
PROCLAMATIONS
OF THE
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

2435

PROCLAMATIONS

INCREASING RATE OF DUTY ON FOURDRINIER WIRES, CYLINDER WIRES, AND WOVEN-WIRE CLOTH

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 16, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930, entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, Fourdrinier wires and cylinder wires, suitable for use in paper-making machines (whether or not parts of or fitted or attached to such machines), and woven-wire cloth suitable for use in the manufacture of Fourdrinier wires or cylinder wires, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on Fourdrinier, etc., wires and woven-wire cloth. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Germany, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim an increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 318 of Title I of said act on cylinder wires having more than 55 meshes per lineal inch in warp or filling, and Fourdrinier wires, suitable for use in paper-making machines (whether or not parts of or fitted or attached to such machines), and on woven-wire cloth having more than 55 meshes per lineal inch in warp or filling and suitable for use in the manufacture of Fourdrinier wires or cylinder wires, from 50 per centum ad valorem

Increasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production. Vol. 46, p. 614.

Rate. to 75 per centum ad valorem, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 16th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1940]

DECREASING RATES OF DUTY ON WOOL-FELT HATS AND BODIES THEREFOR

March 16, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on wool-felt hats and bodies therefor.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930, entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, bodies, hoods, forms, and shapes, for hats, bonnets, caps, berets, and similar articles, manufactured wholly or in part of wool felt, and hats, bonnets, caps, berets, and similar articles, made wholly or in part therefrom, finished or unfinished, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Italy, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decreases in the rates of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America do hereby approve and proclaim the following

Decreasing duty to equalize differences in costs of production.

rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production:

A decrease in the rates of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1115(b) of Title I of said act on bodies, hoods, forms, and shapes, for hats, bonnets, caps, berets, and similar articles, manufactured wholly or in part of wool felt, from 40 cents per pound and 75 per centum ad valorem to 40 cents per pound and 55 per centum ad valorem;

Rate.
Vol. 46, p. 649.

And a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed, in addition thereto, in paragraph 1115(b) on all the foregoing, if pulled, stamped, blocked, or trimmed (including finished hats, bonnets, caps, berets, and similar articles) (within the limit of total decrease provided for in said act), from 25 cents per article to 12½ cents per article.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 16th day of March, in the [SEAL] year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1941]

DECREASING RATES OF DUTY ON EDIBLE GELATIN

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 16, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930, entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, edible gelatin, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to a like or similar article wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on edible gelatin.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is the Netherlands, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic article and the like or similar foreign article when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease in the rates of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

Decreasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production. Rate. Vol. 46, p. 597.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the rates of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 41 of Title I of said act on edible gelatin, valued at less than 40 cents per pound, from 20 per centum ad valorem and 5 cents per pound to 12 per centum ad valorem and 5 cents per pound, the rates found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 16th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1942]

AMENDING REGULATIONS ON MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

March 17, 1931.

Protection of migratory birds. Preamble. Vol. 40, p. 765. U. S. C., pp. 436-437. Vol. 39, p. 1702. Vol. 40, p. 1812.

WHEREAS the Secretary of Agriculture, by virtue of the authority vested in him by section 3 of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (40 Stat. 755; U. S. Code, title 16, secs. 703-711), has submitted to me for approval regulations further amendatory of the regulations approved and proclaimed July 31, 1918, which the Secretary of Agriculture has determined to be suitable amendatory regulations permitting and governing the hunting, taking, capture, killing, possession, sale, purchase, shipment, transportation, carriage, and export of migratory birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs, as follows:

Regulation 3, "Means by Which Migratory Game Birds May Be Taken," is amended so as to read as follows:

MEANS FOR TAKING BIRDS. REGULATION 3.—MEANS BY WHICH MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS MAY BE TAKEN

Regulations modified. Vol. 45, pp. 2901, 2942; Vol. 46, p. 2889, amended. Post, p. 2520.

Wild geese.

The migratory game birds specified in regulation 4 hereof may be taken during the open season with a gun only, not larger than No. 10 gauge, fired from the shoulder, except as specifically permitted by regulations 7, 8, 9, and 10 hereof; they may be taken during the open season from the land and water, with the aid of a dog, the use of decoys, and from a blind or floating device, except that in the hunting of wild geese not more than ten (10) live goose decoys may be used or shot over at any one gunning stand, blind, or floating device; but nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the use of an automobile, airplane, power boat, sailboat, any boat under sail, any floating device towed by power boat or sailboat, or any sinkbox (battery), except that sinkboxes (batteries) may be used in the taking of migratory waterfowl in coastal sounds and bays (including Back Bay, Princess

Anne County, State of Virginia) and other coastal waters; and nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the use of an airplane, or a power boat, sailboat, or other floating device for the purpose of concentrating, driving, rallying, or stirring up migratory waterfowl: *Provided, however,* That the hunting, killing, or taking of mourning doves is not permitted on or over, at or near, any area which has been baited with salt, corn, wheat, or other grain, or other foods placed or scattered thereon.

Prociso.
Mourning doves.

Regulation 4, "Open Seasons on and Possession of Certain Migratory Game Birds," is amended so as to read as follows:

REGULATION 4.—OPEN SEASONS ON AND POSSESSION OF CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

Open seasons.

For the purpose of this regulation, each period of time herein prescribed as an open season shall be construed to include the first and last days thereof.

Time construed.
Post, pp. 2476, 2481, 2521.
Waterfowl, etc.

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross geese, cackling geese, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), rails, coot, gallinules, woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, and mourning doves may be taken each day from half an hour before sunrise to sunset during the open seasons prescribed therefor in this regulation, except that the hour for the commencement of hunting on the opening day of the season shall be 12 o'clock noon, by the means and in the numbers permitted by regulations 3 and 5 hereof, respectively, and when so taken may be possessed any day in any State, Territory, or District during the period constituting the open season where killed and for an additional period of 10 days next succeeding said open season, but no such bird shall be possessed in a State, Territory, or District at a time when such State, Territory, or District prohibits the possession thereof. Nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the hunting or killing of migratory birds on any refuge established under the Migratory Bird Conservation Act of February 18, 1929, nor on any area of the United States set aside by any other law, proclamation, or Executive order for use as a wild-life refuge except in so far as may be permitted by the Secretary of Agriculture under existing law, nor on any area adjacent to any such refuge when such area is designated as a closed area under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Hunting on refuges forbidden.

Vol. 45, p. 1222.
U. S. C., Supp. V,
p. 204.

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross geese, cackling geese, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), coot, and Wilson snipe or jacksnipe.—The open seasons for waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross geese, cackling geese, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), coot, and Wilson snipe or jacksnipe shall be as follows:

Geographical limitations.

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York (except Long Island), Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Idaho, Nevada, California, Oregon, and Washington the open season shall be from October 1 to December 31;

In that portion of New York known as Long Island, and in New Jersey, Delaware, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, and in that portion of Texas lying west and north of a line beginning on the Rio Grande River directly west of the town of Del Rio, Tex.; thence east to the town of Del Rio; thence easterly following the center of the main track of the Southern Pacific Railroad through the towns of

Spofford, Uvalde, and Hondo; thence to the point where the Southern Pacific Railroad crosses the International & Great Northern Railway, at or near San Antonio; thence following the center of the track of said International & Great Northern Railway in an easterly direction, to the point in the city of Austin where it joins Congress Avenue, near the International & Great Northern Railway depot; thence across said Congress Avenue to the center of the main track of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad where said track joins said Congress Avenue, at or near the Houston & Texas Central Railroad depot; thence following the center line of the track of said Houston & Texas Central Railroad in an easterly direction through the towns of Elgin, Giddings, and Brenham, to the point where said railroad crosses the Brazos River; thence with the center of said Brazos River in a general northerly direction, to the point on said river where the Beaumont branch of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway crosses the same; thence with the center of the track of the said Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway in an easterly direction through the towns of Navasota, Montgomery, and Conroe, to the point at or near Cleveland where said Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway crosses the Houston East & West Texas Railway; thence with the center of said Houston East & West Texas Railway track to the point in said line where it strikes the Louisiana line *the open season shall be from October 16 to January 15*;

In that portion of Texas lying south and east of the line above described the open season shall be from November 1 to January 15;

In Maryland, the District of Columbia, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Louisiana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 15;

In Florida the open season shall be from November 20 to January 15; and

In Alaska the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15.

Rails and gallinules (except coot).—The open season for sora and other rails and gallinules (except coot) shall be from September 1 to November 30, except as follows:

In Massachusetts the open season shall be from October 1 to December 15;

In New York and Washington the open season shall be from October 1 to November 30; and

In Louisiana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31.

Woodcock.—The open seasons for woodcock shall be as follows:

In that portion of New York lying north of the tracks of the main line of the New York Central Railroad extending from Buffalo to Albany and north of the tracks of the main line of the Boston & Albany Railroad extending from Albany to the Massachusetts State line, and in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, and North Dakota the open season shall be from October 1 to October 31;

In that portion of New York lying south of the line above described including Long Island and in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa the open season shall be from October 15 to November 14;

In Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut the open season shall be from October 20 to November 19;

In Maryland, the District of Columbia, and Missouri the open season shall be from November 10 to December 10;

In Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Arkansas, and Oklahoma the open season shall be from November 15 to December 15; and

Rails, etc.
Vol. 46, pp. 3013, 3034,
amended.

Woodcock,
Vol. 45, pp. 2957,
2964, amended.
Geographical limita-
tions.

In North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana the open season shall be from December 1 to December 31.

Doves.—The open seasons for mourning doves shall be as follows:

In Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Utah, Arizona, California, Nevada, Idaho, and Oregon the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15;

Doves.
Vol. 46, pp. 3013, 3020,
amended.
Geographical limita-
tions.

In that portion of Texas lying west and north of a line beginning on the Rio Grande River directly west of the town of Del Rio, Tex.; thence east to the town of Del Rio; thence easterly following the center of the main track of the Southern Pacific Railroad through the towns of Spofford, Uvalde, and Hondo; thence to the point where the Southern Pacific Railroad crosses the International & Great Northern Railway, at or near San Antonio; thence following the center of the track of said International & Great Northern Railway in an easterly direction, to the point in the city of Austin where it joins Congress Avenue, near the International & Great Northern Railway depot; thence across said Congress Avenue to the center of the main track of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad where said track joins said Congress Avenue, at or near the Houston & Texas Central Railroad depot; thence following the center line of the track of said Houston & Texas Central Railroad in an easterly direction through the towns of Elgin, Giddings, and Brenham, to the point where said railroad crosses the Brazos River; thence with the center of said Brazos River in a general northerly direction, to the point on said river where the Beaumont branch of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway crosses the same; thence with the center of the track of the said Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway, in an easterly direction through the towns of Navasota, Montgomery, and Conroe, to the point at or near Cleveland where said Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway crosses the Houston East & West Texas Railway; thence with the center of said Houston East & West Texas Railway track to the point in said line where it strikes the Louisiana line *the open season shall be from September 1 to October 31;*

In that portion of Texas lying south and east of the line above described the open season shall be from October 1 to November 30;

In South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama (except in Mobile and Baldwin Counties), Mississippi, and Louisiana the open season shall be from September 1 to September 30 and from November 20 to January 31;

In that portion of Alabama comprising Mobile and Baldwin Counties the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31;

In North Carolina the open season shall be from November 20 to January 31;

In Florida (except in Dade, Monroe, and Broward Counties) the open season shall be from November 20 to January 31; and

In that portion of Florida comprising Dade, Monroe, and Broward Counties the open season shall be from September 16 to November 15.

Regulation 5, "Daily Bag and Possession Limits on Certain Migratory Game Birds," is amended so as to read as follows:

REGULATION 5.—DAILY BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS ON CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

Bag and possession
limits.

A person may take in any one day during the open seasons prescribed therefor in regulation 4 not to exceed the following numbers of migratory game birds, which numbers shall include all birds taken

Vol. 46, p. 3013,
amended.
Post, p. 2524.

by any other person who for hire accompanies or assists him in taking migratory birds; and in the case of ducks, geese, and brant when so taken these may be possessed in the numbers specified as follows:

Ducks (except wood duck and eider ducks).—Fifteen in the aggregate of all kinds, and any person at any one time may possess not more than 30 ducks in the aggregate of all kinds.

Geese (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross geese, and cackling geese) and brant.—Four in the aggregate of all kinds, and any person at any one time may possess not more than eight geese and brant in the aggregate of all kinds.

Rails and gallinules (except sora and coot).—Twenty-five in the aggregate of all kinds, but not more than 15 of any one species.

Sora.—Twenty-five.

Coot.—Twenty-five.

Wilson snipe or jacksnipe.—Twenty.

Woodcock.—Four.

Doves (mourning).—Twenty-five.

Regulation 6, "Shipment, Transportation, and Possession of Certain Migratory Game Birds," is amended so as to read as follows:

Shipment, transportation, and possession restrictions.

REGULATION 6.—SHIPMENT, TRANSPORTATION, AND POSSESSION OF CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

Vol. 45, p. 2903, amended.
Post, p. 2524.

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross geese, cackling geese, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), rails, coot, gallinules, woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, and mourning doves and parts thereof legally taken may be transported in or out of the State where taken during the respective open seasons in that State, and may be imported from Canada during the open season in the Province where taken, in any manner, but not more than the number thereof that may be taken in two days by one person under these regulations shall be transported by one person in one calendar week out of the State where taken; any such migratory game birds or parts thereof in transit during the open season may continue in transit such additional time immediately succeeding such open season, not to exceed five days, necessary to deliver the same to their destination, and may be possessed in any State, Territory, or District during the period constituting the open season where killed, and for an additional period of 10 days next succeeding said open season; and any package in which migratory game birds or parts thereof are transported shall have the name and address of the shipper and of the consignee and an accurate statement of the numbers and kinds of birds contained therein clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof; but no such birds shall be transported from any State, Territory, or District to or through another State, Territory, or District or to or through a Province of the Dominion of Canada contrary to the laws of the State, Territory, or District, or Province of the Dominion of Canada in which they were taken or from which they are transported; nor shall any such birds be transported into any State, Territory, or District from another State, Territory, or District, or from any State, Territory, or District into any Province of the Dominion of Canada at a time when such State, Territory, or District, or Province of the Dominion of Canada prohibits the possession or transporting thereof.

Regulation 9, "Permits to Collect Migratory Birds for Scientific Purposes," is amended so as to read as follows:

REGULATION 9.—PERMITS TO COLLECT MIGRATORY BIRDS FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES Permits for collecting specimens.

A person may take in any manner and at any time migratory birds and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes when authorized by a permit issued by the Secretary, which permit shall be carried on his person when he is collecting specimens thereunder and shall be exhibited to any person requesting to see the same, except that nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the taking of any migratory game bird on any day from sunset to one-half hour before sunrise.

Scientific collections.
Post, p. 2525.

Application for a permit must be addressed to the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., and must contain the following information: Name and address of applicant, his age, and name of State, Territory, or District in which specimens are proposed to be taken, and the purpose for which they are intended. Each application shall be accompanied by two certificates certifying to the fitness of such person to hold a Federal permit. These certificates will be accepted from well-known ornithologists, principals or superintendents of educational or zoological institutions, officials or members of zoological or natural-history organizations, or instructors in zoology in high schools, colleges, or universities, or by any one of the above together with a certificate by the chief game official of the State in which the applicant is a resident or of the State in which he desires to conduct his operations.

Application to Secretary of Agriculture.

The permit may limit the number and species of birds, birds' nests, or eggs that may be collected thereunder, and may authorize the holder thereof to possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds, parts thereof, and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes; or it may limit the holder to one or more of these privileges. Public museums, zoological parks and societies, and public, scientific, and educational institutions may possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes without a permit, but no specimens shall be taken without a permit. The plumage and skins of migratory game birds legally taken may be possessed and transported by a person without a permit.

Effect of permits.

A taxidermist, when authorized by a permit issued by the Secretary, may possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds and parts thereof legally taken, or he may be limited to one or more of these privileges. A taxidermist granted a permit under this regulation shall keep books and records correctly setting forth the name and address of each person delivering each specimen of a migratory bird to him together with the name of each species, the date of delivery, the disposition of such specimen, and the date thereof, which said books and records shall be available for inspection at all reasonable hours on request by any duly authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture.

Taxidermists.

Each permit shall be valid until revoked by the Secretary unless otherwise specified therein, shall not be transferable, and shall be revocable at the discretion of the Secretary. A permit duly revoked by the Secretary shall be surrendered to him by the person to whom it was issued, on demand of any employee of the United States Department of Agriculture duly authorized to enforce the provisions of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. A person holding a permit under this regulation shall report annually to the Secretary on or before the 10th day of January during the life of the permit the number of skins, nests, or eggs of each species collected, bought, sold, received, possessed, mounted, exchanged, or transported during the preceding calendar year.

Contingent duration.
Not transferable.

Annual report required.

Outside marking of packages.

Every package in which migratory birds or their nests or eggs are transported shall have clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof the name and address of the sender, the number of the permit in every case when a permit is required, the name and address of the consignee, a statement that it contains specimens of birds, their nests, or eggs for scientific purposes, and, whenever such a package is transported or offered for transportation from the Dominion of Canada into the United States or from the United States into the Dominion of Canada, an accurate statement of the contents.

Approval of amendments.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the foregoing amendatory regulations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 17th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1943]

GEORGE WASHINGTON BIRTHPLACE NATIONAL MONUMENT—VIRGINIA

March 30, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

George Washington Birthplace National Monument, Va. Preamble. Conveyances by The River Holding Corporation described. Vol. 34, p. 225.

WHEREAS The River Holding Corporation, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Virginia, did on the 12th day of December, 1930, pursuant to the act of Congress entitled "An act for the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906, by its warranty deed convey to the United States of America the following land in Washington District, Westmoreland County, in the State of Virginia, for an addition to the George Washington Birthplace National Monument:

Tract No. 1.

TRACT NUMBER ONE

Beginning at a point "A", which is point "A" of Tract Number One, as shown on the plat recorded with deed from W. C. Latane and wife and James Latane and wife to The River Holding Corporation dated February 21, 1929, and recorded February 22, 1929, in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Westmoreland County, Va., in Deed Book 87, page 75, thence N. $69\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ E. 2.72 chains to "B", thence N. 28° E. 3 chains to "C", thence N. 49° E. 1.42 chains to "D", thence N. 80° E. 1.85 chains to "E", thence N. 55° E. 1.32 chains to "F", thence N. 21° W. 1 chain to "G", thence N. $39\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ W. 1.62 chains to "H", thence N. 42° E. 2.6 chains to "I", thence S. $57\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ E. 11.8 chains to "J", thence S. $64\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$ E. 5.09 chains to "K", thence S. 60° E. 2.12 chains to "L", thence N. $71^{\circ} 20'$ E. 8.39 chains to "M", thence S. $4^{\circ} 50'$ E. 11.88 chains along the line of the Government reservation to "N", thence S. $62\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ W. 19.08 chains along the Government road to "O", thence N. 34° W. 8.18 chains to "P", thence N. 66° W. 2.8 chains to "Q", thence N. $43\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ W. 13.84 chains to the place of beginning, and containing 47.87 acres, more or less.

TRACT NUMBER TWO

Tract No. 2.

Beginning at a point "A", which is a point at the mouth of Bridges Creek, at the low-water mark of the Potomac River on the east bank of Bridges Creek, and which is point "A" of Tract Number Two, as shown on the plat hereinabove mentioned, thence along the low-water mark of the Potomac River in an easterly direction approximately 51 chains to station number six in a swamp, thence S. $8\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ W. 24.33 chains to station number seven, thence S. 10° E. 2.8 chains to station number eight, thence S. 16° E. 0.5 chains to station number nine, thence S. 30° W. 5.24 chains to station number ten, thence S. 43° W. 19.36 chains to station number eleven, thence S. 40° W. 12.25 chains to station number twelve, thence N. $20\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ W. 49.15 chains along the east side of the Government road to station number thirteen, thence N. $11\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$ W. 9.21 chains to station number fourteen, thence N. 20° W. 2.60 chains to station number fifteen, thence S. 0.42 chains to station number sixteen, thence down Bridges Creek along the low-water mark thereof to "A", the place of beginning, and containing 175.37 acres, more or less.

The stations shown on the plat referred to, designated as "Map of part of Wakefield," are in all cases made at or above the high-water mark, except station number six, which is at low-water mark.

TRACT NUMBER THREE

Tract No. 3.

Beginning at a point "A", which is point "A" of Tract Number Three, as shown on the plat hereinabove mentioned, from which point a witness hackberry tree 18 inches in diameter bears S. 45° W. 60 links, thence S. $24\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ E. 2.67 chains to "B", thence S. $11\frac{3}{4}^{\circ}$ E. 9.21 chains to "C", thence S. $20\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ E. 25.5 chains along the west side of the Government road to "D", thence N. 60° W. 5.58 chains to "E", thence N. 44° W. 2 chains to "F", thence N. 60° W. 15.9 chains to "G", thence N. $43\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ W. 10.39 chains to "H", thence down Bridges Creek along the low-water mark thereof in a northerly direction to "A", the point of beginning.

TRACT NUMBER FOUR

Tract No. 4.

Beginning at the point "RS" on Pope's Creek where the fence line dividing the land of W. C. and James Latane from the tract of land which was conveyed to Ira C. Muse by deed dated 20th October, 1928, and recorded in the Westmoreland Circuit Court 13th February, 1929, intersects the low-water mark on Pope's Creek, as shown on a plat of Ira Muse Land, dated February 12, 1929, attached to and recorded with deed from W. C. Latane and Mary S. Latane, his wife, and James Latane and Martchen F. Latane, his wife, to The River Holding Corporation, dated February 21, 1929, and recorded in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court of Westmoreland County in Deed Book 87, page 78, on February 22, 1929, thence running in a westerly direction along said fence line to the point "P" shown on said plat, a pronged tree on said fence line, thence in a northeasterly direction 0.82 chains to "O", thence northeasterly 2.26 chains to "N", thence in the same direction 1.67 chains to "M", thence in the same direction 1.68 chains to "L", thence in a northerly direction 0.48 chains to "K", thence in a northerly direction 1.50 chains to "J", from thence in an easterly direction to the low-water mark on Pope's Creek, thence in a southwesterly direction along the low-water mark of Pope's Creek to the point of beginning.

Tract No. 5.

TRACT NUMBER FIVE

Beginning at "A", a point on the south side of the Government road corner to the United States Government reservation (sometimes known as the Washington Monument Lot), thence following the western boundary of the United States Government reservation S. 1° 42' W. 265 feet to point "B", a stake, thence following the same course to low-water mark on Pope's Creek, thence in a south-westerly direction along the low-water mark of Pope's Creek approximately 1,350 feet to point "O", an oak tree, on a fence line, thence N. 46° 33' W. 22 feet to "P", another tree, on the fence line, thence N. 22° 03' W. 710 feet to "Q", a stake, corner to the Government road, thence N. 75° 16' E. along the Government road 1,234.5 feet to the point of beginning, containing 12.88 acres of land and about one acre of marsh, together with all the ways, easements, and appurtenances thereon or in any wise pertaining.

Acceptance for public purposes.

AND WHEREAS said relinquishment and conveyance has been accepted by the Secretary of the Interior in the manner and for the purpose described in said act of Congress;

Added to George Washington Birthplace National Monument.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the said act of Congress, do proclaim that said lands hereinbefore described be, and the same are hereby, added to and made a part of the George Washington Birthplace National Monument.

Protective measures.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Supervision, etc.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of the land hereby added to said monument under the provisions of the act of Congress entitled "An act authorizing an appropriation for improvement upon the Government-owned land at Wakefield, Westmoreland County, Virginia, the birthplace of George Washington," approved January 23, 1930 (46 Stat. 58), and "An act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Vol. 46, p. 58.

Vol. 39, p. 535.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 30th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1944]

CANYON DE CHELLY NATIONAL MONUMENT—ARIZONA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Congress by act of February 14, 1931 (Public, No. 667—71st Cong.), entitled "An act to authorize the President of the United States to establish the Canyon De Chelly National Monument within the Navajo Indian Reservation, Arizona," authorized the

Canyon De Chelly National Monument, Ariz. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 1161.

April 1, 1931.

President of the United States, with the consent of the Tribal Council of the Navajo Tribe of Indians, to establish the said Canyon De Chelly National Monument by Executive proclamation;

WHEREAS the Navajo Tribal Council Assembly at Fort Wingate, N. Mex., on July 8, 1930, adopted a resolution approving the establishment of the Canyon De Chelly National Monument; and

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the lands hereinafter described within a national monument for the preservation of a great number of cliff dwellings and for their archaeological interest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the said act of Congress approved February 14, 1931, do hereby proclaim and establish the Canyon De Chelly National Monument and that the following described lands in Arizona be, and the same are hereby, included within the said national monument:

Approval by Navajo Indian Council.

National monument established.
Post, p. 2562.

NAVAJO MERIDIAN

Description.

Unsurveyed T. 4 N., R. 7 W., N. ½ sec. 5 and NE. ¼ sec. 6;

Unsurveyed T. 5 N., R. 7 W., S. ½ sec. 15, sec. 19, S. ½ sec. 20, secs. 21, 22, S. ½ sec. 23, N. ½ sec. 26, N. ½ sec. 27, N. ½ sec. 28, secs. 29 to 32 inclusive;

Unsurveyed T. 3 N., R. 8 W., sec. 4 and E. ½ sec. 5;
Unsurveyed T. 4 N., R. 8 W., secs. 6, 7, SW. ¼ sec. 17, secs. 18, 19, S. ½, NW. ¼ sec. 20, secs. 29, 30, N. ½ sec. 31, secs. 32 and 33;

Unsurveyed T. 5 N., R. 8 W., secs. 7, 13, S. ½ sec. 14, S. ½ sec. 15, S. ½, NW. ¼ sec. 16, secs. 17 to 24 inclusive, N. ½ sec. 25, N. ½ sec. 26, sec. 27, N. ½, SE. ¼ sec. 28, N. ½ sec. 29, N. ½ sec. 30, and SW. ¼ sec. 31;

Unsurveyed T. 6 N., R. 8 W., N. ½ sec. 3, secs. 4 to 8 inclusive, W. ½ sec. 18, and NW. ¼ sec. 19;

Unsurveyed T. 7 N., R. 8 W., S. ½ sec. 33, sec. 34, and W. ½ sec. 35;

Unsurveyed T. 4 N., R. 9 W., secs. 1, 2, 3, E. ½ sec. 4, N. ½ sec. 10, N. ½ sec. 11, secs. 12, 13, E. ½ sec. 24, and E. ½ sec. 25;

Unsurveyed T. 5 N., R. 9 W., secs. 4 to 31 inclusive, E. ½ sec. 33, secs. 34, 35, and 36;

Surveyed T. 6 N., R. 9 W., secs. 1, 2, 3, secs. 10 to 15 inclusive, secs. 21, 22, 23, N. ½ sec. 24, N. ½ sec. 26, secs. 27, 28, 29, SE. ¼ sec. 30, and secs. 31 to 34 inclusive;

Surveyed T. 5 N., R. 10 W., secs. 1 to 18 inclusive, N. ½ sec. 22, secs. 23, 24, 25, N. ½ sec. 26, and N. ½ sec. 36;

Surveyed T. 6 N., R. 10 W., E. ½ sec. 34, sec. 35, and S. ½ sec. 36, containing approximately 83,840 acres.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Warning against unauthorized acts.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "An act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Supervision.

Vol. 39, p. 535.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 1st day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

WILBUR J CARR

Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1945]

NEZPERCE AND BITTERROOT NATIONAL FORESTS—IDAHO

April 7, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Nezperce and Bitterroot National Forests, Idaho.
Preamble.

WHEREAS it appears that a modification of a portion of the inter-forest boundary between the Nezperce and the Selway, Bitterroot, Salmon, and Idaho National Forests, in the State of Idaho, and the transfer of certain national-forest lands from the Nezperce to the Bitterroot National Forest would be in the public interest;

Boundaries modified.
Vol. 30, p. 38.
U. S. C., p. 419.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the act of Congress approved June 4, 1897 (U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 473), do proclaim that a portion of the boundary of the Nezperce National Forest as defined in proclamation of June 30, 1911 (37 Stat. 1704), is hereby changed so that the eastern boundary of said national forest will hereafter pass through unsurveyed Tps. 1 S. and 1, 2, and 3 N., R. 12 E., Boise meridian, more particularly as shown on a map prepared by the United States Forest Service, dated March 28, 1931, a copy of which is on file in the United States Department of State, Washington, D. C., and that certain lands of the United States hitherto forming a part of the Nezperce National Forest are hereby transferred to and made a part of the Bitterroot National Forest, the location of which is shown on said map filed in the Department of State. It is not intended by this proclamation to exclude any lands from the Nezperce National Forest, nor to add any lands to the Bitterroot National Forest, other than the lands shown on the said map as being transferred from one national forest to the other.

Vol. 37, p. 1704.

Area affected.
Post, p. 2464.

Part of Nezperce transferred to Bitterroot National Forest.

Changes restricted.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 7th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON

Secretary of State.

[No. 1946]

CHILD HEALTH DAY

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

April 7, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the Congress by joint resolution has authorized and requested the President of the United States of America to proclaim annually that May Day is Child Health Day; and

Child Health Day.
Preamble.
Vol. 45, p. 617.

WHEREAS the responsibility for the well-being of children is a community responsibility as well as an individual duty;

Now, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do call upon all governors of States of the Union, and all governors of Territories and possessions of the United States, to declare to their people that May Day should be used wherever possible as Child Health Day, for the consideration of all public and private measures by which the health of our children may be conserved and advanced. I especially commend for consideration on that day "The Children's Charter" as set forth by the White House Conference on Child Health and Protection.

Observance invited.

"The Children's
Charter" especially
commended.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 7th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1947]

PINNACLES NATIONAL MONUMENT—CALIFORNIA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

April 13, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the county of San Benito, in the State of California, did on the 10th day of March, 1931, pursuant to the act of Congress entitled "An act for the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), by warranty deed of relinquishment and conveyance, properly executed in writing and acknowledged, relinquish, remise, and convey to the United States of America, for addition to the Pinnacles National Monument, Calif., all its right, title, and interest in the following described land:

Pinnacles National
Monument, Calif.
Preamble.
Cession by San Benito
County, Calif.
Vol. 34, p. 225.

MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN

Description.

T. 16 S., R. 7 E., SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 26, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 27, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 28, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. $\frac{1}{2}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 33, and sec. 35;

T. 17 S., R. 7 E., lot 4, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 1, lots, 1, 2, and 3, and S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 2, containing 1,926.35 acres; and

WHEREAS said relinquishment and conveyance has been accepted by the Secretary of the Interior in the manner and for the purposes described in said act of Congress; and

Relinquishment ac-
cepted.

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by adding to the Pinnacles National Monument, in the State of California, all the lands hereinabove described for the purpose of including within said monument certain additional features of scientific and educational interest and for administrative purposes;

Lands added to Pinnacles National Monument.

Now, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by section 2 of the said act of Congress, do proclaim that said lands hereinabove described are hereby added to and made a part of the Pinnacles National Monument.

Warning against unauthorized acts.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Supervision.
Vol. 39, p. 535.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "An act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 13th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1948]

EMERGENCY BOARD, LOUISIANA AND ARKANSAS RAILWAY COMPANY—
SHOPMEN

April 16, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Labor dispute, Louisiana and Arkansas Railway Company and employees.
Preamble.

WHEREAS the President, having been duly notified by the Board of Mediation that a dispute between the Louisiana & Arkansas Railway Co., a carrier, and certain of its employees represented by the Railway Employees' Department, American Federation of Labor—Federated Shop Crafts, which dispute has not been heretofore adjusted under the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, now threatens substantially to interrupt interstate commerce within Louisiana and Arkansas to a degree such as to deprive such section of the country of essential transportation service;

Emergency board created to investigate and report thereon.

Vol. 44, p. 586.

Now, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, and by virtue of and under the authority in me vested by section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, do hereby create a board to be composed of three persons not peculiarly or otherwise interested in any organization of railway employees or any carrier, to investigate such dispute and report their findings to me within 30 days from this date.

