

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE FIFTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES

Passed at the second session, which was begun and held at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the first day of December, 1902, and was adjourned without day on Tuesday, the third day of March, 1903.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT, President; **WILLIAM P. FRYE**, President of the Senate *pro tempore*; **DAVID B. HENDERSON**, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

CHAP. 1.—An Act To amend section twenty of an Act entitled “An Act to simplify the laws in relation to the collection of the revenues,” approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety.

December 15, 1902.

[Public, No. 1.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section twenty of an Act entitled “An Act to simplify the laws in relation to the collection of the revenues,” approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Customs revenue.
Vol. 26, p. 140,
amended.

R. S., sec. 2970, p. 573.

“**SEC. 20.** That any merchandise deposited in any public or private bonded warehouse may be withdrawn for consumption within three years from the date of original importation on payment of the duties and charges to which it may be subject by law at the time of such withdrawal: *Provided*, That the same rate of duty shall be collected thereon as may be imposed by law upon like articles of merchandise imported at the time of the withdrawal: *And provided further*, That nothing herein shall affect or impair existing provisions of law in regard to the disposal of perishable or explosive articles.”

Withdrawals from
bonded warehouses
for consumption.

Provisos.
To pay duty at rate
then imposed.

Perishable, etc., ar-
ticles.

Approved, December 15, 1902.

CHAP. 2.—An Act Regulating the duties and fixing the compensation of the customs inspectors at the port of New York.

December 16, 1902.

[Public, No. 2.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to increase the compensation of inspectors of customs at the port of New York as he may think advisable and proper, by adding to their present compensation a sum not exceeding one dollar per day, which additional compensation shall be for work now performed by them at unusual hours, for which no compensation is now allowed, and shall include work performed by said inspectors at night in examining passengers' baggage, and also as reimbursement for expenses incurred by them for meals and transportation while in the discharge or performance of their official duties.

Customs revenue.
Inspectors at New
York allowed addi-
tional pay.
R. S., sec. 2733, p. 532.

Approved, December 16, 1902.

December 17, 1902.

[Public, No. 3.]

CHAP. 3.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River, at a point to be selected, within five miles north of the Kaw River, in Wyandotte County, State of Kansas, and Clay County, State of Missouri, and to make the same a post route.

Missouri River, Kansas City Outer Belt and Electric Railroad Company may bridge, between Kansas and Missouri.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Kansas City Outer Belt and Electric Railroad Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Kansas, and authorized by the laws of the State of Missouri to locate and construct its railway into and through Clay County, in said State, is hereby authorized to construct and maintain a bridge across the Missouri River on such line as its railway may hereafter be located in the county of Wyandotte, in the State of Kansas, and in the county of Clay, in the State of Missouri, and also to construct accessory works to secure the best practicable channel way for navigation and confine the flow of water to a permanent channel at such point, and also to lay on and over such bridge a railway track or tracks and other appliances for the more perfect connection of its railway when constructed to said river; and said corporation, its successors and assigns, may construct and maintain ways for wagons, carriages, and electric or other cars for carrying passengers, or passageways for foot passengers, charging and receiving reasonable toll therefor, as may be approved from time to time by the Secretary of War.

Location.

Channel.

Railway, wagon, and foot bridge.

Toll.

Construction.

Proviso.

High bridge.

SEC. 2. That any bridge built under the provisions of this Act may, at the option of the said railroad company, its successors or assigns, be built as a drawbridge or with unbroken and continuous spans: *Provided,* That if the same shall be made of unbroken and continuous spans it shall not be in any case of less elevation than fifty feet above high-water mark, as registered since the year eighteen hundred and seventy, as understood at the point of location, to the lowest point of the superstructure, with straight girders; nor shall the main channel span of said bridge be less than four hundred feet in the clear at low-water mark, and all other spans over the waterway shall be not less than three hundred feet in the clear; and the piers of the said bridge shall be parallel with the current of the river, and the bridge itself at right angles thereto as near as may be, and the main span shall be over the main channel of the river: *And provided also,* That if a bridge shall be built under this Act as a drawbridge the same shall be constructed as a pivot drawbridge with one or more draws, as the Secretary of War may prescribe, and with spans of such clear length on each side of the central or pivot piers of the draws as he may prescribe; and the next adjoining spans over the river to the draws shall also be of such clear length as he may prescribe; and said spans shall not be less than ten feet above extreme high-water mark, as registered since the year eighteen hundred and seventy, measuring to the lowest part of the superstructure of the bridge; and the piers of the said bridge shall be parallel with the current of the river, and the bridge itself at right angles thereto as near as may be: *And provided also,* That said drawbridge shall be opened promptly upon reasonable signal and without unnecessary delay: *Provided,* That said company, its successors and assigns, shall maintain, at its own expense, from sunset until sunrise, such lights or other signals on said bridge as the Light-House Board shall prescribe, and shall build and maintain such sheer booms or other structures as may be necessary to safely guide vessels, rafts, or other water craft through said channel spans and as shall receive the approval of the Secretary of War: *And provided further,* That the company, person, or corporation building said bridge may, subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, enter upon the banks of said river, either above or below the point of location of said bridge, and confine the flow of the water to a permanent channel and to do whatever may be necessary to accomplish said object, but shall not impede or obstruct the navigation or flood discharge of said river, and shall be liable for

Drawbridge.

Opening draw.

Lights, etc.

Permanent channel.

all injuries to or appropriation of private property; and all plans for such works or erections upon or within the banks of the river shall be submitted to the Secretary of War for his approval before any of such work shall have been commenced.

SEC. 3. That no bridge shall be erected or maintained under the authority of this Act which shall substantially or materially obstruct the free navigation of said river, and no bridge shall be commenced or built under this Act until the location thereof and the plans and specifications for its construction, with such maps as shall be necessary for a full understanding of the regimen of the river for a distance of one mile above and one-half mile below the proposed site of the bridge, shall have been submitted to and approved by the Secretary of War; and any change in the plan of such construction or any alteration in the bridge after its construction shall be subject to the like approval; and whenever said bridge shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, substantially obstruct the free navigation of said river, he is hereby authorized to cause such change or alteration of said bridge to be made as will obviate such obstruction, and all such alterations shall be made and all such obstructions shall be removed at the expense of the owner or owners of said bridge or the persons operating or controlling the same; and in case of any litigation arising from any obstruction or alleged obstruction to the free navigation of the Missouri River, at or near the crossing of said bridge, caused thereby, the cause shall be commenced and tried in the circuit court of the United States of either judicial district of the States of Kansas or Missouri in which said bridge or any portion of such obstruction touches.

SEC. 4. That the said bridge and accessory works, when built and constructed under this Act and according to the terms and limitations thereof, shall be a lawful structure; and said bridge shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, the troops, and the munitions of war of the United States or for passengers and freight passing over said bridge than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over the railroads or public highways leading to said bridge; and said bridge shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post routes in the United States.

SEC. 5. That the United States shall have the right of way for such postal-telegraph and telephone lines across said bridge as the Government may construct or control, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies.

SEC. 6. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railway trains or cars over the same and over the approaches thereto upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies, or any one of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid and upon rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War, upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties: *Provided*, That the provisions of section four in regard to charges for passengers and freight across said bridge shall not govern the Secretary of War in determining any question arising as to the sum or sums to be paid to the owners of said bridge by said companies for the use of said bridge.

SEC. 7. That Congress may, at any time, alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

SEC. 8. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of the approval of this Act.

Approved, December 17, 1902.

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

Changes.

Litigation.

Lawful structure and post route.

Telegraph, etc., rights.

Use by other companies. Compensation.

Secretary of War to adjust disputes.

Proviso. Charges. Supra.

Amendment.

Time of construction.

December 18, 1902.

[Public, No. 4.]

CHAP. 4.—An Act Providing that the circuit court of appeals of the fifth judicial circuit of the United States shall hold at least one term of said court annually in the city of Fort Worth, in the State of Texas, on the first Monday in November in each year.

United States courts.
Circuit court of ap-
peals, fifth circuit.
Additional term,
Fort Worth, Tex.
Vol. 26, p. 827.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the circuit court of appeals of the fifth judicial circuit of the United States is hereby authorized and required to hold one term of said court in the city of Fort Worth, in the State of Texas, on the first Monday in November in each year.

Appeals, writs of
error, etc.

SEC. 2. That all appeals, writs of error, and other appellate proceedings which may, after the date of this Act, be taken or prosecuted from the circuit or district courts of the United States in the State of Texas to the court of appeals of the fifth circuit shall be heard and disposed of by the said court of appeals at the terms of the court held in Fort Worth in pursuance of this Act: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall prevent the court from hearing appeals or writs of error wherever the said court shall sit, in cases of injunctions and in all other cases which under the statutes and the rules, or in the opinion of the court, are entitled to be brought to a speedy hearing.

Proviso.
Injunctions, etc.

Other terms.

SEC. 3. That this Act shall not operate to prevent the said court from holding other terms in the city of Fort Worth or in such other places in the said fifth judicial district as said court may from time to time designate.

Vol. 26, p. 826,
amended.

SEC. 4. That chapter five hundred and seventeen of Twenty-sixth United States Statutes at Large is hereby amended in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Transportation ex-
penses.

SEC. 5. That the clerk of said court is authorized and permitted to pay, out of the fees and emoluments of his office, (one) the expenses incurred by him in transporting from his office in New Orleans, Louisiana, to Fort Worth, Texas, and in transporting from Fort Worth, Texas, to New Orleans, Louisiana, the records, books, papers, files, dockets, and supplies necessary for the use of the court at its terms to be held in Fort Worth, Texas; (two) an allowance for actual expenses not exceeding ten dollars per day to cover travel and subsistence for each day he may be required to be present at Fort Worth, Texas, on business connected with his said office, such expenses and allowance to be approved and allowed by the senior circuit judge of the fifth judicial circuit.

Expenses of clerk.

Approved, December 18, 1902.

December 18, 1902.

[Public, No. 5.]

CHAP. 5.—An Act Relating to grants of land to the Territory and State of Washington for school purposes.

Preamble.

Whereas by the Act of Congress of February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, providing that the inhabitants of the Territory of Washington might, upon certain conditions prescribed in said Act, become the State of Washington, certain lands were granted to the said State for school purposes; and

Vol. 25, p. 679.

Whereas a doubt has arisen as to what lands were granted by section ten of said Act; and

* Vol. 10, p. 179.

Whereas by section twenty of the Act of Congress of March second, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, entitled "An Act to establish the Territorial government of Washington," the county commissioners of counties in said Territory were authorized to locate and select certain lands in lieu of sections sixteen and thirty-six occupied by actual settlers; and

Vol. 11, p. 385.

Whereas by the Act of Congress of February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "An Act to authorize settlers upon six-

teenth and thirty-sixth sections, who settled before the surveys of public lands, to preempt their settlements," certain lands were appropriated for school purposes in lieu of such as might be patented by preemptors, and to compensate deficiencies for school purposes where said sections sixteen and thirty-six were fractional in quantity, or where one or both were wanting by reason of the township being fractional, or from any natural cause whatever, and providing for their selection; and

Whereas certain lieu lands have been selected by the Territory of Washington under said Acts of Congress: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases where sections sixteen and thirty-six, or either or any of them, or any portion thereof, have been occupied by actual settlers prior to survey thereof, and the county commissioners of the counties in which said sections so occupied as aforesaid are situated, have, under said Act of Congress of March second, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, located or selected other lands in sections or fractional sections, as the case may be, within their respective counties, in lieu of said section so occupied as aforesaid, the lands so located or selected, when the same shall have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior, shall be deemed and taken to have been granted to said State by said Act of February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and the title of said State thereto is hereby confirmed.

Public lands.
Washington.
Selections in lieu of
school grants con-
firmed.

Vol. 10, p. 179.

Vol. 25, p. 679.

SEC. 2. That where any lands appropriated by Congress to said Territory to compensate deficiencies for school purposes, where sections sixteen or thirty-six were fractional in quantity, or where one or both were wanting by reason of the township being fractional, or from any natural cause whatever, or where section sixteen or thirty-six were patented by preemptors, have been selected and appropriated as provided in said Act of Congress of February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, the lands so selected and appropriated, when the same shall have been approved by the Secretary of the Interior, shall be deemed and taken to have been granted to said State of Washington by the said Act of February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and the title thereto confirmed.

Lands selected in
lieu of deficiencies
confirmed.

Vol. 11, p. 385.

Vol. 25, p. 679.

Approved, December 18, 1902.

CHAP. 7.—An Act Providing for the recognition of the military service of the officers and enlisted men of the First Regiment Ohio Volunteer Light Artillery.

December 19, 1902.

[Public, No. 6.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the officers and enlisted men of the First Regiment Ohio Volunteer Light Artillery (three months' service), furnished by the State of Ohio under the call of the President of the United States issued on the fifteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and which rendered actual military service under the command of officers of the United States and in cooperation with the regularly organized military forces of the United States, shall be held and considered to have been in the military service of and to have formed a part of the military establishment of the United States during the period for which said organization was enlisted and was in active service, and that the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to issue certificates of discharge, upon due application and satisfactory proof of identity, for all honorably discharged members of the said organization: *Provided,* That no pay, bounty, or other emoluments shall become due or payable by virtue of the passage of this Act.

First Ohio Volunteer
Light Artillery.
Military service rec-
ognized.

Provido.
No pay, etc.

Approved, December 19, 1902.

December 22, 1902.

[Public, No. 7.]

CHAP. 9.—An Act To provide for the payment of the expenses and compensation of the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission appointed by the President of the United States at the request of certain coal operators and miners.

Anthracite Coal
Strike Commission.
Appropriation for
expenses.

Compensation.

Proviso.
Per diem allowance.

Disbursing agent.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of such expenses as have been, or may be, incurred by the Anthracite Coal Strike Commission in the performance of its duties, such Commission having been appointed by the President to "inquire into, consider, and pass upon the questions in controversy in connection with the strike in the anthracite region and the causes out of which the controversy arose," and for the compensation of the members of said Commission, who are not officers in the civil or military service of the Government, four thousand dollars each; and for the employees of the said Commission, who are not officers or clerks in the civil or military service of the Government, such compensation as may be fixed by the said Commission: *Provided,* That the members of said Commission and the assistant recorders shall be allowed the sum of fifteen dollars per day each, and the other employees of the Commission in the service of the Government, twelve dollars per day each, in lieu of traveling and all other expenses.

A disbursing agent for the Commission is hereby authorized, and the expenses, compensation, and per diem allowance herein provided for shall be paid by him on vouchers certified by the recorder and approved by the chairman of the Commission, and the accounting officers of the Treasury shall credit the said disbursing agent with the amounts so certified and paid.

Approved, December 22, 1902.

December 22, 1903.

[Public, No. 8.]

CHAP. 10.—An Act Making appropriations to supply urgent deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three.

Urgent deficiencies
appropriations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, namely:

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation "General expenses, Bureau of Animal Industry," including each and every object authorized by law and specified in the appropriation of one million one hundred and sixty thousand dollars under this title in the "Act making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three," approved June third, nineteen hundred and two, five hundred thousand dollars.

War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS IN AND AROUND WASHINGTON.

For extra steps and mosaic work at the base of the Sherman statue pedestal, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, eight thousand dollars.

Department of Agri-
culture.

Bureau of Animal
Industry.

General expenses.
Ante. p. 289.

Buildings and
grounds.

Sherman statue.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

PUBLIC LANDS SERVICE.

For furnishing transcripts of records and plats, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That persons employed under this appropriation shall be selected by the Secretary of the Interior at a compensation of two dollars per day while actually employed at such times and for such periods as the exigencies of the work may demand.

Interior Department.
Public lands.
Transcripts of records and plats.
Proviso.
Compensation.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

POSTAL SERVICE.

OUT OF THE POSTAL REVENUES.

For pay of letter carriers of rural free-delivery service, five hundred thousand dollars.

For incidental expenses, including letter boxes, furniture, satchels, straps, badges, and so forth, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For rent, light, and fuel for first, second, and third class post-offices, fifty thousand dollars.

For acting clerks in place of clerks injured while on duty, and to enable the Postmaster-General to pay the sum of one thousand dollars to the legal representatives of any railway postal clerk who shall be killed while on duty, or who, being injured while on duty, shall die within one year thereafter as a result of such injury, forty thousand dollars.

Out of the sum appropriated by the Act approved April twenty-first, nineteen hundred and two, under the heading Railway Mail Service, "for rent, light, fuel, telegraph, and miscellaneous office expenses, schedules of mail trains, telephone service, typewriting machines, and badges for railway postal clerks," three hundred and fifty dollars may be paid for rent of offices for division superintendent of Railway Mail Service in Washington, District of Columbia, from July first to August thirty-first, nineteen hundred and two.

Post-Office Department.
Postal Service.
Rural free delivery.
Incidental expenses.
Rent, etc.
Railway Mail Service.
Acting clerks.
Allowance in case of death.
Miscellaneous expenses.
Anle, p. 116.
Rent.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

For wrapping paper, pasteboard, paste, twine, newspaper wrappers, and other necessary materials for folding, for the use of members of the House, and for use in the Clerk's office and the House folding room (not including envelopes, writing paper, and other paper and materials to be printed and furnished by the Public Printer, upon requisitions from the Clerk of the House, under the provisions of the Act approved January twelfth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, for the public printing and binding), five thousand dollars.

House of Representatives.
Folding materials.
Vol. 28, p. 624.

SENATE.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two thousand four hundred dollars.

Senate.
Miscellaneous items.

Approved, December 22, 1902.

December 23, 1902.

[Public, No. 9.]

Wilmington, N. C.
Immediate trans-
portation privileges
granted to.
Vol. 21, p. 173.

CHAP. 11.—An Act To make Wilmington, North Carolina, a port through which merchandise may be imported for transportation without appraisement.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the privileges of the first section of the Act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, governing the immediate transportation of dutiable merchandise without appraisement, be, and the same are hereby, extended to the port of Wilmington, North Carolina.

Approved, December 23, 1902.

December 23, 1902.

[Public, No. 10.]

Savannah River, Ga.
B. W. Fair may
bridge, at Sand Bar
Ferry.

Unobstructed navi-
gation.

Location.

Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

Map.

Changes.

Lawful structure
and post route.

Telegraph, etc.,
rights.

Lights, etc.

Time of construc-
tion.

CHAP. 12.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Savannah River at Sand Bar Ferry, below the city of Augusta, Georgia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That B. W. Fair, his heirs and assigns, are hereby authorized to build and maintain a bridge across the Savannah River, at such point as may be selected by him and approved by the Secretary of War, at or near the present location of Sand Bar Ferry, where the public road leading from Augusta, Georgia, to Beach Island, South Carolina, crosses the river, the bridge to be so constructed as not to interfere with the navigation of the river.

SEC. 2. That the bridge authorized under this Act shall be located on the land of said B. W. Fair, and shall be constructed under and remain subject to such regulations for the security of the navigation of the river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the said B. W. Fair, his heirs or assigns, shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawing of the proposed bridge and a map of the location, giving, for the space of at least one-quarter mile above and one-quarter mile below the proposed location, the topography of the banks of the river, the shore lines at high and low water, and the direction and strength of the current and the soundings, accurately showing the bed of the stream, and shall furnish such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject; and until said plan and location of the bridge are approved by the Secretary of War the bridge shall not be built; and should any change be made in the plan of said bridge during the progress of construction or after its completion such change shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War.

SEC. 3. That the bridge constructed under this Act shall be a lawful structure and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, the troops, and the munitions of war of the United States than the charge usually made for similar service to the public generally; and the United States shall have the right of way for a postal telegraph across said bridge; and said structure shall be so kept and managed at all times as to afford reasonable and proper means for the passage of vessels through or under said bridge; and for the safety of vessels passing at night there shall be displayed on said bridge, from sunset to sunrise, at the expense of the owners thereof, such lights and other signals as may be prescribed by the Light-House Board; and the said bridge shall be changed or altered at the cost and expense of the owners thereof from time to time, as the Secretary of War may direct, so as to preserve the free and convenient navigation of said river.

SEC. 4. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within one year and completed within three years from the approval of this Act.

SEC. 5. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby reserved. Amendment.

Approved, December 23, 1902.

CHAP. 13.—An Act Making appropriations for the payment of invalid and other pensions of the United States for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes. December 23, 1902.
[Public, No. 11.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of pensions for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes, namely:

For army and navy pensions, as follows: For invalids, widows, minor children, and dependent relatives, army nurses, and all other pensioners who are now borne on the rolls, or who may hereafter be placed thereon, under the provisions of any and all Acts of Congress, one hundred and thirty-eight million five hundred thousand dollars: *Provided,* That the appropriation aforesaid for navy pensions shall be paid from the income of the navy pension fund so far as the same shall be sufficient for that purpose: *Provided further,* That the amount expended under each of the above items shall be accounted for separately.

For fees and expenses of examining surgeons, pensions, for services rendered within the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, eight hundred thousand dollars. And each member of each examining board shall, as now authorized by law, receive the sum of two dollars for the examination of each applicant whenever five or a less number shall be examined on any one day, and one dollar for the examination of each additional applicant on such day: *Provided,* That if twenty or more applicants appear on one day, no fewer than twenty shall, if practicable, be examined on said day, and that if fewer examinations be then made, twenty or more having appeared, then there shall be paid for the first examinations made on the next examination day the fee of one dollar only until twenty examinations shall have been made: *Provided further,* That no fee shall be paid to any member of an examining board unless personally present and assisting in the examination of applicant: *And provided further,* That the report of such examining surgeons shall specifically state the rating which in their judgment the applicant is entitled to, and the report of such examining surgeons shall specifically and accurately set forth the physical condition of the applicant, each and every existing disability being fully and carefully described. The reports of the special examiners of the Bureau of Pensions shall be open to inspection and copy by the applicant or his attorney, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe: *And provided further,* That hereafter no pension attorney, claim agent, or other person shall be entitled to receive any compensation for services rendered in securing the introduction of a bill or the passage thereof through Congress granting pension or increase of pension; and any person who shall, directly or indirectly, contract for, demand, receive, or retain any compensation for such services shall be deemed guilty of an offense, and upon conviction thereof shall, for each and every such offense, be fined not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

For salaries of eighteen agents for the payment of pensions, at four thousand dollars each, seventy-two thousand dollars. Invalid, etc., pensions.
Pensions appropriations.
Navy pensions.
Accounts.
Examining surgeons.
Fees.
Examinations.
No fee unless service rendered.
Rating.
Disabilities to be fully described.
Inspection of reports.
Pension attorneys, etc.
Penalty for receiving, etc., pay for securing special legislation.
Agents' salaries.

For clerk hire, four hundred and thirty thousand dollars: *Provided,* That the amount of clerk hire for each agency shall be apportioned as Clerk hire.
Proviso.
Apportionment.

nearly as practicable in proportion to the number of pensioners paid at each agency, and the salaries paid shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior.

Rent. For rents, ten thousand six hundred dollars.

Stationery, lights,
etc.

For stationery and other necessary expenses, including fuel and lights, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Approved, December 23, 1902.

January 8, 1903.

[Public, No. 12.]

CHAP. 58.—An Act Authorizing the Federal Railroad Company to construct a combined railroad, wagon, and foot-passenger bridge across the Missouri River at or near the village of Oacoma, Lyman County, South Dakota.

Missouri River.
Federal Railroad
Company may bridge
at Oacoma, S. Dak.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Railroad Company, a corporation duly created and existing under the laws of the State of South Dakota, its successors or assigns, be, and they are hereby, authorized to construct and maintain a bridge and approaches thereto over the Missouri River from a point at or near the village of Oacoma, in the county of Lyman and State of South Dakota, to the opposite shore of said river, in the county of Brule, State of South Dakota: *Provided,* That a location within such limits is found suitable to the interests of navigation. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of railway trains, and, at the option of said corporation, its successors or assigns, may be so constructed to provide for and be used for the passage of wagons and vehicles of all kinds, for the transit of animals, and for foot passengers, for reasonable rates of toll, to be fixed by said corporation, its successors or assigns, and approved by the Secretary of War, and the Secretary of War shall have the right from time to time to revise such rates of toll: *Provided,* That the bridge herein authorized to be constructed shall not be built within less than one mile from any other bridge across said Missouri River.

Provisos.
Protection to navigation.
Railway, wagon,
and foot bridge.

Toll.

Location.

Construction.

Provisos.
High bridge.

Drawbridge.

Lights, etc.

SEC. 2. That any bridge built under the provisions of this Act may, at the option of the corporation building the same, be built as a drawbridge, or with unbroken or continuous spans: *Provided,* That if the same shall be made of unbroken or continuous spans, it shall not be in any case of less elevation than fifty feet above the high-water mark, as understood at the point of location, to the lowest part of the superstructure; nor shall the spans of said bridge be less than three hundred feet in the clear at low-water mark, and the piers of said bridge shall be parallel with the current of the river at high water, and the main span shall be over the main channel of the river: *And provided also,* That if a bridge shall be built under this Act as a drawbridge, the same shall be constructed as a pivot drawbridge, with one or more draws, as the Secretary of War may prescribe, and of spans of not less than two hundred feet in length in the clear on each side of the central or pivot piers of the draws, and the next adjoining spans over the river to the draws shall not be less than two hundred and fifty feet in the clear, measured at low water; and said spans shall not be less than ten feet above extreme high-water mark, measuring to the lowest part of the superstructure of the bridge; and the piers of said bridge shall be parallel with the current of the river at high water: *And provided also,* That said draw shall be opened promptly upon reasonable signal, without unnecessary delay; and said company or corporation shall maintain at its own expense, from sunset till sunrise, such lights or other signals on said bridge as the Light-House Board shall prescribe, and such sheer booms or other structures as may be necessary to guide vessels, rafts, or other water craft safely through said channel spans

or draw openings, and as shall be designated and required by the Secretary of War: *And provided further*, That the corporation building said bridge may, subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, enter upon the banks of said river, above or below the location of said bridge, and confine the flow of the water to a permanent channel, and do whatever may be necessary to accomplish this object, but shall not impede or obstruct the navigation of said river, and shall be liable in damages for all injuries to private property; and all plans for such works or erections upon the banks of the river shall be first submitted to the Secretary of War for his approval: *And provided further*, That any bridge built under the provisions of this Act shall be at right angles to the current of the river at high water.

Permanent channel.

Aids to navigation.

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

SEC. 3. That no bridge shall be erected or maintained under the authority of this Act which will at any time substantially or materially interfere with the free navigation of said river; and no bridge shall be commenced or built under this Act until the location thereof and the plans and specifications for its construction shall have been submitted to and approved by the Secretary of War; and any change in the plans of such construction or any alteration in the bridge after its construction shall be subject to like approval; and whenever said bridge or its accessory works shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, unreasonably obstruct the free navigation of said river he is hereby authorized to cause such change or alteration to be made as will effectually obviate such obstruction; and all such alterations shall be made and all such obstructions shall be removed at the expense of the owner or owners of said bridge or the persons operating or controlling the same; and in case of any litigation arising from any obstruction or alleged obstruction to the free navigation of said Missouri River at or near the crossing of said bridge, caused or alleged to be caused thereby, the cause shall be commenced and tried in the circuit courts of the United States of either judicial district of South Dakota in which the said bridge or any portion of such obstruction touches. And the bridge shall not be opened to traffic until all piling and other false work used in constructing the bridge shall have been wholly removed to the satisfaction of the Secretary of War.

Changes

Litigation.

SEC. 4. That any bridge built under this Act and according to its limitations shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for their transportation over the railroad or public highways leading to such bridge. The United States shall also have the right to construct, without charge therefor, telegraph or telephone lines across said bridge. And all railroad companies desiring to use said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges in the passage of the same, and in the use of the machinery and fixtures thereof, and of all the approaches thereto, under and upon such terms and conditions as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War, upon hearing the allegations and proofs of the parties, in case they shall not agree; and equal rights and privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies.

Lawful structure and post route.

Use by other companies. Compensation, etc.

Telegraph, etc., privileges.

SEC. 5. That Congress may at any time alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

Amendment.

SEC. 6. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date hereof.

Time of construction.

Approved, January 8, 1903.

January 8, 1903.

[Public, No. 13.]

CHAP. 59.—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of section three of the Act entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, as restricts the selection of a site for a post-office and custom-house at Muskegon, Michigan, to certain lots in a certain block in said city be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

Approved, January 8, 1903.

Muskegon, Mich.
Restrictions on public building site repealed.
Ante, p. 317.

January 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 14.]

CHAP. 61.—An Act Providing for the adjudication of certain claims by the Court of Claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That jurisdiction be, and is hereby, given to the Court of Claims (notwithstanding any statutory bar of limitation, and notwithstanding the requirements of the statutes as to payment under protest, appeal to the Secretary of the Treasury, and notice of suits before bringing suits ordinarily in such cases, as prescribed in Title thirty-four (collection of duties), chapters six, seven, and eight, Revised Statutes) to hear, try, determine, and render judgment as in an original suit, with right of appeal as in other cases, the claims of J. F. Bailey and Company; H. E. Collins and Company; Edgar Thompson Steel Works, Limited; Carnegie Brothers and Company, Limited; James Lee and Company; Downing Sheldon and Company; R. F. Downing and Company; Albany and Rensselaer Iron and Steel Company; Joliet Steel Company; Cleveland Rolling Mill Company; O. L. Garrison, for Vulcan Steel Company and Saint Louis Ore and Steel Company; Saint Albans Iron and Steel Company; Godeffroy and Company, for the Albany and Rensselaer Iron and Steel Company; Oliver L. Garrison; A. E. Godeffroy and Company; James Johnston; Clarke, Post and Martin, agents for Springfield Iron Company; Post, Martin and Company, agents for Springfield Iron Company; Springfield Iron Company, of Springfield, Illinois, Charles W. Matthews; Harry C. Arbuckle, and Brown Brothers and Company, agents for Charles W. Matthews; E. Samuels and Company; Henry W. Oliver, junior; A. H. Childs, agent for Henry W. Oliver, junior; Lewis, Oliver and Phillips; Schrader and Ellery; Peter Wright and Sons, agents for Cambria Iron Company; Diamond State Iron Company; Brown Brothers and Company and C. B. Smyth, agents for Diamond State Iron Company; Interstate Improvement and Construction Company; Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, agents for Interstate Improvement and Construction Company; Charles H. and Eugene Odell, agents for Sandusky Rolling Mill and Manufacturing Company and Northern Pacific Railroad Company; Northern Pacific Railroad Company; Drexel, Morgan and Company; A. H. Barney and Robert Garrett and Son, agents for Northern Pacific Railroad Company; E. S. Wheeler and Company, and Edgemore Iron Company, for refund of import duties paid by them in excess of the duties imposed by law on steel blooms imported by them during the years eighteen hundred and seventy-nine to eighteen hundred and eighty-two, both years inclusive; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to pay, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the amount of such judgment as shall be ren-

Court of Claims.
Claims for refund of duties on steel blooms referred to.

R. S. Title XXXIV,
chs. 6, 7, and 8, pp. 561-561.

Payment of judgment.

dered by the Court of Claims under the provisions of this Act: *Provided*, That the adjudication shall be for such sums only as were paid in excess of legal duty: *And provided further*, That their petition shall be filed in said court within six months after the passage of this Act.

Approved, January 9, 1903.

Provisos.
Restrictions.
Limit for filing petition.

CHAP. 62.—An Act To establish a light-house and fog-signal station at Mukilteo Point, near the city of Everett, State of Washington.

January 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 15.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a light-house and fog-signal station, together with suitable buildings, be established at Mukilteo Point, near the city of Everett, State of Washington, under the direction of the Light-House Board; and that the sum of twenty-two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same hereby is, appropriated therefor, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mukilteo Point, Wash.
Light-house, etc., to be established.

Appropriation.

Approved, January 9, 1903.

CHAP. 63.—An Act To set apart certain lands in the State of South Dakota as a public park, to be known as the Wind Cave National Park.

January 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 16.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there are hereby reserved from settlement, entry, sale, or other disposal, and set apart as a public park, all those certain tracts, pieces, or parcels of land lying and being situate in the State of South Dakota and within the boundaries particularly described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of section thirteen, township six south, range five east, Black Hills meridian, South Dakota; thence westerly to the southwest corner of the southeast quarter of section sixteen, said township; thence northerly along the quarter-section lines to the northwest corner of the northeast quarter of section four, said township; thence easterly to the southwest corner of section thirty-four, township five south, range five east; thence northerly to the northwest corner of said section; thence easterly to the northeast corner of section thirty-one, township five south, range six east; thence southerly along the section lines to the southeast corner of section seven, township six south, range six east; thence westerly to the southwest corner of said section; thence southerly to the southeast corner of section thirteen, township six south, range five east, the place of beginning: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect any valid rights acquired in connection with any of the lands embraced within the limits of said park.

Public lands.
Wind Cave National Park, S. Dak., established.

Boundaries.

Proviso.
Valid rights not affected.

SEC. 2. That said park shall be known as the Wind Cave National Park and shall be under the exclusive control of the Secretary of the Interior, whose duty it shall be to prescribe such rules and regulations and establish such service as he may deem necessary for the care and management of the same.

Regulations, etc., by Secretary of Interior.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and is hereby, authorized, in the exercise of his discretion, to rent or lease, under rules and regulations to be made by him, the cavern underlying the above-described lands, and also pieces and parcels of ground within said park for the erection of such buildings as may be required for the accommodation of visitors.

Lease of cavern, etc.

SEC. 4. That all funds arising from such rentals or leases shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States as a special fund to be expended in the care and improvement of said park.

Use of funds.

Lands for tracts re-
linquished.

SEC. 5. That in cases in which a tract covered by an unperfected bona fide claim or by a patent is included within the limits of this park, the settler or owner thereof may, if he desires to do so, relinquish the tract to the Government and secure other land, outside of the park, in accordance with the provisions of the law relating to the subject of such relinquishment of lands in forest reserves in the State of South Dakota.

Penalty for unlaw-
ful intrusions, etc.

SEC. 6. That all persons who shall unlawfully intrude upon said park, or who shall without permission appropriate any object therein or commit unauthorized injury or waste in any form whatever upon the lands or other public property therein, or who shall violate any of the rules and regulations prescribed hereunder, shall upon conviction be fined in a sum not more than one thousand dollars or be imprisoned for a period not more than twelve months, or shall suffer both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Approved, January 9, 1903.

January 10, 1903.

[Public, No. 17.]

CHAP. 87.—An Act To authorize and empower the Southwest Louisiana Rice Growers' Association, of the State of Louisiana, to construct a lock or locks and a dam in Bayou Vermilion, in the State of Louisiana.

Bayou Vermilion,
La.
Southwest Louisi-
ana Rice Growers'
Association may con-
struct dam, etc., in.

Provisos.
Payment of cost.
Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

Construction.

Maintenance.
Unobstructed navi-
gation.

Fishways.

Time limit.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Southwest Louisiana Rice Growers' Association, of the State of Louisiana, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct a lock or locks and a dam near the mouth of Bayou Vermilion, or at some suitable point in said bayou, to be approved by the Secretary of War: *Provided,* That said lock or locks and a dam shall be constructed and paid for by said association. The examination and surveys for the construction of said lock or locks and a dam, and the construction of the same, shall be subject to the supervision of the United States engineers and done in accordance with plans and specifications to be furnished by said association and approved by the Secretary of War. The work on said lock or locks and a dam may commence as soon as said association shall judge proper after the survey provided for above shall have been made and plans and specifications for said lock or locks and a dam shall have been approved by the Secretary of War. The maintenance of said lock or locks and a dam shall devolve on said association, which shall at all times keep same in proper condition and so as not to interfere with the free navigation of said bayou; nor shall said association at any time impose any toll for the passage of any craft through said lock or locks: *Provided further,* That such suitable fishways as may be prescribed by the United States Fish and Fisheries Commission shall be provided in the said dam by the said association.

SEC. 2. That this Act shall be null and void unless the privilege hereby granted shall be availed of within two years from the date hereof.

SEC. 3. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 10, 1903.

January 10, 1903.

[Public, No. 18.]

CHAP. 88.—An Act To authorize and empower the Rice Irrigation and Improvement Association, of the State of Louisiana, to construct a lock or locks and a dam in Mermentau River, in the State of Louisiana.

Mermentau River,
La.
Rice Irrigation and
Improvement Assoc-
iation may construct
dam, etc., in.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Rice Irrigation and Improvement Association, of the State of Louisiana, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct a lock or locks and a dam near the mouth of Mermentau River or at some suitable point in said river, to be approved

by the Secretary of War: *Provided*, That said lock or locks and a dam shall be constructed and paid for by said association. The examination and surveys for the construction of said lock or locks and a dam, and the construction of the same, shall be subject to the supervision of the United States Engineers and done in accordance with plans and specifications to be furnished by said association, and approved by the Secretary of War. The work on said lock or locks and a dam shall commence as soon as said association shall judge proper after the survey provided for above shall have been made, and plans and specifications for said lock or locks and a dam shall have been approved by the Secretary of War. The maintenance of said lock or locks and dam shall devolve on said association, which shall at all times keep same in a proper condition and so as not to interfere with free navigation of said river; nor shall said association, at any time, impose any toll for the passage of any craft through said lock or locks: *Provided further*, That such suitable fish ways as may be prescribed by the United States Commission of Fish and Fisheries shall be provided in the said dam by the said association.

Proviso.
Payment of cost.
Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

Construction.

Maintenance.
Unobstructed navigation.

Fishways.

Time limit.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. That this Act shall be null and void unless the privilege hereby granted shall be availed of within two years from the date hereof.

SEC. 3. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, January 10, 1903.

CHAP. 89.—An Act To authorize a resurvey of certain lands in the State of Wyoming, and for other purposes.

January 10, 1903.

[Public, No. 19.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be made a resurvey of the following townships in the State of Wyoming: Townships forty-nine, fifty, fifty-one, and fifty-two north, ranges ninety-three, ninety-four, ninety-five, ninety-six, ninety-seven, ninety-eight, ninety-nine, one hundred, one hundred and one, one hundred and two, one hundred and three, and one hundred and four west, of the sixth principal meridian; townships fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five, and fifty-six north, ranges ninety-three, ninety-four, ninety-five, ninety-six, ninety-seven, ninety-eight, ninety-nine, and one hundred west, of the sixth principal meridian; township forty-eight north, ranges eighty-eight, eighty-nine, ninety, and ninety-one west, of the sixth principal meridian. And all rules and regulations of the Department of the Interior requiring petitions from all settlers on said lands asking for a resurvey and an agreement to abide by the result of the survey, so far as these lands are concerned, are hereby abrogated: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to impair the present bona fide rights or claim of any actual occupant of any of said lands so occupied to the amount of land to which, under the law, he is entitled.

Wyoming.
Resurvey of certain
townships.

Proviso.
Rights, etc., of actual
occupants not
impaired.

Approved, January 10, 1903.

CHAP. 90.—An Act Providing for the transfer of census records and volumes to the Census Office, and for other purposes.

January 12, 1903.

[Public, No. 20.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to transfer to the Census Office all of the schedules, records, and volumes of reports

Census office.
Transfer of prior
records, etc.

Furnishing copies of files, etc.

of the eleven decennial enumerations from seventeen hundred and ninety to eighteen hundred and ninety, inclusive, that may be in the possession of the Department of the Interior, which transfer shall not change the allotment of such reports heretofore made to Senators and Representatives; and the Director of the Census is hereby authorized, upon the request of a governor of any State or Territory, or the chief officer of any municipal government, to furnish such governor or municipal officer with copies of so much of said files or records as may be requested, at the discretion of the Director of the Census, upon payment of the actual cost of making such copies; and the amounts so received shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States, to be placed to the credit of and in addition to the appropriation made for the taking of the census.

Approved, January 12, 1903.

January 12, 1903.

CHAP. 91.—An Act To incorporate the General Education Board.

[Public, No. 21.]

General Education Board Incorporated.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That William H. Baldwin, junior, Jabez L. M. Curry, Frederick T. Gates, Daniel C. Gilman, Morris K. Jesup, Robert C. Ogden, Walter H. Page, George Foster Peabody, and Albert Shaw, and their successors, be, and they hereby are, constituted a body corporate of the District of Columbia; that the name of such body corporate shall be General Education Board, and that by such name the said persons and their successors shall have perpetual succession.

Object.

SEC. 2. That the object of the said corporation shall be the promotion of education within the United States of America, without distinction of race, sex, or creed.

Scope.

SEC. 3. That for the promotion of such object the said corporation shall have power to build, improve, enlarge, or equip, or to aid others to build, improve, enlarge, or equip, buildings for elementary or primary schools, industrial schools, technical schools, normal schools, training schools for teachers, or schools of any grade, or for higher institutions of learning, or, in connection therewith, libraries, workshops, gardens, kitchens, or other educational accessories; to establish, maintain, or endow, or aid others to establish, maintain, or endow, elementary or primary schools, industrial schools, technical schools, normal schools, training schools for teachers, or schools of any grade, or higher institutions of learning; to employ or aid others to employ teachers and lecturers; to aid, cooperate with, or endow associations or other corporations engaged in educational work within the United States of America, or to donate to any such association or corporation any property or moneys which shall at any time be held by the said corporation hereby constituted; to collect educational statistics and information, and to publish and distribute documents and reports containing the same, and in general to do and perform all things necessary or convenient for the promotion of the object of the corporation.

Powers.

SEC. 4. That the said corporation shall further have power to have and use a common seal and to alter and change the same at its pleasure; to sue or be sued in any court of the United States or other court of competent jurisdiction; to make by-laws for the admission or exclusion of its members, for the election of its trustees, officers, and agents, and otherwise; for the casting of votes by its members or trustees by proxy; for the purchase, management, sale, or transfer of its property; the investment and control of its funds and the general transaction of its business; to take or receive, whether by gift, grant, devise, bequest, or purchase, any real or personal estate, or to hold,

grant, convey, hire, or lease the same for the purposes of its incorporation; to accept and administer any trust of money or of real or personal estate for any educational purpose within the object of the corporation as aforesaid; to prescribe by by-laws or otherwise the terms and conditions upon which money, real estate, or personal estate shall be acquired or received by the said corporation, and for the grant, transfer, assignment, or donation of any or all property of the said corporation, real or personal, to any society or corporation for any of the said purposes for which the said corporation is hereby incorporated, and otherwise generally for the management of the property and the transaction of the business of the corporation.

SEC. 5. That the members of the corporation shall be not less than nine in number and not more than seventeen, as may be prescribed by the by-laws of the corporation: *Provided, however,* That if and when the number of members shall be less than nine the members remaining shall have power to add and shall add to their number until the number shall be not less than nine: *And provided,* That no act of the corporation shall be void because at the time such act shall be done the number of the members of the corporation shall be less than nine; that all the members of the corporation shall be its trustees; that no member of the said association shall, by reason of such membership or his trusteeship, be personally liable for any of its debts or obligations; that each member of the corporation shall hold his membership for a term of three years and until his successor shall be chosen: *Provided, however,* That the members shall be at all times divided into three classes numerically, as nearly as may be, and that the original members shall, at their first meeting, or as soon thereafter as shall be convenient, be divided into three classes, the members of the first class to hold their membership and office until the expiration of one year from the first day of January next after the enactment of this law, the members of the second class until the expiration of two years thereafter, and the members of the third class until the expiration of three years thereafter, and that in every case the member shall hold office after the expiration of his term until his successor shall be chosen: *And provided further,* That in case any member shall, by death, resignation, incapacity to act, or otherwise, cease to be a member during his term, his successor shall be chosen to serve for the remainder of such term and until his successor shall be chosen; and that the principal office of the said corporation shall be in the city of Washington, District of Columbia: *Provided,* That meetings may be held elsewhere within the United States as may be determined by the members or provided for by the by-laws.

SEC. 6. That all real property of the corporation within the District of Columbia which shall be used by the corporation for the educational or other purposes of the corporation as aforesaid, other than the purpose of producing income, and all personal property and funds of the corporation held, used, or invested for educational purposes as aforesaid, or to produce income to be used for such purposes, shall be exempt from taxation: *Provided, however,* That this exemption shall not apply to any property of the corporation which shall not be used for, or the income of which shall not be applied to, the educational purposes of the corporation: *And provided further,* That the corporation shall annually file with the Secretary of the Interior of the United States a report in writing, stating in detail the property, real and personal, held by the corporation, and the expenditure or other use or disposition of the same or the income thereof during the preceding year.

SEC. 7. That this charter shall be subject to alteration, amendment, or repeal at the pleasure of the Congress of the United States.

Approved, January 12, 1903.

Membership.
Proviso.
 Minimum membership.
 Trustees.
 Nonliability for debt.
 Terms of service.
 Division of service.
 Successor in case of death.
 Location of principal office.
 Meetings.
 Property exempt from taxes.
Proviso.
 Restriction.
 Report.
 Amendment.

January 12, 1903.

[Public, No. 22.]

CHAP. 92.—An Act Authorizing the issuance of a patent to the county of Clallam, State of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior shall cause a patent to issue conveying to the county of Clallam, in the State of Washington, for county purposes, to be expressed in patent, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to a parcel of land two hundred and twenty feet in width off the east side of suburban block numbered twenty-six, as shown on official plats of the town site of Port Angeles, in said county, subject to all other valid adverse rights.

Approved, January 12, 1903.

Port Angeles, Wash.
Land granted to
Clallam County.

January 13, 1903.

[Public, No. 23.]

CHAP. 133.—An Act Authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to return to Harvard University certain colors, silver cup, and Nordenfeldt gun.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to give to Harvard University the six-pounder Nordenfeldt gun, the set of colors, including ensign, jack, and pennant, and the silver loving cup presented by Harvard graduates to the auxiliary cruiser Harvard at the opening of the war with Spain: *Provided, however,* That said gun shall be returned, in like order as when received, to the Government at any time when it may be required for use.

Approved, January 13, 1903.

Harvard University.
Presents to cruiser
"Harvard" returned
to.

Proviso.
Return of gun.

January 13 1903.

[Public, No. 24.]

CHAP. 134.—An Act To amend the internal-revenue laws.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all distilled spirits now in internal-revenue bonded warehouses or which may hereafter be produced and deposited in such warehouses shall be entitled to the same allowance for loss from leakage or evaporation which now exists in favor of distilled spirits produced, gauged, and so deposited prior to January first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, and subject to the same conditions and limitations.

Approved, January 13, 1903.

Internal revenue.
Leakage, etc., allow-
ance extended to all
distilled spirits in
bond.
Vol. 30, p. 1349.

January 14, 1903.

[Public, No. 25.]

CHAP. 186.—An Act Relating to Hawaiian silver coinage and silver certificates.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the silver coins that were coined under the laws of Hawaii, when the same are not mutilated or abraded below the standard of circulation, shall be received at the par of their face value in payment of all dues to the government of the Territory of Hawaii and of the United States, and the same shall not again be put into circulation, but they shall be recoined in the mints as United States coins.

SEC. 2. That when such coins have been received by either Government they shall be transmitted to the mint at San Francisco, in sums of not less than five hundred dollars, to be recoined into subsidiary

Hawaiian silver
coins.
Receivable for gov-
ernment dues.

To be recoined in
United States subsidi-
ary coins.

silver coins of the United States, the expense of transportation to be paid by the United States. Expense of transportation.

SEC. 3. That any collector of customs or of internal revenue of the United States in the Hawaiian Islands shall, if he is so directed by the Secretary of the Treasury, exchange standard silver coins of the United States that are in his custody as such collector with the government of Hawaii, or with any person desiring to make such exchange, for coins of the government of Hawaii, at their face value when the same are not abraded below the lawful standard of circulation, and the Treasurer of the United States, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, is authorized to deposit such silver coins of the United States as shall be necessary with the collector of customs or of internal revenue at Honolulu or at any Government depository for the purpose of making such exchange under such regulations as he may prescribe. Exchange for United States coins.

SEC. 4. That any silver coins struck by the government of Hawaii that are mutilated or abraded below such standard may be presented for recoinage at any mint in the United States by the person owning the same, or his or her agents, in sums of not less than fifty dollars, and such owner shall be paid for such coins by the superintendent of the mint the bullion value per troy ounce of the fine silver they contain in standard silver coin of the United States, and such bullion shall be coined into subsidiary coinage of the United States. Payment for mutilated coins.

SEC. 5. That silver coins heretofore struck by the government of Hawaii shall continue to be legal tender for debts in the Territory of Hawaii, in accordance with the laws of the Republic of Hawaii, until the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, and not afterwards. To be legal tender until January 1, 1904.

SEC. 6. That any silver certificates heretofore issued by the government of the Hawaiian Islands, intended to be circulated as money, shall be redeemed by the Territorial government of Hawaii on or before the first day of January, nineteen hundred and five, and after said date it shall be unlawful to circulate the same as money. Redemption of silver certificates.

SEC. 7. That nothing in this Act contained shall bind the United States to redeem any silver certificates issued by the government of Hawaii, or any silver coin issued by such government, except in the manner and upon the conditions stated in this Act for the recoinage of Hawaiian silver. Limitation of United States liability.

SEC. 8. That the sum of ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, from any moneys in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, for the payment of the expenses of transporting said coins from the Hawaiian Islands to the mint at San Francisco, and a return of a like amount in the subsidiary coins of the United States to the Hawaiian Islands. Appropriation for transporting coins.

Approved, January 14, 1903.

CHAP. 187.—An Act For the refund of certain tonnage taxes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to refund, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, additional tonnage taxes, at the rate of one dollar per ton, amounting to seven thousand three hundred and fifty-two dollars, heretofore levied on the steamers Santiago de Cuba, Santiago, Cienfuegos, and Olinda on entry at New York from Cuban ports.

Approved, January 14, 1903.

January 14, 1903.
[Public, No. 26.]
Steamers "Santiago de Cuba," "Santiago," "Cienfuegos," and "Olinda."
Tonnage tax refunded to.

January, 15, 1903.

[Public, No. 27.]

CHAP. 188.—An Act To authorize the Pensacola, Alabama and Tennessee Railway Company to erect, maintain, and operate a railway bridge across the Alabama River in Wilcox County, in the State of Alabama.

Alabama River, Ala.
Pensacola, Alabama
and Tennessee Rail-
way Company may
bridge.

Location.

Unobstructed navigation.

Changes.

Litigation.

Proviso.
Existing laws not
affected.

Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

Lights, etc.

Use by other com-
panies.

Compensation.

Lawful structure
and post route.

Telegraph, etc.,
privileges.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Pensacola, Alabama and Tennessee Railway Company, a railroad corporation organized under the laws of the States of Florida and Alabama, its successors and assigns, are hereby authorized and empowered to erect, establish, maintain, and operate a railway bridge across the Alabama River at such point in Wilcox County, State of Alabama, as may be by said company selected and approved by the Secretary of War; and if said bridge erected and maintained under the authority of this Act shall at any time unreasonably obstruct the free navigation of said river, or shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, unreasonably obstruct such navigation, he is hereby authorized to cause such change or alteration of said bridge to be made as will effectually obviate such obstruction; and such alteration shall be made and all such obstructions be removed at the expense of the owners or operators of said bridge; and in case of any litigation arising from any obstruction or alleged obstruction to free navigation of said river by reason of the construction of said bridge, the same shall be instituted and determined in the district court of the United States for the southern district of Alabama: *Provided,* That nothing in this Act shall be so construed as to repeal or modify any of the provisions of law now existing in reference to the navigation of rivers, or to exempt this bridge from the operation of the same.

SEC. 2. That the bridge authorized to be constructed under this Act shall be located and built subject to such regulations for security of navigation of said river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the said company shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a general design and drawing of said bridge and a map of the location, giving, for the space of one mile above and one mile below the proposed location, the topography of the banks of the river, the shore lines at high and low water, soundings showing the bed of the stream, and such other information as the Secretary of War may require for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject; and until the plan and location of the bridge are approved by the Secretary of War the construction of said bridge shall not be commenced.

SEC. 3. That the draw of the bridge herein authorized to be constructed shall be opened promptly upon reasonable signal for the passing of boats, and such lights or signals as the Light-House Board shall prescribe shall be displayed, from sunset until sunrise, on said bridge by the owners thereof at their own expense.

SEC. 4. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railway trains over the same, and over the approaches thereto, upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case of disagreement between the parties in regard to the compensation to be paid, or the conditions to be observed, all matters at issue shall be determined by the Secretary of War.

SEC. 5. That the bridge to be built under this Act and according to its limitations shall be held to be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for their transportation over the railroad leading to such bridge; and it shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post roads in the United States; and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal-telegraph pur-

poses; and all telegraph and telephone companies shall have equal right and privileges in constructing and maintaining their lines across said bridge.

SEC. 6. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of the approval of this Act. Time of construction.

SEC. 7. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved. Amendment.

Approved, January 15, 1903.

CHAP. 189.—An Act To provide rebate of duties on coal, and for other purposes. January 15, 1903.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to make full rebate of duties imposed by law on all coal of every form and description imported into the United States from foreign countries for the period of one year from and after the passage of this Act. [Public, No. 28.]

SEC. 2. That the provisions of paragraph four hundred and fifteen of the tariff Act of July twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, shall not hereafter be construed to authorize the imposition of any duty upon anthracite coal. Coal.
Rebate of duty on, for one year.
Vol. 30, p. 190.

Approved, January 15, 1903.

CHAP. 190.—An Act To increase pension for total deafness. January 15, 1903.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this Act all persons on the pension roll of the United States, or who may hereafter be placed thereon, receiving pension for total loss of hearing due to causes originating in the military or naval service of the United States and in the line of duty, shall be entitled to receive, in lieu of the amount now paid in case of such disability, the sum of forty dollars per month: *Provided,* That said increase shall in no manner affect the rate of pension now being paid and allowable for partial deafness, the rating for which shall be continued and determined in accordance with the provisions of existing law. [Public, No. 29.]

Approved, January 15, 1903.

CHAP. 192.—An Act To grant title to the town of Juneau, Alaska, of lands occupied for school purposes, and for other purposes. January 16, 1903.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That certain real property now situated in the town of Juneau and district of Alaska, upon which the public-school building of the town of Juneau is now situated, and belonging to the United States of America, known as Government reservation numbered two, being all of block twenty-three except lots numbered five and six in the town of Juneau, as the same appears of record on the official plat of the town-site trustee, be, and the same is hereby, granted to the incorporated town of Juneau for school purposes, and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to cause a patent to be issued therefor to such municipality upon proof of its incorporation. Juneau, Alaska.
Granted land for public school.

Approved, January 16, 1903.

January 20, 1903.

[Public, No. 31.]

CHAP. 194.—An Act Making appropriations to supply additional urgent deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, namely:

Urgent deficiency appropriations.

Printing and binding.

PRINTING AND BINDING.

Department of Justice.

For printing and binding for the Department of Justice, to be executed under the direction of the Public Printer, eight thousand dollars.

District of Columbia.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Fuel.

For fuel, as follows: For the metropolitan police, three thousand dollars; for the fire department, four thousand five hundred dollars; for public schools, forty-five thousand dollars; in all, fifty-two thousand five hundred dollars, one half of which shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia and the other half out of the Treasury of the United States.

Half from District revenues.

House of Representatives.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Miscellaneous items, etc.

For miscellaneous items and expenses of special and select committees, forty thousand dollars.

Approved, January 20, 1903.

January 21, 1903.

[Public, No. 32.]

CHAP. 195.—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the use of timber and stone for domestic and industrial purposes in the Indian Territory," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the use of timber and stone for domestic and industrial purposes in the Indian Territory," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred, be amended so as to read as follows:

Indian Territory.
Use of timber and stone for industrial purposes.
Vol. 31, p. 660, amended.

Secretary of the Interior to prescribe rules, etc.

"That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to prescribe rules and regulations for the procurement of timber and stone for domestic and industrial purposes, including the construction, maintenance, and repairs of railroads and other highways, to be used only in the Indian Territory, or upon any railroad outside of the said Territory which is part of any continuous line of railroad extending into the said Territory, from lands belonging to either of the Five Civilized Tribes, and to fix the full value thereof to be paid therefor and collect the same for the benefit of said tribes: *Provided, however,* That nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent allottees from disposing of timber and stone on their allotments, as provided in section sixteen of an Act entitled 'An Act for the protection of the people of the Indian Territory, and for other purposes,' approved June twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, from and after the allotment by the Commission to the Five Civilized Tribes.

Use by railroads.

Proviso.
Right of allottees to dispose of timber, etc., not affected.

Vol. 30, p. 501.

Penalty for unlawfully cutting, etc.

"**SEC. 2.** That every person who unlawfully cuts, or aids or is employed in unlawfully cutting, or wantonly destroys, or procures to be wantonly destroyed, any timber standing upon the lands of either of said tribes contrary to the provisions of this Act and the regulations

prescribed thereunder by the Secretary of the Interior, shall pay a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not more than twelve months, or both, in the discretion of the court trying the same.”

Approved, January 21, 1903.

CHAP. 196.—An Act To promote the efficiency of the militia, and for other purposes.

January 21, 1903.

[Public, No. 33.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the militia shall consist of every able-bodied male citizen of the respective States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, and every able-bodied male of foreign birth who has declared his intention to become a citizen, who is more than eighteen and less than forty-five years of age, and shall be divided into two classes—the organized militia, to be known as the National Guard of the State, Territory, or District of Columbia, or by such other designations as may be given them by the laws of the respective States or Territories, and the remainder to be known as the Reserve Militia.

Militia.
Composition of.

National Guard.

Reserve Militia.

Persons exempt.

SEC. 2. That the Vice-President of the United States, the officers, judicial and executive, of the Government of the United States, the members and officers of each House of Congress, persons in the military or naval service of the United States, all custom-house officers, with their clerks, postmasters and persons employed by the United States in the transmission of the mail, ferrymen employed at any ferry on a post road, artificers and workmen employed in the armories and arsenals of the United States, pilots, mariners actually employed in the sea service of any citizen or merchant within the United States, and all persons who are exempted by the laws of the respective States or Territories shall be exempted from militia duty, without regard to age: *Provided,* That nothing in this Act shall be construed to require or compel any member of any well-recognized religious sect or organization at present organized and existing whose creed forbids its members to participate in war in any form, and whose religious convictions are against war or participation therein, in accordance with the creed of said religious organization, to serve in the militia or any other armed or volunteer force under the jurisdiction and authority of the United States.

Proviso.
Exemption because of creed.

SEC. 3. That the regularly enlisted, organized, and uniformed active militia in the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia who have heretofore participated or shall hereafter participate in the apportionment of the annual appropriation provided by section sixteen hundred and sixty-one of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended, whether known and designated as National Guard, militia, or otherwise, shall constitute the organized militia. The organization, armament, and discipline of the organized militia in the several States and Territories and in the District of Columbia shall be the same as that which is now or may hereafter be prescribed for the Regular and Volunteer Armies of the United States, within five years from the date of the approval of this Act: *Provided,* That the President of the United States, in time of peace, may by order fix the minimum number of enlisted men in each company, troop, battery, signal corps, engineer corps, and hospital corps: *And provided further,* That any corps of artillery, cavalry and infantry existing in any of the States at the passage of the Act of May eighth, seventeen hundred and ninety-two, which, by the laws, customs or usages of the said States have been in continuous existence since the passage of said Act under its provisions and under the provisions of Section two hundred and thirty-two and

Organized militia.

R. S. sec. 1661, p. 290.
Vol. 24, p. 401.
Vol. 31, p. 662.

To conform to general Army Regulations.

Provisos.
Minimum number of enlisted men.

Privileges of certain existing corps.
Vol. 1, p. 271.

R. S., secs. 232, 1625-1660, pp. 37, 285-290.

Sections sixteen hundred and twenty-five to sixteen hundred and sixty, both inclusive, of Title sixteen of the Revised Statutes of the United States relating to the Militia, shall be allowed to retain their accustomed privileges, subject, nevertheless, to all other duties required by law in like manner as the other Militia.

SEC. 4. That whenever the United States is invaded, or in danger of invasion from any foreign nation, or of rebellion against the authority of the Government of the United States, or the President is unable, with the other forces at his command, to execute the laws of the Union in any part thereof, it shall be lawful for the President to call forth, for a period not exceeding nine months, such number of the militia of the State or of the States or Territories or of the District of Columbia as he may deem necessary to repel such invasion, suppress such rebellion, or to enable him to execute such laws, and to issue his orders for that purpose to such officers of the militia as he may think proper.

SEC. 5. That whenever the President calls forth the militia of any State or Territory or of the District of Columbia to be employed in the service of the United States, he may specify in his call the period for which such service is required, not exceeding nine months, and the militia so called shall continue to serve during the term so specified, unless sooner discharged by order of the President.

SEC. 6. That when the militia of more than one State is called into the actual service of the United States by the President he may, in his discretion, apportion them among such States or Territories or to the District of Columbia according to representative population.

SEC. 7. That every officer and enlisted man of the militia who shall be called forth in the manner hereinbefore prescribed and shall be found fit for military service shall be mustered or accepted into the United States service by a duly authorized mustering officer of the United States: *Provided, however,* That any officer or enlisted man of the militia who shall refuse or neglect to present himself to such mustering officer upon being called forth as herein prescribed shall be subject to trial by court-martial, and shall be punished as such court-martial may direct.

SEC. 8. That courts-martial for the trial of officers or men of the militia, when in the service of the United States, shall be composed of militia officers only.

SEC. 9. That the militia, when called into the actual service of the United States, shall be subject to the same Rules and Articles of War as the regular troops of the United States.

SEC. 10. That the militia, when called into the actual service of the United States, shall, during their time of service, be entitled to the same pay and allowances as are or may be provided by law for the Regular Army.

SEC. 11. That when the militia is called into the actual service of the United States, or any portion of the militia is accepted under the provisions of this Act, their pay shall commence from the day of their appearing at the place of company rendezvous. But this provision shall not be construed to authorize any species of expenditure previous to arriving at such places of rendezvous which is not provided by existing laws to be paid after their arrival at such places of rendezvous.

SEC. 12. That there shall be appointed in each State, Territory and District of Columbia, an Adjutant-General, who shall perform such duties as may be prescribed by the laws of such State, Territory, and District, respectively, and make returns to the Secretary of War, at such times and in such form as he shall from time to time prescribe, of the strength of the organized militia, and also make such reports as may from time to time be required by the Secretary of War. That the Secretary of War shall, with his annual report of each year, transmit to Congress an abstract of the returns and reports of the adjutants-

To be called forth
in case of invasion,
etc.

Term of service to
be specified.

Apportionment.

Mustering in.

Proviso.
Punishment for re-
fusal to answer call.

Courts-martial,
composition.

Army Regulations to
govern.

Pay and allowances.

Commencement of
pay.

Previous expendi-
tures.

Adjutant-general in
each State, etc.
Duties of.

Report to Congress.

general of the States, Territories, and the District of Columbia, with such observations thereon as he may deem necessary for the information of Congress.

SEC. 13. That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to issue, on the requisitions of the governors of the several States and Territories, or of the commanding general of the militia of the District of Columbia, such number of the United States standard service magazine arms, with bayonets, bayonet scabbards, gun slings, belts, and such other necessary accouterments and equipments as are required for the Army of the United States, for arming all of the organized militia in said States and Territories and District of Columbia, without charging the cost or value thereof, or any which have been issued since December first, nineteen hundred and one, or any expense connected therewith, against the allotment to said State, Territory, or District of Columbia, out of the annual appropriation provided by section sixteen hundred and sixty-one of the Revised Statutes, as amended, or requiring payment therefor, and to exchange, without receiving any money credit therefor, ammunition, or parts thereof, suitable to the new arms, round for round, for corresponding ammunition suitable to the old arms theretofore issued to said State, Territory, or District by the United States: *Provided*, That said rifles and carbines and other property shall be receipted for and shall remain the property of the United States and be annually accounted for by the governors of the States and Territories as now required by law, and that each State, Territory, and District shall, on receipt of the new arms, turn in to the Ordnance Department of the United States Army, without receiving any money credit therefor, and without expense for transportation, all United States rifles and carbines now in its possession.

To provide means to carry into effect the provisions of this section, the necessary money to cover the cost of exchanging or issuing the new arms, accouterments, equipments, and ammunition to be exchanged or issued hereunder is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 14. That whenever it shall appear by the report of inspections, which it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War to cause to be made at least once in each year by officers detailed by him for that purpose, that the organized militia of a State or Territory or of the District of Columbia is sufficiently armed, uniformed, and equipped for active duty in the field, the Secretary of War is authorized, on the requisition of the governor of such State or Territory, to pay to the quartermaster-general thereof, or to such other officer of the militia of said State as the said governor may designate and appoint for the purpose, so much of its allotment out of the said annual appropriation under section sixteen hundred and sixty-one of the Revised Statutes as amended as shall be necessary for the payment, subsistence, and transportation of such portion of said organized militia as shall engage in actual field or camp service for instruction, and the officers and enlisted men of such militia while so engaged shall be entitled to the same pay, subsistence, and transportation or travel allowances as officers and enlisted men of corresponding grades of the Regular Army are or may hereafter be entitled by law, and the officer so designated and appointed shall be regarded as a disbursing officer of the United States, and shall render his accounts through the War Department to the proper accounting officers of the Treasury for settlement, and he shall be required to give good and sufficient bonds to the United States, in such sums as the Secretary of War may direct, faithfully to account for the safe-keeping and payment of the public moneys so intrusted to him for disbursement.

SEC. 15. That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to provide for participation by any part of the organized militia of any State or Territory on the request of the governor thereof in the encampment,

Issue of arms, etc.
Post, p. 942.

Not chargeable to
annual allotment.

R. S., sec. 1661, p. 290.
Exchange of am-
munition.

Proviso.
Exchange of old for
new arms.

Appropriation.

Payment for actual
field, etc., service.

Pay of officers and
men.

Accounts.

Participation in
Regular Army en-
campments, etc.

maneuvers, and field instruction of any part of the Regular Army at or near any military post or camp or lake or seacoast defenses of the United States. In such case the organized militia so participating shall receive the same pay, subsistence, and transportation as is provided by law for the officers and men of the Regular Army, to be paid out of the appropriation for the pay, subsistence, and transportation of the Army: *Provided*, That the command of such military post or camp and of the officers and troops of the United States there stationed shall remain with the regular commander of the post without regard to the rank of the commanding or other officers of the militia temporarily so encamped within its limits or in its vicinity.

Pay, etc.

Proviso.
Regular Army officer to retain command.

Allowance to militia officers attending military schools.

SEC. 16. That whenever any officer of the organized militia shall, upon recommendation of the governor of any State, Territory, or general commanding the District of Columbia, and when authorized by the President, attend and pursue a regular course of study at any military school or college of the United States such officer shall receive from the annual appropriation for the support of the Army the same travel allowances, and quarters, or commutation of quarters, to which an officer of the Regular Army would be entitled if attending such school or college under orders from proper military authority, and shall also receive commutation of subsistence at the rate of one dollar per day while in actual attendance upon the course of instruction.

Issue of army stores, etc.
R. S., sec. 1661, p. 290.

SEC. 17. That the annual appropriation made by section sixteen hundred and sixty-one, Revised Statutes, as amended, shall be available for the purpose of providing for issue to the organized militia any stores and supplies or publications which are supplied to the Army by any department. Any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia may, with the approval of the Secretary of War, purchase for cash from the War Department, for the use of its militia, stores, supplies, material of war, or military publications, such as are furnished to the Army, in addition to those issued under the provisions of this Act, at the price at which they are listed for issue to the Army, with the cost of transportation added, and funds received from such sales shall be credited to the appropriations to which they belong and shall not be covered into the Treasury, but shall be available until expended to replace therewith the supplies sold to the States and Territories and to the District of Columbia in the manner herein provided.

Purchase of additional supplies, etc.

Use of receipts from sales.

Annual drill, instruction, and target practice required.

SEC. 18. That each State or Territory furnished with material of war under the provisions of this or former Acts of Congress shall, during the year next preceding each annual allotment of funds, in accordance with section sixteen hundred and sixty-one of the Revised Statutes as amended, have required every company, troop, and battery in its organized militia not excused by the governor of such State or Territory to participate in practice marches or go into camp of instruction at least five consecutive days, and to assemble for drill and instruction at company, battalion, or regimental armories or rendezvous or for target practice not less than twenty-four times, and shall also have required during such year an inspection of each such company, troop, and battery to be made by an officer of such militia or an officer of the Regular Army.

Inspection.

Detail of army officers for encampments.

SEC. 19. That upon the application of the governor of any State or Territory furnished with material of war under the provisions of this Act or former laws of Congress, the Secretary of War may detail one or more officers of the Army to attend any encampment of the organized militia, and to give such instruction and information to the officers and men assembled in such camp as may be requested by the governor. Such officer or officers shall immediately make a report of such encampment to the Secretary of War, who shall furnish a copy thereof to the governor of the State or Territory.

Report.

SEC. 20. That upon application of the governor of any State or Territory furnished with material of war under the provisions of this Act or former laws of Congress, the Secretary of War may, in his discretion, detail one or more officers of the Army to report to the governor of such State or Territory for duty in connection with the organized militia. All such assignments may be revoked at the request of the governor of such State or Territory or at the pleasure of the Secretary of War.

Assignment of Army officers for duty with militia.

Revocation.

SEC. 21. That the troops of the militia encamped at any military post or camp of the United States may be furnished such amounts of ammunition for instruction in firing and target practice as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, and such instruction in firing shall be carried on under the direction of an officer selected for that purpose by the proper military commander.

Ammunition for target practice, etc.

SEC. 22. That when any officer, noncommissioned officer, or private of the militia is disabled by reason of wounds or disabilities received or incurred in the service of the United States he shall be entitled to all the benefits of the pension laws existing at the time of his service, and in case such officer, noncommissioned officer, or private dies in the service of the United States or in returning to his place of residence after being mustered out of such service, or at any time, in consequence of wounds or disabilities received in such service, his widow and children, if any, shall be entitled to all the benefits of such pension laws.

Pension for wounds, etc.

Pension to widow.

SEC. 23. That for the purpose of securing a list of persons specially qualified to hold commissions in any volunteer force which may hereafter be called for and organized under the authority of Congress, other than a force composed of organized militia, the Secretary of War is authorized from time to time to convene boards of officers at suitable and convenient army posts in different parts of the United States, who shall examine as to their qualifications for the command of troops or for the performance of staff duties all applicants who shall have served in the Regular Army of the United States, in any of the volunteer forces of the United States, or in the organized militia of any State or Territory or District of Columbia, or who, being a citizen of the United States, shall have attended or pursued a regular course of instruction in any military school or college of the United States Army, or shall have graduated from any educational institution to which an officer of the Army or Navy has been detailed as superintendent or professor pursuant to law after having creditably pursued the course of military instruction therein provided. Such examinations shall be under rules and regulations prescribed by the Secretary of War, and shall be especially directed to ascertain the practical capacity of the applicant. The record of previous service of the applicant shall be considered as a part of the examination. Upon the conclusion of each examination the board shall certify to the War Department its judgment as to the fitness of the applicant, stating the office, if any, which it deems him qualified to fill, and, upon approval by the President, the names of the persons certified to be qualified shall be inscribed in a register to be kept in the War Department for that purpose. The persons so certified and registered shall, subject to a physical examination at the time, constitute an eligible class for commissions pursuant to such certificates in any volunteer force hereafter called for and organized under the authority of Congress, other than a force composed of organized militia, and the President may authorize persons from this class, to attend and pursue a regular course of study at any military school or college of the United States other than the Military Academy at West Point and to receive from the annual appropriation for the support of the Army the same allowances and commutations as provided in this Act for officers of the

Examinations for commissions in other volunteers.

Eligibility of applicants.

Regulations.

Certificates of qualification constitute eligible class.

Further instruction of eligibles in military schools.

Provisos.
Age limit.

organized militia: *Provided*, That no person shall be entitled to receive a commission as a second lieutenant after he shall have passed the age of thirty; as first lieutenant after he shall have passed the age of thirty-five; as captain after he shall have passed the age of forty; as major after he shall have passed the age of forty-five; as lieutenant-colonel after he shall have passed the age of fifty, or as colonel after he shall have passed the age of fifty-five: *And provided further*, That such appointments shall be distributed proportionately, as near as may be, among the various States contributing such volunteer force: *And provided*, That the appointments in this section provided for shall not be deemed to include appointments to any office in any company, troop, battery, battalion, or regiment of the organized militia which volunteers as a body or the officers of which are appointed by the governor of a State or Territory.

Proportionate distribution of appointments.

Restrictions.

Organization of volunteer forces.
Vol. 30, p. 361.

SEC. 24. That all the volunteer forces of the United States called for by authority of Congress shall, except as hereinbefore provided, be organized in the manner provided by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for temporarily increasing the military establishment of the United States in time of war, and for other purposes," approved April twenty-second, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight.

R. S., secs. 232, 1625-1660, pp. 37, 285-290, repealed.

SEC. 25. That sections sixteen hundred and twenty-five to sixteen hundred and sixty, both included, of title sixteen of the Revised Statutes, and section two hundred and thirty-two thereof, relating to the militia, are hereby repealed.

Effect.

SEC. 26. That this Act shall take effect upon the date of its approval.

Approved, January 21, 1903.

January 22, 1903.

[Public, No. 34.]

CHAP. 197.—An Act To establish Portal, North Dakota, a subport of entry and extend thereto the privileges of the first section of the Act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Portal, North Dakota, be, and is hereby, designated a subport of entry in the customs collection district of North and South Dakota, and that the privileges of the first section of the Act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, entitled "An Act to amend the statutes in relation to the immediate transportation of dutiable goods, and for other purposes," be, and the same are hereby, extended to said subport.

Approved, January 22, 1903.

January 26, 1903.

[Public, No. 35.]

CHAP. 332.—An Act To pay in part judgments rendered under an act of the legislative assembly of the Territory of Hawaii for property destroyed in suppressing the bubonic plague in said Territory in eighteen hundred and ninety-nine and nineteen hundred, and authorizing the Territory of Hawaii to issue bonds for the payment of the remaining claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of one million dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to pay in part the judgments rendered under an act of the legislative assembly of the Territory of Hawaii by the fire claims commission of that Territory for property destroyed in the suppression of the bubonic plague in said Territory in the years eight-hundred and ninety-nine and nineteen hundred.

SEC. 2. That the governor and secretary of said Territory are hereby authorized to issue the bonds of that Territory in such sum, not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars, as, together with the money hereby

Hawaii.
Bubonic plague judgments.
Appropriation to pay part of.

Bond issue for balance.

appropriated, may be sufficient to pay all of said judgments. Said bonds shall be payable in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard weight and fineness, shall bear interest at the rate of four per centum per annum, payable semiannually, and be redeemable in not less than five years and payable in not more than fifteen years from the date of issuance. The principal and interest of all bonds shall be exempt from any and all taxes, and the payment thereof shall constitute a charge on the revenues of the Territory of Hawaii. Said bonds shall be sold at not less than their face value, and the proceeds thereof shall be applied to the payment of the judgments aforesaid and to no other purpose, and they shall be of such form and denominations and be issued and sold under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior shall prescribe.

Bonds exempt from taxation.

SEC. 3. That under no circumstances shall any such judgment claimant, or anyone claiming through him, be required to pay, nor shall any attorney or agent be entitled to charge, demand, or receive, directly or indirectly, more than ten per centum upon the amount recovered as compensation for services or labor of any kind or character in the prosecution or establishment of the claim, and in cases of contracts or agreements providing for payment of less than ten per centum the payment shall not be increased above the percentage so agreed upon. Before any such judgment shall be paid hereunder the governor of said Territory must certify that the same is genuine and was duly rendered in pursuance of the act of the legislative assembly of the Territory; and the payment of said judgments shall be in full satisfaction and discharge of any and all claims or demands against said Territory or the United States on account of any property destroyed in the said suppression of the bubonic plague.

Attorney's fees, etc., limited.

Proof.

Payments.

SEC. 4. That this Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Effect.

Approved, January 26, 1903.

CHAP. 333.—An Act To provide for laying a single electric street-railway track across the Aqueduct Bridge, in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

January 29, 1903.

[Public, No. 36.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That upon deposit of the amounts hereinafter stated by the Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company, a corporation of the State of Virginia, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and directed to change or rebuild, according to such plans as they may approve, the superstructure of the Aqueduct Bridge across the Potomac River so as to permit the placing thereon of a single electric street-railway track for the accommodation of electric street cars operating and to operate across said bridge.

District of Columbia.
Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company.
May use Aqueduct Bridge for electric street railway.
Changes in bridge.

SEC. 2. That within thirty days after the approval of this Act the said Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company shall deposit with the collector of taxes of the District of Columbia the sum of one thousand dollars, and the said company shall, before the work provided for in the first section hereof shall be begun, deposit with said collector the additional sum of twenty-four thousand dollars, the aggregate amount of said sums being the estimated cost of such change or alteration in said bridge necessary for the purpose of accommodating such electric street-railway traffic across same: *Provided*, That if the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars shall not have been deposited by said railroad company within three months after the passage of this Act the said company shall forfeit to the said District of Columbia the said sum of one thousand dollars, hereinbefore required to be deposited, and all rights under this Act: *Provided further*, That if the said Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company shall fail

Deposit for expenditures.

Proviso.
Forfeit.

Forfeiture on failure to deposit.

to make said deposit of one thousand dollars within the said thirty days or the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars within the said ninety days, then that all rights of the Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company under this Act shall be forfeited. In which event, the Washington, Arlington and Falls Church Railway Company may, within ten days from the default made by the Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company, make the said deposit or deposits, and have and enjoy all the rights, privileges and franchises granted by this Act to the Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company.

Washington, Arlington and Falls Church Railway Company may obtain rights if forfeited.

Rebuilding bridge.

SEC. 3. That within sixty days after the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars shall have been deposited by said company, as hereinbefore required, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall, as promptly as possible, proceed with the work of changing or rebuilding the superstructure of the said Aqueduct Bridge, charging the cost of said work to said deposit, and shall continue same until said work is completed: *Provided*, That if said sum is found at any time during the prosecution of said work to be insufficient to complete the same, in the opinion of said Commissioners, the Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company shall deposit with the collector of taxes of said District such additional sum or sums, not to exceed ten thousand dollars, as the Commissioners of the District of Columbia may deem necessary.

Proviso.
Increase of deposit.

Time limit for track laying.

SEC. 4. That within ninety days after the completion of the work of changing or rebuilding said bridge, or during the progress of said work, as may be directed by the said Commissioners, the Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company is hereby authorized and directed, under such regulations and upon such plans as may be approved by said Commissioners, to lay upon said bridge and across M street and in Thirty-sixth street to such point south of Prospect street, in the city of Washington, as may be approved by said Commissioners, a single electric-railway track, with necessary switches and turn-outs; that the said Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company is hereby authorized to connect its tracks to be constructed over its right of way in Alexandria County, Virginia, with the track hereby authorized to be constructed upon the said Aqueduct Bridge, and to operate its cars thereon.

Location.

Use by other roads.
Compensation.

SEC. 5. That any other electric street-railway company desiring to use said track for the purpose of crossing said bridge and securing connection into the city of Washington may be permitted to do so by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia upon satisfying said Commissioners that it has refunded to said Great Falls and Old Dominion Railroad Company such proportional part of the sum deposited by said company, as herein required, as may be agreed upon between said companies as a fair and equitable compensation for said privilege, and in the event that the said companies shall fail to agree upon the amount to be so refunded, either or any of them may apply by petition to the supreme court of the District of Columbia, which shall immediately provide for proper notice to and hearing of all parties interested, and shall have power to determine the amount to be so refunded for the use of said track.

Repairs.

SEC. 6. That the company or companies using said track shall at all times keep the bridge floor and the pavement between the rails of said track and for a distance of two feet outside thereof in repair to the satisfaction of said Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and in the event that the said railway company or companies neglect or refuse to keep said floor and pavement in repair to the satisfaction of said Commissioners, the Commissioners are hereby authorized to make such repairs and collect the cost of the same from such railroad company or companies in such manner as is now provided by law in cases where street pavements adjacent to street-railway tracks are repaired by said District; and if the cost of said repairs is not paid by said

railroad company or companies within ninety days from the rendition of bills for the same, the said Commissioners are hereby authorized to prevent the operation of said cars by the exercise of their police authority until such time as said bills are paid.

SEC. 7. That no car shall be operated upon said bridge by steam power, nor shall any company operating steam cars within such distance from the south end of the said bridge as to interfere with vehicle traffic thereon be permitted to operate electric street cars upon said bridge.

Steam power prohibited.

SEC. 8. That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to permit the cars of said railroad company or companies using said track across said bridge and in M and Thirty-sixth streets to be operated by the underground electric system or by overhead trolley, as they may deem desirable; and in case the overhead trolley is used each car shall be equipped with a double trolley, and a return wire shall be provided for the electric current equal in capacity to the feed system upon this portion of the line and similarly situated, and no pole of any dynamo furnishing power for the operation of said cars shall be in any manner connected with the earth.

Underground or overhead trolley optional.

Restrictions.

SEC. 9. That the operation of the cars upon the track herein authorized shall be under the direction and control of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, who are hereby authorized to make such regulations in regard to speed, character, and weight of cars, time of operation, and fare to be charged as they may deem necessary or desirable; and any company violating any regulations of said Commissioners made under the authority of this section shall be subject to a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars for each and every offense, to be recovered in any court of competent jurisdiction at the suit of said Commissioners, and in default of the payment of such fine the Commissioners are hereby authorized to exercise their police authority to prevent the operation of the cars of the company so defaulting.

Regulations.

Penalty.

SEC. 10. That Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

Amendment.

Approved, January 29, 1903.

CHAP. 334.—An Act To promote the efficiency of the Philippine constabulary, to establish the rank and pay of its commanding officers, and for other purposes.

January 30, 1903.

[Public, No. 37.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That officers of the Army of the United States may be detailed for service as chief and assistant chiefs, the said assistant chiefs not to exceed in number four, of the Philippine constabulary, and that during the continuance of such details the officer serving as chief shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of brigadier-general, and the officers serving as assistant chiefs shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of colonel: *Provided*, That the difference between the pay and allowances of brigadier-general and colonel, as herein provided, and the pay and allowances of the officers so detailed in the grades from which they are detailed shall be paid out of the Philippine treasury.

Philippine constabulary. Detail of Army officers for.

Rank, etc.

Proviso. Philippine treasury to pay difference in allowance, etc.

SEC. 2. That any companies of Philippine scouts ordered to assist the Philippine constabulary in the maintenance of order in the Philippine Islands may be placed under the command of officers serving as chief or assistant chiefs of the Philippine constabulary, as herein provided: *Provided*, That when the Philippine scouts shall be ordered to assist the Philippine constabulary, said scouts shall not at any time be placed under the command of inspectors or other officers of the constabulary below the grade of assistant chief of constabulary.

Assistance of Philippine scouts.

Proviso. Rank of commanding officers.

Approved, January 30, 1903.

January 30, 1903.

[Public, No. 38.]

CHAP. 335.—An Act Providing that the circuit court of appeals of the fifth judicial circuit of the United States shall hold at least one term of said court annually in the city of Montgomery, in the State of Alabama, on the first Monday in September in each year.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the circuit court of appeals of the fifth judicial circuit of the United States is hereby authorized and required to hold one term of said court in the city of Montgomery, in the State of Alabama, on the first Monday in September in each year.

SEC. 2. That all appeals, writs of error, and other appellate proceedings which may, after the date of this Act, be taken or prosecuted from the circuit or district courts of the United States in the State of Alabama to the court of appeals of the fifth circuit shall be heard and disposed of by the said court of appeals at the terms of the court held in Montgomery in pursuance of this Act: *Provided,* That nothing herein contained shall prevent the court from hearing appeals or writs of error wherever the said court shall sit, in cases of injunctions and in all other cases which under the statutes and the rules, or in the opinion of the court, are entitled to be brought to a speedy hearing.

SEC. 3. That this Act shall not operate to prevent the said court from holding other terms in the city of Montgomery or in such other places in the said fifth judicial circuit as said court may from time to time designate.

SEC. 4. That chapter five hundred and seventeen of Twenty-sixth United States Statutes at Large is hereby amended in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 5. That the clerk of said court is authorized and permitted to pay out of the fees and emoluments of his office (first) the expenses incurred by him in transporting from his office in New Orleans, Louisiana, to Montgomery, Alabama, and in transporting from Montgomery, Alabama, to New Orleans, Louisiana, the records, books, papers, files, dockets, and supplies necessary for the use of the court at its terms to be held in Montgomery, Alabama; (second) an allowance for actual expenses not exceeding ten dollars per day to cover travel and subsistence for each day he may be required to be present at Montgomery, Alabama, on business connected with his said office, such expenses and allowance to be approved and allowed by the senior circuit judge of the fifth judicial circuit.

Approved, January 30, 1903.

January 30, 1903.

[Public, No. 39.]

CHAP. 336.—An Act To incorporate the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That George M. Sternberg, of the District of Columbia; Presley Marion Rixey, of the District of Columbia; Walter Wyman, of the District of Columbia; Nicholas Senn, of Illinois; Jefferson Davis Griffith, of Missouri; John Van Rensselaer Hoff, of New York; Robert A. Blood, of Massachusetts; Leonard B. Almy, of Connecticut; Nelson H. Henry, of New York; J. Francis Calef, of Connecticut; George Henderson, of the District of Columbia; Charles F. W. Myers, of New Jersey; John V. Shoemaker, of Pennsylvania; Angelo Fistorazzi, of Alabama; Edmund C. Brush, of Ohio; Frederick W. Byers, of Wisconsin; James T. Priestley, of Iowa; James Evelyn Pilcher, of Pennsylvania; Marshall O. Terry, of New York;

United States courts.
Circuit court of ap-
peals, fifth circuit.
Additional term,
Montgomery, Ala.

Appeals, writs of
error, etc.

Proviso.
Injunctions, etc.

Other terms.

Vol. 26, p. 826,
amended.

Transportation ex-
penses.

Expenses of clerk.

District of Columbia.
Association of Mili-
tary Surgeons of the
United States incor-
porated.
Incorporators.

Winslow Anderson, of California; Charles H. Alden, of Pennsylvania; William W. Grant, of Colorado; Robert Harvey Reed, of Wyoming; Thomas C. Clark, of Minnesota; Robert A. Marmion, of the District of Columbia; Miles Standish, of Massachusetts; John C. Wise, of Maryland; George T. Vaughan, of Virginia; Albert H. Briggs, of New York; William C. Borden, of New York; Otis H. Marion, of Massachusetts, and their associates and successors, are hereby created a body corporate and politic in the District of Columbia, by the name of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, for the purpose of advancing the knowledge of military surgery, medicine, and sanitation in the medical departments of the Army, the Navy, and the Marine-Hospital Service of the United States and of the militia of the different States, and to increase the efficiency of the different services by mutual association and the consideration of matters pertaining to the medico-military service of the United States in peace and in war.

Purpose.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy, the Surgeon-General of the Army, the Surgeon-General of the Navy, and the Surgeon-General of the Marine-Hospital Service shall be ex officio members of the Association of Military Surgeons of the United States, and, with the president of the association, shall act as an advisory board to the said association.

Ex officio members.

Advisory board.

SEC. 3. That said association is authorized to hold real and personal estate in the United States, so far only as may be necessary to its lawful ends, to an amount not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars, and may adopt a constitution and make by-laws not inconsistent with law, and may adopt a seal and an insignia which may be worn by its members.

Limit of property holdings, etc.

Approved, January 30, 1903.

CHAP. 337.—An Act To amend section fourteen of an Act entitled "An Act to divide the State of Texas into four judicial districts."

January 30, 1903.

[Public, No. 40.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section fourteen of an Act entitled "An Act to divide the State of Texas into four judicial districts," passed at the first session of the Fifty-seventh Congress, approved March eleventh, nineteen hundred and two, and known as chapter one hundred and eighty-three, be so amended as that said section fourteen shall hereafter read as follows:

Texas, western judicial district.

"SEC. 14. That the United States circuit and district courts for the western district of Texas shall be held in each year at the times and places as follows:

Terms.
Ante, p. 69, amended.

"At Austin, in the county of Travis, on the fourth Monday of January and the second Monday of June.

Austin.

"At Waco, in the county of McLennan, on the second Monday of November and the fourth Monday of February.

Waco.

"At San Antonio, in the county of Bexar, on the third Monday of December and the first Monday of May.

San Antonio.

"At El Paso, in the county of El Paso, on the first Monday of October and the first Monday of April."

El Paso.

SEC. 2. That this Act shall take effect on the thirty-first day of March, anno Domini nineteen hundred and three.

In effect March 31, 1903.

Approved, January 30, 1903.

January 30, 1903.

[Public, No. 41.]

CHAP. 338.—An Act To amend an Act approved March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, relating to public printing.

Congressional Record.
Congressional allotment increased.
Vol. 28, p. 617.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first and tenth paragraphs of the printing Act of January twelfth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, following the paragraph which reads "The Public Printer shall furnish the Congressional Record as follows and shall furnish gratuitously no others in addition thereto" be amended by striking out of said first paragraph the words "forty-four" between the word "Senator" and "copies" in the first line and insert in lieu thereof the words "eighty-eight"; and by striking out the word "thirty" between the words "Delegate" and "copies" in the fourth line of said first paragraph and insert in lieu thereof the word "sixty"; and by inserting in the ninth line of said first paragraph after the word "copies" and before the word "to" the following: "and to the Clerk for the use of members of the House of Representatives fifty copies, and to the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, for the use of the Senate, twenty copies." And amend said tenth paragraph by inserting in the third line thereof between the words "Museum" and "one" the words, "the Department of Labor and Civil Service Commission" and further amend said tenth paragraph by striking out in the second line the word "and" between the words "Institution" and "the."

Approved, January 30, 1903.

January 30, 1903.

[Public, No. 42.]

CHAP. 339.—An Act To divest out of the United States all its right, title, and interest of, in, and to certain real estate situated at and near the city of Montgomery, State of Alabama, and to vest the same in The Southern Cotton Oil Company, Bessie R. Maulsby, James S. Pinckard, trustee, M. V. B. Chase, and Edwin Ferris.

Preamble.

Whereas numerous suits have been brought in the circuit court of the United States for the middle district of Alabama, and elsewhere, by the United States against Eugene Beebe and Ferrie Henshaw, sureties upon the bond of Francis Widmer, a defaulting collector of internal revenue for the second district of Alabama, and against Eugene Beebe, also a surety on the bonds of Charles W. Dustan, a defaulting postmaster at Demopolis, Alabama, and Charles H. Davis, a defaulting postmaster at Union Springs, Alabama, and

Whereas in the course of said suits judgments were recovered by the United States against said Beebe and Henshaw, and certain real estate hereinafter mentioned and alleged to belong to them was seized and taken in execution in satisfaction of said judgments, and sold and purchased by the United States at marshal's sale, and subsequently conveyed by marshal's deed to the United States, and

Whereas various suits at law and in equity and in ejectment were subsequently brought against said Beebe and Henshaw, their heirs, executors, administrators, or grantees, to enforce the title of the United States to the real estate so purchased, and to secure possession thereof, and an accounting for the rentals thereof, many of which suits are still pending, and

Whereas said Beebe and Henshaw are now deceased, and a proposition has been made by the parties in interest hereinafter mentioned to pay to the United States the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars in compromise and settlement of said claims, and to end the litigation resulting therefrom, upon condition that the United States would release, relinquish, and convey unto proponents all the right, title, and interest in said real estate owned, acquired, or claimed by the United States, and said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars has been

deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury, as required by law, to abide action upon said proposition, and

Whereas the Secretary of the Treasury has approved said proposition of compromise and settlement for the amount tendered as aforesaid, but is without authority to carry the same into effect by a conveyance to said parties of the interest of the United States in said real estate: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the right, title, and interest of the United States of, in, and to all that certain tract of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, commencing at a point three thousand nine hundred and sixty feet, more or less, north of the east and west line between sections one and twelve, township sixteen north, range seventeen east, and six hundred and five and three-tenths feet, more or less, west of a point in the center of the Western Railway track, where it is crossed by the public road, which is a continuation of Court street, Montgomery, on the road or street leading from the Western Railway track into the "fair" or "exposition" grounds, on the land of the Montgomery Land and Improvement Company, and running along and on said road or street west one thousand nine hundred and eighty feet; thence turning an angle of seventy-nine degrees fourteen minutes to the right, or north, three hundred and sixty-one feet; thence seventeen degrees four minutes to the right nine hundred and sixty-three feet; thence five degrees twenty-three minutes to the left one thousand three hundred and forty feet to a point near the east and west line between the north and south halves of the southeast quarter of section thirty-six, township seventeen north, range seventeen east; thence at a right angle east one thousand three hundred and thirty feet, more or less; thence south one thousand three hundred and eighteen feet; thence east along the line between said section thirty-six and said section one nine hundred and fifty feet; thence in a southerly direction one thousand three hundred and thirty feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, containing about one hundred acres, more or less, being the same premises heretofore known as "The Montgomery Race Track," and which was inclosed by a fence, said lands lying and being situated in the northeast quarter of section one, township sixteen north, range seventeen east, and in the southeast quarter of section thirty-six, township seventeen north, range seventeen east, all near the city of Montgomery, in the county of Montgomery and State of Alabama, excepting the lot heretofore sold by the Montgomery Land and Improvement Company to I. L. Watkins, trustee, and now claimed by James S. Pinckard, trustee, set forth and described in the next succeeding section of this bill, be, and the same is hereby, divested out of the United States and vested in the Southern Cotton Oil Company.

Southern Cotton Oil Company.
Certain United States lands near Montgomery, Ala., vested in.
Boundaries.

Exception.

SEC. 2. That all the right, title, and interest of the United States of, in, and to all that certain tract of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, lying, being, and situate in the county of Montgomery, State of Alabama, described as follows: The north half of block numbered five, bounded on the north by Sixth street, on the east by Railroad street, on the south by a twenty-foot alley running east and west through the center of said block, and on the west by C street, be, and the same is hereby, divested out of the United States, and vested in James S. Pinckard, as trustee.

James S. Pinckard, trustee.
Land vested in.

SEC. 3. That all the right, title, and interest of the United States of, in, and to all that certain storehouse and lot situated in the city and county of Montgomery and State of Alabama, and known as number twenty-two South Perry street, formerly number sixteen Perry street, be, and the same is hereby, divested out of the United States and vested in Bessie R. Maultsby.

Bessie R. Maultsby.
Land vested in.

Edwin Ferris.
Land vested in.

SEC. 4. That all the right, title, and interest of the United States of, in, and to all those certain storehouses and lots, situated in the city and county of Montgomery, State of Alabama, and known as storehouse and lot number twenty-eight Dexter avenue, formerly number twenty-eight Market street, and storehouse and lot number eleven North Perry street, formerly number eleven Perry street, in said city, be, and the same is hereby, divested out of the United States and vested in Edwin Ferris.

M. V. B. Chase.
Land vested in.

SEC. 5. That all the right, title, and interest of the United States of, in, and to all that certain storehouse and lot situated in the city and county of Montgomery, State of Alabama, known as storehouse number one hundred and nine Dexter avenue, formerly number forty-one Market street, in said city, be, and the same is hereby, divested out of the United States and vested in M. V. B. Chase.

Deeds.

SEC. 6. That the Solicitor of the Treasury of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to execute, acknowledge, and deliver to the said several parties herein named such deeds, writings, or assurances as will release, relinquish, and convey unto them, respectively, all the right, title, and interest which the United States may own or claim of, in, and to the respective properties herein mentioned, and to take such further action as may be proper to carry said proposition of settlement into effect.

Dismissal of suits,
etc.

SEC. 7. That the Solicitor of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to have all suits now pending in the circuit court of the United States for the middle district of Alabama, or elsewhere, between the United States and the parties herein named, or involving said property above described, either at law or in equity, dismissed, settled, and ended, and to have satisfaction entered upon the records of said courts of all judgments rendered in favor of the United States against said parties, or any of them, or involving said property, and to take such further action as may be proper to carry said proposition of settlement into effect.

Approved, January 30, 1903.

January 30, 1903.

[Public, No. 43.]

CHAP. 340.—An Act To extend the time for the completion of the incline railway on West Mountain, Hot Springs Reservation.

Hot Springs Reservation,
Ark.
Time for completing
incline railway extended.

Vol. 28, p. 21.
Vol. 31, p. 51.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time for the completion of an incline railway upon the West Mountain of the Hot Springs Reservation, as provided by Act of Congress approved December twenty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and as extended by Act of Congress approved March twenty-sixth, nineteen hundred, be further extended for the term of one year from and after the passage of this Act, and that said original Act, approved December twenty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, be continued in full force and effect.

Approved, January 30, 1903.

January 31, 1903.

[Public, No. 44.]

CHAP. 342.—An Act To redeem certain outstanding certificates of the board of audit, the board of public works, and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

District of Columbia.
Appropriation for redemption of certain certificates of board of audit, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to receive and audit certificates of indebtedness numbered seven thousand six hundred and eighty-nine, for the sum of eleven dollars and

nineteen cents; numbered ten thousand nine hundred and eighty-three, for the sum of twenty-two dollars; numbered sixteen thousand four hundred and twenty-three, for the sum of twenty-one dollars and thirty cents; numbered twenty-one thousand and two, for the sum of eighty-one dollars and seventy cents; numbered twenty-one thousand three hundred and twenty-six, for the sum of fourteen dollars and twenty-three cents; numbered four thousand six hundred and sixty-five, for the sum of twenty dollars and ninety cents; numbered four thousand six hundred and sixty-six, for the sum of twenty dollars and ninety cents; numbered four thousand six hundred and sixty-seven, for the sum of sixty-eight dollars and twenty cents; numbered fourteen thousand seven hundred and eighty, for the sum of sixty-four dollars and twenty-five cents; numbered sixteen thousand four hundred and fifty-four, for the sum of forty-three dollars and twenty-two cents; numbered sixteen thousand four hundred and fifty-five, for the sum of thirteen dollars and nineteen cents; numbered sixteen thousand four hundred and fifty-six, for the sum of thirteen dollars and nineteen cents, issued by the board of audit of the District of Columbia; sewer certificate numbered seven hundred and ninety-two, for the sum of fifty dollars, issued by the board of public works of the District of Columbia, for the redemption of which there is no existing law, and to pay to the holders of said certificates the amount due thereon, including interest at the rate of three and sixty-five one-hundredths per centum per annum from the date of their issue to December thirty-first, eighteen hundred and eighty; and to pay to the holders the amount due on drawback certificates numbered, respectively, four thousand two hundred and fifty-nine, four thousand six hundred and sixteen, seven thousand six hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand six hundred and thirty-nine, nine thousand five hundred and seventy, nine thousand five hundred and seventy-one, nine thousand five hundred and seventy-two, twelve thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, fifteen thousand nine hundred and seventy-four, sixteen thousand six hundred and eleven, and sixteen thousand seven hundred and seventy-four, amounting in the aggregate to three hundred and twenty-seven dollars and fifty cents; and to redeem tax-lien certificates numbered two hundred and fifty-one, for the sum of nine dollars and ninety-seven cents; numbered three hundred and forty-nine, for the sum of nine dollars and thirty-five cents; numbered twelve hundred and fifty-two, for the sum of ninety-three dollars and thirty-seven cents, and numbered five thousand four hundred and fourteen, for the sum of seventeen dollars and ten cents; and to pay to the holder of tax-sale certificate on lot three, square numbered nine hundred and forty-seven, the sum of one hundred and twelve dollars and ninety cents, with interest at six per centum per annum for two years from its date, and a sufficient amount of money to pay the principal and interest of the aforesaid certificates is hereby appropriated, one-half from the revenues of the District of Columbia and one-half from any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

One-half from District revenues.

Approved, January 31, 1903.

CHAP. 343.—An Act Authorizing the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to extinguish a portion of an alley in square one hundred and eighty-nine.

January 31, 1903.

[Public, No. 45.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to abandon that portion of the public alley, ten feet wide, lying and being in the rear of a portion of lot numbered fifty-four, in Hanford and Heiston's subdivision of lots in square numbered one

District of Columbia.
Abandonment of
part of public alley, in
square 189.

hundred and eighty-nine, lying and being in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, as per plat recorded in book twenty, page ten, one of the records of the surveyor's office of the said District of Columbia; said portion of said alley being described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of said alley, and running south on the east line thereof, ten feet; thence west, on the southerly line of said alley, twenty feet; thence north ten feet, and thence east twenty feet to the place of beginning, containing in all two hundred square feet of ground.

Approved, January 31, 1903.

January 31, 1903.

[Public, No. 46.]

CHAP. 344.—An Act Providing for the compulsory attendance of witnesses before registers and receivers of the land office.

Public lands.
Compulsory attendance of witnesses before registers and receivers.
Issuance and service of subpoenas.

Provisos.
Service by persons other than authorized officers.

Place and time of service.

Fees.

Penalty for refusal to appear and testify.

Proviso.
Exception.

Depositions of non-residents.
Written notice.

Persons empowered to take depositions.
Subpoenas.

Penalty for nonappearance, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That registers and receivers of the land office, or either of them, in all matters requiring a hearing before them, are authorized and empowered to issue subpoenas directing the attendance of witnesses, which subpoenas may be served by any person by delivering a true copy thereof to such witness, and when served, witnesses shall be required to attend in obedience thereto: *Provided,* That if any subpoena be served under the provisions of this Act by any person other than an officer authorized by the laws of the United States, or of the State or Territory in which the depositions are taken, the service thereof shall be proved by the affidavit of the person serving the same: *Provided further,* That said subpoenas shall be served within the county in which attendance is required, and at least five days before attendance is required.

SEC. 2. That witnesses shall have the right to receive their fee for one day's attendance and mileage in advance. The fees and mileage of witnesses shall be the same as that provided by law in the district courts of the United States in the district in which such land offices are situated; and the witness shall be entitled to receive his fee for attendance in advance from day to day during the hearing.

SEC. 3. That any person willfully neglecting or refusing obedience to such subpoena, or neglecting or refusing to appear and testify when subpoenaed, his fees having been paid if demanded, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, for which he shall be punished by indictment in the district court of the United States or in the district courts of the Territories exercising the jurisdiction of circuit or district courts of the United States. The punishment for such offense, upon conviction, shall be a fine of not more than two hundred dollars, or imprisonment not to exceed ninety days, or both, at the discretion of the court: *Provided,* That if such witness has been prevented from obeying such subpoena without fault upon his part he shall not be punished under the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 4. That whenever the witness resides outside the county in which the hearing occurs any party to the proceeding may take the testimony of such witness in the county of such witness's residence in the form of depositions by giving ten days' written notice of the time and place of taking such depositions to the opposite party or parties. The depositions may be taken before any United States commissioner, notary public, judge or clerk of a court of record. Subpoenas for witnesses before the officer taking depositions may issue from the office of the register or receiver, or may be issued by the officer taking the depositions, and disobedience thereof, as defined in this Act, shall also be punished; and the witness shall receive the same fees and mileage and be subject to the same penalties in all respects as in case

of violation of a subpoena to appear before the register or receiver, and subject to the same limitations. The fees of the officer taking the depositions shall be the same as those allowed in the State or Territorial courts, and shall be paid by the party taking the deposition, and an itemized account of the fees shall be made by the officer taking the depositions and attached to the depositions.

SEC. 5. That whenever the taking of any depositions taken in pursuance of the foregoing provisions of this Act is concluded the opposite party may proceed at once at his own expense to take depositions in his own behalf, at the same time and place and before the same officer: *Provided*, That he shall, before taking of the depositions in the first instance is entered upon, give notice to the opposing party, or any agent or attorney representing him in the taking of said depositions, of his intention to do so.

Approved, January 31, 1903.

Fees.

Depositions in behalf of opposing parties.

Expense.

Provido.
Notice.

CHAP. 345.—An Act Providing for an additional circuit judge in the eighth judicial circuit.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be in the eighth circuit an additional circuit judge, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall possess the qualifications, and shall have the powers and jurisdiction and receive the compensation prescribed by law in respect to other circuit judges.

Approved, January 31, 1903.

January 31, 1903.

[Public, No. 47.]

United States courts.
Additional judge,
eighth judicial circuit.
R. S., sec. 607, p. 107.

CHAP. 346.—An Act Establishing a regular term of United States district court in Addison, West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the regular term of the district court of the United States for the southern district of West Virginia shall be held in each year in the city of Addison, West Virginia, on the first Monday in September: *Provided*, That accommodations for said term of court shall be furnished without cost to the United States.

Approved, January 31, 1903.

January 31, 1903.

[Public, No. 48.]

West Virginia southern judicial district.
Term at Addison.

Provido.
Cost of accommodations.

CHAP. 349.—An Act To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to more effectually suppress and prevent the spread of contagious and infectious diseases of live stock, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to effectually suppress and extirpate contagious pleuropneumonia, foot and mouth disease, and other dangerous contagious, infectious, and communicable diseases in cattle and other live stock, and to prevent the spread of such diseases, the powers conferred on the Secretary of the Treasury by sections four and five of an Act entitled "An Act for the establishment of a Bureau of Animal Industry, to prevent the exportation of diseased cattle, and to provide means for the suppression and extirpation of pleuropneumonia and other contagious diseases among domestic animals,"

February 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 49.]

Contagious diseases of live stock.
Powers to suppress transferred to Secretary of Agriculture.

Vol. 23, p. 32.

Transportation, etc., regulations.

Shipment after inspection.

Fees.

Supervision, etc., of the Bureau of Animal Industry.

Regulations to prevent contagious diseases, etc.

Penalty.

approved May twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four (twenty-third United States Statutes, thirty-one), are hereby conferred on the Secretary of Agriculture, to be exercised exclusively by him. He is hereby authorized and directed, from time to time, to establish such rules and regulations concerning the exportation and transportation of live stock from any place within the United States where he may have reason to believe such diseases may exist into and through any State or Territory, including the Indian Territory, and into and through the District of Columbia and to foreign countries, as he may deem necessary, and all such rules and regulations shall have the force of law. Whenever any inspector or assistant inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry shall issue a certificate showing that such officer had inspected any cattle or other live stock which were about to be shipped, driven, or transported from such locality to another, as above stated, and had found them free from Texas or splenic fever infection, pleuropneumonia, foot and mouth disease, or any other infectious, contagious, or communicable disease, such animals, so inspected and certified, may be shipped, driven, or transported from such place into and through any State or Territory, including the Indian Territory, and into and through the District of Columbia, or they may be exported from the United States without further inspection or the exaction of fees of any kind, except such as may at any time be ordered or exacted by the Secretary of Agriculture; and all such animals shall at all times be under the control and supervision of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Agricultural Department for the purposes of such inspection.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of Agriculture shall have authority to make such regulations and take such measures as he may deem proper to prevent the introduction or dissemination of the contagion of any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease of animals from a foreign country into the United States or from one State or Territory of the United States or the District of Columbia to another, and to seize, quarantine, and dispose of any hay, straw, forage, or similar material, or any meats, hides, or other animal products coming from an infected foreign country to the United States, or from one State or Territory or the District of Columbia in transit to another State or Territory or the District of Columbia whenever in his judgment such action is advisable in order to guard against the introduction or spread of such contagion.

SEC. 3. That any person, company, or corporation knowingly violating the provisions of this Act or the orders or regulations made in pursuance thereof shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not more than one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Approved, February 2, 1903.

February 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 50.]

CHAP. 350.—An Act Fixing the punishment for the larceny of horses, cattle, and other live stock in the Indian Territory, and for other purposes.

Indian Territory.
Penalty for horse stealing, etc.
R. S., sec. 2156, p. 375, amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any person, whether an Indian or otherwise, who shall hereafter be convicted in the Indian Territory of stealing any horse, mare, gelding, filly, foal, mule, ass, or jenny, or of stealing, or marking, killing, or wounding with intent to steal, any kind of cattle, pigs, hogs, sheep, or goats, shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than fifteen years, or by both such fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 2. That all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed: *Provided, however,* That all such Acts and parts of Acts shall remain in force for the punishment of all persons who have heretofore been guilty in the Indian Territory of the offense or offenses herein mentioned: *And provided further,* That this Act shall not affect or apply to any prosecution now pending or the prosecution of any offense already committed.

Repeal.
Provisos.
 Prior offenses.
 Pending cases not affected.

Approved, February 2, 1903.

CHAP. 351.—An Act Conferring jurisdiction upon the circuit and district courts for the district of South Dakota in certain cases, and for other purposes.

February 2, 1903.
 [Public, No. 51.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the circuit and district courts of the United States for the district of South Dakota are hereby given jurisdiction to hear, try, and determine all actions and proceedings in which any person shall be charged with the crime of murder, manslaughter, rape, assault with intent to kill, arson, burglary, larceny, or assault with a dangerous weapon committed within the limits of any Indian reservation in the State of South Dakota.

South Dakota.
 Crimes on Indian reservations in, triable in United States courts.

SEC. 2. That any person convicted of the crime of murder, manslaughter, rape, arson, or burglary committed within the limits specified in section one of this Act shall be subject to the same penalties and punishment as are all other persons convicted of the commission of any of said crimes within the sole and exclusive jurisdiction of the United States: *Provided, however,* That any Indian who shall commit the crime of rape within the limits of any Indian reservation mentioned in this Act shall be punished by imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

Murder, etc.
 Penalty.

Proviso.
 Rape.

SEC. 3. That any person convicted of the crime of assault with intent to kill, assault with a dangerous weapon, or larceny, committed within the limits specified in section one of this Act shall be subject to the same penalties and punishment as are all other persons convicted of either of said crimes under the laws of the State of South Dakota.

Assault with intent to kill, etc.
 Penalty.

SEC. 4. That this Act is passed in pursuance of the cession of jurisdiction contained in chapter one hundred and five, Laws of South Dakota, nineteen hundred and one.

Cession of State jurisdiction.

Approved, February 2, 1903.

CHAP. 397.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Clinch River, in the State of Tennessee, by the Knoxville, Lafollette and Jellico Railroad Company.

February 3, 1903.
 [Public, No. 52.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Knoxville, Lafollette and Jellico Railroad Company, a corporation created and organized under the laws of the State of Tennessee, be, and it is hereby, authorized to construct and maintain a bridge and approaches thereto over the Clinch River, in the State of Tennessee, at or near Dossett, Tennessee.

Clinch River, Tenn.
 Knoxville, Lafollette and Jellico Railroad may bridge at Dossett.

SEC. 2. That said bridge shall be constructed for the passage of railway trains, and shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, the troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over the railroads leading to the said bridge, and shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post-roads in the United

Lawful structure and post route.

Telegraph, etc.,
rights.

States, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies, and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal telegraph and telephone purposes.

Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

SEC. 3. That said bridge shall be built and located under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation of such river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the company building the said bridge shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawing of the bridge and a map of the location thereof, and until the said plan and location are approved by the Secretary of War the said bridge shall not be commenced or built, and no changes shall be made in said bridge during the progress of construction, or after completion, unless approved by the Secretary of War; and the said company shall, at its own expense, make from time to time such changes in said bridge as the Secretary of War may order in the interests of navigation: *Provided*, That if said bridge shall be built as a drawbridge the draw shall be opened promptly upon reasonable signal for the passage of all water craft; and upon whatever kind of bridge is constructed the said company shall maintain, at its own expense, from sunset to sunrise, such lights or other signals as the Light-House Board may prescribe.

Changes.

Proviso.
Opening draw.

Lights, etc.

Use by other com-
panies.
Compensation.

SEC. 4. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges in the passage of railroad trains over the same and the approaches thereto upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies or any one of them desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid and upon the rules and conditions to which each shall conform in the use of said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon a hearing of the allegations and proof of the parties.

Time of construc-
tion.

SEC. 5. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within one year and completed within two years from the date of the approval of this Act.

Amendment.

SEC. 6. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 3, 1903.

February 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 53.]

CHAP. 398.—An Act Fixing the times and places for holding regular terms of the United States circuit and district courts in the western district of Virginia, and for other purposes.

United States courts.
Virginia western
judicial district.
Terms of court.
R. S., secs. 572, 658,
pp. 101, 122, amended.
Ante, p. 551.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter the circuit and district courts of the United States for the western district of Virginia shall be held each year at Danville on the Tuesday after the second Monday in April and November; at Lynchburg on the Tuesday after the Second Monday in March and September; at Abingdon on the Tuesday after the first Monday in May and October; at Harrisonburg on the Tuesday after the first Monday in June and December; at Charlottesville on the second Monday in January and the first Monday in July, and at Roanoke on the second Monday in February and the third Monday in June.

Marshal.

SEC. 2. That the marshal for the western district of Virginia shall discharge all the duties of marshal in connection with the business of said courts at Charlottesville and Roanoke.

Repeal.

SEC. 3. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed.

Effect.

SEC. 4. That this Act shall be in force from and after its passage.

Approved, February 3, 1903.

CHAP. 399.—An Act Providing for allotments of lands in severalty to the Indians of the Lac Courte Oreille and Lac du Flambeau reservations in the State of Wisconsin.

February 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 54.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. That with the consent of the Chippewa Indians of Lake Superior, located on the Lac Courte Oreille Reservation in the State of Wisconsin, to be obtained in such manner as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, the President may allot to each Indian now living and residing on said reservation and entitled to so reside, and who has not heretofore received an allotment not exceeding eighty acres of land, such allotments to be subject in all respects, except as to the age and condition of the allottee, to the provisions of the third article of the treaty with the Chippewas of Lake Superior and the Mississippi, concluded September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four.

Lac Courte Oreille Reservation, Wis. Allotment of lands to Indians of.

Vol. 10, p. 1109.

SEC. 2. That the provisions of section one of this Act shall also under same terms and conditions apply to the Chippewa Indians of Lake Superior located on the Lac du Flambeau Reservation in the State of Wisconsin.

Lac du Flambeau Reservation, Wis. Allotment of lands to Indians of.

Approved, February 3, 1903.

CHAP. 400.—An Act To change and fix the time for holding district and circuit courts of the United States for the eastern division of the eastern district of Arkansas.

February 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 55.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the regular terms of the United States district and circuit courts for the eastern division of the eastern district of Arkansas hereafter be held at Helena, Arkansas, on the second Monday in March and the first Monday of October in each year instead of the times now fixed by law.

United States courts. Arkansas eastern judicial district. Terms at Helena. R. S., secs. 572, 658, pp. 98, 120, amended.

SEC. 2. That this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Effect.

Approved, February 3, 1903.

CHAP. 402.—An Act Providing for an additional district judge in the district of Minnesota.

February 4, 1903.

[Public, No. 56.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be in the district of Minnesota an additional district judge, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and shall possess the same qualifications and have the same power and jurisdiction now prescribed by law in respect to the present district judge therein.

United States courts. Minnesota judicial district. Additional district judge authorized. R. S., sec. 561, p. 93. Post, p. 1064.

SEC. 2. That the senior circuit judge of the eighth circuit, or the resident circuit judge within the district, shall make all necessary orders for the division of business and the assignment of cases for trial in said district.

Division of business etc.

SEC. 3. That this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of July, nineteen hundred and three.

Effect July 1, 1903.

Approved, February 4, 1903.

February 5, 1903.

[Public, No. 57.]

CHAP. 482.—An Act Authorizing the President to appoint Lieutenant Robert Platt, United States Navy, to the rank of commander.

Lieut. Robert Platt.
May be appointed
commander on naval
retired list.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and is hereby, authorized to appoint Robert Platt, lieutenant of the junior grade, United States Navy, not in the line of promotion, to the rank of commander, United States Navy, and to place him on the retired list of the Navy as such.

Approved, February 5, 1903.

February 5, 1903.

[Public, No. 58.]

CHAP. 483.—An Act Authorizing the President to appoint Lieutenant-Commander William P. Randall, retired, United States Navy, a commander on the retired list.

Lieut. Commander
William P. Randall.
May be appointed
commander on naval
retired list.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint Lieutenant-Commander William P. Randall, United States Navy, retired, a commander on the retired list of the Navy, with the retired pay of that grade from the date of such appointment.

Approved, February 5, 1903.

February 5, 1903.

[Public, No. 59.]

CHAP. 484.—An Act To authorize the President to appoint Brigadier-General H. C. Merriam to the grade of major-general in the United States Army and place him on the retired list.

Brig. Gen. H. C.
Merriam.
May be appointed
major-general and
retired.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, Brigadier-General H. C. Merriam to the grade of major-general in the United States Army and place him on the retired list.

Approved, February 5, 1903.

February 5, 1903.

[Public, No. 60.]

CHAP. 485.—An Act Raising the rank of Chief Engineer David Smith on the retired list of the Navy.

Chief Engineer
David Smith.
Advanced on naval
retired list to next
higher grade.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Chief Engineer David Smith, United States Navy, retired, who served with credit through both the civil and Spanish-American wars, and who, in the performance of duty, incurred disability from exposure, rendering him an invalid requiring the services of an attendant ever since his detachment, February seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, be advanced on the retired list from March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, to the next higher grade.

Approved, February 5, 1903.

CHAP. 486.—An Act To restore to the active list of the Navy the name of John Walton Ross.

February 5, 1903.

[Public, No. 61.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint John Walton Ross, surgeon, United States Navy, retired, to the active list of the Navy as a medical director (an additional number), not in line of promotion, and to retain his present longevity (from the date of his original commission as surgeon in the Navy), said officer having tendered his services to the United States.

Approved, February 5, 1903.

Surg. John Walton Ross.
Restored to naval active list as medical director.

CHAP. 487.—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight.

February 5, 1903.

[Public, No. 62.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That clause five of section two of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

"(5) Authorize the business of bankrupts to be conducted for limited periods by receivers, the marshals, or trustees, if necessary in the best interests of the estates, and allow such officers additional compensation for such services, but not at a greater rate than in this Act allowed trustees for similar services;"

SEC. 2. That clause four, subdivision a, of section three of said Act, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

"or (4) made a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors, or, being insolvent, applied for a receiver or trustee for his property or because of insolvency a receiver or trustee has been put in charge of his property under the laws of a State, of a Territory, or of the United States."

SEC. 3. That subdivision b of section four of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

"b Any natural person, except a wage-earner, or a person engaged chiefly in farming or the tillage of the soil, any unincorporated company, and any corporation engaged principally in manufacturing, trading, printing, publishing, mining, or mercantile pursuits, owing debts to the amount of one thousand dollars or over, may be adjudged an involuntary bankrupt upon default or an impartial trial, and shall be subject to the provisions and entitled to the benefits of this Act. Private bankers, but not national banks or banks incorporated under State or Territorial laws, may be adjudged involuntary bankrupts.

"The bankruptcy of a corporation shall not release its officers, directors, or stockholders, as such, from any liability under the laws of a State or Territory or of the United States."

SEC. 4. That subdivision b of section fourteen of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

"b The judge shall hear the application for a discharge, and such proofs and pleas as may be made in opposition thereto by parties in interest, at such time as will give parties in interest a reasonable opportunity to be fully heard, and investigate the merits of the application and discharge the applicant unless he has (1) committed an offense punishable by imprisonment as herein provided; or (2) with intent to conceal his financial condition, destroyed, concealed, or failed to keep books of account or records from which such condition might be ascertained; or (3) obtained property on credit from any person upon a materially false statement in writing made to such person for the

Bankruptcy act, amendments.
Vol. 30, p. 544.

Bankruptcy courts may allow receivers, etc., extra pay for continuing business.
Vol. 30, p. 546.

Acts constituting bankruptcy.
Vol. 30, p. 546.
Applying for receiver, or property being in receiver's hands.

Involuntary bankrupts.
Vol. 30, p. 547.
Mining pursuits added.

Officers' liability not released by bankruptcy of corporation.

Discharge of bankrupts.
Vol. 30, p. 550.
Grounds for refusal added.

Concealment of condition, and destruction, etc., of records.

Obtaining property by false statements.

Transfer, etc., of property with intent to defraud.

Refusal to answer order of court, etc.

Debts not affected by discharge.
Vol. 30, p. 550.
Criminal, etc., liabilities modified.

Process, etc.
Vol. 30, p. 551.

Service by publication modified.

Time for pleadings reduced.

Evidence.
Vol. 30, p. 552.

Provision as to wife of bankrupt.

Proviso.
Examination limited to her business transactions.

Jurisdiction of United States and State courts.
Vol. 30, p. 552.
Limitation as to suits for recovery of certain property.
Vol. 30, pp. 562, 564.

purpose of obtaining such property on credit; or (4) at any time subsequent to the first day of the four months immediately preceding the filing of the petition transferred, removed, destroyed, or concealed, or permitted to be removed, destroyed, or concealed any of his property with intent to hinder, delay, or defraud his creditors; or (5) in voluntary proceedings been granted a discharge in bankruptcy within six years; or (6) in the course of the proceedings in bankruptcy refused to obey any lawful order of or to answer any material question approved by the court.”-

SEC. 5. That section seventeen of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

“SEC. 17. DEBTS NOT AFFECTED BY A DISCHARGE.—a A discharge in bankruptcy shall release a bankrupt from all of his provable debts, except such as (1) are due as a tax levied by the United States, the State, county, district, or municipality in which he resides; (2) are liabilities for obtaining property by false pretenses or false representations, or for willful and malicious injuries to the person or property of another, or for alimony due or to become due, or for maintenance or support of wife or child, or for seduction of an unmarried female, or for criminal conversation; (3) have not been duly scheduled in time for proof and allowance, with the name of the creditor if known to the bankrupt, unless such creditor had notice or actual knowledge of the proceedings in bankruptcy; or (4) were created by his fraud, embezzlement, misappropriation, or defalcation while acting as an officer or in any fiduciary capacity.”

SEC. 6. That subdivisions a and b of section eighteen of said Act be, and the same are hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

“a Upon the filing of a petition for involuntary bankruptcy, service thereof, with a writ of subpoena, shall be made upon the person therein named as defendant in the same manner that service of such process is now had upon the commencement of a suit in equity in the courts of the United States, except that it shall be returnable within fifteen days, unless the judge shall for cause fix a longer time; but in case personal service can not be made, then notice shall be given by publication in the same manner and for the same time as provided by law for notice by publication in suits to enforce a legal or equitable lien in courts of the United States, except that, unless the judge shall otherwise direct, the order shall be published not more than once a week for two consecutive weeks, and the return day shall be ten days after the last publication unless the judge shall for cause fix a longer time.”

“b The bankrupt, or any creditor, may appear and plead to the petition within five days after the return day, or within such further time as the court may allow.”

SEC. 7. That subdivision a of section twenty-one of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

“a A court of bankruptcy may, upon application of any officer, bankrupt, or creditor, by order require any designated person, including the bankrupt and his wife, to appear in court or before a referee or the judge of any State court, to be examined concerning the acts, conduct, or property of a bankrupt whose estate is in process of administration under this Act: *Provided*, That the wife may be examined only touching business transacted by her or to which she is a party, and to determine the fact whether she has transacted or been a party to any business of the bankrupt.”

SEC. 8. That subdivision b of section twenty-three of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

“b Suits by the trustee shall only be brought or prosecuted in the courts where the bankrupt, whose estate is being administered by such trustee, might have brought or prosecuted them if proceedings in

bankruptcy had not been instituted, unless by consent of the proposed defendant, except suits for the recovery of property under section sixty, subdivision b, and section sixty-seven, subdivision e."

SEC. 9. That subdivision a of section forty of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Compensation of referees.
Vol. 30, p. 556.
Fees, etc., increased.

"a Referees shall receive as full compensation for their services, payable after they are rendered, a fee of fifteen dollars deposited with the clerk at the time the petition is filed in each case, except when a fee is not required from a voluntary bankrupt, and twenty-five cents for every proof of claim filed for allowance, to be paid from the estate, if any, as a part of the cost of administration, and from estates which have been administered before them one per centum commissions on all moneys disbursed to creditors by the trustee, or one-half of one per centum on the amount to be paid to creditors upon the confirmation of a composition."

SEC. 10. That section forty-seven is hereby amended by adding thereto the following subdivision:

Trustees.
Vol. 30, p. 557.

"c The trustee shall, within thirty days after the adjudication, file a certified copy of the decree of adjudication in the office where conveyances of real estate are recorded in every county where the bankrupt owns real estate not exempt from execution, and pay the fee for such filing, and he shall receive a compensation of fifty cents for each copy so filed, which, together with the filing fee, shall be paid out of the estate of the bankrupt as a part of the cost and disbursements of the proceedings."

Filing of decrees added.

SEC. 11. That subdivision a of section forty-eight of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Trustees.
Vol. 30, p. 557.

"a Trustees shall receive for their services, payable after they are rendered, a fee of five dollars deposited with the clerk at the time the petition is filed in each case, except when a fee is not required from a voluntary bankrupt, and from estates which they have administered such commissions on all moneys disbursed by them as may be allowed by the courts, not to exceed six per centum on the first five hundred dollars or less, four per centum on moneys in excess of five hundred dollars and less than fifteen hundred dollars, two per centum on moneys in excess of fifteen hundred dollars and less than ten thousand dollars, and one per centum on moneys in excess of ten thousand dollars. And in case of the confirmation of a composition after the trustee has qualified the court may allow him, as compensation, not to exceed one-half of one per centum of the amount to be paid the creditors on such composition."

Fees and commissions modified.

SEC. 12. That subdivision g of section fifty-seven of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Allowance of claims.
Vol. 30, p. 560.

"g The claims of creditors who have received preferences, voidable under section sixty, subdivision b, or to whom conveyances, transfers, assignments, or incumbrances, void or voidable under section sixty-seven, subdivision e, have been made or given, shall not be allowed unless such creditors shall surrender such preferences, conveyances, transfers, assignments, or incumbrances."

Claims of preferred creditors restricted.

SEC. 13. That subdivisions a and b of section sixty of said Act be, and the same are hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Preferred creditors.
Vol. 30, p. 562.

"a A person shall be deemed to have given a preference if, being insolvent, he has, within four months before the filing of the petition, or after the filing of the petition and before the adjudication, procured or suffered a judgment to be entered against himself in favor of any person, or made a transfer of any of his property, and the effect of the enforcement of such judgment or transfer will be to enable any one of his creditors to obtain a greater percentage of his debt than any other of such creditors of the same class. Where the preference consists in a transfer, such period of four months shall not expire until four

Description of preferences modified.

- months after the date of the recording or registering of the transfer, if by law such recording or registering is required.”
- Voidable preferences.** “b If a bankrupt shall have given a preference, and the person receiving it, or to be benefited thereby, or his agent acting therein, shall have had reasonable cause to believe that it was intended thereby to give a preference, it shall be voidable by the trustee, and he may recover the property or its value from such person. And, for the purpose of such recovery, any court of bankruptcy, as hereinbefore defined, and any State court which would have had jurisdiction if bankruptcy had not intervened, shall have concurrent jurisdiction.”
- Jurisdiction for recovery.** SEC. 14. That clause two of subdivision b of section sixty-four of said Act be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows: “(2) the filing fees paid by creditors in involuntary cases, and, where property of the bankrupt, transferred or concealed by him either before or after the filing of the petition, shall have been recovered for the benefit of the estate of the bankrupt by the efforts and at the expense of one or more creditors, the reasonable expenses of such recovery.”
- Debts which have priority.** Vol. 30, p. 563.
Expenses of recovering property transferred added. SEC. 15. That subdivision b of section sixty-five be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows: “The first dividend shall be declared within thirty days after the adjudication, if the money of the estate in excess of the amount necessary to pay the debts which have priority and such claims as have not been, but probably will be, allowed equals five per centum or more of such allowed claims. Dividends subsequent to the first shall be declared upon like terms as the first and as often as the amount shall equal ten per centum or more and upon closing the estate. Dividends may be declared oftener and in smaller proportions if the judge shall so order: *Provided*, That the first dividend shall not include more than fifty per centum of the money of the estate in excess of the amount necessary to pay the debts which have priority and such claims as probably will be allowed: *And provided further*, That the final dividend shall not be declared within three months after the first dividend shall be declared.”
- Dividends.** Vol. 30, p. 563.
Declaration of. SEC. 16. That subdivision e of section sixty-seven and subdivision e of section seventy of said Act be, and the same are hereby, amended by adding at the end of each such subdivision the words: “For the purpose of such recovery any court of bankruptcy as hereinbefore defined, and any State court which would have had jurisdiction if bankruptcy had not intervened, shall have concurrent jurisdiction.”
- Proviso.** Limitation on first dividend.
Final dividend. SEC. 17. That said Act is also amended by adding thereto a new section, section seventy-one, to read as follows: “SEC. 71. That the clerks of the several district courts of the United States shall prepare and keep in their respective offices complete and convenient indexes of all petitions and discharges in bankruptcy heretofore or hereafter filed in the said courts, and shall, when requested so to do, issue certificates of search certifying as to whether or not any such petitions or discharges have been filed; and said clerks shall be entitled to receive for such certificates the same fees as now allowed by law for certificates as to judgments in said courts: *Provided*, That said bankruptcy indexes and dockets shall at all times be open to inspection and examination by all persons or corporations without any fee or charge therefor.”
- Liens and titles.** Vol. 30, pp. 564, 566.
Concurrent jurisdiction with State courts. SEC. 18. That said Act is also amended by adding thereto a new section as follows: “SEC. 72. That neither the referee nor the trustee shall in any form or guise receive, nor shall the court allow them, any other or further compensation for their services than that expressly authorized and prescribed in this Act.”
- New sections.**
- Bankruptcy records.** Duties of clerks of district courts.
Proviso. Inspection, etc.
- Referees and trustees.**
- Compensation restricted.**

SEC. 19. That the provisions of this amendatory Act shall not apply to bankruptcy cases pending when this Act takes effect, but such cases shall be adjudicated and disposed of conformably to the provisions of the said Act of July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight.

Approved, February 5, 1903.

Pending cases not affected.
Vol. 30, p. 544.

CHAP. 512.—An Act To provide for the construction of a bridge across Rainy River in Minnesota.

February 7, 1903.
[Public, No. 63.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the International Bridge and Terminal Company, a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of Minnesota, its successors and assigns, be, and the same hereby is, authorized and empowered to construct and maintain a bridge over the Rainy River at the head of the falls in the river, in section twenty-seven, in township seventy-one north, of range twenty-four west, of the fourth principal meridian, in the county of Itasca and State of Minnesota: *Provided*, That the plan, location, and elevation of the bridge shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, and until approved by him the bridge shall not be commenced or built.

Rainy River, Minn. International Bridge and Terminal Company may bridge. Location.

SEC. 2. That any bridge built under this Act and subject to its limitations shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, the troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile for the transportation over the railroads or public highways leading to the said bridge, and it shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post-roads in the United States: *Provided*, That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall be entitled to equal rights and privileges in the passage of railroad trains over the same, and the approaches thereto, upon the payment of a reasonable compensation therefor, and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies, or any one of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid, and upon the rules and conditions to which each shall conform in the use of said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies, and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal telegraph and telephone purposes.

Proviso. Secretary of War to approve plan, etc.

Lawful structure and post route.

Proviso. Use by other roads.

Compensation.

Telegraph, etc., rights.

Construction without a draw.

Proviso. Reconstruction of bridge to aid navigation.

SEC. 3. That if the Secretary of War shall find and determine that said bridge as actually located is situate at a point where said Rainy River is not actually navigable for boats, then the Secretary of War shall permit the construction of such bridge without a draw: *Provided*, however, That in that case if the river at the point of the location of such bridge shall in the future be rendered navigable for boats by the construction of a canal and lock, or otherwise, then the International Bridge and Terminal Company, its successors and assigns, shall reconstruct said bridge at its own expense with a draw, whenever directed so to do by the Secretary of War, upon plans and in accordance with specifications to be submitted for that purpose and to be first approved by the Secretary of War; and if in such case the International Bridge and Terminal Company, its successors and assigns, shall fail to proceed at once upon receiving such directions from the Secretary of War to reconstruct said bridge and to complete such reconstruction in accordance with such plans and specifications with all reasonable diligence, then it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War to remove such bridge.

Removal of bridge.

Protection to navigation.

SEC. 4. That any bridge constructed under the authority of this Act, including any reconstruction thereof as provided for in the last section, shall be built and located and operated under and subject to such regulations for the security of the navigation of said river as the Secretary of War shall from time to time prescribe; and to secure that object the International Bridge and Terminal Company, its successors and assigns, shall submit to and file with the Secretary of War all designs, drawings, and maps of location of the bridge, and furnish such other information as may be required for a full and complete understanding of the subject; and the company, its successors and assigns, shall cause to be displayed on said bridge, from the hours of sunset to sunrise and at other times, such lights and other signals as may be prescribed by the Light-House Board.

Map.

Lights, etc.

Opening draw.

SEC. 5. That in case the Secretary of War shall direct that said bridge shall be constructed with a draw or draws such draw or draws shall be opened promptly upon reasonable signal for the passage of boats, vessels, or other water craft; and at the time of the erection of the piers, or whenever in the opinion of the Secretary of War the same may be necessary, the persons or corporations constructing, owning, or operating said bridge shall, at their own expense, construct proper sheer booms or other proper structures to safely guide boats, vessels, or other water craft through the said spans.

Booms, etc.

Time of construction.

SEC. 6. That if the actual construction of the bridge hereby authorized shall not be commenced within two years from the date of the approval of this Act, and completed within five years after the same date, then this Act shall be void, and all rights hereby conferred shall cease and be determined; and that the construction shall not be commenced until the government of the Dominion of Canada has authorized the construction and maintenance of that part of said bridge which shall occupy that portion of the river which is under the jurisdiction of said Dominion government.

Construction within Canadian jurisdiction.

Amendment.

SEC. 7. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 7, 1903.

February 7, 1903.

[Public. No. 61.]

CHAP. 513.—An Act Permitting the building of a dam across the St. Croix River at or near the village of St. Croix Falls, Polk County, Wisconsin.

St. Croix River, Wis. St. Croix Falls Wisconsin Improvement Company may dam at St. Croix Falls.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to St. Croix Falls Wisconsin Improvement Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Wisconsin, and to St. Croix Falls Minnesota Improvement Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Minnesota, or either of them, their and each of their successors or assigns, to build a dam across the St. Croix River at or near the St. Croix Falls, so called, in said river, and all works incident thereto in the utilization of the power thereby developed: *Provided*, That the plans for the construction of said dam and appurtenant works shall be submitted to and approved by the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War before the commencement of the construction of such dam: *And provided further*, That said St. Croix Falls Wisconsin Improvement Company and said St. Croix Falls Minnesota Improvement Company, or either of them, their and each of their successors or assigns shall not deviate from such plans after such approval either before or after the completion of the structure, unless the modification of said plans shall have previously been submitted to and received the approval of the Chief of Engineers and of the Secretary of War: *And provided further*, That there shall be placed and maintained in connection with said dam a sluiceway so

Proviso. Plans to be approved by the Secretary of War.

Construction of sluiceway.

arranged as to permit logs, timber, and lumber to pass around, through or over said dam, without unreasonable delay or hindrance, and without toll or charges; that the Government of the United States may, at any time, construct in connection therewith a suitable lock for navigation purposes, may at any time without compensation control the said dam for purposes of navigation, but shall not destroy the water power created by said dam to any greater extent than may be necessary to provide proper facilities for navigation; and that the Secretary of War may, at any time, require and enforce, at the expense of the owners, such modifications and changes in the construction of said dam and may make such regulations for the operation of said dam as he may deem advisable in the interests of navigation.

Aids to navigation.

Changes.

Litigation.

SEC. 2. That in case any litigation arises from the building of said dam or from the obstruction of said river by said dam or appurtenant works cases may be tried in the proper courts, as now provided for that purpose in the States of Wisconsin and Minnesota, and in the courts of the United States.

Time of construction.

SEC. 3. That this Act shall be null and void unless the dam herein authorized be commenced within two years and completed within five years from the time of the passage of this Act.

Amendment.

SEC. 4. That the right to amend or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 7, 1903.

CHAP. 514.—An Act Providing for free homesteads on the public lands for actual and bona fide settlers in the north one-half of the Colville Indian Reservation, State of Washington, and reserving the public lands for that purpose.

February 7, 1903.

[Public, No. 65.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all settlers under the homestead laws of the United States upon the agricultural public lands in the north one-half of the Colville Indian Reservation, in the State of Washington, opened to settlement by Executive order on the tenth day of October, nineteen hundred, who have resided or shall hereafter reside upon the tract entered in good faith for the period required by existing law, shall be entitled to a patent for the land so entered upon the payment to the local land officers of the usual and customary fees, and no other or further charge of any kind whatsoever shall be required from such settler to entitle him to a patent for the land covered by his entry: *Provided,* That the right to commute any such entry and pay for said lands in the option of any such settler and in the time and at the prices now fixed by existing laws shall remain in full force and effect: *Provided, however,* That all sums of money so released which if not released would belong to any Indian tribe shall be paid to such Indian tribe by the United States, and that in the event that the proceeds of the annual sales of the public lands shall not be sufficient to meet the payments heretofore provided for agricultural colleges and experimental stations by an Act of Congress approved August thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, for the more complete endowment and support of the colleges for the benefit of agriculture and mechanic arts established under the provisions of an Act of Congress approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, such deficiency shall be paid by the United States: *And provided further,* That no lands shall be herein included on which the United States Government had made valuable improvements, or lands that have been sold at public auction by said Government.

Colville Indian Reservation.

Issue of patents to settlers on north one-half part of.

Vol. 31, p. 1965.

Proviso.
Right to commute entry continued.

Payments to certain Indian tribes.

Deficiency to be paid by United States.

Vol. 26, p. 417.

Vol. 12, p. 503.

Exceptions.

Repeal.

SEC. 2. That all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Approved, February 7, 1903.

February 7, 1903.

[Public, No. 66.]

CHAP. 515.—An Act For the relief of the officers and crew of the United States steamer Charleston, lost in the Philippine Islands November second, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine.

U. S. S. "Charleston."
Payment to officers
and crew of.

Proviso.
Proof of losses.

Payments restricted.
ed.

R. S., sec. 290, p. 48.

Full satisfaction of
all claims.

Time limit for pre-
senting of claims.

Deductions of prior
payments.

R. S., secs. 298, 299,
290, p. 48.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That to reimburse the officers and crew of the United States steamship Charleston, destroyed on a coral reef off Camiguin Island, in the Philippines, November second, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, for losses incurred by them, respectively, in the destruction of said vessel, there shall be paid to each of said officers and crew or to the personal representatives of any which may be deceased, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, a sum equal to the losses so sustained by them: *Provided,* That the accounting officers of the Treasury shall in all cases require a schedule and certificate from each person making a claim under this Act, such schedule to be approved by the Secretary of the Navy, who may require other satisfactory proof of said losses, and reimbursements shall be made for such losses as are of a character and value suitable and appropriate to the rank, rating, or duty of the person suffering such loss: *Provided, however,* That in no case shall the aggregate sum allowed any claimant or person for such loss exceed the value of such articles of personal property as were required by the United States Naval Regulations in force at the time of such loss, and there shall be deducted therefrom any sum heretofore paid any of them under section two hundred and ninety of the Revised Statutes.

SEC. 2. That the relief granted by the provisions of this Act shall be in full satisfaction of any and all claims whatever against the United States on account of losses by the destruction of the United States steamship Charleston, and any claim which shall be presented and acted upon under the authority of this Act shall be held to be finally determined, and shall not in any manner thereafter be reopened, reconsidered, supplemented, nor be subject to appeal in any form.

SEC. 3. That no claim for losses by reason of the destruction of said vessel not heretofore presented shall be allowed under the provisions of this Act which shall not be presented within two years after the date of its passage.

SEC. 4. That any amounts that have been paid under sections two hundred and eighty-eight, two hundred and eighty-nine, and two hundred and ninety of the Revised Statutes shall be deducted in the settlement of all claims under this Act.

Approved, February 7, 1903.

February 7, 1903.

[Public, No. 67.]

CHAP. 516.—An Act For the improvement and care of Confederate Mound, in Oak Woods Cemetery, Chicago, Illinois, and making an appropriation therefor.

Oak Woods Ceme-
tery, Chicago, Ill.
Contract for improv-
ing "Confederate
Mound," authorized.

Proviso.
Limit of expense.

Contract for care,
etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to enter into a contract with the Oak Woods Cemetery Association for the improvement and ornamentation of the plot of ground owned by the United States and known as "Confederate Mound," located in Oak Woods Cemetery, Chicago, Illinois, in which are buried twelve Union and four thousand and thirty-nine Confederate soldiers, who died at Camp Douglas during the war of the rebellion, so as to bring the condition of the said plot of ground up to the standard of the improvements in the cemetery surrounding it: *Provided,* That the expense of such improvement shall not exceed the sum of three thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized from time to time to enter into contract with the Oak Woods Ceme-

tery Association for the proper care, protection, and maintenance of the said plot of ground known as "Confederate Mound" and described in section one of this Act: *Provided, however,* That the annual expense thereof shall not exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars.

SEC. 3. That to defray the expenses of the improvement provided for in section one of this Act the sum of three thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, February 7, 1903.

Proviso.
Limit of expense.
Appropriation.

CHAP. 517.—An Act To cancel certain taxes assessed against the Kall tract.

February 7, 1903.

[Public, No. 68.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the award and assessment of benefits of fourteen thousand dollars, made by the jury, and confirmed by the court, against four certain parcels of land known as the Kall tract, which are more particularly described in a certain petition and plat attached thereto, filed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia in the supreme court of the District of Columbia, holding a district court for said District, which proceeding is entitled "In re extension of S, Twenty-second, and Decatur streets, numbered five hundred and forty-nine," be, and the same hereby is, annulled, canceled, and for naught held; and said land and every part thereof is forever released and discharged from the lien created by said assessment, and from the payment of said assessment; and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are directed to strike the same from the tax books.

District of Columbia.
Assessment against Kall tract for benefits, canceled.

Approved, February 7, 1903.

CHAP. 518.—An Act To correct errors in dates of original appointments of Captain James J. Hornbrook and others.

February 7, 1903.

[Public, No. 69.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That with a view to correct errors in dates of original appointments, upon their graduation from the United States Military Academy, the President is hereby authorized to cause the names of Captains James J. Hornbrook, William F. Clark, and Samuel G. Jones, of the cavalry, to appear upon the lineal list of captains of cavalry, in the order above named, next below that of Captain Frank M. Caldwell.

Army.
Lineal rank of Captains James J. Hornbrook, William F. Clark, and Samuel G. Jones corrected.

Approved, February 7, 1903.

CHAP. 527.—An Act To provide for an additional judge of the district court of the United States for the southern district of New York.

February 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 70.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint an additional judge of the district court of the United States for the southern district of New York, who shall reside in said district, and who shall possess the same powers, perform the same duties, and receive the same salary as the present district judge of said district.

United States courts.
Additional judge southern district of New York authorized. R. S., sec. 551, p. 93. Post, p. 1064.

SEC. 2. That this Act shall take effect immediately.

Effect.

Approved, February 9, 1903.

February 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 71.]

CHAP. 528.—An Act For the erection of a building for the use and accommodation of the Department of Agriculture.

Department of Agriculture.
Construction of new building authorized.
Post, p. 1139.

Plans.

Contracts.

Supervisor of construction.

Pay.

Limit of cost.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of Agriculture be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause a suitable and commodious fireproof building, for the use and accommodation of the Department of Agriculture, including all of its Bureaus and offices now occupying rented quarters in the District of Columbia, to be erected on such portion of the grounds of the Department of Agriculture belonging to the United States as he may deem expedient, immediately in the vicinity of the present building, said building to be constructed in accordance with plans, to be procured, based on accurate estimates, providing for the erection of said building, complete in all of its details, as herein described, and within a total cost of not exceeding the sum herein stipulated, and he is hereby authorized, after procuring such plans, and after due advertisement for proposals, to enter into contracts within the limit of cost hereby fixed and subject to appropriations to be made by Congress, for the erection of said building complete, including heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, and the removal of the present building or buildings of the Department of Agriculture on said grounds.

SEC. 2. That the supervision of the construction of said building shall be placed in charge of an officer of the Government especially qualified for the duty, to be appointed by the Secretary of Agriculture, subject to the approval of the head of the department in which such officer is employed, who shall receive for his additional services an increase of twenty-five per centum of his present salary, such increase to be paid out of the appropriation for the building herein authorized.

SEC. 3. That the limit of cost for the construction of said building complete, including heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, and the cost for removal of the present building or buildings of the Department of Agriculture, is hereby fixed at one million five hundred thousand dollars, and no contract shall be entered into or expenditure authorized in excess of said amount.

Approved, February 9, 1903.

February 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 72.]

CHAP. 529.—An Act To provide for the removal of persons accused of crime to and from the Philippine Islands for trial.

Philippine Islands.
Extradition laws applied to.
R. S., sec. 1014, p. 189.

Procedure.

Authority of officers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of section ten hundred and fourteen of the Revised Statutes, so far as applicable, shall apply throughout the United States for the arrest and removal therefrom to the Philippine Islands of any fugitive from justice charged with the commission of any crime or offense against the United States within the Philippine Islands, and shall apply within the Philippine Islands for the arrest and removal therefrom to the United States of any fugitive from justice charged with the commission of any crime or offense against the United States. Such fugitive may, by any judge or magistrate of the Philippine Islands, and agreeably to the usual mode of process against offenders therein, be arrested and imprisoned, or bailed, as the case may be, pending the issuance of a warrant for his removal to the United States, which warrant it shall be the duty of a judge of the court of first instance seasonably to issue, and of the officer or agent of the United States designated for the purpose to execute. Such officer or agent, when engaged in executing such warrant without the Philippine Islands,

shall have all the powers of a marshal of the United States so far as such powers are requisite for the prisoner's safe-keeping and the execution of the warrant.

SEC. 2. That the provisions of sections fifty-two hundred and seventy-eight and fifty-two hundred and seventy-nine of the Revised Statutes, so far as applicable, shall apply to the Philippine Islands, which, for the purposes of said sections, shall be deemed a Territory within the meaning thereof.

Approved, February 9, 1903.

Authority to transfer criminals.
R. S., secs. 5278, 5279,
pp. 1022, 1023.

CHAP. 530.—An Act Making appropriations for the diplomatic and consular service for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

February 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 73.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, severally appropriated, in full compensation for the diplomatic and consular service for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

Diplomatic and consular appropriations.

SCHEDULE A.

Schedule A.

SALARIES OF AMBASSADORS AND MINISTERS.

Salaries.

Ambassadors.

Ambassadors extraordinary and plenipotentiary to France, Germany, Great Britain, Mexico, and Russia, at seventeen thousand five hundred dollars each, eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Ambassadors extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Italy and Austria-Hungary, at twelve thousand dollars each, twenty-four thousand dollars;

Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to Brazil, China, Japan, Cuba, and Spain, at twelve thousand dollars each, sixty thousand dollars;

Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary.

Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to the Argentine Republic, Belgium, Chile, Colombia, the Netherlands and Luxemburg, Peru, Turkey, and Venezuela, at ten thousand dollars each, eighty thousand dollars;

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Nicaragua, Costa Rica, and Salvador, ten thousand dollars;

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Guatemala and Honduras, ten thousand dollars;

Envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary to Denmark, Paraguay and Uruguay, Portugal, Sweden and Norway, and Switzerland, at seven thousand five hundred dollars each, thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Roumania, Servia, and Greece, and diplomatic agent in Bulgaria, six thousand five hundred dollars;

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Bolivia, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Ecuador, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Haiti, to be accredited also as chargé d'affaires to Santo Domingo, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Korea, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Siam, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Ministers resident
and consuls-general.
Post, p. 1033.

Minister resident and consul-general to Persia, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Agent, etc., Cairo.
Chargés d'affaires.

Minister resident and consul-general to Liberia, four thousand dollars;
Agent and consul-general at Cairo, five thousand dollars;

Chargés d'affaires ad interim and diplomatic officers abroad, thirty thousand dollars;

Total, three hundred and ninety-nine thousand five hundred dollars.

SALARIES OF DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR OFFICERS WHILE RECEIVING INSTRUCTIONS AND MAKING TRANSITS.

Instruction and
transit pay.

To pay the salaries of ambassadors, ministers, consuls, and other officers of the United States for the periods actually and necessarily occupied in receiving instructions and in making transits to and from their posts, and while waiting recognition and authority to act, in pursuance of the provisions of section seventeen hundred and forty of the Revised Statutes, so much as may be necessary for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, is hereby appropriated.

R. S., sec. 1740, p. 309.

SALARIES OF SECRETARIES OF EMBASSIES AND LEGATIONS.

Secretaries of em-
bassies and legations.

Secretaries of embassies to Austria-Hungary, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Mexico, and Russia, at two thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars each, eighteen thousand three hundred and seventy-five dollars;

Secretaries of legations to China and Japan, at two thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars each, five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars;

Secretary of legation to Cuba, two thousand dollars;

Secretary of legation and consul-general to Colombia, two thousand dollars;

Secretary of legation to Siam and consul-general at Bangkok, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

Secretary of legation and consul-general to Stockholm, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Secretary of legation to Guatemala and Honduras, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

Secretary of legation to Roumania, Servia, and Greece, with residence at Athens, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

Secretaries of legations to Nicaragua, Costa Rica, and Salvador, and to Chile, one thousand eight hundred dollars each, three thousand six hundred dollars;

Secretaries of legations to Belgium, Netherlands and Luxemburg, Turkey, Spain, and Brazil, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, nine thousand dollars;

Secretaries of legations to Argentine Republic, Venezuela, and Peru, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, and Liberia, Switzerland, and Korea (who shall be consul-general to Seoul), at one thousand five hundred dollars each, nine thousand nine hundred dollars;

Second secretaries.

Second secretaries of embassies to Austria-Hungary, Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy, Mexico, and Russia, at two thousand dollars each, fourteen thousand dollars;

Second secretaries of legations to Japan and China, who shall be American students of the language of the court and country to which they are appointed, respectively, and shall be allowed and required, under the direction of the Secretary of State, to devote their time to the acquisition of such language, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, three thousand six hundred dollars;

Second secretary of legation to Turkey, who shall be an American student of the language of Turkey, and shall be allowed and required,

under the direction of the Secretary of State, to devote his time to the acquisition of such language, one thousand six hundred dollars;

Second secretary of legation to Cuba, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Third secretaries of embassies to Great Britain, France, Mexico, and Germany, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, four thousand eight hundred dollars;

Third secretaries.

Total, eighty-two thousand five hundred and twenty-five dollars.

SALARIES OF INTERPRETERS TO LEGATIONS.

Chinese secretary, legation to China, and interpreter to legation to Turkey, at three thousand dollars each, six thousand dollars;

Interpreters to legations.

Interpreter to legation to Japan, two thousand five hundred dollars;

Interpreter to legation and consulate-general to Persia, one thousand dollars;

Interpreter to legation and consulate-general to Korea, five hundred dollars;

Interpreter to legation and consulate-general to Bangkok, Siam, five hundred dollars;

For ten student interpreters at the legation to China, who shall be citizens of the United States, and whose duty it shall be to study the Chinese language with a view to supplying interpreters to the legations and consulates in China, at one thousand dollars each, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That said student interpreters shall be chosen in such manner as will make the selections nonpartisan so far as may be consistent with aptness and fitness for the intended work: *And provided further*, That upon receiving such appointment each student interpreter shall sign an agreement to continue in the service as interpreter to the legations and consulates in China so long as his said services may be required within a period of ten years.

Student interpreters in China.

Provisos.
Nonpartisan selection.

Term of service.

Total, twenty thousand five hundred dollars.

But no person drawing the salary of interpreter as above provided shall be allowed any part of the salary appropriated for any secretary of legation or other officer.

Double salaries not allowed.

LEGATION TO SPAIN.

For clerk hire at legation to Spain, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Spain.
Clerk hire.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, FOREIGN MISSIONS.

To enable the President to provide, at the public expense, all such stationery, blanks, records, and other books, seals, presses, flags, and signs as he shall think necessary for the several embassies and legations in the transaction of their business, and also for rent, postage, telegrams, furniture, messenger service, clerk hire, compensation of kavasses, guards, dragomen, and porters, including compensation of interpreter, guards, and Arabic clerk at the consulate at Tangiers, and the compensation of dispatch agents at London, New York, and San Francisco, and for traveling and miscellaneous expenses of embassies and legations, and for printing in the Department of State, and for loss on bills of exchange to and from embassies and legations, one hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses, foreign missions.

Dispatch agents.

Printing.

Loss by exchange.

STEAM LAUNCH FOR LEGATION AT CONSTANTINOPLE.

Hiring of steam launch for use of the legation at Constantinople, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

Steam launch, Turkey.

Rent. RENT OF BUILDINGS FOR LEGATION AT PEKIN.

China. Rent of buildings for legation and other purposes at Peking, or such other place in China as shall be designated, three thousand six hundred dollars.

GROUND RENT OF LEGATION AT TOKYO, JAPAN.

Japan. Annual ground rent of the legation at Tokyo, Japan, for the year ending March fifteenth, nineteen hundred and four, two hundred and fifty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

FOR IMPROVEMENTS OF THE GROUNDS, AND STABLE, OF THE LEGATION AT TOKYO, JAPAN.

Improving grounds, Tokyo, Japan. *Ante*, p. 5. For improvements of the grounds of the United States legation at Tokyo, Japan, owned by the United States Government, and for the reconstruction of the legation's stable, so much of the sum of five thousand seven hundred dollars appropriated by the Act making appropriations to supply urgent deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, and for prior years, and for other purposes, approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and two, for a new system of heating the legation building at Tokyo, Japan, and for a fireproof vault for the preservation of the records and archives of the legation, as remains unexpended for these purposes and as may be necessary.

ANNUAL EXPENSES OF CAPE SPARTEL LIGHT, COAST OF MOROCCO.

