taken or is not taking title or in which he has no equity.

(b) INTEREST.—All interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on indebtedness, except (1) on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations or securities (other than obligations of the United States issued after September 24, 1917, and originally subscribed for by the taxpayer) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from the taxes imposed by this title, or (2) on indebtedness incurred or continued in connection with the purchasing or

carrying of an annuity.

INCOME TAX

Payment for personal

Rent of ministers'

Miscellaneous items. Post, p. 204.

Distributions by cor-

Post, p. 208.

Deductions from gross income. Items specified.

Business expenses.

Travel, etc., in-

Interest on debts. Exceptions.

taxable year.

Exceptions.

Post, p. 211:

INCOME TAX

(c) Taxes Generally.—Taxes paid or accrued within the taxable Taxes paid within year, except-

(1) income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes imposed by the

authority of the United States;

(2) income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes imposed by the authority of any foreign country or possession of the United States; but this deduction shall be allowed in the case of a taxpayer who does not signify in his return his desire to have to any extent the benefits of section 131 (relating to credit for taxes of foreign countries and possessions of the United States); and

(3) taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed; but this paragraph shall not exclude the allowance as a deduction of so much of such taxes

as is properly allocable to maintenance or interest charges.

Accruement of estate, For the purpose of this subsection, estate, inheritance, legacy, and succession taxes accrue on the due date thereof, except as otherwise provided by the law of the jurisdiction imposing such taxes, and shall be allowed as a deduction only to the estate.

Limitation.

Taxes of shareholder paid by corporation.

(d) Taxes of Shareholder Paid by Corporation.—The deduction for taxes allowed by subsection (c) shall be allowed to a corpora-tion in the case of taxes imposed upon a shareholder of the corporation upon his interest as shareholder which are paid by the corpora-

tion without reimbursement from the shareholder, but in such cases no deduction shall be allowed the shareholder for the amount of such

Losses by individuals.

(e) Losses by Individuals.—Subject to the limitations provided in subsection (r) of this section, in the case of an individual, losses sustained during the taxable year and not compensated for by insurance or otherwise-(1) if incurred in trade or business; or

Business

Not connected with

(2) if incurred in any transaction entered into for profit, though not connected with the trade or business; or

Casualty losses not connected with busi-

(3) of property not connected with the trade or business, if the loss arises from fires, storms, shipwreck, or other casualty, or from theft. No loss shall be allowed as a deduction under this paragraph if at the time of the filing of the return such loss has been claimed as a deduction for estate tax purposes in the estate tax return.

Disallowed ducted for estate-tax purposes.

> (f) Losses by Corporations.—Subject to the limitations provided in subsection (r) of this section, in the case of a corporation, losses sustained during the taxable year and not compensated for by insurance or otherwise.

Losses by corpora-

(g) Basis for Determining Loss.—The basis for determining the amount of deduction for losses sustained, to be allowed under subsection (e) or (f), shall be the adjusted basis provided in section 113 (b) for determining the gain or loss from the sale or other dis-

Basis for determining

position of property. (h) Loss on Wash Sales of Stock or Securities.—For disallow-

Post, p. 201.

ance of loss deduction in the case of sales of stock or securities where within thirty days before or after the date of the sale the taxpayer has acquired substantially identical property, see section 118.

Disallowance of loss on wash sales of stock,

(i) Ner Losses.—The special deduction for net losses of a prior

Post, p. 208. Net losses of prior year. Post, p. 207.

year, to the extent provided in section 117.

Worthless debts.

(j) Bad Debts.—Debts ascertained to be worthless and charged off within the taxable year (or, in the discretion of the Commissioner, a reasonable addition to a reserve for bad debts); and when satisfied that a debt is recoverable only in part, the Commissioner

may allow such debt, in an amount not in excess of the part charged

off within the taxable year, as a deduction.

(k) Depreciation.—A reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, business property. wear and tear of property used in the trade or business, including a reasonable allowance for obsolescence. In the case of property held by one person for life with remainder to another person, the deduction shall be computed as if the life tenant were the absolute owner of the property and shall be allowed to the life tenant. In the case of property held in trust the allowable deduction shall be apportioned between the income beneficiaries and the trustee in accordance with the pertinent provisions of the instrument creating the trust, or, in the absence of such provisions, on the basis of the trust income allocable to each.

(1) Depletion.—In the case of mines, oil and gas wells, other wells, timber, etc. natural deposits, and timber, a reasonable allowance for depletion and for depreciation of improvements, according to the peculiar conditions in each case; such reasonable allowance in all cases to be ance for depletion, etc. made under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary. In any case in which it allowed. is ascertained as a result of operations or of development work that the recoverable units are greater or less than the prior estimate thereof, then such prior estimate (but not the basis for depletion) shall be revised and the allowance under this subsection for subsequent taxable years shall be based upon such revised estimate. In the case of leases the deductions shall be equitably apportioned between the lessor and lessee. In the case of property held by one person for life with remainder to another person, the deduction shall be computed as if the life tenant were the absolute owner of the property and shall be allowed to the life tenant. In the case of property held in trust the allowable deduction shall be apportioned between the income beneficiaries and the trustee in accordance with the pertinent provisions of the instrument creating the trust, or, in the absence of such provisions, on the basis of the trust income allocable to each. (For percentage depletion, see section 114(b) (3) and (4).)

(m) Basis for Depreciation and Depletion.—The basis upon etc. which depletion, exhaustion, wear and tear, and obsolescence are to be allowed in respect of any property shall be as provided in

section 114.

(n) CHARITABLE AND OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS.—In the case of an charitations. individual, contributions or gifts made within the taxable year to or for the use of:

(1) the United States, any State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, for exclusively

public purposes;

(2) a corporation, or trust, or community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, gous, scientific, organizations. scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;

(3) the special fund for vocational rehabilitation authorized tation.
Vol. 43, p. 611.

by section 12 of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924;

(4) posts or organizations of war veterans, or auxiliary units izations, etc. or societies of any such posts or organizations, if such posts, organizations, units, or societies are organized in the United States or any of its possessions, and if no part of their net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual; or

INCOME TAX

Exhaustion, etc., of

Life estates.

Property in trust.

Reasonable allow-

Leases.

Life estates.

Property in trust.

Post, p. 202.

Basis for depletion,

Charitable, etc., con-

For public uses.

com-

Vocational rehabili-

War veterans' organ-

Fraternal societies, Condition.

Limit.

Unlimited deductions, p. 210.

Future expenses in case of casual sales of real property.

Allowance for future liabilities under contract.

Bond.

Dividends received by corporations.

From a domestic corporation.

From a foreign corporation, if more than 50 per cent derived from United States sources.

Post, p. 208.

Dividends from China Trade Act corporations, etc., cepted.

Post, p. 231.

Pension trusts. Contributions to.

Post, p. 221.

previous law. Vol. 45, p. 802.

(5) a fraternal society, order, or association, operating under the lodge system, but only if such contributions or gifts are to be used exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals:

to an amount which in all the above cases combined does not exceed 15 per centum of the taxpayer's net income as computed without the benefit of this subsection. Such contributions or gifts shall be allowable as deductions only if verified under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary. (For unlimited deduction if contributions and gifts exceed 90 per

centum of the net income, see section 120.)

(0) FUTURE EXPENSES IN CASE OF CASUAL SALES OF REAL PROP-ERTY.—In the case of a casual sale or other casual disposition of real property by an individual, a reasonable allowance for future expense liabilities, incurred under the provisions of the contract under which such sale or other disposition was made, under such regulations as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may prescribe, including the giving of a bond, with such sureties and in such sum (not less than the estimated tax liability computed without the benefit of this subsection) as the Commissioner may require, conditioned upon the payment (notwithstanding any statute of limitations) of the tax, computed without the benefit of this subsection, in respect of any amounts allowed as a deduction under this subsection and not actually expended in carrying out the provisions of such contract.

(p) Dividends Received by Corporations.—In the case of a corporation, the amount received as dividends-

(1) from a domestic corporation which is subject to taxation

under this title, or

(2) from any foreign corporation when it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that more than 50 per centum of the gross income of such foreign corporation for the three-year period ending with the close of its taxable year preceding the declaration of such dividends (or for such part of such period as the foreign corporation has been in existence) was derived from sources within the United States as determined under section 119.

The deduction allowed by this subsection shall not be allowed in respect of dividends received from a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, or from a corporation which under section 251 is taxable only on its gross income from sources within the United States by reason of its receiving a large percentage of its gross income from sources within a possession of the United States.

(q) Pension Trusts.—An employer establishing or maintaining a pension trust to provide for the payment of reasonable pensions to his employees (if such trust is exempt from tax under section 165, relating to trusts created for the exclusive benefit of employees) shall be allowed as a deduction (in addition to the contributions to such trust during the taxable year to cover the pension liability accruing during the year, allowed as a deduction under subsection (a) of this section) a reasonable amount transferred or paid into such trust during the taxable year in excess of such contributions, but only if such amount (1) has not theretofore been allowable as a deduction, and (2) is apportioned in equal parts over a period of ten consecutive year's beginning with the year in which the transfer Allowances under a or payment is made. Any deduction allowable under section 23 (q) of the Revenue Act of 1928 which under such section was apportioned to any taxable year subsequent to the taxable year 1931 shall be allowed as a deduction in the years to which so apportioned to

the extent allowable under such section if it had remained in force with respect to such year.

(r) Limitation on Stock Losses.—

(1) Losses from sales or exchanges of stocks and bonds (as defined in subsection (t) of this section) which are not capital assets (as defined in section 101) shall be allowed only to the extent of the gains from such sales or exchanges (including gains which may be derived by a taxpayer from the retirement of his own obligations).

(2) Losses disallowed as a deduction by paragraph (1), computed without regard to any losses sustained during the preceding taxable year, shall, to an amount not in excess of the taxpayer's net income for the taxable year, be considered for the purposes of this title as losses sustained in the succeeding taxable year from sales or exchanges of stocks or bonds which are not capital assets.

(3) This subsection shall not apply to a dealer in securities (as to stocks and bonds acquired for resale to customers) in respect of transactions in the ordinary course of his business, nor to a bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of the United pany. States or of any State or Territory, nor to persons carrying on the banking business (where the receipt of deposits constitutes a major part of such business) in respect of transactions in the ordinary course of such banking business.

(s) Same—Short Sales.—For the purposes of this title, gains short sales or losses (A) from short sales of stocks and bonds, or (B) attributable to privileges or options to buy or sell such stocks and bonds, or considered as gains or losses from sales or exchanges of stocks or privileges, etc. bonds which are not capital assets

(t) Definition of Stocks and Bonds.—As used in subsections (r) fined. and (s), the term "stocks and bonds" means (1) shares of stock in any corporation, or (2) rights to subscribe for or to receive such shares, or (3) bonds, debentures, notes, or certificates or other evidences of indebtedness, issued by any corporation (other than a government or political subdivision thereof), with interest coupons or in registered form, or (4) certificates of profit, or of interest in property or accumulations, in any investment trust or similar organization holding or dealing in any of the instruments mentioned or described in this subsection, regardless of whether or not such investment trust or similar organization constitutes a corporation within the meaning of this Act.

SEC. 24. ITEMS NOT DEDUCTIBLE.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—In computing net income no deduction shall in any case be allowed in respect of-

(1) Personal, living, or family expenses;

(2) Any amount paid out for new buildings or for permanent ments. improvements or betterments made to increase the value of any property or estate;

(3) Any amount expended in restoring property or in making good the exhaustion thereof for which an allowance is or has been

(4) Premiums paid on any life insurance policy covering the ums for employees. made; or life of any officer or employee, or of any person financially interested in any trade or business carried on by the taxpayer, when the taxpayer is directly or indirectly a beneficiary under such policy.

INCOME TAX

Limitation on stock Sales or exchanges.

Post, p. 191.

Disallowances computed as losses sustained in succeeding taxable year.

Exceptions. Dealer in securities.

Bank or trust com-

Gains or losses from From short sales of stocks, etc. Due to options to buy

Stocks and bonds de-Shares of stock in a corporation. Subscriptions. Bonds, etc.

Certificates of profit.

Items not deductible. Objects specified.

Personal, etc., expenses.
Property improve-

Restoring property.

Ante, p. 181.

Tax-free covenant bonds. Post, p. 215.

viduals against net in-

Dividends.

From domestic corporations.

Foreign corporation with more than 50 per cent of income from United States sources.

Post, p. 208.

From China Trade Act corporations, etc., excepted.

Post, p. 231.

Interest on Federal securities. Ante, p. 178.

Personal exemption. Single persons,

Husband and wife living together.

Separate returns.

Credit for dependants.

Change of status During taxable year.

(b) Holders of Life or Terminable Interest.—Amounts paid Holders of life or ter- under the laws of any State, Territory, District of Columbia, posminable interest.

Deductions on in session of the United States, or foreign country as income to the come acquired by gift, bequest, or states. inheritance shall not be reduced or diminished by any deduction for shrinkage (by whatever name called) in the value of such interest due to the lapse of time, nor by any deduction allowed by this Act (except the deductions provided for in subsections (k) and (l) of section 23) for the purpose of computing the net income of an estate or trust but not allowed under the laws of such State, Territory, District of Columbia, possession of the United States, or foreign country for the purpose of computing the income to which such holder is entitled.

(c) Tax Withheld on Tax-free Covenant Bonds.—For tax with-

held on tax-free covenant bonds, see section 143 (a) (3).

Credits allowed indi- SEC. 25. CREDITS OF INDIVIDUAL AGAINST NET INCOME.

There shall be allowed for the purpose of the normal tax, but not for the surtax, the following credits against the net income:

(a) Dividends.—The amount received as dividends-

(1) from a domestic corporation which is subject to taxation under this title, or

(2) from a foreign corporation when it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that more than 50 per centum of the gross income of such foreign corporation for the three-year period ending with the close of its taxable year preceding the declaration of such dividends (or for such part of such period as the corporation has been in existence) was derived from sources within the United States as determined under the provisions of section 119.

The credit allowed by this subsection shall not be allowed in respect of dividends received from a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, or from a corporation which under section 251 is taxable only on its gross income from sources within the United States by reason of its receiving a large percentage of its gross income

from sources within a possession of the United States.

(b) Interest on United States Obligations.—The amount received as interest upon obligations of the United States which is included in gross income under section 22.

(c) Personal Exemption.—In the case of a single person, a personal exemption of \$1,000; or in the case of the head of a family or a married person living with husband or wife, a personal exemption of \$2,500. A husband and wife living together shall receive but one personal exemption. The amount of such personal exemption shall be \$2,500. If such husband and wife make separate returns, the personal exemption may be taken by either or divided between them.

(d) CREDIT FOR DEPENDENTS.—\$400 for each person (other than husband or wife) dependent upon and receiving his chief support from the taxpayer if such dependent person is under eighteen years of age or is incapable of self-support because mentally or physically defective.

(e) CHANGE OF STATUS.—If the status of the taxpayer, in so far as it affects the personal exemption or credit for dependents, changes during the taxable year, the personal exemption and credit shall be Apportionment of apportioned, under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, in accordance with the number of months before and after such change. For the purpose of such apportionment a fractional part of a month shall be disregarded unless it amounts to more than half a month in which case it shall be considered as a month.

SEC. 26. CREDITS OF CORPORATION AGAINST NET INCOME.

For the purpose only of the tax imposed by section 13 there shall be allowed as a credit against net income the amount received as porations. Interest on United interest upon obligations of the United States which is included States securities. in gross income under section 22.

INCOME TAX

Credits allowed cor-Ante, p. 178.

Part III—Credits Against Tax

Credits against tax.

SEC. 31. TAXES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND POSSESSIONS OF UNITED STATES.

Taxes of foreign coun-tries, etc.

The amount of income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes imposed by foreign countries or possessions of the United States shall be allowed as a credit against the tax, to the extent provided in section 131.

Extent of credit for.

Post, p. 211.

SEC. 32. TAXES WITHHELD AT SOURCE.

The amount of tax withheld at the source under section 143 shall be allowed as a credit against the tax.

Taxes withheld at Source. Credit for. Post, p. 215.

SEC. 33. ERRONEOUS PAYMENTS.

(a) CREDIT FOR OVERPAYMENTS.—For credit against the tax of ments. overpayments of taxes imposed by this title for other taxable years, see section 322.

Erroneous payments. Credit for overpay Post, p. 242.

(b) FISCAL YEAR ENDING IN 1932.—For credit against the tax of ending in 1932. amounts of tax paid for a fiscal year beginning in 1931 and ending in 1932, see section 132.

Credit for fiscal year

Part IV—Accounting Periods and Methods of Accounting SEC. 41. GENERAL RULE.

Accounting periods and methods.

General rule.

The net income shall be computed upon the basis of the taxpayer's of annual accounting annual accounting period (fiscal year or calendar year, as the case period. may be) in accordance with the method of accounting regularly employed in keeping the books of such taxpayer; but if no such method of accounting has been so employed, or if the method employed does not clearly reflect the income, the computation shall be made in accordance with such method as in the opinion of the Commissioner does clearly reflect the income. If the taxpayer's annual accounting period is other than a fiscal year as defined in year. section 48 or if the taxpayer has no annual accounting period or does not keep books, the net income shall be computed on the basis of the calendar year. (For use of inventories, see section 22(c).)

SEC. 42. PERIOD IN WHICH ITEMS OF GROSS INCOME INCLUDED.

The amount of all items of gross income shall be included in the year in which received. gross income for the taxable year in which received by the taxpayer, unless, under methods of accounting permitted under section 41, any such amounts are to be properly accounted for as of a different period.

If no accounting period, on calendar

Inventories. Ante, p. 179.

Gross income.

SEC. 43. PERIOD FOR WHICH DEDUCTIONS AND CREDITS TAKEN. Credits.

The deductions and credits provided for in this title shall be taken For taxable year in for the taxable year in which "paid or accrued" or "paid or incurred", dependent upon the method of accounting upon the basis curred." of which the net income is computed, unless in order to clearly reflect the income the deductions or credits should be taken as of a different period.

SEC. 44. INSTALLMENT BASIS.

(a) Dealers in Personal Property.—Under regulations pre-property may make scribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, a returns on of payments person who regularly sells or otherwise disposes of personal property on the installment plan may return as income therefrom in any tax-

Installment basis.

able year that proportion of the installment payments actually received in that year which the gross profit realized or to be realized when payment is completed, bears to the total contract price.

Returns of income from casual sales of personalty or of realty.

(b) Sales of Realty and Casual Sales of Personalty.—In the case (1) of a casual sale or other casual disposition of personal property (other than property of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year), for a price exceeding \$1,000, or (2) of a sale or other disposition of real property, if in either case the initial payments do not exceed 40 per centum of the selling price, the income may, under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, be returned on the basis and in the manner above prescribed in this section. As used in this section the term "initial payments" means the payments received in cash or property other than evidences of indebtedness of the purchaser during the taxable period in which the sale or other disposition is made.

Computation income on change to installment basis.

(c) Change from Accrual to Installment Basis.—If a taxpayer entitled to the benefits of subsection (a) elects for any taxable year to report his net income on the installment basis, then in computing his income for the year of change or any subsequent year, amounts actually received during any such year on account of sales or other dispositions of property made in any prior year shall not be excluded.

Gain or loss upon disposition of installment obligations.

(d) Gain or Loss upon Disposition of Installment Obliga-TIONS.—If an installment obligation is satisfied at other than its face value or distributed, transmitted, sold, or otherwise disposed of, gain or loss shall result to the extent of the difference between the basis of the obligation and (1) in the case of satisfaction at other than face value or a sale or exchange—the amount realized, or (2) in case of a distribution, transmission, or disposition otherwise than by sale or exchange—the fair market value of the obligation at the time of such distribution, transmission, or disposition. The basis of the obligation shall be the excess of the face value of the obligation over an amount equal to the income which would be returnable were the obligation satisfied in full. This subsection shall not apply to the transmission at death of installment obligations if there is filed with the Commissioner, at such time as he may by regulation prescribe, a bond in such amount and with such sureties as he may deem necessary, conditioned upon the return as income, by the person receiving any payment on such obligations, of the same proportion of such payment as would be returnable as income by the decedent if he had lived and had received such payment.

Basis.

Transmission at death of installment obligations,

Allocation of income and deductions. visions if same interests control two or more businesses.

SEC. 45. ALLOCATION OF INCOME AND DEDUCTIONS.

In any case of two or more trades or businesses (whether or not incorporated, whether or not organized in the United States, and whether or not affiliated) owned or controlled directly or indirectly by the same interests, the Commissioner is authorized to distribute, apportion, or allocate gross income or deductions between or among such trades or businesses, if he determines that such distribution, apportionment, or allocation is necessary in order to prevent evasion of taxes or clearly to reflect the income of any of such trades or businesses.

Net income computed on have on basis of new period.

Change of accounting SEC. 46. CHANGE OF ACCOUNTING PERIOD.

If a taxpayer changes his accounting period from fiscal year to calendar year, from calendar year to fiscal year, or from one fiscal year to another, the net income shall, with the approval of the Commissioner, be computed on the basis of such new accounting period, subject to the provisions of section 47.

SEC. 47. RETURNS FOR A PERIOD OF LESS THAN TWELVE MONTHS.

(a) RETURNS FOR SHORT PERIOD RESULTING FROM CHANGE OF ACcounting Period.—If a taxpayer, with the approval of the Commissioner, changes the basis of computing net income from fiscal year when to calendar year a separate return shall be made for the period between the close of the last fiscal year for which return was made and the following December 31. If the change is from calendar year to fiscal year, a separate return shall be made for the period between the close of the last calendar year for which return was made and the date designated as the close of the fiscal year. If the change is from one fiscal year to another fiscal year a separate return shall be made for the period between the close of the former fiscal year and the date designated as the close of the new fiscal year.

(b) INCOME COMPUTED ON BASIS OF SHORT PERIOD.—Where a sep- Income based on separate arate return is made under subsection (a) on account of a change in feturn. the accounting period, and in all other cases where a separate return is required or permitted, by regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, to be made for a fractional part of a year, then the income shall be computed on the

basis of the period for which separate return is made.

(c) INCOME PLACED ON ANNUAL BASIS.—If a separate return is income placed on annual basis. made under subsection (a) on account of a change in the accounting period, the net income, computed on the basis of the period for which separate return is made, shall be placed on an annual basis by multiplying the amount thereof by twelve and dividing by the number of months included in the period for which the separate return is made. The tax shall be such part of the tax computed on such annual basis as the number of months in such period is of twelve months.

(d) Capital Net Gains and Losses—Earned Income.—The Com- Application of capital missioner with the approval of the Secretary shall by regulations or carned income. prescribe the method of applying the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) (relating to computing income on the basis of a short period, and placing such income on an annual basis) to cases where the taxpayer makes a separate return under subsection (a) on account of a change in the accounting period, and it appears that for the period for which the return is so made he has derived a capital net gain, or sustained a capital net loss, or received earned income.

(e) REDUCTION OF CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME.—In the case of al credits for fractions a return made for a fractional part of a year, except a return made of a year. under subsection (a), on account of a change in the accounting period, the personal exemption and credit for dependents shall be reduced respectively to amounts which bear the same ratio to the full credits provided as the number of months in the period for

which return is made bears to twelve months.

(f) CLOSING OF TAXABLE YEAR IN CASE OF JEOPARDY.—For closing C year of taxable year in case of jeopardy, see section 146.

SEC. 48. DEFINITIONS.

When used in this title—

(a) TAXABLE YEAR .-- "Taxable year" means the calendar year, or the fiscal year ending during such calendar year, upon the basis of which the net income is computed under this Part. "Taxable year" includes, in the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under the provisions of this title or under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, the period for which such return is made. The first taxable year, to be called the calendar year 1932. taxable year 1932, shall be the calendar year 1932 or any fiscal year ending during the calendar year 1932.

INCOME TAX

Returns for less than period changes.

Computation of.

Closing of taxable Post. p. 217.

Definitions.

"Taxable year,"

"Fiscal year."

"Paid or incurred" and "paid or accrued."

(b) Fiscal Year.—" Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve months ending on the last day of any month other than December.

(c) Paid, Incurred, Accrued.—The terms "paid or incurred" and paid or accrued " shall be construed according to the method of accounting upon the basis of which the net income is computed under this Part.

Part V—Returns and Payment of Tax

Returns and payment.

Individual returns. Sworn statement of

gross income, deduc-tions, and credits,

Net income \$1,000 or over, if single, etc.

Net income \$2,500 or over, if married and living with husband or

Gross income \$5,000 or over.

Husband and wife living together.

Separate.

Joint.

Persons under disability. By agent.

Fiduciaries. Post, p. 214.

Corporation returns. Requirement for making.

Receivers, trustees,

Collection of tax.

Time and place for filing returns.

Post, p. 213.

Consolidated returns.

Time designated.

(a) TIME FOR FILING.—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Returns made on the basis of the calendar year shall be made on or before the 15th day of March following the close of the calendar year. Returns made on the basis of a fiscal year shall be made on or before the 15th day of the third month following the close of the fiscal year.

(2) Extension of time.—The Commissioner may grant a reasonable extension of time for filing returns, under such rules and

SEC. 51. INDIVIDUAL RETURNS.

(a) Requirement.—The following individuals shall each make under oath a return stating specifically the items of his gross income and the deductions and credits allowed under this title-

(1) Every individual having a net income for the taxable year of \$1,000 or over, if single, or if married and not living with husband or wife;

(2) Every individual having a net income for the taxable year of \$2,500 or over, if married and living with husband or wife; and

(3) Every individual having a gross income for the taxable year of \$5,000 or over, regardless of the amount of his net income.

(b) HUSBAND AND WIFE.—If a husband and wife living together have an aggregate net income for the taxable year of \$2,500 or over, or an aggregate gross income for such year of \$5,000 or over-

(1) Each shall make such a return, or

(2) The income of each shall be included in a single joint return, in which case the tax shall be computed on the aggregate income.

(c) Persons Under Disability.—If the taxpayer is unable to make his own return, the return shall be made by a duly authorized agent or by the guardian or other person charged with the care of the person or property of such taxpayer.

(d) FIDUCIARIES.—For returns to be made by fiduciaries, see section 142.

SEC. 52. CORPORATION RETURNS.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Every corporation subject to taxation under this title shall make a return, stating specifically the items of its gross income and the deductions and credits allowed by this title. The return shall be sworn to by the president, vice president, or other principal officer and by the treasurer or assistant treasurer. In cases where receivers, trustees in bankruptcy, or assignees are operating the property or business of corporations, such receivers, trustees, or assignees shall make returns for such corporations in the same manner and form as corporations are required to make returns. tax due on the basis of such returns made by receivers, trustees, or assignees shall be collected in the same manner as if collected from the corporations of whose business or property they have custody and control. (b) Consolidated Returns.—For provision as to consolidated

returns of affiliated corporations, see section 141. SEC. 53. TIME AND PLACE FOR FILING RETURNS.

Extension granted on

regulations as he shall prescribe with the approval of the Secretary. Except in the case of taxpayers who are abroad, no such extension shall be for more than six months.

(b) To Whom Return Made.—

(1) Individuals.—Returns (other than corporation returns) shall be made to the collector for the district in which is located the legal residence or principal place of business of the person making the return, or, if he has no legal residence or principal place of business in the United States, then to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland.

(2) Corporations.—Returns of corporations shall be made to the lector of district where collector of the district in which is located the principal place of business or principal office or agency of the corporation, or, if it has no principal place of business or principal office or agency in the United States, then to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland.

SEC. 54. RECORDS AND SPECIAL RETURNS.

(a) By Taxpayer.—Every person liable to any tax imposed by payer. this title or for the collection thereof, shall keep such records, render under oath such statements, make such returns, and comply with such rules and regulations, as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may from time to time prescribe.

(b) To DETERMINE LIABILITY TO TAX.—Whenever in the judgment mine liability to tax. of the Commissioner necessary he may require any person, by notice served upon him, to make a return, render under oath such statements, or keep such records, as the Commissioner deems sufficient to show whether or not such person is liable to tax under this title.

(c) Information at the Source.—For requirement of statements source.

Post, pp. 218, 219. and returns by one person to assist in determining the tax liability of another person, see sections 147 to 150.

SEC. 55. PUBLICITY OF RETURNS.

Returns made under this title shall be open to inspection in the in Revenue Act of 1926. same manner, to the same extent, and subject to the same provisions of law, including penalties, as returns made under Title II of the Revenue Act of 1926.

SEC. 56. PAYMENT OF TAX.

(a) TIME OF PAYMENT.—The total amount of tax imposed by this title shall be paid on the fifteenth day of March following the close of the calendar year, or, if the return should be made on the basis of a fiscal year, then on the fifteenth day of the third month following the close of the fiscal year.

(b) Installment Payments.—The taxpayer may elect to pay the stallments. tax in four equal installments, in which case the first installment shall be paid on the date prescribed for the payment of the tax by the taxpayer, the second installment shall be paid on the fifteenth day of the third month, the third installment on the fifteenth day of the sixth month, and the fourth installment on the fifteenth day of default. the ninth month, after such date. If any installment is not paid on or before the date fixed for its payment, the whole amount of the tax unpaid shall be paid upon notice and demand from the collector.

(c) Extension of Time for Payment.—At the request of the request.

taxpayer, the Commissioner may extend the time for payment of the amount determined as the tax by the taxpayer, or any installment thereof, for a period not to exceed six months from the date prescribed for the payment of the tax or an installment thereof. In Fa such case the amount in respect of which the extension is granted shall be paid on or before the date of the expiration of the period of the extension.

INCOME TAX Limit.

To whom made.

By individuals, to collector of district.

At Baltimore, Md.

principal office located.

At Baltimore, Md.

Records and special Required of tax-

Statement to deter-

Information at the

Publicity of returns.

Open to inspection as Vol. 44, p. 51.

Payment of tax. Time designated.

Allowed in four in-

Whole amount on

Extension allowed on

Payment on expira-

Jeopardy payments. Post, p. 217.

Tax withheld at source. Post, pp. 215, 216.

Fraction of a cent disregarded.

Receipts on request.

Evidence of tax paid.

Surrender to creditor as payment on debt.

Examination of return and determina-

tion of tax.

To be made as soon as practicable. Additions to tax and

Negligence, etc.,

Criminal penalties,

Administrative proceedings. Nonpayments, or

overpayments.

Deficiencies, p. 233.

Additions, p. 238.

Transferees and fiduciaries, p. 240.

Overpayments, p.242,

Miscellaneous provisions.

Laws made applicable.
Administrative pro-

visions, etc., extended

(d) VOLUNTARY ADVANCE PAYMENT.—A tax imposed by this title, Voluntary advance or any installment thereof, may be paid, at the election of the taxpayer, prior to the date prescribed for its payment.

(e) Advance Payment in Case of Jeopardy.—For advance pay-

ment in case of jeopardy, see section 146.

(f) TAX WITHHELD AT SOURCE.—For requirement of withholding tax at the source in the case of nonresident aliens and foreign corporations, and in the case of so-called "tax-free covenant bonds," see sections 143 and 144.

(g) Fractional Parts of Cent.—In the payment of any tax under this title a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be increased

(h) Receipts.—Every collector to whom any payment of any income tax is made shall upon request give to the person making such payment a full written or printed receipt, stating the amount paid and the particular account for which such payment was made; and whenever any debtor pays taxes on account of payments made or to be made by him to separate creditors the collector shall, if requested by such debtor, give a separate receipt for the tax paid on account of each creditor in such form that the debtor can conveniently produce such receipts separately to his several creditors in satisfaction of their respective demands up to the amounts stated in the receipts; and such receipt shall be sufficient evidence in favor of such debtor to justify him in withholding from his next payment to his creditor the amount therein stated; but the creditor may, upon giving to his debtor a full written receipt acknowledging the payment to him of any sum actually paid and accepting the amount of tax paid as aforesaid (specifying the same) as a further satisfaction of the debt to that amount, require the surrender to him of such collector's receipt.

SEC. 57. EXAMINATION OF RETURN AND DETERMINATION OF TAX.

As soon as practicable after the return is filed the Commissioner shall examine it and shall determine the correct amount of the tax. SEC. 58. ADDITIONS TO TAX AND PENALTIES.

(a) For additions to the tax in case of negligence or fraud in the nonpayment of tax or failure to file return therefor, see Sup-

(b) For criminal penalties for nonpayment of tax or failure to

file return therefor, see section 145.

SEC. 59. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

For administrative proceedings in respect of the nonpayment or overpayment of a tax imposed by this title, see as follows:

(a) Supplement L, relating to assessment and collection of

deficiencies.

(b) Supplement M, relating to interest and additions to tax.

(c) Supplement N, relating to claims against transferees and fiduciaries.

(d) Supplement O, relating to overpayments.

Part VI—Miscellaneous Provisions

SEC. 61. LAWS MADE APPLICABLE.

All administrative, special, or stamp provisions of law, including the law relating to the assessment of taxes, so far as applicable, are hereby extended to and made a part of this title.

SEC. 62. RULES AND REGULATIONS.

The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe and publish all needful rules and regulations for the enforcement of this title.

SEC. 63. TAXES IN LIEU OF TAXES UNDER 1928 ACT.

The taxes imposed by this title shall be in lieu of the corresponding taxes imposed by the sections of the Revenue Act of 1928 bearing the same numbers.

SEC. 64. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Income Tax Act of 1932."

SEC. 65. EFFECTIVE DATE OF TITLE.

This title shall take effect as of January 1, 1932, except that sections 145 and 150, and this section, shall take effect on the enactment of this Act.

INCOME TAX

Rules and regulapublished.

Taxes in lieu of 1928 Act. Table. Vol. 45, p. 795.

Short title.

"Income Tax Act of

Effective date. Exceptions. Post, pp. 217, 219.

SUBTITLE C—SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS

Supplement A—Rates of Tax

[Supplementary to Subtitle B, Part I]

SEC. 101. CAPITAL NET GAINS AND LOSSES.

(a) Tax in Case of Capital Net Gain.—In the case of any taxpayer, other than a corporation, who for any taxable year derives a capital net gain (as hereinafter defined in this section), there shall, at the election of the taxpayer, be levied, collected, and paid, in lieu of all other taxes imposed by this title, a tax determined as follows: A partial tax shall first be computed upon the basis of the ordinary net income at the rates and in the manner as if this section had not been enacted and the total tax shall be this amount plus 12½ per centum of the capital net gain.

(b) Tax in Case of Capital Net Loss.—In the case of any taxpayer, other than a corporation, who for any taxable year sustains a capital net loss (as hereinafter defined in this section), there shall be levied, collected, and paid, in lieu of all other taxes imposed by this title, a tax determined as follows: a partial tax shall first be computed upon the basis of the ordinary net income at the rates and in the manner as if this section had not been enacted, and the total tax shall be this amount minus 12½ per centum of the capital net loss; but in no case shall the tax of a taxpayer who has sustained a capital net loss be less than the tax computed without regard to the provisions of this section.

(c) Definitions.—For the purposes of this title—
(1) "Capital gain" means taxable gain from the sale or exchange of capital assets consummated after December 31, 1921.

(2) "Capital loss" means deductible loss resulting from the

sale or exchange of capital assets.

(3) "Capital deductions" means such deductions as are allowed tions." by section 23 for the purpose of computing net income, and are properly allocable to or chargeable against capital assets sold or exchanged during the taxable year.

(4) "Ordinary deductions" means the deductions allowed by tions."

section 23 other than capital losses and capital deductions.

(5) "Capital net gain" means the excess of the total amount of capital gain over the sum of (A) the capital deductions and capital losses, plus (B) the amount, if any, by which the ordinary deductions exceed the gross income computed without including capital gains.

Supplemental pro-

Rates of tax.

Capital net gains and

Computation of tax of net gains.

Of net loss.

Meaning of terms. "Capital gain."

"Capital loss."

Ante, p. 179.

"Ordinary deduc-

"Capital net gain."

INCOME TAX "Capital net loss."

"Ordinary net in-

"Capital assets."

Property not included.

Property received on an exchange.

Post, p. 198.

Period of property holding.

Post, p. 198.

Stock, etc., received on a distribution.

Vol. 45, p. 818. Post, p. 197.

Computing period stock has been held.

Vol. 45, p. 826. Post, p. 208.

Collection and pay-

or gas wells.

Tax on selling price.

Sale of mines and oil SEC. 102. SALE OF MINES AND OIL OR GAS WELLS. (a) In the case of a bona fide sale of mines, oil or gas wells, or any interest therein, where the principal value of the property has been demonstrated by prospecting or exploration and discovery

(b) For limitation to 121/2 per centum rate of tax, see section 101.

(6) "Capital net loss" means the excess of the sum of the capital losses plus the capital deductions over the total amount of

capital gain.

(7) "Ordinary net income" means the net income, computed in accordance with the provisions of this title, after excluding all

items of capital gain, capital loss, and capital deductions.

(8) "Capital assets" means property held by the taxpayer for more than two years (whether or not connected with his trade or business), but does not include stock in trade of the taxpayer or other property of a kind which would properly be included in the inventory of the taxpayer if on hand at the close of the taxable year, or property held by the taxpayer primarily for sale in the course of his trade or business. For the purposes of this definition-

(A) In determining the period for which the taxpayer has held property received on an exchange there shall be included the period for which he held the property exchanged, if under the provisions of section 113, the property received has, for the purpose of determining gain or loss from a sale or exchange, the same basis in whole or in part in his hands as the property

exchanged.

(B) In determining the period for which the taxpayer has held property however acquired there shall be included the period for which such property was held by any other person, if under the provisions of section 113, such property has, for the purpose of determining gain or loss from a sale or exchange, the same basis in whole or in part in his hands as it would have in the hands of such other person.

(C) In determining the period for which the taxpayer has held stock or securities received upon a distribution where no gain is recognized to the distributee under the provisions of section 112 (g) of this Act or the Revenue Act of 1928, there shall be included the period for which he held the stock or securities in the distributing corporation prior to the receipt

of the stock or securities upon such distribution.

(D) In determining the period for which the taxpayer has held stock or securities the acquisition of which (or the contract or option to acquire which) resulted in the nondeductibility (under section 118 of this Act or the Revenue Act of 1928, relating to wash sales) of the loss from the sale or other disposition of substantially identical stock or securities, there shall be included the period for which he held the stock or securities the loss from the sale or other disposition of which was not deductible.

(d) Collection and Payment of Tax.—The total tax determined under subsection (a) or (b) shall be collected and paid in the same manner, at the same time, and subject to the same provisions of law, including penalties, as other taxes under this title.

work done by the taxpayer, the portion of the tax imposed by section 12 of this title attributable to such sale shall not exceed 16 per centum of the selling price of such property or interest.

Limitation, p. 191.

SEC. 103. EXEMPTIONS FROM TAX ON CORPORATIONS.

The following organizations shall be exempt from taxation under this title-

(1) Labor, agricultural, or horticultural organizations;

(2) Mutual savings banks not having a capital stock repre- etc. Mutual savings sented by shares;

(3) Fraternal beneficiary societies, orders, or associations, (A) operating under the lodge system or for the exclusive benefit of the members of a fraternity itself operating under the lodge system; and (B) providing for the payment of life, sick, accident, or other benefits to the members of such society, order, or association or their dependents:

(4) Domestic building and loan associations substantially all and loan associations; the business of which is confined to making loans to members; and cooperative banks. cooperative banks without capital stock organized and operated

for mutual purposes and without profit;

(5) Cemetery companies owned and operated exclusively for Mutual cometery the benefit of their members or which are not operated for profit; and any corporation chartered solely for burial purposes as a cemetery corporation and not permitted by its charter to engage in any business not necessarily incident to that purpose, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;

(6) Corporations, and any community chest, fund, or founda- Corporations, community chests, etc., for tion, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, religious, etc., purscientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention poses. of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or

individual;

(7) Business leagues, chambers of commerce, real-estate boards, or boards of trade, not organized for profit and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;

(8) Civic leagues or organizations not organized for profit but ployees, emassociations, operated exclusively for the promotion of social welfare, or local etc. associations of employees, the membership of which is limited to the employees of a designated person or persons in a particular municipality, and the net earnings of which are devoted exclusively to charitable, educational, or recreational purposes;

(9) Clubs organized and operated exclusively for pleasure, recreation, and other nonprofitable purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder;

(10) Benevolent life insurance associations of a purely local mutual character, mutual ditch or irrigation companies, mutual or cooperative telephone companies, or like organizations; but only if 85 per centum or more of the income consists of amounts collected from members for the sole purpose of meeting losses and expenses;

(11) Farmers' or other mutual hail, cyclone, casualty, or fire casualty insurance insurance companies or associations (including interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters) the income of which is used or held for

the purpose of paying losses or expenses;

(12) Farmers', fruit growers', or like associations organized and associations.

For marketing their operated on a cooperative basis (a) for the purpose of marketing products. the products of members or other producers, and turning back to them the proceeds of sales, less the necessary marketing expenses, on the basis of either the quantity or the value of the products furnished by them, or (b) for the purpose of purchasing supplies and equipment for members. and equipment for the use of members or other persons, and turn-

Exemptions from tax

Labor, agricultural,

Fraternal beneficiary societies.

Domestic building

Business leagues, etc.

Pleasure clubs.

Local life insurance, ditch, companies.

Farmers' cooperative

Purchasing supplies

Capital stock associations restricted.

Limitation on marketing products of non-members.

Purchases by nonmembers.

Organizations by exempt associations for financing crop operations of members.

Dividend rate of stock.

Reserve allowed.

Corporations as trus-tees for exempted organizations.

Federal land banks, etc. Vol. 39, p. 360. U. S. C., p. 298.

Voluntary employees' beneficiary associations.

Local teachers' retirement fund associations

ing over such supplies and equipment to them at actual cost, plus necessary expenses. Exemption shall not be denied any such association because it has capital stock, if the dividend rate of such stock is fixed at not to exceed the legal rate of interest in the State of incorporation or 8 per centum per annum, whichever is greater, on the value of the consideration for which the stock was issued. and if substantially all such stock (other than nonvoting preferred stock, the owners of which are not entitled or permitted to participate, directly or indirectly, in the profits of the association, upon dissolution or otherwise, beyond the fixed dividends) is owned by producers who market their products or purchase their supplies and equipment through the association; nor shall exemption be denied any such association because there is accumulated and maintained by it a reserve required by State law or a reasonable reserve for any necessary purpose. Such an association may market the products of nonmembers in an amount the value of which does not exceed the value of the products marketed for members, and may purchase supplies and equipment for non-members in an amount the value of which does not exceed the value of the supplies and equipment purchased for members, provided the value of the purchases made for persons who are neither members nor producers does not exceed 15 per centum of the value of all its purchases:

(13) Corporations organized by an association exempt under the provisions of paragraph (12), or members thereof, for the purpose of financing the ordinary crop operations of such members or other producers, and operated in conjunction with such association. Exemption shall not be denied any such corporation because it has capital stock, if the dividend rate of such stock is fixed at not to exceed the legal rate of interest in the State of incorporation or 8 per centum per annum, whichever is greater, on the value of the consideration for which the stock was issued, and if substantially all such stock (other than nonvoting preferred stock, the owners of which are not entitled or permitted to participate, directly or indirectly, in the profits of the corporation, upon dissolution or otherwise, beyond the fixed dividends) is owned by such association, or members thereof; nor shall exemption be denied any such corporation because there is accumulated and maintained by it a reserve required by State law or a reasonable reserve for

any necessary purpose;

(14) Corporations organized for the exclusive purpose of holding title to property, collecting income therefrom, and turning over the entire amount thereof, less expenses, to an organization which itself is exempt from the tax imposed by this title;

(15) Federal land banks, national farm-loan associations, and Federal intermediate credit banks, as provided in the Federal

Farm Loan Act, as amended;

(16) Voluntary employees' beneficiary associations providing for the payment of life, sick, accident, or other benefits to the members of such association or their dependents, if (A) no part of their net earnings inures (other than through such payments) to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and (B) 85 per centum or more of the income consists of amounts collected from members for the sole purpose of making such payments and meeting expenses;

(17) Teachers' retirement fund associations of a purely local character, if (A) no part of their net earnings inures (other than through payment of retirement benefits) to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and (B) the income consists solely of amounts received from public taxation, amounts received from assessments upon the teaching salaries of members, and income in respect of investments.

INCOME TAX

SEC. 104. ACCUMULATION OF SURPLUS TO EVADE SURTAXES.

(a) If any corporation, however created or organized, is formed or availed of for the purpose of preventing the imposition of the surtax surtax to members. upon its shareholders through the medium of permitting its gains and profits to accumulate instead of being divided or distributed, there shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the net income of such corporation a tax equal to 50 per centum of the amount thereof, which shall be in addition to the tax imposed by section 13 and shall be computed, collected, and paid upon the same basis and in the same manner and subject to the same provisions of law, including penalties, as that tax.

(b) The fact that any corporation is a mere holding or investment pose of evasion. company, or that the gains or profits are permitted to accumulate beyond the reasonable needs of the business, shall be prima facie

evidence of a purpose to escape the surtax.

(c) As used in this section the term "net income" means the net income "net i income as defined in section 21, increased by the sum of the amount of the dividend deduction allowed under section 23(p) and the amount of the interest on obligations of the United States issued after September 1, 1917, which would be subject to tax in whole

or in part in the hands of an individual owner.

(d) The tax imposed by this section shall not apply if all the applicable if distribushareholders of the corporation include (at the time of filing their tive share included in income of shareholders. returns) in their gross income their entire distributive shares, whether distributed or not, of the net income of the corporation for such year. Any amount so included in the gross income of a shareholder shall be treated as a dividend received. Any subsequent distions. tribution made by the corporation out of the earnings or profits for such taxable year shall, if distributed to any shareholder who has so included in his gross income his distributive share, be exempt from tax in the amount of the share so included.

SEC. 105. TAXABLE PERIOD EMBRACING YEARS WITH DIFFERENT Taxable period embracing years with different laws.

If it is necessary to compute the tax for a period beginning in one for period in one calendar year (hereinafter in this section called "first calendar dar year and ending in the following. year") and ending in the following calendar year (hereinafter in this section called "second calendar year") and the law applicable to the second calendar year is different from the law applicable to the first calendar year, then the tax under this title for the period ending during the second calendar year shall be in the sum of: (1) the same proportion of a tax for the entire period, determined under the law applicable to the first calendar year and at the rates for such year, which the portion of such period falling within the first calendar year is of the entire period; and (2) the same proportion of a tax for the entire period, determined under the law applicable to the second calendar year and at the rates for such year, which the portion of such period falling within the second calendar year is of the entire period.

Supplement B—Computation of Net Income

[Supplementary to Subtitle B, Part II]

SEC. 111. DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF GAIN OR LOSS.

(a) Computation of Gain or Loss.—Except as hereinafter pro- Basis for determine, on disposal vided in this section, the gain from the sale or other disposition of property.

Accumulation of surplus to evade surtaxes.
Corporations amassing gains, etc., to avoid

Additional tax to corporation tax. Ante, p. 177.

Evidence of a pur-

"Net income" de-

Ante, pp. 178, 182.

Subsequent distribu-

Computation of net income.

Gain or loss.

Basis for determin-

Adjusted basis. Post, p. 201.

Computation of sums from disposition of property.

Recognition of gain or loss on sale or exchange.

Installment sales

Gain or loss from sales on exchanges. Entire amount recognized.

Exceptions.

No gain or loss on exchanging for similar uses.

Similar stock in same corporation.

Substituted stock on reorganization.

Property for stock of to reorganizaparty tion.

Transfers for stock of corporation under same

Limitation.

Gain from exchanges not solely in kind. Receipts additional to that on which none recognized.

property shall be the excess of the amount realized therefrom over the adjusted basis provided in section 113(b), and the loss shall be the excess of such basis over the amount realized.

(b) Amount Realized.—The amount realized from the sale or other disposition of property shall be the sum of any money received plus the fair market value of the property (other than money) received.

(c) Recognition of Gain or Loss.—In the case of a sale or exchange, the extent to which the gain or loss determined under this section shall be recognized for the purposes of this title, shall be

determined under the provisions of section 112.

(d) Installment Sales.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent (in the case of property sold under contract providing for payment in installments) the taxation of that portion of any installment payment representing gain or profit in the year in which such payment is received.

SEC. 112. RECOGNITION OF GAIN OR LOSS.

(a) General Rule.—Upon the sale or exchange of property the entire amount of the gain or loss, determined under section 111, shall be recognized, except as hereinafter provided in this section.

(b) Exchanges Solely in Kind.—

(1) Property held for productive use or investment.—No gain or loss shall be recognized if property held for productive use in trade or business or for investment (not including stock in trade or other property held primarily for sale, nor stocks, bonds, notes, choses in action, certificates of trust or beneficial interest, or other securities or evidences of indebtedness or interest) is exchanged solely for property of a like kind to be held either for productive use in trade or business or for investment.

(2) Stock for stock of same corporation.—No gain or loss shall be recognized if common stock in a corporation is exchanged solely for common stock in the same corporation, or if preferred stock in a corporation is exchanged solely for preferred stock in

the same corporation.

(3) STOCK FOR STOCK ON REORGANIZATION.—No gain or loss shall be recognized if stock or securities in a corporation a party to a reorganization are, in pursuance of the plan of reorganization, exchanged solely for stock or securities in such corporation or in another corporation a party to the reorganization.

(4) Same—Gain of corporation.—No gain or loss shall be recognized if a corporation a party to a reorganization exchanges property, in pursuance of the plan of reorganization, solely for stock or securities in another corporation a party to the reorgani-

zation.

(5) Transfer to corporation controlled by transferor.—No gain or loss shall be recognized if property is transferred to a corporation by one or more persons solely in exchange for stock or securities in such corporation, and immediately after the exchange such person or persons are in control of the corporation; but in the case of an exchange by two or more persons this paragraph shall apply only if the amount of the stock and securities received by each is substantially in proportion to his interest in the property prior to the exchange.

(c) GAIN FROM EXCHANGES NOT SOLELY IN KIND.-

(1) If an exchange would be within the provisions of subsection (b) (1), (2), (3), or (5) of this section if it were not for the fact that the property received in exchange consists not only of property permitted by such paragraph to be received without the recognition of gain, but also of other property or money, then

the gain, if any, to the recipient shall be recognized, but in an amount not in excess of the sum of such money and the fair

market value of such other property.

(2) If a distribution made in pursuance of a plan of reorgani-tribution construed as zation is within the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection a taxable dividend. but has the effect of the distribution of a taxable dividend, then there shall be taxed as a dividend to each distributee such an amount of the gain recognized under paragraph (1) as as a recognized with a secure and profits accumulations and profits retaining accumulated after February 28, 1913. The Tax on gain from property exchange. remainder, if any, of the gain recognized under paragraph (1) shall be taxed as a gain from the exchange of property.

(d) Same—Gain of Corporation.—If an exchange would be received within the provisions of subsection (b) (4) of this section if it were stock received. not for the fact that the property received in exchange consists not only of stock or securities permitted by such paragraph to be received without the recognition of gain, but also of other property

or money, then-

(1) If the corporation receiving such other property or money distributes it in pursuance of the plan of reorganization, no gain to the corporation shall be recognized from the exchange, but

(2) If the corporation receiving such other property or money does not distribute it in pursuance of the plan of reorganization, the gain, if any, to the corporation shall be recognized, but in an amount not in excess of the sum of such money and the fair market value of such other property so received, which is not so distributed.

(e) Loss from Exchanges Not Solely in Kind.—If an exchange received other than would be within the provisions of subsection (b) (1) to (5), inclu-that on which gain or sive, of this section if it were not for the fact that the property loss recognized. received in exchange consists not only of property permitted by such paragraph to be received without the recognition of gain or loss, but also of other property or money, then no loss from the

exchange shall be recognized.

(f) Involuntary Conversions.—If property (as a result of its Involuntary converdestruction in whole or in part, theft or seizure, or an exercise of No gain or loss, if inthe power of requisition or condemnation, or the threat or imminence into similar property, thereof) is compulsorily or involuntarily converted into property etc. similar or related in service or use to the property so converted, or into money which is forthwith in good faith, under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, expended in the acquisition of other property similar or related in service or use to the property so converted, or in the acquisition of control of a corporation owning such other property, or in the establishment of a replacement fund, no gain or loss shall be recognized. If any part of the money is not so expended, the gain, if any, part not used. shall be recognized, but in an amount not in excess of the money which is not so expended.

(g) DISTRIBUTION OF STOCK ON REORGANIZATION.—If there is dis-reorganization and tributed, in pursuance of a plan of reorganization, to a shareholder bodies not surrented to the state of the surrented to the state of the state of the surrented to the state of the st in a corporation a party to the reorganization, stock or securities in such corporation or in another corporation a party to the reorganization, without the surrender by such shareholder of stock or securities in such a corporation, no gain to the distributee from the

receipt of such stock or securities shall be recognized.

(h) Same—Effect on Future Distributions.—The distribution, reorganization not conin pursuance of a plan of reorganization, by or on behalf of a strued as earnings, etc. corporation a party to the reorganization, of its stock or securities or stock or securities in a corporation a party to the reorganization, if

INCOME TAX

Reorganization with

No gain if distributed on reorganization.

Gain recognized.

Limitation.

Involuntary conver-

Gain recognized on

No gain to distrib-utee from receipt rec-ognized. Stock distributed on

Post, p. 203.

Reorganization.

Acts constituting.

Transfer.

"Party to a reorganization.

Ownership of stock constituting "control."

Foreign corporations Not recognized if purpose is to evade Federal income taxes.

Basis for determining gain or loss. Cost value; excep-

Inventory value.

Gifts after December 31, 1920.

Determination.

Fair market value.

no gain to the distributee from the receipt of such stock or securities was recognized by law, shall not be considered a distribution of earnings or profits within the meaning of section 115(b) for the purpose of determining the taxability of subsequent distributions by the corporation.

(i) DEFINITION OF REORGANIZATION.—As used in this section and

sections 113 and 115—
(1) The term "reorganization" means (A) a merger or consolidation (including the acquisition by one corporation of at least a majority of the voting stock and at least a majority of the total number of shares of all other classes of stock of another corporation, or substantially all the properties of another corporation), or (B) a transfer by a corporation of all or a part of its assets to another corporation if immediately after the transfer the transferor or its stockholders or both are in control of the corporation to which the assets are transferred, or (C) a recapitalization, or (D) a mere change in identity, form, or place of organization, however effected.

(2) The term "a party to a reorganization" includes a corporation resulting from a reorganization and includes both corporations in the case of an acquisition by one corporation of at least a majority of the voting stock and at least a majority of the total number of shares of all other classes of stock of another corpo-

ration.

(j) Definition of Control.—As used in this section the term control" means the ownership of at least 80 per centum of the voting stock and at least 80 per centum of the total number of

shares of all other classes of stock of the corporation.

(k) Foreign Corporations.—In determining the extent to which gain shall be recognized in the case of any of the exchanges or distributions (made after the date of the enactment of this Act) described in subsection (b) (3), (4), or (5), or described in so much of subsection (c) as refers to subsection (b) (3) or (5), or described in subsection (d) or (g), a foreign corporation shall not be considered as a corporation unless, prior to such exchange or distribution, it has been established to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that such exchange or distribution is not in pursuance of a plan having as one of its principal purposes the avoidance of Federal income taxes.

SEC. 113. ADJUSTED BASIS FOR DETERMINING GAIN OR LOSS.

(a) Basis (Unadjusted) of Property.—The basis of property

shall be the cost of such property; except that—
(1) INVENTORY VALUE.—If the property should have been included in the last inventory, the basis shall be the last inventory

value thereof.

(2) GIFTS AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1920.—If the property was acquired by gift after December 31, 1920, the basis shall be the same as it would be in the hands of the donor or the last preceding owner by whom it was not acquired by gift. If the facts necessary to determine such basis are unknown to the donee, the Commissioner shall, if possible, obtain such facts from such donor or last preceding owner, or any other person cognizant thereof. If the Commissioner finds it impossible to obtain such facts, the basis shall be the fair market value of such property as found by the Commissioner as of the date or approximate date at which, according to the best information that the Commissioner is able to obtain, such property was acquired by such donor or last preceding owner.

(3) Transfer in trust after december 31, 1920.—If the property was acquired after December 31, 1920, by a transfer in trust (other than by a transfer in trust by a bequest or devise) the basis quired after December shall be the same as it would be in the bands of the shall be the same as it would be in the hands of the grantor, As in hands of grantincreased in the amount of gain or decreased in the amount of loss or. recognized to the grantor upon such transfer under the law

applicable to the year in which the transfer was made.

(4) GIFT OR TRANSFER IN TRUST BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1921.—If the Gift or transfer in trust before January 1, property was acquired by gift or transfer in trust on or before 1921. December 31, 1920, the basis shall be the fair market value of such property at the time of such acquisition. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to the acquisition of such property interests Under power of apas are specified in section 402(e) of the Revenue Act of 1921, or in Vol. 42, p. 279; Vol. section 302(f) of the Revenue Act of 1924 or the Revenue Act of 43, p. 305; Vol. 44, p. 71. section 302(f) of the Revenue Act of 1924 or the Revenue Act of 1926 (relating to property passing under power of appointment)

regardless of the time of acquisition.

(5) Property transmitted at death.—If personal property transmitwas acquired by specific bequest, or if real property was acquired Property transmitted by specific bequests, etc. by general or specific devise or by intestacy, the basis shall be the fair market value of the property at the time of the death of the decedent. If the property was acquired by the decedent's estate from the decedent, the basis in the hands of the estate shall be the fair market value of the property at the time of the death of the decedent. In all other cases if the property was acquired either by will or by intestacy, the basis shall be the fair market value of the property at the time of the distribution to the taxpayer. the case of property transferred in trust to pay the income for life to or upon the order or direction of the grantor, with the right reserved to the grantor at all times prior to his death to revoke the trust, the basis of such property in the hands of the persons entitled under the terms of the trust instrument to the property after the grantor's death shall, after such death, be the same as if the trust instrument had been a will executed on the day of the grantor's death.

(6) Tax-free exchanges generally.—If the property was Acquired change. acquired upon an exchange described in section 112(b) to (e), inclusive, the basis shall be the same as in the case of the property exchanged, decreased in the amount of any money received by the taxpayer and increased in the amount of gain or decreased in the amount of loss to the taxpayer that was recognized upon such exchange under the law applicable to the year in which the exchange was made. If the property so acquired consisted in part and partly by other of the type of property permitted by section 112(b) to be received property. without the recognition of gain or loss, and in part of other property, the basis provided in this paragraph shall be allocated between the properties (other than money) received, and for the purpose of the allocation there shall be assigned to such other property an amount equivalent to its fair market value at the date of the exchange. This paragraph shall not apply to property sideration excepted. acquired by a corporation by the issuance of its stock or securities as the consideration in whole or in part for the transfer of the property to it.

(7) TRANSFERS TO CORPORATION WHERE CONTROL OF PROPERTY ration where control of REMAINS IN SAME PERSONS.—If the property was acquired after property remains in December 31, 1917, by a corporation in connection with a reorgani
By a corporation zation, and immediately after the transfer an interest or control after 1917. in such property of 50 per centum or more remained in the same persons or any of them, then the basis shall be the same as it would be in the hands of the transferor, increased in the amount of gain

INCOME TAX

Fair market value.

In with right to revoke. Transfer

on

Stock issued as con-

Stock issues excepted.

Property acquired by issuance of stock or as paid-in surplus.

By a corporation after 1920.

Issuance of stock controlled by transferor.

Ante, p. 196.

Paid-in surplus, etc.

Tax - free distributions.
Stock distributed on reorganization after December 31, 1923.
Ante, p. 197.

If acquired by involuntary conversion.

Wash sales of stock on which loss not allowed. Post, p. 208.

Basis.

Property acquired during affiliation.

Adjustment and determination of basis.

"Period of affiliation" defined. or decreased in the amount of loss recognized to the transferor upon such transfer under the law applicable to the year in which the transfer was made. This paragraph shall not apply if the property acquired consists of stock or securities in a corporation a party to the reorganization, unless acquired by the issuance of stock or securities of the transferee as the consideration in whole or in part for the transfer.

(8) PROPERTY ACQUIRED BY ISSUANCE OF STOCK OR AS PAID-IN SURPLUS.—If the property was acquired after December 31, 1920, by

a corporation-

(A) by the issuance of its stock or securities in connection with a transaction described in section 112(b)(5) (including, also, cases where part of the consideration for the transfer of such property to the corporation was property or money, in addition to such stock or securities), or

(B) as paid-in surplus or as a contribution to capital, then the basis shall be the same as it would be in the hands of the transferor, increased in the amount of gain or decreased in the amount of loss recognized to the transferor upon such transfer under the law applicable to the year in which the transfer was made.

(9) Tax-free distributions.—If the property consists of stock or securities distributed after December 31, 1923, to a taxpayer in connection with a transaction described in section 112(g), the basis in the case of the stock in respect of which the distribution was made shall be apportioned, under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, between such stock and the stock or securities distributed.

(10) Involuntary conversion.—If the property was acquired as the result of a compulsory or involuntary conversion described in section 112(f), the basis shall be the same as in the case of the property so converted, decreased in the amount of any money received by the taxpayer which was not expended in accordance with the provisions of law (applicable to the year in which such conversion was made) determining the taxable status of the gain or loss upon such conversion, and increased in the amount of gain or decreased in the amount of loss to the taxpayer recognized upon such conversion under the law applicable to the year in which such conversion was made.

(11) Wash sales of Stock.—If the property consists of stock or securities the acquisition of which (or the contract or option to acquire which) resulted in the nondeductibility (under section 118 of this Act or corresponding provisions of prior income tax laws, relating to wash sales) of the loss from the sale or other disposition of substantially identical stock or securities, then the basis shall be the basis of the stock or securities so sold or disposed of, increased or decreased, as the case may be, by the difference, if any, between the price at which the property was acquired and the price at which such substantially identical stock or securities were sold or otherwise disposed of.

(12) Property acquired by a corporation, during a period of affiliation, from a corporation with which it was affiliated, the basis of such property, after such period of affiliation, shall be determined, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, without regard to inter-company transactions in respect of which gain or loss was not recognized. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "period of affiliation" means the period during which such corporations were affiliation.

ated (determined in accordance with the law applicable thereto) but does not include any taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 1922, unless a consolidated return was made, nor any taxable year after the taxable year 1928. The basis in case of property Bas years. acquired by a corporation during any period, in the taxable year 1929 or any subsequent taxable year, in respect of which a consolidated return is made by such corporation under section 141 of this Act or the Revenue Act of 1928, shall be determined in accordance with regulations prescribed under section 141 (b) of this Act or the Revenue Act of 1928. The basis in the case of property held by a corporation during any period, in the taxable year 1929 or any subsequent taxable year, in respect of which a consolidated return is made by such corporation under section 141 of this Act or the Revenue Act of 1928, shall be adjusted in respect of any items relating to such period, in accordance with regulations prescribed under section 141 (b) of this Act or the Revenue Act of 1928, applicable to such period.

(13) PROPERTY ACQUIRED BEFORE MARCH 1, 1913.—In the case of Property acquired before March 1, 1913. property acquired before March 1, 1913, if the basis otherwise determined under this subsection, adjusted as provided in subsection (b), is less than the fair market value of the property as of March 1, 1913, then the basis shall be such fair market value. In assets. determining the fair market value of stock in a corporation as of March 1, 1913, due regard shall be given to the fair market value

of the assets of the corporation as of that date.

(b) Adjusted Basis.—The adjusted basis for determining the Adjusted basis for determining the determining gain or gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of property, whenever loss. acquired, shall be the basis determined under subsection (a), adjusted as hereinafter provided.

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Proper adjustment in respect of the prop-

erty shall in all cases be made-

(A) for expenditures, receipts, losses, or other items, properly chargeable to capital account, including taxes and other carrying unimproved real propcharges on unimproved and unproductive real property, but no such adjustment shall be made for taxes or other carrying charges for which deductions have been taken by the taxpayer in determining net income for the taxable year or prior taxable

years;

(B) in respect of any period since February 28, 1913, for Depletion, etc., since haustion, wear and took obscious amortization, and deple February 28, 1913. exhaustion, wear and tear, obsolescence, amortization, and depletion, to the extent allowed (but not less than the amount allowable) under this Act or prior income tax laws. Where Maximum allowance. for any taxable year prior to the taxable year 1932 the depletion allowance was based on discovery value or a percentage of Based on discovery income, then the adjustment for depletion for such year shall be income. based on the depletion which would have been allowable for such year if computed without reference to discovery value or a percentage of income;

(C) in respect of any period prior to March 1, 1913, for Any period prior to exhaustion, wear and tear, obsolescence, amortization, and

depletion, to the extent sustained;

(D) in the case of stock (to the extent not provided for in Basis reduced by taxthe foregoing subparagraphs) for the amount of distributions previously made which, under the law applicable to the year in which the distribution was made, either were tax-free or were applicable in reduction of basis (not including distributions made by a corporation, which was classified as a personal service corporation under the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1918 or 1921, out of its earnings or profits which were taxable in

INCOME TAX

Basis in subsequent

Post, p. 213. Vol. 45, p. 831.

Fair market value of

General rule. Adjustment to capital account.

Carrying charges on

INCOME TAX Vol. 42, p. 245; Vol. 45, p. 32. Substituted basis.

Determination of.

Provisions governing.

Basis of property.

Adjustments.

Basis for depreciation and depletion.
Depreciation.
Same as upon sale, etc.
Ante, p. 201.

Depletion.
Allowance same as for sale, etc.

Ante, p. 201. Exceptions.

Discovery value in case of mines.

Basis for depletion.

Fair market value.

Depletion allowance without reference to discovery value.

Minerals included.

Oil and gas allow-

Maximum.

accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Revenue Act of 1918 or 1921).

(2) Substituted basis.—The term "substituted basis" as used in this subsection means a basis determined under any provision of subsection (a) of this section or under any corresponding provision of a prior income tax law, providing that the basis shall be determined—

(A) by reference to the basis in the hands of a transferor,

donor, or grantor, or

(B) by reference to other property held at any time by the

person for whom the basis is to be determined.

Whenever it appears that the basis of property in the hands of the taxpayer is a substituted basis, then the adjustments provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be made after first making in respect of such substituted basis proper adjustments of a similar nature in respect of the period during which the property was held by the transferor, donor, or grantor, or during which the other property was held by the person for whom the basis is to be determined. A similar rule shall be applied in the case of a series of substituted bases.

SEC. 114. BASIS FOR DEPRECIATION AND DEPLETION.

(a) Basis for Depreciation.—The basis upon which exhaustion, wear and tear, and obsolescence are to be allowed in respect of any property shall be the adjusted basis provided in section 113(b) for the purpose of determining the gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition of such property.

(b) Basis for Depletion.—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—The basis upon which depletion is to be allowed in respect of any property shall be the adjusted basis provided in section 113(b) for the purpose of determining the gain or loss upon the sale or other disposition of such property, except as provided in paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection.

(2) DISCOVERY VALUE IN CASE OF MINES.—In the case of mines (other than metal, coal or sulphur mines) discovered by the taxpayer after February 28, 1913, the basis for depletion shall be the fair market value of the property at the date of discovery or within thirty days thereafter, if such mines were not acquired as the result of purchase of a proven tract or lease, and if the fair market value of the property is materially disproportionate to the cost. The depletion allowance based on discovery value provided in this paragraph shall not exceed 50 per centum of the net income of the taxpayer (computed without allowance for depletion) from the property upon which the discovery was made, except that in no case shall the depletion allowance be less than it would be if computed without reference to discovery value. Discoveries shall include minerals in commercial quantities contained within a vein or deposit discovered in an existing mine or mining tract by the taxpayer after February 28, 1913, if the vein or deposit thus discovered was not merely the uninterrupted extension of a continuing commercial vein or deposit already known to exist, and if the discovered minerals are of sufficient value and quantity that they could be separately mined and marketed at a profit.

(3) Percentage depletion for oil and gas wells.—In the case of oil and gas wells the allowance for depletion shall be 27½ per centum of the gross income from the property during the taxable year, excluding from such gross income an amount equal to any rents or royalties paid or incurred by the taxpayer in respect of

the property. Such allowance shall not exceed 50 per centum of the net income of the taxpayer (computed without allowance for depletion) from the property, except that in no case shall the depletion allowance be less than it would be if computed without

Limitation.

reference to this paragraph.

Percentage depletion

INCOME TAX

(4) Percentage depletion for coal and metal mines and for SULPHUR.—The allowance for depletion shall be, in the case of mines and sulphur. coal mines, 5 per centum, in the case of metal mines, 15 per centum, and, in the case of sulphur mines or deposits, 23 per centum, of the gross income from the property during the taxable year, excluding from such gross income an amount equal to any rents or royalties paid or incurred by the taxpayer in respect of the property. Such allowance shall not exceed 50 per centum of the net income of the taxpayer (computed without allowance for depletion) from the property, except that in no case shall the depletion allowance for the taxable year 1932 or 1933 be less than it would be if computed without reference to this paragraph. A taxpayer making return optional return for the taxable year 1933 shall state in such return, as to each property (or, if he first makes return in respect of a property for any taxable year after the taxable year 1933, then in such first return), whether he elects to have the depletion allowance for such property for succeeding taxable years computed with or without reference to percentage depletion. The depletion allowance in respect of such property for all succeeding taxable years shall be computed according to the election thus made. If the statement taxpayer fails to make such statement in the return, the depletion allowance for such property for succeeding taxable years shall be computed without reference to percentage depletion. During the period for which property acquired after December 31, 1933, is held by the taxpayer-

Maximum.

Exception.

If taxpayer makes no

Ante, p. 198.

(A) if the basis of the property in the hands of the taxpayer Basis of property is, under section 113(a), determined by reference to the basis determined by reference. (A) if the basis of the property in the hands of the taxpayer in the hands of the transferor, donor, or grantor, then the deple-transferor's hands. tion allowance in respect of the property shall be computed with or without reference to percentage depletion, according to the method of computation which would have been applicable if the transferor, donor, or grantor had continued to hold the property, or

(B) if the basis of the property is, under section 113(a), de- Previously neid property.

Rethod of computtermined by reference to the basis of other property previously Method of held by the taxpayer, then the depletion allowance in respect of the property shall be computed with or without reference to percentage depletion, according to the method of computation which would have been applicable in respect of the property previously held if the taxpayer had continued to hold such property.

SEC. 115. DISTRIBUTIONS BY CORPORATIONS.

(a) Definition of Dividend.—The term "dividend" when used in this title (except in section 203 (a) (4) and section 208 (c) (1), relating to insurance companies) means any distribution made by a deemed dividends.

The state character whether in money or in other propcorporation to its shareholders, whether in money or in other property, out of its earnings or profits accumulated after February 28, 1913.

excepted.

(b) Source of Distributions.—For the purposes of this Act every distribution is made out of earnings or profits to the extent thereof, and from the most recently accumulated earnings or profits. Any earnings or profits accumulated, or increase in value of property tax free. accrued, before March 1, 1913, may be distributed exempt from tax, after the earnings and profits accumulated after February 28, 1913,

Sources:

Accumulations, etc., before March 1, 1913,

INCOME TAX
Conditions.

Distributions in liquidation, to be in full payment for stock.

Gain or loss to distributee.

Ante, pp. 195, 196.

Partial liquidation distribution.

Distributions not out of increase in value before March 1, 1913, nor from earnings or profits.

Distributions by personal service corporations.

Exemptions,

Vol. 42, p. 245; Vol. 44, p. 32.

Stock dividends not taxable.

Redemption of stock.
Treatment of proceeds of.

"Amounts distributed in partial liquidation," construed.

Exclusions from gross income. Additional items exempt from tax. Ante, p. 178.

Earned income of nonresident citizens, from sources without United States.

have been distributed, but any such tax-free distribution shall be applied against and reduce the basis of the stock provided in section 113.

(c) Distributions in Liquidation.—Amounts distributed in complete liquidation of a corporation shall be treated as in full payment in exchange for the stock, and amounts distributed in partial liquidation of a corporation shall be treated as in part or full payment in exchange for the stock. The gain or loss to the distributee resulting from such exchange shall be determined under section 111, but shall be recognized only to the extent provided in section 112. In the case of amounts distributed in partial liquidation (other than a distribution within the provisions of section 112(h) of stock or securities in connection with a reorganization) the part of such distribution which is properly chargeable to capital account shall not be considered a distribution of earnings or profits within the meaning of subsection (b) of this section for the purpose of determining the taxability of subsequent distributions by the corporation.

(d) OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS FROM CAPITAL.—If any distribution (not in partial or complete liquidation) made by a corporation to its shareholders is not out of increase in value of property accrued before March 1, 1913, and is not out of earnings or profits, then the amount of such distribution shall be applied against and reduce the basis of the stock provided in section 113, and if in excess of such basis, such excess shall be taxable in the same manner as a gain

from the sale or exchange of property.

(e) DISTRIBUTIONS BY PERSONAL SERVICE CORPORATIONS.—Any distribution made by a corporation, which was classified as a personal service corporation under the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1918 or the Revenue Act of 1921, out of its earnings or profits which were taxable in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Revenue Act of 1918 or section 218 of the Revenue Act of 1921, shall be exempt from tax to the distributees.

(f) STOCK DIVIDENDS.—A stock dividend shall not be subject to

tax.

(g) REDEMPTION OF STOCK.—If a corporation cancels or redeems its stock (whether or not such stock was issued as a stock dividend) at such time and in such manner as to make the distribution and cancellation or redemption in whole or in part essentially equivalent to the distribution of a taxable dividend, the amount so distributed in redemption or cancellation of the stock, to the extent that it represents a distribution of earnings or profits accumulated after February 28, 1913, shall be treated as a taxable dividend.

(h) DEFINITION OF PARTIAL LIQUIDATION.—As used in this section the term "amounts distributed in partial liquidation" means a distribution by a corporation in complete cancellation or redemption of a part of its stock, or one of a series of distributions in complete cancellation or redemption of all or a portion of its stock.

SEC. 116. EXCLUSIONS FROM GROSS INCOME.

In addition to the items specified in section 22(b), the following items shall not be included in gross income and shall be exempt from taxation under this title:

(a) EARNED INCOME FROM SOURCES WITHOUT UNITED STATES.— In the case of an individual citizen of the United States, a bona fide nonresident of the United States for more than six months during the taxable year, amounts received from sources without the United States (except amounts paid by the United States or any agency thereof) if such amounts constitute earned income; but such individual shall not be allowed as a deduction from his gross income any

deductions properly allocable to or chargeable against amounts excluded from gross income under this subsection. As used in this subsection the term "earned income" means wages, salaries, professional fees, and other amounts received as compensation for personal services actually rendered, but does not include that part of the compensation derived by the taxpayer for personal services rendered by him to a corporation which represents a distribution of earnings or profits rather than a reasonable allowance as compensation for the personal services actually rendered. In the case of a taxpayer engaged in a trade or business in which both personal services and capital are material income producing factors, a reasonable allowance as compensation for the personal services actually rendered by the taxpayer, not in excess of 20 per centum of his share of the net profits of such trade or business, shall be considered as earned income.

(b) TEACHERS IN ALASKA AND HAWAII.—In the case of an indi- and Hawaii. vidual employed by Alaska or Hawaii or any political subdivision thereof as a teacher in any educational institution, the compensation received as such. This subsection shall not exempt compensation paid tion not exempted. directly or indirectly by the Government of the United States. Subgovernment for the Territory of Hawaii", approved April 30, 1900, pealed.

Act entitled "An Act to amend section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii", approved April 30, 1900, pealed.

Vol. 31, p. 141.

Vol. 31, p. 141. Act entitled 'An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii', approved April 30, 1900", approved April 12, 1930 [U.S. 680. C., Sup. V, title 48, sec. 495(b)], is repealed as of January 1, 1932.

(c) INCOME OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The income of foreign governments from interesting in the United States in vestments in United (c) INCOME OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The income of foreign stocks, bonds, or other domestic securities, owned by such foreign States, etc. governments, or from interest on deposits in banks in the United States of moneys belonging to such foreign governments, or from

any other source within the United States.

(d) Income of States, Municipalities, Etc.—Income derived income of States, from any public utility or the exercise of any essential governmental ties. function and accruing to any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or any political subdivision of a State or Territory, or income accruing to the Government of any possession of the United States, or any political subdivision thereof.

Whenever any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or If under prior conany political subdivision of a State or Territory, prior to September thereof. 8, 1916, entered in good faith into a contract with any person, the object and purpose of which is to acquire, construct, operate, or maintain a public utility-

(1) If by the terms of such contract the tax imposed by this Levy on proceeds title is to be paid out of the proceeds from the operation of such with state, etc. public utility, prior to any division of such proceeds between the person and the State, Territory, political subdivision, or the District of Columbia, and if, but for the imposition of the tax imposed by this title, a part of such proceeds for the taxable year would accrue directly to or for the use of such State, Territory, political subdivision, or the District of Columbia, then a tax upon the net income from the operation of such public utility shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid in the manner and at the rates prescribed in this title, but there shall be refunded to such State, Territory, political subdivision, or the District of Columbia (under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary) an amount which bears the same relation to the amount of the tax as the

"Earned income"

Exceptions.

Teachers in Alaska

Federal compensa-Former provisions re-

U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Refunds.

If no part accruing to State, etc., the net income of persons taxable.

Bridges to be acquired by State, etc.

Levy on operation proceeds, prior to division thereof.

Refund to State, etc.

Restriction.

If no part accruing to such State, etc., the net income from operation taxable.

Dividends from "China Trade Act" corporations.

Shipowners' mutual associations.
Receipts.

amount which (but for the imposition of the tax imposed by this title) would have accrued directly to or for the use of such State, Territory, political subdivision, or the District of Columbia, bears to the amount of the net income from the operation of such public utility for such taxable year.

(2) If by the terms of such contract no part of the proceeds from the operation of the public utility for the taxable year would, irrespective of the tax imposed by this title, accrue directly

would, irrespective of the tax imposed by this title, accrue directly to or for the use of such State, Territory, political subdivision, or the District of Columbia, then the tax upon the net income of such person from the operation of such public utility shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid in the manner and at the rates prescribed in this title.

(e) Bridges to be Acquired by State or Political Subdivision.—Whenever any State or political subdivision thereof, in pursuance of a contract to which it is not a party entered into before the enactment

of the Revenue Act of 1928, is to acquire a bridge-

(1) If by the terms of such contract the tax imposed by this title is to be paid out of the proceeds from the operation of such bridge prior to any division of such proceeds, and if, but for the imposition of the tax imposed by this title, a part of such proceeds for the taxable year would accrue directly to or for the use of or would be applied for the benefit of such State or political subdivision, then a tax upon the net income from the operation of such bridge shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid in the manner and at the rates prescribed in this title, but there shall be refunded to such State or political subdivision (under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary) an amount which bears the same relation to the amount of the tax as the amount which (but for the imposition of the tax imposed by this title) would have accrued directly to or for the use of or would be applied for the benefit of such State or political subdivision, bears to the amount of the net income from the operation of such bridge for such taxable year. No such refund shall be made unless the entire amount of the refund is to be applied in part payment for the acquisition of such bridge.

(2) If by the terms of such contract no part of the proceeds from the operation of the bridge for the taxable year would, irrespective of the tax imposed by this title, accrue directly to or for the use of or be applied for the benefit of such State or political subdivision, then the tax upon the net income from the operation of such bridge shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid in the

manner and at the rates prescribed in this title.

(f) DIVIDENDS FROM "CHINA TRADE ACT" CORPORATION.—In the case of a person, amounts distributed as dividends to or for his benefit by a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, if, at the time of such distribution, he is a resident of China, and the equitable right to the income of the shares of stock of the corporation is in good faith vested in him.

(g) Shipowners' Protection and Indemnity Associations.—The receipts of shipowners' mutual protection and indemnity associations not organized for profit, and no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder; but such corporations shall be subject as other persons to the tax upon their net income from interest, dividends, and rents.

SEC. 117. NET LOSSES.

(a) Definition of "Net Loss."—As used in this section the term "net loss" means the excess of the deductions allowed by this title over the gross income, with the following exceptions and limitations:

(1) Non-business deductions.—Deductions otherwise allowed with business. by law not attributable to the operation of a trade or business regularly carried on by the taxpayer shall be allowed only to the extent of the amount of the gross income not derived from such trade or business;

(2) Capital losses.—In the case of a taxpayer other than a corporation, deductions for capital losses otherwise allowed by tion.

law shall be allowed only to the extent of the capital gains;

(3) Depletion.—The deduction for depletion shall not exceed the amount which would be allowable if computed without reference to discovery value, or to percentage depletion under section 114(b)(3) or (4);
(4) DIVIDENDS.—The deduction provided for in section 23(p)

of amounts received as dividends shall not be allowed;

(5) Interest.—There shall be included in computing gross income the amount of interest received free from tax under this gross income. title, decreased by the amount of interest paid or accrued which is not allowed as a deduction by section 23(b);

(6) NET LOSS NOT TO PRODUCE NET LOSS.—In computing the net not allowed. loss for any taxable year a net loss for a prior year shall not be

allowed as a deduction.

(b) NET Loss as a Deduction.—If, for any taxable year, it appears Net loss to be deducted from tax for upon the production of evidence satisfactory to the Commissioner second year, etc. that any taxpayer has sustained a net loss, the amount thereof shall be allowed as a deduction in computing the net income of the taxpayer for the succeeding taxable year (hereinafter in this section called "second year"); the deduction in all cases to be made under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of Regulations prethe Secretary.

(c) CAPITAL NET GAIN IN SECOND YEAR.—If in the second year the taxpayer (other than a corporation) has a capital net gain, the deduction allowed by subsection (b) of this section shall first be applied as a deduction in computing the ordinary net income for such year. If the deduction is in excess of the ordinary net income (computed without such deduction) the amount of such excess shall

then be applied against the capital net gain for such year.

(d) NET LOSSES FOR 1930 OR 1931.—If for the taxable year 1930 a Net losses for 1930 or taxpayer sustained a net loss within the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1928, the amount of such net loss shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing net income under this title. If for the vol. 45, p. 825. taxable year 1931 a taxpayer sustained a net loss within the provisions of the Revenue Act of 1928, the amount of such net loss shall be allowed as a deduction in computing net income for the taxable year 1932 to the same extent and in the same manner as a net loss sustained for one taxable year is, under this Act, allowed as a deduction for the succeeding taxable year.

(e) FISCAL YEAR RETURNS .- If a taxpayer makes return for a period beginning in one calendar year (hereinafter in this sub-section called "first calendar year") and ending in the following year and ending in calendar year (hereinafter in this subsection called "second calendar year") and the law applicable to the second calendar year is different from the law applicable to the first calendar year, then his net loss for the period ending during the second calendar year shall be the sum of: (1) The same proportion of a net loss for the entire period,

INCOME TAX

"Net loss", defined.

Exceptions. Losses not connected

Capital losses. Other than a corpora-

Depletion. Ante, p. 202.

Dividends received by corporations not allowed.

Ante, p. 182. Interest included in

Capital net gain or loss in second year.
Application of.

If in excess.

Fiscal years. Returns, if period be-

Computing net loss.

ferent rates.

Loss from wash sales of stock, etc.

Restriction on claim

Ante, p. 180. Allowance to a corporation, etc.

Computation where property acquired is less than sold.

Computation where property acquired is not less than sold.

Income from sources within United States. Items treated as

Interest on bonds, etc., of residents.

Exceptions. Paid to persons not in usiness in United business States.

If less than 20 per cent from United States sources.

From bankers' acceptances.

determined under the law applicable to the first calendar year, which the portion of such period falling within such calendar year is of Proportion for dif- the entire period; and (2) the same proportion of a net loss for the entire period, determined under the law applicable to the second calendar year, which the portion of such period falling within such calendar year is of the entire period.

SEC. 118. LOSS FROM WASH SALES OF STOCK OR SECURITIES.

(a) In the case of any loss claimed to have been sustained from for if taxpayer has acquired substantially any sale or other disposition of shares of stock or securities where it identical stock within appears that, within a period beginning 30 days before the date of such sale or disposition and ending 30 days after such date, the taxpayer has acquired (by purchase or by an exchange upon which the entire amount of gain or loss was recognized by law), or has entered into a contract or option so to acquire, substantially identical stock or securities, then no deduction for the loss shall be allowed under section 23 (e) (2); nor shall such deduction be allowed under section 23 (f) unless the claim is made by a corporation, a dealer in stocks or securities, and with respect to a transaction made in the ordinary course of its business.

(b) If the amount of stock or securities acquired (or covered by the contract or option to acquire) is less than the amount of stock or securities sold or otherwise disposed of, then the particular shares of stock or securities the loss from the sale or other disposition of which is not deductible shall be determined under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the

Secretary.

(c) If the amount of stock or securities acquired (or covered by the contract or option to acquire) is not less than the amount of stock or securities sold or otherwise disposed of, then the particular shares of stock or securities the acquisition of which (or the contract or option to acquire which) resulted in the nondeductibility of the loss shall be determined under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

SEC. 119. INCOME FROM SOURCES WITHIN UNITED STATES.

(a) Gross Income From Sources in United States.—The following items of gross income shall be treated as income from sources within the United States:

(1) Interest.—Interest on bonds, notes, or other interest-bearing obligations of residents, corporate or otherwise, not including

(A) interest on deposits with persons carrying on the banking business paid to persons not engaged in business within the United States and not having an office or place of business

therein, or

(B) interest received from a resident alien individual, a resident foreign corporation, or a domestic corporation, when it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that less than 20 per centum of the gross income of such resident payor or domestic corporation has been derived from sources within the United States, as determined under the provisions of this section, for the three-year period ending with the close of the taxable year of such payor preceding the payment of such interest, or for such part of such period as may be applicable, or

(C) income derived by a foreign central bank of issue from

bankers' acceptances;

(2) Dividends.—The amount received as dividends—

(A) from a domestic corporation other than a corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251, and other than a corpora-rations. tion less than 20 per centum of whose gross income is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner to have been derived from sources within the United States, as determined under the provisions of this section, for the three-year period ending with the close of the taxable year of such corporation preceding the declaration of such dividends (or for such part of such period as the corporation has been in existence), or

(B) from a foreign corporation unless less than 50 per from tions. centum of the gross income of such foreign corporation for the three-year period ending with the close of its taxable year preceding the declaration of such dividends (or for such part of such period as the corporation has been in existence) was derived from sources within the United States as determined

under the provisions of this section;

(3) Personal services.—Compensation for labor or personal Personal services in United States.

services performed in the United States;

(4) RENTALS AND ROYALTIES.—Rentals or royalties from properties, royalties, r erty located in the United States or from any interest in such sources. property, including rentals or royalties for the use of or for the privilege of using in the United States, patents, copyrights, secret processes and formulas, good will, trade-marks, trade brands, franchises, and other like property; and

(5) Sale of real property.—Gains, profits, and income from

the sale of real property located in the United States.

(b) NET INCOME FROM SOURCES IN UNITED STATES.—From the Deductions thereitems of gross income specified in subsection (a) of this section penses, etc., constitute there shall be deducted the expenses, losses, and other deductions States sources. properly apportioned or allocated thereto and a ratable part of any expenses, losses, or other deductions which can not definitely be allocated to some item or class of gross income. The remainder, if any, shall be included in full as net income from sources within the United States.

(c) Gross Income from Sources Without United States.—The without United States. following items of gross income shall be treated as income from sources without the United States:

(1) Interest other than that derived from sources within the United States as provided in subsection (a) (1) of this section;

(2) Dividends other than those derived from sources within the United States as provided in subsection (a) (2) of this section;

(3) Compensation for labor or personal services performed Labor, etc., without

without the United States;

(4) Rentals or royalties from property located without the etc., without United States or from any interest in such property, including states. rentals or royalties for the use of or for the privilege of using without the United States, patents, copyrights, secret processes and formulas, good will, trade-marks, trade brands, franchises, and other like properties; and

(5) Gains, profits, and income from the sale of real property without United States.

located without the United States.

(d) NET INCOME FROM SOURCES WITHOUT UNITED STATES.—From Deductions therethe items of gross income specified in subsection (c) of this section penses, etc., constitute
there shall be deducted the expenses, losses, and other deductions without United States. properly apportioned or allocated thereto, and a ratable part of any expenses, losses, or other deductions which can not definitely be allocated to some item or class of gross income. The remainder, if

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Dividends. From domestic corpo-Exceptions. Post, p. 231.

From foreign corpora-Exceptions,

Real property sales.

Other interest. Ante, p. 208.

Other dividends.

Income from sources partly within and partly without United States

Apportionment.

Processes, e determination.

Gains from transportation or other services.

Sale of personal prop-erty within and with-

Exceptions.

Definitions.

tions, etc.

Unlimited deduction allowed, if exceed 90 per cent of income.

Ante, p. 181.

any, shall be treated in full as net income from sources without the United States.

(e) Income from Sources Partly Within and Partly Without United States.—Items of gross income, expenses, losses and deductions, other than those specified in subsections (a) and (c) of this section, shall be allocated or apportioned to sources within or without the United States, under rules and regulations prescribed by the From United States Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary. Where items of gross income are separately allocated to sources within the United States, there shall be deducted (for the purpose of computing the net income therefrom) the expenses, losses, and other deductions properly apportioned or allocated thereto and a ratable part of other expenses, losses or other deductions which can not definitely be allocated to some item or class of gross income. The remainder, if any, shall be included in full as net income from sources within the Computation of net United States. In the case of gross income derived from sources partly within and partly without the United States, the net income may first be computed by deducting the expenses, losses, or other deductions apportioned or allocated thereto and a ratable part of any expenses, losses, or other deductions which can not definitely be allocated to some items or class of gross income; and the portion of such net income attributable to sources within the United States may etc., for be determined by processes or formulas of general apportionment prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary. Gains, profits, and income from—

(1) transportation or other services rendered partly within and

partly without the United States, or

(2) from the sale of personal property produced (in whole or in part) by the taxpayer within and sold without the United States, or produced (in whole or in part) by the taxpayer without and sold within the United States,

Purchase and sale of shall be treated as derived partly from sources within and partly personal property. from sources without the United States. Gains, profits and income derived from the purchase of personal property within and its sale without the United States or from the purchase of personal property without and its sale within the United States, shall be treated as derived entirely from sources within the country in which sold, except that gains, profits, and income derived from the purchase of personal property within the United States and its sale within a possession of the United States or from the purchase of personal property within a possession of the United States and its sale within the United States shall be treated as derived partly from sources within and partly from sources without the United States.

(f) Definitions.—As used in this section the words "sale" or "sold" include "exchange" or "exchanged"; and the word "produced" includes "created," "fabricated," "manufactured," "extracted," "processed," "cured," or "aged."

Charitable contribu- SEC. 120. UNLIMITED DEDUCTION FOR CHARITABLE AND OTHER CONTRIBUTIONS.

In the case of an individual if in the taxable year and in each of the ten preceding taxable years the amount of the contributions or gifts described in section 23(n) plus the amount of income, warprofits, or excess-profits taxes paid during such year in respect of preceding taxable years, exceeds 90 per centum of the taxpayer's net income for each such year, as computed without the benefit of section 23 (n), then the 15 per centum limit imposed by such section shall not be applicable.

Supplement C—Credits Against Tax

[Supplementary to Subtitle B. Part III1

INCOME TAX Credits against tax.

SEC. 131. TAXES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND POSSESSIONS OF UNITED STATES.

Taxes of foreign countries, and United States possessions

(a) Allowance of Credit.—If the taxpayer signifies in his return his desire to have the benefits of this section, the tax imposed by this title shall be credited with:

Allowances.

(1) CITIZEN AND DOMESTIC CORPORATION.—In the case of a citi- and domestic corporazen of the United States and of a domestic corporation, the amount of any income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes paid or accrued during the taxable year to any foreign country or to any possession of the United States; and

tions.

(2) Resident of United States.—In the case of a resident of States possessions. the United States, the amount of any such taxes paid or accrued during the taxable year to any possession of the United States;

Resident, to United

(3) ALIEN RESIDENT OF UNITED STATES.—In the case of an alien eign countries allowing resident of the United States, the amount of any such taxes paid similar credit. or accrued during the taxable year to any foreign country, if the foreign country of which such alien resident is a citizen or subject, in imposing such taxes, allows a similar credit to citizens of the United States residing in such country; and

(4) PARTNERSHIPS AND ESTATES.—In the case of any such inditates, to a foreign counvidual who is a member of a partnership or a beneficiary of an estate or trust, his proportionate share of such taxes of the partnership or the estate or trust paid or accrued during the taxable year to a foreign country or to any possession of the United States, as the case may be.

(b) Limit on Credit.—The amount of the credit taken under this section shall be subject to each of the following limitations:

Limit on credit.

(1) The amount of the credit in respect of the tax paid or Proportionate credit to foreign accrued to any country shall not exceed the same proportion of country. the tax against which such credit is taken, which the taxpayer's net income from sources within such country bears to his entire net income for the same taxable year; and

(2) The total amount of the credit shall not exceed the same amount. proportion of the tax against which such credit is taken, which the taxpayer's net income from sources without the United States bears to his entire net income for the same taxable year.

Limitation on total

(c) Adjustments on Payment of Accrued Taxes.—If accrued paid differs from credits taxes when paid differ from the amounts claimed as credits by the claimed. taxpayer, or if any tax paid is refunded in whole or in part, the taxpayer shall notify the Commissioner, who shall redetermine the amount of the tax for the year or years affected, and the amount of tax due upon such redetermination, if any, shall be paid by the taxpayer upon notice and demand by the collector, or the amount of tax overpaid, if any, shall be credited or refunded to the taxpayer in accordance with the provisions of section 322. In the case of such a tax accrued but not paid, the Commissioner as a condition paid. precedent to the allowance of this credit may require the taxpayer to give a bond with sureties satisfactory to and to be approved by the Commissioner in such sum as the Commissioner may require, conditioned upon the payment by the taxpayer of any amount of tax found due upon any such redetermination; and the bond herein prescribed shall contain such further conditions as the Commissioner

may require.

Redetermination.

Post, p. 242.

Tax accrued but not

Bond required.

the year accrued.

Credits on same basis for subsequent years.

Proof of credits.

Evidence of foreign Ante, p. 209.

Segregation

Additional information necessary.

Taxes of foreign subsidiary.

Proportion of foreign tax on dividends re-ceived deemed to have been paid.

roviso. lowed.

Meaning of "accumulated profits."

Determination of, by Commissioner.

Accounting period for foreign corporation.

Corporations treated as foreign.

United States possessions. Post, p. 231.

China Trade Act corporations. Post, p. 232.

(d) YEAR IN WHICH CREDIT TAKEN.—The credits provided for Credits for foreign in this section may, at the option of the taxpayer and irrespective axes may be taken in of the results of of the method of accounting employed in keeping his books, be taken in the year in which the taxes of the foreign country or the possession of the United States accrued, subject, however, to the conditions prescribed in subsection (c) of this section. If the taxpayer elects to take such credits in the year in which the taxes of the foreign country or the possession of the United States accrued, the credits for all subsequent years shall be taken upon the same basis, and no portion of any such taxes shall be allowed as a deduction in the same or any succeeding year.

(e) Proof of Credits.—The credits provided in this section shall be allowed only if the taxpayer establishes to the satisfaction of the Commissioner (1) the total amount of income derived from sources without the United States, determined as provided in section 119, (2) the amount of income derived from each country, the tax paid or accrued to which is claimed as a credit under this section, such amount to be determined under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, and (3) all other information necessary for the verification and computation of

(f) Taxes of Foreign Subsidiary.—For the purposes of this section a domestic corporation which owns a majority of the voting stock of a foreign corporation from which it receives dividends (not deductible under section 23(p)) in any taxable year shall be deemed to have paid the same proportion of any income, war-profits, or excess-profits taxes paid by such foreign corporation to any foreign country or to any possession of the United States, upon or with respect to the accumulated profits of such foreign corporation from which such dividends were paid, which the amount of such dividends Limit on credit al- bears to the amount of such accumulated profits: Provided, That the amount of tax deemed to have been paid under this subsection shall in no case exceed the same proportion of the tax against which credit is taken which the amount of such dividends bears to the amount of the entire net income of the domestic corporation in which such dividends are included. The term "accumulated profits" when used in this subsection in reference to a foreign corporation, means the amount of its gains, profits, or income in excess of the income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes imposed upon or with respect to such profits or income; and the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary shall have full power to determine from the accumulated profits of what year or years such dividends were paid; treating dividends paid in the first sixty days of any year as having been paid from the accumulated profits of the preceding year or years (unless to his satisfaction shown otherwise), and in other respects treating dividends as having been paid from the most recently accumulated gains, profits, or earnings. In the case of a foreign corporation, the income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes of which are determined on the basis of an accounting period of less than one year, the word "year" as used in this subsection shall be construed to mean such accounting period.

(g) Corporations Treated as Foreign.—For the purposes of this section the following corporations shall be treated as foreign corporations:

(1) A corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251, by reason of receiving a large percentage of its gross income from sources within a possession of the United States;

(2) A corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922,

and entitled to the credit provided for in section 261.

SEC. 132. PAYMENTS UNDER 1928 ACT.

Any amount paid before or after the enactment of this Act on account of the tax imposed for a fiscal year beginning in 1931 and ending in 1932 by Title II of the Revenue Act of 1928 shall be credited toward the payment of the tax imposed for such fiscal year by this Act, and if the amount so paid exceeds the amount of such tax imposed by this Act, the excess shall be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section 322.

INCOME TAX

Payments under 1928 Act. Credits or refunds. Vol. 45, p. 862. Post, p. 242.

Supplement D—Returns and Payment of Tax

Returns and Payment of Tax.

[Supplementary to Subtitle B, Part V]

SEC. 141. CONSOLIDATED RETURNS OF CORPORATIONS.

(a) PRIVILEGE TO FILE CONSOLIDATED RETURNS.—An affiliated group of corporations shall, subject to the provisions of this section, have the privilege of making a consolidated return for the taxable year in lieu of separate returns. The making of a consolidated return shall be upon the condition that all the corporations which have been members of the affiliated group at any time during the taxable year for which the return is made consent to all the regulations under subsection (b) (or, in case such regulations are not prescribed prior to the making of the return, then the regulations prescribed under section 141(b) of the Revenue Act of 1928 in so far as not inconsistent with this Act) prescribed prior to the making of such return; and the making of a consolidated return shall be considered as such consent. In the case of a corporation which is a member of the affiliated group for a fractional part of the year the year consolidated return shall include the income of such corporation for such part of the year as it is a member of the affiliated group.

(b) REGULATIONS.—The Commissioner, with the approval of the termine tax liability. Secretary, shall prescribe such regulations as he may deem necessary in order that the tax liability of an affiliated group of corporations making a consolidated return and of each corporation in the group, both during and after the period of affiliation, may be determined, computed, assessed, collected, and adjusted in such manner as clearly to reflect the income and to prevent avoidance of tax liability.

(c) COMPUTATION AND PAYMENT OF TAX.—In any case in which a payment of tax. consolidated return is made the tax shall be determined, computed, assessed, collected, and adjusted in accordance with the regulations making regulations.

under subsection (b) (or, in case such regulations are not prescribed Vol. 45, p. 831. under subsection (b) (or, in case such regulations are not prescribed prior to the making of the return, then the regulations prescribed under section 141(b) of the Revenue Act of 1928 in so far as not inconsistent with this Act) prescribed prior to the date on which such return is made; except that for the taxable years 1932 and 1933 there shall be added to the rate of tax prescribed by sections 13(a), 201(b), and 204(a), a rate of 3/4 of 1 per centum.

(d) Definition of "Affiliated Group".—As used in this section defined. an "affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations connected through stock ownership with a common parent corpora-

(1) At least 95 per centum of the stock of each of the corpora- members. tions (except the common parent corporation) is owned directly by one or more of the other corporations; and

(2) The common parent corporation owns directly at least 95 tion per centum of the stock of at least one of the other corporations. As used in this subsection the term "stock" does not include non- Nonvoting stock not included, voting stock which is limited and preferred as to dividends.

Consolidated returns of corporations.
Affiliated corporations may make.

Consent required.

Returns made prior to proclaiming regula-Vol. 45, p. 831.

Fractional part of

Computation and

Exceptions. Ante, p. 177. Post, pp. 223, 225.

"Affiliated group"

Stock ownership of

Of parent corpora-

domestic corporations. Insurance companies

not included. Post, pp. 223, 225. Ante, p. 177.

China Trade Act corporations not affiliated. deemed

Corporations in Uni-ed States possessions treated as foreign.

Subsidiary of domestic corporation formed to comply with foreign law, domestic. deemed

Suspension of running of statute of limitations.

Post, p. 233.

Post, p. 238.

Allocation of income and deductions. Ante, p. 186.

Fiduciary returns. Sworn statements of income, etc., of benefi-

With net income of \$1,000 or over, and single, etc.

Married, etc., with \$2,500 or over.

Gross income of \$5,000 or over.

Estates or trusts of \$1,000 net income or over.

Gross income of \$5,000 or over.

Nonresident alien beneficiaries.

By joint fiduciaries.

(e) A consolidated return shall be made only for the domestic Applicable only for corporations within the affiliated group. An insurance company subject to the tax imposed by section 201 or 204 shall not be included in the same consolidated return with a corporation subject to the tax imposed by section 13, and an insurance company subject to the tax imposed by section 201 shall not be included in the same consolidated return with an insurance company subject to the tax imposed by section 204.

(f) China Trade Act Corporations.—A corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, shall not be deemed to be affiliated with any other corporation within the meaning of this section.

(g) Corporations Deriving Income from Possessions of United STATES.—For the purposes of this section a corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251, by reason of receiving a large percentage of its income from possessions of the United States, shall be treated as a foreign corporation.

(h) Subsidiary Formed to Comply with Foreign Law.—In the case of a domestic corporation owning or controlling, directly or indirectly, 100 per centum of the capital stock (exclusive of directors' qualifying shares) of a corporation organized under the laws of a contiguous foreign country and maintained solely for the purpose of complying with the laws of such country as to title and operation of property, such foreign corporation may, at the option of the domestic corporation, be treated for the purpose of this title as a domestic corporation.

(i) Suspension of Running of Statute of Limitations.—If a notice under section 272(a) in respect of a deficiency for any taxable year is mailed to a corporation, the suspension of the running of the statute of limitations, provided in section 277, shall apply in the case of corporations with which such corporation made a consolidated

return for such taxable year. (j) Allocation of Income and Deductions.—For allocation of income and deductions of related trades or businesses, see section 45.

SEC. 142. FIDUCIARY RETURNS.

(a) REQUIREMENT OF RETURN.—Every fiduciary (except a receiver appointed by authority of law in possession of part only of the property of an individual) shall make under oath a return for any of the following individuals, estates, or trusts for which he acts, stating specifically the items of gross income thereof and the deductions and credits allowed under this title-

(1) Every individual having a net income for the taxable year of \$1,000 or over, if single, or if married and not living with

husband or wife:

(2) Every individual having a net income for the taxable year of \$2,500 or over, if married and living with husband or wife;

(3) Every individual having a gross income for the taxable year of \$5,000 or over, regardless of the amount of his net income;

(4) Every estate or trust the net income of which for the tax-

able year is \$1,000 or over;

(5) Every estate or trust the gross income of which for the taxable year is \$5,000 or over, regardless of the amount of the net income; and

(6) Every estate or trust of which any beneficiary is a non-

resident alien.

(b) Joint Fiduciaries.—Under such regulations as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may prescribe a return made by one of two or more joint fiduciaries and filed in the office of the collector of the district where such fiduciary resides shall be sufficient compliance with the above requirement. Such fiduciary shall make oath (1) that he has sufficient knowledge of the affairs of the individual, estate, or trust for which the return is made, to enable him to make the return, and (2) that the return is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, true and correct.

(c) Law Applicable to Fiduciaries.—Any fiduciary required to make a return under this title shall be subject to all the provisions uals,

of law which apply to individuals.

SEC. 143. WITHHOLDING OF TAX AT SOURCE.

(a) TAX-FREE COVENANT BONDS.—

(a) Tax-Free Covenant Bonds.—

(1) Requirement of withholding.—In any case where bonds, bonds.

By corporations mortgages, or deeds of trust, or other similar obligations of a agreeing to pay interest, free from tax, corporation contain a contract or provision by which the obligor etc. agrees to pay any portion of the tax imposed by this title upon the obligee, or to reimburse the obligee for any portion of the tax, or to pay the interest without deduction for any tax which the obligor may be required or permitted to pay thereon, or to retain therefrom under any law of the United States, the obligor shall deduct and withhold a tax equal to 2 per centum of the interest upon such bonds, mortgages, deeds of trust, or other obligations, whether such interest is payable annually or at shorter or longer periods, if payable to an individual, a partnership, or a foreign corporation not engaged in trade or business within the United States and not having any office or place of business therein: Provided, That if the liability assumed by the obligor does not exceed 2 per centum of the interest, then the deduction and withholding shall be at the following rates: (A) 8 per centum in the case of a nonresident alien individual, or of any partnership not engaged in trade or business within the United States and not having any office or place of business therein and composed in whole or in part of nonresident aliens, (B) 13¾ per centum in the case of such a foreign rations. corporation, and (C) 2 per centum in the case of other individuals and partnerships: Provided further, That if the owners of such obligations are not known to the withholding agent the Commissioner may authorize such deduction and withholding to be at the rate of 2 per centum, or, if the liability assumed by the obligor does not exceed 2 per centum of the interest, then at the rate of 8 per centum.

(2) Benefit of credits against net income.—Such deduction exception on notice and withholding shall not be required in the case of a citizen or individual. resident entitled to receive such interest, if he files with the withholding agent on or before February 1 a signed notice in writing claiming the benefit of the credits provided in section 25 (c) and (d); nor in the case of a nonresident alien individual if so provided for in regulations prescribed by the Commissioner under

section 215.

(3) INCOME OF OBLIGOR AND OBLIGEE.—The obligor shall not be and obligee. allowed a deduction for the payment of the tax imposed by this title, or any other tax paid pursuant to the tax-free covenant clause, nor shall such tax be included in the gross income of the

(b) Nonresident Aliens.—All persons, in whatever capacity Normal tax of non-resident aliens payable acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, at source. fiduciaries, employers, and all officers and employees of the United States, having the control, receipt, custody, disposal, or payment of interest (except interest on deposits with persons carrying on the banking business paid to persons not engaged in business in the United States and not having an office or place of business therein),

INCOME TAX Oath required.

Subject to provisions applicable to individ-

Withholding tax at

source. Tax-free covenant

Tax withheld.

Provisos. Rates.

From nonresident alien individual, etc.

From foreign corpo-Other individuals,

Unknown owners.

Nonresident alien. Post, p. 229. Ante, p. 184.

Exceptions. Ante, p. 184.

Proviso.
Interest of unknown owners.

Return and payment required.

Ante, p. 189.

Return by recipient of withheld tax.

Tax paid by recipient.
Not re-collectible.

Refunds and credits to withholding agent. Post, p. 242.

Deductions, etc., for prior periods.

Payment at source.

By foreign corporations not in business within United States.

Anie, p. 215.

Proviso.
Rate when interest granted free of tax.

rent, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations, emoluments, or other fixed or determinable annual or periodical gains, profits, and income, of any nonresident alien individual, or of any partnership not engaged in trade or business within the United States and not having any office or place of business therein and composed in whole or in part of nonresident aliens, (other than income received as dividends of the class allowed as a credit by section 25(a)) shall (except in the cases provided for in subsection (a) of this section and except as otherwise provided in regulations prescribed by the Commissioner under section 215) deduct and withhold from such annual or periodical gains, profits, and income a tax equal to 8 per centum thereof: *Provided*, That the Commissioner may authorize such tax to be deducted and withheld from the interest upon any securities the owners of which are not known to the withholding agent.

(c) Return and Payment.—Every person required to deduct and withhold any tax under this section shall make return thereof on or before March 15 of each year and shall on or before June 15, in lieu of the time prescribed in section 56, pay the tax to the official of the United States Government authorized to receive it. Every such person is hereby made liable for such tax and is hereby indemnified against the claims and demands of any person for the amount of any payments made in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(d) Income of Recipient.—Income upon which any tax is required to be withheld at the source under this section shall be included in the return of the recipient of such income, but any amount of tax so withheld shall be credited against the amount of income tax as computed in such return.

(e) Tax Paid by Recipient.—If any tax required under this section to be deducted and withheld is paid by the recipient of the income, it shall not be re-collected from the withholding agent; nor in cases in which the tax is so paid shall any penalty be imposed upon or collected from the recipient of the income or the withholding agent for failure to return or pay the same, unless such failure was fraudulent and for the purpose of evading payment.

(f) REFUNDS AND CREDITS.—Where there has been an overpayment of tax under this section any refund or credit made under the provisions of section 322 shall be made to the withholding agent unless the amount of such tax was actually withheld by the withholding agent.

(g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b), the deduction and withholding for any period prior to the date of the enactment of this Act shall be at the rates of 12 per centum and 5 per centum in lieu of the rates of 13¾ per centum and 8 per centum prescribed in such subsections.

SEC. 144. PAYMENT OF CORPORATION INCOME TAX AT SOURCE.

In the case of foreign corporations subject to taxation under this title not engaged in trade or business within the United States and not having any office or place of business therein, there shall be deducted and withheld at the source in the same manner and upon the same items of income as is provided in section 143 a tax equal to 12 per centum thereof in respect of all payments of income made before the enactment of this Act, and equal to 13¾ per centum thereof in respect of all payments of income made after the enactment of this Act, and such tax shall be returned and paid in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as provided in that section: Provided, That in the case of interest described in subsection (a) of that section (relating to tax-free covenant bonds) the deduction and withholding shall be at the rate specified in such subsection.

SEC. 145. PENALTIES.

INCOME TAX

(a) Any person required under this title to pay any tax, or required by law or regulations made under authority thereof to make tax, make returns, etc. a return, keep any records, or supply any information, for the purposes of the computation, assessment, or collection of any tax imposed by this title, who willfully fails to pay such tax, make such return, keep such records, or supply such information, at the time or times required by law or regulations, shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.

Penalties. Willful failure to pay

Punishment for.

(b) Any person required under this title to collect, account for, For willful failure to collect, account for, collect tax, evade payand pay over any tax imposed by this title, who willfully fails to ment, etc. collect or truthfully account for and pay over such tax, and any person who willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat any tax imposed by this title or the payment thereof, shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both, together with the costs of

For willful failure to

prosecution.

Punishment for.

(c) The term "person" as used in this section includes an officer or employee of a corporation or a member or employee of a partnership, who as such officer, employee, or member is under a duty to perform the act in respect of which the violation occurs.

"Person" defined.

SEC. 146. CLOSING BY COMMISSIONER OF TAXABLE YEAR.

Closing of taxable

(a) Tax in Jeopardy.—If the Commissioner finds that a taxpayer Tax in jeopardy. designs quickly to depart from the United States or to remove his demanded if acts of taxproperty therefrom, or to conceal himself or his property therein, payer prejudice collecor to do any other act tending to prejudice or to render wholly or partly ineffectual proceedings to collect the tax for the taxable year then last past or the taxable year then current unless such proceedings be brought without delay, the Commissioner shall declare the taxable period for such taxpayer immediately terminated and shall demand. cause notice of such finding and declaration to be given the taxpayer, together with a demand for immediate payment of the tax for the taxable period so declared terminated and of the tax for the preceding taxable year or so much of such tax as is unpaid, whether or not the time otherwise allowed by law for filing return and paying the tax has expired; and such taxes shall thereupon become immediately due and payable. In any proceeding in court brought to enforce payment of taxes made due and payable by virtue of the provisions sloner presumptive eviof this section the finding of the Commissioner, made as herein provided, whether made after notice to the taxpayer or not, shall be

for all purposes presumptive evidence of the taxpayer's design. (b) Security for Payment.—A taxpayer who is not in default taxpayer not in default. in making any return or paying income, war-profits, or excess-profits tax under any Act of Congress may furnish to the United States, under regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, security approved by the Commissioner that he will duly make the return next thereafter required to be filed and pay the tax next thereafter required to be paid. The Commissioner may approve and accept in like manner security for return and payment of taxes made due and payable by virtue of the provisions of this section, provided the taxpayer has paid in full all other income, war-profits, or excess-profits taxes due from him under any Act of Congress.

Notice of finding and

Finding of Commis-

Acceptance condi-

(c) Same—Exemption From Section.—If security is approved Suspension of ensproval and accepted pursuant to the provisions of this section and such of bond. further or other security with respect to the tax or taxes covered

thereby is given as the Commissioner shall from time to time find necessary and require, payment of such taxes shall not be enforced by any proceedings under the provisions of this section prior to the expiration of the time otherwise allowed for paying such respective ${
m taxes.}$

Discretionary waiver of requirements as to citizens.

(d) CITIZENS.—In the case of a citizen of the United States or of a possession of the United States about to depart from the United States the Commissioner may, at his discretion, waive any or all of the requirements placed on the taxpayer by this section.

Aliens must furnish tax-paid certificates before departure.

(e) DEPARTURE OF ALIEN.—No alien shall depart from the United States unless he first procures from the collector or agent in charge a certificate that he has complied with all the obligations imposed upon him by the income, war-profits, and excess-profits tax laws.

Additional tax for violation thereof.

(f) Addition to Tax.—If a taxpayer violates or attempts to violate this section there shall, in addition to all other penalties, be added as part of the tax 25 per centum of the total amount of the tax or deficiency in the tax, together with interest at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the time the tax became due.

Information at SEC. 147. INFORMATION AT SOURCE.

Persons making fixed payments to others of \$1,000 or more to make returns thereof.

(a) Payments of \$1,000 or More.—All persons, in whatever capacity acting, including lessees or mortgagors of real or personal property, fiduciaries, and employers, making payment to another person, of interest, rent, salaries, wages, premiums, annuities, compensations, remunerations, emoluments, or other fixed or determinable gains, profits, and income (other than payments described in section 148 (a) or 149), of \$1,000 or more in any taxable year, or, in the case of such payments made by the United States, the officers or employees of the United States having information as to such payments and required to make returns in regard thereto by the regulations hereinafter provided for, shall render a true and accurate return to the Commissioner, under such regulations and in such form and manner and to such extent as may be prescribed by him with the approval of the Secretary, setting forth the amount of such gains, profits, and income, and the name and address of the recipient of such payment.

Exceptions.

Returns regardless of amount of payment. Interest on corporation bonds.

coupons, etc.

(b) RETURNS REGARDLESS OF AMOUNT OF PAYMENT.—Such returns may be required, regardless of amounts, (1) in the case of payments of interest upon bonds, mortgages, deeds of trust, or other similar Collecting foreign obligations of corporations, and (2) in the case of collections of items (not payable in the United States) of interest upon the bonds of foreign countries and interest upon the bonds of and dividends from foreign corporations by persons undertaking as a matter of business or for profit the collection of foreign payments of such interest or dividends by means of coupons, checks, or bills of exchange.

Name and address of

(c) RECIPIENT TO FURNISH NAME AND ADDRESS.—When necessary to make effective the provisions of this section the name and address of the recipient of income shall be furnished upon demand of the person paying the income.

Not applicable to Federal obligations.

(d) Obligations of United States.—The provisions of this section shall not apply to the payment of interest on obligations of the United States.

corporations.

Specific return to be

Information by SEC. 148. INFORMATION BY CORPORATIONS.

(a) DIVIDEND PAYMENTS.—Every corporation subject to the tax imposed by this title shall, when required by the Commissioner, render a correct return, duly verified under oath, of its payments of dividends, stating the name and address of each shareholder, the number of shares owned by him, and the amount of dividends paid to him.

(b) Profits of Taxable Year Declared as Dividends.—There shall be included in the return or appended thereto a statement of shall be included in the return or appended thereto a statement of statement of profits such facts as will enable the Commissioner to determine the portion as dividends. of the earnings or profits of the corporation (including gains, profits, and income not taxed) accumulated during the taxable year for which the return is made, which have been distributed or ordered to be distributed, respectively, to its shareholders during such year.

(c) Accumulated Gains and Profits.—When requested by the and profits.

Statement of persons Commissioner, or any collector, every corporation shall forward to him a correct statement of accumulated gains and profits and the names and addresses of the individuals or shareholders who would be entitled to the same if divided or distributed, and of the amounts

that would be payable to each.

SEC. 149. RETURNS OF BROKERS.

Every person doing business as a broker shall, when required by business transacted. the Commissioner, render a correct return duly verified under oath, under such rules and regulations as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may prescribe, showing the names of customers for whom such person has transacted any business, with such details as to the profits, losses, or other information which the Commissioner may require, as to each of such customers, as will enable the Commissioner to determine whether all income tax due on profits or gains of such customers has been paid.

SEC. 150. COLLECTION OF FOREIGN ITEMS.

All persons undertaking as a matter of business or for profit the collecting foreign coucollection of foreign payments of interest or dividends by means pons, etc. of coupons, checks, or bills of exchange shall obtain a license from the Commissioner and shall be subject to such regulations enabling the Government to obtain the information required under this title as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe; and whoever knowingly undertakes to collect such payments lation. without having obtained a license therefor, or without complying with such regulations, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

Supplement E—Estates and Trusts

SEC. 161. IMPOSITION OF TAX.

(a) Application of Tax.—The taxes imposed by this title upon individuals shall apply to the income of estates or of any kind of property held in trust, including-

(1) Income accumulated in trust for the benefit of unborn or trust.

unascertained persons or persons with contingent interests, and income accumulated or held for future distribution under the terms of the will or trust;

(2) Income which is to be distributed currently by the fiduciary tions. to the beneficiaries, and income collected by a guardian of an infant which is to be held or distributed as the court may direct;

(3) Income received by estates of deceased persons during the ministration, period of administration or settlement of the estate; and

(4) Income which, in the discretion of the fiduciary, may be button.

either distributed to the beneficiaries or accumulated.

either distributed to the beneficiaries or accumulated.

(b) Computation and Payment.—The tax shall be computed payment.

The tax shall be paid by the payment by fiductary; exception.

Post, p. 221.

Ante, p. 214. upon the net income of the estate or trust, and shall be paid by the fiduciary, except as provided in section 166 (relating to revocable trusts) and section 167 (relating to income for benefit of the grantor). For return made by beneficiary, see section 142.

INCOME TAX

entitled thereto

Returns of brokers.

Collection of foreign

Punishment for vio-

Estates and trusts.

Income of, to be taxed.

Accumulations in

Periodical distribu-

Received during ad-

Discretionary distri-

Net income. Computation.

Deductions allowed. Charitable, etc., contributions.

Current distribution by fiduciary, etc.

Payment made or credited to benefici-

To be included in income of beneficiary.

Normal tax personal exemption allowed heirs, etc.

Ante, p. 184.

Credits of beneficiary in computing income.

Anie, p. 184.

Credits allowed estate or trust.

Different taxable years. Computation if tax-

SEC. 162. NET INCOME.

The net income of the estate or trust shall be computed in the same manner and on the same basis as in the case of an individual,

except that

(a) There shall be allowed as a deduction (in lieu of the deduction for charitable, etc., contributions authorized by section 23(n)) any part of the gross income, without limitation, which pursuant to the terms of the will or deed creating the trust, is during the taxable year paid or permanently set aside for the purposes and in the manner specified in section 23(n), or is to be used exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, or for the establishment, acquisition, maintenance or operation of a public cemetery not operated for profit;

(b) There shall be allowed as an additional deduction in computing the net income of the estate or trust the amount of the income of the estate or trust for its taxable year which is to be distributed currently by the fiduciary to the beneficiaries, and the amount of the income collected by a guardian of an infant which is to be held or distributed as the court may direct, but the amount so allowed as a deduction shall be included in computing the net income of the beneficiaries whether distributed to them or not. Any amount allowed as a deduction under this paragraph shall not be allowed as a deduction under subsection (c) of this section in the same or any succeeding taxable year;

(c) In the case of income received by estates of deceased persons during the period of administration or settlement of the estate, and in the case of income which, in the discretion of the fiduciary, may be either distributed to the beneficiary or accumulated, there shall be allowed as an additional deduction in computing the net income of the estate or trust the amount of the income of the estate or trust for its taxable year which is properly paid or credited during such year to any legatee, heir, or beneficiary, but the amount so allowed as a deduction shall be included in computing the net income of the legatee, heir, or beneficiary.

Credits against net SEC. 163. CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME.

(a) Credits of Estate or Trust.—For the purpose of the normal tax the estate or trust shall be allowed the same personal exemption as is allowed to a single person under section 25(c), and, if no part of the income of the estate or trust is included in computing the net income of any legatee, heir, or beneficiary, then in addition the same credits against net income for dividends and interest as are allowed

by section 25(a) and (b).

(b) Credits of Beneficiary.—If any part of the income of an estate or trust is included in computing the net income of any legatee, heir, or beneficiary, such legatee, heir, or beneficiary shall, for the purpose of the normal tax, be allowed as credits against net income, in addition to the credits allowed to him under section 25, his proportionate share of such amounts of dividends and interest specified in section 25(a) and (b) as are, under this Supplement, required to be included in computing his net income. Any remaining portion of such amounts specified in section 25(a) and (b) shall, for the purpose of the normal tax, be allowed as credits to the estate or trust.

SEC. 164. DIFFERENT TAXABLE YEARS.

If the taxable year of a beneficiary is different from that of the able year of estate or abeneficiary estate or trust, the amount which he is required, under section 162(b), to include in computing his net income, shall be based upon the income of the estate or trust for any taxable year of the estate or trust ending within his taxable year.

INCOME TAX

SEC. 165. EMPLOYEES' TRUSTS.

A trust created by an employer as a part of a stock bonus, pension, etc., for employees, not or profit-sharing plan for the exclusive benefit of some or all of his employees, to which contributions are made by such employer, or employees, or both, for the purpose of distributing to such employees the earnings and principal of the fund accumulated by the trust in accordance with such plan, shall not be taxable under Ante, p. 219.

Distributees taxed on section 161, but the amount actually distributed or made available amount received. to any distributee shall be taxable to him in the year in which so distributed or made available to the extent that it exceeds the amounts paid in by him. Such distributees shall for the purpose of the normal tax be allowed as credits against net income such part of the amount so distributed or made available as represents the items of dividends and interest specified in section 25(a) and (b).

Employees' trusts. Profit-sharing trusts.

Credits.

Ante, p. 184.

Revocable trusts.

SEC. 166. REVOCABLE TRUSTS.

Where at any time during the taxable year the power to revest in the grantor title to any part of the corpus of the trust is vested-

(1) in the grantor, either alone or in conjunction with any Income therefrom person not having a substantial adverse interest in the disposition or net income. of such part of the corpus or the income therefrom, or

(2) in any person not having a substantial adverse interest in the disposition of such part of the corpus or the income therefrom, then the income of such part of the trust for such taxable year shall be included in computing the net income of the grantor.

SEC. 167. INCOME FOR BENEFIT OF GRANTOR.

(a) Where any part of the income of a trust—

(1) is, or in the discretion of the grantor or of any person not having a substantial adverse interest in the disposition of distribution. such part of the income may be, held or accumulated for future distribution to the grantor; or

(2) may, in the discretion of the grantor or of any person not having a substantial adverse interest in the disposition of such

part of the income, be distributed to the grantor; or

(3) is, or in the discretion of the grantor or of any person not having a substantial adverse interest in the disposition of such part of the income may be, applied to the payment of premiums upon policies of insurance on the life of the grantor (except policies of insurance irrevocably payable for the purposes and in the manner specified in section 23(n), relating to the so-called "charitable contribution" deduction);

then such part of the income of the trust shall be included in com-

puting the net income of the grantor.

(b) As used in this section, the term "in the discretion of the grantor" means "in the discretion of the grantor, either alone or in conjunction with any person not having a substantial adverse interest in the disposition of the part of the income in question".

SEC. 168. CAPITAL NET GAINS AND LOSSES.

In the case of an estate or trust, or of a beneficiary of an estate or trust, the proper part of each share of the net income which consists, respectively, of ordinary net income, capital net gain, or capital net loss, shall be determined under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, and shall be separately shown in the return of the estate or trust, and shall be taxed to the beneficiary or to the estate or trust as

Income for benefit of grantor, computed with grantor's net income. When held for future

When distributed to grantor.

When applied to life insurance premiums. Exception.

Ante, p. 181.

"In the discretion of the grantor" defined.

Capital net gains and loss

Determination of; to be separately shown in

Ante, p. 191.

provided in this Supplement, but at the rates and in the manner provided in section 101 (a) and (b), relating to capital net gains and losses.

Net losses. deduction. Ante, p. 207.

Allowance of special SEC. 169. NET LOSSES.

The benefit of the special deduction for net losses allowed by section 117 shall be allowed to an estate or trust under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

Taxes of foreign countries, etc.

SEC. 170. TAXES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND POSSESSIONS OF UNITED STATES.

Allowance against tax of beneficiary.

The amount of income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes imposed by foreign countries or possessions of the United States shall be allowed as credit against the tax of the beneficiary of an estate or trust to the extent provided in section 131.

Ante, p. 211. Partnerships.

Supplement F—Partnerships

SEC. 181. PARTNERSHIP NOT TAXABLE.

Individual liability for tax.

Individuals carrying on business in partnership shall be liable for income tax only in their individual capacity.

Tax of partners.

Computation.

Distributive share

SEC. 182. TAX OF PARTNERS.

included in net income.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—There shall be included in computing the net income of each partner his distributive share, whether distributed or not, of the net income of the partnership for the taxable year. If the taxable year of a partner is different from that of the partnership, the amount so included shall be based upon the income of the partnership for any taxable year of the partnership ending within his taxable year.

Partnership year em-bracing calendar years with different laws.

(b) Partnership Year Embracing Calendar Years with Differ-ENT LAWS.—If a fiscal year of a partnership begins in one calendar year and ends in another calendar year, and the law applicable to the second calendar year is different from the law applicable to the first calendar year, then

Rates for year in which fiscal year be-

(1) the rates for the calendar year during which such fiscal year begins shall apply to an amount of each partner's share of such partnership net income (determined under the law applicable to such calendar year) equal to the proportion which the part of such fiscal year falling within such calendar year bears to the full fiscal year, and

Rates for year in which fiscal year ends.

(2) the rates for the calendar year during which such fiscal year ends shall apply to an amount of each partner's share of such partnership net income (determined under the law applicable to such calendar year) equal to the proportion which the part of such fiscal year falling within such calendar year bears to the full fiscal year.

rates.

Computation of In such cases the part of such income subject to the rates in effect for the most recent calendar year shall be added to the other income of the taxpayer subject to such rates and the resulting amount shall be placed in the lower brackets of the rate schedule applicable to such year, and the part of such income subject to the rates in effect for the next preceding calendar year shall be placed in the next higher brackets of the rate schedule applicable to such year.

Computation.

Partnership income. SEC. 183. COMPUTATION OF PARTNERSHIP INCOME.

Exception. Charitable contribulowed.
Ante. p. 181.

The net income of the partnership shall be computed in the same manner and on the same basis as in the case of an individual, except Charitable contribu-tion deduction not al- that the so-called "charitable contribution" deduction provided in section 23(n) shall not be allowed.

SEC. 184. CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME.

The partner shall, for the purpose of the normal tax, be allowed as a credit against his net income, in addition to the credits allowed to him under section 25, his proportionate share of such amounts of partnership exempdividends and interest specified in section 25(a) and (b) as are Ante, p. 184. received by the partnership.

INCOME TAX

Credits against net Additional, from

SEC. 185. EARNED INCOME.

In the case of the members of a partnership the proper part of each share of the net income which consists of earned income shall be determined under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary and shall be separately shown in the return of the partnership and shall be taxed to the member as provided in this Supplement.

Earned income.

Determination of.

SEC. 186. CAPITAL NET GAINS AND LOSSES.

In the case of the members of a partnership the proper part of each share of the net income which consists, respectively, of ordinary tions. net income, capital net gain, or capital net loss, shall be determined under the rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, and shall be separately shown in the return of the partnership and shall be taxed to the member as provided in this Supplement, but at the rates and in the manner provided in section 101(a) and (b), relating to capital net gains and losses.

Capital net gains and

losses.
Additional from

SEC. 187. NET LOSSES.

The benefit of the special deduction for net losses allowed by sec-lowed partners. tion 117 shall be allowed to the members of a partnership under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

Ante, p. 191.

Net losses.

Deduction from, al-Ante, p. 207.

SEC. 188. TAXES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND POSSESSIONS OF UNITED STATES.

The amount of income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes imposed by foreign countries or possessions of the United States shall be allowed as a credit against the tax of the member of a partnership to the extent provided in section 131.

Foreign taxes.

Credit for, allowed partners. Ante, p. 211.

SEC. 189. PARTNERSHIP RETURNS.

Every partnership shall make a return for each taxable year, sworn stateme gross income, etc. stating specifically the items of its gross income and the deductions allowed by this title, and shall include in the return the names and addresses of the individuals who would be entitled to share in the net income if distributed and the amount of the distributive share of each individual. The return shall be sworn to by any one of the partners.

Partnership returns.

Sworn statement of

Supplement G—Insurance Companies

SEC. 201. TAX ON LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

(a) Definition.—When used in this title the term "life insurance company" means an insurance company engaged in the business of issuing life insurance and annuity contracts (including contracts of combined life, health, and accident insurance), the reserve funds of which held for the fulfillment of such contracts comprise more than 50 per centum of its total reserve funds.

Insurance companies. Tax on life insurance companies.

"Life insurance com-pany," defined.

(b) RATE OF TAX.—In lieu of the tax imposed by section 13, there incomes shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the net income of every life insurance company a tax as follows:

Rate of tax on net Ante, p. 177.

(1) In the case of a domestic life insurance company, 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) per centum of its net income;

Domestic.

Foreign.

"Reserve funds required by law."
Application of.

Net income. Deductions from.

Tax-free interest. Ante, p. 178.

Reserve funds required by law.

Policies of combined insurance. Weekly payment

Reserves not required by law.

Dividends from domestic corporations.

Post, p. 231.

From foreign corpor-

Ante, p. 208.

Amount for reserves for deferred dividends.

Investment expenses. Proviso. Limitation.

(2) In the case of a foreign life insurance company, 133/4 per centum of its net income from sources within the United States.

Gross income, life SEC. 202. GROSS INCOME OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES. "Gross income," de(a) In the case of a life insurance company the term (a) In the case of a life insurance company the term "gross income" means the gross amount of income received during the taxable year from interest, dividends, and rents.

(b) The term "reserve funds required by law" includes, in the case of assessment insurance, sums actually deposited by any company or association with State or Territorial officers pursuant to law as guaranty or reserve funds, and any funds maintained under the charter or articles of incorporation of the company or association exclusively for the payment of claims arising under certificates of membership or policies issued upon the assessment plan and not subject to any other use.

SEC. 203. NET INCOME OF LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

(a) General Rule.—In the case of a life insurance company the term" net income " means the gross income less-

(1) TAX-FREE INTEREST.—The amount of interest received during the taxable year which under section 22(b) is exempt from

the taxes imposed by this title; (2) Reserve funds.—An amount equal to 4 per centum of the mean of the reserve funds required by law and held at the beginning and end of the taxable year, except that in the case of any such reserve fund which is computed at a lower interest assumption rate, the rate of 3\\\ \text{per centum shall be substituted for } \hat{1}\text{ per} centum. Life insurance companies issuing policies covering life, health, and accident insurance combined in one policy issued on the weekly premium payment plan, continuing for life and not subject to cancellation, shall be allowed, in addition to the above, a deduction of 33/4 per centum of the mean of such reserve funds (not required by law) held at the beginning and end of the taxable year, as the Commissioner finds to be necessary for the protection

of the holders of such policies only;
(3) Dividends.—The amount received as dividends (A) from a domestic corporation which is subject to taxation under this title, other than a corporation entitled to the benefits of section 251, and other than a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, or (B) from any foreign corporation when it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that more than 50 per centum of the gross income of such foreign corporation for the three-year period ending with the close of its taxable year preceding the declaration of such dividends (or for such part of such period as the foreign corporation has been in existence) was derived from sources within the United States as determined under section 119:

(4) Reserve for dividends.—An amount equal to 2 per centum of any sums held at the end of the taxable year as a reserve for dividends (other than dividends payable during the year following the taxable year) the payment of which is deferred for a period of not less than five years from the date of the policy contract;

(5) Investment expenses.—Investment expenses paid during the taxable year: Provided, That if any general expenses are in part assigned to or included in the investment expenses, the total deduction under this paragraph shall not exceed one-fourth of 1 per centum of the book value of the mean of the invested assets held at the beginning and end of the taxable year;

(6) Real estate expenses.—Taxes and other expenses paid during the taxable year exclusively upon or with respect to the real estate owned by the company, not including taxes assessed against local benefits of a kind tending to increase the value of the property assessed, and not including any amount paid out for new buildings, or for permanent improvements or betterments made to increase the value of any property. The deduction allowed If tax paid on shareby this paragraph shall be allowed in the case of taxes imposed upon a shareholder of a company upon his interest as shareholder, which are paid by the company without reimbursement from the shareholder, but in such cases no deduction shall be allowed the shareholder for the amount of such taxes:

(7) Depreciation.—A reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear of property, including a reasonable allowance for

obsolescence; and

(8) Interest.—All interest paid or accrued within the taxable year on its indebtedness, except on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry obligations or securities (other than obligations of the United States issued after September 24, 1917, and originally subscribed for by the taxpayer) the interest upon which is wholly exempt from taxation under this title.

(b) RENTAL VALUE OF REAL ESTATE.—Ine deduction under subsection (a) (6) or (7) of this section on account of any real estate state.

Deduction of proporowned and occupied in whole or in part by a life insurance company, tonate part of depreciation, etc., expenses. (b) RENTAL VALUE OF REAL ESTATE.—The deduction under subshall be limited to an amount which bears the same ratio to such deduction (computed without regard to this subsection) as the rental value of the space not so occupied bears to the rental value

of the entire property.

(c) Foreign Life Insurance Companies.—In the case of a foreign life insurance company the amount of its net income for any taxable companies.

Net income on busiyear from sources within the United States shall be the same pro-ness in United States. portion of its net income for the taxable year from sources within and without the United States, which the reserve funds required by law and held by it at the end of the taxable year upon business transacted within the United States is of the reserve funds held by it at the end of the taxable year upon all business transacted.

SEC. 204. INSURANCE COMPANIES OTHER THAN LIFE OR MUTUAL. Insurance companies other than life or [a] Imposition of Tax.—In lieu of the tax imposed by section mutual. 13 of this title, there shall be levied, collected, and paid for each taxable year upon the net income of every insurance company (other than a life or mutual insurance company) a tax as follows:

(1) In the case of such a domestic insurance company, 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) per

centum of its net income;

(2) In the case of such a foreign insurance company, 13% per centum of its net income from sources within the United States.

(b) Definition of Income, Etc.—In the case of an insurance

company subject to the tax imposed by this section—
(1) Gross income.—"Gross income" means the sum of (A) the combined gross amount earned during the taxable year, from investment income and from underwriting income as provided in this subsection, computed on the basis of the underwriting and investment exhibit of the annual statement approved by the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners, and (B) gain during the taxable year from the sale or other disposition of property, and (C) all other items constituting gross income under section 22;

(2) Net income. "Net income" means the gross income as defined in paragraph (1) of this subsection less the deductions

allowed by subsection (c) of this section;

INCOME TAX

Taxes, etc., on realty.

Exception.

Depreciation of prop-

Interest on indebted-Exception.

Determination of.

Foreign life insurance

Tax imposed.

Domestic companies.

Foreign companies.

Definition of terms.

"Gross income."

"Net income."

"Investment in-

Sources of.

"Underwriting income.

"Premiums earned."

Computation of.

"Losses incurred."

Computation of,

"Expenses incurred."

Computation of.

Net income. Deductions allowed.

Business expenses. Ante., p. 179.

Interest.

Taxes.

Losses.

Losses from sales.

Worthless debts.

Dividends from corporations.

Exempt interest. Ante. p. 178.

(3) Investment income.—"Investment income" means the gross amount of income earned during the taxable year from interest, dividends, and rents, computed as follows:

To all interest, dividends and rents received during the taxable year, add interest, dividends and rents due and accrued at the end of the taxable year, and deduct all interest, dividends and

rents due and accrued at the end of the preceding taxable year;
(4) Underwriting income.—" Underwriting income" means the premiums earned on insurance contracts during the taxable year

less losses incurred and expenses incurred;

(5) Premiums earned on insurance contracts during the taxable year" means an amount computed as

From the amount of gross premiums written on insurance contracts during the taxable year, deduct return premiums and premiums paid for reinsurance. To the result so obtained add unearned premiums on outstanding business at the end of the preceding taxable year and deduct unearned premiums on outstanding business at the end of the taxable year;

(6) Losses incurred.—"Losses incurred" means losses incurred during the taxable year on insurance contracts, computed as fol-

lows:

To losses paid during the taxable year, add salvage and reinsurance recoverable outstanding at the end of the preceding taxable year, and deduct salvage and reinsurance recoverable outstanding at the end of the taxable year. To the result so obtained add all unpaid losses outstanding at the end of the taxable year and deduct unpaid losses outstanding at the end of the preceding taxable year;

(7) Expenses incurred. "Expenses incurred" means all expenses shown on the annual statement approved by the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners, and shall be computed

as follows:

To all expenses paid during the taxable year add expenses unpaid at the end of the taxable year and deduct expenses unpaid at the end of the preceding taxable year. For the purpose of computing the net income subject to the tax imposed by this section there shall be deducted from expenses incurred as defined in this paragraph all expenses incurred which are not allowed as deductions by subsection (c) of this section.

(c) DEDUCTIONS ALLOWED.—In computing the net income of an insurance company subject to the tax imposed by this section there

shall be allowed as deductions:

(1) All ordinary and necessary expenses incurred, as provided in section 23(a);

(2) All interest as provided in section 23(b); (3) Taxes as provided in section 23(c);

(4) Losses incurred as defined in subsection (b) (6) of this section;

(5) Losses sustained during the taxable year from the sale or

other disposition of property;

(6) Bad debts in the nature of agency balances and bills receivable ascertained to be worthless and charged off within the taxable year:

(7) The amount received as dividends from corporations as

provided in section 23(p);

(8) The amount of interest earned during the taxable year which under section 22(b)(4) is exempt from the taxes imposed by this title, and the amount of interest allowed as a credit under section

INCOME TAX

(9) A reasonable allowance for the exhaustion, wear and tear Exhaustion, wear and tear property. of property, as provided in section 23 (k).

Exhaustion, etc., of

(d) Deductions of Foreign Corporations.—In the case of a forbeductions allowed
eign corporation the deductions allowed in this section shall be United States business.

Post, p. 229. allowed to the extent provided in Supplement I.

(e) Double Deductions.—Nothing in this section shall be con-hibited. strued to permit the same item to be twice deducted.

Duplications

SEC. 205. NET LOSSES.

Net losses.

The benefit of the special deduction for net losses allowed by Allowance of deductions for section 117 shall be allowed to insurance companies subject to the tax imposed by section 201 or 204, under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

Allowance of special Ante, pp. 207, 223, 225.

SEC. 206. TAXES OF FOREIGN COUNTRIES AND POSSESSIONS OF UNITED STATES.

Foreign taxes.

The amount of income, war-profits, and excess-profits taxes im- Credit for, allowed domestic insurance posed by foreign countries or possessions of the United States shall companies. be allowed as a credit against the tax of a domestic insurance company subject to the tax imposed by section 201 or 204, to the extent provided in the case of a domestic corporation in section 131, and in such cases "net income" as used in that section means the net income as defined in this Supplement.

Ante, pp. 223, 225.

Ante, p. 211.

SEC. 207. COMPUTATION OF GROSS INCOME.

Gross income. Computation. Ante, pp. 208, 223, 225...

Mutual insurance

as other

companies other than

Taxable

The gross income of insurance companies subject to the tax imposed by section 201 or 204 shall not be determined in the manner provided in section 119.

SEC. 208. MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES OTHER THAN LIFE.

(a) Application of Title.—Mutual insurance companies, other life. than life insurance companies, shall be taxable in the same manner corporations. as other corporations, except as hereinafter provided in this section.

(b) Gross Income.—Mutual marine-insurance companies shall Gross income, includes premiums less include in gross income the gross premiums collected and received reinsurance.

by them less amounts paid for reinsurance. (c) Deductions.—In addition to the deductions allowed to corpo-

rations by section 23 the following deductions to insurance com- Anie, p. 179.

panies shall also be allowed, unless otherwise allowed—

(1) MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES OTHER THAN LIFE INSUR- companies. ANCE.—In the case of mutual insurance companies other than life

Additional deduc-

insurance companies—

(A) the net addition required by law to be made within the funds. taxable year to reserve funds (including in the case of assessment insurance companies the actual deposit of sums with State or Territorial officers pursuant to law as additions to guarantee or reserve funds); and

Addition to reserve

(B) the sums other than dividends paid within the taxable contracts. year on policy and annuity contracts.

Policy and annuity

year on policy and annuty construct.

(2) MUTUAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANIES.—In the case of surance companies.

Repayments to polimutual marine insurance companies, in addition to the deductions cy holders. allowed in paragraph (1) of this subsection, unless otherwise allowed, amounts repaid to policyholders on account of premiums previously paid by them, and interest paid upon such amounts between the ascertainment and the payment thereof;

(3) MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES OTHER THAN LIFE AND than life and marine.

MARINE.—In the case of mutual insurance companies (including Premium deposits returned. interinsurers and reciprocal underwriters, but not including mutual life or mutual marine insurance companies) requiring

their members to make premium deposits to provide for losses and expenses, the amount of premium deposits returned to their policyholders and the amount of premium deposits retained for the payment of losses, expenses, and reinsurance reserves.

Nonresident alien individuals.

Residents in contig

Compensation for personal services in United States.

Additional in excess.

Supplement H—Nonresident Alien Individuals

Normal tax. Rate.

uous countries.

Maximum.

SEC. 211. NORMAL TAX.

(a) General Rule.—In the case of a nonresident alien individual who is not a resident of a contiguous country, the normal tax shall be 8 per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of the credits against net income allowed to such individual.

(b) ALIENS RESIDENT IN CONTIGUOUS COUNTRIES.—In the case of an alien individual resident in a contiguous country, the normal tax shall be an amount equal to the sum of the following:

(1) 4 per centum of the amount by which the part of the net income attributable to wages, salaries, professional fees, or other amounts received as compensation for personal services actually performed in the United States, exceeds the personal exemption and credit for dependents; but the amount taxable at such 4 per centum rate shall not exceed \$4,000; and

(2) 8 per centum of the amount of the net income in excess of the sum of (A) the amount taxed under paragraph (1) of this subsection plus (B) the total credits against net income allowed to

such individual.

In lieu of normal tax. (c) In Lieu of Normal Tax Under Section 11.—The tax imposed by this section shall be in lieu of the normal tax imposed by section 11.

Ante, p. 174.

Earnings from foreign

ship operations exempt from taxation.

Includes only United SEC. 212. GROSS INCOME. States sources. (a) General Rule.—In the case of a nonresident alien individual gross income includes only the gross income from sources within the United States.

> (b) Ships Under Foreign Flag.—The income of a nonresident alien individual which consists exclusively of earnings derived from the operation of a ship or ships documented under the laws of a foreign country which grants an equivalent exemption to citizens of the United States and to corporations organized in the United States, shall not be included in gross income and shall be exempt from taxation under this title.

Deductions.

Allowed only if connected with income from United States sources.

Ante, p. 208.

Losses.

Not connected with

Ante, p. 180.

Casualty, etc., losses of connected with business.

SEC. 213. DEDUCTIONS.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—In the case of a nonresident alien individual the deductions shall be allowed only if and to the extent that they are connected with income from sources within the United States; and the proper apportionment and allocation of the deductions with respect to sources of income within and without the United States shall be determined as provided in section 119, under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

(b) Losses.

(1) The deduction, for losses not connected with the trade or business if incurred in transactions entered into for profit, allowed by section 23 (e) (2) shall be allowed whether or not connected with income from sources within the United States, but only if the profit, if such transaction had resulted in a profit, would be taxable under this title.

(2) The deduction for losses of property not connected with the trade or business if arising from certain casualties or theft, allowed by section 23 (e) (3), shall be allowed whether or not connected with income from sources within the United States, but

only if the loss is of property within the United States.

INCOME TAX

(c) CHARITABLE, ETC., CONTRIBUTIONS.—The so-called "charitable Charitable, etc., contributions allowed only contribution" deduction allowed by section 23 (n) shall be allowed to domestic corporawhether or not connected with income from sources within the tions, etc. United States, but only as to contributions or gifts made to domestic corporations, or to community chests, funds, or foundations, created in the United States, or to the vocational rehabilitation fund.

Credits against net

income. Personal exemption. Ante, p. 184. For dependents if from contiguous coun-

SEC. 214. CREDITS AGAINST NET INCOME.

In the case of a nonresident alien individual the personal exemption allowed by section 25 (c) of this title shall be only \$1,000. The credit for dependents allowed by section 25 (d) shall not be allowed try. in the case of a nonresident alien individual unless he is a resident of a contiguous country.

SEC. 215. ALLOWANCE OR DEDUCTIONS AND CREDITS.

(a) RETURN TO CONTAIN INFORMATION.—A nonresident alien individual shall receive the benefit of the deductions and credits income from United allowed to him in this title only by filing or covered to the Cl. 1 1 12 allowed to him in this title only by filing or causing to be filed with the collector a true and accurate return of his total income received from all sources in the United States, in the manner prescribed in this title; including therein all the information which the Commissioner may deem necessary for the calculation of such deductions and credits.

Allowance or deductions and credits.

(b) Tax Withheld at Source.—The benefit of the personal credits, etc., by filing exemption and credit for dependents, and of the reduced rate of tax claim with withholding provided for in section 211 (b), may, in the discretion of the Com- agent. Ante, p. 228. missioner and under regulations prescribed by him with the approval of the Secretary, be received by a nonresident alien individual entitled thereto, by filing a claim therefor with the withholding agent.

SEC. 216. CREDITS AGAINST TAX.

A nonresident alien individual shall not be allowed the credits against the tax for taxes of foreign countries and possessions of the United States allowed by section 131.

Credits against tax.

No allowance for, of foreign governments. Ante, p. 211.

SEC. 217. RETURNS.

In the case of a nonresident alien individual the return, in lieu of the time prescribed in section 53 (a) (1), shall be made on or before the fifteenth day of the sixth month following the close of the fiscal year, or, if the return is made on the basis of the calendar year, then on or before the fifteenth day of June.

Returns.

Time for filing. Ante, p. 188.

SEC. 218. PAYMENT OF TAX.

(a) Time of Payment.—In the case of a nonresident alien individual the total amount of tax imposed by this title shall be paid, in lieu of the time prescribed in section 56 (a), on the fifteenth day of June following the close of the calendar year, or, if the return should be made on the basis of a fiscal year, then on the fifteenth day of the sixth month following the close of the fiscal year.

Payment of tax. Time designated. Ante, p. 189.

(b) WITHHOLDING AT SOURCE.—For withholding at source of tax on income of nonresident aliens, see section 143.

Withholding at Source

Supplement I—Foreign Corporations

SEC. 231. GROSS INCOME.

(a) General Rule.—In the case of a foreign corporation gross income includes only the gross income from sources within the United States.

Ante. p. 215. Foreign corporations.

Gross income.

From United States sources only.

(b) Ships Under Foreign Flag.—The income of a foreign cor-Exemption of ships poration, which consists exclusively of earnings derived from the under foreign flag. Conditions. operation of a ship or ships documented under the laws of a foreign operation of a ship or ships documented under the laws of a foreign country which grants an equivalent exemption to citizens of the United States and to corporations organized in the United States, shall not be included in gross income and shall be exempt from taxation under this title.

Deductions.

Ante, p. 208.

SEC. 232. DEDUCTIONS.

Allowed only on in-me from United come from Un States sources. Apportionment.

In the case of a foreign corporation the deductions shall be allowed only if and to the extent that they are connected with income from sources within the United States; and the proper apportionment and allocation of the deductions with respect to sources within and without the United States shall be determined as provided in section 119, under rules and regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

Benefit of, only by filing return of all in-come from United States sources.

Allowance of deduc- SEC. 233. ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTIONS AND CREDITS.

A foreign corporation shall receive the benefit of the deductions united and credits allowed to it in this title only by filing or causing to be filed with the collector a true and accurate return of its total income received from all sources in the United States, in the manner prescribed in this title; including therein all the information which the Commissioner may deem necessary for the calculation of such deductions and credits.

No allowance for, of foreign governments.

Ante, p. 211.

Credits against tax. SEC. 234. CREDITS AGAINST TAX.

Foreign corporations shall not be allowed the credits against the tax for taxes of foreign countries and possessions of the United States allowed by section 131.

Returns.

SEC. 235. RETURNS.

Time for filing. Ante, p. 188.

In the case of a foreign corporation not having any office or place of business in the United States the return, in lieu of the time prescribed in section 53(a) (1), shall be made on or before the fifteenth day of the sixth month following the close of the fiscal year, or, if the return is made on the basis of the calendar year then on or before the fifteenth day of June. If any foreign corporation has no office or place of business in the United States but has an agent in the United States, the return shall be made by the agent.

Return by agent.

SEC. 236. PAYMENT OF TAX.

Payment of tax. Time specified.

(a) TIME OF PAYMENT.—In the case of a foreign corporation not having any office or place of business in the United States the total amount of tax imposed by this title shall be paid, in lieu of the time prescribed in section 56(a), on the fifteenth day of June following the close of the calendar year, or, if the return should be made on the basis of a fiscal year, then on the fifteenth day of the sixth month following the close of the fiscal year.

Ante, p. 189.

(b) WITHHOLDING AT SOURCE.—For withholding at source of tax on income of foreign corporations, see section 143.

Withholding tax at Ante, p. 215.

Foreign insurance SEC. 237. FOREIGN INSURANCE COMPANIES.

companies. Special provisions.

Ante, p. 223.

For special provisions relating to foreign insurance companies, see Supplement G.

Affiliation. Foreign corporations. Ante, p. 213.

SEC. 238. AFFILIATION.

A foreign corporation shall not be deemed to be affiliated with any other corporation within the meaning of section 141.

Supplement J-Possessions of the United States

INCOME TAX

SEC. 251. INCOME FROM SOURCES WITHIN POSSESSIONS UNITED STATES.

Possessions of the OF United States. Income from sources within.

(a) GENERAL RULE.—In the case of citizens of the United States Gross is zens, etc. or domestic corporations, satisfying the following conditions, gross income means only gross income from sources within the United

Gross income of citi-

(1) If 80 per centum or more of the gross income of such citizen from United States or domestic corporation (computed without the benefit of this sources. section), for the three-year period immediately preceding the close of the taxable year (or for such part of such period immediately preceding the close of such taxable year as may be applicable) was derived from sources within a possession of the United States:

(2) If, in the case of such corporation, 50 per centum or more If corporation derivers of its gross income (computed without the benefit of this section) business therein. for such period or such part thereof was derived from the active conduct of a trade or business within a possession of the United States; or

(3) If, in case of such citizen, 50 per centum or more of his per cent from active gross income (computed without the benefit of this section) for business therein. such period or such part thereof was derived from the active conduct of a trade or business within a possession of the United States either on his own account or as an employee or agent of

Amounts Received in United States.—Notwithstanding United States.

Ovisions of subsection (a) there shall be included in gross included in gross inthe provisions of subsection (a) there shall be included in gross income all amounts received by such citizens or corporations within the United States, whether derived from sources within or without the United States.

(c) Definition.—As used in this section the term "possession Status of Virgin of the United States" does not include the Virgin Islands of the United States.

(d) DEDUCTIONS.-

Deductions.

(1) Citizens of the United States entitled to the benefits of Same benefits as nonthis section shall have the same deductions as are allowed by Sup-residents. plement H in the case of a nonresident alien individual.

Ante, p. 228.

(2) Domestic corporations entitled to the benefits of this tons section shall have the same deductions as are allowed by Supplement I in the case of a foreign corporation.

Domestic corpora-Ante, p. 229.

ment I in the case of a foreign corporation.

(e) Credits Against Net Income.—A citizen of the United States income.

Personal Personal exemption shall be allowed a personal exemption entitled to the benefits of this section shall be allowed a personal exemption of only \$1,000 and shall not be allowed the credit for to citizens.

Ante, p. 184. dependents provided in section 25(d).

Credits against net

(f) ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTIONS AND CREDITS.—Citizens of the Allowance of deductions by fling return of United States and domestic corporations entitled to the benefits of total income. this section shall receive the benefit of the deductions and credits allowed to them in this title only by filing or causing to be filed with the collector a true and accurate return of their total income received from all sources in the United States, in the manner prescribed in this title; including therein all the information which the Commissioner may deem necessary for the calculation of such deductions and credits.

this section shall not be allowed the credits against the tax for taxes foreign countries. (g) CREDITS AGAINST TAX.—Persons entitled to the benefits of of foreign countries and possessions of the United States allowed by section 131.

Credits against tax.

INCOME TAX A ffiliation Applicability to corporations. Ante, p. 213.

resident of United States if citizen of possession.

Virgin Islands. Payment of taxes in, not affected. Vol. 42, p. 123.

(h) Affiliation.—A corporation entitled to the benefits of this section shall not be deemed to be affiliated with any other corporation within the meaning of section 141.

- Citizens of Possessions of United States.

 Can depend on the Company of Control of Contr (a) Any individual who is a citizen of any possession of the United States (but not otherwise a citizen of the United States) and who is not a resident of the United States, shall be subject to taxation under this title only as to income derived from sources within the United States, and in such case the tax shall be computed and paid in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as in the case of other persons who are taxable only as to income derived from such sources.
 - (b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to alter or amend the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, and for other purposes," approved July 12, 1921, relating to the imposition of income taxes in the Virgin Islands of the United States.

China Trade Act Corporations.

Supplement K—China Trade Act Corporations

Credits against net SEC. 261. CREDIT AGAINST NET INCOME. income. Computation

proportion of.

Ante, p. 177.

Ante, p. 208.

Proviso. Limitation. Ante, p. 177.

Special dividends. Conditions,

Credit subject to spe-cial dividend to resi-dents of China, etc.

Additional to all other payments.

Proportionate distribution to stock owned.

(a) Allowance of Credit.—For the purpose only of the tax imposed by section 13 there shall be allowed, in the case of a corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, in addition to the credit provided in section 26, a credit against the net income of an amount equal to the proportion of the net income derived from sources within China (determined in a similar manner to that provided in section 119) which the par value of the shares of stock of the corporation owned on the last day of the taxable year by (1) persons resident in China, the United States, or possessions of the United States, and (2) individual citizens of the United States or China wherever resident, bears to the par value of the whole number of shares of stock of the corporation outstanding on such date: Provided, That in no case shall the amount by which the tax imposed by section 13 is diminished by reason of such credit exceed the amount

of the special dividend certified under subsection (b) of this section. (b) Special Dividend.—Such credit shall not be allowed unless the Secretary of Commerce has certified to the Commissioner-

(1) The amount which, during the year ending on the date fixed by law for filing the return, the corporation has distributed as a special dividend to or for the benefit of such persons as on the last day of the taxable year were resident in China, the United States, or possessions of the United States, or were individual citizens of the United States or China, and owned shares of stock of the corporation;

(2) That such special dividend was in addition to all other amounts, payable or to be payable to such persons or for their benefit, by reason of their interest in the corporation; and

(3) That such distribution has been made to or for the benefit of such persons in proportion to the par value of the shares of stock of the corporation owned by each; except that if the corporation has more than one class of stock, the certificates shall contain a statement that the articles of incorporation provide a method for the apportionment of such special dividend among such persons, and that the amount certified has been distributed in accordance with the method so provided.

(c) OWNERSHIP OF STOCK.—For the purposes of this section shares of stock of a corporation shall be considered to be owned by the

Definition of stock ownership.

person in whom the equitable right to the income from such shares is in good faith vested.

(d) Definition of China.—As used in this section the term "China" shall have the same meaning as when used in the China Trade Act, 1922.

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Meaning of "China." Vol. 42, p. 849.

SEC. 262. CREDITS AGAINST THE TAX.

A corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, shall foreign countries. not be allowed the credits against the tax for taxes of foreign countries and possessions of the United States allowed by section 131.

Credits against tax. No allowance for, of Ante, p. 211.

SEC. 263. AFFILIATION.

A corporation organized under the China Trade Act, 1922, shall corporations hereof.

A definition.

A trade Act, 1922, shall corporations hereof.

Ante, p. 213.

Affiliation.

Not applicable to corporation within the corporations hereof.

Ante, p. 213. not be deemed to be affiliated with any other corporation within the meaning of section 141.

SEC. 264. INCOME OF SHAREHOLDERS.

For exclusion of dividends from gross income, see section 116.

Income of sharehold-

ers. Exclusion from gross income. Ante, p. 204.

Assessment and collection of deficiencies.

"Deficiency" defined.

Supplement L—Assessment and Collection of Deficiencies

SEC. 271. DEFINITION OF DEFICIENCY.

As used in this title in respect of a tax imposed by this title "deficiency" means-

(a) The amount by which the tax imposed by this title exceeds. Amount tax imposed amount shown as the tax by the taxpayer when his return that exceeds return by taxthe amount shown as the tax by the taxpayer upon his return; but payer. the amount so shown on the return shall first be increased by the amounts previously assessed (or collected without assessment) as a deficiency, and decreased by the amounts previously abated, credited, refunded, or otherwise repaid in respect of such tax; or

(b) If no amount is shown as the tax by the taxpayer upon his Amount tax exceeds previous assessment. return, or if no return is made by the taxpayer, then the amount by which the tax exceeds the amounts previously assessed (or collected without assessment) as a deficiency; but such amounts previously assessed, or collected without assessment, shall first be decreased by the amounts previously abated, credited, refunded, or otherwise repaid in respect of such tax.

SEC. 272. PROCEDURE IN GENERAL.

(a) Petition to Board of Tax Appeals.—If in the case of any to taxpayer. taxpayer, the Commissioner determines that there is a deficiency in respect of the tax imposed by this title, the Commissioner is authorized to send notice of such deficiency to the taxpayer by registered mail. Within 60 days after such notice is mailed (not counting Sunday as the sixtieth day), the taxpayer may file a petition with determination. the Board of Tax Appeals for a redetermination of the deficiency. No assessment of a deficiency in respect of the tax imposed by this No assessment until title and no distraint or proceeding in court for its collection shall payer. be made, begun, or prosecuted until such notice has been mailed to the taxpayer, nor until the expiration of such 60-day period, nor, if a petition has been filed with the Board, until the decision of the Board has become final. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3224 of the Revised Statutes the making of such assessment or the beginning of such proceeding or distraint during the time such prohibition is in force may be enjoined by a proceeding in the proper

Procedure in general. Notice of deficiency

Petition to Board of

Or petition filed.

Injunction to restrain assessment. R. S., sec. 3224, p. 619.

For exceptions to the restrictions imposed by this subsection, see-(1) Subsection (d) of this section, relating to waivers by the taxpayer;

Errors.

(2) Subsection (f) of this section, relating to notifications of mathematical errors appearing upon the face of the return;

Exceptions to rectrictions. Waivers.

Jeopardy assessments, p. 235.
Bankruptcy, etc., p. 237.
Assessment of defi-

ciency.
Vol. 44, pp. 109.
Collection of deficiency found by board.

Disallowance not collectible.

Payment on demand if petition not filed.

Waiver of restrictions by taxpayer.

Increase of deficiency after notice mailed.

Condition.

Restriction hereafter on determining deficiency after notice.

Exception.

Post, p. 235.

Mathematical error not considered a notice of deficiency.

Post, p. 242. Credits or refunds.

Jurisdiction over other taxable years.

Limitation.

(3) Section 273, relating to jeopardy assessments;

(4) Section 274, relating to bankruptcy and receiverships; and (5) Section 1001 of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended, relating to assessment or collection of the amount of the deficiency

determined by the Board pending court review.

(b) Collection of Deficiency Found by Board.—If the taxpayer files a petition with the Board, the entire amount redetermined as the deficiency by the decision of the Board which has become final shall be assessed and shall be paid upon notice and demand from the collector. No part of the amount determined as a deficiency by the Commissioner but disallowed as such by the decision of the Board which has become final shall be assessed or be collected by distraint or by proceeding in court with or without assessment.

(c) Failure to File Petition.—If the taxpayer does not file a petition with the Board within the time prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, the deficiency, notice of which has been mailed to the taxpayer, shall be assessed, and shall be paid upon notice and

demand from the collector.

(d) Waiver of Restrictions.—The taxpayer shall at any time have the right, by a signed notice in writing filed with the Commissioner, to waive the restrictions provided in subsection (a) of this section on the assessment and collection of the whole or any part of the deficiency.

(e) Increase of Deficiency After Notice Mailed.—The Board shall have jurisdiction to redetermine the correct amount of the deficiency even if the amount so redetermined is greater than the amount of the deficiency, notice of which has been mailed to the tax-payer, and to determine whether any penalty, additional amount or addition to the tax should be assessed—if claim therefor is asserted by the Commissioner at or before the hearing or a rehearing.

(f) FURTHER DEFICIENCY LETTERS RESTRICTED.—If the missioner has mailed to the taxpayer notice of a deficiency as provided in subsection (a) of this section, and the taxpayer files a petition with the Board within the time prescribed in such subsection, the Commissioner shall have no right to determine any additional deficiency in respect of the same taxable year, except in the case of fraud, and except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, relating to assertion of greater deficiencies before the Board, or in section 273 (c), relating to the making of jeopardy assessments. If the taxpayer is notified that, on account of a mathematical error appearing upon the face of the return, an amount of tax in excess of that shown upon the return is due, and that an assessment of the tax has been or will be made on the basis of what would have been the correct amount of tax but for the mathematical error, such notice shall not be considered (for the purposes of this subsection, or of subsection (a) of this section, prohibiting assessment and collection until notice of deficiency has been mailed, or of section 322 (c), prohibiting credits or refunds after petition to the Board of Tax Appeals) as a notice of a deficiency, and the taxpayer shall have no right to file a petition with the Board based on such notice, nor shall such assessment or collection be prohibited by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

(g) Jurisdiction Over Other Taxable Years.—The Board in redetermining a deficiency in respect of any taxable year shall consider such facts with relation to the taxes for other taxable years as may be necessary correctly to redetermine the amount of such deficiency, but in so doing shall have no jurisdiction to determine

whether or not the tax for any other taxable year has been overpaid

or underpaid.

(h) FINAL DECISIONS OF BOARD.—For the purposes of this title Board. the date on which a decision of the Board becomes final shall be determined according to the provisions of section 1005 of the Revenue Act of 1926.

INCOME TAX

Final decisions of

Vol. 44, p. 110.

Prorating of deficiency to installments.

- (i) Proparing of Deficiency to Installments.—If the taxpayer has elected to pay the tax in installments and a deficiency has been assessed, the deficiency shall be prorated to the four installments. Except as provided in section 273 (relating to jeopardy assessments), that part of the deficiency so prorated to any installment the date for payment of which has not arrived, shall be collected at the same time as and as part of such installment. That part of the deficiency so prorated to any installment the date for payment of which has arrived, shall be paid upon notice and demand from the collector.
- (j) Extension of Time for Payment of Deficiencies.—Where Extension for payments allowed, to avoid it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the pay- undue hardship. ment of a deficiency upon the date prescribed for the payment thereof will result in undue hardship to the taxpayer the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary (except where the deficiency is due to negligence, to intentional disregard of rules and regulations, or to fraud with intent to evade tax), may grant an extension for the payment of such deficiency or any part thereof for a period not in excess of eighteen months, and, in exceptional cases, for a further period not in excess of twelve months. If an extension is granted, the Commissioner may require the taxpayer to furnish a bond in such amount, not exceeding double the amount of the deficiency, and with such sureties, as the Commissioner deems necessary, conditioned upon the payment of the deficiency in accordance with the terms of the extension.

(k) Address for Notice of Deficiency.—In the absence of Address for notice of deficiency. notice to the Commissioner under section 312 (a) of the existence of a fiduciary relationship, notice of a deficiency in respect of a tax imposed by this title, if mailed to the taxpayer at his last known address, shall be sufficient for the purposes of this title even if such taxpayer is deceased, or is under a legal disability, or, in the case of a corporation, has terminated its existence.

Bond required.

SEC. 273. JEOPARDY ASSESSMENTS.

(a) AUTHORITY FOR MAKING.—If the Commissioner believes that the assessment or collection of a deficiency will be jeopardized by diately assessed if jeopardized by delay. delay, he shall immediately assess such deficiency (together with all interest, additional amounts, or additions to the tax provided for by law) and notice and demand shall be made by the collector for the payment thereof.

(b) Deficiency Letters.—If the jeopardy assessment is made before any notice in respect of the tax to which the jeopardy assessment relates has been mailed under section 272(a), then the Commissioner shall mail a notice under such subsection within 60 days

after the making of the assessment.

(c) AMOUNT ASSESSABLE BEFORE DECISION OF BOARD.—The Amount of Board of Board of Before jeopardy assessment may be made in respect of a deficiency greater Board. or less than that notice of which has been mailed to the taxpayer, despite the provisions of section 272(f) prohibiting the determination of additional deficiencies, and whether or not the taxpayer has theretofore filed a petition with the Board of Tax Appeals. The Commissioner shall notify the Board of the amount of such assessment, if the petition is filed with the Board before the making of the assessment or is subsequently filed, and the Board shall have

Jeopardy assessments.
Deficiency imme-

Deficiency letters. Notice to be mailed.

Amount assessable

Board to redetermine

Amount assessable after decision of Board.

jurisdiction to redetermine the entire amount of the deficiency and of all amounts assessed at the same time in connection therewith.

(d) Amount Assessable After Decision of Board.—If the jeopardy assessment is made after the decision of the Board is rendered such assessment may be made only in respect of the deficiency determined by the Board in its decision.

Disallowed after Board's final decision,

(e) Expiration of Right to Assess.—A jeopardy assessment may not be made after the decision of the Board has become final or after the taxpayer has filed a petition for review of the decision of the Board.

Bond to stay collec-

(f) Bond to Stay Collection.—When a jeopardy assessment has been made the taxpayer, within 10 days after notice and demand from the collector for the payment of the amount of the assessment, may obtain a stay of collection of the whole or any part of the amount of the assessment by filing with the collector a bond in such amount, not exceeding double the amount as to which the stay is desired, and with such sureties, as the collector deems necessary, conditioned upon the payment of so much of the amount, the collection of which is stayed by the bond, as is not abated by a decision of the Board which has become final, together with interest thereon as provided in section 297.

Conditions. Post, p. 240.

Further conditions, if bond given before filing

(g) Same—Further Conditions.—If the bond is given before the taxpayer has filed his petition with the Board under section 272(a), the bond shall contain a further condition that if a petition is not filed within the period provided in such subsection, then the amount the collection of which is stayed by the bond will be paid on notice and demand at any time after the expiration of such period. together with interest thereon at the rate of $\bar{6}$ per centum per annum from the date of the jeopardy notice and demand to the date of notice and demand under this subsection.

Stay of collection of part covered by bond.

Effect of waiver of stay, etc.

(h) WAIVER OF STAY.—Upon the filing of the bond the collection of so much of the amount assessed as is covered by the bond shall be stayed. The taxpayer shall have the right to waive such stay at any time in respect of the whole or any part of the amount covered by the bond, and if as a result of such waiver any part of the amount covered by the bond is paid, then the bond shall, at the request of the taxpayer, be proportionately reduced. If the Board determines that the amount assessed is greater than the amount which should have been assessed, then when the decision of the Board is rendered the bond shall, at the request of the taxpayer, be proportionately reduced.

Collection of unpaid amounts. When

(i) Collection of Unpaid Amounts.—When the petition has When decision of been filed with the Board and when the amount which should have been assessed has been determined by a decision of the Board which has become final, then any unpaid portion, the collection of which has been stayed by the bond, shall be collected as part of the tax upon notice and demand from the collector, and any remaining portion of the assessment shall be abated. If the amount already collected exceeds the amount determined as the amount which should have been assessed, such excess shall be credited or refunded to the taxpayer as provided in section 322, without the filing of claim therefor. If the amount determined as the amount which should have been assessed is greater than the amount actually assessed, then the difference shall be assessed and shall be collected as part of the tax upon notice and demand from the collector.

Credit or refund. Post, p. 242.

Collection of greater assessment.

> (j) CLAIMS IN ABATEMENT.—No claim in abatement shall be filed in respect of any assessment in respect of any tax imposed by this title.

No other abatement claim to be filed.

SEC. 274. BANKRUPTCY AND RECEIVERSHIPS.

(a) Immediate Assessment.—Upon the adjudication of bankruptcy of any taxpayer in any bankruptcy proceeding or the appoint- ceiverships. Immediate ment of a receiver for any taxpayer in any receivership proceeding ment of tax deficiency before any court of the United States or of any State or Territory or of the District of Columbia, any deficiency (together with all interest, additional amounts, or additions to the tax provided for by law) determined by the Commissioner in respect of a tax imposed by this title upon such taxpayer shall, despite the restrictions imposed by section 272(a) upon assessments be immediately assessed if such deficiency has not theretofore been assessed in accordance with law. Claims for the deficiency and such interest, additional amounts and additions to the tax may be presented, for adjudication in accordance with law, to the court before which the bankruptcy or receivership proceeding is pending, despite the pendency of proceedings for the redetermination of the deficiency in pursuance of a petition to the Board; but no petition for any such redetermination shall be filed with the Board after the adjudication of bankruptcy or the appointment of the receiver.

bankruptcy or receivership proceeding which is unpaid shall be allowed in court propaid by the taxpayer upon notice and demand from the collector coedings. after the termination of such proceeding, and may be collected by distraint or proceeding in court within six years after termination of such proceeding. Extensions of time for such payment may be had in the same manner and subject to the same provisions and 240. limitations as are provided in section 272(j) and section 296 in the

case of a deficiency in a tax imposed by this title.

SEC. 275. PERIOD OF LIMITATION UPON ASSESSMENT AND COL Period of minimum and collection.

Except as provided in section 276—

(a) GENERAL RULE.—The amount of income taxes imposed by Assessm this title shall be assessed within two years after the return was filed, and no proceeding in court without assessment for the collection of such taxes shall be begun after the expiration of such period.

(b) REQUEST FOR PROMPT ASSESSMENT.—In the case of income received during the lifetime of a decedent, or by his estate during the period of administration, or by a corporation, the tax shall be assessed, and any proceeding in court without assessment for the collection of such tax shall be begun, within one year after written request therefor (filed after the return is made) by the executor, administrator, or other fiduciary representing the estate of such decedent, or by the corporation, but not after the expiration of two years after the return was filed. This subsection shall not apply in the case of a corporation unless-

(1) Such written request notifies the Commissioner that the corporation contemplates dissolution at or before the expiration

of such year; and

(2) The dissolution is in good faith begun before the expiration of such year; and

(3) The dissolution is completed.

(c) Corporation and Shareholder.—If a corporation makes no ed. return of the tax imposed by this title, but each of the shareholders no return. includes in his return his distributive share of the net income of the Assessment in four corporation, then the tax of the corporation shall be assessed within er's returns. four years after the last date on which any such shareholder's return was filed.

INCOME TAX

Bankruptcy and re-

Adjudication of claim

Time extensions. Ante, p. 235; Post, p.

Post, p. 238.

Assessment within

Requests for prompt assessments. By fiduciary representatives.

Applicability to corporations.

Exceptions.

Dissolution contemplated.

Dissolved in good faith before year ex-

Dissolution complet-

Corporation making

Exceptions. False return or no Assessment in case of.

Collection after assessment.

By distraint.

Time limit.

Extension.

Statute of limitations. Suspension of run-

ning of.

Ante, p. 233.

Board, etc.

Interest and additions to tax.

Failure to file return. Additional tax imposed.

Exception.
If failure not willful

Collection.

In lieu of former levy. R.S., sec. 3176, p. 610.

ciencies.

Assessment and rate.

SEC. 276. SAME—EXCEPTIONS.

(a) False Return or No Return.—In the case of a false or fraudulent return with intent to evade tax or of a failure to file a return the tax may be assessed, or a proceeding in court for the collection of such tax may be begun without assessment, at any time.

Waivers.
At any time with written consent of Com- scribed in section 275 for the assessment of the tax, both the Commissioner and the taxpaver have consented in writing to its assessment after such time, the tax may be assessed at any time prior to the expiration of the period agreed upon. The period so agreed upon may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing made before

the expiration of the period previously agreed upon.

(c) Collection After Assessment.—Where the assessment of any income tax imposed by this title has been made within the period of limitation properly applicable thereto, such tax may be collected by distraint or by a proceeding in court, but only if begun (1) within six years after the assessment of the tax, or (2) prior to the expiration of any period for collection agreed upon in writing by the Commissioner and the taxpayer before the expiration of such six-year The period so agreed upon may be extended by subsequent agreements in writing made before the expiration of the period previously agreed upon.

SEC. 277. SUSPENSION OF RUNNING OF STATUTE.

The running of the statute of limitations provided in section 275 or 276 on the making of assessments and the beginning of distraint or a proceeding in court for collection, in respect of any deficiency, shall (after the mailing of a notice under section 272(a)) be suspended for the period during which the Commissioner is prohibited from making the assessment or beginning distraint or a proceeding Until decision of in court (and in any event, if a proceeding in respect of the deficiency is placed on the docket of the Board, until the decision of the Board becomes final), and for 60 days thereafter.

Supplement M-Interest and Additions to the Tax

SEC. 291. FAILURE TO FILE RETURN.

In case of any failure to make and file a return required by this title, within the time prescribed by law or prescribed by the Commissioner in pursuance of law, 25 per centum of the tax shall be added to the tax, except that when a return is filed after such time and it is shown that the failure to file it was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect no such addition shall be made to the tax. The amount so added to any tax shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the neglect, in which case the amount so added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax. The amount added to the tax under this section shall be in lieu of the 25 per centum addition to the tax provided in section 3176 of the Revised Statutes, as amended.

Interest on defi- SEC. 292. INTEREST ON DEFICIENCIES.

Interest upon the amount determined as a deficiency shall be assessed at the same time as the deficiency, shall be paid upon notice and demand from the collector, and shall be collected as a part of the tax, at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the date prescribed for the payment of the tax (or, if the tax is paid in installments, from the date prescribed for the payment of the first installment) to the date the deficiency is assessed, or, in the case of a waiver under section 272(d), to the thirtieth day after the filing of such

In case of waiver.

waiver or to the date the deficiency is assessed whichever is the earlier.

INCOME TAX

SEC. 293. ADDITIONS TO THE TAX IN CASE OF DEFICIENCY.

(a) Negligence.—If any part of any deficiency is due to negligence, or intentional disregard of rules and regulations but without intent to defraud, 5 per centum of the total amount of the deficiency (in addition to such deficiency) shall be assessed, collected, and paid in the same manner as if it were a deficiency, except that the provisions of section 272 (i), relating to the prorating of a deficiency, and of section 292, relating to interest on deficiencies, shall not be applicable.

(b) Fraud.—If any part of any deficiency is due to fraud with intent to evade tax, then 50 per centum of the total amount of the deficiency (in addition to such deficiency) shall be so assessed, collected, and paid, in lieu of the 50 per centum addition to the tax provided in section 3176 of the Revised Statutes, as amended.

SEC. 294. ADDITIONS TO THE TAX IN CASE OF NONPAYMENT.

(a) Tax Shown on Return.—

(1) GENERAL RULE.—Where the amount determined by the taxpayer as the tax imposed by this title, or any installment thereof. or any part of such amount or installment, is not paid on or before the date prescribed for its payment, there shall be collected as a part of the tax, interest upon such unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the date prescribed for its payment until it is paid.

(2) If EXTENSION GRANTED.—Where an extension of time for If tax and interest payment of the amount so determined as the tax by the taxpayer, extension granted. (2) If EXTENSION GRANTED.—Where an extension of time for or any installment thereof, has been granted, and the amount the time for payment of which has been extended, and the interest thereon determined under section 295, is not paid in full prior to the expiration of the period of the extension, then, in lieu of the interest provided for in paragraph (1) of this subsection, interest at the rate of 1 per centum a month shall be collected on such unpaid amount from the date of the expiration of the period of the extension until it is paid.

(b) Deficiency.—Where a deficiency, or any interest or additional amounts assessed in connection therewith under section 292, or and demand. under section 293, or any addition to the tax in case of delinquency provided for in section 291, is not paid in full within ten days from the date of notice and demand from the collector, there shall be collected as part of the tax, interest upon the unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the date of such notice and demand until it is paid. If any part of a deficiency prorated to any unpaid installment under section 272 (i) is not paid in full on or rated installments.

Ante, p. 233. before the date prescribed for the payment of such installment, there shall be collected as part of the tax interest upon the unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month from such date until it is paid.

(c) FIDUCIARIES.—For any period an estate is held by a fiduciary Interest rate by fiduciaries. appointed by order of any court of competent jurisdiction or by will, there shall be collected interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum in lieu of the interest provided in subsections (a) and (b) of this section.

(d) FILING OF JEOPARDY BOND.—If a bond is filed, as provided Not applicable to in section 273, the provisions of subsections (b) and (c) of this jeopardy bond. section shall not apply to the amount covered by the bond.

Additions to tax in case of deficiency.

If due to negligence,

Due to fraud.

R. S., sec. 3176, p. 610.

Additions to tax in case of nonpayment.

Interest prescribed.

Post, p. 240.

Interest, if deficiency, Ante, p. 238.

Nonpayment of pro-

Interest rate payable

Time extended for payment of tax shown Interest.

Ante, p. 189.

SEC. 295. TIME EXTENDED FOR PAYMENT OF TAX SHOWN ON RETURN.

If the time for payment of the amount determined as the tax by the taxpayer, or any installment thereof, is extended under the authority of section 56 (c), there shall be collected as a part of such amount, interest thereon at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the date when such payment should have been made if no extension had been granted, until the expiration of the period of the extension.

extension.

Time extended for SEC. 296. TIME EXTENDED FOR PAYMENT OF DEFICIENCY.

Interest for period of If the time for the payment of any part of a deficiency is any

If the time for the payment of any part of a deficiency is extended, there shall be collected, as a part of the tax, interest on the part of the deficiency the time for payment of which is so extended, at the rate of 6 per centum per annum for the period of the extension, and no other interest shall be collected on such part of the deficiency for Additional, if not such period. If the part of the deficiency the time for payment of which is so extended is not paid in accordance with the terms of the extension, there shall be collected, as a part of the tax, interest on such unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month for the period from the time fixed by the terms of the extension for its payment until it is paid, and no other interest shall be collected on such unpaid amount for such period.

assessments.

Rate of, on amount collected.

Ante, p. 236.

Interest on jeopardy SEC. 297. INTEREST IN CASE OF JEOPARDY ASSESSMENTS.

In the case of the amount collected under section 273(i) there shall be collected at the same time as such amount, and as a part of the tax, interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum upon such amount from the date of the jeopardy notice and demand to the date of notice and demand under section 273(i), or, in the case of the amount collected in excess of the amount of the jeopardy Additional, if amount assessment, interest as provided in section 292. in full. included in the notice and demand from the collections. If the amount included in the notice and demand from the collector under section 273(i) is not paid in full within ten days after such notice and demand, then there shall be collected, as part of the tax, interest upon the unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month (or, for any period the estate of the taxpayer is held by a fiduciary appointed by any court of competent jurisdiction or by will, at the rate of 6 per centum per annum) from the date of such notice and demand until it is paid.

Bankruptcy and receiverships.
Interest, if not paid on demand. Ante, p. 237.

SEC. 298. BANKRUPTCY AND RECEIVERSHIPS.

If the unpaid portion of the claim allowed in a bankruptcy or receivership proceeding, as provided in section 274, is not paid in full within 10 days from the date of notice and demand from the collector, then there shall be collected as a part of such amount interest upon the unpaid portion thereof at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the date of such notice and demand until payment.

Additions to tax for, Ante, p. 217.

Removal of property. SEC. 299. REMOVAL OF PROPERTY OR DEPARTURE FROM UNITED STATES.

For additions to tax in case of leaving the United States or concealing property in such manner as to hinder collection of the tax, see section 146.

Claims against transferees and fiduciaries.

Supplement N-Claims against Transferees and Fiduciaries

Transferred assets.

Method of collection similar to deficiency collections.

SEC. 311. TRANSFERRED ASSETS.

(a) Method of Collection.—The amounts of the following liabilities shall, except as hereinafter in this section provided, be assessed, collected, and paid in the same manner and subject to the

same provisions and limitations as in the case of a deficiency in a tax imposed by this title (including the provisions in case of delinquency in payment after notice and demand, the provisions authorizing distraint and proceedings in court for collection, and the provisions prohibiting claims and suits for refunds):

(1) Transferees.—The liability, at law or in equity, of a transferee of property of a taxpayer, in respect of the tax (including interest, additional amounts, and additions to the tax provided

by law) imposed upon the taxpayer by this title.

(2) FIDUCIARIES.—The liability of a fiduciary under section 3467 of the Revised Statutes in respect of the payment of any such tax from the estate of the taxpayer.

Any such liability may be either as to the amount of tax shown on

the return or as to any deficiency in tax.

(b) Period of Limitation.—The period of limitation for assessment of any such liability of a transferee or fiduciary shall be as

(1) In the case of the liability of an initial transferee of the when initial transproperty of the taxpayer,—within one year after the expiration of the period of limitation for assessment against the taxpayer;

(2) In the case of the liability of a transferee of a transferee of the liability of a transferee of a transferee of the liable. the property of the taxpayer,—within one year after the expiration of the period of limitation for assessment against the preceding transferee, but only if within three years after the expiration of the period of limitation for assessment against the taxpayer; except that if before the expiration of the period of limitation for the assessment of the liability of the transferee, a court proceeding proceedings. for the collection of the tax or liability in respect thereof has been begun against the taxpayer or last preceding transferee, respectively,—then the period of limitation for assessment of the liability of the transferee shall expire one year after the return of execution in the court proceeding.

(3) In the case of the liability of a fiduciary,—not later than one year after the liability arises or not later than the expiration of the period for collection of the tax in respect of which such

liability arises, whichever is the later.

(c) Period for Assessment Against Taxpayer.—For the purposes of taxpayer or termiof this section, if the taxpayer is deceased, or in the case of a corpo-nated corporation. ration, has terminated its existence, the period of limitation for assessment against the taxpayer shall be the period that would be in effect had the death or termination of existence not occurred.

(d) Suspension of Running of Statute of Limitations.—The ning of statute of limitations upon the assessment of the mailed, etc. liability of a transferee or fiduciary shall, after the mailing to the transferee or fiduciary of the notice provided for in section 272(a), be suspended for the period during which the Commissioner is pro-hibited from making the assessment in respect of the liability of the transferee or fiduciary (and in any event, if a proceeding in respect Board, etc. of the liability is placed on the docket of the Board, until the decision of the Board becomes final), and for 60 days thereafter.

(e) Address for Notice of Liability.—In the absence of notice to hability. the Commissioner under section 312(b) of the existence of a fiduciary relationship, notice of liability enforceable under this section in respect of a tax imposed by this title, if mailed to the person subject to the liability at his last known address, shall be sufficient for the purposes of this title even if such person is deceased, or is under a legal disability, or, in the case of a corporation, has terminated its

existence.

INCOME TAX

Liabilities. Transferees

Fiduciaries. R. S., sec. 3467, p. 687.

Amount determined.

Limitation periods.

Transferee of trans-

Exception.

Fiduciary liable.

Ante, p. 233.

Until decision of

Post, p. 242.

"Transferee",

ship.
Liability of fiduciary
until termination of.

(f) Definition of "Transferee".—As used in this section, the de- term "transferee" includes heir, legatee, devisee, and distributee.

Fiduciary relation- SEC. 312. NOTICE OF FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP.

(a) FIDUCIARY OF TAXPAYER.—Upon notice to the Commissioner that any person is acting in a fiduciary capacity such fiduciary shall assume the powers, rights, duties, and privileges of the taxpayer in respect of a tax imposed by this title (except as otherwise specifically provided and except that the tax shall be collected from the estate of the taxpayer), until notice is given that the fiduciary capacity has terminated.

Fiduciary of transferee. Liability of. Ante, p. 240.

(b) FIDUCIARY OF TRANSFEREE.—Upon notice to the Commissioner that any person is acting in a fiduciary capacity for a person subject to the liability specified in section 311, the fiduciary shall assume, on behalf of such person, the powers, rights, duties, and privileges of such person under such section (except that the liability shall be collected from the estate of such person), until notice is given that the fiduciary capacity has terminated.

Manner of notice.

(c) Manner of Notice.—Notice under subsection (a) or (b) shall be given in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

Overpayments.

Supplement O—Overpayments

Of installment.

SEC. 321. OVERPAYMENT OF INSTALLMENT.

Credit, if installment payment exceeds cor-rect amount.

Credit or refund for amount already paid.

If the taxpayer has paid as an installment of the tax more than the amount determined to be the correct amount of such installment, the overpayment shall be credited against the unpaid installments, if any. If the amount already paid, whether or not on the basis of installments, exceeds the amount determined to be the correct amount of the tax, the overpayment shall be credited or refunded as provided in section 322.

Refunds and credits. Credit against tax then

SEC. 322. REFUNDS AND CREDITS.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Where there has been an overpayment of any tax imposed by this title, the amount of such overpayment shall be credited against any income, war-profits, or excess-profits tax or . installment thereof then due from the taxpayer, and any balance shall be refunded immediately to the taxpayer.

Limitation on allowance. Period of.

(b) LIMITATION ON ALLOWANCE.—

(1) Period of Limitation.—No such credit or refund shall be allowed or made after two years from the time the tax was paid, unless before the expiration of such period a claim therefor is filed by the taxpayer.

Amount of credit or refund limited.

(2) Limit on amount of credit or refund.—The amount of the credit or refund shall not exceed the portion of the tax paid during the two years immediately preceding the filing of the claim, or if no claim was filed, then during the two years immediately preceding the allowance of the credit or refund.

Petition to Board of Tax Appeals. Effect of. Ante, p. 233.

(c) Effect of Petition to Board.—If the Commissioner has mailed to the taxpayer a notice of deficiency under section 272(a) and if the taxpayer files a petition with the Board of Tax Appeals within the time prescribed in such subsection, no credit or refund in respect of the tax for the taxable year in respect of which the Commissioner has determined the deficiency shall be allowed or made and no suit by the taxpayer for the recovery of any part of such tax shall be instituted in any court except—

(1) As to overpayments determined by a decision of the Board which has become final; and

Exceptions. Overpayments.

(2) As to any amount collected in excess of an amount computed in accordance with the decision of the Board which has become final; and

INCOME TAX Excess collections.

(3) As to any amount collected after the period of limitation rod of limitations, reupon the beginning of distraint or a proceeding in court for collection has expired; but in any such claim for credit or refund or in any such suit for refund the decision of the Board which has become final, as to whether such period has expired before the notice of deficiency was mailed, shall be conclusive.

(d) OVERPAYMENT FOUND BY BOARD.—If the Board finds that overpayment found there is no deficiency and further finds that the taxpayer has made an overpayment of tax in respect of the taxable year in respect of which the Commissioner determined the deficiency, the Board shall have jurisdiction to determine the amount of such overpayment, and such amount shall, when the decision of the Board has become final, be credited or refunded to the taxpayer. No such credit or refund shall be made of any portion of the tax paid more than two years before the filing of the claim or the filing of the petition, whichever is earlier.

Credit or refund.

(e) Tax Withheld at Source.—For refund or credit in case of source. excessive withholding at the source, see section 143(f).

Tax withheld at Ante, p. 216.

TITLE II—ADDITIONAL ESTATE TAX

ESTATE TAX

SEC. 401. IMPOSITION OF TAX.

(a) In addition to the estate tax imposed by section 301(a) of the posed by Revenue Act Revenue Act of 1926, there is hereby imposed upon the transfer of of 1926. Vol. 44, p. 69. the net estate of every decedent dying after the enactment of this Act, whether a resident or nonresident of the United States, a tax equal to the excess of—

Computation.

(1) the amount of a tentative tax computed under subsection

(b) of this section, over

(2) the amount of the tax imposed by section 301(a) of the Revenue Act of 1926, computed without regard to the provisions of this title.

(b) The tentative tax referred to in subsection (a) (1) of this section shall equal the sum of the following percentages of the value of the net estate:

Upon net estates not in excess of \$10,000, 1 per centum.

\$100 upon net estates of \$10,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$10,000 and not in excess of \$20,000, 2 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$300 upon net estates of \$20,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$20,000 and not in excess of \$30,000, 3 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$600 upon net estates of \$30,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$30,000 and not in excess of \$40,000, 4 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,000 upon net estates of \$40,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$40,000 and not in excess of \$50,000, 5 per centum in addition of

\$1,500 upon net estates of \$50,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$50,000 and not in excess of \$100,000, 7 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$5,000 upon net estates of \$100,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$100,000 and not in excess of \$200,000, 9 per centum in addition of such excess.

Rates.

ESTATE TAX Rates-Contd

\$14,000 upon net estates of \$200,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$200,000 and not in excess of \$400,000, 11 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$36,000 upon net estates of \$400,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$400,000 and not in excess of \$600,000, 13 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$62,000 upon net estates of \$600,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$600,000 and not in excess of \$800,000, 15 per centum in addition of

\$92,000 upon net estates of \$800,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$800,000 and not in excess of \$1,000,000, 17 per centum in addition

\$126,000 upon net estates of \$1,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$1,000,000 and not in excess of \$1,500,000, 19 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$221,000 upon net estates of \$1,500,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$1,500,000 and not in excess of \$2,000,000, 21 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$326,000 upon net estates of \$2,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$2,000,000 and not in excess of \$2,500,000, 23 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$441,000 upon net estates of \$2,500,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$2,500,000 and not in excess of \$3,000,000, 25 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$566,000 upon net estates of \$3,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$3,000,000 and not in excess of \$3,500,000, 27 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$701,000 upon net estates of \$3,500,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$3,500,000 and not in excess of \$4,000,000, 29 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$846,000 upon net estates of \$4,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$4,000,000 and not in excess of \$4,500,000, 31 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,001,000 upon net estates of \$4,500,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$4,500,000 and not in excess of \$5,000,000, 33 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,166,000 upon net estates of \$5,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$5,000,000 and not in excess of \$6,000,000, 35 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,516,000 upon net estates of \$6,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$6,000,000 and not in excess of \$7,000,000, 37 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,886,000 upon net estates of \$7,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$7,000,000 and not in excess of \$8,000,000, 39 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$2,276,000 upon net estates of \$8,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$8,000,000 and not in excess of \$9,000,000, 41 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$2,686,000 upon net estates of \$9,000,000; and upon net estates in excess of \$9,000,000 and not in excess of \$10,000,000, 43 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$3,116,000 upon net estates of \$10,000,000; and upon net estates

in excess of \$10,000,000, 45 per centum in addition of such excess.

(c) For the purposes of this section the value of the net estate shall be determined as provided in Title III of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended, except that in lieu of the exemption of \$100,000 provided in section 303 (a) (4) of such Act, the exemption shall be \$50,000.

Value of net estate. Vol. 44, p. 72.

Exemption of \$50,000. Vol. 44, p. 73.

SEC. 402. CREDITS AGAINST TAX.

(a) The credit provided in section 301(c) of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended (80 per centum credit), shall not be allowed in cluded.

respect of such additional tax.

(b) (1) If a tax has been paid under Title III of this Act on a gift, and thereafter upon the death of the donor any amount in respect of such gift is required to be included in the value of the gross estate of the decedent for the purposes of this title, then there shall be credited against the tax imposed by section 401 of this Act the amount of the tax paid under such Title III with respect to so much of the property which constituted the gift as is included in the gross estate, except that the amount of such credit (A) shall not exceed an amount which bears the same ratio to the tax imposed by section 401 of this Act as the value (at the time of the gift or at the time of the death, whichever is lower) of so much of the property which constituted the gift as is included in the gross estate, bears to the value of the entire gross estate, and (B) shall not exceed the amount by which the gift tax paid under Title III of this Act with respect to so much of the property as constituted the gift as is included in the gross estate, exceeds the amount of the credit under section 301 (b) of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended by this Act.

(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), the amount of tax paid Computation of values. for any year under Title III of this Act with respect to any property shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total tax paid for such year as the value of such property bears to the total amount of net gifts (computed without deduction of the specific

exemption) for such year.

SEC. 403. ASSESSMENT, COLLECTION, AND PAYMENT OF TAX.

Except as provided in section 402, the tax imposed by section 401 of this Act shall be assessed, collected, and paid, in the same manner, and shall be subject to the same provisions of law (including penalties), as the tax imposed by section 301 (a) of the Revenue Act of 1926, except that in the case of a resident decedent a return shall be required if the value of the gross estate at the time of the decedent's death exceeds \$50,000.

TITLE III—GIFT TAX

SEC. 501. IMPOSITION OF TAX.

(a) For the calendar year 1932 and each calendar year thereafter a tax, computed as provided in section 502, shall be imposed upon the atter. transfer during such calendar year by any individual, resident or

nonresident, of property by gift.

(b) The tax shall apply whether the transfer is in trust or otherwise, whether the gift is direct or indirect, and whether the property is real or personal, tangible or intangible; but, in the case of a nonresident not a citizen of the United States, shall apply to a transfer only if the property is situated within the United States. The tax shall not apply to a transfer made on or before the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) The tax shall not apply to a transfer of property in trust transfers in trust. where the power to revest in the donor title to such property is vested in the donor, either alone or in conjunction with any person not having a substantial adverse interest in the disposition of such property or the income therefrom, but the relinquishment or termina-sidered a transfer. tion of such power (other than by the donor's death) shall be considered to be a transfer by the donor by gift of the property subject to such power, and any payment of the income therefrom

ESTATE TAX

Credits against tax. State death taxes ex-Post, p. 278.

Deduction of certain gift taxes allowed.

Limitation

Maximum credit.

Assessment, colletion, and payment.
Same as estate tax. collec-

Vol. 44, p. 69.

GIFT TAX

Imposition of.

Transfers for calendar year 1932 and there-

Application of tax.

Nonresidents.

Not retroactive.

Relinquishment con-

GIFT TAXES

to a beneficiary other than the donor shall be considered to be a transfer by the donor of such income by gift.

Computation.

SEC. 502. COMPUTATION OF TAX.

The tax for each calendar year shall be an amount equal to the excess of—

Amounts.

- (1) a tax, computed in accordance with the Rate Schedule hereinafter set forth, on the aggregate sum of the net gifts for such calendar year and for each of the preceding calendar years, over
- (2) a tax, computed in accordance with the Rate Schedule, on the aggregate sum of the net gifts for each of the preceding calendar years.

Rate schedule.

GIFT TAX RATE SCHEDULE

Upon net gifts not in excess of \$10,000, three-fourths of 1 per centum.

\$75 upon net gifts of \$10,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$10,000 and not in excess of \$20,000, 1½ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$225 upon net gifts of \$20,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$20,000 and not in excess of \$30,000, 21/4 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$450 upon net gifts of \$30,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$30,000 and not in excess of \$40,000, 3 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$750 upon net gifts of \$40,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$40,000 and not in excess of \$50,000, 33/4 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,125 upon net gifts of \$50,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$50,000 and not in excess of \$100,000, 5 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$3,625 upon net gifts of \$100,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$100,000 and not in excess of \$200,000, $6\frac{1}{2}$ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$10,125 upon net gifts of \$200,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$200,000 and not in excess of \$400,000, 8 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$26,125 upon net gifts of \$400,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$400,000 and not in excess of \$600,000, 9½ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$45,125 upon net gifts of \$600,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$600,000 and not in excess of \$800,000, 11 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$67,125 upon net gifts of \$800,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$800,000 and not in excess of \$1,000,000, 12½ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$92,125 upon net gifts of \$1,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$1,000,000 and not in excess of \$1,500,000, 14 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$162,125 upon net gifts of \$1,500,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$1,500,000 and not in excess of \$2,000,000, $15\frac{1}{2}$ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$239,625 upon net gifts of \$2,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$2,000,000 and not in excess of \$2,500,000, 17 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$324,625 upon net gifts of \$2,500,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$2,500,000 and not in excess of \$3,000,000, 18½ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$417,125 upon net gifts of \$3,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$3,000,000 and not in excess of \$3,500,000, 20 per centum in addition of such excess.

GIFT TAXES Rate schedule - Con.