The members of this board shall be compensated for and on account of such duties in the sum of \$100 for each member for every day actually employed with or upon, and on account of travel and duties incident to, such board. The members will be reimbursed for and they are hereby authorized to make expenditures for necessary expenses of themselves and of the board, including traveling expenses and expenses actually incurred for subsistence, in conformity with said act.

Compensation.

Expenses.

All expenditures of the board shall be allowed and paid for out of the appropriation "emergency boards, Railway Labor Act, May 20, 1926, 1931," on the presentation of itemized vouchers properly approved by the chairman of the board hereby created.

Fund available.
Vol. 46, p. 231.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 16th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1949]

KATMAI NATIONAL MONUMENT—ALASKA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

April 24, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by adding to the Katmai National Monument, Alaska, certain adjoining lands for the purpose of including within said monument additional lands on which there are located features of historical and scientific interest and for the protection of the brown bear, moose, and other wild animals;

Katmai National Monument, Alaska.
Preamble.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section two of the act of Congress entitled "An act for the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim that such additional lands in Alaska be, and the same are hereby, added to and made a part of the Katmai National Monument, and that the boundaries of the said monument as hereby changed are described as follows:

Area enlarged.

Vol. 34, p. 225.

Beginning at a point on the southwestern boundary of the present Katmai National Monument in latitude 58° 03' approximately 16½ miles northwesterly from Cape Kubugakli; thence west on parallel 58° 03' north latitude approximately 16½ miles to the highest point on the divide between two tributaries of Takayofu Creek, approximately in latitude 58° 03', longitude 155° 49'; thence northwesterly in a straight line approximately 11 miles to the junction of Contact and Takayofu Creeks; thence northwesterly in a straight line approximately 37½ miles to the most southerly point on a narrow peninsula on the north shore of Naknek Lake in approximate latitude 58° 42' 30'', longitude 156° 11' 30'';

Description.

Description—Contd. thence northeasterly in a straight line approximately 12 miles to the summit of Sugarloaf Mountain (local name, not shown on official maps) in approximate latitude $58^{\circ} 50'$, longitude $155^{\circ} 57' 30''$; thence easterly in a straight line approximately 10 miles to a point one-half mile north of the north end of Lake Coville; thence southeasterly in a straight line approximately $26\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the source of Gorge Creek; thence southeasterly downstream following the middle of the channel of Gorge Creek approximately $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles to latitude $58^{\circ} 40'$; thence east on parallel $58^{\circ} 40'$ north latitude approximately 30 miles to longitude $154^{\circ} 00'$; thence northeasterly in a straight line approximately 26 miles to a point, the approximate geographic position being in latitude $59^{\circ} 00'$, longitude $153^{\circ} 40'$; thence continuing northeasterly on the same straight line approximately 1 mile to the shore of Cook Inlet at mean high tide; thence easterly and southerly along the shore of Cook Inlet at mean high tide around Cape Douglas and southwesterly along the shore of Shelikof Strait to Cape Kubugakli on the present southwestern boundary of the monument; thence northwesterly along the present southwestern boundary approximately $16\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the place of beginning.

Warning against unauthorized acts.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Supervision.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument, as provided in the act of Congress entitled "An act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Vol. 39, p. 535.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 24th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1950]

HARNEY NATIONAL FOREST—SOUTH DAKOTA

May 1, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Harney National Forest, S. Dak. Preamble.

WHEREAS it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands in South Dakota to the Harney National Forest:

Area enlarged. Vol. 26, p. 1103. Vol. 30, p. 36.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the act of Congress approved March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 1095), entitled "An act to repeal timber-culture laws, and for other purposes," and also by the act of Congress approved June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. 11 at 34 and

36), entitled "An act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," do proclaim that the following described lands in South Dakota are hereby added to and made a part of the Harney National Forest:

Lands added.

BLACK HILLS MERIDIAN

T. 4 S., R. 1 E., NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 26;
T. 6 S., R. 5 E., SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 17.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

Prior rights, etc., not affected.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 1 day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1951]

BRYCE CANYON NATIONAL PARK—UTAH

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

May 4, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Congress by act of February 17, 1931 (Public, No. 675—71st Cong.), entitled "An act to adjust the boundaries and for the addition of certain lands to the Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah, and for other purposes," authorized the President of the United States, upon the joint recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture, to add to said park by Executive proclamation the lands described in said act;

Bryce Canyon National Park, Utah. Preamble. Vol. 46, p. 1166. Statutory provision.

WHEREAS said Secretaries have jointly recommended the addition to the park of the lands hereinafter described; and

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including such lands within said park for the preservation of the scenic features therein and for road-protection purposes;

Now, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do proclaim that the lands hereinafter described be, and are hereby, added to and included within the Bryce Canyon National Park and as part of said park shall be, and are hereby, made subject to the provisions of the act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), entitled "An act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," and all acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof and all other laws and rules and regulations applicable to and extending over the said park:

Area enlarged.

Vol. 39, p. 535. U. S. C., p. 339.

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN

Description.

T. 36 S., R. 3 W., surveyed S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 2, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 3, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 4, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 8, sec. 9, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 10, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 11, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 17, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 19, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 20; unsurveyed S. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 10, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 11, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 14, secs. 15, 16, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. $\frac{1}{2}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 27, and N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 34;

Surveyed T. 37 S., R. 3 W., lots 3 and 4, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 4, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 8;

Surveyed T. 36 S., R. 4 W., W. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 25;

Surveyed T. 39 S., R. 4 W., W. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 3, sec. 4, and E. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 5.

Private claims not affected.

Nothing herein shall affect any privately owned lands within this area or any valid existing claim, location, or entry on said lands made under the land laws of the United States or the rights of stockmen to continue to drive stock over the lands now under an existing stock-driveway withdrawal; but if any of the privately owned lands shall be conveyed to the United States or any existing claim, location, or entry is canceled, the land so affected shall become a part of the said Bryce Canyon National Park.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 4 day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON

Secretary of State.

[No. 1952]

IMMIGRATION QUOTAS

June 19, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Immigration of aliens.

Preamble.
Vol. 43, p. 161; Vol. 44, p. 1455; Vol. 45, p. 400.

Annual quota of nationality to be admitted.

WHEREAS the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Secretary of Labor have reported to the President that pursuant to the duty imposed and the authority conferred upon them in and by subsection (2) of subdivision (c) of section 12 of the immigration act approved May 26, 1924 (43 Stat. 161), they jointly have made the revision provided for in subdivision (c) of section 12 of the said act and have fixed the quota of each respective nationality in accordance therewith to be as hereinafter set forth;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the power in me vested by the aforesaid act of Congress, do hereby proclaim and make known that the annual quota of each nationality for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1931, and for each fiscal year thereafter, has been determined in accordance with the law to be, and shall be, as follows:

NATIONAL ORIGIN IMMIGRATION QUOTAS

<i>Country or Area</i>	<i>Quota</i>
Afghanistan -----	100
Albania -----	100
Andorra -----	100
Arabian peninsula (except Muscat, Aden Settlement and Protectorate, and the Kingdom of the Hejaz and Nejd and its Dependencies) -----	100
Armenia -----	100
Australia (including Tasmania, Papua, and all islands appertaining to Australia) -----	100
Austria -----	1, 413
Belgium -----	1, 304
Bessarabia -----	100
Bhutan -----	100
Bulgaria -----	100
Cameroon (British mandate) -----	100
Cameroon (French mandate) -----	100
China -----	100
Czechoslovakia -----	2, 874
Danzig, Free City of -----	100
Denmark -----	1, 181
Egypt -----	100
Estonia -----	116
Ethiopia (Abyssinia) -----	100
Finland -----	569
France -----	3, 086
Germany -----	25, 957
Great Britain and Northern Ireland -----	65, 721
Greece -----	307
Hejaz and Nejd and its Dependencies -----	100
Hungary -----	869
Iceland -----	100
India -----	100
Iraq (Mesopotamia) -----	100
Irish Free State -----	17, 853
Italy -----	5, 802
Japan -----	100
Latvia -----	236
Liberia -----	100
Liechtenstein -----	100
Lithuania -----	386
Luxemburg -----	100
Monaco -----	100
Morocco (French and Spanish zones and Tangier) -----	100
Muscat (Oman) -----	100
Nauru (British mandate) -----	100
Nepal -----	100
Netherlands -----	3, 153
New Guinea, Territory of (including appertaining islands) (Australian mandate) -----	100
New Zealand -----	100
Norway -----	2, 377
Palestine (with Trans-Jordan) (British mandate) -----	100
Persia -----	100
Poland -----	6, 524
Portugal -----	440
Ruanda and Urundi (Belgian mandate) -----	100
Rumania -----	295

NATIONAL ORIGIN IMMIGRATION QUOTAS—Continued

<i>Country or Area</i>	<i>Quota</i>
Russia, European and Asiatic.....	2, 701
Samoa, Western (mandate of New Zealand).....	100
San Marino.....	100
Siam.....	100
South Africa, Union of.....	100
South West Africa (mandate of the Union of South Africa).....	100
Spain.....	252
Sweden.....	3, 314
Switzerland.....	1, 707
Syria and the Lebanon (French mandate).....	123
Tanganyika (British mandate).....	100
Togoland (British mandate).....	100
Togoland (French mandate).....	100
Turkey.....	226
Yap and other Pacific islands under Japanese mandate..	100
Yugoslavia.....	845

No extraneous significance attached.

The immigration quotas assigned to the various countries and quota areas are designed solely for purposes of compliance with the pertinent provisions of the Immigration Act of 1924 and are not to be regarded as having any significance extraneous to this object.

Former proclamation abrogated.
Vol. 46, p. 2984, repealed.

This proclamation shall take effect July 1, 1931, and shall supersede Proclamation No. 1872 of March 22, 1929.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 19 day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1953]

INCREASING RATE OF DUTY ON BELLS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on bells.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 701), entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, bells, chimes, and carillons, finished or unfinished, and parts of the foregoing, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Germany, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim an increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 364 of Title I of said act on bicycle, velocipede, and similar bells, finished or unfinished, and parts thereof, from 50 per centum *ad valorem* to 70 per centum *ad valorem*, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

Increasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production. Vol. 46, p. 620.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 24th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1954]

INCREASING RATE OF DUTY ON HEMP CORDAGE

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

June 24, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 701), entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, cordage, including cables, tarred or untarred, composed of three or more strands, each strand composed of two or more yarns, wholly or in chief value of hemp, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to a like or similar article wholly or in part the growth or product of the principle competing country;

Tariff on hemp cordage. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Italy, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic article and the like or similar foreign article when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

Increasing duty to
equalize difference in
costs of production.
Vol. 46, p. 644.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim an increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1005(a)(3) of Title I of said act on cordage, including cables, tarred or untarred, composed of three or more strands, each strand composed of two or more yarns, wholly or in chief value of hemp, from 3¼ cents per pound to 4½ cents per pound, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary (within the limit of total increase provided for in said act) to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 24th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L. STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1955]

INCREASING RATE OF DUTY ON DRIED WHOLE EGGS, DRIED EGG
YOLK, AND DRIED EGG ALBUMEN

June 24, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on eggs.
Preamble.
Statutory authoriza-
tion.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 701), entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, dried whole eggs, dried egg yolk, and dried egg albumen, whether or not sugar or other material is added, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is China, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim an increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 713 of Title I of said act on dried whole eggs, dried egg yolk, and dried egg albumen, whether or not sugar or other material is added, from 18 cents per pound to 27 cents per pound, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary (within the limit of total increase provided for in said act) to equalize such differences in costs of production.

Increasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production. Vol. 46, p. 632.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 24th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1956]

DECREASING RATES OF DUTY ON PIPE ORGANS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

June 24, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 701), entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, pipe organs and parts thereof, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on pipe organs. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties inter-

ested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Canada, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decreases in the rates of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

Decreasing duty to
equalize difference in
costs of production.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the following rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production:

Rates.
Vol. 46, p. 669.

A decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1541(a) of Title I of said act on pipe organs and parts thereof, from 60 per centum *ad valorem* to 35 per centum *ad valorem*;

And a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1541(a) of Title I of said act on pipe organs and parts thereof especially designed and constructed for installation and use in a particular church, or in a particular public auditorium at which it is not customary to charge an admission fee, which are imported for that specific use, and which are so installed and used within one year from the date of importation, from 40 per centum *ad valorem* to 35 per centum *ad valorem*.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 24th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1957]

DECREASING RATE OF DUTY ON BENT-WOOD FURNITURE

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on bent-wood
furniture.
Preamble.
Statutory authoriza-
tion.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 701), entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, bent-wood furniture, wholly or partly finished, and parts

June 24, 1931.

thereof, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Czechoslovakia, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 412 of Title I of said act on bent-wood furniture, wholly or partly finished, and parts thereof, from 47½ per centum *ad valorem* to 42½ per centum *ad valorem*, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

Decreasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production. Vol. 46, p. 630.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 24th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State

[No. 1958]

DECREASING RATE OF DUTY ON OLIVE OIL

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

June 24, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 701), entitled "An act to provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, olive oil, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to a like or similar article wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on olive oil. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Italy, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic article and the like or similar foreign article when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

Decreasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production. Vol. 46, p. 598.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 53 of Title I of said act on olive oil weighing with the immediate container less than 40 pounds, from 9½ cents per pound on contents and container to 8 cents per pound on contents and container, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 24th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1959]

NEZPERCE AND BITTERROOT NATIONAL FORESTS—IDAHO

July 3, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Nezperce and Bitterroot National Forests, Idaho. Preamble. *Ante*, p. 2450.

Boundaries rectified. Vol. 34, p. 36. U. S. C., p. 419.

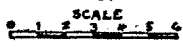
WHEREAS the description of the eastern boundary of the Nezperce National Forest, in the State of Idaho, given in Proclamation No. 1946 of April 7, 1931, is incorrectly stated in that the proper unsurveyed townships were not named;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the act of Congress approved June 4, 1897 (U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 473), do proclaim that said proclamation is hereby amended by substituting the words and figures "Tps. 25, 26, 27, and 28 N., R. 12 E., Boise meridian" for the words and figures "Tps. 1 S. and 1, 2, and 3 N., R. 12 E., Boise meridian."

30' 20' 82° 10'

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
R.Y. STUART, FORESTER

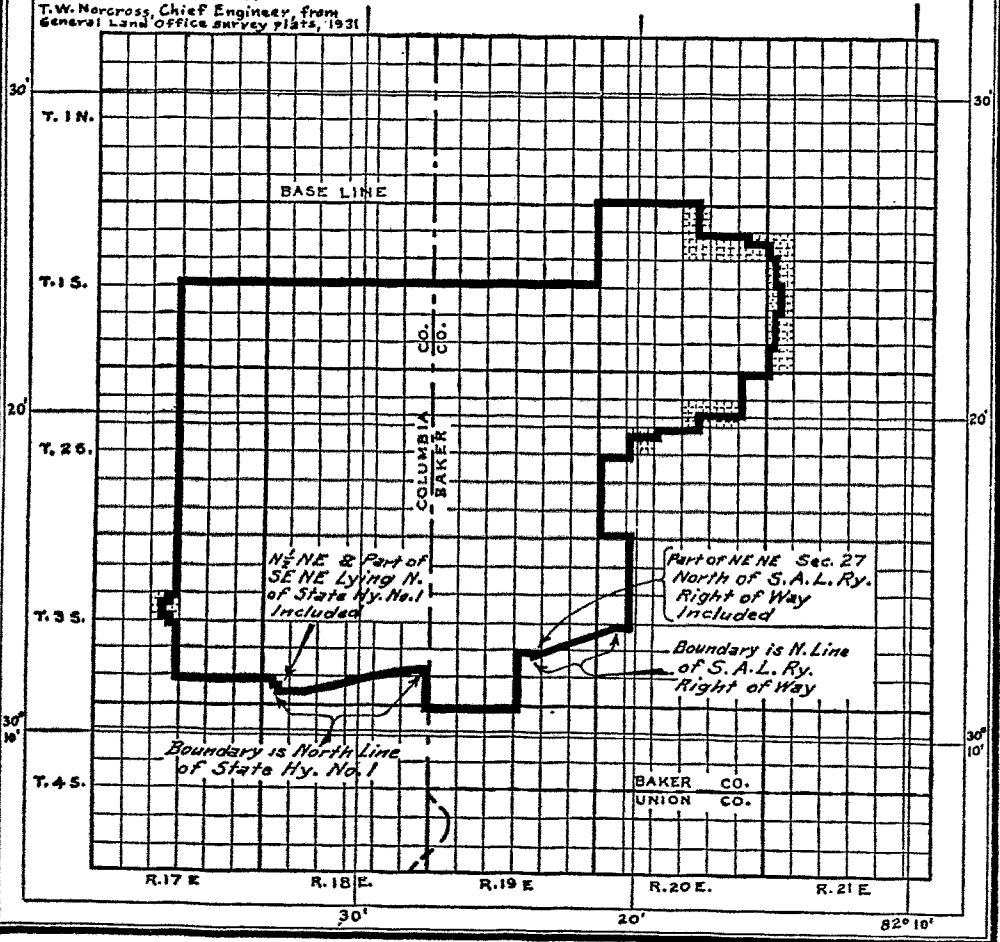
OSCEOLA NATIONAL FOREST FLORIDA TALLAHASSEE MERIDIAN 1931



■ National Forest Boundary

DIAGRAM FORMING PART OF PROCLAMATION DATED, JULY 10, 1931

Compiled under direction of
T.W. Norcross, Chief Engineer, from
General Land Office survey plats, 1931



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 3^d day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-fifth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, Jr
Acting Secretary of State

[No. 1960]

OSCEOLA NATIONAL FOREST—FLORIDA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

July 10, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS certain forest lands within the State of Florida have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States of America under authority of the act of Congress approved March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 962; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 516), as amended June 7, 1924 (43 Stat. 653; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 515); and

Osceola National Forest, Fla. Preamble. Vol. 36, p. 962; Vol. 43, pp. 653, 1215. U. S. C., p. 424.

WHEREAS certain public lands in said State are in part covered with timber or undergrowth and it appears that it would be in the public interest to give them a national-forest status;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 24 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 1103; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 471), and by section 11, act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 963; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 521), do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and set apart as the Osceola National Forest, Fla., all lands of the United States within the area shown on the diagram attached hereto and made a part hereof, and that all lands therein which may hereafter be acquired by the United States under the authority of said acts of March 1, 1911, and June 7, 1924, shall be reserved and administered as part of said Osceola National Forest.

National forest status. Vol. 26, p. 1103; Vol. 36, p. 963; Vol. 43, p. 655. U. S. C., pp. 419, 425.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose other than forest uses, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

Treatment of acquisitions.

Warning is hereby given to all persons not to make settlement upon the lands reserved by this proclamation.

Prior rights not affected. Public reservation, etc.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Reserved from settlement.

DONE at the City of Washington this 10th day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, Jr.
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1961]

NATIONAL FIRE PREVENTION WEEK—1931

August 5, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

National Fire Pre-
vention Week.
Preamble.

It has become customary for the President of the United States to request an annual observance of Fire Prevention Week throughout the nation to stimulate the interest and cooperation of officials, organizations, and citizens in diminishing the losses of life and property from fire.

Last year fires in the United States caused a direct property loss estimated at nearly \$500,000,000, an increase of \$40,000,000 over 1929. These direct losses affected home owners, farmers, business men, and workingmen. There were many more millions of indirect losses in rentals, broken contracts, unemployment, and interruption to business.

Deaths and injuries to men, women, and children exceeded 35,000 in 1930. The majority of the losses of life and property were the result of carelessness and lack of preventive measures.

The purpose of National Fire Prevention Week is to focus attention on the hazards of fire and to promote preventive measures to reduce this devastating waste.

Week of October 4,
1931, designated as.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of October 4, 1931, to be observed as Fire Prevention Week and earnestly solicit the assistance of each citizen to help lessen the loss and needless waste and suffering from fires which are largely preventable.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 5th day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
W. R. CASTLE, Jr
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1962]

EXEMPTION OF VIRGIN ISLANDS FROM COASTWISE LAWS

August 19, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Virgin Islands.
Preamble.

WHEREAS an act of Congress entitled "Merchant Marine Act, 1920," approved June 5, 1920 (41 Stat. 988), contained the following provisions:

Statutory provisions.
Vol. 41, p. 997.
U. S. C., p. 1541.

"SEC. 21. That from and after February 1, 1922, the coastwise laws of the United States shall extend to the island Territories and possessions of the United States not now covered thereby, and the board is directed prior to the expiration of such year to have established adequate steamship service at reasonable rates to accommodate the commerce and the passenger travel of said islands and to maintain and operate such service until it can be taken over and operated and maintained upon satisfactory terms by private capital and enterprise:

Provided, That if adequate shipping service is not established by February 1, 1922, the President shall extend the period herein allowed for the establishment of such service in the case of any island Territory or possession for such time as may be necessary for the establishment of adequate shipping facilities therefor.”

Proviso.
Extensions author-
ized.

AND WHEREAS an adequate shipping service to accommodate the commerce and the passenger travel of the Virgin Islands has not been established as provided by section 21 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920; and

WHEREAS the President of the United States, in accordance with the authority vested in him by section 21 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, has from time to time, to wit, on February 1, 1922, on May 18, 1922, on October 28, 1922, on October 25, 1923, on April 7, 1924, on October 23, 1924, on April 25, 1925, on November 24, 1925, on August 14, 1926, on August 9, 1927, on August 2, 1928, on July 26, 1929, and on July 28, 1930, issued proclamations extending the time for the establishment of such service and deferring the application of the coastwise laws to the Virgin Islands until September 30, 1931;

Vol. 42, pp. 2261, 2269, 2287; Vol. 43, pp. 1928, 1943, 1969; Vol. 44, pp. 2575, 2592, 2620; Vol. 45, pp. 2920, 2960; Vol. 46, pp. 3002, 3032.
Post, p. 2528.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority conferred upon me by section 21 of the above-mentioned act, do hereby declare and proclaim that the period for the establishment of an adequate shipping service with the aforesaid Virgin Islands be further extended from September 30, 1931, to September 30, 1932;

Time for establishing shipping service to, further extended to September 30, 1932.

And inasmuch as the extension of the coastwise laws of the United States to the Virgin Islands, as provided in section 21 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, is dependent upon the establishment of an adequate shipping service to such island possession, I do hereby further proclaim and declare that the extension of the coastwise laws of the United States to the Virgin Islands is deferred from September 30, 1931, to September 30, 1932.

Application of coastwise laws deferred.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 19 day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
W. R. CASTLE, Jr
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1963]

OUACHITA NATIONAL FOREST—ARKANSAS AND OKLAHOMA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

August 19, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the United States of America has acquired title under authority of the act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 962; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 516), as amended by the act of June 7, 1924 (43 Stat. 654; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 515), to certain lands in the States of Arkansas and Oklahoma; and

Ouachita National Forest, Ark. and Okla. Preamble.
Vol. 36, p. 902; Vol. 43, pp. 654, 1215.
U. S. C., p. 424.

Vol. 44, p. 2623.

WHEREAS said lands and certain adjoining public lands are adjacent to the Ouachita National Forest as described by proclamation of October 28, 1926 (44 Stat. 2628); and

WHEREAS it would be in the public interest to add said lands, as well as any other lands in this region which hereafter may be purchased by the United States under authority of said act of March 1, 1911, to the Ouachita National Forest;

Area enlarged.

Vol. 26, p. 1103; Vol. 30, p. 34; Vol. 36, p. 963; Vol. 43, p. 655.
U. S. C., pp. 419, 425.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 24 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 1103; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 471), act of June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. 34; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 473), and by section 11, act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 963; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 521), do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and made a part of the Ouachita National Forest all lands of the United States within the following-described areas, not now a part of such national forest, and all lands which hereafter may be acquired by the United States under authority of said act of March 1, 1911, within said areas are likewise reserved and shall be administered as part of said national forest:

Future acquisitions.

FIFTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN—ARKANSAS

Description.

- T. 2 N., R. 17 W., sec. 1, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 11 and 12;
sec. 13, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 14, 15, 20 to 23, inclusive;
sec. 24, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 30, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 31.
- T. 3 N., R. 17 W., secs. 3 to 11,
secs. 14 to 23, and
secs. 25 to 30, inclusive;
sec. 35, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 36.
- T. 4 N., R. 17 W., sec. 31, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 32, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 33 and 34.
- T. 3 N., R. 18 W., secs. 1 to 24, inclusive.
T. 4 N., R. 18 W., that part of sec. 31 lying south and west of the
Fourche Lafave River.
- T. 3 S., R. 20 W., that part of sec. 6 lying south and west of
Rogers Creek and Ouachita River;
sec. 7;
that part of sec. 8 lying south and west of the
Ouachita River;
that part of secs. 16, 17, and 18 lying north of
Mazarn Creek.
- T. 2 S., R. 20 W., those parts of secs. 18, 19, and 30 lying west of
the Ouachita River.
- T. 3 S., R. 21 W., those parts of secs. 1, 2, and 3 lying south of
Rogers Creek;
secs. 7 to 12 inclusive;
that part of sec. 13 lying north of Mazarn
Creek;
secs. 14 to 22, and
secs. 27 to 31, inclusive.
- T. 2 S., R. 21 W., secs. 4 to 7,
secs. 13 to 17, and
secs. 19 to 31, inclusive;
sec. 32, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$.

- T. 1 S., R. 21 W.**, secs. 1 to 11,
secs. 15 to 22, and
secs. 28 to 35, inclusive.
- T. 1 N., R. 21 W.**, sec. 34, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 35, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 36.
- T. 4 N., R. 21 W.**, sec. 6.
- T. 5 N., R. 21 W.**, secs. 30 and 31.
- T. 4 S., R. 22 W.**, secs. 1 to 10, and
secs. 16 to 18, inclusive.
- T. 3 S., R. 22 W.**
- T. 2 S., R. 22 W.**
- T. 1 S., R. 22 W.**
- T. 1 N., R. 22 W.**, sec. 19, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 30, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 31, W. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 3 N., R. 22 W.**, those parts of secs. 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 lying south
of the Fourche River;
sec. 9;
sec. 10, W. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 4 N., R. 22 W.**, secs. 1 to 8, inclusive;
sec. 18.
- T. 5 N., R. 22 W.**, secs. 25 to 28, inclusive;
sec. 31, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
secs. 32 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 4 S., R. 23 W.**, secs. 1 to 6, inclusive;
sec. 7, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ and SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
secs. 8 to 10, inclusive;
sec. 11, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 12, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 14, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 15, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
secs. 16 and 17;
sec. 18, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
secs. 19 and 20;
sec. 21, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$
NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 22, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 28, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 29, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 30, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 3 S., R. 23 W.**, secs. 1 and 2;
sec. 3, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 4, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 7, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 8 to 15, inclusive;
sec. 16, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 17, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 18;
sec. 19, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 21, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 22, S. $\frac{1}{2}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
secs. 23 to 27, inclusive;
sec. 28, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 31, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 32, S. $\frac{1}{2}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 33, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
secs. 34 to 36, inclusive.

Description—Contd.

- T. 2 S., R. 23 W.,** sec. 1, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 25;
 sec. 26, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 31, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 35, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 36.
- T. 3 N. R. 23 W.,** sec. 5, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 6, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 that part of secs. 10, 11, and 12 lying south of
 the Fourche Lafave River;
 sec. 14, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ and SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 that part of secs. 15 and 16 lying south of the
 Fourche Lafave River;
 those portions of secs. 19 and 20 lying south of
 the Fourche Lafave River;
 secs. 21 and 22;
 sec. 23, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 4 N., R. 23 W.,** sec. 1;
 sec. 2, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 10, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 11 to 16, inclusive;
 sec. 17, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 19 to 24, inclusive;
 sec. 25, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 26 and 27;
 secs. 32 to 35, inclusive.
- T. 3 S., R. 24 W.,** sec. 1, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 2, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 3 and 4;
 sec. 5, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 13, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 19, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 20, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 22, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 23;
 sec. 24, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW.
 $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 25, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 26, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 27, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 28, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 29, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 30, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 2 S., R. 24 W.,** sec. 31, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 32 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 2 N., R. 24 W.,** sec. 6, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 3 N., R. 24 W.,** secs. 1, 2, and 3;
 sec. 4, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 7, 8, and 9;
 sec. 26, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 27, 28, 29, 31;
 sec. 32, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 33, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 34, N. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 4 N., R. 24 W.,** secs. 1 to 24, inclusive.
- T. 5 N., R. 24 W.,** secs. 25 to 36, inclusive.

- T. 3 S., R. 25 W., secs. 2 to 9, inclusive;
 sec. 10, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 15 to 22, inclusive;
 sec. 23, S. $\frac{1}{2}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$,
 SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 24, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 25 to 30, inclusive.
- T. 2 S., R. 25 W., secs. 31 to 35, inclusive.
- T. 2 N., R. 25 W., secs. 1, 2, 3;
 sec. 4, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 7 to 23, inclusive;
 sec. 26, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 27 to 34, inclusive.
- T. 3 N., R. 25 W., sec. 8, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 9, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 10, 11, 12, 16, and 17;
 sec. 18, S. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 4 N., R. 25 W., secs. 1 and 2;
 sec. 9, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 10, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 11 to 16, inclusive;
 sec. 17, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 20, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 21 to 24, inclusive;
 sec. 25, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 26, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 27, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 28, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 29, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 5 N., R. 25 W., secs. 25 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 4 S., R. 26 W., secs. 1 to 4, inclusive.
- T. 3 S., R. 26 W.
- T. 2 S., R. 26 W., secs. 25, 26, 31 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 2 N., R. 26 W., secs. 4 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 3 N., R. 26 W., sec. 13, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 24 and 27;
 sec. 28, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 31, 32, and 33.
- T. 3 S., R. 27 W., secs. 1 to 19, inclusive.
- T. 2 S., R. 27 W., secs. 31 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 1 N., R. 27 W., sec. 6, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 2 N., R. 27 W.
- T. 3 N., R. 27 W.
- T. 3 S., R. 28 W., sec. 5, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 8, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 9;
 sec. 14, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 15, 16, 17, 18, 22, 23, and 24.
- T. 1 S., R. 28 W., secs. 31 and 32.
- T. 1 N., R. 28 W., sec. 1, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 2, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 2 N., R. 28 W., sec. 1;
 sec. 3, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 4, 5, 8, 9, 10, 11;
 sec. 12, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 14, 15, 16, 17, 24, 25, 35, and 36.

Description—Contd.

- T. 3 N., R. 28 W., sec. 6;
secs. 8 to 17, and
secs. 20 to 29, inclusive;
secs. 32 and 33;
sec. 34, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 4 N., R. 28 W., sec. 3, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 4, S. $\frac{1}{2}$, lots 8, 9, 10, 11;
secs. 8, 9, and 10;
sec. 11, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 14, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 15 to 21,
secs. 28 to 32, inclusive.
- T. 1 S., R. 29 W., sec. 28, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 29, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 30, 34, 35, and 36.
- T. 1 N., R. 29 W., sec. 4, E. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 2 N., R. 29 W., secs. 14 to 17, inclusive;
secs. 19 to 23, and
secs. 27 to 34, inclusive.
- T. 3 N., R. 29 W., secs. 1, 2, and 3.
- T. 4 N., R. 29 W., secs. 13 to 15,
secs. 22 to 27, and
secs. 34 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 1 S., R. 30 W., sec. 17, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 18, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 19, 22, and 23;
sec. 30, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 31, E. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 1 N., R. 30 W., sec. 2, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 3 to 10, inclusive;
sec. 11, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 15 and 16.
- T. 2 N., R. 30 W., secs. 19 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 1 N., R. 31 W., sec. 4, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 5 and 12.
- T. 2 N., R. 31 W., secs. 4 and 5;
sec. 6, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
sec. 7;
secs. 20 to 29, and
secs. 32 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 3 N., R. 31 W., secs. 21 to 25, inclusive;
sec. 26, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 33, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 34, S. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 2 S., R. 32 W., secs. 4 to 9, inclusive;
sec. 10, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 15, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 16 to 21, inclusive;
sec. 22, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
secs. 28, 29, and 30;
sec. 31, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 1 S., R. 32 W., sec. 25, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 26, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
secs. 27 to 30, inclusive;
sec. 31, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
sec. 32, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$.