Cape Spartel Light. Annual proportion of the expenses of Cape Spartel and Tangiers Light on the coast of Morocco, including loss by exchange, three hundred and twenty-five dollars.

BRINGING HOME CRIMINALS.

Bringing home criminals. Actual expenses incurred in bringing home from foreign countries persons charged with crime, five thousand dollars.

RESCUING SHIPWRECKED AMERICAN SEAMEN.

Life-saving testimonials. Expenses which may be incurred in the acknowledgment of the services of masters and crews of foreign vessels in rescuing American seamen or citizens from shipwreck, four thousand five hundred dollars.

EXPENSES UNDER THE NEUTRALITY ACT.

Expenses, neutrality act. R. S., sec. 291, p. 49. To meet the necessary expenses attendant upon the execution of the neutrality Act, to be expended under the direction of the President, pursuant to the requirement of section two hundred and ninety-one of the Revised Statutes, eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

EMERGENCIES ARISING IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

Unforeseen emergencies. R. S., sec. 291, p. 49. To enable the President to meet unforeseen emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service, and to extend the commercial and other interests of the United States, to be expended pursuant to the requirement of section two hundred and ninety-one of the Revised Statutes, seventy-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

ALLOWANCE TO WIDOWS OR HEIRS OF DIPLOMATIC OFFICERS WHO DIE ABROAD.

Payment, under the provisions of section seventeen hundred and forty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States, to the widows or heirs at law of diplomatic or consular officers of the United States dying in foreign countries in the discharge of their duties, five thousand dollars.

Payment to heirs of diplomatic and consular officers dying abroad.

For payment to Ellen B. Buck, widow of Alfred E. Buck, late minister plenipotentiary to Japan, who died December fourth, nineteen hundred and two, while minister, an amount equal to six months' salary of said officer, six thousand dollars.

Alfred E. Buck.
Payment to widow.

For payment to the surviving children of Thomas T. Prentis, late United States consul at Martinique, who with his wife and all their possessions were lost in the late disaster caused by the eruption of Mount Pelee, five thousand dollars.

Thomas T. Prentis.
Payment to surviving children.

TRANSPORTING REMAINS OF DIPLOMATIC OFFICERS, CONSULS, AND CONSULAR CLERKS TO THEIR HOMES FOR INTERMENT.

Defraying the expenses of transporting the remains of diplomatic and consular officers of the United States, including consular clerks, who have died or may die abroad or in transit, while in the discharge of their official duties, to their former homes in this country for interment, and for the ordinary and necessary expenses of such interment, at their post or at home, five thousand dollars.

Bringing home remains of ministers, consuls, etc.

INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Contribution to the maintenance of the International Bureau of Weights and Measures for the year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, in conformity with the terms of the convention of May twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, the same, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid, under the direction of the Secretary of State, to said Bureau, on its certificate of apportionment, two thousand three hundred and six dollars and ninety-three cents.

International Bureau of Weights and Measures.
Vol. 20, p. 714.

INTERNATIONAL BUREAU FOR PUBLICATION OF CUSTOMS TARIFFS.

To meet the share of the United States in the annual expense for the year ending March thirty-first, nineteen hundred and four, of sustaining the International Bureau at Brussels for the translation and publication of customs tariffs, one thousand three hundred and eighteen dollars and seventy-six cents; this appropriation to be available on April first, nineteen hundred and three, pursuant to convention proclaimed December seventeenth, eighteen hundred and ninety.

International Customs Tariffs Bureau.
Vol. 26, p. 1518.

INTERNATIONAL (WATER) BOUNDARY COMMISSION, UNITED STATES AND MEXICO.

To enable the Commission to continue its work under the treaties of eighteen hundred and eighty-four and eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, seventeen thousand four hundred dollars.

Mexican Water Boundary Commission.
Vol. 24, p. 1011; Vol. 26, p. 1512.

INTERNATIONAL BUREAU AT BRUSSELS FOR REPRESSION OF THE AFRICAN SLAVE TRADE.

To meet the share of the United States in the expenses of the special bureau created by article eighty-two of the general act concluded at Brussels July second, eighteen hundred and ninety, for the repression

Bureau for repressing African slave trade.
Vol. 27, p. 917.

of the African slave trade and the restriction of the importation into and sale in a certain defined zone of the African continent of firearms, ammunition, and spirituous liquors, for the year nineteen hundred and four, one hundred dollars.

INTERNATIONAL PRISON COMMISSION.

International Prison Commission.

For subscription of the United States as an adhering member of the International Prison Commission, and the expenses of a commissioner, including preparation of reports, two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

INTERNATIONAL GEODETIC ASSOCIATION FOR THE MEASUREMENT OF THE EARTH.

International Geodetic Association.

To enable the Government of the United States to pay, through the American embassy at Berlin, its quota as an adhering member of the International Geodetic Association for the Measurement of the Earth, one thousand five hundred dollars.

REPAIRS TO LEGATION AND CONSULAR PREMISES.

Repairs to legations and consulates.

To enable the Secretary of State to keep in repair the legation and consular premises owned by the Government of the United States and occupied by its agents, three thousand dollars.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF AMERICAN REPUBLICS.

Bureau of American Republics.
Provisos.
Use of receipts from other Republics, sales, etc.

Monthly Bulletin; issue limited.

Commercial Bureau of American Republics, thirty-six thousand dollars: *Provided*, That any moneys received from the other American Republics for the support of the Bureau, or from the sale of the Bureau publications, from rents, or other sources shall be paid into the Treasury as a credit in addition to the appropriation, and may be drawn therefrom upon requisitions of the Secretary of State for the purpose of meeting the expenses of the Bureau: *And provided further*, That the Public Printer be, and is hereby, authorized to print an edition of the Monthly Bulletin, not to exceed five thousand copies, for distribution by the Bureau every month during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

INTERNATIONAL BUREAU OF THE PERMANENT COURT OF ARBITRATION.

International Bureau of Permanent Court of Arbitration.
Post, p. 1798.

To meet the share of the United States in the expenses for the year nineteen hundred and two of the International Bureau of the Permanent Court of Arbitration, created under article twenty-two of the convention concluded at The Hague, July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, for the pacific settlement of international disputes, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

PUBLICATION OF DIPLOMATIC, CONSULAR, AND OTHER COMMERCIAL REPORTS.

Preparing, etc., consular reports.
Employees, etc.

Preparation, printing, publication, and distribution by the Department of State of the diplomatic, consular, and other commercial reports, forty thousand dollars; and of this sum the Secretary of State is authorized to expend not exceeding six thousand five hundred dollars for services of employees in the Bureau of Foreign Commerce (formerly the Bureau of Statistics), Department of State, in the work of compiling and distributing such reports; the sum of two thousand dollars for the cost of cablegrams in instructing consular officers to

report upon matters of immediate importance to commerce and industry, and of cablegrams of consuls on such subjects; also to defray the extra expense imposed upon consular officers in collecting certain data where it seems to be warranted; and not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars in the purchase of such books, maps, and periodicals as may be necessary to the editing of diplomatic, consular, and other commercial reports: *Provided*, That all terms of measure, weight, and money shall be reduced to and expressed in terms of measure, weight, and coin of the United States, as well as in the foreign terms; that each issue of diplomatic, consular, and other commercial reports shall not exceed ten thousand copies.

Proviso.
Equivalents of
measures, etc.
Limit of issue of re-
ports.

SCHEDULE B.

Schedule B.

SALARIES, CONSULAR SERVICE.

Salaries.

CONSULS-GENERAL.

Consuls-general.

For salaries of consuls-general at the following places, namely: Calcutta, Constantinople, Cape Town (Africa), Habana, Hongkong, London, Paris, Rio de Janeiro, and Shanghai, at five thousand dollars each, forty-five thousand dollars;

Melbourne, four thousand five hundred dollars;

Berlin, Canton, Mexico, Montreal, Ottawa, Panama, and Yokohama, at four thousand dollars each, twenty-eight thousand dollars;

Antwerp, Halifax, Singapore, and Vienna, at three thousand five hundred dollars each, fourteen thousand dollars;

Apia and Nukualofa, Barcelona, Coburg, Dresden, Frankfort, Guayaquil, Monterey, Rome, Saint Gall, Saint Petersburg, and Marseilles, at three thousand dollars each, thirty-three thousand dollars;

Auckland (New Zealand), Hamburg, Munich, and Rotterdam, at two thousand five hundred dollars each, ten thousand dollars;

Guatemala City (Guatemala), Maracaibo, Tangier, and Santo Domingo, at two thousand dollars each, eight thousand dollars;

Christiania, two thousand dollars;

Total for salaries of consuls-general, one hundred and forty-four thousand five hundred dollars.

CONSULS.

Consuls.

For salaries of consuls at the following places, namely:

CLASS I.

Class I, \$5,000 a year.

At five thousand dollars per annum.
Liverpool, England.

CLASS II.

Class II, \$3,500 a year.

At three thousand five hundred dollars per annum.
Amoy, China.
Callao, Peru.
Dawson City, Northwest Territory.
Havre, France.
Tientsin, China.
Pretoria, South Africa.

CLASS III.

Class III, \$3,000 a year.

At three thousand dollars per annum.
Barmen, Germany.
Basle, Switzerland.

Belfast, Ireland.
 Bordeaux, France.
 Bradford, England.
 Chefoo, China.
 Cienfuegos, Cuba.
 Colon, Colombia.
 Demerara, Guiana.
 Fuchau, China.
 Glasgow, Scotland.
 Hankau, China.
 Kingston, Jamaica.
 Kobe, Japan.
 Lyons, France.
 Manchester, England.
 Montevideo, Uruguay.
 Nagasaki, Japan.
 Nanking, China.
 Niuchwang, China.
 Nottingham, England.
 Nuremberg, Germany.
 Para, Brazil.
 Pernambuco, Brazil.
 Prague, Austria.
 Quebec, Canada.
 Santiago de Cuba.
 Santos, Brazil.
 Valparaiso, Chile.
 Vera Cruz, Mexico.

Class IV, \$2,500 a
year.

CLASS IV.

At two thousand five hundred dollars per annum.
 Aix la Chapelle, Germany.
 Amsterdam, Netherlands.
 Annaberg, Germany.
 Athens, Greece.
 Bahia, Brazil.
 Barbados, West Indies.
 Birmingham, England.
 Bombay, India.
 Bremen, Germany.
 Brussels, Belgium.
 Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic.
 Chemnitz, Germany.
 Ciudad Juarez, Mexico.
 Cologne, Germany.
 Dundee, Scotland.
 Edinburgh, Scotland.
 Huddersfield, England.
 Jerusalem, Syria.
 Lourenço Marquez, Africa.
 Mainz, Germany.
 Odessa, Russia.
 Plauen, Germany.
 Reichenberg, Austria.
 Saint Thomas, West Indies.
 San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua.
 Sheffield, England.
 Smyrna, Turkey.
 Southampton, England.
 Stuttgart, Germany.

Swansea, Wales.
 Sydney, New South Wales.
 Tunstall, England.
 Victoria, British Columbia.
 Vladivostock, Siberia.
 Zurich, Switzerland.

CLASS V.

Class V, \$2,000 a year.

At two thousand dollars per annum.

Acapulco, Mexico.
 Amherstburg, Canada.
 Bamberg, Germany.
 Barranquilla, Colombia.
 Beirut, Syria.
 Belize, Honduras.
 Berne, Switzerland.
 Breslau, Germany.
 Brunswick, Germany.
 Calais, France.
 Cardiff, Wales.
 Chatham, Ontario.
 Chihuahua, Mexico.
 Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Mexico.
 Collingwood, Canada.
 Copenhagen, Denmark.
 Cork, Ireland.
 Crefeld, Germany.
 Curaçao, West Indies.
 Dublin, Ireland.
 Dunfermline, Scotland.
 Dusseldorf, Germany.
 Erzerum, Turkey.
 Freiburg, Germany.
 Geneva, Switzerland.
 Genoa, Italy.
 Ghent, Belgium.
 Glauchau, Germany.
 Hamilton, Bermuda.
 Hamilton, Ontario.
 Hanover, Germany.
 Hull, England.
 Kehl, Germany.
 La Guayra, Venezuela.
 Leeds, England.
 Leghorn, Italy.
 Liege, Belgium.
 Leipsic, Germany.
 London, Ontario.
 Lucerne, Switzerland.
 Magdeburg, Germany.
 Malta, Great Britain.
 Managua, Nicaragua.
 Mannheim, Germany.
 Mazatlan, Mexico.
 Milan, Italy.
 Moscow, Russia.
 Naples, Italy.
 Nassau, New Providence.
 Newcastle-on-Tyne, England.
 Nuevo Laredo, Mexico.

Palermo, Italy.
 Port Louis, Mauritius.
 Port Sarnia, Ontario.
 Port Stanley, Falkland Islands.
 Rheims, France.
 Rosario, Argentine Republic.
 Roubaix, France.
 Saint Etienne, France.
 Saint Helena, Great Britain.
 Saint Johns, Newfoundland.
 Saint John, New Brunswick.
 Saint Thomas, Ontario.
 San Jose, Costa Rica.
 San Salvador, Salvador.
 Sherbrooke, Canada.
 Solingen, Germany.
 Sydney, Nova Scotia.
 Tamatave, Madagascar.
 Tampico, Mexico.
 Tegucigalpa, Honduras.
 Three Rivers, Canada.
 Toronto, Canada.
 Trieste, Austria.
 Trinidad, West Indies.
 Vancouver, British Columbia.
 Weimar, Germany.
 Yarmouth, Nova Scotia.
 Zanzibar, Zanzibar.

Class VI, \$1,500 a
 year.

CLASS VI.

At one thousand five hundred dollars per annum.

Aden, Arabia.
 Alexandretta, Syria.
 Algiers, Africa.
 Antigua, West Indies.
 Asuncion, Paraguay.
 Bristol, England.
 Brockville, Canada.
 Budapest, Austria-Hungary.
 Cadiz, Spain.
 Cartagena, Colombia.
 Castellamare di Stabia, Italy.
 Catania, Italy.
 Ceiba, Honduras.
 Ceylon, India.
 Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island.
 Coaticook, Quebec.
 Cornwall, Canada.
 Durango, Mexico.
 Ensenada, Mexico.
 Florence, Italy.
 Fort Erie, Canada.
 Funchal, Madeira.
 Gaspé Basin, Canada.
 Gibraltar, Spain.
 Goderich, Ontario.
 Gothenberg, Sweden.
 Grenoble, France.
 Guadeloupe, West Indies.
 Guelph, Canada.
 Harput, Turkey.

Kingston, Ontario.
 La Rochelle, France.
 Limoges, France.
 Malaga, Spain.
 Martinique, West Indies.
 Matamoros, Mexico.
 Messina, Italy.
 Nantes, France.
 Niagara Falls, Ontario.
 Nice, France.
 Nogales, Mexico.
 Orillia, Ontario.
 Patras, Greece.
 Port Hope, Ontario.
 Port Limon, Costa Rica.
 Prescott, Ontario.
 Progreso, Mexico.
 Puerto Cabello, Venezuela.
 Puerto Cortez, Honduras.
 Saint Christopher, West Indies.
 Saint Hyacinthe, Quebec.
 Saint Johns, Quebec.
 Saint Michaels, Azores.
 Saint Pierre, Saint Pierre Island.
 Saint Stephen, New Brunswick.
 Saltillo, Mexico.
 Sierra Leone, Africa.
 Sivas, Turkey.
 Stanbridge, Canada.
 Stettin, Germany.
 Stratford, Canada.
 Tamsui, Formosa.
 Teneriffe, Spain.
 Valencia, Spain.
 Venice, Italy.
 Wallaceburg, Ontario.
 Windsor, Ontario.
 Winnipeg, Manitoba.
 Woodstock, New Brunswick.
 Zittau, Germany.

SCHEDULE C.

Schedule C.

CLASS VII.

Class VII, \$1,000 a year.

At one thousand dollars per annum.

Batavia, Java.
 Cape Haitien, Haiti.
 Riga, Russia.
 Rouen, France.
 Tahiti, Society Islands.
 Turin, Italy.
 Utilla, Honduras.
 Windsor, Nova Scotia.

Total, salaries of consuls, four hundred and seventy-four thousand five hundred dollars.

SALARIES OF CONSULAR CLERKS.

Ten consular clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, twelve thousand dollars; and three consular clerks, at one thousand dollars each, three thousand dollars; total, fifteen thousand dollars.

Consular clerks.

SALARIES OF CONSULAR OFFICERS NOT CITIZENS.

Payment to consular officers not citizens.

The salary of a consular officer not a citizen of the United States shall be paid out of the amount specifically appropriated for salary at the consular office to which the alien officer is attached or appointed.

ALLOWANCES FOR CLERK HIRE AT UNITED STATES CONSULATES.

Clerks at consulates.

For allowance for clerk hire at consulates as follows:

London, three thousand dollars;
 Paris, two thousand six hundred dollars;
 Hongkong, two thousand two hundred dollars;
 Mexico (city), two thousand one hundred dollars;
 Liverpool and Havana, at two thousand dollars each, four thousand dollars;
 Bradford and Manchester, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, three thousand six hundred dollars;
 Southampton, one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars;
 Rio de Janeiro, and Shanghai, at one thousand six hundred dollars each, three thousand two hundred dollars;
 Antwerp, one thousand five hundred dollars;
 Barmen, Berlin, Bordeaux, Bremen, Brussels, Chemnitz, Crefeld, Frankfort, Hamburg, Havre, Kobe, Lyons, Marseilles, Montreal, Ottawa, Rotterdam, Vienna, and Yokohama, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, twenty-one thousand six hundred dollars;
 Belfast, Calcutta, Coburg, Glasgow, Nuremburg, Saint Gall, and Sheffield, at one thousand dollars each, seven thousand dollars;
 Birmingham, nine hundred and sixty dollars;
 Beirut, Canton, Cape Town, Colon, Dawson City, Dresden, Dundee, Guayaquil, Kingston (Jamaica), Leipsic, Maracaibo, Melbourne, Messina, Monterey, Naples, Palermo, Panama, Port au Prince, Singapore, Smyrna, Sydney (New South Wales), Tangier, Toronto, Tunstall, Vancouver, Vera Cruz, and Victoria, at eight hundred dollars each, twenty-one thousand six hundred dollars;
 Edinburgh, seven hundred and sixty dollars;
 Stockholm, seven hundred and fifty dollars;
 Prague, seven hundred and twenty dollars;
 Aix la Chapelle, Ciudad Juarez, Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Halifax, and Lucerne, at six hundred and forty dollars each, two thousand six hundred dollars;
 Buenos Ayres, Cairo, Cologne, Constantinople, Huddersfield, Mainz, Munich, Newcastle-on-Tyne, Nottingham, Odessa, Para, Pernambuco, Solingen, Tampico, and Zurich, at six hundred dollars each, nine thousand dollars;
 Cienfuegos, Kehl, and Santiago de Cuba, at five hundred dollars each, fifteen hundred dollars;
 Berne, Demerara, Florence, Genoa, Malaga, Mannheim, and Stuttgart, at four hundred and eighty dollars each, three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars;
 Total, clerk hire, ninety-four thousand four hundred dollars.

Consulates not specified.

Allowance for clerks at consulates, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State at consulates not herein provided for in respect to clerk hire, no greater portion of this sum than five hundred dollars to be allowed to any one consulate in any one fiscal year, forty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the total sum expended in one year shall not exceed the amount appropriated.

Proviso. Limit.

SALARIES OF INTERPRETERS TO CONSULATES IN CHINA, KOREA, AND JAPAN.

Interpreters at consulates.

Interpreters to be employed at consulates in China, Korea, and Japan, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State, fifteen thousand dollars.

For interpreter at Vladivostok, Siberia, eight hundred dollars.

EXPENSES OF INTERPRETERS, GUARDS, AND SO FORTH, IN TURKISH DOMINIONS, AND SO FORTH.

Interpreters and guards at the consulates in the Turkish dominions and at Zanzibar, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State, eight thousand dollars. Interpreters, guards, etc.

SALARIES OF MARSHALS FOR CONSULAR COURTS.

Marshals for the consular courts in China, Korea, and Turkey, nine thousand three hundred dollars. Marshals.

EXPENSES OF PRISONS FOR AMERICAN CONVICTS.

Expenses of a prison and a prison keeper at the consulate-general in Bangkok, Siam, one thousand dollars. Consular prisons, Bangkok.

Actual expense of renting a prison at Shanghai for American convicts in China, seven hundred and fifty dollars; and for the wages of a keeper of such prison, eight hundred dollars; one thousand five hundred and fifty dollars. Shanghai.

Paying for the keeping and feeding of prisoners in China, Korea, Siam, and Turkey, nine thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no more than fifty cents per day for the keeping and feeding of each prisoner while actually confined shall be allowed or paid for any such keeping and feeding. This is not to be understood as covering cost of medical attendance and medicines when required by such prisoners: *And provided further*, That no allowance shall be made for the keeping and feeding of any prisoner who is able to pay or does pay the above sum of fifty cents per day; and the consular officer shall certify to the fact of inability in every case. Keeping prisoners. Provisos. Maximum allowance.

Rent of prison for American convicts in Turkey, and for wages of keepers of the same, one thousand dollars. Rent, etc., Turkey.

Wages of prison keeper in Korea, six hundred dollars.

Total, thirteen thousand one hundred and fifty dollars. Prison keeper, Korea.

RELIEF AND PROTECTION OF AMERICAN SEAMEN.

Relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries, and shipwrecked American seamen in the Territory of Alaska, in the Hawaiian Islands, Porto Rico, and the Philippine Islands, or so much thereof as may be necessary, thirty thousand dollars. Relief of American seamen.

FOREIGN HOSPITAL AT CAPE TOWN.

Annual contribution toward the support of the Somerset Hospital (a foreign hospital) at Cape Town, twenty-five dollars, to be paid by the Secretary of State upon the assurance that suffering seamen and citizens of the United States will be admitted to the privileges of said hospital. Foreign hospitals, Cape Town.

FOREIGN HOSPITALS AT PANAMA.

Annual contributions toward the support of foreign hospitals at Panama, five hundred dollars, to be paid by the Secretary of State upon the assurance that suffering seamen and citizens of the United States will be admitted to the privileges of said hospitals. Panama.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, UNITED STATES CONSULATES.

Expenses of providing all such stationery, blanks, record and other books, seals, presses, flags, signs, rent, postage, furniture, statistics, newspapers, freight (foreign and domestic), telegrams, advertising, Contingent expenses, consulates.

messenger service, traveling expenses of consular officers and consular clerks, compensation of Chinese writers, loss by exchange, and such other miscellaneous expenses as the President may think necessary for the several consulates, consular agencies, and commercial agencies in the transaction of their business, two hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

Approved, February 9, 1903.

February 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 74.]

CHAP. 531.—An Act To extend the provisions of chapter eight, title thirty-two, of the Revised Statutes of the United States, entitled "Reservation and sale of town sites on the public lands," to the ceded Indian lands in the State of Minnesota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter eight, title thirty-two, of the Revised Statutes of the United States, entitled "Reservation and sale of town sites on the public lands," be, and is hereby, extended to and declared to be applicable to ceded Indian lands within the State of Minnesota. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved, February 9, 1903.

Public lands.
Town-site entries
extended to ceded Indian
lands in Minnesota.
R. S., Title XXXII,
ch. 8, p. 435.

February 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 75.]

CHAP. 532.—An Act To detach the county of Dimmit from the southern judicial district of Texas and to attach it to the western judicial district of Texas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the county of Dimmit, in the State of Texas, is hereby detached from the southern and is hereby attached to the western judicial district of Texas.

United States courts.
Dimmit County
transferred to Texas
western judicial district.
Ante, p. 65.
Pending proceedings.

SEC. 2. That all offenses heretofore committed in said county of Dimmit of which the district court of said southern judicial district has jurisdiction and upon which proceedings have been taken shall be tried and prosecuted in said southern judicial district, and civil suits and proceedings now pending in the circuit or district courts in said State shall not be affected by this Act.

Subsequent process,
etc.

SEC. 3. That hereafter all processes issued against defendants residing in said county of Dimmit shall be returned to San Antonio, Texas. All offenses committed in said county of Dimmit in which proceedings have not been begun shall be prosecuted in said western district.

Repeal.

SEC. 4. That all laws and parts of laws, so far as in conflict herewith, are hereby repealed.

Approved, February 9, 1903.

February 9, 1903.

[Public, No. 76.]

CHAP. 533.—An Act To fix the time for holding the United States district and circuit courts in the northern and middle districts of Alabama.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter the regular terms of the district and circuit courts of the United States for the middle district of Alabama shall be held at Montgomery, Alabama, on the first Tuesdays in May and December of each year.

United States courts.
Alabama middle judicial
district.
Terms, Montgomery.
R. S., secs. 572, 658,
pp. 98, 120.
Northern district.
Term, Huntsville.
Post, p. 832.

SEC. 2. That the regular terms of the district and circuit courts of the United States for the northern division of the northern district of Alabama shall be held at Huntsville, Alabama, on the first Tuesday in April and the second Tuesday in October of each year.

SEC. 3. That the regular terms of the district and circuit courts of the United States for the southern division of the northern district of Alabama shall be held at Birmingham, Alabama, on the first Tuesdays of March and November of each year.

Terms, Birmingham. Post, p. 832.

SEC. 4. That no action, suit, proceeding, information, indictment, recognizance, bail, bond, or any other proceeding or process in either of said courts shall abate or be rendered invalid by reason of the change of time in the holding of said courts, but the same shall be deemed returnable, pending, or triable at the terms herein provided for.

Pending cases not affected.

Approved, February 9, 1903.

CHAP. 537.—An Act Authorizing the appointment of John Russell Bartlett, a captain on the retired list of the Navy, as a rear-admiral on the retired list of the Navy.

February 10, 1908.
[Public, No. 77.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, is hereby authorized to appoint John Russell Bartlett, now a captain on the retired list of the Navy, to be a rear-admiral on the retired list of the Navy, with the rank of said office: *Provided,* That no pay, bounty, or other emolument shall accrue by reason of the passage of this Act.

Capt. John Russell Bartlett may be appointed rear-admiral on naval retired list.

Proviso.
No pay, etc.

Approved, February 10, 1903.

CHAP. 538.—An Act To authorize the Oklahoma City and Western Railroad Company to construct and operate a railway through the Fort Sill Military Reservation, and for other purposes.

February 10, 1908.
[Public, No. 78.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Oklahoma City and Western Railroad Company, a corporation created under and by virtue of the laws of the Territory of Oklahoma, be, and the same is hereby, empowered to survey, locate, construct, and maintain a railway, telegraph, and telephone line through Fort Sill Military Reservation, in the Territory of Oklahoma, upon such a line as may be determined and approved by the Secretary of War.

Oklahoma City and Western Railroad Company. Granted right of way through Fort Sill Military Reservation, Okla.

SEC. 2. That said corporation is authorized to take and use for all purposes of a railway, telegraph, and telephone line, and for no other purpose, a right of way one hundred feet in width through said Fort Sill Military Reservation, and a right to take and use a strip of land in said reservation two hundred feet in width, with a length of three thousand feet, in addition to right of way, for stations, with the right to use such additional ground when cuts and fills may be necessary for the construction and maintenance of the roadbed, not exceeding one hundred feet in width on each side of said right of way, or as much thereof as may be included in said cut or fill: *Provided,* That no part of the lands herein authorized to be taken shall be used except in such manner and for such purposes as shall be necessary for the construction and convenient operation of said railway, telegraph, and telephone lines; and when any portion thereof shall cease to be used, such portion shall revert to the United States, from which the same shall be taken: *Provided further,* That no more space on the military reservation be given to the said Oklahoma City and Western Railroad Company than was given to the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad under the terms of the Act of January thirty-first, nineteen hundred; that the Oklahoma City and Western Railroad Company will fence its right of way and lay and maintain sufficient fence equal to that built

Width.

Provisos.
Use of lands granted.

Reversion if not used.

Restrictions on grant.

Vol. 31, p. 3.
Fencing.

Station.
Side track.
Compliance with regulations, etc.

by the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad and will provide and maintain suitable crossings opposite those already provided by the said Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad; that the said Oklahoma City and Western Railroad Company will build and maintain a suitable station house near the station of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad; that the Oklahoma City and Western Railroad Company will provide suitable and sufficient side track at their station and will construct and maintain sufficient stock pens and provide sufficient facilities for loading and unloading cattle and horses on the ground set apart for their station: *Provided further*, That the said Oklahoma City and Western Railroad Company shall comply with such other regulations or conditions as may from time to time be prescribed by the Secretary of War.

Approved, February 10, 1903.

February 10, 1903.
[Public, No. 79.]

CHAP. 539.—An Act To establish a fog bell and lens-lantern light on the southeastern end of Southampton Shoal, San Francisco Bay, California.

Southampton Shoal,
San Francisco Bay,
Cal.
Light-house, etc., es-
tablished on.
Post, p. 1093.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be established on the southeastern end of Southampton Shoal, San Francisco Bay, California, a fog bell and lens-lantern light, at a cost not to exceed thirty thousand dollars.

Approved, February 10, 1903.

February 11, 1903.
[Public, No. 80.]

CHAP. 542.—An Act Granting to the State of California six hundred and forty acres of land in lieu of section sixteen, township seven south, range eight east, San Bernardino meridian, State of California, now occupied by the Torros band or village of Mission Indians.

Mission Indians, Cal.
Land granted to
California in lieu of
land occupied by.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and is hereby, granted to the State of California six hundred and forty acres of land, to be selected by said State, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, from any of the unappropriated public lands of nonmineral character in said State, in lieu of section sixteen, township seven south, range eight east, San Bernardino meridian, State of California; and the selection by said State of the lands hereby granted, upon the approval of same by the Secretary of the Interior, shall operate as a waiver by the State of its right to said section sixteen, and thereupon said section sixteen shall become a part of the reservation heretofore set apart for the use and occupancy of the Torros band or village of Mission Indians, of southern California, under the provisions of the Act of Congress approved January twelfth, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act for the relief of the Mission Indians in the State of California," according to the terms and subject to the conditions imposed by said Act.

Vol. 26, p. 712.

Approved, February 11, 1903.

February 11, 1903.
[Public, No. 81.]

CHAP. 543.—An Act Adjusting certain conflicts respecting State school indemnity selections in lieu of school sections in abandoned military reservations.

Public lands,
School indemnity
selections in lieu of
lands in abandoned
military reservations,
confirmed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all State school indemnity selections in lieu of what are known as school sections in abandoned military reservations made pursuant to the decision of the Secretary of the Interior dated January twenty-eighth, eighteen hun-

dred and ninety-eight, and before notice of the withdrawal of that decision was received at the local land office at which the selections were made, and which are otherwise regular and free from any prior lawful claim, shall be confirmed by the Secretary of the Interior; and the lands in such school sections in lieu of which such confirmed selections were made shall be disposed of under the laws applicable to other lands in such abandoned military reservations, a preference right being accorded to those who have made and maintained a bona fide settlement or entry pursuant to said decision of the Secretary of the Interior.

Disposal of school sections.

Approved, February 11, 1903.

CHAP. 544.—An Act To expedite the hearing and determination of suits in equity pending or hereafter brought under the Act of July second, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An Act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies," "An Act to regulate commerce," approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, or any other Acts having a like purpose that may be hereafter enacted.

February 11, 1903.

[Public, No. 82.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in any suit in equity pending or hereafter brought in any circuit court of the United States under the Act entitled "An Act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies," approved July second, eighteen hundred and ninety, "An Act to regulate commerce," approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, or any other Acts having a like purpose that hereafter may be enacted, wherein the United States is complainant, the Attorney-General may file with the clerk of such court a certificate that, in his opinion, the case is of general public importance, a copy of which shall be immediately furnished by such clerk to each of the circuit judges of the circuit in which the case is pending. Thereupon such case shall be given precedence over others and in every way expedited, and be assigned for hearing at the earliest practicable day, before not less than three of the circuit judges of said circuit, if there be three or more; and if there be not more than two circuit judges, then before them and such district judge as they may select. In the event the judges sitting in such case shall be divided in opinion, the case shall be certified to the Supreme Court for review in like manner as if taken there by appeal as hereinafter provided.

Anti-trust cases given precedence in circuit courts.
Vol. 26, p. 209.
Post, p. 849.

Vol. 24, p. 379.

Certificate of Attorney-General.

Composition of court.

Revision by Supreme Court.

Appeal direct to Supreme Court.

Proviso.
Pending appeals.

SEC. 2. That in every suit in equity pending or hereafter brought in any circuit court of the United States under any of said Acts, wherein the United States is complainant, including cases submitted but not yet decided, an appeal from the final decree of the circuit court will lie only to the Supreme Court and must be taken within sixty days from the entry thereof: *Provided*, That in any case where an appeal may have been taken from the final decree of a circuit court to the circuit court of appeals before this Act takes effect, the case shall proceed to a final decree therein, and an appeal may be taken from such decree to the Supreme Court in the manner now provided by law.

Approved, February 11, 1903.

February 11, 1903.

[Public, No. 83.]

CHAP. 545.—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to incorporate The National Florence Crittenton Mission."District of Columbia.
National Florence
Crittenton Mission.
Vol. 30, p. 352,
amended.

Incorporators.

Purposes of incor-
poration.

Powers.

Establishment of
homes for women and
girls.

Board of trustees.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an Act entitled "An Act to incorporate The National Florence Crittenton Mission," approved April ninth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"That Charles N. Crittenton, Franklin B. Waterman, John Joy Edson, Kate Waller Barrett, and Charles S. Morton, and their associates and successors, are hereby constituted a body politic and corporate in the District of Columbia in perpetuity, by the name of 'The National Florence Crittenton Mission,' for the following purposes, namely: To aid and encourage destitute, homeless, and depraved women and men to seek reformation of character and respectability and to reach positions of honorable self-support, and especially to provide for women and young girls who have led profligate lives, or having been betrayed from the path of virtue are sincerely willing to reform, temporary homes and employment until they can be restored to friends or established in honest industry; also to establish homes for working girls; and for those purposes to carry on such homes, industrial enterprises, and such other instrumentalities as may be adapted thereto. Said corporation, through its board of trustees, shall have power to have and use a common seal, to sue and be sued, to plead and be impleaded, to collect subscriptions, make reasonable by-laws, rules, and regulations needful for the government of said corporation and giving effect to the objects of its creation, not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States; to receive, have, and hold real and personal estate by purchase, gift, or devise, and the same to use, sell, and convey for the reasonable purposes and benefit of said corporation; to receive, have, and hold real and personal estate in trust for the uses, purposes, and benefit of the said corporation in founding and carrying on its homes for women and girls and other enterprises as aforesaid, and the same to use, sell, and convey in accordance with the terms of any such trust or trusts; to employ such officers, agents, and employees as they may reasonably deem necessary for such purposes; to fix their compensation, duties, and obligations, and change or remove them as often as in their judgment the interests of the said corporation may require.

"SEC. 2. That the number of trustees for the first year of said organization shall be five, namely: Charles N. Crittenton, Franklin B. Waterman, John Joy Edson, Kate Waller Barrett, and Charles S. Morton; and any and all vacancies which may occur in said board of trustees shall be filled by an affirmative vote of a majority of the trustees present entitled to vote at any meeting duly called or set for that purpose. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act at any time is hereby expressly reserved."

Approved, February 11, 1903.

February 12, 1903.

[Public, No. 84.]

CHAP. 546.—An Act Authorizing the restoration of the name of Thomas H. Carpenter, late captain, Seventeenth United States Infantry, to the rolls of the Army, and providing that he be placed on the list of retired officers.Thomas H. Carpen-
ter.
May be appointed
captain of infantry,
and retired.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and is hereby, authorized to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint Thomas H. Carpenter, late a captain, Seventeenth Infantry, a captain of infantry in the Army of the United States; and when so appointed he shall be

placed upon the list of retired officers of the Army, unlimited, on account of wounds received in battle from which he is under disability.

Approved, February 12, 1903.

CHAP. 547.—An Act To fix the salaries of certain judges of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following salaries shall be paid to the several judges hereinafter mentioned in lieu of the salaries now provided for by law, namely:

To the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States the sum of thirteen thousand dollars a year, and to each of the associate justices thereof the sum of twelve thousand five hundred dollars a year.

To each of the circuit judges the sum of seven thousand dollars a year.

To each of the district judges the sum of six thousand dollars a year.

To the chief justice of the Court of Claims the sum of six thousand five hundred dollars a year, and to each of the other judges thereof the sum of six thousand dollars a year.

To the chief justice of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars a year, and to each of the associate justices thereof the sum of seven thousand dollars a year.

To the chief justice and to each associate justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia the sum of six thousand dollars a year.

That all of said salaries shall be paid in monthly installments.

That one-half of the amount of said salaries which shall be paid to the chief justice and to the associate justices of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia and to the chief justice and to the associate justices of the supreme court of the District of Columbia shall be defrayed from the revenues of the District of Columbia.

Approved, February 12, 1903.

February 12, 1903.

[Public, No. 85.]

United States courts.
Salaries of judges increased.

Post, p. 1064.

Supreme Court.
R. S., sec. 676, p. 126.

Circuit courts.
R. S., sec. 607, p. 107.

District courts.
R. S., sec. 554, p. 93.
Court of Claims.
R. S., sec. 1049, p. 194.

Court of Appeals,
District of Columbia.
Vol. 27, p. 435.

Supreme court, Dis-
trict of Columbia.
R. S. D. C., sec. 751,
p. 90.

Payments.
District of Columbia
courts.
One-half from Dis-
trict revenues.

CHAP. 548.—An Act Defining what shall constitute and providing for assessments on oil mining claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That where oil lands are located under the provisions of title thirty-two, chapter six, Revised Statutes of the United States, as placer mining claims, the annual assessment labor upon such claims may be done upon any one of a group of claims lying contiguous and owned by the same person or corporation, not exceeding five claims in all: *Provided,* That said labor will tend to the development or to determine the oil-bearing character of such contiguous claims.

Approved, February 12, 1903.

February 12, 1903.

[Public, No. 86.]

Public lands.
Assessments required for oil mining claims.
R. S., secs. 2329-2333,
p. 428.

Proviso.
Labor to show char-
acter of contiguous
claims.

CHAP. 552.—An Act To establish the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be at the seat of government an executive department to be known as the Department of Commerce and Labor, and a Secretary of Commerce and Labor, who shall be the head thereof, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who

February 14, 1903.

[Public, No. 87.]

Department of Com-
merce and Labor es-
tablished.

Secretary.
Appointment, etc.
Post, p. 1080.

shall receive a salary of eight thousand dollars per annum, and whose term and tenure of office shall be like that of the heads of the other Executive Departments; and section one hundred and fifty-eight of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended to include such Department, and the provisions of title four of the Revised Statutes, including all amendments thereto, are hereby made applicable to said Department. The said Secretary shall cause a seal of office to be made for the said Department of such device as the President shall approve, and judicial notice shall be taken of the said seal.

R. S., sec. 158, p. 26,
amended.

General provisions
applicable.
R. S., Title IV, p. 26.
Seal.

Assistant Secretary,
clerks, etc.

Auditor for State,
etc., Departments to
audit accounts.

Jurisdiction of De-
partment.

Use of appropri-
ations for offices, etc.,
transferred.

Offices, etc., trans-
ferred.

From Treasury De-
partment.

Census Office.

SEC. 2. That there shall be in said Department an Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor, to be appointed by the President, who shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars a year. He shall perform such duties as shall be prescribed by the Secretary or required by law. There shall also be one chief clerk and a disbursing clerk and such other clerical assistants as may from time to time be authorized by Congress; and the Auditor for the State and other Departments shall receive and examine all accounts of salaries and incidental expenses of the office of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and of all bureaus and offices under his direction, all accounts relating to the Light-House Board, Steamboat-Inspection Service, Immigration, Navigation, Alaskan fur-seal fisheries, the National Bureau of Standards, Coast and Geodetic Survey, Census, Department of Labor, Fish Commission and to all other business within the jurisdiction of the Department of Commerce and Labor, and certify the balances arising thereon to the Division of Bookkeeping and Warrants and send forthwith a copy of each certificate to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

SEC. 3. That it shall be the province and duty of said Department to foster, promote, and develop the foreign and domestic commerce, the mining, manufacturing, shipping, and fishery industries, the labor interests, and the transportation facilities of the United States; and to this end it shall be vested with jurisdiction and control of the departments, bureaus, offices, and branches of the public service hereinafter specified, and with such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by law. All unexpended appropriations, which shall be available at the time when this Act takes effect, in relation to the various offices, bureaus, divisions, and other branches of the public service, which shall, by this Act, be transferred to or included in the Department of Commerce and Labor, or which may hereafter, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, be so transferred, shall become available, from the time of such transfer, for expenditure in and by the Department of Commerce and Labor and shall be treated the same as though said branches of the public service had been directly named in the laws making said appropriations as parts of the Department of Commerce and Labor, under the direction of the Secretary of said Department.

SEC. 4. That the following-named offices, bureaus, divisions, and branches of the public service, now and heretofore under the jurisdiction of the Department of the Treasury, and all that pertains to the same, known as the Light-House Board, the Light-House Establishment, the Steamboat-Inspection Service, the Bureau of Navigation, the United States Shipping Commissioners, the National Bureau of Standards, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Commissioner-General of Immigration, the commissioners of immigration, the Bureau of Immigration, the immigration service at large, and the Bureau of Statistics, be, and the same hereby are, transferred from the Department of the Treasury to the Department of Commerce and Labor, and the same shall hereafter remain under the jurisdiction and supervision of the last-named Department; and that the Census Office, and all that pertains to the same, be, and the same hereby is, transferred from the Department of the Interior to the Department of Commerce and

Labor, to remain henceforth under the jurisdiction of the latter; that the Department of Labor, the Fish Commission, and the Office of Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, and all that pertains to the same, be, and the same hereby are, placed under the jurisdiction and made a part of the Department of Commerce and Labor; that the Bureau of Foreign Commerce, now in the Department of State, be, and the same hereby is, transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor and consolidated with and made a part of the Bureau of Statistics, hereinbefore transferred from the Department of the Treasury to the Department of Commerce and Labor, and the two shall constitute one bureau, to be called the Bureau of Statistics, with a chief of the bureau; and that the Secretary of Commerce and Labor shall have control of the work of gathering and distributing statistical information naturally relating to the subjects confided to his Department; and the Secretary of Commerce and Labor is hereby given the power and authority to rearrange the statistical work of the bureaus and offices confided to said Department, and to consolidate any of the statistical bureaus and offices transferred to said Department; and said Secretary shall also have authority to call upon other Departments of the Government for statistical data and results obtained by them; and said Secretary of Commerce and Labor may collate, arrange, and publish such statistical information so obtained in such manner as to him may seem wise.

Department of Labor, and Fish Commission.

Bureau of Foreign Commerce.

Collection, etc., of statistics.

That the official records and papers now on file in and pertaining exclusively to the business of any bureau, office, department, or branch of the public service in this Act transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor, together with the furniture now in use in such bureau, office, department, or branch of the public service, shall be, and hereby are, transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Transfer of records, etc.

SEC. 5. That there shall be in the Department of Commerce and Labor a bureau to be called the Bureau of Manufactures, and a chief of said bureau, who shall be appointed by the President, and who shall receive a salary of four thousand dollars per annum. There shall also be in said bureau such clerical assistants as may from time to time be authorized by Congress. It shall be the province and duty of said bureau, under the direction of the Secretary, to foster, promote, and develop the various manufacturing industries of the United States, and markets for the same at home and abroad, domestic and foreign, by gathering, compiling, publishing, and supplying all available and useful information concerning such industries and such markets, and by such other methods and means as may be prescribed by the Secretary or provided by law. And all consular officers of the United States, including consuls-general, consuls, and commercial agents, are hereby required, and it is made a part of their duty, under the direction of the Secretary of State, to gather and compile, from time to time, useful and material information and statistics in respect to the subjects enumerated in section three of this Act in the countries and places to which such consular officers are accredited, and to send, under the direction of the Secretary of State, reports as often as required by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor of the information and statistics thus gathered and compiled, such reports to be transmitted through the State Department to the Secretary of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Bureau of Manufactures. Office force.

Duty of bureau.

Reports from consular officers.

SEC. 6. That there shall be in the Department of Commerce and Labor a bureau to be called the Bureau of Corporations, and a Commissioner of Corporations who shall be the head of said bureau, to be appointed by the President, who shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum. There shall also be in said bureau a deputy commissioner who shall receive a salary of three thousand five hundred

Bureau of Corporations. Commissioner, clerks, etc.

dollars per annum, and who shall in the absence of the Commissioner act as, and perform the duties of, the Commissioner of Corporations, and who shall also perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor or by the said Commissioner. There shall also be in the said bureau a chief clerk and such special agents, clerks, and other employees as may be authorized by law.

Investigation, etc., of corporations in interstate and foreign commerce.

The said Commissioner shall have power and authority to make, under the direction and control of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, diligent investigation into the organization, conduct, and management of the business of any corporation, joint stock company or corporate combination engaged in commerce among the several States and with foreign nations excepting common carriers subject to "An Act to regulate commerce," approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and to gather such information and data as will enable the President of the United States to make recommendations to Congress for legislation for the regulation of such commerce, and to report such data to the President from time to time as he shall require; and the information so obtained or as much thereof as the President may direct shall be made public.

Common carriers excepted.
Vol. 24, p. 379.

Report to President of data secured.

Authority in respect to corporations.

In order to accomplish the purposes declared in the foregoing part of this section, the said Commissioner shall have and exercise the same power and authority in respect to corporations, joint stock companies and combinations subject to the provisions hereof, as is conferred on the Interstate Commerce Commission in said "Act to regulate commerce" and the amendments thereto in respect to common carriers so far as the same may be applicable, including the right to subpoena and compel the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence and to administer oaths. All the requirements, obligations, liabilities, and immunities imposed or conferred by said "Act to regulate commerce" and by "An Act in relation to testimony before the Interstate Commerce Commission," and so forth, approved February eleventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, supplemental to said "Act to regulate commerce," shall also apply to all persons who may be subpoenaed to testify as witnesses or to produce documentary evidence in pursuance of the authority conferred by this section.

Vol. 24, p. 388.

Power to secure testimony, etc.
Vol. 24, p. 388.

Vol. 27, p. 443.

Compilation etc., of information.

It shall also be the province and duty of said bureau, under the direction of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, to gather, compile, publish, and supply useful information concerning corporations doing business within the limits of the United States as shall engage in interstate commerce or in commerce between the United States and any foreign country, including corporations engaged in insurance, and to attend to such other duties as may be hereafter provided by law.

Control of Alaskan fisheries and of immigration.

SEC. 7. That the jurisdiction, supervision and control now possessed and exercised by the Department of the Treasury over the fur-seal, salmon and other fisheries of Alaska and over the immigration of aliens into the United States, its waters, territories and any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are hereby transferred and vested in the Department of Commerce and Labor: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to alter the method of collecting and accounting for the head-tax prescribed by section one of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate immigration," approved August third, eighteen hundred and eighty-two. That the authority, power and jurisdiction now possessed and exercised by the Secretary of the Treasury by virtue of any law in relation to the exclusion from and the residence within the United States, its territories and the District of Columbia, of Chinese and persons of Chinese descent, are hereby transferred to and conferred upon the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and the authority, power and jurisdiction in relation thereto now vested by law or treaty in the collectors of customs and the col-

Proviso.
Head-tax collection not affected.

Control of Chinese exclusion.

Transfer of duties from Treasury officials.

lectors of internal revenue, are hereby conferred upon and vested in such officers under the control of the Commissioner-General of Immigration, as the Secretary of Commerce and Labor may designate therefor.

SEC. 8. That the Secretary of Commerce and Labor shall annually, at the close of each fiscal year, make a report in writing to Congress, giving an account of all moneys received and disbursed by him and his Department, and describing the work done by the Department in fostering, promoting, and developing the foreign and domestic commerce, the mining, manufacturing, shipping, and fishery industries, and the transportation facilities, of the United States, and making such recommendations as he shall deem necessary for the effective performance of the duties and purposes of the Department. He shall also from time to time make such special investigations and reports as he may be required to do by the President, or by either House of Congress, or which he himself may deem necessary and urgent.

Annual report.

Special investigations and reports.

SEC. 9. That the Secretary of Commerce and Labor shall have charge, in the buildings or premises occupied by or appropriated to the Department of Commerce and Labor, of the library, furniture, fixtures, records, and other property pertaining to it or hereafter acquired for use in its business; and he shall be allowed to expend for periodicals and the purposes of the library, and for the rental of appropriate quarters for the accommodation of the Department of Commerce and Labor within the District of Columbia, and for all other incidental expenses, such sums as Congress may provide from time to time: *Provided, however*, That where any office, bureau, or branch of the public service transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor by this Act is occupying rented buildings or premises, it may still continue to do so until other suitable quarters are provided for its use: *And provided further*, That all officers, clerks, and employees now employed in or by any of the bureaus, offices, departments, or branches of the public service in this Act transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor are each and all hereby transferred to said Department at their present grades and salaries, except where otherwise provided in this Act: *And provided further*, That all laws prescribing the work and defining the duties of the several bureaus, offices, departments, or branches of the public service by this Act transferred to and made a part of the Department of Commerce and Labor shall, so far as the same are not in conflict with the provisions of this Act, remain in full force and effect until otherwise provided by law.

Department buildings, etc.
Control of property, etc.

Provisos.
Use of present quarters by offices transferred.

Officers, etc., transferred to retain present grades, etc.

Laws as to duties of bureaus, etc., transferred, continued.

SEC. 10. That all duties performed and all power and authority now possessed or exercised by the head of any executive department in and over any bureau, office, officer, board, branch, or division of the public service by this Act transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor, or any business arising therefrom or pertaining thereto, or in relation to the duties performed by and authority conferred by law upon such bureau, officer, office, board, branch or division of the public service, whether of an appellate or revisory character or otherwise, shall hereafter be vested in and exercised by the head of the said Department of Commerce and Labor.

Executive powers, etc., transferred to the Department.

All duties, power, authority and jurisdiction, whether supervisory, appellate or otherwise, now imposed or conferred upon the Secretary of the Treasury by Acts of Congress relating to merchant vessels or yachts, their measurement, numbers, names, registers, enrollments, licenses, commissions, records, mortgages, bills of sale, transfers, entry, clearance, movements and transportation of their cargoes and passengers, owners, officers, seamen, passengers, fees, inspection, equipment for the better security of life, and by Acts of Congress relating to tonnage tax, boilers on steam vessels, the carrying of inflammable, explosive or dangerous cargo on vessels, the use of petroleum or other similar substances to produce motive power and

Authority of Secretary of the Treasury over shipping, etc., transferred.

relating to the remission or refund of fines, penalties, forfeitures, exactions or charges incurred for violating any provision of law relating to vessels or seamen or to informer's shares of such fines, and by Acts of Congress relating to the Commissioner and Bureau of Navigation, Shipping Commissioners, their officers and employees, Steamboat-Inspection Service and any of the officials thereof, shall be and hereby are transferred to and imposed and conferred upon the Secretary of Commerce and Labor from and after the time of the transfer of the Bureau of Navigation, the Shipping Commissioners and the Steamboat-Inspection Service to the Department of Commerce and Labor, and shall not thereafter be imposed upon or exercised by the Secretary of the Treasury. And all Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are, so far as inconsistent, hereby repealed.

Repeal of inconsistent laws.

Consular reports.
Duties of person to prepare instructions, etc.
Post, p. 1082.

Rank, salary, etc.

Transfer hereafter of statistical, etc., work from other Departments.

Authority and powers transferred.

Effect.

Proviso.
Transfer of existing offices, etc., July 1, 1903.
Post, p. 1082.

SEC. 11. A person, to be designated by the Secretary of State, shall be appointed to formulate, under his direction, for the instruction of consular officers, the requests of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor; and to prepare from the dispatches of consular officers, for transmission to the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, such information as pertains to the work of the Department of Commerce and Labor; and such person shall have the rank and salary of a chief of bureau, and be furnished with such clerical assistants as may from time to time be authorized by law.

SEC. 12. That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized, by order in writing, to transfer at any time the whole or any part of any office, bureau, division or other branch of the public service engaged in statistical or scientific work, from the Department of State, the Department of the Treasury, the Department of War, the Department of Justice, the Post-Office Department, the Department of the Navy or the Department of the Interior, to the Department of Commerce and Labor; and in every such case the duties and authority performed by and conferred by law upon such office, bureau, division or other branch of the public service, or the part thereof so transferred, shall be thereby transferred with such office, bureau, division or other branch of the public service, or the part thereof which is so transferred. And all power and authority conferred by law, both supervisory and appellate, upon the department from which such transfer is made, or the Secretary thereof, in relation to the said office, bureau, division or other branch of the public service, or the part thereof so transferred, shall immediately, when such transfer is so ordered by the President, be fully conferred upon and vested in the Department of Commerce and Labor, or the Secretary thereof, as the case may be, as to the whole or part of such office, bureau, division or other branch of the public service so transferred.

SEC. 13. That this Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage: *Provided, however*, That the provisions of this Act other than those of section twelve in relation to the transfer of any existing office, bureau, division, officer or other branch of the public service or authority now conferred thereon, to the Department of Commerce and Labor shall take effect and be in force on the first day of July, nineteen hundred and three, and not before.

Approved, February 14, 1903.

February 14, 1903.

[Public. No. 88.]

CHAP. 553.—An Act To increase the efficiency of the Army.

Army.
General Staff Corps established.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby established a General Staff Corps, to be composed of officers detailed from the Army at large, under such rules as may be prescribed by the President.

SEC. 2. That the duties of the General Staff Corps shall be to prepare plans for the national defense and for the mobilization of the military forces in time of war; to investigate and report upon all questions affecting the efficiency of the Army and its state of preparation for military operations; to render professional aid and assistance to the Secretary of War and to general officers and other superior commanders, and to act as their agents in informing and coordinating the action of all the different officers who are subject under the terms of this Act to the supervision of the Chief of Staff; and to perform such other military duties not otherwise assigned by law as may be from time to time prescribed by the President.

Duties of.

SEC. 3. That the General Staff Corps shall consist of one Chief of Staff and two general officers, all to be detailed by the President from officers of the Army at large not below the grade of brigadier-general; four colonels, six lieutenant-colonels, and twelve majors, to be detailed from the corresponding grades in the Army at large, under such rules for selection as the President may prescribe; twenty captains, to be detailed from officers of the Army at large of the grades of captain or first lieutenant, who while so serving shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of captain mounted. All officers detailed in the General Staff Corps shall be detailed therein for periods of four years, unless sooner relieved. While serving in the General Staff Corps, officers may be temporarily assigned to duty with any branch of the Army. Upon being relieved from duty in the General Staff Corps, officers shall return to the branch of the Army in which they hold permanent commission, and no officer shall be eligible to a further detail in the General Staff Corps until he shall have served two years with the branch of the Army in which commissioned, except in case of emergency or in time of war.

Composition of.

Term of service.

Temporary assignments.

Subsequent detail restricted.

Exceptions.

Chief of Staff. Duties of.

SEC. 4. That the Chief of Staff, under the direction of the President or of the Secretary of War, under the direction of the President, shall have supervision of all troops of the line and of the Adjutant-General's, Inspector-General's, Judge-Advocate's, Quartermaster's, Subsistence, Medical, Pay, and Ordnance departments, the Corps of Engineers, and the Signal Corps, and shall perform such other military duties not otherwise assigned by law as may be assigned to him by the President. Duties now prescribed by statute for the Commanding General of the Army as a member of the Board of Ordnance and Fortification and of the Board of Commissioners of the Soldiers' Home shall be performed by the Chief of Staff or other officer designated by the President. Acts and parts of Acts authorizing aids-de-camp and military secretaries shall not apply to general officers of the General Staff Corps.

Vol. 25, p. 489.
Vol. 22, p. 565.

Aids-de-camp and military secretaries. R. S., secs. 1096-1098, p. 203.

Chief of Artillery to serve as additional member. Rank, pay, etc.

Number of brigadier-generals limited. Post, p. 1021.

In effect August 15, 1903.

SEC. 5. That the Chief of Artillery shall hereafter serve as an additional member of the General Staff and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of a brigadier-general and when the next vacancy occurs in the office of brigadier-general of the line, it shall not be filled, and thereafter the number of brigadier-generals of the line, exclusive of the Chief of Artillery, shall not exceed fourteen; and the provisions of the foregoing sections of this Act shall take effect August fifteenth, nineteen hundred and three.

Approved, February 14, 1903.

February 16, 1903.

[Public, No. 89.]

CHAP. 554.—An Act To amend an Act to add certain counties in Alabama to the northern district therein, and to divide the said northern district, after the addition of said counties, into two divisions, and to prescribe the times and places for holding courts therein, and for other purposes, approved May second, eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section two of an Act approved May second, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, entitled "An Act to add certain counties in Alabama to the northern district therein, and to divide the said northern district, after the addition of said counties, into two divisions, and to prescribe the times and places for holding courts therein, and for other purposes," be amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 2. That the said northern district is hereby divided into three divisions, which shall be known as the northern, southern, and eastern divisions of the northern district of Alabama. The southern division of said northern district shall include the counties of Sumter, Greene, Hale, Pickens, Tuscaloosa, Lamar, Fayette, Walker, Jefferson, Blount, Bibb, Shelby, Saint Clair, and Dekalb, and a term of the circuit court and district court of the United States for said northern district shall be held for said southern division at the city of Birmingham, in the said county of Jefferson, twice in each year, at the times provided by law.

"The eastern division of said northern district shall include the counties of Etowah, Calhoun, Cleburne, Clay, Talladega, and Cherokee, and a term of the circuit court and the district court of the United States for said northern district shall be held for said eastern division in the city of Anniston, in the said county of Calhoun, twice in each year, on the first Mondays in May and November. The remaining counties of said northern district shall constitute the northern division thereof, and the terms of the circuit and district courts of the United States for said northern district shall be held therein at the times and places prescribed by law."

SEC. 2. That this Act shall be in force from its passage, and all other provisions of the Act aforesaid, approved May second, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, and all Acts amendatory thereof not inconsistent with this Act, shall remain in full force and effect, and so far as they are applicable shall relate to and govern the eastern division of the northern district of Alabama.

SEC. 3. That a place for holding the courts for the eastern division of the northern district of Alabama shall be furnished to the Government free of cost by the county of Calhoun until other provision is made therefor by law.

SEC. 4. That all civil process issued against persons residents in said counties of Etowah, Calhoun, Cleburne, Clay, Talladega, and Cherokee, and cognizable before the United States courts, shall be made returnable to the courts, respectively, to be held at the city of Anniston; and all prosecutions for offenses committed in either of said counties shall be tried in the appropriate United States court at the city of Anniston.

SEC. 5. That all cases, civil and criminal, now pending on the dockets of the southern division of the northern district of Alabama, as herein created, shall remain on the docket of the southern division of said district and be tried in Birmingham, Alabama, unless transferred to the dockets of the eastern division of said district by consent of all the parties thereto entered of record, or unless transferred by the order of court for good cause shown.

SEC. 6. That the clerks of the circuit and district courts of the southern division of the northern district of Alabama shall maintain an office in charge of themselves or a deputy at said city of Anniston

United States courts.
Alabama northern
judicial district.
Vol. 23, p. 18.

Three divisions
created.

Southern.
Term at Birming-
ham.
Ante, p. 821.

Eastern.
Term at Anniston.

Northern.
Ante, p. 820.

Existing laws appli-
cable to eastern divi-
sion.
Vol. 23, p. 18.

Court rooms.

Return of process.

Prosecutions.

Pending cases

Clerks.

which shall be kept open at all times for the transaction of the business of said courts.

Approved, February 16, 1903.

CHAP. 555.—An Act Fixing terms of United States courts in Colorado, and other purposes.

February 16, 1903.
[Public, No. 90.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the terms of the district and circuit courts of the United States in and for the district of Colorado shall be held at the times and places hereinafter designated, namely: At Denver on the first Tuesdays in May and in November in every year; at Pueblo on the first Tuesday in April annually, and at Montrose on the second Tuesday in September annually; and such cases shall be heard in said courts as the law or the rules of said court may now or hereafter provide.

United States courts,
Colorado judicial
district.
Terms.
Vol. 24, p. 214.

SEC. 2. That the term of said courts heretofore provided to be held at Del Norte, Colorado, on the first Tuesday in August annually is hereby discontinued, and all business now pending in said courts, including all records, files, books, or other property of the United States pertaining to said court, shall be transferred to Montrose, Colorado, and all cases pending at Del Norte, Colorado, shall be tried at Montrose, Colorado, the same as if originally begun at the latter place, and all requirements for return of process or persons to said court at Del Norte shall hereafter be made or complied with at said term at Montrose, Colorado.

Term at Del Norte
discontinued.
Cases, etc., trans-
ferred to Montrose.

SEC. 3. That all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved, February 16, 1903.

CHAP. 560.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River between the city of Chamberlain, in Brule County, and Lyman County, in the State of South Dakota.

February 18, 1903.
[Public, No. 91.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Missouri River Bridge Company, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of South Dakota, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct and maintain a bridge and approaches thereto across the Missouri River between the city of Chamberlain, in Brule County, in the State of South Dakota, and Lyman County, in the State of South Dakota. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of wagons and vehicles of all kinds, animals, and foot passengers for such reasonable rates of toll and under such reasonable rules and regulations as may be prescribed by said corporation and approved by the Secretary of War.

Missouri River, S.
Dak.
Missouri Bridge
Company may bridge,
at Chamberlain.

SEC. 2. That any bridge built under this Act and subject to its limitations shall be a lawful structure and shall be recognized and known as a post route upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, the troops, and the munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over the railroad or public highway leading to said bridge. The United States shall also have the right to construct, without charge therefor, telegraph and telephone lines across and upon said

Wagon and foot
bridge.
Toll.

Lawful structure
and post route.

Telegraph, etc.,
rights.

bridge, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies.

Pontoon bridge.

SEC. 3. That said bridge shall be constructed as a pontoon bridge, and shall contain a drawspan giving a clear opening of not less than three hundred feet in length, which drawspan shall be maintained over the main channel of the river at an accessible and navigable point, and said bridge other than the drawspan shall be at right angles to the current of the river at high water: *Provided*, That the said draw shall be opened promptly by said company upon the reasonable signal for the passage of boats and rafts, and said company or corporation shall maintain at its own expense from sunset to sunrise such lights or other signals on said bridge as the Light-House Board shall prescribe. No bridge shall be erected or maintained under the authority of this Act which shall at any time unreasonably obstruct the free navigation of said river; and if any bridge erected under such authority shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, unreasonably obstruct such navigation, he is hereby authorized to cause the entire removal thereof or such change or alteration of such bridge to be made as will effectually obviate such obstruction, and all such alterations shall be made and all such obstructions shall be removed at the expense of the owner or owners of said bridge; and in case of any litigation arising from any obstruction or alleged obstruction to the free navigation of said river, caused or alleged to be caused by said bridge, the case may be brought in the district court of the United States of the State of South Dakota in whose jurisdiction any portion of said obstruction or bridge may be located: *Provided further*, That nothing in this act shall be so construed as to repeal or modify any of the provisions of the law now existing in reference to the protection of the navigation of rivers or to exempt this bridge from the operations of the same.

Provisos.
Opening draw.

Lights, etc.

Unobstructed navigation.

Changes.

Litigation.

Existing laws not affected.

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

Time of construction.

Amendment.

SEC. 4. That no bridge shall be commenced or built under this Act until the location thereof and the plans for its construction, with such maps as shall be necessary for a full understanding of the regimen of the river for a distance of one mile above and one-half mile below the proposed site of said bridge, shall have been submitted to and approved by the Secretary of War, and any subsequent change in the plans, construction, or location of said bridge shall be subject to like approval.

SEC. 5. That this Act shall be null and void unless the bridge herein authorized be commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date hereof.

SEC. 6. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 92.]

CHAP. 561.—An Act Authorizing the Memphis, Helena and Louisiana Railway Company to construct and maintain a bridge across Saint Francis River, in the State of Arkansas.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Memphis, Helena and Louisiana Railway Company, a corporation created and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Arkansas, be, and it is hereby, authorized to construct and maintain a bridge across the Saint Francis River, in the State of Arkansas, at such point in section twenty-five, township three north, range four east, in Lee County, in said State, suitable to the interests of navigation, as may hereafter be selected by said railway company for crossing said river with its railway line. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of railway trains, and, at the option of said railway company, may be used for the passage of wagons and vehicles of all kinds, for the

Saint Francis River,
Ark.
Memphis, Helena
and Louisiana Rail-
way Company may
bridge.

Location.

Railway, wagon,
and foot bridge.

transit of animals, and for foot passengers, for such reasonable rates of toll as may be fixed by said railway company and approved by the Secretary of War.

SEC. 2. That said bridge built under this Act and subject to its limitations shall be a lawful structure and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, the troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over the railroad or public highways leading to the said bridge, and shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post roads in the United States; and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies, and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal-telegraph purposes: *Provided*, That the bridge herein authorized to be constructed shall be so kept and managed by the company owning or operating it as to afford proper ways and means for the passage through or under it of vessels, barges, or rafts at all times, both by day and by night; and there shall be displayed on said bridge, from sunset to sunrise, such lights and signals as the Light-House Board shall prescribe.

SEC. 3. That if said bridge, erected and maintained under the authority of this Act, shall at any time substantially or materially obstruct the free navigation of said river, or shall, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, obstruct such navigation, he is hereby authorized to cause such change or alteration of said bridge to be made as will effectually obviate such obstruction, and such alteration shall be made and all such obstructions be removed at the expense of the owner or owners of said bridge; and in case of any litigation arising from any obstruction or alleged obstruction to the free navigation of said river the case may be brought in the district court of the United States in the State of Arkansas for the district in which any portion of said obstruction or bridge may be located: *Provided*, That nothing in this Act shall be so construed as to repeal or modify any of the provisions of law now existing in reference to the protection of the navigation of rivers, or to exempt said bridge from the operation of the same.

SEC. 4. That all railroad companies desiring the use of the bridge constructed under this Act shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railway trains or cars over the same and over the approaches thereto upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the parties interested shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid and upon the rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge, all matters of issue between them shall, upon the application of either party, be determined by the district court of the United States in and for any district in which any portion of said bridge may be.

SEC. 5. That the bridge authorized to be constructed under this Act shall be built and located under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation of said river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, and to secure that object the said company or corporation shall submit to the Secretary of War for his examination and approval a design and drawings of said bridge and a map of the location giving for the space of one mile above and one mile below the proposed location of the bridge the topography of the banks of the river, with shore lines at high and low water, and shall furnish such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject, and until the said plans and location of the bridge are approved by the Secretary of War the bridge shall not be built; and should any change be made in the plans of the said bridge during the process of construction or after completion, such change shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War, and said structure shall

Toll.

Lawful structure and post route.

Telegraph, etc., rights.

Proviso. Unobstructed navigation.

Lights, etc.

Changes.

Litigation.

Proviso. Existing laws not affected.

Use by other companies. Compensation.

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

be changed at the cost and expense of the owners thereof from time to time, as the Secretary of War may direct, so as to preserve the free and convenient navigation of said river.

SEC. 6. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date hereof.

SEC. 7. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 93.]

CHAP. 562.—An Act To authorize the board of commissioners for the Connecticut bridge and highway district to construct a bridge across the Connecticut River at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the board of commissioners for the Connecticut bridge and highway district, a body politic and corporate, created by the laws of the State of Connecticut, be, and hereby is, authorized to construct and maintain a drawbridge across the Connecticut River at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, between the city of Hartford and the town of East Hartford.

SEC. 2. That said bridge shall be built and located under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation as the Secretary of War may prescribe; and to secure that object the said board of commissioners shall submit for his examination and approval designs and drawings of the bridge, and maps of the location, giving, for the space of one-half mile above and one-half mile below the proposed location, the topography of the banks of the river, the shore lines at high and low water, the direction and strength of the currents, and the soundings, accurately showing the bed of the river, and shall furnish such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject; and until the said plans and locations are approved by him the bridge shall not be commenced or built; and should any change be made in said bridge before or after completion, such change shall be likewise subjected to the approval of the Secretary of War.

SEC. 3. That said bridge shall be kept and managed so as to offer reasonable and proper means for the passage of vessels through or under the same, and for the safety of vessels passing at night there shall be displayed on said bridge from sunset to sunrise such lights or other signals as the Light-House Board shall prescribe. And any changes in said bridge which the Secretary of War may at any time deem necessary to be made and shall order in the interest of navigation shall be made by said board of commissioners at their own expense.

SEC. 4. That the bridge constructed, maintained, and operated under this Act and according to its limitations shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for transportation of said mails, troops, and munitions of war over public highways leading to said bridge; and the United States shall have the right of way for telegraph, postal, and telephone purposes over said bridge, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies.

SEC. 5. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the said bridge be not commenced in two years and completed in six years from the date hereof.

Time of construction.

Amendment.

Connecticut River.
Bridge at Hartford,
Conn., authorized.
Drawbridge.

Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

Unobstructed navigation.

Lights, etc.

Changes.

Lawful structure
and post route.

Telegraph, etc.,
rights.

Time of construction.

SEC. 6. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

CHAP. 563.—An Act To authorize the Pittsburgh, Carnegie and Western Railroad Company to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Allegheny River.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 94.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Pittsburgh, Carnegie and Western Railroad Company, a corporation existing under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, its successors and assigns, be, and the same are hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a railroad bridge across the Allegheny River from a point about seventy-five feet east of the southeast corner of Fourth street and Duquesne way, in the city of Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, to a point on the opposite bank of said river, at right angles with the current thereof, in the county of Allegheny in said State, the exact location, length of span, and height of said bridge to be determined and approved by the Secretary of War and Chief of Engineers. The said bridge, when built in accordance with the provisions and requirements of this Act, shall be a legal and lawful structure, and may be used as a highway for railway purposes.

Allegheny River, Pa. Pittsburgh, Carnegie and Western Railroad Company may bridge, at Pittsburgh.

SEC. 2. That the bridge authorized to be constructed under this Act shall be located and built under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation of said river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the said company shall submit to the said Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawing of the bridge and piers, and a map of the location, giving for the space of one mile above and one mile below the proposed location the topography of the banks of the river and the shore lines at high and low water, and giving for the space of one-half mile above and one-half mile below the proposed location an accurate representation of the bottom of the river, determined by actual soundings, and the location of any other bridge or bridges, and such other information as may be required for the full and satisfactory understanding of the subject by the Secretary of War; and the construction of said bridge shall not be commenced until said location and plans have been submitted to and approved by the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War; and said plans, after having been approved by the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War, shall not be deviated from either before or after completion of the structure unless the modification of said plans be previously submitted to and receive the approval of the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War; and the said company shall, at its own expense, make from time to time such changes in said bridge as the Secretary of War may order in the interests of navigation.

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

Changes.

SEC. 3. That any bridge constructed under this Act shall be a lawful structure and shall be known as a post-road, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, the troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over railroads or public highways leading to said bridge; and said bridge shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post-roads in the United States, and the United States shall also have the right to construct a postal telegraph over said bridge without charge therefor.

Lawful structure and post route.

SEC. 4. That said bridge herein authorized to be constructed shall be so kept and maintained as at all times to afford proper means and ways for the passage of vessels, barges, or rafts, both by day and by night; and there shall be displayed on said bridge by the owners

Unobstructed navigation.

thereof from sunset to sunrise such lights or other signals as the Light-House Board may prescribe.

Toll. SEC. 5. That said bridge may be constructed to provide for the passage of railway trains and street cars for such reasonable rates of toll as may be approved from time to time by the Secretary of War.

Use by other roads. SEC. 6. That all railway companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of cars over the same and the approaches thereto upon the payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and several companies, or any one of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid and upon the rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies.

Telegraph, etc., rights.

Time of construction.

SEC. 7. That the privileges hereby conferred and this Act shall become null and void if the construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within two years and completed within four years after the passage of this Act.

Amendment.

SEC. 8. That Congress hereby reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 95.]

CHAP. 564.—An Act Authorizing the Secretary of War to cause to be erected monuments and markers on the battlefield of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, to commemorate the valorous deeds of certain regiments and batteries of the United States Army.

Gettysburg National Park.
Erection of monuments to Regular Army regiments, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Gettysburg National Park Commission be, and hereby are, authorized and directed, under the supervision of the Secretary of War, to erect such monuments and markers of granite and bronze upon the battlefield of Gettysburg, in the State of Pennsylvania, as will fittingly designate the positions, indicate the movements, and commemorate the valorous services of the following batteries and regiments of United States Regulars upon the battlefield: Batteries E, G, H, I, and K, First United States Artillery; A, B, D, G, L, and M, Second United States Artillery; C, F, and K, Third United States Artillery; A, B, C, F, G, and K, Fourth United States Artillery; C, D, F, I, and K, Fifth United States Artillery; Second, Third, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, Fourteenth, and Seventeenth Regiments of United States Infantry; First, Second, Fifth, and Sixth Regiments of Cavalry; and United States Engineers Detachment.

Appointment of consulting committees.

The Secretary of War shall, so far as practicable, procure the appointment of committees of the survivors of these regiments and batteries, with whom the said Commission shall consult, and, with the approval of the Secretary of War, determine the designs and positions of said monuments and markers and the inscriptions they shall bear, and for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this Act, sixty-one thousand five hundred dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, and the disbursements under this Act shall be made on the approval of the Secretary of War.

Appropriation.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

CHAP. 565.—An Act To extend the time granted to the Muscle Shoals Power Company by an Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, within which to commence and complete the work authorized in the said Act to be done by said company, and for other purposes.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 96.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time allowed the Muscle Shoals Power Company by section two of an Act entitled "An Act granting to the Muscle Shoals Power Company right to erect and construct canal and power stations at Muscle Shoals, Alabama," approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, to commence and complete the work therein authorized to be done be extended so that unless the work authorized in said Act to be done be commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of this Act the privileges granted to said company by said first-mentioned Act shall cease and be determined; and the Secretary of War is authorized, in his discretion, to permit the said company to erect and construct dams which may abut on lands of the United States along the line of the Muscle Shoals Canal upon such terms and conditions as may be deemed just and equitable to the public interests.

Muscle Shoals, Ala. Time extended for construction of canal, etc., by Muscle Shoals Power Company. Vol. 30, p. 1351.

Construction of dams.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

CHAP. 566.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across Bogue Chitto, in the State of Louisiana.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 97.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That authority is hereby granted, and consent is hereby given, for the building of a wagon and foot bridge across Bogue Chitto River, in the parish of Saint Tammany, State of Louisiana, by the police jury of said parish: *Provided,* That the plans and location for such bridge shall first be approved by the Secretary of War.

Bogue Chitto, La. Saint Tammany Parish may bridge.

Provido. Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

SEC. 2. That said bridge shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, and shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post roads in the United States; and no charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, troops, and munitions of war of the United States. Equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies, and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal-telegraph purposes, and any changes in said bridge which the Secretary of War may hereafter require and order, in the interest of navigation, shall be promptly made by the said police jury without expense to the United States.

Lawful structure and post route.

Telegraph, etc., rights.

Changes.

SEC. 3. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval hereof.

Time of construction.

SEC. 4. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

CHAP. 567.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Monongahela River, in the State of Pennsylvania, by the Eastern Railroad Company.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 98.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Eastern Railroad Company, a corporation created and organized under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, its successors and assigns, be, and it is hereby,

Monongahela River, Pa. Eastern Railroad may bridge.

Location.	authorized to construct and maintain a bridge and approaches thereto over the Monongahela River, in the State of Pennsylvania, from a point on the north shore between Hazlewood avenue and the Glenwood highway bridge to a point on the south shore in the township of Baldwin or the township of Lower Saint Clair, in the county of Allegheny and State of Pennsylvania: <i>Provided</i> , That such location is suitable to the interests of navigation.
<i>Proviso.</i> Unobstructed navigation. Lawful structure and post route.	SEC. 2. That said bridge shall be constructed for the passage of railway trains, and shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, the troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over the railroads leading to the said bridge, and shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post-roads in the United States, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies, and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal telegraph and telephone purposes: <i>Provided</i> , That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges in the passage of railroad trains over the same and the approaches thereto, upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies or any one of them desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid and upon the rules and conditions to which each shall conform in the use of said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties.
Telegraph, etc., rights.	
<i>Proviso.</i> Use by other roads.	
Compensation.	
Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.	SEC. 3. That said bridge shall be built and located under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation of such river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the company building the said bridge shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawing of the bridge and a map of the location thereof, and until the said plan and location are approved by the Secretary of War the said bridge shall not be commenced or built, and no changes shall be made in said bridge during the progress of construction, or after completion, unless approved by the Secretary of War; and the said company shall, at its own expense, make from time to time such changes in said bridge as the Secretary of War may order in the interests of navigation; and the said company, its successors and assigns, shall cause to be displayed on said bridge between the hours of sunset and sunrise, and at other times, such lights and other signals as may be prescribed by the Light-House Board.
Changes.	
Lights, etc.	
Time of construction.	SEC. 4. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within one year and completed within two years from the date of the approval of this Act.
Amendment.	SEC. 5. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 99.]

CHAP. 568.—An Act Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to issue patent to the Rochford Cemetery Association to certain lands for cemetery purposes.

Rochford Cemetery,
Rochford, S. Dak.
Lands granted to.

Description.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a patent to the Rochford Cemetery Association, of the town of Rochford, South Dakota, for cemetery purposes, to the following-described land, to wit: The south half of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section twenty-two, and the north half of the northeast quarter of the

northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township two north, range three east, Black Hills meridian, embracing in all forty acres of land, in Pennington County, South Dakota, said patent to contain the provision that said land shall be used for cemetery purposes only: *Provided*, That the said association pay one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre therefor.

Proviso.
Price per acre.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

CHAP. 569.—An Act Permitting the town of Montrose, Colorado, to enter one hundred and sixty acres of land for reservoir and water purposes.

February 18, 1903.

[Public, No. 100.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the town of Montrose, in the State of Colorado, is hereby authorized to enter and receive patent for the lands hereinafter described, by and in the name of the mayor of said town, and in trust for it, for reservoir and water purposes, upon its paying one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre therefor, namely: Beginning at a point one and three-fourths miles north and three miles west of the quarter section corner on the west line of section eighteen, township forty-eight north, range six west, of the New Mexico principal meridian; thence north two thousand six hundred and forty feet; thence west two thousand six hundred and forty feet; thence south two thousand six hundred and forty feet; thence east two thousand six hundred and forty feet to the place of beginning, and containing one hundred and sixty acres of unsurveyed, nonmineral, mountain land, which should, if the Government survey was extended to said locality, constitute the south half of the northeast quarter and the north half of the southeast quarter of section four, township forty-eight north, range seven west, New Mexico principal meridian, in Montrose County, State of Colorado: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to impair any existing valid adverse rights to any portion of said land.

Montrose, Colo.
Granted land for
reservoir, etc., pur-
poses.

Price per acre.
Description.

Proviso.
Adverse rights not
affected.

Approved, February 18, 1903.

CHAP. 706.—An Act To provide for holding terms of court in the district of Utah.

February 19, 1903.

[Public, No. 101.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Utah constitutes one judicial district, which is known as the district of Utah. Terms of the district court shall be held in Salt Lake City on the second Monday in April and November and at Ogden City on the second Monday in March and September of each year: *Provided*, That other terms of said court may be held at said Salt Lake City and Ogden City and at other places in said district when deemed necessary by the judge.

United States courts,
Utah judicial dis-
trict.
Vol. 28, p. 110.
Terms of district
court.
Salt Lake City.
Ogden City.
Proviso.
Other terms.

Approved, February 19, 1903.

CHAP. 707.—An Act Providing for record of deeds and other conveyances and instruments of writing in Indian Territory, and for other purposes.

February 19, 1903.

[Public, No. 102.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That chapter twenty-seven of the Digest of the Statutes of Arkansas, known as Mansfield's Digest of eighteen hundred and eighty-four, is hereby extended to the Indian Territory, so far as the same may be applicable and not inconsistent

Indian Territory.
Recording of deeds,
etc., in.
Laws of Arkansas
extended to.

Proviso.
Clerks, etc., to be
ex officio recorders.

with any law of Congress: *Provided*, That the clerk or deputy clerk of the United States court of each of the courts of said Territory shall be ex officio recorder for his district and perform the duties required of recorder in the chapter aforesaid, and use the seal of such court in cases requiring a seal, and keep the records of such office at the office of said clerk or deputy clerk.

Duties of clerks.

It shall be the duty of each clerk or deputy clerk of such court to record in the books provided for his office all deeds, mortgages, deeds of trust, bonds, leases, covenants, defeasances, bills of sale, and other instruments of writing of or concerning lands, tenements, goods, or chattels; and where such instruments are for a period of time limited on the face of the instrument they shall be filed and indexed, if desired by the holder thereof, and such filing for the period of twelve months from the filing thereof shall have the same effect in law as if recorded at length. The fees for filing, indexing, and cross indexing such instruments shall be twenty-five cents, and for recording shall be as set forth in section thirty-two hundred and forty-three of Mansfield's Digest of eighteen hundred and eighty-four.

Fees for filing, etc.

Compensation in
fees.

That the said clerk or deputy clerk of such court shall receive as compensation as such ex officio recorder for his district all fees received by him for recording instruments provided for in this Act, amounting to one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum or less; and all fees so received by him as aforesaid amounting to more than the sum of one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum shall be accounted to the Department of Justice, to be applied to the permanent school fund of the district in which said court is located.

Limit.
Disposition of sur-
plus fees.

Prior records trans-
ferred without cost.

Such instruments heretofore recorded with the clerk of any United States court in Indian Territory shall not be required to be again recorded under this provision, but shall be transferred to the indexes without further cost, and such records heretofore made shall be of full force and effect, the same as if made under this statute.

Word substitutions.

That wherever in said chapter the word "county" occurs there shall be substituted therefor the word "district," and wherever the words "State" or "State of Arkansas" occur there shall be substituted therefor the words "Indian Territory," and wherever the words "clerk" or "recorder" occur there shall be substituted the words "clerk or deputy clerk of the United States court."

Acknowledgment
of deeds, etc.

All acknowledgments of deeds of conveyance taken within the Indian Territory shall be taken before a clerk or deputy clerk of any of the courts in said Territory, a United States commissioner, or a notary public appointed in and for said Territory.

Places of recording.

All instruments of writing the filing of which is provided for by law shall be recorded or filed in the office of the clerk or deputy clerk at the place of holding court in the recording district where said property may be located, and which said recording districts are bounded as follows:

District No. 1.
Miami.

District numbered one shall comprise all of the reservations heretofore existing under the Quapaw Agency, and the place of record shall be at Miami, as provided in the Indian appropriation Act for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three.

District No. 2.
Vinita.

District numbered two shall begin at a point where the northern boundary line of the Indian Territory intersects with the western boundary line of the Quapaw Agency, thence in a southerly and easterly direction, following the western and southern boundaries of the Quapaw Agency to the west line of the State of Missouri; thence south along said boundary line to the dividing line between townships twenty-three and twenty-four north; thence west along said line to the dividing line between ranges seventeen and eighteen east; thence north along said dividing line to the northern boundary line of the Indian Terri-

tory; thence east along said boundary line to place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered two shall be Vinita.

District numbered three. Beginning at a point where the range line between ranges seventeen and eighteen east crosses the northern boundary line of the Indian Territory, thence south on said range line to the township line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five north; thence west on said township line to the western boundary line of the Indian Territory; thence north along said western boundary line to the northern boundary line of the Indian Territory; thence east to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered three shall be Nowata.

District No. 3.
Nowata.

District numbered four. Beginning at a point on the western boundary line of the Indian Territory where same is crossed by the township line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five north; thence south along said western boundary line to the township line between townships nineteen and twenty north; thence east on said township line to the range line between ranges seventeen and eighteen east; thence north on said range line to the township line between townships twenty-four and twenty-five north; thence west to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered four shall be Claremore.

District No. 4.
Claremore.

District numbered five. Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary line of the Indian Territory where same is crossed by the township line between townships twenty-three and twenty-four north; thence south along said eastern boundary line to the township line between townships nineteen and twenty north; thence west on said township line to the range line between ranges seventeen and eighteen east; thence north on said range line to the township line between townships twenty-three and twenty-four north; thence east on said township line to place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered five shall be Pryor Creek.

District No. 5.
Pryor Creek.

District numbered six. Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary line of the Indian Territory where same is crossed by the township line between townships nineteen and twenty north; thence south on said eastern boundary line to the township line between townships fourteen and fifteen north; thence west on said township line to the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east; thence north on said meridian line to the township line between townships nineteen and twenty north; thence east on said township line to place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered six shall be Tahlequah.

District No. 6.
Tahlequah.

District numbered seven. Beginning at a point where the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east crosses the township line between townships nineteen and twenty north; thence west on said township line to the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east; thence south along said range line to the township line between townships fifteen and sixteen north; thence east along said township line to the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east; thence north along said meridian line to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered seven shall be Wagoner.

District No. 7.
Wagoner.

District numbered eight. Beginning at a point on the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east where same is crossed by the township line between townships nineteen and twenty north; thence west on said township line to the western boundary line of the Indian Territory; thence south along said western boundary line to the township line between townships fifteen and sixteen north; thence east on said township line to the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east; thence north along said range line to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered eight shall be Sapulpa.

District No. 8.
Sapulpa.

District numbered nine. Beginning at a point on the western boundary line of the Indian Territory where the same is crossed by the town-

District No. 9.
Okmulgee.

ship line between townships fifteen and sixteen north; thence south along said western boundary line to the northern boundary line of the Seminole Nation; thence eastwardly along said boundary line of the said Seminole Nation to the northeast corner of the Seminole Nation; thence south along said eastern boundary line of said Seminole Nation to the township line between townships ten and eleven north; thence east along said township line to the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east; thence north along said range line to the township line between townships fifteen and sixteen north; thence west along said township line to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered nine shall be Okmulgee.

District No. 10.
Muscogee.

District numbered ten. Beginning at a point where the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east intersects the township line between townships fifteen and sixteen north; thence south on the said range line to the township line between townships eleven and twelve north; thence east along said township line to the Arkansas River; thence up said Arkansas River to the intersection of said river with the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east; thence north along said meridian line to the township line between townships fifteen and sixteen north; thence west to the point of beginning. The place of record for district numbered ten shall be Muscogee.

District No. 11.
Sallisaw.

District numbered eleven. Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary line of the Indian Territory where same is crossed by the township line between townships fourteen and fifteen north; thence south along said eastern boundary line to the Arkansas River; thence up said Arkansas River to its intersection with the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east; thence north along said meridian line to the township line between townships fourteen and fifteen north; thence east to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered eleven shall be Sallisaw.

District No. 12.
Eufala.

District numbered twelve. Beginning at a point where the township line between townships eleven and twelve north intersects with the Arkansas River; thence down said Arkansas River to the mouth of the Canadian River; thence up said Canadian River to its intersection with the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east; thence south on said line to its intersection with the township line between townships seven and eight north; thence west along said township line to the range line between ranges eleven and twelve east; thence north on said range line to the township line between townships ten and eleven north; thence east on said township line to the range line between ranges thirteen and fourteen east; thence north on said range line to the township line between townships eleven and twelve north; thence east on the said township line to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered twelve shall be Eufala.

District No. 13.
Wewoka.

District numbered thirteen. Beginning at a point where the range line between ranges eleven and twelve east intersects the township line between townships ten and eleven north; thence south to the township line between townships seven and eight north; thence east on said township line to the Canadian River; thence up said Canadian River, following the meanderings thereof, to the western boundary line of the Seminole Nation; thence north along said western boundary line to the northern boundary line of the said Seminole Nation; thence eastwardly along said northern boundary line to the northeast corner of said nation; thence south along the eastern boundary line of the said nation to the township line between townships ten and eleven north; thence east along said township line to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered thirteen shall be Wewoka.

District No. 14.
Poteau.

District numbered fourteen. Beginning at a point on the eastern boundary line of the Indian Territory where same is crossed by the

Arkansas River; thence south along said eastern boundary line of the Indian Territory to the base line; thence west along said base line to the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east; thence north on said meridian line to the Canadian River; thence down said Canadian River to its confluence with the Arkansas River; thence down said Arkansas River to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered fourteen shall be Poteau.

District numbered fifteen. Beginning at a point where the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east crosses the township line between townships seven and eight north; thence south on said meridian line to the township line between townships two and three north; thence west on said township line to the range line between ranges eighteen and nineteen east; thence south along said range line to the line between townships one and two north; thence west along said township line to the western boundary line of the Choctaw Nation; thence north on said boundary line to the South Canadian River; thence down said river to the point where the dividing line between townships seven and eight north intersects said river; thence east along said township line to the point of beginning. The place of record for district numbered fifteen shall be South McAlester.

District No. 15.
South McAlester.

District numbered sixteen. Beginning at a point where the South Canadian River intersects with the western boundary line of the Choctaw Nation; thence south on said boundary line to the township line between townships one and two south; thence west on said township line to the range line between ranges three and four east; thence north along said range line to its intersection with the South Canadian River; thence down said South Canadian River, following the meanderings thereof, to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered sixteen shall be Ada.

District No. 16.
Ada.

District numbered seventeen. Beginning at a point where the township line between townships four and five north intersects the range line between ranges three and four east; thence south along said range line to the base line; thence west on said base line to the meridian line between ranges four and five west; thence north on said meridian line to the township line between townships four and five north; thence east on said township line to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered seventeen shall be Pauls Valley.

District No. 17.
Pauls Valley.

District numbered eighteen. Beginning at a point at the South Canadian River where the same intersects the range line between ranges three and four east; thence south on said range line to the township line between townships four and five north; thence west on said township line to the meridian line between ranges four and five west; thence north on said meridian line to the South Canadian River; thence down said South Canadian River, following the meanderings thereof, to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered eighteen shall be Purcell.

District No. 18.
Purcell.

District numbered nineteen. Beginning at a point on the South Canadian River where the same intersects the meridian line between ranges four and five west; thence south along said meridian line to the base line; thence west on said base line to the western boundary line of the Indian Territory; thence north along said western boundary line to the Canadian River; thence down said Canadian River, following the meanderings thereof, to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered nineteen shall be Chickasha.

District No. 19.
Chickasha.

District numbered twenty. Beginning at a point on the western boundary line of the Indian Territory where same intersects the base line; thence south along said western boundary line to the Red River; thence down said Red River to its intersection with the range line between ranges two and three west; thence north along said range line to the base line; thence west on said base line to the place of

District No. 20.
Ryan.

beginning. The place of record for district numbered twenty shall be Ryan.

District No. 21.
Ardmore.

District numbered twenty-one. Beginning at a point where the range line between ranges two and three west intersects the base line; thence south on said range line to the Red River; thence east down said Red River, following the meanderings thereof, to the range line between ranges three and four east; thence north on said range line to the base line; thence west on said base line to the place of beginning. The place of record for district numbered twenty-one shall be Ardmore.

District No. 22.
Tishomingo.

District numbered twenty-two. Beginning at a point where the range line between ranges three and four east intersects the township line between townships one and two south; thence south along said line to the Red River; thence down Red River, following the meanderings thereof, to the mouth of the Washita River; thence up the Washita River, following the meanderings thereof, to the mouth of Butcherpen Creek; thence north up said Butcherpen Creek to the township line between townships four and five south in range seven east; thence east along said township line to the boundary line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations in range eight east; thence north along said line to the township line between townships one and two south; thence west along said line to the point of beginning. The place of record for district numbered twenty-two shall be Tishomingo.

District No. 23.
Atoka.

District numbered twenty-three. Beginning at a point where the township line between townships one and two north intersects with the range line between ranges fifteen and sixteen east; thence south on that line to its intersection with the line between townships two and three south; thence west to intersection of the last-named line with the range line between ranges fourteen and fifteen east; thence south to the township line between townships three and four south; thence west to the western boundary line of the Choctaw Nation; thence north on said boundary line to intersection with the line between townships one and two north; thence east to point of beginning. The place of record for district numbered twenty-three shall be Atoka.

District No. 24.
Antlers.

District numbered twenty-four. Beginning at a point where range line between ranges fifteen and sixteen east intersects the township line between townships one and two north; thence south along said line to its intersection with township line between townships two and three south; thence west along said line to range line between ranges fourteen and fifteen east; thence south on said line to the Red River; thence down Red River, following the meanderings thereof, to the eastern boundary of the Indian Territory; thence north along said eastern boundary line of the Indian Territory to intersection with the base line; thence west along said line to the meridian line between ranges twenty and twenty-one east; thence north to township line between townships two and three north; thence west along said line to range line between ranges eighteen and nineteen east; thence south on said line to township line between townships one and two north; thence west on said line to point of beginning. The place of record for district numbered twenty-four shall be Antlers.

District No. 25.
Durant.

District numbered twenty-five. Beginning at a point on the western boundary line of the Choctaw Nation where it intersects the township line between townships three and four south; thence east along said line to range line between ranges fourteen and fifteen east; thence south on said line to the Red River; thence up said Red River, following the meanderings thereof, to the mouth of the Washita River; thence up said Washita River to the mouth of Butcherpen Creek; thence north up said Butcherpen Creek to the township line between townships four and five south, in range seven east; thence east along said

township line to the boundary line between the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations; thence north on said boundary line to the point of beginning. The place of record for district numbered twenty-five shall be Durant.

Approved, February 19, 1903.

CHAP. 708.—An Act To further regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the States.

February 19, 1903.

[Public, No. 103.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That anything done or omitted to be done by a corporation common carrier, subject to the Act to regulate commerce and the Acts amendatory thereof which, if done or omitted to be done by any director or officer thereof, or any receiver, trustee, lessee, agent, or person acting for or employed by such corporation, would constitute a misdemeanor under said Acts or under this Act shall also be held to be a misdemeanor committed by such corporation, and upon conviction thereof it shall be subject to like penalties as are prescribed in said Acts or by this Act with reference to such persons except as such penalties are herein changed. The willful failure upon the part of any carrier subject to said Acts to file and publish the tariffs or rates and charges as required by said Acts or strictly to observe such tariffs until changed according to law, shall be a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof the corporation offending shall be subject to a fine not less than one thousand dollars nor more than twenty thousand dollars for each offense; and it shall be unlawful for any person, persons, or corporation to offer, grant, or give or to solicit, accept, or receive any rebate, concession, or discrimination in respect of the transportation of any property in interstate or foreign commerce by any common carrier subject to said Act to regulate commerce and the Acts amendatory thereto whereby any such property shall by any device whatever be transported at a less rate than that named in the tariffs published and filed by such carrier, as is required by said Act to regulate commerce and the Acts amendatory thereto, or whereby any other advantage is given or discrimination is practiced. Every person or corporation who shall offer, grant, or give or solicit, accept, or receive any such rebates, concession, or discrimination shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than twenty thousand dollars. In all convictions occurring after the passage of this Act for offenses under said Acts to regulate commerce, whether committed before or after the passage of this Act, or for offenses under this section, no penalty shall be imposed on the convicted party other than the fine prescribed by law, imprisonment wherever now prescribed as part of the penalty being hereby abolished. Every violation of this section shall be prosecuted in any court of the United States having jurisdiction of crimes within the district in which such violation was committed or through which the transportation may have been conducted; and whenever the offense is begun in one jurisdiction and completed in another it may be dealt with, inquired of, tried, determined, and punished in either jurisdiction in the same manner as if the offense had been actually and wholly committed therein.

Interstate-Commerce regulations.
Corporation common carriers liable for violating.
Vol. 24, p. 379.
Vol. 25, p. 855.
Vol. 26, p. 743.

Penalty for failing to file tariffs, etc.

Rebates, concessions, etc., prohibited.

Penalty.

Imprisonment penalties abolished.

Prosecutions.

Liability for acts of agents, etc.

In construing and enforcing the provisions of this section the act, omission, or failure of any officer, agent, or other person acting for or employed by any common carrier acting within the scope of his employment shall in every case be also deemed to be the act, omission,

Published rates to be adhered to.

or failure of such carrier as well as that of the person. Whenever any carrier files with the Interstate Commerce Commission or publishes a particular rate under the provisions of the Act to regulate commerce or Acts amendatory thereto, or participates in any rates so filed or published, that rate as against such carrier, its officers, or agents in any prosecution begun under this Act shall be conclusively deemed to be the legal rate, and any departure from such rate, or any offer to depart therefrom, shall be deemed to be an offense under this section of this Act.

Parties included in interstate commerce proceedings.

SEC. 2. That in any proceeding for the enforcement of the provisions of the statutes relating to interstate commerce, whether such proceedings be instituted before the Interstate Commerce Commission or be begun originally in any circuit court of the United States, it shall be lawful to include as parties, in addition to the carrier, all persons interested in or affected by the rate, regulation, or practice under consideration, and inquiries, investigations, orders, and decrees may be made with reference to and against such additional parties in the same manner, to the same extent, and subject to the same provisions as are or shall be authorized by law with respect to carriers.

Equity courts to enforce tariffs, prohibit discrimination, etc.

SEC. 3. That whenever the Interstate Commerce Commission shall have reasonable ground for belief that any common carrier is engaged in the carriage of passengers or freight traffic between given points at less than the published rates on file, or is committing any discriminations forbidden by law, a petition may be presented alleging such facts to the circuit court of the United States sitting in equity having jurisdiction; and when the act complained of is alleged to have been committed or as being committed in part in more than one judicial district or State, it may be dealt with, inquired of, tried, and determined in either such judicial district or State, whereupon it shall be the duty of the court summarily to inquire into the circumstances, upon such notice and in such manner as the court shall direct and without the formal pleadings and proceedings applicable to ordinary suits in equity, and to make such other persons or corporations parties thereto as the court may deem necessary, and upon being satisfied of the truth of the allegations of said petition said court shall enforce an observance of the published tariffs or direct and require a discontinuance of such discrimination by proper orders, writs, and process, which said orders, writs, and process may be enforceable as well against the parties interested in the traffic as against the carrier, subject to the right of appeal as now provided by law. It shall be the duty of the several district attorneys of the United States, whenever the Attorney-General shall direct, either of his own motion or upon the request of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to institute and prosecute such proceedings, and the proceedings provided for by this Act shall not preclude the bringing of suit for the recovery of damages by any party injured, or any other action provided by said Act approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, entitled An Act to regulate commerce and the Acts amendatory thereof. And in proceedings under this Act and the Acts to regulate commerce the said courts shall have the power to compel the attendance of witnesses, both upon the part of the carrier and the shipper, who shall be required to answer on all subjects relating directly or indirectly to the matter in controversy, and to compel the production of all books and papers, both of the carrier and the shipper, which relate directly or indirectly to such transaction; the claim that such testimony or evidence may tend to criminate the person giving such evidence shall not excuse such person from testifying or such corporation producing its books and papers, but no person shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing

District attorneys to bring suits, etc.

Recovery of damages.

Vol. 24, p. 382.

Compulsory attendance of witnesses, etc.
Vol. 25, p. 859.
Vol. 26, p. 743.

concerning which he may testify or produce evidence documentary or otherwise in such proceeding: *Provided*, That the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to expedite the hearing and determination of suits in equity pending or hereafter brought under the Act of July second, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled 'An Act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies,' 'An Act to regulate commerce,' approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, or any other Acts having a like purpose that may be hereafter enacted, approved February eleventh, nineteen hundred and three," shall apply to any case prosecuted under the direction of the Attorney-General in the name of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Proviso.
Precedence to be given cases.
Ante, p. 823.

Vol. 26, p. 209.

Vol. 24, p. 379.

SEC. 4. That all Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, but such repeal shall not affect causes now pending nor rights which have already accrued, but such causes shall be prosecuted to a conclusion and such rights enforced in a manner heretofore provided by law and as modified by the provisions of this Act.

Conflicting laws repealed.
Pending cases not affected.

SEC. 5. That this Act shall take effect from its passage.

Effect.

Approved, February 19, 1903.

CHAP. 709.—An Act Providing for the holding of terms of the circuit and district courts of the United States at Kansas City, Kansas, and for other purposes.

February 19, 1903.

[Public, No. 104.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That terms of the circuit court and of the district court of the United States for the first division of the judicial district of Kansas in addition to those now provided by law shall be hereafter held at the city of Kansas City, Kansas, on the second Monday of January and first Monday of October of each year, but a jury shall not attend said October term excepting upon the order of the court, and a grand jury shall not attend either of said terms except upon the order of the district court.

United States courts.
Kansas judicial district.

Terms, Kansas City.
R. S., sec. 572, 658,
pp. 99, 121.

Juries.

SEC. 2. That all Acts and parts of Acts so far as in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Repeal.

Approved, February 19, 1903.

CHAP. 710.—An Act For the relief of the clerks of circuit and district courts of the United States.

February 19, 1903.

[Public, No. 105.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounting officers of the Treasury are hereby authorized and directed to reopen and restate the emolument accounts of the clerks of the circuit and district courts of the United States for the years eighteen hundred and ninety-one to nineteen hundred, inclusive, where a balance against said clerks has been created contrary to the decision of the Comptroller of the Treasury dated July twenty-ninth, nineteen hundred and one, and the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States cited therein, and to settle the same in accordance with said decisions; and upon satisfactory proof, which shall be made under oath, of any balance due any of said clerks, to certify and pay such balance to them out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

United States courts.
Payment of balances due clerks of.

Proofs.

Approved, February 19, 1903.

February 21, 1903.

CHAP. 745.—An Act For the relief of William McCarty Little.

[Public, No. 106.]

William McCarty Little.
May be appointed captain on naval retired list.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized to appoint Lieutenant William McCarty Little, now on the retired list of the Navy, to be a captain on said retired list, with the rank and pay of that grade from the date of appointment under this Act.

Approved, February 21, 1903.

February 21, 1903.

CHAP. 746.—An Act Amending the Act of June nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, providing for the erection of a public building at Bridgeport, Connecticut.

[Public, No. 107.]

Public buildings.
Bridgeport, Conn.

Vol. 30, pp. 11, 112.

Vol. 25, p. 195.

Restriction re-
pealed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of permitting the construction, upon lands now belonging to the United States, of the extension to the post-office building at Bridgeport, Connecticut, authorized by the Act of Congress approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, so much of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act for the erecting of a public building at Bridgeport, Connecticut," approved June nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, as provides that "the site purchased shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire by an open space of at least forty feet, including streets and alleys," be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

Approved, February 21, 1903.

February 21, 1903.

CHAP. 747.—An Act To authorize Washington and Westmoreland counties in the State of Pennsylvania to construct and maintain a bridge across the Monongahela River, in the State of Pennsylvania.

[Public, No. 108.]

Monongahela River.
Washington and
Westmoreland coun-
ties, Pa., may bridge.

Location.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Washington County and Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania, be, and they are, jointly, authorized, pursuant to the laws of said State, to construct, maintain, and operate a county bridge across the Monongahela River between points in Carroll Township, Washington County, at or near the borough of Donora, as it would seem best, to a point in Rostraver Township, Westmoreland County, at or near the village of Webster. The said bridge, when built in accordance with the requirements of this Act, shall be a legal structure, and may be used for either or both railroad purposes or as a highway for the passage of persons, vehicles, and passenger cars.

Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

SEC. 2. That the bridge authorized to be constructed under this Act shall be located and built under and subject to such requirements for the security of navigation of said river as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the said Washington and Westmoreland counties shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawing for the bridge and a map of the location, giving for a space of one mile the depth and current of the river at all points, and the location of any other bridge or bridges, together with all other information touching said bridge and river as may be requisite for the Secretary of War to determine whether said bridge, when built, will conform to the provisions of this Act and cause no serious obstruction to the navigation of the river or injuriously affect the flow of water.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized and directed, upon receiving said plan and map, and upon being satisfied that a bridge built upon said plan and at said location will conform to the provisions of this Act and cause no serious obstruction to the navigation of the river or injuriously affect the flow of water, to notify the said Washington and Westmoreland counties that he approves the same, and upon receiving said notification the said counties may proceed to the erection of the said bridge, conforming strictly to the approved plan and location; and until the Secretary of War shall approve the plan and location of the said bridge and notify the said counties, in writing, a bridge shall not be built or commenced; and should any change be made in the plan of the bridge during the progress of the work thereon, or after completion, such change shall be subject likewise to the approval of the Secretary of War. And any changes in said bridge which the Secretary of War may at any time deem necessary, and order in the interests of navigation, shall be made by the owners thereof at their own expense.

Protection to navigation.

Changes.

SEC. 4. That said bridge, at the option of the said Washington and Westmoreland counties, may be so constructed that the same can be used for the passage of wagons and vehicles of all kinds, and passenger cars, and for the transit of animals and foot passengers over the same, and also, in addition to these purposes, may be used for railroad purposes; and the counties maintaining the same shall have the right to charge such reasonable rates for toll as bridge companies are authorized to collect under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania: *Provided*, That if said bridge shall be constructed for railroad purposes, all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railroad trains or cars over the same upon the payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies, or any one of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid, and upon the rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties.

Railroad, wagon, and foot bridge.

Proviso.
Use by other roads.

Compensation.

SEC. 5. That any bridge constructed under this Act shall be known as a post road, over which no higher charge shall be made for the transportation of mail, troops, and munitions of war, or other property of the United States, than the rate per mile charged for their transportation over the public highways leading to said bridge. The United States shall also have the right of way over said bridge for postal-telegraph purposes, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies.

Post road.

Telegraph, etc., rights.

SEC. 6. That the said bridge shall be so kept and managed at all times as not to interfere with the passage of vessels, barges, or rafts, both by day and by night; and there shall be displayed on said bridge by the owners thereof, from sunset to sunrise, such lights or other signals as the Light-House Board may prescribe.

Unobstructed navigation.

Lights, etc.

SEC. 7. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced in one year and completed within three years from the date hereof.

Time of construction.

SEC. 8. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, February 21, 1903.

February 21, 1903.

[Public, No. 109.]

CHAP. 748.—An Act Authorizing the commissioners' court of Escambia County, Alabama, to construct a bridge across Conecuh River at or near a point known as McGowans Ferry, in said county and State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the commissioners' court of Escambia County, in the State of Alabama, be, and are hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across Conecuh River, said bridge to be located at a point suitable to the interests of navigation at or near a point known as McGowans Ferry, in said county and State.

SEC. 2. That said bridge shall be built and located under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation as the Secretary of War may prescribe; and to secure that object the said commissioners' court of Escambia County shall submit for his examination designs and drawings of the bridge, and maps of the location, giving, for the space of one-half mile above and one-half mile below the proposed location, the topography of the banks of the river, the shore lines at high and low water, the direction and strength of the currents, and the soundings, accurately showing the bed of the river, and shall furnish such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject; and until the said plans and locations are approved by him the bridge shall not be commenced or built; and should any change be made in said bridge before or after completion, such change shall be likewise subject to the approval of the Secretary of War.

SEC. 3. That said bridge shall be kept and managed so as to offer reasonable and proper means for the passage of vessels through or under the same; and for the safety of vessels passing at night there shall be displayed on said bridge by the owners thereof, at their own expense, such lights or other signals as the Light-House Board may prescribe. And any changes in said bridge which the Secretary of War may at any time order in the interest of navigation shall be made by the owners thereof at their own expense.

SEC. 4. That the bridge constructed, maintained, and operated under this Act, and according to its limitations, shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, troops, and munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for transportation of said mails, troops, and munitions of war over public highways leading to said bridge; and the United States shall have the right of way for telegraph, postal, telephone, and other purposes over said bridge.

SEC. 5. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the said bridge be not commenced in one year and completed in three years from the date hereof.

SEC. 6. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 21, 1903.

Conecuh River, Ala.
Escambia County
may bridge, at Mc-
Gowans Ferry.

Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

Protection to navi-
gation.

Changes.

Lawful structure
and post route.

Telegraph, etc.,
rights.

Time of construc-
tion.

Amendment.

February 23, 1903.

[Public, No. 110.]

CHAP. 749.—An Act To establish United States courts at Wilkesboro, North Carolina.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That two terms of the circuit and district courts of the United States for the western district of North Carolina shall be held in each and every year in the town of Wilkesboro, North Carolina, beginning, respectively, on the second Monday in July and November, to continue till the business is disposed of.

United States courts.
North Carolina west-
ern judicial district.
R. S., secs. 572, 658,
pp. 100, 122.
Terms at Wilkes-
boro.

SEC. 2. That the clerk of the United States circuit and district courts at Statesville, North Carolina, shall be the clerk of the United States circuit and district courts at Wilkesboro, and he shall appoint a deputy clerk of said court, to reside at Wilkesboro, with the usual power of a deputy clerk in such cases, whose compensation shall be such proportion of the fees accruing from business done in said courts at Wilkesboro as shall be fixed by the judge of said district.

Clerk.

Deputy clerk.

Compensation.

Approved, February 23, 1903.

CHAP. 750.—An Act To establish a light-house and fog-signal station on Burrows Island, State of Washington.

February 24, 1903.

[Public, No. 111.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a light-house and fog-signal station be established at the southwest point of Burrows Island, Rosario Strait, State of Washington, under the direction of the Light-House Board, and that the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated therefor, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Burrows Island,
Wash.
Appropriation for
light-house, etc.

Approved, February 24, 1903.

CHAP. 751.—An Act For the erection of a keeper's dwelling at Grosse Isle, North Channel Range, Detroit River, Michigan.

February 24, 1903.

[Public, No. 112.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the erection of a keeper's dwelling at Grosse Isle, North Channel Range, Detroit River, Michigan.

Grosse Isle, Detroit,
River, Mich.
Appropriation for
keeper's dwelling at.

Approved, February 24, 1903.

CHAP. 752.—An Act To establish a light-house depot for the Second light-house district, Boston Harbor, Massachusetts.

February 24, 1903.

[Public, No. 113.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to locate and establish a light-house depot for the Second light-house district in Boston Harbor, Massachusetts, on land owned by the United States, at a cost not to exceed twenty-five thousand dollars.

Second light-house
district.
Light-house depot
established at Boston
Harbor, Mass.

SEC. 2. That that part of the Act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, approved June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, appropriating the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars for the establishment of a light-house depot at Castle Island, Boston Harbor, Massachusetts, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

Appropriation for
Castle Island re-
pealed.

Ante, p. 430.

Approved, February 24, 1903.

February 24, 1903.

[Public, No. 114.]

CHAP. 753.—An Act To permit the Secretary of State to cause the destruction of invoices of merchandise exported to the United States, which have been on file in the consular offices for more than five years.

Consulates.
Destruction of in-
voices authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State is authorized to cause, from time to time, the destruction of invoices that have been filed in the consular offices for a period of more than five years.

Approved, February 24, 1903.

February 25, 1903.

[Public, No. 115.]

CHAP. 755.—An Act Making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes.

Legislative, execu-
tive, and judicial ex-
penses appropriations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, in full compensation for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

Legislative.

LEGISLATIVE.

Senate.

SENATE.

Pay of Senators.

For compensation of Senators, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Mileage.

For mileage of Senators, forty-five thousand dollars.

Compensation, offi-
cers, etc.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others in the service of the Senate, namely:

Vice-President's of-
fice.

OFFICE OF THE VICE-PRESIDENT: For secretary to the Vice-President, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; for messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; telegraph operator, one thousand five hundred dollars; telegraph page, six hundred dollars; in all, five thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

Chaplain.

CHAPLAIN: For Chaplain of the Senate, nine hundred dollars.

Secretary of the Sen-
ate, clerks, etc.

OFFICE OF SECRETARY: For Secretary of the Senate, including compensation as disbursing officer of the contingent fund of the Senate, five thousand dollars, and for compensation as disbursing officer of salaries of Senators, three hundred and ninety-six dollars; hire of horse and wagon for the Secretary's office, seven hundred dollars; chief clerk, three thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; financial clerk, three thousand dollars, and seven hundred and fifty dollars additional while the office is held by the present incumbent; principal clerk, minute and journal clerk, and enrolling clerk, at two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars each; reading clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant financial clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; librarian, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars, and two hundred and eighty dollars additional while the office is held by the present incumbent; assistant librarian, one thousand eight hundred dollars; messenger, acting as assistant librarian, one thousand six hundred dollars; six clerks, at two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars each; five clerks, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; keeper of stationery, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; assistant keeper of stationery, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant in stationery room, one thousand dollars, and four hundred dollars additional while the office is held by the present incumbent; two messengers, at one

thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; assistant messenger, one thousand two hundred dollars; six laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, seventy-one thousand five hundred and eighty-six dollars.

DOCUMENT ROOM: For superintendent of the document room (Amzi Smith), three thousand dollars; first assistant in document room, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two assistants in document room, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; clerk to superintendent of document room, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; skilled laborer, one thousand dollars; in all, ten thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

Document room.
Superintendent, etc.

CLERKS AND MESSENGERS TO COMMITTEES: For clerk of printing records, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Appropriations, three thousand dollars, and one thousand dollars additional while the office is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, to be appointed by the committee, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk and stenographer to the Committee on Finance, two thousand five hundred dollars; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Claims, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; assistant clerk, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Commerce, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; assistant clerk, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Pensions, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; two assistant clerks, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on the Judiciary, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Military Affairs, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; assistant clerk, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on the District of Columbia, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Foreign Relations, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Committee on Engrossed Bills, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; clerk to the Joint Committee on the Library, two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars; clerks to the committees on Naval Affairs, Census, Public Lands, Indian Affairs, to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, Public Buildings and Grounds, Agriculture and Forestry, Education and Labor, Territories, Interstate Commerce, Public Health and National Quarantine, Private Land Claims, Patents, Coast Defenses, Privileges and Elections, Additional Accommodations for the Library of Congress, Rules, Civil Service and Retrenchment, Enrolled Bills, Geological Survey, Railroads, Pacific Railroads, Pacific Islands and Porto Rico, Philippines, Relations with Cuba, Interoceanic Canals, Transportation and Sale of Meat Products, Five Civilized Tribes of Indians, Improvement of the Mississippi River and its Tributaries, Organization, Conduct, and Expenditures of the Executive Departments, and clerk to conference minority of the Senate, at two thousand two hundred and twenty dollars each; clerks to committees on Woman Suffrage, and Mines and Mining, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; in all, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

Clerks and messengers to committees.

Clerks to committees at \$2,100 a year.

Senate Manual, new edition.

For additional amount for the clerk to the Committee on Rules, for revising and preparing for publication, biennially, under the direction of the committee, the Senate Manual, one thousand dollars.

Clerks to committees at \$1,800 a year.

For nineteen clerks to committees, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, thirty-four thousand two hundred dollars.

Sergeant-at-Arms and assistants.

OFFICE OF SERGEANT-AT-ARMS AND DOORKEEPER: For Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper, four thousand five hundred dollars; horse and wagon for his use, four hundred and twenty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; for clerk to Sergeant-at-Arms, two thousand dollars; assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; acting assistant doorkeeper, two thousand five hundred and ninety-two dollars; three messengers, acting as assistant doorkeepers, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; forty-seven messengers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; two assistant messengers on the floor of the Senate, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; messenger to official reporters' room, to be selected by the official reporters, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; messenger in charge of storeroom, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; upholsterer and locksmith, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; three carpenters to assist him, at nine hundred and sixty dollars each; skilled laborer, one thousand dollars; two skilled laborers, at nine hundred dollars each; two janitors, at nine hundred dollars each; laborer in charge of private passage, eight hundred and forty dollars; two female attendants in charge of ladies' retiring room, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; two telephone operators, at nine hundred dollars each; telephone page, six hundred dollars; press gallery page, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two laborers, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; twenty-four laborers, at nine hundred dollars each; twenty-eight laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; sixteen pages for the Senate Chamber, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per day each during the session, eight thousand two hundred and eighty dollars; in all, one hundred and fifty-six thousand nine hundred and eighty-four dollars.

Messengers.

Laborers.

Telephone operators, etc. Pages.

Postmaster, etc.

POST-OFFICE: For Postmaster, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; assistant postmaster and mail carrier, two thousand and eighty-eight dollars; seven mail carriers and one wagon master, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; four riding pages, at nine hundred and twelve dollars and fifty cents each; in all, seventeen thousand five hundred and eighty-eight dollars.

Folding room. Superintendent, etc.

FOLDING ROOM: For superintendent of folding room, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; assistant in folding room, one thousand four hundred dollars; clerk in folding room, one thousand four hundred dollars; nine folders, at one thousand dollars each; fourteen folders, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; and page, six hundred dollars; in all, twenty-seven thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

Chief engineer, etc.

UNDER SUPERINTENDENT OF THE CAPITOL BUILDING AND GROUNDS: For chief engineer, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; four assistant engineers, at one thousand four hundred and forty dollars each; eight conductors of elevators, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; machinist and electrician, one thousand four hundred dollars; three firemen, at one thousand and ninety-five dollars each; six laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, twenty-six thousand five hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Clerks to Senators.

For thirty-five annual clerks to Senators who are not chairmen of committees, at one thousand five hundred dollars each, fifty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

Contingent expenses.

Stationery and newspapers.

FOR CONTINGENT EXPENSES, NAMELY: For stationery and newspapers for Senators and the President of the Senate, including three thousand dollars for stationery for committees and officers of the Senate, fourteen thousand three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For postage stamps for the office of the Secretary of the Senate, one hundred dollars; for the office of the Sergeant-at-Arms, seventy-five dollars; in all, one hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Postage stamps.

For expenses of maintaining and equipping horses and mail wagons for carrying the mails, five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Horses and wagons.

For materials for folding, one thousand dollars.

Folding.

For folding speeches and pamphlets, at a rate not exceeding one dollar per thousand, two thousand dollars.

For fuel, oil, and cotton waste, and advertising, for the heating apparatus, exclusive of labor, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Fuel, oil, etc.

For purchase of furniture, six thousand dollars.

Furniture.

For materials for furniture and repairs of same, exclusive of labor, two thousand dollars.

For services in cleaning, repairing, and varnishing furniture, two thousand dollars.

For packing boxes, nine hundred and seventy dollars.

Packing boxes.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous items.

For miscellaneous items on account of the Maltby Building, eighteen thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

Maltby Building.

For expenses of inquiries and investigations ordered by the Senate, including compensation to stenographers to committees, at such rate as may be fixed by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate, but not exceeding one dollar and twenty-five cents per printed page, twenty thousand dollars.

Investigations.

For reporting the debates and proceedings of the Senate, twenty-five thousand dollars, payable in equal monthly installments.

Reporting debates.

For repairs of Maltby Building, two thousand dollars.

Repairs, Maltby Building.
Storage warehouse.

For rent of warehouse for storage of public documents for the Senate, three thousand six hundred dollars.

To enable the Committee on Claims to complete the preparation of a record and index of private claims introduced in the Senate during the Fifty-sixth and Fifty-seventh Congresses, two thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid upon vouchers approved by the chairman of the committee; and said sum or any part thereof, in the discretion of the chairman, may be paid as additional compensation to any officer or employee of the United States and shall be immediately available. Said work shall be completed and reported to the Senate on the first day of the first regular session of the Fifty-eighth Congress, and the usual number of copies shall be printed ready for distribution on said date.

Index of private claims.
Appropriation immediately available.

Vouchers.

Time of completion.

CAPITOL POLICE.

Capitol police.

For captain, one thousand six hundred dollars, and three lieutenants, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, hereafter to be selected jointly by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate and the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives; thirty privates, at one thousand one hundred dollars each; thirty privates, at nine hundred and sixty dollars each; and nine watchmen, at nine hundred dollars each, one-half of said privates and watchmen to be selected by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate and one-half by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives; in all, seventy-five thousand one hundred dollars, one half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House of Representatives. And hereafter the officers, privates, and watchmen of the Capitol police shall, when on duty, wear the regulation uniform.

Pay.

For contingent expenses, three hundred dollars, one half to be disbursed by the Secretary of the Senate and the other half to be disbursed by the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Uniform when on duty.

Contingent expenses.

CONGRESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

Congressional Directory. For expenses of compiling, preparing, and indexing the Congressional Directory, to be expended under the direction of the Joint Committee on Printing, one thousand six hundred dollars.

House of Representatives.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Pay of Members and Delegates.

For compensation of members of the House of Representatives and Delegates from Territories, one million nine hundred and fifty-three thousand dollars.

Mileage.

For mileage, one hundred and forty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others in the service of the House of Representatives, namely:

Speaker's office.

OFFICE OF THE SPEAKER: For private secretary to the Speaker, two thousand three hundred and fifty dollars; clerk to the Speaker's table, three thousand six hundred dollars, and for preparing Digest of the Rules, one thousand dollars per annum; clerk to the Speaker, one thousand six hundred dollars; messenger to the Speaker, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, nine thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Chaplain.

CHAPLAIN: For Chaplain of the House, one thousand dollars.

Clerk of the House, etc.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK: For Clerk of the House of Representatives, including compensation as disbursing officer of the contingent fund, five thousand dollars; hire of horses and wagons and cartage for use of the Clerk's office, nine hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; Chief Clerk, Journal Clerk, and two reading clerks, at three thousand six hundred dollars each; tally clerk, three thousand dollars; printing and bill clerk, disbursing clerk, and enrolling clerk, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; file clerk, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; assistant disbursing clerk, assistant enrolling clerk, resolution and petition clerk, newspaper clerk, index clerk, assistant journal clerk, and assistant to Chief Clerk, at two thousand dollars each; librarian, distributing clerk, and stationery clerk, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; one bookkeeper, two assistant librarians, and seven clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; document and bill clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; document clerk, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; locksmith, who shall be skilled in his trade, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant in Clerk's office, and one assistant in disbursing office, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; telegraph operator, assistant file clerk, and stenographer to the Clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; assistant telegraph operator authorized and named in resolution adopted January fifteenth, nineteen hundred and two, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant in library, one assistant in document room, one assistant in stationery room, and one messenger in file room, at nine hundred dollars each; one page, seven hundred and twenty dollars; attendant in charge of bathroom, one thousand dollars; two laborers in the bathroom (Robert Richardson and William Richardson), at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; three laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; assistant index clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; page in enrolling room, and messenger in Chief Clerk's office, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, ninety-two thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

Digest, etc., of private claims.

To enable the Clerk of the House to prepare and complete a digested summary and alphabetical list of private claims presented to the House of Representatives from the Fifty-second to the Fifty-seventh Congress, inclusive, three clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each, during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three; in all, four thou-

sand eight hundred dollars. And said work shall be completed and ready to be printed on or before July thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

Time of completion.

UNDER SUPERINTENDENT OF THE CAPITOL BUILDING AND GROUNDS: For chief engineer, one thousand seven hundred dollars; three assistant engineers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; six conductors of elevators, at one thousand one hundred dollars each, who shall be under the supervision and direction of the Superintendent of the Capitol Building and Grounds; laborer, eight hundred and twenty dollars; six firemen, at nine hundred dollars each; electrician, one thousand two hundred dollars; laborer, one thousand dollars; four laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; three cabinet-makers, who shall be skilled in their trade, one at one thousand two hundred dollars and two at nine hundred dollars each; and for the following from and including March fourth, nineteen hundred and three, for service in old library portion of the Capitol: Two attendants at the rate of one thousand two hundred dollars per annum each, and two watchmen at the rate of nine hundred dollars per annum each; in all, thirty-one thousand seven hundred and seventy-six dollars and sixty-six cents.

Chief engineer, etc.

CLERKS AND MESSENGERS TO COMMITTEES: For clerk to the Committee on Ways and Means, three thousand dollars; assistant clerk and stenographer, two thousand dollars; messenger, one thousand two hundred dollars; janitor, one thousand dollars; clerk to the Committee on Appropriations, three thousand dollars, and one thousand dollars additional while the office is held by the present incumbent; assistant clerk and stenographer, two thousand dollars; messenger and assistant clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; janitor, one thousand dollars; clerks to Committees on Accounts, Agriculture, Banking and Currency, Claims, District of Columbia, Elections, Numbers One, Two, and Three, Foreign Affairs, Interstate and Foreign Commerce, Indian Affairs, Insular Affairs, Invalid Pensions, Judiciary, Library, Merchant Marine and Fisheries, Military Affairs, Naval Affairs, Pensions, Post-Office and Post-Roads, Printing, Public Buildings and Grounds, Public Lands, Rivers and Harbors, Revision of the Laws, War Claims, and clerk to continue Digest of Claims under resolution of March seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, at two thousand dollars each; assistant clerk to the Committee on the Judiciary, one thousand six hundred dollars; assistant clerk to the Committee on War Claims, one thousand two hundred dollars; for janitors for rooms of the Committees on Accounts, Agriculture, Banking and Currency, Claims, District of Columbia, Elections, Numbers One, Two, and Three, Foreign Affairs, Interstate and Foreign Commerce, Indian Affairs, Insular Affairs, Invalid Pensions, Judiciary, Library, Merchant Marine and Fisheries, Military Affairs, Naval Affairs, Post-Office and Post-Roads, Pensions, Printing, Public Buildings and Grounds, Public Lands, Rivers and Harbors, and War Claims, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, and said janitors shall be appointed by the chairmen, respectively, of said committees, and shall perform all of the duties heretofore required of messengers detailed to said committees by the Doorkeeper; in all, ninety thousand two hundred dollars.

Clerks and messengers to committees.

Janitors.

For an assistant clerk to each of the Committees on Military Affairs and Naval Affairs, at six dollars per day each during the session, two thousand four hundred and eighty-four dollars.

For thirteen clerks to committees, at six dollars each per day during the session, sixteen thousand one hundred and forty-six dollars.

Clerks to committees, session.

OFFICE OF SERGEANT-AT-ARMS: For Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, four thousand five hundred dollars; deputy to the Sergeant-at-Arms, two thousand dollars; cashier, three thousand dollars; paying teller, two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; book-

Sergeant-at-Arms, deputy, etc.

keeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant bookkeeper, one thousand two hundred dollars; messenger, one thousand two hundred dollars; clerk in charge of pairs, one thousand four hundred dollars; page, seven hundred and twenty dollars; and skilled laborer, eight hundred and forty dollars; in all, eighteen thousand eight hundred and ten dollars.

Doorkeeper, assistant, etc.

OFFICE OF DOORKEEPER: For Doorkeeper, three thousand five hundred dollars; hire of horses, feed, repair of wagon and harness, one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; assistant doorkeeper, and Department messenger, at two thousand dollars each; one special employee (John T. Chancey), one thousand five hundred dollars; one special employee, one thousand five hundred dollars; clerk to Doorkeeper, and janitor, at one thousand two hundred dollars each;

Messengers.

thirteen messengers, including the messenger to the reporters' gallery, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; thirteen messengers, at one thousand dollars each; messenger to the Speaker's table, one thousand dollars; fourteen messengers on the soldiers' roll, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; twelve laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; ten laborers, at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum each, from and including March fourth, nineteen hundred and three; two laborers in the water-closet, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one laborer, six hundred dollars; eight laborers, known as cloakroom men, at fifty dollars per month each; female attendant in ladies' retiring room, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

Laborers.

superintendent of folding room, two thousand dollars; five clerks in folding room, one at one thousand eight hundred dollars, and four at one thousand two hundred dollars each; foreman, one thousand five hundred dollars; messenger, one thousand two hundred dollars; page, five hundred dollars; laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; nine folders, at nine hundred dollars each; five folders, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; eighteen folders, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; night watchman, nine hundred dollars; driver, six hundred dollars; two chief pages, at nine hundred dollars each; thirty-three pages, during the session, including two riding pages and two telephone pages, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each, seventeen thousand and seventy-seven dollars and fifty cents; ten pages for duty at the entrances to the Hall of the House, during the session, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each, five thousand one hundred and seventy-five dollars; horse and buggy for Department messenger, two hundred and fifty dollars; superintendent of document room, two thousand dollars; assistant superintendent of document room, one thousand eight hundred dollars; six assistants in document room, one at one thousand six hundred dollars, two at one thousand four hundred dollars each, one at one thousand two hundred dollars, and two at one thousand dollars each; in all, one hundred and sixty-one thousand and forty-two dollars and fifty cents.

Superintendent of folding room, etc.

Pages.

Superintendent of document room, etc.

Joel Grayson.

For employment of Joel Grayson in document room, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

Minority employees.

For the following minority employees authorized and named in the resolution adopted by the House of Representatives December tenth, nineteen hundred and one, namely: One special employee, one thousand five hundred dollars; two special messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; and one special chief page, nine hundred dollars, and five hundred dollars additional for services as pair clerk; in all, five thousand three hundred dollars.

Special employees.

For the assistant Department messenger authorized and named in the resolution adopted by the House of Representatives December seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For the special messenger authorized and named in the resolution

adopted by the House of Representatives January fifteenth, nineteen hundred, one thousand two hundred dollars.

To continue the employment of the clerk to the conference minority of the House of Representatives, two thousand dollars.

To continue employment and for compensation of the assistant foreman of the folding room, authorized and named in the resolution adopted by the House of Representatives February sixth, nineteen hundred, at three dollars and eighty-five cents per day, one thousand four hundred and five dollars and twenty-five cents.

To continue the employment of the person named in the resolution of the House adopted June fifth, nineteen hundred, as a laborer, at fifty dollars per month, six hundred dollars.

To continue the employment of the special messenger authorized and named in the resolution of the House adopted February seventh, nineteen hundred, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Successors to any of the employees provided for in the seven preceding paragraphs may be named by the House of Representatives at any time prior to July first, nineteen hundred and four.

Appointment.

OFFICE OF POSTMASTER: For Postmaster, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant postmaster, two thousand dollars; twelve messengers, including messenger to superintend transportation of mails, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; eight messengers, at one hundred dollars per month each during the session, five thousand six hundred dollars; and one laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, twenty-five thousand two hundred and twenty dollars.

Postmaster, assistant, etc.

For hire of horses and mail wagons for carrying the mails, two thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Horses and wagons.

OFFICIAL REPORTERS: For five official reporters of the proceedings and debates of the House, at five thousand dollars each; assistant official reporter, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, twenty-six thousand two hundred dollars.

Reporting debates.

For janitor for rooms of official reporters to debates and official stenographers to committees, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

STENOGRAPHERS TO COMMITTEES: For three stenographers to committees, at five thousand dollars each; assistant stenographer to committees, one thousand six hundred dollars; in all, sixteen thousand six hundred dollars.

Stenographers to committees.

That wherever the words "during the session" occur in the foregoing paragraphs they shall be construed to mean the two hundred and seven days from December seventh, nineteen hundred and three, to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, inclusive.

"During the session" to mean 207 days.

FOR CLERK HIRE, MEMBERS AND DELEGATES: To pay Members and Delegates the amounts which they certify they have paid or agreed to pay for clerk hire, necessarily employed by them in the discharge of their official and representative duties, as provided in the joint resolution approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, House resolutions adopted May eighth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, and January fifteenth, nineteen hundred and two, and the deficiency appropriation Act approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, four hundred and fifty-eight thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; and Representatives and Delegates elect to Congress whose credentials in due form of law have been duly filed with the Clerk of the House of Representatives, in accordance with the provisions of section thirty-one of the Revised Statutes of the United States, shall be entitled to payment under this appropriation.

Clerk hire, Members and Delegates.

Vol. 27, p. 757.

Vol. 30, p. 687.

R. S., sec. 31, p. 6.

FOR CONTINGENT EXPENSES, NAMELY: For wrapping paper, pasteboard, paste, twine, newspaper wrappers, and other necessary materials for folding, for the use of members of the House, and for use in the Clerk's office and the House folding room (not including envelopes, writing paper, and other paper and materials to be printed and fur-

Contingent expenses, Folding materials.

nished by the Public Printer, upon requisitions from the Clerk of the House, under the provisions of the Act approved January twelfth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, for the public printing and binding), seven thousand dollars.

Vol. 28, p. 624.

Fuel and oil.

For fuel and oil for the heating apparatus, fifteen thousand dollars.

Furniture.

For furniture and materials for repairs of the same, fifteen thousand dollars.

Packing boxes.

For packing boxes, three thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Miscellaneous items.

For miscellaneous items and expenses of special and select committees, fifty thousand dollars.

Stationery.

For stationery for members of the House of Representatives, including five thousand dollars for stationery for the use of the committees and officers of the House, fifty-three thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Postage stamps.

For postage stamps for the Postmaster, one hundred dollars; for the Clerk, three hundred dollars; for the Sergeant-at-Arms, two hundred dollars; and for the Doorkeeper, fifty dollars; in all, six hundred and fifty dollars.

Public printing.

OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC PRINTER.

Public Printer, clerks, etc.

For Public Printer, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; clerk in charge of the Congressional Record at the Capitol, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; one clerk of class two; in all, fifteen thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses, namely: For stationery, postage, advertising, traveling expenses, horses and wagons, and miscellaneous expenses, three thousand dollars.

Library of Congress.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

Librarian, etc.

General administration: For Librarian of Congress, six thousand dollars; chief assistant librarian, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; Librarian's secretary, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk (assistant to chief clerk), one thousand dollars; one stenographer and typewriter, one thousand dollars; one messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; in all, seventeen thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

Mail and supply division.

Mail and supply: For assistant in charge, one thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, nine hundred dollars; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, two thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

Packing and stamping.

Packing and stamping: For two attendants, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Order division.

Order (purchasing): For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, one thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; three assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; two assistants, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; two assistants, at six hundred dollars each; one assistant, five hundred and twenty dollars; and two messenger boys, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; in all, eleven thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars.

Catalogue and shelf division.

Catalogue and shelf: For chief of division, three thousand dollars; five assistants, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; seven assistants, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; six assistants, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; twelve assistants, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; six assistants, at one thousand dollars each; fourteen assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; four assistants, at eight hundred dollars each; thirteen assistants, at seven

hundred and twenty dollars each; three assistants, at six hundred dollars each; ten assistants, at five hundred and forty dollars each; four assistants, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; six messengers, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; in all, eighty-seven thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

Binding: For one assistant in charge, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant, nine hundred dollars; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, two thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

Bindery.

Bibliography: For chief of division, three thousand dollars; one assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; two assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one stenographer, nine hundred dollars; and one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, seven thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

Bibliography division.

Reading rooms (including evening service) and special collections: For superintendent of reading room, three thousand dollars; two assistants, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; four assistants, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one assistant (reading room for the blind), one thousand two hundred dollars; five assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; ten assistants, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one attendant, Senate reading room, nine hundred dollars; one attendant, Representatives' reading room, nine hundred dollars; one attendant, Representatives' reading room, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two attendants, cloakrooms, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one attendant, Toner Library, nine hundred dollars; one attendant, Washingtonian Library, nine hundred dollars; four messenger boys, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; two watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; evening service: five assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; fifteen assistants, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, forty-seven thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

Reading room officials.

Periodical (including evening service): For chief of division, two thousand dollars; chief assistant, one thousand five hundred dollars; two assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; three assistants, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; two messenger boys, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; for arrears of sorting and collating and to enable periodical reading room to be open in the evening: two assistants, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, nine thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.

Periodical division.

Documents: For chief of division, three thousand dollars; one assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; one stenographer and typewriter, nine hundred dollars; one assistant, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one messenger, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, six thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

Document division.

Manuscript: For chief of division, three thousand dollars; one assistant, one thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, nine hundred dollars; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, five thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

Manuscript division.

Maps and charts: For chief of division, three thousand dollars; one assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; two assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, seven thousand and eighty dollars.

Map and chart division.

Music: For chief of division, two thousand dollars; one assistant, one thousand four hundred dollars; one assistant, one thousand dollars; two assistants, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, six thousand two hundred dollars.

Music division.

- Prints division.** Prints: For chief of division, two thousand dollars; one assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; two assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, five thousand three hundred and sixty dollars.
- Smithsonian deposit.** Smithsonian deposit: For custodian, one thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; one messenger, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, three thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars.
- Congressional reference library.** Congressional Reference Library: For custodian, one thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant, nine hundred dollars; one assistant, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two messenger boys, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; in all, five thousand and forty dollars.
- Law library.** Law Library: For custodian, two thousand five hundred dollars; two assistants, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; one messenger, nine hundred dollars; one assistant for evening service, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand seven hundred dollars.
- Copyright office.** COPYRIGHT OFFICE, under the direction of the Librarian of Congress: Register of copyrights, three thousand dollars; chief clerk and chief of bookkeeping division, two thousand dollars; chief of application division, two thousand dollars; two clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; four clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; eight clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; ten clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; twelve clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; two clerks, at eight hundred dollars each; ten clerks, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one clerk, six hundred dollars; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars. Arrears, special service: Three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one porter, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, seventy thousand four hundred and forty dollars.
- Additional assistants.** To enable the Librarian of Congress to employ during the last quarter of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three such of the additional assistants in the Copyright Office as are herein provided for in the Library of Congress for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, and at the rates of compensation provided, one thousand two hundred and thirty dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.
- Distribution of card indexes, etc.** For service in connection with the distribution of card indexes and other publications of the Library, four thousand nine hundred dollars.
- To enable the Librarian of Congress to secure during the last quarter of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three the service that may be necessary in connection with the distribution of the card indexes and other publications of the Library, one thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.
- Temporary, etc. service.** For special, temporary, and miscellaneous service, at the discretion of the Librarian, to continue available until expended, two thousand dollars.
- Sunday, etc., opening.** To enable the Library of Congress to be kept open for reference use from two until ten o'clock post meridian on Sundays and legal holidays, within the discretion of the Librarian, including the extra services of employees and the services of additional employees under the Librarian, ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.
- Increase of library.** INCREASE OF LIBRARY OF CONGRESS: For purchase of books for the Library and for freight, commissions, and traveling expenses incidental to the acquisition of books by purchase, gift, or exchange, ninety thousand dollars.
- Law books.** For purchase of books and for periodicals for the law library, under the direction of the Chief Justice, three thousand dollars;

For purchase of new books of reference for the Supreme Court, to be a part of the Library of Congress and purchased by the marshal of the Supreme Court, under the direction of the Chief Justice, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For expenses of exchanging public documents for the publications of foreign governments, one thousand eight hundred dollars; Exchange of documents.

For miscellaneous periodicals and newspapers, five thousand dollars; Periodicals.

In all, one hundred and one thousand three hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses of the Library, stationery, supplies, and all stock and materials directly purchased, miscellaneous traveling expenses, postage, transportation, and all incidental expenses connected with the administration of the Library and the Copyright Office, seven thousand three hundred dollars. Contingent expenses.

The head of any Executive department or bureau or any commission of the Government is hereby authorized from time to time to turn over to the Librarian of Congress, for the use of the Library of Congress, any books, maps, or other material in the library of the department, bureau, or commission no longer needed for its use, and in the judgment of the Librarian of Congress appropriate to the uses of the Library of Congress. Transfer of books from departments, etc.

Any books of a miscellaneous character no longer required for the use of such department, bureau, or commission, and not deemed an advisable addition to the Library of Congress, shall, if appropriate to the uses of the Free Public Library of the District of Columbia, be turned over to that library for general use as a part thereof. Transfer of books to Free Public Library, D. C.

CUSTODY, CARE, AND MAINTENANCE OF LIBRARY BUILDING AND GROUNDS: For superintendent of the Library building and grounds, five thousand dollars; for clerks, messengers, watchmen, engineers, firemen, electricians, elevator conductors, mechanics, laborers, charwomen, and others, as follows: Chief clerk, two thousand dollars; clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand dollars; messenger; assistant messenger; telephone operator, six hundred dollars; captain of watch, one thousand four hundred dollars; lieutenant of watch, one thousand dollars; eighteen watchmen; carpenter, nine hundred dollars; painter, nine hundred dollars; foreman of laborers, nine hundred dollars; fifteen laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; two attendants in ladies' room, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; two check boys, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; mistress of charwomen, four hundred and twenty-five dollars; assistant mistress of charwomen, three hundred dollars; forty charwomen; chief engineer, one thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; three assistant engineers, at one thousand dollars each; electrician, one thousand five hundred dollars; assistant electrician, one thousand dollars; one machinist, one thousand dollars; nine hundred dollars; two wiremen, at nine hundred dollars each; plumber, nine hundred dollars; two elevator conductors, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; nine firemen; five skilled laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, seventy-four thousand seven hundred and forty-five dollars. Care of building and grounds. Superintendent, etc.

For extra services of employees and additional employees under the superintendent of Library building and grounds to provide for the opening of the Library building from two until ten o'clock post meridian on Sundays and legal holidays, two thousand five hundred dollars. Sunday opening.

For fuel, lights, repairs, and miscellaneous supplies, electric and steam apparatus, reference books, stationery, and all incidental expenses in connection with the custody, care, and maintenance of said building and grounds, thirty thousand dollars. General expenses.

For furniture, including partitions, screens, shelving, and mechanical window shades for book stacks, forty-five thousand dollars. Furniture.

Botanic Garden.

BOTANIC GARDEN.

Superintendent, etc.

For superintendent, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For assistants and laborers, under the direction of the Joint Library Committee of Congress, twelve thousand five hundred and ninety-three dollars and seventy-five cents.

Repairs and improvements.

For procuring manure, tools, fuel, purchasing trees, shrubs, plants, and seeds; and for services, materials, and miscellaneous supplies, and contingent expenses in connection with repairs and improvements to Botanic Gardens, under direction of the Joint Library Committee of Congress, five thousand dollars.

Executive.

EXECUTIVE.

Compensation of the President.

For compensation of the President of the United States, fifty thousand dollars.

Executive office. Secretary, assistants, etc.

For compensation to the following in the office of the President of the United States: Secretary, five thousand dollars; two assistant secretaries, at three thousand dollars each; executive clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; executive clerk and disbursing officer, two thousand dollars; two clerks, at two thousand dollars each; six clerks of class four; one clerk of class four, who shall be a telegrapher; four clerks of class three; usher to the President, one thousand eight hundred dollars; steward, one thousand eight hundred dollars; chief doorkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; eight doorkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; four messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; five messengers, at nine hundred dollars each; watchman, nine hundred dollars; one fireman; laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; laborer, six hundred dollars; in all, sixty-five thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses of the Executive Office, including stationery therefor, as well as record books, telegrams, telephones, books for library, miscellaneous items, and furniture and carpets for offices, care of office carriages, horses, and harness, twenty thousand dollars.

Civil Service Commission.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Commissioners, examiners, etc.

For three Commissioners, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; chief examiner, three thousand dollars; secretary, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; assistant chief examiner, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; law clerk, two thousand dollars; two chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; eight clerks of class four; thirteen clerks of class three; sixteen clerks of class two; thirty-two clerks of class one; twenty clerks, at one thousand dollars each; ten clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; eight clerks, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; one messenger; engineer, eight hundred and forty dollars; two firemen; two watchmen; one elevator conductor, seven hundred and twenty dollars; three laborers; and three messenger boys, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; in all, one hundred and sixty-four thousand and sixty dollars.

Expenses.

For necessary traveling expenses, including those of examiners acting under the direction of the Commission, and for expenses of examinations and investigations held elsewhere than at Washington, seven thousand dollars.

Department of State.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Pay of Secretary, Assistants, clerks, etc.

For compensation of the Secretary of State, eight thousand dollars; Assistant Secretary, four thousand five hundred dollars; Second and Third Assistant Secretaries, at four thousand five hundred dollars each;

chief clerk, three thousand dollars; assistant solicitor of the Department of State, to be appointed by the Secretary of State, three thousand dollars; law clerk, and assistant, to be selected and appointed by the Secretary of State, to edit the laws of Congress and perform such other duties as may be required of them, at two thousand five hundred dollars and one thousand five hundred dollars, respectively; eight chiefs of bureaus, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; two translators, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; additional to Chief of Bureau of Accounts as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; private secretary to the Secretary, two thousand five hundred dollars; twelve clerks of class four; eight clerks of class three; thirteen clerks of class two; twenty-seven clerks of class one, one of whom is to be a telegraph operator; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; twelve clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; chief messenger, one thousand dollars; two messengers; fifteen assistant messengers; packer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; and for temporary typewriters and stenographers, to be selected by the Secretary, two thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and seventy-two thousand two hundred dollars.

For stationery, furniture, fixtures, and repairs, and for the purchase of passport paper, six thousand dollars.

Stationery, etc.

For books and maps and books for the library, two thousand dollars.

Books, etc.

For services of lithographer and necessary materials for the lithographic press, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Lithographer, etc.

For contingent expenses, namely: For care and subsistence of horses, to be used only for official purposes, and repairs of wagons, carriage, and harness, rent of stable, telegraphic and electric apparatus and repairs to the same, and miscellaneous items not included in the foregoing; in all, four thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Treasury Department.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY: For compensation of the Secretary of the Treasury, eight thousand dollars; three Assistant Secretaries of the Treasury, at four thousand five hundred dollars each; clerk to the Secretary, two thousand five hundred dollars; stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; three private secretaries, one to each Assistant Secretary, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; Government actuary, under control of the Treasury, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; one clerk of class two; two clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; four messengers; three assistant messengers; and one laborer; in all, forty-four thousand four hundred and thirty dollars.

Pay of Secretary, Assistants, clerks, etc.

Office of chief clerk and superintendent: For chief clerk, including three hundred dollars as superintendent of Treasury building, three thousand dollars; assistant superintendent of Treasury building, two thousand five hundred dollars; inspector of electric-light plants, gas, and fixtures for all public buildings under control of the Treasury Department, two thousand dollars; assistant inspector of electric-light plants and draftsman, one thousand six hundred dollars; five clerks of class four; additional to one clerk of class four, as bookkeeper, one hundred dollars; two clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; four clerks of class one (one as librarian); one clerk, one thousand dollars; one messenger; two assistant messengers; storekeeper, one thousand two hundred dollars; telegraph operator, one thousand two hundred dollars; telephone operator and assistant telegraph operator, one thousand two hundred dollars; chief engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; three assistant engineers, at one thousand dollars each; six elevator conductors, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; three firemen; five firemen, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; coal passer, five hundred dollars; locksmith and electrician, one

Chief clerk, clerks, etc.

Engineer, etc.

Watchmen.	thousand four hundred dollars; captain of the watch, one thousand four hundred dollars; two lieutenants of the watch, at nine hundred dollars each; fifty-eight watchmen; six special watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; foreman of laborers, one thousand dollars; skilled laborer, male, eight hundred and forty dollars; three skilled laborers, male, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; twenty-six laborers; ten laborers, at five hundred dollars each; laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars; two laborers, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; ninety charwomen; foreman of cabinet shop, one thousand five hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; eleven cabinetmakers, at one thousand dollars each; cabinet-maker, seven hundred and twenty dollars; carpenter, one thousand dollars; carpenter's helper, six hundred and sixty dollars. For the Winder Building: Engineer, one thousand dollars; three firemen; conductor of elevator, seven hundred and twenty dollars; four watchmen; three laborers, one of whom, when necessary, shall assist and relieve the conductor of the elevator; laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars; and six charwomen. For the Cox Building, seventeen hundred and nine New York avenue: Three watchmen-firemen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; and one laborer. For building seven hundred and nineteen and seven hundred and twenty-one Thirteenth street northwest: Three laborers; and four charwomen; in all, one hundred and eighty-four thousand one hundred dollars.
Laborers.	
Cabinet shop.	
Winder Building.	
Cox Building.	
Bookkeeping and warrants division.	Division of bookkeeping and warrants: For chief of division, three thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand seven hundred dollars; estimate and digest clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; two principal bookkeepers, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; eleven bookkeepers, at two thousand dollars each; twelve clerks of class four; four clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; one messenger; two assistant messengers; and one laborer; in all, seventy-three thousand six hundred and forty dollars.
Customs division.	Division of customs: For chief of division, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; five law clerks, at two thousand dollars each; two clerks of class four; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and two assistant messengers; in all, thirty-three thousand four hundred and ninety dollars.
Appointment division.	Division of appointments: For chief of division, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; executive clerk, two thousand dollars; law and bond clerk, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; five clerks of class one; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; three assistant messengers; and one laborer; in all, forty-one thousand three hundred and ten dollars.
Public moneys division.	Division of public moneys: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; one messenger; and one assistant messenger; in all, twenty-five thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.
Loans and currency division.	Division of loans and currency: For chief of division, three thousand dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand one hundred dollars; five clerks of class four; additional to two clerks of class four as receiving clerk of bonds, and bookkeeper, one hundred dollars each; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; fifteen clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; nine expert counters, at seven hundred and

twenty dollars each; one messenger; two assistant messengers; six laborers; superintendent of paper room, one thousand two hundred dollars; paper cutter, at three dollars per day; paper counter, seven hundred and twenty dollars; thirty-three paper counters and laborers, at six hundred and twenty dollars each; and one laborer, five hundred and fifty dollars; in all, seventy-four thousand three hundred and ninety-two dollars.

Division of Revenue-Cutter Service: For assistant chief of division, two thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; four clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and two laborers; in all, twenty-two thousand one hundred and twenty dollars: *Provided*, That from and after the approval of this Act the probationary term of cadets in the Revenue-Cutter Service shall be three years instead of two years, as now provided by law.

Revenue-Cutter division.

Proviso.
Probationary term of cadets increased.

Miscellaneous division: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; clerk, one thousand dollars; clerk, nine hundred dollars; and one assistant messenger; in all, thirteen thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

Miscellaneous division.

Division of stationery, printing, and blanks: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four; four clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; two messengers; two assistant messengers; one laborer; foreman of bindery, at six dollars per day; four binders, at four dollars per day each; and two sewers and folders, at two dollars and fifty cents per day each; in all, thirty-seven thousand five hundred and fifty-eight dollars.

Stationery, etc., division.

Division of mail and files: For chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; registered mail and bond clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; five clerks of class two; additional to one clerk of class two, in charge of documents, two hundred dollars; two clerks of class one; six clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one mail messenger, one thousand two hundred dollars; two assistant messengers; two laborers, at six hundred dollars each; and two messenger boys, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; in all, twenty-eight thousand and sixty dollars.

Mail and files division.

Division of special agents: For assistant chief of division, two thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; three clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and one messenger; in all, thirteen thousand five hundred and forty dollars.

Special agents division.

Offices of disbursing clerks: For two disbursing clerks, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; two clerks of class four; two clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, fourteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

Disbursing clerks.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERVISING ARCHITECT: In the construction branch of the Treasury: For Supervising Architect, four thousand five hundred dollars; and one assistant messenger; in all, five thousand two hundred and twenty dollars.

Supervising Architect's office.

And the services of skilled draftsmen, civil engineers, computers, accountants, assistants to the photographer, copyists, and such other services as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary and specially order, may be employed in the office of the Supervising Architect exclusively to carry into effect the various appropriations for public buildings, to be paid for from and equitably charged against such appropriations: *Provided*, That the expenditures on this account for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four,

Draftsmen.

Proviso.
Limit.

shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars; and that the Secretary of the Treasury shall each year in the annual estimates report to Congress the number of persons so employed and the amount paid to each.

Comptroller's office.

OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY: For Comptroller of the Treasury, five thousand five hundred dollars; Assistant Comptroller of the Treasury, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief law clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; six law clerks revising accounts and briefing opinions, one at two thousand one hundred dollars and five at two thousand dollars each; four expert accountants, at two thousand dollars each; private secretary, one thousand eight hundred dollars; seven clerks of class four; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; typewriter copyist, one thousand dollars; two messengers; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, fifty-seven thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

Office of Auditor for Treasury Department.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR FOR TREASURY DEPARTMENT: For Auditor, four thousand dollars; Deputy Auditor, two thousand five hundred dollars; law clerk, two thousand dollars; four chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; seventeen clerks of class four; thirteen clerks of class three; ten clerks of class two; twenty-seven clerks of class one; seven clerks, at one thousand dollars each; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; three assistant messengers; four laborers; in all, one hundred and twenty-eight thousand eight hundred dollars.

Clerks on manifests.

For clerical force for the liquidation of manifests of vessels and cars arriving in the United States from foreign countries with merchandise intended for consumption, namely: For one clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; three clerks of class one; ten clerks, at one thousand dollars each; and three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; in all, twenty-five thousand five hundred dollars.

Office of Auditor for War Department.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR FOR WAR DEPARTMENT: For Auditor, four thousand dollars; Deputy Auditor, two thousand five hundred dollars; law clerk, two thousand dollars; six chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; seventeen clerks of class four; additional to one clerk as disbursing clerk, two hundred dollars; forty-one clerks of class three; sixty-four clerks of class two; fifty-four clerks of class one; ten clerks, at one thousand dollars each; five clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; skilled laborer, nine hundred dollars; three clerks, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; one messenger; three assistant messengers; and eight laborers; in all, two hundred and ninety-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Additional force, war with Spain.

Ante, p. 171.

For continuing the following additional force rendered necessary because of increased work incident to the war with Spain transferred to the classified service under the provisions of section three of the legislative appropriation Act approved April twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two: Seven clerks of class four; thirteen clerks of class three; eight clerks of class two; thirty clerks of class one; ten clerks, at one thousand dollars each; ten clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and three laborers; in all, one hundred and one thousand five hundred and eighty dollars.

Restoring rolls, etc.

For the purpose of restoring and repairing the worn-out and defaced rolls and vouchers in the office of the Auditor for the War Department, twenty-one thousand dollars.