\$517,125 upon net gifts of \$3,500,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$3,500,000 and not in excess of \$4,000,000, 21½ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$624,625 upon net gifts of \$4,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$4,000,000 and not in excess of \$4,500,000, 23 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$739,625 upon net gifts of \$4,500,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$4,500,000 and not in excess of \$5,000,000, 24½ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$862,125 upon net gifts of \$5,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$5,000,000 and not in excess of \$6,000,000, 26 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,122,125 upon net gifts of \$6,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$6,000,000 and not in excess of \$7,000,000, 27½ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,397,125 upon net gifts of \$7,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$7,000,000 and not in excess of \$8,000,000, 29 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,687,125 upon net gifts of \$8,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$8,000,000 and not in excess of \$9,000,000, 30½ per centum in addition of such excess.

\$1,992,125 upon net gifts of \$9,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$9,000,000 and not in excess of \$10,000,000, 32 per centum in addition of such excess.

\$2,312,125 upon net gifts of \$10,000,000; and upon net gifts in excess of \$10,000,000, 33½ per centum in addition of such excess.

SEC. 503. TRANSFER FOR LESS THAN ADEQUATE AND FULL CON-SIDERATION.

Where property is transferred for less than an adequate and full deemed a gift, consideration in money or money's worth, then the amount by which the value of the property exceeded the value of the consideration shall, for the purpose of the tax imposed by this title, be deemed a gift, and shall be included in computing the amount of gifts made during the calendar year.

SEC. 504. NET GIFTS.

(a) GENERAL DEFINITION.—The term "net gifts" means the total amount of gifts made during the calendar year, less the deductions provided in section 505.

(b) GIFTS LESS THAN \$5,000.—In the case of gifts (other than of future interests in property) made to any person by the donor during the calendar year, the first \$5,000 of such gifts to such person shall not, for the purposes of subsection (a), be included in the total amount of gifts made during such year.

SEC. 505. DEDUCTIONS.

In computing net gifts for any calendar year there shall be allowed as deductions:

(a) Residents.—In the case of a citizen or resident—

(1) Specific exemption.—An exemption of \$50,000, less the ing calendar years. aggregate of the amounts claimed and allowed as specific exemption for preceding calendar years.

(2) CHARITABLE, ETC., GIFTS.—The amount of all gifts made

during such year to or for the use of-(A) the United States, any State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, for exclusively public purposes;

Transfer for less than adequate, etc., consideration.

Excess in value

Computation of.

Net gifts. Definition.

Gifts less than \$5,000. Future interests.

Deductions.

Citizen or resident.

Allowance for preced-

Charitable, etc., gifts.

For public purposes.

GIFT TAXES

Corporation, community chest, etc., for religious, etc., purposes.

War veteran posts,

Vocational rehabilitation fund. Vol. 43, p. 611. Nonresident aliens. Deductions.

For public purposes.

Domestic corporation, for religious, charitable, etc., purposes.

Community chest funds, etc.

Restriction.

Fraternal societies,

Restriction.

War veteran organizations, etc.

Restriction.

Vocational rehabilitation fund.

Allowances restrict-

erty.
Value of, to be considered.

Returns.

Sworn statements in duplicate to be made.

(B) a corporation, or trust, or community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, including the encouragement of art and the prevention of cruelty to children or animals; no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;

(C) a fraternal society, order, or association, operating under the lodge system, but only if such gifts are to be used exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, including the encouragement of art and the prevention

of cruelty to children or animals;

(D) posts or organizations of war veterans, or auxiliary units or societies of any such posts or organizations, if such posts, organizations, units, or societies are organized in the United States or any of its possessions, and if no part of their net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;

(E) the special fund for vocational rehabilitation authorized

by section 12 of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924.

(b) Nonresidents.—In the case of a nonresident not a citizen of the United States, the amount of all gifts made during such year to or for the use of—

(1) the United States, any State, Territory, or any political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, for exclusively

public purposes;

(2) a domestic corporation organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, including the encouragement of art and the prevention of cruelty to children or animals; no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;

(3) a trust, or community chest, fund, or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, including the encouragement of art and the prevention of cruelty to children or animals; but only if such gifts are to be used within the United States exclusively for such purposes:

(4) a fraternal society, order, or association, operating under the lodge system, but only if such gifts are to be used within the United States exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, including the encouragement of art

and the prevention of cruelty to children or animals;

(5) posts or organizations of war veterans, or auxiliary units or societies of any such posts or organizations, if such posts, organizations, units, or societies are organized in the United States or any of its possessions, and if no part of their net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual;

(6) the special fund for vocational rehabilitation authorized by

section 12 of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924.

(c) The deductions provided in subsection (a) (2) or (b) shall be allowed only to the extent that the gifts therein specified are included in the amount of gifts against which such deductions are applied.

Gifts made in prop- SEC. 506. GIFTS MADE IN PROPERTY.

If the gift is made in property, the value thereof at the date of the gift shall be considered the amount of the gift.

SEC. 507. RETURNS.

(a) REQUIREMENT.—Any individual who within the calendar year 1932 or any calendar year thereafter makes any transfers by gift

(except those which under section 504 are not to be included in the total amount of gifts for such year) shall make a return under oath in duplicate. The return shall set forth (1) each gift made during the calendar year which under section 504 is to be included in computing net gifts; (2) the deductions claimed and allowable under section 505; (3) the net gifts for each of the preceding calendar ing years. years; and (4) such further information as may be required by quired. regulations made pursuant to law.

The return shall be filed on or filing. (b) TIME AND PLACE FOR FILING. before the 15th day of March following the close of the calendar year with the collector for the district in which is located the legal residence of the donor, or if he has no legal residence in the United States, then (unless the Commissioner designates another district)

with the collector at Baltimore, Maryland.

SEC, 508. RECORDS AND SPECIAL RETURNS.

(a) By Donor.—Every person liable to any tax imposed by this title or for the collection thereof, shall keep such records, render under oath such statements, make such returns, and comply with such rules and regulations, as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may from time to time prescribe.

(b) To Determine Liability to Tax.—Whenever in the judgment of the Commissioner necessary he may require any person, by notice require turns, served upon him, to make a return, render under oath such statements, or keep such records, as the Commissioner deems sufficient to show whether or not such person is liable to tax under this title.

SEC. 509. PAYMENT OF TAX.

(a) TIME OF PAYMENT.—The tax imposed by this title shall be paid by the donor on or before the 15th day of March following the

close of the calendar year.

(b) Extension of Time for Payment.—At the request of the donor, the Commissioner may extend the time for payment of the amount determined as the tax by the donor, for a period not to exceed six months from the date prescribed for the payment of the tax. In such case the amount in respect of which the extension is granted shall be paid on or before the date of the expiration of the period of the extension.

(c) VOLUNTARY ADVANCE PAYMENT.—A tax imposed by this title, payment. may be paid, at the election of the donor, prior to the date prescribed

(d) Fractional Parts of Cent.—In the payment of any tax under this title a fractional part of a cent shall be disregarded unless it amounts to one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be increased to 1 cent.

(e) Receipts.—The collector to whom any payment of any gift tax is made shall, upon request, grant to the person making such payment a receipt therefor.

SEC. 510. LIEN FOR TAX.

The tax imposed by this title shall be a lien upon all gifts made during the calendar year, for ten years from the time the gifts are made. If the tax is not paid when due, the donee of any gift shall be personally liable for such tax to the extent of the value of such gift. Any part of the property comprised in the gift sold by the of sale, donee to a bona fide purchaser for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth shall be divested of the lien herein imposed and the lien, to the extent of the value of such gift, shall attach to all the property of the donee (including after-acquired property) except any part sold to a bona fide purchaser for an

GIFT TAXES Ante, p. 247.

Computing net gifts.

Deductions allowed. Net gifts for preced-

Time and place for

Records and special returns. By donor.

Liability to tax. Any person may be required to make re-

Payment of tax. Date when due.

Extension of time.

Voluntary advance

Fractions of cent.

Collector's receipts.

Lien for tax. Effect of.

Donee's liability.

Attachment in event

GIFT TAXES Discretionary release.

adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth. If the Commissioner is satisfied that the tax liability has been fully discharged or provided for, he may, under regulations prescribed by him with the approval of the Secretary, issue his certificate, releasing any or all of the property from the lien herein imposed.

and tax.

Correctness of return SEC. 511. EXAMINATION OF RETURN AND DETERMINATION OF

Determination, etc.

As soon as practicable after the return is filed the Commissioner shall examine it and shall determine the correct amount of the tax. SEC. 512. DEFINITION OF DEFICIENCY.

Deficiency. Definition.

As used in this title in respect of the tax imposed by this title the term "deficiency" means-

Difference between tax imposed and that shown on return.

(1) The amount by which the tax imposed by this title exceeds the amount shown as the tax by the donor upon his return; but the amount so shown on the return shall first be increased by the amounts previously assessed (or collected without assessment) as a deficiency, and decreased by the amounts previously abated,

Adjustment of previ-

refunded, or otherwise repaid in respect of such tax; or

If no tax shown or return made.

(2) If no amount is shown as the tax by the donor upon his return, or if no return is made by the donor, then the amount by which the tax exceeds the amounts previously assessed (or collected without assessment) as a deficiency; but such amounts previously assessed, or collected without assessment, shall first be decreased by the amounts previously abated, refunded, or otherwise repaid in respect of such tax.

Assessment and col-lection of deficiency. Notice to donor.

SEC. 513. ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION OF DEFICIENCIES.

Petition by donor to Board of Tax Appeals.

(a) Petition to Board of Tax Appeals.—If the Commissioner determines that there is a deficiency in respect of the tax imposed by this title, the Commissioner is authorized to send notice of such deficiency to the donor by registered mail. Within 60 days after such notice is mailed (not counting Sunday as the sixtieth day), the donor may file a petition with the Board of Tax Appeals for a redetermination of the deficiency. No assessment of a deficiency in respect of the tax imposed by this title and no distraint or proceeding in court for its collection shall be made, begun, or prosecuted until such notice has been mailed to the donor, nor until the expiration of such 60-day period, nor, if a petition has been filed with the Board, until the decision of the Board has become final. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3224 of the Revised Stat-R.S., sec. 3224, p. 619, utes the making of such assessment or the beginning of such proceeding or distraint during the time such prohibition is in force may be enjoined by a proceeding in the proper court.

Restriction on court proceeding.

> For exceptions to the restrictions imposed by this subsection see-(1) Subsection (d) of this section, relating to waivers by the donor;

(2) Subsection (f) of this section, relating to notifications of mathematical errors appearing upon the face of the return;

Post, p. 251.

Exceptions.

(3) Section 514, relating to jeopardy assessments;

Post, p. 251.

(4) Section 516, relating to bankruptcy and receiverships; and (5) Section 1001 of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended,

Post, p. 252. Post, p. 253.

relating to assessment or collection of the amount of the deficiency

Vol. 44, p. 109.

determined by the Board pending court review.

Collection of defi-ciency found by Board.

(b) Collection of Deficiency Found by Board.—If the donor files a petition with the Board, the entire amount redetermined as the deficiency by the decision of the Board which has become final shall be assessed and shall be paid upon notice and demand from the collector. No part of the amount determined as a deficiency by the Commissioner but disallowed as such by the decision of the Board

which has become final shall be assessed or be collected by distraint

or by proceeding in court with or without assessment.

(c) FAILURE TO FILE PETITION.—If the donor does not file a petition. tion with the Board within the time prescribed in subsection (a) the deficiency, notice of which has been mailed to the donor, shall be assessed, and shall be paid upon notice and demand from the collector.

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(d) Waiver of Restrictions.—The donor shall at any time have waiver of restrictions. the right, by a signed notice in writing filed with the Commissioner, to waive the restrictions provided in subsection (a) on the assessment

and collection of the whole or any part of the deficiency.

(e) INCREASE OF DEFICIENCY AFTER NOTICE MAILED.—The Board after notice mailed. shall have jurisdiction to redetermine the correct amount of the deficiency even if the amount so redetermined is greater than the amount of the deficiency, notice of which has been mailed to the redetermine correct donor, and to determine whether any additional amount or addition to the tax should be assessed, if claim therefor is asserted by the Commissioner at or before the hearing or a rehearing.

Board authorized to

(f) FURTHER DEFICIENCY LETTERS RESTRICTED.—If the Commissioner has mailed to the donor notice of a deficiency as provided in subsection (a) of this section, and the donor files a petition with the Board within the time prescribed in such subsection, the Commissioner shall have no right to determine any additional deficiency in respect of the same calendar year, except in the case of fraud, and except as provided in subsection (e) of this section, relating to assertion of greater deficiencies before the Board, or in section 514(c), relating to the making of jeopardy assessments. If the ments Post donor is notified that, on account of a mathematical error appearing upon the face of the return, an amount of tax in excess of that shown upon the return is due, and that an assessment of the tax has been or will be made on the basis of what would have been the correct amount of tax but for the mathematical error, such notice shall not be considered (for the purposes of this subsection, or of subsection (a) of this section, prohibiting assessment and collection until notice of deficiency has been mailed, or of section 528(c), prohibiting credits or refunds after petition to the Board of Tax Appeals) as a notice of a deficiency, and the donor shall have no right to file a petition with the Board based on such notice, nor shall such assessment or collection be prohibited by the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

Further notices re-stricted.

Jeopardy assess-Post, p. 252. Mathematical error.

Post, p. 258.

(g) JURISDICTION OVER OTHER CALENDAR YEARS.—The Board in other calendar years. redetermining a deficiency in respect of any calendar year shall consider such facts with relation to the taxes for other calendar years as may be necessary correctly to redetermine the amount of such deficiency, but in so doing shall have no jurisdiction to determine whether or not the tax for any other calendar year has been overpaid or underpaid.

Jurisdiction over

(h) Final Decisions of Board.—For the purposes of this title the date on which a decision of the Board becomes final shall be determined according to the provisions of section 1005 of the Revenue Act of 1926.

Decisions of Board. Final date. Vol. 44, p. 110.

(i) Extension of Time for Payment of Deficiencies.—Where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the payment ciencies. of a deficiency upon the date prescribed for the payment thereof will result in undue hardship to the donor the Commissioner, with hardship. the approval of the Secretary (except where the deficiency is due to negligence, to intentional disregard of rules and regulations, or to fraud with intent to evade tax), may grant an extension for the payment of such deficiency or any part thereof for a period not in

Time extended for

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Bond required.

excess of eighteen months, and, in exceptional cases, for a further period not in excess of twelve months. If an extension is granted, the Commissioner may require the donor to furnish a bond in such amount, not exceeding double the amount of the deficiency, and with such sureties, as the Commissioner deems necessary, conditioned upon the payment of the deficiency in accordance with the terms of the extension.

Notice to last known address.

Post, p. 257.

(j) Address for Notice of Deficiency.—In the absence of notice to the Commissioner under section 527(a) of the existence of a fiduciary relationship, notice of a deficiency in respect of a tax imposed by this title, if mailed to the donor at his last known address, shall be sufficient for the purposes of this title even if such donor is deceased, or is under a legal disability.

Jeopardy assess-

Immediately assessed if collection jeopardized by delay.

SEC. 514. JEOPARDY ASSESSMENTS.

(a) AUTHORITY FOR MAKING.—If the Commissioner believes that the assessment or collection of a deficiency will be jeopardized by delay, he shall immediately assess such deficiency (together with all interest, additional amounts, or additions to the tax provided for by law) and notice and demand shall be made by the collector for the payment thereof.

Deficiency letters. Notice to be mailed.

(b) Deficiency Letters.—If the jeopardy assessment is made before any notice in respect of the tax to which the jeopardy assessment relates has been mailed under section 513(a), then the Commissioner shall mail a notice under such subsection within 60 days after the making of the assessment.

Amount assessable before Board's decision.

(c) Amount Assessable Before Decision of Board.—The jeopardy assessment may be made in respect of a deficiency greater or less than that notice of which has been mailed to the donor, despite the provisions of section 513(f) prohibiting the determination of additional deficiencies, and whether or not the donor has theretofore filed a petition with the Board of Tax Appeals. The Commissioner shall notify the Board of the amount of such assessment, if the petition is filed with the Board before the making of the assessment or is subsequently filed, and the Board shall have jurisdiction to redetermine the entire amount of the deficiency and of all amounts assessed at the same time in connection therewith.

Redetermination.

(d) Amount Assessable After Decision of Board.—If the jeopardy assessment is made after the decision of the Board is rendered such assessment may be made only in respect of the deficiency determined by the Board in its decision.

Amount assessable after decision of Board.

(e) Expiration of Right to Assess.—A jeopardy assessment may not be made after the decision of the Board has become final or after the donor has filed a petition for review of the decision of the Board.

Not allowed after final decision, etc.

Bond to stay collec-

(f) Bond to Stay Collection.—When a jeopardy assessment has been made the donor, within 10 days after notice and demand from the collector for the payment of the amount of the assessment, may obtain a stay of collection of the whole or any part of the amount of the assessment by filing with the collector a bond in such amount, not exceeding double the amount as to which the stay is desired, and with such sureties, as the collector deems necessary, conditioned upon the payment of so much of the amount, the collection of which is stayed by the bond, as is not abated by a decision of the Board which has become final, together with interest thereon as provided in section 523 or 524(b) (4).

Conditions.

Post, p. 255.

Further conditions, if bond given before filing petition.

(g) Same—Further Conditions.—If the bond is given before the donor has filed his petition with the Board under section 513 (a), the bond shall contain a further condition that if a petition is not filed within the period provided in such subsection, then the amount the

collection of which is stayed by the bond will be paid on notice and demand at any time after the expiration of such period, together with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the date of the jeopardy notice and demand to the date of notice and

demand under this subsection.

(h) Waiver of Stay.—Upon the filing of the bond the collection over part covered by of so much of the amount assessed as is covered by the bond shall be bon stayed. The donor shall have the right to waive such stay at any stay, etc. time in respect of the whole or any part of the amount covered by the bond, and if as a result of such waiver any part of the amount covered by the bond is paid, then the bond shall, at the request of the donor, be proportionately reduced. If the Board determines that the amount assessed is greater than the amount which should have been assessed, then when the decision of the Board is rendered the bond shall, at the request of the donor, be proportionately

reduced.

(i) Collection of Unpaid Amounts.—When the petition has been amounts filed with the Board and when the amount which should have been when decision of the Board which become fiassessed has been determined by a decision of the Board which nat. has become final, then any unpaid portion, the collection of which has been stayed by the bond, shall be collected as part of the tax upon notice and demand from the collector, and any remaining portion of the assessment shall be abated. If the amount already collected exceeds the amount determined as the amount which should have been assessed, such excess shall be credited or refunded as provided in section 528, without the filing of claim therefor. If the amount determined as the amount which should have been assessment. assessed is greater than the amount actually assessed, then the difference shall be assessed and shall be collected as part of the tax upon notice and demand from the collector.

SEC. 515. CLAIMS IN ABATEMENT.

No claim in abatement shall be filed in respect of any assessment in respect of any tax imposed by this title.

SEC. 516. BANKRUPTCY AND RECEIVERSHIPS.

(a) IMMEDIATE ASSESSMENT.—Upon the adjudication of bank- ment of deficiency. ruptcy of any donor in any bankruptcy proceeding or the appointment of a receiver for any donor in any receivership proceeding before any court of the United States or of any State or Territory or of the District of Columbia, any deficiency (together with all interest, additional amounts, or additions to the tax provided for by law) determined by the Commissioner in respect of a tax imposed by this title upon such donor shall, despite the restrictions imposed by section 513(a) upon assessments be immediately assessed if such deficiency has not theretofore been assessed in accordance with law. Claims for the deficiency and such interest, additional amounts and additions to the tax may be presented, for adjudication in accordance claim. with law, to the court before which the bankruptcy or receivership proceeding is pending, despite the pendency of proceedings for the redetermination of the deficiency in pursuance of a petition to the Board; but no petition for any such redetermination shall be filed with the Board after the adjudication of bankruptcy or the appointment of the receiver.

(b) Unpaid Claims.—Any portion of the claim allowed in such Unpaid claims bankruptcy or receivership proceeding which is unpaid shall be allowed in court propaid by the donor upon notice and demand from the collector after ceedings. the termination of such proceeding, and may be collected by distraint or proceeding in court within six years after termination of such proceeding. Extensions of time for such payment may be had in

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Credit or refund.

Post, p. 258. Collection of greater

Claims in abatement. Prohibition on filing.

Bankruptcy and re-

Time extensions.

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the same manner and subject to the same provisions and limitations as are provided in sections 513(i), 521(b), and 524(b)(3) in the case of a deficiency in a tax imposed by this title.

Period of limitation upon assessment and collection.

Assessment within three years.

SEC. 517. PERIOD OF LIMITATION UPON ASSESSMENT AND COL-LECTION.

(a) General Rule.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the amount of taxes imposed by this title shall be assessed within three years after the return was filed, and no proceeding in court without assessment for the collection of such taxes shall be begun after the expiration of three years after the return was filed.

(b) Exceptions-

(1) False return or no return.—In the case of a false or fraudulent return with intent to evade tax or of a failure to file a return the tax may be assessed, or a proceeding in court for the collection of such tax may be begun without assessment, at any

(2) Collection after assessment.—Where the assessment of any tax imposed by this title has been made within the statutory period of limitation properly applicable thereto, such tax may be collected by distraint or by a proceeding in court, but only if begun (1) within six years after the assessment of the tax, or (2) prior to the expiration of any period for collection agreed upon in writing by the Commissioner and the donor.

Collection after assessment.

False return or no

By distraint.

Exceptions.

return.

Within six years. Or prior to expiration of collection period.

Period of.

Ante, p. 250.

of Board.

return.

Additional tax imposed. If failure not willful neglect.

Manner of collection.

In lieu of former levy. R. S., sec. 3176, p. 610. U. S. C., 731.

Tax in case of deficiencies.
Additions to, in case
of negligence, etc.

Rate.

Suspension of run- SEC. 518. SUSPENSION OF RUNNING OF STATUTE.

The running of the statute of limitations provided in section 517 on the making of assessments and the beginning of distraint or a proceeding in court for collection, in respect of any deficiency, shall (after the mailing of a notice under section 513 (a)) be suspended for the period during which the Commissioner is prohibited from making the assessment or beginning distraint or a proceeding in court (and in any event, if a proceeding in respect of the deficiency Until final decision is placed on the docket of the Board, until the decision of the Board becomes final), and for 60 days thereafter.

Additions to tax in SEC. 519. ADDITIONS TO THE TAX IN CASE OF FAILURE TO FILE RETURN.

In case of any failure to make and file a return required by this title, within the time prescribed by law or prescribed by the Commissioner in pursuance of law, 25 per centum of the tax shall be added to the tax, except that when a return is filed after such time and it is shown that the failure to file it was due to reasonable cause and not due to willful neglect no such addition shall be made to the tax. The amount so added to any tax shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the neglect, in which case the amount so added shall be collected in the same manner as The amount added to the tax under this section shall be in lieu of the 25 per centum addition to the tax provided in section 3176 of the Revised Statutes, as amended.

SEC. 520. ADDITIONS TO THE TAX IN CASE OF DEFICIENCY.

(a) NEGLIGENCE.—If any part of any deficiency is due to negligence, or intentional disregard of rules and regulations but without intent to defraud, 5 per centum of the total amount of the deficiency (in addition to such deficiency) shall be assessed, collected, and paid in the same manner as if it were a deficiency, except that the provisions of section 522, relating to interest on deficiencies, shall not be applicable.

(b) FRAUD.—If any part of any deficiency is due to fraud with intent to evade tax, then 50 per centum of the total amount of the deficiency (in addition to such deficiency) shall be so assessed, collected, and paid, in lieu of the 50 per centum addition to the tax provided in section 3176 of the Revised Statutes, as amended.

SEC. 521. INTEREST ON EXTENDED PAYMENTS.

- (a) Tax Shown on Return.—If the time for payment of the amount determined as the tax by the donor is extended under the authority of section 509 (b), there shall be collected as a part of such amount, interest thereon at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the date when such payment should have been made if no extension had been granted, until the expiration of the period of the extension.
- (b) Deficiency.—In case an extension for the payment of a on extended defi-ficiency is granted, as provided in section 513 (i), there shall be Ante, p. 251. deficiency is granted, as provided in section 513 (i), there shall be collected, as a part of the tax, interest on the part of the deficiency the time for payment of which is so extended, at the rate of 6 per centum per annum for the period of the extension, and no other interest shall be collected on such part of the deficiency for such period.

SEC. 522. INTEREST ON DEFICIENCIES.

Interest upon the amount determined as a deficiency shall be assessed at the same time as the deficiency, shall be paid upon notice lections, etc. and demand from the collector, and shall be collected as a part of the tax, at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the due date of the tax to the date the deficiency is assessed, or, in the case of a waiver under section 513 (d), to the thirtieth day after the filing of such waiver or to the date the deficiency is assessed whichever is the earlier.

SEC. 523. INTEREST ON JEOPARDY ASSESSMENTS.

In the case of the amount collected under section 514 (f) there shall be collected at the same time as such amount, and as a part of the tax, interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum upon such amount from the date of the jeopardy notice and demand to the date of notice and demand under section 514 (i), or, in the case of the amount collected in excess of the amount of the jeopardy assessment, interest as provided in section 522.

SEC. 524. ADDITIONS TO THE TAX IN CASE OF NONPAYMENT.

(a) Tax Shown on Return—

(1) PAYMENT NOT EXTENDED.—Where the amount determined when payment not by the donor as the tax imposed by this title, or any part of such extended. amount, is not paid on the due date of the tax, there shall be collected as a part of the tax, interest upon such unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the due date until it is paid.

(2) PAYMENT EXTENDED.—Where an extension of time for payment of the amount so determined as the tax by the donor has been granted, and the amount the time for payment of which has been extended, and the interest thereon determined under section 521(a), is not paid in full prior to the expiration of the period of the extension, then, in lieu of the interest provided for in paragraph (1) of this subsection, interest at the rate of 1 per centum a month shall be collected on such unpaid amount from the date of the expiration of the period of the extension until it is paid.

(b) Deficiency-(1) PAYMENT NOT EXTENDED.—Where a deficiency, or any interest assessed in connection therewith under section 522, or any addition to the tax provided for in section 3176 of the Revised

GIFT TAXES Due to fraud.

R. S., sec. 3176, p. 610. U. S. C., p. 731.

Interest on extended payments.

Tax on return. Ante, p. 249.

Interest on defi-Determination, col-

Interest on jeopardy assessments Ante, p. 252.

Additional taxes if nonpayment.

When payment ex-

Deficiency.

Payment not ex-

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Filing of jeopardy bond.

Payment extended.

Unpaid jeopardy assessment stayed by bond.

Interest in case of bankruptey and receiverships. Ante, p. 250.

Penalties.

For willful failure to pay tax, make returns, etc.

Willful evasion a felony.

Punishment for.

Transferred assets.

Method of collection.

Statutes, is not paid in full within 10 days from the date of notice and demand from the collector, there shall be collected as part of the tax, interest upon the unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the date of such notice and demand until it is paid.

(2) FILING OF JEOPARDY BOND.—If a bond is filed, as provided in section 514, the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection

shall not apply to the amount covered by the bond.

(3) Payment extended.—If the part of the deficiency the time for payment of which is extended as provided in section 513(i) is not paid in accordance with the terms of the extension, there shall be collected, as a part of the tax, interest on such unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month for the period from the time fixed by the terms of the extension for its payment until it is paid, and no other interest shall be collected on such unpaid amount for such period.

(4) JEOPARDY ASSESSMENT—PAYMENT STAYED BY BOND.—If the amount included in the notice and demand from the collector under section 514(i) is not paid in full within 10 days after such notice and demand, then there shall be collected, as part of the tax, interest upon the unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the date of such notice and demand until it is paid.

(5) Interest in case of bankruptcy and receiverships.—If the unpaid portion of the claim allowed in a bankruptcy or receivership proceeding, as provided in section 516, is not paid in full within 10 days from the date of notice and demand from the collector, then there shall be collected as a part of such amount interest upon the unpaid portion thereof at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the date of such notice and demand until payment.

SEC. 525. PENALTIES.

(a) Any person required under this title to pay any tax, or required by law or regulations made under authority thereof to make a return, keep any records, or supply any information, for the purposes of the computation, assessment, or collection of any tax imposed by this title, who willfully fails to pay such tax, make such return, keep such records, or supply such information, at the time or times required by law or regulations, shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both, together with the costs of prosecution.

(b) Any person who willfully attempts in any manner to evade or defeat any tax imposed by this title or the payment thereof, shall, in addition to other penalties provided by law, be guilty of a felony and, on conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$10,000, or imprisoned for not more than five years, or both, together with the

costs of prosecution.

SEC. 526. TRANSFERRED ASSETS.

(a) METHOD OF COLLECTION.—The amounts of the following liabilities shall, except as hereinafter in this section provided, be assessed, collected, and paid in the same manner and subject to the same provisions and limitations as in the case of a deficiency in the tax imposed by this title (including the provisions in case of delinquency in payment after notice and demand, the provisions authorizing distraint and proceedings in court for collection, and the provisions prohibiting claims and suits for refunds):

(1) Transferees.—The liability, at law or in equity, of a transferee of property of a donor, in respect of the tax (including interest, additional amounts, and additions to the tax provided by donor. law) imposed by this title.

(2) FIDUCIARIES.—The liability of a fiduciary under section 3467 of the Revised Statutes [U. Š. C., title 31, sec. 192] in respect U. S. C., p. 987; of the payment of any such tax from the estate of the donor.

Any such liability may be either as to the amount of tax shown on the return or as to any deficiency in tax.

(b) Period of Limitation.—The period of limitation for assessment of any such liability of a transferee or fiduciary shall be as follows:

(1) Within one year after the expiration of the period of limita-

tion for assessment against the donor.

(2) If a court proceeding against the donor for the collection of the tax has been begun within the period provided in paragraph (1),—then within one year after return of execution in such

proceeding.

(c) Period for Assessment Against Donor.—For the purposes of this section, if the donor is deceased, the period of limitation for against donor. assessment against the donor shall be the period that would be in effect had the death not occurred.

(d) Suspension of Running of Statute of Limitations.—The suspension of runrunning of the statute of limitations upon the assessment of the tations. running of the statute of militations appear to the mailing of the After notice liability of a transferee or fiduciary shall, after the mailing of the etc.

Ante, p. 250. notice under section 513(a) to the transferee or fiduciary, be suspended for the period during which the Commissioner is prohibited from making the assessment in respect of the liability of the transferee or fiduciary (and in any event, if a proceeding in respect of the liability is placed on the docket of the Board, until the decision of the Board becomes final), and for 60 days thereafter.

(e) Prohibition of Suits to Restrain Enforcement of Liability Prohibition of suits of Transferee or Fiduciary.—No suit shall be maintained in any of liability of transferee court for the purpose of restraining the assessment or collection of or fiduciary. (1) the amount of the liability, at law or in equity, of a transferee of property of a donor in respect of any gift tax, or (2) the amount of the liability of a fiduciary under section 3467 of the Revised U.S. C., p. 687. Statutes [U. S. C., title 31, sec. 192] in respect of any such tax.

(f) DEFINITION OF "TRANSFEREE".—As used in this section, the fined. term "transferee" includes donee, heir, legatee, devisee, and

(g) Address for Notice of Liability.—In the absence of notice liability. to the Commissioner under section 527(b) of the existence of a fiduciary relationship, notice of liability enforceable under this section in respect of a tax imposed by this title, if mailed to the person subject to the liability at his last known address, shall be sufficient for the purposes of this title even if such person is deceased, or is under a legal disability, or, in the case of a corporation, has terminated its existence.

SEC. 527. NOTICE OF FIDUCIARY RELATIONSHIP.

(a) FIDUCIARY OF DONOR.—Upon notice to the Commissioner that any person is acting in a fiduciary capacity such fiduciary shall assume the powers, rights, duties, and privileges of the donor in respect of a tax imposed by this title (except as otherwise specifically provided and except that the tax shall be collected from the estate of the donor), until notice is given that the fiduciary capacity has terminated.

GIFT TAXES

Liability of transferees of property of a

Of a fiduciary.

Period of limitation.

Period for assessment.

If deceased.

After notice mailed,

"Transferee" de-

Notice of fiduciary relationship. Effect of.

GIFT TAXES

Commissioner.

(b) FIDUCIARY OF TRANSFEREE.—Upon notice to the Commissioner Fiduciary of trans- that any person is acting in a fiduciary capacity for a person subject ferce. Effect of notice to to the liability specified in section 526, the fiduciary shall assume, on behalf of such person, the powers, rights, duties, and privileges of such person under such section (except that the liability shall be collected from the estate of such person), until notice is given that the fiduciary capacity has terminated.

Manner of notice.

(c) Manner of Notice.—Notice under subsection (a) or (b) shall be given in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

Refunds and credits. SEC. 528. REFUNDS AND CREDITS. Gift tax.

ance. Limitation on allowance. Period.

Credit or refund.

Effect of taxpayer's petition to Board. Ante, p. 250.

Exception. Overpayments.

Excess collections.

After collection period expired

Findings by Board.

Credit or refund.

(a) AUTHORIZATION.—Where there has been an overpayment of Overpayments, cred- any tax imposed by this title, the amount of such overpayment shall be credited against any gift tax then due from the taxpayer, and Refund of any bal- any balance shall be refunded immediately to the taxpayer.

(b) LIMITATION ON ALLOWANCE-

(1) Period of Limitation.—No such credit or refund shall be allowed or made after three years from the time the tax was paid, unless before the expiration of such period a claim therefor is filed by the taxpayer.

(2) Limit on amount of credit or refund.—The amount of the credit or refund shall not exceed the portion of the tax paid during the three years immediately preceding the filing of the claim, or if no claim was filed, then during the three years immediately preceding the allowance of the credit or refund.

(c) Effect of Petition to Board.—If the Commissioner has mailed to the taxpayer a notice of deficiency under section 513(a) and if the taxpayer files a petition with the Board of Tax Appeals within the time prescribed in such subsection, no credit or refund No credit, etc., al in respect of the tax for the calendar year in respect of which the Commissioner has determined the deficiency shall be allowed or made and no suit by the taxpayer for the recovery of any part of such tax shall be instituted in any court except-

(1) As to overpayments determined by a decision of the Board

which has become final; and

(2) As to any amount collected in excess of an amount computed in accordance with the decision of the Board which has become final; and

(3) As to any amount collected after the period of limitation upon the beginning of distraint or a proceeding in court for collection has expired; but in any such claim for credit or refund or in any such suit for refund the decision of the Board which has become final, as to whether such period has expired before

the notice of deficiency was mailed, shall be conclusive.

(d) OVERPAYMENT FOUND BY BOARD.—If the Board finds that there is no deficiency and further finds that the taxpayer has made an overpayment of tax in respect of the taxable year in respect of which the Commissioner determined the deficiency, the Board shall have jurisdiction to determine the amount of such overpayment, and such amount shall, when the decision of the Board has become final, be credited or refunded to the taxpayer. No such credit or refund shall be made of any portion of the tax paid more than three years before the filing of the claim or the filing of the petition, whichever is earlier.

SEC. 529. LAWS MADE APPLICABLE.

All administrative, special, or stamp provisions of law, including the law relating to the assessment of taxes, so far as applicable, are hereby extended to and made a part of this title.

Laws made appli-Assessment, payment, etc., under prior

SEC. 530. RULES AND REGULATIONS.

The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe and publish all needful rules and regulations for the enforcement of this title.

GIFT TAXES Rules and regula-

To be prescribed, etc.

"Calendar year."

Definitions.

SEC. 531. DEFINITIONS.

For the purposes of this title—

(a) CALENDAR YEAR.—The term "calendar year" includes only the calendar year 1932 and succeeding calendar years, and, in the case of the calendar year 1932, includes only the portion of such year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) PROPERTY WITHIN UNITED STATES.—Stock in a domestic corcorporation. poration owned and held by a nonresident shall be deemed property situated within the United States.

Stock of domestic

SEC. 532. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Gift Tax Act of 1932".

"Gift Tax Act of

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAXES

Taxes on certain articles.
Imported articles.

Short title.

TITLE IV—MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAXES

SEC. 601. EXCISE TAXES ON CERTAIN ARTICLES.

(a) In addition to any other tax or duty imposed by law, there shall be imposed a tax as provided in subsection (c) on every article imported into the United States unless treaty provisions of the United States otherwise provide.

(b) The tax imposed under subsection (a) shall be levied, assessed, tion, etc., of tax. collected, and paid in the same manner as a duty imposed by the Tariff Act of 1930, and shall be treated for the purposes of all provisions of law relating to the customs revenue as a duty imposed by such Act, except that—

Vol. 46, p. 590.

(1) the value on which such tax shall be based shall be the sum of (A) the dutiable value (under section 503 of such Act) of the article, plus (B) the customs duties, if any, imposed thereon under

Computation Vol. 46, p. 731.

(2) for the purposes of section 489 of such Act (relating to Not considered rate additional duties in certain cases of undervaluation) such tax value of article.

Shall not be considered an ad valorem rate of duty or a duty based Vol. 46, pp. 725, 701. shall not be considered an ad valorem rate of duty or a duty based upon or regulated in any manner by the value of the article, and for the purposes of section 336 of such Act (the so-called flexible tariff provision) such tax shall not be considered a duty;

(3) such tax shall not be imposed upon any article imported

(4) no drawback of such tax (except tax paid upon the impor- of duty-paid materials tation of an article described in subsection (c) (4), (5), (6), or not allowed.

(7)) shall be allowed under section 313(a), (b), or (f) of the Tariff Act of 1930 or any provision of law allowing a drawback of customs duties on articles manufactured or produced with the use of duty-paid materials;

Vol. 46, p. 693.

Articles exempt.

(5) such tax (except tax under subsection (c) (4) to (7), inclusive) shall be imposed in full notwithstanding any provision of States. law granting exemption from or reduction of duties to products of any possession of the United States; and for the purposes of taxes under subsection (c) (4) to (7), inclusive, the term "United States" includes Puerto Rico.

Tax on imports from ossessions of United

(c) There is hereby imposed upon the following articles sold in the United States by the manufacturer or producer, or imported into the United States, a tax at the rates hereinafter set forth, to be paid by the manufacturer, producer, or importer:

Articles specified.

(1) Lubricating oils, 4 cents a gallon; but the tax on the articles described in this paragraph shall not apply with respect to the importation of such articles.

Lubricating oils.

prior to the date on which this title takes effect;

any provision of law;

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX

Brewer's wort, malt.

etc.
Exception when sold to baker or manufac-

Liquid malt.

Grape concentrates. etc.

Exceptions.

Petroleum, fuel oil, etc., derivatives.

Lubricating oils, gasoline excepted.

Tax on imports only.

Coal; coke and manufactures.

Tax on imports only.

Imposed when exparticular country exceed imports.

Lumber. Flooring excepted; Japanese maple floor-

Copper ores and con-centrates. Vol. 46, pp. 613, 626, 627, 674, 675, 676.

Provisos. Loss in processing excepted. Fluxing ores, etc., excepted.

Aggregate limited. imports Other copper articles.

Tax on imports only.

(2) Brewer's wort, 15 cents a gallon. Liquid malt, malt syrup, and malt extract, fluid, solid, or condensed, made from malted cereal grains in whole or in part, unless sold to a baker for use in baking or to a manufacturer or producer of malted milk, medicinal products, foods, cereal beverages, or textiles, for use in the manufacture or production of such products, 3 cents a pound. For the purposes of this paragraph liquid malt containing less than 15 per centum of solids by weight shall be taxable as brewer's wort.

(3) Grape concentrate, evaporated grape juice, and grape syrup (other than finished or fountain syrup), if containing more than 35 per centum of sugars by weight, 20 cents a gallon. No tax shall be imposed under this paragraph (A) upon any article which contains preservative sufficient to prevent fermentation when diluted, or (B) upon any article sold to a manufacturer or producer of food products or soft drinks for use in the manufacture

or production of such products.

(4) Crude petroleum, ½ cent per gallon; fuel oil derived from petroleum, gas oil derived from petroleum, and all liquid derivatives of crude petroleum, except lubricating oil and gasoline or other motor fuel, ½ cent per gallon; gasoline or other motor fuel, 2½ cents per gallon; lubricating oil, 4 cents per gallon; paraffin and other petroleum wax products, 1 cent per pound. The tax on the articles described in this paragraph shall apply only with

respect to the importation of such articles.

5) Coal of all sizes, grades, and classifications (except culm and duff), coke manufactured therefrom; and coal or coke briquettes, 10 cents per 100 pounds. The tax on the articles described in this paragraph shall apply only with respect to the importation of such articles, and shall not be imposed upon any such article if during the preceding calendar year the exports of the articles described in this paragraph from the United States to the country from which such article is imported have been greater in quantity than the imports into the United States from such country of the articles described in this paragraph.

(6) Lumber, rough, or planed or dressed on one or more sides. except flooring made of maple (except Japanese maple), birch, and beech, \$3 per thousand feet, board measure; but the tax on the articles described in this paragraph shall apply only with

respect to the importation of such articles.

(7) Copper-bearing ores and concentrates and articles provided for in paragraph 316, 380, 381, 387, 1620, 1634, 1657, 1658, or 1659 of the Tariff Act of 1930, 4 cents per pound on the copper contained therein: Provided, That no tax under this paragraph shall be imposed on copper in any of the foregoing which is lost in metallurgical processes: Provided further, That ores or concentrates usable as a flux or sulphur reagent in copper smelting and/or converting and having a copper content of not more than 15 per centum, when imported for fluxing purposes, shall be admitted free of said tax in an aggregate amount of not to exceed in any one year 15,000 tons of copper content. All articles dutiable under the Tariff Act of 1930, not provided for heretofore in this paragraph, in which copper (including copper in alloys) is the component material of chief value, 3 cents per pound. All articles dutiable under the Tariff Act of 1930, not provided for heretofore in this paragraph, containing 4 per centum or more of copper by weight, 3 per centum ad valorem or 34 of 1 cent per pound, whichever is the lower. The tax on the articles described in

this paragraph shall apply only with respect to the importation of such articles. The Secretary is authorized to prescribe all necessary regulations for the enforcement of the provisions of Regulation this paragraph.

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX

Regulations to be

SEC. 602. TAX ON TIRES AND INNER TUBES.

There is hereby imposed upon the following articles sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax at the following rates:

(1) Tires wholly or in part of rubber, 2½ cents a pound on total weight (exclusive of metal rims or rim bases), to be determined under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

(2) Inner tubes (for tires) wholly or in part of rubber, 4 cents a pound on total weight, to be determined under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the

Secretary.

SEC. 603. TAX ON TOILET PREPARATIONS, ETC.

There is hereby imposed upon the following articles, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold: Perfumes, essences, extracts, extracts, etc. toilet waters, cosmetics, petroleum jellies, hair oils, pomades, hair dressings, hair restoratives, hair dyes, tooth and mouth washes (except that the rate shall be 5 per centum), dentifrices (except that the rate shall be 5 per centum), tooth pastes (except that the rate shall be 5 per centum), aromatic cachous, toilet soaps (except that the rate shall be 5 per centum), toilet powders, and any similar substance, article, or preparation, by whatsoever name known or distinguished; any of the above which are used or applied or intended to be used or applied for toilet purposes.

SEC. 604. TAX ON FURS.

There is hereby imposed upon the following articles, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold: Articles made of fur on the hide or pelt or of which any such fur is the component material of chief value.

SEC. 605. TAX ON JEWELRY, ETC.

There is hereby imposed upon the following articles, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold: All articles commonly or com- real or imitation. mercially known as jewelry, whether real or imitation; pearls, precious and semiprecious stones, and imitations thereof; articles made of, or ornamented, mounted or fitted with, precious metals or imitations thereof or ivory (not including surgical instruments or silverplated ware, or frames or mountings for spectacles or eyeglasses); watches; clocks; parts for watches or clocks sold for more than 9 cents each; opera glasses; lorgnettes; marine glasses; field glasses; and binoculars. No tax shall be imposed under this section on articles for religious any article used for religious purposes, or any article (other than purposes excepted. watch parts or clock parts) sold for less than \$3.

SEC. 606. TAX ON AUTOMOBILES, ETC.

There is hereby imposed upon the following articles sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to the following percentages of the price for which so sold:

(a) Automobile truck chassis and automobile truck bodies (includ-bodies. ing in both cases parts or accessories therefor sold on or in connec-

Tires and inner

Rubber tires.

Inner tubes.

Toilet preparations, Rate.

essences.

Dentifrices.

Soaps, powders, etc.

Furs. Rata.

Fur articles.

Jewelry, etc. Rate.

Articles of, whether

Ivory.

Opera glasses, lor-gnettes, etc.

Automobiles.

Truck chassis and

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX

Other automobile chassis, etc.
Accessories included.

Tractors excepted.

Parts and accessories not including tires and tubes.

Automobile chassis and bodies excluded.

Resale.

Regulations for exemptions on resale.

Refund of tax paid on tires and tubes

Amounts.

Computation.

Ante, p. 261.

Post, p. 268.

Refund of tax on tires, etc., held for sale after August 1, 1934.

tion therewith or with the sale thereof), 2 per centum. A sale of an automobile truck shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be considered to be a sale of the chassis and of the body.

(b) Other automobile chassis and bodies and motor cycles (including in each case parts or accessories therefor sold on or in connection therewith or with the sale thereof), except tractors, 3 per A sale of an automobile shall, for the purposes of this subsection, be considered to be a sale of the chassis and of the body.

(c) Parts or accessories (other than tires and inner tubes) for any of the articles enumerated in subsection (a) or (b), 2 per centum. For the purposes of this subsection and subsections (a) and (b), spark plugs, storage batteries, leaf springs, coils, timers, and tire chains, which are suitable for use on or in connection with, or as component parts of, any of the articles enumerated in subsection (a) or (b), shall be considered parts or accessories for such articles, whether or not primarily adapted for such use. This subsection shall not apply to chassis or bodies for automobile trucks or other Applicability of tax. automobiles. Under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, the tax under this subsection shall not apply in the case of sales of parts or accessories by the manufacturer, producer, or importer to a manufacturer or producer of any of the articles enumerated in subsection (a) or (b). If any such parts or accessories are resold by such vendee otherwise than on or in connection with, or with the sale of, an article enumerated in subsection (a) or (b) and manufactured or produced by such vendee, then for the purposes of this section the vendee shall be considered the manufacturer or producer of the parts or accessories so resold.

(d) Under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, the tax under subsection (a) or (b) shall not apply in the case of sales of bodies by the manufacturer, producer, or importer to a manufacturer or producer of automobile trucks or other automobiles to be sold by such vendee. For the purposes of subsection (a) or (b) such vendee shall be considered the manufacturer or producer of such bodies.

(e) If tires or inner tubes on which tax has been imposed under this title are sold on or in connection with, or with the sale of, a chassis, body, or motor cycle, there shall (under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary) be credited against the tax under this section an amount equal to, in the case of an automobile truck chassis or body, 2 per centum, and in the case of any other automobile chassis or body or motor cycle, 3 per centum-

(1) of the purchase price (less, in the case of tires, the part of such price attributable to the metal rim or rim base) if such tires or inner tubes were taxable under section 602 (relating to tax on tires and inner tubes); or

(2) if such tires or inner tubes were taxable under section 622 (relating to use by manufacturer, producer, or importer) then of the price (less, in the case of tires, the part of such price attributable to the metal rim or rim base) at which such or similar tires or inner tubes are sold, in the ordinary course of trade, by manufacturers, producers, or importers thereof, as determined by the Commissioner.

(f) (1) Where prior to August 1, 1934, any article subject to the tax imposed by this section or section 602, relating to tax on tires and inner tubes, has been sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, and is on such date held by a dealer and intended for sale, there shall be refunded to the manufacturer, producer, or importer the amount of the tax, or if the tax has not been paid, the tax shall be abated.

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX

(2) As used in this subsection the term "dealer" includes a wholesaler, jobber, or distributor. For the purposes of this subsection, an article shall be considered as "held by a dealer" if title thereto has passed to such dealer (whether or not delivery to him has been made), and if for purposes of consumption title to such article or possession thereof has not at any time been transferred to any person other than a dealer.

Terms construed. "Held by a dealer."

(3) Under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the Rules for balance credits and refunds. approval of the Secretary, the refund provided by this subsection-(A) may be applied as a credit against the tax shown by subsequent returns of the manufacturer, producer, or importer, and (B) may be made to the dealer instead of to the manufacturer, producer, or importer, if the manufacturer, producer, or importer waives any claim for the amount so to be refunded.

Rules for balancing

(4) When the refund, credit, or abatement provided for in this subsection has been allowed to the manufacturer, producer, or importer, he shall remit to the dealer to whom was sold the article in respect of which the refund, credit, or abatement was allowed, so much of that amount of the tax corresponding to the refund, credit, or abatement, as was included in or added to the price paid or agreed to be paid by the dealer. Upon the failure of the manufacturer, producer, or importer to make such remission he shall be liable to the etc., when noncompliance. dealer for damages in the amount of three times the amount thereof, Amount and the court shall include in any judgment in favor of the dealer to dealer. in any suit for the recovery of such damages, costs of the suit and a reasonable attorney's fee to be fixed by the court.

Dealer to receive

Liability of importer,

Amount of damages

SEC. 607. TAX ON RADIO RECEIVING SETS, ETC.

Radio receiving sets.

There is hereby imposed upon the following articles, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 5 per centum of the price for which so sold: Chassis, cabinets, tubes, reproducing units, power packs, and phonograph mechanisms, suitable for use in connection with or as part of radio receiving sets or combination radio and phonograph sets (including in each case parts or accessories therefor sold on or in connection therewith or with the sale thereof), and records for phonographs. A sale of any two or more of the above articles shall, for the purpose of this section, be considered a sale of each separately.

Radio sets and component parts.

SEC. 608. TAX ON MECHANICAL REFRIGERATORS.

Mechanical refriger-Rate.

There is hereby imposed upon the following articles, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 5 per centum of the price for which so sold:

Household type.

(a) Household type refrigerators (for single or multiple cabinet installations) operated with electricity, gas, kerosene, or other means (including parts or accessories therefor sold on or in connection therewith or with the sale thereof).

Refrigerator compo-

(b) Cabinets, compressors, condensers, expansion units, absorbers, nents. and controls (hereinafter referred to as "refrigerator components") for, or suitable for use as part of or with, any of the articles enumerated in subsection (a) (including in each case parts or accessories for such refrigerator components sold on or in connection therewith or with the sale thereof) except when sold as component parts of complete refrigerators or refrigerating or cooling apparatus. Under to manufacturer, etc. regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, the tax under this subsection shall not apply in the case

Exception when sold

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX

Application subsequent sale.

of sales of any such refrigerator components by the manufacturer, producer, or importer to a manufacturer or producer of refrigerators when or refrigerating or cooling apparatus. If any such refrigerator components are resold by such vendee otherwise than on or in connection with, or with the sale of, complete refrigerators or refrigerating or cooling apparatus, manufactured or produced by such vendee, then for the purposes of this section the vendee shall be considered the manufacturer or producer of the refrigerator components so resold.

Sporting goods. Rate.

SEC. 609. TAX ON SPORTING GOODS.

Articles specified.

There is hereby imposed upon the following articles, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold: Tennis rackets, tennis racket frames and strings, nets; racket covers and presses, skates, snowshoes, skis, toboggans, canoe paddles, polo mallets, baseball bats, gloves, masks, protectors, shoes and uniforms, football helmets, harness and uniforms, basket ball goals and uniforms, golf bags and clubs, lacrosse sticks, balls of all kinds, including baseballs, footballs, tennis, golf, lacrosse, billiard and pool balls, fishing rods and reels, billiard and pool tables, chess and checker boards and pieces, dice, games and parts of games (except playing cards and children's toys and games); and all similar articles commonly or commercially known as sporting goods.

There is hereby imposed upon firearms, shells, and cartridges, sold

by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold. The tax imposed by this section shall not apply (1) to articles sold for the use of the United

States, any State, Territory, or possession of the United States, any

Exceptions.

Firearms, shells, and SEC. 610. TAX ON FIREARMS, SHELLS, AND CARTRIDGES.

cartridges. Rate.

Exception if for Governmental, etc., use.

Pistols and revolvers. political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, or (2) to

Cameras.

Rate. Lenses

There is hereby imposed upon cameras (except aerial cameras), weighing not more than 100 pounds, and lenses for such cameras, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent

to 10 per centum of the price for which so sold.

Matches.

SEC. 612. TAX ON MATCHES.

SEC. 611. TAX ON CAMERAS.

Rate.

There is hereby imposed upon matches, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax of 2 cents per 1,000 matches, except that in the case of paper matches in books the tax shall be ½ of 1 cent per 1,000 matches.

Paper matches.

SEC. 613. TAX ON CANDY.

pistols and revolvers.

Candy. Rate

There is hereby imposed upon candy, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 2 per centum of the price for which so sold.

Chewing gum.

SEC. 614. TAX ON CHEWING GUM.

Rate.

There is hereby imposed upon chewing gum or substitutes therefor, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax equivalent to 2 per centum of the price for which so sold.

SEC. 615. TAX ON SOFT DRINKS.

Soft drinks.

Beverages from cere-

als, etc.

Rate.

(a) There is hereby imposed— (1) Upon all beverages derived wholly or in part from cereals or substitutes therefor, containing less than one-half of 1 per centum of alcohol by volume, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax of 11/4 cents per gallon.

(2) Upon unfermented grape juice, in natural or concentrated form (whether or not sugar has been added), containing 35 per centum or less of sugars by weight, sold by the manufacturer,

producer, or importer, a tax of 5 cents per gallon.

(3) Upon all unfermented fruit juices (except grape juice), in natural or slightly concentrated form, or such fruit juices to which sugar has been added (as distinguished from finished or fountain syrups), intended for consumption as beverages with the addition of water or water and sugar, and upon all imitations of any such fruit juices, and upon all carbonated beverages, commonly known as soft drinks (except those described in paragraph (1)), manufactured, compounded, or mixed by the use of concentrate, essence, or extract, instead of a finished or fountain syrup, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax of 2 cents per gallon.

(4) Upon all still drinks (except grape juice), containing less than one-half of 1 per centum of alcohol by volume, intended for consumption as beverages in the form in which sold (except natural or artificial mineral and table waters and imitations thereof, and pure apple cider), sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer,

a tax of 2 cents per gallon.

(5) Upon all natural or artificial mineral waters or table waters, waters, etc. whether carbonated or not, and all imitations thereof, sold by the producer, bottler, or importer thereof, in bottles or other closed containers, at over 12½ cents per gallon, a tax of 2 cents

per gallon.

(6) Upon all finished or fountain syrups of the kinds used in manufacturing, compounding, or mixing drinks commonly known as soft drinks, sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, a tax of 6 cents per gallon; except that in the case of any such syrups turer. intended to be used in the manufacture of carbonated beverages sold in bottles or other closed containers the rate shall be 5 cents per gallon. Where any person conducting a soda fountain, ice When manufactured for soda fountain, etc., cream parlor, or other similar place of business manufactures any business. syrups of the kinds described in this paragraph, there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid on each gallon manufactured and used in the preparation of soft drinks a tax of 6 cents per gallon; and where any person manufacturing carbonated beverages manufactures and uses any such syrups in the manufacture of carbonated beverages sold in bottles or other closed containers there shall be levied, assessed, collected, and paid on each gallon of such syrups a tax of 5 cents per gallon. The taxes imposed by this paragraph shall not apply to finished or fountain syrups sold for use in the manufacture of a beverage subject to tax under paragraph (1) or (4), nor to any article enumerated in section 601 (c) (3).

(7) Upon all carbonic acid gas sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, or by a dealer in such gas, to a manufacturer of any carbonated beverages, or to any person conducting a soda fountain, ice cream parlor, or other similar place of business, and upon all carbonic acid gas used by the manufacturer, producer, or importer thereof in the preparation of soft drinks, a tax of

4 cents per pound.

(b) Each manufacturer, producer, or importer of any of the monthly returns rearticles enumerated in subsection (a) and each person who sells carbonic acid gas to a manufacturer of carbonated beverages or to a person conducting a soda fountain, ice cream parlor, or other

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX

Grape juice. Rate.

Fruit juice.

Imitations, carbonated beverages, etc.

If containing alcohol.

Rate.

Mineral and table

Rate.

Fountain syrups, etc.

Rate.

If sold to manufac-

When manufactured

Exception. Ante, p. 260.

Carbonic acid gas.

similar place of business, shall make monthly returns under oath

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX

Contents.

Payment.

Certificate of registry.

Penalty for failure to

in duplicate and pay the tax imposed in respect of the articles enumerated in subsection (a) to the collector for the district in which is located his principal place of business, or, if he has no principal place of business in the United States, then to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made at such times and in such manner as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe. The tax shall, without assessment by the Commissioner or notice from the collector, be due and payable to the collector at Interest on overdue the time so fixed for filing the return. If the tax is not paid when due, there shall be added as part of the tax interest at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the time the tax became due until paid.

(c) Each person required to pay any tax imposed by subsection (a) shall procure and keep posted a certificate of registry in accordance with regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary. Any person who fails to register or keep posted any certificate of registry in accordance with such regulations shall be subject to a penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each such offense.

Electrical energy.

Payment.

Collection.

Rate.

SEC. 616. TAX ON ELECTRICAL ENERGY.

(a) There is hereby imposed a tax equivalent to 3 per centum of the amount paid on or after the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act, for electrical energy for domestic or commercial consumption furnished after such date and before July 1, 1934, to be paid by the person paying for such electrical energy and

(b) Each vendor receiving any payments specified in subsection (a) shall collect the amount of the tax imposed by such subsection

last day of each month make a return, under oath, for the preceding month, and pay the taxes so collected, to the collector of the district in which his principal place of business is located, or if he has no

principal place of business in the United States, to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made in such manner as the Commissioner with the approval

may extend the time for making returns and paying the taxes collected, under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe with the approval of the Secretary, but no such extension shall be for more than 90 days. The provisions of sections 771 to 774, inclusive,

shall, in lieu of the provisions of sections 619 to 629, inclusive, be

received for electrical energy furnished to the United States or to

(c) No tax shall be imposed under this section upon any payment

applicable in respect of the tax imposed by this section.

to be collected by the vendor.

Monthly returns by from the person making such payments, and shall on or before the

Information therein.

Regulations govern of the Secretary may by regulation prescribe. The Commissioner

Post, p. 277.

Exception if fur-nished for governmental, etc., use.

Right to exemption.

any State or Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia. The right to exemption under this subsection shall be evidenced in such manner as the Commissioner with the

Gasoline.

Rate. Exception. approval of the Secretary may by regulation prescribe. SEC. 617. TAX ON GASOLINE.

(a) There is hereby imposed on gasoline sold by the importer thereof or by a producer of gasoline, a tax of 1 cent a gallon, except that under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary the tax shall not apply in the case of sales to a producer of gasoline.

When exception not

(b) If a producer or importer uses (otherwise than in the production of gasoline) gasoline sold to him free of tax, or produced or imported by him, such use shall for the purposes of this title be considered a sale.

(c) As used in this section—

(1) the term "producer" includes a refiner, compounder, or blender, and a dealer selling gasoline exclusively to producers of gasoline, as well as a producer.

(2) the term "gasoline" means gasoline, benzol, and any other liquid the chief use of which is as a fuel for the propulsion of

motor vehicles, motor boats, or aeroplanes.

SEC. 618. DEFINITION OF SALE.

For the purposes of this title, the lease of an article shall be considered the sale of such article.

SEC. 619. SALE PRICE.

(a) In determining, for the purposes of this title, the price for which an article is sold, there shall be included any charge for coverings and containers of whatever nature, and any charge incident to placing the article in condition packed ready for shipment, cluded but there shall be avaladed the condition packed ready for shipment, but there shall be excluded the amount of tax imposed by this title, whether or not stated as a separate charge. A transportation, de-livery, etc., charges. livery, insurance, installation, or other charge (not required by the foregoing sentence to be included) shall be excluded from the price only if the amount thereof is established to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, in accordance with the regulations.

(b) If an article is-

(1) sold at retail;

(2) sold on consignment; or

(3) sold (otherwise than through an arm's-length transaction)

at less than the fair market price; the tax under this title shall (if based on the price for which the article is sold) be computed on the price for which such articles are sold, in the ordinary course of trade, by manufacturers or producers thereof, as determined by the Commissioner.

(c) In the case of (1) a lease, (2) a contract for the sale of an Proportionate payarticle wherein it is provided that the price shall be paid by install-sold on installment ments and title to the article sold does not pass until a future date plan, conditional sale, notwithstanding partial payment by installments, or (3) a conditional sale, there shall be paid upon each payment with respect to the article that portion of the total tax which is proportionate to the portion of the total amount to be paid represented by such payment.

SEC. 620. SALE OF ARTICLES FOR FURTHER MANUFACTURE.

Under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, no tax under this title shall be imposed upon any article (other than a tire or inner tube, or an article taxable under section 604, relating to the tax on furs) sold for use as material in the manufacture or production of, or for use as a component part of, an article to be manufactured or produced by the vendee which will be taxable under this title or sold free of tax by virtue of this section. If the vendee resells an article sold to him free of tax under this section, then for the purposes of this title he shall be considered the manufacturer or producer of such article.

SEC. 621. CREDITS AND REFUNDS.

(a) A credit against tax under this title, or a refund, may be allowed or made-

(1) to a manufacturer or producer, in the amount of any tax Manufacturer or producer, in the amount of any tax under this title which has been paid with respect to the sale of articles.

MANUFACTURERS'
EXCISE TAX

Terms construed.

"Producer."

"Gasoline."

"Sale."

Sale price.

Coverings, containers, etc., included.

Transportation, de-

Computation of tax if article sold at less than fair market price.

Sale of articles for further manufacture.

Tax exemptions.

Tires, tubes, and furs excepted.
Ante, p. 261.

Resale by vendee.

Credits and refunds.

To whom allowed.

MANUFACTURERS! EXCISE TAX

any article (other than a tire or inner tube) purchased by him and used by him as material in the manufacture or production of, or as a component part of, an article with respect to which tax under this title has been paid, or which has been sold free of tax by virtue of section 620, relating to sales of articles for further manufacture.

Persons upon repos-session of taxed article.

(2) to any person who has paid tax under this title with respect to an article, when the price on which the tax was based is readjusted by reason of return or repossession of the article or a covering or container, or by a bona fide discount, rebate, or allowance; in the amount of that part of the tax proportionate to the part of the price which is refunded or credited.

Regulations to be pre-

(b) Credit or refund under subsection (a) shall be allowed or made only upon compliance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

Interest not allowed.

(c) In no case shall interest be allowed with respect to any

Proof necessary to es-tablish right to receive

amount of tax under this title credited or refunded.

sale price.

(d) No overpayment of tax under this title shall be credited or refunded (otherwise than under subsection (a)), in pursuance of a court decision or otherwise, unless the person who paid the tax establishes, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, (1) that he has not Tax not included in included the tax in the price of the article with respect to which it was imposed, or collected the amount of tax from the vendee, or (2) that he has repaid the amount of the tax to the ultimate purchaser of the article, or unless he files with the Commissioner written consent of such ultimate purchaser to the allowance of the credit or refund.

Repayment to ultimate consumer.

Use by manufacturer, SEC. 622. USE BY MANUFACTURER, PRODUCER, OR IMPORTER.

producer, or importer.

If-

Computation of tax. Exemptions.

(1) any person manufactures, produces, or imports an article (other than a tire or inner tube) and uses it (otherwise than as material in the manufacture or production of, or as a component part of, another article to be manufactured or produced by him which will be taxable under this title or sold free of tax by virtue of section 620, relating to sale of articles for further manufacture); or

Ante, p. 267.

(2) any person manufactures, produces, or imports a tire or inner tube and sells it on or in connection with, or with the sale of, an article taxable under section 606(a) or (b), relating to the tax on automobiles, or uses it;

Ante, p. 261.

he shall be liable for tax under this title in the same manner as if such article was sold by him, and the tax (if based on the price for which the article is sold) shall be computed on the price at which such or similar articles are sold, in the ordinary course of trade, by manufacturers, producers, or importers thereof, as determined by the Commissioner.

Sales by others.

SEC. 623. SALES BY OTHERS THAN MANUFACTURER, PRODUCER, OR IMPORTER.

Liability for tax, when acquiring right to

In case any person acquires from the manufacturer, producer, or importer of an article, by operation of law or as a result of any transaction not taxable under this title, the right to sell such article, the sale of such article by such person shall be taxable under this title as if made by the manufacturer, producer, or importer, and such person shall be liable for the tax.

SEC. 624. EXEMPTION OF ARTICLES MANUFACTURED OR PRODUCED BY INDIANS.

No tax shall be imposed under this title on any article of native Exemption of articles in any article of native manufactured by In-Indian handicraft manufactured or produced by Indians on Indian dians. reservations, or in Indian schools, or by Indians under the jurisdiction of the United States Government in Alaska.

SEC. 625. CONTRACTS PRIOR TO MAY 1, 1932.

(a) If (1) any person has, prior to May 1, 1932, made a bona fide contract for the sale, after the tax takes effect, of any article in contract price not perrespect of the sale of which a tax is imposed under this title, or in mitted. respect of which a tax is imposed under this subsection, and (2) such contract does not permit the adding to the amount to be paid under such contract, of the whole of such tax, then (unless the contract prohibits such addition) the vendee shall, in lieu of the vendor, pay so much of the tax as is not so permitted to be added to the contract price. If a contract of the character above described was made with tracts exempt. the United States or with any person other than a dealer, no tax shall be collected under this title.

(b) The taxes payable by the vendee shall be paid to the vendor rayment at mation of sale. at the time the sale is consummated, and shall be collected, returned, and paid to the United States by such vendor in the same manner as provided in section 702. In case of failure or refusal by the vendee to pay such taxes to the vendor, the vendor shall report the facts to the Commissioner, who shall cause collection of such taxes

to be made from the vendee.

SEC. 626. RETURN AND PAYMENT OF MANUFACTURERS' TAXES. Return and payment of manufacturers' taxes.

(a) Every person liable for any tax imposed by this title other than taxes on importation (except tax under section 615, relating quired. to tax on soft drinks) shall make monthly returns under oath in duplicate and pay the taxes imposed by this title to the collector for the district in which is located his principal place of business or, if he has no principal place of business in the United States, then to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made at such times and in such manner as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe.

(b) The tax shall, without assessment by the Commissioner or notice from the collector, be due and payable to the collector at the time so fixed for filing the return. If the tax is not paid when tax. due, there shall be added as part of the tax interest at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the time when the tax became due

until paid.

SEC. 627. APPLICABILITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

All provisions of law (including penalties) applicable in respect sions. of the taxes imposed by section 600 of the Revenue Act of 1926, shall, in so far as applicable and not inconsistent with this Act, be applicable in respect of the taxes imposed by this title.

SEC. 628. RULES AND REGULATIONS.

The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall missioner, with apprescribe and publish all needful rules and regulations for the proval of Secretary. enforcement of this title in so far as it relates to the taxes on articles sold by the manufacturer, producer, or importer. The Secretary shall prescribe and publish all needful rules and regulations for the enforcement of this title in so far as it relates to the taxes which under the provisions of section 601(b) are to be levied, assessed,

MANUFACTURERS' EXCISE TAX

When exempt.

Contracts prior to May 1, 1932. Payment of tax by vendee, if addition to

Post, p. 302.

Government con-

Payment at consum-

If failure or refusal.

Return and payment Monthly returns re-Ante, p. 264.

Contents.

Payment of tax.

Interest on overdue

Applicability of administrative provi-

Revenue Act of 1926. Vol. 44, p. 93.

Rules and regula-

Publication.

Ante, p. 259.

MANUFACTURERS'

collected, and paid in the same manner as duties imposed by the Tariff Act of 1930.

Effective date.

SEC. 629. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This title shall take effect on the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act, except that section 628, relating to rules and regulations, and this section, shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act. No sale or importation after June 30, 1934 (or after July 31, 1934, in the case of articles taxable under section 606, relating to the tax on automobiles, etc., or section 602, relating to the tax on tires and inner tubes, or after June 30, 1933, in the case of articles taxable under section 617, relating to the tax on gasoline), shall be taxable under this title.

Title V-Miscellane-

TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS TAXES

Imposition. Effective date.

Rates.

Telephone conversations.

Telegraph messages.

Cable messages.
Only one payment required.

Leased wire, etc.

Exception.

Payment for services furnished the Government, etc., exempt.

Right to exemption.

Payment,

Collection.

Telegraph, telephone, Part I—Tax on Telegraph, Telephone, Radio, and Cable Facilities

SEC. 701. IMPOSITION.

(a) On and after the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment

of this Act, there shall be imposed—

(1) in the case of each telegraph, telephone, cable, or radio dispatch, message, or conversation, which originates on or after such date and before July 1, 1934, within the United States, a tax at the following rates:

(A) Telephone conversations for which the charge is 50 cents or more and less than \$1, 10 cents; for which the charge is \$1 or more and less than \$2, 15 cents; for which the charge is

\$2 or more, 20 cents;

(B) telegraph dispatches and messages, 5 per centum of the

amount charged therefor; and

(C) cable and radio dispatches and messages, 10 cents; but only one payment of such tax shall be required, notwithstanding the lines or stations of one or more persons are used for the transmission of such dispatch, message, or conversation; and

(2) a tax equivalent to 5 per centum of the amount paid on or after the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act to any telegraph or telephone company for any leased wire or talking circuit special service furnished on or after such date and before July 1, 1934. This paragraph shall not apply to the amount paid for so much of such service as is utilized in the conduct, by a common carrier or telephone or telegraph company or radio broadcasting station or net work, of its business as such.

(b) No tax shall be imposed under this section upon any payment received for services or facilities furnished to the United States or to any State or Territory, or political subdivision thereof, or the District of Columbia, nor upon any payment received from any person for services or facilities utilized in the collection of news for the public press or in the dissemination of news through the public press, if the charge for such services or facilities is billed in writing to such person. The right to exemption under this subsection shall be evidenced in such manner as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may by regulation prescribe.

Returns and pay- SEC. 702. RETURNS AND PAYMENT OF TAX.

(a) The taxes imposed by section 701 shall be paid by the person paying for the services or facilities.

(b) Each person receiving any payments specified in section 701 shall collect the amount of the tax imposed by such section from the person making such payments, and shall on or before the last day MISCELLANEOUS TAXES of each month make a return, under oath, for the preceding month, Monthly returns reand pay the taxes so collected, to the collector of the district in which his principal place of business is located, or if he has no principal place of business in the United States, to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made in such manner as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may by regulation prescribe. The Commissioner may extend the time for making returns and paying the taxes collected, under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe with the approval of the Secretary, but no such extension shall be for more than 90 days.

Contents.

Regulations governing time extentions.

Part II—Admissions Tax

Part II-Admissions

Revenue Act of 1926,

SEC. 711. ADMISSIONS TAX.

(a) Paragraph (1) of section 500(a) of the Revenue Act of 1926, amendment.
Vol. 44, p. 91.

as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(1) A tax of 1 cent for each 10 cents or fraction thereof of the amount paid for admission to any place, including admission by season ticket or subscription, to be paid by the person paying for such admission; except that in case the amount paid for admission is less than 41 cents, no tax shall be imposed. In the Persons admitted free or at reduced rates. case of persons (except bona fide employees, municipal officers on official business, and children under 12 years of age) admitted free or at reduced rates to any place at a time when and under circumstances under which an admission charge is made to other persons, an equivalent tax shall be collected based on the price so charged to such other persons for the same or similar accommodations, to be paid by the person so admitted. Amounts paid for Admissions by season tickets or subscription. admission by season ticket or subscription shall be exempt only if the amount which would be charged to the holder or subscribed for a single admission is less than 41 cents;"

Vol. 44, p. 91.

(b) Paragraph (2) of section 500(a) of the Revenue Act of 1926,

as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"(2) Upon tickets or cards of admission to theaters, operas, Additional, on sales and other places of amusement, sold at news stands, hotels, and other than ticket of "(2) Upon tickets or cards of admission to theaters, operas, places other than the ticket offices of such theaters, operas, or other fices. places of amusement, at a price in excess of the sum of the established price therefor at such ticket offices plus the amount of any tax imposed under paragraph (1), a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the amount of such excess; such tax to be returned and paid, in the manner and subject to the interest provided in section 502, by the person selling such tickets;"

(c) Section 500 of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following subdivision:

"(e) The exemption from tax provided by subdivision (b) (1) (A) shall not be allowed in the case of admissions to wrestling matches, prize fights, or boxing, sparring, or other pugilistic matches or Pugilistic exhibitions. The exemption from tax provided by subdivision (b) not included. (1) shall not be allowed in the case of admissions to any athletic game or exhibition the proceeds of which inure wholly or partly to the benefit of any college or university (including any academy of the military or naval forces of the United States).

(d) Subsections (a) and (c) shall take effect on the fifteenth day

after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(e) Effective July 1, 1934, section 500(a)(1) of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, is amended July 1, 1934.

Rata.

Vol. 44, p. 93.

Exempt entertainments. Vol. 44, p. 92.

Pugilistic exhibitions

Athletic games, etc.

Effective date.

Vol. 44, p. 91. Exemption effective

MISCELLANEOUS TAXES by striking out "less than 41 cents" wherever appearing in such paragraph, and inserting in lieu thereof "\$3 or less?

Part III-Stamp

Part III—Stamp Taxes

Bond issues, etc. Rate increased. Vol. 44, p. 101.

SEC. 721. STAMP TAX ON ISSUES OF BONDS, ETC.

Not applicable to instrument, when payments by installment.

(a) Subdivision 1 of Schedule A of Title VIII of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended by striking out "5 cents" and inserting in lieu thereof "10 cents", and by inserting at the end thereof a new sentence to read as follows: "The tax under this subdivision shall not apply to any instrument under the terms of which the obligee is required to make payment therefor in installments and is not permitted to make in any year a payment of more than 20 per centum of the cash amount to which entitled upon maturity of the instrument."

Effective date.

(b) Subsection (a) shall take effect on the 15th day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Exemption effective July 1, 1934.

(c) Effective July 1, 1934, such subdivision 1, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, is amended by striking out "10 cents" and inserting in lieu thereof "5 cents".

Stock issues, etc. Vol. 44, p. 101.

SEC. 722. STAMP TAX ON ISSUES OF STOCK, ETC.

(a) Subdivision 2 of Schedule A of Title VIII of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read as follows:

Capital stock. Original issue.

"2. Capital stock (and similar interests), issue: On each original issue, whether on organization or reorganization, of shares or certificates of stock, or of profits, or of interest in property or accumulations, by any corporation, or by any investment trust or similar organization (or by any person on behalf of such investment trust or similar organization) holding or dealing in any of the instruments mentioned or described in this subdivision or subdivision 1 (whether or not such investment trust or similar organization constitutes a corporation within the meaning of this Act), on each \$100 of par or face value or fraction thereof of the certificates issued by such corporation or by such investment trust or similar organization (or of the shares where no certificates were issued), 10 cents: Provided, That where such shares or certificates are issued without par or face value, the tax shall be 10 cents per share (corporate share, or investment trust or other organization share, as the case may be), unless the actual value is in excess of \$100 per share, in which case the tax shall be 10 cents on each \$100 of actual value or fraction thereof of such certificates (or of the shares where no certificates were issued), or unless the actual value is less than \$100 per share, in which case the tax shall be 2 cents on each \$20 of actual value, or fraction thereof, of such certificates (or of the shares where no certificates were issued).

Rate.

Issue without face value.

Attaching stamps.

"The stamps representing the tax imposed by this subdivision shall be attached to the stock books or corresponding records of the organization and not to the certificates issued."

Effective date.

(b) Subsection (a) shall take effect on the fifteenth day after the

date of the enactment of this Act.

Tax rate July 1, 1934. effective

(c) Effective July 1, 1934, such subdivision 2, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, is amended by striking out "10 cents" wherever appearing in such subdivision and inserting in lieu thereof "5 cents", and by striking out "2 cents" and inserting in lieu thereof "1 cent".

etc. Vol. 44, p. 101,

Transfers of stocks, SEC. 723. STAMP TAX ON TRANSFER OF STOCKS, ETC. (a) Subdivision 3 of Schedule A of Title VIII of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read as follows:

"3. Capital stock (and similar interests), sales or transfers: On MISCELLANEOUS TAXES all sales, or agreements to sell, or memoranda of sales or deliveries of, Capital s or transfers of legal title to any of the shares or certificates mentioned or described in subdivision 2, or to rights to subscribe for or to receive such shares or certificates, whether made upon or shown by the books of the corporation or other organization, or by any assignment in blank, or by any delivery, or by any paper or agreement or memorandum or other evidence of transfer or sale (whether entitling the holder in any manner to the benefit of such share, certificate, interest, or rights, or not), on each \$100 of par or face value or fraction thereof of the certificates of such corporation or other organization (or of the shares where no certificates were issued), 4 cents, and where such shares or certificates are without par or face value, the tax shall be 4 cents on the transfer or sale or agreement to sell on each share (corporate share, or investment trust or other the selling price, if any, is \$20 or more per share the above rate price \$20 or more per share the above rate share. intended by this title to impose a tax upon an agreement evidencing exempt.

a deposit of certificates as collected as a colle a deposit of certificates as collateral security for money loaned thereon, which certificates are not actually sold, nor upon the delivery or transfer for such purpose of certificates so deposited nor upon the return of stock loaned: Provided further, That the tax shall not be imposed upon deliveries or transfers to a broker for sale, nor upon deliveries or transfers by a broker to a customer for whom and upon whose order he has purchased same, but such deliveries or transfers shall be accompanied by a certificate setting forth the facts: Provided further, That the tax shall not be imposed upon deliveries or transfers from a fiduciary to a nominee of such fiduciary, or from one nominee of such fiduciary to another, if such shares or certificates continue to be held by such nominee for the same purpose for which they would be held if retained by such fiduciary, or from the nominee to such fiduciary, but such deliveries or transfers shall be accompanied by a certificate setting forth the facts: Provided further, That in case of sale where the evidence of transfer corporation books. is shown only by the books of the corporation or other organization the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such health and the stamp shall be placed when such as the stamp shall be the stamp shall be placed upon such books; and where the change of ownership is by transfer of the certificate the stamp shall be placed upon the certificate; and in cases of an agreement to sell or where the transfer is by delivery of the certificate assigned in blank there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer a bill or memorandum of such sale, to which the stamp shall be affixed; and every bill or memorandum of sale or agreement to sell before mentioned shall show the date thereof, the name of the seller, the amount of the sale, and the matter or thing to which it refers. Any without stamps. person liable to pay the tax as herein provided, or anyone who acts in the matter as agent or broker for such person, who makes any such sale, or who in pursuance of any such sale delivers any certificate or evidence of the sale of any stock, share, interest or right, or bill or memorandum thereof, as herein required, without having the proper stamps affixed thereto, with intent to evade the foregoing provisions, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not exceeding \$1,000, or be imprisoned not more than six months, or both."

(b) Subsection (a) shall take effect on the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) Effective July 1, 1934, such subdivision 3, as amended by sub- Tax rate section (a) of this section, is amended by striking out "4 cents" wherever appearing in such subdivision and inserting in lieu thereof

Capital stock, sales

Rate.

Shares without face

Brokers' deliveries, etc., exempt.

Deliveries in trust.

On certificates.

On bill of sale.

Details required.

Punishment for sales

Effective date.

Tax rate effective

MISCELLANEOUS TAXES "2 cents", and by striking out the following: "in case the selling price, if any, is \$20 or more per share the above rate shall be 5 cents instead of 4 cents: Provided further, That ".

Bond transfers, etc. Vol. 44, p. 103,

SEC. 724. STAMP TAX ON TRANSFER OF BONDS, ETC.

(a) Schedule A of Title VIII of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subdivision to read as follows:

Bonds, etc., sales or transfers.

Rate. Provisos.
Deposits as collateral security exempt.

reorganization.
Ante, p. 196.

Brokers'

Transfers in trust.

Placing stamps on certificate.

On bill of sale.

Details required.

Punishment for sales without stamps.

"9. Bonds, etc., sales or transfers: On all sales, or agreements to sell, or memoranda of sales or deliveries of, or transfers of legal title to any of the instruments mentioned or described in subdivision 1 and of a kind the issue of which is taxable thereunder, whether made by any assignment in blank or by any delivery, or by any paper or agreement or memorandum or other evidence of transfer or sale (whether entitling the holder in any manner to the benefit of such instrument or not), on each \$100 of face value or fraction thereof, 4 cents: Provided, That it is not intended by this title to impose a tax upon an agreement evidencing a deposit of instruments as collateral security for money loaned thereon, which instruments Transfer of bonds on are not actually sold, nor upon the delivery or transfer for such purpose of instruments so deposited: Provided further, That the tax shall not be imposed on deliveries or transfers of bonds in connection with a reorganization (as defined in section 112 of the Revenue Act of 1932) if any of the gain or loss from the exchange or distribution involved in the delivery or transfer is not recognized under the income tax law applicable to the year in which the delivery or transdeliveries, fer is made: Provided further, That the tax shall not be imposed upon deliveries or transfers to a broker for sale, nor upon deliveries or transfers by a broker to a customer for whom and upon whose order he has purchased same, but such deliveries or transfers shall be accompanied by a certificate setting forth the facts: Provided further, That the tax shall not be imposed upon deliveries or transfers from a fiduciary to a nominee of such fiduciary, or from one nominee of such fiduciary to another, if such instruments continue to be held by such nominee for the same purpose for which they would be held if retained by such fiduciary, or from the nominee to such fiduciary, but such deliveries or transfers shall be accompanied by a certificate setting forth the facts: Provided further, That where the change of ownership is by transfer of the instrument the stamp shall be placed upon the instrument; and in cases of an agreement to sell or where the transfer is by delivery of the instrument assigned in blank there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer a bill or memorandum of such sale, to which the stamp shall be affixed; and every bill or memorandum of sale or agreement to sell before mentioned shall show the date thereof, the name of the seller, the amount of the sale, and the matter or thing to which it refers. Any person liable to pay the tax as herein provided, or anyone who acts in the matter as agent or broker for such person, who makes any such sale, or who in pursuance of any such sale delivers any certificate or evidence of the sale of any such instrument, or bill or memorandum thereof, as herein required, without having the proper stamps affixed thereto, with intent to evade the foregoing provisions, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not exceeding \$1,000, or be imprisoned not more than six months, or both."

(b) Subsection (a) shall take effect on the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Effective date.

(c) Subdivision 9 of Schedule A of Title VIII of the Revenue MISCELLANEOUS TAXES Act of 1926, added to such schedule by subsection (a) of this section, Repeal effective July is repealed effective July 1, 1934.

SEC 725. STAMP TAX ON CONVEYANCES.

Schedule A of Title VIII of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subdivision to read as follows:

"8. Conveyances: Deed, instrument, or writing, delivered on or after the 15th day after the date of the enactment of the Revenue Act of 1932 and before July 1, 1934 (unless deposited in escrow before April 1, 1932), whereby any lands, tenements, or other realty sold shall be granted, assigned, transferred, or otherwise conveyed to, or vested in, the purchaser or purchasers, or any other person or persons, by his, her, or their direction, when the consideration or value of the interest or property conveyed, exclusive of the value of any lien or encumbrance remaining thereon at the time of sale, exceeds \$100 and does not exceed \$500, 50 cents; and for each additional \$500 or fractional part thereof, 50 cents. This subdivision shall not apply to any instrument or writing given to secure a debt."

Conveyances. Vol. 44, p. 103.

Rates.

SEC. 726. STAMP TAX ON SALES OF PRODUCE FOR FUTURE DELIVERY.

(a) Subdivision 4 of Schedule A of Title VIII of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended by striking out "1 cent" wherever appearing in such subdivision, and inserting in lieu thereof "5 cents"

Vol. 44, p. 102.

(b) Subsection (a) shall take effect on the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act.

Effective date.

(c) Effective July 1, 1934, such subdivision 4, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, is amended by striking out "5 cents" ^{Exemption} subsection (a) of this section, is amended by striking out "5 cents" wherever appearing in such subdivision and inserting in lieu thereof "1 cent".

Exemption effective

Sales of produce for future delivery.

Part IV—Tax on Transportation of Oil by Pipe Line

SEC. 731. TAX ON TRANSPORTATION OF OIL BY PIPE LINE.

(a) There is hereby imposed upon all transportation of crude petroleum and liquid products thereof by pipe line originating on or after the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act and before July 1, 1934—

Transportation of oil by pipe line.

Effective date.

(1) A tax equivalent to 4 per centum of the amount paid on or after the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act for such transportation, to be paid by the person furnishing such transportation.

Rate.

Payment.

(2) In case no charge for transportation is made, either by reason of ownership of the commodity transported or for any other reason, a tax equivalent to 4 per centum of the fair charge for such transportation, to be paid by the person furnishing such transportation.

If no transportation

(3) If (other than in the case of an arm's length transaction) less than fair charge. the payment for transportation is less than the fair charge therefor, a tax equivalent to 4 per centum of such fair charge, to be paid by the person furnishing such transportation.

(b) For the purposes of this section, the fair charge for transportation shall be computed—

Computation of fair

(1) from actual bona fide rates or tariffs, or

(2) if no such rates or tariffs exist, then on the basis of the actual bona fide rates or tariffs of other pipe lines for like services, as determined by the Commissioner, or

MISCELLANEOUS TAXES

(3) if no such rates or tariffs exist, then on the basis of a reasonable charge for such transportation, as determined by the Commissioner.

Monthly returns re-

(c) Every person liable for the tax imposed under subsection (a) shall make monthly returns under oath in duplicate and pay such taxes to the collector for the district in which is located his principal place of business or, if he has no principal place of business in the United States, then to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made at such times and in such manner as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe.

Contents.

Part V—Tax on Leases of Safe Deposit Boxes

Leases of safe deposit SEC. 741. TAX ON LEASES OF SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES.

boxes. Rate.

(a) There is hereby imposed a tax equivalent to 10 per centum of the amount collected on or after the fifteenth day after the date of the enactment of this Act, for the use after such date of any safe deposit box, such tax to be paid by the person paying for the use of the safe deposit box.

Effective date.

deposit box, Safe construed.

(b) For the purposes of this section any vault, safe, box, or other receptacle, of not more than 40 cubic feet capacity, used for the safekeeping or storage of jewelry, plate, money, specie, bullion, stocks, bonds, securities, valuable papers of any kind, or other valuable personal property, shall be regarded as a safe deposit box.

Collection.

(c) Every person making any collections specified in subsection (a) shall collect the amount of tax imposed by such subsection from the person paying for the use of the safe deposit box, and shall on or before the last day of each month make a return, under oath, for the preceding month, and pay the tax imposed by subsection (a), to the collector for the district in which is located his principal place of business, or, if he has no principal place of business in the United States, then to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made in such manner as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe.

Monthly returns re-

Contents.

Part VI—Tax on Checks, Etc.

Tax on checks, etc.

SEC. 751. TAX ON CHECKS, ETC.

Rate. Effective date.

(a) There is hereby imposed a tax of 2 cents upon each of the following instruments, presented for payment on or after the 15th day after the date of the enactment of this Act and before July 1, 1934: Checks, drafts, or orders for the payment of money, drawn upon any bank, banker, or trust company; such tax to be paid by the maker or drawer.

Payment.

Collection.

subsection (a) as drawee of such instrument shall collect the amount of the tax imposed under such subsection by charging such amount Monthly returns reagainst any deposits to the credit of the maker or drawer of such instrument, and shall on or before the last day of each month make a return, under oath, for the preceding month, and pay such taxes

quired.

Contents.

Indemnification

(b) Every person paying any of the instruments mentioned in to the collector of the district in which his principal place of business is located, or if he has no principal place of business in the United States, to the collector at Baltimore, Maryland. Such returns shall contain such information and be made in such a manner as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulations prescribe. Every person required to collect any tax

under this section is hereby indemnified against the claims and MISCELLANEOUS TAXES demands of any person for the amount of any payments made in accordance with the provisions of this section.

Part VII—Tax on Boats

Tax on boats.

SEC. 761. TAX ON USE OF BOATS.

(a) On and after July 1, 1932, and on July 1, 1933, and also at the time of the original purchase of a new yacht or other boat by a user, if on any other date than July 1 and before July 1, 1934, there is hereby imposed upon the use of yachts, pleasure boats, power boats, sailing boats, and motor boats with fixed or outboard engines, not used exclusively for trade, fishing, or national defense, a tax at the following rates:

Exceptions.

Effective dates.

(1) Length over 28 feet and not over 50 feet, \$10.

(2) Length over 50 feet and not over 100 feet, \$40. (3) Length over 100 feet and not over 150 feet, \$100.
(4) Length over 150 feet and not over 200 feet, \$150. Rates.

(5) Length over 200 feet, \$200.

(b) In the case of any of the foregoing if foreign built and haddition not owned on January 1, 1926, by a citizen of the United States or by a domestic partnership or corporation, the tax under this section shall be twice the amount of the tax provided in subsection (a).

(c) In determining the length of any of the foregoing, the meas-

urement of over-all length shall govern.

Proportioning tax on

Determining length.

(d) In the case of a tax imposed at the time of the original purchase of a new yacht or boat on any other date than July 1, the amount to be paid shall be the same number of twelfths of the amount of the tax as the number of calendar months (including the month of sale) remaining prior to the following July 1.

(e) This section shall not apply to any yacht or other boat which is used without profit by any benevolent, charitable, or religious organization, exclusively for furnishing aid, comfort, or relief to seamen.

Tax exempt boats.

(f) The taxes imposed by this section shall be collected and paid Regulations governing such manner as the Commissioner, with the approval of the prescribed. Secretary, shall by regulations prescribe.

(g) All provisions of law (including penalties) applicable in Provisions of Reverespect of the taxes imposed by section 702 of the Revenue Act of 1926 applicable. of 1926 shall, in so far as applicable and not inconsistent with this Act, be applicable in respect of the taxes imposed by this section.

Part VIII—Administrative Provisions

SEC. 771. PAYMENT OF TAXES.

The taxes imposed by Parts I, IV, V, and VI of this title shall, will apple to the shall able. without assessment by the Commissioner or notice from the collector, be due and payable to the collector at the time fixed for filing the If the tax is not paid when due, there shall be added as Interest part of the tax interest at the rate of 1 per centum a month from the time the tax became due until paid.

Administrative pro-

Payment of taxes.

When due and pay-

Interest on overdue

SEC. 772. REFUNDS AND CREDITS

(a) Credit or refund of any overpayment of tax imposed by Part I, V, or VI of this title may be allowed to the person who collected the tax and paid it to the United States if such person establishes, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, under such regulations as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may pre-

Refunds and credits. Proof required. Ante, pp. 270, 275, 276.

MISCELLANEOUS TAXES scribe, that he has repaid the amount of such tax to the person from whom he collected it, or obtained the consent of such person to the allowance of such credit or refund.

Refund credited to monthly return

- (b) Any person entitled to refund of tax under Part I, IV, V, or VI of this title paid, or collected and paid, to the United States by him may take credit therefor against taxes due upon any monthly return.
- (c) Any person making a refund of any payment on which tax under Part I or V has been collected, may repay therewith the amount of tax collected on such payment, and the amount of tax so repaid may be credited against the tax under any subsequent return.

Regulations.

SEC. 773. REGULATIONS.

The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, shall prescribe and publish all needful rules and regulations for the enforcement of Parts I, IV, V, and VI of this title.

sions. Vol. 44, p. 91.

Applicability of administrative provi- SEC. 774. APPLICABILITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.

All provisions of law (including penalties) applicable in respect of the taxes imposed by section 500 of the Revenue Act of 1926, shall, in so far as applicable and not inconsistent with this Act, be applicable in respect of the taxes imposed by Parts I, IV, V, and VI of this title.

Title VI-Estate tax amendments. Credit of gift tax on estate tax.

TITLE VI—ESTATE TAX AMENDMENTS

Vol. 44, p. 69,

SEC. 801. CREDIT OF GIFT TAX ON ESTATE TAX.

Section 301 of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended by inserting after subdivision (a) a new subdivision to read as follows:

Credit allowed for gift taxes where gift property included in deceased donor's gross estate.

"(b) (1) If a tax has been paid under Title III of the Revenue in Act of 1932 on a gift, and thereafter upon the death of the donor any amount in respect of such gift is required to be included in the value of the gross estate of the decedent for the purposes of this title, then there shall be credited against the tax imposed by subdivision (a) of this section the amount of the tax paid under such Title III with respect to so much of the property which constituted Limit on amount of the gift as is included in the gross estate, except that the amount of such credit shall not exceed an amount which bears the same ratio to the tax imposed by subdivision (a) of this section as the value (at the time of the gift or at the time of the death, whichever is lower) of so much of the property which constituted the gift as is included in the gross estate, bears to the value of the entire gross estate.

Amount of gift taxes which credit is allowable.

"(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), the amount of tax paid for any year under Title III of the Revenue Act of 1932 with respect to any property shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total tax paid for such year as the value of such property bears to the total amount of net gifts (computed without deduction of the specific exemption) for such year."

Vol. 44, p. 70.

80 per centum credit. SEC. 802. 80 PER CENTUM CREDIT.

(a) Section 301(b) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read as follows:

Credit allowed for estate taxes of States, Ante, p. 245.

"(c) The tax imposed by subdivision (a) of this section shall be credited with the amount of any estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes actually paid to any State or Territory or the District of Columbia, in respect of any property included in the gross estate (not including any such taxes paid with respect to the estate of a

person other than the decedent). The credit allowed by this subdivision shall not exceed 80 per centum of the tax imposed by subdivision (a) (after deducting from such tax the credits provided by ance. subdivision (b)), and shall include only such taxes as were actually paid and credit therefor claimed within four years after the filing in four years. of the return required by section 304, except that-

"(1) If a petition for redetermination of a deficiency has been "(1) If a petition for redetermination of a deficiency has been Additional time if pe-filed with the Board of Tax Appeals within the time prescribed tion of deficiency filed. in section 308, then within such four-year period or before the expiration of 60 days after the decision of the Board becomes

"(2) If, under subdivision (b) of section 305 or subdivision (i) of section 308, an extension of time has been granted for payment tate. of the tax shown on the return, or of a deficiency, then within such four-year period or before the date of the expiration of the

period of the extension.

Refund based on the credit may (despite the provisions of section Refund based on 319) be made if claim therefor is filed within the period above claim filed within Any such refund shall be made without interest, except riod provided. that where the overpayment was made prior to the enactment of the Revenue Act of 1932, then interest shall be allowed and paid on the amount refunded at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the date of the overpayment to the date of such enactment."

(b) If any return required by section 304 of the Revenue Act of 1926 was filed more than three years before the enactment of this Act (except in cases where a petition for redetermination of a deficiency has been filed with the Board of Tax Appeals within the time vol. 44, pp. 74, 75, prescribed in section 308) the credit for estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes shall be determined as if this section had not

been enacted.

SEC. 803. FUTURE INTERESTS.

(a) Section 302(c) of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended by

the Joint Resolution of March 3, 1931, is amended to read as follows: "(c) To the extent of any interest therein of which the decedent plation of or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at of. or after his death, or of which he has at any time made a transfer, plation of death. by trust or otherwise, under which he has retained for his life or for any period not ascertainable without reference to his death or for any period which does not in fact end before his death (1) the served. possession or enjoyment of, or the right to the income from, the property, or (2) the right, either alone or in conjunction with any disposition. person, to designate the persons who shall possess or enjoy the property or the income therefrom; except in case of a bona fide sale for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's Any transfer of a material part of his property in the nature of a final disposition or distribution thereof, made by the within two years of death. decedent within two years prior to his death without such consideration, shall, unless shown to the contrary, be deemed to have been made in contemplation of death within the meaning of this title."

(b) Section 302(f) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read amended. 41, p. 71,

as follows:

"(f) To the extent of any property passing under a general power under a general power of appointment exercised by the decedent (1) by will, or (2) by deed of appointment. executed in contemplation of or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at or after his death, or (3) by deed under which he has retained for his life or any period not ascertainable without riods, added. reference to his death or for any period which does not in fact end

Maximum allow-

Credit claimed with-

Vol. 44, p. 75.

Or granted to avoid undue hardship to es-

Vol. 44, pp. 74, 75.

Vol. 44, p. 84, waived. Interest.

Returns filed over three years ago.

Determination of

Future interests.

Vol. 44, p. 70; Vol. 46, p. 1516, amended.

Gross estate of decedent.

If income for life re-

If retains power of

Exception.

Disposition made

Vol.

Unascertainable pe-

ESTATE TAX AMEND-

before his death (A) the possession or enjoyment of, or the right to the income from, the property, or (B) the right, either alone or in conjunction with any person, to designate the persons who shall possess or enjoy the property or the income therefrom; except in case of a bona fide sale for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth; and "

Vol. 44, p. 80, amended.

(c) The first sentence of section 315(b) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read as follows:

Lien on transfers. Bona fide sales excepted.

"(b) If (1) except in the case of a bona fide sale for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, the decedent makes a transfer, by trust or otherwise, of any property in contemplation of or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment at Unascertainable per or after his death, or makes a transfer, by trust or otherwise, under which he has retained for his life or for any period not ascertainable without reference to his death or for any period which does not in fact end before his death (A) the possession or enjoyment of, or the right to the income from, the property, or (B) the right, either alone or in conjunction with any person, to designate the persons who shall possess or enjoy the property or the income therefrom, or (2) if insurance passes under a contract executed by the decedent in favor of a specific beneficiary, and if in either case the tax in respect

riods added.

Life insurance.

Persons lighte.

contract of insurance, shall be subject to a like lien equal to the amount of such tax." Relinquishment of SEC. 804. RELINQUISHMENT OF DOWER, ETC., AS CONSIDERATION.

thereto is not paid when due, then the transferee, trustee, or beneficiary shall be personally liable for such tax, and such property, to the extent of the decedent's interest therein at the time of such transfer, or to the extent of such beneficiary's interest under such

Section 303(d) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended by adding at the end thereof a new sentence to read as follows:

dower, etc. Vol. 44, p. 73, amend-

Not held a considera-tion "in money or money's worth."

"For the purposes of this title, a relinquishment or promised relinquishment of dower, curtesy, or of a statutory estate created in lieu of dower or curtesy, or of other marital rights in the decedent's property or estate, shall not be considered to any extent a consideration 'in money or money's worth '."

Deductions from SEC. 805. DEDUCTIONS. gross income. Vol. 44, p. 72, amend-

Section 303(a)(1) of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

Funeral expenses.

Administration expenses. Claims against estate. Unpaid mortgages, "(1) Such amounts-"(A) for funeral expenses,

"(B) for administration expenses, "(C) for claims against the estate,

"(D) for unpaid mortgages upon, or any indebtedness in respect to, property where the value of decedent's interest therein, undiminished by such mortgage or indebtedness, is included in the value of the gross estate, and

"(E) reasonably required and actually expended for the sup-

port during the settlement of the estate of those dependent upon the decedent.

Dependent's support during settlement.

Items not included.

Deductions limited to bona fide contracts.

as are allowed by the laws of the jurisdiction, whether within or without the United States, under which the estate is being administered, but not including any income taxes upon income received after the death of the decedent, or property taxes not accrued before his death, or any estate, succession, legacy, or inheritance taxes. The deduction herein allowed in the case of claims against the estate, unpaid mortgages, or any indebtedness shall, when founded upon a promise or agreement, be limited to

the extent that they were contracted bona fide and for an adequate ESTATE TAX AMENDand full consideration in money or money's worth. There shall also be deducted losses incurred during the settlement of estates tions, arising from fires, storms, shipwrecks, or other casualties, or from theft, when such losses are not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, and if at the time of the filing of the return such losses have not been claimed as a deduction for income tax purposes in an income tax return."

MENTS

Additiona! deduc-

SEC. 806. PRIOR TAXED PROPERTY.

(a) Section 303(a)(2) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended ed. to read as follows:

"(2) An amount equal to the value of any property (A) form- from prior decedent. ing a part of the gross estate situated in the United States of any person who died within five years prior to the death of the decedent, or (B) transferred to the decedent by gift within five years prior to his death, where such property can be identified as having been received by the decedent from the donor by gift, or from such prior decedent by gift, bequest, devise, or inheritance, or which can be identified as having been acquired in exchange for property so received. This deduction shall be allowed only where a gift tax imposed under the Revenue Act of 1932, or an estate tax imposed under this or any prior Act of Congress, was finally determined and paid by or on behalf of such donor, or the estate of such prior decedent, as the case may be, and only in the amount finally determined as the value of such property in determining the value of the gift, or the gross estate of such prior decedent, and only to the extent that the value of such property is included in the decedent's gross estate. Where a deduction was allowed first estate but paid prior to second decedent's gross estate in determining the gift tax or the cedent's death. of any mortgage or other lien in determining the gift tax, or the estate tax of the prior decedent, which was paid in whole or in part prior to the decedent's death, then the deduction allowable under this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount so paid. The deduction allowable under this paragraph shall be reduced by an amount which bears the same ratio to the amounts allowed as deductions under paragraphs (1), (3), and (4) of this subdivision as the amount otherwise deductible under this paragraph bears to the value of the decedent's gross estate. Where the property referred of two or more items. to in this paragraph consists of two or more items the aggregate value of such items shall be used for the purpose of computing the deduction."

Prior taxed property. Vol. 44, p. 72, amend-

Gifts, etc.

Deduction if tax was paid by donor, etc.

Limitation.

Computation of.

Deduction from gross

(b) Section 303 (b) (2) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended p. 862, amended. to read as follows:

"(2) An amount equal to the value of any property (A) form
Deduction from gross estate of nonresidents. ing a part of the gross estate situated in the United States of any person who died within five years prior to the death of the States received from decedent, or (B) transferred to the decedent by gift within five prior decedents. years prior to his death, where such property can be identified as having been received by the decedent from the donor by gift, or from such prior decedent by gift, bequest, devise, or inheritance, or which can be identified as having been acquired in exchange for property so received. This deduction shall be allowed only where gift or estate tax where a gift tax imposed under the Revenue Act of 1932, or an paid. estate tax imposed under this or any prior Act of Congress, was finally determined and paid by or on behalf of such donor, or the estate of such prior decedent, as the case may be, and only in the amount finally determined as the value of such property in determining the value of the gift, or the gross estate of such

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Where deduction was allowed prior decedent.

Computation of reduction

Property consisting of two or more items.

Deduction of bequests, etc., to charity. Vol. 44, p. 72, amend-

Deduction limited to pealed.

payment. Vol. 44, p. 74, amend-

Eight years from due

Bond required.

Vol. 44, p. 76, amended.

Extension for four years to avoid hardship in deficiency payment.

Negligence.

prior decedent, and only to the extent that the value of such property is included in that part of the decedent's gross estate which at the time of his death is situated in the United States. Where a deduction was allowed of any mortgage or other lien in determining the gift tax, or the estate tax of the prior decedent, which was paid in whole or in part prior to the decedent's death, then the deduction allowable under this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount so paid. The deduction allowable under this paragraph shall be reduced by an amount which bears the same ratio to the amounts allowed as deductions under paragraphs (1) and (3) of this subdivision as the amount otherwise deductible under this paragraph bears to the value of that part of the decedent's gross estate which at the time of his death is situated in the United States. Where the property referred to in this paragraph consists of two or more items the aggregate value of such items shall be used for the purpose of computing the deduction."

SEC. 807. DEDUCTION OF BEQUESTS, ETC., TO CHARITY.

Sections 303(a) (3) and 303(b) (3) of the Revenue Act of 1926 are amended by inserting after the first sentence of each a new sentence to read as follows:

"If the tax imposed by section 301, or any estate, succession, legacy, actual amount devised. Vol. 45, p. 86, re- or inheritance taxes, are, either by the terms of the will, by the law of the jurisdiction under which the estate is administered, or by the law of the jurisdiction imposing the particular tax, payable in whole or in part out of the bequests, legacies, or devises otherwise deductible under this paragraph, then the amount deductible under this paragraph shall be the amount of such bequests, legacies, or devises reduced by the amount of such taxes."

Extension of time for SEC. 808. EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PAYMENT.

(a) Section 305(b) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read as follows:

"(b) Where the Commissioner finds that the payment on the due date of any part of the amount determined by the executor as the tax would impose undue hardship upon the estate, the Commissioner may extend the time for payment of any such part not to Running of statute exceed eight years from the due date. In such case the amount in suspended. Vol. 44, p. 77, waived. respect of which the extension is granted shall be paid on or before the date of the expiration of the period of the extension, and the running of the statute of limitations for assessment and collection, as provided in sections 310(a) and 311(b), shall be suspended for the period of any such extension. If an extension is granted, the Commissioner may require the executor to furnish a bond in such amount, not exceeding double the amount in respect of which the extension is granted, and with such sureties as the Commissioner deems necessary, conditioned upon the payment of the amount in respect of which the extension is granted in accordance with the terms of the extension."

(b) Section 308(i) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read as follows:

"(i) Where it is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that the payment of a deficiency upon the date prescribed for the payment thereof will result in undue hardship to the estate, the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary (except where the deficiency is due to negligence, to intentional disregard of rules and regulations, or to fraud with intent to evade tax), may grant an

extension for the payment of such deficiency or any part thereof for a period not in excess of four years. If an extension is granted, the Commissioner may require the executor to furnish a bond in such amount, not exceeding double the amount of the deficiency, and with such sureties as the Commissioner deems necessary, conditioned upon the payment of the deficiency in accordance with the terms of the extension. In such case the running of the statute of limitations for assessment and collection, as provided in sections 310(a) and 311(b), waived. Vol. 44, p. 77. shall be suspended for the period of any such extension, and there shall be collected, as a part of the tax, interest on the part of the deficiency the time for payment of which is so extended, at the rate of 6 per centum per annum for the period of the extension, and no other interest shall be collected on such part of the deficiency for such period. If the part of the deficiency the time for payment of which is so extended is not paid in accordance with the terms of the extension, there shall be collected, as a part of the tax, interest on such unpaid amount at the rate of 1 per centum a month for the period from the time fixed by the terms of the extension for its payment until it is paid, and no other interest shall be collected on such unpaid amount for such period."

ESTATE TAX AMEND-MENTS

Bond required.

Running of statute

Interest.

Additional tax.

SEC. 809. LIEN FOR TAXES.

(a) Section 315(a) of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof a new sentence to read as

"If the Commissioner is satisfied that the tax liability of an estate has been fully discharged or provided for, he may, under regulations prescribed by him with the approval of the Secretary, issue his certificate, releasing any or all property of such estate from the lien herein imposed."

(b) Section 613(b) of the Revenue Act of 1928 (relating to liens for estate taxes) is repealed.

SEC. 810. REFUNDS.

(a) Section 319(b) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to ed. read as follows:

"(b) All claims for the refunding of the tax imposed by this title alleged to have been erroneously or illegally assessed or collected must be presented to the Commissioner within three years next after the payment of such tax. The amount of the refund shall not exceed the portion of the tax paid during the three years immediately preceding the filing of the claim, or if no claim was filed, then during the three years immediately preceding the allowance of the refund."

(b) The last sentence of section 319(c) of the Revenue Act of 1926 Vol. 44, p. 85, amended. is amended to read as follows:

"No such refund shall be made of any portion of the tax paid more than four years (or, in the case of a tax imposed by this title, more than three years) before the filing of the claim or the filing of the petition, whichever is earlier."

(c) Title III of the Revenue Act of 1924 is amended by inserting Vol. 43, p. 313, amendafter section 318 a new section to read as follows:

"Sec. 3181/2. The amount of any refund of the tax imposed by Part I of this title shall not exceed the portion of the tax paid during the four years immediately preceding the filing of the claim, or if no claim was filed, then during the four years immediately preceding the allowance of the refund." Lien for taxes.

Vol. 44, p. 80, amend-

Release.

Former provisions repealed.
Vol. 45, p. 875, repealed. Refunds. Vol. 44, p. 84, amend-

Period of limitation

Restriction.

Time restriction.

Limitation on refund.

ESTATE TAX AMEND-

Claims filed prior Vol. 44, p. 84, amend-

(d) Section 319(b) of the Revenue Act of 1926, as amended by this Act, and section 3181/2 of the Revenue Act of 1924, as added by this Act, shall not bar from allowance a claim for refund filed prior to the enactment of this Act which but for such enactment would have been allowable.

Future interests.

SEC. 811. FUTURE INTERESTS—EXTENSION OF TIME FOR PAY-MENT OF TAX.

Vol. 44, p. 74, amend-ed.

Postponement of payment when value of reversionary interest included in gross estate.

(a) Section 305 of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended by adding at the end thereof a new subdivision to read as follows:

Interest.

Regulations govern-

Bond required.

Credit against tax, subject to percentage limitation, allowed.

Ante, p. 278.

Provisions not retro-

"(e) Where there is included in the value of the gross estate the value of a reversionary or remainder interest in property, the payment of the part of the tax imposed by this title attributable to such interest may, at the election of the executor, be postponed until six months after the termination of the precedent interest or interests in the property, and the amount the payment of which is so postponed shall then be payable, together with interest thereon at the rate of 4 per centum per annum from eighteen months after the date of the decedent's death until such amount is paid. postponement of payment of such amount shall be under such regulations as the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary may prescribe, and shall be upon condition that the executor, or any other person liable for the tax, shall furnish a bond in such an amount, and with such sureties, as the Commissioner deems necessary, conditioned upon the payment within six months after the termination of such precedent interest or interests of the amount the payment of which is so postponed, together with interest thereon, as above provided. Such part of any estate, inheritance, legacy, or succession taxes allowable as a credit against the tax imposed by this title as is attributable to such reversionary or remainder interest may be allowed as a credit against the tax attributable to such interest, subject to the percentage limitation contained in section 301 (c), if such part is paid, and credit therefor claimed, at any time prior to the expiration of 60 days after the termination of the precedent interest or interests in the property."

(b) The amendment to section 305 of the Revenue Act of 1926 made by subsection (a) of this section, shall not apply, in the case of estates of decedents dying prior to the date of the enactment of this Act, to that part of any payment of Federal estate taxes made prior to such date which is attributable to a reversionary or

remainder interest in property.

Tax on transfers to avoid income tax.

TITLE VII—TAX ON TRANSFERS TO AVOID INCOME TAX

Imposition of tax.

SEC. 901. IMPOSITION OF TAX.

Provisions for, ex-

There shall be imposed upon the transfer of stock or securities by a citizen or resident of the United States, or by a domestic corporation or partnership, or by a trust which is not a foreign trust, to a foreign corporation as paid-in surplus or as a contribution to capital, or to a foreign trust, or to a foreign partnership, an excise tax equal to 25 per centum of the excess of (1) the value of the stock or securities so transferred over (2) its adjusted basis in the hands of the transferor as determined under section 113 of this Act.

Nontaxable transfers.

SEC. 902. NONTAXABLE TRANSFERS.

The tax imposed by section 901 shall not apply—

Exempt organizations. Ante, p. 193.

(a) if the transferee is an organization exempt from income tax under section 103 of this Act; or

(b) if prior to the transfer it has been established to the satisfac- II laws. tion of the Commissioner that such transfer is not in pursuance of a plan having as one of its principal purposes the avoidance of Federal income taxes.

If not to evade tax

SEC. 903. DEFINITION OF "FOREIGN TRUST".

"Foreign Trust" de-

A trust shall be considered a foreign trust within the meaning of this title if, assuming a subsequent sale by the trustee, outside the United States and for cash, of the property so transferred, the profit, if any, from such sale would not be included in the gross income of the trust under Title I of this Act.

Ante, p. 173.

SEC. 904. PAYMENT AND COLLECTION.

Payment and collec-Due at time of trans-

(a) The tax imposed by section 901 shall, without assessment or notice and demand, be due and payable by the transferor at the time of the transfer, and shall be assessed, collected, and paid under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary.

Regulations.

(b) Under regulations prescribed by the Commissioner with the Abatement, etc., of approval of the Secretary the tax may be abated, remitted, or sion, etc. refunded if after the transfer it has been established to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that such transfer was not in pursuance of a plan having as one of its principal purposes the avoidance of Federal income taxes.

(c) All administrative, special, or stamp provisions of law, including penalties and including the law relating to the assessment of taxes, so far as applicable, are hereby extended to and made a part of this title.

TITLE VIII—POSTAL RATES

Postal rates.

SEC. 1001. POSTAL RATES.

Rate on first - class

(a) On and after the thirtieth day after the date of the enactment matter. of this Act and until July 1, 1934, the rate of postage on all mail matter of the first class (except postal cards and private mailing or post cards, and except other first class matter on which the rate of postage under existing law is 1 cent for each ounce or fraction thereof) shall be 1 cent for each ounce or fraction thereof in addition to the rate provided by existing law.

Duration. Exceptions.

(b) On and after July 1, 1932, and until July 1, 1934, on the portion of publications advertising portion of any publication entered as second-class matter entered as second-class subject to the zone rates of postage under existing law, the rates per pound or fraction thereof for delivery within the eight postal zones established for fourth-class matter shall be as follows:

Rates on advertising

For the first and second zones, 2 cents.

For the third zone, 3 cents. For the fourth zone, 5 cents. For the fifth zone, 6 cents. For the sixth zone, 7 cents. For the seventh zone, 9 cents.

For the eighth zone, and between the Philippine Islands and any portion of the United States, including the District of Columbia and the several Territories and possessions, 10 cents.

(c) Only 85 per centum of the gross postal receipts during the allowances of post-period the increased rate of postage provided in subsection (a) three classes. remains in force shall be counted for the purpose of determining the class of the post office or the compensation or allowances of postmasters or of postal employees of post offices of the first, second, and

Compensation

Basis for computing.

Commissions of those of the fourth class.

third classes. For the purpose of determining the commissions (as distinguished from the compensation and the allowances based thereon) of postmasters of the fourth class, only 85 per centum of the applicable cancellations, collections, and receipts during such period shall be counted.

Administrative and general provisions.

TITLE IX—ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL **PROVISIONS**

Review of decisions of Board of Tax Appeals.

tion reduced. eđ.

Applicable to decisions of this or future

Board of Appeals, fees. Vol. 44, p. 110, amend-

Fee authorized for copying, certifying, etc., records.

Limitation on suits by taxpayer. Vol. 44, p. 116, amend-

Suits to recover erro-neously collected taxes,

Claim for refund to be filed.

Time limitation.

Pending suits not affected.

Suits after enactment based on claims dis-allowed prior to date of

SEC. 1101. REVIEW OF DECISIONS OF BOARD OF TAX APPEALS. (a) Section 1001(a) of the Revenue Act of 1926 (relating to Time for filing peti-time for filing petition for review of decisions of the Board of Tax Vol. 44, p. 109 amend- Appeals) is amended by striking out "within six months after the decision is rendered" and inserting in lieu thereof "within three months after the decision is rendered ".

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall not apply in respect of decisions of the Board of Tax Appeals rendered on or before the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 1102. BOARD OF TAX APPEALS—FEES.

Section 1004(b) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The Board is authorized to fix a fee, not in excess of the fee fixed by law to be charged and collected therefor by the clerks of the district courts, for comparing, or for preparing and comparing, a transcript of the record, or for copying any record, entry, or other paper and the comparison and certification thereof."

SEC. 1103. LIMITATIONS ON SUITS BY TAXPAYERS.

(a) Section 3226 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 3226. No suit or proceeding shall be maintained in any court for the recovery of any internal-revenue tax alleged to have been erroneously or illegally assessed or collected, or of any penalty claimed to have been collected without authority, or of any sum alleged to have been excessive or in any manner wrongfully collected until a claim for refund or credit has been duly filed with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, according to the provisions of law in that regard, and the regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury established in pursuance thereof; but such suit or proceeding may be maintained, whether or not such tax, penalty, or sum has been paid under protest or duress. No such suit or proceeding shall be begun before the expiration of six months from the date of filing such claim unless the Commissioner renders a decision thereon within that time, nor after the expiration of two years from the date of mailing by registered mail by the Commissioner to the taxpayer of a notice of the disallowance of the part of the claim to which such suit or proceeding relates."

(b) Suits or proceedings instituted before the date of the enactment of this Act shall not be affected by the amendment made by subsection (a) of this section to section 3226 of the Revised Statutes. In the case of suits or proceedings instituted on or after the date of the enactment of this Act where the part of the claim to which such suit or proceeding relates was disallowed before the date of the enactment of this Act, the statute of limitations shall be the same as provided by such section 3226 before its amendment by subsection

(a) of this section.

SEC. 1104. DATE OF ALLOWANCE OF REFUND OR CREDIT.

Where the Commissioner has (before or after the enactment of this Act) signed a schedule of overassessments in respect of any lowed when schedule of overassessments signed. internal revenue tax imposed by this Act or any prior revenue Act, the date on which he first signed such schedule (if after May 28, 1928) shall be considered as the date of allowance of refund or credit in respect of such tax.

SEC. 1105. JEOPARDY ASSESSMENT.

(a) If the Commissioner finds that a person liable for tax (other than income tax) under any provision of the internal-revenue laws izes due date collection. designs quickly to depart from the United States or to remove his property therefrom, or to conceal himself or his property therein, or to do any other act tending to prejudice or to render wholly or partly ineffectual proceedings to collect such tax unless such proceedings be brought without delay, the Commissioner shall cause notice of and demand made. such finding to be given such person, together with a demand for an immediate return and immediate payment of such tax, and such tax shall thereupon become immediately due and payable.

(b) If such person (1) is not in default in making any return or paying any tax under the internal-revenue laws, and (2) furnishes to the United States, under regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner with the approval of the Secretary, security approved by the Commissioner that he will duly return and pay the tax to which the Commissioner's finding relates, then such tax shall not be payable

prior to the time otherwise fixed for payment.

SEC. 1106. REFUNDS OF MISCELLANEOUS TAXES.

(a) Subsection (a) of section 3228 of the Revised Statutes, as 44, p. 115, amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following: "The amount of the refund (in the case of taxes other than income, limited. war-profits, excess-profits, estate, and gift taxes) shall not exceed the portion of the tax, penalty, or sum paid during the four years immediately preceding the filing of the claim, or if no claim was filed, then during the four years immediately preceding the allowance of the refund."

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section to sec- funds not barred. tion 3228 of the Revised Statutes shall not bar from allowance a claim for refund filed prior to the enactment of this Act which but for such enactment would have been allowable.

SEC. 1107. ADJUSTMENTS OF CARRIERS' TAX LIABILITIES TO CON- Carries. FORM TO RECAPTURE PAYMENTS.

The Interstate Commerce Commission shall, as soon as practicable conform to recapture after its order with respect to the amount recoverable from any car-payments. rier under the provisions of section 15a of the Interstate Commerce ed Act, as amended, for any year or portion thereof has become final, and such amount, if any, has been paid, certify to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue the amount so paid. If the amount so paid ters from that allowed by such carrier differs from the amount allowed as so recoverable in as recoverable. computing the income or excess profits tax liabilities for any taxable period of such carrier, or of any corporation whose income or excess profits tax liability is affected, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Commissioner. shall determine any deficiency or overpayment attributable to such Notwithstanding any other provision of law, (1) any asset such deficiency may be assessed within two years from the date of such certification, and, if so assessed, shall be paid upon notice and demand from the collector, and (2) any such overpayment may be ment. credited or refunded within two years from the date of such certifica-

Date of allowance of refund or credit.

Considered as allowed when schedule of

Jeopardy assessment.

Immediate collection

Notice to be given

Postponement when security provided, etc.

Miscellaneous taxes.

Vol. 43, p. 342; vol.

Amount of refund

Prior claims for re-

Carriers' Tax Lia-

Vol.41, p. 488, amend-

Assessment of defi-

Refund of overpay-

Vol. 44, p. 113; Vol. 45, p. 874; not affected.

tion, but not after unless, before the expiration of such period, a claim therefor is filed. This section shall not be held to affect the provisions of section 1106 (b) of the Revenue Act of 1926 or 606 of the Revenue Act of 1928.

fenses.

Internal revenue of SEC. 1108. LIMITATION ON PROSECUTIONS FOR INTERNAL REVENUE OFFENSES.

Limit of time for prosecuting, amended.
Vol. 23, p. 122; Vol. 43, p. 341; Vol. 44, p. 114; amended.

(a) The Act entitled "An Act to limit the time within which prosecutions may be instituted against persons charged with violating internal revenue laws," approved July 5, 1884, as amended, and as reenacted by section 1110 of the Revenue Act of 1926, is amended to read as follows:

Three-year period allowed for instituting proceedings.

"That no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished, for any of the various offenses arising under the internal revenue laws of the United States unless the indictment is found or the information instituted within three years next after the commission of the offense, except that the period of limitation shall be six years—

Six years, if offense to defraud the Government, etc.

"(1) for offenses involving the defrauding or attempting to defraud the United States or any agency thereof, whether by conspiracy or not, and in any manner,

Willful attempt at evading, etc., tax.

"(2) for the offense of willfully attempting in any manner to

evade or defeat any tax or the payment thereof, and

Willfully aiding or assisting in presenting false claims, etc.

"(3) for the offense of willfully aiding or assisting in, or procuring, counseling, or advising, the preparation or presentation under, or in connection with any matter arising under, the internal revenue laws, of a false or fraudulent return, affidavit, claim, or document (whether or not such falsity or fraud is with the knowledge or consent of the person authorized or required to present such return, affidavit, claim, or document).

Conspiracy. Vol. 35, p. 1096

"For offenses arising under section 37 of the Criminal Code, where the object of the conspiracy is to attempt in any manner to evade or defeat any tax or the payment thereof, the period of himitation shall also be six years. The time during which the person committing any of the offenses above mentioned is absent from the district wherein the same is committed shall not be taken as any part of the time limited by law for the commencement of such proceedings. Where a complaint is instituted before a commissioner of the United States within the period above limited, the time shall be extended until the discharge of the grand jury at its next session within the district."

not included.

(b) The amendment made by subsection (a) of this section shall apply to offenses whenever committed; except that it shall not apply to offenses the prosecution of which was barred before the date of the enactment of this Act.

Applicable to offenses whenever committed

Exceptions.

Special Disbursing SEC. 1109. SPECIAL DISBURSING AGENTS OF TREASURY. The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to designate agents Internal revenue agents agents in charge of divisions of internal revenue agents to act as special divisions may act as disbursing agents of the Treasury for the payment of all caloring disbursing agents of the Treasury for the payment of all salaries and expenses of such divisions, on giving good and sufficient bond in such form and with such security as the Secretary of the Treasury may approve, notwithstanding section 3144, Revised Statutes, as

R.S., sec. 3144, p.602,

Refund of taxes for SEC. 1110. REFUND OF TAXES FOR TAXABLE YEAR 1918.

Vol. 44, p. 68, amendSection 284(h) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended. Section 284(h) of the Revenue Act of 1926 is amended to read as

Allowance of prior claims, not barred.

follows:

"(h) Except as provided in subdivision (d) this section shall not (1) bar from allowance a claim for credit or refund filed prior to the enactment of this Act which but for such enactment would have been allowable, or (2) bar from allowance a claim in respect of a tax for the taxable year 1918, 1919, or 1920 if such claim is filed before the expiration of five years after the date the return was due."

SEC. 1111. DEFINITIONS.

(a) When used in this Act—

(1) The term "person" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, or a corporation.

(2) The term "corporation" includes associations, joint-stock

companies, and insurance companies.

(3) The term "partnership" includes a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or other unincorporated organization, through or by means of which any business, financial operation, or venture is carried on, and which is not, within the meaning of this Act, a trust or estate or a corporation; and the term "partner" includes a member in such a syndicate, group, pool, joint venture, or organization.

(4) The term "domestic" when applied to a corporation or partnership means created or organized in the United States or under the law of the United States or of any State or Territory.

(5) The term "foreign" when applied to a corporation or partnership means a corporation or partnership which is not domestic.

(6) The term "fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, receiver, conservator, or any person acting in any

fiduciary capacity for any person.

(7) The term "withholding agent" means any person required "Withholding to deduct and withhold any tax under the provisions of section 143 or 144.

(8) The term "stock" includes the share in an association,

joint-stock company, or insurance company.

(9) The term "shareholder" includes a member in an associa-

tion, joint-stock company, or insurance company.

(10) The term "United States" when used in a geographical sense includes only the States, the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii, and the District of Columbia.

(11) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the

Treasury.

(12) The term "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

(13) The term "collector" means collector of internal revenue.
(14) The term "taxpayer" means any person subject to a tax

imposed by this Act.

(b) The terms "includes" and "including" when used in a definition contained in this Act shall not be deemed to exclude other things otherwise within the meaning of the term defined.

SEC. 1112. SEPARABILITY CLAUSE.

If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of the Act, provision not to affect and the application of such provisions to other persons or circum-remainder of Act. stances, shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 1113. EFFECTIVE DATE OF ACT.

Except as otherwise provided, this Act shall take effect upon its enactment.

Approved June 6, 1932, at 5 p. m. 3051°--33----19

Definitions.

"Person."

"Corporation."

"Partnership."

"Domestic."

"Foreign."

"Fiduciary."

"Stock."

"Shareholder."

"United States."

"Secretary."

"Commissioner."

"Collector."

"Taxpayer."

"Includes" and "in-

Separability.

Effective date.

[CHAPTER 210.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 6, 1932. [H. J. Res. 341.] [Pub. Res., No. 23.]

Providing for the suspension of annual assessment work on mining claims held by location in the United States and Alaska.

Mining claims, United States and Alaska. Post, p. 474.

Provision requiring annual work on, suspended for fiscal year 1932.

R. S., sec. 2324, p. 426. U.S.C., p. 955.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision of section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of the United States which requires on each mining claim located, and until a patent has been issued therefor, not less than \$100 worth of labor to be performed, or improvements aggregating such amount to be made each year, be, and the same is hereby, suspended as to all mining claims in the United States, including Alaska, during the fiscal year from July 1, 1931, to July 1, 1932.

Approved, June 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 222.]

AN ACT

June 9, 1932. [S. 4401.] [Public, No. 155.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Farnam Street, Omaha, Nebraska.

Missouri River. Time extended for bridging at Omaha, Nebr.

Vol. 46, pp. 544, 1192, amended. Post, p. 903.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Farnam Street, Omaha, Nebraska, authorized to be built by the Omaha-Council Bluffs Missouri River Bridge Board of Trustees by Act of Congress approved June 10, 1930, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved February 20, 1931, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from June 10, 1932. Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, June 9, 1932.

[CHAPTER 223.]

AN ACT

June 9, 1932. [S. 4581.] [Public, No. 156.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Saint Clair River at or near Port Huron, Michigan:

Saint Clair River. Time extended for bridging, at Port Hu-ron, Mich.

Vol. 46, pp. 809, 1458,

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of the bridge across the Saint Clair River at or near Port Huron, Michigan, authorized to be built by the Great Lakes Bridge Commission by the Act of Congress approved June 25, 1930, heretofore extended by an Act of Congress approved February 28, 1931, are hereby further extended

one and three years, respectively, from June 25, 1932. Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby ex-

pressly reserved.

Approved, June 9, 1932.

[CHAPTER 224.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Commonwealth of Kentucky, by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or the successors of said commission, to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Ohio River at or near Owensboro, and permitting the Commonwealth of Kentucky to act jointly with the State of Indiana in the construction, maintenance, and operation of said bridge.

June 9, 1932. [S. 4635.] [Public, No. 157.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to promote interstate commerce, improve the postal service, and more bridge, at Owensboro. adequately provide for military and other purposes the Common-wealth of Kentucky, by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or the successors of said commission, be, and it hereby is, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Ohio River at or near Owensboro, Kentucky, and the approaches thereto, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this

Ohio River.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

SEC. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the Commonwealth of Ken-Acquisition of real tucky and the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or the suction, approaches, etc. cessors of said commission, all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, and/or operation of such bridge and the approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which such real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

Sec. 3. The Commonwealth of Kentucky, by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or the successors of said commission, hereby is authorized to fix and charge tolls for transit over such bridge, and the rates of toll so fixed shall be the legal rates until changed by the Secretary of War under the authority contained in the Act of March 23, 1906.

Condemnation pro-

Tolls authorized.

Vol. 34, p. 85.

SEC. 4. If tolls are charged for the use of the bridge, the rates of eration, sinking fund, toll to be charged shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund not to etc. exceed an amount sufficient to pay the reasonable costs of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge and its approaches under economical management, and not to exceed an amount, in addition to the foregoing, to provide a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the aggregate cost of the bridge and its approaches, including reasonable interests and financing costs, as soon as possible under reasonable charges, but within a period not exceeding twenty-five years from the date of approval of this Act. In any event tolls shall be Basis if bonds issued, charged on the basis aforesaid for transit over the bridge if revenue bonds of the Commonwealth of Kentucky are issued to provide money to pay all or any part of the cost thereof, and such tolls shall be continued and adjusted at such rates as may be necessary to pay

revenue

such bonds with interest thereon and any lawful premium for the retirement thereof before maturity, subject only to the power of the Secretary of War or other authorized Federal authority to regulate such rates.

Maintenance as free bridge after costs amor-

After a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the cost of the bridge and approaches shall have been provided to the extent hereinabove required, the bridge shall thereafter be maintained and operated free of tolls, or the rates of toll shall thereafter be so adjusted as to provide a fund of not to exceed the amount necessary for the proper care, repair, maintenance, and operation of the bridge and its approaches. An accurate record of the cost of the bridge and its approaches, the expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating same, and of the daily tolls collected shall be kept and shall be avail-Tolls to be uniform. able for the information of all persons interested. Tolls shall be uniform as between individuals and as between vehicles of the same class using the bridge.

Record of expendi-

tures and receipts.

Discretionary rights of State.

Sec. 5. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as requiring tolls to be charged for the use of such bridge, except as hereinabove provided, and nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the Commonwealth of Kentucky, acting by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or its successors, from paying all or any part of the cost of such bridge and its approaches from the State road fund, or from paying all or any part of the cost of maintenance, repair, or operation of such bridge from the State road fund of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Cooperative agreement with Indiana respecting construction, maintenance, etc.

Sec. 6. At any time before or after the completion of such bridge the Commonwealth of Kentucky, acting by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, and the State of Indiana, acting by and through the Indiana State Highway Commission, may enter into such cooperative agreement as may be agreed upon between said States, relating to the construction, financing, maintenance, and/or operation of such bridge, and the State of Indiana may acquire such interest in the bridge as may be agreed upon between said States, and upon such terms as may be agreed upon-all, however, subject to the limitations in this Act expressly provided or necessarily implied.

Amendment.

SEC. 7. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, June 9, 1932.

[CHAPTER 225.]

AN ACT

June 9, 1932. [S. 4636.] [Public, No. 158.]

Authorizing the Commonwealth of Kentucky, by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or the successors of said commission, to construct, maintain, and operate a toll bridge across the Ohio River at or near Cairo, Illinois, and permitting the Commonwealth of Kentucky to act jointly with the State of Illinois in the construction, maintenance, and operation of

Ohio River. Kentucky, etc., may bridge, at Cairo, Ill.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to promote interstate commerce, improve the postal service, and more adequately provide for military and other purposes the Commonwealth of Kentucky, by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or the successors of said commission, be, and it hereby is, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Ohio River at or near Cairo, Illinois, and the approaches thereto, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this

SEC. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the Commonwealth of Ken-tucky and the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or the suc-tion, approaches, etc. cessors of said commission, all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, and/or operation of such bridge and the approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which such real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

SEC. 3. The Commonwealth of Kentucky, by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or the successors of said commission, hereby is authorized to fix and charge tolls for transit over such bridge, and the rates of toll so fixed shall be the legal rates until changed by the Secretary of War under the authority con-

tained in the Act of March 23, 1906.

SEC. 4. If tolls are charged for the use of the bridge, the rates of toll to be charged shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund not to etc. exceed an amount sufficient to pay the reasonable costs of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge and its approaches under economical management, and not to exceed an amount, in addition to the foregoing, to provide a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the aggregate cost of the bridge and its approaches, including reasonable interests and financing costs, as soon as possible under reasonable charges, but within a period not exceeding twenty years from the date of approval of this Act. In any event, tolls shall be charged on the basis aforesaid for transit over the bridge if revenue bonds of the Commonwealth of Kentucky are issued, to provide money to pay all or any part of the cost thereof, and such tolls shall be continued and adjusted at such rates as may be necessary to pay such bonds with interest thereon and any lawful premium for the retirement thereof before maturity, subject only to the power of the Secretary of War or other authorized Federal authority to regulate such

After a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the cost of the bridge Maintenance as free and approaches shall have been provided to the extent hereinabove tized. Maintenance as free and approaches shall have been provided to the extent hereinabove tized. required, the bridge shall thereafter be maintained and operated free of tolls, or the rates of toll shall thereafter be so adjusted as to provide a fund of not to exceed the amount necessary for the proper care, repair, maintenance, and operation of the bridge and its approaches. An accurate record of the cost of the bridge and its approaches, the expenditures for maintaining, repairing, and operating same, and of the daily tolls collected shall be kept and shall be available for the information of all persons interested. Tolls shall be uniform as between individuals and as between vehicles of the same class using the bridge.

Sec. 5. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as requiring tolls to be charged for the use of such bridge, except as hereinabove provided, and nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the Commonwealth of Kentucky, acting by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, or its successors, from paying all or any part of the cost of such bridge and its approaches from the State

Condemnation pro-

Tolls authorized. Vol. 34, p. 85.

Rates, applied to op-eration, sinking fund,

Basis revenue bonds issued.

Record of expendi-

Tolls to be uniform.

Discretionary rights

road fund, or from paying all or any part of the cost of maintenance, repair, or operation of such bridge from the State road fund of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

Cooperative Cooperative agree-ment with Illinois as to construction, maintenance, etc.

Sec. 6. At any time before or after the completion of such bridge, the Commonwealth of Kentucky, acting by and through the State Highway Commission of Kentucky, and the State of Illinois, acting by and through the Illinois State Highway Commission, may enter into such cooperative agreement as may be agreed upon between said States, relating to the construction, financing, maintenance, and/or operation of such bridge, and the State of Illinois may acquire such interest in the bridge as may be agreed upon between said States, and upon such terms as may be agreed upon. All, however, subject to the limitations in this Act expressly provided or necessarily implied.

Amendment.

Sec. 7. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, June 9, 1932.

[CHAPTER 230.]

AN ACT

June 10, 1932. [H. R. 79.] [Public, No. 159.]

To provide for conveyance of a portion of the Liston Range Rear Lighthouse Reservation, New Castle County, State of Delaware, for highway purposes.

tion, Delaware.

way purposes.

Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Liston Range Rear United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Lighthouse Reserva of Commerce in beauty of Commerce is hereby authorized to transfer and convey by quit-Portion of, conveyed claim deed to the State of Delaware the following-described parcel to Delaware for high- of land situate in New Costle Country and being a second of the Trice of land situate in New Castle County and being a part of the Liston Range Rear Lighthouse Reservation:

Beginning at a point on the westerly side of the Liston Range Rear Light Station Reservation, Delaware, which point is the southwesterly corner of the lighthouse reservation as described in deed dated March 18, 1904, and from which the Liston Range Rear Light Station tower bears north forty degrees nineteen minutes ten seconds east three hundred and thirty-one and seventy-three one-hundredths feet, running thence from point of beginning seventy-four degrees nine minutes true nine hundred and eighteen feet along the center line of the concrete roadway pavement (which is also the present southerly boundary line of the reservation) to the southeast corner of the lighthouse reservation, thence two hundred and eighty-eight degrees twenty-four minutes true fifty-three and five one-hundredths feet to a stone monument, thence two hundred and fifty-four degrees nine minutes true six hundred and seventy-eight and thirty-two one-hundredths feet along the present fence line approximately parallel to the center line of the concrete roadway pavement to a point, thence along a curved line with radius of approximately eleven hundred and sixteen feet approximately parallel to the center line of the concrete roadway pavement about one hundred and sixtyeight feet to a stone monument on the westerly lighthouse reservation line, thence one hundred and ninety-eight degrees twenty-four minutes true fifty-one and thirty-eight one-hundredths feet along the westerly boundary of the lighthouse reservation to the point of beginning, containing sixty-two hundredths acres, more or less, the same to be held and made available permanently by said State as a public highway under such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for use thereof by the public.

SEC. 2. The Lighthouse Service shall have an unrestricted right at all times to use the said highway for the purpose of access to and

Use, by Lighthouse Service.

egress from the said lighthouse reservation: Provided, That should the State of Delaware fail to keep and hold the said strip of land user. for roadway purposes or devote it to any use inconsistent with said purposes then title to said land shall revert to and be reinvested in the United States and the deed or instrument of conveyance shall recite said reversionary rights herein reserved.

Proviso. Reversion for non-

Approved, June 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 231.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Fort Hancock-Porvenir Bridge Company, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Rio Grande at Fort Hancock, Texas.

June 10, 1932. [H. R. 10585.] [Public, No. 160.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate international commerce, improve the postal service, and nir Bridge Company provide for military and other purposes, the Fort Hancock-Porvenir Bridge Company, its successors and assigns he and is bank. Bridge Company, its successors and assigns, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Rio Grande, so far as the United States has jurisdiction over the waters of such river, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at Fort Hancock, Texas, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act, required. and subject to the approval of the proper authorities in the Republic

Rio Grande.

Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the Fort Hancock-Porvenir Sec. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the Fort Hancock-Porvenir Acquisition of real Bridge Company, its successors and assigns, all such rights and tion, approaches, etc. powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate, and other property in the State of Texas needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State of Texas, upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84. Approval of Mexico

expropriation of property for public purposes in such State. SEC. 3. The said Fort Hancock-Porvenir Bridge Company, its successors and assigns, is hereby authorized to fix and charge tolls for transit over such bridge in accordance with any laws of Texas applicable thereto, and the rates of toll so fixed shall be the legal rates until changed by the Secretary of War under the authority contained in the Act of March 23, 1906.

Tolls authorized.

Condemnation pro-

Vol. 34, p. 85.

Right to sell, etc., conferred.

Sec. 4. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the rights, powers, and privileges, conferred by this Act is hereby granted to Fort Hancock-Porvenir Bridge Company, its successors and assigns; and any corporation to which or any person to whom such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred, or who shall acquire the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise, is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon such corporation or person.

SEC. 5. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, June 10, 1932.

Amendment.

[CHAPTER 232.]

AN ACT

June 10, 1932. [H. R. 11020.] [Public, No. 161.]

Authorizing the Louisiana Highway Commission to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Pearl River at or near Pearlington, Mississippi.

Pearl River. Louisiana may bridge, at Pearlington,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate interstate commerce, improve postal service, and provide for military and other purposes, the Louisiana Highway Commission be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Pearl River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Pearlington, Mississippi, in accordance with the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Acquisition of real estate, etc., for location, approaches, etc.

SEC. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the Louisiana Highway Commission all such rights and powers to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State in which such real estate or other property is situated, upon making just compensation therefor, to Condemnation pro be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

ceedings.

SEC. 3. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, June 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 233.]

AN ACT

June 10, 1932. [H. R. 11081.] [Public, No. 162.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a free highway bridge across the Sabine River where Louisiana Highway Numbered 21 meets Texas Highway Numbered 45.

Sabine River. Time extended for bridging, between Ver-non Parish, La., and Newton County, Tex. Vol. 45, p. 1083; Vol. 46, p. 1169, amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Sabine River where Louisiana Highway Numbered 21 meets Texas Highway Numbered 45, authorized to be built by the State of Louisiana and the State of Texas by the Act of Congress approved January 19, 1929, heretofore extended by Act of Congress approved February 18, 1931, are hereby further extended one and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof. Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, June 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 234.]

AN ACT

June 10, 1932. [H. R. 11085.] [Public, No. 163.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Sabine River where Louisiana Highway Numbered 6 meets Texas Highway Numbered 21.

amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Sabine River.

Time extended for United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for bridging, between Sabine Parish, La., and Sabine County, Tex.

Vol. 46, p. 1169, Highway Numbered 21 authorized to be built by the State of Lawing Sabine River where 21 authorized to be built by the State of Lawing Sabine River where 21 authorized to be built by the State of Lawing Sabine River where 21 authorized to be built by the State of Lawing Sabine River where 21 authorized to be built by the State of Lawing Sabine River where 21 authorized to be built by the State of Lawing Sabine River where Louisiana Highway Numbered Sabine River where River where River where River where River where River where Highway Numbered 21, authorized to be built by the State of Louisiana and the State of Texas, by an Act of Congress approved February 18, 1931, are hereby extended one and three years, re-

spectively, from date of approval hereof.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, June 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 235.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Boca Chica Bridge Company, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Rio Grande at Boca Chica, Texas.

June 10, 1932. [H. R. 11246.] [Public, No. 164.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate international commerce, improve the postal service, and company may bridge, provide for military and other purposes, the Boca Chica Bridge at Boca Chica, Tex. Company, its successors and assigns be and is bounded. Company, its successors and assigns, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Rio Grande, so far as the United States has jurisdiction over the waters of such river, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at Boca Chica, Texas, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906, subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act, and subject also to the approval of the International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, El Paso, Texas, and of the proper authorities in the Republic of Mexico.

Rio Grande.

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Consent required.

SEC. 2. There is hereby conferred upon the Boca Chica Bridge Acquisition of real Company, its successors and assigns, all such rights and powers tion, approaches, etc. to enter upon lands and to acquire, condemn, occupy, possess, and use real estate and other property in the State of Texas needed for the location, construction, operation, and maintenance of such bridge and its approaches as are possessed by railroad corporations for railroad purposes or by bridge corporations for bridge purposes in the State of Texas upon making just compensation therefor, to be ascertained and paid according to the laws of such State, and the proceedings therefor shall be the same as in the condemnation or expropriation of property for public purposes in such State.

Condemnation proceedings.

Tolls authorized.

Vol. 34, p. 85.

SEC. 3. The said Boca Chica Bridge Company, its successors and assigns, is hereby authorized to fix and charge tolls for transit over such bridge in accordance with any laws of Texas applicable thereto. and the rates of toll so fixed shall be the legal rates until changed by the Secretary of War under the authority contained in the Act of March 23, 1906.

SEC. 4. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the conferred. Right to sell, etc., rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Act is hereby granted to Boca Chica Bridge Company, its successors and assigns; and any corporation to which or any person to whom such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred, or who shall acquire the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise, is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon such corporation or person.

SEC. 5. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, June 10, 1932.

Amendment.

ICHAPTER 236.1

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 10, 1932. [H. J. Res. 305.] [Pub. Res., No. 24.]

For the improvement of Meridian Hill Park.

sphere for, accepted.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Meridian Hill Park, United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Director of armillary of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital is authorized to accept on behalf of the United States the gift of an armillary sphere designed by C. Paul Jennewein to be placed in Meridian Hill Park in the District of Columbia. The United States Approval of Fine shall be put to no expense in connection with such gift. The plan, design, and location of such sphere shall be subject to the approval

No Federal expense.

of the National Commission of Fine Arts. Approved, June 10, 1932.

[CHAPTER 239.]

AN ACT

June 11, 1932. [S. 3765.] [Public, No. 165.]

To authorize the Secretary of War to lend War Department equipment for use at the fourteenth national convention of the American Legion at Portland, Oregon, during the month of September, 1932.

American Legion. Loan of Army cots, stc., for annual con-vention of, at Portland, Oreg.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary

of War is authorized to lend at his discretion, to the Oregon National

Provisos. No Federal expense.

Convention Commission of the American Legion, for use at the fourteenth national convention of the American Legion to be held at Portland, Oregon, in the month of September, 1932, twenty thousand cots, forty thousand blankets, forty thousand bed sheets, twenty thousand pillows, twenty thousand pillowcases, and twenty thousand mattresses or bed sacks: Provided, That no expense shall be caused the United States Government by the delivery and return of said property, the same to be delivered at such time prior to the holding of the said convention as may be agreed upon by the Secretary of War and the Oregon National Convention Commission of the American Legion, through the executive vice president of the Oregon National Convention Commission of the American Legion, Ben F. Dorris: Provided further, That the Secretary of War, before deliv-

ering said property, shall take from the said Oregon National Convention Commission of the American Legion a good and sufficient bond for the safe return of said property in good order and condi-

Bond required.

tion, and the whole without expense to the United States. Approved, June 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 240.]

AN ACT

June 11, 1932 [H. R. 5052.] [Public, No. 166.]

To authorize the incorporated town of Juneau, Alaska, to use the funds arising from the sale of bonds in pursuance to the Act of Congress of February 11, 1925, for the purpose either of improving the sewerage system of said town or of constructing permanent streets in said town:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Juneau, Alaska. Funds from bond States of America in Congress assembled, That the incorsale for sewer or street porated town of Juneau, Alaska, is hereby authorized and emiprovement. powered to use the funds arising from the sale of bonds issued in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress of February 11, 1925, for the purpose either of improving the sewerage system

Vol. 43, amended. Supervision of Com-mon Council.

of said town or of constructing permanent streets in said town.

Sec. 2. That the Common Council of said town is hereby authorized to direct the amount, if any, of the funds arising from said bonds that shall be used for either or both of said purposes.

Approved, June 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 241.]

AN ACT

To authorize the incorporated town of Petersburg, Alaska, to issue bonds in any sum not exceeding \$100,000 for the purpose of improving and enlarging the capacity of the municipal light and power plant, and the improvement of the water and sewer systems, and for the purpose of retiring or purchasing bonds heretofore issued by the town of Petersburg.

June 11, 1932. [H. R. 6487.] [Public, No. 167.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the incorporated town of Petersburg, Alaska, is hereby authorized and public improvements. empowered to issue bonds in any sum not exceeding \$100,000, to be used for the following purposes, namely: The sum of \$40,000 for necessary improvements to the municipal electric light and power plant, owned by the town of Petersburg, Alaska, and the transmission lines and distribution system and for the purpose of doubling the capacity of said electric light and power plant; the sum of \$25,000 for necessary improvements to the water system and water supply and sewer system of the town of Petersburg, Alaska, and the distribution systems thereof; and the sum of \$35,000 to be used to purchase or retire outstanding bonds of the said town of Petersburg, Alaska, which bear interest at the rate of 7 per centum per annum.

Objects specified.

SEC. 2. That before such bonds shall be issued, a special election special election to shall be ordered by the common council of the town of Petersburg, Alaska, and held in the manner pursuant to law after legal notice thereof, at which election the question of the issuance of said bonds shall be submitted to the qualified electors of said town of Petersburg, whose names appear on the last assessment roll or tax roll of said town for the purposes of municipal taxation. Not less than 30 days' notice of such election shall be given in a newspaper printed and published in said town, and of general circulation, before the date fixed for such election.

Retirement of outstanding bonds.

Notice of.

Conduct of election.

Condition.

Interest rate, sale,

Proviso. Redemption.

Signature and official

Sec. 3. That said election shall be conducted in all respects in accordance with existing statutes enacted by Congress and the legislature of the Territory of Alaska, and the canvass of the returns of said election shall be as far as possible and practicable in accordance with the requirements of existing laws governing general or special elections in said municipality. Said bonds shall be issued only upon condition that a majority of the votes cast at such election in said town, shall be in favor of the issuance of such bonds.

Sec. 4. That the bonds above specified, when authorized to be etc. issued as hereinbefore provided, shall bear interest at a rate to be fixed by the common council of the city of Petersburg, Alaska, before the issuance of such bonds and which said interest shall not exceed 6 per centum per annum, payable semiannually, and the same shall not be sold for less than their par value with accrued interest, and they shall be in denominations not exceeding \$1,000 each, the principal to be due in twenty-five years from the date thereof: Provided, That the common council of the town of Petersburg may reserve the right to pay off said bonds or any portion thereof in numerical order at the rate of not to exceed \$15,000 thereof per annum from and after the expiration of five years from the date of issuance of such bonds as shown on the face thereof. The principal and interest shall and interest. be payable in lawful money of the United States of America at the office of the town treasurer of the town of Petersburg, Alaska, or at such bank or banks or such place or places as may be designated by the common council of the town of Petersburg, Alaska, such place or places of payment to be designated and set forth in each of the respective bonds issued: Provided further, That each of such seal bonds shall bear the written signature of the mayor and clerk of the

town of Petersburg, Alaska, at the time of their issuance, and there

Use of funds restrict-

Sale of bonds.

shall be impressed thereon the official seal of said town.

Sec. 5. That no part of the funds arising from the sale of said bonds shall be used for any purpose other than that specified in this Act, and such bonds shall be sold only when, and in such amounts as the common council shall direct, and the proceeds thereof shall be Division of proceeds. dispensed for the purposes hereinbefore mentioned and under the orders and directions of the said common council from time to time as the same may be required for said purposes hereinabove set forth.

Approved, June 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 242.]

AN ACT

June 11, 1932. [H. R. 9259.] [Public, No. 168.]

To amend section 106 of the Act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary (U.S.C., title 28, sec. 187).

Northern division.

Central division.

Western division.

Terms.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States courts. United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 106 U.S. C., p. 889, amend of the Act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the South Dakota judi-cial district. Southern division.

general pudiciary (U.S.C., title 28, sec. 187) be amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 106. The State of South Dakota shall constitute one judicial district, to be known as the district of South Dakota. The territory embraced on the 1st day of January, 1932, in the counties of Aurora, Beadle, Bon Homme, Brookings, Brule, Charles Mix, Clay, Davison, Douglas, Gregory, Hanson, Hutchinson, Kingsbury, Lake, Lincoln, McCook, Miner, Minnehaha, Moody, Sanborn, Turner, Union, and Yankton, and in the Yankton Indian Reservation, shall constitute the southern division of said district; the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Brown, Campbell, Clark, Codington, Corson, Day, Deuel, Edmunds, Grant, Hamlin, McPherson, Marshall, Roberts, Spink, and Walworth, and in the particular territory set apart and reserved for the use and benefit of the Sisseton and Wahpeton Bands of the Sioux Tribe of Indians, and known as the Lake Traverse Reservation, and in that portion of the Standing Rock Indian Reservation lying in South Dakota, shall constitute the northern division; the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Armstrong, Buffalo, Dewey, Faulk, Haakon, Hand, Hughes, Hyde, Jackson, Jerauld, Jones, Lyman, Potter, Stanley, Sully, and Ziebach, and in the Cheyenne River, Lower Brule, and Crow Creek Indian Reservations, shall constitute the central division; and the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Bennett, Butte, Custer, Fall River, Harding, Lawrence, Meade, Mellette, Pennington, Perkins, Shannon, Todd, Tripp, Washabaugh, and Washington, and in the Rosebud and Pine Ridge Indian Reservations, shall constitute the western division. Terms of the district court for the southern division shall be held at Sioux Falls on the third Tuesday in March and the third Tuesday in October; for the northern division, at Aberdeen on the third Tuesday in April and the second Tuesday in November; for the central division, at Pierre on the second Tuesday in May and the first Tuesday in October; and for the western division, at Deadwood on the first Tuesday in June and the first Tuesday in Septemoffices of clerks, etc. ber. The clerk of the district court shall maintain an office in charge of himself or a deputy at Sioux Falls, at Pierre, at Aberdeen, and at Deadwood, which shall be kept open for the transaction of the business of the court."

Approved, June 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 243.]

AN ACT

To provide for the transportation of certain juvenile offenders to States under the law of which they have committed offenses or are delinquent, and for other purposes.

June 11, 1932. [H. R. 10598.] [Public, No. 169.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of cooperating with States (and for the purposes of this Act states, when punish-federal words "State" and "States" shall include the District of Co-laws. lumbia) in the care and treatment of juvenile offenders, whenever any person under twenty-one years of age shall have been arrested, charged with the commission of any crime punishable in any court of the United States or of the District of Columbia, and, after investigation by the Department of Justice, it shall appear that such person has committed a criminal offense or is a delinquent under the laws of any State that can and will assume jurisdiction over such juvenile and will take him into custody and deal with him according to the laws of such State, and that it will be to the best interest of the United States and of the juvenile offender to surrender the offender to the authorities of such State, the United cution relinquished. States attorney of the district in which such person has been arrested is authorized to forego the prosecution of such person and surrender him as herein provided.

Juvenile offenders.

Jurisdiction.custody.

Delivery by United States marshal to prop-

Proviso. Condition.

Fugitives from jus-

R. S. sec. 5278, p. 1022. U. S. C., p. δ11.

Fund available for

It shall be the duty of the United States marshal of such district upon written order of the United States attorney to convey such erauthority. person to such State or, if already therein, to any other part thereof and deliver him into the custody of the proper authority or authorities thereof: Provided, That before any person is conveyed from one State to another under the authority herein given, such person shall signify his willingness to be so returned, or there shall be presented to the United States attorney a demand from the executive tice. authority of the State to which the prisoner is to be returned, supported by indictment or affidavit as prescribed by section 5278, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 662), in cases of demand on State authorities. The expense incident to the transportation, as Fund expenses. herein authorized, of any such person shall be paid from the appropriation "Salaries, Fees, and Expenses, United States Marshals."

Approved, June 11, 1932.

ICHAPTER 244.1

AN ACT

To authorize conveyance to the United States of certain lands in the State of Arizona for use of the United States in maintaining air-navigation facilities, and for other purposes.

June 11, 1932 [H. R. 10926.] [Public, No. 170.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to accept on behalf of the United States title from the State of Arizona to all of section 18, township 22 north, range 8 west, and the northeast quarter of section 31, southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 30, and the west half of the northwest quarter of section 32, township 9 south, range 10 east, Gila and Salt River meridian, Arizona, and in exchange therefor may patent to the State of Arizona an approximately equal area of surveyed, unreserved, unappropriated, nonmineral public lands within the State.

Air navigation facilities, Arizona.
Exchange of lands for, authorized.

Description.

Purposes declared.

The land to be acquired by the United States under this Act shall be used by the Department of Commerce in maintaining air-navigation facilities. If at any time this land or any portion thereof should not be needed for such purpose the Secretary of the Interior shall, upon advice to that effect by the Secretary of Commerce, restore said land or such portion to the public domain for disposition under applicable law.

Approved, June 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 245.]

AN ACT

June 13, 1932. [H. R. 7123.] [Public, No. 171.]

To amend the Act of March 2, 1917 (39 Stat. 983; U. S. Code, title 25, sec. 242):

Osage County, Okla. Manufacture and sale of alcohol in.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of March 2, 1917 (39 Stat. 983; U. S. Code, title 25, sec. 242), declaring all of Osage County, Oklahoma, to be Indian country within the meaning of the Acts of Congress making it unlawful to introduce intoxicating liquors in the Indian country, shall be, and the same is hereby, amended by adding the following thereto: "Except that the Vol. 39, p. 983; U. S. C., p. 705, amended. manufacture and sale of industrial and beverage alcohol for lawful purposes shall be permitted in said Osage County, in accordance with the laws of the United States pertaining to the regulation of such industry."

Approved, June 13, 1932.

[CHAPTER 246.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 13, 1932. [H. J. Res. 429.] [Pub. Res. No. 25.]

To amend section 625 (a) of the Revenue Act of 1932.

Revenue Act of 1932,

fied.

Ante, p. 269.

Deliveries under contract before June 21,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 625 (a) of Tax exemption of the Revenue Act of 1932 is amended by striking out the words "or to May 1, 1932, modi- with any person other than a dealer", and by adding at the end thereof a new sentence as follows: "If any article has, under a contract of the character above described, been delivered, prior to June 21, 1932, to any person (other than a dealer or other than a person intending to use the article as material in the manufacture or production of another article, or to sell it on or in connection with, or with the sale of, another article), no tax shall be collected under this title."

Approved, June 13, 1932.

[CHAPTER 247.]

AN ACT

June 14, 1932. [S. 1768.] [Public, No. 172.]

To provide for the opening and closing of roads within the boundaries of the District of Columbia workhouse property at Occoquan, Fairfax County, Virginia.

Conveyance to Virginia, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the District of Columbia Workhouse property, Occoquan, Va. W. Sioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorsioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to convey to the State of Virginia, or to the county of Fairfax in said State, a strip of land fifty feet wide to be used as a public thoroughfare running southerly for a distance of approximately one thousand seven hundred feet from the Fairfax Courthouse Road to the Telegraph Road in Fairfax County, Virginia, as shown on map numbered 1595, filed in the office of the Surveyor of the District of Columbia: Provided, That the State of Virginia, or the county of Fairfax in said State, shall convey to the District of Columbia change. for private use as part of the workhouse property a portion of Telegraph Road running southwesterly for a distance of approximately nine hundred feet from the Fairfax Courthouse Road to the fiftyfoot strip herein authorized to be conveyed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, as shown on map numbered 1595, filed in the office of the Surveyor of the District of Columbia.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

Proviso. Conveyance in ex-

[CHAPTER 248.]

AN ACT

To authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to close certain alleys and to set aside land owned by the District of Columbia for alley purposes.

June 14, 1932. [S. 3929.] [Public, No. 173.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, in authorized. authorized to close the alley in square 2740, abutting lots 9 to 14, both inclusive, and extending east from the sixteen-foot alley in said square; to close the alleys in square 3268 extending south from Sheridan Street to the twenty-foot alley running east and west through said square, and to close all that portion of the alley ten feet wide in square 4541 abutting lots 803 and 804, and extending northerly from Rosedale Street to the ten-foot alley running east and west in said square, the District of Columbia being the owner of all the property abutting on said alleys herein authorized to be closed in said squares 2740, 3268, and 4541; and the said commissioners are further authorized to close any alleys or parts of alleys in the District of Columbia when, in their judgment, such alleys, or parts of alleys, are rendered useless and unnecessary by reason of the acquisition of abutting land for municipal purposes: Provided, That the District of Columbia, prior to the closing of any abutting land required. such alley or part of alley, has acquired title to all the land abutting on the alley or part of alley proposed to be closed: Provided further, That the title to the land comprised in the alleys or parts of revert to the District. alleys so closed shall revert to the District. alleys so closed shall revert to the District of Columbia: And provided further, That no property owner within the block where such alleys or parts of alleys are closed shall be deprived of the right of access to his property by alleys or parts of alleys, unless adequate access to such property be substituted therefor.

SEC. 2. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby Authority conferred to set aside any District further authorized to set aside for alley purposes any land owned by the District of Columbia whenever it becomes necessary to prosary. vide additional area for alleys by reason of the closing of any alley or part of any alley: Provided, That in each case the area set aside for alley purposes shall not exceed the area of the alley or part of

alley closed.

Sec. 3. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall given. cause public notice to be given, by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the District of Columbia, of any order to be made by the said commissioners under the authority granted them by the provisions of this Act: Provided, That such public notice shall be given not less than thirty days prior to the effective date of such order: And provided further, That if any interested prop-

District of Columbia. Closing certain alleys

Provisos

Right of access.

Proviso. Area limited.

Public notice to be

Time provision.

Hearings.

erty owner affected adversely by such order shall request a public hearing by the said commissioners, within thirty days prior to the effective date of the order, the said commissioners shall grant such hearing.

Necessary maps to be

Sec. 4. That any and all necessary maps showing the action taken prepared by surveyor. by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia under the provisions of this Act shall be prepared by the surveyor of the District of Columbia, approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and ordered by said commissioners to be recorded in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 249.]

AN ACT

June 14, 1932. [S. 4106.] [Public, No. 174.] To provide for the closing of certain streets and alleys in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

District of Columbia. Designated streets and alleys in, closed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to close R Street for its full width from the east boundary of parcel 224/27 to the west building line of Sixteenth Street; to close Fifteenth Street for its full width from the north line of R Street to the southeasterly building line of Fairlawn Avenue; to close part of Q Street abutting lot 23 in square 5598; to close all public alleys in square 5598, and to close the public alley sixteen feet wide in square 5604 extending south from R Street to the south line of lots 101 and 802 in said square 5604, all in the southeast section of the District of Columbia, the ground within the lines of the parts of streets and alleys so closed to revert to the District of Columbia for use for school purposes: Provided, That the owners of all prop-Abutting property erty abutting on the parts of streets and alleys so closed shall consent to such closing.

Reversion to District, for school purposes.

Proviso. owners'

Permanent highways

SEC. 2. That Q Street, located within the boundaries of parcel system.

Certain parcels re- 224/7 and extending from the west line of Sixteenth Street to the moved from plan.

Southeasterly line of Fairlawn Avenue and R Street located within southeasterly line of Fairlawn Avenue, and R Street, located within the boundaries of parcel 224/27, extending from the east building line of Fourteenth Street to the east boundary of said parcel 224/27, are hereby removed from the plan of the permanent system of highways for the District of Columbia.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 250.]

AN ACT

June 14, 1932. [S. 4396.] [Public, No. 175.] To provide for readjustment of street lines and the transfer of land for school, park, and highway purposes, in the northeast section of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

District of Columbia. Readjustment of highways system for school, etc., purposes.

United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to provide for a readjustment of street lines and for the transfer of lands for school, park, and highway purposes in the territory lying south of Riggs Road between First Street and Rock Creek Church Road northeast, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to close the part of Ingraham Street and part of Riggs Road lying within the parcels designated B, C, and E, as shown on map numbered 1672 on file in the office of the

Areas closed.

surveyor of the District of Columbia, the title to the land comprised District, for school uses. within said parcels designated B and E to revert to the District of Columbia for school purposes, and the title to the land comprised within said parcel designated C to be transferred to the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital for park purposes. And the said commissioners are further authorized and the south line of Riggs Road and the north line of Ingraham Street, and to transfer title to the portion of First Street northeast lying between Designated portion and to transfer title to the portion of First Street northeast lying between Designated portion and to transfer title to the portion of First Street northeast lying between Designated portion and to transfer title to the portion of First Street northeast lying between Designated portion and to transfer title to the portion of First Street northeast lying between Designated portion and to transfer title to the portion of First Street northeast lying between Designated portion and to transfer title to the portion of First Street northeast. Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National

Capital for park purposes.

SEC. 2. That the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks

Transfers embraced of the National Capital is hereby authorized and directed to transfer school purposes. to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia all of the land comprised within the parcels designated A and F, as shown on said map numbered 1672, the title to the land comprised within said parcel designated A to revert to the District of Columbia for school purposes, and the title to the land comprised within said parcel Additional land for highway purposes. designated F to revert to the District of Columbia for highway

SEC. 3. The land comprised within the parcel designated D as Certain school propown on said map numbered 1672 is hereby authorized and directed eral Government for shown on said map numbered 1672 is hereby authorized and directed to be abandoned as school property, and the said commissioners shall park purposes. transfer said parcel designated D to the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital for park purposes.

Sec. 4. The surveyor of the District of Columbia is hereby authorized to prepare the necessary plat or plats showing all parcels of land to be transferred, and portions of streets to be closed and transferred, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, with a certificate affixed thereon to be signed by the authorized officials representing the Government agencies designated, after which said plat or plats shall be recorded upon the order of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia; and said plat or plats, when duly recorded in said office when recorded, to constitute legal closing, of the surveyor of the District of Columbia, shall constitute a legal etc. closing of streets and transfer of property for the purposes as set forth in the provisions of this Act.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

Other transfers, for

First Street north-

Certified plats to be prepared by surveyor.

When recorded,

[CHAPTER 251.]

AN ACT

To provide a preliminary examination of the Edisto River and its branches, South and North Edisto, South Carolina, with a view to the control of its floods.

June 14, 1932. [H. R. 8951.] [Public, No. 176.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secre-a preliminary examination to be made of the Edisto River and its branches, South and North Edisto, South Carolina, with a view 45, p. 534. to control of its floods in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for control of the floods of the Mississippi River, and of the Sacramento River, California, and for other purposes," approved March 1, 1917, the cost thereof to be paid from appropriations heretofore or hereafter made for examinations, surveys, and contingencies of rivers and harbors.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

Edisto River, etc. Preliminary exami-

Vol. 39, p. 950; Vol.

Payment of costs.

[CHAPTER 252.]

AN ACT

June 14, 1932. [H. R. 6713.] [Public, No. 177.]

For estimates necessary for the proper maintenance of the Government wharf at Juneau, Alaska.

Juneau, Alaska. Estimates for maintenance of Government wharf at, authorized.

Vol. 44, p. 676.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized to submit, for the consideration of Congress, such estimates as are in his judgment necessary for the proper maintenance of the Government wharf at Juneau, Alaska, constructed under authority contained in Public Resolution Numbered 33, Sixtyninth Congress, approved May 28, 1926.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 253.]

AN ACT

June 14, 1932 [H. R. 7914.] [Public, No. 178.]

Granting the consent of Congress to the States of Montana and Wyoming to negotiate and enter into a compact or agreement for division of the waters of the Yellowstone River.

Montana and Wyo-

President.

Propiso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That consent of Compact for division Congress is hereby given to the States of Montana and Wyoming of waters of Yellow to negotiate and enter into a compact or agreement not later than thorized.

January 1, 1936, providing for an equitable division and apportion-January 1, 1936, providing for an equitable division and apportionment between the States of the water supply of the Yellowstone River and of the streams tributary thereto, upon condition that one Appointment by suitable person, who shall be appointed by the President of the Report to Congress. United States, shall participate in said negotiations as the representative of the United States and shall make report to Congress of the proceedings and of any compact or agreement entered into: Provided, That any such compact or agreement shall not be binding Approval of compact. or obligatory upon either of the parties thereto unless and until the same shall have been approved by the legislature of each of said States and by the Congress of the United States.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 254.]

AN ACT

June 14, 1932. [H. R. 8393.] [Public, No. 179.]

Providing for payment of \$25 to each enrolled Chippewa Indian of the Red Lake Band of Minnesota from the timber funds standing to their credit in the Treasury of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Red Lake Band of United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secre-Chippewa Indians.

Per capita payment tary of the Interior is authorized and directed to withdraw from to, from tribal funds.

the Treasury so much as may be passed as the minimal time. the Treasury so much as may be necessary of the principal timber fund on deposit to the credit of the Red Lake Band of the Chippewa Indians of the State of Minnesota and to make therefrom payment of \$25 to each enrolled Chippewa Indian of the Red Lake Band of Minnesota, under such regulations as such Secretary shall prescribe. No payment shall be made under this Act until the Chippewa Indians of the Red Lake Band of Minnesota shall, in such manner as such Secretary shall prescribe, have accepted such payments and ratified the provisions of this Act. The money paid to the Indians

under this Act shall not be subject to any lien or claim of whatever

Acceptance, etc.

Payments not sub-ject to any lien, etc.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

nature against any of said Indians.

[CHAPTER 255.]

AN ACT

To amend an Act (ch. 300) entitled "An Act authorizing the Coos (Kowes) Bay, Lower Umpqua (Kalawatset), and Siuslaw Tribes of Indians of the State of Oregon to present their claims to the Court of Claims," approved February 23, 1929 (45 Stat. 1256).

June 14, 1932. [H. R. 11120.] [Public, No. 180.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act (ch. Lower Um 300) entitled "An Act authorizing the Coos (Kowes) Bay, Lower dians, oreg. Umpqua (Kalawatset), and Siuslaw Tribes of Indians of the Former A State of Oregon to present their claims to the Court of Claims," ing, amended. Vol. 45, 1 approved February 23, 1929 (45 Stat. 1256), be, and the same amended. hereby is, amended by omitting, in line 20, the words "township 26 south, range 7 west" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "township 15 south, range 6 west."

Claims of Coos Bay, ower Umpqua In-

Former Act respect-1256,

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 256.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to exchange the Federal building site in Dover, New Jersey, for another site.

June 14, 1932. [H. R. 11337.] [Public, No. 181.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and empowered to at, conveyed to city in exchange by the usual quit-claim deed, without expense to the United exchange. States (when title becomes vested in the Government) the Federal building site located on the northwest corner of Dickerson and Warren Streets at Dover, New Jersey, now under contract to be purchased by the United States, for a site offered by the city of Dover, located on Sussex Street and Morris Street extended: Provided, That the exchange herein set forth shall be subject to such conditions as to the improvements on the Sussex Street site to be made by the city of Dover as may be required by the Secretary of the Treasury, and free rental to the Government of the present postoffice quarters located on the Dickerson Street site until the new post-office building is completed and occupied. These conditions to be assented to by the city of Dover in order to equalize the price of the Sussex Street site. In the event that the exchange as herein set forth is consummated it is further provided that the unexpended available. balance of the appropriation authorized in the Act of Congress Vol. 46, p. 1591. balance of the appropriation authorized in the Act of Congress approved March 4, 1931, for a site and building at Dover, New Jersey, is hereby made available for the construction of the new building on said Sussex Street site.

Dover, N. J. Federal building site

Proviso. Conditions.

Assent required.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 257.]

AN ACT

Authorizing a per capita payment of \$50 to the members of the Menominee Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin from funds on deposit to their credit in the Treasury of the United States.

June 14, 1932. [H. R. 12045.] [Public, No. 182.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Wisconsin. Menominee Indians of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to withdraw from the fund in the Treasury of the United States on deposit to the credit of the Menominee Indians in the State of Wisconsin a suffi-

Per capita payment to, from tribal funds.

cient sum to make therefrom a per capita payment or distribution of \$50, in two equal installments of \$25 each on or about October 15, 1932, and on or about January 15, 1933, to each of the living members on the tribal roll of the Menominee Tribe of Indians of the State of Wisconsin, under such rules and regulations as the said Secretary may prescribe.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 258.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 14, 1932. [S. J. Res. 41.] [Pub. Res., No. 26.]

Granting consent of Congress to a compact or agreement between the commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey creating the Delaware River Joint Commission and specifying the powers and duties thereof.

Delaware River Joint Commission. Compact between Pennsylvania and New Jersey for creation of, Preamble.

Whereas, pursuant to act numbered 200 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved June 12, 1931, and chapter 391 of the Laws of New Jersey, approved June 30, 1931, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey have entered into a certain compact or agreement, which said compact or agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania on behalf of said Commonwealth, and by the New Jersey Interstate Bridge Commission on behalf of said State; and

Whereas the aforesaid agreement or compact is in substantially the

following form, that is to say:

"Whereas the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey are the owners of a certain bridge across the Delaware River between the city of Philadelphia in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the city of Camden in the State of New Jersey; and

"Whereas the Pennsylvania Commission, existing by virtue of act numbered 338 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved July 9, 1919 (Pamphlet Laws, 814), and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and the New Jersey Interstate Bridge Commission, existing by virtue of chapter 271 of the Laws of New Jersey of 1929, and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, are acting jointly under the name of the Delaware River Bridge Joint Commission in connection with the operation and maintenance of said bridge; and

"Whereas the interests of the people of the two States will be best served by consolidating the two commissions in corporate form, and granting additional powers and authority thereto with reference to the said bridge, and to other and further means of communication between the two States in the vicinity of Philadelphia

and Camden; and

"Whereas additional transportation facilities between the two States in the vicinity of Philadelphia and that part of New Jersey opposite thereto will be required in the future for the accommodation of the public and the development of both States; and

"Whereas both States have mutual interests in the development of the Delaware River from Philadelphia and Camden to the sea, and particularly in developing the facilities and promoting the more extensive use of the ports of Philadelphia and Camden by coastwise, intercoastal, and foreign vessels; and

"Whereas it is highly desirable that there be a single agency of both States empowered to further the aforesaid interests of both

States: Now, therefore

"The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jer- Pennsylvania and New Jersey agreement. sey do hereby solemnly covenant and agree each with the other, as follows:

"ARTICLE I

"There is hereby created a body corporate and politic to be known as the Delaware River Joint Commission (hereinafter in this agreement called the 'Commission'), which shall constitute the public corporate instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey for the following public purposes, and which shall be deemed to be exercising an essential governmental function in effectuating such purposes, to wit:

"(a) The operation and maintenance of the bridge owned jointly by the two States and the city of Philadelphia, as its interests may appear, across the Delaware River between the city of Philadelphia in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the city of Camden in the State of New Jersey, including its approaches, and the making

of additions and improvements thereto.

"(b) The effectuation, establishment, construction, operation, and maintenance of railroad or other facilities for the transportation of passengers across the said bridge, including extensions thereof to the vicinity of Race Street and Eighth Street in the city of Philadelphia, and to the vicinity of Carman Street and Haddon Avenue

in the city of Camden.

"(c) The investigation of the necessity for additional means of communication between the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in the vicinity of Philadelphia and the State of New Jersey opposite thereto, and between the ports of Philadelphia and Camden and the sea, and making of such studies, surveys, and estimates as may be necessary to determine the feasibility and cost of any such additional means of communication, whether the same be by bridge. tunnel, canal, or otherwise.

"(d) Cooperation with all other bodies interested or concerned with or affected by the promotion, development, or use of the Dela-

ware River.

"(e) The procurement from the Government of the United States of any consents which may be requisite to enable any project within its powers to be carried forward.

"(f) The promotion of the Delaware River as a highway of

commerce between Philadelphia and Camden and the sea.

"(g) The promotion of increased commerce on the Delaware River, both freight and passenger, and, for this purpose, the publication of such literature and the adoption of such means as may be deemed appropriate.

"(h) To study and make recommendations to the proper authorities for the improvement of terminal, lighterage, wharfage, warehouse, and other facilities necessary for the promotion of commerce

on the Delaware River.

"(i) Institution, through the attorneys general of Pennsylvania and New Jersey, of or intervention in any litigation involving rates, preferences, rebates, or other matters vital to the interests of the

ports of the Delaware River.

"(j) Any other functions which may be of mutual benefit to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, in so far as concerns the promotion and development of the ports of Philadelphia and of Camden, and the use by commercial vessels of their facilities.

Corporation created.

Purposes;

"ARTICLE II

bership.

"The commission shall consist of sixteen commissioners, eight resident voters of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and eight resident voters of the State of New Jersey, who shall serve without

compensation.

"The first eight commissioners for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall be the governor of the Commonwealth, the auditor general, the State treasurer, the mayor of the city of Philadelphia, and the four additional persons now serving as members of the Pennsylvania Commission, existing by virtue of act numbered 338 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved July 9, 1919 (Pamphlet Laws, 814), and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto.

"The first eight commissioners for the State of New Jersey shall be the eight individuals now holding office, as members of the New Jersey Interstate Bridge Commission, existing by virtue of chapter 271 of the laws of said State of 1929, approved May 6, 1929, and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, which said eight individuals are hereby appointed by said State as such commissioners, who shall serve for their unexpired terms as members of the New Jersey Interstate Bridge Commission. Succeeding commissioners shall be elected by the legislature to serve for terms of five years.

"For the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the governor, the auditor general, the State treasurer, and the executive head of the city of Philadelphia, in office at the time, shall always be members of the commission, and, in addition thereto, there shall be four members appointed by the governor, who shall be known as appointive members. Whenever a vacancy occurs in the appointive membership of the commission, the governor shall appoint a member to serve for a term of five years from the date of his appointment.

"For the State of New Jersey, whenever a vacancy in the office of commissioner shall occur, such vacancy shall be filled for the unexpired term by the legislature. If the legislature shall not be in session when the vacancy occurs, such vacancy shall be filled by the governor, and such appointee shall hold office until the legis-

lature convenes.

"All commissioners shall continue to hold office after the expiration of the terms for which they are appointed or elected unless and until their respective successors are appointed and qualified, but no period during which any commissioner shall hold over shall be deemed to be an extension of his term of office for the purpose of computing the date on which his successor's term expires.

"ARTICLE III

Commissioners create board.

"The commissioners shall have charge of the commission's propto erty and affairs, and shall, for the purpose of doing business, constitute a board, but no action of the commissioners shall be binding unless a majority of the members of the commission from Pennsylvania and a majority of the members of the commission from New Jersey shall vote in favor thereof.

"ARTICLE IV

Powers.

"For the effectuation of its authorized purposes, the commission is hereby granted the following powers:

"(a) To have perpetual succession.

"(b) To sue and be sued.

"(c) To adopt and use an official seal.

"(d) To elect a chairman, vice chairman, secretary, and treasurer, and to adopt suitable by-laws for the management of its affairs. The secretary and treasurer need not be members of the commission.

"(e) To appoint such other officers, and such agents and employees as it may require for the performance of its duties, and fix and determine their qualifications, duties, and compensation.

"(f) To enter into contracts.

"(g) To acquire, own, hire, use, operate, and dispose of personal

property.

"(h) To acquire, own, use, lease, operate, and dispose of real property and interests in real property, and to make improvements

"(i) To grant the use of, by franchise, lease, or otherwise, and to make charges for the use of, any property or facility owned or controlled by it.

"(j) To borrow money upon its bonds or other obligations either

with or without security.

"(k) To exercise the right of eminent domain.

"(l) To determine the exact location, system and character of, and all other matters in connection with, any and all improvements or facilities which it may be authorized to own, construct, establish,

effectuate, operate, or control.

- "(m) In addition to the foregoing, to exercise the powers, duties, authority, and jurisdiction heretofore conferred and imposed upon the aforesaid Pennsylvania Commission and upon the aforesaid New Jersey Interstate Bridge Commission, severally, or upon both of said commissions jointly, by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the State of New Jersey, or both of the said two States; and
- "(n) To exercise all other powers, not inconsistent with the constitutions of the two States or of the United States, which may be reasonably necessary or incidental to the effectuation of its authorized purposes or to the exercise of any of the foregoing powers, except the power to levy taxes or assessments, and generally to exercise, in connection with its property and affairs and in connection with property within its control, any and all powers which might be exercised by a natural person or a private corporation in connection with similar property and affairs.

"ARTICLE V

"If for any of its authorized purposes (including temporary construction purposes), the commission shall find it necessary or con-licuse. venient to acquire any real property in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the State of New Jersey, whether for immediate or future use, the commission may find and determine that such property, whether a fee simple absolute or a lesser interest, is required for public use, and, upon such determination, the said property shall be deemed to be required for a public use until otherwise determined by the commission, and, with the exceptions hereinafter specifically noted, the said determination shall not be affected by the fact that such property has theretofore been taken for or is then devoted to a public use, but the public use in the hands or under the control of the commission shall be deemed superior to the public use in the hands or under the control of any other person, association, or corporation.

"If the commission is unable to agree with the owner or owners thereof upon terms for the acquisition of any such real property in

the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for any reason whatsoever, then the commission may acquire such real property in the manner provided by act Numbered 338 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, approved July 9, 1919, and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, for the acquisition of real property by the aforesaid

Pennsylvania Commission.

"If the commission is unable to agree with the owner or owners thereof upon terms for the acquisition of any such real property in the State of New Jersey for any reason whatsoever, then the commission may acquire and is hereby authorized to acquire such property, whether a fee simple absolute or a lesser interest, by condemnation or the exercise of the right of eminent domain, either under and pursuant to the provisions of the act of the State of New Jersey, entitled 'An Act to regulate the ascertainment and payment of compensation for property condemned or taken for public use' (revision of 1900, approved March 20, 1900), and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, or under and pursuant to the provisions of an act entitled 'An Act concerning and regulating acquisition and taking of lands by the State of New Jersey, or any agency thereof; providing a procedure therefor, and the manner of making compensation for lands so taken,' approved April 21, 1920, and the various acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto. "The power of the commission to acquire real property by con-

"The power of the commission to acquire real property by condemnation or the exercise of the power of eminent domain in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey shall be a continuing power and no exercise thereof shall be deemed to

exhaust it.

"The commission and its duly authorized agents and employees may enter upon any land in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the State of New Jersey, for the purpose of making such surveys, maps, or other examinations thereof, as it may deem necessary or con-

venient for its authorized purposes.

"However, anything to the contrary contained in this compact notwithstanding, no property now or hereafter vested in or held by any county, city, borough, village, township or other municipality or port district shall be taken by the commission without the consent of such municipality or port district unless expressly authorized so to do by the Commonwealth or State in which such municipality or port district is located. All counties, cities, boroughs, villages, townships, and other municipalities, and all public agencies and commissions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, notwithstanding any contrary provision of law, are hereby authorized and empowered to grant and convey to the commission upon its request, but not otherwise, upon reasonable terms and conditions, any real property which may be necessary or convenient to the effectuation of its authorized purposes, including real property already devoted to public use.

property already devoted to public use.

"The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey hereby consent to the use and occupation by the commission of any real property of the said two States, or of either of them, which may be or become necessary or convenient to the effectuation of the authorized purposes of the commission, including lands lying

under water and lands already devoted to public use.

"The term 'real property' as used in this compact, includes lands, structures, franchises, and interests in land, including lands under water and riparian rights, and any and all things and rights usually included within the said term, and includes not only fees simple absolute but also any and all lesser interests, such as easements,

Condemnation proceedings.

Surveys, maps, etc.

"Real property" construed.

rights of way, uses, leases, licenses, and all other incorporeal hereditaments, and every estate, interest, or right, legal or equitable, including terms of years and liens thereon by way of judgments, mortgages, or otherwise, and also claims for damage to real estate.

"ARTICLE VI

"The control, operation, tolls, and other revenues of the aforesaid across Delaware River. existing bridge across the Delaware River between the city of Philadelphia and the city of Camden, and of all real and personal property appurtenant thereto or used in connection therewith, shall vest in the commission on the 1st day of July, 1931, and the terms of the members of the aforesaid Pennsylvania Commission and the aforesaid New Jersey Interstate Bridge Commission shall cease and terminate on that date.

"On or before the 30th day of June, 1932, or as soon thereafter as practicable, the commission shall pay to the Commonwealth of Penn-Jersey." sylvania, the State of New Jersey, and the city of Philadelphia the following sums out of moneys, raised by said commission on its

bonds or other obligations:

"(a) An amount equal to the moneys contributed by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania toward the cost of acquiring property for and constructing said bridge and the approaches thereto, and expenditures incident thereto, with interest at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, such interest to be computed from the dates on which installments of such funds were paid to the Delaware River Bridge Joint Commission by the said Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as shown by the records of its State treasurer, less, however, the amount returned to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania from the net revenues of the bridge between July 1, 1926, and June 30, 1931, and less interest, at the rate of 4 per centum per annum, upon such amount computed from the dates of repayment to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

"(b) An amount equal to the moneys contributed by the State of New Jersey toward the cost of acquiring property for and constructing said bridge and the approaches thereto, and expenditures incident thereto, with interest theretofore actually paid by the State of New Jersey or accrued upon the bonds issued by said State to borrow money to pay its share of the cost of acquiring property for, and construction of, said bridge and the approaches thereto, and all expenditures incident thereto, less, however, the amount returned to the State of New Jersey from the net revenues of the bridge between July 1, 1926, and June 30, 1931, and less interest, at the rate of 41/4 per centum per annum, upon such amount computed

from the dates of repayment to the State of New Jersey.

"(c) An amount equal to the moneys contributed by the city of Philadelphia toward the cost of acquiring property for and constructing said bridge and the approaches thereto, and expenditures incident thereto, with interest theretofore actually paid by the city of Philadelphia or accrued upon the bonds issued by said city to borrow money to pay its share of the cost of acquiring property for and construction of said bridge and approaches thereto, and all expenditures incident thereto, less, however, the amount returned to the city of Philadelphia from the net revenues of the bridge between July 1, 1926, and June 30, 1931, and less interest, at the rate of 41/4 per centum per annum, upon such amount computed from the dates of repayment to the city of Philadelphia.

Payments to Pennand

Net amounts to each.

"(d) As soon as is practicable subsequently to July 1, 1931, the commission shall determine with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the State of New Jersey, and the city of Philadelphia the net amounts due to each, respectively, as of the 1st day of July, 1931, and from that date until the date of payment interest shall be paid by the commission to the Commonweath of Pennsylvania at the rate of 4 per centum per annum and to the State of New Jersey and to the city of Philadelphia at the rate of 4½ per centum per annum.

Manner of payment.

- "(e) The amount payable by the commission to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as aforesaid, shall be paid to the State treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania upon a voucher signed and audited by said State treasurer, who is hereby authorized to consummate the said transaction. The amount payable to the State of New Jersey shall be paid to the comptroller of said State upon a voucher signed and audited by said comptroller, who is hereby authorized to consummate the said transaction. The amount payable to the city of Philadelphia shall be paid to the treasurer of the said city upon a voucher signed and audited by said treasurer, who is hereby authorized to consummate the said transaction. Upon the receipt of the proper payment each of said officials shall certify to the Delaware River Joint Commission that all moneys payable by the Delaware River Joint Commission, to the Commonwealth, State, or city, as the case may be, have been duly paid.
- "(f) Nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, diminish, or impair the rights and obligations created by, or to repeal any of, the provision of chapter 352 of the Laws of New Jersey of 1920, and chapter 262 of the Laws of New Jersey of 1924, and chapter 336 of the Laws of New Jersey of 1926, and chapter 33 of the Laws of New Jersey of 1927, and chapter 64 of the Laws of New Jersey of

1928.

New Jersey sinking fund commission.

- "(g) Of the money paid to the State of New Jersey under the provisions of this agreement, there shall be paid to the sinking fund commission, created by the provisions of the foregoing statutes (chapter 352 of the Laws of New Jersey of 1920 and chapter 262 of the Laws of New Jersey of 1924), such sum or sums as said sinking fund commission may deem necessary to meet the then existing indebtedness and obligations set forth in said statutes, together with such interest and other charges as may be due or may grow due. The amount thus to be paid to the sinking fund commission shall be arrived at and determined by said sinking fund commission within ninety days after payment is made to the State of New Jersey pursuant to the provisions of this agreement. The moneys to be paid to and received by said sinking fund commission are hereby appropriated by the State of New Jersey and are to be used for sinking-fund purposes according to law.
- "(h) No failure on the part of the commission to make the aforesaid payments to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the State of New Jersey, or to the city of Philadelphia, shall affect, diminish, or impair the rights of the holders of any bonds or other securities or obligations of said commission, as security for which the tolls and other revenues of the said bridge may be pledged.

"ARTICLE VII

Power to pledge credit of Pennsylvania not conferred.

"Notwithstanding any provision of this agreement, the commission shall have no power to pledge the credit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or the credit of the State of New Jersey, or the

credit of any county, city, borough, village, township, or other municipality of said Commonwealth or of said State, or to create any debt of said Commonwealth or of said State or of such municipality.

"ARTICLE VIII

"The commission is hereby authorized to make and enforce such Rules, etc., for colrules and regulations, and to establish, levy and collect (or to lection of tolls, etc. authorize by contract, franchise, lease or otherwise, the establishment, levying, and collection of) such tolls, rents, rates, and other charges in connection with the aforesaid existing bridge across the Delaware River, and any other properties which it may hereafter construct, erect, acquire, own, operate or control, as it may deem necessary, proper, desirable and reasonable, which said tolls, rents, rates, and other charges shall be at least sufficient to meet the expenses thereof, including interest and sinking-fund charges; and the commission is hereby authorized and empowered to pledge such tolls, rates, rents, and other revenues, or any part thereof, either presently received or to be received in the future, or both, as security of the repayment, with interest, of any moneys borrowed by it or advanced to it for any of its authorized purposes and as security for the satisfaction of any other obligation assumed by it in connection with such loans or advances.

"ARTICLE IX

"The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey hereby covenant and agree with each other and with the holders of any bonds or other securities or obligations of the commission for which there may or shall be pledged the tolls, rents, rates. or other revenues, or any part thereof, of any property or facility owned, operated, or controlled by the commission (including the said bridge across the Delaware River and the facilities for the transportation of passengers across the said bridge), that (so long as any of said bonds or other securities or obligations remain outstanding and unpaid, and unless and until adequate provision is made by law for the protection of those advancing money upon such obligations) the Commonwealth and the said State will not diminish or impair the power of the commission to own, operate, or control said properties and facilities, or to establish, levy and collect tolls, rents, rates, and other charges in connection with such properties or

Impairment of com-mission's powers.

"The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey hereby covenant and agree with each other and with the holders of any bonds or other securities or obligations of the commission for which the tolls, rents, rates, or other revenues, or any part thereof, of the aforesaid existing bridge across the Delaware River shall have been pledged that the said Commonwealth and the said State will not authorize or permit the authorization of the construction, operation, or maintenance of any additional vehicular bridge or tunnel or any additional bridge or tunnel having railroad or other facilities for the transportation of passengers between the said Commonwealth and the said State over or under the Delaware River by any other person or body than the commission, within a distance of ten miles in either direction from the said bridge measured along the boundary line between the said Commonwealth and the said State.

Additional construc-

"ARTICLE X

Bonds made securities of State.

"The bonds or other securities or obligations which may be issued by the commission for any of its authorized purposes, and as security for which there may be pledged the tolls, rents, rates, and other revenues, or any part thereof, of any properties or facilities owned, operated, or controlled by the commission (including the aforesaid existing bridge across the Delaware River and the aforesaid facilities for the transportation of passengers across the said bridge), are hereby made securities in which all State and municipal officers and bodies of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and State of New Jersey, all banks, bankers, trust companies, savings banks, saving and loan associations, investment companies, and other persons carrying on a banking business, all insurance companies, insurance associations, and other persons carrying on an insurance business, and all administrators, executors, guardians, trustees, and other fiduciaries, and all other persons whatsoever, who are now or hereafter may be authorized to invest in bonds or other obligations of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or of the State of New Jersey, may properly and legally invest any funds, including capital belonging to them or within their control; and said bonds or other securities or obligations are hereby made securities which may properly and legally be deposited with and received by any State or municipal officer or agency of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or the State of New Jersey for any purpose for which the deposit of bonds or other obligations, either of the Commonwealth or of the State, is now or may hereafter be authorized.

"ARTICLE XI

Purposes of construc-

"The effectuation of its authorized purposes by the commission is and will be in all respects for the benefit of the people of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, for the increase of their commerce and prosperity, and for the improvement of their health and living conditions, and since the commission will be performing essential governmental functions in effectuating said purposes, the commission shall not be required to pay any taxes or assessments upon any property, acquired or used by it for such purposes, and the bonds or other securities or obligations issued by the commission, their transfer, and the income thereof (including any profits made on the sale thereof) shall, at all times, be free from taxation within the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey.

"ARTICLE XII

Commission reports.

"The commission shall make annual reports to the Governors and Legislatures of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and the State of New Jersey, setting forth in detail its operations and transactions, and may make such additional reports, from time to time, to the governors and legislatures as it may deem desirable.

"Whenever the commission, after investigation and study, shall have concluded plans, with estimates of cost, and means of financing any new project, other than those described in article 1, subdivision (b) hereof, for transportation across or under the Delaware River within the area hereinbefore described, any new project for the improvement of the Delaware River's port facilities, or any

other project for the mutual advantage of Pennsylvania and New Jersey and coming within the purposes for which it is created, the commission shall make to the legislatures of each State a detailed report, dealing only with the contemplated project, and shall request of said legislatures authority to proceed with the project described; and it shall not be within the power of the commission to construct, erect, or otherwise acquire any facility or project, except those described in article 1, subdivision (b) hereof, unless and until the legislatures of both States shall have authorized the commission to proceed with the project outlined in its special report thereon. "In witness whereof, this 1st day of July, anno Domini, 1931,

Gifford Pinchot has affixed his signature hereto as Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and caused the great seal of the Commonwealth to be attached hereto.

"(SEAL) GIFFORD PINCHOT, "Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

"And on this 1st day of July, anno Domini, 1931, the New Jersey Interstate Bridge Commission by its members, pursuant to law, has signed this agreement for and on behalf of the State of New Jersey.

- "JOHN B. KATES.
- "ARTHUR C. KING.
- "Thomas J. S. Barlow.
- "BARTON F. SHARP.
- "ALFRED COOPER.
- "Frank L. Suplee.
- "Lucius E. Hires.
- "I. Norwood Griscom.

"Witnesses:

- " DAVID J. SMYTH.
- "JOSEPH K. COSTELLO.
- "T. HARRY ROWLAND."

Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United granted. States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to the aforesaid compact or agreement, and to each and every term and provision thereof: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect, impair, or diminish served. any right, power, or jurisdiction of the United States or of any court, department, board, bureau, officer, or official of the United States, over or in regard to any navigable waters, or any commerce between the States or with foreign countries, or any bridge, railroad highway, pier, wharf, or other facility or improvement, or any other person, matter, or thing, forming the subject matter of the aforesaid compact or agreement or otherwise affected by the terms thereof: And provided further, That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this resolution or any part thereof is hereby expressly reserved.

Consent of Congress

Provisos. etc., pre-

Amendment.

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 259.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 14, 1932. [S. J. Res. 97.] [Pub. Res., No. 27.]

Extending for one year the time within which American claimants may make application for payment, under the Settlement of War Claims Act of 1928, of awards of the Mixed Claims Commission and of the Tripartite Claims Commission.

Claims Act.
Time for making applications for payby American claimants extended. Vol. 46, p. 84, amend-

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Settlement of War States of America in Congress assembled, That subsection (g) of making section 2 and subsection (f) of section 5 of the Settlement of War Claims Act of 1928, as amended by Public Resolution Numbered 48, Seventy-first Congress, approved March 10, 1930, are further amended, respectively, by striking out the words "four years" wherever such words appear therein and inserting in lieu thereof the words "five years."

Approved, June 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 265.]

AN ACT

June 15, 1932. [S. 4689.] [Public, No. 183.]

To authorize the closing of certain streets in the District of Columbia rendered useless or unnecessary, and for other purposes.

bia. U Street southwest between First and Half Streets closed.

Proviso. Sale authorized.

Use of receipts.

Assessment.

Water Street south-west, between U and V Streets southwest closed.

property owners.

all claimants.

Assessments against private properties.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the District of Colum- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Comia. United States of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to close, upon the recommendation of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, that portion of U Street southwest, lying between First Street and Half Street southwest, as may be rendered useless or unnecessary by reason of the construction of an electric light and power plant on squares 665 and 667 adjoining said street: Provided, That the said Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall sell to the abutting property owners the land contained within the portion of said street to be closed for cash at a price not less than the assessed value of contiguous lots, and the money received therefrom paid into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District of Columbia, and that such lands shall thereafter be assessed on the books of the assessor of the District of Columbia the same in all respects as other private properties in the District.

SEC. 2. That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby further authorized to close, upon the recommendation of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, that portion of Water Street between U and V Streets southwest; and said com-Title to portion there missioners are hereby authorized to give title to the owners of square 667 abutting on Water Street that portion of Water Street so closed lying west of the direct southerly projection of the west line of Half Street as now existing north of U Street southwest, Subject to receipt of upon notification from the Director of Public Buildings and Public quitclaim deeds from Parks of the National Capital of the receipt from all claimants in absolute quitclaim deeds to the United States of all land in square east of 667, east of the direct southerly projection of the west line of Half Street, as now existing north of U Street southwest, and such other land as may be acquired by the owners of square 667 in square east of south of 667, subject to the right of Pipe lines and tun- said owners to construct and operate any pipe lines and intake and discharge tunnels in or under the same to the Anacostia River, and provided that all of said lands deeded to private owners by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia under this section shall thereafter be assessed on the books of the assessor of the District of Columbia the same in all respects as other private properties in the District of Columbia.

SEC. 3. That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, Authority to conand they are hereby, authorized to grant any and all permits for the take and discharge tundade and they are hereby, authorized to grant any and all permits for the take and discharge tundade and the section of t construction and operation of any pipe lines and intake and discharge tunnels in or under the public streets, roads, and highways south of T Street southwest and east of Second Street southwest to the Anacostia River as may become necessary in the construction, installation, and operation of any electric lighting and power plant, provided the same will not interfere with the development of other property located within this area.

SEC. 4. That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized tunnels, etc., in Anato permit the construction and operation of any intake and discharge costia River. tunnels and/or other structures in the Anacostia River in so far as they affect navigable waters of the United States; and that the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital is hereby authorized, in consideration of the above-mentioned quitclaims to the United States, to convey, on behalf of the United States, to the owners of square 667 that portion of square east of 667 lying west of the direct southerly projection of the west line of Half Street as now existing north of U Street southwest; and that said Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National mitted in area designation. Capital is hereby authorized to permit the construction and operation of any pipe lines and intake and discharge tunnels, upon such terms and conditions as shall be fair and reasonable, under and on any lands owned or claimed by the Government of the United States lying in the above area and/or between the east line of Water Street, or other streets, and the Anacostia River. All areas conveyed by the United States to the owners of square 667 shall thereafter be assessed on the books of the assessor of the District of Columbia the same in all respect as other private properties in the District of Columbia. Approved, June 15, 1932.

nels, etc., conferred.

Restriction.

Conveyances owners of square 667.

Pipe line and tunnel

Private property as-

[CHAPTER 266.]

AN ACT

To authorize the secretary of the Treasury to acquire land adjoining Lawrence (Massachusetts) post-office site.

June 16, 1932. [H. R. 8907.] [Public, No. 184.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision Lawrence, Mass. Acquisition of additional description of Additional lands for postextension and remodeling of the post-office building at Lawrence, Massachusetts, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to provide for the acquisition by the Secretary of the Treasury by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, of such land adjoining said post-office site as may be needed in connection with said extension; and the unexpended balance of the appropriation for said remodeling and extension shall be available for the acquisition of said additional land.

office site. Vol. 46, p. 899.