- T. 1 N., R. 32 W., secs. 14 to 16, inclusive;
 sec. 17, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 18.
 T. 2 N., R. 32 W., sec. 4, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 12, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 14, 15, and 16;
 sec. 21, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 22 and 23;
 sec. 28;
 sec. 30, W. $\frac{1}{2}$.
 T. 3 N., R. 32 W., sec. 35.
 T. 1 N., R. 33 W., sec. 13.
 T. 2 N., R. 33 W., sec. 25.

INDIAN MERIDIAN—OKLAHOMA

- T. 4 N., R. 21 E., sec. 12, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 13, 24, and 25;
 sec. 36, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$.
 T. 3 N., R. 22 E., secs. 1 and 2;
 sec. 3, E. $\frac{1}{2}$.
 T. 4 N., R. 22 E., secs. 1 to 4, inclusive;
 sec. 5, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 7 to 36, inclusive.
 T. 5 N., R. 22 E., sec. 22, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 23 to 27, inclusive;
 sec. 28, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 33, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 34, 35, and 36.
 T. 3 N., R. 23 E., secs. 1 to 18, inclusive;
 secs. 21 to 24, inclusive;
 sec. 25, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 26;
 sec. 27, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 28, N. $\frac{1}{2}$.
 T. 4 N., R. 23 E.
 T. 5 N., R. 23 E., sec. 19, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 25, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 26, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 27 to 36, inclusive.
 T. 2 N., R. 24 E., sec. 1, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 2, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 12, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$.
 T. 3 N., R. 24 E., secs. 1 to 27, inclusive;
 sec. 28, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 29, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 30, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 34, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$; N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 35, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 36.
 T. 4 N., R. 24 E., sec. 1, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 2 to 36, inclusive.
 T. 5 N., R. 24 E., sec. 31;
 sec. 32, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 33, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 34, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$.

Description—Contd.

- T. 2 N., R. 25 E., secs. 1 to 6, inclusive;
 sec. 7, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 8 to 12, inclusive;
 sec. 13, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 14, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 15, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 16, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 17, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 18, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 19 to 30, inclusive.
- T. 3 N., R. 25 E., sec. 1, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$,
 S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 2 to 36, inclusive.
- T. 4 N., R. 25 E., sec. 6, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 7;
 sec. 8, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 9, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 10, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 11, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 13, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 14, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 15 to 22, inclusive;
 sec. 23, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 24, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 26, W. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 27 to 35, inclusive;
 sec. 36, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 1 N., R. 26 E., secs. 1 and 2;
 sec. 3, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 9, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 10 to 15, inclusive;
 sec. 16, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 21, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 22 to 25, inclusive;
 sec. 26, E. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 2 N., R. 26 E., secs. 1 to 30, inclusive;
 secs. 34, 35, and 36.
- T. 3 N., R. 26 E.
- T. 4 N., R. 26 E., sec. 7, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 8, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 9, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 10, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 11 to 24, inclusive;
 sec. 25, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 26, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 27, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 28, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 31, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 32, 33, and 34;
 sec. 35, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 36, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 1 N., R. 27 E., secs. 3 to 10,
 secs. 15 to 22, and
 secs. 27 to 30, inclusive.
- T. 2 N., R. 27 E., secs. 3 to 10,
 secs. 15 to 22, and
 secs. 27 to 34, inclusive.

- T. 3 N., R. 27 E., sec. 3, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 4, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 5, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 7, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 8, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 9, S. $\frac{1}{2}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 10, S. $\frac{1}{2}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 15 to 22, and
 secs. 27 to 34, inclusive.
- T. 4 N., R. 27 E., secs. 3 and 4;
 sec. 5, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 secs. 7 to 10,
 secs. 15 to 22, and
 secs. 27 to 30, inclusive;
 sec. 31, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 32, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 secs. 33 and 34.

Description—Contd.

The boundaries of the Ouachita National Forest as modified by this proclamation are more clearly defined and shown on a map in two sheets prepared by the United States Forest Service, dated July 30, 1931, a copy of which is now on file in the United States Department of State, Washington, D. C.

Descriptive map on file.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose other than forest uses, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat, legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

Prior rights, etc., not affected.

Warning is hereby given to all persons not to make settlement upon the lands reserved by this proclamation.

Reserved from settlement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 19th day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, JR
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1964]

CONSERVATION OF OUR WATERFOWL

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

August 25, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

The long-continued and severe drought of the past two years has inflicted not only economic hardships by seriously curtailing crop and stock production, but also has resulted in an emergency condition as regards the present and future safety and abundance of the waterfowl of the continent. In large areas of the United States and Canada, through lack of the water on breeding grounds essential to rearing the young birds, the drought has entailed widespread destruction among the former hordes of the wild fowl that migrate to our several States.

Waterfowl
 Preamble.
Post, p. 2561.

Curtailment of hunting season.

Vol. 40, p. 755.
U. S. C., p. 436.

Emergency cooperation for protecting waterfowl urged.

This devastation has constituted so great a menace to our wild-life resources and to their future enjoyment by our people as to impel the Secretary of Agriculture to adopt a regulation compatible with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (40 Stat. 755), whereby during the coming fall there will be an open hunting season on these birds of only one month.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby urge that all persons take cognizance of this emergency, and I call upon all game and conservation officials, State and local, all members of game-protective organizations, land-owners, sportsmen, and public-spirited citizens generally to lend their cooperation to effect full observance of this regulation, to the end that adequate numbers of waterfowl may return to their breeding grounds next spring and that there may be no repetition of the calamity of extermination that has already overtaken some species of our American birds.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 25 day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
W. R. CASTLE, Jr.
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1965]

AMENDING REGULATIONS ON MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Protection of migratory birds.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 755.
U. S. C., pp. 436-437.
Vol. 39, p. 1702.
Restrictions amended.

WHEREAS the Secretary of Agriculture, by virtue of the authority vested in him by section 3 of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (40 Stat. 755; U. S. Code, title 16, secs. 703-711), has submitted to me for approval a regulation further amendatory of the regulations approved and proclaimed July 31, 1918, which the Secretary of Agriculture has determined to be a suitable amendatory regulation permitting and governing the hunting, taking, capture, killing, possession, sale, purchase, shipment, transportation, carriage, and export of migratory birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs, as follows:

Vol. 46, pp. 3013, 3019.

Regulation 4, "Open Seasons on and Possession of Certain Migratory Game Birds," is amended so as to read as follows:

REGULATION 4.—OPEN SEASONS ON AND POSSESSION OF CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

Periods defined.
Ante, p. 2441.
Post, pp. 2481, 2521.

For the purpose of this regulation, each period of time herein prescribed as an open season shall be construed to include the first and last days thereof.

Waterfowl, etc.

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), rails, coot, gallinules, woodcock, Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe, and mourning doves may be taken each day from half an hour before sunrise to sunset during the open seasons prescribed therefor in this regulation, except that the hour for the

commencement of hunting on the opening day of the season shall be 12 o'clock noon, by the means and in the numbers permitted by regulations 3 and 5 hereof, respectively, and when so taken may be possessed any day in any State, Territory, or District during the period constituting the open season where killed and for an additional period of 10 days next succeeding said open season, but no such bird shall be possessed in a State, Territory, or District at a time when such State, Territory, or District prohibits the possession thereof. Nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the hunting or killing of migratory birds on any refuge established under the Migratory Bird Conservation Act of February 18, 1929 (45 Stat. 1222), or on any area of the United States set aside by any other law, proclamation, or Executive order for use as a wild-life refuge except in so far as may be permitted by the Secretary of Agriculture under existing law, nor on any area adjacent to any such refuge when such area is designated as a closed area under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Opening day of season.

Hunting on refuges forbidden.
Vol. 45, p. 1222.

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans) and coot.—The open seasons for waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose wood duck, eider ducks, and swans) and coot shall be as follows:

Geographical limitations.

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York (except Long Island), Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Idaho, Utah, Nevada, Oregon, and Washington the open season shall be from October 1 to October 31;

In that portion of New York known as Long Island, and in New Jersey, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, and California the open season shall be from November 16 to December 15;

In Florida the open season shall be from November 20 to December 19; and

In Alaska the open season shall be from September 1 to September 30.

Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe.—The open seasons for Wilson's snipe, or jacksnipe, shall be as follows:

Wilson's snipe, etc.

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York (except Long Island), Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Idaho, Nevada, California, Oregon, and Washington the open season shall be from October 1 to December 31;

In that portion of New York known as Long Island, and in New Jersey, Delaware, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, and in that portion of Texas lying west and north of a line beginning on the Rio Grande River directly west of the town of Del Rio, Tex.; thence east to the town of Del Rio; thence easterly following the center of the main track of the Southern Pacific Railroad through the towns of Spofford, Uvalde, and Hondo; thence to the point where the Southern Pacific Railroad crosses the International & Great Northern Railway, at or near San Antonio; thence following the center of the track of said International & Great Northern Railway in an easterly direction, to the point in the city of Austin where it joins Congress Avenue, near the International & Great Northern Railway depot; thence across said

Congress Avenue to the center of the main track of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad where said track joins said Congress Avenue, at or near the Houston & Texas Central Railroad depot; thence following the center line of the track of said Houston & Texas Central Railroad in an easterly direction through the towns of Elgin, Giddings, and Brenham, to the point where said railroad crosses the Brazos River; thence with the center of said Brazos River in a general northerly direction, to the point on said river where the Beaumont branch of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway crosses the same; thence with the center of the track of the said Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway in an easterly direction through the towns of Navasota, Montgomery, and Conroe, to the point at or near Cleveland where said Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway crosses the Houston East & West Texas Railway; thence with the center of said Houston East & West Texas Railway track to the point in said line where it strikes the Louisiana line the open season shall be from October 16 to January 15;

In that portion of Texas lying south and east of the line above described the open season shall be from November 1 to January 15;

In Maryland, the District of Columbia, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Louisiana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 15;

In Florida the open season shall be from November 20 to January 15; and

In Alaska the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15.

Rails and gallinules.

Rails and gallinules (except coot).—The open season for sora and other rails and gallinules (except coot) shall be from September 1 to November 30, except as follows:

In Massachusetts the open season shall be from October 1 to December 15;

In New York and Washington the open season shall be from October 1 to November 30; and

In Louisiana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31.

Woodcock.

Woodcock.—The open seasons for woodcock shall be as follows:

In that portion of New York lying north of the tracks of the main line of the New York Central Railroad extending from Buffalo to Albany and north of the tracks of the main line of the Boston & Albany Railroad extending from Albany to the Massachusetts State line, and in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, and North Dakota the open season shall be from October 1 to October 31;

In that portion of New York lying south of the line above described including Long Island and in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa the open season shall be from October 15 to November 14;

In Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut the open season shall be from October 20 to November 19;

In Maryland, the District of Columbia, and Missouri the open season shall be from November 10 to December 10;

In Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Arkansas, and Oklahoma the open season shall be from November 15 to December 15; and

In North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana the open season shall be from December 1 to December 31.

Doves.

Doves.—The open seasons for mourning doves shall be as follows:

In Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, New

Mexico, Utah, Arizona, California, Nevada, Idaho, and Oregon the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15;

In that portion of Texas lying west and north of a line more particularly described in the paragraph establishing the open seasons on Wilson's snipe, or jacksnipe, the open season shall be from September 1 to October 31;

In that portion of Texas lying south and east of the aforesaid line the open season shall be from October 1 to November 30;

In North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama (except in Mobile and Baldwin Counties), Mississippi, and Louisiana the open season shall be from September 1 to September 30 and from November 20 to January 31;

In that portion of Alabama comprising Mobile and Baldwin Counties the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31;

In Florida (except in Dade, Monroe, and Broward Counties) the open season shall be from November 20 to January 31; and

In that portion of Florida comprising Dade, Monroe, and Broward Counties the open season shall be from September 16 to November 15.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the foregoing amendatory regulation.

Regulation approved.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 25th day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, Jr.
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1966]

SESQUICENTENNIAL OF THE SURRENDER OF LORD CORNWALLIS
AT YORKTOWN

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

September 3, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS October 19, 1931, is the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the surrender of Lord Cornwallis at Yorktown, which brought to an end the heroic struggle of our forefathers for political freedom and the ideals of liberty upon which our institutions are founded; and

Surrender of Lord Cornwallis, Yorktown, Va.
Preamble.

WHEREAS it is fitting that this momentous event in the history of our nation be commemorated in such a manner as to inspire love of our country and devotion to its ideals by recalling to this generation the struggles of the past;

NOW THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do recommend that appropriate religious ceremonies be held in the churches of the country on Sunday, October 18, 1931, in commemoration of that event and in thanksgiving for the blessings that have been bestowed upon the people of the United States; and

Recommending October 18-19, 1931, be observed as sesquicentennial of.

Especially do I recommend that Monday, October 19, 1931, be fittingly observed in universities, schools, and other suitable places,

to the end that patriotic lessons may be drawn from the spirit of courage and self-sacrifice which animated our forefathers; and further, I hereby direct that on that day the flag of the United States be appropriately displayed upon all Government buildings in the United States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 3d day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, Jr.

Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1967]

PULASKI MEMORIAL DAY

September 11, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

General Casimir Pulaski.
Preamble.
Revolutionary War record.

WHEREAS, Count Casimir Pulaski, brave officer and brilliant cavalryman, exiled by reason of his patriotic efforts in defence of the liberties of his native land, offered his sword to the United States in 1777, was commissioned Brigadier-General in the Continental Army in recognition of his conduct at the battle of Brandywine, raised in 1778 a volunteer Legion of horse and foot which he commanded with distinction, took a notable part in the Southern campaign of the ensuing year, was mortally wounded at the assault on Savannah of October 9, and died of his wounds on October 11, 1779;

WHEREAS, October 11, 1931, will mark the one hundred and fifty-second anniversary of the death of this heroic officer, to whom it was not given to witness the triumph of the cause in which he fell but whom it is fitting to bear, equally with his more fortunate comrades, in public remembrance and gratitude;

Observance of anniversary of his death invited.
Vol. 46, p. 1627.

THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, in pursuance of the provisions of Public Resolution No. 133, Seventy-first Congress, approved March 4, 1931, do hereby invite the people of the United States of America to honor on Sunday, the eleventh day of October next, the memory of Brigadier-General Casimir Pulaski, by holding such services, exercises and ceremonies in places of public worship or assembly as may commemorate his life and death; and, further, I hereby direct that on that day the flag of the United States be appropriately displayed upon all Governmental buildings of the United States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the great seal of the United States.

DONE at the City of Washington this 11th day of September, in the year of of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON

Secretary of State.

[No. 1968]

AMENDING REGULATIONS ON MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

September 12, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the Secretary of Agriculture, by virtue of the authority vested in him by section 3 of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (U. S. Code, title 16, secs. 703-711; 40 Stat. 755), has submitted to me for approval a regulation further amendatory of the regulations approved and proclaimed July 31, 1918, which the Secretary of Agriculture has determined to be a suitable amendatory regulation permitting and governing the hunting, taking, capture, killing, possession, sale, purchase, shipment, transportation, carriage, and export of migratory birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs, as follows:

Protection of migratory birds.
Post, p. 2501.
 Preamble.
 Vol. 40, p. 755.
 U. S. C., pp. 436-437.
 Vol. 39, p. 1702.
 Vol. 40, p. 1812.
 Restrictions modified.

Regulation 4, "Open Seasons on and Possession of Certain Migratory Game Birds," subtitle "Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans) and coot," is amended so as to read as follows:

Ante, pp. 2441, 2476.

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans) and coot.—The open seasons for waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, eider ducks, and swans) and coot shall be as follows:

Waterfowl and coot.

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, New York (except Long Island), Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, Idaho and Utah the open season shall be from October 1 to October 31;

Geographical limitations.

In Ohio and Indiana the open season shall be from October 16 to November 15;

In Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Illinois the open season shall be from November 1 to November 30;

In Missouri, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma the open season shall be from October 20 to November 19;

In that portion of New York known as Long Island, and in New Jersey, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Mississippi, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona, Nevada, California, Oregon and Washington the open season shall be from November 16 to December 15;

In Florida the open season shall be from November 20 to December 19; and

In Alaska the open season shall be from September 1 to September 30.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the foregoing amendatory regulation.

Regulation approved.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 12th day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
 HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

SAN GERONIMO RESERVATION—PORTO RICO

September 15, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

San Geronimo Res-
ervation, Porto Rico.
Preamble.
Vol. 39, p. 954.
Vol. 46, p. 3004.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of the authority contained in an act of Congress approved March 2, 1917 (39 Stat. 951), entitled "An act to provide a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," the President by Proclamation No. 1889, dated August 26, 1929, transferred and conveyed to the people of Porto Rico a certain tract of land known as San Geronimo, more particularly described in said proclamation, excepting and reserving, however, from said tract 5 acres, more or less, which were assigned to the uses of the Navy Department for the development of the naval communication service and for other purposes of the United States, southerly of and contiguous to the tract heretofore leased to Virgil Baker, and bounded on the north by the southerly line of the said Virgil Baker tract, being a straight line drawn from the point known as point 85 at the south-westerly corner of the Virgil Baker tract, easterly along the southerly line of said Virgil Baker tract through point 86 to the laguna; on the west by a straight line drawn southerly from said point 85 along the westerly line of the tract hereby conveyed; on the east by the shore line of the laguna; and on the south by the northerly line of a proposed road, the course and location of which road are to be fixed hereafter; the United States retaining title to and jurisdiction over the said last-mentioned 5-acre tract; and

WHEREAS it is deemed advisable that said tract of land assigned to the uses of the Navy Department be more particularly described; Now, THEREFORE, in pursuance of the authority vested in me by the act of March 2, 1917, aforesaid, the tract of land assigned to the uses of the Navy Department is now described as follows:

Tract more particu-
larly described.

Beginning at a point in the northerly line of the military road, as relocated, from which, point No. 84 on the old military road, as shown on the military chart of the military reservation of San Juan, P. R., bears N. 23° 29' E., 3.72 meters;

Thence from said initial point, by metes and bounds:

N. 23° 29' E., 83.10 meters, along lands of the Marine Hospital Reservation, to point No. 85 of the said military-reservation chart;

S. 60° 45' E., 156.68 meters, along the southerly line of lands leased to Virgil Baker, to a point in the high-water line of Condado Bay, intermediate point No. 86 of the said military-reservation chart being 106.68 meters from the beginning of course;

Description.

Thence along the said high-water line of Condado Bay the following two courses:

S. 20° 17' W., 54.16 meters to a point;

S. 2° 18' E., 38.20 meters to a point at the end of an old fortification wall;

Thence along the easterly face of said fortification wall the following two courses:

S. 6° 35' E., 59.22 meters to a point;

S. 5° 51' E., 93.49 meters to a point;

S. 84° 06' W., 6.85 meters, crossing the said old fortification wall and old military road to the point of beginning of a curve with a radius of 310 meters in the northeasterly line of aforementioned military road as relocated;

Thence in a general northwesterly direction along said curve, coinciding with the said northeasterly line of road as relocated, the following four courses:

Description—Contd.

On said curve, with a radius of 310 meters, 80.02 meters along the curve, the chord of which bears N. 13° 13' W., 79.80 meters;

Continuing on said curve, 82.98 meters along the curve, the chord of which bears N. 28° 17' W., 82.74 meters;

Continuing on said curve, 80.02 meters along the curve, the chord of which bears N. 43° 21' W., 79.80 meters;

Continuing on said curve, 60.05 meters along the curve, the chord of which bears N. 56° 18' W., 59.96 meters to the place of beginning.

The directions of the lines refer to the true meridian.

The tract as described contains an area of 4.516 acres, more or less.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 15th day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and

[SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1970]

GRAND CANYON NATIONAL GAME PRESERVE—ARIZONA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

October 6, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS portions of what formerly constituted the Grand Canyon National Forest, now known under the names of the Kaibab National Forest and Tusayan National Forest, have been proclaimed the Grand Canyon National Game Preserve, under authority of the act of June 29, 1906 (34 Stat. 607), entitled "AN ACT For the protection of wild animals in the Grand Canyon Forest Reserve," which provides "That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to designate such areas in the Grand Canyon Forest Reserve as should, in his opinion, be set aside for the protection of game animals and be recognized as a breeding place therefor"; and

Grand Canyon National Game Preserve, Ariz.
Preamble,
Vol. 34, p. 607.

WHEREAS it appears that the public good and better administration will be promoted by eliminating a small area from said game preserve;

Area diminished.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the afore-said act of Congress, do proclaim that the boundaries of the said Grand Canyon National Game Preserve are hereby changed to eliminate therefrom all land lying east of the Colorado River and north of the Little Colorado River unsurveyed, but which will probably be when surveyed in Tps. 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36 N., Rs. 5 and 6 E., Gila and Salt River meridian, Arizona.

Location.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 6th day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1971]

TRANSFERRING TO THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII TITLE TO CERTAIN
PUBLIC PROPERTY

October 27, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Hawaii.
Preamble.
Statutory authoriza-
tion.
Vol. 31, p. 159; Vol.
36, p. 447.

WHEREAS section 91 of the act of Congress approved April 30, 1900, entitled "AN ACT To provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii" (31 Stat. 141-159), as amended by section 7 of the act approved May 27, 1910 (36 Stat. 447), authorizes the transfer to the Territory of Hawaii of the title to all such public property ceded and transferred to the United States by the Republic of Hawaii under the joint resolution of annexation, approved July 7, 1898 (30 Stat. 750), and in the possession and use of said Territory for public purposes or required for any such purposes; and

Vol. 30, p. 750.

WHEREAS certain lands of the United States within the area hereinafter described are required for certain public purposes;

Vol. 36, p. 447.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by section 7 of the act of Congress approved May 27, 1910 (36 Stat. 447), do hereby transfer to the Territory of Hawaii the title to all lands owned by the United States in the Territory of Hawaii lying within the area described as follows:

Description of trans-
ferred area.

That certain area of land situate at Nawiliwili, in the district of Puna, island of Kauai, Territory of Hawaii, thus bounded and described:

Vol. 45, p. 2941.

Beginning at an iron bolt in solid rock at the north corner of this parcel of land, said iron bolt in solid rock being also the initial point of the tract described in Presidential Proclamation No. 1830, dated February 27, 1928, and the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government survey triangulation station "Nawiliwili" being 1,604.58 feet south and 627.86 feet west, as shown on Government Survey Registered Map No. 2856, and running by true azimuths:

1. 327° 36' 00"— 309.00 feet along said tract described in Presidential Proclamation No. 1830, dated February 27, 1928;
2. 74° 17' 50"—1,044.45 feet;
3. 209° 00' 00"— 22.70 feet along low-water mark, as described in deed of Henry Waterhouse Trust Co., Ltd., trustees under the will and of the estate of Kaleipua Kanoa, *et al.* (Final Order of Condemnation), dated December 15, 1920, recorded in book 581, page 171;

4. 218° 53' 30"—159.40 feet along same;
 5. 240° 21' 00"—691.00 feet along same;
 6. 245° 45' 00"—140.70 feet along same to the point of beginning.
- Area, 4.35 acres.

Description of transferred area—Contd.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 27th day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifth-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1972]

ARMISTICE DAY—1931

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

November 2, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the 11th day of November, 1918, marked the termination of the World War and the cessation of its destruction and suffering; and

Armistice Day.
Preamble.

WHEREAS it is appropriate that recurring anniversaries of this day should be commemorated by exercises honoring those who gave their lives in the service of their country and dedicating ourselves to the attainment of the ideals of justice, freedom, and peace for which they made a supreme sacrifice; and

WHEREAS by concurrent resolution of the Senate and the House of Representatives, in 1926, the President was requested to issue a proclamation for the observance of Armistice Day;

Vol. 44, p. 1982.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, pursuant to said resolution, do hereby order that the flag of the United States be displayed on all Government buildings on November 11, 1931, and do invite the people of the United States to observe the day in their churches and schools, and other suitable places, with appropriate ceremonies, giving expression to our gratitude that peace exists and pledging ourselves to the effort to perpetuate the peace of the world and to cultivate relations of friendship and amity with all nations.

Directing display of flag and inviting observance of, on November 11, 1931.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the United States.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
W. R. CASTLE, Jr.
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1973]

THANKSGIVING DAY—1931

November 3, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Thanksgiving Day.
Preamble.

We approach the season when, according to custom dating from the garnering of the first harvest by our forefathers in the New World, a day is set apart to give thanks even amid hardships to Almighty God for our temporal and spiritual blessings. It has become a hallowed tradition for the Chief Magistrate to proclaim annually a national day of thanksgiving.

Our country has cause for gratitude to the Almighty. We have been widely blessed with abundant harvests. We have been spared from pestilence and calamities. Our institutions have served the people. Knowledge has multiplied and our lives are enriched with its application. Education has advanced, the health of our people has increased. We have dwelt in peace with all men. The measure of passing adversity which has come upon us should deepen the spiritual life of the people, quicken their sympathies and spirit of sacrifice for others, and strengthen their courage. Many of our neighbors are in need from causes beyond their control and the compassion of the people throughout the nation should so assure their security over this winter that they too may have full cause to participate in this day of gratitude to the Almighty.

Thursday, November 26, 1931, so designated.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Thursday, November 26, 1931, as a National Day of Thanksgiving, and do recommend that our people rest from their daily labors and in their homes and accustomed places of worship give devout thanks for the blessings which a merciful Father has bestowed upon us.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 3^d day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one,
[SEAL] and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1974]

PETRIFIED FOREST NATIONAL MONUMENT—ARIZONA

November 30, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Petrified Forest
National Monument,
ARIZ.
Preamble.

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by adding to the Petrified Forest National Monument, in the State of Arizona, certain adjoining lands for administrative purposes and the protection of a certain approach highway and additional features of scenic and scientific interest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225),

Area enlarged.
Vol. 34, p. 225.

do proclaim that, subject to the rights of the owners of privately owned lands and prior valid claims initiated and maintained pursuant to the land laws of the United States, the following-described lands in Arizona be, and the same are hereby, added to and made a part of the Petrified Forest National Monument: That portion of the W. ½ NW. ¼ sec. 9 lying south and east of the southern boundary of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co.'s right of way in T. 18 N., R. 24 E., Gila and Salt River meridian.

Description.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Reserved from settlement, etc.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Supervision, etc.

Vol. 39, p. 535; Vol. 41, p. 732; U. S. C., p. 389.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 30th day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1975]

INCREASING RATE OF DUTY ON PEAS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 2, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, peas, green or unripe, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on peas. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Mexico, and the that duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country,

and has specified in its report the increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

Increasing duty to
equalize difference
costs of production.
Vol. 46, p. 638.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim an increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 769 of Title I of said act on peas, green or unripe, from 3 cents per pound to 3% cents per pound, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

H L STIMSON

Secretary of State.

[No. 1976]

DECREASING RATE OF DUTY ON EGGPLANT

December 2, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on eggplant.
Preamble.
Statutory authoriza-
tion.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, eggplant in its natural state, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to a like or similar article wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Cuba, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic article and the like or similar foreign article when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 774 of Title I of said act on eggplant in its natural state, from 3 cents per pound to 1½ cents per pound, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary (within the limit of total decrease provided for in said act) to equalize such difference in costs of production.

Decreasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production. Vol. 46, p. 638.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
H L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1977]

DECREASING RATE OF DUTY ON PEPPERS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 2, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, peppers in their natural state, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on peppers. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Cuba, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

Decreasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production. Vol. 46, p. 638.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 774 of Title I of said act on peppers in their natural state, from 3 cents per pound to 2½ cents per pound, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
H L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1978]

DECREASING RATE OF DUTY ON TURN SHOES INCREASING RATE OF DUTY ON MCKAY-SEWED SHOES

December 2, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on shoes. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701) entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, boots and shoes, made wholly or in chief value of leather, not specially provided for, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing countries;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country for turn or turned boots and shoes, made wholly or in chief value of leather, not specially provided for, is Switzerland, and that the principal competing country for boots and shoes, made wholly or in chief value of leather, not specially provided for, sewed or stitched by the process or method known as McKay, is Czechoslovakia, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing countries, and has specified in its report the decrease and the increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the following rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary (within the limit of total decrease and increase provided for in said act) to equalize such differences in costs of production:

Changes in rates to equalize differences in costs of production.

A decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1530(e) of Title I of said act on turn or turned boots and shoes, made wholly or in chief value of leather, not specially provided for, from 20 per centum ad valorem to 10 per centum ad valorem;

Decreasing duty on turned shoes. Vol. 46, p. 667.

An increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1530(e) of Title I of said act on boots and shoes, made wholly or in chief value of leather, not specially provided for, sewed or stitched by the process or method known as McKay, from 20 per centum ad valorem to 30 per centum ad valorem.

Increasing duty on McKay-sewed shoes.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

H L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1979]

DECREASING RATE OF DUTY ON FELDSPAR

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 2, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, feldspar, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to a like or similar article wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on feldspar. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Canada, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic article and the like or similar

foreign article when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

Decreasing duty to
equalize difference in
costs of production.
Vol. 46, p. 603.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 207 of Title I of said act on crude feldspar, from \$1 per ton to 50 cents per ton, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary (within the limit of total decrease provided for in said act) to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

H L STIMSON

Secretary of State.

[No. 1980]

DECREASING RATES OF DUTY ON CYLINDER, CROWN, AND SHEET
GLASS

December 2, 1931.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

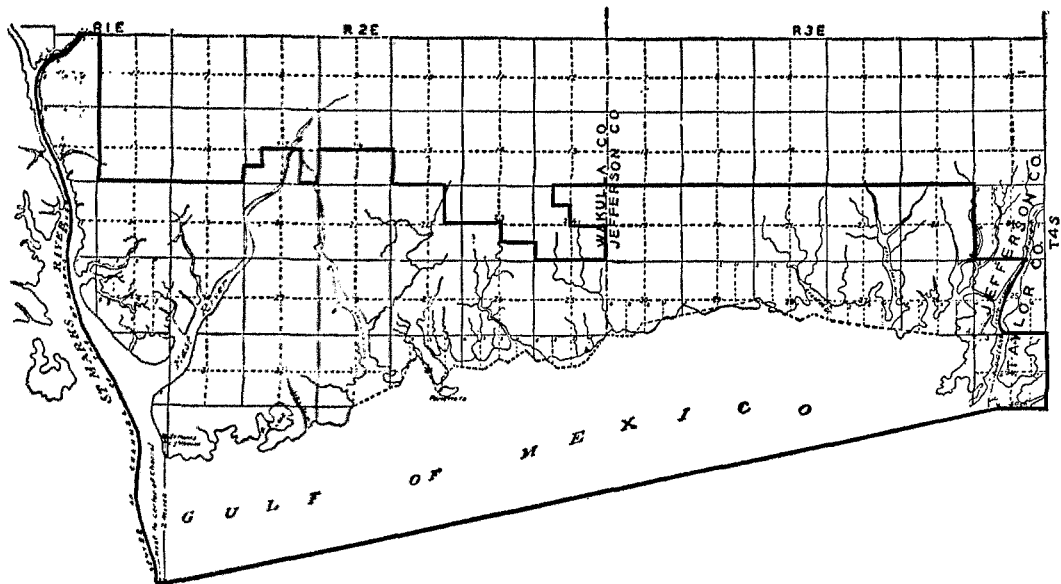
Tariff on cylinder,
crown, and sheet glass.
Preamble.
Statutory authoriza-
tion.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, cylinder, crown, and sheet glass, by whatever process made, and for whatever purpose used, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Belgium, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decreases in the rates of duty



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 BIOLOGICAL SURVEY
 PAUL G. REDINGTON, CHIEF

ST. MARKS MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE
WAKULLA, JEFFERSON AND TAYLOR COUNTIES

FLORIDA
 TALLAHASSEE MERIDIAN
 1931

LEGEND ——— BOUNDARY
 SCALE



MAP REFERRED TO IN PROCLAMATION DATED.....DEC. 24, 1931
 APPROVED.....*Andrew D. Silliman*
 WASHINGTON, D.C. OCTOBER 16, 1931

expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the following rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production:

Decreasing duty to equalize differences in costs of production.