Office of Auditor for Navy Department.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR FOR NAVY DEPARTMENT: For Auditor, four thousand dollars; Deputy Auditor, two thousand five hundred dollars; law clerk, two thousand dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; eight clerks of class four; fourteen clerks of class three; nine clerks of class two; eleven clerks of class one; six clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four clerks, at nine hundred dollars

each; one clerk, eight hundred dollars; one messenger; one assistant messenger; and two laborers; in all, ninety thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

For continuing the following additional force rendered necessary because of increased work incident to the war with Spain transferred to the classified service under the provisions of section three of the legislative appropriation Act approved April twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two: Two clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; four clerks of class one; six clerks, at one thousand dollars each; and four clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; in all, twenty-one thousand eight hundred dollars.

Additional force,
war with Spain.

Ante, p. 171.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR FOR INTERIOR DEPARTMENT: For Auditor, four thousand dollars; Deputy Auditor, two thousand five hundred dollars; law clerk, two thousand dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; ten clerks of class four; sixteen clerks of class three; twenty-eight clerks of class two; twenty-eight clerks of class one; sixteen clerks, at one thousand dollars each; fourteen clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; four skilled laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; six laborers; and one female laborer, six hundred dollars; in all, one hundred and sixty-seven thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Office of Auditor for
Interior Department.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR FOR STATE AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS: For Auditor, four thousand dollars; Deputy Auditor, two thousand five hundred dollars; law clerk, two thousand dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; thirteen clerks of class four; thirteen clerks of class three; eleven clerks of class two; seven clerks of class one; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; two copyists; one messenger; and three laborers; in all, ninety-five thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

Office of Auditor for
State, etc., Depart-
ments.

OFFICE OF AUDITOR FOR POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT: For Auditor, four thousand dollars; two Deputy Auditors, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; law clerk, two thousand dollars; seven chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; thirty-three clerks of class four; additional to one clerk as disbursing clerk, four hundred and fifty dollars; sixty-two clerks of class three; eighty-one clerks of class two; one hundred and two clerks of class one; eighty-seven clerks, at one thousand dollars each; skilled laborer, one thousand dollars; seventy-one clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; twenty-five skilled laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; six messengers; twelve assistant messengers; twenty-five male laborers, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; sixty-five skilled laborers, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; three female laborers, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; and fifteen charwomen; in all, six hundred and seventy thousand four hundred and ten dollars.

Office of Auditor for
Post-Office Depart-
ment.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER: For Treasurer of the United States, six thousand dollars; Assistant Treasurer, three thousand six hundred dollars; Deputy Assistant Treasurer, three thousand two hundred dollars; cashier, three thousand six hundred dollars; assistant cashier, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; seven chiefs of division, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; assistant chief of division, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; vault clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; principal bookkeeper, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant bookkeeper, two thousand one hundred dollars; two tellers, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; two assistant tellers, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; clerk for the Treasurer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; twenty-five clerks of class four; seventeen clerks of class three; fourteen clerks of class two; coin clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; thirty clerks of class one; seventeen clerks, at one thousand dollars each; sixty-five clerks, at nine hundred dollars each;

Treasurer's office.

fifty expert counters, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; nine clerks, at seven hundred dollars each; mail messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; seven messengers; six assistant messengers; thirty laborers; nine charwomen; eleven pressmen, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; twenty-four separators, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; seventeen feeders, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; compositor and pressman, one thousand four hundred dollars; machinist, nine hundred dollars; in all, three hundred and eighty-six thousand two hundred and ten dollars.

Redemption of currency.

For the force employed in redeeming the national currency (to be reimbursed by the national banks), namely: For superintendent, three thousand five hundred dollars; teller, two thousand five hundred dollars; bookkeeper, two thousand four hundred dollars; assistant teller, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; twenty-four clerks of class one; fifteen clerks, at one thousand dollars each; twelve clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; six clerks, at seven hundred dollars each; one messenger; three assistant messengers; and two charwomen; in all, eighty-six thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

Register's office.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTER OF THE TREASURY: For Register, four thousand dollars; Assistant Register, two thousand five hundred dollars; two chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; four clerks of class four; six clerks of class three; five clerks of class two; five clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; twenty-two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; two assistant messengers; nine counters, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; and five laborers; in all, seventy-three thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

Additional force, war with Spain.

For continuing the following additional force rendered necessary because of increased work incident to the war with Spain transferred to the classified service under the provisions of section three of the legislative appropriation Act approved April twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two: Three clerks of class one; and three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; in all, six thousand six hundred dollars.

Ante, p. 171.

Office of Comptroller of the Currency.

OFFICE OF THE COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY: For Comptroller of the Currency, five thousand dollars; Deputy Comptroller, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; eight clerks of class four; additional to bond clerk, two hundred dollars; stenographer, one thousand six hundred dollars; twelve clerks of class three; thirteen clerks of class two; nine clerks of class one; twelve clerks, at one thousand dollars each; engineer, one thousand dollars; thirteen clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; two assistant messengers; two night watchmen; one fireman; three laborers; in all, one hundred and twelve thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.

National currency expenses.

For expenses of the national currency (to be reimbursed by the national banks), namely: For superintendent, two thousand two hundred dollars; bookkeeper, two thousand dollars; teller, two thousand dollars; assistant bookkeeper, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; five clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; and one assistant messenger; in all, sixteen thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

Special examinations.

For expenses of special examinations of national banks and bank plates, of keeping macerator in Treasury building in repair, and for other incidental expenses attending the working of the macerator, and for procuring information relative to banks other than national, five thousand dollars.

Office of Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF INTERNAL REVENUE: For Commissioner of Internal Revenue, six thousand dollars; deputy commis-

sioner, four thousand dollars; additional deputy commissioner during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, three thousand six hundred dollars; chemist, two thousand five hundred dollars; two heads of divisions, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; four heads of divisions, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; two additional heads of division during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; superintendent of stamp vault, two thousand dollars; stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; twenty-four clerks of class four; twenty-four clerks of class three; thirty-three clerks of class two; twenty-four clerks of class one; twenty-two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; thirty clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; two messengers; fourteen assistant messengers; and thirteen laborers; in all, two hundred and sixty-four thousand three hundred and forty dollars.

For one stamp agent, one thousand six hundred dollars; one stamp agent, nine hundred dollars; and one counter, nine hundred dollars; in all, three thousand four hundred dollars, the same to be reimbursed by the stamp manufacturers.

Stamp agents.

LIGHT-HOUSE BOARD: For chief clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; title and contract clerk, two thousand dollars; accountant, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; three clerks of class two; six clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; ten clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one clerk, eight hundred and forty dollars; one clerk, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two assistant messengers; one laborer; assistant civil engineer, two thousand four hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand eight hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand five hundred and sixty dollars; draftsman, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; draftsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, forty-four thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

Light-House Board.

OFFICE OF LIFE-SAVING SERVICE: For General Superintendent of the Life-Saving Service, four thousand dollars, and five hundred dollars additional while the office is held by the present incumbent; assistant general superintendent, two thousand five hundred dollars; principal clerk, two thousand dollars; topographer and hydrographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; civil engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand five hundred dollars; four clerks of class four; five clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; five clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; two assistant messengers; and one laborer; in all, forty-five thousand nine hundred dollars.

Life-Saving Service.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION: For Commissioner of Navigation, three thousand six hundred dollars; two clerks of class four; additional to one clerk designated as deputy commissioner, six hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; four clerks of class one; nine clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, twenty-six thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

Bureau of Navigation.

BUREAU OF ENGRAVING AND PRINTING: For Director of Bureau, four thousand five hundred dollars; assistant director, three thousand dollars; accountant, two thousand five hundred dollars; stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; two assistant messengers; in all, eighteen thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

BUREAU OF STATISTICS: For officer in charge of the Bureau of Statistics, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; statistical clerk, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four; three clerks of class three; one clerk, expert in foreign statistics and languages, to compile Statistical Abstract of the World, one thousand six hundred dollars; stenographer and typewriter, one

Bureau of Statistics.

thousand five hundred dollars; seven clerks of class two; ten clerks of class one; translator, one thousand two hundred dollars; ten clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two copyists; one messenger; two assistant messengers; one laborer; and one female laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, sixty-one thousand five hundred and seventy dollars.

Experts, etc.

For payment of the services of experts, and for other necessary expenditures connected with the collection of facts relative to the internal and foreign commerce of the United States, four thousand dollars.

Secret Service Division.

SECRET SERVICE DIVISION: For one chief, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; and one attendant, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, sixteen thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

National Bureau of Standards.

NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS: For Director, five thousand dollars; physicist, four thousand dollars; chemist, three thousand five hundred dollars; assistant chemist, two thousand dollars; four assistant physicists, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; two assistant physicists, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; two assistant physicists, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; two laboratory assistants, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; four laboratory assistants, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; four laboratory assistants, at one thousand dollars each; five laboratory assistants, at nine hundred dollars each; storekeeper, nine hundred dollars; librarian, one thousand four hundred dollars; secretary, two thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; one computer, one thousand dollars; mechanic, one thousand four hundred dollars; one mechanic, one thousand two hundred dollars; two mechanics, at one thousand dollars each; two watchmen; skilled woodworker, eight hundred and forty dollars; skilled laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; draftsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; two messengers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; two firemen; engineer, one thousand five hundred dollars; assistant engineer, nine hundred dollars; electrician, nine hundred dollars; two laborers; three laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; janitor, six hundred dollars; and one charwoman, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, seventy-four thousand seven hundred dollars.

Apparatus, etc.

For apparatus, equipment, machinery; materials used in the construction of equipment or apparatus; furniture for laboratories and offices; apparatus and bookcases; books and periodicals, one hundred and ten thousand dollars.

Expenses.

For fuel for heat, light, and power; office expenses, stationery, printing, and binding; traveling expenses; expenses of the visiting committee; expenses of attendance of American member at the meeting of the International Committee of Weights and Measures; rent of building at two hundred and thirty-five New Jersey avenue as temporary laboratory, not to exceed eight hundred and forty dollars; and contingencies of all kinds, ten thousand dollars.

International Bureau.

Office of Director of the Mint.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE MINT: For Director, four thousand five hundred dollars; examiner, and computer, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; assayer, two thousand two hundred dollars; adjuster of accounts, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; three clerks of class one; translator, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one copyist; one messenger; assistant in laboratory, one

thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, thirty thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars.

For freight on bullion and coin, by registered mail or otherwise, between mints and assay offices, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Freight.

For contingent expenses of the Bureau of the Mint, to be expended under the direction of the Director, namely: For assay laboratory, chemicals, fuel, materials, and other necessaries, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For examinations of mints, expense in visiting mints and assay offices for the purpose of superintending the annual settlements, and for special examinations, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For books, pamphlets, periodicals, specimens of coins and ores, balances, weights, and incidentals, four hundred dollars.

For the collection of statistics relative to the annual production and consumption of the precious metals in the United States, five thousand dollars.

Statistics of precious metals.

OFFICE OF SURGEON-GENERAL OF PUBLIC HEALTH AND MARINE-HOSPITAL SERVICE: For Surgeon-General, five thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars, and five hundred dollars additional as disbursing agent for the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service; two clerks of class four; five clerks of class three; five clerks of class two; five clerks of class one; clerk and translator, one thousand two hundred dollars; three clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one messenger; and five laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, thirty-nine thousand five hundred and forty dollars, the same to be paid from the permanent appropriations for the Marine-Hospital Service.

Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.

OFFICE SUPERVISING INSPECTOR-GENERAL STEAMBOAT-INSPECTION SERVICE: For Supervising Inspector-General, three thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class three; one clerk of class one; one clerk of class one (stenographer and typewriter); one messenger; in all, eleven thousand nine hundred and forty dollars, the same to be paid from the permanent appropriations for the Steamboat-Inspection Service.

Steamboat - Inspection Service.

BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION: For Commissioner General of Immigration, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars, and two hundred and fifty dollars additional for services as actuary; confidential clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; statistician and stenographer, with power to act as immigrant inspector, two thousand dollars; one supervising immigrant inspector, to be attached to this Bureau in Washington for special work outside, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one messenger; one assistant messenger; one clerk of class two; for the following, to be immediately available: One clerk of class one; one clerk, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum; and one copyist; in all, nineteen thousand four hundred and twenty-six dollars, which, together with other expenses of regulating immigration, including the cost of the Federal Reporter, shall be paid from the permanent appropriation for expenses regulating immigration.

Immigration Bureau.

FOR CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT, INCLUDING ALL BUILDINGS UNDER CONTROL OF THE TREASURY IN WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, namely:

Contingent expenses.

For stationery for the Treasury Department and its several Bureaus, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Stationery.

For postage required to prepay matter addressed to Postal Union countries, and for postage for the Treasury Department, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Postage.

For purchasing material for binding important records, six hundred dollars.

Binding.

Newspapers, etc.

For newspapers, law books, city directories, and other books of reference relating to the business of the Department, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Investigations.

For investigation of accounts and records, including the necessary traveling expenses, and for other traveling expenses, when ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury, in connection with special work, including the temporary employment of stenographers, typewriters, accountants, or other expert services outside the District of Columbia when not properly chargeable to any other appropriation under the control of the Treasury Department, five hundred dollars.

Freight, etc.

For freight, expressage, telegraph and telephone service, seven thousand dollars.

Rent.

For rent of buildings, twenty thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

Horses and wagons.

For purchase of horses and wagons, for office and mail service, to be used only for official purposes, care and subsistence of horses, including shoeing, and of wagons, harness, and repairs of the same, four thousand dollars.

Ice.

For purchase of ice, including ice for the office of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Files.

For purchase of file holders and file cases, four thousand dollars.

Fuel, etc.

For purchase of coal, wood, engine oils and grease, grates, grate baskets and fixtures, blowers, coal hods, coal shovels, pokers, and tongs, twelve thousand dollars.

Lights.

For purchase of gas; electric current for lighting and power purposes, gas and electric-light fixtures, electric-light wiring and material, candles, candlesticks, droplights and tubing, gas burners, gas torches, globes, lanterns, and wicks, fifteen thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For washing and hemming towels, for the purchase of awnings and fixtures, window shades and fixtures, alcohol, benzine, turpentine, varnish, baskets, belting, bellows, bowls, brooms, buckets, brushes, canvas, crash, cloth, chamois skins, cotton waste, door and window fasteners, dusters; flower garden, street, and engine hose; lace leather, lye, nails, oils, plants, picks, pitchers, powders, stencil plates, hand stamps and repairs of same, stamp ink, spittoons, soap, matches, match safes, sponges, tacks, traps, thermometers, tools, towels, towel racks, tumblers, wire, zinc, and for blacksmithing, repairs of machinery, removal of rubbish, sharpening tools, advertising for proposals, and for sales at public auction in Washington, District of Columbia, of condemned property belonging to the Treasury Department, payment of auctioneer fees, and purchase of other absolutely necessary articles, eight thousand dollars.

Numbering machines, etc.

For purchase of registering accountants, numbering machines, and other machines of a similar character, including time stamps for stamping date of receipt of official mail and telegrams and repairs thereto, three thousand dollars.

Carpets, etc.

For purchase of carpets, carpet border and lining, linoleum, mats, rugs, matting, and repairs, and for cleaning, cutting, making, laying, and relaying of the same, by contract, four thousand five hundred dollars.

Furniture.

For purchase of boxes, book rests, chairs, chair caning, chair covers, desks, bookcases, clocks, cloth for covering desks, cushions, leather for covering chairs and sofas, locks, lumber, screens, tables, ventilators, typewriters, wardrobe cabinets, washstands, water coolers and stands, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

Collecting internal revenue.

COLLECTING INTERNAL REVENUE.

Collectors, etc.

For salaries and expenses of collectors and deputy collectors and surveyors, and clerks, including transportation of public funds, and also including expenses of enforcing the Act of August second, eight-

een hundred and eighty-six, taxing oleomargarine, and the Act of August fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, imposing upon the Government the expense of the inspection of tobacco exported; also the Act of June sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, imposing a tax on filled cheese, one million nine hundred thousand dollars.

For continuing the additional clerks and other employees in the Office of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and for salaries and expenses of increased force of deputy collectors rendered necessary by the Act of June thirteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, providing for war expenditures, and for other purposes, and for salaries and expenses of twenty additional internal-revenue agents to be appointed and employed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and these twenty agents to be in lieu of the agents provided for and appointed under the provisions of sections three and forty-seven of the Act of June thirteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, providing for war-revenue expenditures and other purposes, and these to be the only internal-revenue agents employed in addition to those provided for in section three thousand one hundred and fifty-two of the Revised Statutes. The existing provisions of law with regard to internal-revenue agents shall apply to the duties, compensation, and expenses of these twenty additional agents, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For salaries and expenses of agents, fees and expenses of gaugers, salaries and expenses of storekeepers and storekeeper-gaugers, and miscellaneous expenses incident to the collection of internal revenue, two million dollars.

Vol. 24, p. 218.
 Vol. 29, p. 255.
 Additional force, war-revenue act.
 Vol. 30, p. 450.
 Additional agents.
 Vol. 30, pp. 449, 469.
 Restriction. R. S., sec. 3152, p. 604.
 Agents, gaugers, etc.

INDEPENDENT TREASURY.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT BALTIMORE: For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; four clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; bookkeeper, and three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; three vault watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, twenty-six thousand six hundred dollars.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT BOSTON: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; chief clerk, and paying teller, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; assistant paying teller, two thousand two hundred dollars; vault clerk, and receiving teller, at two thousand dollars each; assistant receiving teller, one thousand six hundred dollars; first bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; second bookkeeper, one thousand four hundred dollars; specie clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant specie clerk, and money clerk, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; redemption clerk, and one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; clerk, one thousand one hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; clerk, eight hundred dollars; messenger and chief watchman, one thousand and sixty dollars; stenographer and typewriter, one thousand dollars; three watchmen and janitors, at eight hundred and fifty dollars each; in all, forty thousand five hundred and ten dollars.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT CHICAGO: For assistant treasurer, five thousand dollars; cashier, two thousand five hundred dollars; vault clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; paying teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant paying teller, one thousand five hundred dollars; assorting teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; receiving teller, one thousand seven hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; two bookkeepers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; four coin, coupon, and currency clerks, at one

Independent Treasury.
 Assistant treasurers' offices. Baltimore.
 Boston.
 Chicago.

thousand five hundred dollars each; twenty clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one detective and hall man, one thousand one hundred dollars; messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; stenographer, nine hundred dollars; janitor, six hundred dollars; and three watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, fifty-six thousand three hundred dollars.

Cincinnati.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT CINCINNATI: For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; cashier, two thousand dollars; bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; receiving teller, one thousand five hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; interest clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk and stenographer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; clerk and watchman, eight hundred and forty dollars; night watchman, six hundred dollars; day watchman, six hundred dollars; in all, twenty-one thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

New Orleans.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT NEW ORLEANS: For assistant treasurer, four thousand dollars; chief clerk and cashier, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; receiving teller, and paying teller, at two thousand dollars each; bookkeeper, one thousand five hundred dollars; six clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; coin and redemption clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; porter, five hundred dollars; day watchman, seven hundred and twenty dollars; night watchman, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, twenty-four thousand and ninety dollars.

New York.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT NEW YORK: For assistant treasurer, eight thousand dollars; deputy assistant treasurer and cashier, four thousand two hundred dollars; assistant cashier and chief clerk, three thousand six hundred dollars; assistant cashier and vault clerk, three thousand two hundred dollars; two chiefs of division, at three thousand one hundred dollars each; chief paying teller, three thousand dollars; two chiefs of division, at two thousand seven hundred dollars each; chief of division, two thousand six hundred dollars; chief of division, and chief bookkeeper, at two thousand four hundred dollars each; chief of division, and assistant chief of division, at two thousand three hundred dollars each; two assistant chiefs of division, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; two assistant tellers, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; two assistant tellers, and one bookkeeper, at two thousand one hundred dollars each; six assistant tellers, one assistant chief of division, and three bookkeepers, at two thousand dollars each; ten assistant tellers, and two bookkeepers, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; two assistant tellers, at one thousand seven hundred dollars each; four assistant tellers, one bookkeeper, and two clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; six assistant tellers, and two clerks, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; nine assistant tellers, one bookkeeper, and four clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; one assistant teller, and two clerks, at one thousand three hundred dollars each; nine assistant tellers, and three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; six assistant tellers, at one thousand dollars each; six assistant tellers, and one clerk, at nine hundred dollars each; five assistant tellers, at eight hundred dollars each; two messengers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; three messengers, at nine hundred dollars each; two messengers, at eight hundred dollars each; two hall men, at one thousand dollars each; two porters, at nine hundred dollars each; superintendent of building, one thousand eight hundred dollars; chief detective, one thousand five hundred dollars; assistant detective, one thousand two hundred dollars; two engineers, at one thousand and fifty dollars

each; assistant engineer, eight hundred and twenty dollars; eight watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, two hundred and six thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT PHILADELPHIA: For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; cashier and chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; paying teller, two thousand three hundred dollars; coin and paying teller, two thousand dollars; bond and authorities clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; vault clerk, one thousand nine hundred dollars; bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assorting teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; redemption teller, one thousand six hundred dollars; receiving teller, one thousand seven hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; three clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; clerk, one thousand three hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; superintendent messenger and chief watchman, one thousand one hundred dollars; five counters, at nine hundred dollars each; seven watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, forty-four thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Philadelphia.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT SAINT LOUIS: For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; cashier and chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; first teller, two thousand dollars; second teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; third teller, one thousand six hundred dollars; fourth teller, one thousand two hundred dollars; assorting teller, one thousand eight hundred dollars; coin teller, one thousand two hundred dollars; bookkeeper, one thousand five hundred dollars; three assistant bookkeepers, and three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; assistant coin teller, stenographer and typewriter, and clerk, at one thousand dollars each; three day watchmen and coin counters, at nine hundred dollars each; night watchman, seven hundred and twenty dollars; and janitor, six hundred dollars; in all, thirty-two thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

Saint Louis.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT TREASURER AT SAN FRANCISCO: For assistant treasurer, four thousand five hundred dollars; cashier, three thousand dollars; bookkeeper, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; assistant cashier, receiving teller, and assistant bookkeeper, at two thousand dollars each; coin teller, and one clerk, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; messenger, eight hundred and forty dollars; and four watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, twenty-seven thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

San Francisco.

For salaries of special agents, and for actual expenses of examiners detailed to examine the books, accounts, and money on hand at the several subtreasuries and depositories, including national banks acting as depositories under the requirements of section thirty-six hundred and forty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States, also including examinations of cash accounts at mints, three thousand dollars.

Special agents, examination of depositories, etc.

For paper for interest, transfer, redemption, pension, and other checks and drafts for the use of the Treasurer of the United States, assistant treasurers, pension agents, disbursing officers, and others, nine thousand dollars.

Paper for checks.

MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.

MINT AT CARSON, NEVADA: For assayer in charge, who shall also perform the duties of melter, two thousand dollars; assistant assayer, and one clerk, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; in all, five thousand dollars.

Mints and assay offices.

Carson.

For wages of workmen and watchmen, five thousand six hundred dollars.

Wages.

Contingent expenses. For incidental and contingent expenses, two thousand two hundred dollars.

Denver. MINT AT DENVER, COLORADO: For assayer in charge, three thousand dollars; melter, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; weigh clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; two calculating clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; in all, fifteen thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Wages. For wages of workmen, twenty-two thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses. For incidental and contingent expenses, six thousand five hundred dollars.

Assay office to continue until coinage mint is established.
Vol. 28, p. 673.

Until the mint and assay office at Denver shall become a coinage mint in accordance with law, the present mint shall be continued as an assay office, and the business now transacted at said mint shall be continued therein, and the appropriations heretofore and herein made shall be applicable to such mint.

New Orleans. MINT AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA: For superintendent, three thousand five hundred dollars; assayer, melter and refiner, and coiner, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; cashier, and chief clerk, at two thousand dollars each; assistant assayer, assistant melter and refiner, and assistant coiner, at one thousand nine hundred dollars each; abstract clerk, bookkeeper, weigh clerk, and assayer's computation clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; register of deposits, warrant clerk, and assistant weigh clerk, at one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; cashier's clerk, one thousand one hundred dollars; in all, thirty-one thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

Wages. For wages of workmen and adjusters, twenty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses. For incidental and contingent expenses, including wastage of operative officers and loss of gold contained in sweeps sold, and for machinery and repairs, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Philadelphia. MINT AT PHILADELPHIA: For superintendent, four thousand five hundred dollars; assayer, melter and refiner, coiner, and engraver, at three thousand dollars each; assistant assayer, assistant melter and refiner, and assistant coiner, at two thousand dollars each; cashier, and bookkeeper, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; abstract clerk, and weigh clerk, at two thousand dollars each; cashier's clerk, warrant clerk, and register of deposits, at one thousand seven hundred dollars each; assistant weigh clerk, and assayer's computation clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; in all, forty-two thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

Wages. For wages of workmen and adjusters, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses. For incidental and contingent expenses, including new machinery and repairs, expenses annual assay commission, melters' and refiners' wastage, and loss on sale of sweeps arising from the manufacture of ingots for coinage, and wastage and loss on sale of coiners' sweeps, and purchase not exceeding five hundred dollars in value of specimen coins and ores for the cabinet of the mint, one hundred thousand dollars.

San Francisco. MINT AT SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: For superintendent, four thousand five hundred dollars; assayer, melter and refiner, and coiner, at three thousand dollars each; chief clerk, and cashier, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; bookkeeper, abstract clerk, warrant clerk, assistant assayer, assistant melter and refiner, assistant coiner, weigh clerk, and register of deposits, at two thousand dollars each; cashier's clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assayer's computation clerk, assistant weigh clerk, and superintendent's calculating

clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; in all, forty-one thousand one hundred dollars.

For wages of workmen and adjusters, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars. Wages.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including new machinery, melter and refiners' wastage, and loss on sale of sweeps, arising from the manufacture of ingots for coinage, and wastage of, and loss on sale of, coiners' sweeps, sixty thousand dollars. Contingent expenses.

ASSAY OFFICE AT BOISE, IDAHO: For assayer, who shall also perform the duties of melter, two thousand dollars; chief clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; in all, three thousand four hundred dollars. Boise.

For wages of workmen, eight thousand three hundred dollars. Wages.

For incidental and contingent expenses, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars. Contingent expenses.

ASSAY OFFICE AT CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA: For assayer and melter, one thousand five hundred dollars; assistant assayer, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; in all, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars. Charlotte.

For wages of workmen, one thousand and eighty dollars. Wages.

For incidental and contingent expenses, nine hundred and twenty dollars. Contingent expenses.

ASSAY OFFICE AT DEADWOOD, SOUTH DAKOTA: For assayer in charge, who shall also perform the duties of melter, two thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, three thousand two hundred dollars. Deadwood.

For wages of workmen, three thousand seven hundred dollars. Wages.

For incidental and contingent expenses, including rent of building, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. Contingent expenses.

ASSAY OFFICE AT HELENA, MONTANA: For assayer in charge, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; in all, five thousand four hundred and fifty dollars. Helena.

For wages of workmen, fourteen thousand five hundred dollars. Wages.

For incidental and contingent expenses, four thousand dollars. Contingent expenses.

ASSAY OFFICE AT NEW YORK: For superintendent, four thousand five hundred dollars; assayer, and melter and refiner, at three thousand dollars each; chief clerk, assistant melter and refiner, and weigh clerk, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; bookkeeper, two thousand three hundred and fifty dollars; cashier, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; warrant clerk, two thousand dollars; bar clerk, abstract clerk, and assayer's computing clerk, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; assistant weigh clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; register of deposits, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; assayer's first assistant, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; assayer's second assistant, two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; assayer's third assistant, two thousand dollars; in all, thirty-nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. New York.

For wages of workmen and messengers, twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars. Wages.

For incidental and contingent expenses, ten thousand dollars. Contingent expenses.

ASSAY OFFICE AT SAINT LOUIS, MISSOURI: For assayer in charge, two thousand dollars; clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, three thousand dollars. Saint Louis.

For wages of workmen (including janitor), one thousand dollars. Wages.

For incidental and contingent expenses, seven hundred and fifty dollars. Contingent expenses.

ASSAY OFFICE AT SEATTLE, WASHINGTON: For assayer in charge, who shall also perform the duties of melter, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dol- Seattle.

lars; one clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, ten thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Wages. For wages for workmen and assistants, twenty-seven thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses. For incidental and contingent expenses, including rent of building, nine thousand dollars.

Territories.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES.

Alaska. TERRITORY OF ALASKA: For governor, five thousand dollars; three judges, at five thousand dollars each; three attorneys, at three thousand dollars each; three marshals, at four thousand dollars each; three clerks, at three thousand five hundred dollars each; in all, fifty-one thousand five hundred dollars.

For incidental and contingent expenses of the Territory, clerk hire, stationery, lights, and fuel, to be expended under the direction of the governor, two thousand dollars.

Arizona. TERRITORY OF ARIZONA: For governor, three thousand dollars; chief justice, and three associate judges, at three thousand dollars each; secretary, one thousand eight hundred dollars; interpreter and translator in the executive office, five hundred dollars; in all, seventeen thousand three hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the governor, one thousand dollars.

For legislative expenses, namely: For rent, messenger, postage, stationery, fuel, lights, printing, and incidental expenses for secretary's office, two thousand dollars.

New Mexico. TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO: For governor, three thousand dollars; chief justice and four associate judges, at three thousand dollars each; secretary, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and interpreter and translator in the executive office, five hundred dollars; in all, twenty thousand three hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the governor, one thousand dollars.

For legislative expenses, namely: For rent, light, fuel, telephone, ice, water, stationery, record files, record casings, printing, postage, clerks, stenographer and typewriter, messenger and porter, and incidentals in secretary's office, two thousand dollars.

Oklahoma. TERRITORY OF OKLAHOMA: For governor, three thousand dollars; chief justice and six associate judges, at four thousand dollars each; and secretary, one thousand eight hundred dollars; in all, thirty-two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of the Territory, to be expended by the governor for rents, private secretary, stenographer and typewriter, and typewriter supplies, janitor, messenger, fuel, lights, stationery and printing, postage, telegrams, furniture for office, express, and other incidentals, one thousand dollars.

For legislative expenses, namely: For rent of office, furniture, fuel, lights, stationery, clerk hire, printing, postage, ice, record casings and files, messenger, porter, stenographer, typewriters, janitor, and other incidental expenses of the secretary's office, two thousand dollars:

Provided, That that portion of an Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, and for other purposes, approved April twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, which provides that the legislative assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma shall not make any appropriation or enter into any contract

Proviso.
Contract for school building, Edmond, permitted.

for a capitol building, or any other public building, shall not apply to the Territorial Normal School at Edmond, in said Territory.

TERRITORY OF HAWAII: For governor, five thousand dollars; secretary, three thousand dollars; chief justice, five thousand five hundred dollars; and two associate justices, at five thousand dollars each; in all, twenty-three thousand five hundred dollars.

Hawaii.

For judges of circuit courts, at three thousand dollars each, so much as may be necessary for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

For contingent expenses of the Territory of Hawaii, to be expended by the governor for stationery, postage, and incidentals, five hundred dollars, and for private secretary to the governor, two thousand dollars; for traveling expenses of the governor while absent from the capital on official business, five hundred dollars; in all, three thousand dollars.

TERRITORY OF PORTO RICO: For salary of the resident commissioner from Porto Rico to the United States, authorized by the Act temporarily to provide revenues and a civil government for Porto Rico, approved April twelfth, nineteen hundred, five thousand dollars; for traveling expenses, one hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents; in all, five thousand one hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents.

Porto Rico.
Vol. 31, p. 86.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

War Department.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY: For compensation of the Secretary of War, eight thousand dollars; Assistant Secretary, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, including five hundred dollars as assistant in military park and insular affairs, three thousand dollars; clerk to the Secretary, two thousand five hundred dollars; clerk to the Assistant Secretary, two thousand one hundred dollars; clerk to the chief clerk, two thousand one hundred dollars; disbursing clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; appointment clerk, two thousand dollars; four chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; superintendent of buildings, outside of State, War, and Navy Department building, in addition to compensation as chief of division, five hundred dollars; stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; librarian, one thousand eight hundred dollars; four clerks of class four; five clerks of class three; ten clerks of class two; eleven clerks of class one; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; carpenter, one thousand dollars; foreman of laborers, one thousand dollars; two carpenters, at nine hundred dollars each; four messengers; seven assistant messengers; eight laborers; hostler, six hundred dollars; two hostlers, and one watchman, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, one hundred and four thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

Pay of Secretary,
Assistant, clerks, etc.

For continuing the employment of such additional temporary force of clerks, messengers, laborers, and other assistants, rendered necessary because of increased work incident to the war with Spain, as were transferred to the classified service under the provisions of section three of the Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, and for other purposes, approved April twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, and such successors thereof, as in the judgment of the Secretary of War may be proper and necessary to the prompt, efficient, and accurate dispatch of official business in the War Department and its bureaus, and in whatever grades of the classified service they may be assigned, to be allotted by the Secretary of War to such bureaus and offices as the exigencies of the service may demand, five hundred and forty-one thousand four hundred and thirty dollars.

Additional force,
war with Spain.

Ante, p. 171.

Record and Pension Office.

RECORD AND PENSION OFFICE: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; four chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; thirty-four clerks of class four; fifty clerks of class three; seventy-seven clerks of class two; one hundred and sixty-seven clerks of class one; thirty-five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; assistant engineer, nine hundred dollars; two firemen; skilled mechanic, one thousand dollars; five messengers; thirty-five assistant messengers; messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; five watchmen; superintendent of building, two hundred and fifty dollars; and seventeen laborers; in all, five hundred and forty-three thousand nine hundred and seventy dollars; and all employees provided for by this paragraph for the Record and Pension Office of the War Department shall be exclusively engaged on the work of this office for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four: *Provided*, That under the direction of the Secretary of War the Chief of the Record and Pension Office shall compile, from such official records as are in the possession of the United States and from such other authentic records as may be obtained by loan from the various States and other official sources, a complete roster of the officers and enlisted men of the Union and Confederate armies.

Proviso.
Roster of Union and Confederate armies to be compiled.

Adjutant-General's Office.

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; clerk to the Adjutant-General, one thousand eight hundred dollars; twelve clerks of class four; fourteen clerks of class three; thirteen clerks of class two; fifty-eight clerks of class one; seven clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four messengers; eighteen assistant messengers; and three watchmen; in all, one hundred and sixty-five thousand and eighty dollars.

Inspector-General's Office.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL: For one clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; one messenger; and one assistant messenger; in all, thirteen thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

Judge-Advocate-General's Office.

OFFICE OF THE JUDGE-ADVOCATE-GENERAL: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; one clerk of class two; three clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one copyist, one messenger, and one assistant messenger; in all, fifteen thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

Signal Office.

SIGNAL OFFICE: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class one; one messenger and one laborer; in all, six thousand five hundred dollars.

Quartermaster-General's Office.

OFFICE OF THE QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; eleven clerks of class four; nine clerks of class three; twenty-three clerks of class two; thirty-nine clerks of class one; eight clerks, at one thousand dollars each; six skilled typewriters, at one thousand dollars each; experienced builder and mechanic, two thousand five hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant draftsman, one thousand six hundred dollars; two assistant draftsmen, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; civil engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant civil engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; electrical engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two inspectors of supplies for the Army, at two thousand five hundred dollars each, to be selected and appointed by the Secretary of War; four messengers; nine assistant messengers; female messenger, four hundred and eighty dollars; two laborers; in all, one hundred and fifty-nine thousand three hundred and forty dollars.

Commissary-General's Office.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSARY-GENERAL: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four; four clerks of class three; five clerks of class two; eleven clerks of class one; nine clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two assistant messengers; two laborers; in all, forty-three thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

OFFICE OF THE SURGEON-GENERAL: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; fourteen clerks of class four; eleven clerks of class three; twenty-six clerks of class two; twenty-nine clerks of class one; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; anatomist, one thousand six hundred dollars; engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; assistant engineer, for night duty, nine hundred dollars; two firemen; skilled mechanic, one thousand dollars; twelve assistant messengers; three watchmen; superintendent of building (Army Medical Museum and Library), two hundred and fifty dollars; five laborers; chemist, two thousand and eighty-eight dollars; principal assistant librarian, two thousand and eighty-eight dollars; pathologist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; microscopist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant librarian, one thousand eight hundred dollars; in all, one hundred and fifty-one thousand two hundred and sixty-six dollars.

Surgeon-General's Office.

OFFICE OF THE PAYMASTER-GENERAL: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four; five clerks of class three; seven clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; one assistant messenger; four laborers; in all, thirty-four thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

Paymaster-General's Office.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF ORDNANCE: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four; two clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; twenty clerks of class one; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two messengers; one assistant messenger; one laborer; in all, forty-one thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Ordnance Office.

That returns of ordnance property now required to be made quarterly to the Chief of Ordnance shall hereafter be made semiannually.

Returns to be made semiannually.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; five clerks of class four; four clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; four clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one assistant messenger, and two laborers; in all, thirty thousand eight hundred and forty dollars.

Engineer Office.

And the services of skilled draftsmen, civil engineers, and such other services as the Secretary of War may deem necessary, may be employed in the office of the Chief of Engineers, to carry into effect the various appropriations for rivers and harbors, fortifications, and surveys to be paid from such appropriations: *Provided*, That the expenditures on this account for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, shall not exceed eighty thousand dollars; and that the Secretary of War shall each year, in the annual estimates, report to Congress the number of persons so employed and the amount paid to each.

Draftsmen, etc.

Proviso. Limit, etc.

FOR CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE WAR DEPARTMENT AND ITS BUREAUS AND OFFICES, NAMELY: For purchase of professional and scientific books, law books, books of reference, periodicals, blank books, pamphlets, newspapers, maps; furniture and repairs to same; carpets, matting, oilcloth, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges, fuel, gas, and heating apparatus for and repairs to the buildings (outside of the State, War, and Navy Department building) occupied by the Adjutant-General's Office, the Surgeon-General's Office, Record and Pension Office, Paymaster-General's and Ordnance offices, Signal Office and building for signal stores and supplies, the depot quartermaster's office, and the other offices of the War Department and its bureaus located in the Lemon Building; expenses of horses and wagons to be used only for official purposes; freight and express charges, temporary labor not to exceed one thousand dollars, and other absolutely necessary expenses, fifty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For stationery for the War Department and its bureaus and offices, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Stationery.

For rent of buildings for use of the War Department as follows: For medical dispensary, Surgeon-General's Office, one thousand dollars; for Ordnance and Signal offices, two thousand one hundred dol-

Rent.

lars; for depot quartermaster's office, three thousand dollars; for War Department, seven thousand two hundred dollars; for Record and Pension Office, two thousand three hundred dollars; and for Bureau of Insular Affairs, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, sixteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

Postage stamps.

For postage stamps for the War Department and its bureaus, as required under the Postal Union, to prepay postage on matters addressed to Postal Union countries, five hundred dollars.

Public buildings and grounds.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

Clerks, messengers, etc.

OFFICE OF PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS: For one assistant engineer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class four, one clerk of class three, one messenger; landscape gardener, two thousand dollars; surveyor and draftsman, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, nine thousand five hundred and forty dollars.

Overseers, etc.

For overseers, draftsmen, copyists, foremen, gardeners, mechanics, and laborers employed in the public grounds, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Watchmen.

For one sergeant of park watchmen, nine hundred and fifty dollars. For day watchmen as follows: One in Franklin Park; one in Lafayette Park; two in Smithsonian grounds; one in Judiciary Park; one in Lincoln Park and adjacent reservations; one at Iowa Circle; one at Thomas Circle and neighboring reservations; one at Washington Circle and neighboring reservations; one at Dupont Circle and neighboring reservations; one at McPherson and Farragut parks; one at Stanton Park and neighboring reservations; two at Henry and Seaton parks; one at Mount Vernon Park and adjacent reservations; one for the greenhouses and nursery; two at grounds south of Executive Mansion; one at Garfield Park; one at Monument Park; one at Monument Park Annex (Potomac Park); twenty-one in all, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, fifteen thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

For night watchmen as follows: Two in Smithsonian grounds; one in Judiciary Park; two in Henry and Seaton parks; one in grounds south of Executive Mansion; one in Monument Park; one at Monument Park Annex (Potomac Park); two in Garfield Park; ten in all, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, seven thousand two hundred dollars.

Wakefield, Va.

For watchman for the care of the monument and dock at Wakefield, Virginia, the birthplace of Washington, three hundred dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent and incidental expenses, including purchase of professional and scientific books and periodicals, books of reference, blank books, photographs, and maps, seven hundred dollars.

Payment from District revenues.

Of the foregoing amounts appropriated under Public Buildings and Grounds the sum of twenty-nine thousand one hundred and thirty-five dollars shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of Columbia.

State, War, and Navy Department building.

STATE, WAR, AND NAVY DEPARTMENT BUILDING.

Clerk, engineers, watchmen, etc.

Office of the superintendent: For one clerk of class one; stenographer and typewriter, nine hundred dollars; chief engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; nine assistant engineers, at one thousand dollars each; captain of the watch, one thousand two hundred dollars; two lieutenants of the watch, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; fifty-eight watchmen; carpenter, one thousand dollars; electrician, one thousand dollars; plumber, three machinists, and painter, at nine hundred dollars each; four skilled laborers, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; twenty-nine firemen; ten conductors of elevators, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; nineteen laborers; eighty-one charwomen; one gardener, seven hundred and twenty dollars; and two

telephone operators, at six hundred dollars each; in all, one hundred and twenty-eight thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

For fuel, lights, repairs, and miscellaneous items and city directories, thirty-six thousand five hundred dollars.

Fuel, lights, etc.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Navy Department.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY: For compensation of the Secretary of the Navy, eight thousand dollars; Assistant Secretary of the Navy, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, three thousand dollars; clerk to Secretary, two thousand five hundred dollars; disbursing clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; four clerks of class four; stenographer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; four clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; telegraph operator, one thousand dollars; carpenter, nine hundred dollars; four messengers; four assistant messengers; four laborers; in all, fifty-one thousand two hundred and thirty dollars.

Pay of Secretary Assistant, clerks, etc.

The Secretary of the Navy is authorized and directed to submit in the regular annual estimates for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and five estimates in detail for all clerks and other employees engaged upon and necessary for, at the time of preparing such estimates, the conduct of the regular and permanent work of the Department, and who are paid out of appropriations for "Increase of the Navy" or other general appropriations the rates of compensation under said estimates not to exceed the rate of compensation then actually being paid. The Secretary of the Navy shall also submit an estimate for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and five of the amount that in his judgment should be authorized to be used out of appropriations for "Increase of the Navy" or other general appropriations under the naval establishment for emergency, clerical, or other services that may, in his judgment, be requisite in the Department in executing the purposes of said appropriations.

Estimate to be submitted for clerks, etc., on increase of the Navy.

For the following, for service in fireproof building authorized to be rented for use of the Navy Department, namely: Assistant engineer, one thousand dollars; four firemen; two elevator conductors, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; ten charwomen; four laborers; five watchmen; and one plumber, nine hundred dollars; in all, fourteen thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars.

Extra force, care of rented building.

LIBRARY OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT: For one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; one assistant messenger; one laborer; in all, three thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

Library.

OFFICE OF NAVAL RECORDS OF THE REBELLION: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; one agent, to be selected by the Secretary of the Navy from the officers of the late Confederate Navy, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two copyists; two copyists, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; necessary traveling expenses for collection of records, one hundred dollars; in all, sixteen thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

Naval Records of the Rebellion.

For continuing the publication of an edition of eleven thousand copies of the Official Records of the Union and Confederate Navies in the War of the Rebellion, in accordance with the plan approved by the Secretary of the Navy under the Act of Congress approved July thirty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, and for the purpose of making such maps and illustrations as relate to the work, thirty-one thousand five hundred dollars.

Continuing publication.

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JUDGE-ADVOCATE-GENERAL, UNITED STATES NAVY: For a solicitor, to be an assistant to the Judge-Advocate of the Navy, and to perform the duties of that officer in case of his death, resignation, absence, or

Judge-Advocate General's Office.

sickness, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; and one assistant messenger; in all, fourteen thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

Bureau of Navigation.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; three clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; four clerks of class one; six clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two copyists; twenty copyists, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; three copyists, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; three assistant messengers; and four laborers; in all, fifty thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

Naval Intelligence Office.

OFFICE OF NAVAL INTELLIGENCE: For one clerk of class four; one clerk of class two; one translator, one thousand four hundred dollars; one assistant draftsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; and one laborer; in all, nine thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

Bureau of Equipment.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; draftsman, who shall be an expert in marine construction, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; electrical expert and draftsman, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; draftsman for work in connection with depots for coal, one thousand two hundred dollars; one copyist; one assistant messenger; one messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; and one laborer; in all, thirteen thousand eight hundred and forty dollars.

Hydrographic Office.

HYDROGRAPHIC OFFICE: For two clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one assistant messenger; one watchman; in all, five thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Services.

For hydrographic engineer, draftsmen, engravers, assistants, nautical experts, computers, lithographers, custodian of archives, compiler, copyists, copperplate printers, apprentices, helpers, chart moulder, feed pressman, electrotyper, and laborers in the Hydrographic Office, ninety-six thousand six hundred and eighteen dollars.

Materials.

For purchase of copperplates, steel plates, chart paper, packing boxes, chart portfolios, electrotyping copperplates; cleaning copperplates; tools, instruments, power, and materials for drawing, engraving, and printing; materials for and mounting charts; reduction of charts by photography; photolithographing charts for immediate use; transfer of photolithographic and other charts to copper; care and repairs to printing presses, furniture, instruments, and tools; extra drawing and engraving; translating from foreign languages; telegrams on public business; the preparation of the Pilot Chart and supplements, and the printing and mailing of the same; and purchase of data for charts and sailing directions and other nautical publications; works and periodicals relating to hydrography, marine meteorology, navigation, surveying, oceanography, and terrestrial magnetism, seven thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

Contingent expenses of branch offices at Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk, Savannah, New Orleans, San Francisco, Portland (Oregon), Portland (Maine), Chicago, Cleveland, Port Townsend, Buffalo, Duluth, Saulte Sainte Marie, and Galveston, including furniture, fuel, lights, rent and care of offices, car fare and ferriage in visiting merchant vessels, freight and express charges, telegrams, and other necessary expenses incurred in collecting the latest information for the Pilot Chart, and for other purposes for which the offices were established, thirty thousand five hundred dollars.

Monthly Pilot Chart, Pacific Ocean.

For a monthly Pilot Chart of the North Pacific Ocean, showing graphically the matters of value and interest to the maritime community of the Pacific coast, and particularly the directions and forces

of the winds to be expected during the month succeeding the date of issue; the set and strength of the currents; the feeding grounds of whales and seals; the regions of storm, fog, and ice; the positions of derelicts and floating obstructions to navigation; and the best routes to be followed by steam and by sail; including the expenses of communicating and circulating information; lithographing and engraving; the purchase of materials for, and printing and mailing the chart, two thousand dollars.

For one electrotyping plant for use in electrotyping engraved chart plates, eight hundred dollars.

Electrotyping plant.

No expenditure shall be incurred or authorized for personal services or otherwise under the Hydrographic Office at Washington, District of Columbia, during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four except as herein authorized by appropriations under the Navy Department or under appropriations that may be made for printing and binding.

Personal services.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY: For pay of three assistant astronomers, one at two thousand dollars, and two at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class two; instrument maker, one thousand five hundred dollars; electrician, one thousand five hundred dollars; photographer, one thousand two hundred dollars; five computers at one thousand two hundred dollars each; librarian, one thousand four hundred dollars; stenographer and typewriter, nine hundred dollars; foreman and captain of the watch, one thousand dollars; carpenter, and engineer, at one thousand dollars each; assistant on equatorial, one thousand dollars; assistant in spectroscopic work, one thousand dollars; three firemen; six watchmen; elevator conductor, seven hundred and twenty dollars; and nine laborers; in all, thirty-nine thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Naval Observatory.

For miscellaneous computations, four thousand dollars.

Computations.

For professional and scientific books, periodicals, engravings, photographs, and fixtures for the library, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Books, etc.

For apparatus and instruments, and for repairs of the same, two thousand dollars.

Apparatus.

For repairs to buildings, fixtures, and fences, furniture, gas, chemicals, and stationery, freight (including transmission of public documents through the Smithsonian exchange), foreign postage, and expressage, plants, fertilizers, and all contingent expenses, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For fuel, oil, grease, tools, pipe, wire, and other materials needed for the maintenance and repair of boilers, engines, heating apparatus, electric lighting and power plant, and water-supply system; purchase and maintenance of teams; material for boxing nautical instruments for transportation; paints, telegraph and telephone service, and incidental labor, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Miscellaneous.

NAUTICAL ALMANAC OFFICE: For the following assistants, in preparing for publication the American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac, namely: Three, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; two, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; three, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two, at one thousand dollars each; one copyist and typewriter, nine hundred dollars; one assistant messenger; and one messenger boy, four hundred and twenty dollars; in all, fifteen thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

Nautical Almanac Office.

For pay of computers on piecework in preparing for publication the American Ephemeris and Nautical Almanac and improving the tables of the planets, moon, and stars, seven thousand dollars.

Computers.

BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; one assistant messenger; two laborers; draftsman, one thousand four hundred dollars; assistant draftsman, one thousand two

Bureau of Steam Engineering.

hundred dollars; stenographer and typewriter, one thousand dollars; stenographer and typewriter, nine hundred dollars; in all, twelve thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

Bureau of Construction and Repair.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; three clerks of class three; assistant draftsman, one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks of class one; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, eleven thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

Bureau of Ordnance.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; ordnance engineer, mechanical draftsman, and computer, three thousand dollars; draftsman, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant draftsman, one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks of class two; two clerks of class one; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, fourteen thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars.

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS: For a civilian assistant, who shall perform the duties of chief clerk, and in case of the death, resignation, sickness, or absence of both the Paymaster-General of the Navy and his assistant, now provided for by law, unless otherwise directed by the President, as provided by section one hundred and seventy-nine, Revised Statutes, such civilian assistant shall become the acting chief of the Bureau, two thousand five hundred dollars; three clerks of class four; six clerks of class three; two clerks of class two; two stenographers, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; eleven clerks of class one; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one assistant messenger; one messenger boy, four hundred and twenty dollars; and one laborer; in all, forty-three thousand one hundred dollars.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; two copyists, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; one laborer; driver for Naval Dispensary and janitor, six hundred dollars, and one laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars (for Naval Dispensary); in all, twelve thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

Bureau of Yards and Docks.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; draftsman and clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; two clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, ten thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars.

Contingent expenses.

FOR CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT, NAMELY: For professional and technical books and periodicals for Department library, two thousand dollars.

Books, etc.

Stationery, furniture, etc.

For stationery, furniture, newspapers, plans, drawings, drawing materials, horses and wagons to be used only for official purposes, freight, expressage, postage, and other absolutely necessary expenses of the Navy Department and its various bureaus and offices, twelve thousand dollars.

Expenses of removing furniture, etc.

For removing machinery, furniture, and office fittings to the building situated on the southwest corner of Pennsylvania avenue and Seventeenth street northwest, for purchase of additional furniture and office fittings, and for labor, truck hire, and expenses incidental to such removal, and for such repairs as may be necessary, to be expended by the Secretary of the Navy, five thousand dollars.

Rent.

For the rental of a suitable fireproof building, containing not less than, approximately, sixty thousand square feet of floor space, twenty-four thousand five hundred dollars.

Fuel and light, rented building.

For fuel and light for fireproof building authorized to be rented for the Navy Department, four thousand seven hundred dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY: For compensation of the Secretary of the Interior, eight thousand dollars; First Assistant Secretary, four thousand five hundred dollars, and for additional compensation while the office is held by the present incumbent, one thousand five hundred dollars; Assistant Secretary, four thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars, and five hundred dollars additional as superintendent of the Patent Office building and other buildings of the Department of the Interior; additional to one member of Board of Pension Appeals, acting as chief of the board, five hundred dollars; nine members of a Board of Pension Appeals, to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, at two thousand dollars each; twenty additional members of the Board of Pension Appeals, to be selected and appointed by the Secretary of the Interior from persons not now or heretofore employed in the Pension Office and without compliance with the conditions prescribed by the Act entitled "An Act to regulate and improve the civil service," approved January sixteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, at two thousand dollars each; three additional members of said Board of Pension Appeals, to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior and to be selected from the force of the Pension Office, at two thousand dollars each; special land inspector, connected with the administration of the public-land service, to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior and to be subject to his direction, two thousand five hundred dollars; four special inspectors, Department of the Interior, to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior and to be subject to his direction, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; clerk in charge of documents, two thousand one hundred dollars; custodian, who shall give bond in such sum as the Secretary of the Interior may determine, two thousand one hundred dollars; seven clerks, chiefs of division, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each, one of whom shall be disbursing clerk; four clerks, at two thousand dollars each; private secretary to the Secretary of the Interior, two thousand five hundred dollars; fourteen clerks of class four; fourteen clerks of class three; eighteen clerks of class two; twenty-eight clerks of class one, two of whom shall be stenographers or typewriters; returns office clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; female clerk, to be designated by the President, to sign land patents, one thousand two hundred dollars; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; eight copyists; two copyists or typewriters, at nine hundred dollars each; telephone operator, nine hundred dollars; three messengers; six assistant messengers; fifteen laborers; two skilled mechanics, one at nine hundred dollars and one at seven hundred and twenty dollars; two carpenters, at nine hundred dollars each; plumber, nine hundred dollars; electrician, one thousand dollars; one laborer, six hundred dollars; six laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; one packer, six hundred and sixty dollars; two conductors of elevator, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; four charwomen; captain of the watch, one thousand dollars; forty watchmen; additional to two watchmen acting as lieutenants of watchmen, at one hundred and twenty dollars each; engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant engineer, one thousand dollars; and seven firemen; in all, three hundred and eighteen thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars.

For pay of one clerk, to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, to sign, under the direction of the Secretary, in his name and for him, his approval of all tribal deeds to allottees and deeds for town lots made and executed according to law for any of the Five Civilized

Interior Department.

Pay of Secretary, Assistants, clerks, etc.

Board of Pension Appeals.

Additional members.

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Land inspector.

Special inspectors.

Clerks, etc.

Messengers, etc.

Clerk to sign approval of tribal deeds.

Tribes of Indians in the Indian Territory, one thousand two hundred dollars, to be immediately available.

Additional employ-
ees, old Post-Office
Department building.

For additional employees, for the proper protection, heating, care, and preservation of the old Post-Office Department building, occupied by the Department of the Interior, namely: One engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; one assistant engineer, one thousand dollars; four firemen; three watchmen, acting as lieutenants, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; twenty watchmen; conductor of elevator, seven hundred and twenty dollars; fourteen laborers; ten laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; three skilled mechanics (painter, carpenter, and plumber), at nine hundred dollars each; in all, thirty-nine thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Census clerk, etc.

For a clerk of class four, to act as census clerk, and for rent, salaries, heat, and light incident to the proper care and preservation of the records of the Eleventh and previous censuses, six thousand eight hundred dollars.

Assistant Attorney-
General's office.

OFFICE OF ASSISTANT ATTORNEY-GENERAL: For assistant attorney, three thousand dollars; assistant attorney, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; three assistant attorneys, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; four assistant attorneys, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; ten assistant attorneys, at two thousand dollars each; four clerks of class three, one of whom shall act as stenographer and one of whom shall be a stenographer and typewriter; one clerk of class one; in all, forty-nine thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Per diem, etc.
Land inspectors.

For per diem in lieu of subsistence of one special land inspector connected with the administration of the public-land service, while traveling on duty, at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual necessary expenses of transportation (including temporary employment of stenographers, typewriters, and other assistance outside of the District of Columbia, and for incidental expenditures necessary to the efficient conduct of examinations, two thousand dollars), to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

For per diem in lieu of subsistence of four special inspectors, Department of the Interior, while traveling on duty, at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual necessary expenses of transportation (including temporary employment of stenographers, typewriters, and other assistance outside of the District of Columbia, and for incidental expenditures necessary to the efficient conduct of examinations), to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, eight thousand dollars.

General Land Of-
fice.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE: For the Commissioner of the General Land Office, five thousand dollars; Assistant Commissioner, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who shall be authorized to sign such letters, papers, and documents, and to perform such other duties as may be directed by the Commissioner, and shall act as Commissioner in the absence of that officer or in case of a vacancy in the office of Commissioner, three thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; two law clerks, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; three inspectors of surveyors-general and district land offices, at two thousand dollars each; recorder, two thousand dollars; eleven chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; two law examiners, at two thousand dollars each; ten principal examiners of land claims and contests, at two thousand dollars each; thirty-four clerks of class four; sixty clerks of class three; sixty-three clerks of class two; sixty-five clerks of class one; fifty-eight clerks, at one thousand dollars each; sixty-four copyists; two messengers; ten assistant messengers; twenty-

three laborers; one packer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one depositary acting for the Commissioner as receiver of public moneys and also as confidential secretary, two thousand dollars; librarian for the law library of the General Land Office, to be selected by the Secretary of the Interior wholly with reference to his special fitness for such work, one thousand dollars; in all, five hundred and thirty-five thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars.

For per diem in lieu of subsistence of inspectors and of clerks detailed to investigate fraudulent land entries, trespasses on the public lands, and cases of official misconduct, while traveling on duty, at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual necessary expenses of transportation, including necessary sleeping-car fares, and for employment of stenographers and other assistants when necessary to the efficient conduct of examinations, and when authorized by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, seven thousand dollars.

Per diem, etc., investigations.

For law books for the law library of the General Land Office, two hundred dollars.

Law books.

For connected and separate United States and other maps prepared in the General Land Office, nineteen thousand one hundred and sixty dollars: *Provided*, That of the United States maps procured hereunder seven thousand two hundred copies shall be delivered to the Senate and fourteen thousand four hundred copies shall be delivered to the House of Representatives, and the residue shall be delivered to the Secretary of the Interior for distribution. And all maps delivered to the Senate and House of Representatives hereunder shall be mounted with rollers ready for use.

Maps.

Proviso.
Distribution.

MINE INSPECTORS: For salaries of two mine inspectors, authorized by the Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, for the protection of the lives of miners in the Territories, at two thousand dollars per annum each, four thousand dollars.

Mine inspectors.
Vol. 26, p. 1104.

For per diem, subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, in lieu of subsistence at a rate not exceeding three dollars per day each, while absent from their homes on duty, and for actual necessary traveling expenses of said inspectors, including necessary sleeping-car fares, three thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

Expenses.

INDIAN OFFICE: For the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, five thousand dollars; Assistant Commissioner, who shall also perform the duties of chief clerk, three thousand dollars; financial clerk, two thousand dollars; two chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; principal bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; four clerks of class four; fifteen clerks of class three; stenographer, one thousand six hundred dollars; stenographer, one thousand four hundred dollars; twelve clerks of class two; draftsman, one thousand six hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand five hundred dollars; architect, one thousand five hundred dollars; twenty-seven clerks of class one; fifteen clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars, and one stenographer and one clerk, at one thousand dollars each, to superintendent of Indian schools; sixteen copyists; one messenger; four assistant messengers; three laborers; messenger boy, three hundred and sixty dollars; and four charwomen; in all, one hundred and forty-three thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

Indian Office.

For the following clerks now employed and paid from the appropriation for the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians, namely, two clerks of class four; one clerk of class three; six clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; and one clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, fifteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

Allotment in severalty clerks.

For the following clerks now employed and paid from the appropriation for continuing the work of transferring the Indian depre-

Indian deprecation claims clerks.

tion claims from the Office of Indian Affairs to the Court of Claims, namely, for three clerks of class one, and one clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, four thousand six hundred dollars.

Pension Office.

PENSION OFFICE: For the Commissioner of Pensions, five thousand dollars; First Deputy Commissioner, three thousand six hundred dollars; Second Deputy Commissioner, three thousand six hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; assistant chief clerk, two thousand dollars; medical referee, three thousand dollars; assistant medical referee, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; two qualified surgeons who shall be experts in their profession, at two thousand dollars each; thirty-eight medical examiners who shall be surgeons of education, skill, and experience in their profession, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; ten chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; law clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; chief of board of review, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; fifty-seven principal examiners, at two thousand dollars each; twenty assistant chiefs of division, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; three stenographers, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; seventy clerks of class four; eighty-five clerks of class three; three hundred and twenty-nine clerks of class two; three hundred and ninety-nine clerks of class one; two hundred and fifty clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one hundred and forty-five copyists; superintendent of building, one thousand four hundred dollars; two engineers; at one thousand two hundred dollars each; three firemen; thirty-three messengers; twelve assistant messengers; twenty messenger boys, at four hundred dollars each; forty-five laborers; ten female laborers, at four hundred dollars each; fifteen charwomen; one painter, skilled in his trade, nine hundred dollars; one cabinetmaker, skilled in his trade, nine hundred dollars; captain of the watch, eight hundred and forty dollars; three sergeants of the watch, at seven hundred and fifty dollars each; twenty watchmen; in all, one million nine hundred and sixty-two thousand two hundred and ten dollars.

Per diem, etc., investigations.

For per diem, when absent from home and traveling on duty outside the District of Columbia, for special examiners, or other persons employed in the Bureau of Pensions, detailed for the purpose of making special investigations pertaining to said Bureau, in lieu of expenses for subsistence, not exceeding three dollars per day, and for actual and necessary expenses for transportation and assistance, and any other necessary expenses, including telegrams, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That two special examiners or clerks detailed and acting as chief and assistant chief of the division of special examiners may be allowed, from this appropriation, in addition to their salaries and in lieu of per diem and all expenses for subsistence, a sum sufficient to make their annual compensation two thousand dollars and one thousand eight hundred dollars, respectively, and whenever it may be necessary for either of them to travel on official business outside the District of Columbia by special direction of the Commissioner, he shall receive the same allowance in lieu of subsistence and for transportation as is herein provided for special examiners and detailed clerks engaged in field service; and the Secretary of the Interior shall so apportion the sum herein appropriated as to prevent a deficiency therein.

Proviso.
Chief and assistant special examiners.

Additional special examiners.

For an additional force of one hundred and fifty special examiners for one year, at a salary of one thousand three hundred dollars each, one hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars, and no person so appointed shall be employed in the State from which he is appointed; and any of those now employed in the Pension Office or as special examiners may be reappointed if they be found to be qualified.

Patent Office.

PATENT OFFICE: For the Commissioner of Patents, five thousand dollars; Assistant Commissioner, who shall perform such duties per-

taining to the office of Commissioner as may be assigned to him by the Commissioner, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; two law clerks, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; three examiners in chief, at three thousand dollars each; examiner of interferences, two thousand five hundred dollars; thirty-nine principal examiners, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; forty-two first assistant examiners, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; fifty second assistant examiners, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; sixty-one third assistant examiners, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; seventy fourth assistant examiners, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; financial clerk, who shall give bonds in such amount as the Secretary of the Interior may determine, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; librarian, two thousand dollars; three chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each; three assistant chiefs of division, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; seven clerks of class four, one of whom shall act as application clerk; machinist, one thousand six hundred dollars; seven clerks of class three, one of whom shall be translator of languages; fourteen clerks of class two; fifty-seven clerks of class one; skilled laborer, one thousand two hundred dollars; three skilled draftsmen, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; four draftsmen, at one thousand dollars each; twenty-seven permanent clerks, at one thousand dollars each; messenger and property clerk, one thousand dollars; five model attendants, at one thousand dollars each; ten model attendants, at eight hundred dollars each; one hundred and six copyists, seven of whom may be copyists of drawings; thirty-one copyists, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; three messengers; twenty-six assistant messengers; fifty-one laborers, at six hundred dollars each; fifty laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; thirty-nine messenger boys, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; in all, eight hundred and thirty-five thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

For purchase of professional and scientific books and expenses of transporting publications of patents issued by the Patent Office to foreign governments, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Books.

For purchase of law books, five hundred dollars.

For producing the Official Gazette, including weekly, monthly, quarterly, and annual indexes therefor, exclusive of expired patents, one hundred thousand dollars.

Official Gazette.

For producing copies of drawings of the weekly issues of patents; for producing copies of designs, trade-marks, and pending applications; and for the reproduction of exhausted copies of drawings and specifications; said work referred to in this and the preceding paragraph to be done as provided by the "Act providing for the public printing and binding and for the distribution of public documents:"

Copies of drawings, etc.

Vol 28, p. 620.

Provided, That the entire work may be done at the Government Printing Office if, in the judgment of the Joint Committee on Printing, or if there shall be no Joint Committee, in the judgment of the Committee on Printing of either House, it shall be deemed to be for the best interests of the Government, one hundred thousand dollars.

Proviso.
Work at Government Printing Office.

For investigating the question of the public use or sale of inventions for two years or more prior to filing applications for patents, and for expenses attending defense of suits instituted against the Commissioner of Patents, two hundred and fifty dollars.

Investigating use of inventions, etc.

For the share of the United States in the expense of conducting the International Bureau at Berne, Switzerland, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

International Bureau, Berne.

BUREAU OF EDUCATION: For Commissioner of Education, three thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; statistician, one thousand eight hundred dollars; specialist in charge of land-grant college statistics, one thousand eight hundred dol-

Bureau of Education.

lars; translator, one thousand six hundred dollars; collector and compiler of statistics, two thousand four hundred dollars; specialist in foreign educational systems, one thousand eight hundred dollars; specialist in educational system, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks of class four; two clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; seven clerks of class one; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each; four copyists; two copyists, at eight hundred dollars each; copyist, seven hundred and twenty dollars; skilled laborer, eight hundred and forty dollars; one assistant messenger; two laborers; three laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; laborer, four hundred dollars; in all, fifty-two thousand nine hundred and forty dollars.

Books. For books for library, current educational periodicals, other current publications, and completing valuable sets of periodicals, two hundred and fifty dollars.

Special reports. For collecting statistics for special reports and circulars of information, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Distributing documents, etc. For the purchase, distribution, and exchange of educational documents, and for the collection, exchange, and cataloguing of educational apparatus and appliances, text-books and educational reference books, articles of school furniture and models of school buildings illustrative of foreign and domestic systems and methods of education, and for procuring anthropological instruments of precision, and for repairing the same, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Census Office. **PERMANENT CENSUS OFFICE:** For the following now authorized and paid, during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, from appropriations for the Twelfth Census, namely: For Director, six thousand dollars; four chief statisticians, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; disbursing clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; stenographer, one thousand five hundred dollars; four expert chiefs of division, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; six clerks class three; ten clerks class two; two hundred and forty-nine clerks class one; two hundred and four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; ninety copyists, at nine hundred dollars each; one clerk, seven hundred and twenty dollars; four skilled laborers, at one thousand dollars each; one skilled laborer, nine hundred dollars; one skilled laborer, eight hundred and forty dollars; one skilled laborer, seven hundred and eighty dollars; one skilled laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; ten watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; six messengers, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; thirteen assistant messengers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; fifteen unskilled laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; thirty-five charwomen, at two hundred and forty dollars each; in all, six hundred and eighty-five thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars.

Special agents. For special agents to secure information for special reports, and expenses of the same, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

Rent. For rental of quarters, twenty-six thousand six hundred dollars.

Stationery. For stationery, ten thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses. For furniture, carpets, ice, lumber, hardware, dry goods, advertising, telegraphing, expressage, horses and wagons, feed for and shoeing of horses, diagrams, awnings, shelving, file cases, file holders, office furniture, fuel, light, and other absolutely necessary expenses, fifteen thousand dollars.

Books. For purchase of law books, books of reference, periodicals, and manuscript investigation of census work in other countries, five thousand dollars.

Transcribing records. For transcript of registration records, fourteen thousand dollars.

Tabulating machines. For rent of tabulating machines, ten thousand dollars.

Superintendent of Capitol, etc. **OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE CAPITOL BUILDING AND GROUNDS:** For Superintendent of the Capitol Building and Grounds, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars;

chief electrical engineer, two thousand four hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand dollars; assistant draftsman, eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; stenographer and typewriter, one thousand two hundred dollars; compensation to disbursing clerk, one thousand dollars; one messenger; person in charge of the heating of the Supreme Court and central portion of the Capitol, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars; laborer in charge of water-closets in central portion of the Capitol, six hundred and sixty dollars; seven laborers for cleaning Rotunda, corridors, Dome, and old library portion of Capitol, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; two laborers in charge of public closets of the House of Representatives and in the terrace, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, twenty-two thousand five hundred and twenty-four dollars.

FOR CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Contingent expenses.
NAMELY: For contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary of the Interior and the bureaus, offices, and buildings of the Interior Department, including the Civil Service Commission: For furniture, carpets, ice, lumber, hardware, dry goods, advertising, telegraphing, expressage, wagons and harness, food and shoeing of horses, diagrams, awnings, constructing model and other cases, cases for drawings, file holders, repairs of cases and furniture, and other absolutely necessary expenses, including fuel and lights, ninety thousand dollars.

For stationery for the Department of the Interior and its several bureaus and offices, including the Civil Service Commission, sixty thousand dollars. Stationery.

For professional and scientific books, law books, and books to complete broken sets, periodicals, directories, and other books of reference relating to the business of the Department, one thousand dollars, of which sum two hundred and fifty dollars may be used for the Civil Service Commission. Books.

For rent of buildings for the Department of the Interior, namely: Rent.
 For the Bureau of Education, four thousand dollars; Geological Survey, twenty-seven thousand two hundred dollars; additional rooms for the engraving and printing divisions of the Geological Survey, one thousand two hundred dollars; storage of documents, two thousand dollars; Civil Service Commission, four thousand five hundred dollars; Patent Office model exhibit, thirteen thousand dollars; in all, fifty-one thousand nine hundred dollars.

For postage stamps for the Department of the Interior and its bureaus, as required under the Postal Union, to prepay postage on matter addressed to Postal Union countries, three thousand six hundred dollars. Postage stamps.

BIENNIAL REGISTER OF THE UNITED STATES: For preparation of the Official Register of the United States for nineteen hundred and three, including editing, proof reading, and indexing, five thousand dollars. Biennial Register.

SURVEYORS-GENERAL AND THEIR CLERKS.

For surveyor-general and ex officio secretary of the district of Alaska, four thousand dollars; clerks in his office, four thousand dollars; in all, eight thousand dollars. Surveyors-general, etc.
Alaska.

For rent of office for surveyor-general, pay of messenger, stationery, printing, binding, drafting instruments, books of reference for office use, furniture, fuel, lights, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of the Territory of Arizona, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, five thousand dollars; in all, seven thousand dollars. Arizona.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, fuel, light, stationery, printing, binding of records, drafting supplies, record cases, furniture, books of reference for office use, water, type-

writer, and repairs of same, and other incidental expenses, one thousand dollars.

California.

For surveyor-general of California, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, twelve thousand dollars; in all, fourteen thousand dollars.

For pay of messenger, stationery, binding records, repairing maps, repairs to locks, clocks, and typewriter, telephone, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Colorado.

For surveyor-general of the State of Colorado, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, eleven thousand five hundred dollars; in all, thirteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, stationery, binding and repairing records, furniture and repairs, muslin for mounting plats, drafting instruments, record books, ice, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, three thousand six hundred dollars.

Florida.

For surveyor-general of Florida, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, three thousand dollars.

For pay of messenger, stationery supplies, post-office box rent, books of reference for office use, printing and binding, and other incidental expenses, five hundred dollars.

Idaho.

For surveyor-general of Idaho, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, nine thousand dollars; in all, eleven thousand dollars.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, stationery, binding, printing, fuel, light, drafting instruments, post-office box rent, furniture, typewriters, ice, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Louisiana.

For surveyor-general of Louisiana, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, seven thousand dollars; in all, eight thousand eight hundred dollars.

For messenger, stationery, binding records, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand dollars.

Minnesota.

For surveyor-general of Minnesota, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, four thousand three hundred dollars.

For pay of messenger, stationery, printing, binding, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, five hundred dollars.

Montana.

For surveyor-general of Montana, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, eleven thousand dollars; in all, thirteen thousand dollars.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, lights, post-office box rent, ice, stationery, printing, binding, furniture, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Nevada.

For surveyor-general of Nevada, one thousand eight hundred dollars; and for the clerks in his office, three thousand dollars; in all, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, fuel, light, stationery, post-office box rent, draftsmen's requisites, binding records, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, five hundred dollars.

New Mexico.

For surveyor-general of the Territory of New Mexico, two thousand dollars; and for clerks in his office, ten thousand dollars; in all, twelve thousand dollars.

For pay of messenger, stationery, printing, drafting instruments,

drawing paper, binding records, telephone, registration of letters, post-office box rent, towels, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand dollars.

For surveyor-general of North Dakota, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, five thousand five hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

North Dakota.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, stationery, printing, binding, lights, ice, post-office box rent, repairs, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of Oregon, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, seven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; in all, nine thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Oregon.

For pay of messenger, stationery, record books, towels, binding, post-office box rent, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand dollars.

For surveyor-general of South Dakota, two thousand dollars; and for clerks in his office, five thousand dollars; in all, seven thousand dollars.

South Dakota.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messengers, stationery, drafting instruments, fuel, binding records, furniture, post-office box rent, typewriter repairs, ice, towels, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of Utah, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, nine thousand dollars; in all, eleven thousand dollars.

Utah.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, stationery, binding records, printing, drafting instruments, furniture, post-office box rent, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For surveyor-general of Washington, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, nine thousand dollars; in all, eleven thousand dollars.

Washington.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, furniture, stationery, binding records, record books, blanks, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, two thousand dollars.

For surveyor-general of Wyoming, two thousand dollars; and for the clerks in his office, six thousand nine hundred dollars; in all, eight thousand nine hundred dollars.

Wyoming.

For rent of office for the surveyor-general, pay of messenger, stationery and supplies, lights, ice, post-office box rent, drafting instruments, mounting maps, towels, furniture and repairs, books of reference for office use, and other incidental expenses, one thousand three hundred and fifteen dollars.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Post-Office Department.

OFFICE POSTMASTER-GENERAL: For compensation of the Postmaster-General, eight thousand dollars; chief clerk, Post-Office Department, two thousand five hundred dollars; private secretary, two thousand five hundred dollars; two stenographers, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; appointment clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk, assistant to chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; one clerk of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; curator of museum, one thousand dollars; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; one telephone operator, one thousand dollars; one messenger in charge of mails, nine hundred dollars; one messenger; one assistant messenger; page, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, thirty-six thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

Pay of Postmaster-General, clerks, etc.

Assistant Attorney-General's office.

Office of Assistant Attorney-General for the Post-Office Department: Assistant attorney, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; one assistant attorney, two thousand dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; two clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; assistant messenger; in all, thirteen thousand six hundred and seventy dollars.

First Assistant Postmaster-General, clerks, etc.

OFFICE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL: For First Assistant Postmaster-General, five thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; superintendent of the money-order system, three thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk money-order system, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; general superintendent of the free-delivery system, four thousand dollars; superintendent of city delivery service, three thousand dollars; superintendent of the Dead-Letter Office, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk of class four, who shall be chief clerk of the Dead-Letter Office; general superintendent of salaries and allowances, four thousand dollars; assistant superintendent of salaries and allowances, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; superintendent of post-office supplies, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant superintendent of post-office supplies, one thousand eight hundred dollars; chief of the correspondence division, two thousand dollars; eleven clerks of class four; twenty-five clerks of class three; thirty-two clerks of class two; forty-eight clerks of class one; forty-three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; thirty-nine clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; two messengers; six assistant messengers; thirty-four laborers; three pages, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; and six female laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, three hundred and nine thousand eight hundred dollars.

Free delivery.

Dead-Letter Office.

Salaries and allowances division.

Temporary force, war with Spain.

For continuing the employment of such additional temporary force of clerks and other employees rendered necessary because of increase of work incident to the war with Spain, as were transferred to the classified service under the provisions of section three of the legislative appropriation Act approved April twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, and as in the judgment of the Postmaster-General may be proper and necessary to the prompt, efficient, and accurate dispatch of the business in the office of the First Assistant Postmaster-General, twenty thousand dollars.

Ante, p. 171.

Rural free-delivery service.

For rural free-delivery service: Superintendent, three thousand dollars; supervisor, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; chief of board of examiners of rural carriers, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; four clerks of class four; six clerks of class three; twenty-four clerks of class two; thirty-nine clerks of class one; forty-nine clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one hundred and fourteen clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; three messengers; ten assistant messengers; five laborers; one female laborer, five hundred and forty dollars; three female laborers, at five hundred dollars each; two charwomen; in all, two hundred and sixty-nine thousand three hundred and forty dollars.

Second Assistant Postmaster-General, clerks, etc.

OFFICE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL: For Second Assistant Postmaster-General, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; superintendent of railway adjustments, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant superintendent of railway adjustments, two thousand dollars; superintendent of foreign mails, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; chief of division of inspection, two thousand dollars; chief of contract division, two thousand dollars; chief of mail equipment division, two thousand dollars; nine clerks of class four; thirty-eight clerks of class three; twenty-eight clerks of class two; stenographer, one thousand six hundred dollars; twenty-one clerks of class one; seventeen clerks, at one thousand dollars each; six clerks,

Foreign mails.

at nine hundred dollars each; messenger in charge of mails, nine hundred dollars; six assistant messengers; in all, one hundred and ninety-three thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

OFFICE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL: For Third Assistant Postmaster-General, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; superintendent postage-stamp supplies and postmasters' accounts, two thousand five hundred dollars; superintendent of system of postal finance, who shall give bond in such amount as the Postmaster-General may determine for the faithful discharge of his duties, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; superintendent of classification division, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; four special agents, classification division, at two thousand dollars each; chief of files and records division, two thousand dollars; chief of redemption division, two thousand dollars; superintendent of registry system, two thousand five hundred dollars; six assistant superintendents of registry system, at two thousand dollars each; nine clerks of class four; twenty-one clerks of class three; twenty-seven clerks of class two; forty clerks of class one; twenty-three clerks, at one thousand dollars each; six clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; messenger; five assistant messengers; nine laborers; in all, two hundred and fifteen thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

Third Assistant Postmaster-General, clerks, etc.

For per diem allowance for assistant superintendents of registry system, when actually traveling on business of the Post-Office Department, at a rate to be fixed by the Postmaster-General, not exceeding four dollars, and for other actual and necessary traveling expenses arising in connection with business of the registry system, ten thousand dollars.

Per diem, registry division.

For per diem allowance for special agents, classification division, when actually traveling on business of the Post-Office Department, at a rate to be fixed by the Postmaster-General, not exceeding four dollars, and for other actual and necessary traveling expenses arising in connection with the business of the classification division, seven thousand dollars.

Per diem, classification division.

OFFICE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL: For Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief post-office inspector, three thousand dollars; chief clerk of mail depreddations, two thousand dollars; chief of appointment division, two thousand dollars; chief of bond division, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four; twenty-one clerks of class three; twelve clerks of class two; twenty clerks of class one; stenographer, one thousand six hundred dollars; stenographer, one thousand two hundred dollars; twelve clerks, at one thousand dollars each; seven clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; page, four hundred and eighty dollars; page, three hundred and sixty dollars; one messenger; three assistant messengers; and four laborers; in all, one hundred and twenty-five thousand one hundred and eighty dollars.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General, clerks, etc.
Chief inspector.

OFFICE OF TOPOGRAPHER: For topographer, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; three skilled draftsmen, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; four skilled draftsmen, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; three skilled draftsmen, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; three skilled draftsmen, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; examiner, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk of class two; map moulder, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant map moulder, who shall be a mechanic, one thousand dollars; four copyists of maps, at nine hundred dollars each; assistant map moulder, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one assistant messenger; in all, thirty-two thousand one hundred and ninety dollars.

Topographer, draftsmen, etc.

OFFICE OF DISBURSING CLERK: Disbursing clerk and superintendent of buildings, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; bookkeeper

Disbursing clerk, etc.

and accountant, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class two; engineer, one thousand four hundred dollars; eight assistant engineers, at one thousand dollars each; electrician, one thousand four hundred dollars; two assistant electricians, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; three dynamo tenders, at nine hundred dollars each; one fireman, who shall be a blacksmith, and one fireman, who shall be a steam fitter, at nine hundred dollars each; ten elevator conductors, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one assistant messenger; fourteen firemen; ten laborers and coal passers, at five hundred dollars each; carpenter, one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant carpenter, one thousand dollars; captain of the watch, one thousand dollars; additional to two watchmen acting as lieutenants of watchmen, at one hundred and twenty dollars each; thirty-one watchmen; thirty-one laborers; plumber, and awning maker, at nine hundred dollars each; two female laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; and thirty charwomen; in all, one hundred and two thousand three hundred and thirty dollars.

Contingent expenses.

FOR CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT, namely:

For stationery and blank books, including amount necessary for the purchase of free penalty envelopes, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For fuel and repairs to heating, lighting, and power plant, including repairs to elevators, twenty-four thousand dollars.

For gas and electric lights, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For plumbing, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For telegraphing, four thousand five hundred dollars.

For painting, one thousand dollars.

For carpets and matting, including one thousand dollars for the office of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, three thousand dollars.

For furniture, including one thousand five hundred dollars for the office of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, five thousand five hundred dollars.

For furnishing a complete system of steel document and letter files for the classification division of the office of the Third Assistant Postmaster-General, two thousand eight hundred dollars.

For purchase, exchange, and keeping of horses, and repair of wagons and harness, to be used only for official purposes, one thousand three hundred dollars.

For hardware, five hundred dollars.

For miscellaneous items, including two thousand five hundred dollars for the office of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, eighteen thousand dollars, of which sum not exceeding three thousand nine hundred and eighty-five dollars may be expended for telephone service, and not exceeding nine hundred dollars, including two hundred dollars for the office of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, may be expended for law books, books of reference, railway guides, city directories, and books necessary to conduct the business of the Department.

For rent of a suitable building for storage of the files of the Post-Office Department, three thousand dollars.

Rent.

For rent of suitable buildings for the storage of post-office supplies, and for the rural free-delivery service, fourteen thousand six hundred dollars.

For rent of stable, three hundred dollars.

Postal Guide.

For the publication of copies of the Official Postal Guide, including not exceeding one thousand five hundred copies for the use of the Executive Departments, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Post-route maps.

For miscellaneous expenses in the topographer's office in the preparation and publication of the post-route maps, twenty thousand dollars.

Sale.

And the Postmaster-General may authorize the sale of post-route

maps to the public at the cost of printing and ten per centum thereof added, the proceeds of such sales to be used as a further appropriation for the preparation and publication of post-route maps, and of this amount one hundred dollars may be expended for the purchase of atlases, geographical and technical works, needed in the topographer's office.

For postage stamps for correspondence addressed abroad which is not exempt from postage under article eight of the Paris convention of the Universal Postal Union, five hundred and fifty dollars.

Postage.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Department of Justice.

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL: For compensation of the Attorney-General, eight thousand dollars; Solicitor-General, seven thousand five hundred dollars; four Assistant Attorneys-General, at five thousand dollars each; Assistant Attorney-General of the Post-Office Department, four thousand five hundred dollars; solicitor of internal revenue, four thousand five hundred dollars; solicitor for the Department of State, four thousand five hundred dollars; two assistant attorneys, at three thousand dollars each; four assistant attorneys, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; assistant attorney, two thousand dollars; assistant attorney, in charge of dockets, two thousand five hundred dollars; law clerk and examiner of titles, two thousand seven hundred dollars; chief clerk and ex officio superintendent of the building, two thousand five hundred dollars; private secretary to the Attorney-General, two thousand five hundred dollars; stenographer to the Solicitor-General, one thousand six hundred dollars; two stenographic clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; one law clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; two law clerks, at two thousand dollars each; three clerks of class four; attorney in charge of pardons, two thousand four hundred dollars; disbursing clerk, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; appointment clerk, two thousand dollars; six clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; six clerks of class one; telegraph operator and stenographer, one thousand two hundred dollars; nine copyists; one chief messenger, one thousand dollars; one messenger; seven assistant messengers; four laborers; three watchmen; engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; two conductors of the elevator, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; eight charwomen; superintendent of building, two hundred and fifty dollars; and three firemen; Division of Accounts: Chief of division of accounts, two thousand five hundred dollars; four clerks of class four; five clerks of class three; six clerks of class two; six clerks of class one; two copyists; one packer, eight hundred and forty dollars; in all, one hundred and eighty-six thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Pay of Attorney-General, Assistants, Solicitor-General, etc. Post, p. 1062.

Clerks, etc.

FOR CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, NAMELY: For furniture and repairs, one thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For books for law library of the Department, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For purchase of session laws and statutes of the States and Territories for library of Department, five hundred dollars.

For stationery, three thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous expenditures, including telegraphing, fuel, lights, foreign postage, labor, repairs of buildings, care of grounds, books of reference, periodicals, and other necessaries directly ordered by the Attorney-General, ten thousand dollars.

That for the enforcement of the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate commerce," approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and all Acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, and of the Act entitled "An Act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies," approved July second, eighteen hundred and ninety, and all Acts amendatory thereof

Enforcing trust and interstate - commerce laws. Vol. 24, p. 379; Vol. 26, p. 743; Vol. 27, p. 443. Vol. 26, p. 209.

Vol. 28, p. 570.

Post, p. 1062.

Provisos.
Exemptions for tes-
tifying.

Perjuries excepted.

Horses, etc.

Rent.

Solicitor of the
Treasury, assistant,
etc.

Department of La-
bor.

Commissioner,
clerks, etc.

Per diem, special
agents.

International Asso-
ciation for Labor Leg-
islation.

Stationery.

Books, etc.

or supplemental thereto, and sections seventy-three, seventy-four, seventy-five, and seventy-six of the Act entitled "An Act to reduce taxation, to provide revenue for the Government, and other purposes," approved August twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, to be immediately available, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not heretofore appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General in the employment of special counsel and agents of the Department of Justice to conduct proceedings, suits, and prosecutions under said Acts in the courts of the United States: *Provided*, That no person shall be prosecuted or be subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which he may testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, in any proceeding, suit, or prosecution under said Acts: *Provided further*, That no person so testifying shall be exempt from prosecution or punishment for perjury committed in so testifying.

For official transportation, including purchase, keep, and shoeing of animals, and purchase and repairs of wagons and harness, three thousand dollars.

For the rent of buildings and parts of buildings in the District of Columbia used by the Department of Justice, twenty thousand four hundred dollars.

OFFICE OF THE SOLICITOR OF THE TREASURY: For Solicitor of the Treasury, four thousand five hundred dollars; assistant solicitor, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand dollars; law clerk, two thousand dollars; two docket clerks, at two thousand dollars each; three clerks of class four; two clerks of class three; three clerks of class two; one assistant messenger; and one laborer; in all, twenty-nine thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

For law books for office of the Solicitor of the Treasury, three hundred dollars.

For stationery for office of Solicitor of the Treasury, one hundred and fifty dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR.

For compensation of the Commissioner of Labor, five thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; disbursing clerk, two thousand dollars; four statistical experts, at two thousand dollars each; four clerks of class four; five clerks of class three; six clerks of class two; twelve clerks of class one; ten clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two copyists; one messenger; one assistant messenger; three watchmen; four laborers; three charwomen; two special agents, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; six special agents, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; ten special agents, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; four special agents, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; in all, one hundred and six thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

For per diem in lieu of subsistence of special agents and employees while traveling on duty away from home and outside of the District of Columbia, at a rate not to exceed three dollars per day, and for their transportation, and for employment of experts and temporary assistance, and for traveling expenses of officers and employees, and for the purchase of reports and materials for the reports and bulletins of the Department of Labor, and for subvention to "International Association for Labour Legislation," and necessary expenses connected with representation of the United States Government therein, sixty-five thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

For stationery, one thousand dollars.

For books, periodicals, and newspapers for the library, in addition to the amount authorized by section one hundred and ninety-two,

Revised Statutes, the sum of one hundred dollars may be expended for newspapers for the purpose of procuring strike data, one thousand dollars.

For postage stamps to prepay postage on matter addressed to Postal Union countries, four hundred and fifty dollars.

For rent of rooms, including steam heat and elevator service, six thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingent expenses, namely: For furniture, carpets, ice, lumber, hardware, dry goods, advertising, telegraphing, telephone service, expressage, storage for documents, not to exceed seven hundred and fifty dollars, repairs of cases and furniture, fuel and lights, soap, brushes, brooms, mats, oils, and other absolutely necessary expenses, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Postage.

Rent.

Contingent expenses.

JUDICIAL.

Judicial.

SUPREME COURT: For the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, ten thousand five hundred dollars; and for eight associate justices, at ten thousand dollars each;

Supreme Court. Justices.

For marshal of the Supreme Court of the United States, three thousand five hundred dollars;

Marshal.

For stenographic clerk for the Chief Justice and for each associate justice of the Supreme Court, at not exceeding one thousand six hundred dollars each; in all, one hundred and eight thousand four hundred dollars.

Clerks to justices.

CIRCUIT COURTS: For twenty-six circuit judges, at six thousand dollars each, one hundred and fifty-six thousand dollars;

Circuit judges.

For nine clerks of circuit courts of appeals, at three thousand five hundred dollars each, thirty-one thousand five hundred dollars;

Clerks.

For messenger, to act as librarian and crier, circuit court of appeals, eighth circuit, two thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand five hundred dollars.

Messenger, eighth circuit.

DISTRICT COURTS: For salaries of the seventy-two district judges of the United States, at five thousand dollars each, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

District judges.

UNITED STATES COURTS, INDIAN TERRITORY: For salaries of the four judges of the United States courts in the Indian Territory, at five thousand dollars each, twenty thousand dollars.

Indian Territory courts.

DISTRICT COURT, TERRITORY OF HAWAII: For the payment of the salaries of the clerk and the reporter of the United States district court for the Territory of Hawaii, at three thousand dollars and one thousand two hundred dollars, respectively, four thousand two hundred dollars.

Hawaiian Territory courts.

RETIRED JUDGES: To pay the salaries of the United States judges retired under section seven hundred and fourteen of the Revised Statutes, so much as may be necessary for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, is hereby appropriated.

Retired judges. R. S., sec. 714, p. 135.

COURT OF APPEALS, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For the chief justice of court of appeals of the District of Columbia, six thousand five hundred dollars; and for two associate justices, at six thousand dollars each;

Court of appeals, District of Columbia.

For clerk, three thousand dollars;

For assistant or deputy clerk, two thousand dollars;

For reporter, one thousand two hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the reports issued by him shall not be sold for more than five dollars per volume;

Proviso. Reports.

For crier, nine hundred dollars;

For messenger, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For necessary expenditures in the conduct of the clerk's office, five hundred dollars; in all, twenty-six thousand eight hundred and twenty dollars, one-half of which shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia.

Supreme court, District of Columbia.

SUPREME COURT, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For salaries of the chief justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia and of the five associate judges, at five thousand dollars each, thirty thousand dollars, one-half of which shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia.

Clerk, Illinois northern district.

CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT, NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS: For salary of the clerk of the district court for the northern district of Illinois, as authorized by the Act of July thirty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, three thousand dollars.

Vol. 28, p. 204.

Yellowstone Park. Commissioner. Receipt of fees not to impair salary. Vol. 29, p. 184.

COMMISSIONER YELLOWSTONE PARK: For salary of commissioner in Yellowstone National Park, one thousand five hundred dollars. And the provisions of section twenty-one of an Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and for other purposes, approved May twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, shall not be construed as impairing the right of said commissioner to receive said salary as herein provided.

Law books, circuit courts of appeals.

For the purchase of law books and rebinding law books for the nine libraries of the United States circuit courts of appeals, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General upon the requisition of the court (all books purchased hereunder to be plainly marked "The property of the United States"), nine thousand dollars.

Court of Claims.

COURT OF CLAIMS: For salaries of five judges of the Court of Claims, at four thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, three thousand five hundred dollars; assistant clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; bailiff, one thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one messenger; one stenographer, one thousand two hundred dollars; three firemen; three watchmen; one elevator conductor, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one assistant messenger; one laborer; and two charwomen; in all, forty-five thousand five hundred and forty dollars.

Auditors, etc.

To defray the cost of the employment of auditors and additional stenographers, when deemed necessary, in the Court of Claims, to be disbursed under the direction of the court, eight thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For stationery, court library, repairs, fuel, electric light, electric elevator, and other miscellaneous expenses, three thousand four hundred dollars.

Reporting decisions.

For reporting the decisions of the court and superintending the printing of the thirty-eighth volume of the reports of the Court of Claims, to be paid on the order of the court, one thousand dollars; said sum to be paid to the reporters, notwithstanding section seventeen hundred and sixty-five of the Revised Statutes, or section three of the Act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, chapter three hundred and twenty-eight.

R. s., sec. 1765, p. 314. Vol. 18, p. 109.

Rates of pay, assistant messengers, firemen, etc.

SEC. 2. That the pay of assistant messengers, firemen, watchmen, laborers, and charwomen provided for in this Act, unless otherwise specially stated, shall be as follows: For assistant messengers, firemen, and watchmen, at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum each; for laborers, at the rate of six hundred and sixty dollars per annum each, and for charwomen, at the rate of two hundred and forty dollars per annum each.

No payments to permanently incapacitated persons.

SEC. 3. That the appropriations herein made for the officers, clerks, and persons employed in the public service shall not be available for the compensation of any persons permanently incapacitated for performing such service.

Repeal.

SEC. 4. That all laws or parts of laws inconsistent with this Act are repealed.

Approved, February 25, 1903.

CHAP. 756.—An Act Extending the time for making proof and payment for all lands taken under the desert-land laws by the members of the Colorado Cooperative Colony for a further period of three years.

February 25, 1903.
[Public, No. 116.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time fixed for making final proof and payment for all lands located by the members of the Colorado Cooperative Colony in an Act entitled "An Act for the relief of the Colorado Cooperative Colony, to permit second homesteads in certain cases, and for other purposes," approved June fifth, nineteen hundred, and found at page two hundred and sixty-seven and the following, Volume Thirty-one, Revised Statutes of the United States, be, and the same is hereby, extended for a period of three years longer than the period fixed in said Act above described, to the same extent as if said first extension had been six instead of three years.

Colorado Cooperative Colony. Time extended for completing desert-land entries. Vol. 31, p. 267.

Approved, February 25, 1903.

CHAP. 757.—An Act Granting the Central Arizona Railway Company a right of way for railroad purposes through the San Francisco Mountains Forest Reserve, in the Territory of Arizona.

February 25, 1903.
[Public, No. 117.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That upon the conditions herein named the Central Arizona Railway Company, a corporation existing under the laws of the Territory of Arizona, is hereby granted a right of way, conformably to the Act entitled "An Act granting to railroads a right of way through the public lands of the United States," approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and the existing regulations adopted thereunder, over and through the San Francisco Mountains Forest Reserve, in the Territory of Arizona, for a line of railroad from a point at or near Flagstaff, in the county of Coconino, Territory of Arizona, in a southwesterly direction by the most practicable route to the town of Jerome, in the county of Yavapai, Territory of Arizona, and thence in a southeasterly direction to the town of Globe, in the county of Gila, Territory of Arizona, with the right to construct and maintain all necessary side tracks, extensions, switches, spurs, and water stations: *Provided,* That as a condition to obtaining such right of way the said company shall be required to agree, in writing, to conform to such further regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior for the purpose of protecting the said forest reserve and conserving the purposes for which the reserve was established and is maintained; but said company shall not be authorized to take or cut any timber within the limits of said forest reserve outside of its said right of way.

San Francisco Mountains Forest Reserve, Arizona. Central Arizona Railway Company granted right of way through. Vol. 18, p. 482.

Location.

Proviso. Protection to forest reserve.

Approved, February 25, 1903.

CHAP. 852.—An Act To exempt from taxation certain property of the Daughters of the American Revolution in Washington, District of Columbia.

February 27, 1903.
[Public, No. 118.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the property situated in square numbered one hundred and seventy-three, in Washington City, District of Columbia, occupied by the Daughters of the American Revolution, be, and the same is hereby, exempt from all taxation so long as the same is so occupied and used, subject to the provisions of section eight of the Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, providing for exemptions of church and school property, and Acts amendatory thereof.

District of Columbia. Certain property of Daughters of American Revolution in, exempted from taxation.

Vol. 19, p. 399.

Approved, February 27, 1903.

February 27, 1903.
[Public, No. 119.]

CHAP. 853.—An Act Providing for the interment of the remains of Marie Irene Donaldson and her daughter, Marie Irene Donaldson.

Marie Irene Donaldson and daughter.
Interment of, in District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the health officer of the District of Columbia be, and he is hereby, authorized to issue a permit for the interment in the District of Columbia of the remains of the late Marie Irene Donaldson and her daughter, Marie Irene Donaldson, formerly residents of the District of Columbia and citizens of the United States, now interred at Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo.

Approved, February 27, 1903.

February 27, 1903.
[Public, No. 120.]

CHAP. 854.—An Act To provide for the erection at Washington, District of Columbia, of statues to the memory of Brigadier-General Count Pulaski and Major-General Baron von Steuben, of the Continental Army.

District of Columbia.
Erection of a monument to Count Pulaski authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be erected in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, a statue of Brigadier-General Count Casimir Pulaski, of Poland, who came to America and, after declaring his intention to become a citizen of the Republic, offered his sword to Washington, under whose leadership in the great struggle for American Independence he lost his life at the siege of Savannah, Georgia, October eleventh, seventeen hundred and seventy-nine; and for the purpose of procuring and erecting said statue with a suitable pedestal, and for the preparation of a site, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the same to be expended under the direction of a commission to be composed of the Secretary of War, the chairman of the Committee on the Library of the Senate, the chairman of the Committee on the Library of the House of Representatives of the Fifty-seventh Congress, and the president of the Pulaski monument Polish central committee.

Appropriation.

Commission.

Erection of a monument.
Baron Steuben.

SEC. 2. That there shall be erected in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, a statue of Frederick William Augustus Henry Ferdinand, Baron von Steuben, major-general and inspector-general in the Continental Army; and for the purpose of procuring and erecting said statue with a suitable pedestal, and for the preparation of a site, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the same to be expended under the direction of a commission to be composed of the Secretary of War, the chairman of the Committee on the Library of the Senate, and the chairman of the Committee on the Library of the House of Representatives of the Fifty-seventh Congress.

Appropriation.

Commission.

Sites.

Proviso.
Restriction.

SEC. 3. That the commissions herein created are empowered, respectively, to select sites for the statues authorized by this Act on ground belonging to the Government: *Provided,* That said statues shall not be located in the grounds of the Capitol or Library of Congress.

Approved, February 27, 1903.

February 27, 1903.
[Public, No. 121.]

CHAP. 855.—An Act Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to issue a patent to the city of Buffalo, Wyoming, for certain tracts of land.

Buffalo, Wyo.
Lands granted to.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a patent

to the city of Buffalo, Wyoming, for lots seven and eight, section three, township fifty north, range eighty-two west of the sixth principal meridian, embraced within the abandoned Fort McKinney Military Reservation, upon the payment by the authorities of said town of the appraised price of said lots.

Approved, February 27, 1903.

CHAP. 856.—An Act To provide for a union railroad station in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

February 28, 1903.

[Public, No. 122.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, (a corporation duly created by consolidation and merger of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad Company and the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company, their respective capital stocks, railroads, properties and franchises) or the terminal company provided for in section ten of the Act of Congress approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, entitled "An Act to provide for eliminating certain grade crossings of railroads in the District of Columbia, to require and authorize the construction of new terminals and tracks for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company in the city of Washington, and for other purposes," be, and each of them is hereby, authorized and required to locate, construct, maintain, and operate a double-track railroad, commencing at a point on the railroad of said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company at or near the crossing of Second street southwest, at the elevation of said railroad provided for in the said Act of Congress relating to the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one; thence curving toward the north, crossing over Virginia avenue with a clearance of fifteen feet above the present curb thereof, crossing over First street southwest and Delaware avenue southwest, at a point about forty feet north of the north house line of E street, with a clearance of not less than sixteen feet; thence curving to the northward, crossing over Canal street and South Capitol street with a clearance of not less than fourteen feet above the curbs thereof; thence passing under the intersection of D street with New Jersey avenue, C street southeast, and B street southeast at the intersection with First street; thence continuing under the west side of First street to near E street northeast; thence curving to the eastward, crossing under the proposed circle at Massachusetts avenue to a connection with the tracks in the proposed terminal station to be built on the north side of Massachusetts avenue hereinafter provided for; thence running from the said north line of Massachusetts avenue on the terminal station structure hereinafter mentioned northeastwardly to Delaware avenue; thence, still on said terminal structure, and on the easternmost part of the viaduct, hereinafter mentioned, to be located in Delaware avenue, to the north side of M street northeast; thence northwardly still on Delaware avenue, crossing Florida avenue overhead, by means of a girder bridge, or by masonry arches, to the north side of said avenue; thence by a line, still northwardly, curving to the east, and crossing under New York avenue, by the most practicable route, in a general northeasterly direction, to a point on the north line of Montana avenue, as projected, and shown on plan filed as required by this Act, from which terminal point the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, its successors and assigns, shall be, and is hereby, authorized to locate, construct, maintain, and operate a line of railroad, of two or more tracks, by the most practicable route, to a point of connection with its present railroad near Magruder Station, in the State of Maryland, and

District of Columbia.
Union railroad station.
Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad, etc.
New terminal and track privileges granted to.

Vol. 31, p. 775.

Location of tracks.

Vol. 31, p. 767.

Magruder station connection.

to acquire, from time to time, such lands between Montana and Florida avenues, and east of the present Metropolitan Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, as it may need for sidings, switches, yard tracks, with suitable structures and appliances, and other proper corporate purposes in connection therewith, and to use the same accordingly, subject to the approval of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia; and a right of way one hundred feet in width for said line of railroad as it shall be located through and upon lands belonging to the Reform School of the District of Columbia is hereby granted to and vested in said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, its successors and assigns, on such terms as the Attorney-General shall prescribe: *Provided, however,* That the portion of said line of railroad lying south of Florida avenue within the limits of the city of Washington shall be used for passenger trains only, except in cases of temporary emergency, and then for a period not exceeding twenty-four hours, unless with the consent of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Proviso.
Restrictions.

Joint construction.

JOINT CONSTRUCTION.

Division of cost.

It is the intention of this Act that the portion of the line of railroad above authorized lying between the north line of Massachusetts avenue and the north line of Florida avenue, if constructed by said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, shall be constructed jointly with the said terminal company, and, with the viaduct and elevated terminal carrying the same above or over the streets and avenues of the city, be continuous with the elevated terminal and viaduct of said terminal company; and in that case the cost of said joint works shall be borne by said railroad company and said terminal company in such proportions as they may agree on, or, in case of a disagreement, as may be determined by the supreme court of the District of Columbia in such manner as that court shall prescribe. If, however, the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company shall deem it expedient or advisable, and shall so elect, that the whole or any portion of the railroad hereby authorized south of the point hereinbefore designated, on the north line of Montana avenue, should be constructed and owned by said terminal company, then and thereupon the said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company shall acquire, by purchase, from the said Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company one-half of the whole then issued capital stock of the terminal company, and be entitled to subscribe for and acquire equally with said Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company all thereafter issued stock of said terminal company; and, upon such election, said terminal company shall have as full power and authority to locate, construct, maintain, and operate said line of railroad as it is possessed of with reference to the other works, specified in this Act, to be constructed by it, or which it is authorized to construct under the said Act relating to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one.

Construction by terminal company alone.

Vol. 31, p. 775.

UNION STATION.

Main passenger station, etc.

SEC. 2. That the main passenger station and terminals for the accommodation of the passenger traffic of both the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, and the passenger traffic of such other companies as may be moved over the railroads of either of said two companies, as provided in section eleven, shall be constructed by said terminal company within the area described as follows, namely:

Post, p. 918.

Location.

Beginning on the north side of Massachusetts avenue at a distance of three hundred feet northwest from the west side of Delaware avenue

measured at right angles thereto; thence by a line parallel with Delaware avenue and three hundred feet therefrom northeastwardly to a point in the south line of I street northeast; thence by a straight line northeastwardly to a point in the intersection of the west line of Delaware avenue with the south line of L street northeast; thence eastwardly, along the south line of L street northeast, to a point in the intersection with the west line of Second street northeast; thence south, along the west line of Second street northeast, to a point about eighty feet north of the north line of H street northeast; thence by a line parallel with and distant three hundred feet measured at right angles thereto eastwardly from the east line of Delaware avenue, southwestwardly to a point in the north line of Massachusetts avenue; thence by the said north line of Massachusetts avenue to the point of beginning.

The terminal station contemplated by this Act shall cost not less than four million dollars and shall be monumental in character, and the plans thereof shall be subject to the approval of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

And for the purposes of said passenger station and terminal said terminal company is fully authorized and empowered to acquire, take, and use all the lands and property lying within said area, or so much thereof as it may deem necessary: *Provided*, That on the westerly side of said railway station sufficient land for a street not less than forty feet in width shall be dedicated to the District of Columbia by the said railroad companies and said terminal company.

Cost and character of station.

Acquiring lands.

Proviso.
Dedication of land for street.

VIADUCT.

Viaduct.

SEC. 3. That the viaduct leading northwardly from the passenger station and terminal between the south side of L street and the north side of M street may occupy so much of the bed of Delaware avenue as lies west of a line drawn parallel with the east building line of said avenue and forty feet westwardly therefrom: *Provided, however*, That said terminal station and viaduct shall be so constructed as to permit H, K, L, and M streets, and Florida avenue to be passed and continued under the same through openings or spaces of sufficient clearance to permit the use of said streets and avenues in the form and manner and of the dimensions shown and indicated on the plan and profiles agreed upon between the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, the terminal company, and the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and filed in the office of the Engineer Commissioner; and the said terminal company shall also grade and pave the said passages at the time of their construction to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, but thereafter the maintenance of the pavements and roadways shall be provided for as in the case of other public highways in the District of Columbia.

Location.

Proviso.
Passage for streets.

Grading and paving.

Said viaduct shall be of sufficient width to carry, in addition to the tracks authorized by said Act relating to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, such tracks as may be required to accommodate the traffic of the said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, and one or more freight tracks for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, to be located on the west side thereof.

Width of viaduct.
Vol. 31, p. 774.

YARDS AND SWITCHES FOR TERMINAL COMPANY.

Said terminal company is also expressly authorized and empowered, subject to the approval of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, to acquire and become possessed of such lands in the District of Columbia, outside the city limits, as may be from time to time needed

Yards, switches, etc.

for the purpose, and thereon to construct, maintain, own, and operate yard tracks, switches, roundhouses, shops, and other structures to adequately accommodate the handling, shifting, housing, storing, cleaning, and repairing of the locomotives and cars of such companies as shall be entitled to use the said passenger station and terminal; and also to establish, maintain, and operate the necessary tracks connecting the same with the tracks on Delaware avenue: *Provided*, That said roundhouses and shops shall be located as designated on plans to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and filed in the office of the Engineer Commissioner.

Proviso.
Location of round-
houses, etc.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO FREIGHT TRAFFIC.

Additional freight
facilities for Balti-
more and Ohio Rail-
road.

Vol. 31, p. 774.

In Eckington.

In city limits.

SEC. 4. That in order to provide terminal facilities for the freight traffic of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company in lieu of those which said company is now authorized to have within the area to be occupied by the passenger station and terminal, described in the Act relating to it, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, the said Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company be, and it is hereby, authorized and empowered (in addition to the power and authority conferred upon it by the provisions of said Act relating to it, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one) to locate, construct, maintain, and operate tracks, switches, sheds, warehouses, other structures, and facilities necessary or proper for a freight-delivery yard and terminal in Eckington, in, over, and upon the bed of Quincy street and Third street between New York avenue and R street, and in and upon the property bounded by New York avenue, Florida avenue, Eckington place, and R street, outside the limits of the city of Washington; and also within the city of Washington in, over, and upon the bed of Second street between M and N streets and in and upon squares seven hundred and eleven, seven hundred and twelve, and seven hundred and thirteen; and also to extend its tracks and switches north of V street on the east side of the main tracks of its Metropolitan Branch Railroad to Rhode Island avenue extended; and said company is hereby authorized to acquire, by purchase or condemnation, as provided in this Act, the lands and property necessary for the additional freight facilities above mentioned.

STREETS TO BE VACATED.

Streets to be vacated.

Vol. 31, p. 775.

In Eckington.

Provisos.
Restrictions.

SEC. 5. That to accomplish the purposes of this Act the following-named streets, in addition to the streets vacated, abandoned, and closed by the provisions of said Act relating to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, are hereby vacated, abandoned, and closed, to wit: In Eckington, T street shall be closed between the west line of Seventh street and the right of way of the Metropolitan Branch of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway Company; Thomas street from the west line of Seventh street westward; Seaton street from Sixth street to Seventh street; S street from Sixth street to the Brentwood road; Brentwood road from the west side of Seventh street to the south side of S street; Third street from the south side of R street to Florida avenue; Quincy street shall be closed and abandoned: *Provided*, That no streets or avenues shall be closed or abandoned under the provisions of this Act or of the Acts relating to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, until all of the property abutting on the streets or avenues, or portions thereof, provided to be closed in said Acts, shall have been acquired by said railroad company or companies or the terminal company referred to herein, either by condemnation or purchase, as hereinafter provided. No streets or avenues, except

Streets to be ele-
vated.

Ninth, Twelfth, and Fifteenth streets and New York avenue, shall be opened across the railroads constructed under authority of this Act between Florida and Montana avenues; and said Ninth, Twelfth, and Fifteenth streets, when and as opened, shall be carried above the railroads by suitable viaduct bridges, the cost whereof, with their approaches within the limits of the right of way, shall be paid by the terminal company, but shall be maintained as in the case of other public highways in the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company shall make adequate and suitable provision for carrying T street over the railroad right of way to the west line of Seventh street east in a manner satisfactory to the Commissioners. And the terminal company shall construct the necessary tunnels or viaducts to permit New York avenue to be carried with its full width between parking lines over their rights of way as herein authorized; and shall fill said avenue to a like width to the grade approved for said avenue for the purposes of this Act across said right of way and westward to Florida avenue, and shall support the sides of said avenue with embankments or retaining walls wherever it abuts upon property belonging to said railroad, and nothing contained in the provisions heretofore made for the vacating of Third street and Brentwood road across said avenue shall operate to close said avenue in any way as a public thoroughfare at its full established width: *And provided further*, That the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company shall dedicate to the District of Columbia the necessary land to widen Eckington place on its east side to its full width in accordance with the recorded plans for street extensions, and the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company shall dedicate to the District of Columbia the necessary land to form a western exit from Ivy street to Canal street as shown on the plan filed by said company as required by this Act. Also, in the city of Washington the following-named streets are hereby vacated, abandoned, and closed, to wit: Ivy street between South Capitol street and a point two hundred and twenty feet east thereof; Second street northeast, between N street and Delaware avenue, and, between the north side of M street and the south side of L street, so much of the bed of Delaware avenue as lies west of a line drawn parallel with the east building line of said avenue and forty feet westerly therefrom; also all parts of streets included within the area of the terminal herein described, except H and K streets, it being the intention of this Act that all streets, avenues, ways, and alleys within the area to be occupied and used for said terminal and terminal tracks shall be completely vacated, abandoned, and closed, and the use thereof and of any public reservation or street spaces of the United States within said area be granted to the company constructing such terminals for the purposes of the same, except that H and K streets shall be carried under said terminal and terminal tracks substantially in accordance with the plans agreed upon between the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, the terminal company, and the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and filed in the office of the Engineer Commissioner.

T street.

New York avenue.

Widening Eckington place.

Streets to be vacated in city.

MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE PLAZA.

Massachusetts avenue plaza.

Acquisition of land authorized.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized and directed to cause all streets, avenues, ways, and alleys to be closed as provided in this Act, and in accordance with the intent thereof; and also to lay out a circle or plaza at the intersection of Massachusetts avenue and Delaware avenue, and to lay out and open streets leading to such circle, and to change the lines of certain other adjacent streets and of Ivy street, as shown on a plan filed in the office

of the said Commissioner, and also to make such changes in the lines and grades of any existing street, avenue, or way and in the recorded plans of street extensions as may be reasonably required, deemed necessary, or advisable in the construction of the works hereby authorized. And authority is hereby given said Commissioners to acquire by purchase, or to condemn in accordance with existing law, the land necessary to carry out the proceedings authorized by this Act, and to reconstruct, grade, and pave, by day labor or otherwise, the streets, avenues, and ways changed in line or grade or newly created hereunder.

And authority is hereby given the District Commissioners to sell or equitably exchange any portion of existing public space abandoned by reason of the adjustment of streets as an approach to the plaza or circle at Massachusetts avenue: *Provided*, That the provisions of section three of the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, in relation to new terminals for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company which vacate, abandon, and close D and E streets between First street and North Capitol street and Delaware avenue between C street and the south line of Massachusetts avenue be, and the same are hereby, repealed, and said streets are restored to the same status and ownership in all respects as they were prior to the passage of said Act.

DAMAGES.

All damages to adjacent property owners resulting from, incidental to, or connected with changes in the grades of the streets or alleys authorized by this Act shall be borne, paid for, and defrayed by the District of Columbia, and shall be recoverable by action of law against the said District on the part of the owners of the property so damaged. Fifty per centum of the amounts so recovered shall be refunded to the said District by the United States: *Provided*, That in determining the damages as herein provided the jury shall take into consideration any benefits that may have accrued by reason of the elimination of grade crossings or of the location of said station in proximity to the property alleged to have been damaged.

TAXATION.

SEC. 6. That the property owned or occupied by the terminal company, or by the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, or by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company under authority of this Act, or otherwise, together with the improvements that may be put thereon, shall be subject to taxation in the District of Columbia in the same manner and to the same extent as other property in the District, and all tracks and sidings shall be taxed as real estate: *Provided*, That no assessment, valuation, or tax shall be made, laid, or levied on the stations, terminals, and lines of railroad located, constructed, or maintained under the authority of this Act in excess of that which would or could be lawfully made, laid, or levied if said stations, terminals, and lines of railroad were located, constructed, and maintained without the use of bridges, tunnels, viaducts, retaining walls, or other structures necessary or properly employed to elevate or to depress the same as required by this Act; it being the true intent and meaning hereof that the lines of railroad and terminals hereby authorized shall be assessed and valued for the purpose of taxation and taxed on the same basis as if the same were not constructed and maintained by means of such bridges, tunnels, viaducts, retaining walls, and other structures: *Provided*, That such portions of the terminal structure or viaduct as may be constructed and used for storage or like commercial purpose shall be subject to taxation in the same manner as other property in the District of Columbia.

Sale, etc., of abandoned land.

Proviso.
Streets reopened.
Vol. 31, p. 775,
amended.

Payment of damages by the District.

United States to refund one-half.
Proviso.
Benefits.

Basis of taxation.

Proviso.
Cost of bridges, etc., exempt.

Structures for commercial use taxable.

PLANS.

SEC. 7. That before any portion of the work of construction within the District of Columbia herein described shall be begun, plans thereof in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall be prepared by the company undertaking such work, and shall be submitted for approval to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia; also in so far as public parks and reservations may be affected, for approval also of the Secretary of War; and also in so far as underground construction is involved, for approval also of the Superintendent of the Library of Congress. Duly authenticated copies of said plans shall, after approval, be filed with the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and all work shall be done in accordance therewith. The company undertaking such work shall deposit with the collector of taxes such sums of money as the Commissioners of the District may reasonably require to cover the cost of District inspection.

Approval of plans by District Commissioners.

Deposit for cost of inspection.

LIMIT OF TIME FOR COMPLETION.

SEC. 8. That of the works herein described, the lines of railroad leading northward and southward from the main passenger station and terminal connecting the same with lines of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and lines of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, respectively, shall be completed, and the main passenger station and terminals shall be ready for occupancy, within five years from the date of the passage of this Act. The construction of said passenger station and terminal and viaduct by said terminal company, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, shall be deemed and taken to be a full compliance by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company with the requirements in that regard of the said Act relating to it, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, and the respective periods of five and six years from the passage of said Act, as mentioned in section eight thereof, are hereby extended respectively for five and six years from the passage of this Act. Except as modified by this Act, all the provisions of said Act relating to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, shall be and remain in full force and effect.

Time of construction.

Vol. 31, p. 778.

REMOVAL OF TRACKS FROM THE MALL.

The construction of the lines of railroad hereinbefore mentioned, connecting the railroad of said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company with said main passenger station and terminal, whether constructed wholly by said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company or said terminal company, or partly by each, shall relieve said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company of any and all duties and obligations respecting relocation of its present passenger tracks and terminal, and location, construction, and operation of new passenger station and new terminal tracks, as prescribed in the Act relating to the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one; and upon completion either by said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company or said terminal company, or in part by one and in part by the other, of said connecting lines of railroad ready for use, in connection with said main passenger station and terminal, as contemplated by this Act, and within five years from the passage of this Act the said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company shall be, and it is hereby, required to remove its present eastern connection between its passenger station and its line on Virginia avenue via Sixth street, including the tracks on Sixth

Removal of tracks from the Mall.

Vol. 31, p. 767.

Conveyance of old station to United States.
Surrender of railroad rights to the Mall.

Appropriation for payment to company.

Time of payment.

Prior rights, etc., continued.

Vol. 31, p. 767.

Rights accrue to successors, etc.

street, and its western connection via Maryland avenue, and to convey its passenger station building to the United States. And in consideration thereof, and of the relinquishment and surrender by said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company of its right to occupy and use the portion of the Mall, and to maintain thereon a new passenger station and terminals, granted to the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company by the Act aforesaid in consideration of and as a contribution toward the large expenditures to be made by said company in the relocation and improvement of its line of railroad and elimination of grade crossings resulting therefrom, as required by said Act, the sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars shall be paid to said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, its successors and assigns, out of any moneys in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, and said sum of one million five hundred thousand dollars is hereby expressly appropriated for this purpose, and shall be paid upon presentation of a certificate by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia that said passenger station and terminal and connecting lines of railroad contemplated by this Act are ready for occupancy. Except as modified by this Act, all provisions of said Act relating to the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, and all rights, powers, remedies, and processes thereby conferred on said last-named company, or upon Southern Railway Company, shall remain and continue in full force, and with like effect as if herein reenacted at length; and all rights, powers, and privileges granted to, or duties imposed upon, said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company by this Act shall accrue to and devolve upon its successors and assigns, as provided with respect to the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company by section fifteen of said Act relating to said Baltimore and Potomac Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, and all provisions of said section shall be applicable thereto in all respects, and in like manner as they are made applicable to the rights, privileges, and duties granted to or imposed upon said company by said last-mentioned Act.

CONDEMNATIONS.

Condemnation proceedings.
Vol. 31, pp. 767, 774.

R. S., D. C., secs. 648-663, pp. 78, 79.

Proviso.
Possession.

Proceedings to compel appropriation of lands.

SEC. 9. That in the execution of the powers conferred by this Act, or by either of said before-mentioned Acts, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, by the terminal company, the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, or the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, each of said companies may acquire, by purchase or condemnation, the lands and property necessary for all and every the purposes contemplated by each of said last-mentioned Acts and this Act respectively; and such condemnation shall be effected in the manner and by the methods and processes provided by sections six hundred and forty-eight to six hundred and sixty-three, both inclusive, of the Revised Statutes relating to the District of Columbia, which said sections, despite any repeal thereof, are hereby continued in full force and effect, and, for the purposes contemplated by this section, are hereby specially enacted, with like effect as if the same were incorporated herein at length: *Provided*, That in every case wherein an assessment of damages or an award shall have been returned by the appraisers the company, upon paying into court the amount so assessed or awarded, may enter upon and take possession of the land and property covered thereby, irrespective of whether exceptions to said assessment or award shall be filed or not, and the subsequent proceeding shall not interfere with or affect such possession, but shall only affect the amount of compensation to be paid: *And provided further*, That any property owner whose land is included within such location shall have the right, within two years, to begin proceedings

to compel the appropriation of said land by said company and the payment of damages in the same manner as if the proceedings had been instituted by the company under the provisions of this Act.

The said terminal company, in respect of the additional works hereby authorized to be undertaken by it, shall be vested with and may exercise all the powers, authorities, rights, and privileges granted by the provisions of sections six hundred and eighteen to six hundred and seventy-six, both inclusive, of the Revised Statutes relating to the District of Columbia, to the same extent as if said provisions were fully set forth and enacted herein, and shall also be vested with and enjoy all the powers, authorities, rights, and franchises conferred or granted by said Act relating to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, except the power to sell all its railroad and works and property to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, as provided in said last-mentioned Act: *Provided, however,* That the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company shall have the right to acquire, own, and hold one-half of the capital stock of said terminal company, whether now or hereafter issued, and said Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company shall make necessary transfers thereof accordingly.

Additional works.

R. S. D. C., secs. 618-676, pp. 74-81.

Vol. 31, p. 774.

Exception.

Proviso.
Capital stock.

POWER TO CONTRACT.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company, the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, and the said terminal company shall have power to contract each with the other, or with both the others, or with any other railroad company or companies whose passenger traffic may be moved over the railroads of either of said two railroad companies as provided in section eleven, in regard to the construction, maintenance, use, or operation of any line or lines of railroad, terminals, terminal tracks, stations, or other works or properties, held, owned, or possessed by any of said companies within the District of Columbia, or authorized so to be, or for the lease of the same upon such terms as may be agreed upon between the parties to any such contract. Said terminal company shall also have the right and power, exercisable at any time, to sell and convey, either to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company or to the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company, so much of the line of railroad constructed by the said terminal company under the authority of this Act, north of the north line of Florida avenue, as may be set apart for the exclusive use of the traffic of either of said railroad companies by their mutual consent.

Traffic contracts.

Post, p. 918.

Sale by terminal company.

MAGRUDER STATION LINE.

SEC. 10. That in the location, construction, and maintenance of the connecting line of railroad which the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company is by this Act authorized and empowered to locate, construct, maintain, and operate, from the point hereinbefore mentioned on the north line of Montana avenue to a point of connection with its railroad near Magruder Station, in the State of Maryland, said Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company shall have, be possessed of, and exercise the powers and processes of condemnation as prescribed by section nine of this Act, and also all authorities, rights, powers, privileges, and franchises conferred upon or vested in the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company by the twelfth section of said Act relating to it, approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and one, in respect to the line of railroad therein authorized, and shall be subject to the same limitations and restrictions as in said twelfth section set forth.

Magruder station line.

Location, etc., of tracks.

Ante, p. 916.

Vol. 31, p. 780.

Intersecting high-ways.

INTERSECTING HIGHWAYS.

Subways, etc.

Any and all streets or highways within the District of Columbia now or hereafter planned or projected to cross any line of steam railroad in the District of Columbia, which may be hereafter opened to public use, shall be located, constructed, and maintained either beneath such railroad by a suitable subway, or above the same by a suitable viaduct bridge at such altitude as will not interfere with the free and safe operation thereof. The cost and expense of opening said streets or highways within the limits of such railroad company's right of way, including the cost of constructing the portion of any viaduct bridge, within said limits, shall be borne and paid half by such railroad company, its successors and assigns, and half by the District of Columbia and the United States, but after construction the cost of maintenance shall be wholly borne and paid as in the case of other public highways in the District of Columbia; and the portions of such streets now or hereafter planned or projected as above which lie within a right of way belonging to such railroad company shall be dedicated by such company as a public thoroughfare when the portions of such street adjoining such right of way have been similarly dedicated or otherwise acquired.

Cost of opening streets, etc.

Maintenance.

Use by other roads.

SEC. 11. That any railroad company now or hereafter, lawfully existing and authorized to extend a line of railroad into the District of Columbia, or having secured the right to operate over the lines of any other then existing railroad, to a point of connection with the tracks of said terminal company, shall have the right to the joint use of said station and terminals upon the payment of a reasonable compensation for the use of the same; and if the parties be unable to agree upon such terms, then the same shall be prescribed by the supreme court of the District of Columbia, upon petition of either party in interest, under such rules of procedure as the said court shall prescribe.

Compensation.

Substation at Long Bridge.

SEC. 12. That the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroad Company shall establish and maintain a substation with suitable accommodation for passenger travel at a convenient location north of the Long Bridge and at a point to be approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

AMENDMENT AND REPEAL.

Amendment.

SEC. 13. That Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

Approved, February 28, 1903.

February 28, 1903.

[Public, No. 123.]

CHAP. 857.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Missouri River and to establish it as a post road.

Missouri River, Kansas City, Parkville and Saint Joseph Electric Railway Company may bridge, at Kansas City, Mo.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the Kansas City, Parkville and Saint Joseph Electric Railway Company (a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Missouri), its successors or assigns, to construct a bridge across the Missouri River at a point on the north boundary line of Kansas City, Missouri, to a point opposite the said Kansas City, Missouri, on the north side of said river, in Clay County, in the State of Missouri, said bridge to be so placed as to be erected between what is known as the Hannibal Bridge and Troost avenue, in Kansas City, Missouri; that said bridge may be constructed for railway and postal service and a passage for persons and vehicles, with single or double tracks for railway traffic,

and which shall be under the conditions and limitations hereinafter specified.

SEC. 2. That said bridge shall not unreasonably interfere with the free navigation of said river; and in case of any litigation arising therefrom such litigation may be tried and determined by any circuit court of the United States whose jurisdiction embraces either terminus of said bridge.

Unobstructed navigation.
Litigation.

SEC. 3. That the bridge herein authorized to be constructed may be constructed either as a drawbridge or as a high bridge with unbroken and continuous spans. If constructed of unbroken and continuous spans, then it shall not be of less elevation than fifty-two feet above the high-water grade line for bridges as established by the Missouri River Commission. Nor shall any of the spans of said bridge over the waterway be less than four hundred feet in the clear between the piers and abutments, and the piers thereof shall be parallel with the current of the river and the bridge itself at right angles thereto as nearly as may be. If said bridge is constructed as a drawbridge, the same shall be constructed as a pivot drawbridge, with a draw over the main channel, with spans of such clear width of opening as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, and the next adjoining spans to the draw shall also be of such length as he shall prescribe, and said spans shall not be less than ten feet above extreme high-water mark, measuring from the bottom chord of said bridge; and the piers of said bridge shall be parallel with the current of the river and the bridge itself at right angles thereto as nearly as may be: *Provided*, That the said corporation, its successors or assigns, shall build and maintain at all times, as accessory works to said bridge, such booms, piers, dikes, guard fences, and similar devices as may be necessary, in the judgment of the Secretary of War, to insure at all times a permanent channel for a sufficient distance above and below the bridge site, and for the guiding of rafts, steamboats, and other water craft safely through or under said bridge: *And provided further*, That said draw shall be opened promptly upon proper signal for the passage of boats.

Construction.

High bridge.

Drawbridge.

Provided.
Aids to navigation.

Opening draw.

Lawful structure and post route.

SEC. 4. That any bridge constructed under this Act shall be a lawful structure and shall be known as a post road, and the same is hereby declared to be a post road, over which no higher charge shall be made for the transmission of mails, troops, and munitions of war of the Government of the United States than the rate per mile charged for their transportation over the railroad or public highways leading to the said bridge, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies. The United States shall have also the right of way over said bridge for postal-telegraph and telephone purposes.

Telegraph, etc. rights.

SEC. 5. That said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of wagons and vehicles or all kinds of street railway cars and motors, as well as foot passengers, and for all road travel, and all street railways desiring to use said bridge shall be entitled to equal rights and privileges in using the same and the machinery and fixtures thereto belonging, and also the approaches thereto, at reasonable compensation and rate of toll, as may be approved from time to time by the Secretary of War, and in case of any disagreement between the owner or owners of said bridge and those desiring its use, in respect to tolls to be paid and the rules and conditions to be complied with in using said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties.

Street railway, wagon, and foot bridge.

Use by other roads.

Toll.

SEC. 6. That the said railway company before entering upon the construction of such bridge shall submit to the Secretary of War plans thereof, and a map of the location giving, for one mile above and one mile below said location, the topography of the banks of the river, the shore lines at high and low stages of water, showing also

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

the bed of the river and the channel, with such other and further information as the Secretary of War may require, which said drawings and other information aforesaid shall be examined by him, and if he shall approve the same he shall so notify the said railway company of such approval and said company may then proceed to the erection of said bridge. The Secretary of War may make such alterations in such plans as he may deem necessary to the better protection of navigation; and such alterations shall be adopted by said railway company. The said railway company may, at any time, make any alterations deemed advisable to be made in said bridge, but must first submit such proposed alterations to the Secretary of War, and his approval shall be first had before they shall be authorized; and all expense attending any such changes shall be paid by the company.

Changes.

Protection to navigation.

Lights, etc.

Time of construction.

Amendment.

SEC. 7. That the said bridge herein authorized to be constructed shall be so kept and managed at all times as to afford proper means and ways for the passage of vessels under it, both by day and night. There shall be displayed on said bridge from sunset to sunrise such lights and signals as may be directed by the Light-House Board. And such changes shall be made, from time to time, in the structure of said bridge as the Secretary of War may direct, at the expense of said railway, in order the more effectually to preserve the free navigation of said river; or the said structure shall be altogether removed, if in the judgment of the Secretary of War the public good may require such removal, and without expense or charge to the United States.

SEC. 8. That this Act shall be null and void unless actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of this Act being approved.

SEC. 9. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 28, 1903.

February 28, 1903.

[Public, No. 124.]

CHAP. 858.—An Act To amend an Act entitled “An Act amending section forty-seven hundred and eight of the Revised Statutes of the United States, in relation to pensions to remarried widows,” approved March third, nineteen hundred and one.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section forty-seven hundred and eight of the laws of the United States governing the granting of army and navy pensions, be, and the same is, amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 4708. The remarriage of any widow, dependent mother, or dependent sister entitled to pension shall not bar her right to such pension to the date of her remarriage, whether an application therefor was filed before or after such marriage; but on the remarriage of any widow, dependent mother, or dependent sister having a pension such pension shall cease: *Provided, however,* That any widow who was the lawful wife of any officer or enlisted man or other person in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States, as described in paragraphs one, two, and three of section forty-six hundred and ninety-three of the Revised Statutes of the United States, during the period of his service in any war, and whose name was placed or shall hereafter be placed on the pension roll because of her husband’s death as the result of wound or injury received or disease contracted in such military or naval service, and whose name has been or shall hereafter be dropped from said pension roll by reason of her marriage to another person who has since died or shall hereafter die, or from whom she has been heretofore or shall be hereafter divorced, upon her own appli-

Pensions.
Rights of widows,
etc., remarrying.

R. S., sec. 4708, p. 917,
amended.
Vol. 31, p. 1445.
Pension during
widowhood.

To cease on remarriage.

Provisos.
Pension restored on
renewed widowhood.
Beneficiaries extended.
R. S., sec. 4693, p. 913.

cation and without fault on her part, and if she is without means of support other than her daily labor, as defined by the Acts of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety, and May ninth, nineteen hundred, shall be entitled to have her name again placed on the pension roll at the rate now provided for widows by the Acts of July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and March nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, such pension to commence from the date of the filing of her application in the Pension Bureau after the approval of this Act: *And provided further*, That where such widow is already in receipt of a pension from the United States she shall not be entitled to restoration under this Act: *And provided further*, That where the pension of said widow on her second or subsequent marriage has accrued to a helpless or idiotic child, or a child or children under the age of sixteen years, she shall not be entitled to restoration under this Act unless said helpless or idiotic child, or child or children under sixteen years of age, be then a member or members of her family and cared for by her, and upon the restoration of said widow the payment of pension to said child or children shall cease."

Vol. 26, p. 182.
Vol. 31, p. 170.

Vol. 12, p. 567.
Vol. 17, p. 569.
Vol. 24, p. 5.

Not restored if drawing pension.

Children's pension to cease on restoration of pension to mother.

SEC. 2. That the provisions of this Act shall be extended to those widows otherwise entitled whose husbands died of wounds, injuries, or disease contracted during the period of their military and naval service, but who were deprived of pension under the Act of March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, because of their failure to draw any pension by reason of their remarriage.

Widows entitled to pension who failed to draw pension because of remarriage.

Vol. 13, p. 499.

SEC. 3. That no claim agent or other person shall be entitled to receive any compensation for services in making application for pension under this Act.

Agents' fees prohibited.

Approved, February 28, 1903.

CHAP. 859.—An Act Confirming and ceding jurisdiction to the State of Arkansas over certain lands formerly in the Fort Smith Reservation in said State, and asserting and retaining Federal jurisdiction over certain other lands in said reservation.

February 28, 1903.
[Public, No. 125.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That jurisdiction is hereby confirmed and ceded to the State of Arkansas over all those portions of the Fort Smith Reservation which have heretofore been aliened by the United States either to the city of Fort Smith in trust or otherwise, or to other parties; and complete Federal jurisdiction is hereby asserted and retained over all portions of the said reservation that have not been specially aliened.

Arkansas. Jurisdiction to lands formerly in Fort Smith Reservation ceded to.

Federal jurisdiction retained.

Approved, February 28, 1903.

CHAP. 860.—An Act To authorize the building of a railroad bridge across the Tennessee River at a point between Lewis Bluff, in Morgan County, Alabama, and Guntersville, in Marshall County, Alabama.

February 28, 1903.
[Public, No. 126.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for Milton Humes, R. E. Spragins, R. E. Pettus, T. W. Pratt, and Lawrence Cooper, their associates and assigns, to construct and maintain a bridge and approaches thereto over the Tennessee River at a point on said river between Lewis Bluff, in the county of Morgan, State of Alabama, and Guntersville, in the county of Marshall, State of Alabama, and to lay on or over said bridge a railroad track or tracks for the more perfect connection of any railroad or railroads that are or

Tennessee River. Milton Humes, etc., may bridge, at Lewis Bluff, Ala.

- shall hereafter be constructed to the said river, on either or both sides thereof, at or opposite said point, under the limitations and conditions hereinafter provided. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of railway trains, and, at the option of the owners or builders thereof, may be used for the passage of wagons or vehicles of all kinds, for the transit of animals of all kinds, and for foot passengers, for such reasonable rates of toll as may be approved from time to time by the Secretary of War.
- Railway, wagon, and foot bridge.** SEC. 2. That any bridge built under this Act and subject to its limitations shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, troops, and munitions of war, or other property of the United States, than the rate per mile charged for the transportation of the same over the railroads or public highways leading to the said bridge, and it shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post-roads in the United States. Equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies; and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal, telegraph, and telephone purposes.
- Toll.** SEC. 3. That the said bridge shall be constructed with a draw or pivot span, which shall be over the main channel of the river at an accessible and navigable point, and the openings on each side of the pivot pier shall not be less than one hundred and sixty feet in the clear, and as nearly as practicable both of said openings shall be accessible at all stages of water; that the spans shall be not less than ten feet above extreme high-water mark, as understood at the point of location, to the lowest point of the superstructure of said bridge; that the piers and draw rests of said bridge shall be built parallel with the current at that stage of the river which is most important for navigation, and the bridge itself at right angles thereto; and that no riprap or other outside protection for imperfect foundations shall be permitted to approach nearer than four feet to the surface of the water at its extreme low stage, or otherwise to encroach upon the channel ways provided for in this Act: *Provided*, That said draw shall be opened by the company or persons owning or controlling said bridge upon reasonable signal for the passage of boats or rafts, and there shall be maintained, at the expense of the owners thereof, from sunset till sunrise, such lights or other signals on said bridge as the Light-House Board shall prescribe.
- Lawful structure and post route.** SEC. 4. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of trains over the same upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies, or any of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid, and upon rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties.
- Telegraph, etc., rights.** SEC. 5. That any bridge authorized to be constructed under this Act shall be built and located under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation as the Secretary of War shall prescribe, and to secure that object the owner or owners thereof shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawings of the bridge and a map of the location, giving, for the space of one mile above and one mile below the proposed location, the high and low water lines upon the banks of the river, the direction and strength of the current at all stages of the water, with the soundings, accurately showing the bed of the stream and the location of any other bridge or bridges, such map to be sufficiently in detail to
- Drawbridge.**
- Protection to navigation.**
- Proviso. Opening draw.**
- Lights, etc.**
- Use by other roads.**
- Compensation.**
- Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.**

enable the Secretary of War to judge of the proper location of said bridge, and shall furnish such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject; and until such plan and location of the bridge are approved by the Secretary of War the bridge shall not be commenced or built, and should any change be made in the plan of said bridge during the progress of construction, or after completion, such change shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War; and the owners of said bridge shall, at their own expense, make such changes therein as the Secretary of War may at any time order in the interest of navigation.

SEC. 6. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

SEC. 7. That this Act shall be null and void unless the bridge herein authorized is commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval hereof.

Approved, February 28, 1903.

CHAP. 970.—An Act To amend an Act entitled “An Act to incorporate the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of the District of Columbia.”

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections two and three of an Act entitled “An Act to incorporate the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of the District of Columbia,” approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, as amended by the Act entitled “An Act to amend an Act entitled ‘An Act to incorporate the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of the District of Columbia,’ approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine,” approved February twentieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, as amended by the Act entitled “An Act to amend an Act entitled ‘An Act to incorporate the Masonic Mutual Relief Association of the District of Columbia,’ approved February fifth, nineteen hundred and one,” be amended so as to read as follows:

“SEC. 2. That membership in this association shall be limited to master Masons, and that the particular business and objects of the society or corporation shall be to provide and maintain a fund for the benefit of the widow, orphans, heir, assignee, or legatee of a deceased member immediately upon proof of such death; and for this purpose it shall and may be lawful for the said society or corporation to make all and every insurance appertaining to or connected with life risks of whatever kind and nature, and because of its fraternal and benevolent purposes it shall be defined and classed as a fraternal beneficial association: *Provided, however,* That upon all policies which shall be issued for a specified amount it shall be required to maintain a reinsurance reserve fund not less than that computed upon the American experience table of mortality at four per centum interest.

“SEC. 3. That the number of directors of said association shall be at least twenty-one, a number of whom, less than a majority, shall be elected annually by the members of the association from among themselves and shall serve for three years; that the annual meeting of said association shall, after the year nineteen hundred and three, be held on the third Tuesday in February of each year, and for this purpose the terms of service of the present directors shall be, and are hereby, extended to the date of the annual meeting succeeding the expiration of their present terms of service. In all cases of a tie vote the choice to be determined by lot, and in all other cases a majority vote shall decide. And said directors shall, at their first meeting succeeding the annual meeting of the association, elect one of their number to be

Changes.

Amendment.

Time of construction.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 127.]

District of Columbia
Masonic Mutual Relief Association.
Vol. 15, p. 335.

Vol. 27, p. 464.

Vol. 31, p. 759
amended.

Membership limited.
Objects of the corporation.

Life insurance.

Proviso.
Reinsurance reserve fund.

Directors.
Term of service three years.

Annual meetings.

Voting.

Officers.

president of the board of directors, who shall also be president of the association, and shall elect one of their number as vice-president, and one of their number as secretary, and one of their number or a member of the association as secretary of the association, and the said secretary of the association shall give bonds with security to said association in such sum as the board of directors may require for the faithful discharge of his duties; and one of their number as treasurer, who shall also give bonds with surety to said association in such sum as the said board of directors may require for the faithful discharge of his trust. At all meetings of the board of directors a majority of the board shall form a quorum. In case of any vacancy in the board of directors, by death, resignation, or otherwise, such vacancy shall be filled by the remaining directors from among the members of said association, who shall serve until the next annual meeting of the association, at which time a successor shall be elected to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

Quorum.
Vacancies.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 128.]

CHAP. 971.—An Act To authorize the Pearl and Leaf Rivers Railroad Company to bridge Pearl River in the State of Mississippi.

Pearl River, Miss.
Pearl and Leaf Rivers
Railroad Company
may bridge, at Smiths
Ferry.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Pearl and Leaf Rivers Railroad Company, a railroad corporation duly incorporated and organized under the laws of the State of Mississippi, its successors or assigns, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct and maintain a railroad bridge, with single or double track, and approaches thereto, over and across the Pearl River at or near Smiths Ferry, in Lawrence County, State of Mississippi, subject to the conditions and limitations hereinafter specified.

Unobstructed navigation.

Litigation.

Lawful structure
and post route.

Telegraph, etc.,
rights.

Drawbridge.

SEC. 2. That said bridge shall not interfere with the free navigation of said river beyond what may be necessary to carry into effect the rights and privileges herein granted; and in case of any litigation arising under the provisions of this Act from any obstruction or alleged obstruction to the navigation of said stream, such litigation may be tried and determined by the proper circuit or district court of the United States within whose jurisdiction said bridge is located.

SEC. 3. That any bridge built under this Act and subject to its limitations shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which no higher charge shall be made for the transmission of mails and the troops and munitions of war of the United States over the same than the rate per mile paid for the transportation over the railroad or approaches leading to the said bridge; and it shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post-roads in the United States, and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies, and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal, telegraph, and telephone purposes.

SEC. 4. That said bridge over said stream shall be constructed as a draw bridge. The drawspan shall be over the main channel of the said stream at an accessible navigable point and the openings on each side of the pivot pier shall be not less than one hundred and fifteen feet in the clear, unless otherwise expressly directed by the Secretary of War, and if so directed shall be according to such direction, and the said openings shall be accessible at all stages of water; and the spans shall be not less than thirty-six feet above extreme low water, as understood at the point of location, to the lowest part of the superstructure of the bridge; and the piers and draw shall be parallel with,

and the bridge shall be at right angles to, the current of the stream; and the draw shall be opened promptly, upon reasonable signals, for the passage of boats and other river craft; and said company, its successors or assigns, shall maintain at its own expense, from sunset till sunrise, throughout the season of navigation, such lights or other signals on said bridge as the Light-House Board may prescribe.

Opening draw.
Lights, etc.

SEC. 5. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have and be entitled to equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railway trains over the same and over approaches thereto, upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owner or owners of said bridge and the several railroad companies, or any of them, desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sum or sums to be paid and upon the rules and conditions to which each shall conform in using said bridge, all matters at issue between them shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon a hearing of the allegations and proofs of the parties.

Use by other roads.

Compensation.

SEC. 6. That any bridge authorized to be constructed under this Act shall be built under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation of said Pearl River as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and to secure that object the said company shall submit to the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War for their examination and approval the plans and a design drawing of the bridge, and a map of location giving for the space of one-half mile above and one-half mile below the proposed location the topography of the banks of the river, the shore lines at high and low water, the direction and strength of currents at all stages, and soundings, accurately showing the bed of the stream and the location of any other bridge or bridges, and shall furnish such other information as may be required for a full and satisfactory understanding of the subject; and until said plan and location of the bridge are approved by the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War said bridge shall not be built, or commenced, and no changes shall be made in said bridge during the progress of construction nor after completion, unless approved by the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War; and the said company shall, at its own expense, make from time to time such changes in said bridge as the Secretary of War may order in the interest of navigation.

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

Changes.

SEC. 7. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

SEC. 8. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval hereof.

Time of construction.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

CHAP. 972.—An Act To amend an Act entitled “An Act authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Cumberland River at or near Carthage, Tennessee,” approved March second, nineteen hundred and one.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 129.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an Act entitled “An Act authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Cumberland River at or near Carthage, Tennessee,” approved March second, nineteen hundred and one, be, and the same is hereby, revived and declared to be in full force and effect, and that section five of said Act is hereby amended so as to read as follows: “That this Act shall be null and void if said bridge is not commenced within one year and completed within three years from the first day of April, nineteen hundred and three.”

Cumberland River.
Time extended for
bridging, at Carthage,
Tenn.
Vol. 31, p. 958,
amended.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 130.]

CHAP. 973.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Arkansas River at or near Moors Rock, in the State of Arkansas.

Arkansas River.
Arkansas Coal and
Mineral Railway Com-
pany may bridge, at
Moors Rock, Ark.

Provisos.
Secretary of War to
approve plans, etc.

Changes.

Lights, etc.

Use by other roads.

Compensation.

Telegraph, etc.,
rights.

Lawful structure
and post route.

Time of construc-
tion.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Arkansas Coal and Mineral Railway Company, a corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Arkansas, its successors and assigns, are hereby authorized to construct, operate, and maintain a bridge across the Arkansas River at Moors Rock, or within two miles above or below said Moors Rock, on the boundary line between the counties of Crawford and Sebastian. Said bridge shall be constructed in accordance with such plans as may be approved by the Secretary of War: *Provided,* That before the construction of any bridge herein authorized is commenced the said company shall submit to the Secretary of War, for his examination and approval, a design and drawing of such bridge and map of the location, giving sufficient information to enable the Secretary of War to fully and satisfactorily understand the subject; and unless the plan and location of such bridge are approved by the Secretary of War the structure shall not be built; and should any change be made in said bridge before or after completion, such changes shall likewise be subject to the approval of the Secretary of War; and any changes in said bridge which the Secretary of War may at any time deem necessary and order in the interests of navigation shall be made by the owners thereof at their expense: *Provided further,* That for the safety of vessels passing at night the owners of said bridge shall maintain thereon, at their own expense, from sunset to sunrise, such lights or other signals as the Light-House Board may prescribe.

SEC. 2. That all railroad companies desiring the use of said bridge shall have equal rights and privileges relative to the passage of railway trains or cars over the same and over the approaches thereto upon payment of a reasonable compensation for such use; and in case the owners of said bridge and any railroad company desiring such use shall fail to agree upon the sums to be paid or the conditions to be observed, all matters at issue shall be decided by the Secretary of War upon hearing the allegations and proofs of the parties; and equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to telegraph and telephone companies.

SEC. 3. That the bridge constructed, maintained, and operated under this Act and according to its limitations shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transportation over the same of the mails, the troops, and the munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for transportation of said mails, troops, and munitions over the railroads and public highways leading to said bridge; and the United States shall have the right of way for a postal telegraph across said bridge.

SEC. 4. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized be not commenced within one year and completed within three years from the approval of this Act.

SEC. 5. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 131.]

CHAP. 974.—An Act To create a new division of the eastern judicial district of Texas, and to provide for terms of court at Texarkana, Texas, and for a clerk for said court, and for other purposes.

United States courts.
Texas eastern ju-
dicial district.
New division.
R. S., sec. 548, p. 92.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the counties of Bowie, Franklin, and Titus shall constitute a division of the eastern judicial district of Texas.

SEC. 2. That terms of the circuit and district courts of the United States for the said eastern district of Texas shall be held twice in each year at the city of Texarkana, and that until otherwise provided by law the judges of said courts shall fix the times at which said courts shall be held at Texarkana, of which they shall make publication and give due notice.

Term at Texarkana.

SEC. 3. That all civil process issued against persons resident in the said counties of Bowie, Franklin, and Titus, and cognizable before the United States courts, shall be made returnable to the courts, respectively, to be held at the city of Texarkana, and all prosecutions for offenses committed in any of said counties shall be tried in the appropriate United States court at the city of Texarkana: *Provided*, That no process issued or prosecution commenced or suit instituted before the passage of this bill shall be in any way affected by the provisions hereof.

Return of process.

Proviso.
Pending cases.

SEC. 4. That the clerks of the circuit and district courts of said district shall maintain an office, in charge of themselves or a deputy, at the said city of Texarkana, which shall be kept open at all times for the transaction of the business of said division.

Clerks.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

CHAP. 975.—An Act Making appropriation for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 132.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Army for the year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four:

ARMY appropriations.

COMMANDING GENERAL'S OFFICE OR THAT OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF.

Commanding General, or Chief of Staff.

To defray the contingent expenses of the Commanding General's Office or that of the Chief of Staff in his discretion, three thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENCIES OF THE ARMY: For all contingent expenses of the Army not provided for by other estimates, and embracing all branches of the military service, to be expended under the immediate orders of the Secretary of War, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Contingencies of the Army.

ARMY WAR COLLEGE: For expenses of the Army War College, being for the temporary hire of office rooms, purchase of the necessary stationery, office, toilet, and desk furniture, text-books, books of reference, scientific and professional papers and periodicals, binding, maps, police utensils, and for all other absolutely necessary expenses, fifteen thousand dollars.

Army War College.

UNDER THE CHIEF OF ARTILLERY.

Under Chief of Artillery.

SCHOOL OF SUBMARINE DEFENSE, FORT TOTTEN, NEW YORK: For incidental expenses of school and depot, including fuel, lights, chemicals, stationery, hardware, extra-duty pay to soldiers necessarily employed for periods not less than ten days as artificers on work in addition to and not strictly in line with their military duties, such as carpenters, blacksmiths, draftsmen, printers, lithographers, photographers, engine drivers, telegraph operators, teamsters, wheelwrights, masons, machinists, painters, overseers, laborers, repairs of and for material to repair public buildings, boats used in connection with the school, office furniture and fixtures, machinery, and unforeseen expenses, ten thousand dollars.

Submarine defense school.
Incidental expenses.

- Material for instruction.** For purchase of material for use in instruction of artillery troops in their special duties in connection with the loading and planting of submarine mines, one thousand dollars.
- Apparatus.** For purchase of special apparatus and for experimental purposes of the department of electricity, mines, and mechanism, Fort Totten, New York, two thousand dollars.
For purchase of special apparatus and for experimental purposes of the department of chemistry and explosives, Fort Totten, New York, one thousand five hundred dollars.
For purchase of special apparatus for electrician sergeants division, School of Submarine Defense, Fort Totten, New York, one thousand dollars.
- Books.** For purchase and binding of professional books of recent date treating of military and scientific subjects for library of School of Submarine Defense, and for use of school, two thousand five hundred dollars.
- Service schools.** UNITED STATES SERVICE SCHOOLS: To provide means for the theoretical and practical instruction at the Artillery School at Fort Monroe, Virginia; the School of Submarine Defense at Fort Totten, New York; the General Service and Staff College at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and the School of Application for Cavalry and Field Artillery at Fort Riley, Kansas, by the purchase of text-books, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, the purchase of modern instruments and material for theoretical and practical instruction, and for all other absolutely necessary expenses, to be allotted in such proportions as may, in the opinion of the Secretary of War, be for the best interest of the military service, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Adjutant-General's Department.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

- Contingent expenses at headquarters.** For contingent expenses at the headquarters of the several military departments, including the staff corps serving thereat, being for the purchase of the necessary articles of office, toilet, and desk furniture, binding, maps, books of reference, professional newspapers and periodicals, and police utensils, to be allotted by the Secretary of War, and to be expended in the discretion of the several military department commanders, seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Historical Register of the Army. Purchase authorized.** To enable the Secretary of War to purchase from Francis B. Heitman, the compiler thereof, the manuscript of the Historical Register of the United States Army, compiled from the official records of the War Department from seventeen hundred and eighty-nine to the date of the passage of this Act, three thousand dollars, to be immediately available; and for printing an edition of six thousand copies of said register by the Public Printer, one thousand for the use of the Senate, two thousand for the use of the House of Representatives, and three thousand for the War Department, and from the copies allotted to the War Department each Government depository shall be supplied with one copy, twelve thousand dollars.
- Printing and distribution.**
- Military information division.** For contingent expenses of the military information division, Adjutant-General's Office, including the purchase of law books, books of reference, periodicals and newspapers, and of the military attachés at the United States embassies and legations abroad, and of the branch office of the military information division at Manila, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That section thirty-six hundred and eighty-two, Revised Statutes, shall not apply to the expenditure of this appropriation so far as it relates to the offices of the military attachés abroad and to said branch office at Manila: *And provided further*, That section thirty-six hundred and forty-eight, Revised Statutes, shall not apply to subscriptions for newspapers and periodicals to be paid for from this
- Provisos.**
Clerical pay.
R. S., sec. 3682, p. 723.
- Subscriptions to papers.**
R. S., sec. 3648, p. 718.

appropriation: *Provided further*, That section one hundred and ninety-two, Revised Statutes, shall not apply to the subscriptions to newspapers by the military information division for the fiscal years ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred, June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and one, June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, and thereafter.

Limitation removed.
R. S., sec. 192, p. 30.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER.

Office of chief signal officer.

SIGNAL SERVICE OF THE ARMY: For expenses of the Signal Service of the Army, as follows: Purchase, equipment, and repair of field electric telegraphs, signal equipments and stores, binocular glasses, telescopes, heliostats, and other necessary instruments, including necessary meteorological instruments for use on target ranges; war balloons; telephone apparatus (exclusive of exchange service) and maintenance of the same; electrical installations and maintenance at military posts; maintenance and repair of military telegraph lines and cables, including salaries of civilian employees, supplies, and general repairs, and other expenses connected with the duty of collecting and transmitting information for the Army, by telegraph or otherwise, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the purchase of signal stores and equipment, or the engagement of services not personal, by the Signal Corps of the Army, may be made by the Signal Corps of the Army in open market in the manner common among business men when the aggregate of the amount required does not exceed two hundred dollars, but every such purchase or employment shall be promptly reported to the Secretary of War.

Expenses.

Proviso.
Open-market purchases.

For the purchase, installation, operation, and maintenance of the necessary lines and means of electrical communication, including telephones, dial and other telegraphs, wiring, and all special instruments, apparatus, and materials, and salaries of electrical experts, engineers, and other necessary employees connected with the use of coast artillery, three hundred and eighty-nine thousand dollars.

Electrical communication.

For the purchase, installation, operation, and maintenance of a submarine cable for connecting the headquarters Department of the Columbia with military garrisons in southeastern Alaska, said cable to extend from a point at or near Fort Lawton, Seattle, Washington, via Sitka, Alaska, to Juneau, Alaska, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, four hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars.

Cable to southeastern Alaska.

To continue available.

PAY OF OFFICERS OF THE LINE.

Pay.

For pay of officers of the line, five million dollars.

Line officers.