Approved, June 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 267.]

AN ACT

To authorize the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to close Quintana Place, between Seventh Street and Seventh Place northwest.

June 17, 1932. [S. 3911.] [Public, No. 185.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby closed. authorized, on condition that the expense of moving and relocating the water main now existing be borne by the adjoining property owner, and without other expense to the District of Columbia, to

District of Columbia. Quintana Place

Condition.

Proviso.

Reversion of title thereto.

close Quintana Place, between Seventh Street and Seventh Place northwest, running through square 3160 in the District of Columbia, dedicated as a public highway by plat recorded December 23, 1925, and recorded in book numbered 80, page 173, of the records of the surveyor of the District of Columbia: Provided, That the title to the land lying within the area hereby closed shall revert to the proprietor of the adjoining blocks, the land in the said dedication never having been improved or used as a highway.

Approved, June 17, 1932.

[CHAPTER 268.]

AN ACT

June 17, 1932. [H. R. 4738.] [Public, No. 186.]

To incorporate the Disabled American Veterans of the World War.

Disabled American Veterans of the World War incorporated.

Incorporators.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the following persons, to wit, Robert S. Marx, of Ohio; William J. Donovan, of New York; H. G. Lightner, of Kentucky; A. B. Powell, of Alabama; Glenn E. Miner, of Arizona; George H. H. Pratt, of Arkansas; Volney P. Mooney, junior, of California; A. E. Sherlock, of Colorado; Peter Nugent, of Connecticut; Miles H. Draper, of Florida; William E. Tate, of Georgia; Jesse J. McQueen, of Idaho; Herman H. Weimer, of Illinois; S. G. Smelser, of Indiana; Henry J. Bitters, of Iowa; E. C. Moore, of Kansas; L. C. Mayeux, of Louisiana; F. J. McCarthy, of Maine; George W. Golden, of Maryland; J. W. McQueen, of Missouri; Leon C. Waite, of Massachusetts; L. E. Sharp, of Michigan; George E. Leach, of Minnesota; Quintus E. Camp, of Mississippi; John W. Mahan, of Montan; Leonard D. Densmore, of Nebraska; I. A. Lougaris, of Nevada; E. P. Badger, of New Hampshire; W. J. Dodd, of New Jersey; Carl F. Whittaker, of New Mexico; Malcolm Smith, of North Carolina; H. J. Muehlenbein, of North Dakota; Fletcher Riley, of Oklahoma; Lile Dailey, of Oregon; J. J. O'Leary, of Pennsylvania; Arthur Cole, of Rhode Island; G. G. Blackman, of South Carolina; Albert Haugse, of South Dakota; Reuben D. Hays, of Tennessee; M. A. Harlan, of Texas; Gaylen S. Young, of Utah; Malvern S. Ellis, of Vermont; George D. Simmons, of Virginia; Miles Price, of Washington; W. J. O'Neil, of West Virginia; Reverend G. Stearns, of Wisconsin; and such persons as may be chosen who are members of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, and their successors, are hereby created and declared to be a body corporate. The name of this corporation shall be the "Disabled American Veterans of the World War."

Successors, etc.

Name designated.

Completion of organization.

Sec. 2. That said persons named in section 1, and such other persons as may be selected from among the membership of the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, an unincorporated patriotic society of the wounded and disabled soldiers, sailors, and marines of the Great War of 1917–1918, are hereby authorized to meet to complete the organization of said corporation by the selection of officers, the adoption of a constitution and by-laws, and to do all other things necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this Act, at which meeting any person duly accredited as a delegate from any local or State organizations of the existing unincorporated organization known as the Disabled American Veterans of the World War shall be permitted to participate in the proceedings thereof.

Purposes declared.

Sec. 3. That the purposes of this corporation shall be:
To uphold and maintain the Constitution and the laws of the
United States, to realize the true American ideals and aims for which
those eligible to membership fought; to advance the interests and
work for the betterment of all wounded, injured, and disabled vet-

erans of the World War; to cooperate with the United States Veterans' Administration and all other public and private agencies devoted to the cause of improving and advancing the condition, health, and interests of wounded, injured, or disabled veterans of the World War; to stimulate a feeling of mutual devotion, helpfulness, and comradeship among all wounded, injured, or disabled veterans of the World War; and to encourage in all people that spirit

of understanding which will guard against future wars. Sec. 4. That the corporation created by this Act shall have the following powers: To have perpetual succession with power to sue and be sued in courts of law and equity; to receive, hold, own, use, and dispose of such real estate and personal property as shall be necessary for its corporate purposes; to adopt a corporate seal and alter the same at pleasure; to adopt a constitution, by-laws, and regulations to carry out its purposes, not inconsistent with the laws of the United States or any State; to use in carrying out the purposes of the corporation such emblems and badges as it may adopt; to establish and maintain offices for the conduct of its business; to establish State and Territorial organizations and local chapter or post organizations; to publish a newspaper or other publications devoted to the purposes of the corporation; and generally to do any and all such acts and things as may be necessary and proper in carrying into effect the purposes of the corporation.

Sec. 5. That no person shall be a member of this corporation membership.

unless he-

Any man or woman who was wounded, gassed, injured, or disabled in line of duty while in the service of either the military or naval forces of the United States between the dates of April 6, 1917, and July 2, 1921, and who was in the service between the dates of April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918, and who received an honorable discharge is eligible for membership in the Disabled American Veterans. Others who were disabled while serving with any of the armed forces of the nations associated with the United States during the World War and who are now American citizens and were honorably discharged, are also eligible. There are no honorary bers.

Sec. 6. That the organization shall be nonpolitical, nonsectarian, character. as an organization shall not promote the candidacy of any persons

seeking public office.

Sec. 7. That said corporation may acquire any or all of the assets unincorporated body. of the existing unincorporated national organization known as the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, upon discharging or satisfactorily providing for the payment and discharge of all its liabilities.

Sec. 8. That said corporation and its State and local subdivisions name. shall have the sole and exclusive right to have and to use in carrying out its purposes the name the "Disabled Veterans of the World War."

Sec. 9. That the said corporation shall, on or before the 1st day congress. of January in each year, make and transmit to the Congress a report of its proceedings for the preceding calendar year, including a full and complete report of its receipts and expenditures: Provided, Not printed as a public document. lic document. lic document.

SEC. 10. That as a condition precedent to the exercise of any agents. power or privilege herein granted or conferred the Disabled American Veterans of the World War, shall file in the office of the secretary of each State in which posts, chapters, or subdivisions thereof may be organized the name and post-office address of an authorized agent

Corporate powers.

No honorary mem-

etc..

Exclusive

Proviso.

in such State upon whom legal process or demands against the Disabled American Veterans of the World War may be served.

Authority reserved.

Sec. 11. That the right to repeal, alter, or amend, this Act at any time is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, June 17, 1932.

[CHAPTER 269.]

AN ACT

June 18, 1932. [S. 4736.] [Public, No. 187.]

To authorize The Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company to extend its present track connection with the United States navy yard so as to provide adequate railroad facilities in connection with the development of Buzzards Point as an industrial area in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

District of Columbia.
The Philadelphia,
Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company may extend
tracks, etc., from navy
yard to Buzzards
Point.
Route designated.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That The Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company is hereby authorized to establish a switch connection with the existing track siding leading from Second and I Streets southeast to and into the United States navy yard, at a point in said siding south of M Street southeast, thence running over and across the northwest corner of United States reservation 17 E, at present controlled and occupied by the United States Navy Department for navy yard and ordnance storage purposes, thence over, across, and through square 743 to First Street southeast, thence southward on First Street southeast to and thence along Potomac Avenue to the west line of Second Street southwest, with all necessary switches, extensions, turnouts, and sidings and such other track extensions through and along One-half Street southwest, One-half Street southeast, and Second Street southwest, south of Potomac Avenue and north of Potomac Avenue to P Street as may be or become necessary for the establishment of adequate railroad facilities in connection with the development of Buzzards Point as an industrial area in the District of Columbia.

Lease, etc., of existing track connection with navy yard.

Vol. 39, p. 565.

Provisos.

Supervision of operation.

Authority to construct spurs, sidings,

Proviso.
Construction, etc., subject to prior approval.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to sell and transfer or to lease to The Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, its successors and/or assigns, upon such terms and for such amount as he may deem to be both just and reasonable, the existing railroad track connection with the United States navy yard as constructed and established under authority conferred by an Act of Congress approved August 29, 1916, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes": Provided, That the title to any right of way or property provided by the United States for the purposes of such construction and now occupied by said track connection shall remain in the United States: And provided further, That said track connection, in so far as the requirements of the United States Navy Yard may be affected, at all times shall be maintained and operated by said railroad company, its successors or assigns, to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Navy.

SEC. 3. Said railroad company is hereby authorized to construct, maintain, and operate branch tracks, spurs, or sidings into any lot or square now or hereafter zoned for industrial or second commercial use abutting upon any street or avenue over and along which said railroad company is hereby specifically authorized to lay and operate tracks, and also to construct tracks to serve any wharf which may be established on the Anacostia River: *Provided*, That the construction of all such railroad tracks and appurtenant turnouts, branch tracks, and sidings, in all respects and things, shall be

subject to the prior approval of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia after report by the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, such approval to be noted upon identical copies of a suitably prepared plat or chart, one copy to be kept on file in the office of the engineer commissioner of the District of Columbia and the other thereof to be kept on file in the office of the National

Capital Park and Planning Commission.

Sec. 4. Subject always to the approval of the Commissioners of Location upon, along public the District of Columbia, all such railroad tracks, turnouts, branch space. tracks, spurs, and sidings may be located and constructed in upon. along, and through public grounds, space, and streets of the United States and/or of the District of Columbia as same are now or hereafter may be located and established: *Provided*, That except as herein expressly authorized no tracks, turnouts, branches, spurs, or sidings shall be constructed along or through South Capitol Street or First Street southwest in the north and south direction, at grade or otherwise, but each of said streets, with prior approval of said Commissioners of the District of Columbia, may be crossed to such extent as may be necessary for the establishment of adequate railroad facilities: Provided further, That no permit for the con- designated squares. struction of tracks, turnouts, branches, spurs, or sidings shall be issued with respect to squares 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, and 612, or any of said squares, until the particular square or squares for which a permit is sought shall have been zoned industrial: And buildings subject to approvided further, That the plans for any building fronting on Canal provided for Arts Commission. Street from the Anacostia River to P Street southwest shall have the approval of the Fine Arts Commission as to height and design.

SEC. 5. Nothing herein contained shall be construed as limiting or Application of existabridging the authority of the Commissioners of the District of inglaw respecting elimination of.

Columbia under the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1927 (44 Vol. 44, p. 1352. Columbia under the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. L. 1353), entitled "An Act to provide for the elimination of grade crossings of steam railroads in the District of Columbia, and

for other purposes."

Sec. 6. The Philadelphia, Baltitmore 1 and Washington Railroad demnation of right of Company, its successors or assigns, is hereby authorized to acquire any land or property other than public grounds, space, or streets of the United States or the District of Columbia necessary or expedient for right of way for said track extensions, turnouts, branch tracks, spurs, sidings, and connections by purchase or condemnation. In event that said company, its successors or assigns, shall be unable to acquire any piece or parcel of land necessary or expedient for any of the purposes indicated in this Act, at a price deemed by it to be reasonable, then, and in such event The Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, its successors and assigns, is authorized to acquire the same by condemnation proceedings to be instituted in its own name by petition filed in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia for the ascertainment of its value, in accordance with the provisions of sections 483 to 491, inclusive, of Chapter XV of the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1901, entitled "An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia," as amended by the Act of Congress approved March 1, 1929, entitled "An Act to amend Chapter XV of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes" (45 Stat. L. 1437), so far as the same may be applicable.

Sec. 7. If and when the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall decide to pave or repave any of the streets over or along which tracks are authorized to be constructed, the railroad company shall

Provisos. Exceptions.

Restriction

Vol. 31, p. 1265.

Vol. 45, p. 1437.

Cost of paving, etc.

¹ So in original,

be required to bear the expense of the paving and/or repairs to pavements between the rails and on either side of the tracks for a dis-

Use of facilities.

Jurisdiction of Inter-state Commerce Com-mission. Promisos

Equality of delivery charges.

Joint use of facilities

Condition.

Authority reserved.

tance of two feet.

SEC. 8. The authority to establish, construct, acquire, maintain, and operate the tracks, switch connections, extensions, turnouts, sidings, branches, spurs, and other facilities provided for in this Act is given upon the following conditions, to wit: The said facilities shall

Rates, etc., nondisbe open to any and all freight traffic by rail whether originating within or without the District of Columbia either on the said The Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company or any other common carrier railroad, upon such just, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory rates, terms, and conditions as may be embraced in public tariffs, subject to the jurisdiction of the Interstate Commerce Commission as provided for other rates under the provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act: Provided, That no greater charge shall be made for deliveries to be made upon said facilities than is or are or may be made for delivery of like traffic consigned for delivery at any other delivery point on The Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company in the District of Columbia; special, free, or reduced rates or charges for deliveries of property consigned to the United States or any of its departments, bureaus, or subordinate branches or to or for use of the municipality of the District of Columbia not included: And provided further, That any common carrier by railroad now or hereafter authorized to operate in the District of Columbia shall, upon application to and approval by the Interstate Commerce Commission, be permitted to use jointly all such facilities as provided in this Act on such terms and for such compensation as may be prescribed by the said Interstate Commerce Commission in accordance with the provisions of the Interstate Commerce Act, as amended.

Sec. 9. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby reserved without regard to any payments required or agreements established under its terms.

Approved, June 18, 1932.

[CHAPTER 270.]

AN ACT

June 18, 1932, [H. R. 10048.] [Public, No. 188.]

Granting to the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California certain public and reserved lands of the United States in the counties of Los Angeles, Riverside, and San Bernardino, in the State of California.

Metropolitan Water District of Southern California. Granted certain lands for rights of way, etc. Minerals excepted.

Location.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, subject to the reservation, until their disposition is hereafter expressly directed by law, of all minerals except earth, stone, sand, gravel, and other materials of like character, there is hereby granted to the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, a public corporation of the State of California, all lands belonging to the United States, situate in the counties of Los Angeles, Riverside, and San Bernardino, in the State of California, including trust or restricted Reserved Indian Indian allotments in any Indian reservation or lands reserved for any purpose in connection with the Indian Service, which have not been conveyed to any allottee with full power of alienation, which may be necessary, as found by the Secretary of the Interior, for any Purposes designated. or all of the following purposes: Rights of way; buildings and structures; construction and maintenance camps; dumping grounds; flowage; diverting or storage dams; pumping plants; power plants; canals, ditches, pipes, and pipe lines; flumes, tunnels, and conduits for conveying water for domestic, irrigation, power and other useful

purposes; poles, towers, and lines for the conveyance and distribution of electrical energy; poles and lines for telephone and telegraph purposes; roads, trails, bridges, tramways, railroads, and other means of locomotion, transmission, or communication; for obtaining communication; stone, earth, gravel, and other materials of like character; or any other necessary purposes of said district, together with the right to ferred. take for its own use, free of cost, from any public lands, within such limits as the Secretary of the Interior may determine, stone, earth, gravel, sand, and other materials of like character necessary or useful in the construction, operation, and maintenance of aqueducts, reservoirs, dams, pumping plants, electric plants, and transmission, telephone, and telegraph lines, roads, trails, bridges, tramways, railroads, and other means of locomotion, transmission, and communication, or any other necessary purposes of said district. This grant shall be effective upon (1) the filing by said grantee at any time after the passage of this Act, with the register of the United States local land office in the district where said lands are situated, of a map or maps showing the boundaries, locations, and extent of said lands and of said rights of way for the purposes hereinabove set forth; (2) the approval of such map or maps by the Secretary of the Interior, with such reservations or modifications as he may deem appropriate; (3) the payment of \$1.25 per acre for all Government lands conveyed under this Act other than for the right of way for the aqueduct, and (4) for all lands conveyed in Indian reservations or in Indian allotments which have not been conveyed to the allottee with full power of alienation, the district shall pay for the benefit of the Indians such just compensation as may be determined by the Secretary of the Interior: Provided, That said lands for rights of way shall be along such locations and of such width, not to exceed two hundred and to construction lines, fifty feet, as in the judgment of the Secretary of the Interior may be required for the purposes of this Act: And provided further, That said lands for any of said purposes other than for rights of way for the aqueduct may be of such width or extent as may be determined by the Secretary of the Interior as necessary for such purposes.

Sec. 2. Whenever the lands or the rights of way are the same as are designated on any map heretofore filed by said district or by maps previously filed. the city of Los Angeles in connection with any application for a right of way under any statute of the United States, which said application is still pending, or has been granted, and is unrevoked and has been transferred to and is now owned by said district, then upon the approval by the Secretary of the Interior of any such later map with such modifications and under such conditions as he may sidered date of grant. deem appropriate the rights hereby granted shall, as to such lands or rights of way, become effective as of the date of the filing of said earlier map or maps with the register of the United States local land office.

Sec. 3. If any of the lands to which the said district seeks to acquire title under sections 1 and 2 of this Act are in a national forest, secretary of Agricultus and man or many shall be said many many sha the said map or maps shall be subject to the approval of the Secre-ture. tary of Agriculture so far as national-forest lands are affected; and upon such approval and the subsequent approval by the Secretary By Se Interior. of the Interior, title to said lands shall vest in the grantee upon the date of such subsequent approval.

SEC. 4. Said grants are to be made subject to the rights of all subject rights, etc. claimants or persons who shall have filed or made valid claims. locations, or entries on or to said lands, or any part thereof prior to the effective date of any conflicting grant hereunder, unless prior

Construction mate-Right to obtain, con-

Conditions.

Descriptive map to be furnished.

Approval, etc.

Payment for Government lands.

Indian lands.

Provisos. Grants in conformity

Lands other than for rights of way.

Lands, or rights of ay, designated on

National forest lands.

By Secretary of the

prior

to such effective date proper relinquishments or quitclaims have been procured and caused to be filed in the proper land office.

Reversion for non-

Sec. 5. On the cessation of use of the land granted for the purposes of the grant the estate of the grantee or of its assigns shall terminate and revest in the United States.

Approved, June 18, 1932.

[CHAPTER 271.]

AN ACT

June 22, 1932. [S. 1525.] [Public, No. 189.]

Forbidding the transportation of any person in interstate or foreign commerce, kidnaped, or otherwise unlawfully detained, and making such act a felony.

Transportation of, in interstate or foreign commerce, forbidden.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Kidnaped, etc., per. United States of America in Congress assembled, That whoever shall knowingly transport or cause to be transported, or aid or abet in transporting, in interstate or foreign commerce, any person who shall have been unlawfully seized, confined, inveigled, decoyed, kidnaped, abducted, or carried away by any means whatsoever and held for ransom or reward shall, upon conviction, be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for such term of years as the court, in its discretion, shall determine: Provided, That the term "interstate or Provisos.
"Interstate or foreign commerce," conforeign commerce" shall include transportation from one State, Territory, or the District of Columbia to another State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, or to a foreign country; or from a foreign country to any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia: Conspiracy to vio- Provided further, That if two or more persons enter into an agree-late, etc., punishable.

ment. confederation or constitution of constitut ment, confederation, or conspiracy to violate the provisions of the foregoing Act and do any overt act toward carrying out such unlawful agreement, confederation, or conspiracy such person or persons shall be punished in like manner as hereinbefore provided by this Act.

Approved, June 22, 1932.

ICHAPTER 272.1

AN ACT

June 23, 1932. [S. 1153.] Public, No. 190.]

To provide for the incorporation of credit unions within the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

District of Columbia Credit Unions Act. Short title.

SHORT TITLE

Section 1. This Act may be cited as the "District of Columbia Credit Unions Act."

DEFINITION

"Credit union" defined.

Sec. 2. A credit union is hereby defined to be a cooperative society organized for the purpose of promoting thrift among its members and creating a source of credit for them for provident purposes.

Organization Certifi-

ORGANIZATION CERTIFICATE

Contents of.

Sec. 3. Any seven or more persons, who are actual residents of, or do business or are employed within, the District of Columbia, and who desire to form a credit union, shall subscribe before some officer in the District competent to take the acknowledgment of deeds, an organization certificate which shall specifically state-

First. The name of the corporation, which shall include the words "credit union" and "District of Columbia."

Second. The names and addresses of the subscribers to the certificate and the number of shares subscribed by each.

Third. The par value of the shares of the credit union, which shall not exceed \$10 each.

Fourth. The proposed field of membership, specified in such detail as the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may require.

Fifth. The term of the credit union's existence, which may be perpetual.

Power of Commissioners of the District

SEC. 4. The organization certificate shall be presented to the Comproval of certificate. missioners of the District of Columbia, who may, in their discretion, approve the certificate. The said commissioners are hereby authorized to refer any such proposed certificate to the Comptroller of the ler of the Currency. Currency, who shall, within a reasonable time, submit a report to the said commissioners with respect (1) to the conformity of the certificate to the provisions of this Act, (2) the general character and fitness of the subscribers, and (3) the advisability of establishing a credit union in the proposed field of membership.

Power of District Commissioners.

Examination and ap-

RECORDING CERTIFICATE

Sec. 5. The certificate, if approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, shall be filed for record in the office of the recorder of deeds for the District of Columbia, and shall be recorded by him. At such time as the approved certificate is so filed, the rated subscribers and their successors shall thereupon become a body corporate and as such shall, subject to the limitations of section 8 (relating to approval of by-laws), be vested with all the powers etc. and charged with all the liabilities conferred and imposed by this Act upon corporations organized thereunder as credit unions: Provided, That the last paragraph of section 552 of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia shall have no application to credit unions.

Recording Certificate.

Filing.

Subscribers incorpo-

Post, p. 328.

Powers, liabilities.

Proviso. Fees. Vol. 31, p. 1276, not to apply.

SUPERVISION BY COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

SEC. 6. The provisions of sections 713 and 714 of the Code of to credit unions. Law for the District of Columbia, as now or hereafter amended (relating to supervision by the Comptroller of the Currency of banking institutions in the District of Columbia), shall apply to credit unions, except that the Comptroller of the Currency may relieve credit unions from compliance with any such requirements to such extent and in such manner as he deems will not prejudice the proper conduct of the affairs of such credit unions: Provided, however, That the publication of reports named in section 713 shall not be ports. required of credit unions having assets of less than \$100,000 and waved. fees incident to making the examinations specified in section 714 shall not exceed a basic fee of \$5 and 3 cents per \$1,000 of assets per annum: Provided, however, That it shall be unlawful for any without license unlawsuch credit union to transact business in the District of Columbia without procuring a license from the District of Columbia; and all such credit unions shall pay a license tax of \$15 per annum to the District of Columbia. No license shall be granted for a period longer than one year: Provided, however, That the Commissioners license for cause. of the District of Columbia may suspend or revoke a license upon

Supervision by Comptroller of the Currency.

Vol. 31, pp. 1302, 1303.

Provisos. Publication of re-31, p. 1302,

Examination fees.

Annual tax.

Suspension, etc., of

proof of the bankruptcy or insolvency of any such credit union or upon conviction of a violation of any provision of this Act or of any law or regulation of the District of Columbia or of the United States.

POWERS

Powers of credit

Proviso.

directors, etc.

Renayment.

Maximum loans to

Sec. 7. A credit union shall have succession in its corporate name during its existence and shall have power—

First. To make contracts.

Second. To sue and be sued in its corporate name.

Third. To adopt and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure.

Fourth. To purchase, hold, and dispose of property necessary to

enable the corporation to carry on its operations.

Fifth. To make loans to its members for provident purposes upon such terms and conditions as the by-laws provide and as the credit committee may approve at rates of interest not exceeding 1 per centum per month on unpaid balances, inclusive of all charges incident to the making of the loan: *Provided*, That no loan to a director, officer, or member of a committee shall exceed the amount of his holdings in the company in shares nor shall any such director, officer, or member indorse for borrowers. A borrower may prior to maturity repay his loan in whole or in part on any business day.

Sixth. To receive of its members payment on shares.

Seventh. To invest in the paid-up shares of building and loan associations and of other credit unions to an extent not to exceed 25 per centum of its capital, and in any investment legal for savings banks or for trust funds in the District of Columbia.

Eighth. To make deposits in banks and trust companies in the District of Columbia under the supervision of the Comptroller of the Currency.

Ninth. To borrow in an aggregate outstanding amount not exceed-

ing 40 per centum of its paid-in and unimpaired capital.

Tenth. To fine members for failure to meet promptly their obliga-

tions to such corporation.

Eleventh. To impress a lien upon the shares and dividends of any member to the extent of any loan made to him and any dues or fines payable to him.

By-laws.

By-Laws

Submission, to District Commissioners.

Approval.

Sec. 8. (a) The incorporators shall subscribe, acknowledge, and submit to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia proposed by-laws, and no credit union shall receive payments on account of shares or make any loans until such proposed by-laws have been approved by the commissioners as being in conformity with the provisions of this Act.

Provisions enumerated.

(b) The by-laws shall prescribe the purposes for which the corporation is formed, the qualifications for membership, the date of the annual meeting, the manner of conducting meetings, the methods by which members shall be notified of meetings and the number of members which shall constitute a quorum, the number of directors and the compensation and duties of officers, the number of members of the credit committee, the fines, if any, to be charged for failure of members to meet promptly obligations to the corporation, the amount of the entrance fee, if any, to be paid, and such other regulations as are deemed necessary.

Amendments.

(c) Amendments of the by-laws may be adopted by a three-fourths vote of the members present at any members' meeting, but the amendments shall not take effect until approved by the Commis-

sioners of the District of Columbia as being duly adopted and in proval conformity with the provisions of this Act. The meeting shall be duly called for the purpose and the proposed amendments shall be set forth in the call.

Procedure and ap-

MEMBERSHIP

Membership.

Sec. 9. Credit-union membership shall consist of the incorporators Composition fications, etc. and such other persons or organizations as may be elected to membership and subscribe to at least one share but not more than two hundred shares by any one individual, pay the initial installment thereon, and the entrance fee, if any; except that credit-union membership shall be limited to groups the members of which are actual residents of or do business or are employed within the District of Columbia, and either have a common bond of occupation of association or reside within a well-defined neighborhood or community.

Composition, quali-

MEMBERS' MEETINGS

Meetings.

Sec. 10. The fiscal year of all credit unions shall end Decem-The annual meeting of the corporation shall be held at January, such time during the month of January and at such place as the by-laws shall prescribe. Special meetings may be held in the manner indicated in the by-laws. No member shall be entitled to vote by proxy, but a member other than a natural person may vote through an agent delegated for the purpose. No member shall, irrespective of the number of shares held by him, have more than one vote; and, after a credit union has been incorporated one year, no member thereof shall be entitled to vote until he has been a member for more than three months. All offices of a credit union shall be in the District of Columbia.

Fiscal year. Annual meetings in

Special meetings. Voting restrictions.

Location of offices.

MANAGEMENT

Management.

Sec. 11 (a) GENERAL.—The business affairs of a credit union shall be managed by a board of not less than five directors, a credit committee of not less than three members, and a supervisory committee of three members, to be elected at the annual meeting, and to hold office for such terms, respectively, as the by-laws may provide and until successors qualify; except that prior to the first annual meeting all the business affairs of a credit union shall be managed by the subscribers to the certificate of incorporation. A record of the names and addresses of the members of the board and committees and the officers shall be filed with the Commissioners of the District of Columbia within ten days of their election. No member of the board or of either committee shall, as such, be compensated: Provided, That no person shall be elected to the board or to either committee unless he be duly elected to membership as provided in section 9 of this Act. (b) Officers.—At their first meeting after the annual meeting the

General organization.

Terms of office.

Management by sub-

Election returns.

Pay restrictions.

Proviso. Qualifications.

Officers Election, duties, etc.

directors shall elect from their own number a president, a vice president, a clerk, and a treasurer, who shall be the executive officers of The offices of clerk and treasurer may be held by the corporation. the same person. The duties of the officers shall be as determined in the by-laws, except that the treasurer shall be the general manager of the corporation.

Directors. Powers, duties, etc.

(c) Directors.—The board of directors shall have the general direction of the affairs of the corporation. They shall act upon application for membership; fix the amount of the surety bond required Interest rate on loans.

Filling vacancies.

Loans to nonmem-Maximum individual holdings and loans.

ceeds \$50.

Credit committee. Consideration approval of loans.

Applications.

Supervisory commit-

Pronisa Treasurer's bond.

Reserves.

Designated funds set

of any officer having custody of funds; recommend declaration of dividends; determine interest rates on loans: Provided, however, That the interest rate on loans shall not be in excess of the maximum amount fixed by the provisions of this Act; fill vacancies in the board and in the credit committee until successors to be elected at the next annual meeting have qualified; have charge of investments other than loans to members; determine the maximum loans other than loans to members; determine the maximum individual share holdings and the maximum individual loan which can be made with and without Security, if loan ex- security, except that no loan in excess of \$50 shall be made without adequate security; and transmit to the members recommended amendments to the by-laws. For the purposes of this subdivision an assignment of shares or the indorsement of a note shall be deemed

> (d) Credit committee.—The credit committee shall hold meetings. of which due notice shall be given to its members, to consider applications for loans to members of the corporation, and no loan shall be made unless all members of the committee who are present when the application is considered and a majority of all the committee Applications for loans shall be on forms preapprove the loan. pared by such committee, which shall set forth the purpose for which the loan is desired, the security, if any, and such other data as may be required.

e) Supervisory committee.—The supervisory committee shall Functions, authori- make an examination of the affairs of the credit union at least quarterly, including an audit of its books; shall make an annual audit and report to be submitted at the annual meeting of the corporation; by a unanimous vote may suspend any officer of the corporation, or any member of the credit committee or of the board of directors until the next members' meeting, at which time the suspension shall be acted on by the members; and, by a majority vote, may call a meeting of the shareholders to consider any violation of this subchapter or of the by-laws, or any practice of the corporation deemed by the committee to be unsafe or unauthorized. The said committee shall fill vacancies in its membership until successors to be elected at the next annual meeting have qualified: Provided, however, That before the treasurer shall enter upon his duties he shall give bond with good and sufficient security, in an amount to be determined by the board of directors, conditioned upon the faithful performance of his trust.

RESERVES

SEC. 12. All entrance fees and fines provided by the by-laws and, before the declaration of any dividend therefrom, 20 per centum of the net earnings of each year, shall be set aside as a reserve fund against bad loans, which fund shall be kept liquid and intact and not distributed except in case of liquidation.

Dividends.

Board may declare, on net earnings,

DIVIDENDS

SEC. 13. At the annual meeting a dividend may be declared from net earnings on recommendation of the board, which dividend shall be paid on all paid-up shares outstanding at the end of the preceding fiscal year. Shares which become fully paid up during such year shall be entitled to a proportional part of said dividend calculated from the first day of the month following such payment in full.

EXPULSION AND WITHDRAWAL

Expulsion and with-

Provisions governing.

Sec. 14. A member may be expelled by a two-thirds vote of the members of the corporation present at a special meeting called for such purpose, but only after an opportunity has been given him to be heard. The credit union may require sixty days' notice of intention to withdraw shares. Expulsion or withdrawal shall not operate to relieve a member from any remaining liability to the credit union. All amounts paid in on shares or deposited by expelled or withdrawing members prior to their expulsion or withdrawal shall be paid to them in the order of their withdrawal or expulsion, but only as funds become available and after deducting any amounts due from such members to the credit union.

MINORS

Minors.

SEC. 15. Shares may be issued and deposits received in the name Issuance of shares, of a minor or in trust in such manner as the by-laws may provide. trust. The name of the beneficiary shall be disclosed to the credit union.

TAXATION

Taxation.

SEC. 16. Credit unions, but not the members thereof, shall be empt, except on real exempt from Federal and District of Columbia taxation except property. taxes upon real propery.1

RESTRICTION ON USE OF WORDS "CREDIT UNION"

"Credit Union."

SEC. 17. It shall be unlawful for any individual, partnership, ed to legitimate organ-association, or corporation, except corporations organized in accord-izations. ance with this Act, to transact business in the District of Columbia under any name or title containing the words "credit union," or to transact business at any place in the United States under any name or title containing the words "credit union" and "District of Columbia" or other words indicating that the business is transacted pursuant to authority of any Act of Congress. Any individual, partnership, association, or corporation violating this section shall upon conviction thereof be subject to a fine not in excess of \$100 for each day during which the violation continues.

Sec. 18. Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act or any part thereof, or any charter or certificate of incorporation issued pursuant to the provisions of this Act.

Penalty for violation.

Rights reserved.

Approved, June 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 273.]

AN ACT

To amend section 14 of an Act entitled "An Act to adjust water-right charges, to grant certain other relief on the Federal irrigation projects, and for other purposes," approved May 25, 1926 (44 Stat. 636), as amended (46 Stat. 249).

June 23, 1932. [S. 4614.] [Public, No. 191.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an Act etc., irrigation project entitled "An Act to adjust water-right charges, to grant certain Vol. 44, p. 639; Vol. 44, p. 6 other relief on the Federal irrigation projects, and for other purposes," approved May 25, 1926 (44 Stat. 636), as amended by the Act of April 23, 1930 (46 Stat. 249), be, and the same is hereby, further amended by adding after the subparagraph (a) in section 14 the following new subparagraph:

Water right charges

¹So in original.

Klamath, Oreg. Reclassification of lands in, authorized.

"(a-1) The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to reclassify all lands within the Klamath irrigation district and to place in the temporarily unproductive class such lands as he determines are properly subject to this classification."

Approved, June 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 274.]

AN ACT

June 23, 1932. [H. R. 10825.] [Public, No. 192.]

To authorize the transfer of certain lands in Fayette County, Kentucky, to the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

No Federal expense.

Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Fayette County, Ky. United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Administrator of certain lands in, to State, authorized to transfer to the Communication of the country of the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs be, and he is hereby, authorized and thorized. directed to transfer to the Commonwealth of Kentucky without expense to the Government of the United States all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to certain lands in Fayette County, Kentucky (being a strip of land fronting on the Lexington Hospital Reservation), described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the center line of the Leestown and Frankfort Pike at the corner of Patrick Sharkey's property, which point is station 67+75 in the center line of survey made by the State Highway Department, and on file at their office at Frankfort, Kentucky: thence along the center of said pike for the following seven courses: North forty-nine degrees thirty-two minutes west a distance of nine hundred and seventy-six feet; thence north fifty-one degrees twenty-six minutes west a distance of eight hundred and ninety-two feet; thence north forty-nine degrees twenty minutes west a distance of one thousand and seventy feet; thence north forty-seven degrees fifty minutes west a distance of five hundred and seventy-seven feet; thence north forty-eight degrees three minutes west a distance of two hundred and sixty-four feet; thence north fifty degrees three minutes west a distance of three hundred feet; thence north forty-nine degrees twenty minutes west a distance of six hundred and sixty-three feet to a point on the northwest line of the Viley Pike, said point being south forty-eight degrees twenty minutes west a distance of fourteen feet more or less from station 115+15 of the above-mentioned highway survey, and in the west boundary line of the property of Ella Staley; thence along said boundary line of the property of Ella Staley south forty-eight degrees twenty minutes west a distance of sixteen feet, more or less, to the south boundary line of the proposed sixty-foot right of way; thence along said south boundary line of the new Leestown Road survey for the following nine courses: South forty-seven degrees fourteen minutes east a distance of four hundred and thirtyfive and five-tenths feet to the point of beginning of a thirty-minute curve; thence left along the said thirty-minute curve a distance of five hundred and thirty-four and seven-tenths feet; thence south forty-nine degrees fifty-four minutes east a distance of two hundred and seven and eight-tenths feet to the point of beginning of another thirty-minute curve; thence right along the last-named thirtyminute curve a distance of three hundred and ninety-eight and ninetenths feet; thence south forty-seven degrees fifty-four minutes east a distance of five hundred and twenty-one and five-tenths feet to the point of beginning of another thirty-minute curve; thence left along the last-named thirty-minute curve a distance of seven hundred and thirty-eight and five-tenths feet; thence south fifty-one degrees thirty-five minutes east a distance of eight hundred and sixty-six and four-tenths feet to the point of beginning of a one-minute curve; thence right along said one-minute curve a distance of one hundred and forty-nine and two-tenths feet; thence south fifty degrees five minutes east a distance of eight hundred and ninety and seven-tenths feet to a steel pin in the west boundary line of Patrick Sharkey's property; thence along said west boundary line north thirty degrees fifty-two minutes east a distance of thirty feet to the point of beginning, and being a strip of land required for the sixty-foot right of way of the Leestown and Frankfort Road, as shown on map of said road by the Kentucky State Highway Department.

Approved, June 23, 1932.

[CHAPTER 275.]

AN ACT

To enable the collection of import duties on foreign-made goods entering the Virgin Islands through parcel-post mail.

June 24, 1932. [S. 4367.] [Public, No. 193.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of an Act entitled "An Act to provide a temporary government for the duties. West Indian Islands acquired by the United States from Denmark by the convention entered into between said countries on the 4th day 44, p. 1235, amended. of August, 1916, and ratified by the Senate of the United States on the 7th day of September, 1916, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1917 (39 Stat. 1134; U. S. C., title 48, sec. 1395), as amended Supp. V, p. 690, amend: by the Act of February 25, 1927 (44 Stat. 1235; U. S. C., Supp. V, ed. title 48, sec. 1395), be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as

Virgin Islands. Collection of import

Continuance of local

Articles of United

rovisos. Export duty on sugar.

Local levy of internal venue taxes permit-

No discrimination against imports.

"Sec. 4. That until Congress shall otherwise provide all laws now tax laws. imposing taxes in the said West Indian Islands, including the customs laws and regulations, shall, in so far as compatible with the changed sovereignty and not otherwise herein provided, continue in force and effect, except that articles the growth, product, or manu- States. facture of the United States shall be admitted there free of duty: Provided, That upon exportation of sugar to any foreign country, or the shipment thereof to the United States or any of its possessions, there shall be levied, collected, and paid thereon an export duty of \$6 per ton of two thousand pounds, irrespective of polariscope test, in lieu of any export tax now required by law: Provided further, re That the internal revenue taxes levied by the Colonial Council of ted. Saint Croix, or by the Colonial Council of Saint Thomas and Saint John, in pursuance of the authority granted by this Act on articles, goods, wares, or merchandise may be levied and collected as the Colonial Council of Saint Croix, or as the Colonial Council of Saint Thomas and Saint John, may direct, on the articles subject to said tax, as soon as the same are manufactured, sold, used, or brought into the island: And provided further, That no discrimination be made between the articles imported from the United States or foreign countries and similar articles produced or manufactured in the municipality of Saint Croix, or in the municipality of Saint Thomas and Saint John, respectively. The officials of the Customs and Postal toms and postal servers of the United States are hereby directed to assist the appropriate officials of the municipality of Saint Croix, or of the municipality of Saint Thomas and Saint John, in the collection of these taxes."

Approved, June 24, 1932.

ICHAPTER 276.1

AN ACT

June 24, 1932. [H. R. 8173.] [Public, No. 194.]

To provide for the renewal of five-year level premium term Government insurance policies for an additional five-year period without medical examination.

Act, amendment.

Vol. 43, p. 1309; U. S. C., Supp. V., p. 573.

Renewal of term in-surance for second 5year period.

policy.

Notice to be given.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the World War Veterans' United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first paragraph of section 301 of the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 38, sec. 512), is hereby amended by adding the following proviso at the end thereof: "Provided further, That at the expiration of the five-year period a five-year level premium term policy may be renewed for a second five-year period at the premium rate for the attained age without medical Renewal of expired examination; and in case the five-year period of any such policy has expired prior to and within five months of the date of the enactment of this amendatory proviso and the policy has not been continued in another form of Government insurance, such policy may be renewed as of the date of its expiration on the same conditions upon payment of the back premiums within five months after such date of enactment; and the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall

Approved, June 24, 1932.

provisions of this amendatory proviso."

[CHAPTER 277.]

AN ACT

cause notice to be mailed to the holder of any such policy of the

June 25, 1932. [S. 4778.] [Public, No. 195.]

To extend the time for the construction of a bridge across the east branch of the Niagara River at or near the city of Tonawanda, New York.

Niagara River.
Time extended for bridging, at Tonawan-da, N. Y. Vol.46, p. 765, amend.

Wol.46, p. 765, amend.

And The Legislature of the State of New York, chapter 594 of the Niagara River, from Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the the town of Tonawanda, about midway between the southerly city limits of the city of Tonawanda and the northerly city limits of the city of Buffalo, to Grand Island, in the county of Eric and State of New York, are hereby extended two and five years, respectively, from June 17, 1932.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, June 25, 1932.

[CHAPTER 278.]

AN ACT

June 27, 1932. [S. 2983.] [Public, No. 196.]

For the relief of homesteaders on the Diminished Colville Indian Reservation, Washington.

Installment pay-ments for ceded land on. Vol. 34, p. 80.

Provisos. Applicability to other payments. Vol. 41, p. 535.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Colville Indian Res- United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary
Instalment pay of the Interior is hereby authorized, in his discretion to extend for of the Interior is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to extend for a period of not to exceed two years the time for the payment of any installment or installments due, or hereafter to become due, of the purchase price for lands sold under the Act of Congress approved March 22, 1906 (34 Stat. 80): Provided, That the payments extended under the provisions of Public Resolution Numbered 33, approved March 19, 1920 (41 Stat. 535), may be extended hereunder: Provided further, That any and all payments must be made when due unless

the entryman applies for an extension and pays interest for one year in advance at 5 per centum per annum upon the amount due, and patent shall be withheld until full and final payment of the purchase price is made in accordance with the provisions hereof: Provided further, That where payments are extended hereunder for more than one year the same rate of interest shall be paid in advance for the second year: And provided further, That failure to make any payment that may be due, unless the same be extended, or to make any extended payment at or before the time to which such payment has been extended as herein provided, shall forfeit the entry, and the same shall thereupon be canceled, and any and all payments theretofore made shall be forfeited.

Patent withheld until

Interest in advance.

Forfeiture.

Approved, June 27, 1932.

[CHAPTER 279.]

AN ACT

Authorizing expenditures from Colorado River tribal funds for reimbursable -

June 27, 1932. [S. 3864.] [Public, No. 197.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to use not to exceed \$25,000 from tribal funds on deposit to the Indians of the Colorado port of, authorized. River Indian Reservation, Arizona, for the construction of homes for individual members of the tribe, the purchase for sale to them of seed, animals, machinery, tools, implements, building material, and other equipment and supplies, and for advances to old, disabled, or indigent Indians for their support, and Indians having irrigable allotments to assist them in the development and cultivation thereof: Provided, That expenditures for the purposes above set forth shall be limited to the fiscal years 1932 and 1933 and such expenditures shall be made under conditions to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior for repayment to the United States for deposit to the credit of the Colorado River Indian tribal fund on or before June 30, 1938, except in the case of loans on irrigable lands for permanent improvement of said lands in which the period for repayment may run for not exceeding twenty years, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, and advances to old, disabled, or indigent Indians for their support, such advances to remain a charge and lien against their lands until paid.

Colorado River In-dian Reservation, Ariz. Expenditure of tribal

Proviso.
Availability limited.

Reimbursable.

Exceptions.

Approved, June 27, 1932.

[CHAPTER 280.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Amending the joint resolution authorizing the erection on the public grounds [S. J. Res. 182.] in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, a memorial to William [Pub. Res., No. 28.] Jennings Bryan.

June 27, 1932. [S. J. Res. 182.]

 $Resolved\ by\ the\ Senate\ and\ House\ of\ Representatives\ of\ the\ United$ States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the joint William Jennings resolution authorizing the erection on the public grounds in the city Washington, D. C. of Washington, District of Columbia, of a memorial to William vol. 4 Jennings Bryan be, and the same is hereby, amended by striking out amended. the words "or Potomac Park" appearing in the second line of said section, so that section 3, when amended, shall read as follows:

"Sec. 3. The memorial herein provided for shall not be erected Location of memoor placed in any part of the Mall, nor on any ground within one-half mile of the Capitol."

Approved, June 27, 1932.

[CHAPTER 283.]

AN ACT

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

June 28, 1932. [S. 4425.] [Public, No. 198.]

Relating to the immigration and naturalization of certain natives of the Virgin Islands.

migration laws.

United States of America in Congress assembled, That a native of Virgin Islands. United States of America in Congress accounts, Tatives residing in the Virgin Islands of the United States who is now residing in any origin country and for the purpose of the Immigration Act of Natives resulting in the Virgin Islands of the United States who is now residing in any foreign country and foreign country shall for the purpose of the Immigration Act of immigrants.

Vol. 43, p. 155.

1924, as amended, be considered as a nonquota immigrant for the purposes of admission to the United States; but shall be subject to Status of, under im. all the other provisions of that Act and of the immigration laws. except that-

(a) He shall not be subject to the head tax imposed by section 2 of the Immigration Act of 1917;

(b) He shall not be required to have a passport or immigration

visa: (c) If otherwise admissible, he shall not be excluded under section 3 of the Immigration Act of 1917, unless excluded under the provisions of that section relating to-

(1) Persons afflicted with a loathsome or dangerous contagious

disease:

(2) Polygamy;

(3) Prostitutes, procurers, or other like immoral persons;

(4) Contract laborers;(5) Persons previously deported; or

(6) Persons convicted of crime.

Sec. 2. The foregoing provisions of this Act shall not apply to any such alien after the expiration of two years following the enactment of this Act.

Sec. 3. An alien admitted to the United States under this Act shall not be subject to deportation on the ground that he has become

a public charge.

Sec. 4. Terms defined in the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended, shall, when used in this Act, have the meaning assigned to such terms in that Act.

Sec. 5. Section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to confer United Vol. 44, p. 1234, States citizenship upon certain inhabitants of the Virgin Islands and to extend the naturalization laws thereto," approved February

25, 1927, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:
"(d) All natives of the Virgin Islands of the United States who are, on the date of enactment of this subdivision, residing in continental United States, the Virgin Islands of the United States, Puerto Rico, the Canal Zone, or any other insular possession or Territory of the United States, who are not citizens or subjects of any foreign country, regardless of their place of residence on January 17, 1917."

Approved, June 28, 1932.

[CHAPTER 284.]

AN ACT

June 28, 1932. [S. 4511.] [Public, No. 199.]

To amend sections 328 and 329 of the United States Criminal Code of 1910 and sections 548 and 549 of the United States Code of 1926.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Indians committing United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 328 son or property of of the United States Criminal Code of 1910 and section 548 of title U. S. C., p. 504, amend-follows: follows:

Vol. 39, p. 875.

Two-year limitation.

Deportation as public charge.

Applicability of Immigration Act of 1924.

Vol. 43, p. 153. Virgin Islands, citizenship.

Natives residing in United States, etc., declared citizens.

for

"All Indians committing against the person or property of another fied, Indian or other person any of the following crimes, namely, murder, manslaughter, rape, incest, assault with intent to kill, assault with a dangerous weapon, arson, burglary, robbery, and larceny on and within any Indian reservation under the jurisdiction of the United States Government, including rights of way running through the reservation, shall be subject to the same laws, tried in the same courts, and in the same manner, and be subject to the same penalties as are all other persons committing any of the above crimes within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States: Provided, That any Indian who commits the crime of rape upon any female Indian rape. within the limits of any Indian reservation shall be imprisoned at the discretion of the court: Provided further, That as herein used the offense rape shall be defined in accordance with the laws of the State in which the offense was committed.

"The foregoing shall extend to prosecutions of Indians in South South Dakota in akota under section 329 of the United States Criminal Code of Vol. 32, p. 793, Dakota under section 329 of the United States Criminal Code of 1910 and section 549 of title 18 of the United States Code of 1926."

Approved, June 28, 1932.

List of crimes modi-

Imprisonment

Offense defined.

amended U. S. C., p. 504.

[CHAPTER 285.1

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to extend or renew the contracts of employment of the attorneys employed to represent the Chippewa Indians of Minnesota in litigation arising in the Court of Claims under the Act of May

June 28, 1932. [S. 2364.] [Public, No. 200.]

14, 1926 (44 Stat. 555).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and hereby is, authorized to renew the contracts for relinquished lands.

Chippewa Indians of Minnesota.

Prosection of claims for relinquished lands.
Vol. 44, p. 555; Vol. 45, p. 424.
Contracts with attorneys renewed. tuted in the Court of Claims under authority of the Act of May 14, 1926 (44 Stat. L. 555), as amended, on a year-to-year basis but not to exceed three years, as the Secretary of the Interior may deem advisable and for the best interests of said Indians. Said attorneys shall be entitled to such compensation for their services, in addition to that heretofore paid to them, as the Court of Claims in its discretion may allow from any amount recovered in any such suit, which compensation shall not exceed the sum of 5 per centum of any such recovery for the attorney for the Chippewa of White Earth Reservation and a like compensation for the firm of attorneys employed by the other bands of Chippewa Indians of Minnesota: Provided, however, That the Secretary of the Interior shall continue to pay news. out of tribal funds belonging to the Chippewa Indians all actual and necessary expenses incurred by said attorneys in such litigation as authorized by and subject to the limitations contained in the Act of April 11, 1928 (45 Stats. 423): And provided further, That neys representing Red the compensation and expenses of the attorney or firm of attorneys employed under existing law to represent the Red Lake Band of Chippewa Indians of Minnesota shall be paid out of any money to the credit of said Indians in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, June 28, 1932.

Compensation.

Limitation.

Provisos. Expenses of attor-

ICHAPTER 286.1

AN ACT

June 28, 1932. [H. R. 4594.] [Public, No. 201.]

To fix the rate of postage on publications mailed at the post office of entry for delivery at another post office within the postal district in which the head-quarters or general business offices of the publisher are located.

Postal Service. Mailing of secondclass matter. Vol. 20, p. amended. U. S. C., p. 1254. 361,

New matter.

Postage on other than weekly publica-

Rate.

If pound rate higher.

Applicable to future entries only.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 25 of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1880, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1879 (20 Stat. 361; U. S. C., title 39, sec. 286), is hereby amended by the addition

of the following sentence:

"Copies of a publication, other than a weekly, hereafter admitted to the second class of mail matter, when mailed by the publisher or registered news agent at a post office where it is entered, for delivery by letter carriers at a different post office within the delivery limits of which the headquarters or general business offices of the publisher are located, shall be chargeable with postage at the rate that would be applicable if the copies were mailed at the latter office, unless the postage chargeable at the pound rates from the office of mailing is higher, in which case such higher rates shall apply, but this provision shall not be applicable to publications already entered as second-class matter which retain their entry at the post office where now entered."

Approved, June 28, 1932.

[CHAPTER 287.]

AN ACT

June 28, 1932. [H. R. 10244.] [Public, No. 202.]

Fixing the fees and limits of indemnity for domestic registered mail based upon actual value and length of haul, and for other purposes.

Postal Service. Domestic registered mail. R. S., sec. 3926, p. 762. Limited indemnity for losses. Vol. 29, p. 599. Maximum fixed at \$100. Vol. 32, p. 1174. Indemnity for lost third or fourth class matter. Vol. 36, p. 1337.

Vol. 45, p. amended. 469,

Uniform system of registration.

Amount of Indemnity.

value pay-Actual ments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3926 of the Revised Statutes of the United States as amended by the Act of February 27, 1897 (ch. 340, 29 Stat. L. 599), providing limited indemnity for loss of registered mail matter, and by the Act of March 3, 1903 (32 Stat. L. 1174), fixing such indemnity at not exceeding \$100, and that portion of the Act of March 4, 1911 (36 Stat. L. 1337), making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, and for other purposes, and providing indemnity for the loss of third and fourth class domestic registered matter, which laws were jointly amended by section 3 of the Act of May 1, 1928 (45 Stat. L. 469; U.S. C., Supp. V. U.S. C., Supp. V, title 39, sec. 381a), are hereby further amended to read as follows:

"For the greater security of valuable mail matter the Postmaster General may establish a uniform system of registration, and as a part of such system he may provide rules under which the senders or owners of any registered matter shall be indemnified for loss, rifling, or damage thereof in the mails, the indemnity to be paid out of the postal revenues, but in no case to exceed \$1,000 for any one registered piece, or the actual value thereof when that is less than \$1,000, and for which no other compensation or reimbursement to the loser has been made: Provided, That the Postmaster General may in his discretion provide for the payment of indemnity for the actual value of registered mail or insured mail treated as registered mail in excess of \$1,000, but not in excess of \$10,000, when such mail is not insured with any commercial insurance company or other insuring agency and may fix the fees chargeable for the risks assumed ratably at the rates fixed up to \$1,000: Provided further, That the Post-Reinsurance etc., permitted. master General in his discretion may cause to be underwritten or reinsured in whole or in part with any commercial insurance companies any liability or risk assumed by the Post Office Department in connection with the mailing of any particular registered article or articles.

"Sec. 2. The full value of all registered mail or insured mail value. treated as registered mail shall be declared by the mailer at the time of mailing unless otherwise prescribed by the Postmaster General, and any claim for indemnity in any amount involving such mail, Failure to invalidate claim for indemnity. when the full value knowingly and willfully was not stated at the time of mailing, shall be invalid. All claims for indemnity involving Pro rata adjustment registered mail, or insured mail treated as registered mail, or other reinsured matter. insured mail, or collect-on-delivery mail, which is also insured with commercial insurance companies or other insuring agencies, shall be adjusted by the Post Office Department on a pro rata basis as a coinsurer with the commercial insurance companies or other insuring agencies."

SEC. 2. Section 3927 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, U.S. C., p. 1259, amended by section 209 of the Act of February 28, 1925 (43 Stat., Vol. 43, p. 1068; Vol. as amended by section 209 of the Act of February 28, 1925 (43 Stat. Vol. 43, p. 1068, v. L. 1068), and by the first section of the Act of May 1, 1928 (45 45, p. 469, amended. U.S. C., Supp. V. Stat. L. 469; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 39, sec. 384), be, and the same 588. is hereby, amended further to read as follows:

"Mail matter shall be registered on the application of the party fees and limits of in-posting the same. The registry fees, which are in addition to the demnity revised. regular postage, and the limits of indemnity therefor within the maximum indemnity provided by law shall be as follows:

"For registry indemnity not exceeding \$5, 15 cents;
"For registry indemnity exceeding \$5 but not exceeding \$25, 18 cents;

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$25 but not exceeding \$50, 20 cents;

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$50 but not exceeding \$75, 25 cents;

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$75 but not exceeding \$100, 30 cents:

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$100 but not exceeding \$200,

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$200 but not exceeding \$300, 50 cents;

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$300 but not exceeding \$400, 60 cents;

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$400 but not exceeding \$500, 70 cents:

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$500 but not exceeding \$600,

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$600 but not exceeding \$700.

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$700 but not exceeding \$800, 90 cents:

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$800 but not exceeding \$900, 95 cents; and

"For registry indemnity exceeding \$900 but not exceeding \$1,000,

"Provided, That for registered mail or insured mail treated as Additional, for matregistered mail having a declared value in excess of the maximum mum indemnity covered by the registry fee poid there shall be about a great by fee paid. indemnity covered by the registry fee paid there shall be charged additional fees as follows: When the declared value exceeds the

Fees therefor. Reinsurance of risks.

Declaration of full

U.S.C., Supp. V, p.

Rates.

maximum indemnity covered by the registry fee paid by not more than \$50, 1 cent; by more than \$50 but not more than \$100, 2 cents; by more than \$100 but not more than \$200, 3 cents; by more than \$200 but not more than \$400, 4 cents; by more than \$400 but not more than \$600, 5 cents; by more than \$600 but not more than \$800. 6 cents; by more than \$800 but less than \$1,000, 7 cents; and if the excess of the declared value over the maximum indemnity covered by the registry fee paid is \$1,000 or more, the additional fees for each \$1,000 or part of \$1,000 on articles destined to points within the several zones applicable to fourth-class matter shall be as follows:

"For local delivery or for delivery within the first zone, 8 cents;

"For delivery within the second zone, 9 cents; "For delivery within the third zone, 10 cents; "For delivery within the fourth zone, 11 cents;

"For delivery within the fifth or sixth zones, 12 cents;

"For delivery within the seventh or eighth zones, 13 cents.

"All such fees shall be accounted for in such manner as the Postmaster General shall direct. Mail matter upon the official business of the Post Office Department which requires registering shall be registered free of charge, and pass through the mails free of charge."

Sec. 3. The Postmaster General may make such rules and regulations in accordance with this Act as he may consider necessary or

advisable.

Effective date.

Accounting.

mail.

scribed.

Registered official

Rules, etc., to be pre-

This Act shall become effective July 1, 1932.

Approved, June 28, 1932.

[CHAPTER 288.]

AN ACT

June 28, 1932. [H. R. 10247.] [Public, No. 203.]

Prescribing fees and corresponding indemnities for domestic insured and collecton-delivery mail of the third and fourth classes, and for other purposes.

on-delivery mail.
Vol. 43, p. 1069; Vol. 46, p. 1048.
U. S. C., p. 1251; Supp. V, p. 584.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Postal service. United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph (a) of section 211 of Title II of an Act entitled "An Act reclassifying the salaries of postmasters and employees of the Postal Service, readjusting their salaries and compensation on an equitable basis, increasing postal rates to provide for such readjustment, and for other purposes," approved February 28, 1925 (43 Stat. 1069; U. S. C., title 39, sec. 245), as amended (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 39, sec. 245), is further amended to read as follows:

Insurance fees. Schedule of rates.

Disposition.

Receipt of delivery.

"Sec. 211. (a) The fee for insurance shall be 5 cents for indemnification not to exceed \$5; 10 cents for indemnification not to exceed \$25; 15 cents for indemnification not to exceed \$50; 25 cents for indemnification not to exceed \$100; 30 cents for indemnification not to exceed \$150; and 35 cents for indemnification not to exceed \$200. Receipt to be ob- Whenever the sender of an insured article of mail matter shall so request, and upon payment of a fee of 3 cents at the time of mailing, or of 5 cents subsequent to the time of mailing, a receipt shall be obtained for such insured mail matter, showing to whom and when the same was delivered, which receipt shall be returned to the sender and be received in the courts as prima facie evidence of such delivery: Provided further, That upon payment of the additional sum of 20 cents at the time of mailing by the sender of an insured article of mail matter, a receipt shall be obtained for such insured mail matter, showing to whom, when, and the address where the same was delivered, which receipt shall be returned to the sender, and be received in the courts as prima facie evidence of such delivery: Provided further, That no refund shall be made of fees paid for return receipts for registered or insured mail where the

Refunding of fees.

failure to furnish the sender a return receipt or the equivalent is not due to the fault of the Postal Service."

the to the fault of the Postal Service."

Sec. 2. That paragraph (b) of section 211 of Title II of an Act fees.

Vol. 43, p. 1069.
U.S. C., p. 1251. entitled "An Act reclassifying the salaries of postmasters and employees of the Postal Service, readjusting their salaries and compensation on an equitable basis, increasing postal rates to provide for such readjustment, and for other purposes," approved February 28, 1925 (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 246), is amended to read as follows:

"(b) The fee for collect-on-delivery service for domestic third and fourth class mail shall be 12 cents for collections and indemnity not to exceed \$5; 17 cents for collections and indemnity not to exceed \$25; 22 cents for collections and indemnity not to exceed \$50; 32 cents for collections and indemnity not to exceed \$100; 40 cents for collections and indemnity not to exceed \$150; and 45 cents for collections and indemnity not to exceed \$200."

SEC. 3. This Act shall become effective July 1, 1932.

Approved, June 28, 1932.

Collect - on - delivery

Schedule of rates.

Effective date.

[CHAPTER 289.]

AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance by the United States of a certain tract of land to the borough of Stonington, in the county of New London, in the State of Connecticut.

June 28, 1932. [H. R. 10683.] [Public, No. 204.]

Conveyance of land

Connecticut.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Commerce be, and he is hereby, authorized to convey by quitclaim in New London County to, authorized. deed unto the borough of Stonington, in the county of New London, in the State of Connecticut, all of its right, claim, or title to or the possession of that tract of land, less than one acre, known as Stonington Point, situated in the borough of Stonington, county of New London, in the State of Connecticut, for improvement and maintenance as a plaza in commemoration of those valiant men who so nobly defended it during the three-day bombardment by the British fleet under Commodore Hardy, on August 9, 10, and 11, 1814.

SEC. 2. The United States reserves the right to maintain such navigation lights, etc., lights on the property to be conveyed as the needs of navigation may reserved. require, and the right to enter upon the reservation by the most convenient route for the purpose of maintenance of such lights and reserve an easement for beams of light from such lights, and the right to trim any trees that now exist or may hereafter exist that interfere with or obstruct the beams of such lights.

Sec. 3. The conveyance shall be made on completion of said im- when conveyance to provement by said borough of Stonington and said deed shall recite all the conditions contained in this Act.

Approved, June 28, 1932.

[CHAPTER 305.]

AN ACT

To amend section 99 of the Judicial Code (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 180), as amended.

June 29, 1932. [H. R. 9306.] [Public, No. 205.]

 $Be\ it\ enacted\ by\ the\ Senate\ and\ House\ of\ Representatives\ of\ the$ United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 99 of Vol. 46, p. 495. the Judicial Code, as amended (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 180), be V., p. 464. United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 99 of amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 99. The State of North Dakota shall constitute one judicial cial district. district to be known as the district of North Dakota. The territory sion. embraced on the 1st day of January, 1932, in the counties of Adams, Billings, Bowman, Burleigh, Dunn, Emmons, Golden Valley, Grant,

United States Courts.

Southeastern divi-

Northeastern

Northwestern sion.

Central division.

Assignment of Indian division. reservations.

Terms.

Offices of clerk.

Hettinger, Kidder, Logan, McIntosh, McLean, Mercer, Morton, Oliver, Sioux, Slope, and Stark shall constitute the southwestern division of said district; and the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Barnes, Cass, Ransom, Richland, Sargent, and Steele shall constitute the southeastern division; and the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Benson, Bottineau, Cavalier, Grand Forks, McHenry, Nelson, Pembina, Ramsey, Rolette, Traill, Walsh, Towner, and Pierce shall constitute the northeastern division; and the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Burke, Divide, McKenzie, Mountrail, Renville, Ward, and Williams shall constitute the northwestern division; and that the territory embraced on the date last mentioned in the counties of Dickey, Eddy, Foster, Griggs, La Moure, Sheridan, Stutsman, and Wells shall constitute the central The several Indian reservations and parts thereof within said State shall constitute a part of the several divisions within which they are respectively situated. Terms of the district court for the southwestern division shall be held at Bismarck on the second Tuesday in March; for the southeastern division, at Fargo on the second Tuesday in December; for the northeastern division, at Devils Lake on the second Tuesday in May and at Grand Forks on the second Tuesday in November; and for the northwestern division, at Minot on the second Tuesday in April; and for the central division at Jamestown on the second Tuesday in October. The clerk of the court shall maintain an office in charge of himself or a deputy at each place at which court is held in his district."

Approved, June 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 306.]

AN ACT

To prohibit the misuse of official insignia.

June 29, 1932. [H. R. 10590.] [Public, No. 206.]

ing, etc., of, prohibited.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Official insignia of United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter the the United States.

Unauthorized wear manufacture, sale, or possession of any badge, identification card, or other insignia, of the design prescribed by the head of any department or independent office of the United States for use by any officer or subordinate thereof, or of any colorable imitation thereof, is prohibited, except when and as authorized under such regulations as may be prescribed by the head of the department or independent office of which such insignia indicates the wearer is an officer or subordinate.

Punishment for.

Sec. 2. Any person who offends against the provisions of this act shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding \$250 or by imprisonment for not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Approved, June 29, 1932.

ICHAPTER 307.1

AN ACT

June 29, 1932. [H. R. 11153.] [Public, No. 207.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Sabine River where Louisiana Highway Numbered 7 meets Texas Highway Numbered 87.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Sabine River.

Time extended for bridging, between Calcasieu Parish, La., and Newton County, Texas, where Louisiana Highway Numbered 7 meets Texas

Highway Numbered 87, authorized to be built by the State of Louisiana and the State of Texas, by an Act of Congress approved February 24, 1931, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from date of approval hereof.

46, p. 1416, amended.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, June 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 308.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of such District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

June 29, 1932. [H. R. 11361.] [Public, No. 208.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to defray the expenses of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, any revenue (not including the proportionate share of the United States in any revenue arising as the result of the from the Treasury. expenditure of appropriations made for the fiscal year 1924 and prior fiscal years) now required by law to be credited to the District of Columbia and the United States in the same proportion that each contributed to the activity or source from whence such revenue was derived shall be credited wholly to the District of Columbia, and, in addition, \$7,775,000 is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be advanced July 1, 1932, and all the remainder out of the combined revenues of the District of Columbia, and the tax rate in effect in the fiscal year 1932 on real estate and tangible personal property subject to taxation in the District of Columbia shall not be decreased for the fiscal year 1933, namely:

District of Columbia. Appropriations for expenses of, fiscal year 1933, from District reveals

Tax rate not to be decreased.

GENERAL EXPENSES

General expenses.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Executive Office.

For personal services, \$49,580, plus so much as may be necessary Office personnel. Additional, for Ento compensate the Engineer Commissioner at such rate in Grade 8 gineer Commissioner. of the professional and scientific service of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, as may be determined by the Board of Commissioners: Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act for the payment of personal services in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as services in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as ceptions. amended, with the exception of the two civilian commissioners the 45, p. 776; Vol. 46, p. average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any 1003. C., p. 65; Supp. grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at v, p. 22. any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: *Provided*, That this restriction not applicable to clerical-meshall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical enhanced services. shall not apply (1) to glades 1, 2, 0, which is salary of any person whose salaries service; (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose salaries compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the Vol. 42, p. 1490; Vol. 46, p. 1005. rules of section 6 of such Act; (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position of any person who is transferred from one position to another position of the same or a different bureau, duction. office, or other appropriation unit; (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of mitted. the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, in a grade

Provisos. Salaries limited to average rates under Classification Act; ex-

Higher rates per-

If only one position

or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which

only one position is allocated;

Purchasing division. Building inspection division.
Plumbing inspection division.

Purchasing division: For personal services, \$60,560;

Building inspection division: For personal services, \$156,600; Plumbing inspection division: For personal services, \$42,280; for temporary employment of additional assistant inspectors of

plumbing and laborers for such time as their services may be required, \$5,000; two members of plumbing board at \$150 each; in all, \$47,580:

In all, Executive Office, \$314,320.

Public convenience stations.

PUBLIC CONVENIENCE STATIONS

Maintenance.

For maintenance of public convenience stations, including compensation of necessary employees, \$14,000.

Station, No. 4, re-

For the demolition of public convenience station numbered 4 at Fifteenth Street and Maryland Avenue northeast, \$3,000.

Care of District Building.

CARE OF DISTRICT BUILDING

Operating force.

For personal services, including temporary labor, \$90,280; service of cleaners as necessary, not to exceed 48 cents per hour, \$15,000; in all, \$105,280: Provided, That no other appropriation made in this Act shall be available for the employment of additional assistant engineers or watchmen for the care of the District Building. For fuel, light, power, repairs, laundry, and miscellaneous supplies,

Employment of assistant engineers or watchmen.

Operating supplies. \$32,500.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE

Assessor's office. Personal services.

For personal services, \$228,650; temporary clerk hire, \$5,000, to be immediately available; in all, \$233,650.

Collector's office.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE

Personal services

For personal services, including \$1,000 for temporary clerk hire, \$49,790.

Auditor's office.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE

Personal services.
Present disbursing officer permitted other

For personal services \$129,720; and the compensation of the present incumbent of the position of disbursing officer of the District of Columbia shall be exclusive of his compensation as United States property and disbursing officer for the National Guard of the District of Columbia.

Corporation sel's office. Coun-

OFFICE OF CORPORATION COUNSEL

Public Extra pay, Public Utilities Commission.

Corporation counsel, including extra compensation as general counsel of the Public Utilities Commission, and other personal services, \$89,780.

Coroner's office.

CORONER'S OFFICE

Services, including deputies. Vol. 46, p. 1003.

For personal services, including deputy coroners, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, \$11,140, and appro-Retroactive provi- priations for personal services for this office for the fiscal year 1932 shall be available for compensation of two deputy coroners at the rate of \$1,600 per annum each commencing July 1, 1931.

Morgue. etc., expenses.

For the maintenance of a nonpassenger-carrying motor wagon for the morgue, jurors' fees, witness fees, ice, disinfectants, telephone service, and other necessary supplies, repairs to the morgue, and the necessary expenses of holding inquest, including stenographic services in taking testimony, and photographing unidentified bodies. \$5,000.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF WEIGHTS, MEASURES, AND MARKETS

Office of Superintendent of Weights, etc.

For personal services, \$48,040.

Personal services. Inspection, etc.

For purchase of commodities, including personal services, in connection with investigation and detection of sales of short weight and measure, \$500.

Markets. Motor vehicles.

For maintenance and repairs to markets, \$7,500.

For maintenance and repair of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles, \$2,000.

For the purchase and exchange of one nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicle, \$530, to be immediately available.

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK, ENGINEER DEPARTMENT

Engineer depart-Chief clerk's office.

For personal services, \$30,660.

Central garage.

ment

CENTRAL GARAGE

MUNICIPAL ARCHITECT'S OFFICE

For personal services, \$5,340.

Municipal Archi-

For personal services, \$72,360.

Personal services.

All apportionments of appropriations for the use of the municipal Limit services, architect in payment of personal services employed on construction work provided for by said appropriations, including two engineercomputers in the building inspection division, shall be based on an amount not exceeding 3 per centum of a total of not more than \$2,000,000 of appropriations made for such construction projects and not exceeding 23/4 per centum of a total of the appropriations in excess of \$2,000,000.

Limit for draftsmen's

For the purchase and/or exchange of one light delivery truck and two one and one-half ton dump trucks, \$1,800.

Basis of amount.

Motor trucks.

PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION

Public Utilities Com-

For two commissioners at \$7,500 each; people's counsel, \$7,500; and for other personal services; in all \$101,440, of which amount not to exceed \$5,000 may be used for the employment of expert services by contract or otherwise and without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended.

Commissioners, people's counsel, etc.

Experts.

No part of the appropriations contained in this Act shall be used for or in connection with the preparation, issuance, publication, or taxicabs forbidden. enforcement of any regulation or order of the Public Utilities Commission requiring the installation of meters in taxicabs: Provided, That this prohibition shall not be construed to affect any order or part of an order of said Public Utilities Commission other than with respect to the requirement of the installation of such meters. For incidental and all other general necessary expenses authorized

Issuance of orders equiring meters in

Proviso. Limitation.

Incidental expenses.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, STEAM ENGINEERS

Examiners, steam en-

Salaries: Three members, at \$150 each, \$450.

by law, including the purchase of newspapers, \$1.950.

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

Insurance depart-

For personal services, \$20,880.

Surveyor's office.

SURVEYOR'S OFFICE

For personal services, \$88,190.

Employees' compen-

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION FUND

Payment for injuries. Vol. 41, p. 104.

For carrying out the provisions of section 11 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act approved July 11, 1919, extending to the employees of the government of the District of Columbia the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes," approved

Vol. 39, p. 742.

Administrative ex-penses, compensation to injured employees. Vol. 45, p. 600.

September 7, 1916, \$32,000.

Administrative Expenses, Compensation to Injured Employees of the District of Columbia: For the enforcement of the Act entitled "An Act to provide compensation for disability or death resulting from injury to employees in certain employments in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved May 17, 1928 (45 Stat., p. 600), \$63,000, for transfer to and expenditure by the Employees Compensation Commission under its appropriations "Salaries and expenses," \$62,000, and "Printing and binding," \$1,000.

Transfers to Employ-ees' Compensation Commission.

For financing of the liability of the government of the District of Columbia, created by the Act entitled "An Act for the retirement of employees in the classified civil service, and for other purposes," approved May 22, 1920, and Acts amendatory thereof (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 707a), \$150,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the "civil service retirement and disability fund."

Retirement Act. Contribution to, from District revenues. Vol. 41, p. 619; Vol. 44, p. 912; Vol. 46, p. 468. U. S. C., p. 75; Supp. **V**, p. 39.

Vehicles and traffic department.

DEPARTMENT OF VEHICLES AND TRAFFIC

Personal services.

For personal services, \$81,380; temporary clerk hire, \$5,000; in

Expenses, etc.

all, \$86,380.

For purchase, installation, and modification of electric traffic lights, signals and controls, markers, painting white lines, labor, maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles and such other expenses as may be necessary in the judgment of the commissioners, including not to exceed \$700 for the purchase and/or exchange of one nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicle, \$85,000: Provided, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act, or that is now available shall be expended for building, installing, and maintaining street-car loading platforms and lights of any description employed to distinguish same.

Proviso.
Not available for street car loading platforms, etc.

> For the purchase of motor vehicle identification number plates, \$20,000.

Public Library.

Identification plates.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY

Personal services.

For personal services, and for substitutes and other special and temporary services, including extra services on Sundays, holidays, and Saturday half holidays, at the discretion of the librarian, \$319,440.

Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous: For books, periodicals, newspapers, and other printed material, including payment in advance for subscription books, and society publications, \$54,500: Provided, That the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the librarian of the free Public Library, upon requisition previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia, sums of money not exceeding \$25 at the first of each month, to be expended for the purchase of certain books, pamphlets, numbers of periodicals

Proviso. Advances for books purchased, etc.

or newspapers, or other printed material, and to be accounted for on itemized vouchers.

For binding, including necessary personal services, \$15,000.

For maintenance, alterations, repairs, fuel, lighting, fitting up buildings, care of grounds, maintenance of motor delivery vehicles, and other contingent expenses, including not to exceed \$700 for purchase and exchange of one motor delivery vehicle, \$28,500.

For rent of suitable quarters for branch libraries in Chevy Chase woodridge branches.

and Woodridge, \$4,800.

Not to exceed \$5,500 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$30,000 for the grading of the Georgetown Reservoir for utilization as a site for a Georgetown branch library, and for drawing plans for a library building to be erected on such site contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year at site.

Vol. 46, p. 1381. 1932, shall be available for erecting necessary retaining walls at such branch library site.

REGISTER OF WILLS

For personal services, \$74,720.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, telephone bills, printing, typewriters, photostat paper and supplies, including laboratory coats and photographic developing room equipment, towels, towel service, window washing, street-car tokens, furniture and equipment and repairs thereto, and purchase of books of reference, law books, and periodicals, \$10,000.

RECORDER OF DEEDS

For personal services, \$100,000.

For recopying old land records of the District of Columbia, including personal services, typewriting machines, and necessary supplies records, etc.

and equipment, \$10,000.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, including telephone service, printing, binding, rebinding, repairing, and preservation of records; typewriters, towels, towel service, furniture and equipment and repairs thereto; books of reference, law books and periodicals, street-car tokens, postage, not exceeding \$100 for rest room for sick and injured employees and the equipment of and medical supplies for said rest room, and all other necessary incidental expenses, \$12,500.

For rent of offices of the recorder of deeds, \$14,000.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$100,000 contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, for expenses of the District of Columbia Commission for the George Washington Bicentennial is continued available for the same purposes during the fiscal year 1933.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

For checks, books, law books, books of reference, periodicals, newspapers, stationery; surveying instruments and implements; drawing materials; binding, rebinding, repairing, and preservation of records; ice; repairs to pound and vehicles, not to exceed \$500; bookkeeping and accounting machines for the auditor's office, not to exceed \$7,500, to be immediately available; calculating and adding machines for the department of insurance, not to exceed \$1,000; traveling expenses not to exceed \$4,000, including payment of dues and traveling expenses in attending conventions when authorized

Binding.

Contingent expenses.

Georgetown branch.

Balance available for erecting retaining wall

Register of Wills.

Personal services.

Contingent expenses.

Recorder of Deeds.

Personal services.

Recopying old land

Contingent expenses.

Washington Bicentennial Commission.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1558.

Contingent expenses,

Objects specified.

etc., buildings.

Printing, etc., of list of supplies schedules, forbidden.

Printing and binding.

Automobiles, maintenance, etc.

Allowances for privately owned motor vehicles.

Full-time field service requirements.

of Districtowned vehicles restrict-

Proviso. Purchase price restriction.

Transfer forbidden.

Fire insurance not permitted.

Telephones allowed at residences of designated officials.

Postage.

Car fare, etc.

Removing unsafe, by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia; expenses authorized by law in connection with the removal of dangerous or unsafe and insanitary buildings, including payment of a fee of \$6 per diem to each member of board of survey, other than the inspector of buildings, while actually employed on surveys of dangerous or unsafe buildings; and other general necessary expenses of District offices, \$41,000: *Provided*, That no part of this or any other appropriation contained in this Act or of any appropriation which may now be available shall be expended for printing or binding a schedule or list of supplies and materials for the furnishing of which contracts have been or may be awarded.

For printing and binding, \$70,000.

For maintenance, care, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying automobiles owned by the District of Columbia, including personal services, \$65,000; for exchange of two motor ambulances, \$3,000; in all, \$68,000.

For allowances for furnishing privately owned motor vehicles in the performance of official duties at the rate of not to exceed \$275 per year for each automobile, \$7,380: Provided, That allowances under this appropriation shall be made only to persons whose duties require full time field service or whose duties require frequent travel outside of the District of Columbia.

All of said motor vehicles and all other motor vehicles provided in this Act owned by the District of Columbia shall be used only for purposes directly pertaining to the public services of said District, and shall be under the direction and control of the commissioners, who may from time to time alter or change the assignment for use thereof or direct the joint or interchangeable use of any of the same by officials and employees of the District, except as otherwise provided in this Act: Provided, That no passenger-carrying automobile, except busses and ambulances, shall be acquired under any provision of this Act, by purchase or exchange at a cost, including the value of a vehicle exchanged, exceeding \$650. No motor vehicles shall be transferred from the police or fire departments to any other branch of the government of the District of Columbia.

Appropriations in this Act shall not be used for the payment of

premiums or other cost of fire insurance.

Telephones may be maintained in the residences of the superintendent of the water department, sanitary engineer, chief inspector of the street-cleaning division, assistant superintendent of the streetcleaning division, inspector of plumbing, Director of Public Welfare, health officer, assistant health officer, chief of the bureau of preventable diseases, chief engineer of the fire department, superintendent of police, electrical inspector in charge of the fire-alarm system, one fire-alarm operator, and two fire-alarm repair men, the superintendent of machinery, and the fire marshal, under appropria-connections permit tions contained in this Act. The commissioners may connect any or all of these telephones either to the system of the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company or the telephone system maintained by the District of Columbia, or to both of such systems. Telephones may also be maintained in the residences of the general superintendent of penal institutions and such other officials of the workhouse and reformatory as may be approved by the commissioners.

For postage for strictly official mail matter, including the purchase

and rental of postage meter equipment, \$30,000.

The commissioners are authorized, in their discretion, to furnish necessary transportation in connection with strictly official business

of the District of Columbia by the purchase of street car and bus fares from appropriations contained in this Act: Provided, That the expenditures herein authorized shall be so apportioned as not to exceed a total of \$9,500: Provided further, That the provisions of this paragraph shall not include the appropriations herein made partments excepted.

for the fire and police departments.

For judicial expenses, including witness fees, and expert services in District cases before the Supreme Court of said District, \$1,800: Provided, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized, when in their judgment such action be deemed in the ing permitted. public interest, to contract for stenographic reporting services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title R.S., sec. 3709, p. 733, out regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title waived. U. S. C., p. 41, sec. 5) under available appropriations contained in this Act.

For general advertising, authorized and required by law, and for tax and school notices and notices of changes in regulations, \$5,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of advertising in newspapers published outside of the District of Columbia, notwithstanding the requirement for such advertising

provided by existing law.

For advertising notice of taxes in arrears July 1, 1931, as required to be given by the Act of February 28, 1898, as amended, to be reimbursed by a charge of 50 cents for each lot or piece of property advertised, \$8,000.

Provisos.Limitation.

Fire and police de-

Judicial expenses.

Proviso. Contracts for report-

1309.

General advertising.

Proviso. Outside newspaper advertising.

Taxes in arrears. Vol. 30, p. 250.

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

For personal services and miscellaneous and contingent expenses expenses, required for maintaining a public employment service for the District of Columbia, \$11,800.

Employment service.

HISTORICAL PLACES

For purchase and erection of suitable tablets to mark historical places in the District of Columbia, \$500.

Historical tablets.

EMERGENCY FUND

To be expended only in case of emergency, such as riot, pestilence, stricted. public insanitary conditions, calamity by flood or fire or storm, and of like character, and in all other cases of emergency not otherwise sufficiently provided for, in the discretion of the commissioners, \$4,000: Provided, That the certificate of the commissioners shall be sufficient voucher for the expenditure not to exceed \$1,000 for such investigations as they may deem necessary.

Emergency fund.

roviso. Voucher for expenses.

Refund of erroneous

Payments author-

Expenses under, re-

REFUND OF ERRONEOUS COLLECTIONS

To enable the commissioners, in any case where special assessments, ized. Yol. 36, p. 967. school tuition charges, payments for lost library books, rents, fees, or collections of any character have been erroneously covered into the Treasury, to refund such erroneous payments, wholly or in part, including the refunding of fees paid for building permits authorized by the District of Columbia Appropriation Act approved March 2, 1911 (36 Stat., p. 967), \$4,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for such refunds of payments made within the years. past three years.

Building permits.

Proviso Refunds of prior

Conference on Uni-To aid in support of the National Conference of Commissioners form State Laws. on Uniform State Laws, \$250.

Municipal center.

MUNICIPAL CENTER

Acquisition of site, etc., for.

Additional amount, from unexpended balance. Vol. 46, p. 1384.

Division of expenses.

ProvisoRelocation of street railway tracks.

For the acquisition of land in the municipal center, and for grading and paving of streets, and relocation and construction of District of Columbia owned utilities within and/or adjacent to the municipal center, \$222,000, and in addition thereto not to exceed \$1,278,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for the municipal center contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, of which sums not to exceed \$900,000 shall be available for the acquisition of land in the municipal center, and not to exceed \$600,000 shall be available for grading and paving of streets, and relocation and construction of District of Columbia owned utilities within and/or adjacent to the municipal center: Provided, That the Washington Railway and Electric Company is hereby directed to rebuild and relocate at its own expense the tracks of said company in D Street northwest between Fifth Street and Indiana Avenue, and in Indiana Avenue east of Fifth Street to the vicinity of Second Street, in accordance with plans and profiles to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and in the event of the failure of said Washington Railway and Electric Company to perform the work herein directed within the time fixed by the said commissioners the said work shall be performed by the District of Columbia and this appropriation shall be available for such purposes, and the cost of said work shall be a valid and subsisting lien against the franchises and property of the said railway company and shall constitute a legal indebtedness of said company in favor of the District of Columbia, and the said lien may be enforced in the name of the District of Columbia by a bill in equity brought by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, or by any other lawful proceeding against the said railway company.

Street, etc., improve-ment and repair.

Highways Department, salaries. Assessment and permit work.

STREET AND ROAD IMPROVEMENT AND REPAIR

Salaries, Highways Department: For personal services, \$217,710. For assessment and permit work, paving of roadways under the permit system, and construction and repair of sidewalks and curbs around public reservations and municipal and United States buildincluding maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying vehicles, \$250,000.

Gasoline tax road and street fund.

GASOLINE TAX ROAD AND STREET FUND

Paving, etc., streets and roads from.

Vol. 43, p. 106.

Streets to be improved.

For paving, repaving, grading, and otherwise improving streets. avenues, and roads, including personal services and the maintenance of motor vehicles used in this work, and including curbing and gutters and replacement of curb-line trees where necessary, as follows, to be paid from the special fund created by section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for a tax on motor-vehicle fuels sold within the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved April 23, 1924, and accretions by repayment of assessments:

For paving, repaving, and surfacing, including curbing and gutters where necessary, the following:

Southeast: T Street, Minnesota Avenue to Seventeenth Street, \$7,000;

Southeast: Q Street, Minnesota Avenue to Naylor Road, \$6,100; Southeast: P Street, Pennsylvania Avenue to east line of lot 800, square 5547, \$3,800;

Northeast: B Street, Sixteenth Street to Seventeenth Street, Streets to be improved, \$4,800;

Northeast: B Street, Seventeenth Place to Nineteenth Street, \$11.200:

Northeast: Seventeenth Place, B Street to C Street, \$5,200;

Northeast: Twenty-third Place, Benning Road to E Street, \$8,500;

Northeast: Penn Street, West Virginia Avenue to Montello Avenue, \$7,600;

Northeast: Queen Street, West Virginia Avenue to Montello Avenue, \$7,000;

Northeast: Holbrook Terrace, West Virginia Avenue to Montello Avenue, \$7,000;

Northeast: West Virginia Avenue, Holbrook Terrace to Mount

Olivet Road, \$14,700; Northeast: Thirtieth Street, Channing Street to Douglas Street, \$4,800;

Northeast: Thirtieth Street, South Dakota Avenue to Yost Place, \$3,600;

Northeast: Perry Street, Twenty-fourth Street to Twenty-sixth Street, \$9,700;

Northeast: Twenty-fourth Street, Perry Street to Quincy Street, \$5,700;

Northeast: Quincy Street, Twenty-second Street to Twenty-fourth Street, \$8,200;

Northeast: Quincy Street, Twentieth Street to Twenty-first Street, \$4,100;

Northeast: Twentieth Street, Perry Street to Quincy Street, 5,700;

Northeast: Twentieth Street, Evarts Street to Franklin Street, \$5,900;

Northeast: Tenth Street, Upshur Street to Varnum Street, \$5,800; Northeast: Third Street, L Street to M Street, \$9,400;

Northeast: Sixteenth Street, Irving Street to Lawrence Street, \$13,700;

Northeast: Varnum Street, Tenth Street to Twelfth Street, \$7,500;

Northeast: Fourth Street, Franklin Street to Michigan Avenue, \$35,600;

Northwest: Third Street, Sheridan Street to Underwood Street, \$9,300;

Northwest: Tuckerman Street, Eighth Street to Georgia Avenue, \$11,200;

Northwest: Piney Branch Road, Georgia Avenue to Van Buren Street, \$26,000;

Northwest: Dahlia Street, Georgia Avenue to Ninth Street, \$4,100;

Northwest: Hamilton Street, Thirteenth Street to Fourteenth Street, \$12,700;

Northwest: Forty-third Street, Jenifer Street to Military Road, \$9,000;

Northwest: Ingomar Street, Forty-second Street to Wisconsin Avenue, \$10,700;

Northwest: Waterside Drive, Massachusetts Avenue south, \$15,300;

Northwest: Fifteenth Street, Florida Avenue to Euclid Street, \$37,500;

Northwest: Buchanan Street, New Hampshire Avenue to Rock Creek Cemetery, \$3,300;

Streets to be improved from gasoline tax, etc., fund.

Northwest: Nicholson Street, Fourth Street to alley east of Fifth Street, \$4,800;

Northwest: Sixth Street, Nicholson Street to Oglethorpe Street,

\$6,200:

Northwest: Peabody Street, Third Street to alley east of Fourth Street, \$4,800;

Northwest: Fifth Street, Peabody Street to Rittenhouse Street, \$11,200;

Northwest: Sandy Spring Road, Van Buren Street to Laurel Street, \$9,800;

Northwest: Whittier Street, Sandy Spring Road to Second Street,

\$6,200;

Northwest: Walnut Street, Laurel Street to Second Street, \$6,500; Northwest: Laurel Street, Sandy Spring Road to Second Street, \$12,000;

Northwest: Fifth Street, Tuckerman Street to Van Buren Street,

Northwest: Eighth Street, Sheridan Street to Tuckerman Street,

Northwest: Piney Branch Road, Butternut Street to Fern Street, \$48,400;

Northwest: Eighth Street, Elder Street to Fern Street, \$4,800; Northwest: Elder Street, Georgia Avenue to Eighth Street, \$8,200;

Northwest: Ninth Street, pavement south of Dahlia Street to

Elder Street, \$11,200;

Northwest: Fourteenth Street, Juniper Street to Holly Street, \$17,500;

Northwest: Juniper Street, Morningside Drive to Fourteenth

Street, \$7,000; Northwest: Jonquil Street, Thirteenth Street to Fourteenth Street, \$8,200;

Northwest: Seventeenth Street, Crittenden Street to Decatur

Street, \$5,400; Northwest: Argyle Terrace, Eighteenth Street to Varnum Street; and Varnum Street, Argyle Terrace eastward approximately one hundred and fifty feet, \$13,200;

Northwest: Nevada Avenue, Livingston Street to Nebraska Ave-

nue, \$34,300;

Northwest: Thirty-third Street, Northampton Street to Rittenhouse Street, \$18,700;

Northwest: Northampton Street, Nevada Avenue to Thirty-third Street, \$14,600;

Northwest: Patterson Street, Nevada Avenue to Broad Branch Road, \$9,600;

Northwest: Military Road, Forty-first Street to Western Avenue, \$20,000;

Northwest: Yuma Street, Thirty-eighth Street approximately two hundred feet eastward, \$2,700;

Northwest: Butterworth Place, Forty-ninth Street to Massachusetts Avenue, \$14,600;

Northwest: Forty-fifth Street, Lowell Street to Nebraska Avenue, \$10,700;

Northwest: Calvert Street, Wisconsin Avenue to Tunlaw Road, \$5,100;

Northwest: Carolina Place, Cathedral Avenue to Macomb Street, \$8,400;

Northwest: Thirty-seventh Street, O Street to P Street, and P Street, Thirty-sixth Street to Thirty-seventh Street, \$7,100;

Northwest: Virginia Avenue, Twenty-sixth Street to Rock Creek of from gasoline tax, and Potomac Parkway, \$16,000;

and Potomac Parkway, \$16,000;

Southwest: Water Street, M Street to Eleventh Street, \$63,300; Northwest: For the widening to forty-six feet and repaving the roadway of E Street, Fourth Street to Fifth Street, and for the widening to fifty-six feet and repaying the roadway of E Street, North Capitol Street to Fourth Street, including the necessary replacement and relocation of sewers and water mains, \$155,400: Provided, That in widening and repaving these roadways, 40 per centum of the entire cost thereof shall be assessed against and collected from the owners of the abutting property in the manner provided in the Act approved February 20, 1931 (46 Stat., pp. 1197modify, at their own expense, the roofs of any vaults that may be walks, etc. under the sidewalks or parking on said street if it has for to change such vaults to permit of the roadway being widened; For grading streets, alleys, and roads, including construction of Grading streets, alleys, and roads.

necessary culverts and retaining walls, \$80,000;

For surfacing block pavements and paving the unpaved center

strips of paved roadways, \$60,000;

For minor changes in roadway and sidewalks on plans to be Minor changes roadways, etc. approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to facilitate vehicular and pedestrian traffic, \$10,000;

For construction of curbs and gutters, or concrete shoulders, in Curbs and connection with all forms of macadam roadways and adjustment of roadways thereto, together with resurfacing and replacing of base of such roadways where necessary, \$290,000;

For the surfacing and resurfacing or replacement of asphalt, surfacing asphalt, surfacing and resurfacing or replacement of asphalt, surfacing asph granite block, or concrete pavements with the same or other

approved material, \$500,000;

In all, \$1,863,700, to be immediately available; to be disbursed and accounted for as "Gasoline tax, road and street improvements," and for that purpose shall constitute one fund: Provided, That assessments in accordance with existing law shall be made for paving and isting law. repaving roadways where such roadways are paved or repaved with funds derived from the collection of the tax on motor-vehicle fuels and accretions by repayment of assessments.

STREET REPAIR, GRADING, AND EXTENSION

Condemnation: For purchase or condemnation of streets, roads, and alleys, and of areas less than 250 square feet at the intersection of streets, avenues, or roads in the District of Columbia, to be selected

by the commissioners, \$5,000.

To carry out the provisions of existing law which authorize the under permanent high-ommissioners of the District of Columbia to open, extend, ways system.

Vol. 37, p. 950. Commissioners of the District of Columbia to open, extend, straighten, or widen any street, avenue, road, or highway, except Fourteenth Street extension beyond the southern boundary of Walter Reed Hospital Reservation, in accordance with the plan of the permanent system of highways for the District of Columbia there is tion for, from District appropriated such sum as is necessary for said purpose, including revenues. the procurement of chains of title, during the fiscal year 1933, to be paid wholly out of the revenues of the District of Columbia: Provided, Alley improvements, That this appropriation shall be available to carry out the provibuilding lines, etc. paid wholly out of the revenues of the District of Columbia: Provided, sions of existing law for the opening, extension, widening, or straightening of alleys and minor streets and for the establishment of building lines in the District of Columbia.

Repairs: For current work of repairs to streets, avenues, roads, alleys, including the reconditioning of existing gravel streets and roads, including purchase, exchange, maintenance, and operation of

Propiso. Assessment of cost.

Vol. 46, p. 1197.

Surfacing block pave-

Curbs and gutters,

Surfacing, etc., pave-

Disbursement, etc.

Proviso. Assessment under ex-

Street repair, grad-ing, and extension.

Condemnation. Small park areas, etc.

Fourteenth Street extension excepted.

Repairs, etc.

Proviso. Purchase of munici-pal asphalt plant.

Laboratory tests.

Streetrailways, pave-

Vol. 20, p. 105.

Changing sidewalk widths, etc.

Open competition for street repair, etc., contracts.

Repairs for inferior work, etc., by contrac-tor required for addi-tional period.

Constitution Avenue NW. Widening and repairing, Second Street to Pennsylvania Avenue.

mains, trees, etc.

Amount from District revenues.
Sum from Arlington
Memorial Bridge appropriation.

Post, p. 454.

Bridges.

Construction, etc.

nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles used in this work, and the rental of necessary garage space therefor; and including the surfacing and resurfacing, or replacement, with the same or other approved materials, of such asphalt or concrete pavements as may be done within the funds available under this appropriation, \$957,500: Provided, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, should they deem such action to be to the advantage of the District of Columbia, are hereby authorized to purchase a municipal asphalt plant at a cost not to exceed \$30,000, and the commissioners under such conditions as they may prescribe are further authorized to utilize the existing testing laboratory of the highways department for making tests of all materials for other departments and activities of the District government.

This appropriation shall be available for repairing pavements of street railways when necessary; the amounts thus expended shall be collected from such railroad companies as provided by section 5 of "An Act providing a permanent form of government for the District of Columbia," approved June 11, 1878, and shall be deposited to the credit of the appropriation for the fiscal year in which they are collected.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized and empowered, in their discretion, to fix or alter the respective widths of sidewalks and roadways (including tree spaces and parking) of all highways that may be improved under appropriations contained in

No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for repairing, resurfacing, or newly paving any street, avenue, or roadway by private contract unless the specifications for such work shall be so prepared as to permit of fair and open competition in paving material as well as in price.

In addition to the provision of existing law requiring contractors to keep new pavements in repair for a period of one year from the date of the completion of the work, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall further require that where repairs are necessary during the four years following the said one-year period, due to inferior work or defective materials, such repairs shall be made at the expense of the contractor, and the bond furnished by the contractor shall be liable for such expense.

For widening to eighty feet and repaving the roadway of Constitution Avenue, Northwest, Second Street to Pennsylvania Avenue, in accordance with plans therefor to be jointly approved by the National Capital Park and Planning Commission and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, including the necessary recon-Relocation of Service struction, relocation, changes, and adjustments of all water mains. sewers, in advance of paving, trees, sidewalks, lamp-posts, fire hydrants, or other structures affected, and including personal services and all necessary incidental expenses, at a total cost not to exceed \$65,000, of which sum \$45,000 is hereby appropriated out of the revenues of the District of Columbia, to be immediately available, and not to exceed \$20,000 shall be transferred from and in accordance with the appropriation in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1933, for the construction of the Arlington Memorial Bridge.

BRIDGES

For construction, maintenance, operation, and repair of bridges, including not to exceed \$2,500 for the construction of a tool and maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying warehouse, and vehicles, \$87,500.

Benning Bridge over the Anacostia River: For the construction costia River.

Construction to reof a bridge to replace the bridge and trestle in line of Benning Road over the Anacostia River in accordance with plans and profile of said work to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, including construction of and changes in sewer and water mains, traveling expenses in connection with the inspection of material at the point of manufacture, employment of engineering or other professional services, by contract or otherwise, and without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, U.S. C., p. 1309. sec. 5) or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and engineering Vol. 46, p. 13003; U. S. sec. 4200 000; and the commissioners are C., Supp. V. p. 28. and incidental expenses, \$300,000; and the commission of authorized to enter into contract or contracts for the completion of limitation.

Contracts authorized, limitation.

Provisos.

Street railway profifth of the cost of constructing the said bridge and approaches portion, shall be borne and paid by the Washington Railway and Electric Company, its successors and assigns, to the collector of taxes of the District of Columbia, to the credit of the District of Columbia, and the same shall be a valid and subsisting lien against the franchises and property of the said railway company and shall constitute a legal indebtedness of said company in favor of the District of Columbia, and the said lien may be enforced in the name of the District of Columbia by a bill in equity brought by the said commissioners in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, or by any other lawful proceeding against the said railway company: Provided further, That after the completion of said bridge and Payment by other use of approaches herein authorized no street railway company shall use bridge. said bridge or approaches until the said company shall have paid to the collector of taxes of the District of Columbia a sum equal to one-fifth of the cost of said bridge and approaches, which sum shall be paid to the collector of taxes of the District of Columbia for deposit to the credit of the District of Columbia.

Calvert Street Bridge: For the preparation of studies, plans, and Bridge. investigations of foundation conditions for a bridge to replace the Calvert Street bridge over Rock Creek, including the employment of engineering or other professional services, by contract or otherwise, and without reference to section 3709 of the Revised U. S. C., p. 1309; Vol. Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) or the Classification Act of 1923, 46, p. 1003. as amended, and engineering and incidental expenses, \$40,000.

For reconstruction, where necessary, and for maintenance and repair of wharves under the control of the Commissioners of the pair, etc. District of Columbia, in the Washington Channel of the Potomac

River, \$5,000.

TREES AND PARKINGS

For personal services, \$28,480.

For contingent expenses, including laborers, trimmers, nurserymen, repairmen, teamsters, hire of carts, wagons, or motor trucks, trees, tree boxes, tree stakes, tree straps, tree labels, planting and care of trees on city and suburban streets, care of trees, tree spaces, purchase and maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles, and miscellaneous items, \$112,500.

SEWERS

Salaries, sewer department: For personal services, \$198,620. For cleaning and repairing sewers and basins, including the replacement of the following motor trucks: Two at not to exceed \$900; two at not to exceed \$1,200; two at not to exceed \$1,800; one at not to exceed \$4,000; for operation and maintenance of the sewage

place present structure.

Changes in service

Professional services.

Enforcement.

Calvert Street Plans, etc., for replacing.

Wharves. Reconstruction, re-

Trees and parking.

Personal services. Contingent expenses.

Sewers.

Personal services. Cleaning, repair, etc. Pumping stations.

Main and pipe. Suburban.

Assessment and permit work.

Balance available.

Rights of way, etc.

Vol. 46, p. 1389.

pumping service, including repairs to boilers, machinery, and pumping stations, and employment of mechanics and laborers, purchase of coal, oil, waste, and other supplies, and for the maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles used in this work, \$248,000.

For main and pipe sewers and receiving basins, \$210,000.

For suburban sewers, including the maintenance of nonpassengercarrying motor vehicles used in this work, and the replacement at not to exceed \$1,800 of three motor trucks, \$610,000.

For assessment and permit work, sewers, \$225,000; and the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 shall remain available until June 30, 1933.

For purchase or condemnation of rights of way for construction,

Upper Potomac in maintenance, and repair of public sewers, \$1,000.

For continuing the construction of the upper Potomac main

interceptor, \$50,000.

For the control and prevention of the spread of mosquitoes in the District of Columbia, including personal services, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, purchase of oil, and other necessary expenses, \$30,000: Provided, That of the amount herein appropriated there may be transferred for direct expenditure and in the interest of coordinating the work of mosquito control in the District of Columbia, not to exceed \$5,600 to the Public Health Service of the Treasury Department, the amount so transferred to be available for the objects herein specified.

Mosquito control.

Sums transferred to other agencies.

City refuse.

COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL OF REFUSE

Personal services.

Sweeping, cleaning, snow and ice removal,

Vehicles, etc.

Garbage-reduction plant.

Collections restrict-

For dust prevention, sweeping, and cleaning streets, avenues, alleys, and suburban streets, under the immediate direction of the commissioners, and for cleaning snow and ice from streets, sidewalks, crosswalks, and gutters in the discretion of the commissioners, including services and purchase and maintenance of equipment, rent of storage rooms; maintenance and repair of stables; hire and maintenance of horses; hire, purchase, maintenance, and repair of wagons, harness, and other equipment; maintenance and repair of nonpassenger-carrying motor-propelled vehicles necessary in cleaning streets

and purchase of motor-propelled street-cleaning equipment; and

For personal services, \$148,520.

Garbage, dead ani. necessary incidental expenses, \$550,000. mals, ashes, etc.

To anoble the committee of th To enable the commissioners to carry out the provisions of existing law governing the collection and disposal of garbage, dead animals, night soil, and miscellaneous refuse and ashes in the District of Columbia, including inspection; fencing of public and private property designated by the commissioners as public dumps; and incidental expenses, \$1,000,000, including not to exceed \$25,000 for repair and improvement of the garbage-reduction plant, of which not to exceed \$10,000 shall provide for the construction, by day labor or otherwise, in the discretion of the commissioners, of a two-story brick bunk house, and there is further made available for the purposes of this paragraph not to exceed \$72,500 of the unexpended balance of the Proceeds covered similar appropriation for the fiscal year 1932: Provided, That any proceeds received from the disposal of city and the disposal o proceeds received from the disposal of city refuse or garbage shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the United States and the District of Columbia in the manner provided by law: Provided further, That this appropriation shall not be available for collecting ashes or miscellaneous refuse from hotels and places of business or from apartment houses of four or more apartments in which the landlord furnishes heat to tenants.

PUBLIC PLAYGROUNDS

For personal services, \$115,940: Provided, That employments hereunder, except directors who shall be employed for twelve months, stricted. shall be distributed as to duration in accordance with corresponding employments provided for in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1924.

For general maintenance, repairs and improvements, equipment, supplies, incidental and contingent expenses of playgrounds, includ-

ing labor and maintenance of one motor truck, \$40,000.

For the maintenance and contingent expenses of keeping open grounds during sumduring the summer months the public-school playgrounds, under mer. the direction and supervision of the commissioners; for special and temporary services, directors, assistants, and janitor service during the summer vacation, and, in the larger yards, daily after school hours during the school term, \$30,000.

For supplies, repairs, maintenance, and necessary expenses of

operating three swimming pools, \$3,000.

Bathing pools: For superintendence, \$600; for temporary services, supplies, and maintenance, \$4,500; for repairs to buildings, pools, and upkeep of grounds, \$1,780; in all, \$6,880: Provided, That section 6 of the Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Appropriation Act, tion not applicable to approved May 10, 1916 (39 Stat. p. 120 sec 6) as arranged Liu superintendent. not apply to the position of superintendent of these bathing pools during the fiscal year 1933.

ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT

For personal services, \$150,720.

For general supplies, repairs, new batteries and battery supplies, telephone rental and purchase, telephone service charges, wire and cable for extension of telegraph and telephone service, repairs of lines and instruments, purchase of poles, tools, insulators, brackets, pins, hardware, cross arms, ice, record book, stationery, livery, blacksmithing, extra labor, new boxes, maintenance of motor trucks, including not to exceed \$600 for the purchase and exchange of one nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicle, and other necessary items, \$30,000.

For placing wires of fire alarm, police patrol, and telephone serv- ground. ices underground, extension and relocation of police-patrol and fire- alarm systems, etc. alarm systems, purchase and installing additional lead-covered cables, labor, material, appurtenances, and other necessary equipment

and expenses, \$25,000.

Lighting: For purchase, installation, and maintenance of public lamps, lamp-posts, street designations, lanterns, and fixtures of all kinds on streets, avenues, roads, alleys, and public spaces, part cost of maintenance of airport and airway lights necessary for operation of the air mail, and for all necessary expenses in connection therewith, including rental of stables and storerooms, livery and extra labor, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor trucks, this sum to be expended in accordance with the provisions of sections 7 and 8 of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1912 (36 Stat., pp. 1008-1011, sec. 7), and with the provisions of the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1913 (37 Stat., pp. 181-184, sec. 7), and other laws applicable thereto, and including not to exceed \$26,000 for operation and maintenance of electric traffic lights, signals, and controls, \$1,006,000, of which not to exceed \$10,000 shall be available for the completion of a study

Public playgrounds.

Personal services. Employments re-

Maintenance, etc.

Swimming pools.

Bathing pools.

Electrical department.

Personal services. Supplies, contingent expenses, etc.

Placing wires under

Lighting streets, etc.

Air mail lights.

Vol. 36, p. 1008.

Vol. 37, p. 181.

Traffic signals, etc.

Electric street light-

of the power needs of the District of Columbia with a view to establishing a municipally owned and operated service, said sum to be expended by contract or otherwise and without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes and the Classification Act of 1923, as amended: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for the payment of rates for electric street lighting in excess of those authorized to be paid in the fiscal year 1927, and payment for electric current for new forms of street lighting shall not exceed 2 cents per kilowatt-hour for current consumed; Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the payment on any contract required by law to be awarded through competitive Awards to lowest bidding, which is not awarded to the lowest responsible bidder on specifications, and such specifications shall be so drawn as to admit of fair competition.

competitor.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Administrative and

Public schools.

supervisory officers.

Vol. 43, p. 368.

Clerks, etc. School attendance and work permit department. Vol. 43, pp. 367–375,

Vol. 45, p. 998.

Teachers, librarians, etc. Vol. 43, pp. 367–375.

Proviso. Assignment of kindergarten teachers.

Soliciting subscriptions, etc., in schools prohibited.

Exception.

Vacation schools.

Annuities. Vol. 44, p. 728. Vol. 41, p. 387.

For personal services of administrative and supervisory officers in accordance with the Act fixing and regulating the salaries of teachers, school officers, and other employees of the Board of Education of the District of Columbia, approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat., pp. 367-375), including salaries of presidents of teachers' colleges in the salary schedule for first assistant superintendents, \$669,915. For personal services of clerks and other employees, \$164,760.

For personal services in the department of school attendance and work permits in accordance with the Act approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat., pp. 367-375), the Act approved February 5, 1925 (43 Stat., pp. 806-808), and the Act approved May 29, 1928 (45 Stat., p. 998), \$42,700.

For personal services of teachers and librarians in accordance with the Act approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat., pp. 367-375), including for teachers' colleges assistant professors in salary class seven, and professors in salary class twelve, \$6,539,764: Provided, That as teacher vacancies occur during the fiscal year 1933 in grades one to four inclusive of the elementary schools, such vacancies may be filled by the assignment of teachers now employed in kindergartens, and teachers employed in kindergartens are hereby made eligible to teach in the said grades.

No part of any appropriation made in this Act shall be paid to any person employed under or in connection with the public schools of the District of Columbia who shall solicit or receive, or permit to be solicited or received, on any public-school premises. any subscription or donation of money or other thing of value from any pupil enrolled in such public schools for presentation of testimonials to school officials or for any purpose except such as may be authorized by the Board of Education at a stated meeting upon the written recommendation of the superintendent of schools.

For the instruction and supervision of children in the vacation schools and playgrounds, and supervisors and teachers of vacation schools and playgrounds may also be supervisors and teachers of day schools, \$36,000.

To carry out the purposes of the Act approved June 11, 1926, entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled An Act for the retirement of public-school teachers in the District of Columbia,' approved January 15, 1920, and for other purposes" (41 Stat., pp. 387-390), \$400,000.

NIGHT SCHOOLS

Night schools.

For teachers and janitors of night schools, including teachers of industrial, commercial, and trade instruction, and teachers and janitors of night schools may also be teachers and janitors of day schools, \$97,000.

Salaries.

For contingent and other necessary expenses, including equipment and purchase of all necessary articles and supplies for classes in industrial, commercial, and trade instruction, \$4,500.

Contingent expenses.

THE DEAF, DUMB, AND BLIND

Deaf, dumb, and

For maintenance and instruction of deaf and dumb persons and dumb. admitted to the Columbia Institution for the Deaf from the District of Columbia, under section 4864 of the Revised Statutes, and as provided for in the Act approved March 1, 1901 (U. S. C., title 24, sec. 238), and under a contract to be entered into with the said institution by the commissioners, \$31,500.

Instruction of deaf R. S., sec. 4864, p. 942. Vol. 31, p. 844. U. S. C., p. 685.

For maintenance and instruction of colored deaf-mutes of teachable age belonging to the District of Columbia, in Maryland, or some contract. other State, under a contract to be entered into by the commissioners, \$5,500: Provided, That all expenditures under this appropriation shall be made under the supervision of the Board of Education.

Colored deaf mutes. Tuition of, under

For maintenance and instruction of blind children of the District of Columbia, in Maryland, or some other State, under a contract to be entered into by the commissioners, \$11,000: Provided, That all expenditures under this appropriation of all expenditures under this appropriation. all expenditures under this appropriation shall be made under the penditure. supervision of the Board of Education.

Proviso. Supervision.

Blind children.

AMERICANIZATION WORK

A mericanization

For Americanization work and instruction of foreigners of all ages in both day and night classes, and teachers and janitors of Americanization schools may also be teachers and janitors of the day schools, \$13,000.

Instructing foreign-

For contingent and other necessary expenses, including books, equipment, and supplies, \$800.

Contingent expenses.

COMMUNITY CENTER DEPARTMENT

Community centers.

For personal services of the director, general secretaries, and Salaries and expenses, vol. 43, pp. 369, 375. community secretaries in accordance with the Act approved June 4, 1924 (43 Stat., pp. 369, 370); clerks and part-time employees, including janitors on account of meetings of parent-teacher associations and other activities, and contingent expenses, equipment, supplies, and lighting fixtures, \$41,900.

CARE OF BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Care of buildings and

For personal services, including care of smaller buildings and rented rooms at a rate not to exceed \$96 per annum for the care of and rented rooms. each schoolroom, other than those occupied by atypical or ungraded classes, for which service an amount not to exceed \$120 per annum may be allowed, \$889,260.

Salaries. buildings

MISCELLANEOUS

Miscellaneous.

For the maintenance of schools for tubercular and crippled pupils, lar and crippled pupils, lar and crippled pupils, \$11,000.

Transportation.

Manual, etc., training expenses.

Fuel. light.

For transportation for pupils attending schools for tubercular pupils, and for pupils attending schools for crippled pupils, \$20,000: Car fares, etc., al. Provided, That expenditures for street-car and bus fares, from this lowed. fund shall not be subject to the general limitations on the use of street-car and bus fares covered by this Act.

For purchase and repair of furniture, tools, machinery, material, and books, and apparatus to be used in connection with instruction in manual and vocational training, and incidental expenses connected therewith, \$75,000, to be immediately available.

For fuel, gas, and electric light and power, \$295,000.

Furniture.

FURNITURE

Equipping designated school buildings.

For completely furnishing and equipping buildings and additions to buildings, as follows: Douglass-Simmons School, \$6,440; Harrison School, \$6,440; Giddings School, \$9,769; Taft Junior High School, \$38,627; Crummell School, \$830; Kenilworth School, \$1,385; Available until June in all, \$63,491, to be immediately available and to continue available until June 30, 1934.

30, 1934.

For furniture and equipment, including pianos and window shades, for the Roosevelt High School, \$165,000.

Contingent expenses,

For contingent expenses, including furniture and repairs of same, stationery, ice, United States flags, paper towels, and other necessary items not otherwise provided for, and including not exceeding \$8,000 for books of reference and periodicals, not exceeding \$1,500 for replacement of pianos at an average cost of not to exceed \$300 each, not exceeding \$5,000 for labor, \$165,000 to be immediately available: *Provided*, That a bond shall not be required on account of military supplies or equipment issued by the War Department for military instruction and practice by the students of high schools in the District of Columbia.

Proviso.

No bond required for rmy supplies to ca-

No money appropriated in this Act for the purchase of furniture and equipment for the public schools of the District of Columbia shall be expended unless the requisitions of the Board of Education therefor shall be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, or by the purchasing officer and the auditor for the District of Columbia acting for the commissioners.

Purchases subject to approval of Commissioners, etc.

> For textbooks and other educational books and supplies, as authorized by the Act of January 31, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 62), including not to exceed \$7,000 for personal services, \$200,000, to be immediately available.

Supplies to pupils. Vol. 46, p. 62,

For maintenace 1 of kindergartens, \$7,000, to be immediately avail-

Kindergartens. etc., departments.

For purchase of apparatus, fixtures, specimens, technical books, and for extending the equipment and for the maintenance of laboratories of the department of physics, chemistry, biology, and general science in the several high and junior high schools and normal schools, and for the installation of the same, \$16,500, to be immedi-

Supplies for physics.

ately available. For utensils, material, and labor, for establishment and maintenance of school gardens, including rent of grounds \$3,140.

Nature study, etc., teachers.

School gardens.

The Board of Education is authorized to designate the months in which the ten salary payments now required by law shall be made to teachers assigned to the work of instruction in nature study and school gardens.

Children of Army, Navy, etc., officers, admitted free.

The children of officers and men of the United States Army, Navy, and Marine Corps, and children of other employees of the United States stationed outside the District of Columbia shall be admitted to the public schools without payment of tuition.

¹ So in original

Not to exceed \$100,000 of the unexpended balance of appropriation of new buildings and grounds are buildings and grounds are buildings. tions for buildings and grounds, public schools, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1931, is hereby made immediately available and shall continue available until June 30, 1933, for the improvement of grounds surrounding public-school buildings, constructed under appropriations for the fiscal year 1931 and prior fiscal years, such work to be performed by day labor or otherwise in the discretion of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

For repairs and improvements to school buildings, repairing and buildings. renewing heating, plumbing, and ventilating apparatus, installation and repair of electric equipment, and installation of sanitary drinking fountains, and maintenance of motor trucks, \$437,500, of which amount \$100,000 shall be immediately available.

For necessary remodeling, painting, and equipping of three rooms at the Western High School for a chemical laboratory, a biological

laboratory, and a typewriting room, \$12,500.

For the necessary remodeling, painting, and equipping, including Cardovo High Schools, the repair and refinishing of suitable existing equipment, because of remodeling, etc. contemplated change of use of buildings, as follows: Old Business High School building, \$152,500; old Cardozo High School building, \$13,000; in all, \$165, $\overline{500}$.

igh School building, \$165,500.
3,000; in all, \$165,500.

Not to exceed \$120,000 of the unexpended balance of the approlege.

Wilson Teachers
lege.

Rehabilitation.
Fund available.
Vol. 46, p. 1395. priation for buildings and grounds, public schools, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, is hereby made available, and shall continue available until June 30, 1933, for such repairs and reconstruction as may be necessary to rehabilitate the Wilson Teachers College and for razing the Ross elementary school, razing, etc. school, and the commissioners are authorized to perform such work by day labor or in such other manner, including the employment of engineering and other professional services without reference to 733; U.S. C., p. 1309. section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U.S. C., title 41, sec. 5), and Vol. 20, p. 102; Vol. 46, the Act approved June 11, 1878 (20 Stat., p. 102), and the Classifica- U.S.C., p. 65; Supp., tion Act of 1923, as amended, as they may deem most advantageous V, p. 28. to the District of Columbia.

Not to exceed \$10,000 of the unexpended balance of the appro-nigh.

Transfer of certain priation for buildings and grounds, public schools, contained in the equipment District of Columbia Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, is hereby made available, and shall continue available until June 30, 1933, for moving to the old Columbia Junior High School building the library, laboratory, and cafeteria equipment of the Wilson Teachers College, pending rehabilitation of said teachers college building, including the installation of shelving and other equipment, and repainting and minor structural changes in the Columbia Junior High School building, removing and return of all teachers' college equipment to ing rehabilitation of the Wilson Teachers College building upon the completion of rehabil. Wilson building. the Wilson Teachers College building upon the completion of rehabilitation of that building, and other necessary expenses, such work to be performed by day labor or otherwise in the discretion of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

For purchase, installation, and maintenance of equipment, for grounds. school yards for the purposes of play of pupils, \$10,000: Provided, That such playgrounds shall be kept open for play purposes in accordance with the schedule maintained for playgrounds under the jurisdiction of the playground department.

No part of the foregoing appropriations for public schools shall tion prohibited. be used for instructing children under five years of age except children entering during the first half of the school year who will be five years of age by November 1, 1932, and children entering during the second half of the school year who will be five years

Balance available.

etc.,

Laboratories, etc.

Wilson Teachers Col-

Sums available.

School yard play-TOVISO

instruc-

Proviso. Webster School provisions.

of age by March 15, 1933: Provided, That this limitation shall not be considered as preventing the employment of a matron and the care of children under school age at the Webster School whose parent or parents are in attendance in connection with Americanization work.

Buildings and grounds.

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Bancroft.

For the construction of an eight-room addition to the Bancroft School, including the necessary remodeling of the present building, \$105,000.

Keene.

For the erection of an eight-room extensible building at the site of the Keene School, \$115,000.

Taft Junior High.

For the completion of the construction of the Taft Junior High School, \$250,000.

Boy's trade school. Twenty-fourth and Benning Road NE.

For the erection of a trade school for boys on a site already purchased at Twenty-fourth Street and Benning Road, northeast, \$315,000.

Anacostia, junior high.

For the erection of a junior high-school building on a site already purchased for that purpose at Nineteenth Street and Minnesota Avenue southeast in Anacostia, \$225,000, and the commissioners are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for such building at

Contracts.

a cost not to exceed \$450,000. For the construction of a two-room addition to the Crummell School, including a new heating plant and the necessary remodeling

Crummell. Addition.

> of the present building, \$36,000. For the completion of construction, and for improvement of

Roosevelt Business High.

grounds, of the Roosevelt (Business) High School, \$117,500.

Reno. Senior high.

For the preparation of plans and specifications for a new senior high school on a site to be acquired in the Reno section, including the employment of personal services, by contract or otherwise, and without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U.S. C., title 41, sec. 5), or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, \$50,000.

R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733; U. S. C., p. 1309. Vol. 46, p. 1003; U. S. C., p. 65; Supp. V, p. 28.

For the erection of a four classroom building to replace the Kenilworth School, on a site to be acquired for that purpose, \$70,000.

Kenilworth. To be replaced.

> For the construction of a school building on a site acquired for that purpose in the vicinity of Foxhall Village to provide four classrooms and unfinished space for four additional classrooms, \$100,000.

Foxhall Village.

For the construction on land now owned by the District of Columbia of a building to provide a combination gymnasium and assembly hall for the Douglass-Simmons School and a gymnasium for the M Street Junior High School, \$90,000: Provided, That the Use of blance for unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$130,000 for an addition to the Douglass-Simmons School contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 shall be avail-Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 shall be available for the improvement of the central heating plant for the M

Douglass-Simmons. Gymnasium and assembly hall.

M Street Junior · High. Gymnasium.

Street Junior High and Douglass-Simmons Schools.

Total immediately

In all, \$1,473,500, to be immediately available and to be disbursed vallable. Accounted as one and accounted for as "Buildings and grounds, public schools," and for that purpose shall constitute one fund and remain available until expended: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for or on account of any school building not herein specified.

available.

None of the money appropriated by this Act shall be paid or obligated toward the construction of or addition to any building the whole and entire construction of which, exclusive of heating, lighting, plumbing, painting, and treatment of grounds, shall not have been awarded in one or a single contract, separate and apart from any other contract, project, or undertaking, to the lowest responsible

roviso. Use for unauthorized projects forbidden.

Building contract requirements.

bidder complying with all the legal requirements as to a deposit of money or the execution of a bond, or both, for the faithful performance of the contract: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed as repealing existing law giving the commissioners the right to reject all bids.

For the purchase of school building and playground sites, as designated.

For the purchase of a site in the vicinity of the Logan School,

\$95,000.

Not to exceed \$75,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for buildings and grounds, public schools, contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1931, is hereby made available, and shall continue available until June 30, 1933, as an additional amount for the purchase of a site for the Jefferson Junior High School.

The plans and specifications for all buildings provided for in this etc. Preparation of plans, Act under appropriations administered by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall be prepared under the supervision of the municipal architect, and those for school buildings after consultation with the Board of Education, and shall be approved by the commissioners and shall be constructed in conformity thereto.

The school buildings authorized and appropriated for herein shall ments. be constructed with all doors intended to be used as exits or entrances opening outward, and each of said buildings having in excess of eight rooms shall have at least four exits. Appropriations carried in this Act shall not be used for the maintenance of school in any building unless all outside doors thereto used as exits or entrances shall open outward and be kept unlocked every school day from one-days. half hour before until one-half hour after school hours.

Proviso. Right to reject bids.

of sites

Logan School

Jefferson Junior High:

Balance available.

Exit, etc., require-

Outside doors to open

Unlocked on school

Police.

METROPOLITAN POLICE SALARIES

For the pay and allowances of officers and members of the Metro-olitan police force, in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to Salaries, officers, etc. Vol. 43, p. 174; Vol. 46, p. 839. politan police force, in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of the Metropolitan police force, the United States park police force, and the fire department of the District of Columbia" (43 Stat., pp. 174-175), as amended, including compensation at the rate of \$2,100 per annum for the present assistant property clerk of the police department, \$3,092,964.

For personal services, \$123,050.

Personal services.

Miscellaneous.

Repairs, etc.

Contingent expenses.

Radio system.

Camp Perry, Ohio,

MISCELLANEOUS

For fuel, \$8,500.

For repairs and improvements to police stations and station

grounds, \$12,500.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, including rewards for fugitives, purchase of modern revolvers and other firearms, maintenance of card system, stationery, city directories, books of reference, periodicals, newspapers, telegraphing, telephoning, photographs, rental and maintenance of teletype system and labor-saving devices, telephone service charges, purchase, maintenance and servicing of radio broadcasting systems and purchase of equipment, gas, ice, washing, meals for prisoners, medals of award, not to exceed \$300 for car tickets, not to exceed \$1,500 for travel and other expenses of members of the force at the police school at Camp Perry, Ohio, school. furniture and repair thereto, beds and bed clothing, insignia of office, police equipments and repairs to same, and mounted equipPrevention and detection of crime.

ment, flags and halvards, storage of stolen or abandoned property, and traveling and other expenses incurred in prevention and detention of crime and other necessary expenses, including expenses of harbor patrol, \$71,500, of which amount a sum not exceeding \$2,000 may be expended by the major and superintendent of police for prevention and detection of crime, under his certificate, approved by the commissioners, and every such certificate shall be deemed a sufficient voucher for the sum therein expressed to have been expended: Provided, That the War Department may, in its discretion, furnish the commissioners for use of the police, upon requisition, such worn mounted equipment as may be required: Provided further, That the commissioners are authorized to employ the electrician of the District Building to repair speedometers at such cost not exceeding \$250 as they may approve payment to be in addition to his regular compensation, and such services to be performed after regular working ĥours.

Provisos.
Army mounted equipment.

Speedometer repairs.

Motor vehicles.

For purchase and maintenance of passenger-carrying and other motor vehicles and the replacement of those worn out in the service and condemned, \$75,000.

Uniforms.

Uniforms: For furnishing uniforms and other official equipment prescribed by department regulations as necessary and requisite in the performance of duty to officers and members of the Metropolitan police, including cleaning, alteration, and repair of articles transferred from one individual to another, \$60,000.

House of Detention.

HOUSE OF DETENTION

Maintenance, etc.

For maintenance of a suitable place for the reception and detention of girls and women over seventeen years of age, arrested by the police on charge of offense against any laws in force in the District of Columbia, or held as witnesses or held pending final investigation or examination, or otherwise, including transportation, the purchase and maintenance of necessary motor vehicles, clinic supplies, food, upkeep and repair of buildings, fuel, gas, ice, laundry, supplies and equipment, electricity, and other necessary expenses, \$10,250; for personal services, \$10,560; in all, \$20,810.

Policemen, etc., relief fund.

POLICEMEN AND FIREMEN'S RELIEF FUND

Payments from.

To pay the relief and other allowances as authorized by law, such sum as is necessary for said purposes for the fiscal year 1933 is appropriated from the policemen and firemen's relief fund.

Fire department.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

SALARIES

Salaries, officers, etc. Vol. 43, p. 175; Vol. 46, p. 839.

For the pay of officers and members of the fire department, in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to fix the salaries of officers and members of the Metropolitan police force, the United States park police force, and the fire department of the District of Columbia" (43 Stat., p. 175), as amended, \$2,165,100.

For personal services, \$5,920.

MISCELLANEOUS

Repairs, etc., to buildings. Uniforms, etc.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, \$25,000. Uniforms: For furnishing uniforms and other official equipment prescribed by department regulations as necessary and requisite in the performance of duty to officers and members of the fire

department, including cleaning, alteration, and repair of articles

transferred from one individual to another, \$30,000.

For repairs to apparatus, motor vehicles, and other motor-driven Repairs to apparatus, etc. apparatus, fire boat and for new apparatus, new motor vehicles, new appliances, employment of mechanics, helpers, and laborers in the fire department repair shop, and for the purchase of necessary supplies, materials, equipment, and tools, \$48,000: Provided, That the commissioners are authorized, in their discretion, to build or pair shop. construct, in whole or in part, fire-fighting apparatus in the fire department repair shop.

For hose, \$9,600. For fuel, \$28,000.

For contingent expenses, furniture, fixtures, oil, blacksmithing, gas and electric lighting, flags, and halyards, medals of award, and

other necessary items, \$25,000.

For one aerial hook and ladder truck, motor driven, at not to exceed \$15,500; two combination hose wagons, motor driven, at not to exceed \$8,000 each; and one pumping engine, triple combination, motor driven, at not to exceed \$11,000; in all. \$42,500.

Proviso. Construction at re-

Hose and fuel.

Contingent expenses.

New apparatus.

Health Department.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

SALARIES

For personal services, \$189,530.

PREVENTION OF CONTAGIOUS DISEASES

For contingent expenses incident to the enforcement of the propenses. Vol. 29, p. 635. visions of an Act to prevent the spread of contagious diseases in the District of Columbia, approved March 3, 1897 (29 Stat., pp. 635-641), and an Act for the prevention of scarlet fever, diphtheria, measles, whooping cough, chicken pox, epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis, and typhoid fever in the District of Columbia, approved February 9, 1907 (34 Stat., pp. 889-890), and an Act to provide for registration of all cases of tuberculosis in the District of Columbia, tion. for free examination of sputum in suspected cases, and for preventing the spread of tuberculosis in said District of Columbia, approved May 13, 1908 (35 Stat., pp. 126-127), under the direction of the health officer of said District, manufacture of serums, including their use in indigent cases, and for the prevention of infantile paralysis and other communicable diseases, and of an Act for the prevention of venereal diseases in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes, approved February 26, 1925 (43 Stat., pp. 1001-1003), and for maintenance of disinfecting service, including salaries or compensation for personal services, when ordered in writing by the commissioners and necessary for the enforcement and execution of said Acts, and for the prevention of such other communicable diseases as hereinbefore provided, and purchase of reference books and medical journals, \$38.000: Provided, That any bacteriologist employed under this appropriation may be assigned by the health ination of milk, etc. officer to the bacteriological examination of milk and other dairy products and of the water supplies of dairy farms, and to such other sanitary works as in the judgment of the health officer will promote the public health, whether such examinations be or be not directly related to contagious diseases.

For isolating wards for minor contagious diseases at Garfield field Hospital. Memorial Hospital, maintenance, \$22,500, or so much thereof as in the opinion of the commissioners may be necessary.

Personal services.

Prevention of contagious diseases.

Enforcement ex-

Vol. 34, p. 889.

Tuberculosis registra-

Vol. 35, p. 126.

Infantile paralysis.

Venereal diseases. Vol. 43, p. 1001.

Disinfecting service.

Proviso.
Bacteriological exam-

Tuberculosis and venereal diseases dispensaries.

Provisos. Volunteer services.

No pay authorized therefor.

Drainage of lots, etc. Vol. 29, p. 126. Vol. 34, p. 114.

For the maintenance of a dispensary or dispensaries for the treatment of indigent persons suffering from tuberculosis and of indigent persons suffering from venereal diseases, including payment for personal services, rent, supplies, and contingent expenses, \$44,000, of which not exceeding \$15,000 shall be available for the alteration of quarters, expenses of moving, and purchase and installation of equipment, such work to be performed by day labor or otherwise in the discretion of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia: Provided, That the commissioners may accept such volunteer services as they deem expedient in connection with the establishment and maintenance of the dispensaries herein authorized: Provided further, That this shall not be construed to authorize the expenditure or the payment of any money on account of any such volunteer service.

For enforcement of the provisions of an Act to provide for the Abatement of nui-drainage of lots in the District of Columbia, approved May 19, 1896 (29 Stat., pp. 125-126), and an Act to provide for the abatement of nuisances in the District of Columbia by the commissioners, and for other purposes, approved April 14, 1906, \$2,500.

Hygiene, etc., public schools.

HYGIENE AND SANITATION, PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Personal services. Dental clinics. Division of inspectors and nurses.

Maintenance of laboratories, etc.

Preventing food, candy, etc., adulterations Vol. 30, pp. 246, 398,

Pure food law. Vol. 34, p. 768.

Milk regulations. Vol. 43, p. 1004.

vehicles.

Motor vehicles.

Child hygiene and welfare.

Provisos. accepted.

Salaries: For personal services in the conduct of hygiene and sanitation work in the public schools, including the necessary expenses of maintaining free dental clinics, \$95,980: Provided, That of the persons employed as medical inspectors one shall be a woman, four shall be dentists, and four shall be of the colored race, and that of the graduate nurses employed as public-school nurses three shall be of the colored race.

For maintenance of laboratories, including reference books and periodicals, apparatus, equipment, and necessary contingent and miscellaneous expenses, \$2,500.

For contingent expenses incident to the enforcement of an Act relating to the adulteration of foods and drugs in the District of Columbia approved February 17, 1898 (30 Stat., pp. 246-248), an Act to prevent the adulteration of candy in the District of Columbia, approved May 5, 1898 (30 Stat., p. 398), an Act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded or poisonous or deleterious foods, drugs, medicines, and liquors, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes, approved June 30, 1906 (34 Stat., pp. 768-772), and an Act to regulate, within the District of Columbia, the sale of milk, cream, and ice cream, and for other purposes, approved February 27, 1925 (43 Stat., pp. 1004-1008), including traveling and other necessary expenses of dairyfarm inspectors; and including not to exceed \$100 for special services in detecting adulteration of drugs and foods, including candy Dairy farm inspec and milk, \$8,300: Provided, That inspectors of dairy farms may rs. Allowance for motor receive an allowance for furnishing privately owned motor vehicles in the performance of official duties at the rate of not to exceed \$480 per annum for each inspector.

For maintenance and operation of motor ambulances and motor vehicles, \$1,100; for purchase of one motor truck, \$900; in all, \$2,000.

For maintaining a child-hygiene service, including the establishment and maintenance of child-welfare stations for the clinical examinations, advice, care, and maintenance of children under six years of age, payment for personal services, rent, fuel, periodicals, Provisos. Volunteer services and supplies, \$52,000: Provided, That the Commissioners may accept such volunteer services as they may deem expedient in connection with the establishment and maintenance of the service herein authorized: Provided further, That this shall not be construed to authorize the expenditure or the payment of any money on account of any such volunteer service.

No pay therefor.

COURTS AND PRISONS

Courts and prisons.

JUVENILE COURT

Juvenile Court.

Salaries: For personal services, \$60,310.

Personal services.

Jurors.

Miscellaneous: For compensation of jurors, \$1,500.

Contingent expenses.

For fuel, ice, gas, laundry work, stationery, books of reference, periodicals, typewriters and repairs thereto, preservation of records, mops, brooms, and buckets, removal of ashes and refuse, telephone service, traveling expenses, meals of jurors and prisoners, repairs to courthouse and grounds, furniture, fixtures, and equipment, and other incidental expenses not otherwise provided for, \$3,500.

The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to for returning, etc., abadvance to the chief probation officer of the juvenile court upon sconding probationers. requisition previously approved by the judge of the juvenile court and the auditor of the District of Columbia, sums of money not to exceed \$50 at any one time, to be expended for transportation and traveling expenses to secure the return of absconding probationers, and to be accounted for monthly on itemized vouchers to the accounting officer of the District of Columbia.

POLICE COURT

Police Court.

Salaries: For personal services, \$101,350.

Personal services Contingent expenses.

For law books, books of reference, directories, periodicals, stationery, preservation of records, typewriters and repairs thereto. fuel, ice, gas, electric lights and power, telephone service, laundry work, removal of ashes and rubbish, mops, brooms, buckets, dusters, sponges, painter's and plumber's supplies, toilet articles, medicines, soap and disinfectants, lodging and meals for jurors and bailiffs when ordered by the court, United States flags and halvards, and all other necessary and incidental expenses of every kind not otherwise provided for, \$7,000.

Witness fees. Jurors.

For witness fees, \$1,500.

Repairs to building.

For compensation of jurors, \$33,600. For repairs and alterations to building, \$2,000.

Municipal Court.

MUNICIPAL COURT

Personal services.

Salaries: For personal services, including compensation of five judges without reference to the limitation in this Act restricting salaries within the grade, \$75,810.

Jurors.

For compensation of jurors, \$6,300: Provided That deposits made on demands for jury trials in accordance with rules prescribed by trials earned unless the court under authority granted in section 11 of the Act approved new date set.

March 3, 1921 (41 Stat., p. 1312), shall be earned unless, prior to March 3, 1921 (41 Stat., p. 1312), shall be earned unless, prior to three days before the time set for such trials, including Sundays and legal holidays, a new date for trial be set by the court, cases be discontinued or settled, or demands for jury trials be waived.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses, including books, law books, books of reference, fuel, light, telephone, lodging and meals for jurors, and for deputy United States marshals while in attendance upon jurors, when ordered by the court; fixtures, repairs to furniture, building, and building equipment, and all other necessary miscellaneous items and supplies, \$3,500.

District Supreme

SUPREME COURT, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Salaries.

Salaries: Chief justice, \$10,500; eight associates justices, at \$10,000 each; nine stenographers, one for the chief justice and one for each associate justice, and other personal services, \$43,200; in all, \$133,700.

Jurors and witnesses.

Fees of jurors and witnesses: For mileage and per diem of jurors; for mileage and per diem of witnesses and for per diem in lieu of subsistence, and payment of the actual expenses of witnesses in said court as provided by section 850, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 604), \$125,000.

Bailiffs, etc.

Pay of bailiffs: For not exceeding one crier in each court, of office deputy marshals who act as bailiffs or criers, and for expenses of meals and lodging for jurors in United States cases and of bailiffs in attendance upon same when ordered by the court, clerks of jury commissioners, and per diems of jury commissioners, \$55,500: Provided, That the compensation of each jury commissioner 1 for the fiscal year 1933 shall not exceed \$250.

Proviso. Jury commissioners. Probation system.

Probation system: For personal services, \$11,480; contingent expenses, \$380; in all, \$11,860.

Courthouse. Care, etc., of.

Courthouse: For personal services for care and protection of the courthouse, under the direction of the United States marshal of the District of Columbia, \$38,330, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General.

Repairs, etc.

For repairs and improvements to the courthouse, including repair and maintenance of the mechanical equipment, and for labor and material and every item incident thereto \$7,500, to be expended under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol.

Court of Appeals.

COURT OF APPEALS

Salaries

Proviso.Sale of reports.

Salaries: Chief justice and four associate justices, at \$12,500 each; all other officers and employees of the court, including reporting service, \$35,980; necessary expenditures in the conduct of the clerk's office, \$950; in all, \$99,430: Provided, That the reports of the court shall not be sold for a price exceeding that approved by the court and for not more than \$6.50 per volume.

Care, etc., of building.

Building: For personal services for care and protection of the Court of Appeals Building, including one mechanician, under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol, \$8,340: Provided, That the clerk of the court of appeals shall be the custodian of said building, under the direction and supervision of the justices of said court.

Proviso.

Custodian.

For mops, brooms, buckets, disinfectants, removal of refuse, electrical supplies, books, and all other necessary and incidental expenses not otherwise provided for, \$780.

Incidental expenses.

Miscellaneous.

MISCELLANEOUS

Support of convicts out of the District.

Support of convicts: For support, maintenance, and transportation of convicts transferred from District of Columbia; expenses of shipping remains of deceased convicts to their homes in the United States, and expenses of interment of unclaimed remains of deceased convicts; expenses incurred in identifying and pursuing escaped convicts and rewards for their recapture; and discharge gratuities provided by law; to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, \$75,000.

Lunacy writs. Expenses of executing. Vol. 33, p 740.

Writs of lunacy: For expenses attending the execution of writs de lunatico inquirendo and commitments thereunder in all cases of indigent insane persons committed or sought to be committed to Saint Elizabeths Hospital by order of the executive authority of

¹ So in original.

the District of Columbia under the provisions of existing law, and expenses of commitments to the District Training School, including

personal services, \$12,000.

Miscellaneous court expenses: For such miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized by the Attorney General for the Supreme Court penses, authorized by of the District of Columbia and its officers, including the furnishing and collecting of evidence where the United States is or may be a party in interest, and including such expenses other than for personal services as may be authorized by the Attorney General for the Court of Appeals, District of Columbia, \$65,000.

Printing and Binding: For printing and binding for the Supreme Printing and bind-Court and the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, except ing. records and briefs in cases in which the United States is a party,

\$6,200.

PUBLIC WELFARE

BOARD OF PUBLIC WELFARE

For personal services, \$116,300.

DIVISION OF CHILD WELFARE

Administration: For administrative expenses, including placing Administration exand visiting children, city directory, purchase of books of reference and periodicals not exceeding \$50, and all office and sundry expenses, \$4,000; and no part of the money herein appropriated shall be used for the purpose of visiting any ward of the Board of Public Wel-ing wards of, of fare placed outside the District of Columbia and the States of Vir-the District, etc. ginia and Maryland; and a ward placed outside said District and the States of Virginia and Maryland shall be visited not less than once a year by a voluntary agent or correspondent of said board, and that said board shall have power, upon proper showing, in its discretion, to discharge from guardianship any child committed to its care.

For board and care of all children committed to the guardianship children and care of of said board by the courts of the District, and for temporary care of children pending investigation or while being transferred from place to place, with authority to pay not more than \$1,500 each to institutions under sectarian control and not more than \$400 for

burial of children dying while under charge of the board, \$225,000. To carry out the purposes of the Act entitled "An Act to provide home care for dependent children in the District of Columbia," approved June 22, 1926 (44 Stat., pp. 758-760), including not to exceed \$13,280 for personal services in the District of Columbia, \$163,280: Provided, That this appropriation shall be so apportioned by the commissioners as to prevent a deficiency therein, and no more penditure. than \$100 per month shall be paid therefrom to any one family.

For the maintenance, under the jurisdiction of the Board of Public for children under 17. Maintenance, etc. home Welfare, of a suitable place in a building entirely separate and apart from the House of Detention for the reception and detention of children under seventeen years of age arrested by the police on charge of offense against any laws in force in the District of Columbia, or committed to the guardianship of the board, or held as witnesses, or held temporarily, or pending hearing, or otherwise, including transportation, food, clothing, medicine and medical supplies, rental, repair, and upkeep of buildings, fuel, gas, electricity, ice, supplies and equipment, and other necessary expenses including not to exceed \$20,260 for personal services, \$38,000.

Miscellaneous Attorney General.

Public Welfare.

Board of Public Welfare.

Personal services.

Child welfare divi-

Limitation on visit-

Home care of de-pendent children. Vol. 44, p. 758.

Provisos. Limitation on

Advances to director.

Limit.

The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the director of public welfare, upon requisitions previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia and upon such security as may be required of said director by the commissioners, sums of money not to exceed \$400 at any one time, to be used for expenses in placing and visiting children, traveling on official business of the board, and for office and sundry expenses, all such expenditures to be accounted for to the accounting officers of the District of Columbia within one month on itemized vouchers properly approved.

Jail.

JAIL

Personal services. Maintenance support of prisoners. Salaries: For personal services, \$79,870.

For maintenance and support of prisoners of the District of Columbia at the jail, expenses incurred in identifying and pursuing escaped prisoners and rewards for their recapture, repair and improvements to buildings, cells, and locking devices, books and periodicals not to exceed \$100, maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicle, and expense of electrocutions, \$67,500.

Workhouse and reformatory.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION, WORKHOUSE AND REFORMATORY, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Personal services. Maintenance, etc. For personal services, \$358,530.

ment for new buildings, \$65,000.

For maintenance, care, and support of inmates, rewards for fugitives, discharge gratuities provided by law, medical supplies, farm implements, tools, equipment, transportation expenses, purchase and maintenance of livestock and horses, purchase, exchange, maintenance, operation, and repair of nonpassenger-carrying vehicles and motor bus; fuel for heating, lighting, and power, and all other necessary items, \$324,000.

For continuing construction of permanent buildings, including

For repairs to buildings and grounds, and maintenance of utilities, marine and railroad transportation facilities, and mechanical

sewers, water mains, roads, and other necessary utilities; for equip-

equipment not used in industrial enterprises, \$24,500.

Fuel, etc.

Building, construc-Equipment.

Repairs.

Working capital.

Proviso.

Purchase of services and products.

To provide a working capital fund for such industrial enterprises as may be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, \$50,000: Provided, That the various departments and institutions of the District of Columbia and the Federal Government may purchase, at fair market prices, as determined by the commissioners, such surplus products and services as meet their requirements; receipts from the sale of products and services shall be deposited to the credit of said working capital fund, and said fund, including all Receipts deposited as receipts credited thereto, shall be used as a revolving fund for the revolving fund.

Availability of fund. fiscal year 1933 for the purchase and repair of machinery, tools, and equipment, purchase of raw materials and manufacturing supplies, purchase, maintenance, and operation of nonpassenger-carrying vehicles, purchase and maintenance of horses, and purchase of fuel for manufacturing purposes; for freight, personal services, and all other necessary expenses; and for the payment to inmates or their dependents of such pecuniary earnings as the commissioners may deem proper.

Advances authorized for returning abscond-

The disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the general superintendent of penal institutions, upon requisitions previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia, and upon such security as the commissioners may require of said superintendent, sums of money not exceeding \$200 at one

time, to be used only for expenses in returning escaped prisoners, payable from the maintenance appropriations for the workhouse and reformatory, all such expenditures to be accounted for to the accounting officers of the District of Columbia within one month on itemized vouchers properly approved.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR BOYS

For care and maintenance of boys committed to the National committed thereto. Training School for Boys by the courts of the District of Columbia under a contract to be made by the Board of Public Welfare with the authorities of said National Training School for Boys, \$20,000.

National Training

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

National Training School for Girls.

Salaries: For personal services, \$35,380: Provided, That the Board of Public Welfare is authorized and directed to transfer girls confined in the branch of the National Training School for Girls at Muirkirk, Maryland, and confine them in a building now owned by the District on Conduit Road in the District of Columbia.

Personal services. Proviso.
Transfer of girls from
Muirkirk, Md., to Conduit Road, D. C.

For groceries, provisions, light, fuel, soap, oil, lamps, candles, clothing, shoes, forage, horseshoeing, medicines, medical attendance, transportation, labor, sewing machines, fixtures, books, magazines, and other supplies which represent greater educational advantages, stationery, horses, vehicles, harness, cows, pigs, fowls, sheds, fences, repairs, typewriting, stenography, and other necessary items, and including compensation not exceeding \$1,500 for additional labor or services, for identifying and pursuing escaped inmates and for sconders. rewards for their capture, for transportation and other necessary expenses incident to securing suitable homes for paroled or discharged girls, and for maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles, \$34,180.

Contingent expenses.

MEDICAL CHARITIES

Medical charities.

For care and treatment of indigent patients under contracts to be patients at designated made by the Board of Public Welfare with the following institutions hospitals. and for not to exceed the following amounts, respectively:

Children's Hospital, \$30,000.

Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital, \$40,000. Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital, \$15,000.

Washington Home for Incurables, \$10,000.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL AND LYING-IN ASYLUM

Columbia Hospital.

For general repairs and for additional construction, including labor and material, and for expenses of heat, light, and power required in and about the operation of the hospital, to be expended in the discretion and under the direction of the Architect of the Capitol, \$15,000.

Repairs, etc.

TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITAL

Tuberculosis Hospi-

Salaries: For personal services, \$86,520.

Personal services. Contingent expenses.

For provisions, fuel, forage, harness, and vehicles, and repairs to same, gas, ice, shoes, clothing, dry goods, tailoring, drugs and medical supplies, furniture and bedding, kitchen utensils, books and periodicals not to exceed \$200, temporary services not to exceed \$1,000, maintenance of motor truck, and other necessary items. \$59,000.

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Repairs, etc.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, including roads and sidewalks, \$5,000.

Motor truck.

For purchase and exchange of one one-and-one-half-ton motor truck, \$700.

Children's tuberculosis sanatorium. Construction, etc.

For completion of the erection of suitable buildings and structures for use as a children's tuberculosis sanatorium on the site acquired for that purpose, including nurses' and employees' home, superintendent's quarters, and necessary approaches and roadways, heating and ventilating apparatus, water, sewer, lighting and fire protection facilities, and other necessary expenses, \$240,000, and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized, from this appropriation, to provide superintendent's quarters and other necessary structures by remodeling and repairing any existing structures now on the property.

Gallinger Hospital.

GALLINGER MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL

Personal services.

Salaries: For personal services, including not to exceed \$2,000

for temporary labor, \$358,620.

Maintenance, etc.

For maintenance of the hospital; for maintenance of the quarantine station, smallpox hospital, and public crematorium, including expenses incident to furnishing proper containers for the reception, burial and identification of the ashes of all human bodies of indigent persons that are cremated at the public crematorium and remain unclaimed after twelve months from the date of such cremation; for maintenance and purchase of horses and horse-drawn vehicles; for medical books, books of reference and periodicals, not to exceed \$500; for maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles; and for all other necessary expenses, \$200,000.

Repairs, etc. Incidental expenses.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, \$7,000. Purchase of books, musical instruments and music, expense of commencement exercises, entertainments, and inspection by New York State Board of Regents, and other incidental expenses of the training school for nurses, \$700.

Motor trneks.

For purchase and exchange of one-and-one-half-ton motor truck,

and one-half-ton motor truck with pick-up body, \$1,250.

Contagious diseases ward. Construction.

For beginning construction at Gallinger Municipal Hospital of an additional ward building for contagious diseases, \$250,000, of which amount not to exceed \$2,500 shall be available for the employ-R. S. Sec. 3709, p. 733; ment of expert consulting services, by contract or otherwise, and U.S. C. p., 1309; U. s. without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., C., Supp. V., p. 28. title 41, sec. 5), or the Classification Act of 1922, as amended and title 41, sec. 5), or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and the commissioners are authorized to enter into contract or contracts for such building at a cost not to exceed \$600,000.

District Training School.

DISTRICT TRAINING SCHOOL

Personal services.

For personal services, including not to exceed \$1,000 for temporary labor, \$90,930.

Maintenance, etc.

For maintenance and other necessary expenses, including the maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles, the purchase and maintenance of horses and wagons, farm machinery and implements, \$84,000.

Repairs, etc.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, \$13,750.

Industrial Home School for Colored Children.

INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL FOR COLORED CHILDREN

Personal services.

Salaries: For personal services, \$38,260; temporary labor, \$500; in all, \$38,760.

Maintenance.

For maintenance, including purchase and maintenance of farm implements, horses, wagons, and harness, and maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles, and not to exceed \$1,250 for manual-training equipment and materials, \$29,000.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, \$2,750. For furniture and household furnishings, kitchen equipment, and buildings.

other necessary effects for two additional cottages and additional

school facilities, \$3,750.

All moneys received at said school as income from sale of products. Deposit of receipts from payment of board on of instruction as at homeone shall be products. and from payment of board or of instruction or otherwise shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District of Columbia.

Repairs, etc.

Equipment for new

INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL

Personal services.

Industrial Home

Salaries: For personal services, \$26,100; temporary labor, \$500; in all, \$26,600.

Maintenance.

For maintenance, including care of horses, purchase and care of wagon and harness, maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicle, \$22,500.

For repairs and improvement to buildings and grounds, \$5,500.

Repairs, etc.

HOME FOR AGED AND INFIRM

Home for Aged and Infirm.

Salaries: For personal services, \$59,900; temporary labor, \$2,000; in all, \$61,900.

Personal services.

For provisions, fuel, forage, harness, and vehicles and repairs to same, ice, shoes, clothing, dry goods, tailoring, drugs and medical supplies, furniture and bedding, kitchen utensils, and other necessary items, and maintenance of nonpassenger-carrying motor vehicles, \$62,500.

Contingent expenses.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, such work to be performed by day labor or otherwise in the discretion of the commissioners, \$8,250.

Repairs, etc. Day labor.

For the construction of an addition to colored men's ward, such work to be performed by day labor or otherwise as in the judgment of the commissioners may be most advantageous to the District of Columbia, \$11,250.

Colored men's ward.

MUNICIPAL LODGING HOUSE AND WOOD YARD

Municipal lodging house, etc.

For personal services, \$3,660; maintenance, \$4,340; in all, \$8,000.

Maintenance.

EMERGENCY RELIEF

Emergency relief.

For the purpose of affording relief to residents of the District of etc., residents. Columbia who are unemployed or otherwise in distress because of the existing emergency, to be expended by the Board of Public ture, Welfare of the District of Columbia, by loan, employment, and/or direct relief, under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Board of Commissioners, and without regard to the provisions of any other law, to be immediately available, payable from the reverues. nues of the District of Columbia, \$350,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$35,000 of this amount shall be available for administrative tive expenses. expenses including necessary personal services.

Relief of unemployed

Method of expendi-

Wholly from District Sum for administra-

WAR VETERANS' SERVICE OFFICE

War Veterans' Serv-

For personal services, without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, to enable the municipal government to aid and advise war veteran residents of the District of Columbia and their dependents as to their rights and privileges under Federal legislation of which veterans and/or their dependents may be beneficiaries,

Personal services.

Administration or other appropriate Federal agencies, \$6,000, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

TEMPORARY HOME FOR UNION EX-SOLDIERS AND SAILORS (DEPARTMENT OF THE POTOMAC, GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC)

Grand Army soldiers, etc., temporary home.

For personal services, \$4,740; maintenance, \$10,950; and repairs to buildings and grounds, \$500; in all, \$16,190, to be expended under the direction of the commissioners; and Union ex-soldiers, sailors, or marines of the Civil War, ex-soldiers, sailors, or marines of the Spanish War, Philippine insurrection, or China relief expedition, and soldiers, sailors, or marines of the World War or who served prior to July 2, 1921, shall be admitted to the home, all under the supervision of a board of management.

Florence Crittenton Home.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON HOME

Maintenance, etc.

For care and maintenance of women and children under a contract to be made with the Florence Crittenton Home by the Board of Public Welfare, maintenance, \$6,000.

SOUTHERN RELIEF SOCIETY

Southern Relief Society for needy Confederate veterans.

For care and maintenance of needy and infirm Confederate veterans, their widows and dependents, residents in the District of Columbia, under a contract to be made with the Southern Relief Society by the Board of Public Welfare, \$10,000.

NATIONAL LIBRARY FOR THE BLIND

National Library for the Blind.

For aid and support of the National Library for the Blind, located at 1800 D Street northwest, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, \$5,000.

COLUMBIA POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE

Columbia Polytechnic Institute.

To aid the Columbia Polytechnic Institute for the Blind, located at 1808 H Street northwest, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, \$3,000.

Saint Elizaboths Hospital.

SAINT ELIZABETHS HOSPITAL

Support of District insane.

For support of indigent insane of the District of Columbia in Saint Elizabeths Hospital, as provided by law, \$1,805,583.

NONRESIDENT INSANE

Deporting nonresident insane. Vol. 30, p. 811.

For deportation of nonresident insane persons, in accordance with the Act of Congress "to change the proceedings for admission to the Government Hospital for the Insane in certain cases, and for other purposes," approved January 31, 1899, including persons held in the psycopathic ward of the Gallinger Municipal Hospital, \$5,000.

Advances authorized to Director of Public Welfare.

In expending the foregoing sum the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the Director of Public Welfare, upon requisitions previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia, and upon such security as the commissioners may require of said director, sums of money not exceeding \$300 at one time, to be used only for deportation of nonresident insane persons, and to be accounted for monthly on itemized vouchers to the accounting officer of the District of Columbia.

Limitation.

RELIEF OF THE POOR

For relief of the poor, including medical and surgical supplies, artificial limbs, and for pay of physicians to the poor, to be expended under the direction of the Board of Public Welfare, \$8,500.

For payment to beneficiaries named in section 3 of "An Act making a misdemeanor in the District of Columbia to abandon or willfully vol. 34, p. 87. Vol. 44, p. 758. it a misdemeanor in the District of Columbia to abandon or willfully neglect to provide for the support and maintenance by any person of his wife or his or her minor children in destitute or necessitous circumstances," approved March 23, 1906, to be disbursed by the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia on itemized vouchers duly audited and approved by the auditor of said District, \$4,500.

Relief of the poor.

BURIAL OF EX-SERVICE MEN

Ex-service men.

For expenses of burying in the Arlington National Cemetery, or Burial of indigent, the cometering of the District of Columbia, indigent Union or sel in Arlington Cemetery, in the cemeteries of the District of Columbia, indigent Union ex-sol- etc. diers, ex-sailors, or ex-marines, of the United States service, either Regular or Volunteer, who have been honorably discharged or retired, and who died in the District of Columbia, to be disbursed by the Secretary of War at a cost not exceeding \$45 for such burial expenses in each case, exclusive of cost of grave, \$225.

TRANSPORTATION OF INDIGENT PERSONS

For transportation of indigent persons, including indigent veterans of the World War and their families, \$5,000.

Vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents, District of Columbia: To carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to dents. Vol. 45, p. 1260. provide for the vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes," approved February 23, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1260), \$15,000.

Transporting indi-gent persons.

Vocational rehabili-tation of disabled resi-

MILITIA

Militia.

For the following, to be expended under the authority and direcular commanding tion of the commanding general, who is hereby authorized and general. empowered to make necessary contracts and leases, namely:

For personal services, \$27,150; temporary labor, \$7,000; in all,

\$34,150.

For expenses of camps, including hire of horses for officers etc. required to be mounted, and for the payment of commutation of subsistence for enlisted men who may be detailed to guard or move the United States property at home stations on days immediately preceding and immediately following the annual encampments, damages to private property incident to encampment, instruction, purchase, and maintenance, of athletic, gymnastic, and recreational equipment at armory or field encampments, not to exceed \$500; practice marches, drills, and parade, rent of armories, drill halls, and storehouses; fuel, light, heat, care, and repair of armories, offices, and storehouses, machinery and dock, dredging alongside of dock, construction of buildings for storage and other purposes at target range, telephone service, horses and mules for mounted organizations, maintenance and operation of passenger and nonpassenger motor vehicles, street car fares (not to exceed \$200) necessarily used in the transaction of official business, not exceeding \$400 for traveling expenses, including attendance of meetings or conventions of associations pertaining to the National Guard, and for general incidental expenses of the service, \$12,500.

Personal services.

Expenses of campa,

Pay of troops.

For pay of troops other than Government employees, to be disbursed under the authority and direction of the commanding general, \$10,000.

Printing, etc. Contingent expenses.

For printing, stationery, and postage, \$950.

For cleaning and repairing uniforms, arms, and equipment, and contingent expenses, \$1,000.

ANACOSTIA RIVER AND FLATS

Anacostia Park. Continuing develop-

For continuing the reclamation and development of Anacostia Park, in accordance with the revised plan as set forth in Senate Document Numbered 37, Sixty-eighth Congress, first session, \$179,520.

Public Buildings and Public Parks.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND PUBLIC PARKS

SALARIES, PUBLIC PARKS, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Personal services.

For personal services, \$400,000.

Public parks.

GENERAL EXPENSES, PUBLIC PARKS

maintenance, care, improvement, furnishing of heat, light, and

General expenses: For general expenses in connection with the

Maintenance services, and general ex-

power of public parks, grounds, fountains, and reservations, propagating gardens and greenhouses under the jurisdiction of the Office of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital, includ-Tourists' camp, East ing \$5,000 for the maintenance of the tourists' camp on its present site in East Potomac Park, and including personal services of seasonal or intermittent employees at per diem rates of pay approved by the director, not exceeding current rates of pay for similar employment in the District of Columbia; the hire of draft animals with or without drivers at local rates approved by the director; the purchase and maintenance of draft animals, harness, and wagons; contingent expenses; city directories; communication service; car fare; traveling expenses; professional, scientific, technical, and law books; periodicals and reference books; blank books and forms; photographs; dictionaries and maps; leather and rubber articles for the protection of employees and property; the maintenance, repair, exchange, and operation of not to exceed two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and all necessary bicycles, motor cycles, and self-propelled machinery; the purchase, maintenance, and repair of equipment and fixtures, and so forth, \$500,000: Provided, That not exceeding \$38,000 of the amount herein appropriated

Potomac Park.

ProvisosOutdoor sports, band concerts, etc.

Anacostia Park.

the improvement and maintenance as recreation parks of Sections C and D, Anacostia Park; not exceeding \$182,100 for the improve-Rock Creek and ment of the Rock Creek and Potomac connecting parkway; and Potomac Parkway. not exceeding \$15,000 for the erection of minor auxiliary structures.

Park police.

PARK POLICE

may be expended for placing and maintaining portions of the parks in condition for outdoor sports and for expenses incident to the conducting of band concerts in the parks; not exceeding \$25,000 for

Pay, etc. Vol. 43, p. 175. Vol. 46, p. 839.

Salaries: For pay and allowances of the United States park police force, in accordance with the Act approved May 27, 1924, as amended, \$180,885.

For uniforming and equipping the United States park police Uniforms, equipforce, including the purchase, issue, operation, mainterance, repair, exchange, and storage of revolvers, bicycles, and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, uniforms, ammunition, and radio equipment, \$12,500.

NATIONAL CAPITAL PARK AND PLANNING COMMISSION

National Capital Park and Planning Commission.

For reimbursement to the United States in compliance with secacquired lands.

Nov. 20, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 482), as Vol. 46, p. 485. tion 4 of the Act approved May 29, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 482), as amended, \$1,000,000.

Reimbursement for

For each and every purpose, except the acquisition of land, requisite for and incident to the work of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act Vol. 43, p. 463; Vol. 45, p. providing for a comprehensive development of the park and play- 1070." ground system of the National Capital," approved June 6, 1924 (U. S. C., title 40, sec. 71), as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, not to exceed \$1,500 for printing and binding, not to exceed \$500 for traveling expenses and car fare of employees of the commission, and not to exceed \$300 for professional, scientific, technical, and reference books, and periodicals, \$47,185.

Incidental expenses.

U. S. C., p. 1292,

NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL PARK

National Zoological

Expenses.

For roads, walks, bridges, water supply, sewerage, and drainage; grading, planting, and otherwise improving the grounds, erecting and repairing buildings and inclosures; care, subsistence, purchase, and transportation of animals; necessary employees; traveling and incidental expenses not otherwise provided for, including not to exceed \$2,000 for travel and field expenses in the United States and foreign countries for the procurement of live specimens and for the care, subsistence, and transportation of specimens obtained in the course of such travel; maintenance and operation of one motorpropelled passenger-carrying vehicle required for official purposes; for the purchase, issue, operation, maintenance, repair, and exchange of bicycles and motor cycles, revolvers and ammunition; not exceeding \$2,500 for purchasing and supplying uniforms to park police, keepers, and assistant keepers; not exceeding \$100 for the purchase of necessary books and periodicals, \$228,880, no part of which sum shall be available for architect's fees or compensation.

WATER SERVICE

Water service.

The following sums are appropriated wholly out of the revenues From water revenues. of the water department for expenses of the Washington Aqueduct and its appurtenances and for expenses of water department, namely:

WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT

Washington Aque-

For operation, including salaries of all necessary employees, maintenance and repair of Washington Aqueducts and their accessories. including Dalecarlia, Georgetown, McMillan Park, first and second High Service Reservoirs, Washington Aqueduct tunnel, the filtration plants, the pumping plants and the plant for the preliminary treatment of the water supply, ordinary repairs, grading, opening ditches, and other maintenance of Conduit Road, purchase, installation, and

Maintenance, etc., of, and accessories.

maintenance of water meters on Federal services, purchase, care, repair, and operation of vehicles, including the purchase and exchange of one passenger-carrying motor vehicle at a cost not to exceed \$650; purchase and repair of rubber boots and protective apparel, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, \$462,450.

Dalecarlia, booster pumping plant.

For construction of a booster pumping plant at Dalecarlia Reservoir inlet, including equipment, \$150,000.

Control of Secretary of War not affected.

Nothing herein shall be construed as affecting the superintendence and control of the Secretary of War over the Washington Aqueduct, its rights, appurtenances, and fixtures connected with the same and over appropriations and expenditures therefor as now provided by

Revenue, inspection, and distribution.

For revenue and inspection and distribution branches: For personal services, \$187,880.

Operating expenses.

For maintenance of the water department distribution system, including pumping stations and machinery, water mains, valves, fire and public hydrants, and all buildings and accessories, and motor trucks, and the replacement by purchase and/or exchange of the following motor-propelled vehicles: Two seven-hundred-and-fiftypound trucks not to exceed \$1,000, two one-and-one-half-ton trucks not to exceed \$2,400, two three-ton trucks not to exceed \$7,000, one five-ton truck not to exceed \$4,500, and two one-and-one-half-ton trucks not to exceed \$1,500; purchase of fuel, oils, waste, and other materials, and the employment of all labor necessary for the proper execution of this work; and for contingent expenses, including books, blanks, stationery, printing and binding not to exceed \$2,000, postage, purchase of technical reference books, and periodicals, not to exceed \$75, and other necessary items, \$7,500; in all for maintenance, \$366,000, of which \$30,000 shall be available for continuing a survey of water waste in the distribution system, including personal services, and \$5,000 shall be available only for operation of pumps at Bryant Street pumping station upon interruption of service from Dalecarlia pumping station.

Distribution ex-

For extension of the water department distribution system, laying of such service mains as may be necessary under the assessment

system, \$275,000, to be immediately available.

Meters.

For installing and repairing water meters on services to private residences and business places as may not be required to install meters under existing regulations, as may be directed by the commissioners; said meters at all times to remain the property of the District of Columbia, \$130,000.

Hydrants. Replacing old mains.

For installing fire and public hydrants, \$25,000. For replacement of old mains and divide valves in various locations, on account of inadequate size and bad condition of pipe on account of age, and laying mains in advance of pavements, \$150,000, to be immediately available.

New mains.

For nine thousand three hundred feet of forty-eight-inch water main from the vicinity of Fifth and Upshur Streets northwest to Georgia Avenue and Military Road northwest, \$345,000.

Construction work, etc., under Commissioners.

SEC. 2. That the services of draftsmen, assistant engineers, levelers, transitmen, rodmen, chainmen, computers, copyists, overseers, and inspectors temporarily required in connection with sewer, water, street, street-cleaning, or road work, or construction and repair of buildings and bridges, or any general or special engineering or construction work authorized by appropriations may be employed exclusively to carry into effect said appropriations when specifically and in writing ordered by the commissioners, and all such necessary expenditures for the proper execution of said work shall be paid

from and equitably charged against the sums appropriated for said work; and the commissioners in their Budget estimates shall report the number of such employees performing such services, and their work, and the sums paid to each, and out of what appropriation: Provided, That the expenditures hereunder shall not exceed \$42,000 during the fiscal year 1933: Provided further, That, excluding Period of employinspectors in the sewer department and one inspector in the electrical ment. department, no person shall be employed in pursuance of the authority contained in this paragraph for a longer period than nine months in the aggregate during the fiscal year.

Limitation on ex-

The commissioners, or their duly designated representatives, are further authorized to employ temporarily such laborers, skilled laborers, drivers, hostlers, and mechanics as may be required exclusively in connection with sewer, water, street, and road work, and street cleaning, or the construction and repair of buildings, and bridges, furniture and equipments, and any general or special engineering or construction or repair work, and to incur all necessary engineering and other expenses, exclusive of personal services, incidental to carrying on such work and necessary for the proper execution thereof, said laborers, skilled laborers, drivers, hostlers, and mechanics to be employed to perform such work as may not be required by law to be done under contract, and to pay for such services and expenses from the appropriations under which such

Temporary laborers, mechanics, etc.

services are rendered and expenses incurred.

Horses, vehicles, etc.

Sec. 3. That all horses, harness, horse-drawn vehicles necessary for use in connection with construction and supervision of sewer, street, street lighting, road work, and street-cleaning work, including maintenance of said horses and harness, and maintenance and repair of said vehicles, and purchase of all necessary articles and supplies in connection therewith, or on construction and repair of buildings and bridges, or any general or special engineering or construction work authorized by appropriations, may be purchased, hired, and maintained, and motor trucks may be hired exclusively to carry into effect said appropriations, when specifically and in writing ordered by the commissioners; and all such expenditures necessary for the proper execution of said work, exclusive of personal services, shall be paid from and equitably charged against the sums appropriated for said work; and the commissioners in the Budget estimates shall report the number of horses, vehicles, and harness purchased, and horses and vehicles hired, and the sums paid for same, and out of what appropriation; and all horses owned or maintained by the District shall, so far as may be practicable, be provided for in stables owned or operated by said District: Provided, That such horses, horse-drawn vehicles, and carts as may be temporarily needed for hauling and excavating material in connection with works authorized by appropriations may be temporarily employed for such purposes under the conditions named in section 2 of this Act in relation to the employment of laborers, skilled laborers, and mechanics.

Specific authority re-

Proviso. Temporary work for excavations, etc.

Sec. 4. That the commissioners are authorized to employ in the missioners are authorized to employ in the funds. execution of work, the cost of which is payable from the appropriation account created in the District of Columbia Appropriation from Vol. 33, p. 368. Act, approved April 27, 1904, and known as the Miscellaneous trustfund deposits, District of Columbia, necessary personal services, horses, carts, and wagons, and to hire therefor motor trucks when specifically and in writing authorized by the commissioners, and to incur all necessary expenses incidental to carrying on such work and necessary for the proper execution thereof, including the purchase, exchange, maintenance, and operation of motor vehicles for inspec-

tion and transportation purposes, such services and expenses to be

Miscellaneous trust Expenses payable laborers, etc.

Employment of paid from said appropriation account: Provided, That the commissioners may delegate to their duly authorized representatives the employment under this section of laborers, mechanics, and artisans.

> Any person employed under any of the provisions of this Act who has been employed for ten consecutive months or more shall not be denied the leave of absence with pay for which the law provides.

Materials, supplies, vehicles, etc.
Purchase directed of,
from stock of Government activities no longer needed.

Price stipulation.

Sales authorized

Proviso. Transfers under Executive order not af-

Sec. 5. That the commissioners and other responsible officials, in expending appropriations contained in this Act, so far as possible, shall purchase material, supplies, including food supplies and equipment, when needed and funds are available, in accordance with the regulations and schedules of the General Supply Committee or from the various services of the Government of the United States possessing material, supplies, passenger-carrying and other motor vehicles, and equipment no longer required because of the cessation of war activities. Surplus articles purchased from the Government, if the same have not been used, shall be paid for at a reasonable price, not to exceed actual cost, and if the same have been used, at a reasonable price based upon length of usage. The various services of the Government of the United States are authorized to sell such surplus articles to the municipal government under the conditions specified, and the proceeds of such sales shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided, That this section shall not be construed to amend, alter, or repeal the Executive order of December 3, 1918, concerning the transfer of office materials, supplies, and equipment in the District of Columbia falling into disuse because of the cessation of war activities.

Approved, June 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 309.]

AN ACT

To provide for alternate jurors in certain criminal cases.

June 29, 1932. [H. R. 10587.] [Public, No. 209.]

Juries, United States Courts.
Calling of alternate jurors in certain criminal cases, provided for.

tions, etc.

Proviso. Challenges.
Alternates to have equal power and facili-

Oath, attendance, etc. Duties, restrictions,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever, in the opinion of a judge of a court of the United States about to try a defendant against whom has been filed any indictment, the trial is likely to be a protracted one, the court may cause an entry to that effect to be made in the minutes of the court, and thereupon, immediately after the jury is impaneled and sworn, the court may direct the calling of one or two additional jurors, in its discretion, to Drawing, qualification be known as alternate jurors. Such jurors must be drawn from the same source, and in the same manner, and have the same qualifications as the jurors already sworn, and be subject to the same examination and challenges: Provided, That the prosecution shall be entitled to one, and the defendant to two, peremptory challenges to such alternate jurors. Such alternate jurors shall be seated near, with equal power and facilities for seeing and hearing the proceedings in the case, and shall take the same oath as the jurors already selected and must attend at all times upon the trial of the cause in company with the other jurors. They shall obey the orders of and be bound by the admonition of the court upon each adjournment of the court; but if the regular jurors are ordered to be kept in custody during the trial of the cause, such alternate jurors shall also be kept in confinement with the other jurors, and except, as hereinafter provided shall be discharged upon the final submission of the case to the jury. If, before the final submission of the case, a juror die, or

become ill, so as to be unable to perform his duty, the court may alternate to substitute on inability of order him to be discharged and draw the name of an alternate, who regular juror to serve.

To be subject to rules shall then take his place in the jury box, and be subject to the same of original jurors. rules and regulations as though he had been selected as one of the original jurors.

Approved, June 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 310.]

AN ACT

To fix the date when sentence of imprisonment shall begin to run, providing when the allowance to a prisoner of time for good conduct shall begin to run, and further to extend the provisions of the parole laws.

June 29, 1932. [H. R. 10599.] [Public, No. 210.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sentence of imprisonment of any person convicted of a crime in a court of the United States shall commence to run from the date on which begin to run. such person is received at the penitentiary, reformatory, or jail for service of said sentence: Provided, That if any such person shall be committed to a jail or other place of detention to await transporta- transportation. tion to the place at which his sentence is to be served, the sentence of such person shall commence to run from the date on which he is received at such jail or other place of detention. No sentence shall prescribe any other method of computing the term.

Sec. 2. That with respect to Federal prisoners sentenced after this good conduct, as provided for by section 1 of the Act of June 21, 36, p. 819.

1902 (32 Stat. 397; U. S. C., title 18, sec. 710) shall be computed.

beginning with the day on which the sentence commences to run.

Sec. 3. That any prisoner hereafter sentenced, who may be paroled under authority of the parole laws, shall continue on parole good conduct. until the expiration of the maximum term or terms specified in his sentence without deduction of such allowance for good conduct as is or may hereafter be provided for by law.

Sec. 4. Any prisoner who shall have served the term or terms for $_{\text{with}}^{\text{Re}}$ which he shall hereafter be sentenced, less deductions allowed there-good conduct. from for good conduct, shall upon release be treated as if released on parole and shall be subject to all provisions of law relating to the parole of United States prisoners until the expiration of the maximum term or terms specified in his sentence: Provided, That this section shall not operate to prevent delivery of a prisoner to the authorities of any State otherwise entitled to his custody.

SEC. 5. All laws and parts of laws in conflict herewith are hereby

repealed. Sec. 6. This Act shall take effect thirty days after its approval. Approved, June 29, 1932.

United States prisoners. Date sentences of,

Proviso. If committed to await

Nο other method allowed.

Deductions for good

Paroled prisoners. No deductions for

Released prisoners with deductions for

Proviso. Transfer of custody.

Inconsistent laws re-

Effective date.

[CHAPTER 311.]

AN ACT

To extend the life of "An Act to permit a compact or agreement between the States of Washington, Idaho, Oregon, and Montana respecting the disposition and apportionment of the waters of the Columbia River and its tributaries, and for other purposes."

June 29, 1932. [H. R. 5649.] [Public, No. 211.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the within which the States of Washington, Idaho, Oregon, and Monton to divide waters, extens may enter into a compact or agreement respecting the disposition and apportionment of the waters of the Columbia River and 44, pp. 247, 1403.

its tributaries as authorized by the Act approved March 4, 1925 (43 Stat. L. 1268), and the amendatory Acts of April 13, 1926 (44 Stat. L. 247), and March 3, 1927 (44 Stat. L. 1403), is hereby extended to January 1, 1935: *Provided*, That the State of Wyoming young to be shall be made a party to such compact or agreement.

Approved, June 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 312.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 29, 1932. [H. J. Res. 408.] [Pub. Res., No. 29.] Providing for the filling of vacancies in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution of the class other than Members of Congress.

Smithsonian Institution.
R. Walton Moore, Robert W. Bingham, and Augustus P. Loring appointed Regents.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancies in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress, which now exist, be filled by the appointment of R. Walton Moore, of Virginia; Robert W. Bingham, of Kentucky; and Augustus P. Loring, of Massachusetts.

Approved, June 29, 1932.

[CHAPTER 314.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 11267.] [Public, No. 212.] Making appropriations for the Legislative Branch of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other puposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Part I.

PART I

Legislative appropriations for fiscal year 1933.

Section 1. The following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Legislative Branch of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, namely:

Senate.

SENATE

Senators.

SALARIES AND MILEAGE OF SENATORS

Compensation.

For compensation of Senators, \$960,000.

Mileage.

For mileage of Senators, \$51,000.

Officers, clerks, messengers, etc.

For compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others:

Vice President's office.

OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

Secretary and clerks.

Salaries: Secretary to the Vice President, \$4,620; clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerks—one \$2,280, one \$2,160; in all, \$11,460.

CHAPLAIN

Chaplain.

Chaplain of the Senate, \$1,680.

Secretary's office.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Secretary, assistant, clerks, etc.

Salaries: Secretary of the Senate, including compensation as disbursing officer of salaries of Senators and of contingent fund of the Senate, \$8,000; Assistant Secretary, Henry M. Rose, \$4,500; chief clerk, who shall perform the duties of reading clerk, \$5,500 and \$1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; financial clerk, \$5,000 and \$1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; financial clerk, \$5,000 and \$1,000 additional so long as the positions.

tion is held by the present incumbent; assistant financial clerk, \$4,200 and \$600 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; minute and Journal clerk, \$4,500 and \$1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; principal clerk, \$3,840; legislative clerk, enrolling clerk, and printing clerk at \$3,540 each; chief bookkeeper, \$3,600; librarian, \$3,360; executive clerk, file clerk, and assistant Journal clerk at \$3,180 each; first assistant librarian, and keeper of stationery at \$3,120 each; assistant librarian, \$2,460; skilled laborer, \$1,740; clerks—two at \$3,180 each, one \$2,880, one \$2,760, two at \$2,400 each, two at \$2,040 each; two assistant keepers of stationery at \$2,040 each; assistant in stationery room, \$1,740; messenger in library, \$1,560; special officer, \$2,460; assistant in library, \$2,040; laborers—two at \$1,620 each, three at \$1,380 each, one in stationery room, \$1,680; in all, \$118,520.

DOCUMENT ROOM

Document room.

Salaries: Superintendent, \$3,960; first assistant, \$3,360; second assistant, \$2,700; assistant, \$2,040; two clerks, at \$2,040 each; skilled laborer, \$1,740; in all, \$17,880.

Superintendent, etc.

COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

Committee employ-

and Forestry—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, mittees. S2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,400: assistant clerk, \$2,000. clerk, \$1,800. Appropriations—clerk, \$7,000 and \$1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, \$4,200; assistant clerk, \$3,900; three assistant clerks at \$3,000 each; two assistant clerks at \$2,220 each; messenger, \$1,800. Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate-clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Banking and Currency—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, Civil Service—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Claims—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,580; two assistant clerks at \$2,220 Commerce—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220. Conference Majority of the Senate-clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; two assistant clerks at \$2,580 each; assistant clerk, \$2,220. Conference Minority of the Senate—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; two assistant clerks at \$2,580 each; assistant clerk, \$2,220. District of Columbia—clerk, \$3,900; two assistant clerks at \$2,880 each; assistant clerk \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Education and Labor-clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Enrolled Bills—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Expenditures in the Executive Departments-clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Finance—clerk, \$4,200; special assistant to the committee, \$3,600; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,700; assistant clerk, \$2,400; two assistant clerks at \$2,220 each; two experts (one for majority and one for the minority) at \$3,600 each; messenger, \$1,800. Foreign Relations—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800; messenger, \$1,800. Immigration—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Indian Affairs—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Interoceanic

Canals—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Interstate Commerce—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; two assistant clerks at \$2,580 each; assistant clerk, \$2,220. Irrigation and Reclamation—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Judiciaryclerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; two assistant clerks at \$2,580 each; assistant clerk, \$2,220. Library—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Manufactures—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Military Affairs—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,400; two assistant clerks at \$2,220 each. Mines and Mining—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Naval Affairs—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,400; two assistant clerks at \$2,220 each. Patents—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Pensions—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; four assistant clerks at \$2,220 each. Post Offices and Post Roads—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; three assistant clerks at \$2,220 each; additional clerk, \$1,800. Printing—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Privileges and Electionsclerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Public Buildings and Grounds-clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Public Lands and Surveys—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,580; two assistant clerks at \$2,220 each. Revision of the Laws—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,400; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Rules—clerk, \$3,900, and \$200 toward the preparation biennially of the Senate Manual under the direction of the Committee on Rules; assistant clerk, \$2,880; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800. Territories and Insular Possessions—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,580; assistant clerk, \$2,220; additional clerk, \$1,800; in all, \$481,300.

Preparing Senate Manual.

Clerical assistance to Senators.

Allowance to Senators not chairmen of specified committees.

Authority as committee clerks.

Additional clerks.

CLERICAL ASSISTANCE TO SENATORS

Clerical assistance to Senators who are not chairmen of the committees specifically provided for herein, as follows: Seventy clerks at \$3,900 each; seventy assistant clerks at \$2,400 each, and seventy assistant clerks at \$2,220 each, \$596,400. Such clerks and assistant clerks shall be ex officio clerks and assistant clerks of any committee of which their Senator is chairman.

Seventy additional clerks at \$1,800 each, one for each Senator having no more than one clerk and two assistant clerks for himself or for the committee of which he is chairman; messenger, \$1,800; \$127,800; in all, \$724,200.

Office of Sergeant at Arms, etc.

Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, secretaries, assistants, etc.

Messengers, etc.

OFFICE OF SERGEANT AT ARMS AND DOORKEEPER

Salaries: Sergeant at Arms and Doorkeeper, \$8,000; two secretaries (one for the majority and one for the minority) at \$5,400 each; two assistant secretaries (one for the majority and one for the minority) at \$4,320 each; messengers—five (acting as assistant doorkeepers, including one for minority) at \$2,400 each, thirty-eight (including two for minority) at \$2,040 each, one at \$1,560, one at card door, \$2,880; clerk on journal work for Congressional Record, to be selected by the official reporters, \$3,360; Deputy Sergeant at Arms and storekeeper, \$4,440; clerk, \$2,460; stenographer in charge of furniture accounts and records, \$1,740; upholsterer and locksmith,

\$2,400; cabinetmaker, \$2,040; three carpenters at \$2,040 each; janitor, \$2,040; skilled laborers—seven at \$1,680 each, one at \$1,560; laborer in charge of private passage, \$1,680; three female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring rooms at \$1,500 each; three attendants to women's toilet rooms, Senate Office Building, at \$1,500 each; telephone operators—chief, \$2,460, seven at \$1,560 each; night operator, \$1,380; telephone page, \$1,260; laborer in charge of Senate toilet rooms in old library space, \$1,200; press gallery—superintendent, \$3,660, assistant superintendent, \$2,520, messenger for service to press correspondents, \$1,740; laborers—three at \$1,320 each, thirty-four at \$1,260 each; twenty-one pages for the Senate Chamber, at the rate of \$4 per day each, during the session, \$10,164; in all, \$252,104.

Police force for Senate Office Building under the Sergeant at Police, Senate Office Arms: Special officer, \$1,740; sixteen privates at \$1,620 each; in all,

\$27,660.

POST OFFICE

Post Office. Postmaster, etc.

Laborers, etc.

Press gallery.

Pages.

Salaries: Postmaster, \$3,060; chief clerk, \$2,460; wagon master, \$2,040; seven mail carriers at \$1,740 each; two riding pages at \$1,440 each; in all, \$22,620.

FOLDING ROOM

Folding Room.

Salaries: Foreman, \$2,460; assistant, \$2,160; clerk, \$1,740; folders-chief, \$2,040, seven at \$1,560 each, seven at \$1,380 each; in all, \$28,980.

Foreman, etc.

Stationery.

Vehicles.

Postage stamps.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE SENATE

Contingent expenses.

For stationery for Senators and the President of the Senate, including \$7,500 for stationery for committees and officers of the Senate, \$25,000.

Postage stamps: For office of Secretary, \$250; office of Sergeant

at Arms, \$100; in all, \$350.

For maintaining, exchanging, and equipping motor vehicles for carrying the mails and for official use of the offices of the Secretary and Sergeant at Arms, \$7,960.

For driving, maintenance, and operation of an automobile for the automobile.

Vice President, \$4,000.

For materials for folding, \$1,500.

Folding, etc.

For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate not exceeding \$1 per thousand, \$10,000.

For fuel, oil, cotton waste, and advertising, exclusive of labor, ing. etc. oil, advertis-

\$2,000.

For the purchase of furniture, \$5,000.

For materials for furniture and repairs of same, exclusive of Furniture, etc. labor, \$3,000.

For services in cleaning, repairing, and varnishing furniture.

\$2,000.

For packing boxes, \$970.

For rent of warehouse for storage of public documents, \$2,000.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, \$100,000.

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, Inquiries and investigations condend by the Senate, tigations. including compensation to stenographers of committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding 25 cents per hundred words, \$150,000: Provided, That except in the case of the Joint Committee on Internal Revenue Taxation no part of this amount for services. appropriation shall be expended for services, personal, professional,

Packing boxes.

Document ware-

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Limitation on per diem and subsistence. Vol. 44, p. 688.

or otherwise, in excess of the rate of \$3,600 per annum: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for per diem and subsistence expenses except in accordance with the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, approved June 3, 1926, as amended.

Reporting debates,

For reporting the debates and proceedings of the Senate, payable in equal monthly installments, \$54,306.

Senate kitchens and restaurants, etc.

For repairs, improvements, equipment, and supplies for Senate kitchens and restaurants, Capitol Building and Senate Office Building, including personal and other services, to be expended from the contingent fund of the Senate, under the supervision of the Committee on Rules, United States Senate, \$30,000.

House of Represen-

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Members.

SALARIES AND MILEAGE OF MEMBERS

Pay of Members, Delegates, and Resi-dent Commissioners.

For compensation of Members of the House of Representatives, Delegates from Territories, the Resident Commissioner from Porto Rico, and the Resident Commissioners from the Philippine Islands, \$4,405,000.

Mileage.

For mileage of Representatives and Delegates and expenses of Resident Commissioners, \$175,000.

Officers, clerks, messengers, etc.

For compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others:

Speaker's office.

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER

Secretary, parliamen-Clerks, etc.

Salaries: Secretary to the Speaker, \$4,620; parlimentarian, \$4,500, Digest of the Rules. and for preparing Digest of the Rules, \$1,000 per annum; assistant parliamentarian, \$2,760; clerk to Speaker, \$2,400; clerk to Speaker, \$1,440; messenger to Speaker's table, \$1,740; messenger to Speaker. \$1,680; in all, \$20,140.

CHAPLAIN

Chaplain.

Chaplain of the House of Representatives, \$1,680.

Clerk's office.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK

Clerk of the House, clerks, etc.

Salaries: Clerk of the House of Representatives, including compensation as disbursing officer of the contingent fund, \$8,000; Journal clerk, two reading clerks, and tally clerk, at \$5,000 each; enrolling clerk, \$4,000; disbursing clerk, \$3,960; file clerk, \$3,780; chief bill clerk, \$3,540; assistant enrolling clerk, \$3,180; assistant to disbursing clerk, \$3,120; stationery clerk, \$2,880; librarian, \$2,760; assistant librarian, and assistant file clerk, at \$2,520 each; assistant Journal clerk, and assistant librarian, at \$2,460 each; clerks—one \$2,460, three at \$2,340 each; bookkeeper, and assistant in disbursing office, at \$2,160 each; four assistants to chief bill clerk at \$2,100 each; stenographer to the Clerk, \$1,980; assistant in stationery room, \$1,740; three messengers at \$1,680 each; stenographer to Journal clerk, \$1,560; laborers—three at \$1,440 each, nine at \$1,260 each; telephone operators—assistant chief, \$1,620, eighteen at \$1,560 each; three at the rate of \$1,560 each per annum from December 1, 1932, to June 30, 1933, inclusive; substitute telephone operator when required, at \$4 per day, \$1,460; property custodian and superintendent of furniture and repair shop, who shall be a skilled cabinetmaker or upholsterer and experienced in the construction and purchase of furniture, \$3,960; two assistant custodians at \$3,360 each; locksmith and typewriter repairer, \$1,860; messenger and clock repairer, \$1,740; operation, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles, \$1,200; in all, \$162,730.

COMMITTEE EMPLOYEES

Committee em.

Clerks, messengers, and janitors to the following committees: Clerks, messengers, and janitors to the following committees: and janitors. Accounts—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,460; janitor, \$1,560. Agriculture—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,460; janitor, \$1,560. Appropriations—clerk, \$7,000 and \$1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, \$5,000 and \$1,000 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; three assistant clerks at \$3,900 each; assistant clerk, \$3,600; two assistant clerks at \$3,300 each; messenger, \$1,680. Banking and Currency-clerk, \$2,760; assistant clerk, \$1,740; janitor, \$1,260. Civil Service—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Civil Service—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Claims—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$1,740; janitor, \$1,260. Coinage, Weights, and Measures—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Disposition of Useless Executive Papers clerk, \$2,760. District of Columbia-clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,460; janitor, \$1,260. Education—clerk, \$2,760. Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress—clerk, Elections Numbered 1—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Elections Numbered 2-clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Elections Numbered 3-clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Enrolled Bills-clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Expenditures in Executive Departments-clerk, \$3,300; janitor, \$1,260. Flood Control—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Foreign Affairs—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,460; janitor, \$1,260. Immigration and Naturalization—clerk, \$3,300; janitor, \$1,260. Indian Affairs—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,460; janitor, \$1,260. Insular Affairs—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Interstate and Foreign Commerce—clerk, \$3,900; additional clerk, \$2,640; assistant clerk, \$2,100; janitor, \$1,560. Irrigation and Reclamation—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Invalid Pensions—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,880; expert examiner, \$2,700; stenographer, \$2,640; janitor, \$1,500. Judiciary—clerk, \$3,900; assistant clerk, \$2,160; assistant clerk, \$1,980; janitor, \$1,500. Labor—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Library—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Merchant Marine, Radio, and Fisheries—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Military Affairs—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,100; janitor, \$1,260. Mines and Mining—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. Naval Affairs—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,100; janitor, \$1,560. Patents—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,560. Patents—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,560. Patents—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,560. tor, \$1,260. Pensions—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,160; janitor, \$1,260. Post Office and Post Roads—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,100; janitor, \$1,560. Printing—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,560. Public Buildings and Grounds-clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$1,740; Public Lands—clerk, \$2,760; assistant clerk, \$1,740; janitor \$1,260. janitor, \$1,260. Revision of the Laws—clerk, \$3,300; janitor, \$1,260. Rivers and Harbors—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,460; janitor, Roads—clerk, \$2,760; assistant clerk, \$1,740; janitor, \$1,260. Rules—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,100; janitor, \$1,260. Territories—clerk, \$2,760; janitor, \$1,260. War Claims—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$1,740; janitor, \$1,260. Ways and Means—clerk, \$4,620; assistant clerk and stenographer, \$2,640; assistant clerk, \$2,600; also before the standard clerk, \$2,600; also before the standard clerk, \$2,600; assistant clerk, \$2,000; assistant clerk, \$2 \$2,580; clerk for minority, \$3,180; janitors—one, \$1,560, one, \$1,260. World War Veterans' Legislation—clerk, \$3,300; assistant clerk, \$2,460; in all, \$296,000.

Appropriations in the foregoing paragraph shall not be available Appropriations in the foregoing paragraph shall not be available Clerks subject to for the payment of any clerk or assistant clerk to a committee who after close of Congress.

ProvisoCommittee on Accounts excepted.

does not, after the termination of the Congress during which he was appointed, perform his duties under the direction of the Clerk of the House: *Provided*, That the foregoing shall not apply to the Committee on Accounts.

Janitors. Appointment, duties, etc.

Janitors under the foregoing shall be appointed by the chairmen, respectively, of said committees, and shall perform under the direction of the Doorkeeper all of the duties heretofore required of messengers detailed to said committees by the Doorkeeper, and shall be subject to removal by the Doorkeeper at any time after the termination of the Congress during which they were appointed.

Office of Sergeant at

OFFICE OF SERGEANT AT ARMS

Sergeant at Arms, Deputy, cashier, etc.

Salaries: Sergeant at Arms, \$8,000; Deputy Sergeant at Arms, \$3,180; cashier, \$4,920; two bookkeepers at \$3,360 each; Deputy Sergeant at Arms in charge of pairs, pair clerk and messenger, and assistant cashier, at \$2,820 each; stenographer and typewriter, \$600; skilled laborer, \$1,380; hire of automobile, \$600; in all, \$33,860.

Police, House Office Building.

Police Force, House Office Building, under the Sergeant at Arms: Lieutenant, \$1,740; nineteen privates at \$1,620 each; one sergeant at the rate of \$1,680 per annum, and twelve privates at the rate of \$1,620 per annum each, from December 1, 1932, to June 30, 1933, inclusive; in all, \$44,840.

Doorkeeper's office.

OFFICE OF DOORKEEPER

Doorkeeper, special employee, etc.

Messengers.

Folding room.

Pages, etc.

Document room.

Salaries: Doorkeeper, \$6,000; special employee, \$2,820; superintendent of House press gallery, \$3,660; assistant to the superintendent of the House press gallery, \$2,520; chief janitor, \$2,700; messengers—seventeen at \$1,740 each, fourteen on soldiers' roll at \$1,740 each; laborers—seventeen at \$1,260 each, two (cloakroom) at \$1,380 each, one (cloakroom) \$1,260, and seven (cloakroom) at \$1,140 each; three female attendants in ladies' retiring rooms at \$1,680 each; attendant for the ladies' reception room, \$1,440; superintendent of folding room, \$3,180; foreman of folding room, \$2,640; chief clerk to superintendent of folding room, \$2,460; three clerks at \$2,160 each; janitor, \$1,260; laborer, \$1,260; thirty-one folders at \$1,440 each; shipping clerk, \$1,740; two drivers at \$1,380 each; two chief pages at \$1,980 each; two telephone pages at \$1,680 each; two floor managers of telephones (one for the minority) at \$3,180 each; two assistant floor managers in charge of telephones (one for the minority) at \$2,100 each; forty-one pages, during the session, including ten pages for duty at the entrances to the Hall of the House, at \$4 per day each, \$19,844; press-gallery page, \$1,920; superintendent of document room (Elmer A. Lewis), \$3,960; assistant superintendent of document room, \$2,760 and \$420 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; clerk, \$2,320; assistant clerk, \$2,160; eight assistants at \$1,860 each; janitor, \$1,440; messenger to pressroom, \$1,560; maintenance and repair of folding room motor truck, \$500; in all, \$247,604.

SPECIAL AND MINORITY EMPLOYEES

Special and minority employees.

Minority employees.

For the minority employees authorized and named in the House Resolutions Numbered 51 and 53 of December 11, 1931: Two at \$5,000 each, four at \$2,820 each; in all, \$21,280.

Special employees.

Assistant foreman of the folding room, authorized in the resolution of September 30, 1913, \$1,980.

Laborer, authorized and named in the resolution of April 28, 1914, \$1,380.

Laborer, authorized and named in the resolution of December 19, 1901, \$1,380.

Clerk, under the direction of the Clerk of the House, named in

the resolution of February 13, 1923, \$3,060.

Successors to any of the employees provided for in the five preceding paragraphs may be named by the House of Representatives at any time.

Appointment of successors.

Office of majority floor leader: Legislative clerk, \$3,960; clerk, \$3,180; assistant clerk, \$2,100; for official expenses of the majority leader, as authorized by House Resolution Numbered 101, Seventy-first Congress, adopted December 18, 1929, \$2,000; in all, \$11,240.

Majority floor leader.

Conference minority: Clerk, \$3,180; legislative clerk, \$3,060; assistant clerk, \$2,100; janitor, \$1,560; in all, \$9,900. The foregoing

Conference minority.

employees to be appointed by the minority leader.

Two messengers, one in the majority caucus room and one in the minority caucus room, to be appointed by the majority and minority whips, respectively, at \$1,740 each, \$3,480.

Caucus rooms mes-

POST OFFICE

Post office.

Salaries: Postmaster, \$5,000; assistant postmaster, \$2,880; registry and money-order clerk, \$2,100; thirty-four messengers (including one to superintend transportation of mails) at \$1,740 each; substitute messengers and extra services of regular employees, when required, at the rate of not to exceed \$145 per month each, \$1,240; laborer, \$1,260; in all, \$71,640.

Postmaster, assist-

For the purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor vehicles for carrying the mails, \$3,400.

Motor vehicles.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS OF DEBATES

Official reporters.

Salaries: Seven official reporters of the proceedings and debates of the House at \$7,500 each; clerk, \$3,360; six expert transcribers at \$1,740 each; janitor, \$1,440; in all, \$67,740.

COMMITTEE STENOGRAPHERS

Salaries: Four stenographers to committees, at \$7,000 each; jan- Stenographers to committees, itor, \$1,440; in all, \$29,440.

Whenever the words "during the session" occur in the foregoing "During the session to mean 121 days. paragraphs they shall be construed to mean the one hundred and twenty-one days from December 1, 1932, to March 31, 1933, both inclusive.

"During the session"

CLERK HIRE, MEMBERS AND DELEGATES

For clerk hire necessarily employed by each Member, Delegate, and Resident Commissioner, in the discharge of his official and representative duties, in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to fix the compensation of officers and employees of the Legislative Branch of the Government," approved June 20, 1929, \$2,200,000.

Clerk hire of Mem-

Vol. 46, p. 38. U. S. C., Supp. V,

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE HOUSE

Contingent expenses.

For furniture and materials for repairs of the same, including not to exceed \$22,500 for labor, tools, and machinery for furniture repair shops, \$42,500.

Furniture, etc.

For packing boxes, \$4,000.

Packing hoxes. Miscellaneous items.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of salaries and labor unless specifically ordered by the House of Representatives, including reimbursement to the official stenographers to committees for the amounts actually and necessarily paid out by them for transcribing hearings, and including materials for folding, \$65,000.

Committee reports of hearings.

Special and select committees.

For stenographic reports of hearings of committees other than special and select committees, \$25,000.

For expenses of special and select committees authorized by the

Telegraph and telephone service.

House, \$50,000. For telegraph and telephone service, exclusive of personal services,

\$90,000. Stationery.

For stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners, including \$5,000 for stationery for the use of the committees and officers of the House, \$60,000.

Emergency room. Medical supplies, services, etc. Additional assistant

For medical supplies, equipment, and contingent expenses for the emergency room and for the attending physician and his assistants, including an allowance of not to exceed \$30 per month each to three assistants as provided by the House Resolutions adopted July 1, 1930, and January 20, 1932, \$2,500.

Postage stamps.

For postage stamps: Postmaster, \$250; clerk, \$450; sergeant at arms, \$300; doorkeeper, \$150; in all, \$1,150.

Folding.

provided.

For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate not exceeding \$1

United States Code. Preparation, etc.

per thousand, \$20,000. For preparation and editing of the laws as authorized by the Act approved May 29, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 1, sec. 59), \$6,000, to be expended under the direction of the Committee on Revision

Vol. 46, p. 1008; U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 3.

of the Laws.

Capitol Police.

CAPITOL POLICE

Pav.

Salaries: Captain, \$2,460; three lieutenants at \$1,740 each; two special officers at \$1,740 each; three sergeants at \$1,680 each; fortyfour privates at \$1,620 each; one-half of said privates to be selected by the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate and one-half by the Sergeant at Arms of the House; in all, \$87,480.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses, \$200.

Capitol police.

For purchasing and supplying uniforms and motor cycles to Capitol police, \$7,750.