Decreases in the rates of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 219 of Title I of said act on cylinder, crown, and sheet glass, by whatever process made, and for whatever purpose used, not exceeding 150 square inches, from 1 $\frac{1}{8}$ cents per pound to 1 $\frac{2}{64}$ cents per pound; above that, and not exceeding 384 square inches, from 2 $\frac{1}{16}$ cents per pound to 1 $\frac{3}{64}$ cents per pound; above that, and not exceeding 720 square inches, from 2 $\frac{1}{16}$ cents per pound to 1 $\frac{5}{64}$ cents per pound; above that, and not exceeding 864 square inches, from 2 $\frac{5}{8}$ cents per pound to 1 $\frac{6}{64}$ cents per pound; above that, and not exceeding 1,210 square inches, from 3 cents per pound to 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ cents per pound; above that, and not exceeding 2,400 square inches, from 3 $\frac{3}{8}$ cents per pound to 2 $\frac{3}{64}$ cents per pound; above that, from 3 $\frac{3}{4}$ cents per pound to 2 $\frac{5}{64}$ cents per pound;

Rates.
Vol. 46, p. 606.

And a decrease in the minimum rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 219 of Title I of said act on cylinder, crown, and sheet glass, by whatever process made, and for whatever purpose used, weighing less than 16 ounces but not less than 12 ounces per square foot, from 50 per centum ad valorem to 37 $\frac{1}{2}$ per centum ad valorem.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
H L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1981]

CLOSED AREA UNDER THE MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT—FLORIDA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 24, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the Acting Secretary of Agriculture has submitted to me the following regulation adopted by him under authority of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of July 3, 1918:

Migratory Bird Treaty Act.
Vol. 40, p. 755.
U. S. C., p. 436.

REGULATION DESIGNATING THE ST. MARKS MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE, FLA., AND LANDS AND WATERS ADJACENT THERETO A CLOSED AREA UNDER THE MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT

St. Marks Migratory Bird Refuge, Fla.

I, C. F. Marvin, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, by virtue of authority vested in me by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of July 3, 1918 (40 Stat. 755-757; U. S. Code, title 16, secs. 703-711), and in extension of regulation 4 of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act Regulations, do hereby designate as closed area, in or on which hunting,

Regulation designating, as closed area.
Vol. 40, p. 755.
U. S. C., p. 436.

taking, capturing, or killing, or attempting to hunt, take, capture, or kill, migratory birds is not permitted, all that area of land and water in Wakulla, Jefferson, and Taylor Counties, Fla., comprising the St. Marks Migratory Bird Refuge, established under the provisions of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act of February 18, 1929 (45 Stat. 1222-1226; U. S. Code, Supp. IV, title 16, ch. 7a), and all lands and waters adjacent thereto, embraced within the following boundary, and as shown on the diagram hereto attached and made a part of this regulation:

Vol. 45, p. 1222.
U. S. C., Supp. V, p.
204.

Description of closed
area.

Beginning at the northeast corner of sec. 11, T. 4 S., R. 1 E., Tallahassee meridian;

Thence from said initial point,

Southerly, between secs. 11 and 12 and secs. 13 and 14 to the southeast corner of sec. 14;

Thence easterly, between secs. 13 and 24, T. 4 S., R. 1 E., and secs. 18 and 19, T. 4 S., R. 2 E., to the corner of secs. 17, 18, 19, and 20, T. 4 S., R. 2 E.;

Thence northerly, between secs. 17 and 18 to the northwest corner of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 17;

Thence on subdivisional lines in sec. 17,

Easterly, to the northeast corner of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Northerly, to the northwest corner of the NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Easterly, to the northeast corner of the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Southerly, to the southwest corner of the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Easterly, to the southeast corner of said sec. 17;

Thence northerly between secs. 16 and 17, T. 4 S., R. 2 E., to the quarter-section corner;

Thence easterly, to the quarter-section corner between secs. 15 and 16;

Thence southerly, between secs. 15 and 16 to the southeast corner of sec. 16;

Thence easterly, between secs. 15 and 22 to the northeast corner of the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22;

Thence southerly, to the southwest corner of the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 22;

Thence easterly, to the northeast corner of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23;

Thence southerly, to the northwest corner of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23;

Thence easterly, to the northeast corner of the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 23;

Thence southerly, to the southeast corner of sec. 23;

Thence easterly, between secs. 24 and 25, to the southeast corner of sec. 24, T. 4 S., R. 2 E.;

Thence northerly, to the quarter-section corner on the east line of sec. 24;

Thence on subdivisional lines in sec. 24, T. 4 S., R. 2 E.,

Westerly, to the northwest corner of the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Northerly, to the northwest corner of SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Westerly, to the southwest corner of the NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Northerly, to the northwest corner of the NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Easterly, to the northeast corner of said sec. 24;

Thence easterly, between secs. 18 and 19, 17 and 20, 16 and 21, 15 and 22, and 14 and 23, to the northeast corner of sec. 23, T. 4 S., R. 3 E.;

Thence southerly, between secs. 23 and 24, to the southeast corner of sec. 23;

Thence easterly, between secs. 24 and 25, to the center of the channel of the Aucilla River;

Thence southwesterly, along center of the channel of the Aucilla River as now located to the line between secs. 25 and 36;

Thence easterly, to the northeast corner of sec. 36, T. 4 S., R. 3 E.;
 Thence southerly, along the east boundary of T. 4 S., R. 3 E., to
 the southeast corner of sec. 36;

Description of closed
area—Continued.

Thence westerly, along the south boundary of sec. 36, 50 chs., to
 the meander corner on the south line of said section;

Thence from said point,

Southwesterly, in a straight line across the Gulf of Mexico to a
 point 2 miles south of the St. Marks Lighthouse as now estab-
 lished;

Thence westerly, to the center of the channel of the St. Marks
 River;

Thence northerly, along the center of the channel of the St. Marks
 River to the point where said channel intersects the line between
 secs. 2 and 11, T. 4 S., R. 1 E.;

Thence easterly, between secs. 2 and 11, to the northeast corner of
 sec. 11, the place of beginning.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United
 States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the foregoing
 regulation of the Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

Approval by the
President.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the
 seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 24th day of December, in the
 year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of
 [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the
 one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1982]

CONVEYING TO THE PEOPLE OF PORTO RICO CERTAIN LAND HERETO-
 FORE RESERVED FOR PURPOSES OF THE UNITED STATES

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 30, 1931.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the President of the United States, under an act of
 Congress approved March 2, 1917 (39 Stat. 951-968), entitled "AN
 Act To provide a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other
 purposes," is authorized to convey to the people of Porto Rico
 from time to time, in his discretion, such lands, buildings, or interests
 in land or other property now owned by the United States and within
 the territorial limits of Porto Rico as in his opinion are no longer
 needed for purposes of the United States; and

Porto Rico.
Preamble.
Conveyance of land
in Porto Rico, to people
of.
Vol. 39, p. 954.

WHEREAS by proclamation of the President, of August 24, 1926
 (No. 1781), certain lands described therein forming a part of the San
 Juan Military Reservation and the Department of Agriculture
 Weather Bureau reservation situated in Puerta de Tierra, City of San
 Juan, Territory of Porto Rico, were transferred and conveyed to the
 people of Porto Rico for highway purposes, subject to certain con-
 ditions; and

Vol. 44, p. 2621.

WHEREAS a certain portion of the land comprising the Department
 of Agriculture Weather Bureau reservation, heretofore set apart for
 governmental purposes, is no longer needed for the purposes of the
 United States; and

WHEREAS such land is desired by the municipality of San Juan, Porto Rico, for the purpose of connecting two thoroughfares, namely, Salvador Brau Boulevard and Ponce de León Avenue, within the limits of said municipality, and may be advantageously used by the people of Porto Rico;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby proclaim and make known that the following-described land, to be used for highway purposes only, and subject to the conditions hereinafter mentioned, is hereby transferred and conveyed to the people of Porto Rico:

Portion of United States Weather Bureau, Department of Agriculture reservation:

Description of conveyed area.

Beginning at the point of intersection of the northerly line of Ponce de León Avenue and the westerly line of Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau reservation in Puerta de Tierra, San Juan, Territory of Porto Rico, thence

1. Bearing N. 21° 9' E., along the westerly line of the Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau reservation, a distance of 123.99 meters to the point of intersection of the southerly line of Salvador Brau Boulevard and the westerly line of the Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau reservation; thence
2. Bearing S. 35° 47' E., a distance of 12.40 meters to a point; thence
3. Bearing S. 21° 9' W., a distance of 120.08 meters to a point of intersection with the northerly line of Ponce de León Avenue; thence
4. Bearing N. 68° 42.9' W., along the northerly line of Ponce de León Avenue, a distance of 12.00 meters, to the point of beginning, containing 1,468.94 square meters.

Conditions.

The transfer of the above-described lands is subject to the following conditions:

Vol. 44, p. 2621.

(1) That the provisions of a proclamation by the President of the United States, done at the City of Washington on the 24th day of August, 1926, shall (as far as concerns the reservation of the United States Weather Bureau, Department of Agriculture, at San Juan) be complied with *prior to the proposed transfer of land and the construction of a thoroughfare thereon*, particularly, that the people of Porto Rico shall, without expense to the United States, erect parallel to and distant 1 meter southerly from the northerly lines of the lands described in the proclamation, a substantial concrete retaining wall, the top of which shall be level with the adjoining land of the United States, and shall construct thereon an open cement or iron fence to the additional height of 4 feet, the fence to have two large gates and one small gate along San Juan Military Reservation and one large and two small gates along the Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau reservation, to conform to such type of fence and to be placed in such locations as may be designated, respectively, by the Commanding Officer, San Juan Military Reservation, and the official in charge of the Weather Bureau station at San Juan; the people of Porto Rico also shall construct, without expense to the United States, a sidewalk along the southerly side of said retaining wall;

(2) That the construction of the thoroughfare between Ponce de León Avenue and Salvador Brau Boulevard, along the 12-meter strip of land to be transferred from the Weather Bureau reservation, is contingent upon the construction, *prior to the opening of such thoroughfare to the public*, of a substantial concrete retaining wall, not less than

five feet high, with an open cement or iron fence constructed thereon to an additional height of 4 feet, along the entire western boundary of the Weather Bureau reservation as such boundary is determined after the proposed transfer has been effected; and

(3) That the construction of the thoroughfare between Ponce de León Avenue and Salvador Brau Boulevard is further contingent upon the construction by the people of Porto Rico, without expense to the United States, of a galvanized steel fence of cyclone or similar type, 7 feet high, on the eastern boundary of military reservation (Service Company), said fence to be continuous along the eastern boundary from Ponce de León Avenue to Salvador Brau Boulevard and to include no gates or openings of any kind.

In the event that the above-described land shall cease to be used for street purposes, or be devoted to any other than highway purposes, the same shall revert to the United States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 30th day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-one, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1983]

TRANSFERRING TO THE TERRITORY OF HAWAII TITLE TO CERTAIN PUBLIC PROPERTY

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

January 8, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS section 91 of the act of Congress approved April 30, 1900, entitled "AN ACT To provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii" (31 Stat. 141-159), as amended by section 7 of the act approved May 27, 1910 (36 Stat. 443, 447), authorizes the transfer of the title to certain public property ceded and transferred to the United States by the Republic of Hawaii under the joint resolution of annexation, approved July 7, 1898 (30 Stat. 750), and in the possession and use of the Territory of Hawaii, to said Territory; and

Hawaii,
Preamble.
Conveyance of cer-
tain land in Hawaii.
Vol. 31, p. 149.
Vol. 36, p. 447.

WHEREAS on the 18th day of June, 1903, Sanford B. Dole, Governor of Hawaii, acting pursuant to the authority contained in section 91 of the act of April 30, 1900, issued a proclamation setting aside certain lands therein described for the uses and purposes of the United States, to wit: Additional reservation of land for customs purposes at the port of Kahului, on the island of Maui; and

WHEREAS the lands and buildings at Kahului, Territory of Hawaii, described in said proclamation are no longer needed for the uses and purposes of the United States; and

WHEREAS such lands and buildings are desired by the government of the Territory of Hawaii to be used for public purposes by the people of the Territory of Hawaii;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by section 7 of the act of Congress approved May 27, 1910 (36 Stat. 443, 447), do

Vol. 30, p. 760.

Description of conveyed area.

hereby transfer to the Territory of Hawaii the title to the lands and buildings thereon referred to in the proclamation of the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii, above mentioned, described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a point which bears S. 19° 44' E. (true), 75 feet, from a point on the south side of Front Street, which is 150 feet from the south corner of Front and Market Streets, and running by true bearings:

- 1. S. 70° 16' W.—50 feet;
- 2. S. 19° 44' E.—75 feet;
- 3. N. 70° 16' E.—50 feet;
- 4. N. 19° 44' W.—75 feet to the initial point.

Containing an area of 3,750 square feet.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 8 day of January, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1984]

ROCKY MOUNTAIN NATIONAL PARK—COLORADO

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

January 11, 1932.

Rocky Mountain National Park, Colo. Preamble. Area added to Rocky Mountain National Park, Colo. Vol. 46, p. 791.

WHEREAS Congress by act of June 21, 1930 (46 Stat. 791-792), entitled "AN ACT To provide for the addition of certain lands to the Rocky Mountain National Park, in the State of Colorado," authorized the President of the United States, upon certain recommendations, to add to said park by Executive proclamation any or all of the lands described therein adjoining the present boundaries of said park; and

WHEREAS pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of said act of Congress, the Secretary of the Interior has recommended the addition to the park of certain of the lands described therein; and

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including such lands within said park for preservation and administration as a part of the park;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do proclaim that the lands hereinafter described shall be, and are hereby, added to and made a part of said park, and they are hereby made subject to the provisions of the act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," and all acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof and all other laws and rules and regulations applicable to and extending over the said park:

Vol. 39, p. 535. U. S. C., p. 389.

SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Description of added area.

T. 4 N., R. 73 W., sec. 4, all of that part of lot 2 lying between the Big Thompson River and the Glacier Creek, lots 3, 4, and 5; sec. 5, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8;

T. 5 N., R. 73 W., sec. 17, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 20, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 28, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 29, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 32, E. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 33, W. $\frac{1}{2}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 34, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;

Description of added area—Continued.

Containing approximately 3,075 acres.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 11th day of January, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1985]

BICENTENNIAL OF BIRTH OF GEORGE WASHINGTON

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

February 1, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

The happy opportunity has come to our generation to demonstrate our gratitude and our obligation to George Washington by fitting celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of his birth.

Celebration of the Bicentennial of Birth of George Washington.

To contemplate his unselfish devotion to duty, his courage, his patience, his genius, his statesmanship, and his accomplishments for his country and the world refreshes the spirit, the wisdom, and the patriotism of our people.

THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, acting in accord with the purposes of the Congress, do invite all our people to organize themselves through every community and every association to do honor to the memory of Washington during the period from February 22 to Thanksgiving Day.

Period for.

And I hereby direct that on the anniversary of his birth the flag of the United States be appropriately displayed upon all Government buildings in the United States, and all embassies, legations, and offices of the United States abroad.

Display of flag.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of the United States.

DONE at the City of Washington this first day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1986]

(APPOINTING OGDEN L. MILLS DIRECTOR GENERAL OF RAILROADS)

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

February 12, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

Preamble.

WHEREAS Andrew W. Mellon has tendered his resignation as Director General of Railroads; and

WHEREAS such resignation has been accepted effective upon the qualification of his successor,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, under and by virtue of the power and authority so vested in me under the Transportation Act of 1920, the unrepealed provisions of the Federal Control Act of March 21, 1918, and the "Act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes," approved August 29, 1916, and of all other powers me hereto enabling, do hereby appoint, effective the twelfth day of February, 1932, Ogden L. Mills, Secretary of the Treasury, to be Director General of Railroads in the stead of the said Andrew W. Mellon, and do hereby delegate to and continue and confirm in him all powers and authority heretofore granted to and now possessed by the said Andrew W. Mellon as Director General of Railroads; and do hereby authorize and direct the said Ogden L. Mills or his successor in office, until otherwise provided by proclamation of the President or by act of Congress, either personally or through such divisions, agencies, or persons as he may authorize, to exercise and perform, as fully in all respects as the President is authorized to do, all and singular the powers and duties conferred or imposed upon me by the said unrepealed provisions of the Federal Control Act of March 21, 1918, and the said Transportation Act of February 28, 1920, except the designation of the Agent under section 206 thereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1987]

(DESIGNATING AND APPOINTING OGDEN L. MILLS, DIRECTOR GENERAL OF RAILROADS, AND HIS SUCCESSOR IN OFFICE, AS THE AGENT PROVIDED FOR IN SECTION 206 OF THE ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED FEBRUARY 28, 1920)

February 12, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS by proclamation dated December 14, 1925, Andrew W. Mellon, Director General of Railroads, was designated as the agent provided for in section 206 of the Transportation Act, 1920; and

Preamble.
Vol. 44, p. 2597.
Vol. 41, p. 460.

Ogden L. Mills.
Appointed Director
General of Railroads.
Vol. 41, p. 456.
Vol. 40, p. 451.
Vol. 39, p. 619.

Effective date.

WHEREAS the said Andrew W. Mellon, Director General of Railroads, as aforesaid has tendered his resignation as said agent, which has been duly accepted, effective upon the qualification of his successor;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, under and by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by said act, and of all other powers me hereto enabling, do hereby designate and appoint, effective the twelfth day of February, 1932, Ogden L. Mills, Director General of Railroads, and his successor in office, as the agent provided for in section 206 of said act, approved February 28, 1920. Appointment of Ogden L. Mills as agent.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1988]

MIGRATORY WATERFOWL

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

February 12, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS by proclamations of August 25, 1931, and September 12, 1931, the season for hunting migratory waterfowl throughout the United States was restricted to one month in order to meet an emergency brought about by excessive drought over the principal breeding ground of such waterfowl in the United States; and

Migratory waterfowl. Preamble. Ante, pp. 2475, 2481. Restrictions modified.

WHEREAS the emergency has now been relieved; and

WHEREAS the Secretary of Agriculture has adopted an amendment of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act regulations restoring the open seasons for waterfowl prescribed by the amendment of the regulations approved March 17, 1931;

Former provisions restored. Vol. 40, p. 755; U.S. C., p. 436. Ante, p. 2440.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby revoke the said proclamations of August 25, 1931, and September 12, 1931, and the seasons during which migratory game birds may be hunted as prescribed by proclamation of March 17, 1931, are hereby restored.

Proclamations revoked. Ante, pp. 2475, 2481.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Hunting seasons extended. Ante, p. 2440.

DONE at the City of Washington this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

By the President:

HERBERT HOOVER

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1989]

COPYRIGHT—GREECE

February 23, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Copyright.

Preamble.

Vol. 35, p. 1075.

Vol. 35, p. 1077.

WHEREAS it is provided by the act of Congress approved March 4, 1909 (35 Stat. 1075-1088), entitled "AN ACT To Amend and Consolidate the Acts Respecting Copyright," that the copyright secured by the act, except the benefits under section 1(e) thereof as to which special conditions are imposed, shall extend to the work of an author or proprietor who is a citizen or subject of a foreign state or nation, only upon certain conditions set forth in section 8 of the said act, to wit:

(a) When an alien author or proprietor shall be domiciled within the United States at the time of the first publication of his work; or

(b) When the foreign state or nation of which such author or proprietor is a citizen or subject grants, either by treaty, convention, agreement, or law, to citizens of the United States the benefit of copyright on substantially the same basis as to its own citizens, or copyright protection substantially equal to the protection secured to such foreign author under this act or by treaty; or when such foreign state or nation is a party to an international agreement which provides for reciprocity in the granting of copyright, by the terms of which agreement the United States may, at its pleasure, become a party thereto; and

WHEREAS it is provided by section 1(e) of the said act of Congress, approved March 4, 1909, that the provisions of the act "so far as they secure copyright controlling the parts of instruments serving to reproduce mechanically the musical work, shall include only compositions published and copyrighted after this Act goes into effect, and shall not include the works of a foreign author or composer unless the foreign state or nation of which such author or composer is a citizen or subject grants, either by treaty, convention, agreement, or law, to citizens of the United States similar rights"; and

WHEREAS the President is authorized by the said section 8 to determine by proclamation made from time to time the existence of the reciprocal conditions aforesaid, as the purposes of the act may require; and

Action by Greece.

WHEREAS satisfactory official assurances have been received that on and after March 1, 1932, citizens of the United States will be entitled to obtain copyright for their works in Greece which is substantially equal to the protection afforded by the copyright laws of the United States, including rights similar to those provided by section 1(e) of the Copyright Act of the United States, approved March 4, 1909;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do declare and proclaim

That on and after March 1, 1932, the conditions specified in sections 8(b) and 1(e) of the act of March 4, 1909, will exist and be fulfilled in respect of the nationals of Greece and that on and after March 1, 1932, nationals of Greece shall be entitled to all the benefits of the act of March 4, 1909, including section 1(e) thereof and the acts amendatory of the said act:

Provided, That the enjoyment by any work of the rights and benefits conferred by the act of March 4, 1909, and the acts amendatory thereof, shall be conditional upon compliance with the requirements and formalities prescribed with respect to such works by the copyright laws of the United States:

Benefits extended to nationals of Greece, including musical reproductions.
Vol. 35, pp. 1075, 1077.

Conditions.

And provided further, That the provisions of section 1(e) of the act of March 4, 1909, in so far as they secure copyright controlling parts of instruments serving to reproduce mechanically musical works shall apply only to compositions published after July 1, 1909, and registered for copyright in the United States which have not been reproduced within the United States prior to March 1, 1932, on any contrivance by means of which the work may be mechanically performed.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 23^d day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1990]

BANDELIER NATIONAL MONUMENT—NEW MEXICO

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

February 25, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it appears desirable, in the public interest, to add to the Bandelier National Monument as established by proclamation of February 11, 1916 (39 Stat. 1764), certain lands of the United States within the Santa Fe National Forest, in the State of New Mexico, and to exclude said national monument as enlarged from the Santa Fe National Forest;

Bandelier National Monument, N. Mex. Preamble. Vol. 39, p. 1764.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2, act of June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 431), and the act of June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. 11, 34; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 473), do proclaim that the boundaries of the Bandelier National Monument be, and they are hereby, changed so as to include certain additional land in T. 19 N., R. 7 E., New Mexico principal meridian, subject to all valid existing rights, and that the reservation as so enlarged is hereby excluded from the Santa Fe National Forest, the lands within the reservation as enlarged being described as follows:

Area enlarged. Vol. 34, p. 225. U. S. C., p. 416. Vol. 30, p. 34. U. S. C., p. 410.

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

T. 19 N., R. 7 E., south half of secs. 7, 8, and 9;
secs. 16 to 21 inclusive;
fractional secs. 28, 29, and 30;

All lands in unsurveyed Tps. 17 and 18 N., R. 6 E., lying north of the Canada de Cochiti Grant, south of the Ramon Vigil Grant, and west of the Rio Grande River.

Description.

Warning is hereby given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, remove, or destroy any feature of this national monument, nor to locate or settle on any of the lands reserved by this proclamation.

Reserved from settlement.

Public use of roads.

Nothing herein contained shall modify or abridge the right of the public to travel over any or all public roads now existing within or upon the lands herein described or roads subsequently constructed to take the place of such existing roads, nor shall public travel over said roads be subject to any restriction or condition other than those generally applicable to the use of public roads in the State of New Mexico.

Supervision etc. of
Director of National
Park Service.
Vol. 39, p. 535; Vol.
41, p. 732.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 25th day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-
[SEAL] two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1991]

**EMERGENCY BOARD, LOUISIANA & ARKANSAS RAILWAY CO.—
EMPLOYEES**

March 10, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Labor dispute, The
Louisiana & Arkansas
Railway Co., The Lou-
isiana, Arkansas &
Texas Railway Co.,
and certain of their
employees.

WHEREAS the President, having been duly notified by the Board of Mediation that a dispute between the following carriers:

The Louisiana & Arkansas Railway Co.;
The Louisiana, Arkansas & Texas Railway Co.;

carriers, and certain of their employees represented by

Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers;
Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen;
Order of Railway Conductors;
Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen;
Railway Employees Department, American Federation of Labor,
Federated Shopcrafts;
Local Lodge No. 24, Colored Railway Trainmen;

which dispute has not been heretofore adjusted under the provisions of the Railway Labor Act, now threatens substantially to interrupt interstate commerce within the States of Louisiana, Arkansas, and Texas, to a degree such as to deprive that section of the country of essential transportation service;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, and by virtue of and under the authority vested in me by section 10 of the Railway Labor Act, do hereby create a board to be composed of three persons not pecuniarily or otherwise interested in any organization of railway employees

Emergency board
created to investigate
and report thereon.

Vol. 44, p. 586.
U. S. C., p. 2110.

or any carrier, to investigate and report their findings to me within 30 days from this date.

The members of this board shall be compensated for and on account of such duties in the sum of one hundred dollars (\$100) for every day actually employed with or upon and on account of travel and duties incident to such board. The members will be reimbursed for and they are hereby authorized to make expenditures for necessary expenses of themselves and of the board, including traveling expenses and expenses actually incurred for subsistence, in conformity with said act.

Compensation, etc.

All expenditures of the board shall be allowed and paid for out of the appropriation "emergency Boards, Railway Labor Act, May 20, 1926, 1932" on the presentation of itemized vouchers properly approved by the chairman of the board hereby created.

Payment of expenditures.
Vol. 46, p. 1357.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 10th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1992]

MERCHANDISE IN BONDED WAREHOUSE

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 15, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, Congress has enacted, and the President has on the seventeenth day of June 1930, approved a law which contains the following provisions:

Merchandise in bonded warehouse. Preamble.

"Whenever the President shall by proclamation declare an emergency to exist by reason of a state of war, or otherwise, he may authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to extend during the continuance of such emergency the time herein prescribed for the performance of any act, and may authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to permit, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, the importation free of duty of food, clothing and medical, surgical and other supplies for use in emergency relief work. The Secretary of the Treasury shall report to the Congress any action taken under the provisions of this section."

Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 696.

AND, WHEREAS, It is essential, in order to carry into effect the provisions of the said act, the applicable provisions of which are quoted herein, that the powers conferred upon the President therein be at this time exercised to the extent hereinafter set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Herbert Hoover, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the aforesaid act of Congress, hereby find and determine, and by this proclamation do proclaim an emergency to exist, for sufficient reasons me thereunto moving.

Extending time for withdrawing imported merchandise, entered for warehousing prior to 1930.

And I do further proclaim and make known, that, in my judgment, it is proper and necessary because of the emergency existing that all imported merchandise entered for warehousing on or before Decem-

Vol. 42, p. 977.

ber 31, 1929, under the provisions of Section 557 of the Tariff Act of 1922, shall be permitted to remain in bonded warehouses for a further period, and pursuant to the authority reposed in me, I do hereby authorize the Secretary of the Treasury until further notice to extend the period during which merchandise may remain in bonded warehouses so that merchandise imported on or before December 31, 1929, may remain in warehouse for periods not exceeding two years after the expiration of the three years prescribed by Section 557 of the Act of June 17, 1930, without otherwise altering the provisions of said act; provided, however, that in each and every case, the Secretary of the Treasury shall require that the principal on the warehouse bonds, given in support of the warehouse entry, in order to obtain the benefits under the extension hereinabove granted, shall furnish to the Collector of Customs for the District in which the merchandise is warehoused the assent of the Sureties on such bond, agreeing to remain bound under the terms and provisions of their bonds to the same extent as if no extension were granted or shall furnish an additional bond with Sureties to cover the extended period.

Vol. 46, p. 744.

Assent of sureties required.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this 15th day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirty two [SEAL] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1993]

GREAT SAND DUNES NATIONAL MONUMENT—COLORADO

March 17, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Great Sand Dunes National Monument, Colo. Preamble.

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the lands hereinafter described within a national monument for the preservation of the great sand dunes and additional features of scenic, scientific, and educational interest;

Area enlarged. Vol. 34, p. 225.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by sec. 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim and establish the Great Sand Dunes National Monument and that, subject to all valid existing rights, the following-described lands in Colorado be, and the same are hereby, included within the said national monument:

Description.

SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

- T. 25 S., R. 73 W., secs. 31 and 32;
T. 26 S., R. 73 W., secs. 3 to 11, inclusive;
secs. 14 to 23, inclusive;
secs. 26 to 35, inclusive;
T. 27 S., R. 73 W., secs. 3 to 10, inclusive;
secs. 15 to 22, inclusive;

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

- T. 40 N., R. 12 E., secs. 1 and 2;
sec. 11, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
secs. 12, 13, 24, and 25;
- T. 41 N., R. 12 E., sec. 10, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
sec. 11, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
sec. 12, lots 1 to 4, inclusive;
secs. 13 to 15, inclusive;
secs. 22 to 27, inclusive;
secs. 34 to 36, inclusive;

and unsurveyed land which upon survey will probably be described as:

- Fractional T. 40 N., R. 13 E.;
- Fractional T. 41 N., R. 13 E.;
- Fractional T. 42 N., R. 13 E.; secs. 30 and 31.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof. Reserved from settlement.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof. Supervision, etc.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 17th day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-six.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1994]

CHILD HEALTH DAY

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 21, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the Congress of the United States, by enactment of May 18, 1928, requested the President to proclaim May 1 as Child Health Day, for national consideration of this subject; and Child Health Day. Preamble. Vol. 45, p. 617.

WHEREAS the children of this Nation are our most precious possession, the causes and objects of our deepest affections, and in them is the promise of our future homes; and

WHEREAS we have in them the constant and unailing source of vitality, wealth, and leadership, the future benefits of which to the Nation depend upon the health and protection of children to-day; and

WHEREAS the knowledge of how to protect and promote their health, physical, mental, and spiritual, is more accessible than ever before, as the reports of the White House Conference on Child Health and Protection give tangible evidence;

Setting aside May 1, 1932, as, and recommending observance of.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim May 1, 1932, to be Child Health Day, and do invite all agencies and organizations interested in child welfare to unite upon that day in the observance of such exercises as will awaken the people of the Nation to the fundamental necessity of unremitting effort for the protection and development of the health of the Nation's children.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 21st day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1995]

BONDED CARPET WOOL AND DRAWBACK EXPORTATIONS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

April 14, 1932.

Bonded carpet wool and drawback exportations.

Preamble.

Statutory authorization.

Vol. 46, p. 696.

WHEREAS Congress has enacted and the President has, on the 17th day of June, 1930, approved a law which contains the following provisions:

"Whenever the President shall by proclamation declare an emergency to exist by reason of a state of war, or otherwise, he may authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to extend during the continuance of such emergency the time herein prescribed for the performance of any act, and may authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to permit, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, the importation free of duty of food, clothing, and medical, surgical, and other supplies for use in emergency relief work. The Secretary of the Treasury shall report to the Congress any action taken under the provisions of this section."

and

WHEREAS it is essential, in order to carry into effect the provisions of the said act, the applicable provisions of which are quoted herein, that the powers conferred upon the President therein be at this time exercised to the extent hereinafter set forth:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the aforesaid act of Congress, hereby find and determine and by this proclamation do proclaim an emergency to exist, for sufficient reasons me thereunto moving.

Time extended for furnishing proof that bonded carpet wool, entered prior to 1930, has been so used.

And I do further proclaim and make known that, in my judgment, it is proper and necessary because of the emergency existing that all wool imported or withdrawn from bonded warehouse on or before December 31, 1929, conditionally free of duty, under bond, for use in the manufacture of rugs, carpets, or other floor coverings, under the provisions of paragraph 1101 of the tariff act of 1922, shall be

Vol. 42, p. 904.

permitted a further period during which proof that the wool has been so used may be furnished; and, pursuant to the authority reposed in me, I do hereby authorize the Secretary of the Treasury, until further notice, to extend the period during which proof that the wool has been so used may be furnished as to wool imported or withdrawn from bonded warehouse on or before December 31, 1929, so that such proof may be furnished during periods not exceeding two years after the expiration of the three years prescribed by said paragraph 1101: *Provided, however,* that in each and every case the Secretary of the Treasury shall require that the principal on the bond, given in support of the entry or withdrawal, in order to obtain the benefits under the extension hereinabove granted, shall furnish to the Collector of Customs for the district in which the bond was given the assent of the sureties on such bond, agreeing to remain bound under the terms and provisions of the bond to the same extent as if no extension were granted, or shall furnish an additional bond with sureties to cover the extended period.

