
PROCLAMATIONS

OF THE

PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

1739

PROCLAMATIONS

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 19, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide further for the national security and defense by encouraging the production, conserving the supply and controlling the distribution of food products and fuel", approved by the President on the 10th day of August, 1917, it is provided among other things as follows:

Licenses for food
commodities.
Preamble.

Statutory provisions
Vol. 40, p. 276.

"That, by reason of the existence of a state of war, it is essential to the national security and defense, for the successful prosecution of the war, and for the support and maintenance of the Army and Navy, to assure an adequate supply and equitable distribution, and to facilitate the movement, of foods, feeds, fuel, including fuel oil and natural gas, fertilizer and fertilizer ingredients, tools, utensils, implements, machinery, and equipment required for the actual production of foods, feeds, and fuel, hereafter in this act called necessities; to prevent, locally or generally, scarcity, monopolization, hoarding, injurious speculation, manipulations, and private controls, affecting such supply, distribution, and movement; and to establish and maintain governmental control of such necessities during the war. For such purposes the instrumentalities, means, methods, powers, authorities, duties, obligations, and prohibitions hereinafter set forth are created, established, conferred, and prescribed. The President is authorized to make such regulations and to issue such orders as are essential effectively to carry out the provisions of this act."

AND, WHEREAS, it is further provided in said act as follows:

Vol. 40, p. 277.

"That, from time to time, whenever the President shall find it essential to license the importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities, in order to carry into effect any of the purposes of this Act, and shall publicly so announce, no person shall, after a date fixed in the announcement, engage in or carry on any such business specified in the announcement of importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities as set forth in such announcement, unless he shall secure and hold a license issued pursuant to this section. The President is authorized to issue such licenses and to prescribe regulations for systems of accounts and auditing of accounts to be kept by licensees, submission of reports by them, with or without oath or affirmation and the entry and inspection by the President's duly authorized agents of the places of business of licensees."

AND, WHEREAS, by virtue of the above provisions certain public announcements were made by the President from time to time as a result of which the importation, manufacture, storage and distribution of certain necessities was licensed.

AND, WHEREAS, a changed situation has been brought about by the present armistice in the war between the United States and Germany.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said Act of Congress, hereby find and determine and by this Proclamation do announce that it is no longer essential in order to carry into effect the purposes of the Act that the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities be subject to license, to the extent hereinafter specified.

Announcing the licensing of designated products no longer essential.

Specified licenses canceled.

Licenses heretofore required for the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities are hereby cancelled, effective April 1, 1919, with respect to the following:

Manufactures, etc., of meats or lard. Vol. 40, p. 1701.

All persons, firms, corporations or associations engaged in importing, manufacturing (including packing), storing or distributing fresh, canned or cured beef, pork or mutton, or lard.

Regulations canceled from April 1, 1919.

All regulations issued under the said Act covering licensees so dealing in these commodities are hereby cancelled, effective April 1, 1919.

Licenses not affected.

This Proclamation shall in no way affect licenses heretofore required for the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of necessities, or regulations governing licensees, other than as indicated above.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the City of Paris, France, this nineteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State

April 9, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Hawaiian Islands. Lighthouse lands, Maui Island. Preamble. Vol. 30, p. 750.

WHEREAS, by joint resolution "to provide for annexing the Hawaiian Islands to the United States," approved July 7, 1898, the cession by the Government of the Republic of Hawaii to the United States of America, of all rights of sovereignty of whatsoever kind in and over the Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies, and the transfer to the United States of the absolute fee and ownership of all public, government or crown lands, public buildings, or edifices, ports, harbors, military equipment, and all other public property of every kind and description belonging to the government of the Hawaiian Islands, was duly accepted, ratified, and confirmed, and the said Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies annexed as a part of the territory of the United States, and made subject to the sovereign dominion thereof, and all and singular the property and rights hereinbefore mentioned vested in the United States of America.

AND WHEREAS, it was further provided in said resolution that the existing laws of the United States relative to public lands shall not apply to such lands in the Hawaiian Islands, but the Congress of the United States shall enact special laws for their management and disposition;

AND WHEREAS, the Congress of the United States has provided by the Act of April 30, 1900, chapter 339, section 91, as amended by the Act of May 27, 1910, chapter 258, section 7, that the public property ceded and transferred to the United States by the Republic of Hawaii under said resolution shall be and remain in the possession, use and control of the government of the Territory of Hawaii and shall be maintained, managed, and cared for by it, at its own expense, until otherwise provided for by Congress, or taken for the uses and purposes of the United States by direction of the President or of the governor of Hawaii, and that any such public property so taken for the uses and purposes of the United States may be restored to its previous status by direction of the President;

Vol. 31, p. 159; Vol. 36, p. 447.

AND WHEREAS, because of a change in conditions certain pieces and parcels of land situated on the Island of Maui, in the Territory of Hawaii, reserved for lighthouse purposes by Presidential Proclamation of December 4, 1908, and by Proclamation of the Governor of Hawaii, of October 11, 1912, are no longer required for such purposes;

Vol. 35, p. 2211.

NOW THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby declare, proclaim and make known that the parcel of land situated at McGregor Point, District of Lahaina, on the Island of Maui, in the Territory of Hawaii, reserved for lighthouse purposes by Presidential Proclamation of December 4, 1908, be and the same is hereby restored to the possession, use and control of the government of the Territory of Hawaii, to wit;

Lighthouse lands restored to Territory.

Vol. 35, p. 2211.

Dwelling Site:

From a concrete monument marking former location of McGregor Point Light Station measure by true azimuth $138^{\circ} 45' 945$ ft. to a point on the hillside for a place of beginning. Thence by true azimuths and distances:

McGregor Point.

1. $157^{\circ} 52' 275$ ft. thence
2. $104^{\circ} 15' 450$ ft. thence
3. $337^{\circ} 52' 560$ ft. more or less to north side of Government road; thence
4. Along Government road to place bearing $337^{\circ} 52'$ and being about 300 ft. distant from place of beginning, thence
5. $157^{\circ} 52' 300$ ft. to place of beginning.

Containing 4.2 acres more or less.

AND FURTHER, do hereby declare, proclaim and make known that the parcel of land situated at Kanahena Point, on the Island of Maui, in the Territory of Hawaii, taken for lighthouse purposes by Proclamation of the Governor of Hawaii of October 11, 1912, be and the same is hereby restored to the possession, use and control of the government of the Territory of Hawaii, to wit;

Kanahena Point.

From PUU O KANALOA Triangulation Station measure by true azimuth $86^{\circ} 23' 6092.1$ feet to an ahu for a place of beginning; thence

1. $68^{\circ} 58' 250$ feet to an ahu by the sea; thence
 2. Continuing said course $68^{\circ} 58'$ to high water mark at sea; thence
 3. In a southeasterly direction along the sea at high water mark; thence
 4. $177^{\circ} 06'$ to an iron bolt sunk in the rock and formerly used as a guy for a wireless telegraph mast. Thence continuing the last described course; thence
 5. $177^{\circ} 06' 849$ feet to the place of beginning.
- Containing 4.3 acres more or less.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE this 8th day of April, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen, and of the Independence of [SEAL] the United States the One Hundred and Forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State.

April 8, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Inyo National Forest,
Calif. and Nev.
Preamble.

Vol. 38, p. 113.

Area diminished.
Vol. 30, p. 36.

Excluded lands re-
stored to settlement.

Vol. 38, p. 113.

Time of opening.

Filing applications.

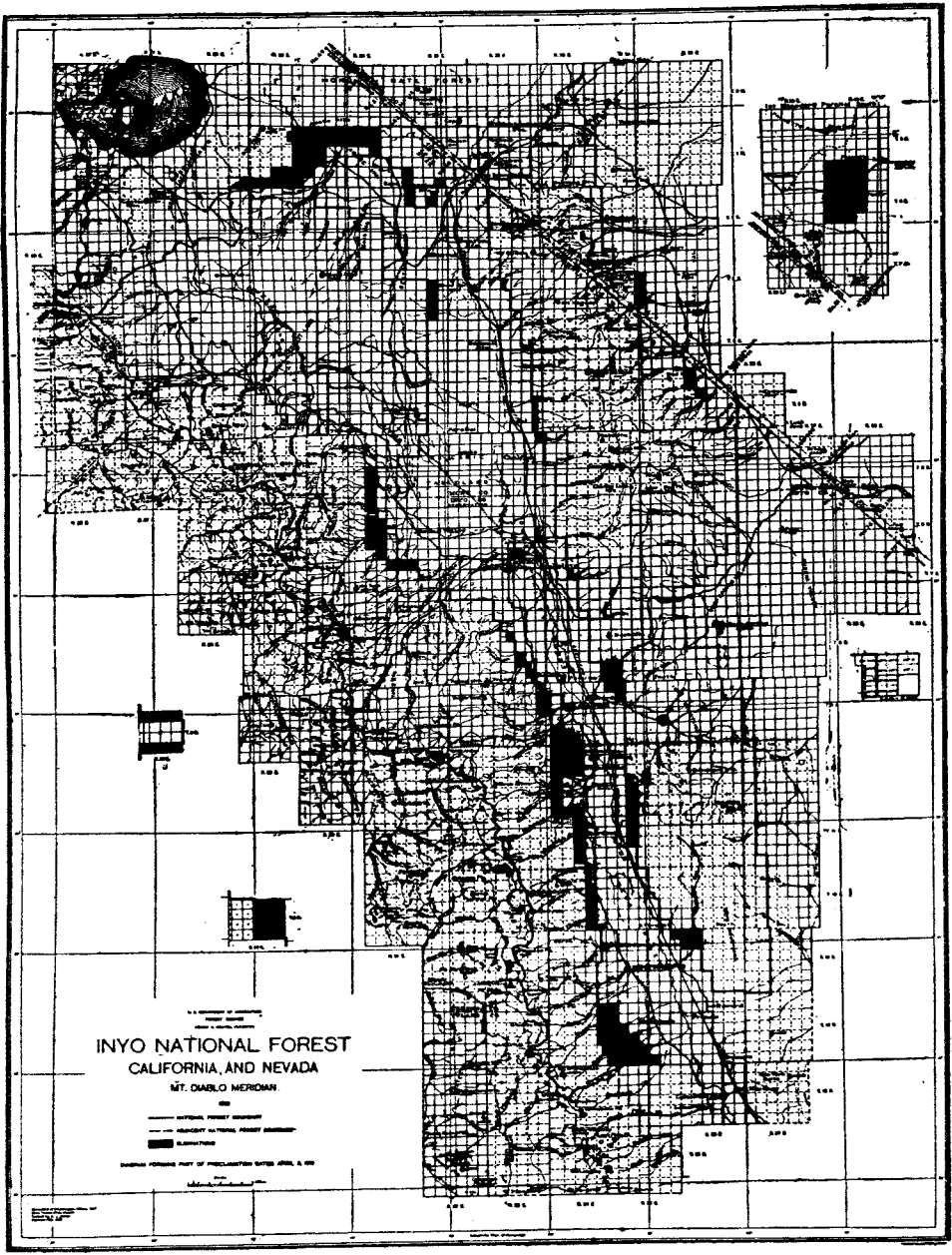
Warning against
trespassing prior to
opening.

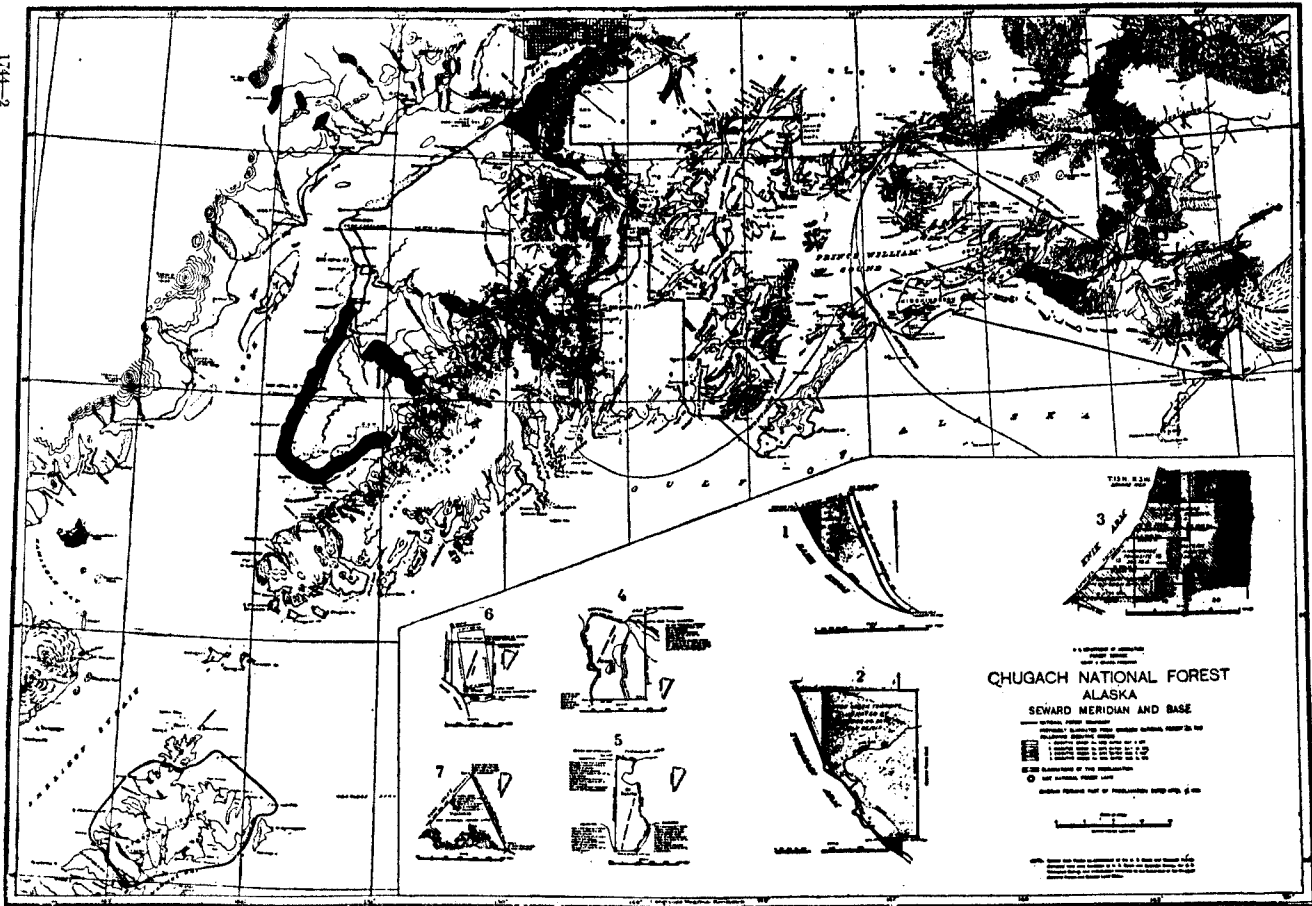
WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain lands from the Inyo National Forest, in California and Nevada, and by restoring the public lands subject to disposition in the excluded areas in a manner authorized by the Act of Congress approved September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen (38 Stat., 113), entitled "An Act To authorize the President to provide a method for opening lands restored from reservation or withdrawal, and for other purposes";

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Inyo National Forest are hereby changed to exclude the areas indicated as eliminations on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

And I do further proclaim and make known that in my judgment it is proper and necessary, in the interest of equal opportunity and good administration, that all of the excluded lands subject to disposition should be restored to homestead entry in advance of settlement or other forms of disposition, and pursuant to the authority reposed in me by the aforesaid act of September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, I do hereby direct and provide that such lands, subject to valid rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, shall be opened to entry only under the provisions of the homestead laws requiring residence, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the eighty-fourth day after the date of this Proclamation, and to settlement and other disposition under any public land law applicable thereto, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the ninety-first day after said date. Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which the lands shall become subject to entry, selection or location of the form desired under the provisions of this Proclamation, execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the proper United States Land Office in person, by mail, or otherwise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed, shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

Warning is hereby given that no settlement initiated prior to seven days after the date herein prescribed for homestead entry will be recognized, but all persons who go upon any of the lands to be restored





hereunder and perform any act of settlement prior to nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the ninety-first day from and after the date hereof, or who are on or are occupying any part of said lands at such hour, except those having valid subsisting settlement rights initiated prior to withdrawal from settlement and since maintained, and those having preferences to make entry under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June eleventh nineteen hundred and six (34 Stat., 233), entitled "An Act To provide for the entry of agricultural lands within forest reserves," and acts amendatory, will be considered and dealt with as trespassers and will gain no rights whatever under such unlawful settlement or occupancy: Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent persons from going upon and over the lands to examine them with a view to thereafter appropriating them in accordance herewith. Persons having prior settlement rights or preferences, as above defined, will be allowed to make entry in accordance with existing law and regulations.

Agricultural lands.
Vol. 34, p. 233.

Examinations allowed.

Prior settlement rights.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this eighth day of April in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred Forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

April 16, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, Executive Orders signed August thirty-first, nineteen hundred and fifteen, August ninth, nineteen hundred and sixteen, May fourth and July twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and seventeen, excluded certain lands from the Chugach National Forest, and

Chugach National Forest, Alaska.
Preamble.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain other lands therefrom, by withdrawing portions of the excluded area for park and recreational purposes in connection with the Townsite of Anchorage or in order to protect the water supply of said town, and by restoring the public lands subject to disposition in the remaining excluded areas in a manner authorized by the Act of Congress approved September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen (38 Stat., 113), entitled, "An Act to authorize the President to provide a method for opening lands restored from reservation or withdrawal, and for other purposes";

Vol. 38, p. 113.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled, "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Chugach National Forest are hereby changed to exclude the areas indicated as eliminations on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

Area diminished.
Vol. 30, p. 36.

And I do also proclaim that the following described lands excluded from the Chugach National Forest by this Proclamation are hereby withdrawn from settlement, location, sale, entry or other disposition and reserved under authority of the Act of Congress approved March

Lands reserved for railroad townsites, etc.

Vol. 38, p. 307.

twelfth, nineteen hundred and fourteen (38 Stat., 305), entitled, "An Act to authorize the President of the United States to locate, construct, and operate railroads in the Territory of Alaska, and for other purposes"; for townsite purposes, and for other purposes in connection with the construction and operation of railroad lines under said Act and such regulations as have been or may hereafter be prescribed:

Description.

In T. 12 N., R. 4 W., S. M., $W\frac{1}{2}NE\frac{1}{4}$, and $NW\frac{1}{4}Sec. 2, E\frac{1}{2}, E\frac{1}{2}NW\frac{1}{4}, E\frac{1}{2}SW\frac{1}{4}, SW\frac{1}{4}SW\frac{1}{4}Sec. 3, N\frac{1}{2}$ and $SE\frac{1}{4}Sec. 10$;

In T. 13 N., R. 4 W., Lots 5, 6, 9, 10, and $W\frac{1}{2}$ of $E\frac{1}{2}$ of $SE\frac{1}{4}Sec. 27, E\frac{1}{2}$, lots 2, 3, 5, and $SE\frac{1}{4}NW\frac{1}{4}Sec. 34, NW\frac{1}{4}$ and $S\frac{1}{2}Sec. 35$;

Also the tract of land lying within the following described boundaries: Beginning at a point 600 feet north of the north bank of Ship Creek on the east line of the $NW\frac{1}{4}SW\frac{1}{4}Sec. 9, T. 13 N., R. 3 W., S. M.$; thence in a northeasterly direction, 600 feet from and parallel to the meander line of the north bank of Ship Creek, to the west boundary of the Chugach National Forest as indicated upon the attached diagram; thence south along the west boundary of said Forest to a point 600 feet south of the south bank of Ship Creek; thence in a southwesterly direction 600 feet from and parallel to the meander line of the south bank of Ship Creek to the intersection of the east line of Ship Creek Townsite Withdrawal as defined in my order No. 1919 $\frac{1}{2}$ of April twenty-first, nineteen hundred and fourteen; thence north along the east line of said withdrawal to the southwest corner of the $NW\frac{1}{4}SW\frac{1}{4}Sec. 9, T. 13 N., R. 3 W.$; thence east 1320 feet; thence north along the east line of the $NW\frac{1}{4}SW\frac{1}{4}$ of said section 9 to the point of beginning; Provided, that nothing herein shall be held to preclude the use or disposition of any of the timber on the tract last above described in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved May 14, 1898 (30 Stat., 414), when it shall appear to the Secretary of the Interior or to the Alaskan Engineering Commission that the granting of such privileges will not interfere with the purpose for which the withdrawal is made.

Timber sales.

Vol. 30, p. 414.

Excluded lands restored to settlement.

Vol. 33, p. 113.

Time of opening.

Filing applications.

And I do further proclaim and make known that in my judgment it is proper and necessary, in the interest of equal opportunity and good administration, that the remainder of the excluded lands subject to disposition should be restored to homestead entry in advance of settlement or other forms of disposition, and pursuant to the authority reposed in me by the aforesaid Act of September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, I do hereby direct and provide that such lands, subject to valid rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, shall be opened to entry only under the provisions of the homestead laws requiring residence, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the eighty-fourth day after the date of this Proclamation, and to settlement and other disposition, under any public land law applicable thereto, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the ninety-first day after said date.

Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which the land shall become subject to entry, selection, or location of the form desired under the provisions of this Proclamation execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the United States land office at Juneau, Alaska, in person, by mail, or otherwise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed, shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

Warning is hereby given that no settlement initiated prior to seven days after the date for homestead entry herein prescribed will be recognized, but all persons who go upon any of the lands to be restored hereunder and perform any act of settlement thereon prior to nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the ninety-first day from and after the date hereof, or who are on or are occupying any part of said lands at such hour, will be considered and dealt with as trespassers and will gain no rights whatever under such unlawful settlement or occupancy, except those having valid subsisting settlement rights initiated prior to withdrawal for settlement and since maintained, and those persons, namely, J. H. McCallie and C. C. Osier, who have resided upon and improved certain lands in Secs. 23 and 24, T. 13 N., R. 4 W., S. M., within the area to be restored under this Proclamation since prior to September 28, 1917, under permit from the Forest Service of the Department of Agriculture, in case such occupation is maintained up to and including the date of restoration to homestead entry fixed hereby: Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent persons from going upon and over the lands to examine them with a view to appropriating them thereafter in accordance herewith. Persons having prior settlement rights, as above defined, and the persons above named may, where the lands so claimed or occupied are surveyed, present homestead applications for the lands conforming to legal subdivisions not later than within the twenty day period prior to the date of restoration to homestead entry herein prescribed.

Warning against trespassing prior to opening.

J. H. McCallie and C. C. Osier.

Examinations allowed.

Prior settlement rights, etc.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this sixteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

May 1, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION.

THE Boy Scouts of America have rendered notable service to the Nation during the world war. They have done effective work in the Liberty Loan and War Savings campaigns, in discovering and reporting upon the black walnut supply, in cooperating with the Red Cross and other war work agencies, in acting as despatch bearers for the Committee on Public Information, and in other important fields. The Boy Scouts have not only demonstrated their worth to the Nation, but have also materially contributed to a deeper appreciation by the American people of the higher conceptions of patriotism and good citizenship.

Boy Scouts of America. Preamble.

The Boy Scout movement should not only be preserved, but strengthened. It deserves the support of all public-spirited citizens. The available means for the Boy Scout movement have thus far sufficed for the organization and training of only a small proportion of the boys of the country. There are approximately 10,000,000 boys in the United States, between the ages of twelve and twenty-one. Of these only 375,000 are enrolled as members of the Boy Scouts of America.

America cannot acquit herself commensurately with her power and influence in the great period now facing her and the world unless the boys of America are given better opportunities than heretofore to prepare themselves for the responsibilities of citizenship.

Every nation depends for its future upon the proper training and development of its youth. The American boy must have the best training and discipline our great democracy can provide if America is to maintain her ideals, her standards, and her influence in the world.

The plan, therefore, for a Boy Scout week during which a universal appeal will be made to all Americans to supply the means to put the Boy Scouts of America in a position to carry forward effectively and continuously the splendid work they are doing for the youth of America, should have the unreserved support of the Nation.

Observance recommended of June 8th to June 14th as Boy Scout Week.

Therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby recommend that the period beginning Sunday, June 8th, to Flag Day, June 14th, be observed as Boy Scout Week through the United States for the purpose of strengthening the work of the Boy Scouts of America.

Cooperation of communities, etc.

I earnestly recommend that, in every community, a Citizens' Committee, under the leadership of a National Citizens' Committee, be organized to cooperate in carrying out a program for a definite recognition of the effective services rendered by the Boy Scouts of America; for a survey of the facts relating to the boyhood of each community, in order that with the cooperation of churches, schools and other organizations definitely engaged in work for boys, adequate provision may be made for extending the Boy Scout program to a larger proportion of American boyhood.

Enrollment of associate members, etc.

The Boy Scout movement offers unusual opportunity for volunteer service. It needs men to act as committeemen and as leaders of groups of boys. I hope that all who can will enlist for such personal service, enroll as associate members and give all possible financial assistance to this worthy organization of American boyhood. Anything that is done to increase the effectiveness of the Boy Scouts of America will be a genuine contribution to the welfare of the Nation.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this first day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen and of the independence of [SEAL.] the United States of America the one hundred and forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

May 7, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Preamble.

WHEREAS public interests require that the Congress of the United States should be convened in extra session at twelve o'clock, noon, on the nineteenth day of May, 1919, to receive such communication as may be made by the Executive;

Convening extra session of Congress, May 19, 1919.

NOW, Therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Congress of the United States to con-

vene in extra session at the Capitol in the District of Columbia on the nineteenth day of May, 1919, at twelve o'clock, noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States of America the seventh day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the national security and defense by encouraging the production, conserving the supply and controlling the distributing of food products and fuel", approved by the President on the 10th day of August, 1917, it is provided among other things as follows:

May 31, 1919.
Licenses for food commodities.
Preamble.

Statutory provisions.
Vol. 40, p. 276.

"That, by reason of the existence of a state of war, it is essential to the national security and defense, for the successful prosecution of the war, and for the support and maintenance of the Army and Navy, to assure an adequate supply and equitable distribution, and to facilitate the movement, of foods, feeds, fuel, including fuel oil and natural gas, fertilizer and fertilizer ingredients, tools, utensils, implements, machinery, and equipment required for the actual production of foods, feeds, and fuel, hereafter in this act called necessities; to prevent, locally or generally, scarcity, monopolization, hoarding, injurious speculation, manipulations, and private controls, affecting such supply, distribution, and movement; and to establish and maintain governmental control of such necessities during the war. For such purposes the instrumentalities, means, methods, powers, authorities, duties, obligations, and prohibitions hereinafter set forth are created, established, conferred, and prescribed. The President is authorized to make such regulations and to issue such orders as are essential effectively to carry out the provisions of this act."

AND, WHEREAS, it is further provided in said act as follows:

"That, from time to time, whenever the President shall find it essential to license the importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities, in order to carry into effect any of the purposes of this Act, and shall publicly so announce, no person shall, after a date fixed in the announcement, engage in or carry on any such business specified in the announcement of importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities as set forth in such announcement, unless he shall secure and hold a license issued pursuant to this section. The President is authorized to issue such licenses and to prescribe regulations for systems of accounts and auditing of accounts to be kept by licensee, submission of reports by them, with or without oath or affirmation and the entry and inspection by the President's duly authorized agents of the places of business of licensees."

Vol. 40, p. 277.

AND, WHEREAS, by virtue of the above provisions certain public announcements were made by the President from time to time as a result of which the importation, manufacture, storage and distribution of certain necessities was licensed.

AND, WHEREAS, a changed situation has been brought about by the present armistice in the war between the United States and Germany.

Announcing the licensing of designated products no longer essential.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said Act of Congress, hereby find and determine and by this Proclamation do announce that it is no longer essential in order to carry into effect the purpose of the Act that the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities be subject to license, to the extent hereinafter specified.

Specified licenses canceled.

Licenses heretofore required for the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities are hereby cancelled effective May 31st, 1919, with respect to the following:

Manufacturing, etc., cotton seed and products.

All persons, firms, corporations or associations engaged in the business of importing, manufacturing, storing or distributing cotton seed, cotton seed oil, cotton seed meal, cotton seed cake, cotton seed hulls, lard substitutes and all other cotton seed products.

Regulations canceled from May 31, 1919. Licenses not affected.

All regulations issued under the said Act covering licensees so dealing in these commodities are hereby cancelled effective May 31st, 1919. This Proclamation shall in no way affect licenses heretofore required for the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of necessities, or regulations covering licensees, other than as indicated above.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the City of Paris, France, this 31st day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen,
[SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President

WILLIAM PHILLIPS

Acting Secretary of State

June 2, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Hawaiian Islands.
Lighthouse land,
Honolulu.
Preamble.
Vol. 30, p. 750.

WHEREAS, by joint resolution "to provide for annexing the Hawaiian Islands to the United States," approved July 7, 1898, the cession by the Government of the Republic of Hawaii to the United States of America, of all rights of sovereignty of whatsoever kind in and over the Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies, and the transfer to the United States of the absolute fee and ownership of all public, government or crown lands, public buildings, or edifices, ports, harbors, military equipment, and all other public property of every kind and description belonging to the government of the Hawaiian Islands, was duly accepted, ratified, and confirmed, and the said Hawaiian Islands and their dependencies annexed as a part of the territory of the United States, and made subject to the sovereign dominion thereof, and all and singular the property and rights hereinbefore mentioned vested in the United States of America.

AND WHEREAS, it was further provided in said resolution that the existing laws of the United States relative to public lands shall not apply to such lands in the Hawaiian Islands, but the Congress of the United States shall enact special laws for their management and disposition:

AND WHEREAS, the Congress of the United States has provided by the Act of April 30, 1900, chapter 339, section 91, as amended by

Vol. 31, p. 159; Vol. 36, p. 447.

the Act of May 27, 1910, chapter 258, section 7, that the public property ceded and transferred to the United States by the Republic of Hawaii under said resolution shall be and remain in the possession, use and control of the government of the Territory of Hawaii and shall be maintained, managed, and cared for by it, at its own expense, until otherwise provided for by Congress, or taken for the uses and purposes of the United States by direction of the President or of the governor of Hawaii, and that any such public property so taken for the uses and purposes of the United States may be restored to its previous status by direction of the President:

AND WHEREAS, because of a change in conditions the piece and parcel of land situated at Honolulu, on the Island of Oahu, in the Territory and District of Hawaii, reserved for lighthouse purposes by Presidential Proclamation of February 14, 1917, is no longer required for such purposes;

Vol. 37, p. 1817.