Uniforms, etc. Division of disburse-

One-half of the foregoing amounts under "Capitol police" shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and one-half by the Clerk of the House.

Joint Committee on

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PRINTING

Clerks, etc. Vol. 28, p. 603. U. S. C., p. 1418.

Salaries: Clerk, \$4,000 and \$800 additional so long as the position is held by the present incumbent; inspector under section 20 of the Act approved January 12, 1895 (U.S.C., title 44, section 49), \$2,820; assistant clerk and stenographer, \$2,400; for expenses of compiling, Congressional Directory, \$1,600; in all, \$11,620, one half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

Office of Legislative Counsel.

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL

Salaries, etc.

For salaries and expenses of maintenance of the office of Legislative Counsel, as authorized by law, \$75,000, of which \$37,500 shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and \$37,500 by the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Statement of Appropriations.

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS

Preparing, first session of Seventy-second Congress.

For preparation, under the direction of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives of the statements for the first session of the Seventy-second Congress, showing appropriations made, indefinite appropriations, and contracts authorized, together with a chronological history of the regular appropriation bills, as required by law, \$4,000, to be paid to the persons designated by the chairman of said committees to do the work.

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Architect of the Capi-

OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Salaries: For the Architect of the Capitol, Assistant Architect and office personnel. of the Capitol, and other personal services at rates of pay provided by law; and the Assistant Architect of the Capitol shall act as Architect of the Capitol during the absence or disability of that official or whenever there is no Architect, \$48,580.

CAPITOL BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS

Capitol buildings and grounds. Maintenance, re-

Capitol Buildings: For necessary expenditures for the Capitol Building and electrical substations of the Senate and House Office Buildings, under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improvements, maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies, material, fuel, oil, waste, and appurtenances; furnishings and office equipment; personal and other services; cleaning and repairing works of art; maintenance, and driving of motor-propelled passenger-carrying office vehicle; pay of superintendent of meters, and \$300 additional for the maintenance of an automobile for his use, who shall inspect all gas and electric meters of the Government in the District of Columbia without additional compensation; and not exceeding \$300 for the purchase of technical and necessary reference books, periodicals, and city directory; \$240,000.

Travel allowance.

Appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol shall be available for expenses of travel on official business not to

exceed in the aggregate under all funds the sum of \$3,500.

Capitol Grounds: For care and improvement of grounds surrounding the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings; Capitol Power Plant; personal and other services; care of trees; plantings; fertilizers; repairs to pavements, walks, and roadways; purchase of waterproof wearing apparel; maintenance of signal lights; and for snow removal by hire of men and equipment or under contract with-out compliance with sections 3709 (U.S.C., title 41, sec. 5) and 3744 pp. 733, 738. (II.S.C. title 40, sec. 16) of the Revised Statutes: \$100,000 (U. S. C., title 40, sec. 16) of the Revised Statutes; \$100,000.

Improving grounds.

Capitol garages: For maintenance, repairs, alterations, personal and other services, and all necessary incidental expenses, \$7,540: pairs, etc. Provided, That the employees engaged in the care and maintenance of the Senate garage shall be transferred to the jurisdiction of the of Senate garage. Architect of the Capitol on July 1, 1932, without any reduction in compensation as the result of such transfer: Provided further, That North extension underground spa hereafter the underground space in the north extension of the Capitransferred to Architect's office. tol Grounds shall be under the jurisdiction and control of the Architect of the Capitol, subject to such regulations respecting the use thereof as may be promulgated by the joint action of the Vice President of the United States and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Capitol garages. Maintenance, re-

Transfer of employees

North extension of

Subway transportation, Capitol and Senate Office Buildings: For Subvenate repairs, rebuilding, and maintenance of the subway cars connecting ings. the Senate Office Building with the Senate wing of the United States Capitol and for personal and other services, including maintenance of the track and electrical equipment connected therewith, \$2,000.

Subway, Capitol and enate Office Build-

Senate Office Building: For maintenance, miscellaneous items and supplies, including furniture, furnishings, and equipment and for Maintenance, etc.

Senate Office Build-

labor and material incident thereto and repairs thereof; and for personal and other services for the care and operation of the Senate Office Building, under the direction and supervision of the Senate Committee on Rules, acting through the Architect of the Capitol, who shall be its executive agent, \$175,000.

House Office Building.

Maintenance, etc.

New House Office
Building.

Construction, etc. Vol. 45, p. 1071; Vol. 46, p. 136.

House Office Buildings: For maintenance, including miscellaneous items, and for all necessary services, \$250,000.

To continue carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the acquisition of a site and the construction thereon of a fireproof office building or buildings for the House of Representatives," approved January 10, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1071), including printing and binding, travelling expenses heretofore incurred in connection with such construction by authority of the commission in charge, and other miscellaneous expenses, \$406,000, to

remain available until expended.

Capitol power plant: For lighting, heating, and power for the Capitol, Senate and House Office Buildings, Supreme Court Building, Congressional Library Buildings, and the grounds about the same, Botanic Garden, Capitol garages, folding and storage rooms of the Senate, Government Printing Office, and Washington City post office; personal and other services, engineering instruments, fuel, oil, materials, labor, advertising, and purchase of waterproof wearing apparel in connection with the maintenance and operation of the heating, lighting, and power plant, \$325,000.

For the installation of duplicate steam lines to new buildings; clean-water intake screens and auxiliaries and high-tension switching equipment, including all necessary work in connection with such installation, and for all labor, materials, travel expenses and subsistence therefor; and without regard to section 35 of the Public Buildings Act, approved June 25, 1910, as amended, or the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, for employment of all necessary personnel, including architectural, engineering, and professional services and other assistants, and for all other expenses incident thereto, \$125,000, to be immediately available.

The appropriations under the control of the Architect of the Capitol may be expended without reference to section 4 of the Act approved June 17, 1910 (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 7), concerning pur-

chases for executive departments.

The Government Printing Office and the Washington City post office shall reimburse the Capitol power plant for heat, light, and power furnished during the fiscal year 1933 and the amounts so reimbursed shall be covered into the Treasury.

Capitol power plant. Maintenance, etc.

Duplicate steam lines to new buildings. Installation, etc.

Plans, etc. Vol. 36, p. 699. U. S. C., p. 1303. Vol. 46, p. 1003; U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 28.

Purchases independ-at of Supply Coment of Supply C mittee. Vol. 36, p. 531. U. S. C., p. 1309.

Reimbursement current, etc., to designated buildings.

Library building and grounds.

Chief engineer, and other personnel.

Proviso.

Damon W. Harding.
Continuing employment of

Trees, plants, etc.

Repairs, etc.

LIBRARY BUILDING AND GROUNDS

Salaries: For chief engineer and all personal services at rates of pay provided by law, \$46,960: Provided, That the Architect of the Capitol may continue the employment under his jurisdiction of went of. Vol. 41, p. 614; vol. Damon W. Harding, but not beyond June 30, 1934, notwithstanding 46, p. 468, p. 468, U.S. C., p. 72; Supp. U.S. C., p. 72; Supp. any provision of the Act entitled "An Act for the retirement of which were the classified civil service, and for other purposes." employees in the classified civil service, and for other purposes," approved May 22, 1920, and any amendment thereof, prohibiting extensions of service for more than four years after the age of retirement.

For trees, shrubs, plants, fertilizers, and skilled labor for the

grounds of Library of Congress, \$1,000.

For necessary expenditures for the Library Building under the jurisdiction of the Architect of the Capitol, including minor improvements, maintenance, repair, equipment, supplies, material, and appurtenances, and personal and other services in connection with the mechanical and structural maintenance of such building, \$13,500.

For furniture, including partitions, screens, shelving, and electrical

work pertaining thereto and repairs thereof, \$10,000.

To continue carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the construction and equipment of an annex to the ment, etc.

Vol. 46, p. 583. Library of Congress," approved June 13, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 583) \$150,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.

Botanic Garden, building and grounds: The appropriation for construction of new conservatories and other necessary buildings for the United States Botanic Gardens is hereby made available for the removal of tropical and hardy plant material in the old Botanic Garden to the new conservatory and grounds, including the hire of labor and equipment.

Furniture, etc.

Library Annex. Construction, equip-

Botanic Garden. Construction, etc. Vol. 44, p. 1262.

Available for removing plants.

BOTANIC GARDEN

Salaries: For the director and other personal services, \$100,000; Director, and personall under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library: heretofore furnished for the director's use in the Botanic Garden lowed Director. shall not be regarded as a part of his relevant to the director. shall not be regarded as a part of his salary or compensation, and such allowances may continue to be so furnished without deduction from his salary or compensation notwithstanding the provisions of section 3 of the Act of March 5, 1928 (U.S. C., title 5, sec. 678), or any other law.

Maintenance, operation, repairs, and improvements: For all neces-pairs, etc. sary expenses incident to maintaining, operating, repairing, and improving the Botanic Garden, and the nurseries, buildings, grounds, and equipment pertaining thereto, including procuring fertilizers, soil, tools, trees, shrubs, plants, and seeds; materials and miscellaneous supplies, including rubber boots and aprons when required for use by employees in connection with their work; not to exceed \$25 for emergency medical supplies; disposition of waste; traveling expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence of the director and his assistants not to exceed \$975; street-car fares not exceeding \$25; office equipment and contingent expenses; the prevention and eradication of insect and other pests and plant diseases by purchase of materials and procurement of personal services by contract without regard to the provisions of any other Act; repair, maintenance, and operation of motor trucks and passenger motor vehicle; not to exceed \$2,500 for purchase and exchange of a motor truck; purchase of botanical books, periodicals, and books of reference, not to exceed \$100; repairs and improvements to director's residence; and all other necessary expenses; all under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, \$40,000.

The sum of \$100 may be expended at any one time by the Botanic without advertising. Garden for the purchase of plants, trees, shrubs, and other nursery stock, without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5).

No part of the appropriations contained herein for the Botanic button of shrubbery, Garden shall be used for the distribution, by congressional allotment, etc., discontinued. of trees, plants, shrubs, or other nursery stock.

Botanic Garden.

etc., al-

Vol. 45, p. 193. U. S. C., p. 30.

Maintenance,

R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309.

Congressional distri-

Library of Congress.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS

SALARIES

Librarian and office personnel.

For the Librarian, Chief Assistant Librarian, and other personal services, \$842,045.

Register of Copy-

For the Register of Copyrights, assistant register, and other personal services, \$249,380.

Legislative reference

LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE SERVICE

Personal services for designated work.

To enable the Librarian of Congress to employ competent persons to gather, classify, and make available, in translations, indexes, digests, compilations, and bulletins, and otherwise, data for or bearing upon legislation, and to render such data serviceable to Congress and committees and Members thereof, including not to exceed \$5,700 for employees engaged on piecework and work by the day or hour at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, \$67,500.

Card indexes.

DISTRIBUTION OF CARD INDEXES

Distribution service.

For the distribution of card indexes and other publications of the Library, including personal services, freight charges (not exceeding \$500), expressage, postage, traveling expenses connected with such distribution, expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian, and including not to exceed \$58,500 for employees engaged in piecework and work by the day or hour and for extra special services of regular employees at rates to be fixed by the Librarian; in all, \$170,000.

TEMPORARY SERVICES

Temporary services.

For special and temporary service, including extra special services of regular employees, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, \$3,000.

State legislation.

INDEX TO STATE LEGISLATION

Preparing index and digest of.

Vol. 44, p. 1066. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 10.

To enable the Librarian of Congress to prepare an index to the legislation of the several States, together with a supplemental digest of the more important legislation, as authorized and directed by the Act entitled "An Act providing for the preparation of a biennial index to State legislation," approved February 10, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 2, secs. 164, 165), including personal and other services within and without the District of Columbia including not to exceed \$2,500 for special and temporary service at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, travel, necessary material and apparatus, and for printing and binding the indexes and digests of State legislation for official distribution only, and other printing and binding incident to the Balance reappropri- work of compilation, stationery, and incidentals, \$25,000, and in addition the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932 is reappropriated for the fiscal year 1933.

Vol. 46, p. 1187.

Index to Federal Statutes.

INDEX TO FEDERAL STATUTES

Revision, etc. Vol. 46, p. 585.

To enable the Librarian of Congress to revise and extend the index to the Federal Statutes, published in 1908 and known as the Scott and Beaman Index, to include the Acts of Congress down to and including the Acts of the Seventieth Congress, and to have the revised index printed at the Government Printing Office, as authorized and directed by the Act approved March 3, 1927, as amended

To include Acts of Seventieth Congress.

June 14, 1930, the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose in the Legislative Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the fiscal year 1933.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1187.

SUNDAY OPENING

Sunday opening, etc.

To enable the Library of Congress to be kept open for reference use on Sundays and on holidays within the discretion of the Librarian, including the extra services of employees and the services of additional employees under the Librarian, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, \$18,000.

Expenses.

UNION CATALOGUES

Union catalogues.

To continue the development and maintenance of the Union Catalogues, including personal services within and without the District of Columbia (and not to exceed \$1,400 for special and temporary service, including extra special services of regular employees, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian), travel, necessary material and apparatus, stationery, photostat supplies, and incidentals, \$20,000.

Development and maintenance.

INCREASE OF THE LIBRARY

Increase of the Library.

For purchase of books, miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, etc. and all other material, for the increase of the Library, including payment in advance for subscription books and society publications, and for freight, commissions, and traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian in the interest of collections, and all other expenses incidental to the acquisition of books, miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, and all other material for the increase of the Library, by purchase, gift, bequest, or exchange, to continue available during the fiscal year 1934, \$100,000.

Purchase of books.

For purchase of books and for periodicals for the law library,

Law books, etc.

under the direction of the Chief Justice, \$25,000.

For purchase of new books of reference for the Supreme Court, to be a part of the Library of Congress, and purchased by the Marshal of the Supreme Court, under the direction of the Chief Justice, \$2,500.

Reference books for Supreme Court.

To enable the Librarian of Congress to carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide books for the adult blind," blind. Vol. 46, p. 1487. approved March 3, 1931 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 2, sec. 135a), U. S. C., Supp. v, \$90,000.

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PRINTING AND BINDING

For miscellaneous printing and binding for the Library of Con- printing and bind-gress, including the Copyright Office, and the binding, rebinding, and repairing of library books, and for the Library Building, \$190,000.

For the publication (1) of the remaining unpublished volumes of the Journals of the Continental Congress (volumes 30, 31, 32, and 33); and (2) the fourth, and final, volume of the Records of the Virginia Company; and (3) in connection with the Bicentenary of Society.

Birth of George Washington the rehinding in full moreous of Bicentenary of Birth. the Birth of George Washington, the rebinding, in full morocco, of of George Washington, the Papers of George Washington, three hundred and two volumes; Washington, washington, washington, washington. the unexpended balance in the appropriation for this purpose in the Legislative Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available for the fiscal year 1933.

umes designated.
Journals of Continental Congres

Completion of vol-

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1188.

For the publication of the Catalogue of Title Entries of the Entries. Copyright Office, \$50,000.

Catalogue of Title

For the printing of catalogue cards, \$120,000.

Catalogue cards.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE LIBRARY

Contingent expenses.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, stationery, supplies, stock, and materials directly purchased, miscellaneous traveling expenses, postage, transportation, incidental expenses connected with the administration of the Library and Copyright Office, including not exceeding \$500 for expenses of attendance at meetings when incurred on the written authority and direction of the Librarian,

Attendance at meet-

\$9,000. For paper, chemicals, and miscellaneous supplies necessary for the operation of the photoduplicating machines of the Library and the

Photoduplicating ex-

making of photoduplicate prints, \$5,000.

Library Building.

LIBRARY BUILDING

Superintendent, etc.

Salaries: For the superintendent, disbursing officer, and other personal services, in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, \$161,822.

Sunday, etc., opening.

For extra services of employees and additional employees under the Librarian to provide for the opening of the Library Building on Sundays and on legal holidays, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, \$4,500.

Temporary, etc., services, care of build-

For special and temporary services in connection with the custody, care, and maintenance of the Library Building, including extra special services of regular employees at the discretion of the Librarian, at rates to be fixed by the Librarian, \$500.

Incidental expenses.

For mail, delivery, and telephone services, uniforms for guards, stationery, miscellaneous supplies, and all other incidental expenses in connection with the custody and maintenance of the Library Building, \$8,900.

Government Printing Office.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Public printing and binding: To provide the Public Printer

with a working capital for the following purposes for the execution of printing, binding, lithographing, mapping, engraving, and other

authorized work of the Government Printing Office for the various

Public printing and

binding. Working capital for.

Public Printer, Deputy, etc.

Holidays.

Leaves of absence. Contingent expenses.

branches of the Government: For salaries of Public Printer, \$10,000, and Deputy Public Printer, \$7,500; for salaries, compensation, or wages of all necessary officers and employees additional to those herein appropriated for, including employees necessary to handle waste paper and condemned material for sale; to enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of law granting holidays and half holidays and Executive orders granting holidays and half holidays with pay to employees; to enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of law granting thirty days' annual leave to employees with pay; rents, fuel, gas, heat, electric current, gas and electric fixtures; bicycles, motor-propelled vehicles for the carriage of printing and printing supplies, and the maintenance, repair and operation of the same, to be used only for official purposes, including operation, repair, and maintenance of motor-propelled passengercarrying vehicles for official use of the officers of the Government Printing Office when in writing ordered by the Public Printer; freight, expressage, telegraph, and telephone service; furniture, typewriters, and carpets; traveling expenses; stationery, postage, and advertising; directories, technical books, newspapers and magazines,

and books of reference (not exceeding \$500); adding and numbering machines, time stamps, and other machines of similar character; machinery (not exceeding \$300,000); equipment, and for repairs to Machinette, etc. machinery, implements, and buildings, and for minor alterations to buildings; necessary equipment, maintenance, and supplies for the emergency room for the use of all employees in the Government Printing Office who may be taken suddenly ill or receive injury while on duty; other necessary contingent and miscellaneous items authorized by the Public Printer: Provided, That inks, glues, and other supplies manufactured by the Government Printing Office in connection with its work may be furnished to departments and other establishments of the Government upon requisition, and payment made from appropriations available therefor; for expenses authorized in writing by the Joint Committee on Printing for the inspection of printing and binding equipment, material, and supplies and Government printing plants in the District of Columbia or elsewhere (not exceeding \$1,000); for salaries and expenses of preparing the semimonthly and session indexes of the Congressional Record under sional Record. the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing (chief indexer at \$3,480, one cataloguer at \$3,180, two cataloguers at \$2,460 each, and one cataloguer at \$2,100); and for all the necessary labor, paper, materials, and equipment needed in the prosecution and delivery and mailing of the work; in all, \$2,250,000, to which shall be charged tion to be deducted. the printing and binding authorized to be done for Congress, the printing and binding for use of the Government Printing Office, and printing and binding (not exceeding \$2,000) for official use of the Architect of the Capitol when authorized by the Secretary of the Architect of the Cap-Senate; in all to an amount not exceeding this sum.

Printing and binding for Congress chargeable to the foregoing Authority for Congressional work. appropriation, when recommended to be done by the Committee on Printing of either House, shall be so recommended in a report containing an approximate estimate of the cost thereof, together with a statement from the Public Printer of estimated approximate cost of work previously ordered by Congress within the fiscal year for

which this appropriation is made.

During the fiscal year 1933 any executive department or independent establishment of the Government ordering printing and ments, etc. binding from the Government Printing Office shall pay promptly by check to the Public Printer upon his written request, either in advance or upon completion of the work, all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof, as the case may be, and bills rendered by the Public Printer in accordance herewith shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment: Provided, That proper adjustments on the basis of the actual cost of delivered work paid counts. for in advance shall be made monthly or quarterly and as may be agreed upon by the Public Printer and the department or establishment concerned. All sums paid to the Public Printer for work that credited to working he is authorized by law to do shall be deposited to the credit, on the capital books of the Treasury Department, of the appropriation made for the working capital of the Government Printing Office, for the year in which the work is done, and be subject to requisition by the Public Printer.

All amounts in the Budget for the fiscal year 1934 for printing and binding for any department or establishment, so far as the Bureau of the Budget may deem practicable, shall be incorporated in a single item for printing and binding for such department or establishment and be eliminated as a part of any estimate for any other purpose. And if any amounts for printing and binding are included as a part of any estimates for any other purposes, such part of other items. amounts shall be set forth in detail in a note immediately following

Machinery. equip-

Emergency room.

Proviso. Supplies furnished to departments, etc.

Indexes. Congres-

Paper, materials, etc.

Payment for work ordered by depart-

Proviso. Adjustments of ac-

Estimates for de-partments, etc., to be incorporated in a single

Details to be given if

Proviso. Engraving and Printing Bureau excepted.

the general estimate for printing and binding: Provided, That the foregoing requirements shall not apply to work to be executed at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

Restriction on paying detailed employees.

No part of any money appropriated in this Act shall be paid to any person employed in the Government Printing Office while detailed for or performing service in any other executive branch of the public service of the United States unless such detail be authorized by law.

Samuel Robinson. Services of, contin-

The Public Printer may continue the employment under his jurisdiction of Samuel Robinson, Congressional Record messenger, notwithstanding the provisions of any Act prohibiting his employment because of age.

Office of Superintendent of Documents.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF DOCUMENTS

For the Superintendent of Documents, assistant superintendent,

of 1923, as amended, and compensation of employees paid by the hour who shall be subject to the provisions of the Act entitled "An

to section 3 of this Act this appropriation shall be considered a sepa-

Superintendent, and personnel. Vol. 46, p. 1003, and other personal services in accordance with the Classification Act U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 4 1003

Vol. 43, p. 658. U. S. C., p. 1417.

U.S. C., p. 1417. Act to regulate and fix rates of pay for employees and officers of the Government Printing Office," approved June 7, 1924 (U.S. C., title Proviso. Item a separate unit. 44, sec. 40), \$550,000: Provided, That for the purpose of conforming

Contingent expenses.

rate appropriation unit. For furniture and fixtures, typewriters, carpets, labor-saving machines and accessories, time stamps, adding and numbering machines, awnings, curtains, books of reference; directories, books, miscellaneous office and desk supplies, paper, twine, glue, envelopes, postage, car fares, soap, towels, disinfectants, and ice; drayage, express, freight, telephone and telegraph service; traveling expenses (not to exceed \$200); repairs to buildings, elevators, and machinery; preserving sanitary condition of building; light, heat, and power; stationery and office printing, including blanks, price lists, and bibliographies, \$100,000; for catalogues and indexes, not exceeding \$34,800; for supplying books to depository libraries, \$76,000; in all, \$210,800: Provided, That no part of this sum shall be used to supply to depository libraries any documents, books, or other printed matter not requested by such libraries, and the requests therefor shall be subject to approval by the Superintendent of Documents.

Supplying depository libraries restricted.

Proviso.

Printing, etc., reports of departments, etc., may be discontinued.

Proviso. Originals to be kept for inspection.

Purchases independent of Supply Commit-

36, p. 531. U. S. C., p. 1309.

Private vehicle re-

Average salaries in designated offices not to be exceeded. Vol. 46, p. 16 U. S. C., Supp. p. 28.

In order to keep the expenditures for printing and binding for the fiscal year 1933 within or under the appropriations for such fiscal year, the heads of the various executive departments and independent establishments are authorized to discontinue the printing of annual or special reports under their respective jurisdictions: Provided, That where the printing of such reports is discontinued the original copy thereof shall be kept on file in the offices of the heads of the respective departments or independent establishments for public inspection.

Purchases may be made from the foregoing appropriation under of Supply Committee "Government Printing Office," as provided for in the Printing Vol. 28, p. 601; Vol. Act approved January 12, 1895, and without reference to section 4 of the Act approved June 17, 1910 (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 7), concerning purchases for executive departments.

Sec. 2. No part of the funds herein appropriated shall be used for the maintenance or care of private vehicles.

Sec. 3. In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in 1003. the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in the Botanic Garden, the Library of

Congress, or the Government Printing Office, shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, elerical-mechanical (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of S.C., p. 66. section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, duction. or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

Sec. 4. The detail of the present incumbent as attending physician at the Capitol shall be continued until otherwise provided by law.

Proviso. service. Vol. 42, p. 1490; U.

Transfers to another osition without reosition

Higher salary rates

If only one position in a grade.

Capitol physician.

PART II

TITLE I—FURLOUGH OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

Furlough of Federal employees.

Part II.

FURLOUGH PROVISIONS

Section 101. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—

(a) The days of work of a per diem officer or employee receiving compensation at a rate which is equivalent to more than \$1,000 per annum shall not exceed five in any one week, and the compensation for five days shall be ten-elevenths of that payable for a week's work of five and one-half days: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed as modifying the method of fixing the daily rate of compensation of per diem officers or employees as now authorized by law: Provided further, That where the nature of the duties of a lieu. per diem officer or employee render it advisable, the provisions of subsection (b) may be applied in lieu of the provisions of this subsection.

(b) Each officer or employee receiving compensation on an annual east of more than \$1.000 per annum shall be furloughed Furlough of one calculations of the state basis at the rate of more than \$1,000 per annum shall be furloughed without compensation for one calendar month, or for such periods four work days. as shall in the aggregate be equivalent to one calendar month, for which latter purpose twenty-four working days (counting Saturday as one-half day) shall be considered as the equivalent of one calendar month: Provided, That where the nature of the duties of any such officer or employee render it advisable, the provisions of lieu. subsection (a) may be applied in lieu of the provisions of this subsection: Provided further, That no officer or employee shall, without his consent, be furloughed under this subsection for more than five days in any one calendar month: Provided further, That the rate pensation rate. of compensation of any employee furloughed under the provisions of this Act shall not be reduced by reason of the action of any wage board during the fiscal year 1933.

(c) If the application of the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) \$1,000. to any officer or employee would reduce his rate of compensation to less than \$1,000 per annum, such provisions shall be applied to him only to the extent necessary to reduce his rate of compensation to \$1,000 per annum.

Sec. 102. No officer or employee shall be exempted from the pro-provisions. visions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 101, except in those Exception upon approval of President. cases where the public service requires that the position be continuously filled and a suitable substitute can not be provided, and then

Per diem officers and employees.

Post, p. 1513.

Compensation.

Provisos. Present rates not affected.

Furlough, etc., in

Saturdays.

Provisos. Per diem basis in

Limitation.

No reduction in com-

reduction to

Post, p. 1515.

No exemption from

Report to Congress.

only when authorized or approved in writing by the President of the United States. The Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall report to Congress on the first Monday in December in 1932 and 1933 the exemptions made under this section divided according to salary, grade, and class.

Annual leave for fiscal year 1933 suspended. Vol. 30, p. 316. Post, p. 1515.

Sec. 103. All rights now conferred or authorized to be conferred by law upon any officer or employee to receive annual leave of absence with pay are hereby suspended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933.

Definitions.

DEFINITIONS

Sec. 104. When used in this title—

"Officer" and "emplovee.

ing of terms.

(a) The terms "officer" and "employee" mean any person rendering services in or under any branch or service of the United States Government or the government of the District of Columbia, but do Officers, etc., not in- not include (1) officers whose compensation may not, under the Constitution, be diminished during their continuance in office; (2) Senators, Representatives in Congress, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners; (3) officers and employees on the rolls of the Senate and House of Representatives; (4) carriers in the Rural Mail Delivery Service; (5) officers and members of the Police Department of the District of Columbia, of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, of the United States Park Police in the District of Columbia, and of the White House Police; (6) teachers in the public schools of the District of Columbia; (7) public officials and employ-ees whose compensation is derived from assessments on banks and/or is not paid from the Federal Treasury; (8) the enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Coast Guard, and Marine Corps; (9) postmasters and postal employees of post offices of the first, second, and third classes whose salary or allowances are based on gross postal receipts, and postmasters of the fourth class; (10) any person in respect of any office, position, or employment the amount of compensation of which is expressly fixed by international agreement; and (11) any person in respect of any office, position, or employment the compensation of which is paid under the terms of any contract in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act, if such compen-

Post, p. 1514.

"Compensation." Services included. Post, p. 1514.

Not included.

ployment. Rate of pay.

sation may not lawfully be reduced. (b) The term "compensation" means any salary, pay, wage, allowance (except allowances for subsistence, quarters, heat, light, and travel), or other emolument paid for services rendered in any civilian or noncivilian office, position, or employment; and includes the retired pay of judges, and the retired pay of all commissioned and other personnel of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Lighthouse Service, and the Public Health Service, and the retired pay of all commissioned and other personnel (except enlisted) of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard; but does not include the active or retired pay of the enlisted personnel of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast and does not include payments out of any retirement, disability, or relief fund made up wholly or in Piecework, etc., em. part of contributions of employees.

(c) In the case of any office, position, or employment, the compensation for which is calculated on a piecework, hourly, or per diem basis, the rate of compensation per annum shall be held to be the total amount which would be payable for the regular working hours and on the basis of three hundred and seven working days, or the number of working days on the basis of which such compensation is calculated, whichever is the greater.

COMPENSATION REDUCTIONS

Compensation reduc-

Sec. 105. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—

(a) The salaries of the Vice President and the Speaker of the Speaker of the House of House of Representatives are reduced by 15 per centum; and the House of Representatives are reduced by 15 per centum; and the senators, Representatives in Congress, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners.

Resident Commissioners are reduced by 10 per centum.

(b) The allowance for clerk hire of Representatives in Congress, hire. Delegates, and Resident Commissioners is reduced by 81/3 per centum, such reduced allowance to be apportioned by the Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner among his clerks as he may determine, subject to the limitations of existing law, but the compensation of such clerks shall not be subject to reduction under subsection (c) of this section.

(c) The rate of compensation of any person on the rolls of the officers and employees. Senate or of the House of Representatives (other than persons included within subsection (a)), if such compensation is at a rate of more than \$1,000 per annum, is reduced by $8\frac{1}{3}$ per centum, except that if the rate of compensation is \$10,000 or more such

rate shall be reduced by 10 per centum.

(d) In the case of the following persons the rate of compensation is reduced as follows: If more than \$1,000 per annum but less than \$10,000 per annum, 81/3 per centum; if \$10,000 per annum or more, but less than \$12,000 per annum, 10 per centum; if \$12,000 per annum or more, but less than \$15,000 per annum, 12 per centum; if \$15,000 per annum or more, but less than \$20,000 per annum, 15 per centum; if \$20,000 per annum or more, 20 per centum:

(1) Persons exempted, under section 102, from the provisions of exempt by Executive approval.

subsections (a) and (b) of section 101;

(2) Carriers in the Rural Mail Delivery Service, but in the case of such carriers the term "compensation" does not include the

allowance for equipment maintenance;

(3) Officers and members of the Police Department of the District partments, D. C. of Columbia, of the Fire Department of the District of Columbia, of the United States Park Police in the District of Columbia, and of the White House Police;

(4) Teachers in the public schools of the District of Columbia;

(5) Postmasters and postal employees of post offices of the first, Postmasters and second, and third classes whose salaries or allowances are based on gross postal receipts, and postmasters of the fourth class;

(6) Officers and employees (as defined in section 104 (a)) occupying positions the nature of the duties and periods of work of which basis. make it impracticable to apply the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of section 101;

(7) Officers and employees (as defined in section 104 (a)), not otherwise provided for in this section, to whom the provisions of

subsections (a) and (b) of section 101 do not apply.

(e) Subsections (c) and (d) of this section shall not operate (1) Rate not to reduce per anso as to reduce any rate of compensation to less than \$1,000 per num. annum, or (2) so as to reduce the rate of compensation of any of the postmasters or postal employees provided for in paragraph (5) of subsection (d) of this section, to a rate which is less than 91% per centum of his average rate of compensation during the calendar year 1931.

RETIRED PAY

Vice President and Representatives.

Congressional clerk

Reduction rates. Post, p. 1514.

Rural mail carriers.

Police and Fire De-

Teachers, schools, D. C. public

Employment neither

Other services.

Postmasters, etc. Post, p. 1514.

Retired pay.

Judges, exemptions. Post, p. 1514.

SEC. 106. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, the retired pay of all judges (except judges whose compensation may not, under the Constitution, be diminished during their continuance in office)

Army, Navy, etc. cepted.

Rates of reduction.

and the retired pay of all commissioned and other personnel (except Enlisted men ex enlisted) of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Lighthouse Service, and the Public Health Service shall be reduced as follows: If more than \$1,000 per annum but less than \$10,000 per annum, 81/3 per centum; if \$10,000 per annum or more, but less than \$12,000, 10 per centum; if \$12,000 per annum or more, but less than \$15,000 per annum, 12 per centum; if \$15,000 per annum or more, but less than \$20,000, 15 per centum; if \$20,000 per annum or more, 20 per centum. This section shall not operate so as to reduce any rate of retired pay to less than \$1,000 per annum.

Special salary reduc-

Limitation.

SPECIAL SALARY REDUCTIONS

International Joint Commission.

Sec. 107. (a) During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—

(1) the salary of each of the members of the International Joint Commission, United States section, shall be at the rate of \$5,000 per

Specified officers at rate of \$10,000 per an-

(2) the salaries of the following officers shall be at the rate of \$10,000 per annum: Commissioners of the United States Shipping Board, members of the Federal Farm Board (except the Secretary of Agriculture), members of the Board of Mediation, commissioners of the Interstate Commerce Commission, commissioners of the United States Tariff Commission, the American commissioner of the General Claims Commission, United States and Mexico, and the umpire and American commissioner of the Mixed Claims Commission, United States and Germany:

Pay restriction of officers and employees of foregoing boards, etc.

(3) no officer or employee of any of the boards or commissions enumerated in paragraph (1) or (2) shall (except as provided in paragraph (4)) receive salary at a rate in excess of \$10,000 per annum;

Shipping Board, etc.

nance Corporation.

(4) no officer or employee of the United States Shipping Board, the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation, or the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, shall receive salary at a rate in excess of \$10,000 per annum, except that in the case of any position the salary of which at the date of the enactment of this Act is at a rate in excess of \$12,500 per annum such salary may be at a rate not in excess of \$12,500 per annum; and

Judges, retired pay.

(5) the salaries and retired pay of all judges (except judges whose compensation may not, under the Constitution, be diminished during their continuance in office), if such salaries or retired pay are at a rate exceeding \$10,000 per annum, shall be at the rate of \$10,000 per annum.

Furlough, etc., pro-visions inapplicable.

b) The furlough provisions and the compensation reductions contained in other sections of this title shall not apply to any office, position, or employment the salary or retired pay of which is reduced or fixed under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section.

Government corporations.

GOVERNMENT CORPORATIONS

Offices, positions, etc., of.

SEC. 108. In the case of a corporation the majority of the stock of which is owned by the United States, the holders of the stock on behalf of the United States, or such persons as represent the interest of the United States in such corporation, shall take such action as may be necessary to apply the provisions of sections 101, 102, 103, 105, and 107 to offices, positions, and employments under such corporation and to officers and employees thereof, with proper allowance for any reduction in compensation since December 31, 1931.

Ante, pp. 399-401.

REMITTANCES FROM CONSTITUTIONAL OFFICERS

Remittances from Constitutional officers.

Acceptance.

Sec. 109. In any case in which the application of the provisions of this title to any person would result in a diminution of compensation prohibited by the Constitution, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to accept from such person, and cover into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts, remittance of such part of the compensation of such person as would not be paid to him if such diminution of compensation were not prohibited.

APPROPRIATIONS IMPOUNDED

Appropriations impounded.

Sec. 110. The appropriations or portions of appropriations unexpended by reason of the operation of this title shall not be used for any purpose, but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

Unexpended sums covered in.

LIMITATION ON JURISDICTION OF COURTS

Limitation on jurisdiction of courts.

Sec. 111. No court of the United States shall have jurisdiction der. of any suit against the United States or (unless brought by the United States) against any officer, agency, or instrumentality of the volving Constitution. United States arising out of the application of any provision of this title, unless such suit involves the Constitution of the United States.

Suits arising hereun-

RURAL CARRIERS EQUIPMENT ALLOWANCE

Rural carriers' equip-

SEC. 112. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, payments for equipment maintenance to carriers in the Rural Mail Delivery Service shall be seven-eighths of the amount now provided by law. Allowance for 1933.

TITLE II—Provisions Affecting Personnel

Provisions affecting personnel.

SUSPENSION OF PROMOTIONS AND FILLING OF VACANCIES

Suspension of promotions and filling of vacancies.

Sec. 201. All provisions of law which confer upon civilian or noncivilian officers or employees of the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia automatic increases in compensation by reason of length of service or promotion are suspended during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933; but this section shall not be construed to deprive any person of any increment of compensation received through an automatic increase in

Automatic increases.

Exception.

compensation prior to July 1, 1932. Sec. 202. No administrative promotions in the civil branch of the United States Government or the government of the District of Columbia shall be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933: Provided, That the filling of a vacancy, when authorized by so construed. the President, by the appointment of an employee of a lower grade, shall not be construed as an administrative promotion, but no such appointment shall increase the compensation of such employee to a rate in excess of the minimum rate of the grade to which such employee is appointed, unless such minimum rate would require an actual reduction in compensation. The President shall submit to Congress a report of the vacancies filled under this section up to November 1, 1932, on the first day of the next regular session. The provisions of this section shall not apply to commissioned, commissioned warrant, warrant, and enlisted personnel, and cadets, of the Coast Guard.

Administrative promotions. Post, p. 1515. Proviso. Filling vacancy not

Compensation.

Report to Congress.

Coast Guard ex-

Sec. 203. No appropriation available to any executive department Use of appropriations in filling vacancies proor independent establishment or to the municipal government of the hibited.

Use of appropriations

Provisos.Exceptions.
Essential positions.

etc., positions Coast Guard.

Unexpended sums to be impounded.

Report.

Provisions waived if necessary.

District of Columbia during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, shall be used to pay the compensation of an incumbent appointed to any civil position under the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia which is vacant on July 1, 1932, or to any such position which may become vacant after such date: *Provided*, That this inhibition shall not apply (a) to absolutely essential positions the filling of which may be authorized or approved in writing by the President of the United Temporary, seasonal, States, (b) to temporary, emergency, seasonal, or cooperative positions, or (c) to commissioned, commissioned warrant, warrant, and enlisted personnel, and cadets, of the Coast Guard. The appropriations or portions of appropriations unexpended by the operation of this section shall not be used for any other purposes but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury, and a report of all such vacancies, the number thereof filled, and the amounts unexpended, for the period between July 1, 1932, and October 31, 1932, shall be submitted to Congress on the first day of the next regular session: Provided, That such impounding of funds may be waived in writing by the President of the United States in connection with any appropriation or portion of appropriation, when, in his judgment, such action is necessary and in the public interest.

Compulsory retirement for age.

COMPULSORY RETIREMENT FOR AGE

No person on reaching retirement age shall be continued in service. Post, p. 1515.

> Provisos. Exemptions.

Reappointment for-

Specific authorizations excepted.

Sec. 204. On and after July 1, 1932, no person rendering civilian service in any branch or service of the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia who shall have reached the retirement age prescribed for automatic separation from the service, applicable to such person, shall be continued in such service, notwithstanding any provision of law or regulation to the contrary: Provided, That the President may, by Executive Order, exempt from the provisions of this section any person when, in his judgment, the public interest so requires: Provided further, That no such person heretofore or hereafter separated from the service of the United States or the District of Columbia under any provision of law or regulation providing for such retirement on account of age shall be eligible again to appointment to any appointive office, position, or employment under the United States or the District of Columbia: Provided further, That this section shall not apply to any person named in any Act of Congress providing for the continuance of such person in the service.

Retired pay.

RATE OF COMPENSATION UPON WHICH RETIRED PAY SHALL BE BASED

Rate not to be reduced.

Sec. 205. The provisions of this Part of this Act providing for temporary reductions in compensation and suspension in automatic increases in compensation shall not operate to reduce the rate of compensation upon which the retired pay or retirement benefits of any officer or employee would be based but for the application of such provisions, but the amount of retired pay shall be reduced as provided in Title I: Provided, That retirement deductions authorized by law to be made from the salary, pay, or compensation of officers or employees and transferred or deposited to the credit of a retirement fund, shall be based on the regular rate of salary, pay, or compensation instead of on the rate as temporarily reduced under the provisions of this Act.

Proviso. Pay deductions based on regular rate of salary, etc.

TEMPORARY REDUCTION OF TRAVEL ALLOWANCES

Sec. 206. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933—

(a) all provisions of law which authorize the payment of mileage Army, etc., Pay Adjustment Act of 1922. to officers of the services mentioned in the Pay Adjustment Act of 1922 [U. S. C., title 37] are hereby suspended and in lieu thereof under, suspended. Vol. 42, p. 631; such officers shall be entitled to allowances for travel only as provided Travel allowances in for civilian employees of the Government, and the Subsistence lieu. Expense Act of 1926, as modified by this Act, and by the Act of Vol. 44, p. 688; Vol. Expense Act of 1921 (Supp. V. II. S. Code. Title 5, sec. 73a), shall U.S. C., Supp. V, pp. February 14, 1931 (Supp. V, U. S. Code, Title 5, sec. 73a), shall apply to such travel: *Provided*, That all appropriations available for the payment of such mileage during the fiscal year 1933 shall be construed as being available for the payment of the allowances herein provided;

(b) the mileage allowance of Senators, Representatives in Con-Mileage allowance of Senators, etc. gress, and the Delegate from Hawaii is reduced 25 per centum; the allowance to the Delegate from Alaska provided by section 1 of the Act of May 7, 1906, the allowance to the resident Commissioner from the Philippine Islands provided by section 8 of the Act of sioners.

Vol. 32, p. 694.

Vol. 32, p. 694.

Vol. 39, p. 963. Porto Rico provided by section 36 of the Act of March 2, 1917,

are reduced by 25 per centum; and

(c) the traveling allowances provided for in the Act entitled "An Act reclassifying the salaries of postmasters and employees of the Postal Service, readjusting their salaries and compensation on an equitable basis, increasing postal rates to provide for such readjustment, and for other purposes," approved February 28, 1925 [U. S. C., title 39, § 633], shall not exceed \$2 per day.

Temporary reduc-tion of travel allow-

Mileage allowance

18, 40. Proviso.

Funds available.

Vol. 34, p. 169. Resident Commis-

Travel allowances, postal service. Vol. 43, p. 1062. U. S. C., p. 1273.

PERMANENT REDUCTION OF TRAVEL ALLOWANCES

SEC. 207. Section 3 of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, Act of 1926, amended to read Vol., 44, p. 689, approved June 3, 1926 (44 Stat. 688, 689), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 3. Civilian officers and employees of the departments and substituted, establishments, while traveling on official business and away from their designated posts of duty, shall be allowed, in lieu of their actual expenses for subsistence and all fees or tips to porters and stewards, a per diem allowance to be prescribed by the head of the department or establishment concerned, not to exceed the rate of \$5 within the limits of continental United States, and not to exceed an average of \$6 beyond the limits of continental United States."

Sec. 208. Sections 4, 5, and 6 of the said Subsistence Expense Act amended. of 1926 are hereby repealed, and section 7 thereof is hereby amended by striking out the reference therein to actual expenses so that the

section, as amended, will read as follows:

"Sec. 7. The fixing and payment, under section 3, of per diem ing modified. allowance, or portions thereof, shall be in accordance with regulations which shall be promulgated by the heads of departments and establishments and which shall be standardized as far as practicable and shall not be effective until approved by the President of the United States."

ting the transportation at Government expense of the effects of officers, employees, or other persons, shall be constructed. including or authorizing the transportation of an automobile: Provided. That not more than \$5,000 in any fiscal year may be expended partments. for such purposes by the War Department, and not more than \$5,000 in any fiscal year by the Navy Department.

Permanent reduction of travel allowances.

Subsistence Expense amended.

Per diem allowance

Rates.

Sections repealed or Vol. 44, p. 689.

Regulations govern-

Approval required.

Proviso. War and Navy De-

Inconsistent laws repealed.

Effective immediate-

Sec. 210. The provisions of all Acts heretofore enacted inconsistent with sections 207, 208, and 209 are, to the extent of such inconsistency, hereby repealed, and such sections shall take effect on July 1, 1932.

Overtime compensa-

OVERTIME COMPENSATION

Provisions for 1933.

Higher rate for, dis-

Differential in pay for regular night work reduced one-half.

Overtime work by substitutes.

Sundays and holi-

Services paid by private interests.

Limitations OB amount of retired pay.
Officer retired from
military, etc., services holding civilian office,

Vol. 42, p. U. S. C., p. 1185.

strued.

Not applicable where combined pay is less (b) This section the continuous chan \$3,000.

Proniso. Combat excepted.

Personnel reductions -married persons.

Dismissal provisions.

Civil Service appoint-

Sec. 211. (a) During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933-

(1) no officer or employee of the Government shall be allowed or paid a higher rate of compensation for overtime work (either day or night) or for work on Sundays and holidays;

(2) wherever by or under authority of law compensation for night work (other than overtime) is at a higher rate than for day work,

such differential shall be reduced by one-half;

(3) in so far as practicable, overtime work shall be performed by substitutes or unemployed regulars in lieu of persons who have performed a day's work during the day during which the overtime work is to be performed, and work on Sundays and holidays shall be performed by substitutes or unemployed regulars in lieu of persons who have performed a week's work during the same week.

(b) This section shall not apply to compensation for overtime services performed by Federal employees under existing law at the

expense of private interests.

LIMITATIONS ON AMOUNT OF RETIRED PAY

Sec. 212. (a) After the date of the enactment of this Act, no person holding a civilian office or position, appointive or elective, under the United States Government or the municipal government of the District of Columbia or under any corporation, the majority of the stock of which is owned by the United States, shall be entitled, during the period of such incumbency, to retired pay from the United States for or on account of services as a commissioned officer in any of the services mentioned in the Pay Adjustment Act of 1922 [U. S. C., title 37], at a rate in excess of an amount which when combined with the annual rate of compensation from such civilian office or position, makes the total rate from both sources more than \$3,000; and when the retired pay amounts to or exceeds the rate of \$3,000 per annum such person shall be entitled to the pay of the "Retired pay" con- civilian office or position or the retired pay, whichever he may elect. As used in this section, the term "retired pay" shall be construed to include credits for all service that lawfully may enter into the com-

(b) This section shall not apply to any person whose retired pay plus civilian pay amounts to less than \$3,000: Provided, That this disability section shall not apply to regular or emergency commissioned officers retired for disability incurred in combat with an enemy of the United States.

PERSONNEL REDUCTIONS-MARRIED PERSONS

Sec. 213. In any reduction of personnel in any branch or service of the United States Government or the District of Columbia, married persons (living with husband or wife) employed in the class to be reduced, shall be dismissed before any other persons employed in such class are dismissed, if such husband or wife is also in the service of the United States or the District of Columbia. In the appointment of persons to the classified civil service, preference shall be given to persons other than married persons living with husband or wife, such husband or wife being in the service of the United States or the District of Columbia.

TEMPORARY ASSIGNMENTS IN POSTAL SERVICE

Temporary assignments in postal service.

SEC. 214. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, the Post-ployees authorized. master General may, when the interest of the service requires, temporarily assign any clerk to the duties of carrier or any carrier to the duties of clerk, and in an emergency may assign any Post Office employee to the duties of a railway postal clerk, or any railway postal clerk to the duties of a Post Office employee without change of pay roll status.

ANNUAL LEAVE WITH PAY REDUCED TO FIFTEEN DAYS

Annual leave with pay reduced to fifteen days.

Sundays and holidays excluded. Post, p. 1515.

Provisos.
Cumulative leave.

Sick leave not af-

Uniformity in sick

SEC. 215. Hereafter no civilian officer or employee of the Government who receives annual leave with pay shall be granted annual leave of absence with pay in excess of fifteen days in any one year, excluding Sundays and legal holidays: Provided, That the part unused in any year may be cumulative for any succeeding year: Provided further, That nothing herein shall apply to civilian offi- zone and Foreign Servcers and employees of the Panama Canal located on the Isthmus and ice officers outside continental United States. who are American citizens or to officers and employees of the Foreign Services of the United States holding official station outside the continental United States: Provided further, That nothing herein shall be construed as affecting the period during which pay may be allowed under existing laws for so-called sick leave of absence: Provided further, That the so-called sick leave of absence, within leave of absence. the limits now authorized by law, shall be administered under such regulations as the President may prescribe so as to obtain, so far as practicable, uniformity in the various executive departments and independent establishments of the Government.

FURLOUGH OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES DURING FISCAL YEAR 1933

Sec. 216. In order to keep within the appropriations made for Furlough of Govern-the fiscal year 1933, the heads of the various executive departments ing fiscal year 1933. and independent establishments of the United States Government and the municipal government of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and directed to furlough, without pay, such employees carried on their respective rolls, such time as in their judgment is necessary to carry out said purpose without discharging such employees, the higher salaried to be furloughed first whenever possible without injury to the service: Provided, That rules and regu-of provisions. lations shall be promulgated by the President with a view to securing uniform action by the heads of the various executive departments and independent Government establishments in the application of the provisions of this section.

Higher brackets first.

Proviso. Uniform application

Post, p. 1514.

TITLE III-MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

PHILIPPINE SCOUTS

Miscellaneous provi-

Philippine Scouts.

SEC. 301. The President is authorized at any time to disband the band etc. Philippine Scouts or to reduce the personnel thereof.

LIMITATIONS ON EXPENDITURES FOR PRINTING AND BINDING, PAPER, AND Limitation penditures. STATIONERY

Limitations on ex-

SEC. 302. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, not more binding and than \$8,000,000 shall be obligated for printing and binding for the use of the United States and the District of Columbia done at the

Executive departments, etc.

Distribution among.

Authorized publications not to be discon-

Excentions.

Paper.

Amount available for executive departments,

Engraving and Printing Bureau not includ-

Stationery for Congress.

Cash allowance.

West Potomac Park heating plant.

No further obliga-tions for construction of, to be incurred. Vol. 46, p. 1555.

Shipping Board.

Number of commissioners reduced to three.

Geographical selection.

Political affiliations.

Tenure of office.

Including contract Government Printing Office, including printing and binding done work, field service, etc. elsewhere under contract by the Public Printer, or obtained in the field under authority of the Joint Committee on Printing for the Legislative allotment. exclusive use of a field service; of the foregoing amount \$2,500,000 shall be for printing and binding for the use of the legislative branch of the Government. The amount available hereunder for the executive departments and independent establishments, the judiciary, and the government of the District of Columbia shall be distributed by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget among the several departments and establishments, the judiciary, and the government of the District of Columbia as, in his judgment, the needs of the service may require. Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the discontinuance of any report or publication specifically required This section shall not apply to printing and binding for the use of the Patent Office or to the manufacture of postal cards and money orders for the Post Office Department.

Sec. 303. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, not more

than \$400,000 shall be expended for paper furnished by the Government Printing Office for the use of the several executive departments and independent establishments and the government of the District of Columbia. The amount available hereunder for the executive departments and independent establishments and the government of the District of Columbia shall be distributed by the Director of the Bureau of the Budget among the several executive departments and independent establishments, and the government of the District of Columbia, as, in his judgment, the needs of the service may require. This section shall not apply to expenditures for paper used in the course of manufacture by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

SEC. 304. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, (1) not more than \$16,000 shall be available for expenditure for stationery for Senators and the President of the Senate, and for committees and officers of the Senate, (2) not more than \$44,000 shall be available for expenditure for stationery for Representatives, Delegates, and Resident Commissioners, and for the committees and officers of the House of Representatives, and (3) each Senator, Representative, Delegate, and Resident Commissioner shall be allowed \$90 for stationery allowance or commutation therefor, to be paid out of the sums provided in (1) or (2), as the case may be.

WEST POTOMAC PARK HEATING PLANT

Sec. 305. Until otherwise provided by law no further obligations shall be incurred under the appropriation of \$750,000 for the construction of a heating plant in West Potomac Park, contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931.

REORGANIZATION OF SHIPPING BOARD

SEC. 306. (a) The United States Shipping Board shall be composed of three commissioners to be hereafter appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. One of such commissioners shall be appointed from the States touching the Pacific Ocean, one from the States touching the Atlantic Ocean, or a navigable river directly tributary thereto, and one from the States touching the Gulf of Mexico, but not more than one shall be appointed from the same State. Not more than two of the commissioners shall be appointed from the same political party.

(b) Terms of office of the first commissioners appointed under this section, shall expire, as designated by the President at the time

of nomination, one at the end of one year, one at the end of two years, and one at the end of three years after the date of the enactment of this Act. The term of office of a successor to any such commissioner shall expire three years from the date of the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed, except that a commissioner appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed, shall be appointed for the remainder of such term. The commissioners appointed hereunder shall hold office until their successors are appointed and qualify.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) the United Present board to States Shipping Board as constituted upon the date of the enact-reorganization. ment of this Act shall continue to function until the date of reorganization of the commission pursuant to the provisions of such The board shall be deemed to be reorganized upon such date. date as the three commissioners appointed as provided in such subsection have taken office, and no such commissioner shall be paid

salary, as such commissioner, for any period prior to such date.

(d) This section shall be held to reorganize the United States shipping Board. Shipping Board, and, except as herein modified, all laws relating to such board shall remain in full force and effect, and no regulations, action, investigations, or other proceedings under any such laws existing or pending on the date of the enactment of this Act not affected. shall abate or otherwise be affected by reason of the provisions of this section.

(e) Whenever under existing law the concurrence of four or commissioners he more of the commissioners is required, such requirement of law shall, legal instead of four. after the reorganization of the board provided by this section, be held to be complied with by the concurrence of two commissioners.

(f) \$200,000 of the unexpended balance of the allotment of \$500,000 made available to the United States Shipping Board Mer-poration.

Specified amount for experimental and research work, by the experimental, etc., Independent Offices Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1930, and con-work. tinued by subsequent appropriation Acts, shall not be expended, but shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

(g) The sums available for expenditure, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, for personal services of employees of the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation assigned poration details with to and serving with the United States Shipping Board are reduced Shipping Board. by \$167,000 from the pay roll of March 31, 1932, and the amounts of reduction applicable to the various bureaus shall be as follows:

(1) Bureau of Research, \$30,000, (2) Bureau of Law, \$103,000, funds for, reduced.
(3) Bureau of Traffic, \$9,000, (4) Bureau of Construction, \$5,000, and (5) Bureau of Operations, \$20,000.

(h) The United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corpora- poration. Merchant Fleet Cortion shall, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, transfer from Operating expenses covthe operating funds and cover into the Treasury as miscellaneous ered in. receipts the sum of \$1,938,240.

INCREASES IN CERTAIN CHARGES AND FEES

SEC. 307. After the date of the enactment of this Act, the price at which additional copies of Government publications are offered for sale to the public by the Superintendent of Documents shall be based on the cost thereof as determined by the Public Printer plus 50 per centum: Provided, That a discount of not to exceed 25 per centum may be allowed to authorized book dealers and quantity ized dealers, etc. purchasers, but such printing shall not interfere with the prompt execution of work for the Government. The surplus receipts from Surplus receipt sales covered in.

Term reduced to

Determination of

Salary restriction.

Reorganization of

Concurrence of two

bureau

Increases in certain charges and fees.

Government publica-

Proviso. Discount to author-

Surplus receipts from

Designation of agents.

Selling price. Vol. 42, p. 541; U. S. C., pp. 1419, 1430. Vol. 28, p. 607; U. S. C., p. 1421.

Ratent fees.

Base fee increased.

R. S. sec. 4934, p. 954.

Vol. 46, p. 155; U. S.
C., p. 1172; Supp. V,
p. 547. Renewals: exception.

New item

Fee for reviving aban-doned application.

Department of Comnated reports. Receipts covered in.

Bureau of Mines. Vol. 37, p. 682; U. S. C., p. 953, amended.

Fees for tests and investigations.

Rules to be prescribed

Bureau of Standards, Vol. 31, p. 1450; Vol. 32, p. 829; Vol. 37, p. 736. U. S. C. p. 378.

Fees for tests, etc.

Resale by book deal- such sales shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of miscellaneous receipts. The Superintendent of Documents shall prescribe the terms and conditions under which he may authorize the resale of Government publications by book dealers, and he may designate any Government officer his agent for the sale of Government publications under such regulations as shall be agreed upon by the Superintendent of Documents and the head of the respective department or establishment of the Government. selling price of publications as provided for herein shall be in lieu of that prescribed in the public resolution approved May 11, 1922 (U. S. C., title 44, secs. 72 and 220), and section 42 of the Act of January 12, 1895 (U. S. C., title 44, sec. 114).

Sec. 308. After the expiration of thirty days after the enactment of this Act (but in no event prior to July 1, 1932), the base fee of \$25 provided by section 4934 of the Revised Statutes, as amended [U. S. C., Sup. V, title 35, sec. 78], to be paid upon the filing of each original application and upon each renewal application for patent, except in design cases, and on issuing each original patent, except in design cases, is hereby increased to \$30.

Sec. 309. Section 4934 of the Revised Statutes, as amended [U. S. C., Sup. V, title 35, sec. 78], is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"On filing each petition for the revival of an abandoned application for a patent, \$10."

Sec. 310. The Secretary of Commerce shall make such charges Charges for designated services and as he deems reasonable for special statistical services; special commodity, technical, and regional news bulletins and periodical services; lists of foreign buyers, and World Trade Directory Reports, and the amounts collected therefrom shall be deposited in the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Sec. 311. Section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish in the Department of the Interior a Bureau of Mines", approved May 16, 1910, as amended and supplemented [U. S. C., title 30, sec. 7], is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 5. For tests or investigations authorized by the Secretary of Commerce under the provisions of this Act, as amended and supplemented, except those performed for the Government of the United States or State governments within the United States, a fee sufficient in each case to compensate the Bureau of Mines for the entire cost of the services rendered shall be charged, according to a schedule prepared by the Director of the Bureau of Mines and approved by the Secretary of Commerce, who shall prescribe rules Receipts covered in. and regulations under which such tests and investigations may be made. All moneys received from such sources shall be paid into the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts."

SEC. 312. Section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish the National Bureau of Standards", approved March 3, 1901, as amended and supplemented [U. S. C., title 15, sec. 276], is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 8. For all comparisons, calibrations, tests, or investigations, performed by the National Bureau of Standards under the provisions of this Act, as amended and supplemented, except those performed for the Government of the United States or State governments within the United States, a fee sufficient in each case to compensate the National Bureau of Standards for the entire cost of the services rendered shall be charged, according to a schedule prepared by the Director of the National Bureau of Standards and approved by the Secretary of Commerce. All moneys received from such sources

Receipts covered in.

shall be paid into the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts."

Sec. 313. In the annual report to Congress of each executive SEC. 313. In the annual report to Congress of each executive Fees and charges.

Annual report of dedepartment or independent establishment there shall be included a partments, etc., to instatement of receipts during the period covered by such report, from clude statement of receipts. fees or charges paid to such department or establishment under this Act and all other Acts of Congress.

Sec. 314. Sections 310, 311, and 312 shall take effect July 1, 1932.

Effective date of designated sections.

RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFER OF ARMY AND NAVY PERSONNEL

Transfer of Army and Navy personnel, restricted.

Sec. 315. The President is authorized, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, to restrict the transfer of officers and enlisted men of the military and naval forces from one post or station to another post or station to the greatest extent consistent with the public interest.

Statistics concerning STATISTICS CONCERNING HIDES, SKINS, AND LEATHER hides, leather.

Sec. 316. The Act authorizing and directing the Director of the SEC. 316. The Act authorizing and directing the Director of the conscious and publish statistics concerning hides, skins, and vol. 41, p. 1057; U. 8. Leether approved Tupe 5, 1990 (II S. C. title 13, secs. 91, 92, and 93). leather, approved June 5, 1920 (U. S. C., title 13, secs. 91, 92, and 93), is hereby repealed.

Collection and pub-

TRANSFER OF APPROPRIATIONS

Transfer of approprietions

Sec. 317. Not to exceed 12 per centum of any appropriation for an executive department or independent establishment, including the municipal government of the District of Columbia, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, may be transferred, with the approval of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget (or, in the case of the War Department and Navy Department, with the approval of the President), to any other appropriation or appropriations under the same department or establishment, but no appropriation shall be increased more than 15 per centum by such transfers: Provided, That a statement of all transfers of appropriations made hereunder shall be Statement budget, etc. included in the annual Budget for the fiscal year 1935, and a statement of all transfers of appropriations made hereunder up to the time of the submission of the annual Budget for the fiscal year 1934, and all contemplated transfers during the remainder of the fiscal year 1933, shall be included in the annual Budget for the fiscal year 1934.

Interchangeability of funds.

Limitation.

Statements in annual

Post, p. 1514.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Vocational educa-

Act entitled "An Act to provide for the further development of p. 321. Vocational education in the several States and Tamitania." February 5, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, sec. 15a), not more than \$1,500,000 is authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of such section for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933.

Appropriation for, in Territories, reduced.

(b) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, (1) the annual Cooperation appropriations (for the purpose of cooperating with the States) States. Vol. 39, p. 930. U. S. C., p. 609. provided for by sections 2, 3, and 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational education; to provide for cooperation with the States in the promotion of such education in agriculture and the trades and industries; to provide for cooperation with the States in the preparation of teachers of vocational subjects; and to appropriate money and regulate its expenditure," approved February 23, 1917 (U. S. C., title 20, secs. 12-14, inclusive), shall be

\$2,700,000 (in the case of section 2), \$2,700,000 (in the case of section

Cooperation with

ments to States.

Minimum allotment of funds to any State, under each of such sections, for the said fiscal year, shall be \$9,000; and (3) the additional appropriations (for the purpose of providing the minimum allotment to the States) provided for by such sections for the fiscal year 1933 shall be \$24,300 (in the case of section 2), \$45,000 (in the case of section 3), and \$81,000 (in the case of section 4).

Hawaii, Vol. 43, p. 18. U. S. C., p. 612.

(c) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of certain laws to the Territory of Hawaii," approved March 10, 1924 (U.S. C., title 20, sec. 29), shall be \$27,000; and the amount authorized to be appropriated under section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of certain laws relating to vocational education and civilian rehabilitation to Porto Rico," approved March 3, 1931 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, sec. 30), shall be \$94,500, and the amounts expended for each of the purposes set forth in such section shall be proportionately reduced.

Vol. 46, p. 1489. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 321

Judgments and overpayments.

RATE OF INTEREST ON JUDGMENTS AND OVERPAYMENTS

Interest rate to be Post, p. 786.

Sec. 319. Hereafter the rate of interest to be allowed or paid shall be 4 per centum per annum whenever interest is allowed by law upon any judgment of whatsoever character against the United States and/or upon any overpayment in respect of any internal-Inconsistent laws re- revenue tax. All laws or parts of laws in so far as inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

nealed.

RESTRICTION ON CONSTRUCTION AND RENTAL OF BUILDINGS

Public building construction and rental

Construction costs to be reduced if no contract made. Post, p. 783.

Contracts under authorization basis not to be increased, exception.

Leases.

Consideration for.

Restriction on rental rate

properties.

Proviso

Exceptions.

SEC. 320. Authorizations heretofore granted by law for the construction of public buildings and public improvements, whether an appropriation therefor has or has not been made, are hereby amended to provide for a reduction of 10 per centum of the limit of cost as fixed in such authorization, as to projects where no contract for the construction has been made. As to such projects where a contract has been made at a cost less than that upon which the authorization was based, such cost shall not, unless authorized by the President, be increased by any changes or additions not essential for the completion of the project as originally planned. SEC. 321. Hereafter, except as otherwise specifically provided by

law, the leasing of buildings and properties of the United States shall be for a money consideration only, and there shall not be included in the lease any provision for the alteration, repair, or improvement of such buildings or properties as a part of the con-Receipts covered in sideration for the rental to be paid for the use and occupation of the same. The moneys derived from such rentals shall be deposited and

covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

SEC. 322. Hereafter no appropriation shall be obligated or expended for the rent of any building or part of a building to be occupied for Government purposes at a rental in excess of the per annum rate of 15 per centum of the fair market value of the rented premises at date of the lease under which the premises are to be Repairs of rented occupied by the Government nor for alterations, improvements, and repairs of the rented premises in excess of 25 per centum of the amount of the rent for the first year of the rental term, or for the Prior leases not af rental term if less than one year: Provided, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to leases heretofore made, except when renewals thereof are made hereafter, nor to leases of premises in foreign countries for the foreign services of the United States.

TEMPORARY REDUCTION OF FEES OF JURORS AND WITNESSES

(a) the per diem fee authorized to be paid to jurors under section

(b) the per diem fee authorized to be paid to witnesses under

2 of the Act of April 26, 1926 (44 Stat. 323), shall be \$3 instead

Jurors and witnesses.

Per diem fees reduced.

Jurors. Vol. 44, p. 323.

Witnesses

section 3 of the Act of April 26, 1926 (44 Stat. 323), shall be \$1.50 Subsistence provision

TITLE IV—REORGANIZATION OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS

instead of \$2, and the proviso of said section 3, relative to per diem

Reorganization of executive departments.

DECLARATION OF POLICY

Policy declared.

SEC. 401. In order to further reduce expenditures and increase efficiency in government it is declared to be the policy of Congress—

(a) To group, coordinate, and consolidate executive and administrative agencies of the Government, as nearly as may be, according to major purpose;

(b) To reduce the number of such agencies by consolidating those

having similar functions under a single head;

Sec. 323. During the fiscal year 1933—

for expenses of subsistence, shall be suspended.

of \$4;

(c) To eliminate overlapping and duplication of effort; and

(d) To segregate regulatory agencies and functions from those of an administrative and executive character.

Purposes.

Post, p. 1517.

DEFINITIONS

Definitions.

Sec. 402. When used in this title-

(1) The term "executive agency" means any commission, board, bureau, division, service, or office in the executive branch of the Government, but does not include the executive departments men-Executive de ments excluded.

U.S. C. p. 28. tioned in title 5, section 1, United States Code.

"Executive agency."

tive agency not under the jurisdiction or control of any executive tive agency." department.

Executive depart-

POWER OF PRESIDENT

Power of President.

SEC. 403. For the purpose of carrying out the policy of Congress as declared in section 401 of this title, the President is authorized tive order.

by Executive order-(1) To transfer the whole or any part of any independent executive agency, and/or the functions thereof, to the jurisdiction and control of an executive department or another independent executive

agency; (2) To transfer the whole or any part of any executive agency, and/or the functions thereof, from the jurisdiction and control of one executive department to the jurisdiction and control of another

executive department; or (3) To consolidate or redistribute the functions vested in any executive department or in the executive agencies included in any executive department; and

(4) To designate and fix the name and functions of any consolidated activity or executive agency and the title, powers and duties

of its executive head. SEC. 404. The President's order directing any transfer or consolidation under the provisions of this title shall also designate the records, property (including office equipment), personnel, and unexpended balances of appropriations to be transferred.

Transfers and con-solidations by Execu-Post, p. 1518.

Saving provisions.

SAVING PROVISIONS

Existing orders, etc., continued in effect.

Sec. 405. (a) All orders, rules, regulations, permits, or other privileges made, issued, or granted by or in respect of any executive agency or function transferred or consolidated with any other executive agency or function under the provisions of this title, and in effect at the time of the transfer or consolidation, shall continue in effect to the same extent as if such transfer or consolidation had not occurred, until modified, superseded, or repealed.

No suit abated by reason of transfer of authority, etc.

(b) No suit, action, or other proceeding lawfully commenced by or against the head of any department or executive agency or other officer of the United States, in his official capacity or in relation to the discharge of his official duties, shall abate by reason of any transfer of authority, powers, and duties from one officer or executive agency of the Government to another under the provisions of this title, but the court, on motion or supplemental petition filed at any time within twelve months after such transfer takes effect, showing a necessity for a survival of such suit, action, or other proceeding to obtain a settlement of the questions involved, may allow the same to be maintained by or against the head of the department or executive agency or other officer of the United States to whom the authority, powers, and duties are transferred.

Existing laws to remain in force.

(c) All laws relating to any executive agency or function transferred or consolidated with any other executive agency or function under the provisions of this title, shall, in so far as such laws are not inapplicable, remain in full force and effect, and shall be administered by the head of the executive agency to which the transfer is made or with which the consolidation is effected.

Statutory agencies.

STATUTORY AGENCIES

Transfer or elimination by President not provided.

SEC. 406. Whenever, in carrying out the provisions of this title, the President concludes that any executive department or agency created by statute should be abolished and the functions thereof transferred to another executive department or agency or eliminated entirely the Report to Congress. authority granted in this title shall not apply, and he shall report his conclusions to Congress, with such recommendations as he may deem proper.

Disapproval of Executive order.

Orders to be transmitted to Congress during sessions.

Post, p. 1519.

Effective date.

Provisos. Congress adjourns.

proval.

Consolidations of certain activities without compliance herewith, authorized.

DISAPPROVAL OF EXECUTIVE ORDER

Sec. 407. Whenever the President makes an Executive order under the provisions of this title, such Executive order shall be transmitted to the Congress while in session and shall not become effective until after the expiration of sixty calendar days after such transmission, unless Congress shall sooner approve of such Executive order or orders by concurrent resolution, in which case said order or orders shall become effective as of the date of the adoption of the resolution: Status of order if Provided, That if Congress shall adjourn before the expiration of sixty calendar days from the date of such transmission such Executive order shall not become effective until after the expiration of sixty calendar days from the opening day of the next succeeding Resolution of disap. regular or special session: Provided further, That if either branch of Congress within such sixty calendar days shall pass a resolution disapproving of such Executive order, or any part thereof, such Executive order shall become null and void to the extent of such disapproval: Provided further, That in order to expedite the merging of certain activities, the President is authorized and requested to proceed, without the application of this section, with setting up consolidations of the following governmental activities: Public

Health (except that the provisions hereof shall not apply to hospitals now under the jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration), Personnel Administration, Education (except the Board of Vocational Education shall not be abolished), and Mexican Water and Boundary Commission, and to merge such activities, except those of a purely military nature, of the War and Navy Departments as, in his judgment, may be common to both and where the consolidation thereof in either one of the departments will effect economies in Federal expenditures, except that this section shall not apply to the United States Employees' Compensation Commission.

REPORT TO CONGRESS

Report to Congress.

Sec. 408. The President shall report specially to Congress at the beginning of each regular session any action taken under the provisions of this title, with the reasons therefor.

TITLE V-PARTICULAR CONSOLIDATIONS EFFECTED

Particular consolida-

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION AND STEAMBOAT INSPECTION

Sec. 501. The Secretary of Commerce is authorized and directed the Bureau of Navigation of the Department of Commerce in a and Steamboat Inspection.

Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection. bureau in such department to be known as the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection, to be under the direction of a chief of bureau who shall be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce.

Sec. 502. (a) The Secretary of Commerce is authorized and directed to transfer to the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection the records and property, including office equipment, of the Bureau of Navigation and the Steamboat Inspection Service.

(b) The Secretary of Commerce is authorized and directed to transfer to such bureau such officers and employees of the Bureau of personnel. Navigation and the Steamboat Inspection Service as in his judgment are indispensable to the efficient operation of such bureau. Such transfer of officers and employees shall be without changes in classification or compensation, but the Secretary may make such pay, etc. changes in the titles, designations, and duties of the officers and may be changed. employees transferred as he may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of sections 501 to 504, inclusive, of this title. The Secretary is authorized to dismiss such officers and employees of the Steamboat Inspection Service and the Bureau of Navigation as are not, in his judgment, indispensable to the efficient operation of the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection.

(c) The consolidation and coordination herein provided for shall be effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effected not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effect not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effect not later than October 1, 1932, and when the Secretary effect not later than October 1, 1932, and of Commerce declares such consolidation and coordination has been enected, the duties, powers, and functions vested in the Steamboat Powers, etc., trans-Inspection Service and the Bureau of Navigation shall be exercised bureaus abolished. effected, the duties, powers, and functions vested in the Steamboat by the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection, and the Steamboat Inspection Service and the Bureau of Navigation shall cease to exist.

Sec. 503. All proceedings, hearings, or investigations commenced or pending before the bureau and the service abolished shall be continued by the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection. All continued continued. orders, rules, regulations, permits, licenses, enrollments, registrations, and privileges which have been issued or granted by the bureau and the service abolished and which are in effect shall continue in effect until modified, superseded, revoked, or repealed. All rights, interests, or remedies accruing or to accrue out of any provision of law or

Department of Commerce.

Transfer of records

Transfer of necessary

Without changes in

Titles, duties, etc.,

Dismissals author-

Consolidation to be effected by October 1,

Pending cases, etc.

regulation relating to, or out of action taken by, the bureau and the service abolished shall be valid in all respects and may be exercised and enforced.

Use of appropriations

Sec. 504. Appropriations and unexpended balances of appropriations available for expenditure by the bureau and the service abolished shall be available for expenditure by the Bureau of Navigation and Steamboat Inspection in the same manner as if such bureau had been named in the laws providing for such appropriations, except that such parts of such appropriations and such unexpended balances as may not be absolutely necessary for the purposes of such bureau shall not be expended but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

TRANSFER OF PERSONNEL CLASSIFICATION BOARD TO CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Personnel Classifi-cation Board trans-ferred to Civil Service Commission. Vol. 42, p. 1489. Board, and position of director of classifi-cation abolished.

Transfer of records, ete

Necessary personnel transferred, others dis-

Transfers without classification or changes.

Designations, duties, etc., may be changed.

Existing orders, etc., effective until modified, etc.

Authority, etc., transferred.

Use of appropriations

Sec. 505. The duties, powers, and functions of the Personnel Classification Board are hereby transferred to the Civil Service Commission; and

(a) the Personnel Classification Board, and the position of director of classification, are hereby abolished;

(b) all records and property, including office furniture and equipment, of the Board, are hereby transferred to the Civil Service Commission; and

(c) such of the officers and employees of the Board, as in the judgment of the Civil Service Commission, are indispensable to the efficient operation of the commission, are hereby transferred to such commission, and all other officers and employees of such Board shall be dismissed.

Sec. 506. Any transfer of officers or employees under section 505 shall be without changes in classification or compensation, but the Civil Service Commission is authorized to make such changes in the titles, designations, and duties of such officers and employees as may be deemed necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 505 to 508, inclusive, of this title.

Sec. 507. (a) All orders, determinations, rules, or regulations made or issued by the Personnel Classification Board, and in effect at the time of such transfer, shall continue in effect to the same extent as if such transfer had not been made, until modified, superseded, or repealed by the Civil Service Commission.

(b) All provisions of law relating to the Personnel Classification Board and the director of classification shall continue in force with respect to the Civil Service Commission, in so far as such provisions of law are not inconsistent with the provisions of section 505 or 506.

Sec. 508. Such parts of appropriations and unexpended balances of appropriations available for expenditure by the Personnel Classification Board as the Civil Service Commission deems necessary shall be available for expenditure by the Civil Service Commission in the same manner as if such commission had been named in the laws providing for such appropriations, and the remainder of such appropriations and such unexpended balances shall not be expended but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury.

Sec. 509. The provisions of sections 505, 506, 507, and 508 shall become effective October 1, 1932.

date designated sections.

Effective

INTERNATIONAL WATER COMMISSION ABOLISHED

SEC. 510. The International Water Commission, United States and Commission abolished; Mexico, American Section, is hereby abolished. The powers, duties, functions transferred. and functions of such section of such commission shall be exercised by the International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, American Section. This section shall take effect July 1, 1932.

TRANSFER OF RADIO DIVISION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF THE DE

SEC. 511. The President is authorized, by Executive order, to Executive Order transfer the duties, powers, and functions of the Radio Division of Numbered 5892, a proved July 20, 1932. the Department of Commerce to the Federal Radio Commission, and upon the issuance of such order-

(a) the Radio Division shall be abolished:

Radio Division abolished Transfer of records.

(b) all records and property, including office furniture and equipment, of the division, shall be transferred to the Federal Radio Commission; and

(c) such of the officers and employees of the division, as, in the transferred. Necessary personnel judgment of the President, are indispensable to the efficient operation of the Federal Radio Commission, shall be transferred to such commission and all officers and employees of the division and commission not indispensable to the service shall be dismissed.

Others to be dismissed. Transfers without

Sec. 512. Any transfer of officers or employees under section 511 classification or pay shall be without changes in classification or compensation, but the changes. President is authorized to make such changes in the titles, designations, and duties of such officers and employees as he may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of sections 511 to 514, inclusive, of this title.

Changes authorized.

Sec. 513. (a) All orders, determinations, rules, or regulations made effective until modior issued by the Department of Commerce in respect of the Radio fied, etc. Division, or by the Radio Division, and in effect at the time of such transfer, shall continue in effect to the same extent as if such transfer had not been made, until modified, superseded, or repealed by the Federal Radio Commission.

(b) All provisions of law relating to the Radio Division shall transferred. continue in force with respect to the Federal Radio Commission, in so far as such provisions of law are not inconsistent with the provisions of section 511 or 512.

Sec. 514. Such parts of appropriations and unexpended balances tions. of appropriations available for expenditure by the Radio Division as the President deems necessary shall be available for expenditure by the Federal Radio Commission in the same manner as if such commission had been named in the laws providing for such appropriations, and the remainder of such appropriations and such unexpended balances shall not be expended but shall be impounded ances covered in. and returned to the Treasury.

of appropria-

Unexpended bal-

TITLE VI-INTERDEPARTMENTAL WORK

Interdepartmental

Sec. 601. Section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act making appro-SEC. 601. Section 7 of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for fortifications and other works of defense, for the armachasing stores, etc., by
bureau or department ment thereof, and for the procurement of heavy ordnance for trial from another, modi-and service, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, and for other vol. 41, p. 613; U. S. purposes ", approved May 21, 1920 [U. S. C., title 31, sec. 686], is C., p. 1021. amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 7. (a) Any executive department or independent establishment of the Government, or any bureau or office thereof, if funds Orders may be so placed if in public interest.

Payment therefor.

Adjustments.

Proviso. by private Work agencies.

Credit of receipts. Other payments.

Use of.

Supplies, etc., fur-nished from stocks on

Orders considered obligations.

Advance payments.

Disposition of funds transferred prior

Convict labor, materials, etc.

Foregoing provisions considered additions to existing laws.

are available therefor and if it is determined by the head of such executive department, establishment, bureau, or office to be in the interest of the Government so to do, may place orders with any other such department, establishment, bureau, or office for materials, supplies, equipment, work, or services, of any kind that such requisitioned Federal agency may be in a position to supply or equipped to render, and shall pay promptly by check to such Federal agency as may be requisitioned, upon its written request, either in advance or upon the furnishing or performance thereof, all or part of the estimated or actual cost thereof as determined by such department, establishment, bureau, or office as may be requisitioned; but proper adjustments on the basis of the actual cost of the materials, supplies, or equipment furnished, or work or services performed, paid for in advance, shall be made as may be agreed upon by the departments, establishments, bureaus, or offices concerned: Provided, however, That if such work or services can be as conveniently or more cheaply performed by private agencies such work shall be let by competitive bids to such private agencies. Bills rendered, or requests for advance payments made, pursuant to any such order, shall not be subject to audit or certification in advance of payment.

"(b) Amounts paid as provided in subsection (a) shall be cred-Advance payments ited, (1) in the case of advance payments, to special working funds, or (2) in the case of payments other than advance payments, to the appropriations or funds against which charges have been made pursuant to any such order, except as hereinafter provided. The Secre-Special working tary of the Treasury shall establish such special working funds as funds established. may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection. Such amounts paid shall be available for expenditure in furnishing the materials, supplies, or equipment, or in performing the work or services, or for the objects specified in such appropriations or funds. Where materials, supplies, or equipment are furnished from stocks on hand, the amounts received in payment therefor shall be credited to appropriations or funds, as may be authorized by other law, or, Disposition of re- if not so authorized, so as to be available to replace the materials, supplies, or equipment, except that where the head of any such department, establishment, bureau, or office determines that such replacement is not necessary the amounts paid shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

"(c) Orders placed as provided in subsection (a) shall be considered as obligations upon appropriations in the same manner as orders or contracts placed with private contractors. Advance payments credited to a special working fund shall remain available until expended."

Sec. 602. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of this title, such section 7, as in force prior to the date of the enactment of this Act, shall remain in force with respect to the disposition of funds transferred thereunder prior to such date.

(b) Nothing in this title shall be construed to authorize any Government department or independent establishment, or any bureau or office thereof, to place any orders for material, supplies, equipment, work, or services to be furnished or performed by convict labor, except as otherwise provided by existing law.

(c) The provisions of this title are in addition to and not in substitution for the provisions of any other law relating to working funds.

TITLE VII—PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO VETERANS

Provisions applicable

SEC. 701. There is hereby created a joint congressional committee committee on veterans' which shall be composed of five Members of the Senate, to be relief created. appointed by the President of the Senate, and five Members of the etc. Appointment, duties, House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Such committee shall conduct a thorough investigation of the operation of the laws and regulations relating to the relief of veterans of all wars and persons receiving benefits on account of service of such veterans and report a national policy with respect to such veterans and their dependents, and shall also Economic ommended. report and recommend such economies as will lessen the cost to the United States Government of the Veterans' Administration. committee shall report to the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than the 1st of January, 1933, the results of its investigation, together with such recommendations for legislation as it deems advisable.

Economies to be rec-

Date of report.

Post, p. 752.

Clerical assistance.

Service committee

The committee is authorized to sit and act, whether or not the meetings, gather infor-Senate or House of Representatives is in session, at such times and mation, etc. places as it may deem advisable, and to call upon various departments of the Government for such information and for such clerical assistance as may be necessary, using the services of employees on the Government 1 pay roll, and also to call upon and use the clerks of the clerks. Committee on World War Veterans' Legislation, the Committee on Pensions, and the Committee on Invalid Pensions, of the House of Representatives; and the clerk of the Committee on Pensions of the Senate.

TITLE VIII—SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Special provisions.

SEPARABILITY CLAUSE

Separability clause.

SEC. 801. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof provision not to affect to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of the remainder of Act. Act, and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

SUSPENSIONS AND REPEALS

Suspensions and repeals.

Sec. 802. All Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent or in conflict Suspension Acts. with those provisions of this Act which are of temporary duration are hereby suspended during the period in which such provisions of this Act are in effect. All Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent or Repeal of provisions, in conflict with those provisions of this Act which are of permanent nature are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency or conflict.

Suspensions of con-

Repeal of permanent

PROVISIONS OF PART 2 APPLICABLE TO APPROPRIATION ACTS FOR FISCAL **YEAR 1933**

Sec. 803. The provisions of Part 2 herein are hereby made appli- Provisions of Part 2 applicable to approcable to the appropriations available for the fiscal year 1933, whether priations available for the fiscal year 1933, whether priations available for the fiscal year 1933. contained in this Act or in Acts prior or subsequent to the date of the approval of this Act.

Provisions of Part 2

Approved, June 30, 1932.

¹ So in original.

ICHAPTER 315.1

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 7238.] [Public, No. 213.]

To amend section 5 of the Suits in Admiralty Act, approved March 9, 1920.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Suits in Admiralty United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Suits Act, amendment. Vol. 41, p. 525. U. S. C., p. 1527.

U. S. C., p. 1527.

Suits in Admiralty United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Suits in Admiralty Act (41 Stat. 525; U. S. C., title 46, secs. 741–745), approved March 9, 1920 is amended to read as follows:

Time limit for suits. If on causes arising prior hereto. Others.

approved March 9, 1920, is amended to read as follows: Sec. 5. That suits as herein authorized may be brought only on

Suits brought before January 6, 1930, etc., when not heard on merits.

causes of action arising since April 6, 1917: Provided, That suits based on causes of action arising prior to the taking effect of this Act shall be brought within one year after this Act goes into effect 1; and all other suits hereunder shall be brought within two years after the cause of action arises: Provided further, That the limitations in this section contained for the commencement of suits hereunder shall not bar any suit against the United States or the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation, formerly known as the United States Shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation, brought hereunder on or before December 31, 1932, if such suit is based upon a cause of action whereon a prior suit in admiralty or Vol. 24, p. 505; vol. an action at law or an action under the Tucker Act of March 3, 36, p. 1136. 1887 (24 Stat. 505; U. S. C., title 28, sec. 250, subdiv. 1), was commenced prior to January 6, 1930, and was or may hereafter be dismissed because not commenced within the time or in the manner prescribed in this Act, or otherwise not commenced or prosecuted Commencement in accordance with its provisions: Provided further, That such prior suit must have been commenced within the statutory period of limitation for common-law actions against the United States cognizable in the Court of Claims: Provided further, That there shall not be revived hereby any suit at law, in admiralty, or under the Tucker Act heretofore or hereafter dismissed for lack of prosecution after filing of suit: And provided further, That no interest shall be allowed on any claim prior to the time when suit on such claim is brought as authorized hereunder."

U. S. C., p. 897.

within statutory period required.

Dismissal for lack of prosecution.

Interest on claims.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 316.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 8031.] [Public, No. 214.]

To provide for expenses of the Crow and Fort Peck Indian Tribal Councils and authorized delegates of such tribes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Crow Indians. Expenses of tribal United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to expend \$5,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, of the funds standing to the credit of the Crow Indians in the Treasury of the United States for expenses of the Crow Indian Tribal Council and authorized delegates of the tribe.

Fort Peck Indians. Expenses of tribal conneil.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is further authorized to expend \$5,000, or as much thereof as may be necessary, of the funds standing to the credit of the Fort Peck Indians in the Treasury of the United States for expenses of the Fort Peck Indian Tribal Council and authorized delegates of the tribe

Approved, June 30, 1932.

¹ So in original.

[CHAPTER 317.]

AN ACT

Amending the Act of May 25, 1918, with reference to employing farmers in the Indian Service, and for other purposes.

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 10161.] [Public, No. 215.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provi-United States of America in Congress accounts, which requires exist sions in the Act of May 25, 1918 (40 Stat. L. 565), which requires ers in. any farmer or expert farmer at a salary of or in excess of \$50 per month, unless he shall first have procured and filed with the Commissioner of Indian Affairs a certificate of competency showing that he is a farmer of actual experience and qualified to instruct others in the art of practical agriculture, such certificate to be certified and issued to him by the president or dean of the State agricultural college of the State in which his services are to be rendered, or by the president or dean of the State agricultural college of an adjoining State," be and the same is hereby, repealed.

pealed.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 318.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 11452.] [Public, No. 216.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following and naval service apsums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not other-propriations, fiscal year sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, namely:

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

PAY, MISCELLANEOUS

Naval Establish-

Secretary's office.

Pay, miscellaneous.

Expenses designated.

Attendance at meet-

Experts.

For commissions and interest; transportation of funds, including the cost of insurance on shipments of money by registered mail when necessary; exchange; for traveling expenses of civilian employees, including not to exceed \$1,500 for the expenses of attendance, at ings. home and abroad, upon meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other similar organizations when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the Navy Department; not to exceed \$2,000 for the part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of such experts and at such rates of compensation as may be contracted for by and in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy; actual expenses of officers and midshipmen while on shorepatrol duty, including the hire of automobiles when necessary for the use of shore-patrol detachments; hire of launches or other small boats in Asiatic waters; for rent of buildings and offices not in navy yards; expenses of courts-martial, including law and reference books, prisoners and prisons, and courts of inquiry, boards of inspection, examining boards, with clerks, and witnesses' fees, and traveling expenses and costs; expenses of naval districts; not to exceed \$15,000 for promoting accident prevention and safety for civilian employees in shore establishments of the Navy, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy; stationery and recording; religious

Advertising, etc.

books; newspapers and periodicals for the naval service; all advertising of the Navy Department and its bureaus (except advertising for recruits for the Bureau of Navigation); copying; ferriage, tolls; cost of suits; relief of vessels in distress; recovery of valuables from shipwrecks; quarantine expenses; reports; professional investigation; cost of special instruction at home in other than civil government and literature, and cost of special instruction abroad, including maintenance of students and attachés, and not to exceed \$9,750 for allow-Living quarters, etc. Vol. 46, p. 818.

U. S. C., Supp. V, by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 5, sec. Information from 118a); information from abroad and at home, and the collection and classification thereof; all charges pertaining to the Navy Department and its bureaus for ice for the cooling of drinking water on shore (except at naval hospitals), and not to exceed \$175,000 for telephone rentals and tolls, telegrams and cablegrams; postage, foreign and domestic, and post-office box rentals; for necessary Interned prisoners of expenses for interned persons and prisoners of war under the jurisdiction of Navy Department, including funeral expenses for such interned persons or prisoners of war as may die while under such jurisdiction, and for payment of claims for damages as provided in the Act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year 1920, approved July 11, 1919 (U.S. C., title 34, sec. 600); and other necessary and incidental expenses; in all, \$1,450,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the expense of any naval district in which there may be an active navy yard, naval training station, or naval operating base, unless the commandant of the naval district shall be also the commandant of one of such establishments: Provided further, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$530,000.

war, etc.

Damage claims. Vol. 41, p. 132. U. S. C., p. 1127. Provisos. Restriction on use in certain naval districts.

Group IV (b) employees, etc.

CONTINGENT, NAVY

Contingent, Navy.

For all emergencies and extraordinary expenses, exclusive of personal services in the Navy Department or any of its subordinate bureaus or offices at Washington, District of Columbia, arising at home or abroad, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, to be expended on the approval and authority of the Secretary of the Navy, and for such purposes as he may deem proper, and for examination of estimates for appropriations and of naval activities in the field for any branch of the naval service, \$15,000.

State Marine Schools.

STATE MARINE SCHOOLS, ACT MARCH 4, 1911

Reimbursing California, Massachusetts, New York, and Penn-sylvania for expenses.

Vol. 36, p. 1353. U. S. C., p. 1150.

To reimburse the State of California, \$25,000; the State of Massachusetts, \$25,000; the State of New York, \$25,000; and the State of Pennsylvania, \$25,000, for expenses incurred in the maintenance and support of marine schools in such States as provided in the Act authorizing the establishment of marine schools, and so forth, approved March 4, 1911 (U. S. C., title 34, sec. 1121), and for the maintenance and repair of the particular vessels loaned by the United States to the said States on the date of the approval of this Act for use in connection with such State Marine Schools, \$117,600; in all, \$217,600.

CARE OF LEPERS, AND SO FORTH, ISLAND OF GUAM

Lepers, etc.

Naval station, island of Guam: For maintenance and care of P.I. care, etc., Culion, lepers, special patients, and for other purposes, including cost of transfer of lepers from Guam to the island of Culion, in the Philippines, and their maintenance, \$20,000; for educational purposes, \$15,000; in all, \$35,000.

NAVAL RESEARCH LABORATORY

Research laboratory. Work of, for naval

For laboratory and research work and other necessary work of service. the naval research laboratory for the benefit of the naval service, including operation and maintenance of a laboratory, additions to equipment necessary properly to carry on work in hand, maintenance of buildings and grounds, temporary employment of such scientific civilian assistants as may become necessary, and subscriptions to technical periodicals, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, \$213,000: Provided, That \$20,000 of this appropriation shall be available for the temporary employment of civilian ment of scientists, etc. scientists and technicists required on special problems: Provided further, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for Group IV (b) and those performing similar ployees. services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$95,000, in addition to the amount authorized by the preceding proviso.

Provisos.

OPERATION AND CONSERVATION OF THE NAVAL PETROLEUM RESERVES

Naval petroleum re-

Conservation, etc. Vol. 41, p. 813. U. S. C., p. 1122.

To enable the Secretary of the Navy to carry out the provisions contained in the Act approved June 4, 1920 (U.S. C., title 34, sec. 524), requiring him to conserve, develop, use and operate the naval petroleum reserves, \$80,000, of which amount not to exceed \$15,000 shall be available for employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department and of which \$5,000 shall be available exclusively for repairs to shut-in wells, Naval Petroleum, Reserve Numbered 3: Provided, That out of any sums appropriated for naval purposes by this Act any portion thereof, not to exceed No. I. \$10,000,000, shall be available to enable the Secretary of the Navy to protect Naval Petroleum Reserve Numbered 1, established by Executive order of September 2, 1912, pursuant to the Act of June 25, 1910 (U. S. C., title 43, secs. 141-143), by drilling wells and performing any work incident thereto, of which amount not to exceed \$100,000 shall be available for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department: Provided further, That no part of adjoining owner not of the sum made available for the protection of this property shall to drill offset wells. be expended if a satisfactory agreement can be made with adjoining landowners to not drill offset wells for the purpose of producing oil.

Provisos. Work on Reserve

Vol. 36, p. 847, U. S. C., p. 1333,

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Bureau of Naviga-

RECREATION FOR ENLISTED MEN, NAVY

For the recreation, amusement, comfort, contentment, and health listed men. of the Navy, including subscriptions to newspapers, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Navy, under such regulations

Recreation for en-

tions.

Provisos.
Limit on sum for as he may prescribe, \$368,000: Provided, That the sum to be paid out Group IV (b) em of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, exclusive of temporary services, Acceptance of dona- shall not exceed \$36,000: Provided further, That hereafter the Secons and contriburetary of the Navy is authorized to accept donations and contributions from organizations, individuals, or others, for use in providing recreation, amusement, and contentment of enlisted men; such donations to be credited to "Ships' Stores Profits, Navy."

CONTINGENT, BUREAU OF NAVIGATION .

Contingent.

For continuous-service certificates, commissions, warrants, diplomas, discharges, good-conduct badges, and medals for men and boys; purchase of gymnastic apparatus; transportation of effects of deceased officers, nurses, and enlisted men of the Navy, and of officers and men of the Naval Reserve who die while on duty; books for training apprentice seamen and landsmen, packing boxes and materials; books and models; stationery; and other contingent expenses and emergencies arising under cognizance of the Bureau of Navigation, unforeseen and impossible to classify, \$9,000.

Gunnery and engi-neering exercises.

GUNNERY AND ENGINEERING EXERCISES, BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Badges, ranges, etc.

For trophies and badges for excellence in gunnery, target practice, engineering exercises, and for economy in fuel consumption to be awarded under such rules as the Secretary of the Navy may formulate; for the purpose of recording, classifying, compiling, and publishing the rules and results; for the establishment and maintenance of shooting galleries, target houses, targets, and ranges; for hiring established ranges, and for transporting equipment to and from ranges; entrance fees in matches for the rifle team, and special equipment therefor, \$42,750.

INSTRUMENTS AND SUPPLIES, BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Equipment supplies,

For supplies for seamen's quarters; and for the purchase of all other articles of equipage at home and abroad; and for the payment of labor in equipping vessels therewith and manufacture of such articles in the several navy yards; all pilotage and towage of ships of war; canal tolls, wharfage, dock and port charges, and other necessary incidental expenses of a similar nature; services and materials in repairing, correcting, adjusting, and testing compasses on shore and on board ship; nautical and astronomical instruments and repairs to same; libraries for ships of war, professional books, schoolbooks, and papers; maintenance of gunnery and other training classes; compasses, compass fittings, including binnacles, tripods, and other appendages of ship's compasses; logs and other appliances for measuring the ship's way and leads and other appliances for sounding; photographs, photographic instruments and materials, printing outfit and materials; music and musical instruments; and for the necessary civilian electricians for gyrocompass testing and inspection; in all, \$533,243: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$33,460.

Proviso. Limit on Group IV sum for (b)

OCEAN AND LAKE SURVEYS, BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

For hydrographic surveys, including the pay of the necessary ocean and lake surhydrographic surveyors, cartographic draftsmen, and recorders, and for the purchase of nautical books, charts, and sailing directions, tion for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing Group IV similar services carried under native and alien schoolular in the playees \$65,000: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriasimilar services carried under native and alien schedules in the ployees. Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$27,000.

sum for (b) em-

NAVAL TRAINING STATIONS, BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Training stations.

For maintenance, including labor and material, heat, light, water, general care, repairs, and improvements; school books; and all other incidental expenses for the naval training stations that follow:

Maintenance, etc.

San Diego, California, \$160,200; Newport, Rhode Island, \$202,000; Great Lakes, Illinois, \$245,000; Hampton Roads, Virginia, \$225,000:

going sums for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those Group IV (b) emperforming similar services carried under native and alien sched-ployees. Provided, That the amount to be paid out of each of the foreules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed for San Diego, \$7,500; for Newport, \$10,000; for Great Lakes, \$14,500; and for Hampton Roads, \$5,500.

NAVAL RESERVE

enlisted men of the Naval Reserve when employed on authorized

Naval Reserve.

For expenses of organizing, administering, and recruiting the ing, etc., expenses of, Naval Reserve and Naval Militia; pay and allowances of officers and Militia.

training duty; mileage for officers while traveling under orders to and from training duty; transportation of enlisted men to and from training duty, and subsistence and transfers en route, or cash in lieu thereof; subsistence of enlisted men during the actual period of training duty; subsistence of officers and enlisted men of the Fleet subsistence. Naval Reserve while performing authorized training or other duty without pay; pay, mileage, and allowances of officers of the Naval Reserve and pay, allowances, and subsistence of enlisted men of the Naval Reserve when ordered to active duty in connection with the instruction, training, and drilling of the Naval Reserve; pay of officers and enlisted men of the Fleet Naval Reserve for the performance of not to exceed forty-eight drills per annum or other equivalent instruction or duty, or appropriate duties, and administrative duties, exclusive, however, of pay, allowances, or other expenses on account of members of any class of the Naval Reserve incident to their being given flight training unless, as a condition precedent, they shall have been found by such agency as the Secretary of the Navy may designate physically and psychologically qualified to serve as pilots of naval aircraft, \$3,077,686, of which amount not

more than \$150,000 shall be available for maintenance and rental

not more than \$81,000 shall be available for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department; not less than \$575,079 shall be available, in addition to other appropriations, for

aviation material, equipment, fuel, and rental of hangars, and not more than \$336,375 shall be available, in addition to other appropria-

Fleet Naval Reserve.

Pay, etc.

Flight training.

of armories, including pay of necessary janitors, and for wharfage; etc. Armories, wharfage,

Hangars.

Proviso Flying pay restrictions

tions, for fuel and the transportation thereof, and for all other expenses in connection with the maintenance, operation, repair, and upkeep of vessels assigned for training the Naval Reserve: Provided. That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available to pay more than one officer of the Naval Reserve and one officer of the Marine Corps Reserve above the grade of lieutenant or captain, respectively, the pay and allowances of their grade for the performance of active duty other than the performance of drills or other equivalent instruction or duty, or appropriate duties, and/or the performance of fifteen days' active training duty, and other officers above such grades employed on such class of active duty shall not be entitled to or be paid a greater rate of pay and allowances than authorized by law for a lieutenant of the Navy or a captain of the Marine Corps entitled to not exceeding ten years' longevity pay.

Naval Reserve Offi-cers' Training Corps.

NAVAL RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

For the procurement, maintenance, and issue, under such regula-

Procuring supplies, etc., for units of.

tions as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, to institutions at which one or more units of the Naval Reserve Officers'

Expenses of training camps and ship schools.

Commutation of travel allowance

Subsistence commutation to senior division.

Medical, etc., treat-

Burial expenses, etc.

Provisos training cruises, etc.

Appointments as en-

Training Corps are established, of such means of transportation, books, supplies, tentage, equipment, and uniforms as he may deem necessary, and all other miscellaneous items, including cleaning and laundering of uniforms and clothing at camps or on board ship; and to pay commutation in lieu of uniforms at a rate to be fixed annually by the Secretary of the Navy; for transporting supplies and equipment from place of issue to the several institutions, training camps, and ships and return of same to place of issue when necessary; for the establishment and maintenance of camps of instruction, and schools on ships for the further practical instruction of members of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and for transporting members of such corps to and from camps, ships, or other designated places of instruction, and to subsist them while traveling to and from such camps or ships and while remaining therein so far as appropriations will permit or, in lieu of transporting them to and from such camps or ships and subsisting them while en route, to pay them travel allowance at the rate of 5 cents per mile for the distance by the shortest usually traveled route from the places from which they are authorized to proceed to the camp or ship and for the return journey thereto, and to pay the return travel pay in advance of the actual performance of the travel; for pay of students attending advanced camps or advanced schools on ships at the rate prescribed for enlisted men of the seventh pay grade; for the payment of commutation of subsistence to members of the senior division of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps, at a rate not exceeding the cost of the commuted ration of the Navy; for medical and hospital treatment, subsistence until furnished transportation, and transportation when fit for travel to their homes of members of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps injured in line of duty while at camps of instruction or on ships; and for the cost of preparation and transportation to their homes and burial expenses of the remains of the members of the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps who die while attending camps of instruction or on ships; and for the cost of maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled pas-Provises. Restriction on senger-carrying vehicles, \$90,085: Provided, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for mileage, pay, or subsistence incident to training or practice cruises of members of the Appointments as ensigns in Naval Reserve. Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps, but members of such Corps denied such cruises in consequence hereof shall not be refused appointments as ensigns in the Naval Reserve by reason thereof:

Provided further, That uniforms and other equipment or material issued to the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps in accordance with law may be furnished from surplus or reserve stocks of the Navy without payment from this appropriation, except for actual expenses incurred in the manufacture or issue: Provided further, That in no case shall the amount paid from this appropriation for uniforms, equipment, or material furnished to the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps from stocks under the control of the Navy be in excess of the price current at the time the issue is made.

Uniforms, etc.

Price limitations.

NAVAL WAR COLLEGE, BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Naval War College.

Maintenance

For maintenance of the Naval War College on Coasters Harbor Island, including care of grounds, \$100,000; services of a professor of international law, \$2,000; services of civilian lecturers, rendered at the War College, \$2,000; care and preservation of the library, including the purchase, binding, and repair of books of reference and periodicals, including subscriptions to newspapers, \$5,000; for contingencies of the president of the Naval War College, to be expended in his discretion, not exceeding \$1,000; in all, \$110,000: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to group IV (b) and those performing similar Group IV (b) employ-services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule ees. of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$73,000.

NAVAL HOME, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA

Naval home

For pay of employees, \$86,525: Provided, That the sum to be paid Personal services. Provise out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) Limit on sum for Group IV (b) employees assigned to Group IV (b) employees as a group IV (b) employees a group IV (and those performing similar services carried under native and alien ees. schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$15,000;

Maintenance.

Maintenance: For water rent, heating, and lighting; cemetery, burial expenses, and headstones; general care and improvements of grounds, buildings, walls, and fences; repairs to power-plant equipment, implements, tools, and furniture, and purchase of the same; music in chapel and entertainments for beneficiaries; stationery, books, and periodicals; transportation of indigent and destitute beneficiaries to the Naval Home, and of sick and insane beneficiaries, their attendants and necessary subsistence for both, to and from other Government hospitals; employment of such beneficiaries in and about the Naval Home as may be authorized by the Secretary of the Navy, on the recommendation of the governor; support of beneficiaries and all other contingent expenses, including the maintenance. repair, and operation of two motor-propelled vehicles, and one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, to be used only for official purposes, \$98,475;

In all, Naval Home, \$185,000, which sum shall be paid out of the pension fund. income from the naval pension fund.

BUREAU OF ENGINEERING

Bureau of Engineer-

ENGINEERING

For repairs, preservation, and renewal of machinery, auxiliary machinery. Engineering repairs, machinery, and boilers of naval vessels, yard craft, and ships' boats, distilling and refrigerating apparatus; repairs, preservation, and renewals of electric interior and exterior signal communications and all electrical appliances of whatsoever nature on board naval vessels,

except range finders, battle order and range transmitters and

indicators, and motors and their controlling apparatus used to operate machinery belonging to other bureaus; searchlights and fire-control equipments for antiaircraft defense at shore stations; Equipment, supplies. maintenance and operation of coast signal service; equipage, supplies, and materials under the cognizance of the bureau required for the maintenance and operation of naval vessels, yard craft, and ships' boats; purchase, installation, repair, and preservation of machinery, tools, and appliances in navy yards and stations, accident prevention, pay of classified field force under the bureau; incidental expenses for naval vessels, navy yards, and stations, inspectors' offices, the engineering experiment station, such as photographing, technical books and periodicals, stationery, and instruments; services, instruments, machines and auxiliaries, apparatus, and supplies, and technical books and periodicals necessary to carry on experimental and research work; maintenance and equipment of buildings and grounds at the engineering experiment station, Annapolis, Maryland; payment of part time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding \$20 per diem for any person so employed; in all, \$18,030,000, of which \$250,000 shall be available exclusively for the procurement and installation of new tools and transfers from naval machinery for shops under the cognizance of the Bureaus of Engisupply fund.

neering and Construction and Repair, and \$90,000 shall be available neering and Construction and Repair, and \$90,000 shall be available exclusively to continue in effect for an additional period of eighteen License agreement months the license agreement entered into by the Navy Department, concerning radio con- May 2, 1931, for the reconfiguration of contents of contents and additional period of eighteen May 2, 1931, for the use of certain inventions pertaining to radio control, and the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to enter into contract for purchase of the patents covered by this license agreement, subject to appropriations therefor: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$1,850,000.

New tools and mach-

Annapolis, Md., engi-neering experiment sta-

tion

Proviso. Limit on sum for Group IV (b) employ-

Bureau of Construction and Repair.

Construction and repair of vessels.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR

For preservation and completion of vessels on the stocks and in ordinary; purchase of materials and stores of all kinds; steam steerers, steam capstans, steam windlasses, and all other auxiliaries; labor in navy yards and on foreign stations; accident prevention; purchase of machinery and tools for use in shops; carrying on work of experimental model tank and wind tunnel; designing naval vessels; construction and repair of yard craft, lighters, and barges; wear, tear, and repair of vessels afloat; general care and protection of the Navy in the line of construction and repair; incidental expenses for vessels and navy yards, inspectors' offices, such as photographing, books, professional magazines, plans, stationery, and instruments for drafting room, and for pay of classified field force under the bureau; services, instruments and apparatus, supplies, and technical books and periodicals necessary to carry on experimental and research work; for payment of part time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding \$20 per diem for any person so employed; for the difference between inactive and active duty pay and allowances of members of the Fleet Naval Reserve

transferred thereto after twenty years' naval service who may be employed as shipkeepers under the cognizance of the Bureau of Construction and Repair; for hemp, wire, iron, and other materials for the manufacture of cordage, anchors, cables, galleys, and chains; specifications for purchase thereof shall be so prepared as shall give fair and free competition; canvas for the manufacture of sails, awnings, hammocks, and other work; interior appliances and tools for manufacturing purposes in navy yards and naval stations; and for the purchase of all other articles or equipage at home and abroad; and for the payment of labor in equipping vessels therewith and manufacture of such articles in the several navy yards; naval signals and apparatus, other than electric, namely, signals, lights, lanterns, running lights, and lamps and their appendages for general use on board ship for illuminating purposes; and oil and candles used in connection therewith; bunting and other material for making and repairing flags of all kinds; for all permanent galley fittings and equipage; rugs, carpets, curtains, and hangings on board naval vessels, \$15,821,000, of which \$250,000 shall be available exclusively for the procurement and installation of new tools and machinery for shops under the cognizance of the Bureaus of Construction and Repair and Engineering: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar residues assigned to Group IV (b) employ-Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedules of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$2,160,000.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE

Bureau of Ordnance.

ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES, BUREAU OF ORDNANCE

For procuring, producing, preserving, and handling ordnance nance and ordnance material, for the armament of ships; for the purchase and manufac-stores. ture of torpedoes and appliances; for the purchase and manufacture of smokeless powder; for fuel, material, and labor to be used in the general work under the cognizance of the Bureau of Ordnance; for furniture at naval ammunition depots, torpedo stations, naval ordnance plants, and proving grounds; for technical books; plant appliances as now defined by the "Navy Classification of Accounts"; for machinery and machine tools; for accident prevention; for experimental work in connection with the development of ordnance material for the Navy; for maintenance of proving grounds, powder factory, torpedo stations, gun factory, ammunition depots, and naval ordnance plants, and for target practice; not to exceed \$15,000 for minor improvements to buildings, grounds, and appurtenances of a character which can be performed by regular station labor; for payment of part time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of the Navy in his discretion at a rate of pay not exceding \$20 per diem for any person so employed; for the maintenance, repair, and operation of horse-drawn and motorpropelled freight and passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes at naval ammunition depots, naval proving grounds, naval ordnance plants, and naval torpedo stations; for the pay of chemists, clerical, drafting, inspection, and messenger service in navy yards, naval stations, naval ordnance plants, and naval ammunition depots, and for care and operation of schools at ordnance stations at Indianhead, Maryland, Dahlgren, Virginia, and

Proviso.
Limit on sum for Group IV (b) employ-

South Charleston, West Virginia, \$11,271,000: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$1,262,500.

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

PAY, SUBSISTENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION OF NAVAL PERSONNEL

Pay, etc., of the Navy. Officers. Pay, rental, subsistence allowances.

Proviso.
Excess officers to be carried.

Aerial flights by nonflying officers.

Retired.

Hire of quarters.

Enlisted men.

Outfits, etc.

Clothing.

Reimbursements, etc.

Pay of naval personnel: For pay and allowances prescribed by law of officers on sea duty and other duty, and officers on waiting orders (not to exceed nine hundred and eight officers of the Medical Corps, one hundred and eighty-six officers of the Dental Corps, five hundred and fifty-six officers of the Supply Corps, eighty-three officers of the Chaplain Corps, two hundred and thirty-three officers of the Construction Corps, one hundred and nine officers of the Civil Engineer Corps, and one thousand four hundred and sixty-one warrant and commissioned warrant officers: Provided, That if the number of warrant and commissioned warrant officers and officers in any staff corps holding commission on July 1, 1932, is in excess of the number herein stipulated, such excess officers may be retained in the Navy until the number is reduced to the limitations imposed by this Act), pay—\$31,479,106, including not to exceed \$1,157,535 (none of which shall be available for increased pay for making aerial flights by non-flying officers or observers except eight officers above the grade of lieutenant commander, to be selected by the Secretary of the Navy) for increased pay for making aerial flights; rental allowance, \$6,098,515; subsistence allowance, \$3,705,180; in all, \$41,282,801; officers on the retired list, \$5,800,410; for hire of quarters for officers serving with troops where there are no public quarters belonging to the Government, and where there are not sufficient quarters possessed by the United States to accommodate them, and hire of quarters for officers and enlisted men on sea duty at such times as they may be deprived of their quarters on board ship due to repairs or other conditions which may render them uninhabitable, \$3,000; pay of enlisted men on the retired list, \$4,419,910; extra pay to men reenlisting after being honorably discharged, \$2,480,225; interest on deposits by men, \$3,000; pay of petty officers (not to exceed an average of five thousand nine hundred and ten chief petty officers and an average of eight hundred and fifty chief petty officers under acting appointment), seamen, landsmen, and apprentice seamen, including men in the engineer's force and men detailed for duty with the Fish Commission, enlisted men, men in trade schools, pay of enlisted men of the Hospital Corps, extra pay for men for diving, and cash prizes (not to exceed \$71,500) for men for excellence in gunnery, target practice, and engineering competitions, \$63,729,756, and, in addition, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed, upon request of the Secretary of the Navy, to make transfers during the fiscal year 1933 from the clothing and small stores fund to this appropriation of sums aggregating not to exceed \$2,750,000; outfits for all enlisted men and apprentice seamen of the Navy on first enlistment at not to exceed \$100 each, civilian clothing not to exceed \$15 per man to men given discharges for bad conduct or undesirability or inaptitude, reimbursement in kind of clothing to persons in the Navy for losses in cases of marine or aircraft disasters or in the operation of water or air borne craft, and the authorized issue of clothing and equipment to the members of the Nurse Corps, \$1,409,449; pay of

enlisted men undergoing sentence of court-martial, \$134,596, and as many machinists as the President may from time to time deem necessary to appoint; and apprentice seamen under training at training training, etc. stations and on board training ships, at the pay prescribed by law, \$990,420; pay and allowances of the Nurse Corps, including assistant superintendents, directors, and assistant directors—pay \$613,900, rental allowance \$35,520, subsistence allowance \$19,272; pay retired list \$47,641; in all, \$716,333; rent of quarters for members of the Nurse Corps; pay and allowances of transferred and assigned men of the Fleet Naval Reserve, \$10,451,941; reimbursement for losses of property as provided in the Act approved October 6, 1917 (U. S. C., title 34, secs. 981, 982), as amended by the Act of March 3, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 983), \$5,000; payment of six months death gratuity, \$150,000; in all, \$131,576,841, and no part of such sum shall be available to pay active duty pay and allowances to officers in excess of four on the retired list: Provided, That hereafter officers in excess of four on the retired list: Provided, That hereafter no enlisted man of the Navy shall be assigned to the Fleet Naval be assigned to Fleet Reserve as provided for in section 22 of the Act of February 28, Naval Reserve. Vol. 43, p. 1086; U. S. 1925 (U. S. C., p. 1136. 1925 (U. S. C., title 34, sec. 783);

Subsistence of naval personnel: For provisions and commuted rations for enlisted men of the Navy, which commuted rations may tation of rations, etc.

Subsistence.

Provisions, commutation of rations, etc. of the commanding officers, at 50 cents per diem, and midshipmen at 75 cents per diem, and commuted rations stopped on account of sick in hospital and credited at the rate of 70 cents per ration to the naval hospital fund; subsistence of men unavoidably detained or absent from vessels to which attached under orders (during which subsistence rations to be stopped on board ship and no credit for commutation therefor to be given); quarters and subsistence of men on detached duty; subsistence of members of the Naval Reserve during period of active service; subsistence in kind at hospitals and on board ship in lieu of subsistence allowance of female nurses and Navy and Marine Corps general courts-martial prisoners undergoing imprisonment with sentences of dishonorable discharge from the service at

the expiration of such confinement; in all, \$14,283,817; Transportation and recruiting of naval personnel: For mileage and actual and necessary expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence as authorized by law to officers of the Navy while traveling under orders, including not to exceed \$2,000 for the expenses of attendance at home and abroad, upon meetings of technical, professional, scientific, and other similar organizations, when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy, such attendance would be of benefit in the conduct of the work of the Navy Department; for mileage, at 5 cents per mile, to midshipmen entering the Naval Academy while proceeding from their homes to the Naval Academy for examination and appointment as midshipmen, and not more than \$2,500 shall be available for transportation of midshipmen, including reimbursement of traveling expenses while traveling under orders after appointment as midshipmen; for actual traveling expenses of female nurses; for travel allowance or for transportation and subsistence as authorized by law of enlisted men upon discharge; transportation of enlisted men and apprentice seamen and applicants for enlistment at home and abroad, with subsistence and transfers en route, or cash in lieu thereof; transportation to their homes, if residents of the United States, of enlisted men and apprentice seamen discharged on medical survey, with subsistence and transfers en route, or cash in lieu thereof; transportation of sick or insane enlisted men and apprentice seamen and insane supernumerary patients to hospitals, with sub-

Machinists, apprentice seamen

Nurse Corps.

Fleet Naval Reserve. Property losses.

Vol. 40, p. 389; U. S. C., p. 1144. Vol. 44, p. 1368; U. S. C., Supp. V. 539.

Subsistence while absent from duty.

Naval Reserve, etc.

Transportation.

Recruiting.

Transporting dependents Funeral escorts.

Aggregate amount.

Accounting, etc.

Provisos. Additional medical detail for Veterans' Administration pa-tients in naval hospitals

Restriction on admissions to Naval Academy after January 30, 1932.

Sea service requirements of appointees from enlisted men.

Apprehending desert- sistence and transfers en route, or cash in lieu thereof; apprehension and delivery of deserters and stragglers, and for railway guides and other expenses incident to transportation; expenses of recruiting for the naval service; rent of rendezvous and expenses of maintaining the same; advertising for and obtaining men and apprentice seamen; actual and necessary expenses in lieu of mileage to officers on duty with traveling recruiting parties; transportation of dependents of officers and enlisted men (not to exceed \$450,000); expenses of funeral escorts of naval personnel; in all, \$4,017,173, and not more than \$593.479 of such sum shall be available for travel by officers, midshipmen, and female nurses: In all, for pay, subsistence, and transportation of naval personnel,

\$149,877,831, of which sum \$1,000,000 shall be immediately available, and the money herein specifically appropriated, or transferred from the clothing and small stores' fund to this appropriation as herein authorized, for "Pay, subsistence, and transportation of naval personnel," shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund: Provided, That additional commissioned, warranted, appointed, enlisted, and civilian personnel of the Medical Department of the Navy, required for the care of patients of the United States Veterans' Administration in naval hospitals, may be employed in addition to the numbers appropriated for in this Act: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the pay of any midshipmen whose admission subsequent to January 30, 1932, would result in exceeding at any time an allowance of three midshipmen for each Senator, Representative. and Delegate in Congress; of one midshipman for Porto Rico, a native of the island, appointed on nomination of the governor, and of three midshipmen from Porto Rico, appointed on nomination of the Resident Commissioner; and of two midshipmen for the District of large or from enlisted Columbia: Provided further, That nothing herein shall be construed men not affected. to repeal or modify in any way existing laws relative to the appointment of midshipmen at large, from the enlisted personnel of the naval service, or from the Naval Reserve: Provided further, That no

MAINTENANCE, BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

for at least nine months prior to such admission.

part of this appropriation shall be available for the pay of any midshipman appointed from enlisted men of the Navy for admission to the Naval Academy in the class entering in the calendar year 1933 who has not served aboard a vessel of the Navy in full commission

Maintenance.

Freight, etc., depart-ment and bureaus.

Provisos.
Not available transporting privately owned automobiles; exception.

For equipage, supplies, and services under the cognizance of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, including stationery for commanding, executive, communication, and navigating officers of ships, boards and courts on ships, and chaplains; accident prevention; services of civilian employees under the cognizance of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts; freight, express, and parcel-post charges pertaining to the Navy Department and Naval Establishment, \$9,417,500: Provided, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any expense for or incident to the transportation of privately owned automobiles except on account of the return to the United States of such privately owned automobiles as may be in transit to or from points outside of the continental limits of Limit on sum for public expense on or by the date of the approval of this Act: Pro-Group IV (b) employ- vided further, That the sum to be paid out of the the United States or have been transported to such outside points at for employees assigned to Group IV(b) and those performing

similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$4,925,000: And provided further, That, without deposit to the credit of the Treasurer of the ing officers may use United States and withdrawal on money requisitions, receipts of certain receipts for curpublic moneys from sales or other sources by officers of the Navy ing. and Marine Corps on disbursing duty and charged in their official accounts may be used by them as required for current expenditures, all necessary bookkeeping adjustments of appropriations, funds, and accounts to be made in the settlement of their disbursing accounts.

The clothing and small-stores fund shall be charged with the value Clothing and small of all issues of clothing and small stores made to enlisted men of Issue to Naval the Naval Reserve and the uniform gratuity paid to officers of the Reserve, from.

Naval Reserve.

Issue to Naval

EVACUATION OF HIGH EXPLOSIVES, NAVY

Toward the handling and transportation of high explosives to Handling and transporting to ammunition the naval ammunition depot, Hawthorne, Nevada, and other points, depots. and expenses incident thereto, in accordance with the primary recommendations contained in House Document Numbered 199, Seventieth Congress, first session, as modified by the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1928, approved May 29, 1928 (45 Stat., p. 908), \$75,000, and the unexpended balance of the appropriation under this head for the fiscal year 1932 is continued available during the fiscal year 1933.

Evacuation of high explosives.

Vol. 45, p. 908.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1442,

FUEL AND TRANSPORTATION, BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

For coal and other fuel for submarine bases and steamers' and Fuel, and tion of, etc. ships' use, including expenses of transportation, storage, and handling the same and the removal of fuel refuse from ships; maintenance and general operation of machinery of naval fuel depots and fuel plants; water for all purposes on board naval vessels, and ice for the cooling of water, including the expense of transportation and storage of both, \$6,735,000 and, in addition, \$150,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation "Fuel and Transportation, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, 1932," is hereby reappropriated and made available during the fiscal year 1933: Provided, That fuel acquired other than by purchase shall not be issued appropriawithout charging the applicable appropriation with the cost of such fuel at the rate current at the time of issue for fuel purchased: Provided further, That the President may direct the use, wholly price hand. or in part, of fuel on hand, however acquired, to be charged at the last issue rate for fuel acquired by purchase, when in his judgment, prices quoted for supplying fuel are excessive: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be available, any etc., of foreign fuel oil. provision in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding, for the purchase of any kind of fuel oil of foreign production for issue, delivery, or sale to ships at points either in the United States or its possessions where oil of the production of the United States or its possessions may be procurable, notwithstanding that oil of the production of the United States or its possessions may cost more than oil of foreign production, if such excess of cost, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy, which shall be conclusive, be not unreasonable.

Fuel, and transporta-

Additional sum. Vol. 46, p. 1442.

Provisos.

Prices for fuel on

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Surgeon's necessaries.

For surgeon's necessaries for vessels in commission, navy yards, Civil establishment. naval stations, and Marine Corps; and for the civil establishment at the several naval hospitals, navy yards, naval medical supply depots, Naval Medical School and dispensary, Washington, and Naval Academy; for tolls and ferriages; purchase of books and stationery; hygienic and sanitary investigation and illustration; sanitary, hygienic, administrative, and special instruction, including the issuing of naval medical bulletins and supplements; purchase and repairs of nonpassenger-carrying wagons, automobile ambulances, and harness; purchase of and feed for horses and cows; maintenance, repair, and operation of three passenger-carrying motor vehicles for naval dispensary, Washington, District of Columbia, and of one motor-propelled vehicle for official use only for the medical officer on out-patient medical service at the Naval Academy; trees, plants, care of grounds, garden tools, and seeds; incidental articles for the Naval Medical School and naval dispensary, Washington, naval medical supply depots, sick quarters at Naval Academy and marine barracks; washing for medical department at Naval Medical School and naval dispensary, Washington, naval medical supply depots, sick quarters at Naval Academy and marine barracks, dispensaries at navy yards and naval stations, and ships; and for minor repairs on buildings and grounds of the United States Naval Medical School and naval medical supply depots; rent of rooms for naval dispensary, Washington, District of Columbia, not to exceed \$1,200; for the care, maintenance, and treatment of the insane of the Navy and Marine Corps on the Pacific coast, including supernumeraries held for transfer to Saint Elizabeths Hospital; for dental outfits and dental material; and all other necessary contingent expenses; in all, \$1,840,000: Provided, (b) em that the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV(b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$200,000.

Vehicles, etc.

Care, etc., of insane on Pacific coast.

Proviso. Limit on Group IV ployees.

Care of the dead.

CARE OF THE DEAD

Expenses of interment of officers, etc., dying in service, etc.

Civilian employees dying abroad.

cluded.

For the care of the dead; for funeral expenses and interment or transportation to their homes or to designated cemeteries of the remains of officers (including officers who die within the United States) and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps, of members of the Nurse Corps, reservists on active or training duty, and accepted applicants for enlistment, civilian employees of the Navy Department and Naval Establishment who die outside of the continental limits of the United States, and former enlisted men who are discharged while in naval hospitals and are inmates of said hospitals on the date of their death; for funeral expenses and interment of the remains of pensioners and destitute patients who die in naval hospitals; for purchase and care of cemetery lots; for removal of remains from abandoned cemeteries to naval or national cemeteries, or to their homes, including remains interred in isolated graves at home and Proviso.
Retired officers, etc., abroad, and remains temporarily interred, \$68,000: Provided, That on active duty, in the above provision shall apply in the case of officers and enlisted men of the Navy and Marine Corps on the retired list who die while on active duty.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Bureau of Yards and

MAINTENANCE. BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

For the labor, materials, and supplies necessary, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy, for the general maintenance of the activities and properties now or hereafter under the cognizance of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, including accident prevention; the maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles for the Navy Department (not to exceed ten in number) and the Naval Establishment not otherwise provided for; the purchase of one motor bus, \$4,000; not to exceed \$1,600,000 for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services Employees of Group carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department, and part time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia, or elsewhere, of such engineers and architects as may be contracted for by the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding \$25 per diem for any person so employed, \$8,400,000: *Provided*, That expenditures from appropriations contained in this Act for the maintenance, operation, and repair of tion, etc. motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, including the compensation of civilian chauffeurs and the compensation of any greater number than ninety enlisted men detailed to such duty, shall not exceed in the aggregate \$70,000, exclusive of such vehicles owned and operated by the Marine Corps in connection with expeditionary side continental limits, duty without the continental limits of the United States and motor excluded. cycles, and on any one vehicle shall not exceed for maintenance, upkeep, and repair, exclusive of garage rent, pay of operators, tires, fuel, and lubricants, one-third of the market price of a new vehicle of the same make or class, and in any case more than \$500.

General maintenance.

Vehicles.

Provisos. Limitation on opera-

CONTINGENT, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

For contingent expenses and minor extensions and improvements of public works at navy yards and stations, \$138,000.

Contingent.

PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Public works,

To enable the Secretary of the Navy to complete, provide, or continue the construction, by contract or otherwise, of the public works and public-utilities projects named in the Naval Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, including the naval lighter-than-air base near Sunnyvale, California, provided for in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, and within the limits of cost specified in those Acts; and to construct or provide, by contract or otherwise, the following-named public works and public-utilities projects, at a limit of cost not to exceed the amount stated for each project enumerated, respectively, \$2,490,000, of which not to exceed \$150,000 shall be available for the employment of classified personal services in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and in the field service to be engaged upon such work and to be in addition to employees otherwise provided for: Provided, That the unexpended balances of the appropriation "Public works, Navy, emergency construction," of funds. and all other appropriations under the cognizance of the Bureau of Yards and Docks for public works (including the purchase of land) are hereby transferred to and merged with the appropriation

Construction of authorized projects. Vol. 46, p. 1444.

Sunnyvale, Calif., base included. Vol. 46, pp. 1092, 1577.

Personal services.

Consolidation

Availability.

be increased.

Norfolk, Va.

Ammunition storage

facilities. Vol. 45, p. 928.

Hingham, Mass.

Mare Island, Calif.

Ordnance stations, lightning protection. Sunnyvale, Calif. Lighter-than-air base, construction. Vol. 46, p. 1092.

tion. Vol. 46, p. 1577. Proviso. Officers quarters.

Radio and radio-compass stations.

Pa., Philadelphia, hospital construction.

Subsurface conditions of site. Vol. 46, p. amended.

Additional authorization.

Post, p. 783.

Proviso Limit of cost reduced.

hospital fund.

"Public works, Bureau of Yards and Docks," and made available for the purposes of such appropriation and/or for the purposes for Limit of cost not to which they were made, respectively: Provided further, That nothing herein shall be construed as increasing the authorized limit of cost of any specific project:

Navy Yard, Norfolk, Virginia: Caisson for dry dock numbered 2,

\$110,000.

Ammunition storage facilities, Navy: Ammunition storage facilities authorized by the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1928, \$1,500,000, being part of the contractual authorization granted in such Act.

Naval ammunition depot, Hingham, Massachusetts: Improvement of magazines, \$8,000; improvement of water system, \$9,000; in all,

Naval ammunition depot, Mare Island, California: Improvement of magazines, \$50,000; improvement of fire protection, \$25,000; in

Lightning protection at ordnance stations, \$60,000.

Naval lighter-than-air base, Sunnyvale, California: To continue construction and improvements as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to accept, without cost to the Government of the United States, a lighter-than-air base, near Sunnyvale, California, in the county of Santa Clara, State of California, and construct necessary improvements thereon," Contract authoriza approved February 12, 1931, in addition to the contract authorization contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, approved March 4, 1931, \$1,000,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the construction of quarters for commissioned officers to cost in excess of the respective limits fixed by law for quarters for commissioned officers of corresponding rank in the

Naval radio and radio compass stations: Improvement of power plant, Darien, Canal Zone, and improvement of building numbered 1, Destruction Island, Washington, \$40,000.

The availability of the \$200,000 authorized by the Act approved February 12, 1931, Public Numbered 620, of the Seventy-first Congress, to be expended from the naval hospital fund for the acquisition 1091, of land for a site for the hospital buildings at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, authorized by said Act, is hereby extended to include investigations by contract or otherwise of subsurface conditions at said site.

Naval Hospital, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: To continue construction of the public works authorized by the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Secretary of the Navy to proceed with the construction of certain public works at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and for other purposes," approved February 12, 1931 (46 Stat., 1091), the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to expend \$1,000,000 from the naval hospital fund for the buildings, equipment, accessories, utilities, and appurtenances authorized by such Act, in addition to the expenditures authorized from such fund by such Act: Provided, That the limit of cost of such buildings, equipment, accessories, utilities, and appurtenances is hereby reduced from \$3,000,000 to \$2,250,000, and additional appropriations for such work Amount from naval may be made from the naval hospital fund to the extent that the Secretary of the Navy may approve.

BUREAU OF AERONAUTICS

Bureau of Aeronau-

AVIATION, NAVY

For aviation, as follows: For navigational, photographic, aerological, radio, and miscellaneous equipment, including repairs thereto, for use with aircraft built or building on June 30, 1932, \$949,900; for maintenance, repair, and operation of aircraft factory, air stations, fleet air bases, fleet and all other aviation activities, accident prevention, testing laboratories, for overhauling of planes, and for the purchase for aviation purposes only of special clothing, wearing apparel, and special equipment, \$13,435,520, including \$153,000 for the equipment of vessels with catapults and including not to exceed \$175,000 for the procurement of helium, and such sum shall be transferred to and made available to the Bureau of Mines on July 1, 1932; for continuing experiments and development work on all types of aircraft, including the payment of part-time or intermittent employment in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of such scientists and technicists as may be contracted for by the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, at a rate of pay not exceeding \$20 per diem for any person so employed, \$2,210,000; for the payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization carried in the Navy Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 for the production and purchase of new airplanes and their equipment, spare parts and as provided in the Act authorizing construction of aircraft, and so forth, approved June 24, 1926 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 749a), p. 536.

Vol. 46, p. 1446. Rigid airships. Vol. 44, p. 1465. U. S. C., Supp. V, title 34, sec. 749a), p. 536.

U. S. C., Supp. V, and subject to the contractural conditions stipulated as to such rigid. airships in the Act making appropriations for the Navy Department and the naval service for the fiscal year 1929, \$1,450,000; in all, \$25,245,420; and the money herein specifically appropriated for "Aviation" shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native ployees. and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$1,192,145: Provided further, That in addition to the amount herein contracts airplanes, etc. appropriated, the Secretary of the Navy may, prior to July 1, 1934, enter into contracts for the production and purchase of new airplanes and their equipment, spare parts and accessories, to an amount not in excess of \$5,715,000: Provided further, That no part of this ited. appropriation shall be expended for maintenance of more than six heavier-than-air stations on the coast of the continental United States: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the construction of a factory for the manufacture of airplanes: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to consider, ascertain, adjust, determine, and pay damage claims. out of this appropriation the amounts due on claims for damages which have occurred or may occur to private property growing out of the operations of naval aircraft, where such claim does not exceed the sum of \$500.

Designated aviation

Aircraft factory, etc.

Helium. Post. p. 517.

Aircraft types.

Incurred obligations.

New airplanes, etc.

Accounting.

Provisos.

Coast stations lim-

Airplane factory construction forbidden.

Determination of

NAVAL ACADEMY

Pay, Naval Academy: Pay for professors and others, Naval Academy: Pay of professors and instructors, including one professor etc. as librarian, \$284,130: Provided, That not more than \$36,500 shall be paid for masters and instructors in swordsmanship and physical training.

Naval Academy.

Pay of professors.

Proviso. Pay restriction. Employees.

Proviso.

Limit on sum for Group IV (b) employees.

For pay of employees, \$577,387: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$236,000.

Current, etc., expenses.

Current and miscellaneous expenses, Naval Academy: For text and reference books for use of instructors; stationery, blank books and forms, models, maps, and periodicals; apparatus and materials for instruction in physical training and athletics; expenses of lectures and entertainments, not exceeding \$1,000, including pay and expenses of lecturer; chemicals, philosophical apparatus and instruments, stores, machinery, tools, fittings, apparatus, materials for instruction purposes, and engraving of trophies and badges, \$68,800; for purchase, binding, and repair of books for the library (to be purchased in the open market on the written order of the superintendent), \$5,000; for expenses of the Board of Visitors to the Naval Academy, \$1,400; for contingencies for the superintendent of the academy, to be expended in his discretion, not exceeding \$3,500; for contingencies for the commandant of midshipmen, to be expended in his discretion, not exceeding \$1,000; in all, \$79,700, to be accounted for as one fund.

Board of Visitors. Superintendent.

Library.

General maintenance, repairs, etc.

Vehicles, etc.

Proviso.
Limit on sum for Group IV (b) em-

ployees.

Maintenance and repairs, Naval Academy: For necessary repairs of public buildings, wharves, and walls inclosing the grounds of the Naval Academy, accident prevention, improvements, repairs, and fixtures; for books, periodicals, maps, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire engines; fire apparatus and plants, machinery; purchase and maintenance of all horses and horse-drawn vehicles for use at the academy, including the maintenance, operation, and repair of three horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles to be used only for official purposes; seeds and plants; tools and repairs of the same; stationery; furniture for Government buildings and offices at the academy, including furniture for midshipmen's rooms; coal and other fuels; candles, oil, and gas; attendance on light and power plants; cleaning and clearing up station and care of buildings; attendance on fires, lights, fire engines, fire apparatus, and plants, and telephone, telegraph, and clock systems; incidental labor; advertising, water tax, postage, telephones, telegrams, tolls, and ferriage; flags and awnings; packing boxes; fuel for heating and lighting bandsmen's quarters; pay of inspectors and draftsmen; music and astronomical instruments; and for pay of employees on leave, \$940,000: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of this appropriation for employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$23,000.

MARINE CORPS

PAY, MARINE CORPS

Pay, etc., officers on active list.

Marine Corps.

Pay of officers, active list: For pay and allowances prescribed by law for all officers on the active list—pay and allowances, \$3,602,277, together with \$129,101 of the unexpended balance of "Pay, Marine Corps, 1932," including not to exceed \$138,148 for increased pay for making aerial flights; subsistence allowance, \$493,116; rental allowance, \$648,063; in all, \$4,743,456; and no part of such sum shall be available to pay active duty pay and allowances to officers on the retired list;

For pay of officers prescribed by law on the retired list, \$794,786; Pay of enlisted men, active list: For pay and allowances of list noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, as prescribed by law, and for the expenses of clerks of the United States Marine Corps traveling under orders, and including additional compensation for enlisted men of the Marine Corps qualified as expert riflemen, sharpshooters, marksmen, or regularly detailed as gun captains, gun pointers, cooks, messmen, including interest on deposits by enlisted men, post-exchange debts of deserters and of men discharged or sentenced to terms of imprisonment while in debt to the United States, under such rules as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe, and the authorized travel allowance of discharged enlisted men, and for prizes for excellence in gunnery exercises and target practice, and for pay of enlisted men designated as Navy mail clerks and assistant Navy mail clerks both affoat and ashore, and for gratuities to enlisted men discharged not under honorable conditions—pay and allowances, \$7,497,537, together with \$100,000 Part of the unexpended balance of "Pay, Marine Corps, 1932"; allow-allowances, \$7,497,540; in all of the least of the last of ance for lodging and subsistence, \$670,542; in all, \$8,168,079;

For pay and allowances prescribed by law of enlisted men on

the retired list, \$620,208;

Undrawn clothing: For payment to discharged enlisted men for

clothing undrawn, \$155,160;

For pay and allowances of the Marine Corps Reserve (a) exserve.

cluding transferred and assigned men, \$237,620; (b) transferred

men, \$281,696; (c) assigned men, \$65,750; in all, \$585,066: Provided, listed men to Fleet

Reserve forbidden. That hereafter no enlisted man of the Marine Corps shall be assigned to the Fleet Marine Corps Reserve as provided for in section 22 of the Act of February 28, 1925 (U.S.C., title 34, sec. 783);

Not to exceed for mileage and actual and necessary expenses and per diem in lieu of subsistence as authorized by law to officers travel-

ing under orders without troops, \$84,334; In all, \$15,151,089: *Provided*, That no money appropriated in this Act shall be used to defray the expense of sending additional in Nicaragua. Marines to Nicaragua to supervise an election there, and the money herein specifically appropriated for pay of the Marine Corps shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall constitute one fund.

Retired officers. Enlisted men, active

Pay and allowances. Balance reappropri-Vol. 46, p. 1447.

Retired enlisted men.

Undrawn clothing.

Vol. 43, pp. 1086, 1276, U. S. C., p. 1136.

Mileage, etc.

Additional Marines

Accounting.

PAY OF CIVIL EMPLOYEES, MARINE CORPS

Pay of civil force: For personal services in the District of Colum- Civil force at headbia, as follows:

Offices of the Major General Commandant and adjutant inspector.

\$127,590;

Office of paymaster, \$50,880;

Office of the quartermaster, \$126,560; in all, \$305,030: Provided, That the total number of enlisted men on duty at Marine Corps listed men at headheadquarters on May 7, 1930, shall not be increased, and in lieu quarters. Vacancies to be filled of enlisted men whose services at such headquarters shall be terminated for any cause prior to July 1, 1933, their places may be filled to Classification Act. by civilians, for the pay of whom, in accordance with the Classification Act., Supp. V, p. 28. tion Act of 1923, as amended, either or both the appropriations "Pay, Marine Corps," and "General expenses, Marine Corps," shall be available.

General expenses.

Authorized work.

GENERAL EXPENSES, MARINE CORPS

For every expenditure requisite for, and incident to, the authorized work of the Marine Corps, other than as appropriated for under the headings of pay and salaries, as follows:

Provisions, etc.

For provisions, subsistence, board and lodging of enlisted men, recruits and recruiting parties, and applicants for enlistment, cash allowance for lodging and subsistence to enlisted men traveling on duty: ice, ice machines and their maintenance, \$2,123,598;

Clothing. Fuel, etc.

For clothing for enlisted men, \$698,672; For fuel, heat, light, and power, including sales to officers, \$475,000;

Military supplies,

For military supplies and equipment, including their purchase, Purchase, repairs, repairs, preservation, and handling; recreational, school, educational, etc. library, musical, amusement, field sport and gymnasium supplies, equipment, services, and incidental expenses; purchase and marking of prizes for excellence in gunnery and rifle practice, goodconduct badges, medals, and buttons awarded to officers and enlisted men by the Government for conspicuous, gallant, and special service; rental and maintenance of target ranges and entrance fees for competitions, \$495,300;

Prizes, badges, med-

Transportation and

Not to exceed for transportation of troops and applicants for enlistment, including cash in lieu of ferriage and transfers en route; toilet kits for issue to recruits upon their first enlistment and other incidental expenses of the recruiting service; and including not to exceed \$26,250 for transportation for dependents of officers and

Dependents.

enlisted men, \$381,250;

Repairs, etc., to bar-racks, quarters, etc. For repairs and improvements to barracks, quarters, and other public buildings at posts and stations; for the renting, leasing, and improvement of buildings in the District of Columbia, with the approval of the Public Buildings Commission, and at such other places as the public exigencies require, and the erection of temporary buildings upon the approval of the Secretary of the Navy at a total

cost of not to exceed \$10,000 during the year, \$360,000;

For forage and stabling of public animals and the authorized

Forage, etc.

number of officers' horses, \$40,000;

Contingent.

For miscellaneous supplies, material, equipment, personal and other services, and for other incidental expenses for the Marine Corps not otherwise provided for; purchase, repair, and exchange of typewriters and calculating machines; purchase and repair of furniture and fixtures; repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, purchase of five motor cycles, at not to exceed \$295 each, and purchase, exchange, and repair of horse-drawn passengercarrying and other vehicles, including parts; veterinary services and medicines for public animals and the authorized number of officers' horses; purchase of mounts and horse equipment for all officers below the grade of major required to be mounted; shoeing for public animals and the authorized number of officers' horses; books, newspapers, and periodicals; printing and binding; packing and crating of officers' allowance of baggage; funeral expenses of officers and enlisted men and accepted applicants for enlistment and retired

Vehicles.

Horses.

Funeral expenses.

Transporting mains, etc.

Laundries.

Marine Corps Re-

Accounting.

expenses, \$1,789,900. Marine Corps Reserve: For clothing, subsistence, heat, light, transportation, and miscellaneous expenses, \$95,000;

officers on active duty, including the transportation of their bodies.

arms, and wearing apparel from the place of demise to the homes of the deceased in the United States; construction, operation, and

maintenance of laundries; and for all emergencies and extraordinary

In all, \$6,458,720, to be accounted for as one fund: Provided, That Limit on sum for Group IV (b) employees assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$90,000.

ALTERATIONS TO NAVAL VESSELS

Toward the alterations and repairs required for the purpose of Modernizing "New Mexico," "Mississipodernizing the United States ships New Mexico, Mississippi, and pi," and "Idaho." Vol. 46, p. 1453. laho, authorized by the Act entitled "An Act to authorize altera-Balance reapproprimodernizing the United States ships New Mexico, Mississippi, and Idaho, authorized by the Act entitled "An Act to authorize alterations and repairs to certain naval vessels," approved February 28, 1931, \$14,000,000, this sum, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$10,000,000 for the same purpose contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, to be apportioned and to remain available until expended: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of the amount available for expenditure under this head for the Group IV fiscal year 1933 for employees in the field corving against the Group ployees. fiscal year 1933 for employees in the field service assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$30,000.

Alterations.

ated. Vol. 46, pp. 1453, 1577.

Proviso. sum for (b) em-

Increase of the Navy.

INCREASE OF THE NAVY

Construction and machinery: On account of hulls and outfits of Construction and machinery of vessels and machinery of vessels heretofore authorized, \$15,063,000, heretofore authorized. and, in addition, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed, upon the request of the Secretary of the Navy, to make transfers during the fiscal year 1933 from the naval supply account supply account from nav fund to this appropriation of sums aggregating not to exceed \$6,000,-000, and the total sums hereby made available shall remain available until expended: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of the amount available for expenditure under the head of "Construction and ployees. Machinery" for the fiscal year 1933 for employees in the field service assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not exceed \$790,000: Provided, That of the appropriations contained in this Act under the head of "Increase of the Navy," there shall be available such sums as the Secretary of the Navy may from time to time determine to be necessary for the engagement of technical services, including the purchase of plans, and the employment of per- etc. sonnel in the Navy Department and in the field, in addition to those otherwise provided for, owing to the construction of vessels hereto-fore authorized and herein or heretofore appropriated for in part.

Armor, armament, and ammunition: Toward the armor, arma- sels authorized. ment, and ammunition for vessels heretofore authorized \$3,000,000, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the sum to be paid out of the amount available for expenditure under this head for ployees. the fiscal year 1933 for employees in the field service assigned to Group IV (b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department shall not

exceed \$175,000.

The total appropriation cost of the following vessels shall not vessels mentioned. exceed the sum stated after each, namely: Fleet submarine numbered 169, \$4,955,000; fleet submarine numbered 170, \$3,996,000; fleet submarine numbered 171, \$4,196,000; destroyer numbered 348, \$4,934,-000; destroyer numbered 349, \$4,694,000, and destroyers numbered 350, 351, and 352, \$4,844,000 each.

That in the expenditure of appropriations in this Act the Secretary of the Navy shall, unless in his discretion the interest of the bidden. Government will not permit, purchase or contract for, within the limits of the United States, only articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of the United States, notwithstanding that such

Construction

Amount from naval

Provisos. Group IV (b) em-

Technical services.

Purchase of plans,

Group IV (b) em-

Purchase of foreign

Exception.

Purchase of equipment available for letters patent, etc.

Department uses lim-

Provisos.
Details to Navigation Bureau.

Designated services not department detail.

No pay to officer, etc., using time-measuring device on work of employees.

Cash rewards, etc., restricted.

Repair and equipment at other than navy yards, etc., restricted.

Proviso.
Construction, etc., of first and alternate cruisers, at Government yards, factories, etc., required.
Vol. 45, p. 1165.

articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of the United States may cost more, if such excess of cost be not unreasonable.

The appropriations made in this Act for the purchase or manufacture of equipment or material or of a particular class of equipment or material shall be available for the purchase of letters patent, applications for letters patent, licenses under letters patent and applications for letters patent that pertain to such equipment or material for which the appropriations are made.

No part of any appropriation made for the Navy shall be expended for any of the purposes herein provided for on account of the Navy Department in the District of Columbia, including personal services of civilians and of enlisted men of the Navy, except as herein expressly authorized: *Provided*, That there may be detailed to the Bureau of Navigation not to exceed at any one time six enlisted men of the Navy: *Provided further*, That enlisted men detailed to the naval dispensary and the radio communication service shall not be regarded as detailed to the Navy Department in the District of Columbia.

No part of the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for the salary or pay of any officer, manager, superintendent, foreman, or other person or persons having charge of the work of any employee of the United States Government while making or causing to be made with a stop watch or other time-measuring device a time study of any job of any such employee between the starting and completion thereof, or of the movements of any such employee while engaged upon such work; nor shall any part of the appropriations made in this Act be available to pay any premiums or bonus or cash reward to any employee in addition to his regular wages, except for suggestions resulting in improvements or economy in the operation of any Government plant; and that no part of the moneys herein appropriated for the Naval Establishment or herein made available therefor shall be used or expended under contracts hereafter made for the repair, purchase, or acquirement, by or from any private contractor, of any naval vessel, machinery, article or articles that at the time of the proposed repair, purchase, or acquirement can be repaired, manufactured, or produced in each or any of the Government navy yards or arsenals of the United States, when time and facilities permit, and when, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Navy, such repair, purchase, acquirement, or production would not involve an appreciable increase in cost to the Government: Provided, That nothing herein shall be construed as altering or repealing the proviso contained in section 1 of the Act to authorize the construction of certain naval vessels, approved February 13, 1929, which provides that the first and each succeeding alternate cruiser upon which work is undertaken, together with the main engines, armor, and armament shall be constructed or manufactured in the Government navy yards, naval gun factories, naval ordnance plants, or arsenals of the United States, except such material or parts as are not customarily manufactured in such Government plants.

Navy Department.

Civilian personnel in

offices, etc., designated.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Salaries.

SALARIES

Secretary.

Secretary of the Navy, \$15,000.

For compensation for other personal services in the District of Columbia, as follows:

Office of the Secretary of the Navy, \$200,520.

General board, \$12,560.

Naval examining and retiring boards, \$10,600.

Compensation board, \$8,700.

Office of Naval Records and Library, including employees engaged in the collection or copying and classification, with a view to publication, of the naval records of the war with the Central Powers of Europe, \$39,240.

Office of Judge Advocate General, \$130,240. Office of Chief of Naval Operations, \$73,760. Board of Inspection and Survey, \$20,780.

Office of Director of Naval Communications, \$134.980.

Office of Naval Intelligence, \$41,440. Bureau of Navigation, \$500,540. Hydrographic Office, \$430,980.

Naval Observatory, including \$2,500 for pay of computers on piecework in preparing for publication the American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac and in improving the tables of the planets, moon, and stars, \$193,540.

Bureau of Engineering, \$333,040.

Bureau of Construction and Repair, \$393,900.

Bureau of Ordnance, \$165,000.

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, \$873,000. Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, \$87,560. Bureau of Yards and Docks, \$314,320.

Bureau of Aeronautics, \$290,400.

In all, salaries, Navy Department, \$4,270,100.

In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the classification Act. District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the Assistant Secretaries of the Navy the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the cable to clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary chanical service. of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in salaries. accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require Vol. 42, p. 1490.

Transfers to another reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position without reposition to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, offi,ce or other appropriation unit, (4) higher rates permitted. to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specification in a grade. cally authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

Salaries limited to verage rates under

Exception. Vol. 46, p. 1003. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

If only one position

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

For professional and technical books and periodicals, law books, gent expenses, and necessary reference books, including city directories, railway guides, freight, passenger, and express tariff books and photostating, for department library; for purchase of photographs, maps, documents, and pictorial records of the Navy, photostating and other necessary incidental expenses in connection with the preparation World War. for publication of the naval records of the war with the Central Powers of Europe; for stationery, furniture, newspapers, plans, drawings, and drawing materials; purchase and exchange of motor trucks or motor delivery wagons, maintenance, repair, and operation

Library.

records

¹ So in original.

Naval service appropriations not to be used for Department expenses.

of motor trucks or motor delivery wagons; garage rent; street-car fares not exceeding \$500; freight, expressage, postage, typewriters, and computing machines, and other absolutely necessary expenses of the Navy Department and its various bureaus and offices, \$80,000; it shall not be lawful to expend, unless otherwise specifically provided herein, for any of the offices or bureaus of the Navy Department in the District of Columbia, any sum out of appropriations made for the naval service for any of the purposes mentioned or authorized in this paragraph.

PRINTING AND BINDING

Printing and bind-

For printing and binding for the Navy Department and the Naval Establishment executed at the Government Printing Office, \$550,000, including not exceeding \$103,000 for the Hydrographic Office and \$2.800 for the Naval Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

Hydrographic office.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses.

For purchase and printing of nautical books, charts, and sailing directions, copperplates, steel plates, chart paper, packing boxes, chart portfolios, electrotyping copperplates, cleaning copperplates; tools, instruments, power, and material for drawing, engraving, and printing; materials for and mounting charts; reduction of charts by photography; photolithographing charts for immediate use; transfer of photolithographic and other charts to copper; purchase of equipment for the storage of plates used in making charts and for the storage of Hydrographic Office charts and publications; modernization, care and repair to printing presses, furniture, instruments, and tools; extra drawing and engraving; translating from foreign languages; telegrams on public business; preparation of pilot charts and their supplements, and printing and mailing same; purchase of data for charts and sailing directions and other nautical publications; books of reference and works and periodicals relating to hydrography, marine meteorology, navigation, surveying, oceanography, and terrestrial magnetism, and to other professional and technical subjects connected with the work of the Hydrographic Office, \$77,000.

Pilot charts.

Branch offices.

BRANCII HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICES

Contingent expenses of, designated.

For contingent expenses of branch hydrographic offices at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, Savannah, New Orleans, San Francisco, Portland (Oregon), Portland (Maine), Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit, Buffalo, Duluth, Sault Sainte Marie, Seattle, Panama, San Juan (Porto Rico), Los Angeles, Honolulu, and Galveston, including furniture, fuel, lights, works, and periodicals, relating to hydrography, marine meteorology, navigation, surveying oceanography, and terrestrial magnetism, stationery, miscellaneous articles, rent and care of offices, care of time balls, car fare and ferriage in visiting merchant vessels, freight and express charges, telegrams, and other necessary expenses incurred in collecting the latest information for pilot charts, and for other purposes for which the offices were established, \$16,000.

Employees.

For services of necessary employees at branch offices, \$45,120.

Naval Observatory.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, NAVAL OBSERVATORY

Library, apparatus, repairs, etc.

For professional and scientific books, books of reference, periodcals, engravings, photographs, and fixtures for the library; for apparatus and instruments, and for repairs of the same; for repairs to

buildings (including quarters), fixtures, and fences; for cleaning, repair, and upkeep of grounds and roads; furniture and furnishings Miscellaneous supplies. for offices and quarters, gas, chemicals, paints, and stationery, including transmission of public documents through the Smithsonian exchange, foreign postage; plants, seeds, and fertilizers; for fuel, oil, grease, pipe, wire, and other materials needed for the maintenance and repair of boilers, engines, heating apparatus, electric lighting and power, and water supply; purchase and maintenance of teams; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor trucks and passenger automobiles, and of horse-drawn vehicles; telegraph and telephone service; and other absolutely necessary expenses, \$25,000.

For the purchase and installation of equipment, utilities, and appurtenances for astrographic and research work and modernization of the astronomical plant of the Naval Observatory, as authorized by the Act approved June 11, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 556), \$110,000,

to be available immediately.

For preparation for and observation of total solar eclipse of Observing solar eclipse.

August 31, 1932, \$4,000.

Sec. 2. No part of any money appropriated by this Act shall be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places place of employment. of employment except in cases of medical officers on out-patient medical service and except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the head of the department. This section shall not apply to any motor vehicle for official use of the Secretary of the Navy, and no other persons connected with the Navy Department or the naval service, except the commander in chief of the United States Asiatic Fleet, Marine Corps officers serving with expeditionary forces in foreign countries, and medical officers on out-patient medical service, shall have a Government-owned motor vehicle assigned for their exclusive use.

Sec. 3. No part of any appropriation made by this Act shall be subsistence restricused to pay the actual expenses of subsistence in excess of \$6 each for any one calendar day or per diem allowance for subsistence in excess of the rate of \$5 for any one calendar day to any officer or employee of the United States in a travel status, and payment accordingly shall be in full, notwithstanding any other statutory pro-

vision.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 319.]

AN ACT

To authorize extensions of time on oil and gas prospecting permits, and for _ other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Be it enacted by the senute and Iroseo of That any oil or oil and gas prospect-United States of America in Congress assembled, That any oil or oil and gas prospect-ing permits.

Extensions of time gas prospecting permit issued under the Act of February 25, 1920 (41 Stat. 437), or extended under the Act of January 11, 1922 on, authorized. (42 Stat. 356), or as further extended under the Acts of April 5, 42, p. 356; Vol. 44, p. 236; 1926 (44 Stat. 236). March 9, 1928 (45 Stat. 252), and the Act p. 58. of January 23, 1930 (46 Stat. 58), may be extended by the Secretary of the Interior for an additional period of three years in his discretion, on such conditions as he may prescribe.

Astronomical plant. Modernization, etc. Vol. 46, p. 556.

Government-owned automobiles.
Restricted to official

Transportation be-tween domicile and

Exemptions.

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 11639.]

Expired permits.

SEC. 2. Upon application to the Secretary of the Interior, and subject to valid intervening rights and to the provisions of section 1 of this Act, any permit which has already expired because of lack of authority under existing law to make further extensions may be extended for a period of three years from the date of the passage of this Act.

Approved June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 320.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [S. 4525.] [Public, No. 218.]

Providing for the transfer of the duties authorized and authority conferred by law upon the board of road commissioners in the Territory of Alaska to the Department of the Interior, and for other purposes.

Alaska.
Duties and authority
of road commissioners
in, transferred to Interior Department.

Vol. 33, p. 616; Vol. 34, p. 192.

Post, p. 854.

Execution of laws.

Transfer of appropriations.

Equipment, materials, etc.

Administration.

Estimates of appro-

priations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this Act the duties authorized and authority conferred by law upon the board of road commissioners in the Territory of Alaska, and upon the Secretary of War, as provided for in the Act of January 27, 1905 (ch. 277, sec. 2, 33 Stat. 616), as amended by the Act of May 14, 1906 (ch. 2458, sec. 2, 34 Stat. 192), and Acts supplemental thereto, and amendatory thereof, are hereby transferred to the Department of the Interior, and shall hereafter be administered by the Secretary of the Interior, or under his direction, by such officer, or officers, as may be designated by him.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior shall execute or cause to be executed all laws pertaining to the construction and maintenance of roads and trails and other works in Alaska, heretofore administered by said board of road commissioners under the direction of the Secretary of War; and all appropriations heretofore made, and now available, or that hereafter may be made, for expenditure by said board for meeting the cost of such work in the Territory of Alaska, are hereby transferred to the Secretary of the Interior, to be thereafter administered in accordance with the provisions of this Act; and the said board is directed to turn over to the Secretary of the Interior all equipment, materials, supplies, papers, maps, and documents, or other property utilized in the exercise of such powers, for the use of the said Secretary in the administration of the construction and maintenance of roads, tramways, ferries, bridges, and trails, and other works in the Territory of Alaska, heretofore administered by said board.

Sec. 3. That with the approval of the President, the Secretary of the Interior shall have power, by order or regulation, to distribute the duties and authority hereby transferred, and appropriations pertaining thereto, as he may deem proper to accomplish a more economical and effective organization thereof, and to make rules and regulations governing the use of roads, trails, and other works, including the fixing and collection of tolls where deemed necessary and advisable in the public interest.

Sec. 4. That all estimates of appropriations for the construction and maintenance of roads and trails and other works, as heretofore submitted by the Secretary of War, shall hereafter be submitted by the Secretary of the Interior.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 321.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the sale of the southerly end of the breakwater at Indiana Harbor, Indiana.

June 30, 1932. [S. 4573.] [Public, No. 219.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War, in his discretion, is authorized to sell to the Inland Steel authorized. Company approximately one thousand nine hundred and three feet of the southerly end of the existing east breakwater of the river and harbor improvement, Indiana Harbor, Indiana, subject to such conditions and limitations as he may impose to insure proper maintenance of the breakwater and to protect the interests of navigation, Dis for the sum of \$114,180, and pay the proceeds into the Treasury of the United States.

Indiana Harbor, Ind. Sale of breakwater,

Disposition of pro-

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 322.]

AN ACT

To validate a certain conveyance heretofore made by Central Pacific Railway Company, a corporation, and its lessee, Southern Pacific Company, a corporation, to Pacific States Box and Basket Company, a corporation, involving certain portions of right of way in the vicinity of the town of Florin, county of Sacramento, State of California, acquired by the Central Pacific Railway Company under the Act of Congress approved July 1, 1862 (12 Stat. L. 489), as amended by the Act of Congress approved July 2, 1864 (13 Stat. L. 356).

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 406.] [Public, No. 220.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the conveyance in the form of a quitclaim deed executed by Central Pacific Rail- road Company. way Company, a corporation, and its lessee, Southern Pacific Com- Pacific States Box and Basket Company, pany, a corporation, as grantors, to the Pacific States Box and Basket legalized. Company, a corporation, as grantee, under date of October 20, 1930, and recorded in the office of the county recorder of Sacramento County, California, on the 3d day of November, 1930, in book numbered 321, page 380, official records of said county, involving certain lands or interests therein in the vicinity of the town of Florin, county of Sacramento, State of California, and forming a part of the right of way of said Central Pacific Railway Company granted by the Government of the United States of America by an Act of Congress approved July 1, 1862, entitled "An Act to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean and to secure to the Government the use of the same for postal, military, and other purposes" (12 Stat. L. 489), and by said Act as amended by Act of Congress approved July 2, 1864, entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean, and to secure to the Government the use of the same for postal, military, and other purposes, approved July 1, 1862 " (13 Stat. L. 356), is hereby legalized, validated, and confirmed with the same force and effect as if the land involved therein had been held at the time of such conveyance by the above-named grantors making the same under absolute fee-simple title: *Provided*, That such legalization, validation, and confirmation shall not diminish said right of way to a width less than fifty feet on either side of the center of the main track or tracks of said Central Pacific Railway Company as now established: Provided further, That nothing herein contained is intended verse or shall be construed to legalize, validate, or confirm any rights, scription, etc. titles, or interests based upon or arising out of adverse possession,

Central Pacific Rail-

Vol. 12, p. 489.

Vol. 13, p. 356.

Provisos. Right of way width.

Rights through ad-

Mineral rights reserved. prescription, or abandonment, and not confirmed by conveyance heretofore made by Central Pacific Railway Company and its lessee, Southern Pacific Company: And provided further, That there shall be reserved to the United States all oil, coal, or other minerals in the land, and the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 323.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 12078.] [Public, No. 221.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the east branch of the Niagara River at or near the city of Niagara Falls, New York.

Niagara River. Time extended for bridging at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Vol. 46, p. 764.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge authorized by Act of Congress approved June 17, 1930, to be built by the Niagara Frontier Bridge Commission, a State commission created by act of the Legislature of the State of New York, chapter 594 of the Laws of 1929, across the east branch of the Niagara River, from the city of Niagara Falls, in the county of Niagara and State of New York, at a point east of Evershed Avenue in said city of Niagara Falls, to Grand Island, in the county of Erie and State of New York, are hereby extended two and five years, respectively, from June 17, 1932. Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 324.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 4743.] [Public, No. 222.]

To amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their return to civil employment," approved June 2, 1920, as amended.

Vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry, etc. Vol. 41, p. 735; Vol. 43, p. 431; Vol. 46, p. 524, U. S. C., p. 948; Supp. V, p. 481.

Appropriations authorized for cooperating with States in promotion of.

Annual amounts.

Allotment in proportion to population.

Provisos.

Unused portions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their return to civil employment," approved June 2, 1920, as amended (U. S. C., title 29, secs. 31 and 32), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"That in order to provide for the promotion of vocational rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their placement in employment, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for the use of the States, subject to the provisions of this Act, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1934, the sum of \$1,000,000; for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1935, the sum of \$1,000,000; for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1936, the sum of \$1,000,000; and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1937, the sum of \$1,000,000. Said sums shall be allotted to the States in the proportion which their populations bear to the total population in the United States, not including Territories, outlying possessions, and the District of Columbia, according to the last preceding United States census: Provided, That the allotments of funds to any State shall not be less than a minimum of \$10,000 for any fiscal year: Provided further, That such portions of the sums allotted that will not be used in any fiscal year may be allotted in that year proportionately to the States which are

prepared through available State funds to use the additional Federal funds. And there is hereby authorized to be appropriated for Sum authorized to minimum allotments. each of the fiscal years ending June 30, 1934, June 30, 1935, June 30, 1936, and June 30, 1937, the sum of \$97,000, or so much thereof as may be needed, which shall be used for the purpose of providing the minimum allotments to the States provided for in this section.

"All money expended under the provisions of this Act from Condition appropriations authorized by section 1 shall be upon the condition by State. (1) that for each dollar of Federal money expended there shall be expended in the State under the supervision and control of the State board at least an equal amount for the same purpose: Provided, That no portion of the appropriations authorized by this Act institutions. shall be used by any institution for handicapped persons except for vocational rehabilitation of such individuals entitled to the benefits of this Act as shall be determined by the Federal board; (2) that Submission of plans, the State board. the State board shall annually submit to the Federal board for approval plans showing (a) the plan of administration and supervision of the work; (b) the qualifications of directors, supervisors, and other employees; and (c) the policies and methods of carrying on the work; (3) that the State board shall make an annual report on the work; (3) that the State board shall make an annual report by to the Federal board on or before September 1 of each year on the done, etc. work done in the State and on the receipts and expenditures of money under the provisions of this Act; (4) that no portion of any purchase, etc., or buildings or lands promoney authorized to be appropriated by this Act for the benefit of hibited the States shall be applied, directly or indirectly, to the purchase, preservation, erection, or repair of any building or buildings or equipment, or for the purchase or rental of any lands; (5) that all vocational rehabilitation service given under the supervision and employees. control of the State board shall be available, under such rules and regulations as the Federal board shall prescribe, to any civil employed regulations as the Federal board shall prescribe, to any civil employed vol.41, p. 736; Vol. 46, of the United States disabled while in the performance of his duty."

Vol. 41, p. 736; Vol. 46, p. 525.

Supp. V, p. 481.

C., title 29, sec. 34), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 3. That in order to secure the benefits of the appropriations on State. authorized by section 1 any State shall, through the legislative authority thereof, (1) accept the provisions of this Act; (2) empower and direct the board designated or created as the State Federal board board for vocational education to cooperate in the administration U.S. C., p. 609. of the provisions of the Vocational Education Act, approved February 23, 1917 (U. S. C., title 20, ch. 2), to cooperate as herein provided with the Federal Board for Vocational Education in the administration of the provisions of this Act; (3) in those States where a State workmen's compensation board, or other State board, department, or agency exists, charged with the administration of tion board. the State workmen's compensation or liability laws, the legislature shall provide that a plan of cooperation be formulated between such State board, department, or agency and the State board charged with the administration of this Act, such plan to be effective when approved by the governor of the State; (4) provide for the supervision and support of the program of vocational rehabilitation to be provided by the State board in carrying out the provisions of this Act; (5) appoint as custodian for said appropriations its State be custodians of funds. treasurer, who shall receive and provide for the proper custody and disbursement of all money paid to the State from said appropriations: Provided, That any State which, prior to June 30, 1933, priations: Provided, I nat any State which, prior to June 30, 1933, State acceptance has accepted and otherwise complied with the provisions of the Act prior to June 30, 1933, of June 30, 1933, compliance comp of June 2, 1920, as amended June 5, 1924, as amended June 9, 1930, herewith. shall be deemed to have accepted and complied with the provisions of this amendment to said Act."

Sum authorized for

Conditions required.

Proviso. Restriction on use by

Courses to be availa-able to Federal civil

Conditions imposed

Acceptance. Cooperation with

Cooperation of State

Support, courses provided.

State treasurers to

Proviso.

Vol. 41, p. 736, amended. U. S. C., p. 949. Semiannual payments to States.

Sec. 3. Section 5 of such Act of June 2, 1920, as amended (U.S. C., title 29, sec. 34), is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 5. That the Secretary of the Treasury, upon the certification of the Federal board as provided in this Act, shall pay in equal semiannual payments, on the 1st day of July and January of each year, to the custodian of each State appointed as herein provided the moneys to which it is entitled under the provisions of this Act. by The money so received by the custodian for any State shall be paid out on the requisition of the State board as reimbursement for services already rendered or expenditures already incurred and approved by said State board. The Federal Board for vocational Education shall make an annual report to the Congress on or before December 1 on the administration of this Act and shall include in such report the reports made by the State boards on the administration of this Act by each State and the expenditure of the money allotted to each

Disbursements States.

Annual report, to in-clude reports of State hoards.

Vol. 43, p. 432; Vol. State. 46, p. 526. U. S. C., p. 949; Supp. V, p. 482.

Administrative Annual tions.

Sec. 4. Section 6 of such Act of June 2, 1920, as amended (U.S. title 29, sec. 39), is amended as follows:

"Sec. 6. That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated to authorizathe Federal Board for Vocational Education the sum of \$80,000 annually for a period of four years, commencing July 1, 1933, for the purpose of making studies, investigations, and reports regarding the vocational rehabilitation of disabled persons and their placements in suitable or gainful occupations, and for the administrative expenses of said board incident to performing the duties imposed by this Act, including salaries of such assistants, experts, clerks, and other employees, in the District of Columbia or elsewhere as the board may deem necessary, actual traveling and other necessary expenses incurred by the members of the board and by its employees, under its orders, including attendance at meetings of educational associations and other organizations, rent and equipment of offices in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase of books of reference, law books, and periodicals, stationery, typewriters and exchange thereof, miscellaneous supplies, postage on foreign mail, printing and binding to be done at the Government Printing Office, and all other necessary expenses."

Printing and bind-

SEC. 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 1933.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 325.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932, [H. R. 6444.] [Public, No. 223.1

Authorizing the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, to deliver to the custody of the Alabama Society of Fine Arts, the silver service presented to the United States for the United States ship Montgomery.

"Montgomery," United States ship. Fine Arts.

No Federal expense.

Subject to recall.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary United States sinp.

Silver service of, may of the Navy is authorized, in his discretion, to deliver to the custody be delivered to custody of Alabama Society of Fine Arts, for preservation and exhibition, the silver service which was presented to the United States for the United States ship Montgomery by the citizens of that State: Provided, That no expense shall be incurred by the United States for the delivery of such silver service: Provided further, That said silver service shall be subject to recall when in the opinion of the Secretary of the Navy it may be of service to the Navy. Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 326.]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the construction and procurement of aircraft and aircraft equipment in the Navy and Marine Corps, and to adjust and define the status of the operating personnel in connection therewith," approved June 24, 1926, with reference to the number of enlisted pilots in the Navy.

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 6599.] [Public, No. 224.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph 8 Aircraft, Navy. of section 3 of the Act of June 24, 1926 (44 Stat. L. 767; U. S. C., amended. Supp. V. title 34 sec. 735) entitled "An Act to authorize the con-Supp. V, title 34, sec. 735), entitled "An Act to authorize the construction and procurement of aircraft and aircraft equipment in the Navy and Marine Corps, and to adjust and define the status of the operating personnel in connection therewith," is hereby amended to read as follows: "On and after July 1, 1932, and in time of pilots reduced." peace, not less than 20 per centum of the total number of pilots employed in aviation tactical units of the Navy and Marine Corps shall be enlisted men, except when the Secretary of the Navy shall determine that it is impracticable to secure that number of enlisted pilots."

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 327.]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to fix the clothing allowance for enlisted men of the Navy.

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 6735.] [Public, No. 225.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe the money value of clothing, ingallowance to be prebedding, and outfits in kind which may be issued to enlisted men in their first enlistment in the Navy.

Enlisted men. Navv. Money value of clothscribed.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 328.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the adjustment of the boundaries of the Siuslaw National Forest, in the State of Oregon, and for other purposes.

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 8548.] [Public, No. 226.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the Act of Congress approved March 20, 1922 (42 Stat. 465), section 485, title 16, Code of Laws of the United States be, and the vol. 42, p. 465. same are hereby, extended, and made applicable, to any lands within U.S. C., p. 420. same are hereby, extended, and made applicable, to any lands within township 12 south, ranges 6 and 7 west, Willamette meridian, Benton County, State of Oregon. Lands conveyed to the United States under this Act shall, upon acceptance of title, become parts of the Siuslaw National Forest and subject to all laws relating thereto.

Siuslaw National Forest, Oreg. Adjustment of bound-

Lands conveyed to become part of forest.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 329.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 9369.] [Public, No. 227.]

To set aside certain lands around the abandoned Bowdoin well, Montana, for recreational purposes under a lease to Phillips County Post, Numbered 57, of the American Legion, Department of Montana.

Bowdoin well, Mont. TISES. Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the south-Lands around, set aside for recreational west quarter southeast quarter and the east half southeast quarter southwest quarter of section 35, township 32 north, range 32 east, Montana principal meridian, comprising sixty acres, are hereby withdrawn from all forms of entry and dedicated to the purpose of securing the proper use of the warm waters flowing from the abandoned Bowdoin well, and to other properly related recreational uses.

Lease of tract to Phillips County Post, No. 57, American Le-gion, Mont.

Conditions.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to lease the said tract of land to Phillips County Post, Numbered 57, of the American Legion, Department of Montana, for a term of twentyfive years, subject to the express condition that said post shall use, without the privilege of underleasing or/and subleasing, such premises under such terms as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, and that all rates for the use of said premises and its appurtenances shall be fair and reasonable, and approved by him.

Regulations to be

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to make such rules and regulations as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

ICHAPTER 330.1

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 10022.] [Public, No. 228.]

Making appropriations for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

Appropriations for fiscal year ending June 30, 1933.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Independent Offices United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following Appropriation Act, 1993, Suppose and America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Executive Office and sundry independent executive bureaus, boards, commissions, and offices, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, namely:

Executive Office.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Compensation.

COMPENSATION OF THE PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT

President. Vice President.

For compensation of the President of the United States, \$75,000. For compensation of the Vice President of the United States, \$15,000.

Office of the Presidant.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Secretaries, and office personnel.

Proviso Temporary details.

Salaries: For Secretary to the President, \$10,000; two additional secretaries to the President at \$10,000 each; personal services in the office of the President, \$90,000; in all, \$120,000: Provided, That employees of the executive departments and other establishments of the executive branch of the Government may be detailed from time to time to the office of the President of the United States for such temporary assistance as may be deemed necessary.

Contingent expenses.

Contingent expenses: For contingent expenses of the Executive Office, including stationery, record books, telegrams, telephones, books for library, furniture and carpets for offices, automobiles, expenses

of garage, including labor, special services, and miscellaneous items. to be expended in the discretion of the President, \$35,000.

For printing and binding, \$2,000.

Traveling expenses: For traveling and official entertainment expenses of the President of the United States, to be expended in his discretion and accounted for on his certificate solely, \$20,000.

Printing and binding. Traveling, etc., ex-

EXECUTIVE MANSION AND GROUNDS

For the care, maintenance, repair and alteration, refurnishing, Care, repair, etc. improvement, heating, and lighting, including electric power and fixtures of the Executive Mansion, the Executive Mansion greenhouses, including reconstruction, and the Executive Mansion grounds. and traveling expenses, to be expended as the President may deter-penses,

mine, notwithstanding the provisions of any other act, \$125,000. Total, Executive Office, \$392,000.

Executive Mansion,

Traveling, etc., ex-

INDEPENDENT ESTABLISHMENTS

ALIEN PROPERTY CUSTODIAN

Funds available to the office of the Alien Property Custodian for mobile expenses for bidadministrative expenses in the District of Columbia shall not be den. used for the purchase, maintenance, operation, and/or repair of any passenger automobile.

Independent estab-lishments.

Alien Property Cus-

Use of funds for auto-

AMERICAN BATTLE MONUMENTS COMMISSION

For very expenditure requisite for or incident to the work of the American Battle Monuments Commission authorized by the Act entitled "An Act for the creation of an American Battle Monuments Commission to erect suitable memorials commemorating the services of the American soldier in Europe, and for other purposes," approved March 4, 1923 (U. S. C., title 36, secs. 121-133), including the acquisition of land or interest in land in foreign countries for eign countries. carrying out the purposes of said Act without submission to the Attorney General of the United States under the provisions of section 355 of the Revised Statutes (U.S.C., title 34, sec. 520; title 40, sec. 255); the maintenance of memorials erected by the commission until the Secretary of War is advised of their completion and assumes their maintenance; employment of personal services in the trict. District of Columbia and elsewhere; the transportation of, mileage of, reimbursement of actual travel expenses or per diem in lieu thereof to the personnel engaged upon the work of the commission; the reimbursement of actual travel expenses (not exceeding an average of \$7 per day for subsistence) or per diem in lieu thereof (not exceeding \$6 per day) to, and the transportation of the members of the commission, while engaged upon the work of the commission; the establishment of offices and the rent of office space in foreign countries; the maintenance, repair, and operation of motorpropelled passenger-carrying vehicles which may be furnished to the commission by other departments of the Government or acquired by purchase; printing, binding, engraving, lithographing, photographing, and typewriting, including the publication of information concerning the American activities, battlefields, memorials, and cemeteries in Europe; the purchase of maps, textbooks, newspapers, and periodicals, \$275,000, to be immediately available and to remain

American Battle Monuments Commis-All expenses.

Vol. 42, p. 1509. U. S. C., p. 1182.

Title to land in for-

R. S., sec. 355, p. 60. U. S. C., pp. 1122,

Services in the Dis-

Travel expenses.

Office expenses

Printing and bind-

¹ So in original.

Provisos. Contracts, etc., authorized.

Technical work abroad.

Minor purchases, etc. without advertising. R. S., sec. 3709, p. Ü. S. C., p. 1309. Traveling expenses, etc., of Army officers.

available until expended: Provided, That the commission may incur obligations and enter into contracts for building materials and supplies and for construction work, which, inclusive of the amounts herein and heretofore made available, shall not exceed a total of \$4,500,000: Provided further, That notwithstanding the requirements of existing laws or regulations and under such terms and conditions as the commission may in its discretion deem necessary and proper, the commission may contract for work in Europe, and engage, by contract or otherwise, the services of architects, firms of architects, and other technical and professional personnel: Provided further, That the commission may purchase materials and supplies without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed \$500: Provided further, That when traveling on business of the commission officers of the Army serving as members or as secretary of the commission may be reimbursed for expenses as provided for other members of the commission.

Arlington Memorial Bridge Commission.

Continuing construc-

Ante, p. 354.

Propisos. Supplies and serv-

ARLINGTON MEMORIAL BRIDGE COMMISSION

For continuing the construction of the Arlington Memorial Bridge tion of Bridge.

Vol. 43, p. 974; Vol. across the Potomac River at Washington, authorized in an Act
45, p. 721.

ontitled "An Act to provide for the construction of the Arlington Memorial Bridge

represented the construction of the Arlington Memorial Bridge

vol. 43, p. 974; Vol. across the Potomac River at Washington, authorized in an Act

and the construction of the Arlington Memorial Bridge

vol. 43, p. 974; Vol. across the Potomac River at Washington, authorized in an Act

and the construction of the Arlington Memorial Bridge

vol. 43, p. 974; Vol. across the Potomac River at Washington, authorized in an Act

and the construction of the Arlington Memorial Bridge

vol. 45, p. 721. entitled "An Act to provide for the construction of a memorial bridge across the Potomac River from a point near the Lincoln Memorial in the city of Washington to an appropriate point in the State of Virginia, and for other purposes," approved February 24, 1925 (43 Stat., p. 974), to be expended in accordance with the provisions and conditions to the said Act, \$340,000, of which not exceeding \$20,000 shall be available for clerical and accounting service, including all necessary incidental and contingent expenses, printing and binding, and traveling expenses, to remain available until expended: Provided, That the commission may procure supplies and services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes R.S., sec. 3709, p. 733. (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) when the aggregate amount involved does Reconstruction, etc., not exceed \$50: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay for the cost of reconstructing and paying Constitution Avenue. shall be used to pay for the cost of reconstructing and paving Constitution Avenue east of Virginia Avenue, as provided in the approved project, except for such portions as may abut upon Governmentowned property, and not in excess of 40 per centum of the cost of such reconstructing and paving of that portion of the said street which so abuts.

Board of Mediation.

BOARD OF MEDIATION

Members of board. All other expenses.

Reporting.

R. S., sec. 3709, p. ^{733.} U. S. C., p. 1309.

Arbitration boards. Vol. 44, p. 586. U. S. C., p. 2110.

For five members of the board, at \$12,000 each, and for other authorized expenditures of the Board of Mediation in performing the duties imposed by law, including personal services; contract stenographic reporting services without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5); supplies and equipment; law books and books of reference; not to exceed \$200 for newspapers; periodicals; traveling expenses; rent of quarters in the District of Columbia, if space is not provided by the Public Buildings Commission, and rent of quarters outside the District of Columbia, \$151,135, of which amount not to exceed \$117,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Arbitration boards: To enable the Board of Mediation to pay necessary expenses of arbitration boards, including compensation of members and employees of such boards, together with their necessary traveling expenses and expenses actually incurred for subsistence

while so employed, and printing of awards, together with proceedings and testimony relating thereto, as authorized by the Railway 733 Labor Act, including also contract stenographic reporting service without reference to section 3709, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), and rent of quarters when suitable quarters can not be supplied in any Federal building, the unexpended balances of the priated. appropriations for this purpose for the fiscal years 1930 and 1931 are reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1933.

Emergency boards: For expenses of emergency boards appointed by the President to investigate and report respecting disputes between carriers and their employees, as authorized by section 10, U. S. C., Supp. v, Railway Labor Act, approved May 20, 1926 (U. S. C., Supp. V, as p. 644. title 45, sec. 154), the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year 1931 is reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1933.

For all printing and binding for the Board of Mediation, \$1,000. Printing and bind-

Total, Board of Mediation, \$152,135.

BOARD OF TAX APPEALS

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of Vol. 43, p. 336; Vol. the Board of Tax Appeals as authorized under Title IX, section 900, 44, p. 105; Vol. 45, p. 871. of the Revenue Act of 1924, approved June 2, 1924, as amended by Title X of the Revenue Act of 1926, approved February 26, 1926, and Title IV of the Revenue Act of 1928, approved May 29, 1928, including personal services and contract stenographic reporting services to be obtained by renewal of existing contract, or otherwise, rent outside the District of Columbia, traveling expenses, car fare, stationery, furniture, office equipment, purchase and exchange of typewriters, law books and books of reference, periodicals, and all other necessary supplies, \$530,000, of which amount not to exceed \$481,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

For all printing and binding for the Board of Tax Appeals, ing. Printing and bind-\$30,000.

Total, Board of Tax Appeals, \$560,000.

BUREAU OF EFFICIENCY

For chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Sonnel. Chief, and office per-Columbia; contract stenographic reporting services; contingent expenses, including traveling expenses; supplies, stationery; purchase and exchange of equipment; not to exceed \$100 for law books, books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals; and not to exceed \$150 for street-car fare; in all, \$159,000, of which amount not to exceed \$154,000 may be expended for personal services in the District trick. of Columbia.

For all printing and binding for the Bureau of Efficiency, \$500. ing. Total, Bureau of Efficiency, \$159,500.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Salaries: For three commissioners and other personal services in office personnel. the District of Columbia, \$716,000.

Field force: For salaries of the field force, \$450,000.

No details from any executive department or independent estab- Details from departments, etc., in the lishment in the District of Columbia or elsewhere to the commis- District forbidden. sion's central office in Washington or to any of its district offices shall be made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933; but this

Reporting. Ü. S. C., p. 1309.

Balances reappro-Vol. 45, p. 1232; Vol. 46, p. 231.

Emergency boards.

Board of Tax Ap-

Efficiency Bureau.

Services in the Dis-

Printing and bind-

Civil Service Com-

Commissioners, and

Field force.

shall not affect the making of details for service as members of the boards of examiners outside the immediate offices of the district managers. The Civil Service Commission shall have power in case of emergency to transfer or detail any of its employees herein provided for to or from its office or field force.

Expert examiners.

Assignments.

For employment of expert examiners not in the Federal service to prepare questions and rate papers in examinations on special subjects for which examiners within the service are not available, \$1,000.

Examination of presidential postmasters.

For examination of presidential postmasters, including travel, stationery, contingent expenses, additional examiners, and investigators, and other necessary expenses of examinations, \$39,370, of which amount not to exceed \$34,420 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Traveling expenses, etc.

For necessary traveling expenses, including those of examiners acting under the direction of the commission, and for expenses of examinations and investigations held elsewhere than at Washington and including not exceeding \$1,000 for expenses of attendance at meetings of public officials when specifically directed by the commission, \$41,000.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses of the Civil Service Commission, including furniture and other equipment and repairs thereto; supplies; advertising; telegraph, telephone, and laundry service; freight and express charges; street-car fares not to exceed \$300; stationery; purchase and exchange of law books, books of reference, directories, subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals, not to exceed \$1,000; charts; purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor trucks, motor cycles, and bicycles; garage rent; postage stamps to prepay postage on matter addressed to Postal Union countries; special-delivery stamps; and other like miscellaneous necessary expenses not hereinbefore provided for, \$25,000.

Printing and bind-

For all printing and binding for the Civil Service Commission, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, \$40,000.

Total, Civil Service Commission, \$1,312,370.

Commission of Fine

COMMISSION OF FINE ARTS

Expenses. Vol. 36, p. 371, U. S. C., p. 1295, For expenses made necessary by the Act entitled "An Act establishing a Commission of Fine Arts," approved May 17, 1910 (U. S. C., title 40, sec. 104), including the purchase of periodicals, maps, and books of reference, and payment of actual traveling expenses of the members and secretary of the commission in attending meetings and committee meetings of the commission either within or outside of the District of Columbia, to be disbursed on vouchers approved by the commission, \$7,500, of which amount not to exceed \$5,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Printing and binding.

For all printing and binding for the Commission of Fine Arts,

Total, Commission of Fine Arts, \$7,800.

Employees' Compensation Commission.

EMPLOYEES' COMPENSATION COMMISSION

Commissioners, and office personnel.

For three commissioners and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including not to exceed \$1,000 for temporary experts and assistants in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, to be paid at a rate not exceeding \$8 per day, and for personal services in the field; for furniture and other equipment and repairs thereto; law books, books of reference, periodicals; stationery and

supplies; traveling expenses; fees and mileage of witnesses; contract stenographic reporting services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5); rent at the seat of government and elsewhere; and miscellaneous items. \$425,000.

For all printing and binding for the Employees' Compensation

Commission, \$5,000.

Employees' compensation fund: For the payment of compensation provided by "An Act to provide compensation for employees of the United States suffering injuries while in the performance of their duties, and for other purposes," approved September 7, 1916 (U.S.C., title 5, sec. 785), including medical examinations, traveling and other expenses, and loss of wages payable to employees under sections 21 and 22; all services, appliances, and supplies provided by section 9 as amended, including payments to Army and Navy Hospitals; the transportation and burial expenses provided by sections 9 and 11; and advancement of costs for the enforcement of recoveries provided in sections 26 and 27 where necessary, accruing during the fiscal year 1933 or in prior fiscal years, \$4,450,000.

Total, Employees' Compensation Commission, \$4,880,000.

Printing and bind-

Employees' compensation fund.

Vol. 39, pp. 743, 745, U. S. C., p. 80.

Burial expenses. Recoveries. Vol. 39, p. 747.

FEDERAL BOARD FOR VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Vocational tion Board.

VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Vocational education.

Educa

For extending to the Territory of Hawaii the benefits of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational education; to provide for cooperation with the States in the promotion of such education in agriculture and the trades and industries; to provide for cooperation with the States in the preparation of teachers of vocational subjects; and to appropriate money and regulate its expenditure," approved February 23, 1917 (U. S. C., title 20, secs. 11-18), in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of certain laws to the Territory of Hawaii," approved March 10, 1924 (U. S. C., title 20, sec. 29), \$30,000.

Extending benefits to Hawaii. Vol. 39, p. 929. U. S. C., p. 609.

Vol. 43, p. 18, U. S. C., p. 612.

Cooperative vocational education in agriculture and home eco-Cooperative vocational education in agriculture and nome economics: For carrying out the provisions of section 1 of the Act home economics.

This is a section 1 of the Act home economics.

Vol. 45, p. 1151. entitled "An Act to provide for the further development of vocational education in the several States and Territories," approved February 5, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, secs. 15a, 15c), \$1,500,000: p. 321. Provided, That the apportionment to the States shall be computed on the basis of not to exceed \$1,500,000 for the fiscal year 1933, portionment to states, as authorized by the Act approved February 5, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V. Supp. V. S. C., Supp. V. V, title 20, secs. 15a, 15c).

U. S. C., Supp. V, Proviso. Computation of ap-

Salaries and expenses: For carrying out the provisions of section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the further development of vocational education in the several States and Territories," p. 321. approved February 5, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, secs. 15b, 15c), \$85,000, of which amount not to exceed \$59,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Salaries and expenses. Vol. 45, p. 1151. U. S. C., Supp. V.

Cooperative Vocational Rehabilitation of Persons Disabled in tation of persons disabled in noustry.

Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational vol. 41, p. 735; vol. rehabilitation of persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told the first persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry or otherwise and their told persons disabled in industry.

Expenses. 231, p. 431; vol. 46, p. 242; title 29, sec. 35), as amended by the Act of June 2, 1920 (U. S. C., supp. V, p. 481. title 29, sec. 31), and the Act of June 9, 1930 (U.S. C., Supp. V. title 29, secs. 31-40), \$1,097,000.

Salaries and expenses.

Salaries and expenses: For making studies, investigations, and reports regarding the vocational rehabilitation of disabled persons and their placements in suitable or gainful occupations, and for the administrative expenses of said board incident to performing the duties imposed by the Act of June 2, 1920 (U.S. C., title 29, sec. 35), as amended by the Act of June 5, 1924 (U.S. C., title 29, sec. 31), and the Act of June 9, 1930 (U.S. C., Supp. V, title 29, secs. 31, 40), including salaries of such assistants, experts, clerks, and other employees, in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, as the board may deem necessary, actual traveling and other necessary expenses incurred by the members of the board and by its employees, under its orders; including attendance at meetings of educational associations and other organizations, rent and equipment of offices in the District of Columbia, and elsewhere, purchase of books of reference, law books, and periodicals, newspapers not to exceed \$50, stationery, typewriters and exchange thereof, miscellaneous supplies, postage on foreign mail, printing and binding, and all other necessary expenses, \$65,000, of which amount not to exceed \$47,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Cooperative rehabili-tation of disabled resi-dents of District of Co-lumbia.

Cooperative vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents of the District of Columbia: For personal services, printing and binding, travel and subsistence, and payment of expenses of training, placement, and other phases of rehabilitating disabled residents of the District of Columbia under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the vocational rehabilitation of disabled residents of the District of Columbia," approved February 23, 1929 (U. S.

C., Supp. V, title 29, secs. 47–47e), \$12,000.

Extending benefits to Puerto Rico.

For extending to Porto Rico the benefits of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the promotion of vocational education; to provide for cooperation with the States in the promotion of such education in agriculture and the trades and industries; to provide for cooperation with the States in the preparation of teachers of Vol. 39, p. 930; Vol. vocational subjects; and to appropriate money and regulate its 46, p. 1489, p. 609; expenditure," approved February 23, 1917 (U. S. C., title 20, secs. Supp. V, p. 321.

11–18), in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An 11-18), in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the provisions of certain laws relating to vocational education and civilian rehabilitation to Porto Rico," approved March 3, 1931 (U. S. C., title 20, secs. 11–18; title 29, secs. 31–35; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, sec. 30), \$75,000.

Federal Farm Board.

FEDERAL FARM BOARD

Salaries and expenses, Vol. 46, p. 11; Vol. 44, p. 802 U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Supplies and services. R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309.

Vehicles.

For salaries and expenses in accordance with the provisions of the "Agricultural Marketing Act," approved June 15, 1929, and the Act creating a Division of Cooperative Marketing in the Department of Agriculture, approved July 2, 1926, including stenographic reporting services to be obtained by the board through the civil service, by contract or otherwise; not to exceed \$750 for newspapers; membership fees or dues in organizations which issue publications to members only or to members at a lower price than to others, payment for which may be made in advance; manuscripts, data, and special reports by purchase or by personal services without regard to the provisions of any other Act; to procure supplies and services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed \$50; purchase and exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles and motor trucks to be used only for official purposes; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange;

garage rental in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses, including attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Federal Farm Board; payment of actual transportation expenses and not to exceed \$10 per diem to cover subsistence and other expenses while in conference and en route from and to his home to any person other than an employee or a member of an advisory commodity committee whom the board may from time to time invite to the city of Washington and elsewhere for conference and advi- ings.

Attendance at meetsory purposes in furthering the work of the board; the employment of persons, firms, and others for the performance of special services, including legal services and other miscellaneous expenses, all limit. unexpended balances of appropriations for the Federal Farm Board, not exceeding \$800,000, are hereby made available for the purposes enumerated in this paragraph: Provided, That during the fiscal transfers of fund year 1933, when the Federal Farm Board requires cooperative work departments, etc. by any department or independent establishment of the Government within the scope of the functions of such department or establishment and which such department or establishment is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations, the Federal Farm Board may transfer from this appropriation to such department or establishment, with the approval of the head thereof, such sum or sums for direct expenditure as may be necessary for the performance of such additional work: Provided, further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay any salary in excess of \$10,000 per annum, or any salary in excess of \$8,500 per annum except to members of the Board and the general counsel.

Traveling expenses.

Balances available:

Provisos. Transfers of funds for

Salary restriction.

FEDERAL OIL CONSERVATION BOARD

Federal Oil Conservation Board.

Expenses.

For the expenses of the Federal Oil Conservation Board convened by the President on December 19, 1924, and for each purpose connected therewith, to be expended by the secretary of the board under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, under general regulations to be approved by the board, \$10,000.

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

Federal Power Com-

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Federal Power Commission as authorized by law, including per-46, p. 797, conel convices: traveling expenses including expenses of attendance and S. S. C., Supp. V, p. sonal services; traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance 206. at meetings which in the discretion of the Commission are necessary for the efficient discharge of its responsibilities; contract stenographic reporting services; reimbursement to governmental agencies of the cost of furnishing motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicle service, and not exceeding \$1,000 for law books, books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals, \$250,000, of which amount not to exceed \$210,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia, including five commissioners at \$10,000 each.

For all printing and binding for the Federal Power Commission, inc.

Printing and bind.

Total, Federal Power Commission, \$254,000.

FEDERAL RADIO COMMISSION

For five commissioners, at \$10,000 each per annum, and for all all other expenses. other authorized expenditures of the Federal Radio Commission in 46, p. 50. performing the duties imposed by the Radio Act of 1927, as amended, including personal services, contract stenographic reporting services without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes 733.

Federal Radio Commission.

Reporting. R. S., sec. 3709, p. U. S. C., p. 1309. Miscellaneous.

(U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), rental of quarters, newspapers, periodicals, reference books, law books, special counsel fees, supplies and equipment, which may be purchased without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed \$25, traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings which in the discretion of the commission are necessary for the efficient discharge of its responsibilities, and other necessary expenses, \$366,000, of which amount not to exceed \$330,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Services in the Dis-

Printing and binding.

For all printing and binding for the Federal Radio Commission, \$16,000.

Total, Federal Radio Commission, \$382,000.

Federal Trade Commission.

Commissioners. All other expenses. Vol. 38, p. 717. U. S. C., p. 356.

Supplies. R. S., Sec. 3709, p. Ü. S. C., p. 1309.

Services in the Dis-

Proviso. Amount immediatelv available.

Printing and binding.

\$30,000.

Total, Federal Trade Commission, \$1,466,500.

General Accounting Office.

Comptroller General, Assistant, and office personnel.

Contingent expenses.

Proviso. Ü. S. C., p. 1309.

Printing and binding.

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

For five commissioners, at \$10,000 each per annum, and for all other authorized expenditures of the Federal Trade Commission in performing the duties imposed by law or in pursuance of law, including secretary to the commission and other personal services, contract stenographic reporting services without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U.S.C., title 41, sec. 5); supplies and equipment, law books, books of reference, periodicals, garage rental, traveling expenses, including not to exceed \$900 for expenses of attendance, when specifically authorized by the commission, at meetings concerned with the work of the Federal Trade Commission, not to exceed \$300 for newspapers, foreign postage, and witness fees, and mileage in accordance with section 9 of the Federal Trade Commission Act, \$1,436,500, of which amount \$300,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be for the power and gas utilities and chain stores investigations, and not to exceed \$1,170,500 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, including witness fees: Provided, That \$60,000 of the amount appropriated shall be immediately available for the payment of salaries and expenses in the fiscal year 1932. For all printing and binding for the Federal Trade Commission.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE

Salaries: Comptroller General, \$10,000: for Assistant Comptroller General and other personal services in the District of Columbia,

\$4,052,620; in all, \$4,062,620.

Contingent expenses: For traveling expenses, including stenographic reporting service outside of the District of Columbia not exceeding \$2,500, by contract or otherwise; materials, supplies, equipment, and services; rent of buildings and equipment; purchase and exchange of books, law books, books of reference, and periodicals, typewriters, calculating machines, and other office appliances, including their development, repairs, and maintenance, including one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; and miscellaneous items, \$125,000: Provided, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes Minor purchases. R. S. sec. 3709, p. (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service rendered for the General Accounting Office when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed the sum of \$50.

For all printing and binding for the General Accounting Office, including monthly and annual editions of selected decisions of the Comptroller General of the United States, \$75,000.

Total, General Accounting Office, \$4,262,620.

GEORGE ROGERS CLARK SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMISSION

George Rogers Clark Sesquicentennial Commission.

For carrying into effect the provisions of the joint resolution penses. entitled "Joint resolution providing for the participation of the entitled "Joint resolution providing for the participation of the Memorial commem-United States in the celebration in 1929 and 1930 of the one hundred in winning of old and fiftieth anniversary of the conquest of the Northwest Territory Northwest. by General George Rogers Clark and his army, and authorizing an appropriation for the construction of a permanent memorial of the Revolutionary War in the West, and of the accession of the old Northwest to the United States on the site of Fort Sackville, which was captured by George Rogers Clark and his men February 25, 1779," approved May 23, 1928 (45 Stat., pp. 723, 724), as amended by the Act of February 28, 1931 (46 Stat., pp. 1459-1460), \$400,000.

Participation ex-

Vol. 45, p. 724; Vol. 46, p. 1459.

GEORGE WASHINGTON BICENTENNIAL COMMISSION

For carrying out the provisions of the public resolution entitled "Joint resolution authorizing an appropriation for the participation of the United States in the preparation and completion of plans for the comprehensive observance of that greatest of all historic events, the bicentennial of the birthday of George Washington," approved December 2, 1924 (43 Stat., p. 671), and all other activities authorized by the Act entitled "An Act to enable the George Washington Bicentennial Commission to carry out and give effect to certain approved plans," approved February 21, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 71), including personal services without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and civil-service regulations, traveling expenses, furniture and equipment, supplies, printing and binding, rent of buildings in the District of Columbia, and all other expenditures authorized by the above Acts, \$200,000, to be available until expended, together with all balances remaining unexpended from appropriations previously made for the use of this commission for each and every object of expenditure connected with the celebration notwithstanding amounts previously authorized for the cost of activities and the provisions of any other Act relating to the expenditure of public moneys, upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the executive committee, or such person as may be designated by him to approve vouchers: Provided, That nothing contained in this paragraph shall be construed to waive the submission of accounts and vouchers to the General Accounting Office for audit.

George Washington Bicentennial Commission.

Services penses.

Vol. 43, p. 671.

Vol. 46, p. 71,

Personal services.

Balances available.

Proviso. Accounting.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

For eleven commissioners, at \$12,000 each; secretary, \$9,000, and retary, and other perfor all other authorized expenditures necessary in the execution of sonal services. laws to regulate commerce, including one chief counsel, one director of finance, and one director of traffic at \$10,000 each per annum, traveling expenses, and stenographic reporting services to be obtained on and after the approval of this Act by the commission, in its discretion, through the civil service or by contract or renewal of existing contract, or otherwise, \$2,600,000, of which amount not to exceed \$2,282,530 may be expended for personal services in the trick. District of Columbia, exclusive of special counsel, for which the expenditure shall not exceed \$50,000; not exceeding \$3,000 for purchase and exchange of necessary books, reports, and periodicals; not exceeding \$100 in the open market for the purchase of office furniture similar in class or kind to that listed in the general supply schedule:

Interstate Commerce

Reporting services.