Proviso.
Assent of sureties
required.

And I do further proclaim and make known that, in my judgment, it is proper and necessary because of the emergency existing that, as to articles manufactured or produced in the United States with the use of imported or substituted merchandise for drawback purposes under section 313 of the tariff act of 1930, a further period for exportation of the completed article (or shipment thereof to the Philippine Islands) should be permitted in those cases where the imported merchandise involved was imported on or before December 31, 1929; and, pursuant to the authority reposed in me, I do hereby authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to extend the period for exportation (or shipment to the Philippine Islands) of the completed article in those cases where the imported merchandise involved was imported on or before December 31, 1929, so as to include not exceeding five years after importation of the imported merchandise instead of three years as prescribed in section 313 (h) of the tariff act of 1930.

Drawback exportations.
Time restrictions as to imports prior to 1930, modified.
Vol. 46, p. 693.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Vol. 46, p. 694.

DONE at the City of Washington this 14th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
W. R. CASTLE, Jr
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1996]

GREEN MOUNTAIN NATIONAL FOREST—VERMONT

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

April 25, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS certain forest lands within the State of Vermont have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States of America under authority of the act of Congress approved March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 961, 962; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 516), as amended by the act of June 7, 1924 (43 Stat. 653-655; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 515);

Green Mountain National Forest, Vt. Preamble.
Vol. 36, p. 962; Vol. 43, pp. 653, 1215.
U. S. C., p. 424.

Reserving site for national forest. Vol. 26, p. 1103; Vol. 34, p. 1271; Vol. 36, p. 963. U. S. C., pp. 418, 425.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 24 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 1095, 1103; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 471), and by section 11 of the act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 961, 963; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 521), do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and set apart as the Green Mountain National Forest, in the State of Vermont, all lands of the United States within the following-described area, and that all lands therein which may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of said acts of March 1, 1911, and June 7, 1924, shall be reserved and administered as parts of said Green Mountain National Forest:

Description.

Beginning at the settlement of Barnumville, in the town of Manchester, State of Vermont, where the road from State Highway No. 11 to the United States Highway No. 7 intersects the Rutland Railroad; thence with the center line of said railroad in a northerly direction approximately 3.2 miles to a point where United States Highway No. 7 crosses to the east side of said railroad; thence with said highway in a northerly direction approximately 0.5 mile to a point where the highway intersects the said railroad; thence northerly with the central line of said railroad approximately 1.1 miles to a point where United States Highway No. 7 intersects the said railroad and crosses to the east side thereof; thence with said highway in a northerly direction approximately 1.4 miles to a point where it intersects said railroad and crosses to the west side thereof; thence with the central line of said railroad in a northerly direction approximately 9.8 miles to a point in South Wallingford where a road intersects the railroad; thence with the said road in a northeasterly direction to its intersection with State Highway No. 103-A approximately 2 miles east of Wallingford; thence with said highway in an easterly direction to East Wallingford; thence with a road leading up Mill River through Tarbellville, and continuing with said road down the east fork of West River, crossing the Rutland-Windsor County line approximately 1 mile northwest of the southeast corner of the town of Mount Holly, to the intersection of a settlement road approximately 3.4 miles north of Weston; thence with said settlement road in a southerly direction west of and approximately parallel to the main town road to the forks of the roads approximately 1.8 miles north of Weston; thence with the old road on the west side of the West River to the forks of the roads approximately 0.3 mile west of Weston; thence with the road in a westerly direction approximately 2.2 miles to the forks of the roads; thence with the road in a southerly direction passing approximately through the middle of the north section of the town of Landgrove to the forks of the roads at State Highway No. 11 approximately 1.6 miles west of Londonderry; thence south 4° west approximately 1.9 miles to the forks of the roads approximately 1.6 miles northwest of South Londonderry; thence with the road in a southwesterly direction to the forks of the roads approximately at the Bennington-Windham County line and approximately 0.5 mile south of the northeast corner of the town of Winhall; thence with the road in a southwesterly direction approximately 3.9 miles to the forks of the roads; thence with the road in a northwesterly direction approximately 1.4 miles to State Highway No. 30; thence with said highway in a northwesterly direction to corner No. 5 on the W. D. Howe Tract 2 L (part of lot 3, R. 8, town of Winhall); thence with the east, south, and west boundaries of Tract 2 L to State Highway No. 30 on the west side of said tract, 4.4 chains south of corner 2 thereof; thence with State Highways Nos. 30 and 11 to the forks of

the roads where the road leads off toward Barnumville; thence with the latter road to the place of beginning.

DONE at the City of Washington this 25th day of April, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
W. R. CASTLE, Jr
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 1997]

MESA VERDE NATIONAL PARK—COLORADO

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

May 27, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Congress by act of February 26, 1931 (46 Stat. 1422-1423), entitled "AN ACT To provide for the addition of certain lands to the Mesa Verde National Park, Colorado, and for other purposes," authorized the President of the United States, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior, to add to said park by Executive proclamation a strip of land 260 ft. wide along and including Point Lookout Road between the north boundary of the Mesa Verde National Park and the junction with the Cortez-Mancos Road and the triangle formed by the fork in said Point Lookout Road and lands along or adjacent to said road and right of way as may be acquired by gift or by exchanges, and such other public lands along or adjacent to said road and right of way as may be recommended; and

Mesa Verde National Park., Colo. Preamble. Vol. 46, p. 1422.

WHEREAS by deed dated March 11, 1932, there was conveyed to the United States a strip of land 260 ft. wide along the said Point Lookout Road in accordance with the act of February 26, 1931; and

WHEREAS for consideration as a part of the Point Lookout Road, by Executive Order No. 5424, dated August 15, 1930, there was withdrawn from public disposition, in aid of legislation, the E. ½ SW. ¼ sec. 32, T. 36 N., R. 14 W., New Mexico principal meridian; and

WHEREAS the said Secretary of the Interior has recommended the addition to the park of the lands hereinafter described; and

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the above-mentioned strip of 260 ft. in width and a part of the said E. ½ SW. ¼ sec. 32 within said park, for preservation, scenic, and road-protection purposes;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do proclaim that, subject to all valid existing rights, the lands hereinafter described shall be, and are hereby, added to and made a part of said park, and they are hereby made subject to the provisions of the act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," and all acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof and all other laws and rules and regulations applicable to and extending over the said park;

Area enlarged.

Supervision, etc. Vol. 39, p. 535; Vol. 41, p. 732. U. S. C., p. 389.

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Description.

T. 36 N., R. 14 W., SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 32, and a parcel of land which has been conveyed to the United States in the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 29, and E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and W. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 32, described as follows: All that part or parts of the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 29, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and W. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 32, T. 36 N., R. 14 W. of the New Mexico principal meridian, lying 130 ft. on each side of the center line of the present public road between the north boundary of the Mesa Verde National Park and the Cortez-Mancos State Highway, together with all the land within 130 ft. on each side of the center line of the two curves of the said road as they enter the Cortez-Mancos State Highway, and all the land lying between the two said curves and the said Cortez-Mancos Highway; said parcel of land being more particularly described as follows: 130 ft. in width on each side of a line beginning at a point on the north boundary of the Mesa Verde National Park, and on the south section line of said sec. 32, 263 ft. west of the quarter-section corner of said sec. 32, and running thence, following the center line of said highway, N. $21^{\circ} 6'$ W. 300 ft., thence on a 10° curve to right 550 ft., thence N. $33^{\circ} 54'$ E. 479.5 ft., thence N. $33^{\circ} 54'$ E. 130 ft., thence on a 6° curve to right 408.3 ft., thence N. $58^{\circ} 24'$ E. 359.9 ft., thence on a 2° curve to left 196.7 ft., thence N. $54^{\circ} 28'$ E. 656.4 ft., thence on a 20° curve to left 203.8 ft., thence N. $13^{\circ} 43'$ E. 771.4 ft., thence on a 6° curve to left 460 ft., thence N. $13^{\circ} 53'$ W. 350 ft., thence on a 6° curve to right 750 ft., thence N. $31^{\circ} 07'$ E. 398.3 ft.; said parcel being, further, 130 ft. in width on the right side of a line beginning at the north end of said course N. $31^{\circ} 07'$ E., and running thence on a 27° curve to right 316.5 ft., and thence S. $58^{\circ} 53'$ E. 200 ft., to an intersection with the Cortez-Mancos Highway, and 130 ft. in width on the left side of a line beginning at the north end of said course N. $31^{\circ} 07'$ E., and running thence on a 27° curve to left 301.7 ft., and thence on a 4° curve to right 200 ft., to an intersection with the Cortez-Mancos Highway, and together with the land lying between the said two 27° curves; containing approximately 60.2 acres.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 27th day of May, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1998]

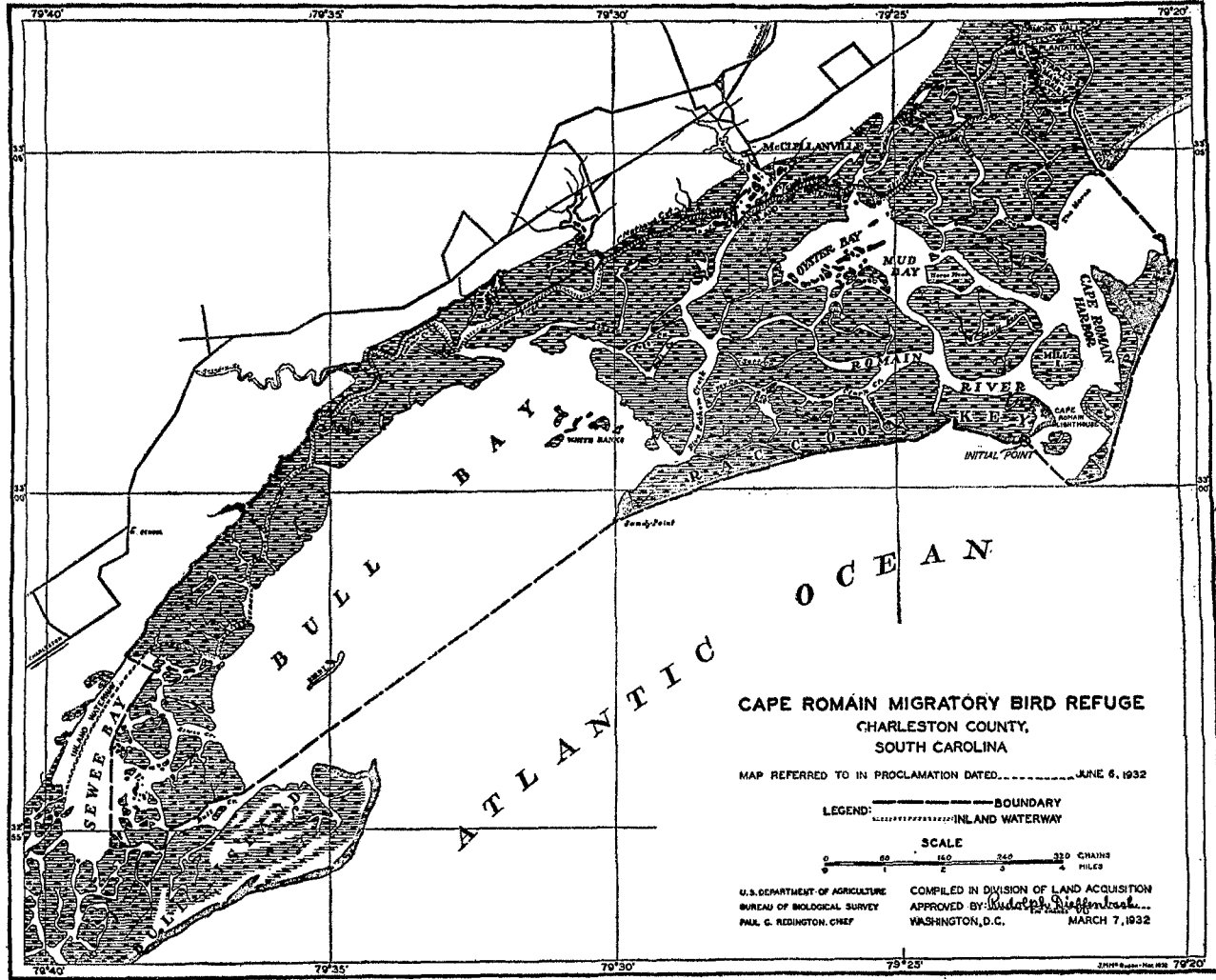
SCOTTS BLUFF NATIONAL MONUMENT—NEBRASKA

June 1, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by adding to the Scotts Bluff National Monument, in the State of Nebraska, certain adjoining lands for administrative purposes and the protection of a certain approach highway and additional features of scenic and scientific interest:



CAPE ROMAIN MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE
 CHARLESTON COUNTY,
 SOUTH CAROLINA

MAP REFERRED TO IN PROCLAMATION DATED..... JUNE 6, 1932

LEGEND: ————— BOUNDARY

SCALE
 0 60 120 240 320 CHAINS
 0 2 4 MILES

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 BUREAU OF BIOLOGICAL SURVEY
 PAUL C. REDINGTON, CHIEF

COMPILED IN DIVISION OF LAND ACQUISITION
 APPROVED BY: *Walter D. Henshaw*
 WASHINGTON, D.C. MARCH 7, 1932

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim that, subject to the rights of the owners of privately owned lands and subject to all valid existing rights, the following-described lands in Nebraska be, and the same are hereby, added to and made a part of the Scotts Bluff National Monument:

Area enlarged.
Vol. 34, p. 225.

SIXTH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

Description.

- T. 21 N., R. 55 W., sec. 3, lot 4;
sec. 4, lots 1 and 2, and SE. ¼ NE. ¼;
- T. 22 N., R. 55 W., sec. 27, SW. ¼ SW. ¼;
sec. 28, lots 2 and 3, SW. ¼ NW. ¼, and
N. ½ SW. ¼;
sec. 29, lot 1, SE. ¼ NE. ¼, NE. ¼ SE. ¼,
W. ½ E. ½, and E. ½ W. ½;
sec. 32, E. ½ W. ½ and W. ½ E. ½;
sec. 33, SE. ¼ SE. ¼;
sec. 34, W. ½ W. ½.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Reserved from settlement, etc.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Supervision, etc. by Director of National Park Service.
Vol. 39, p. 535; Vol. 41, p. 732.
U. S. C., p. 389.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 1 day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 1999]

CLOSED AREA UNDER THE MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT—SOUTH CAROLINA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

June 6, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the Acting Secretary of Agriculture has submitted to me the following regulation adopted by him under authority of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of July 3, 1918:

Cape Romain Migratory Bird Refuge, S. C. Preamble.

REGULATION DESIGNATING AS CLOSED AREA UNDER THE MIGRATORY BIRD TREATY ACT CERTAIN LANDS AND WATERS WITHIN THE BOUNDARY OF, ADJACENT TO, AND IN THE VICINITY OF THE CAPE ROMAIN MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE, S. C., ESTABLISHED UNDER THE MIGRATORY BIRD CONSERVATION ACT (45 STAT. 1222)

I, R. W. Dunlap, Acting Secretary of Agriculture, by virtue of authority vested in me by the Migratory Bird Treaty Act of July 3, 1918 (40 Stat. 755-757; U. S. Code, title 16, secs. 703-711), and in

Regulation designating certain lands, etc., within or adjacent to, as closed area.
Vol. 40, pp. 755-757.

U. S. C., pp. 436-437. extension of regulation 4 of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act Regulations, do hereby designate as closed area, in or on which hunting, taking, capturing, or killing, or attempting to hunt, take, capture, or kill, migratory birds is not permitted, all areas of land and water in Charleston County, S. C., embraced within the exterior boundary hereinbelow described and as shown upon Bureau of Biological Survey map entitled "Cape Romain Migratory Bird Refuge," dated March 7, 1932, filed with this regulation in the archives of the Department of Agriculture, which have not been acquired by the United States for the purposes of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act (45 Stat. 1222-1226; U. S. Code, Supp., title 16, ch. 7a).

Location. All lands and waters within the aforesaid exterior boundaries acquired by the United States under the Migratory Bird Conservation Act are closed by said act to entry for any purpose except in accordance with regulations of the Secretary of Agriculture, and all hunting either of migratory or nonmigratory birds on said lands and waters is forbidden by said act; and said lands and waters, so acquired by the United States, are areas upon which hunting of migratory birds is also not permitted by the regulations under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act.

Vol. 45, p. 1222.
U. S. C., Supp. V, p. 204.
Hunting forbidden.

Description.

DESCRIPTION OF THE EXTERIOR BOUNDARY ABOVE REFERRED TO

(The surveys of the several tracts mentioned in the following-described area were executed under direction of the Bureau of Biological Survey, Department of Agriculture, from November, 1930, to April, 1931. All bearings in this description were turned from the true meridian as determined by altitude observations on the sun during the progress of the survey. The mean magnetic declination was found to be $1^{\circ} 26' W.$)

Beginning at a point on the southeast shore of Raccoon Key, fronting the Atlantic Ocean; the approximate geographic position is in latitude $33^{\circ} 00' 42'' N.$, and longitude $79^{\circ} 22' 43'' W.$ from Greenwich; this point is identical with corner No. 14, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1*b*; from this corner the Cape Romain Lighthouse bears $N. 38^{\circ} 13' E.$, 51.27 chs. distant;

Thence from said initial point,

Westerly, along the south shore of Raccoon Key, fronting the Atlantic Ocean, to the west end of Raccoon Key at Sandy Point;

Thence southwesterly, in a straight line across the waters of Bull Bay, to a point on an unnamed island at the mouth of Bull Creek; this point is identical with corner No. 4, United States Tract No. 2*c*;

Thence southwesterly, along the north and left bank of Bull Creek, to a point on an unnamed island at the junction of said creek with Sewee Bay; this point is identical with corner No. 8, United States Tract No. 2*c*;

Thence $N. 21^{\circ} 19' W.$, 6.67 chs., to a point on the westerly extremity of the said unnamed island, on the east side of Sewee Bay;

Thence northerly, in a straight line across an arm of Sewee Bay, to a point on the westerly extremity of a small unnamed island; from this point corner No. 13, United States Tract No. 2*c*, bears $N. 45^{\circ} 04' E.$, 9.34 chs. distant;

Thence northeasterly, in a straight line along the east side of Sewee Bay, to a point on the northwest extremity of an unnamed island; from this point corner No. 13, United States Tract No. 2*c*, bears $S. 3^{\circ} 04' E.$, 14.81 chs. distant;

Thence northeasterly, in a straight line along the east side of Sewee Bay, to a point on the northwest extremity of an unnamed island, on the right bank of Sewee Creek;

Thence S. 89° 23' E., 5.56 chs., to corner No. 14, United States Tract No. 2c, on the right bank of Sewee Creek;

Thence N. 11° 02' E., crossing Sewee Creek, 3.63 chs., to a point on the left bank of Sewee Creek; this point is identical with corner No. 1, United States Tract No. 2c, and corner No. 14, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1;

Thence with traverse along the east side of Sewee Bay, bordering Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1,

N. 10° 54' W., 3.52 chs.;

S. 59° 36' E., 3.03 chs.;

N. 20° 19' E., 13.04 chs.;

N. 30° 07' E., 13.13 chs.;

N. 28° 02' E., 6.72 chs., to a point on the northeast shore of Sewee Bay;

Thence northwesterly, in a straight line across the northeasterly head of Sewee Bay and the Inland Waterway as now located, to a point on the margin of the marsh and the upland; this point is identical with corner No. 10, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1;

Thence northeasterly, along the border of the marsh and the upland, with the meanders thereof, following the survey of the northwest boundary of Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1, Tract No. 1-VI, Tract No. 1-IV, and Tract No. 1-III, to a point on the west and right bank of Graham Creek and the Inland Waterway as now located; this point is identical with corner No. 7, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1-III;

Thence northeasterly, along the northwesterly bank of the Inland Waterway as now located, in part with the right bank of Graham Creek and in part with the left bank of Awendaw Creek, to a point on the border of the marsh and the upland on the northerly bank of the Inland Waterway as now located; this point is identical with corner No. 3 of United States Tract No. 2a;

Thence northeasterly, along the border of the marsh and the upland, to a point on the northwest side of Legare Creek; this point is identical with corner No. 2 of the Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1a-1;

Thence S. 33° 00' E., crossing Legare Creek, 45.05 chs., to a point on the northwest side of Harbor River and the Inland Waterway as now located; this point is identical with corners No. 1, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tracts 1a and 1a-1;

Thence N. 61° 00' E., in part along the northwest side of the Inland Waterway as now located, 104.88 chs., to a point in the marsh; this point is identical with corner No. 2, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1a;

Thence S. 57° 00' E., 13.00 chs., to a point on the right bank of Harbor River;

Thence northeasterly, crossing Harbor River, to a point on the north and right bank of Mathews Cut at the point of confluence with Harbor River;

Thence northeasterly, along the north bank of the Inland Waterway as now located, in part with the north bank of Mathews Cut, Mathews Creek, and Clubhouse Creek, to a point on the northeast bank of Clubhouse Creek; this point is identical with corner No. 2, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1w;

Thence N. 41° 34' E., 7.48 chs., to a point in the marsh; this point is identical with corner No. 3, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1w;

Description—Contd.

Thence S. 53° 12' E., 6.39 chs., to a point in the marsh on the east side of wooded highland; this point is identical with corner No. 4, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1*w*;

Thence S. 21° 41' W., 8.40 chs., to a point on the northeast bank of the Inland Waterway as now located; this point is identical with corner No. 1, Cape Romain Land & Improvement Co. Tract No. 1*w*;

Thence easterly, along the north bank of the Inland Waterway as now located, in part with the north bank of Clubhouse Creek and Skrine Creek, to a point on the southwest boundary of Ormond Hall Plantation on the north bank of the Inland Waterway;

Thence S. 53° 27' E., crossing the Inland Waterway as now located and along the southwest boundary of Ormond Hall Plantation, 7.25 chs., to corner No. 10, United States Tract No. 2*d*;

Thence, continue S. 53° 27' E., along the southwest boundary of Ormond Hall Plantation, 25.42 chs., to the northwest corner of the Staples and Manigault Tract; this corner is identical with corner No. 9, United States Tract No. 2*d*;

Thence S. 13° 51' W., 32.20 chs., along the northwest boundary of the Staples and Manigault Tract, crossing and recrossing Ramhorn Creek, to a point in the marsh; this point is identical with corner No. 8, United States Tract No. 2*d*;

Thence S. 32° 37' E., 40.28 chs., along the southwest boundary of the Staples and Manigault Tract, crossing and recrossing Ramhorn Creek, to a point in the marsh; this point is identical with corner No. 7, United States Tract No. 2*d*;

Thence S. 64° 25' E., along the southwest boundary of the Staples and Manigault Tract, 9.79 chs., to a point in the marsh; this point is identical with corner No. 6, United States Tract No. 2*d*;

Thence N. 62° 57' E., along the southeast boundary of the Staples and Manigault Tract, 35.13 chs., to a point on the right bank of Alligator Creek; this point is identical with corner No. 5, United States Tract No. 2*d*;

Thence southerly, along the right bank of Alligator Creek, to the point of intersection with the Atlantic Ocean;

Thence southeasterly, across the inlet to Cape Romain Harbor, to the northerly point of Cape Island;

Thence southerly, along the eastern shore of Cape Island fronting the Atlantic Ocean, to the southern extremity of Cape Island;

Thence northwesterly, across the mouth of Romain River, to a point on the southeast shore of Raccoon Key, the place of beginning.

Regulations approved
and proclaimed.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the foregoing regulation of the Acting Secretary of Agriculture.

A copy of the map referred to in the foregoing regulation of the Acting Secretary of Agriculture is annexed to and made a part of this proclamation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 6th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

CHANGING DUTY ON INFANTS' WOOL KNIT OUTERWEAR

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

June 11, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, infants' outerwear, knit or crocheted, finished or unfinished, wholly or in chief value of wool, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on infants' wool knit outerwear. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is the United Kingdom, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease and the increase in the rates of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the following rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production:

Changes in rates to equalize differences in costs of production.

A decrease in the rates of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1114(d) of Title I of said act on infants' outerwear, finished or unfinished, wholly or in chief value of wool, made or cut from Jersey fabric knit in plain stitch on a circular machine, not specially provided for, valued at more than \$2 per pound, from 50 cents per pound and 50 per centum ad valorem to 50 cents per pound and 25 per centum ad valorem; and

Decreasing duty on Jersey knit fabric, plain stitch. Vol. 46, p. 649.

An increase in the rates of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1114(d) of Title I of said act on infants' outerwear, knit or crocheted, finished or unfinished, wholly or in chief value of wool, and not specially provided for, valued at more than \$2 per pound, from 50 cents per pound and 50 per centum ad valorem to 50 cents per pound and 75 per centum ad valorem.

Increasing duty on knit or crocheted.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the city of Washington this 11th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2001]

DECREASING RATE OF DUTY ON ALSIMIN, FERROSILICON ALUMINUM,
AND FERROALUMINUM SILICON

June 18, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on alsimin,
ferrosilicon aluminum,
and ferroaluminum silicon.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, silicon aluminum, aluminum silicon, alsimin, ferrosilicon aluminum, and ferroaluminum silicon, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Switzerland, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 302 (j) of Title I of said act on alsimin, ferrosilicon aluminum, and ferroaluminum silicon, all the foregoing containing 20 but not more than 52 per centum of aluminum, and having silicon and iron as the other principal component elements, from 5 cents per pound to 2½ cents per pound, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary (within the limit of total decrease provided for in said act) to equalize such difference in costs of production.

Changes in rates to
equalize difference in
costs of production.
Vol. 46, p. 610.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 18th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L. STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2002]

WATERTON-GLACIER INTERNATIONAL PEACE PARK

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

June 30, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it being desired to commemorate permanently the long-existing relationship of peace and good will existing between the people and Governments of the United States and Canada; and

Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park, Preamble.

WHEREAS this desire was crystallized into law by an act of the Congress of the United States on May 2, 1932 (Public No. 116, 72d Cong., 1st sess.), said act being entitled "AN ACT For establishment of the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park"; and

Ante, p. 145.

WHEREAS, as provided by section 1 of the aforementioned act, a similar provision respecting the Waterton Lakes National Park, in the Province of Alberta, has been enacted into law by Royal assent of the Canadian Government on May 26, 1932;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by section 1 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For establishment of the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park," approved May 2, 1932 (Public No. 116, 72d Cong., 1st sess.), do proclaim that the Glacier National Park in the State of Montana shall be, and is hereby, made part of an international park to be known as the Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park.

Glacier National Park, Mont., made a part of.

For purposes of administration, promotion, development, and support by appropriations, that part of said Waterton-Glacier International Peace Park within the territory of the United States shall be designated as the Glacier National Park, to be supervised, managed, and controlled by the Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat., 535-536).

Administration, etc.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 30th day of June, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-sixth.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L. STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2003]

AMENDING REGULATIONS ON MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

July 20, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

Protection of migratory birds.
 Preamble.
 Vol. 40, p. 755.
 U. S. C., pp. 436-437.
 Vol. 39, p. 1702.
 Vol. 40, p. 1812.

WHEREAS the Secretary of Agriculture, by virtue of the authority vested in him by section 3 of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (40 Stat. 755; U.S. Code, title 16, secs. 703-711), has submitted to me for approval regulations further amendatory of the regulations approved and proclaimed July 31, 1918, which the Secretary of Agriculture has determined to be suitable amendatory regulations permitting and governing the hunting, taking, capture, killing, possession, sale, purchase, shipment, transportation, carriage, and export of migratory birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs, as follows:

Regulation 3, "Means by Which Migratory Game Birds May Be Taken," is amended so as to read as follows:

Means of taking birds.

REGULATION 3.—MEANS BY WHICH MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS MAY BE TAKEN

Regulations modified.
 Vol. 45, pp. 2901, 2942;
 Vol. 46, p. 2989.
 Aite, p. 2440.

The migratory game birds specified in regulation 4 hereof may be taken during the open season with a gun only, not larger than No. 10 gauge, fired from the shoulder, except as specifically permitted by regulations 7, 8, 9, and 10 hereof; they may be taken during the open season from the land and water, with the aid of a dog, the use of decoys, and from a blind or floating device, except that in the taking of wild ducks not more than twenty-five (25) live duck decoys may be shot over, and in the taking of wild geese in California the use of live goose decoys is not permitted; but nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the use of an automobile, airplane, power boat, sailboat, any boat under sail, any floating device towed by power boat or sailboat, or any sinkbox (battery), except that sinkboxes (batteries) may be used in the taking of migratory waterfowl in coastal sounds and bays (including Back Bay, Princess Anne County, State of Virginia) and other coastal waters; and nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the use of an airplane, or a power boat, sailboat, or other floating device for the purpose of concentrating, driving, rallying, or stirring up migratory waterfowl, and mourning doves shall not be taken at, on, or over, or within 100 yards of, any place, area, or environment whatever, whereat or whereon has been placed, scattered, or distributed by the hunter himself, or with his knowledge, any wheat, corn, or other grain, salt, or other food, designed, or intended, effective to bait, lure, attract, or entice such doves.

Wild ducks.
 Wild geese in California.

Use of bait, etc.

Regulation 4, "Open Seasons on and Possession of Certain Migratory Game Birds," is amended so as to read as follows:

REGULATION 4.—OPEN SEASONS ON AND POSSESSION OF CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS Open seasons.

For the purpose of this regulation, each period of time herein prescribed as an open season shall be construed to include the first and last days thereof. Time construed. *Ante*, pp. 2441, 2476, 2481.

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, ruddy duck, bufflehead duck, and swans), rails, coot, gallinules, woodcock, Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe, mourning doves, and band-tailed pigeons may be taken each day from half an hour before sunrise to sunset during the open seasons prescribed therefor in this regulation, except that the hour for the commencement of hunting waterfowl, rails, gallinules, coot, and Wilson's snipe on the opening day of the season shall be 12 o'clock noon; and they may be taken by the means and in the numbers permitted by regulations 3 and 5 hereof, respectively, and when so taken may be possessed in the numbers permitted by regulation 5 any day in any State, Territory, or District during the period constituting the open season where killed and for an additional period of 10 days next succeeding said open season, but no such bird shall be possessed in a State, Territory, or District at a time when such State, Territory, or District prohibits the possession thereof. Nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the taking of migratory birds on any refuge established under the Migratory Bird Conservation Act of February 18, 1929 (45 Stat. 1222-1226), nor on any area of the United States set aside by any other law, proclamation, or Executive order for use as a wild-life refuge except in so far as may be permitted by the Secretary of Agriculture under existing law, nor on any area adjacent to any such refuge when such area is designated as a closed area under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. Regulations extended.

Hunting on refuges forbidden. Vol. 45, p. 1222. U. S. C., Supp. VI, p. 230.

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, ruddy duck, bufflehead duck, and swans) and coot.—The open seasons for waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, ruddy duck, bufflehead duck, and swans) and coot shall be as follows: Geographical limitations.

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York (except Long Island), West Virginia, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, Idaho, Oregon, and Washington, the open season shall be from October 16 to December 15;

In Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, and Nevada, the open season shall be from October 1 to November 30;

In that portion of New York known as Long Island, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Kentucky, California, and in that portion of Texas lying west and north of a line beginning on the Rio Grande River directly west of the town of Del Rio, Tex.; thence east to the town of Del Rio; thence easterly following the center of the main track of the Southern Pacific Railroad through the towns of Spofford, Uvalde, and Hondo; thence to the point where the Southern Pacific Railroad crosses the International & Great Northern Railway at or near San Antonio; thence following the center of the track of said

International & Great Northern Railway in an easterly direction, to the point in the city of Austin where it joins Congress Avenue, near the International & Great Northern Railway depot; thence across Congress Avenue to the center of the main track of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad where said track joins said Congress Avenue, at or near the Houston & Texas Central Railroad depot; thence following the center line of the track of said Houston & Texas Central Railroad in an easterly direction through the towns of Elgin, Giddings, and Brenham, to the point where said railroad crosses the Brazos River; thence with the center of said Brazos River in a general northerly direction, to the point on said river where the Beaumont branch of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway crosses the same; thence with the center of the track of the said Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway in an easterly direction through the towns of Navasota, Montgomery, and Conroe, to the point at or near Cleveland where said Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Railway crosses the Houston East & West Texas Railway; thence with the center of said Houston East & West Texas Railway track to the point in said line where it strikes the Louisiana line, the open season shall be from November 1 to December 31;

In that portion of Texas lying south and east of the line above described, and in Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia, and Maryland, the open season shall be from November 16 to January 15;

In Florida the open season shall be from November 20 to January 15; and

In Alaska the open season shall be from September 1 to October 31.