NOW THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby declare, proclaim and make known that the parcel of land situated at Honolulu, on the Island of Oahu, in the Territory and district of Hawaii, reserved for lighthouse purposes by Presidential Proclamation of February 14, 1917, be and the same is hereby restored to the possession, use and control of the Government of the Territory of Hawaii, to wit;

Lighthouse land restored to Territory.

Beginning at a point bearing 144° 38' 0'' true and distant 94.0 feet from Fort Street Survey Monument, said monument being a copper bolt set in a 4'' cast iron pipe and located 72° 50' 45'' true and distant 6091.77 ft. from Punch Bowl Triangulation Station, thence by true azimuths and distances;

Description.

1. 108° 28' 0'', 16.0 feet to a point, thence
 2. 198° 28' 0'', 16.0 feet to a point, thence
 3. 288° 28' 0'', 16.0 feet to a point, thence
 4. 18° 28' 0'', 16.0 feet to the point of beginning.
- containing 256 square feet.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE This second day of June, in the year of our lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

June 5, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Congress of the United States has provided by act of August 18, 1856 (11 U. S. Statutes at Large, page 119; Secs. 5570 to 5578 U. S. Revised Statutes), that whenever any citizen of the United States, after the passage of the act, discovers a deposit of guano on any island, rock, or key, not within the lawful jurisdiction of any other government and shall take peaceable possession thereof and occupy the same, the island, rock, or key may, at the discretion of the President of the United States, be considered as appertaining to the United States.

Roncador Cay, Caribbean Sea.
Preamble.
R.S., secs. 5570-5578,
pp 1080, 1081.

AND WHEREAS, pursuant to the foregoing act of Congress, Roncador Cay in the western part of the Caribbean Sea is now

under the sole and exclusive jurisdiction of the United States and out of the jurisdiction of any other government.

Reserved for light-house purposes.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States, by virtue of the power in me vested, do hereby declare, proclaim, and make known that Roncador Cay, in the western part of the Caribbean Sea, be and the same is reserved for light-house purposes, such reservation being deemed necessary in the public interests, subject to such legislative action as the Congress of the United States may take with respect thereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this fifth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of [SEAL] the United States the one hundred and forty third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

WILLIAM PHILLIPS

Acting Secretary of State.

June 12, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Humboldt National Forest, Nev. Preamble.

Vol. 38, p. 113.

Area modified. Vol. 26, p. 1095.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

Prior rights not affected.

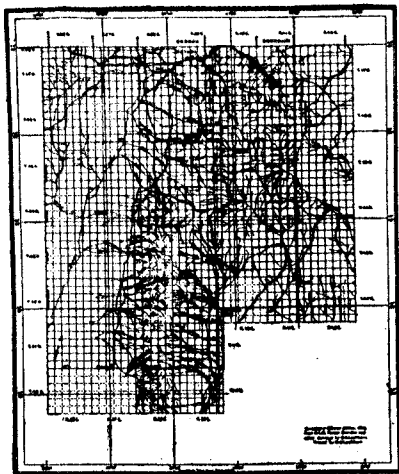
Excluded lands restored to settlement. Vol. 38, p. 113.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands to the Humboldt National Forest in the State of Nevada and by excluding certain areas therefrom, and restoring the public lands in such excluded area in a manner authorized by the Act of Congress approved September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, entitled "An Act To authorize the President to provide a method for opening lands restored from reservation or withdrawal, and for other purposes";

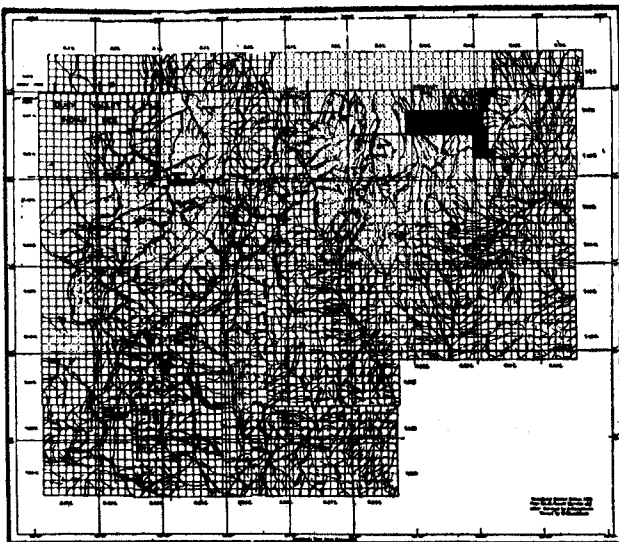
Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws and for other purposes", and also by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Humboldt National Forest are hereby changed to include the areas indicated as additions on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof and to exclude the areas indicated thereon as eliminations.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

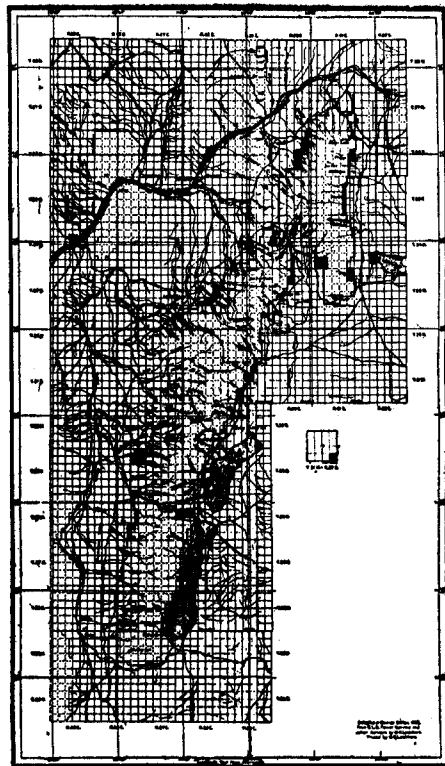
And I do further proclaim and make known that in my judgment it is proper and necessary, in the interest of equal opportunity and good administration, that all of the excluded lands subject to disposition should be restored to homestead entry in advance of settlement or other forms of disposition, and pursuant to the authority reposed in me by the aforesaid Act of September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, I do hereby direct and provide that such lands,



SANTA ROSA DIVISION



HUMBOLDT DIVISION

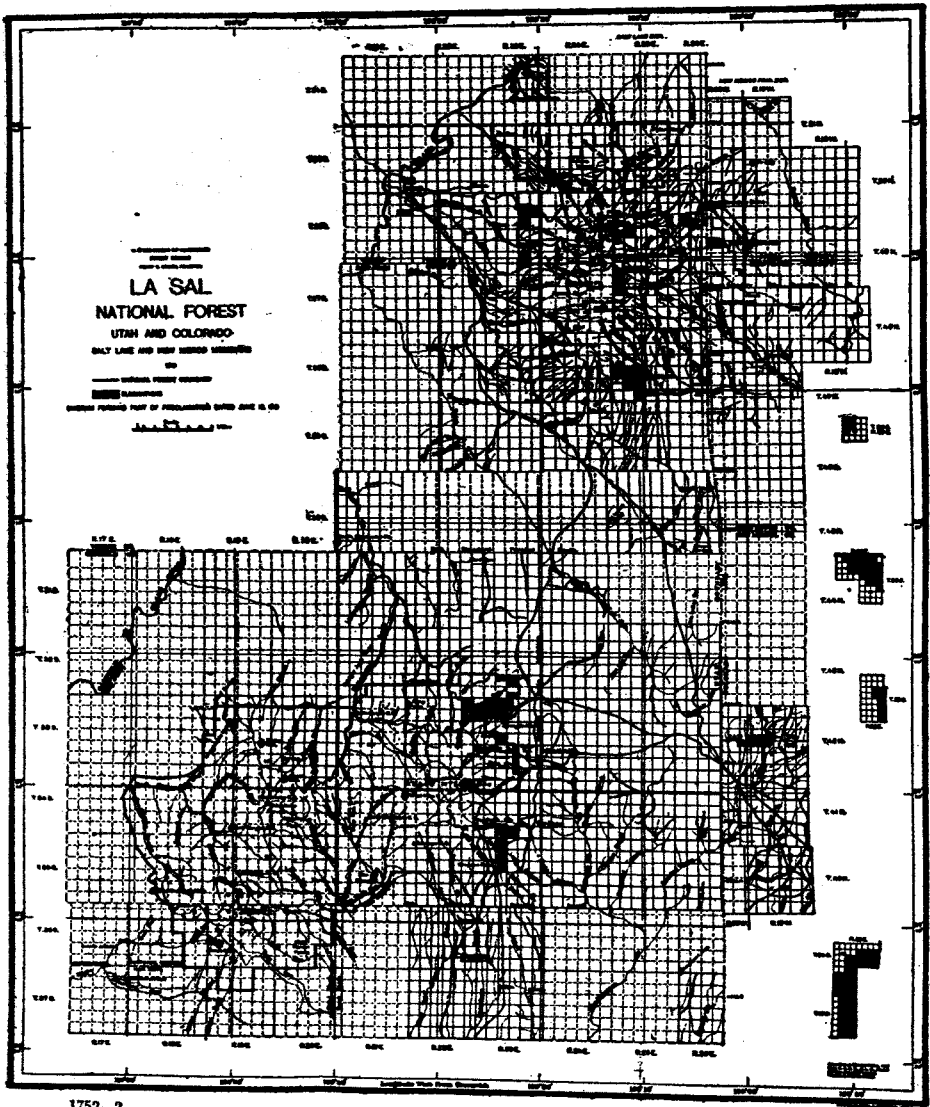


EUREKA DIVISION

U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
 GEOLOGIC MAP
HUMBOLDT NATIONAL FOREST
 NEVADA

BY CHARLES S. BRIDGES
 1911

SCALE FROM 0 TO 10 MILES (SEE APP. 6 & 7)



subject to valid rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, shall be opened to entry only under the provisions of the homestead laws requiring residence, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the sixty-third day after the date of this proclamation, and to settlement and other disposition, under any public land law applicable thereto, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the seventieth day after said date. Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which the land shall become subject to entry, selection or location of the form desired under the provisions of this Proclamation execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the proper United States land office in person, by mail, or otherwise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

Time of opening.

Filing applications.

Warning is hereby given that no settlement initiated prior to seven days after the date for homestead entry above named will be recognized, but all persons who go upon any of the lands to be restored hereunder and perform any act of settlement thereon prior to nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the seventieth day from and after the date hereof, or who are on or are occupying any part of said lands at such hour except those having valid subsisting settlement rights initiated prior to withdrawal from settlement and since maintained, and those having preferences to make entry under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June eleventh, nineteen hundred and six (34 Stat., 233), entitled "An Act To provide for the entry of Agricultural lands within forest reserves", and Acts amendatory, will be considered and dealt with as trespassers and will gain no rights whatever under such unlawful settlement or occupancy; Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent persons from going upon and over the lands to examine them with a view to thereafter appropriating them in accordance herewith. Persons having prior settlement rights or preferences, as above defined, will be allowed to make entry in accordance with existing law and regulations

Warning against trespassing prior to opening.

Agricultural lands. Vol. 34, p. 233.

Examinations allowed.

Prior settlement rights.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this twelfth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of [SEAL.] the United States the one hundred and forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

WILLIAM PHILLIPS

Acting Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

June 19, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain lands within the State of Utah from the La Sal National Forest, and by restoring the public lands subject to disposition in the excluded areas in a manner authorized by the Act

La Sal National Forest, Utah and Colo. Preamble. Vol. 38, p. 113.

of Congress approved September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen (38 Stat., 113), entitled "An Act To authorize the President to provide a method for opening lands restored from reservation or withdrawal, and for other purposes";

Area diminished.
Vol. 30, p. 36.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the La Sal National Forest are hereby changed to exclude the areas indicated as eliminations on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

Excluded lands re-
stored to settlement.

And I do further proclaim and make known that in my judgment it is proper and necessary, in the interest of equal opportunity and good administration, that all of the excluded lands subject to disposition should be restored to homestead entry in advance of settlement or other forms of disposition, and pursuant to the authority reposed in me by the aforesaid act of September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, I do hereby direct and provide that such lands, subject to valid rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, and where lands withdrawn as coal are involved subject to the conditions applicable thereto, shall be opened to entry only under the provisions of the homestead laws, requiring residence, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the sixty-third day after the date of this proclamation, and to settlement and other disposition under any public land law applicable thereto, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the seventieth day after said date. Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which the lands shall become subject to entry, selection or location of the form desired under the provisions of this proclamation, execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the proper United States land office in person, by mail, or otherwise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed, shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

Vol. 38, p. 113.

Time of opening.

Filing applications.

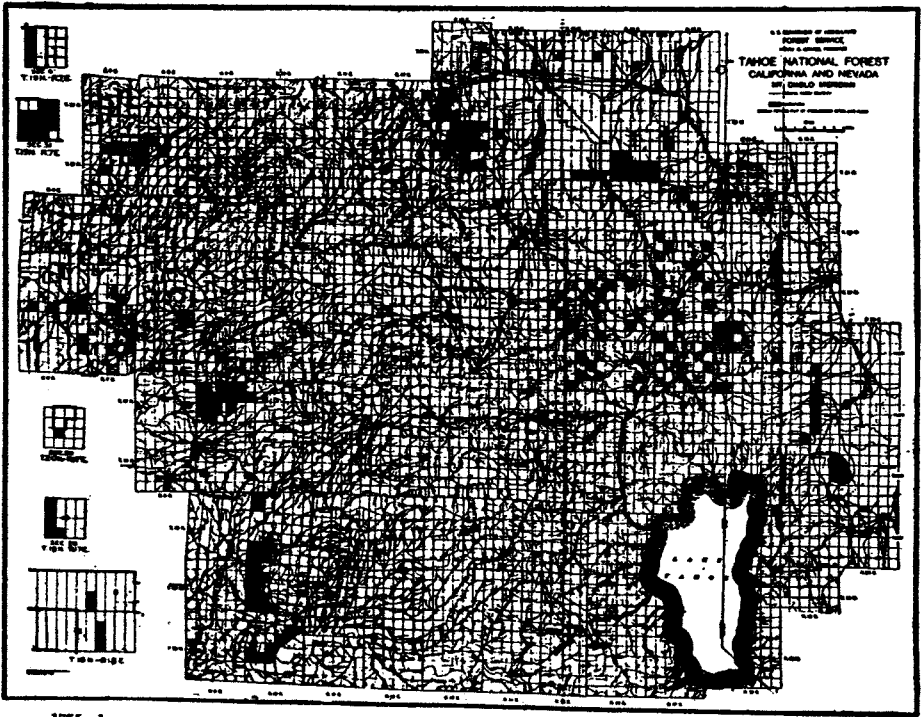
Warning against
trespassing prior to
opening.

Warning is hereby given that no settlement initiated prior to seven days after the date herein prescribed for homestead entry will be recognized, but all persons who go upon any of the lands to be restored hereunder and perform any act of settlement thereon prior to nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the seventieth day from and after the date hereof, or who are on or are occupying any part of said lands at such hour, except those having valid subsisting settlement rights initiated prior to withdrawal from settlement and since maintained, and those having preferences to make entry under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June eleventh, nineteen hundred and six (34 Stat., 233), entitled "An Act To provide for the entry of agricultural lands within forest reserves", and Acts amendatory, will be considered and dealt with as trespassers and will gain no rights whatever under such unlawful settlement or occupancy: Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent persons from going upon and over the lands to examine them with a view to thereafter appropriating them in accordance herewith. Persons having prior settlement rights or preferences, as above defined, will be allowed to make entry in accordance with existing laws and regulations.

Agricultural lands.
Vol. 34, p. 233.

Examinations al-
lowed.

Prior settlement
rights.



1755-1

It is not intended by this proclamation to reserve any lands not immediately heretofore embraced in a national forest, nor to exclude any lands except the areas indicated as eliminations on the diagram hereto annexed.

Area affected.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this nineteenth day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

June 19, 1919.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain lands in California and Nevada from the Tahoe National Forest, by restoring to the public domain upon exclusion the E½ of SE¼ of Sec. 2, T. 16 N., R. 11 E., M. D. M., California, in order that said land may be selected by the Central Pacific Railway Company under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, entitled, "An act for the relief of settlers on railroad lands", in partial satisfaction of its relinquishment of a tract of one hundred and sixty acres of its granted lands in Idaho, which has been resided upon and improved under a homestead entry improperly allowed June eighteen, nineteen hundred and fifteen, and by restoring the public lands subject to disposition in the remaining excluded areas in a manner authorized by the Act of Congress approved September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen (38 Stat., 113), entitled, "An Act To authorize the President to provide a method for opening lands restored from reservation or withdrawal, and for other purposes";

Tahoe National Forest, Calif. and Nev. Preamble.

Central Pacific Railway Company selections. Vol. 18, p. 194.

Vol. 38, p. 113.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled, "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Tahoe National Forest are hereby changed to exclude the areas indicated as eliminations upon the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part thereof, and that the said E½ of SE¼ of Sec. 2, T. 16 N., R. 11 E., M. D. M., California, is hereby restored to the public domain.

Area diminished. Vol. 30, p. 36.

And I do further proclaim and make known that in my judgement it is proper and necessary, in the interest of equal opportunity and good administration, that the remainder of the excluded lands subject to disposition should be restored to homestead entry in advance of settlement or other forms of disposition, and pursuant to the authority reposed in me by the aforesaid act of September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, I do hereby direct and provide that such lands, subject to valid rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, shall be opened to entry only under the provisions of the homestead laws requiring residence, where subject thereto, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the sixty-third day after the date of this proclamation, and to settlement and other disposi-

Excluded lands restored to settlement.

Vol. 38, p. 113.

Time of opening.

Filing applications.

tion under any public land law applicable thereto, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the seventieth day after said date. Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which these lands shall become subject to entry, selection or location of the form desired under the provisions of this restoration, execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the proper United States land offices in person, by mail, or otherwise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed, shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

Warning against trespassing prior to opening.

Warning is hereby given that no settlement initiated prior to seven days after the date for homestead entry above prescribed will be recognized, but all persons who go upon any of the lands to be restored as herein above provided and perform any act of settlement thereon prior to nine o'clock a. m., standard time, on the seventieth day from and after the date hereof, or who are on or are occupying any part of said lands at such hour, except those having valid subsisting settlement rights initiated prior to withdrawal from settlement and since maintained, and those having preferences to make entry under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June eleventh, nineteen hundred and six (34 Stat., 233), entitled "An Act To provide for the entry of agricultural lands within forest reserves", and Acts amendatory, will be considered and dealt with as trespassers and will gain no rights whatever under such unlawful settlement or occupancy; Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent persons from going upon and over the lands to examine them with a view to thereafter appropriating them in accordance herewith. Persons having prior settlement rights or preferences, as above defined, will be allowed to make entry in accordance with existing law and regulations.

Agricultural lands.
Vol. 34, p. 233.

Examinations allowed.

Prior settlement rights.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this nineteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State.

June 19, 1919.

PROCLAMATION

Licenses for food commodities.
Preamble.Statutory provisions.
Vol. 40, p. 276.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the national security and defense by encouraging the production, conserving the supply and controlling the distribution of food products and fuel", approved by the President on the 10th day of August, 1917, it is provided among other things as follows:

"That, by reason of the existence of a state of war, it is essential to the national security and defense, for the successful prosecution of the war, and for the support and maintenance of the Army and Navy, to assure an adequate supply and equitable distribution, and to facilitate the movement of foods, feeds, fuel, including fuel oil and natural gas, fertilizer and fertilizer ingredients, tools, utensils, implements, machinery,

and equipment required for the actual production of foods, feeds, and fuel, hereafter in this act called necessities; to prevent, locally or generally, scarcity, monopolization, hoarding, injurious speculation, manipulation, and private controls, affecting such supply, distribution, and movement; and to establish and maintain governmental control of such necessities during the war. For such purposes the instrumentalities, means, methods, powers, authorities, duties, obligations, and prohibitions hereinafter set forth are created, established, conferred, and prescribed. The President is authorized to make such regulations and to issue such orders as are essential effectively to carry out the provisions of this act."

AND, WHEREAS, it is further provided in said act as follows:

Vol. 40, p. 277.

"That, from time to time, whenever the President shall find it essential to license the importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities, in order to carry into effect any of the purposes of this Act, and shall publicly so announce, no person shall, after a date fixed in the announcement, engage in or carry on any such business specified in the announcement of importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities as set forth in such announcement, unless he shall secure and hold a license issued pursuant to this section. The President is authorized to issue such licenses and to prescribe regulations for systems of accounts and auditing of accounts to be kept by licensee, submission of reports by them, with or without oath or affirmation, and the entry and inspection by the President's duly authorized agents of the places of business of licenses."

AND, WHEREAS, by virtue of the above provisions certain public announcements were made by the President from time to time as a result of which the importation, manufacture, storage and distribution of certain necessities was licensed.

AND, WHEREAS, a changed situation has been brought about by the present armistice in the war between the United States and Germany.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said Act of Congress hereby find and determine and by this Proclamation do announce that it is no longer essential in order to carry into effect the purpose of the Act that the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities be subject to license, to the extent hereinafter specified.

Announcing the licensing of designated products no longer essential.

Licenses heretofore required for the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities are hereby cancelled, effective June 21, 1919, with respect to the following:

Special licenses canceled.

All persons, firms, corporations or associations engaged in the business of importing, manufacturing, storing or distributing rice or rice flour.

Rice and rice flour.

All regulations issued under the said Act cover licensees so dealing in these commodities are hereby cancelled, effective June 21, 1919.

Regulations canceled June 21, 1919.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this nineteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President
FRANK L POLK
Acting Secretary of State.

June 23, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

A PROCLAMATION

Wheat and wheat
flour.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 1348.

Announcing licens-
ing of wheat and flour
storage, manufacture,
etc., as essential.

Businesses affected.

Exceptions.
Bakers with limited
consumption.

Retailers, farmers,
etc.

Common carriers.

Issue of licenses.

Applications to
Wheat Director.

Penalty for noncom-
pliance.
Vol. 40, p. 1350.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon me by an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to enable the President to carry out the price guarantees made to producers of wheat of the crops of 1918 and 1919 and to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder", approved by the President on the 4th day of March, 1919, as well as by virtue of the Powers conferred upon me by any and all other acts of Congress conferring authority upon me in the premises, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby find and determine and by this proclamation do announce that it is essential, in order to carry into effect the purposes of said acts, to license the storage and distribution of wheat and the manufacture, storage and distribution of wheat flour to the extent hereinafter specified.

All persons, firms, corporations and associations engaged in or carrying on the business of storing or distributing wheat or manufacturing, storing or distributing wheat flour, and all persons, firms, corporations and associations who manufacture, either wholly or partly from wheat flour, bread or other bakery products for sale, excepting, however

(a) bakers and manufacturers of bakery products, whose consumption of flour in the manufacture of such of products is, in the aggregate, less than 50 barrels per month;

(b) Retailers, and farmers, or cooperative associations of farmers or other persons, with respect to the products of any farm or other land owned; leased or cultivated by them; and

(c) Common carriers, as to operations necessary to the business of common carriers,

Are hereby required to secure, on or before July 15, 1919, a license from Julius H. Barnes, United States Wheat Director, in such form, under such conditions, and under such rules and regulations governing the conduct of the business as such director may from time to time prescribe.

Applications for licenses must be made to the United States Wheat Director, Washington, D. C., upon forms prepared by him for that purpose.

Any person, firm, corporation or association, other than those hereinbefore excepted, who shall engage in, or carry on, any business above specified after July 15, 1919, without first securing such license, or while such license is suspended, or after such license is revoked, will be liable to the penalties prescribed by law.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed this
[SEAL.] 23rd day of June, in the year of our Lord 1919, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-third.

By the President
FRANK L. POLK
Acting Secretary of State

WOODROW WILSON

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

June 24, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, Congress has enacted and the President has on the fourth day of March, 1919, approved "An Act to enable the President to carry out the price guarantees made to producers of wheat of the crops of 1918 and 1919, and to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder" which act contains the following provision:

Wheat and wheat flour.
Preamble.

"That whenever the President shall find it essential in carrying out the guarantees aforesaid, or to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder, and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to import into the United States from any country named in such Proclamation, or to export from or ship from or take out of the United States to any country named in such Proclamation, wheat, semolina, or wheat flour, except at such time or times, and under such regulations or orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe, until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress; provided, that no preference shall be given to the ports of one State over those of another."

Statutory authorization.
Vol. 40, p. 1350.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by the aforesaid Act of Congress, as well as by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by any and all other Acts of Congress conferring authority upon me in the premises, hereby find and proclaim to all it may concern, that it is essential in carrying out the guarantees aforesaid and to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder, that wheat and wheat flour, on and after July 1st, 1919, shall not be imported into the United States from, and shall not be exported from or shipped from or taken out of the United States to Abyssinia, Afghanistan, Albania, Argentina, Austria, Belgium, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Bolivia, Brazil, Bulgaria, China, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Czecho-Slovakia, Denmark, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Finland, France, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Germany, Great Britain, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Greece, Guatemala, Haiti, Hedjaz, Honduras, Hungary, Italy, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Japan, her colonies and protectorates, Liechtenstein, Liberia, Luxembourg, Mexico, Monaco, Montenegro, Morocco, Nepal, the Netherlands, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Nicaragua, Norway, Panama, Paraguay, Persia, Peru, Poland, Portugal, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Roumania, Russia, Salvador, San Marino, Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, Siam, Spain, her colonies, possessions and protectorates, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, Uruguay, Venezuela, or any other foreign country, except at such time or times and under such regulations or orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as shall be prescribed, until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress.

Prohibiting importing and exporting thereof, subject to limitations, etc.
Post, p. 1773.

Countries designated.

The regulations, orders, limitations and exceptions will be prescribed and administered by and under the authority of Julius H. Barnes, United States Wheat Director, from whom licenses in conformity with said regulations, orders, limitations and exceptions will issue.

Licenses to be issued by Wheat Director.

The powers and authority heretofore vested in the War Trade Board by any Proclamation or Executive Order heretofore issued by me in respect to the prohibition or regulation of imports or exports

Powers of War Trade Board transferred to Wheat Director.

of wheat or wheat flour, is hereby transferred to and vested in the United States Wheat Director as of July 1st, 1919.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed this 24th day of June, in the year of our Lord 1919,
 [SEAL.] and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-third.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State

June 26, 1919.

PROCLAMATION

Coin, bullion, and
 currency.
 Preamble.
 Vol. 40, pp. 225, 1691,
 1694.

WHEREAS, by virtue of the authority vested in the President by the Act approved June 15, 1917, known as the Espionage Act, the President issued a proclamation dated August 27, 1917, which was amended by a subsequent proclamation dated September 7, 1917, prohibiting the export of coin, bullion and currency from the United States or its territorial possessions to certain specified countries except at such time or times and under such regulations and orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe; and

WHEREAS, by virtue of the authority vested in the President by the above mentioned Act of Congress, the President by Executive order dated September 7, 1917, directed that the regulations, orders, limitations and exceptions prescribed by him in relation to the export of coin, bullion and currency should be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury, and upon his recommendation prescribed certain regulations in relation thereto; and

Vol. 40, p. 415.

WHEREAS, by Executive order, dated October 12, 1917, made under authority of the act aforesaid and of the act approved October 6, 1917, known as the Trading-with-the-Enemy Act, the President vested in the Secretary of the Treasury the executive administration of any investigation, regulation or prohibition of any transactions in foreign exchange, export, or earmarking of gold or silver coin, bullion or currency, transfers of credit in any form (other than credits relating solely to transactions to be executed wholly within the United States) and transfers of evidences of indebtedness or of the ownership of property between the United States and any foreign country or between residents of one or more foreign countries by any person within the United States, and further vested in the Secretary of the Treasury the authority and power to require any person engaged in any such transaction to furnish, under oath, complete information relative thereto, including the production of any books of account, contracts, letters, or other papers in connection therewith in the custody or control of such person, either before or after such transaction is completed; and

WHEREAS, by said Executive order, dated October 12, 1917, the President authorized and directed the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose of such executive administration to take such measures, adopt such administrative procedure, and use such agency or agencies as he may from time to time deem necessary and proper for that purpose; and

WHEREAS, the Secretary of the Treasury, with the approval of the President, by order dated November 23, 1917, adopted certain administrative procedure for the executive administration, authority and power vested in the Secretary of the Treasury by said Executive order, dated October 12, 1917, and designated the Federal Reserve

Board to act as the agency of the Secretary of the Treasury, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, to carry out such executive administration, authority and power vested in the Secretary of the Treasury as hereinbefore recited; and

WHEREAS, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Treasury and in order to vest all necessary authority in the Federal Reserve Board to act as the agency of the Secretary of the Treasury in the performance of certain duties therein imposed, the President did by Executive order, dated January 26, 1918, prescribe certain orders, rules and regulations in respect of such executive administration, authority and power amending the regulations theretofore prescribed by Executive order dated September 7, 1917; and

WHEREAS, in the judgment of the President, except as herein-after stated, the public safety of the United States does not now require the prohibition of the exportation of coin, bullion and currency from the United States or its territorial possessions, nor the investigation, regulation or prohibition of any transaction in foreign exchange or the enforcement of any of the orders, rules, regulations and administrative procedure hereinbefore mentioned,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the acts aforesaid do hereby proclaim to all whom it may concern that, except as hereinafter specified, the aforementioned proclamations in so far as they prohibit the exportation of coin, bullion or currency, and the aforementioned power and authority vested in the Secretary of the Treasury and in the Federal Reserve Board, and all orders, rules and regulations issued or prescribed in connection therewith are hereby revoked and cancelled. In so far as the proclamations, orders, rules and regulations hereinbefore mentioned may be necessary to enable the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board effectively to control in the manner therein provided, and to the extent deemed advisable by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Federal Reserve Board, all exportations of coin, bullion and currency to that part of Russia now under the control of the so-called Bolshevik Government, and any and all dealings or exchange transactions in Russian rubles or transfer of credit or exchange transactions with that part of Russia now under the control of the so-called Bolshevik Government, and any and all transfers of credit or exchange transactions with territories in respect of which such transactions are at present permitted only through the American Relief Administration, they are hereby continued in force and effect. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Restrictions on exportation, etc., revoked.

Continued as to Bolshevik Government of Russia, etc.

Done in the City of Paris this 26th day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the [SEAL.] Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty third.

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

July 10, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, an Executive Order signed July first, one thousand nine hundred and eight, directed that a portion of the Yellowstone National Forest should constitute the Wyoming National Forest; and

Wyoming National Forest, Wyo. Preamble.

Whereas, it appears that the lands hereinafter described, in the State of Wyoming, have been found by the Secretary of Agriculture to be chiefly valuable for the production of timber or for the protection of stream flow and should be added to the Wyoming National Forest:

Area enlarged.
Vol. 39, p. 516.

Vol. 40, 1152.