Services in the Dis-

Books, furniture, etc.

Proviso.
Rent restriction.

Enforcing accounting by railroads. Vol. 34, p. 593; Vol. 36, p. 556, Vol. 41, p. 493.

Services in the Dis-

Safety of employees. Appliances, etc.

Vol. 27, p. 531; Vol. 29, p. 85; Vol. 32, p. 943; Vol. 36, p. 298. Accidents. Vol. 36, p. 350. Safety signals. Vol. 34, p. 838; Vol. 35, p. 324; Vol. 38, p. 212. U. S. C., p. 1441.

Inspectors.

Safety systems. Vol. 41, p. 498. U. S. C., p. 1673.

Automatic train con-

Vol. 34, p. 838. U. S. C., p. 1441.

Locomotive inspection. Vol. 36, p. 913; Vol. 38, p. 1192; Vol. 40, p. 616. U. S. C., p. 1439.

Vol. 43, p. 659. U. S. C., p. 1441.

Additional inspectors. Vol. 36, p. 914; Vol. 43, p. 659; Vol. 46, p. 823. U. S. C., pp. 1439, 1441; Supp. V, p. 643. *Provided*, That this appropriation shall not be available for rent of buildings in the District of Columbia if suitable space is provided

by the Public Buildings Commission.

Regulating commerce: To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to enforce compliance with section 20 and other sections of the Act to regulate commerce as amended by the Act approved June U.S.C., pp. 1668-1670. 29, 1906 (U.S.C., title 49, sec. 20), and as amended by the Transportation Act, 1920 (U. S. C., title 49, sec. 20), including the employment of necessary special accounting agents or examiners, and traveling expenses, \$683,560, of which amount not to exceed \$75,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Safety of employees: To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to keep informed regarding and to enforce compliance with Acts to promote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads; the Act requiring common carriers to make reports of accidents and authorizing investigations thereof; and to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to investigate and test appliances intended to promote the safety of railway operation, as authorized by the joint resolution approved June 30, 1906 (U. S. C., title 45, sec. 35), and the provision of the Sundry Civil Act approved May 27, 1908 (U. S. C., title 45, secs. 36, 37), to investigate, test experimentally, and report on the use and need of any appliances or systems intended to promote the safety of railway operation, inspectors, and for traveling expenses, \$500,000, of which amount not to exceed \$91,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Signal safety systems: For all authorized expenditures under section 26 of the Act to regulate commerce as amended by the Transportation Act, 1920 (U. S. C., title 49, sec. 26), with respect to the provision thereof under which carriers by railroad subject to the Act may be required to install automatic train-stop or train-control devices which comply with specifications and requirements prescribed by the commission, including investigations and tests pertaining to block-signal and train-control systems, as authorized by the joint resolution approved June 30, 1906 (U. S. C., title 45, sec. 35), and including the employment of the necessary engineers, and for traveling expenses, \$40,000, of which amount not to exceed \$30,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Locomotive inspection: For all authorized expenditures under the provisions of the Act of February 17, 1911, "To promote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads by compelling common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to equip their locomotives with safe and suitable boilers and appurtenances thereto" (U. S. C., title 45, sec. 22), as amended by the Act of March 4, 1915, extending "the same powers and duties with respect to all parts and appurtenances of the locomotive and tender" (U. S. C., title 45, sec. 30), and amendment of June 7, 1924 (U.S.C., title 45, sec. 27), providing for the appointment from time to time by the Interstate Commerce Commission of not more than fifteen inspectors in addition to the number authorized in the first paragraph of section 4 of the Act of 1911 (U.S. C., title 45, sec. 26), and the amendment of June 27, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 45, secs. 24, 26), including such legal, technical, stenographic, and clerical help as the business of the offices of the chief inspector and his two assistants may require, and for traveling expenses, \$400,000, of which amount not to exceed \$65,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Valuation of property of carriers: To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to complete carrying out the objects of the Act vol. 37, p. 701; Vol. entitled "An Act to amend an Act entitled 'An Act to regulate com-40, p. 271; Vol. 43, p. 624. merce,' approved February 4, 1887, and all Acts amendatory thereof," by providing for a valuation of the several classes of property of carriers subject thereto and securing information concerning their stocks, bonds, and other securities, approved March 1, 1913 (U.S. C., title 49, sec. 19a), including one director of valuation at \$10,000 per annum, one supervisor of land appraisals, one supervising engineer, one supervisor of accounts, and one principal valuation examiner, at \$9,000 each per annum, and traveling expenses, \$2,750,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall not be available for rent the District. of buildings in the District of Columbia if suitable space is provided by the Public Buildings Commission.

For all printing and binding for the Interstate Commerce Com- ing. mission, including reports in all cases proposing general changes in transportation rates and not to exceed \$10,000 to print and furnish to the States at cost report form blanks, and the receipts from such reports and blanks shall be credited to this appropriation, \$175,000: Provided, That no part of this sum shall be expended for printing the Schedule of Sailings required by section 25 of the Inter-excluded. Vol. 41, p. 497.

state Commerce Acts.

Not to exceed \$2,500 of the appropriations herein made for the Attendance at meet-Interstate Commerce Commission shall be available for expenses, except membership fees, for attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the commission.

Total, Interstate Commerce Commission, \$7,148,560.

MOUNT RUSHMORE NATIONAL MEMORIAL COMMISSION

Mount Rushmore National Memorial Commission: For carrying ated. Balances reappropriinto effect the provisions of the Act creating the Mount Rushmore National Memorial Commission, approved February 25, 1929 (45) Stat., p. 1300), the unexpended balances of the appropriations for this purpose for the fiscal years 1929, 1930, and 1931 are reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1933; and in addition thereto \$25,000 to be expended under the provisions of the Act of February 25, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1300).

NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS National Advisory for Aeronautics nautics.

For scientific research, technical investigations, and special reports tific research, etc. in the field of aeronautics, including the necessary laboratory and technical assistants; contracts for personal services in the making of special investigations and in the preparation of special reports; traveling expenses of members and employees; including not to exceed \$500 for expenses, except membership fees, of attendings ance upon meetings of technical and professional societies; office supplies and other miscellaneous expenses, including technical periodicals and books of reference; equipment, maintenance, and operation of the Langley Memorial Aeronautical Laboratory; purchase, maintenance, operation, and exchange of motor-propelled passengercarrying vehicles, including not more than one for general administrative use in the District of Columbia; personal services in the field and the District of Columbia; in all, \$900,000, of which amount not to exceed \$2,000 may be expended for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (46 Stat. 818), and not to exceed \$100,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Issue of stock, etc. U. S. C., p. 1667.

Proviso. Rent restriction in

Printing and bind-

Proviso. Schedule of Sailings

Mount Rushmore National Memorial Commission.

Vol. 45, pp. 1300, 1627; Vol. 46, p. 239.

Attendance at meet-

Langley laboratory.

Personal services.

Living quarters.

Vol. 46, p. 818.

Printing and binding.

For all printing and binding for the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, including all of its offices, laboratories, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere,

Total, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, \$920,000.

Personnel Classification Board.

PERSONNEL CLASSIFICATION BOARD

All expenses. Vol. 42, p. 1488; Vol. 45, p. 776; Vol. 46, p. 1003. V, p. 28.

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Personnel Classification Board, as authorized by the Classi-T. S. C., p. 65; Supp. fication Act of 1923, as amended, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, traveling expenses, telegrams, telephone service, printing and binding, law books, books of reference, periodicals, stationery, furniture, office equipment, other supplies, street-car fares (not exceeding \$100), purchase and exchange of typewriters and labor-saving devices, \$145,116.

Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND PUBLIC PARKS OF THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Personal services.

For personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, \$2,500,000, including not to exceed \$25,000 for intermittent and

Maintenance, etc., of designated grounds, etc. buildings, Post, p. 781.

seasonal employees at per diem rates of compensation to be fixed by the director. For general expenses in connection with the maintenance, care, improvement, protection, operation, repair, cleaning, heating, and

Vol. 46, p. 482,

lighting of the Washington Monument and grounds; the Lincoln Memorial and the reflecting pool; the house where Abraham Lincoln died; the Arlington Memorial Bridge; the Mount Vernon Memorial Highway and other Federal lands authorized by the Act of May 29, 1930 (46 Stat., 482); grounds surrounding executive departments; and public buildings in the District of Columbia under the jurisdiction of the Office of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital, including per diem employees at rates of pay approved by the director, not exceeding current rates for similar employment in the District of Columbia; rent of buildings in the District of Columbia, and salaries for maintenance and operation of the buildings when such maintenance and operation is not furnished by the owner under terms of the lease: Provided, That any funds for the fiscal year 1933 appropriated for rents and maintenance of buildings in the District of Columbia for any of the executive departments and independent establishments may be transferred, with the approval of the Public Buildings Commission, to the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital; city

directories; contingent expenses; traveling expenses and carfare not exceeding \$300; communication service; professional, scientific, technical, and law books; periodicals and reference books; blank books and forms; photographs; maps, leather and rubber articles and gas masks for the protection of public property and employees; not exceeding \$13,000 for uniforms for employees; the maintenance,

repair, exchange, storage, and operation of not to exceed one motorpropelled passenger-carrying vehicle, the demolition of buildings; incidental grading of the Mall to utilize available fill, the purchase,

Proviso.
Funds for rent, etc., for departments may be transferred to Direc-

Contingent expenses.

Uniforms for employ-

Mall, grading, etc.

Mount Vernon highway police.

Vol. 43, p. 671; Vol. 45, p. 721; Vol. 46, p. 483.

maintenance, and repair of equipment and fixtures, \$1,510,933. Mount Vernon highway police: For pay and allowances and for uniforming and equipping, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 27, 1924, as amended, the police force to be engaged in patrolling the Mount Vernon Memorial Highway in the State of

Virginia, and other Federal lands, as authorized by the Act approved May 29, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 483), including the purchase, issue, operation, maintenance, repair, exchange, and storage of revolvers, bicycles, motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and ammunition, \$12,000.

For all printing and binding for the Office of Public Buildings and

Public Parks of the National Capital, \$3,000.

Total, Office of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital, \$4,025,933.

Printing, etc.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS COMMISSION

For all necessary expenses incident to moving various Government ring offices, etc. departments, bureaus, divisions, and independent establishments and parts thereof from one building to another or moves within a building in the District of Columbia in connection with the assignment, allocation, transfer, and survey of space, including the removal and erection of building partitions, including personal services, without reference to civil-service rules, at rates of pay fixed and determined by the commission and without reference to the Classification Act of 1923 as amended: Provided, That the money herein appropriated may be used for reimbursing the Government departments, bureaus, divisions, independent establishments, and offices for actual expenses incurred by them in complying with the orders of the commission; to be expended on vouchers signed by the chairman of the commission; to be available immediately, and to remain available until expended, \$100,000.

Public Buildings Commission.

Expenses of transfer-

Reimbursing offices for expenses incurred.

SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION

Smithsonian Institu-

For expenses of the general administrative office, Smithsonian penses. Institution, including an additional assistant secretary at \$9,000 per annum during the present incumbency, compensation of necessary employees, traveling expenses, purchase of books and periodicals, supplies and equipment, and any other necessary expenses, \$38,644.

Administrative ex-

International exchanges: For the system of international exchanges International exchanges. between the United States and foreign countries, under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution, including necessary employees, and purchase of necessary books and periodicals, and traveling expenses, \$47,529.

American ethnology: For continuing ethnological researches among the American Indians and the natives of Hawaii, the excavation and preservation of archæologic remains under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution, including necessary employees, the preparation of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations, the purchase of books and periodicals, and traveling expenses, \$66,640.

American ethnology.

International Catalogue of Scientific Literature: For the coopera- International Catalogue of Scientific Literature tion of the United States in the work of the International Catalogue erature. of Scientific Literature, including the preparation of a classified index catalogue of American scientific publications for incorporation in the International Catalogue, clerk hire, purchase of books and periodicals, traveling expenses, and other necessary incidental expenses, \$5,650.

Astrophysical Observatory: For maintenance of the Astrophysical Astrophysical Observatory. Observatory, under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution, including assistants, purchase of books, periodicals, and apparatus, making necessary observations in high altitudes, repairs and alterations of buildings, preparation of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations, traveling expenses, and miscellaneous expenses, \$32,094.

Equipment, etc.

For cases, furniture, fixtures, and appliances required for the exhibition and safe-keeping of collections; heating, lighting, electrical, telegraphic, and telephonic service, repairs and alterations of buildings, shops, and sheds, including approaches and all necessary material; personal services, and traveling and other necessary incidental expenses, \$148,370.

Preserving collections, etc.

For continuing preservation, exhibition, and increase of collections from the surveying and exploring expeditions of the Government, and from other sources, including personal services, traveling expenses, purchasing and supplying uniforms to guards and elevator conductors, postage stamps and foreign postal cards and all other necessary expenses, and not exceeding \$5,500 for preparation of manuscripts, drawings, and illustrations for publications, and not exceeding \$3,000 for purchase of books, pamphlets, and periodicals \$617,760.

Contingent expenses.

National Gallery of

NATIONAL GALLERY OF ARTS

Administrative expenses.

For the administration of the National Gallery of Art by the Institution including compensation of necessary employees, purchase of books of reference and periodicals, traveling expenses, uniforms for guards, and necessary incidental expenses, \$38,220.

PRINTING AND BINDING

Printing and binding.

For all printing and binding for the Smithsonian Institution, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, \$62,422, of which not to exceed \$12,000 shall be available for printing the report of the American Historical Association: Provided, That the expendi-Proviso.
No pro rata restrict ture of this sum shall not be restricted to a pro rata amount in any period of the fiscal year.

American Historical Association.

Proviso. tion.
Gellatly art collection, New York City.

For administration, maintenance, and exhibition in New York City of the Gellatly art collection, including rental, services, travel, and all other necessary incidental expenses, \$17,500.

Services in the District.

Total Smithsonian Institution, \$1,074,829, of which amount not to exceed \$875,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Supreme Court Building Commission. Construction, ex-

SUPREME COURT BUILDING COMMISSION

Supreme Court Building: For continuing the construction of the building for the United States Supreme Court in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the construction of a building for the Supreme Court of the United States," approved December 20, 1929 (46 Stat., pp. 50-51), \$1,000,000, to remain available until expended.

Vol. 46, p. 51,

pended.

Tariff Commission.

Available until ex-

TARIFF COMMISSION

Salaries and expenses.

For salaries and expenses of the United States Tariff Commission, including purchase and exchange of labor-saving devices, the purchase of professional and scientific books, law books, books of reference, gloves and other protective equipment for photostat and other machine operators, rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals, and contract stenographic reporting services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), as authorized by sections 330 to 341 of the Tariff Act of 1930, approved June 17, 1930 (U.S. C., Supp. IV, title 19, secs. 1330-1341), \$1,000,000, of which amount not

to exceed \$787,500 may be expended for personal services in the

Reporting. R. S. sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309.

Vol. 46, p. 696. U. S. C., Supp. V, D. 290.

District of Columbia; not to exceed \$2,500 for expenses, except membership fees, of attendance at meetings concerned with subjects under investigation by the commission; and not to exceed \$7,500 for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V. IV, title 5, sec. 118a): Provided, That the commission may procure IV, title 5, sec. 118a): Provided, That the commission may procure supplies and services without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed \$50: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the salary of any member of the United States Tariff Commission who shall hereafter participate in any proceedings under sections 336, 337, and 338 of the Tariff Act of 1930, wherein he or any member of his family has any special, direct, and pecuniary interest, or in which he has acted as attorney or special representative.

For all printing and binding for the Tariff Commission, \$20,000. ing.

Total, Tariff Commission, \$1,020,000.

Living quarters. Supplies and services. R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309. Salary restriction.

Vol. 46, p. 701,

Printing and bind-

UNITED STATES GEOGRAPHIC BOARD

Geographic Board.

For salaries and expenses of the United States Geographic Board, including personal services in the District of Columbia, and for stationery and office supplies, \$8,178.

For printing and binding, \$1,500.

Total, United States Geographic Board, \$9,678.

Salaries and expenses.

Printing and binding.

UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD

Shipping Board.

Commissioners. All other expenses. Personnel included.

Outside rent.

For seven commissioners at \$12,000 each per annum and for all other expenditures authorized by law, including the compensation of a secretary to the board, attorneys, officers, naval architects, special experts, examiners, and clerks, including one admiralty counsel at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum, one technical expert in connection with construction loan fund, at not to exceed \$10,000 per annum, and other employees in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and for all other expenses of the board, including the rental of quarters outside the District of Columbia, law books, books of reference, periodicals, and not exceeding \$600 for newspapers, and traveling expenses of members of the board, its special experts, and other employees, while upon official business away from their designated posts of duty, including attendance at meetings or conventions of members of any society or association, the purpose of which the board may consider of interest to the development and maintenance of an American merchant marine, when incurred on the written authority of the chairman of the board, and for the employment by contract or otherwise of expert stenographic reporters for its official reporting work including the investigation of foreign discrimination against crimination against vessels and shippers of the United States and for the investigation American vessels, etc. of transportation of immigrants in vessels of the United States Shipping Board, \$350,000, of which amount not to exceed \$320,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the annual estimates of the Shipping Board for the Provided, That the annual estimates of the Shipping Board for the Estimates of assign-fiscal year 1934 shall be accompanied by a statement showing the ments from Fleet Corporation. number and compensation of employees of the Fleet Corporation assigned to the Shipping Board: Provided further, That employees of the Merchant Fleet Corporation assigned to and serving with the etc. Shipping Board whose compensation is within the range of salary prescribed for the appropriate grade to which the position has been

Provisos.

No salary reduction,

Vol. 46, p. 1003. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Printing and binding.

allocated under the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, shall not be subject to reduction in salary by reason of their transfer

during the fiscal year 1933 to the pay roll of the Shipping Board.

For all printing and binding for the United States Shipping Board, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, \$10,000.

Shipping Board

UNITED STATES SHIPPING BOARD SHIPPING FUND

Merchant Fleet Corporation expenses payable from.

Sources of.

sales of ships and sur-plus property.

Proviso. Experimental work. Vol. 45, p. 1244.

therefrom.

Operating ships for carrying coal to foreign ports.
Balance available.
Vol. 45, p. 1244.

Special claims. Balance for, continued. Vol. 45, p. 1244.

Operation of ships taken back from purchasers.

For expenses of the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, for administrative purposes, miscellaneous adjustments, losses due to the maintenance and operation of ships, including operation through an agreement to pay a lump-sum compensation, for the protection of the interests of the United States in any vessel on which the United States holds a mortgage, for the repair of ships, for the purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor vehicles for official purposes only; for the payment of premiums for liability, fire, theft, property damage, and collision insurance and for other forms of insurance, including schedule and fidelity bonds, commonly carried by commercial corporations engaged in the same or a similar business, and for carrying out the provisions of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, and amendments thereto, (a) the amount of oper-Amount on hand ating funds on hand July 1, 1932, not to exceed \$50,000,000, including July 1, 1932.
Salaries and ex- the salaries of employees of the Fleet Corporation assigned to the penses. Receipts, other than Shipping Board; (b) all amounts received during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, other than the proceeds of sales of ships and surplus property; (c) so much of the total proceeds of sales of ships and surplus property received during the fiscal year 1933, but not Liquidation expenses. exceeding \$1,500,000, as is necessary to meet the expenses of liquidation, including the costs incident to the delivery of vessels to purchasers, the cost of maintaining the laid-up fleet and the salaries and expenses of the personnel engaged in liquidation: Provided, That the unexpended balance of \$500,000 made available for experimental and research work in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1930 is hereby reappropriated and made available until June 30, 1933, for the same purposes and under the same terms, including supervision and inspection of construction of vessels on which loans have been made from the construction loan fund: Claims not payable Provided further, That no part of these sums, (a), (b), and (c), and the payment of claims arising out of the construction and requisitioning of vessels; (d) all interest earned on the funds, excepting the construction loan fund, of the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation is to accrue to these funds and is made available for the purposes hereinbefore set forth subject to the limitations herein established: Provided further, That the unexpended balances of the sums made available by the Independent Offices Appropriation Act, 1930, for reconditioning and operating ships for carrying coal to foreign ports shall continue available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1933.

That portion of the special claims appropriation, contained in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1923, committed prior to July 1, 1923, and remaining unexpended on June 30, 1932, shall continue available until June 30, 1933, for the same

purposes and under the same conditions.

To enable the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation to operate ships or lines of ships which have been or may be taken back from purchasers by reason of competition or other methods employed by foreign shipowners or operators, there is hereby reappropriated the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$10,000,000 made for similar purposes in the Independent Offices Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1927: Provided, That no expenditure shall be made for the purposes of this paragraph from required. this sum without the prior approval of the President of the United States.

Proviso President's approval

Not more than two passenger-carrying motor vehicles may be tion. Motor vehicle restriction. maintained and/or operated in the District of Columbia from the appropriations in this Act for the United States Shipping Board and the United States Shipping Board Fleet Corporation. Such vehicles shall be for the use of the officers and employees of the Shipping Board and the Fleet Corporation, under the direction of the chairman of the Shipping Board and the president of the Merchant Fleet Corporation.

No part of the sums appropriated in this Act shall be used to pay torneys subject to apthe compensation of any attorney, regular or special, for the United proval of Attorney States Chimping Board Mon General. States Shipping Board or the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation unless the contract of employment has been approved by the Attorney General of the United States.

No officer or employee of the United States Shipping Board or the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation shall be paid a salary or compensation at a rate per annum in excess of \$10,000 except the following: One at not to exceed \$18,000, and two at not to exceed \$12,000 each.

Pay restriction.

No part of the funds of the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation shall be available for the rent of buildings in the District of Columbia during the fiscal year 1933 if suitable space is provided for said corporation by the Public Buildings Commission.

Rent in the District.

No part of the funds of the United States Shipping Board Merchant Fleet Corporation shall be available during the fiscal year 1933 for the purchase of any kind of fuel oil of foreign production for issue, delivery, or sale to ships at points either in the United States or its possessions, where oil of the production of the United States or its possessions is available, if the cost of such oil compared with foreign oil costs be not unreasonable.

Foreign fuel oil.

Of the sums herein made available under the United States Shipping Board, not to exceed an aggregate of \$125,000 shall be expended for compensation of regular attorneys employed on a yearly salary basis, their clerical and legal assistants, and for fees and expenses of attorneys employed in special cases.

Regular attorneys.

None of the money herein appropriated or authorized shall be ingcorporations. used to make loans to any corporation with which the Postmaster General has made a contract for the carrying of mail under the ler. provisions of the Merchant Marine Act of 1928, which contract has not been approved by the Comptroller General.

Special attorneys.

Loans to mail carry-

Total, United States Shipping Board, \$360,000.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Veterans' Adminis-

MILITARY SERVICES

Administration, Medical, Hospital, and Domiciliary Services: For Medical, Hospital, and all salaries and expenses of the Veterans' Administration, including Omiciliary Services. Salaries and expenses. the expenses of maintenance and operation of medical, hospital, and domiciliary services of the Veterans' Administration, in carrying out the duties, powers, and functions devolving upon it pursuant to the authority contained in the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the

Vol. 46, p. 1016.

Provisos. Attendance at meetings, etc.

Objects designated. Services, rentals, etc., the District and elsewhere.

Transfer of effects.

Wearing apparel.

Motor vehicles.

Arlington Building.

Transfer of funds to other departments.

Farms, maintenance, etc. Recreational vol. 46, p. 991.

Funeral expenses.

Provisos. Fund available for purchasing tobacco.

Experiments in de-termining value of dif-ferent treatments.

Use for new hospital hospitals, forbidden.

Amount for improvements, etc.

U. s. c., supp. v, President to consolidate and coordinate governmental activities affecting war veterans," approved July 3, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. IV, title 38, secs. 11–11f), and any and all laws for which the Veterans' Administration is now or may hereafter be charged with administering, \$115,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$3,500 of this amount shall be available for expenses, except membership fees, of employees detailed by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs to attend meetings of associations for the promotion of medical science and annual national conventions of organized war veterans: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available also for personal services and rentals in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including traveling expenses; examination of estimates of appropriations in the field including actual expenses of subsistence or per diem allowance in lieu thereof; for expenses incurred in packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of household effects and other property, not exceeding in any one case five thousand pounds, of employees when transferred from one official station to another for permanent duty and when specifically authorized by the administrator; furnishing and laundering of such wearing apparel as may be prescribed for employees in the performance of their official duties; purchase and exchange of law books, books of reference, periodicals, and newspapers; for passenger-carrying and other motor vehicles, including purchase, maintenance, repair, and operation of same, including not more than two passenger automobiles for general administrative use of the bureau in the District of Columbia and three for the Washington, District of Columbia regional office; for operating expenses of the Arlington Building and annex, including repairs and mechanical equipment, fuel, electric current, ice, ash removal, and miscellaneous items; for allotment and transfer to the Public Health Service, the War, Navy, and Interior Departments, for disbursement by them under the various headings of their applicable appropriations, of such amounts as are necessary for the care and treatment of beneficiaries of the Veterans' Administration, including minor repairs and improvements of existing facilities under their jurisdiction necessary to such care and treatment; for expenses incidental to the maintenance and operation of farms; for recreational articles and facilities at institutions maintained by the Veterans' Administration; for administrative expenses incidental to securing employment for war veterans; for funeral, burial, and other expenses incidental thereto for beneficiaries of the Veterans' Administration accruing during the fiscal year 1933 or prior fiscal years: Provided further, That the appropriations herein made for the care and maintenance of veterans in hospitals or homes under the jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration shall be available for the purchase of tobacco to be furnished, subject to such regulations as the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall prescribe, to veterans receiving hospital treatment or domiciliary care in Veterans' Administration hospitals or homes: Provided further, That the appropriations herein made for medical and hospital services under the jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration shall be available, not to exceed \$15,000, for experimental purposes to determine the value of certain types of treatment.

No part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase of any site for or toward the construction of any new hospital or home, or for the purchase of any hospital or home; and not more than \$5,030,023 of this appropriation may be used to repair, alter, improve, or provide facilities in the several hospitals and homes under the jurisdiction of the Veterans' Administration either by contract or by the hire of temporary employees and the purchase of materials.

For printing and binding for the Veterans' Administration, including all its bureaus and functions located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, \$150,000: Provided, That the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs is authorized to utilize the print-ments. ing and binding equipment which the various hospitals and ĥomes of the Veterans' Administration use for occupational therapy purposes for the purpose of doing such printing and binding as may, in his judgment, be found advisable for the use of the Veterans' Administration, notwithstanding the provisions of section 87 of the waived. Vol. 28, p. 622; Vol. Act entitled "An Act providing for the public printing and binding 40, p. 1270.

U. S. C., p. 1421. and the distribution of public documents," approved January 12, 1895, and section 11 of the Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, and for other purposes, approved March 1, 1919 (U. S. C., title 44, sec. 111).

March 1, 1919 (U. S. C., title 44, sec. 111).

Compensation: For the payment of military and naval compensation, etc.

Vol. 41, p. 371; Vol. 43,
tion, emergency officers' retirement pay, and disability allowances, pp. 615, 1304; Vol. 44,
energying during the fiscal year 1933 or in prior fiscal years for death

Military and naval
compensation, etc.

Vol. 41, p. 371; Vol. 43,
p. 695. accruing during the fiscal year 1933 or in prior fiscal years for death or disability provided by the Act approved October 6, 1917, as amended, and the World War Veterans' Act 1924, approved June 7, 1924, as amended (U. S. C., title 38, secs. 421-576; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 38, secs. 422-537), and the Act entitled "An Act making V, title 38, secs. 422-537), and the Act entitled "An Act making Emergency officers eligible for retirement, under certain conditions, officers and former retired for physical disability. officers of the Army, Navy, and Marine Corps of the United States, other than officers of the Regular Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, who incurred physical disability in line of duty while in the service of the United States during the World War," of May 24, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 38, secs 581-582), and for the payment of annuities authorized by the Acts approved May 23, 1908 (35 Stat., p. 1325), and February 28, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1409), to the persons named therein, including James L. Hanberry in lieu of James F. Hanberry, and John H. Andrus in lieu of James A. Andrus, and by the Act approved January 31, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1974), \$356,250,000: Provided, That the Act approved May 23, 1908 (35 Stat., p. 1325), is hereby amended by striking therefrom the name "James F. Hanberry" and inserting in lieu thereof the name "James L. Hanberry": Provided further, That the Act approved February 28, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1409), is hereby amended by striking therefrom the name "James A. Andrea" and inserting in light therefore the name "James A. Andrus" and inserting in lieu thereof the name "John H. Andrus."

Army and Navy pensions, as follows: For invalids, widows, minor stons. children, and dependent relatives, Army nurses, and all other pensioners who are now borne on the rolls, or who may hereafter be placed thereon, under the provisions of any and all Acts of Congress, \$225,850,000, to be immediately available: Provided, That the appropriation aforesaid for Navy Pensions shall be paid from fund. the income of the Navy pension fund, so far as the same shall be sufficient for that purpose: Provided further, That the amount expended under each of the above items shall be accounted for separately.

For military and naval insurance accruing during the fiscal year insurance.

1933 or in prior fiscal years, \$117,000,000.

Hospital and domiciliary facilities and services: For carrying out ciliary, etc., facilities, provisions of the Acts entitled "An Act to authorize an approvious 45, p. 716. the provisions of the Acts entitled "An Act to authorize an appropriation to provide additional hospital, domiciliary, and outpatient dispensary facilities for persons entitled to hospitalization under the World War Veterans' Act, 1924, as amended, and for other

Printing and binding.

ProvisoUse of branch equip-

Printing restrictions

U. S. C., pp. 1214, 2073; Supp. V, p. 564.

Vol. 45, p. 735. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Annuities designated, Vol. 35, p. 1325; Vol. 45, p. 1409.

Provisos.
James I., Hanberry. Correction in name.

John H. Andrus. Correction in name.

Provisos. Navy from naval

Separate accounting.

Military and naval

Vol. 46, pp. 53, 1550.

Volunteer Soldiers' branch. Vol. 46, p. 852.

Southern branch. Vol. 46, p. 792.

State and Territorial Continuing aid to. Vol. 25, p. 450. U. S. C., p. 677.

Proviso. Collection from inmates.

Adjusted service certificate fund. Vol. 43, p. 128. U.S.C., p. 1232;Supp. V, p. 576.

Vol. 46, p. 1429.

purposes," approved March 4, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1550), \$10,877,000; "An Act to establish a branch home of the National Home for Dis-Home. Northwest Pacific abled Volunteer Soldiers in one of the Northwest Pacific States," approved July 3, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 852), \$1,000,000; "An Act to provide for the establishment of a branch home of a National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers in one of the Southern States," approved June 21, 1930 (46 Stat., pp. 792-793), \$1,000,000; in all, \$12,877,000, to be made immediately available and to remain available until expended.

State and Territorial Homes for Disabled Soldiers and Sailors: For continuing aid to State or Territorial homes for the support of disabled volunteer soldiers, in conformity with the Act approved August 27, 1888 (U. S. C., title 24, sec. 134), as amended, including all classes of soldiers admissible to the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, \$722,000: Provided, That for any sum or sums collected in any manner from inmates of such State or Territorial homes to be used for the support of said homes a like amount shall be deducted from the aid herein provided for, but this proviso shall not apply to any State or Territorial home into which the wives or widows of soldiers are admitted and maintained.

Adjusted service certificate fund: For an amount necessary under the World War Adjusted Compensation Act (U. S. C., title 38, secs. 591-683; U. S. C., Supp. IV, title 38, secs. 612-682), to provide for the payment of the face value of each adjusted service certificate in twenty years from its date or on the prior death of the veteran, and to make loans to veterans and repayments to banks in accordance with section 507 of the Act, as amended (46 Stat., p. 1429) \$100,000,000, to become available July 1, 1932, and remain available until expended.

Total Military Services, \$927,849,000.

Civil-Service Retirement Fund.

CIVIL-SERVICE RETIREMENT FUND

Contribution to. Vol. 41, p. 614; Vol. 44, p. 912; Vol. 46, p. 468. U. S. C., p. 71; Supp. V, p. 39.

Proviso. Oleomargarine restriction.

Salaries limited to average rates under Classification Act.

Vol. 42, p. 1488; Vol. 45, p. 776; Vol. 46, p. 1003.

U. S. C., Supp. V,

position without reduction.

Higher salary rates permitted.

For financing of the liability of the United States, created by the Act entitled "An Act for the retirement of employees in the classified civil service, and for other purposes," approved May 22, 1920, and Acts amendatory thereof (U. S. C., Supp. IV, title 5, sec. 707a), \$20,850,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the "civilservice retirement and disability fund."

Total, Veterans' Administration, \$948,699,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase of oleomargarine or butter substitutes except for cooking purposes.

Sec. 2. In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the Restriction not applic compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: chanical service.

Provided further, That this restriction shall not small pot small not small Provided further, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades No reduction in fixed 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as Vol. 42, p. 1490. U. S. C., p. 65; of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade, in the same or different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923 as

amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to in a grade. reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only

one position is allocated.

SEC. 3. No part of any money appropriated by this Act shall be of motor vehicles reused for purchasing any motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle stricted. (except busses, station wagons, and ambulances) at a cost, completely equipped for operation, in excess of \$750, except where, in the judgment of the heads of the sundry executive boards, commissions, and offices, provided for herein, special requirements can not thus be efficiently met, such exceptions, however, to be limited to not to exceed 10 per centum of the total expenditures for such motor vehicles purchased during the fiscal year, including the value of a vehicle exchanged where exchange is involved; nor shall any money appropriated herein be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only when the same is approved by the head of the department. This section shall not apply to any motor vehicles for official use of the Executive Office nor of the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs.

SEC. 4. That, except as hereinbefore provided, in the expenditure foreign products forof appropriations in this Act the head of every bureau, agency, or bidden. independent establishment shall, unless in his discretion the interest of the Government will not permit, purchase or contract for, within the limits of the United States, only articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of the United States, notwithstanding that such articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of the United States may cost more, if such excess of cost be not unreasonable.

SEC. 5. This Act hereafter may be referred to as the "Inde-

pendent Offices Appropriation Act, 1933."

Total appropriated by this Act, \$982,446,041.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 331.]

AN ACT

To facilitate execution of and economy in field season contracts of the Forest Service.

June 30, 1932. [H. R. 11944.] [Public, No. 229.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture is hereafter authorized in connection with the administration of the national forests to enter into contracts for the procurement of services, materials, and supplies for the ensuing fiscal year, prior to the passage of an appropriation therefor: Provided, That such contracts shall aliquot the cost for such service by fiscal years and shall not be binding on the United States as to that part for the ensuing year unless and until an appropriation applicable to the payment thereof is made: And provided further, That all such contracts shall by their terms provide that the obligation of tion contingent upon the United States is contingent upon the passage of an applicable passage thereof. appropriation and that no payment thereunder will be made until such appropriation becomes available for expenditure.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

Forest Service. Contracts for services, supplies, etc., for ensu-ing year may be entered before appropriation therefor.

Provisos. Terms of contract.

No prior payments.

Exemptions.

Title of Act.

[CHAPTER 332.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [S. 3784.] [Public, No. 230.]

To add certain lands to the Idaho National Forest, Idaho.

Lands added to.

Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Idaho National For United States of America in Congress assembled, That the followingdescribed areas be, and the same are hereby, included in and made a part of the Idaho National Forest, subject to all prior adverse rights, and that said lands shall hereafter be subject to all laws affecting national forests: All township 23 north, ranges 2 and 3 east, and that part of the west half of township 24 north, range 4 east, which is not already included in the Nez Perce National Forest; all Boise meridian.

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 333.]

AN ACT

June 30, 1932. [S. 4808.] Public, No. 231.1

Relating to the acquisition of restricted Indian lands by States, counties, or municipalities.

Vol. 46, amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the FiveCivilizedTribes, United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act enp. 1471, titled "An Act to relieve restricted Indians in the Five Civilized Tribes whose nontaxable lands are required for State, county, or municipal improvements or sold to other persons, and for other purposes," approved March 2, 1931, is amended to read as follows:

Reinvestment of receipts from sale, etc., of nontaxable land of a restricted Indian.

"That whenever any nontaxable land of a restricted Indian of the Five Civilized Tribes or of any other Indian tribe is sold to any State, county, or municipality for public-improvement purposes, or is acquired, under existing law, by any State, county, or municipality by condemnation or other proceedings for such public purposes, or is sold under existing law to any other person or corporation for other purposes, the money received for said land may, in the discretion and with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, be reinvested in other lands selected by said Indian, and such land so on se-selected and purchased shall be restricted as to alienation, lease, or incumbrance, and nontaxable in the same quantity and upon the same terms and conditions as the nontaxable lands from which the reinvested funds were derived, and such restrictions shall appear in the conveyance."

lected lands.

Restriction

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 334.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 30, 1932. [S. J. Res. 188.] [Pub. Res., No. 30.]

Amending the joint resolution providing for the suspension of annual assessment work on mining claims held by location in the United States and Alaska, approved June 6, 1932.

Mining claims nited States and Alaska.

Joint resolution suspending work on, fiscal year 1932, amended.

Ante, p. 290. Correction in time authorized.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the and United States of America in Congress assembled, That the joint resolution providing for the suspension of annual assessment work on mining claims held by location in the United States and Alaska, approved June 6, 1932, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read

as follows:

"That the provision of section 2324 of the Revised Statutes of R. S. Sec. 2324, p. 426. the United States which requires on each mining claim located, and U. S. C., p. 955. until a patent has been journed there. until a patent has been issued therefor, not less than \$100 worth of labor to be performed, or improvements aggregating such amount to be made each year, be, and the same is hereby, suspended as to all mining claims in the United States, including Alaska, during the year beginning at 12 o'clock meridian July 1, 1931, and ending at 12 o'clock meridian July 1, 1932."

Approved, June 30, 1932.

[CHAPTER 361.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Departments of State and Justice and for the Judiciary, and for the Departments of Commerce and Labor, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

July 1, 1932. [H. R. 9349.] [Public, No. 232.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the fol-Departments of State lowing sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury and Justice, the Judicinot otherwise appropriated, for the Departments of State and Jus- ary, and Departments of Commerce and Latice and for the Judiciary, and for the Departments of Commerce bor fiscal year ending June 30, 1933. and Labor, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, namely:

Post, p. 1781.

TITLE I—DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Department of State.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE

Salaries: For Secretary of State, \$15,000; Under Secretary of Secretary, Undersec-State, \$10,000; and other personal services in the District of Colum-sonnel. bia, including temporary employees, and not to exceed \$6,500 for employees engaged on piecework at rates to be fixed by the Secretary es of State, \$1,875,540; in all, \$1,900,540: Provided, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the four Assistant Secretaries of State and the legal adviser of the Department of State, the Assistant to the Attorney General and six Assistant Attorneys General, the Assistant Secretaries of Commerce, the Assistant Secretary and the Second Assistant Secretary of Labor, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended:

Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, eable and 4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reductional service. tion in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed as of July slaries.

1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from Transfers to another regularity to a result of the results of the reduction of the results of the res one position to another position in the same or different grade in the tion. same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, or (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of in a grade. any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

Piecework employ-

ees.
Provisos.
Salaries limited to average rates under Classification Act.
Vol. 42, p. 1488; Vol. 45, p. 776; Vol. 46, p. 1003.

Ŭ. S. C., p. 60; Supp. V, p. 28. Exceptions.

Restriction not applicable to clerical-mechanical service.

position without reduc-

Higher salary rates permitted.

If only one position

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF STATE

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses, including stationery, of department. furniture, fixtures; typewriters, adding machines, and other laborsaving devices, including their exchange, not exceeding \$10,000; repairs and material for repairs; books, maps, and periodicals, domestic and foreign, and when authorized by the Secretary of State for dues for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members

Contingent expenses

lower than to subscribers who are not members, not exceeding \$15,880; newspapers not exceeding \$1,500; maintenance, repair, and storage of motor-propelled vehicles, to be used only for official purposes (one for the Secretary of State and two for dispatching mail, and one motorcycle for the general use of the department); automobile mail wagons, including storage, repair, and exchange of same; street-car fare not exceeding \$150; refund of fees erroneously charged and paid for the issue of passports to persons who are exempted from the payment of such fee by section 1 of the Act making appropriations for the Diplomatic and Consular Service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, approved June 4, 1920 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 22, sec. 214a); the examination of estimates of appropriations in the field; and other miscellaneous items not included in the foregoing, \$80,000.

Refund of passport fees, erroneously charged.

Vol. 41, p. 750; Vol. 44, p. 887. U. S. C., Supp. V, р. 339.

PRINTING AND BINDING

Printing and binding.

For all printing and binding in the Department of State, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, \$220,000.

Passport agencies.

PASSPORT AGENCIES

Salaries and expenses.

For salaries and expenses of maintenance, traveling expenses not to exceed \$1,000, and rent outside the District of Columbia, for passport agencies at New York City, New York; San Francisco, California; Chicago, Illinois; Seattle, Washington; New Orleans. Louisiana: and Boston, Massachusetts, \$65,000.

Official papers of Ter- COLLECTING AND EDITING OFFICIAL PAPERS OF TERRITORIES OF THE UNITED STATES

Collecting, etc., for publication.

For the expenses of collecting, editing, copying, and arranging for publication the official papers of the Territories of the United States, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, printing and binding, and contingent and traveling expenses, as provided by the Act approved February 28, 1929, the unexpended balances of the appropriations made available for this purpose in the State Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932 are continued available until June 30, 1933.

Vol. 45, p. 1412. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1310.

Foreign intercourse.

FOREIGN INTERCOURSE

AMBASSADORS AND MINISTERS

Ambassadors.

Ambassadors extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Cuba, France, Germany, Great Britain, Italy, Japan, Mexico, Peru, Poland, Spain, and Turkey, at \$17,500 cach;

Belgium, and min-ister to Luxemburg.

Ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Belgium and envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Luxemburg, \$17.500;

Ministers. China and Netherlands.

Énvoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to China and the Netherlands, at \$12,000 each;

Other countries.

Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to Albania, Austria, Bolivia, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, Colombia, Costa Rica,

Denmark, Dominican Republic, Dominion of Canada, Ecuador, Egypt, Finland, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Irish Free State, Liberia, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Persia, Portugal, Rumania, Salvador, Siam, Union of South Africa,

Post, p. 1781.

Sweden, Switzerland, Uruguay, and Venezuela, at \$10,000 each; Yugoslavia, \$10,000; and to Estonia, Latvia, and Lithuania, \$10,000; In all, not to exceed \$625,000;

Provided, That no salary herein appropriated shall be paid to any official receiving any other salary from the United States GovernProviso. Salary restriction.

For salaries of Foreign Service officers or vice consuls while acting etc. as chargés d'affaires ad interim or while in charge of a consulate general or consulate during the absence of the principal officer, \$20,000.

Charges d'affaires,

SALARIES OF CLERKS IN THE FOREIGN SERVICE

For salaries of clerks in the Foreign Service, as provided in the and legations. Act approved February 23, 1931 (U. S. C. Supp. V, title 22, sec. 23a), Vol. 46, p. 1207. including salaries during transit to and from homes in the United U. S. C., Supp. V, including salaries during transit to and from homes in the United p. 336. States upon the beginning and after termination of service, \$2,365,438.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, FOREIGN MISSIONS

To enable the President to provide at the public expense all such missions. stationery, blanks, record and other books, seals, presses, flags, and signs as he shall think necessary for the several embassies and legations in the transaction of their business, and also for repairs including minor alterations, repairs, supervision, preservation, and discontinuous discontin 1926, as amended (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 22, secs. 291, 296), and p. 341. including also custodial service, water, materials, supplies, tools, seeds, plants, shrubs, and similar objects; newspapers (foreign and domestic), postage, telegrams, advertising, ice, and drinking water for office purposes, hire of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, and purchase, maintenance, operation, and hire of other passenger-carrying vehicles, uniforms, furniture, household furniture and furnishings, except as provided by the Act of May 7, 1926, as amended, for Government-owned or rented buildings when in the judgment of the Secretary of State it would be in the public interest to do so, not to exceed \$50,000, typewriters and exchange of same, messenger service, and operation, maintenance, and rental of launch for embassy at Constantinople not exceeding \$3,500, compensation of kavasses, guards, dragomans, porters, interpreters, translators, and supervisors of construction, compensation of agents and employees of and rent and other expenses for dispatch agencies at London, New York, San Francisco, Seattle, and New Orleans, traveling expenses of Diplomatic and Foreign Service officers, including attendance at trade and other conferences or congresses under orders instance at meeting of the Secretary of State as authorized by the Act approved February 23, 1931 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 22, sec. 16), miscellaneous expenses of embassies and legations, and for loss on bills of exchange to and Supp. V, p. 334. Loss by exchange. from embassies and legations, including such loss on bills of exchange to officers of the United States Court for China, and payment in advance of rent of dispatch agencies, cost, not exceeding \$350 per annum each of the tuition of Foreign Service officers assigned for the study of the languages of Asia and Eastern Europe, telephone and other similar services under this appropriation are hereby authorized, \$750,000: Provided, That no part of this sum appropriated for contingent expenses, foreign missions, shall be expended for cal services to persons salaries or wages of persons (except interpreters transfer to the calculation). salaries or wages of persons (except interpreters, translators, and messengers) not American citizens performing clerical services, whether officially designated as clerks or not, in any foreign mission.

Contingent expenses.

Furniture, etc.

Dispatch agencies.

Proviso.

EXPENSES OF FOREIGN SERVICE INSPECTORS

Foreign Service in-

For the traveling expenses of Foreign Service officers detailed for inspection while traveling and inspecting under instructions from the Secretary of State, \$10,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, UNITED STATES CONSULATES

Contingent expenses,

p. 340.

For expenses of providing all such stationery, blanks, record and other books, seals, presses, flags, signs, repairs, including minor alter-Government build ations, supervision, preservation, and maintenance of Governmentations, supervision, preservation, and management ations, supervision, preservation, and properties acquired vol. 44, p. 403; vol. owned consular properties in foreign countries, and properties acquired 45, p. 971.

45, p. 971.

45, p. 971.

47, p. 971.

47, p. 971.

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48, p. 971.

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40, p. 971.

41, p. 971 V, title 22, secs. 291, 296), and including also custodial service, water, materials, supplies, tools, seeds, plants, shrubs, and similar objects, postage, furniture, household furniture and furnishings, except as provided by the Act of May 7, 1926, as amended, for Governmentowned or rented buildings when in the judgment of the Secretary of State it would be in the public interest to do so, not to exceed \$25,000, typewriters and exchange of same, statistics, newspapers (foreign and domestic), freight, telegrams, advertising, ice and drinking water for office purposes, hire of motor-propelled or horsedrawn passenger-carrying vehicles, and purchase, maintenance, operation, and hire of other passenger-carrying vehicles, uniforms, messenger service, traveling expenses of Consular and Foreign Attendance at trade Service officers, including attendance at trade and other conferences conferences, etc.
vol. 43, p. 143; vol. or congresses under orders of the Secretary of State as authorized
ti. S. C., Supp. v, by the Act approved February 23, 1931 (U. S. C. Supp. V, title 22, sec. 16); compensation of interpreters, kavasses, guards, dragomans, translators, Chinese writers, and supervisors of construction, loss by exchange, and such other miscellaneous expenses as the President may think necessary for the several consulates and consular agencies in the transaction of their business and payment in advance of telephone, and other similar services under this appropriation are hereby authorized, \$700,000.

p. 334.

RELIEF AND PROTECTION OF AMERICAN SEAMEN

Relief, etc., of American seamen.

For relief, protection, and burial of American seamen in foreign countries, in the Panama Canal Zone, and in the Philippine Islands, and shipwrecked American seamen in the Territory of Alaska, in the Hawaiian Islands, in Porto Rico, and in the Virgin Islands, \$15,000.

Foreign Service officers.

SALARIES OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS

Salaries. For salaries of Foreign Service Since U. S. C., Supp. V, title 22, secs. 3, 3a), U. S. C., Supp. V, title 22, secs. 3, 3a), For salaries of Foreign Service officers as provided in the Act

SALARIES, FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS WHILE RECEIVING INSTRUCTIONS AND IN TRANSIT

Instruction and 309. U. S. C., p. 650.

To pay the salaries of ambassadors, ministers, consuls, vice consuls, transit pay.
R. S., sec. 1740, p. and other officers of the United States for the period actually and necessarily occupied in receiving instructions and in making transits to and from their posts, and while awaiting recognition and authority to act in pursuance with the provisions of section 1740 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 22, sec. 121), \$15,000.

TRANSPORTATION OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS

To pay the traveling expenses of Diplomatic, Consular, and Transposes. Foreign Service officers, and other employees of the Foreign Service, including officers and employees of the United States Court for China, and the itemized and verified statements of the actual and necessary expenses of transportation and subsistence, under such regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, of their families and effects, in going to and returning from their posts, including not to exceed \$25,000 incurred in connection with leaves of absence, and of the preparation and transportation of the remains of those officers and said employees of the Foreign Service, who have died mains of officers, etc., or may die abroad or in transit while in the discharge of their official dying abroad. duties, to their former homes in this country or to a place not more distant for interment and for the ordinary expenses of such interment, \$450,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available also for the authorized expenses of the judge and district States Court for China. attorney of the United States Court for China while attending sessions of the court at other cities than Shanghai, not to exceed \$7 per day each, and for the authorized subsistence expenses of Consular and Foreign Service officers while on temporary detail under commission.

Leaves of absence.

Proviso.
Officials of United

EMERGENCIES ARISING IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE

To enable the President to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the Diplomatic and Consular Service, and to extend the commercial and other interests of the United States and to meet the necessary expenses attendant upon the execution of the Neutrality Act, to be expended pursuant to the requirement of section 291 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 107), \$130,000.

Emergencies.

Neutrality Act expenses. R. S., sec. 291, p. 49, U. S. C., p. 982.

ALLOWANCE TO WIDOWS OR HEIRS OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS WHO DIE ABROAD

For payment under the provisions of section 1749 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 22, sec. 130) to the widows or heirs at law of Diplomatic, Consular, and Foreign Service officers of the United 311 States dving in foreign countries in the discharge of their duties, \$1,000.

Allowances for officers dying abroad.

R. S., sec. 1749, p. Ü. S. C., p. 650.

FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY FUND

For financing the liability of the United States, created by the Act approved February 23, 1931 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 22, sec. 21), \$416,000, which amount shall be placed to the credit of the "Foreign state of the Foreign state of the Foreign state of the state of th

Foreign Service re-tirement, etc., fund.

Federalcontribution.

RENT, HEAT, FUEL, AND LIGHT, FOREIGN SERVICE

For rent, heat, fuel, and light for the Foreign Service and the United States Court for China for offices and grounds, including annual ground rent of the embassy at Tokyo, Japan, for the year ending March 15, 1933, and, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 5, sec. 118a), for living quarters of the glower for allowed for allowed for living quarters including heat fuel and and for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, \$1,800,000: Provided. That payment for rent may be made in advance: Provided further, That the Secretary of State may rent. enter into leases for such offices, grounds, and living quarters for periods not exceeding ten years: Provided further, That no part of ters limited. this appropriation shall be used for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light in an amount exceeding \$3,000 for

Provisos. Advance payment for Leases authorized.

480

Limitation on ex-

an ambassador or a minister, and not exceeding \$1,700 for any other Foreign Service 1: Provided further, That under this appropriation and the appropriation for "Contingent expenses, foreign missions," or the appropriation for "Contingent expenses, United States consulates," not more than \$3,000 shall be expended for custodial service, heat, fuel, and light in any Government-owned building used for residence or residence and office purposes for an ambassador or minister, and not more than \$1,700 for such purposes in the case of any other Foreign Service officer, except that at any post at which the expenditures for such purposes for the fiscal year 1932 were in excess of the limitation of \$3,000 in this last proviso in the case of an ambassador or minister there may be expended during the fiscal year 1933 an amount equal to the sum expended during the fiscal year 1932 but in no event to exceed \$5,000; and during the incumbency of a chargé d'affaires the limitation on such expenditures shall be the same as for the occupancy of the principal officer.

International obligations, etc.

INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS, COMMISSIONS, BUREAUS, AND SO FORTH

CAPE SPARTEL LIGHT, COAST OF MOROCCO

Cape Spartel, etc., Light.

For annual proportion of the expenses of Cape Spartel and Tangier Light on the coast of Morocco, including loss by exchange, \$868.50.

RESCUING SHIPWRECKED AMERICAN SEAMEN

Life-saving testimonials.

For expenses which may be incurred in the acknowledgment of the services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing American seamen or citizens from shipwreck or other catastrophe at sea, \$1,000.

INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES

International Bureau of Weights and Measures.

Vol. 20, p. 714.

For contribution to the maintenance of the International Bureau of Weights and Measures, in conformity with the terms of the conventions of May 20, 1875, and October 6, 1921, the same to be paid, under the direction of the Secretary of State, to said bureau on its certificate of apportionment, \$4,342.50.

INTERNATIONAL BUREAU FOR PUBLICATION OF CUSTOMS TARIFFS

International Customs Tariff Bureau. Vol. 26, p. 1518.

To meet the share of the United States in the annual expense for the year ending March 31, 1933, of sustaining the international bureau at Brussels for the translation and publication of customs tariffs, pursuant to the convention proclaimed December 17, 1890, \$1,400.

WATER BOUNDARY, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

Mexican Water Boundary Commission.

For expenses of meeting the obligations of the United States under Vol. 24, p. 1011; Vol. the treaties of 1884, 1889, 1905, and 1906 between the United States 250, p. 1512; Vol. 34, p. and Mexico, including subscriptions to newspapers (foreign and 2508. domestic), rent, purchase, exchange, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled vehicles for official use in field work, installation, maintenance, and operation of gauging stations where necessary and their equipment, and so much of the amount herein appropri-

¹So in original,

ated as may be necessary for these purposes may be transferred by Cal Survey, the Secretary of State to the United States Geological Survey or other Federal agencies for direct expenditure, \$70,000.

Transfer to Geologi-

INTERNATIONAL WATER COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO

International Water Commission, United States and Mexico: International Water For the expenses of the International Water Commission, United States and Mexico. States and Mexico, as authorized by the public resolution approved February 14, 1931, including personal services and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, fees for professional services at rates and in amounts to be determined by the Secretary of State; travel expenses, including transportation of effects; subsistence or per diem in lieu of subsistence notwithstanding the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 or regulations prescribed pursu- 40. ant thereto; printing and binding; subscriptions to foreign and domestic newspapers and periodicals; purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled, passenger and freight carrying vehicles; drilling and testing of dam sites, by contract if deemed necessary without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5); equipment, and such other miscellaneous expenses as the Secretary of State may deem proper, the unexpended balance in the appropriation for this purpose contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, is continued available until June 30, 1933.

Effective July 1, 1932, the International Water Commission, American section United States and Mexico, American section, is hereby abolished, July 1, 1932. mission shall be exercised by the International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, American section. All records, sion. and the powers, duties, and functions of such section of such comfiles, and property of any nature whatsoever (including office equipment) of the American section of the International Water Commission, United States and Mexico, are transferred to the American section, International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico. All appropriations and unexpended balances of appropriations made to either of such sections of such commissions in this or prior appropriation Acts shall be available for expenditure by the American section, International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, in the same manner as though such latter commission had been named in the laws providing for such appropriations, and the appropriations herein made available for the fiscal year 1933 shall be merged and constitute one fund: Provided, That the amount reappropriated under the preceding paragraph shall not exceed \$70,000. The Commissioner of the American section, International Boundary Commission, United States and Mexico, is authorized to appoint to positions in such section, such employees of the American section, International Water Commission, United States and Mexico, or other persons as he may deem necessary in carrying out the provisions of this paragraph, and such commissioner is further authorized to designate and redesignate, as he may determine to be necessary, the duties and headquarters' station of all employees under his supervision.

INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND CANADA AND ALASKA AND CANADA

To enable the President to perform the obligations of the United 1925, United States and tates under the treaty between the United States and Great Britain Expenses under. Tespect of Canada, signed February 24, 1925; for salaries and Vol. 44, p. 2102. States under the treaty between the United States and Great Britain in respect of Canada, signed February 24, 1925; for salaries and expenses, including the salary of the commissioner and salaries of

Expenses. Vol. 46, p. 1162.

Vol. 44, p. 688. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

R. S. sec. 3709, p. 733, U. S. C., p. 1309.

Vol. 46, p. 1579.

Transfer of funds.

Proviso. Limitation.

Personal services.

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the necessary engineers, clerks, and other employees for duty at the seat of government and in the field; cost of office equipment and supplies; necessary traveling expenses; commutation of subsistence to employees while on field duty, not to exceed \$4 per day each; for payment for timber necessarily cut in keeping the boundary line clear, not to exceed \$500; and for all other necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by the United States in maintaining an effective demarcation of the international boundary line between the United States and Canada and Alaska and Canada under the terms of the treaty aforesaid, including the completion of such remaining work as may be required under the award of the Alaskan Boundary Tribunal and existing treaties between the United States and Great Britain, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, \$30,000.

Maintenance of es-

Pan American Union.

PAN AMERICAN UNION

Quota for support of, and printing.

For the payment of the quota of the United States for the support of the Pan American Union, \$167,367.60, and for printing and binding of the union, \$20,000; in all, \$187,367.60.

International Bureau, Permanent Court of Arbitration. Vol. 36, p. 2222.

INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF THE PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION

To meet the share of the United States in the expenses for the calendar year 1932 of the International Bureau of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, created under article 43 of the convention concluded at The Hague, October 18, 1907, for the pacific settlement of international disputes, \$2,000.

Interparliamentary Union for Promoting BUREAU OF INTERPARLIAMENTARY UNION FOR PROMOTION OF INTERInternational Arbitra-

Contribution.

American group. Sum reappropriated. Vol. 46, p. 1316.

For the contribution of the United States toward the maintenance of the Bureau of the Interparliamentary Union for the promotion of international arbitration, \$5,031.77; and in addition \$2,468.23 of the unobligated balance of the appropriation "Expenses, American Group of the Interparliamentary Union, 1932," is hereby reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1933 for such con- ${
m tribution.}$

Pan American Sani-tary Bureau.

PAN AMERICAN SANITARY BUREAU

For the annual share of the United States for the maintenance of the Pan American Sanitary Bureau for the fiscal year 1933, \$29,986.70.

International Office of Public Health.

INTERNATIONAL OFFICE OF PUBLIC HEALTH

Vol. 35, pp. 2061, 1834; Vol. 42, p. 1823.

For the payment of the quota of the United States for the calendar year 1933 toward the support of the International Office of Public Health, created by the international arrangement signed at Rome, December 9, 1907, in pursuance of article 181 of the International Sanitary Convention signed at Paris on December 3, 1903, \$3,015.62.

INTERNATIONAL RADIOTELEGRAPHIC CONVENTION

International Radiotelegraphic Conven-

For the share of the United States for the calendar year 1933 as a party to the international radiotelegraphic conventions heretofore signed, of the expenses of the radiotelegraphic service of the International Bureau of the Telegraphic Union at Berne, \$7,527.

INTERNATIONAL RADIOTELEGRAPH CONVENTION, MADRID, SPAIN

For participation by the United States in the Conference for Madrid, Spain. Revision of the International Radiotelegraph Convention of November 25, 1927, to be held in Madrid, Spain, including personal services, without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, stenographic reporting and translating services by contract if deemed necessary without 733. S., sec. 3709, regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, U. S. C., p. 1309. sec. 5); traveling expenses and subsistence or per diem in lieu of subsistence (notwithstanding the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto); hire of automobiles; purchase of necessary books and documents; p. 40. stationery; official cards; newspapers and periodicals; printing and binding; entertainment; equipment; and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, including the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified, to be immediately available, \$80,000.

International Radiotelegraph Convention.

Participation, at

Post. p. 1378.

R. S., sec. 3709, p.

Vol. 44, p. 688. U. S. C., Supp. V,

UNITED STATES SECTION OF THE INTER-AMERICAN HIGH COMMISSION

To defray the actual and necessary expenses on the part of the tion. United States section of the Inter-American High Commission, \$10,000, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State.

Inter-American High

United States sec-

WATERWAYS TREATY, UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN: INTERNATIONAL JOINT COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN

For salaries and expenses, including salaries of commissioners, not to exceed \$7,500 each, and salaries of clerks and other employees Commission, United Great appointed by the commissioners on the part of the United States, Britain with the approval solely of the Secretary of State; for necessary etc. traveling expenses, and for expenses incident to holding hearings and conferences at such places in Canada and in the United States as shall be determined by the commission or by the American commissioners to be necessary, including travel expense and compensation of necessary witnesses, making necessary transcript of testimony and proceedings; for cost of law books, books of reference and periodicals, office equipment and supplies; and for one-half of all reasonable and necessary joint expenses of the International Joint Commission incurred under the terms of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain concerning the use of boundary waters between the United States and Canada, and for other purposes, signed January 11, 1909, \$35,855, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State: Provided, That traveling expenses of the commissioners, secretary, and necessary employees shall be allowed in accordance with the provisions of the Subsistence p. 40. Expense Act of 1926 (U. S. C., title 5, ch. 16): Provided further, That a part of this appropriation may be expended for rent of offices for the commission in the District of Columbia in the event that the Public Buildings Commission is unable to supply suitable office space.

For an additional amount for necessary special or technical inves- Special and investigations. tigations in connection with matters which fall within the scope of the jurisdiction of the International Joint Commission, including personal services in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, traveling expenses, procurement of technical and scientific equipment, and the purchase, exchange, hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of

International Joint Salaries, expenses.

Vol. 36, p. 2448.

Provisos. Travel expenses. Vol. 44, p. 688. U. S. C., Supp. V,

Special and technical

Personal services.

motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, \$82,000, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, who is authorized to transfer to any department or independent establishment of the Government, with the consent of the head thereof, any part of this amount for direct expenditure by such department or establishment for the purposes of this appropriation.

Panama.

PAYMENT TO THE GOVERNMENT OF PANAMA

Annual payment to.

Vol. 33, p. 2238.

To enable the Secretary of State to pay to the Government of Panama the twenty-first annual payment, due on February 26, 1933, from the Government of the United States to the Government of Panama under article 14 of the treaty of November 18, 1903, \$250,000.

International Hydrographic Bureau.

INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC BUREAU

For the annual contribution of the United States toward the maintenance of the International Hydrographic Bureau, \$5,790.

FOREIGN HOSPITAL AT CAPE TOWN

Somerset Hospital, Cape Town, South Africa.

For annual contribution toward the support of the Somerset Hospital (a foreign hospital), at Cape Town, \$50, to be paid by the Secretary of State upon the assurance that suffering seamen and citizens of the United States will be admitted to the privileges of said hospital.

International Trade Mark Registration Bu-

INTERNATIONAL TRADE-MARK REGISTRATION BUREAU, QUOTA OF UNITED STATES

Share of expenses. Vol. 39, p. 1682; Vol. 41, p. 533.

For the annual share of the United States of the expenses for the maintenance of the International Trade-Mark Registration Bureau at Habana, in conformity with the convention of February 20, 1929, \$14,330.20.

INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF THE UNION FOR THE PROTECTION OF INDUSTRIAL PROPERTY

Industrial Property

For the share of the United States in the expense of conducting the International Bureau of the Union for the Protection of Industrial Property, at Berne, Switzerland, \$1,350.

GENERAL CLAIMS COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND PANAMA

Panama General Claims Commission.

Post, p. 1915.

General Claims Commission, United States and Panama: For the expenses of the United States in the arbitration of the claims pursuant to the claims convention between the United States and Panama, signed July 28, 1926, including the share of the United States in the joint expenses of the two Governments under the terms of the convention; salaries, without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, of the American commissioner, the American secretary, special counsel, stenographers, translators, other assistants and employees and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, stenographic reporting and translating services, by contract if R. S., sec. 3709, p. deemed necessary without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5); traveling expenses and subsistence or per diem in lieu of subsistence (notwithstanding the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto); purchase of necessary books and docu-

ments; stationery; official cards; printing and binding; and such

^{733.} U. S. C., p. 1309.

Vol. 44, p. 688. U. S. C., Supp. V,

other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, \$50,000, and the unexpended balance, not to exceed \$29,000, of the appropriation for this purpose contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, is continued available until June 30, 1933.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1580.

GORGAS MEMORIAL LABORATORY

The Gorgas Memorial Laboratory: To enable the Secretary of Laboratory. State to pay the annual contribution of the United States to the maintenance and operation of the Gorgas Memorial Laboratory, as provided by the Act approved May 7, 1928 (45 Stat., p. 491), \$40,000.

Annual contribution. Vol. 45, p. 491.

INTERNATIONAL FISHERIES COMMISSION

For the share of the United States of the expenses of the International Fisheries Commission, under the convention between the United States and Great Britain, concluded May 9, 1930, including salaries of two members and other employees of the commission, traveling expenses, charter of vessels, purchase of books, periodicals, furniture, and scientific instruments, contingent expenses, rent in the District of Columbia, and such other expenses in the United States and elsewhere as the Secretary of State may deem proper, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of State, \$25,000.

International Halibut Fisheries Commission. Share of expenses. Treaties, p. 84.

JOINT INVESTIGATION OF THE FISHERIES OF PASSAMAQUODDY AND COBS- Passamaquoddy and Cobscook Bays. COOK BAYS BY UNITED STATES AND CANADA

gation to be made jointly by the United States and Canada of the fisheries of, by generative of purple bla effects of purple bla eff probable effects of proposed international developments to generate electric power from the movement of the tides in Passamaquoddy and Cobscook Bays on the fisheries of that region, including travel and subsistence or per diem in lieu of subsistence, compensation of employees, stenographic, and other services, by contract if deemed necessary without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes 733 (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), rent in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, printing and binding, purchase of supplies and materials ment where, printing and binding, purchase of Esperant other expenses other funds available.

Other funds available.

Other funds available.

Vol. 46, pp. 888, 1319. the direction of the Secretary of State, the unexpended balances, not to exceed \$18,500, of the appropriations for the joint investigation of the fisheries of Passamaquoddy and Cobscook Bays by the United States and Canada, made by the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, approved July 3, 1930, and by the Act making appropriations for the Department of State for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, approved February 23, 1931, are continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1933.

ing electric power, etc. Vol. 46, p. 530.

Advertising waived. R. S., sec. 3709, p. U. S. C., p. 1309,

Supplies and equip-

AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDHOOD

For the annual contribution of the United States of \$2,000 per annum to the American International Institute for the Protection of tection of Childhood. Vol. 45, p. 487. Childhood at Montevideo, Uruguay, as authorized by the public resolution approved May 3, 1928 (45 Stat., p. 487).

American International Institute for Pro-

INTERNATIONAL STATISTICAL INSTITUTE AT THE HAGUE

For the annual contribution of the United State 1 to the International Statistical Bureau at The Hague for the calendar year 1933 as iteal Institute.

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Vol. 43, p. 112.

authorized by public resolution approved April 28, 1924 (43 Stat., p. 112), \$2,000, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State.

CENTRAL BUREAU OF THE INTERNATIONAL MAP OF THE WORLD ON THE MILLIONTH SCALE

International Map of the World. Vol. 44, p. 384.

For the annual contribution on the part of the United States toward the expenses incurred by the Central Bureau of the International Map of the World on the Millionth Scale for the calendar year 1932, \$50.

INTERNATIONAL TECHNICAL COMMITTEE OF AERIAL LEGAL EXPERTS

International Technical Committee of Aerial Legal Experts. Vol. 46, p. 1162.

International Technical Committee of Aerial Legal Experts: For the share of the United States of the expenses of the International Technical Committee of Aerial Legal Experts as authorized by the public resolution approved February 14, 1931, for the calendar year 1933, \$250.

French Veterans of FOURTEENTH ANNUAL CONVENTION OF THE FRENCH VETERANS OF THE the World War.

WORLD WAR, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Contribution for entertainment of, Washington, D. C. Vol. 46, p. 1521.

Personal services.

Vol. 44, p. 688. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 40.

R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309.

For the contribution of the United States for the expenses and entertainment while in the United States of delegates and members participating in the Fourteenth Annual Convention of the French Veterans of the World War, to be held in the District of Columbia in September, 1932, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, travel and subsistence or per diem in lieu of subsistence (notwithstanding the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto), stenographic or other services by contract if deemed necessary without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase of necessary books and documents, newspapers and other periodicals, purchase of insignia, medals and souvenirs, printing and binding, entertainment, official cards, rental, operation and maintenance of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and such other expenses as the Secretary of State shall deem proper to be expended by the national treasurer of the American Legion under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of State may prescribe, to be immediately available, \$40,000.

Millennial of National Parliament of Iceland.

ONE THOUSANDTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE NATIONAL PARLIAMENT OF ICELAND

Participation expenses. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 57.

Transportation, subsistence, etc. Vol. 44, p. 688.

Lief Ericsson. Expenses, presentation of statue. Vol. 46, p. 40.

Not to exceed \$2,500 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$55,000 contained in the joint resolution approved January 20, 1930 (46 Stat. 57), for the expenses of participation by the United States in the celebration of the one thousandth anniversary of the Althing, the National Parliament of Iceland, is continued available until June 30, 1933, for the same purposes, and for the transportation and subsistence or per diem in lieu thereof (notwithstanding the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended, or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto) of a representative or representatives of the Government of the United States to make the formal presentation of the statue of Lief Ericsson, including such expenses of entertainment as the Secretary of State shall deem proper.

JUDICIAL

UNITED STATES COURT FOR CHINA

United States Court for China

For salaries of the judge, district attorney, and other officers and employees of the court; court expenses, including reference law books, ice, and drinking water for office purposes, \$35,000.

Salaries and expenses.

PRISONS FOR AMERICAN CONVICTS

For expenses of maintaining in China, the former Ottoman Empire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Morocco, and Muscat institutions for incarcerating American convicts and persons declared insane by the United States Court for China of any consular court; wages of prison keepers; rent of quarters for prisons; ice and drinking water for prison purposes; and for the expenses of keeping, feeding, and transportation of prisoners and persons declared insane by the United States Court for China or any consular court in China, the former Ottoman Empire, Egypt, Ethiopia, Morocco, and Muscat, so much as may be necessary; in all \$7,600.

Consular prisons, etc.

Keepers, quarters, etc.

Countries specified.

BRINGING HOME PERSONS CHARGED WITH CRIME

For every expenditure requisite for or incident to the bringing Bringing home crimhome from foreign countries of persons charged with crime as R. s., sec. 5275, p. authorized by section 5275 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 102. S. C., p. 511. 18, sec. 659), \$2,000.

Section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5) Minor purchases shall not apply to any purchase or service rendered payable from the R.S., sec. 3709, p. 733 foregoing appropriations when the aggregate amount involved does Wilco. C., p. 1309. not exceed \$100 or when the purchase or service relates to the packing of personal and household effects of Diplomatic, Consular, and Foreign Service officers and clerks for foreign shipment.

No portion of the sums appropriated in Title I of this Act shall, Rent restriction in United States. unless expressly authorized, be expended for rent or rental allowances in the District of Columbia or elsewhere in the United States.

Wherever the Secretary of State, in his discretion, procures Expenses of securing information on behalf of corporations, firms, and individuals, the information for corporations, etc. expense of cablegrams and telephone service involved may be charged against the respective appropriations for the service utilized; and reimbursement therefor shall be required from those for whom the information was procured and, when made, be credited to the appropriation under which the expenditure was charged.

TITLE II.—DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Department of Jus-

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

Salaries: For Attorney General, \$15,000; Solicitor General, \$10,000; Attorney General, Assistant to the Attorney General, \$9,000; and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including the Solicitors of the General, etc. Solicitors and office General, etc. Treasury, Commerce, and Labor Departments, and the office forces personnel. of the Solicitors of the Treasury, Commerce, and Labor Departments, \$1,100,000; in all, \$1,134,000.

For the purchase of law books, books of reference, and periodicals, Law books, etc. including the exchange thereof, for the Department of Justice, \$7,500: Provided, That not to exceed \$2 per volume shall be paid for the current and future volumes of the United States Code, states tated. Annotated.

Proviso. Price limit for United

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Department contingent expenses. Post, p. 782.

For stationery, furniture and repairs, floor coverings not exceeding \$1,500, file holders and cases; miscellaneous expenditures, including telegraphing and telephones, postage, labor, typewriters and adding machines and the exchange thereof and repairs thereto, street-car fares not exceeding \$300, newspapers, press clippings, and other necessaries ordered by the Attorney General; official transportation, including the repair, maintenance, and operation of five 1 motor-driven passenger cars, two for the Attorney General, one for general use of the department, two for the Bureau of Investigation, and one for the Bureau of Prohibition for investigative work, delivery truck, and motor cycle, to be used only for official purposes, and purchase and repair of bicycles, \$80,000: Provided, That this appropriation may be reimbursed for expenditures in connection with cars herein authorized for the Bureau of Investigation and Bureau of Prohibition from the appropriations for the expenses of said bureaus when approved in writing by the Attorney General.

Reimbursement for car expenses.

> For rent of buildings and parts of buildings in the District of Columbia, \$122,000, if space can not be assigned by the Public Buildings Commission in buildings under the control of that

Printing, etc.

Rent. D. C.

commission. For printing and binding for the Department of Justice and the courts of the United States, \$300,000.

Travel and miscellaneous, etc., expenses.

For traveling and other miscellaneous and emergency expenses, authorized and approved by the Attorney General, to be expended at his discretion, \$10,000.

Miscellaneous.

MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Conduct of customs Assistant Attorney General, special attor-neys, etc.

Conduct of customs cases: Assistant Attorney General, special attorneys and counselors at law in the conduct of customs cases, to be employed and their compensation fixed by the Attorney General; necessary clerical assistance and other employees at the seat of government and elsewhere, to be employed and their compensation fixed by the Attorney General, including experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General; supplies, Supreme Court Reports and Digests, and Federal Reporter and Digests, traveling, and other miscellaneous and incidental expenses, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General; in all, \$110,000.

Defending suits in

Defending suits in claims against the United States: For necessary expenses incurred in the examination of witnesses, procuring evidence, employment of experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, and such other expenses as may be necessary in defending suits in the Court Indian depredation of Claims, including Indian depredation claims, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, \$60,000.

Detection and prosecution of crimes Protection President.

Post, p. 782.

Detection and prosecution of crimes: For the detection and prosethe cution of crimes against the United States; for the protection of the person of the President of the United States; the acquisition, collection, classification, and preservation of identification and other records and their exchange with the duly authorized officials of the Federal Government, of States, cities, and other institutions; for such other investigations regarding official matters under the control of the Department of Justice and the Department of State as may be directed by the Attorney General; hire, maintenance, upkeep, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles when

¹ So in original.

necessary; fire arms and ammunition, such stationery, supplies, and equipment for use at the seat of government or elsewhere as the Attorney General may direct, including not to exceed \$13,000 for taxicab hire to be used exclusively for the purposes set forth in this paragraph and to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General; traveling expenses; purchase of a motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, including the exchange allowance of any vehicle given in part payment therefor; payment of rewards when specifically authorized by the Attorney General for information leading to the apprehension of fugitives from justice, and including not to exceed \$477,356 for personal services in the District of Services in the District. Columbia, \$2,775,000.

EXAMINATION OF JUDICIAL OFFICES

Examination of judicial offices: For the investigation of the official Examination of judicial offices. acts, records, and accounts of marshals, attorneys, clerks of the United States courts and Territorial courts, probation officers, and United States commissioners, for which purpose all the official papers, records, and dockets of said officers, without exception, shall be examined by the agents of the Attorney General at any time; acts, records, etc., of and also, when requested by the presiding judge, the official acts, court officers. and also, when requested by the presiding judge, the official acts, records, and accounts of referees and trustees of such courts; for copying, in the District of Columbia or elsewhere, reports of exam- Services in the Disiners at folio rates; traveling expenses; and including not to exceed \$136,940 for personal services in the District of Columbia; in all. \$200,000; to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General.

Enforcement of antitrust laws: For the enforcement of antitrust laws. laws, including experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, including not to exceed \$42,560 for personal services in the District of Columbia,

\$150,000.

SALARIES AND EXPENSES, BUREAU OF PRISONS

Salaries and expenses: For salaries and expenses in connection with the supervision of the maintenance and care of United States prisoners, including not to exceed \$180,240 for personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, traveling expenses, and expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of such bureau when authorized by the Attorney General, \$215,000.

BUREAU OF PROHIBITION

Salaries and expenses: For expenses to enforce and administer the applicable provisions of the National Prohibition Act, as amended, and supplemented (U. S. C., title 27), and internal reversity vol. 41, p. 305; Vol. 44, p. nue laws, pursuant to the Act of March 3, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, 1381; Vol. 46, p. 427, title 5, secs. 281–281e), and the Act of May 27, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 427), v, pp. 451, 22, 452. including the employment of executive officers, attorneys, agents, inspectors, investigators, supervisors, clerks, messengers, and other personnel, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, to be appointed as authorized by law; the securing of evidence of violations of the etc. Acts; the cost of chemical analysis made by other than employees of the United States and expenses incident to the giving of testimony in relation thereto; the purchase of stationery, supplies, equipment, mechanical devices, newspapers, periodicals, books, including law books and books of reference, and such other expenditures as may be necessary in the District of Columbia and the several field offices; costs incurred in the seizure, storage, and disposition of liquor etc. and property seized under the National Prohibition Act, including

Enforcing antitrust

Bureau of Prisons.

Salaries and expenses.

Vol. 46, p. 325.

Prohibition Bureau.

Salaries and expenses.

Securing evidence.

Supplies, etc.

Expenses of seizures,

R. S., sec. 3460, p. 685; U. S. C., p. 846.

Vol. 41, p. 315.

seizures made under the internal revenue laws if a violation of the National Prohibition Act is involved and disposition is made under section 3460, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 26, sec. 1193); costs incurred in the seizure, storage, and disposition of any vehicle and team or automobile, boat, air or water craft, or any other conveyance, seized pursuant to section 26, Title II, of the National Prohibition Act, when the proceeds of sale are insufficient therefor or where there is no sale; purchase of passenger-carrying motor vehicles at a total cost of not to exceed \$50,000, including the value of any vehicles exchanged, and the hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work; and for rental of quarters; in all, \$10,250,000, of which amount not to exceed \$335,120 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Services in the District.

Indicial.

JUDICIAL UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT

United States Supreme Court.

Salaries of Justices.

Salaries: Chief Justice, \$20,500; eight Associate Justices, at All other officers, etc. \$20,000 each; and all other officers and employees, whose compensation shall be fixed by the court, except as otherwise provided by law, and who may be employed and assigned by the Chief Justice to any office or work of the court, including an additional assistant to the reporter of the court, if the court deems one necessary, to enable the reporter to expedite the publication of its reports, \$100,000; in all, \$280,500.

Printing and binding.

For printing and binding for the Supreme Court of the United States, \$21,000, to be expended as required, without allotment by quarters. The printing and binding for the Supreme Court shall be done by the printer it may employ, unless it shall otherwise order.

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, SUPREME COURT

Miscellaneous expenses.

For miscellaneous expenses of the Supreme Court of the United States, including rent of office for the reporter in Washington, to be expended as the Chief Justice may direct, \$15,000.

Reporter.

For the salary of the reporter, \$8,000.

Judges.

Circuit and district.

Retired. Vol. 40, p. 1157; U. S. C., p. 908. Customs Court. Availability.

SALARIES OF JUDGES

For salaries of forty circuit judges, at \$12,500 each; one hundred and fifty-one district judges (including two in the Territory of Hawaii, one in the Territory of Porto Rico, and four in the Territory of Alaska), at \$10,000 each; and judges retired under section 260 vol. 46, p. 737; vol. of the Judicial Code, as amended, and section 518 of the Tariff Act 42, p. 972. of 1930 and coneval approximately section 518 of the Tariff Act of 1930, and general appraiser retired under section 518 of the Tariff Act of 1922; in all \$2,174,000: Provided, That this appropriation shall be available for the salaries of all United States justices and circuit and district judges lawfully entitled thereto, whether active or retired.

Court of Customs and Patent Appeals.

COURT OF CUSTOMS AND PATENT APPEALS

Salaries.

Salaries: Presiding judge and four associate judges, at \$12,500 each; and all other officers and employees of the court, \$37,500; in all, \$100,000.

Printing and binding. Books, miscellaneous expenses, etc.

For printing and binding, \$5,000.

For books and periodicals, including their exchange; stationery, supplies, traveling expenses; drugs, chemicals, cleansers, furniture; and for such other miscellaneous expenses as may be approved by the presiding judge, \$4,500.

CUSTOMS COURT

Salaries: Presiding judge and eight judges, at \$10,000 each: and all other officers and employees of the court, \$140,000; in all, \$230,000.

For books and periodicals, including their exchange; stationery, Books, misc expenses, etc. supplies, traveling expenses; and for such other miscellaneous expenses as may be approved by the presiding judge, \$15,000.

For printing and binding, \$3,000.

Customs Court.

Judges.

Other officers, etc.

Books, miscellaneous

Printing and bind-

Court of Claims.

Salaries.

Printing and binding. Miscellaneous

Commissioners, salaries, etc.

Vol. 43, p. 964; Vol. 46, p. 799. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Repairs to buildings.

Territorial courts.

Hawaii.

COURT OF CLAIMS

Salaries: Chief justice, \$12,500; four judges, at \$12,500 each; and all other officers and employees of the court, \$55,000; in all \$117,500.

For printing and binding, \$35,000.

For stationery, court library, repairs, including repairs to bicycles, fuel, electric light, electric elevator, and other miscellaneous expenses, \$6,000.

Salaries and expenses of commissioners: For salaries of seven commissioners at \$7,500 each, and for travel expenses, compensation of stenographers authorized by the court, and for stenographic and other fees and charges necessary in the taking of testimony and in the performance of the duties as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act amending section 2 and repealing section 3 of the Act approved 469. February 24, 1925 (43 Stat., p. 964, ch. 301), entitled 'An Act to authorize the appointment of commissioners by the Court of Claims and to prescribe their powers and compensation,' and for other purposes," approved June 23, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 799), \$75,000.

For necessary repairs and improvements to the Court of Claims buildings, to be expended under the supervision of the Architect

of the Capitol, \$4,000.

TERRITORIAL COURTS

HAWAII: Chief justice, \$10,500; two associate justices, at \$10,000

each; in all, \$30,500. For judges of circuit courts at \$7,500 each for the first circuit, and \$7,000 each for the second, third, fourth, and fifth circuits,

\$58,000.

MARSHALS, DISTRICT ATTORNEYS, CLERKS, AND OTHER EXPENSES OF UNITED STATES COURTS

For salaries, fees, and expenses of United States marshals and their deputies, including services rendered in behalf of the United States or otherwise, services in Alaska in collecting evidence for the United States when so specially directed by the Attorney General, traveling expenses, and maintenance, alteration, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles used in connection with the transaction of the official business of the United States marshals, \$4,100,000.

For salaries, traveling, and other expenses of United States district attorneys and their regular assistants, clerks, and other employees, including the office expenses of United States district attorneys in Alaska, and for salaries of regularly appointed clerks to United States district attorneys for services rendered during vacancy in

the office of the United States district attorney, \$3,050,000.

For compensation and traveling expenses of special attorneys and assistants to the Attorney General and to United States district attorneys employed by the Attorney General to aid in special cases, and for payment of foreign counsel employed by the Attorney Gen-

United States courts.

Marshals. Salaries, etc.

Alaska.

Traveling expenses,

District attorneys. Salaries, etc.

Special assistants.

Foreign counsel.

Proviso. Pay restriction.

Clerks of courts, etc. Salaries, etc.

Travel expenses. Vol. 44, p. 688. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Mileage and per diem. R. S., sec. 850, p. 160. U. S. C., p. 927. Ante, p. 782.

R. S., sec. 846, p. 159. U. S. C., p. 924. Provisos. Pay, etc., on approv-al of Attorney General.

Attendance fee restriction.

Rent of court rooms.

Bailiffs.

Expenses, judges. Vol. 36, p. 1161. U. S. C., pp. 864, 926.

Jury expenses.

Alaska. Vol. 31, p. 639. U. S. C., pp. 864, 921, Jury commissioners.

Proviso. Service restriction.

Misclaneous. Ante, p. 782.

Alaska, etc. Travel expenses. Vol. 44, p. 688. U.S. C., Supp. V, p.

Proviso. Law clerk's salary. Supplies, etc.

eral in special cases, \$360,000: Provided, That the amount paid as compensation out of the funds herein appropriated to any person employed hereunder shall not exceed \$10,000.

For salaries of clerks of United States circuit courts of appeals and United States district courts, their deputies, and other assistants, travel expenses pursuant to the subsistence expense Act of 1926 (U. S. C., title 5, secs. 821-833), and other expenses of conducting

their respective offices, \$1,925,000.

Commissioners, etc. B. S., sec. 1014, p. 189; U. S. C., p. 506.

For fees of United States commissioners and other magistrates acting under section 1014, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 591), \$550,000.

United States courts: For mileage For fees of United States commissioners and other committing

Fees of Jurors and witnesses, United States courts: For mileage and per diems of jurors; for mileage and per diems of witnesses and for per diems in lieu of subsistence; and for payment of the actual expenses of witnesses, as provided by section 850, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 604), including the expenses, mileage, and per diems of witnesses on behalf of the Government before the United States Customs Court, such payments to be made on the certifica-tion of the attorney for the United States and to be conclusive as provided by section 846, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 577), \$3,750,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$10,000 of this amount shall be available for such compensation and expenses of witnesses or informants as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, which approval shall be conclusive: Provided further, That no part of the sum herein appropriated shall be used to pay any witness more than one attendance fee for any one calendar day.

For rent of rooms for the United States courts and judicial

officers, \$90,000.

For bailiffs, not exceeding three bailiffs in each court, except in the southern district of New York and the northern district of Illinois; expenses of circuit and district judges of the United States and the judges of the district courts of the United States in Alaska, Porto Rico, and Hawaii, as provided by section 259 of the Act entitled "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March 3, 1911 (U.S.C., title 28, secs. 9 and 596); meals and lodging for jurors in United States cases, and of bailiffs in attendance upon the same, when ordered by the court, and meals and lodging for jurors in Alaska, as provided by section 193, Title II, of the Act of June 6, 1900 (31 Stat., p. 639); and compensation for jury commissioners, \$5 per day, not exceeding three days for any one term of court, \$400,000: Provided, That no per diem shall be paid to any bailiff unless the court is actually in session and the judge present and presiding or present in chambers.

For such miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, for the United States courts and their officers, including experts at such rates of compensation as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General, including also so much as may be necessary in the discretion of the Attorney General for such expenses in the District of Alaska and in courts other than Federal courts, and including traveling expenses pursuant to the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926 (U. S. C., title 5, ch. 16), \$900,000: Provided, That the maximum salary paid to any law clerk

to any circuit judge shall not exceed \$2,400 per annum.

For supplies, including the exchange of typewriting and adding machines, for the United States courts and judicial officers, including firearms and ammunition therefor, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, \$75,000,

For the purchase of law books, including the exchange thereof, for Law books for judicial officers, United States judges, district attorneys, and other judicial officers, including the libraries of the ten United States circuit courts of appeals, for the purchase of the Federal Reporter and continuations thereto as issued, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney General, \$75,000: Provided, That such books shall in all cases be transmitted to their successors in office; all books purcessors.

chased thereunder to be marked plainly, "The property of the United States": Provided further, That not to exceed \$2 per volume shall states Code, annotated. be paid for the current and future volumes of the United States Code, Annotated.

Federal Reporter.

Provisos.
Transmittal to suc-

Penal, etc., institu-

Services, supplies, etc.

PENAL AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

For all services, supplies, materials, and equipment in connection with or incident to the subsistence and care of inmates and maintenance and upkeep of Federal penal and correctional institutions, including farm and other operations not otherwise specifically provided for in the discretion of the Attorney General; gratuities for inmates at release, provided such gratuities shall be furnished to inmates sentenced for terms of imprisonment of not less than six months, and transportation to the place of conviction or bona fide residence at the time of conviction or to such other place within the United States as may be authorized by the Attorney General; expenses of interment or transporting remains of deceased inmates to their homes in the United States; maintenance and repair of passenger-carrying vehicles; traveling expenses of institution officials and employees when traveling on official duty, including expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the several institutions when authorized by the Attorney General, and including expenses incurred in pursuing and identifying escaped inmates; traveling expenses of members of advisory boards authorized by law incurred in the discharge of their official duties; rewards for the capture of escaped inmates; newspapers, books, and periodicals; firearms and ammunition; tobacco for inmates; and the purchase and exchange of farm products and livestock, when authorized by the Attorney General: Provided, That upon the written order of propriations the Attorney General not to exceed 10 per centum of the amounts herein appropriated under this heading, except the appropriations for construction and repair and working capital funds of penal and correctional institutions and for support of United States prisoners, shall be available interchangeably for expenditures on the objects named, but the total of any appropriation shall not be increased by more than 10 per centum and under the following heads: Provided, That any part of the appropriations under this heading used for payment of salaries of personnel employed in the operation of prison commissaries shall be reimbursed from commissary earnings, and such reimbursement shall be in addition to the amounts appropriated

Propisos. Interchangeable ap-

Prison commissaries.

Prison industries working capital fund: Prison industries working capital fund, 1932 and prior years, is reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year 1933, including payment of obligations incurred in prior years; and the said working capital fund and all receipts credited thereto may be used as a revolving fund for the revolving fund. fiscal year 1933, for the purposes authorized by the Act entitled "An Vol.46, p. 391. U. S. C., Supp. v, Act to provide for the diversification of employment of Federal p. 219. prisoners for their training and schooling in trades and occupations, and for other purposes," approved May 27, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 18, secs. 744d, 744e, 744f).

Prison industries working capital fund. Reappropriation. Vol. 46, p. 1327.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SERVICE

Medical and hospital service.

Public Health Service details.

Medical appliances.

Transfer of funds.

Proviso.
Sum for personal services.

Penitentiaries. Leavenworth, Kans. Maintenance.

Building construc-

Atlanta, Ga. Maintenance.

Building construction, etc.

McNeil Island, Wash. Maintenance.

Building construction, etc.

Northeastern Penitentiary. Maintenance, etc.

Industrial Institution for Women. Maintenance.

Industrial Reformatory. Maintenance, etc.

Construction, etc. Vol. 43, p. 724, U. S. C., p. 520. For medical relief for, and incident to the care and maintenance of, inmates of penal and correctional institutions, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and not to exceed \$60,568 for pay and allowances of regular commissioned officers of the Public Health Service, and including medical, surgical, and hospital supplies, materials, equipment, and appliances, together with appliances necessary for patients, \$312,000, which amount, in the discretion of the Attorney General, may be transferred to the Public Health Service for direct expenditure under the laws, appropriations, and regulations governing the Public Health Service: *Provided*, That of this appropriation not to exceed \$191,000 may be expended for personal services.

United States penitentiary, Leavenworth, Kansas: For the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas, including not to exceed \$657,608 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, \$1,645,000.

For construction and repair of buildings, including the purchase and installation of machinery and equipment, and all expenses incident thereto, to be expended so as to give the maximum amount of employment to inmates of the institution, \$8,000.

United States penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia: For the United States penitentiary at Atlanta, Georgia, including not to exceed \$390,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, \$1,045,000.

For construction and repair of buildings, including the purchase and installation of machinery and equipment, and all expenses incident thereto, to be expended so as to give the maximum amount of employment to inmates of the institution, \$8,500.

United States penitentiary, McNeil Island, Washington: For the United States penitentiary at McNeil Island, Washington, including not to exceed \$200,000, for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, \$428,500.

For construction and repair of buildings, including the purchase and installation of machinery and equipment, and all expenses incident thereto, to be expended so as to give the maximum amount of employment to inmates of the institution, \$32,000.

United States Northeastern Penitentiary: For the United States penitentiary in the Northeast, including not to exceed \$244,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, \$440,000.

Federal Industrial Institution for Women, Alderson, West Virginia: For the Federal Industrial Institution for Women at Alderson, West Virginia, including not to exceed \$137,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, \$300,000.

United States Industrial Reformatory, Chillicothe, Ohio: For the United States Industrial Reformatory at Chillicothe, Ohio, including not to exceed \$260,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, \$634,000.

Construction: For the remodeling and construction of the necessary buildings and appurtenances, purchase of mechanical equipment, and other expenses incident to the construction of buildings in accordance with the provisions of "An Act for the establishment of a United States Industrial Reformatory," approved January 7, 1925 (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 832), to be expended under the direction and upon the written order of the Attorney General, or his authorized representative, by contract or purchase of material and hire of labor and services and utilization of labor of United States prisoners, as the Attorney General may direct, \$521,000, to be immediately

available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That the total sum to be expended for such purposes shall not exceed \$3,000,000: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Treasury, if in his discretion it would be impracticable to cause the plans, etc., authorized. drawings, designs, specifications, and estimates for the remodeling and construction of the necessary buildings to be prepared in the Office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department, and the work of remodeling and constructing the said buildings to be supervised by the field force of said office, may contract for all or any portion of such work to be performed by such suitable person or firm as he may select.

m as ne may select.
United States Southwestern Reformatory—Maintenance: For the formatory.

Maintenance: Maintenance for the second maintenance. United States Southwestern Reformatory, including not to exceed \$130,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees and not to exceed \$2,000 for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-

carrying vehicles, \$284,000.

United States Southwestern Reformatory, construction: For the United States Southwestern Reformatory, including any cost incident to the acquisition and occupation of the site selected on the Reno Quartermaster Depot Military Reservation, Oklahoma, and for remodeling, constructing, and equipping the necessary buildings thereon, purchase of mechanical equipment, and other expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act establishing two institutions for the confinement of United States prisoners, approved May 27, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 18, secs. 901, 911, 912), to be expended under the direction and upon the written order of the Attorney General, by contract or purchase of material and hire of labor and services and utilization of labor of United States prisoners, as the Attorney General may direct, \$520,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended: Provided, That the total sum to be expended for such purposes shall not exceed \$3,000,000, and authority is hereby granted to enter into contracts for not to exceed such amount.

United States Hospital for Defective Delinquents: For the United States Hospital for Defective Delinquents, including not to exceed \$31,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees and not to exceed \$2,500 for the purchase of motor-propelled passenger-carry-

ing vehicles, \$270,000.

For the United States hospital for defective delinquents, including the cost of purchasing a site, remodeling, constructing, and equipping the necessary buildings thereon, purchase of mechanical equipment, and all other expenses incident thereto, as authorized by the Act approved May 13, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 18, secs. 871, 872, p. 222. entitled "An Act to establish a hospital for defective delinquents," of the Attorney General, by contract or purchase of material and hire of labor and services and utilization of labor of United States prisoners, as the Attorney General may direct, \$468,000, to remain available until expended.

Federal jails: For maintenance and operation of Federal jails established under authority of the Act of May 14, 1930 (U. S. C., Weil and Waintenance, etc. Vol. 46, p. 325. Supp. V, title 18, sec. 753b), and the house of detention for Federal U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 220. prisoners in New York City, including not to exceed \$453,000 for

salaries and wages of all officers and employees, \$815,000.

Federal jails: For the purchase of sites, constructing, remodeling, and equipping necessary buildings, purchase and installation of machinery and equipment, and all necessary expenses incident thereto, for establishing new Federal jails and altering and adapting other Government property for jail purposes, as authorized by the Provisos Cost limitation.

architects.

Southwestern Re-

Construction.

Vol. 46, p. 389. U. S. C., Supp. V,

Propiso. Cost limitation.

Hospital for defec-ive delinquents. Maintenance.

Ante, p. 782.

Site, construction.

Federal jails. House of detention.

Establishment, etc.

Prison camps. Construction, main-

tenance, etc.

Proviso. Repayment basis.

National Training School for Boys, D. C. Maintenance.

Construction, etc.

Probation system. Maintenance, etc. Vol. 43, p. 1259; Vol. 46, p. 503. U. S. C., p. 516; Supp. V, p. 218. Provisos. Travel, etc., expen-Salary limitation.

Support of prisoners.

p. 216.

Act entitled "An Act to reorganize the administration of Federal prisons; to authorize the Attorney General to contract for the care of United States prisoners; to establish Federal jails, and for other purposes," approved May 14, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 18, secs. 753c, 753d), to be expended under the direction and upon the written Contractsauthorized. order of the Attorney General, by contract or purchase of material and hire of labor and services and utilization of labor of United States prisoners, as the Attorney General may direct, \$500, to remain available until expended; and the Attorney General may contract with such suitable person or firm as he may select for the work of preparing plans, drawings, designs, specifications, and estimates for remodeling and construction of the necessary buildings.

Prison camps: For the construction and repair of buildings at prison camps, the purchase and installation of machinery and equipment, and all necessary expenses incident thereto, and for the maintenance of United States prisoners at prison camps, including the maintenance, alteration, repair, and operation of a motor-propelled passenger-carrying bus, to be expended so as to give the maximum amount of employment to prisoners, \$800,000: Provided, That reimbursements from this appropriation made to the War or other departments for supplies or subsistence shall be at the net contract or invoice price notwithstanding the provisions of any other Act.

National Training School for Boys, Washington, District of Columbia: For the National Training School for Boys, Washington, District of Columbia, including not to exceed \$120,000 for salaries and wages of all officers and employees, \$248,000.

For construction, repairs, and alterations of buildings, including the purchase and installation of machinery and equipment, and all expenses incident thereto, to be expended so as to give the maximum amount of employment to inmates of the institution, \$76,000.

Probation system, United States courts: For salaries and expenses of probation officers, as authorized by the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act of March 4, 1925, chapter 521, and for other purposes," approved June 6, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 18, sec. 726), \$415,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$70,000 of this appropriation may be expended for travel and subsistence: Provided further, That no part of the appropriation herein made shall be used to pay any probation officer a salary in excess of \$2,600 per annum: Provided further, That no part of this or any other appropriation shall be used Conditions imposed, to defray the salary or expenses of any probation officer who does not comply with the official orders, regulations, and probation standards

promulgated by the Attorney General. Support of prisoners: For support of United States prisoners, in non-Federal institutions and in the Territory of Alaska, including necessary clothing and medical aid, discharge gratuities provided by law and transportation to place of conviction or place of bona fide residence in the United States, or such other place within the United States as may be authorized by the Attorney General; and including rent, repair, anteration, and maintenance of sections U. S. C., Supp. V, tenance of prisoners therein, occupied under authority of sections U. S. C., Supp. V, title 18, sec. rent, repair, alteration, and maintenance of buildings and the main-696); support of prisoners becoming insane during imprisonment, and who continue insane after expiration of sentence, who have no friends to whom they can be sent; shipping remains of deceased prisoners to their friends or relatives in the United States, and interment of deceased prisoners whose remains are unclaimed; expenses incurred in identifying and pursuing escaped prisoners and for rewards for their recapture; and for repairs, betterments, and improvements of United States jails, including sidewalks. \$2,855,000.

TITLE III.—DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Department of Com-

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: Secretary of Commerce, \$15,000; Assistant Secretary and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including the chief clerk and superintendent, who shall be chief executive officer of the department and who may be designated by the Secretary of Commerce to sign official papers and documents during the temporary absence of the Secretary and the Assistant Secretary of the department, \$300,000; in all, \$315,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Contingent and miscellaneous expenses.

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses of the offices and bureaus of the department, except the Patent Office, including those for which appropriations for contingent and miscellaneous expenses are specifically made, including professional and scientific books, law books, books of reference, periodicals, blank books, pamphlets, maps, newspapers (not exceeding \$2,500); purchase of atlases or maps; stationery; furniture and repairs to same; carpets, matting, oilcloth, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges; fuel, lighting, and heating; not to exceed \$3,500 for the purchase and exchange of one passenger-carrying automobile for the Secretary of Commerce; purchase and exchange of motor trucks and bicycles; maintenance, repair, and operation of three motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles (one for the Secretary of Commerce and two for the general use of the department), and motor trucks and bicycles, to be used only for official purposes; freight and express charges; postage to foreign countries; telegraph and telephone service; typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange; first-aid outfits for use in the buildings occupied by employees of this department; street-car fares, not exceeding \$500; and all other miscellaneous items and necessary expenses not included in the foregoing, \$238,200, which sum shall constitute the appropriation for contingent expenses of the department, except the Patent Office, and shall also be available for the service. purchase of necessary supplies and equipment for field services of bureaus and offices of the department for which contingent and miscellaneous appropriations are specifically made in order to facilitate the purchase through the central purchasing office (Division of Purchases and Sales), as provided by law: Provided, That expenditions contained in this Act for the maintenance, ger vehicles. upkeep, and repair, exclusive of garage rent, pay of operator, fuel, and lubricants on any one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle used by the Department of Commerce shall not exceed onethird of the market price of a new vehicle of the same make or class, and in any case more than \$500.

Purchases.

For all printing and binding for the Department of Commerce, ing. Printing and bindincluding all of its bureaus, offices, institutions and services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, except the Patent Office, \$600,000: Provided, That an amount not to exceed \$2,000 of this appropriation may be expended for salaries of persons detailed from the Government Printing Office for service as copy editors.

Proviso.
Copy editors.

Federal Employment Stabilization Board.

FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT STABILIZATION BOARD

Vol. 46, p. 1084. U. S. C., Supp. VI, p. 629.

Salaries and expenses: To enable the Secretary of Commerce to carry out the provisions of the "Employment Stabilization Act of 1931," approved February 10, 1931 (46 Stat., pp. 1084-1087), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, traveling expenses, purchase of equipment, furniture, stationery and office supplies, printing and binding, repairs to equipment, law books, books of reference, and other necessary publications, and to procure by contract or otherwise any information or data concerning construction which may be considered pertinent, and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, \$75,000, of which amount not to exceed \$58,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Radio Division.

RADIO DIVISION

Wireless communication on steam vessels.

Wireless communication laws: To enable the Secretary of Comon on steam vessels. mrce 1 to enforce the Acts of Congress "to require apparatus and operators for radio communication on certain ocean steamers" and quiring. Vol. 36, p. 629; Vol. 37, "to regulate radio communication" and carry out the provisions pp. 199, 1565; Vol. 44, "to regulate radio communication" and carry out the provisions p. 1162. U. S. C., Supp. V, of the international radiotelegraphic convention, examine and settle international radio accounts, including personal services in the District of Columbia, and to employ such persons and means as may be necessary, traveling and subsistence expenses, purchase and exchange of instruments, technical books, tabulating, duplicating, and other office machinery and devices, rent, improvement and care of grounds and repairs to buildings not to exceed \$1,500, and all other miscellaneous items, including rubber gloves, aprons, rubber Services in the Dis-boots, and necessary expenses not included in the foregoing, \$490,000, of which amount not to exceed \$65,315 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

trict.

Aircraft in commerce.

AIRCRAFT IN COMMERCE

Personal services and all expenses. Vol. 44, p. 568. U. S. C., p. 2119.

Vol. 45, p. 1404. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 698.

Aircraft in commerce: To carry out the provisions of the Act approved May 20, 1926, entitled "An Act to encourage and regulate the use of aircraft in commerce, and for other purposes" (U.S. C., title 49, secs. 171-184), as amended by the Act approved February 28, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 49, sec. 173d), including salary of Assistant Secretary of Commerce (provided for in the Act cited above), and other personal services in the District of Columbia (not to exceed \$325,520), and elsewhere; rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses; contract stenographic reporting services; fees and mileage of witnesses; purchase of furniture and equipment; stationery and supplies, including medical supplies, typewriting, adding, and computing machines, accessories and repairs; purchase, including exchange, not to exceed \$3,000; maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work; purchase and replacement, including exchange, of airplanes (not to exceed \$65,000); purchase of airplane motors, airplane and motor accessories and spare parts; maintenance, operation, and repair of airplanes and airplane motors; purchase of special clothing, wearing apparel, and similar equipment for aviation purposes; purchase of books of reference and periodicals; newspapers, reports, documents, plans, specifications, maps, manuscripts, and all other publications; and all other necessary expenses not included in the foregoing; in all, \$1,000,000.

Purchases of airplanes, accessories, etc.

² So in original.

Air-navigation facilities: For the establishment and maintenance of aids to air navigation, including the equipment of additional air-mail routes for day and night flying; the construction of necessary maintaining aids, mail routes, etc. lighting, radio, and other signalling and communicating structures and apparatus; repairs, alterations, and all expenses of maintenance and operation; investigation, research, and experimentation to develop and improve aids to air navigation; for personal services in trict, the District of Columbia (not to exceed \$155,310) and elsewhere; purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled, passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, including their exchange; replacement, including exchange, of not to exceed four airplanes, maintenance, operation, and repair of airplanes, including accessories and spare parts and special clothing, wearing apparel, and suitable equipment for aviation purposes; and for the acquisition of the necessary sites by lease or grant, \$7,553,500: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for any purpose not authorized by the Air Commerce Act of 1926.

Appropriations herein made for aircraft in commerce and air ings navigation facilities shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the promotion of civil aeronautics, and also expenses of illustrating the work of the Aeronautics Branch by showing of maps, charts, and graphs at such meetings, when incurred

on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce.

BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE

Salaries: For the director and other personal services in the Dispersonnel. trict of Columbia, \$250,000.

For carrying out the provisions of the Act approved March 3, service.

1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 15, secs. 197–197f), to establish in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of U. S. C., Supp. v, Commerce a Foreign Commerce Service of the United States, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, the compensation of a clerk or clerks for each commercial attaché at the rate of not to exceed \$3,000 per annum for each person so employed, rent outside the District of Columbia, telephone service, purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, duplicating, and computing machines, accessories and repairs, law books, books of reference and periodicals, uniforms, maps, reports, documents, plans, specifications, manuscripts, newspapers (foreign and domestic) not exceeding \$4,000, and all other publications, traveling expenses of officers and employees, ice and drinking water for office purposes, and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of Commerce, and under the following heads:

Promoting commerce in Europe and other areas: Investigations Promoting commerce in Europe, etc. in Europe and other areas for the promotion and development of

the foreign commerce of the United States, \$670,000;

Promoting commerce in Latin America: Investigations in Latin America for the promotion and development of the foreign commerce of the United States, \$431,000;

Promoting commerce in the Far East: Investigations in the Far East for the promotion and development of the foreign commerce of the United States, \$360,000;

Promoting commerce in Africa: Investigations in Africa for the promotion and development of the foreign commerce of the United States, \$85,000;

Services in the Dis-

Proviso. Use restricted. Vol. 44, p. 568.

Attendance at meet-Appropriations available.

Foreign and Domestic Commerce Bureau.

Personal services.

Outside rent.

Promoting commerce

In Latin America.

In the Far East.

In Africa.

District and cooperative office service.

Maintenance, etc.

Proviso Conditions for opening new offices.

China Trade Act. Enforcement expenses. Vol. 42, p. 849; Vol. 43, p. 995. U. S. C., p. 367.

Proviso. Advance payments

Export industries. Investigating problems of.

Outside rent.

Domestic raw materials and manufactures.
Compiling data as to
disposition of, etc.

District and cooperative office service: For all expenses necessary to operate and maintain district and cooperative offices, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, rent outside of the District of Columbia, traveling and subsistence expenses of officers and employees, purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, and computing machines, accessories and repairs, purchase of maps, books of reference and periodicals, reports, documents, plans, specifications, manuscripts, not exceeding \$1,200 for newspapers, both foreign and domestic, and all other publications necessary for the promotion of the commercial interests of the United States, and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, \$510,000: Provided, That the Secretary of Commerce shall require as a condition for the opening of a new office or the continuation of an existing office, except in cases where space is available in Federal buildings or in Federal buildings for the construction of which contracts have been let, that commercial organizations in the district affected provide suitable quarters without cost to the Government on and after September 1, 1932;

Enforcement of China Trade Act: To carry out the provisions or the Act entitled "China Trade Act, 1922" (U. S. C., title 15, secs. 141-162), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, traveling and subsistence expenses of officers and employees, purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding and computing machines, accessories and repairs, purchase of books of reference and periodicals, reports, documents, plans, specifications, maps, manuscripts, and all other publications; rent outside the District of Columbia; ice and drinking water for office purposes, and all necessary expenses not included in the foregoing, \$17,000: Provided, That payment in advance for telephone and other similar services under this appropriation is

hereby authorized:

Export industries: To enable the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce to investigate and report on domestic as well as foreign problems relating to the production, distribution, and marketing, in so far as they relate to the important export industries of the United States, including personal services in the District of Columbia, traveling and subsistence expenses of officers and employees, purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, and computing machines, accessories and repairs, books of reference and periodicals, reports, documents, plans, specifications, manuscripts, and all other publications, rent outside of the District of Columbia, ice and drinking water for office purposes, and all other incidental expenses connected therewith, \$765,000;

Domestic commerce and raw-materials investigations: For all expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase of books of reference and periodicals, furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, and computing machines, accessories and repairs, medical supplies and first-aid outfits, reports, documents, plans, specifications, manuscripts, maps, and all other publications, rent outside of the District of Columbia, traveling and subsistence expenses of officers and employees, and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, to enable the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce to collect and compile information regarding the disposition and handling of raw materials and manufactures within the United States; and to investigate the conditions of production and marketing of foreign raw materials essential for American industries, \$300,000;

Foreign raw mate-

Customs statistics: For all expenses necessary for the operation of the section of customs statistics transferred to the Department of ing, compiling, etc. Commerce from the Treasury Department by the Act approved January 5, 1923 (U. S. C., title 15, sec. 194), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; rent of or purchase of tabulating, punching, sorting, and other mechanical laborsaving machinery or devices, including adding, typewriting, billing, computing, mimeographing, multigraphing, photostat, and other duplicating machines and devices, including their exchange and repair; telegraph and telephone service; subsistence and traveling expenses of officers and employees while traveling on official business; freight, express, drayage; tabulating cards, stationery, and miscellaneous office supplies; books of reference and periodicals; furniture and equipment; ice, water, heat, light, and power; street-car fare; and all other necessary and incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, \$270,000;

Lists of foreign buyers: For all necessary expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, and computing machines, accessories and repairs, lists of foreign buyers, books of reference, periodicals, reports, documents, plans, specifications, rent outside of the District of Columbia, traveling and subsistence expenses of officers and employees, and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, to enable the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce to collect and compile lists of foreign buyers, \$60,000: Provided, That the Secretary of Commerce may make such charges as he deems reasonable for lists of foreign buyers, special statistical services, special commodity news bulletins, and World Trade Directory Reports, and the amounts collected therefrom shall be deposited in the Treasury as "Miscellaneous receipts";

Investigation of foreign trade restrictions: For all necessary tions. expenses, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, purchase of furniture and equipment, stationery and supplies, typewriting, adding, and computing machines, accessories and repairs, books of reference and periodicals, reports, documents, plans, specifications, manuscripts, and all other publications, rent outside of the District of Columbia, traveling and subsistence expenses of officers and employees, and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, to enable the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce to collect and compile information regarding the restrictions and regulations of trade imposed by foreign countries, \$50,000;

Transportation of families and effects of officers and employees: families and effects. To pay the itemized and verified statements of the actual and necessary expenses of transportation and subsistence, under such regulations as the Secretary of Commerce may prescribe, of families and effects of officers and employees of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in going to and returning from their posts, or when traveling under the order of the Secretary of Commerce, and also for defraying the expenses of preparing and transporting the mains of officers, etc., remains of officers and employees of the Bureau of Foreign and dying abroad. Domestic Commerce who may die abroad or in transit, while in the discharge of their official duties, to their former homes in this country, or to a place not more distant for interment, and for the ordinary expenses of such interment, \$45,000;

Customs statistics. Expenses of collect-

Vol. 42, p. 1109. U. S. C., p. 373.

Directory of foreign buyers. Compiling, etc., ex-

Outside rent.

Charges authorized.

Foreign trade restric-Expenses of collecting, etc., information.

Outside rent.

Transportation of

Furnishing quarters, etc., abroad.

Vol. 44, p. 1395; Vol. 46, p. 163;

To enable the Secretary of Commerce, under such regulations as he may prescribe, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act to establish in the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the Department of Commerce, a Foreign Commerce Service of the United States, and for other purposes, approved March 3, 1927," approved April 12, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 163), to furnish the officers in the Foreign Commerce Service of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce stationed in a foreign country, without cost to them and and within the limits of this appropriation, allowances for living R.S. Sec., 1765, p. 314. quarters, heat, and light, notwithstanding the provisions of section U.S. C., p. 32. 1765 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 70), \$175,000: allow. Provided, That the maximum allowance to any officer shall not exceed \$1,700;

Proviso.
Maximum

Attendance at meetings, etc.

Appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the promotion of foreign and domestic commerce, or either, and also expenses of illustrating the work of the bureau by showing of maps, charts, and graphs at such meetings, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce:

Minor purchases in foreign countries.

U. S. C., p. 1309.

The purchase of supplies and equipment or the procurement of services for the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, in R. S., sec. 3709, p. foreign countries, may be made in open market without compliance with section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), in the manner common among business men, when the aggregate amount of the purchase or the service does not exceed \$100 in any instance;

Services in the District.

Total, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, \$3,988,000, of which amount not to exceed \$1,670,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Census Bureau.

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

Fifteenth Census. tion, etc.

For expenses for securing information for and compiling the Expenses of compila- census reports provided for by law, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; per diem compensation and expenses of enumerators, special agents, supervisors, supervisor's clerks, and interpreters in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses; the cost of transcribing State, municipal, and other records; temporary rental of quarters outside the District of Columbia; not to exceed \$5,000 for the employment by contract of personal services for the preparation of monographs on census subjects; not to exceed \$26,000 for constructing tabulating machines and repairs to such machinery and other mechanical appliances, including technical, mechanical, and other personal services in connection therewith in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, and the purchase of necessary machinery and supplies; and not to exceed \$2.000 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the collection of statistics when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce, \$862,125, of which amount not to exceed \$672,330 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, including not to exceed \$130,000 for temporary employees who may be appointed by the Director of the Census under civilservice rules, at per diem rates to be fixed by him without regard to the provisions of the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, for the purpose of assisting in periodical inquiries: Provided, That temporary employees of the Bureau of the Census may be allowed leave of absence with pay at the rate of two and one-half days per month:

Provisos. Leaves of absence to temporary employees.

Provided further, That any balance of the appropriations made for Bated. the expenses of the Fifteenth Census remaining unexpended on December 31, 1932, is hereby reappropriated and made available for use until June 30, 1933, to be used only for the same purpose for which it was originally appropriated.

Balance reappropri-

STEAMBOAT INSPECTION SERVICE

Salaries: For the Supervising Inspector General and other Supervising Inspector General and other for General and office

personal services in the District of Columbia, \$35,000.

Steamboat inspectors: For eleven supervising inspectors; inspectors of hulls and inspectors of boilers; assistant inspectors, nated ports. as authorized by law, for the following ports: New York, fortyseven; Pittsburgh, two; New Orleans, ten; Baltimore, ten; Providence, four; Boston, ten; Philadelphia, twelve; San Francisco, eighteen; Buffalo, eight; Cleveland, eight, Milwaukee, four; Chicago, six; Grand Haven, two; Detroit, four; Norfolk, eight; Seattle, fourteen; Portland (Oregon), six; Albany, two; Portland (Maine), four; Los Angeles, six; Galveston, four; Mobile, four; Savannah, two; Toledo, two; and six traveling inspectors; in all, \$833,625.

Clerk hire, Steamboat Inspection Service: For compensation of clerks to boards of steamboat inspectors, to be appointed by the Secretary of Commerce in accordance with the provisions of law,

\$150,000.

Contingent expenses: For the payment of fees to witnesses; for traveling and other expenses when on official business of the Supervising Inspector General, Deputy Supervising Inspector General, supervising inspectors, traveling inspectors, local and assistant inspectors, and clerks; for instruments, furniture, stationery, streetcar fares not to exceed \$25, janitor service, contract stenographic reporting services without reference to section 3709 of the Revised R. S., sec. 3709, p. Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), and every other thing necessary to carry into effect the provisions of title 46, chapter 14, United States Code, \$110,000.

Steamboat Inspection Service. personnel.

Inspectors. Assistants at desig-

Clerk hire.

Contingent expenses.

U.S.C., p. 1309,

Navigation Bureau. Commissioner, and

Admeasurement of

Ante, p. 415.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Salaries: For the commissioner and other personal services in the Commissioner office personal District of Columbia, \$65,000.

Admeasurement of vessels: To enable the Commissioner of Navigation to secure uniformity in the admeasurement of vessels, including the employment of an adjuster of admeasurements, purchase and exchange of admeasuring instruments, traveling and incidental

expenses, \$4,000.

Enforcement of navigation laws: To enable the Secretary of Com- Motor boats to enforce navigation laws. merce to provide and operate such motor boats and employ thereon such persons as may be necessary for the enforcement, under his direction, of laws relating to navigation and inspection of vessels, boarding of vessels, and counting of passengers on excursion boats, including insignia, braid, and chin straps, and coats, caps, and aprons, for stewards' departments on vessels, \$100,000.

Preventing overcrowding of passenger vessels: To 1 such persons preventing over as may be necessary, of whom not more than enable the Secretary of Commerce to employ, temporarily, two at any one time may be employed in the District of Columbia, to enforce the laws to prevent overcrowding of passenger and excursion vessels, and all expenses in connection therewith, \$15,000.

Motor boats to en-

¹ So in original.

Shipping commis-Clerk hire.

Contingent expenses, office of commission-

Load lines on American vessels.

Vol. 45, p. 1492. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Advertising. R. S., sec. 3709, p. Ü. S. C., p. 1309.

Shipping commissioners: For shipping commissioners, \$38,100. Clerk hire: For compensation, to be fixed by the Secretary of Commerce, to each person or clerk in the offices of shipping commissioners, \$95,000.

Contingent expenses: For rent, stationery, and other requisites for transaction of the business of shipping commissioners' offices,

including janitor service; in all \$11,000.

Load lines on American vessels: To enable the Secretary of Com-Enforcing law regu- merce to carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to establish load lines for American vessels, and for other purposes," approved March 2, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 46, secs. 85-85g), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, traveling expenses, rentals, purchase of instruments and other equipment, furniture, stationery and office supplies, repairs to equipment, books of reference and other necessary publications, documents, plans and specifications, contract stenographic reporting services without reference to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 5), and all other incidental expenses not included in the foregoing, \$19,440, of which not to exceed \$14,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Bureau of Standards

BUREAU OF STANDARDS

Director, and office personnel.

Equipment.

Salaries: For the director and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$645,000.

Equipment: For apparatus, machinery, tools, and appliances used in connection with buildings or work of the bureau, typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, laboratory supplies, materials, and supplies used in the construction of apparatus, machinery, or other appliances, including their exchange; piping, wiring, and construction incident to the installation of apparatus, machinery, or appliances; furniture for laboratories and offices, cases for apparatus, \$\$0,000, including \$17,000 for repairs and necessary alterations to buildings.

General expenses.

General expenses: For fuel for heat, light, and power; office expenses, stationery, cleaning and toilet supplies, books and periodicals, which may be exchanged when not needed for permanent use; traveling expenses; street-car fares not exceeding \$100; expenses of the visiting committee; expenses of attendance of American member at the meeting of the International Committee of Weights and Measures; purchase of gloves, goggles, rubber boots, and aprons; supplies for operation, maintenance, and repair of motor trucks and a passenger automobile for official use, including their exchange; and contingencies of all kinds, \$60,000.

International Com-mittee of Weights and Measures.

Care, etc., of grounds.

Improvement and care of grounds: For grading, construction of roads and walks, piping grounds for water supply, lamps, wiring for lighting purposes, and other expenses incident to the improvement and care of grounds, including foreman and laborers in the District of Columbia, \$12,000.

Structural materials investigations.

Testing structural materials: For continuation of the investiga-Services in the District.

Provises.

Provises. Disseminating instanting instantial be used to collect and disseminate such scientific, practical, and statistical information as may be procured, showing or tending to show approved methods in building, planning and construction, standardization, and adaptability of structural units, including building materials and codes, economy in the manufacture and utilization of building materials and supplies, and such other matters as may tend to encourage, improve, and cheapen construction and

Testing machines: For maintenance and operation of testing Testing machines for physical constants. machines, including personal service in connection therewith in the District of Columbia and in the field, for the determination by the Bureau of Standards of the physical constants and the properties of materials as authorized by law, \$45,000.

Investigation of fire-resisting properties: For investigation of ing materials build-fire-resisting properties of building materials and conditions under which they may be most efficiently used, and for the standardization of types of appliances for fire prevention, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$25,000.

Investigation of public-utility standards: For investigation of the ards, etc., investigastandards of practice and methods of measurements of public utilities, such as gas, electric light, electric power, water, telephone, central station heating, and electric-railway service, and the solution of the problems which arise in connection with standards in such service, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$90,000.

Testing miscellaneous materials: For testing miscellaneous mate- ous materials. rials, such as varnish materials, soap materials, inks, and chemicals, including supplies for the Government departments and independent establishments, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, as authorized by law, \$40,000.

Radio research: For investigation and standardization of methods tion, Radio standardizaand instruments employed in radio communication, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$74,280;

Color standardization: To develop color standards and methods standardization, of manufacture and of color measurements, with special reference to their industrial use in standardization and specification of colorants, such as dyestuffs, inks, and pigments, and other products, paint, paper, and textiles, in which color is a pertinent property, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$12,000;

Investigation of clay products: To study methods of measurement esses, products procand technical processes used in the manufacture of pottery, brick, tile, terra cotta, and other clay products, and the study of the properties of the materials used in that industry, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$40,000;

Standardizing mechanical appliances: To develop methods of Mechanical appli-testing and standardizing machines, motors, tools, measuring instru-ments, and other apparatus and devices used in mechanical, hydraulic, and aero-nautic devices, etc. draulic, and aeronautic engineering; for the comparative study of types of apparatus and methods of operation, and for the establishment of standards of performance; for the accurate determination of fundamental physical constants involved in the proper execution of this work; and for the scientific experiments and investigations needed in solving the problems which may arise in connection therewith, especially in response to the requirements of aeronautics and aviation for information of a purely scientific nature, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$40,000;

Investigation of optical and other types of glass: For the investi- tion problems. gation of the problems involved in the production of optical and other types of glass, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$22,000;

Investigation of textiles: To investigate textiles, paper, leather, standardization. and rubber in order to develop standards of more durable quality and methods of measurement, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$50,000;

Industrial color

Optical glass produc-

Textiles, paper, etc.,

Sugar standardization. Sugar standardization: For the standardization and design of sugar-testing apparatus; the development of technical specifications for the various grades of sugars, especially involving the standardization and manufacture of sugars; for the study of the technical problems incidental to the collection of the revenue on sugar and to determine the fundamental scientific constants of sugars and other substances; for the standardization and production of rare and unusual types of sugars required for the medical service of the Government departments; and for other technical and scientific purposes, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$75,000;

Rare and unusual types.

Gauges and screw threads. Cooperative standardization, etc.

Gauge standardization: To provide by cooperation of the Bureau of Standards, the War Department, and the Navy Department for the standardization and testing of the standard gages, screw threads, and standards required in manufacturing throughout the United States, and to calibrate and test such standard gages, screw threads, and standards, including necessary equipment and personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$40,000;

Testing large scales,

Testing railroad-track, mine, and other scales: For investigation and testing of railroad-track scales, elevator scales, and other scales used in weighing commodities for interstate shipments and to secure equipment and assistance for testing the scales used by the Government in its transactions with the public, such as post-office, navy-yard, and customhouse scales, and for the purpose of cooperating with the States in securing uniformity in the weights and measures laws and in the methods of inspection; for investigating the conditions and methods of use of scales and mine cars used for weighing and measuring coal dug by miners, for the purpose of determining wages due, and of conditions affecting the accuracy of the weighing or measuring of coal at the mines, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$50,000;

Mine scales and cars.

High temperature measurements.

High temperature investigations: For laboratory and field investigations of suitable methods of high temperature measurements and control in various industrial processes and to assist in making available directly to the industries the results of the bureau's investigations in this field, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$6,000;

Metallurgical search.

re-

Metallurgical research: For metallurgical research, including alloy steels, foundry practice, and standards for metals and sands; casting, rolling, forging, and the properties of aluminum alloys; prevention of corrosion of metals and alloys; development of metal substitutes, as for platinum; behavior of bearing metals; preparation of metal specifications; investigation of new metallurgical processes and study of methods of conservation in metallurgical manufacture and products; investigation of materials used in the construction of rails, wheels, axles, and other railway equipment, and the cause of their failure, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$50,000;

Railway equipment.

Sound investigation.

Sound investigation: For the investigation of the principles of sound and their application to military and industrial purposes, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$8,000;

Industrial research.
Cooperative investigations.

Industrial research: For technical investigations in cooperation with the industries upon fundamental problems involved in industrial development, with a view to assisting in the permanent establishment of new American industries, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, \$100,000;

Standardization of equipment: To enable the Bureau of Standards Cooperative standardization of industrial to cooperate with Government departments, engineers, and manu- devices, etc. facturers in the establishment of standards, methods of testing, and inspection of instruments, equipment, tools, and electrical and mechanical devices used in the industries and by the Government, including the practical specifications for quality and performance of such devices, and the formulation of methods of inspection, laboratory, and service tests, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$150,000;

Standard materials: For purchase, preparation, analysis, and Standards for check-distribution of standard materials to be used in checking chemical ing chemical analyses. analyses in the testing of physical measuring apparatus, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$8,000;

Investigation of radioactive substances and X rays: For an invesstances and X-ray intigation of radioactive substances and the methods of their meas-vestigations. urements and testing; for investigations relative to the development of standard specifications for X-ray equipment and operation; for the investigation of the hazards of X-ray practice; for the testing and standardization of X-ray protective materials; for the standardization and design of X-ray testing equipment; for the determination of fundamental physical constants essential to X-ray diagnosis and therapy to X-ray analysis of materials and to other technical and scientific applications, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$20,000;

Utilization of waste products from the land: For the survey of ucts from the land. the possibilities of the industrial utilization of waste products from the land, including cooperation with colleges, other institutions, and manufacturers, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$40,000: Provided, That the Bureau of Standards cooperates with the Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, Department of

Agriculture, without duplication of work;

Investigation of automotive engines: For the promotion of economy and efficiency in automotive transportation by land and by air through investigations of the basic principles underlying the design, performance, operation, and testing of automotive engines, their fuels, lubricants, accessories, and the power-transmitting system used in connection with them, also such elements as brakes and brake linings; to promote economy in the use of liquid fuels and safety in vehicular traffic, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$40,000;

Investigation of dental materials: To investigate the physical and chemical properties of dental materials, including the method of their application and the causes of deterioration of such materials in service, for the purpose of developing standards of quality and standard methods of test, including personal services in the District

of Columbia and in the field, \$5,000

Hydraulic laboratory research: For the determination of fundamental data useful in hydraulic research and engineering, including research. laboratory research relating to the behavior and control of river and harbor waters, the study of hydraulic structures and water flow, and the development and testing of hydraulic instruments and accessories, including personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field, \$40,000;

During the fiscal year 1933 the head of any department or inde-with departments, etc., pendent establishment of the Government having funds available in scientific investigations and requiring cooperative work by the tions, etc. Bureau of Standards on scientific investigations within the scope of the functions of that bureau, and which the Bureau of Standards is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations, may,

Proviso.
Cooperation with
Chemistry Bureau
without duplicating wor] Automotive engines, investigations, etc.

Dental materials investigations.

Hydraulic laboratory

credit of bureau.

Transfer of funds to with the approval of the Secretary of Commerce, transfer to the Bureau of Standards such sums as may be necessary to carry on such investigations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer on the books of the Treasury Department any sums which may be authorized hereunder, and such amounts shall be placed to the credit of the Bureau of Standards for performance of work for the department or establishment from which the transfer is made, including, where necessary, compensation for personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field;

Attendance at meet-

Appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Standards shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with standardization and research, or either, when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce, and for the compensation and expenses of medical officers of the Public Health Service detailed to the Bureau of Standards for the purpose of maintaining a first-aid station and making clinical observations;

Services in the Dis-

Total, Bureau of Standards, \$2,137,280, of which amount not to exceed \$1,800,664 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Lighthouses Bureau.

BUREAU OF LIGHTHOUSES

Commissioner, office personnel.

Salaries: For the commissioner and other personal services in the

General expenses. Objects specified.

Oil, etc., houses. Provisos. Limit for buildings.

Limitation on use.

Rations, etc.

of station.

District of Columbia, \$110,000. General expenses: For supplies, including replacement of and necessary additions to existing equipment, repairs, maintenance, and incidental expenses of lighthouses and other lights, beacons, buoyage, fog signals, lighting of rivers heretofore authorized to be lighted, light vessels, other aids to navigation, and lighthouse tenders, including the establishment, repair, and improvement of beacons and day marks, and purchase of land for same; establishment of post lights, buoys, submarine signals, and fog signals; establishment of oil or carbide houses, not to exceed \$10,000: Provided, That any oil or carbide house erected hereunder shall not exceed \$1,000 in cost; construction of necessary outbuildings at a cost not exceeding \$1,000 at any one light station in any fiscal year; Restoring stations, improvement of grounds and buildings connected with light stations and depots; restoring light stations and depots and buildings connected therewith: Provided further, That such restoration shall be limited to the original purpose of the structures; wages of persons attending post lights; temporary employees and field force while engaged on works of general repair and maintenance, and laborers and mechanics at lighthouse depots; rations and provisions or commutation thereof for working parties in the field, officers and crews of light vessels and tenders, and officials and other authorized persons of the Lighthouse Service on duty on board of such tenders or vessels, and money accruing from commutation for rations and provisions for the above-named persons on board of tenders and light vessels or in working parties in the field may be paid on proper vouchers to the person having charge of the mess of such vessel or Transferring house party; not exceeding \$2,000 for packing, crating, and transporting hold effects on change personal household effects of complexity. personal household effects of employees when transferred from one official station to another for permanent duty; purchase of rubber boots, oilskins, rubber gloves, and coats, caps, and aprons for stewards' departments on vessels; reimbursement under rules prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce of keepers of light stations and masters of light vessels and of lighthouse tenders for rations Relief of ship wrecked and provisions and clothing furnished ship-wrecked persons who may be temporarily provided for by them, not exceeding in all

\$5,000 in any fiscal year; fuel, light, and rent of quarters where necessary for keepers of lighthouses; purchase of land sites for fog signals; rent of necessary ground for all such lights and beacons as are for temporary use or to mark changeable channels and which in consequence can not be made permanent; rent of offices, depots, and wharves; traveling expenses, including travel for the examinations authorized by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for retire-tions, ment for disability in the Lighthouse Service," approved March 4, 1925 (U. S. C., title 33, sec. 765); mileage; library books for light stations and vessels, and technical books and periodicals not exceeding \$1,000; traveling and subsistence expenses of teachers while actually employed by States or private persons to instruct the children of keepers of lighthouses; all other contingent expenses of district offices and depots, including the purchase of provisions for sale to lighthouse keepers at isolated stations, and the appropriation reimbursed, purchase not to exceed \$3,600, exchange, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work; payment of rewards for the apprehension and conviction, or for information helpful to the apprehension and conviction of persons found interfering with aids to navigation maintained by the Lighthouse Service, in violation of section 6 of the Act of May 14, 1908 (U.S. C., title 33, sec. 761), and not exceeding \$8,500 for contingent expenses of the office of the Bureau of Lighthouses in the District of Columbia,

Keepers of lighthouses: For salaries of not exceeding one thousand eight hundred lighthouse and fog-signal keepers and persons attending lights, exclusive of post lights, \$2,105,280.

Lighthouse vessels: For salaries and wages of officers and crews vessels. of light vessels and lighthouse tenders, including temporary employ-

ment when necessary, \$2,370,000. Superintendents, clerks, and so forth: For salaries of eighteen clerks in the field, etc. superintendents of lighthouses, and of assistant superintendents, clerks, draftsmen, and other authorized permanent employees in the district offices and depots of the Lighthouse Service, exclusive of those regularly employed in the office of the Bureau of Lighthouses, District of Columbia, \$600,000.

Retired pay: For retired pay of officers and employees engaged in the field service or on vessels of the Lighthouse Service, except persons continuously employed in district offices and shops, \$414,000.

Public works: For establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works as may be specifically approved by the Secretary of Commerce, \$50,000, to be immediately available.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, including maintenance, repair, exchange, and operation of motor-propelled or horse-drawn vehicles for official use in field work, purchase of motor cycles with side cars, including their exchange, not to exceed \$1,000, surveying instruments, including their exchange, rubber boots, canvas and rubber gloves, goggles, and caps, coats, and aprons for stewards' departments on vessels, extra compensation at not to exceed \$1 per day for each station to employees of the Lighthouse Service and the Weather Bureau while observing tides or currents, services of one tide observer in the District of Columbia at not to exceed \$1 per day, and compensation, not otherwise appropriated for, of persons employed in the field work, and for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the

Land sites, etc.

Travel expenses. Retirement examina-

Vol. 43, p. 1261. U. S. C., p. 1096.

Contingent expenses.

Vehicles. Rewards, etc.

Vol. 35, p. 162, U. S. C., p. 1094.

Keepers.

Officers and crews of

Retired pay.

Aids to navigation.

Coast and Geodetic

All expenses. Objects specified.

Distribution.

Coast and Geodetic Survey when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce, to be expended in accordance with the regulations relating to the Coast and Geodetic Survey subscribed by the Secretary of Commerce, and under the following heads:

Field expenses. Atlantic coast.

Field expenses, Atlantic coast: For surveys and necessary resurveys of the Atlantic and Gulf coasts of the United States, including the coasts of outlying islands under the jurisdiction of the United States, \$150,000: Provided, That not more than \$35,000 of this amount shall be expended on the coasts of said outlying islands and the Atlantic entrance to the Panama Canal;

Proviso. Outlying islands.

Pacific coast.

Pacific coast: For surveys and necessary resurveys of coasts on the Pacific Ocean under the jurisdiction of the United States, \$200,000.

Physical hydrography.

Tides, currents, and so forth: For continuing researches in physical hydrography, relating to harbors and bars, and for tidal and current observations on the coasts of the United States, or other coasts under the jurisdiction of the United States, \$20,000;

Coast Pilot.

Coast Pilot: For compilation of the Coast Pilot, including the employment of such pilots and nautical experts, and stenographic help in the field and office as may be necessary for the same, \$5,500.

Magnetic and seis-mological observations,

Magnetic work: For continuing magnetic and seismological observations and to establish meridian lines in connection therewith in all parts of the United States; making magnetic and seismological observations in other regions under the jurisdiction of the United States; purchase of additional magnetic and seismological instruments; lease of sites where necessary and the erection of temporary magnetic and seismological buildings; and including the employment in the field and office of such magnetic and seismological observers and stenographic services as may be necessary, \$40,000.

Federal, State, etc., Surveys.

Determining lines of exact levels.

Federal, boundary, and State surveys: For continuing lines of exact levels between the Atlantic, Pacific, and Gulf coasts; determining geographic positions by triangulation and traverse for the control of Federal, State, boundary, county, city, and other surveys and engineering works in all parts of the United States; including special geodetic surveys of first-order triangulation and leveling in regions subject to earthquakes, not exceeding \$10,000; determining field astronomic positions and the variation of latitude, including the maintenance and operation of the latitude observatories at Ukiah, California, and Gaithersburg, Maryland, not exceeding \$2,500 each; establishing lines of exact levels, determining geographic positions by triangulation and traverse, and making astronomic observations in Alaska; and continuing gravity observations in the United States and for making such observations in regions under the jurisdiction of the United States and also on islands and coasts adjacent thereto, \$150,000, of which amount not to exceed \$25,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, and not to exceed \$1,500 may be expended to determine the difference in gravity between the international base station at Potsdam, Germany, and that of the United States;

Ukiah and Gaithersburg observatories.

Alaska observations.

Observation at Potsdam, Germany.

Miscellaneous:

Relieving ship-wrecked persons, etc.

For objects not hereinbefore named that may be deemed urgent, including the preparation or purchase of plans and specifications of vessels and the employment of such hull draftsmen in the field and office as may be necessary for the same; the reimbursement, under rules prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce, of officers of the Coast and Geodetic Survey for food, clothing, medicines, and other supplies furnished for the temporary relief of distressed persons in remote localities and to shipwrecked persons temporarily provided for by them, not to exceed a total of \$550; actual necessary expenses of officers of the field force temporarily ordered to the office in the District of Columbia for consultation with the director, and

not exceeding \$1,000 for the expenses of the attendance of representatives of the Coast and Goedetic 1 Survey who may be designated as delegates from the United States at the meetings of the International drographic Bureau. tional Hydrographic Bureau, and not exceeding \$3,000 for special surveys that may be required by the Bureau of Lighthouses or other proper authority, \$7,000.

In all, field expenses, \$572,500.

Vessels: For repairs of vessels, including traveling expenses of persons inspecting the repairs, and exclusive of engineer's supplies and other ship chandlery, \$60,000.

For all necessary employees to man and equip the vessels, includes east employees. ing professional seamen serving as mates on vessels of the survey, to execute the work of the survey herein provided for and authorized

by law, \$555,000.

Pay, commissioned officers: For pay and allowances prescribed by sioned officers. law for commissioned officers on sea duty and other duty, holding relative rank with officers of the Navy, including one director, with relative rank of captain, six hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of captain, ten hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of commander, seventeen hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of lieutenant commander, forty-seven hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of lieutenant, sixty-one junior hydrographic and geodetic engineers with relative rank of lieutenant (junior grade), twenty-nine aides with relative rank of ensign, and including officers retired in accordance with existing law, \$662,313: Provided, That the Secretary of Commerce may designate one of the hydrographic and geodetic engineers to act as assistant director.

Office force: For personal services, \$500,000.

Office expenses: For purchase of new instruments (except surveying instruments), including their exchange, materials, equipment, and supplies required in the instrument shop, carpenter shop, and chart division; books, scientific and technical books, journals, books of reference, maps, charts, and subscriptions; copper plates, chart paper, printer's ink, copper, zinc, and chemicals for electrotyping and photographing; engraving, printing, photographing, rubber gloves, and electrotyping supplies; photolithographing and printing charts for immediate use; stationery for office and field parties; transportation of instruments and supplies when not charged to party expenses; telegrams; washing; office furniture, repairs; traveling expenses of officers and others employed in the office sent on special duty in the service of the office; miscellaneous expenses, contingencies of all kinds, not exceeding \$90 for street-car fares, \$50,000.

Appropriations herein made for the Coast and Goedetic Survey subsistence restrictions. shall not be available for allowance to civilian or other officers for subsistence while on duty at Washington (except as hereinbefore provided for officers of the field force ordered to Washington for short periods for consultation with the director), except as now

provided by law.

BUREAU OF FISHERIES

Commissioner's office: For the commissioner and other personal office personnel. services in the District of Columbia, \$175,000.

Administration: For expenses of the office of the commissioner, including stationery, scientific and reference books, periodicals and newspapers for library, furniture and equipment, telegraph and tele-

Hv-Special surveys.

Vessels, repairs, etc.

Assistant director.

Office force. Office expenses.

Fisheries Bureau.

and

Office expenses, etc.

¹ So in original.

phone service, street-car fares not exceeding \$150, compensation of temporary employees, and all other necessary expenses connected

therewith, \$3,500.

Propagation expen-

Propagation of food fishes: For maintenance, repair, alteration, improvement, equipment, and operation of fish-cultural stations, general propagation of food fishes and their distribution, including movement, maintenance, and repairs of cars, purchase of equipment (including rubber boots and oilskins) and apparatus, contingent expenses, pay of permanent employees not to exceed \$412,550, temporary labor, and not to exceed \$10,000 for propagation and distribution of fresh-water mussels and the necessary expenses connected therewith, and not to exceed \$10,000 for the purchase, collection, and transportation of specimens and other expenses incidental to the maintenance and operation of aquarium, of which not to exceed \$5,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia, \$886,730.

Vessels. Maintenance.

Maintenance of vessels: For maintenance and operation of vessels and launches, including purchase and repair of boats, apparatus, machinery, and other facilities required for use with the same, hire of vessels, temporary employees, and all other necessary expenses in connection therewith, including not to exceed \$1,000 for the purchase of plans and specifications for vessels or for contract personal services for the preparation thereof, and money accruing from commutation of rations and provisions on board vessels may be paid on proper vouchers to the persons having charge of the mess of such vessels, \$200,000, of which not to exceed \$32,600 may be expended for pay of officers and employees of vessels of the Atlantic coast and not to exceed \$66,000 for pay of officers and crews of vessels for the Alaska Fisheries Service, and \$10,000 shall be immediately available for the procurement of supplies and equipment required for shipment to the Pribilof Islands for the service of the fiscal year 1933.

Alaska service. Shipment of supplies to Pribilof Islands.

Commutation of ra-

Food fishes inquiry.

Commutation of rations (not to exceed \$1 per day) may be paid to officers and crews of vessels of the Bureau of Fisheries during the fiscal year 1933 under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Commerce.

Inquiry respecting food fishes: For inquiry into the cause of the decrease of food fishes in the waters of the United States, and for investigation and experiments in respect to the aquatic animals, plants, and waters, and screening of irrigation ditches in fishways, in the interests of fish culture and the fishery industries, including pay of permanent employees not to exceed \$125,000, temporary employees, maintenance, repair, improvement, equipment, and operations of biological stations, expenses of travel and preparation of reports, \$200,000.

Fishing industry. Statistical, etc., inquiries.

Fishery industries: For collection and compilation of statistics of the fisheries and the study of their methods and relations, and the methods of preservation and utilization of fishery products, including pay of permanent employees not to exceed \$36,200, compensation of temporary employees, travel and preparation of reports, including temporary employees in the District of Columbia not to exceed \$1,800, and all other necessary expenses in connection therewith, including the purchase not to exceed \$1,250, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in the field work of the Bureau of Fisheries, \$95,790.

Sponge fisheries: For protecting the sponge fisheries, including employment of inspectors, watchmen, and temporary assistants, hire of boats, rental of office and storage, care of seized sponges and other property, travel, and all other expenses necessary to carry out the

Sponge fisheries. Protecting.

provisions of the Act of August 5, 1914 (U.S. C., title 16, secs. 781-

785), to regulate the sponge fisheries, \$3,000.

Alaska, general service: For protecting the seal fisheries of Alaska, including the furnishing of food, fuel, clothing, and other tion, food to natives, necessities of life to the natives of the Pribilof Islands, of Alaska; not exceeding \$54,000 for construction, improvement, repair, and alteration of buildings and roads, transportation of supplies to and from the islands, expenses of travel of agents and other employees and subsistence while on said islands, hire and maintenance of vessels, purchase of sea otters, and for all expenses necessary to carry out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to protect the seal fisheries of Alaska, and for other purposes," approved April 21, 1910 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 631-658), and for the protection of the fisheries of Alaska, including pay of permanent employees not to exceed \$87,940, contract stenographic reporting service, travel, subsistence (or per diem in lieu of subsistence) of employees while on duty in Alaska, hire of boats, employment of temporary labor, and all other necessary expenses connected therewith, \$390,000, of which \$100,000 shall be immediately available.

Mississippi Wild Life and Fish Refuge: For construction of buildMississippi Wild Life and Fish Refuge: For construction of buildMississippi Wild Life
and Fish Refuge.

Construction, equipment, including boats, construction, equipment, etc., expenses. for maintenance, operation, repair, and improvements, including expenditures for personal services at the seat of government and elsewhere as may be necessary, as authorized in the Act approved June 7,

1924 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 721-731), \$7,000.

Construction of stations: The appropriations made under this head in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, and in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Commerce for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, are hereby continued and made available until June 30, 1933, and the appropriation contained in the last-mentioned Act for the purchase of the Mill Creek station in the State of California shall be available for repairs and improvements to said station.

Enforcement of black bass law: To enable the Secretary of Commerce to carry into effect the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act to regulate interstate transporation of black bass, and for other purposes,' approved May 20, 1926" (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 851-856), approved July 2, 1930 (46 Stat., pp. 845-847), \$15,000, of which not to exceed \$2,600 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Not to exceed \$1,000 of the appropriations herein made for the Bureau of Fisheries shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of said bureau when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce, and not to exceed \$1,500 shall be available for the rental of suitable quarters in the District of Columbia for laboratory and storage purposes.

PATENT OFFICE

The following sums are appropriated for the Patent Office for the revenues thereof. fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, out of the revenues of such office in conformity with section 5 of the Act approved April 11, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 155), to the extent that such revenues are sufficient therefor and any remainder out of the general fund of the Treasury, namely:

For the Commissioner of Patents and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$3,465,000: Provided, That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed \$25,000 may be used for special etc. and temporary services of typists certified by the Civil Service Com-

Vol. 38, p. 692. U. S. C., p. 440.

Alaska. Seal fisheries protec-

Vol. 36, p. 326, U. S. C., p. 431.

Vol. 43, p. 650. U. S. C., p. 437.

Fish cultural, etc.,

Black bass law. Expenses enforcing. Vol. 44, p. 576; Vol. 46, p. 845. U. S. C., Supp. V. p. 207.

Attendance at meet-

Patent Office.

Sums from available

Vol. 46, p. 156. U. S. C., p. 695.

Commissioner and office personnel.

Proviso.

Temporary typists,

¹ So in original.

mission, who may be employed in such numbers, at \$4 per diem, as may, in the judgment of the Commissioner of Patents, be necessary to keep current the work of furnishing manuscript copies of records.

Reference books, etc.

For purchase of law, professional, and other reference books and publications and scientific books, including their exchange, and expenses of transporting publications of patents issued by the Patent Office to foreign governments, directories, and for other contingent and miscellaneous expenses of the Patent Office, \$30,000.

Weekly issue of patents, reproductions, etc.

For producing copies of weekly issue of drawings of patents and designs; reproduction of copies of drawings and specifications of exhausted patents, designs, trade-marks, and other papers, such other papers when reproduced for sale to be sold at not less than cost plus 10 per centum; reproduction of foreign patent drawings; photo prints of pending application drawings; and photostat and photographic supplies and dry mounts, \$275,000. The headings of the drawings for patented cases may be multi-

graphed in the Patent Office for the purpose of photolithography.

for two years or more prior to filing applications for patents, and such other questions arising in connection with applications for patents and the prior art as may be deemed necessary by the Commis-

sioner of Patents; for expense attending defense of suits instituted against the Commissioner of Patents, \$700, and for expenses of

attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Patent Office when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of

For investigating the question of public use or sale of inventions

Multigraphed head-

Investigating prior use of inventions.

Defense in suits. Attendance at meet-

Commerce. For furniture and filing cases, \$20,000.

Furniture, etc. Printing, etc.

For printing the weekly issue of patents, designs, trade-marks, prints, and labels, exclusive of illustrations; and for printing, engraving illustrations, and binding the Official Gazette, including weekly and annual indices, \$1,050,000; for miscellaneous printing and binding, \$50,000; in all, \$1,100,000.

Official Gazette.

Mines Bureau.

BUREAU OF MINES

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Salaries and general field personnel.

Salaries and general expenses: For general expenses, including Director, office and pay of the director and necessary assistants, clerks, and other employees, in the office in the District of Columbia, and in the field, and every other expense requisite for and incident to the general work of the bureau in the District of Columbia, and in the field, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of Commerce, \$70,000, of which amount not to exceed \$63,945 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Investigating accidents, etc.

Investigating mine accidents: For investigations as to the causes of mine explosions, causes of falls of roof and coal, methods of mining, especially in relation to the safety of miners, the appliances best adapted to prevent accidents, the possible improvement of conditions under which mining operations are carried on, the use of explosives and electricity, the prevention of accidents, statistical studies and reports relating to mine accidents, and other inquiries and technologic investigations pertinent to the mining industry, including all equipment, supplies, and expenses of travel and subsistence, purchase not exceeding \$2,400, exchange as part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, purchase of laboratory gloves,

goggles, rubber boots, and aprons, \$435,325, of which amount not

Mining industry.

to exceed \$77,310 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Mining investigations in Alaska: For investigations and the dis-Mining investigations, etc., in Alaska, semination of information with a view to improving conditions in the mining, quarrying, and metallurgical industries as provided in the Act authorizing additional mining experiment stations, approved March 3, 1915 (U.S. C., title 30, sec. 8), and to provide for the inspection of mines and the protection of the lives of miners in the Territory of Alaska, including personal services, equipment, sup-

plies, and expenses of travel and subsistence, \$9,000;

Operating mine rescue cars and stations: For the investigation and improvement of mine rescue and first-aid methods and appliances and the teaching of mine safety, rescue, and first-aid methods, including the exchange in part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of mine rescue trucks, and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, the expenditure for the purchase of passenger-carrying vehicles not to exceed \$4,200, the construction of temporary structures and the repair, maintenance, and operation of mine rescue cars and Governmentowned mine rescue stations and appurtenances thereto, personal services, traveling expenses and subsistence, equipment, and supplies; travel and subsistence, and other incidental expenses of employees in attendance at meetings and conferences held for the ings. Attendance at meetpurpose of promoting safety and health in the mining and allied industries; the purchase and exchange in part payment therefor of cooks' uniforms, goggles, gloves, and such other articles or equipment as may be necessary in the operation of mine rescue cars and stations, including not to exceed \$15,640 for personal services in the District of Columbia, \$306,000: Provided, That of this amount not to exceed \$500 may be expended for the purchase and bestowal of trophies in connection with mine rescue and first-aid contest;

Testing fuel: To conduct inquiries and scientific and technologic investigations concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and use of mineral fuels, and for investigation of mineral fuels belonging to or for the use of the United States, with a view to their most efficient utilization; to recommend to various departments such changes in selection and use of fuel as may result in greater economy, and, upon request of the Director of the Bureau of the Budget, to investigate the fuel-burning equipment in use by or proposed for any of the departments, establishments, or institutions of the United States in the District of Columbia, \$155,000, of which amount not to exceed \$30,700 may be expended for personal services in the District

of Columbia;

Mineral mining investigations: For inquiries and scientific and Mineral mining. Studies, investigations concerning the mining, preparation, treattions, etc., for improvement, and utilization of ores and mineral substances, other than ment, and utilization of ores and mineral substances, other than fuels, with a view to improving health conditions and increasing safety, efficiency, economic development, and conserving resources through the prevention of waste in the mining, quarrying, metallurgical, and other mineral industries; to inquire into the economic conditions affecting these industries; and including all equipment, supplies, expenses of travel and subsistence, and the purchase, not to exceed \$2,500, including exchange, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, including not to exceed \$17,000 for personal services in the District of Columbia, \$135,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation may be expended for an investigation in behalf of bidden. any private party;

investiga-

Vol. 38, p. 959. U. S. C., p. 953.

Mine rescue cars and

Proviso. Rescue trophies, etc.

Investigating eral fuel, etc.

Services in the District.

work for-

Oil, gas, and oil shale investigations.

Proviso. Purchase of newspapers, etc. R. S., sec. 192, p. 30. U. S. C., p. 35.

All other expenses.

trict.

Mining experiment

Pittsburgh, Pa., station. Expenses of.

Temporary details from the field for serv-ice in the District. details

Preriso. Necessary allowed.

Report to Congress.

Details from Public

Government fuel yards. Purchase of maintenance, etc.

Oil and gas investigations: For inquiries and investigations and dissemination of information concerning the mining, preparation, treatment, and utilization of petroleum and natural gas, including economic conditions affecting the industry, with a view to economic development and conserving resources through the prevention of waste; for the purchase of newspapers relating to the oil, gas, and allied industries: Provided, That section 192 of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 102) shall not apply to such purchase of newspapers from this appropriation; and for every other expense incident thereto, including supplies, equipment, expenses of travel and subsistence, purchase, not to exceed \$7,000, exchange as part payment for, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, purchase of laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots and aprons, \$180,000, of which amount Services in the Dis. not to exceed \$24,940 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Mining experiment stations: For the employment of personal Personalservices, etc. services, purchase of laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots and aprons, the purchase not to exceed \$3,000, exchange as part payment for, maintenance and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, and all other expenses in connection with the establishment, maintenance, and operation of mining experiment stations, as provided in the Act authorizing additional mining experiment stations, approved March 3, 1915 Vol. 38, p. 959. U. S. C., title 30, sec. 8), \$200,000, of which amount not to exceed Services in the Dis-\$14,200 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia;

Buildings and grounds, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania: For care and maintenance of buildings and grounds at Pittsburgh and Bruceton, Pennsylvania, including personal services, the purchase, exchange as part payment for, operation, maintenance, and repair of passenger automobiles for official use, and all other expenses requisite for and incident thereto, including not to exceed \$5,000 for additions and improvements, \$70,000;

Persons employed during the fiscal year 1933 in field work outside of the District of Columbia under the Bureau of Mines may be detailed temporarily for service in the District of Columbia for purposes of preparing results of their field work; all persons so detailed shall be paid in addition to their regular compensation only traveling expenses in going to and returning therefrom: expenses Provided, That nothing herein shall prevent the payment to employees of the Bureau of Mines of their necessary expenses, or per diem in lieu of subsistence, while on temporary detail in the District of Columbia for purposes only of consultation or investigations on behalf of the United States. All details made hereinunder, and the purposes of each, during the preceding fiscal year shall be reported in the annual estimates of appropriations to Congress at the beginning of each regular session thereof;

The Secretary of the Treasury may detail medical officers of the Public Health Service for cooperative health, safety, or sanitation work with the Bureau of Mines, and the compensation and expenses of the officers so detailed may be paid from the applicable appropriations made herein for the Bureau of Mines:

Government fuel yards: For the purchase and transportation of mel, fuel; storing and handling of fuel in yards; maintenance and operation of yards and equipment, including two motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle 1 for inspectors, purchase of equipment, rentals,

¹ So in original.

and all other expenses requisite for and incident thereto, including personal services in the District of Columbia, the unexpended balance of the appropriations heretofore made for these purposes is reappropriated and made available for such purposes for the fiscal year 1933, and for payment of obligations for such purposes of prior years, and of such sum not exceeding \$500 shall be available to settle claims for damages caused to private property by motor vehicles used in delivering fuel: Provided, That the appropriation herein made for the maintenance and operation of the fuel yards for the fiscal year 1933 is hereby reduced by the amount of \$64,768.01: Provided further, That all moneys received from the sales of fuel shall be credited to this appropriation and be available for the purposes of this paragraph: Provided further, That the term "fuel" wherever used in this appropriation shall be understood to include fuel oil: Provided further, That the requirements of sections 3711 and 3713 of Inspection requirements not applicable. Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 40, sec. 109) relative to the R.S., sec. 3711, 3713, weighing of coal and wood and the separate certificate as to the U.S. C., p. 1296. Provided further, That the requirements of sections 3711 and 3713 of weight, measurement, or quantity of coal and wood purchased shall not apply to purchases by the Government fuel yards at free-onboard destinations outside of the District of Columbia;

Helium production and investigations: The sums made available etc. for the fiscal year 1933 in the Acts making appropriations for the War and Navy Departments for the acquisition of helium from the Bureau of Mines shall be advanced from time to time upon requipmentations. Vol. 44, p. 1387. for the fiscal year 1933 in the Acts making appropriations for the sition by the Secretary of Commerce in such amounts as may be determined by the President not in excess of the sums needed for the economical and efficient operation and maintenance of the plants for the production of helium for military and/or naval purposes, including purchase, not to exceed \$2,500, and exchange as part payment for, maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, and all other necessary expenses, \$13,460 for personal services in the District

of Columbia;

For investigations of resources of helium-bearing gas and the Investigating sources of helium-bearing gas. conservation thereof, and of processes and methods of producing, storing, purifying, and utilizing helium and helium-bearing gas, including supplies and equipment, stationery, furniture, expenses of travel and subsistence, purchase, not exceeding \$1,200, exchange as part payment for, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, purchase of laboratory gloves, goggles, rubber boots and aprons, and all other necessary expenses, including not to exceed \$17,000 for personal

services in the District of Columbia, \$50,000; Helium plants: For helium production and conservation, including acquisition of helium-bearing gas land or wells by purchase, etc. exchange, lease, or condemnation, or interest in such land or wells, the purchase, lease, construction, or modification of plants, pipe lines and accessories, compressor stations, camp buildings, and other facilities for the production, transportation, storage, and purification of helium and helium-bearing gas, including acquisition of sites and rights of way therefor, by purchase, lease, or condemnation, and including supplies and equipment, expenses of travel and subsistence. maintenance and operation of motor-propelled, passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, and all other necessary expenses, including not to exceed \$6,560 for personal services in the District of Columbia, and including the payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization carried under this heading in the Department of Commerce Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, the unexpended balances of the appropriation made under

Provisos. Amount reduced.

Sales credited to ap-propriation.

"Fuel" to include fuel oil.

Helium production,

Ante, p. 437. Post, p. 676.

Helium plants. Production, etc. Purchase of plants,

Balances available.

Vol. 46, p. 1350.

Provisos. Subject to approval of President.

Leases, etc.

Disposal of products in wells other than helium-bearing gas.

Economics of mineral

industries. Investigations for disseminating information as to problems of, etc.

Report of mineral

Scientific investigations for departments, etc., by the bureau.

Transfer of funds to credit of bureau.

Proviso.Expenditure of funds transferred.

Purchase of supplies. R. S., sec. 3709, p. Ü, S. C., p. 1309.

this heading for the fiscal year 1932, and of the deficiency appropriation under the same heading for 1930-1931, are reappropriated and made available for the above purposes for the fiscal year 1933: Provided, That no part of the appropriation herein made may be expended except with the approval of the President: Provided further, That the acquirement of leases, sites, and rights of way under terms customary in the oil and gas industry, including obligations to pay rental in advance and to pay damages to lands, crops, or structures arising out of the Government's operations is authorized: Provided further, That should valuable products other than heliumbearing gas be discovered in wells acquired or drilled for heliumbearing gas under this appropriation the Secretary of Commerce is authorized to provide for the disposal of said wells or the products therefrom, by the contracts under which the property is acquired, or otherwise, in accordance with the interests of the Government therein and in the manner which, in his opinion, is most advan-

tageous to the Government;

Economics of mineral industries: For inquiries and investigations, and the dissemination of information concerning the economic problems of the mining, quarrying, metallurgical, and other mineral industries, with a view to assuring ample supplies and efficient distribution of the mineral products of the mines and quarries, including studies and reports relating to uses, reserves, production, distribution, stocks, consumption, prices, and marketing of mineral commodities and primary products thereof; preparation of the reports of the mineral resources of the United States, including special statistical inquiries; and including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; purchase of furniture and equipment; stationery and supplies; typewriting, adding, and computing machines, accessories and repairs; newspapers; traveling expenses; purchase, not exceeding \$1,200, operation, maintenance, and repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work; and for all other necessary expenses not included in the foregoing, \$250,000, of which amount not to exceed \$221,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia :

During the fiscal year 1933 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government having funds available for scientific investigations and requiring cooperative work by the Bureau of Mines on scientific investigations within the scope of the functions of that bureau and which it is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations may, with the approval of the Secretary of Commerce, transfer to the Bureau of Mines such sums as may be necessary to carry on such investigations. The Secretary of the Treasury shall transfer on the books of the Treasury Department any sums which may be authorized hereunder, and such amounts shall be placed to the credit of the Bureau of Mines for the performance of work for the department or establishment from which the transfer is made: Provided, That any sums transferred by any department or independent establishment of the Government to the Bureau of Mines for cooperative work in connection with this appropriation may be expended in the same manner as sums appropriated herein may be expended;

The purchase of supplies and equipment or the procurement of services for the Bureau of Mines, at the seat of government, as well as in the field outside of the District of Columbia, may be made in open market without compliance with section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, in the manner common among business men, when the aggregate amount of the purchase or the service does not exceed \$100 in any instance;

For the purchase or exchange of professional and scientific books, Purchase of books, law looks, and books to complete broken sets, periodicals, directories, and other books of reference relating to the business of the Bureau of Mines, there is hereby made available from any appropriations made for such bureau not to exceed \$2,500;

For necessary traveling expenses of the director and employees Attendance upon of the bureau, acting under his direction, for attendance upon meetings of technical, professional, and scientific societies, when required in connection with the authorized work of the Bureau of Mines and incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Commerce. there is hereby made available from any appropriations made to the Bureau of Mines not to exceed in all \$1,000;

Total, Bureau of Mines, \$1.860,325.

TITLE IV.—DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Department of

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: Secretary of Labor, \$15,000; Assistant Secretary, Second and office personnel. Assistant Secretary, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$185,000; in all, \$200,000.

Commissioners of conciliation: To enable the Secretary of Labor exercise the authority vested in him by section 8 of the Act creation. Vol. 37, p. 738. U. S. C., p. 62. to exercise the authority vested in him by section 8 of the Act creating the Department of Labor (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 611) and to appoint commissioners of conciliation, traveling expenses, and not to exceed \$16,260 for personal services in the District of Columbia. and telegraph and telephone service, \$205,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses of the offices and bureaus of the department, for which appropriations for contingent and miscellaneous expenses are not specifically made, including the purchase of stationery, furniture, and repairs to the same, carpets, matting, oilcloths, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges, laundry, street-car fares not exceeding \$200; lighting and heating; purchase, exchange, maintenance, and repair of motor cycles and motor trucks; maintenance, operation, and repair of a motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, to be used only for official purposes; freight and express charges; newspaper clippings not to exceed \$1,800, postage to foreign countries, telegraph and telephone service, typewriters, adding machines, and other labor-saving devices; purchase of law books, books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals, not exceeding \$5,000; in all, \$55,500; and in addition migration expense apthereto such sum as may be necessary, not in excess of \$25,000, to propriations, for supplies. facilitate the purchase, through the central purchasing office as provided in the Act approved June 17, 1910 (U.S. C., title 41, sec. 7), of certain supplies for the Immigration Service, shall be deducted from the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, Bureau of Immigration" made for the fiscal year 1933 and added to the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of Labor," for that year; and the total sum thereof shall be and constitute the appropriation and the total sum thereof shall be and constitute the appropriation Expenditure through for contingent expenses for the Department of Labor, to be Publications and Supplies Division. expended through the central purchasing office (Division of Publica-

Contingent expenses.

Vol. 36, p. 531. U. S. C., p. 1309.

Post, p. 520.

¹ So in original.

Provisos. Limitation on motor vehicles.

tions and Supplies), Department of Labor: Provided, That expenditures from appropriations contained in this Act for the maintenance, upkeep, and repair, exclusive of garage rent, pay of operator, fuel, and lubricants, on any one motor-propelled passengercarrying vehicle used by the Department of Labor shall not exceed one-third of the market price of a new vehicle of the same make or class and in any case not more than \$500: Provided further, That section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States shall not be construed to apply to any purchase or service rendered for the Department of Labor when the aggregate amount involved does not exceed the sum of \$50.

Minor purchases. R.S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U.S. C., p. 1309.

Printing and binding.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Department of Labor, including all its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, \$240,000.

Labor Statistics Bureau.

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

Commissioner, office personnel.

Salaries and expenses: For personal services, including temporary statistical clerks, stenographers and typewriters in the District of Columbia, and including also experts and temporary assistants for field service outside of the District of Columbia; traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Bureau of Labor Statistics when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor; purchase of periodicals, documents, envelopes, price quotations, and reports and materials for reports and bulletins of said bureau, \$450,000, of which amount not to exceed \$370,830 may be expended for the salary of the commissioner and other personal services in the District of Columbia.

Immigration Bureau.

BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION

Salaries and penses. Post, p. 782.

Deportation expen-

Commissioner General, etc.

Coast and land border patrol. Limitation on motor vehicles.

Salaries and expenses: For enforcement of the laws regulating the immigration to, the residence in, and the exclusion and deportation from the United States of aliens, and persons subject to the Chinese exclusion laws; salaries, transportation, traveling, and other expenses of officers, clerks and other employees appointed to enforce said laws; care, detention, maintenance, transportation, and traveling expenses incident to the deportation and exclusion of aliens, and persons subject to the Chinese exclusion laws, as authorized by law, in the United States and to, through, or in foreign countries; purchase of supplies and equipment, including alterations and repairs; purchase, exchange, operation, maintenance and repair of motorpropelled vehicles, including passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work; cost of reports of decisions of the Federal courts and digests thereof for the use of the Commissioner General of Im-Retund of head tax, migration; refunding of head tax, maintenance bills, immigration fines, registry fees, and reentry permit fees, upon presentation of evidence showing conclusively that collection and deposit was made through error of Government officers; and for all other expenses necessary to enforce said laws; \$9,450,000, all to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of Labor, of which amount not to exceed \$300,000 may be expended for the salary of the Commissioner General and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including services of persons authorized by law to be detailed there for duty, and not to exceed \$2,194,180 shall be available for coast and land border patrol: Provided, That not to exceed \$80,000 of the sum herein appropriated shall be available for the purchase, including exchange, of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, and of such sum of \$80,000 not more than \$70,000 shall be available for the

same purposes for the coast and land border patrol: Provided further, That the Commissioner General of Immigration, with the ployees using their auapproval of the Secretary of Labor, may contract with officers and tomobiles, etc. employees stationed outside of the District of Columbia whose salaries are payable from this appropriation, for the use, on official business outside of the District of Columbia, of privately owned horses, herein appropriated: Provided further, That not to exceed \$65,000 duarters. Vol. 46, p. 818. and the consideration agreed upon shall be payable from the funds ances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 818) not to exceed \$1,700 for any person.

Immigration stations: For remodeling, repairing (including repairs to the ferryboat, Ellis Island), renovating buildings and grant station. Remodeling, etc.

purchase of equipment, \$30,000.

Allowance for living

Ellis Island, immi-

BUREAU OF NATURALIZATION

Salaries and expenses: For the expenses of carrying on the work of the Bureau of Naturalization, as provided in the Acts authorizing a uniform rule for the naturalization of aliens throughout the United States, and establishing the Bureau of Naturalization, approved Vol. 34, p. 596; Vol. 37, June 29, 1906, and March 4, 1913, and subsequent Acts (U. S. C., Vol. 45, p. 1545, title 8, secs. 331–416; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 8, secs. 355–384); Supp. V, p. 73. p. 157; including personal convices: traveling expenses and not to exceed the convergence of the c States, and establishing the Bureau of Naturalization, approved including personal services; traveling expenses, and not to exceed \$400 for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the naturalization of aliens when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor; street-car fare, telegrams, verifications of legal papers, telephone service in field offices and telephone toll service in the bureau; necessary supplies and equipment for the Naturalization Service; refunding of naturalization fees upon presentation of evidence showing conclusively that the collection and deposit was made through error; not to exceed \$25,000 for rent of offices outside of the District of Columbia where suitable quarters can not be obtained in public buildings; and for mileage and fees to witnesses subpernaed on behalf of the United States, the expenditures from this appropriation to be made in the manner and under such regulations as the Secretary of Labor may prescribe, \$975,770, of which not to exceed \$239,260 may be expended for the salary of the commissioner and other personal services in the bureau in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the compensation of assistants to clerks of courts excluded. United States courts.

Naturalization Bu-

Salaries and expenses.

Attendance at meet-

Outside rent.

Proviso. of Federal

CHILDREN'S BUREAU

Salaries and expenses: For expenses of investigating and reporting upon matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child life, and especially to investigate the questions of infant mortality; Child welfare and in-personal services, including experts and temporary assistants; trav-vestigations. eling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings for the promotion of child welfare when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor; purchase of reports and material for the publications of the Children's Bureau and for reprints from State, city, and private publications for distribution when said reprints can be procured more cheaply than they can be printed by the Government, and other necessary expenses, \$375,500, of which amount not to exceed \$305,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Children's Bureau.

Salaries and expenses.

Bureau publications.

Women's Bureau.

WOMEN'S BUREAU

Salaries and expenses.

Vol. 41, p. 987. U. S. C., p. 947; Supp. V, p. 481.

For carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to establish in the Department of Labor a bureau to be known as the Women's Bureau," approved June 5, 1920 (U. S. C., title 29, secs. 11-16; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 29, secs. 12-14), including personal services in the District of Columbia, not to exceed \$136,000; purchase of material for reports and educational exhibits, and traveling expenses \$160,000, which sum shall be available for expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of said bureau when incurred on the written authority of the Secretary of Labor.

Attendance at meetings.

Employment Serv-

EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

Promoting welfare of wage earners.

To enable the Secretary of Labor to foster, promote, and develop the welfare of the wage earners of the United States, including juniors legally employed, to improve their working conditions, to advance their opportunities for profitable employment by regularly collecting, furnishing, and publishing employment information as to opportunities for employment; maintaining a system for clearing labor between the several States; cooperating with the Veterans' Administration to secure employment for veterans; cooperating with and coordinating the public employment offices throughout the country, including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; traveling expenses, including expenses of attendance at meetings concerned with the work of the Employment Service when specifically authorized by the Secretary of Labor; supplies and equipment, telegraph and telephone service, and miscellaneous expenses; \$765,000, of which amount not to exceed \$51,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the establishment or maintenance of any employment office unless suitable space therefor can be found in a Federal building or is furnished free of rent by State, county, or local authority, or by individuals, or organizations: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay any salary in any field employment office at an annual rate in excess of \$2,000, except one director in each State whose salary shall not exceed \$3,500, and twenty-three managers of the Veterans' Employment Service whose salary shall not exceed \$2,400.

Traveling expenses. Attendance at meet-

Provisos. Rent restriction.

Field service pay restrictions.

Housing Corpora-

UNITED STATES HOUSING CORPORATION

Salaries and expenses.

operation, etc.

Payment of assess-

Salaries and expenses: For officers, clerks, and other employees, and for contingent and miscellaneous expenses, in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including blank books, maps, stationery, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, freight and express charges, com-Miscellaneous items. munication service, travel expense, printing and binding not to exceed \$150, and all other miscellaneous items and expenses not included Receipts from sales in the foregoing and necessary to collect and account for the receipts from the sale of properties and the receipts from the operation of unsold properties of the United States Housing Corporation, the Bureau of Industrial Housing and Transportation, property commandeered by the United States through the Secretary of Labor, and to collect the amounts advanced to transportation facilities and others; for payment of special assessments and other utility, municipal, State, and county charges or assessments unpaid by purchasers, and which have been assessed against property in which the United States Housing Corporation has an interest, and to defray expenses incident to foreclosing mortgages, conducting sales under

deeds of trusts, or reacquiring title or possession of real property under default proceeding, including attorney fees, witness fees, court costs, charges, and other miscellaneous expenses; for the mainte- Maintenanc sold property. nance and repair of houses, buildings, and improvements which are unsold; in all, \$14,000: Provided, That no person shall be employed hereunder at a rate of compensation exceeding \$4,000 per annum, and only one person may be employed at that rate: Provided further, That no part of the appropriations heretofore made and available for expenditure by the United States Housing Corporation shall be ent purposes. expended for the purposes for which appropriations are made herein.

SEC. 2. No part of any money appropriated by this Act shall be chase, operation, etc., used for purchasing any motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle of motor vehicles. (except busses, ambulances, and station wagons) at a cost, completely equipped for operation, in excess of \$750, except where, in the judgment of the department, special requirements can not thus be efficiently met, such exceptions, however, to be limited to not to exceed 10 per centum of the total expenditures for such motor vehicles purchased during the fiscal year, including the value of a vehicle exchanged where exchange is involved; nor shall any money appropriated herein be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment, except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only when the same is approved by the head of the department. The limitations of this proviso shall not apply to any motor vehicle for official use of the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Labor.

SEC. 3. No part of any appropriation made by this Act shall be Subsistence, etc., allowance. used to pay actual expenses of subsistence in excess of \$6 each for any one calendar day, or per diem allowance for subsistence in excess of the rate of \$5 for any one calendar day, to any officer or employee of the United States, and payments accordingly shall be in full notwithstanding any other statutory provision.

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 362.]

AN ACT

Amending an Act entitled "An Act authorizing the State of West Virginia by and through the State Bridge Commission of West Virginia, or the successors of said commission, to acquire, purchase, construct, improve, maintain, and operate bridges across the streams and rivers within said State and/or across boundary-line streams or rivers of said State," approved March 3, 1931.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of an Act entitled "An Act authorizing the State of West Virginia by and through the West Virginia Bridge Commission, or the successors and through the West Virginia Bridge Commission, or the successors and by West Virginia, amended. of said commission, to acquire, purchase, construct, improve, maintain, and operate bridges across the streams and rivers within said State and/or across boundary-line streams or rivers of said State," approved March 3, 1931, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 5. The State of West Virginia, by and through the West state bridges for financing Durposes, authorall or such of said intrastate bridges into one or more separate of the said intrastate bridges into one or more separate." projects for financing purposes as in its judgment shall be deemed

Maintenance of un-

Provisos. Salary restriction.

Prior appropriations not available for pres-

Exemptions.

Limitation.

July 1, 1932. [S. 4898.] [Public, No. 233.]

Vol. 46, p. 1500.

Proviso. Interstate bridges.

practicable, and may also unite or group for financing purposes in any one issue of bonds such interstate bridges as the West Virginia Bridge Commission shall determine to be competitive, but no particular project or group shall be so united that any such project or group will include both interstate and intrastate bridges: Provided, however, That the bridges herein authorized to be acquired across the Ohio River from the city of Wheeling, West Virginia, to an island in the Ohio River, constituting territory of the State of West Virginia, may be included in the same group or groups as the respective connecting bridges from such island to a point in Ohio shall be included, and when sufficient revenues shall have been determined to be available from the collection of tolls on the bridges terminating in the State of Ohio to pay interest and maintenance charges and to provide a sinking fund ample to retire the bonds at maturity as issued for the acquirement of all said bridges, the commission is authorized to make free of tolls the bridges between the city of Wheeling proper and Wheeling Island.

ions adjusted to maintenance, amortizing costs, etc.

Tolls to continue until costs amortized.

Adjustment in rates.

If tolls are charged for the use of a bridge or bridges in a project, the rates of toll to be charged for the use of such bridge or bridges embraced in the particular project shall be so adjusted as to provide a fund not to exceed an amount sufficient to pay the reasonable cost of maintaining, repairing, and operating the bridge or all of the bridges included in the particular project and their approaches under economical management, and not to exceed an amount sufficient in addition to the foregoing, to provide a sinking fund sufficient to amortize the aggregate cost of the bridge or all of the bridges embraced in the particular project, and their approaches, including reasonable interest and financing costs, as soon as possible under reasonable charges, but within a period not exceeding twenty-five years from the date of approval of this Act. The tolls derived from the bridge or bridges embraced in any particular project may be continued and paid into the appropriate sinking fund until all such costs of the bridges embraced in the particular project shall have been amortized. In any event tolls may be charged on the basis aforesaid for transit over the bridge or bridges in each project for which revenue bonds of said State are issued, and such tolls may be continued and adjusted at such rates as may be necessary to pay such bonds with interest thereon and any lawful premium for the retirement thereof before maturity, subject only to the power of the Secretary of War or other authorized Federal authority to regulate such rates."

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 363.]

AN ACT

July 1, 1932, [H. R. 7793.]

To secure the departure of certain aliens from the United States.

Immigration Act of United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 15 of 1924, amendment. U. S. the Immigration Act of 1924 be amended to read as follows:

C. p. 148.

Maintenance of except admission to the United States of an alien excepted from the empt status.

Employees stee of class of immigrants by clause (1) (except a Government official and Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the

empt status. class of immigrants by clause (1) (except a Government official and foreign government of his family), (2), (3), (4), (5), or (6) of section 3, or declared to be a nonquota immigrant by subdivision (e) of section 4, shall be for Vol. 43, p. 154; U. S. such time as may be by regulations prescribed, and under such conditions as may be by regulations prescribed, and under such conditions as may be by regulations prescribed (including, when deemed necessary for the classes mentioned in clause (2), (3), (4), or (6) of section 3 and subdivision (e) of section 4, the giving of bond with sufficient surety, in such sum and containing such condi-

[Public, No. 234.]

Bond.

ficials. Students.

tions as may be by regulations prescribed) to insure that, at the expiration of such time or upon failure to maintain the status under which admitted, he will depart from the United States."

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 364.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1932, and June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

July 1, 1932. [H. R. 12443.] [Public, No. 235.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in certain appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and prior fiscal years, to provide supplemental appropriations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1932, and June 30, 1933, and for other purposes, namely:

Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1932.

TITLE I

LEGISLATIVE ESTABLISHMENT

Senate.

SENATE

To pay to Julia Wheeler Harris, widow of Honorable William J. Harris, late a Senator from the State of Georgia, \$10,000.

To pay William A. Folger for extra and expert services rendered the Committee on Pensions as assistant clerk to said committee by detail from the Bureau of Pensions, fiscal year 1932, \$600.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year 1932,

\$25,000.

The unexpended balance of the appropriation for folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate not exceeding \$1 per thousand, for the fiscal year 1932, is made available for the fiscal year 1933.

Legislative.

William J. Harris. Pay to widow.

William A. Folger.

Miscellaneous items.

Folding. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1177.

House of Representatives

For payment to the widow of Edward M. Beers, late Representative from the State of Pennsylvania, \$10,000.

For payment to the widow of Edward E. Eslick, late a Representative from the State of Tennessee, \$10,000.

For payment to the widow of Percy E. Quin, late a Representative from the State of Mississippi, \$10,000.

For payment to the widow of Samuel Rutherford, late a Repre-

sentative from the State of Georgia, \$10,000.

For payment to the widow of Albert H. Vestal, late a Representative from the State of Indiana, \$10,000.

The five preceding appropriations shall be disbursed by the Ser-

geant at Arms of the House.

For payment to Wesley E. Disney, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of O'Connor against Disney, audited expenses. and recommended by the Committee on Elections Numbered Two, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

For payment to Charles O'Connor, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of O'Connor against Disney, expenses. audited and recommended by the Committee on Elections Numbered Two, \$1,712.71, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

House of Representa-

Edward M. Beers. Pay to widow.

Edward E. Eslick. Pay to widow.

Percy E. Quin. Pay to widow.

Samuel Rutherford. Pay to widow.

Albert H. Vestal. Pay to widow.

Wesley E. Disney Contested-election

Charles O'Connor. Contested-election

Everett Kent. Contested-election expenses.

William R. Coyle. Contested-election expenses.

J. Earl Major. Contested-election expenses.

Peter C. Granata. Contested-election expenses.

Committee on Invalid Pensions.
Temporary clerk.

Clerical assistance to Clerk of the House. Objects specified.

Vol. 43, p. 1071, U. S. C., p. 15.

Proviso. Salary restriction.

Contingent expenses.

Special, etc., committees.

Architect of the Capitol.

House Office Building.
Maintenance.

Sum available. Vol. 46, p. 1553.

Senate Office Build-

Elevator repairs.

For payment to Everett Kent, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of Kent against Coyle, audited and recommended by the Committee on Elections Numbered One, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

For payment to William R. Coyle, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of Kent against Coyle, audited and recommended by the Committee on Elections Numbered One, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

For payment to J. Earl Major, contestant, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of Major against Ramey, audited and recommended by the Committee on Elections Numbered Three, \$750, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

For payment to Peter C. Granata, contestee, for expenses incurred in the contested-election case of Kunz against Granata, audited and recommended by the Committee on Elections Numbered Three, \$2,000, to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House.

Salaries: To continue the employment of the temporary assistant clerk to the Committee on Invalid Pensions, during the fiscal

year 1933, \$2,150.

For assistants in compiling lists of reports to be made to Congress by public officials; compiling copy and revising proofs for the House portion of the Official Register; preparing and indexing the statistical reports of the Clerk of the House; compiling the telephone and Members' directories; preparing and indexing the daily calendars of business; preparing the official statement of Members' voting records; preparing lists of congressional nominees and statistical summary of elections; preparing and indexing questions of order printed in the Appendix to the Journal pursuant to House Rule III; for recording and filing statements of political committees and candidates for election to the House of Representatives pursuant to the Federal Corrupt Practices Act, 1925 (U. S. C., title 2, sees. 241–256); and for such other assistance as the Clerk of the House may deem necessary and proper in the conduct of the business of his office, fiscal year 1933, \$5,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to augment the annual salary of any employee of the House of Representatives.

Contingent expenses: For expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, fiscal year 1932, \$5,250.

For expenses of special and select committees authorized by the House, fiscal year 1933, \$25,000,

ARCHITECT OF THE CAPITOL

Fire protection, Senate wing of the Capitol and Senate Office Building: The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$100,000 for fire protection, Senate wing of the Capitol and Senate Office Building, to enable the Architect of the Capitol to remedy fire hazards found by a survey under S. Res. 364, Seventy-first Congress, third session, and for all labor and materials, personal and other services, repairs and alterations, and every item connected therewith, contained in the Second Deficiency Act for the fiscal year 1931, and available for the fiscal years 1931 and 1932, is hereby continued and made available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1933.

and made available for the same purposes for the fiscal year 1933. Senate Office Building: To enable the Architect of the Capitol, under the direction and supervision of the Senate Committee on Rules, to have made emergency repairs to the machinery of four elevators in the Senate Office Building, including labor and material, personal and other services, fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$6,000.

House Office Building: For maintenance, including the same House Office B objects specified under this head in the Legislative Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, \$8,400, to continue available until June 30, 1933; and not to exceed \$14,000 of the appropriation contained in the First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1932, for equipment, and so forth, of the new House Office Building is hereby made available for the same purposes for this building.

House Office Build-

Ante, p. 16.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

Government Printing Office.

For payment to Samuel Robinson, William Madden, Joseph De gers on night duty. Fontes, and Preston L. George, messengers on night duty during the first session of the Seventy-second Congress, \$900 each; in all, fiscal year 1932, \$3,600; to be paid from the appropriation for printing and binding for Congress for the fiscal year 1932 contained in Public Resolution Numbered 19, approved May 16, 1932.

Fund available. Ante, p. 157.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE AND INDEPENDENT

Executive, etc.

ESTABLISHMENTS

EXECUTIVE OFFICE

Executive Office.

For payment for an oil portrait of former President Calvin Coolidge for the Executive Mansion procured by the Joint Committee on the Library as authorized by Public Resolution Numbered 21, Seventy-second Congress, approved May 19, 1932, fiscal year 1932, \$2,500.

Calvin Coolidge. Portrait of.

Ante, p. 160.

Protection of interests of the United States in matters affecting naval reserves. oil lands in former naval reserves: For an additional amount for compensation and expenses of special counsel and for all other interests, etc., in. expenses, including employment of experts and other assistants at such rates as may be authorized or approved by the President, in connection with carrying into effect the joint resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to institute proceedings touching sections 16 and 36, township 30 south, range 23 east, Mount Diablo meridian, approved February 21, 1924 (43 Stat. 15), fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$6,000, to be expended by the President.

Oil lands in former

Vol. 43, p. 15.

VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

Veterans' Administration.

Military and naval insurance: For an additional amount for mili- insurance. Military and naval tary and naval insurance accruing during the fiscal year 1932 or in prior fiscal years, \$4,233,000.

State and Territorial homes for disabled soldiers and sailors: State and Territorial For an additional amount for State and Territorial homes, includ-soldiers and sailors. ing the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Veterans' Administration for the following fiscal years:

For 1932, \$98,280; For 1931, \$25,480.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

District of Columbia.

GENERAL EXPENSES

Coroner's office: For an additional amount for maintenance of the coroner's office, including the same objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, \$695.

Coroner's office.

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES

Judicial expenses.

Judicial expenses: For judicial expenses, including procurement of chains of title, witness fees, and expert services in District cases before the Supreme Court of said District, for the fiscal years that follow:

For 1930, \$37.36; For 1931, \$4,643.62; For 1932, \$3,895.

General advertising.

General advertising: For an additional amount for general advertising, authorized and required by law, and for tax and school notices and notices of changes in regulations, as follows:

For 1930, \$283.18; For 1931, \$6,326.65.

STREET AND ROAD IMPROVEMENT AND REPAIR

Wharves, demolition, etc. Amount priated. Vol. 46, p. 963.

Bridges: Not to exceed \$2,000 of the unexpended balance of the reappro- appropriation of \$15,000 contained in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931 for reconstruction, where necessary, and for maintenance and repair, of wharves under the control of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia in the Washington Channel of the Potomac River, is hereby made available and shall continue available until June 30, 1933, for the demolition or reconstruction of such wharves as constitute a menace to navigation.

Health Department.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Garfield Hospital. Isolating ward.

Garfield Hospital, isolating ward: For an additional amount for isolating wards for minor contagious diseases at Garfield Memorial Hospital, maintenance, fiscal year 1932, \$10,000, or so much thereof as in the opinion of the commissioners may be necessary.

Courts and prisons.

COURTS AND PRISONS

Support of convicts.

Support of convicts: For an additional amount for support, maintenance, and transportation of convicts transferred from District of Columbia, including the same objects specified under this head in the District of Columbia Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931, \$12,566.17.

Lunacy writs. Expenses of execut-

Writs of lunacy: For expenses attending the execution of writs de lunatico inquirendo and commitments thereunder in all cases of indigent insane persons committed or sought to be committed to Saint Elizabeths Hospital by order of the executive authority of the District of Columbia under the provisions of existing law, and expenses of commitments to the District Training School, including personal services, fiscal year 1931, \$1,029.29.

Miscellaneous enses authorized by Attorney General,

Miscellaneous court expenses: For such miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized by the Attorney General for the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia and its officers, including the same objects specified under this head in the Acts making appropriations for the District of Columbia for the fiscal years that follow:

For 1931, \$15,080.31; For 1932, \$14,000.

Public Welfare.

PUBLIC WELFARE

Child Welfare Dividren.

Division of Child Welfare: For an additional amount for board Board, etc., of chil- and care of all children committed to the guardianship of said board by the courts of the District, and for temporary care of children pending investigation or while being transferred from place to

place, with authority to pay not more than \$1,500 each to institutions tions under sectarian control and not more than \$400 for burial of children dying while under charge of the board, fiscal year 1932,

under

Land for workhouse and reformatory: For an additional amount formatory.

Land for workhouse and reformatory.

Land at Land at Land are library for industrial control of the state of the s for the purchase of approximately one and one-half acres of land at the workhouse and reformatory to provide suitable switching connections and switching yards for industrial railroad adjacent to main line of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad, fiscal year 1932, \$44.99.

National Training School for Boys: For an additional amount for School for Boys.

Training School for Boys committed to the National Training Care, etc., of boys chool for Boys by the courts of the District of Columbia under a care and maintenance of boys committed to the National Training School for Boys by the courts of the District of Columbia under a contract to be made by the Board of Public Welfare with the authorities of said National Training School for Boys, fiscal year 1932, \$6,500.

Medical charities: For an additional amount for care and treatment of indigent patients under contracts made by the Board of Public Welfare with the following institutions, for the ensuing fiscal years, and in not to exceed the amounts set forth, respectively:

Medical charities. Care, etc., of indigent patients at designated hospitals.

Children's Hospital—fiscal year 1931, \$3,728; fiscal year 1932,

Children's Hospital.

\$12,600; in all, \$16,328.

Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital—fiscal year 1931, etc. \$1,464.70; fiscal year 1932, \$14,000; in all, \$15,464.70.

Central Dispensary,

Eastern Dispensary.

Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital, fiscal year 1932, etc.

\$3,200. Saint Elizabeths Hospital: For an additional amount for support Hospital.

Saint Elizabeths

of indigent insane of the District of Columbia in Saint Elizabeths Hospital, as provided by law, for the fiscal years that follow:

For 1931, \$5,513.19; For 1932, \$76,000.

Relief of the poor: For an additional amount for payment to beneficiaries named in section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act making it a misdemeanor in the District of Columbia to abandon or willfully doned families, etc. neglect to provide for the support and maintenance by any person of Vol. 34, p. 87; Vol. neglect to provide for the support and maintenance by any person of his wife or his or her minor children in destitute or necessitous circumstances," approved March 23, 1906, to be disbursed by the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia on itemized vouchers duly audited and approved by the auditor of said District, fiscal year 1932, \$2,500.

Relief of the poor.

SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS

For the payment of claims approved by the commissioners under and in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to settle claims and suits against the District of Columbia," approved February 11, 1929 (45 Stat. 1160), as amended by the Act of June 5, 1930 (46 Stat. 500), and reported in House Document Numbered 333 of the Seventy-second Congress, \$162,169.43.

Payment of claims

Vol. 45, p. 1160. Vol. 46, p. 500.

JUDGMENTS

Judgments.

For the payment of final judgments, including costs, rendered against the District of Columbia, as set forth in House Document Numbered 341, Seventy-second Congress, \$14,716.96, together with the further sum to pay the interest at not exceeding 4 per centum per annum on such judgments, as provided by law, from the date the same became due until the date of payment.

Payment of.

Interest.

Audited claims.

AUDITED CLAIMS

Payment of.

Vol. 18, p. 110. U. S. C., p. 1022.

Items designated.

For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the accounting officers of the District of Columbia, under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 713), being for the service of the fiscal year 1929 and prior fiscal years:

For coroner's office, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1929,

\$12.28;

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses, contingent expenses, District of Columbia, 1929, \$28.80;

For motor vehicles, District of Columbia, maintenance and repair,

1929, \$4;

For street and road improvement and repair, District of Columbia,

repairs to streets, 1929, \$5;

For public schools, District of Columbia, furniture and equipment eight-room building, Carlton and Central Avenues northeast, 1928–29, \$23.50;

For policemen and firemen's relief fund, District of Columbia,

police, 1929, \$4.62;

For health department, District of Columbia, contagious diseases,

1929, \$9.75;

For miscellaneous expenses, Supreme Court, District of Columbia, 1929, \$1,509.65;

For workhouse, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1929, \$9;

For District Training School, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1929, \$23.13;

For Home for Aged and Infirm, District of Columbia, mainte-

nance, 1929, \$23.75;

For water department, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1929,

For coroner's office, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1928,

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses, District of Columbia,

contingent expenses, 1928, \$1.75;

For motor vehicles, District of Columbia, maintenance and repair, 1928, \$1.75;

For street and road improvement and repair, District of Columbia,

repairs to streets, 1928, \$16.70;

For repair and maintenance of bridges, District of Columbia, construction and repair, 1928, \$0.75;

For collection and disposal of refuse, District of Columbia, city

refuse, 1928, \$79.34;

For public schools, District of Columbia, contingent expenses, **1928**, \$0.50;

For public schools, District of Columbia, science laboratories, 1928, \$25.75;

For fire department, District of Columbia, repairs to apparatus,

1928, \$5;

For health department, District of Columbia, contagious diseases, 1928, \$50;

For fees of witnesses, Supreme Court, District of Columbia, 1928, \$2;

For workhouse, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1928, \$2.38; For reformatory, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1928, \$4; For Industrial Home School for Colored Children, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1928, \$67.26;

For Public Utilities Commission, District of Columbia, expenses, Continued claims-1927, \$4.50;

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses, District of Columbia,

contingent expenses, 1927, \$1.25;

For sewers, District of Columbia, suburban sewers, 1926-1927, \$17.92:

For Metropolitan police, District of Columbia, House of Detention, maintenance, 1927, \$0.25;

For probation system, Supreme Court, District of Columbia, 1927, \$1.50:

For miscellaneous expenses, Supreme Court, District of Columbia, 1927, \$252.52:

For small parks, District of Columbia, 1926, \$60:

For coroner's office, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1926. **\$**1.25:

For miscellaneous expenses, Supreme Court, District of Columbia, 1925, \$39.48;

For streets, District of Columbia, cleaning, and so forth, 1923, \$2.20;

For Metropolitan police, District of Columbia, maintenance motor vehicles, 1923, \$2;

For public schools, District of Columbia, contingent expenses,

1923, \$23.48;

For public schools, District of Columbia, furniture and equipment, colored junior high, 1923, \$2.85;

For courts, District of Columbia, 1923, \$83.50:

For streets, District of Columbia, disposal of refuse, 1922, \$3.10; For workhouse, District of Columbia, maintenance, 1922, \$1.04; For Metropolitan police, District of Columbia, maintenance motor vehicles, 1921, \$125;

In all, audited claims, \$2,595.92.

DIVISION OF EXPENSES

The foregoing sums for the District of Columbia, unless otherwise therein specifically provided, shall be paid as follows: Such sums as relate to the fiscal year 1920 and prior fiscal years, 50 per centum and prior. out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and 50 per centum out of the Treasury of the United States; such sums as relate to the fiscal years 1921 to 1924, inclusive, 60 per centum out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and 40 per centum out of the Treasury of the United States; and such sums as relate to the fiscal years 1925 to 1932, inclusive, jointly or severally, shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the Treasury of the United States in the manner prescribed by the District of Columbia Appropriation Acts for such respective fiscal years.

Division of expenses.

From District rev-

For fiscal years 1920

1921-1924.

1925-1932.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Department of Agri-

Secretary's office.

Rent of buildings.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Rent of buildings: For an additional amount for rent of buildings and parts of buildings in the District of Columbia for use of the various bureaus, divisions, and offices of the Department of Agriculture, including the same objects specified under this head in the Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, \$9,100.

Forest Service.

FOREST SERVICE

Joseph K. Munhall. Fire losses. Vol. 46, p. 1935.

For payment to Joseph K. Munhall, of Corona, California, as authorized by Private Act Numbered 173, Seventy-first Congress, approved June 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 1935). \$116.25.

Department of Commerce.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Patent office.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

Printing, etc.

Printing and binding, Patent Office: For an additional amount for printing the weekly issue of patents, designs, trade-marks, prints, and labels, exclusive of illustrations; and for printing, engraving illustrations, and binding the Official Gazette, including weekly and annual indices, fiscal year 1932, \$280,000.

Interior Department.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Indian Affairs Bu-

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Indian supplies.

Pueblo Indian lands. New Mexico. Quieting title, etc. Vol. 43, p. 636.

Payment to Indians for property damaged.

Payment to Indians of designated pueblos.

Laguna.

San Felipe. ated. Vol. 45, p. 1569.

Nambe, supplemen-

Tongue River Ageney, Mont.

ated. Vol. 46, p. 1565.

Rights of way.

Indian village, Elko, Nev. Vol. 46, p. 1566.

Isleta Pueblo, N. Mex. Fence.

Jemez Pueblo, N. Mex.

Purchase and transportation of Indian supplies: For an additional amount for expenses of purchase and for transportation of goods and supplies for the Indian Service, fiscal year 1931, \$210,000.

Compensation to Pueblo Indians of New Mexico: For carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 7, 1924 (43 Stat. 636), to quiet title in Pueblo Indian lands, New Mexico, and in settlement for damages for lands and water rights lost to the Indians of the pueblos. as recommended in the respective reports of the Pueblo Lands Board thereon, the sum of \$55,502.02, fiscal year 1933, as follows:

Laguna, \$33,566.47, which may be expended for the purchase of land, irrigation, drainage, and other improvements, and the purchase of equipment for the benefit of the Laguna Pueblo Indians; San San Felipe.
Balance reappropriFelipe, supplemental, \$21,860.88, which, together with the unexed.
Vol. 45, p. 1569.

Pended balance of the original award for this pueblo, may be expended for the purchase of land, irrigation, drainage, and other improvements, and the purchase of equipment for the benefit of the San Felipe Pueblo Indians; Nambe, supplemental, \$1.40; San Ildefonso, supplemental, \$73.27.

Tongue River Agency, Montana: The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$27,000 contained in the Second Deficiency Act. Power system. Balance reappropris fiscal year 1931 (46 Stat. 1565), for power plant, Tongue River Agency, Montana, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933, for the same purpose or, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, for constructing a power line and distribution system, including purchase of equipment and necessary rights of way. between Colstrip and Lame Deer, Montana.

Indians near Elko, Nevada: The unexpended balance of the appropriation contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931 (46 Stat. 1563), for the purchase of a village site, construction, removal, repair, or enlargement of homes, and installation of sewer and water systems for the use and benefit of Indians near Elko, Nevada, is hereby continued available until June 30, 1933.

Isleta Pueblo, New Mexico: For fencing lands belonging to the Indians of the Isleta Pueblo, New Mexico, fiscal year 1933, \$1,532.21, payable from funds on deposit in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of such Indians.

Jemez Pueblo, New Mexico: For the purchase of land, including necessary costs of conveyance, for the Jemez Pueblo, New Mexico,

fiscal year 1933, \$550, payable from funds on deposit to the credit of such pueblo.

Picuris Pueblo, New Mexico: For purchase of farm equipment for the Picuris Pueblo, New Mexico, fiscal year 1933, \$2,500, payable

from funds on deposit to the credit of such pueblo.