Wilson's snipe or
jacksnipe.

Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe.—The open seasons for Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe shall be as follows:

In Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York (except Long Island), Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, South Dakota, North Dakota, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Utah, Idaho, Nevada, California, Oregon, and Washington, the open season shall be from October 1 to December 31;

In that portion of New York known as Long Island, and in New Jersey, Delaware, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Arizona, and in that portion of Texas lying west and north of a line more particularly described in the paragraph establishing the open seasons on waterfowl and coot, the open season shall be from October 16 to January 15;

In that portion of Texas lying south and east of the aforesaid line, and in Maryland, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Louisiana, the open season shall be from November 1 to January 15;

In Florida the open season shall be from November 20 to January 15; and

In Alaska the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15.

Rails and gallinules.

Rails and gallinules (except coot).—The open season for sora and other rails and gallinules (except coot) shall be from September 1 to November 30, except as follows:

In Massachusetts the open season shall be from October 1 to December 15;

In New York and Washington the open season shall be from October 1 to November 30;

In Louisiana the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31; and

In the District of Columbia no open season.

Woodcock.—The open seasons for woodcock shall be as follows:

Woodcock.

In that portion of New York lying north of the tracks of the main line of the New York Central Railroad extending from Buffalo to Albany and north of the tracks of the main line of the Boston & Albany Railroad extending from Albany to the Massachusetts State line, and in Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, and North Dakota, the open season shall be from October 1 to October 31;

In that portion of New York lying south of the line above described including Long Island, and in New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, and Iowa, the open season shall be from October 15 to November 14;

In Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut the open season shall be from October 20 to November 19;

In Maryland and Missouri the open season shall be from November 10 to December 10;

In Delaware, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Arkansas, and Oklahoma, the open season shall be from November 15 to December 15; and

In North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana, the open season shall be from December 1 to December 31.

Doves.—The open seasons for mourning doves shall be as follows:

Doves.

In Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Illinois, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, New Mexico, Utah, Arizona, California, Nevada, Idaho, and Oregon, the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15;

In that portion of Texas lying west and north of a line more particularly described in the paragraph establishing the open seasons on waterfowl and coot, the open season shall be from September 1 to October 31;

In that portion of Texas lying south and east of the aforesaid line, the open season shall be from October 1 to November 30;

In North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama (except in Mobile, Baldwin, and Washington Counties), Mississippi, and Louisiana, the open season shall be from September 1 to September 30 and from November 20 to January 31;

In that portion of Alabama comprising Mobile, Baldwin, and Washington Counties, the open season shall be from November 1 to January 31;

In Florida (except in Dade, Monroe, and Broward Counties) the open season shall be from November 20 to January 31; and

In that portion of Florida comprising Dade, Monroe, and Broward Counties, the open season shall be from September 16 to November 15.

Band-tailed pigeons.—The open seasons for band-tailed pigeons shall be as follows:

Band-tailed pigeons.

In California and Arizona the open season shall be from December 1 to December 15;

In New Mexico the open season shall be from November 1 to November 15; and

In Washington and Oregon the open season shall be from October 16 to October 30.

Regulation 5, "Daily Bag and Possession Limits on Certain Migratory Game Birds," is amended so as to read as follows:

Bag and possession limits.

REGULATION 5.—DAILY BAG AND POSSESSION LIMITS ON CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

Ante, p. 2443.

A person may take in any one day during the open seasons prescribed therefor in regulation 4 not to exceed the following numbers of migratory game birds, which numbers shall include all birds taken by any other person who for hire accompanies or assists him in taking migratory birds; and in the case of ducks, geese, brant, and band-tailed pigeons, when so taken these may be possessed in the numbers specified as follows:

Ducks (except wood duck ruddy duck, and bufflehead duck).—Fifteen in the aggregate of all kinds, but not more than 5 eider ducks and not more than 10 of any one, or of the aggregate of two or more, of the following species—canvasback, redhead, greater scaup, lesser scaup, ringneck, blue-wing teal, green-wing teal, cinnamon teal, shoveler, and gadwall—shall be taken in any one day; and any person at any one time may possess not more than 30 ducks in the aggregate of all kinds; but not more than 10 eider ducks and not more than 20 of any one, or of the aggregate of two or more, of the following species—canvasback, redhead, greater scaup, lesser scaup, ringneck, blue-wing teal, green-wing teal, cinnamon teal, shoveler, and gadwall—shall be possessed at any one time.

Geese (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, and cackling goose) and brant.—Four in the aggregate of all kinds, and any person at any one time may possess not more than eight geese and brant in the aggregate of all kinds.

Rails and gallinules (except sora and coot).—Twenty-five in the aggregate of all kinds, but not more than 15 of any one species.

Sora.—Twenty-five.

Coot.—Twenty-five.

Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe.—Twenty.

Woodcock.—Four.

Doves (mourning).—Eighteen.

Band-tailed pigeons.—Ten, and any person at any one time may possess not exceeding ten (10) band-tailed pigeons.

The possession limits hereinbefore prescribed shall apply as well to ducks, geese, brant, and band-tailed pigeons taken in Canada and brought into the United States as to those taken in the United States.

Shipment, transportation, and possession.

Regulation 6, "Shipment, Transportation, and Possession of Certain Migratory Game Birds," is amended so as to read as follows:

REGULATION 6.—SHIPMENT, TRANSPORTATION, AND POSSESSION OF CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS

Waterfowl (except snow geese in Florida and all States north thereof bordering on the Atlantic Ocean, Ross's goose, cackling goose, wood duck, ruddy duck, bufflehead duck, and swans), rails, coot, gallinules, woodcock, Wilson's snipe or jacksnipe, mourning doves, and band-tailed pigeons and parts thereof legally taken may be transported in any manner in or out of the State where taken during the respective open seasons in that State and when legally taken in and exported from Canada may be imported into the United States during the open season in the Province where taken, but not more than the number thereof that may be taken in two days, or one day in the case of band-tailed pigeons, by one person under these regulations shall be transported by one person in one calendar week out of the State where taken or from Canada into the United States; any such birds or parts

Additional restrictions.
Ante, p. 2444.

thereof in transit during the open season may continue in transit such additional time immediately succeeding such open season, not to exceed five days, necessary to deliver the same to their destination, and may be possessed in any State, Territory, or District during the period constituting the open season where killed, and for an additional period of 10 days next succeeding said open season; and any package in which such birds or parts thereof are transported shall have the name and address of the shipper and of the consignee and an accurate statement of the numbers and kinds of birds or parts thereof contained therein clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof; but no such birds or parts thereof shall be transported from any State, Territory, or District to or through another State, Territory, or District or to or through a Province of the Dominion of Canada contrary to the laws of the State, Territory, or District in which they were taken or from which they are transported; nor shall any such birds or parts thereof be transported into any State, Territory, or District from another State, Territory, or District, or Province of the Dominion of Canada, or from any State, Territory, or District into any Province of the Dominion of Canada, at a time when any such State, Territory, or District, or Province of the Dominion of Canada into which they are transported prohibits the possession or transportation thereof.

Regulation 9, "Permits to Collect Migratory Birds for Scientific Purposes," is amended so as to read as follows:

REGULATION 9.—PERMITS TO COLLECT MIGRATORY BIRDS FOR SCIENTIFIC PURPOSES Permits for collecting specimens.

A person may take at any time and in any manner migratory birds and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes when authorized by a permit issued by the Secretary, which permit shall be carried on his person when he is collecting specimens thereunder and shall be exhibited to any person requesting to see the same; except that nothing herein shall be deemed to permit the taking of any migratory game bird on any day from sunset to one-half hour before sunrise or the taking of migratory game birds with a gun larger than 10 gauge or from an automobile, airplane, power boat, sailboat, or any boat under sail. Scientific collections. *Ante*, p. 2445.

Application for a permit must be addressed to the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., and must contain the following information: Name and address of the applicant, his age, and name of State, Territory, or District in which specimens are proposed to be taken, and the purpose for which they are intended. Each application shall be accompanied by two certificates certifying to the fitness of such person to hold a Federal permit. These certificates will be accepted from well-known ornithologists, principals or superintendents of educational or zoölogical institutions, officials or members of zoölogical or natural-history organizations, or instructors in zoölogy in high schools, colleges, or universities, or by any one of the above together with a certificate by the chief game official of the State in which the applicant is a resident or of the State in which he desires to conduct his operations. Restrictions.

The permit may limit the number and species of birds, birds' nests, or eggs that may be collected thereunder and the places where they may be collected and may authorize the holder thereof to possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds, parts thereof, and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes; or it may limit the holder to one or more of these privileges. Public museums, zoölogical parks and societies, and Application to Secretary of Agriculture.

Effect of permits.

public, scientific, and educational institutions may possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes without a permit, but no specimens shall be taken without a permit. The plumage and skins of migratory game birds legally taken may be possessed and transported by a person without a permit.

Taxidermists.

A taxidermist, when authorized by a permit issued by the Secretary, may possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds and parts thereof legally taken, or he may be limited to one or more of these privileges. A taxidermist granted a permit under this regulation shall keep books and records, correctly setting forth the name and address of each person delivering each specimen of a migratory bird to him, together with the name of each species, the date of delivery, the disposition of such specimen, and the date thereof, which said books and records shall be available for inspection at all reasonable hours on request by any duly authorized representative of the Department of Agriculture.

Contingent duration.
Not transferable.

Each permit shall be valid until revoked by the Secretary unless otherwise specified therein, shall not be transferable, and shall be revocable at the discretion of the Secretary. A permit duly revoked by the Secretary shall be surrendered to him by the person to whom it was issued, on demand of any employee of the United States Department of Agriculture duly authorized to enforce the provisions of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act. A person holding a permit under this regulation shall report annually to the Secretary on or before the 10th day of January during the life of the permit the number of skins, nests, or eggs of each species collected, bought, sold, received, possessed, mounted, exchanged, or transported during the preceding calendar year.

Annual report re-
quired.

Outside marking of
package.

Every package in which migratory birds or their nests or eggs are transported shall have clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof the name and address of the sender, the number of the permit in every case when a permit is required, the name and address of the consignee, a statement that it contains specimens of birds, their nests, or eggs for scientific purposes, and, whenever such a package is transported or offered for transportation from the Dominion of Canada into the United States or from the United States into the Dominion of Canada, an accurate statement of the contents.

Approval of amend-
ments.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the foregoing amendatory regulations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 20 day of July, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

YOSEMITE NATIONAL PARK—CALIFORNIA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

August 13, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Congress by act of February 14, 1931 (46 Stat. 1115, 1154), entitled "AN ACT Making appropriations for the Department of the Interior for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1932, and for other purposes," authorized the President of the United States to add to the Yosemite National Park, in the State of California, by Executive proclamation certain lands referred to therein; and

Yosemite National Park, Calif. Preamble. Vol. 46, p. 1154. Statutory provision.

WHEREAS, pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of said act of Congress, the Secretary of the Interior has recommended the addition to the park of certain of the lands authorized therein; and

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including such lands within said park for preservation and administration as a part of the park;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do proclaim that the lands hereinafter described shall be, and are hereby, subject to all valid existing rights, added to and made a part of the said park and they are hereby made subject to the provisions of the act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," and all acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof and all other laws and rules and regulations applicable to and extending over the said park:

Area enlarged.

Vol. 39, p. 535. U. S. C., p. 389.

MOUNT DIABLO MERIDIAN

Description.

T. 4 S., R. 21 E., sec. 17, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 20, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 29, all;
 sec. 32, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 33, all;
 sec. 34, all;
 sec. 35, all;
 sec. 36, all of that part not now within the park boundaries.

T. 5 S., R. 21 E., sec. 1, all;
 sec. 2, all;
 sec. 3, all;
 sec. 4, lot 1, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ lot 6, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ lot 7, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ lot 10;
 sec. 10, N. $\frac{1}{2}$, SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 11, all;
 sec. 12, all;
 sec. 13, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 14, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 15, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$.

T. 5 S., R. 22 E., fractional sec. 8, all;
 sec. 17, lots 1, 2, 3, 4;
 containing 8,784.94 acres.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 13 day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2005]

EXEMPTION OF VIRGIN ISLANDS FROM COASTWISE LAWS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

August 18, 1932.

Virgin Islands.
Preamble.

Statutory provision.
Vol. 41, p. 997.

Extending period.

Vol. 42, pp. 2261,
2269, 2287; Vol. 43, pp.
1928, 1943, 1969; Vol.
44, pp. 2575, 2592, 2620;
Vol. 45, pp. 2920, 2930;
Vol. 46, pp. 3002, 3032.
Ante, p. 2466.

Time for establishing
shipping service to,
further extended to
September 30, 1933.

Application of coast-
wise laws deferred.

WHEREAS an act of Congress entitled "Merchant Marine Act, 1920," approved June 5, 1920 (41 Stat. 988, 996), contained the following provisions:

"SEC. 21. That from and after February 1, 1922, the coastwise laws of the United States shall extend to the island Territories and possessions of the United States not now covered thereby, and the board is directed prior to the expiration of such year to have established adequate steamship service at reasonable rates to accommodate the commerce and the passenger travel of said islands and to maintain and operate such service until it can be taken over and operated and maintained upon satisfactory terms by private capital and enterprise: *Provided*, That if adequate shipping service is not established by February 1, 1922, the President shall extend the period herein allowed for the establishment of such service in the case of any island Territory or possession for such time as may be necessary for the establishment of adequate shipping facilities therefor."

AND WHEREAS an adequate shipping service to accommodate the commerce and the passenger travel of the Virgin Islands had not been established as provided by section 21 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920; and

WHEREAS the President of the United States, in accordance with the authority vested in him by section 21 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, has from time to time, to wit, on February 1, 1922, on May 18, 1922, on October 28, 1922, on October 25, 1923, on April 7, 1924, on October 23, 1924, on April 25, 1925, on November 24, 1925, on August 14, 1926, on August 9, 1927, on August 2, 1928, on July 26, 1929, on July 28, 1930, and on August 19, 1931, issued proclamations extending the time for the establishment of such service and deferring the application of the coastwise laws to the Virgin Islands until September 30, 1932;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority conferred upon me by section 21 of the above-mentioned act, do hereby declare and proclaim that the period for the establishment of an adequate shipping service with the aforesaid Virgin Islands be further extended from September 30, 1932, to September 30, 1933.

And inasmuch as the extension of the coastwise laws of the United States to the Virgin Islands, as provided in section 21 of the Merchant Marine Act, 1920, is dependent upon the establishment of an adequate shipping service to such island possession, I do hereby further proclaim and declare that the extension of the coastwise laws of the

United States to the Virgin Islands is deferred from September 30, 1932, to September 30, 1933.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 18th day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, JR.
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 2006]

CHANGING RATES OF DUTY ON INEDIBLE GELATIN AND GLUE

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

August 19, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, gelatin, glue, glue size, and fish glue, not specially provided for, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

Tariff on inedible gelatin and glue. Preamble. Vol. 46, p. 701. Statutory authorization.

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Germany, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the changes in the rates of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the ad valorem rate and an increase in the specific rate of the duty expressly fixed in paragraph 41 of Title I of said act on gelatin, and glue of animal origin, not specially provided for, valued at less than 40 cents per pound, from 25 per centum ad valorem and 2 cents per

Changes in rates of duty to equalize differences in costs of production. Vol. 46, p. 597, amended.

pound to 20 per centum ad valorem and 2½ cents per pound, the rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this nineteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and
 [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, Jr
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 2007]

DECREASING RATE OF DUTY ON SHEEPSWOOL SPONGES

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

August 19, 1932.

Tariff on sheepswool
 sponges.
 Preamble.
 Statutory authoriza-
 tion.
 Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, sponges, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Cuba, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim a decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1545 of Title I of said act on sponges, commercially known as sheepswool, from 30 per centum ad valorem to 22½ per centum ad valorem, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

Decreasing duty to
 equalize difference in
 costs of production.
 Vol. 46, p. 669.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this nineteenth day of August, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and
 [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, JR
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 2008]

NATIONAL FIRE PREVENTION WEEK—1932

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

September 2, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

In recommending the customary public observance of Fire Prevention Week, I wish to urge that it be made this year an occasion of special significance.

National Fire Prevention Week, 1932. Preamble.

The deplorable loss of thousands of human lives and the property waste of approximately half a billion dollars caused each year by fires should be scrupulously avoided. The American per capita loss now is nearly double that of 20 years ago and constitutes a challenge to our efforts that no citizen can afford to ignore. It is a drain on our created resources which we should strive to eliminate, as it is largely preventable.

The observance of National Fire Prevention Week should serve to arouse the attention and stimulate the action of all citizens in preventing fire waste.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim the week of October 9, 1932, to be observed as Fire Prevention Week. To the many organizations that have taken an interest in this subject I especially appeal that they unite on a definite plan of cooperation to the end that all citizens may be aroused to their individual responsibilities.

Week of October 9, 1932, designated as.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of
 [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

W. R. CASTLE, JR
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 2009]

PROCLAMATIONS, 1932.

PULASKI MEMORIAL DAY

September 12, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Pulaski Memorial
Day.
Preamble.

WHEREAS October 11, 1932, is the one hundred and fifty-third anniversary of the death of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski, brave officer and cavalryman who died from wounds received on October 9, 1779, at the siege of Savannah, Georgia; and

WHEREAS we are now engaged in the celebration of the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of George Washington, under whom General Pulaski served so valiantly;

Inviting observance
of October 11, 1932, as.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, in pursuance of the provisions of Public Resolution 32, Seventy-second Congress, approved July 2, 1932, do hereby invite the people of the United States of America to honor on Tuesday, the 11th day of October next, the memory of Brigadier General Casimir Pulaski, by holding such exercises and ceremonies in schools, churches, or other suitable places as may be deemed appropriate in commemoration of his death; and, further, I hereby direct that on that day the flag of the United States be appropriately displayed upon all Government buildings of the United States.

Ante, p. 571.

In WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 12th day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
W. R. CASTLE, Jr
Acting Secretary of State.

[No. 2010]

PETRIFIED FOREST NATIONAL MONUMENT—ARIZONA

September 23, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Petrified Forest National Monument,
Ariz.
Preamble.

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by adding to the Petrified Forest National Monument, in the State of Arizona, certain adjoining lands for administrative purposes and the protection of a certain approach highway and additional features of scenic and scientific interest;

Area enlarged.
Vol. 34, p. 225.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim that, subject to the rights of the owners of privately owned lands and prior valid claims initiated and maintained pursuant to the land

laws of the United States, the following-described lands in Arizona be, and the same are hereby, added to and made a part of the Petrified Forest National Monument:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN	Description.
T. 18 N., R. 24 E., sec. 4,	all of that part not now within the monument boundaries;
sec. 9,	all of that part not now within the monument boundaries.
T. 19 N., R. 23 E., sec. 1,	all;
sec. 2,	all;
sec. 3,	all;
sec. 10,	all;
sec. 11,	all;
sec. 12,	all;
sec. 13,	all;
sec. 14,	all;
sec. 15,	all.
T. 19 N., R. 24 E., sec. 2,	all, excluding and excepting right of way of U. S. Highway No. 66;
sec. 3,	all, excluding and excepting right of way of U. S. Highway No. 66;
sec. 4,	all;
sec. 5,	all;
sec. 6,	all;
sec. 7,	all;
sec. 8,	all;
sec. 9,	all;
sec. 10,	all, excluding and excepting right of way of U. S. Highway No. 66;
sec. 16,	all;
sec. 17,	all, excluding and excepting right of way of U. S. Highway No. 66;
sec. 18,	all;
sec. 21,	all;
sec. 28,	all;
sec. 33,	all.
T. 20 N., R. 23 E., sec. 1,	all;
sec. 2,	all;
sec. 3,	all;
sec. 10,	all;
sec. 11,	all;
sec. 12,	all;
sec. 13,	all;
sec. 14,	all;
sec. 15,	all;
sec. 22,	all;
sec. 23,	all;
sec. 24,	all;
sec. 25,	all;
sec. 26,	all;
sec. 27,	all;
sec. 34,	all;
sec. 35,	all;
sec. 36,	all.

Description—Con.

- T. 20 N., R. 24 E., sec. 1, all;
 sec. 2, all;
 sec. 3, all;
 sec. 4, all;
 sec. 5, all;
 sec. 6, all;
 sec. 7, all;
 sec. 8, all;
 sec. 9, all;
 sec. 10, all;
 sec. 11, all;
 sec. 12, all;
 sec. 13, all;
 sec. 14, all;
 sec. 15, all;
 sec. 16, all;
 sec. 17, all;
 sec. 18, all;
 sec. 19, all;
 sec. 20, all;
 sec. 21, all;
 sec. 22, all;
 sec. 23, all;
 sec. 24, all;
 sec. 25, all;
 sec. 26, all;
 sec. 27, all;
 sec. 28, all;
 sec. 29, all;
 sec. 30, all;
 sec. 31, all;
 sec. 32, all;
 sec. 33, all;
 sec. 34, all;
 sec. 35, all, excluding and excepting right of
 way of U. S. Highway No. 66;
 sec. 36, all, excluding and excepting right of
 way of U. S. Highway No. 66.

- T. 20 N., R. 25 E., sec. 4, all;
 sec. 5, all;
 sec. 6, all;
 sec. 7, all;
 sec. 8, all;
 sec. 9, all;
 sec. 16, all;
 sec. 17, all;
 sec. 18, all;

containing approximately 53,300 acres.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

The director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Reserved from settlement.

Supervision.

Vol. 39, p. 535; Vol. 41, p. 732.

U. S. C., p. 389.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 23rd day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2011]

BEAR RIVER MIGRATORY BIRD REFUGE—UTAH

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

September 26, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it is provided by section 2 of the act of Congress, approved April 23, 1928 (45 Stat. 448), entitled "AN ACT To establish the Bear River Migratory-Bird Refuge," that lands acquired by the Secretary of Agriculture in accordance with said act "together with such lands of the United States as may be designated for the purpose by proclamations or Executive orders of the President, shall constitute the Bear River Migratory Bird Refuge";

Bear River Migratory Bird Refuge, Utah. Preamble. Statutory provision. Vol. 45, p. 448. U. S. C., Supp. VI, p. 228.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States, by virtue of the power in me vested by the aforesaid act of Congress, and otherwise, do hereby make known and proclaim that I do hereby reserve from settlement and entry and/or any other form of disposition under the public land laws, and do hereby set apart and designate for the purpose of the Bear River Migratory Bird Refuge, subject to existing valid rights in any parts or parcels thereof under the public land laws, the lands of the United States in Box Elder County, Utah, within the boundaries particularly described as follows, to wit:

Lands set apart as.

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN

Beginning at the standard corner of Tps. 8 and 9 N., Rs. 3 and 4 W.; Thence from said initial point, Southerly, between secs. 1 and 6 and secs. 7 and 12, to the north sixteenth-section corner of secs. 7 and 12, Tps. 8 N., Rs. 3 and 4 W.; Thence easterly, in T. 8 N., R. 3 W., on subdivisional lines of secs. 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, and 12, to the north sixteenth-section corner on the east boundary of sec. 12; Thence N. 85° 29' E., in T. 8 N., R. 2 W., 245.91 chs. to the meander corner of fractional secs. 3 and 10; Thence S. 31° 30' W., on the riparian dividing line as shown on General Land Office supplemental plat of secs. 9, 10, and 16, T. 8 N., R. 2 W., approved April 18, 1928, to auxiliary meander corner No. 3, sec. 16, on the northeast shore of Great Salt Lake; Thence continue S. 31° 30' W., within Great Salt Lake, 176.00 chs. to a 12 by 12 by 22-in. concrete block; Thence west, within Great Salt Lake, 334.87 chs. to an iron pipe at the center of sec. 28, T. 8 N., R. 3 W.; Thence westerly, on the center line of secs. 28, 29, and 30, to the quarter-section corner of secs. 25 and 30, Tps. 8 N., Rs. 3 and 4 W.;

Description.

Description—Con.

Thence continue westerly, on the center line of secs. 25 and 26, to the center of sec. 26, T. 8 N., R. 4 W.;

Thence west, 1 mile, to a point in Great Salt Lake;

Thence N. $51^{\circ} 21'$ W., across Bear River Bay, 839.37 chs. to the northeast corner of lot 3, sec. 20, T. 9 N., R. 5 W., on the northwest shore of Great Salt Lake;

Thence westerly, through the center of sec. 20, to the quarter-section corner of secs. 19 and 20;

Thence northerly, between secs. 19 and 20, 17 and 18, and 7 and 8, to the corner of secs. 5, 6, 7, and 8;

Thence easterly, between secs. 5 and 8, to the corner of secs. 4, 5, 8, and 9;

Thence northerly, between secs. 4 and 5, to the closing corner of secs. 4 and 5, on the township line between Tps. 9 and 10 N., R. 5 W.;

Thence easterly, along the south boundary of secs. 32, 33, 34, and 35, T. 10 N., R. 5 W., to the corner of secs. 35 and 36;

Thence northerly, between secs. 35 and 36, to the corner of secs. 25, 26, 35, and 36;

Thence easterly, between secs. 25 and 36, to the corner of secs. 25, 30, 31, and 36, Tps. 10 N., Rs. 4 and 5 W.;

Thence southerly, between secs. 31 and 36, to the corner of Tps. 9 and 10 N., Rs. 4 and 5 W.;

Thence easterly, along the north boundary of secs. 6, 5, 4, and 3, T. 9 N., R. 4 W., to the northeast corner of sec. 3;

Thence southerly, between secs. 2 and 3 and secs. 10 and 11, in T. 9 N., R. 4 W., to the meander corner of fractional secs. 10 and 11;

Thence N. $68^{\circ} 45'$ W., along the meander line of sec. 10, crossing the Bear River Club Co. dike, 3.68 chs. to an iron pipe 150 ft. distant at right angles from center line to said dike as now constructed;

Thence S. $0^{\circ} 50'$ E., parallel to, and 150 ft. distant at right angles from, the center line of said dike, in part through sec. 23, 135.25 chs. to an iron pipe in the southwest quarter of sec. 23;

Thence S. $24^{\circ} 16'$ E., parallel to, and 150 ft. distant at right angles from said dike, in part through sec. 23 and sec. 26, 52.24 chs. to a concrete post in the northwest quarter of sec. 26;

Thence S. $48^{\circ} 11'$ E., parallel to, and 150 ft. distant at right angles from said dike, through sec. 26, 75.76 chs. to an iron pipe on the line between secs. 25 and 26;

Thence southerly, between secs. 25 and 26, 1.54 chs. to an iron pipe, the corner of secs. 25, 26, 35, and 36;

Thence easterly, between secs. 25 and 36, to the east corner of lot 4 in sec. 36, on the right bank of Bear River;

Thence southwesterly, with the southeast boundary of lot 4, sec. 36, along the right bank of Bear River to the south corner of said lot 4 on the line between secs. 35 and 36;

Thence northerly, between secs. 35 and 36, to an iron pipe the corner of secs. 25, 26, 35, and 36;

Thence westerly, between secs. 26 and 35, along the south boundary of lot 6, sec. 26, to the right bank of Bear River;

Thence northwesterly, with the south boundary of lot 6, in sec. 26, along the right bank of Bear River, to the corner between lots 5 and 6;

Thence southerly, crossing Bear River and on subdivisional lines of sec. 26 and sec. 35, to the east sixteenth-section corner, secs. 2 and 35, on the south boundary of T. 9 N., R. 4 W.;

Thence easterly, along the south boundary of sec. 35 and sec. 36, to the standard corner of Tps. 8 and 9 N., Rs. 3 and 4 W., the point of beginning.

Excepting and excluding from the effect of this proclamation the two privately owned tracts, hereinafter described:

Tracts excluded.

- (1) Lot 2, sec. 26, T. 9 N., R. 4 W.; and
- (2) One acre more or less in the northwest quarter of sec. 35, T. 9 N., R. 4 W., more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point designated "A", on the line between secs. 26 and 35, T. 9 N., R. 4 W., from which the northwest corner of sec. 35 bears S. 89° 54' W., 1,550.0 ft. distant;

Thence from said point "A", south, 326.0 ft.;

Thence along north bank of overflow,

N. 46° 30' E., 112.0 ft.;

N. 28° 45' E., 164.0 ft.;

N. 50° 56' E., 116.0 ft.;

Thence N. 36° 08' W., 40.0 ft., to the meander corner of secs. 26 and 35, on west bank of overflow;

Thence S. 89° 54' W., 226.3 ft., on the line between secs. 26 and 35, to point "A", the place of beginning.

The refuge area is shown upon Bureau of Biological Survey map filed in the archives of the Department of State, entitled "Bear River Migratory Bird Refuge," dated March 24, 1932, supplementing this proclamation.

Map filed.

It is unlawful within this refuge to take, injure, or disturb any bird, or nest or egg thereof, or injure or destroy any notice, signboard, fence, dike, ditch, dam, spillway, improvement, or other property of the United States, or remove therefrom or cut, burn, injure, or destroy any grass or other natural growth thereon, or enter, use, or occupy the refuge for any purpose, except in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of Agriculture.

Unlawful acts.

Warning is given to all persons not to commit any of the acts herein enumerated, under the penalties prescribed in section 9 of the Bear River Migratory Bird Refuge Act of April 23, 1928 (45 Stat. 448, 450; U. S. Code, Supp., title 16, sec. 690g).

Penalties for.
Vol. 45, p. 450.
U. S. C., Supp. VI,
p. 229.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 26th day of September, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2012]

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

October 20, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Congress by act of May 26, 1926, (44 Stat. 655-657), entitled "AN ACT To make additions to the Absaroka and Gallatin National Forests, and the Yellowstone National Park, and to improve and extend the winter feed facilities of the elk, antelope, and other

Yellowstone National Park.
Preamble.
Vol. 44, p. 656.

game animals of Yellowstone National Park and adjacent land, and for other purposes," authorized the President of the United States to add to the Yellowstone National Park, by Executive proclamation, certain lands in the State of Montana referred to therein; and

WHEREAS pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of said act of Congress the Secretaries of the Interior and of Agriculture have jointly recommended the addition to the park of the hereinafter-described lands; and

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including such lands within said park for the preservation and protection of the wild game therein and for administrative purposes;

Area enlarged.

Vol. 39, p. 535.
U. S. C., p. 389.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do proclaim that the area hereinafter described shall be, and is hereby, subject to all valid existing rights, added to and made a part of the said park and is hereby made subject to the provisions of the act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," and all acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof and all other laws and rules and regulations applicable to and extending over the said park, within T. 9 S., Rs. 7 and 8 E., described as follows:

Description.

PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN, MONTANA

Beginning at a point on the north line of said Yellowstone National Park where said line crosses the divide between Reese Creek and Mol Heron Creek, thence northeasterly along said divide to the junction of said divide with the branch divide north and west of Reese Creek; thence along said branch divide in a northeasterly and easterly direction around the drainage of Reese Creek, to the Yellowstone River; thence southerly and southeasterly along the west bank of the Yellowstone River to the line marking the western limits of the town of Gardiner, Mont.; thence south on said town-limits line to the northern boundary of Yellowstone National Park; thence west along the north boundary of Yellowstone National Park to the point of beginning, containing approximately 7,600 acres.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 20th day of October, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2013]

ARMISTICE DAY—1932

November 3, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Armistice Day, 1932.
Preamble.