Description.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section two of the Act of Congress approved August sixteenth, one thousand nine hundred and sixteen (39 Stat., 516), and by the Act of Congress approved February twenty-fifth, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen (40 Stat., 1152), entitled, "An Act To authorize the addition of certain lands to the Wyoming National Forest", do proclaim that the following described lands are hereby added to and made a part of the Wyoming National Forest:

In T. 25 N., R. 116 W., S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 9, S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 10, Secs. 11 to 15, inclusive, Secs. 22, 23 and 24;

T. 29 N., R. 118 W.;

In T. 30 N., R. 118 W., SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 17, Secs. 18 and 19, W $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 20, W $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 29, Secs. 30 and 31, W $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 32;

T. 29 N., R. 119 W.;

In T. 30 N., R. 119 W., W $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 3, Secs. 4 to 10, inclusive, S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 11, Secs. 13 to 36, inclusive;

In T. 31 N., R. 119 W., Secs. 29 to 33, inclusive;

Sixth Principal Meridian.

Prior rights not affected.

The withdrawal made by this Proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this tenth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, [SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L POLK

Acting Secretary of State.

July 12, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Export of arms, etc.
Preamble.
Vol. 37, p. 630.

Whereas, a Joint Resolution of Congress, approved March 14th, 1912, reads and provides as follows:—"That whenever the President shall find that in any American country conditions of domestic violence exist which are promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States, and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to export except under such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe any arms or munitions of war from any place in the United States to such country until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress;"

And whereas, it is provided by Section II of the said Joint Resolution, "That any shipment of material hereby declared unlawful after such a proclamation, shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both;"

And whereas, by an Act of Congress, approved June 15th, 1917, it is provided as follows:

Vol. 40, p. 223.

“Whenever an attempt is made to export or ship from or take out of the United States, any arms or munitions of war, or other articles, in violation of law, or whenever there shall be known or probable cause to believe that any such arms or munitions of war, or other articles, are being or are intended to be exported, or shipped from, or taken out of the United States, in violation of law, the several collectors, naval officers, surveyors, inspectors of customs, and marshals, and deputy marshals of the United States, and every other person duly authorized for the purpose by the President, may seize and detain any articles or munitions of war about to be exported or shipped from, or taken out of the United States, in violation of law, and the vessels or vehicles containing the same, and retain possession thereof until released or disposed of as hereinafter directed. If upon due inquiry as hereinafter provided, the property seized shall appear to have been about to be so unlawfully exported, shipped from, or taken out of the United States, the same shall be forfeited to the United States.”

And whereas, by the same Act of Congress, it is provided in Section 8 thereof as follows:

Vol. 40, p. 225.

“The President may employ such part of the land or naval forces of the United States as he may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of this title.”

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, acting under and by virtue of the authority conferred in me by the said Joint Resolution and Act of Congress, do hereby declare and proclaim that I have found that there exist in Mexico such conditions of domestic violence promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States as contemplated by the said Joint Resolution and Act of Congress; and I do hereby admonish all citizens of the United States and every person to abstain from every violation of the provision of the Joint Resolution and Act of Congress above set forth, hereby made applicable to Mexico, and I do hereby warn them that all violations of such provisions will be rigorously prosecuted.

Declaration of domestic violence existing in Mexico.

Warning against illegal shipment of arms, etc., to Mexico.

And I do hereby enjoin upon all officers of the United States, charged with the execution of the laws thereof, the utmost diligence in preventing violations of the said Joint Resolution and Act of Congress and this my Proclamation issued thereunder and in bringing to trial and punishment any offenders against the same. And I direct and authorize the officers and enlisted men of the Army of the United States to observe like diligence in preventing such violations and in causing offenders to be turned over to the appropriate civil authorities for trial and punishment according to law.

Officers to enforce laws.

Use of the Army.

And I do hereby delegate to the Secretary of State the power of prescribing exceptions and limitations to the application of the said Joint Resolution of March 14, 1912, as made effective by this my Proclamation issued thereunder.

Powers delegated to the Secretary of State.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this twelfth day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen
 [SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
 FRANK L. POLK
 Acting Secretary of State.

July 28, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
A PROCLAMATION.

Protection of migra-
tory birds.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 755.
Additional regula-
tions for enforcing
Migratory Bird Treaty
Act.
Vol. 39, p. 1702.
Post, pp. 1798, 1817.

WHEREAS, The Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to the authority contained in Section three of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (40 Stat., 755), has submitted to me for approval Regulations, amendments of the Regulations approved and proclaimed July 31, 1918, which the Secretary of Agriculture has determine to be suitable amendatory Regulations permitting and governing the hunting, taking, capture, killing, possession, sale, purchase, shipment, transportation, carriage, and export of said birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs, which said amendments are as follows:

Regulation 3.—Means by which migratory game birds may be taken.

Means for taking
birds further restrict-
ed.
Vol. 40, p. 1813, amend-
ed.
Post, p. 1817.
Vol. 40, pp. 1816-1818.

Regulation 3 is amended so as to read as follows:

The migratory game birds specified in Regulation 4 hereof may be taken during the open season with a gun only, not larger than number 10 gauge, fired from the shoulder, except as specifically permitted by Regulations 7, 8, 9, and 10 hereof; they may be taken during the open season from the land and water, from a blind or floating device (other than an airplane, powerboat, sailboat, any boat under sail, or any floating device towed by powerboat or sailboat), with the aid of a dog, and the use of decoys.

Regulation 4.—Open seasons on and possession of certain migratory game birds.

Open seasons.
For mourning doves,
modified.
Vol. 40, p. 1815, amend-
ed.
Post, p. 1799.

Regulation 4, subtitle "Doves", is amended so as to read as follows:

Doves.—The open season for mourning doves shall be as follows: In Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, California, Nevada, Idaho, and Oregon the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15;

In North Carolina, Mississippi, and Louisiana the open season shall be from September 16 to December 31; and

In South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama the open season shall be from October 16 to January 31.

Regulation 5.—Bag limits on certain migratory game birds.

Bag limits modified.
Vol. 40, p. 1815, amend-
ed.
Post, p. 1818.

Regulation 5 is amended so as to read as follows:

A person may take in any one day during the open seasons prescribed therefor in Regulation 4 not to exceed the following numbers of migratory game birds:

Ducks (except wood-duck and eider ducks).—Twenty-five in the aggregate of all kinds.

Geese.—Eight in the aggregate of all kinds.

Brant.—Eight.

Rails, coot, and gallinules (except sora).—Twenty-five in the aggregate of all kinds.

Sora.—Fifty.

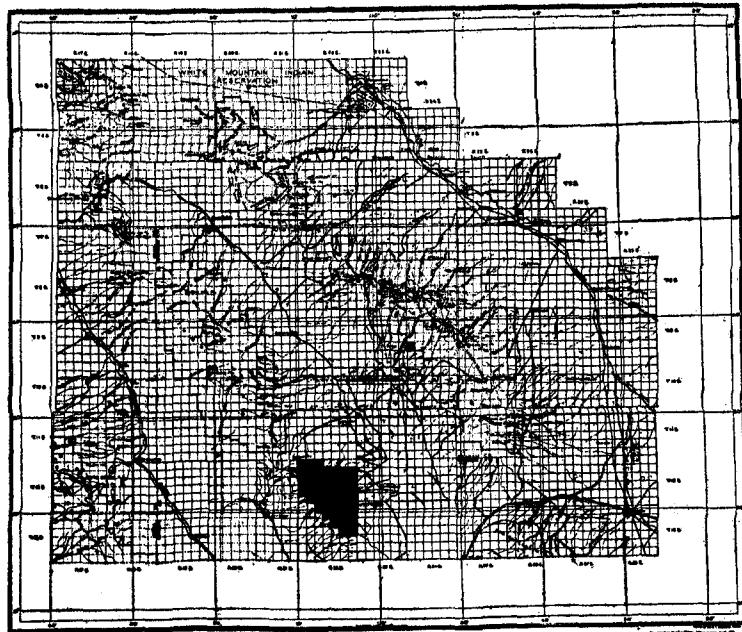
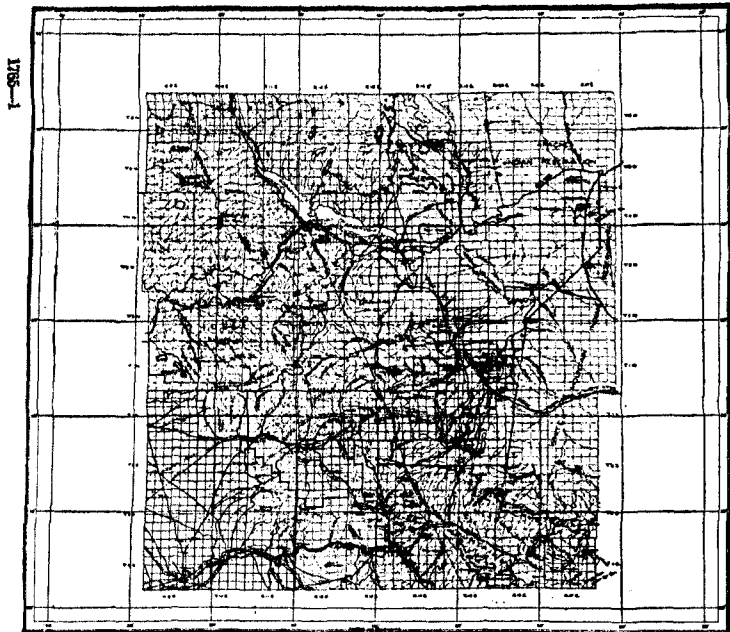
Black-bellied and golden plovers and greater and lesser yellow-legs.—Fifteen in the aggregate of all kinds.

Wilson snipe, or jacksnipe.—Twenty-five.

Woodcock.—Six.

Doves (mourning).—Twenty-five.

Sora added.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 FOREST SERVICE
CROOK NATIONAL FOREST
 ARIZONA
 GILA AND SALT RIVER WATERSHED
 2000
 NATIONAL FOREST BOUNDARY
 STATE AND FEDERAL BOUNDARIES
 RAILROADS
 OTHER FEATURES NOT TO SCALE
 Map Scale 1:50,000

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DO HEREBY APPROVE AND PROCLAIM the foregoing amendatory regulations. Approval of regulations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and causes the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia, this twenty-eighth day of July, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL] Nineteen and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-Fourth.

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

July 31, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas, under and by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of the United States as Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy of the United States and of the militia of the several States when called into actual service of the United States, I declared and established as a war measure by proclamation No. 1432 of February 28, 1918, rules and regulations governing flying by aircraft within the whole of the United States and its territorial waters and of the insular possessions and of the Panama Canal Zone, declaring said territory a zone of military operation and of military preparation;

Aircraft regulations Preamble.

Vol. 40, p. 1753.

And whereas, the necessity, as a war measure, for the continuance in effect of said rules and regulations has come to an end, now therefore;

I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim to all whom it may concern that the Presidential proclamation No. 1432 of February 28, 1918 and the rules and regulations therein contained and the power and authority therein and thereby conferred upon military and naval commanders and forces are hereby abrogated, withdrawn and annulled from and after the date hereof.

Former flying restrictions abrogated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this thirty-first day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred nineteen [SEAL] and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

August 6, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands to the Crook National Forest within the State of Arizona;

Crook National Forest, Ariz. Preamble.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by

Area enlarged.

Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled, "An act to repeal timber-culture laws, and or other purposes", and also by the Act approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the Crook National Forest is hereby enlarged to include the areas indicated as additions on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

Prior rights not affected.

The withdrawal made hereby shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 6th day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

August 21, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Caribou National Forest, Idaho and Wyo. Preamble.

Vol. 33, p. 113.

Area diminished. Vol. 30, p. 36.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain lands within the States of Idaho and Wyoming from the Caribou National Forest, and by restoring the public lands subject to disposition in the excluded areas in a manner authorized by the Act of Congress approved September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen (38 Stat., 113), entitled "An Act To authorize the the President to provide a method for opening lands restored from reservation or withdrawal, and for other purposes";

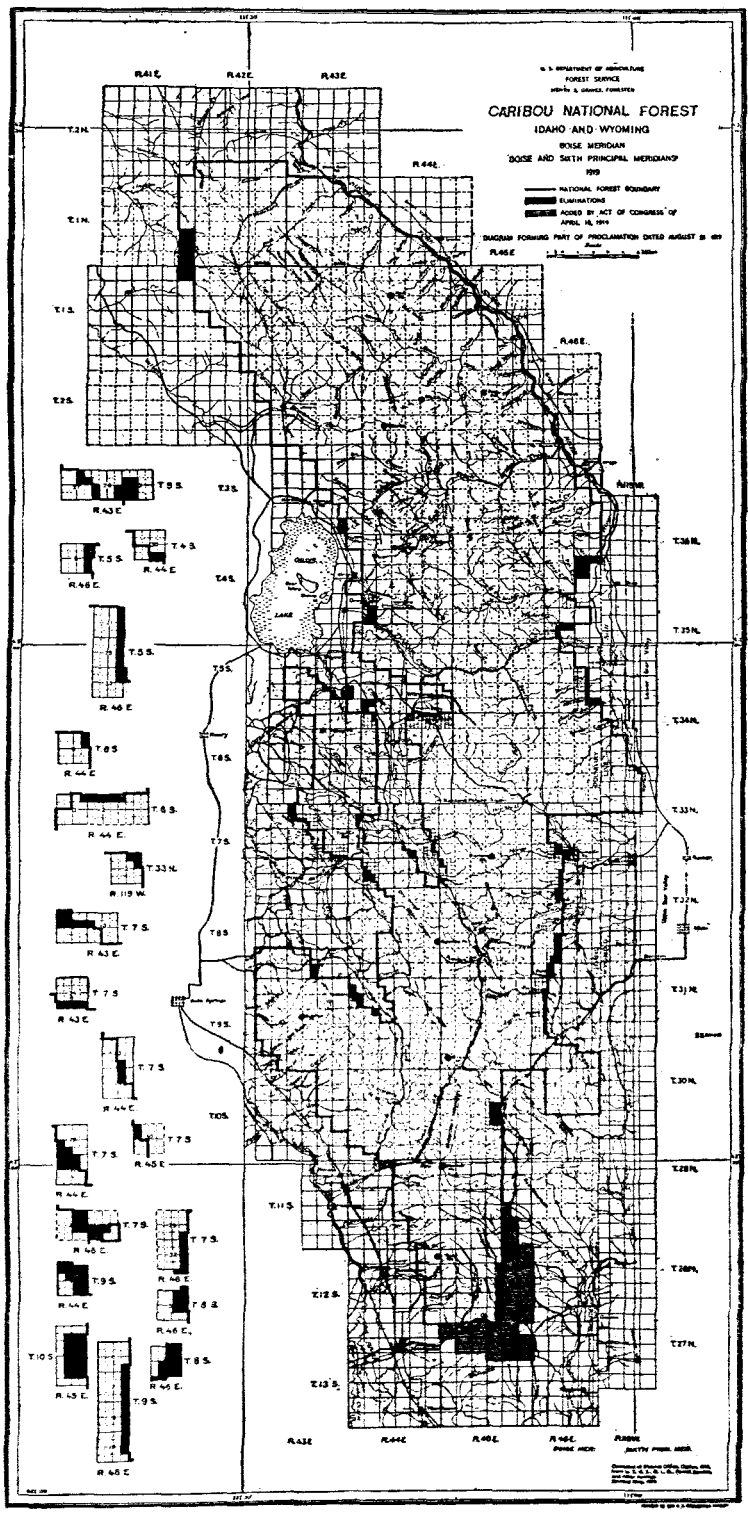
Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Caribou National Forest are hereby changed to exclude the areas indicated as eliminations on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

Excluded lands restored to settlement.

And I do further proclaim and make known that in my judgment it is proper and necessary, in the interest of equal opportunity and good administration, that all of the excluded lands subject to disposition should be restored to homestead entry in advance of settlement or other forms of disposition, and pursuant to the authority reposed in me by the aforesaid act of September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, I do hereby direct and provide that such lands, subject to valid rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, and where lands withdrawn as phosphate are involved subject to the conditions applicable thereto, shall be opened to entry only under the provisions of the homestead laws requiring residence, at and after,

Vol. 33, p. 113.

Time of opening.



but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, October 13, 1919, and to settlement and other disposition under any public land law applicable thereto, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, October 20, 1919: Provided, that the rights of the State of Idaho under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three (27 Stat., 592), shall not be abridged in so far as any of such lands are affected thereby. Unsurveyed lands are not subject to the provisions of said act, but in the absence of a prior adverse right, the preference accorded the State of Idaho thereby, where the township has been surveyed, and the plat thereof filed while the lands were reserved for forestry purposes, will attach immediately upon the restoration of such lands to selection and entry under the general land laws of the United States on October 20, 1919, as herein provided, and continue for sixty days.

Preferential rights of Idaho not abridged.
Vol. 27, p. 592.

Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which the lands shall become subject to entry, selection or location of the form desired under the provisions of this Proclamation, execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the proper United States land office in person, by mail, or otherwise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed, shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

Filing applications, etc.

Warning is hereby given that no settlement initiated prior to seven days after the date for homestead entry above prescribed will be recognized, but all persons who go upon any of the lands to be restored hereunder and perform any act of settlement thereon prior to nine o'clock a. m., standard time, October 20, 1919, or who are on or are occupying any part of said lands at such hour, except those having valid subsisting settlement rights initiated prior to withdrawal from settlement and since maintained, and those having preferences to make entry under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June eleventh, nineteen hundred and six (34 Stat., 233), entitled "An Act To provide for the entry of agricultural lands within forest reserves", and Acts amendatory, will be considered and dealt with as trespassers and will gain no rights whatever under such unlawful settlement or occupancy; Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent persons from going upon and over the lands to examine them with a view to thereafter appropriating them in accordance herewith. Persons having prior settlement rights or preferences, as above defined, will be allowed to make entry in accordance with existing law and regulations.

Warning against trespassing prior to opening.

Agricultural lands.
Vol. 34, p. 233.

Examinations allowed.

Prior settlement rights, etc.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 21st day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine-
[SEAL.] teen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

August 30, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Capital Issues Com-
mittee.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 514.

Whereas Congress on April 5, 1918, enacted a law known as "The War Finance Corporation Act;"

And Whereas, under Section 206 of said Act, it is provided that the Title relating to the Capitol Issues Committee is no longer necessary and that thereupon it shall cease to be in effect:

Existence termi-
nated.

Now Therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby proclaim and declare that Title Two of said War Finance Corporation Act relating to the Capitol Issues Committee, is no longer necessary, and I further direct that the Committee shall close up its affairs and that all the records, including letters, correspondence and testimony in the possession of said Committee be turned over to the Federal Trade Commission.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this thirtieth day of August in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen, and of the independence of the United States of America the One hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

September 3, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Sioux National For-
est, S. Dak. and Mont.
Preamble.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain lands within the States of South Dakota and Montana from the Sioux National Forest, and by restoring the public lands subject to disposition in the excluded areas in a manner authorized by the act of Congress approved September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen (38 Stat., 113), entitled "An Act To authorize the President to provide a method for opening lands restored from reservation or withdrawal, and for other purposes";

Vol. 33, p. 113.

Area diminished.
Vol. 30, p. 35.

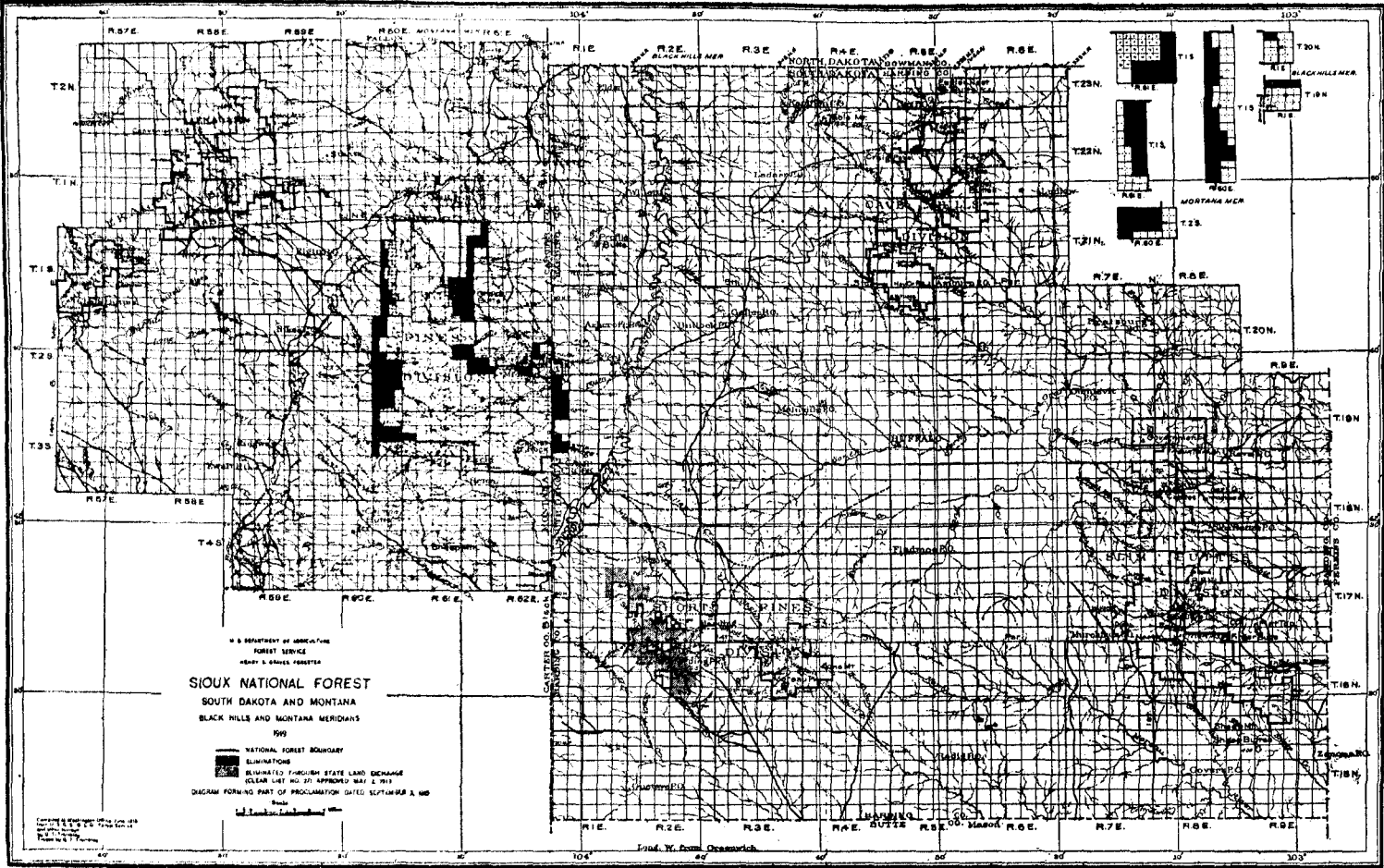
Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Sioux National Forest are hereby changed to exclude the areas indicated as eliminations on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

Excluded lands re-
stored to settlement.

And I do further proclaim and make known that in my judgment it is proper and necessary, in the interest of equal opportunity and good administration, that all of the excluded lands subject to disposition should be restored to homestead entry in advance of settlement or other forms of disposition, and pursuant to the authority reposed in me by the aforesaid act of September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen, I do hereby direct and provide that such lands,

Vol. 33, p. 113.

17-69471



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 FOREST SERVICE
 BLACK HILLS FOREST

SIoux NATIONAL FOREST
 SOUTH DAKOTA AND MONTANA
 BLACK HILLS AND MONTANA MERIDIANS
 1999

NATIONAL FOREST BOUNDARY
 ELIMINATIONS
 ACQUIRED THROUGH STATE LAND EXCHANGE
 (COLOR LAW 800 BY APPROVED MAY 2, 1911)
 (DIAGRAM FORMING PART OF PROCLAMATION DATED SEPTEMBER 3, 1909)

Compiled & Printed by the Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture
 Map Scale: 1:50,000
 Date: 1999

From W. Form Oceanovich

subject to valid rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals, shall be opened to entry only under the provisions of the homestead laws requiring residence, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, October 14, 1919, and to settlement and other disposition under any public land law applicable thereto, at and after, but not before, nine o'clock a. m., standard time, October 21, 1919: Provided, that the rights of the State of Montana under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three (27 Stat., 592), shall not be abridged in so far as any of such lands are affected thereby. Unsurveyed lands are not subject to the provisions of said act, but in the absence of a prior adverse right, the preference accorded the State of Montana thereby, where the township has been surveyed, and the plat thereof filed while the lands were reserved for forestry purposes, will attach immediately upon the restoration of such lands to selection and entry under the general land laws of the United States on October 21, 1919, as herein provided, and continue for sixty days. Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which the lands shall become subject to entry, selection or location of the form desired under the provisions of this proclamation, execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the proper United States land offices in person, by mail, or otherwise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed, shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

Time of opening.

Preferential rights of Montana not abridged. Vol. 27, p. 592.

Filing applications, etc.

Warning is hereby given that no settlement initiated prior to seven days after the date for homestead entry above prescribed will be recognized, but all persons who go upon any of the lands to be restored hereunder and perform any act of settlement thereon prior to nine o'clock a. m., standard time, October 21, 1919, or who are on or are occupying any part of said lands at such hour, except those having valid subsisting settlement rights initiated prior to withdrawal from settlement and since maintained, and those having preferences to make entry under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June eleventh, nineteen hundred and six (34 Stat., 233), entitled "An Act To provide for the entry of agricultural lands within forest reserves", and Acts amendatory, will be considered and dealt with as trespassers and will gain no rights whatever under such unlawful settlement or occupancy: Provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall prevent persons from going upon and over the lands to examine them with a view to thereafter appropriating them in accordance herewith. Persons having prior settlement rights or preferences, as above defined, will be allowed to make entry in accordance with existing law and regulations.

Warning against trespassing prior to opening.

Agricultural lands. Vol. 34, p. 233.

Examinations allowed.

Prior settlement rights, etc.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 3rd day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
 ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

September 29, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Prescott National
Forest, Ariz.
Preamble.

WHEREAS it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands to the Prescott National Forest, Arizona, by excluding certain land therefrom, and by transferring thereto certain lands heretofore forming a part of the Coconino National Forest within the State of Arizona;

Area modified.

Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled "An Act to repeal timber-culture laws, and for other purposes," and also by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," do proclaim that the Prescott National Forest is hereby changed and that its boundaries are now as shown upon the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof; and that this proclamation and that changing the boundaries of the Coconino National Forest, which I have also signed this same day, are made and are intended to be and shall be considered as one act to become effective simultaneously.

*Infra.*Prior rights not af-
fected.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws, or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 29th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

WOODROW WILSON.

September 29, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

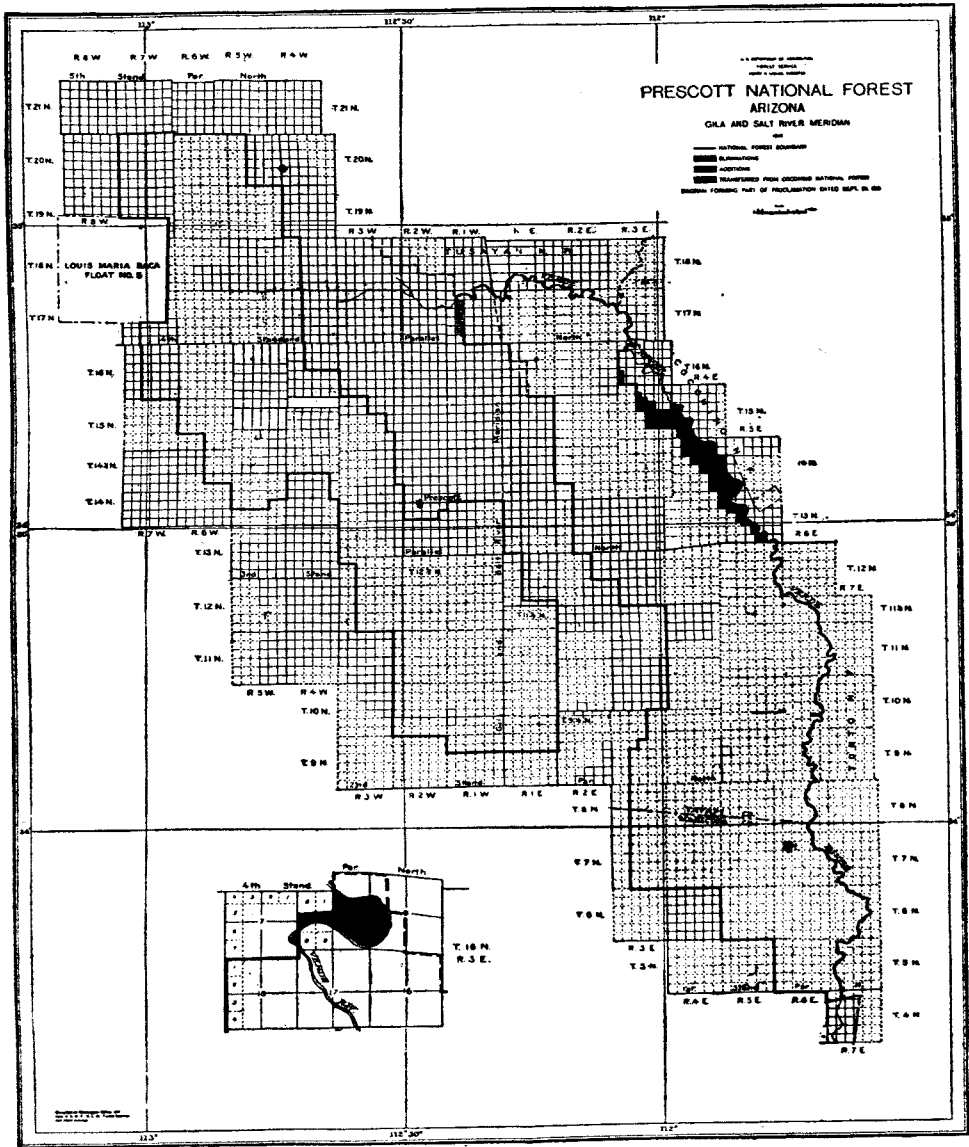
Coconino National
Forest, Ariz.
Preamble.