 \hat{c} ertain ofpueblos, New Mexico: To reimburse appropriations for "Industry Among Indians," fiscal years 1931 and 1932, for expenditures made therefrom in the purchase of farm equipment for Indians of pueblos in New Mexico hereinafter named, the following sums are hereby made available from funds heretofore appropriated for payment to the respective pueblos for damages for loss of lands and water rights: San Juan, \$2,500; Santo

Domingo, \$1,500; and Cochiti, \$2,500; in all, \$6,500.

Industry among Indians: Not more than \$50.000 of appropriation of \$475,000 contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1933, for encouraging industry and self-support among Indians, is hereby made available for the purchase of sheep for the Jicarilla Indians, New Mexico, to replace Jicarilla Indians, New Iosses occasioned by reason of storms during the winter of 1931 and Mexico. 1932: Provided, That expenditures hereunder shall be reimbursed to the United States from future accruals to Jicarina union.

Purchase without Provided further, That purchase of sheep under this authorization advertising.

R.S., sec. 3709, p. 733.
U.S. C., p. 1309. 3709 of the Revised Statutes.

Zuni Indian Reservation, New Mexico: For an additional amount for the construction, repair, and maintenance of irrigation systems, and for purchase or rental of irrigation tools and appliances, water rights, ditches, and lands necessary for irrigation purposes for Indian reservations, as follows: Zuni, New Mexico, fiscal years 1932

and 1933, \$11,000, reimbursable.

Crow Indian Reservation, Montana: The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$19,840 contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932, for payment to or cooperation with an irrigation district formed for the purpose of reclaiming seeped areas under the Two Leggins unit, Crow Indian irrigation project, Montana, embracing approximately one thousand two hundred and forty acres of trust patent Indian land, is hereby continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1933.

Blackfeet Indian Reservation, Montana: The paragraph under the heading Bureau of Indian Affairs, Irrigation and Drainage, in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1933, reading "For improvement, maintenance, and operation, \$41,000 (reimbursable)" is hereby amended to read "For improvement, maintenance, and operation of the irrigation systems, Blackfeet Reser-

vation, Montana, \$41,000 (reimbursable)."

Paiute Indian lands, Nevada: For payment to the Truckee-Carson irrigation district, Fallon, Nevada, the proportionate share of the benefits received by four thousand eight hundred and seventyseven and three-tenths irrigable acres of Paiute Indian lands within the Newlands irrigation project, for necessary repairs to the Truckee Canal to restore said canal to its original capacity, as authorized by the Act of June 27, 1930 (46 Stat. 820), fiscal year 1931, \$100; fiscal year 1932, \$200; fiscal year 1933, \$200; in all, \$500.

Tuition of Indian children in public schools: For an additional amount for payment of tuition of Indian children attending in public schools, fiscal year 1932, \$62,900: Provided, That payments may be made from this appropriation for tuition of pupils attending public schools under contracts heretofore entered into for the fiscal year 1932.

Picuris Pueblo, N. Mex. Farm equipment.

New Mexico, pueblos. Farm equipment. Vol. 46, pp. 288, 1122.

the Industry among nent Ante, p. 97.

Provisos. Repayment.

Purchase without

Zuni, N. Mex. Irrigation, etc.

Crow, Mont. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1127.

Blackfeet, Mont.

Ante, p. 101.

Truckee-Carson irrigation district, Nevada

Paying charges on Paiute Indian lands.

Vol. 46, p. 820.

Indian pupils in public schools.

Proviso. Contracts. Warm Springs, Oreg. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1131.

Indian school, Warm Springs, Oregon: The unexpended balances of the appropriations of \$65,000 each for girls' and boys' dormitories, Warm Springs School, Oregon, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1932 (46 Stat. 1130), are hereby continued available until June 30, 1933, for the same purposes, including the purchase of equipment for such buildings. Indian school, Mount Pleasant, Michigan: For an additional

Mount Pleasant. Mich.

amount for the support of three hundred and seventy-five pupils, fiscal year 1930, \$2,154.09.

Pipestone, Minn. Post. p. 834.

Indian school, Pipestone, Minnesota: For new school building and auditorium, including equipment, \$75,000, to remain available until June 30, 1933.

Oglala, S. Dak.

Indian school, Oglala, South Dakota: For replacement and repair of buildings and equipment destroyed or damaged by cyclone at the Oglala Boarding School, Pine Ridge Reservation, South Dakota, fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$65,000.

Chippewa children in public schools, from tribal funds.

Tuition for Chippewa Indian children in public schools: The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to withdraw from the Treasurv of the United States the additional sum of \$10,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, of the principal sum on deposit to the credit of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota arising under section 7 of the Act of January 14, 1889 (25 Stat. 645), and to expend the same for payment of tuition for Chippewa Indian children enrolled in the public schools of the State of Minnesota during the fiscal year 1932.

Vol. 25, p. 645.

Education of unallotted Osage Indian children: For the education of unallotted Osage Indian children in the Saint Louis Mission Boarding School, fiscal years 1932 and 1933, \$4,000, payable from funds held in trust by the United States for the Osage Tribe: Provided, That not to exceed \$2,000 of said amount may be expended to meet obligations heretofore incurred during the fiscal year 1932.

Saint Louis Mission School Osage children.

> Education of natives of Alaska: For an additional amount to provide for the construction of a school building and teacherage at Unalakleet, Alaska, including necessary equipment, supplies, freight, and other expenses in connection therewith, fiscal years 1932 and

Proviso.
Prior obligations.

1933, \$15,000.

Unalakleet, Alaska. School construction, maintenance, etc.

U. S. S. "Boxer." Operating, etc.

Freight.

Not exceeding \$10,789.43 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for education of natives in Alaska, fiscal year 1930-1931. shall be available for payment of obligations for freight, including operation of the United States ship Boxer, in addition to the amount made available for these purposes for such fiscal year.

Medical relief in

Medical relief in Alaska: For an additional amount to meet outstanding obligations in excess of the appropriation of \$268,761 Vol. 46, pp. 321, 1137. contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931, including obligations heretofore incurred during the fiscal year 1932, for labor and material in connection with the

construction of the Mountain Village Hospital, \$8,268.51.

Choctaws and Chickasaws. Vol. 46, p. 302. Tribal attorney and mining trustee. Amount for expenses increased.

Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations: The limitations contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act of May 14, 1930, fiscal year 1931 (46 Stat. 302), for expenses incurred by the tribal attorney for the Choctaw Nation and the mining trustee for the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, Oklahoma, are hereby increased from \$2,500 and \$1,000, respectively, to \$3,300 and \$1,662.53, respectively.

Relief of indigent

Relief of indigent Indians: For relief of indigent Indians, fiscal vear 1933, \$50,000.

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION

Yakima project (Kennewick Highlands unit), washington. In unit, unit, Balance available, vol. 46, p. 1145. Yakima project (Kennewick Highlands unit), Washington: The Kennewick Highlands 1932, shall remain available for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1933: Provided, That not to exceed \$40,000 from power revenues shall be available during the fiscal year 1933 for operation and main-tem. tenance of power system.

Boulder Canyon project: For the continuation of construction ject.

Construction, etc. of the Hoover Dam and incidental works in the main stream of the Colorado River at Black Canyon, to create a storage reservoir, and of a complete plant and incidental structures suitable for the fullest economic development of electrical energy from the water discharged from such reservoir; to acquire by proceedings in eminent domain etc. Vol. 45, p. 1057. or otherwise, all lands, rights of way, and other property necessary for such purposes; and for incidental operations, as authorized by shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia the District. and for all other objects of expenditure that are specified for projects included in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1933 under the caption "Bureau of Reclamation" without regard to the limitations of amounts therein set forth.

Palo Verde Valley, California, flood protection: For the protectalist.

Protecting lands from overflow and Protecting lands from overflow and Protecting lands from the protec tion of the Palo Verde Valley, California, from overflow and Protect destruction by Colorado River floods, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior for the purpose of repairing and reconstructing the levee system on the Colorado River in front of the said Palo Verde Valley, fiscal year 1933, \$50,000, or so much

thereof as may be necessary.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES

Alaska: For an additional amount for salaries of the governor and the secretary of the Territory of Alaska, from March 4, 1931, tary. Vol. 46, p. 1530. U. S. C., Supp. v. p. 672.

1931 (46 Stat. 1530), \$6,360.
Insane of Alaska: For an additional amount for care and custody of persons legally adjudged insane in Alaska, including the same objects specified under this head in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, \$9,500.

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL

The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$97,000, contained in the Interior Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year ated. Vol. 46, p. 1160. 1932, for a hospital addition for clinical activities, Freedmen's Hospital, including necessary equipment, advertising for proposals, preparation of plans and supervision of work of construction of said building, shall continue available for the same purposes until June 30, 1933.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Department of Jus-

CONTINGENT EXPENSES

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for printing and ing. Printing and bindbinding for the Department of Justice, fiscal year 1923, \$14.40.

Bureau of Reclama-

Proviso. Sum for power sys-

Boulder Canyon pro-

Acquisition of lands,

U. S. C., Supp. V, Availability. Personal services in

Government in the Territories.

Care of insane.

Freedmen's hospital

Additions to. Balance reappropri-

United States Courts. MARSHALS, DISTRICT ATTORNEYS, CLERKS, AND OTHER EXPENSES OF UNITED STATES COURTS

Commissioners, etc. R. S., sec. 1014, p. 189. U. S. C., p. 506. For additional amounts for fees of United States commissioners and justices of the peace acting under section 1014, Revised Statutes of the United States (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 591), for the fiscal years that follow:

For 1930, \$6,014.95; For 1925, \$124.19; For 1922, \$176.55.

Miscellaneous openses.

For an additional amount for such miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized or approved by the Attorney General for the United States courts and their officers, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Justice for the fiscal year 1930, \$2,405.88.

Penal and correctional institutions.

PENAL AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Support of United States prisoners.

Support of United States prisoners: For an additional amount for support of United States prisoners, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Justice for the fiscal year 1929, \$971.35.

Department of Labor.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Immigration Bureau.

BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION

Refund to.

Post, p. 1663.

Pasquale Mirabelli.

Steve Fekete.

Refund to. Post, p. 1667. Refund to Steve Fekete: For refund to be paid to Steve Fekete, of Detroit, Michigan, as authorized by Private Act Numbered 24, Seventy-second Congress, approved April 26, 1932, \$500.

Refund to Pasquale Mirabelli: For refund to be paid to Pasquale Mirabelli, of Rochester, New York, as authorized by Private Act Numbered 35, Seventy-second Congress, approved June 6, 1932, \$1,000.

Salaries and expenses.

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Bureau of Immigration, for the fiscal year 1932, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Department of Labor for the fiscal year 1932, \$200,000.

Navy Department.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Secretary's Office.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE

Collision damage claims. Vol. 42, p. 1066. U. S. C., p. 1127.

Claims for damages by collision with naval vessels: To pay claims for damages adjusted and determined by the Secretary of the Navy under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to settle claims for damages to private property arising from collisions with naval vessels," approved December 28, 1922 (U. S. C., title 34, sec. 599), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 117 and House Document Numbered 329, Seventy-second Congress, \$891.82.

Naval Establishment. Restrictions in ap-

Restrictions in appropriations for civilian employees waived as to Group IV (b).

Restrictions in appropriations for payment of civilian employees: The restrictions contained in certain appropriations for the Naval Establishment for the fiscal year 1932, limiting the amounts that may be paid to certain classes of civilian employees in the field service, are hereby waived to the extent necessary to permit payment to employees assigned to Group IV(b) and those performing similar services carried under native and alien schedules in the Schedule of Wages for Civil Employees in the Field Service of the Navy Department.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION

Bureau of Naviga-

Transportation and recruiting: For travel allowance, and so forth, recruiting. including the same objects specified under this head in the Naval Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1923, \$246.06.

Transportation and

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

Maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts: For fuel; the removal and transportation of ashes and garbage from ships of war; books, blanks, stationery, and so forth, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Navy Department and the Naval Service for the fiscal year 1927, \$1,297.05.

Maintenance.

Pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy: The appropriation "Pay, Subsistence, and Transportation, Navy," fiscal year 1932, is hereby made available for payment to James P. Sloan gratuity in the amount of \$324, on account of the death of his son, Andrew Jarvis Sloan, who was killed in line of duty on board the United States ship Mississippi on June 12, 1924, as authorized by the Act approved June 11, 1930 (46 Stat., 1883).

Pay, subsistence, and transportation.

James P. Sloan. Gratuity.

Vol. 46, p. 1883.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS

Bureau of Yards and Docks.

The contract by the United States of America represented by the Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks acting under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy and M. H. Golden, an individual of the city of San Diego, California, for improvement of a motion-picture exchange, involving the erection of a building at the naval operating base, San Diego, California, dated January 6, 1932, is hereby legalized from the date of its execution for the purpose of authorizing payments thereunder from the appropriation "Contingent, Bureau of Yards and Docks, 1932," notwithstanding section 3733 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (U. S. C., title 41, sec. 12).

M. H. Golden. Contract legalized.

Payment. R. S., sec. 3733, p. 736. U. S. C., p. 1310.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Department of State.

INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS, COMMISSIONS, AND SO FORTH

International obligations, etc.

International Bureau of Permanent Court of Arbitration: To meet the share of the United States in the expenses for the calendar year of Arbitration. 1931 of the International Bureau of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, created under article 43 of the convention concluded at The Hague, October 18, 1907, for the pacific settlement of international disputes, fiscal year 1931, \$2,000.

International Office of Public Health: For the payment of the quota of the United States for the calendar year 1931 toward the support of the International Office of Public Health, created by the international arrangement signed at Rome, December 9, 1907, in pursuance of article 181 of the International Sanitary Convention signed at Paris on December 3, 1903, fiscal years 1931 and 1932, \$3,015.62.

International Office of Public Health.

Vol. 35, pp. 2061, 1834. Vol. 42, p. 1823.

International Trade Mark Registration Bureau: For an additional International Trade Mark Registration Buamount for the annual share of the United States of the expenses for reau. the maintenance of the International Trade Mark Registration Bureau at Habana, in conformity with the Convention of February Vol. 39, 41, p. 633. 20, 1929, for the following fiscal years:

International Trade

Share of expenses.

Vol. 39, p. 1682; Vol.

For 1932, \$9,369.20; For 1931, \$3,414.

Rederiaktiebolaget Nordstjernan.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1582.

Second polar year Ante, p. 68.

Connecting highway with Canada. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1580.

Mexican Mixed Claims Commission. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1318.

International Monetary Conference.

Vol. 44, p. 688. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 40.

Services in the Dis-

R. S., sec. 3709, p. 733. U. S. C., p. 1309.

Arbitration between the United States and Sweden: The unexorusujernan.

Arbitration of claim. pended balance in the appropriation of \$56,000 for arbitration between the United States and Sweden of the claim of Rederiaktiebolaget Nordstjernan, a Swedish corporation, contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, is continued available for the fiscal year 1933.

Second polar year program: For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the public resolution entitled "Joint resolution authorizing an appropriation to defray the expenses of participation by the United States Government in the second polar year program, August 1, 1932, to August 31, 1933," approved March 18, 1932, and for each and every object and purpose specified therein, \$30,000, to

remain available until June 30, 1934.

Commission on Construction of Highway, United States and Canada: The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$10,000 for the Commission on Construction of Highway, United States and Canada, for the fiscal years 1931 and 1932, contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, is continued available for the same purposes until June 30, 1933.

General and Special Claims Commissions, United States and Mexico: The unexpended balance of the appropriation for the General and Special Claims Commissions, United States and Mexico, for the fiscal year 1932, shall remain available for the same purposes until June 30, 1933.

International Monetary Conference: For the expenses of participa-Expenses of particition by the United States in an international monetary conference, including silver, to be held during the year 1932, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, including transportation and subsistence or per diem in lieu thereof (notwithstanding the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, amendments thereof or regulations prescribed pursuant thereto); personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended; stenographic and other services by contract if deemed necessary without regard to the provisions of section 3709 of the Revised Statutes; rent of offices and rooms; purchase of necessary books and documents; printing and binding; official cards, entertainment; hire, maintenance, and operation of motorpropelled passenger-carrying vehicles; the reimbursement of other appropriations from which payments may have been made for any of the purposes herein specified; and such other expenses as may be authorized by the Secretary of State, fiscal year 1932, to remain available until June 30, 1933, \$40,000.

Judicial.

JUDICIAL

Bringing home criminals.

Bringing home criminals: For an additional amount for actual expenses incurred in bringing home from foreign countries persons charged with crime, fiscal year 1930, \$2.67.

Treasury Department.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Customs Bureau.

BUREAU OF CUSTOMS

Collecting revenue.

For an additional amount for collecting the revenue from customs, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1929, \$1,665.27.

COAST GUARD

Coast Guard station at or near Port Orford, Oregon: The appropriation of \$83,500 contained in the Treasury and Post Office Departments Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, Appropriation for establishing and equipping a Coast Guard station at or near Port Orford, Oregon, shall remain available during the fiscal year 1933.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

Salaries and expenses: For an additional amount for salaries and expenses, Bureau of Engraving and Printing, 1932, including the same objects specified under this head in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, \$113,938.

The limitation in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury cressed. Department for the fiscal year 1932 as to the number of delivered sheets of internal-revenue stamps, including opium orders and special-tax stamps required under the Act of December 17, 1914, is 44, p. 9. increased from ninety-three million thirty-three thousand six hundred and thirty to ninety-five million four hundred and sixty-eight thousand five hundred and seventy, and the limitation as to the number of delivered sheets of checks, drafts, and miscellaneous work from nine million five hundred thousand to ten million three hundred and five thousand.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISING ARCHITECT

that may be expended for the packing, draying, and transportation for, increased.

Transporting effects. Limitation on sums for, increased. neers and inspectors employed in connection with public building work, contained in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year 1932, approved February 23, 1931, is hereby increased from \$4,500 to \$6,000.

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC BUILDING PROJECTS

Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, post office and courthouse: The author- Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, post office and courthouse: ization contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1929, Repayment to, for approved March 4, 1929 (45 Stat. 1660), for extension and remodeling platform.

of the building under an estimated total cost of \$1,100,000 is hereby.

Vol. 45, p. 1660, of the building under an estimated total cost of \$1,100,000 is hereby amended so as to authorize the United States to reimburse the city of Oklahoma City for providing suitable approaches to the mailing platform, and not exceeding \$10,000 of the appropriations made under authority of such Act are hereby made available for the purposes herein.

Reno, Nevada, post office, and so forth: The authorization con-office, etc. tained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1928, approved May Acceptance of title to 29, 1928 (45 Stat. 923), is hereby amended so as to authorize the vol. 45, p. 923, Secretary of the Treasury to accept title to land comprising a part amended. of the new post-office building site at Reno, Nevada, subject to easements for the maintenance, repair, and replacement of a sewer and irrigation ditch or culvert now in place extending across the northerly side of the entire post-office site adjacent to the south river wall of the Truckee River.

Scranton, Pennsylvania, post office, courthouse, and so forth: The authorization for acquisition of additional land, demolition of build-outside Federal site. ing, and commencement of construction, contained in the Act making appropriations for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year

Coast Guard

Port Orford, Oreg., station. Establishment, etc. Appropriation con-Vol. 46, p. 1226.

Engraving and Print-

Salaries and expenses.

Work for 1932, inp. 1226. amended.

Vol. 38, p. 786; Vol.

Supervising tect's Office.

Vol. 46, p. 1232.

Public buildings.

Oklahoma City, amended.

Amount available.

Easements.

Scranton, Pa. labor Vol. 45, p. 181.

1929, approved March 5, 1928 (45 Stat. 181), is hereby amended so as to permit the Secretary of the Treasury to make payment for work performed outside the Government lot line under the contract for the construction of the building.

Washington, D. C. Central heating plant.

Vol. 46, p. 1604. Buildings added.

Washington, District of Columbia, central heating plant: The authorization contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, approved March 4, 1931 (46 Stat., 1604), is hereby amended so as to include the buildings in the Municipal Center among those to be served, steam for the purpose to be purchased at a rate to be agreed upon, also to serve the Federal Warehouse, the Land Office, Patent Office, Pension Office buildings, and the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia and the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia buildings; also to serve the buildings contemplated to be served under the legislation for the West Potomac Park Heating Plant, authorized in such Act approved March 4, 1931 (46 Stat. 1555), and the lodge east of Washington Monument in lieu of the Washington Monument.

Vol. 46, p. 1555.

National Institute of

Vol. 46, pp. 379, 1586.

Sums available until

National Institute of Health Building, Washington, District of Columbia: The appropriation of \$300,000, contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931 (46 Stat. 1586), approved March 4, 1931, "for commencement of construction at the present Hygienic Laboratory, as authorized in the Act entitled 'An Act to establish and operate the National Institute of Health, and for other purposes, approved May 26, 1930 (46 Stat. 379), fiscal years 1931 and 1932," is hereby amended so as to make such appropriation available until expended.

War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT—MILITARY ACTIVITIES

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, WAR DEPARTMENT

Printing and binding.

Printing and binding: For an additional amount for "Printing and binding, War Department, 1931," including the same objects specified under this head in the War Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931, \$21,949.01.

Judge Advocate Gen-eral's office.

OFFICE OF JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL

Settlement of War Claims. Vol. 45, p. 254. Balance reappropriated. Vol. 46, p. 121.

The unexpended balances of the appropriations carried in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, for "Expenses of Administration of Settlement of War Claims, Act of 1928," Judge Advocate General's Department, are hereby continued and made available until June 30, 1933, for every expenditure requisite for and incident to the work and duties of the War Department Commission for the Adjustment of British Patent Claims, including the authorized traveling expenses of members of the commission, commissioned officers detailed to duty therewith and employees, the employment of personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, printing and binding, photographing, and such other expenses as may be necessary and proper for carrying out the duties of such commission.

Finance Department.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Pay, etc., of the Army.

Additional sum. Vol. 46, p. 1280.

"Merritt" Army transport. Disposal of,

Pay, and so forth, of the Army: For an additional amount for "Pay, and so forth, of the Army, 1932," including the same objects specified under this head in the War Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, \$1,900,000.

Authority is hereby granted the Secretary of War to sell or otherwise dispose of, in accordance with law and regulations, the United States Army transport "Merritt".

SEACOAST DEFENSES

Fortifications.

Seacoast Defenses, Panama Canal: Of the unexpended balances under the appropriations for "Searchlights and Electrical Installa-purchase of land. tions, Panama Canal, 1928," and "Fire Control, Panama Canal, Vol. 44, pp. 1124, Vol. 46, p. 908.

Balances availate purchase of land. Vol. 44, pp. 1124, Vol. 46, p. 908. available until June 30, 1931, by the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, the sum of \$6,900 is hereby continued and made available until June 30, 1933, for the purchase of land on Taboguilla and boga Islands, Taboga Islands, Panama.

Panama Canal. Balances available for Vol. 44, pp. 1124, 1118. Vol. 46, p. 908.

Taboguilla and Ta-

Militia Bureau.

Arming, equipping, and training the National Guard: For additional amounts for expenses, camps of instruction, field and supplemental training, including the same objects specified under this head in the War Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, \$650,000; and for pay of the National Guard (armory drills). fiscal year 1932, \$1,550,000; in all, \$2,200,000.

MILITIA BUREAU

National Guard. Arming, etc.

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY

Military Academy.

For an additional amount for the preparation of drawings, plans, and specifications for mess hall, cadet store, dormitories, and draw-ices, ing academy, for payment of the claim of Gehron and Ross, as successors to the Arnold W. Brunner Associates (Incorporated), for extra architectural services performed, fiscal year 1925, \$4,577.56.

Gehron and Ross. Architectural serv-

WAR DEPARTMENT—NONMILITARY ACTIVITIES

Nonmilitary activi-

Quartermaster Corps.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Cemeterial expenses.

Cemeterial expenses: For an additional amount for maintaining and improving national cemeteries, including the same objects specified under this head in the War Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, \$15,000, to remain available until June 30,

Fredericksburg and Spotsylvania County Battle Fields Memorial: For an additional amount for continuing the establishment of rial, va. a national military park to be known as the "Fredericksburg and Lawyers Tit Spotsylvania County Battle Fields Memo-Spotsylvania County B Spotsylvania County Battle Fields Memorial," for the payment of Richmond, Va.

Abstract of title. the claim of the Lawyers Title Insurance Corporation of Richmond, Virginia, for abstracts of title to three tracts of land acquired by the Government in connection with the establishment of such memorial, fiscal years 1928 and 1929, \$200.25.

Fredericksburg and notsylvania Memo-Lawyers Title Insur-ance Corporation of

Vol. 43, p. 1090.

Monuments and bat-

Specified appropria-

Vol. 46, pp. 461, 1610,

Monuments and battlefields: The unexpended balances on June Monuments 30, 1932, under the following appropriations are hereby continued available until June 30, 1933, for the same respective purposes, specified appropriate the same respective purposes. namely: Monument on Kill Devil Hill, Kitty Hawk, North Carolina, \$232,500, War Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1931; 910. monument to the memory of the first permanent settlement of the West, at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, \$100,000, Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931; survey of battlefields in the vicinity of Richmond, Virginia, including the battlefield of Cold Harbor, Virginia, \$6,800, and survey of battlefield of Saratoga, New York, \$4,400, Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, as extended by the War Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932,

Engineer Corps.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Minn.

Protection of. Vol. 45, p. 930; Vol. 44, p. 617.

Sums available.

River, Minnesota: Any unexpended balance on June 30, 1932, of the appropriation of \$375,000 for "Protective works and measures, Lake of the Woods and Rainy River, Minnesota 1992, 1990." Lake of the Woods and Rainy River, Minnesota, 1928–1930," made by the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1928, as authorized by sections 1 and 2 of the Act approved May 22, 1926 (44 Stat. 617), is hereby continued and made available until June 30, 1934.

Mouse River, N. Dak. Survey of. Vol. 46, p. 1424.

Survey of Mouse River, North Dakota: Not to exceed \$10,000 of the appropriation "Maintenance and Improvement of Existing River and Harbor Works" shall be available for surveying the Mouse River, North Dakota, with a view to the prevention and control of its floods, as authorized by the Act approved February 27, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1424).

Judgments and authorized claims.

TITLE II—JUDGMENTS AND AUTHORIZED CLAIMS

Damage claims,

Settlement of, not in

DAMAGE CLAIMS

excess of \$1,000.

Section 1. For the payment of claims for damages to or losses of privately owned property adjusted and determined by the following respective departments under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for a method for the settlement of claims arising against the Government of the United States in sums not exceeding \$1,000 in any one case," approved December 28, 1922 (U. S. C., title 31, secs. 215-217), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 113 and House Document Numbered 332, Seventy-second Congress, as follows:

Vol. 42, p. 1066, U. S. C., p. 989,

Department of Agriculture, \$1,171.65; Department of Commerce, \$17.75; Department of the Interior, \$273.40; Department of Justice, \$654.81; Department of Labor, \$331.60; Navy Department, \$1,221.11;

Post Office Department (out of the postal revenues), \$16,725.68; Treasury Department, \$350.30;

War Department, \$2,880.44;

In all, \$23,626.74.

United States courts. judgments.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS

Payment of, Vol. 24, p. 505. U. S. C., p. 897.

Vol. 36, p. 1093, U. S. C., pp. 867, 898,

Sec. 2. For payment of the final judgments and decrees, including costs of suits, which have been rendered under the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1887, entitled "An Act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States," as amended by the Judicial Code, approved March 3, 1911 (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 41, par. 20; sec. 258; secs. 761-765), certified to the Seventy-second Congress in House Document Numbered 331, under the following departments and establishments, namely:

Veterans' Administration, \$1,367; Department of Agriculture, \$6,630.57; Department of the Interior, \$1,151.32; Department of Labor, \$8,215;

Post Office Department, \$2,587.40;

Interest.

In all, \$19,951.29, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest on the respective judgments at the rate of 4 per centum from the date thereof until the time this appropriation is made.

For the payment of judgments, including costs of suits, rendered Payment of, for suits reject the Covernment of the United States by United States of Payment of the United States of Payment of Paymen against the Government of the United States by United States district courts under the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act authorizing suits against the United States in admiralty for damages caused by and salvage services rendered to public vessels belonging to the United States, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1925 (U.S.C., title 46, secs. 781-789), certified to the Seventy-second Congress in Senate Document Numbered 116 and House Document Numbered 331, under the following departments, namely:

Department of Commerce, \$1,215.74;

Navy Department, \$29,664.50; Treasury Department, \$8,069;

War Department, \$16,713.07; in all, \$55,662.31, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest as and where

specified in such judgments.

For the payment of the judgments, including costs of suits, ren- cases. dered against the Government by United States district courts in special cases and under the provisions of certain special Acts and certified to the Seventy-second Congress in Senate Document Numbered 116 and House Document Numbered 331, under the following departments, namely:

Navy Department, \$2,023,056.92;

War Department, \$602,850.84; in all, \$2,625,907.76.

None of the judgments contained under this caption shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired except such as have become final and conclusive against the United States by failure of the parties to appeal or otherwise.

Payment of interest wherever provided for judgments contained in this Act shall not in any case continue for more than thirty days

after the date of approval of the Act.

JUDGMENTS, COURT OF CLAIMS

Court of Claims, Judgments.

Sec. 3. For payment of the judgments rendered by the Court of Claims and reported to the Seventy-second Congress, in Senate Document Numbered 115 and House Document Numbered 330, under the following departments and establishments, namely:

Office of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National

Capital, \$5,931.32;

United States Shipping Board, \$71,680.64; Department of Agriculture, \$7,269.54;

Department of Commerce, \$780.50;

Department of the Interior, \$14,524.23;

Navy Department, \$576,306.17; Treasury Department, \$505,260.54;

War Department, \$1,014,294.71; in all, \$2,196,047.65, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest on certain of the judgments at the legal rate per annum as and where specified

in such judgments.

None of the judgments contained under this caption which have not been affirmed by the Supreme Court or otherwise become final and conclusive against the United States shall be paid until the expiration of the time within which application may be made for a writ of certiorari under subdivision (b) section 3, of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Judicial Code, and to further define the jurisdiction of the circuit courts of appeals and of the Supreme Court, and for other purposes," approved February 13, 1925 (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 288).

Vol. 43, p. 1112. U. S. C., p. 1529.

Time of payments:

Interest.

Interest.

Time of payments.

Vol. 43, p. 939. U. S. C., p. 900.

Audited claims.

AUDITED CLAIMS

Payment of.

SEC. 4. For the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year 1929 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 266), as fully set forth in House Document Numbered 326, Seventy-second Congress, there is appropriated as follows:

Vol. 23, p. 254. U. S. C., p. 43.

Vol. 18, p. 110. U. S. C., p. 1022.

Independent offices.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

For Interstate Commerce Commission, \$3.60.

For salaries and expenses, Veterans' Bureau, \$91.05.

For military and naval compensation, Veterans' Administration, \$1,053.46.

For hospital facilities and services, Veterans' Bureau, \$3,626.47.

For vocational rehabilitation, Veterans' Bureau, \$317.20.

For medical and hospital services, Veterans' Bureau, \$17,462.54.

For Army pensions, \$200.22. For Navy pensions, \$3.75.

For investigation of pension cases, Pension Office, \$1.40.

District of Columbia.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses, District of Columbia, 32.

Department of Agri-

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

For meat inspection, Bureau of Animal Industry, \$4. For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Entomology, \$1.92.

For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Animal Industry, \$142.09. For salaries and expenses, food, drug, and insecticide administration, \$8.84.

For salaries and expenses, Forest Service, \$5.

For salaries and expenses, plant quarantine and control administration, \$1.89.

For salaries and expenses, Weather Bureau, \$2.

Department of Commerce.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

For standardizing mechanical appliances, Bureau of Standards, \$1.30.

For salaries, lighthouse vessels, \$121.

For salaries, keepers of lighthouses, \$26.

For general expenses, Lighthouse Service, \$5.58. For retired pay, Lighthouse Service, \$538.53.

For miscellaneous expenses, Bureau of Fisheries, \$5.15.

For aircraft in commerce, \$3.

For air navigation facilities, \$1,914.33.

Department of the Interior.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

For Geological Survey, \$69.08. For education of natives of Alaska, \$55.32. For industry among Indians, \$213.94. For conservation of health among Indians, \$55.58.

Audited claims—Continued.

For education, Sioux Nation, \$2.75. For Indian schools: Support, \$40.

For irrigation, San Carlos and Florence-Casa Grande project, Arizona (reimbursable), \$42.32.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Department of Jus-

For books for judicial officers, \$141.25. For books, Department of Justice, \$9.

For defending suits in claims against the United States, \$46.30.

For detection and prosecution of crimes, \$28.10.

For fees of commissioners, United States courts, \$930.50.

For fees of witnesses, United States courts, \$706.60.

For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, \$162.08. For printing and binding, Department of Justice and courts, \$164.58.

For salaries and expenses of district attorneys, United States courts, \$179.92.

For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts,

\$6,174.39.

For support of United States prisoners, \$53.50.

For United States penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia, \$70.05.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Department of La-

For expenses of regulating immigration, \$181.23.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Navy Department.

For pay, miscellaneous, \$18.18.

For transportation, Bureau of Navigation, \$214.63.

For organizing the Naval Reserve, \$259.82.

For engineering, Bureau of Engineering, \$358.96.

For major alterations, naval vessels, \$283.81.

For ordnance and ordnance stores, Bureau of Ordnance, \$25,000.

For pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, \$11,974.21.

For pay of the Navy, \$3,685.38. For maintenance, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, \$1,485.13. For provisions, Navy, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, \$58.56.

For aviation, Navy, \$15,060.33.

For pay, Marine Corps, \$1,862.26.

For general expenses, Marine Corps, \$160.26.

For maintenance, Quartermaster's Department, Marine Corps, \$7.05.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT-POSTAL SERVICE

Post Office Depart-

(Out of the postal revenues)

For balances due foreign countries, \$68,469.64.

For city delivery carriers, \$129.37.

For clerks, contract stations, \$58.06.

For clerks, first and second class post offices, \$178.67.

For compensation to postmasters, \$137.37.

For freight, express, or motor transportation of equipment, and so forth, \$33.04.

For indemnities, domestic mail, \$944.15.

For indemnities, international mail, \$829.84.

For labor-saving devices, \$6.

Audited claims-Continued.

For railroad transportation and mail messenger service, \$281.34.

For Railway Mail Service, salaries, \$99.91.

For rent, light, and fuel, \$3,908.09. For Rural Delivery Service, \$118.64. For special-delivery fees, 96 cents. For vehicle service, \$34.20.

For watchmen, messengers, and laborers, \$95.63.

Department of State.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

For contingent expenses, foreign missions, \$285.88. For contingent expenses, United States consulates, \$4.36.

Treasury Depart. ment.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For collecting the revenue from customs, \$52.20.

For collecting the internal revenue, \$27.08.

For refunding internal revenue collections, \$100. For enforcement of Narcotic and National Prohibition Acts,

internal revenue, \$1,269.93.

For Coast Guard, \$1,593.96. For contingent expenses, Coast Guard, \$17.70.

For fuel and water, Coast Guard, \$93.20.

For pay and allowances, Coast Guard, \$239.46.

For pay of personnel and maintenance of hospitals, Public Health Service, \$72.33.

For Quarantine Service, \$45.

For furniture and repairs of same for public buildings, \$631.25.

For vaults and safes for public buildings, \$10.75. For operating supplies for public buildings, \$83.25. For marine hospital, Carville, Louisiana, \$2.95.

For outfits, Coast Guard, \$2,039.89.

War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT

For pay, and so forth, of the Army (Longevity Act of January 29, 1927), \$215.68.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, \$55,509.36.

For pay of the Army, \$28,685.06.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, war with Spain, \$109.78.

For arrears of pay, bounty, and so forth, \$22.36.

For apprehension of deserters, and so forth, \$52.34. For increase of compensation, Military Establishment, \$4,283.96.

For Army transportation, \$4,380.71.

For barracks and quarters, other buildings and utilities, \$17,721.19.

For clothing and equipage, \$67.70.

For replacing clothing and equipage, \$46.31.

For general appropriations, Quartermaster Corps, \$2,019.78.

For horses for Cavalry, Artillery, Engineers, and so forth, \$8.80. For subsistence of the Army, \$20.52.

For supplies, services, and transportation, Quartermaster Corps, \$3,375.53.

For medical and hospital department, \$28.

For armament of fortifications (Act June 15, 1917), \$13.33.

For field artillery armament, \$38.68. For manufacture of arms, \$1.50.

For armament of fortifications, Panama Canal, \$1,935.63. For armament of fortifications, insular possessions, \$674.49.

For fire control, Panama Canal, \$560.

For maintenance of fire-control installations, Panama Canal, Audited claims-\$908.07.

For ordnance service, \$236.

For ordnance stores and supplies (Act of June 15, 1917), \$4,956.77.

For ordnance stores: Ammunition, \$1,376.15.

For repairs of arsenals, \$8.92.

For replacing ordnance and ordnance stores, \$3,057.04.

For seacoast defenses, insular possessions, Engineers, \$140. For Air Corps, Army, \$589.88.

For arming, equipping, and training the National Guard (Act May 22, 1928), \$841.38.

For arming, equipping, and training the National Guard, \$2,445.89.

For Organized Reserves, \$175.01.

For pay of National Guard for armory drills, \$308.38.

For Reserve Officers' Training Corps, \$283.63.

For maintenance, United States Military Academy, \$48.36.

For headstones for graves of soldiers, \$34.82.

For national cemeteries, \$65.07.

For Vicksburg National Military Park, \$1.31.

Total, audited claims, section 4, \$312,438.88, together with such added.

Rate added. additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office.

AUDITED CLAIMS

Audited claims.

SEC. 5. That for the payment of the following claims, certified to payment of additional.

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Sec. 5. That for the payment of the paym be due by the General Accounting Office under appropriations the balances of which have been carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section 5 of the Act of June 20, 1874 (U.S. C., title 31, sec. 713), and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent. being for the service of the fiscal year 1929 and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section 2 of the Act of July 7, 1884 (U.S. C., title 5, sec. 266), as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered 119, Seventy-second Congress, there is appropriated as follows:

Vol. 23, p. 254. U. S. C., p. 43.

INDEPENDENT OFFICES

Independent Offices.

For Army pensions, \$54.86.

For Navy pensions, \$11.25.

For military and naval compensation, Veterans' Administration,

For medical and hospital services, Veterans' Bureau, \$4,651.74.

For salaries and expenses, Veterans' Bureau, \$1. For Interstate Commerce Commission, \$2.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

District of Columbia

For Freedmen's Hospital, District of Columbia, \$26.75.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Department of Agri-

For salaries and expenses, Extension Service, \$12.79.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Department of Com-

For air navigation facilities, \$21,094.10.

Audited claims—Continued.
Department of the Interior.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

For support and civilization of Indians, \$11.75. For conservation of health among Indians, \$49.58.

Department of Jus-

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, \$345.46.

For fees of commissioners, United States courts, \$734.40. For United States penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia, \$1.90.

Navy Department.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

For transportation, Bureau of Navigation, \$236.36.

For organizing the Naval Reserve, \$111.82. For engineering, Bureau of Engineering, \$6.50.

For pay, subsistence, and transportation, Navy, \$3,457.38.

For pay of the Navy, \$3,438.11.

For freight, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, \$128.34.

For pay, Marine Corps, \$1,059.39.

For general expenses, Marine Corps, \$107.16.

Post Office Department.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT—POSTAL SERVICE

(Out of the postal revenues)

For balances due foreign countries, \$2,456.04.

For clerks, first and second class post offices, \$1.27.

For clerks, third-class post offices, \$251.17. For compensation to postmasters, \$63.66.

For freight, express, or motor transportation of equipment, and so forth, \$8.63.

For indemnities, domestic mail, \$287.01. For indemnities, international mail, \$25.70.

For railroad transportation and mail messenger service, \$29.17.

For unusual conditions at post offices, \$150.

Department of State.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

For contingent expenses, United States consulates, \$14.81. For immigration of aliens, Department of State, \$13.14.

Treasury Department.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

For stationery, Treasury Department, \$2.91.

For collecting the war revenue, \$7.55.

For enforcement of Narcotic and National Prohibition Acts, internal revenue, \$250.32.

For Coast Guard, \$266.12.

For pay and allowances, Coast Guard, \$1,536.77. For operating supplies for public buildings, \$8.40.

War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, \$11,212.34.

For pay of the Army, \$2,369.10.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, war with Spain, \$3.47.

For increase of compensation, Military Establishment, \$273.14.

For mileage of the Army, \$25.50.

For arrears of pay, bounty, and so forth, \$6.84.

For Army transportation, \$520.58. For barracks and quarters, \$910.

For general appropriations, Quartermaster Corps, \$1,462.16.

For incidental expenses of the Army, \$50.

For subsistence of the Army, \$20.09.

For supplies, services, and transportation, Quartermaster Corps, \$39.96.

For Ordnance Service, \$1,600.

For Field Artillery armament, \$56.94. For ordnance stores: Ammunition, \$8.43.

For arming, equipping, and training the National Guard (Act May 22, 1928), \$74.90.

For arming, equipping, and training the National Guard, \$294.85.

For Organized Reserves, \$31.12.

For pay of National Guard for armory drills, \$291.14.

For Reserve Officers' Training Corps, \$19.20. For headstones for graves of soldiers, \$181.10.

Total, audited claims, section 5, \$60,411.17, together with such added. additional sum due to increases in rates of exchange as may be necessary to pay claims in the foreign currency as specified in certain of the settlements of the General Accounting Office.

e settlements of the General Accounting Onice.

Sec. 6. For payment of interest on amounts withheld from claimments, etc.

Vol. 18, p. 481.
U.S. C., p. 990. ants by the Comptroller General of the United States, Act March 3, 1875 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 227), as allowed by the General Accounting Office, and certified to the Seventy-second Congress, in House Document Numbered 328, under the War Department, \$1,641.90.

For the payment of claims allowed by the General Acounting 1 Office covering judgments rendered by United States district courts against collectors of customs, where certificates of probable cause have been issued as provided for under section 989, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 28, sec. 842), and certified to the Seventysecond Congress in Senate Document Numbered 118, and House Document Numbered 328, under the Treasury Department, \$7,233.75.

For the payment of the claim allowed by the General Accounting Office under the provisions of Private Act Numbered 524, approved March 2, 1929 (45 Stat., Pt. 2, p. 2364), and certified to the Seventysecond Congress in House Document Numbered 328, under the War Department, \$60.98.

Total audited claims, section 6, \$8,936.63.

Audited claims-Continued.

Offsets against judg-

Judgments against collectors of customs.

R. S., sec. 989, p. 185, U. S. C., p. 943,

Fantus Brothers. Payment of claims. Vol. 45, p. 2364.

SHORT TITLE

This Act may be cited as the "Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year Title of act. 1932."

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 365.]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to sell the Morton Nursery site, in the county of Cherry, State of Nebraska.

July 1, 1932. [S. 772.] [Public, No. 236.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture be, and he is hereby, authorized to advertise for sale Nebr. Sale of authorized after an appraisal has been first made and to sell for not less than the appraised price to the highest responsible bidder the premises known as the Morton Nursery in the county of Cherry, State of Nebraska, comprising an area of seventy-seven and ninety-three one-hundredths

Morton Nursery site,

¹ So in original.

acres of land, more or less, together with the buildings and other improvements thereon, upon such terms as he may deem for the best interests of the United States; to convey such property to the purchaser thereof by quitclaim deed, and to deposit the proceeds of such sale in the Treasury of the United States as a miscellaneous receipt, after deducting the expenses incident to said sale.

Right to reject bids.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of Agriculture shall reserve the right to reject any and all bids if, in his judgment, it is in the public interest to do so.

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 366.]

AN ACT

July 1, 1932. [H. R. 11638.] [Public, No. 237.]

To amend section 7 of an Act entitled "An Act making appropriations to provide for the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, and for other purposes," approved July 1, 1902, and for other

License fees, District of Columbia. Vol. 32, p. 622.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 7 of an Act entitled "An Act making appropriations to provide for the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1903, and for other purposes," approved July 1,

Requirement.

Application.

Vol. 39, p. 1006.

Licenses.

Transferability of.

Fire escapes.

Vol. 34, pp. 70, 1247.

Public buildings, halls, etc. Certificate of safety required.

1902, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows: "Sec. 7. No person shall engage in or carry on any business, trade, profession, or calling in the District of Columbia for which a license fee or tax is imposed by the terms of this section without having first obtained a license so to do. Applications for licenses shall be made to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agent in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress, approved March 3, 1917, and no license shall be granted until payment for the same shall have been made. Every license shall specify by name the person, firm, or corporation to which it shall be issued, the business, trade, profession, or calling for which it is granted, and the location at which such business, trade, profession, or calling is to be carried on. Licenses granted under the terms of this section may be assigned or transferred on application upon the conditions applicable to granting the original licenses, and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their desig-Certificate of assign-nated agent shall issue a certificate of such assignment or transfer upon the payment to the District of Columbia of a fee of \$1 therefor. Signatures and seal. All licenses and transfers issued or granted shall be signed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agent and impressed with a seal to be adopted by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

"Par. 2. No license shall be issued to any person to conduct any business for which a license is required in any building mentioned in the Act entitled 'An Act to require the erection of fire escapes in certain buildings in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes, approved March 19, 1906, as amended by the Act approved March 2, 1907, until such building has been provided and equipped with a sufficient number of fire escapes and other appliances required by said Acts; and no license shall be issued under the provisions of this section relating to hotels, apartment houses, lodging houses, theaters, public halls, public amusement parks, or buildings in which moving pictures are displayed for profit or gain, until the inspector of buildings, the chief officer of the fire department, and the electrical engineer have certified in writing to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agent that the applicant for license has complied with the laws enacted and the regulations made and promulgated for the protection of

life and property.

"Par. 3. Any license issued by the Commissioners of the District ment places." of Columbia or their designated agent to the proprietor of a theater License to terminate or other public place of amusement may be terminated by the with regulations. commissioners whenever it shall appear to them that after due notice the person holding such license shall have failed to comply with such regulations as may be prescribed by the commissioners for the

public decency.

"Par. 4. When more than one business, trade, profession, or conducts more than one calling for which a license is herein prescribed shall be carried on trade, etc. by the same person, the license fee or tax shall be paid for each such business, trade, profession, or calling, except where otherwise specifically provided herein: *Provided*, That licenses issued under any of the provisions of this section shall be good only for the location designated thereon, except in the case of licenses issued hereunder for businesses and callings which in their nature are carried on at large and not at a fixed place of business, and no license shall be issued for more than one place of business, profession, or calling, without the payment of a separate fee or tax for each: Provided further, That no person holding a license under the terms of this section shall willfully suffer or allow any other person chargeable with a separate license to operate under his license.

"PAR. 5. All licenses issued shall date from the 1st day of November in each year and expire on the 31st day of October following, except as hereinafter provided. Licenses issued at any time after the beginning of the license years shall date from the first day of the month in which the license was issued and end on the last day of the license year above prescribed, and payment shall be made of the proportionate amount of the annual license fee or tax: Provided, That where the license fee is \$5 or less the fee shall not be prorated: And provided further, That no fee or tax shall be prorated to an

amount less than \$5.

"PAR. 6. All licenses granted under the terms of this section must be conspicuously posted on the premises of the licensee and said licenses shall be accessible at all times for inspection by the police or other officers duly authorized to make such inspections. Licensees having no located place of business shall exhibit their licenses when

requested to do so by any of the officers above named.

"PAR. 7. For the purposes of this section the word 'person' shall signify and include firms, corporations, companies, associations, executors, administrators, guardians, or trustees; the word 'agent' shall signify and include every person acting for another; the word 'merchandise' shall signify and include every article of commerce whether sold in bulk or otherwise; the word 'dealers' shall signify and include every person engaged in selling or offering for sale any description of merchandise or property. Words of one number shall signify and include words of both numbers, respectively, and words of one gender shall signify and include words of every gender, respectively: Provided, That nothing in this section shall be interpreted as repealing any specific Act of Congress or any of the police or building regulations of the District of Columbia regarding the establishment or conduct of the businesses, trades, professions, or callings herein named, and not inconsistent with the provisions of this section.

"PAR. 8. Apothecaries or druggists shall pay a license fee of \$12 per annum. Every person who sells patent medicines, or manufactures, compounds, sells, or dispenses medicines by prescription or

Provisos.
License valid for designated location only.

Not transferable.

Inclusive dates.

When issued for less than year.

Minimum proration.

Posting of license.

Exhibiting.

Terms construed. "Person."

"Agent."

"Merchandise."

"Dealers."

Toviso. Repeal clause.

Druggists. Fees prescribed. otherwise from a located place of business shall be regarded as an

apothecary or druggist.

Auctioneers. Condition.

Punishment for con-

"Par. 9. Auctioneers shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum. No license shall issue hereunder without the approval of the major and superintendent of police. If any licensed auctioneer, his agent or employee, shall convert to his own use in the District of Columbia any goods, wares, merchandise, or personal property of any description, or the proceeds of the same, and shall fail to pay over the avails or proceeds from the sale thereof, less his proper charges, within five days after receiving the money or its equivalent from the purchaser or purchasers of said goods, wares, merchandise, or personal property of any description, and after demand made therefor by the person entitled to receive the same, or his or her duly authorized agent, he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon information and conviction in the police court of the District of Columbia shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or be imprisoned not exceeding six months, or both, in the discretion of the court. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to repeal or alter the provisions of the Act entitled 'An Act to prevent fraud at public auctions in the District of Columbia, approved September 8, 1916.

Vol. 39, p. 846.

Barber shops, beauty parlors.

"Par. 10. Owners or managers of barber shops, beauty parlors, beauty salons, vanity shops, or shingle shops, by whatsoever name called, where hair cutting, hairdressing, hair dyeing, manicuring, and kindred acts are practiced shall pay a license fee of \$5 per

Turkish, Russian, or medicated baths.

Vol. 33, p. 174.

Condition.

treatment.

Punishment.

Public baths.

Condition.

Kerosene.

"Par. 11. Owners or managers of massage establishments and Turkish, Russian, or medicated baths shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum. No license shall be issued under this paragraph without the approval of the major and superintendent of police. It shall be Unlawful massage unlawful for any female to give or administer massage treatment or any bath to any person of the male sex, or for any person of the male sex to give or administer massage treatment or any bath to any person of the female sex, in any establishment licensed under this paragraph. Any person violating the provisions of this paragraph shall, upon conviction, be punished as hereinafter provided; and, in addition to such penalty, it shall be the duty of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to revoke the license of the owner or manager of the establishment wherein the provisions of this paragraph shall have been violated.

"Par. 12. Owners or managers of establishments where public baths are supplied to transients shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum.

"Par. 13. Owners or managers of establishments where moving-Storage of moving- picture films are kept or stored shall pay a license fee of \$65 per annum. No license shall be issued hereunder without the approval of the fire marshal of the District of Columbia.

Gasoline, etc., sale. "Par. 14. (a) Owners or managers of establishments where gasoline or oils of like grade are sold shall pay a license fee of \$3 per

annum for each pump used in dispensing said gasoline or oils. "(b) Owners or managers of establishments where kerosene or oils of like grade are stored or are kept for sale shall pay a license fee

of \$5 per annum.

Explosives storage.

"(c) Owners or managers of establishments where explosives of any kind are stored or are kept for sale shall pay a license fee of \$5

Condition.

"(d) No license shall be issued under this paragraph without the approval of the fire marshal of the District of Columbia.

Pyroxylin storage.

⁴ Par. 15. Owners or managers of establishments where pyroxylin is kept or stored for painting or spraying shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum. No license shall issue hereunder without the approval

of the fire marshal of the District of Columbia.

"Par. 16. Owners or proprietors of abattoirs or slaughterhouses, by whatsoever name called, shall pay a license fee of \$100 per annum. No license shall issue hereunder except with the approval of the health officer of the District of Columbia and a compliance with existing laws concerning location.

"PAR. 17. (a) Owners or managers of laundries operated other

than by hand power shall pay a license fee of \$18 per annum.

"(b) Owners or managers of laundries operated by hand power

shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum.

"(c) Owners or managers of dry cleaning or dyeing establishments Dry cleaning estab-

shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum.

"Par. 18. (a) Persons engaged in the business of manufacturing or renovating mattresses shall pay a license fee of \$75 per annum.

"(b) Owners or managers of establishments where mattresses are stored, sold, or kept for sale, shall pay a license fee of \$10 per

"(c) Within the meaning of this paragraph, 'mattress' shall be deemed to include 'any quilt, comfort, pad, pillow, cushion, or bag stuffed with hair, down, feathers, wool, cotton, excelsior, jute, or any other soft material and designed for use for sleeping or reclining purposes.

"PAR. 19. Proprietors of slot weighing machines, or slot machines used for dispensing foodstuffs or refreshments of any kind, shall

pay a license fee of \$2 per annum for each such machine.

PAR. 20. (a) Owners or managers of theaters having a stage and movable scenery, used for the purpose of acting, performing, or playing in any play, farce, interlude, opera, or other theatrical or dramatic performance, or any scene, section, or portion of any play, farce, burlesque, or drama of any description, for profit or gain, shall pay a license fee of \$50 per annum.

"(b) Owners or managers of theaters in which moving pictures term down moving picture theaters." are displayed, for profit or gain, shall pay a license fee of \$30 per

"(c) Owners or managers of buildings in which skating rinks, fairs, carnivals, balls, dances, exhibitions, lectures, or entertainments of any description are conducted, for profit or gain, shall pay a license fee of \$8 per annum: Provided, That for entertainments, concerts, or performances of any kind where the proceeds are charitable purposes. intended for church or charitable purposes, and where no rental is

charged, no license shall be required.

"PAR. 21. Owners or managers of establishments where bowling alleys, billiard or pool tables, or any table, alley, or board upon which legitimate games are played, shall, when they are operated or conducted for public use, or for profit or gain, pay a license tax of \$12 per annum for each such alley, board, or table. No license shall issue hereunder without the approval of the major and superintendent of police: Provided, That in case of refusal of said major and superintendent to approve said license, or upon written protest sioners. of a majority or more of the property owners or residents of the block in which it is proposed to grant such license, an appeal may be taken to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, whose decision shall be final. All establishments licensed hereunder shall be closed during the entire twenty-four hours of each and every Sunday and between the hours of one o'clock antemeridian and eight o'clock antemeridian on the secular days of the week.

Condition.

Abattoirs.

Condition

Laundries.

Mattress turers, etc. manufac-

Storage, etc.

"Mattress," defined.

Slot machines.

Theaters.

Skating rinks, etc.

Proviso. etc., for

Bowling alleys, etc.

Vol. 29, p. 594.

Condition.

Appeal to commis-

Closing hours.

Shooting galleries. Conditions. "Par. 22. Owners or managers of shooting galleries shall pay a license fee of \$10 per annum. No shooting gallery shall be licensed until the inspector of buildings for the District of Columbia shall furnish a certificate that suitable precautions have been taken for the public safety by the erection of suitable shields and such appliances as, in his judgment, may be necessary. Before such license shall be issued the proprietor shall furnish to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agent the written consent of a majority of the occupants and residents on the same side of the square or block in which the proposed gallery is to be located and also on the confronting side of the square fronting opposite to the same. The major and superintendent of police is hereby authorized to prescribe the caliber of firearms and kind of cartridges to be used in such licensed places.

Caliber of firearms.

Athletic exhibition grounds.

"Par. 23. (a) Owners or managers of grounds used for baseball, football, or other athletic exhibitions to which an admission fee is charged, directly or indirectly, shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum.

Amusement parks.

"(b) Owners or managers of grounds used for amusement parks, to which an admission is charged, directly or indirectly, other than those used for athletic exhibitions, shall pay a license fee of \$65 per annum. Annual licenses issued under this paragraph shall date from April 1 in each year.

Swimming pools.

"PAR. 24. Owners or managers of swimming pools, indoor or out-door, shall pay a license fee of \$15 per annum.

Circuses.

"Par. 25. Proprietors or owners of any circus transported by railroad into the District of Columbia shall pay a license fee of \$3 per day for each carload of circus equipment, and proprietors or owners of any circus transported by wagons or motor trucks into the District of Columbia shall pay a license tax of \$2 per day for each motor-truck load or wagon load of circus equipment, but not to exceed \$250 per day.

Carnivals, etc.

"Par. 26. Owners or managers of carnivals or fairs, by whatsoever name called, conducted for profit or gain, and not held in any building or structure licensed under this section, shall pay a license fee of \$35 per day.

Commission mer-

"PAR. 27. (a) Commission merchants dealing in food or food

products shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum.

Bakeries, groceries, etc.

"(b) Owners or managers of bakeries, bottling establishments, candy-manufacturing establishments, grocery stores, ice-cream manufacturing establishments, meat shops, and market stands handling food or food products shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum: Provided, That if any licensee hereunder shall conduct upon the same premises more than one of the callings herein listed, no additional fee shall be required.

Proviso. Single fee.

Restaurants, soda fountains, etc.

Proviso. Single fee.

"Restaurant" construed.

"(c) Owners or managers of delicatessens, ice-cream parlors, restaurants, soda fountains, or soft-drink establishments shall pay a license fee of \$15 per annum: Provided, That if any licensee hereunder shall conduct upon the same premises more than one of the callings herein listed, or listed in the preceding paragraph, no additional fee shall be required. Within the meaning of this subparagraph a restaurant shall be any place where food or refreshments are served to transient customers to be eaten on the premises where sold.

Wholesale fish deal-

"(d) Wholesale dealers in fish or other marine products shall pay a license fee of \$30 per annum.

Datries. "(e) Owners or managers of dairies shall pay a license fee of \$160 per annum.

"(f) All dealers in food or food products not listed herein, or Dealers in food products." elsewhere in this section, shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum.

"PAR. 28. Owners or managers of hotels shall pay a license fee of \$18 per annum. Every place where food and lodging are provided

for transient guests shall be regarded as a hotel.

"Par. 29. Owners or managers of apartments houses shall pay a license fee of \$15 per annum: Provided, That where the owner or manager maintains a restaurant on said premises the license fee al. shall be \$18 per annum: Provided further, That if a restaurant is conducted on the premises by other than the owner or manager of the apartment house, the proprietor of such restaurant shall be liable for a separate restaurant license. Within the meaning of this paragraph an apartment house shall be a building in which the rooms are occupied in suites by three or more families.

"PAR. 30. Owners or managers of lodging houses shall pay a license fee of \$15 per annum. Within the meaning of this paragraph a lodging house shall be a building in which sleeping quarters

are provided to accommodate ten or more transients.

"Par. 31. (a) Every passenger vehicle for hire licensed under this

paragraph shall be considered a public vehicle.

"(b) Any person, partnership, association, trust, or corporation operating or proposing to operate any vehicle or vehicles not confined to rails or tracks for the transportation of passengers for hire over all or any portion of any defined route or routes in the District of Columbia, except when such vehicle or vehicles are to be operated solely for sight-seeing purposes, shall, on or before the 1st day of October in each year, or before commencing such operation, submit to the Public Utilities Commission of the District of Columbia, in triplicate, an application for license, stating therein the name of such person, partnership, association, trust, or corporation, the number and kind of each type of vehicle to be used in such operation, the schedule or schedules and the total number of vehicle-miles to be operated with such vehicles within the District of Columbia during the twelvemonth period beginning with the 1st day of November in the same The Public Utilities Commission shall thereupon verify and Approval by Public Utilities Commission. approve, or return to the applicant for correction and resubmission, each such statement, and when approved, forward one copy thereof to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agents and return one copy to the applicant. Upon receipt of the approved copy, and prior to the 1st day of November in the same year, or before commencing such operation, each such applicant shall pay to the collector of taxes, in lieu of any other franchise, personal or license tax, in connection with such operation, the sum of eighttenths of 1 cent for each vehicle-mile proposed to be operated in the District of Columbia in accordance with the application as approved. Upon presentation of the receipt for such payment, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agent shall issue a license authorizing the applicant to carry on the operations embodied in the approved application. No increase of operations shall be commenced or continued unless and until an application similar to the original and covering such increase in operation shall have been approved and forwarded in the same manner and the corresponding additional payment made and license issued. No license shall be issued under the terms of this subparagraph without the approval of the Public Utilities Commission of the District of

"(c) Owners of passenger vehicles for hire having a seating Vehicles of eight pascapacity of eight passengers or more, in addition to the driver or operator, other than those licensed in the preceding subparagraph,

Hotels.

Apartment houses. Provisos.
Restaurant addition-

Fee if separately conducted.

Lodging houses.

Public vehicles.

Application.

Statements therein.

Rate of fee.

License.

Increase of operations.

Condition.

Others.

shall pay a license tax of \$100 per annum for each vehicle used. No such vehicle shall be operated unless there shall be conspicuously displayed therein a license issued under the terms of this sub-

paragraph.

Date of license.

License number.

Public stands.

"(d) Owners of passenger vehicles for hire, whether operated from a private establishment or from public space, other than those licensed in the two preceding subparagraphs, shall pay a license tax of \$25 per annum for each such vehicle used in the conduct of their business. Licenses issued under this subparagraph shall date from July 1 in each year. There shall be carried on each such vehicle a number corresponding to the number of the license issued therefor, in such place and of such character and dimensions as may be prescribed by the Public Utilities Commission of the District of Columbia. Said commission is hereby authorized to establish stands upon the public space, adjacent to hotels, or otherwise, for occupancy by said vehicles, and is further authorized to make and enforce all such reasonable and usual police regulations as they may deem necessary for the proper conduct and control of all such vehicles, subject to the approval of the joint board created by section 6 (e) of the Act entitled 'An Act to amend the Acts approved March 3, 1925, and July 3, 1926, known as the District of Columbia Traffic Acts, and so forth, approved February 27, 1931.

Police regulations.

Vol. 46, p. 1426.

Driving vehicle without license and badge prohibited.

License, etc., to be displayed.

Application,

Number.

Not transferable.

Identification tags.

Proviso.
Powers conferred by designated acts not diminished.
Vol. 46, p. 1424.

Vol. 37, p. 974.

"(e) No person shall engage in driving or operating any vehicle licensed under the terms of subparagraph (c) and (d) hereof without having procured from the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agent a license and a badge numbered to correspond with the number of said license, neither of which shall be issued except upon evidence satisfactory to the director of motor vehicles under the direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia that the applicant is a person of good moral character and is qualified to operate such vehicle, and upon payment of an annual license fee of \$5. Such license shall be displayed within the vehicle and such badge prominently worn upon the driver's breast at all times while engaged in driving any vehicle licensed under the terms of subparagraphs (c) and (d). Application for such license shall be made in such form as shall be prescribed to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agent. Each annual license issued under the provisions of this subparagraph shall be numbered, and there shall be kept in the Department of Vehicles and Traffic a record containing the name of each person so licensed, his annual license number, and all matters affecting his qualifications to be licensed hereunder. No license issued under the provisions of this subparagraph shall be assigned or transferred.

"(f) All vehicles licensed under this paragraph shall bear such identification tags as the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may from time to time direct; and nothing herein contained shall exempt such vehicles from compliance with the traffic and motorvehicle regulations of the District of Columbia, nor shall it deprive the Public Utilities Commission of the District of Columbia from assuming control over such vehicles, under such regulations as the Public Utilities Commission may from time to time adopt and promulgate: Provided, That nothing contained in this section shall be construed so as to diminish the powers conferred on the Commissioners of the District of Columbia under the provisions of the Act entitled 'An Act to amend the Acts approved March 3, 1925, and July 3, 1926, known as the District of Columbia Traffic Acts, and so forth,' nor to diminish the powers conferred on the Public Utilities Commission of the District of Columbia by said Act and

by the Act approved March 4, 1913, creating the Public Utilities Commission as amended.

"Par. 32. The owners or managers of establishments where automobiles or other motor vehicles are kept for rent or lease without a driver shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum for each such establishment: Provided, That nothing in this paragraph shall be so construed as to exempt such owners or managers from paying additional license taxes required by this section.

"Par. 33. Owners of vehicles for hire, used in hauling goods, in hauling goods." wares, or merchandise, and operating from public space, shall pay a license tax of \$25 per annum for each vehicle. Stands for such vehicles upon public space may be established in the manner provided in section 6 (e) of the Act entitled 'An Act to amend the Acts approved March 3, 1925, and July 3, 1926, known as the District of Columbia Traffic Acts, and so forth.'

"PAR. 34. Owners or managers of establishments where motor vehicles of any description are washed, cleaned, greased, oiled, or repaired, for profit or gain, shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum.

"PAR. 35. Owners or managers of livery stables shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum: Provided, That nothing in this paragraph shall be so construed as to exempt such owners or managers from paving taxes. additional license taxes required by this section.

"Par. 36. No person shall sell any article of merchandise, or any-streets, without license, ing whatever, excepting newspapers sold at large and not from a prohibited. thing whatever, excepting newspapers sold at large and not from a fixed location, upon the public streets, or from public space in the District of Columbia, without a license first having been obtained under this paragraph. Persons so licensed shall be considered as venders, whether selling from a fixed location, on foot from house to house, or from a vehicle of any description, and shall pay a license tax of \$12 per annum. Every vender so licensed shall be furnished with a badge corresponding to the number of his license, which badge shall be worn conspicuously whenever transacting business, and where sales are made from a vehicle such vender shall be provided with a metal plate containing a number similar to the number of his license, which plate shall be conspicuously attached to the vehicle at all times when such vender is transacting business: Provided. That no license shall be required of any person bringing to and selling at the several markets produce of his own raising: And provided further, That raisers of produce shall not be exempt from the license tax imposed unless they sell such produce at the several markets or by the wholesale in cart, wagon, or carload lots. The prescribed. Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and empowered to make, modify, and enforce necessary regulations governing the conduct upon the public streets and public spaces of venders licensed hereunder, including the power to locate the places where licensed venders on the public streets and public spaces shall stand, and to change them as often as the public interests require.

"PAR. 37. Solicitors shall pay a license fee of \$5 per annum. Any tors. person who goes from house to house, or place to place, within the District of Columbia, selling or taking orders for or offering to sell or take orders for goods, wares, merchandise, or any article or thing of value for future delivery, or for services to be performed in the future or for the making, manufacturing, or repairing of any article or thing whatsoever for future delivery, and requiring or accepting a deposit for such future delivery or service, shall be deemed to be a

Automobile rentals.

Additional license

Stands.

Vol. 46, p. 1426.

Garages, etc.

Livery stables.

Proviso. Additional license

Vender's badge.

Proping. Venders selling products of own raising.

Market, etc., sales.

Regulations to be

House-to-house solici-

"Solicitor" COD- Proviso. Exception.

Application.

Bond.

Right of action on.

Orders taken by solic-

Guide license.

Fee. Condition.

Regulations to be police. prescribed.

Secondhand dealers.

Criminal

Dealers in dangerous weapons.

Conditions. Post, p. 652.

'solicitor,' within the meaning of this paragraph: Provided, however. That this definition shall not apply to persons selling goods, wares, merchandise, or any article or thing of value for resale to retailers in that commodity. Any person desiring a solicitor's license shall make application to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their designated agent on forms to be provided for that purpose, stating the name of the applicant, the name and address of the person whom he represents, the class and kind of goods offered for sale, or the kind of service to be performed. application shall be accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of \$500, running to the District of Columbia, conditioned upon the making of final delivery of the goods ordered, or services to be performed, in accordance with the terms of such order, or failing therein, that the advance payment on such order be refunded. Any person aggrieved by the action of any such solicitor shall have the right of action on the bond for the recovery of money, or damages, or both. All orders taken by licensed solicitors shall be in writing in duplicate, stating the terms thereof and the amount paid in advance, and one copy shall be given to the purchaser.

"Par. 38. No person shall, for hire, guide or escort any person through or about the District of Columbia, or any part thereof, unless he shall have first secured a license so to do. The fee for each such license shall be \$10 per annum. No license shall be issued hereunder without the approval of the major and superintendent of The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and empowered to make reasonable regulations for the examination of all applicants for such licenses and for the government and conduct of persons licensed hereunder, including the power to require said persons to wear a badge while engaged in their calling.

"Par. 39. Dealers in secondhand personal property, including the return or other unused portion of any ticket, order, or token purporting to evidence the right of the holder or possessor thereof to be transported by any railroad or other common carrier, however operated, from one State or Territory of the United States, or from the District of Columbia, to any other State or Territory of the United States or to the District of Columbia, shall pay a license tax of \$50 per annum. Every person engaged in the business of buying, selling, trading, exchanging, or dealing in secondhand personal property of any description, including the return or unused portion of any such ticket, order, or token, shall be regarded as a secondhand dealer. Acceptance of stolen Hereafter, when any piping or other household fixtures or secondhand goods of any description whatever have been stolen and sold to a dealer in junk, or secondhand dealer, in the District of Columbia, under such circumstances that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, after hearing granted, are satisfied that said dealer should have had reasonable ground to believe, or could have ascertained by reasonable inquiry or investigation, that the goods were stolen, and that the dealer did not make reasonable inquiry or investigation as to the title of the seller before making the purchase, the commisdealer; and this action shall not be a bar to criminal prosecution for receiving stolen goods.

"Par. 40. Dealers in dangerous or deadly weapons shall pay a license tax of \$50 per annum. No license shall issue hereunder without the approval of the major and superintendent of police, and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and empowered to make and promulgate regulations for the conduct of the business of persons licensed hereunder, including the power to require a record to be kept of all sales of deadly or dangerous weapons, to prescribe a form therefor, and to require reports of all such sales to the major and superintendent of police at such time as the commissioners may deem advisable.

"PAR. 41. (a) Private detectives, or detective agencies, by what- etc. Detective agencies, soever name called, shall pay a license tax of \$100 per annum: Provided. That no license shall be issued under this paragraph without

the approval of the major and superintendent of police.

"(b) For the purpose of this paragraph, the term 'detective' or tective 'detective agency' shall mean and include any person, firm, or cor-fined. poration engaged in the business of, or advertising, or representing himself, or itself, as being engaged in the business of detecting, discovering, or revealing crime or criminals, or securing information for evidence relating thereto, or discovering or revealing the identity, whereabouts, character, or actions of any person or persons, thing, or things.

"(c) It shall be unlawful for any person to engage in the business conducting agency, of detective, or operate, manage, or conduct a detective agency, for unlawful. profit or gain, or to advertise or represent his business to be that of a detective, or that of conducting, managing, or operating a detective

agency, without first obtaining a license so to do.

"(d) The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby prescribed. authorized and empowered to make such reasonable regulations as they deem advisable for the government and conduct of the business of private detectives licensed hereunder, and are further authorized and empowered to revoke the license of a private detective when in their judgment such is deemed advisable in the public interest.

"(e) All laws which govern the Metropolitan police force of the Laws governing Metropolitan police force District of Columbia in the matters of persons, property, or money made applicable. shall be applicable to all private detectives licensed hereunder, and such detectives shall make like returns and dispositions of such matters as is required by existing law and the rules of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia governing the Metropolitan police

department.

PAR. 42. It shall be unlawful for any person to open, keep, operate, maintain, or carry on any private employment agency with out first having obtained a license from the District of Columbia so to do. The fee for such license shall be \$100 per annum. Any license may be denied, revoked, or suspended for cause by the said commissioners: Provided, That any person whose license shall be denied, revoked, or suspended by the commissioners may, within thirty days after such denial, revocation, or suspension, apply to any justice of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia for a writ of error to review such action. Such application shall not operate as a stay of any order issued in connection with such denial, revocation, or suspension.

"(a) The term 'private employment agency' means any business, enterprise, or undertaking that procures, offers to procure, promises agency." to procure, attempts to procure, or aids in procuring, either directly or indirectly, help or employment for another, for any fee, remuneration, profit, or any consideration whatsoever, promises, paid, or received therefor, either directly or indirectly. It shall also include domestic, commercial, clerical, executive, professional, and general emloyment 1 bureaus, and shall apply to theatrical employment

agencies and nurses' registry conducted for profit or gain.

"(a-1) The term 'nurses' registry' means and includes the business of conducting an agency, bureau, office, or other place for the purpose of procuring, offering to procure, promising to procure,

"Detective," agency"

Employment agency.

Fee.

Revocation of license. Proviso. Writ of error.

Terms defined. "Private employment

"Nurses' registry."

Proviso. Condition.

¹ So in original.

attempting to procure, or aiding in procuring employment or engage-

ments for nurses of any kind.

"Theatrical employment agency.

"(a-2) The term 'theatrical employment agency' includes the business of conducting any agency, bureau, office, or other place providing engagements for circus, vaudeville, theatrical, and other entertainments or exhibitions or performances, or of giving information as to where such engagements may be procured or provided, but does not include the business of managing the artists or the attraction constituting such performances, where such business only incidentally involves the seeking of employment therefor.

"Applicant for employment."

"(a-3) The term 'applicant for employment' means any person seeking work, employment, or engagement of any character.

"Applicant for help."

"(a-4) The term 'applicant for help' means any person seeking

help, employees, or performers.

"The singular shall include the plural and the masculine the

feminine.

Bond.

"BOND

"Par. 42b. No license shall become effective hereunder until bond in due form in the penal sum of \$1,000, or such lesser amount as the commissioners may determine, with two or more sureties or duly authorized surety company to be approved by the commissioners,

shall have been deposited with the commissioners. The bond shall be payable to the District of Columbia and shall be conditioned that the person applying for the license will comply with this Act and shall pay all damages occasioned to any person by reason of any misstatement, misrepresentation, fraud, or deceit, or any unlawful act or omission of any licensed person, made, committed, or omitted in the business conducted under such license, or caused by any other violation of this Act in carrying on the business for which such license is granted. One or more recoveries upon such bond shall not vitiate the same, but it shall remain in full force and effect: Pro-

vided, however, That the aggregate amount of all such recoveries

shall not exceed the full amount of the bond. Upon the commence-

ment of any action or actions against the surety upon any such bond for a sum or sums aggregating or exceeding the amount of such bond the commissioners may require a new and additional bond in like amount as the original one, which shall be filed with the commissioners within thirty days of the demand therefor. Failure to file

such bond within the prescribed time shall constitute cause for the

the surety on any bond required by the provisions of this section shall be commenced within one year from the accruing of the cause

Amount.

Payable to District of Columbia.

Recoveries upon. Proviso.

Amount of recover-. Additional bond.

Revocation of license upon failure to file.

Actions against sure revocation of the license therefor issued. Any suit or action against

Bond of licensee.

"If at any time, in the opinion of the commissioners, the sureties, or any of them, shall become irresponsible, the person holding such license shall, upon notice from the commissioners, give a new bond, and the failure to give a new bond within ten days after such notice, in the discretion of the commissioners, shall operate as a revocation

of such license.

of action thereon.

Certified copy.

Fee.

"The commissioners shall furnish to anyone applying therefor a certified copy of any such bond filed in their office upon the payment of a fee of \$1, and such certified copy shall be prima facie evidence in any court that such bond was duly executed and delivered by the person or corporation whose name appears therein.

"REGISTERS

"Par. 42c. It shall be the duty of every licensee to keep a register, approved by the commissioners, in which shall be entered, in the English language, the date of the application for employment, the name and address of the applicant to whom employment is promised or offered, the amount of the fee received, and, whenever possible, the names and addresses of former employers or persons to whom such applicant is known. Such licensee shall also enter in a separate register, approved by the commissioners, in the English language, the name and address of every applicant accepted for help, the date of such application, kind of help requested, the names of the persons sent, with the designation of the one employed, and the amount of the fee received. The aforesaid registers of applicants for employ- inspection ment and help shall be open during office hours to inspection by the said commissioners. No such licensee shall make any false entry in False entries prosuch registers. It shall be the duty of every licensee, whenever possible, to communicate orally or in writing with at least one of the persons mentioned as references for every applicant for work in private families or employed in a fiduciary capacity, and the result of such investigation shall be kept on file in such agency: Provided. That if the applicant for help voluntarily waives in writing such for help. investigation of references by the licensee, failure on the part of the licensee to make such investigation shall not be deemed a violation of this section.

" RECEIPTS

"PAR. 42d. It shall be the duty of such licensee to give to every applicant for employment from whom a fee shall be received a receipt in which shall be stated the name of said applicant, the date and amount of the fee, and the purpose for which it was paid, and to every applicant for help a receipt stating the name and address of said applicant, the date and amount of the fee, and the kind of help to be provided. Every receipt given by such licensee shall bear the name and address of such licensee printed in large type thereon. Every receipt shall have printed on the back thereof a copy of para-

graph 42h of the Act in the English language. "Par. 42e. No private employment agency licensed hereunder employment agency reshall be located in rooms used for living purposes, or in rooms where stricted. boarders or lodgers are kept, or where meals are served or persons sleep, or in any building or on premises wherein rooms are located and used for living purposes, or wherein boarders or lodgers are kept, or where meals are served, or persons sleep, or in any building wherein such rooms are located; nor shall any such private employment agency be located in any such building where the entrance thereto is not separate and apart from the entrance to the building proper, or where there is any entrance into the building proper from said private employment agency: Provided, That no one shall be precluded from keeping an employment agency in an office building by reason of there being a café or restaurant in another part of said building.

"APPLICATION OF MINOR

"Par. 42f. No licensee shall accept any application for employ- Acceptance in violament made by or on behalf of any child, or shall place or assist in etc., prohibited. placing any such child in any employment whatever in violation of any compulsory education or child labor laws.

Registers

Licensee to keep.

Entries.

Separate register.

Entries.

Inspection by Com-

Communication with references.

Proviso.
Waiver by applicant

Receipts.

Statements therein.

Post, p. 562.

Exception.

Application of minor.

Inspection.

"INSPECTION

By Commissioners.

"Par. 42g. All registers, books, records, and other papers required to be kept pursuant to this article in any private employment agency shall be open at all reasonable hours to the inspection of the commissioners, and every licensee shall post in a conspicuous place in such agency the license certificate.

False information.

"FALSE INFORMATION

Publishing, etc., pro-

"Par. 42h. No licensee conducting any private employment agency shall publish or cause to be published any false or fraudulent or misleading information, representation, notice, or advertisement, nor shall he give any false information, or make any false promise or false representation concerning an engagement or employment to any applicant who shall register or apply for an engagement or employment or help.

Exceptions.

"EXCEPTIONS

Employment bu-reaus of hospitals, etc.

"Par. 42i. This Act shall not apply to employment bureaus conducted by registered medical institutions, duly incorporated hospitals, or duly incorporated alumni associations of registered nurses, or to any bureau maintained by persons for the purpose of securing

Mediums, etc.

help or employees where no fee is charged. "Par. 43. Mediums, clairvoyants, soothsayers, fortune tellers, palmists, or phrenologists, by whatsoever name called, conducting business for profit or gain, directly or indirectly, shall pay a license tax of \$250 per annum. No license shall be issued hereunder without the approval of the major and superintendent of police, nor shall any

Condition.

license be issued hereunder to any person not an actual resident of the District of Columbia for two years next preceding his date of application: *Provided*, That no license shall be required of persons pretending to tell fortunes or practice palmistry, phrenology, or any of the callings herein listed, in a regular licensed theater, or as a part of any play, exhibition, fair, or show presented or offered in aid of any benevolent, charitable, or educational purpose:

Proviso. Exception.

And provided further, That no license shall be required of any ordained priest or minister, or accredited representative of any such priest or minister, the fees for whose ministrations are not the private property of such ordained priest, minister, or accredited representa-

Clergymen, etc.

tive of such priest or minister. Living targets pro-"Par. 44. No person shall set up, operate, or conduct any business or device by or in which any person, animal, or living object shall

act or be exposed as a target for any ball, projectile, missile, or thing thrown or projected for or in consideration of profit or gain, directly

or indirectly.

Licenses of other businesses

"PAR. 45. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and empowered, when in their discretion such is deemed advisable, to require a license of other businesses or callings not listed herein and which, in their judgment, require inspection, supervision, or regulation by any municipal agency or agencies and to fix the license fee therefor in such amount as, in their judgment, will be commensurate with the cost to the District of Columbia of such inspection, supervision, or regulation, and are further authorized and empowered in their discretion to modify any of the provisions of this section so far as eliminating therefrom any business or calling herein required to be licensed, or to raise or lower the amount of the license fee provided herein, as the cost of inspection, supervision, or regulation is raised or lowered.

"Par. 46. The commissioners are further authorized and empowered to make any regulations that may be necessary in furtherance of the purpose of this section and to revoke any license issued hereunder when, in their judgment, such is deemed desirable in the interest of public decency or the protection of lives, limbs, health, comfort, and quiet of the citizens of the District of Columbia, or for any other reason they may deem sufficient.

"Par. 47. Prosecutions for violations of any of the provisions of this section, or of any paragraph added hereto from time to time by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, or of any regulation made by the commissioners under authority of this section, shall be on information in the police court of the District of Columbia by the corporation counsel of the District of Columbia or any of his

assistants.

"Par. 48. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section, or additions thereto made from time to time by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, where no specific penalty is fixed, or the violation of any regulation made by the commissioners under the authority of this section, shall upon conviction be fined not more than \$300 or imprisoned for not more than ninety days. Any person failing to file any information required by this section, or by any regulation of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia made under the provisions hereof, or who in filing any such information makes any false or misleading statement, shall upon conviction be fined not more than \$300 or imprisoned for not more than ninety days.

"Par. 49. Any violation of any provision of law or regulation issued hereunder which is repealed by this section and any liability arising under such provisions or regulations may, if the violation occurred or the liability arose prior to such repeal, be prosecuted

to the same extent as if this section had not been enacted.

"Par. 50. If any provision of this section is declared unconstitutional, or the applicability thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the section and the applicability of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

"Par. 51. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to refund any license fee or tax, or portion thereof,

erroneously paid or collected under this section."

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 367.]

AN ACT

To provide for the relinquishment by the United States of certain lands to the city of Coeur d'Alene, in the county of Kootenai, in the State of Idaho.

July 1, 1932. [H. R. 1133.] [Public, No. 238.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the United States relinquish unto the city of Coeur d'Alene, in the county of Kootenai, in the State of Idaho, all of its right, claim, or title to or the possession of all that part of the Fort Sherman Military Reserve (now abandoned) in section 14, township 50 north, range 4 west, Boise meridian, described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of the Fort Sherman Military Reserve (now abandoned) in section 14, township 50 north, range 4 west, Boise meridian; thence running northwesterly in a direct line, making a northwesterly included angle of eighty-four degrees, thirty-three minutes with the east limit of said Fort Sherman Military Reserve, a distance of six hundred and sixty-one and six-tenths feet more or less

Regulations to revoke

Prosecutions for violations.

Penalties.

Failure to file infor-

Liability under prior

Separability of pro-

Refunds.

Fort Sherman Military Reserve, Idaho.

Rights of United States to, conveyed.

Description.

to the boundary between lots 48 and 49 of said Fort Sherman Military Reserve and the true place of beginning; thence northerly along said boundary five hundred and thirty-one and seventy-six onehundredths feet more or less to a point distant one hundred feet measured at right angles southwesterly from the center line of the main track of the Spokane, Coeur d'Alene and Palouse Railway Company; thence angle one hundred and fifty degrees, thirty-one minutes to the right and running southeasterly a distance of six hundred and seventeen and six-tenths feet; thence angle one hundred and twenty degrees, thirty-seven minutes to the right and running westerly three hundred and four and one-tenth feet more or less to the true place of beginning; containing one and eighty-eight hundredths acres more or less, situate in Kootenai County, Idaho.

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 368.]

AN ACT

July 1, 1932. [H. R. 9058.] [Public, No. 239.]

To authorize the Secretary of War to accept on behalf of the United States a tract or parcel of land for park purposes, to the Chickamauga-Chattanooga National Military Park.

Chickamauga-Chattanooga National Military Park.

Acceptance of Signal Mountain Park for addition to, authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to accept on behalf of the United States, for park purposes, as a part of Chickamauga-Chattanooga National Military Park, a certain tract or parcel of land not less than two acres in area lying and being in the third civil district of Hamilton County, Tennessee, on Signal Mountain; being the property of the town of Signal Mountain, and situated within the limits of said town, and known as Signal Mountain Park.

Marker authorized.

Sec. 2. The Secretary of War is empowered, within his discretion, to permit the erection on said property of any marker, monument, or ornamental design by the citizens of the town of Signal Mountain at their expense.

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 369.]

AN ACT

July 1, 1932. [H. R. 10884.] [Public, No. 210.]

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to adjust reimbursable debts of Indians and tribes of Indians.

Adjustment of reimbursable debts of, authorized.

Provisos. Collection of construction costs.

Vol. 41, p. 409.

Report to Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and directed to adjust or eliminate reimbursable charges of the Government of the United States existing as debts against individual Indians or tribes of Indians in such a way as shall be equitable and just in consideration of all the circumstances under which such charges were made: Provided, That the collection of all construction costs against any Indian owned lands within any Government irrigation project is hereby deferred, and no assessments shall be made on behalf of such charges against such lands until the Indian title thereto shall have been extinguished, and any construction assessments heretofore levied against such lands in accordance with the provisions of the Act of February 14, 1920 (41 Stat. L. 409), and uncollected, are hereby canceled: Provided further, That a report shall be made to Congress annually, on the first Monday in December, showing adjustments so made

during the preceding fiscal year: Provided further, That any proceedings hereunder shall not be effective until approved by Congress unless Congress shall have failed to act favorably or unfavorably thereon by concurrent resolution within sixty legislative days after the filing of said report, in which case they shall become effective at the termination of the said sixty legislative days.

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 370.]

AN ACT

To extend certain provisions of the River and Harbor Act of March 3, 1899, to the Virgin Islands.

July 1, 1932. [H. R. 12202.] [Public No. 241.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions Act of 1899. Vol. 30, p. 1151. of sections 9 to 18, inclusive, of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the construction, repair, and preservation of cered to Virgin Islands. tain public works on rivers and harbors, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1899, are hereby made applicable to the Virgin Islands and the navigable waters thereof.

SEC. 2. That violations of the provisions of this Act may be prose-tions. cuted in the District Court of the Virgin Islands of the United States, and jurisdiction is hereby vested in said court to try and determine such causes.

Approved, July 1, 1932.

[CHAPTER 389.]

AN ACT

To provide for the appointment of an acting secretary of the Territory of Hawaii during the absence or illness of the secretary.

July 2, 1932. [H. R. 308.] [Public, No. 242.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 69 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April 30, 1900 (U. S. C., title 48, sec. 534), is amended by adding at the end thereof a new paragraph to read as follows:

Hawaii. Vol. 31 p. 154. U. S. C., p. 1601.

"The secretary may, with the approval of the governor, designate ing secretary, authorme other officer of the government of the Territory of Hawaii to ized." some other officer of the government of the Territory of Hawaii to act as secretary during his temporary absence or during his illness. Such designation and approval shall be in writing and shall be filed in the office of the governor, and a copy thereof, certified by the governor, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the Interior of the United States. Such person so designated shall, during the temporary absence or illness of the secretary, be known as the acting secretary of the Territory of Hawaii, and shall have and exercise all the powers and duties of the secretary, except those provided for by section 70 of this Act (U. S. C., title 48, sec. 535). Such acting pensation. secretary shall serve without additional compensation, but the secretary shall be responsible and liable on his official bond for all acts done by the acting secretary in the performance of his duties as acting secretary."

No additional com-

Approved, July 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 390.]

AN ACT

July 2, 1932. [H. R. 5062.] Public, No. 243.]

To authorize the exchange of potassium-bearing lands in Tooele County, Utah, between the United States and private owners.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Acceptance of title encourage and facilitate the development of lands in Tooele County, authorized.

Acceptance of title encourage and facilitate the development of lands in Tooele County, the believed to contain potassium and acceptance in the county of mercial quantities, and in order to make it possible for the owners of land of that character in said county to consolidate their holdings into substantially compact form suitable for economic development, and in order to restore to public ownership lands in such compact form as to allow their economic development for said minerals, the Secretary of the Interior be and he is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to accept on behalf of the United States conveyance of title to lands hereinafter described now in private ownership, containing 21,323.84 acres, more or less, held in fee under United States patents, and in exchange therefor may patent to said private owners public lands of like character in said State of equal area and value to the lands conveyed.

Exchange.

Description.

Sec. 2. Patented lands whereof title may be reconveyed to and accepted by the United States are the following: North half section 5; north half section 6; south half section 17; south half section 18; south half section 27; south half section 28; south half section 29; south half section 30, in township 2 north of range 15 Also south half section 1; south half section 2; south half section 4; south half section 5; south half section 6; north half section 9; north half section 10; north half section 19; north half section 20; north half section 21; north half section 22; north half section 23; north half section 24; south half south half section 30; north half and north half south half section 31; north half section 32, northwest quarter section 33, in township 1 north of range 15 west. Also south half section 18; north half section 19, in township 1 south of range 15 west. Also northeast quarter section 8; north half section 9; east half section 10; south half section 13; south half section 14; east half section 15; south half section 17; south half section 18; east half and east half west half section 22; west half west half section 23; east half section 27; east half section 34, in township 2 north of range 16 west. Also south half section 1; south half and northeast quarter section 3; southeast quarter section 4; south half and south half north half section 6; north half north half section 7; east half section 10; south half south half section 13; east half section 15; north half section 19; north half section 20; north half and north half south half section 24; east half section 27; south half section 29; south half section 30; east half section 34, in township 1 north of range 16 west. Also south half section 14; south half section 15; south half section 17; south half section 18; north half section 22; north half section 23, in township 1 south of range 16 west. Also south half section 3; southeast quarter section 4; northeast quarter section 20; north half section 21, in township 1 north of range 17 west. Also north half section 4; southeast quarter section 6; east half section 7; east half section 18; east half section 19; east half section 30, in township 3 south of range 18 west, all of Salt Lake Meridian, and containing 21,647.96 acres, more or less.

Lands which may be conveyed by patent under the terms of this Act are the following: Northwest quarter, south half southwest quarter, and southeast quarter section 17; lots 1, 2, 4, northeast

Description-Contd.

quarter, east half northwest quarter, southeast quarter southwest quarter, south half southeast quarter section 18; all section 19; all section 20; all section 29; lots 1, 2, 3, northeast quarter, east half northwest quarter, northeast quarter southwest quarter, southeast quarter section 30; lots 2, 3, 4, southeast quarter northwest quarter, east half southwest quarter, west half southeast quarter section 31, in township 2 south of range 18 west. Also lots 3, 4, 5, southeast quarter northwest quarter section 6, in township 3 south of range 18 west. Also west half section 21; west half section 22; east half, west half west half section 23; all section 25; east half, west half west half section 26; all section 27; west half section 28; south half northeast quarter, northwest quarter, south half section 33; west half southwest quarter, southeast quarter section 34; south half north half, south half section 35, in township 1 south of range 19 west. Also lots 1, 2, 4, south half northeast quarter, southwest quarter northwest quarter, west half southwest quarter, southeast quarter section 3; all section 4; lot 1, southeast quarter northeast quarter, northeast quarter southeast quarter, south half southeast quarter section 5; east half section 8; all section 9; east half, west half west half section 10; north half, south half southwest quarter section 13; north half, southwest quarter southwest quarter, southeast quarter section 14; northeast quarter, west half west half, southeast quarter southwest quarter, south half southeast quarter section 15; east half section 17; east half section 20; all section 21; all section 22; northeast quarter, west half west half, southeast quarter southwest quarter, southwest quarter southeast quarter, section 23; west half east half, west half section 24; southwest quarter northeast quarter, south half northwest quarter, southwest quarter, west half southeast quarter section 25; southeast quarter northeast quarter, west half northeast quarter, northwest quarter, south half section 26; all section 27; all section 28; all section 29; east half east half section 30; east half east half section 31; all section 33; all section 34; all section 35 in township 2 south of range 19 west. Also lots 1, 2, 3, 4, south half north half section 1; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, south half north half section 3; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, south half north half section 4; lots 1, 2, 3, 4, south half north half section 5; lot 1, southeast quarter northeast quarter section 6 in township 3 south of range 19 west, all of Salt Lake meridian and containing 21,654.68 acres, more or less.

SEC. 3. If any of the lands hereby authorized to be conveyed by patent by the United States in exchange for privately owned 40, p. 297; Vol. lands shall be found to be included in any pending application or U. S. C., p. 963; applications for lease under the Potash Acts of 1917 (40 Stat. 197; Supp. V. p. 489. U. S. C., title 30, sec. 141 et seq.), and/or 1927 (44 Stat. 1057; U. S. C., title 30, sec. 281 et seq.), said lands or any part thereof may by any such applicant be relinquished to the United States, and any lands so relinquished may be patented to such private owners under the provisions of this Act, and any such applicant who shall have so relinquished lands may be permitted by the Secretary of the Interior to select and apply for leases of other public lands believed to contain potassium and associated minerals and located in the immediate vicinity and of approximately equal value and area. In order to accomplish such consolidation, said Secretary may likewise grant leases of public lands believed to be valuable for said minerals, in exchange for surrender of subsisting leases or rights to leases, under said Acts.

Approved, July 2, 1932.

Potash lands.

[CHAPTER 391.]

AN ACT

July 2, 1932. [H. R. 7500.] Public, No. 244.]

To amend an Executive order promulgated August 4, 1911, prohibiting promotion of fights between bulls, dogs, or cocks.

Canal Zone. Amendment of Ex-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Section 1 of ecutive Order No. 1892. the Executive order of August 4, 1911, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Bull, dog, or cock fights prohibited.

"Section 1. Any person who sets on foot, instigates, promotes, or carries on any fights between cocks or other birds, or any dog fight, or bull fight, or fight between other animals; or who does any act as assistant, umpire, or principal in furtherance of any fight between any such animals, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed \$50, or by imprisonment in jail not to exceed thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court."

Punishment.

Approved, July 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 392.]

AN ACT

July 2, 1932. [H. R. 8694.] [Public, No. 245.]

To amend section 5240, United States Revised Statutes, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 2, sec. 82), and for other purposes.

National banks. R. S., sec. 5240, p. T. S. C., p. 288.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5240, United States Revised Statutes, as amended (U.S. C., title 12, ch. 3, secs. 481, 482, 483, 484, 485), be amended by adding thereto a new paragraph reading:

Assessments for examination of fiduciary powers.

Fee.

"In addition to the expense of examination to be assessed by the Comptroller of the Currency as heretofore provided, all national banks exercising fiduciary powers under the provisions of section 11 (k) of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 12, ch. 3, sec. 248 (k)), and all banks or trust companies exercising fiduciary powers in the District of Columbia shall be assessed by the Comptroller of the Currency for the examinations of such fiduciary powers, a fee in proportion to the amount of individual trust assets under administration and the total bonds and/or notes outstanding under corporate bond and/or note issues for which the banks or trust companies are acting as trustees upon the dates of examination

Approved, July 2, 1932.

of the various banks or trust companies."

[CHAPTER 393.]

AN ACT

July 2, 1932. [H. R. 8980.] [Public, No. 246.]

To provide for the sale of a portion of the site of the post office and customhouse building in Newark, New Jersey, to the city of Newark for use as a public

Newark, N. J. Sale of post office, etc., site to, authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the hereinafter-described land, forming a portion of the site of the post office and customhouse building in the city of Newark, New Jersey, be sold by the Secretary of the Treasury to the city of Newark, New Jersey, a municipal corporation of New Jersey, for use as a public street, at a price not less than that determined to be the value of the land and improvements thereon by three appraisers to be selected by the Secretary of the Treasury, and at such time and upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem

proper; the land to be sold pursuant hereto being located in the

city of Newark, New Jersey, and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the westerly line of Broad Street distant one hundred and twenty-nine and nine one-hundredths feet northerly from the point of intersection of the westerly line of Broad Street with the northerly line of Academy Street; thence westerly along a line making an interior angle on the northwest with the said westerly line of Broad Street produced of ninety-three degrees fifteen minutes forty-six seconds, a distance of two hundred and nineteen and eleven one-hundredths feet to a point; thence northerly along a line making an interior angle on the northeast with the line last above described of eighty-seven degrees thirty minutes fourteen seconds, a distance of thirty-one and ninety-six one-hundredths feet to a point; thence easterly along a line making an interior angle on the southeast with the line last above described of ninety-two degrees twenty-eight minutes fifty seconds, a distance of two hundred and nineteen and fifty-three one-hundredths feet to a point in the westerly line of Broad Street; thence southerly along the westerly line of Broad Street, said westerly line of Broad Street making an interior angle on the southwest with the line last above described of eighty-six degrees forty-five minutes ten seconds, a distance of thirty-one and ninety-three one-hundredths feet to the point of beginning.

SEC. 2. That upon the payment of the purchase price the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to convey said land to the city of Newark, New Jersey, by the usual quitclaim deed, subject, however, to such reservations, limitations, conditions, or reversionary rights

as said Secretary of the Treasury may deem proper.

Sec. 3. That the proceeds of such sale be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as a miscellaneous receipt derived from the sale

of public property.

SEC. 4. That the remaining portion of said site, together with the portion. buildings thereon, shall be sold at public sale after due advertisement, at such time and such price and upon such terms as may be deemed proper by the Secretary of the Treasury, who is hereby authorized to execute and deliver the usual quitclaim deed to the purchaser; and that the proceeds of such sale be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as a miscellaneous receipt from the sale of public property.

Sec. 5. So much of existing law as provides for the sale of the present post office and customhouse site and building for not less

than a stipulated amount is hereby repealed.

Approved, July 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 394.]

AN ACT

To provide for the sale of an easement for a railway right of way over the post[Public, No. 247.] office and customhouse site at Newark, New Jersey.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an easement for a right of way for a city railway over the hereinafter-described post office, etc., site, land forming a portion of the site of the post-office and customhouse building in the city of Newark, New Jersey, be sold by the Secretary of the Treasury to the city of Newark, New Jersey, a municipal corporation of New Jersey, at a price not less than that determined to be the value thereof by three appraisers to be selected by the Secretary of the Treasury, at such time and upon such terms and

conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem proper; the

Description.

Conveyance.

Proceeds of sale.

Sale of remaining

Prior law repealed.

July 2, 1932. [H. R. 8981.]

Newark, N. J. Sale of easement over authorized.

land to be subject to the easement to be granted pursuant hereto being located in the city of Newark, New Jersey, and described as follows:

Description.

Beginning at a point in the westerly line of Broad Street distant one hundred and thirty-two and seventy-three one-hundredths feet northerly from the point of intersection of the westerly line of Broad Street with the northerly line of Academy Street; thence westerly along a line making an interior angle on the northwest with the said westerly line of Broad Street produced of ninety-three degrees three minutes thirty-one seconds, a distance of thirteen and ninety-seven one-hundredths feet to a point; thence northerly along a line making an interior angle on the northeast with the line last above described of eighty-six degrees thirty-six minutes thirty-five seconds, a distance of twenty and forty-five one-hundredths feet to a point; thence westerly along a line making an interior angle on the northeast with the line last above described of two hundred and sixty-nine degrees eight minutes fifty seconds, a distance of sixty and sixteen one-hundredths feet to a point; thence westerly along a line making an interior angle on the north with the line last above described of one hundred and eighty-four degrees twenty-two minutes thirtyone seconds, a distance of thirty-seven and seventy-seven one-hundredths feet to a point; thence westerly along a line making an interior angle on the north with the line last above described of one hundred and eighty degrees thirty-three minutes thirty-seven seconds, a distance of sixty-eight and twenty-one one-hundredths feet to a point; thence westerly along a line making an interior angle on the north with the line last above described of one hundred and eighty degrees forty-five minutes thirteen seconds, a distance of thirtynine and sixty-three one-hundredths feet to a point; thence northerly along a line making an interior angle on the northeast with the line last above described of eighty-six degrees fifteen minutes forty-three seconds, a distance of four and fifty one-hundredths feet to a point; thence easterly along a line making an interior angle on the southeast with the line last above described of ninety-two degrees twenty-eight minutes fifty seconds, a distance of two hundred and nineteen and fifty-three one-hundredths feet to a point in the westerly line of Broad Street; thence southerly along the westerly line of Broad Street, said westerly line of Broad Street making an interior angle on the southwest with the line last above described of eighty-six degrees forty-five minutes ten seconds, a distance of twenty-eight and twenty-nine one-hundredths feet to the point of beginning.

Conveyance.

Sec. 2. That upon the payment of the purchase price of said easement for a right of way for a city railway, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to convey by deed of easement a right of way for a city railway over the said lands to the city of Newark, New Jersey, subject, however, to such reservations, limitations, or conditions as said Secretary of the Treasury may deem proper.

Proceeds of sale.

SEC. 3. That the proceeds of the sale of such easement for right of way be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as "miscellaneous receipts" derived from the sale of public property.

Prior law repealed. Vol. 45, p. 177. Sec. 4. So much of existing law as provides for the sale of the present post-office and customhouse site and building for not less than a stipulated amount is hereby repealed.

Approved, July 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 395.]

AN ACT

Relating to the naturalization of certain women born in Hawaii.

July 2, 1932. [H. R. 10829.] [Public, No. 248.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purposes of subdivision (b) of section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act Vol. 42, p. 1022; Vol. relative to the naturalization and citizenship of married women," 46, p. 1511.

**The proposed September 29, 1999, as a mended a women in Harrier Vol. 2C., p. 122; Supp. United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purapproved September 22, 1922, as amended, a woman born in Hawaii v.p. 67. prior to June 14, 1900, shall, if residing in the United States on the certain women born in date of enactment of this Act, be considered to have been a citizen Hawaii. of the United States at birth.

Approved, July 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 396.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the President of the United States to present the Distinguished Flying Cross to Amelia Earhart Putnam.

July 2, 1932. [S. J. Res., 165.] [Pub. Res., No. 31.]

Amelia Earhart Put-

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President name of the United States is authorized to present the Distinguished Presentation of Dis-Flying Cross to Amelia Earhart Putnam for displaying heroic Cross to, authorized. courage and skill as a navigator, at the risk of her life, by her nonstop flight in her plane, unnamed, from Harbor Grace, Newfoundland, to Londonderry, Ireland, on May 20, 1932, by which she became the first and only woman, and the second person, to cross the Atlantic Ocean in a plane in solo flight, and also established new records for speed and elapsed time between the two continents.

Approved. July 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 397.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Requesting the President of the United States of America to proclaim October 11, 1932, General Pulaski's Memorial Day for the observance and commemo- [Pub. Res., No. 32.] ration of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski.

July 2, 1932, [H. J. Res. 443.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the General Pulaski's United States is authorized and requested, as part of the George Observance of Octo-Washington Bicentennial celebration, to issue a proclamation calling ber 11, 1932, as. upon officials of the Government to display the flag of the United States on all governmental buildings on October 11, 1932, and inviting the people of the United States to observe the day in schools and churches, or other suitable places, with appropriate ceremonies of the death of General Casimir Pulaski.

Approved, July 2, 1932.

[CHAPTER 416.]

AN ACT

To amend Act Numbered 4 of the Isthmian Canal Commission entitled "An Act to prohibit gambling in the Canal Zone, Isthmus of Panama, and to provide for the punishment of violations thereof, and for other purposes," August 22, 1904.

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7498.] [Public, No. 249.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Act Numbered 4 of the Isthmian Canal Commission, enacted August 22, 1904, prohibiting gambling in is hereby amended to read as follows:

Canal Zone.
Amendment of law

Conducting gambling establishments, unlawful.

"Every person who conducts and carries on, or causes to be conducted or carried on, either as owner, agent, or employee, whether for gain or a chance for gain by deducting a percentage either of the profits or of the stake being hazarded, any game of faro, monte, roulette, lansquenet, rouge-et-noir, rondo, tan, fan-tan, studhorse poker, poker, seven-and-a-half, twenty-one, hokey-pokey, or any other game, for money, checks, credit, or other representative of value; and

Possession of gambling devices,

"Every person who has in his possession or under his control, either as owner, agent, employee, or otherwise, or who permits to be placed, maintained, or kept in any room, space, inclosure, or building owned, leased, or occupied by him, or under his management or control, any slot or card machine, contrivance, appliance, or mechanical device, upon the result of action of which money or other valuable thing is staked or hazarded, and which is operated or played by placing or depositing therein any coins, checks, slugs, or other articles or device, or in any other manner and by means whereof, or as a result of the operation of which, any merchandise, money, representative or articles of value, checks, or tokens, redeemable in, or exchangeable for, money or any other things of value; and

"Every person who has in his possession or under his control, or who permits to be placed, maintained, or kept in any room, space, or inclosure or building owned, leased, or occupied by him, or under his control or management, any device or game on which any money or other valuable thing is staked or hazarded, and as a result said

money or valuable thing may be won or lost;

Punishment.

"Shall upon conviction be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment in jail not exceeding one year, or both such fine and imprisonment."

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 417.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7501.] [Public, No. 250.]

To prevent, in the Canal Zone, fire-hunting at night and hunting by means of a spring or trap, and to repeal the Executive orders of September 8, 1909, and January 27, 1914.

Canal Zone. Fire hunting at night, etc., unlawful.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every person who shall hunt at night, between the hours of sunset and sunrise, with the aid or use of a lantern, torch, bonfire, or other artificial light, or who shall hunt by the use of a gun or other firearm intended to be discharged by any animal or bird, by means of a spring or trap, or other similar mechanical device, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Penalty.

The penalties imposed by this Act shall be in addition to the punishments authorized by the law against carrying arms without a permit.

Executive Orders Nos. 1124, 1884, repealed.

Sec. 2. That the Executive order of September 8, 1909, amending section 454 of the Penal Code of the Canal Zone, and the Executive order of January 27, 1914, numbered 1884, be, and they are hereby, repealed.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 418.]

AN ACT

To regulate the carrying and keeping of arms in the Canal Zone.

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7502.] [Public, No. 251.]

Canal Zone. Carrying of danger-

Exceptions.

Gun or pistol clubs.

Certificate of mem-

Permits by Gov-

Hunting.

Possession of arms in

Applications.

Hunting areas.

Designation by Gov-

Regulations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be unlawful for anyone to carry on or about his person any firearm or ous weapons in, unlawany dirk, dagger, or other knife, or other weapon, manufactured or sold for the purpose of offense or defense, or any slung shot, air gun, sword cane, blackjack, or any knuckles made of metal or other hard substance.

Sec. 2. That the preceding section shall not apply to a person engaged in the military or naval service of the United States, or as a peace officer or officer authorized to execute judicial process of the United States or the Canal Zone, or in carrying mail or in the collection or custody of funds of the United States or the Canal Zone. while such officers or persons are engaged in the performance of their respective duties; nor to a member of a gun or pistol club organized for the promotion of target practice, a certified copy of the constitution and by-laws of which have been approved by the Governor of the Panama Canal and filed with the chief of the police and fire division, when such member is going to or from a target range or is engaged in practice at the target range. A certificate bership. of membership in the gun or pistol club shall be issued by the organization and approved by the chief of police and fire division, which shall entitle the holder to carry firearms as is provided in this section.

Neither shall the preceding section apply to any person authorized to have or carry arms by permit granted under the terms of this Act. Sec. 3. That the Governor of the Panama Canal may authorize ernor.

the granting of permits to have and carry arms, as follows:

1. To hunt upon the public lands of the Canal Zone or upon lands

occupied by private persons, when authorized by the latter.

2. To have arms in residences, offices, business places, and planta-residences, etc. tions and to watchmen or overseers of plantations, factories, warehouses, docks, or piers. Applications for such permits shall be made to the Governor of the Panama Canal, and shall contain the full name, residence, and occupation of the applicant; and if the applicant is a minor it shall not be granted without the consent of his parent or guardian; but no permit shall be granted to a minor under fifteen years of age.

3. To carry arms in private aircraft for hunting or protection Arms in private air-

of crew or cargo.

Sec. 4. That when an application is granted by the governor for a permit to hunt, he shall indorse his approval thereon and file the application, and he shall cause a permit to be issued to the applicant,

upon his payment of a fee of \$1.

Hunting permits issued by virtue of this Act will allow the holder thereof to have, carry, and use firearms in the area or areas prescribed by the Governor of the Panama Canal, and on the conditions imposed by him under such general or special rules and regulations as he may issue from time to time. And the governor is hereby empowered to designate the area or areas of the Canal Zone in which hunting is permitted, and the class of arms that may be used in hunting in such areas; and no hunting shall be allowed outside of the areas so designated by him. And the Governor of the Panama Canal may, in such general or special rules and regulations, impose such other conditions in respect to hunting as he may deem necessary in the interests of public order and to prevent injury to persons or property.

Validity of permits.

A permit granted under this section shall run for the fiscal year in which it is issued, and it may be revoked at any time for cause by the Governor of the Panama Canal.

When issued prior hereto.

SEC. 5. That permits heretofore issued by authority of law, to have and use firearms, shall not be affected by this Act, but such permits shall continue in force until the expiration of the period for which they were issued.

Violations unlawful.

SEC. 6. That anyone not authorized by this Act, who carries on or about his person any of the prohibited arms mentioned in section 1 of this Act, or who hunts or engages in hunting without first obtaining the permit provided for in this Act, or who after obtaining such permit engages in hunting in violation of the provisions of this Act or any rule or regulation established by the governor hereunder, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Penalties.

SEC. 7. That penalties for the infringement of this Act shall be in addition to such punishment as may be imposed upon the offending person for any other offense that he may have committed in connection with the carrying or using of arms in violation of this Act.

Provisions repealed.

Executive Orders Nos. 1857, 3243.

Sec. 8. That sections 449 to 460 of the Penal Code of the Canal Zone, and the Executive orders of December 1, 1909, November 3, 1911, November 7, 1913, and March 6, 1920, and all other laws in conflict herewith, are hereby repealed.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 419.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7504.] [Public, No. 252.]

To provide for the extradition of fugitives from the justice of the Republic of Panama who seek refuge in the Canal Zone.

lic of Panama.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Canal Zone.
Extradition of fugitives from the Repubwho have been condemned, prosecuted, or accused before the courts of the Republic of Panama as authors or accomplices of crimes, transgressions, or offenses against the laws of said Republic, who seek refuge in the Canal Zone, shall be, upon apprehension, taken into custody by the authorities of the Canal Zone and delivered to the authorities of the Republic of Panama, upon the demand of the Government of that Republic and compliance with the procedure hereinafter prescribed.

Citizens of United States.

Sec. 2. The government of the Canal Zone is at liberty to decline compliance with a demand of the Government of the Republic of Panama for the arrest and delivery to the authorities of said Republic of a fugitive from the justice of the Republic of Panama when said fugitive is a citizen of the United States. The discretion hereby reserved shall be exercised by the Governor of the Panama Canal.

Prosecution of fugitive under laws of Canal Zone.

Sec. 3. If the person whose arrest and delivery is demanded should be accused of, or under sentence for, any crime, transgression, or offense committed in the Canal Zone, he shall not be delivered to the authorities of the Republic of Panama until he has been acquitted. pardoned, or undergone his sentence pursuant to the provisions of the laws of the Canal Zone.

When probable cause appears, after extradi-tion, of guilt of graver offense.

Sec. 4. If, in the course of the proceedings in the courts of the Republic of Panama, in the case to which the arrest and delivery appertain, it should appear that probable cause exists for believing the delinquent guilty of another and graver offense against the laws of the Republic of Panama than that which gave rise to the request

for his apprehension and delivery, the Government of that Republic may prosecute said fugitive for such other offense after notice to that

effect to the government of the Canal Zone.

Sec. 5. The demand for the arrest and delivery of a fugitive from the justice of the Republic of Panama, pursuant to the terms of this and delivery. Act, will be complied with when made in writing and signed by the Secretary of Foreign Relations of the Republic of Panama, or by his direction, and presented to the Governor of the Panama Canal. If the demand is for a condemned and fugitive criminal, it must be Condemned nals. accompanied by a duly certified copy of sentence pronounced by a court of competent jurisdiction, and, as far as possible, a description of the fugitive sought to be reclaimed.

SEC. 6. In case of urgency, where there are reasonable grounds for detention. for fearing that the fugitive may avoid apprehension, his detention may be asked for by telegraph. The arrest and detention shall be accomplished in the manner and by the officials prescribed by the laws of the Canal Zone, and detentions authorized by this Act shall not continue longer than fifteen days, during which the procedure for securing the delivery of said fugitive to the authorities of the

Republic of Panama shall be completed.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of accomplishing the delivery of the fugitives apprehended and delivered in pursuance of this Act the Republic of Panama may send its agent or agents duly authorized to receive said fugitive into the territory of the Canal Zone, but said agent's action and authority shall be limited to receiving such fugitive at the point of departure for return to the Republic of Panama and, at the moment of departure and thenceforth, to exercising the necessary vigilance and restraint to prevent the escape of the person in custody.

Sec. 8. It is hereby made the duty of the authorities of the Canal in transit. Zone on the line of transit to provide the person or persons charged with the conveyance of such fugitives so delivered with all the means necessary to prevent escape and to remove all unlawful obstacles that may hinder or delay the return of such fugitives to

the territory of the Republic of Panama.

Sec. 9. All papers and other objects found in the possession of etc. Fugitive's the fugitive at the time of his detention that refer to the crime, transgression, or offense of which the fugitive is accused or convicted shall be delivered to the Government of the Republic of Panama. These papers and objects must be restored after the conclusion of the case if there are third parties who assert a right to or The authorities of the government of the Canal Zone may provisionally retain said objects and papers so long as they are required for use as evidence in some other case pending or contemplated in the courts of the Canal Zone, whether such case be related or not to the case wherein the demand for the apprehension and return of the fugitive originated.

SEC. 10. The expense of capture, detention, and transportation of etc. a fugitive from the justice of the Republic of Panama, shall be paid by that Republic; but such expenses shall not include compensation for the services of the judiciary, military, or police authorities of

the government of the Canal Zone.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

Notice.

Demand for arrest

Restriction on period of detention.

Delivery to agent.

Guarding of fugitives

papers.

[CHAPTER 420.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7505.] [Public, No. 253.]

To provide for the protection of birds and their nests in the Canal Zone.

Canal Zone. Regulations for pro-tection of birds, etc., to be prescribed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Governor of the Panama Canal is hereby empowered and directed to make and publish suitable regulations, from time to time, for the protection of birds and their nests within the Canal Zone, and to prescribe the form and manner in which birds may be hunted therein and the kinds of birds that may be hunted and that shall not be molested.

Hunting, etc., otherwise, unlawful.

Sec. 2. That it shall be unlawful for any person to hunt, trap, capture, willfully disturb, or kill any bird of any kind whatever, or to take the eggs of any bird, within the Canal Zone, except in the form and manner permitted by the regulations provided for by

Punishment.

Sec. 3. That a violation of any of the regulations established under this Act shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$100 or by imprisonment in jail for not more than thirty days for each offense. Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 421.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7507.] [Public, No. 254.]

To regulate radio equipment on ocean-going vessels using the ports of the Canal Zone.

Canal Zone, Radio equipment on certain vessels using ports of.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be unlawful for any ocean-going vessel carrying fifty or more persons, including passengers and crew, to leave or attempt to leave any port of the Canal Zone unless such vessel shall be equipped with an efficient apparatus for radio communication, in good working order, in charge of a person skilled in the use of such apparatus, which apparatus shall be capable of transmitting and receiving messages for vessels in transit ex- a distance of at least one hundred miles, night or day. This requirement shall not apply to vessels merely transiting the canal or to vessels plying between Canal Zone ports and ports less than two hundred miles therefrom.

cented.

Sec. 2. That any vessel leaving or attempting to leave a Canal Zone port not equipped as required by section 1 of this Act shall be liable to a fine not to exceed \$5,000, and each such departure or attempted departure shall constitute a separate offense. Fines shall be recovered in the district court of the Canal Zone, and the amount so recovered shall be a lien upon such vessel, and it may be seized and sold to satisfy same, as well as all costs of the court proceedings.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

Punishment.

[CHAPTER 422.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7509.] [Public, No. 255.]

To authorize certain officials of the Canal Zone to administer oaths and to summon witnesses to testify in matters within the jurisdiction of such officials

Canal Zone, Certain officials of, authorized to administer oaths.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That members of the board of local inspectors, customs officers, quarantine officers, and admeasurers, appointed by the Governor of the Panama Canal, are hereby authorized to administer oaths for the purpose of certifying the correctness of official papers.

Summon witnesses.

Sec. 2. That members of the board of local inspectors, customs officers, quarantine officers, and admeasurers are hereby authorized to summon witnesses to testify in matters within the jurisdiction of said officials, and to require the production of books and papers necessary thereto. The district court of the Canal Zone is hereby compel attendance. authorized to issue processes, at the request of the designated canal officials, to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers, and to punish for contempt of court any who refuse to obey such processes, or who refuse to be sworn or to answer any material or property question after being duly sworn.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 423.]

AN ACT

To punish persons deported from the Canal Zone who return thereto.

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7510.] [Public, No. 256.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person who, after having served a sentence of imprisonment in the Canal Zone and after being deported therefrom, voluntarily returns to sons. the Canal Zone shall be deemed guilty of a felony and punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary for a term of not more than two years, and upon the completion of his sentence he shall be removed from the Canal Zone in accordance with the laws and orders relating to deportation. A voluntary entry into the Canal Zone, for any purpose, shall be sufficient to constitute a return to the Zone within the meaning of this Act: Provided, however, That in a case of necessity the Governor of the Panama Canal, in his discretion, may grant a permit to any such person to return to the Canal Zone temporarily, but should he remain in the Canal Zone after the time specified in the permit he shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this Act and punished as herein provided.

Canal Zone. Punishment for re-entry of deported per-

Proviso.
Permits to return.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 424.]

AN ACT

To regulate the operation of street-railway cars at crossings in the Canal Zone.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of Amercia in Congress assembled, That it shall be railway car to run same over or upon any street crossing, road railway cars at cross-crossing, or street-railway crossing in the Carel Zone of the logs. more than twelve miles per hour, and without commencing to sound gong, horn, or whistle when at least one hundred feet from said crossing, and continuing to sound same until the crossing has been passed.

Canal Zone. Speed limit.

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7511.]

[Public, No. 257.]

Full stop required.

Punishment.

Sec. 2. That it shall be unlawful for a motorman or any person in control of a street-railway car to run same over or upon any railroad crossing in the Canal Zone, without bringing the car to a full stop at least ten feet from nearest rail, and without ascertaining from a view of the railroad track made either by himself or by the conductor that the crossing may be safely passed.

SEC. 3. That a violation of any of the provisions of this Act shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$100, or imprisonment in jail for not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

¹ So in original.

[CHAPTER 425.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7512.] [Public, No. 258.]

To amend section 5 of the Panama Canal Act.

amendment. Vol. 37, p. 563. U. S. C., p. 1639.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Panama Canal Act, United States of America in Congress assembled, That that portion of section 5 of the Panama Canal Act, approved August 24, 1912, which reads: "The President is authorized to make and from time to time amend regulations governing the operation of the Panama Canal, and the passage and control of vessels through the same or any part thereof, including the locks and approaches thereto, and all rules and regulations affecting pilots and pilotage in the canal or the approaches thereto through the adjacent waters" be, and it is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Regulations govern-ing operation of Pana-ma Canal.

"The President is authorized to make, and from time to time amend, regulations governing the operation of the Panama Canal; the passage and control of vessels through the same or any part thereof, including the locks and approaches thereto; pilots and pilotage in the canal or the approaches thereto through the adjacent waters; the navigation of the harbors and other waters of the Canal Inspection of vessels. Zone, including the inspection of vessels navigating such waters and

the licensing of officers of such vessels.

Punishment.

"Any person violating any of the provisions of the rules and regulations established hereunder shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$100, or by imprisonment in jail not exceeding thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment."

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 426.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7513.] [Public, No. 259.]

To provide for the appointment of a public defender for the Canal Zone.

Canal Zone. Public defender to be appointed. Duties.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Governor of the Panama Canal shall appoint a duly qualified member of the bar of the Canal Zone as a public defender, whose duty it shall be to represent, in the district court of the Canal Zone, any person charged with the commission of a crime within the original jurisdiction of said court who is unable to employ counsel for his defense.

Compensation.

Sec. 2. The public defender shall receive a salary of \$1,200 per year, together with such of the privileges of a Canal Zone employee as the governor may grant.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 427.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7516.] [Public, No. 260.]

In relation to the keeping and impounding of domestic animals in the Canal Zone.

Canal Zone.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Governor Regulations govern-of the Panama Canal is hereby authorized to make and publish and animals within. from time to time amend regulations governing the keeping of domestic animals within the Canal Zone, and prescribing where and under what conditions domestic animals may be permitted to be at large, and when, where, and under what conditions such domestic animals shall be confined. Such regulations shall provide for the Chargesfor impounding and care. impounding of animals; the charges to be paid for the impounding and care of such animals, if claimed, by the owner; the disposition of unclaimed animals; and the disposition of the proceeds of the sale of such unclaimed animals, if sold.

Sec. 2. Any person violating any provision of the regulations established under section 1 of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished accordingly.

Punishment.

SEC. 3. The ordinance enacted by the Isthmian Canal Commission at the one hundred and forty-fifth meeting, July 18, 1908, approved by the Secretary of War, August 12, 1908, providing for the muzzling and impounding of dogs, and the ordinance enacted by the Isthmian Canal Commission, August 5, 1911, approved by the Secretary of War, August 22, 1911, providing for the impounding of stray animals are hereby repealed.

Ordinances repealed.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 428.]

AN ACT

To provide for the transportation of liquors under seal through the Canal Zone.

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 7517.] [Public, No. 261.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 20 of the National Prohibition Act is hereby amended by adding after the proviso therein the following additional proviso: "And provided further, That this section shall not apply to the transportation of liquor, under seal, in transit to and from points outside of the Canal Zone over the highways or waterways of the Canal Zone under regulations to be prescribed by the President, when such liquor is not destined for use or for consumption or final delivery in the Canal Zone."

National Prohibition National Prohibition Act, amendment.
Vol. 41, p. 322;
U. S. C., p. 860.
Importation of intoxicating liquors into Canal Zone prohibited.
Exception if liquors in transit through.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 429.]

AN ACT

To amend the second paragraph of section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend Title II of an Act approved February 28, 1925 (43 Stat. 1066; U. S. C., title 39), regulating postal rates, and for other purposes."

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 8818.] [Public, No. 262.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the paragraph of section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to amend Title 45, p. 941. II of an Act approved February 28, 1925 (43 Stat. 1066; U. S. C., supp. V, p. 585. title 39), regulating postal rates, and for other purposes," approved May 29, 1928 (45 Stat. 941; U. S. C., Supp. V, title 39, sec. 287), be amended to read as follows:

class matter, when sent by others than the publisher or news agent, entered as, etc. the postage at the rates prescribed for fourth-class matter is lower, rates shall also apply to sample copies of publications entered as copies.

Provised, That these Provised Applicable to sample second-class matter mailed in excess of the quantity. to be sent at the pound rates, and to copies mailed by publishers to other than subscribers or to persons who are not properly includable in the legitimate list of subscribers required by law.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 430.]

AN ACT

July 5, 1932. [H. R. 9699]. [Public, No. 263.]

Making appropriations for the Treasury and Post Office Departments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Treasury ment appropriations, fiscal year, 1933.

Depart- That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the Treasury Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933. namely:

Secretary's office.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Salaries: Secretary of the Treasury, \$15,000; Under Secretary of

Secretary, Under-

p. 28. Exception.

Not applicable to elerical-mechanical

Higher salary rates permitted.

If only one position in a grade.

secretary, Assistants, and office personnel the Treasury, \$10,000; three Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$135,180; Provisos. Salaries limited to in all, \$160,180: Provided, That in expending appropriations or porsalaries inmited to average rates under tions of appropriations contained in this Act for the payment of Classification Act.

Vol. 42, p. 1488; Vol. personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the 46, p. 1003.

U. S. C., p. 65; Supp.

Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the Variation of the Assistant Secretaries of the Transpury the average of the selection of the Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriations unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section Transfers to another position without reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section of the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section to another position who is transferred from one position to another position in the same who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one

Chief clerk's office.

position is allocated.

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK AND SUPERINTENDENT

Chiefelerk, and office personnel.

Operating force, Department buildings.

Salaries: For the chief clerk, who shall be the chief executive officer of the department and who may be designated by the Secretary of the Treasury to sign official papers and documents during the temporary absence of the Secretary, Under Secretary, and Assistant Secretaries of the department, and for other personal services in the District of Columbia, including the operating force of the Treasury, Liberty Loan, and Auditors' Buildings and the Treasury Department Annex, Pennsylvania Avenue and Madison Place, and of other buildings under the control of the Treasury Department, \$555,000.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Department contingent expenses.

Operating expenses, Department buildings.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary and the bureaus and offices of the department, including operating expenses of the Treasury, Treasury Annex, Auditors', and Liberty Loan Buildings; newspaper clippings, financial journals, law

books, and other books of reference; freight, expressage, telegraph riodicals, etc. Freight, etc. one passenger automobile for the Secretary of the Treasury, and maintenance and repair of motor trucks and two passenger automobiles (one for the Secretary of the Treasury and one for general use of the department), all to be used for official purposes only; file holders and cases; fuel, oils, grease, and heating supplies and equipment; gas and electricity for lighting, heating, and power purposes, including material, fixtures, and equipment therefor; purchase, exchange, and repair of typewriters and labor-saving machines and equipment and supplies for same; floor coverings and repairs thereto; furniture and office equipment, including supplies therefor and repairs thereto; awnings, window shades, and fixtures; cleaning supplies and equipment; drafting equipment; ammonia for ice plant; flags; hand trucks, ladders, miscellaneous hardware; street-car fares not exceeding \$500; thermometers; lavatory equipment and supplies; tools and sharpening same; laundry service; laboratory supplies and equipment, removal of rubbish, postage, and other absolutely necessary articles, supplies, and equipment not otherwise provided for, \$190,000: Provided, That the appropriations for the Public Debt Service and Internal Revenue Service for the fiscal year 1933 are able. Vol. 37, p. 414. hereby made available for the payment of items otherwise properly U. S. C., p. 1019. hereby made available for the payment of items otherwise properly chargeable to this appropriation, the provisions of section 6, Act of August 23, 1912 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 669), to the contrary notwithstanding.

Reference books, pe-

Fuels, etc.

Furniture, etc.

Proviso. Other funds avail-

DIVISION OF SUPPLY

Salaries: For the Chief, Division of Supply, and other personal sonal services. services in the District of Columbia, \$196,320.

Printing and binding: For printing and binding for the Treasury Department, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, including materials for the use of the bookbinder located in the Treasury Department, but not including work done at the New York customhouse bindery authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing in accordance with the Act of March 1, 1919 (U. S. C., title 44, sec. 111), \$670,000.

Stationery: For stationery for the Treasury Department and its several bureaus and offices, and field services thereof, including tags, labels, and index cards, printed in the course of manufacture, packing boxes and other materials necessary for shipping stationery supplies, and cost of transportation of stationery supplies purchased free on board point of shipment and of such supplies shipped from Washington to field offices, \$350,000.

General Supply Committee: For personal services in the District Committee. of Columbia not exceeding \$157,000; necessary expenses, including two one-ton trucks, office supplies and materials, maintenance of motor trucks, telegrams, telephone service, traveling expenses, office equipment, fuel, light, electric current, and other necessary expenses for carrying into effect regulations governing the transfer and dis- etc. position of supplies and unusable Government materials, supplies, and equipment in the District of Columbia; in all, \$170,000: Provided, That advance payments may be made by the heads of execusupplies. tive departments and independent establishments to the general tive departments and independent establishments to the general supply fund authorized by the Act approved February 27, 1929 propriations. (U.S. C., Supp. V, title 41, sec. 7c), of all or any part of the estimated U.S. C., Supp. V, title 41, sec. 7c), of all or any part of the fiscal year second control of the second control of t amount of their purchases through such fund during the fiscal year 1933, and so much of these advances as are not needed to meet the

Division of Supply.

Printing and binding.

Work excluded. Vol. 40, p. 1270. U. S. C., p. 1421.

Stationery.

Salaries and expenses.

Transfer of supplies,

Provisos.

Reimbursement for inspection services.

cost of purchases made during the year shall be transferred from the fund back to the appropriation from which originally transferred: Provided further, That not to exceed \$5,000 of the general supply fund may be used during each of the fiscal years 1932 and 1933 for the purpose of reimbursing, when necessary, other departments and establishments for services rendered in the inspection of supplies procured through the General Supply Committee during those fiscal years, the cost of such inspections to be added to the cost of the supplies when billing the requisitioning departments for them.

Typewriter repairs.

Repairs to typewriting machines (except bookkeeping and billing machines) in the Government service in the District of Columbia may be made at cost by the General Supply Committee, payment therefor to be effected by charging the proper appropriation and crediting the appropriation "Salaries and expenses, General Supply Committee."

Typewriting ma-

Prices of standard machines established for 1933.

No part of any money appropriated by this or any other Act shall be used during the fiscal year 1933 for the purchase of any standard typewriting machines, except bookkeeping and billing machines, at a price in excess of the following for models with carriages which will accommodate paper of the following widths, to wit: Ten inches (correspondence models), \$70; twelve inches, \$75; fourteen inches, \$77.50; sixteen inches, \$82.50; eighteen inches, \$87.50; twenty inches, \$94; twenty-two inches, \$95; twenty-four inches, \$97.50; twenty-six inches, \$103.50; twenty-eight inches, \$104; thirty inches, \$105; thirty-two inches, \$107.50; or, for standard typewriting machines distinctively quiet in operation, the maximum prices shall be as follows for models with carriages which will accommodate paper of the following widths, to wit: Ten inches, \$87.50; twelve inches, \$90.54; fourteen inches, \$93.34; eighteen inches, \$96.26: Provided, That standard typewriting machines distinctively quiet in operation purchased during such fiscal year by any such department, establishment, or municipal government shall only be purchased on the

Proviso. Quiet machines.

Accounts and Deposits Office.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF ACCOUNTS AND DEPOSITS

written order of the head thereof.

District of Columbia, \$167,740.

Commissioner, office personnel.

For Commissioner of Accounts and Deposits and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$108,160.

Reference books, periodicals, etc.

For books of reference, law books, books on finance, technical and scientific books, newspapers, and periodicals, for expenses incurred in completing imperfect series, for library cards, supplies, and for all other necessary expenses, \$1,000.

Bookkeeping and Warrants Division.

DIVISION OF BOOKKEEPING AND WARRANTS

For the chief of the division, and other personal services in the

Chief, and office per-

Contingent expenses, ü. s. c., p. 1010.

Examination of depositories. R. S., sec. 3649, p. 719. U. S. C., p. 1010.

Contingent expenses, public moneys: For contingent expenses public moneys: For contingent expenses R. S., see. 3653, p. under the requirements of section 3653 of the Revised Statutes 719. (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 545), for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public money, transportation of notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States, salaries of special agents, actual expenses of examiners detailed to examine the books, accounts and money on hand at the several depositories, including national banks acting as depositaries under the requirements of section 3649

of the Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 548), also including examinations of cash accounts at mints and cost of insurance on shipments of money by registered mail when necessary, \$150,000.

PUBLIC DEBT SERVICE

Public Debt Service.

For necessary expenses connected with the administration of any public debt issues and United States paper currency issues with ices. which the Secretary of the Treasury is charged, including the purchase of law books, directories, books of reference, pamphlets, periodicals, and newspapers, and including the Commissioner of the Public Debt and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$2,425,000: Provided, That the amount to be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia shall not exceed \$2,400,000: Provided further, That the indefinite appropriation "Expenses of loans, Act of September 24, 1917, as amended and extended" (U. S. C., title 31, secs. 760, 761), shall not be used during the fiscal year 1933 to supplement the appropriation herein made for the current work of the Public Debt Service.

Distinctive paper for United States securities: For distinctive securities. paper for United States currency, national-bank currency, and Federal reserve bank currency, not exceeding two million pounds, including transportation of paper, traveling, mill, and other necessary expenses, and salaries of employees, and allowance, in lieu of expenses, of officer or officers detailed from the Treasury Department, not exceeding \$50 per month each when actually on duty; in all, \$640,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase of such paper at a price per pound in excess of 38 cents: Provided further, That in order to foster competition in the manufacture of distinctive paper for United States securities, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized, in his discretion, to split the award for such paper for the fiscal year 1933 between the two bidders whose prices per pound are the lowest received after advertisement, but not in excess of the price fixed herein.

DIVISION OF APPOINTMENTS

Appointments Divi-

Salaries: For the chief of the division, and other personal services sonnel. in the District of Columbia, \$47,880.

Chief, and office per-

OFFICE OF DISBURSING CLERK

Salaries: For the disbursing clerk and other personal services in office personnel. the District of Columbia, \$54,940.

BUREAU OF CUSTOMS

Customs Bureau.

Collecting the revenue from customs: For collecting the revenue revenue. from customs, for the detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue, and not to exceed \$10,000 for the securing of evidence of violations of the customs laws, including expenses of transportation and transfer of customs receipts from points where there from points lacking points not to exceed \$79,200 for allow-Government depositories not to exceed \$79,200 for allow-Government depositories. are no Government depositories, not to exceed \$79,200 for allow-\$5,000 for the hire of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, vehicles not to exceed \$500 for subscriptions to newspapers, and including the purchase, exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor cycles, \$22,000,000, of which such amount as may be necessary shall be available for the cost of seizure, storage, and disposition of any merchandise, vehicle and team, automobile, boat, air or water craft,

Collecting customs

Commissioner, personnel and other serv-

Provisos. Services in the District.

Indefinite appropriation continued. Vol. 40, p. 292. U. S. C., p. 1027.

Distinctive paper for Quantity authorized.

Provisos. Price limitation.

Division of awards.

Expenses of seizures, under customs laws.

trict. Field details. Vol. 46, p. 741.

Provisos. Motor vehicle restric-

International boundary, San Ysidro, Calif.

highway.

Surveyors of customs and appraisers of merchandise.

Offices abolished; exceptions. Duties transferred. Vol. 46, p. 729, amend-

Positions to be designated.

Creation of new, for-

Bureau of the Bud-

Director, Assistant, personnel, and other expenses.

Printing and bind-

Federal Farm Loan Bureau.

or any other conveyance seized under the provisions of the customs laws, when the proceeds of sale are insufficient therefor or where Services in the Disthere is no sale, and \$480,000 shall be available for personal services in the District of Columbia exclusive of ten persons from the field force authorized to be detailed under section 525 of the Tariff Act of 1930: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for maintenance or repair of motor-propelled passengercarrying vehicles for use in the District of Columbia except one for use in connection with the work of the customhouse in Georgetown: Provided further, That not to exceed \$6,000 of this appropriation is hereby made immediately available for the construction of gates Sum for gates across at the international boundary across the highway at the port of San Ysidro, California.

The offices of surveyors of customs (except the surveyor of customs at the Port of New York) and appraisers of merchandise (except the appraiser of merchandise at the Port of New York), twenty-one in all, with annual salaries aggregating \$102,000, are hereby abolished. The duties imposed by law and regulations upon surveyors and appraisers of customs, their assistants and deputies (except the surveyor and the appraiser, their assistants and deputies at the Port of New York) are hereby transferred to, imposed upon, and continued in positions now established in the Customs Service by or pursuant to law, as the Secretary of the Treasury by appropriate regulation shall specify; and he is further authorized to designate the titles by which such positions shall be officially known hereafter. The Secretary of the Treasury, in performing the duties imposed upon him by this paragraph, shall administer the same in such a manner that the transfer of duties provided hereby will not result in the establishment of any new positions in the Customs Service.

BUREAU OF THE BUDGET

Director, \$10,000; for the Assistant Director, and all other necessary expenses of the bureau, including compensation of attorneys and other employees in the District of Columbia; contract stenographic reporting services, telegrams, telephone service, law books, books of reference, periodicals, stationery, furniture, office equipment, other supplies, traveling expenses, street-car fares, \$148,000; in all, \$158,000.

For printing and binding, \$32,000.

FEDERAL FARM LOAN BUREAU

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

Members of board, office and field forces.

Contingent expenses.

Services in the District.
Proviso.

Examiners' expenses to be assessed against land banks, etc.

For six members of the board, at \$10,000 each; personal services in the District of Columbia and in the field; traveling expenses of the members of the board and its officers and employees; contingent and miscellaneous expenses, including law books, books of reference, periodicals, newspapers, and maps; contract stenographic reporting services, and expert services for the preparation of amortization tables; examination of national farm loan associations; and for the expenses of registrars' offices, including rent and miscellaneous items; in all, \$950,000, of which not more than \$410,000 may be used for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the amount of the expenses and salaries of the employees engaged in the work of the division of examinations of the Federal Farm Loan Bureau shall be assessed in accordance with the provisions of existing law by the Federal Farm Loan Board against Federal land banks, joint-stock land banks and Federal intermediate credit banks, and the proceeds covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

At the request of the Federal Farm Loan Board, whenever in its Cooperation of Regopinion the expense will be reduced thereby, the work in Washington incident to the verification for destruction of paid and canceled intermediate credit-bank debentures, farm loan bonds and coupons thereof, may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, be performed by the office of the Register of the Treasury, and the service rendered. appropriation from which salaries of employees in the office of the Register of the Treasury are paid may be reimbursed from this appropriation for the actual expense of such work.

OFFICE OF TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES

Treasurer's office.

Salaries: For Treasurer of the United States, Assistant Treasurer, and office personnel. and for other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$1,269,000.

For personal services in the District of Columbia, in redeeming Redeeming Redeeming Instrumental Processing Redeeming Redeemin Federal reserve and national currency, \$332,746, to be reimbursed currency. by the Federal reserve and national banks.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY

Office of Comptroller of the Currency.

Salaries: Comptroller of the Currency, \$5,000; for personal fice personnel services in the District of Columbia, \$257,320; in all, \$262,320.

For personal services in the District of Columbia in connection national currency. with Federal reserve and national currency, \$53,020, to be reim- Personal services; reimbursable. bursed by the Federal reserve and national banks.

Federal reserve and

BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

Internal Revenue

Collecting the internal revenue: For expenses of assessing and collecting the internal revenue taxes, including the employment of Commissioner, general counsel, and office a Commissioner of Internal Revenue at \$10,000 per annum, a gen- and field personnel. eral counsel for the Bureau of Internal Revenue at \$10,000 per annum, an assistant to the commissioner, a special deputy commissioner, three deputy commissioners, one stamp agent (to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers), and the necessary officers, collectors, deputy collectors, attorneys, experts, agents, accountants, inspectors, clerks, janitors, and messengers in the District of Columbia, the several collection districts, and the several divisions of internal-revenue agents, to be appointed as provided by law, telegraph and telephone service, rental of quarters outside the District of Columbia, postage, freight, express, necessary expenses incurred in making investigations in connection with the enrollment or disbarment of practitioners before the Treasury Department in internal-revenue matters, expenses of seizure and sale, and other necessary miscellaneous expenses, including stenographic reporting services, and the purchase of such supplies, equipment, furniture, mechanical devices, law books and books of reference, and such other articles as may be necessary for use in the District of Columbia, the several collection districts, and the several divisions of internal-revenue agents, \$33,650,000, of which amount not to exceed \$9,122,560 may be expended for personal services in the District trict. of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this amount shall be used in defraying the expenses of any officer designated above, subpoenaed by the United States court to attend any trial before a

United States court or preliminary examination before any United States commissioner, which expenses shall be paid from the appro-

Collecting internal

Outside rent. Miscellaneous.

Services in the Dis-Provisos. Witness fees.

violations.

Detection and prose-priation for "Fees of witnesses, United States courts": Provided further, That not more than \$100,000 of the total amount appropriated herein may be expended by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for detecting and bringing to trial persons guilty of violating the internal revenue laws or conniving at the same, including payments for information and detection of such violation.

Refunding taxes. Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1223.

Refunding taxes illegally or erroneously collected: The unexpended balance of the appropriation for refunding taxes illegally collected, contained in the Treasury Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, shall remain available until June 30, 1933, for refunding taxes illegally or erroneously collected, as provided by law, including the payment of claims for the fiscal year 1933 and prior years: Provided, That a report shall be made to Congress by internal-revenue districts and alphabetically arranged of all disbursements hereunder in excess of \$500 as required by section 3 of the Act of May 29, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 26, sec. 149), including the names of all persons and corporations to whom such payments are made, together with the amount paid to each.

Detailed report to Congress. Vol. 45, p. 996. U. S. C., Supp. V,

Industrial Alcohol

BUREAU OF INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL

Salaries and expenses. Vol. 41, p. 305; Vol. 42, p. 222; Vol. 44, p. 1381; Vol. 46, p. 430. U. S. C., p. 853; Supp. V, pp. 22, 451.

Field service.

Chemical analyses.

Supplies.

Vehicles.

Salaries and expenses: For expenses to administer the applicable provisions of the National Prohibition Act as amended and supplemented (U. S. C., title 27) and internal revenue laws, pursuant to the Act of March 3, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 5, secs. 281–281e), and the Act of May 27, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 27, secs. 103–108), including the employment of executive officers, attorneys, inspectors, chemists, assistant chemists, supervisors, storekeepergaugers, clerks, messengers, and other necessary employees in the field and in the Bureau of Industrial Alcohol in the District of securing evidence of Columbia, to be appointed as authorized by law; the securing of evidence of violations of the Acts; the cost of chemical analyses made by others than employees of the United States and expenses incident to such chemists testifying when necessary; the purchase of such supplies, equipment, mechanical devices, laboratory supplies, books, and such other expenditures as may be necessary in the several field offices; cost of acquisition and maintenance of automobiles delivered to the Secretary of the Treasury for use in administration of the law under his jurisdiction; hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled or horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary, for official use in field work; and for rental of necessary quarters; in all, \$4,525,000, of which amount not to exceed \$354,320 may be expended for personal services in the District Provise. exceed \$5554,520 may be expended. That for purpose of concentration, upon the Distilled spirits may of Columbia: Provided, That for purpose of concentration, upon the be removed to ware initiation of the Commissioner of Industrial Alcohol and under regulations prescribed by him, distilled spirits may be removed from any internal-revenue bonded warehouse to any other such warehouse, and may be bottled in bond in any such warehouse before or after payment of the tax, and the commissioner shall prescribe the form and penal sum of bond covering distilled spirits in internal-revenue bonded warehouses and in transit between such warehouses.

Bureau of Narcotics.

BUREAU OF NARCOTICS

Salaries and expenses. Vol. 38, p. 785; Vol. 40, p. 1130; Vol. 35, p. 614; Vol. 42, p. 596. U. S. C., pp. 635, 742,

Salaries and expenses: For expenses to enforce the Act of December 17, 1914 (U. S. C., title 26, sec. 211), as amended by the Revenue Act of 1918 (U. S. C., title 26, secs. 691–708), the Act approved February 9, 1909, as amended by the Act of May 26, 1922 (U. S. C., title 21, secs. 171-184), known as the Narcotic Drugs Import and Export Act,

pursuant to the Act of March 3, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 5, Vol. 44, p. 1381; Vol. secs. 281–281e), and the Act of June 14, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, U. S. C., Supp. v, D. S. C., title 5, secs. 282-282c), including the employment of executive officers, attorneys, agents, inspectors, chemists, supervisors, clerks, messen- personnel, etc. gers, and other necessary employees in the field and in the Bureau of Narcotics in the District of Columbia, to be appointed as authorized by law; the securing of evidence of violations of the Acts; the costs of chemical analyses made by others than employees of the aw violations. Chemical analyses. United States; the purchase of such supplies, equipment, mechanical devices, books, and such other expenditures as may be necessary in the several field offices; cost incurred by officers and employees of the Bureau of Narcotics in the seizure, storage, and disposition of property under the internal revenue laws when the same is disposed of under section 3460, Revised Statutes (U.S.C., title 26, sec. 1193); hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled or horsedrawn passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary for official use in field work; and for rental of necessary quarters; in all, \$1,525,000, of which amount not to exceed \$203,120 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may authorize the use, by narcotic agents of motor cles, etc.

Vol. 43, p. 1116.
U.S. C., p. 858. (U. S. C., title 27, sec. 43) as amended, and to pay the cost of acquisition, maintenance, repair, and operation thereof: Provided further, Collecting, etc., law That not exceeding \$10,000 may be expended for the collection and tion. dissemination of information and appeal for law observance and law enforcement, including cost of printing, purchase of newspapers, and other necessary expenses in connection therewith: Provided further, pended, etc. That moneys expended from this appropriation for the purchase of narcotics and subsequently recovered shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the appropriation for enforcement of the narcotic Acts current at the time of the deposit.

COAST GUARD

Office of the commandant: For personal services in the District of

Columbia, \$372,000.

The services of skilled draftsmen and such other technical services as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary may be employed only in the office of the Coast Guard in connection with the construction and repair of Coast Guard vessels and boats, to be paid from the appropriation "Repairs to Coast Guard vessels": Provided, That the expenditures on this account for the fiscal year 1933 shall not exceed \$12,100. A statement of the persons employed hereunder, their duties, and the compensation paid to each shall be made to Congress each year in the Budget.

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the authorized work of the Coast Guard, including the expense of maintenance, repair, and operation of vessels forfeited to the United States and delivered to the Treasury Department under the terms of the Act approved March 3, 1925 (U. S. C., title 27, sec. 41), the purchase of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, including the value of any vehicle exchanged, and the maintenance, repair, and operation of two such vehicles, to be used only for official purposes in the

field, as follows:

For pay and allowances prescribed by law for commissioned officers, cadets, warrant officers, petty officers, and other enlisted men, active and retired, temporary cooks, surfmen, substitute surfmen, and two civilian instructors, and not exceeding \$6,000 for cash prizes for men for excellence in gunnery, target practice, and engineering com-

officers, Executive

Securing evidence of

Seizures, etc. R. S., sec. 3460, p. 685, U. S. C., p. 846.

Provisos.
Use of forfeited vehi-

Credits for sums ex-

Coast Guard.

Office personnel.

Technical services.

Proviso. Limitation. Report to Congress.

Service expenditure.

Vol. 43, p. 1116. U. S. C., p. 858,

Pay, etc., officers and enlisted men.

Death allowance. Vol. 41, p. 824. U. S. C., p. 1143.

petitions, for carrying out the provisions of the Act of June 4, 1920 (U. S. C., title 34, sec. 943), rations or commutation thereof for cadets, petty officers, and other enlisted men, mileage and expenses allowed by law for officers; and traveling expenses for other persons traveling on duty under orders from the Treasury Department, including transportation of enlisted men and applicants for enlistment, with subsistence and transfers en route, or cash in lieu thereof, expenses of recruiting for the Coast Guard, rent of rendezvous, and expenses of maintaining the same; advertising for and obtaining men and apprentice seamen; transportation and packing allowances for baggage or household effects of commissioned officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men, \$20,640,000;

Fuel and water.

For fuel, lubricating oil, kerosene, and water for vessels, stations, and houses of refuge, \$1,950,000;

Outfits, stores, etc.

For outfits, ship chandlery, engineers' stores, and draft animals and their maintenance, \$1,970,000;

Stations, houses of refuge, etc.

For rebuilding and repairing stations and houses of refuge, temporary leases, rent, and improvements of property for Coast Guard purposes, including use of additional land where necessary, \$520,000;

Coastal communication lines.

For coastal communication lines and facilities and their maintenance, and communication service, \$140,000;

Civilian field employees.

For compensation of civilian employees in the field, including

Contingent expenses.

clerks to district commanders, \$105,220;

For contingent expenses, including subsistence of shipwrecked persons succored by the Coast Guard; for the recreation, amusement, comfort, contentment, and health of the enlisted men of the Coast Guard, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, not exceeding \$40,000; instruments and apparatus, supplies, technical books and periodicals, services necessary to the carrying on of scientific investigation, and experimental and research work in relation to telephony and radiotelegraphy, not exceeding \$4,000; care, transportation, and burial of deceased officers and enlisted men, including those who die in Government hospitals; wharfage, towage, freight, storage, repairs to station apparatus, advertising, surveys, medals, labor, newspapers and periodicals for statistical purposes, including maintenance of students, and all other necessary expenses which are not included under any other heading, \$255,000;

Repairs to vessels, Life-Saving Service. Retired pay to former members of.

For repairs to Coast Guard vessels and boats, \$2,100,000;

For retired pay for certain members of the former Life-Saving Service authorized by the Act entitled "An Act providing for vol. 46, p. 164. retired pay for certain members of the former Life-Saving Service, v. s. C., Supp. v, p. equivalent to compensation granted to members of the Coast Guard," approved April 14, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 14, sec. 178a), \$120,000;

Total, Coast Guard, exclusive of commandant's office, \$27,800,220.

Engraving and Printing Bureau.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING

Work authorized for fiscal year 1933.

For the work of engraving and printing, exclusive of repay work, during the fiscal year 1933, of not exceeding 70,000,000 delivered sheets of United States currency and national-bank currency, 93,678,131 delivered sheets of internal-revenue stamps including opium orders and special-tax stamps required under the Act of December 17, 1914 (U. S. C., title 26, sec. 211), 5,142,936 delivered sheets of withdrawal permits, and 9,821,421 delivered sheets of checks, drafts, and miscellaneous work, as follows:

Vol. 38, p. 786. U. S. C., pp. 742, 786.

For the director, two assistant directors, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, including wages of rotary press

Director, assistants, and office personnel. Wages.

plate printers at per diem rates and all other plate printers at piece rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, not to exceed the rates usually paid for such work; for engravers' and printers' materials and other materials, including distinctive and nondistinctive paper, except distinctive paper for United States currency, nationalbank currency and Federal reserve bank currency; equipment of, repairs to, and maintenance of buildings and grounds and for minor alterations to buildings; directories, technical books and periodicals, periodicals, etc. and books of reference, not exceeding \$300; rent of warehouse in the District of Columbia; traveling expenses not to exceed \$2,000; equipment, maintenance, and supplies for the emergency room for the use of all employees in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing who may be taken suddenly ill or receive injury while on duty; miscellaneous expenses, including not to exceed \$1,500 for articles approved by the Secretary of the Treasury as being necessary for the protection of the person of employees; for transfer to the Bureau of Standards Scientific investigations by Standards Bufor scientific investigations in connection with the work of the resu. Bureau of Engraving and Printing, not to exceed \$15,000; and for the maintenance and driving of two motor-propelled passengercarrying vehicles, \$6,430,000, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

During the fiscal year 1933 all proceeds derived from work performed by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, by direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, not covered and embraced in the appropriation for such bureau for such fiscal year, instead of being covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts, as provided by the Act of August 4, 1886 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 176), shall be credited when received to the appropriation for said bureau for the

fiscal year 1933.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION

Salaries: For the chief of the division and other personal services

in the District of Columbia, \$33,620.

Suppressing counterfeiting and other crimes: For expenses incurred under the authority or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury in detecting, arresting, and delivering into the custody of the United States marshal having jurisdiction dealers and pretended dealers in counterfeit money and persons engaged in counterfeiting, forging, and altering United States notes, bonds, nationalbank notes, Federal reserve notes, Federal reserve bank notes, and other obligations and securities of the United States and of foreign governments, as well as the coins of the United States and of foreign governments, and other crimes against the laws of the United States relating to the Treasury Department and the several branches of the public service under its control; hire, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles when necessary; purchase of arms and ammunition; traveling expenses; and for no other purpose whatever, except in the performance of other duties specifically authorized by law, and in the protection of the Protection of the President, person of the President and the members of his immediate family etc. and of the person chosen to be President of the United States, \$550,000: Provided, That no part of this amount shall be used in defraying the expenses of any person subprenaed by the United States courts to attend any trial before a United States court or preliminary examination before any United States commissioner, which expenses shall be paid from the appropriation for "Fees of witnesses. United States courts."

Materials, etc.

Books of reference,

Emergency room.

Miscellaneous ex-

Scientific investiga-

Vehicles.

Proceeds of work to be credited to Bureau.

Vol. 24, p. 227. U. S. C., p. 986.

Secret Service Divi-

Chief, and office personnel.

Suppressing counter-

Protection of the per-

Proviso. Witness fees. White House police. Salaries.

White House police: Captain, \$3,600; lieutenant, \$3,050; three sergeants at \$2,750 each; and for forty-three privates at rates of pay provided by law; in all \$116,299.

Uniforms, equipment, etc.

For uniforming and equipping the White House police including the purchase, issue, and repair of revolvers and the purchase and issue of ammunition and miscellaneous supplies, to be procured in such manner as the President in his discretion may determine, \$3,500.

Public Health Service.

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

Office personnel.

Salaries, office of Surgeon General: For personal services in the District of Columbia, \$340,000.

Pay, allowances, etc., Surgeon General, officers, etc.

For pay, allowance, and commutation of quarters for regular commissioned medical officers, including the Surgeon General and assistant surgeons general and for other regular commissioned officers,

Acting assistant sur-

For pay of acting assistant surgeons (noncommissioned medical officers), \$389,984.

Other employees.

For pay of all other employees (attendants, and so forth),

\$1,100,000.

Freight, transporta-Vol. 46, p. 818. U. S. C. Supp. VI, p. 20.

For freight, transportation, and traveling expenses including allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V,

Proviso. Transporting remains of officers.

Title V, sec. 118a), not to exceed \$10,000; the expenses, except membership fees, of officers when officially detailed to attend meetings of associations for the promotion of public health, and the packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of the personal effects of commissioned officers, scientific personnel, pharmacists, and nurses of the Public Health Service, upon permanent change of station, \$38,000: Provided, That funds expendable for transportation and traveling expenses may also be used for preparation for shipment and transportation to their former homes of remains of officers who die in line of duty.

National Institute of

For maintaining the National Institute of Health, \$48,000.

Books. Medical examinaFor journals and scientific books, office of Surgeon General, \$500.

tions, etc.

For medical examinations, including the amount necessary for the medical inspection of aliens, as required by section 16 of the Act of February 5, 1917 (U. S. C., title 8, sec. 152), medical, surgical, and hospital services and supplies, including prosthetic and orthopedic supplies to be furnished under regulations approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, for beneficiaries (other than patients of the Veterans' Administration) of the Public Health Service and persons detained in hospitals of the Public Health Service under the immigration laws and regulations, including necessary personnel and reserve commissioned officers of the Public Health Service, personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including the

furnishing and laundering of white duck coats, trousers, smocks, aprons, and caps to employees whose duties make necessary the wearing of same, maintenance, minor repairs, equipment, leases, fuel, lights, water, freight, transportation and travel, the maintenance,

exchange and operation of motor trucks and passenger motor vehicles for official use in field work and one for use in connection with the

Vol. 39, p. 885, U. S. C., p. 137.

Services in the Dis-General expenses.

Lepers, tra transports-

administrative work of the Public Health Service in the District of Columbia, purchase of ambulances, transportation, care, maintenance, and treatment of lepers, including transportation to their homes in the continental United States of recovered indigent leper patients, court costs, and other expenses incident to proceedings heretofore or hereafter taken for commitment of mentally incompetent persons to hospitals for the care and treatment of the insane, and Insane, care, etc.

reasonable burial expenses (not exceeding \$100 for any patient dying in hospital), \$5,680,000: Provided, That the Immigration Service shall permit the Public Health Service to use the hospitals at Ellis hospitals. Island Immigration Station for the care of Public Health Service patients free of expense for physical upkeep, but with a charge of actual cost of fuel, light, water, telephone, and similar supplies and services, to be covered into the proper Immigration Service appropriations; and money collected by the Immigration Service on account of hospital expenses of persons detained in hospitals of the Public Health Service under the immigration laws and regulations shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts: Provided further, That no part of this sum shall be used for the quarantine service, the prevention of epidemics, or scientific work of the character provided for under the appropriations which follow.

All sums received by the Public Health Service during the fiscal year 1933, except allotments and reimbursements on account of patients of the Veterans' Administration, allotments and reimbursements on account of medical and other services to the Federal penal and correctional institutions of the Department of Justice, under the provisions of the Act approved May 13, 1930 (U.S. C., Supp. V, title 18, secs. 751, 752), and amounts received under the Fig. 8. C., vol. 46, pp. 1087, of sections 9 and 12 of the Act approved January 19, 1929 (U. S. C., 1088. U. S. C., Supp. V, 1913 21 222 299, 232). shall be covered into the Treasury U. S. C., Supp. V, pp. 330, 331.

as miscellaneous receipts.

Quarantine service: For maintenance and ordinary expenses, exclusive of pay of officers and employees, of United States quarantine stations, including the exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use

in field work, \$420,000.

Prevention of epidemics: To enable the President, in case only of demics. threatened or actual epidemic of infectious or contagious disease, to aid State and local boards or otherwise in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same, and in such emergency in the execution of any quarantine laws which may be then in force, \$350,000, including the purchase of newspapers and clippings from newspapers containing information relating to the prevalence of disease and the public health.

Field investigations: For investigations of diseases of man and conditions influencing the propagation and spread thereof, including sanitation and sewage, and the pollution of navigable streams and lakes of the United States, including personal service, and including the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-

carrying vehicles for official use in field work, \$400,000.

Interstate quarantine service: For cooperation with State and service. municipal health authorities in the prevention of the spread of contagious and infectious diseases in interstate traffic, \$39,214.

Rural sanitation: For special studies of, and demonstration work in, rural sanitation, including personal services, and including the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for official use in field work, \$300,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for demonstration work in rural sanitation in any community unless the State, county, or municipality in which the community is located agrees to pay one-half the expenses of such demonstration work.

Biologic products: To regulate the propagation and sale of viruses, serums, toxins, and analogous products, including arsphenamine, and for the preparation of curative and diagnostic biologic products, including personal services of reserve commissioned officers and other

personnel, \$46,000.

Provisos.
Use of Ellis Island

Receipts covered in.

Uses forbidden.

Disposal of receipts.

Vol. 46, p. 273. U. S. C., Supp. V,

Quarantine Service.

Prevention of epi-

Field investigations.

Rural sanitation.

Proviso. Local contribution.

Biologic products. Regulating sale of viruses, etc.

Venereal Diseases Maintenance. Vol. 40, p. 886. U. S. C., p. 1315.

For the maintenance and expenses of the Division of Venereal Diseases, established by sections 3 and 4, Chapter XV, of the Act approved July 9, 1918 (U. S. C., title 42, secs. 24, 25), including personal and other services in the field and in the District of Columbia, \$90,000, of which amount not to exceed \$24,680 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Mental Hygiene Di-

Narcotic farms.

Division of Mental Hygiene: For expenses incident to carrying out Vol. 45, pp. 586, 819; the provisions of the Act approved June 14, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, U. S. C., Supp. V, title 21, secs. 196–198), and of the Act approved January 19, 1929 pp. 329, 330. (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 21, sec. 225), including personal services in (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 21, sec. 225), including personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; freight, transportation, and traveling expenses, and the packing, crating, drayage, and transportation of the personal effects of the personnel of the Public Health Service upon permanent change of station; and including field studies and investigations incident to the establishment of narcotic farms; personal services of reserve commissioned officers and pharmacists; scientific and educational supplies; law books, books of reference, newspapers, and periodicals in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; and the furnishing and laundering of uniforms to employees whose duties make necessary the wearing of the same, including white duck coats, trousers, smocks, aprons, caps, and insignia or other devices for identification purposes, \$48,215.

Educational exhib-

Educational exhibits: For the preparation of public-health ex-For preventing hibits designed to demonstrate the cause, prevalence, methods of spread of diseases. spread, and measures for preventing diseases dangerous to the public health, including personal services and the cost of acquiring, transporting, and displaying exhibit material, \$1,500.

Bureau of the Mint.

BUREAU OF THE MINT

Director's office.

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR OF THE MINT

Director, and office personnel.

Salaries: For the Director of the Mint and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$37,900.

Transporting bullion

For transportation of bullion and coin, by registered mail or otherwise, between mints and assay offices, \$4,000.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of the Mint, to be expended under the direction of the director: For assay laboratory chemicals, fuel, materials, balances, weights, and other necessaries, including books, periodicals, specimens of coins, ores, and incidentals, \$700.

Examinations, etc.

For examination of mints, expense in visiting mints for the purpose of superintending the annual settlements, and for special examinations and for the collection of statistics relative to the annual production and consumption of the precious metals in the United States, \$5,600.

Mints and assay of-

MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES

Employees, and other designated expenses.

For compensation of officers and employees of the mints at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, San Francisco, California, Denver, Colorado, Carson City, Nevada, and New Orleans, Louisiana, and assay offices at New York, New York, Boise, Idaho, Helena, Montana, Salt Lake City, Utah, and Seattle, Washington, and for incidental and contingent expenses, including traveling expenses, new machinery, and repairs, cases and enameling for medals manufactured, net wastage in melting and refining and in coining departments, loss on sale of sweeps arising from the treatment of bullion and the manufacture of coins, not to exceed \$500 for the expenses of the annual assay commission, and not exceeding \$1,000 in value of specimen coins and ores for the cabinet of the mint at Philadelphia, \$1,339,670.

Office of Supervising Architect

PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CONSTRUCTION AND RENT

For the acquisition of sites or of additional land, commencement, for construction of sites continuation, or completion, of construction in connection with any of projects authorized or all projects authorized under the provisions of sections 3 and 5 vol. 44, pp. 632, 633; of the Public Buildings Act, approved May 25, 1926 (U. S. C., P. 1164. U. S. C., Supp. V, title 40, secs. 343–345), and the Acts amendatory thereof pp. 603–605. approved February 24, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 40, secs. 345) and March 31 1930 (U. S. C. Supp. IV title 40, secs. 341–349) and March 31, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. IV, title 40, secs. 341-349), within the respective limits of cost fixed for such projects, \$108,000. 000, of which not to exceed \$15,000,000 may be expended for build- of Columbia. Amount for District ings in the District of Columbia: Provided, That no part of this or Romand Remodeling at a Da. any other appropriation for the construction of public buildings partment of St shall be used for remodeling and reconstructing the Department of Ante, p. 26. shall be used for remodeling and reconstructing the Department of Ante, p. 26.

State Building under the authorization therefor contained in the Act Vol. 46, p. 907, repealed. approved July 3, 1930 (46 Stat. 907): Provided further, That the building authorized for Seguin, Texas, by the Act of March 4, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1602), shall be constructed on the site owned by the Government on that date: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for work on the building for the Coast w Guard or some other Government activity (Apex Building), author-

ized by Act of March 4, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1605).

Rent of temporary quarters: For rent of temporary quarters and etc. alterations of same for the accommodation of Government officials and moving expenses incident thereto, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to enter into leases for this purpose

for periods not exceeding three years, \$900,000.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS, REPAIRS, EQUIPMENT, AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Repairs and preservation: For repairs and preservation of all Buildings under Treasury Department. completed and occupied public buildings and the grounds thereof under the control of the Treasury Department, and for wire partitions and fly screens therefor; Government wharves and piers under the control of the Treasury Department, together with the necessary dredging adjacent thereto; care of vacant sites under the control of the Treasury Department, such as necessary fences, filling dangerous holes, cutting grass and weeds, but not for any permanent improvements thereon; repairs and preservation of buildings not reserved by vendors on sites under the control of the Treasury Department acquired for public buildings or the enlargement of public buildings, the expenditures on this account for the current fiscal year not vided, That of the sum herein appropriated not exceeding \$200,000 quarantine stations, may be used for the repair and preservation of manifestations, national leprosarium, and quarantine stations (including Marcus Hook) and completed and occupied outbuildings (including wire partitions and fly screens for same), and not exceeding \$24,000 for the Treasury, Treasury Annex, Liberty Loan, and Auditors' Buildings in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That this sum shall not striction, be available for the payment of personal services except for work done by contract or for temporary job labor under exigency not exceeding at one time the sum of \$100 at any one building, \$475,000.

Mechanical equipment: For installation and repair of mechanical ment. equipment in all completed and occupied public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department, including heating, hoisting, etc. plumbing, gas piping, ventilating, vacuum cleaning, and refrigerating apparatus, electric-light plants, meters, interior pneumatic tube

Supervising Architect's office.

Public buildings.

Provisos.
Remodeling, etc., De-Seguin, Tex., site. Vol. 46, p. 1602.

Coast Guard build-Work discontinued. Vol. 46, p. 1605.

Temporary quarters,

Repairs, equipment,

Treasury buildings.

Personal services re-

Mechanical equip-

Heating, lighting,

Provisos. Marine hospitals, quarantine stations,

Treasury Buildings,

Pneumatic tubes, New York City. Vol. 36, p. 120; Vol. 45, p. 533.

Personal services restriction.

Vaults and safes.

General expenses.

Vol. 35, p. 537. U. S. C., p. 1020.

plies, etc.

and intercommunicating telephone systems, conduit, wiring, call bell and signal systems, platform scales, and for maintenance and repair of tower clocks; for installation and repair of mechanical equipment, for any of the foregoing items, in buildings not reserved by vendors on sites under the control of the Treasury Department acquired for public buildings or the enlargements of public buildings, the total expenditures on this account for the current fiscal year not to exceed 10 per centum of the annual rentals of such buildings: Provided, That of the sum herein appropriated, not exceeding \$125,000 may be used for the installation and repair of mechanical equipment in marine hospitals, the national leprosarium, and quarantine stations (including Marcus Hook), and not exceeding \$38,000 for the Treasury, Treasury Annex, Liberty Loan, and Auditors' Buildings in the District of Columbia, but not including the generating plant and its maintenance in the Auditors' Building, and not exceeding \$10,000 for changes in, maintenance of, and repairs to the pneumatic-tube systems in New York City installed under franchises of the city of New York approved June 29, 1909, and June 11, 1928, and the payment of any obligations arising thereunder, in accordance with the authority of the Acts approved August 5, 1909 (36 Stat. 120), and May 15, 1928 (45 Stat. $5\overline{33}$), authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to enter into contracts with the city of New York to abide by the terms, conditions, and requirements of said franchises: Provided further, That this sum shall not be available for the payment of personal services except for work done by contract, or for temporary job labor under exigency not exceeding at one time the sum at 1\$100 at any one building, \$600,000.

Vaults and safes: For vaults and lock-box equipments and repairs thereto in all completed and occupied public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department, and for the necessary safe equipments and repairs thereto in all public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department, whether completed and occupied or in course of construction, exclusive of personal services, except for work done by contract or for temporary job labor under exigency not exceeding at one time the sum of \$50 at any one building, \$150,000.

General expenses: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to execute and give effect to the provisions of section 6 of the Act of May 30, 1908 (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 683): For salaries of architec-Technical services, tural, engineering, and technical personnel and inspectors in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, not otherwise provided for, superintendence, etc. not exceeding \$2,446,540; expenses of superintendence, including expenses of all inspectors and other officers and employees, on duty or detailed in connection with work on public buildings and the furnishing and equipment thereof, and the work of the Supervising Architect's Office, under orders from the Treasury Department; for the transportation of household goods, incident to change of headquarters of district engineers, construction engineers, inspection engineers, and inspectors, not in excess of five thousand pounds at Transporting effects. any one time, together with the necessary expense incident to packing and draying the same, not to exceed in any one year a total expendioffice rent, field supture of \$4,500; office rent and expenses of field force, including temporary, stenographic, and other assistance, in the preparation of reports and the care of public property, and so forth; advertising, office supplies, including drafting materials, especially prepared paper, typewriting machines, adding machines, and other mechanical labor-saving devices, and exchange of same; furniture, carpets, elec-

¹ So in original.

tric-light fixtures, and office equipment; telegraph and telephone service; freight, expressage, and postage incident to shipments of drawings, furniture, and supplies for the field forces, testing instruments, and so forth, including articles and supplies not usually payable from other appropriations: Provided, That no expenditures shall be made hereunder for transportation of operating supplies for ing supplies excluded. public buildings; not to exceed \$1,000 for books of reference, law books, technical periodicals and journals; not to exceed \$52,000 for the rental of additional quarters in the District of Columbia for the Office of the Supervising Architect and incidental expenses in connection with the occupancy of such quarters; ground rent at Salamanca, New York, for which payment may be made in advance; contingencies of every kind and description, traveling expenses of site agents, and of employees directed by the Secretary of the Treasury to attend meetings of technical and professional societies in connection with the work of the Office of the Supervising Architect, recording deeds and other evidences of title, photographic instruments, chemicals, plates, and photographic materials, and such other articles and supplies and such minor and incidental expenses not enumerated, connected solely with work on public buildings, the acquisition of sites, and the administrative work connected with the annual appropriations under the Supervising Architect's Office as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary and specially order or approve, but not including heat, light, janitor service, awnings, curtains, or any expenses for the general maintenance of the Treasury Building, or surveys, plaster models, progress photographs, test-pit borings, or mill and shop inspections, \$2,740,000, of which amount not to exceed \$1,307,040 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Outside professional services: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to obtain outside professional and/or technical services, as services, vol. 44, p. 631; vol. provided by the Public Buildings Act approved May 25, 1926 (U. 46, p. 137. Supp. v, S. C., Supp. V, title 40, sec. 342), and by the Act approved March p. 663. 31, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 137), and to pay reasonable compensation for such services, and to employ appraisers, when necessary, by contract or otherwise, \$2,400,000, to remain available until expended.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS, OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating force: For such personal services as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary in connection with the care, maintenance, and repair of all public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department (except as hereinafter provided), together with the grounds thereof and the equipment and furnishings therein, including inspectors of buildings, repairs and equipment, assistant custodians, janitors, watchmen, laborers, and charwomen; telephone operators for the operation of telephone switchboards or equivalent telephone switchboard equipment in Federal buildings, jointly serving in each case two or more governmental activities; engineers, firemen, elevator conductors, coal passers, electricians, dynamo tenders, lampists, and wiremen; mechanical labor force in connection with said buildings, including carpenters, plumbers, steam fitters, machinists, and painters, but in no case shall the rates of compensation for such mechanical labor force be in excess of the rates current at the time and in the place where such services are employed, \$10,495,000: Provided, That the foregoing appropriation shall be available for use in connection with all public buildings under the available. control of the Treasury Department, including the customhouse in the District of Columbia, but not including any other public

Other contingencies.

Salamanca, N.Y.

Objects excluded.

Outside professional

Operating expenses.

Operating force. Personal services, assistant custodians, etc.

Proviso. Buildings for which

Furniture, etc.

building in the District of Columbia, and exclusive of marine hospitals, quarantine stations, mints, branch mints, and assay offices.

Furniture and repairs of furniture: For furniture, carpets, and repairs of same, for completed and occupied public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department, exclusive of marine hospitals, quarantine stations, mints, branch mints, and assay offices, and for gas and electric lighting fixtures and repairs of same for completed and occupied public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department, including marine hospitals and quarantine stations, but exclusive of mints, branch mints, and assay offices, and for furniture and carpets for public buildings and extension of public buildings in course of construction which are to remain under the custody and control of the Treasury Department, exclusive of marine hospitals, quarantine stations, mints, branch mints, and assay offices, and buildings constructed for other executive departments or establishments of the Government, \$1,940,000: Provided, That the foregoing appropriation shall not be used for personal services except for work done under contract or for temporary job labor under exigency and not exceeding at one time the sum of \$100 at any one building: Provided further, That all furniture now owned by the United States Use of present furin other public buildings or in buildings rented by the United States shall be used, so far as practicable, whether it corresponds with

the present regulation plan for furniture or not.

Operating supplies. Fuel, light, power, water, etc.

Provisos. Personal services re-

Buildings excluded.

Gas governors.

Rentals thereof.

Joint telephone switchboard contracts authorized.

Operating supplies: For fuel, steam, gas for lighting and heating purposes, water, ice, lighting supplies, electric current for lighting, heating, and power purposes, telephone service for custodial forces; removal of ashes and rubbish, snow, and ice; cutting grass and weeds, washing towels, and miscellaneous items for the use of the custodial forces in the care and maintenance of completed and occupied public buildings and the grounds thereof under the control of the Treasury Department, and in the care and maintenance of the equipment and furnishings in such buildings; miscellaneous supplies, tools, and appliances required in the operation (not embracing repairs) of the mechanical equipment, including heating, plumbing, hoisting, gas piping, ventilating, vacuum-cleaning and refrigerating apparatus, electric-light plants, meters, interior pneumatic tube and intercommunicating telephone systems, conduit wiring, call bell and signal systems in such buildings, and for the transportation of articles or supplies, authorized herein (including the customhouse in the District of Columbia, but excluding any other public building under the control of the Treasury Department within the District of Columbia, and excluding also marine hospitals and quarantine stations, mints, branch mints, and assay offices, and personal services, except for work done by contract or for temporary job labor under exigency not exceeding at one time the sum of \$100 at any one building), \$3,501,500. The appropriation made herein for gas shall include the rental and use of gas governors when ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury in writing: *Provided*, That rentals shall not be paid for such gas governors greater than 35 per centum of the actual value of the gas saved thereby, which saving shall be determined by such tests as the Secretary of the Treasury shall direct: Provided further, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to contract for telephone service in public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department by means of telephone switchboards or equivalent telephone-switching equipment jointly serving in each case two or more Government activities where he finds that joint service is economical and in the interest of the Government, and to secure reimbursement for the cost of such joint service from available appropriations for telephone expenses of the bureaus and offices receiving the same.

Lands and other property of the United States: For custody, care. protection, and expenses of sales of lands and other property of the United States, acquired and held under sections 3749 and 3750 of the p. R. S., secs. 3749, a United States, acquired and held under sections 3749 and 3750 of the p. 739. U. S. C., p. 1305. Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 40, secs. 301, 302), the examination of titles, recording of deeds, advertising, and auctioneers' fees in connection therewith, \$550.

Office of Supervising Architect.—Salaries: For the Supervising Lect's office. Architect, and other personal services in the District of Columbia, Supervising Architect, and office personal services in the District of Columbia, Supervising Architect, and office personal.

\$682,880.

Custody of lands, etc.

R. S., secs. 3749, 3750,

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS, TREASURY DEPARTMENT

AMERICAN PRINTING HOUSE FOR THE BLIND

Printing American Printi House for the Blind.

To enable the American Printing House for the Blind more adequately to provide books and apparatus for the education of the blind in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved February 8, 322. 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, sec. 101), \$65,000.

Expenses. Vol. 44, p. 1060. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

TITLE II—POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Post Office Depart-

The following sums are appropriated in conformity with the Act Appropriations for July 2, 1836 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 380, title 39, sec. 786), for the Vol. 5, p. 80. U. S. C., pp. 49, 1283. of July 2, 1836 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 380, title 39, sec. 786), for the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, namely:

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT; WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Department ex-

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Postmaster General's office.

Postmaster General, \$15,000; for personal services in the office of and office personnel. the Postmaster General in the District of Columbia, \$220,790; in all, \$235,790.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT BUILDINGS

Department build-

For personal services in the District of Columbia for the care, personal services, operating force. maintenance, and protection of the main Post Office Department Building, the Washington City Post Office Building, and the mail equipment shops building, \$279,445.

Personal services,

SALARIES IN BUREAUS AND OFFICES

Department bureaus and offices.

For personal services in the District of Columbia in bureaus and offices of the Post Office Department in not to exceed the following amounts, respectively:

Office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, \$530,000.

Office of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, \$444,820. Office of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, \$798,930, of which amount \$23,040 shall be available only for temporary employees.

Office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, \$369,150. Office of the Solicitor for the Post Office Department, \$75,000.

Office of the chief inspector, \$207,140. Office of the purchasing agent, \$38,630.

Bureau of Accounts, \$97,370, of which amount \$50,000 shall be temporary employees, available only for temporary employees to carry out the provisions civil-service records. of section 15 of the Act of May 29, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 5, U. S. C., Supp. v, sec. 702a), for the maintenance of individual records of civil-service p. 38. retirement and disability fund deductions so far as they relate to employees of the Postal Service.

Allotments specified.

Department contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

For stationery and blank books, index and guide cards, folders, Stationery, etc. and binding devices, including purchase of free penalty envelopes,

\$18,000.

Heating, lighting, power, etc.

For fuel and repairs to heating, lighting, ice, and power plant, including repairs to elevators, purchase and exchange of tools and electrical supplies, and removal of ashes, \$45,000.

Telegraphing.

For telegraphing, \$8,500, of which \$2,500 shall be immediately

available. Miscellaneous.

For miscellaneous items, including purchase, exchange, maintenance and repair of typewriters, adding machines, and other laborsaving devices; purchase, exchange, hire, and maintenance of motor trucks and two motor-driven passenger-carrying vehicles, to be used only for official purposes (one for the Postmaster General and one for the general use of the department); street-car fares not exceeding \$540; plumbing; repairs to department buildings; floor coverings; postage stamps for correspondence addressed abroad, which is not exempt under article 47 of the London convention of the Universal Postal Union, \$48,000; and of such sum of \$48,000, not exceeding \$14,500 may be expended for telephone service, not exceeding \$1,800 may be expended for purchase and exchange of law books, books of reference, railway guides, city directories, and books necessary to conduct the business of the department, and not exceeding \$2,000 may be expended for expenses, except membership fees, of attendance at meetings or conventions concerned with postal affairs, when incurred on the written authority of the Postmaster General, and not exceeding \$800 may be expended for expenses of the purchasing agent and of the solicitor and attorneys connected with his office while traveling on business of the department.

Postage. Vol. 44, pp. 2243, 2245.

Attendance at meetings.

Eurniture, etc. Printing and binding.

Field service approoriations not to be used for department.

Provisos. Traveling expenses payable from service appropriations.

Use in examining field estimates.

For furniture and filing cabinets, \$7,500. For printing and binding for the Post Office Department, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located in Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, \$1,140,000.

Reimbursement for heating, etc., Washington City Post Office Dullding.

For reimbursement of the Government Printing Office or Capitol power plant for the cost of furnishing steam for heating and electric Building. current for lighting and power to the Post Office Department Building at Massachusetts Avenue and North Capitol Street, District of Columbia, \$40,000.

> Appropriations hereinafter made for the field service of the Post Office Department, except as otherwise provided, shall not be expended for any of the purposes hereinbefore provided for on account of the Post Office Department in the District of Columbia: Provided, That the actual and necessary expenses of officials and employees of the Post Office Department and Postal Service, when traveling on official business, may continue to be paid from the appropriations for the service in connection with which the travel is performed, and appropriations for the fiscal year 1933 of the character heretofore used for such purposes shall be available therefor: Provided further, That appropriations hereinafter made, except such as are exclusively for payment of compensation, shall be immediately available for expenses in connection with the examination of estimates for appropriations in the field including per diem allowances in lieu of actual expenses of subsistence.

FIELD SERVICE, POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL

Field service.

Postmaster General.

For gas, electric power, and light, and the repair of machinery, Equipment shops United States Post Office Department equipment shops building,

\$5,500.

The Postmaster General is hereby authorized to pay a cash reward Cash rewards to employees for inventions for any invention, suggestion, or series of suggestions for an imimproving the service. provement or economy in device, design, or process applicable to the Postal Service submitted by one or more employees of the Post Office Department or the Postal Service which shall be adopted for use and will clearly effect a material economy or increase efficiency, and for that purpose the sum of \$1,500 is hereby appropriated: Provided, That the sums so paid to employees in accordance with this Act, shall be in addition to their usual compensation: Provided pay.

Additional to regular further, That the total amount paid under the provisions of this Act

Amounts limited. shall not exceed \$1,000 in any month or for any one invention or suggestion: Provided further, That no employee shall be paid a reward under this Act until he has properly executed an agreement, to the effect that the use by the United States of the invention, suggestion, or series of suggestions made by him shall not form the basis of a further claim of any nature upon the United States by him, his heirs, or assigns: Provided further, That this appropriation Appropriation restricted. shall be available for no other purpose.

Additional to regular

Agreement for Government use required.

For the transportation and delivery of equipment, materials, and Shipment of equipment, etc. supplies for the Post Office Department and Postal Service by freight, express, or motor transportation, and other incidental ex-

penses, \$425,000. For travel and miscellaneous expenses in the Postal Service, office

of the Postmaster General, \$1,000.

Travel, etc.

To enable the Postmaster General to pay claims for damages, occurring during the fiscal year 1933 or in prior fiscal years, to persons or property in accordance with the provisions of the Deficiency Appropriation Act approved June 16, 1921 (U. S. C., title 5, sec. 392), \$18,000.

Damage claims. Vol. 42, p. 63. U. S. C., p. 50.

Office of Chief Inspector: For salaries of fifteen inspectors in charge of divisions, at \$4,500 each; and five hundred and twentyInspectors.

five inspectors, \$1,981,950; in all, \$2,049,450.

For traveling expenses of inspectors, inspectors in charge, the investigations of chief post-office inspector, and the assistant chief post-office inspector, and for the traveling expenses of four clerks performing steno-graphic and clerical assistance to post-office inspectors in the investigation of important fraud cases, and for tests, exhibits, documents, photographs, office and other necessary expenses incurred by post-office inspectors in connection with their official investigations, \$510,000: Provided, That not exceeding \$26,440 of this sum shall be available for transfer by the Postmaster General to other cal investigations. departments and independent establishments for chemical and other investigations.

For necessary miscellaneous expenses of division headquarters, \$14,000.

Miscellaneous.

Clerks at division For compensation of one hundred and thirty clerks at division headquarters.

headquarters, \$328,000.

Rewards for detect-

For payment of rewards for the detection, arrest, and conviction ing law violations. of post-office burglars, robbers, and highway mail robbers, \$45,000: Provided, That rewards may be paid, in the discretion of the Postmaster General, when an offender of the class mentioned was killed in the act of committing the crime or in resisting lawful arrest:

Death of offender.

Rates limited.

Securing information.

Provided further, That no part of this sum shall be used to pay any rewards at rates in excess of those specified in Post Office Department Order 9955, dated February 28, 1930: Provided further, That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed \$20,000 may be expended, in the discretion of the Postmaster General, for the purpose of securing information concerning violations of the postal laws and for services and information looking toward the apprehension of criminals.

First Assistant Post-master General.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Postmasters, etc.

For compensation to postmasters and for allowances for rent, light, fuel, and equipment to postmasters of the fourth class, \$50,800,000.

Assistant post-

For compensation to assistant postmasters at first and second class

Clerks, etc., first and second class offices.

Post offices, \$7,140,000.

For compensation to For compensation to clerks and employees at first and second class post offices, including auxiliary clerk hire at summer and winter post offices, printers, mechanics, skilled laborers, watchmen, messengers, laborers, and substitutes, \$182,325,000.

Contract station Separating mails.

For compensation to clerks in charge of contract stations, \$1,900,000.

For separating mails at third and fourth class post offices. \$480,000.

Unusual conditions. Clerks, third class

For unusual conditions at post offices, \$75,000.

For allowances to third-class post offices to cover the cost of clerical services, \$8,500,000.

Miscellaneous, first and second class offices.

For miscellaneous items necessary and incidental to the operation and protection of post offices of the first and second classes, and the business conducted in connection therewith, not provided for in other appropriations, \$2,250,000.

Village delivery.

For village delivery service in towns and villages having post offices of the second or third class, and in communities adjacent to cities having city delivery, \$1,500,000.

Detroit River service. Car fare and bicycles.

For Detroit River postal service, \$16,900.

For car fare and bicycle allowance, including special-delivery car fare, \$1,380,000.

City delivery, car-Special delivery, fees. Rural Delivery Serv-

For pay of letter carriers, City Delivery Service, \$127,000,000. For fees to special-delivery messengers, \$8,450,000.

For pay of rural carriers, auxiliary carriers, substitutes for rural carriers on annual and sick leave, clerks in charge of rural stations, and tolls and ferriage, Rural Delivery Service, and for the incidental expenses thereof, \$106,000,000.

Travel, etc.

For travel and miscellaneous expenses in the Postal Service, office of the First Assistant Postmaster General, \$1,000.

Second Assistant Postmaster General.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

Star routes, except Alaska.

For inland transportation by star routes (excepting service in Alaska), including temporary service to newly established offices, and not to exceed \$200,000 for Government-operated star-route service, \$14,500,000.

Star routes, Alaska, Steamboat, etc.,

For inland transportation by star routes in Alaska, \$150,000. For inland transportation by steamboat or other power-boat

Railroad routes and

routes, including ship, steamboat, and way letters, \$1,410,000.

messenger service. Provisos. Freight train con-

For inland transportation by railroad routes and for mail-messenger service, \$115,000,000: Provided, That not to exceed \$1,500,000 of this appropriation may be expended for pay of freight and incidental charges for the transportation of mails conveyed under special arrangement in freight trains or otherwise: Provided further, Counting, Counting, That separate accounts be kept of the amount expended for mail-That separate accounts be kept of the state of the may be expended Services in the Dismessenger service: Provided further, That there may be expended trict.

Services in the District.

You 39, p. 429; Vol. from this appropriation for clerical and other assistance in the 40, 39, p. 429; Vol. District of Columbia not exceeding the sum of \$82,000 to carry out U. S. C., pp. 1269, the provisions of section 5 of the Act of July 28, 1916 (U. S. C., 1286. title 39, sec. 562) (the space basis Act), and not exceeding the sum of \$40,400 to carry out the provisions of section 214 of the Act of February 28, 1925 (U.S. C., title 39, sec. 826) (cost ascertainment).

Railway Mail Service: For fifteen division superintendents, fif- Railway Mail Servteen assistant division superintendents, two assistant superintendents Division intendents. at large, one assistant superintendent in charge of car construction, one hundred and twenty-one chief clerks, one hundred and twentyone assistant chief clerks, clerks in charge of sections in the offices of division superintendents, railway postal clerks, substitute railway postal clerks, joint employees, and laborers in the Railway Mail Service, \$58,430,000.

For travel allowance to railway postal clerks and substitute rail-clerks.

way postal clerks, \$3,900,000.

For actual and necessary expenses, general superintendent and headquarters. assistant general superintendent, division superintendents, assistant division superintendents, assistant superintendents, chief clerks, and assistant chief clerks, Railway Mail Service, and railway postal clerks, while actually traveling on business of the Post Office Department and away from their several designated headquarters, \$60,000.

For rent, light, heat, fuel, telegraph, miscellaneous and office expenses, telephone service, badges for railway postal clerks, for the purchase or rental of arms and miscellaneous items necessary for the protection of the mails, and rental of space for terminal railway post offices for the distribution of mails when the furnishing of space for such distribution can not, under the Postal Laws and Regulations, properly be required of railroad companies without additional compensation, and for equipment and miscellaneous items necessary to terminal railway post offices, \$1,100,000.

For electric and cable service, \$500,000.

For transportation of foreign mails by steamship, aircraft, or Vol. 41, p. 988; Vol. otherwise, including the cost of advertising in connection with the 45, p. 689. U. S. C., p. 1537; award of contracts authorized by the Merchant Marine Act of 1928 supp. V, p. 657. For transportation of foreign mails by steamship, aircraft, or (U. S. C., title 46, secs. 861-889; Supp. V, title 46, secs. 886-891x), \$38,695,600: Provided, That not to exceed \$7,000,000 of this sum may be expended for carrying foreign mail by aircraft under contracts which will not create obligations for the fiscal year 1934 in excess of \$7,000,000: Provided further, That the Postmaster General is authorized to expend such sums as may be necessary, not to exceed \$250,000 to cover the cost to the United States for maintaining sea post service on ocean steamships conveying the mails to and from the United States and not to exceed \$3,600 for the salary of the Assis-Assistant Director Postal tant Director, Division of International Postal Service, with head. Service Division. quarters at New York City.

For balances due foreign countries, \$1,400,000.

For travel and miscellaneous expenses in the Postal Service, office

of the Second Assistant Postmaster General, \$1,200.

For the inland transportation of mail by aircraft, under contract land service.

Aircraft contract, inas authorized by law, and for the incidental expenses thereof, including not to exceed \$30,000 for supervisory officials and clerks at air mail transfer points, and not to exceed \$41,780 for personal services in the District of Columbia and incidental and travel expenses, \$19,460,000.

Messenger service ac-

Travel allowance to

Miscellaneous.

Arms for mail pro-Rent, etc., terminal

Electric and cable Foreign mails.

Proviso. Aircraft allowance.

Sea post service.

Balances due foreign

Travel, etc.

Indemnity, lost international mail.

For payment of limited indemnity for the injury or loss of international mail in accordance with convention, treaty, or agreement stipulations, \$20,000.

Third Assistant Post-master General.

Stamps, stamped envelopes, postal cards,

Distributing agency.

Indemnity, lost domestic mail

Travel, etc.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General. Stationery, etc.

Postal Savings System supplies.

Bond expenses. Vol. 36, p. 917, U. S. C., p. 1282.

Miscellaneous equipment and supplies.

Letter boxes. stamps.

Post route maps.

Sale of maps.

Proviso. Furniture, etc., thirdclass offices.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

For manufacture of adhesive postage stamps, special-delivery stamps, books of stamps, stamped envelopes, newspaper wrappers, postal cards, and for coiling of stamps, \$5,400,000.

For pay of agent and assistants to examine and distribute stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, and expenses of agency, \$23,750.

For payment of limited indemnity for the injury or loss of pieces of domestic registered matter, insured and collect-on-delivery mail, and for failure to remit collect-on-delivery charges, \$1,000,000.

For travel and miscellaneous expenses in the Postal Service, office

of the Third Assistant Postmaster General, \$1,000.

OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER GENERAL

For stationery for the Postal Service, including the money-order and registry systems; and also for the purchase of supplies for the Postal Savings System, including rubber stamps, canceling devices, certificates, envelopes and stamps for use in evidencing deposits, and free penalty envelopes; and for the reimbursement of the Secretary of the Treasury for expenses incident to the preparation, issue, and registration of the bonds authorized by the Act of June 25, 1910

(U. S. C., title 39, sec. 760), \$650,000.

For miscellaneous equipment and supplies, including the purchase and repair of furniture, package boxes, posts, trucks, baskets, satchels, straps, letter-box paint, baling machines, perforating machines, duplicating machines, printing presses, directories, cleaning supplies, and the manufacture, repair, and exchange of equipment, the erection and painting of letter-box equipment, and for the purchase and repair of presses and dies for use in the manufacture of letter boxes; for Postmarking, etc., postmarking, rating, money-order stamps, and electrotype plates and repairs to same; metal, rubber, and combination type, dates and figures, type holders, ink pads for canceling and stamping purposes, and for the purchase, exchange, and repair of typewriting machines, envelope-opening machines, and computing machines, copying presses, numbering machines, time recorders, letter balances, scales (exclusive of dormant or built-in platform scales in Federal buildings), test weights, and miscellaneous articles purchased and furnished directly to the Postal Service, including complete equipment and furniture for post offices in leased quarters; for miscellaneous expenses in the preparation and publication of post-route maps and rural-delivery maps or blue prints, including tracing for photolithographic reproduction; for other expenditures necessary and incidental to post offices of the first, second, and third classes, and offices of the fourth class having or to have rural-delivery service, and for letter boxes, \$1,700,000; and the Postmaster General may authorize the sale to the public of post-route maps and rural-delivery maps or blue prints at the cost of printing and 10 per centum thereof added; of this amount \$1,500 may be expended in the purchase of atlases and geographical and technical works: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for the purchase of furniture and complete equipment for third-class post offices except miscellaneous equipment of the general character furnished such offices during the fiscal year 1931.

Twine, etc. For wrapping twine and tying devices, \$330,000.

For expenses incident to the shipment of supplies, including hardware, boxing, packing, and not exceeding \$54,100 for the pay of employees in connection therewith in the District of Columbia, **\$65,000.**

For rental, purchase, exchange, and repair of canceling machines saving devices, etc. and motors, mechanical mail-handling apparatus, and other laborsaving devices, including cost of power in rented buildings and mis-

cellaneous expenses of installation and operation of same, including salaries of seven traveling mechanicians and thirty-nine scale cians, etc. mechanicians, and for traveling expenses, \$550,000.

For the purchase, manufacture, and repair of mail bags and other mail containers and attachments, mail locks, keys, chains, tools, machinery, and material necessary for same, and for incidental expenses pertaining thereto; also material, machinery, and tools necessary for the manufacture and repair in the equipment shops materials, etc. at Washington, District of Columbia, of such other equipment for the Postal Service as may be deemed expedient; for compensation to labor employed in the equipment shops at Washington, District of Columbia, \$1,450,000, of which not to exceed \$675,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia: Provided, That out of this appropriation the Postmaster General is authorized to use as much of the sum, not exceeding \$15,000, as may be deemed necessary for the purchase of material and the manufacture in the equipment shops of such small quantities of distinctive equipments as may be required by other executive departments; and for service in Alaska, Porto Rico, Philippine Islands, Hawaii, or other island possessions.

For rent, light, fuel, and water for first, second, and third class first, second, and third post offices, and the cost of advertising for lease proposals for such class offices.

offices, \$17,500,000.

For the transmission of mail by pneumatic tubes or other similar New York City. devices in the city of New York, including the Borough of Brooklyn of the city of New York, at an annual rate not in excess of \$19,500 per mile of double line of tubes, including power, labor,

and all other operating expenses, \$516,000.

For the rental of not exceeding two miles of pneumatic tubes, not including labor and power in operating the same, for the transmission of mail in the city of Boston, Massachusetts, \$24,000: Prowided, That the provisions not inconsistent herewith of the Acts of ble. Provisions application wided, That the provisions not inconsistent herewith of the Acts of ble. Provisions applications with 20 and May 27, 1908 (U.S. Vol. 32, p. 114; Vol. 35, April 21, 1902 (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 423), and May 27, 1908 (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 423), relating to the transmission of mail by pneumatic tubes or other similar devices shall be applicable hereto.

For vehicle allowance, the hiring of drivers, the rental of vehicles, and the purchase and exchange and maintenance, including stable and garage facilities, of wagons or automobiles for, and the operation of, screen-wagon and city delivery and collection service, \$16,500,000: Provided, That the Postmaster General may, in his disbursement of this appropriation, apply a part thereof to the leasing of quarters for the housing of Government-owned automobiles at a reasonable annual rental for a term not exceeding ten years: Provided further, That this appropriation is available for the maintenance of the Government-owned post-office garage at Washington, District of Columbia, including such changes and additions to the mechanical equipment as, in the opinion of the Postmaster General, may be necessary: Provided further, That the trucks. Postmaster General, during the fiscal year 1933, may purchase and maintain from the appropriation "Vehicle service" such tractors and trailer trucks as may be required in the operation of the screen-

Shipping supplies.

Canceling and labor-

Traveling mechani-

Mail bags, locks, etc.

Equipment shops,

Labor.

Services in the Dis-

Services in the District.

Proviso.
Distinctive equipment for departments,
Alaska, and island possessions.

Boston, Mass.

Provisop. 412. U. S. C., p. 1260.

Vehicle allowance for delivery, collection, etc.

Provisos. Rental of garages.

Garage at Washington, D. C.

Tractors and trailer

Restriction.

wagon and city delivery and collection service: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended for maintenance or repair of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles for use in connection with the administrative work of the Post Office Department in the District of Columbia.

Travel, etc.

terials.

For travel and miscellaneous expenses in the Postal Service, office

of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, \$4,500.

Sums transferred to Standards Bureau for investigations of ma-In the disbursement of appropriations contained in this Act for the field service of the Post Office Department the Postmaster General may transfer to the Bureau of Standards not to exceed \$20,000 for scientific investigations in connection with the purchase of materials, equipment, and supplies necessary in the maintenance

and operation of the Postal Service.

Appropriations from Treasury for field service to supply deficien-

If the revenues of the Post Office Department shall be insufficient to meet the appropriations made under Title II of this Act, a sum equal to such deficiency in the revenues of such department is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply such deficiency in the revenues of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and the sum needed may be advanced to the Post Office Depart-

ment upon requisition of the Postmaster General.

Travel expenses of civilians authorized when transferred from official stations.

Sec. 2. Appropriations for the fiscal year 1933 available for expenses of travel of civilian officers and employees of the executive departments and establishments shall be available also for expenses of travel performed by them on transfer from one official station to another when authorized by the head of the department or establishment concerned in the order directing such transfer: Provided, That such expenses shall not be allowed for any transfer effected for the convenience of any officer or employee.

Proniso. Restriction.

Motor-vehicle ex-Maintenance, etc.

SEC. 3. Expenditures from appropriations made herein for the maintenance, upkeep, and repair, exclusive of garage rent, pay of operator, fuel and lubricants, on any one passenger-carrying vehicle used by the Treasury or Post Office Department shall not exceed one-third of the market price of a new vehicle of the same make or class and in any case more than \$500. Sec. 4. No part of any money appropriated by this Act shall

Purchase, exchange,

be used for purchasing any motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle (except busses, station wagons, and ambulances) at a cost, delivered and completely equipped for operation, in excess of \$750, including the value of a vehicle exchanged where exchange is involved; nor shall any money appropriated herein be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only when the same is approved by the head of the department. This section shall not apply to any motor vehicle

Use restricted.

Exemptions.