WHEREAS the 11th of November, 1918, marked the cessation of the most destructive, sanguinary, and far-reaching war in human annals; and

WHEREAS it is fitting that the recurring anniversary of this day should be commemorated by exercises which shall recall the high purposes for which this Nation entered the World War, the devotion and sacrifice of those who gave service to our country in its peril, and the memory of those who died to bring peace, and which likewise shall recall the Nation's obligation to those dead that we shall apply ourselves to measures which shall contribute to prevent repetition of such devastations of humanity; and

WHEREAS, by concurrent resolution of the Senate and the House of Representatives, in 1926, the President was requested to issue a proclamation for the observance of Armistice Day:

Vol. 14, p. 1982.

Now, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, in pursuance of the said concurrent resolution, do hereby order that the flag of the United States be displayed on all Government buildings on November 11, 1932, and do invite the people of the United States to observe the day in schools and churches, and other suitable places, with appropriate ceremonies, giving expression to our gratitude for peace and the hope and desire that our friendly relations with other peoples may continue.

Directing display of flag and inviting observance of, on November 11, 1932.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 3d day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2014]

THANKSGIVING DAY—1932

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

November 3, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS at this season of the year our people for generations past have always turned their thoughts to thankfulness for the blessings of Almighty God,

Thanksgiving Day, 1932.
Preamble.

Now, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States, do set aside and declare Thursday, November 24, 1932, as a day of national thanksgiving, and I do urge that they repair to their places of public worship, there to give thanks to the beneficent Providence from whom comes all our good; and I do further recommend, inasmuch as this year marks the two hundredth anniversary of the birth of George Washington, the father of our country, whose immeasurable services to our liberties and our security are blessings perennially renewed upon us, that our people refresh their memory of his first Thanksgiving Proclamation, which I append and incorporate in this present proclamation.

Thursday, November 24, 1932, designated as.

George Washington's first Thanksgiving Proclamation incorporated.

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Text.

Whereas it is the duty of all Nations to acknowledge the providence of Almighty God, to obey his will, to be grateful for his benefits, and humbly to implore his protection and favor—and *Whereas* both Houses of Congress have by their joint Committee requested me “to recommend to the People of the United States a day of public thanksgiving and prayer to be observed by acknowledging with grateful hearts the many signal favors of Almighty God, especially by affording them an opportunity peaceably to establish a form of government for their safety and happiness.”

Now therefore I do recommend and assign Thursday the 26th day of November next to be devoted by the People of these States to the service of that great and glorious Being, who is the beneficent Author of all the good that was, that is, or that will be—That we may then all unite in rendering unto him our sincere and humble thanks—for his kind care and protection of the People of this country previous to their becoming a Nation—for the signal and manifold mercies, and the favorable interpositions of his providence, which we experienced in the course and conclusion of the late war—for the great degree of tranquillity, union, and plenty, which we have since enjoyed—for the peaceable and rational manner in which we have been enabled to establish constitutions of government for our safety and happiness, and particularly the national One now lately instituted—for the civil and religious liberty with which we are blessed, and the means we have of acquiring and diffusing useful knowledge; and in general for all the great and various favors which he hath been pleased to confer upon us.

And also that we may then unite in most humbly offering our prayers and supplications to the great Lord and Ruler of Nations and beseech him to pardon our national and other transgressions—to enable us all, whether in public or private stations, to perform our several and relative duties properly and punctually—to render our national government a blessing to all the People, by constantly being a government of wise, just, and constitutional laws, discreetly and faithfully executed and obeyed—to protect and guide all Sovereigns and Nations (especially such as have shewn kindness unto us) and to bless them with good government, peace, and concord—To promote the knowledge and practice of true religion and virtue, and the increase of science among them and Us—and generally to grant unto all mankind such a degree of temporal prosperity as he alone knows to be best.

Given under my hand at the City of New York the third day of October in the year of our Lord 1789.

G^o Washington

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 3^d day of November, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY I. STIMSON
Secretary of State.

POSTPONING DATE OF EXPIRATION OF LENDING POWER OF THE
RECONSTRUCTION FINANCE CORPORATION

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 8, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS an act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To provide emergency financing facilities for financial institutions, to aid in financing agriculture, commerce, and industry, and for other purposes," approved by the President on the 22d of January, 1932, as amended by an act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To relieve destitution, to broaden the lending powers of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and to create employment by providing for and expediting a public-works program," approved by the President on the 21st of July, 1932, contains in section 5 thereof the following provision concerning the powers of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation: "The corporation may make loans under this section at any time prior to the expiration of one year from the date of the enactment hereof; and the President may from time to time postpone such date of expiration for such additional period or periods as he may deem necessary, not to exceed two years from the date of the enactment hereof."

Reconstruction Finance Corporation.
Preamble.
Ante, pp. 7, 713.

AND WHEREAS I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, deem it necessary that the date of expiration of the power of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to make loans under the provisions of section 5 of said act be postponed:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority conferred upon me by section 5 of said act of Congress, do hereby declare and proclaim that the Reconstruction Finance Corporation may make loans under the provisions of section 5 of said act at any time prior to the 22d day of January, 1934.

Time extended for making loans by.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 8th day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2016]

INCREASING RATES OF DUTY ON UPHOLSTERERS' NAILS, CHAIR
GLIDES, AND THUMB TACKS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 14, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section

Tariff on upholsterers' nails, chair glides, and thumb tacks.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

with respect to, upholsterers' nails, chair glides, and thumb tacks, finished or unfinished, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Germany, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the increases in the rates of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

Increasing duties to equalize differences in costs of production.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the following rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary (within the limit of total increase provided for in said act) to equalize such differences in costs of production:

Vol. 46, p. 616.

An increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 331 of Title I of said act on upholsterers' nails, chair glides, and thumb tacks, of two or more pieces of iron or steel, finished or unfinished, from 3 cents per pound to 4½ cents per pound; and

An increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 331 of Title I of said act on thumb tacks, not specially provided for, from six-tenths of 1 cent per pound to nine-tenths of 1 cent per pound.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 14th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2017]

INCREASING RATE OF DUTY ON COCOA-FIBER MATS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on cocoa-fiber mats.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701) entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States

Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, pile mats and floor coverings, wholly or in chief value of cocoa fiber, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is British India, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rate of duty is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim an increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 1022 of Title I of said act on pile mats and floor coverings, wholly or in chief value of cocoa fiber, from 8 cents per square foot to 12 cents per square foot, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary (within the limit of total increase provided for in said act) to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 14th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

By the President:
HENRY L. STIMSON
Secretary of State.

HERBERT HOOVER

[No. 2018]

INCREASING RATE OF DUTY ON COTTON VELVETS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 14, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said

Increasing duty to equalize difference in costs of production.
Vol. 46, p. 646.

Tariff on cotton velvets.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

section with respect to, velveteens and velvets, including velveteen or velvet ribbons, cut or uncut, whether or not the pile covers the entire surface, wholly or in chief value of cotton, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing countries;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country for velvets, other than upholstery velvets, wholly or in chief value of cotton, is France, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing countries, and has specified in its report the increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President the increased rate of duty on cotton velvets, other than upholstery velvets, specified in said report is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim an increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 909 of Title I of said act on velvets, other than upholstery velvets, cut or uncut, whether or not the pile covers the entire surface, wholly or in chief value of cotton, from 62½ per centum ad valorem to 70 per centum ad valorem, the rate found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 14th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2019]

INCREASING RATES OF DUTY ON FOLDING RULES OF ALUMINUM OR OF WOOD

December 14, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States

Increasing duty to
equalize difference
costs of production.
Vol. 46, p. 642.

Tariff on folding
rules.
Preamble.
Statutory authoriza-
tion.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, folding rules, wholly or in chief value of aluminum or of wood, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Germany, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country, and has specified in its report the increases in the rates of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the following rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production:

Increasing duty to equalize differences in costs of production.

An increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 396 of Title I of said act on folding rules, wholly or in chief value of aluminum, not specially provided for, from 45 per centum ad valorem to 65 per centum ad valorem; and

Vol. 46, p. 629.

An increase in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 412 of Title I of said act on folding rules, wholly or in chief value of wood, and not specially provided for, from 40 per centum ad valorem to 60 per centum ad valorem.

Vol. 46, p. 630.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 14th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:
HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2020]

INCREASING DUTY ON PRISM-BINOCULARS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 14, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to

Tariff on prism binoculars. Preamble. Statutory authorization. Vol. 46, p. 701.

protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, optical instruments of a class or type used by the Army, Navy, or Air Force for fire control, frames and mountings therefor, and parts of any of the foregoing, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing country;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given, and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

Vol. 46, p. 607,

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country is Germany; that the duty expressly fixed in paragraph 228 (a) of said act, on prism-binoculars, having a magnification greater than five diameters, and valued at more than \$12 each, frames and mountings therefor, and parts of any of the foregoing, does not equalize the difference in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing country; and that said difference can not be equalized by proceeding under the provisions of subdivision (a) of said section and act;

Vol. 46, p. 710.

WHEREAS the commission has specified in its report the ad valorem rate of duty based upon the American selling price as defined in section 402 (g) of said act of the domestic articles found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such difference; and

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such ad valorem rate of duty based upon said American selling price is shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such difference in costs of production;

Increasing duty to
equalize difference in
costs of production.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve said report and proclaim that the rate of duty shown by said difference in costs of production to be necessary to equalize such difference, within the limit provided in said section 336, on prism-binoculars, having a magnification greater than five diameters, and valued at more than \$12 each, frames and mountings therefor, and parts of any of the foregoing, is 60 per centum ad valorem based upon the American selling price as defined in said section 402 (g) of said act of prism-binoculars, having a magnification greater than five diameters, frames and mountings therefor, and parts of any of the foregoing, manufactured or produced in the United States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 14th day of Dec., in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

HERBERT HOOVER

GRAND CANYON NATIONAL MONUMENT—ARIZONA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 22, 1932.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS the Grand Canyon of the Colorado River is an object of unusual scientific interest, being the greatest eroded canyon within the United States; and

Grand Canyon National Monument, Ariz. Preamble.

WHEREAS that portion of the canyon which continues down the Colorado River below the Grand Canyon National Park contains much that is most significant and important in this unusual scientific interest; and

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving this portion of the Grand Canyon as a national monument, with such other land as is necessary for its proper protection;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim that, subject to all valid existing rights, there is hereby reserved from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws and set apart as a national monument, the tract of land in the State of Arizona, lying within the following-described boundaries, which shall hereafter be known as the Grand Canyon National Monument:

National monument established. Vol. 34, p. 225. U. S. C., p. 416.

Description.

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN, ARIZONA

Beginning at the quarter section corner of secs. 2 and 11, T. 35 N., R. 8 W., thence east along the line between secs. 2 and 11, 1 and 12, T. 35 N., R. 8 W., secs. 6 and 7, 5 and 8, 4 and 9, 3 and 10, 2 and 11, 1 and 12, T. 35 N., R. 7 W., secs. 6 and 7, 5 and 8, 4 and 9, 3 and 10, 2 and 11, 1 and 12, T. 35 N., R. 6 W.; thence continuing east through unsurveyed T. 35 N., Rs. 5 and 4 W., to the boundary of the Kaibab National Forest; thence southerly along the boundary of the Kaibab National Forest to the intersection with the boundary of the Grand Canyon National Park; thence southerly and southwesterly along the boundary of the Grand Canyon National Park to the intersection with the boundary of the Tusayan National Forest; thence southerly along the boundary of the Tusayan National Forest to the northeast corner of sec. 24, T. 32 N., R. 5 W.; thence westerly along the line between secs. 13 and 24, 14 and 23, 15 and 22, 16 and 21, 17 and 20, 18 and 19, T. 32 N., R. 5 W., and secs. 13 and 24, T. 32 N., R. 6 W., to the east boundary of the Hualpai Indian Reservation; thence northerly along the east boundary of the said Hualpai Indian Reservation to the Colorado River; thence due north to the north bank of the Colorado River; thence southwesterly along the north bank of the Colorado River to a point due south of the quarter section corner of secs. 9 and 10, T. 32 N., R. 8 W.; thence due north to the quarter section corner of secs. 9 and 10; thence northerly along the line between secs. 9 and 10, 3 and 4, to eighth standard parallel north; thence west along said standard parallel to the standard corner of secs. 33 and 34, T. 33 N., R. 8 W.; thence northerly along the line between secs. 33 and 34, to the corner of secs. 27, 28, 33, and 34; thence westerly along the line between secs. 28 and 33, to its intersection with the hydrographic divide between Toroweap Valley on the east and an unnamed valley on the west; thence northerly along said hydrographic divide to its intersection with the line between secs. 20 and 29, T. 34 N., R. 8 W.; thence easterly along the line between said secs. 20 and 29, to the

corner of secs. 20, 21, 28, and 29; thence northerly along the line between secs. 20 and 21, 16 and 17, to the corner of secs. 8, 9, 16, and 17; thence easterly along the line between secs. 9 and 16 to the quarter section corner; thence northerly along the center section line of secs. 9 and 4, to the center of said sec. 4; thence easterly along the center section line of said sec. 4, to the quarter section corner of secs. 3 and 4; thence northerly along the line between secs. 3 and 4, T. 34 N., R. 8 W., secs. 33 and 34, T. 35 N., R. 8 W., to the quarter section corner; thence easterly along the center section line of secs. 34 and 35, to the center of sec. 35; thence northerly along the center section line of secs. 35, 26, 23, 14, and 11, to the place of beginning, containing approximately 273,145 acres.

Reserved from settlement, etc.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument, and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Supervision.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Vol. 39, p. 535.
U. S. C., p. 339.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 22d day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2022]

MERCHANDISE IN BONDED WAREHOUSE, BONDED CARPET WOOL AND CAMEL HAIR, AND DRAWBACK EXPORTATIONS

December 23, 1932.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Bonded warehouses, etc.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 46, p. 696.

WHEREAS Congress enacted and the President, on the 17th day of June, 1930, approved a law known as the Tariff Act of 1930, section 318 of which provides, in part:

"Whenever the President shall by proclamation declare an emergency to exist by reason of a state of war, or otherwise, he may authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to extend during the continuance of such emergency the time herein prescribed for the performance of any act . . . ,⁵
and

WHEREAS it is essential that the authority conferred upon the President therein be at this time exercised to the extent hereinafter set forth:

Emergency declared.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority aforesaid, do hereby find and determine, and by this proclamation do proclaim, an emergency to exist, for sufficient reasons me thereunto moving.

And I do further proclaim and make known that, in my judgment, it is necessary and proper, because of the emergency, that all merchandise imported during the calendar year 1930 and entered for warehousing under section 557 of the Tariff Act of 1922 or section 557 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (except grain entered for warehousing under section 557 of the Tariff Act of 1930) shall be permitted to remain in warehouse for a further period, and I, therefore, hereby authorize the Secretary of the Treasury, until further notice, to extend the warehousing period for such merchandise so that it may remain in warehouse for periods not exceeding two years after the expiration of the three years prescribed in sections 557 and 559 of the Tariff Acts of 1922 and 1930: *Provided, however*, that in each and every case the Secretary of the Treasury shall require that the principal on the warehouse entry bond, in order to obtain the benefits under the extension granted, shall furnish to the collector of customs for the district in which the merchandise is warehoused the assent of the sureties on such bond, agreeing to remain bound under the terms and provisions of the bond to the same extent as if no extension were granted, or shall furnish an additional bond with acceptable sureties to cover the extended period.

Time extended for withdrawing merchandise, imported during 1930, for warehousing. Vol. 42, p. 977; Vol. 46, p. 744.

Exception.

Further extensions.

Proviso.
Terms.

And I do further proclaim and make known that, in my judgment, it is necessary and proper, because of the emergency, that all wool imported or withdrawn from bonded warehouse during the calendar year 1930 conditionally free of duty, under bond, for use in the manufacture of rugs, carpets, or other floor coverings, under the provisions of paragraph 1101 of the Tariff Act of 1922, and that all wool or hair of the camel imported or withdrawn from bonded warehouse during the calendar year 1930 conditionally free of duty, under bond, for use in the manufacture of press cloth, camel's-hair belting, rugs, carpets, or other floor coverings, or in the manufacture of knit or felt boots or heavy fulled lumbermen's socks, under the provisions of paragraph 1101 of the Tariff Act of 1930, shall be permitted a further period during which proof that the wool or hair has been so used may be furnished; and I, therefore, hereby authorize the Secretary of the Treasury, until further notice, to extend the period during which proof of use may be furnished, so that such proof may be furnished during periods not exceeding two years after the expiration of the three years prescribed in said paragraphs 1101: *Provided, however*, that in each and every case the Secretary of the Treasury shall require that the principal on the bond, in order to obtain the benefits under the extension granted, shall furnish to the collector of customs for the district in which the bond was given the assent of the sureties on such bond, agreeing to remain bound under the terms and provisions of the bond to the same extent as if no extension were granted, or shall furnish an additional bond with acceptable sureties to cover the extended period.

Bonded wool, conditionally free, for floor coverings, etc. Time extended for furnishing proof of use.

Vol. 42, p. 904.

Vol. 46, p. 646.

Proviso.
Condition imposed.

And I do further proclaim and make known that, in my judgment, it is necessary and proper, because of the emergency, that, as to articles manufactured or produced in the United States with the use of imported or substituted merchandise for drawback purposes under section 313 of the Tariff Act of 1930, a further period for exportation (or shipment to the Philippine Islands) of the completed article should be permitted in those cases where the imported merchandise involved was imported during the calendar year 1930; and I, therefore, hereby authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to extend the period for exportation (or shipment to the Philippine Islands) of the completed article in such cases, so as to include not exceeding five years after importation of the imported merchandise instead of three years as prescribed in section 313(h) of the Tariff Act of 1930.

Drawback and refunds.

Vol. 46, p. 693.

Time extended on merchandise for shipment to Philippine Islands.

Vol. 46, p. 694.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 23d day of December, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-two, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2023]

ANNOUNCING THE DEATH OF THE HONORABLE CALVIN COOLIDGE

January 5, 1933.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES:

Announcing death of
ex-President Calvin
Coolidge.

It becomes my sad duty to announce officially the death of Calvin Coolidge, which occurred at his home in the City of Northampton, Massachusetts, on the fifth day of January, nineteen hundred and thirty-three, at twelve twenty-five o'clock in the afternoon.

Mr. Coolidge had devoted his entire life to the public service, and his steady progress from Councilman to Mayor of Northampton and thence upward as Member of the State Senate of Massachusetts, Lieutenant-Governor and Governor of Massachusetts, to Vice-President and President of the United States, stands as a conspicuous memorial to his private and public virtues, his outstanding ability, and his devotion to the public welfare.

His name had become in his own lifetime a synonym for sagacity and wisdom; and his temperateness in speech and his orderly deliberation in action bespoke the profound sense of responsibility which guided his conduct of the public business.

From the American people he evoked an extraordinary warmth of affectionate response to his salient and characteristic personality. He earned and enjoyed their confidence in the highest degree. To millions of our people his death will come as a personal sorrow as well as a public loss.

Suitable military and
naval honors directed.

As an expression of the public sorrow, it is ordered that the flags of The White House and of the several departmental buildings be displayed at half staff for a period of thirty days, and that suitable military and naval honors under orders of the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy may be rendered on the day of the funeral.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this fifth day of January, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2024]

WHITE SANDS NATIONAL MONUMENT—NEW MEXICO

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

January 18, 1933.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the lands hereinafter described within a national monument for the preservation of the white sands and additional features of scenic, scientific, and educational interest;

White Sands National Monument, N. Mex. Preamble.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by sec. 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim and establish the White Sands National Monument and that, subject to all valid existing rights, the following-described lands in New Mexico be, and the same are hereby, included within the said national monument:

National monument established.

Vol. 34, p. 225.
U. S. C., p. 416.

Description.

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

- Tps. 17 S., Rs. 5, 6, and 7 E., all.
- T. 17 S., R. 8 E., secs. 6, 7, and 18.
- Tps. 18 S., Rs. 5 and 6 E., all.
- T. 18 S., R. 7 E., secs. 2 to 11, secs. 15 to 21, and secs. 29 and 30, inclusive;
 - sec. 1, exclusive of Federal Aid Project 176 right of way;
 - sec. 12, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ and N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ (both exclusive of Federal Aid Project 176 right of way), fractional W. $\frac{1}{2}$ north and west of Federal Aid Project 176 right of way;
 - sec. 13, fractional NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ north and west of Federal Aid Project 176 right of way;
 - sec. 14, fractional E. $\frac{1}{2}$ north and west of Federal Aid Project 176 right of way, and W. $\frac{1}{2}$, exclusive of Federal Aid Project 176 right of way;
 - sec. 22, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ and NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ exclusive of Federal Aid Project 176 right of way;
 - sec. 23, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ exclusive of Federal Aid Project 176 right of way;
 - sec. 28, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
- T. 19 S., R. 5 E., secs. 1 to 5 and secs. 9 to 12, inclusive;
 - sec. 13, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 - sec. 14, N. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 - sec. 15, N. $\frac{1}{2}$.
- T. 19 S., R. 6 E., secs. 2 to 8, inclusive;
 - sec. 1, N. $\frac{1}{2}$.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Warning against unauthorized acts.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Supervision.

Vol. 39, p. 535.
U. S. C., p. 389.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 18th day of January, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2025]

WASATCH NATIONAL FOREST—UTAH

January 31, 1933.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Wasatch National Forest, Utah.
Preamble.

Area enlarged.
Vol. 26, p. 1103; Vol. 30, p. 34.
U. S. C., pp. 418, 419.

Prior rights not affected.

WHEREAS it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands in Utah to the Wasatch National Forest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 24 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 1095, 1103; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 471), and by the act of June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. 11, 34; U. S. Code, title 16, sec. 473), do proclaim that the Wasatch National Forest is hereby enlarged to include the area indicated on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 31 day of January, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2026]

INCREASING DUTY ON RUBBER-SOLED AND RUBBER FOOTWEAR

February 1, 1933.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on rubber-soled and rubber footwear.

Preamble.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States

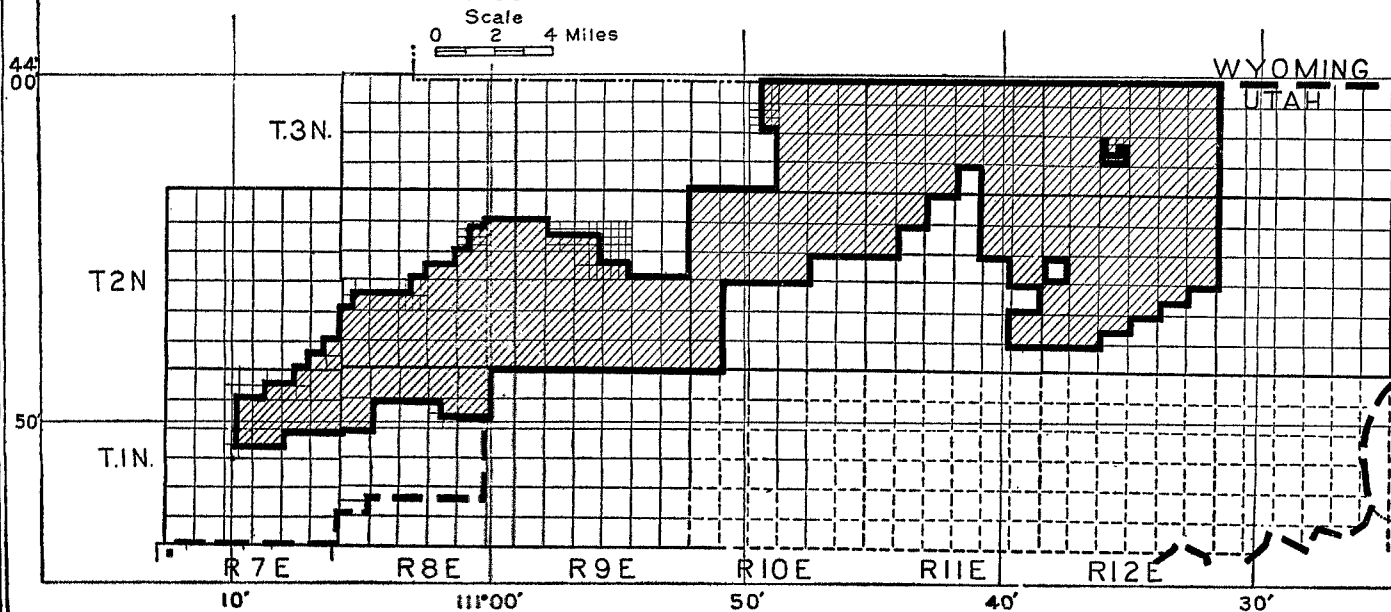
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
R. Y. STUART, FORESTER
T. W. NORCROSS, CHIEF ENGINEER

PORTION OF WASATCH NATIONAL FOREST

UTAH
SALT LAKE MERIDIAN
1933

--- Present National Forest Boundary
— Boundary of addition to
Wasatch N.F.

DIAGRAM FORMING PART OF
PROCLAMATION DATED JAN. 31, 1933



Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, boots, shoes, or other footwear (including athletic or sporting boots and shoes), the uppers of which are composed wholly or in chief value of wool, cotton, ramie, animal hair, fiber, rayon or other synthetic textile, silk, or substitutes for any of the foregoing, with soles composed wholly or in chief value of india rubber or substitutes for rubber, and boots and shoes or other footwear, wholly or in chief value of india rubber, not specially provided for, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States, and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing countries;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing countries for boots, shoes, or other footwear (including athletic or sporting boots and shoes), the uppers of which are composed wholly or in chief value of wool, cotton, ramie, animal hair, fiber, rayon or other synthetic textile, silk, or substitutes for any of the foregoing, with soles composed wholly or in chief value of india rubber or substitutes for rubber, provided for in paragraph 1530 (e) of Title I of said tariff act, are Czechoslovakia and Japan, and that the principal competing country for boots, shoes, or other footwear, wholly or in chief value of india rubber, provided for in paragraph 1537 (b) of Title I of said act, is Czechoslovakia, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing countries; and that said differences can not be equalized by proceeding under the provisions of subdivision (a) of said section and act;

Vol. 46, p. 667.

Vol. 46, p. 668.

WHEREAS the commission has specified in its report the ad valorem rates of duty based upon the American selling price, as defined in section 402 (g) of said act, of the domestic articles found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

Vol. 46, p. 710

WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such ad valorem rates of duty based upon said American selling price are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve said report and proclaim that the rate of duty shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences, within the limit provided in said section 336, on boots, shoes, or other footwear (including athletic or sporting boots and shoes), the uppers of which are composed wholly or in chief value of wool, cotton, ramie, animal hair, fiber, rayon or other synthetic textile, silk, or substitutes for any of the foregoing, with soles composed wholly or in chief value of india rubber or substitutes for rubber, is 35 per centum ad valorem based upon the American selling price as defined in section 402 (g) of said act of boots, shoes, or other footwear (including athletic or sporting boots, and shoes), the uppers of which are composed wholly or in chief value of wool, cotton, ramie, animal hair, fiber, rayon or other synthetic textile, silk, or substitutes for any of the foregoing, with soles composed wholly or in chief value of india rubber or substitutes for rubber, manufac-

Increasing duty to equalize differences in costs of production.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

tured or produced in the United States; and that the rate of duty shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences, within the limit provided in said section 336, on boots, shoes, or other footwear, wholly or in chief value of india rubber, not specially provided for, is 25 per centum ad valorem based upon the American selling price of boots, shoes, or other footwear, wholly or in chief value of india rubber, not specially provided for, manufactured or produced in the United States.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 1st day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, [SEAL] and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2027]

DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL MONUMENT—CALIFORNIA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

February 11, 1933.

Death Valley National Monument, Calif.

Preamble.

National monument established.

Vol. 34, p. 225.
U. S. C., p. 416.

Warning against unauthorized acts.

Supervision.

Vol. 39, p. 535.
U. S. C., p. 389.

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including certain lands known as Death Valley, in California, within a national monument for the preservation of the unusual features of scenic, scientific, and educational interest therein contained:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim and establish the Death Valley National Monument and that, subject to all valid existing rights, the area indicated on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof be, and the same is hereby, included within the said national monument.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or to remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 11th day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

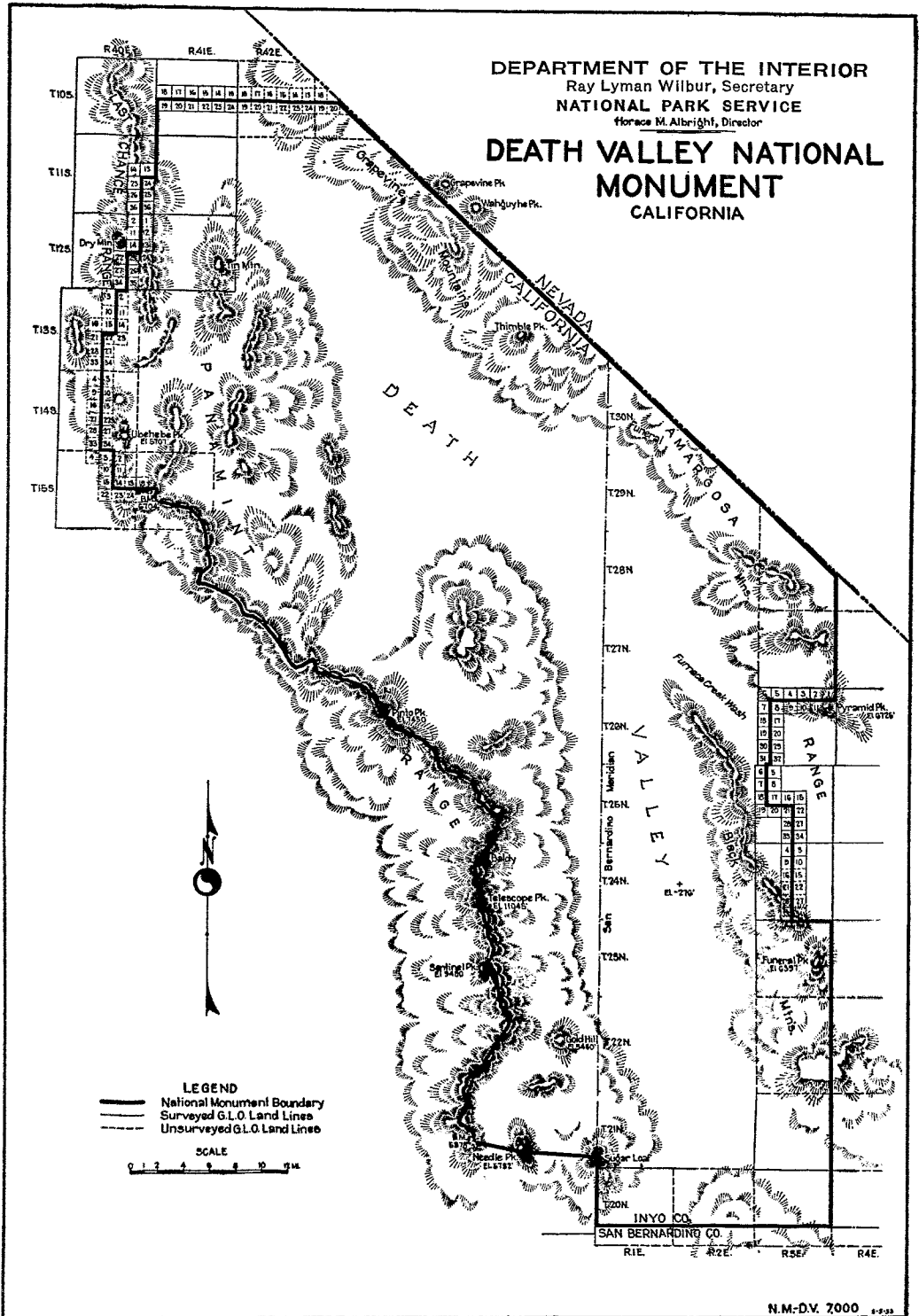
By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2028]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
 Ray Lyman Wilbur, Secretary
 NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
 Horace M. Albright, Director

DEATH VALLEY NATIONAL MONUMENT
 CALIFORNIA



N.M.-D.V. 7000 4-9-23

CONVENING THE SENATE IN SPECIAL SESSION

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

February 14, 1933.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS public interests require that the Senate of the United States be convened at 12 o'clock on the 4th day of March, 1933, to receive such communications as may be made by the Executive;

Preamble.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Senate of the United States to convene at the Capitol, in the City of Washington, on the 4th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

Special session of the Senate to be convened March 4, 1933.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 14th day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and [SEAL] of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2029]

ASHLEY NATIONAL FOREST—UTAH AND WYOMING

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

February 18, 1933.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands in Utah to the Ashley National Forest;

Ashley National Forest, Utah-Wyo.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 24 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 1095, 1103; U. S. C., title 16, sec. 471), and the act of June 4, 1897 (30 Stat. 11, 34; U. S. C., title 16, sec. 473), do proclaim that the following-described lands in Utah are hereby added to and made a part of the Ashley National Forest:

Area enlarged.