For pay of officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, one million sixty-five thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

Longevity.

PAY OF ENLISTED MEN.

For pay of enlisted men of all grades, including recruits, nine million dollars.

Enlisted men.

For additional pay for length of service, one million dollars.

Longevity.

For extra pay to expert riflemen, twelve thousand dollars: *Provided*, That expert riflemen, hereafter qualifying as such, shall receive one dollar a month in addition to their pay.

Expert riflemen.
Proviso.
Extra allowance.

ENGINEER BATTALIONS.

Two hundred and sixty-two thousand one hundred and sixteen dollars. Additional pay for length of service, twenty-seven thousand one hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

Engineers.
Longevity.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Ordnance. One hundred and seventy-one thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.
 Longevity. Additional pay for length of service, thirty-five thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Quartermaster-sergeants. One hundred and fifty quartermaster-sergeants, at four hundred and eight dollars each, sixty-one thousand two hundred dollars.
 Longevity. Additional pay for length of service, fourteen thousand four hundred dollars.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

Commissary-sergeants. Two hundred post commissary-sergeants, at four hundred and eight dollars each, eighty-one thousand six hundred dollars.
 Longevity. Additional pay for length of service, nineteen thousand two hundred dollars.

ELECTRICIAN SERGEANTS (ARTILLERY CORPS).

Electrician sergeants, artillery. One hundred electrician sergeants, to be assigned for duty at such places as the Secretary of War may direct, at four hundred and eight dollars each, forty thousand eight hundred dollars: *Provided*, That there shall be added to the Artillery Corps twenty-five master electricians, to be enlisted by the Secretary of War, after such examination as he may prescribe, who shall receive seventy-five dollars per month and the allowance of an ordnance sergeant, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.
 Master electricians. Additional pay for length of service, four thousand and eighty dollars.
 Longevity.

SIGNAL CORPS.

Signal Corps. Two hundred and thirty-one thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.
 Longevity. Additional pay for length of service, thirteen thousand and eighty dollars.

HOSPITAL CORPS.

Hospital corps. Seven hundred and seventy thousand four hundred dollars.
 Longevity. Additional pay for length of service, sixty-eight thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.
Provido. That hereafter the Hospital Corps of the United States Army shall consist of sergeants first class, sergeants, corporals, privates first class, and privates; the rank and pay of sergeants first class, sergeants, and privates first class shall be as now provided by law for hospital stewards, acting hospital stewards, and privates of the Hospital Corps; corporals shall receive twenty dollars per month and privates sixteen dollars, with such increase on account of length of service as is now or may hereafter be allowed by law to other enlisted men. That the Secretary of War is authorized to organize companies of instruction, ambulance companies, field hospital, and other detachments of the Hospital Corps as the necessities of the service may require.

PAY TO CLERKS AND MESSENGERS AT DEPARTMENT HEADQUARTERS, AT HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY, OR THAT OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF.

Clerks and messengers at headquarters. One chief clerk at headquarters of the Army, or that of the Chief of Staff, two thousand dollars per annum.
 Four clerks, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each per annum.

Ten clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each per annum.

Twenty-five clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each per annum.

Sixty-five clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each per annum.

Eighty-six clerks, at one thousand dollars each per annum.

Sixty-eight messengers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each per annum.

In all, two hundred and seventy-three thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

And said clerks and messengers shall be employed and assigned by the Secretary of War to the offices and positions in which they are to serve.

Apportionment.

Staff.

FOR PAY OF THE STAFF.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT: For pay of officers in the Adjutant-General's Department, eighty-three thousand five hundred dollars.

Adjutant-General's Department.

For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, twenty-five thousand and fifty dollars.

Longevity.

In all, one hundred and eight thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

INSPECTOR-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT: For pay of officers in the Inspector-General's Department, fifty-one thousand five hundred dollars.

Inspector-General's Department.

For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, fifteen thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

Longevity.

In all, sixty-six thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS: For pay of officers in the Corps of Engineers, three hundred and thirty-one thousand nine hundred dollars.

Engineer Corps.

For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, ninety-nine thousand five hundred and seventy dollars.

Longevity.

In all, four hundred and thirty-one thousand four hundred and seventy dollars.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT: For pay of officers in the Ordnance Department, one hundred and fifty-six thousand four hundred dollars.

Ordnance Department.

For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, forty-six thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

Longevity.

In all, two hundred and three thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT: For pay of officers in the Quartermaster's Department, two hundred and twenty-three thousand five hundred dollars.

Quartermaster's Department.

For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, sixty-seven thousand and fifty dollars.

Longevity.

In all, two hundred and ninety thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT: For pay of officers in the Subsistence Department, one hundred and forty-nine thousand five hundred dollars.

Subsistence Department.

For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, thirty-one thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

Longevity.

In all, one hundred and eighty thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT: For pay of officers in the Medical Department, six hundred and eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Medical Department.

Longevity. For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, one hundred and ninety-five thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

In all, eight hundred and six thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

Pay Department. **PAY DEPARTMENT:** For pay of officers in the Pay Department, one hundred and twenty-eight thousand dollars.

Longevity. For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, thirty-eight thousand four hundred dollars.

In all, one hundred and sixty-six thousand four hundred dollars.

Judge-Advocate-General's Department. **JUDGE-ADVOCATE-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT:** For pay of officers in the Judge-Advocate-General's Department, forty thousand dollars.

Longevity. For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, twelve thousand dollars.

In all, fifty-two thousand dollars.

Signal Corps. **SIGNAL CORPS:** For pay of the officers of the Signal Corps, seventy-two thousand four hundred dollars.

Longevity. For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, twenty-one thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars: *Provided*, There shall be added to the Signal Corps of the Army, as now authorized by law, one lieutenant-colonel, two majors, four captains, and four first lieutenants: *Provided further*,

Provisos. Officers added. That the vacancies thus created or caused shall be filled first by the promotion of officers of the Signal Corps, according to seniority, and thereafter by details from the line of the Army: *Provided further*,

Chief of telegraph, etc., bureau, Executive Office. That the President be, and is hereby, authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an officer of the Signal Corps as chief of the telegraph and cipher bureau of the Executive Office, who shall have, while so serving, the rank, pay, and allowances of a major.

Rank, etc. In all, ninety-four thousand one hundred and twenty dollars.

Record and Pension Office. **RECORD AND PENSION OFFICE:** For pay of officers of the Record and Pension Office, eight thousand dollars.

Longevity. For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, two hundred and fifty dollars.

In all, eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Retired list. RETIRED OFFICERS.

Officers. For pay of officers on the retired list and for officers who may be placed thereon during the current year one million seven hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That in addition to the detail of retired officers now authorized by law, it shall hereafter be lawful for the Secretary of War to detail, whenever in his judgment the public interests require it, not exceeding twenty retired officers for service in connection with the organized militia in the States or Territories, upon the request of the governor thereof, and such retired officers shall be entitled, while so employed, to receive the full pay and allowances of their respective grades.

Proviso. Detail with organized militia. Anté, p. 779.

Pay, etc. For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, four hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter, except in case of officers retired on account of wounds received in battle, no officer now on the retired list shall be allowed or paid any further increase of longevity pay, and officers hereafter retired, except as herein provided, shall not be allowed or paid any further increase of longevity pay above that which had accrued at date of their retirement.

Longevity. For additional pay to such officers for length of service, to be paid with their current monthly pay, four hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter, except in case of officers retired on account of wounds received in battle, no officer now on the retired list shall be allowed or paid any further increase of longevity pay, and officers hereafter retired, except as herein provided, shall not be allowed or paid any further increase of longevity pay above that which had accrued at date of their retirement.

Proviso. Further increase limited.

In all, two million one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

RETIRED ENLISTED MEN.

For pay of the enlisted men of the Army on the retired list, seven hundred and twenty-four thousand three hundred and twenty-seven dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter, in computing the length of service for retirement, credit shall be given soldiers for double the time of their actual service in China, the same as is now given in Porto Rico, Cuba, and the Philippine Islands.

Enlisted men.
Proviso.
Double allowance for China service.

MISCELLANEOUS.

For pay of not exceeding one hundred hospital matrons, twelve thousand dollars. Hospital matrons.

For pay of one Superintendent Nurse Corps, one thousand eight hundred dollars. Superintendent Nurse Corps.

For one hundred nurses, fifty-six thousand two hundred and twenty dollars. Nurses.

For pay of forty-two veterinarians, at one thousand five hundred dollars, sixty-three thousand dollars. Veterinarians.

For thirty dental surgeons, fifty-six thousand one hundred and sixty dollars. Dental surgeons.

For pay of ninety paymasters' clerks, one hundred and thirty-seven thousand nine hundred and forty-four dollars and eighty-three cents. Paymasters' clerks.

For pay of paymasters' messengers, fifteen thousand dollars. Messengers.

For traveling expenses of paymasters' clerks and expert accountant of the Inspector-General's Department, twenty thousand dollars. Traveling expenses.

For expenses of courts-martial, courts of inquiry, military commissions, and compensation of reporters and witnesses attending the same, twenty thousand dollars. Courts-martial, etc.

For additional pay to officer in charge of public buildings and grounds at Washington, District of Columbia, one thousand dollars. Officer, buildings and grounds, D. C.

For commutation of quarters to commissioned officers on duty, without troops, at stations where there are no public quarters, three hundred thousand dollars. Commutation of quarters, officers.

For travel allowance to enlisted men on discharge, nine hundred thousand dollars. Allowance, enlisted men.

For clothing not drawn due to enlisted men on discharge, four hundred thousand dollars. Clothing not drawn.

For interest on soldiers' deposits, one hundred thousand dollars, and so much as may be necessary to pay back such deposits. Interest on soldiers' deposits.

For pay of translator and librarian of the military information division, Adjutant-General's Office, one thousand eight hundred dollars. Translator, etc.

For pay of expert accountant for the Inspector-General's Department, two thousand five hundred dollars. Expert accountant.

For mileage to officers and contract surgeons, when authorized by law, four hundred thousand dollars. Mileage to officers, etc.

For three hundred and fifty contract surgeons, six hundred and thirty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That contract surgeons and contract dental surgeons on duty in Alaska, Hawaii, the Philippine Islands, and Porto Rico may transfer or assign their pay accounts when due and payable in the methods now provided by regulations for commissioned officers of the Army. Contract surgeons.

For additional twenty per centum increase on pay of enlisted men serving at foreign stations, five hundred thousand dollars. *Proviso.*
Transfer of pay, insular duty.

For additional ten per centum increase on pay of commissioned officers serving at foreign stations, two hundred thousand dollars. Twenty per cent increase, enlisted men.
Ten per cent increase, officers.

For pay of one computer for artillery board, two thousand five hundred dollars. Computer.

PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

Philippine Scouts.

Fifty first lieutenants, eighty thousand dollars.

Fifty second lieutenants, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Proviso.
Continuous-service
pay for enlisted men.

Noncommissioned officers and privates, fifty companies, five hundred and fifteen thousand one hundred and sixty dollars: *Provided*, That all enlisted men of the Regular Army who served as commissioned officers of United States Volunteers organized in eighteen hundred and ninety-eight and eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, or who have served or may be now serving as such in the Porto Rico Provisional Regiment or in the Philippine Scouts, who, upon their muster out, have returned or may return to the ranks of the Regular Army, shall have such period of service counted as if it had been rendered as enlisted men, and that they be entitled to all continuous-service pay and to count, in computing the time necessary to enable them to retire, as enlisted men.

Payments of sala-
ries.

Hereafter, in all payments to be made under the provisions of army appropriation acts, when the rate of compensation is annual, payment shall be made monthly at the rate of one-twelfth of the annual rate, and of such monthly rate and of all other monthly rates of compensation one-thirtieth shall be the daily rate for computation of pay for fractional parts of a month; and for the purposes of this Act each and every month shall be held to consist of thirty days, whether the actual number of days be greater or less.

Porto Rico Provi-
sional Regiment.

For Porto Rico Provisional Regiment of Infantry, composed of two battalions of four companies each:

Pay of officers of the line, fifty-four thousand three hundred dollars.

Provisos.
Citizens may enlist
in Regular Army, etc.

Pay of enlisted men, one hundred and forty-three thousand six hundred and seventy-six dollars: *Provided*, That citizens of Porto Rico shall be eligible for enlistment in the Regular Army and the Porto Rico Regiment may be ordered for service outside of the island of Porto Rico: *Provided*, That all volunteer officers now in the Porto Rico Provisional Regiment shall be mustered out on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and their places be filled by detail from the line of the Army: *Provided further*, That any vacancy now existing or which may occur between now and June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, shall be filled by detail from the line of the Army.

Muster out of vol-
unteer officers.

Vacancies.

All the money hereinbefore appropriated for pay of the Army and miscellaneous shall be disbursed and accounted for by the Pay Department as pay of the Army, and for that purpose shall constitute one fund.

Subsistence Depart-
ment.

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

Supplies.

Purchase of subsistence supplies: For issue, as rations, to cadets at the United States Military Academy, troops, civil employees when entitled thereto, hospital matrons and nurses, general prisoners of war (including Indians held by the Army as prisoners, but for whose subsistence appropriation is not otherwise made), and to military prisoners at posts; for sales to officers and enlisted men of the Army; for authorized issues of candles; of toilet articles, barbers', laundry, and tailors' materials, for use of general prisoners confined at military posts without pay or allowances, and recruits at recruiting stations; of matches for lighting public fires and lights at posts and stations and in the field; of flour used for paste in target practice; of salt and vinegar for public animals; of issues to Indians employed with the Army, without pay, as guides and scouts, and for toilet paper for use by enlisted men at posts, camps, rendezvous, and offices where water-closets are provided with sewer connections. For payments: For meals for recruiting parties and recruits; for hot coffee, canned meats, and baked beans for troops traveling, when it is impracticable

Payments.

to cook their rations; for scales, weights, measures, utensils, tools, stationery, blank books and forms, printing, advertising, commercial newspapers, use of telephones, office furniture; for temporary buildings, cellars, and other means of protecting subsistence supplies (when not provided by the Quartermaster's Department); for coffee roasters; for commissary chests, complete, and for renewal of their outfits; for field desks of commissaries; for extra pay to enlisted men employed on extra duty in the Subsistence Department for periods of not less than ten days, at rates fixed by law; for compensation of civilians employed in the Subsistence Department, and for other necessary expenses incident to the purchase, care, preservation, issue, sale, and accounting for subsistence supplies for the Army. For the payment of commutation of rations to the cadets at the United States Military Academy in lieu of the regular established ration at the rate of thirty cents per ration; and for the payment of the regulation allowances of commutation in lieu of rations to enlisted men on furlough; to ordnance sergeants on duty at ungarrisoned posts; to enlisted men and male and female nurses when stationed at places where rations in kind can not be economically issued, and when traveling on detached duty where it is impracticable to carry rations of any kind; to enlisted men selected to contest for places or prizes in department and army rifle competitions while traveling to and from places of contest; and to male and female nurses on leaves of absence. For subsistence of the masters, officers, crews, and employees of the vessels of the army transport service; for difference between the cost of the ration at twenty-five cents per day and the amount of forty cents per day to be expended by commissaries on request of medical officers for special diet to enlisted patients in hospital who are too sick to be subsisted on the army ration; for difference between the cost of the ration at twenty-five cents and the cost of rations differing in whole or in part from the ordinary ration, to be issued to enlisted men in camp in the United States during periods of recovery from low conditions of health consequent upon service in unhealthy regions or in debilitating climates (to be expended only under special authority of the Secretary of War); and for ice to organizations of enlisted men at such places as the Secretary of War may determine; in all, seven million dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of War, and accounted for as "Subsistence of the Army," and for that purpose to constitute one fund.

Extra-duty pay.

Civilian employees.

Commutation.
Cadets.

Army transport
service.

Amount.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Quartermaster's De-
partment.

Supplies.

REGULAR SUPPLIES: Regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department, including their care and protection, consisting of stoves and heating apparatus required for heating offices, hospitals, barracks and quarters, and recruiting stations; also ranges and stoves, and appliances for cooking and serving food, and repair and maintenance of such heating and cooking appliances; of fuel and lights for enlisted men, including recruits, guards, hospitals, storehouses, and offices, and for sale to officers, and including also fuel and engine supplies required in the operation of modern batteries at established posts; for post bakeries; for ice machines and their maintenance where required for the health and comfort of the troops in the insular possessions, and for cold storage; for the necessary furniture, text-books, paper, and equipment for the post schools and libraries; for the tableware and mess furniture for kitchens and mess halls, each and all for the enlisted men, including recruits; of forage in kind for the horses, mules, and oxen of the Quartermaster's Department at the several posts and stations and with the armies in the field, and for the horses of the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of artillery, and such companies of infantry and

Forage, etc.

scouts as may be mounted, and for the authorized number of officers' horses, including bedding for the animals; of straw for soldiers' bedding, and of stationery, including blank books for the Quartermasters' Department, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the Pay and Quartermaster's departments, and for printing department orders and reports, five million dollars: *Provided*, That no part of the appropriations for the Quartermaster's Department shall be expended on printing unless the same shall be done by contract after due notice and competition, except in such cases as the emergency will not admit of the giving notice of competition, and in cases where it is impracticable to have the necessary printing done by contract the same may be done, with the approval of the Secretary of War, by the hire of the necessary labor for the purpose: *Provided further*, That hereafter, except in cases of emergency or where it is impracticable to secure competition, the purchase of all supplies for the use of the various departments and posts of the Army and of the branches of the army service shall only be made after advertisement, and shall be purchased where the same can be purchased the cheapest, quality and cost of transportation and the interests of the Government considered; but every open-market emergency purchase made in the manner common among business men which exceeds in amount two hundred dollars shall be reported for approval to the Secretary of War under such regulations as he may prescribe.

For the purchase of the necessary instruments, office furniture, stationery, and other authorized articles required for the equipment and use of the officers' schools at the several military posts, twenty-five thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

INCIDENTAL EXPENSES: Postage; cost of telegrams on official business received and sent by officers of the Army; extra pay to soldiers employed on extra duty, under the direction of the Quartermaster's Department, in the erection of barracks, quarters, and storehouses, in the construction of roads and other constant labor for periods of not less than ten days, and as clerks for post quartermasters at military posts, and for prison overseers at posts designated by the War Department for the confinement of general prisoners; for expenses of expresses to and from frontier posts and armies in the field, of escorts to paymasters and other disbursing officers, and to trains where military escorts can not be furnished; expenses of the interment of officers killed in action or who die when on duty in the field, or at military posts or on the frontiers, or when traveling under orders, and of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; and in all cases where such expenses would have been lawful claims against the Government reimbursement may be made of expenses heretofore or hereafter incurred by individuals of burial and transportation of remains of officers, including acting assistant surgeons, not to exceed the amount now allowed in the cases of officers, and for the reimbursement in the cases of enlisted men not exceeding the amount now allowed in their cases, may be paid out of the proper funds appropriated by this Act, and the disbursing officers shall be credited with such reimbursement heretofore made; but hereafter no reimbursement shall be made of such expenses incurred prior to the twenty-first day of April, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight; authorized office furniture; hire of laborers in the Quartermaster's Department, including the hire of interpreters, spies, or guides for the Army; compensation of clerks and other employees to the officers of the Quartermaster's Department, and incidental expenses of recruiting; for the apprehension, securing, and delivering of deserters, including escaped military prisoners, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and no greater sum than fifty dollars for each deserter or escaped military prisoner shall, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, be paid to any civil officer or citizen for such services and

Amount.
Provisos.
Printing.

Purchases.

Equipment of post
schools.

Incidental expenses.

expenses; for a donation of five dollars to each dishonorably discharged prisoner upon his release from confinement, under court-martial sentence, involving dishonorable discharge; for the following expenditures required for the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of light artillery, and such companies of infantry and scouts as may be mounted, the authorized number of officers' horses, and for the trains, to wit: Hire of veterinary surgeons, purchase of medicines for horses and mules, picket ropes, blacksmith's tools and materials, horseshoes and blacksmith's tools for the cavalry service, and for the shoeing of horses and mules, and such additional expenditures as are necessary and authorized by law in the movements and operations of the Army, and at military posts, and not expressly assigned to any other department, two million two hundred thousand dollars.

Horse expenditures.

Amount.

Horses, etc.

Provisos.
Limit.

HORSES FOR CAVALRY AND ARTILLERY: For the purchase of horses for the cavalry and artillery, and for the Indian scouts, and for such infantry and members of the Hospital Corps in field campaigns as may be required to be mounted, and the expenses incident thereto, four hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the number of horses purchased under this appropriation, added to the number now on hand, shall be limited to the actual needs of the mounted service, and, unless otherwise ordered by the Secretary of War, no part of this appropriation shall be paid out for horses not purchased by contract, after competition duly invited by the Quartermaster's Department, and an inspection under the direction and authority of the Secretary of War: *Provided further*, That when a mounted officer of the line is ordered to duty beyond the seas or to make a change of station in the United States in which the cost of transportation for the private horses which he is required to keep exceeds the sum allowed for that purpose in the Army Regulations, the Secretary of War is authorized, under such regulations in respect to inspection and valuation as he may prescribe, to permit the purchase of said horses by the Quartermaster's Department at a price not exceeding the average contract price paid for horses during the preceding fiscal year, from which sum shall be deducted one-seventh of such contract price for each year, or major fraction of a year, which may have elapsed since date of purchase by said officer.

Purchase of horses from officers.

BARRACKS AND QUARTERS: For barracks and quarters for troops, storehouses for the safe-keeping of military stores, for offices, recruiting stations, and for the hire of buildings and grounds for summer cantonments, and for temporary buildings at frontier stations, for the construction of temporary buildings and stables, and for repairing public buildings at established posts, including the extra-duty pay of enlisted men employed on the same: *Provided*, That no part of the moneys so appropriated shall be paid for commutation of fuel or for quarters to officers or enlisted men: *Provided further*, That the number of and total sum paid for civilian employees in the Quartermaster's Department, including those paid from the funds appropriated for regular supplies, incidental expenses, barracks and quarters, army transportation, clothing, camp and garrison equipage, shall be limited to the actual requirements of the service, and that no employee paid therefrom shall receive a salary of more than one hundred and fifty dollars per month, except upon the approval of the Secretary of War, four million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and two million dollars of said sum shall be immediately available: *Provided*, That of the above amount the sum of nine thousand dollars, to be immediately available, or so much thereof as may be necessary, may be used by the Secretary of War to purchase additional ground adjacent to the present Omaha Quartermaster's Depot Reservation in Omaha, Nebraska, for the purpose of enlarging said reservation to admit the erection thereon of the Quartermaster's warehouse building: *Provided further*, For

Barracks and quarters.

Provisos.
Commutation of fuel, etc.
Civilian employees.

Omaha, Nebr.
Additional ground.

Post exchanges, etc.

continuing the construction, equipment, and maintenance of suitable buildings at military posts and stations for the conduct of the post exchange, school, library, reading, lunch, amusement rooms, and gymnasium, to be expended in the discretion and under the direction of the Secretary of War, five hundred thousand dollars: *Provided further*, That not more than forty thousand dollars of the above appropriation shall be expended at any one post or station.

Limit for any post.

Philippine Islands.
Buildings, etc.

BARRACKS AND QUARTERS, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS: Continuing the work of providing for the proper shelter and protection of officers and enlisted men of the Army of the United States lawfully on duty in the Philippine Islands, including the acquisition of title to building sites when necessary, and including also shelter for the animals and supplies, and all other buildings necessary for post administration purposes, five hundred thousand dollars.

Transportation.

TRANSPORTATION OF THE ARMY AND ITS SUPPLIES: Transportation of the Army, including baggage of the troops when moving either by land or water, and including also the transportation of recruits and recruiting parties heretofore paid from the appropriation for "Expenses of recruiting;" of supplies to the militia furnished by the War Department; of the necessary agents and employees; of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, and other quartermaster stores, from army depots or places of purchase or delivery to the several posts and army depots, and from those depots to the troops in the field; of horse equipments and subsistence stores from the places of purchase, and from the places of delivery under contract to such places as the circumstances of the service may require them to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms from the foundries and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots; freights, wharfage, tolls, and ferriages; the purchase and hire of draft and pack animals and harness, and the purchase and repair of wagons, carts, and drays, and of ships and other vessels and boats required for the transportation of troops and supplies and for garrison purposes; for drayage and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters and other employees; extra-duty pay of enlisted men driving teams, repairing means of transportation, and employed as train masters, and in opening roads and building wharves; transportation of funds of the Army; the expenses of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and Pacific oceans; no steamship in the transport service of the United States shall be sold or disposed of without the consent of Congress having been first had or obtained; for procuring water, and introducing the same to buildings at such posts as from their situation require it to be brought from a distance, and for the disposal of sewage and drainage, and for constructing roads and wharves; for the payment of army transportation lawfully due such land-grant railroads as have not received aid in Government bonds (to be adjusted in accordance with the decisions of the Supreme Court in cases decided under such land-grant acts), but in no case shall more than fifty per centum of full amount of service be paid: *Provided*, That such compensation shall be computed upon the basis of the tariff or lower special rates for like transportation performed for the public at large, and shall be accepted as in full for all demands for such service: *Provided further*, That in expending the money appropriated by this Act a railroad company which has not received aid in bonds of the United States, and which obtained a grant of public land to aid in the construction of its railroad on condition that such railroad should be a post route and military road, subject to the use of the United States for postal, military, naval, and other Government services, and also subject to such regulations as Congress may impose restricting the charge for such Government transportation, having claims against the United States for transportation of troops

Sale of transports
restricted.

Payment to land-
grant railroads.

Maximum.

Provisos.
Basis of compensa-
tion.

Fifty per cent to
roads not bond aided.

and munitions of war and military supplies and property over such aided railroads, shall be paid out of the moneys appropriated by the foregoing provision only on the basis of such rate for the transportation of such troops and munitions of war and military supplies and property as the Secretary of War shall deem just and reasonable under the foregoing provision, such rate not to exceed fifty per centum of the compensation for such Government transportation as shall at that time be charged to and paid by private parties to any such company for like and similar transportation; and the amount so fixed to be paid shall be accepted as in full for all demands for such service: *Provided further*, That the number of draft animals purchased from this appropriation, added to those now on hand, shall be limited to such numbers as are actually required for the service, fifteen million five hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no action looking to the discontinuance of the transport service shall be taken without further action of Congress.

Draft animals.

Transport service.

CLOTHING, AND CAMP AND GARRISON EQUIPAGE: For cloth, woolens, materials, and for the manufacture of clothing for the Army, for issue and for sale at cost price, according to the Army Regulations; for altering and fitting clothing and washing and cleaning, when necessary; for equipage, and for expenses of packing and handling, and similar necessities; for a suit of citizen's outer clothing, to cost not exceeding ten dollars, to be issued upon release from confinement to each prisoner who has been confined under a court-martial sentence involving dishonorable discharge; for indemnity to officers and men of the Army for clothing and bedding, and so forth, destroyed since April twenty-second, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, by order of medical officers of the Army for sanitary reasons, four million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Clothing, camp and garrison equipage.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR OF HOSPITALS: For construction and repair of hospitals at military posts already established and occupied, including the extra-duty pay of enlisted men employed on the same, and including also all expenditures for construction and repairs required at the Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Arkansas, except quarters for the officers, and for the construction and repair of general hospitals and expenses incident thereto, and for additions needed to meet the requirements of increased garrisons, four hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That sixty thousand dollars of this amount may be used for the construction at Vancouver Barracks, Washington, of a modern hospital for forty-eight beds, necessary to accommodate the sick of the contemplated increase of the garrison at that post to one regiment of infantry and two light batteries of artillery.

Hospitals.

Hot Springs, Ark.

Proviso.
Vancouver Barracks, Wash.

QUARTERS FOR HOSPITAL STEWARDS: For construction of quarters for hospital stewards at military posts already established and occupied, including the extra-duty pay of enlisted men employed on the same, fifteen thousand dollars.

Quarters for hospital stewards.

SHOOTING GALLERIES AND RANGES: For shelter, shooting galleries, ranges for small-arms target practice, repairs, and expenses incident thereto, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Shooting ranges, etc.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Medical Department.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL DEPARTMENT: For the purchase of medical and hospital supplies, including disinfectants for military posts, camps, hospitals, hospital ships, and transports; for the purchase, installation, operation, and maintenance of ice-making plants; for expenses of medical supply depots; for medical care and treatment of officers and enlisted men of the Army on duty, and of prisoners of war and other persons in military custody or confinement, at posts

Supplies, etc.

and stations for which no other provision is made, under such regulations as shall have been or shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War; for the proper care and treatment of epidemic and contagious diseases in the Army or at military posts or stations, including measures to prevent the spread thereof, and the payment of reasonable damages not otherwise provided for, for bedding and clothing injured or destroyed in such prevention; for the pay of male and female nurses, not including the Nurse Corps (female), and of cooks and other civilians employed for the proper care of sick officers and soldiers, under such regulations fixing their number, qualifications, assignment, pay, and allowances as shall have been or shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War; for the pay of civilian physicians employed to examine physically applicants for enlistment and enlisted men, and to render other professional services from time to time under proper authority; for the pay of other employees of the Medical Department; for the payment of express companies and local transfers employed directly by the Medical Department for the transportation of medical and hospital supplies, including bidders' samples and water for analysis; for supplies for use in teaching the art of cooking to the Hospital Corps; for the supply of the Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Arkansas; for advertising, laundry, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses of the Medical Department, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the purchase of medicines and medical stores or the engagement of services not personal for the Medical Department of the Army may be made by the Medical Department in open market in the manner common among business men when the aggregate of the amount required does not exceed two hundred dollars, but every such purchase or employment shall be promptly reported to the Secretary of War.

Epidemic, etc., diseases.

Nurses.

Proviso.
Open-market purchases.

purchases.

Museum.

ARMY MEDICAL MUSEUM AND LIBRARY: For Army Medical Museum, preservation of specimens and the preparation and purchase of new specimens, five thousand dollars.

Library.

For the library of the Surgeon-General's Office, including the purchase of necessary books of reference and periodicals, ten thousand dollars.

Engineer Department.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

Incidental expenses.

ENGINEER DEPOTS: For incidental expenses of the depots, including fuel, lights, chemicals, stationery, hardware, machinery, pay of civilian clerks, mechanics, and laborers, extra-duty pay to soldiers necessarily employed for periods not less than ten days as artificers on work in addition to and not strictly in the line of their military duties, such as carpenters, blacksmiths, draftsmen, printers, lithographers, photographers, engine drivers, telegraph operators, teamsters, wheelwrights, masons, machinists, painters, overseers, laborers; repairs of, and for materials to repair, public buildings, machinery, and unforeseen expenses, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Purchase, etc., of instruments.

For purchase and repair of instruments, to be issued to officers of the Corps of Engineers and to officers detailed and on duty as acting engineer officers for use on public works and surveys, five thousand dollars.

Engineer School,
Washington Barracks,
D. C.
Equipment, etc.

Engineer School, Washington, District of Columbia: Equipment and maintenance of the Engineer School of Application at Washington Barracks, District of Columbia, including purchase of instruments, machinery, implements, models, and materials, for the use of the school and for instruction of engineer troops in their special duties as sappers and miners; for land and submarine mines, pontoniers, torpedo drill, and signaling; for purchase and binding of professional works of recent date treating of military and civil engineering and kindred scientific subjects, for the library of the United States Engineer School; for

Incidental expenses.

incidental expenses of the school, including fuel, lights, chemicals, stationery, hardware, machinery, and boats; for pay of civilian clerks, mechanics, and laborers; for extra-duty pay to soldiers necessarily employed for periods not less than ten days as artificers on work in addition to and not strictly in the line of their military duties, such as carpenters, blacksmiths, draftsmen, printers, lithographers, photographers, engine drivers, telegraph operators, teamsters, wheelwrights, masons, machinists, painters, overseers, laborers; for repairs of, and materials to repair, public buildings, and machinery; for unforeseen expenses, for travel expenses of officers on journeys approved by the Chief of Engineers and made for the purpose of instruction: *Provided*, That the traveling expenses herein provided for shall be in lieu of mileage and other allowances; and to provide means for the theoretical and practical instruction at the Engineer School of Application, by the purchase of text-books, books of reference, scientific and professional papers, and for other absolutely necessary expenses, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Travel expenses.
Proviso.
In lieu of mileage.
Books, etc.

BUILDINGS, ENGINEER SCHOOL, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For the completion of the establishment of the Engineer School and Post at Washington Barracks, District of Columbia, in accordance with plans submitted by the Chief of Engineers and approved by the Secretary of War, subject to such modifications as may prove to be expedient before or during construction, including buildings, roads, pavements, tree planting, grading, sea walls, sewerage, provision for lighting and protection against fire, and all purposes for the proper establishment of said Engineer School and Post not specifically mentioned herein, three hundred and sixty thousand dollars; this sum and all other funds heretofore appropriated for this purpose to be available until expended.

Completion of building.

For pontoon trains, intrenching tools, instruments, and drawing materials, and for purchase and printing of engineer manuals for use in the engineer equipment of troops, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Available until expended.

For services of surveyors, draftsmen, photographers, master laborers, and clerks to engineer officers on the staff of division, corps, and department commanders, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Pontoon trains, etc.

Services.

Total for Engineer Department, four hundred and fifty-one thousand five hundred dollars.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Ordnance Department.

ORDNANCE SERVICE: Current expenses of the Ordnance Service required to defray the current expenses at the arsenals; of receiving stores and issuing arms and other ordnance supplies; of police and office duties; of rents, tolls, fuel, and light; of stationery and office furniture; of tools and instruments for use; incidental expenses of the Ordnance Service and those attending practical trials and tests of ordnance, small arms, and other ordnance supplies, including purchase of publications for ordnance office library and payment for mechanical labor in the office of the Chief of Ordnance, three hundred thousand dollars.

Current expenses.

ORDNANCE, ORDNANCE STORES, AND SUPPLIES: Manufacture or purchase of metallic ammunition for small arms for current needs and reserve supply, and ammunition for reloading cartridges, including the cost of targets and material for target practice, ammunition for burials at the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers and its several Branches, including National Soldiers' Home in Washington, District of Columbia, marksmen's medals and insignia for all arms of the service, eight hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred and sixty-six dollars: *Provided*, That for the purpose of furnishing a national trophy and medals and other prizes to be provided and contested for annually,

Ammunition for small arms.

Provisos.
Annual medals,
prizes, etc.

under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War, said contest to be open to the Army, and the National Guard or organized militia of the several States, Territories, and of the District of Columbia, and for the cost of the trophy, prizes, and medals herein provided for, the sum of two thousand five hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby, annually appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended for the purposes hereinbefore prescribed under the direction of the Secretary of War: *Provided further*, That for the purpose of furnishing the necessary articles requisite to fully arm, equip, and supply each regiment, battalion, squadron, company, troop, battery, signal, engineer, and hospital corps and medical department of the organized militia of the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia with the same armament and equipment as are now prescribed for corresponding branches of the line or staff in the Regular Army, without cost to said States, Territories, or the District of Columbia, but to remain the property of the United States, and to be accounted for in the manner now prescribed by law, the Secretary of War is hereby authorized, under such regulations as he may prescribe, on the requisitions of the governors of the several States and Territories, or the commanding general of the militia of the District of Columbia, to issue the said armament and equipment to the organized militia; and the sum of two million dollars is hereby appropriated and made immediately available until expended for the procurement and issue of the articles constituting the same.

Equipping organized militia. *Ante*, p. 777.

Repairing and preserving stores, etc.

For repairing and preserving ordnance and ordnance stores in the hands of troops and for issue at the arsenals and depots, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Purchases for requisitions.

For purchase and manufacture of ordnance stores to fill requisitions of troops, six hundred thousand dollars.

Equipments.

For infantry, cavalry, and artillery equipments, including horse equipments for cavalry and artillery, nine hundred and thirty thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Preserving, etc., ordnance.

For overhauling, cleaning, and preserving new ordnance and ordnance stores on hand at the arsenals, posts, and depots, fifty thousand dollars.

Morning and evening gun.

For firing the morning and evening gun at military posts prescribed by General Orders, Numbered Seventy, Headquarters of the Army, dated July twenty-third, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and at National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers and its several Branches, including National Soldiers' Home in Washington, District of Columbia, and at Soldiers and Sailors' State Homes, including material for cartridges, bags, reworking obsolete powder, and so forth, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Artillery targets.

For targets for artillery practice and implements for mechanical maneuvers, forty thousand dollars.

Manufacturing, etc., arms.

Manufacture, repairing, procuring, and issuing arms at the national armories, one million seven hundred thousand dollars.

Open-market purchases.

And hereafter purchases of ordnance and ordnance stores and supplies may be made by the Ordnance Department in open market, in the manner common among business men, when the aggregate of the amount required does not exceed two hundred dollars but every such purchase shall be immediately reported to the Secretary of War. All funds received as the value of military stores transferred by the several staff departments of the Army to the Insular Department of the Philippines shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States and remain available during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four for the procurement of like military stores to replace those so transferred.

Funds from stores transferred to Philippines.

Detail of lieutenants to Ordnance Department. Vol. 31, p. 754.

And hereafter details for service to the grade of first lieutenant in the Ordnance Department under the provisions of the Act of February second, nineteen hundred and one, may be made, from the Army at

large, from the grade of first or second lieutenant, and officers so detailed shall, while so serving, receive the pay of first lieutenant: *Provided*, That no officer shall be so detailed except upon such examination as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized and empowered to accept the sum of ten thousand dollars, tendered the Government by Chaplain C. C. Pierce, United States Army, and the Daughters of the American Revolution, for the purpose of erecting a memorial building, for the physical and moral welfare of the enlisted men, at such army post as the Secretary of War may approve.

Provisos.
Examination.

Acceptance of gift
for memorial building.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

CHAP. 976.—An Act To amend an Act entitled “An Act to promote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads by compelling common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to equip their cars with automatic couplers and continuous brakes and their locomotives with driving-wheel brakes, and for other purposes,” approved March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and amended April first, eighteen hundred and ninety-six.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 133.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions and requirements of the Act entitled “An Act to promote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads by compelling common carriers engaged in interstate commerce to equip their cars with automatic couplers and continuous brakes and their locomotives with driving-wheel brakes, and for other purposes,” approved March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and amended April first, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, shall be held to apply to common carriers by railroads in the Territories and the District of Columbia and shall apply in all cases, whether or not the couplers brought together are of the same kind, make, or type; and the provisions and requirements hereof and of said Acts relating to train brakes, automatic couplers, grab irons, and the height of drawbars shall be held to apply to all trains, locomotives, tenders, cars, and similar vehicles used on any railroad engaged in interstate commerce, and in the Territories and the District of Columbia, and to all other locomotives, tenders, cars, and similar vehicles used in connection therewith, excepting those trains, cars, and locomotives exempted by the provisions of section six of said Act of March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, as amended by the Act of April first, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, or which are used upon street railways.

Automatic brakes
and couplers.
Requirements for,
extended.
Vol. 27, p. 581.
Post, p. 1107.

Vol. 29, p. 85.

Exceptions.

SEC. 2. That whenever, as provided in said Act, any train is operated with power or train brakes, not less than fifty per centum of the cars in such train shall have their brakes used and operated by the engineer of the locomotive drawing such train; and all power-braked cars in such train which are associated together with said fifty per centum shall have their brakes so used and operated; and, to more fully carry into effect the objects of said Act, the Interstate-Commerce Commission may, from time to time, after full hearing, increase the minimum percentage of cars in any train required to be operated with power or train brakes which must have their brakes used and operated as aforesaid; and failure to comply with any such requirement of the said Interstate-Commerce Commission shall be subject to the like penalty as failure to comply with any requirement of this section.

Minimum number
of cars.

Increase of percent-
age.

SEC. 3. That the provisions of this Act shall not take effect until September first, nineteen hundred and three. Nothing in this Act shall be held or construed to relieve any common carrier, the Interstate-Commerce Commission, or any United States district attorney from any of the provisions, powers, duties, liabilities, or requirements

In effect September
1, 1903.
Requirements of
former act continued.

Vol. 27, p. 532

Vol. 29, p. 85.

of said Act of March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, as amended by the Act of April first, eighteen hundred and ninety-six; and all of the provisions, powers, duties, requirements and liabilities of said Act of March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, as amended by the Act of April first, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, shall, except as specifically amended by this Act, apply to this Act.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 134.]

CHAP. 977.—An Act To increase the pensions of those who have lost limbs in the military or naval service of the United States.

Pensions,
Rating for loss of
limbs.
R. S., sec. 4698, p. 915,
amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this Act all persons on the pension roll, and all persons hereafter granted a pension, who, while in the military or naval service of the United States and in the line of duty, shall have lost one hand or one foot, or been totally disabled in the same, shall receive a pension at the rate of forty dollars per month; that all persons who, in like manner, shall have lost an arm at or above the elbow or a leg at or above the knee, or been totally disabled in the same, shall receive a pension at the rate of forty-six dollars per month; that all persons who, in like manner, shall have lost an arm at the shoulder joint or a leg at the hip joint, or so near the shoulder or hip joint or where the same is in such a condition as to prevent the use of an artificial limb, shall receive a pension at the rate of fifty-five dollars per month, and that all persons who, in like manner, shall have lost one hand and one foot, or been totally disabled in the same, shall receive a pension at the rate of sixty dollars per month; and that all persons who, in like manner, shall have lost both feet shall receive a pension at the rate of one hundred dollars per month: *Provided, however,* That this Act shall not be so construed as to reduce any pension under any Act, public or private.

Proviso.
No present pension
reduced.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 155.]

CHAP. 978.—An Act Amending the Civil Code of Alaska, providing for the organization of private corporations, and for other purposes.

Alaska Civil Code
amendments.
Vol. 31, p. 341.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section fifty-four of chapter five of title two of an Act entitled "An Act making further provision for a civil government for Alaska, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred, be, and is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Pleadings.
Admiralty omitted.

"SEC. 54. All the forms of pleading heretofore existing in actions at law and suits in equity are abolished, and hereafter the forms of pleading in causes in law and equity in courts of record and the rules by which the sufficiency of such pleadings is to be determined shall be those prescribed by this code."

Vol. 31, p. 409.

SEC. 2. That section four hundred and sixty-nine of chapter forty-five of title two be amended so as to read as follows:

Divorces.
Residence of parties
for two years.

"SEC. 469. In an action for the dissolution of the marriage contract the plaintiff therein must be an inhabitant of the district at the commencement of the action and for two years prior thereto, which residence shall be sufficient to give the court jurisdiction without regard to the place where the marriage was solemnized or the cause of action arose."

SEC. 3. That section two hundred and one of chapter twenty-one of title three be amended so as to read as follows:

Vol. 31, p. 521.

“SEC. 201. The council shall have the following powers:

Town council.

“First. To provide suitable rules governing their own body and to elect one of their members president, who shall be ex officio mayor.

Officers added.

“Second. To appoint, and at their pleasure remove, a clerk, treasurer, assessor, municipal attorney, police, and such other officers as they deem necessary.

Elections, powers extended.

“Third. To make rules for all municipal elections, for the appointment of election officials, and to provide for their duties and powers, and to provide suitable penalties for violation of such election rules: *Provided*, That no officer shall be elected or appointed for a longer term than one year.

“Fourth. By ordinance to provide for necessary street improvements, sidewalks, cross walks, and sewerage. The cost of all or any part of such improvements may be collected by assessment and levy against abutting property, which assessment shall be a lien upon all such property assessed: *Provided*, That a majority of such property holders consent, by petition or otherwise, to such improvements.

Street improvements. improve-

Proviso.
Consent of property holders.
Municipal ordinances.

“Fifth. By ordinance to declare what shall be a misdemeanor and to provide for fire protection, water supply, lights, wharfage, maintenance of public schools, protection of public health, police protection, and the expenses of assessment and collection of taxes.

Poll tax.

“Sixth. By ordinance to provide for the assessment and collection of a poll tax, not to exceed two dollars each, on all male residents between the ages of twenty-one and fifty years, and to impose a fine and penalty for refusal, neglect, or failure to pay such tax: *Provided*, That all members in good standing of any regular organized volunteer fire company may be exempt.

Proviso.
Exemption.

“Seventh. By ordinance to provide for taxing of dogs, not exceeding two dollars a year on each dog, and to provide for impounding and destroying all dogs upon which such tax is not paid.

Dog tax.

“Eighth. By ordinance to provide for the assessment and levy of a general tax for municipal purposes on real property, possessory rights, and improvements, and to impose a penalty for its nonpayment; and all such taxes shall be a preferred lien upon the property so taxed, which lien may be foreclosed and the property sold as provided by chapter forty-two, Civil Code of Procedure: *Provided*, That all property belonging to the municipality and all property used exclusively for religious, educational, or charitable purposes shall be exempt from taxation.

General taxes on real estate.

Proviso.
Exemption.

“Ninth. By ordinance to provide for the assessment and levy of a tax for municipal purposes on personal property and a penalty for its nonpayment, and to provide for the distraint and sale of sufficient goods and chattels belonging to the person charged with such tax to satisfy the same: *Provided*, That there shall be exempt from such assessment to each householder or head of a family household goods, of which such person is the bona fide owner, not exceeding two hundred dollars in value.

Personal taxes.

Proviso.
Exemption.

“Tenth. By ordinance to impose such license tax on business conducted within the corporate limits as the council shall deem reasonable, and to provide for its collection by fine and penalty, as for violation of other ordinances: *Provided*, That the general exemptions provided for in chapter thirty-one, Civil Code of Procedure for the district of Alaska, shall not apply to any tax lawfully levied against any property, as provided for in this chapter: *Provided further*, That no property tax herein provided for shall exceed two per centum on the assessed valuation of the property; and all assessments made by the corporation assessor shall be uniform and shall be subject to review by the council, and appeals may be taken from their decision

License taxes.

Provisos.
Exemption.

Maximum rate, etc.

to the district court. No bonded indebtedness whatever shall be authorized for any purpose.

Punishment for violation.

“Eleventh. By ordinance to provide reasonable punishment for the violation of municipal ordinances by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or imprisonment in the municipal jail for a term not exceeding ninety days, or both, for each violation.

Magistrates.

“Twelfth. To provide for the election of a municipal magistrate who shall have power to hear and determine causes arising under the ordinances of such corporation, and to punish violations of such ordinances: *Provided*, That all sentences of imprisonment imposed by said municipal magistrate shall be served in the municipal jail without expense to the Government of the United States. All appeals to the district court from the judgments of such municipal magistrate shall be governed by the laws relating to appeals from the judgments of commissioners acting as justices of the peace. Such municipal magistrate shall receive a salary to be fixed by the council, and no fees or other compensation whatever; and all judgments imposed by said magistrate and collected shall be turned over to the treasurer of the corporation and applied to the use and benefit of the municipality as the council may direct.”

Proviso.
Sentences.

Salary.

Fines, etc.

Vol. 31, pp. 521, 1438.

SEC. 4. That section two hundred and three of chapter twenty-one of title three, as amended by the Act approved March third, nineteen hundred and one, be amended so as to read as follows:

Treasurer.

Bond.

“SEC. 203. The treasurer of the corporation shall be ex officio treasurer of the school board, and shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take the oath prescribed by law and execute bond to the corporation in an amount to be determined by the judge of the district court, which bond shall be approved by the council and the judge of the district court and filed in the office of the clerk of the corporation, and he shall give such additional bond as the council or judge of the district court may from time to time direct, but in no event shall such bond be less than twice the amount of money in the hands of the treasurer at any one time, to be determined by the tax rolls and license books of the corporation, and of the clerk of the district court:

Provisos.
To receive all town
license moneys.
Vol. 30, p. 1336.

Provided, That all license moneys provided for by Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, entitled ‘An Act to define and punish crimes in the district of Alaska and to provide a code of criminal procedure for said district,’ and any amendments made thereto, required to be paid by any resident, person, or corporation for business carried on within the limits of any incorporated town, and collected by the clerk of the district court, shall be paid over by said clerk to the treasurer of such corporation, to be used for municipal and school purposes in such proportions as the court may order, but not more than fifty per centum nor less than twenty-five per centum thereof shall be used for school purposes, the remainder thereof to be paid to the treasurer of the corporation for the support of the municipality, and the clerk of said court shall take said treasurer’s receipt therefor, in triplicate, one of which receipts shall be forwarded to the Secretary of the Treasury, another to the Attorney-General, and the other shall be retained by the clerk: *Provided*, That fifty per centum of all license moneys provided for by said Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, and any amendments made thereto, that may hereafter be paid for business carried on outside incorporated towns in the district of Alaska, shall be covered into the Treasury of the United States, and set aside to be expended, so far as may be deemed necessary by the Secretary of the Interior, within his discretion and under his direction, for school purposes outside incorporated towns in said district of Alaska.”

School fund.

License moneys outside of towns.
Disposition of.

SEC. 5. That title three of said Act be amended by adding thereto the following

New chapters.

“CHAPTER THIRTY-SEVEN.

“OF THE FORMATION OF PRIVATE CORPORATIONS.

“SECTION 1. That three or more adult persons, bona fide residents of the district of Alaska, may form a corporation in the manner and subject to the limitations provided in this chapter for the following purposes, to wit:

Private corporations authorized.

“First. To construct, own, and operate railroads, tramways, street railways, wagon roads, canals, flumes, and telegraph and telephone lines in Alaska.

Purposes.

“Second. To acquire, hold, and operate mines in Alaska.

“Third. To carry on the fishery industry in all its branches in Alaska and in the waters contiguous and adjacent thereto.

“Fourth. To construct and operate smelters, electric and other power and lighting plants, docks, wharves, elevators, warehouses, and hotels in Alaska.

“Fifth. To carry on trade, transportation, agriculture, lumbering, and manufacturing in Alaska.

“SEC. 2. That any three or more persons who may desire to form a corporation for one or more of the purposes specified in the preceding section shall make and subscribe written articles of incorporation in triplicate and acknowledge the same before any officer authorized to take the acknowledgment of deeds, and file one of such articles in the office of the secretary of the district of Alaska, and another in the office of the clerk of the district court of the recording division in which the principal place of business of the company is intended to be located, and retain the third in the possession of the corporation, and each copy so filed shall be recorded by the officer with whom filed in a book to be kept by him for that purpose.

Articles to be filed.

“Said articles shall contain and state:

Contents.

“First. The name of the corporation, the nature and character of the business, and the principal place of transacting the same.

“Second. The time of commencement and the period of continuance of said corporation, which shall not exceed fifty years.

“Third. The amount of capital stock of said corporation, and how the same shall be paid in, and the number and par value of the shares.

“Fourth. The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject.

“Fifth. The names and places of residence of the persons forming such corporation.

“Sixth. The names of the first board of directors, and in what officers or persons the government of the corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested, and when the same shall be elected and their terms of office.

“Seventh. Said articles of incorporation may be amended when authorized by the vote of a majority of the stock given at a regular meeting of the stockholders. Such amended articles shall be executed and acknowledged by the board of directors, or a majority of them, and shall be filed and recorded in the same places and manner as the original articles.

“SEC. 3. That a copy of any articles of incorporation filed pursuant to this chapter, and certified by the clerk of the district court in which the same is filed, or one of his deputies, or by the secretary of the district of Alaska, shall be received as prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated.

Effect of certified copy.

“SEC. 4. That when the articles of incorporation have been filed and recorded, the persons who have executed and acknowledged the same,

Powers conferred by charter.

and their successors, shall be a body corporate and politic in fact and in law under the name stated in the articles of incorporation, and by such corporate name shall have succession for the period limited in this chapter and shall have power—

“(a) To sue and to be sued in any court having jurisdiction;

“(b) To make and use a common seal, and alter the same at pleasure;

“(c) To purchase, hold, mortgage, sell, and convey real and personal property, except stock in other corporations, subject to the limitation hereinbefore prescribed;

“(d) To appoint such officers, agents, and servants as the business of the corporation shall require, to define their powers, prescribe their duties, and fix their compensation;

“(e) To require of them such security as may be thought proper for the fulfillment of their duties, and to remove them at will, except that no director shall be removed from office unless by a vote of two-thirds of the stock;

“(f) To make by-laws not inconsistent with the laws of the district of Alaska and the laws and Constitution of the United States;

“(g) To manage its property, regulate its affairs, transfer its stock, and to carry on all kinds of business within the objects and purposes of the corporation as expressed in the articles of incorporation.

Real-estate hold-
ings.

“SEC. 5. That all corporations incorporated under this chapter, and all corporations or joint stock companies organized under the laws of the United States, or the laws of any State or Territory of the United States, and authorized to do business in the district of Alaska, shall have the right to acquire and hold only such real estate as may be necessary to carry on their corporate business.

Board of directors.
Powers.

“SEC. 6. That the corporate powers of the corporation shall be exercised by a board of not less than three directors who shall be stockholders in the corporation, a majority of whom shall be residents of the district of Alaska, who shall, before entering upon the duties of their office, severally take and subscribe an oath to faithfully perform their duties as such directors, and who shall, after the expiration of the terms of the directors first elected, be annually elected by the stockholders at such time and place within the district of Alaska and upon such notice and in such manner as shall be directed by the by-laws or articles of incorporation of the corporation; but all elections shall be by ballot, and each stockholder, either in person or by proxy, shall be entitled to cast as many votes as he may own or represent shares of stock, and the person or persons receiving a majority of the votes of all the shares of stock voted, a majority of the stock being represented at such election, shall be director or directors. Whenever any vacancy shall happen among the directors by death, resignation, or otherwise, except by removal and the election of a successor, it shall be filled by appointment of the board of directors for the unexpired term of such vacancy.

Election of directors.

“SEC. 7. That if it shall happen at any time that an election of directors shall not be made on the day designated by the by-laws or articles of incorporation of the corporation, the corporation shall not for that reason be dissolved, but it shall be lawful on any other day after due notice, prescribed by the by-laws, to hold an election for directors in such manner as shall be provided for in the by-laws or articles of the corporation, and all directors duly elected shall hold their offices until their successors are elected and qualified.

Quorum of board.

“SEC. 8. That a majority of the whole number of the directors shall form a quorum of the board of directors for the transaction of business, and every decision of a majority of the directors duly assembled as a board shall be valid as a corporate act.

Meetings.

“SEC. 9. That, except as otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation or by-laws of the corporation, the first and all subsequent

meetings of the directors shall be called by a notice signed by one or more persons named as directors in the certificate, or their successors, setting forth the time and place of the meeting, which notice shall be delivered personally to each director if he resides in Alaska, and published at least twenty days in some newspaper of general circulation at or nearest the principal place of business of the corporation and in the district of Alaska.

“SEC. 10. That the stock of the corporation shall be deemed personal estate, and shall be transferable in such manner as shall be prescribed by the articles of incorporation or the by-laws of the corporation; but no transfer shall be valid except between the parties thereto until the same shall have been entered upon the books of the corporation so as to show the names of the parties, by and to whom transferred, the numbers and designation of the shares, and the date of transfer. Stock.

“The stockholders of any corporation formed under this chapter may, in the by-laws or articles of the corporation, prescribe the times, manner, and amounts in which payments of the stock subscribed by them, respectively, shall be made; but in case the same shall not be so prescribed, the directors shall have the power to demand and call in from the stockholders the sum or sums unpaid of the stock subscribed for or taken at such time, and in such manner, payments or installments, as they may deem proper. In all cases sixty days’ notice of each assessment shall be given each stockholder personally or by registered letter if his post-office address is known to any officer of the corporation, and by publication weekly for eight consecutive weeks in some newspaper of general circulation published at or nearest to the principal place of business of the corporation in the district of Alaska. If, after such notice has been given, any stockholder shall make default in the payment of assessments upon the shares held by him, so many of said shares may be sold as will be necessary for the payment of the assessments upon all shares held by him, her, or them at that time. The sale of such shares shall be made as prescribed in the articles or by-laws of the corporation, but shall in no case be made at the office of the corporation. No sale shall be made except at public auction, to the highest bidder, after notice given as in the case of notices of assessment; and at such sale the person who shall pay the assessment so due, together with the expenses of advertising and sale, for the smallest number of shares or portion of a share, as the case may be, shall be deemed the highest bidder: *Provided*, That after the delivery of the certificates of stock to the stockholders no call shall be made at any one time for more than ten per centum of the par value of the stock, and that calls shall not be made oftener than once in thirty days, unless otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation. Payment for.

“SEC. 11. That whenever any stock is held by a person as executor, administrator, guardian, trustee, or in any other such representative capacity, he shall represent such stock at all meetings of the corporation, and may vote accordingly as a stockholder in person or by proxy. Powers of trustees etc., to vote.

“SEC. 12. That any stockholder may pledge his stock by delivery of the certificate or other evidence of his interest, but may nevertheless represent the same at all meetings and vote as a stockholder. Stock pledged.

“SEC. 13. That it shall not be lawful for the directors to make any dividend in new or additional stock, or to make any dividend, except from the net profits arising from the business of the corporation, or to divide, withdraw, or in any way pay to the stockholders, or any of them, any part of the capital stock of the corporation, or to reduce the capital stock of the corporation unless in the manner prescribed in this chapter or in the articles or amended articles of incorporation or by-laws; and in case of any violation of the provisions of this section the directors under whose administration the same may have happened, Dividend limitations.

except those who may have caused their dissent therefrom to be entered at large on the minutes of the board of directors at the time, or were not present when the same did happen, shall, in their individual or private capacities, be jointly and severally liable to the corporation and the creditors thereof, in event of its dissolution, to the full amount so divided or reduced or paid out: *Provided*, That this section shall not be construed to prevent a division and distribution of the capital stock of the corporation which shall remain after the payment of all its debts upon the dissolution of the corporation or the expiration of its charter.

Proviso.
Distribution on dis-
solution.

Consideration for
stock.

Liability of stock-
holders.

Liability of trustees,
etc.

“SEC. 14. That no corporation shall issue any of its stock, except in consideration of money, labor, or property estimated at its true money value. Each and every stockholder shall be personally liable to the creditors of the company for the amount that remains unpaid upon the par value of his stock.

“SEC. 15. That no person holding stock as an executor, administrator, guardian, or trustee, or holding it as collateral security, or in pledge, shall be personally subject to any liability as a stockholder of the corporation; but the person pledging the stock shall be considered as holding the same and shall be liable as a stockholder, and the estate and funds of the owner of stock in the hands of an executor, administrator, guardian, or trustee holding the stock shall be liable in like manner and to the same extent as the testator or intestate, or the ward or person interested in the trust fund would have been if he or she had been living and competent to act and hold the stock in his or her name.

By-laws, etc.

“SEC. 16. That every corporation organized under this chapter shall within one month after filing articles of incorporation, adopt a code of by-laws for its government, and shall have its principal office in the district of Alaska and keep in such office its general and principal books of account, including its stock books and record books, and its principal managing officer or superintendent shall reside within the district of Alaska. Every such corporation shall keep correct and complete books of account of its business, and a correct and complete record of all its proceedings, including such as relate to the election of its officers. Every such corporation shall also keep a book containing the names of its stockholders ever since its organization, showing the place of residence, amount of stock held, the amount paid on such stock, and time of transfer of stock. The books of every such corporation shall, at all reasonable times, be open to the inspection of stockholders.

Capital-stock
changes.

“SEC. 17. That any corporation created under this chapter may, subject to the provisions of the same, increase or diminish its capital stock to any amount within the limits fixed by the articles or amended articles of incorporation; but before any corporation shall be entitled to diminish the amount of its capital stock, if the amount of its debts or liabilities shall exceed the sum to which the capital stock is proposed to be diminished, such amount shall be satisfied and reduced so as not to exceed the diminished amount of capital stock.

Action of stockhold-
ers to change capital
stock.

“SEC. 18. That whenever it is desired to increase or diminish the amount of capital stock, a meeting of the stockholders shall be called by a notice signed by at least a majority of the directors and published weekly at least eight consecutive weeks in some newspaper of general circulation published at or nearest the principal place of business of the corporation in the district of Alaska, which notice shall specify the object of the meeting, the time and place where it is to be held, and the amount to which it is proposed to raise or diminish the capital stock; and a vote of two-thirds of all the shares of stock shall be necessary to increase or diminish the amount of capital stock.

“If at any meeting so called a sufficient number of votes have been given in favor of increasing or diminishing the amount of capital stock a certificate of the proceedings, showing a compliance with these provisions, the amount of the capital stock actually paid in, the whole amount of debts and liabilities of the company, and the amount to which the capital stock is to be increased or diminished shall be made out, signed, and verified by the affidavit of the presiding officer and secretary of the meeting, certified to by a majority of the directors, and filed and recorded as articles of incorporation are required to be filed and recorded by section two of this chapter.

“SEC. 19. That in like manner as provided in the preceding sections, and upon such additional notice as may be provided in the articles of incorporation or by-laws, any of the general provisions of the articles of incorporation may be amended and upon like vote, unless a different vote be required in the articles of incorporation; but such amended articles must be filed and recorded as prescribed in section two of this chapter.

Amendments to charter.

“SEC. 20. That every corporation of the district of Alaska shall, on or before the first day of September of each year, file in the office of the clerk of the district court of the recording division where its principal office is located a list containing the names of its principal officers, including the officers mentioned in subdivision one of section forty-six of the Code of Civil Procedure for the District of Alaska, and whenever any such officers are changed or substituted shall, within thirty days after such change or substitution, file a notice thereof in like manner with such clerk.

Annual list of officers to be filed.

Vol. 31, p. 339.

“SEC. 21. That any corporation organized under this chapter, when no other mode is specially provided, may, when its debts and liabilities are duly paid or secured, dissolve by a written resolution to that effect, at a meeting of the stockholders specially called for that purpose, by a vote of the owners of at least two-thirds of the stock of the corporation. One copy of such resolution, together with a certificate thereto attached signed by the president and secretary, or, if none, the corresponding officers, and sealed with the corporate seal, stating the facts that all the debts and liabilities of the corporation have been duly paid or secured, and the fact and date of the adoption of such resolution, and that the same is a true copy of the original, the whole number of shares of stock, the shares of stock whose owners voted for its adoption, shall be filed and recorded as articles of incorporation are required to be filed and recorded under section two of this chapter. Thereupon the corporation shall cease to exist except for the winding up of its affairs.

Dissolution.

“SEC. 22. That all corporations whose terms of existence shall expire by their own limitations, or which shall be voluntarily dissolved in the manner provided in the preceding section, or which shall be dissolved by the judgment of court, shall nevertheless continue to be bodies corporate for three years thereafter for the purpose of prosecuting and defending actions, and for enabling them to settle up and close their business, pay their debts, dispose of and convey their property, and divide their assets, but for no other purpose; and when any corporation shall be so dissolved, the directors or managers of the affairs of such corporation at the time of its dissolution, by whatever name they shall be known, shall, subject to the power of any court of competent jurisdiction to make in any case a different provision, continue to act as such during said term, and shall be deemed the legal administrators of such corporation, with full power to settle its affairs, pay its debts, sell or dispose of or convey all of its property, both real and personal, collect the outstanding debts, and, after paying the debts due and owing by such corporation at the time of its dissolution and the costs of such

Continuance for closing affairs, etc.

administration, divide the residue of the money and other property among the stockholders thereof.

Annual statement
to be published.

"SEC. 23. That the president, secretary, and treasurer of any corporation organized under the provisions of this chapter shall annually, under their signatures and oaths, make out and publish weekly, for three successive weeks, in a newspaper of general circulation in the district of Alaska, a joint statement showing: First, the number of shares of capital stock outstanding; second, the amount paid in on each share of stock; third, the actual paid-up capital of the corporation; fourth, the actual cash value of the property of the corporation and the character, location, and nature of the same; fifth, the debts and liabilities of the corporation, and for what the same were incurred and whether the same are secured or unsecured and the amount of each kind, and, if secured, the character and kind of security; sixth, the salaries severally paid each and every officer, manager and superintendent of the corporation during the preceding year; and, seventh, the increase or decrease if any of the stock, the capital, and the liabilities of the corporation during the preceding year."

Approved, March 2, 1903.

March 2, 1903.
[Public, No. 136.]

CHAP. 979.—An Act Providing for the conveyance of Widows Island, Maine, to the State of Maine.

Widows Island, Me.
Conveyed to Maine.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and he is hereby, authorized and instructed to convey, for and in behalf of the United States, to the State of Maine, when said State shall decide to accept the same, to be used for public purposes, Widows Island, situated in Fox Island thoroughfare, on the coast of Maine, with all of the buildings and improvements thereon: *Provided,* That whenever, in the judgment of the President of the United States, the building and grounds herein ceded to the State of Maine are needed by the Navy Department, the United States may resume possession of the same: *And provided further,* That should the United States resume possession of said building and grounds the value of any improvements made by the State of Maine shall be refunded to the State of Maine, and that the Secretary of the Navy shall ascertain and fix the value of said improvements, if any there be: *Provided further,* That if the State of Maine shall at any time cease or fail to use the aforesaid property for public purposes it shall immediately revert to the United States, and in that case no compensation shall be made by the United States for any improvements or betterments.

Provisos.
Resumption of pos-
session.

Payment for im-
provements.

Reversion if not
used by State.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

March 2, 1903.
[Public, No. 137.]

CHAP. 980.—An Act To establish a standard of value and to provide for a coinage system in the Philippine Islands.

Philippine coinage.
Unit of value to be
the gold peso.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the unit of value in the Philippine Islands shall be the gold peso consisting of twelve and nine-tenths grains of gold, nine-tenths fine, said gold peso to become the unit of value when the government of the Philippine Islands shall have coined and ready for, or in, circulation not less than five million of the silver pesos hereinafter provided for in this Act, and the gold coins of the United States at the rate of one dollar for two pesos hereinafter authorized to be coined shall be legal tender for all debts, public and private, in the Philippine Islands.

SEC. 2. That in addition to the coinage authorized for use in the Philippine Islands by the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act temporarily to provide for the administration of the affairs of civil government in the Philippine Islands, and for other purposes," the government of the Philippine Islands is authorized to coin to an amount not exceeding seventy-five million pesos, for use in said islands, a silver coin of the denomination of one peso and of the weight of four hundred and sixteen grains, and the standard of said silver coins shall be such that of one thousand parts, by weight, nine hundred shall be of pure metal and one hundred of alloy, and the alloy shall be of copper.

Silver coins.
Ante, p. 710.

Silver peso authorized.

SEC. 3. That the silver Philippine peso authorized by this Act shall be legal tender in the Philippine Islands for all debts, public and private, unless otherwise specifically provided by contract: *Provided*, That debts contracted prior to the thirty-first day of December, nineteen hundred and three, may be paid in the legal-tender currency of said islands existing at the time of the making of said contracts, unless otherwise expressly provided by contract.

To be a legal tender.

Proviso.

Payment of debts prior to December 31, 1903.

SEC. 4. That section seventy-seven of the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, is hereby amended so that it shall read:

"SEC. 77. That the government of the Philippine Islands is authorized to coin for use in said islands a coin of the denomination of fifty centavos and of the weight of two hundred and eight grains, a coin of the denomination of twenty centavos and of the weight of eighty-three and ten one-hundredths grains, and a coin of the denomination of ten centavos and of the weight of forty-one and fifty-five one-hundredths grains; and the standard of said silver coins shall be such that of one thousand parts, by weight, nine hundred shall be of pure metal and one hundred of alloy, and the alloy shall be of copper."

Subsidiary silver coins.
Ante, p. 710.
Weight increased.

SEC. 5. That the Philippine peso herein authorized and the subsidiary silver coins authorized by section seventy-seven of the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, as amended by the preceding section of this Act, shall be coined under the authority of the government of the Philippine Islands in such amounts as it may determine, with the approval of the Secretary of War of the United States, except as limited in section two of this Act, from silver bullion purchased by said government, with the approval of the Secretary of War of the United States: *Provided*, That said government may, in its discretion, in lieu of the purchase of bullion, recoin any of the silver coins now in or hereafter received by the treasury of the government of the Philippine Islands into the coins provided for in this Act or in the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, as herein amended, at such rate and under such regulations as it may prescribe; and the subsidiary silver coins authorized by this Act and by the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, shall be legal tender in said islands to the amount of ten dollars.

To be coined from bullion purchased.

Proviso.
Recoinage permitted.

Legal tender value of subsidiary coins.

SEC. 6. That the coinage authorized by this Act shall be subject to the conditions and limitations of the provisions of the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act temporarily to provide for the administration of the affairs of civil government in the Philippine Islands, and for other purposes," except as herein otherwise provided; and the government of the Philippine Islands may adopt such measures as it may deem proper, not inconsistent with said Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, to maintain the value of the silver Philippine peso at the rate of one gold peso, and in order to maintain such parity between said silver Philippine pesos and the gold pesos herein provided for, and for no other purpose, may issue temporary certificates of indebtedness, bearing interest at a rate not to exceed four per centum annually, payable at periods of three months or more, but not later than one year from the date of issue, which shall be in

Limitations, etc.
Ante, p. 710.

Maintenance of parity between silver and gold pesos.

Issue of temporary certificates of indebtedness.

Redemption.

Maximum amount.

Exempt from taxation.

Proviso.
Use of proceeds.

the denominations of twenty-five dollars, or fifty pesos, or some multiple of such sum, and shall be redeemable in gold coin of the United States, or in lawful money of said islands, according to the terms of issue prescribed by the government of said islands; but the amount of such certificates outstanding at any one time shall not exceed ten million dollars, or twenty million pesos, and said certificates shall be exempt from the payment of all taxes or duties of the government of the Philippine Islands, or any local authority therein, or of the Government of the United States, as well as from taxation in any form by or under any State, municipal, or local authority in the United States or the Philippine Islands: *Provided*, That all the proceeds of said certificates shall be used exclusively for the maintenance of said parity, as herein provided, and for no other purpose, except that a sum not exceeding three million dollars at any one time may be used as a continuing credit for the purchase of silver bullion in execution of the provisions of this Act.

Silver coins now in use received until January 1, 1904.

Proviso.
Preferences.

SEC. 7. That the Mexican silver dollar now in use in the Philippine Islands and the silver coins heretofore issued by the Spanish Government for use in said islands shall be receivable for public dues at a rate to be fixed from time to time by the proclamation of the civil governor of said islands until such date, not earlier than the first day of January, nineteen hundred and four, as may be fixed by public proclamation of said civil governor, when such coins shall cease to be so receivable: *Provided*, That the public offices of the government of said islands shall give a preference for all public dues to the silver pesos and the silver certificates authorized by this Act, and may at any time refuse to receive such Mexican dollars and Spanish coins as may appear to be counterfeit or defective.

Issue of silver certificates for deposit of silver pesos.

Denomination.

SEC. 8. That the treasurer of the Philippine Islands is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to receive deposits of the standard silver coins of one peso authorized by this Act to be coined, at the treasury of the government of said islands or any of its branches, in sums of not less than twenty pesos, and to issue silver certificates therefor in denominations of not less than two nor more than ten pesos, and coin so deposited shall be retained in the treasury and held for the payment of such certificates on demand, and used for no other purpose. Such certificates shall be receivable for customs, taxes, and for all public dues in the Philippine Islands, and when so received may be reissued, and when held by any banking association in said islands may be counted as a part of its lawful reserve.

Purchase of bullion.

SEC. 9. That for the purchase of metal for the silver Philippine peso authorized by this Act, an appropriation may be made by the government of the Philippine Islands from its current funds, or as hereinbefore authorized, which shall be reimbursed from the coinage under said sections.

Place of coinage.

SEC. 10. That the silver Philippine pesos hereinbefore authorized may be coined at the mint of the government of the Philippine Islands at Manila, or arrangements may be made by the said government with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States for their coinage or any portion thereof at any of the mints of the United States, at a charge covering the reasonable cost of the work.

Devices and inscriptions.

SEC. 11. That the silver Philippine peso hereinbefore authorized shall bear devices and inscriptions to be prescribed by the government of the Philippine Islands, and such devices and inscriptions shall express the sovereignty of the United States, that it is a coin of the Philippine Islands, the denomination of the coin, and the year of the coinage.

Preparation of notes and certificates.

SEC. 12. That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed, when requested by the government of the Philippine Islands, to cause to be made and prepared any drawings, designs, and

plates, and execute any coinage, engraving, or printing of notes and certificates authorized by this Act, and to make a proper charge for the same, covering as nearly as may be the actual cost, which shall be defrayed from the revenues of said islands.

SEC. 13. That section seventy-eight of the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, and all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, and all provisions of law in force in the Philippine Islands making any form of money legal tender after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred and three, except as provided in this Act, are hereby repealed.

Repeal.
Ante, p. 710.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

CHAP. 981.—An Act To confirm certain forest lieu selections made under the Act approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 133.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all bona fide selections under the Act approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (Thirtieth Statutes, thirty-six), of lands in Montana which lie within the territory opened to entry under the provisions of the Act approved May first, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, chapter two hundred and thirteen (Twenty-fifth Statutes, one hundred and thirteen to one hundred and thirty-three), entitled "An Act to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Gros Ventre, Piegan, Blood, Blackfeet, and River Crow Indians in Montana, and for other purposes," made prior to the decision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office dated October twentieth, nineteen hundred and two, in the case of George L. Ramsey, holding that such lands are subject to disposal only under the forms of entry provided by the said Act of May first, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, be, and the same are hereby, confirmed, no other valid objection to the acceptance of such selections appearing.

Public lands.
Selections in lieu of
forest lands in Mont-
ana confirmed.
Vol. 30, p. 36.

Vol. 25, pp. 113-133.
Blackfeet Reserva-
tion.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

CHAP. 982.—An Act To extend to the port of Niagara Falls, New York, the privileges of the Act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, governing the immediate transportation of dutiable merchandise without appraisement.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 139.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the privileges of the Act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, governing the immediate transportation of dutiable merchandise without appraisement, be, and they are hereby, extended to the port of Niagara Falls, New York.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.
Granted immediate
transportation privi-
leges.
Vol. 21, p. 173.

Approved, March 2, 1903.

CHAP. 990.—An Act To authorize the settlement of the accounts of officers of the Army.

March 2, 1903.

[Public, No. 140.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proper accounting officers of the Treasury be, and they are hereby, directed, in the settlement of the accounts of disbursing officers of the War Department, arising between the twenty-first day of April, eighteen hundred and

Army.
Allowance in ac-
counts of officers for
losses, war with Spain.

ninety-eight, from which date war with Spain is declared to have existed, and the eighth day of July, nineteen hundred and one, inclusive, the date on which the last organization of the Volunteer Army was mustered out of the service of the United States, to allow such credits for payments and for losses of funds, vouchers, and property as may be recommended under authority of the Secretary of War by the heads of the military bureaus to which such accounts respectively pertain.

Accounts to be closed.

Provisos.
Date of accounts.

Limitation.

In effect two years.

SEC. 2. That the accounts of military officers, whether of the line or staff, for Government property charged to them, shall be closed by the proper accounting officers whenever, in the judgment of the Secretary of War, it will be for the interest of the United States to do so: *Provided*, That such accounts originated subsequent to April twenty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and prior to the ninth day of July, nineteen hundred and one: *Provided further*, That no settlement shall be made by the officers of the Treasury, under this Act, of the accounts of any officer whose combined responsibility for public money and Government property shall exceed the sum of five thousand dollars, and only of such officers of the Army in whose accounts there is no apparent fraud against the United States: *And provided further*, That this Act shall remain in force for two years from and after its passage, and no longer.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 141.]

George A. Detchemendy.
May be reappointed captain of infantry and retired.
Condition.

CHAP. 991.—An Act For the relief of George A. Detchemendy.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized to summon George A. Detchemendy, late captain in the Twenty-second Infantry, United States Army, before a retiring board, to inquire whether at the date of his resignation, accepted to take effect March tenth, nineteen hundred and two, he was incapacitated for active service and whether such incapacity was the result of an incident of service, and whether said resignation should have been accepted as valid, and upon the results of said inquiry the President is authorized to nominate and appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, the said George A. Detchemendy a captain of infantry, and to place him upon the retired list of the Army.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 142.]

District of Columbia appropriations.
Half from District revenues.

CHAP. 992.—An Act Making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the half of the following sums named, respectively, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the other half out of the revenues of the District of Columbia, in full for the purposes following, being for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, namely:

General expenses.

GENERAL EXPENSES.

Executive office.
Salaries, Commissioners, etc.

FOR EXECUTIVE OFFICE: For two Commissioners, at five thousand dollars each; Engineer Commissioner, nine hundred and twenty-four dollars (to make salary five thousand dollars); secretary, two thousand

one hundred and sixty dollars; two assistant secretaries to Commissioners, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; clerk, six hundred dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; two messengers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; stenographer and typewriter, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two drivers, at six hundred dollars each; veterinary surgeon for all horses in the departments of the District government, one thousand two hundred dollars; inspector of buildings, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; principal assistant inspector of buildings, one thousand six hundred dollars; five assistant inspectors of buildings, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; five assistant inspectors of buildings, at one thousand dollars each; temporary employment of additional assistant inspectors for such time as their services may be necessary, two thousand four hundred dollars; two civil engineers or computers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; clerk, one thousand dollars; clerk, nine hundred dollars; clerk, who shall be a stenographer and typewriter, nine hundred dollars; messenger, four hundred and eighty dollars; janitor, one thousand two hundred dollars; steam engineer, nine hundred dollars; three firemen, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; two elevator operators, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; three watchmen, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; two laborers, one of whom shall also act as messenger and substitute elevator operator, at three hundred and sixty-five dollars each; two laborers, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; property clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; deputy property clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; clerk, seven hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; inspector of plumbing, two thousand dollars; seven assistant inspectors of plumbing, one at one thousand two hundred dollars, and six at one thousand dollars each; five members of the plumbing board, at three hundred dollars each; harbor master, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, seventy-four thousand six hundred and sixty-four dollars.

FOR ASSESSOR'S OFFICE: For assessor, three thousand five hundred dollars; assistant assessor, two thousand dollars; assistant assessor, one thousand six hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; clerk, arrears division, one thousand four hundred dollars; four clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; draftsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; four clerks, at one thousand dollars each; assistant or clerk, nine hundred dollars; clerk in charge of records, one thousand dollars; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; license clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; inspector of licenses, one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant inspector of licenses, one thousand dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; three assistant assessors, at three thousand dollars each; clerk to board of assistant assessors, one thousand five hundred dollars; messenger and driver, for board of assistant assessors, six hundred dollars; temporary clerk hire, five hundred dollars; in all, forty-two thousand six hundred dollars.

EXCISE BOARD: For chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; in all, four thousand eight hundred dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter all receipts from liquor licenses in the District of Columbia shall be paid into the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the District of Columbia.

PERSONAL TAX BOARD: For two assistant assessors of personal taxes, at three thousand dollars each; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; assistant clerk, one thousand dollars; four inspectors, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; extra clerk hire, two thousand dollars; in all, fifteen thousand two hundred dollars.

Assessor's office.

Assistant assessors.

Excise board.

Provido.
Liquor license receipts.

Personal tax board.

Collector's office.

FOR COLLECTOR'S OFFICE: For collector, four thousand dollars; deputy collector, one thousand eight hundred dollars; cashier, one thousand eight hundred dollars; assistant cashier, one thousand four hundred dollars; bookkeeper, one thousand six hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two coupon clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; clerk and bank messenger, one thousand two hundred dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; in all, nineteen thousand four hundred dollars.

Tax-sale certificates.

For extra labor for preparation of tax-sale certificates, and so forth, with authority to employ clerks of this and other offices after office hours, eight hundred dollars.

Auditor's office.

FOR AUDITOR'S OFFICE: For auditor, three thousand six hundred dollars; chief clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; bookkeeper, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; clerk, one thousand dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; disbursing officer, two thousand five hundred dollars; deputy disbursing officer, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, twenty-two thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Corporation counsel's office.

FOR OFFICE OF CORPORATION COUNSEL: For corporation counsel, four thousand five hundred dollars; first assistant corporation counsel, two thousand five hundred dollars; second assistant corporation counsel, one thousand six hundred dollars; third assistant corporation counsel, one thousand six hundred dollars; law clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; stenographer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; in all, twelve thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars.

Sinking-fund office.

FOR SINKING-FUND OFFICE, UNDER CONTROL OF THE TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES: For clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; clerk, nine hundred dollars; in all, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Coroner.

FOR CORONER'S OFFICE: For coroner, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

Market masters.

FOR MARKET MASTERS: For two market masters, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one market master, nine hundred dollars; for hire of laborers for cleaning markets, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars; in all, four thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

Sealer of weights and measures.

FOR OFFICE OF SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES: For sealer of weights and measures, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant sealer of weights and measures, one thousand two hundred dollars; second assistant sealer of weights and measures, nine hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand dollars; laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, six thousand and eighty dollars.

Engineer's office.
Record division.

FOR ENGINEER'S OFFICE: Record division: For chief clerk, one thousand nine hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; three clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; clerk, eight hundred and forty dollars; two messengers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; engineer of highways, three thousand dollars; assistant engineer, one thousand six hundred dollars; two assistant engineers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; three rodmen, at seven hundred and eighty dollars each; three chainmen, at six hundred and fifty dollars each; draftsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; inspector of streets, one thousand two hundred dollars; two assistant inspectors of streets, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; superintendent of streets, two thousand dollars; superintendent of county roads, one thousand five hundred dollars; superintendent of parking, one thousand three hundred dollars; assistant

Engineers, inspectors, etc.

superintendent of parking, one thousand dollars; clerk, nine hundred dollars; inspector of asphalt and cements, two thousand four hundred dollars; inspector of gas and meters, two thousand dollars; assistant inspector of gas and meters, one thousand dollars; assistant inspector of gas and meters, seven hundred and twenty dollars; messenger, four hundred and eighty dollars; inspector of sewers, one thousand two hundred dollars; superintendent of sewers, three thousand dollars; general inspector of sewers, one thousand three hundred dollars; two assistant engineers, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; draftsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; leveler, one thousand two hundred dollars; three rodmen, at seven hundred and eighty dollars each; three chainmen, at six hundred and fifty dollars each; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; two inspectors of property, at nine hundred and thirty-six dollars each; permit clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; assistant permit clerk, eight hundred and forty dollars; index clerk and typewriter, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two sewer tappers, at one thousand dollars each; in all, sixty-seven thousand five hundred and twelve dollars.

Hereafter the inspector of gas and meters and assistant inspector of gas and meters of the District of Columbia shall be appointed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Appointment of inspector of gas and meters.

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT OFFICE: For special assessment clerk, one thousand seven hundred dollars; seven clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; in all, eleven thousand nine hundred dollars.

Special assessment office.

STREET-SWEEPING OFFICE: For superintendent, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant superintendent and clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand dollars; four inspectors, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; ten inspectors, at one thousand one hundred dollars each; three assistant inspectors, at nine hundred dollars each; foreman of public dumps, nine hundred dollars; messenger and driver, six hundred dollars; in all, twenty-five thousand one hundred dollars.

Street-sweeping office.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, STEAM ENGINEERS: For compensation for board of examiners of steam engineers in the District of Columbia, three, at three hundred dollars each, nine hundred dollars.

Board of examiners, steam engineers.

That overseers, inspectors, and other employees temporarily required in connection with sewer, street, or road work, or the construction and repair of buildings and bridges, or any general or special work authorized by appropriations, including all necessary clerical and other services and all necessary horses, harness, and wagons, when specifically and in writing ordered by the Commissioners of the District, and all expenses incidental to or necessary for the proper execution of said work, shall be paid from and equitably charged against the sums appropriated for said work; and the Commissioners of the District, in their annual report to Congress, shall report the number of such overseers, inspectors, and other employees performing clerical or other services, and their work, and the sums paid to each, and out of what appropriation, together with the sums expended for horses, harness, and wagons; and all horses, buggies, or carriages owned or maintained by the District of Columbia shall, so far as may be practicable, be provided for in stables owned or operated by said District.

Temporary overseers, etc.

Report.

Horses and wagons.

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE: For superintendent of insurance, two thousand five hundred dollars; examiner, one thousand five hundred dollars; statistician, one thousand four hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand dollars; temporary clerk hire, six hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand dollars.

Insurance department.

FOR SURVEYOR'S OFFICE: For surveyor, three thousand dollars; assistant surveyor, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for such addi-

Surveyor's office.
Vol. 28, p. 689.

tional employees as may be required, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress making the surveyor of the District of Columbia a salaried officer, fifteen thousand two hundred dollars; in all, twenty thousand dollars.

Free public library.

FREE PUBLIC LIBRARY: For librarian, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant librarian, one thousand dollars; two assistants, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; two assistants, at six hundred dollars each; three assistants, at five hundred and forty dollars each; cataloguer, nine hundred dollars; cataloguer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; cataloguer, six hundred dollars; three temporary cataloguers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; stenographer and typewriter, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two attendants, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; three attendants, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; one messenger, three hundred and sixty dollars; four pages, at two hundred and forty dollars each; two janitors, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; engineer, nine hundred dollars; fireman, five hundred and forty dollars; workman, four hundred and eighty dollars; four charwomen, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, nineteen thousand two hundred and eighty dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For purchase of books, five thousand dollars; binding, three thousand dollars; fuel, lighting, fitting up building, and other contingent expenses, nine thousand dollars; in all, seventeen thousand dollars.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses of the government of the District of Columbia, namely: For printing, checks, books, law books, books of reference and periodicals, stationery; detection of frauds on the revenue; repairs of market houses; painting; surveying instruments and implements; drawing materials; binding, rebinding, repairing, and preservation of records; maintaining and keeping in good order the laboratory and apparatus in the office of the inspector of asphalt and cement; damages; livery, purchase, and care of horses and carriages or buggies not otherwise provided for; horseshoeing; fuel, ice, gas, repairs, repairs to pound and vehicles, and other general necessary expenses of District offices, including the sinking-fund office, board of charities, excise board, personal-tax board, harbor master, health department, surveyor's office, sealer of weights and measures' office, police court, and department of insurance, thirty-seven thousand seven hundred dollars; and the Commissioners shall so apportion this sum as to prevent a deficiency therein: *Provided*, That horses and vehicles appropriated for in this Act shall be used only for official purposes.

Proviso.
Use of horses.

Limit on expenditure for horses, etc.

No part of the money appropriated by this Act shall be used for the purchase, livery, or maintenance of horses or for the purchase, maintenance, or repair of buggies or carriages and harness except as provided for in the appropriation for contingent and miscellaneous expenses or unless the appropriation from which the same is proposed to be paid shall specifically authorize such purchase, livery, maintenance, and repair, and except also as hereinbefore authorized.

Payment for fire insurance prohibited.

No part of the money appropriated by this Act shall be used for the payment of premiums or other cost of fire insurance.

Stables.

For contingent expenses of stables of the engineer department, including forage, livery of horses, shoeing, purchase and repair of vehicles, purchase and repair of harness, blankets, lap robes, purchase of horses, whips, oils, brushes, combs, sponges, chamois skins, buckets, halters, jacks, rubber boots and coats, medicines, and other necessary articles and expenses, five thousand dollars; and no expenditure on account of the engineer department for the items named in this paragraph shall be made from any other fund.

Rent.

For rent of District offices, nine thousand dollars.
For rent of old record vault, six hundred dollars.

For rent of office for department of insurance, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For rent of property yards, three hundred dollars.

For rent of storeroom for property clerk, three hundred dollars.

For necessary expenses in the collection of overdue personal taxes by distraint and sale and otherwise, and for other necessary items, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Collecting personal taxes.

For judicial expenses, including procurement of chains of title, the printing of briefs in the court of appeals of the District of Columbia, and witness fees in District cases before the supreme court of said District, one thousand dollars.

Judicial expenses.

For livery of horse or horse hire for coroner's office, jurors' fees, removal of deceased persons, making autopsies, ice, disinfectants, and other necessary supplies for the morgue, and the necessary expenses of holding inquests, including stenographic services in taking testimony, and photographing unidentified bodies, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Coroner's expenses.

For general advertising, authorized and required by law, and for tax and school notices and notices of changes in regulations, three thousand dollars.

Advertising.

For advertising notice of taxes in arrears July first, nineteen hundred and three, as required to be given by Act of March nineteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, three thousand dollars, to be reimbursed by a charge of fifty cents for each lot or piece of property advertised.

Tax arrearage sales.
Vol. 26, p. 24.

For the enforcement of the game and fish laws of the District of Columbia, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioners, five hundred dollars.

Enforcing game and fish laws.

For reconstruction of cement storehouse at First and Canal streets southwest, three thousand dollars.

Cement storehouse repairs.

For running and permanently marking the boundary line of the District between the present boundary-line monuments and to mark the limits of the District on the roads leading out of the District, one thousand five hundred dollars.

District boundary lines.

To enable the register of wills to continue the work of preparing a card index of the records of his office, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Register of wills.
Card index of records.

PERMANENT SYSTEM OF HIGHWAYS.

Highway system.

To pay the expenses of carrying out the plan for the extension of a permanent system of highways in conformity with the "Act to provide a permanent system of highways in that part of the District of Columbia lying outside of cities," approved March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, two thousand five hundred dollars; to be paid wholly out of the revenues of the District of Columbia.

Expenses.
Vol. 27, p. 582.

IMPROVEMENTS AND REPAIRS.

Improvements and repairs.

ASSESSMENT AND PERMIT WORK: For assessment and permit work, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars; and hereafter no property except that of the United States or the District of Columbia and property owned by foreign governments for legation purposes shall be exempt from assessments for improvements.

Assessment and permit work.
Exemptions.

For paving roadways under the permit system, ten thousand dollars.

Paving.

WORK ON STREETS AND AVENUES: For work on streets and avenues named in Appendix "Z," Book of Estimates, nineteen hundred and four, one hundred thousand dollars, to be expended in the discretion of the Commissioners upon streets and avenues specified in the schedules named in said appendix and in the aggregate for each schedule as stated herein, namely:

Work on streets and avenues.

GEORGETOWN SCHEDULE: Ten thousand dollars.

Allotment.

NORTHWEST SECTION SCHEDULE: Twenty-five thousand one hundred dollars, to be expended for paving Vermont avenue from R to T streets, New Hampshire avenue from V to W streets, and V street from Seventeenth to Eighteenth streets.

SOUTHWEST SECTION SCHEDULE: Fifteen thousand dollars.

SOUTHEAST SECTION SCHEDULE: Twenty thousand dollars.

NORTHEAST SECTION SCHEDULE: Twenty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

Provided, That streets and avenues named in said schedules already paved with Belgian block or granite shall not be paved or otherwise improved under this appropriation, and the remaining streets and avenues, except as herein specified, shall be contracted for in the order in which they appear in said schedules, and be completed in such order as nearly as practicable, and shall be paved, in the discretion of the Commissioners, instead of being graded and regulated.

Hereafter the Commissioners, in submitting the schedules of streets and avenues to be improved, shall each year arrange said streets and avenues in the order of their importance, as determined by them after personal examination of said streets and avenues.

Under appropriations contained in this Act no contract shall be made for making or relaying asphalt pavement at a higher price than one dollar and eighty cents per square yard for a quality equal to the best laid in the District of Columbia prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and with same depth of base: *Provided*, That these conditions as to price and depth of base shall not apply to those streets on which, in the judgment of the Commissioners, by reason of heavy traffic, poor foundation, or other causes, a pavement of more than ordinary strength is required, in which case the limit of price may be increased to two dollars per square yard.

GRADING STREETS, ALLEYS, AND ROADS: For purchase and repair of cars, carts, tools, or the hire of the same, and horses, to be used by the inmates of the Washington Asylum in the work of grading, and pay of dump men needed to carry out the work, ten thousand dollars.

CONDEMNATION OF STREETS, ROADS, AND ALLEYS: For purchase or condemnation of streets, roads, and alleys, one thousand dollars.

OPENING ALLEYS: For opening, widening, and extending alleys and minor streets in the District of Columbia under the provisions of the Code of Laws for the District of Columbia, twenty-five thousand dollars.

PLATS OF SUBDIVISIONS OUTSIDE OF WASHINGTON: To pay the expenses of such surveys as may be necessary to enable the Commissioners of the District to determine whether plats of subdivisions of land within said District offered for record have been made in conformity to the "Act to regulate subdivision of land within the District of Columbia," approved August twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, two thousand dollars.

CONSTRUCTION OF COUNTY ROADS: For construction of county roads and suburban streets as follows:

For Rhode Island avenue, Florida avenue toward First street, pave, ten thousand dollars;

For Sixteenth street, Columbia road to Spring road, grade and improve, twenty-five thousand dollars;

For Sixteenth street, Morris street to Columbia road, pave, twenty-five thousand dollars;

For Twenty-second street, R to Decatur streets, pave, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For California avenue, Columbia road to Phelps place, pave, six thousand dollars;

For grading and improving Wisconsin avenue, six thousand dollars;

Proviso.
Streets paved with
Belgian block, etc.

Important streets
first in schedules.

Limit for asphalt
pavements.

Proviso.
Increase allowed.

Grading.

Condemnation.

Opening alleys.

Vol. 31, p. 1429.

Suburban surveys.

Vol. 25, p. 451.

County roads.
Construction.

For Kansas avenue, in Petworth subdivision, from Trenton to Utica streets, grading, regulating, and macadamizing, two thousand dollars;

For Twentieth street, Queen's Chapel to Brentwood road, grade and macadamize, five thousand dollars;

For Connecticut avenue extended, grade and macadamize, five thousand dollars;

That upon the dedication of Milwaukee street through the subdivision of Fairview Heights, District of Columbia, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to abandon the portion of Massachusetts avenue bounded by blocks six, seven, and eight of Fairview Heights, except where said avenue is included within the plan for a permanent system of highways in that part of the District of Columbia lying outside of cities, and the portions of said avenue so abandoned shall revert to the owners of the lots abutting thereon;

Milwaukee street.

That in order to provide better grades and to save in the cost of grading and improving streets in Herman D. Walbridge's subdivision of Ingleside, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized and directed to make the following change in the location of streets in said subdivision without cost to the District of Columbia or to the United States, namely, first, to shift the location of Nineteenth street south of Grant street so that it shall run in a southeasterly direction from the intersection of Nineteenth and Grant streets to Kenyon street, and, secondly, to abandon Grant street west of Nineteenth street, the old location of Nineteenth street south of Grant street, and Joliet street west of the new position of Nineteenth street, the land in such abandoned streets to revert to the adjacent owners of the property;

Relocation of streets in Ingleside.

For North Capitol street, V street to Michigan avenue, macadam, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

For Adams Mill road, Columbia road to Zoo, grade and improve, seven thousand dollars;

For R street, Florida avenue to Massachusetts avenue, pave, six thousand five hundred dollars;

For Eckington place, Florida avenue to Q street, grade and pave, three thousand dollars;

For Bladensburg road, grade and improve, five thousand dollars;

For grading and regulating streets in Anacostia, six thousand dollars;

For Messmore street, Erie street to Columbia road, grade and regulate, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For Ontario street, Florida avenue to Superior street, grade and regulate, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For Nineteenth street, Columbia road to Kalorama avenue, pave, two thousand dollars;

For W street, west of Massachusetts avenue, grade and improve, nine thousand five hundred dollars;

For V street, North Capitol street to Lincoln avenue, grade, four thousand dollars;

For Howard street, Seventeenth to Eighteenth streets northwest, grade and regulate, one thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and forty-one thousand dollars.

That in order to more fully carry out the intent of the provision in the appropriation Act approved July first, nineteen hundred and two, providing for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia, authorizing the readjustment of the lines of the streets on the east side of the Zoological Park, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to use as a highway so much of the Zoological Park as lies within a proposed street on the east side of said Zoological Park between Kenyon street and Klinge road, the bounds of said street being located as follows: The east build-

Zoological Park. Adjusting grades.

Ante. p. 598.

ing line to be distant fifteen feet from the present improved thirty-foot roadway and the west line to be distant forty-five feet from the present improved thirty-foot roadway.

Repairs.
Streets, etc.

REPAIRS STREETS, AVENUES, AND ALLEYS: For current work of repairs of streets, avenues, and alleys, including resurfacing and repairs to concrete pavements with the same or other not inferior material, two hundred thousand dollars; and this appropriation shall be available for repairing the pavements of street railways when necessary; the amounts thus expended shall be collected from such railroad company as provided by section five of "An Act providing a permanent form of government for the District of Columbia," approved June eleventh, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, and shall be deposited to the credit of the appropriation for the fiscal year in which they are collected.

Street railways.

Vol. 20, p. 106.

Sidewalks.

For replacing and repairing sidewalks and curbs around public reservations and municipal buildings, ten thousand dollars.

County roads.

REPAIRS COUNTY ROADS: For current work of repairs of county roads and suburban streets, ninety thousand dollars.

Bridges.

BRIDGES: For ordinary care of bridges, including keepers, oil, lamps, and matches, four thousand dollars.

For construction and repairs of bridges, fifteen thousand dollars.

Rock Creek bridge.
Connecticut avenue.
Construction of.

For continuing the construction of the bridge across Rock Creek on the line of Connecticut avenue extended, forty-eight thousand dollars. Said bridge shall be constructed of concrete on the general plan for a concrete bridge made by George S. Morrison, and found in Senate Document Number ninety-six, Fifty-fifth Congress, second session, and shall cost complete, exclusive of appropriations herein and heretofore made, not to exceed six hundred thousand dollars, and shall be completed within four years from July first, nineteen hundred and three; and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for the construction of said bridge within the time specified and within the limit of cost herein authorized, to be paid for from time to time as appropriations therefor may be made by law.

Time of construction.

Contracts.

SEWERS.

Sewers.

Cleaning.

For cleaning and repairing sewers and basins, fifty-eight thousand dollars.

Main and pipe.

For main and pipe sewers and receiving basins, fifty thousand dollars.

Suburban.

For suburban sewers, fifty thousand dollars.

Rights of way.

For purchase or condemnation of rights of way for construction, maintenance, and repair of public sewers, one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Flushing tanks.

For automatic flushing tanks, one thousand dollars.

Boundary.

For continuing the construction of the extension of the boundary sewer to the vicinity of Twenty-second and A streets northeast, now under contract, forty thousand dollars.

Pumping station.

For continuing construction of the sewage disposal system pumping station, and for machinery therefor, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Trunk sewer.
Georgetown.

For construction of trunk sewer to serve the western part of Georgetown, twenty-two thousand dollars.

B street and New
Jersey avenue trunk.

For constructing the B street and New Jersey avenue trunk sewer, namely: For Section A, two hundred thousand dollars, to be immediately available; for Section B, two hundred thousand dollars; for Section C, two hundred thousand dollars; in all, six hundred thousand dollars.

Toward constructing outfall sewer and siphon, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Outfall sewer, etc.

Any balances of former appropriations remaining after the execution of contracts for works of the sewage disposal system may be applied by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia in the execution of other portions of said sewage disposal system.

Use of balances.

STREETS.

Streets.

SPRINKLING, SWEEPING, AND CLEANING: For sprinkling, sweeping, and cleaning streets, avenues, alleys, and suburban streets, including purchase, maintenance, and livery of horses, purchase, maintenance, and repair of wagons and harness, rent of storage rooms, and necessary incidental expenses not properly chargeable to the general appropriation for contingent expenses of the government of the District of Columbia, and work done under existing contracts, as well as hand work done under the immediate direction of the Commissioners without contract: *Provided*, That whenever it shall appear to the Commissioners that said latter work can not be done under their immediate direction at nineteen cents or less per thousand square yards, in accordance with the specifications under which the same was last advertised for bids, it shall at once be their duty to advertise to let said work under said specifications to the lowest responsible bidder, and if the same can not be procured to be done at a price not exceeding twenty cents per thousand square yards, they may continue to do said work under their immediate direction, in accordance with said specifications; one hundred and ninety thousand dollars, and the Commissioners shall so apportion this appropriation as to prevent a deficiency therein.

Cleaning, etc.

Proviso.
Contracts permitted.

For cleaning snow and ice from cross walks and gutters, under the Act approved March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

Removing ice and snow.

DISPOSAL OF CITY REFUSE: For the collection and disposal of garbage; miscellaneous refuse and ashes from private residences in the city of Washington and the more densely populated suburbs; for collecting and disposing of dead animals and night soil in the District of Columbia, and for the payment of necessary inspection, livery of horses, and incidental expenses, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

Disposal of refuse.

FOR THE PARKING COMMISSION: For contingent expenses, including laborers, cart hire, trees, tree boxes, tree stakes, tree straps, planting and care of trees on city and suburban streets, whitewashing, care of parks, and miscellaneous items, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Parking commission.

HARBOR AND RIVER FRONT: For the improvement and protection of the harbor and river front, the enforcement of laws and regulations, construction and maintenance of wharves and buildings, and for other necessary items and services, three thousand dollars.

Harbor and river front.

BATHING BEACH: For the construction, maintenance, and repair of floating baths to be moored in the tidal reservoir or the water front of Washington, at such points as may be agreed upon by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia and the Secretary of War, to be immediately available, five thousand dollars; care, operation, maintenance, and repair of bathing beach, to be expended in the discretion of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Bathing beach.
Floating baths.

FOR PUBLIC SCALES: For repair and replacement of public scales, two hundred dollars.

Scales.

FOR PUBLIC PUMPS: For the purchase, replacement, and repair of public pumps, cleaning and protecting public wells, filling abandoned or condemned public wells, four thousand dollars.

Pumps.

Electrical department.

ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT.

Salaries.

For superintendent, one thousand six hundred dollars; inspector of lamps, one thousand dollars; electrician, one thousand two hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand dollars; three telegraph operators, at one thousand dollars each; three inspectors, at nine hundred dollars each; expert repairman, nine hundred and sixty dollars; three repairmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; three telephone operators, at six hundred dollars each; two laborers, at four hundred dollars each; in all, sixteen thousand two hundred and twenty dollars.

Supplies.

For general supplies, repairs, new batteries, and battery supplies, telephone rental and purchase, wire for extension of the telegraph and telephone service, repairs of lines and instruments, purchase of poles, tools, insulators, brackets, pins, hardware, cross arms, ice, record books, stationery, printing, livery horses, and harness, washing, blacksmithing, forage, extra labor, new boxes, rent of stable and storeroom, and other necessary items, fifteen thousand dollars.

Placing wires underground.

For placing wires of fire-alarm telegraph and police telephone service under ground in existing conduits, including cost of cables, terminal boxes, and posts, connections to, and between existing conduits, man-holes, hand-holes, posts for fire-alarm and police boxes, extra labor, and other necessary items, forty-three thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars, to be immediately available.

Police patrol.

For extension of police-patrol system, including purchase of new boxes, purchase and erection of the necessary poles, cross arms, insulators, pins, braces, wire, cable, conduit connections, extra labor, and other necessary items, five thousand dollars.

Repairs to worn-out circuits, etc.

Toward rebuilding grounded and worn-out police-patrol circuits, including purchase of new boxes to replace old ones, purchase and erection of the necessary posts, poles, cross arms, insulators, pins, braces, wire, cable, conduit connections, extra labor, and other necessary items, ten thousand dollars.

Manual transmitter.

For one four-dial four-number manual transmitter for fire-alarm system, five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Lighting.

LIGHTING: For illuminating material, lighting, extinguishing, repairing, and cleaning public lamps on avenues, streets, roads, and alleys; purchasing and expense of erecting and maintaining new lamp-posts, street designations, lanterns, and fixtures; moving lamp-posts, painting lamp-posts and lanterns; replacing and repairing lamp-posts and lanterns damaged or unfit for service; for rent of storeroom, cartage of material, livery, and other necessary items and services, two hundred and nine thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no more than twenty dollars per annum for each street lamp shall be paid for gas and no more than twenty-four dollars for oil, lighting, extinguishing, repairing, painting, cleaning, purchasing, and expenses of erecting and maintaining new lamp posts, street designations, lanterns, and fixtures, under any expenditure provided for in this Act. And during the fiscal years nineteen hundred and three and nineteen hundred and four the price prescribed by Congress for lighting each street lamp in the District of Columbia with gas or oil shall be construed to include the cost of the illuminating material used, lighting and extinguishing lamps, repairing, painting, cleaning, purchasing, and expense of erecting and maintaining lamp-posts, street designations, lanterns, and fixtures:

Proviso.
Maximum price.

All-night service.

Provided, That all of said lamps shall burn every night, on the average, from fifteen minutes after sunset to forty-five minutes before sunrise:

Regulators.

Provided further, That before any expenditures are made from the appropriations herein provided for, the contracting gas companies shall equip each street lamp with a self-regulating burner and tip, so combined and adjusted as to secure, under all ordinary variations of pressure and density, a consumption of five cubic feet of gas per hour: *Provided further*, That not more than fifteen thousand dollars of said

High-power lamps.

appropriation may be expended for lighting, extinguishing, repairing, painting, and cleaning public lamps of a higher candlepower than those provided for above, and not less than sixty candlepower, which lamps shall not cost to exceed twenty-eight dollars per lamp, and shall otherwise be subject to the restrictions of this paragraph: *And provided further*, That during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four the illuminating power of the gas furnished by any gas-lighting company, person, or persons in the District of Columbia shall be equal to twenty-two candles, notwithstanding the requirements as to candlepower prescribed by section three of the Act regulating the sale of gas in the District of Columbia, approved June sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six.

Average candlepower diminished.

Vol. 29, p. 252.

For electric arc lighting, including necessary inspection, and for extensions of such service, not exceeding eighty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That not more than eighty dollars per annum shall be paid for any electric arc light burning from fifteen minutes after sunset to forty-five minutes before sunrise, and operated wholly by means of underground wire; and each arc light shall be of not less than one thousand actual candlepower, and no part of this appropriation shall be used for electric lighting by means of wires that may exist on or over any of the streets or avenues of the city of Washington.

Electric lighting.

Proviso.
Maximum price.

WASHINGTON AQUEDUCT.

For operation, maintenance, and repair of the aqueduct and its accessories, including Conduit road, the Washington City reservoir and Washington Aqueduct tunnel, thirty-three thousand dollars.

Washington Aqueduct.

Maintenance.

For continuing work on a slow sand filtration plant, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, including the preparation of plans, and for the purchase of such scientific books and periodicals as may be approved by the Secretary of War, six hundred thousand dollars, to be available immediately and until expended: *Provided*, That all contracts authorized under appropriations for the slow sand-filtration plant shall provide for the completion of the work on or before December first, nineteen hundred and four: *Provided further*, That the amount for which a contract or contracts may be entered into by the Secretary of War for such material and work as may be necessary for prosecuting the work on said slow sand-filtration plant, and for each and every purpose connected therewith to final completion within the shortest practicable time, or within which the materials may be purchased and the work done otherwise than by contract, to be paid for as appropriations may from time to time be made by law, is hereby increased from two million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand four hundred and five dollars to three million four hundred and sixty-eight thousand four hundred and five dollars.

Filtration plant.

Provisos.
Contracts.

Increased appropriation.

ROCK CREEK PARK.

For care and improvement of Rock Creek Park, to be expended under the direction of the board of control of said park, twelve thousand dollars.

Rock Creek Park.

Care, etc.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

FOR OFFICERS: For seven members of the board of education, at five hundred dollars each, three thousand five hundred dollars, not more than one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars of which shall be used during the first half of the fiscal year; one superintendent of public schools, four thousand dollars; two assistant superintendents, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; one secretary, two thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; and one messenger, seven hundred and

Public schools.

Board of education.

twenty dollars; in all, eighteen thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.

Teachers.

FOR TEACHERS: For one thousand three hundred and forty-seven teachers, to be assigned as follows:

For director of high schools, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For twelve supervising principals, at two thousand dollars each;

For director of manual training, two thousand dollars;

For five principals of high schools, at one thousand six hundred dollars each;

For principal of McKinley Manual Training School, one thousand six hundred dollars;

For principal of Armstrong Manual Training School, one thousand six hundred dollars;

For principal of Normal School Number One and principal of Normal School Number Two, two, at one thousand six hundred dollars each;

For director of primary instruction, four heads of departments of high schools, and two grammar school principals, seven in all, at one thousand five hundred dollars each;

For five principals of buildings, and one head of department of English in Manual Training School Number One, six in all, at one thousand three hundred dollars each;

For director of music, director of drawing, assistant director of drawing, director of physical culture, two teachers of manual training, two normal training teachers, instructor in shop work, assistant instructor in ironwork, instructor in free-hand drawing, fourteen high-school teachers, and ten principals of buildings, thirty-five in all, at one thousand two hundred dollars each;

For director of primary work, high-school teacher, and principal of building, three in all, at one thousand one hundred dollars each;

For one hundred and seven, at one thousand dollars each;

For eighteen, at nine hundred and fifty dollars each;

For twenty-one, at nine hundred dollars each;

For twenty, at eight hundred and seventy-five dollars each;

For sixteen, at eight hundred and fifty dollars each;

For ninety-three, at eight hundred and twenty-five dollars each;

For thirty-four, at eight hundred dollars each;

For one hundred, at seven hundred and seventy-five dollars each;

For seventeen, at seven hundred and fifty dollars each;

For one hundred and forty-three, at seven hundred dollars each;

For four, at six hundred and seventy-five dollars each;

For one hundred and fifty-one, at six hundred and fifty dollars each;

For forty-eight, at six hundred dollars each;

For four, at five hundred and seventy-five dollars each;

For one hundred and fifty-one, at five hundred and fifty dollars each;

For five, at five hundred and twenty-five dollars each;

For one hundred and thirty-six, at five hundred dollars each;

For sixty-five, at four hundred and seventy-five dollars each;

For one hundred and forty, at four hundred and fifty dollars each;

In all, nine hundred and fifty-three thousand seven hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Proviso.
No sex discrimina-
tion.

Provided, That in assigning salaries to teachers, no discrimination shall be made between male and female teachers employed in the same grade of school and performing a like class of duties; and it shall not be lawful to pay, or authorize or require to be paid, from any of the salaries of teachers herein provided, any portion or percentage thereof for the purpose of adding to salaries of higher or lower grades.

Night schools.

For night schools for pupils not over twenty-one years of age, and teachers of night schools may also be teachers in the day schools, six thousand dollars.

For contingent and other necessary expenses of night schools, five hundred dollars.

For kindergarten instruction, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Kindergarten.
Janitors, etc.

FOR JANITORS AND CARE OF BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS: For superintendent of janitors, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For care of Central High School and annex, two thousand dollars; Of the Jefferson Building, Franklin Building, and the Western High School, at one thousand four hundred dollars each;

Of the Eastern High School, Business High School, M Street High School, McKinley Manual Training School, Armstrong Manual Training School, and Stevens School buildings, six in all, at one thousand two hundred dollars each;

Of the Wallach Building, one thousand dollars;

Of the Brookland, Curtis, Dennison, Emery, Force, Gales, Garnet, Grant, Henry, Peabody, Seaton, Sumner, and Webster buildings, thirteen in all, at nine hundred dollars each;

Of the Birney, Lincoln, Miner, and Mott buildings, four in all, at eight hundred dollars each;

Of the Abbott, Berrett, Sayles J. Bowen, Brightwood, John F. Cook, Cranch, Randall, Syphax, and Tenley buildings, nine in all, at seven hundred dollars each;

Of the Adams, Addison, Ambush, Amidon, Anthony Bowen, Arthur, Banneker, Bell, Blair, Blake, Bradley, Brent, Briggs, Bruce, Buchanan, Carberry, Congress Heights, Corcoran, Dent, Douglass, Fillmore, Garrison, Giddings, Eckington, Greenleaf, Harrison, Hayes, Hilton, Hubbard, Jackson, Johnson, Jones, Langston, Lenox, Logan, Lovejoy, McCormick, Madison, Magruder, Maury, Monroe, Montgomery, Morgan, Morse, Patterson, Payne, Phelps, Phillips, Pierce, Polk, Abby S. Simmons, Slater, Smallwood, Taylor, Toner, Towers, Twinning, Tyler, Van Buren, Webb, Weightman, Wilson, Wormly, building in third division, and building in sixth division (Trinidad), sixty-five in all, at five hundred and forty dollars each;

Of the Garfield, Thompson, Van Buren annex, and Woodburn buildings, four in all, at three hundred and sixty dollars each;

Of the Bennings (white), Bennings (colored), Bunker Hill, Chevy Chase, Good Hope, Grant Road, Hamilton, High Street, Langdon, Kenilworth, Orr, Petworth, Potomac, Reservoir, Takoma Park, and Threlkeld buildings, sixteen in all, at two hundred and forty dollars each;

For care of smaller buildings and rented rooms, including cooking and manual training schools wherever located, at a rate not to exceed forty-eight dollars per annum for the care of each schoolroom, five thousand five hundred dollars;

For one engineer and instructor in steam engineering at the McKinley Manual Training School, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For one assistant engineer at the McKinley Manual Training School, six hundred dollars;

For one engineer and instructor in steam engineering at the Armstrong Manual Training School, one thousand dollars;

For one assistant engineer at the Armstrong Manual Training School, six hundred dollars.

In all, eighty-six thousand and eighty dollars.

FOR MEDICAL INSPECTORS: For twelve medical inspectors of public schools, four of whom shall be of the colored race, at five hundred dollars each, six thousand dollars: *Provided*, That said inspectors shall be appointed by the Commissioners only after competitive examination, and shall have had at least five years' experience in the practice of medicine in the District of Columbia, and shall perform their duties under the direction of the health officer and according to rules formulated from time to time by him, which shall be subject to the approval of the board of education and the Commissioners.

Medical inspectors.

Proviso.
Competitive examination.

- Rent.** MISCELLANEOUS: For rent of school buildings and repair shop, fifteen thousand six hundred and eighty-four dollars.
- Repairs.** For repairs and improvements to school buildings and grounds, fifty-five thousand dollars.
For necessary repairs to and changes in plumbing in existing school buildings, twenty-five thousand dollars.
For repairing and renewing heating and ventilating apparatus, three thousand five hundred dollars.
- Manual training.** For the purchase and repair of tools, machinery, material, and apparatus to be used in connection with instruction in manual training, and for incidental expenses connected therewith, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Fuel.** For fuel, forty-five thousand dollars.
- Furniture.** For furniture for new school buildings and additions to buildings, as follows: For four eight-room buildings, at one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars each; addition to Cranch Building, eight hundred and seventy-five dollars; and five four-room buildings, at eight hundred and seventy-five dollars each; in all, twelve thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.
- Contingent expenses.** For contingent expenses, including furniture and repairs thereof, books, books of reference, and periodicals, stationery, printing, ice, purchase and repair of equipments for high school cadets, and other necessary items not otherwise provided for, including livery of horse for the superintendent, thirty-five thousand dollars.
- Pianos.** For purchase of pianos for school buildings not now supplied, at an average cost not to exceed two hundred and twenty-five dollars each, two thousand five hundred dollars.
- Supplies for pupils.** For text-books and school supplies for use of pupils of the first eight grades, who at the time are not supplied with the same, to be distributed by the superintendent of public schools under regulations to be made by the board of education of the District of Columbia, and for the necessary expenses of the purchase, distribution, and preservation of said text-books and supplies, fifty-two thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the board of education in its discretion is authorized to make exchanges of such books and other educational publications now on hand as may not be desirable for use.
- Proviso.**
- Exchanges.**
- Flags.** For purchase of United States flags, one thousand dollars.
- Fire extinguishers.** For fire extinguishers and fire escapes for school buildings, two thousand four hundred dollars.
- Telephones.** For extending the telephone system to the public school buildings within the fire limits, including the cost of the necessary wire, cable, poles, cross-arms, braces, conduit connections, manholes, telephone instruments, extra labor, and other necessary items, five thousand dollars, to be expended under the electrical department.
- Buildings and grounds.** BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS: Toward the construction of a Business High School building, seventy-five thousand dollars, and the Commissioners are hereby authorized to enter into contract for the construction of said building at a total cost not exceeding one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.
For purchase of lot adjoining Brent School, eight thousand three hundred dollars.
For additional amount for reconstructing building at Seventh and G streets southeast, ten thousand dollars; and the appropriation of fifteen thousand dollars made by the District of Columbia appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two is hereby continued available for the same purpose.
For site for and toward the construction of one eight-room building, second division, thirty thousand dollars; and the total cost of said building, including cost of site, under a contract which is hereby authorized therefor, shall not exceed sixty thousand dollars.

For site for and toward the construction of one eight-room building, sixth division, thirty thousand dollars; and the total cost of said building, including cost of site, under a contract which is hereby authorized therefor, shall not exceed sixty thousand dollars.

For one four-room addition to the Takoma School, twenty-seven thousand dollars.

That the total cost of the sites and of the several and respective buildings herein provided for, when completed upon plans and specifications to be previously made and approved, shall not exceed the several and respective sums of money herein respectively appropriated or authorized for such purposes: *Provided*, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, in case they shall consider the bids received for the construction of any number of the school buildings herein provided for, not exceeding three, to be in excess of a reasonable amount, are hereby authorized to construct such building or buildings by day labor, and the purchase of material in open market, if the same can be completed within the amount appropriated or authorized therefor.

That the plans and specifications for school buildings shall be prepared under the supervision of the inspector of buildings of the District of Columbia, and shall be approved by the Commissioners of the District, and shall be constructed by the Commissioners in conformity therewith; and the plans and specifications for all other buildings provided for in this Act shall be prepared under the supervision of the inspector of buildings of the District of Columbia, and shall be approved by the Superintendent of the Capitol building and the Commissioners of the District, and shall be constructed in conformity therewith.

Cost of sites.

Provido.
Day labor.

Commissioners to approve plans, etc.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB.

For expenses attending the instruction of deaf and dumb persons admitted to the Columbia Institution for the Deaf and Dumb from the District of Columbia, under section forty-eight hundred and sixty-four of the Revised Statutes, ten thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Deaf and dumb pupils.

R. S., sec. 4864, p. 942.

FOR METROPOLITAN POLICE.

For major and superintendent, four thousand dollars; captain and assistant superintendent, one thousand eight hundred dollars; four captains, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; chief clerk, who shall also be property clerk, two thousand dollars; clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; clerk, nine hundred dollars; two clerks, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; four surgeons of the police and fire departments, at five hundred and forty dollars each; additional compensation for twenty privates detailed for special service in the detection and prevention of crime, four thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; ten lieutenants, at one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars each; thirty-five sergeants, at one thousand one hundred and forty dollars each; three hundred and fifty privates, class one, at nine hundred dollars each; two hundred and forty-five privates, class two, at one thousand and eighty dollars each; for forty additional privates of class one, who shall receive seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum each; three telephone operators, at six hundred dollars each; twenty-four station keepers, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; janitor for police headquarters, seven hundred and twenty dollars; thirteen laborers, at six hundred dollars each; laborer in charge of the morgue, six hundred and eighty dollars; messenger, seven hundred dollars; messenger, five hundred dollars; major and superintendent, mounted, two hundred and forty dollars; captain, mounted, two hundred and forty dollars; fifty-one lieutenants,

Police.

Salaries.

sergeants, and privates, mounted, at two hundred and forty dollars each; sixty-four sergeants and privates, mounted, on bicycles, at forty dollars each; twenty-four drivers, at six hundred dollars each; and three police matrons, at six hundred dollars each; in all, seven hundred and forty-nine thousand nine hundred and forty dollars.

Rent, Anacostia.

MISCELLANEOUS: For rent of substation at Anacostia, three hundred and sixty dollars;

Fuel.

For fuel, three thousand five hundred dollars;

Repairs.

For repairs to stations and grounds, five thousand dollars;

Contingent expenses.

For miscellaneous and contingent expenses, including the purchase of new wagons, rewards for fugitives, modern revolvers, installation of card system in the police department, stationery, books, books of reference, and periodicals, telegraphing, photographs, printing, binding, gas, ice, washing, meals for prisoners, furniture and repairs thereto, beds and bedclothing, insignia of office, purchase and care of horses, horse and vehicle for superintendent, bicycles, police equipments and repairs to the same, harness, forage, repairs to vehicles, van, ambulance, and patrol wagons, and expenses incurred in the prevention and detection of crime, and other necessary expenses, thirty thousand dollars;

That in expending the foregoing sum the disbursing officer of the District of Columbia is authorized to advance to the major and superintendent of the Metropolitan police, upon requisitions previously approved by the auditor of the District of Columbia, sums of money, not exceeding three hundred dollars at one time, to be used only for the prevention and detection of crime, and to be accounted for monthly on itemized vouchers to the accounting officers of the District of Columbia.

For flags and halyards for station houses, one hundred and twenty-five dollars;

For rent of police department headquarters and property store-rooms, two thousand four hundred dollars;

In all, forty-one thousand three hundred and eighty-five dollars.

House of Detention.

HOUSE OF DETENTION: To enable the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to provide transportation and a suitable place for the reception, transportation, and detention of the children under seventeen years of age and in the discretion of the Commissioners of girls and women over seventeen years of age, arrested by the police on charge of offense against any law in force in the District of Columbia, or held as witnesses, or held pending final investigation or examination, or otherwise, nine thousand dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary: *Provided*, That all such persons held or detained under public authority prior to the adjudication of cases in which they may be involved shall be held at the place so provided.

Proviso.

Time of detention.

Fire department.

FOR THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Salaries.
Chief engineer.
Qualifications of.

For chief engineer, two thousand dollars, and this sum shall not be available to pay a chief engineer who has not had at least five years' experience as a member of some organized municipal fire department; three assistant chief engineers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; clerk, one thousand dollars; fire marshal, one thousand two hundred dollars; machinist, one thousand dollars; twenty-six foremen, at one thousand dollars each; fourteen engineers, at one thousand dollars each; fourteen firemen, at nine hundred dollars each; seven tillermen, at nine hundred dollars each; twenty-seven drivers, at nine hundred dollars each; one hundred and eighty-six privates, at eight hundred and forty dollars each; twenty-six watchmen, at six hundred dollars each; and one laborer, at four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, two hundred and sixty-four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

MISCELLANEOUS: For repairs and improvements to engine houses and grounds, eight thousand five hundred dollars;

Miscellaneous.

For repairs to apparatus and for new appliances, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

For purchase of hose, nine thousand dollars;

For fuel, five thousand dollars;

For purchase of horses, eleven thousand dollars;

For forage, thirteen thousand dollars;

For rent, three hundred and sixty dollars;

For contingent expenses, horseshoeing, furniture, fixtures, washing, oil, medical and stable supplies, harness, blacksmithing, labor, gas and electric lighting, flags and halyards, and other necessary items, fourteen thousand dollars;

In all, sixty-eight thousand three hundred and sixty dollars.

INCREASE FIRE DEPARTMENT: For site, house, and furniture for an engine company in the southwestern section of the city, including cost of connecting said house with fire-alarm headquarters, thirty thousand dollars;

Site, etc., for new station.

For purchase of three combination chemical engine and hose wagons, at not exceeding two thousand dollars each, six thousand dollars;

Chemical engines, etc.

For purchase of one sixty-five-foot aerial truck, three thousand five hundred dollars;

Aerial truck.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to acquire by purchase or condemnation additional land in rear of the present site of the truck house in square numbered nine hundred and twenty-five, in the southeast section of the city, at an expense not exceeding two thousand dollars, to be paid out of the appropriation heretofore made for said truck house;

Additional land for new building.
Ante, p. 607.

In all, thirty-nine thousand five hundred dollars.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Health department.

For health officer, three thousand five hundred dollars; chief inspector and deputy health officer, one thousand eight hundred dollars; thirteen sanitary and food inspectors, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; sanitary and food inspector, who shall also inspect dairy products and shall be a practical chemist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; sanitary and food inspector, who shall be a veterinary surgeon and act as inspector of live stock and dairy farms, one thousand two hundred dollars; inspector of marine products, one thousand two hundred dollars; chief clerk and deputy health officer, two thousand two hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; four clerks, two of whom may act as sanitary and food inspectors, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; clerk, six hundred dollars; messenger and janitor, six hundred dollars; pound master, one thousand five hundred dollars; laborers, at not exceeding forty dollars per month, one thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars; ambulance driver, four hundred and eighty dollars; seven sanitary and food inspectors, two of whom shall be veterinary surgeons, to assist in the enforcement of the milk and pure-food laws, and the regulations relating thereto, at nine hundred dollars each; in all, forty-six thousand nine hundred dollars.

Salaries.

MISCELLANEOUS: For rent of stable, one hundred and twenty dollars.

Rent.

For the enforcement of the provisions of the Act to prevent the spread of scarlet fever and diphtheria in the District of Columbia, approved December twentieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, and the Act to prevent the spread of contagious diseases in the District of Columbia, approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, and for investigating the causes of cases of typhoid fever reported to the health department under the provisions of an Act to require cases

Prevention of contagious diseases.
Vol. 26, p. 691.
Vol. 29, p. 635.

Ante, p. 3.

of typhoid fever occurring in the District of Columbia to be reported to the health department of said District, approved February fourth, nineteen hundred and two, under the direction of the health officer of said District, including purchase and maintenance of necessary horses, wagons, and harness, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Disinfecting service.

For maintaining the disinfecting service, including purchase and maintenance of necessary horses, wagons, and harness, five thousand dollars.

Drainage of lots.
Vol. 29, p. 126.

For emergency fund for the enforcement of the provisions of section four of an Act to provide for the drainage of lots in the District of Columbia, approved May nineteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Food adulterations.

For special services in connection with the detection of the adulteration of drugs and of foods, including candy and milk, one hundred dollars;

Food, etc., inspection.
Vol. 28, p. 709.

For contingent expenses incident to the enforcement of an Act to regulate the sale of milk in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes, approved March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five; an Act relating to the adulteration of foods and drugs in the District of Columbia, approved February seventeenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and an Act to prevent the adulteration of candy in the District of Columbia, approved May fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for the maintenance of a chemical laboratory, one thousand dollars;

Vol. 30, p. 246.

Vol. 30, p. 398.

Milk inspection.

For the necessary traveling expenses of sanitary and food inspectors while traveling outside of the District of Columbia for the purpose of inspecting dairy farms, milk, and other dairy products, one thousand two hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary;

Quarantine buildings.

For the erection, completion, and equipment of quarantine buildings on the Washington Asylum grounds, fifteen thousand dollars.

Isolating wards in hospitals.

GARFIELD AND PROVIDENCE HOSPITALS: For isolating wards for minor contagious diseases at Garfield and Providence hospitals, maintenance, each, four thousand dollars; in all, eight thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Courts.

COURTS.

Court of appeals reports.

Vol. 31, p. 1226.

For amount required to pay the reporter of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia for volumes of the reports of the opinions of said court, authorized to be furnished by him under section two hundred and twenty-nine of the code of law for the District of Columbia as amended July first, nineteen hundred and two, twenty-two volumes, at five dollars each, one hundred and ten dollars.

Police court.

FOR THE POLICE COURT: For two judges, at three thousand dollars each; clerk, two thousand dollars; two deputy clerks, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; two deputy clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; deputy clerk, to be known as financial clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; three bailiffs, at nine hundred dollars each; deputy marshal, one thousand dollars; janitor, five hundred and forty dollars; engineer, nine hundred dollars; assistant janitors, four hundred and fifty dollars; bailiff, six hundred dollars; in all, twenty-one thousand and ninety dollars.

Miscellaneous.

MISCELLANEOUS: For witness fees, four thousand dollars;

For repairs of police-court building, eight hundred dollars;

For repairs to police-court furniture and replacing same, two hundred dollars;

For meals of jurors and of bailiffs in attendance upon them when ordered by the court, one hundred dollars;

For rent of property adjoining police-court building, for police court and other purposes, six hundred dollars;

For compensation of jurors, eight thousand dollars;

For rebuilding police-court cells, which shall be done under the direction of the Commissioners before the end of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, three thousand dollars, to be immediately available;

For building public water-closet for men, which shall be done under the direction of the Commissioners before the end of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars, to be immediately available;

In all, seventeen thousand seven hundred dollars.

DEFENDING SUITS IN CLAIMS: For defending suits in the United States Court of Claims, three thousand dollars.

Defending suits in claims.

WRITS OF LUNACY: To defray the expenses attending the execution of writs de lunatico inquirendo and commitments thereunder, in all cases of indigent insane persons committed or sought to be committed to the Government Hospital for the Insane by order of the executive authority of the District of Columbia under the provisions of the Act approved January thirty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Lunacy writs.

Vol. 50, p. 811.
Post, p. 1043.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE: For ten justices of the peace, at two thousand dollars each, and the further sum of two hundred and fifty dollars each for rent, stationery, and other expenses; in all, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

Justices of the peace.

INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

For interest and sinking fund on the funded debt, nine hundred and seventy-five thousand four hundred and eight dollars.

Interest and sinking fund.

Any excess of said sum or of sums hereafter appropriated for this purpose, over and above the amount required for the payment of the interest on the funded debt of the District of Columbia shall be applied by the Treasury of the United States to the purchase and redemption of the bonds of the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That should the Treasurer of the United States at any time be unable to secure bonds of the District of Columbia at a price which he may deem advantageous, he is hereby authorized to invest the amount available for the said sinking fund in bonds of the United States, the bonds so purchased to be registered in the name of the Treasurer of the United States, trustee for the sinking fund of the District of Columbia, and it shall be the duty of the Treasurer of the United States to collect the interest, when due on the bonds so held, and to invest the same for account of said sinking fund: *Provided further*, That the Treasurer of the United States is hereby authorized, by exchange or by sale and reinvestment, to substitute bonds of the District of Columbia for the bonds of the United States, so held, when he shall deem it to be to the interest of the said sinking fund to do so.

Surplus applied to redemption of bonds.

Proviso.
Restriction.

Substitution of bonds.

EMERGENCY FUND.

To be expended only in case of emergency, such as riot, pestilence, public insanitary conditions, calamity by flood or fire, and of like character, and in all cases of emergency not otherwise sufficiently provided for, eight thousand dollars: *Provided*, That in the purchase of all articles provided for in this Act no more than the market price shall be paid for any such articles, and all bids for any of such articles above the market price shall be rejected.

Emergency fund.

Proviso.
Purchases.

FOR COURTS AND PRISONS.

SUPPORT OF CONVICTS: For support, maintenance, and transportation of convicts transferred from the District of Columbia, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, forty-five thousand dollars.

Courts and prisons.

Support of convicts out of District

Court-house.

COURT-HOUSE, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For the following force necessary for the care and protection of the court-house in the District of Columbia, under the direction of the United States marshal of the District of Columbia: Engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; three watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; three firemen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; five laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; and seven assistant messengers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, twelve thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General.

Jail.

WARDEN OF THE JAIL: For warden of the jail of the District of Columbia, two thousand dollars, to be paid under the direction of the Attorney-General.

Maintenance.

SUPPORT OF PRISONERS: For expenses for maintenance of the jail of the District of Columbia, and for support of prisoners therein, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, forty-six thousand dollars.

Charities and corrections.

CHARITIES AND CORRECTIONS.

Board of Charities.

BOARD OF CHARITIES: For secretary, three thousand dollars; clerk, one thousand dollars; stenographer, eight hundred and forty dollars; messenger, six hundred dollars; three inspectors, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; traveling expenses, four hundred dollars; four drivers, at six hundred dollars each; in all, ten thousand four hundred dollars.

Reformatories.

REFORMATORIES AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

Washington Asylum.

FOR WASHINGTON ASYLUM: For intendant, one thousand two hundred dollars; visiting physician, one thousand and eighty dollars; resident physician, four hundred and eighty dollars; matron, six hundred dollars; clerk, eight hundred and forty dollars; property clerk, eight hundred and forty dollars; baker, four hundred and twenty dollars; principal overseer, one thousand two hundred dollars; fifteen overseers, at six hundred dollars each; engineer, six hundred dollars; assistant engineer, four hundred and eighty dollars; second assistant engineer, three hundred and sixty dollars; engineer at hospital for seven and one-half months, at fifty dollars per month; two watchmen, at three hundred and sixty-five dollars each; two night watchmen, at five hundred and forty-eight dollars each; blacksmith and woodworker, five hundred dollars; carpenter, five hundred dollars; driver for dead wagon, three hundred and sixty-five dollars; hostler and driver, two hundred and forty dollars; keeper at female workhouse, three hundred dollars; keeper at female workhouse, one hundred and eighty dollars; two female attendants at almshouse, at one hundred and fifty dollars each; hospital cook, four hundred and eighty dollars; chief cook for almshouse and workhouse, four hundred and eighty dollars; two assistant cooks, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; three assistant cooks, at one hundred and twenty dollars each; trained nurse, who shall act as superintendent of nursing, six hundred dollars; graduate nurse, three hundred and sixty-five dollars; graduate nurse for receiving ward, three hundred and sixty-five dollars; six orderlies, at three hundred dollars each; pupil nurses, not less than fifteen in number, one thousand one hundred and forty dollars; registered pharmacist, who shall act as hospital clerk, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, twenty-eight thousand three hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For contingent expenses, including provisions, fuel, forage, harness and vehicles and repairs to same, gas, ice, shoes, clothing, dry goods,

tailoring, drugs and medical supplies, furniture and bedding, kitchen utensils, and other necessary items and services, sixty thousand dollars.

The unexpended balance of the appropriations heretofore made for erection of a workhouse for males is hereby made available for the construction of cells in the old workhouse for males.

For repairs to buildings, plumbing, painting, lumber, hardware, cement, lime, oil, tools, cars, tracks, steam heating and cooking apparatus, two thousand dollars.

FOR REFORM SCHOOL: For superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; assistant superintendent, one thousand dollars; teachers and assistant teachers, five thousand seven hundred dollars; matron of school, six hundred dollars; four matrons of families, at one hundred and eighty dollars each; two foremen of workshops, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; farmer, four hundred and eighty dollars; engineer, three hundred and ninety-six dollars; assistant engineer, three hundred dollars; baker, cook, shoemaker, and tailor, at three hundred dollars each; laundress, one hundred and eighty dollars; two dining-room servants, seamstress, and chambermaid, at one hundred and forty-four dollars each; florist, three hundred and sixty dollars; watchmen, not to exceed six in number, one thousand six hundred and twenty dollars; secretary and treasurer to board of trustees, six hundred dollars; in all, sixteen thousand five hundred and fifty-two dollars.

Reform School.

For support of inmates, including groceries, flour, feed, meats, dry goods, leather, shoes, gas, fuel, hardware, furniture, tableware, farm implements, seeds, harness and repairs to same, fertilizers, books, stationery, plumbing, painting, glazing, medicines and medical attendance, stock, fencing, repairs to buildings, and other necessary items, including compensation, not exceeding nine hundred dollars, for additional labor or services, and for transportation and other necessary expenses incident to securing suitable homes for discharged boys, not exceeding five hundred dollars, all under the control of the Commissioners, twenty-six thousand dollars.

For repairs, one thousand five hundred dollars.

REFORM SCHOOL FOR GIRLS: Superintendent, one thousand dollars; treasurer, six hundred dollars; matron, six hundred dollars; two teachers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; overseer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; four teachers of industries, at three hundred dollars each; engineer, six hundred dollars; assistant engineer, four hundred and twenty dollars; night watchman, three hundred and sixty-five dollars; laborer, three hundred dollars; in all, six thousand seven hundred and sixty-five dollars;

Reform School for Girls.

For groceries, provisions, light, fuel, soap, oil, lamps, candles, clothing, shoes, forage, horseshoeing, medicines, medical attendance, hack hire, transportation, labor, sewing machines, fixtures, books, stationery, horses, vehicles, harness, cows, pigs, fowls, sheds, fences, repairs, and other necessary items, ten thousand dollars;

In all, sixteen thousand seven hundred and sixty-five dollars.

For building and equipping brick building to be used to house men employees and for storerooms, six thousand dollars.

TRANSPORTATION OF PRISONERS: For conveying prisoners to the workhouse, two thousand dollars.

Transporting prisoners.

MEDICAL CHARITIES.

Hospitals.

For the Freedmen's Hospital and Asylum, as follows:

For subsistence, twenty-one thousand five hundred dollars;

For salaries and compensation of the surgeon in chief, not to exceed three thousand dollars; two assistant surgeons, clerk, assistant clerk, pharmacist, assistant pharmacist, steward, engineer, matron, nurses,

Freedmen's Hospital.

laundresses, cooks, teamsters, watchmen, and laborers, sixteen thousand dollars;

For rent of hospital buildings and grounds, four thousand dollars;

For fuel and light, clothing, bedding, forage, transportation, medicine, medical and surgical supplies, surgical instruments, electric lights, repairs, furniture, and other absolutely necessary expenses, twelve thousand five hundred dollars;

In all, fifty-four thousand dollars.

Columbia Hospital.

For the care and treatment of indigent patients, under a contract to be made with the Columbia Hospital for Women and Lying-in Asylum, by the Board of Charities, not to exceed twenty thousand dollars.

For erection of fire escapes, electric wiring, and necessary apparatus and alterations required for better protection of the hospital from fire, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Children's Hospital.

For the care and treatment of indigent patients, under a contract to be made with the Children's Hospital by the Board of Charities, not to exceed ten thousand dollars.

Homeopathic Hospital.

For the care and treatment of indigent patients, under a contract to be made with the National Homeopathic Hospital Association by the Board of Charities, not to exceed eight thousand five hundred dollars.

Reconstruction, etc.

To aid in the reconstruction and completion of the building for the National Homeopathic Hospital, fifty thousand dollars.

Emergency Hospital.

For Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital, maintenance, fifteen thousand dollars.

Eastern Dispensary.

For Eastern Dispensary, maintenance, two thousand dollars.

Women's Clinic.

For the Women's Clinic, maintenance, one thousand dollars.

Home for Incurables.

For the Washington Home for Incurables, maintenance, two thousand dollars.

Care of children.

CHILD-CARING INSTITUTIONS.

Board of Children's Guardians.
Vol. 27, p. 268.

BOARD OF CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS: For the Board of Children's Guardians, created under the Act approved July twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, namely: For administrative expenses, including salaries of agents, not to exceed two thousand four hundred dollars, expenses in placing and visiting children, and all office and sundry expenses, eight thousand six hundred dollars;

For maintenance of feeble-minded children, eleven thousand dollars;

Care of children.

For board and care of all children committed to the guardianship of said board by the courts of the District, and for the temporary care of children pending investigation or while being transferred from place to place, with authority to pay not more than one thousand dollars to institutions adjudged to be under sectarian control and not more than three hundred dollars for burial of children dying while under charge of the board, thirty-five thousand dollars;

Hart Farm School.

The Board of Children's Guardians is hereby directed to contract for the care and maintenance of sixty wards of the Board at the Hart Farm School at the rate of two hundred dollars per annum each, and for this purpose the sum of twelve thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, and the Commissioners are required to report to Congress at the first regular session of the Fifty-eighth Congress a general plan for the future care of the delinquent and dependent children in the District of Columbia.

In all, for Board of Children's Guardians, sixty-six thousand six hundred dollars.

Industrial Home School.

FOR THE INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL: For maintenance, thirteen thousand dollars.

For repairs and improvements to buildings and grounds, two thousand dollars.

For cost of operating pumping plant to dispose of sewage, five hundred and fifty dollars.

For the National Association for the Relief of Destitute Colored Women and Children, maintenance, including repairs, nine thousand nine hundred dollars. Home for Destitute Colored Women.

For the Newsboys' and Children's Aid Society, maintenance, one thousand dollars. Children's Aid Society.

For the Washington Hospital for Foundlings, maintenance, six thousand dollars. Foundlings' Hospital.

For Saint Ann's Infant Asylum, maintenance, five thousand four hundred dollars. Saint Ann's Infant Asylum.

For the care and maintenance of children in German Orphan Asylum, not to exceed one thousand eight hundred dollars. German Orphan Asylum.

TEMPORARY HOMES.

For municipal lodging house and wood and stone yard, maintenance, including rent, four thousand dollars. Municipal lodging house.

For temporary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors, Grand Army of the Republic, five thousand five hundred dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, and ex-soldiers and sailors of the Spanish war shall also be admitted to the home. Grand Army Soldiers' Home.

For the Women's Christian Association, maintenance, four thousand dollars. Women's Christian Association.

For Young Women's Christian Home, maintenance, one thousand dollars. Young Women's Christian Home.

For Hope and Help Mission, maintenance, two thousand dollars. Hope and Help Mission.

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE: For support of the indigent insane of the District of Columbia in the Government Hospital for the Insane, in said District, as provided in sections forty-eight hundred and forty-four and forty-eight hundred and fifty of the Revised Statutes, two hundred and twenty-nine thousand three hundred dollars. Support of indigent insane.
R. S., secs. 4844, 4850, pp. 939, 940.

For deportation from the District of Columbia of nonresident insane persons, in accordance with the Act of Congress "To change the proceedings for admission to the Government Hospital for the Insane in certain cases, and for other purposes," approved January thirty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, two thousand dollars. Deporting indigent insane.
Vol. 30, p. 811.

RELIEF OF THE POOR: For relief of the poor, including pay of physicians to the poor, who shall be appointed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia on the recommendation of the health officer, thirteen thousand dollars. Relief of the poor.

TRANSPORTATION OF PAUPERS: For transportation of paupers, two thousand dollars. Transportation.

MILITIA OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

For the following, to be expended under the authority of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, namely: Militia.
Expenses.

For rent, fuel, light, heat, care, and repair of armories, practice ships, boats, machinery, and for telephone service, seventeen thousand dollars.

For lockers, furniture, and gymnastic apparatus for armories, four hundred dollars.

For printing and stationery, six hundred and fifty dollars.

For cleaning and repairing uniforms, arms and equipments, and contingent expenses, seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For custodian in charge of United States property and storerooms, nine hundred dollars.

For clerk, office of the Adjutant-General, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For expenses of drills and parades, one thousand seven hundred dollars.

For expenses of rifle practice and matches, three thousand six hundred dollars.

Camp expenses.

For expenses of camps, instruction, practice marches, and practice cruises, including fuel for cruising purposes, fifteen thousand two hundred dollars.

Pay.

For pay of troops, other than Government employees, to be disbursed under the direction of the commanding general, seventeen thousand six hundred dollars: *Provided*, That members of the National Guard of the District of Columbia who receive compensation for their services as such shall not be held or construed to be officers of the United States, or persons holding any place of trust or profit, or discharging any official function under or in connection with any Executive Department of the Government of the United States within the provision of section fifty-four hundred and ninety-eight of the Revised Statutes of the United States: *Provided further*, That all moneys collected on account of deductions made from the pay of any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard of the District of Columbia on account of Government property lost or destroyed by such individual shall be repaid into the United States Treasury to the credit of the officer of the militia of the District of Columbia who is accountable to the United States Government for such property lost or destroyed:

Provisos.
Official status.

Deductions for loss
of property.

Provided further, That all moneys collected on account of deductions made from the pay of any officer or enlisted man of the National Guard of the District of Columbia for or on account of any violation of the regulations governing said National Guard shall be held by the commanding general of the militia of the District of Columbia, who is authorized to expend such moneys so collected for necessary clerical and general incidental expenses of the service, including books, or for the pay of troops, other than Government employees; and for all moneys so collected and expended the commanding general shall make an accounting in like manner as for the appropriation disbursed for pay of troops.

Fines, etc.

For general incidental expenses of the service, three hundred dollars.

Water department.

WATER DEPARTMENT.

Payable from water
revenues.

The following sums are hereby appropriated to carry on the operations of the water department, to be paid wholly from its revenues, namely:

Revenue and in-
spection branch.

For revenue and inspection branch: For water registrar, who shall also perform the duties of chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand five hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; chief inspector, nine hundred and thirty-six dollars; eight inspectors, at nine hundred dollars each; messenger, six hundred dollars;

Distribution branch.

For distribution branch: For superintendent, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; draftsman, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, one thousand five hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; timekeeper, nine hundred dollars; assistant foreman, nine hundred dollars; tapper and machinist, nine hundred dollars; three steam engineers, at one thousand one hundred dollars each; calker, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, twenty-nine thousand nine hundred and six dollars.

Contingent expenses.

For contingent expenses, including books, blanks, stationery, forage, advertising, printing, purchase and care of horse, buggy, and harness for use of superintendent for purposes of inspection, and other necessary items and services, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Card record system.

For introducing the card record system in the office of the water registrar, including cards, fixtures, labor, and other items necessary to install the same, two thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

For fuel, repairs to boilers, machinery, and pumping stations, pipe distribution to high and low service, material for high and low service, including public hydrants and fire plugs, and labor in repairing, replacing, raising, and lowering mains, laying new mains and connections, and erecting and repairing fire plugs and purchase and maintenance of horses, wagons, carts, and harness necessary for the proper execution of this work, one hundred thousand dollars.

Fuel, etc.

For continuing the extension of the high-service system of water distribution, and for laying necessary trunk mains for low service, to include all necessary land, machinery, buildings, mains, and appurtenances, and labor, and the purchase and maintenance of horses, wagons, carts, and harness necessary for the proper execution of this work, so much as may be available in the water fund, during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, after providing for the expenditures hereinbefore authorized, is hereby appropriated.

High-service system.

SEC. 2. The Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall not make requisitions upon the appropriations from the Treasury of the United States for a larger amount during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four than they make on the appropriations arising from the revenues, including drawback certificates, of said District, except as otherwise provided herein.

Limit on requisitions.

SEC. 3. That until and including June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to advance, on the requisition of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, made in the manner now prescribed by law, out of any moneys in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary from time to time to meet the general expenses of said District, as authorized by Congress, and to reimburse the Treasury for the portion of said advances payable by the District of Columbia out of the taxes and revenues collected for the support of the government thereof: *Provided*, That all advances made under this Act and under the Acts of February eleventh, nineteen hundred and one, and June first, nineteen hundred and two, not reimbursed to the Treasury of the United States on or before June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, shall be reimbursed to said Treasury out of the revenues of the District of Columbia from time to time, within five years, beginning July first, nineteen hundred and four, together with interest thereon at the rate of two per centum per annum until so reimbursed: *Provided further*, That interest on advances made prior to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, in the accounts of the District of Columbia with the United States, shall be computed for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, and paid immediately after the close thereof from the revenues of the District of Columbia, and the same rule of computation and payment of interest shall apply to all advances made for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, and subsequent fiscal years: *Provided further*, That the Auditor for the State and other Departments and the auditor of the District of Columbia shall each annually report the amount of such advances, stating the account for each fiscal year separately, and also the reimbursements made under this section, together with the balances remaining, if any, due to the United States: *And provided further*, That nothing contained herein shall be so construed as to require the United States to bear any part of the cost of street extensions, and all advances heretofore or hereafter made for this purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be repaid in full from the revenues of the District of Columbia.

Advances from the Treasury.

Proviso.
Interest on advances until paid.
Vol. 31, p. 766.

Ante. p. 616.

Computing interest.

Report.

Street extensions to be paid from District revenues.

SEC. 4. That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with this Act are repealed.

Repeal.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 143.]

CHAP. 993.—An Act To establish a life-saving station at the mouth of Black River, at or near the city of Lorain, in the State of Ohio.

Black River, Ohio.
Life-saving station
established at Lorain.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to establish a life-saving station at the mouth of Black River, at or near the city of Lorain, Ohio, at such point as the General Superintendent of the Life-Saving Service may recommend.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 144.]

CHAP. 994.—An Act Making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes.

Indian Department
appropriations.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and in full compensation for all offices the salaries for which are specially provided for herein, for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, namely:

CURRENT AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES.

Payment of agents
at agencies.

For pay of thirty-three agents of Indian affairs at the following-named agencies, at the rates respectively indicated, namely:

At the Blackfeet Agency, Montana, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Cheyenne River Agency, South Dakota, one thousand seven hundred dollars;

At the Colville Agency, Washington, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Crow Creek Agency, South Dakota, one thousand six hundred dollars;

At the Crow Agency, Montana, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Devils Lake Agency, North Dakota, one thousand two hundred dollars;

At the Flathead Agency, Montana, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Fort Belknap Agency, Montana, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Fort Berthold Agency, North Dakota, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Fort Hall Agency, Idaho, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Fort Peck Agency, Montana, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Green Bay Agency, Wisconsin, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Kiowa Agency, Oklahoma Territory, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the La Pointe Agency, Wisconsin, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Leech Lake Agency, Minnesota, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Lower Brule Agency, South Dakota, one thousand four hundred dollars;

At the Mission-Tule Agency, California, one thousand six hundred dollars;

At the Navajo Agency, New Mexico, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the New York Agency, New York, one thousand dollars;

At the Osage Agency, Oklahoma Territory, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Pine Ridge Agency, South Dakota, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Pottawatomie and Great Nemaha Agency, Kansas, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Rosebud Agency, South Dakota, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Sac and Fox Agency, Iowa, one thousand dollars;

At the San Carlos Agency, Arizona, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Shoshone Agency, Wyoming, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Sisseton Agency, South Dakota, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Standing Rock Agency, North Dakota, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Tongue River Agency, Montana, one thousand five hundred dollars;

At the Uintah and Ouray Agency, Utah (consolidated), one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Union Agency, Indian Territory, two thousand five hundred dollars;

At the White Earth Agency, Minnesota, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

At the Yankton, South Dakota, Agency, one thousand six hundred dollars;

In all, fifty-four thousand one hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the foregoing appropriations shall not take effect nor become available in any case for or during the time in which any officer of the Army of the United States shall be engaged in the performance of the duties of Indian agent at any of the agencies above named: *Provided further*, That the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, may devolve the duties of any Indian agency or any part thereof upon the superintendent of the Indian training school located at such agency whenever in his judgment such superintendent can properly perform the duties of such agency. And the superintendent upon whom such duties devolve shall give bond as other Indian agents.

Provisos.
Not available for army officers as agents.

School superintendents may act as agents.

Bond.

Interpreters.

For payment of necessary interpreters, to be distributed in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, five thousand dollars; but no person employed by the United States and paid for any other service shall be paid for interpreting.

Inspectors.

For pay of eight Indian inspectors, one of whom shall be an engineer competent in the location, construction, and maintenance of irrigation works, at two thousand five hundred dollars per annum each, twenty thousand dollars.

Expensea.

For traveling expenses of eight Indian inspectors, at three dollars per day when actually employed on duty in the field, exclusive of transportation and sleeping-car fare, in lieu of all other expenses now authorized by law, and for incidental expenses of negotiation, inspection and investigation, including telegraphing and expenses of going to and going from the seat of government, and while remaining there under orders and direction of the Secretary of the Interior, for a period not to exceed twenty days, twelve thousand eight hundred dollars.

Superintendent of schools.	For pay of one superintendent of Indian schools, three thousand dollars.
Traveling, etc., expenses.	For necessary traveling expenses of one superintendent of Indian schools, including telegraphing and incidental expenses of inspection and investigation, one thousand five hundred dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That he shall be allowed three dollars per day for traveling expenses when actually on duty in the field, exclusive of cost of transportation and sleeping-car fare, in lieu of all other expenses now allowed by law: <i>And provided further</i> , That he shall perform such other duties as may be imposed upon him by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Interior.
<i>Provisos.</i> Per diem.	
Other duties.	
Agency buildings.	For buildings and repairs of buildings at agencies and for water supply at agencies, thirty-five thousand dollars.
Contingencies.	For contingencies of the Indian Service, including traveling and incidental expenses of Indian agents and of their offices, and of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs; also traveling and incidental expenses of five special agents, at three dollars per day when actually employed on duty in the field, exclusive of transportation and sleeping-car fare, in lieu of all other expenses now authorized by law, and expenses of going to and going from the seat of government, and while remaining there under orders and direction of the Secretary of the Interior, for a period not to exceed twenty days; for pay of employees not otherwise provided for, and for pay of the five special agents, at two thousand dollars per annum each, forty thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That when it becomes necessary to make large per capita payments to Indians, the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, is hereby authorized to require any disbursing officer of the Indian Department to file a special bond in such amount as may be necessary to make such payment in one installment, the expenses incurred in procuring such special bond to be paid by the United States from this appropriation.
<i>Proviso.</i> Large per capita payments.	
Special bond.	
Citizen commission. Vol. 16, p. 40.	For expenses of the commission of citizens, serving without compensation, appointed by the President under the provisions of the Act of April tenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, four thousand dollars, of which sum an amount not to exceed three hundred dollars may be paid for the rent of an office for said commission; and it is provided further, that from the appropriation already made for the expenses of this commission for the current fiscal year ending July first, nineteen hundred and three, an amount not exceeding three hundred dollars may be paid for office rent for that year.
Rent.	
Practical farmers, etc.	To enable the Secretary of the Interior to employ practical farmers and practical stockmen in addition to the agency farmers now employed, at wages not exceeding sixty-five dollars each per month, to superintend and direct farming and stock raising among such Indians as are making effort for self-support, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.
Indian police.	For services of officers at fifteen dollars per month each, and privates at ten dollars per month each, of Indian police, to be employed in maintaining order and prohibiting illegal traffic in liquor on the several Indian reservations and within the Territory of Alaska, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, for the purchase of equipments, and for the purchase of rations for policemen at nonration agencies, one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars.
Judges of Indian courts.	For compensation of judges of Indian courts, twelve thousand five hundred and forty dollars.
Matrons to teach housekeeping.	To enable the Secretary of the Interior to employ suitable persons as matrons to teach Indian girls in housekeeping and other household duties, at a rate not to exceed fifty dollars per month, and for furnishing necessary equipments, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Telegraphing, and purchase of Indian supplies: To pay the expense of purchasing goods and supplies for the Indian Service, and pay of necessary employees; advertising, at rates not exceeding regular commercial rates; inspection, and all other expenses connected therewith, and for telegraphing, fifty thousand dollars.

Purchasing supplies, etc.

For necessary expenses of transportation of such goods, provisions, and other articles for the various tribes of Indians provided for by this Act, including pay and expenses of transportation agents and rent of warehouses, two hundred thousand dollars.

Transporting supplies.

For pure vaccine matter and vaccination of Indians, five thousand dollars.

Vaccination.