Sec. 5. In the expenditure of appropriations in this Act or appropriations hereafter made, the Secretary of the Treasury in the case of the Treasury Department, and the Postmaster General in the case of the Post Office Department, shall, unless in his discretion the interest of the Government will not permit, purchase, or contract for, within the limits of the United States, only articles of the growth, production, or manufacture of the United States, notwithstanding that such articles of the growth, production, or manu-

for official use of the Secretary of the Treasury or the Postmaster

Purchase, etc., of articles, the growth, etc., of United States.

General.

facture of the United States may cost more, if such excess of cost be not unreasonable. In giving effect to this section special con- Manufactured artisideration shall be given to the domestic article where the raw materials. material of which the article is made is grown in the United States

and the article is manufactured in the United States.

Sec. 6. The United States Bureau of Efficiency is authorized and motor book directed to prepare and submit to Congress on the first day of the Bureau on Governnext regular session a report showing the make, year, type, annual ment-owned, in field mileage, useful purpose, assignment, and other similar pertinent information relative to each Government-owned passenger automobile and motor boat in the custody of the several field services on To include the services on vehicles. June 30, 1932, and shall indicate in such report which of such vehicles were forfeited to the United States for violation of law.

SEC. 7. No part of any appropriation made by this Act shall be striction. used to pay the actual expenses of subsistence in excess of \$6 each for any one calendar day or per diem allowance for subsistence in excess of the rate of \$5 for any one calendar day to any officer or employee of the United States, and payment accordingly shall be in full, notwithstanding any other statutory provision.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

Motor vehicles and

To include forfeited

Subsistence, etc., re-

[CHAPTER 431.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Authorizing the distribution of Government-owned wheat and cotton to the American National Red Cross and other organizations for relief of distress.

July 5, 1932. [H. J. Res. 418.] [Pub. Res., No. 33.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal wheat and cotton.

Farm Board is authorized and directed to take such action as may be necessary to deliver to the American National Red Cross, and any other organization designated by the American National Red Cross, etc., for use of the needy, authorized. on July 1, 1932, or as soon thereafter as may be practicable, fortyfive million bushels of wheat of the Grain Stabilization Corporation and five hundred thousand bales of cotton of the Cotton Stabilization Corporation, for use in providing food, cloth, and wearing apparel for the needy and distressed people, and in providing feed crop-failure areas. for livestock in the 1932 crop-failure areas, after the needs of human consumption have been taken care of, in the opinion of the director of the Red Cross, of the United States and Territories. Such wheat or cotton shall be delivered upon application therefor, but only upon President's approval. the approval of the President of the United States, and in such amounts to each organization as the President may approve.

SEC. 2. No part of the expenses incident to the delivery, receipt, and distribution of such wheat or cotton shall be borne by the United States or the Federal Farm Board. In order to carry out the purposes of this resolution such wheat or the products thereof may be milled or processed into, or exchanged for, flour of any kind, bread, or food, provided, in making such exchange, preference shall be given whenever practicable to foods of which wheat products are a substantial ingredient, or cotton may be manufactured into or exchanged for cloth, or wearing apparel, or other articles of clothing, made of cotton; but such milling, processing, or manufacturing mill profit. shall be without profit to any mill, organization, or other person.

SEC. 3. In so far as wheat or cotton is donated to relief agencies Cotton Stabilization by the Grain Stabilization Corporation or the Cotton Stabilization Boards. Corporation under this resolution the Federal Farm Board is authof, covered by actual orized to cancel such part of its loans to such corporation as equals delivery cancelled. the proportionate part of said loans represented by the wheat or cotton delivered hereunder, less the current market value of the wheat

Government - owned

Feed for livestock in

No Federal expense.

Processing or ex-

Milling, etc., without

Sums authorized for purposes specified.

Post, pp. 741, 798. Vol. 46, p. 11.

Deductions to be or cotton delivered; and to deduct the amount of such loans canceled from the amount of the revolving fund established by the Agricultural Marketing Act. To carry out the provisions of this resolution, such sums as may be necessary are hereby authorized to be appropriated and made immediately available to the Federal Farm Board to be used solely for the following purposes:

(a) For advancing to such corporations amounts to repay loans held by commercial or intermediate credit banks against wheat or cotton which would be released for donations under this resolution.

(b) For reimbursing each such corporation for its net equity in the wheat or cotton used for donations under this resolution, accord-

ing to the current market value at the time of the donation.

(c) For meeting carrying and handling charges, and interest payments on commercial or intermediate credit bank loans, on or against wheat and cotton which would be released for donations under this resolution between the date of its approval and the delivery of the wheat or cotton to the American National Red Cross or other organization.

Administration.

Sec. 4. The Federal Farm Board shall execute its functions under this resolution through its usual administrative staff, and such additional clerical assistance as may be found necessary, without additional appropriations beyond its usual administrative appropriation under the Agricultural Marketing Act.

Approved, July 5, 1932.

[CHAPTER 432.]

AN ACT

July 6, 1932. [S. 4759.] [Public, No. 264.]

D.

Vol. 46, amended.

Amendment.

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Florence, Nebraska.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Missouri River. Time extended for bridging, at Florence, United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River at or near Florence, Nebraska, authorized to be built by the Omaha-Council Bluffs Missouri River Bridge Board of 156, Trustees by Act of Congress approved June 10, 1930, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from June 10, 1932.

Sec. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, July 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 433.]

AN ACT

July 6, 1932. [S. 4874.] [Public, No. 265.]

To grant a right of way or easement over lands of the United States within the Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge to the Savanna-Sabula Bridge Company, a corporation, for the construction, maintenance, and operation of a highway between Savanna, Illinois, and Sabula, Iowa.

Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge.

Savanna-Sabula Bridge Company granted right of way over lands within, for highway highway. Vol. 46, p. 542.

Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to facilitate the construction, maintenance, and operation of a highway, connected with the bridge across the Mississippi River at Savanna, Illinois, authorized by section 2 of the Act of Congress of June 10, (Public Numbered 330, Seventy-first Congress), between Savanna, Illinois, and Sabula, Iowa, there is hereby granted to the Savanna-Sabula Bridge Company, a corporation, its successors and assigns, a right of way or easement for highway purposes not exceeding three hundred and twenty-five feet in width over lands of the United States in section 8, township 84 north, range 7 east, fifth

principal meridian, in Jackson County, Iowa, reserved or acquired for the purposes of the Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge, said right of way or easement being located as shown on "Plan of bridge site and new roadway for Savanna-Sabula Bridge project, November 16, 1931," attached to and made a part of a certain agreement entered into on the 23d day of December, 1931, between the said Savanna-Sabula Bridge Company and E. C. Hotchkiss, acting superintendent, Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge, pursuant to a certain permit issued to the said Savanna-Sabula Bridge Company by the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of Commerce November 30, 1931, to construct, maintain, and operate the aforesaid highway over the aforesaid lands of the United States in the Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge: Provided, That there is reserved to the United States in perpetuity, control of all game, fur-bearing animals, wild birds, and other wild life on the right of way or easement herein granted, and such right of way or easement shall at all times be subject to regulations prescribed under authority of the Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge Act of June 7, 1924 (U. S. C., title 16, ch. 8): Provided further, That in consideration of the granting of this right of way or easement no toll or other charge shall be exacted by the grantee, its successors or assigns, from any of the officers and employees of the United States, including their vehicles, for traversing the aforesaid bridge, or the highway or approach thereto or the right of way or easement hereby granted, while on official duty: And provided further, That said right of way or easement shall not be used, except by special permission of the Secretary of Agriculture, for any purpose other than the construction, maintenance, and operation of said highway, including the fencing of said right of way and diversion of the water in the adjacent stream: Provided further, That the grantee shall at all times permit officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture and the Department of Commerce, of the United States, when in discharge of their official duties in relation to said Upper Mississippi Wild Life and Fish Refuge, free and unobstructed access to, through, and over said highway.

Sec. 2. The right to sell, assign, transfer, and mortgage all the rights, powers, and privileges conferred by this Act is hereby granted to the Savanna-Sabula Bridge Company, its successors and assigns; and any corporation or person to which or to whom such rights, powers, and privileges may be sold, assigned, or transferred, or who shall acquire the same by mortgage foreclosure or otherwise, is hereby authorized and empowered to exercise the same as fully as though conferred herein directly upon such corporation or person.

SEC. 3. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, July 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 434.]

AN ACT

To amend the sixth exception in section 3 of the Immigration Act of 1924 with _ reference to nonimmigrant status of certain aliens.

July 6, 1932. [H. R. 8766.] [Public, No. 266.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representation 3 (6) Immigration Act of United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 (6) Immigration Act of 1924. Nonimmigrant states of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 (6) Immigration Act of 1924. "(6) An alien entitled to enter the United States solely to carry tus. Vol.

on trade between the United States and the foreign state of which he amended.

Vol. 43, p. 650. U. S. C., p. 437. No tolls of officers, etc., on official business.

Conditions.

rovisos. Rights reserved.

Access.

Rights to sell, etc., conferred.

Amendment.

Entries under treaties, to engage in trade.

is a national under and in pursuance of the provisions of a treaty of commerce and navigation, and his wife, and his unmarried children under twenty-one years of age, if accompanying or following to join him."

Approved, July 6, 1932.

[CHAPTER 441.]

AN ACT

July 7, 1932. [H. R. 437.] [Public, No. 267.]

To require a contractor to whom is awarded any contract for public buildings or other public works or for repairs or improvements thereon for the District of Columbia to give bond for the faithful performance of the contract, for the protection of persons furnishing labor and materials, and for other purposes.

Contractors on public works.

Penal bond to include security for labor and material.

Vol. 30, p. 906.

Rights of persons, etc., furnishing labor,

Payments where bond insufficient.

Action for labor or material furnished.

Jurisdiction.

Commencement suit.

Creditors limited to single action.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the District of Columbia. United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person or persons entering into a formal contract with the District of Columbia for the construction of any public building, or the prosecution and completion of any public work, or for alteration and/or repairs, including painting and decorating, upon any public building or public work, shall be required, before commencing such work, to execute the usual penal bond in an amount not less than the contract price, with good and sufficient sureties, with the additional obligation that such contractor or contractors shall promptly make payments to all persons supplying him or them with labor and materials in the prosecution of the work provided for in such contract; and any person, company, or corporation who has furnished labor or materials used in the construction or repair of any public building or public work, and payment for which has not been made, shall have the right to intervene and be made a party to any action instituted by the District of Columbia on the bond of the contractor, and to have their rights and claims adjudicated in such action and judgment rendered thereon, subject, however, to the priority of the claim and judgment of the District of Columbia.

If the full amount of the liability of the surety on said bond is insufficient to pay the full amount of said claims and demands, then. after paying the full amount due the District of Columbia, the remainder shall be distributed pro rata among said interveners. If no suit should be brought by the District of Columbia within six months from the completion and final settlement of said contract, then the person or persons supplying the contractor with labor and materials shall, upon application therefor, and furnishing affidavit to the District of Columbia that labor or materials for the prosecution of such work has been supplied by him or them, and payment for which has not been made, be furnished with a certified copy of said contract and bond, upon which he or they shall have a right of action, and shall be, and are hereby, authorized to bring suit in the name of the District of Columbia in the Supreme Court in the District of Columbia, irrespective of the amount in controversy in such suit, and not elsewhere for his or their use and benefit, against said contractor and his sureties, and to prosecute the same to final of judgment and execution: Provided, That where suit is instituted by any of such creditors on the bond of the contractor it shall not be commenced until after the complete performance of said contract and final settlement thereof, and shall be commenced within one year after the performance and final settlement of said contract, and not later: Provided further, That where a suit is instituted by a creditor or by creditors, only one action shall be brought, and any creditor may file his claim in such action and be made party thereto within one year from the completion of the work under said contract, and

not later. If the recovery on the bond should be inadequate to pay the amounts found due to all of said creditors, judgment shall be bond is inadequate. given to each creditor pro rata of the amount of the recovery. The surety on said bond may pay into the registry of said court, for distribution among said claimants and creditors, the full amount of the sureties' liability, to wit, the penalty named in the bond, less any amount which said surety may have had to pay to the District of Columbia by reason of the execution of said bond, and upon so doing the surety will be relieved from further liability: And provided further, That in all suits instituted under the provisions of this Act such personal notice of the pendency of such suits, informing them of their right to intervene as the court may order, shall be given to all known creditors, and in addition thereto notice of pub-tional. lication in some newspaper of general circulation, published in the District of Columbia, for at least three successive weeks, the last publication to be at least three months before the time limited therefor.

Payment by surety.

Personal notice to creditors.

Public notice addi-

Approved, July 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 442.]

AN ACT

To amend section 18 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish standard weights and measures for the District of Columbia; to define the duties of the Superintendent of Weights, Measures, and Markets of the District of Columbia; and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1921.

July 7, 1932. [H. R. 461.] [Public, No. 268.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 18 of Standard weights and measures and measures.

District of Columbia. Standard weights and measures and measures. for the district of Columbia; to define the duties of the Superintend- amended. ent of Weights, Measures, and Markets of the District of Columbia; and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1921, be, and the same hereby is, amended by adding thereto a subsection to be known as section 18a to read as follows:

"Sec. 18a. That the standard measure for ice cream, sherbet, and capacities of trozen similar frozen food products shall be of the following capacities: fied. One-half pint, pint, quart, half gallon, gallon, two gallons, two and one-half gallons, and multiples of the gallon; and no person shall use in determining the quantity of ice cream kept for sale, offered for sale, or sold in the District of Columbia any measure of other than the foregoing capacities."

Approved, July 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 443.]

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending, June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

July 7, 1932. [H. R. 7912.] [Public, No. 269.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not fiscal year 1933. otherwise appropriated, for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, namely:

Department of Agri-

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Secretary's office.

SALARIES

For Secretary of Agriculture, \$15,000; Assistant Secretary, and office and field person-for other personal services in the District of Columbia, including nel, extra labor, etc. \$7,294 for extra labor and emergency employments, and for personal

addition thereto, this appropriation may be reimbursed for the cost

Depart services in the field, \$806,547; in all, \$821,547: Provided, That in Cleaning ment buildings.

Salaries limited average rates u Classification Act.

Vol. 42, p. 1488; Vol. 45, p. 776; Vol. 46, p. 1093.

U. S. C., p. 65; Supp. V, p. 28. Exception.

Restriction not applicable to clerical-me-chanical services.

salaries.

Vol. 42, p. 1490.

Transfers to another position without reduc-

Higher salary rates permitted.

If only one position in a grade.

Contracts for stenographic reporting.

abroad.

Vol. 46, p. 818, U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 19.

Issuing predictions, etc., of future prices of cotton forbidden.

Mechanical, etc., shops.

trend of same.

of such additional employments as may be necessary for cleaning, in whole or in part, of buildings of the Department of Agriculture under in the city of Washington, from the appropriations made for the bureaus or offices for which such service is performed: Provided further, That in expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, with the exception of the Assistant Secretary, the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: Provided fur-No reduction in fixed ther, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and dearles.

4 of the clerical-mechanical service, or (2) to require the reduction in salary of any person whose compensation was fixed, as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different grade, in the same or different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to prevent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923 as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any person in a grade in which only one position is allocated: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to contract for stenographic reporting services, and the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for such Purchase of options purposes: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to expend from appropriations available for the purchase Allowances for living of lands not to exceed \$1 for each option to purchase any particular quarters, etc., stationed tract or tracts of land: Provided further, That not to exceed \$55,000 of the appropriations available for salaries and expenses of officers and employees of the Department of Agriculture permanently stationed in foreign countries may be used for payment of allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 5, sec. 118a): Provided further, That no part of the funds appropriated by this Act shall be used for the payment of any officer or employee of the Department of Agriculture who, as such officer or employee, or on behalf of the department or any division, commission, or bureau thereof, issues, or causes to be issued, any prediction, oral

> For salaries and compensation of necessary employees in the mechanical shops and power plant of the Department of Agriculture, \$125,000.

> or written, or forecast with respect to future prices of cotton or the

MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Department contingent expenses.

For stationery, blank books, twine, paper, gum, dry goods, soap, brushes, brooms, mats, oils, paints, glass, lumber, hardware, ice, fuel water and gas pipes, heating apparatus, furniture, carpets, and mattings; for lights, freight, express charges, advertising and press clippings, telegraphing, telephoning, postage, washing towels, and necessary repairs and improvements to buildings and heating apparatus; for the maintenance, repair, and operation of not to exceed three (including one for the Secretary of Agriculture, one

Motor-vehicle restrictions.

for general utility needs of the entire department, and one for the Forest Service) and purchase and exchange of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle and one motor cycle for official purposes only; for the payment of the Department of Agriculture's proportionate share of the expense of the dispatch agent in New York; for York official traveling expenses, including examination of estimates for appropriations in the field for any bureau, office, or service of the department; and for other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the department, which are authorized by such officer as the Secretary may designate, \$190,000: Provided, That in connection of stationery, supplies, Secretary may designate, \$190,000: rrownew, 11140 M. S. C., etc., visit activities authorized in the Act of August 10, 1912 (U. S. C., etc., vol. 37, p. 296. Vol. 37, p. 296. Vol. 87, p. 58. 1933, may maintain stocks of stationery, supplies, equipment, and miscellaneous materials sufficient to meet, in whole or in part, tionsfor, may reimburge requirements of the bureaus and offices of the department in the city current funds for miscellaneous and also where and the appropriations made for such of Washington and elsewhere, and the appropriations made for such bureaus and offices for such stocks and for toilet-room supplies and materials and equipment used to clean, in whole or in part, the buildings occupied by the department in the city of Washington shall be available to reimburse the appropriation for miscellaneous expenses current at the time additional supplies and materials are procured for the general stock: Provided further, That the appropriations made hereunder shall be available for the payment of salaries of additional employees engaged in purchasing, storing, handling, packing, or shipping of supplies and the amount of such salaries shall be charged proportionally as a part of the cost of supplies issued: Provided further, That the facilities of the central house to avoid separate storehouse shall to the fullest extent practicable be used to make unnecessary maintenance of separate storehouse activities in the several bureaus of the department: Provided further, That a separate Separate schedule of transactions included schedule of expenditures, transfers of funds, or other transactions in annual Budget. hereunder shall be included in the annual Budget.

Dispatch agent, New

Additional services, handling, etc., supplies.

RENT OF BUILDINGS IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For rent of buildings and parts of buildings in the District of truet. Columbia, for use of the various bureaus, divisions, and offices of the Department of Agriculture, \$70,000, in addition to which the Secretary of Agriculture, if found necessary, may enter into leases not to exceed \$35,000: Provided, That only such part of this sum shall be available to pay rent for space which can not be furnished by the Public Buildings Commission in Government buildings located in the District of Columbia.

Total, Office of the Secretary, \$1,206,547.

Rent.

Buildings in the Dis-

Proviso.
Restriction.

OFFICE OF INFORMATION

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

For necessary expenses in connection with the publication, indexing, illustration, and distribution of bulletins, documents, and reports, including labor-saving machinery and supplies, envelopes, stationery and materials, office furniture and fixtures, photographic equipment and materials, artists' tools and supplies, telephone and telegraph service, freight and express charges; purchase and maintenance of bicycles; purchase of manuscripts; traveling expenses; electrotypes, illustrations, and other expenses not otherwise provided for, \$410,800, Information Office.

Salaries and expenses.

of which not to exceed \$387,560 may be used for personal services in the District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 1923 as amended.

PRINTING AND BINDING

Printing and binding.

Annual Report. Vol. 28, p. 612; Vol. 34, p. 825. U. S. C., pp. 1421, 1429.

Farmers' bulletins.

Exception. Vol. 40, p. 1270. U. S. C., pp. 1421,

Vol. 33, p. 583. U. S. C., p. 1435.

Soils Division reports.

Advance sheets each area surveyed to be printed. Distribution.

Edition to be held necessary. two years by Superintendent of Documents, be held for

For all printing and binding for the Department of Agriculture, including all of its bureaus, offices, institutions, and services located Washington, District of Columbia, and elsewhere, \$925,000, including the Annual Report of the Secretary of Agriculture, as required by the Act approved January 12, 1895 (U. S. C., title 44, secs. 111, 212-220, 222, 241, 244, 257), and in pursuance of the Joint Resolution Numbered 13, approved March 30, 1906 (U. S. C., title 44, secs. 214, 224), and also including not to exceed \$250,000 for farmers' bulletins, which shall be adapted to the interests of the people of the different sections of the country, an equal proportion of four-fifths of which shall be delivered to or sent out under the addressed franks furnished by the Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress, as they shall direct, but not including work done at the field printing plants of the Weather Bureau and the Forest Service authorized by the Joint Committee on Printing, in accordance with the Act approved March 1, 1919 (U.S. C., title 44, secs. 111, 220).

Public Resolution Numbered 9, Fifty-eighth Congress, first session, approved March 14, 1904 (U. S. C., title 44, sec. 290), is hereby amended by striking out all after the resolving clause and inserting

in lieu thereof the following:

"There shall be printed as soon as the manuscript can be prepared with the necessary maps and illustrations to accompany it a report on each soil area surveyed by the Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, Department of Agriculture, in the form of advance sheets bound in paper covers, of which not more than two hundred and fifty copies shall be for the use of each Senator from the State and not more than one thousand copies for the use of each Representative for the congressional district or districts in which a survey is made, the actual number to be determined on inquiry by the Secretary of Agriculture made to the aforesaid Senators and Representatives, and as many copies for the use of the Department of Agriculture as in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture are deemed The total congressional and department edition shall be held for two years by the Superintendent of Documents, who shall distribute the soil surveys within the above limitations according to the requests of the said Senators, Representatives, or depart-Disposition of rest ment, and at the expiration of the two-year period the residue of the edition shall be turned over to the Department of Agriculture."

Total, Office of Information, \$1,335,800, of which amount not to exceed \$387,560 may be expended for personal services in the Dis-

trict of Columbia.

Library.

LIBRARY, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Salaries and expenses.

Salaries and expenses: For purchase and exchange of books of reference, law books, technical and scientific books, periodicals, and for expenses incurred in completing imperfect series; not to exceed \$1,200 for newspapers, and when authorized by the Secretary of Agriculture for dues for library membership in societies or associations which issue publications to members only or at a price to members lower than to subscribers who are not members; for salaries in the city of Washington and elsewhere; for official traveling expenses, and for library fixtures, library cards, supplies, and for all other necessary expenses, \$106,100, of which amount not to exceed \$74,120 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

OFFICE OF EXPERIMENT STATIONS

Experiment Stations

PAYMENTS TO STATES, HAWAII, ALASKA, AND PORTO RICO FOR AGRICUL-TURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS

To carry into effect the provisions of an Act approved March 2, Support of experi-87 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 362, 363, 365, 368, 377–379), entitled Vol. 24, p. 440, U. S. C., p. 115. 1887 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 362, 363, 365, 368, 377-379), entitled "An Act to establish agricultural experiment stations in connection with the colleges established in the several States under the provisions of an Act approved July 2, 1862 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 301-308), and of the Acts supplementary thereto," the sums apportioned to the several States, to be paid quarterly in advance, \$720,000.

20,000.

To carry into effect the provisions of an Act approved March tional appropriations.

10,000 (34 Stat., p. 63), entitled "An Act to provide for an U.S. C., p. 115. 16, 1906 (34 Stat., p. 63), entitled "An Act to provide for an increased annual appropriation for agricultural experiment stations and regulating the expenditure thereof," and Acts supplementary thereto, the sums apportioned to the several States, to be paid quar-

terly in advance, \$720,000.

To carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to authorize the more complete endowment of agricultural experiment stations," approved February 24, 1925 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 361, 366, 370, 371, 373-376, 380, 382), \$2,880,000.

To carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act Hawaii, Vol. 45, p. 571. to extend the benefits of certain Acts of Congress to the Territory U. 8. C., Supp. v, of Hawaii," approved May 16, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7, p. 50.

secs. 386–386b), \$24,000.

To carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to Alaska." vol. 45, p. 1256.

extend the benefits of the Hatch Act and the Smith-Lever Act to U. s. C., Supp. v, the Territory of Alaska," approved February 23, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. v, 1250.) (115000) Supp. V, title 7, sec. 386c), \$15,000.

To carry into effect the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act Puerto Rico, etc. Vol. 46, p. 1520.

coordinate the agricultural experiment-station work and to extend U. S. C., Supp. V, e benefits of certain Acts of Congress to the Territory of Porto to coordinate the agricultural experiment-station work and to extend the benefits of certain Acts of Congress to the Territory of Porto Rico," approved March 4, 1931 (46 Stat., pp. 1520, 1521), \$15,000.

In all, payments to States, Hawaii, Alaska, and Porto Rico for

agricultural experiment stations, \$4,374,000.

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to enforce the provisions penses. Vol. 24, p. 440; Vol. 34, of the Acts approved March 2, 1887 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 362, 363, p. 63. 365, 368, 377–379), March 16, 1906 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 369, 375), pp. 571, 1256. February 24, 1925 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 361, 366, 370, 371, 373–376, U. S. C., p. 115; 380, 382), May 16, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7, secs. 386–386b), and February 23, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7, sec. 386c), and Territorial and insular possessions. Acts amendatory or supplementary thereto, relative to their admin-lar possessions. istration and for the administration of agricultural experiment stations in Hawaii and Porto Rico, including the employment of clerks, assistants, and other persons in the city of Washington and elsewhere, freight and express charges, official traveling expenses, office fixtures, supplies, apparatus, telegraph and telephone service, gas, electric current, and rent outside of the District of Columbia, \$160,734; and the Secretary of Agriculture shall prescribe the form of the annual financial statement required under the above Acts, ascertain whether the expenditures are in accordance with their provi-

Vol. 12, p. 503. U. S. C., p. 111.

Further allotments, Vol. 43, p. 970. U. S. C., p. 115.

Extending benefits to

Extension work in

Extending benefits to

Administration ex-

Ontside rent.

Annual statement

possessions.

Allotments.

Proviso. Transfer of property authorized.

sales thereof. Vol. 38, p. 441; Vol. 41,

Ű. Š. C., p. 58,

Transporting lies and effects.

Sale of products; use of receipts.

sions, coordinate the work of the Department of Agriculture with that of the State agricultural colleges and experiment stations in the lines authorized in said Acts, and make report thereon to Congress.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to establish and maintain

Maintenance of experiment stations in To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to establish and maintain agricultural experiment stations in Hawaii and Porto Rico, includational experiment stational experiment stationa ing the erection of buildings, the preparation, illustration, and distribution of reports and bulletins, and all other necessary expenses, \$133,560, as follows: \$40,000 for Hawaii, \$63,560 for Porto Rico, and \$30,000, to be immediately available, for salaries, wages, and other expenses connected with the care of property, including all appurtenances thereto, and all equipment and livestock of the experiment stations in Alaska, Guam, and the Virgin Islands until they are transferred or sold: Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to transfer to any Government department or establishment or to local authorities or institutions such property and/or Pay and expenses of equipment or to sell the same at public or private sale and to pay station employees from from this appropriation the salaries of the present employees of from this appropriation the salaries of the present employees of said stations appointed from the continental United States, including salaries during such leave as may be granted under the Acts approved June 30, 1914, and July 24, 1919 (U. S. C., title 5, secs. 535 and 536), together with traveling expenses of themselves and families, including the transportation of such quantity and character of their personal effects as may be authorized by the Secretary of Agriculture, in returning to the usual port of debarkation in the United States, and the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to sell such products as are obtained on the land belonging to the agricultural experiment stations in Hawaii and Porto Rico, and the amount obtained from the sale thereof shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States as miscellaneous receipts.

In all, salaries and expenses, \$294,294.

Total, Office of Experiment Stations, \$4,668,294, of which amount not to exceed \$153,000 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Extension Service.

EXTENSION SERVICE

PAYMENTS TO STATES, HAWAH, AND ALASKA FOR AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION WORK

Cooperative sion work allotments.

Vol. 38, p. 372; Vol. 45, p. 571. U.S.C., p. 114; Supp. V, p. 49.

Use as mutually agreed upon.

Proviso. County agents.

Further cooperation with State colleges in extension work. Vol. 12, p. 503; Vol. 38, p. 372; Vol. 45, p. 711, U.S. C., p. 111; Supp. V. p. 49

For cooperative agricultural extension work, to be allotted, paid, and expended in the same manner, upon the same terms and conditions, and under the same supervision as the additional appropriations made by the Act of May 8, 1914 (U.S. C., title 7, secs. 341-348), entitled "An Act to provide for cooperative agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several States receiving the benefits of an Act of Congress approved July 2, 1862 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 301-308), and of Acts supplementary thereto, and the United States Department of Agriculture," \$1,580,000; and all sums appropriated by this Act for use for demonstration or extension work within any State shall be used and expended in accordance with plans mutually agreed upon by the Secretary of Agriculture and the proper officials of the college in such State which receives the benefits of said Act of May 8, 1914: Provided, That of the above appropriation not more than \$300,000 shall be expended for purposes other than salaries of county agents.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the further development of agricultural extension work between the agricultural colleges in the several States receiving the benefits of the Act entitled

'An Act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and mechanic arts,' approved July 2, 1862 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 301-308), and all Acts supplementary thereto, and the United States Department of Agriculture," approved May 22, 1928 (U.S.C., Supp. V, title 7, secs. 343a, 343b), \$1,480,000.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the Extension work in provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to extend the benefits of the approved February 23, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7, sec. 386c), p. 50. \$12,000.

Additional cooperative agricultural extension work: For additional cooperative agricultural extension work, including employment of specialists in economics and marketing, to be allotted and paid by the Secretary of Agriculture to the several States and the Territory of Hawaii in such amounts as he may deem necessary to accomplish such purposes, \$1,000,000: Provided, That no expenditures shall be made hereunder until a sum or sums at least equal to such butions required. expenditures shall have been appropriated, subscribed, or contributed by State, county, or local authorities or by individuals or organizations for the accomplishment of such purpose.

In all, payments to States, Hawaii, and Alaska for agricultural

extension work, \$4,072,000.

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, includ- Administration ex-

ing personal services in the District of Columbia, \$15,000.

For farmers' cooperative demonstration work, including special suggestions of plans and methods for more effective dissemination of the results of the work of the Department of Agriculture and the agricultural experiment stations and of improved methods of agricultural practice, at farmers' institutes and in agricultural instruction, and for such work on Government reclamation projects, and for personal services in the city of Washington and elsewhere, supplies, pense of such service shall be defrayed from this appropriation and tions within State acsuch cooperative funds as may be voluntarily contributed by State, county, and municipal agencies. associations of farmers and in the experience of the exper vidual farmers, universities, colleges, boards of trade, chambers of commerce, other local associations of business men, business organizations, and individuals within the State.

Agricultural exhibits at fairs: To enable the Secretary of Agricul- Agricultural exhibits ture to make suitable agricultural exhibits at State, interstate, and international fairs held within the United States; for the purchase of necessary supplies and equipment; for telephone and telegraph service, freight and express charges; for travel, and for every other expense necessary, including the employment of assistance in or outside the city of Washington, \$120,000.

Cooperative farm forestry: For cooperation with appropriate officials of the various States or with other suitable agencies to assist the owners of farms in establishing, improving, and renewing wood lots, shelter belts, windbreaks, and other valuable forest growth, and in growing and renewing useful timber crops under the provisions of section 5 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of forest lands, for the reforestation of denuded areas, for the extension of national forests, and for other purposes, in order to promote the continuous production of timber on lands chiefly suitable therefor," approved June 7, 1924 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 564-570), including personal services in the District of Columbia, \$69,850.

Proviso. Local, etc., contri-

Farmers' cooperative demonstration work.

Personal services.

Cooperative farm for-

Wood lots, etc.

Timber crops. Vol. 43, p. 654. U. S. C., p. 427.

Personal services in

In all, salaries and expenses, \$1,688,170. Total, Extension Service, \$5,760,170, of which amount not to exceed \$516,410 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Grand total, office of the Secretary of Agriculture, \$13,076,911.

Weather Bureau.

WEATHER BUREAU

General expenses.

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Classification of.

Vol. 26, p. 653. U. S. C., p. 381.

Air Service reports. Vol. 44, p. 571. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 150.

For carrying into effect in the District of Columbia and elsewhere in the United States, in the West Indies, in the Panama Canal, the Caribbean Sea, and on adjacent coasts, in the Hawaiian Islands, in Bermuda, and in Alaska the provisions of an Act approved October 1, 1890 (U. S. C., title 15, secs. 311-313, 317), so far as they relate to the weather service transferred thereby to the Department of Agriculture, and the amendment thereof contained in section 5 (e) of the Air Commerce Act of 1926 (U.S.C., Supp. V, title 15, sec. 313), for the employment of professors of meteorology, district forecasters, local forecasters, meteorologists, section directors, observers, apprentices, operators, skilled mechanics, instrument makers, foremen, assistant foremen, proofreaders, compositors, pressmen, lithographers, folders and feeders, repair men, station agents, messengers, messenger boys, laborers, special observers, display men, and other necessary employees; for fuel, gas, electricity, freight and express charges, furniture, stationery, ice, dry goods, twine, mats, oil, paints, glass, lumber, hardware, and washing towels; for advertising; for purchase, subsistence, and care of horses and vehicles, the purchase and repair of harness, for official purposes only; for instruments, shelters, apparatus, stormwarning towers and repairs thereto; for rent of offices; for repair, alterations, and improvements to existing buildings and care and preservation of grounds, including the construction of necessary outbuildings and sidewalks on public streets, abutting Weather Bureau grounds; and the erection of temporary buildings for living quarters of observers; for official traveling expenses; for telephone rentals, and for telegraphing, telephoning, and cabling reports and messages, rates to be fixed by the Secretary of Agriculture by agreement with the companies performing the service; for the maintenance and repair of Weather Bureau telegraph, telephone, and cable lines; and for every other expenditure required for the establishment, equipment, and maintenance of meteorological offices and stations and for the issuing of weather forecasts and warnings of storms, cold waves, frosts, and heavy snows, the gaging and measuring of the flow of rivers and the issuing of river forecasts and warnings; for observations and reports relating to crops, and for other necessary observations and reports, including cooperation with other bureaus of the Government and societies and institutions of learning for the dissemination of meteorological information,

Telegraphing and telephoning.

Issuing forecasts and warnings.

Cooperation with other bureaus, etc.

Chief of bureau, and office personnel.

Expenses in the District and elsewhere.

General administrative expenses: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$136,180.

General weather service and research: For necessary expenses incident to collecting and disseminating meteorological, climatological, and marine information, and for investigations in meteorology, climatology, seismology, evaporation, and aerology in the

District of Columbia and elsewhere, including \$4,650 for investigations of the relationship of weather conditions to forest fires, under section 6 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 199. title 16, sec. 581e), \$2,503,218, of which not to exceed \$800 may be expended for the contribution of the United States to the cost of the office of the secretariat of the International Meteorological Committee, and not to exceed \$10,000 may be expended for the maintenance of a printing office in the city of Washington for the printing of weather maps, bulletins, circulars, forms, and other publications: Provided, That no printing shall be done by the Weather Bureau that can be done at the Government Printing Office without impairing the service of said bureau.

Horticultural protection: For investigations, observations, and reports, forecasts, warnings, and advices for the protection of

horticultural interests, \$59,200.

Aerology: For the maintenance of stations, for observing, measuring, and investigating atmospheric phenomena, including salaries and other expenses, in the city of Washington and elsewhere, **\$1.465,44**0.

Total, Weather Bureau, \$4,164,038, of which amount not to exceed \$532,960 may be expended for personal services in the District of

Columbia.

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

For carrying out the provisions of the Act approved May 29, 1884 (U. S. C., title 7, sec. 391; title 21, secs. 112-119, 130), establishing a Bureau of Animal Industry, and the provisions of the Act approved March 3, 1891 (U.S. C., title 45, secs. 75, 76), providing for the safe transport and humane treatment of export cattle from the United States to foreign countries, and for other purposes; the Act approved August 30, 1890 (U. S. C., title 21, secs. 101–105), 32, p. 791.

Act approved August 30, 1890 into the United States, U.S.C., pp. 630, 631. providing for the importation of animals into the United States. and for other purposes; and the provisions of the Act approved February 2, 1903 (U.S.C., title 21, secs. 111-113, 120-122), to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to more effectually suppress and prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases of livestock, and for other purposes; and also the provisions of the Act approved March 3, 1905 (U. S. C., title 21, secs. 123-128), to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to establish and maintain quarantine districts, to permit and regulate the movement of cattle and other livestock therefrom, and for other purposes; and for carrying out the provitherefrom, and for other purposes; and for carrying out 1.74), law. Twenty-eight is sions of the Act of June 29, 1906 (U. S. C., title 45, secs. 71-74), law. Ol. 34, p. 607. U. S. C., p. 1444. railroad or other means of transportation"; and for carrying out the provisions of the Act approved March 4, 1913 (U.S.C., title 21, secs. 151-158), regulating the preparation, sale, barter, exchange, or shipment of any virus, serum, toxin, or analogous products manufactured in the United States and the importation of such products intended for use in the treatment of domestic animals; and for carrying out the provisions of the Packers and Stockyards Act, packers and Stockyards Act, approved August 15, 1921 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 181–229); and to vol. 42, p. 159.

Vol. 42, p. 159.

Vol. 42, p. 159.

U. S. C., p. 102. enable the Secretary of Agriculture to collect and disseminate information concerning livestock and animal products; to prepare Collecting and dissiminating informaand disseminate reports on animal industry; to employ and pay tion.

Pay of employees. from the appropriation herein made as many persons in the city of Washington or elsewhere as he may deem necessary; to purchase in the open market samples of all tuberculin, serums, antitoxins, or

International Meteorological Committee.

Printing limitation.

Horticultural protec-

Aerological stations.

Animal Industry

General expenses.

Vol. 23, p. 31. U. S. C., pp. 117, 631. Vol. 26, p. 833. U. S. C., p. 1444.

Contagious diseases.

Vol. 33, p. 1264. U. S. C., p. 633. Cattle quarantine.

Twenty-eight hour

Animal viruses, etc. Vol. 37, p. 832. U. S. C., p. 634.

Collecting and dis-

Tuberculin, serums,

Purchase and de-struction of diseased animals.

Chief of bureau, and office personnel.

Inspection and quarantine work

Tuberculosis, etc., of animals.

Investigating, etc., for control, tion, etc., of.

Reimbursement of owners for destroyed. animals

Cooperation States, etc.

Restriction on payments.

Additional tions.

analogous products, of foreign or domestic manufacture, which are sold in the United States, for the detection, prevention, treatment, or cure of diseases of domestic animals, to test the same, and to disseminate the results of said tests in such manner as he may deem best; to purchase and destroy diseased or exposed animals, including poultry, or quarantine the same whenever in his judgment Pleuropneumonia, essential to prevent the spread of pleuropneumonia, tuberculosis, contagious poultry diseases, or other diseases of animals from one State to another, as follows:

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services

in the District of Columbia, \$184,025.

For inspection and quarantine work, including all necessary expenses for the eradication of scabies in sheep and cattle, the inspection of southern cattle, the supervision of the transportation of livestock, and the inspection of vessels, the execution of the twenty-eight hour law, the inspection and quarantine of imported animals, including the establishment and maintenance of quarantine stations and repairs, alterations, improvements, or additions to buildings thereon; the inspection work relative to the existence of contagious diseases, and the mallein testing of animals, \$740,030.

For investigating the diseases of tuberculosis and paratuberculosis of animals, and avian tuberculosis, for their control and eradication, for the tuberculin testing of animals, and for researches concerning the causes of the diseases, their modes of spread, and methods of treatment and prevention including demonstrations, the formation of organizations, and such other means as may be necessary, either Application of funds. independently or in cooperation with farmers, associations, or State, Territory, or county authorities, \$6,061,777, of which \$1,221,777 shall be set aside for administrative and operating expenses and \$4,840,000 for the payment of indemnities: *Provided*, That in carrying out the purpose of this appropriation, if in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture it shall be necessary to condemn and destroy tuberculous or paratuberculous cattle, if such animals have been destroyed, condemned, or die after condemnation, he may, in his discretion, and in accordance with such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, expend in the city of Washington or elsewhere such sums as he shall determine to be necessary, within the limitations above provided, for the payment of indemnities, for the reimbursement of owners of such animals, in cooperation with such States, Territories, counties, or municipalities, as shall by law or by suitable action in keeping with its authority in the matter, and by rules and regulations adopted and enforced in pursuance thereof, provide inspection of tuberculous or paratuberculous cattle and for compensation to owners of cattle so condemned, but no part of the money hereby appropriated shall be used in compensating owners of such cattle except in cooperation with and supplementary to payments to be made by State, Territory, county, or municipality where condemnation of such cattle shall take place, nor shall any payment be made hereunder as compensation for or on account of any such animal if at the time of inspection or test, or at the time of condemnation thereof, it shall belong to or be upon the premises of any person, firm, or corporation to which it has been sold, shipped, or delivered for the purpose of being slaughtered: Provided further, That out of the money hereby appropriated no payment as compensation for any cattle condemned for slaughter shall exceed one-third of the difference between the appraised value of such cattle and the value of the salvage thereof; that no payment hereunder shall exceed the amount paid or to be paid by the State, Territory, county, and municipality where the animal shall be con-

demned; that in no case shall any payment hereunder be more than \$35 for any grade animal or more than \$70 for any purebred animal, and that no payment shall be made unless the owner has complied

with all lawful quarantine regulations.

For all necessary expenses for the eradication of southern cattle eradication. Southern cattle eradication. ticks, \$724,400: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the purchase of animals or in the purchase of materials chasing animals. for or in the construction of dipping vats upon land not owned solely by the United States, except at fairs or expositions where the Department of Agriculture makes exhibits or demonstrations; nor shall any part of this appropriation be used in the purchase of materials or mixtures for use in dipping vats except in experimental or demonstration work carried on by the officials or agents of the Bureau of Animal Industry.

Animal husbandry: For all necessary expenses for investigations and experiments in animal husbandry; for experiments in animal etc., experiments. feeding and breeding, including cooperation with the State agricultural experiment stations and other agencies, including repairs and additions to and erection of buildings absolutely necessary to carry on the experiments, including the employment of labor in the city of Washington and elsewhere, rent outside of the District of Columbia, and all other necessary expenses \$674,600, together with \$4,600 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for this purpose for Additional land for houltry poultry investigations.

Glendale, Ariz. Additional land for poultry poultry investigations. investigations at Glendale, Arizona, and including \$12,500 for livestock experiments and demonstrations at Big Springs, and/or elsewhere in Texas, to be available only when the State of Texas, or Texas, other cooperating agency in Texas shall have appropriated an equal amount or, in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture, shall have furnished its equivalent in value in cooperation for the same purpose during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933: Provided, That of the sum thus appropriated \$171,320 may be used for experiments in poultry feeding and breeding.

Diseases of animals: For all necessary expenses for scientific investigations of diseases of animals, including the construction of necessary buildings at Beltsville, Maryland, the maintenance and improvement of the bureau experiment station at Bethesda, Mary- Bethesda, Md., Staland, and the necessary alterations of buildings thereon, and the necessary expenses for investigations of tuberculin, serums, antitoxins, and analogous products, \$422,950: Provided, That of said sum \$100,000 may be used for researches concerning the cause, modes of animals. of spread, and methods of treatment and prevention of the disease of

contagious abortion of animals.

For investigating the disease of hog cholera and related swine diseases, and for their control or eradication by such means as may gation, demonstration, be necessary, including demonstrations, the formation of organizations, and other methods, either independently or in cooperation with farmers' associations, State or county authorities, \$466,380: Provided, That of said sum \$265,230 shall be available for expenditure in carrying out the provisions of the Act approved March 4, viruses, etc. 1913 (U. S. C., title 21, secs. 151–158), regulating the preparation, U. S. C., p. 832. 1913 (U. S. C., title 21, secs. 151-158), regulating the preparation, sale, barter, exchange, or shipment of any virus, serum, toxin, or analogous product manufactured in the United States and the importation of such products intended for use in the treatment of domestic animals: Provided further, That of said sum \$29,700 shall searches. be available for researches concerning the cause, modes of spread, and methods of treatment and prevention of these diseases.

For all necessary expenses for the investigation, treatment, and

eradication of dourine, \$29,900.

Proviso.
Restriction on pur-

Animal husbandry. breeding.

Livestock experiments, Big Springs, Condition.

Poultry feeding, etc.

Animal diseases investigations.

Beltsville, Md.

Proviso.

Hog cholera. Cooperative investi-

Provisos.

Pathological re-

Dourine eradication.

and dealers.

Packers and Stock-

Suspension for viola-

Fee for inspecting brands.

Request for, required.

Packers and Stockyards Act: For necessary expenses in carrying yards Act. Enforcement ex- out the provisions of the Packers and Stockyards Act, approved August 15, 1921 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 181-229), \$374,700: Provided, penses.
Vol. 42, p. 159.
U. S. C., p. 102.
Provises.
Bonds from agencies

August 15, 1921 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 181–229), \$374,700: Provided,
That the Secretary of Agriculture may require reasonable bonds
from every market agency and dealer, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, to secure the performance of their obligations, and whenever, after due notice and hearing, the Secretary finds any registrant is insolvent or has violated any provision of said Act he may issue an order suspending such registrant for a reasonable specified period. Such order of suspension shall take effect within not less than five days, unless suspended or modified or set aside by the Secretary of Agriculture or a court of competent jurisdiction: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture may, whenever necessary, authorize the charging and collection from owners of a reasonable fee for the inspection of brands appearing upon livestock subject to the provisions of the said Act for the purpose of determining the ownership of such livestock: Provided further, That such fee shall not be imposed except upon written request made to the Secretary of Agriculture by the Board of Livestock Commissioners, or duly organized livestock association of the States from which such livestock have originated or been shipped to

In all, salaries and expenses, \$9,678,762.

Meat inspection.

MEAT INSPECTION

Additional expenses. Vol. 34, pp. 674, 1260. U. S. C., p. 627.

Equine meat. Vol. 41, p. 241. U. S. C., p. 630.

For additional expenses in carrying out the provisions of the Meat Inspection Act of June 30, 1906 (U. S. C., title 21, sec. 95), as amended by the Act of March 4, 1907 (U.S. C., title 21, secs. 71-94), and as extended to equine meat by the Act of July 24, 1919 (U. S. C., title 21, sec. 96), including the purchase of tags, labels, stamps, and certificates printed in course of manufacture, \$2,604,860.

of animals.

Contagious diseases ERADICATION OF FOOT-AND-MOUTH AND OTHER CONTAGIOUS DISEASES OF ANTMALS

Emergency, eradicating foot-and-mouth disease, etc.

Payment for destroyed animals.

Provisos.

Appraisement based on meat, etc., value.

Amount available for eradicating European fowl pest. Vol. 43, p. 682.

In case of an emergency arising out of the existence of foot-andmouth disease, rinderpest, contagious pleuropneumonia, or other contagious or infectious disease of animals, which, in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture, threatens the livestock industry of the use of unexpended country, he may expend, in the city of Washington or elsewhere, any unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made for this purpose in the arrest and eradication of any such disease, including the payment of claims growing out of past and future purchases and destruction, in cooperation with the States, of animals affected by or exposed to, or of materials contaminated by or exposed to, any such disease, wherever found and irrespective of ownership, under like or substantially similar circumstances, when such owner has complied with all lawful quarantine regulations: Provided, That the payment for animals hereafter purchased may be made on appraisement based on the meat, dairy, or breeding value, but in case of appraisement based on breeding value no appraisement of any animal shall exceed three times its meat or dairy value, and, except in case of an extraordinary emergency, to be determined by the Secretary of Agriculture, the payment by the United States Government for any animals shall not exceed one-half of any such appraisements: Provided further, That the sum of \$10,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$3,500,000, contained in the Second Deficiency Appropriation Act, fiscal year, 1924, approved December 5, 1924, for the eradication of the foot-and-mouth disease and other contagious or infectious diseases of animals, is hereby made available during the fiscal year 1933 to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to control and eradicate the European fowl pest and similar diseases in poultry.

Total, Bureau of Animal Industry, \$12,283,622, of which amount not to exceed \$821,650 may be expended for departmental personal

services in the District of Columbia.

Post. p. 1442.

Services in the Dis-

BUREAU OF DAIRY INDUSTRY

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Dairy Industry

General expenses. Investigations, etc.

For carrying out the provisions of the Act approved May 29, 1924 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 401-404), establishing a Bureau of Dairying, for salaries in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and for all other necessary expenses, as follows:

Chief of bureau, and

Vol. 43, p. 243. U. S. C., p. 117.

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, office personnel including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services

Investigations, dem-

in the District of Columbia, \$69,380.

Dairy investigations: For conducting investigations, experiments, Investigations on onstrations, etc. and demonstrations in dairy industry, cooperative investigations of the dairy industry in the various States, and inspection of renovated butter factories, including repairs to buildings, not to exceed \$30,000 for the construction of buildings, \$648,068.

Total, Bureau of Dairy Industry, \$717,448, of which amount not District.

to exceed \$321,400 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY

Plant Industry

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES General expenses.

For all necessary expenses in the investigation of fruits, fruit muits, plants, prod-trees, grain, cotton, tobacco, vegetables, grasses, forage, drug, medicucts, etc. inal, poisonous, fiber, and other plants and plant industries in cooperation with other branches of the department, the State experiment stations, and practical farmers, and for the erection of necessary farm buildings: Provided, That the cost of any building erected shall not exceed \$1,500; for field and station expenses, including fences, drains, and other farm improvements; for repairs in the District of Columbia and elsewhere; for rent outside of the District of Columbia; and for the employment of all investigators, local Employment vestigators, etc. and special agents, agricultural explorers, experts, clerks, illustrators, assistants, and all labor and other necessary expenses in the city of Washington and elsewhere required for the investigations, experiments, and demonstrations herein authorized as follows:

Proviso. Limit for buildings. Field, etc., expenses.

Employment of in-

Chief of bureau, and

Arlington, Va., farm. Vol. 31, p. 135.

Proviso. Building limit not

Barberry eradication. Methods for, and

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, includ- office personnel. ing the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$209,966.

Arlington Farm: For continuing the necessary improvements to establish and maintain a general experiment farm and agricultural station on the Arlington estate, in the State of Virginia, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved April 18, 1900 (31 Stat., pp. 135, 136), \$60,500: Provided, That the limitations in this Act as to the cost of farm buildings shall not apply applicable. to this paragraph.

Barberry eradication: For the eradication of the common barberry and for applying such other methods of eradication and control of cereal rusts. cereal rusts as in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture may be necessary, including the payment of such expenses and the employCooperation.

Provisos.
Subject to equal contribution of States, etc.

No pay for property destroyed.

Blister rust control. White pine blister ust, eradication

Provisa No pay for trees, etc.,

Wild plants and grazing lands.

Cereal crops and dis-

provement of, eradicating diseases, etc.

Citrus canker eradi-

Limited to local con-

Proviso. No pay for trees, etc., injured.

Cotton production, etc.

Drug plants, etc.

Dry land, etc., crop production.

ment of such persons and means, in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and cooperation with such authorities of the States concerned, organizations of growers, or individuals, as he may deem necessary to accomplish such purposes, \$196,400: Provided, That \$75,000 of this amount shall be available for expenditure only when an equal amount shall have been appropriated, subscribed, or contributed by States, counties, or local authorities, or by individuals or organizations for the accomplishment of such purposes: Provided further, That no part of the money herein appropriated shall be used to pay the cost or value of property injured or destroyed.

Blister-rust control: For applying such methods of eradication or control of the white-pine blister rust as in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture may be necessary, including the payment of such expenses and the employment of such persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere, in cooperation with such authorities of the States concerned, organizations, or individuals as he may deem necessary to accomplish such purposes, and in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture no expenditures shall be made for these purposes until a sum or sums at least equal to such expenditures shall have been appropriated, subscribed, or contributed by State, county, or local authorities, or by individuals or organizations for the accomplishment of such purposes, \$400,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used to pay the cost or value of trees or other property injured or destroyed.

Botany: For investigation, improvement, and utilization of wild plants and grazing lands, and for determining the distribution of

weeds and means of their control, \$42,060.

Cereal crops and diseases: For the investigation and improvement eases. Investigations for im- of cereals, including corn, and methods of cereal production and for the study and control of cereal diseases, and for the investigation of the cultivation and breeding of flax for seed purposes, including a study of flax diseases, and for the investigation and improvement of broomcorn and methods of broomcorn production, \$554,485.

Citrus canker eradication: For conducting such investigations of the nature and means of communication of the disease of citrus trees known as citrus canker, and for applying such methods of eradication or control of the disease as in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture may be necessary, including the payment of such expenses and the employment of such persons and means, in the Cooperation ex- city of Washington and elsewhere, and cooperation with such authorities of the States concerned, organizations of growers, or individuals, as he may deem necessary to accomplish such purposes, \$30,000, and, in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, no expenditures shall be made for these purposes until a sum or sums at least equal to such expenditures shall have been appropriated, subscribed. or contributed by State, county, or local authorities, or by individuals or organizations for the accomplishment of such purposes: Provided, That no part of the money herein appropriated shall be used to pay the cost or value of trees or other property injured or destroyed.

Cotton production and diseases: For investigation of cotton production, including the improvement by cultural methods, breeding, acclimatization, adaptation, and selection, and for investigation and

control of diseases, \$218,440.

Drug and related plants: For the investigation, testing, and improvement of plants yielding drugs, spices, poisons, oils, and related products and by-products, \$37,720.

Dry-land agriculture: For the investigation and improvement of methods of crop production under subhumid, semiarid, or dry-land conditions, \$242,260: Provided, That the limitations in this Act as to the cost of farm buildings shall not apply to this paragraph: applicable. Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the establishment of any new field station.

Forage crops and diseases: For the purchase, propagation, testing, and distribution of new and rare seeds; for the investigation and improvement of grasses, alfalfa, clover, and other forage crops,

including the investigation and control of diseases, \$262,005.

Foreign plant introduction: For investigations in foreign seed plant introduction. and plant introduction, including the study, collection, purchase, testing, propagation, and distribution of rare and valuable seeds, bulbs, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, and plants from foreign countries and from our possessions, and for experiments with reference to their introduction and cultivation in this country, \$175,000.

Forest pathology: For the investigation of diseases of forest and ornamental trees and shrubs, including a study of the nature and habits of the parasitic fungi causing the chestnut-tree bark disease, disease, disease. the white-pine blister rust, and other epidemic tree diseases, for the purpose of discovering new methods of control and applying methods of eradication or control already discovered, and including \$120,000 for investigations of diseases of forest trees and forest products, under section 3 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (U. S. C., U. S. C., Supp. v, Supp. V, title 16, sec. 581b), \$220,436. Supp. V, title 16, sec. 581b), \$220,436.

Gardens and grounds: To cultivate and care for the gardens and densandgrounds, D.C. grounds of the Department of Agriculture in the city of Washington, including the upkeep and lighting of the grounds and the construction, surfacing, and repairing of roadways and walks; and to erect, manage, and maintain conservatories, greenhouses, and plant and fruit propagating houses on the grounds of the Department of

Agriculture in the city of Washington, \$97,820.

Genetics and biophysics: For biophysical investigations in connection with the various lines of work herein authorized, \$36,220.

Horticultural crops and diseases: For investigation and control of diseases, for improvement of methods of culture, propagation, breeding, selection, and related activities concerned with the production of fruits, nuts, vegetables, ornamentals, and related plants, for investigation of methods of harvesting, packing, shipping, storing, and utilizing these products, and for studies of the physiological and related changes of such products during processes of marketing and while in commercial storage, \$1,200,000: Provided, That any unexpended balance in the allotment of \$15,000, under the appropriation station. for this purpose for the fiscal year 1932, for the establishment of a pecan station in the middle eastern Mississippi region, is hereby continued available during the fiscal year 1933 under the same conditions and for the same purposes specified in such allotment.

Mycology and disease survey: For mycological collections and the etc.

maintenance of a plant-disease survey, \$50,000.

National Arboretum: For the maintenance of the National Arboretum established under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a National Arboretum, and for other purposes," approved March 4, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 20, secs. 191–194), including the erection of buildings, salaries in the city of Washington and elsewhere, traveling expenses of employees and advisory council, and other necessary expenses, \$5,000, of which such amounts as may be necessary may be expended by contract or otherwise for the services of consulting landscape scape architects. architects without reference to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, or civil-service rules.

Buildings limit not No new field station.

Forage crops and dis-New and rare seeds.

Rare, etc., seeds.

Forest pathology.

Chestnut tree bark

Biophysical investigations.

Horticultural crops and diseases.

Investigating and Improving methods,

Proviso. Pecan experiment Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1256.

Plant disease survey,

National Arboretum. Administration, etc. Vol. 44, p. 1422. U. S. C., Supp. V,

Nematology.

Nematology: For crop technological investigations, including the

study of plant-infesting nematodes, \$50,000.

Phony peach eradi-Investigations, etc.

Phony peach eradication: For conducting such investigations of the nature and means of communication of the disease of peach trees known as phony peach and for applying such methods of eradication or control of the disease as in the judgment of the Secretary of Agriculture may be necessary, including the payment of such expenses and the employment of such persons and means, in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and cooperation with such authorities of the States concerned, organizations of growers, or individuals, as he may deem necessary to accomplish such purposes, \$50,000, and, in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, no expenditure shall be made for these purposes until a sum or sums at least equal to such expenditures shall have been appropriated, subscribed, or contributed, by State, county, or local authorities, or by individuals or organizations for the accomplishment of such purposes: Provided, That no part of the money herein appropriated shall be used to pay the cost or value of trees or other property injured or destroyed.

Subject to equal contributions from States,

Proviso. No pay for trees, etc., injured or destroyed.

Plant nutrition.

Rubber, fiber, and other tropical plants.

Seed investigations Testing commercial seeds and grasses.

sion of seeds, etc. V, p. 45.

Proviso. International Seed Testing Congress.

Sugar plant investi-

Tobacco production, etc.

Utilizing western reclaimed lands.

applicable.

Plant nutrition: For plant-nutrition investigations, \$18,050. Rubber, fiber, and other tropical plants: For investigation of crops introduced from tropical regions, and for the improvement of rubber, abaca, and other fiber plants by cultural methods, breeding, acclimatization, adaptation, and selection, and for investigation of their diseases, and for determining the feasibility of increasing the production of hard fibers outside of the continental United States, \$75,000.

Seed investigations: For studying and testing commercial seeds, including the testing of samples of seeds of grasses, clover, or alfalfa, and lawn-grass seeds secured in the open market, and where such samples are found to be adulterated or misbranded the results of the Prevention samis- tests shall be published, together with the names of the persons by vol. 37, p. 500; vol. whom the seeds were offered for sale, and for carrying out the provi-44, p. 325, U.S. C., p. 95; Supp. sions of the Act approved August 24, 1912 (U.S. C., title 7, secs. 111-114), entitled "An Act to regulate foreign commerce by prohibiting the admission into the United States of certain adulterated grain and seeds unfit for seeding purposes," \$75,500: Provided, That not to exceed \$250 of this amount may be used for meeting the share of the United States in the expenses of the International Seed Testing Congress in carrying out plans for correlating the work of the various adhering governments on problems relating to seed analysis or other subjects which the congress may determine to be necessary in the interest of international seed trade.

Sugar-plant investigations: For sugar-plant investigations, including studies of diseases and the improvement of sugar beets and sugar-beet seed, \$385,462.

Tobacco investigations: For the investigation and improvement of tobacco and the methods of tobacco production and handling. \$90,600.

Western irrigation agriculture: For investigations in connection with western irrigation agriculture, the utilization of lands reclaimed under the Reclamation Act, and other areas in the arid Provise. Building limit not and semiarid regions, \$147,950: Provided, That the limitations in this Act as to the cost of farm buildings shall not apply to this paragraph.

Total, Bureau of Plant Industry, \$4,930,874, of which amount not to exceed \$1,794,650 may be expended for personal services in the

District of Columbia.

FOREST SERVICE

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Forest Service.

General expenses.

Provisos Cost of buildings.

Care of fish and

Station supplies, etc.

Warehouse mainte-

Outside rent.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to experiment and to make and continue investigations and report on forestry, national forests, states. forest fires, and lumbering, but no part of this appropriation shall be used for any experiment or test made outside the jurisdiction of the United States; to advise the owners of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate and test American timber and timber trees and their uses, and methods for the preservative treatment of timber; to seek, through investigations and the planting of native and foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to erect necessary buildings: Provided, That the cost of any building purchased, erected, or as improved, exclusive of the cost of constructing a water supply or sanitary system and of connecting the same with any such building, and exclusive of the cost of any tower upon which a lookout house may be erected, shall not exceed \$2,500; to pay all expenses necessary to protect, administer, Protection of national forests. and improve the national forests, including tree planting in the forest reserves to prevent erosion, drift, surface wash, and soil waste and the formation of floods, and including the payment of rewards under regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture for information leading to the arrest and conviction for violation of the laws and regulations relating to fires in or near national forests, or for the unlawful taking of, or injury to, Government property; to ascertain the natural conditions upon and utilize the national forests; to transport and care for fish and game supplied to stock game. the national forests or the waters therein; to employ agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required in practical forestry and in the administration of national forests in the city of Washington and elsewhere; to collate, digest, report, and illustrate the results of experiments and investigations made by the Forest Service; to purchase necessary supplies, apparatus, office fixtures, law books, reference and technical books and technical journals for officers of the Forest Service stationed outside of Washington, and for medical supplies and services and other assistance necessary for the immediate relief of artisans, laborers, and other employees engaged in any hazardous work under the Forest Service: Provided further, That the appropriations for the work of the Forest Service shall be available for meeting the expenses of warehouse maintenance and the procurement, care, and handling of supplies and materials stored therein for distribution to projects under the supervision of the Forest Service and for sale and distribution to other Government activities, the cost of such supplies and materials, including the cost of supervision, transportation, and handling, to be reimbursed to appropriations current at the time additional supplies and materials are procured for warehouse stocks from the appropriations chargeable with the cost of stock issued; to pay freight, express, telephone, and telegraph charges; for electric light and power, fuel, gas, ice, and washing towels, and official traveling and other necessary expenses, including traveling expenses for legal and fiscal officers while performing Forest Service work; and for rent outside of the District of Columbia, as follows: For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, office personnel.

including the salary of the Chief Forester and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$352,580.

National forests.

NATIONAL FOREST ADMINISTRATION

Forest supervisors, rangers, guards, etc.

For the employment of forest supervisors, deputy forest supervisors, forest rangers, forest guards, and administrative clerical assistants on the national forests, and for additional salaries and field-station expenses, including the maintenance of nurseries, collecting seed, and planting, necessary for the use, maintenance, vol. 36, p. 963; vol. improvement, and protection of the national forests, and of addi-43, p. 653. U. S. C., p. 418-428. tional national forests created or to be created under section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1911 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 521), and under the Act of June 7, 1924 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 471, 499, 505, 564-570), and lands under contract for purchase or for the acquisition of which condemnation proceedings have been instituted for the purposes of said Acts, and for necessary miscellaneous expenses incident to the general administration of the Forest Service and of the national forests:

In national forest region 1, Montana, Washington, Idaho, and South Dakota, \$1,631,360: Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to use not to exceed \$500 in caring for the graves of fire fighters buried at Wallace, Idaho; Newport, Washington; and Saint Maries, Idaho, and in removing the remains of fire fighters to the cemeteries at Newport, Washington; and/or

Saint Maries, Idaho:

In national forest region 2, Colorado, Wyoming, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Oklahoma, \$699,079: Provided, That not to exceed \$1,000 of this appropriation may be expended for the maintenance of the herd of long-horned cattle on the Wichita National Forest;

In national forest region 3, Arizona and New Mexico, \$683,599; In national forest region 4, Utah, Idaho, Wyoming, Nevada, Arizona, and Colorado, \$892,145;

In national forest region 5, California and Nevada, \$1,201,661; In national forest region 6, Washington, Oregon, and California,

\$1.217.687;

In national forest region 7, Arkansas, Alabama, Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Tennessee, Virginia, West Virginia, New Hampshire, Maine, Porto Rico, Kentucky. Louisiana, Mississippi, and Vermont, \$544,940;

In national forest region 8, Alaska, \$133,284;

In national forest region 9, Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin,

\$127,489;

In all, for the use, maintenance, improvement, protection, and general administration of the national forests, \$7,131,244: Provided, That the foregoing amounts appropriated for such purposes shall be available interchangeably in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture for the necessary expenditures for fire protection and other unforeseen exigencies: Provided further, That the amount so interchanged shall not exceed in the aggregate 10 per centum of all the amounts so appropriated.

For fighting and preventing forest fires on or threatening the national forests and for the establishment and maintenance of a patrol to prevent trespass and to guard against and check fires upon the lands revested in the United States by the Act approved June 9, 1916 (39 Stat., p. 218), and the lands known as the Coos Bay Wagon Road lands involved in the case of Southern Oregon Company against United States (numbered 2711), in the Circuit Court of Appeals of the Ninth Circuit, \$100,000, which amount shall be immediately available.

District expenses al-

Proviso. Care of graves of fire

Long-horned cattle, Wichita National For-

Aggregate.

Provisos. Interchangeable funds for fire protection.

Limitation.

Fighting forest fires. Post, p. 781.

Revested Oregon-California lands, etc. Vol. 39, p. 218.

Aerial fire control: For cooperation with the War Department. or for contract airplane service, in the maintenance and operation of an airplane patrol to prevent and suppress forest fires on national forests and adjacent lands, \$25,000: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for the purchase of land or airplanes.

Classification of lands: For the selection, classification, and segregation of lands within the boundaries of national forests that may for homestead entries, be opened to homestead settlement and entry under the homestead laws applicable to the national forests; for the examination and appraisal of lands in effecting exchanges authorized by law and for the survey thereof by metes and bounds or otherwise, by employees of the Forest Service, under the direction of the Commissioner of the General Land Office; and for the survey and platting of certain cultural lands in lands, chiefly valuable for agriculture, now listed or to be listed national forests. within the national forests, under the Act of June 11, 1906 (U. S. C., Vol. 30, p. 1097; Vol. title 16, secs. 506-509), the Act of August 10, 1912 (U. S. C., title 227, 842) 16, sec. 506), and the Act of March 3, 1899 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 488), as provided by the Act of March 4, 1913 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 512), \$52,770.

Sanitation and fire prevention: For the construction and main- facilities. tenance of sanitary facilities and for fire-preventive measures on public camp grounds within the national forests when necessary for the protection of the public health or the prevention of forest fires,

\$67,000.

Planting on national forests: For the establishment and main- Seedir ing, etc. tenance of forest-tree nurseries, the collection or purchase of tree seed, cones, and nursery stock, and seeding and tree planting within national forests; for additional protection, care, and improvement of plantations or young growth; and for experiments and investigations necessary for seeding and tree planting, \$154,200.

Reconnaissance, national forests: For estimating and appraising etc., for sale. timber and other resources on the national forests preliminary to disposal by sale or to the issue of occupancy permits, and for emer-

gency expenses incident to their sale or use, \$77,860.

Improvement of the national forests: For the construction and Permanent improvements. maintenance of roads, trails, bridges, fire lanes, telephone lines, cabins, fences, and other improvements necessary for the proper and economical administration, protection, and development of the national forests, \$1,019,640, of which amount \$100,000 is reserved for California forests. expenditure for the Angeles, Cleveland, Santa Barbara, and San Bernardino National Forests in southern California: Provided, That such sum of \$100,000 shall not be expended unless an equal amount is required. contributed for such work by State, county, municipal, and/or other local interests, to be paid, in whole or in part, in advance of the performance of the work for which this appropriation provides: Provided further, That where, in the opinion of the Secretary of phone lines, etc. Agriculture, direct purchase will be more economical than construction, telephone lines, cabins, fences, and other improvements may be purchased: Provided further, That not to exceed \$116,000 may driveways, be expended for the construction and maintenance of boundary places, etc. and range division fences, counting corrals, stock driveways and bridges, the development of stock watering places, and the eradication of poisonous plants on the national forests: Provided further, That not to exceed \$1,000 of this appropriation may be used for the Minn. repair and maintenance of the dam at Cass Lake, Minnesota.

Aerial fire control.

Proviso.
Purchase forbidden.

Selecting, etc., lands

Public camp-ground

Seeding, tree plant-

Division fences, stock

nlants

Dam at Cass Lake,

Forest research.

FOREST RESEARCH

Development of

For forest research in accordance with the provisions of sections timber, etc.

Vol. 45, p. 699.
U.S. C., Supp. V, p.

Typelies of timber and other forest products for the people of the supplies of timber and other forest products for the people of the United States, to promote the full use for timber growing and other purposes of forest lands in the United States, including farm wood lots and those abandoned areas not suitable for agricultural production, and to secure the correlation and the most economical conduct of forest research in the Department of Agriculture through research in reforestation, timber growing, protection, utilization, forest economics, and related subjects," approved May 22, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 581, 581a, 581f-581i), as follows:

Experiments, investigations, etc., at sta-Vol. 45, p. 700.

Forest management: Fire, silvicultural, and other forest investigations and experiments under section 2, at forest experiment stations or elsewhere, \$534,280.

Management ranges, etc. Vol. 45, p. 701.

Range investigations: Investigations and experiments to develop improved methods of management of forest and other ranges under section 7, at forest or range experiment stations or elsewhere. \$123,030.

Forest products experiments. Vol. 45, p. 701.

Forest products: Experiments, investigations, and tests of forest products under section 8, at the Forest Products Laboratory, or elsewhere, \$613,640.

Forest survey. Vol. 45, p. 702.

Forest survey: A comprehensive forest survey under section 9. \$170,280.

Forest economics. Vol. 45, p. 702.

Forest economics: Investigations in forest economics under sec-

Aggregate. Vol. 43, p. U. S. C., p. 428. tion 10, \$70,240.

U. S. C., p. 422.

In all, salaries and expenses, \$10,491,764; and in addition thereto Additional, from cooperative forest fund there are hereby appropriated all moneys received as contributions 1132; toward cooperative work under the provisions of section 1 of the Act approved March 3, 1925 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 572), which 430; funds shall be covered into the Treasury and constitute a part of the special funds provided by the Act of June 30, 1914 (U. S. C., Eservices in the District.

Provises. Services in the District. expended for departmental personal services in the District of Contribution to In Columbia: Provided further, That not to exceed \$1,000 may be forest Research States to the cost of the office of the secretariat of the International Union of Forest Research Stations.

Forest fire prevention.

FOREST-FIRE COOPERATION

lands.

Vol. 43, p. 653. U. S. C., p. 427.

Tax laws and timber insurance.

Services in the Dis-Supplies and equip-

Cooperation with states, etc., for protecting timber on their agencies in forest-fire prevention and suppression and the protection of timbered and cut-over lands in accordance with the provisions of sections 1, 2, and 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of forest lands, for the reforestation of denuded areas, for the extension of national forests, and for other purposes, in order to promote continuous production of timber on lands chiefly valuable therefor," approved June 7, 1924 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 564-570), as amended, including also the study of the effect of tax laws and the investigation of timber insurance as provided in section 3 of said Act, \$1,611,580, of which \$48,320 shall be available for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia and not to exceed \$2,800 for the purchase of supplies and equipment required for the purposes of said Act in the District of Columbia.

COOPERATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF FOREST PLANTING STOCK

Forest planting stock.

For cooperation with the various States in the procurement, pro- Cooperation with duction, and distribution of forest-tree seeds and plants in establishing forest tree seeds, ing windbreaks, shelter belts, and farm wood lots upon denuded or nonforested lands. nonforested lands within such cooperating States, under the provisions of section 4 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the protection of forest lands, for the reforestation of denuded areas, for the extension of national forests, and for other purposes, in order to promote the continuous production of timber on lands chiefly suitable therefor," approved June 7, 1924 (U.S. C., title 16, sec. 567), and Acts supplementary thereto, \$79,960, of which amount not to exceed \$2,000 may be expended for departmental personal services trict. in the District of Columbia.

Vol. 43, p. 654. U. S. C., p. 427.

Services in the Dis-

ACQUISITION OF ADDITIONAL FOREST LANDS

For the acquisition of additional lands under the provisions of Acquisition of Ac the Act of March 1, 1911 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 513–519), as Act. amended by the Act of June 7, 1924 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 564–570), 43, p. 654; Vol. 46, p. 527. \$200,000, as authorized by the Act of June 2, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 491), 468; Vol. 46, p. 527. \$200,000, as authorized by the Act of June 2, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 491), 488; C., pp. 424, 427. of which amount not to exceed \$35,000 may be expended for departmental personal services and supplies and equipment in the District of Columbia.

Total, Forest Service, \$12,383,304.

BUREAU OF CHEMISTRY AND SOILS

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

For all necessary expenses connected with the investigations, Investigations, apexperiments, and demonstrations hereinafter authorized, independ-ployees, etc. ently or in cooperation with other branches of the Department of Agriculture, other departments or agencies of the Federal Government, States, State agricultural experiment stations, universities and other State agencies and institutions, counties, municipalities, business or other organizations and corporations, individuals, associations, and scientific societies, including the employment of necessary persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere; rent outside the District of Columbia, and other necessary supplies and expenses, and for erection, alteration, and repair of buildings outside of the District of Columbia at a total cost not to exceed \$5,000, as follows:

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the

District of Columbia, \$96,720.

Agricultural chemical investigations: For conducting the investigations contemplated by the Act of May 15, 1862 (U.S. C., title 5, secs. 511, 512), relating to the application of chemistry to agriculture; for the biological, chemical, physical, microscopical, and technological investigation of foods, feeds, drugs, and insecticides tigations. and substances used in the manufacture thereof, including investigations of the physiological effects of such products; for the investigation and development of methods for the manufacture of sugars manufacture. and sugar sirups and the utilization of new agricultural materials for such purposes; for investigation of the action and changes produced by microorganisms, including molds and fungi; for investigation and development of methods for the utilization of agricultural wastes and residues, in cooperation with the Bureau of Standards, Department of Commerce, without duplication of work; for

Additional forest

Acquiring, under orest Conservation

Chemistry and Soils Bureau.

General expenses.

Chief of bureau, and office personnel.

Chemical investigations. Vol. 12, p. 387. U. S. C., p. 56.

Biological, etc., inves-

Methods of sugar

Utilizing wastes.

investigation and development of methods for the prevention of Cooperative services. heating of agricultural products and the prevention of farm fires and fires in cotton gins, cotton-oil mills, grain elevators, and other structures, and to cooperate with associations and scientific societies in the development of methods of analysis, \$453,699.

Utilizing raw materials for colorants.

Color investigations: For investigation and experiment in the utilization, for coloring, medicinal, and technical purposes, of raw

Insecticide and fungicide investigations.

materials grown or produced in the United States, \$75,000.

Insecticide and fungicide investigations: For the investigation and development of methods of manufacturing insecticides and fungicides, and for investigating chemical problems relating to the composition, action, and application of insecticides and fungicides, \$117,300.

Plant dust explosions, etc. ing

Plant dust explosions: For the investigation and development of Methods for prevent- methods for the prevention of grain-dust, smut-dust, and other dust explosions not otherwise provided for and resulting fires, including fires in cotton gins, cotton-oil mills, and grain elevators, \$36,190.

Naval stores investigations, etc.

Naval stores investigations: For the investigation and demonstration of improved methods or processes of preparing naval stores, the weighing, handling, transportation, and the uses of same, \$68,406, of which \$10,000 shall be available for continuing the establishment of a field laboratory for naval stores research work in the pine regions of the South, including erection of buildings.

Field laboratory.

Fertilizer investigations: For investigations within the United States of fertilizers, fertilizer ingredients, including phosphoric acid and potash, and other soil amendments and their suitability for

Fertilizers.

agricultural use, \$358,535. Soil chemical and physical investigations: For chemical, physical, and physical-chemical investigations of soil types, soil composition, and soil minerals, the soil solution, solubility of soil, and all chemical and physical properties of soils in their relation to soil formation,

Soil types, composi-on, etc., investition,

soil texture, erosibility, and soil productivity, \$61,190.

Soil survey: For the investigation of soils and their origin, for survey of the extent of classes and types, and for indicating upon maps and plats, by coloring or otherwise, the results of such investi-

Cooperative soils survey.

soil microbiology in gations and surveys, \$307,705.

Soil microbiology investigations: For investigations of the microorganisms of the soil and their activities, including the testing of samples procured in the open market, of cultures for inoculating legumes, other crops, or soil, and the publication of results, and if any such samples are found to be impure, nonviable, or misbranded, the results of the tests may be published, together with the names of the manufacturers and of the persons by whom the cultures were offered for

Soil-fertility investigations: For soil investigations into causes of infertility; maintenance of productivity; effects of soil composition, cultural methods, fertilizers, and soil amendments on yield and quality of crops; and the properties, composition, formation, and transformation of soil organic matter, \$206,980.

Services in the

Soil fertility.

Total, Bureau of Chemistry and Soils, \$1,825,080, of which amount not to exceed \$1,243,150 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Entomology Bureau.

BUREAU OF ENTOMOLOGY

General expenses.

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Investigation of insects, etc.

For necessary expenses connected with the investigations, experiments, and demonstrations in reference to the items hereinafter enumerated for the promotion of economic entomology, for investigating the history and habits of insects injurious and beneficial to agriculture, horticulture, arboriculture, for studying insects affecting man and animals, and for ascertaining the best means of destroying insects found to be injurious, independently or in cooperation with other branches of the Federal Government, States, counties, and municipalities, organizations, corporations, and individuals concerned, or with foreign governments, including the employment of necessary persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere, rent outside of the District of Columbia, and not to exceed \$5,000 for the erection of necessary buildings: Provided, That the cost of any such building shall not exceed \$1,500: Provided further, That one greenhouse may be erected at a cost not to exceed \$10,000, as follows:

For general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia,

\$147,460.

Fruit and shade tree insects: For insects affecting fruits, grapes, Fruit and shade tree insects: For insects affecting fruits, grapes, Fruit and shade tree nuts, shade trees, and hardy shrubs, and including research on the beetles, Parlatoria date Japanese and Asiatic beetles, the Parlatoria date scale, and fruit flies, scale, etc. \$400,000, together with \$55,000 of the unexpended balance of the sum from balance for appropriation for the Mediterranean fruit fly contained in the Agri- Mediterranean fruit fly, fiscal year 1931.

Only 1931 Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931. cultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931.

Truck and garden crop insects: For insects affecting truck and garden crops, including tobacco, sugar beets, and ornamental plants, crops.

\$421,490.

Forest insects: For insects affecting forests under section 4 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, sec. ing infestations, etc. 581c), entitled "An Act to insure adequate supplies of timber and Vol. 45, p. 701. U. S. C., Supp. v, other forest products for the people of the United States, to promote p. 199. the full use for timber growing and other purposes of forest lands in the United States, including farm wood lots and those abandoned areas not suitable for agricultural production, and to secure the correlation and the most economical conduct of forest research in the Department of Agriculture, through research in reforestation, timber growing, protection, utilization, forest economics, and related subjects," \$209,790.

Cereal and forage insects: For insects affecting cereal and forage sects. crops, including sugarcane and rice, and including research on the

European corn borer, \$529,820.

Cotton insects: For insects affecting cotton and including research worm, etc. vol. 46, p. 67. on the pink bollworm of cotton, \$200,000.

For insects affecting man and animals, \$145,000.

For household insects and insects affecting stored products, including \$4,900 for insects affecting forest products under section 4 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, sec. 581c), \$147,320.

For taxonomy and interrelations of insects, and including the importation and exchange of useful insects and an insect-pest

survey, \$200,000.

For bee culture and apiary management, \$70,820.

Total, Bureau of Entomology, \$2,471,700, of which amount not to exceed \$488,250 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

BUREAU OF BIOLOGICAL SURVEY

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

For salaries and employment of labor in the city of Washington and elsewhere, furniture, supplies, including the purchase of bags, tags, and labels printed in the course of manufacture, traveling and

Outside rent.

Buildings.

Amount for green-

Chief of bureau, and

Forest insects. Methods for prevent-

Cereal and forage in-

Man and animals. Stored products. Vol. 45, p. 701. U. S. C., Supp. V. p. 199.

Taxonomy of insects.

Bee culture.

Services in the Dis-

Biological Survey

General expenses.

Salaries, supplies, etc.

all other expenses necessary in conducting investigations and carrying out the work of the bureau, including cooperation with Federal, State, county, or other agencies or with farm bureaus, organizations, or individuals, as follows:

Chief of bureau and office personnel.

Game, etc., reserva-

Bison Range.

tions. Vol. 35, p. 1104. U. S. C., p. 471.

Vol. 45, p. 1224. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 205.

Proviso. Game for reserva-

Food habits of birds and animals.

Control of predatory animals, etc.

Fur-bearing animals. Investigating production, etc.

Biological investigations.

Migratory bird pro-

Vol. 40, p. 755. U. S. C., p. 436.

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services

in the District of Columbia, \$82,935. Maintenance of mammal and bird reservations: For the maintenance of the Montana National Bison Range and other reserva-Montana National tions and for the maintenance of game introduced into suitable localities on public lands, under supervision of the Biological Survey, including construction of fencing, wardens' quarters, shelters for animals, landings, roads, trails, bridges, ditches, telephone lines, rockwork, bulkheads, and other improvements necessary for the Protection of reserva- economical administration and protection of the reservations, and for the enforcement of section 84 of the Act approved March 4, 1909 (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 145), entitled "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the penal laws of the United States," and Acts amendatory thereto, and section 10 of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act of February 18, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, sec. 715i), \$82,313: Provided, That \$2,500 may be used for the purchase, capture, and

> Food habits of birds and animals: For investigating the food habits and economic value of North American birds and animals in relation to agriculture, horticulture, and forestry, including methods of conserving beneficial and controlling injurious birds and animals, \$104,810.

transportation of game for national reservations.

Control of predatory animals and injurious rodents: For demonstrations and cooperation in destroying animals injurious to agriculture, horticulture, forestry, animal husbandry, and wild game; suppressing rables, and in protecting stock and other domestic animals through the suppression of rabies and other diseases in predatory wild animals, \$573,780.

Production of fur-bearing animals: For investigations, experiments, demonstrations, and cooperation in connection with the production and utilization of fur-bearing animals raised for meat and fur, in the United States and Alaska, \$62,455.

For biological investigations, including the relations, habits, geographic distribution, and migration of animals and plants, and the preparation of maps of the life zones, and including \$20,000 for investigations of the relations of wild animal life to forests, under Vol. 45, p. 701. investigations of the relations of wild animal life to forests, under U. S. C., Supp. V, section 5 of the Act approved May 22, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 190, Reindeer, etc., in title 16, sec. 581d), and for investigations, experiments, and demonstrated in the control of the relations of wild animal life to forests, under U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 190, Reindeer, etc., in title 16, sec. 581d), and for investigations, experiments, and demonstrated in the control of the relations of wild animal life to forests, under U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 190, Reindeer, etc., in title 16, sec. 581d), and for investigations, experiments, and demonstrated in the control of the con strations in the establishment, improvement, and increase of the reindeer industry and of musk oxen and mountain sheep in Alaska, including the erection of necessary buildings and other structures. \$102,500.

Protection of migratory birds: For all necessary expenses for enforcing the provisions of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of July 3, 1918 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 703-711), and for cooperation with local authorities in the protection of migratory birds, and for necessary investigations connected therewith, \$214,240: Provided, That sary investigations connected therewith, \$214,240: Provided, That of prohibited birds, etc. of this sum not more than \$20,500 may be used for the enforcement Vol. 35, P. 1137. U. S. C., Pp. 492-493. Of sections 241, 242, 243, and 244 of the Act approved March 4, Carrying illegally revise, and amend the penal laws of the United States," and for the work of the United States, and for the conforcement of section 1 of the Act approved May 25, 1900 (U. S. C., p. 456. title 16, sec. 701), entitled "An Act to enlarge the powers of the Department of Agriculture, prohibit the transportation by interstate commerce of game killed in violation of local laws, and for other purposes," including all necessary investigations in connection therewith.

Enforcement of Alaska game law: For the enforcement of the game law. provisions of the Alaska game law, approved January 13, 1925 (U. S. C., title 48, secs. 192–211), and as amended by the Act of Vol. 43, p. 739; Vol. 46, p. 1111. February 14, 1931 (46 Stat., pp. 1111-1115), \$103,566.

In all, salaries and expenses, \$1,326,599.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI RIVER REFUGE

For the acquisition of areas of land or land and water pursuant to the Act entitled "An Act to establish the Upper Mississippi River Wild Life and Fish Refuge," approved June 7, 1924 (U. S. C., title 16, secs. 721-731), as amended, and for all necessary expenses incident thereto, including the employment of persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere, \$34,033, which shall be available until expended, being part of the sum of \$1,500,000 authorized to be appropriated for such purpose by section 10 of said Act; and for all necessary expenses of the Secretary of Agriculture authorized by section 9 of said Act, \$45,445; in all, \$79,478.

BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY-BIRD REFUGE

For the establishment of a suitable refuge and feeding and breeding grounds for migratory wild fowl, including the acquisition of "An Act to establish the Bear River migratory-bird refuge," p. 202. approved April 23, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 690–690h), and the resolution approved February 15, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1186), and for all expenses incident thereto, including the application of the control of th persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$75,000 for this purpose contained in the Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1931 shall remain available until June 30, 1933; for administration and maintenance, including the construction of necessary buildings and for personal services in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, \$32,100.

MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION ACT

For carrying into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act provisions." the migratory-bird treaty with Great Britain by lessening the dan45, p. 1702; vol. gers threatening migratory game birds from January days. gers threatening migratory game birds from drainage and other causes by the acquisition of areas of land and of water to furnish in perpetuity reservation for the adequate protection of such birds; and authorizing appropriations for the establishment of such areas, their maintenance and improvement, and for other purposes," Vol. 45, p. 1224. U. S. C., Supp. V, approved February 18, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 715— p. 205. Expenses of Commission 19 of the Act. which sum is significant by coation 19 of the Act. which sum is significant. approved February 18, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. v, other sum is sign. 715r), \$318,000, authorized by section 12 of the Act, which sum is sign. Vol. 45, p. 1225. Authorizations. appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and \$118,000, authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and in addition thereto the unexpended balance of the sum appropriated for the fiscal year 1932 under authority of section 18 of the Act is hereby continued available for the same purpose for the fiscal year 1933, together with the unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$400,000 for the purposes of section 12 of said Act as contained in the Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal p. 204. year 1932.

Û. S. C., p. 1573.

Upper Mississippi River Refuge.

Acquiring areas for. Vol. 43, pp. 650, 1354. U. S. C., p. 437.

Vol. 43, p. 652.

Bear River Migra-tory Bird Refuge.

Establishment, etc.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 416.

Administration.

Migratory Bird Conservation Act.

Administering treaty

Acquiring lands, etc.

Balance available. Vol. 45, p. 1222. U. S. C., Supp. V,

Vol. 46, p. 579. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 203.

Services in the District.

Public Roads Bu-

Salaries and expenses.

Road making.

p. 217. U. S. C., p. 662.

Federal-aid high-

zations. Vol. 46, p. 141.

Provisa Convict labor forbidden.

Cheyenne Bottoms Migratory Bird Refuge, Kans.

Balances available for establishing, etc.
Vol. 46, pp. 871, 1266.

The unexpended balances of the appropriation of \$50,000 contained in the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, and of the appropriation of \$200,000 contained in the Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, shall remain available until June 30, 1933, entitled An Act authorizing the establishment of a migratory-bird refuge in the Cheyenne Bottoms, Barton County, Kansas," approved June 12, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 691-691d), and for necessary expenses incident thereto, including the employment of persons and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere.

Total, Bureau of Biological Survey, \$1,756,177, of which amount not to exceed \$326,370 may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia.

BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

For necessary expenses of the Bureau of Public Roads, including salaries and the employment of labor in the city of Washington and elsewhere, supplies, office and laboratory fixtures and apparatus, traveling and other necessary expenses; for conducting research and investigational studies, either independently or in cooperation with State highway departments, or other agencies, including studies of highway administration, legislation, finance, economics, transport, construction, operation, maintenance, utilization, and safety, and of street and highway traffic control; investigations and experiments in the best methods of road making, especially by the use of local materials; studies of types of mechanical plants and appliances used for road building and maintenance and of methods of road repair and maintenance suited to the needs of different localities; and maintenance and repairs of experimental highways, including the purchase of materials and equipment; for furnishing expert advice on these subjects; for collating, reporting, and illustrating the results of Vol. 39, p. 355; Vol. 42, same; and for preparing, publishing, and distributing bulletins and reports; to be paid from any moneys available from the administrative funds provided under the Act of July 11, 1916 (U.S.C., title 23, sec. 21), as amended, or as otherwise provided.

FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY SYSTEM

Cooperating with states in constructing rural post roads, vol 39, p. 355; vol. 40, p. 1201; vol. 42, pp. 690, of rural post roads, and for other purposes," approved July 11, 1916 1167; Vol. 43, pp. 690, 1398. (39 Stat., pp. 355–359), and all Acts amendatory thereof and supplesupp. V, p. 343. (39 Stat., as amended including not to aveced 5528 100 for said Act. as amended including not to aveced 5528 100 for said Act. as amended including not to aveced 5528 100 for said Act. said Act, as amended, including not to exceed \$733,100 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, \$100,000,000, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, which sum is composed of \$42,400,000, a part of the sum of \$125,-Additional authori- 000,000 authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, by paragraph 1 of the Act approved April 4, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 141), and \$57,600,000, part of the sum of \$125,000,000 authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, by paragraph 1 of the Act approved April 4, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 141): Provided. That none of the money herein appropriated shall be paid to any State on account of any project on which convict labor shall be directly employed, except this provision shall not apply to convict labor performed by convicts on parole or probation.

Road and bridge flood relief, Georgia and South Carolina: To Georgia and South Carolina, flood relief. enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act for the relief of the State of Georgia for damage to and destruction of roads and bridges by floods in 1929," approved May 27, 1930, and the Act entitled "An Act for the relief of the State of South Carolina for damage to and destruction of roads and bridges by floods in 1929," approved June 2, 1930, the unexpended balances of the appropriations for these purposes contained in the Second Deficiency Act, 1930, shall remain available until June 30, 1933.

Relief of the State of Alabama: The unexpended balance of the appropriation of \$1,660,000 contained in the First Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1930, for carrying out the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act for the relief of the State of Alabama for damage to and destruction of roads and bridges by floods in 1929," approved March

12, 1930, shall remain available until June 30, 1933. The appropriation of \$3,000,000 for roads on unappropriated struction on unappropriated or unreserved public lands, nontaxable Indian lands, and so forth, pristed, etc., Indian contained in the Act entitled "An Act making supplemental approcontained in the Act entitled "An Act making supplemental appropriations to provide for emergency construction on certain public works during the remainder of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1931, with a view to increasing employment," approved December 20, 1930, is hereby continued available during the fiscal year 1933, and not to exceed \$4,760 may be used for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Total, Bureau of Public Roads, \$100,000,000.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING

SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$39,800.

For investigations, experiments, and demonstrations involving the application of engineering principles to agriculture, independently or in cooperation with Federal, State, county, or other public agencies or with farm bureaus, organizations, or individuals; for investigating and reporting upon the utilization of water in farm irrigation and the best methods to apply in practice, the different kinds of power and appliances, the flow of water in ditches, pipes, and other conduits, the duty, apportionment, and measurement of irrigation water, the customs, regulations, and laws affecting irrigation, and the drainage of farms and of swamps and other wet lands which may be made available for agricultural purposes; for preparing plans for the removal of surplus water by drainage; for developing equipment for farm irrigation and drainage; for investigating and reporting upon farm domestic water supply and drainage disposal, upon the design and construction of farm buildings and their appurtenances and of buildings for processing and storing farm products, upon farm power and mechanical farm equipment, upon the engineering problems relating to the processing, transportation, and storage of perishable and other agricultural products, and upon the engineering problems involved in adapting physical characteristics of farm land to the use of modern farm machinery; 19, 1930 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7, secs. 424, 425); for giving expert 52. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. advice and assistance in agricultural engineering for giving expert 52. advice and assistance in agricultural engineering; for collating, reporting, and illustrating the results of investigations and prepar-

Vol. 46, pp. 386, 489.

Vol. 46, p. 872.

Alabama, flood relief. Vol. 46, p. 99.

Balance reappropriated. Vol. 46, p. 84. Post, p. 1457.

Balance available. Vol. 46, p. 1031.

Agricultural Engineering Bureau.

General expenses.

Chief of bureau and office personnel.

Investigations, etc.

Cotton ginning.

ing, publishing, and distributing bulletins, plans, and reports; and for other necessary expenses, including travel, rent, repairs, and not to exceed \$5,000 for the construction of buildings, \$478,890.

Total, Bureau of Agricultural Engineering, \$518,690, of which amount not to exceed \$139,130 may be expended for personal services

in the District of Columbia.

Agricultural Economics Bureau.

BUREAU OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

General expenses.

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Salaries, supplies, etc.

For salaries and the employment of labor in the city of Washington and elsewhere, furniture, supplies, traveling expenses, rent outside of the District of Columbia, and all other expenses necessary in conducting investigations, experiments, and demonstrations,

Chief of bureau, and office personnel.

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$288,090.

Farm management and practice.

Farm management and practice: To investigate and encourage the adoption of improved methods of farm management and farm practice, \$395,467: Provided, That of this amount \$150,000 may be used in ascertaining the cost of production of the principal staple agri-

Proviso. Cost of producing staple products.

Distributing acquired information of farm

cultural products. Marketing and distributing farm products: For acquiring and products, marketing, diffusing among the people of the United States useful information, on subjects connected with the marketing, handling, utiliza-

fied standards.

tion, grading, transportation, and distributing of farm and nonmanufactured food products and the purchasing of farm supplies, Promotion of classi- including the demonstration and promotion of the use of uniform standards of classification of American farm products throughout the world, including scientific and technical research into American-

Cotton and by-products research.

grown cotton and its by-products and their present and potential uses, including new and additional commercial and scientific uses for cotton and its by-products, and including investigations of cotton ginning under the Act approved April 19, 1930 (U.S. C., Supp. V, title 7, secs. 424, 425), and for collecting and disseminating informa-

Vol. 46, p. 248, U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

tion with other branches of the department, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, and persons engaged in the marketing, handling, utilization, grading, transportation, and distributing of farm and food products, and for investigation of the economic costs of retail marketing of meat and meat products,

tion on the adjustment of production to probable demand for the different farm and animal products, independently and in coopera-

Provised. S812,320: Provided, That practical forms of the grades recommended mediar grades to be or promulgated by the Secretary for wool and mohair may be sold under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, and the receipts therefrom deposited in the Treasury to the credit of miscellaneous receipts.

Crop and livestock

Crop and livestock estimates: For collecting, compiling, abstract-Collecting, etc., data. ing, analyzing, summarizing, interpreting, and publishing data relating to agriculture, including crop and livestock estimates, acreage, yield, grades, staples of cotton, stocks, and value of farm crops, and numbers, grades, and value of livestock and livestock products on farms, in cooperation with the Extension Service and other Federal, State, and local agencies, \$785,020: Provided, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for any expense incident to ascertaining, collating, or publishing a report stating the

intentions of farmers as to the acreage to be planted in cotton.

estimates.

Proviso. Issuing predictions

Foreign competition and demand: To enable the Secretary of Expanding Department foreign field serv-Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled ice. "An Act to promote the agriculture of the United States by expanding in the foreign field the service now rendered by the United States Department of Agriculture in acquiring and diffusing useful information regarding agriculture, and for other purposes," approved June 5, 1930, and for collecting and disseminating to Disseminating information producers, importers, exporters, and other interested persupply and need of sons information relative to the world supply of and need for American agricultural products, etc. can agricultural products, marketing methods, conditions, prices, and other factors, a knowledge of which is necessary to the advantageous disposition of such products in foreign countries, independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, and persons engaged in the transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food products, including the purchase of such books and periodicals and not to exceed \$1,000 for newspapers as may be necessary in connection with this work, \$356,790.

Market inspection of farm products: For enabling the Secretary farm products. of Agriculture, independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, boards of trade, chambers of commerce, or other associations of business men or trade organizations, and persons or corporations engaged in the production, transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food products, whether operating in one or more jurisdictions, to investigate and certify to shippers and other interested parties the class, quality, and/or condition of cotton, tobacco, fruits and vegetables whether raw, dried, or canned, poultry, butter, hay, and other perishable farm products when offered for interstate shipment or when received at such important central markets as the Secretary of Agriculture may from time to time designate, or at points which may be conveniently reached therefrom, under such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, including payment of such fees as will be reasonable and as nearly as may be to cover the cost for the service rendered: Provided, That certificates issued by the authorized agents of the department shall be received tiffcates. in all courts of the United States as prima facie evidence of the truth of the statements therein contained, \$537,796.

by telegraph, mail, or otherwise, timely information on the market formation of livestock, supply and demand. commercial movement least the market formation of livestock, dairy agriculture str. supply and demand, commercial movement, location, disposition, products. quality, condition, and market prices of livestock, meats, fish, and animal products, dairy and poultry products, fruits and vegetables, peanuts and their products, grain, hay, feeds, tobacco, and seeds, and other agricultural products, independently and in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, purchasing and consuming organizations, and persons engaged in the production, transportation, marketing, and distribution of farm and food prod-

ucts, \$1,380,808.

Cotton statistics: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the Act entitled "An Act authorizing the Secretary of Agriculture to collect and publish statistics of the grade and staple 44 length of cotton," approved March 3, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7,

secs. 471–476), \$372,500.

cs. 471–476), \$372,500.

Tobacco stocks and standards: To enable the Secretary of Agristandards.

Tobacco stocks and standards: To enable the Act entitled "An Act Vol. 45, p. 1079.
U. S. C., Supp. V, p. culture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco 55. by the Department of Agriculture," approved January 14, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7, secs. 501-508), including the employment

Vol. 46, p. 497.

Market inspection of

Certifying conditions of shipment.

Proviso. Legal effect of cer-

Cotton statistics.

Vol. 44, p. 1372. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

of persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere,

\$24,400.

Perishable Agricultural Commodities Act. Vol. 46, p. 531. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Perishable agricultural commodities Act: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to suppress unfair and fraudulent practices in the marketing of perishable agricultural commodities in interstate and foreign commerce," \$175,100.

In all, salaries and expenses, \$5,128,291.

Standards Cotton

Cotton Futures and ENFORCEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES COTTON FUTURES ACT AND UNITED STATES COTTON STANDARDS ACT

Enforcement penses. Vol. 39, p. 476; Vol. Vol. 35, p. 476, 40, p. 1351. U. S. C., p. 788. Vol. 42, p. 1517. U. S. C., p. 90.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Cotton Futures Act, as amended March 4, 1919 (U.S.C., title 26, secs. 731–752), and to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Cotton Standards Act, approved March 4, 1923 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 51-65), including all expenses necessary for the purchase of equipment and supplies; for travel; for the employment of persons in the city of Washington and elsewhere; and for all other expenses, including rent outside of the District of Columbia, that may be necessary in executing the provisions of these Acts, including such means as may be necessary for effec-Agreements to effect tuating agreements heretofore or hereafter made with cotton associations, cotton exchanges, and other cotton organizations in foreign countries, for the adoption, use, and observance of universal standards of cotton classification, for the arbitration or settlement of disputes with respect thereto, and for the preparation, distribution, inspection, and protection of the practical forms or copies thereof under such agreements, \$289,060.

the use of standards, arbitration of disputes, etc., in foreign countries.

Grain Standards Act.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES GRAIN STANDARDS ACT

Enforcement penses. Vol. 39, p. 482.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the United States Grain Standards Act, including rent outside of the District of Columbia and the employment of such persons and means as the Secretary of Agriculture may deem necessary, in the city of Washington and elsewhere, \$833,370.

Warehouse Act.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE UNITED STATES WAREHOUSE ACT

Administration ex-

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the Vol. 39, p. 486; Vol. provisions of the United States Warehouse Act, including the pay42, p. 1282,
U. S. C., p. 107.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture may ment of such persons and means as the Secretary of Agriculture may deem necessary in the city of Washington and elsewhere, \$313,020.

Standard Container, ENFORCEMENT OF THE STANDARD CONTAINER, HAMPER, AND PRODUCE Agency Acts.

Enforcement expenes. Vol. 39, p. 673. U. S. C., p. 377.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the Act entitled "An Act to fix standards for Climax baskets for grapes and other fruits and vegetables, and to fix standards for baskets and other containers for small fruits, berries, and vegetables, and for other purposes," approved August 31, 1916 (U. S. C., title 15, sec. 251-256), the Act entitled "An Act to fix standards for hampers, round stave baskets, and splint baskets for fruits and vegetables, and for other purposes," approved May 21, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 15, secs. 257–257i), and the Act entitled "An Act to prevent the destruction or dumping, without good and sufficient cause therefor, of farm produce received in interstate commerce by commission

Vol. 45, p. 685. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 148. Vol. 44, p. 1355. U. S. C., Supp. V,

merchants and others and to require them truly and correctly to account for all farm produce received by them," approved March 3, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7, secs. 491-497), including the pur- Purchase of able products. chase of such perishable farm products as may be necessary for detection of violations of the latter Act: Provided, That all receipts from the sale of such products shall be credited to this appropriation, credited to appropriate and shall be reexpendable therefrom, and including the employment. of such persons and means as the Secretary of Agriculture may deem necessary in the city of Washington and elsewhere, \$43,800.

Purchase of perish-

Wool clip of 1918.

COMPLETION OF WOOL WORK

To enable the Bureau of Agricultural Economics to complete the tribution from, among work of the domestic wool section of the War Industries Board owners of sums collected. and to enforce Government regulations for handling the wool clip of 1918 as established by the wool division of said board, pursuant to the Executive order dated December 31, 1918, transferring such work to the said bureau, \$3,000, and to continue, as far as practicable, the distribution among the growers of the wool clip of 1918 of all sums heretofore or hereafter collected or recovered with or without suit by the Government from all persons, firms, or corporations, which handled any part of the wool clip of 1918.

Completing the dis-

WOOL MARKETING STUDIES

Wool marketing

Not to exceed \$39,300 of the funds collected from persons, firms, or from collections of wool corporations which handled any part of the wool clip of 1918, which clip of 1918. the Secretary of Agriculture finds it impracticable to distribute among woolgrowers, shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of a special fund which is hereby appropriated for the fiscal year 1933 for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the appropriation for use by the Secretary of Agriculture of certain funds for wool standards, and wools. 45, p. 563. for other purposes," approved May 17, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, b. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 51. title 7, secs. 415b-415d), including personal services and other necessary expenses in the District of Columbia and elsewhere.

Services in the Dis-

Use for standardizing

Total, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, \$6,649,841, of which triet. amount not to exceed \$2,368,330 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

BUREAU OF HOME ECONOMICS

Home Economics

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

General expenses.

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, office personnel. including the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services

Chief of bureau and

in the District of Columbia, \$27,900. For conducting, either independently or in cooperation with other ucts in the home, etc. agencies, investigations of the relative utility and economy of agricultural products for food, clothing, and other uses in the home, with special suggestions of plans and methods for the more effective utilization of such products for these purposes, and for disseminating useful information on this subject, including travel and all other necessary expenses, \$205,465.

Total, Bureau of Home Economics, \$233,365, of which amount not trict. to exceed \$214,120 may be expended for personal services in the

District of Columbia.

Plant Quarantine

BUREAU OF PLANT QUARANTINE

General expenses.

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Plant quarantine enforcement.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Plant Quarantine Act of August 20, 1912, as Vol. 37, pp. 315, 850. Provisions of the Fiant Quarantine Let of Linguister authorized, U.S. C., pp. 99, 1894. amended, and to conduct the other activities hereinafter authorized, independently or in cooperation with the States and other agencies, organizations, and individuals concerned, including necessary expenses for supplies and equipment, rent outside the District of Columbia, and the employment of necessary persons and means in the city of Washington and elsewhere, as follows:

Chief of bureau and office personnel.

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, includ-

Enforcement of plant quarantines, prevent-ing entry of Mexican cotton and cottonseed,

Cleaning, etc.

Inspecting quarantined articles in transit. V, p. 46.

Pink bollworm control.

Mexico. Proviso. Inspection stations.

Control and prevention. Parlatoria date scale. Thurberia weevil.

Gypsy and brown-

European corn borer.

Japanese beetle.

White-pine blister

Phony peach disease.

Mexican fruit worm.

ing the salary of chief of bureau and other personal services in the District of Columbia, \$87,230. For enforcement of foreign plant quarantines and to prevent the

movement of cotton and cottonseed from Mexico into the United States, including the regulation of the entry into the United States of railway cars and other vehicles, and freight, express, baggage, or other materials from Mexico, and the inspection, cleaning, and disinfection thereof, including construction and repair of necessary buildings, plants, and equipment, for the fumigation, disinfection, or cleaning of products, railway cars, or other vehicles entering the Receipts covered in. United States from Mexico, \$737,970: Provided, That any moneys received in payment of charges fixed by the Secretary of Agriculture on account of such cleaning and disinfection shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

For the inspection in transit or otherwise of articles quarantined Vol. 37, p. 315; Vol. 44, under the Act of August 20, 1912 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 7, secs. U. S. C., p. 100; supp. 161, 164a), as amended, and for the interception and disposition of materials found to have been transported interstate in violation of quarantines promulgated thereunder, \$32,400.

For the control and prevention of spread of the pink bollworm, including the establishment of such cotton-free areas as may be necessary to stamp out any infestation, the erection and repair of necessary inspection stations, and for necessary surveys and control Cooperation with operations in Mexico in cooperation with the Mexican Government or local Mexican authorities, \$375,000: Provided, That the cost of each such station shall not exceed \$500, and that the total amount expended for such stations in one year shall not exceed \$2,500.

For the control and prevention of spread of the Parlatoria date scale, \$38,615.

For the control and prevention of spread of the Thurberia weevil, \$10,250.

For the control and prevention of spread of the gypsy and browntail moths, \$400,000.

For the control and prevention of spread of the European corn borer, \$295,000.

For the control and prevention of spread of the Japanese beetle, \$350,000.

For the control and prevention of spread of the white-pine blister rust, \$9,900.

For the control and prevention of spread of the phony peach disease, \$11,480.

For the control and prevention of spread of the Mexican fruit Cooperation with worm, including necessary surveys and control operations in Mexico in cooperation with the Mexican Government or local Mexican authorities, \$122,080.

Certification of exports: For the inspection, under such rules and and ertification. regulations as the Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe, of domestic fresh fruits, vegetables, and seeds and nursery stock and other plants for propagation when offered for export and to certify to shippers and interested parties as to the freedom of such products from injurious plant diseases and insect pests according to the sanitary requirements of the foreign countries affected and to make such reasonable charges and to use such means as may be necessary to accomplish this object, \$20,200: Provided, That moneys received on account of such inspection and certification shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Total, Bureau of Plant Quarantine \$2,490,125, of which amount not to exceed \$274,480 may be expended for personal services in

the District of Columbia.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE GRAIN FUTURES ACT

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Grain Futures Act, approved September 21, 1922 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 1-17), \$218,838, of which amount not to exceed \$48,180 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION

SALARIES AND GENERAL EXPENSES

For all necessary expenses, for chemical apparatus, chemicals, and supplies, repairs to apparatus, gas, electric current, official traveling expenses, telegraph and telephone service, express and freight charges, for the employment of such assistants, clerks, and other persons as the Secretary of Agriculture may consider necessary for the purposes named, in the city of Washington, and elsewhere, in conducting investigations; collecting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such investigations; and for rent outside of the District of Columbia for carrying out the investigations and work herein authorized as follows:

For necessary expenses for general administrative purposes, Chief of administration and other personal nel.

services in the District of Columbia, \$104,800.

Enforcement of the Food and Drugs Act: For enabling the Sec- pure food, drug, etc., inspection. retary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act of June 30, 1906 (U. S. C., title 21, secs. 1-15), entitled "An Act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated, or misbranded, or poisonous, or deleterious foods, drugs, medicines, and liquors, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes"; to cooperate with associations and scientific societies in the revision of the United States Pharmacopæia and development of methods of analysis, and for investigating the character of the chemical and physical tests which are applied to American food tests of American food products in foreign countries, and for inspecting the same before products. shipment when desired by the shippers or owners of these products intended for countries where chemical and physical tests are required before the said products are allowed to be sold therein, \$1,265,219: Provided, That not more than \$4,280 shall be used for travel outside of the United States.

Enforcement of the Tea Importation Act: For enabling the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act vol. 20, p. 604; vol. 41, approved March 2, 1897 (U. S. C., title 21, secs. 41–50), entitled p. 71.8.0., p. 625. "An Act to prevent the importation of impure and unwholesome

Proviso. Receipts covered in.

Services in the District.

Grain Futures Act.

Enforcement expenvol. 42, p. 998. U. S. C., p. 87.

Food and Drug Administration.

General expenses.

Items specified.

Outside rent.

Vol. 34, p. 768. U. S. C., p. 621.

Revision of Pharma-

Proviso. Outside travel.

Tea Importation Act,

Naval Stores Act. Vol. 42, p. 1435. U. S. C., p. 93.

of adulterated. Vol. 36, p. 331. U. S. C., p. 95.

Milk Importation

Caustic Poison Act,

enforcement.
Vol. 44, p. 1406.
U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 150.

Act, enforcement. Vol. 44, p. 1101. U. S. C., Supp. V,

tea," as amended, including payment of compensation and expenses of the members of the board appointed under section 2 of the Act and all other necessary officers and employees, \$41,630.

For enabling the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Naval Stores Act of March 3, 1923 (U. S. C.,

title 7, secs. 91–99), \$37,200. Insecticides and fun-

Enforcement of the Insecticide Act: For enabling the Secretary Preventing sale, etc., of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of the Act of April 26, 1910 (U. S. C., title 7, secs. 121-134), entitled "An Act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded Paris greens, lead arsenates, other insecticides, and also fungicides, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes," \$212,358.

Enforcement of the Milk Importation Act: For enabling the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of an Act approved February 15, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 21, secs. 141-149), entitled "An Act to regulate the importation of milk and cream into the United States for the purpose of promoting the dairy industry of the United States and protecting the public health,

\$29,600. Enforcement of the Caustic Poison Act: For enabling the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of an Act approved March 4, 1927 (U.S. C., Supp. V, title 15, secs. 401-411), entitled "An Act to safeguard the distribution and sale of certain dangerous caustic or corrosive acids, alkalies, and other substances

in interstate and foreign commerce," \$25,360.

Total, Food and Drug Administration, \$1,716,167, of which amount not to exceed \$577,290 may be expended for personal services

in the District of Columbia.

Interchange of appropriations.

Allowance for miscel-

laneous expenses.

Proviso. Statement to be in-

Miscellaneous.

Work for other Departments.

Transfers for inspec-tion, etc., by Agricul-tural Department, of necessary funds.

INTERCHANGE OF APPROPRIATIONS

Not to exceed 10 per centum of the foregoing amounts for the miscellaneous expenses of the work of any bureau, division, or office herein provided for shall be available interchangeably for expenditures on the objects included within the general expenses of such bureau, division, or office, but no more than 10 per centum shall be added to any one item of appropriation except in cases of extraordinary emergency, and then only upon the written order of the Secretary of Agriculture: Provided, That a statement of any transfers chided in annual Bud- of appropriations made hereunder shall be included in the annual Budget.

MISCELLANEOUS

WORK FOR OTHER DEPARTMENTS

During the fiscal year 1933 the head of any department or independent establishment of the Government requiring inspections, analyses, and tests of food and other products, within the scope of the functions of the Department of Agriculture and which that department is unable to perform within the limits of its appropriations, may, with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, transfer to the Department of Agriculture for direct expenditure such sums as may be necessary for the performance of such work.

Livestock production in Southern States.

EXPERIMENTS IN LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION IN SOUTHERN UNITED STATES

Cooperative experi-ments, etc., in developing.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture, in cooperation with the authorities of the States concerned, or with individuals, to make such

investigations and demonstrations as may be necessary in connection with the development of livestock production in the cane-sugar and cotton districts of the United States, \$41,325.

AGRICULTURAL-CREDIT CORPORATIONS

For carrying into effect the provisions of Public Resolution pens Numbered 11, entitled "Joint resolution to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to aid in the establishment of agricultural-credit corporations, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1932, ated. \$10,000,000 of the combined unexpended balances and repayments Vol. 46, pp. 1032, 1039, 1160, 1167. thereto of the appropriations contained in Public Resolution Numbered 114, approved January 15, 1931, and in the Interior Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932, approved February 14, 1931, to carry out the provisions of Public Resolution Numbered 112, approved December 20, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1032, 1160, 1167), is hereby made immediately available as a revolving fund, as authorized by section 4 of said Public Resolution Numbered 11, of which fund not to exceed 2 per centum shall be available for the expenses of administration, including the employment of persons trict and means in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, printing and binding, purchase of law books and books of reference and other necessary expenses: Provided, That the unobligated balances remaining in such appropriations (together with repayments credited thereto), not otherwise appropriated, shall be covered into the Treasury at the close of the fiscal year 1932 as "Miscellaneous Receipts."

PASSENGER-CARRYING VEHICLES

That not to exceed \$200,000 of the lump-sum appropriations herein lump-sum appropriations herein lump-sum appropriations for the Department of Agriculture shall be available for the tions for field work. purchase of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles necessary in the conduct of the field work of the Department of Agriculture outside the District of Columbia: Provided, That such vehicles shall be used only for official service outside the District of Columbia, but this shall not prevent the continued use for official service of motor trucks in the District of Columbia: Provided fur-ther, That the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to expend from form war De-the funds provided for carrying out the provisions of the Federal Highway Act of November 9, 1921 (U. S. C., title 23, secs. 21 and 23), U. S. C., p. 667. not to exceed \$50,000 for the purchase of motor-propelled passengercarrying vehicles for use in the construction and maintenance of national-forest roads or other roads constructed under the supervision of the Department of Agriculture, including the replacement of not to exceed one such vehicle for use in the administrative work of the Bureau of Public Roads in the District of Columbia: Provided further, That appropriations contained in this Act shall be available nance, upkeep, etc. for the maintenance, operation, and repair of motor-propelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles, but expenditures for that purpose, exclusive of garage rent, pay of operator, tires, fuel, and lubricants, on any one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle except a bus, used by the Department of Agriculture shall not exceed one-third of the market price of a new vehicle of the same make or class, and in any case not more than \$500: Provided further, That not more than one such vehicle shall be maintained for use in the tive work in the Disadministrative work of the Bureau of Public Roads in the District trict. of Columbia: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture may exchange motor-propelled and horse-drawn vehicles, tractors, road equipment, and boats, and parts, accessories, tires, or equip-

Agricultural-credit corporations.

Organizing, etc., ex-Ante, p. 60.

To constitute a revolving fund.

Services in the Dis-

Proviso. Balances covered in.

Passenger vehicles.

Provisos.
Use restricted.

Limit for mainte-

Exchanges allowed.

chase price.

ment thereof, in whole or in part payment for vehicles, tractors, road equipment, or boats, or parts, accessories, tires, or equipment of such vehicles, tractors, road equipment, or boats purchased by him: Pro-Restriction on pur vided further, That no part of any money appropriated by this Act shall be used for purchasing any motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle (except busses and station wagons) at a cost, completely equipped for operation, in excess of \$750, except where, in the judgment of the department, special requirements can not thus be efficiently met, such exceptions, however, to be limited to not to exceed 10 per centum of the total expenditures for such motor vehicles purchased during the fiscal year; including the value of a vehicle exchanged where exchange is involved; nor shall any money appropriated herein be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any For Government use Government-owned motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only when the same is approved by the head of the department. The limitations of this proviso shall not apply to any motor vehicle for official use of the Secretary of Agriculture.

Exemption.

Seed-grain loans.

COLLECTION OF SEED-GRAIN LOANS

Expenses collecting.

Vol. 41, p. 1347; Vol. 42, p. 467; Vol. 43, p. 110; Vol. 44, p. 1251; Vol. 45, p. 1366; Vol. 46, pp. 3, 78, 1032, 1039, 1160, 1276.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to collect moneys due the United States on account of loans made under the provisions of the Onned States on account of loans made under the provisions of the Acts of March 3, 1921 (41 Stat., p. 1347), March 20, 1922 (42 Stat., p. 467), April 26, 1924 (43 Stat., p. 110), February 28, 1927 (44 Stat., p. 1251), February 25, 1929 (45 Stat., p. 1306), as amended May 17, 1929 (46 Stat., p. 3), March 3, 1930 (46 Stat., pp. 78, 79), December 20, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 1032), February 14, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1160), and February 23, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1276), \$500,000 of the unexpended balance of the appropriation contained in Public Resolution Numbered 114, approved January 15, 1931 is continued available. Numbered 114, approved January 15, 1931, is continued available until June 30, 1933, of which amount not to exceed \$80,000 may be expended for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia.

Soil erosion.

SOIL-EROSION INVESTIGATIONS

Investigations, etc., for control.

Cooperation with other activities.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to make investigation not otherwise provided for of the causes of soil erosion and the possibility of increasing the absorption of rainfall by the soil in the United States, and to devise means to be employed in the preservation of soil, the prevention or control of destructive erosion and the conservation of rainfall by terracing or other means, independently or in cooperation with other branches of the Government, State agencies, counties, farm organizations, associations of business men, or individuals, including necessary expenses, \$289,160, of which amount not to exceed \$21,200 may be expended for personal services in the District of Columbia.

Federal highways.

FOREST ROADS AND TRAILS

Forest roads and

Vol. 45, p. 750. Vol. 46, pp. 261, 805.

For carrying out the provisions of section 23 of the Federal Hightrails. For carrying out the provisions of section 23 of the Federal High-vol. 42, pp. 218, 661. way Act approved November 9, 1921 (U. S. C., title 23, sec. 23), including not to exceed \$81,020 for departmental personal services in the District of Columbia, \$8,905,000, which sum is composed of \$2,945,000, part of the sum of \$12,500,000 authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1932 by the Act approved May 5, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 261), and \$5,960,000, part of the amount authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1933 by the Act approved May 5, 1930: Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall, upon the approval of this Act, apportion and prorate among the several States, states, etc. Alaska, and Porto Rico, as provided in section 23 of said Federal Highway Act, the sum of \$12,500,000 authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, by the Act approved May 5, 1930: Provided further, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall deemed Federal obligaincur obligations, approve projects, or enter into contracts under his tions. apportionment and prorating of this authorization, and his action in so doing shall be deemed a contractual obligation on the part of the Federal Government for the payment of the cost thereof: Provided further, That the total expenditures on account of any State or Territory shall at no time exceed its authorized apportionment: Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the rental, purchase, or construction of buildings necessary for the storage of equipment and supplies used for road and trail construction and maintenance, but the total cost of any such building purchased or constructed under this authorization shall not exceed \$2,500: Provided further, That during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, the expenditures on forest highways in Alaska from the amount herein appropriated or from similar appropriations heretofore made shall not exceed \$350,000, and the apportionment for forest highways in Alaska from the sum of \$12,500,000 authorized to be appropriated for the fiscal year 1933 shall be \$350,000.

The appropriation of \$800,000 for the construction on Government Island, Alameda, California, of buildings required by the Bureau of Public Roads and Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture penses. and the Coast Guard of the Treasury Department, contained in the Act entitled "An Act making supplemental appropriations for the Appropriation confiscal years ending June 30, 1931, and June 30, 1932," approved Vol. 46, p. 1563. March 4, 1931, is hereby continued available during the fiscal year

1933.

SEC. 2. For the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions Chicago World's Fair of the Act entitled "An Act providing for the participation of the bration. United States in A Century of Progress (the Chicago World's Fair penses. Centennial Celebration), to be held at Chicago, Illinois, in 1933, authorizing an appropriation therefor, and for other purposes," approved February 8, 1932, and for each and every object thereof, and within the limits of cost specified therein, to be immediately available and to remain available until June 30, 1934, \$1,000,000.

SEC. 3. No appropriation under the Department of Agriculture Nacancies not to be available during the fiscal years 1932 and/or 1933 shall be used after the date of the approval of this Act to pay the compensation of an incumbent appointed to any position under the Federal Government which is vacant on the date of the approval of this Act or to any such position which may become vacant after such date: Provided. That this inhibition shall not apply (a) to absolutely essential etc., positions exempt positions the filling of which may be authorized or approved in writing by the President of the United States, either individually or in groups, or (b) to temporary, emergency, seasonal, and cooperative positions. The appropriations or portions of appropriations Unexpended unexpended by the operation of this section shall not be used for any other purposes but shall be impounded and returned to the Treasury, and a report of all such vacancies, the number thereof filled, and the amounts unexpended, for the period between the date of the approval of this Act and October 31, 1932, shall be submitted to Congress on the first day of the next regular session: Provided, That such impounding of funds may be waived in writing by the

Propisos. Apportionment to

Limitation on State expenditure.

Storage.

Alaska highways.

Government Island, Alameda, Calif.

Post, p. 1466.

Participation ex-

Ante, p. 39.

Proviso. Essential, temperary,

Report to Congress.

Proviso. Exception. President of the United States in connection with any appropriation or portion of appropriation, when, in his judgment, such action is necessary and in the public interest.

Total, Department of Agriculture, \$175,671,665.

Approved, July 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 444.]

AN ACT

July 7, 1932. [S. 4735.] [Public, No. 270.]

To authorize the acceptance of relinquishments by the State of Arizona and the city of Tempe, Arizona, to certain tracts of lands granted by the Act of April 7, 1930, and to direct the Secretary of the Interior to issue patent to said tracts to the Salt River Valley Water Users Association.

Arizona.
Relinquishments by
State and Tempe, Ariz.,
of designated lands,
accepted.
Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he hereby is, authorized to accept a relinquishment filed by the State of Arizona for the east half northeast quarter southwest quarter section 9, township 1 north, range 4 east, Gila and Salt River meridian, and a relinquishment filed by the city of Tempe, Arizona, for all that part of the north half southeast quarter section 9, township 1 north, range 4 east, Gila and Salt River meridian, Arizona, south and west of a line parallel to and two hundred and fifty feet distant from the center lines of the Phoenix-Tempe paved highway and Washington Boulevard, being more particularly described by metes and bounds as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the north boundary of the south half south half of said section 9, distant five hundred and ninety-five feet west of the middle point of the east boundary of the southeast quarter of said section 9 and two hundred and fifty feet distant from the center line of the before-mentioned Phoenix-Tempe Highway, measured at right angles thereto; thence in a northwesterly direction,

parallel to the center line of said highway, as follows:

North forty-one degrees five minutes west, one hundred and fifteen feet; thence along a curve to the left having a radius of one thousand and seventy-two and eight-tenths feet, a distance of two hundred and ninety-one and five-tenths feet; thence north fifty-six degrees thirty-nine minutes west, three hundred and fifty-one and eighttenths feet to a point two hundred and fifty feet distant from the center line of said Washington Boulevard, measured at right angles thereto; thence parallel to the center line of said Washington Boulevard, north fifty-six degrees thirty-nine minutes west, one thousand and thirty-eight and two-tenths feet; thence along a curve to the left having a radius of one thousand six hundred and sixty and eight one-hundredths feet, a distance of six hundred and twenty feet, more or less, to a point at intersection with north and south center line; thence south along said center line one thousand two hundred and sixty feet, more or less, to a point at intersection with the east and west center line of the southeast quarter of said section 9; thence east along said center line two thousand and forty-five feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing thirty-four acres, more or less; granted under the conditions therein prescribed to the State of Arizona and the city of Tempe, respectively, by the Act of April 7, 1930 (46 Stat. 142), containing in all a total of fifty-four acres, more or less.

Vol. 46, p. 142.

Relinquishments granted to Salt River Valley Water Users' Association. Purchase price.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, directed, upon acceptance of the relinquishments aforesaid and subject to any valid adverse claim, upon the payment of \$1.25 per acre therefor by the Salt River Valley Water Users Association, to issue a patent to said association for maintenance and operation purposes

for the land described in section 1 of this Act: Provided, That there shall be reserved to the United States all oil, coal, or other mineral deposits found at any time in the lands and the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe.

Proviso.
Minerals reserved.

Approved, July 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 445.]

AN ACT

To provide for fees for entry of a publication as second-class matter, and for other purposes.

July 7, 1932. [H. R. 8817.] [Public, No. 271.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter each application for entry of a publication as second-class matter shall be accompanied with a fee of \$100; each request for reentry of a publication as second-class matter on account of a change in title, frequency of issue, office of publication, or for other reason, and each request for additional entry of a publication as second-class matter shall be accompanied with a fee of \$10; each application for agent. registry of a news agent shall be accompanied with a fee of \$20. Supp. V, title 39, secs. 221a, 273, and 291a), section 6 of the Act 45, p. 941; Vol. 39, p. sec. 291), and section 13 of the Act approved May 18. 1916 (20 Ctal.)

Application fee for permit to mail matter without stamps. Vol. 46, p. 526; Vol. 45, p. 941; Vol. 39, p. 326; Vol. 326; sec. 291), and section 13 of the Act approved May 18, 1916 (39 Stat. pp. 584-586; U. S. C., 162; U. S. C., title 39, sec. 295), and the regulations made pursuant p. 1255. thereto by the Postmaster General, shall be accompanied with a fee of \$10: Provided, That no fee shall be required to accompany applications for permits to mail matter without stamps affixed as metered mail.

Second-class matter, postal service. Fees established for entry of publications as. For reentry.

Additional entry.

Registry of news

Metered mall.

Approved, July 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 446.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

Making an appropriation for the payment of pages for the Senate and House of [H. J. Res. 455.]

[Pub. Res., No. 34.] Representatives from July 1 to July 15, 1932, both dates inclusive.

July 7, 1932. [H. J. Res. 455.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Pages for both Houses United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is Appropriation for from July 1 to 15, 1932. hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, so much as may be necessary to provide for the payment of twenty-one pages for the Senate and forty-one pages for the House of Representatives at the rate provided by law from July 1 to July 15, 1932, both dates inclusive.

Post, p. 702.

Approved, July 7, 1932.

[CHAPTER 462.]

AN ACT

To amend chapter 15 of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia relating to the condemnation of land for public use.

July 8, 1932. [H. R. 5651.] [Public, No. 272.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter 15 of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia is amended by adding after section 485 the following new section:

Sec. 485a. Vesting of title pursuant to a declaration of tak- land for public use.

Declaration by petitioner. The petitioners may file in a cause, with the petition or at any tioner that lands are time before judgment, a declaration of taking, signed by the com- district.

District of Columbia Code, amendment. Vol. 31, p. 1266; Vol. 45, p. 1437, amended. Condemnation of

Contents of declara-

missioners, declaring that said lands are thereby taken for use of the District of Columbia. Said declaration of taking shall contain or have annexed thereto-

(1) A statement of the authority under which and the public use

for which the said lands are taken:

(2) A description of the lands taken sufficient for the identification thereof:

(3) A statement of the estate or interest in said lands taken for

said public use:

(4) A plan showing the lands taken;

(5) A statement of the sum of money estimated by the commission-

ers to be just compensation for the land taken.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 488, upon the filing of said declaration of taking and the deposit in the registry of the court, for the use of the persons entitled thereto, of the amount of the estimated compensation stated in the declaration, title to the said lands in fee simple absolute, or such less estate or interest therein as is specified in the declaration, shall vest in the District of Columbia, and the lands shall be deemed to be condemned and taken for the use of the District, and the right to just compensation for the same shall vest in the persons entitled thereto. Said compensation shall be ascertained and awarded in said proceedings and established by judgment therein, and the judgment shall include, as part of the just compensation awarded, interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum on the amount finally awarded as the value of the property as of the date of taking, from said date to the date of payment; but interest shall not be allowed on so much thereof as shall have been paid into the registry. No sum so paid into the registry shall be

charged with commissions or poundage.

Upon the application of the parties in interest, the court may order that the money deposited in the registry of the court, or any part thereof, be paid forthwith for or on account of the just compensation to be awarded in said proceeding. If the compensation finally awarded in respect of said lands, or any parcel thereof, shall exceed the amount of the money so received by any person entitled thereto, the court shall enter judgment against the District for the amount of the deficiency. If the compensation finally awarded in respect of said lands, or any parcel thereof, shall be less than the amount of the money so received the court shall have the power to enter judgment against the party or parties receiving the same for the amount representing the difference between the amount received and the amount awarded by the jury as fair compensation, and writs of execution may be issued thereon within the same time and have the same effect as liens, and shall be executed and returned in the same manner as if issued upon a common-law judgment.

Upon the filing of the declaration of taking, the court shall have power to fix the time within which and the terms upon which the parties in possession shall be required to surrender possession to the petitioners. The court shall have power to make such orders in respect of incumbrances, liens, rents, taxes, assessments, insurance, and other charges, if any, as shall be just and equitable.

Approved, July 8, 1932.

Title to vest upon filing declaration and deposit of estimated compensation in registry of court.

45, p. 1438, Vol. amended.

Compensation to be ascertained and award-

Money deposited in registry may, on appli-cation, be paid forth-

Judgment against District for deficiency, if award exceeds de-

Against recipient if less.

Recovery.

Provisions for surrendering possession.

[CHAPTER 463.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the conveyance of certain lands to the city of Fallon, Nevada: _

July 8, 1932. [S. 3154.] [Public, No. 273.]

Description.

Provisos. Minerals, etc., re-

Reversion for non-

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary Fallon, Nev. Conveyance of cer-of the Interior is authorized and directed to convey to the city of tain lands, for dump-ing ground the following. Fallon, Nevada, for use as a dumping ground, the followingdescribed lands heretofore withdrawn from entry for irrigation purposes: The southwest quarter southwest quarter southwest quarter section 20 and the northwest quarter northwest quarter northwest quarter section 29, all in township 19 north, range 29 east, Mount Diablo meridian, consisting of twenty acres, more or less, upon condition that the city shall make payment for the land at the rate of \$1.25 per acre within six months after the approval of this Act: Provided. That there shall be reserved to the United States all oil, coal, or other mineral deposits found at any time in the land, and the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe: Provided further, That the grant herein is made subject to any subject to existing valid existing claim or easement, and that the land hereby granted shall be used by the city of Fallon, Nevada, only for a dumping ground, and if the said land or any part thereof shall be abandoned for such use said land or such part shall revert to the United States; and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized and empowered to declare such a forfeiture of the grant and to restore said premises to the public domain if at any time he shall determine that the city has for more than one year abandoned the land for the use herein indicated, and such order of the Secretary shall be final and conclusive, and thereupon and thereby said premises shall be restored to the public domain and freed from the operations of this grant.

Approved, July 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 464.]

AN ACT

To punish the sending through the mails of certain threatening communications: _

July 8, 1932. [H. R. 96.] [Public, No. 274.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whoever, with intent to extort from any person any money or other thing of value, tended. Shall knowingly deposit or cause to be deposited in any post office or amended. station thereof, or in any authorized depository for mail matter, to Bending of threaten-be sent or delivered by the post-office establishment of the United through United States States, any written or printed letter or other communication with malls. or without a name or designating mark subscribed thereto, addressed to any other person, and containing any threat (1) to injure the person, property, or reputation of the addressee or of another or the reputation of a deceased person, or (2) to kidnap any person, or (3) to accuse the addressee or any other person of a crime, or containing any demand or request for ransom or reward for the release of any kidnaped person, shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both.

SEC. 2. Whoever, with intent to extort from any person any money for intention of value, shall knowingly deposit or cause to be livery by a United States post office. deposited in any post office or station thereof, or in any authorized depository for mail matter of any foreign country any written or printed letter or other communication of the character described in section 1 of this Act, addressed to any person within the United

Postal service. Offenses against, ex-

Punishment for.

States, for the purpose of having such communication delivered by the post-office establishment of such foreign country to the post-office establishment of the United States and by it delivered to such addressee in the United States, and as a result thereof such communication is delivered by the post-office establishment of such foreign country to the post-office establishment of the United States and by it delivered to the address to which it is directed in the United States, then such person shall be punished in the same manner and to the same extent as provided in section 1 of this Act: Provided. That any person violating this section may be prosecuted either in the district into which such letter or other communication was carried by the United States mail for delivery according to the direction thereon, or in which it was caused to be delivered by the United States mail to the person to whom it was addressed.

Punishment for. Proviso. Jurisdiction.

Approved, July 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 465.]

AN ACT

July 8, 1932. [H. R. 8754.] [Public, No. 275.]

To control the possession, sale, transfer, and use of pistols and other dangerous weapons in the District of Columbia, to provide penalties, to prescribe rules of evidence, and for other purposes.

Unauthorized use, etc., of pistols and other dangerous weapons in District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

Definitions.

DEFINITIONS

"Pistol."

"Sawed-off shot-

"Machine gun."

"Person."

"Sell" and "purchase," etc.

"Crime of violence."

Section 1. "Pistol," as used in this Act, means any firearm with a barrel less than twelve inches in length.

"Sawed-off shotgun," as used in this Act, means any shotgun with

a barrel less than twenty inches in length.

"Machine gun," as used in this Act, means any firearm which shoots automatically or semiautomatically more than twelve shots without reloading.

"Person," as used in this Act, includes, individual, firm, association,

or corporation.

"Sell" and "purchase" and the various derivatives of such words, as used in this Act, shall be construed to include letting on hire,

giving, lending, borrowing, and otherwise transferring.

"Crime of violence" as used in this Act, means any of the following crimes, or an attempt to commit any of the same, namely: Murder, manslaughter, rape, mayhem, maliciously disfiguring another, abduction, kidnaping, burglary, housebreaking, larceny, any assault with intent to kill, commit rape, or robbery, assault with a dangerous weapon, or assault with intent to commit any offense punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary.

COMMITTING CRIME WHEN ARMED

Committing crime of violence when armed. Punishment for.

SEC. 2. If any person shall commit a crime of violence in the District of Columbia when armed with or having readily available any pistol or other firearm, he may, in addition to the punishment provided for the crime, be punished by imprisonment for a term of not more than five years; upon a second conviction for a crime of violence so committed he may, in addition to the punishment provided for the crime, be punished by imprisonment for a term of not more than ten years; upon a third conviction for a crime of violence so committed he may, in addition to the punishment provided for the

crime, be punished by imprisonment for a term of not more than fifteen years; upon a fourth or subsequent conviction for a crime of violence so committed he may, in addition to the punishment provided for the crime, be punished by imprisonment for an additional period of not more than thirty years.

PERSONS FORBIDDEN TO POSSESS CERTAIN FIREARMS

Persons forbidden to possess certain firearms.

Sec. 3. No person who has been convicted in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of a crime of violence shall own or have in his possession a pistol, within the District of Columbia.

Convicted of a crime.

CARRYING CONCEALED WEAPONS

SEC. 4. No person shall within the District of Columbia carry etc., dangerous weapon. concealed on or about his person, except in his dwelling house or place of business or on other land possessed by him, a pistol, without a license therefor issued as hereinafter provided, or any deadly or dangerous weapon.

EXCEPTIONS

Exceptions.

Sec. 5. The provisions of the preceding section shall not apply to floors. marshals, sheriffs, prison or jail wardens, or their deputies, policemen or other duly appointed law-enforcement officers, or to members of rine Corps. the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States or of the National Guard or Organized Reserves when on duty, or to the etc., on duty. regularly enrolled members of any organization duly authorized to purchase or receive such weapons from the United States, provided such members are at or are going to or from their places of assembly assembly, etc. or target practice, or to officers or employees of the United States duly authorized to carry a concealed pistol, or to any person engaged in the business of manufacturing, repairing, or dealing in firearms, or the agent or representative of any such person having in his possession, using, or carrying a pistol in the usual or ordinary course of such business or to any person while carrying a pistol unloaded and in a secure wrapper from the place of purchase to his home or place of business or to a place of repair or back to his home or place of business or in moving goods from one place of abode or business to another.

Law enforcement of-

National Guard. Other organizations.

Carrying to places of

Manufacturer, etc.

ISSUE OF LICENSES TO CARRY

SEC. 6. The superintendent of police of the District of Columbia may, upon the application of any person having a bona fide residence or place of business within the District of Columbia or of any person having a bona fide residence or place of business within the United States and a license to carry a pistol concealed upon his person issued by the lawful authorities of any State or subdivision of the United States, issue a license to such person to carry a pistol within the District of Columbia for not more than one year from date of issue, if it appears that the applicant has good reason to fear injury to his person or property or has any other proper reason for carrying a pistol and that he is a suitable person to be so licensed. The license shall be in duplicate, in form to be prescribed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and shall bear the name, address, description, photograph, and signature of the licensee and the reason given for desiring a license. The original thereof shall be delivered to the licensee, and the duplicate shall be retained by the superintendent of police of the District of Columbia and preserved in his office for six years.

T.icenses

SELLING TO MINORS AND OTHERS

Selling to minors or others.

SEC. 7. No person shall within the District of Columbia sell any pistol to a person who he has reasonable cause to believe is not of sound mind, or is a drug addict, or is a person who has been convicted in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of a crime of violence or, except when the relation of parent and child or guardian and ward exists, is under the age of eighteen years.

TRANSFERS REGULATED

Time, etc., provisions.

Sec. 8. No seller shall within the District of Columbia deliver a pistol to the purchaser thereof until forty-eight hours shall have elapsed from the time of the application for the purchase thereof, except in the case of sales to marshals, sheriffs, prison or jail wardens or their deputies, policemen, or other duly appointed law-enforcement officers, and, when delivered, said pistol shall be securely wrapped and shall be unloaded. At the time of applying for the purchase of a pistol the purchaser shall sign in duplicate and deliver to the seller a statement containing his full name, address, occupation, color, place of birth, the date and hour of application, the caliber, make, model, and manufacturer's number of the pistol to be purchased and a statement that he has never been convicted in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of a crime of violence. The seller shall, within six hours after such application, sign and attach his address and deliver one copy to such person or persons as the superintendent of police of the District of Columbia may designate, and shall retain the other copy for six years. No machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or blackjack shall be sold to any person other than the persons designated in section 14 hereof as entitled to possess the same, and then only after permission to make such sale has been obtained from the superintendent of police of the District of Columbia. This section shall not apply to sales at wholesale to licensed dealers.

Register to be kept.

Limitation.

Wholesale trade.

DEALERS TO BE LICENSED

Dealers to be licensed.

Sec. 9. No retail dealer shall within the District of Columbia sell or expose for sale or have in his possession with intent to sell, any pistol, machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or blackjack without being licensed as hereinafter provided. No wholesale dealer shall, within the District of Columbia, sell, or have in his possession with intent to sell, to any person other than a licensed dealer, any pistol, machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or blackjack.

DEALERS' LICENSES, BY WHOM GRANTED AND CONDITIONS THEREOF

Conditions, etc., for issuing dealers' licenses.

Ante, p. 558.

SEC. 10. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia may, in their discretion, grant licenses and may prescribe the form thereof, effective for not more than one year from date of issue, permitting the licensee to sell pistols, machine guns, sawed-off shotguns, and blackjacks at retail within the District of Columbia subject to the following conditions in addition to those specified in section 9 hereof, for breach of any of which the license shall be subject to forfeiture and the licensee subject to punishment as provided in this Act.

1. The business shall be carried on only in the building designated in the license.

2. The license or a copy thereof, certified by the issuing authority, shall be displayed on the premises where it can be easily read.

3. No pistol shall be sold (a) if the seller has reasonable cause to believe that the purchaser is not of sound mind or is a drug addict or has been convicted in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of a crime of violence or is under the age of eighteen years, and (b) unless the purchaser is personally known to the seller or shall present clear evidence of his identity. No machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or blackjack shall be sold to any person other than the persons designated in section 14 hereof as entitled to possess the same, and then only after permission to make such sale has been obtained from the superintendent of police of the District of Columbia.

4. A true record shall be made in a book kept for the purpose, the form of which may be prescribed by the Commissioners, of all pistols, machine guns, and sawed-off shotguns in the possession of the licensee, which said record shall contain the date of purchase, the caliber, make, model, and manufacturer's number of the weapon,

to which shall be added, when sold, the date of sale.

5. A true record in duplicate shall be made of every pistol, machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, and blackjack sold, said record to be made in a book kept for the purpose, the form of which may be prescribed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and shall be personally signed by the purchaser and by the person effecting the sale, each in the presence of the other and shall contain the date of sale, the name, address, occupation, color, and place of birth of the purchaser, and, so far as applicable, the caliber, make, model, and manufacturer's number of the weapon, and a statement signed by the purchaser that he has never been convicted in the District of Columbia or elsewhere of a crime of violence. One copy of said record shall, within seven days, be forwarded by mail to the superintendent of police of the District of Columbia and the other copy retained by the seller for six years.

6. No pistol or imitation thereof or placard advertising the sale Display, etc., forthereof shall be displayed in any part of said premises where it can readily be seen from the outside. No license to sell at retail shall

be granted to anyone except as provided in this section.

Records.

FALSE INFORMATION FORBIDDEN

SEC. 11. No person, shall, in purchasing a pistol or in applying False information or evidence forbidden. for a license to carry the same, or in purchasing a machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or blackjack within the District of Columbia, give false information or offer false evidence of his identity.

ALTERATION OF IDENTIFYING MARKS PROHIBITED

SEC. 12. No person shall within the District of Columbia change, identification marks, alter, remove, or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manu-prohibited. facturer's number, or other mark or identification on any pistol, machine gun, or sawed-off shotgun. Possession of any pistol, machine gun, or sawed-off shotgun upon which any such mark shall have been changed, altered, removed, or obliterated shall be prima facie evidence that the possessor has changed, altered, removed, or obliterated the same within the District of Columbia: Provided, however, That nothing contained in this section shall apply to any officer or agent of any of the departments of the United States or the District of Columbia engaged in experimental work.

Propiso. Experimental work.

EXCEPTIONS

SEC. 13. This Act shall not apply to toy or antique pistols unsuit-Toys, etc., excepted. able for use as firearms.

POSSESSION OF CERTAIN DANGEROUS WEAPONS

Possession of certain dangerous weapons forbidden.

Proviso.
Exceptions.

Sec. 14. No person shall within the District of Columbia possess any machine gun, sawed-off shotgun, or any instrument or weapon of the kind commonly known as a blackjack, slung shot, sand club, sandbag, or metal knuckles, nor any instrument, attachment, or appliance for causing the firing of any firearm to be silent or intended to lessen or muffle the noise of the firing of any firearms: Provided, however, That machine guns, or sawed-off shotguns, and blackjacks may be possessed by the members of the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States, the National Guard, or Organized Reserves when on duty, the Post Office Department or its employees when on duty, marshals, sheriffs, prison or jail wardens, or their deputies, policemen, or other duly appointed law-enforcement officers, officers or employees of the United States duly authorized to carry such weapons, banking institutions, public carriers who are engaged in the business of transporting mail, money, securities, or other valuables, wholesale dealers and retail dealers licensed under section 10 of this Act.

PENALTIES

Punishment for violations. Sec. 15. Any violation of any provision of this Act for which no penalty is specifically provided shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year, or both.

CONSTITUTIONALITY

Invalidity of any provision not to affect remainder.

Sec. 16. If any part of this Act is for any reason declared void, such invalidity shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this Act.

CERTAIN ACTS REPEALED

Vol. 31, p. 1328, repealed.

Sec. 17. The following sections of the Code of Law for the District of Columbia, 1919, namely, sections 855, 856, and 857, and all other Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith, are hereby repealed. Approved, July 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 466.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

July 8, 1932. [H. J. Res. 462.] [Pub. Res., No. 35.]

Making an appropriation to provide transportation to their homes for veterans of the World War temporarily quartered in the District of Columbia.

World War veterans. Appropriation for, to provide transportation from District of Columbia to their homes. Post, p. 701.

Proviso. Credited as a loan. Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That to enable the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, upon the request of any honorably discharged veteran of the World War, temporarily quartered in the District of Columbia, who is desirous of returning to his home, to provide such veteran with railroad transportation thereto prior to July 15, 1932, together with travel subsistence at the rate of 75 cents per day, there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$100,000: Provided, That all amounts expended under this appropriation in behalf of any veteran shall constitute a loan without interest which, if not repaid to the United States, shall be deducted from any amounts payable to such veteran on his adjusted-service certificate.

Approved, July 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 467.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To permit a compact or agreement between the States of Idaho and Wyoming respecting the disposition and apportionment of the waters of the Snake River and its tributaries, and for other purposes.

July 8, 1932. [S. J. Res. 148.] [Pub. Res., No. 36.]

Whereas the Snake River and its tributaries are interstate streams flowing through the States of Idaho and Wyoming; and

Whereas the above-named States are vitally interested in the possible development of the Snake River and its tributaries for irrigation,

power, domestic, and navigation uses; and

Whereas the plans for future reclamation development must take into consideration the needs of the States and the water-right problems of interstate streams, and an agreement must be reached by the States concerned regarding the economic apportionment of waters of said interstate streams; and

Whereas it is desirable that a compact for the economic apportionment of the waters of the Snake River and its tributaries for irrigation, power, domestic, and navigation purposes be entered into by and between the said States of Idaho and Wyoming, and that the interests of the United States be considered in the drawing of said compact, by authorized representatives of each of said States and of the United States: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United to compact of Idaho States of America in Congress assembled, That consent of Congress is and Wyoming as to hereby given to the States of Idaho and Wyoming to negotiate and water supply of. enter into a compact or agreement not later than January 1, 1934, providing for an equitable division and apportionment between said States of the water supply of the Snake River and of the streams tributary thereto, upon conditions that a suitable person shall be appointed by the President of the United States, from the Depart-tive to participate. ment of the Interior, who shall participate in said negotiations as the representative of the United States and shall make report to Congress of the proceedings and of any compact or agreement entered into: Provided, That any such compact or agreement shall not be binding or obligatory upon any of the parties thereto unless and gressional approval reuntil the same shall have been approved by the legislature of each of said States and by the Congress of the United States: And provided further, That the rights of other nonparticipating interested States shall not be jeopardized by such compact.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

expressly reserved.

Approved, July 8, 1932.

[CHAPTER 470.]

AN ACT

To authorize the presentation of a distinguished flying cross to Russell N. Boardman and John L. Polando, and Wiley Post and Harold Gatty, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the united States of America in Congress assembled, That the President Russell N. Boardis authorized to present, in the name of the Congress, a distinguished flying cross to Russell N. Boardman, of Brookline. Massachusetts and John L. Polando, of Lynn, Massachusetts, who achieved a five thousand and eleven and eight-tenths mile nonstop trans-Atlantic flight from the United States to Istanbul Turkey, and, also a distin- crosses awarded to guished flying cross to Wiley Post, pilot, and Harold Gatty, navigator, in recognition of their achievement in making an airplane

Snake River, etc.

Preamble.

Consent of Congress

representa-

Provisos. Legislative and Con-

Rights protected.

Amendment.

July 11, 1932. [H. R. 7939.] [Public, No. 276.]

Distinguished flying

flight around the world in eight days, fifteen hours, and fifty minutes, thus not only eclipsing in time all previous world flights, but also by their intrepid courage, remarkable endurance, and matchless skill, materially advancing the science of aerial navigation.

Approved, July 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 471.]

AN ACT

July 11, 1932. [H. R. 10600.] [Public, No. 277.]

To exempt from the quota husbands of American citizens.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Immigration Act of United States of America in Congress assembled, That subdivision 45, p. 1009, (a) of section 4 of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended, is U. S. C., Supp. v, amended to read as follows:

Nonquota immi
"(a) An immigrant who

"(a) An immigrant who is the unmarried child under twentyone years of age, or the wife, or the husband, of a citizen of the Husbands of United States: Provided, That the marriage shall have occurred Proviso.
Marriage date restric. prior to issuance of visa and, in the case of husbands of citizens. prior to July 1, 1932." Quota preferences. Vol. 45, p. 1009, amended.

Sec. 2. Clause (A) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of section 6 of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended, is amended to read

"(A) Quota immigrants who are the fathers or the mothers of citizens of the United States who are twenty-one years of age or over or who are the husbands of citizens of the United States by marriages occurring on or after July 1, 1932; ".

Approved, July 11, 1932.

[CHAPTER 472.]

AN ACT

July 12, 1932. [H. R. 12360.] [Public, No. 278.]

Inconsistent provisions stricken out.

To authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to enter into a contract to purchase the parcel of land and the building known as the Grand Central Station Post Office and Office Building, numbered 452 Lexington Avenue, in the city, county, and State of New York, for post-office and other governmental purposes, and to pay the purchase price therefor on or prior to June 30, 1937.

City. Contract to purchase land and building, authorized. Location.

Purposes declared.

Reservation by railroad.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Grand Central States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary building, New York of the Treasury is hereby authorized to enter into a contract to purchase on behalf of the United States the parcel of land with the building thereon located in the city, county, and State of New York, bounded by the westerly line of Lexington Avenue, the southerly line of Forty-fifth Street, a line parallel with and distant two hundred and seventy-five feet, more or less, westerly of the westerly line of Lexington Avenue and a line parallel with and distant two hundred and twenty feet nine and one-half inches, more or less, southerly of the southerly line of Forty-fifth Street, for a post-office building and/or for other governmental purposes, subject to the exception and reservation to the New York Central Railroad Company, its successors and assigns, of the perpetual rights of exclusive use for railroad station, terminal, and other purposes of the railroad company, its successors and assigns, of the subsurface of said parcel to be specifically defined in the instrument of conveyance, with the necessary ventilating shafts; and subject also to exceptions and reservations for purposes of light, air, and support in favor of said subsurface and the southerly and westerly adjoining premises, all as may be agreed upon in advance by the respective parties to the convevance of title to the United States: Provided, however, That the total limit of cost to the United States of such parcel of land and building, including the cost of any necessary remodeling of said building, shall not exceed the sum of \$14,500,000 and interest: Provided further, That the contract of purchase, if made, shall provide for the conveyance to the United States of title to said property on or prior to January 1, 1933, and for the payment of the agreed purchase price of said property on June 30, 1937, except that the Treasury Department, at its election, may pay any part of the agreed purchase price prior to said date, and except that commencing on the date of the conveyance of title to said property to the United States and continuing until January 1, 1934, there shall be paid each month to be applied on account of the agreed purchase price a sum not in excess of the aggregate monthly rental now paid by the Post Office Department for the spaces occupied by the Post Office Department in said building and in the adjacent buildings to the north and south, and except that commencing on January 1, 1934, and continuing to the date of the full payment of the agreed purchase price there shall be paid each month, to be applied on account of the agreed purchase price as aforesaid, a sum not less than one-twelfth of the product arrived at by multiplying the aggregate square-foot area of the spaces now occupied by the Post Office Department in said building and in the adjacent buildings to the north and south, by a rate per square foot to be agreed upon by the owner and the Secretary of the Treasury, not in excess of \$2.50 per square foot and not less than the average rental per square foot now payable than rental. by the Post Office Department under the present leases of the spaces occupied by the Post Office Department in the said building and in the adjacent buildings to the north and south: Provided further, That any appropriations made or hereafter made to the priations.

Application of appro-Post Office Department for the payment of rent under the leases now in effect and hereinbefore mentioned shall, upon the conveyance of title to the United States, be available to the Secretary of the Treasury for the aforesaid monthly payments on account of the purchase price: Provided further, That the Treasury Department at the date of its payment of the full purchase price shall pay interest upon the unpaid balances of said purchase price to be computed from the date of the conveyance of title to said property to the date of the payment of the full purchase price at a rate not in excess of 4 per centum per annum to be agreed upon by the owner and the Secretary of the Treasury: And provided further, That all other terms and conditions in connection with the purchase of said property shall be in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury. Approved, July 12, 1932.

ICHAPTER 473.1

JOINT RESOLUTION

Construing section 503 (b) of the Tariff Act of 1930.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it was and is the true intent and meaning of section 503 (b) of the Act entitled strued. Vol. 46, p. 731. "An Act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," approved June 17, 1930, and of the concluding provision of section 489 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign

Provisos.
Limit of cost.

Conveyance of title by January 1, 1933.

Payments.

Installments not less

Interest on unpaid

Discretionary terms.

July 12, 1932. [H. J. Res. 336.] [Pub. Res., No. 37.]

Tariff Act of 1930. Section 503 (b) con-

Vol. 42, p. 963.

658

Appraisement merchandise.

countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, and for other purposes," approved September 21, 1922, that imported merchandise entered in accordance with the provisions of said section 503 (b) and the concluding provision of said section 489 shall be appraised and reappraised in the same manner as though the merchandise was not so entered; that the appraisement and reappraisement of such merchandise shall have the same force and effect as in the case of merchandise not so entered; and that entries covered by Liquidation on final certification of the importer as provided in said section 503 (b) and the concluding provision of said section 489 shall be liquidated in accordance with the final appraised value of the merchandise covered by such certificates.

Approved, July 12, 1932.

[CHAPTER 474.]

AN ACT

July 13, 1932. [H. R. 12251.] [Public, No. 279.]

To provide for the conveyance of the Portage Entry Lighthouse Reservation and buildings to the State of Michigan for public-park purposes.

Portage River Light Station. Conveyance of, to State of Michigan for public park purposes.

Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Commerce is hereby authorized to transfer and convey to the State of Michigan the following-described parcels of land and buildings comprising the property of the abandoned Portage River Light Station, situated in the county of Houghton, State of Michigan, and located on Keweenaw Bay, Lake Superior, about one mile northeasterly from the southern entrance to Keweenaw Waterway: The southwesterly corner of lot 1, section 19, township 53 north, range 32 west, principal meridian of Michigan, beginning at the shore of Keweenaw Bay, Lake Superior, at the southeasterly corner of lot 2, and running northerly along the quarter section line to a point one thousand two hundred and fifty feet south of the quarter section corner; thence south forty-one degrees east to the shore of Keweenaw Bay; thence southwesterly along the shore line of said bay to place of beginning, containing about one and five one-hundredths acres, and adjacent parcel of land described as lot 2, section 19, township 53 north, range 32 west, beginning on the shore of Keweenaw Bay, Lake Superior, at the southeasterly corner of lot 2, section 19, and running northerly along the quarter section line one thousand six hundred and twenty-six feet, more or less, to the quarter section corner between sections 18 and 19, township 53 north, range 32 west, principal meridian of Michigan; thence westerly along the boundary between sections 18 and 19, one thousand three hundred and twenty feet to a point; thence south one thousand eight hundred feet, more or less, to the shore of Keweenaw Bay; thence northeasterly along the shore line of said bay to the place of beginning, comprising fifty-seven and five-tenths acres, more or less; the same to be held and made available permanently by said State for public-park purposes: Provided, That should the State of Michigan fail to keep and hold the described parcels of land and buildings for public-park purposes or devote same to any use inconsistent with said purpose, then title to said land shall revert to and be rein-To be recited in convested in the United States: Provided further, That the instrument of conveyance shall recite said condition and reversionary right.

Reversionary rights.

veyance.

Approved, July 13, 1932.

[CHAPTER 476.]

AN ACT

To amend an Act of Congress approved June 18, 1898, entitled "An Act to _ regulate plumbing and gas fitting in the District of Columbia."

July 14, 1932, [S. 3400.] [Public, No. 280.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 3 and 4 of the Act of Congress approved June 18, 1898, entitled "An ing and gas fitting. Act to regulate plumbing and gas fitting in the District of Columamended."

Nol. 30, p. 477, anended.

bia," be, and the same are hereby, amended to read as follows:

Master plumbers and gas fitters.

"Sec. 3. That applicants for licenses as master plumbers and gas fitters or master gas fitters, who are citizens of the United States, must be twenty-one years of age, must make application in their own handwriting, and must accompany such application with a certificate as to good character signed by at least three reputable residents of the District of Columbia, two of whom shall certify that the applicants have had at least four years' experience in the

plumbing and gas-fitting business.

"Sec. 4. That all renewals of existing licenses and all new licenses as a master plumber and gas fitter or master gas fitter shall be for a period of not more than one year and that the fee for such license shall be not less than \$10 nor more than \$25 per annum, to be fixed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, for a license year beginning January 1 and ending December 31. Such special license fee shall be separate from, or in addition to any contractors' license tax. or business license tax, hereafter fixed for this and similar occupations by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia according to law. Licenses issued at any time after the beginning of the year shall date from the first day of the month in which the license is issued and end on the last day of the license year, and payment shall be made of a proportional amount of the annual license fee. licensee may apply for and receive a license for or on behalf of any firm, copartnership, or corporation that he is a bona fide member of, or a substantial stockholder in, but all plumbing or gas fitting done pursuant to such license shall be done under the immediate personal supervision of the licensed man.

"The Commissioners of the District of Columbia or their duly Authority of commissioners." authorized agent shall have the power to suspend or revoke any plumber's or gas fitter's license for a violation of the plumbing or gas-fitting regulations after a public hearing granted the licensee or after conviction in court for such violation or for conduct involving moral turpitude. This Act shall become effective on the

1st day of January following its enactment."

Approved, July 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 477.]

AN ACT

To permit the United States to be made a party defendant in certain cases.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, upon the Consent to name conditions herein prescribed for the protection of the United States, United States party the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in named a party in any suit which make the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby, given to be etc., to certain lands in the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby the consent of the United States be, and it is hereby the consent of the United States be consented by the consent of the United States be consented by the consent of the United States be consented by the consent of the United States be consented by the consent of the United States be consented by the consent of the United States by the consent of named a party in any suit which may hereafter be brought in the District Court of the United States for the Western District of New York, for the purpose of quieting the title to, determining conflicting claims to, or removing clouds from the title to the following-described real property:

District of Columbia. Regulation of plumb-

Qualifications for li-

cense extended.

Fees increased.

To be additional to any contractors', etc.,

For portion of year.

Corporations, etc.

Effective date.

July 14, 1932. [H. R. 5513.] [Public, No. 281.]

Description.

All that tract or parcel of land situate in the city of Buffalo, county of Erie and State of New York, being part of the parish tract, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the point of intersection of the center line of Amherst Street extended with the United States harbor line, established in 1907; thence east along the center line of Amherst Street two hundred and fifty-five feet, more or less, to a point which is thirty-four feet west from the inner line of the west wall of the Erie Canal, measuring along the center line of Amherst Street; thence south twenty-three degrees twenty minutes east parallel to said canal wall, two hundred and seven and thirtyseven one-hundredths feet, more or less, to the southerly line of lot 7, as shown on map recorded in Erie County clerk's office in liber numbered 242 of deeds, page 298; thence west along the south line of said lot 7 and extension thereof to the United States harbor line, 1907; thence northwesterly along the said United States harbor line two hundred and twenty-two and twenty-three one-hundredths feet, more or less, to the point or place of beginning; excepting and reserving therefrom a strip of land twenty-two feet wide lying south of and adjacent to said center line of Amherst Street extending from Erie Canal to the present dock front, for street purposes.

Service of process.

Copies to Attorney General. Sec. 2. Service upon the United States shall be made by serving the process of the court with a copy of the bill of complaint upon the United States attorney for the western district of New York, and by sending copies of the process and bill of complaint by registered mail to the Attorney General of the United States at Washington, District of Columbia. The United States shall have thirty days after service as above provided, or such further time as the court may allow, within which to appear and answer, plead, or otherwise proceed.

Judgment to be rendered under State laws. SEC. 3. Except as herein otherwise provided, such judgment may be rendered in any such suit as might under like circumstances be rendered under the laws of the State of New York, if the suit were between private persons, and such judgment may determine the right, title, and interest of the parties to said suit, in and to the above-described real property.

No Federal liability.

SEC. 4. No judgment for costs or other money judgment shall be rendered against the United States in any suit or proceeding which may be instituted under the provisions of this Act. The United States shall not be nor become liable for the payment of the costs of any such suit or proceeding, or any part thereof.

Approved, July 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 478.]

AN ACT

July 14, 1932. [S. 3792.] [Public, No. 282.]

To amend sections 5 and 6 of the Act of June 30, 1906, entitled "An Act to prohibit the killing of wild birds and wild animals in the District of Columbia," and thereby to establish a game and bird sanctuary of the Potomac River and its tributaries in the said District.

District of Columbia.
Killing of wild birds
and wild animals.
Vol. 34, p. 809,
amended.

Words stricken out. Amended section.

Hunting, etc., waterfowl unlawful. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 5 of the Act of June 30, 1906 (34 Stat. 808), entitled "An Act to prohibit the killing of wild birds and wild animals in the District of Columbia," is hereby amended by striking out the words "with any boat propelled by any means other than oars," so that the said section as amended shall read as follows:

"Sec. 5. That no person in the District of Columbia shall at any time hunt, pursue, or needlessly disturb any wild duck, goose, or

Punishment for.

other waterfowl, in any of the waters of the District of Columbia, under penalty of \$10 or imprisonment in the workhouse for not

more than thirty days, or both, for each offense."

SEC. 2. That section 6 of the said Act of June 30, 1906, is hereby Marsh hunting pro-nended by striking out the words: "But nothing in this Act shall vol. 34, p. 809, reamended by striking out the words: "But nothing in this Act shall prevent the hunting of game birds on the marshes of the Anacostia Poaled. River, or Eastern Branch, north of the Anacostia Bridge, and on the marshes on the Virginia shore of the Potomac River east of the Aqueduct Bridge: Provided, That said birds are not hunted within two hundred yards of any bridge or dwelling," so that said section as amended shall read as follows:

"Sec. 6. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith be, pealed."

and the same are hereby, repealed."

Approved, July 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 479.]

AN ACT

To amend Act Numbered 3 of the Isthmian Canal Commission relating to the _ suppression of lotteries in the Canal Zone, enacted August 22, 1904.

[Public, No. 283.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of Act Canal Commission Numbered 3, August 22, 1904, is hereby 168. amended to read as follows:

Canal Zone. Suppression of lotter-

Amendments to ex-

"If any person or persons shall establish, set on foot, carry on, promote, make, or draw, publicly or privately, within said Canal sting laws. Engaging in lottery Zone, any lottery, policy-lottery, gift concert, or similar enterprise enterprises, etc. of any description, by whatever name, style, or title the same may be designated or known; or if any person or persons shall by such ways and means expose, set aside or offer for sale any house or houses, lands or real estate, or any goods or chattels, cash or written evidences of debt, or certificates of claims, or any thing or things of value or tokens thereof whatever; every person so offending shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000 or imprisoned in jail not to exceed one year, or both, for the first offense; and for the second or subsequent offense by both fine and imprisonment."

Sec. 2. That section 4 of Act Canal Commission Numbered 3,

August 22, 1904, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 4. If any person or persons within said Canal Zone, shall vend, sell, barter, or dispose of any lottery ticket, or tickets, order or orders, device or devices, of any kind, for, or representing any number of shares, or any interest in any lottery, or scheme of chance, or shall be concerned in anywise in any lottery or scheme of chance, by acting as owner or agent in said Canal Zone, for or on behalf of any lottery or scheme of chance, to be drawn, paid, or carried on, either outside of or within said Canal Zone, every such person shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000, or be imprisoned in jail not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court, and for the second or subsequent offense be punished by both fine and imprisonment."

Sec. 3. That section 5 of Act Canal Commission Numbered 3,

August 22, 1904, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 5. Whoever shall by printing, writing, or in any other way publish an account of any lottery, or scheme of chance of any kind or description to be carried on, held, or drawn, either outside of or within the said Canal Zone, stating when or where any lottery or scheme of chance by whatever name, style, or title the same may be denominated or known, is to be drawn, for the prizes therein or any

Vending lottery tick-

Publishing Intterv of them, or any information in relation to said drawing or prizes or any of them, of the price of the ticket, show, or chance therein, or where any ticket may be obtained, or in any way aiding or assisting in the same, or in anywise giving publicity to such lottery or scheme of chance, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$1,000, or be imprisoned in jail not exceeding one year, or both, at the discretion of the court."

SEC. 4. That section 6 of Act Canal Commission Numbered 3,

August 22, 1904, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Importation of lottery papers, etc. "Sec. 6. Whoever shall cause to be brought within the said Canal Zone, from abroad, for the purpose of disposing of the same, or depositing the same therein, for the purpose of having them disposed of within said Canal Zone, any papers, certificates, or instruments purporting to be or to represent a ticket, chance, share, or interest in or dependent upon the event of a lottery, policy-lottery, gift concert, or other enterprise offering prizes dependent upon lot or chance; or shall cause any advertisement of any such lottery, policy-lottery, gift concert, or other enterprise offering prizes dependent upon lot or chance to be brought within the said Canal Zone, or deposited in or circulated in said Canal Zone, shall be punished for the first offense by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment in jail not more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court; and for the second or subsequent offenses, by both fine and imprisonment."

Sections repealed.

Sec. 5. That sections 7, 8, and 9 of Act Canal Commission Num-

bered 3, August 22, 1904, be, and they are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 6. That section 10 of Act Canal Commission Numbered 3,

August 22, 1904, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Raffles for charitable purposes permitted.

"Sec. 10. The governor may issue a permit for conducting a raffle or gift enterprise whenever it shall appear to him after proper investigation that the gross proceeds of said enterprise are to be used for charitable purposes, and when such permit shall have been issued by the governor the preceding sections of this Act shall not apply."

Approved, July 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 480.]

AN ACT

July 14, 1932. [H. R. 9590.] [Public, No. 284.]

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco by the Department of Agriculture," approved January 14, 1929.

Tobacco statistics. Vol. 45, p. 1079, amended. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the collection and publication of statistics of tobacco by the Department of Agriculture,"

Collection and publication of quantity of leaf tobacco.

In possession of

In possession of quasi-manufacturers, added.

Details required.

Details require.

Segregation of new crops.

approved January 14, 1929, is amended to read as follows:

"That the Secretary of Agriculture be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to collect and publish statistics of the quantity of leaf tobacco in all forms in the United States owned by or in the possession of dealers, manufacturers, quasi-manufacturers, growers' cooperative associations, warehousemen, brokers, holders, or owners, other than the original growers of tobacco. The statistics shall show the quantity of tobacco in such detail as to types and groups of grades as the Secretary of Agriculture shall deem to be practical and necessary for the purpose of this Act, and said statistics shall show the stocks of tobacco of the last four crop years, including therein the production of the year of the report, which shall be known as new crops, separately from the stocks of previous years, which shall be known as old crops, and shall be summarized as of

January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 of each year: Provided, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall not be required to collect modified. statistics of leaf tobacco from any manufacturer of tobacco who, in the first three-quarters of the preceding calendar year, according to the returns of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, manufactured less than thirty-five thousand pounds of tobacco, or from any manufacturer of cigars who during the first three-quarters of the preceding calendar year manufactured less than one hundred and eighty-five thousand cigars, or from any manufacturer of cigarettes who, during the first three-quarters of the preceding calendar year, manufactured less than seven hundred and fifty thousand cigarettes."

SEC. 2. Section 3 of such Act of January 14, 1929, is amended to

read as follows:

"SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of every dealer, manufacturer, quasimanufacturer, growers' cooperative association, warehouseman, on hand. broker, holder, or owner, other than the original grower, except such persons as are excluded by the proviso to section 1 of this Act, to furnish within fifteen days after January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 of each year, completely and correctly, to the best of his knowledge, a report of the quantity of leaf tobacco on hand, segregated in accordance with the blanks furnished by the Secretary of Agriculture. Any person, firm, association, or corporation required punishment for reby this Act to furnish a report, and any officer, agent, or employee thereof who shall refuse or willfully neglect to furnish any of the information required by this Act, or shall willfully give answers that are false or misleading, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than \$300 or more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both."

Approved, July 14, 1932.

Proviso.
Time exemption

Quantities reduced.

Vol. 45, p. 1080.

Reports to be made quarterly of quantity

Quasi-manufacturers added.

Time for filing report

[CHAPTER 481.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the Secretary of War to grant to the city of Springfield, Massachusetts, permission to construct and maintain a highway bridge across United States military reservation at the Springfield Armory, Massachusetts.

July 14, 1932. [H. R. 7293.] [Public, No. 285.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to grant to the city of way and bridge across springfield. Macsachusetts normission to construct and to maintain military reservation. Springfield, Massachusetts, permission to construct and to maintain a highway across the United States military reservation of the Springfield Armory and, as part thereof, a highway bridge across the Watershops Pond upon said reservation, the highway and bridge to be not over one hundred feet in width, except as bridge abutments may of necessity exceed that width; the aforesaid highway and highway bridge to be located, at the option of the city of Springfield, Massachusetts, at any position between the two limit lines marked "A-A" and "B-B" upon the plat S. A. 6066, dated October 19, 1931, and approved November 30, 1931, which limit lines are further described as follows, namely:

Line "A-A": Starting at a point on the northerly line of Hickory Street one hundred and sixty-one feet westerly from the stone bound marking the northeasterly point of the intersection of Hickory Street and Whitman Street and running thence south thirty-six minutes thirty-five seconds west to and beyond the southerly shore line of Watershops Pond, crossing the boundary of the United States military reservation at two points approximately as follows: One on the line joining corners 158 and 159 of Plate X of

Springfield, Mass. May construct high-

Specifications.

Location.

Springfield Armory Land Plans Book at a distance of about thirtyfive feet easterly from corner 158 and the other point on the line joining corners 706 and 707 at a point about thirty-five feet

northeasterly from corner 707.

Line "B-B": Starting at a point on northwesterly line of Hickory Street sixty-five feet southerly from a stone bound on said line of Hickory Street which is located approximately forty-five feet south from the southerly side of Bonnyview Avenue, and running thence south twenty-four degrees four minutes fifty-five seconds east to and beyond the southerly shore line of Watershops Pond, crossing the boundary line of the United States military reservation at two points approximately as follows: One on line adjoining corners 176 and 175 at a distance of about twenty feet southwesterly from corner 176 and the other point on the line joining corners 683 and 684 at a point about one hundred and twenty-five feet, approximately, from corner 683: Provided, however, That prior to construction of said highway and highway bridge across the aforesaid reservation, plans showing the location and design thereof shall be submitted to the commanding officer of the Springfield Armory, and by that officer approved as providing adequate clear channel for stream flow and as otherwise free from interference with the proper interests of the United States in and to the aforesaid reservation and the Watershops Pond located thereupon: Provided further, That the construction of said highway and bridge and the maintenance thereof shall be without cost to the United States.

Provisos. Approval of plans.

No Federal expense.

Approved, July 14, 1932.

ICHAPTER 482.]

AN ACT

July 14, 1932. [H. R. 11897.] [Public, No. 286.]

Making appropriations for the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the War Department appropriations, fiscal year United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums are appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes, namely:

Military activities.

TITLE I.—MILITARY ACTIVITIES AND OTHER EX-WAR PENSES \mathbf{OF} \mathbf{THE} DEPARTMENT INCIDENT THERETO

Department salaries.

SALARIES, WAR DEPARTMENT

Secretary, Assistant. Civilian personnel,

Secretary of War, \$15,000; Assistant Secretary of War, \$10,000. For compensation for other personal services in the District of Columbia, as follows:

Secretary's office. Proviso. No field service, unless expressly authorized.

Office of Secretary of War, \$270,060: Provided, That no fieldservice appropriation shall be available for personal services in the War Department except as may be expressly authorized herein. Office of Chief of Staff, \$232,034.

Chief of Staff. Adjutant General. World War records.

Adjutant General's office, \$1,461,402.

For assembling, classifying, and indexing the military personnel records of the World War, including personal services in the District of Columbia and the purchase of necessary supplies and materials, \$250.000.

Inspector General.

Office of the Inspector General, \$28,345.

Office of the Judge Advocate General, \$113,294: Provided, That eral.

Office of the Judge Advocate General, \$113,294: Provided, That eral.

Provise.

Experts, etc., for patent infringement not to exceed \$29,122 may be used for the employment of such experts, at rates of pay to be fixed by the Secretary of War, and patent other employees as may be required by the Judge Advocate General suits. of the Army for the preparation of evidence for use in behalf of the Government in claims or suits filed in Federal courts on account of alleged patent infringements and other causes and for like services in connection with other patent matters and other causes, including not to exceed \$2,365 for necessary per diem and traveling expenses in connection therewith, as authorized by law.

Office of the Chief of Finance, \$382,720. Office of the Quartermaster General, \$830,825. Office of the Chief Signal Officer, \$106,620. Office of the Chief of Air Corps, \$234,105.

Office of the Surgeon General, \$282,489.

Office of Chief of Bureau of Insular Affairs, \$85,413.

Office of Chief of Engineers, \$124,526: Provided, That the services of skilled draftsmen, civil engineers, and such other services as the Secretary of War may deem necessary may be employed only in the able from other appropriations. office of the Chief of Engineers, to carry into effect the various appropriations for rivers and harbors, surveys, and preparation for and the consideration of river and harbor estimates and bills, to be paid from such appropriations: Provided further. That the expenditures on this account for the fiscal year 1933 shall not exceed \$218,830; the Secretary of War shall each year, in the Budget, report to Congress the number of persons so employed, their duties, and the amount paid to each.

Office of Chief of Ordnance, \$446,618. Office of Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, \$52,279. Office of Chief of Coast Artillery, \$25,720.

Militia Bureau, War Department, \$149,804. In all, salaries, War Department, \$5,101,254.

In expending appropriations or portions of appropriations, contained in this Act, for the payment for personal services in the ries. District of Columbia in accordance with the Classification Act of 450, p. 776; Vol. 46, p. 1923, as amended, with the exception of the Assistant Secretaries of 1008. S. C., p. 65; Supp. War the average of the salaries of the total number of persons under v.p. 22. any grade in any bureau, office, or other appropriation unit shall not at any time exceed the average of the compensation rates specified for the grade by such Act, as amended: Provided, That this restriction shall not apply (1) to grades 1, 2, 3, and 4 of the clericalperson whose compensation was fixed as of July 1, 1924, in accordance with the rules of section 6 of such Act, (3) to require the reduction in salary of any person who is transferred from one position to another position in the same or different crediction. No reduction fixed salary. Vol. 42, p. 1490; U. S.

Transfers to another position without reposition to another position in the same or different crediction. position to another position in the same or different grade in the same or a different bureau, office, or other appropriation unit, (4) to pre-allowed. vent the payment of a salary under any grade at a rate higher than the maximum rate of the grade when such higher rate is permitted by the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and is specifically authorized by other law, or (5) to reduce the compensation of any in a grade.

Chief of Finance. Quartermaster Gen-Chief Signal Officer.

Chief of Air Corps. Surgeon General.

Insular Affairs Bureau. Chief of Engineers.

Proviso.
Draftsmen, etc., pay-

Limitations, etc.

Chief of Ordnance. Chemical Warfara Service. Chief of Coast Artillery. Militia Bureau.

Restriction on ex-ceeding average sala-

Proviso.
Restriction not applicable to clerical-mechanical service.

If only one position

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, WAR DEPARTMENT

person in a grade in which only one position is allocated.

For stationery; purchase of professional and scientific books, law gent expenses. books, including their exchange; books of reference, pamphlets, periodicals, newspapers, maps; typewriting and adding machines, and other labor-saving devices, including their repair and exchange;

Department contin-

furniture and repairs to same; carpets, matting, linoleum, filing equipment, photo supplies, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor trucks and motor cycles; freight and express charges; street-car fares, not exceeding \$750; postage to Postal Union countries; and other absolutely necessary expenses, including not to exceed \$750 for traveling expenses, \$144,750.

Printing, etc.

Proviso.

For printing and binding for the War Department, its bureaus and offices, and for all printing and binding for the field activities under the War Department, except such as may be authorized in accordance with existing law to be done elsewhere than at the Government Printing Office, \$500,000: Provided, That the sum of \$3,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, may be used for the publication, from time to time, of bulletins prepared under the direction of the Surgeon General of the Army, for the instruction of For Chief of En medical officers, when approved by the Secretary of War, and not exceeding \$95,854 shall be available for printing and binding under the direction of the Chief of Engineers.

Medical bulletins.

Military activities.

MILITARY ACTIVITIES

CONTINGENCIES OF THE ARMY

Army contingencies.

For all contingent expenses of the War Department and of the Army not otherwise provided for and embracing all branches of the military service, including the office of the Chief of Staff; for all emergencies and extraordinary expenses, including the employment of translators and exclusive of all other personal services in the War Department or any of its subordinate bureaus or offices in the District of Columbia, or in the Army at large, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, to be expended on the approval or authority of the Secretary of War, and for such purposes as he may deem proper, and for examination of estimates of appropriations and of military activities in the field, \$9,500.

General Staff Corps.

General Staff Corps

Military Intelligence

CONTINGENCIES, MILITARY INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

For contingent expenses of the Military Intelligence Division,

Contingent expenses.

General Staff Corps, and of the military attachés at the United States embassies and legations abroad, including the purchase of law books, professional books of reference, and subscriptions to newspapers and periodicals; for cost of maintenance of students and attachés; for the hire of interpreters, special agents, and guides, and for such other purposes as the Secretary of War may deem proper, including \$5,000 for the actual and necessary expenses of officers Observing operations of the Army on duty abroad for the purpose of observing operations of foreign armies. of armies of foreign states at war, to be paid upon certificates of the Secretary of War that the expenditures were necessary for obtaining military information, \$47,000, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War: *Provided*, That section 3648, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 31, sec. 529), shall not apply to payments made from appropriations contained in this Act in compliance with

the laws of foreign countries or their ministerial regulations under

which the military attachés are required to operate.

Conditions waived. R. S., sec. 3648, p. 718. U. S. C., p. 1009.

ARMY WAR COLLEGE

For expenses of the Army War College, being for the purchase of the necessary special stationery; textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, newspapers, and periodicals; maps; police utensils; employment of temporary, technical, or special services, and expenses of special lecturers; for the pay of

Instruction expenses.

Army War College.

Employees, etc.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

employees; and for all other absolutely necessary expenses, \$70,000.

Adjutant General's Department.

COMMAND AND GENERAL STAFF SCHOOL, FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS Kans.

For the purchase of textbooks, books of reference, scientific and command and General Staff School. professional papers, instruments, and material for instruction; employment of temporary technical, special, and clerical services; and for other necessary expenses of instruction, at the Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, \$40,000.

WELFARE OF ENLISTED MEN

Welfare of enlisted men

For the equipment and conduct of school, reading, lunch, and post exchanges. amusement rooms, service clubs, chapels, gymnasiums, and libraries, including periodicals and other publications and subscriptions for newspapers, salaries and travel of civilians employed in the hostess and library services, transportation of books and equipment for these services, rental of films, purchase of slides for and making repairs to moving-picture outfits, and for similar and other recreational purposes at training and mobilization camps now established or which may be hereafter established, and travel (not to exceed \$825), \$70,365.

Equipment, etc., of

Travel.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Finance Depart-

Pay, etc., of the Army.

Officers.

A viation increase.

Enlisted men.

Aviation increase.

Retired list.

Civil-service messen-gers at headquarters.

Contract surgeons,

Rent and subsistence

Loss by exchange.

PAY, AND SO FORTH, OF THE ARMY

For pay of not to exceed an average of twelve thousand commissioned officers, \$31,833,427; pay of officers, National Guard, \$100; pay of warrant officers, \$1,657,205; aviation increase to commissioned and warrant officers of the Army, not to exceed \$1,754,283; additional pay to officers for length of service, \$8,545,011; pay of enlisted men of the line and staff, not including the Philippine Scouts, \$53,026,611; pay of enlisted men of National Guard, \$100; aviation increase to enlisted men of the Army, \$588,279; pay of enlisted men of the Philippine Scouts, \$1,050,446; additional pay for length of service to enlisted men, \$3,667,172; pay of the officers on the retired list, \$9,447,323; pay of retired enlisted men, \$12,252,603; pay of retired pay clerks, \$3,375; pay not to exceed sixty civil-service messengers at \$1,200 each at headquarters of the several Territorial departments, corps areas, Army and corps headquarters, Territorial districts, tactical divisions and brigades, service schools, camps, and ports of embarkation and debarkation, \$72,000; pay and allowances of contract surgeons, \$51,276; pay of nurses, \$852,080; pay of hospital matrons, \$600; rental allowances, including allowances for quarters allowances, etc. for enlisted men on duty where public quarters are not available, \$6,281,824; subsistence allowances, \$5,928,389; interest on soldiers deposits, \$30,000; payment of exchange by officers serving in foreign countries, and when specially authorized by the Secretary of War, by officers disbursing funds pertaining to the War Department, when serving in Alaska, and all foreign money received shall

Deduction of sums from purchases of dis-charges by enlisted

Accounted for as one fund.

Provisos.
Number of military attachés limited.

Maximum number of

No addition for furnishing mounts. Vol. 35, p. 108. U. S. C., p. 198.

Pay forbidden to retired officer selling supplies to Army.

Engaged in issuing certain service publica-

Proviso Exception.

Mileage.

Officers, etc.

Deserters, etc.

be charged to and paid out by disbursing officers of the Army at the legal valuation fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, \$100; in all, \$137,042,204, less \$800,000 to be supplied by the Secretary of War for this purpose from funds received during the fiscal year 1933 from the purchase by enlisted men of the Army of their discharges, \$136,242,204; and the money herein appropriated for "Pay, and so forth, of the Army "shall be accounted for as one fund: Provided, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for or on account of the maintenance of more than thirty-seven military attachés: Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for or on account of the maintenance of more than eighty-three bands: Provided further, That during the fiscal vear ending June 30, 1933, no officer of the Army shall be entitled to receive an addition to his pay in consequence of the provisions of the Act approved May 11, 1908 (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 803).

None of the money appropriated in this Act shall be used to pay any officer on the retired list of the Army who for himself or for others engages in the selling, contracting for the sale of, negotiating for the sale of, or furnishing to the Army or the War Department any supplies, materials, equipment, lands, buildings, plants, vessels, or munitions. None of the money appropriated in this Act shall be paid to any officer on the retired list of the Army who, having been retired before reaching the arm of first sales. retired before reaching the age of sixty-four, is employed in the United States or its possessions by any individual, partnership, corporation, or association regularly or frequently engaged in making direct sales of any merchandise or material to the War Department or the Army.

> No appropriation for the pay of the Army shall be available for the pay of any officer or enlisted man on active list of the Army who is engaged in any manner with any publication which is or may be issued by or for any branch or organization of the Army or military association in which officers or enlisted men have membership and which carries paid advertising of firms doing business with the Government: Provided, however, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit officers from writing or disseminating articles in accordance with regulations issued by the Secretary of War.

MILEAGE OF THE ARMY

For mileage, reimbursement of actual traveling expenses, or per diem allowances in lieu thereof, as authorized by law, to commissioned officers, warrant officers, contract surgeons, and expert accountant, Inspector General's Department, not to exceed \$506,250.

EXPENSES OF COURTS-MARTIAL

Courts-martial, etc. For expenses of courts-martial, courts of inquiry, military commissions, retiring boards, and compensation of reporters and witnesses attending same, contract stenographic reporting services, and expenses of taking depositions and securing other evidence for use before the same, including not to exceed \$3,225 for traveling

expenses, \$58,925.

APPREHENSION OF DESERTERS, AND SO FORTH

Payment for appre-For the apprehension, securing, and delivering of soldiers absent hension, etc. without leave and of deserters, including escaped military prisoners, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and no greater sum than \$50 for each deserter or escaped military prisoner shall, in the

discretion of the Secretary of War, be paid to any civil officer or charged prisoners. citizen for such services and expenses; for a donation of \$10 to each prisoner discharged otherwise than honorably upon his release from confinement under court-martial sentence involving dishonorable discharge, \$30,000.

FINANCE SERVICE

Finance Service.

Department, including not to exceed \$750 for allowances for living U. S. C., Supp. v. quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act p. 1930 (46 Stat. p. 818) \$1 102 000

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES TO AND LOSS OF PRIVATE PROPERTY

Private property Payment of claims.

For payment of claims not exceeding \$500 each in amount for damages to or loss of private property incident to the training, practice, operation, or maintenance of the Army that have accrued, or may hereafter accrue, from time to time, \$100: Provided, That settlement of such claims shall be made by the General Accounting oral Accounting office. Office, upon the approval and recommendation of the General Accounting office. War, where the amount of damages has been ascertained by the War Department, and payment thereof will be accepted by the owners of the property in full satisfaction of such damages.

CLAIMS OF OFFICERS, ENLISTED MEN, AND NURSES OF THE ARMY FOR Destruction of private property of officers, etc. DESTRUCTION OF PRIVATE PROPERTY

For the payment of claims of officers, enlisted men, and nurses for in the service.

Vol. 41, p. 1436.
U. S. C., p. 989. of the Army for private property lost, destroyed, captured, abandoned, or damaged in the military service of the United States, under the provisions of an Act approved March 4, 1921 (U. S. C., title 31, secs. 218–222), \$100.

Payment of claims

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Quartermaster

Subsistence of the Army: Purchase of subsistence supplies: For issue as rations to troops, including retired enlisted men when or for issue as rations. dered to active duty, civil employees when entitled thereto, hospital matrons, applicants for enlistment while held under observation, general prisoners of war (including Indians held by the Army as

Subsistence. Purchase of supplies

Sales to officers, etc.

Payments. Commutation allow-

prisoners, but for whose subsistence appropriation is not otherwise made), Indians employed by the Army as guides and scouts, and general prisoners at posts; for the subsistence of the masters, officers, crews, and employees of the vessels of the Army Transport Service; hot coffee for troops traveling when supplied with cooked or travel rations; meals for recruiting parties and applicants for enlistment while under observation; for sales to officers, including members of the Officers' Reserve Corps while on active duty, and enlisted men of the Army. For payments: Of the regulation allowances of commutation in lieu of rations to enlisted men on furances. lough, enlisted men when stationed at places where rations in kind can not be economically issued, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty and when traveling on detached duty where it is impracticable to carry rations of any kind, enlisted men selected to contest for places or prizes in department and Army rifle competitions when traveling to and from places of contest, applicants for enlistment, and general prisoners while traveling under orders. For payment of the regulation allowances of commutation in lieu

of rations for enlisted men, applicants for enlistment while held

Advertising:
Prizes for bakers and

Traveling expenses.

Proviso.
Oleomargarine restriction.

Regular quartermaster supplies.

Bakeries, ice, etc.

Furniture, school supplies, etc.

Forage, etc.

Stationery, etc.

Clothing, etc. Purchase, manufacture, etc.

Laundries.

under observation, civilian employees who are entitled to subsistence at public expense, and general prisoners while sick in hospitals, to be paid to the surgeon in charge; advertising; for providing prizes to be established by the Secretary of War for enlisted men of the Army who graduate from the Army schools for bakers and cooks, the total amount of such prizes at the various schools not to exceed \$900 per annum; and for other necessary expenses incident to the purchase, testing, care, preservation, issue, sale, and accounting for subsistence supplies for the Army; in all, including not to exceed \$100,706 for traveling expenses, \$11,815,498: Provided, That none of the money appropriated in this Act shall be used for the purchase of oleomargarine or butter substitutes for other than cooking purposes, except to supply an expressed preference therefor or for use where climatic or other conditions render the use of butter impracticable.

Regular supplies of the Army: Regular supplies of the Quartermaster Corps, including their care and protection; stoves required for the use of the Army for heating offices, hospitals, barracks, and quarters, and recruiting stations, and United States disciplinary barracks; also ranges, stoves, coffee roasters, and appliances for cooking and serving food at posts in the field and when traveling, and repair and maintenance of such heating and cooking appliances; authorized issues of candles and matches; for post bakery and bake-oven equipment and apparatus; for ice for issue to organizations of enlisted men and offices at such places as the Secretary of War may determine, and for preservation of stores; authorized issues of soap, toilet paper, and towels; for the necessary furniture, textbooks, paper, and equipment for the post schools and libraries, and for schools for noncommissioned officers; for the purchase and issue of instruments, office furniture, stationery, and other authorized articles for the use of officers' schools at the several military posts; for purchase of commercial newspapers, market reports, and so forth; for the tableware and mess furniture for kitchens and mess halls, each and all for the enlisted men, including recruits; for forage, salt, and vinegar for the horses, mules, oxen, and other draft and riding animals of the Quartermaster Corps at the several posts and stations and with the armies in the field, for the horses of the several regiments of Cavalry and batteries of Artillery and such companies of Infantry and Scouts as may be mounted, and for remounts and for the authorized number of officers' horses, including bedding for the animals; for seeds and implements required for the raising of forage at remount depots and on military reservations in the Hawaiian, Philippine, and Panama Canal Departments, and for labor and expenses incident thereto, including, when specifically authorized by the Secretary of War, the cost of irrigation; for the purchase of implements and hire of labor for harvesting hay on military reservations; for straw for soldiers' bedding, stationery, typewriters and exchange of same, including blank books and blank forms for the Army, certificates for discharged soldiers, and for printing department orders and reports, \$3,904,926.

Clothing and equipage: For cloth, woolens, materials, and for the purchase and manufacture of clothing for the Army, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty, for issue and for sale; for payment of commutation of clothing due to warrant officers of the Mine Planter Service and to enlisted men; for altering and fitting clothing and washing and cleaning when necessary; for operation of laundries, including purchase and repair of laundry machinery; for the authorized issues of laundry materials for use of general prisoners confined at military posts without pay or allowances, and

for applicants for enlistment while held under observation; for equipment and repair of equipment of dry-cleaning plants, salvage and sorting storehouses, hat repairing shops, shoe repair shops, clothing repair shops, and garbage reduction works; for equipage, etc. Equipage, toilet kits, including authorized issues of toilet articles, barbers' and tailors' materials, for use of general prisoners confined at military posts without pay or allowances and applicants for enlistment while held under observation; issue of toilet kits to recruits upon their first enlistment, and issue of housewives to the Army; for expenses of packing and handling and similar necessaries; for a suit of citizen's inc. outer clothing and when necessary an overcoat, the cost of all not to exceed \$30, to be issued to each soldier discharged otherwise than honorably, to each enlisted man convicted by civil court for an offense resulting in confinement in a penitentiary or other civil prison, and to each enlisted man ordered interned by reason of the fact that he is an alien enemy, or, for the same reason, discharged without internment; for indemnity to officers and men of the Army stroyed clothing, etc. for clothing and bedding, and so forth, destroyed since April 22, 1898, by order of medical officers of the Army for sanitary reasons, \$6,300,000, of which amount not exceeding \$60,000 shall be available immediately for the procurement and transportation of fuel for the service of the fiscal year 1933.

INCIDENTAL EXPENSES OF THE ARMY: Postage; hire of laborers in the Quartermaster Corps, including the care of officers' mounts when the same are furnished by the Government; compensation of clerks and other employees of the Quartermaster Corps, including not to exceed \$15,750 for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act approved June 26, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 818), and clerks, foremen, watchmen, and organist p. 16. for the United States Disciplinary Barracks, and incidental expenses of recruiting; for the operation of coffee-roasting plants; for tests and experimental and development work and scientific research to be performed by the Bureau of Standards for the Quartermaster Corps; for inspection service and instruction furnished by the Department of Agriculture which may be transferred in advance; for such additional expenditures as are necessary and authorized by law in the movements and operation of the Army and at military posts, and not expressly assigned to any other departments, \$3,709,251: Provided, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be avail- Limitation on emable for any expense incident to the employment of an average number of officers, etc. number of officers, enlisted men, or civilian employees greater than the largest number employed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1929, in connection with work incident to the assurance of adequate provision for the mobilization of matériel and industrial organizations essential to war-time needs.

Army transportation: For transportation of the Army and its troops and supplies. supplies, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty; of authorized baggage, including that of retired officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men upon relief from active duty, and including packing and crating; of recruits and recruiting parties; of applicants for enlistment between recruiting stations and recruiting depots; of necessary agents and other employees, including their traveling expenses; of dependents of officers and enlisted men as provided by law; of discharged prisoners, and persons discharged from Saint Elizabeths Hospital after transfer thereto from the military service, to their homes (or elsewhere as they may elect): Provided, That the cost in each case shall not be greater than to the place of last enlistment: Provided further, That not to exceed \$2,522,880 shall be tures. available for expenditure for or on account of the transportation of

Citizen's outer cloth-

Fuel.

Incidental expenses.

Civilian employees. Allowances for living Vol. 46, p. 818. U. S. C., Supp. V,

Recruiting. Tests, etc.

Inspection service.

Proviso.

Dependents.

Provisos. Cost restriction.

Maximum expendi-

Vehicles, draft and pack animals, etc.

Travel allowances, enlisted men, National Guard, etc. Vol. 31, p. 902; Vol. 42, p. 1021. U. S. C., p. 197.

Purchase of motor vehicles restricted.

Transporting private cars at public expense restricted.

Use of old vehicles of Army for department nonmilitary purposes.

Post, p. 689.

Transportation costs charged to appropriation from which supplies procured.

persons pursuant to the provisions of this appropriation; transportation of horse equipment; and of funds for the Army; for the alteration, operation, and repair of boats and other vessels; for wharfage, tolls, and ferriage; for drayage and cartage; for the purchase, manufacture (including both material and labor), maintenance, hire, and repair of packsaddles and harness; for the purchase, hire, operation, maintenance, and repair of wagons, carts, drays, other vehicles, and horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles required for the transportation of troops and supplies and for official military and garrison purposes; for hire of draft and pack animals; for travel allowances to officers and enlisted men on discharge, to officers of National Guard on discharge from Federal service as prescribed in the Act of March 2, 1901 (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 751), and to enlisted men of National Guard on discharge from Federal service, as prescribed in amendatory Act of September 22, 1922 (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 752), and to members of the National Guard who have been mustered into Federal service and discharged on account of physical disability; in all, \$12,078,734, of which amount not exceeding \$250,000 shall be available immediately for the procurement and transportation of fuel for the service of the fiscal year 1933: Provided, That no part of this appropriation shall be available for the purchase or exchange of motor-propelled passengercarrying vehicles other than not exceeding \$80,000 for the purchase or exchange of motor-propelled ambulances and motor cycles, and not exceeding \$150,000 of this appropriation shall be available for the purchase or exchange of motor-propelled trucks, including station-wagon types, except those that are procured solely for experimental purposes: Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any expense for or incident to the transportation of privately owned automobiles except on account of the return to the United States of such privately owned automobiles as may be in transit to or from points outside of the continental limits of the United States or have been transported to such outside points at public expense on or by the date of the approval of this Act: Provided further, That no appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any expense for or incident to the maintenance, operation, or repair of any motor-propelled vehicle procured out of appropriations for the Regular Army that may be transferred to the custody and maintenance of any of the civil components of the Regular Army or to any of the activities embraced by Title II of this Act that is more than two years old from the date of purchase at the time of such transfer: Provided further, That during the fiscal year 1933 the cost of transportation from point of origin to the first point of storage or consumption of supplies, equipment, and material in connection with the manufacturing and purchasing activities of the Quartermaster Corps may be charged to the appropriations from which such supplies, equipment, and material are procured.

Horses.

HORSES, DRAFT AND PACK ANIMALS

Purchase, etc.

For the purchase of draft and pack animals and horses within limits as to age, sex, and size to be prescribed by the Secretary of War for remounts for officers entitled to public mounts, for the United States Military Academy, and for such organizations and members of the military service as may be required to be mounted, and for all expenses incident to such purchases (including \$120,000)

for encouragement of the breeding of riding horses suitable for the ing of riding horses. Army, in cooperation with the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, including the purchase of animals for breeding purposes and their maintenance), \$202,500.

MILITARY POSTS

For construction and installation at military posts, including the construction United States Military Academy, of buildings, utilities, and appurtenances thereto, including interior facilities, necessary service connections to water, sewer, gas, and electric mains, and similar improvements, all within the authorized limits of cost of such buildings, and suthorized by the Acts approved June 18, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 781), Vol. 46, pp. 781, 1014, and July 3, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 1014), without reference to sections pp. 206, 737.

1136 and 3734, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 1339; title 102, 1302, otherwise, without regard to section 3709, Revised Statutes (U. S. C., p. 733, sec. 3709, title 41, sec. 5), and at such rates of compensation as the Statutes of Compensation as the Statute of Compensation as th title 41, sec. 5), and at such rates of compensation as the Secretary of War may determine, of the services of architects, or firms, or corporations thereof, and other technical and professional personnel as may be necessary, \$2,250,000, which shall be available immediately for the payment of obligations incurred under the contract authorization for these purposes carried in the War Department Appropriation Act for the fiscal year 1932.

The unexpended balances on June 30, 1932, under the following Calif., landing field. appropriations are hereby continued and made available until expended for the same respective purposes, namely: Barracks, officers' 46, p. 1607. quarters, and noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$518,000, War Department Appropriation Act, fiscal year 1929, approved March 23, 1928, and subsequently made available for the same purpose at Marin County, California, by the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, approved March 4, 1931; technical construction for the Air construction. Corps of the Army, \$285,000, War Department Appropriation Act. fiscal year 1930, approved February 28, 1929, and subsequently made available for the same purpose at Marin County, California, by the Second Deficiency Act, fiscal year 1931, approved March 4, 1931.