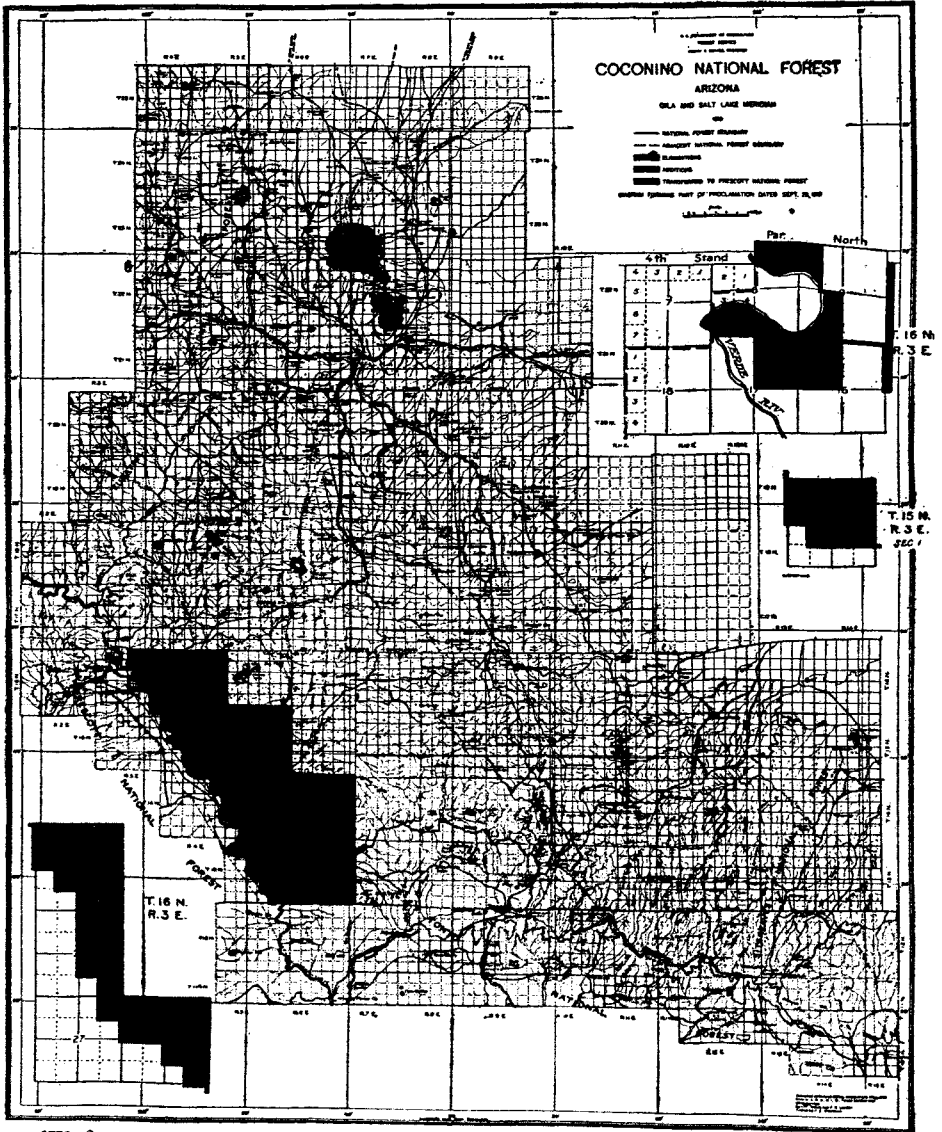
WHEREAS it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain areas to the Coconino National Forest, Arizona, by excluding certain lands therefrom; and

WHEREAS it appears that certain lands immediately heretofore embraced in the Coconino National Forest, within the State of Arizona, should be transferred to and made a part of the Prescott National Forest, Arizona:

Area modified.
Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws, and for other purposes," and also by the Act of Congress approved June





fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," do proclaim that the Coconino National Forest is hereby changed and that its boundaries are now as shown upon the diagram hereto annexed, and forming a part hereof; and that this proclamation and that changing the boundaries of the Prescott National Forest, which I have also signed this same day, are made and are intended to be and shall be considered as one act to become effective simultaneously.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

Ante, p. 1770.

Prior rights not affected.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 29th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and [SEAL.] nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING

Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

November 5, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION.

The Season of the year has again arrived when the people of the United States are accustomed to unite in giving thanks to Almighty God for the blessings which He has conferred upon our country during the twelve months that have passed. A year ago our people poured out their hearts in praise and thanksgiving that through divine aid the right was victorious and peace had come to the nations which had so courageously struggled in defense of human liberty and justice. Now that the stern task is ended and the fruits of achievement are ours, we look forward with confidence to the dawn of an era where the sacrifices of the nations will find recompense in a world at peace.

Thanksgiving Day,
1919.
Preamble.

But to attain the consummation of the great work to which the American people devoted their manhood and the vast resources of their country they should, as they give thanks to God, reconsecrate themselves to those principles of right which triumphed through His merciful goodness. Our gratitude can find no more perfect expression than to bulwark with loyalty and patriotism those principles for which the free peoples of the earth fought and died.

During the past year we have had much to make us grateful. In spite of the confusion in our economic life resulting from the war we have prospered. Our harvests have been plentiful, and of our abundance we have been able to render succor to less favored nations. Our democracy remains unshaken in a world torn with political and social unrest. Our traditional ideals are still our guides in the path of progress and civilization.

These great blessings, vouchsafed to us, for which we devoutly give thanks, should arouse us to a fuller sense of our duty to our-

selves and to mankind to see to it that nothing that we may do shall mar the completeness of the victory which we helped to win. No selfish purpose animated us in becoming participants in the world war, and with a like spirit of unselfishness we should strive to aid by our example and by our cooperation in realizing the enduring welfare of all peoples and in bringing into being a world ruled by friendship and good will.

Thursday, November 27, 1919, appointed as a day of general thanksgiving.

WHEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, hereby designate Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of November next, for observance as a day of thanksgiving and prayer by my fellow-countrymen, inviting them to cease on that day from their ordinary tasks and to unite in their homes and in their several places of worship in ascribing praise and thanksgiving to God the Author of all blessings and the Master of our destinies.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 5th day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, [SEAL.] and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON.

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

November 10, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Census inquiries.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 1291.

WHEREAS, by the Act of Congress approved March 3, 1919, the Fourteenth Decennial Census of the United States is to be taken beginning on the second day of January, 1920; and

WHEREAS, a correct enumeration of the population every ten years is required by the Constitution of the United States for the purpose of determining the representation of the several States in the House of Representatives; and

WHEREAS, it is of the utmost importance to the interests of all the people of the United States that this Census should be a complete and accurate report of the population and resources of the Nation;

Answers to questions required.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known that, under the law aforesaid, it is the duty of every person to answer all questions on the census schedules applying to him and the family to which he belongs, and to the farm occupied by him or his family, and that any person refusing to do so is subject to penalty.

Object of inquiries.

The sole purpose of the census is to secure general statistical information regarding the population and resources of the country and replies are required from individuals only to permit the compilation of such general statistics. No person can be harmed in any way by furnishing the information required. The Census has nothing to do with taxation, with military or jury service, with the compulsion of school attendance, with the regulation of immigration or with the enforcement of any national, state or local law or ordinance. There need be no fear that any disclosure will be made regarding any individual person or his affairs. For the due protection of the rights and interests of the persons furnishing information every employee of the Census Bureau is prohibited, under heavy penalty, from disclosing any information which may thus come to his knowledge.

Disclosures prohibited.

I therefore earnestly urge upon all persons to answer promptly, completely and accurately all inquiries addressed to them by the enumerators or other employees of the Census Bureau and thereby to contribute their share toward making this great and necessary public undertaking a success.

Cooperation urged.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine-
 [SEAL.] teen, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

WILLIAM PHILLIPS

Acting Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

November 21, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, Congress has enacted and the President has on the fourth day of March, 1919, approved "An Act to enable the President to carry out the price guarantees made to producers of wheat of the crops of 1918 and 1919, and to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder", which Act contains the following provision:

Wheat and wheat flour.
 Preamble.

Statutory provision.
 Vol. 40, p. 1350.

"That whenever the President shall find it essential in carrying out the guarantees aforesaid, or to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder, and shall make proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to import into the United States from any country named in such Proclamation, or to export from or ship from or take out of the United States to any country named in such Proclamation, wheat, semolina, or wheat flour, except at such time or times, and under such regulations or orders, and subject to such limitations and exceptions as the President shall prescribe, until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress; provided, that no preference shall be given to the ports of one State over those of another."

AND WHEREAS, the President of the United States of America by virtue of the powers conferred upon him by the aforesaid Act of Congress did on the twenty-fourth day of June, 1919, find and proclaim, to all it may concern, that it was essential in carrying out the guarantees aforesaid and to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder, that wheat and wheat flour on and after July 1, 1919 should not be imported into the United States, or exported from, or shipped from, or taken out of the United States, except at such time or times and under such regulations or orders and subject to such limitations and exceptions as shall be prescribed until otherwise ordered by the President of the United States or by Congress.

Act, p. 1759.

AND WHEREAS conditions relating to the necessity of maintaining an import and export embargo on wheat and wheat flour for the purposes above stated, have changed since the promulgation of the aforesaid Proclamation of June 24, 1919,

NOW THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said Act of Congress of March 4, 1919, and of all other Acts giving me

Announcing limitations on importing and exporting of, no longer essential.

PROCLAMATIONS, 1919.

Cancellation of prohibitions and limitations.

power in the premises, do hereby find and determine and by this Proclamation do announce that it is not now essential in carrying out the guarantees aforesaid, or to protect the United States against undue enhancement of its liabilities thereunder, to continue the prohibitions and limitations on the importation and exportation of wheat and wheat flour into and from the United States, as prescribed in the above mentioned Proclamation of June 24, 1919, and I order and direct that such prohibitions and limitations on the importation and exportation of wheat and wheat flour be discontinued and cancelled, effective December 15, 1919

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 21st day of November, in the year of Our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Nineteen and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred forty-fourth.

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

WOODROW WILSON

November 21, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Food Administration.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 276.

WHEREAS under the authority of an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide further for the national security and defense by encouraging the production, conserving the supply, and controlling the distribution of food products and fuel", there was created by Executive Order, dated August 10, 1917, a Governmental organization known as and called United States Food Administration, and

WHEREAS HERBERT HOOVER was appointed United States Food Administrator with power to supervise, direct and carry into effect the provisions of said Act and the powers and authority therein given to the President so far as the same apply to foods, feeds and their derivative products and to any and all practices performed and regulations authorized or required under the provisions of said Act, including the issuance, regulation and revocation in the name of said Food Administrator of licenses under said Act; and in this behalf to do and perform such acts and things as were authorized or required of him from time to time by direction of the President and under such rules and regulations as should be prescribed by the President from time to time, and

WHEREAS by Executive Order of November 16, 1918, Edgar Rickard was authorized and empowered during the absence of Herbert Hoover, United States Food Administrator, from the United States to exercise the powers and authority delegated to Herbert Hoover as United States Food Administrator, and

WHEREAS Herbert Hoover has resigned from the office of the United States Food Administrator and Edgar Rickard has exercised certain of the said powers and authority of the United States Food Administrator until this time, and

WHEREAS it is now desired to transfer the powers and authority of the United States Food Administrator in the manner and to the officers hereinafter designated.

NOW THEREFORE under and by virtue of the power conferred upon me by the provisions of said Act of August 10, 1917, and of all

other Acts giving me power in the premises, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States, hereby order and direct as follows:

All acts done and authorized by Herbert Hoover, United States Food Administrator, as aforesaid, and by Edgar Rickard, acting for Herbert Hoover, United States Food Administrator, as aforesaid, are hereby authorized, approved, ratified, confirmed and adopted.

Acts of former Food Administrator ratified and confirmed.

The powers and authority heretofore vested in the United States Food Administrator, under the authority of said Act of Congress approved August 10, 1917, and the executive orders and proclamations issued thereunder, in so far as they apply to wheat and wheat products, are hereby transferred to, and shall hereafter be exercised by Julius H. Barnes, Chief of the Cereal Division of the United States Food Administration, who shall supervise, direct, and carry into effect the provisions of said Act, and the powers and authority therein given to the President, so far as the same apply to wheat and wheat products, and to any and all practices, procedure, and regulations authorized or required under the provisions of said Act, including the issuance, regulation, and revocation, in the name of said Julius H. Barnes, Chief of the Cereal Division of the United States Food Administration, of licenses under said Act relating to wheat and wheat products; and in this behalf he shall do and perform such acts and things as may be authorized or required of him from time to time by direction of the President and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the President from time to time; and there is hereby transferred to said Julius H. Barnes, Chief of the Cereal Division of said United States Food Administration, all remaining records of said United States Food Administration, and such of the remaining personnel and organization of said United States Food Administration, as he may determine to continue under him as Chief of the Cereal Division of the United States Food Administration as aforesaid.

Powers as to wheat and wheat products transferred to Julius H. Barnes, Chief of Cereal Division, Food Administration.

Authority vested.

Records, personnel, etc., transferred.

All licenses and revocations of licenses and all regulations now in force, so far as the same apply to wheat and wheat products, shall continue in force until altered or repealed by said Julius H. Barnes.

Licenses, etc., continued.

The powers and authority heretofore vested in the United States Food Administrator, under the authority of said Act of Congress approved August 10, 1917, and the executive orders and proclamations issued thereunder, in so far as they apply to foods, feeds, and their derivative products, other than wheat and wheat products, are hereby transferred to, and shall hereafter be exercised by the Attorney General of the United States, who shall supervise, direct, and carry into effect the provisions of said Act, and the powers and authority therein given to the President, so far as the same apply to foods, feeds and their derivative products, other than wheat and wheat products, and to any and all practices, procedure, and regulations authorized or required under the provisions of said Act, including the issuance, regulation, and revocation, in the name of the Attorney General of the United States, of licenses under said Act relating to foods, feeds and their derivative products other than wheat and wheat products; and in this behalf he shall do and perform such acts and things as may be authorized or required of him from time to time by direction of the President and under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the President from time to time.

Powers as to other foods, feeds, etc., transferred to the Attorney General.

Authority vested over licenses, etc.

All licenses and revocations of licenses and all regulations now in force, so far as the same apply to foods, feeds and their derivative products other than wheat and wheat products, shall continue in force until altered or repealed by the Attorney General.

Licenses, etc., continued.

PROCLAMATIONS, 1919.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 21st day of November in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Nineteen and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred Forty-Fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

November 22, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Coal in Alaska.
Preamble.
Vol. 33, p. 741.

WHEREAS, section 2 of the act of Congress approved October 20, 1914 (38 Stat., 741), authorizes the mining of coal from reserved areas in Alaska, under the direction of the President, when necessary by reason of the insufficient supply for national protection or relief from oppressive conditions, and

WHEREAS, it appears that the available supply of coal for domestic and other uses in the Territory of Alaska, and particularly in towns and settlements upon or near the line of the Government railroad in Alaska, is, by reason of existing conditions, inadequate and insufficient.

Authorizing sale for domestic needs of surplus, mined by Alaska Engineering Commission.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, under and by virtue of said statute, do hereby authorize and direct the Secretary of the Interior, during the period of three years from the date hereof, to sell and dispose of surplus coal taken from the mines now being operated by the Alaskan Engineering Commission, for supplying domestic and other local needs in the Territory.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 22nd day of November, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

November 25, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas the Nebraska National Forest was enlarged by proclamation of the President of the United States dated July 19, 1915; and

Nebraska National Forest, Nebr. Preamble. Vol. 39, p. 1740.

Whereas, In order to provide for a proper adjustment of the claims of the State of Nebraska to lands within said National Forest, in satisfaction of its common school grant, a memorandum of agreement was entered into under date of September 12, 1919, between the Secretary of the Department of Agriculture and the Governor of the State of Nebraska, whereby it was agreed that the said State should relinquish all its title or claim under its grant in aid of common schools to lands included within the Nebraska National Forest, being the whole of certain sections sixteen and thirty-six, and be allowed to select other lands equivalent in acreage and value lying along and within the boundaries of said National Forest, which are located in such position that, when eliminated therefrom, all of said selected lands will lie outside the new exterior boundaries of the National Forest; and

Whereas, It appears that the public interests would be promoted by modifying said Proclamation of July 19, 1915, so as to allow the State of Nebraska, in furtherance of the aforesaid agreement, to make selections of the lands agreed upon for selection, and hereinafter described, as indemnity in satisfaction of the aforesaid portions of its common school grant;

Vol. 39, p. 1740.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, entitled, "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," do proclaim that the said proclamation is hereby modified so as to admit of immediate selection, by the State of Nebraska, as indemnity in partial satisfaction of its common school grant and in furtherance of the before-mentioned agreement of September 12, 1919, and not otherwise, of the following described lands within the said Nebraska National Forest, to wit:

Area diminished.

Selection of lands by Nebraska, allowed.

Description.

In T. 22 N., R. 28 W., Secs. 1 and 2;

In T. 23 N., R. 28 W., E $\frac{1}{2}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ and E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. 14, Secs. 23, 26 and 35;

In T. 32 N., R. 30 W., SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 6, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. 7, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ and S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 8, Secs. 9 and 10, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, W $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{2}$ and W $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 15, Sec. 17, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. 18, Secs. 20 and 21, N $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 28, N $\frac{1}{2}$ of Sec. 29;

Sixth Principal Meridian.

Provided, that all selections by the State of Nebraska hereunder must be filed within ninety days from the date of this proclamation, and the lands embraced in selections made by the State of Nebraska

Eliminated lands granted to Nebraska.

hereunder, to the extent that such selections receive the final approval of the Secretary of the Interior, be, and the same are, hereby declared eliminated from the Nebraska National Forest, such eliminations to become effective from the date of such approvals.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 25th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine-
[SEAL.] teen, and of the Independence of the United States the one-hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President
ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

November 25, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Gran Quivira National Monument, N. Mex.

Preamble.

Area enlarged.

Vol. 34, p. 225.

Description.

Vol. 36, p. 2503.

Reserved from settlement, etc.

Supervision, etc., by Director of National Park Service.
Vol. 39, p. 535.

Whereas it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding to the Gran Quivira National Monument certain lands in the State of New Mexico containing ruins of archaeological value;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by section two of the Act of Congress approved June 8, 1905, entitled "An Act for the Preservation of American Antiquities" (34 Stat., 225), do proclaim that said lands, to-wit, the tracts described as the S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$, Sec. 34, the S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 35, T. 1 N., R. 8 E., and unsurveyed lands which by protraction of the lines of the public survey in T. 1 S., R. 8 E., would probably be described as the N $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 2 and the N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 4, in T. 1 S., R. 8 E., New Mexico Principal Meridian, are hereby reserved from appropriation and use of all kinds under the public land laws, subject to all prior valid claims, and set apart as an addition to the Gran Quivira National Monument, and that the boundaries of said national monument are now as shown on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

Warning is hereby given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate or injure any natural feature of this monument or to occupy, exploit, settle, or locate upon any of the lands reserved by this proclamation.

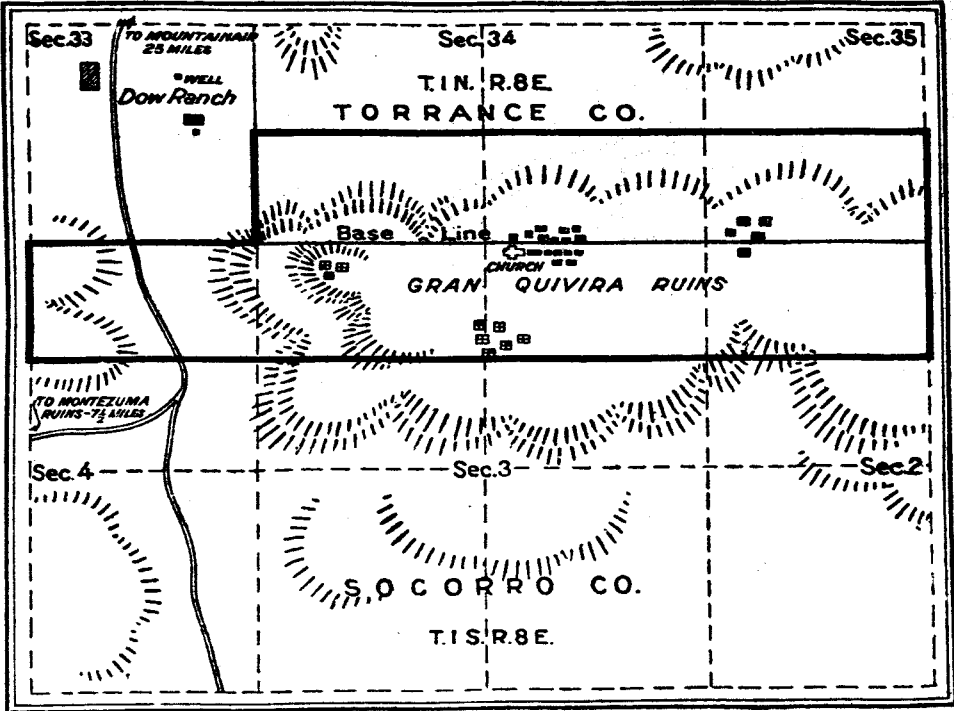
The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management, and control of this monument, as provided in the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat., 535).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia This 25th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine-
[SEAL.] teen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

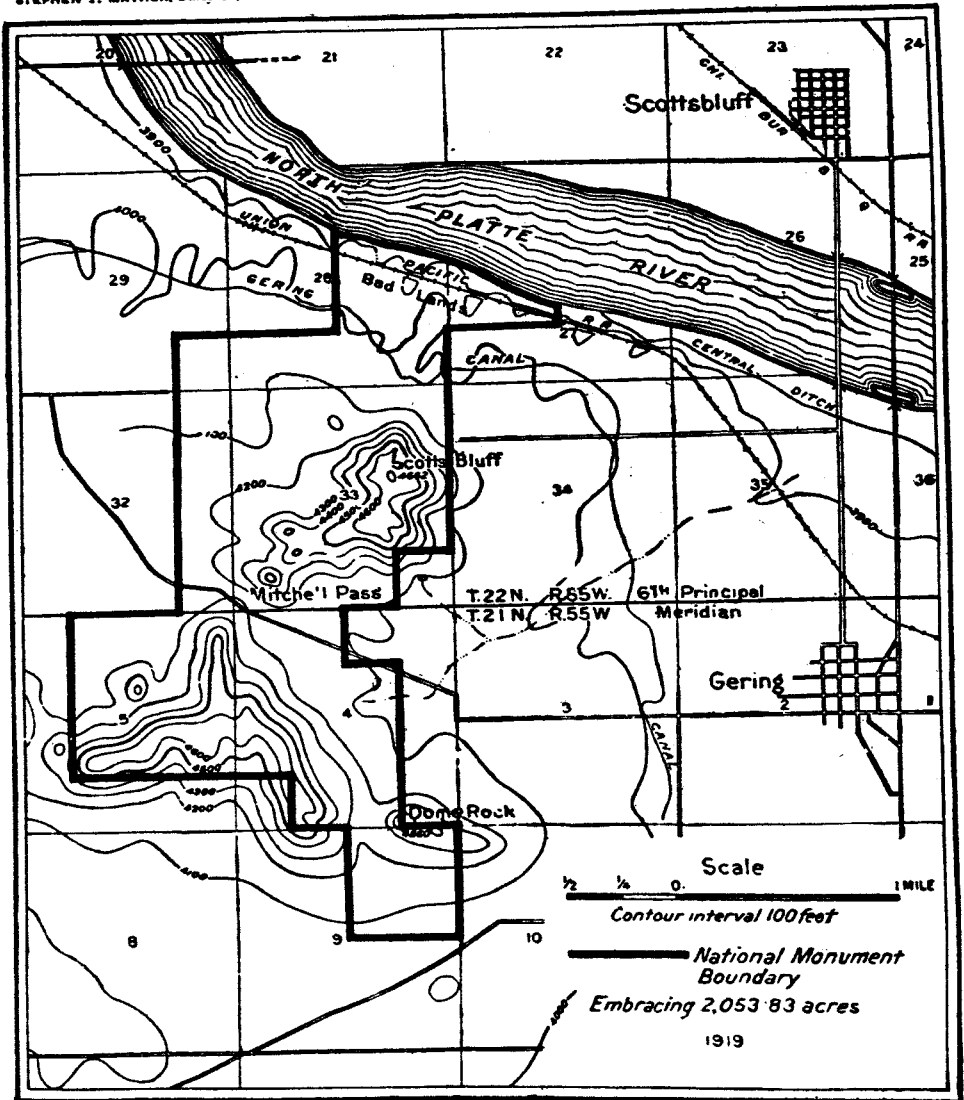
By the President
ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.



GRAN QUIVIRA NATIONAL MONUMENT

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
 FRANKLIN K. LANE, Secretary
 NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
 STEPHEN Z. MATHER, Director

NEBRASKA
 (SCOTTS BLUFF COUNTY)



SCOTTS BLUFF NATIONAL MONUMENT

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 2, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands to the Lincoln National Forest, within the State of New Mexico.

Lincoln National Forest, N. Mex. Preamble.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled, "An Act to repeal timber culture laws, and for other purposes", and also by the Act approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Lincoln National Forest are hereby changed to include the following lands, to wit: The north half of northeast quarter of Section twenty, and northwest quarter of Section twenty-one, in township nine south, range thirteen east, New Mexico Principal Meridian.

Area extended. Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

The withdrawal made hereby shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

Prior legal rights not affected.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this second day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine-
[SEAL.] teen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 12, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas Scotts Bluff is the highest known point within the State of Nebraska, affording a view for miles over the surrounding country;

Scotts Bluff National Monument, Nebraska. Preamble.

Whereas Mitchell Pass, lying to the south of said bluff, was traversed by the old Oregon Trail and said bluff was used as a landmark and rendezvous by thousands of immigrants and frontiersmen travelling said trail en route for new homes in the Northwest; and

Whereas, in view of these facts, as well as of the scientific interest the region possesses from a geological standpoint, it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving the lands upon which the said bluff and the said pass are located as a national monument:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by section two of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act for the preservation of American antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat., 225), do proclaim that there are hereby reserved from all forms of appropriation under the public-land laws, and set apart as the Scotts

National Monument, Nebraska. Vol. 34, p. 225.

Description.

Bluff National Monument, the following described lands, to-wit: the northwest quarter, north half of the southwest quarter, southeast quarter of the southwest quarter, southwest quarter of the northeast quarter and the west half of the southeast quarter of section four, township twenty-one north, range fifty-five west; lots one, two and three, south half of the northeast quarter, north half of the southeast quarter, southeast quarter of the northwest quarter and the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section five, township twenty-one north, range fifty-five west; the northeast quarter of section nine, township twenty-one north, range fifty-five west; lots six and seven, section twenty-seven, township twenty-two north, range fifty-five west; lot four, southeast quarter, and south half of the southwest quarter of section twenty-eight, said township and range; the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section twenty-nine, said township and range; the east half of the east half of section thirty-two, said township and range; and the north half, southwest quarter, north half of the southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section thirty-three, township twenty-two north, range fifty-five, all west of the Sixth Principal Meridian in the State of Nebraska, and that the boundaries of the said Scotts Bluff National Monument are as shown on the diagram hereto attached and made a part hereof.

Reserved from settlement, etc.

Supervision, etc., by Director of National Park Service.
Vol. 39, p. 535.

Warning is hereby given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate or injure any natural feature of this Monument, or to occupy, exploit, settle or locate upon any of the lands reserved by this proclamation.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management and control of this Monument, as provided in the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat., 535).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia This 12th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

December 18, 1919.

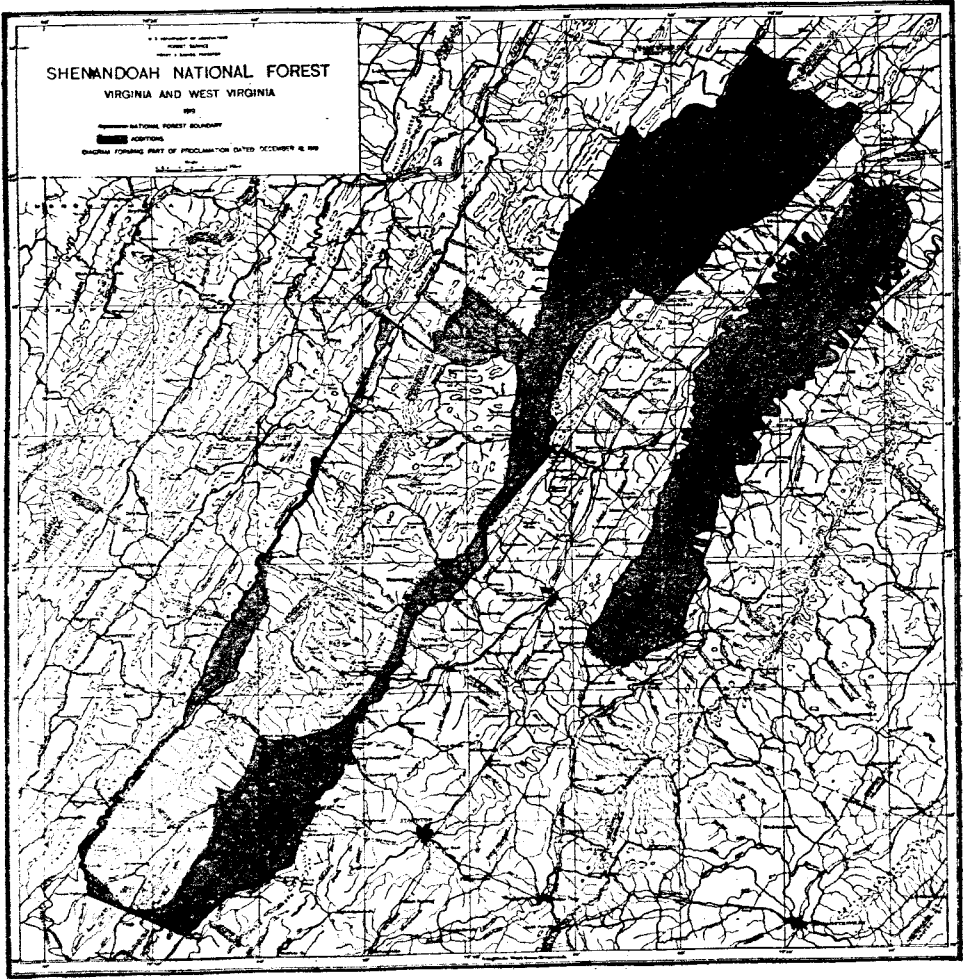
BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, by proclamation of May sixteenth, nineteen hundred and eighteen, there were reserved and set apart as the Shenandoah National Forest certain lands within the States of Virginia and West Virginia, acquired by the United States under authority of the Act of Congress approved March first, nineteen hundred and eleven (36 Stat., 961), entitled "An Act To enable any State to cooperate with any other State or States, or with the United States, for the protection of the watersheds of navigable streams, and to appoint a commission for the acquisition of lands for the purpose of conserving the navigability of navigable rivers"; and

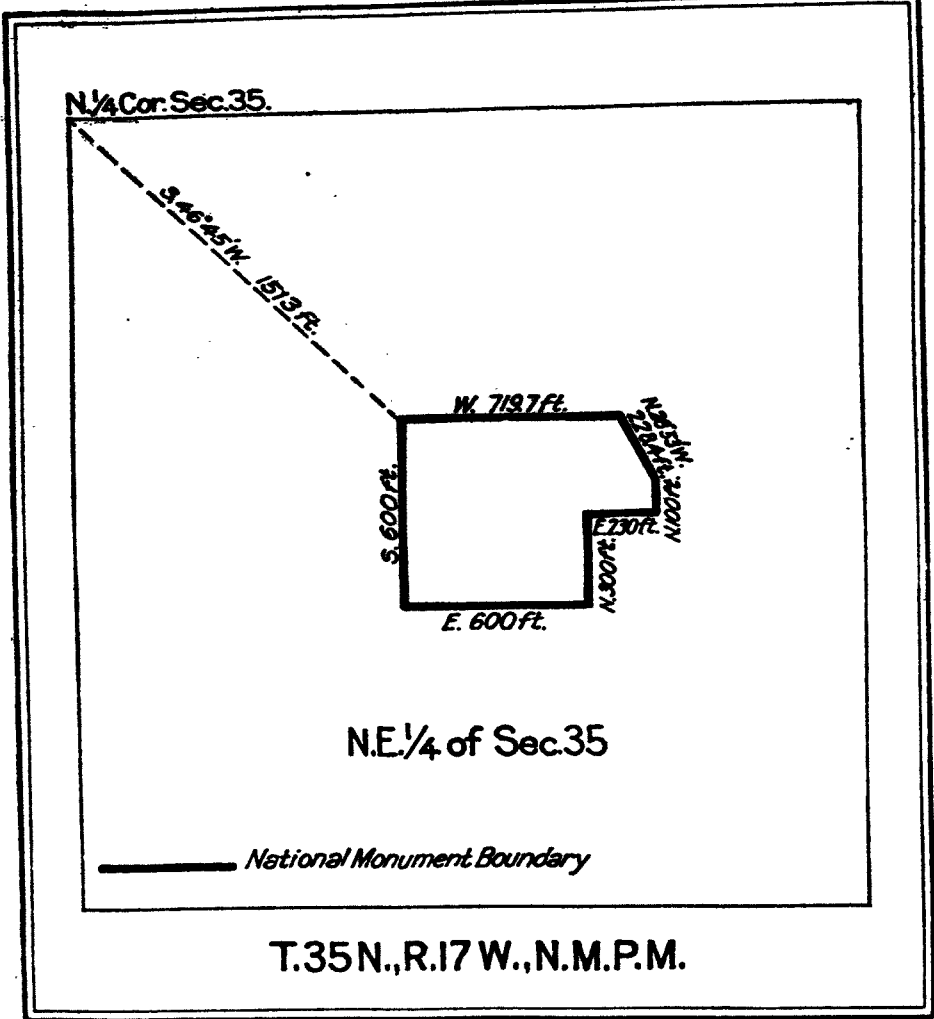
WHEREAS, certain additional lands in the vicinity of the said National Forest and within the said States have been or may hereafter

Shenandoah National Forest, Va. and W. Va.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 1779.
Vol. 36, p. 961.



DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
FRANKLIN K. LANE, SECRETARY
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
STEPHEN T. MATHER, DIRECTOR

COLORADO
(MONTEZUMA COUNTY)



YUCCA HOUSE NATIONAL MONUMENT

be acquired by the United States under said Act, and have been designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as part of the Shenandoah National Forest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section eleven of said Act, and by section twenty-four of the Act of March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, do proclaim that the boundaries of the said Shenandoah National Forest are hereby enlarged to include the said additional lands, as shown on the diagram attached hereto and made a part hereof, and that all lands within said enlarged boundaries which have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of said Act of March first, nineteen hundred and eleven, shall be permanently reserved and administered as a part of said Shenandoah National Forest.

Area enlarged.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Vol. 36, p. 961.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 18th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine-
[SEAL.] teen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 19, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

Whereas there is in Montezuma County, Colorado, on the eastern slope of the Sleeping Ute Mountain an imposing pile of masonry of great archaeological value, relic of the prehistoric inhabitants of that part of the country; and

Yucca House National Monument, Colo. Preamble.

Whereas the ground on which said structure stands has been donated to the United States for the establishment of a national monument with a view to the preservation of said ruins, and such preservation is deemed to be in the public interest:

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power and authority in me vested by section two of the act of Congress entitled "An Act for the Preservation of American Antiquities," approved June 8, 1906 (34 Stat., 225), do proclaim that there is hereby reserved and set apart as a national monument, to be known as the Yucca House National Monument, all that piece or parcel of land in the County of Montezuma, State of Colorado, shown upon the diagram hereto annexed and made a part hereof, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point that bears south 46° 45' east from the north quarter corner of section 35, township 35 north, range 17 west, New Mexico principal meridian, 1513 feet; thence south 600 feet; thence east 600 feet; thence north 300 feet; thence east 230 feet; thence north 100 feet; thence north 28° 53' west 228.4 feet; thence west 719.7 feet to place of beginning, containing 10 acres, more or less.

National Monument, Colorado. Vol. 34, p. 225.

Description.

Warning is hereby expressly given to all unauthorized persons not to appropriate, injure, destroy or remove any of the features or objects included within the boundaries of this Monument and not to locate or settle upon any of the lands thereof.

Reserved from settlement, etc.

The Director of the National Park Service, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, shall have the supervision, management

Supervision, etc., by Director of National Park Service.

Vol. 39, p. 535.

and control of this Monument, as provided in the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish a National Park Service, and for other purposes," approved August 25, 1916 (39 Stat., 535).

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia This 19th day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nineteen, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

December 24, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Federal railroad control.

RELINQUISHMENT OF FEDERAL CONTROL OF RAILROADS AND SYSTEMS OF TRANSPORTATION.

Preamble.
Vol. 40, pp. 451, 1733,
1763, 1922.

WHEREAS, in the exercise of authority committed to me by law, I have heretofore, through the Secretary of War, taken possession of and have, through the Director General of Railroads, exercised control over certain railroads, systems of transportation and property appurtenant thereto or connected therewith; including systems of coastwise and inland transportation, engaged in general transportation and owned or controlled by said railroads or systems of transportation; including also terminals, terminal companies and terminal associations, sleeping and parlor cars, private cars and private car lines, elevators, warehouses, telegraph and telephone lines, and all other equipment and appurtenances commonly used upon or operated as a part of such railroads and systems of transportation; and

WHEREAS, I now deem it needful and desirable that all railroads, systems of transportation and property now under such Federal control, be relinquished therefrom;

Powers, etc., relinquished on March 1, 1920.
Vol. 40, p. 456.

NOW, THEREFORE, under authority of Section 14 of the Federal Control Act approved March 21, 1918, and of all other powers and provisions of law thereto me enabling, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, do hereby relinquish from Federal control, effective the first day of March 1920 at 12:01 o'clock A. M. all railroads, systems of transportation and property, of whatever kind, taken or held under such Federal control and not heretofore relinquished, and restore the same to the possession and control of their respective owners.

Director General of Railroads authorized to carry proclamation into effect.
Post, p. 1786.

Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, or his successor in office, is hereby authorized and directed, through such agents and agencies as he may determine, in any manner not inconsistent with the provisions of said Act of March 21, 1918, to adjust, settle and close all matters, including the making of agreements for compensation, and all questions and disputes of whatsoever nature arising out of or incident to Federal control, until otherwise provided by proclamation of the President or by Act of Congress; and generally to do and perform, as fully in all respects as the President is authorized to do, all and singular the acts and things necessary or proper in order to carry into effect this proclamation and the relinquishment of said railroads, systems of transportation and property.

For the purposes of accounting and for all other purposes, this proclamation shall become effective on the first day of March 1920, at 12:01 o'clock A. M.

Effective date for accounts, etc.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done by the President, through Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, in the District of Columbia, this 24th day of December [SEAL.] the year of our Lord 1919 and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty Fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.
NEWTON D. BAKER
Secretary of War.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

December 24, 1919.

A PROCLAMATION

RELINQUISHMENT OF FEDERAL CONTROL OF AMERICAN RAILWAY EXPRESS COMPANY.

American Railway Express Company.

WHEREAS, in the exercise of authority committed to me by law, I have heretofore, through the Secretary of War, taken possession of and have, through the Director General of Railroads, exercised control over that system of transportation called the American Railway Express Company and all of its appurtenances and property of every kind or nature, directly or indirectly, owned, leased, chartered, controlled, or used in the conduct of, or in connection with, its express business; and

Preamble.
Vol. 40, pp. 451, 1733.

WHEREAS, I now deem it needful and desirable that the American Railway Express Company, together with all of its property and appurtenances, be relinquished from Federal control;

NOW, THEREFORE, under authority of Section 14 of the Federal Control Act approved March 21, 1918, and of all other powers and provisions of law thereto me enabling, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, do hereby relinquish from Federal control, effective the first day of March 1920, at 12:01 o'clock A. M., the American Railway Express Company and all of its appurtenances and property of every kind or nature, directly or indirectly, owned, leased, chartered, controlled, or used in the conduct of, or in connection with, its express business, and restore the same to the possession and control of its owners.

Federal control of, relinquished on March 1, 1920.
Vol. 40, p. 456.

Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, or his successor in office, is hereby authorized and directed, through such agents and agencies as he may determine, in any manner not inconsistent with the provisions of said Act of March 21, 1918, to adjust, settle and close all matters, and all questions and disputes of whatsoever nature arising out of or incident to Federal control of the American Railway Express Company, until otherwise provided by proclamation of the President or by Act of Congress; and generally to do and perform, as fully in all respects as the President is authorized to do, all and singular the acts and things necessary or proper in order to carry into effect this proclamation and the relinquishment of said American Railway Express Company.

Director General of Railroads authorized to carry proclamation into effect.

For the purposes of accounting and for all other purposes, this proclamation shall become effective on the first day of March, 1920, at 12:01 o'clock A. M.

Effective date for accounts, etc.

PROCLAMATIONS, 1919, 1920.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done by the President, through Newton D. Baker, Secretary of War, in the District of Columbia, this 24th day of December [SEAL.] the year of our Lord 1919 and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty Fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.
NEWTON D. BAKER
Secretary of War.

December 27, 1919.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Idaho and Payette
National Forests,
Idaho.
Preamble.
Ante, p. 524.

WHEREAS, An Act of Congress, dated October 29, 1919, Public No. 69, set apart and reserved certain lands in central Idaho as national forest lands, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior and to all valid existing claims, and included said lands within specified National Forests; and

WHEREAS, on December 23, 1919, the Secretary of the Interior approved such reservation of said lands; and

WHEREAS, It is desirable in the public interest to publish the consummation of said Act in order that due judicial notice thereof may be taken by all courts of law, and for other purposes;

Area extended.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, do proclaim that the inclusion of the said lands in National Forests pursuant to said Act became effective as of December 23, 1919, and that the said lands are those indicated as additions to the Idaho and Payette National Forests, respectively, on the diagram hereto attached and forming a part hereof.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 27th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and nine- [SEAL.] teen, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

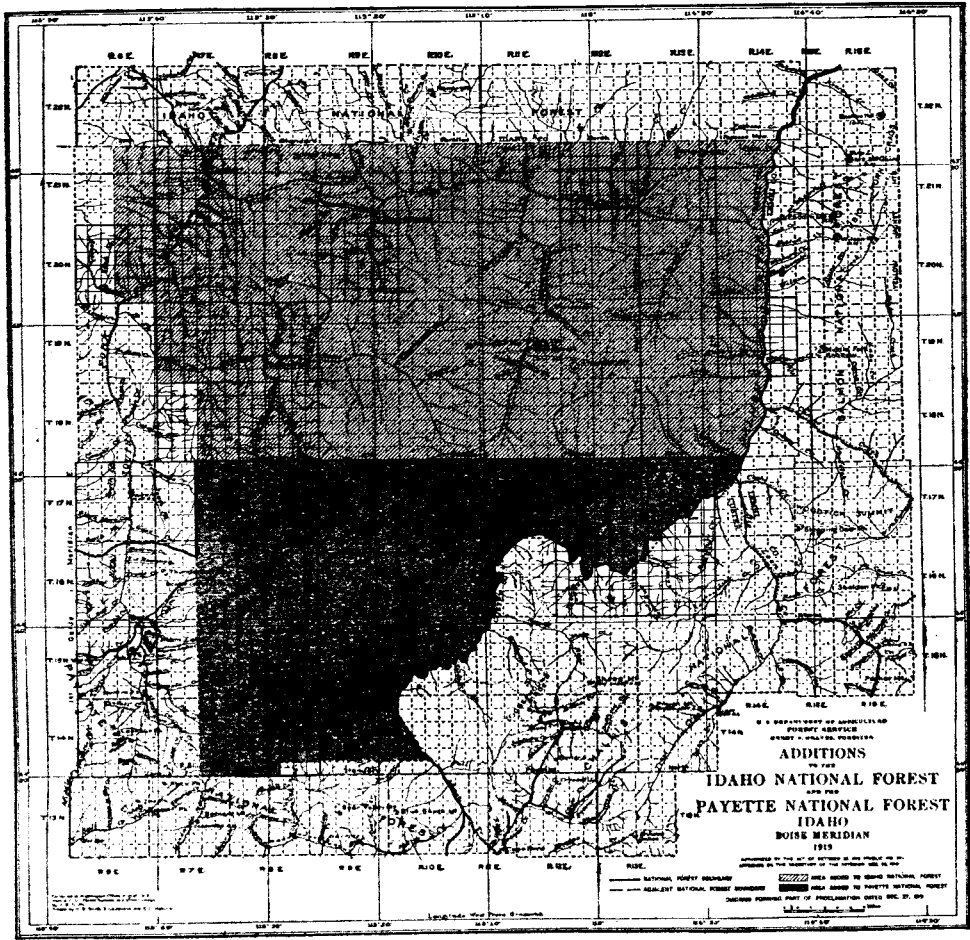
January 16, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

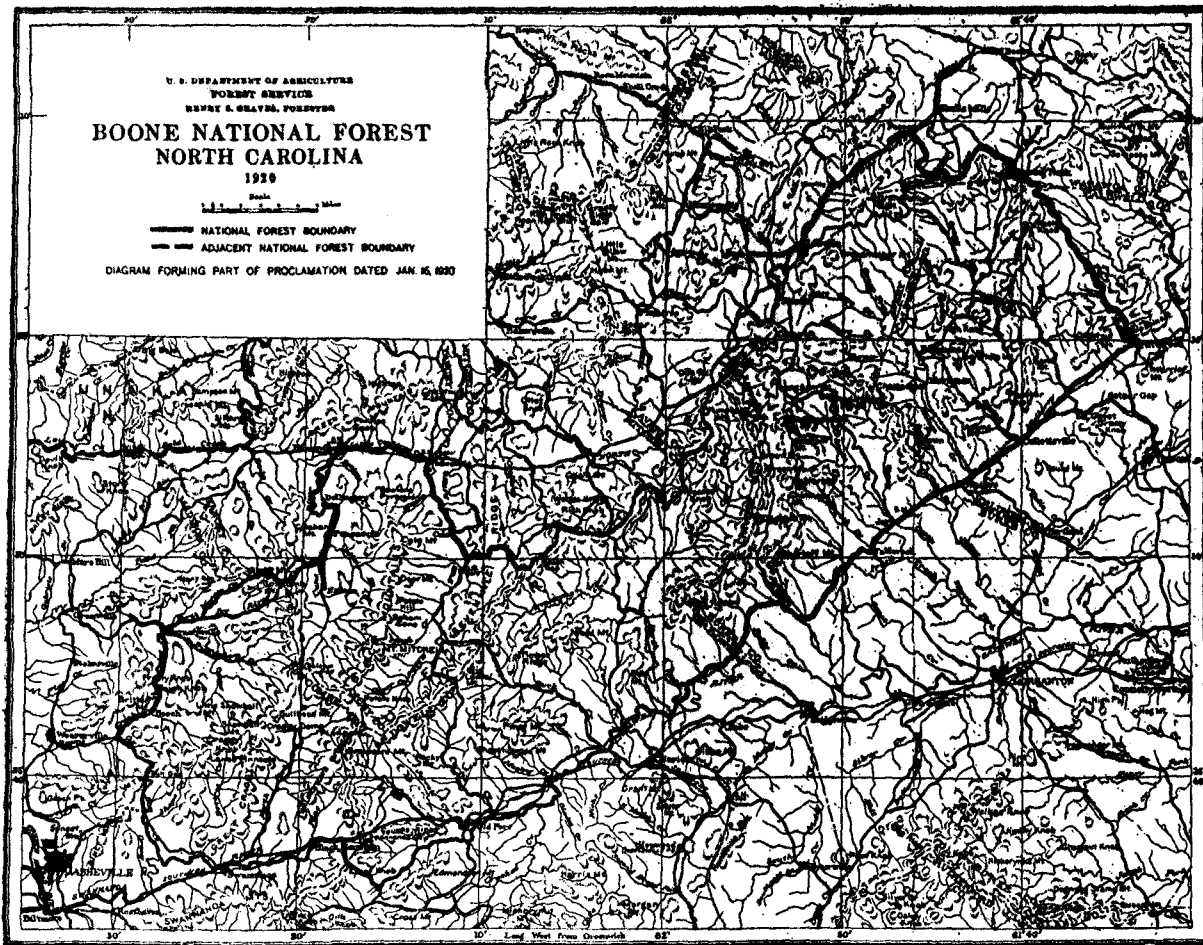
A PROCLAMATION.

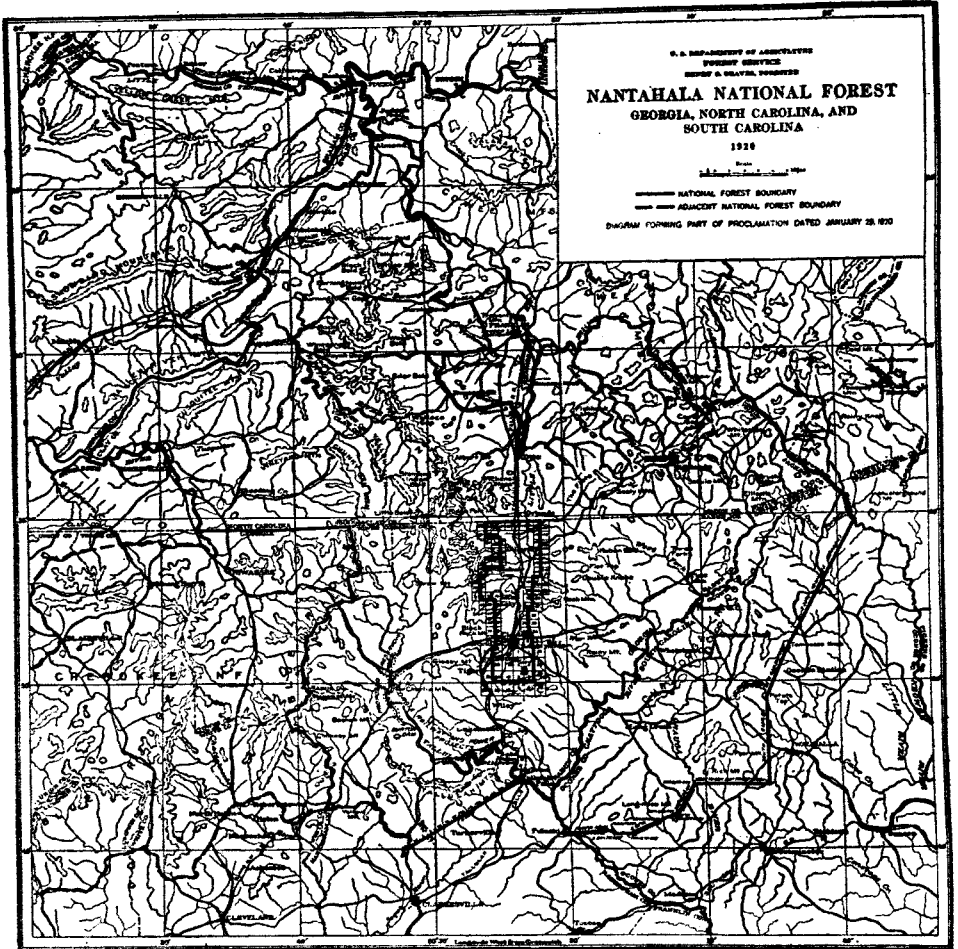
Boone National For-
est, N. C.
Preamble.
Vol. 36, p. 861.

WHEREAS, certain lands within the State of North Carolina have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of the Act of Congress approved March first, nineteen hundred and eleven (36 Stat., 961), entitled "An Act To enable any State to cooperate with any other State or States, or with the United States, for the protection of the watersheds of navigable streams, and to appoint a commission for the acquisition of lands for the purpose of conserving the navigability of navigable rivers" and



1734-2





1784-3

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by reserving and setting apart said lands as a public forest reservation and the same have been designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as the Boone National Forest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section eleven of said Act and by section twenty-four of the Act of March three, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act To repeal timberculture laws and for other purposes", do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and set apart as a public forest reservation all of said lands within the area shown as the Boone National Forest on the diagram attached hereto and made a part hereof, and that all lands therein which have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of said Act of March first, nineteen hundred and eleven, shall be permanently reserved and administered as part of the Boone National Forest.

National Forest,
North Carolina.
Vol. 36, p. 963.
Vol. 26, p. 1103.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 16 day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty, [SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

January 29, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, certain lands within the States of Georgia, North Carolina and South Carolina have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of the Act of Congress approved March first, nineteen hundred and eleven (36 Stat., 961), entitled "An Act To enable any State to cooperate with any other State or States, or with the United States, for the protection of the watersheds of navigable streams, and to appoint a commission for the acquisition of lands for the purpose of conserving the navigability of navigable rivers"; and

Nantahala National
Forest, Ga., N. C., and
S. C.
Preamble.
Vol. 36, p. 961.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by reserving and setting apart said lands as a public forest reservation, and the same have been designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as the Nantahala National Forest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section eleven of said Act and by section twenty-four of the Act of March three, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws and for other purposes", do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and set apart as a public forest reservation all of said lands within the area shown as the Nantahala National Forest on the diagram attached hereto and made a part hereof, and that all lands therein which have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of said Act of March first, nineteen hundred and eleven, shall be permanently reserved and administered as part of the Nantahala National Forest.

National Forest,
Georgia, North Caro-
lina, and South Caro-
lina.
Vol. 36, p. 963.
Vol. 26, p. 1103.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 29th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty, [SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING
Secretary of State.

February 12, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Federal Railroad control.
Preamble.
Ante, p. 359.

WHEREAS, it is provided in Section 4 of the Act of Congress approved November 19, 1919, entitled, "An Act to Provide for the Reimbursement of the United States for motive power, cars, and other equipment ordered for railroads and systems of transportation under Federal control and for other purposes", that the President may execute any of the powers therein granted through such agencies as he may determine;

Appointing Director General of Railroads agent to effect reimbursement for equipment furnished carriers, etc.
Ante, p. 1782.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, under and by virtue of the powers and authority vested in me by law affecting the Federal control of railroads and systems of transportation, and under said Act of Congress approved November 19, 1919, and of all powers me hereto enabling, do hereby constitute and appoint Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, my agency for the purpose of executing, and authorize and empower him to execute, any and all of the powers granted to me by the said Act of November 19, 1919, either personally or through such divisions, agencies, or persons as he may appoint, and either in name of the President or in his own name or in the name of such divisions, agencies, or persons, as fully in all respects as the President is authorized to execute any and all said powers.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this 12th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty, and of the Independence [SEAL.] of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

ROBERT LANSING,
Secretary of State.

February 17, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Hawaiian Islands.
Preamble.

Vol. 31, p. 159.

Vol. 36, p. 447.

WHEREAS section ninety-one of the Act of Congress approved April thirtieth, nineteen hundred, entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii" (31 Stat., 141-159), as amended by section seven of the Act approved May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and ten (36 Stat., 443, 447), authorizing the transfer of the title to certain public property ceded and transferred to the United

States by the Republic of Hawaii under the joint resolution of annexation, approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight (30 Stat., 750), and in the possession and use of the Territory of Hawaii, to said Territory; and

Vol. 30, p. 750.

WHEREAS it is necessary that the title to such public property be transferred to the Territory of Hawaii;

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power vested in me by section seven of the Act of Congress approved May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and ten (36 Stat., 443, 447), do hereby transfer to the Territory of Hawaii the title to all such public property so ceded by the Republic of Hawaii and in the possession and use of said Territory for the purposes of water, sewer, electric, and other public works, penal, charitable, scientific, and educational institutions, cemeteries, hospitals, parks, highways, wharves, landings, harbor improvements, public buildings, or other public purposes, or required for any such purposes: *Provided*, That this proclamation shall not affect the title to any such public property within the said Territory taken for the uses and purposes of the United States, unless such property has been or shall be restored to its previous status by direction of the President of the United States in accordance with said section seven of the Act approved May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and ten.

Title of property ceded by Republic transferred to the Territory.

Restoration of previous status.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 17th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty [SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

February 27, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it is provided by the Act of Congress of March 4, 1909, entitled "An Act to amend and consolidate the Acts respecting copyright", that the benefits of said Act shall extend to the work of an author or proprietor who is a citizen or subject of a foreign state or nation, only upon certain conditions set forth in Section 8 of said Act, to-wit:

Copyrights. Preamble. Vol. 35, p. 1077.

(a) When an alien author or proprietor shall be domiciled within the United States at the time of the first publication of his work; or

(b) When the foreign state or nation of which such author or proprietor is a citizen or subject grants, either by treaty, convention, agreement, or law, to citizens of the United States the benefit of copyright on substantially the same basis as to its own citizens, or copyright protection substantially equal to the protection secured to such foreign author under this Act or by treaty; or when such foreign state or nation is a party to an international agreement which provides for reciprocity in the granting of copyright, by the terms of which agreement the United States may, at its pleasure, become a party thereto;

AND, WHEREAS, it is also provided by said Section that "The existence of the reciprocal conditions aforesaid shall be determined

by the President of the United States, by proclamation made from time to time, as the purposes of this Act may require”;

AND, WHEREAS, The King of Sweden has declared, under authority of law, that on and after February 1, 1920, citizens of the United States shall be entitled to all the benefits conferred by the new copyright laws of Sweden, including the exclusive right to reproduce their works by means of records or perforated rolls or any other appliances for mechanical reproduction;

Benefits extended to subjects of Sweden, including mechanical musical reproductions.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, do declare and proclaim that one of the alternative conditions specified in Section 8 of the Act of March 4, 1909, was fulfilled in respect to the subjects of Sweden on February 1, 1920, and that the subjects of Sweden from and after that date shall be entitled to all the benefits of the said Act, and the acts amendatory thereof to and including the Act of Congress of March 28, 1914, including copyright controlling the parts of instruments serving to reproduce mechanically a musical work, as provided in Section 1 (e) of the said Act, in the case of all works by Swedish authors which have been published on or after February 1, 1920, and have been deposited and registered for copyright in the United States.

Vol. 38, p. 311.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE at the City of Washington this 27th day of February, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty, and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK

Acting Secretary of State.

February 28, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Transportation Act, 1920.
Preamble.
Ante, p. 456.

WHEREAS the Act approved February 28th, 1920, entitled “An Act to provide for the termination of Federal control of railroads and systems of transportation; to provide for the settlement of disputes between carriers and their employees; to further amend an Act entitled ‘An Act to regulate commerce’, approved February 4, 1887, as amended, and for other purposes”, contains certain provisions with reference to the termination of Federal control of railroads and systems of transportation, and

Ante, p. 469.

WHEREAS Section 211 of said Act is as follows:

“Sec. 211. All powers and duties conferred or imposed upon the President by the preceding sections of this Act, except the designation of the agent under section 206, may be executed by him through such agency or agencies as he may determine”.

Director General of Railroads designated to exercise powers conferred upon the President in terminating Federal control.
Post, p. 1793.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, under and by virtue of the power and authority so vested in me by said Act, and of all other powers me hereto enabling, do hereby designate and appoint Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, or his successor in office, either personally or through such divisions, agencies or persons as he may appoint, to exercise and perform all and singular the powers and duties conferred or imposed upon me by the provisions of said Act of February 28th, 1920, except the designation of the agent under Section 206 thereof; and hereby confirm

Exception.
Ante, p. 461.

and continue in him, and his successors in office, all powers and authority heretofore delegated under the Federal Control Act, approved March 21, 1918, except as such powers and authority have been limited in the said Act of February 28th, 1920.

Powers under Federal Control Act continued. Vol. 40, p. 451.

The said Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, or his successor in office, is hereby authorized and directed, until otherwise provided by proclamation of the President or by Act of Congress, to do and perform as fully in all respects as the President is authorized to do all and singular the acts and things necessary or proper in order to carry into effect the provisions of this proclamation, the provisions of said Act of February 28th, 1920, and the unrepealed provisions of the said Federal Control Act of March 21, 1918.

Full power conferred.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done by the President in the District of Columbia this 28th day of February, in the year of our Lord Nineteen Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty Fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK
Acting Secretary of State

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

March 11, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Section 206 of the Act approved February 28, 1920, entitled "An Act to provide for the termination of Federal control of railroads and systems of transportation; to provide for the settlement of disputes between carriers and their employees; to further amend an Act entitled 'An Act to regulate commerce', approved February 4, 1887, as amended, and for other purposes", provides that the President shall within thirty (30) days after the passage of said Act designate an agent against whom shall be brought actions at law, suits in equity, and proceedings in admiralty, based on causes of action arising out of the possession, use, or operation by the President of the railroad or system of transportation of any carrier (under the provisions of the Federal Control Act, or of the Act of August 29, 1916) of such character as prior to Federal control could have been brought against such carrier.

Transportation Act, 1920. Preamble. Ante, p. 461.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, under and by virtue of the power and authority so vested in me by said Act, and of all other powers me hereto enabling, do hereby designate and appoint Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, and his successor in office, as the agent provided for in Section 206 of said Act, approved February 28, 1920.

Designating Director General of Railroads to be agent in actions arising out of Federal control. Post, p. 1794.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done by the President in the District of Columbia this 11th day of March, in the year of our Lord, Nineteen Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty Fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

FRANK L. POLK
Acting Secretary of State.

April 10, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Copyrights.
Preamble.
Vol. 35, p. 1075.

WHEREAS it is provided by the Act of Congress of March 4, 1909, entitled "An Act to Amend and Consolidate the Acts Respecting Copyright," that the provisions of Section 1 (e) of said Act, "so far as they secure copyright controlling the parts of instruments serving to reproduce mechanically the musical work, shall include only compositions published and copyrighted after this Act goes into effect, and shall not include the works of a foreign author or composer unless the foreign state or nation of which such author or composer is a citizen or subject grants, either by treaty, convention, agreement, or law, to citizens of the United States similar rights":

AND WHEREAS it is further provided that the copyright secured by the Act shall extend to the work of an author or proprietor who is a citizen or subject of a foreign state or nation, only upon certain conditions set forth in section 8 of said Act, to wit:

Vol. 35, p. 1077.