FULFILLING TREATY STIPULATIONS WITH AND SUPPORT OF INDIAN TRIBES.

Fulfilling treaties.

CHIPPEWAS OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

Chippewas of the Mississippi.

For support of a school or schools upon said reservation, during the pleasure of the President, in accordance with third article of treaty of March nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, four thousand dollars.

Schools.
Vol. 16, p. 720

CHOCTAWS.

Choctaws.

For permanent annuity, per second article of treaty of November sixteenth, eighteen hundred and five, and thirteenth article of treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three thousand dollars;

Permanent annuities.
Vol. 7, p. 99.
Vol. 11, p. 614.

For permanent annuity for support of light horsemen, per thirteenth article of treaty of October eighteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty, and thirteenth article of treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, six hundred dollars;

Light horsemen.
Vol. 7, p. 213.

Vol. 11, p. 614.

For permanent annuity for support of blacksmith, per sixth article of treaty of October eighteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty, ninth article of treaty of January twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and thirteenth article of treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, six hundred dollars;

Blacksmith.
Vol. 7, p. 212.
Vol. 7, p. 236.
Vol. 11, p. 614.

For permanent annuity for education, per second and thirteenth articles of last two treaties named above, six thousand dollars;

Education.
Vol. 7, p. 235.
Vol. 11, p. 614.
Iron and steel.
Vol. 7, p. 236.

Vol. 11, p. 614.

For permanent annuity for iron and steel, per ninth article of treaty of January twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and thirteenth article of treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three hundred and twenty dollars;

Interest.

For interest on three hundred and ninety thousand two hundred and fifty-seven dollars and ninety-two cents, at five per centum per annum, for education, support of the government, and other beneficial purposes, under the direction of the general council of the Choctaws, in conformity with the provisions contained in the ninth and thirteenth articles of treaty of January twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, and treaty of June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, nineteen thousand five hundred and twelve dollars and eighty-nine cents; in all, thirty thousand and thirty-two dollars and eighty-nine cents.

Vol. 7, p. 236.

Vol. 11, p. 614.

CHIPPEWAS OF MINNESOTA, REIMBURSABLE.

Chippewas of Minnesota.

Advance interest to the Chippewa Indians in Minnesota, as required by section seven of "An Act for the relief and civilization of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota," approved January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, in the manner required by said Act (reimbursable), ninety thousand dollars.

Advance interest.

Vol. 25, p. 645.

For civilization, etc.
Vol. 25, p. 642.

To enable the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, to carry out an Act entitled "An Act for the relief and civilization of the Chippewa Indians in the State of Minnesota," approved January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, namely, the purchase of material and employment of labor for the erection of houses for Indians; for the purchase of agricultural implements, stock, and seeds, breaking and fencing land; for payment of expenses of delegations of Chippewa Indians to visit the White Earth Reservation; for the erection and maintenance of day and industrial schools; for subsistence and for pay of employees; for pay of commissioner and his expenses, and for removal of Indians and for their allotments, to be reimbursed to the United States out of the proceeds of sale of their lands, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Sales of pine timber.

Vol. 25, p. 644.
Ante, p. 401.

For surveying, examining, appraising, logging, and selling the pine timber upon the ceded lands of the Chippewa Indian Reservations in Minnesota under the provisions of the Act approved January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, as amended by the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Act entitled 'An Act for the relief and civilization of the Indians in the State of Minnesota,' approved June twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two," the sum of ninety thousand dollars, to be reimbursed to the United States out of the proceeds of the sale of the timber upon said lands, forty thousand dollars of which shall be immediately available.

Cœur d'Alenes.

CŒUR D'ALENES.

For twelfth of fifteen installments of eight thousand dollars each, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, under the sixth article of agreement of March twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, ratified by Act of March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, eight thousand dollars;

Vol. 26, p. 1028.

Vol. 26, p. 1029.

For pay of blacksmith, carpenter, and physician, and purchase of medicines, as per the eleventh article of said agreement, three thousand five hundred dollars; in all, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Crows.

CROWS.

For the twenty-second of twenty-five installments, as provided in agreement with the Crows, dated June twelfth, eighteen hundred and eighty, to be used by the Secretary of the Interior in such manner as the President may direct, thirty thousand dollars.

Vol. 22, p. 43.

Fort Hall Indians.

FORT HALL INDIANS.

For fifteenth of twenty installments, as provided in agreement with said Indians approved February twenty-third, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, to be used by the Secretary of the Interior for the benefit of the Indians in such manner as the President may direct, six thousand dollars.

Vol. 25, p. 688.

Blackfeet Agency.

INDIANS AT BLACKFEET AGENCY.

For sixth of nine installments, to be disposed of as provided in article two of the agreement with the Indians of the Blackfeet Reservation ratified by Act approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Vol. 29, p. 354.

Iowas.

IOWAS.

For interest in lieu of investment on fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, balance of one hundred and fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, to July first, nineteen hundred and three, at five per centum per annum, for education or other beneficial purposes, under

Interest.

Vol. 10, p. 1071.

the direction of the President, per ninth article of treaty of May seventeenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

KANSAS.

Kansas.

For interest in lieu of investment on one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars, being the amount due the Kansas tribe of Indians per second article of treaty of January fourteenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, six thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Interest.

Vol. 9, p. 842.

KICKAPOOS IN KANSAS.

Kickapoos.

For interest on sixty-five thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight dollars and seventy-seven cents, at five per centum per annum, for educational and other beneficial purposes, per treaty of May eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand three hundred and twenty-seven dollars and seventy-two cents.

Interest.

Vol. 10, p. 1079.

This amount to enable the President of the United States to pay the legal representatives of two deceased Kickapoo Indians, the settlement of whose estates is desired, under the provisions of section two of the Act of August fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, such sum as may be the proportion of the one hundred thousand dollars provided for said tribe for education and other beneficial purposes, per treaty of May eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, not exceeding three hundred and thirty-seven dollars and eighty-three cents each, six hundred and seventy-five dollars and sixty-six cents; in all, four thousand and three dollars and thirty-eight cents.

Payment to estate of deceased Indians.

Vol. 24, p. 219.

Vol. 10, p. 1079.

MOLELS.

Molels.

For pay of teachers and for manual-labor schools, and for all necessary materials therefor, and for the subsistence of the pupils, per second article of treaty of December twenty-first, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three thousand dollars.

Schools.

Vol. 12, p. 981.

NORTHERN CHEYENNES AND ARAPAHOES.

Northern Cheyennes and Arapahoes.

For subsistence and civilization, as per agreement with the Sioux Indians approved February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, including subsistence and civilization of Northern Cheyennes removed from Pine Ridge Agency to Tongue River, Montana, ninety thousand dollars;

Subsistence, etc.

Vol. 19, p. 256.

For pay of physician, two teachers, two carpenters, one miller, two farmers, a blacksmith, and engineer, per seventh article of the treaty of May tenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, nine thousand dollars; in all, ninety-nine thousand dollars.

Physician, etc.

Vol. 19, p. 256.

OSAGES.

Osages.

For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at five per centum per annum, being value of fifty-four sections of land set apart by treaty of June second, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for educational purposes, per Senate resolution of January ninth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.

Interest.

Vol. 7, p. 242.

PAWNEES.

Pawnees.

For perpetual annuity, at least one-half of which is to be paid in goods and such articles as may be deemed necessary for them, per second article of treaty of September twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, thirty thousand dollars;

Annuity.

Vol. 11, p. 729.

For support of two manual-labor schools, per third article of same treaty, ten thousand dollars;

For pay of two farmers, two blacksmiths, and two apprentices, one miller and apprentice, two teachers, one shoemaker, and one carpenter, five thousand four hundred dollars;

For pay of physician and purchase of medicines, one thousand two hundred dollars;

Vol. 11, p. 730.

For purchase of iron and steel and other necessaries for the shops, as per fourth article of treaty of September twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, five hundred dollars; in all, forty-seven thousand one hundred dollars.

Pottawatomies.

POTTAWATOMIES.

Annuities.
Vol. 7, p. 51.

For permanent annuity, in silver, per fourth article of treaty of August third, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, three hundred and fifty-seven dollars and eighty cents;

Vol. 7, p. 114.

For permanent annuity, in silver, per third article of treaty of September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and nine, one hundred and seventy-eight dollars and ninety cents;

Vol. 7, p. 185.

For permanent annuity, in silver, per third article of treaty of October second, eighteen hundred and eighteen, eight hundred and ninety-four dollars and fifty cents;

Vol. 7, p. 317.

For permanent annuity, in money, per second article of treaty of September twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, seven hundred and fifteen dollars and sixty cents;

Vol. 7, p. 320.

For permanent annuity, in specie, per second article of treaty of July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, and second article of treaty of September twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, five thousand seven hundred and twenty-four dollars and seventy-seven cents;

Vol. 7, p. 317.

For permanent provision for payment of money in lieu of tobacco, iron, and steel, per second article of treaty of September twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and tenth article of treaties of June fifth and seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one hundred and seven dollars and thirty-four cents;

Vol. 7, p. 318.

Vol. 9, p. 855.

Vol. 7, p. 296.

Vol. 7, p. 318.

Vol. 7, p. 321.

For permanent provision for three blacksmiths and assistants, and for iron and steel for shops, per third article of treaty of October sixteenth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six; second article of treaty of September twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and second article of treaty of July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand and eight dollars and ninety-nine cents;

Vol. 7, p. 320.

For permanent provision for fifty barrels of salt, per second article of treaty of July twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, fifty dollars;

Interest.

Vol. 9, p. 854.

For interest on two hundred and thirty thousand and sixty-four dollars and twenty cents, at five per centum, in conformity with provisions of article seven of treaties of June fifth and seventeenth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, eleven thousand five hundred and three dollars and twenty-one cents; in all, twenty thousand five hundred and forty-one dollars and eleven cents.

Quapaws.

QUAPAWS.

Education.
Vol. 7, p. 425.
Post, p. 997.

For education, per third article of treaty of May thirteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars; for blacksmith and assistants, and tools, iron, and steel for blacksmith shop, per same article and treaty, five hundred dollars; in all, one thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the President of the United States shall certify the same to be for the best interest of the Indians.

Proviso.
Certificate of the
President.

SACS AND FOXES OF THE MISSISSIPPI.

For permanent annuity, in goods or otherwise, per third article of treaty of November third, eighteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars; for interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article of treaty of October twenty-first, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars; for interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article of treaty of October eleventh, eighteen hundred and forty-two, forty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the sum of one thousand five hundred dollars of this amount shall be used for the pay of a physician and for purchase of medicine; in all, fifty-one thousand dollars.

Sacs and Foxes of the Mississippi.
Annuity.
Vol. 7, p. 85.
Interest.
Vol. 7, p. 541.
Vol. 7, p. 596.
Proviso.
Physician, etc.

SACS AND FOXES OF THE MISSOURI.

For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, under the direction of the President, per second article of treaty of October twenty-first, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars;
For support of a school, per fifth article of treaty of March sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, two hundred dollars; in all, eight thousand and seventy dollars.

Sacs and Foxes of the Missouri.
Interest.
Vol. 7, p. 541.
School.
Vol. 12, p. 1173.

SEMINOLES.

For five per centum interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid as annuity, per eighth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, twelve thousand five hundred dollars;
For five per centum interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid as annuity (they having joined their brethren West), per eighth article of treaty of August seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, twelve thousand five hundred dollars;
For interest on fifty thousand dollars, at the rate of five per centum per annum, to be paid annually for the support of schools, as per third article of treaty of March twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, two thousand five hundred dollars;
For interest on twenty thousand dollars, at the rate of five per centum per annum, to be paid annually for the support of the Seminole government, as per same article, same treaty, one thousand dollars; in all, twenty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

Seminoles.
Interest.
Vol. 11, p. 702.
Vol. 14, p. 757.

SENECAS OF NEW YORK.

For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per Act of February nineteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars;
For interest, in lieu of investment, on seventy-five thousand dollars, at five per centum, per Act of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars;
For interest, at five per centum, on forty-three thousand and fifty dollars transferred from the Ontario Bank to the United States Treasury, per Act of June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and forty-six, two thousand one hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty cents; in all, eleven thousand nine hundred and two dollars and fifty cents.

Senecas of New York.
Annuity.
Vol. 4, p. 442.
Interest.
Vol. 9, p. 35.

SHOSHONES AND BANNOCKS.

SHOSHONES: For pay of physician, teacher, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith, as per tenth article of treaty of July third, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, five thousand dollars;

Shoshones and Bannocks.
Shoshones.
Physician, etc.
Vol. 15, p. 676.

For pay of second blacksmith, and such iron and steel and other materials as may be required, as per eighth article of same treaty, one thousand dollars;

Bannocks.
Physician, etc.
Vol. 15, p. 676.

BANNOCKS: For pay of physician, teacher, carpenter, miller, engineer, farmer, and blacksmith, as per tenth article of treaty of July third, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, five thousand dollars; in all, eleven thousand dollars.

Six Nations of New York.

SIX NATIONS OF NEW YORK.

Annuity.
Vol. 7, p. 46.

For permanent annuity, in clothing and other useful articles, per sixth article of treaty of November eleventh, seventeen hundred and ninety-four, four thousand five hundred dollars.

Sioux of different tribes.

SIoux OF DIFFERENT TRIBES, INCLUDING SANTEE SIOUX OF NEBRASKA.

Teachers, etc.
Vol. 15, p. 640.

For pay of five teachers, one physician, one carpenter, one miller, one engineer, two farmers, and one blacksmith, per thirteenth article of treaty of April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, ten thousand four hundred dollars;

For pay of second blacksmith, and furnishing iron, steel, and other material, per eighth article of same treaty, one thousand six hundred dollars;

Employees.

For pay of additional employees at the several agencies for the Sioux in Nebraska and in North Dakota and South Dakota, eighty-five thousand dollars;

Subsistence.
Vol. 19, p. 256.

For subsistence of the Sioux, and for purposes of their civilization, as per agreement ratified by Act of Congress approved February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and seventy-seven, eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That this sum shall include transportation of supplies from the termination of railroad or steamboat transportation, and in this service Indians shall be employed when practicable: *And provided further*, That the number of rations issued shall not exceed the number of Indians on each reservation, and any excess in the number of rations issued shall be disallowed in the settlement of the agent's account: *Provided further*, That the unexpended balance for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three is hereby appropriated and made available for nineteen hundred and four;

Provisos.
Transportation.

Rations.

Unexpended balance available.

For support and maintenance of day and industrial schools, including purchase, erection, and repairs of school buildings, in accordance with article seven of the treaty of April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, which article is continued in force for twenty years by section seventeen of the Act of March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, one million one hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars.

Schools.

Vol. 15, p. 637.

Vol. 25, p. 894.

Sioux, Yankton tribe.

SIoux, YANKTON TRIBE.

For fifteenth of twenty installments (last series), to be paid to them or expended for their benefit, per fourth article of treaty of April nineteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, fifteen thousand dollars;

Subsistence.

Vol. 19, p. 287.

For subsistence and civilization of Yankton Sioux, heretofore provided for in appropriations under "Fulfilling treaty with Sioux of different tribes," and so forth, thirty thousand dollars; in all, forty-five thousand dollars.

Spokanes.

SPOKANES.

Blacksmith, etc.

For pay of a blacksmith and carpenter to do necessary work and to instruct the said Indians in those trades, one thousand dollars each, per sixth article of agreement with said Indians dated March eighteenth,

eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and ratified by Act of Congress approved July thirteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, two thousand dollars.

Vol. 27, p. 139.

CONFEDERATED BANDS OF UTES.

Utes, Confederated Bands.

For pay of two carpenters, two millers, two farmers, and two blacksmiths, as per tenth article of treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and fifteenth article of treaty of March second, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, six thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars;

Carpenters, etc.

Vol. 13, p. 675.

Vol. 15, p. 622.

For pay of two teachers, as per same article of same treaty, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

For purchase of iron and steel and the necessary tools for blacksmith shop, per ninth article of same treaty, two hundred and twenty dollars;

Vol. 15, p. 621.

For annual amount for the purchase of beef, mutton, wheat, flour, beans, and potatoes, or other necessary articles of food, as per twelfth article of same treaty, thirty thousand dollars;

Food.

Vol. 15, p. 622.

For pay of employees at the several Ute agencies, fifteen thousand dollars; in all, fifty-three thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

Employees.

WINNEBAGOES.

Winnebagoes.

For interest on eight hundred and four thousand nine hundred and nine dollars and seventeen cents, at five per centum per annum, per fourth article of treaty of November first, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, and joint resolution of July seventeenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, forty thousand two hundred and forty-five dollars and forty-five cents; and the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to expend said interest for the support, education, and civilization of said Indians;

Interest.

Vol. 7, p. 545.

Vol. 12, p. 628.

For interest on seventy-eight thousand three hundred and forty dollars and forty-one cents, at five per centum per annum, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior for the erection of houses, improvement of their allotments of land, purchase of stock, agricultural implements, seeds, and other beneficial objects, three thousand nine hundred and seventeen dollars and two cents; in all, forty-four thousand one hundred and sixty-two dollars and forty-seven cents.

Purchase of stock, etc.
Vol. 16, p. 355.

MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORTS AND GRATUITIES.

Miscellaneous supports, etc.

For support and civilization of the Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, Wichitas, and affiliated bands who have been collected in the reservations set apart for their use and occupation, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, Wichitas, etc.
Subsistence.

This amount, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to furnish such articles of food as, from time to time, the condition and necessities of the Crow Indians may require, fifteen thousand dollars.

Crows.

For support and civilization of the Arapahoes and Cheyennes who have been collected on the reservations set apart for their use and occupation, fifty thousand dollars.

Arapahoes and Cheyennes.

For support and civilization of the Chippewas of Lake Superior, Wisconsin, to be expended for agricultural and educational purposes; pay of employees, including pay of physician, at one thousand two hundred dollars; purchase of goods and provisions, and for such other purposes as may be deemed for the best interests of said Indians, seven thousand dollars.

Chippewas, Lake Superior.

For support and civilization of Turtle Mountain band of Chippewas, North Dakota, including seeds, thirteen thousand dollars.

Chippewas, Turtle Mountain Band.

For support and civilization of the confederated tribes and bands in middle Oregon, and for pay of employees, five thousand dollars.

Confederated tribes, middle Oregon.

- Digger Indians. For support and civilization of Digger Indians of California, and for locating them on lands purchased for them, one thousand five hundred dollars.
- D'Wamish, etc., Washington. For support and civilization of the D'Wamish and other allied tribes in Washington, including pay of employees, five thousand dollars.
- Carlos's Band, Flatheads. For support and civilization of Carlos's Band of Flatheads, Montana, including pay of employees, six thousand dollars.
- Flatheads, etc. For support and civilization of the Flatheads and other confederated tribes, Montana, including pay of employees, six thousand dollars.
- Apaches, etc., Arizona and New Mexico. For support and civilization of the Apache and other Indians in Arizona and New Mexico who have been or may be collected on reservations in Arizona or New Mexico: *Provided*, That the unexpended balance available. for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-three is hereby appropriated and made available for nineteen hundred and four, two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Fort Hall Indians. For support and civilization of the Shoshones and Bannocks and other Indians of the Fort Hall Reservation in Idaho, including pay of employees, twenty thousand dollars.
- Fort Berthold Indians. For the support and civilization of Indians at Fort Berthold Agency, including pay of employees, forty thousand dollars.
- Fort Peck Indians. For support and education and civilization of the Indians of the Fort Peck Agency in Montana, including pay of employees, fifty-five thousand dollars.
- Lemhi Agency Indians. For support, civilization, and instruction of the Shoshones, Bannocks, Sheepeaters, and other Indians of the Lemhi Agency, Idaho, including pay of employees, thirteen thousand dollars.
- Kaibabs. For the support and civilization of Kaibabs in Utah, if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Interior, the same is necessary, two thousand dollars.
- Klamath Agency Indians. For support, civilization, and instruction of the Klamaths, Modocs, and other Indians of the Klamath Agency, Oregon, including pay of employees, five thousand dollars.
- Kansas. For support and civilization of the Kansas Indians, Oklahoma Territory, including agricultural assistance and pay of employees, two thousand five hundred dollars.
- Kickapoos. For support and civilization of the Kickapoo Indians in Oklahoma Territory, five thousand dollars.
- Kicking Kickapoos. For the purchase of teams, farming implements, seeds, and other necessary articles for the Mexican Kickapoo Indians, known as the "Kicking Kickapoos," in Oklahoma Territory, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, three thousand dollars.
- Makahs. For support and civilization of the Makahs, Washington, including pay of employees, three thousand dollars.
- Nez Perce, Joseph's Band. For purchase of agricultural implements, and support and civilization of Joseph's Band of Nez Perce Indians, two thousand dollars.
- Pima Agency Indians. For support and civilization of the Indians of Pima Agency, Arizona, forty thousand dollars, to be expended for their benefit in such manner as the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion, may deem best.
- Poncas. For support and civilization of the Ponca Indians, including pay of employees, fifteen thousand dollars: *Provided*, That this amount shall be divided pro rata among all the members of said tribe in Oklahoma Territory and in Nebraska and Dakota.
- Qui-nai-elts and Quil-leh-utes. For support and civilization of the Qui-nai-elts and Quil-leh-utes, including pay of employees, one thousand dollars.
- Shebits. For the support and civilization of the Shebit Indians in Utah, if in the opinion of the Secretary of the Interior the same is necessary, two thousand dollars. The Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to lease at a fair rental twenty acres of land, or so much thereof as may be necessary, of the tract now occupied by the
- Lease of lands

Shebits Indians, for the use of the Utah and Eastern Copper Company in the erection and operation of a smelter: *Provided, however, That the consent of three-fourths of the adult male Indians is obtained therefor.*

Proviso.
Consent of tribe.

For support and civilization of Shoshone Indians in Wyoming, thirty thousand dollars.

Shoshones, Wyoming.

For support and civilization of Shoshone Indians in Nevada, including pay of employees, twelve thousand dollars.

Shoshones, Nevada.

For purchase of teams, farming implements, seeds, and other necessary articles for the Big Jim's Band of Absentee Shawnee Indians in Oklahoma Territory, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, five thousand dollars.

Big Jim's Band, Absentee Shawnees.

For support and civilization of Sioux of Devils Lake, North Dakota, including pay of employees, and for the purchase of seeds, ten thousand dollars.

Sioux, Devils Lake

For support and civilization of Tonkawa Indians, Oklahoma Territory, and for seeds and agricultural implements, one thousand dollars.

Tonkawas.

For the purchase of subsistence and other necessaries for the support of the Hualpais in Arizona, five thousand dollars.

Hualpais.

For support and civilization of the Walla Walla, Cayuse, and Umatilla tribes, Oregon, including pay of employees, four thousand dollars.

Walla Walla, Cayuse, and Umatillas.

For support and civilization of Yakimas, and other Indians at said agency, including pay of employees, five thousand dollars.

Yakimas.

GENERAL INCIDENTAL EXPENSES OF THE INDIAN SERVICE.

Incidental expenses

ARIZONA: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Arizona, including traveling expenses of agents, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Arizona.

CALIFORNIA: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in California, including traveling expenses of agents, and support and civilization of Indians at the Round Valley, Hoopa Valley, and Tule River agencies, seven thousand dollars; and pay of employees at same agencies, eight thousand dollars; in all, fifteen thousand dollars.

California.

COLORADO: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Colorado, including traveling expenses of agents, one thousand dollars.

Colorado.

IDAHO: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Idaho, including traveling expenses of agents, one thousand dollars.

Idaho.

INDIAN TERRITORY: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in the Indian Territory, including incidental expenses of the Indian inspector's office and for pay of employees, eighteen thousand dollars.

Indian Territory.

MONTANA: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Montana, including traveling expenses of agents and pay of employees, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

Montana.

NEVADA: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Nevada, including traveling expenses of agents, and support and civilization of Indians located on the Piute, Walker River, and Pyramid Lake reservations, eight thousand dollars; and pay of employees, including physician at the Walker River Reservation, at nine hundred dollars, four thousand nine hundred dollars; in all, twelve thousand nine hundred dollars.

Nevada.

NEW MEXICO: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in New Mexico, including traveling expenses of agents, one thousand five hundred dollars.

New Mexico.

NORTH DAKOTA: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in North Dakota, including traveling expenses of agents at three agencies, one thousand five hundred dollars.

North Dakota.

Oregon.

OREGON: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Oregon, including traveling expenses of agents, and support and civilization of Indians of Grande Ronde and Siletz agencies, six thousand dollars; and pay of employees at the same agencies, four thousand dollars; in all, ten thousand dollars.

South Dakota.

SOUTH DAKOTA: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in South Dakota, including traveling expenses of agents at seven agencies, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Utah.

UTAH: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Utah, including traveling expenses of agents, one thousand dollars.

Washington.

WASHINGTON: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Washington, including traveling expenses of agents, and support and civilization of Indians at Colville and Puyallup agencies, and for pay of employees, seventeen thousand dollars.

Wyoming.

WYOMING: For general incidental expenses of the Indian Service in Wyoming, including traveling expenses of agents, one thousand dollars.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Commission to Five
Civilized Tribes.
Vol. 27, p. 645.
Vol. 28, p. 939.

For salaries of four commissioners appointed under Acts of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, to negotiate with the Five Civilized Tribes in the Indian Territory, twenty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That said Commission shall exercise all the powers heretofore conferred upon it by Congress.

Proviso.
Powers continued.

Expenses of com-
mission.

Expenses of commissioners and necessary expenses of employees, and three dollars per diem for expenses of a clerk detailed as special disbursing agent by the Interior Department while on duty with the Commission shall be paid therefrom; for clerical help, including secretary of the Commission and interpreters (Act of March third, nineteen hundred and one, volume thirty-one, page one thousand and seventy-four, section one), two hundred thousand eight hundred and fifteen dollars; contingent expenses of the Commission (same Act), two thousand dollars: *Provided further*, That this appropriation may be used by said Commission in the prosecution of all work to be done by or under its direction as required by law; in all, two hundred and twenty-two thousand eight hundred and fifteen dollars: *And provided further*, That not to exceed ten thousand eight hundred dollars of the above amount may be used in the temporary employment in the office of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs of four clerks, at the rate of one thousand six hundred dollars per annum; one clerk, at the rate of one thousand four hundred dollars, and who shall be competent to examine records in disputed citizenship cases and law contests growing out of the work of said Commission, and in the temporary employment in said office of three competent stenographers, at the rate of one thousand dollars each per annum.

Vol. 31, p. 1074.

Provisos.
Use of appropriation.

Temporary clerks in
Indian Office.

Loyal Creek claims.
Payment of.

Vol. 31, p. 869.

To whom paid.

In pursuance of the provisions of section twenty-six of an Act to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Muscogee or Creek tribe of Indians, and for other purposes, approved March first, nineteen hundred and one, there is hereby awarded, as a final determination thereof, on the so-called "loyal Creek claims" named in said section twenty-six, the sum of six hundred thousand dollars, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and made immediately available. And the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to pay, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, to the loyal Creek Indians and freedmen named in articles three and four of the treaty with the Creek Nation of Indians of June fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six, the said sum of six hundred thousand dollars, to be paid to such Indians and freedmen only whose names appear on the list of awards made in their

behalf by W. B. Hazen and F. A. Field, as commissioners on behalf of the United States to ascertain the losses of said Indians and freedmen as provided in said articles three and four; and such payments shall be made in proportion of the awards as set out in said list: *Provided*, That said sum shall be accepted by said Indians in full payment and satisfaction of all claim and demand growing out of said loyal Creek claims, and the payment thereof shall be a full release of the Government from any such claim or claims: *Provided, however*, That if any of said loyal Creek Indians or freedmen whose names are on said list of awards shall have died, then the amount or amounts due such deceased person or persons, respectively, shall be paid to their heirs or legal representatives: *And provided further*, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to first withhold from the amount herein appropriated and pay to S. W. Peel, of Bentonville, Arkansas, the attorney of said loyal Creeks and freedmen, a sum equal to ten per centum of the amount herein appropriated, as provided by written contracts between the said S. W. Peel and the claimants herein, the same to be payment in full for all legal and other services rendered by him, or those employed by him, and for all disbursements and other expenditures had by him in behalf of said claimants in pursuance of said contract. *And further*, said Secretary is authorized and directed to pay to David M. Hodge, a Creek Indian, of Tulsa, in the Creek Nation, a sum equal to five per centum of the amount herein appropriated, which payment shall be in full for all claims of every kind made by said David M. Hodge, or by those claiming under him, by reason of any engagement, agreement, or understanding had between him and said loyal Creek Indians.

Proviso.

Payment in full.

Payments to estates of deceased persons.

S. W. Peel.
Payment to.

David M. Hodge.
Payment to.

For personal and traveling expenses of the three judges of the Choctaw and Chickasaw citizenship court, five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; for one stenographer to each of said judges, to be appointed by them, respectively, at one hundred dollars per month each, three thousand six hundred dollars; for traveling expenses and subsistence of said stenographers, the reporter, and the bailiff of said court, not to exceed three dollars per day each, one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary; in all, ten thousand one hundred dollars, to be immediately available.

Choctaw and Chickasaw citizenship court.
Expenses.

The Supreme Court of the United States may transfer to the Choctaw and Chickasaw citizenship court the papers in the cases of Choctaw and Chickasaw citizenship appealed from the United States courts in the Indian Territory to the Supreme Court during the year eighteen hundred and ninety-eight.

Transfer of papers.

That all causes transferred under section thirty-one of the Act of Congress of July first, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Choctaw and Chickasaw tribes of Indians: and for other purposes," to the citizenship court for the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations provided in said Act shall be tried and determined under the provisions of section thirty-two of said Act and disposed of the same as if appealed to such court under the provisions of section thirty-two of the said Act: *Provided*, That upon the final determination of cases within the jurisdiction of said citizenship court said court may fix reasonable compensation to the attorneys employed by contract dated January seventeenth, nineteen hundred and one, with the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations and such determinations shall be made irrespective of the rate fixed in said contract between said attorneys and said nations, or either of them, unless the same shall have received the approval of the Secretary of the Interior. And upon the final determination of said cases by said citizenship court the Treasurer of the United States is hereby directed to pay to said attorneys on the warrant or warrants drawn by the Secretary of the Interior the amount of such compensation out of any funds in the

Appeals.
Ante, p. 646.

Ante, p. 647.

Proviso.
Compensation to attorneys.

Payment.

Existence of court continued.
Ante, p. 648.

Survey, etc., of town sites, Indian Territory.
Vol. 30, pp. 500, 505.

Vol. 31, p. 237.

Provisos.

Use of appropriation restricted.

Survey, etc., town sites by private parties.

Appointment of commissioner on failure of Indian appointee to act, etc.

Eastern Cherokees, etc.
Status of.
Ante, p. 726.

Proviso.

Compensation of attorneys.

Parties to suit.

Judgment.

Mill, Pima Agency.

Sawmills.
Klamath Agency.

Nez Percé Reservation.

Treasury belonging to said nations. And the existence of the Choctaw and Chickasaw citizenship court is hereby extended until December thirty-first, nineteen hundred and four.

To pay all expenses incident to the survey, platting, and appraisement of town sites in the Choctaw, Chickasaw, Creek, and Cherokee nations, Indian Territory, as required by sections fifteen and twenty-nine of an Act entitled "An Act for the protection of the people of the Indian Territory, and for other purposes," approved June twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and all Acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the money hereby appropriated shall be applied only to the expenses incident to the survey, platting, and appraisement of town sites heretofore set aside and reserved from allotment: *And provided further*, That nothing herein contained shall prevent the survey and platting, at their own expense, of town sites by private parties where stations are located along the lines of railroads, nor the unrestricted alienation of lands for such purposes, when recommended by the Commission to the Five Civilized Tribes and approved by the Secretary of the Interior. That hereafter the Secretary of the Interior may, whenever the chief executive of the Choctaw or Chickasaw nations fails or refuses to appoint a town-site commissioner for any town, or to fill any vacancy caused by the neglect or refusal of the town-site commissioner appointed by the chief executive of the Choctaw or Chickasaw nations to qualify or act, in his discretion, appoint a commissioner to fill the vacancy thus created.

Section sixty-eight of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the allotment of the lands of the Cherokee Nation, for the disposition of town sites therein, and for other purposes," approved July first, nineteen hundred and two, shall be so construed as to give the Eastern Cherokees, so called, including those in the Cherokee Nation and those who remained east of the Mississippi River, acting together or as two bodies, as they may be advised, the status of a band or bands, as the case may be, for all the purposes of said section: *Provided*, That the prosecution of such suit on the part of the Eastern Cherokees shall be through attorneys employed by their proper authorities, their compensation for expenses and services rendered in relation to such claim to be fixed by the Court of Claims upon the termination of such suit; and said section shall be further so construed as to require that both the Cherokee Nation and said Eastern Cherokees, so called, shall be made parties to any suit which may be instituted against the United States under said section upon the claim mentioned in House of Representatives Executive Document Numbered Three hundred and nine of the second session of the Fifty-seventh Congress; and if said claim shall be sustained in whole or in part the Court of Claims, subject to the right of appeal named in said section, shall be authorized to render a judgment in favor of the rightful claimant, and also to determine as between the different claimants, to whom the judgment so rendered, equitably belongs either wholly or in part, and shall be required to determine whether, for the purpose of participating in said claim, the Cherokee Indians who remained east of the Mississippi River constitute a part of the Cherokee Nation, or of the Eastern Cherokees, so called, as the case may be.

For operating and repairing the flour mill at Pima Agency, Arizona, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For operating one portable sawmill for the Klamath Agency, Oregon, and for necessary repairs to same, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For operating one portable sawmill on the Nez Percé Indian Reservation, Idaho, and for necessary repairs to the same, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For pay of physician, New York Agency, six hundred dollars.

Physician, New York Agency. Allotments. Vol. 24, p. 388.

To enable the President to cause, under the provisions of the Act of February eighth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the allotment of lands in severalty to Indians," and so forth, such Indian reservations as in his judgment are advantageous for agricultural and grazing purposes to be surveyed or resurveyed, for the purposes of said Act, and to complete the allotment of the same, including the necessary clerical work incident thereto in the field, and delivery of trust patents, so far as allotments shall have been selected under said Act, forty thousand two hundred dollars. That the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as is necessary, is hereby appropriated, to be immediately available, for the purpose of aiding indigent and identified full-blood Mississippi Choctaws to remove to the Indian Territory, to be expended at the discretion and under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

Mississippi Choctaws. Aid to.

For construction of ditches and reservoirs, purchase and use of irrigating tools and appliances, and purchase of water rights on Indian reservations, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior and subject to his control, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Interior may employ such number of superintendents of irrigation, who shall be skilled irrigation engineers, not to exceed four, as in his judgment may be necessary to secure the construction of ditches and other irrigation works in a substantial and workmanlike manner.

Irrigation.

Proviso. Irrigation engineers.

For survey and subdivision of Indian reservations and of lands to be allotted to Indians, and to make allotments in severalty, to be expended by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, twenty thousand dollars.

Surveying and allotting.

For survey of lands within the Pine Ridge and Standing Rock Indian reservations, South Dakota, and for examination in the field of surveys, the sum of seventeen thousand dollars, to be immediately available, and for clerical work and stationery in the office of the surveyor-general required on surveys within the Pine Ridge and Standing Rock Indian reservations, South Dakota, the sum of three thousand two hundred dollars; in all, the sum of twenty thousand two hundred dollars.

Pine Ridge and Standing Rock reservations. Surveys.

For compensation of the commissioner authorized by the Indian appropriation Act approved June seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, to superintend the sale of land, and so forth, of the Puyallup Indian Reservation, Washington, who shall continue the work as therein provided, two thousand dollars.

Puyallup Reservation, Wash. Commissioner to sell lands. Vol. 30, p. 87.

That the principal chief of the Quapaw tribe, with the consent of the tribal council, may sell the surplus tract of one hundred and sixty acres of Quapaw land heretofore set apart for school purposes, and the Secretary of the Interior is directed to pay out the proceeds of such sale, per capita, to the Quapaw people: *Provided*, That the money hereinbefore appropriated "for education" per third article of the Quapaw treaty of May thirteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and the unexpended balance of the same heretofore appropriated, not to exceed two thousand dollars, shall be paid to the treasurer of the Quapaw tribe or nation, and expended by him, under the direction of the Quapaw Council, for educational purposes only.

Quapaws. Sale of school lands.

Proviso. Education. *Ante*, p. 988.

To enable the Secretary of the Interior to do the necessary surveying and otherwise carry out the purposes of so much of the Act of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, making appropriation for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, and for other purposes, as provides for the allotment of the Indians of the Walker River Reservation in Nevada, and the Uintah and White River Utes in Utah, and the joint resolution of June nineteenth, nineteen hundred and two,

Walker River Indians, Nev. Uintah and White River Utes, Utah. Survey, etc., of irri-gable lands. *Ante*, pp. 260, 263, 575, 741.

providing for the allotment of the Indians of Spokane Reservation in Washington, to be immediately available, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars: *Provided, however,* That the Secretary of the Interior shall forthwith send an inspector to obtain the consent of the Uintah and White River Ute Indians to an allotment of their lands as directed by the Act of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, and if their consent, as therein provided, can not be obtained by June first, nineteen hundred and three, then the Secretary of the Interior shall cause to be allotted to each of said Uintah and White River Ute Indians the quantity and character of land named and described in said Act: *And provided further,* That the grazing lands to be set apart for the use of the Uintah, White River Utes, and other Indians, as provided by public resolution numbered thirty-one, of June nineteenth, nineteen hundred and two, be confined to the lands south of the Strawberry River on said Uintah Reservation, and shall not exceed two hundred and fifty thousand acres: *And provided further,* That the time for opening the unallotted lands to public entry on said Uintah Reservation, as provided by the Act of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, be, and the same is hereby, extended to October first, nineteen hundred and four.

That in the lands within the former Uncompahgre Indian Reservation, in the State of Utah, containing gilsonite, asphaltum, elaterite, or other like substances, which were reserved from location and entry by provision in the Act of Congress entitled "An Act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," approved June seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, all discoveries and locations of any such mineral lands by qualified persons prior to January first, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, not previously discovered and located, who recorded notices of such discoveries and locations prior to January first, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, either in the State of Colorado, or in the office of the County recorder of Uintah County, Utah, shall have all the force and effect accorded by law to locations of mining claims upon the public domain. All such locations may hereafter be perfected, and patents shall be issued therefor upon compliance with the requirements of the mineral land laws, provided that the owners of such locations shall relocate their respective claims and record the same in the office of the County recorder of Uintah County, Utah, within ninety days after the passage of this Act. All locations of any such mineral lands made and recorded on or subsequent to January first, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, are hereby declared to be null and void; and the remainder of the lands heretofore reserved as aforesaid because of the mineral substances contained in them, in so far as the same may be within even numbered sections, shall be sold and disposed of in tracts not exceeding forty acres, or a quarter of a quarter of a section, in such manner and upon such terms and with such restrictions as may be prescribed in a proclamation of the President of the United States issued for that purpose not less than one hundred and twenty days after the passage of this Act, and not less than ninety days before the time of sale or disposal, and the balance of said lands and also all the mineral therein are hereby specifically reserved for future action of Congress.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, directed to negotiate with the Weeminuchi Ute tribe of Indians for the relinquishment of their right of occupancy to the United States to the tract of land known as the Mesa Verde—a part of the reservation of said tribe—situate in the county of Montezuma, in the State of Colorado; the said tract to include and cover the ruins and prehistoric remains situate therein. And the Secretary of the Interior shall

Proviso.
Obtaining consent
to allotment.

Grazing lands.
Restriction.

Ante, p. 774.

Unallotted lands.
Time of opening to
settlement extended.
Ante, p. 261.

Uncompahgre In-
dian Reservation.
Mining claims lo-
cated on, prior to
January 1, 1891, valid.

Vol. 30, p. 87.

Patents to issue on
relocation, etc., of
claims.

Claims located after
January 1, 1891, in-
valid.

Sale of remainder of
mineral lands.

Restrictions.

Balance of lands
reserved.

Weeminuchi Utes,
Colo.
Negotiations for re-
lease of Mesa Verde
authorized.
Post, p. 1067.

Report.

report to the next session of Congress the terms and conditions upon which the said tribe of Indians will relinquish to the United States their right of occupancy to said tract of land.

To maintain at the city of Omaha, Nebraska, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, a warehouse for the receipt, storage, and shipping of goods for the Indian Service, ten thousand dollars.

Omaha, Nebr.
Warehouse.

To maintain at the city of Saint Louis, Missouri, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, a warehouse for the receipt, storage, and shipping of goods for the Indian Service, ten thousand dollars.

Saint Louis, Mo.
Warehouse.

To enable the President to cause to be allotted, under the provisions of the Act of March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, entitled "An Act to divide a portion of the reservation of the Sioux Nation of Indians in Dakota into separate reservations and to secure the relinquishment of the Indian title to the remainder, and for other purposes," the lands in said separate reservations as provided in said Act, including the necessary resurveys, ten thousand dollars.

Sioux Indian Reser-
vation, Dak.
Allotments.
Vol. 25, p. 888.

For the equipment and maintenance of the asylum for insane Indians at Canton, South Dakota, for incidental and all other expenses necessary for its proper conduct and management, including pay of employees, and for necessary expense of transporting insane Indians to and from said asylum, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Canton, S. Dak.
Asylum for insane
Indians.

For pay of one special attorney for the Pueblo Indians of New Mexico, one thousand five hundred dollars, and for necessary traveling and incidental expenses of one special attorney for the Pueblo Indians of New Mexico, five hundred dollars; in all, two thousand dollars.

Pueblo Indians,
N. Mex.
Attorney.

That any part of the one hundred thousand dollars for the removal and support of the Mission Indians in California, appropriated by the Act of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, making appropriations for the Indian Service for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, not needed for the purposes specified in that Act, may, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, be used for the purchase of other tracts of land in California upon which to locate said Mission Indians and for the removal of such Indians to such purchased tract or tracts of land, and for acquiring, distributing, and developing water for the use of such Indians, and for the purchase of such building materials, agricultural implements, harness, wagons and horses, subsistence supplies, and other necessaries as may be required to properly establish such Indians in their new locations.

Mission Indians,
Cal.
Ante, p. 257.
Purchase of lands to
locate Indians, etc.
Use of former appro-
priation.

That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to use three hundred and fifty dollars of the one hundred thousand dollars appropriated for the removal and support of the Mission Indians in California by the Act of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, to pay the expenses incurred by the commission created by said Act, this being in addition to any other sums authorized for that purpose.

Expenses of com-
mission.
Ante, p. 257.

That the sum of two thousand nine hundred and eighteen dollars and five cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, to be paid to the American Surety Company of New York, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York for the purpose of giving bonds and undertakings required by law, to indemnify said company in the amount or amounts it may actually be required to disburse or expend by the final decree of the proper court, under two separate undertakings on appeal, as damages and costs assessed against and for the value of the use and occupation of real property occupied by the defendants, who are Mission Indians of California, in the suits entitled J. Downey Harvey, administrator, and others, versus Alejandro Barker and others, and J. Downey Harvey, administrator, and others,

American Surety
Company, New York.
Payment to.

versus Jose Quevas and others, which suits were appealed from the decision of the superior court of the county of San Diego, State of California, to the supreme court of California, and to the Supreme Court of the United States, by direction of the Attorney-General of the United States, being cases numbered two hundred and nine and two hundred and ten, respectively, in the October term, nineteen hundred, of the latter court; also to include costs in any suit that may be pending or that may hereafter be instituted to determine the liability under such undertakings: *Provided*, That no payments shall be made hereunder until proper vouchers evidencing the expenditures by said company under said undertakings shall have been presented to and approved by the Secretary of the Interior: *Provided further*, That if it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Interior that said American Surety Company has been reimbursed or indemnified, then the money hereby appropriated, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be paid, in whole or in part, to the persons who have reimbursed or indemnified the said company, as the interests of such persons may appear.

Proviso.
Vouchers.

Reimbursement.

Compilation, etc., of
Indian treaties, laws,
etc.
Payment for.

To pay the persons who compiled and indexed the two volumes of the treaties, laws, Executive orders, and so forth, relating to Indian affairs, under Senate resolution of May twentieth, nineteen hundred and two, five thousand dollars of which said sum so much as may be necessary, may be expended as additional pay or compensation to any officer or employee of the United States, to be immediately available, and to be paid only upon vouchers signed by the chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate.

Eastern Band of
Cherokees, N. C.
Payment to.

For the purpose of compromising, settling and finally disposing of the case of the United States against William H. Thomas and others, which suit was begun in equity and has been prosecuted in the circuit court of the United States for the western district of North Carolina for the benefit of the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians of North Carolina, the sum of four thousand dollars, to be paid to the said band of Indians by and under the direction of the Attorney-General of the United States whenever, in his judgment, such payment will operate to secure a complete settlement of all matters pertaining to such litigation.

Northern Cheyenne
Indian Reservation,
Mont.
Payment to settlers
for improvements on.
Proviso.
Ratification of agree-
ment.

For the payment of settlers within the boundaries of the Northern Cheyenne Indian Reservation, Montana, for improvements upon certain lands situated therein, two thousand nine hundred and sixty-five dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Interior shall and does, in his discretion, ratify and approve, under the provisions of section ten of the Indian appropriation Act, approved July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight (Thirtieth Statutes, pages five hundred and ninety-six and five hundred and ninety-seven), the agreement entered into thereunder by United States Inspector James McLaughlin with the settlers included within the boundaries of said reservation, submitted by him to the Secretary of the Interior with his report, dated January sixteenth, nineteen hundred and one, and shall find, after investigation, that the improvements of said settlers remain intact and in good condition: *And provided further*, That the settlers shall remove immediately from the reservation upon the payment of the sums, according to their respective agreements, as ratified and approved by the Secretary of the Interior. And any private lands occupied by actual settlers over which an Indian reservation has been or may be extended by Executive order may be exchanged, at the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, and at the expense of the owner thereof, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior, for vacant, nonmineral, nontimbered, surveyed public lands of like area and value, and situated in the same State or Territory.

Vol. 30, p. 596.

Removal of settlers.

Exchange of private
lands.

S. W. Campbell.
Payment to.

To pay S. W. Campbell, Indian agent at the La Pointe Agency, Wisconsin, the sum of one hundred dollars, advanced by him as attor-

ney's fees, and the further sum of one hundred and eleven dollars and ninety-one cents, paid by him as interest on money borrowed to pay employees of the agency, both at the request of the Interior Department; in all, two hundred and eleven dollars and ninety-one cents.

To pay Reuben Perry, superintendent of the Lac du Flambeau Boarding School, Wisconsin, the sum of fifty-seven dollars and ninety cents, paid by him for attorney's fees in defending suit in the circuit court of Oneida County, Wisconsin, by direction of the Secretary of the Interior, fifty-seven dollars and ninety cents.

Reuben Perry.
Payment to.

For payment to Huff Jones, of Oconto, Wisconsin, his heirs or legal representatives, the sum of one thousand two hundred and twenty-six dollars and thirty-nine cents, in full for money expended under an agreement with William T. Richardson, United States Indian agent at Green Bay, Wisconsin, in November, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, for shanties, stables, roads, and supply road constructed by him upon such Indian reservation.

Huff Jones.
Payment to.

For payment to Peter La Blanc, a Sisseton Indian, who served in the Army of the United States during the war of the rebellion, the sum of one thousand four hundred and ninety-eight dollars and sixty-nine cents, being the aggregate amount which was paid each of the Sisseton, Wahpeton, Medawakanton, and Wahpakoota scouts and soldiers not parties to the agreement between the United States and the Sisseton and Wahpeton bands of Dakota and Sioux Indians on the twelfth day of September, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, of the amounts appropriated by Congress by the Acts of March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, which amount he did not receive by reason of his name being omitted from the rolls.

Peter La Blanc.
Payment to.

Vol. 26, p. 1088.
Vol. 27, p. 624.
Vol. 28, p. 899.

To reimburse William G. Malin, Indian agent for the Sac and Fox tribe of Indians in Iowa, for certain expenses (court costs, sheriffs' and attorneys' fees) paid by him in obtaining the appointment of guardians for Indian minors by the district court of Tama County, Iowa, one hundred and ninety dollars and forty-eight cents, to be immediately available.

William G. Malin.
Reimbursement.

That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to pay to Joseph H. Lee, senior, of Tuba, Arizona, the sum of three thousand seven hundred dollars for his property purchased within the external boundaries of the Navajo Indian Reservation, instead of to Ernest A. Lee, as provided by the Indian appropriation Act approved May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two: *Provided*, That said sum shall only be paid upon the presentation of a general release executed by said Ernest A. Lee, or his legal representative.

Joseph H. Lee.
Payment to.
Ante, p. 264.

Proviso.
Release.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and is hereby, authorized to sell, in such manner as he may deem best, for cash, the three hundred and nineteen and seventy-two one-hundredths acres, the west half of section three, township eleven north, range two east of the Indian meridian, reserved for agency and school purposes by article two of the agreement of June twenty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, ratified and confirmed by Act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three (Twenty-seventh Statutes, page five hundred and fifty-seven), the proceeds of the sale of said tract of land to be applied and used for enlarging the school plant of the Absentee Shawnee Indian Industrial Training School, Oklahoma, so as to provide school facilities for such children of the Mexican Kickapoo, Absentee Shawnee, and Citizen Band of Pottawatomie Indians as are at present, or may hereafter be, without such Government educational advantages.

Sale of Kickapoo
Indian agency, etc.,
lands.

Vol. 27, p. 558.
Use of proceeds.

Whenever the Secretary of the Interior shall determine the same to be necessary for the purposes intended, the city of Lawton, in the Territory of Oklahoma, is hereby authorized and permitted, upon such

Lawton, Okla.
Pumping station
Fort Sill school reser-
vation.

conditions as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, to erect, maintain, and operate on section twenty-nine, township two north, range eleven west, in said Territory, and within the limits of the reservation created for the Fort Sill Boarding School, a pumping station, collecting gallery, reservoir, and such other appurtenant and necessary structures and pipe lines as may be required to furnish said city with a sufficient water supply.

SUPPORT OF SCHOOLS.

Indian schools.

Support, etc.

For support of Indian day and industrial schools, and for other educational purposes not hereinafter provided for, one million two hundred and forty thousand dollars.

Buildings.

For construction, purchase, lease, and repair of school buildings, and sewerage, water supply, and lighting plants, and purchase of school sites, or additions thereto, and improvement of buildings and grounds, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; in all, one million four hundred and ninety thousand dollars.

Albuquerque, N. Mex.

For support and education of three hundred Indian pupils at Albuquerque, New Mexico, fifty thousand one hundred dollars; for pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand seven hundred dollars; for erection of ice plant, three thousand dollars; general repairs and improvements, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, fifty-six thousand three hundred dollars.

Chamberlain, S. Dak.

For the support and education of two hundred Indian pupils at Chamberlain, South Dakota, thirty-three thousand four hundred dollars; for pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand six hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, two thousand two hundred dollars; for auxiliary water supply, five thousand dollars, to be immediately available; for additional buildings and improvements to complete plant, sixteen thousand dollars, to be immediately available; in all, fifty-eight thousand two hundred dollars.

Cherokee, N. C.

For support of one hundred and fifty pupils at the training school at Cherokee, North Carolina, twenty-five thousand and fifty dollars; for pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand five hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, two thousand dollars; for heating plant, two thousand five hundred dollars; additional for girls' dormitory, five thousand dollars; for lighting plant, two thousand five hundred dollars; for additional school farm, three thousand five hundred dollars; in all, forty-two thousand and fifty dollars.

Carlisle, Pa.

For support of Indian industrial school at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, for transportation of pupils to and from said school, and for general repairs and improvements, one hundred and fifty-seven thousand dollars; for additional salary of any military officer of Carlisle Indian School while acting as superintendent of said school, one thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars.

Carson City, Nev.

For support and education of three hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Carson City, Nevada, fifty thousand one hundred dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, one thousand seven hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, four thousand dollars; for steam heating plant, seven thousand dollars; for water system, including purchase of land to secure water rights, fifteen thousand dollars; in all, seventy-seven thousand eight hundred dollars.

Chilocco, Okla.

For support of six hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Chilocco, Oklahoma Territory, one hundred thousand two hundred dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; for general repairs and improvements, ten thousand dollars; for addition to boys' dormitory, twelve thousand dollars; for horse barn, ten thousand dollars; for laundry building, five thousand dollars; for cottages, four thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and forty-three thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

For support and education of three hundred and seventy-five Indian pupils at The Riggs Institute, Flandreau, South Dakota, sixty-two thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars; for general repairs and improvements, four thousand dollars, to be immediately available; for pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for two lavatories, two thousand dollars; for coal storeroom, one thousand five hundred dollars; for amount for brick industrial shops, two thousand five hundred dollars, in addition to four thousand dollars heretofore appropriated; for amount for brick office and warehouse, two thousand dollars, in addition to four thousand dollars heretofore appropriated, which two items are hereby made immediately available; in all, seventy-six thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Flandreau, S. Dak.

For support and education of two hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school, Fort Mojave, Arizona, thirty-three thousand four hundred dollars; for pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand six hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, two thousand dollars; for dining room and kitchen, twenty thousand dollars; in all, fifty-seven thousand dollars.

Fort Mojave, Ariz.

For support and education of three hundred Indian pupils at Indian school, Fort Totten, North Dakota, fifty thousand one hundred dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, one thousand seven hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, five thousand dollars; in all, fifty-six thousand eight hundred dollars.

Fort Totten, N. Dak

For support and education of three hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school, Genoa, Nebraska, fifty thousand one hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, five thousand dollars; for pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand seven hundred dollars; for horse barn, two thousand five hundred dollars; for water system, six thousand dollars; in all, sixty-five thousand three hundred dollars.

Genoa, Nebr.

Support and education of two hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Grand Junction, Colorado, thirty-three thousand four hundred dollars; pay of superintendent at said school, one thousand six hundred dollars; general repairs and improvements, four thousand five hundred dollars; heating and ventilating, seven thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars; shops building, six thousand dollars; in all, fifty-three thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Grand Junction,
Colo.

For the support and education of one hundred and twenty Indian pupils at the school at Hampton, Virginia, twenty thousand and forty dollars.

Hampton, Va.

For support and education of one hundred and seventy-five pupils at the Indian school at Hayward, Wisconsin, twenty-nine thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars; for pay of superintendent, one thousand three hundred dollars; general repairs and improvements, two thousand dollars; for erection of hospital, five thousand dollars; for erection of employees' quarters, four thousand dollars; in all, forty-one thousand five hundred and twenty-five dollars: *Provided*, That, if in the discretion of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs it becomes necessary to continue at said school an excess of pupils over one hundred and twenty-five for the remainder of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, there is hereby appropriated therefor, to be immediately available, not exceeding eight thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

Hayward, Wis.

Proviso.

Excess of pupils.

For support and education of seven hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Indian school, Haskell Institute, Lawrence, Kansas, for transportation of pupils to and from said school, one hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; for tile-draining farm, five thousand dollars; for fire escapes, one thousand five hundred dollars; for extending sewer, one thousand six hundred dollars; for erection of barns, purchase of farm implements and necessary work teams, eight thousand dollars, to be immediately available;

Lawrence, Kans.

for general repairs and improvements, eight thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and fifty-one thousand six hundred dollars.

Kickapoo Reserva-
tion, Kans.

For support and education of seventy Indian pupils at the Indian school, Kickapoo Reservation, Kansas, eleven thousand six hundred and ninety dollars; for pay of superintendent, eight hundred and forty dollars; repairs and minor buildings, one thousand dollars; in all, thirteen thousand five hundred and thirty dollars.

Morris, Minn.

For the support and education of one hundred and fifty Indian pupils at Morris, Minnesota, Indian School, twenty-five thousand and fifty dollars; pay of superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; for laundry and steam heat for dining hall, seven thousand dollars; for the construction of a superintendent's cottage, three thousand dollars; for general repairs and improvements, one thousand dollars; in all, thirty-seven thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

Mount Pleasant,
Mich.

For support and education of three hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school, Mount Pleasant, Michigan, fifty thousand one hundred dollars; for pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand seven hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, three thousand five hundred dollars; for additional for hospital, two thousand dollars; for water-supply completion, two thousand seven hundred dollars; in all, sixty thousand dollars.

Phoenix, Ariz.

For support and education of seven hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Phoenix, Arizona, one hundred and sixteen thousand nine hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, twelve thousand dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; addition to hospital, three thousand dollars; for cold storage, five thousand dollars; electric lighting plant, seven thousand dollars; water system, seven thousand five hundred dollars; in all, one hundred and fifty-two thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

Pierre, S. Dak.

For support and education of one hundred and fifty Indian pupils at Indian industrial school at Pierre, South Dakota, twenty-five thousand and fifty dollars; for pay of superintendent of said school, one thousand five hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, two thousand dollars; lighting plant, three thousand dollars; for carpenter and shoe shop, five thousand dollars; in all, thirty-six thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

Pipestone, Minn.

For support and education of one hundred and fifty Indian pupils at the Indian school, Pipestone, Minnesota, twenty-five thousand and fifty dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, one thousand five hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, one thousand dollars; for laundry building and improvements, seven thousand dollars; for enlargement of boys' dormitory, to supplement the appropriation made in the Act for the current year, and to be immediately available, four thousand dollars; for improvement in water plant, two thousand five hundred dollars; for industrial-school building, to be constructed of stone, fifteen thousand dollars; in all, fifty-six thousand and fifty dollars.

Ante. p. 272.

Rapid City, S. Dak.

For support and education of two hundred and twenty-five Indian pupils, Rapid City, South Dakota, thirty-seven thousand five hundred and seventy-five dollars; for pay of superintendent, one thousand six hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, two thousand five hundred dollars; for water plant, six thousand dollars; for additional buildings and improvements to complete plant, sixteen thousand dollars, to be immediately available; for the purchase of additional land with perpetual water right for the irrigation thereof, not exceeding one hundred and sixty-two acres, eleven thousand seven hundred and forty-five dollars, to be immediately available: *Provided*, That in the purchase of said land, not more than seventy-two dollars and fifty

Additional land

Proviso.
Price per acre.

cents per acre shall be paid; in all, sixty-two thousand seven hundred and ninety-five dollars.

For support and education of four hundred and fifty pupils at the Indian school, Riverside, California, seventy-five thousand one hundred and fifty dollars; for pay of superintendent, two thousand dollars; for bake shop, two thousand dollars; for dormitories, thirty-six thousand dollars; three double cottages, nine thousand dollars; for additional warehouse, two thousand dollars; for general repairs and minor improvements, six thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars: *Provided*, That so much of said amounts as may be necessary in the judgment of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs may be used for the education and support of pupils and repairs to the plant at the Indian school, Perris, California, which is hereby consolidated with the Indian school, Riverside, California.

Riverside, Cal.

Proviso.
Indian school, Perris, Cal.

For support and education of five hundred and fifty pupils at the Indian school, Salem, Oregon, and for transportation of pupils to and from said school, ninety-one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, two thousand dollars; for barn, two thousand five hundred dollars; for dairy building, two thousand dollars; for extension to water system, deep wells and tank, three thousand dollars; for general repairs and improvements, five thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and six thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

Salem, Oreg.

For the support and education of eighty Indian pupils, Sac and Fox Reservation, Iowa, thirteen thousand three hundred and sixty dollars; for pay of superintendent, one thousand dollars; for general repairs and improvements, five hundred dollars; residence and office for superintendent, two thousand five hundred dollars; in all, seventeen thousand three hundred and sixty dollars.

Sac and Fox Reservation, Iowa.

For support and education of three hundred Indian pupils at the Indian school at Santa Fe, New Mexico, fifty thousand one hundred dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, one thousand seven hundred dollars; for water supply, one thousand five hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, three thousand dollars; steam plant, fifteen thousand dollars; artesian well, five thousand dollars; in all, seventy-six thousand three hundred dollars.

Santa Fe, N. Mex.

For support and education of one hundred and seventy-five Indian pupils at the Indian school, Shoshone Reservation, Wyoming, twenty-nine thousand two hundred and twenty-five dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, one thousand four hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, five thousand dollars; for new boiler and smokestack, one thousand dollars; in all, thirty-six thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Shoshone Reservation, Wyo.

For support and education of seventy-five pupils at the Indian school in southern Utah, twelve thousand five hundred and twenty-five dollars; pay of superintendent, nine hundred dollars; general repairs and improvements, five hundred dollars; in all, thirteen thousand nine hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Southern Utah.

For the support and education of two hundred and twenty-five Indian pupils at the Indian school, Tomah, Wisconsin, thirty-seven thousand five hundred and seventy-five dollars; for pay of superintendent at said school, one thousand six hundred dollars; for general repairs and improvements, four thousand dollars; for dairy building, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, forty-four thousand six hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Tomah, Wis.

For support and education of one hundred and fifty pupils at the Indian school at Truxton Canyon, Arizona, twenty-five thousand and fifty dollars; pay of superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Truxton Canyon
Ariz.

general repairs and improvements, two thousand dollars; for additional compensation to the superintendent, acting as physician, three hundred dollars; for office for superintendent, two thousand dollars; for hospital, six thousand dollars; for irrigation plant, ten thousand dollars; in all, forty-six thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Otoe Indian Reservation, Okla.
School plant to be built out of trust funds.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to expend a sum not exceeding thirty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, out of the trust funds now in the United States Treasury to the credit of the Otoe and Missouri Indians, for the purpose of erecting a school plant for the Otoe Indians on their reservation in Oklahoma; that this amount become immediately available.

Transportation, etc.

For collection and transportation of pupils to and from Indian schools, and also for the transportation of Indian pupils from all the Indian schools and placing of them, with the consent of their parents, under the care and control of such suitable white families as may in all respects be qualified to give such pupils moral, industrial, and educational training, under arrangements in which their proper care, support, and education shall be in exchange for their labor, sixty thousand dollars.

Supervision of expenditures.

That all expenditure of money appropriated for school purposes in this Act shall be at all times under the supervision and direction of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and in all respects in conformity with such conditions, rules, and regulations as to the conduct and methods of instruction and expenditure of money as may be from time to time prescribed by him, subject to the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior: *Provided*, That not more than one hundred and sixty-seven dollars shall be expended for the annual support and education of any one pupil in any school herein specifically provided for, except when, by reason of epidemic, accident, or other sufficient cause the attendance is so reduced that a larger expenditure is absolutely necessary for the efficient operation of the school affected, when the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, may allow a larger per capita expenditure, such expenditure to continue only so long as the said necessity therefor shall exist: *Provided further*, That the total amount appropriated for the support of such school shall not be exceeded: *Provided further*, That the number of pupils in any school entitled to the per capita allowance hereby provided for shall be determined by taking the average enrollment for the entire fiscal year and not any fractional part thereof: *Provided also*, That in preparing implements and room for laundry work, in all Indian schools, arrangements shall be made for doing by hand such an amount of said work as may be sufficient to teach the female pupils the art of hand laundry work.

Provisos.
Limit of per capita expense.

Total for school.
Determination of per capita allowance.

Laundry.

Purchase of supplies to be advertised.

Exceptions.

Provisos.
Irrigation.

Additional pay to field matron.

Purchases from Indians.

SEC. 2. That no purchase of supplies for which appropriations are herein made, exceeding in the aggregate five hundred dollars in value at any one time, shall be made without first giving at least three weeks' public notice by advertisement, except in case of exigency, when, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, who shall make official record of the facts constituting the exigency, and shall report the same to Congress at its next session, he may direct that purchases may be made in open market in amount not exceeding three thousand dollars at any one purchase: *Provided*, That supplies may be purchased, contracts let, and labor employed for the construction of artesian wells, ditches, and other works for irrigation, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, without advertising as hereinbefore provided: *Provided further*, That the Commissioner of Indian Affairs may, in his discretion, pay any field matron, on account of meritorious services, an addition of ten dollars per month to the fifty dollars as provided for in this Act: *And provided further*, That as far as practicable Indian labor shall be employed and purchase in the open market made from Indians, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

SEC. 3. That the Secretary of the Interior, under the direction of the President, may use any surplus that may remain in any of the said appropriations herein made for the purchase of subsistence for the several Indian tribes, to an amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars in the aggregate, to supply any subsistence deficiency that may occur: *Provided*, That any diversions which shall be made under authority of this section shall be reported in detail, and the reason therefor, to Congress, at the session of Congress next succeeding such diversion: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of the Interior, under direction of the President, may use any sums appropriated in this Act for subsistence, and not absolutely necessary for that purpose, for the purchase of stock cattle for the benefit of the tribe for which such appropriation is made, and shall report to Congress, at its next session thereafter, an account of his action under this provision: *Provided further*, That funds appropriated to fulfill treaty obligations shall not be used.

Use of surplus for subsistence deficiencies.

Proviso. Report of diversions.

Purchase of stock cattle from subsistence surplus.

Treaty funds.

SEC. 4. That when not required for the purpose for which appropriated, the funds herein provided for the pay of specified employees at any agency may be used by the Secretary of the Interior for the pay of other employees at such agency, but no deficiency shall be thereby created; and, when necessary, specified employees may be detailed for other service when not required for the duty for which they were engaged; and that the several appropriations herein or heretofore made for millers, blacksmiths, engineers, carpenters, physicians, and other persons, and for various articles provided for by treaty stipulation for the several Indian tribes, may be diverted to other uses for the benefit of said tribes, respectively, within the discretion of the President, and with the consent of said tribes, expressed in the usual manner; and that he cause report to be made to Congress, at its next session thereafter, of his action under this provision.

Transfer of funds for employees, etc.

SEC. 5. That whenever, after advertising for bids for supplies in accordance with sections three and four of this Act, those received for any article contains conditions detrimental to the interests of the Government, they may be rejected, and the articles specified in such bids purchased in open market, at prices not to exceed those of the lowest bidder, and not to exceed the market price of the same until such time as satisfactory bids can be obtained, for which immediate advertisement shall be made: *Provided*, That so much of the appropriations herein made as may be required to pay for goods and supplies, for expenses incident to their purchase, and for transportation of the same, for the year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, shall be immediately available, but no such goods or supplies shall be distributed or delivered to any of said Indians prior to July first, nineteen hundred and three.

Rejection of bids.

Open market purchases.

Proviso. Amount for supplies immediately available.

SEC. 6. That the Commissioner of Indian Affairs shall report annually to Congress, specifically showing the number of employees at each agency, industrial and boarding school, which are supported in whole or in part out of the appropriations in this Act, giving name, when employed, in what capacity employed, male or female, whether white or Indian, amount of compensation paid, and out of what item or fund of the appropriation paid, and whether, in the opinion of such Commissioner, any of such employees are unnecessary.

Annual report concerning employees.

SEC. 7. That section five of the Act approved February twenty-eighth, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act providing for the sale of the surplus lands on the Pottawatomie and Kickapoo Indian reservations in Kansas, and for other purposes," be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Pottawatomie and Kickapoo reservations, Kans. Sale of surplus lands. Vol. 30, p. 909, amended.

"SEC. 5. That before any of the surplus lands belonging to either of said tribes of Indians shall be sold under the provisions of this Act there shall be allotted by the Secretary of the Interior eighty acres to each absentee of either of said tribes, and also to each of the children

Allotments.

of members of the respective tribes born since the allotments heretofore made were closed and to whom allotments have never been made, but all allotments shall be made and accepted subject to existing leases:

Proviso.
Absentees, etc., re-
stricted to lands of
their tribe.

Provided, That in making these allotments the said Pottawatomie children and absentees shall be restricted to the Pottawatomie lands and the Kickapoo children and absentees to the Kickapoo lands: *Pro-
vided further*, That in case there are not sufficient surplus lands belong-
ing to either tribe to allot lands to each child and absentee in quantity
as above provided, said surplus lands shall be allotted to each of said
children and absentees pro rata, as near as may be, according to legal
subdivisions: *Provided further*, That this paragraph relating to allot-
ments may be adopted or rejected by either tribe separate and apart
from and without affecting the other provisions of this Act."

Pro rata allotments.

Segregation of para-
graph.

Seminole Nation.
Tribal government
to cease March 4, 1906.
Proviso.
Deeds to Indian al-
lottees.

SEC. 8. That the tribal government of the Seminole Nation shall not
continue longer than March fourth, nineteen hundred and six: *Pro-
vided*, That the Secretary of the Interior shall at the proper time fur-
nish the principal chief with blank deeds necessary for all conveyances
mentioned in the agreement with the Seminole Nation contained in the
Act of July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight (Thirtieth Stat-
utes, page five hundred and sixty-seven), and said principal chief shall
execute and deliver said deeds to the Indian allottees as required by
said Act, and the deeds for allotment, when duly executed and
approved, shall be recorded in the office of the Dawes Commission
prior to delivery and without expense to the allottee until further legis-
lation by Congress, and such records shall have like effect as other
public records: *Provided further*, That the homestead referred to in
said Act shall be inalienable during the lifetime of the allottee, not
exceeding twenty-one years from the date of the deed for the allot-
ment. A separate deed shall be issued for said homestead, and during
the time the same is held by the allottee it shall not be liable for any
debt contracted by the owner thereof.

Vol. 30, p. 568.

Homesteads alien-
able after twenty-one
years.

Nonliability for
debt.

Harriet Aungie.
Patent to.

SEC. 9. That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby,
authorized and directed to issue a fee simple patent to Harriet Aungie,
a Yankton Indian, for the lands heretofore allotted to her in South
Dakota, to wit: The southeast quarter and the southwest quarter of
section thirty, township ninety-five north, range sixty-three west of
the fifth principal meridian, and all restrictions as to the sale, incum-
brance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

Lawrence Johnson.
Patent to.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized
and directed to issue a patent in fee to Lawrence Johnson, a citizen
Pottawatomie allottee, for the lands heretofore allotted to him in Okla-
homa, to wit: The north half of the northeast quarter of section twenty-
seven, township ten north, range three east of the Indian meridian,
and all restrictions as to the sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said
lands are hereby removed.

Tah ko we ah and
Kome ta me ah may
sell one-half of their
allotments.

That Tah ko we ah, Kiowa allottee numbered six hundred and eight-
een, and Kome ta me ah, Kiowa allottee numbered six hundred and
twenty-one, to whom trust patents have been issued containing restric-
tions upon alienation, may each sell and convey not exceeding one-half
of her allotment, but such conveyance shall be subject to the approval
of the Secretary of the Interior, and when so approved shall convey a
full title to the purchaser, the same as if a final patent without restric-
tion had been issued to the allottee.

John Nestell, etc.
Patents to.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he hereby is, authorized
and directed to issue patents in fee, severally, to John Nestell, William
F. Dietrich, Mabel R. Given, William E. Pedrick, Thomas F. Woodard,
George W. Conover, Ben. Roache, Rudolph Fisher (whose Indian name
is Asewaynah), Louis Bentz, and Emmet Cox, members of the Kiowa,
Comanche, and Apache tribes of Indians, for the lands heretofore
allotted to them, respectively, in the Territory of Oklahoma, and all

restrictions as to the sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue patents in fee, severally, to No-wa-hi, Darwin Hayes, Red Plume and Shoe, Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indians, for not to exceed eighty acres of the one hundred and sixty acres of land heretofore allotted to them, respectively, in the Territory of Oklahoma, and all restrictions as to the sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

No-wa-hi, Darwin Hayes, etc. Patents to.

That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue a fee-simple patent to Samuel Townsend, a Pawnee Indian, for the following portion of the lands heretofore allotted to him in the Territory of Oklahoma, to-wit, the south one-half of the northeast quarter of section two, in township twenty-three north, of range five east of the Indian Meridian, and all restrictions as to the sale, incumbrance, or taxation of said lands are hereby removed.

Samuel Townsend. Patent to.

SEC. 10. That that portion of the Act of Congress approved March third, nineteen hundred and one (Thirty-first Statutes, page one thousand and sixty-five), entitled "An Act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, and for other purposes," which reads as follows: "That on and after July first, nineteen hundred and one, any person desiring to trade with the Indians on said reservation shall, upon establishing the fact to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs that he is a proper person to engage in such trade, be permitted to do so under such rules and regulations as the Commissioner of Indian Affairs may prescribe for the protection of said Indians," is hereby amended and extended so as to apply to all Indian reservations.

Regulations for trading with Indians modified. Vol. 31, p. 1065, amended.

SEC. 11. "That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to sell, subject to the homestead laws of the United States, to the highest bidder at public auction, in tracts not to exceed one hundred and sixty acres to each individual, all that part of the Red Lake Indian Reservation in the State of Minnesota lying westerly of the range line between ranges thirty-eight and thirty-nine west of the fifth principal meridian, approximating two hundred and fifty-six thousand acres. And the land shall be sold for not less than four dollars per acre and shall be sold upon the following terms: One-fifth of the price bid therefor to be paid at the time the bid is made, and the balance of the purchase price of said land to be paid in five equal annual installments, payment to be made to the receiver of the United States land office for the district in which said land may be situated. And in case any purchaser fails to make such annual payment when due, or within sixty days thereafter, all rights in and to the land covered by his or her purchase shall at once cease, and any payments made shall thereupon be forfeited, and the Secretary of the Interior shall thereupon declare such forfeiture by reoffering such land for sale. And no title to said land shall inure to the purchaser, nor any patent issued to the purchaser, until the purchaser or his or her heirs shall have resided upon, improved, and cultivated said land for the full term of five years, without any commutation of time, and shall have in all respects complied with the terms and provisions of the homestead laws of the United States: *Provided*, That such purchaser shall make his final proof conformable to the homestead laws within six years from the date of the sale; that aliens who have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States may become purchasers under this Act, but before making final proof and acquiring title must take out their full naturalization papers: *Provided*, That in consideration of the benefits to be derived by said Indians from the acceptance of this agreement

Red Lake Indian Reservation, Minn. Sale of lands in.

Price per acre. Payments.

Occupancy necessary to secure title.

Provisos. Final proof. Alien purchasers.

Land granted Minnesota for school purposes.

they expressly grant to the State of Minnesota for school purposes sections sixteen and thirty-six of each township.

- Removal of Indians.** "All of the Indians residing upon the tract above described shall remove therefrom to the diminished Red Lake Reservation within six months after the ratification of this Act; and there is hereby appropriated from the proceeds of said sale the sum of twenty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be paid to those thus removing in proportion to their respective improvements, which payment to said Red Lake Indians shall be in full of all improvements which they will abandon, and also for the removal within the diminished reservation of their dead from where they are now buried on the tract above described. The proceeds of said lands, as realized from time to time, shall be paid into the United States Treasury to the credit of the Indians belonging on said Red Lake Reservation.
- Disposition of proceeds.**
- Payment for improvements, etc.**
- Percapita payments.** "Of the amount realized from the sale of said lands the sum of three hundred thousand dollars shall be paid in cash, per capita, share and share alike, to each man, woman, and child belonging on said Red Lake Indian Reservation within ninety days after the sale herein provided for and the receipt by the United States of said sum from said sales, and the remainder of the proceeds of the sale of said lands shall be paid in cash, per capita, in fifteen annual installments, the first installment to be paid in the month of October of the year following that in which the payment of the three hundred thousand dollars is made.
- Independent possession of diminished reservation.** "In consideration of the Indians hereinafter referred to ratifying this Act, the said Indians shall possess their diminished reservation independent of all other bands of Chippewa Indians, and shall be entitled to allotments thereon of one hundred and sixty acres each of either agricultural or pine land, the different classes of land to be appropriated as equitably as possible among the allottees. And nothing in this Act or its acceptance by said Indians shall be construed to deprive the said Indians of any benefits to which they are entitled under existing treaties or agreements not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.
- Allotments.**
- Benefits.**
- Regulations.** "The Secretary of the Interior is hereby vested with full power and authority to make such rules and regulations as to the time of notice, manner of sale, and other matters incident to the carrying out of the provisions of this Act as he may deem necessary, and with authority to continue making sales of said land until all of said land shall have been sold. The register and receiver shall receive the usual fees for making final proof under this Act.
- Register, etc., fees.**
- Provided,* That nothing in this section contained shall in any manner bind the United States to purchase any portion of the land herein described, or to dispose of said land except as provided herein; or to guarantee to find purchasers for said lands or any portion thereof, it being the intention of this Act that the United States shall act as trustee for said Indians to dispose of said lands and to expend and pay over the proceeds received from the sale thereof only as received, as herein provided.
- Proviso. Nonliability of the United States.**
- Ratification.** "This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its ratification by the Red Lake and Pembina Bands of Chippewa Indians belonging on the Red Lake Indian Reservation, in the State of Minnesota, a majority of the male adults of said Indians assenting thereto, and the evidence thereof to be made by the proclamation of the President to the effect that this act has been duly ratified. And the Secretary of the Interior is hereby directed to submit this Act to said Indians for ratification as early as is practicable."
- Osage Nation. Registers, etc., may bring suit in Court of Claims against.**
- SEC. 13.** That any one or more of the registers and receivers of the United States land offices in the State of Kansas upon whom was imposed the responsibility of making sale and disposal of the Osage

ceded, Osage trust, and Osage diminished reserve land, in said State, under the treaty of September twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, between the United States and the Osage Indians, and the Acts of Congress for carrying said treaty into effect, may bring suit in the Court of Claims against the Osage Nation and the United States to determine the claim of the plaintiff or plaintiffs for commissions or compensation for the sale of said lands or any service or duty connected therewith. And the said court shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine said cause and to render judgment thereon on the merits; and the Attorney-General shall appear on behalf of the United States and the Osage Nation, and either party feeling aggrieved at the decision of the Court of Claims may appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States, and the final judgment in such case shall determine the rights of all such registers and receivers similarly situated. Said Osage Nation may also appear in said suit by an attorney employed with the authority of said nation. The Court of Claims shall have full authority, by proper orders and process, to make parties to any such suit all persons whose presence in the litigation it may deem necessary or proper to the final determination of the matter in controversy.

Vol. 14, p. 687.
Commissions, etc.
Jurisdiction.
Appeal to Supreme Court.
Attorney.
Parties to suit.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 995.—An Act Making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1903.
[Public, No. 145.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

Military Academy appropriations.

PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT.

Permanent establishment.

For pay of seven professors, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars;

Pay of professors, etc.

For pay of one chaplain, two thousand dollars;

For pay of one associate professor of mathematics, two thousand dollars;

For pay of the master of the sword, one thousand six hundred dollars;

For pay of cadets, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That in addition to the Corps of Cadets now authorized by law, there shall be one from Porto Rico, who shall be a native of said island, to be appointed by the President of the United States;

Cadets. *Proviso.* Appointment from Porto Rico.

In all, for permanent establishment, two hundred and seventy-eight thousand one hundred dollars.

For extra pay of officers of the Army on detached service at the Military Academy:

Extra pay for officers.

For pay of one Superintendent of the United States Military Academy (colonel), in addition to pay as captain, not mounted, one thousand seven hundred dollars;

For one commandant of cadets (lieutenant-colonel), in addition to pay as captain, not mounted, one thousand four hundred and eighty dollars;

For pay of one instructor of practical military engineering (major), in addition to pay as captain, mounted, five hundred dollars;

For pay of one instructor of ordnance and science of gunnery (major), in addition to pay as captain, mounted, five hundred dollars;

For pay of eight assistant professors (captains), in addition to pay as first lieutenants, not mounted, four thousand dollars;

For pay of five senior instructors of cavalry, artillery, and infantry tactics, ordnance and gunnery, and practical military engineering (captains), in addition to pay as first lieutenants, not mounted, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For pay of six assistant instructors of cavalry, artillery, and infantry tactics (captains), in addition to pay as second lieutenants, not mounted, three thousand six hundred dollars;

For pay of one adjutant, in addition to pay as second lieutenant, not mounted, six hundred dollars;

For pay of one treasurer and quartermaster, and commissary of cadets, in addition to pay as captain, not mounted, seven hundred dollars;

For pay of one line officer on duty in Quartermaster's Department, in addition to pay as first lieutenant, mounted, four hundred dollars;

Proviso.
Associate professor
of modern languages.

For pay of one associate professor of modern languages, in addition to pay as captain, five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of War shall assign an officer of the Army to the Military Academy as associate professor of modern languages, and that such officer, while so serving, shall receive the pay and allowances of a major;

Longevity.

For additional pay of professors and officers (and officers on increased rank) for length of service, nine thousand three hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-five cents;

In all, for extra pay of officers of Army on detached service at the Military Academy, twenty-five thousand eight hundred and thirty-four dollars and twenty-five cents.

Enlisted men.

For pay of the Military Academy Band, field musicians, general army service, cavalry and artillery detachment, and enlisted men on detached service, and extra pay for enlisted men on special duty:

Band.

For pay of military band, twelve enlisted musicians, at thirty-four dollars per month, four thousand eight hundred and ninety-six dollars;

Twelve enlisted musicians, at twenty-five dollars per month, three thousand six hundred dollars;

Sixteen enlisted musicians, at seventeen dollars per month, three thousand two hundred and sixty-four dollars;

Additional pay for length of service, one thousand nine hundred and ninety-eight dollars;

Clothing on discharge, nine hundred and fifty dollars;

For pay of field musicians, one sergeant, with pay of first-class musician, four hundred and eight dollars;

One corporal, one hundred and eighty dollars;

Twenty-two privates, three thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars;

Additional pay for length of service, eighty dollars;

Clothing on discharge, six hundred and seventy-five dollars.

General Army Service.

For pay of General Army Service: One first sergeant, three hundred dollars;

Six sergeants, one thousand two hundred and ninety-six dollars;

Two cooks, four hundred and thirty-two dollars;

Seven corporals, one thousand two hundred and sixty dollars;

One hundred and thirty-four privates, twenty thousand nine hundred and four dollars;

Additional pay for length of service, nine thousand four hundred and thirty-two dollars;

Clothing on discharge, four thousand dollars;

Cavalry detachment.

For pay of cavalry detachment: One first sergeant, three hundred dollars;

Five sergeants, one thousand and eighty dollars;

- One cook, two hundred and sixteen dollars;
 Four corporals, seven hundred and twenty dollars;
 Two trumpeters, three hundred and twelve dollars;
 Two farriers and blacksmiths, three hundred and sixty dollars;
 One saddler, one hundred and eighty dollars;
 One wagoner, one hundred and sixty-eight dollars;
 Fifty-eight privates (cavalry), nine thousand and forty-eight dollars;
 Additional pay for length of service, one thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars;
 Clothing on discharge, two thousand one hundred dollars;
 Interest on deposits due enlisted men, one hundred dollars;
 Traveling allowances to enlisted men on discharge, six hundred and fifty dollars;
 For pay of artillery detachment: One first sergeant, three hundred ^{Artillery detach-}
 dollars; _{ment.}
 Four sergeants, eight hundred and sixty-four dollars;
 One cook, two hundred and sixteen dollars;
 Three corporals, five hundred and forty dollars;
 One farrier and blacksmith, one hundred and eighty dollars;
 One saddler, one hundred and eighty dollars;
 One wagoner, one hundred and sixty-eight dollars;
 Two trumpeters, three hundred and twelve dollars;
 Forty-six privates, seven thousand one hundred and seventy-six dollars;
 Additional pay for length of service, one thousand two hundred dollars;
 Clothing on discharge, one thousand two hundred dollars;
 Interest on deposits due enlisted men, one hundred and twenty-five dollars;
 Travel allowances to enlisted men on discharge, six hundred and fifty dollars;
 For extra pay of one ordnance soldier as draftsman and lithographic printer, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and forty-three dollars and fifty cents; ^{Extra pay, enlisted}
 For extra pay of one ordnance soldier as machinist, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and forty-three dollars and fifty cents; _{men.}
 For extra pay of one ordnance soldier as clerk, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and forty-three dollars and fifty cents;
 For extra pay of one ordnance soldier when employed in department of ordnance and gunnery, at thirty-five cents per day, eighty-four dollars;
 For extra pay of two enlisted men employed as clerks in the office of the adjutant, United States Military Academy, at fifty cents each per day, three hundred and sixty-five dollars;
 For extra pay of two enlisted men employed as clerks in the office of the commandant of cadets, at fifty cents each per day, three hundred and sixty-five dollars;
 For extra pay of four enlisted men as printers, at headquarters United States Military Academy, at fifty cents each per day, six hundred and twenty-six dollars;
 For extra pay of one enlisted man employed as watchman, at thirty-five cents per day, one hundred and ninety-one dollars and sixty-three cents;
 For extra pay of one enlisted man employed as trumpeter at the cadet barracks, at thirty-five cents per day, one hundred and fifty-nine dollars and sixty-nine cents;
 For extra pay of one enlisted man employed in the philosophical department observatory as a mechanic, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of one enlisted man employed in the philosophical department in care of apparatus, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of one enlisted man employed in the chemical department, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of one enlisted man employed in the department of drawing, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of one enlisted man employed in the mathematical department, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of two enlisted men (cavalrymen) when performing special skilled mechanical labor, at fifty cents each per day, three hundred and thirteen dollars;

For extra pay of one enlisted man employed as saddler, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of one enlisted man on duty in charge of engineer property and fatigue, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of four enlisted men as assistants and attendants at the library, at fifty cents each per day, six hundred and eighty-four dollars;

For extra pay of one enlisted man as clerk in the department of practical military engineering and to the officer in charge of water-works and works of construction at the Military Academy, at fifty cents per day, one hundred and fifty-six dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of three enlisted men as clerks in the office of the quartermaster, United States Military Academy, at fifty cents each per day, four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents;

For extra pay of two enlisted men (artillerymen), when performing extra mechanical labor, at fifty cents each per day, three hundred and thirteen dollars;

For extra pay of two enlisted men as messengers in the office of the adjutant, United States Military Academy, at thirty-five cents per day, two hundred and nineteen dollars and ten cents;

In all, for pay of Military Academy Band, field musicians, general army service, cavalry detachment, artillery detachment, enlisted men on detached service, and extra pay of enlisted men on special duty at the Military Academy, ninety-two thousand eight hundred and eighty-four dollars and forty-two cents;

Provided, That the extra pay provided by the preceding paragraphs shall not be paid to any enlisted man who receives extra-duty pay under existing laws or army regulations.

PAY OF CIVILIANS.

For pay of one teacher of music, one thousand four hundred dollars;
For clerk to the disbursing officer and quartermaster, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For clerk to adjutant in charge of cadet records, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For one clerk to the adjutant, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For clerk to treasurer, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For one clerk to the quartermaster, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For pay of one librarian, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For pay of librarian's assistant, one thousand dollars;

For pay of one superintendent of gas works, one thousand five hundred dollars;

proviso.
No duplication.

Pay of civilians,
clerks, etc.

For pay of engineer of heating and ventilating apparatus for the academic building, the cadet barracks and office building, cadet hospital, chapel, and philosophical building, including the library, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For pay of assistant engineer of same, one thousand dollars;

For pay of eleven firemen, six thousand six hundred dollars;

For pay of one draftsman in department of civil and military engineering, one thousand dollars;

For pay of mechanic and attendant skilled in the technical preparations necessary to chemical and electrical lectures and to the instruction in mineralogy and geology, one thousand dollars;

For pay of mechanic assistant in department of natural and experimental philosophy, one thousand dollars;

For pay of custodian of academy building, one thousand dollars;

For pay of one electrician, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For pay of one civilian plumber, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For pay of assistant plumber, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For pay of one scavenger, at sixty dollars a month, seven hundred and twenty dollars;

For compensation of chapel organist, two hundred dollars;

For pay of keeper of post cemetery, nine hundred dollars;

For pay of engineer and janitor for Memorial Hall, nine hundred dollars;

For pay of printer at headquarters United States Military Academy, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For pay of one janitress, Memorial Hall, six hundred dollars;

For pay of one master mechanic, one thousand two hundred dollars;

For pay of attendant and skilled photographer in the department of drawing, one thousand dollars;

For pay of one typewriter, copyist, and attendant, in charge of the library of the department of law and history, to be selected and appointed by the superintendent, seven hundred and fifty dollars;

For one stenographer and typewriter in the adjutant's office, to be selected and appointed by the superintendent, six hundred dollars;

For pay of one overseer of waterworks, five hundred and forty dollars;

In all, to civilians employed at Military Academy, thirty-eight thousand one hundred and thirty dollars.

For current and ordinary expenses as follows:

For expenses of the Board of Visitors, including mileage, three thousand dollars;

Contingencies for Superintendent of the Academy, one thousand dollars;

Repairs and improvements, namely: Timber, planks, boards, joists, wall strips, laths, shingles, slate, tin, sheet lead, zinc, nails, screws, locks, hinges, glass, paints, turpentine, oils, varnish, brushes, stone, brick, flag, lime, cement, plaster hair, sewer and drain pipe, blasting powder, fuse, iron, steel, tools, machinery, mantels, and other similar materials, renewing roofs, and for pay of architect overseer and citizen mechanics, and labor employed upon repairs and improvements that can not be done by enlisted men, thirty thousand dollars;

For fuel and apparatus, namely: Coal, wood, charcoal, stoves, grates, heaters, furnaces, ranges and fixtures, fire bricks, clay, sand, and for repairs of steam heating apparatus, grates, stoves, heaters, ranges, furnaces, and mica, thirty thousand dollars;

For gas pipes, gas and electric fixtures, electric lamps, and lighting supplies, lamp-posts, gasometers and retorts, and annual repairs of the same, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For fuel for cadets' mess hall, shops, and laundry, four thousand dollars;

Current expenses
Board of Visitors.

Superintendent.

Repairs, etc.

Fuel, etc.

Postage and tele-
grams.
Stationery.

For postage and telegrams, two hundred dollars;

For stationery, namely: Blank books, paper, envelopes, quills, steel pens, rubbers, erasers, pencils, mucilage, wax, wafers, folders, fasteners, rules, files, ink, inkstands, typewriting supplies, penholders, tape, desk knives, blotting pads, and rubber bands, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Transportation.

For transportation of materials, discharged cadets, and ferriages, two thousand dollars;

Printing.

Printing: For printing and binding, type, materials for office, including repairs to motor and machinery, diplomas for graduates, annual registers, blanks, and monthly reports to parents of cadets, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Department of cav-
alry, artillery, and in-
fantry tactics.

For department of cavalry, artillery, and infantry tactics: Tanbark or other proper cover for riding hall, to be purchased in open market upon written order of the Superintendent, five hundred dollars;

For repairing camp stools and camp furniture, three hundred dollars;

For repairs and improvements of dressing rooms, platform, and swimming tank, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For stationery, typewriting supplies and repairs, for use of instructor and assistant instructors of tactics, two hundred and fifty dollars;

For books and maps, binding books, and mounting maps, one hundred and seventy-five dollars;

For silk and worsted sashes for cadet officers and acting officers, two hundred and twenty dollars;

For foils, masks, belts, fencing gloves, fencing jackets, gaiters, sabers, and repairs, four hundred dollars;

For door mats for cadet barracks, sinks, and guardhouse, fifty dollars;

For repairs and furniture for offices, three hundred dollars;

One typewriter, complete, and typewriter cabinet, to be immediately available, one hundred and ten dollars;

Department of civil
and military engi-
neering.

For department of civil and military engineering: Models, maps, purchase and repair of instruments, apparatus, drawing boards, desks, chairs, shelves, and cases for books and instruments, text-books, books of reference, and stationery for the use of instructors, and contingencies, one thousand dollars;

For department of natural and experimental philosophy: For additions to apparatus to illustrate the principles of mechanics, acoustics, optics, and astronomy, one thousand dollars;

For books of reference, scientific periodicals, text-books, stationery, materials, and repairs, four hundred dollars;

For repairs to the observatory buildings, repairs to clocks, four hundred and fifty dollars;

Provided, That any of the above-named sums for the department of natural and experimental philosophy, not expended for the purposes named, may be expended for instrument cases, shelves, and fittings, in the lecture room, office, and section rooms used by the department of natural and experimental philosophy.

For department of instruction in mathematics:

For text-books, books of reference, binding, and stationery; for tables of logarithms; for rules and triangles; for purchase of geometrical drawings and models; for cases for geometrical models; for office desks, chairs, book cases and office fittings, and for contingencies, seven hundred and twenty-five dollars;

For department of chemistry, mineralogy, and geology: Chemicals, chemical apparatus, glass and porcelain ware, paper, wire, sheet metal, ores, photographic apparatus and materials, five hundred dollars;

For rough specimens, fossils, and for apparatus and materials to be used in the practical determinations of mineralogical and geological specimens, pencils and paper for the practical instructions in the

Department of chem-
istry, mineralogy, and
geology.

Department of math-
ematics.

Proviso.
Instrument cases,
etc.

same branches, and for gradual increase and improvement of the cabinet, two hundred dollars;

For repairs and additions to electric, magnetic, pneumatic, thermic, and optical apparatus, nine hundred dollars;

For oil engine, modern electric apparatus not in department, and storage cells, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Models, maps, and diagrams, books of reference, text-books, and stationery for the use of instructors, one hundred and eighty dollars;

Contingencies, one hundred dollars;

For department of drawing: For drawing material for use of instructors, tacks, sponges, brushes, glue, alcohol, tumblers, saucers, towels, soap, ink, stationery, and contingent expenses, three hundred dollars;

Department of drawing.

For repairs to models, desks, stretchers, racks, stands, and materials, one hundred and twenty-five dollars;

Photographic material for enlarging room and general photographic work, two hundred and fifty dollars;

For slides and apparatus for lectures, fifty dollars;

For books and periodicals on art, architecture, and technology, one hundred and twenty-five dollars;

Frames for retained drawings of cadets and wall models, fifty dollars;

For binding periodicals, loose sheets of maps, books, and so forth, fifty dollars;

For twenty-five new stretcher boards, sixty-two dollars and fifty cents;

For two Batson sketching cases, seventy dollars;

For one typewriter desk, thirty dollars and fifty cents;

For department of modern languages: For stationery, text-books, and books of reference for use of instructors, for repairs of books and apparatus and for office furniture, and for printing examination papers, and for contingencies, four hundred and fifteen dollars;

Department of modern languages.

For department of law and history: For stationery, text-books, and books of reference for the use of instructors, maps, map fixtures, furniture, and for repairs to the same, for rebinding books and periodicals, and for contingencies, five hundred dollars;

Department of law and history.

For two sets Spruner-Britschneider historical maps, one hundred and twenty dollars;

For department of practical military engineering: For purchase and repair of instruments; transportation; purchase of tools, implements, and materials, and for extra-duty pay of engineer soldiers, as follows, namely: For instruments for use in instructing cadets in making reconnoissances; photographic apparatus and material for field photography; drawing instruments and material for platting reconnoissances; surveying instruments; instruments and material for signaling and field telegraphy; transportation of field parties; tools and material for the preservation, augmentation, and repair of wooden pontoon, and one canvas pontoon train; sapping and mining tools and material; rope; cordage; material for rafts and for spar and trestle bridges; intrenching tools; tools and material for the repair of Fort Clinton and the batteries of the Academy, and for extra-duty pay of engineer soldiers, at fifty cents per day each, when performing special skilled mechanical labor in the department of practical military engineering; for models, books of reference, and stationery, and for extra pay of one engineer soldier as assistant in photographic laboratory, and in charge of photographic laboratory, photographic apparatus, materials, and supplies, at fifty cents per day, two thousand dollars;

Department of practical military engineering.

For department of ordnance and gunnery: For purchase and repair of instruments, models, and apparatus, and purchase of necessary material; for the purchase of samples of arms and accouterments other than those supplied to the military service; for books of refer-

Department of ordnance and gunnery.

ence, text-books, stationery, and lithographic printing materials, and for contingencies, four hundred and fifty dollars;

For purchase of ammunition for rapid-fire guns now on hand, three hundred dollars;

For manufacture or purchase of models of breech mechanisms of cannon, rapid-fire guns, small arms, and the various machines and tools used in their manufacture, for cadet instruction, one thousand two hundred dollars;

Lectures.

For a course of lectures for the more complete education of cadets, one thousand two hundred dollars;

In all, for current and ordinary expenses, ninety-two thousand four hundred and seventy-eight dollars.

Miscellaneous items
and incidental ex-
penses.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS AND INCIDENTAL EXPENSES.

For stationery for office of the treasurer, United States Military Academy, namely: Blank books, paper, envelopes, pens, mucilage, typewriting supplies and repairs, and other items of stationery, one hundred and twenty-five dollars;

For binding orders, circulars, etc., for record in the office of the treasurer, United States Military Academy, twenty-five dollars;

For purchase of one typewriter, complete, and typewriter cabinet, to be expended without advertising, one hundred and ten dollars;

For window shades and rugs for office of the treasurer, United States Military Academy, to be expended without advertising, one hundred and ten dollars;

For commercial periodicals and journals, and market reports, thirty dollars;

Lighting.

For gas-coal, oil, candles, lanterns, matches, chimneys, and wicking for lighting the Academy building, chapel, library, cadet barracks, mess hall, shops, hospitals, offices, stables and riding hall, sidewalks, camp, and wharfs, eight thousand dollars;

Plumbing.

For water pipe, plumbing, and repairs, five thousand dollars;

For cleaning public buildings (not quarters), two thousand dollars;

For soap, lye, sapolio, buckets, scrubbing brushes, mops, dustpans, brooms, feather dusters, and other similar articles and materials for policing public buildings (not quarters), one thousand dollars;

For chalk, crayons, sponges, slate, rubbers, rulers, pointers, card, and toilet paper, and so forth, for recitation rooms, three hundred dollars;

Increase and expense of library, namely:

Library.

For purchase, preservation, care, storage, binding and repair of books, periodicals, pamphlets, maps, pictures, and manuscripts; purchase of furniture, cases, stationery, and fittings; for expenses of making copies of military manuscripts in other libraries, and for contingent expenses not otherwise provided for; purchases to be made in open market on the written order of the Superintendent, ten thousand dollars;

For carpets and furniture and appliances for cadet hospital, and for repairs of damaged articles and for miscellaneous expenses, one hundred dollars;

Contingent. aca-
ademic board.

For contingent funds, to be expended under the direction of the academic board: For instruments, books, repairs to apparatus, and other incidental expenses not otherwise provided for, one thousand dollars:

Proviso.
Technical supplies.

Provided, That all technical and scientific supplies for the departments of instruction of the Military Academy shall be purchased by contract or otherwise, as the Secretary of War may deem best;

For renewing furniture in section rooms, and repairing the same, three hundred dollars;

For purchase of instruments for band, to be purchased in open market on the order of the Superintendent, five hundred dollars;

Musical supplies.

For purchase of reeds, pads, strings, and other materials necessary for string instruments, to be purchased in open market on the order of the Superintendent, two hundred dollars;

For repairs to instruments, music stands, and other equipments, to be purchased in open market on the order of the Superintendent, three hundred dollars;

For purchase of music for band, to be purchased in open market on the order of the Superintendent, five hundred dollars;

To increase the present repertoire of the band library to forty parts; to purchase music folios, with patent holders, and a set of instruments, eight hundred dollars;

For general repairs to laundry machinery and the replacing of worn-out parts, five hundred and twenty-five dollars;

Laundry.

For one dozen rattan laundry baskets, to be expended without advertising, ninety-six dollars;

For constructing sorting boxes of galvanized-steel wire, to be expended without advertising, three hundred dollars;

For an amount in addition to that provided by existing law for the purchase of one boiler for the cadet laundry, to be expended without advertising and to be immediately available, two hundred and nineteen dollars;

For wooden sorting tables and bins for storage of soiled clothing, to be expended without advertising, one hundred and seventy-five dollars;

For repair of cooking utensils and the replacement of worn-out cooking utensils in the cadet mess, to be immediately available and to be expended without advertising, six hundred dollars;

For repairs of chairs, tables, and other furniture in the cadet mess, and the replacement of same, to be immediately available and to be expended without advertising, two hundred dollars;

Gymnasium and athletic supplies: For repairs, new machines, athletic supplies, and fixtures for the gymnasium, one thousand five hundred dollars;

Gymnasium.

For furniture, curtains, and rugs for cadet reception room, one hundred and fifty dollars;

In all, for miscellaneous items and incidental expenses, thirty-four thousand one hundred and sixty-five dollars.

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

Buildings and grounds.

For cases, materials, fittings, fixtures, and other appliances and repairs for ordnance museum in academy building, three hundred dollars;

For repairs to ordnance laboratory and other buildings pertaining to the department of ordnance and gunnery, painting buildings, and materials for roads and walks, and for repairs to machinery and tools, one hundred and fifty dollars;

For painting and general incidental repairs and improvements to the cadet store building, including storerooms, office, tailor shops, and shoe repairing shops, three hundred dollars;

For installation of one button-hole machine, with electric motor to drive same, to be expended without advertising, one hundred and seventy-five dollars;

For purchase of ten sewing machines and individual electric motors for same, to be expended without advertising, seven hundred and fifty dollars;

For concrete floor in the central portion of the first floor of the cadet laundry, six hundred and thirty-two dollars;

For six water-closets, installed complete, with necessary cabinet-work, eight hundred and fifteen dollars;

For materials and labor for repairs, alterations, and additions needed at the soldiers' hospital, as follows:

For purchase of suitable incandescent lights, droplights, tubing, mantles, and so forth, thirty dollars;

For screens for all transoms, and storm windows for all windows not provided with same, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For paraffin and turpentine for waxing floors, twenty-five dollars;

For brushes, paints, glass, putty, and for general repairs, thirty dollars;

For material for rebronzing radiators, thirty dollars;

For purchase of flowers, fruit trees, shrubs, plants, and so forth, for hospital grounds, fifty dollars;

For painting the interior and exterior of the hospital stewards' quarters at soldiers' hospital, and general repairs for the same, one hundred and seventy-five dollars;

Waterworks.

For water works: Renewal of material in filter beds; improving ventilation of filter house and water house; hose for use in cleaning filter beds and water house, and for use in fire service at same; tools, implements, and materials for use of the two keepers and for repairs of siphon house, filter house, and of four and one-half miles of supply pipe; for shed for tools and storage of fuel for keeper of Round Pond, and for tool house at filter; for gauges at and for stairs for access to same, and all other necessary work of maintenance and repairs, one thousand two hundred dollars;

Cadet hospital.

Repairs and additions to the cadet hospital, as follows:

For material for rebronzing radiators and piping, thirty dollars;

For paraffin and turpentine for waxing and polishing floors, fifty dollars;

For purchase of flowers and shrubs for hospital grounds, seventy-five dollars;

For purchase of suitable incandescent lights, droplights, mantles, tubes, and so forth, forty dollars;

For wiring hospital for electric lighting and for placing therein electric fans, electric heaters, electric light fixtures, and so forth, with necessary attachments therefor, three thousand two hundred dollars;

Cadet barracks.

Repairs to cadet barracks:

For repairing and renewing plastering, painting and calcimining, repairs to woodwork, reflooring, rearranging rooms, increasing sinks, baths, and for other incidental repairs to the building, ten thousand dollars;

For granolithic pavement in areas on north and west sides of cadet barracks, and for rebuilding area walls, four thousand dollars;

Cemetery.

For maintaining and improving the grounds of the post cemetery, two thousand dollars;

For cleaning, repairing, resetting, and so forth, about three hundred, more or less, old monuments and headstones in the post cemetery, two thousand five hundred dollars;

Roads, etc.

For continuing the construction of roads in front and rear of line of new officers' quarters, grading, blasting, retaining walls, sewers, and so forth, three thousand dollars;

For continuing the construction and repair of the roads between the site of the old south guardhouse and the southern boundary of reservation, and for continuing the laying of a stone walk along the same, one thousand dollars;

For continuing the construction of breast-high wall in dangerous places, five hundred dollars;

For broken stone and gravel for roads, two thousand dollars;

For continuing the repair of sidewalks of the post, one thousand dollars;

For repairing roads and paths, including roads and bridges on reservation, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For constructing a wagon road from the railroad station to the south end of post, twenty thousand dollars, to be immediately available;

For continuing the laying of water mains and construction of sewerage for quarters recently built, five thousand dollars; Water and sewerage.

For grading target range, increasing the number of targets and capacity of the range, to be immediately available, ten thousand dollars; Target range.

For renewal of plumbing of engineer barracks, six hundred dollars;

For eighty-eight upright lockers for engineer barracks, four hundred and fifty dollars;

For painting inside of engineer barracks, two hundred dollars;

For lumber and other material for general repairs of cavalry stables and riding hall, two hundred dollars;

For repairing roof of riding hall, two hundred dollars;

For whitewashing and painting interior of riding hall (walls, ceiling, and woodwork), three hundred dollars;

For repairs to saddles, bridles, purchase of leather, curb chains, bits, and so forth, and to keep the same in repair, two hundred and fifty dollars;

For painting woodwork throughout cavalry barracks, one hundred and fifty dollars;

To change front of quarters numbered forty-six and rearrange it, five thousand dollars;

For completing sea wall, six thousand dollars; Sea wall.

For gas and electric-light fixtures for new building for officers' mess and quarters, to be immediately available, two thousand dollars. Officers' new quarters.

For relaying terrace platform of memorial hall, in addition to the amount already appropriated for this purpose, to be immediately available and the total amount to be available until expended, five thousand dollars; Terrace platform.

Total buildings and grounds, ninety-one thousand one hundred and fifty-seven dollars. That twenty thousand dollars of the appropriation made by Act of June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, and for other purposes," under the head of the item "To increase the efficiency of the United States Military Academy at West Point, New York," is hereby made available for the purchase of the "Dassouri" tract of land, containing two hundred and twenty acres, more or less, adjoining the military reservation at West Point, New York. Purchase of "Dassouri" tract.

Ante, p. 419. Acade-
my building.

That the unexpended balance of the appropriation of ten thousand eight hundred and ninety-four dollars, contained in the Act approved June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, "For increasing the section room and lavatory facilities of the Academy building and furnish same, to be immediately available," is hereby made available until expended and applicable for such changes in and improvements to the building, in addition to those specified at the time that the appropriation was made, as may now be found necessary. *Ante*, p. 419.

That section five of the Act entitled "An Act to increase the efficiency of the Army," approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and three, is hereby amended to read as follows: Balance continued.

"SEC. 5. That the Chief of Artillery shall hereafter serve as an additional member of the General Staff, and by and with the advice and consent of the Senate shall have the rank, pay, and allowances of a brigadier-general, and when the next vacancy occurs in the office of colonel of artillery it shall not be filled, and thereafter the number of General Staff Corps.
Ante, p. 831.

Chief of Artillery to
serve as additional
member.

Rank, pay, etc.

Number of artillery
colonels limited.

In effect Aug. 15,
1903.

colonels of artillery shall not exceed thirteen; and the provisions of the foregoing sections of this Act shall take effect on August fifteenth, nineteen hundred and three."

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 146.]

CHAP. 996.—An Act To authorize the promotion of Major William Crawford Gorgas, surgeon in the Army of the United States.

Surg. William Crawford Gorgas.
May be appointed assistant surgeon-general, Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be, and he is hereby, authorized to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint Major William Crawford Gorgas, surgeon, United States Army, to the grade of assistant surgeon-general, United States Army, with the rank of colonel, the number in that grade of the Medical Department to be temporarily increased for that purpose during the time that he may hold that office.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 147.]

CHAP. 997.—An Act To amend an Act to regulate the height of buildings in the District of Columbia.

District of Columbia.
Height of buildings.
Vol. 30, p. 922,
amended.
Proviso.
Churches excepted.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section three of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the height of buildings in the District of Columbia," approved March first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, be amended by adding thereto the following: "*Provided,* That this requirement shall not apply to churches erected outside of the fire limits as now or hereafter established within the District of Columbia, and in case of additions to existing structures the restrictions contained herein shall apply only to such additions."

Additions.

Vol. 30, p. 922,
amended.
Maximum height.

SEC. 2. That section four of said Act be amended to read as follows:

Allowance for public space.

"**SEC. 4.** That no building shall be erected or altered on any street or avenue or highway in the District of Columbia to exceed in height above the sidewalk the width of the street in its front; but where the site of a proposed building confronts a public space or reservation formed at the intersection of two or more streets or avenues and the course of said streets or avenues is not interrupted by said public space or reservation, the allowable height of the building will be determined by the width of the widest street or avenue. Where a building is to be erected removed from all points within the bounding lines of its own lots as recorded by a distance at least equal to its proposed height above grade, the extreme limits of height permitted for fireproof or nonfireproof buildings in residence sections may be allowed, the measurements to be taken from the natural grades at the building as determined by the Commissioners. On business streets and avenues, as the same are now or may hereafter be designated by the Commissioners of said District, no building shall be erected or altered to exceed the height of one hundred and ten feet, except on business streets or avenues one hundred and sixty feet wide, where a height not exceeding one hundred and thirty feet may be allowed. On residence streets and avenues no building shall be erected or altered so as to be over eighty feet in height, nor shall it exceed ten feet less than the width of the street or avenue upon which it abuts, except on streets sixty to sixty-five feet wide, where a height of sixty feet will be allowed, and on streets sixty feet wide and less, where a height equal to the full width of the street will be allowed. The

Business streets.

Residence streets.

Corner lots.

height of buildings on corner lots will be regulated by the width of the wider street: *Provided*, That if said buildings have projections, such as bay windows, oriels, covered porches, and so forth, extending over two stories, the height of the building shall be diminished by the amount of the greatest projection: *Provided further*, That spires, towers, and domes may be erected to a greater height than the limits herein prescribed when approved by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia: *And provided also*, That on streets less than ninety feet wide, where building lines have been established so as to be a matter of public record in the office of the surveyor of the District and so as to prevent the lawful erection of any building in advance of said lines, the width of the street, in so far as it controls the height of buildings under this law, may be held to be the distance between said building lines. On blocks immediately adjacent to public buildings or to the site of any public building for which plans have been prepared and money appropriated at the time of application for the permit the height shall be regulated by a schedule adopted by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia."

Provisos.
Reductions for projections.

Spires, etc.

Building lines.

Blocks adjacent to public buildings or sites.

SEC. 3. That section five of said Act be amended to read as follows:
"SEC. 5. That no wooden or frame building, as authorized by existing law, hereafter erected or altered, and intended to be used for human habitation, shall exceed in height three stories, or forty feet to the roof."

Wooden buildings.
Vol. 30, p. 922.

SEC. 4. That section six of said Act be amended to read as follows:
"SEC. 6. That the height of all buildings shall be measured from the level of the sidewalk opposite the middle of the front of the building to the highest point of the roof. If the building has more than one front, the height shall be measured from the mean elevation of the sidewalk at the street corners. No parapet walls shall extend above the limit of height."

Measurement of height.
Vol. 30, p. 922.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 998—An Act Regulating the importation of breeding animals.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 148.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That paragraph four hundred and seventy-three of the Act approved July twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to provide revenue for the Government and to encourage the industries of the United States" (Thirtieth United States Statutes at Large, page one hundred and ninety-four), shall be so amended as to read as follows:

Imported breeding animals.
Vol. 30, p. 194, amended.

"473. Any animal imported by a citizen of the United States specially for breeding purposes shall be admitted free, whether intended to be so used by the importer himself or for sale for such purpose: *Provided*, That no such animal shall be admitted free unless pure bred of a recognized breed, and duly registered in the books of record established for that breed: *And provided further*, That certificate of such record and of the pedigree of such animal shall be produced and submitted to the customs officer, duly authenticated by the proper custodian of such book of record, together with the affidavit of the owner, agent, or importer that such animal is the identical animal described in said certificate of record and pedigree: *And provided further*, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall determine and certify to the Secretary of the Treasury what are recognized breeds and pure-bred animals under the provisions of this paragraph. The Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe such additional regulations as may be required for the strict enforcement of this provision. Cattle, horses, sheep, or other domestic animals straying across the boundary line

Free admission for sale added.

Provisos.
Pure breed.

Certificates required.

Secretary of Agriculture to determine.

Animals straying, etc., may be returned.

into any foreign country, or driven across such boundary line by the owner for temporary pasturage purposes only, together with their offspring, may be brought back to the United States within six months free of duty, under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury: *And provided further*, That the provisions of this Act shall apply to all such animals as have been imported and are in quarantine, or otherwise in the custody of custom or other officers of the United States, at the date of the passage of this Act."

Approved, March 3, 1903.

Act applicable to animals now imported.

March 3, 1903.
[Public, No. 149.]

CHAP. 999.—An Act Authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to sell certain lands therein mentioned.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be sold, under the provisions of section twenty-four hundred and fifty-five, Revised Statutes, as amended by the Act of February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, providing for the sale of isolated tracts, in so far as the same shall apply, the south half of the northeast quarter of section four, township forty-seven south, of range twenty-nine east, in Lee County, Florida, being eighty acres of land formerly occupied for agency purposes for the Seminole Indians in that State, which land is no longer needed by the United States.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

Florida. Sale of Seminole Indian agency lands authorized. Vol. 28, p. 687.

March 3, 1903.
[Public, No. 150.]

CHAP. 1000.—An Act Making appropriations for fortifications and other works of defense, for the armament thereof, for the procurement of heavy ordnance for trial and service, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sums of money herein provided for be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be available until expended, namely:

Fortifications appropriations.

FORTIFICATIONS AND OTHER WORKS OF DEFENSE.

Gun and mortar batteries.

For construction of gun and mortar batteries, two million two hundred and thirty-six thousand four hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Range finders.

For installation of range and position finders, two hundred and twenty-three thousand five hundred dollars.

Sites.

For the procurement or reclamation of land, or right pertaining thereto, needed for the site, location, construction, or prosecution of works for fortifications and coast defenses, two hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to purchase land on Cushings Island, Portland Harbor, Maine, for which appropriation was made in the Act making appropriations for fortifications and other works of defense, and so forth, approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, at such times and in such parcels and quantity as may appear to him to be for the best interests of the Government.

Proviso. Purchases on Cushings Island.

Ante, p. 305.

Searchlights.

For purchase and installation of searchlights for the defenses of our most important harbors, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Preservation, etc.

For the protection, preservation, and repair of fortifications for which there may be no special appropriation available, three hundred thousand dollars:

For preparation of plans for fortifications, five thousand dollars.

For tools, electrical and engine supplies and appliances, to be furnished by the Engineer Department, for the use of the troops for maintaining and operating electric light and power plants in gun and mortar batteries, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For construction of sea walls and embankments, eighty-nine thousand five hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For the construction of mining casemates, cable galleries, torpedo storehouses, cable tanks, and other structures necessary for the operation, preservation, and care of submarine mines and their accessories, fifty thousand dollars, to be expended by the Engineer Department.

For the purchase of submarine mines and necessary appliances to operate them for closing the channels leading to our principal seaports, and continuing torpedo experiments, one hundred thousand dollars; this sum and the unexpended balance from the sum of seventeen thousand dollars appropriated in the fortification appropriation act of June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, for the purchase of submarine mines and necessary appliances and for continuing torpedo experiments, to be expended through the Ordnance Department.

For purchase of the necessary machinery, tools, and implements for the repair shop of the torpedo depot at Fort Totten, Willets Point, New York, to be expended through the Ordnance Department, three thousand dollars.

It shall be the duty of the Secretary of War to apply the money herein appropriated under the heading "Fortifications and other works of defense," in carrying on the various works, by contract or otherwise, as may be most economical and advantageous to the Government. Where said works are done by contract, such contract shall be made after sufficient public advertisement for proposals, in such manner and form as the Secretary of War shall prescribe; and such contracts shall be made with the lowest responsible bidders, accompanied by such securities as the Secretary of War shall require, conditioned for the faithful prosecution and completion of the work according to such contract.

ARMAMENT OF FORTIFICATIONS.

For finishing and assembling eight-inch, ten-inch, and twelve-inch guns at the Army Gun Factory, including new firing attachments for guns now in service and any new tools or machinery necessary for their manufacture, eighty thousand dollars.

For oil-tempered and annealed steel for seacoast-defense guns of eight-inch, ten-inch, and twelve-inch caliber, sixty-one thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no contract for oil-tempered and annealed steel for high-power coast-defense guns and mortars shall be made at a price exceeding twenty-one cents per pound except for nickel steel: *Provided*, That in the discretion of the Secretary of War a portion of this money may be used for the purchase of material for a limited number of steel-wire seacoast guns.

For purchase, manufacture, alteration, issue, and repair of carriages for mounting seacoast guns of eight, ten, and twelve inch calibers, including any new tools or machinery necessary for their manufacture at arsenals, two hundred and ninety-six thousand dollars.

For equipping twelve-inch seacoast carriages in service with electrical apparatus for retracting purposes, fifteen thousand dollars.

For alteration and improvement of twelve-inch mortar carriages, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

For new firing mechanism for twelve-inch mortars, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For shields for barbette carriages, fifty thousand dollars.

- Plans.
- Electric plants.
- Sea walls.
- Submarine mines.
- Torpedoes for harbor defense.
- Balance continued.
- Ante*, p. 306.
- Fort Totten, N. Y. Tools.
- Contracts.
- Armament.
- Army Gun Factory Eight-inch, etc., guns.
- Steel
- Provisos.* Maximum price per pound.
- Steel-wire guns.
- Carriages.
- Electrical apparatus.
- Mortar carriages.
- Firing mechanism.
- Barbette shields.

Reserve supply ammunition.	For powders, projectiles, and explosives for reserve supply for cannon, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
Rapid-fire guns.	For rapid-fire guns, including their mounts, sights, implements, ammunition, and so forth, to be procured by the Secretary of War by contract or otherwise, including any new tools or machinery necessary for their manufacture at arsenals, one million two hundred and sixty-three thousand dollars.
Contract guns. Vol. 26, pp. 319, 770.	For eight, ten, and twelve inch guns manufactured by contract under the provisions of the fortifications Acts approved August eighteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, and February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, one hundred and ninety-nine thousand four hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty-two cents.
Proof of guns, etc.	For proof of seacoast guns, mortars, and carriages, twenty-five thousand dollars.
Armor plates, etc., for tests.	For armor plates and deck plates, including backing and cost of erection, for testing armor-piercing and deck-piercing projectiles, fifteen thousand dollars.
Ammunition for practice.	For ammunition for artillery practice, including components thereof, and for subcaliber tubes, with their fittings, and ammunition for reloading fired cases, tools, and so forth, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
Machine guns.	For machine guns, including metallic carriages, with limbers and protective shields, complete, and also automatic and semiautomatic guns, with their mounts, ammunition, and so forth, seventy-five thousand dollars.
Range finders, etc.	For range finders, including instruments for fire control and azimuth instruments for coast defense, and for instruments for field batteries, fifty thousand dollars.
Equipments.	For implements and equipments for service, and also for mounting, repairs, care, and preservation of armament and of instruments for practice, eighty-two thousand five hundred dollars.
Material, etc.	For material, power lathes, machinist tools, and tools and implements for the use of battery mechanics and tools for electrical power plants at the fortifications, ten thousand dollars.
Field guns, etc.	For purchase, manufacture, alterations and repair of steel breech-loading field guns and their carriages, including sights, implements, equipments, and tools or machinery necessary for their manufacture at arsenals, two hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.
Field howitzers.	For steel field howitzers and their carriages, including implements and equipments, fifty-three thousand dollars.
Breech-loading rifles.	For steel breech-loading siege rifles and their carriages, including implements, equipments, and platforms, forty thousand dollars.
Breech-loading howitzers.	For steel breech-loading howitzers, siege, and their carriages, including implements, equipments, and platforms, forty thousand dollars.
Sights.	For sights for cannon, twenty thousand dollars.
Fuses, etc.	For fuses and primers for cannon, fifty thousand dollars.
Inspecting instru- ments.	For inspecting instruments, gauges, and templates for the manufacture of cannon, projectiles, and carriages, five thousand dollars.
Mortar carriages.	For cast-steel top carriages for twelve-inch mortars, forty thousand dollars.
Sandy Hook prov- ing ground.	PROVING GROUND, SANDY HOOK, NEW JERSEY.

Maintenance.

For current expenses and maintenance of the ordnance proving ground, Sandy Hook, New Jersey, including expenses incident to the transportation of men and material therefor, general repairs and alterations and accessories incidental to testing and proving ordnance, including hire of assistants for the Ordnance Board, skilled mechanical labor, purchase of instruments and other supplies, building and repairing butts and targets, clearing and grading ranges, fifty thousand two hundred and forty-three dollars.

For the necessary expenses of officers while temporarily employed on ordnance duties at the proving ground and absent from their proper station, at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents per diem while so employed, and the compensation of draftsmen while employed in the Army Ordnance Bureau on ordnance construction, eighteen thousand seven hundred dollars.

Expenses of officers

For repairs of railroad tracks connecting the proving ground with the Central Railroad of New Jersey, four thousand dollars.

Railroad track repairs.

For replacing plank roads by macadam, five thousand dollars.

Macadam road.

FRANKFORD ARSENAL, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA.

Frankford Arsenal.

For one brick shop, and machinery for manufacture of shrapnel, forty-three thousand dollars.

Shrapnel shop.

BOARD OF ORDNANCE AND FORTIFICATION.

Board of Ordnance and Fortifications.

To enable the board to make all needful and proper purchases, experiments, and tests to ascertain, with a view to their utilization by the Government, the most effective guns, small arms, cartridges, projectiles, fuses, explosives, torpedoes, armor plates, and other implements and engines of war, and to purchase or cause to be manufactured, under authority of the Secretary of War, such guns, carriages, armor plates, and other war material as may, in the judgment of the board, be necessary in the proper discharge of the duty devolved upon it by the Act approved September twenty-second, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight; to pay the salary of the civilian member of the Board of Ordnance and Fortification provided by the Act of February twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and for the necessary traveling expenses of said member when traveling on duty as contemplated in said Act; for the payment of the necessary expenses of the board, including a per diem allowance to each officer detailed to serve thereon, when employed on duty away from his permanent station, of two dollars and fifty cents a day; and for the test of experimental guns, carriages, and other devices procured in accordance with the recommendation of the Board of Ordnance and Fortification, one hundred thousand dollars, the expenditure of which shall be made by the several bureaus of the War Department heretofore having jurisdiction of the same, or by the board itself, as the Secretary of War may direct: *Provided*, That before any money shall be expended in the construction or test of any gun, gun carriage, ammunition, or implements under the supervision of the said board, the board shall be satisfied, after due inquiry, that the Government of the United States has a lawful right to use the inventions involved in the construction of such gun, gun carriage, ammunition, or implements, or that the construction or test is made at the request of a person either having such lawful right or authorized to convey the same to the Government.

Purchases, etc.

Vol. 25, p. 489.

Civilian member.
Vol. 26, p. 769.

Per diem.

Tests.

Proviso.
Right to use inventions.

That all material purchased under the foregoing provisions of this Act shall be of American manufacture, except in cases when, in the judgment of the Secretary of War, it is to the manifest interest of the United States to make purchases in limited quantities abroad, which material shall be admitted free of duty.

Purchases to be of American manufacture.
Exception.

A. H. EMERY ELEVATING CARRIAGE.

To enable A. H. Emery to complete and erect the twelve-inch elevating carriage he is building for the Government the Secretary of War, in his discretion, is hereby authorized to increase the contract price of such carriage and its foundations from one hundred and fifty

A. H. Emery elevating carriage.

Contract price may be increased.

Vol. 31, p. 186.

thousand dollars to one hundred and ninety thousand dollars; and to enable the Secretary of War to make this increase in the price of this work and to make payment therefor the sum of forty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated: *Provided*, That if in the judgment of the Secretary of War the carriage, emplacement, and loading mechanism can be completed for the sum hereby appropriated, and when completed will be of service to the Government, the appropriation herein made shall be available.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

Proviso.
Condition.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 151.]

CHAP. 1001.—An Act Authorizing and empowering the Secretary of War to locate a right of way for and granting the same and a right to operate and maintain a line of railroad through the Vancouver Barracks and Military Reservation, in the State of Washington, to the Portland, Vancouver and Yakima Railway Company, its successors and assigns.

Vancouver Bar-
racks, etc., Wash.
Portland, Van-
couver and Yakima
Railway granted right
of way through.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized and empowered to locate a right of way, not exceeding one hundred feet in width, through the lands of the Vancouver Barracks and Military Reservation if in his judgment it can be done in such a manner as not to interfere with the uses of said reservation for military purposes by the United States; and when said right of way shall be so located it is hereby granted during the pleasure of Congress to the Portland, Vancouver and Yakima Railway, a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Washington, its successors and assigns, for the purpose of constructing a railroad and telegraph line thereon: *Provided*, That the said right of way and the width and location thereof through said lands, the compensation therefor, and the regulations for operating said railroad within the limits of the said military reservation so as to prevent all damage to public property or for public uses shall be prescribed by the Secretary of War prior to any entry upon said lands or the commencement of the construction of said works: *Provided also*, That whenever said right of way shall cease to be used for the purposes aforesaid the same shall revert to the United States.

Provisos.
Secretary of War to
prescribe use, etc.

Reversion.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. That Congress reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 152.]

CHAP. 1002.—An Act To amend section one of the Act of Congress approved May fourteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, entitled "An Act extending the homestead laws and providing for a right of way for railroads in the district of Alaska."

Alaska.
Homestead laws ex-
tended to.
Vol. 30, p. 409,
amended.
Restriction as to in-
demnity, etc., selec-
tions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the provisions of the homestead laws of the United States not in conflict with the provisions of this Act, and all rights incident thereto, are hereby extended to the district of Alaska, subject to such regulations as may be made by the Secretary of the Interior; and no indemnity, deficiency, or lieu land selections pertaining to any land grant outside of the district of Alaska shall be made, and no land scrip or land warrant of any kind whatsoever shall be located within or exercised upon any lands in said district except as now provided by law; and provided further that no more than one hundred and sixty acres shall be entered in any single body by such scrip, lieu selection, or soldier's additional homestead right;

Maximum entries.

and provided further that no location of scrip, selection, or right along any navigable or other waters shall be made within the distance of eighty rods of any lands, along such waters, theretofore located by means of any such scrip or otherwise; and provided further that no commutation privileges shall be allowed in excess of one hundred and sixty acres included in any homestead entry under the provisions hereof: *Provided*, That no entry shall be allowed extending more than one hundred and sixty rods along the shore of any navigable water, and along such shore a space of at least eighty rods shall be reserved from entry between all such claims; and that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to authorize entries to be made or title to be acquired to the shore of any navigable waters within said district; and no patent shall issue hereunder until all the requirements of sections twenty-two hundred and ninety-one, twenty-two hundred and ninety-two, and twenty-three hundred and five of the Revised Statutes of the United States have been fully complied with as to residence, improvements, cultivation, and proof except as to commuted lands as herein provided: *And it is further provided*, That every person who is qualified under existing laws to make homestead entry of the public lands of the United States who has settled upon or who shall hereafter settle upon any of the public lands of the United States situated in the district of Alaska, whether surveyed or unsurveyed, with the intention of claiming the same under the homestead laws, shall, subject to the provisions and limitations hereof, be entitled to enter three hundred and twenty acres or a less quantity of unappropriated public land in said district of Alaska. If any of the land so settled upon, or to be settled upon, is unsurveyed, then the land settled upon, or to be settled upon, must be located in a rectangular form, not more than one mile in length, and located by north and south lines run according to the true meridian; that the location so made shall be marked upon the ground by permanent monuments at each of the four corners of the said location, so that the boundaries of the same may be readily and easily traced; that the record of said location shall, within ninety days from the date of settlement, be filed for record in the recording district in which the land is situated. Said record shall contain the name of the settler, the date of the settlement, and such a description of the land settled upon, by reference to some natural object or permanent monument, as will identify the same; and, if after the expiration of the said period of five years or at such date as the settler may desire to commute the public surveys of the United States have not been extended over the land located, a patent shall nevertheless issue for the land included within the boundaries of said location as thus recorded, upon proof to be submitted to the register and receiver of the proper land office, upon proof that he is a citizen of the United States, and upon the further proof required by section twenty-two hundred and ninety-one of the Revised Statutes of the United States as heretofore and herein amended, and under the procedure in the obtaining of patents to the unsurveyed lands of the United States, as provided for by section ten of the Act hereby amended, and under such rules and regulations as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Interior as hereinbefore provided, without the payment of any purchase price or other charges, except the ordinary office fees and commissions of the register and receiver except one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre on land commuted: *And provided always*, That no title shall be obtained hereunder to any of the mineral or coal lands of the district of Alaska: *And it is further provided*, That the right of any homestead settler to transfer any portion of the land so settled upon, as provided by section twenty-two hundred and eighty-eight of the Revised Statutes of the United States, shall be restricted and limited within the district of Alaska as follows: For church, cemetery, or school purposes to five acres, and

Locations on water banks.

Commutation.

Proviso.
Reservations on navigable waters.

No entries of shores.

Patent requirements.
R. S., secs. 2291, 2292, 2305, pp. 420, 422.

Maximum entry increased.

Location on unsurveyed lands.

Records to be filed.

Issue of patent.

R. S., sec. 2291, p. 420.

Vol. 30, p. 414.

Payments.

Mineral.

Transfers permitted.
R. S., sec. 2288, p. 419.

Contracts voidable. for the right of railroads across such homestead to one hundred feet in width on either side of the center line of said railroad; and all contracts by the settler made before his receipt of patent from the Government, for the conveyance of the land homesteaded by him or her, except as herein provided, shall be held null and void.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 153.]

CHAP. 1003.—An Act To authorize the President of the United States to appoint Kensey J. Hampton captain and quartermaster in the Army.

Capt. Kensey J. Hampton.
May be appointed captain and quartermaster, Army.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States in his discretion be, and he is hereby, authorized to appoint Kensey J. Hampton, late captain and assistant quartermaster, United States Volunteers, to the grade of captain and quartermaster, United States Army, to fill the first or any subsequent vacancy in said grade in the Quartermaster's Department occurring after the passage of this Act.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 154.]

CHAP. 1004.—An Act Granting the right of way to the Kenova and Big Sandy Railroad Company through the Government lands at Lock Number Two, Big Sandy River, and at Lock Number Three, Big Sandy River, both in Wayne County, West Virginia.

Locks 2 and 3, Big Sandy River, W. Va. Kenova and Big Sandy Railroad Company granted right of way through.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Kenova and Big Sandy Railroad Company, a corporation created under and by virtue of the law of the State of West Virginia, its successors and assigns, be, and the same are hereby, empowered to locate, construct, and maintain its railroad through the lands belonging to the United States Government at Lock Number Two, Big Sandy River, and at Lock Number Three, Big Sandy River, in Wayne County, in the State of West Virginia, under such conditions and upon such lines, and of such widths, as shall be determined and approved by the Secretary of War: *Provided,* That the said company shall pay to the United States such sum of money as the Secretary of War shall decide to be the value of the lands so occupied.

Proviso.
Payment.

Time of construction.

SEC. 2. That the right of way granted herein under the provisions contained in this Act shall become inoperative and null and void unless the said company shall, within the term of two years from the first of January, nineteen hundred and three, have so far advanced the construction of said road as to satisfy the War Department that said company is lawfully and successfully established and that said road will be completed as proposed within a reasonable time.

Reversion.

SEC. 3. That if in the future, in the construction or operation by the United States of locks, dams, or other improvements to facilitate navigation on the Big Sandy River, or the tributaries thereof, it shall be necessary to utilize any land or other property of the said railroad company, the privilege shall be granted on such terms as shall be determined by the Secretary of War, and the said railroad company shall execute a valid agreement to that effect to be submitted to and approved by the said Secretary of War.

Amendment.

SEC. 4. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1005.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge across Saint Francis River at or near the town of Saint Francis, Arkansas.

March 3, 1903.
[Public, No. 155.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That authority is hereby granted, and consent is hereby given, for the building of a wagon and foot bridge across Saint Francis River at or near the town of Saint Francis, in the State of Arkansas, by A. R. Vanmatre, a citizen of the State of Missouri: *Provided,* That the plans for such bridge shall first be submitted to and approved by the Secretary of War.

Saint Francis River, Ark.
A. R. Vanmatre may bridge at Saint Francis.

Provido.
Secretary of War to approve plans.
Lawful structure and post route.

SEC. 2. That said bridge shall be a lawful structure, and shall be known and recognized as a post route, and shall enjoy the rights and privileges of other post roads of the United States; and no charge shall be made for the transmission over the same of the mails, troops, and munitions of war of the United States. Equal privileges in the use of said bridge shall be granted to all telegraph and telephone companies, and the United States shall have the right of way across said bridge and its approaches for postal telegraph and telephone purposes; and any changes in the said bridge which the Secretary of War may require in the interests of navigation shall be made by the person or corporation owning or operating the same at their own expense.

Telegraph, etc., rights.

Changes.

Construction.

SEC. 3. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the bridge herein authorized shall not be commenced within one year and completed within two years from the date of approval hereof.

Amendment.

SEC. 4. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1006.—An Act Making appropriations to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, and for prior years, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1903.
[Public, No. 156.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, and for prior years, and for other objects hereinafter stated, namely:

Deficiencies appropriations.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE.

Executive Office.

For contingent expenses of the Executive Office, including stationery therefor, as well as record books, telegrams, telephones, books for library, miscellaneous items, and furniture and carpets for offices, care of office carriages, horses, and harness, five thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Executive Office," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, nine hundred and seventy-one dollars and fifty-three cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Executive Office," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, two hundred and thirty-seven dollars and seven cents.

STATE DEPARTMENT.

State Department.

For stationery, furniture, fixtures, and repairs, and for the purchase of passport paper, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Stationery, etc.

For contingent expenses, namely: For care and subsistence of horses, to be used only for official purposes, and repairs of wagons, carriage,

Contingent expenses.

and harness, rent of stable, telegraphic and electric apparatus and repairs to the same, and miscellaneous items not included in the foregoing on account of the fiscal years as follows: For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, four hundred and thirty-nine dollars and sixteen cents.

Purchase of horses,
etc.

For the purchase of horses and vehicles for the official use of the Department of State, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Editing laws.

To reimburse the law clerk of this Department for expenses incurred in connection with the editing of the laws of the first session of the Fifty-seventh Congress, namely: Clerk hire, expert assistance, indexing, and so forth, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Assistant.

To pay the assistant law clerk to be appointed by the Secretary of State to edit the laws of Congress and perform such other duties as may be required of him, as provided for by the Act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes, for services from December first, nineteen hundred and two, until July first, nineteen hundred and three, eight hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Ante, p. 867.

Great Seal.
Amount for recut-
ting continued.

To enable the Secretary of State to have the Great Seal of the United States recut from the original model, and to purchase a suitable press for its use and a cover to protect the same from dust, the sum of one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars appropriated by the deficiency act approved July first, nineteen hundred and two, "To enable the Secretary of State to have the Great Seal of the United States recut," is hereby reappropriated for the purposes above mentioned.

Ante, p. 552.

Italy.
Indemnity for sub-
jects killed, etc., Er-
win, Miss.

To pay, out of humane consideration, without reference to the question of liability therefor to the Italian Government, as full indemnity to the heirs of Giovanni and Vincenzo Serio, who were slain, and to Salvatore Liberto, who was injured by an armed mob at Erwin, Mississippi, on July eleventh, nineteen hundred and one, five thousand dollars.

Dispatch agency.
Rent.

For rent of offices for the United States dispatch agency, New York City, from January first, nineteen hundred and three, to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, inclusive, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Foreign intercourse.

FOREIGN INTERCOURSE.

Contingent ex-
penses, missions.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, FOREIGN MISSIONS: To enable the President to provide, at the public expense, all such stationery, blanks, records, and other books, seals, presses, flags, and signs as he shall think necessary for the several embassies and legations in the transaction of their business, and also for rent, postage, telegrams, furniture, messenger service, clerk hire, compensation of cavasses, guards, dragoons, and porters, including compensation of interpreter, guards, and Arabic clerk at the consulate at Tangiers, and the compensation of dispatch agents at London, New York, and San Francisco, and for traveling and miscellaneous expenses of embassies and legations, and for printing in the Department of State, and for loss on bills of exchange to and from embassies and legations, twenty thousand dollars.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers on account of the appropriation for "Contingent expenses, foreign missions," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two thousand two hundred and thirty-one dollars and eighty-three cents.

Solomon Hirsch.
Payment to estate
of.

To pay to the estate of Solomon Hirsch, deceased, late United States minister to Turkey, under the following appropriations, namely: Salaries of diplomatic officers while receiving instructions and en transit, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, sixty-three dollars and

sixty-five cents; and steam launch for legation at Constantinople, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, seven dollars and four cents; total, seventy dollars and sixty-nine cents.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, UNITED STATES CONSULATES: For expenses of providing all such stationery, blanks, records and other books, seals, presses, flags, signs, rent, postage, furniture, statistics, newspapers, freight (foreign and domestic), telegrams, advertising, messenger service, traveling expenses of consular officers and consular clerks, compensation of Chinese writers, loss by exchange, and such other miscellaneous expenses as the President may think necessary for the several consulates, consular agencies, and commercial agencies in the transaction of their business, forty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses, consulates.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation for "Contingent expenses, United States consulates," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, fifty-seven thousand two hundred and fifty-five dollars and forty-four cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation for "Contingent expenses, United States consulates," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, twelve thousand four hundred and ninety-one dollars and forty-six cents.

SALARIES, CHARGÉ D'AFFAIRES AD INTERIM: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Salaries, chargé d'affaires ad interim," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, four hundred and twelve dollars and seventy-six cents.

Chargés d'affaires ad interim.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Salaries, chargé d'affaires ad interim," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, one thousand and forty-nine dollars and ninety-nine cents.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF AMERICAN REPUBLICS: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation for "International Union of American Republics," for the fiscal years as follows:

International Union of American Republics.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two dollars and seventy-four cents.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, two dollars and seventy-four cents.

PUBLICATION OF DIPLOMATIC, CONSULAR, AND COMMERCIAL REPORTS: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation for "Publication of diplomatic, consular, and commercial reports," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, six thousand one hundred and seventy-four dollars and thirty-five cents.

Consular, etc., reports.

Authority is hereby given to extend the leave of absence from his post of duty, with pay, of the envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Venezuela for such time as the President may direct.

Minister to Venezuela. Leave extended.

The appropriation of seven thousand five hundred dollars, made for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, for salary of a minister resident and consul-general to Persia is hereby made available for the salary of the envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to Persia for said fiscal year.

Persia. Appropriation available for envoy. Ante, p. 808.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Treasury Department.

OFFICE OF TREASURER OF THE UNITED STATES (NATIONAL CURRENCY TO BE REIMBURSED BY NATIONAL BANKS): For the following for the balance of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three: For two clerks of class one; two clerks, at the rate of one thousand dollars each per annum; two clerks, at the rate of nine hundred dollars each per annum; and three clerks, at the rate of seven hundred dollars each per

Treasurer's office. Redemption of national currency.

annum; in all, two thousand seven hundred and eighty-nine dollars and seventy cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Counters.

For the temporary employment by detailing from the Bureau of Engraving and Printing of additional counters adequate to assort the congested notes in the national bank redemption agency of the office of the Treasurer of the United States, to be used to reimburse the appropriations of the Bureau for the force so detailed, three thousand dollars.

Register's office.
Counters.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTER: For the following for the remainder of the current fiscal year, namely: For nine counters, at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum each; and one laborer, at the rate of six hundred and sixty dollars per annum; two thousand three hundred and ninety-nine dollars and eighty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Supervising Architect.
Additional draftsmen, etc.

OFFICE OF SUPERVISING ARCHITECT: The services of skilled draftsmen, civil engineers, computers, accountants, assistants to the photographer, copyists, and such other services as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary and specially order, may be employed, in addition to those now authorized, in the office of the Supervising Architect exclusively to carry into effect the various appropriations for public buildings, to be paid for from and equitably charged against such appropriations: *Provided*, That the additional expenditures on this account for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall in the next annual estimates report to Congress the number of persons so employed and the amount paid to each.

Proviso.
Limit of increase.

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES: For purchase of coal, wood, engine oils and grease, grates, grate baskets and fixtures, blowers, coal hods, coal shovels, pokers, and tongs, four thousand dollars.

Stationery.

For stationery for the Treasury Department and its several bureaus, eight thousand dollars.

Rent, additional quarters.

For rent of buildings (for rental of additional quarters in building numbered nine hundred and twenty to nine hundred and twenty-two E street northwest, Washington, District of Columbia, two sections on sixth floor, for files and storage purposes (at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum) as follows: From March first to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, six hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents; from July first, nineteen hundred and three, to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, two thousand dollars); in all, two thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For the erection of shelving on the sixth floor of buildings numbered nine hundred and twenty and nine hundred and twenty-two E street northwest, Washington, District of Columbia, and to remain available during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, two thousand two hundred dollars.

Transferring records, etc.

For transferring documents and records from Treasury building and annexes to buildings numbered nine hundred and twenty and nine hundred and twenty-two E street northwest, Washington, District of Columbia, and to remain available during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, one thousand dollars.

For newspapers, law books, city directories, and other books of reference relating to the business of the Department, three hundred dollars.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Treasury Department: Freight, telegrams, and so forth," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand three hundred and forty-four dollars and ninety cents.

For purchase of horses and wagons, for office and mail service, to

be used only for official purposes, care and subsistence of horses, including shoeing, and of wagons, harness, and repairs of the same, five hundred dollars.

For purchase of file holders and file cases, one thousand dollars.

For purchase of boxes, book rests, chairs, chair caning, chair covers, desks, bookcases, clocks, cloth for covering desks, cushions, leather for covering chairs and sofas, locks, lumber, screens, tables, ventilators, typewriters, wardrobe cabinets, washstands, water coolers and stands, five thousand dollars.

Furniture.

For purchase of gas, electric current for lighting and power purposes, gas and electric-light fixtures, electric-light wiring and material, candles, candlesticks, droplights and tubing, gas burners, gas torches, globes, lanterns, and wicks, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Lighting.

For washing and hemming towels, for the purchase of awnings and fixtures, window shades and fixtures, alcohol, benzine, turpentine, varnish, baskets, belting, bellows, bowls, brooms, buckets, brushes, canvas, crash, cloth, chamois skins, cotton waste, door and window fasteners, dusters; flower garden, street, and engine hose; lace leather, lye, nails, oils, plants, picks, pitchers, powders, stencil plates; hand stamps, and repairs of same; stamp ink, spittoons, soap, matches, match safes, sponges, tacks, traps, thermometers, tools, towels, towel racks, tumblers, wire, zinc, and for blacksmithing, repairs of machinery, removal of rubbish, sharpening tools, advertising for proposals, and for sales at public auction in Washington, District of Columbia, of condemned property belonging to the Treasury Department, payment of auctioneer fees, and purchase of other absolutely necessary articles, five thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For postage required to prepay matter addressed to Postal Union countries, and for postage for the Treasury Department, three hundred and one dollars and fifty-six cents.

Postage, etc.

To pay the account of the Smithsonian Institution for the transmission of mail matter for the Treasury Department on account of the fiscal years as follows:

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, three hundred and forty-nine dollars.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, four hundred and seventeen dollars and fifty-five cents.

Purchase of registering accountants, numbering machines, and other machines of a similar character, and repairs thereto, one thousand one hundred and seventy dollars.

Numbering machines, etc.

REWIRED BUILDING, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For rewiring Treasury building for electric lighting, twenty thousand dollars.

Rewiring building.

For the new roadway west side Treasury premises, including coal scales, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Roadway.

For remodeling printing office, fourth floor Treasury building, for accommodation of photograph gallery, one thousand dollars.

Photograph gallery.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, INDEPENDENT TREASURY: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for contingent expenses, independent treasury, twenty thousand dollars.

Independent treasury, contingent expenses.

TRANSPORTATION OF SILVER COIN: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for transportation of silver coin, fifteen thousand dollars.

Transporting silver coin.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Transportation of silver coin," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two thousand seven hundred and four dollars and thirty-one cents.

RECOINAGE OF GOLD COINS: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for recoinage of gold coins, three thousand dollars.

Recoinage gold coins.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Recoinage of gold coins" for

the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand four hundred and fifty-two dollars and nine cents.

Vaults, safes, and locks.

VAULTS, SAFES, AND LOCKS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings" for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and eighty-seven dollars and fifty-two cents.

Compensation in lieu of moieties.

COMPENSATION IN LIEU OF MOIETIES: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Compensation in lieu of moieties" for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, three hundred and fifty dollars.

Alaskan natives.

SUPPLIES FOR NATIVE INHABITANTS OF ALASKA: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Supplies for native inhabitants of Alaska" for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, eighty-six dollars and twenty cents.

Quarantine service. Repairs to vessels.

QUARANTINE SERVICE: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Repairs to vessels, quarantine service," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, ten cents.

Astoria, Oreg.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Quarantine station, Astoria, Oregon," five dollars and twenty-five cents.

Chinese exclusion.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE CHINESE-EXCLUSION ACT: To prevent unlawful entry of Chinese into the United States, by the appointment of suitable officers to enforce the laws in relation thereto, and for expenses of returning to China all Chinese persons found to be unlawfully in the United States, including the cost of imprisonment and actual expense of conveyance of Chinese persons to the frontier or seaboard for deportation, fifty thousand dollars.

Deportation to Hongkong.

For bills incidental to the deportation of Chinamen to Hongkong, China, and payment of salaries of Chinese inspectors, being for the service of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Collecting customs revenue.

COLLECTING THE REVENUE FROM CUSTOMS: To defray the expenses of collecting the revenue from customs, being additional to the permanent appropriation for this purpose, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, two million three hundred thousand dollars.

Blanks and Norton. Reimbursement.

REIMBURSEMENT TO BLANKS AND NORTON: To reimburse Blanks and Norton, of Shreveport, Louisiana, the amount of a certified check (thirty-five dollars) deposited by them to guarantee the faithful performance of a contract to supply fuel to the court-house and post-office building at Shreveport, Louisiana, during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, and wrongfully used by the custodian of said building, who died before said illegal use was disclosed, thirty-five dollars.

J. N. Ornelas, etc. Payment to.

PAYMENT TO J. N. ORNELAS AND OTHER MEXICAN CITIZENS FOR CATTLE SEIZED: To pay J. N. Ornelas and other Mexican citizens the appraised foreign value of certain seventy-two head of cattle improperly seized and sold by the collector of customs at El Paso, Texas, and the proceeds covered into the Treasury, three hundred and ninety-one dollars.

San Francisco, Cal., harbor commissioners. Payment to.

PAYMENT TO BOARD OF STATE HARBOR COMMISSIONERS, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: To pay the board of State harbor commissioners, San Francisco, California, for damages caused by the revenue steamer Thetis to Howard street wharf and shed April seventeenth, nineteen hundred and two, as found by a board of investigation convened for that purpose, sixty-four dollars.

C. W. Battle. Reimbursing postal revenues, accounts of.

REIMBURSEMENT TO POSTAL REVENUES ON ACCOUNT OF C. W. BATTLE: To reimburse the postal revenues the amount of judgment recovered in case United States against C. W. Battle and the sureties on his

bond as postmaster at Brattleboro, North Carolina, and erroneously covered into the General Treasury, two hundred and forty-four dollars and thirty-six cents.

DISTINCTIVE PAPER FOR UNITED STATES SECURITIES: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for distinctive paper for United States securities, one hundred and three thousand five hundred and thirty-two dollars. Distinctive paper, securities.

SEALING AND SEPARATING UNITED STATES SECURITIES: For materials required to seal and separate United States notes and certificates, such as composition rollers, ink, printer's varnish, sperm oil, white printing paper, manila paper, thin muslin, benzine, gutta-percha belting, and other necessary articles and expenses, five hundred dollars. Sealing, etc., securities.

PAYMENT TO PROPELLER TOWBOAT COMPANY: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to carry out the provisions of the "Act for the relief of the Propeller Towboat Company, of Savannah," approved February eighteenth, nineteen hundred and three, two thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine dollars and forty-five cents. Propeller Towboat Company. Payment to. Post, p. 1613.

REIMBURSEMENT OF FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NAVASOTA, TEXAS: To pay to the First National Bank of Navasota, Texas, to reimburse said bank for the loss of five hundred dollars in mutilated currency by fire at Charlottesville, Virginia, while said money was en route by mail, properly registered, to the Secretary of the Treasury for redemption, five hundred dollars. First National Bank, Navasota, Tex. Reimbursement.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

Life-Saving Service.

Authority is hereby granted the Secretary of the Treasury to pay from the unexpended balances of the appropriations "Life-Saving Service," nineteen hundred and two and nineteen hundred and three, an amount sufficient to meet the increase in the salaries of the district superintendents of the Life-Saving Service, as provided under the Act of Congress approved June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two. Superintendents. Use of balances to pay increased salaries. Act, p. 484.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Public buildings.

For immediate repairs to the wharf at Wilmington, North Carolina, recently purchased by the United States, there may be used not exceeding two thousand dollars out of the unexpended balance remaining of the appropriation made for "purchase of property for customs purposes at Wilmington, North Carolina." Wilmington, N. C. Repairs to wharf. Act, p. 497.

For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials at Waco, Texas, and for moving and other expenses incidental thereto pending the extension of the post-office and court-house, one thousand five hundred dollars. Waco, Tex. Rent, etc.

For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials at Greensboro, North Carolina, and for moving and other expenses incidental thereto pending the extension of the post-office and court-house, one thousand dollars. Greensboro, N. C. Rent, etc.

For completing the building for the laboratory for the Marine-Hospital Service, one thousand dollars. Marine-Hospital Laboratory.

For the expenses of the investigation required by the "Act for the relief of William M. Bird, James F. Redding, Henry F. Welch, and others," approved February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, one thousand five hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary. Charleston, S. C. Post, p. 1610.

For the following sums, under the Act entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved March third, nineteen hundred and three, namely: Expenditures authorized in omnibus bill. Post, p. 1203.

Rome, Georgia, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, forty thousand dollars. Rome, Ga.

- Emporia, Kans. Emporia, Kansas, post-office: For completion of building, nine thousand dollars.
- Council Bluffs, Iowa. Council Bluffs, Iowa, post-office: For purchase of additional land, seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Fitchburg, Mass. Fitchburg, Massachusetts, post-office: For completion of building, five thousand dollars.
- Centerville, Iowa. Centerville, Iowa, post-office: For continuation of building, five thousand dollars.
- Durham, N. C. Durham, North Carolina, post-office: For continuation of building, thirty thousand dollars.
- Goldsboro, N. C. Goldsboro, North Carolina, court-house, post-office, and so forth: For continuation of building, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Elizabeth, N. J. Elizabeth, New Jersey, post-office: For continuation of building, sixty thousand dollars.
- Rochester, N. Y. Rochester, New York, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building, twenty thousand dollars.
- Martinsville, Va. Martinsville, Virginia, post-office: For continuation of building, ten thousand dollars.
- Janesville, Wis. Janesville, Wisconsin, post-office: For completion of building, six thousand dollars.
- Atlantic City, N. J. Atlantic City, New Jersey, post-office: For continuation of building, twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Batesville, Ark. Batesville, Arkansas, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building, ten thousand dollars.
- Saint Joseph, Mo. Saint Joseph, Missouri, post-office: For continuation of building, fifty thousand dollars.
- Sterling, Ill. Sterling, Illinois, post-office: For commencement of building, twenty thousand dollars.
- Champaign, Ill. Champaign, Illinois, post-office: For commencement of building, thirty thousand dollars.
- Traverse City, Mich. Traverse City, Michigan, post-office and custom-house: For commencement of building, twenty thousand dollars.
- Moberly, Mo. Moberly, Missouri, post-office: For commencement of building, twenty thousand dollars.
- Columbia, Mo. Columbia, Missouri, post-office: For commencement of building, twenty thousand dollars.
- Tacoma, Wash. Tacoma, Washington, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For commencement of building, thirty thousand dollars.
- Spokane, Wash. Spokane, Washington, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For commencement of building, thirty thousand dollars.
- Pierre, S. Dak. Pierre, South Dakota, post-office and court-house: For commencement of building, thirty thousand dollars.
- Yankton, S. Dak. Yankton, South Dakota, post-office: For commencement of building, thirty thousand dollars.
- Natchitoches, La. Natchitoches, Louisiana, post-office: For commencement of building, thirty thousand dollars.
- Bar Harbor, Me. Bar Harbor, Maine, post-office: Additional for purchase of site, six thousand dollars.
- Calais, Me. Calais, Maine, post-office and court-house: Additional for purchase of site, six thousand dollars.
- Hamilton, Ohio. Hamilton, Ohio, post-office: Additional for purchase of site, ten thousand dollars.
- Albert Lea, Minn. Albert Lea, Minnesota, post-office: Additional for purchase of site and commencement of building, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Crookston, Minn. Crookston, Minnesota, post-office: Additional for purchase of site, two thousand dollars.
- Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Saratoga Springs, New York, post-office: Additional for purchase of site, five thousand dollars.
- Dixon, Ill. Dixon, Illinois, post-office: For site, ten thousand dollars.
- Tuscaloosa, Ala. Tuscaloosa, Alabama, post-office: For site, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Hagerstown, Maryland, post-office: For site, ten thousand dollars.	Hagerstown, Md.
East Liverpool, Ohio, post-office: For site, thirty thousand dollars.	East Liverpool, Ohio.
Florence, Alabama, post-office: For site, seven thousand five hundred dollars.	Florence, Ala.
York, Nebraska, post-office: For site, ten thousand dollars.	York, Nebr.
Ann Arbor, Michigan, post-office: For site, twelve thousand dollars.	Ann Arbor, Mich.
Carbondale, Pennsylvania, post-office: For site, twelve thousand dollars.	Carbondale, Pa.
Grand Island, Nebraska, post-office: For site, ten thousand dollars.	Grand Island, Nebr.
Woonsocket, Rhode Island, post-office: For site, fifteen thousand dollars.	Woonsocket, R. I.
Bluefields, West Virginia, post-office and court-house: For site, ten thousand dollars.	Bluefields, W. Va.
Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, post-office: For site, ten thousand dollars.	Chippewa Falls, Wis.
Portland, Maine, court-house: For site, sixty thousand dollars.	Portland, Me.
Bedford, Indiana, post-office: For site, six thousand dollars.	Bedford, Ind.
Marinette, Wisconsin, post-office: For site, ten thousand dollars.	Marinette, Wis.
Gainesville, Georgia, post-office: For site, five thousand dollars.	Gainesville, Ga.
Valdosta, Georgia, post-office: For site, eight thousand dollars.	Valdosta, Ga.
Webster City, Iowa, post-office: For site, eight thousand dollars.	Webster City, Iowa.
Butler, Pennsylvania, post-office: For site, twenty thousand dollars.	Butler, Pa.
Corning, New York, post-office: For site, fifteen thousand dollars.	Corning, N. Y.
Westminster, Maryland, post-office: For site, four thousand dollars.	Westminster, Md.
Meadville, Pennsylvania, post-office: For site, eight thousand dollars.	Meadville, Pa.
Mason City, Iowa, post-office: For site, eight thousand dollars.	Mason City, Iowa.
Marion, Indiana, post-office: For site, twenty-five thousand dollars.	Marion, Ind.
Pine Bluff, Arkansas, post-office: For site, seven thousand dollars.	Pine Bluff, Ark.
Houston, Texas, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For site, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.	Houston, Tex.
Baker City, Oregon, post-office: For site, five thousand dollars.	Baker City, Oreg.
Bessemer, Alabama, post-office: For site, twelve thousand dollars.	Bessemer, Ala.
Ocala, Florida, post-office: For site, four thousand dollars.	Ocala, Fla.
Burlington, Vermont, post-office and custom-house: Temporary quarters, moving, and all incident expenses, ten thousand dollars.	Burlington, Vt.
Richmond, Virginia, custom-house and post-office: Additional for site, twenty-seven thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.	Richmond, Va.
Bureau Engraving and Printing, Washington, District of Columbia: For additional land and commencement of buildings, one hundred thousand dollars.	Engraving and Printing Bureau.
Atlanta, Georgia, post-office and court-house: Additional for site, thirty thousand dollars.	Atlanta, Ga.
Toledo, Ohio, post-office: Additional for site, one hundred and eighteen thousand dollars.	Toledo, Ohio.
For municipal building for the joint use of the United States and the District of Columbia, at Washington, District of Columbia: For continuation of building under present limit, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, one-half of which sum shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and the other half from the Treasury of the United States.	Municipal building, District of Columbia.
Jacksonville, Florida, post-office and custom-house: For commencement of building, fifty thousand dollars.	Half from District revenues.
For the acquisition of square numbered one hundred and forty-three in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, as a site for the Hall of Records, four hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.	Jacksonville, Fla.
To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to have preliminary plans prepared for a Hall of Records, five thousand dollars; said plans shall not be upon a basis of construction of a building involving a total cost exceeding two million dollars, and no plan shall be adopted unless authorized by legislation hereafter to be enacted, and said plan or any	Washington, D. C. Hall of Records, site.
	Preliminary plans. Limit of cost.
	Post, p. 1212.

compensation connected therewith shall only be preliminary and shall not in any way run with the construction of the building, and no obligation for such preliminary plans shall be incurred to cost in excess of five thousand dollars herein appropriated.