BARRACKS AND QUARTERS AND OTHER BUILDINGS AND UTILITIES

For all expenses incident to the construction, installation, opera-struction, maintenance of buildings, utilities, appurtenances, and nance, repairs, etc. accessories necessary for the shelter, protection, and accommodation of the Army and its personnel and property, where not specifically provided for in other appropriations, including personal services, purchase and repair of furniture for quarters for officers. warrant officers, and noncommissioned officers, and officers' messes and wall lockers and refrigerators for Government-owned buildings as may be approved by the Secretary of War, care and improvement of grounds, flooring and framing for tents, rental of buildings, including not to exceed \$900 in the District of Columbia, provided space is not available in Government-owned buildings, and grounds for military purposes and lodgings for recruits and applicants for enlistments, water supply, sewer and fire-alarm systems, fire apparatus, roads, walks, wharves, drainage, dredging channels, purchase of water, disposal of sewage, shooting galleries, ranges for smallarms target practice, field, mobile, and railway artillery practice, including flour for paste for marking targets, such ranges and galleries to be open as far as practicable to the National Guard and

Military posts.

Construction.

Vol. 46, p. 1607.

Barracks, quarters,

Rentals, etc.

Water, roads, etc.

Target practice, etc.

Heat and light for organized rifle clubs under regulations to be prescribed by the Secquarters, etc. retary of War, for furnishing heat and light for the authorized allowance of quarters for officers, enlisted men, and warrant officers, including retired enlisted men when ordered to active duty, contract surgeons when stationed at and occupying public quarters at military posts, officers of the National Guard attending service and garrison schools, and for recruits, guards, hospitals, storehouses, offices, the buildings erected at private cost, in the operation of the Act approved May 31, 1902 (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 1346), and buildings for a similar purpose on military reservations authorized by War Department regulations; for sale of fuel to officers; fuel and engine supplies required in the operation of modern batteries at established posts, \$13,595,017, of which \$2,500,000 shall be available immediately for the procurement and transportation of fuel for the service of the fiscal year 1933: Provided, That not more than \$16,000 of the appropriations contained in this Act shall be available for rent of offices outside the District of Columbia in connection with work incident to the assurance of adequate provision for the mobilization of matériel and industrial organizations essential to war-time needs: Rentals for military Provided further, That this appropriation shall be available for the rental of offices, garages, and stables for military attachés: Pro-Limitation on addi-vided further, That no part of the funds herein appropriated shall the available for a second of the funds herein appropriated shall be available for construction of a permanent nature of an additional building or an extension or addition to an existing building, the cost of which in any case exceeds \$20,000: Provided further, That the monthly rental rate to be paid out of this appropriation for stabling any animal shall not exceed \$15.

Recreation buildings. Vol. 32, p. 282. U. S. C., p. 219.

Provisos. Outside rent.

Stable rent.

Fort Monroe, Va.

SEWERAGE SYSTEM, FORT MONROE, VIRGINIA

Wharf, etc.

For repair and maintenance of wharf and apron of wharf, including all necessary labor and material therefor, fuel for waiting rooms; water, brooms, and shovels, \$20,280; for one-third of said sum, to be supplied by the United States, \$6,760.

Roads, etc.

For rakes, shovels, and brooms; repairs to roadway, pavements, macadam and asphalt block; repairs to street crossings; repairs to street drains, and labor for cleaning roads, \$8,469; for two-thirds of said sum, to be supplied by the United States, \$5,646.

Sewers.

For waste, oil, motor and pump repairs, sewer pipe, cement, brick, stone, supplies, and personal services, \$6,690; for two-thirds of said sum, to be supplied by the United States, \$4,460.

Hospitals.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR OF HOSPITALS

Construction, repair,

etc.

Temporary hospitals, etc.

For construction and repair of hospitals at military posts already established and occupied, including all expenditures for construction and repairs required at the Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Arkansas, and for the construction and repair of general hospitals and expenses incident thereto, and for additions needed to meet the camp requirements of increased garrisons, and for temporary hospitals in standing camps and cantonments; for the alteration of permanent buildings at posts for use as hospitals, construction and repair of temporary hospital buildings at permanent posts, construction and repair of temporary general hospitals, rental or purchase of grounds, and rental and alteration of buildings for use for hospital purposes in the District of Columbia and elsewhere, including necessary temporary quarters for hospital personnel, outbuildings, heating and laundry apparatus, plumbing, water and sewers, and electric work, cooking apparatus, and roads and walks for the same, \$550,000.

ACQUISITION OF LAND

Acquisition of land: For the acquisition of land at Fort Ethan v Allen, Vermont, as authorized by the Act approved March 4, 1931 (46 Stat., p. 1520), \$7,500; and for completion of acquisition of land at Pedricktown, New Jersey, as authorized by the Act approved March 8, 1922 (42 Stat., p. 418), \$2,057; in all, \$9,557, to remain available until expended.

Acquisition of land.

Fort Ethan Allen, Vol. 46, p. 1520. Pedricktown, N. J. Vol. 42, p. 418.

SIGNAL CORPS

SIGNAL SERVICE OF THE ARMY

and repair of military telegraph, telephone, radio, cable, and signaling systems; signal equipment and stores, heliographs, signal lanterns, flags, and other necessary instruments; wind vanes, barometers, anemometers, thermometers, and other meteorological instruments; photographic and cinematographic work performed for the Army by the Signal Corps; not to exceed \$18,641 for mileage or other travel allowances of officers, and traveling expenses of employees, traveling on duty in connection with the Signal Service of the Army; motor cycles, motor-driven and other vehicles for technical and official purposes in connection with the construction, operation, and maintenance of communication or signaling systems, and supplies for their operation and maintenance; professional and scientific books of reference, pamphlets, periodicals, newspapers, and maps for use of the Signal Corps and in the office of the Chief Signal Officer; telephone apparatus, including rental and payment for commercial, exchange, message, trunk-line, long-distance, and leased-line telephone service at or connecting any post, camp, cantonment, depot, arsenal, headquarters, hospital, aviation station, or other office or station of the Army, excepting the local telephone service for the various bureaus of the War Department in the District of Columbia, and toll messages pertaining to the office of the Secretary of War; electric time service; the rental of commercial telegraph lines and equipment and their operation at or connecting any post, camp, cantonment, depot, arsenal, headquarters, hospital, aviation station, or other office or station of the Army, including payment for official individual telegraph messages transmitted over commercial lines; electrical installations and maintenance thereof at military posts, cantonments, camps, and stations of the Army, fire-control and direction apparatus and material for Field Artillery; salaries of civilian employees, including those necessary as instructors at vocational schools; supplies, general repairs, reserve supplies, and other expenses connected with the collecting and transmitting of information for the Army by telegraph or otherwise; experimental investigation, research, purchase, search, etc. and development or improvements in apparatus, and maintenance of signaling and accessories thereto, including patent rights and other rights thereto, including machines, instruments, and other equipment for laboratory and repair purposes; lease, alteration, and repair of such buildings required for storing or guarding Signal Corps supplies, equipment, and personnel when not otherwise provided for,

including the land therefor, the introduction of water, electric light and power, sewerage, grading, roads and walks, and other equipment

required, \$2,544,275, of which amount not to exceed \$150,000 shall remain available until June 30, 1934, for the construction and rehabil-

itation of Signal Corps telephone systems.

Signal Corps.

Signal Service.

Telegraph and telephone systems: Purchase, equipment, operation, phone systems.

Purchase, equipment, operation, phone systems.

Purchase, operation, Purchase, operation,

Local exemption.

Electric installations.

Civilian employees.

Supply bouses.

Telephone systems.

Air Corps.

AIR CORPS

AIR CORPS, ARMY

Designated purposes.

Aircraft operation, construction, etc.

Landing, etc., runways.

Helium gas. Civilian employees.

Purchase, manufacture, etc., of aircraft.

Balloons, etc.

Marking military air ways.

Consulting engineers.

Outside printing plants, etc.

Special services.

Proviso.
Designated allotments.

Experimental and research work.

For creating, maintaining, and operating at established flying schools and balloon schools courses of instruction for officers, students, and enlisted men, including cost of equipment and supplies necessary for instruction, purchase of tools, equipment, materials, machines, textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, instruments, and materials for theoretical and practical instruction; for maintenance, repair, storage, and operation of airships, war balloons, and other aerial machines, including instruments, materials, gas plants, hangars, and repair shops, and appliances of every sort and description necessary for the operation, construction, or equipment of all types of aircraft, and all necessary spare parts and equipment connected therewith and the establishment of landing and take-off runways; for purchase of supplies for securing, developing, printing, and reproducing photographs in connection with aerial photography; improvement, equipment, maintenance, and operation of plants for testing and experimental work,

and procuring and introducing water, electric light and power, gas, and sewerage, including maintenance, operation, and repair of such utilities at such plants; for the procurement of helium gas; salaries and wages of civilian employees as may be necessary, and not to exceed \$131,315 for payment of their traveling and other necessary expenses as authorized by existing law; transportation of materials in connection with consolidation of Air Corps activities; experimental investigation and purchase and development of new types of aircraft, accessories thereto, and aviation engines, including plans, drawings, and specifications thereof, and the purchase of letters patent, application for letters patent, licenses under letters patent and applications for

letters patent; for the purchase, manufacture, and construction of air-

ships, balloons, and other aerial machines, including instruments, gas plants, and appliances of every sort and description necessary for the operation, construction, or equipment of all types of aircraft, and all

necessary spare parts and equipment connected therewith; for the marking of military airways where the purchase of land is not involved; for the purchase, manufacture, and issue of special clothing, wearing apparel, and similar equipment for aviation purposes; for all necessary expenses connected with the sale or disposal of surplus or obsolete aeronautical equipment, and the rental of buildings, and other facilities for the handling or storage of such equipment; for the

services of not more than four consulting engineers at experimental stations of the Air Corps as the Secretary of War may deem neces-

sary, at rates of pay to be fixed by him not to exceed \$50 a day for not exceeding fifty days each and necessary traveling expenses; purchase of special apparatus and appliances, repairs and replacements of same used in connection with special scientific medical research in the Air Corps; for maintenance and operation of such Air Corps printing plants outside of the District of Columbia as may be author-

ized in accordance with law; for publications, station libraries, special furniture, supplies and equipment for offices, shops, and laboratories; for special services, including the salvaging of wrecked aircraft, \$25,439,131: Provided, That not to exceed \$3,758,401 from this appropriation may be expended for pay and expenses of civilian

employees other than those employed in experimental and research work; not exceeding \$9,000 may be expended for the procurement of helium from the Bureau of Mines, of which sum such amounts as may be required may be transferred in advance to that bureau;

not exceeding \$2,821,567 may be expended for experimental and research work with airplanes or lighter-than-air craft and their equipment, including the pay of necessary civilian employees; not exceeding \$100 may be expended for the production of lighter-than-air equipment; not less than \$11,525,728 shall be expended for the production or purchase of new airplanes and their equipment, spare parts, and accessories, of which \$9,017,152 shall be available exclusively for combat airplanes, their equipment, spare parts, and accessories; not less than \$5,924,010 shall be expended, other than for pay of civilian employees, for aviation fuel and oil and for the repair and maintenance of airplanes and their equipment, spare parts, and accessories; and not more than \$6,000 may be expended for settlement of claims (not exceeding \$250 each) for damages to persons and private property resulting from the operation of aircraft at home and abroad when each claim is substantiated by a survey report of a board of officers appointed by the commanding officer of the nearest aviation post and approved by the Chief of Air Corps and the Secretary of War: Provided further, That the sum of \$193,872 of the appropriation for Air Corps, Army, fiscal year 1929, and the sum of \$158,455 of the appropriation for Air Corps, Army, fiscal year 1930, shall remain available until June 30, 1933, for the payment of obligations incurred under contracts executed prior to July 1, 1929, and July 1, 1930, respectively: Provided further, That none of the money appropriated in this Act shall be used for the purchase restricted. of any airplane ordered after the approval of this Act which is equipped or propelled by a Liberty motor or by any motor or airplane engine purchased or constructed prior to July 1, 1920.

New airplanes, etc.

Sums for incurred Vol. 45, pp. 337, 1361.

equipment

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

Medical Department.

ARMY

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT

For the manufacture and purchase of medical and hospital supplies, including disinfectants, for military posts, camps, hospitals, hospital ships and transports, for laundry work for enlisted men and Army nurses while patients in a hospital, and supplies required for mosquito destruction in and about military posts in the Canal Zone; for the purchase of veterinary supplies and hire of veterinary surgeons; for inspection service and instruction furnished by the Department of Agriculture which may be transferred in advance; ment, for expenses of medical supply depots; for medical care and treatment not otherwise provided for, including care and subsistence in private hospitals of officers, enlisted men, and civilian employees of the Army, of applicants for enlistment, and of prisoners of war and other persons in military custody or confinement, when entitled not apply to officers and enlisted men who are treated in private turlough. hospitals or by civilian physicians while on furlough; for the proper care and treatment of epidemic and contagious diseases in the Army expenses or at military posts or stations, including measures to prevent the spread thereof, and the payment of reasonable damages not otherwise provided for for bedding and clothing injured or destroyed in such prevention; for the care of insane Filipino soldiers in conformity with the Act of Congress approved May 11, 1908; for the pay of male and female nurses, not including the Army Nurse Corps, and of cooks and other civilians employed for the proper care of sick officers and soldiers, under such regulations fixing their

Supplies.

Services, etc., by agricultural Depart-

Private treatment.

Contagious diseases

Insane Filipino sol-Vol. 35, p. 122. U. S. C., p. 681.

number, qualifications, assignments, pay, and allowances as shall have been or shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War; for the pay of civilian physicians employed to examine physically applicants for enlistment and enlisted men and to render other professional services from time to time under proper authority; for the pay of other employees of the Medical Department; for the payment of express companies and local transfers employed directly by the Medical Department for the transportation of medical and hospital supplies, including bidders' samples and water for analysis; for supplies for use in teaching the art of cooking to the enlisted force of the Medical Department; for the supply of the Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Arkansas; for advertising, laundry, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses of the Medical Department,

Transporting plies, etc.

Hot Springs, Ark., hospital.

Canal Zone.

\$1,290,000.

HOSPITAL CARE, CANAL ZONE GARRISONS

Care of troops at Panama Canal hospitals. For paying the Panama Canal such reasonable charges, exclusive of subsistence, as may be approved by the Secretary of War for caring in its hospitals for officers, enlisted men, military prisoners, and civilian employees of the Army admitted thereto upon the request of proper military authority, \$40,000: Provided, That the subsistence of the said patients, except commissioned officers, shall be paid to said hospitals out of the appropriation for subsistence of the Army at the rates provided therein for commutation of rations for enlisted patients in general hospitals.

Subsistence payments.

Proviso.

Army Medical Museum. ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM

For Army Medical Museum, preservation of specimens, and the preparation and purchase of new specimens, \$8,500.

Library.

LIBRARY, SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE

Purchase of books, etc.

For the library of the Surgeon General's office, including the purchase of the necessary books of reference and periodicals, \$19,500.

Engineer Corps.

Corps of Engineers

Depots.

ENGINEER DEPOTS

Incidental expenses.

For incidental expenses for the depots, including fuel, lights, chemicals, stationery, hardware, machinery, pay of civilian clerks, mechanics, laborers, and other employees; for lumber and materials and for labor for packing and crating engineers supplies; repairs of, and for materials to repair, public buildings, machinery, and instruments, and for unforeseen expenses, \$90,000.

School.

ENGINEER SCHOOL

Equipment, maintenance, etc. Incidental expenses.

For equipment and maintenance of the Engineer School, including purchase and repair of instruments, machinery, implements, models, boats, and materials for the use of the school and to provide means for the theoretical and practical instruction of Engineer officers and troops in their special duties as sappers and miners; for land mining, pontoniering, and signaling; for purchase and binding of scientific and professional works, papers, and periodicals treating on military engineering and scientific subjects; for textbooks and books of reference for the library of the United States Engineer School;

for incidental expenses of the school, including chemicals, stationery, hardware, machinery, and boats; for pay of civilian clerks, draftsmen, electricians, mechanics, and laborers; for compensation of civilian lecturers; and for unforeseen expenses, and not to exceed \$900 for traveling expenses of officers on journeys approved by the Secretary of War and made for the purpose of instruction, \$20,900: Provided, That the traveling expenses herein provided for shall be in lieu of mileage and other allowances.

Travel expenses.

Proviso. In lieu of mileage.

ENGINEER EQUIPMENT OF TROOPS

Equipment of troops.

For pontoon material, tools, instruments, supplies, and appliances etc. required for use in the engineer equipment of troops, for military surveys, and for engineer operations in the field, including the purchase, maintenance, operation, and repair of the necessary motor cycles; the purchase and preparation of engineer manuals and for a reserve supply of above equipment, \$185,000.

Materials, supplies,

ENGINEER OPERATIONS IN THE FIELD

Field operations.

For expenses incident to military engineer operations in the field, including the purchase of material and a reserve of material for such operations, the rental of storehouses within and outside of the District of Columbia, the operation, maintenance, and repair of horse-drawn and motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles; for the execution of topographic and other surveys and preparation and reproduction of maps for military purposes, and for research and development of surveying by means of aerial photography and in field reproduction methods; for services of surveyors, survey parties, draftsmen, Surveyors, assistants, photographers, master laborers, clerks, and other employees to Engineer officers on the staffs of division, corps area, and department commanders, and such expenses as are ordinarily provided for under the appropriation for "Engineer depots," including not to exceed \$610 for traveling expenses, \$175,610: Provided, That so much of this appropriation as is necessary to provide facilities for engineer ton work for training training of troops may be expended for military construction work of a temporary character at camps and cantonments and at training

Incidental expenses.

Proviso. Temporary construc-

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

areas for training purposes only.

Ordnance Depart-

ORDNANCE SERVICE AND SUPPLIES, ARMY

Ordnance service and supplies.

For manufacture, procurement, storage and issue, including Manufacture, issue, research, planning, design, development, inspection, test, alteration, maintenance, repair, and handling of ordnance material together with the machinery, supplies, and services necessary thereto; for supplies and services in connection with the general work of the Ordnance Department, comprising police and office duties, rents, tolls, fuel, light, water, advertising, stationery, typewriting, and computing machines, including their exchange, and furniture, tools, and instruments of service; to provide for training and other incidental expenses of the ordnance service; for instruction purposes, other than tuition; for maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled and horse-drawn freight and passenger-carrying vehicles; for ammunition for military salutes at Government establishments, and insti-

tutions to which the issues of arms for salutes are authorized; for services, material, tools, and appliances for operation of the testing machines and chemical laboratory in connection therewith; for pub-

Current expenses.

Ammunition for military salutes.

Consulting engineers.

lications for libraries of the Ordnance Department, including the Ordnance Office, including subscriptions to periodicals; for services of not more than four consulting engineers as the Secretary of War may deem necessary, at rates of pay to be fixed by him not to exceed \$50 per day for not exceeding fifty days each, and not to exceed for armored \$26,981 for necessary traveling expenses, \$9,832,715: Provided, That \$200,000 of this appropriation shall be available exclusively for the purchase of five convertible armored tanks.

Proviso. Sum tanks.

Rock Island, Ill.

ROCK ISLAND BRIDGE, ROCK ISLAND, ILLINOIS

Operating bridges, etc.

For operating, repair, and preservation of Rock Island bridges and viaduct, and maintenance and repair of the arsenal street connecting the bridges, \$47,000.

Arsenals

ing.

REPAIRS OF ARSENALS

Repairs, etc.

For repairs and improvements of ordnance establishments, and to meet such unforeseen expenditures as accidents or other contingencies may require, \$807,881, of which amount \$20,000 shall be available for Rock Island, dredgdredging in connection with the hydroelectric power plant, Rock Island Arsenal.

Gauges, dies, and jigs.

GAUGES, DIES, AND JIGS FOR MANUFACTURE

Procuring, for arma-ment manufacture.

Vol. 39, p. 215. U. S. C., p. 1694.

For the development and procurement of gauges, dies, jigs, and other special aids and appliances, including specifications and detailed drawings, to carry out the purpose of section 123 of the National Defense Act, approved June 3, 1916 (U. S. C., title 50, sec. 78), including not to exceed \$600 for traveling expenses, \$74.800.

Chemical Warfare Service.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

Purchase, manufac-ture, etc., of gases.

Plants, buildings, machinery, etc.

Organizing, etc., special gas troops.

Current expenses.

For purchase, manufacture, and test of chemical warfare gases or other toxic substances, gas masks, or other offensive or defensive materials or appliances required for gas-warfare purposes, including all necessary investigations, research, design, experimentation, and operation connected therewith; purchase of chemicals, special scientific and technical apparatus and instruments; construction, maintenance, and repair of plants, buildings, and equipment, and the machinery therefor; receiving, storing, and issuing of supplies, comprising police and office duties, rents, tolls, fuels, gasoline, lubricants, paints and oils, rope and cordage, light, water, advertising, stationery, typewriting and adding machines, including their exchange, office furniture, tools, and instruments; for incidental expenses; for civilian employees; for libraries of the Chemical Warfare Service and subscriptions to periodicals; for expenses incidental to the organization, training, and equipment of special gas troops not otherwise provided for, including the training of the Army in chemical warfare, both offensive and defensive, together with the necessary schools, tactical demonstrations, and maneuvers; for current expenses of chemical projectile filling plants and proving grounds, including construction and maintenance of rail transportation, repairs, alterations, accessories, building and repairing butts and targets, clearing and grading ranges, \$1,222,000.

CHIEF OF INFANTRY

INFANTRY SCHOOL, FORT BENNING, GEORGIA

Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga.

For the purchase of textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers; instruments and material for instruction, employment of temporary, technical, special, and clerical services, and for the necessary expenses of instruction at the Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia, \$40,000.

Instruction expenses.

TANK SERVICE

Tank Service.

For payment of the necessary civilian employees to assist in handling the clerical work in the office of the tank center, tank schools, and the various tank organization headquarters, including the office of the Chief of Infantry; for the payment of the necessary mechanics to assist in repairing and preserving tanks in the hands of tank units; and for incidental expenses in connection with the operation of the tank schools, \$27,610.

Civilian employees.

CHIEF OF CAVALRY

CAVALRY SCHOOL, FORT RILEY, KANSAS

Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kans.

For the purchase of textbooks, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, instruments, and materials for instruction; employment of temporary, technical, special, and clerical services; and for other necessary expenses of instruction at the Cavalry School, Fort Riley, Kansas, \$21,000.

Instruction expenses.

CHIEF OF FIELD ARTILLERY

FIELD ARTILLERY INSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES

Field Artillery activities.

For the pay of employees, the purchase of books, pamphlets, periodicals, and newspapers, procurement of supplies, materials, and equipment for instruction purposes, and other expenses necessary in the operation of the Field Artillery School of the Army, and for the instruction of the Army in Field Artillery activities, \$25,000.

Instruction expenses.

CHIEF OF COAST ARTILLERY

COAST ARTILLERY SCHOOL, FORT MONROE, VIRGINIA

Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va.

Instruction expenses.

For purchase of engines, generators, motors, machines, measuring and nautical instruments, special apparatus, and materials and for experimental purposes for the engineering and artillery and military art departments and enlisted specialists division; for purchase and binding of professional books treating of military and scientific subjects for library, for use of school, and for temporary use in coast defense; for incidental expenses of the school, including chemicals, stationery, printing and binding; hardware; materials; cost of special instruction of officers detailed as instructors; employment of temporary, technical, or special services; for office furniture and fixtures, machinery, and motor trucks; and unforeseen expenses; in all, \$28,000.

Seacoast defenses.

SEACOAST DEFENSES

All expenses of, etc., under specified branches.

For all expenses incident to the preparation of plans and the construction, purchase, installation, equipment, maintenance, repair, and operation of fortifications and other works of defense, and their accessories, including personal services, maintenance of channels to submarine mine wharves, purchase of lands and right's of way as authorized by law, and experimental, test, and development work, as follows:

United States, \$997,986;

Insular departments, \$669,708;

superintendent; in all, \$1.154.589.

Panama Canal, \$670,442;

In all, including not to exceed \$3,320 in the aggregate for traveling expenses, \$2,338,136.

Military Academy.

United States Military Academy

Pay, etc.

PAY OF MILITARY ACADEMY

Cadets.

Cadets: For pay of cadets, \$964,080: Provided, That no part of Service requirement this appropriation shall be available for the pay of any cadet of appointments from appointed from oplicated man and the pay of any cadet appointed from enlisted men of the Army for admission to the Military Academy in the class entering in the fiscal year 1933 who has not served with troops in the Regular Army for at least nine

Civilians.

Civilians: For pay of employees, \$276,139.

Maintenance.

MAINTENANCE, UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY

Designated expenses.

For text and reference books for instruction; increase and expense of library (not exceeding \$6,000); office equipment and supplies; stationery, blank books, forms, printing and binding, and periodicals; diplomas for graduates (not exceeding \$1,100); expense of lectures; apparatus, equipment, supplies, and materials for purpose of instruction and athletics, and maintenance and repair thereof; musical instruments and maintenance of band; care and maintenance of organ; equipment for cadet mess; postage, telephones, and telegrams; freight and expressage; including not to exceed \$31,235 for transportation of cadets and accepted cadets from their homes to the Military Academy, and discharged cadets, including reimbursement of traveling expenses; for payment of commutation of rations for the cadets of the United States Military Academy in lieu of the regular established ration; maintenance of children's school (not exceeding \$12,200); contingencies for superintendent of the academy, to be expended in his discretion (not to exceed \$3,500); expenses of the members of the Board of Visitors (not exceeding \$1,500); contingent fund, to be expended under the direction of the Academic Board (not exceeding \$500); improvement, repair, and maintenance of buildings and grounds (including roads, walls, and fences); shooting galleries and ranges; cooking, heating, and lighting apparatus and fixtures and operation and maintenance thereof; maintenance of water, sewer, and plumbing systems; maintenance of and repairs to cadet camp; fire-extinguishing apparatus; machinery and tools and repair of same; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled vehicles; policing buildings and grounds; furniture, refrigerators, and lockers for Government-owned buildings at the academy and repair and maintenance thereof; fuel for heat, light, and power; and other necessary incidental expenses in the discretion of the

Board of Visitors.

Nothing in this Act shall be construed to repeal or amend section 317, Part II, of the Act making appropriations for the Legislative Branch of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, and for other purposes, approved June 30, 1932.

MILITIA BUREAU

NATIONAL GUARD

Militia Bureau.

National Guard.

ARMING, EQUIPPING, AND TRAINING THE NATIONAL GUARD

Arming, etc.

For procurement of forage, bedding, and so forth, for animals used by the National Guard, \$1,178,238.

Forage, etc.

For compensation of help for care of materials, animals, and

Care of animals, etc.

equipment, \$2,428,553.

For expenses, camps of instruction, field and supplemental train-

Instruction expenses.

ing, and including medical and hospital treatment authorized by law, and the hire (at a rate not to exceed \$1 per diem), repair, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicles, \$8,078,354.

For expenses, selected officers and enlisted men, military service schools, instruction, etc. schools, including medical and hospital treatment authorized by law,

\$319,200.

For pay of property and disbursing officers for the United States, easy

Property, etc., offi-

\$79,800.

For general expenses, equipment, and instruction, National Guard, including medical and hospital treatment authorized by law, and the hire (at a rate not to exceed \$1 per diem), repair, maintenance, and operation of motor-propelled passenger and nonpassenger carrying vehicles, \$674,984.

Equipment, etc.

For travel of officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the cers, etc. Regular Army in connection with the National Guard, \$327,719: travel of officers of the War Department General Staff in connection General Staff.

War Department With the National Guard

Travel, Army offi-

with the National Guard.

For transportation of equipment and supplies, \$225,000.

Transporting sup. Army enlisted men.

For expenses of enlisted men of the Regular Army on duty with the National Guard, including the hiring of quarters in kind, \$480,000.

Pay, armory drills.

For pay of National Guard (armory drills), \$11,584,868.

Field service.

ARMS, UNIFORMS, EQUIPMENT, AND SO FORTH, FOR FIELD SERVICE, NATIONAL GUARD

To procure by purchase or manufacture and issue from time to time for issue.

The National Guard, upon requisition of the governors of the Requisitions from to the National Guard, upon requisition of the governors of the governors, etc. several States and Territories, or the commanding general, National Guard of the District of Columbia, such military equipment and stores of all kinds and reserve supply thereof, including horses conforming to the Regular Army standards for use of the Cavalry, Field Artillery, and mounted organizations of the National Guard. as are necessary to arm, uniform, and equip for field service the National Guard of the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, and to repair such of the aforementioned articles of equipage and military stores as are or may become damaged when, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War, such repair may be determined to be an economical measure and as necessary for their proper preservation and use, \$5,886,849, of which not to exceed

New airplanes, etc.

Clothing, equipment, etc., from Army sur-plus stores.

V., p. 501.

No increase o mounted, etc., units.

\$908,745 shall be available for the production and purchase of new airplanes and their equipment, spare parts and accessories, and all of the sums appropriated in this Act on account of the National Guard shall be accounted for as one fund: Provided, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to issue from surplus or reserve stores and material on hand and purchased for the United States Army such articles of clothing and equipment and Field Artillery, Engineer, and Signal material and ammunition as may be needed by Vol. 39, p. 199; Vol. the National Guard organized under the provisions of the Act 45, p. 405.

U.S.C., p. 1034; Supp. entitled "An Act for making further and more effectual provision V. p. 501. for the national defense, and for other purposes," approved June Without charge to 3, 1916 (U. S. C., title 32, sec. 21), as amended. This issue shall be militia appropriations. made without charge against militia appropriations except for actual expenses incident to such issue.

No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any expense for or on account of a larger number of mounted and medical units, and motor transport, military police, wagon and service companies of the National Guard than may be in existence on June

30, 1932.

Organized Reserves.

ORGANIZED RESERVES

Officers' Reserve Corps.

Provisos. Mileage allowance.

Training manuals.

Establishments, etc., headquarters and train-ing camps.

Vehicles.

planes, etc.

For pay and allowances of members of the Officers' Reserve Corps on active duty in accordance with law; mileage, reimbursement of actual traveling expenses, or per diem allowances in lieu thereof, as authorized by law: Provided, That the mileage allowance to members of the Officers' Reserve Corps when called into active service for training for fifteen days or less shall not exceed 4 cents per Enlisted Reserve mile; pay, transportation, subsistence, clothing, and medical and hospital treatment of members of the Enlisted Reserve Corps; con-Correspondence ducting correspondence or extension courses for instruction of members of the Reserve Corps, including necessary supplies, procurement of maps and textbooks, and transportation and traveling expenses of employees; purchase of training manuals, including Government publications and blank forms, subscriptions to magazines and periodicals of a professional or technical nature; establishment, maintenance, and operation of divisional and regimental headquarters and of camps for training of the Organized Reserves; for miscellaneous expenses incident to the administration of the Organized Reserves, including the maintenance and operation of motorpropelled passenger-carrying vehicles and purchase of thirty such vehicles (at a cost not exceeding \$625 each including the value of a vehicle exchanged); for the actual and necessary expenses, or per diem in lieu thereof, at rates authorized by law, incurred by officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army traveling on duty in connection with the Organized Reserves; for expenses incident to the use, including upkeep and depreciation costs of supplies, equipment, and material furnished in accordance with law from stocks under the control of the War Department, except that not to exceed \$384,210 Purchase of new air- of this appropriation shall be available for expenditure by the Chief of the Air Corps for the production and purchase of new airplanes and their equipment, spare parts, and accessories; for transportation of baggage, including packing and crating, of reserve officers ordered Medical and hospital to active duty for not less than six months; for the medical and treatment, etc., if injured in line of duty. hospital treatment of members of the Officers' Reserve Corps and Vol. 45, p. 461. U.S. C., Supp. V, p. of the Enlisted Reserve Corps, who suffer personal injury or contract disease in line of duty. of the Enlisted Reserve Corps, who suffer personal injury or contract disease in line of duty, as provided by the Act of April 26, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 10, secs. 451, 455), and for such other purposes in connection therewith as are authorized by the said Act,

including pay and allowances, subsistence, transportation, and burial expenses, in all, \$6,354,348, and no part of such total sum shall be available for any expense incident to giving flight training to any training. officer of the Officers' Reserve Corps unless he shall be found physically and professionally qualified to perform aviation service as an aviation pilot, by such agency as the Secretary of War may designate: Provided, That not to exceed \$100,000 of this appropriation Division quarters. may be used for establishment and maintenance of divisional and regimental headquarters.

None of the funds appropriated elsewhere in this Act, except for used. printing and binding and for pay and allowances of officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, and for mileage, reimbursement of actual traveling expenses, or per diem allowances in lieu thereof, as authorized by law, to Air Corps reserve officers on extended active duty, shall be used for expenses in connection with the Organized Reserves, but available supplies and existing facilities at military

posts shall be utilized to the fullest extent possible.

No portion of the appropriation shall be expended for the pay cers. Pay period for offiof a reserve officer on active duty for a longer period than fifteen days, except such as may be detailed for duty with the War Department General Staff under section 3a and section 5 (b) of the Army staff, duty, etc.

Reorganization Act approved June 4, 1920 (U. S. C., title 10, secs. Vol. 41, pp. 760, 765. U. S. C., p. 171. 26, 37), or who may be detailed for courses of instruction at the general or special service schools of the Army, or who may be detailed for duty as instructors at civilian military training camps, appropriated for in this Act, or who may be detailed for duty with tactical units of the Air Corps, as provided in section 37a of the Army Reorganization Act approved June 4, 1920 (U.S. C., title 10, officers and nurses of the Medical Reserve Corps as are required to Administration parameters of the United States Veterans' Bureau treated in Army hospitals may be paid from the funds allotted to the United States Veterans' Bureau treated in Army hospitals. Army hospitals may be paid from the funds allotted to the War Army funds.

Department by that bureau under orieties. Department by that bureau under existing law.

CITIZENS' MILITARY TRAINING

RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

For the procurement, maintenance, and issue, under such regulaplies for units of.

tions as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, to institutions

at which one or more units of the Bernandom variety of the Bernandom variety. at which one or more units of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps are maintained, of such public animals, means of transportation, supplies, tentage, equipment, and uniforms as he may deem necessary, including cleaning and laundering of uniforms and clothing at camps; and to forage, at the expense of the United States, public animals so issued, and to pay commutation in lieu of uniforms at a rate to be fixed annually by the Secretary of War; for transporting said animals and other authorized supplies and equipment from place of issue to the several institutions and training camps and penses return of same to place of issue when necessary; for purchase of training manuals, including Government publications and blank forms; for the establishment and maintenance of camps for the further practical instruction of the members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and for transporting members of such corps to and from such camps, and to subsist them while traveling to and from such camps and while remaining therein so far as appropriations will permit or, in lieu of transporting them to and from such

Burial expenses.

Restriction on flight

Divisional, etc., head-

Other funds not to be

Other details. Air Corps. Vol. 41, p. 776. U. S. C., p. 183.

Citizens' military training.

Reserve O Officers'

Training camp ex-

Travel allowance

Subsistence commutation to senior division members.

41, p. 779. U. S. C., p. 184.

Medical and hospital treatment, etc., if in-jured in line of duty.

Vol. 41, pp. 778. U. S. C., p. 185.

Burial expenses.

Vol. 43, p. 365; Vol. 45, p. 462. U.S.C., p. 186; Supp. ents, etc.

Vehicles.

Provisos. Issue of Army horses.

Uniforms, etc., from Army surplus stocks.

Price current to gov-

Additional mounted units forbidden.

No additional stu-dents in designated units.

camps and subsisting them while en route, to pay them travel allowance at the rate of 5 cents per mile for the distance by the shortest usually traveled route from the places from which they are authorized to proceed to the camp and for the return travel thereto, and to pay the return travel pay in advance of the actual performance of the travel; for expenses incident to the use, including upkeep and depreciation costs, of supplies, equipment, and materiel furnished in accordance with law from stocks under the control of the War Department; for pay for students attending advanced camps at the rate prescribed for soldiers of the seventh grade of the Regular Army; for the payment of commutation of subsistence to members vol. 39, p. 193; vol. of the senior division of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, at a rate not exceeding the cost of the garrison ration prescribed for the Army, as authorized in the Act approved June 3, 1916, as amended by the Act approved June 4, 1920 (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 387); for medical and hospital treatment until return to their homes and further medical treatment after arrival at their homes, subsistence during hospitalization and until furnished transportation to their homes, and transportation when fit for travel to their homes of members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps who suffer personal injury in line of duty while en route to or from and while at camps of instruction under the provisions of section 47a of the National Defense Act approved June 3, 1916 (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 441), as amended; and for the cost of preparation and transportation to their homes and burial expenses of the remains of members of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps who die while attending camps of instruction as provided in the Act approved April 26, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 10, sec. 455); for mileage, Transporting dependents, and for packing and transportation of baggage, as authorized by law, for officers, warrant officers, and enlisted men of the Regular Army traveling on duty pertaining to or on detail to or relief from duty with the Reserve Officers' Training Corps; for the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor vehicles, and for the purchase of not to exceed fifteen motor-propelled truck chassis, with passenger or cargo bodies, at a total cost not to exceed \$10,250, including the values of vehicles exchanged, \$4,079,484, of which \$446,510 shall be available immediately: Provided, That the Secretary of War is authorized to issue, without charge, in lieu of purchase, for the use of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, so many horses now belonging to the Regular Army as he may consider desirable: Provided, That uniforms and other equipment or material issued to the Reserve Officers' Training Corps in accordance with law shall be furnished from surplus or reserve stocks of the War Department without payment from this appropriation, except for actual expense incurred in the manufacture or issue: Provided further, That in no case shall the amount paid from this appropriation for uniforms, equipment, or material furnished to the Reserve Officers' Training Corps from stocks under the control of the War Department be in excess of the price current at the time the issue is made: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be used for the organization or maintenance of an additional number of mounted, motor transport, or tank units in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps in excess of the number in existence on January 1, 1928: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated in this Act shall be available for any expense on account of any student in Air Corps, Medical Corps, Dental Corps, or Veterinary units not a member of such units on May 5, 1932, but such stoppage of further enrollments shall not interfere with the maintenance of existing units: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated elsewhere use of other funds in this Act, except for printing and binding and pay and allowances of officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army, shall be used for expenses in connection with the Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

MILITARY SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT FOR SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

For the procurement and issue as provided in section 55c of the plies, equipment, american approved June 4, 1920 (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 1180), and in sec-munition, etc., to. Act approved June 4, 1920 (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 1180), and in secmay be prescribed by the Secretary of War, to schools and colleges, 216. U. S. C., p. 213. Vol. 41, p. 776. to, of such arms, tentage, and equipment, and of ammunition, targets, and target materials, including the transporting of same, and the overhauling and repair of articles issued, as the Secretary of War shall deem necessary for proper military training in said schools and colleges, \$8,900.

Other schools and colleges.

Vol. 41, p. 780. R. S., sec. 1225, p.

CITIZENS' MILITARY TRAINING CAMPS

For furnishing, at the expense of the United States, to warrant Uniforms, transportation expenses, etc., officers, enlisted men, and civilians attending training camps main-for attending. tained under the provisions of section 47d of the National Defense Act of June 3, 1916, as amended (U. S. C., title 10, sec. 442), uniforms, including altering, fitting, washing, and cleaning when necessary, subsistence, or subsistence allowances, and transportation, or transportation allowances, as prescribed in said section 47d, as amended; for such expenditures as are authorized by said section 47d as may be necessary for the establishment and maintenance of said camps, including recruiting and advertising therefor, and the cost of maintenance, repair, and operation of passenger-carrying vehicles; for expenses incident to the use, including upkeep and depreciation costs, of supplies, equipment, and materiel furnished in accordance with law from stocks under the control of the War Department; for gymnasium and athletic supplies (not exceeding \$20,000); for mileage, reimbursement of traveling expenses, or allowance in lieu thereof as authorized by law, for officers of the Regular Army and Organized Reserves traveling on duty in connection with citizens' military training camps; for purchase of training manuals, including Government publications and blank torms; for medical and hospital treatment, subsistence, and transportation, in case of injury in line of duty, of members of the citime of duty. zens' military training camps and for transportation and burial of remains of any such members who die while undergoing training or hospital treatment, as provided in the Act of April 26, 1928 (U.S. 92) C., Supp. V, title 10, secs. 454, 455); in all, \$2,603,624: Provided, That the funds herein appropriated shall not be used for the training of any person in the first year or lowest course, who shall have reached his twenty-fourth birthday before the date of enrollment: Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated elsewhere to the funds appropriated elsewhere the funds appropriat in this Act except for printing and binding and for pay and allowances of officers and enlisted men of the Regular Army shall be used for expenses in connection with citizens' military training camps: Provided further, That uniforms and other equipment or materiel Army surplus stocks. furnished in accordance with law for use at citizens' military training camps shall be furnished from surplus or reserve stocks of the War Department without payment from this appropriation, except for actual expense incurred in the manufacture or issue: Provided ern payments. further, That in no case shall the amount paid from this appropriation for uniforms, equipment, or materiel furnished in accordance

Citizens' military training camps.

Vol. 39, p. 193; Vol. 41, p. 779. U. S. C., p. 185.

Maintenance.

Vol. 45, pp. 251, 461. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. Provisos. Age limitation.

Use of other funds

Uniforms, etc., from

Price current to gov-

with law for use at citizens' military training camps from stocks under control of the War Department be in excess of the price current at the time the issue is made.

Restriction on use of Army reserve supplies.

Under the authorizations contained in this Act no issues of reserve supplies or equipment shall be made where such issues would impair the reserves held by the War Department for two field armies or one million men.

Promotion of rifle practice.

NATIONAL BOARD FOR PROMOTION OF RIFLE PRACTICE, ARMY

Civilian instruction. QUARTERMASTER SUPPLIES AND SERVICES FOR RIFLE RANGES FOR CIVILIAN INSTRUCTION

Quartermaster sup-plies, etc., for rifle ranges, etc.

To establish and maintain indoor and outdoor rifle ranges for the use of all able-bodied males capable of bearing arms, under reasonable regulations to be prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and approved by the Secretary of War; for the employment of labor in connection with the establishment of outdoor and indoor rifle ranges, including labor in operating targets; for the employment of instructors; for clerical services, including not exceeding \$25,000 in the District of Columbia; for badges and other insignia; not to exceed \$3,750 for the transportation of employees, instructors, and civilians to engage in practice; for the purchase of materials, supplies, and services, and for expenses incidental to Participation in instruction of citizens of the United States in marksmanship, and their participation in national and international matches, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, \$33,650.

Instructors, etc.

NATIONAL TROPHY AND MEDALS FOR RIFLE CONTESTS

Furnishing national trophy medals, etc. Vol. 45, p. 786. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Rifle contests.

For incidental expenses of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved May 28, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 32, sec. 181c), \$5,500.

Ordnance equipment.

ORDNANCE EQUIPMENT FOR RIFLE RANGES FOR CIVILIAN INSTRUCTION

Arms, ammunition, etc., for target practice at rifle ranges, etc.

For arms, ammunition, targets, and other accessories for target practice, for issue and sale in accordance with rules and regulations prescribed by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and approved by the Secretary of War, in connection with the encouragement of rifle practice, in pursuance of the provisions of law, \$100,000.

No pay to officers, etc., using time measur-ing devices on work of employees.

No part of the appropriations made in this Act shall be available for the salary or pay of any officer, manager, superintendent, foreman, or other person having charge of the work of any employee of the United States Government while making or causing to be made with a stop watch, or other time-measuring device, a time study of any job of any such employee between the starting and completion thereof, or of the movements of any such employee while engaged upon such work; nor shall any part of the appropriations made in this Act be available to pay any premiums or bonus or cash reward to any employee in addition to his regular wages, except for suggestions resulting in improvements or economy in the operation of any Government plant.

rewards restricted.

> Not to exceed 10 per centum of the total amount that may be expended from appropriations made in this Act for and incident to the manufacture and/or production of wearing apparel for enlisted

men of the Regular Army shall be expended for the manufacture ing apparel in Government factories or estab-ing apparel in Government factories.

Manufacture of wear-ing apparel in Government factories or estab-ing apparel in Government factories. lishments, except that such limitation may be exceeded to the extent that it may be ascertained, after competitive bidding in accordance with law, that work of such character may be performed at lesser cost in such Government factories or establishments.

TITLE II.—NONMILITARY ACTIVITIES OF THE WAR Nonmilitary activi-DEPARTMENT

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Quartermaster Corps.

CEMETERIAL EXPENSES

For maintaining and improving national cemeteries, including fuel for and pay of superintendents and the superintendent at Mexico City, laborers and other employees, purchase of tools and materials; purchase of six motor-propelled freight-carrying vehicles at a total cost not to exceed \$5,750, and for the repair, maintenance, and operation of motor vehicles; care and maintenance of the Arlington Memorial Amphitheater, chapel, and grounds in the Arlington National Cemetery, and permanent American cemeteries abroad, including not to exceed \$2,250 for allowances for living quarters, including heat, fuel, and light, as authorized by the Act 19, approved June 26, 1930 (46 Stat., p. 818); for repair to roadways but not to more than a single approach road to any national cemetery constructed under special Act of Congress; for headstones for diers' graves. approved March 3, 1873 (U. S. C., title 24, sec. 279), February 3, 34, p. 56; Vol. 38, p. 768; 1879 (U. S. C., title 24, sec. 280), March 9, 1906 (34 Stat., p. 56), U. S. C., p. 687, March 14, 1914 (38 Stat., p. 768), and February 26, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 348. unmarked graves of soldiers, sailors, and marines under the Acts Supp. V, title 24, sec. 280a), and civilians interred in post cemeteries; for recovery of bodies and the disposition of remains of military personnel and civilian employees of the Army under Act approved 101. March 9, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 10, sec. 916); for the care, Confederate Mound, protection, and maintenance of the Confederate Mound in Oakwood Chicago, Ill. Cemetery at Chicago, the Confederate Stockade Cemetery at John- ies, etc. stons Island, the Confederate burial plats owned by the United States in Confederate Cemetery at North Alton, the Confederate Cemetery, Camp Chase, at Columbus, the Confederate section in Greenlawn Cemetery at Indianapolis, the Confederate Cemetery at Point Lookout, and the Confederate Cemetery at Rock Island, and not to exceed \$17,625 for or on account of travel, \$847,862: Provided, That no railroad shall be permitted upon any right of way which may have been acquired by the United States leading bidden. to a national cemetery, or to encroach upon any roads or walks constructed thereon and maintained by the United States: Provided further, That no part of this appropriation shall be used for repairing any roadway not owned by the United States within the corporate limits of any city, town, or village: Provided further, That hereafter Arlington National Cemetery shall be administered by an Army officer.

Officer of the Army retired from active service under the provisions of section 1251, Revised Statutes, detailed on active duty for that the continued in office of Chief purpose, and, in addition, one retired officer may be continued on of Finance. active duty in the office of the Chief of Finance, and the appropriation contained in this Act for "Pay, and so forth, of the Army," shall be available for increased pay and allowances to other retired crease of pay of others officers and enlisted men now on active duty to August 15, 1932, on active duty. inclusive.

National cemeteries. Maintenance, etc.

Arlington, Va. Cemeteries abroad. Living quarters, etc. Vol. 46, p. 818. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Repairs to roadways.

Headstones for sol-

Recovery of remains. Vol. 45, p. 251. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Encroachments for-

Repairs restricted.

Arlington Cemetery. Placed under retired

Fund available for in-

Antietam Battlefield, Md.

Superintendent.

For repair and preservation of monuments, tablets, observation tower, roads, fences, and so forth, made and constructed by the United States upon public lands within the limits of the Antietam battlefield, near Sharpsburg, Maryland; for maintenance, repair, and operation of motor vehicles, and for pay of superintendent, said superintendent to perform his duties under the direction of the Quartermaster Corps and to be selected and appointed by the Secretary of War, at his discretion, the person selected for this position to have been either a commissioned officer or enlisted man who has been honorably mustered out or discharged from the military service of the United States and who may have been disabled for active field service in line of duty, and not to exceed \$37 for or on account of travel, \$6,057.

Burial places in Cuba and China.

For repairs and preservation of monuments, tablets, roads, fences, and so forth, made and constructed by the United States in Cuba and China to mark the places where American soldiers fell, \$770.

National military

NATIONAL MILITARY PARKS

Chickamauga and Chattanooga,

CHICKAMAUGA AND CHATTANOOGA NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Continuing establishment.

For continuing the establishment of the park; compensation and expenses of the superintendent, maps, surveys, clerical and other assistance; maintenance, repair, and operation of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle; maintenance, repair, and operation of one horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicle; office and all other necessary expenses; foundations for State monuments; mowing; historical tablets, iron and bronze; iron gun carriages; roads and their maintenance, including posts and guard rails on highways, and not to exceed \$152 for or on account of travel, \$59,880.

Fort Donelson.

FORT DONELSON NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Care and maintenance.

For care and maintenance of the Fort Donelson National Military Park established on the battlefield of Fort Donelson, Tennessee, in Vol. 45, p. 368. U.S. C., Supp. V, p. accordance with the provisions of the Act approved March 26, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 428-428j), including personal services, procurement of supplies and equipment, and all other expenses incident to the care and maintenance of the park, including not to exceed \$75 for or on account of travel, \$7,374.

Spotsylvania rial. Continuing

Fredericksburg and FREDERICKSBURG AND SPOTSYLVANIA COUNTY BATTLE FIELDS MEMORIAL potsylvania Memo-

lishment. Vol. 44, p. 1091. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

For continuing the establishment of a national military park to be known as the Fredericksburg and Spotsylvania County Battle Fields Memorial, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved February 14, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 425–425j), including the maintenance, repair, and operation of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, and including not to exceed \$225 for or on account of travel, \$14,925.

Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Maintenance.

For continuing the establishment of the park; acquisition of lands, surveys, and maps; constructing, improving, and maintaining avenues, roads, and bridges thereon; fences and gates; marking the lines of battle with tablets and guns, each tablet bearing a brief legend giving historic facts and compiled without censure and without praise; preserving the features of the battlefield and the monuments thereon; compensation of superintendent, clerical and other services, expenses, and labor; purchase and preparation of tablets and gun carriages and placing them in position; purchase of one motor-propelled freight-carrying vehicle at a cost not to exceed \$3,000, including the value of a vehicle exchanged, and purchase of two motor cycles at a cost not to exceed \$300 each; maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled freight and passengercarrying vehicles, and all other expenses incident to the foregoing, including not to exceed \$38 for or on account of travel, \$60,102.

GUILFORD COURTHOUSE NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Guilford Courthouse.

For continuing the establishment of a national military park at the battlefield of Guilford Courthouse, in accordance with the Act entitled "An Act to establish a national military park at the battlefield of Guilford Courthouse," approved March 2, 1917 (39 Stat. p. 996), including not to exceed \$52 for or on account of travel, \$7,982.

Maintenance, etc. Vol. 39, p. 996.

MOORES CREEK NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Moores Creek.

For continuing the establishment of a national military park at the battlefield of Moores Creek, North Carolina, in accordance with 182 the Act entitled "An Act to establish a national military park at the battlefield of Moores Creek, North Carolina," approved June 2, 1926 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 422 to 422d), including not to exceed \$109 for or on account of travel, \$4,725.

Maintenance, etc. Vol. 44, p. 684. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

PETERSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Petersburg.

the battlefields of the siege of Petersburg, Virginia, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved July 3, 1926 (U. S. C., Supp. V, p. Supp. V, title 16, secs. 423–423i), including surveys, maps, and marking the boundaries of the park; pay and expenses of civilians commissioners. marking the boundaries of the park; pay and expenses of civilian commissioners, and pay for clerical and other services; supplies, equipment, and materials; maintenance, repair, and operation of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, and all other expenses necessary in establishing that park, including not to exceed \$187 for or on account of travel, \$4,937.

SHILOH NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Shiloh.

For continuing the establishment of the park; compensation of superintendent of the park; clerical and other services; labor; historical tablets; maps and surveys; roads; purchase and transportation of supplies, implements, and materials; foundations for monuments; office and other necessary expenses, including maintenance, repair, and operation of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, and including not to exceed \$95 for or on account of travel, \$39,968.

Maintenance, etc.

STONES RIVER NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Stones River.

For continuing the establishment of a national military park at the battlefield of Stones River, Tennessee, in accordance with the 186. provisions of the Act approved March 3, 1927 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 426-427a), including the maintenance, repair, and operation of motor-propelled passenger and freight-carrying vehicles, and other expenses necessary to the establishment of said park, \$5,775.

Maintenance, etc. Vol. 44, p. 1399. U. S. C., Supp. V, p.

Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK

Maintenance, etc.

For continuing the establishment of the park; compensation of civilian commissioners; clerical and other services, labor, iron gun carriages, mounting of siege guns, memorials, monuments, markers, and historical tablets giving historical facts, compiled without praise and without censure; maps, surveys, roads, bridges, restoration of earthworks, purchase of lands, purchase and transportation of supplies and materials; and other necessary expenses, including maintenance, repair, and operation of one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, and including not to exceed \$112 for or on account of travel, \$26,889.

National monuments.

NATIONAL MONUMENTS

Maintenance, etc. Vol. 34, p. 225. U. S. C., p. 416.

For maintaining and improving national monuments established by proclamation of the President under the Act of June 8, 1906 (U. S. C., title 16, sec. 431), and administered by the Secretary of War, and such battlefield sites, monuments, grounds, and memorials as have been authorized from time to time by Congress, and not expressly provided for under other appropriations, including pay of the caretakers, laborers, and other employees, purchase of tools and materials, light, heat, and power, and including not to exceed \$142 for or on account of travel, \$37,984, of which not to exceed \$300 may be paid to the superintendent of the Shiloh National Military Park, in addition to his salary as such superintendent, for performing the duties of superintendent of the Meriwether Lewis National Monument.

Lincoln Birthplace Memorial. Preservation, etc. Vol. 45, p. 1162. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 171. Lincoln Birthplace Memorial: For the preservation of the birthplace of Abraham Lincoln, near Hodgenville, Larue County, Kentucky, in accordance with the provisions of the Act approved February 11, 1929 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 215–216), including the purchase of necessary supplies, and equipment, the salary of the caretaker and other necessary employees, and all other necessary expenses incident to the foregoing, including not to exceed \$37 for or on account of travel, \$5,819.

Signal Corps.

SIGNAL CORPS

Washington-Alaska cable, etc. WASHINGTON-ALASKA MILITARY CABLE AND TELEGRAPH SYSTEM

Operating expenses, etc.

TO THE STOLET

From receipts.

For defraying the cost of such extensions, betterments, operation, and maintenance of the Washington-Alaska Military Cable and Telegraph System as may be approved by the Secretary of War, to be available until the close of the fiscal year 1934, from the receipts of the Washington-Alaska Military Cable and Telegraph System which have been covered into the Treasury of the United States, the extent of such extensions and betterments and the cost thereof to be reported to Congress by the Secretary of War, including not to exceed \$10,005 for or on account of travel, \$161,285.

Engineer Corps.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Alaska.

CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE OF ROADS, BRIDGES, AND TRAILS, ALASKA

Roads, bridges, trails, etc., in. Construction, etc.

For the construction, repair, and maintenance of roads, tramways, ferries, bridges, and trails, Territory of Alaska, to be expended under the direction of the Board of Road Commissioners described in section 2 of an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the construction and maintenance of roads, the establishment and maintenance of schools, and the care and support of insane persons in the District

Vol. 34, p. 192; U. S. C., p. 1584. of Alaska, and for other purposes," approved January 27, 1905, as amended (U. S. C., title 48, secs. 321-337), and to be expended conformably to the provisions of said Act as amended, \$494,310, to be Road Commissioners. available immediately, and to include \$1,000 compensation to the president of the Board of Road Commissioners for Alaska, in addition to his regular pay and allowances.

President, Board of

RIVERS AND HARBORS

Rivers and harbors.

To be immediately available and to be expended under the direction able. of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of

Immediately avail-

Engineers:

For the preservation and maintenance of existing river and harbor struction, etc., of auworks, and for the prosecution of such projects heretofore authorized as may be most desirable in the interests of commerce and navigation; for survey of northern and northwestern lakes, and other etc., surveys. boundary and connecting waters as heretofore authorized, including the preparation, correction, printing, and issuing of charts and bulletins and the investigation of lake levels; for prevention of obstructive and injurious deposits within the harbor and adjacent waters of New York City; for expenses of the California Débris Commission in carrying on the work authorized by the Act approved March 1, 1893 (U.S. C., title 33, sec. 661); and for examinations, surveys, and contingencies of rivers and harbors: Provided, That no funds shall be expended for any preliminary examination, survey, ects forbidden. project, or estimate not authorized by law, \$60,000,000: Provided further, That the existing project for the improvement of the Miami River, Florida, authorized by the Rivers and Harbors Act approved July 3, 1930, is hereby modified to include the improvement recommended by the Chief of Engineers in the report submitted in Senate Document Numbered 95, Seventy-second Congress, first session, probe increased, etc. vided that the authorization of \$800,000 for the existing project shall not be increased but is hereby continued as the total authorization for the project as herein modified: Provided further, That the exist- Mich. ing river and harbor project at Monroe Harbor, Michigan, as authorized by the Act approved July 3, 1930, and in accordance with Committee on Rivers and Harbors, House of Representatives, Document Numbered 22, Seventy-first Congress, second session, is hereby modified in accordance with the report submitted in Committee on Rivers and Harbors, House of Representatives, Document Numbered 12, Seventy-second Congress, first session.

New York Harbor. California Débris Commission. Vol. 27, p. 807. U. S. C., p. 1086.

Unauthorized proj-

Miami River, Fla. Project modified. Vol. 46, p. 925.

Monroe Harbor, Project modified. Vol. 46, p. 930.

MUSCLE SHOALS

Muscle Shoals.

For operating, maintaining, and keeping in repair the works at at Dam No. 2, Ten-Dam Numbered 2, Tennessee River, including the hydroelectrical nessee River. development, and including not to exceed \$375 for or on account of travel, \$245,184, to remain available until June 30, 1933, and to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War and the supervision of the Chief of Engineers.

Flood control, Mississippi River and tributaries: For prosecuting work of flood control in accordance with the provisions of the Flood etc. Control Act, approved May 15, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 33,

Flood control. Mississippi River,

sec. 702a), \$32,000,000. sec. 702a), \$52,000,000.

Emergency fund for flood control on tributaries of Mississippi tributaries. River: For rescue work and for repair or maintenance of any flood.

Vol. 45, P. 587.

Vol. 8. C., Supp. v. control work on any tributaries of the Mississippi River threatened p. sii. or destroyed by flood, in accordance with section 7 of Flood Control Act, approved May 15, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 33, sec. 702g), \$400,000.

Sacramento River. Vol. 39, p. 948; Vol. 45, p. 539. U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 512.

Flood control, Sacramento River, California: For prosecuting work of flood control in accordance with the provisions of the Flood Control Act approved March 1, 1917 (U. S. C., title 33, sec. 703), as modified by the Flood Control Act approved May 15, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 33, sec. 704), \$1,000,000.

Authorized travel, etc., expenses payable from appropriate tion of dependents, including packing and crating, and transportation of baggage, as authorized by law, for officers, warrant officers, and transportation of baggage, as authorized by law, for officers, warrant officers, and civilian employees, traveling on duty pertaining to or on detail to or relief from nonmilitary activities provided for in this Act under appropriations for the Quartermaster Department, Signal Corps, and Engineer De-

partment, shall be paid from the appropriation in connection with which such travel is performed.

Panama Canal.

THE PANAMA CANAL

Limitation not applicable to appropriations

The limitations on the expenditure of appropriations hereinbefore made in this Act shall not apply to the appropriations for the Panama Canal.

All expenses. Objects specified.

Claims for damages.

Acquisition of land.

Emergencies.

Operation, etc. Governor. Purchase of supplies,

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal and Canal Zone, including the following: Compensation of all officials and employees; foreign and domestic newspapers and periodicals; law books not exceeding \$1,000; textbooks and books of reference; printing and binding, including printing of annual report; rent and personal services in the District of Columbia; purchase or exchange of typewriting, adding, and other machines; purchase or exchange, maintenance, repair, and operation of motorpropelled and horse-drawn passenger-carrying vehicles; claims for damages to vessels passing through the locks of the Panama Canal, as authorized by the Panama Canal Act; claims for losses of or damages to property arising from the conduct of authorized business operations; claims for damages to property arising from the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal; acquisition of land and land under water, as authorized in the Panama Canal Act; expenses incurred in assembling, assorting, storing, repairing, and selling material, machinery, and equipment heretofore or hereafter purchased or acquired for the construction of the Panama Canal which are unserviceable or no longer needed, to be reimbursed from the proceeds of such sales; expenses incident to conducting hearings and examining estimates for appropriations on the Isthmus; expenses incident to any emergency arising because of calamity by flood, fire, pestilence, or like character not foreseen or otherwise provided for herein; traveling expenses, when prescribed by the Governor of the Panama Canal to persons engaged in field work or traveling on official business; and for such other expenses not in the United States as the Governor of the Panama Canal may deem necessary best to promote the maintenance and operation, sanitation, and civil government of the Panama Canal, all to be expended under the direction of the Governor of the Panama Canal and accounted for as follows:

For maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal: Salary of the governor, \$10,000; purchase, inspection, delivery, handling, and storing of materials, supplies, and equipment for issue to all departments of the Panama Canal, the Panama Railroad, other branches of the United States Government, and for authorized sales; payment in lump sums of not exceeding the amounts authorized by the

Injury Compensation Act approved September 7, 1916 (U. S. C., Payment to cripples. Vol. 39, p. 750. U. S. C., p. 81. Panama Canal by reason of injuries sustained while employed in the construction of the Panama Canal; for continuing the construction for the Madden Dam across the Chagres River at Alhajuela for the storage of water for use in the maintenance and operation of the Panama Canal, together with a hydroelectric plant, roadways, and such other work as in the judgment of the Governor of the Panama Canal may be necessary, to cost in the aggregate not to exceed \$15,500,000; in all, \$9,091,011, together with all moneys arising from the conduct of business operations authorized by the Panama Canal Act, and such sums, aggregating not to exceed \$3,500,000, as may be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as dividends by the Panama Railroad Company in excess of 10 per centum of the capital stock of such company.

For sanitation, quarantine, hospitals, and medical aid and support of the insane and of lepers and aid and support of indigent persons legally within the Canal Zone, including expenses of their deportation when practicable, and the purchase of artificial limbs or Artificial limbs, etc to injured employees. other appliances for persons who were injured in the service of the Isthmian Canal Commission or the Panama Canal prior to September 7, 1916, and including additional compensation to any officer of the United States Public Health Service detailed with the Panama

Canal as chief quarantine officer, \$755,650.

For civil government of the Panama Canal and Canal Zone, civil penses, including salaries of district judge, \$10,000; district attorney, \$5,000; marshal, \$5,000; and gratuities and necessary clothing for

indigent discharged prisoners, \$1,300,000.

Total Panama Canal, \$11,146,661, to be available until expended. In additional to the foregoing sums there is appropriated for the fiscal year 1933 for expenditures and reinvestment under the several heads of appropriation aforesaid, without being covered into the Treasury of the United States, all moneys received by the Panama Canal from services rendered or materials and supplies furnished to the United States, the Panama Railroad Company, the Canal Zone government, or to their employees, respectively, or to the Panama Government, from hotel and hospital supplies and services; from rentals, wharfage, and like service; from labor, materials, and supplies and other services furnished to vessels other than those passing through the canal, and to others unable to obtain the same elsewhere; from the sale of scrap and other by-products of manufacturing and shop operations; from the sale of obsolete and unserviceable materials, supplies, and equipment purchased or acquired for the operation, maintenance, protection, sanitation, and government of the canal and Canal Zone; and any net profits accruing from such business to the Panama Canal shall annually be covered into the Treasury of the United States.

In addition there is appropriated for the operation, maintenance, In addition there is appropriated for the operation, maintenance, Water, sewers, pave-and extension of waterworks, sewers, and pavements in the cities of and Colon. Water sewers, pave-and extension of waterworks, sewers, and pavements in the cities of and Colon. Panama and Colon, during the fiscal year 1933, the necessary portions of such sums as shall be paid as water rentals or directly by

the Government of Panama for such expenses.

SEC. 2. No part of any money appropriated by this Act shall be used for maintaining, driving, or operating any Government-owned other than official purmotor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle not used exclusively for posses forbidden. official purposes; and "official purposes" shall not include the transportation of officers and employees between their domiciles and places of employment except in cases of medical officers on out-

Payment to alien

Madden Dam. Vol. 45, p. 363.

Sanitation, etc. Lepers, etc.

Artificial limbs, etc.,

Chief quarantine offi-

Civil government ex-

Availability. Credits allowed.

696

Exemptions.

patient medical service and except in cases of officers and employees engaged in field work the character of whose duties makes such transportation necessary and then only as to such latter cases when the same is approved by the head of the department. This section shall not apply to any motor vehicle for official use of the Secretary of War, and no other persons connected with the War Department or the Military Establishment, except medical officers on out-patient medical service, shall have a Government-owned motor vehicle assigned for their exclusive use.

Subsistence restric-

SEC. 3. No part of any appropriation made by this Act shall be used to pay the actual expenses of subsistence in excess of \$6 each for any one calendar day or per diem allowance for subsistence in excess of the rate of \$5 for any one calendar day to any officer or employee of the United States in a travel status, and payment accordingly shall be in full, notwithstanding any other statutory

Limitation on use of funds for post exchanges.

Disposal of surplus

Report to Congress.

Provisos

SEC. 4. No part of any appropriation made by this Act shall be used in any way to pay any expense in connection with the conduct, operation, or management of any post exchange, branch exchange, or subexchange within any State, save and except for real assistance and convenience to enlisted men and their families and troops in supplying them with articles of ordinary use, wear, and consumption not furnished by the Government: Provided, That excess and surplus stocks of merchandise now on hand at any exchange, branch exchange, or subexchange may be disposed of, and all goods on consignment shall be returned immediately: Provided further, That the Secretary of War shall make a report to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and to the President of the Senate at the beginning of the next session of the Congress, covering the several exchanges, branch exchanges, and subexchanges operated by or under the supervision of the War Department.

Approved, July 14, 1932.

[CHAPTER 492.]

AN ACT

July 15, 1932. [S. 1155.] [Public, No. 287]

To establish a Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole for the District of Columbia and to determine its functions, and for other purposes.

Composition, pointment, etc.

Terms of office.

Duties.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the District of Columbia. United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be Board of Indeterminate Sentence and established in the District of Columbia a Board of Indeterminate Parole, established.

Sentence and Parole for the penal institutions for said District to Sentence and Parole for the penal institutions for said District, to ap- consist of three members, residents of said District, to be appointed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, none of which members shall be officially connected with the prison administration in any other capacity; that of the three members first appointed after the passage of this Act, one shall be appointed for three years, one for five years, and one for seven years; thereafter all appointments, except such as may be made for the remainder of unexpired terms, shall be for the term of seven years. It shall be the duty of the Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole to examine into the physical, mental, and moral records of the prisoners committed to the penal institutions of the District; receive reports of wardens and other officials, including the psychiatrist; recommend the treatment which, in their opinion, is most conducive to the prisoners' reformation; and provide for a system of determining the proper time of release and the rehabilitation of the ex-prisoner in the community. The board shall adopt rules and regulations for its procedure, subject to the approval of the Commissioners of District of

Columbia. The members of the board shall serve without compensation: Provided, That actual and necessary traveling expenses of the members of the board, incurred in the performance of duties under this Act, shall be allowed and paid as herein provided.

SEC. 2. The Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole shall. subject to the approval of the Commissioners of the District of ber, etc. Columbia, appoint parole officers, in such number as shall be approved by Congress from time to time, for the penal institutions of said District, one of whom shall also act as the clerk of said Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole. It shall be the duty Dut ity, etc. of such officers, subject to the discretion and control of said board. to perform such duties and exercise such authority as the said board may direct. Salaries and the actual and necessary traveling penses.

expenses of each such parole officer shall be paid out of the approviol. 42, p. 1488; Vol. 45, p. 776; Vol. 46, p. 776; Vol. 476; Vol is assigned and receive compensation in accordance with the rates v. 8. C., p. 65; Supp. established by the Personnel Classification Act of 1923. (All other Payable from appropriate funds.) necessary expenses incurred in the administration of this Act shall be paid out of the appropriations for the penal institutions from which prisoners are paroled, and such appropriations are hereby made available therefor.)

SEC. 3. That hereafter, in imposing sentence on a person convicted in the District of Columbia of a felony, the justice or judge of the court imposing such sentence shall sentence the person for a maximum period, not exceeding the maximum fixed by law, and for a minimum period not exceeding one-fifth of the maximum period. period fixed by law, and any person so convicted and sentenced may be released on parole as herein provided at any time after having served the minimum sentence: Provided, however, That this Act shall not abrogate the power of the justice or judge to sentence a convicted prisoner to the death penalty as now or hereafter may be provided by law: Provided further, That where a justice or a Lite sentences, parole judge of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia has imposed allowed after 15 years' service. a life sentence on the prisoner convicted in the District of Columbia, said prisoner serving such sentence shall be eligible to parole as herein provided at any time after having served fifteen years of his life's sentence.

Sec. 4. That whenever, within the limitations of section 3 of this indeterminate sen-Act, it shall appear to the Board of Indeterminate Sentence and tence. Provisions for release Parole, from the reports of the prisoner's work and conduct which on parole. may be received in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed, and from the study and examination made by the board itself, that any prisoner serving an indeterminate sentence is fitted by his training for release, that there is a reasonable probability that such a prisoner will live and remain at liberty without violating the law, and in the opinion of the board such release is not incompatible with the welfare of society, said Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole may, in its discretion, authorize the release of such prisoner on parole, and he shall be allowed to go on parole, outside of said prison, and in the discretion of the board to return to his home upon such terms and conditions, including personal reports from said paroled prisoner, as said Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole shall prescribe, and to remain, while on parole, in the custody of board. legal custody and under the control of the superintendent of the institution from which the prisoner may have been paroled, until the expiration of the maximum of the term or terms specified in his sentence, less such good-time allowance as is, or may hereinafter be,

Service without pay. Proviso. Travel expenses.

Parole officers.
Appointment, num-

Duties, author-

Salaries and ex-

Sentence imposed.

Maximum not to exceed legal maximum.
Release on parole, on completing minimum

Provisos. Death penalty not abrogated.

Residential limitations.

Violation of parole. Apprehension of prisoner.

provided by law; and the said board shall in every parole fix the limits of the residence of such person paroled, which limits, however, may be thereafter changed in the discretion of the board.

Sec. 5. If said Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole, or any member thereof, shall have reliable information that a prisoner has violated his parole, said board, or any member thereof, at any time within the term or terms of the prisoner's sentence, may issue a warrant to any officer hereinafter authorized to execute the same for the retaking of such prisoner. Any officer of the penal institution from which such prisoner shall have been paroled or any Federal officer authorized to serve criminal process within the United States to whom such warrant shall be delivered is authorized and required to execute such warrant by taking such prisoner and returning him to said penal institution.

Hearings, etc., before board.

Discretionary revocation or modification of parole order.

Original sentence imposed.

Proviso. New parole allowed.

Inconsistent laws repealed.

Proviso.
Previous sentences, etc., not affected.

Penal institutions.
Punishment for breaches, etc.

Federal parole board.
Jurisdiction over District prisoners transferred.
Well 28 p. 510

Vol. 36, p. 819. U. S. C., p. 514; Supp. V, p. 216.

Proviso.
Prior commitments.

Sec. 6. At the next meeting of the Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole held after the issuing of a warrant for the retaking of any paroled prisoner, said board shall be notified thereof, and if such prisoner shall have been returned to the institution, he shall be given an opportunity to appear before said Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole, and the said board may then, or at any time in its discretion, revoke the order and terminate such parole or modify the terms and conditions thereof and if such order of parole be revoked and the parole so terminated the said prisoner shall serve the remainder of the sentence originally imposed, the unexpired term of imprisonment of any such prisoner to begin to run from the date he is returned to the institution, and time the prisoner was out on parole shall not be taken into account to diminish the time for which he was sentenced: *Provided*, That the parole board, at its discretion, may afterwards grant a new parole to said prisoner, in the event said board should deem it advisable.

Sec. 7. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of the Act are hereby repealed: *Provided*, *however*, That for any felony committed before this Act takes effect, the penalty, sentence, or forfeiture provided by law for such felony at the time such felony was committed shall remain in full force and effect and shall be imposed, notwithstanding this Act.

SEC. 8. Any person confined in a penal institution of the District of Columbia who escapes or attempts to escape therefrom, or any person who procures, advises, connives at, aids, or assists in such escape, or conceals any such prisoner after such escape, shall be guilty of an offense and upon conviction thereof in any court of the United States shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than five years, said sentence to begin, if the convicted person be an escaped

prisoner, upon the expiration of the original sentence.

SEC. 9. Upon the appointment of the members of said board, the powers of the existing parole board over prisoners confined in the penal institutions of the District of Columbia shall cease and determine and all the powers of said existing parole board under the authority of the Act of Congress approved June 25, 1910, entitled "An Act to parole United States prisoners, and for other purposes," as amended, over said prisoners confined in the penal institutions of the District of Columbia shall be transferred to and vested in said Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole: Provided, however, That in the case of a prisoner convicted of felony committed prior to the effective date of this Act, and in the case of any prisoner convicted of misdemeanor when the aggregate sentence imposed is in excess of one year, said Board of Indeterminate Sentence and Parole

may parole said prisoner, under the provisions of this Act, after said prisoner has served one-fifth of the sentence imposed.

Approved, July 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 493.]

AN ACT

To amend the charter of the Firemen's Insurance Company of Washington and Georgetown, in the District of Columbia.

July 15, 1932. IS. 2958.1 [Public, No. 288.]

by an Act of Congress approved March 3, 1837, extended by an Act of Congress approved February 7, 1857, and amended by an Act of Congress approved February 18, 1911, is hereby further amended to permit the said insurance company to insure and reinsure risks in all the various forms authorized by section 3 of an analysis approved March 4, 1922, entitled "A ance in the District of Congress approved March 4, 1922, entitled "A ance in the District of Columbia, granted Company of Washington and Georgetown, D.C. Charter amended by 10.6, p. 694; Vol. 11, p. 492; Vol. 36, p. 920, amended. Scope enlarged. Vol. 40.6 (Columbia) approved March 4, 1922, entitled "A ance in the District of Columbia, granted by an Act of Congress approved March 3, 1837, extended by an Act of Congress approved February 18, 1911, is hereby further amended to permit the said insurance company to insure and reinsure risks approved March 4, 1922, entitled "A ance in the District of Columbia, granted by an Act of Columbia, granted by 10.6, p. 694; Vol. 11, p. 492; Vol. 36, p. 920, amended. Scope enlarged. approved March 4, 1922, entitled "An Act to regulate marine insurance in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes."

Sec. 2. That the said charter of the said The President and creased.

Directors of the Firemen's Insurance Company of Washington and Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, is hereby further amended so that the authorized capital stock of said company shall be \$1,000,000, divided into fifty thousand shares of the par value of

\$20 each.

Approved, July 15, 1932.

Capital stock in-

[CHAPTER 494.]

AN ACT

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Ohio River at or near Wellsburg, West Virginia.

July 15, 1932. [8. 4741.] [Public, No. 289.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for Commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the bridging, at Wellsburg, W. Va. W. Va Ohio River at or near Wellsburg, West Virginia, authorized to be built by the J. K. Mahone Bridge Company, its successors and assigns, by an Act of Congress approved May 14, 1928, heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved March 2, 1929, and May 13, 1930, are hereby further extended one year and three years, respectively, from the date of approval hereof. SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved.

Approved, July 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 495.]

AN ACT

To amend section 2 of an Act approved February 25, 1929 (45 Stat. 1303), to complete the acquisition of land adjacent to Bolling Field, District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

July 15, 1932, [H. R. 11732.] [Public, No. 290.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 2 of the Act approved February 25, 1929 (45 Stat. 1303), authorizing lands increased. the Secretary of War to acquire by purchase or condemnation real vol. 45, p. 1303. estate adjacent to Bolling Field, Washington, District of Columbia, for the extension and development of said flying field, is hereby

Bolling Field, D. C.

amended so as to increase the amount therein authorized to be appropriated from \$666,000 to \$714,420.12, which amount includes the sum of \$16.791.21, the balance due on two parcels of land numbered 13 and 14, for which final judgment in condemnation proceedings has been entered against the United States of America, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest at the rate stipulated and in accordance with the judgments rendered.

Administration building, Bolling Field. Sums authorized for, made available for pur-chase of remaining parcels. Vol. 45, pp. 129, 338, Vol. 46, p. 909.

Sec. 2. That of the \$42,000 authorized by an Act approved February 18, 1928 (45 Stat. 129), appropriated by the Act approved March 23, 1928 (45 Stat. 338), and continued available until expended by the Act approved July 3, 1930 (46 Stat. 909), for the construction of an administration building at Bolling Field, so much as may be necessary is hereby authorized to be made available for the completion of the acquisition of the remaining parcels of real estate adjacent to said flying field not heretofore taken under declarations Vol. 45, pp. 1303, 1415. of taking pursuant to provisions of an Act approved March 1, 1929 (45 Stat. 1415), authorized to be acquired by an Act approved February 25, 1929, supra, including interest at the rate stipulated and in accordance with judgments.

A. T. Williams. Contract for Saint Johns Bluff Military Reservation, Fla., ter-SEC. 3. That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized, in his discretion (1) to terminate the contract entered into June 1, 1925, between the United States and A. T. Williams, of Jacksonville, Florida, for the sale and purchase of the Saint Johns Bluff Military therefor Reservation, in Florida, (2) to execute a quitclaim deed therefor to A. T. Williams, or his executors, upon the receipt of an amount including interest aggregating not less than ten times the official appraised value made of said reservation prior to the time it was offered for sale.

Quitelaim to, on payment.

minated.

mitted.

Refunds not per-

Sec. 4. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as authorizing the Secretary of War to refund any sum of money received as principal or as interest under the provisions of the contract of sale and purchase entered into with A. T. Williams for the Saint Johns Bluff Military Reservation, and the acceptance of the deed hereby authorized shall constitute a final and complete bar, accord and satisfaction to any claim by any person for any such refund in whole or in part. Approved, July 15, 1932.

[CHAPTER 496.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

July 15, 1932. [H. J. Res. 361.] [Pub. Res., No. 38.] To authorize the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service to make a survey as to the existing facilities for the protection of the public health in the care and treatment of leprous persons in the Territory of Hawaii, and for other purposes.

Leprosy in Hawaii.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Surgeon General of the United States Public Health Service is authorized and directed to-

Public Health Service authorized to make survey for control of.

(1) Institute a survey by officers of the Public Health Service to determine the adequacy of facilities and extent to which provision is made for the protection of the public health in the care and treatment of leprous persons in the Territory of Hawaii, and to report upon remedial legislation providing for the further control and eradication of the disease in the Territory.

Receiving station and hospital.

(2) Prepare an estimate of the cost of the construction and equipand hospital.

Estimate of construction and maintenance of leprous persons, including the acquisition of necessary grounds

for the location of soil of the construction of necessary grounds for the location of said station and hospital, and an estimate of the yearly cost of maintaining and operating such station and hospital.

In the preparation of this estimate the Surgeon General shall Existing reservations to be considered for site. ascertain from the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, the Secretary of the Interior, and the Secretary of Agriculture whether any military, naval, or other reservation suitable for the purpose is available for transfer, to be used for the location of said station and hospital, and shall consider also the cost of the purchase of the present Kalihi receiving hospital, its equipment and supplies, including the acquisition of the ground upon which the hospital is located and including such reconstruction or additional buildings as may be necessary.

The Surgeon General shall report his findings and estimates on the opening day of the second session of the Seventy-second Congress.

Approved, July 15, 1932.

Suitability of Kalihi hospital.

Report to Congress.

ICHAPTER 497.1

JOINT RESOLUTION

To amend the public resolution entitled "Joint resolution making an appropriation to provide transportation to their homes for veterans of the World War temporarily quartered in the District of Columbia," approved July 8, 1932.

July 15, 1932. [H. J. Res. 473.] [Pub. Res., No. 39.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the public resolution entitled "Joint resolution making an appropriation to provide transportation to their homes for veterans of the World War temporarily quartered in the District of Columbia," approved

World War veterans. transportation.
Provisions modified.
Ante, p. 654.

July 8, 1932, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"That to enable the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs, upon the Means of transporta-request of any honorably discharged veteran of the World War road permitted.

temporarily quartered in the District of Columbia who is desirous of returning to his home, to provide such veteran with transportation thereto prior to July 25, 1932, by railroad or such other means of transportation as the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs may approve, including allowance in advance for gas and oil for travel in privately owned automobile, together with travel subsistence at the rate of 75 cents per day, there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$100,000, and in the event such amount is insufficient there is hereby \$100,000, and in the event such amount is insumcient that the Act of appropriated out of the general post fund authorized by the Act of fund.

Availability of appropriated out of the general post fund authorized by the Act of June 25, 1910 (U. S. C., title 24, secs. Vol. 36, p. 736, U. S. C., p. 678. 136 and 139), such amount as the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs may determine to be necessary: Provided, That where transportation is authorized by other than railroad the amount allowed for coed railroad rate. same shall not exceed the cost of railroad transportation: Provided further, That all amounts expended under this appropriation in etc. behalf of any veteran shall constitute a loan without interest which, if not repaid to the United States, shall be deducted from any

Availability extended.

Advance for gasoline, Travel subsistence.

Supplemental appro-priations.

Availability of post

Proviso. Allowance not to ex-

To constitute a loan,

Deduction.

[CHAPTER 498.]

Approved, July 15, 1932.

AN ACT

amount payable to such veteran on his adjusted-service certificate."

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to promote the production of sulphur upon the public domain within the State of Louisiana," approved April 17, 1926.

July 16, 1932. [8. 3276.] [Public, No. 291.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act Sulphur production entitled "An Act to promote the production of sulphur upon the Louisiana." public domain within the State of Louisiana," approved April 17,

Mexico. amended.

Existing law amend- 1926, is amended by striking out the words "State of Louisiana" wherever they appear in such Act and inserting in lieu thereof: 301, "States of Louisiana and New Mexico."

Approved, July 16, 1932.

CHAPTER 499.1

JOINT RESOLUTION

July 16, 1932. [H. J. Res. 474.] [Pub. Res., No. 40.]

Making available as of July 1, 1932, the appropriations contained in the regular annual appropriation Acts for the fiscal year 1933 for the Departments of Agriculture, Post Office, Treasury, and War, and ratifying obligations incurred in anticipation thereof.

Annual appropriations made available from July 1, 1932.

Ante, pp. 580, 609, 664.

Post, p. 1781.

Incurred obligations retified

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the appropriations and authority with respect to appropriations contained, respectively. in the regular annual appropriation Acts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, for the Department of Agriculture, the Treasury and Post Office Departments, and the military and nonmilitary activities of the War Department, shall be available from and including July 1. 1932, for the purposes respectively provided in such appropriations and authority for the service of such fiscal year. All obligations incurred during the period between June 30, 1932, and the respective dates of enactment of each of such Acts in anticipation of such appropriations and/or authority are hereby ratified and confirmed if in accordance with the terms thereof.

Approved, July 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 500.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

July 16, 1932. [H. J. Res. 475.] [Pub. Res., No. 41.]

Making an appropriation for the payment of pages for the Senate and House of Representatives from July 16 to July 25, 1932.

Ante, 647.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United Pages, Houses of Con- States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby gress.

Pay extended to July appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. priated, so much as may be necessary to provide for the payment of twenty-one pages for the Senate and forty-one pages for the House of Representatives at the rate provided by law from July 16 to July 25, 1932, both dates inclusive.

Approved, July 16, 1932.

[CHAPTER 507.]

AN ACT

July 19, 1932. [S. 4522.] [Public, No. 292.]

To authorize the conveyance to the State of Tennessee of certain land deeded to the United States for the Great Smoky Mountains National Park and not needed therefor.

Great Smoky Mountains National Park, Tenn.

Reconveyance of certain land in Happy Valley to State.

Proviso. Other lands in lieu.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, to convey to the State of Tennessee by the execution of appropriate deeds on behalf of the United States approximately two hundred and seventy-two and nine-tenths acres of land in Happy Valley and approximately two thousand seven hundred and ninety-five and twotenths acres of land adjoining the north park boundary of the Great Smoky Mountains National Park, said lands having been heretofore deeded to the United States by said State for park purposes and now being found unnecessary therefor: Provided, That the proceeds of the sale of said land by the State of Tennessee shall be applied to the purchase of other desirable and unacquired land within the park boundaries in Tennessee, or, if deemed more advantageous, may be exchanged for such unacquired lands within the park area.

Approved, July 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 508.1

AN ACT

To extend the provisions of the National Bank Act to the Virgin Islands of the United States, and for other purposes.

July 19, 1932. [S. 4574.] [Public, No. 293.]

Be it enacted by the second and all other Acts of Congress relating to p. 123.

United States of America in Congress assembled, That the National Vol. 13, p. 89; vol. 16, Bank Act, as amended, and all other Acts of Congress relating to p. 123.

U.S. C., p. 258.

Provisions of, extended to Virgin is Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the national banks, shall, in so far as not locally inapplicable hereafter,

Approved, July 19, 1932.

ICHAPTER 509.1

AN ACT

To protect the copyrights and patents of foreign exhibitors at A Century of Progress (Chicago World's Fair Centennial Celebration), to be held at Chicago. Illinois, in 1933.

July 19, 1932. [S. 4912.] Public, No. 294.1

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Librarian Centennial Celebra-of Congress and the Commissioner of Patents are hereby authorized tion.

Copyrights and patents of foreign exhibited to establish branch offices under the direction of the ents of foreign exhibited. Register of Copyrights and the Commissioner of Patents, respectively, in suitable quarters on the grounds of the exposition to be Exposition authorized. held at Chicago, Illinois, under the direction of A Century of Progress, an Illinois corporation, said quarters to be furnished free of charge by said corporation, said offices to be established at such time as may, upon sixty days' advance notice, in writing, to the Register of Copyrights and the Commissioner of Patents, respectively, be requested by said A Century of Progress but not earlier than January 1, 1933, and to be maintained until the close to the general public of said exposition; and the proprietor of any foreign copyright, or any certificate of trade-mark registration, or letters patent of invention, design, or utility model issued by any foreign government protecting any trade-mark, apparatus, device, machine, process, method, composition of matter, design, or manufactured article imported for exhibition and exhibited at said exposition may upon presentation of proof of such proprietorship, satisfactory to the Register of Copyrights or the Commissioner of Patents, as the case may be, obtain without charge and without prior examination as to novelty, a certificate from such branch office, which shall be prima facie evidence in the Federal courts of such proprietorship, the novelty of the subject matter covered by any such certificate to be determined by a Federal court in case an action or suit is brought based thereon; and said branch offices shall keep registers of all such certificates issued by them, which shall be open to public inspection.

Chicago World's Fair

tors.
Branch offices

Certificates of pro-prietorship to be issued.

Registers to be kept.

Deposit, at close of

At the close of said A Century of Progress Exposition the register of certificates of the copyright registrations aforesaid shall be deposited in the Copyright Office in the Library of Congress at Washington, District of Columbia, and the register of all other certificates of registration aforesaid shall be deposited in the United States Patent Office at Washington, District of Columbia, and there

certificates.

Certified copies of preserved for future reference. Certified copies of any such certificates shall, upon request, be furnished by the Register of Copyrights or the Commissioner of Patents, as the case may be, either during or after said exposition, and at the rates charged by such officials for certified copies of other matter; and any such certified copies shall be admissible in evidence in lieu of the original certificates in any Federal court.

Infringement on articles protected, unlaw-ful.

Sec. 2. That it shall be unlawful for any person without authority of the proprietor thereof to copy, republish, imitate, reproduce, or practice at any time during the period specified in section 6 hereof any subject matter protected by registration as aforesaid at either of the branch offices at said exposition which shall be imported for exhibition at said exposition, and there exhibited and which is substantially different in a copyright, trade-mark, or patent sense, as the case may be, from anything publicly used, described in a printed publication or otherwise known in the United States of America prior to such registration at either of said branch offices as aforesaid; and any person who shall infringe upon the rights thus protected under this Act shall be liable—

Liabilities.

Injunction.

(a) To an injunction restraining such infringement issued by any

Federal court having jurisdiction of the defendant;

Pecuniary damages.

(b) To pay to the proprietor such damages as the proprietor may have suffered due to such infringement, as well as all the profits which the infringer may have made by reason of such infringement; and in proving profits the plaintiff shall be required to prove sales only and the defendant shall be required to prove every element of cost which he claims or in lieu of actual damages and profits such damages as to the court shall appear to be just;

To deliver articles that infringe.

(c) To deliver upon an oath, to be impounded during the pendency of the Act, upon such terms and conditions as the court may prescribe, all articles found by the court after a preliminary hearing to infringe the rights herein protected; and

Destruction of in-

(d) To deliver upon an oath, for destruction, all articles found by the court at final hearing to infringe the rights herein protected.

Punishment.

Sec. 3. That any person who willfully and for profit shall infringe any right protected under this Act, or who shall knowingly and willfully aid or abet such infringement, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment for not exceeding one year or by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$1,000, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Terms of protection.

Sec. 4. That all the Acts, regulations, and provisions which apply to protecting copyrights, trade-marks, designs, and patents for inventions or discoveries not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act shall apply to certificates issued pursuant to this Act, but no notice of copyright on the work shall be required for protection hereunder.

Copyright, etc., ac-

Sec. 5. That nothing in this Act contained shall bar or prevent the proprietor of the subject matter covered by any certificate issued pursuant to this Act from obtaining protection for such subject matter under the provisions of the copyright, trade-mark, or patent laws of the United States of America, as the case may be, in force prior hereto upon making application and complying with the provisions prescribed by such laws; and nothing in this Act contained shall prevent, lessen, impeach, or avoid any remedy at law or in equity under any certificate of copyright registration, certificate of trade-mark registration, or letters patent for inventions or discoveries or designs issued under the copyright, trade-mark, or patent laws of the United States of America, as the case may be, in force prior hereto which any owner thereof and of a certificate issued thereon

pursuant to this Act might have had if this Act had not been passed, but such owner shall not twice recover the damages he has sustained

or the profit made by reason of any infringement thereof.

Sec. 6. That the rights protected under the provisions of this Act Duration of protection as to any copyright, trade-mark, apparatus, device, machine, process, method, composition of matter, design, or manufactured article imported for exhibition at said A Century of Progress Exposition shall begin on the date the same is placed on exhibition at said exposition and shall continue for a period of six months from the date of the closing to the general public of said exposition.

SEC. 7. All necessary expenses incurred by the United States in Repair penses. carrying out the provisions of this Act shall be paid to the Treasury of the United States by A Century of Progress (The Chicago World's Fair Centennial Celebration) under regulations of the Librarian of

Congress and of the Commissioner of Patents, respectively.

Approved, July 19, 1932.

Repayment of ex-

Post, p. 905.

[CHAPTER 510.]

AN ACT

To authorize the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks to employ landscape architects, architects, engineers, artists, or other expert consultants.

July 19, 1932. [H. R. 10372. [Public, No. 295.]

Public buildings and

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital be, National Capital and hereby is, authorized to employ in his discretion by contract or otherwise landscape architects, architects, engineers, artists, or other thorized. expert consultants, or firms, partnerships, or associations thereof, including the facilities, service, travel, and other expenses of their respective organizations so far as employed upon work for the said director, in accordance with the usual customs of the several professions and at the prevailing rates for such services, without reference to the civil-service requirements or to the Classification Act of 1923, as amended, and without regard to the restrictions of law governing the employment or salaries of regular employees of the United States, which said employment shall in no instance be for a longer period than one year; and that expenditures for such employment shall be construed to be included in any appropriation heretofore or hereafter authorized or appropriated for any work of the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital.

Approved, July 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 511.]

AN ACT

To provide for the entry under bond of exhibits of arts, sciences, and industries, and products of the soil, mine, and sea.

July 19, 1932. [8. 4747.] Public, No. 296.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all articles which shall be imported from foreign countries for the sole purpose of exhibition or display at a permanent exhibition or exhibitions and/or at a temporary exhibition or exhibitions of the arts, sciences, and industries, and products of the soil mine and articles imported (Incorporated). All articles imported solely for exhibition at, admitted free under bond. and industries, and products of the soil, mine, and sea, to be held at any time and from time to time by Rockefeller Center (Incorporated), a corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York, and/or by its tenants or licensees in a building or buildings to be owned by Rockefeller Center (Incorporated), and to be a part of and to be known as Rockefeller Center and to be located

Rockefeller Center

Vol. 46, p. 684.

Sales permitted subject to regulations.

Provisos. Payment of duty.

Corporation considered sole consignee.

Payment of expenses.

Unsold, etc., articles subject to duty at end of two years.

Invitation to exhibit not implied.

between Fifth and Sixth Avenues and Forty-eighth and Fifty-first Streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, city and State of New York, upon which articles there shall be a tariff or customs duty, shall be admitted free of such tariff, customs duty, fees, or charges under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe; but it shall be lawful, at any time during or at the close of any exhibition held pursuant to this Act, to sell for delivery at the close thereof any goods or property imported for and actually displayed at such exhibition, subject to such regulations for the security of the revenue and for the collection of import duties as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe: Provided, That all such articles, when sold or withdrawn for consumption or use in the United States, shall be subject to the duty, if any, imposed upon such articles by the revenue laws in force at the date of their withdrawal and to the requirements of the tariff laws in effect at such date: And provided further, That Rockefeller Center (Incorporated) shall be deemed, for customs purposes only, to be the sole consignee of all merchandise imported under the provisions of this Act, and that all necessary governmental expenses incurred as a result of exhibitions authorized under this Act, including salaries of customs officials in charge of imported articles, shall be paid to the Treasury of the United States by Rockefeller Center (Incorporated) under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: And provided further, That all such articles shall, at the expiration of two years, be subject to the impost duty then in force, unless the same shall have been sold or exported from this country prior to that period of time: And provided further, That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed as an invitation, express or implied, from the Government of the United States to any foreign government, state, municipality, corporation, partnership, or individual to import any articles for the purpose of exhibition at the said exhibitions.

Approved, July 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 512,]

AN ACT

July 19, 1932. [S. 4976.] [Public, No. 297.]

Granting the consent of Congress to the Highway Department of the State of Tennessee to construct a bridge across the South Fork, Forked Deer River on the Milan-Brownsville Road, State highway numbered 76, near the Haywood-Crockett County line, Tennessee,

ennessee may

Construction. Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Forked Deer River, United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Highway Department of the State bridge, near Haywood of Tennessee, its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a highway bridge and approaches thereto across the South Fork, Forked Deer River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, on the Milan-Brownsville Road, State highway numbered 76, near the Haywood-Crockett County line, Tennessee, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the con-

struction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906. SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, July 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 513.]

AN ACT

To encourage the mining of coal adjacent to the Alaska Railroad in the Territory of Alaska, and for other purposes.

July 19, 1932. [H. R. 12281.] [Public, No. 298.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to prevent monopoly and to insure the continuance of two or more road may be purchased operating coal mines in the Territory of Alaska adjacent to the from two or more companies. Alaska Railroad, the general manager of the Alaska Railroad with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to purchase coal annually for the railroad from two or more operating companies in that area at such reasonable price or prices as may be fixed and determined by said Secretary.

Alaska. Coal for Alaska Rail-

Approved, July 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 514.]

AN ACT

Authorizing the sale of certain lands no longer required for public purposes in the District of Columbia.

July 19, 1932. [8, 4712.] [Public, No. 299.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital be, longer needed for puband he is hereby, authorized and empowered, in his discretion, for lie purposes, to be sold. the best interests of the United States to call and services assembled. or in part, to the highest bidder at private sale, the hereinafterdescribed lands in his custody no longer required for public purposes, in the District of Columbia, for cash for such price for each parcel sold as shall be not less than the price paid therefor by the Government plus 6 per centum per annum since the date such parcel was acquired by the United States, and also not less than the appraised value after an appraisal of its value is first made.

Sec. 2. That said director, in making any such sale, is authorized, Preference to abuting property owners. first, to sell any such parcel of land to the owner of lands abutting the lands hereby authorized to be sold; provided that the price bid and payable by any owner shall be equal to the highest price bid

Preference to abut-

and payable by any other bidder.

able and necessary expenses of sale of each parcel of land sold, and shall deposit the net proceeds thereof in the Through the reason. shall deposit the net proceeds thereof in the Treasury to the credit of the United States and the District of Columbia in the proportion that each paid the appropriations from which the parcels of land were acquired, and shall include in his annual report a full report of the sales hereby authorized.

SEC. 4. That the lands hereby authorized to be sold and conveyed are situate in the District of Columbia and are generally described

Designated parcels.

as follows:

Parcel 1. Part of lot 188 in square 103, in Beatty and Hawkins's addition to Georgetown, now known as lot 801 in square 1273, survey book numbered 91, page 363 thereof, containing two thousand one hundred square feet, more or less, and known as numbers 3305 and 3307 Volta Place northwest, Washington, District of Columbia.

Parcel 4. A piece of land containing one hundred and sixty-four thousand square feet, more or less, at or near Parkside Drive and Western Avenue, Rock Creek Park, Washington, District of Columbia, and being a part of United States reservation numbered 339.

Parcel 5. Lot 803, square 49, Washington, District of Columbia, containing one thousand and fifty square feet, more or less, at or near Twenty-second and O Streets northwest, Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway, in said city and being a part of United States reservation numbered 360.

Parcel 6. A piece of land containing one thousand six hundred and eighty square feet, more or less, being a part of a large parcel south of Massachusetts Avenue, Rock Creek and Potomac Parkway, Washington, District of Columbia, further identified as parcel 51/3, and being a part of United States reservation numbered 360.

and being a part of United States reservation numbered 360.

Parcel 7. Square 4199, Washington, District of Columbia, containing two thousand nine hundred square feet, more or less, bounded on the north by Quincy Street, on the east by Twentieth Street, on the south by Perry Street, and on the west by South Dakota Avenue, in the northeast quarter of Washington, District of Columbia, being a part of the Taft Recreation Center in said city and of United States reservation numbered 476.

Deed of conveyance.

Sec. 5. That upon any sale as hereby authorized the said director is hereby authorized to execute a proper deed of conveyance which shall contain a full legal description of the land sold, either by metes and bounds or otherwise according to law.

Inconsistent laws repealed.

Sec. 6. That all Acts and parts of Acts which may be inconsistent or in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed to the extent of such inconsistency or conflict.

Approved, July 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 515.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

July 19, 1932. [S. J. Res. 206.] [Pub. Res., No. 42.]

Making available to the Banking and Currency Committee of the Senate certain information in the possession of the Treasury Department and the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to make available and to furnish to the Committee on Banking and Currency of the Senate such information in the possession of the Treasury Department and the Bureau of Internal Revenue with respect to income tax returns as may be called for and deemed necessary by such committee, or any duly authorized subcommittee thereof, or their duly authorized agents, pursuant to the investigation being conducted under Senate Resolution 84 as continued by Senate Resolution 239.

Sec. 2. For the purposes of this joint resolution such Committee on Banking and Currency shall have all the rights and privileges of a select committee of the Senate within the meaning of section 257 (b) (1) of the Revenue Act of 1926.

Approved, July 19, 1932.

[CHAPTER 518.]

AN ACT

To fix the fees to be charged for the issue of domestic money orders.

Postal Service. Fees for domestic money orders. Vol. 22, p. 527; Vol. 43, p. 1063, amended. U. S. C., p. 1278.

July 21, 1932. [H. R. 10246.]

[Public, No. 300.]

Rights and privileges of committee. Vol. 44, p. 51.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to modify the postal money-order system, and for other papers."

and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1883, as amended (U. S. C., title 39, sec. 716), is amended to read as follows:

Rates increased. "SEC. 3. A money order shall not be issued for more than \$100, and the fees for domestic money orders shall be as follows:

"For orders-

"From \$0.01 to \$2.50, 6 cents; "From \$2.51 to \$5, 8 cents; "From \$5.01 to \$10, 11 cents; "From \$10.01 to \$20, 13 cents; "From \$20.01 to \$40, 15 cents;
"From \$40.01 to \$60, 18 cents;
"From \$60.01 to \$80, 20 cents; and

"From \$80.01 to \$100, 22 cents."

Approved, July 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 519.]

AN ACT

To provide a postage charge on notices to publishers regarding undeliverable second-class matter.

July 21, 1932. [H. R. 10494.] [Public, No. 301.]

Postal Service.

Vol. 36, p. 366. U. S. C., p. 1253.

Exception.

Rate, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the next to Undeliverable the last paragraph of the Act entitled "An Act making appropria- ond-class matter. Vol 28 P. 282 tions for the service of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, and for other purposes," approved May 12, 1910 (36 Stat. 366; U. S. C., title 39, sec. 277), is hereby amended by Charge to be made the addition after the first sentence of the following sentence: "Provided, That there shall be a postage charge of 2 cents for such notice regarding undeliverable copies, which shall be collected from the publisher upon delivery of the notice; except that where the undeliverable copies bear the pledge of the sender to pay the return postage no notice shall be sent to the publisher but the copies received during the period specified in this paragraph shall be returned charged with postage due at the rate of 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof, with a minimum charge of 2 cents, and indorsed to show the reason they are undeliverable and the new address of the addressee, if known."

Approved, July 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 520.]

AN ACT

To relieve destitution, to broaden the lending powers of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and to create employment by providing for and expediting a public-works program.

July 21, 1932. [H. R. 9642.] [Public, No. 302.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may and Construction Act be cited as the "Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932." of 1932.

TITLE I—RELIEF OF DESTITUTION

Section 1. (a) The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to make available out of the funds of the corporation the sum of \$300,000,000, under the terms and conditions destitute persons, etc. hereinafter set forth, to the several States and Territories, to be used

Ante, p. 5. in furnishing relief and work relief to needy and distressed people and in relieving the hardship resulting from unemployment, but one State, etc. not more than 15 per centum of such sum shall be available to any one State or Territory. Such sum of \$300,000,000 shall, until the expiration of two years after the date of enactment of this Act, be

Relief of destitution.

Limitation to any

nors on approved application, etc.

Interest on payments.

Reimbursement, deductions from future aid, under Highway Act.

Computation.

Deduction subject to State, etc., agreements, except in default.

Means of recovery in default of agreement.

Terms imposed on loans to Puerto Rico and Alaska.

Certificate of necessity, etc., to accom-pany Governor's application.

Governor to administer funds.

Statements of dis-bursements to be filed with State auditor, etc.

Applications other-wise acceptable not denied by legal inhibi-

Available for two available for payment to the governors of the several States and Ter-Payment to gover ritories for the purposes of this section, upon application therefor by them in accordance with subsection (c), and upon approval of

such applications by the corporation.

(b) All amounts paid under this section shall bear interest at the rate of 3 per centum per annum, and, except in the case of Puerto Rico and the Territory of Alaska, shall be reimbursed to the corporation, with interest thereon at the rate of 3 per centum per annum, by making annual deductions, beginning with the fiscal year 1935, from regular apportionments made from future Federal authorizations in aid of the States and Territories for the construction of highways and rural post roads, of an amount equal to one-fifth of the share which such State or Territory would be entitled to receive under such apportionment, except for the provisions of this section, or of an amount equal to one-fifth of the amounts so paid to the governor of such State or Territory pursuant to this section and all accrued interest thereon to the date of such deduction, whichever is the lesser, until the sum of such deductions equals the total amounts paid under this section and all accrued interest thereon. Whenever any such deduction is made, the Secretary of the Treasury shall immediately pay to the corporation an amount equal to the amount so deducted. If any State or Territory shall, within two years after the date of enactment of this Act, enter into an agreement with the corporation for the repayment to the corporation of the amounts paid under this section to the governor of such State or Territory, with interest thereon as herein provided, in such installments and upon such terms as may be agreed upon, then the deduction under this subsection shall not be made unless such State or Territory shall be in default in the performance of the terms of such agreement. In the case of a default by the State or Territory in any such agreement, the agreement shall thereupon be terminated and reimbursement of the unpaid balance of the amount covered by such agreement shall be made by making annual deductions in the manner above provided (beginning with the fiscal year next following such default) from regular apportionments made to such State or Territory from future Federal authorizations in aid of the States and Territories for the construction of highways and rural post roads. Before any amount is paid under this section to the Governor of Puerto Rico or of the Territory of Alaska, Puerto Rico or the Territory of Alaska shall enter into an agreement with the corporation for the repayment of such amount with interest thereon as herein provided, in such installments and upon such terms and conditions as may be agreed upon.

(c) The governor of any State or Territory may from time to time make application for funds under this section, and in each application so made shall certify the necessity for such funds and that the resources of the State or Territory, including moneys then available and which can be made available by the State or Territory, its political subdivisions, and private contributions, are inadequate to meet its relief needs. All amounts paid to the governor of a State or Territory under this section shall be administered by the governor, or under his direction, and upon his responsibility. governor shall file with the corporation and with the auditor of the State or Territory (or, if there is no auditor, then with the official exercising comparable authority) a statement of the disbursements

made by him under this section.

(d) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the corporation to deny an otherwise acceptable application under this section because of constitutional or other legal inhibitions or because the State or Territory has borrowed to the full extent authorized by law. Whenever an application under this section is approved by to governor, the corporation in whole or in part, the amount approved shall be proval. immediately paid to the governor of the State or Territory upon delivery by him to the corporation of a receipt therefor stating that

the payment is accepted subject to the terms of this section.

(e) Any portion of the amount approved by the corporation for payments to municipalities, etc., on like payment to the governor of a State or Territory shall, at his request, certificate. and with the approval of the corporation, be paid to any municipality or political subdivision of such State or Territory if (1) the governor makes as to such municipality or political subdivision a like certificate as provided in subsection (c) as to the State or Territory, and (2) such municipality or political subdivision enters into an agreement with the corporation for the repayment to the corporation of the amount so paid, with interest at the rate of 3 per centum per annum, at such times, and upon such other terms and conditions, as may be agreed upon between the corporation and such municipality or political subdivision. The amount paid to any municipal- amounts. ity or political subdivision under this subsection shall not be included in any amounts reimbursable to the corporation under subsection (b) of this section.

(f) As used in this section the term "Territory" means Alaska,

Hawaii, and Puerto Rico.

Immediate payment

Terms.

"Territory" defined.

TITLE II—LOANS BY RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION

SEC. 201. (a) The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is author-

ized and empowered-

(1) to make loans to, or contracts with, States, municipalities, tion of self-liquidating and political subdivisions of States, public agencies of States, of chase of their securities. municipalities, and of political subdivisions of States, public corporations, boards and commissions, and public municipal instrumentalities of one or more States, to aid in financing projects authorized under Federal, State, or municipal law which are self-liquidating in character, such loans or contracts to be made through the purchase of their securities, or otherwise, and for such purpose the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized to bid for such securities: Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prohibit the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, in carrying out the provisions of this paragraph, from purchasing securities having a maturity of more than ten years;

(2) to make loans to corporations formed wholly for the in providing housing, purpose of providing housing for families of low income, or for etc., under government reconstruction of slum areas, which are regulated by State or regulation. municipal law as to rents, charges, capital structure, rate of return, and areas and methods of operation, to aid in financing projects undertaken by such corporations which are self-

liquidating in character;

(3) to make loans to private corporations to aid in carrying of self-liquidating out the construction, replacement, or improvement of bridges, character. tunnels, docks, viaducts, waterworks, canals, and markets, devoted to public use and which are self-liquidating in

character;
(4) to make loans to private limited dividend corporations to corporations in aid of aid in financing projects for the protection and development of der regulation.

To limited dividend corporations to corporations in aid of aid in financing projects for the protection and development of der regulation. forests and other renewable natural resources, which are reg-

Loans by Reconstruction Finance Corporation.

Powers enlarged. Ante, p. 6.

Proviso. Long-term securities.

ulated by a State or political subdivision of a State and are self-liquidating in character; and

(5) to make loans to aid in financing the construction of any publicly owned bridge to be used for railroad, railway, and highway uses, the construction cost of which will be returned in part by means of tolls, fees, rents, or other charges, and the remainder by means of taxes imposed pursuant to State law enacted before the date of enactment of the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932; and the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is further authorized and empowered to purchase bonds of any State, municipality, or other public body or agency issued for the purpose of financing the construction of any such

bridge irrespective of the dates of maturity of such bonds. self-liquidating project shall be deemed to be self-liquidating if such project will be made self-supporting and financially solvent and if the construction cost thereof will be returned within a reasonable period by means of tolls, fees, rents, or other charges, or by such other means (other than by taxation) as may be prescribed by the statutes which provide for the project. All loans and contracts made by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation in respect of projects of the character specified in paragraphs (1) to (5) of this subsection shall be subject to the conditions that no convict labor shall be directly employed on any such project, and that (except in executive, administrative, and supervisory positions), so far as practicable, no individual directly employed on any such project shall be permitted to work more than thirty hours in any one week, and that in the employment of labor in connection

> qualified, to ex-service men with dependents. The provisions of this subsection shall apply with respect to projects in Puerto Rico and the Territories to the same extent as in the case of projects in the several States, and as used in this subsection the term "States" includes Puerto Rico and the Territories.

> with any such project preference shall be given, where they are

(b) The Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall submit monthly to the President and to the Senate and the House of Representatives (or the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, if those bodies are not in session) a report of its activities and expenditures under this section and under the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, together with a statement showing the names of the borrowers to whom loans and advances were made, and the amount and rate of interest involved in each case.

(c) In order that the surpluses of agricultural products may not have a depressing effect upon current prices of such products, the corporation is authorized and directed to make loans, in such amounts as may in its judgment be necessary, for the purpose of financing sales of such surpluses in the markets of foreign countries in which such sales can not be financed in the normal course of commerce; but no such sales shall be financed by the corporation if, in its judgment, such sales will affect adversely the world markets for such Provise. Cotton held by Farm products: Provided, however, That no such loan shall be made to Board, etc., excluded. finance the sale in the markets of foreign countries of cotton owned by the Federal Farm Board or the Cotton Stabilization Corporation.

(d) The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to make loans to bona fide institutions, organized under the laws of any State or of the United States and having resources adequate for their undertakings, for the purpose of enabling them to finance the carrying and orderly marketing of agricultural commodities and livestock produced in the United States.

Purchase of bonds.

Reimbursable loans

for bridge construction.

Restriction on use of convict labor.

Hours of employment.

Preference to ex-service men.

Provisions extended to projects in Puerto Rico and Territories.

Monthly reports to be submitted.

Financing sales of agricultural products in foreign markets.

Restrictions.

Proviso.

Aiding corporations in marketing agricul-tural commodities, etc.

(e) The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is further authored to create in any of the twelve Federal land-bank districts where

Establishment in
may deem the same to be desirable a regional agricultural credit.

Federal land bank disFederal land bank disized to create in any of the twelve Federal land-bank districts where it may deem the same to be desirable a regional agricultural credit tricts. corporation with a paid-up capital of not less than \$3,000,000, to be subscribed for by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and paid for out of the unexpended balance of the amounts allocated corporation. and made available to the Secretary of Agriculture under section 2 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act. Such corporations shall be managed by officers and agents to be appointed by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation under such rules and regulations as its board of directors may prescribe. Such corporations are culture, stockraising, hereby authorized and empowered to make loans or advances to etc. farmers and stockmen, the proceeds of which are to be used for an agricultural purpose (including crop production), or for the raising, breeding, fattening, or marketing of livestock, to charge such rates of interest or discount thereon as in their judgment are fair and equitable, subject to the approval of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and to rediscount with the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the various Federal reserve banks and Federal intermediate credit banks any paper that they acquire which is eligible for such purpose. All expenses incurred in connection with the operation of such corporations shall be supervised and paid by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation under such rules and regulations as its board of directors may prescribe.

(f) All loans made under this section, and all contracts of the character described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a), shall be fully and adequately secured. The corporation, under such conditions as it shall prescribe, may take over or provide for the administration and liquidation of any collateral accepted by it as security for such loans. Such loans shall be made on such terms and con- Promissory not be given for loans. ditions, not inconsistent with this Act, as the corporation may prescribe, and may be made directly upon promissory notes or by way of discount or rediscount of obligations tendered for the purpose, or otherwise in such form and in such amount and at such interest or discount rates as the corporation may approve: Provided, That collateral. no loans or advances (except loans under subsection (c)) shall be made upon foreign securities or foreign acceptances as collateral.

(g) Each such loan may be made for a period not exceeding three years, and the corporation may, from time to time, extend the time of payment of any such loan, through renewal, substitution of new obligations, or otherwise, but the time for such payment shall not be extended beyond five years from the date upon which such loan was made originally: Provided, That loans or contracts of the character described in subsection (a) may be made for a period not exceeding ten years: *Provided further*, That loans or contracts of the character described in paragraph (1) or (5) of subsection (a) may be made for a period exceeding ten years when it is the judgment of the board of directors of the corporation that it is necessary to purchase securities as provided in such paragraphs and that it is not practicable to require the reimbursement of the corporation, within ten years, through the repurchase or payment of such securities, or in any other manner.

(h) The corporation may make loans under this section at any Continuance to Janu-

time prior to January 23, 1934.

(i) No fee or commission shall be paid by any applicant for a loan under the provisions of this section in connection with any such application or any loan made or to be made under this section, and the agreement to pay or payment of any such fee or commission shall be unlawful.

Capital held by Re-instruction Finance construction Subscription.

Ante, p. 5. Post, p. 795.

Interest, etc.

Rediscounting paper.

Operating expenses.

Security required.

Promissory notes to

Foreign securities as

Maturity, etc.

Loans for relief, etc.

Extensions in cer-

ary 23, 1934.

No commission to be charged.

as security.

Limitation on advances modified.

Ante, p. 7.

Restriction on isting projects removed. Ante, p. 7.

Ante, p. 8.

Reports, records, etc., available.

Examinations.

Corporation obligations.
Issue increased.

Ante, p. 9.

Advances made to

Prior loans added. Ante, p. 5.

Benefits extended to Territories, etc.

Term "State" to include Territories, etc.

(j) No loan under this section shall be made to a railroad or to Loans to railroads subject to approval of Interstate Commerce a receiver of a railroad except on the approval of the Interstate Commission.

(j) No loan under this section shall be made to a railroad or to a receiver of a railroad except on the approval of the Interstate Commission.

Any railroad may obligate itself in such Commerce Commission. Any railroad may obligate itself in such Railroad obligations form as shall be prescribed and otherwise comply with the requirements of the Interstate Commerce Commission and the corporation with respect to the deposit or assignment of security hereunder, without the authorization or approval of any authority, State or Federal, and without compliance with any requirement, State or Federal, as to notification, other than such as may be imposed by the Interstate Commerce Commission and the corporation under the provisions of this section.

Sec. 202. The last sentence of the second paragraph of section 5 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act is amended by strik-

ing out "5" and inserting "25%" in lieu thereof.

Sec. 203. The second sentence of the third paragraph of section 5 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act is hereby repealed. Sec. 204. Section 8 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation

Act is amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 8. In order to enable the corporation to carry out the provisions of this Act and the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932, the Treasury Department, the Federal Farm Loan Board, the Comptroller of the Currency, the Federal Reserve Board, the Federal reserve banks, and the Interstate Commerce Commission are hereby authorized, under such conditions as they may prescribe, to make available to the corporation, in confidence, such reports, records, or other information as they may have available relating to the condition of applicants with respect to whom the corporation has had or contemplates having transactions under either of such Acts, or relating to individuals, associations, partnerships, corporations, or other obligors whose obligations are offered to or held by the corporation as security for loans under either of such Acts, and to make, through their examiners or other employees for the confidential use of the corporation, examinations of applicants for loans. Every applicant for a loan under either of such Acts shall, as a condition precedent thereto, consent to such examination as the corporation may require for the purposes of either of such Acts and that reports of examinations by constituted authorities may be furnished by such authorities to the corporation upon request therefor."

Sec. 205. (a) The amount of notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obligations which the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered under section 9 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act to have outstanding at any one time is increased to an aggregate of six and three-fifths times its subscribed

capital stock.

(b) The first proviso of section 2 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act is amended by inserting after "as set out in section 9" the following: "(as in force prior to the enactment of the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932)," but the Secretary of Agriculture is directed to continue making loans to farmers under the provisions of such section 2.

Sec. 206. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to make loans under the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act to financial institutions, corporations, railroads, and other classes of borrowers specified in section 5 of such Act, organized under the laws of the District of Columbia, Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico. As used in this title and in section 15 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act the term "State" includes the District of Columbia, Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rico.

SEC. 207. No loan or advance shall be approved under this section restriction on loans or under the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, directly or is a director of corporation. indirectly, to any financial institution any officer or director of which poration. is a member of the board of directors of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation or has been such a member within the twelve months

preceding the approval of the loan or advance.

SEC. 208. (a) The first sentence of section 3 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act is amended, effective at the expiration of fled ten days after the date of enactment of this Act, to read as follows: "The management of the corporation shall be vested in a board of directors consisting of the Secretary of the Treasury (or, in his absence, the Under Secretary of the Treasury), who shall be a member ex officio, and six other persons appointed by the President of the United States by and with the advice and consent of the Senate."

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect in any members. manner the terms of office of the appointed members of the board of directors of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, nor to require their reappointment.

SEC. 209. Section 9 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act toos is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"The Secretary of the Treasury, at the request of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, is authorized to market for the corporation its notes, debentures, bonds, and other such obligations, using therefor all the facilities of the Treasury Department now authorized by law for the marketing of obligations of the United States. The proceeds of the obligations of the corporation so mar- corporation. keted shall be deposited in the same manner as proceeds derived from the sale of obligations of the United States, and the amount thereof shall be credited to the corporation on the books of the reasury."

SEC. 210. Section 13 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is amendment.

Vol. 39, 264; Vol. 39, 275; Vol. 42, p. 1479.

U. S. C., p. 281. Treasury."

further amended by adding after the second paragraph thereof the

following new paragraph:

"In unusual and exigent circumstances, the Federal Reserve Board, by the affirmative vote of not less than five members, may gency paper eligible for authorized any Federal reserve bank, during such periods as the said discount if satisfactoauthorize any Federal reserve bank, during such periods as the said discount if rily secured. board may determine, at rates established in accordance with the provisions of section 14, subdivision (d), of this Act, to discount for any individual, partnership, or corporation, notes, drafts, and bills of exchange of the kinds and maturities made eligible for discount for member banks under other provisions of this Act when such notes, drafts, and bills of exchange are indorsed and otherwise secured to the satisfaction of the Federal reserve bank: Provided, That before discounting any such note, draft, or bill of exchange for able to secure accommodation. an individual or a partnership or corporation the Federal reserve bank shall obtain evidence that such individual, partnership, or corporation is unable to secure adequate credit accommodations from other banking institutions. All such discounts for individuals, partnerships, or corporations shall be subject to such limitations, restrictions, and regulations as the Federal Reserve Board may prescribe." SEC. 211. The first paragraph of section 5 of the Reconstruction

Finance Corporation Act is hereby amended to read as follows: "SEC. 5. To aid in financing agriculture, commerce, and industry, culture, commerce, etc. including facilitating the exportation of agricultural and other products the corporation is authorized and empowered to make loans, upon such terms and conditions not inconsistent with this Act as it may determine, to any bank, savings bank, trust company, building and loan association, insurance company, mortgage loan com-

Board of directors. Composition modi-Ante, p. 5, amended.

Terms of appointed

Corporation obliga-Ante. p. 9. amended.

Marketing, etc.

Proceeds credited to

Permitted only if un-

Limitations imposed.

Loans in aid of agri-Ante, p. 6, amended.

pany, credit union, Federal land bank, joint-stock land bank, Federal intermediate credit bank, agricultural credit corporation, livestock Closed savings banks credit corporation, organized under the laws of any State or of the United States, including loans secured by the assets of any bank or savings bank that is closed, or in process of liquidation to aid in the reorganization or liquidation of such banks, upon application of the receiver or liquidating agent of such bank and any receiver of any national bank is hereby authorized to contract for such loans and to pledge any assets of the bank for securing the same: Provided, That not more than \$200,000,000 shall be used for the relief of banks (including savings banks) that are closed or in the process of liquidation."

Proviso. Limitation.

Public works.

TITLE III—PUBLIC WORKS

Appropriation for emergency construc-Vol. 46, p. 1086.

Allocations Federal highways.

Method of apportionporary advance.

Use to match annual apportionments.

Restriction on work.

Provisos. Repayment over a 10-year period.

Labor provisions.

Allowances in municipalities. Vol. 45, p. 683. "State" to include Hawaii. "Highway" defined.

Sec. 301. (a) For the purpose of providing for emergency construction of certain authorized public works with a view to increasing employment and carrying out the policy declared in the Employment Stabilization Act of 1931, there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$322,224,000, which shall be allocated as follows:

(1) For expenditure in emergency construction on the Federalaid highway system, \$120,000,000. Such sum shall be apportioned by the Secretary of Agriculture to the several States by the method vol. 42, p. 217; Vol. provided in section 21 of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and 46, p. 805. C., p. 667; supplemented (U. S. C., title 23, sec. 21). The amounts apportant tioned to the States shall be available as a temporary advance of funds to meet the provisions of such Act as to State funds. The funds to meet the provisions of such Act as to State funds. amount apportioned to any State under this paragraph may be used to match the regular annual Federal-aid apportionments made to such State (including the one for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933), and when so used such amount shall be available for expenditure in paying the share of such State in the cost of Federal-aid projects. No amounts apportioned under this paragraph shall be advanced except for work on the Federal-aid highway system performed before July 1, 1933: Provided, That the amounts so advanced shall be reimbursed to the Federal Government over a period of ten years, commencing with the fiscal year 1938, by making annual deductions from regular apportionments made from future authorizations for carrying out the provisions of such Act. as amended and supplemented: Provided further, That all contracts involving the expenditure of such amounts shall contain provisions establishing minimum rates of wages, to be predetermined by the State highway department, which contractors shall pay to skilled and unskilled labor, and such minimum rates shall be stated in the invitation for bids and shall be included in proposals or bids for the work: And provided further, That in the expenditure of such amounts, the limitations in the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented, upon highway construction, reconstruction, and bridges within municipalities and upon payments per mile which may be made from Federal funds, shall not apply. As used in this paragraph, the term "State" includes the Territory of Hawaii. The term "highway," as defined in the Federal Highway Act, approved November 9, 1921, as amended and supplemented, for the purposes of this paragraph only, shall be deemed to include such main State parkways as may be designated by the State and approved by the Secretary of Agriculture as part of the Federalaid highway system.

(2) For expenditure in emergency construction during the fiscal tion, etc., of. year ending June 30, 1933, \$16,000,000, as follows: (A) For the Roads in national forcest high ways ests, parks, and other expenditure in emergency construction and improvement of national-forest highways improvement of national-forest highways, reservations. construction and \$5,000,000; (B) for the construction and maintenance of roads. trails, bridges, fire lanes, and so forth, including the same objects specified in the paragraph commencing with the words "Improvement of the national forests" under the heading "National Forest Administration" in the Agricultural Appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, approved February 23, 1931 (46 Stat. 1242), \$5,000,000; (C) for the construction, reconstruction, and improvement of roads and trails, inclusive of necessary bridges, in the national parks and national monuments under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Interior, including areas to be established as national parks authorized under the Act of May 22, 1926 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 403 to 403c), and under the Act of U. S. C., Supp. V, May 25, 1926 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 16, secs. 404 to 404c), and pp. 178, 179. national park and monument approach roads authorized by the Act of January 31, 1931 (46 Stat. 1053), as amended, or any one section of such roads of not less than eight miles, which crosses lands wholly or to the extent of 90 per centum owned by the Government of the United States, \$3,000,000; (D) for construction and improvement of Indian reservation roads under the provisions of the Act vol. approved May 26, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 25, sec. 318a), p. 354. \$1,000,000; and (E) for the survey, construction, reconstruction, and maintenance of main roads through unappropriated or unreserved public lands, nontaxable Indian lands, or other Federal reservations other than the forest reservations, under the provisions of section 3 46, pp. 805, 1173. of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented (U. S. C., U. S. C., p. 665; Supp. of the Federal Highway Act, as amended and supplemented (U.S.C. Supp. V, title 23, secs. 3 and 3a), \$2,000,000. The Secretary of V,p. 343.

Agriculture and the Secretary of the Interior, respectively, are authorized to make rules and regulations for carrying out the fore- Maximum employ-going provisions of this section with a view to providing the maxi- be provided. mum employment of local labor consistent with reasonable economy of construction.

(3) For the prosecution of river and harbor projects heretofore Authorized river and harbor projects.

authorized, \$30,000,000.

(4) For the prosecution of flood-control projects heretofore ects.

authorized, \$15,500,000.

incidental works, as authorized by the Boulder Canyon Project Act, U. S. C., Supp. V. approved December 21, 1928 (U. S. C., Supp. V. title 43. ch. 12A). \$10,000,000.

(6) For expenditure by the Department of Commerce for air-merce

navigation facilities, including equipment, \$500,000.

(7) For constructing or purchasing and equipping lighthouse tenders and light vessels for the Lighthouse Service as may be specifically approved by the Secretary of Commerce, \$950,000, and for establishing and improving aids to navigation and other works as may be specifically approved by the Secretary of Commerce, \$2,860,000.

(8) For the engineering work of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, Survey.

Department of Commerce, heretofore authorized, \$1,250,000.

(9) For the construction of projects included in the report of the Bureau of Yards and Federal Employment Stabilization Board, laid before the Senate ment. January 25, 1932, which have heretofore been authorized or which do not require specific authorization, under the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, \$10,000,000, of which not to exceed \$300,000 shall be available for the employment of classified personal services in the Bureau of Yards and Docks and in the field service

Vol. 46, p. 1259. Post, pp. 1467, 1539.

Vol. 46, pp. 1053, 1570.

Vol. 45, p. 750. U. S. C., Supp. V,

Flood control proj-

Department of Com-Air navigation facili-Lighthouse Service.

Aids to navigation.

Coast and Geodetic

Personal services.

to be engaged upon such work and to be in addition to employees

otherwise provided for.

Emergency public building construction,

Projects selected.

Limits of cost.

Displacing rented buildings.

Military posts, construction, etc.

Post. p. 1580.

(10) For emergency construction of public building projects outside the District of Columbia (including the acquisition, where necessary, by purchase, condemnation or otherwise, of sites and additional land for such buildings, the demolition of old buildings where necessary, and the construction, remodeling, or extension of buildings), such projects to be selected by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Postmaster General from the public building projects specified in House Document Numbered 788, Seventy-first Congress, third session, \$100,000,000. Such projects shall be carried out within the limits of cost specified in such document (except as modified by law), and in selecting such projects preference shall be given to places where Government facilities are housed in rented buildings under leases which will expire on or before July 1, 1934, or which may be terminated on or prior to that date by the Government.

(11) For the construction and installation at military posts of such buildings and utilities and appurtenances thereto as may be

necessary, \$15,164,000, as follows:

Albrook Field, Canal Zone: Quartermaster maintenance building, \$20,000; post exchange, theater, and gymnasium, completion of, \$42,000.

Barksdale Field, Louisiana: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$252,000; officers' quarters, \$609,000; barracks, \$474,000; hospital, completion of, \$225,000; garage, completion of, \$30,000; quartermaster warehouse, completion of, \$15,000.

William Beaumont General Hospital, Texas: Noncommissioned

officers' quarters, \$7,000; warehouse, \$15,000.

Fort Benning, Georgia: Barracks, \$650,000. Fort Bliss, Texas: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$50,000;

officers' quarters, \$150,000.

Bolling Field, District of Columbia: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$54,000; dispensary, completion of, \$30,000; post exchange, theater, and gymnasium, completion of, \$45,000; officers' mess, \$50,000; enlargement of central heating plant to provide for quarters area, \$95,000.

Fort Bragg, North Carolina: Barracks, completion of, \$40,000;

noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$160,000.

Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania: Heating plant, \$200,000.

Chanute Field, Illinois: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$137,-000; central heating plant for technical and quarters area, \$200,000.

Camp Devens, Massachusetts: Roads and sidewalks, \$75,000; service club, \$30,000; post exchange and gymnasium, \$50,000,

Fort Douglas, Utah: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$15,000.

Dryden, Texas: Barracks, \$20,000.

Duncan Field, Texas: Quartermaster warehouse, \$40,000; quartermaster maintenance building, \$20,000; garage, \$40,000; fire and guard house, \$25,000.

Fort Du Pont, Delaware: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$60,000.

Edgewood Arsenal, Maryland: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$70,000.

Fitzsimons General Hospital, Colorado: Gymnasium, recreation, and social hall, \$150,000.

Hamilton Field, California: Officers' quarters, \$215,000; noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$120,000.

Fort Hamilton, New York: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$100,000.

Post. p. 1580.

Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indiana: Noncommissioned officers' Military posts, constant of 190,000

quarters, \$120,000.

Hensley Field, Texas: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$8,000; officers' quarters, \$30,000; roads, utilities, and improvement of flying field, \$25,000; replacement of pumping plant, \$3,000; sewage-disposal plant, \$3,000.

Holabird Quartermaster Depot, Maryland: Hospital, \$120,000.

Fort Sam Houston, Texas: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$150,000; officers' quarters, \$350,000.

Fort Howard, Maryland: Hospital, \$150,000.

Fort Hoyle, Maryland: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$70,000.

Fort Humphreys, Virginia: Officers' quarters, \$150,000.

Fort Huachuca, Arizona: Post exchange, gymnasium, and service

club, \$100,000.

Fort Jay, New York: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$130,000; barracks, completion of, \$70,000; officers' quarters, \$125,000; nurses' quarters, completion of, \$35,000.

Jefferson Barracks, Missouri: Noncommissioned officers' quarters,

\$65,000; additions to kitchens and mess halls, \$55,000.

Camp Knox, Kentucky: Hospital, \$200,000.

Langley Field, Virginia: Central heating plant for quarters area, \$60,000; quartermaster maintenance building, \$20,000; fire house, \$20,000; barracks, medical detachment, \$30,000; garage, completion of, \$15,000; magazine, completion of, \$10,000.

Fort Lawton, Washington: Noncommissioned officers' quarters,

Fort Leavenworth, Kansas: Nurses' quarters, \$60,000.

Letterman General Hospital, California: Two wards, \$150,000. Fort Lewis, Washington: Barracks, completion of, \$30,000; water main, \$30,000; noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$75,000; officers'

quarters, \$65,000. Fort Logan, Colorado: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$53,000.

Fort McClellan, Alabama: Headquarters, \$50,000; recreation hall,

\$35,000; gymnasium, \$45,000. Fort McPherson, Georgia: Nurses' quarters, \$70,000; contagious ward for hospital, \$70,000.

Maxwell Field, Alabama: Officers' quarters, \$940,000; officers' mess,

\$55,000.

March Field, California: Barracks for medical detachment, \$25,000; contagious ward for hospital, \$12,000; bakery, \$15,000; laundry, \$60,000; enlisted men's service club, \$50,000; officers' mess, \$50,000; theater, \$40,000.

Fort Mason, California: Officers' quarters, \$110,000.

Fort Meade, South Dakota: Riding hall, \$25,000. Fort George G. Meade, Maryland: Noncommissioned officers'

quarters, \$150,000; officers' quarters, \$50,000.

Mitchel Field, New York: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$118,000; bakery, \$15,000; incinerator, \$10,000; enlisted men's service club, \$50,000; theater, \$40,000; sewage-disposal plant, \$40,000; fence, \$31,000; quartermaster gasoline storage, \$3,000; magazine, \$15,000; officers' mess, \$50,000; coal storage and handling system, \$70,000; roads, walks, and surface-drainage system, \$86,000.

Fort Monmouth, New Jersey: Addition to hospital, \$75,000;

noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$170,000; band barracks, \$35,000.

Fort Myer, Virginia: Barracks, \$100,000.

Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia: Noncommissioned officers' quarters,

\$120,000.

Fort Ontario, New York: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$50,000.

Military posts, construction, etc.—Contd.

Post, p. 1580.

Plattsburg Barracks, New York: Additions to barracks, \$25,000; barracks, \$255,000.

Pope Field, North Carolina, for the Air Corps troops: Barracks, \$140,000; noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$84,000; officers' quarters, \$140,000.

Post Field, Oklahoma, for Air Corps troops: Barracks, \$140,000; noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$84,000; officers' quarters, \$140,000.

Presidio of San Francisco, California: Noncommissioned officers'

quarters, \$60,000; addition to headquarters, \$50,000.

Randolph Field, Texas: Barracks, completion of, \$56,000; gymnasium, completion of, \$70,000; roads and utilities, \$243,000; completion of chapel and school, \$50,000.

Raritan Arsenal, New Jersey: Noncommissioned officers' quarters,

Walter Reed General Hospital, District of Columbia: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$120,000; addition to nurses' quarters, \$300,000.

Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois: Noncommissioned officers' quarters,

\$15,000.

Rockwell Field, California: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$234,000; officers' quarters, \$266,000.

Fort Winfield Scott, California: Noncommissioned officers' quar-

ters, \$140,000.

Selfridge Field, Michigan: Gymnasium and theater, \$80,000; garage, \$40,000; quartermaster maintenance building, \$20,000; post exchange, \$45,000; officers' mess, \$60,000; enlisted men's service club. \$50,000; bakery, \$15,000; roads and utilities, \$75,000.

Fort Sill, Oklahoma: Barracks, \$875,000; noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$72,000; officers' quarters, \$75,000; gun sheds, \$48,000;

stables, \$30,000; vehicle shed, \$10,000.

Fort Snelling, Minnesota: Quartermaster warehouse, \$65,000; barracks, medical detachment, \$40,000.

Fort Totten, New York: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$30,000.

Fort Wadsworth, New York: Officers' quarters, \$75,000.

Fort Francis E. Warren, Wyoming: Noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$120,000.

West Point, New York: For addition to hospital, \$250,000; bar-

racks for service detachment, \$250,000.

Fort George Wright, Washington: Noncommissioned officers'

quarters, \$60,000.

(b) No part of the sum appropriated by this section, except the amount for expenditure under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a), shall be expended if the Secretary of the Treasury certifies to the President that the amount necessary for such expenditure is not available and can not be obtained upon reasonable terms.

SEC. 302. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated not to exceed \$7,436,000, to be expended for the construction and installation at military posts, and at airports and landing fields, of such technical buildings and utilities and appurtenances thereto as may

be necessary, as follows:

Albrook Field, Canal Zone: Technical buildings and installations, completion of, \$293,000; gasoline-storage system, completion of, \$25,000.

Barksdale Field, Louisiana: Hangars, \$350,000; headquarters and operations buildings, completion of, \$89,200; gasoline-storage system, completion of, \$20,000; paved aprons, \$100,000.

No expenditures if sums not available. Exceptions.

Construction of technical buildings, appur-tenances, etc., at des-ignated posts.

Fort Benning, Georgia: Hangar, combination, \$88,000; gasoline- Construction of techstorage system, \$10,000; improvement of landing field and building Contd. area, \$25,000; heating plant, \$20,000; paved aprons, \$20,000.

Benton Field, Alameda, California: Completion of shops, including assembly and test hangars, dope storage, heating and engine test block, \$605,500; depot warehouse, \$500,000; administration build-

ing, \$80,000; railroad spur, \$8,000; quartermaster warehouse, maintenance and salvage building, \$35,000; garage, \$48,000; fire and guard house, \$30,000; pier, \$125,000; paint, oil, and dope soon and oil reclamation, \$35,000; gasoline-storage system, \$20,000; paved

aprons, \$80,000.

Fort Bliss, Texas: Operations building, \$10,000.

Bolling Field, District of Columbia: Paved aprons, completion of, \$22,800; heating plant for technical area, completion of, \$78,000; field shops, completion of, \$6,000; improvement of landing field and building area, \$615,000.

Chanute Field, Illinois: Hangars, \$170,000; paved aprons, \$30,000; improvement of landing field and technical area, \$15,000; enlarge-

ment of central heating plant and steam lines, \$185,000.

Dryden, Texas: Paved aprons and hangar floor, \$15,000. Duncan Field, Texas: Depot administration building, \$60,000; gasoline-storage system, completion of, \$15,000.

Hatbox Field, Muskogee, Oklahoma: Roofing and sidewalls for

hangar, and paved aprons, \$15,000.

Hamilton Field, California: Headquarters and operations building, to complete, \$35,000; improvement of landing field and build-

ing area, \$120,000.

Langley Field, Virginia: Remodeling two hangars into shops, and for ceilings in and additions to hangars, \$91,000; gasoline-storage system, completion of, \$21,000; bomb storage, \$19,000; improvement of landing field and building area, \$25,000; machine-gun range, **\$6,000.**

Luke Field, Hawaiian Department: Air depot, plane overhaul and

assembly, \$200,000.

March Field, California: Gasoline-storage system, completion of,

\$10,000; aircraft-bomb storage, \$5,000.

Maxwell Field, Alabama: Squadron officers' school and/or additions to school building, \$150,000; gasoline-storage system, \$10,200; improvement of landing field, \$100,000; camera obscura, \$4,000; bomb storage, \$13,000; machine-gun and bombing range, \$6,000. Mitchel Field, New York: Improvement of landing field, \$80,000;

gasoline-storage system, completion of, \$5,000; bomb storage,

\$13,000; machine-gun range, \$2,000.

Panama Canal Zone: Improvement of emergency landing fields

at Gamboa Reach and Camp Gaillard, \$20,000.

Patterson Field, Ohio: Hangars, headquarters and operations, and heating plant, completion of, \$251,300; improvement of landing field and building area, \$5,000; gasoline-storage system, completion

of, \$10,000.
Pope Field, North Carolina: Hangar—balloon-dismantle, transfer, and recrection of, \$110,000; paved aprons, \$15,000; paint, oil, and

dope storage, \$5,000.

Post Field, Oklahoma: Hangar-balloon-dismantle, transfer, and

reerection of, \$110,000; paved aprons, \$15,000.

Randolph Field, Texas: Engine-test stands and building, \$40,000; oil storage, \$15,000; gasoline-storage system, completion of, \$10,000; aerial target range, \$20,000.

Rockwell Field, California: Hangars, \$576,000; Air Corps warehouse, \$80,000; operations building, \$20,000; remodeling a permanical buildings, etc.-

Construction of technical building for radio, parachute, and armament building, \$20,000; administration building, \$80,000; photographic building, \$36,000: paint, oil, and dope storage, \$15,000; gasoline-storage system, \$30,000; paved aprons, \$95,000; central heating plants, \$100,000; improvement of landing field and technical building area, \$100,000; camera obscura, \$5,000; bomb storage, \$15,000.

Schoen Field, Indiana: Grading landing field, \$5,000.

Scott Field, Illinois: Hangar, \$90,000; headquarters and operations buildings, \$80,000; barracks, \$271,000; radio building, \$10,000; photo building, \$36,000; gas plant and chemical storage, \$50,000; central heating plants, \$145,000; gasoline-storage system, \$10,000; paved aprons, \$40,000; improvement of landing field and building area, \$50,000; machine-gun butts, \$3,000.

Selfridge Field, Michigan: Gasoline-storage system, completion

of, \$10,000.

Wheeler Field, Hawaiian Department: Gasoline-storage system,

completion of, \$31,000; paved aprons, \$38,000.

SEC. 303. No money shall be available for expenditure under this title in connection with a project in the District of Columbia, except

as provided in section 301 (a) (11) or 302. Sec. 304. The last paragraph of section 6 of the Federal Highway Act, approved November 9, 1921, as amended and supplemented (U.S.C., title 23, sec. 6), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Whenever provision has been made by any State for the completion and maintenance of 90 per centum of its system of primary or interstate and secondary or intercounty highways equal to 7 per centum of the total mileage of such State, as required by this Act, said State through its State highway department, by and with the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture, is hereby authorized to increase the mileage of the primary or interstate and secondary or intercounty systems by additional mileage equal to not more than 1 per centum of said total mileage of such State, and thereafter to make like increases in the mileage of said systems whenever provision has been made for the completion and maintenance of 90 per centum of the mileage of said systems previously authorized in accordance herewith."

SEC. 305. After the date of the enactment of this Act, in the acquisition of any land or site for the purposes of section 301 (a) (10):

(1) The period of solicitation of proposals by public advertise-

ment shall be ten days in lieu of twenty days;

(2) In any case in which such site or land is to be acquired by con-R. S., sec. 355, p. 60. demnation, the provisions of section 355 of the Revised Statutes, as

amended, shall not apply; and

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 1 of the Act entitled Vol. 46, p. 1421, "An Act to expedite the construction of public buildings and works U. S. C., Supp. V, outside of the District of Columbia by enabling possession and title p. 569.

Taking of title by of sites to be taken in advance of final judgment in proceedings for United States before the acquisition thereof the power of eminent domain," before the acquisition thereof under the power of eminent domain," approved February 26, 1931 (U. S. C., Supp. V, title 40, sec. 258a) in any case in which any land or any interest therein is to be acquired by condemnation, the Secretary of the Treasury, through the Attorney General, may, prior to the institution of condemnation proceedings, file with the clerk of the district court of the district in which such land is located a declaration of taking, containing the matters required by such section to be included in a declaration of taking. The declaration of taking shall be accompanied by the deposit with such clerk, to the use of the parties who may be found to be entitled thereto, of the amount of the estimated compensation stated in the

Restriction on ex-penditure in District.

Federal Highway Act, amendment. Vol. 42, p. 213. U. S. C., p. 666.

State permitted additional mileage construction, when requisite 90 per cent completed pleted.

Acquisition of sites for emergency construc-

Period for proposals

Not applicable in public domain.

Land, etc., for public

Post, p. 901.

Declaration of taking to be filed.

Compensation.

declaration. As soon as practicable after the filing of such declaration of taking, the Secretary of the Treasury shall cause to be posted in a prominent place upon the land a notice reciting (A) that the land or the interest therein is taken by the United States for public use, (B) that a declaration of taking in respect of such land or interest therein has been filed with the clerk of the court of the district, and (C) that there has been deposited with such clerk, to the use of the parties who may be found to be entitled thereto, the estimated just compensation for the land or interest therein taken. The of premises, Secretary of the Treasury shall give written notice similar to the posted notice, by personal service in the case of actual occupants of the premises or, if with reasonable diligence such personal service can not be made, he shall send such notice by registered mail directed to the premises, and he shall send notice by registered mail directed to their last known address in the case of all parties who the Secretary ascertains have or may have an interest in such land, and he may give such additional notice by newspaper publication or otherwise as he deems necessary. Upon posting notice on the land, title to the land or interest therein shall vest in the United States, and the right to just compensation therefor shall vest in the parties entitled thereto. The Secretary of the Treasury shall cause notice to be personally served upon, or if with reasonable diligence such service can not be made, to be sent by registered mail to actual occupants of the premises, setting a time (not earlier than twenty days after the service or sending of such notice) at which such parties shall surrender possession, and at the end of such time the right to possession shall vest in the United States. The Secretary of the Treasury may designate any person to serve any notice under the preceding provisions of this subsection and such person shall have power to enter upon such land for the purpose of posting notice or to make personal service of notice. If any such party fails or refuses so to surrender possession, upon summary petition for an order to surrender possession filed in such district court by or on behalf of the Secretary of the Treasury, the court may, by writ of assistance or other process, order the surrender of possession. A petition in condemnation shall be filed in such district court as soon after the filing ceedings. of the declaration of taking as practicable. In any such condemnation proceeding, no further declaration of taking shall be required, and the provisions of section 1 of such Act of February 26, 1931, authorizing the court to fix the time when parties in possession shall be required to surrender possession, shall not apply. If such petition for condemnation is not filed within a reasonable time after the filing of such declaration of taking, any person entitled to just compensation in respect of the property so taken shall be entitled to sue the United States in the court in which such declaration of taking was filed. The procedure in such suit shall be the same as in suits against the United States founded upon contract, except that such suit may be heard even if the amount of the claim is greater than \$10,000 and except that the procedure for the ascertainment of the amount of just compensation shall be the same as such procedure in condemnation proceedings. If the petition for condemnation is filed prior to the time the commissioners in condemnation, jurors, or other persons charged with the duty of valuing the property are empaneled, such suit shall be dismissed, except that such suit and the condemnation proceedings may, in the discretion of the court, and under rules prescribed by it, be consolidated to such extent as the court may deem practicable. In any suit authorized to be brought under this subsection or in any condemnation proceeding involving land acquired in accordance with this sub-

Notice thereof posted.

Effect.

Eviction.

Condemnation pro-

Petition to be filed.

Procedure.

Award.

section, the court shall enter judgment against the United States in favor of the parties entitled for the sum or sums awarded as just compensation, respectively, for the land or interest therein taken for the use of the United States and such judgment shall be paid out of the sums deposited with the court and such additional sums as may be awarded shall be paid in the same manner as sums awarded in judgments in cases in which the United States has consented to be sued. The provisions of such Act of February 26, 1931, except as modified by this subsection, shall apply to all such suits or condemnation proceedings. The provisions of this subsection shall not be construed to be in substitution for, but shall be supplemental to, any method of acquiring land or interests therein provided in existing

Provisions construed.

Post offices. Use of standard plans of construction.

No convict labor to be employed.

Thirty-hour week provisions.

Preference service men.

Cumulative sinking Additional authorizations. Vol. 40, p. 1312. Post, p. 1492.

Sec. 306. In the construction of post offices and of buildings for post offices and other offices provided for in section 301 (a) (10), the Secretary of the Treasury with the cooperation of the Postmaster General may use such standard plans (heretofore or hereafter prepared) as may be most adaptable to the particular building to be constructed.

Sec. 307. All contracts let for construction projects pursuant to this title shall be subject to the conditions that no convict labor shall be directly employed on any such project, and that (except in executive, administrative, and supervisory positions), so far as practicable, no individual directly employed on any such project shall be permitted to work more than thirty hours in any one week, and that in the employment of labor in connection with any such project, preference shall be given, where they are qualified, to ex-service men with

Sec. 308. For each fiscal year beginning with the fiscal year 1934, there is authorized to be appropriated, for the purposes of the sinking fund provided in section 6 of the Victory Liberty Loan Act, as amended, in addition to amounts otherwise appropriated, an amount equal to 2½ per centum of the aggregate amount of the expenditures made, out of appropriations made or authorized in this title, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act and on or before the last day of the fiscal year for which the appropriation is made.

Approved, July 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 521.]

AN ACT

[Public, No. 303.]

July 21, 1932. [S. 4569.]

Compensation Act, amendments. Vol. 43, p. 126. U. S. C., p. 1231.

Loan privileges.

promissory note cured by certificate.

Interest rate creased.

Relating to loans to veterans on their adjusted-service certificates.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the World War Adjusted United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of subdivision (b) of section 502 of the World War Adjusted Compensation Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 38, sec. 642(b)), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"(b) Any national bank, or any bank or trust company incorporated under the laws of any State, Territory, possession, or the District of Columbia (hereinafter in this section called 'bank'), Bank authorized to is authorized to loan to any veteran upon his promissory note secured se by his adjusted-service certificate (with or without the consent of the beneficiary thereof) any amount not in excess of the loan basis

(as defined in subdivision (g) of this section) of the certificate". Sec. 2. (a) Subdivisions (c) and (d) of section 502 of such Act, as amended (U.S.C., title 38, secs. 642(c) and 642(d)), are hereby amended by striking out "6 per centum" wherever occurring in such subdivisions and inserting in lieu thereof "31/2 per centum".

(b) Subdivision (1) of section 502 of such Act, as amended (U. S. C., Sup. V, title 38, sec. 642 (1)), is amended by striking out creased. "4½ per centum" and inserting in lieu thereof "3½ per centum".

Direct loans.

(c) The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) of this fected. section shall not apply with respect to interest accrued prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.

Prior loans not af-

Sec. 3. Subdivision (m) of section 502 of such Act, as amended (U. S. C., Sup. V, title 38, sec. 642 (m)), is hereby amended to read as follows:

> Funds available for loans. Vol. 43, p. 128.

"(m) Loans made by the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs under this section may at his option be made out of the United States Government life insurance fund, or out of the Adjusted Service Certificate Fund created under section 505. In case of loans made out of the United States Government life insurance fund the fund shall be entitled to receive interest at the rate of 41/2 per centum per interest annum, compounded annually, but, in respect of interest on any such loan accruing after this subdivision as amended takes effect, the amount by which interest at such rate exceeds 3½ per centum per annum, compounded annually, shall be paid to the United States Government life insurance fund out of the Adjusted Service Certificate Fund ".

Computation of

Approved, July 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 522.]

AN ACT

To create Federal Home Loan Banks, to provide for the supervision thereof, and for other purposes.

July 22, 1932. [H. R. 12280.] [Public, No. 304.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Federal Home Loan Bank Act."

Federal Home Loan

DEFINITIONS

Definitions.

SEC. 2. As used in this Act—

(1) The term "board" means the Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

"Board."

(2) The term "Federal Home Loan Bank" means a bank estab-

"Federal Home Loan

lished by the board under authority of this Act.

(3) The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands of the United States, and the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii.

"State."

(4) The term "member" (except when used in reference to a member of the board) means any institution which has subscribed for the stock of a Federal Home Loan Bank.

"Member,"

(5) The term "home mortgage loan" means a loan made by a member or a nonmember borrower upon the security of a home

"Home mortgage

less than ninety-nine years, upon which there is located a dwelling for not more than three families, and shall include, in addition to first mortgages, such classes of first liens as are commonly given to "Home mortgage."

(6) The term "home mortgage" means a first mortgage upon real estate, in fee simple, or leasehold under a renewable lease for not secure advances on real estate by institutions authorized under this Act to become members, under the laws of the State in which the real estate is located, together with the credit instruments, if any, secured thereby.

"Unpaid principal."

(7) The term "unpaid principal," when used in respect of a loan secured by a home mortgage means the principal thereof less the sum of (1) payments made on such principal, and (2) in cases where shares or stock are pledged as security for the loan, the payments made on such shares or stock plus earnings or dividends apportioned or credited thereon.

"Amortized" or "in-stallment" home mortgage loan.

(8) An "amortized" or "installment" home mortgage loan shall, for the purposes of this Act, be a home mortgage loan to be repaid or liquidated in not less than eight years by means of regular weekly, monthly, or quarterly payments made directly in reduction of the debt or upon stock or shares pledged as collateral for the repayment of such loan.

"Nonmember bor-

(9) The term "nonmember borrower" includes an institution authorized to secure advances from a Federal Home Loan Bank under the provisions of section 6 (e).

Federal Home Loan

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS

Designated number

SEC. 3. As soon as practicable the board shall divide the conof bank districts with a bank in each district tinental United States, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii into not less than eight nor more than twelve districts. Such districts shall be apportioned with due regard to the convenience and customary course of business of the institutions eligible to and likely to subscribe for stock of a Federal Home Loan Bank to be formed under this Act, but no such district shall contain a fractional part of any State. The districts thus created may be readjusted and new districts may from time to time be created by the board, not to exceed twelve in all. Such districts shall be known as Federal Home Loan Bank districts and may be designated by number. As soon as practicable the board shall establish, in each district, a Federal Home Loan Bank at such city as may be designated by the board. Its title shall include the name of the city at which it is established.

Member and non-

ELIGIBILITY OF MEMBERS AND NONMEMBER BORROWERS

Sec. 4. (a) Any building and loan association, savings and loan association, cooperative bank, homestead association, insurance com-

Eligible institutions.

Conditions.

pany, or savings bank, shall be eligible to become a member of, or a nonmember borrower of, a Federal Home Loan Bank if such institution (1) is duly organized under the laws of any State or of the United States; (2) is subject to inspection and regulation under the banking laws, or under similar laws, of the State or of the United States; and (3) makes such home mortgage loans as, in the judgment of the board, are long-term loans (and in the case of a savings bank, if, in the judgment of the board, its time deposits, as defined in section 19 of the Federal Reserve Act, warrant its making such loans). No institution shall be eligible to become a member of, or a nonmember borrower of, a Federal Home Loan Bank if, in the judgment of the board, its financial condition is such that advances may not safely be made to such institution or the character of its

Disqualifications.

management or its home-financing policy is inconsistent with sound and economical home financing, or with the purposes of this Act. (b) An institution eligible to become a member or a nonmember borrower under this section may become a member only of, or secure advances from, the Federal Home Loan Bank of the district in which is located the institution's principal place of business, or of the bank of a district adjoining such district, if demanded by convenience and then only with the approval of the board.

Membership and privilege restrictions.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of clause (2) of subsection Bullding, etc., as(a) of this section requiring inspection and regulation under law State regulation eight subjecting to as a condition with respect to eligibility for memberhip, any building gible if subjecting to prescribed inspection. and loan association which would be eligible to become a member of a Federal Home Loan Bank except for the fact that it is not subject to inspection and regulation under the banking laws or similar laws of the State in which such association is organized shall, upon subjecting itself to such inspection and regulation as the board shall prescribe, be eligible to become a member.

(d) Any home owner who comes within the limits of this Act obtain mortgage money and who is unable to obtain mortgage money from any other source if unable elsewhere. may obtain same from any bank organized under this Act: Provided. That this subsection shall not be effective when the Federal

Government has had its stock retired.

SEC. 5. No institution shall be admitted to or retained in member-loans. Institution disqualiship, or granted the privileges of nonmember borrowers, if the combined total of the amounts paid to it for interest, commission, bonus, home owner exceed discount, premium, and other similar charges, less a proper deduction legal rate, etc. for all dividends, refunds, and cash credits of all kinds, creates an actual net cost to the home owner in excess of the maximum legal rate of interest or, in case there is a lawful contract rate of interest rate. applicable to such transactions, in excess of such rate (regardless of any exemption from usury laws), or, in case there is no legal rate of interest or lawful contract rate of interest applicable to such transactions, in excess of 8 per centum per annum in the State where such property is located. This section applies only to home mortgage loans made after the enactment of this Act.

Contract interest

CAPITAL OF FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANKS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS THERETO Banks.

SEC. 6. (a) As soon as practicable after the enactment of this Act, the board, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall determine the minimum capital of each Federal Home Loan Bank which shall be not less than \$5,000,000. The board shall, as soon as practicable thereafter, open books in each district established under section 3 for subscription to the capital stock of the Federal Home Loan Bank of the district.

(b) The capital stock of each Federal Home Loan Bank shall be divided into shares of a par value of \$100 each. The minimum capital stock shall be issued at par. Stock issued thereafter shall be issued at such price not less than par as may be fixed by the board.

(c) The original stock subscription for each institution eligible to become a member under section 4 shall be an amount equal to 1 per centum of the aggregate of the unpaid principal of the subscriber's home mortgage loans, but not less than \$1,500. The board shall from amounts. time to time adjust the amount of stock held by each member so that, as nearly as possible, such member shall at all times have invested in the stock of the Federal Home Loan Bank at least an amount calculated in the manner provided in the preceding sentence (but not less than \$1,500). If the board finds that the investment of any stock held is member in stock is greater than that required under this section, ings may be reduced. upon application of such member, the bank shall pay such member for each share of stock in excess of the amount so required an amount equal to the value of such stock, or, at the election of the bank, the whole or any part of the payments which would be so made shall be credited upon the indebtedness of the member to the bank. In stock. either such event, stock equal in value to the amount of the payment or credit, or both, as the case may be, shall be surrendered and canceled. No share of stock shall be surrendered and canceled if the effect of such surrender and cancellation would be to violate the

Federal Home Loan

Minimum capital.

Subscriptions.

Shares of stock.

Original investment.

Payment for canceled

Restriction. Post, p. 732. provisions of section 10 (c) requiring the amount of stock held by such member to equal at least one-twelfth of the outstanding advances to such member.

(d) Stock subscriptions other than by the United States shall be paid for in cash, and shall be paid for at the time of application therefor, or, at the election of the subscriber, in installments, but not less than one-fourth of the total amount payable shall be paid at the time of filing application, and a further sum of not less than one-fourth of such total shall have been paid at the end of each

succeeding period of four months.

Institutions where State laws do not permit stock purchase.

Cash payment for stock subscriptions.

pay-

Installment

Admitted to borrowing privileges on speci-fied terms, etc.

Security required.

Permissive only pending State authori-

Liquidation and termination if authority withheld.

Limitation on advances.

Unsubscribed portions of minimum capital to be taken over by Secretary of the Treas-

Such subscriptions subject to call by board.

effect.

Reconstruction nance Corporation Act, amendment. Ante, p. 5.

Necessary funds for payment to be fur-nished by corporation.

(e) If the law of the State under which an institution described in section 4 operates does not permit such institution to subscribe for stock in the Federal Home Loan Bank but if such institution has the power to borrow money and give security therefor, the board may permit such institution to obtain advances on the same terms and conditions and subject to the same limitations as members (except that such institution shall not be required, during the period during which advances may be made under this subsection, to subscribe for stock in the Federal Home Loan Bank or to deposit such stock as collateral security as required in section 10), but such institution shall be required to keep on deposit such security, in addition to home mortgages, for such advances, as the board shall determine, which shall equal in value 1 per centum of the aggregate unpaid principal of such institution's home mortgage loans (but not less than \$1,500). No advance to any such institution shall be made under authority of this subsection after the State in which the institution is organized enacts legislation authorizing such institution to subscribe for Federal Home Loan Bank stock or after the expiration of the next regular session of the legislature of such State begun after the enactment of this Act, whichever is earlier. If, at the end of such time, such institution is not authorized to subscribe for stock, the bank shall proceed to liquidate the indebtedness of such institution to the bank and to terminate its relations with such institution. No advance shall be made under authority of this subsection which matures more than one year after the advance is made, but the bank may renew any such advance for yearly periods, or less, thereafter. The maturity of no advance authorized under this subsection shall be later than the time of the enactment of legislation authorizing such institution to become a member or the expiration of such session of the legislature of the State, whichever is earlier.

(f) The Secretary of the Treasury shall subscribe, on behalf of the United States, for such part of the minimum capital of each Federal Home Loan Bank as is not subscribed for by members under subsection (c) of this section within thirty days after books have been opened for stock subscriptions as provided in subsection (a). Payments for stock subscriptions by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be subject to call in whole or in part by the board, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, at such time or times as

Receipts to issue; may be deemed advisable. Each Federal Home Loan Bank receiving such payments shall issue receipts therefor to the Secretary of the Treasury, and such receipts shall be evidence of the stock ownership Sum for stock pur- of the United States. The aggregate amount expended by the United States for the purchase of stock under this Act shall not exceed \$125,000,000. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, approved January 22, 1932, is amended by adding at the end of section 2 thereof the following new paragraph:

"In order to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to make payments upon stock of Federal Home Loan Banks subscribed for by him in accordance with the Federal Home Loan Bank Act, the sum of \$125,000,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary for such purpose, is hereby allocated and made available to the Secretary of the Treasury out of the capital of the corporation and/or the proceeds of notes, debentures, bonds, and other obligations issued by the corporation. For the purposes of this paragraph, the corporation issued. shall issue such notes, bonds, debentures, and other obligations as

Bonds, etc., to be

may be necessary."

(g) After the amount of capital of a Federal Home Loan Bank United States. paid in by members equals the amount paid in by the Secretary of that paid in by members the Treasury under subsection (f), such bank shall apply annually bers is at par. to the payment and retirement of the shares of the capital stock held by the United States, 50 per centum of all sums thereafter paid in as capital until all such capital stock held by the United States is retired at par. Stock held by the United States may at any time, in the time if resources perdiscretion of the Federal Home Loan Bank, and with the approval mit. of the board, be paid off at par and retired in whole or in part; and the board may at any time require such stock to be paid off at par and retired in whole or in part if in the opinion of the board the Federal Home Loan Bank has resources available therefor: Provided, That accumulated dividends, as provided in subsection (k), have dends.

(h) Stock subscribed for otherwise than by the United States, and fers, etc. the right to the proceeds thereof, shall not be transferred or hypothecated except as hereinafter provided and the certificates therefor

Proviso.

shall so state.

Unauthorized trans-

(i) Any member may withdraw from membership in a Federal membership. Home Loan Bank six months after filing with the board written notice of intention so to do, and the board may, after hearing, remove any member from membership, or deprive any nonmember borrower of the privilege of obtaining further advances, if, in the opinion of the board, such member or nonmember borrower has failed to comply with any provision of this Act or the regulations of the board made pursuant thereto or if, in the opinion of the board, such member or nonmember borrower is insolvent. In any such case, Indebtedness to be the indebtedness of such member or nonmember borrower to the Federal Home Loan Bank shall be liquidated, and the capital stock in the Federal Home Loan Bank owned by such member shall be surrendered and canceled. Upon the liquidation of such indebtedness such member or nonmember borrower shall be entitled to the return etc. Return of collateral, of its collateral, and, upon surrender and cancellation of such capital stock, the member shall receive a sum equal to its cash paid subscriptions for the capital stock surrendered, except that if at any time the board finds that the paid-in capital of a Federal Home Loan Bank is or is likely to be impaired as a result of losses in or depreciation of the assets held, the Federal Home Loan Bank shall on the order of the board withhold from the amount to be paid in retirement of the stock a pro rata share of the amount of such impairment as determined by the board.

Withdrawals from

Exception.

Transfer of stock.

Dividends.

Stock held by United

(j) A Federal Home Loan Bank may, with the approval of the board, permit the disposal of stock to another member, or to an institution eligible to become a member, but only to enable such an institution to become a member.

(k) All stock of any Federal Home Loan Bank shall share in dividend distributions without preference, except that stock subscribed for by the United States shall be entitled to dividends at states. a rate of 2 per centum per annum cumulative from the date of investment but in any case in which the rate of dividend is in excess

of 2 per centum, the stock subscribed for by the United States shall be entitled to dividends at a rate not in excess of that paid on other stock.

MANAGEMENT OF BANKS

Appointment of two by board.
Terms.

Division of nine di-rectors into three groups

Appointment, etc. Successors to be elected for three years.

Bank membership to be divided into three groups. Designations.

each class.

Regulations governing nominations and elections.

Filling vacancies.

Chairman and vice chairman to be designated.

Filling places where stock held is less than \$1,000,000.

Compensation

expenses.

To be vested in board of eleven directors, all of whom shall be citizens of the United States and bona fide residents of the distance of the d Sec. 7. (a) The management of each Federal Home Loan Bank in which such bank is located.

> (b) Two of such directors shall be appointed by the board. The terms of such directors shall expire one year and two years, respectively, from the end of the calendar year 1932, and their successors shall be appointed by the board for terms of three years.

> (c) Nine of such directors, three of whom shall be known as class A directors, three of whom shall be known as class B directors, and three of whom shall be known as class C directors, shall be first appointed by the board, and shall serve until the end of the calendar year 1932. Their successors shall be elected as provided in subsection (d), and of such successors first elected one of each such class shall serve for one, two, and three years, respectively. after all such directors shall serve for three years. Directors of classes A, B, and C, whether appointed or elected, shall be chosen from among persons connected with the home-financing business.

(d) The board shall divide all the members of each Federal Home Loan Bank into three groups which shall be designated as groups A, B, and C, which groups shall represent, respectively, and as fairly as may be, group A, the large, group B, the medium-sized, and group C, the small members, the size of such members to be determined according to the aggregate unpaid principal of the member's home mortgage loans. The board may revise the member-Directors elected by ship of such groups from time to time. Of the directors elected as hereinafter provided, each class A director shall be an officer or director of a member in group A, each class B director shall be an officer or director of a member in group B, and each class C director shall be an officer or director of a member in group C. Each member shall be entitled to nominate suitably qualified persons for election as directors of the class corresponding to the group to which such member belongs, and shall cast one vote for each director in The directors of each class shall be nominated and elected in accordance with such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the board.

(e) Any director appointed or elected as provided in this section to fill a vacancy shall hold office only until the expiration of the term of his predecessor.

(f) The board shall designate one of the directors of each bank to be chairman, and one to be vice chairman, of the board of directors of such bank.

If at any time when nominations are required, members shall hold less than \$1,000,000 of the capital stock of the Federal Home Loan Bank, the board shall appoint a director or directors to fill the place or places for which such nominations are required. A director so appointed shall serve until the expiration of the calendar year during which he takes office.

(h) Each bank may pay its directors reasonable compensation for the time required of them, and their necessary expenses, in the performance of their duties, in accordance with the resolutions adopted by such directors, subject to the approval of the board.

(i) Such board of directors shall administer the affairs of the bank fairly and impartially and without discrimination in favor of or against any member or nonmember borrower, and shall, subject to the provisions hereof, extend to each institution authorized to secure advances such advances as may be made safely and reasonably with due regard for the claims and demands of other institutions, and with due regard to the maintenance of adequate credit standing for the Federal Home Loan Bank and its obligations.

Administration.

EXAMINATIONS AND STUDIES BY THE BOARD

Sec. 8. The board shall cause to be made from time to time exam- studies by the board. inations of the laws of the various States of the United States and the regulations and procedure thereunder governing conditions under which institutions of the kinds which may become members or nonmember borrowers under this Act are permitted to be formed or to do business, or relating to the conveying or recording of land titles, or to homestead and other rights, or to the enforcement of the rights of holders of mortgages on lands securing loans, or otherwise. If any such examination shall indicate, in the opinion of the where conditions unboard, that under the laws of any such State or the regulations or satisfactory. procedure thereunder there would be inadequate protection to a Federal Home Loan Bank in making or collecting advances under this Act, the board may withhold or limit the operation of any Federal Home Loan Bank in such State until satisfactory conditions of law, regulation, or procedure shall be established. In any State amination of borrowers where State examination of members or nonmember borrowers is where State law inadedeemed inadequate for the purposes of the Federal Home Loan Banks, the board shall establish such examination, all or part of the cost of which may be considered as part of the cost of making advances in such State. The banks and/or the board may make studies of trends of home and other property values, methods of appraisals, and other subjects such as they may deem useful for the general guidance of their policies and operations and those of institutions authorized to secure advances.

Examination and

Establishment of ex-

Trends of values to be studied.

ELIGIBILITY TO SECURE ADVANCES

Sec. 9. Any member or nonmember borrower of a Federal Home etc. Loan Bank shall be entitled to apply in writing for advances. Such application shall be in such form as shall be required by the Federal Home Loan Bank with the approval of the board. Such Federal Home Loan Bank may at its discretion deny any such application, or, subject to the approval of the board, may grant it on such conditions as the Federal Home Loan Bank may prescribe.

Eligibility to secure

Form of application.

Discretionary action.

ADVANCES TO MEMBERS

SEC. 10. (a) Each Federal Home Loan Bank is authorized to make on security of home advances to members and nonmember borrowers, upon the security mortgages conferred. of home mortgages, such advances to be made subject to such regulations, restrictions, and limitations as the board may prescribe. Any such advance shall be subject to the following limitations as to Subject to specified

(1) If secured by a home mortgage given in respect of an amor- tized installment morttized home mortgage loan which was for an original term of eight sace. years or more, or in cases where shares of stock, which are pledged as security for such loan, mature in a period of eight years or more,

Advances to mem-

Maximum amount.

Secured by home mortgage given on any other mortgage loan.

Limitation.

Acceptance as collateral security forbid-den in specified cases.

Value of real estate considered 88 loan made.

Investigations.

Restriction where personally agent is

Advances made on properly secured notes.

Stock of borrower as further security.

Advances not to exceed twelve times amount of capital held,

Applicants required to enter into obligation to pay, etc.

Right to require additional security rerequire served.

Banks.

the advance may be for an amount not in excess of 60 per centum of the unpaid principal of the home mortgage loan; in no case shall the amount of the advance exceed 40 per centum of the value of the real estate securing the home mortgage loan.

(2) If secured by a home mortgage given in respect of any other home mortgage loan, the advance shall not be for an amount in excess of 50 per centum of the unpaid principal of the home mortgage loan; in no case shall the amount of such advance exceed 30 per centum of the value of the real estate securing the home mortgage

(b) No home mortgage shall be accepted as collateral security for an advance by a Federal Home Loan Bank if, at the time such advance is made (1) the home mortgage loan secured by it has more than fifteen years to run to maturity, or (2) the value of the real estate with respect to which the home mortgage is given exceeds \$20,000, or (3) is past due more than six months when presented. For the purposes of this subsection and subsection (a) the value of real estate shall be as of the time the advance is made and shall be established by such certification by the borrowing institution, or such other evidence, as the board may require. For the purposes of this section, each Federal Home Loan Bank shall have power to make, or to cause or require to be made, such appraisals and other investiga-tions as it may deem necessary. No home mortgage otherwise eligible to be accepted as collateral security for an advance by a Federal Home Loan Bank shall be accepted if any director, officer, employee, attorney, or agent of the Federal Home Loan Bank or of the borrowing institution is personally liable thereon, unless the board has specifically approved by formal resolution such acceptance.

(c) Such advances shall be made upon the note or obligation of the member or nonmember borrower secured as provided in this section, bearing such rate of interest as the board may approve or determine, and the Federal Home Loan Bank shall have a lien upon and shall hold the stock of such member as further collateral security for all indebtedness of the member to the Federal Home Loan Bank. At no time shall the aggregate outstanding advances made by any Federal Home Loan Bank to any member exceed twelve times the amounts paid in by such member for outstanding capital stock held by it, or made to a nonmember borrower exceed twelve times the value of the security required to be deposited under section 6 (e).

(d) The institution applying for an advance shall enter into a primary and unconditional obligation to pay off all advances, together with interest and any unpaid costs and expenses in connection therewith according to the terms under which they were made, in such form as shall meet the requirements of the bank and the approval of the board. The bank shall reserve the right to require at any time. when deemed necessary for its protection, deposits of additional collateral security or substitutions of security by the borrowing institution, and each borrowing institution shall assign additional or substituted security when and as so required. Subject to the sale, etc., of advances substituted security when and as so required. Subject to the to other Home Loan approval of the board, any Federal Home Loan Bank shall have power to sell to any other Federal Home Loan Bank, with or without recourse, any advance made under the provisions of this Act, or to allow to such bank a participation therein, and any other Federal Home Loan Bank shall have power to purchase such advance or to accept a participation therein, together with an appropriate assignment of security therefor.

GENERAL POWERS AND DUTIES OF BANKS

Sec. 11. (a) Each Federal Home Loan Bank shall have power, subject to the approval of the board, (1) to borrow money, to give security therefor, and to pay interest thereon, and (2) to issue bonds and debentures having such maturities as may be determined by the board, secured by the transfer of eligible obligations of borrowing institutions on advances made by the bank to borrowing institutions and by the deposit of home mortgages.

(b) The board shall prescribe rules and regulations governing to prescribe regulations governing to prescribe regulations governing to prescribe regulations governing to the assignment, deposit, custody, substitution, and release of the tions of borrowing institutions to the head which are transobligations of borrowing institutions to the bank which are transferred and of the home mortgages securing such bonds and debentures, the forms and terms of such bonds and debentures, and the conditions under which they may be issued and retired, including any option with respect to payment and retirement thereof in advance of maturity, and such regulations shall provide for the deposit in trust, under such terms and conditions as it may deem advisable, of the home mortgages securing such bonds and debentures. For the purposes of this section the board is authorized to appoint, and fix the compensation and prescribe the duties of, a registrar in each district, who shall not be connected with or interested in any Federal Home Loan Bank, any member, any nonmember borrower, or any institution of a class eligible to become a member or a nonmember borrower under this Act, and to require pointed in each district. of such registrar a bond, in such amount and with such sureties as the board may fix, conditioned on the faithful performance of the duties required of him.

(c) Such deposits in trust shall be so maintained that the aggre-Issue of bonds, etc. gate unpaid principal of the home mortgage loans secured by the mortgages deposited as home mortgages deposited as security for bonds or debentures shall, security for, must equal 1900 per cent of issue. as nearly as possible, be at all times not less than an amount equal to 190 per centum of the total outstanding amount of such issue. Cash deposited under authority of subsection (d) shall be security for an amount of bonds and debentures equal to the amount of cash deposited. Direct obligations of the United States deposited under authority of subsection (d) shall be security for an amount of bonds and debentures equal to the par value of such obligations.

(d) The board may at any time require any Federal Home Loan or substitutions as se-Bank to deposit additional home mortgages or to make substitutions of home mortgages to secure such bonds and debentures, except that when in the opinion of the board home mortgages are not available for such purpose, it may permit, for such limited periods as it may deem advisable, the deposit of cash or direct obligations of the United States in lieu of the deposit of substitute or additional home

loan mortgages. (e) The board shall approve or determine the rates of interest notes, bonds, etc. to be paid by the Federal Home Loan Banks upon the notes, debentures, or bonds which they may issue except that no bond or debenture issued within seven years after the enactment of this Act shall bear a rate of interest in excess of 5½ per centum per annum, and no bond or debenture issued thereafter shall bear a rate of interest in excess of 5 per centum per annum, and shall provide such margins penses. (not to exceed 11/2 per centum) between interest rates received upon advances made to borrowing institutions and interest paid upon obligations which the Federal Home Loan Bank may issue as will cover expenses of operation and reserves and, under such regulations as may be provided by the board, some part of such reserve may be al subscription. devoted to retirement of the stock subscribed by the United States.

General powers and

Borrow money, etc. Issue bonds, etc.

Surety required.

Cash, etc., in lieu.

Limitation.

Margin, to cover ex-

Retirement of Feder-

Joint, etc., liability of

Proviso. Specific accounts.

Mutual arrange-ments for meeting obligations authorized.

Liability not waived.

Deposit restrictions.

General banking business forbidden.

Rediscounts, etc.

rates, etc.

Duties of banks. To carry sum equal to capital subscriptions, etc., invested in Federal obligations.

Deposits in banks, Short-term loans.

mortgage security.

Investment of designated assets.

(f) The Federal Home Loan Banks shall be jointly and severally liable for the payment when due of all bonds and debentures, and of notes and other obligations issued by any Federal Home Loan Bank, and interest thereon, in accordance with their terms: Prowided. That this shall not prevent any particular Federal Home Loan Bank, when specifically so authorized by the board, from borrowing funds temporarily under the terms of obligations which shall expressly state in substance in such manner as shall be approved by the board that the liability therefor is confined to the issuing bank. The Federal Home Loan Banks shall from time to time in accordance with rules, regulations, and orders of the board make adequate agreements and arrangements among themselves for meeting the payment of the bonds, debentures, notes, or other obligations on which they are jointly and severally liable, and the interest thereon. but such agreements and arrangements shall not restrict in any respect the joint and several liability herein established.

g) Each Federal Home Loan Bank shall have power to accept only such deposits as are made by members and nonmember borrowers of such bank, or by other Federal Home Loan Banks. Such deposits shall not be subject to check, and no rate of interest in excess of 2 per centum per annum shall be paid thereon. "Deposits" as used in this section, does not include deposits made under section 6 (e). No Federal Home Loan Bank shall transact any banking

or other business not expressly authorized by this Act.

(h) The board is authorized and empowered to permit, or, whenever in the judgment of at least four members of the board an emergency exists requiring such action, to require, Federal Home Loan Banks to rediscount the discounted notes of members or nonmember borrowers held by other Federal Home Loan Banks, or to purchase the bonds issued by any other Federal Home Loan Bank, Board to fix price of or to make deposits with other Federal Home Loan Banks. In any bonds and rediscount area in which the board requires the provider of the local banks. case in which the board requires the purchase of bonds, the board shall fix the price therefor, or if the board requires the acceptance of a deposit, it shall fix the security therefor. The rediscount rates and the rates of interest to be paid upon deposits shall be fixed by the board.

(i) Each Federal Home Loan Bank shall at all times have an amount, equal to the sums paid in on outstanding capital subscriptions of its members, plus an amount, equal to the current deposits received from its members and from nonmember borrowers, invested in (1) obligations of the United States, (2) deposits in banks or trust companies, (3) advances with maturity not greater than one year made to members or nonmember borrowers, upon such terms and conditions as the board may prescribe, and (4) advances with maturity not greater than one year made to members or nonmember borrowers the amount of whose creditor liabilities (not including advances from the Federal Home Loan Bank) does not exceed 5 per Advances without centum of such member's or nonmember borrower's net assets, which advances may be made without the security of home mortgages or other security, upon such terms and conditions as the board may

(j) Such part of the assets of each Federal Home Loan Bank (except reserves and except sums provided for in subsection (i)) as such bank may deem available therefor, and as are not required for advances to members or nonmember borrowers, may be invested, subject to such regulations, restrictions, and limitations as may be prescribed by the board, in direct obligations of the United States

and in such securities as fiduciary and trust funds may be invested in under the laws of the State in which the Federal Home Loan Bank is located.

INCORPORATION OF BANKS, AND CORPORATE POWERS

Incorporation and powers of banks.

Limitation on build-

Bank president may also be director.

No paid officer, etc.,

SEC. 12. The directors of each Federal Home Loan Bank shall, Establishment, on in accordance with such rules and regulations as the board may pre-tificate. scribe, make and file with the board at the earliest practicable date after the establishment of such bank, an organization certificate which shall contain such information as the board may require. Upon the making and filing of such organization certificate with the board, such bank shall become, as of the date of the execution of its organization certificate, a body corporate, and as such and in its Authority, duties, name as designated by the board it shall have power to adopt, alter, and use a corporate seal; to make contracts; to purchase or lease and hold or dispose of such real estate as may be necessary or convenient for the transaction of its business, but no bank building ing. shall be bought or erected to house any such bank, nor shall any such bank make any lease for such purpose which has a term of more than ten years; to sue and be sued, to complain, and to defend, in any court of competent jurisdiction, State or Federal; to select, employ, and fix the compensation of such officers, employees, attorneys, and agents as shall be necessary for the transaction of its business, subject to the approval of the board; to define their duties, require bonds of them and fix the penalties thereof, and to dismiss at pleasure such officers, employees, attorneys, and agents; and, by its board of directors, to prescribe, amend, and repeal by-laws, rules, and regulations governing the manner in which its affairs may be administered; and the powers granted to it by law may be exercised and enjoyed subject to the approval of the board. The president of a Federal Home Loan Bank may also be a member of the board of directors thereof, but no other officer, employee, attorney, or agent No paid officer, employee, attorney, or agent to be director. of such bank, who receives compensation, may be a member of the board of directors. Each such bank shall have all such incidental powers, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as are customary and usual in corporations generally.

EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION

SEC. 13. Any and all notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obliberations to gations issued by any bank shall be exempt both as to principal and tion. interest from all taxation (except surtaxes, estate, inheritance, and gift taxes) now or hereafter imposed by the United States, by any Territory, dependency, or possession thereof, or by any State, county, municipality, or local taxing authority. The bank, including its franchise, its capital, reserves, and surplus, its advances, and its income shall be exempt from all taxation now or hereafter imposed by the United States, by any Territory, dependency, or possession thereof, or by any State, county, municipality, or local taxing authority; except that in any real property of the bank shall be subject to State, Territorial, county, municipal, or local taxation to the same extent according to its value as other real property is taxed. The notes, debentures, and bonds issued by any bank, with unearned coupons attached, shall be accepted at par by such bank in payment etc., at par, if unearned coupons attached. of or as a credit against the obligation of any home-owner debtor of such bank.

Designated resources tax free. Advances included.

Exception.

Acceptance of notes.

Loan banks when so designated to be de-positaries of public money. Exception.

agents.

Obligations of Federal Home Loan Banks.

Acceptance security, etc.

To plainly state not

Sec. 14. When designated for that purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury, each Federal Home Loan Bank shall be a depositary of public money, except receipts from customs, under such regulations as may be prescribed by said Secretary; and it may also be employed To act as financial as a financial agent of the Government; and it shall perform all such reasonable duties as depositary of public money and financial agent of the Government as may be required of it.

Sec. 15. Obligations of the Federal Home Loan Banks issued with the approval of the board under this Act shall be lawful investments, and may be accepted as security, for all fiduciary, trust, and public funds the investment or deposit of which shall be under the authority or control of the United States or any officer or officers thereof. The Federal reserve banks are authorized to act as depositaries, custodians, and/or fiscal agents for Federal Home Loan Banks in the general performance of their powers under this Act. All obligations Federal obligations nor guaranteed by United of Federal Home Loan Banks shall plainly state that such obligations are not obligations of the United States and are not guaranteed by the United States.

RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

Bank reserve. Provisions for accu-mulating, and maintenance of.

Sec. 16. Each Federal Home Loan Bank shall carry to a reserve account semiannually 20 per centum of its net earnings until said reserve account shall show a credit balance equal to 100 per centum of the paid-in capital of such bank. After said reserve has reached 100 per centum of the paid-in capital of said bank, 5 per centum of its net earnings shall be added thereto semiannually. Whenever said reserve shall have been impaired below 100 per centum of the paid-in capital it shall be restored before any dividends are paid. Each Federal Home Loan Bank shall establish such additional reserves and/or make such charge-offs on account of depreciation or impairment of its assets as the board shall require from time to Payment of divi- time. No dividends shall be paid except out of net earnings remaining after all reserves and charge-offs required under this Act have been provided for, and then only with the approval of the board. The reserves of each Federal Home Loan Bank shall be invested, subject to such regulations, restrictions, and limitations as may be prescribed by the board, in direct obligations of the United States and in such securities as fiduciary and trust funds may be invested in under the laws of the State in which the Federal Home Loan Bank is located.

dends.

Federal Home Loan Bank Board.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK BOARD

Composition.

Appointment, oath, political affiliations, etc.

Terms of office.

Vacancies.

Sec. 17. For the purposes of this Act there shall be a board, to be known as the "Federal Home Loan Bank Board", which shall consist of five citizens of the United States appointed by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Not more than three members of the board shall be members of the same political party. Each member shall devote his entire time to the business of the board. Before entering upon his duties each of the members shall take an oath faithfully to discharge the duties of his office. The President of the United States shall designate one of the members of the board to serve for a term of two years, one for three years, one for four years, one for five years, and one for six years from the date of the enactment hereof, and thereafter the term of each member shall be six years from the date of the expiration of the term for which his predecessor was appointed. Whenever a vacancy shall occur among the members the person appointed

to fill such vacancy shall hold office for the unexpired portion of the term of the member whose place he is selected to fill. of the members of the board shall receive a salary at the rate of \$10,000 per annum: Provided, That during the fiscal year 1933 the salary shall be \$9,000 per annum. The President shall designate 1933. one of the members as chairman of the board. The chairman shall ignated, be the chief executive officer of the board and in his absence or disability the duties of his office shall be performed by some one of the other members to be designated as acting chairman by the The board shall board. chairman in such order as he may determine. supervise the Federal Home Loan Banks created by this Act, shall perform the other duties specifically prescribed by this Act, and shall have power to adopt, amend, and require the observance of such rules, regulations, and orders as shall be necessary from time to time for carrying out the purposes of the provisions of this Act. The board shall have power to suspend or remove any director, officer, employee, or agent of any Federal Home Loan Bank, the cause of such suspension or removal to be communicated in writing forthwith to such director, officer, employee, or agent and to such Federal Home Loan Bank.

Salary.

Proviso. Salary, fiscal year Chairman to be des-

Authority, etc., of

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Administrative ex-

Sec. 18. (a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated the salaries and expenses. sum of not to exceed \$300,000 for salaries, travel and subsistence expenses, rents, printing and binding, furniture and equipment, law books, books of reference, periodicals, newspapers, maps, contract stenographic reporting services, telephone and telegraph services, and all other necessary expenses of the board, together with expenses preliminary to the organization and establishment of the banks created hereunder, until the end of the fiscal year 1933.

Sum authorized for

(b) The board shall have power to levy semiannually upon the ments to semiannually upon the m basis as the board shall determine, an assessment sufficient in its judgment to provide for the payment of its estimated expenses for the half year succeeding the levying of each such assessment, beginning with the second half of the calendar year 1933. All expenses of mental and the calendar year 1933. the board incurred in carrying out the provisions of this Act, as determined by it, beginning July 1, 1933, shall be paid from the proceeds of such assessments, and if any deficiency shall occur in such fund at any time between such semiannual assessments the board shall deficiency or surplus. have power to make an immediate assessment against the banks to cover such deficiency on the same basis as the original assessment. If any surplus shall remain from any assessment after the expiration of the semiannual period for which it was levied, such surplus may be deducted from the next following assessment.

Semiannual assess-ents to be levied

Available for pay-

Provision in event of

Personal services au-

Pay limitation.

Franking privilege.

SEC. 19. The board shall have power to select, employ, and fix thorized. the compensation of such officers, employees, attorneys, and agents as shall be necessary for the performance of its duties under this Act without regard to the provisions of other laws applicable to the employment or compensation of officers, employees, attorneys, and agents of the United States. No such officer, employee, attorney, or agent shall be paid compensation at a rate in excess of the rate provided in the case of members of the board. The board shall be entitled to the free use of the United States mails for its official business in the same manner as the executive departments of the Government; and shall determine its necessary expenditures under this Act and the manner in which they shall be incurred, allowed, and paid.

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EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS

Examinations and reports.

Sec. 20. The board shall from time to time, at least twice annually, require examinations and reports of condition of all Federal Home Loan Banks in such form as the board shall prescribe and shall furnish periodically statements based upon the reports of the banks to the board. The board shall annually make a full report of its operations to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, who shall cause the same to be printed for the information of the Congress. For the purposes of this Act, examiners appointed by the board shall be subject to the same requirements, responsibilities, and penalties as are applicable to examiners under the National Bank Act and the Federal Reserve Act, and shall have, in the exercise of functions under this Act, the same powers and privileges as are vested in such examiners by law.

Annual report to be submitted.

Examiners.

penalties.

. Unlawful acts and

UNLAWFUL ACTS, AND PENALTIES

Willfully overvaluing security.

Sec. 21. (a) Whoever makes any statement, knowing it to be false, or whoever willfully overvalues any security, for the purpose of influencing in any way the action of a Federal Home Loan Bank or the board upon any application, advance, discount, purchase, or repurchase agreement, or loan, under this Act, or any extension thereof by renewal, deferment, or action or otherwise, or the acceptance, release, or substitution of security therefor, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000, or by imprisonment for not more than two years, or both.

Punishment for.

Counterfeiting, etc.

(b) Whoever (1) falsely makes, forges, or counterfeits any note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, in imitation of or purporting to be a note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank; or (2) passes, utters, or publishes, or attempts to pass, utter, or publish, any false, forged, or counterfeited note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, purporting to have been issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank, knowing the same to be false, forged, or counterfeited; or (3) falsely alters any note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, issued or purporting to have been issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank; or (4) passes, utters, or publishes, or attempts to pass, utter, or publish, as true any falsely altered or spurious note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or coupon, issued or purporting to have been issued by a Federal Home Loan Bank, knowing the same to be falsely altered or spurious, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

Embezzlement, etc.

(c) Whoever, being connected in any capacity with the board or a Federal Home Loan Bank, (1) embezzles, abstracts, purloins, or willfully misapplies any moneys, funds, securities, or other things of value, whether belonging to it or pledged or otherwise intrusted to it; or (2) with intent to defraud the board or any Federal Home Loan Bank, or any other body politic or corporate, or any individual, or to deceive any officer, auditor, or examiners of the board or a Federal Home Loan Bank, makes any false entry in any book, report, or statement of or to the board or a Federal Home Loan Bank, or, without being duly authorized, draws any order or issues, puts forth, or assigns any note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or draft, mortgage, judgment, or decree thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

(d) It shall be unlawful for any individual, partnership, asso- Unauthoniane, etc. ciation, or corporation (1) which is not a Federal Home Loan Bank to use the words "Federal home loan bank," or a combination of the word "Federal" with any of such words, as a name or a part of a name under which he or it shall do business (except in the case of a name under which business is being done at the time of the enactment of this Act), or (2) which is not a Federal Home Loan Bank, to advertise or represent in any way that he or it is a Federal Home Loan Bank, or to publish or display any sign, symbol, or advertisement reasonably calculated to convey the impression that he or it is a Federal Home Loan Bank, or (3) which is not a member, to advertise or represent in any way that he or it is a member, or to publish or display any sign, symbol, or advertisement reasonably calculated to convey the impression that he or it is a member. Violations of this section shall be punishable by a fine of not exceeding \$1,000 or by imprisonment of not exceeding one year, or both.

(e) The provisions of sections 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, and 117 of the Criminal Code of the United States (U. S. C., title 18, secs. Designated provided to 207, inclusive), in so far as applicable, are extended to apply made applicable to contracts or agreements of any Federal Home Loan Bank under Vol. 35, pp. 1108-1109. U. S. C., p. 475. this Act, which, for the purposes hereof, shall be held to include advances, loans, discounts, and purchase and repurchase agreements; extensions and renewals thereof; and acceptances, releases, and substitutions of security therefor.

Unauthorized use of

Misrepresentations.

Falsely claiming membership,

Punishment for.

Contracts and agree-

MISCELLANEOUS

SEC. 22. (a) In order to enable the board to carry out the pro- Designated offices to visions of this Act, the Treasury Department, the Comptroller of fidence, needed data, the Currency, the Federal Reserve Board, and the Federal reserve banks are hereby authorized, under such conditions as they may prescribe, to make available to the board in confidence for its use and the use of any Federal Home Loan Bank such reports, records, or other information as may be available, relating to the condition of institutions with respect to which any such Federal Home Loan Bank has had or contemplates having transactions under this Act or relating to persons whose obligations are offered to or held by any Federal Home Loan Bank, and to make through their examiners or other employees, for the confidential use of the board or any Federal Home Loan Bank, examinations of such institutions.

(b) Every institution which shall apply for advances under this tons a condition pre-Act shall, as a condition precedent thereto, consent to such examination as the bank or the board may require for the purposes of this Act and/or that reports of examinations by constituted authorities may be furnished by such authorities to the bank or the board upon

request therefor.

SEC. 23. In order that the Federal Home Loan Banks may be forms of sto supplied with such forms of stock, debentures, and bonds as may be necessary under this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to prepare such forms thereof as shall be suitable and approved by the board, which shall be held in the Treasury subject to delivery, upon order of the board. The engraved plates, dies, and bed pieces etc. executed in connection therewith shall remain in the custody of the Secretary of the Treasury. The board shall reimburse the Secre-Reimbursement of expenses. tary of the Treasury for any expense incurred in the preparation, custody, and delivery of such stock, debentures, and bonds.

SEC. 24. (a) Any organization organized under the laws of any bership. State and subject to inspection and regulation under the banking

Miscellaneous.

Designated offices to

Consent to examina-

Forms of stock, etc.,

Custody of plates,

Eligibility for mem-

or similar laws of such State shall be eligible to become a member under this Act if—

(1) it is organized solely for the purpose of supplying credit

to its members;

(2) its membership (A) is confined exclusively to building and loan associations, savings and loan associations, cooperative banks, and homestead associations; or (B) is confined exclusively to savings banks; and

(3) of the institutions to which its membership is confined which are organized within the State, its membership includes a

majority of such institutions.

(b) In all respects, but subject to such additional rules and regulations as the board may provide, any such organization shall be a member for the purposes of this Act.

Sec. 25. Each Federal Home Loan Bank shall have succession until dissolved by the board under this Act or by further Act of

Congress.

Sec. 26. Whenever the board finds that the efficient and economical accomplishment of the purposes of this Act will be aided by such action, and in accordance with such rules, regulations, and orders as the board may prescribe, any Federal Home Loan Bank may be liquidated or reorganized, and its stock paid off and retired in whole or in part in connection therewith after paying or making provision for the payment of its liabilities. In the case of any such liquidation or reorganization, any other Federal Home Loan Bank may, with the approval of the board, acquire assets of any such liquidated or reorganized bank and assume liabilities thereof, in whole or in part.

Sec. 27. Any institution, except a national bank, trust company, or other banking organization organized under any law of the United States, including the laws relating to the District of Columbia, shall be authorized to subscribe for stock of a Federal Home Loan Bank if otherwise eligible to make such subscription under the terms of this Act, any provision in any such law to the contrary

notwithstanding.

Sec. 28. If any provision of this Act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances, is held invalid, the remainder of the Act, and the application of such provision to other persons or

circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

Sec. 29. That notwithstanding any provisions of law prohibiting bonds of the United States from bearing the circulation privilege, for a period of three years from the date of enactment of this Act all outstanding bonds of the United States heretofore issued or issued during such period, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding 33% per centum per annum, shall be receivable by the Treasurer of banks as security for its the United States as security for the issuance of circulating notes to national banking associations, and upon the deposit with the Treasurer of the United States by a national banking association of any such bonds, such association shall be entitled to receive circulating notes in the same manner and to the same extent and subject to the same conditions and limitations now provided by law in the case of 2 per centum gold bonds of the United States bearing the circulation privilege; except that the limitation contained in section 9 of the Act of July 12, 1882, as amended, with respect to the amount of lawful money which may be deposited with the Treasurer of the United States by national banking associations for the purpose of withdrawing bonds held as security for their circulating notes, shall not apply to the bonds of the United States to which the circulation privilege is extended by this section and which are

To become member if qualifying.

Specession.

Liquidation, reorganization, etc.

Eligibility of institutions to subscribe for stock. Exceptions.

Invalid provisions not to affect remainder of act.

United States bonds. Outstanding, or to be issued ensuing three years, bearing 3% per cent interest, or less, to bear circulation priv-

ilege. U. S. C., p. 1026,

waived.
Use by national banks as security for isoric circulating notes. To be delivered on

deposit of bonds.

Vol. 31, p. 49. U. S. C., p. 267. Withdrawal limitations not applicable.

Vol. 22, p. 164; Vol. 35, p. 551.

U. S. C., p. 271.

held as security for such notes. Nothing contained in this section Existing affected. shall be construed to modify, amend, or repeal any law relating to bonds of the United States which now bear the circulation privilege.

Existing laws not

As used in this section, the word "bonds" shall not include notes. certificates, or bills issued by the United States.

Use of word "bonds."

There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as Necessary appropriated may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

Necessary appropria-

Sec. 30. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby

Amendment.

expressly reserved. Approved, July 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 523.]

AN ACT

July 22, 1932. [H. R. 12768.] [Public, No. 305.]

Making an appropriation for the Federal Home Loan Bank Board for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933.

> Federal Home Loan Appropriation for ex-penses, fiscal year 1933.

Ante, p. 725.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Bank Board. United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the payment of all authorized expenses of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board in carrying out the provisions of the Act of the Seventysecond Congress entitled "An Act to create Federal Home Loan Banks, to provide for the supervision thereof, and for other purposes," there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of \$250,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1933, to be available for the purposes and subject to the conditions and limitations specified in such Act, including personal services and rent in the District of Columbia and elsewhere and expenses preliminary to the organization and establishment of the banks created thereunder.

Approved, July 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 524.]

AN ACT

July 22, 1932. [S. 4661.] [Public, No. 306.]

To repeal an Act entitled "An Act to legalize the incorporation of National Trades Unions," approved June 29, 1886.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the National Trades nited States of America in Congress assembled. That the Act Act legalizing incor-United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to legalize the incorporation of National Trades position repealed. Vol. 24, p. 86, re-Unions," approved June 29, 1886, be, and the same hereby is, repealed.

Approved, July 22, 1932.

[CHAPTER 525.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

July 22, 1932. [H. J. Res. 461.] [Pub. Res., No. 43.]

Making appropriations to enable the Federal Farm Board to distribute Government-owned wheat and cotton to the American National Red Cross and other organizations for relief of distress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United wheat and cotton. States of America in Congress assembled, That to enable the Federal Farm Board to carry into effect the provisions of the public resolution intibution, by American entitled "Lint resolution authorizing the distribution of Govern National Red Cross. entitled "Joint resolution authorizing the distribution of Government-owned wheat and cotton to the American National Red Cross and other organizations for relief of distress," approved July 5, 1932, not to exceed \$40,000,000 is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be used only for the

Government-owned Appropriation for ex-

Ante, p. 605. Post, p. 799.

Use restricted.

Provisos.

No equity of Farm
Board to revert to
revolving fund.

Full accounting to be made to Congress.

purposes specified in subdivisions (a) and (c) of section 3 of such public resolution: Provided, That the equity provided for under subdivision (b) of the public resolution approved July 5, 1932, shall not be paid for out of said appropriation, and any balance remaining after paying the amounts authorized to be paid under subdivisions (a) and (c) of said resolution shall not be used by the Federal Farm Board, but shall remain in the Treasury of the United States: And provided further, That the Federal Farm Board shall make a full and complete accounting of its acts and doings under this resolution and file the same with the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives on or before December 8, 1932.

Approved, July 22, 1932.