(a) When an alien author or proprietor shall be domiciled within the United States at the time of the first publication of his work; or

(b) When the foreign state or nation of which such author or proprietor is a citizen or subject grants, either by treaty, convention, agreement, or law, to citizens of the United States the benefit of copyright on substantially the same basis as to its own citizens, or copyright protection substantially equal to the protection secured to such foreign author under this Act or by treaty; or when such foreign state or nation is a party to an international agreement which provides for reciprocity in the granting of copyright, by the terms of which agreement the United States may, at its pleasure, become a party thereto:

Production of works
abroad during the
World War.
Acte, p. 369.

AND WHEREAS it is further provided by the Act of Congress approved December 18, 1919, "that all works made the subject of copyright by the laws of the United States first produced or published abroad after August 1, 1914, and before the date of the President's proclamation of peace, of which the authors or proprietors are citizens or subjects of any foreign state or nation granting similar protection for works by citizens of the United States, the existence of which shall be determined by a copyright proclamation issued by the President of the United States, shall be entitled to the protection conferred by the copyright laws of the United States from and after the accomplishment, before the expiration of fifteen months after the date of the President's proclamation of peace, of the conditions and formalities prescribed with respect to such works by the copyright laws of the United States: Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to deprive any person of any right which he may have acquired by the republication of such foreign work in the United States prior to the approval of this Act."

AND WHEREAS the President is authorized to determine and declare by proclamation the existence of similar protection for works by citizens of the United States as the purposes of the Act may require;

Action of Govern-
ment of Great Britain.

AND WHEREAS satisfactory official assurance has been given by the Government of Great Britain that, by virtue of the authority conferred by the British Copyright Act, 1911, a British Order in Council was duly issued on February 9, 1920, directing that:—

"1. The Copyright Act, 1911, shall, subject to the provisions of the said Act and of this Order, apply to works first published in the United States of America between the 1st August, 1914, and the termination of the war, which have not been republished prior to the commencement of this Order in the parts of His Majesty's Domin-

ions to which this Order applies, in like manner as if they had been first published within the parts of His Majesty's Dominions to which the said Act extends:

"Provided that the enjoyment by any work of the rights conferred by the Copyright Act, 1911, shall be conditional upon publication of the work in the Dominions to which this Order relates not later than six months after the termination of the war, and shall commence from and after such publication, which shall not be colourable only, but shall be intended to satisfy the reasonable requirements of the public.

"2. The provisions of Section 15 of the Copyright Act, 1911, as to the delivery of books to libraries shall apply to works to which this Order relates upon their publication in the United Kingdom.

"3. In the case of musical works to which this Order relates and provided that no contrivances by means of which the work may be mechanically performed have before the commencement of this Order been lawfully made, or placed on sale, within the parts of His Majesty's Dominions to which this Order applies, copyright in the work shall include all rights conferred by the said Act with respect to the making of records, perforated rolls and other contrivances by means of which the work may be mechanically performed.

"4. This Order shall apply to all His Majesty's Dominions, Colonies, and Possessions with the exception of those hereinafter named, that is to say: The Dominion of Canada; The Commonwealth of Australia; The Dominion of New Zealand; The Union of South Africa; Newfoundland.

"5. Nothing in this Order shall be construed as depriving any work of any rights which have been lawfully acquired under the provisions of the Copyright Act, 1911, or any Order in Council thereunder.

"6. This Order shall take effect as from the 2nd day of February, 1920, which day is in this Order referred to as the commencement of this Order.

"And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are to give the necessary orders accordingly."

NOW THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim

1. That one of the alternative conditions specified in Sections 1 (c) and 8 (b) of the Act of March 4, 1909, and acts amendatory thereof, including the Act of December 18, 1919, now exists and is fulfilled and since February 2, 1920, has been fulfilled in respect to the subjects of Great Britain and the British Dominions, Colonies, and Possessions, with the exception of the self governing Dominions of Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa and Newfoundland, and that such British subjects are entitled to all the benefits of the Copyright Act of March 4, 1909, and the acts amendatory thereof, including the Act of December 18, 1919, for all of their works first published in Great Britain between August 1, 1914, and before the President's proclamation of peace, and not already republished in the United States:

Provided that the enjoyment by any work of the rights and benefits conferred by the Copyright Act of March 4, 1909, and the acts amendatory thereof, including the Act of December 18, 1919, shall be conditional upon compliance with the requirements and formalities prescribed with respect to such works by the copyright laws of the United States before the expiration of fifteen months after the date of the President's proclamation of peace, and shall commence from and after compliance with those requirements, constituting due registration for copyright in the United States.

2. That in the case of musical works to which this proclamation relates, and provided that no contrivances, including records, perforated rolls and other devices by means of which the work may be

Benefits extended to subjects of Great Britain for works published therein, etc., since August 1, 1914, and not in United States. Vol. 35, pp. 1075, 1077. A. etc. p. 369.

Conditions.

Application to mechanical musical reproductions.

mechanically performed, have been lawfully made or placed on sale within the United States before February 2, 1920, copyright shall include the special benefit of Section 1 (e) of the Copyright Act of March 4, 1909, namely "copyright controlling the parts of instruments serving to reproduce mechanically the musical work."

Rights under previous arrangements not affected.

3. Nothing in this proclamation shall be construed to abrogate or limit any rights and benefits conferred under the reciprocal arrangements with Great Britain or its self-governing Dominions providing for copyright protection heretofore proclaimed.

Effective February 2, 1920.

This proclamation shall take effect as from the 2nd day of February, 1920.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this tenth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty and of [SEAL.] the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

April 28, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Monongahela National Forest, Va. and W. Va.
Preamble.
Vol. 36, p. 961.

WHEREAS, certain lands within the States of Virginia and West Virginia have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of the Act of Congress approved March first, nineteen hundred and eleven (36 Stat., 961), entitled "An Act To enable any State to cooperate with any other State, or States or with the United States, for the protection of watersheds of navigable streams, and to appoint a commission for the acquisition of lands for the purpose of conserving the navigability of navigable rivers"; and

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by reserving and setting apart said lands as a public forest reservation, and the same have been designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as the Monongahela National Forest;

National Forest, Virginia and West Virginia.
Vol. 36, p. 963.
Vol. 26, p. 1103.

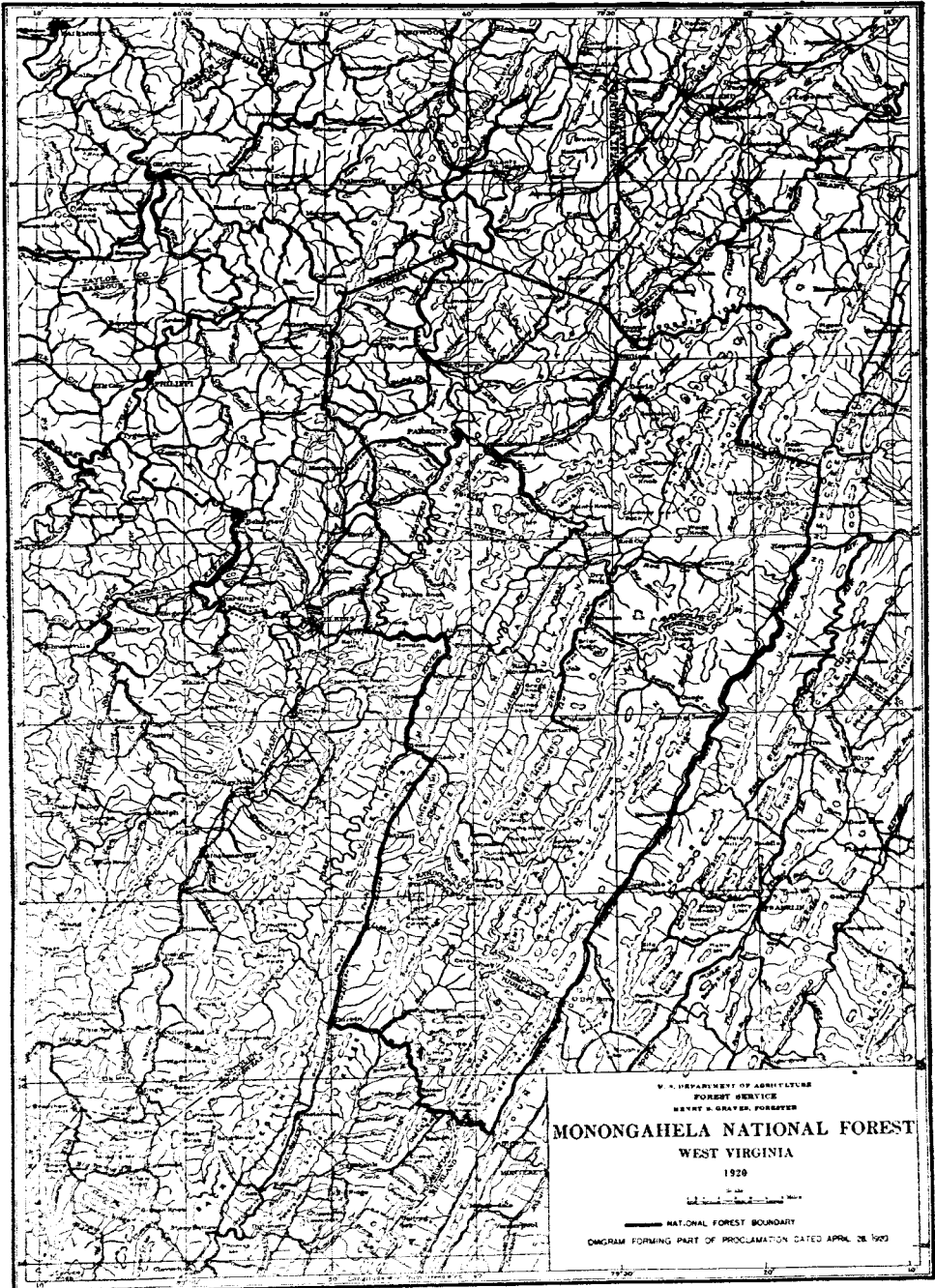
NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section eleven of said Act and by section twenty-four of the Act of March three, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws and for other purposes", do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and set apart as a public forest reservation all of said lands within the area shown as the Monongahela National Forest on the diagram attached hereto and made a part hereof, and that all lands therein which have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of said Act of March first, nineteen hundred and eleven, shall be permanently reserved and administered as part of the Monongahela National Forest.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 28th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty, [SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.



BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES.

May 5, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas it appears that because of droughts and adverse weather conditions many purchasers and entrymen under Proclamation of September 28, 1914 (38 Stat., 2029), and under Proclamation of April 6, 1917 (40 Stat., 1653), of lands in the ceded portion of the Crow Indian Reservation, Montana, are unable to make payment of the required installments of purchase money, it is hereby ordered and directed that additional time for the payment of sums now due and unpaid be allowed until the 1921 anniversaries of the dates of the sales and entries to all such purchasers and entrymen who, within sixty days from receipt of notice to be given them by the Register and Receiver of the district land office, make payment to the Receiver of such land office of interest on the amounts in arrears, from the dates when the amounts became due, to the said anniversaries, at the rate of five per centum per annum. The said officers will promptly serve notice on all such purchasers and entrymen of the extension of time for payments herein authorized, and that if such extension is not secured within sixty days from receipt of notice, by the payment of interest as herein provided, or if within such time payment is not made, without interest, of all sums in arrears, the said purchases and entries will be reported by them to the General Land Office for cancellation.

Crow Indian Reservation, Mont.
Preamble.
Vol. 38, p. 2029; Vol. 40, p. 1653.

Additional time allowed to pay installments for ceded lands of.

Conditions.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 5th day of May, in the year of our Lord Nineteen Hundred and twenty and of the Independence of the United States, the One Hundred and Forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

May 14, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS Walker D. Hines has tendered his resignation as Director General of Railroads to become effective the 18th day of May, 1920: and

Transportation Act, 1920.
Preamble.
Ante, p. 1788.

WHEREAS such resignation has been accepted effective as of such date.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, under and by virtue of the power and authority so vested in me under the Transportation Act of 1920, the unrepealed provisions of the Federal Control Act of March 21, 1918, and the "Act making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes", approved August 29, 1916, and of all other powers me hereto enabling, do hereby appoint, effective the 18th day of May, 1920, John Barton Payne, of Illinois, Director General of Railroads in the stead of the said Walker D. Hines, and do hereby delegate to and continue and confirm in him all powers and authority heretofore granted to and now possessed by the said Walker D. Hines as Director General of Railroads; and do hereby authorize and direct the said John Barton Payne, or his

Appointing John Barton Payne, Director General of Railroads.
Authority conferred.
Ante, p. 469.

Vol. 40, p. 451.
Vol. 39, p. 645.

successor in office, until otherwise provided by Proclamation of the President or by Act of Congress, either personally or through such divisions, agencies or persons as he may authorize, to exercise and perform, as fully in all respects as the President is authorized to do, all and singular the powers and duties conferred or imposed upon me by the said unrepealed provisions of the Federal Control Act of March 21, 1918, and the said Transportation Act of February 28, 1920, except the designation of the Agent under Section 206 thereof.

Act, p. 1788.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE by the President in the District of Columbia this 14th day of May, in the year of our Lord, Nineteen Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty-fourth.

• WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY

Secretary of State.

May 14, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Transportation Act,
1920.

Preamble.
Act, p. 1789.

WHEREAS by Proclamation dated March 11th, 1920, Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, was designated as the Agent provided for in Section 206 of the Transportation Act, 1920; and

WHEREAS the said Walker D. Hines, Director General of Railroads, as aforesaid has tendered his resignation as said Agent, which has been duly accepted, effective as of 18 May, 1920:

Designating John
Barton Payne as agent
in actions arising out
of Federal control.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, under and by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by said Act, and of all other powers me hereto enabling, do hereby designate and appoint, effective the 18th day of May, 1920, John Barton Payne, Director General of Railroads, and his successor in office, as the Agent provided for in Section 206 of said Act, approved February 28, 1920.

Act, p. 461.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE by the President in the District of Columbia this 14th day of May, in the year of our Lord, Nineteen Hundred [SEAL.] and Twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY

Secretary of State.

May 25, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION

Cereals and cereal
products.
Preamble.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide further for the national security and defense by encouraging the production, conserving the supply and controlling the distribution of food products and fuel", approved by the Presi-

dent on the 10th day of August, 1917, it is provided among other things as follows:

"That, by reason of the existence of a state of war, it is essential to the national security and defense, for the successful prosecution of the war, and for the support and maintenance of the Army and Navy, to assure an adequate supply and equitable distribution, and to facilitate the movement of foods, feeds, fuel, including fuel oil and natural gas, fertilizer and fertilizer ingredients, tools, utensils, implements, machinery, and equipment required for actual production of foods, feeds, and fuel, hereafter in this act called necessities; to prevent, locally or generally, scarcity, monopolization, hoarding injurious speculation, manipulations, and private controls, affecting such supply, distribution, and movement; and to establish and maintain governmental control of such necessities during the war. For such purposes the instrumentalities, means, methods, powers, authorities, duties, obligations, and prohibitions hereinafter set forth are created, established, conferred, and prescribed. The President is authorized to make such regulations and to issue such orders as are essential effectively to carry out the provisions of this act."

Statutory provisions,
Vol. 40, p. 276.

AND, WHEREAS, it is further provided in said act as follows:

"That, from time to time, whenever the President shall find it essential to license the importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities, in order to carry into effect any of the purposes of this Act, and shall publicly so announce, no person shall, after a date fixed in the announcement, engage in or carry on any such business specified in the announcement of importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities as set forth in such announcement, unless he shall secure and hold a license issued pursuant to this section. The President is authorized to issue such licenses and to prescribe regulations for systems of accounts and auditing of accounts to be kept by licensees, submission of reports by them, with or without oath or affirmation and the entry and inspection by the President's duly authorized agents of the places of business of licensees."

Vol. 40, p. 277.

AND WHEREAS, by virtue of the above provisions certain public announcements were made by the President from time to time as a result of which the importation, manufacture, storage and distribution of certain necessities were licensed.

AND WHEREAS, a changed situation has been brought about by the present armistice in the war between the United States and Germany, and by the carrying out of the price guarantees made to producers of wheat of the crop of nineteen hundred and nineteen.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the powers conferred upon me by said Act of Congress, hereby find and determine and by this proclamation do announce that it is no longer essential in order to carry into effect the purposes of the Act that the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities be subject to license, to the extent hereinafter specified.

Announcing the licensing of specified necessities no longer essential.

Licenses heretofore required for the importation, manufacture, storage, or distribution of certain necessities are hereby cancelled, effective June 1, 1920, with respect to the following:

Licenses canceled.

All persons, firms, corporations or associations engaged in the business of importing, manufacturing, storing or distributing corn, oats, barley, wheat, rye, flour, or any other product or by product of the foregoing named necessities.

Importers, etc., of cereals and their products.

All regulations issued under the said Act covering licensees so dealing in these commodities are hereby cancelled, effective June 1, 1920.

Regulations canceled from June 1, 1920.

Sugar not affected.

This Proclamation shall in no way affect licenses heretofore required for the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of sugar, or general or special regulations governing sugar licensees.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia, this 25th day of May, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty, [SEAL] and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-Fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

June 3, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Anthracite coal mining.
Preamble.
Ante, p. 1015.

WHEREAS, the wage scale of the anthracite coal operators and miners expired on March 31, 1920; and

WHEREAS, the operators' and miners' wage scale committee has been in conference since early in March in an effort to negotiate a new wage scale; and

WHEREAS, the committee agreed at the beginning of its sessions that any agreement finally arrived at would become retroactive to the first of April, 1920; and

WHEREAS, I addressed a communication to the scale committee on May 21, 1920, when a disagreement was imminent, in which I said that if the scale committee was unable to reach an agreement I would "insist that the matters in dispute be submitted to the determination of a commission to be appointed by me, the award of the commission to be retroactive to the first of April in accordance with the arrangement you have already entered into, and that work be continued at the mines pending the decision of the commission. I shall hold myself in readiness to appoint a commission similarly constituted to the one I recently appointed in connection with the bituminous coal mining industry as soon as I learn that both sides have signified their willingness to continue at work and abide by its decisions"; and

WHEREAS, I have been advised that both sides have signified their willingness to accept and abide by the award of a commission thus constituted; and

WHEREAS, the scale committee has further agreed as follows:

"(1) The terms and provisions of the award of the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission and subsequent agreements made in modifications thereof or supplemental thereto, as well as the rulings and decisions of the Board of Conciliation, will be ratified and continued, excepting insofar as they may be changed by the award of the commission.

"(2) When the award of the commission is made it will be written into an agreement between the anthracite operators and miners in such manner as the commission may determine.

"(3) It is understood that neither operators nor miners are in any manner bound by any tentative suggestions that have been made during the period of their negotiations and that either side shall use its own discretion in the presentation of its case in connection with matters at issue";

Appointing commission to decide wage differences between operators and miners.

NOW THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, hereby appoint William O. Thompson, of Columbus, Ohio, Neal J. Ferry, of McAdoo, Pennsylvania, and William L. Con-

nell, of Scranton, Pennsylvania, a Commission to hear and decide the questions in dispute between the anthracite coal operators and miners. Its report will be made within sixty days if possible, will be retroactive to April 1, 1920, and will be made the basis of a new wage agreement between the anthracite operators and miners in such manner as the Commission may determine.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 3d day of June, in the year of our Lord, Nineteen Hundred and Twenty, and of [SEAL.] the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

June 12, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, section 2 of the act of Congress approved October 20, 1914 (38 Stat., 741), authorizes the mining of coal from reserved areas in Alaska, under the direction of the President, when necessary for the Navy or for other purposes specified in the act, and

Alaska coal areas.
Preamble.
Vol. 38, p. 741.

WHEREAS, the act of June 4, 1920, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, and for other purposes" contained a provision for securing coal in Alaska,

Note, p. 826.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, under and by virtue of said statutes, do hereby authorize and direct the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Interior, when and if an appropriation for such work becomes available, to mine and prospect for coal, to transport the same, to construct coal bunkers and the necessary docks for use in supplying ships therewith, to erect the necessary structures, to purchase the necessary equipment for mining, prospecting, washing, loading, and/or transporting coal from "Leasing Unit No. 12" or any other reserved areas in the Matanuska field, Alaska, for the purpose of supplying coal for the Navy, and to enter into such cooperative arrangement as may be deemed advisable to carry out the provisions of this Proclamation.

Directing mining for
naval uses in Mata-
nuska field.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 12th day of June, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

June 14, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Cherokee National
Forest, Ga. and Tenn.
Preamble.
Vol. 36, p. 961.

WHEREAS, certain lands within the States of Georgia and Tennessee have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of the Act of Congress approved March first, nineteen hundred and eleven (36 Stat., 961), entitled "An Act To enable any State to cooperate with any other State or States, or with the United States, for the protection of the watersheds of navigable streams, and to appoint a commission for the acquisition of lands for the purpose of conserving the navigability of navigable rivers"; and

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by reserving and setting apart said lands as a public forest reservation, and the same have been designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as the Cherokee National Forest;

National Forest,
Georgia and Tennessee.
Vol. 36, p. 963.
Vol. 26, p. 1103.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section eleven of said Act and by section twenty-four of the Act of March three, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws and for other purposes", do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and set apart as a public forest reservation all of said lands within the area shown as the Cherokee National Forest on the diagram attached hereto and made a part hereof, and that all lands therein which have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of said Act of March first, nineteen hundred and eleven, shall be permanently reserved and administered as part of the Cherokee National Forest.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 14th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty,
[SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fourth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

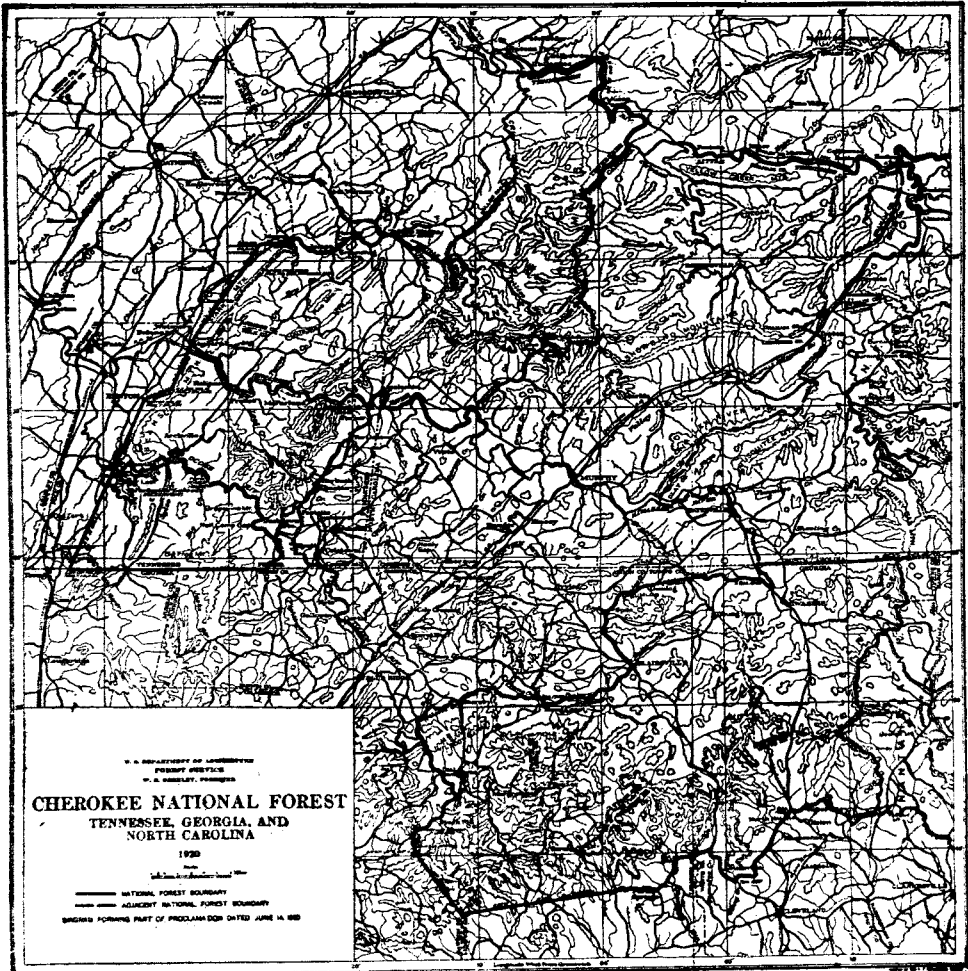
July 9, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION

Protection of migra-
tory birds.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 755.
Vol. 39, p. 1702.
Ante, p. 1764.

WHEREAS, The Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to the authority contained in Section three of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (40 Stat., 755), has submitted to me for approval Regulations, further amendatory of the Regulations approved and proclaimed July 31, 1918, which the Secretary of Agriculture has determined to be suitable amendatory Regulations permitting and governing the hunting, taking, capture, killing, possession, sale, purchase, shipment, transportation, carriage, and export of said birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs, which said amendments are as follows:



REGULATION 1.—DEFINITIONS OF MIGRATORY BIRDS. Definitions of migratory birds.

Regulation 1, paragraph 2, is amended so as to read as follows:

2. *Migratory insectivorous birds:* Cuckoos; flickers and other woodpeckers; nighthawks or bull-bats and whip-poor-wills; swifts; hummingbirds; flycatchers; bobolinks, meadowlarks, and orioles; grosbeaks; tanagers; martins and other swallows; waxwings; shrikes; vireos; warblers; pipits; catbirds and brown thrashers; wrens; brown creepers; nuthatches; chickadees and titmice; kinglets and gnatcatchers; robins and other thrushes; and all other perching birds which feed entirely or chiefly on insects. Migratory insectivorous birds. Vol. 40, p. 1813, amended.

REGULATION 4.—OPEN SEASONS ON AND POSSESSION OF CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS.

Regulation 4, paragraph 2, is amended so as to read as follows:

Waterfowl (except wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), rails, coot, gallinules, black-bellied and golden plovers, greater and lesser yellow-legs, woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, and mourning doves may be taken each day from half an hour before sunrise to sunset during the open seasons prescribed therefor in this regulation, by the means and in the numbers permitted by Regulations 3 and 5 hereof, respectively, and when so taken, may be possessed any day in any State, Territory, or District during the period constituting the open season where killed and for an additional period of 10 days next succeeding said open season, but no such birds shall be possessed in a State, Territory, or District at a time when such State, Territory, or District prohibits the possession thereof. Open seasons. Daylight requirements. Vol. 40, p. 1813, amended.

Regulation 4, subtitle "Doves," is amended so as to read as follows:

Doves.—The open seasons for mourning doves shall be as follows: In Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Arkansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Utah, Arizona, California, Nevada, Idaho, and Oregon the open season shall be from September 1 to December 15; and Restrictions. Doves. Open seasons for mourning doves modified. Vol. 40, p. 1815. A note, p. 1764, amended.

In North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Louisiana, and Mississippi the open season shall be from October 16 to January 31.

REGULATION 6.—SHIPMENT, TRANSPORTATION, AND POSSESSION OF CERTAIN MIGRATORY GAME BIRDS.

Regulation 6, title is amended as above, and regulation is amended so as to read as follows:

Waterfowl (except wood duck, eider ducks, and swans), rails, coot, gallinules, black-bellied and golden plovers, greater and lesser yellow-legs, woodcock, Wilson snipe or jacksnipe, and mourning doves and parts thereof legally taken may be transported in or out of the State where taken during the respective open seasons in that State, and may be imported from Canada during the open season in the Province where taken, in any manner, but not more than the number thereof that may be taken in two days by one person under these regulations shall be transported by one person in one calendar week out of the State where taken; any such migratory game birds or parts thereof in transit during the open season may continue in transit such additional time immediately succeeding such open season, not to exceed five days, necessary to deliver the same to their destination, and may be possessed in any State, Territory, or District during the period constituting the open season where killed, and for an additional period of ten days next succeeding said open season; and any package in which migratory game birds or parts thereof are transported shall Shipment, transportation, and possession restrictions. Vol. 40, pp. 1815, 1864, amended. Possession added.

have the name and address of the shipper and of the consignee and an accurate statement of the numbers and kinds of birds contained therein clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof; but no such birds shall be transported from any State, Territory, or District to or through another State, Territory, or District, or to or through a Province of the Dominion of Canada contrary to the laws of the State, Territory, or District, or Province of the Dominion of Canada in which they were taken or from which they are transported; nor shall any such birds be transported into any State, Territory, or District from another State, Territory, or District, or from any State, Territory, or District into any Province of the Dominion of Canada at a time when such State, Territory, or District, or Province of the Dominion of Canada prohibits the possession or transportation thereof.

Waterfowl propaga-
tion.

**REGULATION 8.—PERMITS TO PROPAGATE AND SELL
MIGRATORY WATERFOWL.**

Regulation 8, paragraph 2, is amended so as to read as follows:

Sale, etc., of carcasses
of propagated birds
under permit.
Vol. 40, pp. 1816, 1864,
amended.

2. A person authorized by a permit issued by the Secretary may possess, buy, sell, and transport migratory waterfowl and their increase and eggs in any manner and at any time for propagating purposes; and migratory waterfowl, except the birds taken under paragraph 1 of this regulation, so possessed may be killed by him at any time, in any manner, except that they may be killed by shooting only during the open season for waterfowl in the State where killed, and the carcasses, with heads and feet attached thereto, of the birds so killed may be sold and transported by him in any manner and at any time to any person for actual consumption, or to the keeper of a hotel, restaurant, or boarding house, retail dealer in meat or game, or a club, for sale or service to their patrons, who may possess such carcasses for actual consumption without a permit, but no migratory waterfowl killed by shooting shall be bought or sold unless each bird before attaining the age of four weeks shall have had removed from the web of one foot a portion thereof in the form of a "V" large enough to make a permanent well-defined mark which shall be sufficient to identify it as a bird raised in domestication under a permit.

Identification.

Cold storage permits
repealed.
Vol. 40, p. 1866, re-
pealed.
Regulation renum-
bered.
Vol. 40, p. 1866, amend-
ed.
Approval of regula-
tions.

Regulation 11 is hereby repealed.

Regulation 12 is hereby renumbered Regulation 11.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DO HEREBY APPROVE AND PROCLAIM the foregoing amendatory regulations. IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia, this ninth day of July, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-Fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

NORMAN H. DAVIS

Acting Secretary of State.