Engraving and Printing.

ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

Salaries.

For labor and expenses of engraving and printing: For salaries of all necessary clerks and employees, other than plate printers and plate printers' assistants, one hundred and fifty-six thousand eight hundred and thirteen dollars and forty-five cents, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That no portion of this sum shall be expended for printing United States notes or Treasury notes of larger denomination than those that may be canceled or retired, except in so far as such printing may be necessary in executing the requirements of the Act "to define and fix the standard of value, to maintain the parity of all forms of money issued or coined by the United States, to refund the public debt, and for other purposes," approved March fourteenth, nineteen hundred.

Proviso.
Large notes.

Vol. 31, p. 45.

Wages.

For wages of plate printers, at piece rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, not to exceed the rates usually paid for such work, including the wages of printers' assistants when employed, two hundred and eighty thousand and ten dollars and ninety-five cents, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That no portion of this sum shall be expended for printing United States notes or Treasury notes of larger denominations than those that may be canceled or retired, except in so far as such printing may be necessary in executing the requirements of the Act "To define and fix the standard of value, to maintain the parity of all forms of money issued or coined by the United States, to refund the public debt, and for other purposes," approved March fourteenth, nineteen hundred.

Proviso.
Large notes.

Vol. 31, p. 45.

Materials.

For engravers' and printers' materials and other materials, except distinctive paper, and for miscellaneous expenses, one hundred and thirty-two thousand five hundred and fifty-eight dollars and seven cents.

Rent.

For rent of building now occupied by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing for storage and other purposes, at a rental of sixty dollars a month, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

Internal revenue.

COLLECTING INTERNAL REVENUE.

Salaries.

For salaries and expenses of agents, fees and expenses of gaugers, salaries and expenses of storekeepers and storekeeper-gaugers, and miscellaneous expenses incident to the collection of internal revenue, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

Paper for stamps.

For paper for internal-revenue stamps, including freight, fifteen thousand dollars.

Rebate of tobacco tax.

For the payment of drawback or rebate on original and unbroken factory packages of smoking and manufactured tobacco and snuff, as provided in section four of "An Act to repeal war-revenue taxation, and for other purposes," approved April twelfth, nineteen hundred and two, one million three hundred and seventy thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: *Provided*, That claims for rebates on tobacco and snuff as set out in section four of the Act of April twelfth, nineteen hundred and two, which were presented after the sixty days' limit therein specified shall be allowed and paid upon proper proof: *Provided*, That the tobacco and snuff on which such rebates are claimed were duly inventoried on July first, nineteen hundred and two, in accordance with the regulations of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, but no such claims shall be paid unless presented prior to April first, nineteen hundred and three.

Ante, p. 97.

Provisos.
Time limit extended.

Claims to be presented by Apr. 1, 1903.

To pay amounts which may be found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury for redemption of stamps under the Act of June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Redemption of stamps.
Ante, p. 506.

To pay amounts certified to be due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Redemption of stamps," one hundred and thirty-one thousand nine hundred and fifty-nine dollars and twenty-six cents.

To pay amounts certified to be due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Refunding taxes illegally collected," twenty-six thousand four hundred and four dollars and twenty-two cents.

Refunding taxes.

REVENUE-CUTTER SERVICE.

For amount necessary to meet the requirements of the Revenue-Cutter Service, in addition to the regular appropriation for said service, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Revenue-Cutter Service.
Expenses.

For amount necessary to meet the requirements of "An Act to promote the efficiency of the Revenue-Cutter Service," approved April twelfth, nineteen hundred and two, and for other expenses incident to the service during the fiscal year ended June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Ante, p. 100.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Expenses of Revenue-Cutter Service" for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, thirty-one thousand two hundred and seventy-three dollars and sixty-one cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Expenses of Revenue-Cutter Service" for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, two thousand two hundred and sixty-two dollars and seventy-three cents.

MINTS AND ASSAY OFFICES.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, assay office at Seattle," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, seventy-four dollars and seventeen cents.

Mints and assay offices.
Seattle, Wash.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Wages and contingent expenses, assay office at Seattle," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, eleven dollars and twenty-nine cents.

LIGHT-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.

To enable the United States to obtain ownership of the present sites, named on page eight, House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four, of the present session, upon which range lights have been established along the Saint Marys River, Michigan, which were and are now urgently needed as permanent aids to navigation, including the necessary expenses of vesting the titles to the same in the United States, eight hundred and twenty-two dollars and fifty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Light-House Establishment.
Saint Marys River, Mich.
Range light sites.

To enable the United States to obtain ownership of the present sites of the light stations named on page eight, House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four, of the present session, upon which range lights have been established along the Saint Marys River, Michigan, which were and are now urgently needed as permanent aids to navigation, including the necessary expenses of vesting the titles to the same in the United States, two thousand eight hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Light-station sites.

Territories.

GOVERNMENT IN THE TERRITORIES.

Oklahoma.

OKLAHOMA: For legislative expenses, namely: For rent of office and clerk hire, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand two hundred and fifteen dollars and twenty-two cents.

Porto Rico.
Traveling expenses,
Federico Degetau.
Ante, p. 732.

PORTO RICO: To pay Federico Degetau, resident commissioner from Porto Rico to the United States, the amount found due him by the accounting officers of the Treasury under the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, for traveling expenses, Washington, District of Columbia, to Porto Rico and return, being for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents.

Interstate Commerce Commission.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Expenses.

To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to give effect to the provisions of the "Act to regulate commerce" and all Acts and amendments supplementary thereto, twenty thousand dollars.

District of Columbia.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Coroner's office.

CORONER'S OFFICE: To pay the deputy coroner for services during the absence of the coroner, for the fiscal years as follows:

Fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, thirty dollars.

Fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one hundred and twenty dollars.

Assessor's office.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE: For temporary clerk hire, five hundred dollars.

Personal-tax board.

PERSONAL-TAX BOARD: Authority is hereby granted the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to use five hundred dollars, in addition to the one thousand dollars heretofore authorized, for the hire of temporary clerks from contingent expenses of the personal-tax board.

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES: For rent of office rooms occupied by the superintendent of property, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, five hundred and sixty dollars.

For contingent expenses required for the office of the superintendent of insurance, including rent, furniture, stationery, printing, books, law books, books of reference, and periodicals, and other general necessary expenses of his office, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and twenty-six dollars and ninety-five cents.

For general advertising, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, seven hundred and forty-eight dollars and sixty-seven cents.

Judicial expenses.

For judicial expenses, including procurement of chains of title, the printing of briefs in the court of appeals of the District of Columbia, and witness fees in District cases before the supreme court of said District, for the fiscal years as follows:

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, seven hundred dollars.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and ninety dollars and twenty-eight cents.

W. C. Dodge.
Expert services.

That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are authorized to allow W. C. Dodge twenty-five dollars for services as expert witness in eighteen hundred and ninety-one, to be paid from the appropriation for judicial expenses, fiscal year nineteen hundred and three.

Bathing beach.

BATHING BEACH: For amount required for the care, operation, maintenance, and repair of the bathing beach, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, thirty-six dollars and fifty-seven cents.

Street sweeping.

STREET SWEEPING: For amount due William Wendehuth for services rendered in connection with the contract for street sweeping for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and seventy-four, thirty-four dollars.

Electrical department.

ELECTRICAL DEPARTMENT: For amount required for general expenses, service of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and eighty-nine dollars and sixty-three cents.

METROPOLITAN POLICE: For additional amounts required to meet the objects set forth in the appropriation for miscellaneous and contingent expenses for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand one hundred and ninety dollars and seventy-two cents.

Police.

For additional amounts required to meet the objects set forth in the appropriation for the house of detention for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two hundred and four dollars and forty-one cents.

For additional amount for the house of detention, one thousand dollars.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to use from the unexpended balance of the appropriation "To maintain public order, District of Columbia, nineteen hundred and three," the sum of one hundred and thirty dollars in addition to the one thousand dollars heretofore made available for the construction, maintenance, and operation of public-comfort stations.

Public-comfort stations.
Use of balance.
Ante, p. 748.

FIRE DEPARTMENT: For rent of fire department headquarters, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, three hundred and sixty dollars.

Fire Department.

For repairs to engine houses and grounds, five hundred dollars.

For forage, six thousand five hundred dollars.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to transfer one thousand dollars from the appropriation for the purchase of hose to the appropriation for contingent expenses, fiscal year nineteen hundred and three.

Transfer of appropriation.

The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to pay S. S. Daish and Sons sixteen dollars and Charles Werner seventeen dollars for fuel delivered, without inspection required by law, fiscal year nineteen hundred and three.

Fuel.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS: For amount required for contingent expenses, made necessary by the increased rates of insurance, fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one thousand dollars.

Public schools.

COURTS: For witness fees, fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-six, one dollar and twenty-five cents.

Witness fees.

JUDGMENTS: For payment of the judgments, including costs, against the District of Columbia, set forth in House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four of this session, six thousand five hundred and ninety-six dollars and eighty-four cents, together with a further sum to pay the interest, at not exceeding four per centum, on said judgments, from the date the same became due until the date of payment.

Judgments.

WRITS OF LUNACY: To defray the expenses attending the execution of writs de lunatico inquirendo in all cases of indigent insane persons committed or sought to be committed to the Government Hospital for the Insane by order of the executive authority of the District of Columbia, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Lunacy writs.

That hereafter proceedings by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to commit indigent insane persons, and insane persons having violent or dangerous tendencies, to the Government Hospital for the Insane shall be taken in the equity court of said District, and shall be in conformity with the law in force in said District on the thirtieth day of January, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine.

Equity court to commit indigent insane.

That sections one, two, three, four, five, six, and eight of the Act of Congress approved January thirty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An Act to change the proceedings for admission to the Government Hospital for the Insane in certain cases, and for other purposes," and all other Acts or parts of Acts inconsistent herewith, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Proceedings in orphan's court abolished.
Vol. 30, p. 811.

WASHINGTON ASYLUM: For additional amounts required to meet the objects set forth in the appropriation for contingent expenses for the fiscal years that follow:

Washington Asylum.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, five thousand nine hundred and eighty-three dollars and sixteen cents.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand four hundred and thirty-eight dollars and thirty-four cents.

Freedmen's Hospital.

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL AND ASYLUM: For additional amounts required for fuel and light and other objects mentioned under this head in the appropriation for the service of the fiscal years that follow:

Fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, seven dollars and fifty cents.

Fiscal year nineteen hundred, twelve dollars and two cents.

Fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, eight dollars and thirty-one cents.

Garfield Hospital.
Isolation ward.

GARFIELD HOSPITAL ISOLATING WARD, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For additional amount required for maintenance of the isolation ward for minor contagious diseases at Garfield Hospital for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one thousand dollars.

Industrial Home School.

INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For additional amount required for maintenance, fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, four thousand dollars.

Foundlings' Hospital.

WASHINGTON HOSPITAL FOR FOUNDLINGS: To provide suitable protection against disaster by fire to the buildings of the institution, one thousand one hundred dollars.

Board of Children's Guardians.
Care of children.

BOARD OF CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS: For amount required to pay to various institutions obligations incurred for board and care of children committed to the guardianship of the Board of Children's Guardians, with authority to pay eighty-seven dollars and five cents to institutions adjudged to be under sectarian control, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, six hundred and thirty-one dollars and thirty-six cents.

Alleys.
Condemnation expenses.

ALLEYS: The Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to pay jurors' fees, and the fee of the United States marshal in condemnation proceedings for the opening of a minor street in square twenty-four, from the appropriation for alleys, District of Columbia.

Adams Mill road.

ADAMS MILL ROAD: For additional amount required to pay the award for damages in the matter of the widening of Adams Mill road, three thousand two hundred and six dollars and twenty-seven cents.

Deporting insane.

HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE: For amount required for the deportation of nonresident insane, one thousand dollars.

Prevention of contagious diseases.
Vol. 26, p. 691.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT: For the enforcement of the provisions of the Act to prevent the spread of scarlet fever and diphtheria in the District of Columbia, approved December twentieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, and the Act to prevent the spread of contagious diseases in the District of Columbia, approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, including purchase and maintenance of necessary horses, wagons, and harness, to continue available during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, ten thousand dollars.

Vol. 29, p. 635.

Jail.

For expenses for maintenance of the jail of the District of Columbia, and for support of prisoners therein, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, being a deficiency on account of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, six hundred and thirty-five dollars and fifty-seven cents.

Half from District revenues.

Except as otherwise provided, one-half of the foregoing amounts to meet deficiencies in the appropriations on account of the District of Columbia shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and one-half from any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Typhoid fever in military camps.
Completing report.

For completion and publication of report of board of medical officers appointed to investigate the origin and spread of typhoid fever in United States military camps in eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, including pay of professional assistance of surviving member of the

board, two thousand five hundred dollars; two stenographers and typewriters, at not exceeding eighty dollars per month each, and for printing and binding five thousand copies in two volumes; in all, twenty-four thousand four hundred and twenty dollars, to remain available during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four.

MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT.

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

REGULAR SUPPLIES: For regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department, including all objects specified under this head in the army appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, the sum of four hundred thousand dollars is hereby reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three out of the unexpended balance of the appropriation for regular supplies of the Quartermaster's Department made for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two.

TRANSPORTATION OF THE ARMY AND ITS SUPPLIES: To enable the accounting officers of the Treasury to reopen and pay certain claims of the Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad and Steamship Company for amounts deducted and withheld from an account recently rendered for transportation service performed over eighty miles of nonland-grant railroad between New Orleans, Louisiana, and Morgan City, Louisiana, in eighteen hundred and eighty-five and eighteen hundred and eighty-nine to eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, inclusive, which had been erroneously considered as land grant, one thousand one hundred and ninety-seven dollars and forty-five cents.

BARRACKS AND QUARTERS, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS: For continuing the work of providing for the proper shelter and protection of officers and enlisted men of the Army of the United States lawfully on duty in the Philippine Islands, including the acquisition of title to building sites where necessary, and including also shelter for animals and supplies, and all other buildings necessary for post administrative purposes, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

SHOOTING GALLERIES AND RANGES: For shelter, shooting galleries, ranges for small-arm target practice, repairs, and expenses incident thereto, ten thousand dollars.

MILITARY POST, FORT SNELLING, MINNESOTA: For constructing a spur from the railway to location of storehouses and such other purposes as the Secretary of War may designate, at Fort Snelling, Minnesota, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

MILITARY POST AT FORT BRADY, MICHIGAN: For the construction, complete, including plumbing, water supply, sewerage, heating and lighting appliances, of barracks for four companies of infantry at Fort Brady, Michigan, to replace buildings at that post wholly destroyed by fire on the second instant, one hundred and twenty-eight thousand four hundred dollars.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR OF HOSPITALS: For construction and repair of hospitals at military posts already established and occupied, including the extra-duty pay of enlisted men employed on the same, and including also all expenditures for construction and repairs required at the Army and Navy Hospital at Hot Springs, Arkansas, except quarters for officers, being for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, nine hundred and fifty dollars.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

HARBOR OF NEW YORK: Prevention of obstructive and injurious deposits within the harbor and adjacent waters of New York City: For pay of crews and maintenance of five steam tugs and three launches, ten thousand dollars.

Military Establishment.

Quartermaster's Department.

Regular supplies. Reappropriation. *Ante*, p. 514.

Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad and Steamship Company. Payment to.

Philippine Islands. Quarters.

Shooting ranges, etc.

Fort Snelling, Minn. Railway spur.

Fort Brady, Mich. Rebuilding barracks.

Hospitals.

Engineer Department.

New York Harbor.

Ordnance Department.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Rock Island Arsenal.
Replacing stores, etc., destroyed by fire.

For replacing the following ordnance and ordnance stores destroyed by fire at the Rock Island Arsenal, Illinois, on February eleventh, nineteen hundred and three, to continue available during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, as follows:

For infantry, cavalry, and artillery equipments, including horse equipments for cavalry and artillery harness for field, mountain, and siege artillery, one hundred and thirty-two thousand seven hundred and twenty-two dollars and fifty cents;

For Gatling guns, with carriages and equipments, twenty thousand dollars;

For implements and equipments for mountain, field, and siege rifles and carriages, one hundred and two thousand six hundred and sixty-six dollars;

For miscellaneous spare parts pertaining to infantry, cavalry, and horse equipments, paints, cleaning material and similar stores, paper targets, leather, portable forges, armament chests, breech covers, paulins, and so forth, and the various tools and material and supplies for issue, six hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, eight hundred and eighty thousand three hundred and eighty-eight dollars and fifty cents.

Storehouse A.
Rebuilding.

For rebuilding and equipping Storehouse A at Rock Island Arsenal, which was destroyed by fire on February eleventh, nineteen hundred and three, to continue available during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Buildings and grounds, D. C.

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS IN AND AROUND WASHINGTON IN CHARGE OF THE CHIEF OF ENGINEERS.

Executive Mansion.
Grounds.

For improvement and maintenance of Executive Mansion grounds (within iron fence), one thousand dollars.

Repairs, etc.

EXECUTIVE MANSION: For care, repair, and refurnishing of Executive Mansion, ten thousand dollars, to be expended by contract or otherwise, as the President may determine.

Fuel.

For fuel for the Executive Mansion, greenhouses, and stable, three thousand dollars.

Lighting.

For gas, electric lights, pay of lamplighters, gas fitters and laborers, and so forth, four thousand dollars.

Conservatories.
Balance continued.
Ante, p. 461.

The unexpended balance of the sum of three thousand dollars appropriated by the Act approved June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, for repairs to conservatory and greenhouses, Executive Mansion, is hereby made available for the reconstruction of said conservatory and greenhouses, and for each and every purpose connected therewith.

Miscellaneous.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alaska.
Transporting destitute citizens.

TRANSPORTATION OF DESTITUTE CITIZENS FROM ALASKA: For payment of accounts for transportation of destitute citizens from Alaska to San Francisco and Port Townsend, five thousand one hundred and forty dollars and ten cents.

Chippewa River,
Wis.
Improvement of.

IMPROVING CHIPPEWA RIVER, WISCONSIN: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Improving Chippewa River, Wisconsin," six dollars and one cent.

Winfield T. Durbin.
Reimbursement.

REIMBURSEMENT TO WINFIELD T. DURBIN: To reimburse Winfield T. Durbin, late colonel One hundred and sixty-first Indiana Volunteers, for amount expended in defending cases brought against him in Florida, one thousand three hundred and two dollars and seventy-six cents, and for reimbursement for cost of erection of one hospital building, and for purchase of one garbage burner for use of the One hun-

dred and sixty-first Regiment of Indiana Volunteers, which were afterwards left for use of the Third Division, Seventh Army Corps, Hospital, two hundred and sixty-three dollars and seventy-six cents; in all, one thousand five hundred and sixty-six dollars and fifty-two cents.

REIMBURSEMENT TO CAPTAIN O. B. MITCHAM: For expenses incurred by Captain O. B. Mitcham, Ordnance Department, United States Army, while in Europe in nineteen hundred, under orders from the Secretary of War and Chief of Ordnance, four hundred and ninety-seven dollars and ninety-one cents.

O. B. Mitcham.
Reimbursement.

PAYMENT TO ALASKA COMMERCIAL COMPANY: For payment to the Alaska Commercial Company, of San Francisco, California, for logs and cord wood purchased by the United States in Alaska, as fully set forth on pages eight and nine of House Document Numbered One hundred and twenty-five of the present session: *Provided*, That before payment is made for the said logs and cord wood the said Alaska Commercial Company shall be required to furnish a good and sufficient bond securing the United States against all adverse claimants, seventeen thousand four hundred and eighty-six dollars and eighty-four cents.

Alaska Commercial
Company.
Payment to.

Proviso.
Indemnity bond.

CREDIT IN ACCOUNTS OF JAMES E. McDONALD, LIEUTENANT, TWENTY-FOURTH INFANTRY, UNITED STATES ARMY: The accounting officers of the Treasury are hereby directed to credit the accounts of Lieutenant James E. McDonald, Twenty-fourth United States Infantry, with one thousand two hundred and ninety-eight dollars and eighty-four cents, balance of quartermaster's funds fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, with which he remains accountable, being the difference between three thousand and fifty-eight dollars and ninety-six cents, the amount of public funds in his possession and destroyed by fire at Humingan, Pangasinan, Philippine Islands, on April twenty-ninth, nineteen hundred and two, and one thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars and twelve cents, representing the value of the ashes of these funds which were found possible of identification and redemption by the Treasury.

James E. McDonald.
Credit in accounts
for funds burned.

CREDIT IN ACCOUNTS OF COLONEL JOHN SIMPSON: The accounting officers of the Treasury are hereby authorized and directed to allow and credit in his accounts for July, nineteen hundred and one, fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, the sum of two hundred and eighty-nine dollars and thirty-six cents.

John Simpson.
Credit in accounts.

CREDIT IN ACCOUNTS OF CAPTAIN MARION P. MAUS: Authority is hereby granted to the proper accounting officers of the Treasury to allow a credit in the accounts of Captain Marion P. Maus, First Infantry, acting paymaster, for the sum of five hundred and eighty-eight dollars and eighty cents, standing against him on the books of the Treasury.

Marion P. Maus.
Credit in accounts.

CREDIT IN ACCOUNTS OF J. W. PULLMAN, LIEUTENANT-COLONEL, DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL, UNITED STATES ARMY: The accounting officers of the Treasury are hereby authorized and directed to reopen the accounts of Lieutenant-Colonel J. W. Pullman, deputy quartermaster-general, United States Army, and to credit him with the amounts of vouchers 1B, April, nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and eleven dollars and ninety-seven cents, and 1B, May, nineteen hundred and two, two hundred and twenty-four dollars and fifty-eight cents, "Army transportation," fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, total of three hundred and thirty-six dollars and fifty-five cents, being for payments of transportation accounts made under misapprehension of law, from the appropriation of fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, which lapsed June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and one.

J. W. Pullman.
Credit in accounts.

Chickamauga and
Chattanooga Park.

CHICKAMAUGA AND CHATTANOOGA NATIONAL PARK: For continuing the establishment of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Park; for the compensation and expenses of two civilian commissioners; maps, surveys, clerical and other assistance, messenger, office expenses, and all other necessary expenses; foundations for State monuments; mowing; historical tablets, iron and bronze; iron gun carriages; and for roads and their maintenance, thirty-three thousand nine hundred and twenty-three dollars and seventy-five cents.

Confederate sol-
diers' claims.
Ante, p. 43.

PAYMENT TO CONFEDERATE SOLDIERS: For payment of claims filed with the Quartermaster-General under Act of February twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, for horses, saddles, and bridles taken from Confederate soldiers in violation of terms of surrender, fifty thousand dollars; and all claims under said Act shall be filed within one year from the first day of March, nineteen hundred and three, or be forever barred.

Final date for filing.

Alaska Commercial
Company and others.
Claims for relief of
destitute Alaskans to
be examined.

ACCOUNTS OF ALASKA COMMERCIAL COMPANY AND OTHERS: The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and required to examine and adjust the accounts of the Alaska Commercial Company, the North American Transportation and Trading Company, and the Alaska Exploration Company for supplies furnished and services rendered to the sick, destitute, and starving natives of Alaska during an epidemic of disease over that country in the year nineteen hundred, and to determine whether such services and supplies were furnished in an exigency at the request of the Government officials, consisting of the governor of Alaska, the officers of the United States Army, the officers of the Revenue-Cutter Service, the special agents of the Treasury Department, and the superintendent of education, Department of the Interior, division of Alaska, and report the result of such adjustment and determination to Congress, with such recommendation as he may deem proper.

"Mogul," British
steamship.
Claim for damages
from collision with
transport to be ex-
amined.

BRITISH STEAMSHIP MOGUL: That the Secretary of War be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to examine the claim of Messrs. Gallatly, Hankey and Company, of London, England, owners of the British steamship Mogul, for damages alleged to be due said owners by reason of the collision between said steamship Mogul and the United States transport Warren in Manila Bay on December thirtieth, nineteen hundred, and determine what damages, if any, are due thereby to said owners of said steamship Mogul, and to certify the amount of such damages, if any are so found to be due, to the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed to report the same to Congress for its action.

Volunteer Soldiers'
Home.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

Dayton, Ohio.

Central Branch at Dayton, Ohio: For current expenses, including the same objects specified under this head in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For household expenses, including the same objects specified under this head in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, six thousand dollars.

Milwaukee, Wis.

For transportation of members of the Home, two thousand dollars.

Northwestern Branch at Milwaukee, Wisconsin: For current expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For transportation of members of the Home for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and one dollars and forty-five cents.

Eastern Branch at Togus, Maine: For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, fifteen thousand dollars.

Togus, Me.

Southern Branch at Hampton, Virginia: For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, thirty thousand dollars.

Hampton, Va.

For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, five thousand dollars.

At the Western Branch at Leavenworth, Kansas: For household expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, seven thousand dollars.

Leavenworth, Kans.

For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and ten dollars.

Marion Branch, at Marion, Indiana: For current expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one thousand dollars.

Marion, Ind.

For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, and for necessary expenses for the procurement, piping, and preservation of natural gas, oil, and water, ten thousand dollars.

Danville Branch, at Danville, Illinois: For subsistence, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, five thousand dollars.

Danville, Ill.

STATE OR TERRITORIAL HOMES: For continuing aid to State or Territorial homes for the support of disabled volunteer soldiers, in conformity with the Act approved August twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, including all classes of soldiers admissible to the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, on account of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, eighty-one thousand three hundred and fifty-five dollars and forty-three cents: *Provided*, That one-half of any sum or sums retained by State homes on account of pensions received from inmates shall be deducted from the aid herein provided for.

State and Territorial homes.

Provided.
Pensions retained.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Navy Department.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY: For fuel, oil, grease, tools, pipe, wire, and other materials needed for the maintenance and repair of boilers, engines, heating apparatus, electric lighting and power plant, and water supply system; purchase and maintenance of teams; materials for boxing nautical instruments for transportation; paints, telegraph and telephone service, and incidental labor, two thousand dollars.

Naval Observatory.

NAVAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Naval establishment.

GENERAL ACCOUNT OF ADVANCES: To reimburse "General account of advances," created by the Act of June nineteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-eight, for amounts advanced therefrom and expended on account of the several appropriations named in excess of the sums

General account of advances.
Reimbursement.
Vol. 20, p. 167.

appropriated therefor for the fiscal year given, found to be due the "general account" on adjustment by the accounting officers, there is appropriated as follows:

- Emergency fund.** For emergency fund, Navy Department, nineteen hundred, thirteen dollars and twenty-four cents;
For emergency fund, Navy, January first, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, seven hundred and eighty-six dollars and eighty-four cents;
- Pay.** For pay of the Navy, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, twelve dollars;
For pay of the Navy, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, eleven dollars and seventeen cents;
- Pay, miscellaneous.** For pay, miscellaneous, nineteen hundred and two, twenty-seven thousand four hundred and ninety dollars and seventy-four cents;
For pay, miscellaneous, nineteen hundred and one, five thousand five hundred and sixteen dollars and forty-five cents;
For pay, miscellaneous, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight and eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, ninety-three dollars and thirty-five cents;
- Contingent.** For contingent, Navy, nineteen hundred, one hundred and nineteen dollars and forty-six cents;
- Marine Corps.** For provisions, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred, fifty-two thousand three hundred and fifty-six dollars and ten cents;
For provisions, Marine Corps, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight and eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, two thousand eight hundred and fifty-six dollars;
For fuel, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred and two, two hundred and sixty-one dollars and twelve cents;
For transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred, thirty-six dollars and forty-four cents;
For repairs of barracks, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred and one, three thousand three hundred and twenty-two dollars and twenty-three cents;
For hire of quarters, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred and two, eight hundred and twenty-four dollars;
For contingent, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred and two, one thousand five hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty-nine cents;
For contingent, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred and one, two thousand one hundred and eighty-five dollars and twenty-four cents;
For contingent, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred, seventy-five dollars and six cents;
- Bureau of Navigation.** For outfits for landsmen, Bureau of Navigation, nineteen hundred and one, thirty-three thousand six hundred and forty-one dollars and twenty-eight cents;
For gunnery exercises, Bureau of Navigation, nineteen hundred and two, four thousand one hundred and forty-two dollars and thirty cents;
For gunnery exercises, Bureau of Navigation, nineteen hundred and one, one thousand and sixty-eight dollars and seventy-three cents;
- Bureau of Ordnance.** For repairs, Bureau of Ordnance, nineteen hundred and two, two thousand three hundred and fifty-two dollars and seventy-eight cents;
- Bureau of Equipment.** For equipment of vessels, Bureau of Equipment, nineteen hundred, thirty-five cents;
For ocean and lake surveys, Bureau of Equipment, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine and nineteen hundred, seven dollars and fifty-two cents;
- Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.** For contingent, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, nineteen hundred and two, two thousand three hundred and eight dollars and ten cents;
For contingent, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, nineteen hundred and one, one thousand six hundred and thirty-nine dollars and ninety-eight cents;

For provisions, Navy, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, nineteen hundred, one hundred and twelve dollars and twenty-two cents;

Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

For construction and repair, Bureau of Construction and Repair, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight and eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, one hundred and forty-three dollars and twenty cents;

Bureau of Construction and Repair.

For steam machinery, Bureau of Steam Engineering, nineteen hundred, forty-three cents;

Bureau of Steam Engineering.

For steam machinery, Bureau of Steam Engineering, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight and eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, forty-seven dollars and twenty-four cents;

For indemnity for lost property, naval service, certified claims, fourteen dollars and seventy cents; in all, one hundred and forty-two thousand nine hundred and ninety dollars and eighty-six cents.

Lost property.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Bureau of Navigation.

For transportation, recruiting, and contingent, including all objects mentioned under this title of appropriation for the naval service in the naval appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, eighty thousand dollars.

Transportation, recruiting, and contingent.

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, RHODE ISLAND: For purchase of coal, three thousand six hundred and fifty-two dollars.

Training stations. Rhode Island.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Naval training station, Rhode Island, Bureau of Navigation," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, fifty-nine dollars and sixty cents.

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, CALIFORNIA: For amount necessary to reimburse the current appropriation for cost of a building for contagious diseases, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four dollars and fifty-six cents.

California.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

Bureau of Ordnance.

For procuring, producing, preserving, and handling ordnance material; for the armament of ships; for fuel, material, and labor to be used in the general work of the Ordnance Department; for watchmen at magazines, powder factories, and powder depots; for furniture in ordnance buildings at navy-yards and stations; for maintenance of the proving ground and powder factory, and for target practice, five hundred thousand dollars.

Ordnance.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT.

Bureau of Equipment.

For equipment of vessels, including all objects specified under this title of appropriation in the naval appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Equipment of vessels.

To pay the following voucher, not received at the Department until after the balance under the appropriation named had been covered into the Treasury, for the fiscal years eighteen hundred and ninety-eight and eighteen hundred and ninety-nine: Western Electric Company, eight dollars.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

Bureau of Yards and Docks.

For general maintenance of yards and docks, including all objects mentioned under this title of appropriation in the naval appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one hundred thousand dollars.

Maintenance.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Bureau of Medicine and Surgery.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY: To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for Medical Department for surgeons' necessaries for vessels in commission, navy-yards, naval stations, Marine Corps, and

Surgeons' necessaries.

for the civil establishment at the several naval hospitals, navy-yards, naval laboratory, museum of hygiene and medical school, and Naval Academy, fifty thousand dollars.

Contingent

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for contingent, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, including all objects mentioned under this title of appropriation in the naval appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, ten thousand dollars.

Naval hospital, New York.

To pay the Kuy-Scheerer Company, New York, for final payment for renovation of operating room at the naval hospital, New York, New York, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and forty-eight dollars and twenty-three cents.

To pay John Kenny, junior, New York, for final payment for repairs to coal shed at naval hospital, New York, New York, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, nine hundred and sixty-six dollars and ninety-four cents.

H. W. Wingard.
Reimbursement.

To reimburse H. W. Wingard for expenses incurred in transporting to his late home the body of Edward Hett, junior, late an enlisted man in the Navy who lost his life in the line of duty on the United States steamer Boston at San Francisco, California, on January twenty-ninth, nineteen hundred and three, the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to use so much as may be necessary of the unexpended balance of the appropriation made June seventh, nineteen hundred, to enable the Secretary of the Navy, in his discretion, to cause to be transported to their homes the remains of officers and enlisted men of the Marine Corps who die or are killed in action, ashore or afloat, outside of the continental limits of the United States.

Marine Corps.

MARINE CORPS.

Guam naval station.

ISLAND OF GUAM: For repairs and improvements of barracks, quarters, and storehouse, naval station, island of Guam, eighteen thousand five hundred dollars.

Barracks.

REPAIRS OF BARRACKS: Repairs and improvements to barracks and quarters at Portsmouth, New Hampshire; Boston, Massachusetts; Newport, Rhode Island; New York, New York; League Island, Pennsylvania; Annapolis, Maryland; headquarters and navy-yard, District of Columbia; Norfolk, Virginia; Port Royal, South Carolina; Pensacola, Florida; Mare Island, California; Bremerton, Washington; and Sitka, Alaska; for the renting, leasing, improvement, and erection of buildings in Porto Rico, the Philippine Islands, at Guam, and at such other places as the public exigencies require; and for per diem to enlisted men employed under the direction of the Quartermaster's Department on the repair of barracks, quarters, and other public buildings, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, eight hundred and forty-one dollars and eighty-six cents.

Fuel, etc.

FUEL: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Fuel, Marine Corps," for fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two thousand nine hundred and seventy-five dollars and ninety cents.

To pay accounts on file for fuel, Marine Corps, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two thousand eight hundred and ninety-three dollars and nineteen cents.

For heating barracks and quarters, for ranges and stoves for cooking, fuel for enlisted men, for sales to officers, maintaining electric lights, and for hot-air closets, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four dollars and ninety-five cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Fuel, Marine Corps," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, one hundred and seventy dollars and eighty-one cents.

FORAGE: To reimburse Quartermaster's Department, United States Army, for forage furnished the Marine Corps in the Philippines for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and seventy-three dollars and ninety-eight cents.

Forage.

MILITARY STORES: Military stores for the Marine Corps, including all objects mentioned under this title of appropriation in the naval appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, twenty-six thousand dollars.

Military stores.

CONTINGENT: For contingent expenses of the Marine Corps, including all objects mentioned under this title of appropriation in the naval appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, twenty-four thousand dollars.

Contingent.

To pay accounts on file for freight, transportation, and rubber stamps for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, one hundred and sixty-four dollars and forty-eight cents.

To reimburse Quartermaster's Department, United States Army, for miscellaneous contingent supplies furnished the Marine Corps in the Philippines for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two thousand one hundred and eighteen dollars and ninety-nine cents.

PUBLIC WORKS: For the purchase and installation of necessary plumbing fixtures and two iron water tanks, marine barracks, Washington, District of Columbia, four thousand dollars.

Public works.
Washington Barracks.

To pay accounts in favor of the estate of Charles McCaul for refilling basement, furnishing and installing electric-light fixtures, also material and labor for installing water-supply pipes, new marine barracks, navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania, two thousand one hundred and eighty-one dollars and twenty cents.

League Island, Pa.

To pay account in favor of Henry Ives Cobb, architect, for professional services rendered in connection with the new marine barracks, navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania, one hundred and nine dollars and six cents.

Henry Ives Cobb.

That the Auditor for the Navy Department be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to credit in the accounts of quartermaster, United States Marine Corps, for first quarter nineteen hundred and two, under appropriation "Military stores, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred and one," under appropriation "Transportation and recruiting, Marine Corps, nineteen hundred and one," and under appropriation "Transportation and recruiting, nineteen hundred," the vouchers set forth on page seventeen of House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four of this session.

Quartermaster's accounts.
Credits authorized.

For completing, grading, filling, and improving parade ground and approaches, new site, marine barracks, Annapolis, Maryland, five thousand dollars.

Annapolis, Md.
Parade ground.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To compensate Michael Connolly, owner of a float and launch, for injuries done by the Newport, Rhode Island, station ferry launch, fifty dollars.

Miscellaneous.

To compensate Piper, Aden, Goodall Company for injuries to the steamer Grace Barton in collision with the United States tug Vigilant, five hundred dollars.

Michael Connolly.
Compensation.

To compensate the owner of the American ship Louis Walsh for damages sustained in collision with the United States steamship Mohican, three hundred dollars.

"Grace Barton."
Payment to owner.

To compensate owners of the Delaware for injuries sustained in collision with the United States tug Apache, one hundred dollars.

"Louis Walsh."
Payment to owner.

To compensate owners of the Canacao shipyard, Cavite, Philippine Islands, for damages sustained from the United States steamship Piscataqua running into its wharf and a small steamer, San Jose, two hundred and fifty dollars.

"Delaware."
Payment to owners.
Canacao shipyard,
P. I.
Payment to owners.

Charles W. Littlefield.
Allowance in accounts.

To allow in the accounts of Pay Inspector Charles W. Littlefield amounts paid for damages to a house and articles lost at Great Point, Nantucket, inflicted by sailors and marines of North Atlantic Station while in camp, one hundred and twenty-nine dollars and sixty cents.

E. D. Ryan.
Allowance in accounts.

To allow in the accounts of Paymaster E. D. Ryan amounts paid to two enlisted men who had received medals of honor of gratuities of one hundred dollars each.

F. T. Evans.
Allowance in accounts.

To allow in the accounts of Ensign F. T. Evans, while acting paymaster of the United States steamship Brutus, one hundred and eleven dollars and forty-one cents.

Livingston Hunt.
Reimbursement.

To reimburse Paymaster Livingston Hunt amount paid for injury to gondola car numbered eighty-one hundred and forty-four, belonging to the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Company, damaged while sinking on board a Government barge near the wharf at Indian Head, ninety-eight dollars and seventy-three cents.

California State Prison,
Reimbursement.

To reimburse the California State prison for clothing and money furnished sixteen prisoners of the Navy upon their discharge, two hundred and sixty-five dollars and fifty cents.

Woosung Bar light-ship.
Payment to owners.

To compensate owners of light-ship on the inner Woosung Bar injured in collision with the United States steamship Wilmington, one hundred and four dollars and eighty-eight cents.

Interior Department.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

General Land Office.
Additional clerks.

GENERAL LAND OFFICE: For the following clerks for the balance of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, namely: For four clerks of class four; four clerks of class three; four clerks of class two; four clerks of class one; five clerks at the rate of one thousand dollars each per annum; and five copyists at the rate of nine hundred dollars each per annum; in all, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty-nine dollars and eighty cents.

Patent Office.
Copies of drawings,
etc

PATENT OFFICE: For producing copies of drawings of the weekly issues of patents; for producing copies of designs, trade-marks, and pending applications; and for the reproduction of exhausted copies of drawings and specifications; said work referred to in this and the preceding paragraph to be done as provided by the "Act providing for the public printing and binding and for the distribution of public documents:" *Provided*, That the entire work may be done at the Government Printing Office if, in the judgment of the Joint Committee on Printing, or, if there shall be no Joint Committee, in the judgment of the Committee on Printing of either House, it shall be deemed to be for the best interests of the Government, sixty thousand dollars.

Vol. 28, p. 620.

Proviso.
Work at Government Printing Office.

For producing the Official Gazette, including weekly, monthly, quarterly, and annual indexes therefor, exclusive of expired patents, fifty-nine thousand dollars.

Official Gazette.

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES: To pay the Adams Express Company for expressage on packages of goods, December fifth, nineteen hundred, from Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and from Northeast, Pennsylvania, to Interior Department, being for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, two dollars and sixty cents.

To pay the United States Electric Lighting Company for electric light furnished the United States Geological Survey office for the month of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, being for the fiscal year nineteen hundred, thirty dollars and twenty-four cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, Department of the Interior," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, five hundred and forty-six dollars and fifty-five cents.

Special land inspectors.

EXPENSES, SPECIAL LAND INSPECTORS: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropria-

tion "Expenses, special land inspectors, Department of the Interior," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and eighty-seven dollars and twenty cents.

REPAIRS OF BUILDINGS, INTERIOR DEPARTMENT: For repairs of Interior Department and Pension buildings, and of the old Post-Office Department building, four thousand dollars. Repairs of buildings.

FOR THE CAPITOL: For work at Capitol, and for general repairs thereof, including wages of mechanics and laborers, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars. Capitol. Repairs, etc.

For reconstruction of carpenter and tool shops on the south side of the Capitol grounds, and for apparatus and woodworking machinery for laboratory and shops, four thousand eight hundred dollars. Shops, etc.

LIGHTING THE CAPITOL AND GROUNDS: To pay the Washington Gas-light Company for gas service during the months of February, March, April, May, and June, nineteen hundred and two, for lighting the Capitol and grounds, one thousand one hundred and seventy-nine dollars and forty cents. Lighting.

GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE.

Government Hospital for Insane.

For current expenses of the Government Hospital for the Insane: For support, clothing, and treatment in the Government Hospital for the Insane of the insane of the Army and Navy, Marine Corps, Revenue-Cutter Service, inmates of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, persons charged with or convicted of crimes against the United States who are insane, all persons who have become insane since their entry into the military or naval service of the United States, who have been admitted to the hospital and who are indigent, thirty-seven thousand dollars. Expenses.

For general repairs and improvements, six thousand five hundred dollars. Repairs, etc.

For hospital extension, administration building; to replace two and one-fourth inch sashes and transoms instead of one and three-fourths inch, plate glass instead of double-thick sheet glass; stone quoins on all angles of building; stone frieze and entablature on north, south, and rear elevations of building; indirect steam radiation, as specified in original specifications; and tile for roofing and copper for all exterior work instead of slate and galvanized iron, fourteen thousand five hundred dollars. Hospital extension.

COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB.

Columbia Deaf and Dumb Institution.

For support of the institution, including salaries and incidental expenses, for books and illustrative apparatus, and for general repairs and improvements, one thousand five hundred dollars. Expenses.

PUBLIC LAND SERVICE.

Public lands.

SALARIES AND COMMISSIONS OF REGISTERS AND RECEIVERS: For salaries and commissions of registers of land offices and receivers of public moneys at district land offices, at not exceeding three thousand dollars per annum each, fifty-five thousand dollars. Registers and receivers. Salaries, etc.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriations "Salaries and commissions of registers and receivers" for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand four hundred and twenty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents.

To pay the salary due A. E. Rose, as receiver of the land office at Saint Michaels, Alaska, from May thirty-first to July seventh, nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and fifty-two dollars and forty-five cents. A. E. Rose. Salary.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF LAND OFFICES: For clerk hire, rent, and other incidental expenses of the district land offices, seventy-five thou- Contingent expenses, land offices.

sand dollars: *Provided*, That no expenses chargeable to the Government shall be incurred by registers and receivers in the conduct of local land offices, except upon previous specific authorization by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Depositing moneys.

EXPENSES OF DEPOSITING PUBLIC MONEYS: For expenses of depositing money received from the disposal of public lands, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Timber depredations, protecting public lands, and swamp-land claims and indemnity.

DEPREDACTIONS ON PUBLIC TIMBER, PROTECTING PUBLIC LANDS, AND SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS FOR SWAMP LAND AND SWAMP-LAND INDEMNITY: To meet the expenses of protecting timber on the public lands; and for the more efficient execution of the law and rules relating to the cutting thereof; of protecting public lands from illegal and fraudulent entry or appropriation, and of adjusting claims for swamp lands, and indemnity for swamp lands, forty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That agents and others employed under this appropriation shall be selected by the Secretary of the Interior, and allowed per diem, subject to such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, in lieu of subsistence, at a rate not exceeding three dollars per day each and actual necessary expenses for transportation, including necessary sleeping-car fares.

Proviso.
Agents' per diem.

Mineral lands, Montana and Idaho.

CLASSIFICATION OF CERTAIN MINERAL LANDS IN MONTANA AND IDAHO: For publication of reports of lands classified by the board of mineral land commissioners in the Helena and Missoula land districts, in the State of Montana, and in the Cœur d'Alene land district, in the State of Idaho, as authorized by the Act of February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, and the Act of June sixth, nineteen hundred, eight hundred and twenty-eight dollars and ninety-two cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to meet the payment of the unsettled bills for publications chargeable to the appropriation for "Classification of certain mineral lands in Montana and Idaho, fiscal year nineteen hundred and one," as set forth on pages twenty-five and twenty-six of House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four of the present session.

Vol. 28, p. 683.

Vol. 31, p. 615.

Hearings.

EXPENSES OF HEARINGS IN LAND ENTRIES: For expenses of hearings held by order of the Commissioner of the General Land Office to determine whether alleged fraudulent entries are of that character or have been made in compliance with law, three thousand dollars.

Surveyors-general.
Arizona.

OFFICES OF SURVEYOR-GENERAL: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Arizona," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, seven dollars and seventy-one cents.

Idaho.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Idaho," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one dollar and six cents.

Minnesota.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Minnesota," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, eighty-seven cents.

Montana.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Montana," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, two dollars and five cents.

Oregon.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Oregon," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, four dollars and seven cents.

South Dakota.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, office of

surveyor-general of South Dakota," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, eight dollars and forty-nine cents.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Contingent expenses, office of surveyor-general of Utah," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, five dollars and forty-four cents.

For clerks in the office of the surveyor-general of Nevada, one thousand dollars.

For clerks in the office of the surveyor-general of Montana, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-two dollars.

PAYMENTS TO CERTAIN DEPUTY SURVEYORS: For payments to certain deputy surveyors for surveys and resurveys of public lands executed by them, as fully set forth on pages twenty-six, twenty-seven, and twenty-eight of House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four, and pages thirteen and fourteen of House Document Numbered One hundred and twenty-five, and page seven of Senate Document Numbered One hundred and seventy-seven of the present session, three thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars and seventy-five cents, and the amount reported in said Senate document for Frederick W. Pettigrew and Ernest J. Lacy, contract numbered one hundred and thirty-nine, South Dakota, dated April twenty-second, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, shall be paid to R. F. Pettigrew, as administrator of Frederick W. Pettigrew.

PAYMENT TO GEORGE A. S. O'BRIEN: Payment to George A. S. O'Brien, of Luray, Osborne County, Kansas, the amount unlawfully collected from him and covered into the Treasury by the receiver of public moneys at Colby, Kansas, on a forty-acre isolated tract of land in section thirty-four, township ten south, range fourteen west, Colby land district, fifty dollars.

REIMBURSEMENT TO H. V. A. FERGUSON: To reimburse H. V. A. Ferguson, special agent, General Land Office, for amount paid by him for publication in newspapers published in Pocatello, Idaho, of a notice dated June thirteenth, nineteen hundred and two, to sheep herders and others forbidding them to graze sheep on the ceded lands of the Fort Hall Indian Reservation, in Idaho, after its opening to settlement, June seventeenth, nineteen hundred and two, said publications having been inserted by Agent Ferguson in obedience to instructions of the Land Office, but before authority for same had been granted by the Secretary of the Interior, as provided by law, nine dollars.

SURVEY OF MESA VERDE, COLORADO: For the survey and marking, under direction of the Secretary of the Interior, of the boundary line of the Mesa Verde, State of Colorado, estimated at thirty-three miles, at not exceeding twenty-five dollars per mile, eight hundred and twenty-five dollars, and for the examination of the survey in the field, one hundred dollars; in all, nine hundred and twenty-five dollars.

PAYMENT TO JOHN L. STEVENS: For payment to John L. Stevens, special commissioner to adjust the Des Moines River land-grant claims, for services rendered and expenses incurred since February fourth, nineteen hundred and one, one thousand one hundred and sixty-eight dollars.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

For installation of an electric system of power and lighting in the engraving and printing division, six thousand dollars.

Iron fire and burglar proof safe necessary for the division of disbursements and accounts, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For the preparation of the illustrations of the Geological Survey, being a deficiency for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, three hundred dollars.

Utah.

Nevada.

Montana.

Deputy surveyors.

George A. S. O'Brien.
Payment to.

H. V. A. Ferguson.
Reimbursement.

Mesa Verde, Colo.
Survey.
Ante, p. 998.

John L. Stevens.
Services.

Geographical Survey.

Electric system.

Safe.

Illustrations.

Indian affairs.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

- Chickasaws. Payment of per capita. *Ante*, p. 656. The necessary expenses of making the forty-dollar per capita payment to the Chickasaws as provided in section seventy-two of the Choctaw and Chickasaw agreement ratified by the Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, not to exceed five thousand dollars, shall be paid out of the same fund from which said forty-dollar per capita payment is authorized to be paid.
- Indian inspectors. To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Pay of Indian inspectors," for the fiscal years nineteen hundred and one and nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and eight dollars and thirty-five cents.
- Purchasing, etc., supplies. To pay the expenses of purchasing goods and supplies for the Indian service and pay of necessary employees; advertising, at rates not exceeding regular commercial rates; inspection, and all other expenses connected therewith, and for telegraphing, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Contingencies. To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Telegraphing and purchase of Indian supplies," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, seven hundred and twenty-six dollars and sixty-one cents.
- Flatheads, etc., Indians. To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for "Contingencies, Indian Department," including all objects mentioned under this title of appropriation in the Indian appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, five thousand dollars.
- Fort Hall Indians. To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Support of Flatheads and other confederated tribes," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, three hundred and seven dollars and eighty-five cents.
- Klamath Agency Indians. To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Support of Indians of Fort Hall Reservation," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, four hundred and eighty-nine dollars and seven cents.
- Indian Territory, incidentals. To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Support of Indians of Klamath Agency," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, twelve dollars and sixty-seven cents.
- Hayward, Wis., school. To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Incidentals in Indian Territory, including employees," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, thirty-six dollars and thirty-four cents.
- Transporting, etc., pupils. For support and education of one hundred and seventy pupils at the Indian school at Hayward, Wisconsin, two thousand dollars.
- Survey and allotting. For collection and transportation of pupils to and from Indian schools, and also for the transportation of Indian pupils from all the Indian schools and placing of them, with the consent of their parents, under the care and control of such suitable white families as may in all respects be qualified to give such pupils moral, industrial, and educational training, under arrangements in which their proper care, support, and education shall be in exchange for their labor, four thousand dollars.
- Superintendent of schools. For survey and subdivision of Indian reservations and of lands to be allotted to Indians and to make allotments in severalty, to be expended by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, twelve thousand dollars.
- For necessary traveling expenses of one superintendent of Indian schools, including telegraphing and incidental expenses of inspection and investigation, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, thirty-seven dollars and fifty-eight cents.
- For necessary traveling expenses of one superintendent of Indian schools, including telegraphing and incidental expenses of inspection

and investigation, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, twenty-six dollars and eighty-five cents.

That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to use one hundred and seven dollars and ninety-six cents of the one hundred thousand dollars appropriated for the removal and support of the Mission Indians in California by the Act of May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, to pay the expenses incurred by the Commission created by said Act, this being in addition to the one thousand dollars authorized for that purpose.

For the payment to George S. Redmon for the construction and completion of one warehouse at the Pipestone Indian School, Minnesota, for which two thousand five hundred dollars was appropriated by the Act approved March third, nineteen hundred and one, making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two thousand two hundred and forty-five dollars.

Mission Indians.
Additional for commission.
Ante, p. 257.

Pipestone, Minn.
Warehouse.

Vol. 31, p. 1081.

TWELFTH CENSUS.

The unexpended balance of the census appropriation, which by the proviso in the Act approved June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, and for other purposes," which was reappropriated and made available for continuing the work of taking the Twelfth Census, and for all expenses arising under and authorized by the Act to provide for the permanent Census Office, approved March sixth, nineteen hundred and two, be, and the same is hereby, made available for the purposes indicated in said proviso during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four; and that said balance, or so much thereof as may be needed for the purpose, be, and the same is hereby, also made available for such expenditures as may become necessary in complying with the proclamation of the President, dated September thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, pursuant to the provisions of section six of the Act to July first, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act temporarily to provide for the administration of the affairs of civil government in the Philippine Islands, and for other purposes," including the cost of temporarily employing such number of persons as may be necessary for the performance of said work, at a compensation not to exceed that which has heretofore been paid employees in the Census Office for doing similar work, such persons to be selected and employed by the Director at such dates and for such periods of time as he may deem proper.

Twelfth Census.

Use of balances continued.
Ante, p. 456.

Ante, p. 51.

Philippine census.

Ante, p. 693.

PENSIONS.

Fees and expenses of examining surgeons, pensions, for services rendered within the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two. And each member of each examining board shall, as now authorized by law, receive the sum of two dollars for the examination of each applicant, whenever five or a less number shall be examined on any one day, and one dollar for the examination of each additional applicant on such day: *Provided*, That if twenty or more applicants appear on one day no fewer than twenty shall, if practicable, be examined on said day, and if fewer examinations be then made, twenty or more having appeared, then there shall be paid for the first examinations made on the next examination day the fee of one dollar only until twenty examinations shall have been made: *Provided further*, That no fee

Pensions.

Examining surgeons, fees.

Provisor.
Examinations.

No fee unless service rendered.

shall be paid to any member of an examining board who was not personally present and assisting in the examination of applicant, eighty-three thousand dollars.

Harlow Underhill.
Repayment of pension to.

To reimburse Harlow Underhill, an invalid pensioner under certificate numbered one hundred and seventy-three thousand nine hundred and thirty-eight, the pension due him from February, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, to June, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, which, through inadvertence, was paid to the superintendent of the Government Hospital for the Insane under the Act of August seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, and used in the support and management of the institution. It has subsequently been ascertained that the pensioner had persons dependent upon him for support, and his case did not come within the purview of such Act, four hundred and ninety-two dollars.

Vol. 22, p. 330.

Miscellaneous.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sequoia National Park.

SEQUOIA NATIONAL PARK: To pay the Southern Pacific Company the amount found due for freight transportation of supplies from Hercules to Exeter, and from San Francisco to Exeter, for use in the Sequoia National Park, as per account rendered the Department of the Interior, eighty-nine dollars and sixty-nine cents.

For expenses incurred by Ernest Britten, in charge of national parks in California during the winter months, in proceeding from the Sequoia Park to the Yosemite National Park, under instructions from the Department, dated October fourth, nineteen hundred and two, for the purpose of investigating and reporting upon the condition of the reservation, forty-nine dollars and twenty-five cents.

General Grant National Park.
Improvement.

GENERAL GRANT NATIONAL PARK: For wire, rakes, forks, chains, files, fuses, giant powder, and so forth, supplied by L. N. Wood, of Visalia, California, to L. C. Andrews, captain and major, Fifteenth Cavalry, United States Army, acting superintendent Sequoia and General Grant national parks, in nineteen hundred and one, for use in connection with the improvement of General Grant National Park, fifty-eight dollars and sixty-five cents.

Post-Office Department.

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Disbursing clerk.

OFFICE OF THE DISBURSING CLERK: For the following for the balance of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, namely: For one assistant carpenter, at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum; seven laborers, at the rate of six hundred and sixty dollars each per annum; one assistant engineer, at the rate of one thousand two hundred dollars per annum; one elevator conductor, at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars per annum; two firemen, at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars each per annum; three charwomen at the rate of two hundred and forty dollars each per annum; in all, three thousand two hundred and sixty dollars and thirty cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES: For stationery and blank books, including amount necessary for the purchase of free penalty envelopes, two thousand dollars.

For fuel and repairs to heating, lighting, and power plant, including repairs to elevators, six thousand dollars.

For telegraphing, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, six hundred and thirteen dollars and fifty-seven cents.

For furniture, including five hundred dollars for the office of the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, two thousand six hundred and twenty-two dollars.

For expense incurred in the removal of the topographer's office and a portion of the bureau of the First Assistant Postmaster-General to the Busch Building, two hundred and seventy-nine dollars.

For hardware, one thousand five hundred dollars.

OUT OF THE POSTAL REVENUES.

For printing, binding, and wrapping ten thousand copies of the revised edition of the Postal Laws and Regulations, in addition to the one hundred thousand copies provided for by the Act of June thirteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, five thousand of which shall be retained by the Public Printer for sale to individuals at the cost thereof and ten per centum added, the proceeds of such sales to be deposited in the Treasury as provided for by law; and for printing, binding, and wrapping one thousand copies of the Digest of Decisions prepared in connection therewith, for which entire editions so much of the amounts appropriated therefor by the Acts of June thirteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, June second, nineteen hundred, and March third, nineteen hundred and one, as shall be necessary, is hereby made available, five thousand and thirty-six dollars and fifty-seven cents.

For wrapping twine and tying devices, ten thousand dollars.

For mail-messenger service, fifteen thousand dollars.

For balance due foreign countries, ten thousand dollars.

For manufacture of adhesive postage and special-delivery stamps, sixty-six thousand dollars.

For manufacture of stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, forty thousand dollars.

For manufacture of postal cards, twenty-eight thousand dollars.

For registered package, tag, official, and dead-letter envelopes, sixteen thousand dollars.

COMPENSATION OF POSTMASTERS: For amounts to reimburse the postal revenues, being the amounts retained by postmasters in excess of the appropriations, including amounts set forth in House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four, of this session, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, seven hundred and ninety-six thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight dollars and seventy-eight cents.

FREE-DELIVERY SERVICE: To pay the amount set forth in House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four, and Senate Document Numbered One hundred and seventy-seven, of this session, on account of the fiscal years as follows:

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand nine hundred and sixty-eight dollars and fifty-one cents.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, one thousand three hundred and thirty-two dollars and fifty-three cents.

RURAL FREE DELIVERY: For rural free-delivery service, including amounts certified in House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four, and Senate Document Numbered One hundred and seventy-seven, of the present session, on account of fiscal years as follows:

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, ninety thousand one hundred and eighty-two dollars and ninety-one cents.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, one hundred and forty-seven dollars and twenty-nine cents.

MAIL TRANSPORTATION: To pay amounts set forth in House Document Numbered Three hundred and forty-four, and Senate Document Numbered One hundred and seventy-seven, of this session, for inland transportation, as follows:

By railroads, on account of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, fifteen thousand eight hundred and sixty-four dollars and six cents.

Postal service.

Postal Laws and Regulations. Additional copies. Vol. 30, p. 440.

Sales, etc.

Digest of Decisions.

Vol. 30, p. 440; Vol. 31, pp. 253, 1042.

Twine.

Mail-messenger service.

Foreign balance.

Stamps.

Stamped envelopes.

Postal cards.

Official envelopes.

Postmasters. Reimbursement for amounts retained by.

Free delivery.

Rural free delivery.

Transportation.

Railroads.

Steamboat routes.

By steamboat routes, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Star routes.

By star routes, on account of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, forty-five thousand and eighteen dollars and twenty-eight cents.

Railway Mail Service.
Washington office rent.

RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE: To John A. Merritt, postmaster, Washington, District of Columbia, for rent of building in Washington, District of Columbia, from July one, nineteen hundred and one, to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, for use of superintendent third division, Railway Mail Service, two thousand one hundred dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Department of Agriculture.

Contingent expenses.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for contingent expenses, Department of Agriculture, six thousand dollars.

Publications.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for publications, Department of Agriculture, for labor and material required in the distribution of documents, four thousand dollars.

W. C. Heath.
Cotton boll weevil investigations.

To supply a deficiency in the appropriation for "entomological investigations" for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, with which the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to adjust and pay the claim of W. C. Heath, of Victoria, Texas, arising under a contract dated March eighth, nineteen hundred and two, for growing cotton in connection with an investigation into the ravages of the cotton boll weevil with a view of ascertaining the best methods of exterminating the same, three thousand and thirteen dollars and eighteen cents.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Department of Justice.

Disbursing clerk.
Salary.

Salaries, Department of Justice: For the payment of the salary of the disbursing clerk from March first to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, inclusive, at the rate of two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars per year instead of the rate of two thousand three hundred dollars, one hundred and fifty dollars.

Enforcing trust, etc., laws.
Ante, p. 903.

That under, and to be paid from, the appropriation of five hundred thousand dollars for the enforcement of the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate commerce," approved February fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and all Acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto, and other Acts mentioned in said appropriation, made in the legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, the President is authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, an assistant to the Attorney-General with compensation at the rate of seven thousand dollars per annum and an Assistant Attorney-General at a compensation at the rate of five thousand dollars per annum; and the Attorney-General is authorized to appoint and employ, without reference to the rules and regulations of the civil service, two confidential clerks at a compensation at the rate of one thousand six hundred dollars each per annum, to be paid from said appropriation. Said assistant to the Attorney-General and Assistant Attorney-General shall perform such duties as may be required of them by the Attorney-General.

Assistant to Attorney-General and Assistant Attorney-General authorized.

Confidential clerks.

Duties of new officers.

Indian Territory courts.

For salaries and expenses of clerks, deputy clerks, commissioners, and constables, and expenses of judges in the Indian Territory, being a deficiency on account of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, nine hundred and eighty-nine dollars and ten cents.

Contingent expenses.

For furniture and repairs, two thousand dollars.

For stationery for the fiscal years as follows:

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, five hundred dollars.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one hundred and six dollars and eighty-one cents.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, twenty dollars and thirty-nine cents.

For miscellaneous expenditures, including telegraphing, fuel, lights, foreign postage, labor, repairs of buildings, care of grounds, books of reference, periodicals, and other necessaries directly ordered by the Attorney-General for the fiscal years as follows:

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, five thousand dollars.

For the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For books for law library of the Department, five hundred dollars.

To pay costs adjudged by the circuit court of the United States for the district of Kansas and by the circuit court of appeals for the Eighth judicial circuit in the case of Peter C. Deming, on the petition of John H. Atwood, against Robert W. McClaughry, warden of the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth, Kansas, sixty-one dollars and sixty-five cents.

Robert W. McClaughry.
Payment of costs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Miscellaneous.

RENT OF BUILDINGS: For the rent of buildings and parts of buildings in the District of Columbia, used by the Department of Justice, two hundred dollars.

Rent.

UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY, ATLANTA, GEORGIA: For purchase of building and other materials and tools to keep convicts employed in building operations at the United States penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia, and for payment for services of architects and such foremen and citizen laborers employed as may be necessary to carry out this purpose, sixty thousand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, and to remain available during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four.

Atlanta, Ga., penitentiary.

COURT-HOUSE AND JAIL, JUNEAU, ALASKA: For the erection, complete, of a United States court-house and jail at Juneau, Alaska, and for other purposes incident thereto, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, to remain available until expended, fifteen thousand dollars, in addition to the forty thousand dollars provided by the Act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight.

Juneau, Alaska.
Completion of jail.

UNITED STATES JAILS, INDIAN TERRITORY: To enable the Attorney-General to carry out the provisions of the Act approved July seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, for the erection of three United States jails in the Indian Territory, and the provisions of the Act approved May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, for the erection of said jails and one additional United States jail, fifty thousand dollars, to remain available until expended.

Vol. 30, p. 679.

Indian Territory.
Jails.
Vol. 30, p. 679.

Acte, p. 276.

TRAVELING AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES: For traveling and other miscellaneous and emergency expenses authorized and approved by the Attorney-General, to be expended at his discretion, the provisions of the first paragraph of section thirty-six hundred and forty-eight. Revised Statutes, to the contrary notwithstanding, one thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

TRAVELING EXPENSES, TERRITORY OF ALASKA: For the actual and necessary expenses of the judges and clerks in the district of Alaska when traveling in the discharge of their official duties, five hundred dollars.

Alaska.
Court expenses.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Traveling expenses, Territory of Alaska," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, six hundred and seventy-three dollars and ninety cents.

DEFENDING SUITS IN CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES: To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Defending suits in claims against the United States," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, seventy-three dollars and ninety cents.

Suits in claims.

For defraying the necessary expenses, including salaries of necessary employees in Washington, District of Columbia, incurred in the examination of witnesses and procuring of evidence in the matter of claims against the United States and in defending suits in the Court of Claims, including defense for the United States in the matter of French spoliation claims, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, thirty-eight dollars and sixty cents.

W. N. Landers.
Services.

PAYMENT TO W. N. LANDERS: For the payment of W. N. Landers for clerical services rendered in the office of the United States district attorney for the district of Alaska, second division, from July twenty-fourth, nineteen hundred, to April fifteenth, nineteen hundred and one, inclusive, at the rate of two thousand four hundred dollars per annum, one thousand seven hundred and forty-eight dollars and eighty-seven cents.

Herman D. Crow.
Services.

PAYMENT TO HERMAN D. CROW: For the payment of Herman D. Crow for legal services rendered the United States from October fifth to tenth, inclusive, nineteen hundred and one, during the illness of the United States district attorney for the district of Washington, one hundred dollars.

C. R. Pickard.
Salary.

PAYMENT TO C. R. PICKARD: For the payment of the balance due C. R. Pickard on account of salary as deputy clerk of the United States district court for the northern district of Illinois for the period from January first to March eighth, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, two hundred and seventy-seven dollars and fifty cents.

John B. Rector.
Accrued salary to
legal representatives.

PAYMENT TO LEGAL REPRESENTATIVES OF JOHN B. RECTOR: To pay the legal representatives of John B. Rector, late United States district judge, the amount of salary accrued and due him at the date of his death, April ninth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, five hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-three cents.

Judicial.

JUDICIAL.

Indian Territory
courts.

INDIAN TERRITORY: For salaries of clerks, commissioners, and constables, and expenses of commissioners and judges, in the Indian Territory, five thousand dollars.

Circuit judges.
Additional judge,
eighth circuit.
Ante, p. 791.

SALARIES, CIRCUIT COURTS: For the payment of the salary of the additional circuit judge for the eighth circuit, under the Act of January thirty-first, nineteen hundred and three, at the rate of seven thousand dollars per annum, and the increase in the salaries of circuit judges under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, for the remainder of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, twelve thousand six hundred and forty-nine dollars and sixty-eight cents.

Increase in salaries,
1903.
Ante, p. 825.

Salaries for 1904.

For the payment of the salary of the additional circuit judge for the eighth circuit, under the Act of January thirty-first, nineteen hundred and three, at the rate of seven thousand dollars per annum, and the increase in the salaries of circuit judges under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, thirty-three thousand dollars.

District judges.
Additional, New
York southern district.
Ante, p. 805.

Increase in salaries,
1903.
Ante, p. 825.

SALARIES, DISTRICT JUDGES: For the payment of the salary of the additional district judge for the southern district of New York, under the Act of February ninth, nineteen hundred and three, at the rate of six thousand dollars per annum, and the increase in the salaries of the district judges under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, for the remainder of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, twenty-nine thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine dollars and seven cents.

Additional judge
Minnesota.
Ante, p. 795.
New York southern
district.

For the payment of the salary of the additional district judge for the district of Minnesota, under the Act of February fourth, nineteen hundred and three; the salary of the additional district judge for the southern district of New York, under the Act of February ninth, nine-

teen hundred and three; and the increase in the salaries of district judges under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, eighty-four thousand dollars.

Increase in salaries, 1904.

SALARIES, SUPREME COURT: For the payment of the increase in the salaries of the Chief Justice and associate justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, for the remainder of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, eight thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars and twenty-four cents.

Supreme Court. Increase in salaries, 1903. *Ante*, p. 825.

For the payment of the increase in the salaries of the Chief Justice and associate justices of the Supreme Court of the United States, under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

Increase in salaries, 1904.

SALARIES, COURT OF CLAIMS: For the payment of the increase in the salaries of the chief justice and associate justices of the Court of Claims, under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, for the remainder of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, three thousand and sixty-six dollars and seventy-six cents.

Court of Claims. Increase in salaries, 1903. *Ante*, p. 825.

For the payment of the increase in the salaries of the chief justice and associate justices of the Court of Claims, under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, eight thousand dollars.

Increase in salaries, 1904.

SALARIES, COURT OF APPEALS, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For the payment of the increase in the salaries of the chief justice and associate justices of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia, under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, one-half of which shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia, for the remainder of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, one thousand one hundred and forty-nine dollars and ninety-six cents.

Court of appeals, District of Columbia. Increase in salaries, 1903. *Ante*, p. 825. Half from District revenues.

For the payment of the increase in the salaries of the chief justice and associate justices of the court of appeals of the District of Columbia, under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, one-half of which shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, three thousand dollars.

Increase in salaries, 1904.

SALARIES, SUPREME COURT, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For the payment of the increase in the salaries of the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, one-half of which shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia, for the remainder of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, two thousand two hundred and ninety-nine dollars and ninety-two cents.

Supreme court, District of Columbia. Increase in salaries, 1903. *Ante*, p. 825. Half from District revenues.

For the payment of the increase in the salaries of the chief justice and associate justices of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, under the Act of February twelfth, nineteen hundred and three, one-half of which shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia, for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, six thousand dollars.

Increase in salaries, 1904.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

For payment of salaries, fees, and expenses of United States marshals and their deputies, to include payment for services rendered in behalf of the United States or otherwise, one hundred thousand dollars.

United States courts.

Marshals, etc.

For fees of clerks, five thousand dollars.

Clerks.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Fees of clerks, United States courts," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, five thousand three hundred and fourteen dollars and sixteen cents.

Jurors.

For fees of jurors, three hundred thousand dollars.

Bailiffs, etc.

For pay of bailiffs and criers, not exceeding three bailiffs and one crier in each court, except in the southern district of New York:

Providos.

Attendance.

R. S., sec. 715, p. 136.

Provided, That all persons employed under section seven hundred and fifteen of the Revised Statutes shall be deemed to be in actual attendance when they attend upon the order of the courts: *And provided*

Vacation, etc.

further, That no such person shall be employed during vacation; of reasonable expenses for travel and attendance of district judges directed to hold court outside of their districts, not to exceed ten dollars per day each, to be paid on written certificates of the judges, and such payments shall be allowed the marshal in the settlement of his accounts with the United States; expenses of judges of the circuit courts of appeals not to exceed ten dollars per day; of meals and lodgings for jurors in United States cases, and of bailiffs in attendance upon the same, when ordered by the court; and of compensation for jury commissioners, five dollars per day, not exceeding three days for any one term of court, fifteen thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For payment of such miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized by the Attorney-General, for the United States courts and their officers, including the furnishing and collecting of evidence where the United States is or may be a party in interest, and moving of records, forty thousand dollars.

Rent of rooms.

For rent of rooms for the United States courts and judicial officers, five thousand dollars.

To pay amounts found due by the accounting officers of the Treasury on account of the appropriation "Rent of court rooms, United States courts," for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, nine thousand four hundred and ninety-nine dollars and fifty cents.

Support of prisoners.

For support of United States prisoners, including necessary clothing and medical aid, and transportation to place of conviction or place of bona fide residence in the United States, and including support of prisoners becoming insane during imprisonment, as well before as after conviction, and continuing insane after expiration of sentence, who have no friends to whom they can be sent, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Atlanta, Ga., penitentiary.

For support of the United States penitentiary, Atlanta, Georgia, namely: For miscellaneous expenditures, including all objects mentioned under this title of appropriation in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three, three thousand dollars.

Court of Claims.

COURT OF CLAIMS.

Repairs to building.

For repairs to the boilers and heating apparatus in the Court of Claims building, to be expended under direction of the Superintendent of the Capitol Building and Grounds, five hundred and seventy-five dollars.

Legislative.

LEGISLATIVE.

Officers and employees of Senate and House.
Extra month's pay.

To enable the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives to pay to the officers and employees of the Senate and House borne on the annual and session rolls on the first day of February, nineteen hundred and three, including the Capitol police, the official reporters of the Senate and of the House, and W. A. Smith, Congressional Record clerk, for extra services during the Fifty-seventh Congress, a sum equal to one month's pay at the compensation then paid them by law, the same to be immediately available.

Clerks to Appropriations Committees.

To pay the additional salaries of the clerks to the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, at the rate of one thousand dollars each per annum, from March first to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, inclusive, six hundred and seventy-two dollars and twenty cents.

SENATE.

To pay the widow of James McMillan, late a Senator from the State of Michigan, five thousand dollars.

James McMillan.
Pay to widow.

For compensation of the officers, clerks, messengers, and others in the service of the Senate, namely: For five annual clerks to Senators who are not chairmen of committees, at one thousand five hundred dollars each, from March fourth to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, two thousand four hundred and fifty-eight dollars and fifty cents.

Clerks to Senators.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, forty thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous items.

For stationery and newspapers, one thousand dollars.

Stationery and newspapers.

For miscellaneous items, exclusive of labor, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, one thousand dollars.

For fuel, oil, and cotton waste, and advertising, for the heating apparatus, exclusive of labor, four thousand dollars.

Fuel, oil, etc.

To pay C. A. Norcross for extra services for the Committee on Indian Affairs, two hundred dollars.

C. A. Norcross.
Payment to.

To pay to Harry C. Robertson, secretary to the subcommittee of the Committee on Pacific Islands and Porto Rico, for extra services performed, five hundred dollars.

Harry C. Robertson.
Payment to.

To reimburse the official reporters of the proceedings and debates of the Senate for expenses incurred from March fourth, nineteen hundred and two, to March fourth, nineteen hundred and three, for clerk hire and other extra clerical services, three thousand nine hundred and ninety dollars.

Official reporters.
Reimbursement.

To pay W. M. Malloy for reporting hearings before Committee on Foreign Relations during the second session of the Fifty-seventh Congress, one hundred and thirty-three dollars and seventy-five cents.

W. M. Malloy.
Payment to.

To pay J. H. Jones for extra services in the care of the Senate chronometer and for the work in connection therewith, one hundred dollars.

J. H. Jones.
Payment to.

To pay Dennis M. Kerr, for services as assistant clerk, by detail, to the Committee on Pensions, five hundred dollars.

Dennis M. Kerr.
Services.

To pay John H. Walker, clerk to the Committee on Pensions, for extra services, five hundred dollars.

John H. Walker.
Services.

To pay Parker Williams, machinist and assistant conductor of elevators, additional amount, two hundred dollars.

Parker Williams.
Payment to.

For compensation of officers, clerks, messengers, and others in the service of the Senate, namely: For sixteen pages at the rate of two dollars and fifty cents a day during the session, three thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

Pages.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

House of Representatives.

For compensation of members of the House of Representatives and Delegates from Territories, fifty-five thousand dollars.

Members and Delegates.

To George C. R. Wagoner and James J. Butler each two thousand dollars on account of expenses incurred by them in the contested election case of Wagoner against Butler from the Twelfth Congressional district of Missouri; in all, four thousand dollars.

George C. R. Wagoner and James J. Butler.
Contested election expenses.

To pay the widow of R. C. De Graffenreid, late a Representative in Congress from the State of Texas, five thousand dollars.

R. C. De Graffenreid.
Pay to widow.

To pay the widow of J. L. Sheppard, late a Representative in Congress from the State of Texas, five thousand dollars.

J. L. Sheppard.
Pay to widow.

To pay the widow of C. A. Russell, late a Representative from the State of Connecticut, five thousand dollars.

C. A. Russell.
Pay to widow.

To pay the widow of T. H. Tongue, late a Representative from the State of Oregon, five thousand dollars.

T. H. Tongue.
Pay to widow.

To pay the widow of J. N. W. Rumble, late a Representative in Congress from the State of Iowa, five thousand dollars.

J. N. W. Rumble.
Pay to widow.

- J. M. Moody.
Pay to widow. To pay the widow of J. M. Moody, late a Representative in Congress from the State of North Carolina, five thousand dollars.
- Fuel and oil. For fuel and oil for the heating apparatus, nine thousand dollars.
- Furniture. For furniture and materials for repairs of the same, two thousand five hundred dollars.
- Miscellaneous items. For miscellaneous items and expenses of special and select committees, ten thousand dollars.
- Stationery. For stationery for members of the House of Representatives and for the use of the committees and officers of the House, five thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars.
- Official reporters,
etc. Reimbursement. To reimburse the official reporters of the proceedings and debates, and the official stenographers to committees of the House of Representatives, for clerk hire and extra clerical services from March fourth, nineteen hundred and two, to March fourth, nineteen hundred and three, at seven hundred and fifty dollars each; and to John J. Cameron, two hundred and forty dollars; in all, six thousand two hundred and forty dollars.
- John J. Cameron.
- Herman Gauss.
Services. To pay Herman Gauss, for services as assistant clerk, by detail, to the Committee on Invalid Pensions, five hundred dollars.
- D. S. Porter.
Services. To pay D. S. Porter, for services as assistant clerk, by detail, to the Committee on Pensions, five hundred dollars.
- Albert Scott.
Employment con-
tinued. To continue the employment of Albert Scott as a laborer in the cloakroom under resolution of December nineteenth, nineteen hundred and one, at fifty dollars per month from March fourth, nineteen hundred and three, to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, inclusive, seven hundred and ninety-six dollars and sixty-seven cents.
- Folding room.
Driver. For assistant driver for the folding room team, authorized by resolution of the House April twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred and two, at fifty dollars per month from March fourth, nineteen hundred and three, to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, inclusive, seven hundred and ninety-five dollars and ten cents.
- Superintendent,
Clerk's document
room. For superintendent of the Clerk's document room, authorized by resolution of the House February twentieth, nineteen hundred and three, at the rate of one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum from March fourth, nineteen hundred and three, to June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, inclusive, two thousand three hundred and ninety dollars.
- O. M. Enyart.
Compiling biograph-
ical Congressional Di-
rectory.
Post, p. 1773. To pay O. M. Enyart for compiling a Congressional Directory, embracing the biographies of all members of Congress from the Continental Congress to the Fifty-seventh Congress, which has been ordered to be printed by a concurrent resolution passed February thirteenth, nineteen hundred and three, and on the certificate of the Public Printer that the manuscript therefor has been delivered to him in complete and satisfactory condition, five thousand dollars.
- Louisiana Purchase
Exposition.
Joint committee to
attend dedication.
Post, p. 1774. To defray the expenses of the members of the joint committee of the House and Senate, authorized to attend and represent the Congress of the United States, on the occasion of the dedication of the buildings and grounds of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, to be held at Saint Louis, April thirtieth, and May first, and second, nineteen hundred and three, commemorating the one hundredth anniversary of the purchase of the Territory of Louisiana, five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, of which sum three thousand dollars shall be accredited to the account of and expended under the direction and by the order of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, and two thousand dollars accredited to the Senate to be expended under the direction and by the order of the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate.
- Laps D. McCord.
Services, Louisiana
Purchase compila-
tion. To pay Laps D. McCord for services in preparing copy for the printer of the state papers and all correspondence and indexing the same, bearing upon the purchase of the Territory of Louisiana, ordered to be printed by concurrent resolution, to be paid on acceptance

of said copy by the Public Printer and on his approval one thousand dollars or so much thereof as is necessary.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

Library of Congress.

For fuel, lights, repairs, and miscellaneous supplies, electric and steam apparatus, reference books, stationery, and all incidental expenses in connection with the custody, care, and maintenance of said building and grounds, ten thousand dollars.

General expenses.

BOTANIC GARDEN.

Botanic Garden.

For fuel and labor, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Fuel and labor.

PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

Public printing and binding.

For the public printing, for the public binding, and for paper for the public printing, including the costs of printing the debates and proceedings of Congress in the Congressional Record, and for lithographing, mapping, and engraving for both Houses of Congress, the Supreme Court of the United States, the supreme court of the District of Columbia, the Court of Claims, the Library of Congress, the Executive Office, and the departments, including salaries or compensation of all necessary clerks and employees, for labor (by the day, piece, or contract), for rents, not exceeding fifty dollars for technical books of reference, and for all the necessary materials which may be needed in the prosecution of the work, two hundred thousand dollars.

Printing for Congress.

To enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of the law granting thirty days' annual leave to the employees of the Government Printing Office, seventy-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Leaves to employees.

Printing and binding for the Treasury Department, thirty thousand dollars.

Treasury Department.

Printing and binding for the War Department and its bureaus, thirty thousand dollars.

War Department.

Printing and binding for the Navy Department, sixteen thousand dollars.

Navy Department.

For printing and binding for the Interior Department, including the Civil Service Commission, ninety-seven thousand dollars.

Interior Department.

For printing and binding for the Post-Office Department, exclusive of the Money-Order Office, fifty thousand dollars.

Post-Office Department.

For printing and binding for the Library of Congress, including the copyright department, and the binding, rebinding, and repairing of library books, five thousand dollars.

Library of Congress.

To pay Samuel Robinson, William Madden, and Joseph De Fontes as messengers on night duty during the second session of the present Congress for extra services, one hundred and fifty dollars each; in all, four hundred and fifty dollars.

Messengers, night service.

SPANISH TREATY CLAIMS COMMISSION.

Spanish Claims Commission.

SPANISH TREATY CLAIMS COMMISSION: For salaries and expenses of the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission, five thousand dollars; and said Commission is authorized to pay to additional commissioners to take testimony in Cuba, for occasional services in special cases, not exceeding eight dollars per day, in lieu of fees during the time of actual service.

Salaries.

Testimony in Cuba.

To pay the award made by the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission under the provisions of the Act of March second, nineteen hundred and one, certified to Congress in Document Numbered Three hundred and fifty-eight of the present session, three thousand dollars.

Payment of award. Vol. 31. p. 879.

Judgments, Court of
Claims.

JUDGMENTS, COURT OF CLAIMS.

Elias E. Barnes, ex-
ception.

For the payment of the judgments except the judgment in favor of Elias E. Barnes, rendered by the Court of Claims, reported to Congress at its present session in House Document Numbered Three hundred and sixty and Senate Documents Numbered One hundred and eighty-seven and two hundred, two hundred and ninety thousand three hundred and fifty-four dollars and forty-nine cents: *Provided*, That none of the judgments herein provided for shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired: *And provided further*, That the proviso contained in the Act approved the sixth day of June, anno Domini nineteen hundred, entitled "An Act making appropriations to provide for the expenses of the government of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and one, and for other purposes," which reads as follows: *Provided*, That no judgment heretofore or hereafter rendered under the Act of June sixteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty, entitled "An Act to provide for the settlement of all outstanding claims against the District of Columbia, and conferring jurisdiction on the Court of Claims to hear the same, and for other purposes," shall be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury until said judgment shall have been reported to, and specific authority for payment thereof granted by, Congress, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and from all final judgments or decrees heretofore rendered in suits of the character of those mentioned in said proviso an appeal shall be allowed to the Supreme Court of the United States at any time within ninety days after the passage of this Act, except in cases where the amounts found due by said court have been paid at the Treasury.

Provisos.
Appeal.

Restrictions on Dis-
trict of Columbia
claims repealed.
Vol. 31, p. 572.

Vol. 21, p. 284.

Appeals.

John and Thomas
Gove.
French spoliation
claim in favor of, re-
pealed.
Ante, p. 220.

That the appropriation of the sum of nine thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine dollars in the French spoliation claim on the schooner Dolphin, Thomas Gove, master, in favor of Andrew Lacy, administrator of John Gove and Thomas Gove, in the Act approved May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act for the allowance of certain claims for stores and supplies reported by the Court of Claims under provisions of the Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, and commonly known as the Bowman Act, and for other purposes," be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

JUDGMENTS, UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judgments, United
States courts.
Vol. 24, p. 505.

For payment of the final judgments and decrees, including costs of suit, which have been rendered under the provisions of the Act of March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to provide for the bringing of suits against the Government of the United States, certified to Congress at its present session by the Attorney-General in House Document Numbered Three hundred and seventy-seven and Senate Document Numbered one hundred and ninety-four of this session, and which have not been appealed, six thousand three hundred and fifty-nine dollars and five cents, together with such additional sum as may be necessary to pay interest on the respective judgments at the rate of four per centum per annum from the date thereof until the time this appropriation is made: *Provided*, That none of the judgments herein provided for shall be paid until the right of appeal shall have expired.

Proviso.
Appeal.

JUDGMENTS IN INDIAN DEPREDAATION CLAIMS.

Judgments, Indian
depreddation claims.

For payment of judgments rendered by the Court of Claims in Indian depreddation cases certified to Congress at its present session in House Documents Numbered Eighty-one and Three hundred and

sixty-nine, except the judgments in favor of John S. Little, administrator of John W. Hayes, deceased, reported in said House Document Numbered Eighty-one, and in favor of Charles Probst, and in favor of C. M. Cooper, administrator, reported in said House Document Numbered Three hundred and sixty-nine, and certified in Senate Document Numbered One hundred and ninety, and one hundred and ninety-six, two hundred and sixty-one thousand seven hundred and sixty-seven dollars and sixty-nine cents; said judgments to be paid after the deductions required to be made under the provisions of section six of the Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act to provide for the adjustment and payment of claims arising from Indian depredations," shall have been ascertained and duly certified by the Secretary of the Interior to the Secretary of the Treasury, which certification shall be made as soon as practicable after the passage of this Act, and such deductions shall be made according to the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, having due regard to the educational and other necessary requirements of the tribe or tribes affected; and the amounts paid shall be reimbursed to the United States at such times and in such proportions as the Secretary of the Interior may decide to be for the interests of the Indian Service: *Provided*, That no one of said judgments provided in this paragraph shall be paid until the Attorney-General shall have certified to the Secretary of the Treasury that there exists no grounds sufficient, in his opinion, to support a motion for a new trial or an appeal of said cause.

Deductions.

Vol. 26, p. 868.

Reimbursement.

Proviso.
Certificate of lack of ground for new trial.

JUDGMENT SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Supreme court, D. C.

For payment of the owners of wharves, warehouses, wharf structures, and other improvements in and over the waters of the Potomac River south of Water street, in the city of Washington, and upon the adjoining land of the United States not in or over the said waters of the Potomac River, and the claim of Richard J. Beall, referred to in the decree passed by the supreme court of the District of Columbia in the case of the United States against Morris and others, which wharves, warehouses, wharf structures, and other improvements and the property concerning which the claim of the said Beall arose, have been included within the limits of the improvement of the Potomac River and its flats in charge of the Secretary of War, the sum of two hundred and thirty-two thousand one hundred and twenty-two dollars and four cents, which payments shall be made to and received by the respective owners of such wharves, warehouses, wharf structures, and other improvements and by said Beall in full discharge, acquittance, and release by such owners and said Beall to the United States of all their right, title, interest, and claim of every description, either at law or in equity, to compensation for wharves, warehouses, wharf structures, or for any other improvements or structures of any kind or character, as well as of all claim of such owners and said Beall on account of the impairment or injury to any rights whatsoever therein claimed or suffered by such owners or said Beall from the taking of said property or any other property, rights, or interests whatsoever, and the inclusion thereof within the limits of said improvement; and which payment shall be made upon orders of the said court to the persons and corporations who have already been determined by the said court to be the owners of some of said property, and also to the persons who shall hereafter be determined by said court to be the owners of the residue of said property; such orders to be passed from time to time upon application to the court

Potomac flats judgment.
Vol. 31, p. 956.

therefor by the several persons so determined or who may be hereafter determined to be such owners; the appropriation herein made to be immediately available for the purposes specified.

Prize money, battle of Manila Bay.
Payment of decree.

PRIZE MONEY, BATTLE OF MANILA BAY: To satisfy the decree ordered by the Supreme Court of the United States to be entered in accordance with the opinion of February twenty-third, nineteen hundred and three, by the supreme court of the District of Columbia in the case of George Dewey, admiral United States Navy, versus The Don Juan de Austria, numbered five hundred and fifty-nine, reported to Congress at this session in Senate Document Numbered One hundred and seventy-five, nine hundred and forty-six thousand and eighty-three dollars and eighty-nine cents, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Claims certified by accounting officers.

SEC. 2. That for the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the several accounting officers of the Treasury Department under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section five of the Act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section two of the Act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as fully set forth in House Document Numbered Three hundred and fifty-six, reported to Congress at its present session, there is appropriated as follows:

Vol. 18, p. 110.

Vol. 23, p. 254.

Claims allowed by Auditor for Treasury Department.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

For pay of assistant custodians and janitors, fifteen dollars.

For fuel, lights, and water for public buildings, six dollars and ninety cents.

For salaries and expenses of special inspectors of foreign steam vessels, fifty-four thousand three hundred and eighteen dollars and twenty-one cents.

For collecting the revenue from customs, two hundred and seventeen dollars and thirty-two cents.

For detection and prevention of frauds upon the customs revenue, one hundred and fifty-five dollars and thirty-nine cents.

For repayment to importers excess of deposits, four thousand seven hundred and sixty-five dollars and seven cents.

For quarantine service, two dollars and thirty-eight cents.

For Life-Saving Service, one thousand four hundred and seventeen dollars and ninety-one cents.

For salaries, keepers of light-houses, fifty-five dollars and forty-three cents.

For expenses of buoyage, four dollars and twenty cents.

For expenses of light vessels, ten dollars and three cents.

For salaries and expenses of collectors of internal revenue, nineteen dollars and sixty-five cents.

For salaries and expenses of agents and subordinate officers of internal revenue, fifty-eight dollars and ten cents.

For punishment for violation of internal-revenue laws, one hundred and ninety-nine dollars and fifty-two cents.

For payment of judgments against internal-revenue officers, twenty-one thousand four hundred and twenty-nine dollars and fifteen cents.

Claims allowed by Auditor for War Department.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-three dollars and ninety-six cents.

For subsistence of the Army, two hundred and thirty dollars and two cents.

For regular supplies, Quartermaster's Department, one dollar and fifty cents.

For incidental expenses, Quartermaster's Department, one hundred and forty-three dollars and nine cents.

For transportation of the Army and its supplies, thirty-two thousand and thirteen dollars and seventy-nine cents.

For barracks and quarters, sixty-one dollars and forty-three cents.

For headstones for graves of soldiers, six dollars and thirty-two cents.

For Medical and Hospital Department, four hundred and twenty-six dollars and sixty-two cents.

For ordnance stores, manufacture, one thousand four hundred and sixty-three dollars and four cents.

For National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, Pacific Branch, sixteen dollars and thirty-four cents.

For National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, Danville Branch, forty dollars and eighty-four cents.

For National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, clothing, three dollars and twenty-seven cents.

For traveling expenses of California and Nevada volunteers, one hundred and eleven dollars and thirty cents.

For pay, transportation, services, and supplies of Oregon and Washington volunteers in eighteen hundred and fifty-five and eighteen hundred and fifty-six, sixty-five dollars and ten cents.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Claims allowed by Auditor for Navy Department.

For contingent and miscellaneous expenses, Hydrographic Office, thirty-four dollars and seven cents.

For emergency fund, Navy Department, sixty-seven dollars and forty-nine cents.

For pay of the Navy, one thousand one hundred and sixty-four dollars and thirty-eight cents.

For pay, miscellaneous, one hundred and fifty-three dollars and forty-two cents.

For pay, Marine Corps, ten dollars and six cents.

For contingent, Marine Corps, one hundred and twenty-six dollars and thirty-nine cents.

For transportation, recruiting, and contingent, Bureau of Navigation, three hundred and seventy-two dollars and seventy-five cents.

For gunnery exercises, Bureau of Navigation, forty-seven cents.

For contingent, Bureau of Ordnance, two thousand five hundred and one dollars and sixty-two cents.

For ocean and lake surveys, Bureau of Equipment, sixty-eight cents.

For contingent, Bureau of Equipment, one hundred and ninety-six dollars and eleven cents.

For contingent, Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, twenty-two dollars and four cents.

For provisions, Navy, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, fifteen dollars and ninety cents.

For contingent, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, three hundred and seventy-three dollars and forty cents.

For construction and repair, Bureau of Construction and Repair, four dollars and forty-four cents.

For steam machinery, Bureau of Steam Engineering, one hundred and seventy-two dollars and thirteen cents.

For indemnity for lost property, naval service, Act of March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, four thousand four hundred and seventy-one dollars and seventeen cents.

For indemnity for lost clothing, one thousand one hundred and thirty-one dollars and fifty-eight cents.

For destruction of clothing and bedding for sanitary reasons, ninety-three dollars and seventy-eight cents.

For bounty for destruction of enemy's vessels, one hundred and fifty-four dollars and ninety-seven cents.

For enlistment bounties to seamen, three hundred and sixty-one dollars and seventy cents.

Claims allowed by Auditor for Interior Department.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE INTERIOR DÉPARTMENT.

For salaries and commissions of registers and receivers, ten dollars and forty-one cents.

For protecting public lands, timber, and so forth, eight dollars.

For protection of forest reserves, thirteen dollars and fifty cents.

For surveying the public lands, four thousand nine hundred and twenty-eight dollars and sixty cents.

For surveying private land claims, six hundred and seventy-five dollars and forty-three cents.

For transportation of Indian supplies, four hundred and thirty-five dollars and fourteen cents.

For support of Sioux of different tribes: Subsistence and civilization, one dollar and seventy-five cents.

For support of Indian schools, twelve dollars and fifty-eight cents.

For surveying and allotting Indian reservations, one thousand five hundred and seventy-four dollars and sixty-three cents.

For surveying Cheyenne River, Pine Ridge and Standing Rock reservations, five thousand dollars.

For payment to sundry Sioux Indians for depredations, treaty of April twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, eighty-one thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

For payment to George T. Wilson, a Chickasaw Indian, for stock stolen from him by Kiowa and Comanche Indians in eighteen hundred and sixty-six, one thousand three hundred and ninety-five dollars.

For army pensions, one hundred and forty dollars.

For navy pensions, twenty dollars.

For fees of examining surgeons, pensions, twelve dollars.

Claims allowed by Auditor for State, etc., Departments.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE STATE AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

For salaries of diplomatic officers while receiving instructions and in transit, sixty-two dollars and sixty-five cents.

For salaries of consular officers while receiving instructions and in transit, eleven dollars and thirty-nine cents.

For contingent expenses, foreign missions, fourteen dollars and fifty cents.

For salaries, consular service, three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars and thirty-eight cents.

For pay of consular officers for services to American vessels and seamen, forty-one dollars and fifty-four cents.

For salaries, interpreters to consulates, seven dollars and seventy-five cents.

For contingent expenses, United States consulates, two thousand seven hundred and fifty-five dollars and eight cents.

For loss by exchange, diplomatic service, seven dollars and twelve cents.

For steam launch for legation at Constantinople, seven dollars and four cents.

For relief and protection of American seamen, seventy-six dollars and thirty-three cents.

For preservation of collections, National Museum, sixty cents.

For Interstate Commerce Commission, one hundred and forty dollars and twenty-two cents.

For salaries and expenses, Bureau of Animal Industry, fourteen dollars and forty-eight cents.

For soil investigations, fifty-two cents.

For investigating the production of domestic sugar, seven dollars.

For general expenses, Weather Bureau, fifty-seven dollars and two cents.

For contingent expenses, Department of Justice: Miscellaneous items, four hundred and twenty-six dollars and seventy-nine cents.

For prosecution of crimes, eighteen dollars and eighty-two cents.

For pay of special assistant attorneys, United States courts, eight hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For fees of clerks, United States courts, two thousand seven hundred and forty-one dollars and thirty cents.

For fees of commissioners, United States courts, two hundred and twenty-two dollars and twenty-five cents.

For fees of jurors, United States courts, seventeen dollars and sixty cents.

For fees of witnesses, United States courts, twenty-two dollars and eighty cents.

For support of prisoners, United States courts, one thousand six hundred and nine dollars.

For supplies for United States courts, one dollar and sixty-one cents.

For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, three hundred and sixty-eight dollars and thirty-five cents.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Claims allowed by Auditor for Post-Office Department.

For compensation of postmasters, twenty-seven dollars and forty-two cents.

For clerk hire, thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For miscellaneous, First Assistant Postmaster-General, one dollar.

For free-delivery service, seven hundred and seventy-three dollars and ninety-seven cents.

For star transportation, three hundred and thirty-two dollars and eighty-six cents.

For steamboat transportation, seventeen dollars and ninety-five cents.

For limited indemnity for lost registered mail, two hundred and ninety dollars and eighty cents.

For rewards, one thousand six hundred dollars.

SEC. 3. That for the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the several accounting officers of the Treasury Department under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section five of the Act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section two of the Act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered One hundred and ninety-two, reported to Congress at its present session, there is appropriated as follows:

Additional claims.

Vol. 18, p. 110.

Vol. 23, p. 254.

Claims allowed by
Auditor for Treasury
Department.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

For heating apparatus for public buildings, one dollar and fifty-nine cents.

For salaries and expenses of special inspectors of foreign steam vessels, twenty-five thousand three hundred and ninety-five dollars and twenty-nine cents.

For contingent expenses, mint at San Francisco, one hundred and thirty dollars and twenty cents.

Customs: For collecting the revenue from customs, four hundred and two dollars and sixty-eight cents.

For Life-Saving Service, three hundred and sixty-four dollars and forty cents.

Internal revenue: For salaries and expenses of collectors of internal revenue, eighty-three dollars and fifteen cents.

For payment of judgments against internal-revenue officers, two thousand and ninety-three dollars and twenty-nine cents.

For relief of Continental Fire Insurance Company and others, Act February twenty-eighth, nineteen-hundred and one, nine hundred and six dollars and eighty cents.

Claims allowed by
Auditor for War De-
partment.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

For pay, and so forth, of the Army, four thousand and ninety-eight dollars and ninety cents.

For regular supplies, Quartermaster's Department, five hundred and two dollars and seventy-five cents.

For transportation of the Army and its supplies, eighty-three thousand nine hundred and twelve dollars and ninety-seven cents.

For barracks and quarters, ninety-eight dollars and forty cents.

For headstones for graves of soldiers, three dollars and sixty-one cents.

For Medical and Hospital Department, ninety-seven dollars.

For pay, transportation, services, and supplies of Oregon and Wash- ington volunteers in eighteen hundred and fifty-five and eighteen hundred and fifty-six, fifty-one dollars and forty-one cents.

Claims allowed by
Auditor for Navy De-
partment.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

For pay of the Navy, one hundred and twenty-seven dollars and seventy-four cents.

For contingent, Bureau of Ordnance, one thousand seven hundred and eighty-four dollars and sixty-eight cents.

For contingent, Bureau of Equipment, twenty-five dollars and ninety cents.

For contingent, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, fifty cents.

For construction and repair, Bureau of Construction and Repair, nine hundred dollars.

For indemnity for lost property, naval service, Act of March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, two hundred and forty dollars and thirty-one cents.

For enlistment bounties to seamen, ninety-two dollars.

Claims allowed by
Auditor for Interior
Department.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

For surveying the public lands, eight thousand two hundred and ninety-eight dollars and seventy-five cents.

Indians: For traveling expenses of Indian inspectors, thirty-one dollars and fifteen cents.

For transportation of Indian supplies, one dollar and seventy-eight cents.

For Indian moneys: Proceeds of labor, one hundred and forty-four dollars.

Payment to estate of Robert Cut chubby, a Chickasaw Indian, for stock stolen from him by Comanche Indians in eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, one thousand and sixty-five dollars.

Payment to estate of A. B. Johnson, a Chickasaw Indian, for stock stolen from him by Comanche Indians in eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, two thousand and twenty-five dollars.

Payment to estate of Aggy Daren, a Chickasaw Indian, for stock stolen from her by Comanche Indians in eighteen hundred and sixty-six, two thousand one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Payment to estate of Ho par kin tubby, a Chickasaw Indian, for stock stolen from him by Comanche Indians in eighteen hundred and sixty-six, three thousand nine hundred dollars.

Pensions: Army pensions, sixty-one dollars.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE STATE AND OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

Claims allowed by Auditor for State, etc., Departments.

State Department: For pay of consular officers for services to American vessels and seamen, eighty-nine dollars and seventy-five cents.

Department of Agriculture: For forestry investigations, four dollars and twelve cents.

Department of Justice: For salaries, fees, and expenses of marshals, United States courts, forty dollars and sixty-five cents.

For fees of clerks, United States courts, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, two hundred and ninety-two dollars and twenty-five cents.

For fees of witnesses, United States courts, thirty dollars.

For rent of court rooms, United States courts, fiscal year nineteen hundred and two, sixty-five dollars.

For miscellaneous expenses, United States courts, three hundred and sixteen dollars and thirty-five cents.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Claims allowed by Auditor for Post-Office Department.

For star transportation, seventy-four dollars.

SEC. 4. That for the payment of the following claims, certified to be due by the several accounting officers of the Treasury Department under appropriations the balances of which have been exhausted or carried to the surplus fund under the provisions of section five of the Act of June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, and under appropriations heretofore treated as permanent, being for the service of the fiscal year nineteen hundred and prior years, unless otherwise stated, and which have been certified to Congress under section two of the Act of July seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, as fully set forth in Senate Document Numbered One hundred and ninety-eight, reported to Congress at its present session, there is appropriated as follows:

Additional claims.

Vol. 18, p. 110.

Vol. 23, p. 254.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE AUDITOR FOR THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Claims allowed by Auditor for War Department.

For transportation of the Army and its supplies, eight thousand four hundred and fifty-eight dollars and ninety-one cents.

For headstones for graves of soldiers, four dollars and fifty-two cents.

CLAIMS ALLOWED BY THE COMPTROLLER OF THE TREASURY.

Claims allowed by Comptroller.

INTERIOR DEPARTMENT.

For salaries and commissions of registers and receivers, two hundred and seventy-two dollars and twenty-three cents.

Refunding States
expenses raising vol-
unteers.

SEC. 5. For refunding to States expenses incurred in raising volunteers, certified to Congress at this session in House Document Numbered Three hundred and ninety-four, and Senate Document Numbered One hundred and eighty-four, as follows:

To the State of Kentucky, one million three hundred and twenty-three thousand nine hundred and ninety-nine dollars and thirty-five cents.

To the State of Wisconsin, four hundred and fifty-eight thousand six hundred and seventy-seven dollars and ninety cents.

To the State of Maine, two hundred and twenty-eight thousand one hundred and eighty-six dollars and ninety-four cents.

To the State of New Hampshire one hundred and seventy-two thousand nine hundred and twenty-eight dollars and twenty-seven cents.

To the State of Connecticut six hundred and six thousand five hundred and sixty dollars and fifty-nine cents.

To the State of New Jersey four hundred and seventy-nine thousand eight hundred and thirty-three dollars and twenty cents.

To the State of Rhode Island thirty-one thousand two hundred and eighty-nine dollars and seventy-one cents.

For the following additional payments to States, namely:

South Carolina.
Additional pay-
ment.

To pay the State of South Carolina for balance found due from the United States to said State, according to the computation made by the Comptroller of the Treasury up to January first, eighteen hundred and eighty-one, as stated in his letter to the Secretary of the Treasury, dated February twenty-first, nineteen hundred and three, forty-seven thousand two hundred and forty-five dollars and seventy-seven cents, and interest upon the same at four per centum per annum until paid.

Treasury settle-
ments.

SEC. 6. To pay the following Treasury settlements heretofore certified to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury, namely:

Insurance compa-
nies.

Settlement numbered ninety-six hundred and ninety-six, in favor of the Globe Mutual Insurance Company, of Saint Louis, Missouri, Gilbert Elliot, receiver, reported in House Executive Document Numbered Two hundred and thirty-four, Fifty-third Congress, third session, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Settlement numbered five thousand three hundred and three, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the United States Insurance Company, of Saint Louis, Missouri, reported in Senate Executive Document Numbered Five, Fifty-third Congress, third session, five thousand dollars.

Settlement numbered five thousand, of eighteen hundred and eighty-four, in favor of the Phoenix Insurance Company, of Saint Louis, Missouri, reported in Senate Executive Document Numbered Five, Fifty-third Congress, third session, five thousand dollars.

Settlement numbered five thousand three hundred and three, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the American Central Insurance Company, of Saint Louis, Missouri, reported in Senate Executive Document Numbered Five, Fifty-third Congress, third session, five thousand dollars.

Settlement numbered five thousand two hundred and one, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the Boatmen's Insurance and Trust Company, of Saint Louis, Missouri, reported in Senate Executive Document Numbered Five, Fifty-third Congress, third session, three thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven dollars and nine cents.

Settlement numbered five thousand two hundred and one, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the American Central Insurance Company, of Saint Louis, Missouri, reported in Senate Executive Document Numbered Five, Fifty-third Congress, third session, three thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven dollars and nine cents.

Settlement numbered ninety-six hundred and fifty-eight, for five thousand dollars, in favor of the Eureka Insurance Company, of Pitts-

burg, Pennsylvania, William L. Jones, receiver, reported in House Executive Document Numbered Two hundred and thirty-four, Fifty-third Congress, third session.

Settlement numbered five thousand and three, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the Phoenix Insurance Company, of New York, five thousand dollars, reported in Senate Executive Document Numbered Forty, Fifty-third Congress, third session.

For the following, reported in Senate Document Numbered One hundred and fifty-six at this session, namely, settlement numbered forty-eight hundred and thirteen of eighteen hundred and eighty-four, in favor of the Sun Mutual Insurance Company, New York, five thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars; the Commercial Mutual Insurance Company, New York, two thousand four hundred and forty-one dollars and sixty-seven cents; the Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company, New York, five thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars; the assignees of Washington Marine Insurance Company, New York, four thousand five hundred dollars; in all, eighteen thousand six hundred and sixty-one dollars and sixty-seven cents.

Settlement numbered ninety-six hundred and fifty-seven of eighteen hundred and ninety-four, to the assignees of Washington Marine Insurance Company, New York, five thousand dollars.

To pay the Treasury settlements reported to Congress in Senate Document Numbered One hundred and ninety-one at the present session, nineteen thousand two hundred and eleven dollars and sixty-one cents.

Settlement numbered fifty-two hundred and one, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the Eureka Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, reported in House Executive Document Numbered One hundred and fifty-three, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, four thousand five hundred and seventy-four dollars and nineteen cents.

Settlement numbered fifty-two hundred and one, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the Citizens' Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, reported in House Executive Document Numbered One hundred and fifty-three, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, one thousand seven hundred and forty-four dollars and fifty-two cents.

Settlement numbered fifty-two hundred and one, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the American Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, reported in House Executive Document Numbered One hundred and fifty-three, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, one thousand seven hundred and forty-four dollars and fifty-two cents.

Settlement numbered fifty-two hundred and one, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the Magnolia Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, reported in House Executive Document Numbered One hundred and fifty-three, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, two thousand two hundred and eighty-seven dollars and ten cents.

Settlement numbered fifty-two hundred and one, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the City Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, Ohio, reported in House Executive Document Numbered One hundred and fifty-three, Forty-eighth Congress, second session, two thousand two hundred and eighty-seven dollars and ten cents.

For the following, reported in Senate Document Numbered Sixty, Fifty-fourth Congress, second session, namely, settlement numbered fifty-three hundred, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the Magnolia Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, two thousand three hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-three cents; settlement numbered fifty-three hundred and sixty-three, of eighteen hundred and eighty-five, in favor of the Magnolia Fire and

Marine Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, three thousand dollars; the City Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, three thousand dollars; settlement numbered fifty hundred and sixty-eight, of eighteen hundred and eighty-four, in favor of the National Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, three thousand dollars; the American Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, four thousand dollars; the Central Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, three thousand dollars; settlement numbered fifty hundred and eighty-five, of eighteen hundred and eighty-four, in favor of the American Insurance Company, of Cincinnati, four thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars; in all, twenty-three thousand dollars and thirty-three cents.

Stewart and Barr.
Distribution of
French spoliation
claim to heirs of.
Ante, p. 219.

SEC. 7. That the sum of sixteen thousand nine hundred and thirty-three dollars and thirty-three cents appropriated to be paid to Henry V. Lester, administrator of James Barr, deceased, as surviving partner of the firm of Stewart and Barr, in the Act entitled "An Act for the allowance of certain claims for stores and supplies reported by the Court of Claims under the provisions of the Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, and commonly known as the Bowman Act, and for other purposes," approved May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two (page two hundred and nineteen of volume thirty-two, United States Statutes at Large), shall be paid as follows: Henry V. Lester, administrator of James Stuart, deceased, eight thousand four hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents, and Henry V. Lester, administrator of James Barr, deceased, eight thousand four hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-six cents: *Provided, however*, That the same shall not be paid until the Court of Claims shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury that the administrator of said estates represents the next of kin of said James Stuart and James Barr, and the court which granted the administrations on said estates shall have certified that the administrator has given adequate security for the legal disbursement of the amounts herein appropriated.

Proviso.
Proof required.

John A. Dubernat.
French spoliation
claim to administra-
tor of, to be paid ad-
ministrator of widow.
Ante, p. 219.

That the amount appropriated to be paid under the clause reading as follows: "On the ship Theresa, Philip Brum, master, namely, George W. Lockwood, administrator of the estate of John A. Dubernat, deceased, thirteen thousand five hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents: *Provided, however*, That the amount so appropriated shall not be paid until the Court of Claims shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury that the administrator of said estate represents the next of kin of John A. Dubernat, or, in the event the court shall find there are no such next of kin and that there was a widow of said John A. Dubernat, then that said sum be paid to the personal representative of such widow for and on behalf of the next of kin of such widow," in the Act entitled "An Act for the allowance of certain claims for stores and supplies reported by the Court of Claims under the provisions of the Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-three, and commonly known as the Bowman Act, and for other purposes," approved May twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred and two (page two hundred and nineteen of volume thirty-two, United States Statutes at Large), be paid instead to J. Stelman Hogg, administrator of the estate of Louisia R. C. Durkee, formerly Dubernat, widow of the said John A. Dubernat, deceased: *Provided, however*, That the same shall not be paid until the Court of Claims shall certify to the Secretary of the Treasury that the administrator represents the next of kin of said widow, and the court which granted the administration to the said administrator shall certify that he has given adequate security for the legal disbursement of the amount herein appropriated.

Proviso.
Proof, etc., required.

Ante, p. 825.

SEC. 8. For payment of the salaries and expenses of the Department of Commerce and Labor, established by the "Act to establish the Department of Commerce and Labor," approved February fourteenth,

nineteen hundred and three, for the fiscal years nineteen hundred and three and nineteen hundred and four, as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

Department of Commerce and Labor.

Office of the Secretary: For compensation of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, at the rate of eight thousand dollars per annum; private secretary to the Secretary, at the rate of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor, at the rate of five thousand dollars per annum; private secretary to the Assistant Secretary, at the rate of one thousand eight hundred dollars per annum; chief clerk, at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum; disbursing clerk, at the rate of two thousand five hundred dollars per annum; chief of the Bureau of Manufactures, at the rate of four thousand dollars per annum; Commissioner of Corporations, at the rate of five thousand dollars per annum; Deputy Commissioner of Corporations, at the rate of three thousand five hundred dollars per annum; chief clerk to the Bureau of Corporations, at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum; in all, fifty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Pay of Secretary, Assistant, clerks, etc.

Bureau of Manufactures, chief, Commissioner of Corporations.

For such number of clerks of class four, clerks of class three, clerks of class two, clerks of class one, clerks at the rate of one thousand dollars each per annum, clerks at the rate of nine hundred dollars each per annum, clerks at the rate of seven hundred and twenty dollars each per annum, messengers, assistant messengers, and for the services of such other persons, at a rate of compensation not exceeding one thousand dollars each per annum, as the Secretary of Commerce and Labor may deem to be requisite and necessary in his office and in the Bureaus of Manufactures and Corporations, in addition to the employees that may be transferred hereunder from the office of the Secretary of the Treasury, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars.

Clerks, messengers, etc.

For contingent expenses of the office of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and the Bureaus of Manufactures and Corporations, namely:

Contingent expenses.

For the purchase of professional and scientific books, law books, books of reference, periodicals, blank books, pamphlets, maps, newspapers (not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars), stationery, furniture and repairs to the same, carpets, matting, oilcloth, file cases, towels, ice, brooms, soap, sponges, fuel, lighting and heating; for the purchase, exchange, and care of horses and vehicles, to be used only for official purposes; freight and express charges, postage, telegraph and telephone service, typewriters, and adding machines, and all other miscellaneous items and necessary expenses not included in the foregoing, fifty thousand dollars.

For rent of necessary quarters for the offices of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and the Bureaus of Manufactures and Corporations, sixteen thousand dollars.

Rent.

For printing and binding for the offices of the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and the Bureaus of Manufactures and Corporations, to be executed under the direction of the Public Printer, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Printing and binding.

For compensation, to be fixed by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, of such special agents in the Bureau of Corporations, and for per diem, subject to such rules and regulations as the Secretary of Commerce and Labor may prescribe, in lieu of subsistence at a rate not exceeding four dollars per day to each of said special agents, while absent from their homes on duty, and for actual necessary traveling expenses for said special agents including necessary sleeping car fares, sixty thousand dollars.

Special agents, Compensation, etc.

Appropriations for offices, etc., transferred, available for expenditure in Department.

That all appropriations made for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four for the Department of Labor, Fish Commission, bureaus, offices, or other divisions of whatever designation or character, transferred or that may be transferred from any executive department to the Department of Commerce and Labor under the act approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and three, shall be available for expenditure in and by the Department of Commerce and Labor, and shall be treated the same as though said branches of the public service had been directly named in the laws making said appropriations as parts of the Department of Commerce and Labor, under the direction of the Secretary of the Department: *Provided*, That as to all general appropriations for printing and binding, rent, and contingent or miscellaneous expenses, the amounts that shall be transferred hereunder, except where the same are specifically fixed by law, shall in the case of each bureau, office, or other division be not less than the average amount expended on account of or allotted for expenditure to each of the same during the fiscal years nineteen hundred and two and nineteen hundred and three.

Proviso.
Allotment of printing, rent, etc.

Transfer of Treasury employees before July 1, 1903.

That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized and directed, as soon as may be practicable and before the first day of July, nineteen hundred and three, to transfer to the Department of Commerce and Labor all chiefs of division, assistant chiefs of division, clerks, messengers, assistant messengers, watchmen, charwomen, and laborers now employed in the divisions of his office who are wholly engaged upon the work relating to the business of the bureaus and offices of the Treasury Department transferred or to be transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor under the Act of February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and three; and in proportion to the number of persons in the divisions of his office whose time and labor are partially devoted to the work of said bureaus and offices he shall transfer approximately an equivalent number of clerks and other employees to said Department of Commerce and Labor, and the appropriations made for the compensation of all persons transferred hereunder shall be credited to and disbursed by the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Annual estimates.

That the Secretary of Commerce and Labor shall submit to Congress for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and five, and annually thereafter, estimates in detail for all personal services and for all general and miscellaneous expenses for the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Bureaus, etc., to remain in present offices until otherwise provided for.

That all bureaus, offices, and divisions transferred to the Department of Commerce and Labor after July first, nineteen hundred and three, occupying quarters in any building owned by the United States shall continue therein until otherwise provided for by Congress, except the Bureau of Immigration and the Steamboat Inspection Service, which may be removed from the Treasury building to the Builders' Exchange building, numbers seven hundred and nineteen to seven hundred and twenty-one Thirteenth street northwest, premises now rented in part by the Treasury Department.

Exception.

Department of State.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Chief of bureau, etc., to prepare consular reports.
Ante, p. 850.

To enable the Department of State to comply with the requirements of section eleven of the Act to establish the Department of Commerce and Labor, approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and three: Chief of Bureau, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; one clerk of class two, one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk of class one, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant messenger, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, five thousand five hundred and seventy dollars.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1007.—An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1903.
[Public, No. 157.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, namely:

Sundry civil expenses appropriations.

UNDER THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Treasury Department.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Public buildings.

Aberdeen, South Dakota, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Aberdeen, S. Dak.

Adrian, Michigan, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, ten thousand dollars.

Adrian, Mich.

Alexandria, Virginia, custom-house and post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, forty thousand dollars.

Alexandria, Va.

Allentown, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Allentown, Pa.

Amesbury, Massachusetts, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Amesbury, Mass.

Anderson, Indiana, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty thousand dollars.

Anderson, Ind.

Anniston, Alabama, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Anniston, Ala.

Athens, Georgia, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Athens, Ga.

Atlantic, Iowa, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Atlantic, Iowa.

Atlantic City, New Jersey, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Atlantic City, N. J.

Augusta, Maine, post-office, court-house, etc.: For completion of extension under present limit, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Augusta, Me.

Baltimore, Maryland, custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, four hundred thousand dollars.

Baltimore, Md.
Custom-house.

For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials at Baltimore, Maryland, one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

Rent.

For the erection of an addition to the quarters now occupied by the subtreasury at Baltimore, Maryland, in the space between the present old court-house and the post-office and court-house building, and for changes in connection therewith, five thousand dollars.

Subtreasury, additional quarters.

Bangor, Maine, custom-house and post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.

Bangor, Me.

For the Government's share of one-half of the estimated cost of repairing the bridge which spans the Kenduskeag stream and furnishes the approach to the custom-house and post-office at Bangor, Maine, six thousand dollars.

Repairing bridge, etc.

Baraboo, Wisconsin, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

Baraboo, Wis.

Batesville, Arkansas, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

Batesville, Ark.

Battle Creek, Michigan, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Battle Creek, Mich.

Beaumont, Texas, post-office and court-house: For completion of extension under present limit, seventy thousand dollars.

Beaumont, Tex.

- Biloxi, Miss. Biloxi, Mississippi, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.
- Boone, Iowa. Boone, Iowa, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Burlington, Iowa. Burlington, Iowa, post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Burlington, Vt. Burlington, Vermont, post-office and custom-house: For completion of building under present limit, one hundred and forty-five thousand dollars.
- Butte, Mont. Butte, Montana, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.
- Centerville, Iowa. Centerville, Iowa, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Charlottesville, Va. Charlottesville, Virginia, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Chicago, Ill. Rent. Chicago, Illinois, temporary building for post-office: For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials for the year ending March twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and four, twenty-six thousand seven hundred and fifty-eight dollars and seventy-nine cents.
- New building. Chicago, Illinois, post-office and court-house: For completion of building under present limit, five hundred and seventy thousand dollars.
- Chillicothe, Ohio. Chillicothe, Ohio, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Cleveland, Ohio. Cleveland, Ohio, post-office, custom-house, and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, four hundred thousand dollars.
- Rent. Cleveland, Ohio, rent of buildings: For rent of temporary quarters for the accommodation of Government officials, and all expenses incident thereto, fifty-two thousand dollars.
- Colorado Springs, Colo. Colorado Springs, Colorado, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Crawfordsville, Ind. Crawfordsville, Indiana, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.
- Cumberland, Md. Cumberland, Maryland, court-house and post-office: For completion of building under the present limit, fifty thousand dollars.
- Dallas, Tex. Dallas, Texas, court-house and post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Deadwood, S. Dak. Deadwood, South Dakota, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, fifty thousand dollars.
- Decatur, Ill. Decatur, Illinois, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty thousand dollars.
- Dekalb, Ill. Dekalb, Illinois, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, sixteen thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.
- Denver, Colo. Mint. Denver, Colorado, mint building: For completion of building, three hundred thousand dollars.
- Durham, N. C. Durham, North Carolina, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Easton, Pa. Easton, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Eau Claire, Wis. Eau Claire, Wisconsin, court-house and post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eighty thousand dollars.
- Elizabeth, N. J. Elizabeth, New Jersey, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Ellis Island, immigrant station, N. Y. Ellis Island, New York, immigrant station: For an extension and additions to the present hospital on Ellis Island, one hundred thousand dollars;

For the construction or purchase of a steel twin-screw ferryboat, one hundred and ten thousand dollars;

Ferryboat.

For sundries, additions, repairs, and alterations to the Government property at Ellis Island as from time to time, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury, may be deemed necessary, twenty thousand dollars;

Repairs, etc.

For construction of a new island near Ellis Island, one hundred and fifty thousand five hundred dollars; in all, three hundred and eighty thousand five hundred dollars, which sum shall be paid out of the immigrant fund.

Construction of new island.

Elkhart, Indiana, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Elkhart, Ind.

Emporia, Kansas, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, twenty-six thousand dollars.

Emporia, Kans.

Evanston, Illinois, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

Evanston, Ill.

Evanston, Wyoming, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Evanston, Wyo.

Fergus Falls, Minnesota, court-house and post-office: For completion of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.

Fergus Falls, Minn.

Findlay, Ohio, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, thirteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Findlay, Ohio.

Flint, Michigan, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, sixteen thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Flint, Mich.

Florence, South Carolina, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Florence, S. C.

Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.

Fond du Lac, Wis.

Fort Smith, Arkansas, court-house, post-office, and so forth: For completion of extension under present limit, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Fort Smith, Ark.

Fresno, California, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Fresno, Cal.

Gainesville, Florida, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Gainesville, Fla.

Gainesville, Texas, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

Gainesville, Tex.

Geneva, New York, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Geneva, N. Y.

Georgetown, South Carolina, post-office and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

Georgetown, S. C.

Gloversville, New York, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Gloversville, N. Y.

Goldsboro, North Carolina, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Goldsboro, N. C.

Grand Forks, North Dakota, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, forty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Grand Forks, N. Dak.

Grand Haven, Michigan, post-office and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

Grand Haven, Mich.

Green Bay, Wisconsin, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Green Bay Wis.

Greenville, Tennessee, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Greenville, Tenn.

- Greensboro, N. C. Greensboro, North Carolina, court-house, post-office, and so forth: For completion of extension under present limit, forty-one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.
- Rent. For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials at Greensboro, North Carolina, and for expenses incidental thereto, three thousand dollars.
- Guthrie, Okla. Guthrie, Oklahoma, post-office and court-house: For completion of building under present limit, thirty-five thousand dollars.
- Hammond, Ind. Hammond, Indiana, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-five thousand dollars.
- Harrison, Ark. Harrison, Arkansas, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Hartford, Conn. Hartford, Connecticut, custom-house and post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, one hundred and ninety thousand dollars.
- Hastings, Nebr. Hastings, Nebraska, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, sixty thousand dollars.
- Henderson, Ky. Henderson, Kentucky, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, ten thousand dollars.
- Holyoke, Mass. Holyoke, Massachusetts, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Honolulu, Hawaii. Immigrant station. For the complete establishment of an immigration station and the erection of necessary buildings at Honolulu, Hawaii, on land owned by the United States, adjoining wharf known as Channel Wharf, and for each and every purpose connected therewith and necessary to complete said station in all of its details within the sum hereby appropriated, thirty thousand dollars.
- Huntington, W. Va. Huntington, West Virginia, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.
- Hutchinson, Kans. Hutchinson, Kansas, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.
- Indianapolis, Ind. Indianapolis, Indiana, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, six hundred thousand dollars.
- Rent. Indianapolis, Indiana, rent of buildings: For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials and all expenses incident thereto, twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Iowa City, Iowa. Iowa City, Iowa, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Ironton, Ohio. Ironton, Ohio, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, ten thousand dollars.
- Ithaca, N. Y. Ithaca, New York, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Jacksonville, Fla. Jacksonville, Florida, post-office, custom-house, and so forth: For completion of extension under present limit, thirty thousand dollars.
- Jacksonville, Ill. Jacksonville, Illinois, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Jamestown, N. Y. Jamestown, New York, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, thirty-five thousand dollars.
- Joplin, Mo. For post-office at Joplin, Missouri: For completion of building under present limit, seventy-five thousand dollars.
- Kalamazoo, Mich. Kalamazoo, Michigan, post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, thirty thousand dollars.
- Kankakee, Ill. Kankakee, Illinois, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Kingston, N. Y. Kingston, New York, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty thousand dollars.

Kirksville, Missouri, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, thirty thousand dollars.	Kirksville, Mo.
Laramie, Wyoming, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.	Laramie, Wyo.
Laredo, Texas, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.	Laredo, Tex.
Lawrence, Kansas, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.	Lawrence, Kans.
Leadville, Colorado, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, thirty-five thousand dollars.	Leadville, Colo.
Lebanon, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.	Lebanon, Pa.
Lincoln, Nebraska, court-house and post-office: For continuation of extension under present limit, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.	Lincoln, Nebr.
Lincoln, Nebraska, rent of buildings: For rent of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials, and all expenses incident thereto, five thousand dollars.	Rent.
Little Falls, New York, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.	Little Falls, N. Y.
For post-office at Lockport, New York: For completion of building under present limit, thirty thousand dollars.	Lockport, N. Y.
Logansport, Indiana, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.	Logansport, Ind.
Los Angeles, California, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, two hundred and twelve thousand five hundred dollars.	Los Angeles, Cal.
Los Angeles, California, rent of buildings: For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials and all expenses incident thereto, and for electric current for power purposes, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.	Rent.
Louisiana, Missouri, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.	Louisiana, Mo.
Macon, Georgia, court-house, and post-office: For continuation of extension under present limit, forty-eight thousand dollars.	Macon, Ga.
Marblehead, Massachusetts, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, ten thousand dollars.	Marblehead, Mass.
Marshalltown, Iowa, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.	Marshalltown, Iowa
Martinsville, Virginia, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.	Martinsville, Va.
Maysville, Kentucky, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, ten thousand dollars.	Maysville, Ky.
McKeesport, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.	McKeesport, Pa.
Memphis, Tennessee, custom-house, court-house, and post-office: For continuation of extension under present limit, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.	Memphis, Tenn.
Meriden, Connecticut, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.	Meriden, Conn.
Minneapolis, Minnesota, post-office: For continuation of extension under present limit, two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.	Minneapolis, Minn.
Montgomery, Alabama, court-house and post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, forty thousand dollars.	Montgomery, Ala.
Muncie, Indiana, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty thousand dollars.	Muncie, Ind.
Muskegon, Michigan, post-office and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.	Muskegon, Mich.

- Nashua, N. H. Nashua, New Hampshire, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.
- Nashville, Tenn. Nashville, Tennessee, custom-house and post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, seventy-five thousand dollars.
- Natchez, Miss. Natchez, Mississippi, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.
- Nevada, Mo. Nevada, Missouri, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, ten thousand dollars.
- Newcastle, Pa. Newcastle, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.
- New Brunswick, N. J. New Brunswick, New Jersey, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Newport, Vt. Newport, Vermont, court-house, post-office, and custom-house: For completion of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Newport News, Va. Newport News, Virginia, custom-house and post-office: For completion of building under present limit, one hundred thousand dollars.
- New York, N. Y. Custom-house. New York, New York, custom-house: For continuation of buildings under present limit, three hundred thousand dollars.
- Rent. New York, New York, rent of old custom-house: For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials, one hundred and thirty thousand six hundred dollars.
- Appraisers' warehouse, elevators, etc. New York, New York, appraisers' warehouse: For new elevators, and repairs to old elevators, in the appraisers' warehouse, New York, New York, thirty thousand dollars.
- Barge office. New York, New York, barge office: For alterations and improvements, six thousand dollars.
- Niagara Falls, N. Y. Niagara Falls, New York, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Norfolk, Nebr. Norfolk, Nebraska, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, eighty-five thousand dollars.
- Norristown, Pa. Norristown, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, nineteen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Northampton, Mass. Northampton, Massachusetts, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Oak Park, Ill. Oak Park, Illinois, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Ogden, Utah. Ogden, Utah, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, fifty thousand dollars.
- Oil City, Pa. Oil City, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Oklahoma City, Okla. Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, thirty-five thousand dollars.
- Omaha, Nebr. Omaha, Nebraska, court-house, custom-house, and post-office: For completion of building under present limit, twenty thousand dollars.
- Ottawa, Ill. Ottawa, Illinois, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Owosso, Mich. Owosso, Michigan, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Paducah, Ky. Paducah, Kentucky, post-office, court-house, and so forth: For completion of extension under present limit, forty-five thousand dollars.
- Pekin, Ill. Pekin, Illinois, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.
- Perth Amboy, N. J. Perth Amboy, New Jersey, post-office and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.
- Pittsburg, Pa. Marine-hospital site. United States marine hospital, Pittsburg, Pennsylvania: That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized, in his discretion, upon the application of the Secretary of the Treasury, to transfer to the custody and control of the Treasury Department, as a marine-

hospital site, so much of the United States Arsenal grounds in the city of Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, as may be required for that purpose, not exceeding five acres in extent, fronting on Pennsylvania avenue, Thirtieth, and Fortieth streets.

Portland, Oregon, post-office and court-house: For completion of extension under present limit, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Portland, Oreg.

For moving expenses, rent of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials at Portland, Oregon, and all expenses incident thereto, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Rent, etc.

Providence, Rhode Island, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Providence, R. I.

Reno, Nevada, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.

Reno, Nev.

Richmond, Indiana, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty thousand dollars.

Richmond, Ind.

Richmond, Virginia, post-office: For acquiring by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, the Shafer property adjoining the present post-office the sum of one hundred thousand dollars in addition to the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars already appropriated.

Richmond, Va.
Additional land.
Post, p. 1210.

Rock Hill, South Carolina, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Rock Hill, S. C.

Rome, New York, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, twenty thousand dollars.

Rome, N. Y.

Saint Louis, Missouri, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, one hundred and thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Saint Louis, Mo.

Salt Lake City, Utah, court-house and post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Salt Lake City, Utah.

San Francisco, California, custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

San Francisco, Cal.

Scranton, Pennsylvania, post-office, and so forth: For completion of extension under present limit, seventy thousand dollars.

Scranton, Pa.

Selma, Alabama, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

Selma, Ala.

Sherman, Texas, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Sherman, Tex.

Spartanburg, South Carolina, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.

Spartanburg, S. C.

Springfield, Illinois, court-house and post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Springfield, Ill.

Springfield, Illinois, rent of buildings: For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials, and all expenses incident thereto, four thousand dollars.

Rent.

Stillwater, Minnesota, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.

Stillwater, Minn.

Superior, Wisconsin, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, fifty-six thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Superior, Wis.

Tampa, Florida, court-house, post-office, and custom-house: For completion of building under present limit, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

Tampa, Fla.

Torrington, Connecticut, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

Torrington, Conn.

- Vincennes, Ind. Vincennes, Indiana, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eighteen thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Waco, Tex. Waco, Texas, court-house and post-office: For completion of extension under present limit, seventy-five thousand dollars.
- Rent, etc. For rental of temporary quarters for the accommodation of certain Government officials at Waco, Texas, and for expenses incidental thereto, five thousand dollars.
- Warren, Ohio. Warren, Ohio, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, eleven thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.
- Washington, Pa. Washington, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Waterbury, Conn. Waterbury, Connecticut, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.
- Waterloo, Iowa. Waterloo, Iowa, post-office and court-house: For continuation of building under present limit, thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Wausau, Wis. Wausau, Wisconsin, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.
- West Chester, Pa. West Chester, Pennsylvania, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, fifteen thousand dollars.
- Wheeling, W. Va. Wheeling, West Virginia, post-office, court-house, and custom-house: For continuation of building under present limit, one hundred thousand dollars.
- Wilkesbarre, Pa. Wilkesbarre, Pennsylvania, post-office: For completion of building under present limit, twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Washington, D. C. Bureau of Standards. Washington, District of Columbia, laboratory National Bureau of Standards: For completion of laboratory under present limit, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
- Zanesville, Ohio. Zanesville, Ohio, post-office: For continuation of building under present limit, twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Washington, D. C. Treasury buildings, repairs. For Treasury building at Washington, District of Columbia: For repairs to Treasury, Butler, and Winder buildings, twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Fire-alarm system. Fire-alarm system, Treasury Department: For maintenance of the automatic fire-alarm system now in the Treasury and Winder buildings, two thousand six hundred and twenty-five dollars.
- Ventilating apparatus. Ventilating apparatus, Treasury building: For installing ventilating apparatus and making necessary changes in connection therewith, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.
- Repairs and preservation. For repairs and preservation of public buildings: Repairs and preservation of custom-houses, court-houses, and post-offices, and quarantine stations, buildings and wharf at Sitka, Alaska, and the other public buildings and the grounds thereof under the control of the Treasury Department, exclusive of marine hospitals, four hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That of the sum hereby appropriated not exceeding forty thousand dollars may be used, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, in the employment, outside of the District of Columbia, of superintendents and others, including mechanical labor force, at a rate of compensation not exceeding for any one person six dollars per day.
- Protection to mail matter. For the construction of lookout facilities for the protection of mail matter in the following post-office buildings: Brooklyn, New York, two thousand seven hundred dollars; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, three thousand five hundred dollars; Saint Louis, Missouri, nine thousand dollars, and Detroit, Michigan, one thousand dollars; in all, sixteen thousand two hundred dollars.
- Heating apparatus, etc. Heating apparatus for public buildings: For heating, hoisting, and ventilating apparatus, and repairs to the same, for all public buildings, including quarantine stations and exclusive of marine hospitals,

under the control of the Treasury Department, exclusive of personal services, except for work done by contract, two hundred thousand dollars; but of this amount not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars may be expended for personal services of mechanics and others employed outside of the District of Columbia, in making repairs or inspecting work done on heating, hoisting, and ventilating apparatus.

Vaults, safes, and locks for public buildings: For vaults, safes, and locks, and repairs to the same, for all public buildings under the control of the Treasury Department, exclusive of personal services, except for work done by contract, thirty thousand dollars; but of this amount not exceeding three thousand dollars may be expended for personal services of mechanics and others employed outside of the District of Columbia in making repairs and inspecting work done.

Vaults, safes, and locks.

For the installation of necessary electrical protection to vaults in certain public buildings named in House Document Numbered Thirty-eight, Fifty-seventh Congress, second session, thirty thousand dollars.

Electrical protection to vaults.

Plans for public buildings: For books of reference, technical periodicals and journals, photographic instruments, chemicals, plates and photographic materials of like nature for use of the office of the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department, four thousand dollars; and hereafter the purchase of specially prepared paper for the duplication of plans, and such other incidental expenses and supplies as the Secretary of the Treasury may deem necessary and specially order for the use of the office of the Supervising Architect, exclusively for the purpose of carrying into effect the various appropriations for public buildings, shall be paid for from and equitably charged against such appropriations, in accordance with existing practice.

Plans, etc.

Expenses to be paid from amounts for each building.

QUARANTINE STATIONS.

Quarantine stations.

Portland, Maine, quarantine station: For purchase of site, erection of buildings, and equipment of station, fifty thousand dollars.

Portland, Me.

Pensacola, Florida, quarantine station: For wharf, quarters, hospital, water supply, telephone line, and improvements to station, fourteen thousand dollars.

Pensacola, Fla.

That so much of the sundry civil Act approved June sixth, nineteen hundred, as relates to the removal of the quarantine station at Brunswick, Georgia, in words as follows: "The quarantine station, Brunswick, Georgia: For removal of station, purchase of site, erection of buildings, and equipment of station, twenty thousand dollars," be amended so as to read:

Brunswick, Ga. Vol. 31, p. 592, amended.

"The quarantine station, Brunswick, Georgia: For removal of station, purchase of site, erection of buildings, and equipment of station, or, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, for the purchase of the site of the present station and the improvement thereof by the erection of buildings and otherwise, twenty thousand dollars."

Purchase of present station site, etc.

San Diego, California, quarantine station: For quarters and bath house and improvements to station, six thousand dollars.

San Diego, Cal.

For construction of wharf at United States quarantine station, Honolulu, Hawaii, fifty-five thousand dollars; for a runway to connect wharf with the island, ten thousand dollars; for retaining wall around the island, ten thousand dollars; for laundry plant, five thousand dollars; in all, eighty thousand dollars, which sum shall be expended in such manner and under such plans as will complete in every detail each and every object mentioned in this paragraph.

Honolulu, Hawaii, wharf, etc.

LIGHT-HOUSES, BEACONS, AND FOG SIGNALS.

Light-houses, beacons, and fog signals.

Ram Island Ledge, Portland Harbor, Maine: For continuing construction of a light-house and fog signal on Ram Island Ledge at the entrance to Portland Harbor, fifty thousand dollars.

Portland, Me.

Boston Harbor,
Mass.
Light station.
Ante, p. 430, amended.

Broad Sound Channel light station, Boston Harbor, Massachusetts: The provision in the sundry civil appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three for a first-order light and fog signal at the Northeast Grave, Boston Harbor, is hereby amended by striking out the words "the Northeast Grave" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "The Graves," so as to read as follows: Broad Sound Channel light station, Boston Harbor, Massachusetts: For constructing a first-order light and fog signal at The Graves on a granite tower, to mark the entrance to the new Broad Sound Channel in Boston Harbor, seventy-five thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to enter into a contract for the construction of said light station at a total cost not exceeding one hundred and eighty-eight thousand dollars.

Location changed
to The Graves.

Third light-house
district.
Relief light vessel.

Relief light vessel for the Third light-house district: For constructing, equipping, and outfitting complete for service a first-class light vessel, with steam fog signal, for the Third light-house district, ninety thousand dollars; and the Light-House Board is authorized to employ temporarily at Washington three draftsmen, to be paid at current rates, to prepare the plans for said vessel when this appropriation is made, and to be paid therefrom, such employment to cease on or before the date when, the plans for such vessel being finished, proposals for building same are invited by advertisement.

Norwalk, Conn.

Pecks Ledge light and fog-signal station, Connecticut: For establishing a light and fog-signal station at Pecks Ledge, Norwalk Harbor, Connecticut, twenty-nine thousand dollars.

Staten Island light-
house depot, N. Y.

Staten Island light-house depot, New York: For the erection of a lamp shop at the general light-house depot at Tompkinsville, Staten Island, New York, fifty thousand dollars.

Five Fathom Bank,
N. J.

Five Fathom Bank light vessel, New Jersey: For constructing, equipping, and outfitting, complete for service, a first-class steam light vessel, with a steam fog signal; and the Light-House Board is authorized to employ temporarily at Washington three draftsmen, to be paid at current rates, to prepare the plans for the light vessel for which appropriation may be made; such draftsmen to be paid from the appropriation for building said vessel; such employment to cease and determine on or before the date when, the plans for such vessel being finished, proposals for building said vessel are invited by advertisement, ninety thousand dollars.

Cape Lookout
Shoals, N. C.

Cape Lookout Shoals light vessel, North Carolina: For constructing, equipping, and outfitting, complete for service, a first-class steam light vessel with a steam fog signal; and the Light-House Board is authorized to employ temporarily at Washington three draftsmen, to be paid at current rates, to prepare the plans for the light-house vessel for which appropriation may be made; such draftsmen to be paid from the appropriation for building said vessel; such employment to cease and determine on or before the date when, the plans for such vessel being finished, proposals for building said vessel are invited by advertisement, ninety thousand dollars.

Hillsboro Inlet, Fla.

Hillsboro Inlet light station, Florida: For continuing construction of a first-order light station at or near Hillsboro Inlet, east coast of Florida, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Tender,
district. Seventh

Tender for the engineer of the Seventh light-house district: For completing a steam tender for construction and repair service, forty thousand dollars.

Heald Bank, Tex.

Heald Bank light vessel, Texas: For constructing, equipping, and outfitting, complete for service, a first-class steel steam light vessel with a steam fog signal; and the Light-House Board is authorized to employ temporarily at Washington three draftsmen, to be paid at current rates, to prepare the plans for the light-house vessel for which appropriation may be made; such draftsmen to be paid from the appropria-

tion for building said vessel; such employment to cease and determine on or before the date when, the plans for such vessel being finished, proposals for building said vessel are invited by advertisement, ninety thousand dollars.

Racine Reef light and fog-signal station, Wisconsin: For establishing a light tower and fog-signal winter quarters for keepers on Racine Reef, entrance to Racine Harbor, Wisconsin, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Racine Reef, Wis.

Relief light vessel for the Ninth and Eleventh light-house districts: For establishing a steel steam relief light vessel to be stationed at the Charlevoix, Michigan, light-house depot, and used as needed for a relief light vessel for both the Ninth light-house district and the Eleventh light-house district, thirty thousand dollars.

Charlevoix, Mich.

Spectacle Reef light station, Michigan: For reconstructing the foundation of the light and fog-signal station on Spectacle Reef, Lake Huron, Michigan, fifty-four thousand one hundred dollars.

Spectacle Reef, Lake Huron.

Middle Island, Michigan, light and fog-signal station: For establishing a light and fog-signal station on Middle Island, Lake Huron, Michigan, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Middle Island, Lake Huron.

Tender for Saint Marys River, Michigan: Construction of a steam tender for use in Saint Marys River and adjacent waters, Michigan, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Saint Marys River, Mich.

Light-house depot for the Eleventh light-house district: For establishing a light-house depot on light-house reservation at Minnesota Point, Minnesota, fourteen thousand dollars.

Minnesota Point, Minn.

Yerba Buena Island, California: For construction of an oil house at Yerba Buena Island, eight thousand dollars.

Yerba Buena Island, Cal.

Fog bell and lens-lantern light on the southeastern end of Southampton Shoal, San Francisco Bay, California: For establishing on the southeastern end of Southampton Shoal, San Francisco Bay, California, a fog bell and lens-lantern light, thirty thousand dollars.

Southampton Shoal, San Francisco Bay, Cal.

Piedras Blancas light station, California: To establish a fog signal and dwelling for its keeper at Piedras Blancas light station, California, fifteen thousand dollars.

Piedras Blancas, Cal.

Blunts Reef light vessel, Pacific Ocean, off Cape Mendocino, California: For constructing, equipping, and outfitting complete for service a first-class steam light vessel with steam fog signal, ninety thousand dollars.

Blunts Reef, Cal.

LIGHT-HOUSE ESTABLISHMENT.

Light-House Establishment.

SUPPLIES OF LIGHT-HOUSES: For supplying fog signals, light-houses, and other lights with illuminating, cleaning, preservative, and such other materials as may be required for annual consumption; for books, boats, and furniture for stations, traveling expenses of civilian members of Light-House Board in attending meetings of board at Washington, and not exceeding three hundred dollars for the purchase of technical and professional books and periodicals for the use of the Light-House Board, and for all other necessary incidental expenses, including the pay of officers and crews of light-house tenders and of clerks and other employees in the offices of the light-house inspectors and light-house engineers and at light-house depots, four hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Supplies.

REPAIRS OF LIGHT-HOUSES: For repairing, protecting, and improving light-houses and buildings; for improvements to grounds connected therewith; for establishing and repairing day marks and pier-head and other beacon lights, including purchase of land for same; for illuminating apparatus and machinery to replace that already in use; construction of necessary outbuildings, at a cost not exceeding two hundred dollars at any one light station in any fiscal year; and for all other necessary incidental expenses relating to these various objects,

Repairs.

including the pay of officers and crews of light-house tenders and of clerks and other employees in the offices of the light-house inspectors and light-house engineers and at light-house depots, seven hundred thousand dollars.

Keepers' salaries.

SALARIES OF KEEPERS OF LIGHT-HOUSES: For salaries, fuel, rations, rent of quarters where necessary, and all other necessary incidental expenses of not exceeding one thousand six hundred and fifty light-house and fog-signal keepers and laborers attending other lights, eight hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

Light-vessels.

EXPENSES OF LIGHT-VESSELS: For seamen's wages, rations, repairs, salaries, supplies, and temporary employment and all other necessary incidental expenses of light-vessels, including the pay of officers and crews of light-house tenders and of clerks and other employees in the offices of the light-house inspectors and the light-house engineers and at light-house depots, five hundred thousand dollars.

Buoyage.

EXPENSES OF BUOYAGE: For expenses of establishing, replacing, and maintaining buoys of any and all kinds, and spindles, and for all other necessary incidental expenses relating thereto, including the pay of officers and crews of light-house tenders and of clerks and other employees in the offices of the light-house inspectors and light-house engineers and at light-house depots, five hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Fog signals.

EXPENSES OF FOG SIGNALS: For establishing, replacing, duplicating, and improving fog signals and buildings connected therewith, and for repairs, the purchase of land for sites for fog signals, and for all other necessary incidental expenses of the same, including the pay of officers and crews of light-house tenders, and of clerks and other employees in the offices of the light-house inspectors and light-house engineers, and at light-house depots, two hundred and five thousand dollars.

Lighting of rivers.

LIGHTING OF RIVERS: For the pay of officers and crews of light-house tenders and of clerks and other employees in the offices of the light-house inspectors; and for establishing, supplying, and maintaining post lights on the Hudson and East rivers, New York; the Raritan River, New Jersey; Connecticut River, Thames River, between Norwich and New London, Connecticut; the Delaware River, between Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and Bordentown, New Jersey; the Elk River, Maryland; York River, James River, Virginia; Cape Fear River, North Carolina; Savannah River, Georgia; Saint Johns and Indian rivers, Florida; at Chicott Pass, and to mark navigable channel along Grand Lake, Louisiana; at the mouth of Red River, Louisiana; on the Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio, Tennessee, Illinois, and Great Kanawha rivers; Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers, California; on the Columbia and Willamette rivers, Oregon; on Puget Sound, Washington Sound, and adjacent waters, Washington; and the channels in Saint Louis and Superior bays, at the head of Lake Superior; the Light-House Board being hereby authorized to lease the necessary ground for all such lights and beacons as are for temporary use or are used to point out changeable channels, and which in consequence can not be made permanent, three hundred thousand dollars.

Survey of sites.

SURVEY OF LIGHT-HOUSE SITES: For preliminary examinations, surveys, and plans for determining the proper sites and cost of light-houses and structures for which estimates are to be made to Congress, one thousand dollars.

Oil houses

Proviso.
Limit.

OIL HOUSES FOR LIGHT STATIONS: For establishing isolated oil houses for the storage of mineral oil, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no oil house erected hereunder shall exceed five hundred and fifty dollars in cost.

Porto Rico.

PORTO RICAN LIGHT-HOUSE SERVICE: For maintaining existing aids to navigation and to establish and maintain additional day marks and beacon lights and buoys, where required on Porto Rico and adjacent

islands, including purchase of land for same and the pay of officers and crews of light-house tenders and of clerks and other employees in the offices of the light-house inspector and light-house engineer and at the light-house depot, seventy-five thousand dollars.

LIGHT-HOUSE AND FOG-SIGNAL STATIONS IN ALASKAN WATERS: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to continue to establish, under the direction and supervision of the Light-House Board, light-houses and fog signals in Alaskan waters, two hundred thousand dollars.

Alaska.

MAINTENANCE OF LIGHTS ON CHANNELS OF GREAT LAKES: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury, under the supervision of the Light-House Board, by contract or otherwise, to maintain lights necessary for the safe navigation of those channels in the connecting waterways of the Great Lakes which have been constructed or artificially improved by the Government of the United States, where the same can not properly be lighted from the American side, four thousand dollars.

Great Lakes.

Pointe au Pelee light-vessel, Lake Erie: For maintenance of a light-vessel on the southeast shoal, Pointe au Pelee Passage, Lake Erie, four thousand dollars.

Pointe au Pelee,
Lake Erie.

LIFE-SAVING SERVICE.

Life-Saving Service.

For salaries of superintendents for the life-saving stations as follows:

Superintendents' salaries.

For one superintendent for the coasts of Maine and New Hampshire, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the coast of Massachusetts, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the coasts of Rhode Island and Fishers Island, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

For one superintendent for the coast of Long Island, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the coast of New Jersey, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the coasts of Delaware, Maryland, and Virginia, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the coasts of Virginia and North Carolina, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the life-saving stations and for the houses of refuge on the coasts of South Carolina, Georgia, and Florida, one thousand seven hundred dollars;

For one superintendent for the life-saving and lifeboat stations on the coast of the Gulf of Mexico, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

For one superintendent for the life-saving and lifeboat stations on the coasts of Lakes Ontario and Erie, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the life-saving and lifeboat stations on the coasts of Lakes Huron and Superior, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the life-saving and lifeboat stations on the coast of Lake Michigan, two thousand dollars;

For one superintendent for the life-saving and lifeboat stations on the coasts of Washington, Oregon, and California, two thousand dollars; in all, twenty-five thousand three hundred dollars.

For salaries of two hundred and eighty-two keepers of life-saving and lifeboat stations and of houses of refuge, two hundred and forty-four thousand two hundred dollars.

Keepers.

For pay of crews of surfmen employed at the life-saving and lifeboat stations, including the old Chicago station and at the building to be erected on the grounds of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, at Saint Louis, Missouri, under authority of section fifteen of the Act of Congress approved March third, nineteen hundred and one, as amended by the Act of June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, for an

Crews.

exhibit of the United States Life-Saving Service, at the uniform rate of sixty-five dollars per month each during the period of actual employment, and three dollars per day for each occasion of service at other times; compensation of volunteers at life-saving and lifeboat stations for actual and deserving service rendered upon any occasion of disaster or in any effort to save persons from drowning, at such rate, not to exceed ten dollars for each volunteer, as the Secretary of the Treasury may determine; pay of volunteer crews for drill and exercise; fuel for stations and houses of refuge; repairs and outfits for same; rebuilding and improvement of same, including use of additional land where necessary; supplies and provisions for houses of refuge and for shipwrecked persons succored at stations; traveling expenses of officers under orders from the Treasury Department; commutation of quarters and purchase of fuel in kind for officers of the Revenue-Cutter Service detailed for duty in the Life-Saving Service; for carrying out the provisions of sections seven and eight of the Act approved May fourth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two; for draft animals and their maintenance; for telephone lines and care of same; and contingent expenses, including freight, storage, rent, repairs to apparatus, labor, medals, stationery, newspapers for statistical purposes, advertising, and all other necessary expenses not included under any other head of life-saving stations on the coasts of the United States, one million five hundred and thirty-two thousand six hundred and ten dollars.

Commutation of quarters.

Vol. 22, p. 57.

New stations.

For establishing new life-saving stations and lifeboat stations on the sea and lake coasts of the United States, authorized by law, to be available until expended, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Plum Island, Wis.
Telephone, cable,
etc.

For constructing and establishing, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, a telephone, cable, or telegraph line or lines from the mainland forming the eastern side of Green Bay, Wisconsin, across Deaths Door to the Plum Island life-saving station, and from the said Plum Island life-saving station across Washington Island, Wisconsin, thence to Rock Island, terminating at the light-house on said island, said line or lines to be operated under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury for the use of the Life-Saving Service, eight thousand dollars; and the Weather Bureau shall be entitled to the use of said line or lines under such regulations as may be agreed upon by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of Agriculture.

Use of line by
Weather Bureau.

Revenue-Cutter
Service.

REVENUE-CUTTER SERVICE.

Salaries and ex-
penses.

For expenses of the Revenue-Cutter Service: For pay and allowances of captains, lieutenants, captain of engineers, chief engineers, assistant engineers, and a constructor, Revenue-Cutter Service; pay of cadets, and surgeons and pilots employed, and for rations for the same; pay of petty officers, buglers, seamen, oilers, firemen, coal heavers, stewards, cooks, and boys, and for rations for the same; for fuel for vessels, and repairs and outfits for the same; ship chandlery and engineers' stores for the same; actual traveling expenses or mileage, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, for officers traveling on duty under orders from the Treasury Department; commutation of quarters; for protection of the seal fisheries in Bering Sea and the other waters of Alaska, and the interest of the Government on the seal islands and the sea-otter hunting grounds, and the enforcement of the provisions of law in Alaska; for enforcing the provisions of the Acts relating to the anchorage of vessels in the ports of New York and Chicago, approved May sixteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, February sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine; and an Act relating to the anchorage and movement of vessels in Saint Marys River, approved March sixth,

Seal fisheries.