Vol. 26, p. 1103; Vol. 30, p. 34.
U. S. C., pp. 418, 419.

Description.

SALT LAKE MERIDIAN

T. 2 N., R. 20 E., sec. 1 and those portions of secs. 2, 11, 12, 13, and 24 not heretofore part of the national forest.

T. 3 N., R. 20 E., secs. 35 and 36.

T. 2 N., R. 21 E., secs. 1 to 11, inclusive, secs. 16, 17, and 18, and those portions of secs. 12, 13, 14, 15, 19, 20, 21, and 22 not heretofore part of the national forest.

T. 3 N., R. 21 E., sec. 31, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ and S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 32, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ and SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 35, and all sec. 36.

Description—Con.

T. 2 N., R. 22 E., secs. 1 to 6, inclusive, secs. 8, 11, and 12, and those portions of secs. 7, 9, 10, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 23, and 24 not heretofore part of the national forest.

T. 3 N., R. 22 E., S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$ secs. 25 and 26, and all secs. 31 to 36, inclusive.

T. 2 N., R. 23 E., secs. 1 to 12, inclusive, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, and 8 sec. 13, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 sec. 14, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 and N. $\frac{1}{2}$ N. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 15, lots 1, 2, 3, and 4 and N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, and those portions of secs. 17, 18, 19, and 20 not heretofore part of the national forest.

T. 3 N., R. 23 E., S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 30, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, and S. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 31, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ and S. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 32, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 33, and S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 34.

T. 2 N., R. 24 E., lot 5 and S. $\frac{1}{2}$ sec. 6, all sec. 7, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 18, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ and lots 1, 6, 7, and 9 sec. 19.

Prior rights, etc., not affected.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 18 day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2030]

CARLSBAD CAVERNS NATIONAL PARK—NEW MEXICO

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Carlsbad Caverns
National Park, N. Mex.
Preamble.
Statutory authoriza-
tion.
Vol. 46, p. 279.
Additions.

WHEREAS Congress by act of May 14, 1930 (46 Stat. 279), entitled "AN ACT To establish the Carlsbad Caverns National Park in the State of New Mexico, and for other purposes," authorized the President of the United States, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior, to add to said park by Executive proclamation any or all of the following-described lands: Secs. 1, 12, and 13, T. 24 S., R. 22 E.; secs. 1 to 18, inclusive, 20 to 28, inclusive, and 33 to 36, inclusive, T. 24 S., R. 23 E.; the entire T. 24 S., R. 24 E.; secs. 6, 7, 18, and 19, and 27 to 34, inclusive, T. 24 S., R. 25 E.; secs. 24, 25, 35, and 36, T. 25 S., R. 22 E.; the entire T. 25 S., R. 23 E.; north half of T. 25 S., R. 24 E.; secs. 5, 6, 7, 8, 17, and 18, T. 25 S., R. 25 E.; secs. 1, 2, 11, 12, 13, and 14, and 19 to 36, inclusive, T. 26 S., R. 22 E.;

west half of township and secs. 22 to 26, inclusive, T. 26 S., R. 23 E.; all with respect to the New Mexico principal meridian; and

WHEREAS the said Secretary of the Interior has recommended the addition to the park of the lands hereinafter described; and

WHEREAS it appears that the public interests would be promoted by including such lands within said park for the preservation of their natural state and outstanding scenic features and for road-protection purposes;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do proclaim that, subject to all valid existing rights, the following-described lands in New Mexico be, and the same are hereby, added to and made a part of said park, and they are hereby made subject to the provisions of the act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," and all acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof and all other laws and rules and regulations applicable to and extending over the said park:

Area enlarged.

Vol. 39, p. 535.

Further additions.

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

T. 24 S., R. 24 E., secs. 25, 26, and 35.

T. 25 S., R. 24 E., secs. 1 and 2.

T. 24 S., R. 25 E., secs. 27 to 30, inclusive,
secs. 32 and 33, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec.
31, and W. $\frac{1}{2}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 34.

T. 25 S., R. 25 E., secs. 5 and 6.

Containing 9,239.94 acres.

Nothing herein shall affect any privately owned lands within this area or any valid existing claim, location, or entry on said lands made under the land laws of the United States; but if any of the privately owned lands shall be conveyed to the United States or any existing claim, location, or entry is canceled, the lands so affected shall become a part of the said Carlsbad Caverns National Park.

Private, etc., claims not affected.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 21 day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of [SEAL] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2031]

SAGUARO NATIONAL MONUMENT—ARIZONA

March 1, 1933.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS a certain area within the Catalina Division of the Coronado National Forest in the State of Arizona and certain adjacent lands are of outstanding scientific interest because of the exceptional growth thereon of various species of cacti, including the so-called giant cactus, it appears that the public interest will be promoted by reserving as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof as a national monument.

Saguaro National Monument, Ariz. Preamble.

Establishment of
within Coronado Na-
tional Forest, Ariz.
Vol. 34, p. 225.
U. S. C., p. 416.

Selections by State,
for University.

Description.

Now, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the act of Congress approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," do proclaim that there are hereby reserved from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, subject to all valid existing rights, and the right of the State of Arizona to select for the use of the University of Arizona all or any portions of secs. 11, 14, 22, 28, and E. ½ 21, T. 14 S., R. 16 E. of the Gila and Salt River meridian, and set apart as a national monument, the following-described tracts of lands in the State of Arizona:

GILA AND SALT RIVER MERIDIAN

T. 14 S., R. 16 E., secs. 8 to 17 inclusive, secs. 20 to 29 inclusive, and secs. 32 to 36 inclusive.

T. 14 S., R. 17 E., secs. 7 to 36 inclusive.

T. 14 S., R. 18 E., secs. 7, 8, 9, secs. 16 to 21 inclusive, and secs. 28 to 33 inclusive.

T. 15 S., R. 16 E., secs. 1 to 5 inclusive.

T. 15 S., R. 17 E., secs. 1 to 6 inclusive and secs. 11, 12, 13, 14, 23, and 24.

T. 15 S., R. 18 E., secs. 4 to 9 inclusive and secs. 16 to 21 inclusive.

Use of Coronado Na-
tional Forest not
affected.

The reservation made by this proclamation is not intended to prevent the use of the lands now within the Coronado National Forest for national-forest purposes under the proclamation establishing the Coronado National Forest, and the two reservations shall both be effective on the land withdrawn; but the national monument hereby established shall be the dominant reservation, and any use of the land which interferes with the preservation or protection as a national monument is hereby forbidden.

Reserved from settle-
ment, etc.

Warning is hereby given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, deface, remove, or destroy any feature of this national monument, or to locate or settle on any of the lands reserved by this proclamation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 1 day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2032]

BLACK CANYON OF THE GUNNISON NATIONAL MONUMENT—
COLORADO

March 2, 1933.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Black Canyon of the
Gunnison National
Monument, Colo.
Preamble.

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the lands hereinafter described within a national monument for the preservation of the spectacular gorges and additional features of scenic, scientific, and educational interest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim and establish the Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Monument and that, subject to all valid existing rights, the following-described lands in Colorado be, and the same are hereby, included within the said national monument:

Establishment pro-
claimed.
Vol. 34, p. 225.
U. S. C., p. 416.

Description.

NEW MEXICO PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN

- T. 49 N., R. 7 W., sec. 3, lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, and 12, and S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 4, all;
 sec. 5, lots 1, 2, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW.
 $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 8, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 9, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, and NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 10, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and N. $\frac{1}{2}$
 NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 11, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
 T. 50 N., R. 7 W., sec. 19, W. $\frac{1}{2}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, and lots 3
 and 4;
 sec. 29, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 30, E. $\frac{1}{2}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$, and lots 1,
 2, and 3;
 sec. 31, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 32, all;
 sec. 33, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$.
 T. 50 N., R. 8 W., sec. 16, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and SW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 17, SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, and S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 20, all;
 sec. 21, all;
 sec. 22, S. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$, and S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 23, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, and S. $\frac{1}{2}$;
 sec. 24, all;
 sec. 25, E. $\frac{1}{2}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$, NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$,
 and W. $\frac{1}{2}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
 sec. 26, all;
 sec. 27, all;
 sec. 28, all;
 sec. 29, all.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Reserved from settle-
ment, etc.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Supervision.
Vol. 39, p. 535.

U. S. C., p. 389.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2033]

DECREASING RATES OF DUTY ON SPERM OIL, CRUDE, AND SPERMACETI WAX

March 2, 1933.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Tariff on sperm oil, crude and spermaceti wax.
Preamble.
Vol. 46, p. 701.

WHEREAS under and by virtue of section 336 of Title III, Part II, of the act of Congress approved June 17, 1930 (46 Stat. 590, 701), entitled "AN ACT To provide revenue, to regulate commerce with foreign countries, to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor, and for other purposes," the United States Tariff Commission has investigated the differences in costs of production of, and all other facts and conditions enumerated in said section with respect to, sperm oil, crude, sperm oil, refined or otherwise processed, and spermaceti wax, being wholly or in part the growth or product of the United States and of and with respect to like or similar articles wholly or in part the growth or product of the principal competing countries;

WHEREAS in the course of said investigation a hearing was held, of which reasonable public notice was given and at which parties interested were given reasonable opportunity to be present, to produce evidence, and to be heard;

WHEREAS the commission has reported to the President the results of said investigation and its findings with respect to such differences in costs of production;

WHEREAS the commission has found it shown by said investigation that the principal competing country for sperm oil, crude, is Canada, and that the principal competing country for spermaceti wax is the United Kingdom, and that the duties expressly fixed by statute do not equalize the differences in the costs of production of the domestic articles and the like or similar foreign articles when produced in said principal competing countries, and has specified in its report the decreases in the rates of duty expressly fixed by statute found by the commission to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences; and

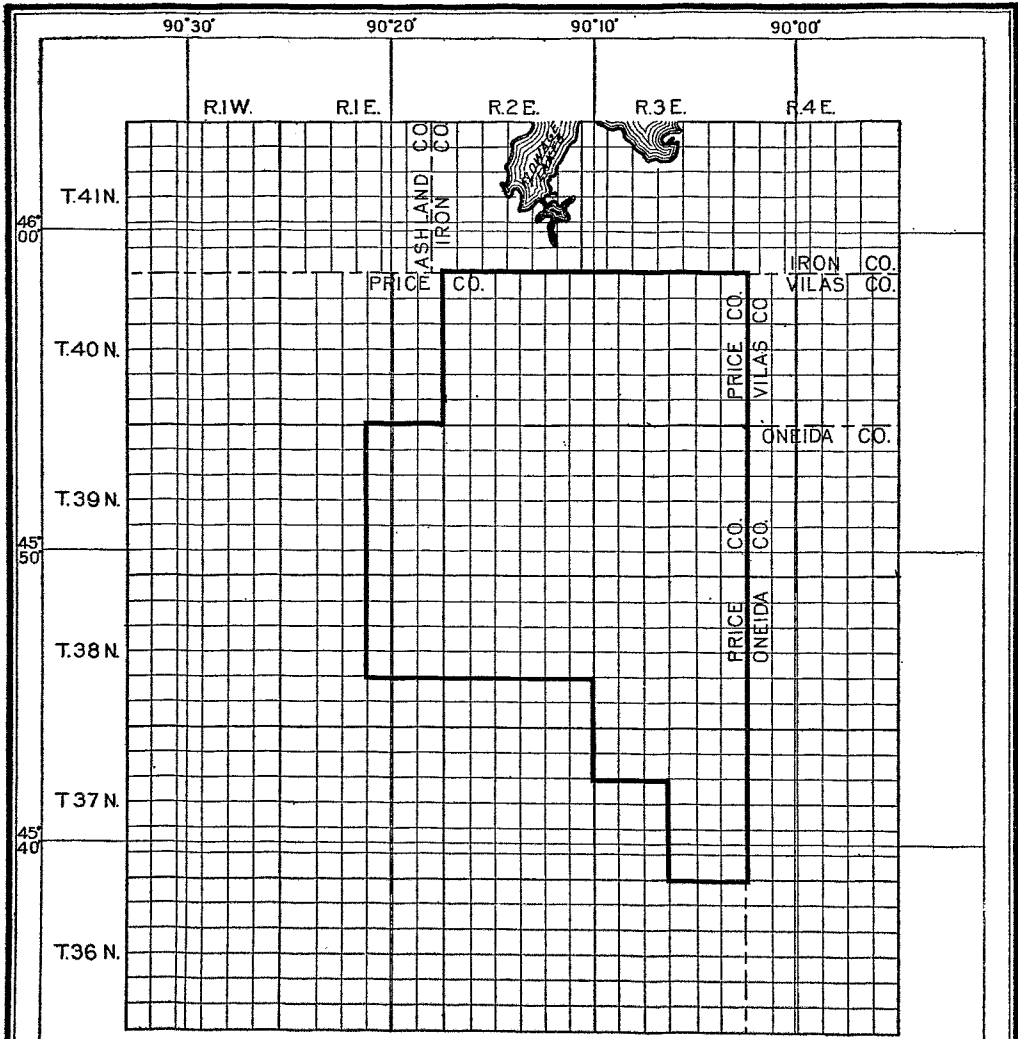
WHEREAS in the judgment of the President such rates of duty are shown by such investigation of the Tariff Commission to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production;

Changes in rates to equalize differences in costs of production.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, do hereby approve and proclaim the following rates of duty found to be shown by said investigation to be necessary to equalize such differences in costs of production:

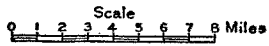
Vol. 46, p. 597.

A decrease (within the limit of total decrease provided for in said act) in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 52 of Title I of said act on sperm oil, crude, from 10 cents per gallon to 5 cents per gallon; and



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 FOREST SERVICE
 R. Y. STUART, FORESTER

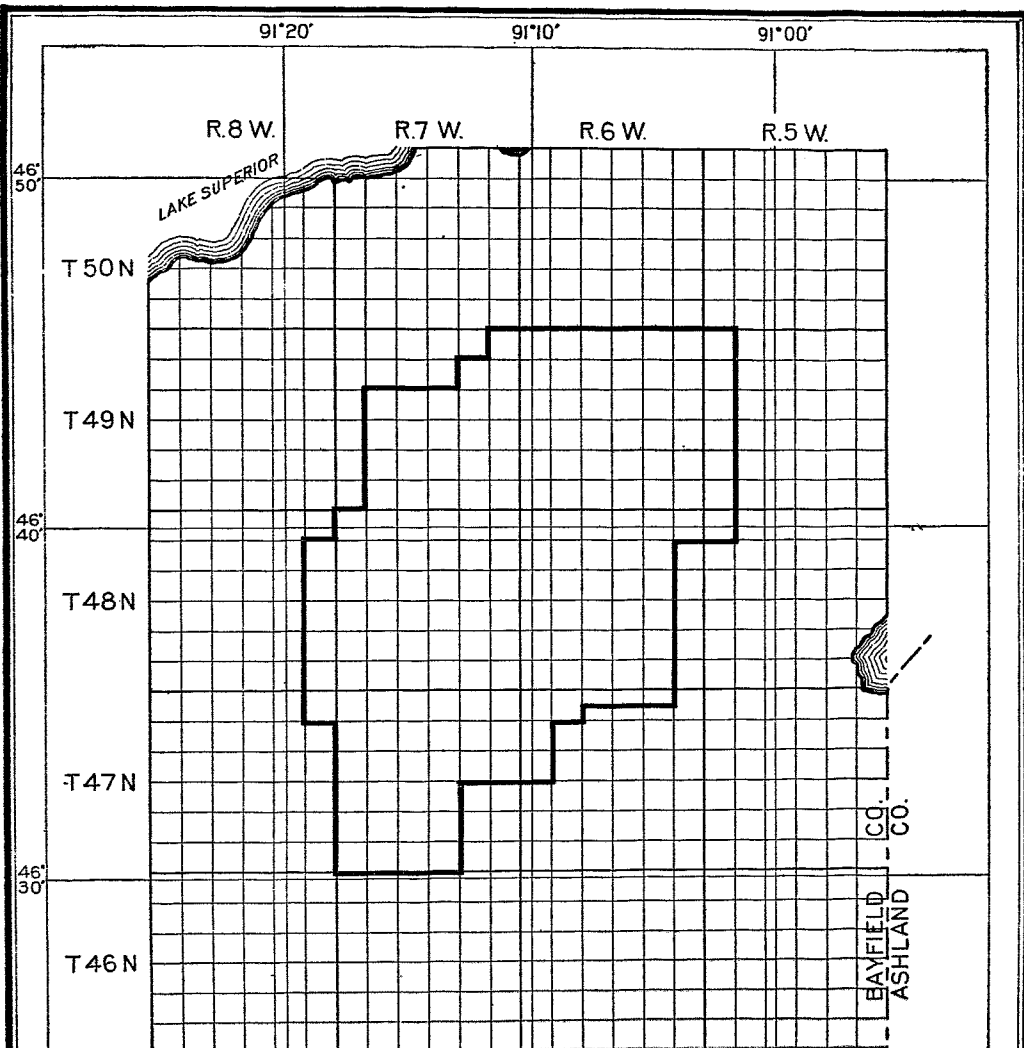
NICOLET NATIONAL FOREST
FLAMBEAU UNIT
WISCONSIN
 4TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN
 1933



— National Forest Boundary

DIAGRAM FORMING PART OF PROCLAMATION, DATED MAR. 2, 1933

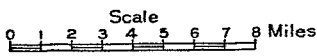
90°30' 90°20' 90°10' 90°00'



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.
 FOREST SERVICE
 R. Y. STUART FORESTER

NICOLET NATIONAL FOREST
MOQUAH UNIT
WISCONSIN

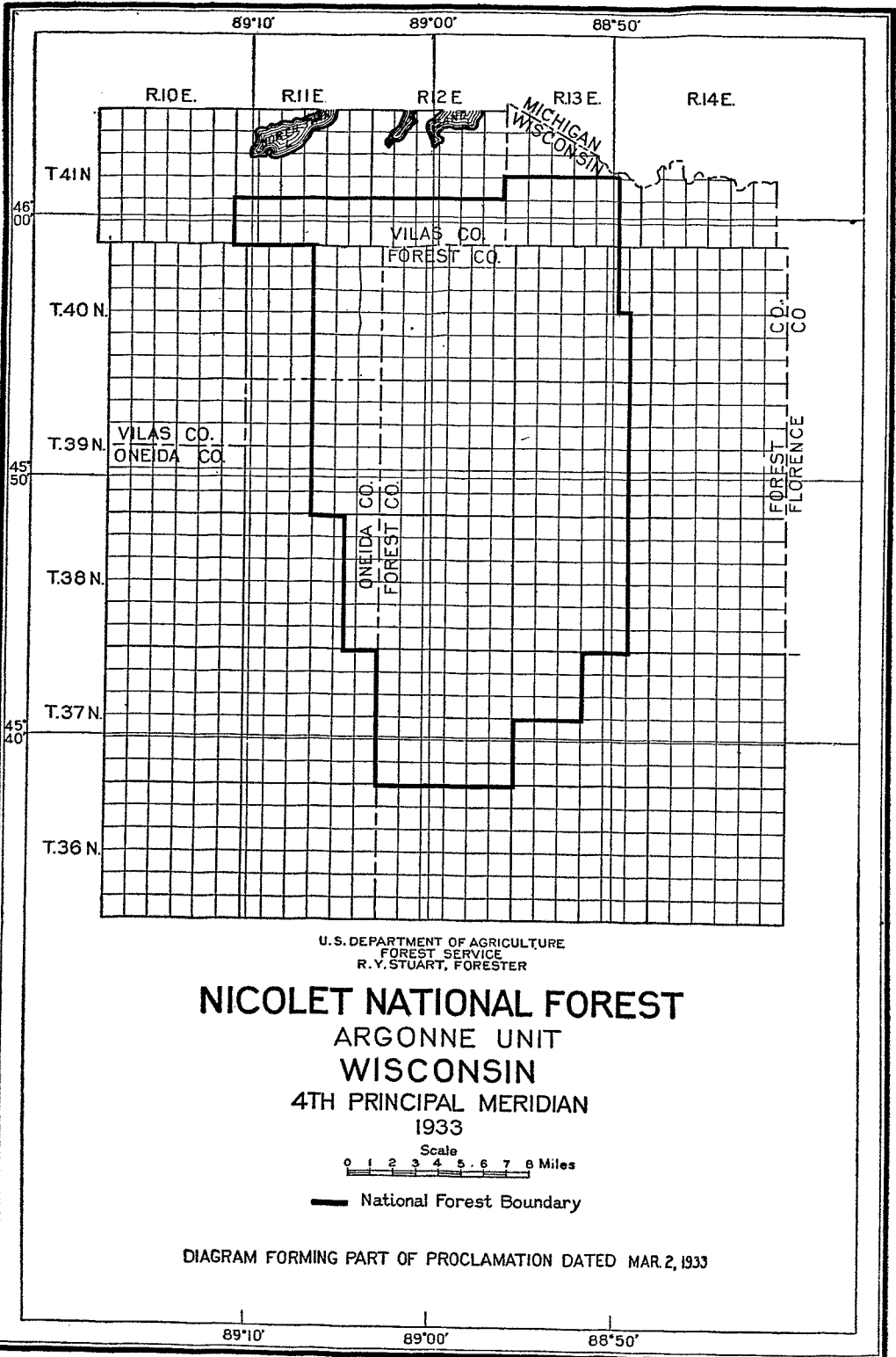
4TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN
 1933



— National Forest Boundary

DIAGRAM FORMING PART OF PROCLAMATION DATED MAR. 2, 1933

91°20' 91°10' 91°00'



A decrease in the rate of duty expressly fixed in paragraph 52 of Title I of said act on spermaceti wax, from 6 cents per pound to 3½ cents per pound.

Vol. 46, p. 598.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of March in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2034]

NICOLET NATIONAL FOREST—WISCONSIN

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 2, 1933.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS certain forest lands within the State of Wisconsin have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States of America under authority of the act of Congress approved March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 961, 962; U. S. C., title 16, sec. 516), as amended June 7, 1924 (43 Stat. 653-655; U. S. C., title 16, sec. 515); and

Nicolet National Forest, Wis.
Preamble.
Statutory authorization.
Vol. 36, p. 962; Vol. 43, p. 654.
U. S. C., p. 424.

WHEREAS certain public lands in said State are in part covered with timber or undergrowth and it appears that it would be in the public interest to give them a national-forest status;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 24 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stat. 1095, 1103; U. S. C., title 16, sec. 471), and by section 11, act of March 1, 1911 (36 Stat. 961, 963; U. S. C., title 16, sec. 521), do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and set apart as the Nicolet National Forest, Wis., all lands of the United States within the area shown on the diagrams attached hereto and made a part hereof, and that all lands therein which may hereafter be acquired by the United States under the authority of said acts of March 1, 1911, and June 7, 1924, shall be reserved and administered as part of said Nicolet National Forest.

Reserving, etc., area for national forest.
Vol. 26, p. 1103; Vol. 36, p. 963.
U. S. C., pp. 418, 425.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose other than forest uses, be subject to and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

Prior rights, etc., not affected.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 2^d day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2035]

CANYON DE CHELLY NATIONAL MONUMENT—ARIZONA

March 3, 1933.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Canyon De Chelly National Monument, Ariz.

Establishment, within Navajo Indian Reservation, with consent of their council.

Vol. 46, p. 1161.

Statutory provision for modifying area.

Ante, p. 1419.

Approval by Navajo Council Assembly.

Ante, p. 2449.

Description amended.

Location.

Warning against unlawful acts.

Supervision.

Vol. 39, p. 535.
U. S. C., p. 389.

WHEREAS Congress by act of February 14, 1931 (Public, No. 667—71st Cong.), entitled "AN ACT To authorize the President of the United States to establish the Canyon De Chelly National Monument within the Navajo Indian Reservation, Arizona," authorized the President of the United States, with the consent of the Tribal Council of the Navajo Tribe of Indians, to establish the said Canyon De Chelly National Monument by Executive proclamation; and

WHEREAS Congress by act of March 1, 1933 (Public, No. 404—72nd Cong. 2nd Session), entitled "AN ACT To amend the description of land described in section 1 of the act approved February 14, 1931, entitled "AN ACT To authorize the President of the United States to establish the Canyon De Chelly National Monument within the Navajo Indian Reservation, Arizona," amended the description of the land described in section 1 of the act of February 14, 1931; and

WHEREAS the Navajo Tribal Council Assembly at Fort Wingate, New Mexico, on July 8, 1930, adopted a resolution approving the establishment of the Canyon De Chelly National Monument; and

WHEREAS it appears to be in the public interest that the cliff dwellings and other features of scientific and educational interest desired to be preserved be more accurately described by amending the description of the land for the Canyon De Chelly National Monument as established by Proclamation No. 1945 dated April 1, 1931;

Now, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the said acts of Congress approved February 14, 1931, and March 1, 1933, do proclaim that the Canyon De Chelly National Monument as heretofore established by proclamation shall comprise the following described lands:

"All lands in Del Muerto, De Chelly, and Monument Canyons, and the canyons tributary thereto, and the lands within one-half mile of the rims of the said canyons, situated in unsurveyed townships 4 and 5 north, range 7 west; townships 4, 5, and 6 north, range 8 west; townships 4 and 5 north, range 9 west; and in surveyed townships 4 and 5 north, range 6 west; townships 3, 6, and 7 north, range 7 west; township 6 north, range 9 west; and township 5 north, range 10 west; embracing about eighty-three thousand eight hundred and forty acres, all of the Navajo meridian, in Arizona," and the proclamation dated April 1, 1931, heretofore issued for the establishment of the said national monument is hereby accordingly modified.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 3rd day of March in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three and of the [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2036]

COLORADO NATIONAL MONUMENT—COLORADO

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 3, 1933.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by adding to the Colorado National Monument, Colo., certain adjoining lands for the purpose of including within said monument additional lands on which there are located features of historical and scientific interest and for the protection of the Rim Road and for administration purposes;

Colorado National Monument, Colo. Preamble.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, HERBERT HOOVER, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section 2 of the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT For the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat. 225), do proclaim that, subject to all valid existing rights, such additional lands in Colorado be, and the same are hereby, added to and made a part of the Colorado National Monument, and that the boundaries of the said monument as hereby changed are described as follows:

Area enlarged. Vol. 34, p. 225. U. S. C., p. 416.

Beginning at the southwest corner of sec. 31, T. 11 S., R. 101 W. of the sixth principal meridian;
thence westerly one-half mile to the south $\frac{1}{4}$ corner of sec. 36, T. 11 S., R. 102 W., sixth principal meridian;
thence northerly approximately 4 miles to the north $\frac{1}{4}$ corner of sec. 13, T. 11 S., R. 102 W., sixth principal meridian (on the south boundary of sec. 31, T. 1 N., R. 2 W., Ute meridian);
thence westerly approximately three-fourths mile to the southwest corner of sec. 31, T. 1 N., R. 2 W., Ute meridian;
thence northerly 1 mile to the northwest corner of sec. 31, T. 1 N., R. 2 W., Ute meridian;
thence easterly approximately $1\frac{1}{4}$ miles to the northeast corner of the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 32, T. 1 N., R. 2 W., Ute meridian;
thence southerly 990 ft. more or less to a point 330 ft. northerly from the southwest corner of the NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 32, T. 1 N., 2 W., Ute meridian;
thence easterly one-half mile to the east line of the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 32, T. 1 N., R. 2 W., Ute meridian;
thence southerly 330 ft. to the southeast corner of the said NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$;
thence easterly one-half mile to the northeast corner of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 33, T. 1 N., R. 2 W., Ute meridian;
thence southerly one-fourth mile to the southeast corner of the said SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$;
thence easterly one-half mile to the northeast corner of the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ of the said sec. 33;

Description.

Description—Con.

thence southerly one-fourth mile to the southeast corner of the said NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;

thence easterly one-fourth mile to the northeast corner of the SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ of the said sec. 33;

thence southerly one-fourth mile to the southeast corner of the said sec. 33;

thence westerly 455 ft. to a point;

thence S. $23^{\circ} 04' W.$, 791 ft., to a point;

thence S. $38^{\circ} 16' E.$, 1,250 ft. more or less, to a point on the east boundary of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 17, T. 11 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence S. $32^{\circ} 17' E.$, 887.6 ft., to a point 495 ft. easterly from the northwest corner of the NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 17, T. 11 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence S. $31^{\circ} 52' E.$, 1,556.2 ft., to the southeast corner of the said NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ SE. $\frac{1}{4}$;

thence S. $44^{\circ} 55' E.$, 1,853 ft., to the southeast corner of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 16, T. 11 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence S. $44^{\circ} 58' E.$, 1,853 ft., to the southeast corner of the NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 21, T. 11 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence S. $45^{\circ} 02' E.$, 1,877.3 ft., to the southeast corner of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NE. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 21, T. 11 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence S. $26^{\circ} 27' E.$, 2,864.8 ft., to the southeast corner of sec. 21, T. 11 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence S. $44^{\circ} 06' E.$, 1,922.5 ft., to the southeast corner of the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 27, T. 11 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence S. $44^{\circ} 47' E.$, 1,912.6 ft., to the center of said sec. 27;

thence easterly one-half mile to the east $\frac{1}{4}$ corner of said sec. 27;

thence southerly 1 mile to the west $\frac{1}{4}$ corner of sec. 35, T. 11 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence easterly one-fourth mile to the northeast corner of the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ of said sec. 35;

thence southerly approximately one-half mile to a point on the township line dividing Tps. 11 and 12 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian, said point being the northwest corner of lot 7 in sec. 2, T. 12 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence easterly approximately one-fourth mile to the northeast corner of said lot 7 in said sec. 2;

thence southerly approximately 2,650 ft. to the southeast corner of lot 9 in said sec. 2;

thence easterly approximately one-fourth mile to the west boundary of sec. 30, T. 1 S., R. 1 W., Ute meridian;

thence southerly approximately 2,322 ft. to the southwest corner of said sec. 30, T. 1 S., R. 1 W., Ute meridian;

thence easterly 1 mile to the southeast corner of the said sec. 30;

thence southerly one-half mile to the east $\frac{1}{4}$ corner of sec. 31, T. 1 S., R. 1 W., Ute meridian;

thence easterly one-fourth mile to the northeast corner of the NW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ sec. 32, T. 1 S., R. 1 W., Ute meridian;

thence southerly one-half mile to the southeast corner of the SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ SW. $\frac{1}{4}$ of the said sec. 32;

thence easterly approximately 658 ft. to the northeast corner of sec. 13, T. 12 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence southerly 1 mile to the southeast corner of the said sec. 13;

thence westerly 2 miles to the southwest corner of sec. 14, T. 12 S., R. 101 W.;

thence northerly 1 mile to the northwest corner of the said sec. 14;

thence westerly 3 miles to the southwest corner of sec. 8, T. 12 S., R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;

thence northerly 1 mile to the northwest corner of the said sec. 8;
 thence westerly 1 mile to the southwest corner of sec. 6, T. 12 S.,
 R. 101 W., sixth principal meridian;
 thence northerly 1 mile to the point of beginning.

Description—Con.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy, or remove any feature of this monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument, as provided in the act of Congress entitled "AN ACT To establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535-536), and acts additional thereto or amendatory thereof.

Vol. 39, p. 535.
 U. S. C., p. 389.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 3^d day of March, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and thirty-three, and of the
 [SEAL] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and fifty-seventh.

HERBERT HOOVER

By the President:

HENRY L STIMSON
Secretary of State.

[No. 2037]