July 12, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

A PROCLAMATION:

WHEREAS, Section 4 of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act To provide for the opening, maintenance, protection and operation of the Panama Canal, and the sanitation and government of the Canal Zone",

Panama Canal.
Preamble.

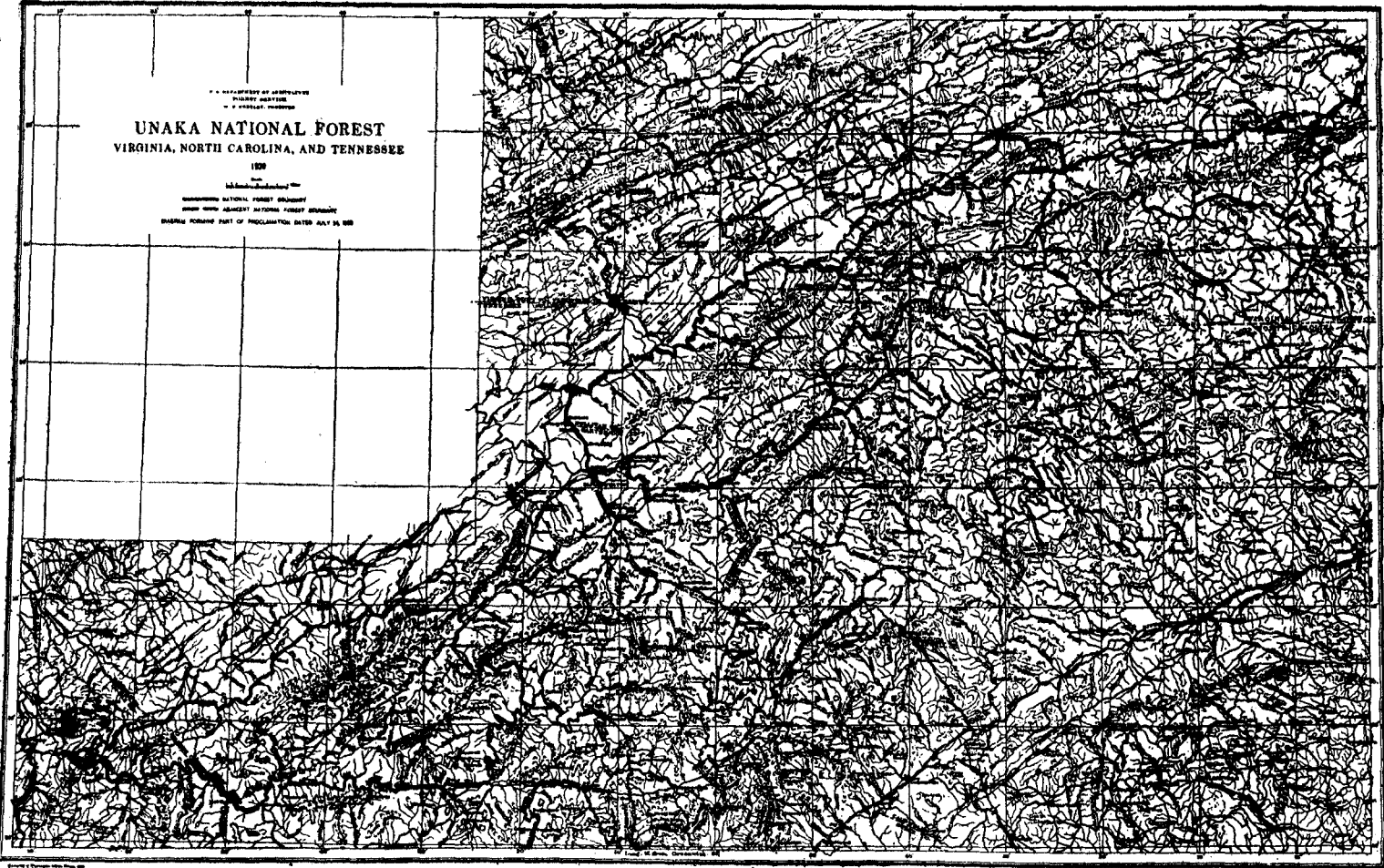
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U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
WASHINGTON, D. C.

UNAKA NATIONAL FOREST
VIRGINIA, NORTH CAROLINA, AND TENNESSEE

1939

GENERAL NATIONAL FOREST PLAN
SHOWING THE UNAKA NATIONAL FOREST RESERVE
HEREBY FORMED PART OF PROCLAMATION DATED JULY 26, 1939



approved August 24, 1912, (37 Stat. L. 561) and known as the Panama Canal Act, provides that upon the completion of the Panama Canal the President shall cause it to be officially and formally opened for use and operation; and

Vol. 37, p. 561.

WHEREAS, the Canal is completed, and is open for commerce; NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, acting under the authority of the Panama Canal Act, do hereby declare and proclaim the official and formal opening of the Panama Canal for use and operation in conformity with the laws of the United States.

Formal opening declared.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia, this 12th day of July, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the One Hundred and Forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

NORMAN H. DAVIS

Acting Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

July 24, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, certain lands within the States of North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of the Act of Congress approved March first, nineteen hundred and eleven (36 Stat., 961), entitled "An Act To enable any State to cooperate with any other State or States, or with the United States, for the protection of the watersheds of navigable streams, and to appoint a commission for the acquisition of lands for the purpose of conserving the navigability of navigable rivers"; and

Unaka National Forest, N. C., Tenn., and Va. Preamble. Vol. 36, p. 961.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by reserving and setting apart said lands as a public forest reservation, and the same have been designated by the Secretary of Agriculture as the Unaka National Forest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section eleven of said Act and by section twenty-four of the Act of March three, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1103), entitled "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws and for other purposes", do proclaim that there are hereby reserved and set apart as a public forest reservation all of said lands within the area shown as the Unaka National Forest on the diagram attached hereto and made a part hereof, and that all lands therein which have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States under authority of said Act of March first, nineteen hundred and eleven, shall be permanently reserved and administered as part of the Unaka National Forest.

National Forest, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Virginia. Vol. 36, p. 963. Vol. 26, p. 1103.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this twenty-fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and [SEAL.] twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY

Secretary of State.

August 4, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

My Fellow-Countrymen:

Landing of the Pilgrims, 1620.
Annals, p. 508.

December 21 next will mark the Tercentenary of the landing of the Pilgrims at Plymouth in 1620. The day will be becomingly celebrated at Plymouth under the auspices of the Plymouth Pilgrim Tercentenary Commission, and at other localities in Massachusetts. While this is proper and praiseworthy, it seems to me that the influences which the ideals and principles of the Pilgrims with respect to civil liberty and human rights have had upon the formation and growth of our institutions and upon our development and progress as a nation merit more than a local expression of our obligation, and make fitting a nation-wide observance of the day.

Recommending December 21, 1920, be observed as the Tercentenary of.

I therefore suggest and request that the 21st of December next be observed throughout the Union with special patriotic services in order that the great events in American history that have resulted from the landing of these hardy and courageous navigators and colonists may be accentuated to the present generation of American citizens. Especially do I recommend that the day be fittingly observed in the universities, colleges, and schools of our country to the end that salutary and patriotic lessons may be drawn from the fortitude and perseverance and the ideals of this little band of sturdy men and women who established on this continent the first self-determined government based on the great principle of just law and its equal application to all, and thus planted the seed from which has sprung a mighty nation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 4th day of August in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty, [SEAL.] and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

September 7, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Fire Prevention Day
Preamble.

WHEREAS, the destruction by fires in the United States involves an annual loss of life of 15,000 men, women and children, and over \$250,000,000 in buildings, food stuffs and other created resources, and

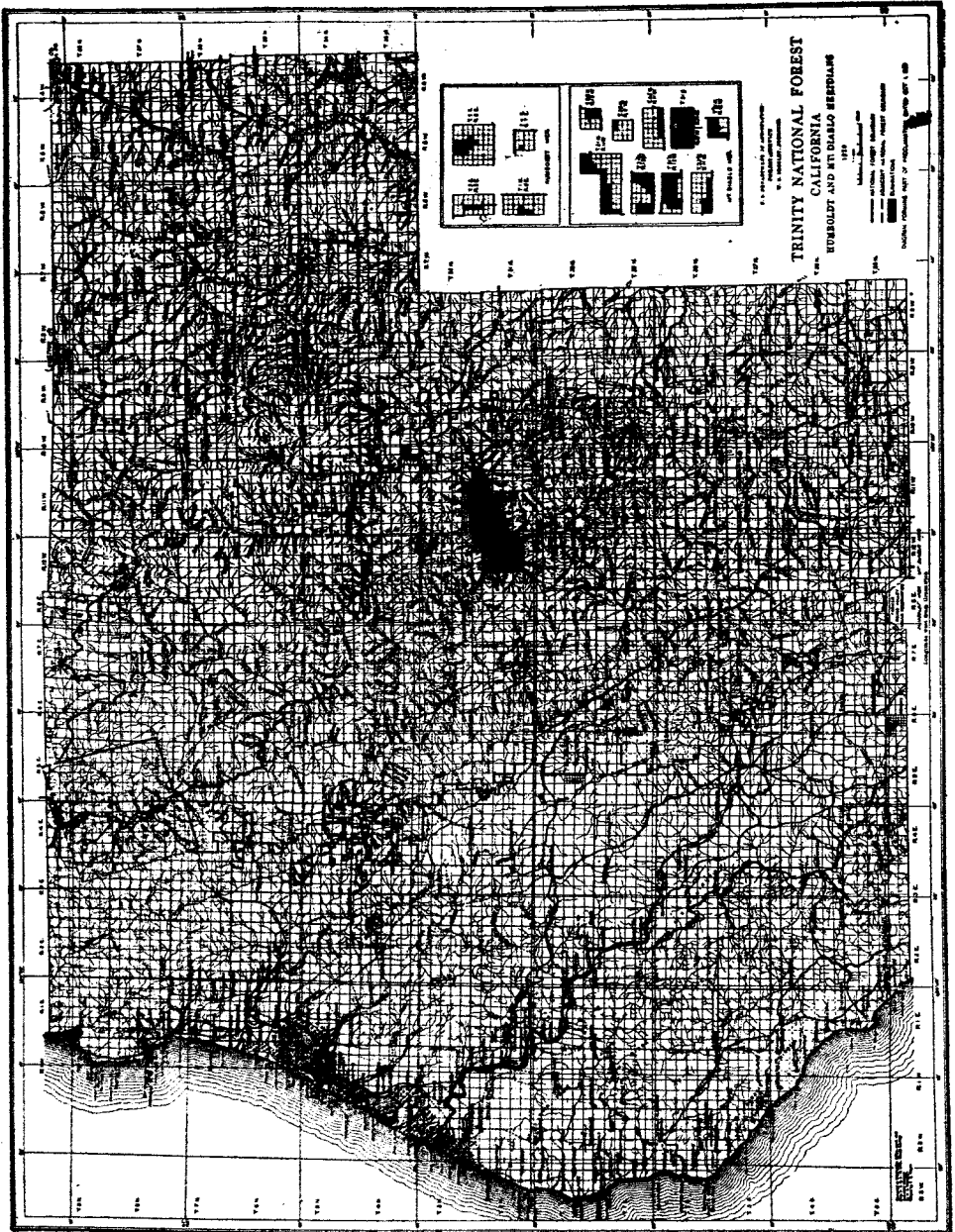
Whereas, the need of the civilized world for American products to replace the ravages of the great war is especially great at this time, and

Whereas, the present serious shortage of home and business structures makes the daily destruction of buildings by fire an especially serious matter, and

Whereas, a large percentage of the fires causing the annual American fire waste may be easily prevented by increased care and vigilance on the part of citizens:

Designating October 9, 1920, to be observed as.

Therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, do urge upon the Governors of the various States to designate and



set apart Saturday, October 9, 1920, as Fire Prevention Day, and to request the citizens of their States to plan for that day such instructive and educational exercises as shall bring before the people the serious and unhappy effects of the present unnecessary fire waste, and the need of their individual and collective efforts in conserving the natural and created resources of America.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 7th day of September, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty and of the Independence of the United States, the One Hundred and Forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

October 1, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain lands within the State of California from the Trinity National Forest, and restoring the public lands subject to disposition in the excluded areas in the manner authorized by Public Resolution Number Twenty-nine, approved February fourteen, nineteen hundred and twenty.

Trinity National Forest, Calif. Preamble. *Ante*, p. 424.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Trinity National Forest are hereby changed to exclude the areas indicated as eliminations on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

Area diminished. Vol. 30, p. 36.

And I do further proclaim and make known that pursuant to the aforesaid Public Resolution of February fourteen, nineteen hundred and twenty, it is hereby ordered that the public lands in the excluded areas, subject to valid rights and the provisions of existing withdrawals or reservations, shall be opened only to homestead and desert land entry by qualified ex-service men of the War with Germany, under the terms and conditions of said resolution and the regulations issued thereunder, for a period of sixty-three days beginning with the sixty-third day from and after the date hereof.

Excluded lands opened to settlement by ex-service men of World War, for 63 days. *Ante*, p. 424.

And I do also hereby direct and provide, under the authority reposed in me by the Act of September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen (38 Stat., 113), that for a period of seven days following the expiration of such sixty-three day preference period, any of said lands remaining unentered shall be opened to homestead entry only by any qualified entryman; and thereafter to appropriation under any public land law applicable thereto.

Unentered lands opened to settlement thereafter. Vol. 38, p. 113.

Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which the lands shall become subject to entry, selection or location of the form desired under the provisions of this proclamation, execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the proper United States land office in person, by mail, or other-

Filing applications, etc.

wise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed, shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done this first day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

October 1, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, it appears that certain lands within the area described in the Act of Congress approved March third, one thousand nine hundred and nineteen (40 Stat., 1316), which have been found under the terms of said act to be available for the regulation and improvement of the grazing thereon, should be added to the Modoc National Forest, in the State of California; and

WHEREAS, it appears that certain lands immediately heretofore forming a part of the Shasta National Forest, in California, should be transferred to and made a part of the Modoc National Forest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the aforesaid Act of Congress, entitled, "An Act To include certain lands in the Counties of Modoc and Siskiyou, California, in the Modoc National Forest, California, and for other purposes", and also by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), do proclaim that the Modoc National Forest is hereby enlarged to include the areas indicated in color on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws, or embraced in a proper application to enter under the provisions of the Stock-Raising Homestead Law filed prior to May 4, 1919, the date the lands were temporarily withdrawn for the classification contemplated by the above-mentioned Act of March 3, 1919, or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the designation of the lands embraced in such application and allowance thereof, nor the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such claims are legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this first day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

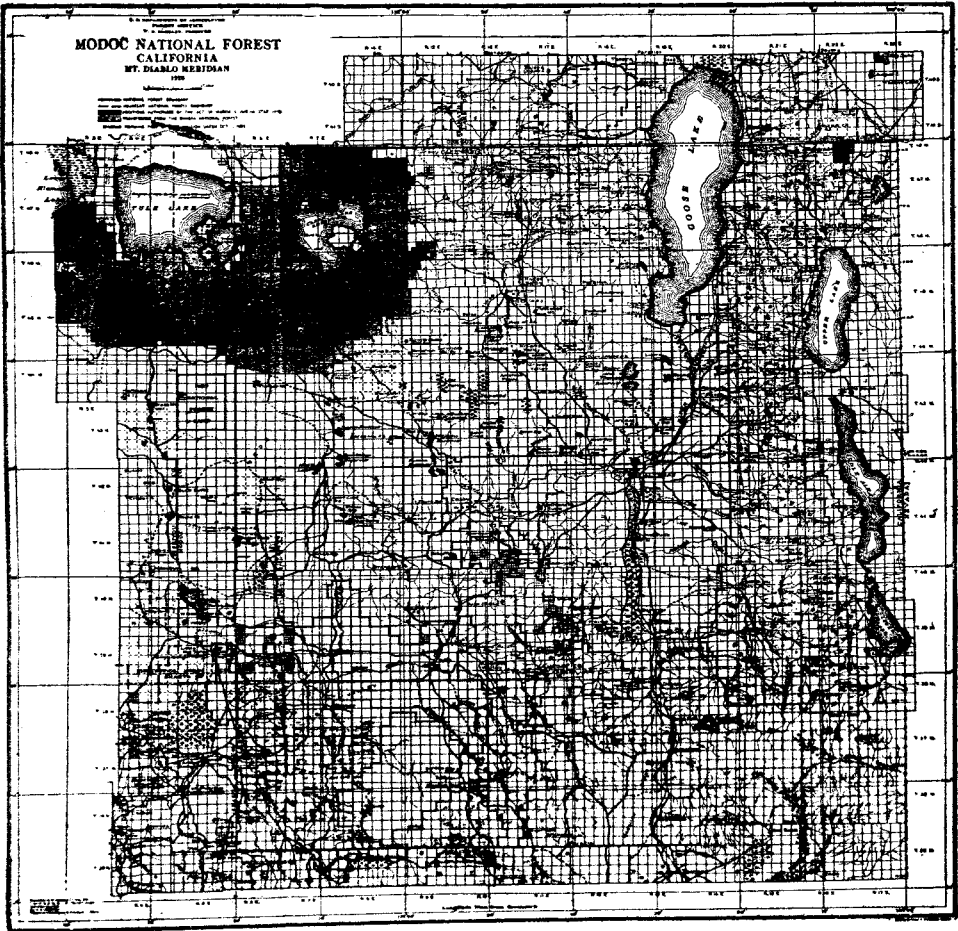
Modoc National Forest, Calif.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 1316.

Area enlarged.
Vol. 40, p. 1316.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

Prior legal rights not affected.

Vol. 40, p. 1316.



BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

October 9, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION

WHEREAS, the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act for the creation of the Custer State Park Game Sanctuary in the State of South Dakota, and for other purposes", approved June fifth, nineteen hundred and twenty, (41 Stat., 986), provides "that the President of the United States is hereby authorized to designate as the Custer State Park Game Sanctuary such areas, not exceeding thirty thousand acres, of the Harney National Forest, and adjoining or in the vicinity of the Custer State Park, in the State of South Dakota, as should, in his opinion, be set aside for the protection of game animals and birds and be recognized as a breeding place therefor," and

Custer State Park
Game Sanctuary, S.
Dak.
Preamble.
Act, p. 986.

WHEREAS, the following described lands within the Harney National Forest, South Dakota, to wit:

In Township 2 South, Range 4 East, Black Hills Meridian, all of those parts of Sections 22 and 27 lying east of the right-of-way of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, N½ of Section 35, Sections 23, 24, 25, 26 and 36; in Township 2 South, Range 5 East, Black Hills Meridian, S½ of Sections 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, all of Sections 13 to 36 inclusive; in Township 2 South, Range 6 East, Black Hills Meridian, S½ Sections 7 and 20, SW¼ Section 21, W½ Sections 28 and 33, all of Sections 18, 19, 29, 30, 31 and 32; in Township 3 South, Range 5 East, Black Hills Meridian, Sections 3, 4, 5 and 6, being less than thirty thousand acres, adjoin or are in the vicinity of the Custer State Park in the State of South Dakota, and in my opinion should be set aside for the protection of game animals and birds and be recognized as a breeding place therefor;

Description.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority in me vested by the aforesaid Act of Congress, do hereby make known and proclaim that all the lands of the United States, described as aforesaid, are hereby designated as the Custer State Park Game Sanctuary and set aside for the protection of game animals and birds and shall be recognized as a breeding place therefor, and the hunting, trapping, killing, or capturing of any game animals and birds upon said lands is unlawful except under such regulations as may be prescribed from time to time by the Secretary of Agriculture.

Game breeding place
set aside in South Da-
kota.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this ninth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand, nine hundred and [SEAL.] twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

October 19, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding to the Arkansas National Forest the northwest quarter of Section six (6), Township two (2) South, Range thirty (30) West, and the north half of Section one (1), Township two (2) South, Range thirty-one (31) West, 5th Principal Meridian, Arkansas.

Arkansas National
Forest, Ark.
Preamble.

Area extended.
Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

Prior legal rights not
affected.

Now, therefore, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United State of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled, "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws, and for other purposes", and also by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36); entitled "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the above-described areas are hereby added to the said Arkansas National Forest.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 19th day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty,
[SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

October 30, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Santa Fe National
Forest, N. Mex.
Preamble.

Ante, p. 434.

Area modified.

Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

Lands added to.

Lands excluded.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands to the Santa Fe National Forest, in New Mexico, and by excluding certain areas therefrom and restoring the public lands subject to disposition therein in the manner authorized by Public Resolution Number Twenty-nine, approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and twenty;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled, "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws, and for other purposes," and also by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled, "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," do proclaim that the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ and NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. 29, and N $\frac{1}{2}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ and N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of Sec. 30, T. 24 N., R. 1 W., N. M. P. M., are hereby added to and made a part of the said Forest, and that the following described lands are hereby excluded therefrom:

In T. 25 N., R. 1 E., S $\frac{1}{2}$ Sec. 31;
In T. 24 N., R. 1 W., NW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 1, NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 2, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 10, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 11, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 15, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, E $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$ and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 16, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$ and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 21;
In T. 25 N., R. 1 W., NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ and S $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 36;

New Mexico Principal Meridian.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

Prior legal rights not affected.

And I do further proclaim and make known that pursuant to the aforesaid Public Resolution, it is hereby ordered that the public lands in the excluded areas, subject to valid rights and the provisions of an existing withdrawal for coal classification and to the conditions applicable to lands so withdrawn, shall be opened only to homestead and desert land entry by qualified ex-service men of the War with Germany, under the terms and conditions of said resolution and the regulations issued thereunder, for a period of sixty-three days, beginning with the sixty-third day from and after the date hereof, and thereafter to appropriation under any public land law applicable thereto by the general public. Subsequent to the date hereof and prior to the date of restoration to general disposition as provided herein no rights may be acquired to the excluded lands by settlement in advance of entry, or otherwise except strictly in accordance herewith.

Excluded lands opened to settlement by ex-service men of World War, for 63 days.

Under general laws thereafter.

Prospective applicants may, during the period of twenty days preceding the date on which the lands shall become subject to entry, selection or location of the form desired under the provisions of this proclamation, execute their applications in the manner provided by law and present the same, accompanied by the required payments, to the United States land office at Santa Fe, New Mexico, in person by mail, or otherwise, and all applications so filed, together with such as may be submitted at the hour fixed, shall be treated as though simultaneously filed and shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed by existing regulations. Under such regulations conflicts of equal rights will be determined by a drawing.

Filing applications, etc.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this thirtieth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and [SEAL.] twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
 NORMAN H. DAVIS
Acting Secretary of State.

A PROCLAMATION

October 30, 1920.

WHEREAS, under and by virtue of an Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide further for the national security and defense by encouraging the production, conserving the supply and controlling the distribution of food products and fuel", approved by the President on the 10th day of August, 1917, it is provided among other things as follows:

Sugar. Preamble.

"That by reason of the existence of a state of war, it is essential to the national security and defense, for the successful prosecution

Statutory provision. Vol. 40, p. 275.

of the war, and for the support and maintenance of the Army and Navy, to assure an adequate supply and equitable distribution, and to facilitate the movement of foods, feeds, fuel, including fuel oil and natural gas, fertilizer and fertilizer ingredients, tools, utensils, implements, machinery, and equipment required for actual production of foods, feeds, and fuel, hereafter in this act called necessities; to prevent, locally or generally, scarcity, monopolization, hoarding, injurious speculation, manipulations, and private controls, affecting such supply, distribution, and movement; and to establish and maintain governmental control of such necessities during the war. For such purposes the instrumentalities, means, methods, powers, authorities, duties, obligations, and prohibitions hereinafter set forth are created, established, conferred, and prescribed. The President is authorized to make such regulations and to issue such orders as are essential effectively to carry out the provisions of this act."

AND, WHEREAS, it is further provided in said act as follows:

Vol. 40, p. 277.

"That, from time to time, whenever the President shall find it essential to license the importation, manufacture, storage, mining or distribution of any necessities, in order to carry into effect any of the purposes of this Act, and shall publicly so announce, no person shall, after a date fixed in the announcement, engage in or carry on any such business specified in the announcement of importation, manufacture, storage, mining, or distribution of any necessities as set forth in such announcement, unless he shall secure and hold a license issued pursuant to this section. The President is authorized to issue such licenses and to prescribe regulations for systems of accounts and auditing of accounts to be kept by licensees, submission of reports by them, with or without oath or affirmation and the entry and inspection by the President's duly authorized agents of the places of business of licensees."

AND WHEREAS, by virtue of the above provisions certain public announcements were made by the President from time to time as a result of which the importation, manufacture, storage and distribution of certain necessities were licensed.

AND WHEREAS, a changed situation has been brought about by the present armistice in the war between the United States and Germany, and by the approaching expiration of the powers granted to the President by an act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the national welfare by continuing the United States Sugar Equalization Board until December 31, 1920, and for other purposes", approved by the President on the 31st day of December, 1919.

Act, p. 366.

Announcing the licensing of specified necessities no longer essential.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the Powers conferred upon me by said Act of Congress, hereby find and determine and by this PROCLAMATION do announce that it is no longer essential in order to carry into effect the purposes of the Act that the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities be subject to license, to the extent hereinafter specified.

Licenses canceled.

Licenses heretofore required for the importation, manufacture, storage or distribution of certain necessities are hereby cancelled, effective November 15, 1920, with respect to the following:

Importers, etc., of sugar and products thereof.
Vol. 40, p. 1696.

All persons, firms, corporations or associations engaged in the business of importing, manufacturing, storing or distributing sugar, or any product or by-product of the foregoing named necessary.

Regulations canceled from November 15, 1920.

All regulations issued under the said Act covering licensees so dealing in these commodities are hereby canceled, effective November 15, 1920.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia, this 30th day of October, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty, and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-Fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

NORMAN H. DAVIS

Acting Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

November 12, 1920.

A PROCLAMATION

The season again approaches when it behooves us to turn from the distractions and preoccupations of our daily life, that we may contemplate the mercies which have been vouchsafed to us, and render heartfelt and unfeigned thanks unto God for His manifold goodness. This is an old observance of the American people, deeply imbedded in our thought and habit. The burdens and the stresses of life have their own insistence.

Thanksgiving Day,
1920.
Preamble.

We have abundant cause for thanksgiving. The lesions of the war are rapidly healing. The great army of freemen, which America sent to the defense of Liberty, returning to the grateful embrace of the nation, has resumed the useful pursuits of peace, as simply and as promptly as it rushed to arms in obedience to the country's call. The equal justice of our laws has received steady vindication in the support of a law-abiding people against various and sinister attacks, which have reflected only the baser agitations of war, now happily passing.

In plenty, security and peace, our virtuous and self-reliant people face the future, its duties and its opportunities. May we have vision to discern our duties; the strength, both of hand and resolve, to discharge them; and the soundness of heart to realize that the truest opportunities are those of service.

In a spirit, then, of devotion and stewardship we should give thanks in our hearts, and dedicate ourselves to the service of God's merciful and loving purposes to His children.

Wherefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby designate Thursday, the twenty-fifth day of November next as a day of Thanksgiving and prayer, and I call upon my countrymen to cease from their ordinary tasks and avocations upon that day, giving it up to the remembrance of God and His blessings, and their dutiful and grateful acknowledgment.

Thursday, November 25, 1920, appointed as a day of general thanksgiving.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this twelfth day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and [SEAL.] twenty, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY

Secretary of State.

November 25, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

A PROCLAMATION

Florida National
Forest, Fla.
Preamble.
Area enlarged.

Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

Prior legal rights not
affected.

WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands to the Florida National Forest, in Florida;
NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled, "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws, and for other purposes," and also by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36); entitled, "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," do proclaim that the boundaries of the Florida National Forest are hereby enlarged to include the areas indicated as additions upon the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such appropriation is legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this twenty-fifth day of November in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and [SEAL.] twenty, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

December 9, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Copyrights.
Preamble.
Vol. 35, p. 1075.

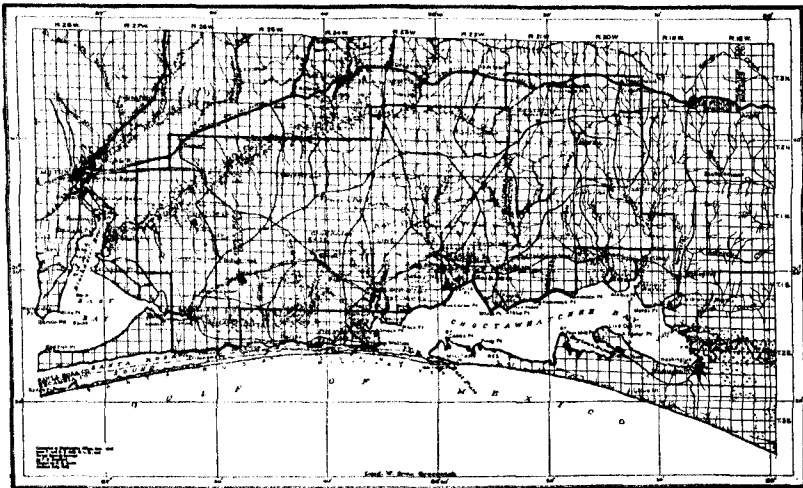
WHEREAS it is provided by the Act of Congress of March 4, 1909, entitled "An Act to Amend and Consolidate the Acts Respecting Copyright," that the provisions of Section 1 (e) of said Act, "so far as they secure copyright controlling the parts of instruments serving to reproduce mechanically the musical work, shall include only compositions published and copyrighted after this Act goes into effect, and shall not include the works of a foreign author or composer unless the foreign state or nation of which such author or composer is a citizen or subject grants, either by treaty, convention, agreement, or law, to citizens of the United States similar rights":

AND WHEREAS it is further provided that the copyright secured by the Act shall extend to the work of an author or proprietor who is a citizen or subject of a foreign state or nation, only upon certain conditions set forth in section 8 of said Act, to wit:

(a) When an alien author or proprietor shall be domiciled within the United States at the time of the first publication of his work; or

(b) When the foreign state or nation of which such author or proprietor is a citizen or subject grants, either by treaty, convention,

Vol. 35, p. 1077.