Anchorage.
Vol. 25, p. 151.

Vol. 27, p. 431.
Vol. 30, p. 1061.
Vol. 23, p. 54.

eighteen hundred and ninety-six; and an Act relating to the anchorage of vessels in the Kennebec River at or near Bath, Maine, approved June sixth, nineteen hundred; for temporary leases and improvement of property for revenue-cutter purposes; contingent expenses, including wharfage, towage, dockage, freight, advertising, surveys, labor, and all other necessary miscellaneous expenses which are not included under special heads, one million four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For the construction, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, of a steam revenue cutter of the first class, for service on the coast of Maine, two hundred thousand dollars.

For additional amount for the construction, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, of a steam revenue cutter for service at the port of Philadelphia, twenty thousand dollars.

Vol. 31, p. 682.

Contingent expenses.

Revenue cutter for Maine coast.

Philadelphia, Pa. Revenue cutter.

ENGRAVING AND PRINTING.

For labor and expenses of engraving and printing: For salaries of all necessary clerks and employees, other than plate printers and plate printers' assistants, one million forty-three thousand five hundred and forty dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That no portion of this sum shall be expended for printing United States notes or Treasury notes of larger denomination than those that may be canceled or retired, except in so far as such printing may be necessary in executing the requirements of the Act "To define and fix the standard of value, to maintain the parity of all forms of money issued or coined by the United States, to refund the public debt, and for other purposes," approved March fourteenth, nineteen hundred.

For wages of plate printers, at piece rates to be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, not to exceed the rates usually paid for such work, including the wages of printers' assistants, when employed, one million one hundred and fifty-three thousand seven hundred and sixty-nine dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury: *Provided*, That no portion of this sum shall be expended for printing United States notes or Treasury notes of larger denomination than those that may be canceled or retired, except in so far as such printing may be necessary in executing the requirements of the Act "To define and fix the standard of value, to maintain the parity of all forms of money issued or coined by the United States, to refund the public debt, and for other purposes," approved March fourteenth, nineteen hundred.

For engravers' and printers' materials and other materials, except distinctive paper, and for miscellaneous expenses, five hundred and forty thousand one hundred and twenty-six dollars.

For rent of office now occupied by agent of the Post-Office Department to supervise the distribution of stamps of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, at the rate of fifty dollars per month, six hundred dollars.

Engraving and printing.

Salaries.

Proviso. Large notes.

Vol. 31, p. 45

Wages.

Proviso. Large notes.

Vol. 31, p. 45.

Materials.

Rent.

COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY.

For every expenditure requisite for and incident to the survey of the coasts of the United States and of coasts under the jurisdiction of the United States, including the survey of rivers to the head of tide water or ship navigation; deep-sea soundings, temperature and current observations along the coast and throughout the Gulf Stream and Japan Stream flowing off the said coasts; tidal observations; the necessary resurveys; the preparation of the Coast Pilot; continuing researches and other work relating to physical hydrography and terrestrial magnetism and the magnetic maps of the United States and adjacent waters,

Coast and Geodetic Survey.

Survey of coasts under the jurisdiction of the United States.

and the tables of magnetic declination, dip, and intensity usually accompanying them, astronomical and gravity observations; and including compensation, not otherwise appropriated for, of persons employed in the field work, in conformity with the regulations for the government of the Coast and Geodetic Survey adopted by the Secretary of the Treasury; for special examinations that may be required by the Light-House Board or other proper authority; for commutation to officers of the field force while on field duty, at a rate to be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, not exceeding two dollars and fifty cents per day each; outfit, equipment, and care of vessels used in the Survey, and also the repairs and maintenance of the complement of vessels; to be expended in accordance with the regulations relating to the Coast and Geodetic Survey from time to time prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and under the following heads: *Provided*, That no advance of money to chiefs of field parties under this appropriation shall be made unless to a commissioned officer, or to a civilian chief of party, who shall give bond in such sum as the Secretary of the Treasury may direct.

Proviso.
Advances.

Field expenses.

FOR FIELD EXPENSES: For surveys and necessary resurveys of the Atlantic and Gulf coasts of the United States, including the coasts of outlying islands under the jurisdiction of the United States, to be immediately available, and to continue available until expended: *Provided*, That not more than twenty-five thousand dollars of this amount shall be expended on the coasts of the before-mentioned outlying islands, seventy thousand dollars.

Proviso.
Limit of expenditures.

Pacific coast, etc.

For surveys and necessary resurveys of the Pacific coast, including the Hawaiian Islands and Alaska and other coasts on the Pacific Ocean under the jurisdiction of the United States, to be immediately available, and to continue available until expended, one hundred and seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For continuing researches in physical hydrography relating to harbors and bars, and for tidal and current observations on the coasts of the United States, or other coasts under the jurisdiction of the United States, six thousand four hundred dollars.

Coast Pilot.

For offshore soundings and examination of reported dangers on the coasts of the United States, and of coasts under the jurisdiction of the United States, and to continue the compilation of the Coast Pilot, and to make special hydrographic examinations, and including the employment of such pilots and nautical experts in the field and office as may be necessary for the same, fifteen thousand dollars.

Magnetic observations.

For continuing magnetic observations and to establish meridian lines in connection therewith in all parts of the United States, and for making magnetic observations in other regions under the jurisdiction of the United States, including the purchase of additional magnetic instruments, and the lease of sites where necessary and the erection of temporary magnetic buildings; for continuing the line of exact levels between the Atlantic, Pacific, and Gulf coasts; for furnishing points to State surveys, to be applied as far as practicable in States where points have not been furnished; for determinations of geographical positions, and for continuing gravity observations, fifty thousand dollars.

Points to State surveys.

Special surveys.

For any special surveys that may be required by the Light-House Board or other proper authority, and contingent expenses incident thereto, to be immediately available and to continue available until expended, twelve thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For objects not hereinbefore named that may be deemed urgent, including the preparation or purchase of preliminary plans and specifications of vessels and the actual necessary expenses of officers of the field force temporarily ordered to the office at Washington for consultation with the Superintendent, to be paid as directed by the Superintendent, in accordance with the Treasury regulations, and for the

expenses of the attendance of the American delegate at the meetings of the International Geodetic Association, not to exceed five hundred and fifty dollars, four thousand dollars:

Provided, That ten per centum of the foregoing amounts shall be available interchangeably for expenditure on the objects named; but no more than ten per centum shall be added to any one item of appropriation. *Provided.*
Interchangeable ex-
penditures.

In all, for field expenses, two hundred and sixty-four thousand nine hundred dollars.

For the installation of a tidal indicator on the floor of the exchange of the Maritime Association of the Port of New York, one thousand dollars.

Tidal indicator.

FOR REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE OF VESSELS: For repairs and maintenance of the complement of vessels used in the Coast and Geodetic Survey, including the traveling expenses of the person inspecting the repairs, twenty-nine thousand six hundred dollars.

Repairs of vessels,
etc.

For new steamer and outfit for Coast and Geodetic Survey: For one new steamer and outfit, including plans and specifications, and for rebuilding the Coast and Geodetic vessel *Cosmos*, at a cost not to exceed ten thousand dollars, to be immediately available, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

New steamer, etc.

OFFICERS AND MEN, VESSELS, COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY: For all necessary employees to man and equip the vessels of the Coast and Geodetic Survey to execute the work of the Survey herein provided for and authorized by law, one hundred and eighty-two thousand seven hundred and forty-five dollars.

Vessels.

PAY AND SUBSISTENCE OF PROFESSIONAL SEAMEN: For pay and subsistence of professional seamen serving as executive officers and mates on the vessels of the Survey, twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Professional sea-
men.

SALARIES COAST AND GEODETIC SURVEY: For Superintendent, five thousand dollars;

Salaries.
Superintendent.

For pay of assistants, to be employed in the field or office, as the Superintendent may direct:

Assistants.

- For two assistants, at four thousand dollars each;
- For one assistant, three thousand two hundred dollars;
- For five assistants, at three thousand dollars each;
- For five assistants, at two thousand five hundred dollars each;
- For one assistant, two thousand four hundred dollars;
- For eight assistants, at two thousand two hundred dollars each;
- For eight assistants, at two thousand dollars each;
- For three assistants, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each;
- For four assistants, at one thousand six hundred dollars each;
- For three assistants, at one thousand four hundred dollars each;
- For eight assistants, at one thousand two hundred dollars each;
- For six aids, at nine hundred dollars each;

For twenty-three aids, at not to exceed seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, one hundred and twenty-seven thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

PAY OF OFFICE FORCE: For one disbursing agent, two thousand five hundred dollars;

Office force.

For one chief of division of library and archives, one thousand eight hundred dollars;

- For clerical force, namely:
- For two, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each;
- For two, at one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars each;
- For four, at one thousand four hundred dollars each;
- For six, at one thousand two hundred dollars each;
- For three, at one thousand dollars each;

For chart correctors, buoy colorists, stenographers, writers, typewriters, and copyists, namely:

For two, at one thousand two hundred dollars each;

For three, at nine hundred dollars each;

For one, at eight hundred dollars;

For nine, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each;

For one, at six hundred dollars;

For topographic and hydrographic draftsmen, namely:

For one, at two thousand four hundred dollars;

For one, at two thousand two hundred dollars;

For two, at two thousand dollars each;

For three, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each;

For two, at one thousand six hundred dollars each;

For two, at one thousand four hundred dollars each;

For one, at one thousand two hundred dollars;

For three, at one thousand dollars each;

For two, at nine hundred dollars each;

For one, at seven hundred dollars;

For astronomical, geodetic, tidal, and miscellaneous computers, namely:

For two, at two thousand dollars each;

For one, at one thousand eight hundred dollars;

For four, at one thousand six hundred dollars each;

For one, at one thousand four hundred dollars;

For one, at one thousand two hundred dollars;

For eight, at one thousand dollars each;

For copperplate engravers, namely:

For three, at two thousand dollars each;

For two, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each;

For two, at one thousand six hundred dollars each;

For one, at one thousand four hundred dollars;

For two, at one thousand two hundred dollars each;

For two, at one thousand dollars each;

For four, at nine hundred dollars each;

For one, at seven hundred dollars;

For electrotypers and photographers, plate printers and their helpers, instrument makers, carpenters, engineer, and other skilled laborers, namely:

For two, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each;

For one, at one thousand six hundred dollars;

For ten, at one thousand two hundred dollars each;

For five, at one thousand dollars each;

For two, at nine hundred dollars each;

For six, at seven hundred dollars each;

For watchmen, firemen, messengers and laborers, namely:

For three, at eight hundred and eighty dollars each;

For four, at eight hundred and twenty dollars each;

For two, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each;

For two, at seven hundred dollars each;

For two, at six hundred and forty dollars each;

For four, at six hundred and thirty dollars each;

For three, at five hundred and fifty dollars each;

For two, at three hundred and sixty-five dollars each; in all, one hundred and fifty-five thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

Office expenses.

OFFICE EXPENSES: For the purchase of new instruments, for materials and supplies required in the instrument shop, carpenter shop, and drawing division, and for books, maps, charts, and subscriptions; for copper plates, chart paper, printer's ink, copper, zinc, and chemicals for electrotyping and photographing; engraving, printing, photographing, and electrotyping supplies; and for photolithographing

charts and printing from stone and copper for immediate use, and for the employment of expert lithographers in the office at an expenditure not exceeding three thousand one hundred dollars; for stationery for the office and field parties, transportation of instruments and supplies when not charged to party expenses, office wagon and horses, heating, lighting, and power, telephone, telegrams, ice, and washing, office furniture, repairs, other than for buildings, traveling expenses of assistants and others employed in the office sent on special duty in the service of the office, contingencies of all kinds, and for extra labor not to exceed three thousand four hundred dollars; in all, fifty thousand dollars.

For the discussion and publication of observations, one thousand dollars.

Publication, etc., of observations.

That no part of the money herein appropriated for the Coast and Geodetic Survey shall be available for allowance to civilian or other officers for subsistence while on duty at Washington (except as hereinafter provided for officers of the field force ordered to Washington for short periods for consultation with the Superintendent), except as now provided by law.

Allowances.

UNDER SMITHSONIAN INSTITUTION.

Smithsonian Institution.

INTERNATIONAL EXCHANGES: For expenses of the system of international exchanges between the United States and foreign countries, under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, and the purchase of necessary books and periodicals, twenty-six thousand dollars.

International exchanges.

AMERICAN ETHNOLOGY: For continuing ethnological researches among the American Indians, under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees and the purchase of necessary books and periodicals, forty thousand dollars, of which sum not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars may be used for rent of building.

American ethnology.

ASTROPHYSICAL OBSERVATORY: For maintenance of Astrophysical Observatory, under the direction of the Smithsonian Institution, including salaries of assistants, the purchase of necessary books and periodicals, apparatus, making necessary observations in high altitudes, printing and publishing results of researches, not exceeding one thousand five hundred copies, repairs and alterations of buildings and miscellaneous expenses, fifteen thousand dollars.

Astrophysical Observatory.

NATIONAL MUSEUM: For cases, furniture, fixtures, and appliances required for the exhibition and safe-keeping of the collections of the National Museum, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.

National Museum. Furniture, etc.

For expense of heating, lighting, electrical, telegraphic, and telephonic service for the National Museum, eighteen thousand dollars.

Heating, etc.

For continuing the preservation, exhibition, and increase of the collections from the surveying and exploring expeditions of the Government, and from other sources, including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, one hundred and eighty thousand dollars, of which sum five thousand five hundred dollars may be used for necessary drawings and illustrations for publications of the National Museum, and all other necessary incidental expenses.

Preserving collections.

For purchase of specimens to supply deficiencies in the collections of the National Museum, ten thousand dollars.

Specimens.

For purchase of books, pamphlets, and periodicals for reference in the National Museum, two thousand dollars.

Books, etc.

For repairs to buildings, shops, and sheds, National Museum, including all necessary labor and material, fifteen thousand dollars.

Repairs.

Rent.	For rent of workshops and temporary storage quarters for the National Museum, four thousand four hundred dollars.
Stamps, etc.	For postage stamps and foreign postal cards for the National Museum, five hundred dollars.
National Museum. New building au- thorized.	BUILDING FOR NATIONAL MUSEUM: To enable the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution to commence the erection of a suitable fire-proof building with granite fronts, for the use of the National Museum, to be erected on the north side of the Mall, between Ninth and Twelfth streets northwest, substantially in accordance with the Plan A, prepared and submitted to Congress by the secretary of the Smithsonian Institution under the provisions of the Act approved June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. Said building complete, including heating and ventilating apparatus and elevators, shall cost not to exceed three million five hundred thousand dollars, and a contract or contracts for its completion is hereby authorized to be entered into subject to appropriations to be made by Congress. The construction shall be in charge of Bernard R. Green, Superintendent of Buildings and Grounds, Library of Congress, who shall make the contracts herein authorized and disburse all appropriations made for the work, and shall receive as full compensation for his services hereunder the sum of two thousand dollars annually in addition to his present salary, to be paid out of said appropriations.
Location.	
Ante, p. 440.	
Cost.	
Contracts.	
Superintendent of construction.	
National Zoological Park. Expenses.	NATIONAL ZOOLOGICAL PARK: For continuing the construction of roads, walks, bridges, water supply, sewerage and drainage; and for grading, planting, and otherwise improving the grounds; erecting and repairing buildings and inclosures; care, subsistence, purchase, and transportation of animals; including salaries or compensation of all necessary employees, the purchase of necessary books and periodicals, the printing and publishing of operations, not exceeding one thousand five hundred copies, and general incidental expenses not otherwise provided for, ninety-five thousand dollars; one-half of which sum shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and the other half from the Treasury of the United States.
Half from District revenues.	
Fish Commission.	FISH COMMISSION.
Pay of Commission- er, clerks, etc.	OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER: For Commissioner, five thousand dollars; deputy commissioner, three thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand four hundred dollars; stenographer to Commissioner, one thousand six hundred dollars; librarian, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; two clerks of class three; private secretary, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; one engineer, one thousand and eighty dollars; three firemen, at six hundred dollars each; two watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; five janitors and messengers, at six hundred dollars each; one janitress, four hundred and eighty dollars; one messenger, two hundred and forty dollars; in all, thirty thousand two hundred and forty dollars.
Office of accounts.	Office of accounts: Disbursing agent, two thousand two hundred dollars; examiner of accounts, one thousand six hundred dollars; property clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk of class one; bookkeeper, one thousand and eighty dollars; in all, seven thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.
Office of architect and engineer.	Office of architect and engineer: Architect and engineer, two thousand two hundred dollars; draftsman, one thousand two hundred dollars; draftsman, nine hundred dollars; clerk, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, five thousand and twenty dollars.
Division of fish cul- ture. Office.	Division of fish culture—Office: Assistant in charge, two thousand seven hundred dollars; superintendent of car and messenger service,

one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk of class three; one clerk of class two; two clerks of class one; one copyist, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, ten thousand four hundred and twenty dollars.

Division of fish culture—Station employees: Central Station, Washington, District of Columbia: Clerk, nine hundred dollars; skilled laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; laborer, four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, two thousand one hundred dollars.

Station employees
Central Station.

Aquaria, Central Station: Superintendent, nine hundred and sixty dollars; skilled laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

Aquaria.

Fish ponds, Washington, District of Columbia: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, eight hundred and forty dollars; four laborers, at six hundred and sixty dollars each; in all, four thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

Fish ponds.

Green Lake (Maine) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, seven hundred and eighty dollars; fish-culturist, six hundred and sixty dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, four thousand and twenty dollars.

Green Lake, Me.

Craigs Brook (Maine) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one skilled laborer, six hundred dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, three thousand nine hundred dollars.

Craigs Brook, Me.

Saint Johnsbury (Vermont) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; skilled laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two laborers, at six hundred dollars each; in all, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

Saint Johnsbury, Vt.

Gloucester (Massachusetts) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; three laborers, at six hundred dollars each; in all, four thousand two hundred dollars.

Gloucester, Mass.

Woods Hole (Massachusetts) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; machinist, nine hundred and sixty dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; pilot and collector, seven hundred and twenty dollars; three firemen, at six hundred dollars each; one skilled laborer, six hundred dollars; three laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, eight thousand one hundred dollars.

Woods Hole, Mass.

Cape Vincent (New York) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; skilled laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; machinist, nine hundred and sixty dollars; two firemen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, five thousand seven hundred dollars.

Cape Vincent, N. Y.

Battery Island (Maryland) Station: Custodian, three hundred and sixty dollars.

Battery Island, Md.

Bryans Point (Maryland) Station: Custodian, three hundred and sixty dollars.

Bryans Point, Md.

Wytheville (Virginia) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, nine hundred dollars; fish-culturist, six hundred and sixty dollars; laborer, five hundred and forty dollars; laborer, three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, three thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

Wytheville, Va.

Put in Bay (Ohio) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, one thousand dollars; skilled laborer, six hundred dollars; machinist, nine hundred and sixty dollars; laborer, five hundred and forty dollars; in all, four thousand six hundred dollars.

Put in Bay, Ohio.

Northville (Michigan) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, nine hundred and sixty dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; skilled laborer, six hundred dollars; three laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, five thousand five hundred and eighty dollars.

Northville Mich.

- Alpena, Mich. Alpena (Michigan) Station: Foreman, one thousand two hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; in all, two thousand one hundred dollars.
- Duluth, Minn. Duluth (Minnesota) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, nine hundred dollars; fish-culturist, eight hundred and forty dollars; two laborers, at six hundred dollars each; in all, four thousand four hundred and forty dollars.
- Neosho, Mo. Neosho (Missouri) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, nine hundred dollars; skilled laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two laborers, at six hundred dollars each; in all, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.
- Leadville, Colo. Leadville (Colorado) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, one thousand two hundred dollars; two fish-culturists, at nine hundred dollars each; skilled laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two laborers, at six hundred dollars each; cook, four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, six thousand nine hundred dollars.
- San Marcos, Tex. San Marcos (Texas) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, one thousand two hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; three laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, five thousand two hundred and twenty dollars.
- Baird and Fort Gaston, Cal. Baird (California) and Fort Gaston (California) stations: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; foreman, one thousand and eighty dollars; foreman, nine hundred dollars; laborer, six hundred dollars; laborer, five hundred and forty dollars; in all, four thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.
- Clackamas, Oreg. Clackamas (Oregon) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two laborers, at six hundred dollars each; in all, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.
- Manchester, Iowa. Manchester (Iowa) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; three laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, four thousand and twenty dollars.
- Bozeman, Mont. Bozeman (Montana) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, three thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.
- Erwin, Tenn. Erwin (Tennessee) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; three laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, four thousand and twenty dollars.
- Nashua, N. H. Nashua (New Hampshire) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, three thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.
- Edenton, N. C. Edenton (North Carolina) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, three thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.
- Baker Lake, Wash. Baker Lake (Washington) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, three thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.
- Cold Springs, Ga. Cold Springs (Georgia) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, three thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.
- Spearfish, S. Dak. Spearfish (South Dakota) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; two laborers,

at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, three thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

White Sulphur Springs (West Virginia) Station: Superintendent, three laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, four thousand and twenty dollars.

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

Tupelo (Mississippi) Station: Superintendent, one thousand five hundred dollars; fish-culturist, nine hundred dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, three thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

Tupelo, Miss.

Employees at large: Two field-station superintendents, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; two fish-culturists, at nine hundred and sixty dollars each; two fish-culturists, at nine hundred dollars each; five machinists, at nine hundred and sixty dollars each; two coxswains, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; in all, thirteen thousand five hundred and sixty dollars.

Employees at large.

Distribution employees: Four car captains, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; five car messengers, at one thousand dollars each; four assistant car messengers, at nine hundred dollars each; four car laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; four car cooks, at six hundred dollars each; in all, eighteen thousand six hundred and eighty dollars.

Distribution employees.

Division of inquiry respecting food fishes: Assistant in charge, two thousand seven hundred dollars; assistant, two thousand five hundred dollars; assistant, one thousand six hundred dollars; two assistants, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; assistant, nine hundred dollars; assistant, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one clerk of class one; one clerk, at nine hundred dollars; one copyist, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, thirteen thousand six hundred and forty dollars.

Division of inquiry respecting food fishes.

Biological station, Beaufort, North Carolina: Custodian and collector, seven hundred and twenty dollars; two laborers, at five hundred and forty dollars each; in all, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

Biological station, N. C.

Division of statistics and methods of the fisheries: Assistant in charge, two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk of class four; one clerk of class two; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; two clerks, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; statistical agent, one thousand four hundred dollars; three statistical agents, at one thousand dollars each; one local agent at Boston, Massachusetts, three hundred dollars; one local agent at Gloucester, Massachusetts, six hundred dollars; in all, fifteen thousand three hundred and forty dollars.

Division of statistics, etc.

Vessel service: Steamer Albatross: One naturalist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one general assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; one fishery expert, one thousand two hundred dollars; clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, five thousand two hundred dollars.

Vessels. "Albatross."

Steamer Fish Hawk: One cabin boy, three hundred dollars.

"Fish Hawk."

Schooner Grampus: Master, one thousand five hundred dollars; first mate, one thousand and eighty dollars; second mate, eight hundred and forty dollars; cook, six hundred dollars; three seamen, at five hundred and forty dollars each; one cabin boy, four hundred and twenty dollars: in all, six thousand and sixty dollars.

"Grampus."

Expenses of administration: For contingent expenses of the office of the Commissioner, including stationery, purchase of special reports, books for library, telegraph and telephone service, furniture, repairs to and heating, lighting, and equipment of buildings, and compensation of temporary employees, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

Administration expenses.

Propagation of food fishes: For maintenance, equipment, and operations of the fish-cultural stations of the Commission, the general propagation of food fishes and their distribution, including the movement, maintenance, and repairs of cars, purchase of equipment and apparatus.

Propagation expenses.

contingent expenses, and temporary labor, two hundred thousand dollars.

- Maintenance of vessels.** Maintenance of vessels: For maintenance of the vessels and launches, including the purchase and repair of boats, apparatus, machinery, and other facilities required for use with the same, hire of vessels, and all other necessary expenses in connection therewith, forty-five thousand dollars.
- Inquiry respecting food-fishes. Field, etc., expenses.** Inquiry respecting food-fishes: For field and contingent expenses of the inquiry into the causes of the decrease of food-fishes in the lakes, rivers, and coast waters of the United States, and for the study of the waters of the interior in the interest of fish-culture; for the investigation of the fishing-grounds of the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific coasts, with the view of determining their food resources, in the development of the commercial fisheries, expenses of necessary travel and preparation of reports, and for all other necessary expenses in connection therewith, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars.
- Statistical inquiries.** Statistical inquiry: For necessary traveling and contingent expenses in the collection and compilation of the statistics of the fisheries and the study of their methods and relations, seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Interchangeable expenditures.** And ten per centum of the foregoing amounts for the miscellaneous expenses of the work of the Commission shall be available interchangeably for expenditure on the subjects named, but no more than ten per centum shall be added to any one item of appropriation.
- Immediately available.** For the following, under the Fish Commission, to be immediately available, namely:
- Fish-culture stations, etc. Nashua, N. H.** For fish-cultural station at Nashua, New Hampshire, including construction and repair of buildings, construction and repair of ponds, construction of a pipe line and improvement of water supply, grading of roads, and improvement of grounds, five thousand dollars.
- Washington, D. C.** For improvement of the fish ponds in Washington, District of Columbia, including the construction and repair of ponds, improvement of water supply, construction and repair of buildings, heating apparatus for superintendent's dwelling, and grading and improvement of grounds, seven thousand dollars.
- Northville, Mich.** For the fish-cultural station at Northville, Michigan, including the repair of buildings, improvement of water supply, and construction and repair of ponds, five thousand dollars.
- Put in Bay, Ohio.** For completion of the fish-cultural station at Put in Bay, Ohio, including the purchase of land, the construction of a superintendent's residence, construction and repair of buildings, purchase of machinery and equipment, extension of wharf, and other improvements, seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Leadville, Colo.** For the fish-cultural station at Leadville, Colorado, including construction and repair of ponds and improvement of water supply and grounds, three thousand eight hundred dollars.
- Neosho, Mo.** For the fish-cultural station at Neosho, Missouri, including the purchase of land and water rights, the construction of additional pipe lines, and other improvements to the water supply, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.
- Bozeman, Mont.** For the fish-cultural station at Bozeman, Montana, including installation of heating apparatus in hatchery building, construction and repair of ponds, extension of water supply, and improvement of grounds, three thousand five hundred dollars.
- Launches.** For purchase or construction of two launches for use at the fish-cultural stations at Gloucester, Massachusetts, and Battery Island, Maryland, two thousand dollars.
- Maine coast. Lobster hatchery, etc.** For the completion of lobster hatchery on the Maine coast, including purchase of land, construction of buildings and ponds, purchase of equipment, and other improvements, ten thousand dollars; and the said

lobster hatchery shall be erected, furnished, and equipped in all of its details ready for operation within the limit of cost hereby extended to and fixed at twenty thousand dollars.

For the fish-cultural station at White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia, including the purchase of land, construction of superintendent's residence and other buildings, extension of water supply and construction of ponds, and for equipment, ten thousand dollars.

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

For the fish-cultural station at Erwin, Tennessee, including construction of superintendent's residence and other buildings, construction and repair of ponds, and improvement of water supply and grounds, six thousand dollars.

Erwin, Tenn.

For the fish-cultural station at Spearfish, South Dakota, including the purchase of land, construction of residence for superintendent and other buildings, and improvement of water supply and grounds, ten thousand dollars.

Spearfish, S. Dak.

For the fish-cultural station at Duluth, Minnesota, including purchase of land and improvement of water supply, two thousand dollars.

Duluth, Minn.

For the establishment of a fish-cultural station at or near the town of Mammoth Spring, in the State of Arkansas, including purchase of site, construction of buildings and ponds, and equipment, at a point to be selected by the United States Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, provided that suitable ground can be procured at such place at a reasonable price to the Government, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Mammoth Spring, Ark.

For repairs to the United States Fish Commission steamer *Albatross*, including necessary alterations and additions to the machinery, boilers, hull, and rigging, the purchase and installation of an electric-lighting plant, and for the purchase or construction of a steam cutter, twenty-eight thousand dollars.

Steamer "Albatross." Repairs.

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Interstate Commerce Commission.

For salaries of Commissioners, as provided by the "Act to regulate commerce," thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars;

Salaries.

For salary of secretary, as provided by the "Act to regulate commerce," three thousand five hundred dollars;

Vol. 24, p. 386.

For all other necessary expenditures, to enable the Commission to give effect to the provisions of the "Act to regulate commerce," and all Acts and amendments supplementary thereto, two hundred and thirty-four thousand dollars; of which sum not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars may be expended in the employment of counsel, and not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars may be expended for the purchase of necessary books, reports, and periodicals, and not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars may be expended for printing other than that done at the Government Printing Office.

Expenses. Vol. 24, p. 379.

In all, two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

The unexpended balance of the sum of ten thousand dollars appropriated for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-nine by the "Act concerning carriers engaged in interstate commerce and their employees," approved June first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, which was reappropriated by the Act of June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, is hereby reappropriated and made available for expenses that may be incurred under said Act during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four.

Arbitration of railroad differences. Balance reappropriated.

Vol. 30, pp. 428, 1090. *Ante*, p. 444.

To enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to keep informed regarding compliance with the "Act to promote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads," approved March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, including the employment of inspectors to execute and enforce the requirements of the said Act, fifty thousand dollars.

Railway safety appliances. Vol. 27, p. 531.

Ante, p. 943.

Miscellaneous.

MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS, TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

LOUISIANA PURCHASE EXPOSITION.

Louisiana Purchase
Exposition.Agricultural ex-
hibit, etc.Vol. 31, p. 1442.
Ante, p. 445.

Vol. 12, p. 503.

Vol. 24, p. 440.

Vol. 26, p. 417.

*Proviso.*Space for Govern-
ment exhibit.

Alaskan exhibit.

Indian Territory ex-
hibit.*Proviso.*
Dependent upon
contribution from
Territory.

Paper and stamps.

ADDITIONAL GOVERNMENT EXHIBIT: For the selection, purchase, preparation, transportation, arrangement, installation, safe keeping, exhibition, and return of such articles, animals, and materials, belonging to or used by the agricultural colleges and experiment stations, hereinafter referred to, as the Government Board created by Act of Congress approved March third, nineteen hundred and one, as amended by Act of June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, may decide to exhibit as a part of the Government exhibit to show the progress of education and experimentation in agriculture, mechanic arts, and animal husbandry at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, to be held under authority of said Act, of the colleges of agriculture and mechanic arts and agricultural experiment stations receiving the benefits of the Acts of Congress of July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and August thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, one hundred thousand dollars, to be immediately available; which sum shall be expended for that purpose only, and upon the authority of said Government Board: *Provided*, That the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Company, at its own cost and expense, shall furnish to said Government Board adequate and suitable space in an appropriate building or buildings for the installation of said exhibit and its exhibition during the continuance of said Exposition.

DISTRICT OF ALASKA EXHIBIT: To enable the inhabitants of the District of Alaska to provide and maintain an appropriate and creditable exhibit of the products and resources of that District at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in the city of Saint Louis, Missouri, in nineteen hundred and four, and to erect and maintain on the site of said Exposition a suitable building to be used for the purpose of exhibiting the products and resources of said District, the sum of fifty thousand dollars, to be subject to the order of the Secretary of the Interior, who is hereby authorized to expend the same in such manner as in his judgment will best promote the objects for which said sum is appropriated, in accordance with rules and regulations to be prescribed by him.

INDIAN TERRITORY EXHIBIT: To enable the inhabitants of the Indian Territory to provide and maintain an appropriate and creditable exhibit of the products and resources of that Territory at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition in the city of Saint Louis, Missouri, in nineteen hundred and four, and to erect and maintain on the site of said Exposition a suitable building to be used in exhibiting the products and resources of said Territory, the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, provided that the inhabitants of said Territory shall contribute and pay into the Treasury of the United States a like sum for that purpose; the whole, to wit, fifty thousand dollars, to be subject to the order of the Secretary of the Interior, who is hereby authorized to expend the same in such manner as in his judgment will best promote the object for which the same is made available under this Act, and in accordance with rules and regulations to be prescribed by him: *Provided*, That if the inhabitants of said Territory fail to so contribute and pay into the Treasury of the United States the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars on or before the first day of June, nineteen hundred and three, the sum hereby appropriated shall be turned back into the Treasury of the United States.

PAPER AND STAMPS: For paper for internal-revenue stamps, including freight, sixty-five thousand dollars.

PUNISHMENT FOR VIOLATIONS OF INTERNAL-REVENUE LAWS: For detecting and bringing to trial and punishment persons guilty of violating the internal-revenue laws or conniving at the same, including payments for information and detection of such violations, one hundred thousand dollars; and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall make a detailed statement to Congress once in each year as to how he has expended this sum, and also a detailed statement of all miscellaneous expenditures in the Bureau of Internal Revenue for which appropriation is made in this Act: *Provided*, That necessary books of reference and periodicals for the chemical laboratory and law library, at a cost not to exceed five hundred dollars, may be purchased out of the appropriation made for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, for salaries and expenses of agents and surveyors, fees and expenses of gaugers, salaries of storekeepers, and for miscellaneous expenses.

Punishing violations of internal-revenue laws.

Proviso.
Purchase of books, etc.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, INDEPENDENT TREASURY: For contingent expenses under the requirements of section thirty-six hundred and fifty-three of the Revised Statutes of the United States, for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer, and disbursement of the public money, and for transportation of notes, bonds, and other securities of the United States, two hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses. Independent treasury. R. S., sec. 3653, p. 719.

TRANSPORTATION OF SILVER COIN: For transportation of silver coin, including fractional silver coin, by registered mail or otherwise, one hundred thousand dollars; and in expending this sum the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to transport from the Treasury or subtreasuries, free of charge, silver coin, when requested to do so: *Provided*, That an equal amount in coin or currency shall have been deposited in the Treasury or such subtreasuries by the applicant or applicants. That the authority given to the Secretary of the Treasury to coin subsidiary silver coin by the eighth section of an Act entitled "An Act to define and fix the standard of value, to maintain the parity of all forms of money issued or coined by the United States, to refund the public debt, and for other purposes," approved March fourteenth, nineteen hundred, may hereafter be exercised without limitation as to the amount of such subsidiary coin outstanding. And the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to Congress the cost arising under this appropriation.

Transporting silver coin.

Proviso.
Deposits.

Subsidiary coinage.

Vol. 31, p. 47, amend-ed.

TRANSPORTATION OF MINOR COIN: For transportation of minor coin, fifteen thousand dollars; and in expending this sum the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to transport from the Treasury or subtreasuries, free of charge, minor coin when requested to do so: *Provided*, That an equal amount in coin or currency shall have been deposited in the Treasury or such subtreasuries by the applicant or applicants. And the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to Congress the cost arising under this appropriation.

Transporting minor coins.

Proviso.
Deposits.

RECOINAGE OF GOLD COINS: For recoinage of light-weight gold coins in the Treasury, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, as required by section thirty-five hundred and twelve of the Revised Statutes of the United States, six thousand dollars.

Recoining gold coins.

R. S., sec. 3512, p. 696.

DENVER, COLORADO, MINT: For new machinery, appliances, and furniture, two hundred thousand dollars; and a contract is hereby authorized to be entered into for such machinery, appliances, and furniture, complete in every detail for the operation of said mint, at a total cost not exceeding two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Denver, Colo. Mint, machinery.

DISTINCTIVE PAPER FOR UNITED STATES SECURITIES: For paper, including transportation, salaries of register, assistant register, three counters, five watchmen, one laborer, and expenses of officer detailed from the Treasury as superintendent, two hundred and forty-three thousand dollars.

United States securities. Paper, etc.

SPECIAL WITNESS OF DESTRUCTION OF UNITED STATES SECURITIES: For pay of the representative of the public on the committee to witness

Witness, destruction.

the destruction by maceration of Government securities, at five dollars per day while actually employed, one thousand five hundred and seventy dollars.

Sealing and separating.

SEALING AND SEPARATING UNITED STATES SECURITIES: For materials required to seal and separate United States notes and certificates, such as composition rollers, ink, printers' varnish, sperm oil, white printing paper, manila paper, thin muslin, benzine, gutta-percha belting, and other necessary articles and expenses, one thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

National currency, expenses.

EXPENSES OF NATIONAL CURRENCY: For distinctive paper, including express charges, mill, and other necessary expenses, twenty-four thousand dollars.

Canceling, etc.

CANCELING UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND CUTTING DISTINCTIVE PAPER: For extra knives for cutting machines and sharpening same; and leather belting, new dies and punches, repairs to machinery, oil, cotton waste, and other necessary expenses connected with the cancellation of redeemed United States securities, two hundred dollars.

Custody of dies, rolls, and plates.

CUSTODY OF DIES, ROLLS, AND PLATES: For pay of custodian of dies, rolls, and plates used at the Bureau of Engraving and Printing for the printing of Government securities, namely: One custodian, three thousand dollars; two subcustodians, one at two thousand dollars, and one at one thousand eight hundred dollars; three distributors of stock, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; in all, eleven thousand dollars.

Public buildings. Assistant custodians and janitors.

PAY OF ASSISTANT CUSTODIANS AND JANITORS: For pay of assistant custodians and janitors, including all personal services in connection with the care of all public buildings under control of the Treasury Department outside of the District of Columbia, exclusive of marine hospitals, mints, branch mints, assay offices, and immigration stations, one million one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall so apportion this sum as to prevent a deficiency therein.

Inspector of supplies.

GENERAL INSPECTOR OF SUPPLIES FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS: For one general inspector, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, three thousand dollars; and for actual necessary expenses, not exceeding two thousand dollars; in all, five thousand dollars.

Inspector of furniture, etc.

INSPECTOR OF FURNITURE AND OTHER FURNISHINGS FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS: To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to employ a suitable person to inspect all public buildings and examine into their requirements for furniture and other furnishings, including fuel, lights, personal services, and other current expenses, two thousand five hundred dollars; and for actual necessary expenses, not exceeding two thousand dollars; in all, four thousand five hundred dollars.

Furniture and repairs.

FURNITURE AND REPAIRS OF FURNITURE: For furniture and repairs of same, carpets, and gas and electric light fixtures, for all public buildings, exclusive of marine hospitals, mints, branch mints, assay offices, and immigration stations, under the control of the Treasury Department, and for furniture, carpets, gas and electric-light fixtures for new buildings, exclusive of personal services, except for work done by contract, three hundred thousand dollars. And all furniture now owned by the United States in other public buildings shall be used, so far as practicable, whether it corresponds with the present regulation plan for furniture or not.

Fuel, lights, and water.

FUEL, LIGHTS, AND WATER FOR PUBLIC BUILDINGS: For the purchase of fuel, steam, light, water, water meters, ice, lighting supplies, electric current for light and power purposes, and miscellaneous items for the use of the custodians' forces in the care of the buildings, furniture, and heating, hoisting, and ventilating apparatus, and electric-light plants, exclusive of personal service, and for expenses of installing electric-light plants, electric-light wiring, and repairs thereto, in such buildings completed and occupied as may be designated by the Secre-

tary of the Treasury, for all public buildings, exclusive of marine hospitals, mints, branch mints, assay offices, and immigration stations, under the control of the Treasury Department, inclusive of new buildings, nine hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. And the appropriation herein made for gas shall include the rental and use of gas governors, when ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury in writing: *Provided*, That no sum shall be paid as rental for such gas governors greater than thirty-five per centum of the actual value of the gas saved thereby, which saving shall be determined by such tests as the Secretary of the Treasury shall direct. No portion of the amount herein appropriated shall be used for operating a system of pneumatic tubes for the transmission of postal matter.

Proviso.
Gas governors.

Use of appropriation for pneumatic tubes prohibited.

SUPPRESSING COUNTERFEITING AND OTHER CRIMES: For expenses incurred under the authority or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury in detecting, arresting, and delivering into the custody of the United States marshal having jurisdiction, dealers and pretended dealers in counterfeit money, and persons engaged in counterfeiting Treasury notes, bonds, national-bank notes, and other securities of the United States and of foreign governments, as well as the coins of the United States and of foreign governments, and other felonies committed against the laws of the United States relating to the pay and bounty laws, including two thousand dollars to make the necessary investigation of claims for reimbursement of expenses incident to the last sickness and burial of deceased pensioners under section forty-seven hundred and eighteen of the Revised Statutes, and for no other purpose whatever, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That no part of this amount be used in defraying the expenses of any person subpoenaed by the United States courts to attend any trial before a United States court or preliminary examination before any United States commissioner, which expenses shall be paid from the appropriation for "Fees of witnesses, United States courts:" *Provided further*, That the investigation of claims for the reimbursement of expenses of the last sickness and burial of deceased pensioners shall be at the instance and under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and no part of any accrued pension shall hereafter be used to reimburse any State, county, or municipal corporation for expenses incurred by such State, county, or municipal corporation under State law for expenses of the last sickness or burial of a deceased pensioner.

Suppressing counterfeiting, etc.

R. S., sec. 4718, p. 919.

Provisos.
Witnesses.

Investigation of pensioners' burial expenses.

Reimbursement.

COMPENSATION IN LIEU OF MOIETIES: For compensation in lieu of moieties in certain cases under the customs revenue laws, twenty thousand dollars.

Compensation in lieu of moieties.

EXPENSES OF LOCAL APPRAISERS' MEETINGS: For defraying the necessary expenses of local appraisers at annual meetings for the purpose of securing uniformity in the appraisal of dutiable goods at different ports of entry, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Local appraisers' meetings.

ALASKAN SEAL FISHERIES: For salaries and traveling expenses of agents at seal fisheries in Alaska, as follows: For one agent, three thousand six hundred and fifty dollars; one assistant agent, two thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars; two assistant agents, at two thousand one hundred and ninety dollars each; necessary traveling expenses of agents actually incurred in going to and returning from Alaska, not to exceed five hundred dollars each per annum; in all, twelve thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

Alaskan seal fisheries.
Agents' salaries, etc.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to furnish food, fuel, and clothing to the native inhabitants on the islands of Saint Paul and Saint George, Alaska, fifteen thousand dollars.

Food for natives.

For the protection of the salmon fisheries of Alaska, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, seven thousand dollars.

Salmon fisheries.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to pay necessary expenses of enforcing the conditions of section four of the Act approved April sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, giving effect to the award

Fur-sealing log books, etc.
Vol. 28, p. 54.

rendered by the Tribunal of Arbitration, at Paris, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, one hundred dollars.

Chinese exclusion.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE CHINESE-EXCLUSION ACT: To prevent unlawful entry of Chinese into the United States, by the appointment of suitable officers to enforce the laws in relation thereto, and for expenses of returning to China all Chinese persons found to be unlawfully in the United States, including the cost of imprisonment and actual expense of conveyance of Chinese persons to the frontier or seaboard for deportation, five hundred thousand dollars, of which sum one thousand dollars per annum shall be paid to the collector of customs at Port Townsend as additional compensation and one thousand dollars per annum shall be paid to the Commissioner-General of Immigration as additional compensation: *Provided*, That so much of the amount hereby appropriated as may be necessary shall be available for the establishment and maintenance of the Bertillon system of identification at the various ports of entry; but this proviso shall not apply to persons embraced in Article Three of the treaty with China of eighteen hundred and ninety-four.

Additional compensation.

Proviso.
Bertillon system.

Vol. 28, p. 1211.

Alien contract-labor laws.

ENFORCEMENT OF ALIEN CONTRACT-LABOR LAWS: For the enforcement of the alien contract-labor laws and to prevent the immigration of convicts, lunatics, idiots, and persons liable to become a public charge from foreign contiguous territory, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Lands, etc.

LANDS AND OTHER PROPERTY OF THE UNITED STATES: For custody, care, protection, and expenses of sales of lands and other property of the United States, the examination of titles, recording of deeds, advertising, and auctioneer's fees, four hundred dollars.

Sale of lands acquired by devise.

The Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to sell such lands as have been or may hereafter be acquired by the United States by devise, upon such terms and after such public notice by advertisement as he may deem best for the public interest.

Quarantine service.

QUARANTINE SERVICE.

Maintenance.

For the maintenance and ordinary expenses, including pay of officers and employees of quarantine stations at Delaware Breakwater, Reedy Island, Cape Charles and supplemental station, Cape Fear, Savannah, South Atlantic, and Brunswick, Cumberland Sound, Saint Johns River, Biscayne Bay, Key West, Boca Grande, Tampa Bay, Cedar Key, Saint Georges Sound (East and West Pass), Pensacola, Gulf, San Diego, San Francisco, Columbia River, Port Townsend and supplemental stations, quarantine system of the Hawaiian Islands, and the quarantine system of Porto Rico, three hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Printing.

An expenditure of not to exceed five hundred dollars may be incurred during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, for printing on account of the quarantine service at times when the exigencies of that service require immediate action, chargeable to the appropriation, "Preventing the spread of epidemic diseases."

Books, etc.

Books and journals for use of the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Bureau may be purchased during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four at a cost not to exceed five hundred dollars, and paid for from the appropriation for the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service.

Rent.

For rent of stable for the purpose of keeping horses and small animals of the Hygienic Laboratory, two hundred and forty dollars.

PREVENTION OF EPIDEMICS.

Prevention of epidemics.

The President of the United States is hereby authorized, in case of threatened or actual epidemic of cholera, typhus fever, yellow fever,

smallpox, bubonic plague, or Chinese plague, or black death, to use the unexpended balance of the sums appropriated and reappropriated by the sundry civil appropriation Act approved June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, or so much thereof as may be necessary, in aid of State and local boards, or otherwise, in his discretion, in preventing and suppressing the spread of the same; and in such emergency in the execution of any quarantine laws which may be then in force.

Ante, p. 450.

UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Interior Department.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Public buildings.

REPAIRS OF BUILDINGS, INTERIOR DEPARTMENT: For repairs of Interior Department and Pension buildings, and of the old Post-Office Department building, ten thousand dollars.

Repairs.

FREEDMEN'S HOSPITAL: For the construction of a new Freedmen's Hospital building and accessories on the ground now occupied by the Freedmen's Hospital, fifty thousand dollars, said buildings to be constructed upon plans to be approved by the Supervising Architect of the Treasury and the Superintendent of the Capitol Building and Grounds, and sufficient when completed to provide for not less than two hundred patients; and the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for the construction of said buildings at a cost not exceeding three hundred thousand dollars which sum, including the amount herein appropriated, shall be paid one-half out of the Treasury of the United States and one-half out of the revenues of the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That before any portion of the sum herein appropriated shall be expended, the proper authorities owning the ground upon which said buildings are to be erected shall lease the same to the Government of the United States at an annual rental of one dollar per annum during the period of their occupation of the same: *Provided further*, That the trustees of Howard University shall be required to supply all medical and surgical service without cost to the United States or the District of Columbia.

Freedmen's Hospital.
Construction of new building.

Contracts.

Proviso.
Lease.

Medical, etc., service.

FOR THE CAPITOL: For work at Capitol, and for general and special repairs thereof, including wages of mechanics and laborers, and not exceeding fifty dollars for the purchase of technical and necessary books, two hundred and ninety-five thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars, to be immediately available, of which sum not exceeding seven thousand dollars may be used for models, but nothing in this appropriation shall be considered as initiating any change in the East front of the Capitol or in any way committing Congress to the same.

Capitol.
Repairs, etc.

To provide flags for the east and west fronts of the center of the Capitol, to be hoisted daily under the direction of the Capitol police board, one hundred dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Flags.

For continuing the work of cleaning and repairing works of art in the Capitol, including the repairing of frames, under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Cleaning works of art.

To procure two new steel boilers of the water-tube type of about two hundred and twenty-five horsepower for the Senate wing of the Capitol, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

New steel boilers,
Senate.

To authorize the Superintendent of the Capitol Building and Grounds to continue the construction of steel cases for the proper protection of the files of the Senate, sixteen thousand seven hundred and thirty-five dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be immediately available.

Steel cases, Senate files.

To acquire a site for, and toward the construction of, a fireproof building for committee rooms, folding room and other offices for the House of Representatives, and for necessary office rooms for Members thereof, to be erected on one of the squares bounded by B Street south,

New office building for House of Representatives.

Location.

Plans.	C Street south, First Street east and First Street west, as the Commission hereinafter provided shall determine, seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and said building shall be constructed substantially according to the plans prepared under the provisions of an Act of Congress approved March third, nineteen hundred and one, with such modifications as may be found necessary or advantageous, and at a cost, exclusive of site, not to exceed three million one hundred thousand dollars, for any part or all of which sum contracts are authorized to be entered into. Said construction and letting of contracts including the employment of all necessary skilled and other services shall be under the control of the Superintendent of the Capitol Building and Grounds, subject to the direction and supervision of a Commission, which is hereby created, to be composed of three Members-elect to the House of Representatives of the Fifty-eighth Congress to be appointed by the Speaker of the Fifty-seventh Congress; vacancies occurring, by resignation or otherwise, in the membership of said Commission shall be filled by succeeding Speakers of the House. The Commission herein authorized shall, within thirty days after their appointment, determine which of the squares above described shall be acquired and used for a site for the building herein provided for, and shall notify the Secretary of the Interior in writing of their determination, whereupon the Secretary of the Interior shall, within thirty days after the receipt of such notice, proceed in the manner prescribed for providing a site for an addition to the Government Printing Office in so much of the Act approved July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, as is set forth on pages six hundred and forty-eight and six hundred and forty-nine of volume thirty of the Statutes at Large, to acquire the square so determined upon; and for the purposes of such acquisition the Secretary of the Interior shall have and exercise all the powers conferred upon the Public Printer in said Act.
Vol. 31, p. 1156.	
Cost.	
Construction and contracts.	
Commission. Members of.	
Vacancies.	
Selection of site.	
Vol. 30, p. 648.	
Disbursement of appropriations.	The appropriations herein and hereafter made for said site and building shall be disbursed by the Secretary of the Interior.
Capitol grounds.	IMPROVING THE CAPITOL GROUNDS: For continuing the work of the improvement of the Capitol grounds and for care of the grounds, one clerk, and the pay of mechanics, gardeners, and laborers; for repairs to artificial stone pavement, walks, and roadways, twenty-five thousand dollars.
Lighting Capitol and grounds.	LIGHTING THE CAPITOL AND GROUNDS: For lighting the Capitol and grounds about the same, including the Botanic Garden, Senate and House stables, and engine house, Maltby Building, and folding and storage rooms of the House of Representatives; for gas and electric lighting; pay of superintendent of meters, at the rate of one thousand two hundred dollars per annum, lamplighters, gas fitters, and for materials and labor for gas and electric lighting, and for general repairs, forty-two thousand five hundred dollars.
Repairs.	For repairs and improvements to steam fire engine house and Senate and House stables, and for repairs to and paving of floors and court-yards of same, one thousand five hundred dollars.
Public lands.	EXPENSES OF THE COLLECTION OF REVENUE FROM SALES OF PUBLIC LANDS.
Salaries, registers and receivers.	SALARIES AND COMMISSIONS OF REGISTERS AND RECEIVERS: For salaries and commissions of registers of land offices and receivers of public moneys at district land offices, at not exceeding three thousand dollars per annum each, six hundred thousand dollars.
Contingent expenses, land offices.	CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF LAND OFFICES: For clerk hire, rent, and other incidental expenses of the district land offices, two hundred thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of per diem, in lieu of subsistence, not exceeding three
Provisos. Per diem, etc.	

dollars per day, of clerks detailed to examine the books of and assist in opening new land offices and reservations, while on such duty, and for actual necessary traveling expenses of said clerks, including necessary sleeping-car fares: *Provided further*, That no expenses chargeable to the Government shall be incurred by registers and receivers in the conduct of local land offices, except upon previous specific authorization by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Restriction on expenses.

EXPENSES OF DEPOSITING PUBLIC MONEYS: For expenses of depositing money received from the disposal of public lands, three thousand dollars.

Depositing moneys.

DEPREDACTIONS ON PUBLIC TIMBER, PROTECTING PUBLIC LANDS, AND SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS FOR SWAMP LAND AND SWAMP-LAND INDEMNITY: To meet the expenses of protecting timber on the public lands, and for the more efficient execution of the law and rules relating to the cutting thereof; of protecting public lands from illegal and fraudulent entry or appropriation, and of adjusting claims for swamp lands, and indemnity for swamp lands, one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That agents and others employed under this appropriation shall be selected by the Secretary of the Interior, and allowed per diem, subject to such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, in lieu of subsistence, at a rate not exceeding three dollars per day each and actual necessary expenses for transportation, including necessary sleeping-car fares.

Timber depredations, protecting public lands, and swamp-land claims.

Proviso.
Agents' per diem.

PROTECTION AND ADMINISTRATION OF FOREST RESERVES: To meet the expenses of executing the provisions of the sundry civil Act approved June fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, for the care and administration of the forest reserves, to meet the expenses of forest inspectors and assistants, superintendents, supervisors, surveyors, rangers, and for the employment of foresters and other emergency help in the prevention and extinguishment of forest fires, and for advertising dead and matured trees for sale within such reservations: *Provided*, That forestry agents, superintendents, and supervisors, and other persons employed under this appropriation shall be selected by the Secretary of the Interior wholly with reference to their fitness and without regard for their political affiliations and allowed per diem, subject to such rules and regulations as he may prescribe, in lieu of subsistence, at a rate not exceeding three dollars per day each, and actual necessary expenses for transportation, including necessary sleeping-car fares, three hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars: *Provided further*, That forestry agents, superintendents, supervisors, and all other persons employed in connection with the administration and protection of forest reservations shall, in all ways that are practicable, aid in the enforcement of the laws of the State or Territory in which said forest reservation is situated in relation to the protection of fish and game.

Forest reserves.
Expenses of protecting.

Vol. 30, p. 34.

Provisions.
Selection, etc., of employees.

Additional duties.

EXPENSES OF HEARINGS IN LAND ENTRIES: For expenses of hearings held by order of the Commissioner of the General Land Office to determine whether alleged fraudulent entries are of that character or have been made in compliance with law, nine thousand dollars.

Hearings in land entries.

REPRODUCING PLATS OF SURVEYS: To enable the Commissioner of the General Land Office to continue to reproduce worn and defaced official plats of surveys on file and other plats constituting a part of the records of said office, and to furnish local land offices with the same, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Reproducing plats of surveys.

EXAMINATIONS OF DESERT LANDS: To enable the Secretary of the Interior to examine, under such regulations and at such compensation as he may prescribe, the desert lands selected by the States under the provisions of section four of the Act of Congress approved August eighteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, one thousand dollars: *Provided*, That if such examinations be made by detailed clerks or

Desert lands.
Examinations of selections.

Vol. 23, p. 422.

Proviso.
Expenses.

employees of the Department, they shall be entitled to actual necessary expenses of transportation, including necessary sleeping-car fares, and not exceeding three dollars per day in lieu of subsistence.

Transcripts from records.

Proviso.
Copyists

TRANSCRIPTS OF RECORDS AND PLATS, GENERAL LAND OFFICE: For furnishing transcripts of records and plats, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That copyists employed under this appropriation shall be selected by the Secretary of the Interior at a compensation of two dollars per day while actually employed, at such times and for such periods as the exigencies of the work may demand.

Surveying.

SURVEYING THE PUBLIC LANDS.

Surveys, rates.

Provisos.
Preferences.

Vol. 11, pp. 167, 285.

Vol. 25, p. 676.

Vol. 26, pp. 215, 222.

For surveys and resurveys of public lands, four hundred thousand dollars, at rates not exceeding nine dollars per linear mile for standard and meander lines, seven dollars for township, and five dollars for section lines: *Provided*, That in expending this appropriation preference shall be given, first, in favor of surveying townships occupied, in whole or in part, by actual settlers and of lands granted to the States by the Acts approved February twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, and May eleventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-eight, the Act approved February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and the Acts approved July third and July tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, and, second, to surveying under such other Acts as provide for land grants to the several States, except railroad land grants and such indemnity lands as the several States may be entitled to in lieu of lands granted them for educational and other purposes which may have been sold or included in some reservation or otherwise disposed of, and other surveys shall be confined to lands adapted to agriculture and lines of reservations, except in the case of forest reservations, and lands within boundaries of forest reservations, except that the Commissioner of the General Land Office may allow, for the survey and resurvey of lands heavily timbered, mountainous, or covered with dense undergrowth, rates not exceeding thirteen dollars per linear mile for standard and meander lines, eleven dollars for township, and seven dollars for section lines, and in cases of exceptional difficulties in the surveys, where the work can not be contracted for at these rates, compensation for surveys and resurveys may be allowed by the said Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, at rates not exceeding eighteen dollars per linear mile for standard and meander lines, fifteen dollars for township, and twelve dollars for section lines: *Provided further*, That in the States of California, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Wyoming, the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico, and the district of Alaska, there may be allowed, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, for the survey and resurvey of lands heavily timbered, mountainous, or covered with dense undergrowth, rates not exceeding twenty-five dollars per linear mile for standard and meander lines, twenty-three dollars for township, and twenty dollars for section lines, the provisions of section twenty-four hundred and eleven, Revised Statutes of the United States, authorizing allowance for surveys in California and Oregon are hereby extended to all of the above-named States and Territories and district. And of the sum hereby appropriated there may be expended such an amount as the Commissioner of the General Land Office may deem necessary for examination of public surveys in the several surveying districts, by such competent surveyors as the Secretary of the Interior may select, or by such competent surveyors as he may authorize the surveyor-general to select, at such compensation not exceeding six dollars per day, and such per diem allowance in lieu of subsistence not exceeding three dollars, while

Extra rates for heavily timbered, etc., lands.

Lands in California, etc.

R. S., sec. 2411, p. 441.

Resurveys, etc.

Per diem.

engaged in field examinations, as he may prescribe, said per diem allowance to be also made to such clerks who are competent surveyors who may be detailed to make field examinations, in order to test the accuracy of the work in the field, and to prevent payment for fraudulent and imperfect surveys returned by deputy surveyors, and for examinations of surveys heretofore made and reported to be defective or fraudulent, and inspecting mineral deposits, coal fields, and timber districts, and for making by such competent surveyors fragmentary surveys and such other surveys or examinations as may be required for identification of lands for purposes of evidence in any suit or proceeding in behalf of the United States.

Inspecting mineral lands, etc.

For survey of private land claims in the States of Colorado, Nevada, Wyoming, and Utah, and in the Territories of Arizona and New Mexico, confirmed under the provisions of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to establish a Court of Private Land Claims, and to provide for the settlement of private land claims in certain States and Territories," approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and for the resurvey of such private land claims heretofore confirmed as may be deemed necessary, ten thousand dollars, said sum to be also available for office work on such surveys and for the examination of the surveys in the field.

Survey of private land claims.

Vol. 26, p. 854.

For necessary expenses of survey, appraisal, and sale of abandoned military reservations transferred to the control of the Secretary of the Interior under the provisions of an Act of Congress approved July fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, and any law prior thereto, including a custodian of the ruin of Casa Grande, six thousand dollars.

Abandoned military reservations.

Vol. 23, p. 108.

Casa Grande.
Fort Sherman.

For pay of a custodian of Fort Sherman abandoned military reservation, Idaho, four hundred and eighty dollars.

The appropriation of thirty-one thousand five hundred dollars for the resurvey and reestablishment of the boundary line between the State of Colorado and the Territories of New Mexico and Oklahoma contained in the Act of Congress approved July first, nineteen hundred and two, making appropriations to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, and for prior years, and for other purposes, is hereby continued and made available until June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

Boundary line, Colorado, New Mexico, and Oklahoma.
Resurvey, etc.
Ante, p. 574.
Reappropriation.

SURVEY OF THE BOUNDARY LINE BETWEEN IDAHO AND MONTANA: For the ascertainment, survey, marking, and permanent establishment of that portion of the boundary line between the States of Idaho and Montana from the intersection of the thirty-fourth meridian of west longitude from Washington with the Continental Divide; thence north-westwardly following said Continental Divide and the crest of the Bitter Root range of mountains to the intersection with the thirty-ninth meridian of west longitude from Washington, an estimated distance of four hundred and fifty miles, including the expense of an examination of the survey in the field, the rate of compensation per mile to the surveyor to be fixed by the Secretary of the Interior, the same to include the cost of the preparation of the plats and field notes of the survey in triplicate, fifty thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

Boundary line, Idaho and Montana.
Survey.

Compensation.

UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

Geological Survey.

OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY: For Director, six thousand dollars; chief clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; chief disbursing clerk, two thousand five hundred dollars; librarian, two thousand dollars; photographer, two thousand dollars; three assistant photographers, one at nine hundred dollars, one at seven hundred and twenty dollars, and one at four hundred and eighty dollars; two clerks of class one; one clerk, one thousand dollars; four

Salaries of Director, etc.

clerks, at nine hundred dollars each; four copyists, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; watchman, eight hundred and forty dollars; four watchmen, at six hundred dollars each; janitor, six hundred dollars; four messengers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each; in all, thirty-two thousand seven hundred and forty dollars.

Scientific assistants. SCIENTIFIC ASSISTANTS OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY: For two geologists, at four thousand dollars each;

For one geologist, three thousand dollars;

For one geologist, two thousand seven hundred dollars;

For two paleontologists, at two thousand dollars each;

For one chemist, three thousand dollars;

For one geographer, two thousand seven hundred dollars;

For one geographer, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For two topographers, at two thousand dollars each; in all, twenty-nine thousand nine hundred dollars.

Expenses.

FOR GENERAL EXPENSES OF THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY: For the geological survey and the classification of the public lands and examination of the geological structure, mineral resources, and the products of the national domain, to continue the preparation of a geological map of the United States, gauging streams and determining the water supply, and for surveying forest reserves, including the pay of necessary clerical and scientific force and other employees in the field and in the office at Washington, District of Columbia, and all other necessary expenses, including telegrams, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, namely:

Skilled laborers.

For pay of skilled laborers and various temporary employees, twenty thousand dollars;

Topographic surveys.

For topographic surveys in various portions of the United States, three hundred thousand dollars, to be immediately available;

Geological surveys.

For geological surveys in the various portions of the United States, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be immediately available;

Paleontologic researches.

For paleontologic researches relating to the geology of the United States, ten thousand dollars;

Mineral resources, Alaska.

For continuation of the investigation of the mineral resources of Alaska, sixty thousand dollars, to be immediately available;

Chemical, etc., researches.

For chemical and physical researches relating to the geology of the United States, twenty thousand dollars;

Illustrations.

For the preparation of the illustrations of the Geological Survey, eighteen thousand two hundred and eighty dollars;

Mineral resources.

For the preparation of the report of the mineral resources of the United States, including phosphates, which report shall be published in one octavo volume and as a distinct publication, the number of copies, printing of separate chapters, and mode of distribution of which shall be the same as of the annual report, fifty thousand dollars;

Books, etc.

For the purchase of necessary books for the library, including directories and professional and scientific periodicals needed for statistical purposes, not to exceed two thousand dollars, and the payment for the transmission of public documents through the Smithsonian exchange, four thousand dollars; in all, six thousand dollars;

Maps.

For engraving and printing the geological maps of the United States, one hundred thousand dollars;

Water supply.

For gauging the streams and determining the water supply of the United States, and for the investigation of underground currents and artesian wells, and the preparation of reports upon the best methods of utilizing the water resources, two hundred thousand dollars;

Survey of forest reserves.

For continuation of the survey of the public lands that have been or may hereafter be designated as forest reserves, one hundred and thirty thousand dollars, to be immediately available;

In all, for the United States Geological Survey, one million one hundred and twenty-six thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars.

The Secretary of the Interior may authorize such expenditure as may be necessary, not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars, for rent of office accommodations in the city of Washington for the reclamation service, established by Act approved June seventeenth, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act appropriating the receipts from the sale and disposal of public lands in certain States and Territories to the construction of irrigation works for the reclamation of arid lands."

Rent of office, reclamation service.

Ante, p. 388.

That the Secretary of the Interior may authorize the purchase of such law books, books of reference, periodicals, engineering and statistical publications as are needed in carrying out the surveys and examinations authorized by the Act of June seventeenth, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act appropriating the receipts from the sale and disposal of public lands in certain States and Territories for the construction of irrigation works for the reclamation of arid lands," and such expenditures shall not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars.

Law books, etc.

Ante, p. 388.

MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS, DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.

Miscellaneous.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS: For Commissioner, four thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; one assistant messenger, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, six thousand two hundred and twenty dollars: *Provided*, That the office of Commissioner of Railroads is hereby continued until the thirtieth day of June, nineteen hundred and four, when the same shall terminate, and the duties of the Commissioner shall be transferred to the Secretary of the Interior together with the records and files of the office.

Commissioner of railroads. Salaries.

Proviso. Termination of office.

HOT SPRINGS RESERVATION, ARKANSAS: For protection and improvement, as follows: For extension of West Mountain road, eighteen thousand dollars; construction of storage reservoir for hot water, eleven thousand five hundred dollars; repairs to walks and footpaths, one thousand dollars; in all, thirty thousand five hundred dollars.

Hot Springs, Ark. Protection, etc.

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK: For the administration and protection of the Yellowstone National Park, to be expended by and under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, including two thousand five hundred dollars for maintenance of buffalo, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Yellowstone Park.

YOSEMITE NATIONAL PARK: For protection and improvement of the Yosemite National Park, and the construction of bridges, fencing, and trails, and improvement of roads, other than toll roads, to be expended under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, six thousand dollars.

Yosemite Park.

SEQUOIA NATIONAL PARK: For the protection and improvement of the Sequoia National Park and the construction and repair of bridges, fences, and trails, and extension of roads, to be expended under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, ten thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

Sequoia Park.

GENERAL GRANT NATIONAL PARK: For protection and improvement of the General Grant National Park, construction of fences and trails, and repairing and extension of roads, to be expended under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, two thousand dollars.

General Grant Park.

CRATER LAKE NATIONAL PARK: For protection and improvement of the Crater Lake National Park, and repairing and extension of roads, to be expended under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, two thousand dollars.

Crater Lake Park.

WIND CAVE NATIONAL PARK: For the management, improvement, and protection of the Wind Cave National Park, South Dakota, to be expended under the supervision of the Secretary of the Interior, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Wind Cave Park.

SUPREME COURT REPORTS: To pay the publishers of the decisions of the Supreme Court for one hundred and four copies each of vol-

Supreme Court reports.

umes one hundred and eighty-seven to one hundred and ninety, and one hundred and eighty copies each of volumes one hundred and ninety-one to one hundred and ninety-four, inclusive, of said reports, at a rate not exceeding two dollars per volume, under the provisions of section two of the Act of February twelfth, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and of Act of July first, nineteen hundred and two, two thousand two hundred and seventy-two dollars.

Vol. 25, p. 661.

Ante, p. 630.

Reindeer for Alaska.

REINDEER FOR ALASKA: For support of reindeer stations in Alaska, for the instruction of Alaskan natives in the care and management of the reindeer, and for the purchase and introduction of reindeer from Siberia for domestic purposes, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Government Hospital for Insane. Expenses.

GOVERNMENT HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE: For current expenses of the Government Hospital for the Insane: For support, clothing, and treatment in the Government Hospital for the Insane of the insane of the Army and Navy, Marine Corps, Revenue-Cutter Service, inmates of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, persons charged with or convicted of crimes against the United States who are insane, all persons who have become insane since their entry into the military or naval service of the United States, who have been admitted to the hospital and who are indigent, two hundred and ninety-four thousand seven hundred and twenty dollars; and not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars of this sum may be expended in defraying the expense of the removal of patients to their friends; not exceeding one thousand dollars may be expended in the purchase of such books, periodicals, and papers as may be required for the purposes of the hospital, and not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the apprehension and return to the hospital of escaped patients.

Buildings and grounds.

For the building and grounds of the Government Hospital for the Insane, as follows:

For general repairs and improvements, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For the following under Government Hospital for the Insane, to be immediately available:

For furniture for new buildings, including provision for one thousand patients and one hundred and twelve nurses and employees, window guards and window screens for thirteen buildings, and all furniture necessary for four kitchens, ninety-nine thousand dollars.

For subway under Nichols avenue to connect the two portions of the hospital, eleven thousand five hundred dollars.

For railway trestle to new boiler house, construction of walls of coal bin, and area way, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For roadways, walks, and grading, ten thousand dollars.

For additional laundry machinery, three thousand dollars.

Electrical apparatus.

Ante, p. 457.

Vol. 31, 1168.

For electrical apparatus the sum of one thousand five hundred and eighty-five dollars and twenty-five cents is reappropriated of the balance left in the appropriations for the year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, for additional electric machinery.

Removal of pathological laboratory.

To remove and rebuild pathological laboratory and morgue, ten thousand dollars.

Water supply.

For additional wells and water filters, six thousand dollars.

Fire alarm.

To enable the Secretary of the Interior, in his discretion and after due investigation, to install or place an electrical fire-alarm apparatus in the buildings at the Government Hospital for the Insane, or in such parts thereof as in his judgment may be required for the protection of the lives of the inmates of the institution from fire and for the greater security of the buildings from destruction or damage by fire, twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Columbia Institution for Deaf and Dumb.

Expenses.

CURRENT EXPENSES OF THE COLUMBIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB: For support of the institution, including salaries and incidental expenses, for books and illustrative apparatus, and for general repairs and improvements, fifty-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

For repairs to the buildings of the institution, including plumbing and steam fitting, and for repairs to pavements within the grounds, three thousand dollars.

For additions to the buildings of the institution to provide additional accommodations for students and officers, for schoolrooms, and to enlarge the laundry, thirty thousand dollars.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY: For maintenance of the Howard University, to be used in payment of part of the salaries of the officers, professors, teachers, and other regular employees of the university, the balance of which will be paid from donations and other sources, of which sum not less than one thousand five hundred dollars shall be used for normal instruction, thirty thousand five hundred dollars;

For tools, materials, fuel, wages of instructors, and other necessary expenses of the industrial department, three thousand dollars;

For books, shelving, furniture, and fixtures for the law and general libraries, nine hundred dollars;

For improvement of grounds and repairs of buildings, two thousand dollars;

For material and apparatus for chemical, physical, and natural-history studies, and use in laboratories, including cases and shelving, two hundred dollars;

For fuel, two thousand five hundred dollars;

In all, thirty-nine thousand one hundred dollars.

UNDER THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

ARMORIES AND ARSENALS.

For the Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Illinois, as follows:

For machinery and shop fixtures, ten thousand dollars.

For general care, preservation, and improvements; for painting and care and preservation of permanent buildings; for building fences and sewers, grading grounds, and roads, ten thousand dollars.

For the Rock Island Bridge, as follows:

For operating and care and preservation of Rock Island Bridge and Viaduct, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

AUGUSTA ARSENAL, AUGUSTA, GEORGIA: For necessary connection with sewer system of the village of Summerville, Georgia, provided that no other or further charge shall be made against the United States for the future use of said sewer system, three thousand dollars.

SANDY HOOK PROVING GROUND, NEW JERSEY: For building and repairing roads and walks, and for general repairs of shops, storehouses, and quarters, two thousand five hundred dollars;

For one passenger and freight boat, sixty-five thousand dollars;

For one fireproof brick magazine for storing ammunition, eight thousand dollars;

In all, seventy-five thousand five hundred dollars.

POWDER DEPOT, NEAR DOVER, NEW JERSEY: For storehouse for nitrate of soda, ten thousand dollars.

Toward increase of transportation facilities, fifteen thousand dollars.

For constructing new wagon road, five thousand dollars.

For power house, to contain also carpenter, machine, blacksmith, and tin shops, thirty thousand dollars.

For wheel and dynamo house, five thousand dollars.

For installation of electric lighting plant, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

SPRINGFIELD ARSENAL, SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS: For general care, repair of quarters, of buildings, and machinery not used for manufacturing purposes, and of grounds and roads, ten thousand dollars;

Additional buildings.

Howard University. Maintenance.

War Department.

Armories and arsenals.

Rock Island, Ill. Machinery.

Care.

Bridge.

Augusta, Ga.

Sandy Hook proving ground.

Dover, N. J. Powder depot.

Springfield, Mass.

For shed for cuttings, filings, and so forth, one thousand five hundred dollars;

For iron girder bridge across canal in front of new shops, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, thirteen thousand dollars.

Watertown, Mass.
Testing machines.

TESTING MACHINES, WATERTOWN ARSENAL: For labor and materials in caring for, preserving, and operating the United States testing machines at Watertown Arsenal, including such new tools and appliances as may be required, fifteen thousand dollars.

Lavatory.

WATERTOWN ARSENAL, WATERTOWN, MASSACHUSETTS: For lavatory and water-closet for shops; three thousand five hundred dollars.

Watervliet, N. Y.

WATERVLIET ARSENAL, WATERVLIET, NEW YORK: For introducing steam heat in barracks and hospital building, five thousand dollars.

Repairs.

REPAIRS OF ARSENALS: For repairs and improvements at arsenals and powder depots, and to meet such unforeseen expenditures as accidents or other contingencies during the year may render necessary, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Buildings and
grounds, District of
Columbia.

BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS IN AND AROUND WASHINGTON.

Improvement and
care.

For improvement and care of public grounds, District of Columbia, as follows:

For improvement and maintenance of grounds south of Executive Mansion, four thousand dollars.

For ordinary care of greenhouses and nursery, two thousand dollars.

For ordinary care of Lafayette Park, one thousand dollars.

For ordinary care of Franklin Park, one thousand dollars.

For improvement and ordinary care of Lincoln Park, two thousand dollars.

Monument Grounds,
etc.

For care and improvement of Monument Grounds and annex (Poto mac Park) to Monument Grounds, seven thousand dollars.

Playgrounds for
children, etc.

The officer in charge of public buildings and grounds may hereafter authorize the temporary use of the Monument Grounds or grounds south of the Executive Mansion or other reservations in the District of Columbia for playgrounds for children and adults, under regulations to be prescribed by him.

Old canal.

For continuing improvement of reservation numbered seventeen, and site of old canal northwest of same, two thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That no part thereof shall be expended upon other than property belonging to the United States.

Proviso.
Expenditure.

For construction and repair of post-and-chain fences, repair of high iron fences, constructing stone coping about reservations, painting watchmen's lodges, iron fences, vases, lamps, and lamp-posts; manure, and hauling the same, and removing snow and ice; purchase and repair of seats and tools; trees, tree and plant stakes, labels, lime, white-washing, and stock for nursery, flower pots, twine, baskets, wire, splints, moss, and lycopodium, to be purchased by contract or otherwise, as the Secretary of War may determine; care, construction, and repair of fountains; abating nuisances, cleaning statues, and repairing pedestals, sixteen thousand and fifty dollars.

For improvement, care, and maintenance of various reservations, twenty thousand dollars.

For improvement, care, and maintenance of Smithsonian grounds, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For improvement, care, and maintenance of Judiciary Park, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For laying asphalt walks in various reservations, two thousand dollars.

For broken-stone road covering for parks, two thousand dollars.

For curbing and flagging for park roads and walks, two thousand dollars.

One half of the foregoing sums under "Buildings and grounds in and around Washington" shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and the other half from the Treasury of the United States. Half from District revenues.

Under appropriations herein contained no contract shall be made for making or repairing concrete or asphalt pavements in Washington City at a higher price than one dollar and seventy cents per square yard for a quality equal to the best laid in the District of Columbia prior to July first, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and with a base of not less than six inches in thickness. Limit for concrete pavements.

For improvement, care, and maintenance of grounds of Executive Departments, one thousand dollars.

For such trees, shrubs, plants, fertilizers, and skilled labor for the grounds of the Library of Congress as may be requested by the superintendent of the Library building, one thousand dollars.

For such trees, shrubs, plants, fertilizers, and skilled labor for the grounds of the Capitol as may be requested by the Superintendent of the Capitol Building, three thousand dollars.

For improvement and maintenance of Executive Mansion grounds (within iron fence), four thousand dollars.

For the employment of an engineer by the officer in charge of public buildings and grounds, two thousand four hundred dollars.

For purchase and repair of machinery and tools for shops at nursery, two thousand dollars.

EXECUTIVE MANSION: For care, repair, and refurnishing of Executive Mansion, sixty thousand dollars, to be expended by contract or otherwise, as the President may determine. Executive Mansion. Repair, etc.

For fuel for the Executive Mansion, greenhouses, and stable, eight thousand dollars.

For care and maintenance of greenhouses, seven thousand dollars.

For repairs to and reerection of greenhouses, Executive Mansion, three thousand dollars.

To procure for the Executive Mansion an oil portrait of the President, two thousand five hundred dollars.

LIGHTING THE EXECUTIVE MANSION AND PUBLIC GROUNDS: For gas, pay of lamplighters, gas fitters, and laborers; purchase, erection, and repair of lamps and lamp-posts; purchase of matches, and repairs of all kinds; stoves, fuel, and lights for office and office stable, watchmen's lodges, and for the greenhouses at the nursery, twenty thousand dollars. Lighting Executive Mansion and public grounds.

Provided, That for each five-foot burner not connected with a meter in the lamps on the public grounds not more than twenty dollars shall be paid per lamp for gas, including lighting, cleaning, and keeping the lamps in repair, under any expenditure provided for in this Act; and said lamps shall burn every night, on the average, from fifteen minutes after sunset to forty-five minutes before sunrise; and authority is hereby given to substitute other illuminating material for the same or less price, and to use so much of the sum hereby appropriated as may be necessary for that purpose: *Provided further*, That three thousand four hundred dollars of the foregoing sum shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and the remainder from the Treasury of the United States. Part from District revenues.

For lighting six arc electric lights in Executive Mansion grounds within the iron fence, at not exceeding eighty dollars per light per annum, which shall cover the entire cost to the United States of lighting and maintaining in good order each electric light in said grounds, four hundred and eighty dollars. Electric lights.

For lighting six arc electric lights at the propagating gardens, at not exceeding eighty dollars per light per annum, which sum shall cover the entire cost of lighting and maintaining in good order each of said arc electric lights, four hundred and eighty dollars.

For lighting arc electric lights in public grounds as follows: For seven in grounds south of the Executive Mansion, thirty-two in Lafayette, Franklin, Judiciary, and Lincoln parks, and fourteen in grounds south of Executive Mansion and in Monument Park, at not exceeding eighty dollars per light per annum, which sum shall cover the entire cost of lighting and maintaining in good order each of said arc electric lights; in all, four thousand two hundred and forty dollars, one-half of which sum shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and the other half from the Treasury of the United States.

Repairs to water pipes.

REPAIR OF WATER PIPES: For repairing and extending water pipes, purchase of apparatus for cleaning them, purchase of hose, and for cleaning the springs and repairing and renewing the pipes of the same that supply the Capitol, the Executive Mansion, and the building for the State, War, and Navy Departments, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Government telegraph.

TELEGRAPH TO CONNECT THE CAPITOL WITH THE DEPARTMENTS AND GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: For care and repair of existing lines, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Washington Monument.

WASHINGTON MONUMENT: For the care and maintenance of the Washington Monument, namely: For one custodian, at one hundred dollars per month; one steam engineer, at eighty dollars per month; one assistant steam engineer, at sixty dollars per month; one fireman, at fifty dollars per month; one assistant fireman, at forty-five dollars per month; one conductor of elevator car, at seventy-five dollars per month; one attendant on floor, at sixty dollars per month; one attendant on top floor, at sixty dollars per month; three night and day watchmen, at sixty dollars per month each; in all, eight thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

Expenses.

For fuel, lights, oil, waste, packing, tools, matches, paints, brushes, brooms, lanterns, rope, nails, screws, lead, electric lights, heating apparatus, oil stoves for elevator car and upper and lower floors, repairs to engines, boilers, dynamos, elevator, and repairs of all kinds connected with the Monument and machinery, and purchase of all necessary articles for keeping the Monument, machinery, elevator, and electric plant in good order, three thousand dollars.

ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

Engineer Department.

Rivers and harbors.

Toward the construction of works on harbors and rivers, under contract and otherwise, and within the limits authorized by law, namely:

Charleston, S. C.

Improving harbor at Charleston, South Carolina: For continuing improvement, sixty thousand dollars.

Vol. 29, p. 202.

For works authorized by the river and harbor Act of eighteen hundred and ninety-six, as follows:

Cumberland Sound, Ga. and Fla.

Improving Cumberland Sound, Georgia and Florida: For continuing improvement, four hundred thousand dollars.

Kentucky River.

Improving Kentucky River, Kentucky: For continuing improvement, two hundred thousand dollars.

San Pedro, Cal.

Improving harbor at San Pedro, California: For continuing construction of breakwater, five hundred thousand dollars.

Winyaw Bay, S. C.

Improving Winyaw Bay, South Carolina: For continuing improvement of harbor at Winyaw Bay, one hundred thousand dollars.

Vol. 30, p. 1121.

For works authorized by the river and harbor Act of eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, as follows:

Ashtabula, Ohio.

Improving harbor at Ashtabula, Ohio: For completing improvement, one hundred and eighteen thousand dollars.

Gowanus Bay, New York Harbor.

Improving channel in Gowanus Bay, New York: For continuing improvement of Bay Ridge and Red Hook channels, two hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars.

Improving harbor at Black River, Ohio: For continuing improvements, nine thousand dollars.	Black River, Ohio.
Improving harbor at Calumet, Illinois: For completing improvement, two hundred and four thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.	Calumet, Ill.
Improving Mississippi River from the mouth of the Ohio to Minneapolis, Minnesota: For continuing improvement between Saint Paul and Minneapolis, two hundred and twenty-three thousand five hundred and seventy-nine dollars and thirty-three cents.	Mississippi River. Saint Paul to Minneapolis, Minn.
Improving harbor at New York, New York: For continuing improvement of Ambrose Channel (formerly known as East Channel) across Sandy Hook Bar, seven hundred and thirty-three thousand dollars.	New York, N. Y. Ambrose Channel.
Improving harbor at New Haven, Connecticut: For continuing improvement in accordance with the adopted and extended projects, sixty-three thousand and seventy-three dollars and ninety cents.	New Haven, Conn.
Improving Ohio River below Pittsburg, Pennsylvania: For continuing construction of Dams Numbered Thirteen and Eighteen, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.	Ohio River. Dams 13 and 18.
Improving harbor at San Francisco, California: For continuing improvement by the removal of Blossam Rock, fifty thousand dollars.	San Francisco, Cal. Blossam Rock.
Improving Tampa Bay, Florida: For continuing improvement of channel from the Gulf of Mexico to Port Tampa, one hundred and eighty-six thousand three hundred and thirty-seven dollars and seventy-six cents.	Tampa Bay, Fla.
Improving harbor at Toledo, Ohio: For continuing improvement, one hundred and ninety thousand dollars.	Toledo, Ohio.
For works authorized by the river and harbor Act of nineteen hundred and two, as follows:	<i>Ante</i> , p. 331.
Improving harbor at Boston, Massachusetts: For continuing improvement by providing channels thirty-five feet deep, and of authorized widths, from the navy-yard at Charlestown and the Chelsea and Charles river bridges to President Roads, and thence by route designated as numbered three through Broad Sound to the ocean, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.	Boston, Mass.
Improving harbor at Fall River, Massachusetts: For completing improvement, one hundred and seventeen thousand four hundred and twelve dollars.	Fall River, Mass.
Improving harbor at Gloucester, Massachusetts: For continuing improvement in accordance with the approved and modified project, sixty thousand dollars.	Gloucester, Mass.
Improving harbor at New London, Connecticut: For continuing improvement, sixty thousand dollars.	New London, Conn.
Improving Lake Erie entrance to Black Rock Harbor and Erie Basin, New York: For continuing improvement, two hundred thousand dollars.	Lake Erie, N. Y. Black Rock Harbor.
Improving Arthur Kill, New York and New Jersey: For continuing improvement of channel from Kill von Kull to Raritan Bay, in connection with adopted or modified project as authorized, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.	Arthur Kill, N. Y. and N. J.
Improving Harbor at Baltimore, Maryland: For completing improvement of harbor at Southwest Baltimore (Spring Garden), two hundred and twenty-one thousand dollars.	Baltimore, Md. Southwest Baltimore.
For completing improvement of channel of Curtis Bay, Baltimore Harbor, one hundred and forty-six thousand dollars.	Curtis Bay.
Improving Hampton Roads, Virginia: For completing improvement by removal of Middle Ground Bar, two hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.	Hampton Roads, Va.
Improving Harbor at Norfolk, Virginia: For continuing improvement by removal of Hospital Point, one hundred and eighty-three thousand nine hundred and fifty-seven dollars.	Norfolk, Va.

- Savannah, Ga. Improving Harbor at Savannah, Georgia: For continuing improvement in accordance with approved or modified project as authorized, seven hundred and twenty thousand dollars.
- Biscayne Bay, Fla. Improving Biscayne Bay, Florida: For continuing improvement, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
- Mobile, Ala. Improving Harbor at Mobile, Alabama: For continuing improvement, two hundred thousand dollars.
- Galveston, Tex. Improving Harbor at Galveston, Texas: For continuing work of restoration of channel and jetties in accordance with approved or modified plan as authorized, three hundred thousand dollars.
- Galveston, Tex. For continuing improvement of channel, Galveston, Texas, from outer end of inner bar to Fifty-first street, two hundred thousand dollars.
- Cleveland, Ohio. Improving harbor at Cleveland, Ohio: For continuing improvement in accordance with the plan for new harbor entrance and breakwater extension, two hundred and twenty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Conneaut, Ohio. Improving harbor at Conneaut, Ohio: For continuing improvement, ten thousand dollars.
- Waukegan, Ill. Improving harbor at Waukegan, Illinois: For completing improvements in accordance with the modified project as authorized, two hundred and forty thousand dollars.
- Ludington, Mich. Improving harbor at Ludington, Michigan: For completing improvement, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.
- Marquette, Mich. Improving harbor at Marquette, Michigan: For completing improvement, eighty thousand dollars.
- Saugatuck and Kalamazoo River, Mich. Improving harbor at Saugatuck and Kalamazoo River, Michigan: For continuing improvement according to the alternative project involving a new cut to Lake Michigan, one hundred thousand dollars.
- Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal. Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal: For completing improvement of Sturgeon Bay and Lake Michigan Ship Canal and harbor of refuge connected therewith, one hundred and seventy-eight thousand dollars.
- Oakland, Cal. Improving harbor at Oakland, California: For continuing improvement, one hundred and thirty-one thousand dollars.
- San Diego, Cal. Improving harbor at San Diego, California: For completing improvement, one hundred and ninety-two thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.
- San Pablo Bay, Cal. Improving San Pablo Bay, California: For continuing improvement by constructing a channel between the Straits of Karquines and the Golden Gate, off Point Pinole, Point Wilson, and Lone Tree Point, two hundred thousand dollars.
- Tacoma, Wash. Improving harbor at Tacoma, Washington: For continuing improvement, one hundred thousand dollars.
- Passaic River, N. J. Improving Passaic River, New Jersey: For continuing improvement from the Montclair and Greenwood Lake Railroad bridge to deep water in Staten Island Sound, one hundred thousand dollars.
- Delaware River, Pa. and N. J. Improving Delaware River, Pennsylvania and New Jersey: For continuing improvement from Christian street, Philadelphia, to Delaware Bay, one million four hundred thousand dollars.
- Appomattox River, Va. Improving Appomattox River, Virginia: For continuing improvement by the deflection and improvement of the river at Petersburg, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.
- Great Pedee River, S. C. Improving Great Pedee River, South Carolina: For continuing improvement of upper portion of river, forty thousand dollars.
- Saint Johns River, Fla. Improving of Saint Johns River, Florida: For continuing improvement from Jacksonville to the ocean in accordance with the approved and modified project, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
- Black Warrior, Warrior, and Tombigbee rivers, Ala. Improving Black Warrior, Warrior, and Tombigbee rivers, Alabama: For continuing improvement by the construction of locks and

dams numbered one, two, and three in the Tombigbee and Warrior rivers, two hundred thousand dollars.

Improving Pascagoula River, Mississippi: For continuing improvement from three miles above the mouth of Dog River to the seventeen-foot contour in Mississippi Sound, one hundred thousand dollars.

Pascagoula River, Miss.

Improving Southwest Pass, Mississippi River: For continuing improvement in accordance with the approved or modified project as authorized, one million dollars.

Mississippi River, Southwest Pass.

Improving Galveston Ship Channel and Buffalo Bayou, Texas: For continuing improvement to a uniform depth in divisions one and two, five hundred thousand dollars.

Galveston Ship Channel and Buffalo Bayou, Tex.

Improving Trinity River, Texas: For continuing improvement by the construction of locks and dams and the operation of snag boats upon the river between the mouth and section one, and by clearing this portion of the river for through navigation, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Trinity River, Tex.

Improving Ouachita River, Arkansas and Louisiana: For continuing improvement of Ouachita and Black rivers, Arkansas and Louisiana, by the construction of lock numbered four, near Monroe, Louisiana, and of lock numbered six, near Roland Raft, Arkansas, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Ouachita River, Ark. and La.

Improving Mississippi River from mouth of Ohio River to Minneapolis, Minnesota: For continuing improvement from the mouth of the Ohio River to the mouth of the Missouri River, six hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Mississippi River. From mouth of Ohio River to the Missouri.

For continuing improvement from the mouth of the Missouri River to Saint Paul, Minnesota, four hundred thousand dollars.

From mouth of Missouri River to Saint Paul, Minn.

Improving Tennessee River below Chattanooga, Tennessee, Alabama, and Kentucky: For continuing improvement at Colbert and Bee Tree shoals by the construction of a lateral canal, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Tennessee River, Colbert and Bee Tree shoals.

Improving Ohio River below Pittsburg, Pennsylvania: For continuing construction of dams numbered two, three, four, and five, three hundred thousand dollars.

Ohio River. Dams 2, 3, 4, and 5.

For continuing construction of lock at dam numbered eight, two hundred thousand dollars.

Lock, dam No. 8.

For continuing construction of lock at dam numbered eleven, two hundred thousand dollars.

Lock, dam No. 11.

For continuing construction of dam numbered thirty-seven, four hundred thousand dollars.

Dam No. 37.

Improving Monongahela River, Pennsylvania: For completing the reconstruction of lock and dam numbered two, four hundred and fifty-five thousand nine hundred and sixty-one dollars.

Monongahela River, Pa.

Improving Big Sandy River, West Virginia and Kentucky: For continuing improvement by the construction of locks and dams on Big Sandy River and Tug and Levisa forks of the same, fifty thousand dollars.

Big Sandy River, W. Va., and Ky.

Improving Detroit River, Michigan: For continuing improvement from Detroit to Lake Erie, in accordance with "Plan A," four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Detroit River, Mich.

Improving Middle and West Neebish channels, Saint Marys River, Michigan: For continuing improvement, eight hundred thousand dollars.

Saint Marys River, Mich.

Improving Stockton and Mormon channels, California: For continuing improvement by dredging and by the construction of a canal to divert the waters of Mormon Channel into Calaveras River at and near the city of Stockton, fifty thousand dollars.

Stockton and Mormon channels, Cal.

Improving Mouth of Columbia River, Oregon and Washington: For continuing improvement in accordance with the approved or modified project, as authorized, one million dollars.

Columbia River Oreg. and Wash.

Mississippi River
Commission.

UNDER THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER COMMISSION.

From Head of Passes
to mouth of the Ohio.
Expenses.

Improving Mississippi River: For continuing improvement of Mississippi River from Head of Passes to the mouth of the Ohio River, including salaries and clerical, office, traveling, and miscellaneous expenses of the Mississippi River Commission, two million dollars.

National cemeteries.

NATIONAL CEMETERIES.

Maintenance.

FOR NATIONAL CEMETERIES: For maintaining and improving national cemeteries, including fuel for superintendents of national cemeteries, pay of laborers and other employees, purchase of tools and materials, one hundred and ten thousand dollars.

Fort Crawford Res-
ervation, Wis.
Ante, p. 465.

For the improvement and repair of the military cemetery on the Fort Crawford Reservation at Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin, and for the purpose of purchasing a suitable approach to said cemetery, the sum of three thousand dollars heretofore appropriated is reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four.

Superintendents.

FOR SUPERINTENDENTS OF NATIONAL CEMETERIES: For pay of seventy-five superintendents of national cemeteries, sixty-one thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars.

Headstones for sol-
diers' graves.

HEADSTONES FOR GRAVES OF SOLDIERS: For continuing the work of furnishing headstones for unmarked graves of Union soldiers, sailors, and marines in national, post, city, town, and village cemeteries, naval cemeteries at navy-yards and stations of the United States, and other burial places, under the Acts of March third, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, and February third, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, fifty thousand dollars.

Roadways.

REPAIRING ROADWAYS TO NATIONAL CEMETERIES: For repairs to roadways to national cemeteries which have been constructed by special authority of Congress: *Provided*, That no railroad shall be permitted upon the right of way which may have been acquired by the United States to a national cemetery, or to encroach upon any roads or walks constructed thereon and maintained by the United States, fifteen thousand dollars.

Proviso.
Encroachments by
railroads forbidden.

Burial of indigent
soldiers.

BURIAL OF INDIGENT SOLDIERS: For expenses of burying in the Arlington National Cemetery, or in the cemeteries of the District of Columbia, indigent ex-Union soldiers, sailors, and marines of the late civil war who die in the District of Columbia, to be disbursed by the Secretary of War, at a cost not exceeding forty-five dollars for such burial expenses in each case, exclusive of cost of grave, three thousand dollars.

Road to Presidio,
Cal.

ROAD TO NATIONAL CEMETERY, PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA: For continuation of stone wall on the boundary line of the reservation of the Presidio of San Francisco, California, five thousand dollars.

Antietam battle-
field, Md.

ANTIETAM BATTLEFIELD: For repair and preservation of monuments, tablets, observation tower, roads, and fences, and so forth, made and constructed by the United States upon public land within the limits of the Antietam battlefield, near Sharpsburg, Maryland, three thousand dollars.

Superintendent.

For pay of superintendent of Antietam battlefield, said superintendent to perform his duties under the direction of the Quartermaster's Department and to be selected and appointed by the Secretary of War, at his discretion, the person selected and appointed to this position to be an honorably discharged Union soldier, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Bringing home re-
mains from abroad.

BRINGING HOME THE REMAINS OF OFFICERS AND SOLDIERS WHO DIE ABROAD: To enable the Secretary of War, in his discretion, to cause

to be transported to their homes the remains of officers and soldiers who die at military camps or who are killed in action or who die in the field or hospital in Alaska and at places outside of the limits of the United States, or who die while on voyage at sea, forty thousand dollars.

BRINGING HOME THE REMAINS OF CIVIL EMPLOYEES OF THE ARMY WHO DIE ABROAD AND SOLDIERS WHO DIE ON TRANSPORTS: To enable the Secretary of War, in his discretion, to cause to be transported to their homes the remains of civilian employees of the Army, who have died, or may hereafter die, while in the employ of the War Department in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, China, Alaska, and the Philippines, including the remains of any honorably discharged soldiers who are entitled under the terms of their discharge to return transportation on Government transport, and who die while on said transport, five thousand dollars.

Bringing home remains of civil employees and soldiers dying on transports.

MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS, WAR DEPARTMENT.

Miscellaneous.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS: For the relief of the distress in the Philippine Islands, to be expended under the direction and in the discretion of the Philippine government in such proportions as they deem wise, in the direct purchase and distribution or sale of farm implements, farm animals, supplies, and necessaries of life, and through the employment of labor in the construction of government wagon roads, and other public works, to be immediately available, three million dollars. And the Governor of the Philippines shall submit to the Secretary of War a statement of all expenditures hereunder.

Philippine Islands. Relief of distress in.

CARE OF CIVIL RECORDS OF THE LATE MILITARY GOVERNMENT OF CUBA: For classification, arrangement, care, and storage of the civil records of the late military government of occupation of Cuba, including hire of clerks, messengers, and every other necessary expense in connection therewith, eleven thousand two hundred and eighty dollars, to be immediately available.

Expenditures.

Cuba. Care of civil records, etc.

MILITARY POSTS: For the construction of buildings at and the enlargement of such military posts as, in the judgment of the Secretary of War, may be necessary, and for the erection of barracks and quarters for the artillery in connection with adopted project for sea-coast defenses, and for the purchase of suitable building sites for said barracks and quarters, one million five hundred thousand dollars, to be immediately available.

Military posts.

For additional amount necessary for purchase of land for a military post at or near Indianapolis, Indiana, and for necessary expenses incident to the appraisal and sale of the arsenal property in said city, thirty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Indianapolis, Ind. Purchase of land, etc.

For continuing the establishment in the vicinity of Manila, Philippine Islands, of a military post, including the construction of barracks, quarters for officers, hospital, storehouses, and other buildings, as well as water supply, lighting, sewerage, and drainage necessary for the accommodation of a garrison of two full regiments of infantry, two squadrons of cavalry, and two batteries of artillery, to be immediately available, one million dollars.

Manila, P. I. Construction of barracks, etc.

For the purchase of about eight hundred and forty-five acres of land lying south of the Fort Snelling Military Reservation, for use as a target range; also for purchase of the improvements thereon, at not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and ten thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Fort Snelling, Minn. Land for target range.

For purchase of not less than one hundred and ten acres of land adjoining the military post at Fort Sheridan, Illinois, and lying between that post and the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad, the same being required for sites for the additional buildings necessary for the accom-

Fort Sheridan, Ill. Sites for additional buildings.

- Schuykill Arsenal, Philadelphia. Storehouse. For construction, including heating and plumbing, of a three-story and basement storehouse at Schuykill Arsenal, Philadelphia depot of the Quartermaster's Department, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.
- Unexpended balance available. *Ante*, p. 458. The unexpended appropriation of twenty-five thousand dollars in sundry civil Act approved June twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred and two, for completing construction of an addition to fireproof storehouse at the clothing depot at the Schuykill Arsenal, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, and installing elevators, is hereby made available for putting a new roof on fireproof annex to storehouse numbered three, including such repairs to walls and upper story as may be necessitated thereby, and repairing roofs of three iron storehouses, all at the said depot.
- Skagway, Alaska. For purchase of a tract of land at Skagway, Alaska, to be used as a site for a military post, five hundred dollars.
- Governors Island, N. Y. ENLARGEMENT OF GOVERNORS ISLAND, NEW YORK: For continuing plan of improvement for the enlargement of Governors Island, New York Harbor, by wharf work, dredging, bulkhead, and filling, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
- Fort Monroe, Va. FORT MONROE, VIRGINIA: For repair and maintenance of wharf, including all necessary labor and material therefor, fuel for waiting rooms, and water for flushing closets, seven thousand nine hundred and forty-five dollars; wharfinger, nine hundred dollars; laborer, four hundred and twenty dollars; in all, nine thousand two hundred and sixty-five dollars; for one-half of said sum to be supplied by the United States, four thousand six hundred and thirty-two dollars and fifty cents.
- Roads, etc. Repairs and operation of roads, pavements, streets, lights, and general police: For rakes, shovels, and brooms; repairs to streets, macadamizing, brick, cement, terra-cotta drainpipe, and catch-basins; electric lights for streets, two thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars; driver for police cart, four hundred and eighty dollars; laborer policing roads, four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, three thousand nine hundred and ten dollars; for one-half of said sum to be supplied by the United States, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-five dollars.
- Sewers. Maintenance. Maintenance of sewer system: For coal and wood, waste, oil, and pump repairs, sewer pipe, cement, brick, and supplies, new roof, sewerage tank, one thousand seven hundred dollars; two engineers, at nine hundred dollars each; two firemen, at six hundred dollars each; two laborers, at five hundred dollars each; in all, five thousand seven hundred dollars; for one-half of said sum to be supplied by the United States, two thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.
- Yellowstone Park. IMPROVEMENT OF THE YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK: For the improvement of the Yellowstone National Park, in accordance with the approved project, including maintenance and repair of existing improvements, to be expended by and under the direction of the Secretary of War, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended.
- Use of electricity by private parties. Private parties or companies doing business in the Yellowstone National Park under authority from the Government may be permitted, in the discretion of the Secretary of War, to use electricity furnished by the electric lighting and power plant of Fort Yellowstone and Mammoth Hot Springs at actual cost to the Government for operation, maintenance, and depreciation of the plant and ten per centum additional, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War.
- Mount Rainier Park. MOUNT RAINIER NATIONAL PARK: To enable the Secretary of War to cause a survey to be made of the most practicable route for a wagon road into said park, and toward the construction of said road

after the survey herein provided for shall have been made, ten thousand dollars.

CHICKAMAUGA AND CHATTANOOGA NATIONAL PARK: For continuing the establishment of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Park; for the compensation and expenses of two civilian commissioners; maps, surveys, clerical and other assistance, messenger, office expenses, and all other necessary expenses; foundations for State monuments; mowing; historical tablets, iron and bronze; iron gun carriages; for roads and their maintenance, and for the purchase of land already authorized by law, forty thousand dollars.

Military parks.
Chickamauga and
Chattanooga.
Expenses.

SHILOH NATIONAL MILITARY PARK: For continuing the work of establishing a national military park on the battlefield of Shiloh, Tennessee; for the compensation of three civilian commissioners and the secretary, clerical and other services, labor, land, iron gun carriages and historical tablets, maps and surveys, roads, purchase and transportation of supplies and materials, office and other necessary expenses, twenty thousand dollars.

Shiloh.
Expenses.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL PARK: For continuing the work of establishing the national park at Gettysburg, Pennsylvania; for the acquisition of lands, surveys, and maps; constructing, improving, and maintaining avenues, roads, and bridges thereon; making fences and gates; marking the lines of battle with tablets and guns, each tablet bearing a brief legend giving historic facts, and compiled without censure and without praise; preserving the features of the battlefield and the monuments thereon; providing for a suitable office for the commissioners in Gettysburg; compensation of three civilian commissioners, clerical and other services; expenses, and labor; the purchase and preparation of tablets and gun carriages and placing them in position, and all other expenses incidental to the foregoing, sixty thousand dollars.

Gettysburg.
Expenses.

VICKSBURG NATIONAL MILITARY PARK: For continuing the work of establishing the Vicksburg National Military Park; for the compensation of three civilian commissioners, the secretary and historian; for clerical and other services, labor, iron gun carriages, the mounting of siege guns, monuments, markers, and historical tablets giving historical facts, compiled without praise and without censure; maps and surveys; roads, bridges, restoration of earthworks, purchase and transportation of supplies and materials; office and other necessary expenses, fifty thousand dollars.

Vicksburg.
Expenses.

MAPS, WAR DEPARTMENT: For publication of maps for use of the War Department, inclusive of war maps, the unexpended balance of the sum of five thousand dollars appropriated for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three is hereby reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four.

Maps.

SURVEY OF NORTHERN AND NORTHWESTERN LAKES: For survey of northern and northwestern lakes, including all necessary expenses for preparing, correcting, extending, printing, and issuing charts and bulletins, and of investigating lake levels, with a view to their regulation, to be immediately available and to remain available until expended, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Survey of northern
and northwestern
lakes.

TRANSPORTATION OF REPORTS AND MAPS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES: For the transportation of reports and maps to foreign countries through the Smithsonian Institution, one hundred dollars.

Transportation of re-
ports, etc.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS: For furnishing artificial limbs and apparatus, or commutation therefor, and necessary transportation, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of War, one hundred and fifty-two thousand dollars.

Artificial limbs.

APPLIANCES FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS: For furnishing surgical appliances to persons disabled in the military or naval service of the United States, and not entitled to artificial limbs or trusses for the same disa-

Surgical appliances

bilities, to be disbursed under the direction of the Secretary of War, two thousand dollars.

Providence Hos-
pital.
Destitute patients.

SUPPORT AND MEDICAL TREATMENT OF DESTITUTE PATIENTS: For the support and medical treatment of ninety-five medical and surgical patients who are destitute, in the city of Washington, under a contract to be made with the Providence Hospital by the Surgeon-General of the Army, nineteen thousand dollars; for the reconstruction and completion of the old Providence Hospital building and renovation and rearrangement of grades and approaches to the hospital and the fitting up and equipping of a modern morgue, one hundred thousand dollars; in all, one hundred and nineteen thousand dollars, one-half of which sum shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and the other half from the Treasury of the United States.

Reconstruction, etc.,
of old building.

Morgue.
Half from District
revenues.

Garfield Memorial
Hospital.

GARFIELD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL: For maintenance, to enable it to provide medical and surgical treatment to persons unable to pay therefor, under a contract to be made with the Board of Charities of the District of Columbia, nineteen thousand dollars; for the erection of a building on the Garfield Memorial Hospital grounds for heating, cooking, laundry, and electric-elevator purposes and furnishing the same for use, and for the erection and furnishing of new surgical rooms with modern appliances, one hundred thousand dollars, to be immediately available, and to be expended under the direction of the trustees of Garfield Memorial Hospital; in all, one hundred and nineteen thousand dollars, one-half of which sum shall be paid from the revenues of the District of Columbia and the other half from the Treasury of the United States.

New building au-
thorized.

Half from District
revenues.

Californian Débris
Commission.
Vol 27, p. 507.

CALIFORNIA DÉBRIS COMMISSION: For defraying the expenses of the Commission in carrying on the work authorized by the Act of Congress approved March first, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, fifteen thousand dollars.

New York Harbor.

HARBOR OF NEW YORK: For prevention of obstructive and injurious deposits within the harbor and adjacent waters of New York City:

Inspectors, etc.

For pay of inspectors, deputy inspectors, office force, and expenses of office, ten thousand two hundred and sixty dollars;

Crews.

For pay of crews and maintenance of five steam tugs and three launches, sixty thousand dollars;

Steam tugs.

For generally overhauling and repairing steam tug Lamont, five thousand dollars;

For purchase or construction of one steam tug to replace the launches Active and Alert and the tug Argus, forty-five thousand dollars;

In all, one hundred and twenty thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

National Home for
Disabled Soldiers.

NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

For the support of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, as follows:

Dayton, Ohio.
Current expenses.

AT THE CENTRAL BRANCH, AT DAYTON, OHIO: For current expenses, namely: Pay of officers and noncommissioned officers of the Home, with such exceptions as are hereinafter noted, and their clerks and orderlies; also payments for chaplains and religious instruction, printers, bookbinders, librarians, musicians, telegraph and telephone operators, guards, policemen, watchmen, and fire company; for all property and materials purchased for their use, including repairs not done by the Home; for necessary expenditures for articles of amusement, boats, library books, magazines, papers, pictures, and musical instruments, and for repairs not done by the Home; and for stationery, advertising, legal advice, for payments due heirs of deceased members: *Provided*, That all receipts on account of the effects of deceased members during the fiscal year shall be also available for such payments;

Proviso.
Effects of dead mem-
bers.

and for such other expenditures as can not properly be included under other heads of expenditure, fifty-four thousand dollars;

For subsistence, namely: Pay of commissary sergeants, commissary clerks, porters, laborers, bakers, cooks, dishwashers, waiters, and others employed in the subsistence department; the cost of all articles purchased for the regular ration, and the subsistence of civilian employees regularly employed and residing at the Branch, their freight, preparation, and serving; aprons, caps, and jackets for kitchen and dining-room employees; of tobacco; of all dining-room and kitchen furniture and utensils, bakers' and butchers' tools and appliances, and their repair not done by the Home, two hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars;

Subsistence.

For household, namely: Expenditures for furniture for officers' quarters; for bedsteads, bedding, bedding material, and all other articles required in the quarters of the members, and of civilian employees permanently employed and residing at the Branch, and for their repair, if they are not repaired by the Home; for fuel, including fuel for cooking, heat, and light; for engineers and firemen, bath-house keepers, hall cleaners, laundrymen, gas makers, and privy watchmen, and for all labor, materials, and appliances required for household use, and for their repairs unless the repairs are made by the Home, one hundred and thirty thousand dollars;

Household.

For hospital, namely: Pay of assistant surgeons, matrons, druggists, hospital clerks and stewards, ward masters, nurses, cooks, waiters, readers, hospital carriage drivers, hearse drivers, gravediggers, funeral escort, and for such other services as may be necessary for the care of the sick; for surgical instruments and appliances, medical books, medicine, liquors, fruits, and other necessaries for the sick not on the regular ration; for bedsteads, bedding, and bedding materials, and all other articles necessary for the wards, and for the quarters of the assistant surgeons, nurses, and other civilian employees attached to the hospital permanently employed and residing at the Branch; for hospital kitchen and dining-room furniture and appliances, including aprons, caps, and jackets for hospital kitchen and dining-room employees; carriage, hearse, stretchers, coffins; for tools of gravediggers, and for all repairs to hospital furniture and appliances not done by the Home, fifty-six thousand five dollars;

Hospital.

For transportation, namely: For transportation of members of the Home, four thousand dollars;

Transportation.

For repairs, namely: Pay of chief engineer, builders, blacksmiths, carpenters, painters, gas fitters, electrical workers, plumbers, tin-smiths, steam fitters, stone and brick masons, whitewashers, and laborers, and for all appliances and materials used under this head; also for repairs of roads and other improvements of a permanent character, fifty-six thousand five hundred dollars;

Repairs.

For fire escapes for hospital, one thousand six hundred dollars;

Fire escapes.

For one barrack, fifty-five thousand dollars;

Barracks.

For farm, namely: Pay of farmer, chief gardener, harness makers, farm hands, gardeners, horseshoers, stablemen, teamsters, dairymen, herders, and laborers, and for all tools, appliances, and materials required for farm, garden, and dairy work; for grain, hay, straw, dressing, seed, carriages, wagons, carts, and other conveyances; for all animals purchased for stock or for work (including animals in the park); for all materials, tools, and labor for flower garden, lawn, and park; for rent of leased lands, and for repairs not done by the Home, eighteen thousand dollars;

Farm.

In all, six hundred and forty thousand six hundred dollars.

AT THE NORTHWESTERN BRANCH, AT MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN: For current expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-four thousand eight hundred dollars;

Milwaukee, Wis.
Current expenses.

Subsistence.	For subsistence, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, one hundred and thirty thousand dollars;
Household.	For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, sixty-five thousand five hundred dollars;
Hospital.	For hospital, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-three thousand dollars;
Transportation.	For transportation of members of the Home, one thousand eight hundred dollars;
Repairs.	For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-five thousand dollars;
Elevator.	For elevator in hospital, six thousand one hundred dollars;
Addition to quartermaster's storehouse.	For addition to quartermaster's storehouse, with equipment, eight thousand five hundred dollars;
Farm.	For farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, ten thousand five hundred dollars;
	In all, three hundred and twenty-five thousand two hundred dollars.
Togus, Me.	AT THE EASTERN BRANCH AT TOGUS, MAINE: For current expenses,
Current expenses.	including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-five thousand dollars;
Subsistence.	For subsistence, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars;
Household.	For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, sixty-two thousand dollars;
Hospital.	For hospital, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-four thousand five hundred dollars;
Transportation.	For transportation of members of the Home, one thousand five hundred dollars;
Repairs.	For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, twenty-six thousand dollars;
Storehouse.	For quartermaster's storehouse and equipment, twenty-five thousand dollars;
Gateways, etc.	For gateways and lodges for main entrances, five thousand two hundred and sixty-four dollars;
Greenhouse.	For greenhouse, six thousand dollars;
Farm.	For farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, fourteen thousand one hundred and fifty dollars;
	In all, three hundred and forty-four thousand four hundred and fourteen dollars.
Hampton, Va.	AT THE SOUTHERN BRANCH, AT HAMPTON, VIRGINIA: For current
Current expenses.	expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-one thousand one hundred dollars;
Subsistence.	For subsistence, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, one hundred and eighty-four thousand dollars;
Household.	For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, seventy-five thousand dollars;
Hospital.	For hospital, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-six thousand dollars;
Transportation.	For transportation of members of the Home, one thousand two hundred and fifty dollars;
Repairs.	For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-two thousand dollars;
Officers' quarters.	For officers' quarters, four thousand dollars;
Farm.	For farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, nine thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars;
	In all, three hundred and seventy-three thousand two hundred dollars.
Leavenworth, Kans.	AT THE WESTERN BRANCH, AT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS: For current
Current expenses.	expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, forty-one thousand eight hundred dollars;

For subsistence, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, one hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars;	Subsistence.
For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, seventy thousand dollars;	Household.
For hospital, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, forty thousand dollars;	Hospital.
For transportation of members of the Home, four thousand dollars;	Transportation.
For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-five thousand dollars;	Repairs.
For elevators for hospital, five thousand dollars;	Elevators.
For carpenter shop, three thousand dollars;	Carpenter shop.
For conservatory, six thousand dollars;	Conservatory.
For farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, seventeen thousand dollars;	Farm.
In all, three hundred and seventy-six thousand eight hundred dollars.	
AT THE PACIFIC BRANCH, AT SANTA MONICA, CALIFORNIA: For current expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-two thousand three hundred dollars;	Santa Monica, Cal. Current expenses.
For subsistence, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, one hundred and thirty thousand dollars;	Subsistence.
For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, fifty-three thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars;	Household.
For hospital, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, forty-three thousand dollars;	Hospital.
For transportation of members of the Home, three thousand dollars;	Transportation.
For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty thousand dollars;	
For one additional barrack, thirty thousand dollars;	New barracks.
For additional wing to hospital and detention ward, twenty-five thousand dollars;	New wing to hospital.
For installation of new boilers, pumps, and so forth, eight thousand dollars;	New boilers, etc.
For band stand, three thousand dollars;	Band stand.
For farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirteen thousand dollars;	Farm.
In all, three hundred and seventy-one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.	
AT THE MARION BRANCH, AT MARION, INDIANA: For current expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-three thousand dollars;	Marion, Ind. Current expenses.
For subsistence, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, one hundred and fifteen thousand dollars;	Subsistence.
For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, and for necessary expenses for the procurement, piping, and preservation of natural gas, oil, and water, thirty thousand dollars;	Household, etc.
For hospital, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, twenty-seven thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars;	Hospital.
For transportation of members of the Home, two thousand dollars;	Transportation.
For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, and for necessary expenses for the procurement, piping, and preservation of natural gas, oil, and water, forty-one thousand six hundred and fifty dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That no part of the appropriations for repairs for any of the Branch Homes shall be used for the construction of any new building;	Repairs, etc.
For quartermaster's storehouse and equipment, twenty-seven thousand dollars;	<i>Proviso.</i> Restriction on use of amount for repairs. Quartermaster's storehouse.

Remodeling present storehouse.	For remodeling present quartermaster's storehouse, eight thousand dollars;
Laundry.	For laundry building, fifteen thousand dollars;
Officers' quarters.	For officers' quarters, four thousand dollars;
Farm, etc	For farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, and for necessary expenses for the procurement, piping, and preservation of natural gas, oil, and water, ten thousand dollars;
	In all, three hundred and thirteen thousand four hundred dollars.
Danville, Ill. Current expenses.	AT THE DANVILLE BRANCH, DANVILLE, ILLINOIS: For current expenses, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-three thousand four hundred dollars;
Subsistence.	For subsistence, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, one hundred and thirty-one thousand dollars;
Household.	For household, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, and to procure electric-light poles, wire, and arc lamps, and for erection of the same in the grounds, complete, for electric current to be procured under contract, seventy-seven thousand five hundred dollars;
Hospital.	For hospital, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-three thousand four hundred dollars;
Transportation.	For transportation of members of the Home, three thousand five hundred dollars;
Repairs.	For repairs, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, thirty-two thousand dollars;
Officers' quarters.	For officers' quarters, four thousand dollars;
Greenhouse.	For greenhouse, five thousand dollars;
Fencing.	For fencing, three thousand five hundred dollars;
Grading.	For grading of grounds, ten thousand dollars;
Farm.	For farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, eleven thousand nine hundred dollars;
	In all, three hundred and fifty-two thousand seven hundred dollars.
Johnson City, Tenn. Current expenses.	AT THE MOUNTAIN BRANCH, AT JOHNSON CITY, TENNESSEE: For current expenses, subsistence, household, hospital, transportation, repairs, and farm, including the same objects specified under these heads for the Central Branch, one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars;
Construction.	For construction, namely: For the objects specified under this head in "Act making appropriations to supply urgent deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and two, and for prior years, and for other purposes," approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and two, and for the entire completion of the Mountain Branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers near Johnson City, Tennessee, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, including also nurses' quarters, memorial hall, greenhouse, band stand, stable, and an additional lodge and gateway; and the Board of Managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers shall cause to be procured plans for all of said buildings and other objects mentioned in said Act and authorized herein, based upon accurate estimates, and cause the same to be constructed or furnished within said estimates, to the end that said Mountain Branch shall be completed and ready for occupancy and operation in all of its details within the sums herein and heretofore appropriated for the establishment of said Mountain Branch, nine hundred thousand dollars;
<i>Ante</i> , p. 13.	
Plans.	
	In all, one million and seventy-five thousand dollars.
Hot Springs, S. Dak. Current expenses, subsistence, etc. <i>Ante</i> , p. 282.	BATTLE MOUNTAIN SANITARIUM, AT HOT SPRINGS, SOUTH DAKOTA: For current expenses, subsistence, household, hospital, transportation, repairs, and farm, including the same objects specified under this head for the Central Branch, the sum of twenty thousand dollars, appropriated by the Act of May twenty-ninth, nineteen hundred and two,

for the equipment and maintenance of said Battle Mountain Sanitarium is hereby reappropriated and made available for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four.

For the completion of said Battle Mountain Sanitarium, and for each and every purpose connected therewith, including all buildings necessary in the discretion of and approved by the Board of Managers of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers; and the said Board shall cause to be procured plans for all buildings authorized herein and in the Act of May twenty-ninth, nineteen hundred and two, establishing said sanitarium, based upon accurate estimates, and cause the same to be constructed within said estimates, and cause to be furnished all other needful objects authorized herein or by said Act, to the end that said sanitarium shall be completed and ready for occupancy and operation in all of its details within the sums herein and heretofore appropriated for the establishment of said sanitarium, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For the purpose of acquiring additional lands in connection with the site heretofore donated by the people of Hot Springs, South Dakota, for the National Sanitarium for disabled volunteer soldiers, which may be acquired either by purchase or condemnation, the sum of ten thousand dollars.

Appropriations herein, or that may hereafter be made, for construction of buildings and appurtenances at any of the Branches of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, shall be available immediately after the approval of the Act containing the same.

For clothing for all of the Branches, namely: Expenditures for clothing, underclothing, hats, caps, boots, shoes, socks, and overalls; also all sums expended for labor, materials, machines, tools, and appliances employed, and for use in the tailor shops, knitting shops, and shoe shops, or other Home shops in which any kind of clothing is made or repaired, three hundred and ten thousand dollars.

For salaries for officers and employees of the Board of Managers, and for outdoor relief and incidental expenses, namely:

For president of the Board of Managers, four thousand dollars; secretary of the Board of Managers, two thousand dollars; general treasurer, who shall not be a member of the Board of Managers, four thousand dollars; inspector-general, three thousand dollars; assistant general treasurer and assistant inspector-general, two thousand five hundred dollars; two assistant inspectors-general, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; clerical services for the offices of the president and general treasurer, twelve thousand dollars; messenger service for president's office, one hundred and forty-four dollars; clerical services for managers, three thousand nine hundred dollars; agents, one thousand eight hundred dollars; for traveling expenses of the Board of Managers, their officers and employees, fifteen thousand dollars; for outdoor relief, one thousand dollars; for rent, medical examinations, stationery, telegrams, and other incidental expenses, six thousand dollars; in all, sixty thousand three hundred and forty-four dollars.

In all, four million nine hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars.

STATE OR TERRITORIAL HOMES: For continuing aid to State or Territorial homes for the support of disabled volunteer soldiers, in conformity with the Act approved August twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, including all classes of soldiers admissible to the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, nine hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That one-half of any sum or sums retained by State homes on account of pensions received from inmates shall be deducted from the aid herein provided for.

BACK PAY AND BOUNTY: For payment of amounts for arrears of pay of two and three year volunteers, for bounty to volunteers and their widows and legal heirs, for bounty under the Act of July twenty-eighth,

Sanitarium.

Ante, p. 282.

Additional lands.

Appropriations immediately available.

Clothing: all Branches.

Salaries for officers, etc., of Board of Managers.
R. S., sec. 4827, p. 936.

Expenses.

State and Territorial homes.

Vol. 25, p. 450.

Proviso.
Deductions.

Back pay and bounty.

Vol. 14, p. 322.

eighteen hundred and sixty-six, and for amounts for commutation of rations to prisoners of war in rebel States, and to soldiers on furlough, that may be certified to be due by the accounting officers of the Treasury during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, three hundred thousand dollars.

War with Spain.
Arrears of pay, etc.,
of officers and men.

For payment of amounts for arrears of pay and allowances on account of service of officers and men of the Army during the war with Spain and in the Philippine Islands that may be certified to be due by the accounting officers of the Treasury during the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, and that are chargeable to the appropriations that have been carried to the surplus fund, two hundred thousand dollars.

Navy Department.

NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Newport, R. I.
Purchase of wharf,
etc.

PURCHASE OF WHARF AND ADJOINING LAND, NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND: For the purchase by the Secretary of the Navy of a wharf and necessary adjoining land at Newport, Rhode Island, for the use of the Army and Navy, and for the Treasury and other Departments and branches of the Government service, and for the repair and improvement of the same: *Provided*, That said wharf property and any improvements thereon which may hereafter be made shall be under the control of the Secretary of the Navy, one hundred thousand dollars: *And provided further*, That exclusive jurisdiction shall have been ceded to the United States over said property by the State of Rhode Island.

Provisos.
Control.

Jurisdiction.

Department of State.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

Boundary line,
United States and
Canada west of Rocky
Mountains.

For the more effective demarcation and mapping of the boundary line between the United States and the Dominion of Canada along the forty-ninth parallel west of the summit of the Rocky Mountains, as established by the Commission of eighteen hundred and fifty-six to eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, under treaty of eighteen hundred and forty-six, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of State, and to be immediately available and continue available until expended, one hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Vol. 9, p. 869.

Immediately avail-
able.

Alaskan boundary
tribunal.
Post, p. 1961.

For the purpose of carrying out on the part of the United States the provisions of the treaty between the United States and Great Britain, concluded at Washington on the twenty-fourth day of January, nineteen hundred and three, to become immediately available upon the exchange of ratifications of the said treaty, one hundred thousand dollars.

Immediately avail-
able.

Alaska fur seals.
Commission to in-
vestigate habits, etc.
Vol. 27, p. 950.

In order to provide for the new examination authorized by article nine of the award of the tribunal of arbitration constituted by treaty of Washington, February twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, and made by the arbitrators at Paris August sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, to be made by and under the direction of the Secretary of State, twenty thousand dollars, to be made immediately available.

Vol. 28, p. 1246.

Immediately avail-
able.

Examination of pro-
posed Pan-American
Railway.

For compensation and expenses of a competent and reliable person, to be appointed by the Secretary of State, with the approval of the President, whose duty it shall be to carry out the recommendations in the tenth clause of the report of the Pan-American Railway committee to the Second International Conference of American States, held in the City of Mexico in the winter of nineteen hundred and one and nineteen hundred and two, and unanimously adopted by that conference, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Monetary systems of
nations.
Maintenance of
fixed relationship of
gold and silver stand-
ards in

To enable the President to cooperate through diplomatic channels with the Governments of Mexico, China, Japan, and other countries, for the purpose set forth in the message of the President and accompanying notes submitted to Congress January twenty-ninth, nineteen

hundred and three, and printed as Senate Document Numbered One hundred and nineteen, second session Fifty-seventh Congress, twenty-five thousand dollars.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Agricultural Department.

To commence the erection of a new building for the Department of Agriculture, authorized by the Act approved February ninth, nineteen hundred and three, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, of which sum one hundred thousand dollars shall be immediately available; and the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to enter into a contract or contracts for the completion of said building within the limit of cost of one million five hundred thousand dollars fixed by said Act.

New building.

Ante, p. 806.

Contracts.

UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Department of Justice.

COURT-HOUSE, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: For annual repairs, as per estimate of the Superintendent of the Capitol, five thousand dollars.

Court-house, D. C.

PENITENTIARY, LEAVENWORTH: For continuing construction of the new United States penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, seventy-five thousand dollars, to be available immediately and to remain available until expended.

Fort Leavenworth, Kans. Penitentiary.

MISCELLANEOUS OBJECTS, DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

Miscellaneous.

OPINIONS OF THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL: To enable the Attorney-General to employ, at his discretion, such competent person or persons as will, in his judgment, best perform the service, to edit and prepare for publication and superintend the printing of the twenty-fourth volume of the Opinions of the Attorney-General, five hundred dollars; the printing of said volume to be done in accordance with the provisions of section three hundred and eighty-three of the Revised Statutes.

Opinions of the Attorney-General. Publication of Vol. 24.

DEFENDING SUITS IN CLAIMS AGAINST THE UNITED STATES: For defraying the necessary expenses, including salaries of necessary employees in Washington, District of Columbia, incurred in the examination of witnesses and procuring of evidence in the matter of claims against the United States and in defending suits in the Court of Claims, including defense for the United States in the matter of French spoliation claims, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, fifty thousand dollars.

R. S., sec. 383, p. 63. Defending suits in claims.

DEFENSE OF SUITS BEFORE SPANISH TREATY CLAIMS COMMISSION: For salaries and expenses in defense of claims before the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission, including salaries of Assistant Attorney-General in charge as fixed by law, and of assistant attorneys and necessary employees in Washington, District of Columbia, or elsewhere, to be selected and their compensation fixed by the Attorney-General, to be expended under his direction, so much of the provisions of the Act of March second, nineteen hundred and one, providing for the Spanish Treaty Claims Commission as are in conflict herewith notwithstanding, one hundred and twelve thousand dollars, of which not exceeding two hundred dollars may be expended for law books and books of reference.

Spanish Treaty Claims Commission. Defense of suits.

Vol. 31, p. 877.

PUNISHING VIOLATIONS OF THE INTERCOURSE ACTS AND FRAUDS: For detecting and punishing violations of the intercourse Acts of Congress and frauds committed in the Indian Service, the same to be expended by the Attorney-General in allowing such fees and compensation of witnesses, jurors, marshals and deputies, and agents, and in collecting evidence, and in defraying such other expenses as may be necessary for this purpose, four thousand dollars.

Books. Punishing violations of intercourse acts.

Prosecution of crimes.

PROSECUTION OF CRIMES: For the detection and prosecution of crimes against the United States, preliminary to indictment; the investigation of official acts, records, and accounts of marshals, attorneys, clerks of the United States courts, and United States commissioners, for which purpose all the records and dockets of said officers, without exception, shall be examined by the agents of the Attorney-General at any time; the inspection of United States prisoners and prisons; to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, and to include salaries of all necessary agents in Washington, District of Columbia, forty-five thousand dollars.

Traveling, etc., expenses.

TRAVELING AND MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES: For traveling and other miscellaneous and emergency expenses authorized and approved by the Attorney-General, to be expended at his discretion, the provisions of the first paragraph of section thirty-six hundred and forty-eight, Revised Statutes, to the contrary notwithstanding, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Prosecuting and collecting claims.

PROSECUTION AND COLLECTION OF CLAIMS: For the prosecution and collection of claims due the United States, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, five hundred dollars.

Alaska. Traveling expenses.

TRAVELING EXPENSES, TERRITORY OF ALASKA: For the actual and necessary expenses of the judges and clerks in the district of Alaska when traveling in the discharge of their official duties, five thousand dollars.

Furniture, etc.

INCIDENTAL EXPENSES, TERRITORY OF ALASKA: For furniture, fuel, books, stationery, and other incidental expenses, for the offices of the marshals and attorneys, five thousand dollars.

Defense in Indian depredation claims.

DEFENSE IN INDIAN DEPREDAATION CLAIMS: For salaries and expenses in defense of the Indian depredation claims, including salaries of Assistant Attorney-General in charge and necessary employees in Washington, District of Columbia, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, fifty-two thousand dollars.

Mission Indians, counsel.

COUNSEL FOR MISSION INDIANS: To enable the Attorney-General to employ a special attorney for the Mission Indians of southern California, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Interior, one thousand dollars.

Care, etc., of rented buildings, D. C.

CARE OF BUILDINGS RENTED BY DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE: For incidental expenses and for employment of temporary assistance and workmen necessary for the care and custody of the buildings in the District of Columbia rented by the Department of Justice, to be selected and their compensation fixed by the Attorney-General and to be expended under his direction, nine thousand dollars.

Rent.

For rent of buildings and parts of buildings in the District of Columbia used by the Department of Justice, twenty thousand four hundred dollars.

Insular, etc., affairs.

INSULAR AND TERRITORIAL AFFAIRS: For defraying the necessary expenses incurred in the conduct of insular and other territorial matters and affairs within the jurisdiction of the Department of Justice, including the payment of necessary employees at the seat of government or elsewhere, to be selected and their compensation fixed by the Attorney-General, and to be expended under his direction, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Judicial.

JUDICIAL.

United States courts.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Expenses.

EXPENSES OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS: For defraying the expenses of the Supreme Court; of the circuit and district courts of the United States, including the district court in the Territory of Hawaii; of the supreme court and court of appeals of the District of Columbia; of the district court of Alaska; of the courts in the Indian Territory; of the circuit courts of appeals; of suits and preparations

for or in defense of suits in which the United States is interested; of the prosecution of offenses committed against the United States; and in the enforcement of the laws of the United States, specifically the expenses stated under the following appropriations, namely:

For payment of salaries, fees, and expenses of United States marshals and their deputies, one million three hundred thousand dollars, to include payment for services rendered in behalf of the United States or otherwise. Advances to United States marshals, in accordance with existing law, may be made from the proper appropriations, as herein provided, immediately upon the passage of this Act; but no disbursements shall be made prior to July first, nineteen hundred and three, by said disbursing officers from the funds thus advanced, and no disbursements shall be made therefrom to liquidate expenses for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and three or prior years.

For salaries of United States district attorneys and expenses of United States district attorneys and their regular assistants, four hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That this appropriation shall be available for the payment of the salaries of regularly appointed clerks to United States district attorneys, for services rendered during vacancy in the offices of the United States district attorney.

For fees of United States district attorney for the District of Columbia, twenty-three thousand eight hundred dollars.

For payment of regular assistants to United States district attorneys, who are appointed by the Attorney-General, at a fixed annual compensation, two hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the provisions of section eight of the legislative appropriation Act approved May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six, limiting the compensation of United States assistant district attorney to not exceeding two thousand five hundred dollars per annum, shall not apply to the first assistant district attorney for the northern district of Illinois.

For payment of assistants to the Attorney-General and to United States district attorneys employed by the Attorney-General to aid in special cases, eighty-five thousand dollars.

For fees of clerks, two hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For fees of United States commissioners and justices of the peace acting under section ten hundred and fourteen, Revised Statutes of the United States, one hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For fees of jurors, nine hundred thousand dollars.

For fees of witnesses, nine hundred thousand dollars.

For rent of rooms for the United States courts and judicial officers, one hundred and ten thousand dollars.

For pay of bailiffs and criers, not exceeding three bailiffs and one crier in each court, except in the southern district of New York: *Provided*, That all persons employed under section seven hundred and fifteen of the Revised Statutes shall be deemed to be in actual attendance when they attend upon the order of the courts: *And provided further*, That no such person shall be employed during vacation; of reasonable expenses for travel and attendance of district judges directed to hold court outside of their districts, not to exceed ten dollars per day each, to be paid on written certificates of the judges, and such payments shall be allowed the marshal in the settlement of his accounts with the United States; expenses of judges of the circuit courts of appeals not to exceed ten dollars per day; of meals and lodgings for jurors in United States cases, and of bailiffs in attendance upon the same, when ordered by the court; and of compensation for jury commissioners, five dollars per day, not exceeding three days for any one term of court, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

For payment of such miscellaneous expenses as may be authorized by the Attorney-General, for the United States courts and their officers, including the furnishing and collecting of evidence where the

Marshals' salaries, etc.

Advances.

District attorneys' salaries, etc.

Proviso. Services during vacancy.

District attorney, D. C.

Regular assistant attorneys.

Proviso. Northern district, Illinois. Vol. 29, p. 181.

Special assistants.

Clerks' fees.

Commissioners' fees, etc. R. S., sec. 1014, p. 189.

Jurors' fees.

Witnesses' fees.

Rent.

Bailiffs, etc.

Proviso. Actual attendance. R. S., sec. 715, p. 136.

Vacation. Traveling, etc., expenses.

Compensation for jury commissioners.

Miscellaneous expenses.

United States is or may be a party in interest, and moving of records, two hundred and ninety thousand dollars.

Indian Territory.
Salaries, etc.

For salaries of clerks, commissioners, and constables, and expenses of commissioners and judges, in the Indian Territory, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Supplies.

For supplies for the United States courts and judicial officers, to be expended under the direction of the Attorney-General, thirty thousand dollars.

New York, southern
district, district attor-
ney's fees.
R. S., sec. 825, p. 154.

FEES OF DISTRICT ATTORNEY, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK: For fees of district attorney for the southern district of New York, under section eight hundred and twenty-five, Revised Statutes, one hundred dollars.

Support of prison-
ers.

For support of United States prisoners, including necessary clothing and medical aid, and transportation to place of conviction or place of bona fide residence in the United States, and including support of prisoners becoming insane during imprisonment, as well before as after conviction, and continuing insane after expiration of sentence, who have no friends to whom they can be sent, and not exceeding three thousand three hundred dollars for repair of United States jails, and for the construction of a permanent sidewalk in front and on one side of the United States jail at Guthrie, Oklahoma Territory, seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Fort Leavenworth,
Kans., penitentiary.
Maintenance.

For the support of the United States Penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, as follows: For subsistence, including supplies for prisoners, warden, deputy warden, and physician, tobacco for prisoners, kitchen and dining room furniture and utensils; and for farm and garden seeds and implements, and for purchase of ice if necessary, forty-five thousand dollars;

Clothing, etc.

For clothing, transportation, and traveling expenses, including such clothing as can be made at the penitentiary; for the usual gratuities as provided by law to prisoners at release, including transportation to place of conviction or place of bona fide residence in the United States; for expenses of penitentiary officials while traveling on duty; for expenses incurred in identifying and pursuing escaped prisoners, and for rewards for their recapture, twenty-two thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For miscellaneous expenditures in the discretion of the Attorney-General, for fuel, forage, hay, light, water, stationery, purchase of fuel for generating steam, heating apparatus, burning bricks and lime; forage for issue to public animals, and hay or straw for bedding; blank books, blank forms, typewriting supplies, pencils and memorandum books for guards, books for use in chapel, paper, envelopes, and postage stamps for issue to prisoners; for labor and materials for repairing steam-heating plant, electric plant and water circulation, and drainage; for labor and materials for construction and repair of buildings; for general supplies, machinery, and tools for use on farm and in shops, brickyard, quarry, limekiln, laundry, bathrooms, printing office, photograph gallery, stables, policing buildings and grounds; for the purchase of horses, mules, wagons, harness, veterinary supplies, lubricating oils, office furniture, stoves, blankets, bedding, iron bunks, paints and oils, library books, newspapers and periodicals, and electrical supplies; for payment of water supply, telegrams, telephone service, notarial and veterinary services; for advertising in newspapers; for fees to consulting physicians called to determine mental condition of supposed insane prisoners, and for other services in cases of emergency; for pay of extra guards when deemed necessary by the Attorney-General: *Provided*, That this appropriation and the appropriations heretofore made for this purpose shall be available also for the expense of the care and medical treatment of guards who have been or may be injured by prisoners while said

Proviso.
Medical treatment
of guards.

guards are endeavoring to prevent escapes or suppressing mutiny, and for the payment of burial expenses of guards killed while so engaged, thirty-five thousand five hundred dollars;

For hospital supplies, including purchase of medicines, medical and surgical supplies, and all other articles for the care and treatment of sick prisoners; and for expenses of interment of deceased prisoners, two thousand two hundred dollars;

For salaries, including pay of officials and employees, as follows: Warden, four thousand dollars; deputy warden, two thousand dollars; chaplain, one thousand five hundred dollars; chaplain, three hundred dollars; physician, one thousand six hundred dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; bookkeeper and record clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; stenographer, nine hundred dollars; steward, nine hundred dollars; superintendent of farm and transportation, eight hundred dollars; superintendent of industries and storekeeper, one thousand two hundred dollars; captains of watch, one thousand eight hundred dollars; guards, thirty-nine thousand six hundred dollars; two teamsters, one thousand two hundred dollars; engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant engineer and electrician, nine hundred dollars; in all, sixty thousand nine hundred dollars.

For foremen, shoemaker, harness maker, carpenter, blacksmith, tailor, and tinner, when necessary, four thousand eight hundred dollars.

In all, one hundred and seventy thousand four hundred dollars.

UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY, ATLANTA, GEORGIA: For support of the United States penitentiary at Atlanta, Georgia, as follows:

For subsistence, including supplies for prisoners, warden, deputy warden, and physician, tobacco for prisoners; kitchen and dining room furniture and utensils; farm and garden seeds and implements, and for purchase of ice if necessary, thirty-five thousand dollars;

For clothing and transportation, including such clothing as can be made at the penitentiary; for the usual gratuities as provided by law to prisoners a release, including transportation to place of conviction or place of bona fide residence in the United States; for expenses of penitentiary officials while traveling on duty; for expenses incurred in identifying and pursuing escaped prisoners, and for rewards for their recapture, eighteen thousand dollars;

For miscellaneous expenditures, in the discretion of the Attorney-General, for fuel, forage, hay, light, water, stationery, blank books, blank forms, typewriting supplies, pencils, and memorandum books for guards, books for use in chapel, paper, envelopes, and postage stamps for issue to prisoners; for labor and materials for repairing steam heating plant, electric plant, water circulation, and drainage; for labor and materials for construction and repair of buildings; for general supplies, machinery, and tools for use on farm and in shops, brickyard, quarry, limekiln, laundry, bathrooms, printing office, photograph gallery, stables; policing buildings and grounds; for the purchase of horses, mules, wagons, harness, veterinary supplies, lubricating oils, office furniture, stoves, blankets, bedding, iron bunks, paints and oils, library books, newspapers and periodicals; electrical supplies; for payment of water supply; for telegrams, telephone service, notarial and veterinary services; for advertising in newspapers; for fees to consulting physicians called to determine mental condition of supposed insane prisoners, and for other services in cases of emergency; and for pay of extra guards when deemed necessary by the Attorney-General, twenty-five thousand dollars;

For hospital supplies, including purchase of medicines, surgical instruments, and supplies, and all other articles required for the care and treatment of sick prisoners, and for expenses of interment of deceased prisoners, one thousand five hundred dollars:

Hospital.

Salaries.

Foremen.

Atlanta, Ga., penitentiary.

Maintenance.

Clothing, etc.

Miscellaneous.

Hospital.

Salaries.

For salaries, including pay of officials and employees, as follows: Warden, four thousand dollars; deputy warden, two thousand dollars; chaplain, one thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; physician, one thousand six hundred dollars; bookkeeper and record clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; stenographer, nine hundred dollars; engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; assistant engineer, nine hundred dollars; captains of watch, one thousand eight hundred dollars; steward and storekeeper, nine hundred dollars; superintendent of farm and transportation, one thousand dollars; two teamsters, one thousand two hundred dollars; cook, baker, tailor, and blacksmith, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; guards, twenty-one thousand six hundred dollars; in all, forty-four thousand four hundred and eighty dollars;

In all, one hundred and twenty-three thousand nine hundred and eighty dollars.

McNeils Island,
Wash., penitentiary.
Additional build-
ings, etc.

UNITED STATES PENITENTIARY, McNEILS ISLAND, WASHINGTON: For the construction of additional suitable buildings, prison wall, and wharf for the United States penitentiary at McNeils Island, Washington, thirty thousand dollars, of which amount seven thousand dollars may be used for the purchase of additional lands, including clay deposits.

Court of Private
Land Claims.
Salaries.

COURT OF PRIVATE LAND CLAIMS: For chief justice and four associate justices, at five thousand dollars each; clerk, two thousand dollars; stenographer, one thousand five hundred dollars; attorney, three thousand five hundred dollars; interpreter and translator, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, thirty-three thousand five hundred dollars.

Deputy clerks.

Provisos.
Court continued to
June 30, 1904.
Vol. 26, p. 362.

For deputy clerks, as authorized by law, so much therefor as may be necessary: *Provided*, That section nineteen of an Act entitled "An Act to establish a Court of Private Land Claims and to provide for the settlement of private land claims in certain States and Territories," approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, as amended in legislative, executive, and judicial appropriation Act for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and one, approved April seventeenth, nineteen hundred, be, and the same is hereby, further amended to read as follows: "SEC. 19. That the powers and functions of the court established by this Act shall cease and determine on the thirtieth day of June, nineteen hundred and four, and all papers, files, and records in the possession of the said court belonging to any other public office of the United States shall be returned to such office, and all other papers, files, and records in the possession of or appertaining to said court shall be returned to and filed in the Department of the Interior."

Vol. 31, p. 132, amend-
ed.

Provided further, That all cases now or hereafter pending in the appellate courts from the Court of Private Land Claims and all surveys connected therewith shall be expedited and given preference so far as practicable.

Preference.

Legislative.

UNDER LEGISLATIVE.

Statement of appro-
priations.

STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS: For preparation, under the direction of the Committees on Appropriations of the Senate and House of Representatives, of the statements showing appropriations made, new offices created, offices the salaries of which have been omitted, increased, or reduced, indefinite appropriations, and contracts authorized, together with a chronological history of the regular appropriation bills passed during the second session of the Fifty-seventh Congress, as required by the Act approved October nineteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, two thousand dollars, to be paid to the persons designated by the chairmen of said committees to do said work.

Vol. 25, p. 587.

Bust of President
McKinley.

BUST OF LATE PRESIDENT MCKINLEY: For the purchase by the Joint Committee on the Library of a bronze portrait bust of the late President McKinley, executed by Mrs. Emma Cadwallader-Guild, to be placed in the Senate wing of the Capitol, two thousand dollars.

BOTANIC GARDEN: For painting, glazing, and general repairs to buildings, heating apparatus, and foot walks, and for rebronzing and reconstructing foundation and bottom of Bartholdi fountain, under the direction of the Joint Committee on the Library, five thousand five hundred dollars.

Botanic Garden.

PUBLIC PRINTING AND BINDING.

For the public printing, for the public binding, and for paper for the public printing, including the costs of printing the debates and proceedings of Congress in the Congressional Record, and for lithographing, mapping, and engraving for both Houses of Congress, the Supreme Court of the United States, the supreme court of the District of Columbia, the Court of Claims, the Library of Congress, the Executive Office, and the Departments, including salaries or compensation of all necessary clerks and employees, for labor (by the day, piece, or contract), for rents, not exceeding fifty dollars for technical books of reference, and for all the necessary materials which may be needed in the prosecution of the work, six million one hundred and eighty-five thousand one hundred and thirty-seven dollars and eighty-two cents; and from the said sum hereby appropriated printing and binding shall be done by the Public Printer to the amounts following, respectively, namely:

Public printing and binding.

For printing and binding for Congress, including the proceedings and debates, and for rents, three million three hundred and eighty-two thousand one hundred and thirty-seven dollars and eighty-two cents. And printing and binding for Congress chargeable to this appropriation, when recommended to be done by the Committee on Printing of either House, shall be so recommended in a report containing an approximate estimate of the cost thereof, together with a statement from the Public Printer of estimated approximate cost of work previously ordered by Congress, within the fiscal year for which this appropriation is made.

Allotment of appropriation.

The Secretary of War is authorized and directed to furnish to each Senator, Representative, and Delegate to the Fifty-seventh Congress one set of the Official Records of the Rebellion, and to furnish two sets of said Records to such permanent libraries and educational institutions as may be designated by each of the said Senators, Representatives, and Delegates, and for this purpose there shall be used any volumes or parts of volumes remaining unsold or unclaimed by beneficiaries heretofore designated to receive them: *Provided*, That the Secretary of War may call upon the Public Printer to print and bind such additional numbers of the several volumes and maps as may be necessary to complete the sets herein provided for, and that when such additional volumes shall have been printed the plates used in printing the sets now and heretofore authorized shall be destroyed.

Official Records of the Rebellion. Distribution of.

Proviso. Additional numbers of volumes, etc.

For the State Department, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For the Treasury Department, including not exceeding thirty thousand dollars for the Coast and Geodetic Survey, four hundred thousand dollars.

For the War Department, two hundred and thirty-four thousand five hundred dollars, of which sum twelve thousand dollars shall be for the Index Catalogue of the Library of the Surgeon-General's Office.

For the Navy Department, one hundred and forty-five thousand dollars, including not exceeding fifteen thousand dollars for the Hydrographic Office.

For the Interior Department, including the Civil Service Commission, and two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for the Census Office, six hundred and thirty thousand dollars, including not exceeding ten thousand dollars for rebinding tract books for the General Land Office.

For the Smithsonian Institution, for printing labels and blanks, and for the "Bulletins" and "Proceedings" of the National Museum, the editions of which shall not be less than three thousand copies, and binding, in half turkey, or material not more expensive, scientific books and pamphlets presented to and acquired by the National Museum Library, seventeen thousand dollars.

For the United States Geological Survey as follows:

For engraving the illustrations necessary for the Annual Report of the Director, and for the monographs, professional papers, bulletins, water-supply papers, and the report on mineral resources, and for additional copies of such maps included in the above as may be needed for general purposes, sixty-five thousand dollars.

For printing and binding the Annual Report of the Director, the monographs, professional papers, bulletins, water-supply papers, and the report on mineral resources, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and said amount shall cover all printing and binding on account of said publications of the Geological Survey; and the Director of the Geological Survey shall hereafter distribute to public libraries that have not already received them such copies of sale publications as may remain on hand at the expiration of five years after date of delivery to the Survey document room, excepting a reserve number not to exceed two hundred copies.

For the Department of Justice, twenty thousand dollars.

For the Post-Office Department, exclusive of the Money-Order Office, four hundred thousand dollars.

For the Department of Agriculture, including twenty-five thousand dollars for the Weather Bureau, one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars.

For the Department of Labor, eight thousand dollars.

For the Supreme Court of the United States, ten thousand dollars; and the printing for the Supreme Court shall be done by the printer it may employ, unless it shall otherwise order.

For the supreme court of the District of Columbia, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the Court of Claims, fifteen thousand dollars.

For the Library of Congress, including the copyright department, and the binding, rebinding, and repairing of library books, one hundred and eighty-five thousand dollars.

For the Executive Office, two thousand dollars.

For printing and binding the Annual Report of the Secretary of Agriculture, as required by the Act approved January twelfth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, three hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Division of appropriations.

And no more than an allotment of one-half of the sum hereby appropriated shall be expended in the first two quarters of the fiscal year, and no more than one-fourth thereof may be expended in either of the last two quarters of the fiscal year, except that, in addition thereto, in either of said last quarters, the unexpended balances of allotments for preceding quarters may be expended: *Provided*, That so much as may be necessary for printing and binding the Annual Report of the Secretary of Agriculture, as required by the Act approved January twelfth, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, shall not be included in said allotment.

Proviso.
Agricultural Report.
Vol. 28, p. 612.

Annual leave.

To enable the Public Printer to comply with the provisions of the law granting thirty days' annual leave to the employees of the Government Printing Office, three hundred thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Sums for salaries to be in full.

SEC. 2. That all sums appropriated by this Act for salaries of officers and employees of the Government shall be in full for such salaries for the fiscal year nineteen hundred and four, and all laws or parts of

laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

SEC. 3. That no part of the appropriations herein made for printing and binding shall be used for any illustration, engraving, or photograph, in any document or report ordered printed by Congress unless the order to print expressly authorizes the same, nor in any document or report of any Executive Department or other Government establishment until the head of the Executive Department or Government establishment shall certify in the letter transmitting such report that the illustration is necessary and relates entirely to the transaction of public business.

Illustrations.
Special authority re-
quired for.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1008.—An Act Making appropriations for the Department of Agriculture for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 158.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, in full compensation for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, for the purposes and objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

Agricultural De-
partment appropria-
tions.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY: For compensation of Secretary of Agriculture, eight thousand dollars; Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, four thousand five hundred dollars; chief clerk, who shall be superintendent of the Department buildings, two thousand five hundred dollars; private secretary to the Secretary of Agriculture, two thousand five hundred dollars; stenographer to the Secretary of Agriculture, one thousand four hundred dollars; private secretary to the Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, one thousand six hundred dollars; one appointment clerk, two thousand dollars; one Chief of Supply Division, two thousand dollars; one telegraph and telephone operator, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk class four, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks class three, three thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks class two, two thousand eight hundred dollars; seven clerks of class one, eight thousand four hundred dollars; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each, five thousand dollars; one clerk, eight hundred and forty dollars; one engineer, who shall be captain of the watch, one thousand six hundred dollars; one fireman, who shall be steam fitter, nine hundred dollars; one assistant fireman, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one assistant fireman, six hundred dollars; one electrician, nine hundred dollars; one plumber, nine hundred dollars; one blacksmith, eight hundred and forty dollars; nine night watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, six thousand four hundred and eighty dollars; two day watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; one mechanic, one thousand one hundred dollars; six messengers, at eight hundred and forty dollars each, five thousand and forty dollars; two assistant messengers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; in all, sixty-nine thousand seven hundred dollars.

Pay of Secretary,
Assistant, clerks, etc.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY: Laborers and charwomen: One messenger or laborer, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one laborer, six hundred dollars; three charwomen, at four hundred and eighty dollars each, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; five charwomen,

Laborers, etc.

at two hundred and forty dollars each, one thousand two hundred dollars; for extra laborers and emergency employment, one thousand dollars; in all, four thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars.

Total for office of the Secretary, seventy-four thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Weather Bureau.

WEATHER BUREAU.

Salaries.

SALARIES, WEATHER BUREAU: Office of Chief of Weather Bureau: One Chief of Bureau, five thousand dollars; one Assistant Chief of Bureau, three thousand dollars; three professors of meteorology, at three thousand dollars each, for duty in the city of Washington or elsewhere, as the needs of the Bureau may demand, nine thousand dollars; two professors of meteorology, at two thousand five hundred dollars each, for duty in the city of Washington or elsewhere, as the needs of the Bureau may demand, five thousand dollars; two district forecasters, at two thousand dollars each, for duty in the city of Washington or elsewhere, as the needs of the Bureau may demand, four thousand dollars; one chief clerk, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; four chiefs of division, at two thousand dollars each, eight thousand dollars; one librarian and climatologist, two thousand dollars; four clerks of class four, seven thousand two hundred dollars; one chief of division of supplies, one thousand eight hundred dollars; six clerks of class three, nine thousand six hundred dollars; seventeen clerks of class two, twenty-three thousand eight hundred dollars; twenty-four clerks of class one, twenty-eight thousand eight hundred dollars; fifteen clerks, at one thousand dollars each, fifteen thousand dollars; seven clerks, at nine hundred dollars each, six thousand three hundred dollars; four copyists or typewriters, at eight hundred and forty dollars each, three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars; one copyist or typewriter, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one chief mechanic, one thousand four hundred dollars; one skilled mechanic, one thousand two hundred dollars; five skilled mechanics, at one thousand dollars each, five thousand dollars; one engineer, one thousand two hundred dollars; one captain of the watch, one thousand dollars; one batteryman, eight hundred and forty dollars; six skilled artisans, at eight hundred and forty dollars each, five thousand and forty dollars; five messengers or laborers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, three thousand six hundred dollars; three firemen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; three watchmen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars; six messengers or laborers, at six hundred and sixty dollars each, three thousand nine hundred and sixty dollars; thirteen messengers or laborers, at six hundred dollars each, seven thousand eight hundred dollars; four messengers or laborers, at four hundred and eighty dollars each, one thousand nine hundred and twenty dollars; five messenger boys or laborers, at four hundred and fifty dollars each, two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; one charwoman, three hundred and sixty dollars; three charwomen, at two hundred and forty dollars each, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, one hundred and seventy-five thousand four hundred and forty dollars.

Fuel, lights, etc.

FUEL, LIGHTS, AND REPAIRS, WEATHER BUREAU: For fuel, lights, repairs, and other expenses for the care and preservation of the public buildings and grounds of the Weather Bureau in the city of Washington, six thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, WEATHER BUREAU: For stationery, blank books, necessary scientific and other publications; furniture and repairs to same; freight and express charges; subsistence, care, and purchase of horses for official purposes only; repairs of harness; advertising, dry goods, twine, mats, oils, paints, glass, lumber, hardware, ice,

washing towels, and other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the Weather Bureau in the city of Washington, eight thousand dollars.

SALARIES, WEATHER BUREAU: Outside of the city of Washington: Professors of meteorology, inspectors, district forecasters, local forecasters, section directors, observers, assistant observers, operators, repairmen, station agents, messengers, messenger boys, laborers, and other necessary employees, for duty in the United States, in the West Indies or on adjacent coasts, in the Hawaiian Islands, and in Bermuda, who, without additional expense to the Government, may hereafter, in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, be granted leaves of absence not to exceed thirty days in any one year, four hundred and seventy-two thousand three hundred dollars.

Inspectors, officials, etc., outside of Washington.

Leaves of absence.