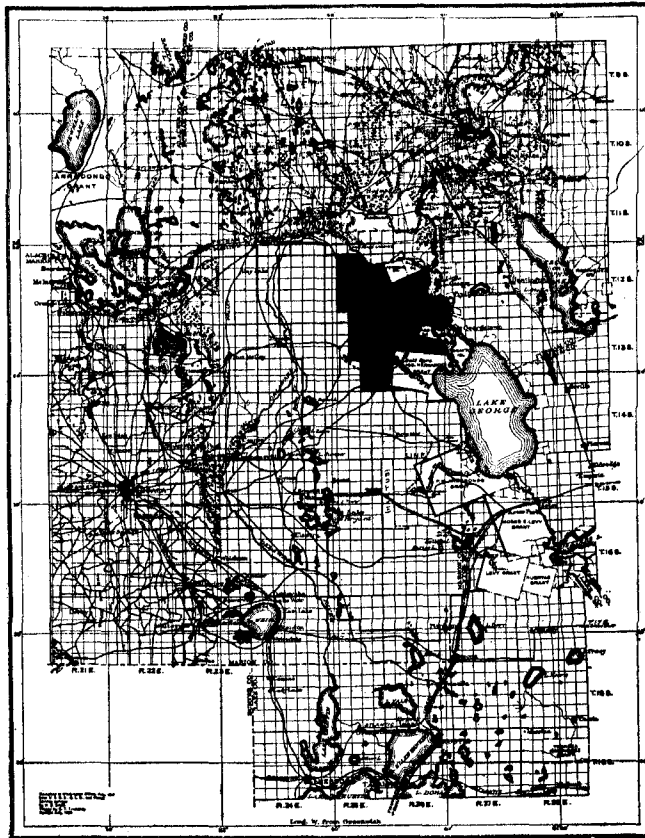
CHOCTAWHATCHEE DIVISION

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
 BUREAU OF FORESTRY
 U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

FLORIDA NATIONAL FOREST
FLORIDA
TALLAHASSEE MERIDIAN
 1929

U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
 NATIONAL FOREST SERVICE
 ADDITION

HEREBY FORMING PART OF PROCLAMATION DATED APRIL 26, 1929



OCALA DIVISION

agreement, or law, to citizens of the United States the benefit of copyright on substantially the same basis as to its own citizens, or copyright protection substantially equal to the protection secured to such foreign author under this Act or by treaty; or when such foreign state or nation is a party to an international agreement which provides for reciprocity in the granting of copyright, by the terms of which agreement the United States may, at its pleasure, become a party thereto:

AND WHEREAS it is further provided by the Act of Congress approved December 18, 1919, "that all works made the subject of copyright by the laws of the United States first produced or published abroad after August 1, 1914, and before the date of the President's proclamation of peace, of which the authors or proprietors are citizens or subjects of any foreign state or nation granting similar protection for works by citizens of the United States, the existence of which shall be determined by a copyright proclamation issued by the President of the United States, shall be entitled to the protection conferred by the copyright laws of the United States from and after the accomplishment, before the expiration of fifteen months after the date of the President's proclamation of peace, of the conditions and formalities prescribed with respect to such works by the copyright laws of the United States: Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to deprive any person of any right which he may have acquired by the republication of such foreign work in the United States prior to the approval of this Act."

Production of works
abroad during the
World War.
Ante, p. 369.

AND WHEREAS the President is authorized to determine and declare by proclamation the existence of similar protection for works by citizens of the United States as the purposes of the Act may require;

AND WHEREAS satisfactory official assurance has been given by the Government of Denmark that the Royal decrees of February 22, 1913, issued by virtue of the authority conferred by the Danish Copyright Law of April 1, 1912, extending to American authors the rights and privileges conferred by that law (including reproduction by mechanical instruments and cinematographic representation), were not cancelled during the war and that if protection is granted in the United States to works by Danish authors which have been published during the war, protection in Denmark for American authors would take effect automatically.

Action of Govern-
ment of Denmark.

NOW THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and proclaim

1. That one of the alternative conditions specified in Sections 1 (e) and 8 (b) of the Act of March 4, 1909, and acts amendatory thereof, including the Act of December 18, 1919, now exists and is fulfilled in respect to the subjects of Denmark, and that such Danish subjects are entitled to all the benefits of the Copyright Act of March 4, 1909, and the acts amendatory thereof, including the Act of December 18, 1919, for all of their works first published in Denmark between August 1, 1914, and before the President's proclamation of peace, and not already republished in the United States:

Benefits extended to
subjects of Denmark
for works published
therein, etc., since
August 1, 1914, and
not in United States.
Vol. 35, pp. 1075,
1077.
Ante, p. 369.

Provided that the enjoyment by any work of the rights and benefits conferred by the Copyright Act of March 4, 1909, and the acts amendatory thereof, including the Act of December 18, 1919, shall be conditional upon compliance with the requirements and formalities prescribed with respect to such works by the copyright laws of the United States before the expiration of fifteen months after the date of the President's proclamation of peace, and shall commence from and after compliance with those requirements, constituting due registration for copyright in the United States.

Conditions.

Application to mechanical musical reproductions.

Vol. 35, p. 1075.

Rights under previous arrangements not affected.
Vol. 26, p. 2685.

2. That in the case of musical works to which this proclamation relates, and provided that no contrivances, including records, perforated rolls and other devices by means of which the work may be mechanically performed, have been lawfully made or placed on sale within the United States before the date of this proclamation, copyright shall include the special benefit of Section 1 (e) of the Copyright Act of March 4, 1909, namely "copyright controlling the parts of instruments serving to reproduce mechanically the musical work."

3. Nothing in this proclamation shall be construed to abrogate or limit any rights and benefits conferred under the reciprocal arrangements with Denmark heretofore proclaimed.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this ninth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and [SEAL.] twenty and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and Forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

NORMAN H. DAVIS

Acting Secretary of State.

December 9, 1920.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Caribou National Forest, Idaho and Wyo.
Preamble.
Ante, p. 1056.

Area enlarged.

WHEREAS, it appears that certain of the lands, within the State of Idaho, described in the Act of Congress approved June fifth, nineteen hundred and twenty (41 Stat., 1056), which have been found under the terms of said act to be chiefly valuable for the production of timber or for the protection of stream flow, should be added to the Caribou National Forest;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America by virtue of the power in me vested by the aforesaid Act of June fifth, nineteen hundred and twenty, entitled "An Act To authorize the addition of certain lands to the Caribou National Forest," do proclaim that the Caribou National Forest is hereby enlarged to include the areas indicated as additions on the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof.

Prior legal rights not affected.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands embraced in any valid application or entry pending at the date of the approval of the aforesaid Act, or reservation for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such application or entry, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so long as such claims are legally maintained or such reservation remains in force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

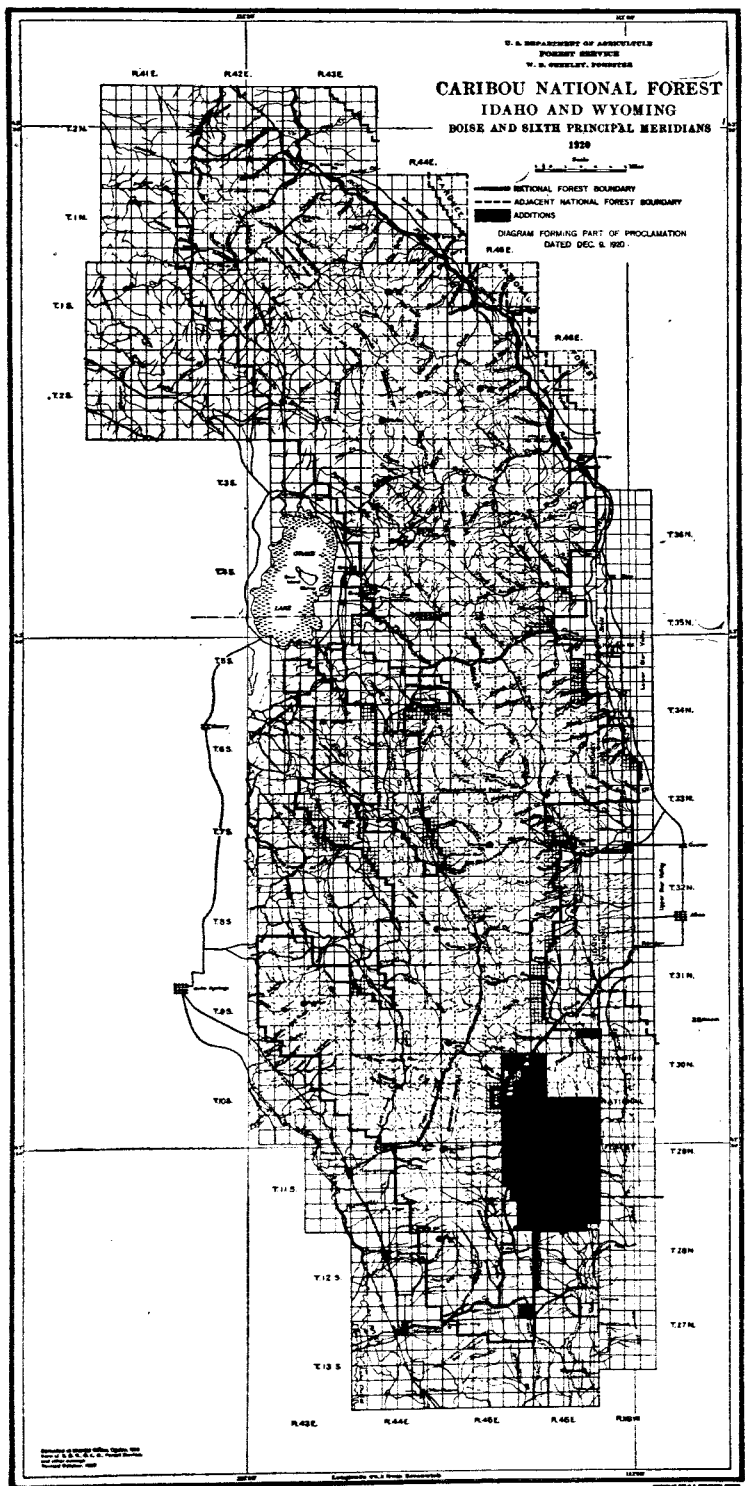
Done in the District of Columbia this 9th day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty, [SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President

NORMAN H. DAVIS

Acting Secretary of State.



BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

February 3, 1921.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS public interests require that the Senate of the United States be convened at twelve o'clock on the fourth day of March next to receive such communications as may be made by the Executive;

Preamble.

Now, Therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Senate of the United States to convene at the Capitol, in the District of Columbia, on the fourth day of March next, at twelve o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

Special session of the Senate to be convened March 4, 1921.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States in the District of Columbia the third of February in the year of our [SEAL.] Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

February 14, 1921.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the President of the United States, under an Act of Congress approved March 2, 1917, entitled, "An Act To provide a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," is authorized to convey to the people of Porto Rico from time to time, in his discretion, such lands, buildings, or interests in lands or other property now owned by the United States and within the territorial limits of Porto Rico as in his opinion are no longer needed for purposes of the United States; and

Porto Rico.
Preamble.
Vol. 39, p. 954.

WHEREAS, certain portions of the reservations heretofore set apart for military or naval purposes within the Municipality of San Juan, Porto Rico, are no longer needed for the purposes of the United States; and

WHEREAS, such lands are desired by the Municipality of San Juan, Porto Rico, in connection with the construction of a public road or boulevard within the limits of said Municipality and may be advantageously used for said purpose by the people of Porto Rico,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby proclaim and make known that the following described lands to be used for highway purposes only, and subject to the conditions hereinafter mentioned, are hereby transferred and conveyed to the people of Porto Rico:

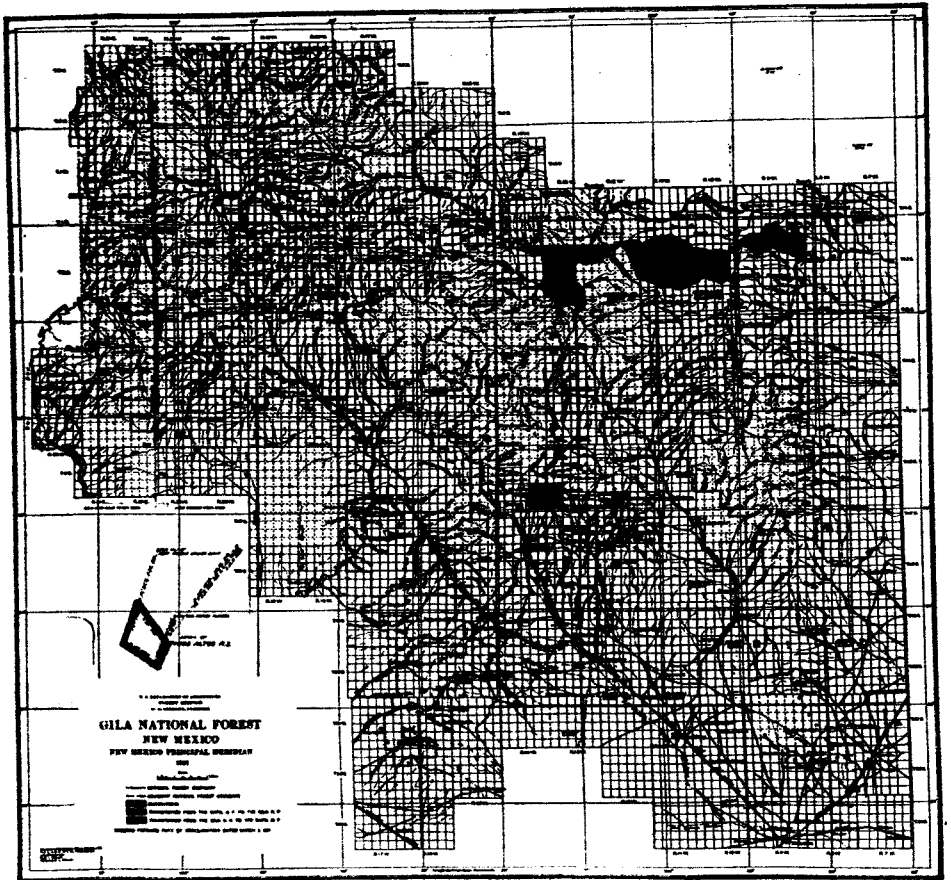
Lands in San Juan transferred to Porto Rico for highway purposes.

Such strip or parcel of land within the Municipality of San Juan, now occupied as naval or military reservations, as may be needed to develop or construct a boulevard 15 meters wide, 7.50 meters on each side of the center line thereof, extending from "Plaza de Colon" to "San Antonio" bridge, such boulevard to follow, in a general way the upper bank of the embankment along the sea shore line all through Puerta de Tierra district, and in the direc-

tion given below, taking as a reference map for such purpose Department of Interior map of Porto Rico, approved by Lawrence Graham, Commissioner, in November 1909, on which are shown all federal and insular reserves as well as private property, corresponding to the district of Puerta de Tierra, a more particular description of the center line of said proposed boulevard being as follows:

Description.

1. Starting at a point on the east boundary of Norzagaray Street in its intersection with Salvador Brau Street, thence along a tangent S. $82^{\circ} 38'$ E. from station 0, to station 10 plus 5.02 meters, (the stations being 20 meters apart and the odd numbers omitted), a distance of 105.02 meters;
2. Thence along a $17^{\circ} 28'$ curve, of a radius of 100 meters, to the left to station 14 plus 0.22 meters, a distance of 35.20 meters;
3. Thence along a tangent N. $77^{\circ} 12'$ E. from station 14 plus 0.22 meters to station 56 plus 19.86 meters, a distance of 439.64 meters;
4. Thence along a $7^{\circ} 36'$ curve to the right, of a radius of 230 meters, to a station 62 plus 8.50 meters, a distance of 48.64 meters;
5. Thence along a tangent N. $89^{\circ} 19'$ E. from station 62 plus 8.50 meters, to station 84 plus 3.17 meters, a distance of 214.67 meters;
6. Thence along a $5^{\circ} 49'$ curve to the right, of a radius of 300 meters to station 100 plus 9.59 meters, a distance of 166.42 meters;
7. Thence along a tangent S. $58^{\circ} 54'$ E. from station 199 plus 9.50 meters, to station 116 plus 6.53 meters, a distance of 156.94 meters;
8. Thence along a $5^{\circ} 0' 49''$ curve to the left, of a radius of 300 meters, to station 124 plus 19.21 meters, a distance of 92.68 meters;
9. Thence along a tangent S. $76^{\circ} 36'$ E. from station 124 plus 19.21 meters, to station 146 plus 18.16 meters, a distance of 218.95 meters;
10. Thence along a $8^{\circ} 44'$ curve to the left, of a radius of 200 meters, to station 152 plus 7.38 meters, a distance of 49.22 meters;
11. Thence along a tangent N. $89^{\circ} 18'$ E. from station 152 plus 7.38 meters, to station 168 plus 9.51 meters, a distance of 162.13 meters;
12. Thence along a $11^{\circ} 38'$ curve to the left, of a radius of 150 meters, to station 170 plus 3.73 meters, a distance of 14.22 meters;
13. Thence along a tangent No. $83^{\circ} 52'$ E. from station 170 plus 3.73 meters, to station 184 plus 6.07 meters, a distance of 142.34 meters;
14. Thence along a $5^{\circ} 49'$ curve to the right, of a radius of 300 meters, to station 196 plus 2.83 meters, a distance of 116.76 meters;
15. Thence along a tangent S. $73^{\circ} 50'$ E. from station 196 plus 2.83 meters, to station 226 plus 17.07 meters, a distance of 314.24 meters;
16. Thence along a $17^{\circ} 28'$ curve to the right, of a radius of 100 meters, to station 232 plus 13.25 meters, a distance of 56.18 meters;
17. Thence along a tangent S. $41^{\circ} 39'$ E. from station 232 plus 13.25 meters, to station 282 plus 9.46 meters, a distance of 496.21 meters;



18. Thence along a 8° 20' curve to the right, of a radius of 210 meters, to station 294 plus 18.72 meters, a distance of 129.26 meters, the last named station being the point where the new avenue meets the existing road 49 meters west of the entrance to San Antonio Bridge, the total length being 2,958.72 meters.

The transfer of the lands above described is made subject to the condition that the road or highway shall be so located that the edge of same passing the north tower of the naval radio station shall be at least fifteen feet distant from the nearest leg of that tower and shall be so constructed as not to interfere with the use of the target range or necessitate the removal or abandonment of any permanent structure on said reservations and in the event that said lands shall cease to be used as a public road or boulevard or devoted to any other than highway purposes the same shall revert to the United States.

Conditions as to location.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 14th day of February, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and twenty-one, [SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

March 3, 1921.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it appears that certain lands immediately heretofore embraced in the Gila National Forest, in New Mexico, should be transferred to and made a part of the Datil National Forest, and that certain lands heretofore forming part of the Datil Forest should be transferred to the Gila Forest;

Gila National Forest, N. Mex. Preamble.

AND WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain lands from the said Gila Forest and restoring the public lands subject to such disposition therein in the manner authorized by Public Resolution Number Twenty-nine approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and twenty;

Ante, p. 434.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled, "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Gila National Forest are hereby changed and that they are now as indicated upon the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof; and that this proclamation and that changing the boundaries of the Datil Forest, which I have also signed this same day, are made and are intended to be and shall be considered as one act to become effective simultaneously.

Area modified. Vol. 30, p. 36.

Post, p. 1816.

And I do further proclaim and make known that pursuant to the aforesaid Public Resolution, it is hereby ordered that the public lands in the excluded areas, subject to valid rights, shall be opened only to entry under the homestead and desert land laws by qualified ex-service men of the War with Germany, under the terms and conditions of said

Excluded lands opened to settlement by ex-service men of World War for 66 days.

Under general laws
thereafter.

resolution and the regulations issued thereunder, for a period of sixty-three days beginning with the sixty-third day from and after the date hereof, and thereafter to appropriation under any public land law applicable thereto by the general public. Subsequent to the date hereof and prior to the date of restoration to general disposition as provided herein, no rights may be acquired to the excluded lands by settlement in advance of entry, or otherwise, except strictly in accordance herewith.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 3rd day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one,
[SEAL.] and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

March 3, 1921.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION.

Datil National For-
est, N. Mex.
Preamble.

WHEREAS, an Executive Order signed July third, nineteen hundred and sixteen, excluded a certain tract from the Datil National Forest, in New Mexico;

WHEREAS, it appears that certain lands immediately heretofore embraced in the Datil National Forest should be transferred to and made a part of the Gila National Forest, and that certain lands heretofore forming part of the Gila Forest should be transferred to the Datil Forest;

AND WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by adding certain lands to the said Datil Forest, and by excluding certain areas therefrom and restoring the public lands subject to disposition therein in the manner authorized by Public Resolution Number Twenty-nine, approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and twenty;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one (26 Stat., 1095), entitled, "An Act To repeal timber-culture laws, and for other purposes," and also by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled, "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," do proclaim that the boundaries of the Datil National Forest are hereby changed and that they are now as indicated upon the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof; and that this proclamation and that changing the boundaries of the Gila Forest, which I have also signed this same day, are made and are intended to be and shall be considered as one act to become effective simultaneously.

The withdrawal made by this proclamation shall, as to all lands which are at this date legally appropriated under the public land laws, or reserved for any public purpose, be subject to, and shall not interfere with or defeat legal rights under such appropriation, nor prevent the use for such public purpose of lands so reserved, so

Prior legal rights not
affected.

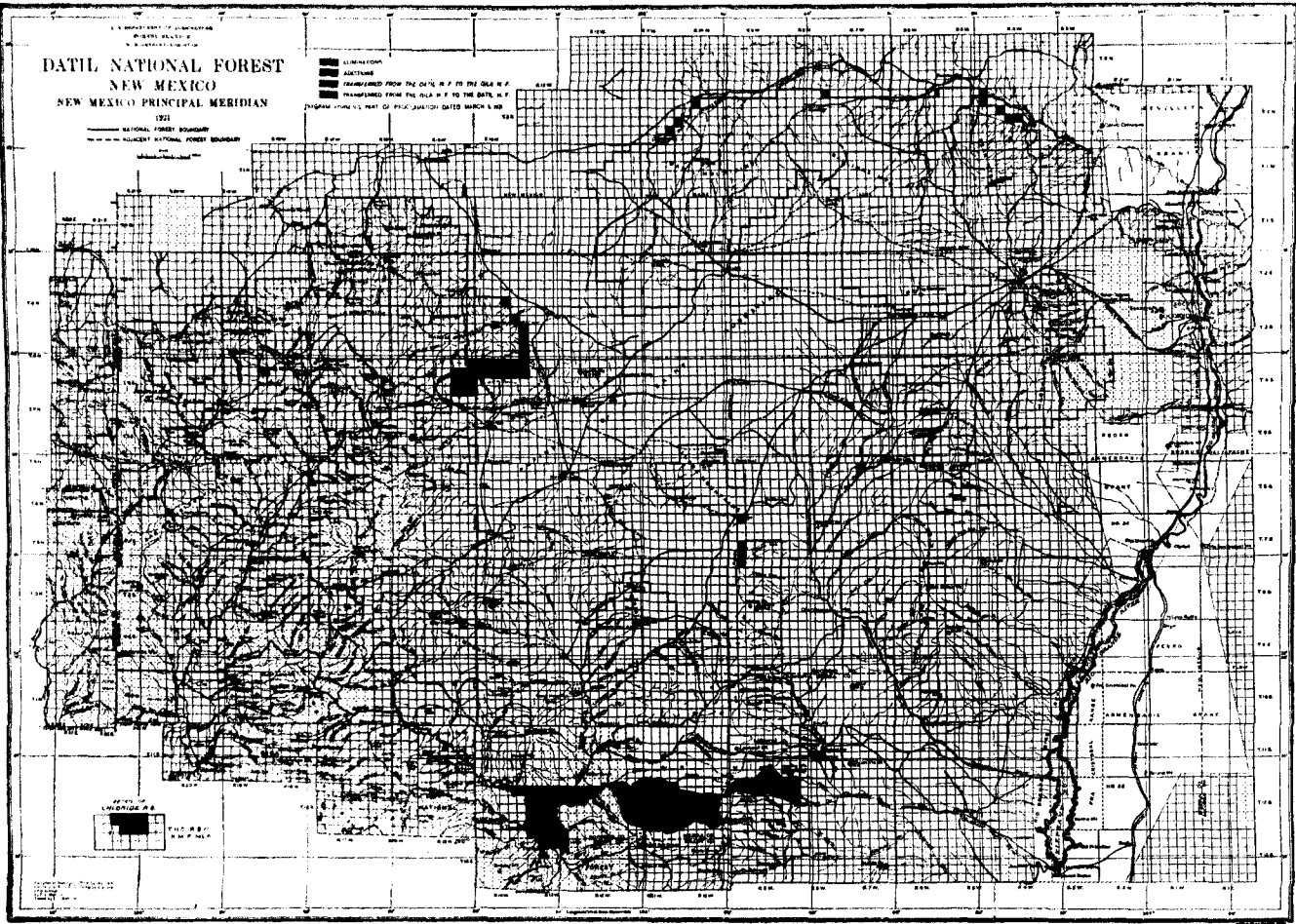
Ante, p. 434.

Area modified.

Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Vol. 30, p. 36.

Ante, p. 1815.



long as such appropriation is legally maintained, or such reservation remains in force.

And I do further proclaim and make known that pursuant to the aforesaid Public Resolution, it is hereby ordered that the public lands in the excluded areas subject to valid rights, shall be opened only to entry under the homestead and desert land laws by qualified ex-service men of the War with Germany, under the terms and conditions of said resolution and the regulations issued thereunder, for a period of sixty-three days beginning with the sixth-third day from and after the date hereof, and thereafter to appropriation under any public land law applicable thereto by the general public. Subsequent to the date hereof and prior to the date of restoration to general disposition as provided herein no rights may be acquired to the excluded lands by settlement in advance of entry, or otherwise except strictly in accordance herewith.

Excluded lands opened to settlement by ex-service men of World War for 63 days.

Under general laws thereafter.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the District of Columbia this 3rd day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-
[SEAL.] one, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

March 3, 1921.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, The Secretary of Agriculture, by virtue of the authority vested in him by Section three of the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (40 Stat., 755), has submitted to me for approval, regulations further amendatory of the regulations approved and proclaimed July 31, 1918, which the Secretary of Agriculture has determined to be suitable amendatory regulations permitting and governing the hunting, taking, capture, killing, possession, sale, purchase, shipment, transportation, carriage and export of said birds and parts thereof and their nests and eggs, which said amendments are as follows:

Protection of migratory birds.
Preamble.
Vol. 40, p. 755.
Vol. 39, p. 1702.
Amr., p. 1764.

Regulation 3, as amended by Proclamation dated July 28, 1919 (41 Stat., 1st Session, Pt. 2, p. 24), is hereby further amended so as to read as follows:

Means for taking birds.
Amr., p. 1764, amended.

Regulation 3.—The migratory game birds specified in Regulation 4 hereof may be taken during the open season with a gun only, not larger than No. 10 gauge, fired from the shoulder, except as specifically permitted by Regulations 7, 8, 9, and 10 hereof; they may be taken during the open season from the land and water, with the aid of a dog, the use of decoys, and from a blind or floating device (other than an airplane, power boat, sail boat, any boat under sail, or any floating device towed by power boat or sail boat; and no airplane, power boat, sail boat, any boat under sail, or any floating device towed by power boat or sail boat, shall be employed by any person in aid of the taking by him or any other person of said migratory game birds, by flushing, driving, pursuing or hunting the same, or in the retrieving of such birds as are wounded or dead).

Further restrictions on taking birds.
Vol. 40, pp. 1816-1818.

Airplanes, etc., added.

Regulation 5, as amended by Proclamations dated October 25, 1918 (40 Stat., 1863), and July 28, 1919 (41 Stat., 1st Session, Pt. 2, p. 24), is hereby further amended so as to read as follows:

Vol. 40, p. 1863.
Amr., p. 1764, amended.

Bag limits further modified.
Person assisting added.

Regulation 5.—Bag limits on certain migratory game birds.
A person may take in any one day during the open seasons prescribed therefor in Regulation 4 not to exceed the following numbers of migratory game birds, which numbers shall include all birds taken by any other person who for hire accompanies or assists him in taking migratory birds:

Ducks (except wood duck and eider ducks).—Twenty-five in the aggregate of all kinds.

Geese.—Eight in the aggregate of all kinds.

Brant.—Eight.

Rails, coot, and gallinules (except sora).—Twenty-five in the aggregate of all kinds.

Sora.—Fifty.

Black-bellied and golden plovers and greater and lesser yellow-legs.—Fifteen in the aggregate of all kinds.

Wilson snipe, or jacksnipe.—Twenty-five.

Woodcock.—Six.

Doves (mourning).—Twenty-five

Vol. 40, p. 1865, amended.

Regulation 9, as amended by Proclamation dated October 25, 1918 (40 Stat., 1863) is hereby further amended so as to read as follows:

Permits for collecting specimens.

Regulation 9.—Permits to collect migratory birds for scientific purposes.

Possession of, required when collecting.

A person may take in any manner and at any time migratory birds and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes when authorized by a permit issued by the Secretary, which permit shall be carried on his person when he is collecting specimens thereunder and shall be exhibited to any person requesting to see the same.

Applications to Secretary of Agriculture.

Application for a permit must be addressed to the Secretary of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., and must contain the following information: Name and address of applicant, his age, and name of State, Territory, or District in which specimens are proposed to be taken and the purpose for which they are intended. Each application shall be accompanied by certificates from two well-known ornithologists that the applicant is a fit person to be intrusted with a permit.

Limitation of authority on permits.

The permit may limit the number and species of birds, birds' nests or eggs that may be collected thereunder and may authorize the holder thereof to possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds, parts thereof, and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes; or it may limit the holder to one or more of these privileges. Public museums, zoological parks and societies, and public scientific and educational institutions may possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds and parts thereof, and their nests and eggs for scientific purposes without a permit, but no specimens shall be taken without a permit. The plumage and skins of migratory game birds legally taken may be possessed and transported by a person without a permit.

Taxidermists. Limitation added.

A taxidermist when authorized by a permit issued by the Secretary may possess, buy, sell, exchange, and transport in any manner and at any time migratory birds and parts thereof legally taken, or he may be limited to one or more of these privileges.

Duration of permits, etc., modified.

Each permit shall expire on the thirty-first day of December succeeding its issuance unless otherwise specified therein, shall not be transferable, and shall be revocable at the discretion of the Secretary. A person holding a permit shall report to the Secretary on or before January 10 following its expiration the number of skins, nests, or eggs of each species collected, bought, sold, exchanged, or transported.

Marking of packages required.

Every package in which migratory birds or their nests or eggs are transported shall have clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof the name and address of the sender, the number of the

permit in every case when a permit is required, the name and address of the consignee, a statement that it contains specimens of birds, their nests, or eggs for scientific purposes, and, whenever such a package is transported or offered for transportation from the Dominion of Canada into the United States or from the United States into the Dominion of Canada, an accurate statement of the contents.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, DO HEREBY APPROVE AND PROCLAIM the forgoing amendatory regulations. Approval of regulations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States of America to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia, this 3rd day of March, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and [SEAL.] Twenty-one and of the Independence of the United States of America the One Hundred and Forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:

BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.