GENERAL EXPENSES, WEATHER BUREAU: Every expenditure requisite for and incident to the establishment, equipment, and maintenance of meteorological observation stations in the United States, in the West Indies or on adjacent coasts, in the Hawaiian Islands, and in Bermuda, including the purchase of scientific and other publications, stationery, furniture, instruments, storm-warning towers, and all other necessary supplies and materials; for rents of offices; for traveling expenses; for freight and express charges; for telegraphing, telephoning, or cabling reports and messages, rates to be fixed by the Secretary of Agriculture by agreement with the companies performing the service; for maintenance and repair of seacoast telegraph, telephone, and cable lines; for investigations on climatology; for experiments in wireless telegraphy; for river observations and reports; for rain observations and reports; for snow observations and reports; for ice observations and reports; for crop observations and reports; for aerial observations and reports; for storm and other warnings and reports; for hurricane observations and reports, including pay of special observers and displaymen, none of whom shall receive more than twenty-five dollars per month; and for the maintenance of a printing office in the city of Washington, including the purchase of necessary supplies and materials for printing weather maps, bulletins, circulars, forms, monthly reviews, and other publications, and for pay of assistant foremen, proof readers, compositors, pressmen, lithographers, and folders and feeders, four hundred and ninety-six thousand seven hundred and eighty dollars.

General expenses, maintenance.

Supplies.

Rents.
Telegraphing, etc.

Printing office.

BUILDINGS, WEATHER BUREAU: For the purchase of sites and the erection of not less than five buildings for use as Weather Bureau observatories, and for all necessary labor, materials, and expenses, plans and specifications to be prepared and approved by the Secretary of Agriculture, and work done under the supervision of the Chief of the Weather Bureau, including the purchase of instruments, furniture, supplies, flagstuffs, and storm-warning towers to properly equip these stations: *Provided*, That if any of the money for these several buildings remains unexpended for the special purposes for which it is appropriated, so much of it as is necessary may be expended for the repair, improvement, and equipment of any other buildings or grounds owned by the Government and occupied by the Weather Bureau, fifty thousand dollars.

Buildings for observations, etc.

Proviso.
Use of balances.

CABLES AND LAND LINES, WEATHER BUREAU: For the purchase and construction of a cable and land lines between Block Island and Narragansett Pier, Rhode Island, including labor and all necessary material and supplies, and for the purchase of sites and the erection of buildings at the terminal places, plans and specifications for the same to be prepared and approved by the Secretary of Agriculture and work done under the supervision of the Chief of the Weather Bureau, including the purchase of instruments, furniture, supplies, flagstuffs,

Cables and land lines, Block Island to Narragansett Pier, R. I. Construction.

and storm-warning towers to properly equip these stations, forty thousand dollars.

Total for Weather Bureau, one million two hundred and forty-eight thousand five hundred and twenty dollars.

Bureau of Animal
Industry.

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY.

Salaries.

SALARIES, BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY: One Chief of Bureau, four thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, two thousand five hundred dollars; one chief clerk of Bureau, two thousand dollars; one chief of inspection division, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant chief of inspection division, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one chief of dairy division, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant chief of dairy division, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one chief of pathological division, two thousand five hundred dollars; two assistants in pathological division, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, two thousand four hundred dollars; one assistant in pathological division, eight hundred and forty dollars; one chief of biochemic division, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant in biochemic division, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant in biochemic division, one thousand four hundred dollars; one assistant in biochemic division, one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant in biochemic laboratory, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one chief of quarantine division, two thousand dollars; one zoologist, two thousand five hundred dollars; one veterinary inspector, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one veterinary inspector, one thousand six hundred dollars; two veterinary inspectors, at one thousand four hundred dollars each, two thousand eight hundred dollars; one superintendent of experiment station, two thousand dollars; one assistant superintendent, one thousand dollars; one clerk class four, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one editorial clerk, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk class three, one thousand six hundred dollars; seven clerks class two, nine thousand eight hundred dollars; five clerks class one, six thousand dollars; seven clerks, at one thousand dollars each, seven thousand dollars; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each, one thousand eight hundred dollars; seven clerks, at eight hundred and forty dollars each, five thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars; two firemen, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; four messengers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, two thousand eight hundred and eighty dollars; two skilled laborers, at six hundred and sixty dollars each, one thousand three hundred and twenty dollars; one illustrator, one thousand four hundred dollars; in all, eighty-seven thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

Veterinary inspectors.

Clerks.

Messengers, etc.

General expenses.
Vol. 23, p. 31.

Vol. 26, p. 414.

Vol. 26, p. 1089.

Inspection of live
cattle, etc.

Treatment of export
cattle.

Vol. 28, p. 732.

Provisos.
Inspecting horse
products, etc.

GENERAL EXPENSES, BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY: For carrying out the provisions of the Act approved May twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, establishing the Bureau of Animal Industry, and the Act approved August thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety, providing for an inspection of meats and animals, and also the provisions of the Act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, providing for the inspection of live cattle, hogs, and the carcasses and products thereof which are the subjects of interstate and foreign commerce, and for other purposes, and to prescribe rules and regulations for the safe transport and humane treatment of export cattle from the United States to foreign countries, and the amendatory Act approved March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, providing for the inspection of live cattle, hogs, and the carcasses and products thereof which are the subjects of interstate and foreign commerce, and for other purposes: *Provided*, That live horses and the products and carcasses thereof be entitled to the same inspection as other animals,

carcasses, and products thereof, herein named: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of Agriculture may in his discretion waive the requirement of a certificate with beef and other products which are exported to countries that do not require such inspection, one million two hundred thousand dollars; and the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to use any part of this sum he may deem necessary or expedient, in such manner as he may think best, in the collection of information concerning live stock, dairy, and other animal products, and to prevent the spread of pleuro-pneumonia, blackleg, tuberculosis, sheep scab, glanders or farcy, hog cholera, and other diseases of animals, and for this purpose to employ as many persons in the city of Washington or elsewhere as he may deem necessary, and to expend any part of this sum in the purchase and destruction of diseased or exposed animals and the quarantine of the same whenever in his judgment it is essential to prevent the spread of pleuro-pneumonia, tuberculosis, or other diseases of animals from one State to another; for improving and maintaining the Bureau Experiment Station at Bethesda, Maryland; to establish, improve, and maintain quarantine stations, and to provide proper shelter and equipment for the care of neat cattle, domestic and other animals imported at such ports as may be deemed necessary; for printing and publishing such reports relating to animal industry as he may direct; and the Secretary of Agriculture may use so much of this sum as he deems necessary for promoting the extension and development of foreign markets for dairy and other farm products of the United States, and for suitable transportation of the same; and such products may be bought in open market and disposed of at the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, and he is authorized to apply the moneys received from the sales of such products toward the continuation and repetition of such experimental exports; and the Secretary is hereby authorized to rent a suitable building in the District of Columbia, at an annual rental of not exceeding one thousand eight hundred dollars, to be used as a laboratory for said Bureau of Animal Industry; and the employees of the Bureau of Animal Industry outside of the city of Washington may hereafter, in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, without additional expense to the Government, be granted leaves of absence not to exceed fifteen days in any one year: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Agriculture may construe the provisions of the Act of March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, as amended March second, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, for the inspection of live cattle and products thereof, to include dairy products intended for exportation to any foreign country, and may apply, under rules and regulations to be prescribed by him, the provisions of said Act for inspection and certification appropriate for ascertaining the purity and quality of such products, and may cause the same to be so marked, stamped, or labeled as to secure their identity and make known in the markets of foreign countries to which they may be sent from the United States their purity, quality, and grade; and all the provisions of said Act relating to live cattle and products thereof for export shall apply to dairy products so inspected and certified: *Provided further*, That not to exceed four thousand dollars of the amount hereby appropriated may be used to purchase additional land for the quarantine station at Athenia, New Jersey: *And provided further*, That not to exceed ten thousand dollars of the amount hereby appropriated may be used to purchase land at or near Baltimore, Maryland, for a station to quarantine live stock to be imported from foreign countries.

Waiving inspection certificates.

Preventing disease among animals.

Purchase, etc., of diseased animals.

Experiment station, Bethesda, Md.
Quarantine stations.

Reports.
Foreign markets for farm products.

Laboratory.

Leaves of absence.

Inspection of dairy products.
Vol. 26, p. 1090.
Vol. 28, p. 732.

Athenia, N. J., station.

Land for station, Baltimore, Md.

Total Bureau of Animal Industry, one million two hundred and eighty-seven thousand three hundred and eighty dollars.

Bureau of Plant Industry.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY.

Salaries.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY, SALARIES: One plant physiologist and pathologist, who shall be Chief of Bureau, four thousand dollars; one plant physiologist and pathologist, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; one botanist, two thousand five hundred dollars; one pomologist, two thousand five hundred dollars; one agrostologist, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant pathologist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant botanist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant pomologist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant agrostologist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one chief clerk, two thousand dollars; one clerk class four, one thousand eight hundred dollars; three clerks class three, four thousand eight hundred dollars; nine clerks class two, twelve thousand six hundred dollars; nine clerks class one, ten thousand eight hundred dollars; six clerks, at one thousand dollars each, six thousand dollars; two clerks, at nine hundred dollars each, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks, at eight hundred and forty dollars each, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars; in all, sixty-two thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars.

General expenses.
Vegetable pathological, etc., investigations.

GENERAL EXPENSES, BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY; VEGETABLE PATHOLOGICAL AND PHYSIOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS: Investigating the nature of diseases injurious to fruits, fruit trees, grain, cotton, vegetable, and other useful plants; experiments in the treatment of the same; the study of plant physiology in relation to crop production and the improvement of crops by breeding and selection; to investigate the diseases affecting citrus fruits, pineapples, and truck crops grown during the winter in the Southern States; to investigate canaigre and other tannin-bearing plants; to investigate and report upon the diseases affecting plants on the Pacific coast; to originate or introduce improved varieties of fruits and vegetables in cooperation with the section of seed and plant introduction; to study the relation of soil and climatic conditions to diseases of plants, particularly with reference to the California vine diseases and diseases of the sugar beet, in cooperation with the Bureau of Soils, and for other purposes connected with the discovery and practical application of improved methods of crop production; to continue the work of originating, by breeding and selection, in cooperation with the other divisions of the Department and the experiment stations, new varieties of oranges, lemons, and other tropical and subtropical fruits more resistant to cold and disease and of better quality; varieties of wheat and other cereals more resistant to rust and smut and better suited to the various sections of this country; varieties of cotton more resistant to disease and of longer and better staple, and varieties of pears and apples more resistant to blight and better adapted for export; to investigate the causes of decay in forest timber and timber used for construction purposes, and to devise means for preventing the decay of the same; to investigate the practical application in agriculture of the fixation of atmospheric nitrogen by bacteria and other micro-organisms in soils and in the root tubercles of leguminous and other plants; to cultivate and distribute these nitrogen fixers and to determine the conditions most favorable to their development; to study and find methods for preventing the algal and other contaminations of water supplies; the employment of investigators, local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and student scientific aids at an annual salary of four hundred and eighty dollars each, and other labor required in conducting experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and collating, digesting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such experiments; for telegraph and telephone service; for gas and electric current; purchase of chemicals and apparatus required

in the field and laboratory; necessary traveling expenses; for express and freight charges; the preparation of reports and illustrations; the rent and repairs of a building, not to exceed three thousand dollars per annum; all necessary office fixtures and supplies, and for other expenses connected with the practical work of the investigations, one hundred and thirty thousand dollars, five thousand dollars of which sum shall be immediately available.

POMOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS: Investigating, collecting, and disseminating information relating to the fruit industry; the collection and distribution of seeds, shrubs, trees, and specimens; and for collecting and modeling fruits, vegetables, and other plants, and furnishing duplicate models to the experiment stations of the several States, as far as found practicable; the employment of investigators, local and special agents, clerks, assistants, student scientific aids at an annual salary of four hundred and eighty dollars each, and other labor required in conducting experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere; and in collating, digesting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such experiments; for gas and electric current; for telegraph and telephone services; for express and freight charges; for all necessary office fixtures and supplies and for traveling and other necessary expenses, to continue the investigations and experiments in the introduction of the culture of European table grapes and the study of the diseases that affect them, for the purpose of discovering remedies therefor, this work to be done in cooperation with the section of seed and plant introduction; to investigate in cooperation with the other divisions and bureaus of the Department and the experiment stations of the several States the market conditions affecting the fruit and vegetable trade in the United States and foreign countries, and the methods of harvesting, packing, storing, and shipping fruit and vegetables, and for experimental shipments of fruits and vegetables to foreign countries, for the purpose of increasing the exportation of American fruits and vegetables, and for all necessary expenses connected with the practical work of the same, and such fruits and vegetables as are needed for these investigations and experimental shipments may be bought in open market and disposed of at the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, and he is authorized to apply the moneys received from the sales of such fruits and vegetables toward the continuation and repetition of these investigations and experimental shipments; to investigate, map, and report upon the commercial fruit districts of the United States, for the purpose of determining the relative adaptability of the several important fruits thereto, by a study of the conditions of soil and climate, and of the prevalence of plant diseases existing therein as related to commercial fruit production, thirty-seven thousand dollars, five thousand dollars of which sum may in the discretion of the Secretary be expended in cooperation with the experiment station of the State of California for studying the nature of the phylloxera, Anaheim, and other diseases of vines, and for ascertaining the best means for protecting vineyards against their ravages.

Pomological investigations.

Vine diseases.

BOTANICAL INVESTIGATIONS AND EXPERIMENTS: Investigations relating to medicinal, poisonous, fiber, and other economic plants, seeds, and weeds; the collection of plants, traveling expenses, and express and freight charges; for all necessary office fixtures; the purchase of paper and all other necessary supplies, materials, and apparatus; for rent and ordinary repairs of a building for office and laboratory purposes, not to exceed three thousand dollars; for gas and electric current; for telegraph and telephone service; for the employment of investigators, local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and student scientific aids at an annual salary of four hundred and eighty dollars each, and other labor in conducting experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere; and in collating, digesting, reporting, and

Botanical investigations, etc.

illustrating the result of such experiments; subscriptions to and purchase of botanical publications for use in the division; and the preparation, illustration, and publication of reports; to investigate and publish reports upon the useful plants and plant cultures of the tropical territory of the United States, and to investigate, report upon, and introduce other plants promising to be valuable for the tropical territory of the United States, such plants and botanical and agricultural information when secured to be made available for the work of agricultural experiment stations and schools; to investigate the varieties of cereals grown in the United States or suitable for introduction, in order to standardize the naming of varieties as a basis for the experimental work of the State experiment stations, and as an assistance in commercial grading, and to investigate, in cooperation with the Bureau of Chemistry, the cause of deterioration of export grain, particularly in oceanic transit, and devise means of preventing losses from those causes, sixty-five thousand dollars.

Grass and forage-plant investigations.

GRASS AND FORAGE-PLANT INVESTIGATIONS: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to conduct investigations of grasses, forage plants, and animal foods in cooperation with other divisions of the Department; to collect and purchase seeds, roots, and specimens of valuable economic grasses and forage plants for investigation; experimental cultivation and distribution, and for experiments and reports upon the best methods of extirpating Johnson and other noxious and destructive grasses; to purchase tools, all necessary office fixtures, materials, apparatus, and supplies; to pay freight, express charges, and traveling expenses; for telegraph and telephone service; for gas and electric currents; for the employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and scientific student aids at an annual salary of four hundred and eighty dollars each, and other labor required in conducting experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere; rent and repairs of a building not to exceed one thousand two hundred dollars per annum; to prepare drawings and illustrations for circulars, reports, and bulletins; and the agricultural experiment stations are hereby authorized and directed to cooperate with the Secretary of Agriculture in establishing and maintaining experimental grass stations, for determining the best methods of caring for and improving meadows and grazing lands, the use of different grasses and forage plants, and their adaptability to various soils and climates, the best native and foreign species for reclaiming overstocked ranges and pastures, for renovating worn-out lands, for binding drifting sands and washed lands, and for turfing lawns and pleasure grounds, and for solving the various forage problems presented in the several sections of our country, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Experimental gardens and grounds.

EXPERIMENTAL GARDENS AND GROUNDS, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Cultivation and care of experimental gardens and grounds, including the keep of lawns, trees, roadways, and walks; management and maintenance of the conservatories, greenhouses, and plant and fruit propagating houses; employment of assistants, experts, foremen, gardeners, laborers, carpenters, painters, plumbers, and other mechanics, in the city of Washington or elsewhere; machinery, tools, wagons, carts, horses, harness, plows, lawn mowers, sprinklers, hose, watering cans, tubs, pots, and other implements required in cultivation; lumber, hardware, glass, paints, tin, stones, gravel, and other material required for repairs; fertilizers, insecticide apparatus, and chemicals; blacksmithing, horseshoeing, and repairs to implements and machinery; seeds, plants, and bulbs for propagating purposes; labels, potting and packing materials, feed for horses, fuel, freight and express charges, repairing roadways and walks, traveling and other necessary expenses, and for electric lighting, for telegraph and telephone services,

and for all necessary office fixtures and supplies, twenty-five thousand dollars.

ARLINGTON EXPERIMENTAL FARM: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to continue the necessary improvements to establish and maintain a general experimental farm and agricultural station on the Arlington estate, in the State of Virginia, including employment of labor in the city of Washington or elsewhere, and for all necessary fixtures, supplies, material, apparatus, and other expenses, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved April eighteenth, nineteen hundred, entitled "An Act to set apart a portion of the Arlington estate for experimental agricultural purposes, and to place said portion under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of Agriculture and his successors in office," which Act shall be construed to confer upon the Secretary of Agriculture and his successors jurisdiction over so much of the Government land in Alexandria County, Virginia, known as the Arlington estate, as lies east of the public road leading from the Aqueduct Bridge to Alexandria, Virginia, otherwise called the Georgetown and Alexandria road, and between said road and the Potomac River, containing about four hundred acres, with the exception, however, of a strip of land as follows: Commencing at the point where the Georgetown and Alexandria road enters the Arlington estate on the north side, thence along said road six hundred and twenty-five yards, thence in a line perpendicular to said road to the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, thence along said canal to the north line of the reservation, fifteen thousand dollars.

Arlington experi-
mental farm.

Vol. 31, p. 135.
Land set apart.

TEA-CULTURE INVESTIGATIONS: For all expenses necessary, including the employment of labor in the city of Washington or elsewhere, to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate and report on the cost of making tea and the best method of cultivating and preparing the same for market, so as to demonstrate whether it is practicable to introduce its culture in the Southern States as a profitable industry, and for all necessary fixtures, supplies, apparatus, material, and other expenses, ten thousand dollars.

Tea-culture investi-
gations.

PURCHASE AND DISTRIBUTION OF VALUABLE SEEDS: For the purchase, propagation, testing, and distribution of valuable seeds, bulbs, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, and plants; for rent of building, not to exceed three thousand dollars; the employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required, in the city of Washington and elsewhere; all necessary office fixtures and supplies, fuel, transportation, paper, twine, gum, printing, postal cards, gas, and electric current; traveling expenses, and all necessary material and repairs for putting up and distributing the same, and to be distributed in localities adapted to their culture, two hundred and ninety thousand dollars, of which amount not more than forty-eight thousand dollars shall be expended for labor in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, and not less than two hundred and ten thousand dollars shall be allotted for Congressional distribution.

Division of seeds.
Purchase, distribu-
tion, etc.

Allotment.

And the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby directed to expend the said sum, as nearly as practicable, in the purchase, testing, and distribution of such valuable seeds, bulbs, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, and plants, the best he can obtain at public or private sale, and such as shall be suitable for the respective localities to which the same are to be apportioned, and in which same are to be distributed as hereinafter stated, and such seeds so purchased shall include a variety of vegetable and flower seeds suitable for planting and culture in the various sections of the United States. An equal proportion of two-thirds of all seeds, bulbs, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, and plants shall, upon their request, after due notification by the Secretary of Agriculture that the allotment to their respective districts is ready for

Seeds, etc., to be
adapted to locality.

Congressional allot-
ment.

distribution, be supplied to Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress for distribution among their constituents, or mailed by the Department upon the receipt of their addressed franks; such franks to be furnished by the Public Printer as is now done for document slips with the names of Senators, Members, and Delegates printed thereon, and the words "United States Department of Agriculture, Congressional Seed Distribution," or such other phraseology as the Secretary may direct; and the person receiving such seeds shall be requested to inform the Department of the results of the experiments therewith: *Provided*, That all seeds, bulbs, plants, and cuttings herein allotted to Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress for distribution remaining uncalled for on the first of April shall be distributed by the Secretary of Agriculture, giving preference to those persons whose names and addresses have been furnished by Senators and Representatives in Congress, and who have not before, during the same season, been supplied by the Department: *And provided also*, That the Secretary shall report, as provided in this Act, the place, quantity, and price of seeds purchased, and the date of purchase; but nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to prevent the Secretary of Agriculture from sending seeds to those who apply for the same. And the amount herein appropriated shall not be diverted or used for any other purpose but for the purchase, propagation, and distribution of valuable seeds, bulbs, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings and plants: *Provided, however*, That upon each envelope or wrapper containing packages of seeds the contents thereof shall be plainly indicated, and the Secretary shall not distribute to any Senator, Representative, or Delegate seeds entirely unfit for the climate and locality he represents, but shall distribute the same so that each member may have seeds of equal value, as near as may be, and the best adapted to the locality he represents: *Provided also*, That the seeds allotted to Senators and Representatives for distribution in the districts embraced within the twenty-fifth and thirty-fourth parallels of latitude shall be ready for delivery not later than the tenth day of January: *Provided further*, That thirty thousand dollars of the sum thus appropriated, or so much thereof as the Secretary of Agriculture shall direct, may be used to collect, purchase, test, propagate, and distribute rare and valuable seeds, bulbs, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, and plants from foreign countries for experiments with reference to their introduction into this country; and the seeds, bulbs, trees, shrubs, vines, cuttings, and plants thus collected, purchased, tested, and propagated shall not be included in general distribution, but shall be used for experimental tests to be carried on with the cooperation of the agricultural experiment stations.

Provisos.
Distribution of uncalled-for seeds, etc.

Report of purchases.

No diversion of appropriation.

Indication of contents on wrapper.

Seeds adapted to locality.

Early delivery to Southern section.

Purchase of foreign seeds, etc., for experimental tests.

Beet, etc., sugar production.

INVESTIGATING PRODUCTION OF DOMESTIC SUGAR: For all expenses, including the employment of labor in the city of Washington or elsewhere, necessary to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to continue inquiry and ascertain the progress made in the production of domestic sugar from beets and sorghum, including the area of available lands adapted thereto by irrigation or otherwise, and to investigate all other matters concerning the same, five thousand dollars.

Total for Bureau of Plant Industry, six hundred and seventy-four thousand nine hundred and thirty dollars.

Bureau of Forestry.

BUREAU OF FORESTRY.

Salaries.

BUREAU OF FORESTRY, SALARIES: One forester, who shall be Chief of Bureau, three thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant forester, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant forester, two thousand dollars; one assistant forester, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one stenographer, one thousand two hundred dollars; one field assist-

ant, one thousand five hundred dollars; one field assistant, one thousand four hundred dollars; one field assistant, one thousand two hundred dollars; one field assistant, one thousand dollars; ten collaborators, at three hundred dollars each, three thousand dollars; one clerk class three, one thousand six hundred dollars; one photographer, one thousand two hundred dollars; one computer, one thousand dollars; three clerks class one, three thousand six hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each, two thousand dollars; four clerks, at nine hundred dollars each, three thousand six hundred dollars; seven clerks, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, five thousand and forty dollars; in all, thirty-seven thousand one hundred and forty dollars.

GENERAL EXPENSES, BUREAU OF FORESTRY: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to experiment and to make and continue investigations and report on forestry, forest reserves, forest fires, and lumbering; to advise the owners of woodlands as to the proper care of the same; to investigate and test American timber and timber trees; to seek, through investigations and the planting of native and foreign species, suitable trees for the treeless regions; to collect and distribute valuable economic forest-tree seeds and plants; for the employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required in practical forestry and in conducting experiments and investigations in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and for collating, digesting, reporting, illustrating, and printing the results of such experiments and investigations; for the purchase of all necessary supplies, apparatus, and office fixtures; for freight and express charges, and traveling and other necessary expenses, three hundred and twelve thousand eight hundred and sixty dollars, of which sum not to exceed ten thousand dollars may be used for rent. And the employees of the Bureau of Forestry outside of the city of Washington may, in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture, without additional expense to the Government, be granted leaves of absence not to exceed fifteen days in any one year.

Total for Bureau of Forestry, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

BUREAU OF CHEMISTRY.

BUREAU OF CHEMISTRY, SALARIES: One Chemist, who shall be Chief of Bureau, three thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant chemist, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant chemist, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant chemist, one thousand six hundred dollars; one chief clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk class two, one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks class one, two thousand four hundred dollars; in all, fourteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

GENERAL EXPENSES, BUREAU OF CHEMISTRY: Chemical apparatus, chemicals, laboratory fixtures, and supplies, repairs to engine and apparatus; gas and electric current, purchase of all necessary office fixtures, supplies, and necessary expenses in conducting special investigations, including necessary traveling and other expenses, telegraph and telephone services, for express and freight charges, labor and expert work in such investigations in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and in collating, digesting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such experiments; to continue the collaboration with other bureaus and divisions of the Department desiring chemical investigations and to collaborate with other departments of the Government whose heads request the Secretary of Agriculture for such assistance, and for other miscellaneous work; for the employment of additional assistant chemists, when necessary.

To investigate the adulteration of foods, drugs, and liquors, when deemed by the Secretary of Agriculture advisable; and the Secretary

General expenses. Investigations and reports.

Supplies, etc.

Rent. Leaves of absence.

Bureau of Chemistry.

Salaries.

General expenses. Apparatus, etc.

Investigation of adulterated foods, etc.

of Agriculture, whenever he has reason to believe that articles are being imported from foreign countries which by reason of such adulteration are dangerous to the health of the people of the United States, or which are forbidden to be sold or restricted in sale in the countries in which they are made or from which they are exported, or which shall be falsely labeled in any respect in regard to the place of manufacture of the contents of the package, shall make a request upon the Secretary of the Treasury for samples from original packages of such articles for inspection and analysis; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to open such original packages and deliver specimens to the Secretary of Agriculture for the purpose mentioned, giving notice to the owner or consignee of such articles, who may be present and have the right to introduce testimony; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall refuse delivery to the consignee of any such goods which the Secretary of Agriculture reports to him have been inspected and analyzed and found to be dangerous to health, or which are forbidden to be sold or restricted in sale in the countries in which they are made or from which they are exported, or which shall be falsely labeled in any respect in regard to the place of manufacture or the contents of the package.

Inspection of imported packages.

Unwholesome goods not to be delivered.

Investigation of food preservatives, etc.

Foreign tests of American food products.

Inspection before shipment.

Standards of purity.

Reports.

Supplies. Special agents, etc.

Rent.

Investigation of dairy products, etc.

Wheat and other cereals.

Sugar-producing plants.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate the character of food preservatives, coloring matters, and other substances added to foods, to determine their relation to digestion and to health, and to establish the principles which should guide their use; to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate the character of the chemical and physical tests which are applied to American food products in foreign countries, and to inspect before shipment, when desired by the shippers or owners of these food products, American food products intended for countries where chemical and physical tests are required before said food products are allowed to be sold in the countries mentioned, and for all necessary expenses connected with such inspection and studies of methods of analysis in foreign countries; to enable the Secretary of Agriculture, in collaboration with the Association of Official Agricultural Chemists, and such other experts as he may deem necessary, to establish standards of purity for food products and to determine what are regarded as adulterations therein, for the guidance of the officials of the various States and of the courts of justice; for the preparation of reports, the purchase of apparatus, chemicals, samples, and supplies required in conducting such investigations, the employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required in conducting such experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and in collating, digesting, and reporting the results of such experiments; and for the rent of buildings occupied by the Bureau of Chemistry.

To investigate, in collaboration with the Bureau of Animal Industry, the chemistry of dairy products and of adulterants used therein, and of the adulterated products; to determine the composition of process renovated or adulterated and other treated butters, and other chemical studies relating to dairy products, and to make all analyses of samples required for the execution of the law regulating the manufacture of process renovated or adulterated butters.

To study, in collaboration with the Weather Bureau and agricultural experiment stations, the influence of environment upon the chemical composition of wheat and other cereals, with especial reference to the variation in the content of gluten and the suitability of barley for brewing and other purposes.

To investigate the chemical composition of sugar-producing plants in the United States and its possessions, and, in collaboration with the Weather Bureau and agricultural experiment stations, to study the effects of environment upon the chemical composition of sugar-

producing plants, especially with reference to their content of available sugar, seventy thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That fifteen thousand dollars thereof shall be used exclusively for the purpose of investigating, determining, and reporting the proper treatment and process in order to secure uniform grade and quality of first-class table sirup, of which sum ten thousand dollars shall be immediately available: *Provided*, That if found necessary, twelve hundred dollars of the amount hereby appropriated may be used for the purchase and installment of a new boiler in the Bureau of Chemistry.

Provisos.
Sirup.

New boiler.

Total for Bureau of Chemistry, eighty-five thousand three hundred dollars.

BUREAU OF SOILS.

Bureau of Soils.

BUREAU OF SOILS, SALARIES: One soil physicist, who shall be chief of bureau, three thousand five hundred dollars; one scientist, two thousand five hundred dollars; one scientist, two thousand dollars; one chief clerk, two thousand dollars; two scientists, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, three thousand six hundred dollars; two scientists, at one thousand six hundred dollars each, three thousand two hundred dollars; two scientists, at one thousand four hundred dollars each, two thousand eight hundred dollars; two scientists, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, two thousand four hundred dollars; one scientist, one thousand dollars; one stenographer, one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk class three, one thousand six hundred dollars; three clerks class two, four thousand two hundred dollars; five clerks class one, six thousand dollars; three clerks, at one thousand dollars each, three thousand dollars; one clerk, eight hundred and forty dollars; two watchmen at seven hundred and twenty dollars each, one thousand four hundred and forty dollars; one messenger, seven hundred and twenty dollars; one charwoman, four hundred and eighty dollars; in all, forty-two thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

Salaries.

Clerks, etc.

GENERAL EXPENSES, BUREAU OF SOILS: Investigation of the relation of soils to climate and organic life; for the investigation of the texture and composition of soils in the field and laboratory; for the investigation of the cause and prevention of the rise of alkali in the soils of the irrigated districts; the investigation of the relation of soils to drainage and seepage waters, and of methods for the prevention of the accumulation of and injury from seepage waters in irrigated districts; for investigations of soils in continental United States and for indicating upon maps or plats, by coloring or otherwise, the results of such investigations; to map the tobacco soils of the United States; to investigate the soils and conditions of tobacco growth in Cuba, Sumatra, and other tobacco-competing countries; to investigate, in cooperation with the Bureau of Plant Industry, the methods of curing, with particular reference to fermentation; to originate, through selection and breeding, improved varieties for the principal tobacco districts of the United States, and to secure, as far as may be, a change in the methods of supplying tobacco to foreign countries; the location of the stations; rent of buildings, not to exceed two thousand dollars per annum, for office and laboratory purposes; the employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required in conducting experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and in collating, digesting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such experiments; the preparation and printing of reports, drawings, and illustrations; for materials, tools, instruments, apparatus, gas and electric current, furniture, supplies, for telegraph and telephone service, and for traveling expenses, freight and express charges, and other necessary expenses, one hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

General expenses.
Investigation of
soils.

Tobacco.

Rent.
Special agents, etc.

Reports.
Materials, etc.

Total for Bureau of Soils, two hundred and twelve thousand four hundred and eighty dollars.

Division of Entomology.
Salaries.

DIVISION OF ENTOMOLOGY, SALARIES: One entomologist, who shall be chief of division, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; one assistant entomologist, who shall be assistant chief of division, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant entomologist or clerk, one thousand six hundred dollars; one assistant entomologist or clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; two assistant entomologists or clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, two thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each, two thousand dollars; in all, eleven thousand nine hundred and fifty dollars.

General expenses.
Investigations.

GENERAL EXPENSES OF ENTOMOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS: Promotion of economic entomology; investigating the history and habits of insects injurious and beneficial to agriculture, horticulture, and arboriculture; ascertaining the best means of destroying those found to be injurious, including an investigation into the ravages of the codling moth and of the cotton-boll weevil and boll worm, with a view of ascertaining the best methods of their extermination; investigations in apiculture; investigations of the damage to forests and forest trees by insects; purchase of chemicals, insecticide apparatus, and other materials, supplies, and instruments required in conducting such experiments and investigations; for the employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required in conducting experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and in collating, digesting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such experiments; freight and express charges, and necessary traveling expenses; rent of building; for office fixtures and supplies, telegraph and telephone services; gas and electric current; preparing, illustrating, and publishing the results of the work of the division, twelve thousand dollars of which shall be immediately available, sixty-five thousand five hundred dollars, of which amount not to exceed ten thousand dollars may in the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture be expended for silk investigations.

Silk investigations.

Total for division of entomology, seventy-seven thousand four hundred and fifty dollars.

Division of Biological Survey.
Salaries.

DIVISION OF BIOLOGICAL SURVEY, SALARIES: One biologist, who shall be chief of division, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; one assistant biologist, who shall be assistant chief of division, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two assistant biologists, at one thousand five hundred dollars each, three thousand dollars; one assistant biologist, one thousand four hundred dollars; four assistant biologists, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, four thousand eight hundred dollars; one clerk of class one, one thousand two hundred dollars; two clerks, at one thousand dollars each, two thousand dollars; one clerk, nine hundred dollars; in all, seventeen thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

General expenses.
Investigations, etc.

GENERAL EXPENSES OF BIOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS: For biological investigations, including the geographic distribution and migrations of animals, birds, and plants, and for the promotion of economic ornithology and mammalogy, for an investigation of the food habits of North American birds and mammals in relation to agriculture, horticulture, and forestry; for the employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required in conducting experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and in collating, digesting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such experiments; for freight and express charges; for office fixtures and supplies, gas and electric current, telegraph and telephone services; for preparation and publication of reports, and for illustrations, field work, and traveling and

other expenses in the practical work of the division, and to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to carry into effect the provisions of an Act approved May twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred, entitled "An act to enlarge the powers of the Department of Agriculture, prohibiting the transportation by interstate commerce of game killed in violation of local laws, and for other purposes," thirty-three thousand dollars.

Preventing transportation of illegally killed game.
Vol. 31, p. 187.

To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to move or transport elk or other game animals presented to the Government or owned by it, and to fence, maintain, feed and care for them on forest reserves or other public lands, one thousand dollars.

Game animals on forest reserves.

Total for Division of Biological Survey, fifty-one thousand eight hundred and fifty dollars.

DIVISION OF ACCOUNTS AND DISBURSEMENTS: Chief of division and disbursing clerk, two thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars; one assistant chief of division, two thousand dollars; one cashier, one thousand eight hundred dollars; three clerks class three, four thousand eight hundred dollars; six clerks class two, eight thousand four hundred dollars; three clerks class one (one of whom shall be a stenographer and typewriter), three thousand six hundred dollars; one custodian of records and files, one thousand dollars; total for Division of Accounts and Disbursements, twenty-four thousand three hundred and fifty dollars.

Division of Accounts and Disbursements.
Salaries.

DIVISION OF PUBLICATIONS, SALARIES: One editor, who shall be chief of division, three thousand dollars; one associate editor, two thousand dollars; one assistant editor, one thousand eight hundred dollars; two assistant editors, at one thousand six hundred dollars each, three thousand two hundred dollars; two editorial clerks, at one thousand four hundred dollars each, two thousand eight hundred dollars; four clerks class one, four thousand eight hundred dollars; five clerks, at one thousand dollars each, five thousand dollars; two copyists, at eight hundred and forty dollars each, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars; one assistant in charge of document section, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one foreman document section, one thousand four hundred dollars; one chief folder, one thousand dollars; one folder, eight hundred and forty dollars; in all, twenty-nine thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

Division of Publications.
Salaries.

GENERAL EXPENSES, DIVISION OF PUBLICATIONS: For the preparation, printing, illustration, publication, indexing, and distribution of documents, bulletins, and reports, two hundred thousand dollars, of which sum one hundred and five thousand dollars shall be available for the preparation and printing of farmers' bulletins, which shall be adapted to the interests of the people of the different sections of the country, an equal proportion of four-fifths of which shall be delivered to or sent out under the addressed franks furnished by Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress as such Senators, Representatives, or Delegates in Congress shall direct: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Agriculture shall notify Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress of the title and character of each such bulletin, with the total number to which each Senator, Representative, and Delegate may be entitled for distribution; and on the face of the envelope inclosing said bulletins shall be printed the title of each bulletin contained therein: *Provided further*, That all such bulletins included in the quotas of Senators, Representatives, or Delegates not called for on or before the thirty-first day of May in each fiscal year shall revert to the Secretary of Agriculture, and be available to him, either for miscellaneous distribution or in making up Congressional quotas for the next fiscal year; ten thousand dollars for additional assistants, editorial, proof reading, indexing, and other necessary help, in the city of Washington or elsewhere; for the pay of artists, draftsmen, and engravers;

General expenses.
Printing, etc., of documents.

Farmers' bulletins.

Congressional allotment.

Provisos.
Notification.

Disposition of un-called-for bulletins.

Additional employees.

Tools, instruments, etc. the purchase of manuscript for publication; for tools, instruments, and artists' materials; for drawings, engravings, photographs, paintings, lithographs, and other illustration work; for electrotypes, and for traveling expenses when necessary; eighty-five thousand dollars for labor and material required in the distribution of documents, including purchase of wagon, harness, and horses, and maintenance of same, and for repairs; for rent of building for the storage and distribution of farmers' bulletins, and the pay of watchman, charwomen, all necessary office fixtures and supplies; for gas and electric current; telegraph and telephone services, and for such other expenses as may be necessary; in all, two hundred thousand dollars.

Total for Division of Publications, two hundred and twenty-nine thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

Division of Statistics.
Salaries.

BUREAU OF STATISTICS, SALARIES: One statistician, who shall be chief of bureau, three thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant statistician, who shall be assistant chief of bureau, two thousand two hundred dollars; three clerks class four, five thousand four hundred dollars; four clerks class three, six thousand four hundred dollars; five clerks class two, seven thousand dollars; eight clerks class one, nine thousand six hundred dollars; ten clerks, at one thousand dollars each, ten thousand dollars; four clerks, at eight hundred and forty dollars each, three thousand three hundred and sixty dollars; in all, forty-seven thousand four hundred and sixty dollars.

General expenses.
Collecting statistics.

GENERAL EXPENSES, BUREAU OF STATISTICS: Collecting domestic and foreign agricultural statistics; compiling, writing, and illustrating statistical matter for monthly, annual, and special reports; special investigations and compilations; subscription to, and purchase of, statistical and newspaper publications containing data for permanent comparative records; maps and charts; stationery supplies, blanks, blank books, circulars, paper, envelopes, postal cards, postage stamps, office fixtures, telegraph and telephone services, freight and express charges, including employment of labor in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and necessary traveling expenses: *Provided*, That the monthly crop report, issued on the tenth day of each month, shall embrace a statement of the condition of the crops, by States, in the United States, with such explanations, comparisons, and information as may be useful for illustrating the above matter, and that it shall be submitted to, and officially approved by, the Secretary of Agriculture before being issued or published, one hundred and nine thousand two hundred dollars, of which sum not more than fifty thousand dollars shall be expended for salaries in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, five thousand dollars of which sum shall be immediately available.

Proviso.
Monthly crop report.

Total for Bureau of Statistics, one hundred and fifty-six thousand six hundred and sixty dollars.

Division of Foreign Markets.
Salaries.

DIVISION OF FOREIGN MARKETS, SALARIES: One chief of division, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant chief of division, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant, one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk class two, one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk class one, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

General expenses.
Extension of foreign markets.

GENERAL EXPENSES, DIVISION OF FOREIGN MARKETS: Investigations concerning the feasibility of extending the demands of foreign markets for the agricultural products of the United States, and to secure, as far as may be, a change in the methods of supplying farm products to foreign countries; employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required in making investigations in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and in collecting, digesting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such investigations; traveling expenses and freight and express charges; telephone and telegraph

Special agents, etc.

Traveling expenses.

service; and all necessary office fixtures and supplies, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Total for Division of Foreign Markets, sixteen thousand dollars.

LIBRARY, SALARIES: One librarian, one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant librarian, one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk (who shall be a translator), one thousand two hundred dollars; one cataloguer, one thousand two hundred dollars; two cataloguers, at one thousand dollars each, two thousand dollars; two clerks, eight hundred and forty dollars each, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars; one messenger, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, ten thousand dollars.

Library.
Salaries.

GENERAL EXPENSES FOR DEPARTMENT LIBRARY: Purchase of technical books of reference, technical papers, and technical periodicals necessary for the work of the Department, and for expenses incurred in completing imperfect series, for binding periodicals, and for the employment of additional assistance in the city of Washington and elsewhere, when necessary, for traveling expenses, and for library fixtures, shelving, library cards, and other material, ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That section three thousand six hundred forty-eight of the Revised Statutes shall not apply to the subscriptions for publications for the Department of Agriculture, and the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to pay in advance for any publications for the use of his Department.

General expenses.

Proviso.
Subscriptions may
be paid in advance.
R. S., sec. 3648, p. 718.

Total, for library, Department of Agriculture, twenty thousand dollars.

MUSEUM: One care taker, one thousand dollars; for labor in cleaning and caring for building, one charwoman, at five hundred and forty dollars; three charwomen, at two hundred and forty dollars each, seven hundred and twenty dollars; in all, two thousand two hundred and sixty dollars.

Museum.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Purchase of stationery, blank books, twine, paper, gum, dry goods, soap, brushes, brooms, mats, oils, paints, glass, lumber, hardware, ice, fuel, water and gas pipes, heating apparatus, furniture, carpets, matting; for lights, freight, express charges, advertising, telegraphing, washing towels, and necessary repairs and improvements to buildings and heating apparatus; for the employment of one carpenter, at one thousand dollars, and for the employment of one painter, at nine hundred dollars; the purchase, subsistence, and care of horses, for official purposes only; the purchase and repair of harness; the purchase and repair of vehicles, for official purposes only; payment of duties on imported articles, and the Department of Agriculture's proportionate share of the dispatch agent in New York, not to exceed four hundred dollars; actual traveling expenses while on business of the Department; and other miscellaneous supplies and expenses not otherwise provided for, and necessary for the practical and efficient work of the Department, including not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars for postage, thirty-seven thousand dollars.

Contingent expenses.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS: To carry into effect the provisions of an Act approved March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, entitled "An Act to establish agricultural experiment stations in connection with the colleges established in the several States under the provisions of an Act approved July second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Acts supplementary thereto," and to enforce the execution thereof, eight hundred and ten thousand dollars; forty thousand dollars of which sum shall be payable upon the order of the Secretary of Agriculture to enable him to carry out the provisions of section

Miscellaneous.

Agricultural experi-
ment stations.
Vol. 24, p. 440.

Vol. 12, p. 503.

Bulletins.
Vol. 24, p. 441.

three of said Act of March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, and fifteen thousand dollars of which sum may be expended by the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate and report to Congress upon the agricultural resources and capabilities of Alaska, and to establish and maintain agricultural experiment stations in said Territory, including the erection of buildings and all other expenses essential to the maintenance of such stations; and the Secretary of Agriculture shall prescribe the form of the annual financial statement required by section three of said Act of March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven; shall ascertain whether the expenditures under the appropriation hereby made are in accordance with the provisions of said Act, and shall make report thereon to Congress; and the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to employ such assistants, clerks, and other persons as he may deem necessary, in the city of Washington and elsewhere, and to incur such other expenses for office fixtures and supplies, stationery, traveling, freight, and express charges, illustration of the Experiment Station Record, bulletins and reports, as he may find essential in carrying out the objects of the above Acts, and the sums apportioned to the several States shall be paid quarterly in advance. And the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to furnish to such institutions or individuals as may care to buy them copies of the card index of agricultural literature prepared by the Office of Experiment Stations, and charge for the same a price covering the additional expense involved in the preparation of these copies, and he is hereby authorized to apply the moneys received toward the expense of the preparation of the index. And the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to expend fifteen thousand dollars of which sum to establish and maintain an agricultural station in the Hawaiian Islands, including the erection of buildings, the printing (in the Hawaiian Islands), illustration, and distribution of reports and bulletins, and all other expenses essential to the maintenance of said station. And the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to expend fifteen thousand dollars of which sum to establish and maintain an agricultural experiment station in Porto Rico, including the erection of buildings, the printing (in Porto Rico), illustration, and distribution of reports and bulletins, and all other expenses essential to the maintenance of said station; and the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to sell such products as are obtained on the land belonging to the agricultural experiment stations in Alaska, Hawaii, and Porto Rico, and to apply the moneys received from the sale of such products to the maintenance of said stations; in all, eight hundred and ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That five thousand dollars of this sum shall be used by the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate and report upon the organization and progress of farmers' institutes in the several States and Territories and upon similar organizations in foreign countries, with special suggestions of plans and methods for making such organizations more effective for the dissemination of the results of the work of the Department of Agriculture and the agricultural experiment stations and of improved methods of agricultural practice.

Total for agricultural experiment stations, eight hundred and ten thousand dollars.

NUTRITION INVESTIGATIONS: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate and report upon the nutritive value of the various articles and commodities used for human food, with special suggestions of full, wholesome, and edible rations less wasteful and more economical than those in common use, including special investigations on the nutritive value and economy of the diet in public institutions; and the agricultural experiment stations are hereby authorized and directed to cooperate with the Secretary of Agriculture in carrying out said investigations in such manner and to such extent as may be warranted by a due regard to the varying conditions and needs of the respective

States and Territories, and as may be mutually agreed upon; and the Secretary of Agriculture is hereby authorized to require said stations to report to him the results of any such investigations which they may carry out, whether in cooperation with said Secretary of Agriculture or otherwise, twenty thousand dollars.

Reports.

IRRIGATION INVESTIGATIONS: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate and report upon the laws as affecting irrigation and the rights of riparian proprietors and institutions relating to irrigation and upon the use of irrigation waters, at home or abroad, with especial suggestions of better methods for the utilization of irrigation waters in agriculture than those in common use, and upon plans for the removal of seepage and surplus waters by drainage, and upon the use of different kinds of power for irrigation and other agricultural purposes, and for the preparation, printing, and illustration of reports and bulletins on irrigation, including employment of labor in the city of Washington or elsewhere; and the agricultural experiment stations are hereby authorized and directed to cooperate with the Secretary of Agriculture in carrying out said investigations in such manner and to such extent as may be warranted by a due regard to the varying conditions and needs of the respective States and Territories as may be mutually agreed upon, and all necessary expenses, sixty-five thousand dollars.

Irrigation.

Reports.

PUBLIC ROAD INQUIRIES: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to make inquiries in regard to the system of road management throughout the United States; to make investigations in regard to the best methods of road making, and the best kind of road-making materials in the several States; the employment of local and special agents, clerks, assistants, and other labor required in conducting experiments in the city of Washington and elsewhere; and in collating, digesting, reporting, and illustrating the results of such experiments; to enable the Secretary of Agriculture to investigate the chemical and physical character of road materials, for the pay of experts, chemists, and laborers, for necessary office fixtures, supplies, apparatus, and materials; telegraph and telephone service, traveling, and other necessary expenses, and for preparing and publishing bulletins and reports on this subject for distribution, and to enable him to assist the agricultural colleges and experiment stations in disseminating information on this subject, thirty-five thousand dollars, three thousand dollars of which sum shall be immediately available.

Public roads.

EMERGENCY APPROPRIATION: To enable the Secretary of Agriculture to stamp out and eradicate the foot and mouth disease and other contagious diseases of animals, to be used for no other purpose, five hundred thousand dollars.

Emergency fund for eradicating contagious animal diseases.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1009.—An Act Making appropriations for the service of the Post-Office Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1903.

[Public. No. 159.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department, in conformity with the Act of July second, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, as follows:

Postal service appropriations. Vol. 5, p. 80.

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Postmaster-General.

For advertising, seven thousand dollars.
For miscellaneous items in the office of the Postmaster-General, six thousand dollars.

Advertising.
Miscellaneous.

Opinions of Assistant Attorney-General.

For printing and binding the opinions of the Assistant Attorney-General for the Post-Office Department, five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

First Assistant Postmaster-General.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Postmaster. Chicago, salary.

For compensation to postmasters, twenty-one million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, and the salary of the postmaster of the city of Chicago is hereby fixed at eight thousand dollars per annum. Any portion thereof saved by the consolidation of post-offices under existing law shall be transferred to the appropriation for compensation to clerks in post-offices and made available for the payment of the salaries of superintendents and clerks at stations established in lieu of the post-offices thus discontinued.

Allowance for stations from discontinued offices.

Salary and allowance division.

Assistant postmasters.

Proviso. Chicago.

SALARY AND ALLOWANCE DIVISION: For compensation to assistant postmasters at first and second class post-offices: Two at three thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the salary of the assistant postmaster at Chicago shall be fixed at three thousand five hundred dollars per annum; sixteen, at three thousand dollars; six, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; four, at two thousand dollars each; fourteen, at one thousand nine hundred dollars each; twenty, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; thirty-five at one thousand seven hundred dollars each; eighty-five, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; one hundred, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; eighty, at one thousand four hundred dollars each; one hundred and fifty, at one thousand three hundred dollars each; three hundred, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; three hundred and ten, at one thousand one hundred dollars each; and four hundred, at one thousand dollars each; in all, for assistant postmasters, one million eight hundred and ninety-four thousand one hundred dollars.

Clerks, etc., compensation.

At \$100 each.

For compensation to clerks in first and second class post-offices: One thousand clerks in charge of stations and substations, at one hundred dollars each, one hundred thousand dollars;

At \$200 each.

Three hundred and fifty clerks in charge of stations and substations, at two hundred dollars each, seventy thousand dollars;

At \$300 each.

Two hundred and fifty clerks in charge of stations and substations, janitors, messengers, porters, watchmen, and stampers, at three hundred dollars each, seventy-five thousand dollars;

At \$400 each.

Two hundred clerks in charge of stations and substations, janitors, messengers, porters, watchmen, stampers, carpenters, firemen, laborers, pressmen, waste-paper examiners, mail messengers, and general-utility clerks, at four hundred dollars each, eighty thousand dollars;

At \$500 each.

Eight hundred clerks in charge of stations and substations, janitors, messengers, porters, watchmen, stampers, carpenters, firemen, laborers, pressmen, waste-paper examiners, mail messengers, and general-utility clerks, at five hundred dollars each, four hundred thousand dollars;

At \$600 each.

Four thousand two hundred clerks in charge of stations and substations, janitors, messengers, porters, watchmen, stampers, carpenters, firemen, laborers, pressmen, waste-paper examiners, mail messengers, general-utility clerks, assorters, general-delivery clerks, inquiry clerks, paper distributors, raters of third and fourth class matter, record clerks, separators, special-delivery clerks, stock clerks, supply clerks, timekeepers, weighers of second-class matter, directory clerks, dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, and stamp clerks, at six hundred dollars each, two million five hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

At \$700 each.

Two thousand three hundred clerks in charge of stations and substations, janitors, messengers, porters, watchmen, stampers, carpenters, firemen, laborers, pressmen, waste-paper examiners, mail messengers, general-utility clerks, assorters, general-delivery clerks.

inquiry clerks, paper distributors, raters of third and fourth class matter, record clerks, separators, special-delivery clerks, stock clerks, supply clerks, timekeepers, weighers of second-class matter, directory clerks, dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, and stamp clerks, at seven hundred dollars each, one million six hundred and ten thousand dollars;

Four thousand clerks in charge of stations and substations, stampers, mail messengers, general-utility clerks, assorters, general-delivery clerks, inquiry clerks, paper distributors, raters of third and fourth class matter, record clerks, separators, special-delivery clerks, stock clerks, supply clerks, timekeepers, weighers of second-class matter, directory clerks, dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, stamp clerks, and assistant superintendents of money-order division, at eight hundred dollars each, three million two hundred thousand dollars;

At \$800 each.

Two thousand five hundred clerks in charge of stations and substations, general utility clerks, assorters, general-delivery clerks, inquiry clerks, paper distributors, raters of third and fourth class matter, record clerks, separators, special-delivery clerks, stock clerks, supply clerks, timekeepers, weighers of second-class matter, directory clerks, dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, stamp clerks, assistant superintendents money-order division, printers, and foremen of crews, at nine hundred dollars each, two million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars;

At \$900 each.

Two thousand three hundred assorters, general-delivery clerks, inquiry clerks, paper distributors, raters of third and fourth class matter, record clerks, separators, special-delivery clerks, stock clerks, supply clerks, timekeepers, weighers of second-class matter, directory clerks, dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, stamp clerks, assistant superintendents money-order division, printers, foremen of crews, assistant superintendents of registry, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, and superintendents of stations, at one thousand dollars each, two million three hundred thousand dollars;

At \$1,000 each.

One thousand five hundred assorters, general-delivery clerks, inquiry clerks, paper distributors, raters of third and fourth class matter, record clerks, separators, special-delivery clerks, stock clerks, supply clerks, timekeepers, weighers of second-class matter, directory clerks, dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, stamp clerks, assistant superintendents money-order division, printers, foremen of crews, assistant superintendents of registry, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, and superintendents of stations, at one thousand one hundred dollars each, one million six hundred and fifty thousand dollars;

At \$1,100 each.

One thousand four hundred assorters, general-delivery clerks, inquiry clerks, paper distributors, raters of third and fourth class matter, record clerks, separators, special-delivery clerks, stock clerks, supply clerks, timekeepers, weighers of second-class matter, directory clerks, dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, stamp clerks, assistant superintendents money-order division, printers, foremen of crews, assistant superintendents of registry, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, assistant cashiers, assistant superintendents of delivery, assistant superintendents of mails, bookkeepers, draftsman New York, finance clerks and secretaries and stenographers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, one million six hundred and eighty thousand dollars;

At \$1,200 each.

Four hundred dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, stamp clerks, assistant

At \$1,300 each.

superintendents of money-order division, foremen of crews, assistant superintendents of registry, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, assistant cashiers, assistant superintendents of delivery, assistant superintendents of mails, bookkeepers, finance clerks, secretaries and stenographers, superintendents of delivery, and superintendents of mails, at one thousand three hundred dollars each, five hundred and twenty thousand dollars;

At \$1,400 each.

Three hundred and fifty dispatchers, letter distributors, mailing clerks, money-order clerks, nixie clerks, registry clerks, stamp clerks, assistant superintendents money-order division, foremen of crews, assistant superintendents of registry, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, assistant cashiers, assistant superintendents of delivery, assistant superintendents of mails, bookkeepers, finance clerks, secretaries and stenographers, superintendents of delivery, and superintendents of mails, at one thousand four hundred dollars each, four hundred and ninety thousand dollars;

At \$1,500 each.

One hundred and ten stamp clerks, assistant superintendents money-order division, assistant superintendents of registry, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, bookkeepers, finance clerks, secretaries and stenographers, superintendents of delivery, and superintendents of mails, at one thousand five hundred dollars each, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars;

At \$1,600 each.

One hundred and ten stamp clerks, assistant superintendents money-order division, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, bookkeepers, finance clerks, secretaries and stenographers, superintendents of delivery, and superintendents of mails, at one thousand six hundred dollars each, one hundred and seventy-six thousand dollars;

At \$1,700 each.

One hundred and twenty-five stamp clerks, assistant superintendents money-order division, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, bookkeepers, finance clerks, superintendents of delivery, and superintendents of mails, at one thousand seven hundred dollars each, two hundred and twelve thousand five hundred dollars;

At \$1,800 each.

Sixty assistant superintendents money-order division, assistant superintendents of registry, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, bookkeepers, superintendents of delivery, superintendents of mails, and cashiers, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each, one hundred and eight thousand dollars;

At \$2,000 each.

Eighty superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, superintendents of delivery, superintendents of mails, and cashiers, at two thousand dollars each, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars;

At \$2,100 each.

Sixteen superintendents of money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of delivery, and superintendents of mails, at two thousand one hundred dollars each, thirty-three thousand six hundred dollars;

At \$2,200 each.

Thirty superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of stations, superintendents of delivery, superintendents of mails, and cashiers, at two thousand two hundred dollars each, sixty-six thousand dollars;

At \$2,400 each.

Twenty-five assistant superintendents money-order division, assistant superintendents of registry, superintendents money-order division, superintendents of registry, superintendents of delivery, superintendents of mails, and cashiers, at two thousand four hundred dollars each, sixty thousand dollars;

Ten superintendents of stations, superintendents of delivery, and superintendents of mails, at two thousand five hundred dollars each, twenty-five thousand dollars;

Thirty superintendents of delivery, superintendents of mails, and cashiers, at two thousand six hundred dollars each, seventy-eight thousand dollars;

Twenty superintendents of delivery and superintendents of mails, at two thousand seven hundred dollars each, fifty-four thousand dollars;

One auditor, New York, three thousand dollars;

One auditor, Chicago, three thousand dollars;

One superintendent of money-order division, one superintendent of registry, one superintendent of mails, and one superintendent of delivery, at three thousand two hundred dollars each; one superintendent of money-order division, one superintendent of registry, one superintendent of mails, and one superintendent of delivery, at three thousand dollars each, twenty-four thousand eight hundred dollars;

For compensation to substitutes for clerks of first and second class post-offices on vacation, two hundred thousand dollars;

For temporary clerk hire, two hundred thousand dollars;

For separating mails at third and fourth class post-offices, one million three hundred thousand dollars;

In all, for clerk hire in post-offices, nineteen million eight hundred and thirteen thousand nine hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the Postmaster-General may, in the disbursement of this appropriation, allow postmasters at first-class offices to employ temporary clerks at the rate of twenty-five cents an hour during the rush or busy hours of the day.

For rent, light, and fuel for first, second, and third class post-offices, two million five hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That there shall not be allowed for the use of any third-class post-office for rent a sum in excess of four hundred dollars, nor more than sixty dollars for fuel and light in any one year: *And provided further*, That the Postmaster-General may, in the disbursement of this appropriation, apply a part thereof to the purpose of leasing premises for the use of post-offices of the first, second, and third classes, at a reasonable annual rental, to be paid quarterly, for a term not exceeding ten years.

For necessary miscellaneous and incidental items directly connected with first and second class post-offices, including furniture, cleaning, and all other matters not specifically provided for in other appropriations, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Postmaster-General, in his discretion, under such regulations as he shall prescribe, may authorize any of the postmasters of said offices to expend the funds he may allow them for such purposes without the written consent of the Postmaster-General.

For advertising and purchase of newspapers containing official advertisements contracted for under this appropriation at first and second class post-offices, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For rental or purchase of canceling machines, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, of which not more than one hundred and ninety thousand dollars shall be expended in rentals of machines: *Provided*, That no canceling machine shall be rented at an annual rental exceeding the rate now paid by the Department: *And provided further*, That the Postmaster-General shall, whenever in his opinion it is advisable, purchase canceling machines, and shall report fully to the next Congress in regard to said machines, whether they should be purchased or rented, all facts connected therewith, and what steps ought to be taken to protect the interests of the Government therein.

Provided, That five per centum of the foregoing appropriations for the salary and allowance division of the First Assistant Postmaster-

At \$2,500 each.

At \$2,600 each.

At \$2,700 each.

Auditors.

Superintendents.

Substitutes.

Temporary clerks.

Separating mails.

Total clerk hire.

Proviso.
Temporary clerks during busy hours.

Rent, light, and fuel.
Proviso.
Limit, third-class offices.

Leases for ten years.

Miscellaneous.

Proviso.
Expenditures without written consent.

Advertising, etc.

Canceling machines.

Proviso.
Limit of rental.

Report on advisability of purchase, etc.

Interchangeable expenditures.

- General's bureau may be available interchangeably for expenditures on the objects named, but no one item of the appropriations shall thereby be increased more than five per centum.
- Assistant superintendents, salary and allowance division.** For compensation to seven assistant superintendents, salary and allowance division, at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum, fourteen thousand dollars.
- Per diem, etc.** For per diem allowance for seven assistant superintendents, salary and allowance division, when actually traveling on business of the Post-Office Department, at a rate to be fixed by the Postmaster-General, not to exceed four dollars per day, and for other necessary official expenses, ten thousand two hundred and twenty dollars.
- Free delivery. Letter carriers.** **FREE-DELIVERY SERVICE:** For pay of letter carriers in offices already established, and for substitute letter carriers, and for temporary carriers at summer resorts, holiday, election, and emergency service, nineteen million and twenty-eight thousand eight hundred dollars.
- New offices.** For pay of letter carriers in new offices entitled to free-delivery service under existing law, one hundred thousand dollars.
- Horse hire, etc.** For horse-hire or automobile allowance, seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
- Car fare, etc.** For car fare and bicycle allowance, three hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That ten per centum of the foregoing amounts for free-delivery service may be available interchangeably for expenditure on the objects named, but no one item of appropriation shall thereby be increased more than ten per centum.
- Letter-box mechanics.** For compensation to twenty-two mechanics employed exclusively in painting, repairing, and erecting street letter boxes, at not exceeding nine hundred dollars each, nineteen thousand eight hundred dollars.
- Marine service, Detroit, Mich. Contract.** For marine postal service, Detroit, Michigan, four thousand five hundred dollars: *Provided*, That the Postmaster-General may, in his discretion, enter into contract for such marine postal service for a period not exceeding ten years.
- Assistant superintendents.** For compensation to four assistant superintendents city delivery service at the rate of two thousand dollars per annum, eight thousand dollars.
- Per diem.** For per diem allowance for four assistant superintendents city delivery service when actually traveling on business of the Post-Office Department, at a rate to be fixed by the Postmaster-General not to exceed four dollars per day, and for other necessary official expenses, five thousand two hundred dollars.
- Incidental expenses.** For all other incidental expenses, including letter boxes, package boxes, posts, furniture, satchels, and straps, three hundred thousand dollars.
- Special delivery.** For car fare and bicycle allowance for special-delivery messengers in emergent cases, twelve thousand dollars.
- For fees to special-delivery messengers, eight hundred thousand dollars; in all, twenty-one million three hundred and twenty-eight thousand three hundred dollars.
- Rural free delivery. Division superintendents.** **RURAL FREE-DELIVERY SERVICE:** For compensation to eight division superintendents, at two thousand four hundred dollars each, nineteen thousand two hundred dollars.
- Special agents.** For compensation to twenty-five special agents, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; fifteen special agents, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; fifteen special agents, at one thousand four hundred dollars each, and fifteen special agents, at one thousand three hundred dollars each, one hundred and three thousand dollars.
- Per diem.** For per diem allowance for seventy special agents of the rural free-delivery service, when actually traveling on business of the Post-Office Department, at a rate to be fixed by the Postmaster-General, not to exceed four dollars per day, and for other necessary official expenses, eighty-four thousand dollars.

For compensation to sixty-five route inspectors, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, and four route inspectors, at nine hundred dollars each, eighty-one thousand and six hundred dollars.

For per diem allowance for sixty-nine route inspectors of the rural free delivery service, when actually traveling on business of the Post-Office Department, at a rate to be fixed by the Postmaster-General, not to exceed three dollars per day, and for other necessary official expenses, sixty-two thousand and one hundred dollars.

For compensation to clerks at division headquarters: Twelve clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; ten clerks, at one thousand one hundred dollars each; ten clerks at one thousand dollars each; eight clerks at nine hundred dollars each, and six clerks at seven hundred dollars each, forty-six thousand eight hundred dollars.

For incidental expenses of special agents in charge of divisions, special agents, route inspectors, and for livery hire, and so forth, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For incidental expenses, including letter boxes, furniture, satchels, straps, badges, and so forth, two hundred thousand dollars.

For pay of letter carriers and clerks in charge of substations of rural free-delivery service, twelve million dollars: *Provided*, That not exceeding sixteen thousand dollars of the amount hereby appropriated for rural free-delivery service may be used for compensation of clerks in charge of substations.

In all, for rural free-delivery service, twelve million six hundred and twenty-one thousand seven hundred dollars.

SUPPLY DIVISION: For stationery for postal service, seventy-five thousand dollars.

For wrapping twine and tying devices, one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars.

For wrapping paper, forty-five thousand dollars.

For letter balances, scales, and test weights, and repairs to same, fifteen thousand dollars.

For postmarking and rating stamps, and repairs to same, and ink and pads for stamping and canceling purposes, forty-five thousand dollars.

For rubber stamps and type, metal-bodied rubber type, dates, figures, and holders, and ink and pads for rubber stamps, five thousand dollars.

For packing boxes, sawdust, paste, and hardware, two thousand dollars.

For printing facing slips and cutting same, card slide labels, blanks, and books of an urgent nature for the postal service, and manifold books for the registry service, thirty thousand dollars.

Blanks, blank books, printed matter, metal advertising signs, twine, carbon paper, and articles pertaining to its use in the issue and payment of money orders, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That five per centum of the foregoing amount for blanks, blank books, and so forth, may be available interchangeably for expenditure on the three following items, but no one of such items shall thereby be increased more than five per centum.

Rubber and metal stamps and repairs thereto; ribbons, pads, and racks for the money-order service, eight thousand dollars.

Copying presses, typewriting machines, envelope opening and sealing machines, adding machines and repairs thereto, for use of the money-order service, twenty thousand dollars.

Exchange on drafts, stationery, and necessary miscellaneous expenses of the money-order service, fifteen thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous items in the office of the First Assistant Postmaster-General, two thousand dollars: *Provided*, That not exceeding two hundred dollars of this amount appropriated may be used for necessary traveling expenses of the First Assistant Postmaster-General within

Route inspectors.

Per diem.

Clerks.

Incidentals.

Letter boxes, etc.

Carriers, and substation clerks.
Proviso.
Limit for clerks.

Supply division.
Stationery.

Twine.

Wrapping paper.
Scales, etc.

Postmarking, etc., stamps.

Rubber stamps.

Packing boxes, etc.

Printing.

Blank books, etc.

Proviso.
Interchangeable expenditures.

Money-order service supplies.

Miscellaneous

Proviso.
Traveling expenses.

City directories, etc.	the District of Columbia: <i>And provided further</i> , That a sum not exceeding three hundred dollars may be used for the purchase of city directories and books of reference.
Vehicle hire.	For hire of a vehicle to be under the supervision of the First Assistant Postmaster-General, six hundred dollars.
Second Assistant Postmaster-General.	OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.
Mail transportation. Star routes.	INLAND MAIL TRANSPORTATION: For inland transportation by star routes, including temporary service to newly established offices, six million nine hundred and sixty thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That out of this appropriation the Postmaster-General is authorized to provide difficult or emergency mail service in Alaska, including the establishment and equipment of relay stations, in such manner as he may think advisable, without advertising therefor.
<i>Proviso.</i> Alaska service.	
Steamboat routes.	For inland transportation by steamboat routes, six hundred and ninety-three thousand dollars.
Messenger service.	For mail-messenger service, one million one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.
Pneumatic tubes.	For transmission of mail by pneumatic tubes or other similar devices, eight hundred thousand dollars.
Wagon service.	For regulation, screen, or other wagon service, nine hundred and ninety thousand dollars.
Mail bags, etc.	For mail bags, cord fasteners, label cases, and for labor and material necessary for repairing equipment, three hundred thousand dollars.
Locks, keys, etc.	For mail locks and keys, chains, tools and machinery, and for labor and material necessary for repairing same, forty-five thousand dollars.
Repair shop.	For rent of building for a mail-bag repair shop and lock-repair shop, and for fuel, gas, watchmen and charwomen, oil, and repair of machinery for said shops, nine thousand two hundred dollars.
Railroad routes.	For inland transportation by railroad routes, of which a sum not exceeding one hundred thousand dollars may be employed to pay freight on postal cards, stamped envelopes, and stamped paper, mail equipment, and other supplies from the manufactories to the post-offices and depots of distribution, thirty-eight million two hundred and forty-two thousand dollars.
Post-office cars.	For railway post-office car service, five million four hundred and eleven thousand dollars.
Railway Mail Service. General Superintendent, superintendents, clerks, etc.	RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE: One General Superintendent, at four thousand dollars; one Assistant General Superintendent, at three thousand five hundred dollars; one chief clerk, office of General Superintendent, at two thousand dollars; one assistant chief clerk, office of General Superintendent, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; eleven division superintendents, at three thousand dollars each; eleven assistant division superintendents, at one thousand eight hundred dollars each; twenty-three assistant superintendents, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; one hundred and twenty chief clerks, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; two hundred and twenty-five clerks, class six, at not exceeding one thousand five hundred dollars each; one thousand one hundred and sixty-one clerks, class five, at not exceeding one thousand four hundred dollars each; four hundred and ninety-one clerks, class five, at not exceeding one thousand three hundred dollars each; one thousand six hundred and forty-seven clerks, class four, at not exceeding one thousand two hundred dollars each; eight hundred and thirty-three clerks, class four, at not exceeding one thousand one hundred dollars each; three thousand seven hundred clerks, class three, at not exceeding one thousand dollars each; two thousand four hundred and fifty-six clerks, class two, at not exceeding nine hundred dollars each; six hundred and eighty clerks, class one, at not exceeding eight hundred dollars each; in all, eleven million nine hundred and

thirty-four thousand three hundred and one dollars. And the appointment and assignment of clerks hereunder shall be so made during the fiscal year as not to involve a greater aggregate expenditure than this sum.

Appointments limited.

For substitutes for clerks on vacation, forty-two thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Postmaster-General may allow railway postal clerks whose duties require them to work six days or more per week, fifty-two weeks per year, an annual vacation of fifteen days with pay.

Substitute clerks.
Proviso.
Annual vacation.

For acting clerks, in place of clerks injured while on duty, and to enable the Postmaster-General to pay the sum of one thousand dollars to the legal representatives of any railway postal clerk who shall be killed while on duty or who, being injured while on duty, shall die within one year thereafter as the result of such injury, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Acting clerks.
Allowance in case of death.

For actual and necessary expenses of General Superintendent, Assistant General Superintendent, chief clerk office of General Superintendent, assistant chief clerk office of General Superintendent, division superintendents, assistant division superintendents, chief clerks, and railway postal clerks, while actually traveling on business of the Department and away from their several designated headquarters, twenty-one thousand dollars.

Traveling expenses.

For rent, light, fuel, telegraph, and miscellaneous office expenses, schedules of mail trains, telephone service, typewriting machines, and badges for railway postal clerks, fifty thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous expenses.

For per diem allowance of assistant superintendents, twenty-seven thousand dollars: *Provided*, That assistant superintendents may receive a per diem allowance in lieu of actual and necessary traveling expenses at the rate of four dollars per day while actually traveling on business of the Department and away from their several designated headquarters.

Per diem, assistant superintendents.
Proviso.
Allowance.

For inland transportation of mail by electric and cable cars, five hundred and ten thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the rate of compensation to be paid per mile shall not exceed the rate now paid to companies performing said service.

Street cars.
Proviso.
Rate per mile.

For necessary and special facilities on trunk lines from Washington to Atlanta and New Orleans, one hundred and forty-two thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents: *Provided*, That no part of the appropriation made by this paragraph shall be expended unless the Postmaster-General shall deem such expenditure necessary in order to promote the interest of the postal service.

Special facilities.
Washington to Atlanta and New Orleans.
Proviso.
Condition.

For continuing necessary and special facilities on trunk lines from Kansas City, Missouri, to Newton, Kansas, twenty-five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary: *Provided*, That no part of this appropriation shall be expended unless the Postmaster-General shall deem such expenditure necessary in order to promote the interest of the postal service.

Kansas City to Newton, Kans.

Proviso.
Condition.

For miscellaneous items, including railway guides, city directories, and other books and periodicals necessary in connection with mail transportation, one thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

For transportation of foreign mails, two million five hundred and sixty-six thousand dollars, including additional compensation to the Oceanic Steamship Company for transporting the mails by its steamer sailing from San Francisco to Tahiti; all mails made up in the United States destined for the island of Tahiti, forty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the sum paid the said Oceanic Steamship Company shall not exceed one dollar per mile, as authorized by Act of March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An Act to provide for ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports, and to promote commerce:" *And provided further*, That hereafter the Postmaster-General shall be authorized to expend such sums as may be necessary, not exceeding fifty-five thousand dollars, to cover

Foreign mails.

Mails to Tahiti.

Provisos.
Maximum.
Vol. 26, p. 832.

Clerks on steamships.

one-half of the cost of transportation, compensation, and expense of clerks to be employed in assorting and pouching mails in transit on steamships between the United States and other postal administrations in the International Postal Union, and not exceeding forty thousand dollars for transferring the foreign mail from incoming steamships in New York Bay to the several steamship and railway piers, and between the steamship piers in New York City and Jersey City and the post-office and railroad stations, and for transferring the foreign mail from incoming steamships in San Francisco Bay to the piers.

Transfers to piers, etc., New York and San Francisco bays.

Balance due foreign countries.

Delegate to Postal Congress.

For balances due foreign countries, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

For compensation and expenses of United States delegate to the Universal Postal Congress to convene at Rome, Italy, not to exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Third Assistant Postmaster-General.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Stamps.

For manufacture of adhesive postage and special-delivery stamps and books of stamps, three hundred and seventy-six thousand dollars.

Distribution.

For pay of agent and assistants to distribute stamps, and expenses of agency, twelve thousand dollars.

Stamped envelopes, etc.

For manufacture of stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, seven hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

Distribution.

For pay of agents and assistants to distribute stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, and expenses of agency, twenty thousand dollars.

Postal cards.

For manufacture of postal cards, one hundred and eighty-nine thousand dollars.

Distribution.

For pay of agents and assistants to distribute postal cards, and expenses of agency, eighteen thousand dollars.

Official envelopes.

For registered-package, tag, official, and dead-letter envelopes, one hundred and sixty-three thousand dollars.

Ship, etc., letters.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, one thousand dollars.

Indemnity for lost registered mail.

For payment of limited indemnity for the loss of pieces of first-class registered matter, twelve thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the Postmaster-General may increase the amount of indemnity provided for in Act of February twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, an Act amendatory of section thirty-nine hundred and twenty-six of the Revised Statutes, to not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Proviso.
Maximum amount.

Vol. 29, p. 599.

R. S., sec. 3926, p. 762.

Blanks, etc.

For blanks, books, and printed matter of urgent or special character, including the preparation, publication, and free distribution to the public of a pamphlet containing general postal information, and for metallic advertising signs, intaglio seals, and other miscellaneous items of immediate necessity for the registry system, twenty thousand dollars.

Special counsel, second-class mail privilege suits.

For the employment of special counsel to be appointed by the Attorney-General, when requested by the Postmaster-General, and at compensation to be fixed by the Attorney-General not exceeding this temporary appropriation, to prosecute and defend, on behalf of the Post-Office Department, all suits now pending or which may hereafter arise affecting the second-class mailing privilege, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous.

Proviso.

Traveling expenses.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars: *Provided*, That not exceeding two hundred dollars of this amount appropriated may be used for necessary traveling expenses of the Third Assistant Postmaster-General within the District of Columbia.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General.

OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Inspectors.

SALARIES OF POST-OFFICE INSPECTORS: For salaries of fifteen inspectors in charge of divisions, at two thousand five hundred dollars each;

six inspectors, at two thousand four hundred dollars each; fifteen inspectors, at two thousand two hundred and fifty dollars each; fifteen inspectors, at two thousand dollars each; seventy inspectors, at one thousand six hundred dollars each; sixty inspectors, at one thousand four hundred dollars each, and thirty inspectors, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; in all, three hundred and forty-seven thousand six hundred and fifty dollars.

For per diem allowance of inspectors in the field while actually traveling on business of the Department, one hundred and eighty-four thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Postmaster-General may, in his discretion, allow post-office inspectors per diem while temporarily located at any place on business away from home, or their designated domicile, for a period not exceeding twenty consecutive days at any one place, and may make rules and regulations governing the foregoing provisions relating to per diem: *And provided further*, That no per diem shall be paid to inspectors receiving annual salaries of two thousand dollars or more.

For salaries of clerks at division headquarters, miscellaneous expenses at division headquarters, traveling expenses of inspectors without per diem, and of inspectors in charge, expenses incurred by field inspectors not covered by per diem allowance, and traveling expenses of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General and chief post-office inspector, ninety-seven thousand three hundred and fifty dollars: *Provided*, That of the amount herein appropriated not to exceed two thousand dollars may be expended, in the discretion of the Postmaster-General, for the purpose of securing information concerning violations of the postal laws, and for services and information looking toward the apprehension of criminals.

For payment of rewards for the detection, arrest, and conviction of post-office burglars, robbers, and highway mail robbers, twenty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That ten per centum of the foregoing amounts appropriated for service in the office of the Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General may be available interchangeably for expenditure on the objects named, but no one item of appropriation shall thereby be increased more than ten per centum.

For miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. That section six of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the service of the Post-Office Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-five, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 6. That to provide for the payment of such persons as may be employed for this service, the postmaster at any office designated by section three of this Act shall keep a record of the number of letters received at such office bearing such special stamp, which number shall correspond with the number entered in the receipt books heretofore specified, and at the end of each month he may pay to such person or persons employed a sum not exceeding eighty per centum of the face value of all such stamps received and recorded during that month: *Provided*, That nothing in this Act shall interfere with the prompt delivery of letters as now provided by law or regulations of the Post-Office Department."

SEC. 3. That so much of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the service of the Post-Office Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three," approved April twenty-first, nineteen hundred and two, as relates to malicious injury or destruction of mail boxes, or the contents of such boxes, on any rural free-delivery route, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"Whoever shall willfully or maliciously injure, tear down, or destroy any letter box or other receptacle established by order of the Post-

Per diem.

Proviso.
Allowance.

Limit.

Miscellaneous.

Proviso.
Obtaining information, etc.

Rewards, etc.

Proviso.
Interchangeable expenditures.

Miscellaneous.
Special delivery.
Vol. 23, p. 388,
amended.

Payment for delivery.

Allowance increased.

Rural free-delivery boxes, etc.

Ante, p. 113, amended

Offense of injury to letter boxes extended to all mail routes.

master-General, or approved or designated by him, for the receipt or delivery of mail matter on any rural free-delivery route, star route, or other mail route, or shall break open the same, or willfully or maliciously injure, deface, or destroy any mail matter deposited therein, or shall willfully take or steal such matter from or out of such letter box or other receptacle, or shall willfully aid or assist in any of the aforementioned offenses, shall for every such offense be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than three years."

Special delivery
messengers.
Official character.

SEC. 4. That every special-delivery messenger, when actually engaged in carrying or delivering letters or other mail matter under contract, directly or indirectly, with the Post-Office Department, or employed by the Post-Office Department, shall be deemed a carrier or person intrusted with the mail and having custody thereof within the meaning of sections thirty-eight hundred and sixty-nine, thirty-nine hundred and ninety-five, fifty-four hundred and seventy-two, and fifty-four hundred and seventy-three of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

R. S., secs. 3869, 3995,
5472, 5473, pp. 755, 772,
1061.

Punishment for en-
tering mail cars, etc.

SEC. 5. Whoever by violence enters a railway post-office car or any apartment in any railway car assigned to the use of the Railway Mail Service, or who willfully or maliciously assaults a railway postal clerk in the discharge of his duties in connection with such car or apartment, and whoever willfully aids or assists therein, shall for every such offense be punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than three years.

Clerks to sign war-
rants and drafts.

SEC. 6. Hereafter the Postmaster-General may from time to time designate any officer of the Post-Office Department above the grade of fourth-class clerk to sign warrants, and "collection" and "transfer" drafts, in his stead, and such warrants and drafts when so signed shall be of the same validity as if they had been signed by the Postmaster-General.

No payments to
permanently incapaci-
tated persons.

SEC. 7. That the appropriations herein made for the officers, clerks, and persons employed in the postal service shall not be available for the compensation of any persons permanently incapacitated for performing such service. The establishment of a civil pension roll or an honorable service roll, or the exemption of any of the officers, clerks, and persons in the postal service from the existing laws respecting employment in such service, is hereby prohibited.

Prohibition of civil
pension roll, etc.

Appropriations to
meet deficiencies.

SEC. 8. That if the revenues of the Post-Office Department shall be insufficient to meet the appropriations made by this Act, a sum equal to such deficiency of the revenues of said Department is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply said deficiencies in the revenues for the Post-Office Department for the year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four.

Remailing third
and fourth class mat-
ter.

SEC. 9. That third and fourth class mail matter shall not be remailed to sender until the proper postage has been fully prepaid on the same: *Provided*, That in all cases when undelivered mail matter of the third and fourth class is of obvious value, the sender, if known, shall be given the opportunity of prepaying the return postage or accepting delivery to himself or upon his order, at the office where it is held, upon the payment of one cent postage for each card notice given him, under such regulations as the Postmaster-General may prescribe.

Proviso.
Notice to sender.

Payment.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1010.—An Act Making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 160.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the naval service of the Government for the year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, and for other purposes.

Naval service ap-
propriations.

PAY OF THE NAVY.

Pay and allowances prescribed by law of officers on sea duty; officers on shore and other duty; officers on waiting orders; officers on the retired list; clerks to commandants of yards and stations; clerks to paymasters at yards and stations; general storekeepers; receiving ships and other vessels; commutation of quarters for officers on shore not occupying public quarters, including boatswains, gunners, carpenters, sailmakers, warrant machinists, pharmacists, and mates, and also naval constructors and assistant naval constructors; pay of enlisted men on the retired list; extra pay to men reenlisting under honorable discharge; interest on deposits by men; pay of petty officers, seamen, landsmen, and apprentices, including men in the engineers' force, and men detailed for duty with Naval Militia, and for the Fish Commission, twenty-eight thousand five hundred men, the three thousand additional men herein authorized may be recruited upon the passage of this Act, and two thousand five hundred apprentices under training at training stations and on board training ships, at the pay prescribed by law, seventeen million seven hundred and six thousand and ninety-nine dollars.

Pay of the Navy.

PAY, MISCELLANEOUS.

For commissions and interest; transportation of funds; exchange; mileage to officers while traveling under orders in the United States, and for actual personal expenses of officers while traveling abroad under orders, and for traveling expenses of civilian employees, and for actual and necessary traveling expenses of midshipmen while proceeding from their homes to the Naval Academy for examination and appointment as midshipmen; for rent and furniture of buildings and offices not in navy-yards; expenses of courts-martial, prisoners and prisons, and courts of inquiry, boards of inspection, examining boards, with clerks' and witnesses' fees, and traveling expenses and costs; stationery and recording; expenses of purchasing-paymasters' offices of the various cities, including clerks, furniture, fuel, stationery, and incidental expenses; newspapers and advertising; foreign postage; telegraphing, foreign and domestic; telephones; copying; care of library, including the purchase of books, photographs, prints, manuscripts, and periodicals; ferrriage, tolls, and express fees; costs of suits; commissions, warrants, diplomas, and discharges; relief of vessels in distress; recovery of valuables from shipwrecks; quarantine expenses; reports; professional investigation; cost of special instruction, at home or abroad, in maintenance of students and attachés and information from abroad, and the collection and classification thereof, and other necessary and incidental expenses, six hundred thousand dollars.

Pay, miscellaneous.

CONTINGENT, NAVY: For all emergencies and extraordinary expenses, exclusive of personal services in the Navy Department or any of its subordinate bureaus or the offices at Washington, District of Columbia, arising at home or abroad, but impossible to be anticipated or classified, to be expended on the approval and authority of the Secretary of the Navy and for such purposes as he may deem proper, fifteen thousand dollars.

Contingent.

EMERGENCY FUND, NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Emergency fund.

To meet unforeseen contingencies for the maintenance of the Navy constantly arising, to be expended at the discretion of the President, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Bureau of Navigation.

BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Transportation, recruiting, and contingent.

TRANSPORTATION, RECRUITING, AND CONTINGENT: Transportation: For the transportation of enlisted men and apprentices at home and abroad; transportation and subsistence en route to their homes, if residents of the United States, of enlisted men and apprentices discharged on medical survey; transportation and subsistence en route to the places of enlistment, if residents of the United States, of enlisted men and apprentices discharged on account of expiration of enlistment; apprehension and delivery of deserters and stragglers, and for railway guides and other expenses incident to transportation, two hundred and twenty-one thousand four hundred and twenty-nine dollars.

Recruiting: Expenses of recruiting for the naval service; rent of rendezvous and expenses of maintaining the same; advertising for and obtaining men and apprentices, and all other expenses attending the recruiting for the naval service, eighty-eight thousand five hundred and seventy-one dollars.

Contingent: Freight, telegraphing on public business, postage on letters sent abroad, ferriage, ice, continuous-service certificates, discharges, good-conduct badges and medals for men and boys, books for training apprentices and landsmen, maintenance of gunnery and other training classes, packing boxes and materials, and other contingent expenses and emergencies arising under cognizance of the Bureau of Navigation unforeseen and impossible to classify, twenty-seven thousand six hundred and seventy-nine dollars.

Gunnery exercises.

GUNNERY EXERCISES: Prizes for excellence in gunnery exercises and target practice; diagrams and reports of target practice; for the establishment and maintenance of targets and ranges; for hiring established ranges, and for transportation to and from ranges, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

Outfits.
Apprentices.

OUTFITS ON FIRST ENLISTMENT: Outfits for all enlisted men and apprentices of the Navy on first enlistment, ten thousand men and apprentices, at forty-five dollars each, four hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Maintenance of colliers.

MAINTENANCE OF COLLIERIES: Pay, transportation, shipping, and subsistence of civilian officers and crews of naval colliers, and all expenses connected with naval colliers employed in emergencies which can not be paid from other appropriations, two hundred and twenty-nine thousand five hundred dollars.

Naval training stations.
Yerba Buena Island, Cal.

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, CALIFORNIA: Maintenance of naval apprentice training station, Yerba Buena Island, California, namely: Labor and material; buildings and wharves; general care, repairs, and improvements of grounds, buildings, and wharves; wharfage, ferriage, and street-car fare; purchase and maintenance of live stock, and attendance on same; wagons, carts, implements, and tools, and repairs to same; fire engines and extinguishers; boats and gymnastic implements; models and other articles needed in instruction of apprentices; printing outfit and materials, and maintenance of same; heating, lighting, and furniture; stationery, books, and periodicals; fresh water, ice, and washing; freight and expressage; packing boxes and materials; postage and telegraphing; telephones and all other contingent expenses, forty thousand dollars.

Coasters Harbor Island, R. I.

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, RHODE ISLAND: Maintenance of naval apprentice training station, Coasters Harbor Island, Rhode Island,

namely: Labor and material; buildings and wharves; dredging channels; extending sea wall; repairs to causeway and sea wall; general care, repairs, and improvements of grounds, buildings, and wharves; wharfage, ferrriage, and street-car fare; purchase and maintenance of live stock, and attendance on same; wagons, carts, implements, and tools, and repairs to same; fire engines and extinguishers; boats and gymnastic implements; models and other articles needed in instruction of apprentices; printing outfit and materials, and maintenance of same; heating, lighting, and furniture; books, tools, and necessary appliances for petty officers' school; stationery, books, and periodicals; fresh water, ice, and washing; freight and expressage; packing boxes and materials; postage and telegraphing; telephones, and all other contingent expenses, fifty-five thousand dollars.

NAVAL WAR COLLEGE, RHODE ISLAND: For maintenance of the Naval War College on Coasters Harbor Island, and care of grounds for same, eight thousand dollars; one draftsman, at one thousand two hundred dollars per year; services of a lecturer on international law, to be immediately available, one thousand dollars; services of civilian lecturers rendered at the War College, to be immediately available, six hundred dollars; purchase of books of reference, four hundred dollars; in all, eleven thousand two hundred dollars.

Naval War College,
R. I.

NAVAL HOME, PHILADELPHIA, PENNSYLVANIA: One superintendent of grounds, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; one steward, at four hundred and eighty dollars; one matron, at three hundred and sixty dollars; one chief cook, at three hundred and sixty dollars; one assistant cook, at two hundred and forty dollars; one assistant cook, at one hundred and eighty dollars; one chief laundress, at one hundred and ninety-two dollars; five laundresses, at one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; four scrubbers, at one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; one head waitress, at one hundred and ninety-two dollars; eight waitresses, at one hundred and sixty-eight dollars each; one kitchen servant, at two hundred dollars; eight laborers, at two hundred and forty dollars each; one stable keeper and driver, at three hundred and sixty dollars; one master at arms, at four hundred and eighty dollars; two house corporals, at three hundred dollars each; one barber, at three hundred and sixty dollars; one carpenter, at eight hundred and forty-five dollars; one painter, at eight hundred and forty-five dollars; one engineer for elevator and machinery, six hundred dollars; three laborers, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; three laborers, at three hundred dollars each; total for employees, thirteen thousand seven hundred and seventy dollars. Miscellaneous: Water rent and lighting, two thousand one hundred dollars; cemetery, including the sum of nine hundred and nineteen dollars, to put the Government plot in Mount Moriah Cemetery, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, in proper condition, and for its care during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, burial expenses, and headstones, one thousand two hundred and sixty-nine dollars; improvement of grounds, seven hundred and eighty dollars; repairs to buildings, boilers, furnaces, furniture, eight thousand dollars; music in chapel, six hundred dollars; transportation of indigent and destitute beneficiaries to the Naval Home, one hundred dollars; support of beneficiaries, fifty thousand seven hundred and twenty-five dollars; in all, for Naval Home, seventy-seven thousand three hundred and forty-four dollars; which sum shall be paid out of the income from the naval pension fund.

Naval Home, Phila-
delphia, Pa.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

Bureau of Ordnance.

ORDNANCE AND ORDNANCE STORES: For procuring, producing, preserving, and handling ordnance material; for the armament of ships; for fuel, material, and labor to be used in the general work of the

Ordnance and ord-
nance stores.

<i>Proviso.</i> Unexpended bal- ance. Vol. 31, p. 1110.	Ordnance Department; for watchmen at magazines, powder factory and powder depots; for furniture in ordnance buildings at navy-yards and stations; for maintenance of the proving ground and powder factory; and for target practice, one million five hundred thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That the unexpended balances remaining in the Treasury on June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, from the appropriations "Ordnance and ordnance stores," nineteen hundred and nineteen hundred and one, or so much thereof as may be necessary, are hereby reappropriated and made available during the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and four, for expenditure in fulfillment of contracts heretofore made and properly chargeable to said appropriations.
Reserve supply of ammunition. Converting guns.	Reserve supply of ammunition, five hundred thousand dollars. Conversion of ordinary six-inch guns to rapid fire, twenty-five thousand dollars.
Smokeless powder.	Purchase and manufacture of smokeless powder, five hundred thousand dollars.
Factory at Indian Head, Md.	To enlarge smokeless-powder factory at Indian Head, Maryland, fifty-five thousand dollars.
Improved battery for "New York."	New and improved battery for the New York, one hundred thousand dollars.
Washington, D. C., Navy-Yard. New boiler plant, etc.	Navy-yard, Washington, District of Columbia: New boiler plant, including foundations, economizers, conduits, connections, and auxiliaries for proposed power house, eighty thousand dollars.
Improved machin- ery.	New and improved machinery for existing shops, fifty thousand dollars.
Enlargement of steel- casting plant.	Extension of steel-casting plant, five thousand dollars.
Converting gun lathes from steam to electric drive.	Converting large gun lathes from steam to electric drive, twenty-five thousand dollars.
Torpedo station, Newport, R. I.	TORPEDO STATION, NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND: For labor, material, freight, and express charges; general care of and repairs to grounds, buildings, and wharves; boats, instruction, instruments, tools, furniture, experiments, and general torpedo outfits, sixty-five thousand dollars.
Arming, etc., naval militia.	ARMING AND EQUIPPING NAVAL MILITIA: For arms, accouterments, signal outfits, boats and their equipment, repairs to vessels loaned to States in accordance with law, and the printing or purchase of the necessary books of instruction for the Naval Militia of the various States, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe, sixty thousand dollars.
Repairs.	REPAIRS, BUREAU OF ORDNANCE: For necessary repairs to ordnance buildings, magazines, gun parks, boats, lighters, wharves, machinery, and other items of like character, thirty thousand dollars.
Miscellaneous.	MISCELLANEOUS, BUREAU OF ORDNANCE: For miscellaneous items, namely: Freight to foreign and home stations, advertising, cartage and express charges; expenses of light and water at magazines and stations; tolls, ferriage, foreign postage, and telegrams to and from the Bureau, technical books, and incidental expenses attending inspection of ordnance material, seventy-five thousand dollars.
Civil establishment. Portsmouth, N. H.	CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT, BUREAU OF ORDNANCE: Navy-yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: For one writer, at one thousand dollars;
Boston, Mass.	Navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts: For one writer, at one thousand dollars;
New York, N. Y.	Navy-yard, New York, New York: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars;
League Island, Pa.	Navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania: For one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars;
Washington, D. C.	Navy-yard, Washington, District of Columbia: For one chemist, at two thousand five hundred dollars; two foremen of gun factory, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; one ordnance engineer and

computing draftsman for gun factory, three thousand dollars; one chief clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand one hundred dollars; three writers, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents each; one draftsman, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; three draftsmen, at one thousand and eighty-one dollars each; one assistant draftsman, at seven hundred and seventy-two dollars; two copyists, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one telegraph operator and copyist, at one thousand dollars; in all, twenty-six thousand five hundred and six dollars and seventy-five cents;

Navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia: For one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars;

Norfolk, Va.

Navy-yard, Mare Island, California: For one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars;

Mare Island, Cal.

Naval proving ground, Indian Head, Maryland: For one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one foreman of powder factory, two thousand dollars; one chemist for powder factory, two thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant chemist for powder factory, one thousand six hundred dollars;

Indian Head proving ground, Md.

Naval torpedo station, Newport, Rhode Island: For one chemist, at two thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one draftsman, at one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, five thousand two hundred dollars;

Newport, R. I.
Torpedo station.

In all, civil establishment, Bureau of Ordnance, forty-six thousand and six dollars and seventy-five cents; and no other fund appropriated by this Act shall be used in payment for such service.

BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT.

Bureau of Equip-
ment.

EQUIPMENT OF VESSELS: For hemp, wire, iron, and other materials for the manufacture of cordage, anchors, cables, galleys, and chains; canvas for the manufacture of sails, awnings, hammocks, and other work; water for all purposes on board naval vessels, including the expenses of transportation and storage of the same; stationery for chaplains, commanding and navigating officers of ships, equipment officers on shore and afloat, and for the use of courts-martial on board ship; the removal and transportation of ashes from ships of war; interior appliances and tools for equipment buildings in navy-yards and naval stations; supplies for seamen's quarters; and for the purchase of all other articles of equipment at home and abroad, and for the payment of labor in equipping vessels and manufacture of equipment articles in the several navy-yards; all pilotage and towage of ships of war; canal tolls, wharfage, dock, and port charges, and other necessary incidental expenses of a similar nature; services and materials in repairing, correcting, adjusting, and testing compasses on shore and on board ship; nautical and astronomical instruments, and repairs to same; libraries for ships of war; professional books and papers, and drawings and engravings for signal books; naval signals and apparatus, namely, signals, lights, lanterns, rockets, and running lights; compass fittings, including binnacles, tripods, and other appendages of ships' compasses; logs and other appliances for measuring the ship's way, and leads and other appliances for sounding; lanterns and lamps, and their appendages for general use on board ship for illuminating purposes, and oil and candles used in connection therewith; bunting and other materials for making and repairing flags of all kinds; photographs, photographic instruments, and materials; musical instruments and music; installing, maintaining, and repairing interior and exterior signal communications and all electrical appliances of whatsoever nature on board naval vessels, except range

Equipment of ves-
sels.

finders, battle order and range transmitters and indicators, and motors and their controlling apparatus used to operate the machinery belonging to other bureaus, two million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Coal, etc.

COAL AND TRANSPORTATION: Purchase of coal for steamers' and ships' use and other equipment purposes, including expenses of transportation, storage, and handling the same, two million five hundred thousand dollars.

Contingent.

CONTINGENT, BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT: For freight and transportation of equipment stores, packing boxes and materials, printing, advertising, telegraphing, books, and models; stationery; furniture for equipment offices in navy-yards; postage on letters sent abroad; ferrriage, ice, and emergencies arising under cognizance of the Bureau of Equipment unforeseen and impossible to classify, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Ocean and lake surveys.

OCEAN AND LAKE SURVEYS: Hydrographic surveys, and for the purchase of nautical books, charts, and sailing directions, and freight and express charges on the same, one hundred thousand dollars.

Civil establishment, Portsmouth, N. H.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT, BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT: Navy-yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: For one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one writer, nine hundred and fifty dollars; in all, two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars;

Boston, Mass.

Navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts: For one superintendent of ropewalk, at one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars; one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand three hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; two writers, at nine hundred and fifty dollars each; in all, seven thousand six hundred and seventy-five dollars;

New York, N. Y.

Navy-yard, New York, New York: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; two writers, at nine hundred and fifty dollars each; one clerk in charge of distribution of books, at one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, five thousand seven hundred dollars;

League Island, Pa.

Navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; in all, two thousand four hundred dollars;

Norfolk, Va.

Navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia: For two clerks, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one writer, at nine hundred and fifty dollars; in all, three thousand three hundred and fifty dollars;

Mare Island, Cal.

Navy-yard, Mare Island, California: For one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; one writer, at nine hundred and fifty dollars; in all, three thousand one hundred and fifty dollars;

Washington, D. C.

Navy-yard, Washington, District of Columbia: For one clerk, who shall also perform the clerical duties for the board of labor employment at said navy-yard, one thousand six hundred dollars;

Cavite, P. I.

Cavite, Philippine Islands: For one electrician, at five dollars and four cents per diem; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; in all, two thousand five hundred and seventy-seven dollars and fifty-two cents;

Pensacola, Fla.

Navy-yard, Pensacola, Florida: One clerk, one thousand dollars;

Port Royal, S. C.

Naval station, Port Royal, South Carolina: One clerk, one thousand dollars;

Key West, Fla.

Naval station, Key West, Florida: One clerk, one thousand dollars;

Puget Sound, Wash.

Navy-yard, Puget Sound, Washington: One clerk, one thousand dollars; one clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, two thousand dollars.

In all, civil establishment, Bureau of Equipment, thirty-three thousand six hundred and two dollars and fifty-two cents.

Bureau of Yards and Docks.

BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS.

Maintenance.

MAINTENANCE OF YARDS AND DOCKS: For general maintenance of yards and docks, namely: For freight, transportation of materials and

stores; books, maps, models, and drawings; purchase and repair of fire engines; fire apparatus and plants; machinery; purchase and maintenance of oxen, horses, and driving teams; carts, timber wheels, and all vehicles for use in the navy-yards; tools and repairs of the same; postage on letters and other mailable matter on public service sent to foreign countries, and telegrams; stationery; furniture for Government houses and offices in navy-yards; coal and other fuel; candles, oil, and gas; attendance on light and power plants; cleaning and clearing up yards and care of buildings; attendance on fires, lights, fire engines, and fire apparatus and plants; incidental labor at navy-yards; water tax, tolls, and ferrage; pay of watchmen in navy-yards; awnings and packing boxes, and advertising for yards and docks and other purposes; and for rent of wharf and storehouse at Erie, Pennsylvania, for use and accommodation of United States steamer Michigan, and for pay of employees on leave, six hundred thousand dollars.

CONTINGENT, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS: For contingent expenses that may arise at navy-yards and stations, forty thousand dollars.

Contingent.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS: Navy-yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one mail messenger, at two dollars per diem, including Sundays; one messenger, at six hundred dollars; one foreman laborer and head teamster, at four dollars per diem, including Sundays; one janitor, at six hundred dollars; one pilot, at three dollars per diem, including Sundays; one draftsman, at four dollars per diem; one electrician, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, eight thousand three hundred and fifty dollars;

Civil establishment.
Portsmouth, N. H.

Navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one foreman laborer, at four dollars per diem; one messenger to commandant, at two dollars per diem; one messenger, at two dollars per diem; one mail messenger, at two dollars per diem, including Sundays; one writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; one draftsman, at five dollars per diem; one master of tugs, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one electrician, at one thousand four hundred dollars; in all, nine thousand eight hundred and thirty-one dollars and twenty-five cents;

Boston, Mass.

Navy-yard, New York, New York: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; one yard pilot, two thousand dollars; two masters of tugs, at one thousand five hundred dollars each; two writers, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; one foreman laborer, at four dollars and fifty cents per diem; one mail messenger, at two dollars per diem, including Sundays; two messengers, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per diem each; one draftsman, at five dollars per diem; one quartermen, at three dollars per diem; one superintendent of teams, or quartermen, at four dollars per diem; one messenger to commandant, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per diem, including Sundays; one messenger, yards and docks, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per diem; one stenographer and typewriter, at three dollars and twenty-six cents per diem; one electrician, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one bookkeeper, or accountant, at one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, twenty-one thousand six hundred and ninety-six dollars and eighty-nine cents;

New York, N. Y.

Naval station, Sacketts Harbor, New York: For one ship keeper, at three hundred and sixty-six dollars per annum;

Sacketts Harbor,
N. Y.

Navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one writer and telegraph operator, at one thousand dollars; one messenger, at two dollars per diem; one foreman laborer, at four dollars per diem; one master of tugs, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one draftsman, at five dollars per

League Island, Pa.

diem; one electrician, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one mail messenger, at two dollars per diem, including Sundays; one master of tugs, at one thousand dollars; in all, nine thousand nine hundred and eighty-six dollars;

Washington, D. C.

Navy-yard, Washington, District of Columbia: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one messenger, at two dollars per diem; one foreman laborer, at four dollars per diem; one electrician, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; in all, five thousand seven hundred and one dollars and twenty-five cents;

Norfolk, Va.

Navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; one writer, at one thousand dollars; one foreman laborer, at four dollars per diem; one electrician, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one mail messenger, at two dollars per diem, including Sundays; two messengers, at two dollars per diem each; one pilot, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one draftsman, one thousand five hundred dollars; one bookkeeper, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, twelve thousand four hundred and seventy dollars and eighty-nine cents;

Pensacola, Fla.

Navy-yard, Pensacola, Florida: For one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one mail messenger, at two dollars per diem, including Sundays; in all, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-two dollars;

Port Royal, S. C.

Naval station, Port Royal, South Carolina: For one clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one rodman and inspector, three dollars per diem; one messenger and janitor, one dollar and fifty cents per diem; one master of tugs, one thousand two hundred dollars; one mail messenger, including Sundays, two dollars per diem; one telegraph operator, including Sundays, two dollars per diem; one electrician, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, six thousand five hundred and fifty-five dollars;

Key West, Fla.

Naval station, Key West, Florida: For one mail messenger, at six hundred dollars;

New Orleans, La.

Navy-yard, New Orleans, Louisiana: For one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one rodman and inspector, at three dollars per diem; one messenger and janitor, at one dollar and fifty cents per diem; in all, two thousand six hundred and ninety-one dollars;

Mare Island, Cal.

Navy-yard, Mare Island, California: For one clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; one foreman mason, at six dollars per diem; one foreman laborer, at five dollars and fifty cents per diem; one pilot, at one thousand five hundred dollars per annum; one draftsman, at five dollars per diem; one mail messenger, at two dollars per diem, including Sundays; one messenger, at two dollars per diem; one electrician, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one quartermen joiner, at four dollars and fifty-six cents per diem; one telegraph operator, at three dollars and twenty-eight cents per diem; in all, fourteen thousand three hundred and twenty dollars and one cent;

Puget Sound, Wash.

Navy-yard, Puget Sound, Washington: One clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one draftsman, at five dollars per diem; one messenger and janitor, at one dollar and seventy-six cents per diem, including Sundays; one master of tugs, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one copyist, at nine hundred dollars; one electrician, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one writer and telegraph operator, nine hundred dollars; in all, seven thousand six hundred and fourteen dollars and sixteen cents;

Naval stations,
San Juan, P. R.

Naval station, San Juan, Porto Rico: One clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one writer, commandant's office, nine hundred and

sixty dollars; one mail messenger, four hundred and twenty dollars; in all, two thousand five hundred and eighty dollars;

Naval station, Hawaii: One writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents per annum; one messenger, at two dollars per diem, including Sundays; in all, one thousand seven hundred and forty-nine dollars and twenty-five cents;

Hawaii.

Naval station, Cavite, Philippine Islands: One clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; one time clerk, four hundred and eighty dollars; one writer, three hundred and sixty dollars; one messenger, two hundred and forty dollars; one messenger, one hundred and eighty dollars; in all, two thousand four hundred and sixty dollars;

Cavite, P. I.

In all, civil establishment, Bureau of Yards and Docks, one hundred and eight thousand nine hundred and three dollars and seventy cents, and no other fund appropriated by this Act shall be used in payment for such service.

PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF YARDS AND DOCKS, NAVY-YARDS AND STATIONS, NAVAL ACADEMY, AND NEW NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

Public works.
Bureau of Yards
and Docks.

NAVY-YARD, PORTSMOUTH, NEW HAMPSHIRE: Removal of Hendersons Point, to complete, five hundred and forty-nine thousand dollars; quay wall, to extend, seventy-five thousand dollars; grading, to continue, twenty-five thousand dollars; railroad and rolling stock, additions, eight thousand dollars; sewer systems, extensions, four thousand dollars; water systems, extensions, four thousand dollars; tools for yards and docks, additional, two thousand dollars; locomotive crane and track, to complete, fifty thousand dollars; electric plant, extensions, fifteen thousand dollars; central heating plant, extensions, fifteen thousand dollars; steel-plant building for construction and repair (to cost not to exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars), to continue, fifty thousand dollars; blasting in front of quay wall, twenty-five thousand dollars; naval prison, ninety-five thousand dollars (toward the construction of the naval prison herein authorized there is also hereby reappropriated and made available the unexpended balance of appropriations made by the Acts approved March third, nineteen hundred and one, and July first, nineteen hundred and two, under the general title "Public Works, Bureau of Yards and Docks," for extension of the naval prison, navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts); in all, nine hundred and seventeen thousand dollars.

Portsmouth, N. H.

Naval prison.

Reappropriation of
unexpended balance.
Vol. 31, p. 1116.

Ante, p. 672.

NAVY-YARD, BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS: Sewer system, extensions, fifteen thousand dollars; electric-light plant, extensions, fifteen thousand dollars; water-closets, additional, five thousand dollars; paving, to continue, fifty thousand dollars; drains, five thousand dollars; railroad system, extensions, twenty-four thousand dollars; pile driver, six thousand five hundred dollars; tools for yards and docks, ten thousand dollars; paint shop for construction and repair, thirty-five thousand dollars; steel shears, improvements to, fifteen thousand dollars; refitting and improving buildings forty-two and forty-three, forty thousand dollars; central heating system, extensions, twenty thousand dollars; extension of building numbered one hundred and seven, fifty thousand dollars; in all, navy-yard, Boston, two hundred and ninety thousand five hundred dollars.

Boston, Mass.

NAVAL STATION, NEW LONDON, CONNECTICUT: Railroad scales, two thousand five hundred dollars.

New London, Conn.

NAVY-YARD, NEW YORK, NEW YORK: Paving and grading, to continue, twenty thousand dollars; dredging, to continue, twenty-five thousand dollars; railroad system, extensions, fifteen thousand dollars; improvements to building numbered one hundred and twenty-six, fifteen thousand dollars; electric plant, extensions, thirty thousand

New York, N. Y.

dollars; quay wall between dry docks numbered two and three (to be immediately available), twenty-five thousand dollars; rebuilding wharves on cob dock, twenty-five thousand dollars; new roof for building numbered twenty-eight, twenty thousand dollars; piers, additional, one hundred thousand dollars; coal bins and tracks for yards and docks (to be immediately available), two thousand five hundred dollars; extension of building numbered one hundred and sixteen, four thousand five hundred dollars; repairing and rebuilding crane track around dry dock numbered one, sixteen thousand dollars; in all, navy-yard, New York, New York, two hundred and ninety-eight thousand five hundred dollars.

League Island, Pa.

NAVY-YARD, LEAGUE ISLAND, PENNSYLVANIA: To continue retaining wall about reserve basin, fifty thousand dollars; grading and paving, to continue, thirty thousand dollars; sewer system, extensions, ten thousand dollars; electric plant, extensions, seventy-five thousand dollars; railroad system, extensions, twenty thousand dollars; dredging and filling in Delaware water front, to continue, twenty-five thousand dollars; water system, extension, twelve thousand dollars; tools and appliances for yards and docks, five thousand dollars; pitch house and oakum loft for construction and repair, five thousand two hundred dollars; underground conduit system, twelve thousand dollars; fire-proof vault, building numbered one, two thousand dollars; houses over artesian well pumps, three thousand dollars; fire-protection system, extensions, thirty-five thousand dollars; machine shop for steam engineering, to complete, twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, navy-yard, League Island, three hundred and nine thousand two hundred dollars.

Washington, D. C.
Power plant extension, etc.

NAVY-YARD, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: Building for power plant, extension, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars; piled floor in storehouse for guns and mounts, twenty-seven thousand two hundred and forty dollars; raising floor of annex to building numbered forty-six, two thousand dollars; grading and paving, twenty-five thousand dollars; coal storage and handling plant for new power plant, forty-five thousand dollars; in all, navy-yard, Washington, two hundred and twenty-four thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

Additional land.

And upon the acquirement by the United States of title to all property abutting on Canal, Fifth, and N streets, and Georgia avenue, between the south building line of M street south and the Eastern Branch of the Potomac River, and between the east building line of Fourth street east and the west wall of the navy-yard in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, all portions of Canal, Fifth, and N streets, and Georgia avenue lying within such boundaries shall be abandoned and closed, and the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to take possession thereof, and said portions of said streets, together with Government reservations numbered two hundred and forty-nine and two hundred and fifty lying within the same boundaries, shall be regarded as set apart and reserved for naval purposes.

Streets to be abandoned.

Charleston, S. C.
Power house, etc.

NAVY-YARD, CHARLESTON, SOUTH CAROLINA: Power house and fuel storage for construction and repair, to complete, forty-five thousand dollars; machine shop for construction and repair, to complete, eighty thousand dollars; joiners' shop for construction and repair, to complete, ninety thousand dollars; machine shop for steam engineering, sixty thousand dollars; power house for steam engineering, twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, three hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Navy be, and hereby is, authorized to reconvey to the city of Charleston, South Carolina, a small triangular piece of land in the northern extremity of the tract recently purchased by the United States for the purposes of a navy-yard in the vicinity of Charleston, South Carolina, containing about one-thirtieth of an acre,

Provido.
Reconveyance of land to Charleston.

at the same rate per acre as that at which said lands were conveyed to the United States by the said city of Charleston.

NAVY-YARD, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA: Quay wall for fitting-out basin, seventy-five thousand dollars; railroad tracks, extensions, five thousand dollars; machinery and tools for yards and docks, additional, three thousand dollars; electric capstans for dry docks, additional, five thousand dollars; cistern, twenty thousand dollars; landing float and slip for railroad cars, forty thousand dollars; improvements to storehouse building numbered fifteen, fifteen thousand dollars; enlarging canvas shed for storage of chain, thirty thousand dollars; in all, navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia, one hundred and ninety-three thousand dollars.

Norfolk, Va.

NAVAL STATION, KEY WEST, FLORIDA: Quay wall, to continue, fifty thousand dollars; marine railway, fifteen thousand dollars; coaling plant, extensions and improvements, one hundred thousand dollars; in all, naval station, Key West, one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

Key West, Fla.

NAVY-YARD, MARE ISLAND, CALIFORNIA: Medical dispensary, to complete, two thousand dollars; repairing forty-ton crane track, sixteen thousand dollars; completing and extending timber storage, four thousand dollars; storage tank for oil, twelve thousand dollars; locomotive crane, twelve thousand dollars; remodeling chain shed, four thousand dollars; railroad system, extensions, ten thousand dollars; electric plant, extensions, fifty thousand dollars; light and power station building, forty thousand dollars; moving and improving building numbered one hundred and thirteen, twelve thousand dollars; fittings for chapel, one thousand dollars; extension to electrical workshop, twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, navy-yard, Mare Island, one hundred and eighty-eight thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the balances from any appropriations for dredging be reappropriated for "Dredging or other means of deepening the channel in Mare Island Strait."

Mare Island, Cal.

Proviso.
Unexpended balance reappropriated.
Vol. 31, p. 685.

NAVY-YARD, PUGET SOUND, WASHINGTON: Sewer system, extensions, five thousand dollars; to continue grading, thirty thousand dollars; fire-protection system, extensions, ten thousand dollars; electric-light plant, extensions, three thousand dollars; telephone system, extensions, one thousand dollars; railroad and equipment, extensions, ten thousand dollars; boat shop for construction and repair, to continue (to cost not to exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, for which contract is hereby authorized), fifty thousand dollars; water-closets, additional, two thousand five hundred dollars; water system, extensions, eight thousand dollars; foundry and coppersmith's shop, to complete, fifty thousand dollars; boiler and blacksmith shop, to complete, fifty thousand dollars; heating system, extensions, three thousand dollars; extension of dry-dock boiler plant, ten thousand dollars; extension of general office building, five thousand dollars; two officers' quarters, ten thousand dollars; sick quarters, to complete, four thousand two hundred dollars; locomotive crane and track about dry dock (to cost ninety thousand dollars), forty thousand dollars; timber floats and gangway bridges, two thousand dollars; garbage scow, one thousand five hundred dollars; in all, navy-yard, Puget Sound, Washington, two hundred and ninety-five thousand two hundred dollars.

Puget Sound, Wash.

NAVY-YARD, PENSACOLA, FLORIDA: Crib for floating dry dock, ten thousand dollars; dredging, to continue, ten thousand dollars; electric-light plant, additions, three thousand dollars; building for Bureau of Equipment, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars; in all, navy-yard, Pensacola, one hundred and forty-three thousand dollars.

Pensacola, Fla.

NAVAL STATION, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA: Latrines, one thousand eight hundred dollars; additions to floating dock, fifteen thousand dollars; shops for steam engineering, extension, fifty thousand dollars;

Naval stations.
New Orleans, La.

approach to floating dry dock, ten thousand dollars; to pay award of condemnation suit for land, thirty-five thousand dollars; in all, naval station, New Orleans, Louisiana, one hundred and eleven thousand eight hundred dollars.

Tutuila, Samoa.

NAVAL STATION, TUTUILA: Grading and filling, to continue, twenty thousand dollars; waterworks and accessories, five thousand dollars; carpenter and blacksmith shop, five thousand dollars; mooring, shoal, and channel buoys, four thousand dollars; ice-making plant, five thousand dollars; in all, naval station, Tutuila, thirty-nine thousand dollars.

Guam.

NAVAL STATION, ISLAND OF GUAM: General storehouse, ten thousand dollars.

Cavite, P. I.

NAVAL STATION, CAVITE, PHILIPPINE ISLANDS: Distilling plant, twenty thousand dollars; floating steel dry dock, to continue, three hundred thousand dollars; in all, three hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

Repairs, etc.

REPAIRS AND PRESERVATION AT NAVY-YARDS AND STATIONS: For repairs and preservation at navy-yards and stations, five hundred thousand dollars.

Plans, etc.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PUBLIC WORKS: For the preparation of plans and specifications for public works, including such expert aids, draftsmen, writers, and copyists as the Secretary of the Navy may deem necessary, thirty thousand dollars.

In all, public works, four million three hundred and thirty-six thousand nine hundred and forty dollars.

Guantanamo, Cuba.

PUBLIC WORKS, SECRETARY'S OFFICE: For necessary expenditures incident to the occupation and utilization of the naval station at Guantanamo, Cuba, to be used for such purposes as the Secretary of the Navy may direct, one hundred thousand dollars.

Public works.
Bureau of Navigation.

PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF NAVIGATION.

Naval Academy.
New buildings.
Limit of cost increased.
Vol. 31, pp. 696, 1120.
Restriction.
Plans, etc.
Ante, p. 676.

NAVAL ACADEMY: The limit of expenditure for the construction of buildings and other necessary improvements at the Academy, as set forth in the Act of June seventh, nineteen hundred, be, and the same is hereby, increased to ten million dollars, and no part of the same shall hereafter be used for the purchase of land. The Secretary of the Navy may modify or alter all plans or estimates of cost, within said limit, for all such buildings and improvements, including the hospital and dredging authorized in the Act approved July first, nineteen hundred and two, as he may see fit.

Repairs.

REPAIRS, NAVAL ACADEMY: For building and furnishing additional temporary quarters and recitation rooms and for enlarging and furnishing the mess hall, to be immediately available, sixty thousand dollars.

Memorial tablets.
Commission appointed to select sites for.

That the Secretary of the Navy, the Superintendent of the Naval Academy, and the mayor of Annapolis, Maryland, are hereby appointed a commission to ascertain the sites of, and to have erected suitable tablets upon, the historic places within the grounds of the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland, and the sum of five hundred dollars is hereby appropriated for such purpose.

Training stations.
California.

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, CALIFORNIA (BUILDINGS): Extension of new wharf, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars; in all, four thousand two hundred and fifty dollars.

Rhode Island.

NAVAL TRAINING STATION, RHODE ISLAND (BUILDINGS): Extending and completing stone quay and coaling pier at southeast end of island, ten thousand dollars; filling in two stagnant basins, one near main causeway and the other adjacent to the naval hospital, four thousand five hundred dollars; additional barracks for the accommodation of apprentices and landsmen under training, with mess hall, wash room,

and all necessary appurtenances, two hundred and seventeen thousand five hundred dollars; in all, naval training station, Rhode Island, two hundred and thirty-two thousand dollars.

In all, Public works, Bureau of Navigation, two hundred and ninety-six thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF ORDNANCE.

NEW ENGLAND NAVAL MAGAZINE: The Secretary of the Navy is hereby directed to appoint a board of naval officers, whose duty it shall be to recommend a site or sites for one naval magazine on the New England coast, north of Cape Cod, suitable for the use of the Boston and Portsmouth navy-yards; and, if upon private land, to estimate its value and ascertain as nearly as practicable the cost for which it can be purchased or acquired, and also to estimate the cost of necessary buildings, grading, and filling in, building roads and walks, improvement of water front, necessary wharves and cranes, railroad tracks and rolling stock, fire and water service, and for general equipment of said naval magazine. The board shall make a full and detailed report to the Secretary of the Navy, who shall transmit such report, with his recommendations thereon, to the next session of Congress. And to defray the expenses of said board the sum of one thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to be immediately available, is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Public works.
Bureau of Ordnance.

Boston and Portsmouth navy-yards.
Board of naval officers to select naval magazine site for.

Report.

NAVAL MAGAZINE, IONA ISLAND, NEW YORK: One new compressed-air charging station, with pipes and fittings, two thousand dollars; machine tools for machine shop, two thousand dollars; machine tools for carpenters' shop, one thousand two hundred dollars; improvements to old dock, nine thousand dollars; in all, naval magazine, Iona Island, fourteen thousand two hundred dollars.

Iona Island, N. Y.
Naval magazine.

NAVAL POWDER DEPOT, LAKE DENMARK, NEW JERSEY: Four electric elevators for two completed storehouses, ten thousand dollars; improvements to shell house numbered one; new floors, platforms, roof leaders, ventilators, and improving lightning protection, six thousand dollars; improvements to magazines numbered one and two; new roof gutters, ventilators, and improved lightning protection, three thousand six hundred dollars; in all, naval magazine, Dover, Lake Denmark, New Jersey, nineteen thousand six hundred dollars.

Lake Denmark, N. J.
Powder depot.

WATER SYSTEM, FORT NORFOLK, VIRGINIA: To connect the reservation with the city water mains, one thousand one hundred feet from main line, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Fort Norfolk, Va.
Water supply.

NAVAL TORPEDO STATION, NEWPORT, RHODE ISLAND: Additional wharves and slips for torpedo boats; for moving present boathouse to a new location; and for dredging, twenty-five thousand dollars; in all, naval torpedo station, Newport, Rhode Island, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Newport, R. I.
Torpedo station.

NAVAL PROVING GROUND, INDIAN HEAD, MARYLAND: Three new cast-steel gun platforms, four thousand five hundred dollars; lightning protection, six thousand dollars; in all, naval proving ground, Indian Head, ten thousand five hundred dollars.

Indian Head proving ground, Md.

NAVAL MAGAZINE, SAINT JULIENS CREEK, NORFOLK, VIRGINIA: One shell house, eleven thousand dollars.

Saint Juliens Creek, Va.
Naval magazine.

In all, public works, Bureau of Ordnance, eighty-two thousand eight hundred dollars.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY.

Naval Observatory.

NAVAL OBSERVATORY: For grounds and roads; continuing grading, extending roads and paths, clearing and improving grounds, five thousand dollars.

Grounds and roads.

Bureau of Medicine
and Surgery.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

Surgeons' necessa-
ries.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT: For surgeons' necessities for vessels in commission, navy-yards, naval stations, Marine Corps, and for the civil establishment at the several naval hospitals, navy-yards, naval laboratory, museum of hygiene and department of instruction, and Naval Academy, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Hospital fund.

NAVAL HOSPITAL FUND: For maintenance of the naval hospitals at the various navy-yards and stations, and for care and maintenance of patients in other hospitals at home and abroad, forty thousand dollars.

Contingent.

CONTINGENT, BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY: For freight, expressage on medical stores, tolls, ferriages, transportation of sick enlisted persons to hospital; transportation of insane patients; care, transportation, and burial of the dead; advertising, telegraphing, rent of telephones, purchase of books and stationery, binding of medical records, unbound books, and pamphlets; postage and purchase of stamps for foreign service; expenses attending the medical board of examiners; hygienic and sanitary investigation and illustration; sanitary and hygienic instruction; purchase and repairs of wagons and harness; purchase of and feed for horses and cows; trees, plants, garden tools, and seeds; furniture and incidental articles for the museum of hygiene and department of instruction, naval dispensary, Washington; naval laboratory, sick quarters at Naval Academy and marine barracks, surgeons' offices and dispensaries at navy-yards and naval stations; washing for medical department at museum of hygiene and department of instruction, naval dispensary, Washington; naval laboratory, sick quarters at Naval Academy and marine barracks, dispensaries at navy-yards and naval stations and ships and rendezvous, and for minor repairs on buildings and grounds of the United States Naval Museum of Hygiene and Department of Instruction; for the care, maintenance, and treatment of the insane of the Navy and Marine Corps on the Pacific coast, and all other necessary contingent expenses, thirty-five thousand dollars.

Repairs.

REPAIRS, BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY: For necessary repairs of naval laboratory, naval hospitals and appendages, including roads, wharves, outhouses, sidewalks, fences, gardens, farms, and cemeteries, forty thousand dollars.

Naval hospitals.
New York, N. Y.

NAVAL HOSPITAL, NEW YORK, NEW YORK: Changing officers' quarters into wards for enlisted men, and building quarters for officers outside of naval hospital, twenty thousand dollars.

Washington, D. C.

NAVAL HOSPITAL, WASHINGTON, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: The erection and completion of new buildings for the accommodation of the United States naval hospital, Washington, District of Columbia, on the grounds belonging to the United States Naval Museum of Hygiene, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

Naval laboratory,
New York, N. Y.

NAVAL LABORATORY, NEW YORK, NEW YORK: Erection and completion of a new building for the accommodation of the United States naval laboratory, New York, New York, on the grounds of the United States naval hospital, New York, New York, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Naval hospital, Yo-
kohama, Japan.

NAVAL HOSPITAL, YOKOHAMA, JAPAN: Erection of new buildings at the United States naval hospital at Yokohama, Japan, to replace buildings unfit for further use, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Bureau of Supplies
and Accounts.

SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS.

Provisions, etc.

PROVISIONS, NAVY: For provisions and commuted rations for the seamen and marines, which commuted rations may be paid to caterers of messes, in cases of death or desertion, upon orders of the commanding officers, commuted rations for officers on sea duty (other than commissioned officers of the line, Medical and Pay corps, and chief

boatswains, chief gunners, chief sailmakers, chief carpenters, and midshipmen), and commuted rations stopped on account of sick in hospital and credited to the naval-hospital fund; subsistence of officers and men unavoidably detained or absent from vessels to which attached under orders (during which subsistence rations to be stopped on board ship and no credit for commutation therefor to be given); labor in general storehouses and paymasters' offices in navy-yards, including naval stations maintained in island possessions under the control of the United States, and expenses in handling stores purchased under the naval-supply fund; one chemist, at two thousand five hundred dollars per annum, and two chemists, at two thousand dollars each per annum, four million dollars.

CONTINGENT, BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS: For freight and express charges, fuel, books and blanks, stationery, advertising, furniture for general storehouses and pay offices in navy-yards; expenses of naval clothing factory and machinery for same, postage, telegrams, telephones, tolls, ferriages, yeoman's stores, safes, newspapers, ice, transportation of stores purchased under the naval-supply fund, and other incidental expenses, two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Contingent.

CLOTHING AND SMALL-STORES FUND: For purchase of clothing and small stores for issue to the Naval service, the present fund being inadequate to meet the requirements of the service at this time; to be added to the "clothing and small-stores fund," one million dollars.

Clothing, etc.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT, BUREAU OF SUPPLIES AND ACCOUNTS: Navy-yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: In general storehouses: Two bookkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one assistant bookkeeper, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; one bill clerk, at one thousand dollars; one assistant clerk, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; one shipping and receiving clerk, at one thousand dollars; in all, five thousand eight hundred and forty dollars;

Civil establishment
Portsmouth, N. H.

Navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts: In general storehouses: One bookkeeper, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; one shipping clerk, at one thousand dollars; one receiving clerk, at one thousand dollars; one bookkeeper, at one thousand two hundred dollars. In yard pay office: One writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; in all, five thousand two hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents;

Boston, Mass.

Navy-yard, New York, New York: In office of board of inspection: One writer, nine hundred dollars. In general storehouses: Three bookkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one assistant bookkeeper, at one thousand dollars; one assistant bookkeeper, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; two receiving clerks, at four dollars each per diem; one assistant receiving clerk, at one thousand and ninety-nine dollars; three shipping clerks, at one thousand dollars each; one bill clerk, at one thousand dollars; one assistant bill clerk, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; two leading men, at two dollars and fifty cents each per diem; five pressmen, at two dollars and seventy-six cents each per diem; one box maker, at three dollars per diem; one engine tender, at three dollars and twenty-six cents per diem; one coffee roaster, at two dollars and fifty cents per diem; one fireman, at two dollars per diem; one messenger, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per diem; one writer, one thousand dollars; one storeman, nine hundred dollars; one principal clerk, provisions and clothing section, one thousand four hundred dollars; one principal clerk, supply fund section, one thousand four hundred dollars; one cloth inspector, one thousand two hundred and fifty-six dollars. In yard pay office: One writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; one messenger, at two dollars and twenty-five cents per diem; in all, thirty-two thousand two hundred and nineteen dollars and nine cents;

New York, N. Y.

- League Island, Pa. Navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania: In general storehouse: Two bookkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one assistant bookkeeper, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; one bill clerk, at one thousand dollars; one receiving clerk, at one thousand dollars; one shipping clerk, at one thousand dollars. In yard pay office: One writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; in all, seven thousand one hundred and thirty-seven dollars and twenty-five cents;
- Washington, D. C. Navy-yard, Washington, District of Columbia: In general storehouse: One bookkeeper, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one receiving clerk, at one thousand dollars; one bill clerk, at one thousand dollars; one shipping clerk, at one thousand dollars. In yard pay office: One writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; in all, six thousand four hundred and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents;
- Naval Academy. Naval Academy, Annapolis, Maryland: In general storehouse: One bookkeeper, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; one receiving and shipping clerk, at one thousand dollars; in all, two thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents;
- Newport, R. I. Naval station, Newport, Rhode Island: In general storehouse (training station): One clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars. In general storehouse (torpedo station): One clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, two thousand four hundred dollars;
- Mare Island, Cal. Navy-yard, Mare Island, California: In general storehouses: Two bookkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two assistant bookkeepers, at seven hundred and twenty dollars each; one receiving clerk, at one thousand dollars; one shipping clerk, at one thousand dollars; one bill clerk, at one thousand dollars; one clerk, at one thousand dollars; one assistant clerk, at one thousand dollars. In yard pay office: One writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; in all, nine thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven dollars and twenty-five cents;
- Norfolk, Va. Navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia: In general storehouses: Two bookkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; two assistant bookkeepers, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents each; one bill clerk, at one thousand dollars; one assistant bill clerk, at seven hundred and twenty dollars; two receiving clerks, at nine hundred and forty-two dollars each. In yard pay office: One writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; in all, nine thousand and fifty-five dollars and seventy-five cents;
- Cavite, P. I. Naval station, Cavite, Philippine Islands: In general storehouses: One clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one bookkeeper, at one thousand four hundred dollars; three assistant bookkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, three thousand six hundred dollars; one shipping and bill clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; three storekeepers, at one thousand dollars each, three thousand dollars; one receiving clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one shipping clerk, at one thousand dollars; one assistant clerk, at one thousand dollars; two storemen, at nine hundred dollars each; in all, fifteen thousand eight hundred dollars;
- Puget Sound, Wash. Navy-yard, Puget Sound, Washington: In general storehouses: One principal clerk, one thousand four hundred dollars; two bookkeepers, at one thousand two hundred dollars each, two thousand four hundred dollars; one bill clerk, one thousand dollars; one receiving clerk, one thousand dollars; one shipping clerk, one thousand dollars; in all, six thousand eight hundred dollars;
- Key West, Fla. Naval station, Key West, Florida: One clerk, one thousand two hundred dollars; in all, one thousand two hundred dollars;
- In all, civil establishment, Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, one hundred and three thousand nine hundred and seventy-eight dollars

and thirty-four cents; and no other fund appropriated by this Act shall be used in payment for such service.

BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR.

Bureau of Construction and Repair.

Preservation and repair of vessels.

CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR OF VESSELS: For preservation and completion of vessels on the stocks and in ordinary; purchase of materials and stores of all kinds; steam steerers, pneumatic steerers, steam capstans, steam windlasses, and all other auxiliaries; labor in navy-yards and on foreign stations; purchase of machinery and tools for use in shops; carrying on work of experimental model tank; designing naval vessels; construction and repair of yard craft, lighters and barges for use at home stations; wear, tear, and repair of vessels afloat; general care, increase, and protection of the Navy in the line of construction and repair; incidental expenses for vessels and navy-yards, inspectors' offices, and bureau, such as advertising, freight, foreign postage, telegrams, telephone service, photographing, books, professional magazines, plans, stationery, and instruments for drafting room, eight million dollars: *Provided*, That no part of this sum shall be applied to the repair of any wooden ship when the estimated cost of such repairs, to be appraised by a competent board of naval officers, shall exceed ten per centum of the estimated cost, appraised in like manner, of a new ship of the same size and like material.

Provido.
Wooden ships.

IMPROVEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION PLANTS: Repairs to and improvements of plant at navy-yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire, twenty thousand dollars.

Construction plants.
Portsmouth, N. H.

Construction plant, navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Repairs to and improvement of plant at navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts, fifty thousand dollars.

Boston, Mass.

Construction plant, navy-yard, New York, New York: Repairs to and improvement of plant at navy-yard, New York, New York, fifty thousand dollars.

New York, N. Y.

Construction plant, navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania: Repairs to and improvement of plant at navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania, thirty thousand dollars.

League Island, Pa.

Construction plant, navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia: Repairs to and improvement of plant at navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia, thirty thousand dollars.

Norfolk, Va.

Construction plant, navy-yard, Mare Island, California: Repairs to and improvement of plant at navy-yard, Mare Island, California, thirty thousand dollars.

Mare Island, Cal.

Construction plant, navy-yard, Puget Sound, Washington: Repairs to and improvement of plant at Puget Sound Navy-Yard, Washington, seventy-five thousand dollars.

Puget Sound, Wash.

Construction plant, naval station, New Orleans, Louisiana: Repairs to and improvement of plant at naval station, New Orleans, Louisiana, twenty-five thousand dollars.

New Orleans, La.

Steel ammunition lighter, naval station, Cavite, Philippine Islands: One steel steam ammunition lighter, with all fittings complete, for use at naval station, Cavite, Philippine Islands, thirty thousand dollars.

Cavite, P. I.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT, BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR: Navy-yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: One clerk to naval constructor, at one thousand four hundred dollars; two writers, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents each; in all, three thousand four hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents;

Civil establishment.
Portsmouth, N. H.

Navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts: One clerk to naval constructor, at one thousand four hundred dollars; two writers, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents each; in all, three thousand four hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents;

Boston, Mass.

Navy-yard, New York, New York: One clerk to naval constructor, at one thousand four hundred dollars; three writers, at one thousand

New York, N. Y.

and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents each; in all, four thousand four hundred and fifty-one dollars and seventy-five cents;

League Island, Pa. Navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania: One clerk to naval constructor, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents; in all, two thousand four hundred and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents;

Washington, D. C. Navy-yard, Washington, District of Columbia: One clerk to naval constructor, at one thousand four hundred dollars;

Norfolk, Va. Navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia: One clerk to naval constructor, at one thousand four hundred dollars; two writers, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents each; in all, three thousand four hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents;

Charleston, S. C. Navy-yard, Charleston, South Carolina: One clerk to naval constructor, one thousand four hundred dollars;

Pensacola, Fla. Navy-yard, Pensacola, Florida: One writer, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents;

Mare Island, Cal. Navy-yard, Mare Island, California: One clerk to naval constructor, at one thousand four hundred dollars; two writers, at one thousand and seventeen dollars and twenty-five cents each; in all, three thousand four hundred and thirty-four dollars and fifty cents;

Puget Sound, Wash. Puget Sound Navy-Yard, Washington: One clerk to naval constructor, one thousand four hundred dollars;

New Orleans, La. Naval station, New Orleans, Louisiana: One clerk to naval constructor, one thousand two hundred dollars;

In all, civil establishment, Bureau of Construction and Repair, twenty-seven thousand and twenty-four dollars and twenty-five cents; and no other fund appropriated by this Act shall be used in payment for such service.

Bureau of Steam Engineering.

STEAM ENGINEERING.

Steam machinery.

STEAM MACHINERY: For completion, repairing, and preservation of machinery and boilers of naval vessels, including cost of new boilers; distilling, refrigerating, and auxiliary machinery; preservation of and small repairs to machinery and boilers in vessels in ordinary, receiving and training vessels, repair and care of machinery of yard tugs and launches, two million one hundred and ninety thousand dollars;

Materials, etc.

For purchase, handling, and preservation of all material and stores; purchase, fitting, repair, and preservation of machinery and tools in navy-yards and stations, and running yard engines, one million two hundred thousand dollars;

Incidentals.

For incidental expenses for navy vessels, yards, and the bureau, such as foreign postage, telegrams, advertising, freight, photographing, books, stationery, office furnishings, and instruments, fifteen thousand dollars;

In all, steam machinery, three million four hundred and five thousand dollars.

Machinery plants.
Boston, Mass.

Machinery plant, navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts: Electric cranes for foundry, boiler shop, and smithery, and for some large and powerful machine tools to complete equipment of shops, sixty thousand dollars.

Norfolk, Va.

Machinery plant, navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia: Cranes and heavy tools to equip the shops as altered, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Annapolis, Md.
New building for experiment station, etc.

BUILDING ON LAND OWNED BY THE GOVERNMENT, ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND: Bureau of Steam Engineering: For a building to be used as an experiment station and testing laboratory in the department of marine engineering and naval construction (to cost not to exceed two hundred and fifty thousand dollars), two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. For the complete equipment of this building with all the necessary appliances and apparatus as an experiment station and testing laboratory, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Equipment.

CIVIL ESTABLISHMENT, BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING: Navy-yard, Portsmouth, New Hampshire: One clerk to department, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one messenger, at six hundred dollars; in all, one thousand eight hundred dollars;	Civil establishment, Portsmouth, N. H.
Navy-yard, Boston, Massachusetts: One clerk to department, one thousand four hundred dollars; in all, one thousand four hundred dollars;	Boston, Mass.
Navy-yard, New York, New York: One clerk to department, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one writer, at one thousand dollars; one messenger, at six hundred dollars; in all, three thousand dollars;	New York, N. Y.
Navy-yard, League Island, Pennsylvania: One clerk to department, at one thousand two hundred dollars;	League Island, Pa.
Navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia: One clerk to department, at one thousand three hundred dollars; one messenger, at six hundred dollars; in all, one thousand nine hundred dollars;	Norfolk, Va.
Navy-yard, Pensacola, Florida: One writer, one thousand dollars;	Pensacola, Fla.
Navy-yard, Mare Island, California: One clerk to department, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one writer, at one thousand dollars; one messenger, at six hundred dollars; in all, three thousand dollars;	Mare Island, Cal.
Naval station, Port Royal, South Carolina: One clerk to department, one thousand two hundred dollars;	Port Royal, S. C.
Navy-yard, Puget Sound, Washington: One clerk to department, one thousand two hundred dollars; one writer, one thousand dollars; in all, two thousand two hundred dollars;	Puget Sound, Wash.
Navy-yard, Washington, District of Columbia: One clerk to department, one thousand two hundred dollars;	Washington, D. C.
In all, civil establishment, Bureau of Steam Engineering, seventeen thousand nine hundred dollars; and no other fund appropriated by this Act shall be used in payment for such service.	

NAVAL ACADEMY.

Naval Academy.

PAY OF PROFESSORS AND OTHERS, NAVAL ACADEMY: One professor as head of department of physics, three thousand dollars.	Pay of professors, etc.
One professor as head of department of modern languages, three thousand dollars.	
One professor of mathematics, one of chemistry, and one of English, at two thousand five hundred dollars each; four professors, namely, one of English, one of French and Spanish, one of French, and one of drawing, at two thousand two hundred dollars each; one assistant professor of Spanish, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; ten instructors, at one thousand five hundred dollars each.	
One sword master, at one thousand five hundred dollars; one assistant, at one thousand two hundred dollars, and two assistants, at one thousand dollars each; one instructor in gymnastics, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one assistant librarian, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; one assistant librarian, at one thousand dollars; one secretary to the Naval Academy, at one thousand eight hundred dollars; two clerks to the Superintendent, at one thousand two hundred dollars each; one clerk to the commandant of midshipmen, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one clerk to the paymaster, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one dentist, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one baker, at six hundred dollars; one mechanic in department of physics, at seven hundred and thirty dollars; one mechanic in the department of ordnance, nine hundred and fifty-one dollars and fifty-two cents; one cook, at three hundred and twenty-five dollars and fifty cents; one messenger to the Superintendent, at six hundred dollars; one armorer, at six hundred and forty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one chief gunner's mate, at five hundred and twenty-	

nine dollars and fifty cents; one quarter gunner, at four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one coxswain, at four hundred and sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents; one seaman in the department of seamanship, at three hundred and ninety-seven dollars and fifty cents; one attendant in the department of navigation and one in the department of physics, at three hundred dollars each; eight attendants at recitation rooms, library, store, chapel, armory, and offices, at three hundred dollars each; one bandmaster, at one thousand and eighty dollars; twenty-one first-class musicians, at four hundred and twenty dollars each; seven second-class musicians, at three hundred and sixty dollars each; services of organist at chapel, three hundred dollars; in all, seventy-seven thousand four hundred and forty-two dollars and fifty-two cents.

Watchmen, mechanics, etc.

PAY OF WATCHMEN, MECHANICS, AND OTHERS, NAVAL ACADEMY: Captain of the watch and weigher, at two dollars and fifty cents per diem; seven watchmen, at two dollars each per diem; foreman of steam heating works of the Academy, at five dollars per diem; labor at power house, for masons, carpenters, and other mechanics and laborers, and for care of buildings, and grounds, wharves, and boats, forty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars and fifty cents; in all, fifty thousand dollars.

Employees, steam engineering.

PAY OF STEAM EMPLOYEES, NAVAL ACADEMY: Pay of mechanics and others in department of steam engineering, eleven thousand one hundred and fifty-four dollars and eighty-two cents.

Additional training.
Vol. 22, p. 285.

Special course of study and training of midshipmen, as authorized by Act of Congress approved August fifth, eighteen hundred and eighty-two, three thousand dollars.

Repairs, etc.

REPAIRS, NAVAL ACADEMY: Necessary repairs of public buildings, wharves, and walls inclosing the grounds of the Naval Academy, improvements, repairs, furniture, and fixtures, thirty-one thousand dollars.

Heating, etc.

HEATING AND LIGHTING, NAVAL ACADEMY: Fuel, oil, waste, and other materials for the operation, repair, and maintenance of the plant; heating and lighting apparatus and tools; for heating and lighting the Academy and bandsmen's quarters, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Contingent.

CONTINGENT, NAVAL ACADEMY: Purchase of books for the library (to be purchased in open market on the written order of the Superintendent), two thousand dollars; stationery, blank books, models, maps, and text-books, for use of instructors, two thousand dollars; expenses of the Board of Visitors of the Naval Academy, being mileage and five dollars per diem for each member for expenses during actual attendance at the Academy and for supplying necessary outfit for the board house, and for clerk hire, carriages, and other incidental and necessary expenses of the board, three thousand dollars; purchase of chemicals, apparatus, and instruments in the department of physics, and for repairs of the same, two thousand dollars; purchase of gas and steam machinery, steam pipes and fittings, rent of buildings for the use of the Academy, freight, cartage, water, music, musical and astronomical instruments, uniforms for the bandsmen, telegraphing, feed and maintenance of teams, current expenses, and repairs of all kinds, and for incidental labor and expenses not applicable to any other appropriation, fifty thousand dollars; materials for repairs in steam machinery, one thousand dollars; for contingencies for the Superintendent of the Academy, to be expended in his discretion, one thousand dollars; apparatus for the instruction of midshipmen in the department of marine engineering and naval construction, ten thousand dollars.

Repairs to sextants.

Repairs of sextants in the department of navigation, one thousand dollars.

In all, Naval Academy, two hundred and seventy thousand three hundred and ninety-seven dollars and thirty-four cents.

The grades of the active list of the Navy hereinafter designated shall be so increased that there shall be thirty additional lieutenant-commanders, in all two hundred; fifty additional lieutenants, in all three hundred and fifty; such total numbers of lieutenants (junior grade) and ensigns as may qualify for said grades under existing law and the provisions of this Act; thirty additional surgeons with the rank of lieutenant-commander, in all eighty-five; one hundred and twenty additional passed assistant and assistant surgeons, with the rank, respectively, of lieutenant and lieutenant (junior grade), in all two hundred and thirty; two additional pay inspectors, in all fifteen; thirty-six additional paymasters, in all seventy-six; twenty-six additional passed assistant and assistant paymasters, in all ninety-six; twenty-nine additional naval constructors and assistant naval constructors, in all seventy-five; one additional civil engineer, in all twenty-eight; and twelve assistant civil engineers, of whom six shall have the rank of lieutenant (junior grade) and six the rank of ensign: *Provided*, That assistant civil engineers, during the first five years after date of appointment, shall receive, per annum, when on duty, one thousand five hundred dollars, when on leave or waiting orders, one thousand dollars; during the second five years after such date, when on duty, one thousand eight hundred dollars, when on leave or waiting orders, one thousand two hundred dollars; and after ten years from such date, when on duty, two thousand one hundred dollars, and when on leave or waiting orders, one thousand four hundred dollars: *And provided further*, That promotions in the corps of civil engineers shall be after such examination as the Secretary of the Navy may prescribe.

The increase in the grades of lieutenant-commander and lieutenant provided for in this Act shall be filled by promotion each year of not exceeding twenty-five per centum of the total number of the increase in each of said grades; and not more than twenty-five assistant surgeons, not more than twenty assistant paymasters, nor more than five assistant naval constructors, nor more than three assistant civil engineers, in addition to those necessary to fill vacancies in said grades, shall be appointed in any one calendar year.

Hereafter in each calendar year there may, under the restrictions imposed by existing law, be appointed from the boatswains, gunners, and warrant machinists of the Navy twelve ensigns.

There shall be allowed at the Naval Academy two midshipmen for each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress, two for the District of Columbia, and five each year at large: *Provided*, That the additional Congressional appointments authorized by this Act shall be made at such times as may be determined by the Secretary of the Navy, who shall equitably distribute the increase among the several States, Districts, and Territories, so that ultimately, if practicable, each Senator, Representative, and Delegate may recommend for appointment during each Congress one midshipman. *Provided further*, That members of the Fifty-seventh Congress who will not be members of the Fifty-eighth Congress, and in whose Districts or States appointments have not been made or vacancies filled in the Fifty-seventh Congress, may immediately upon the passage of this Act make the additional appointments herein provided for.

The Secretary of the Navy shall as soon as practicable after the fifth day of March in each year notify in writing each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress of any vacancy which may be regarded as existing in the State, District, or Territory which he represents, and the nomination of a candidate to fill such vacancy shall be made upon the recommendation of the Senator, Representative, or Delegate. Such recommendation shall be made by the first day of June of that year, and if not so made the Secretary of the Navy shall fill the vacancy by the appointment of an actual resident of the State, District,

Active list of the Navy.
Increase in certain grades of.
Vol. 30, p. 1005.

Ante, p. 683.

Ante, p. 671.

Provisos.
Pay of assistant civil engineers.

Examinations for promotion.

Limit of yearly increase.

Appointment of ensigns from warrant officers.

Midshipmen.
Increase of appointments of.
R. S., sec. 1513, p. 260, amended.
Provisos.
Equitable distribution of increase.

Present vacancies.

Notice of vacancy to be annually given.

Nominations

or Territory in which the vacancy exists, who shall have been for at least two years immediately preceding his appointment an actual bona fide resident of the State, District, or Territory in which the vacancy exists and shall have the qualifications otherwise prescribed by law: *And provided further*, That the Superintendent of the Naval Academy shall make such rules, to be approved by the Secretary of the Navy, as will effectually prevent the practice of hazing; and any cadet found guilty of participating in or encouraging or countenancing such practice shall be summarily expelled from the Academy, and shall not thereafter be reappointed to the Corps of Cadets or be eligible for appointment as a commissioned officer in the Army or Navy or Marine Corps until two years after the graduation of the class of which he was a member.

Proviso.
Punishment for hazing.

Increase in force until June 30, 1913.

That the provisions of this Act for the increase of appointments of midshipmen to the Naval Academy shall continue in force until the thirtieth day of June, nineteen hundred and thirteen; and thereafter one midshipman, as now provided by law, shall be appointed for each Senator, Representative, and Delegate in Congress.

Porto Rico.
Appointment from.

That hereafter there shall be at the Naval Academy one midshipman from Porto Rico, who shall be a native of said island, and whose appointment shall be made by the President on the recommendation of the governor of Porto Rico.

Ages of candidates after January 1, 1904.
R. S., sec. 1517, p. 261, amended.

That after January first, nineteen hundred and four, all candidates for admission to the Naval Academy at the time of their examination must be between the ages of sixteen and twenty years.

Officers advanced in rank, etc., not affected.

Nothing contained in this Act shall affect the officers of the Navy who may have been or may hereafter be advanced in rank under existing provisions of law by which they become extra numbers in their respective grades, or operate to vacate the commission of any officer now in the service.

Marine Corps.
Increase of.
R. S., sec. 1596, p. 272, amended.

That from and after the passage of this Act, and in order to further increase the efficiency of the Marine Corps, the following additional officers, noncommissioned officers, drummers, trumpeters, and privates to those now provided by law for said corps, are hereby authorized and directed, namely: One colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, five majors, twelve captains, twenty-five first lieutenants, twelve second lieutenants, one assistant adjutant and inspector with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, two assistant adjutants and inspectors with the rank of major, one assistant quartermaster with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, five assistant quartermasters with the rank of captain, one assistant paymaster with the rank of lieutenant-colonel, one assistant paymaster with the rank of captain, one sergeant-major, forty quartermaster-sergeants, twelve first sergeants, sixty-five sergeants, fifty-five corporals, ten drummers, ten trumpeters, and five hundred and twenty-seven privates: *Provided*, That the vacancies now existing in the line and the staff departments of the Marine Corps and those created by this Act below the grade of brigadier-general shall be filled, respectively, first by promotion by seniority and then by selection and appointment as now provided by law, excepting that vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant shall be filled first, as far as practicable, from graduates of the Naval Academy each year on completing the prescribed course at the Naval Academy, exclusive of the probationary tour of sea service before final graduation, then from meritorious noncommissioned officers and from civil life between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-seven years: *Provided*, That the commissions of officers now in the Marine Corps shall not be vacated by this Act: *And provided further*, That officers selected for appointment to fill vacancies in the grade of field officers in any of the staff departments shall be taken from officers on the active list not below the grade of captain and who have seen not less than seven years' service as commissioned officers in the Marine

Proviso.
Present vacancies

Present commissions not to be vacated.
Filling of vacancies in grade of field officers, staff departments.
Restriction.

Restriction.

Restriction.

Corps. And that appointments to the grade of captain in any of the staff departments shall be made from officers on the active list of the Marine Corps not below the grade of first lieutenant.

MARINE CORPS.

Marine Corps.

PAY, MARINE CORPS: For pay and allowances prescribed by law of officers on the active list, five hundred and forty-seven thousand nine hundred dollars;

Pay.

Pay of officers on the retired list: For three colonels, three lieutenant-colonels, one adjutant and inspector, one quartermaster, one assistant quartermaster, two majors, nine captains, three first lieutenants, and three second lieutenants, fifty-five thousand one hundred and forty dollars;

Retired list.

Pay of noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates, as prescribed by law, and the number of enlisted men shall be exclusive of those undergoing imprisonment with sentence of dishonorable discharge from the service at expiration of such confinement, and for the expenses of clerks of the United States Marine Corps traveling under orders, one million three hundred and sixty-five thousand six hundred and twenty-eight dollars;

Enlisted men.

Pay and allowance of retired enlisted men: For one sergeant-major, one drum-major, four gunnery-sergeants, eight first-class musicians, twelve first sergeants, thirty-one sergeants, five corporals, one drummer, one fifer, and forty-three privates, and for those who may be retired during the year, thirty-eight thousand dollars;

Retired enlisted men.

Undrawn clothing: For payment to discharged soldiers for clothing undrawn, thirty-six thousand dollars;

Undrawn clothing.

Mileage: For mileage of officers traveling under orders without troops, twenty thousand dollars;

Mileage.

For commutation of quarters to officers on duty without troops where there are no public quarters, eight thousand dollars;

Commutation of quarters.

PAY OF CIVIL FORCE: In the office of the major-general commandant: One chief clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one messenger, at nine hundred and seventy-one dollars and twenty-eight cents;

Civil force. Office of commandant.

In the office of the paymaster: One chief clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars;

Paymaster's office.

In the office of the assistant paymaster: One clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars;

Assistant paymaster's office.

In the office of the adjutant and inspector: One chief clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand five hundred dollars;

Adjutant and inspector's office.

In the office of the assistant adjutant and inspector: One clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars;

Assistant adjutant and inspector's office.

In the office of the quartermaster: One chief clerk, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand five hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars; one draftsman, at one thousand six hundred dollars; one clerk, at one thousand two hundred dollars;

Quartermaster's office.

In the office of the assistant quartermaster, Washington, District of Columbia, or San Francisco, California: One clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; two clerks, additional, for duty in the Philippines—one in Pay and one in Quartermaster's Department—at one thousand four hundred dollars each;

Assistant quartermaster's office.

In the office of the assistant quartermaster, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania: One clerk, at one thousand four hundred dollars; one messenger, at one dollar and seventy-five cents per diem;

In all, for pay of civil force, twenty-seven thousand one hundred and ten dollars and three cents, and the money herein specifically appro-

Disbursements.

priated for pay of the Marine Corps shall be disbursed and accounted for in accordance with existing law as pay of the Marine Corps, and for that purpose shall constitute one fund;

In all, pay Marine Corps, two million and ninety-seven thousand seven hundred and seventy-eight dollars and three cents.

Provisions, etc.

PROVISIONS, MARINE CORPS: For noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates serving ashore, for commutation of rations to enlisted men regularly detailed as clerks and messengers, for payment of board and lodging of recruiting parties, transportation of provisions and the employment of necessary labor connected therewith, and for ice for preservation of rations, four hundred and ninety-two thousand and eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents; and no law shall be construed to entitle marines on shore duty to any rations, or commutation thereof, other than such as now are or may hereafter be allowed to enlisted men in the Army: *Provided, however,* That when it is impracticable or the expense is found greater to supply marines serving on shore duty in the island possessions and on foreign stations with the army ration, such marines may be allowed the navy ration or commutation therefor.

Proviso.
Navy rations or
commutation.

Clothing.

CLOTHING, MARINE CORPS: For noncommissioned officers, musicians, and privates authorized by law, four hundred and twenty-two thousand three hundred and seventy dollars.

Fuel.

FUEL, MARINE CORPS: For heating barracks and quarters, for ranges and stoves for cooking, fuel for enlisted men, for sales to officers, maintaining electric lights, and for hot-air closets, fifty thousand dollars.

Military stores.

MILITARY STORES, MARINE CORPS: For pay of chief armorer, at three dollars per day; three mechanics, at two dollars and fifty cents each per day; for purchase of military equipments, such as rifles, revolvers, cartridge boxes, bayonet scabbards, haversacks, blanket bags, knapsacks, canteens, musket slings, swords, drums, trumpets, flags, waist belts, waist plates, cartridge belts, sashes for officer of the day, spare parts for repairing muskets, purchase and repair of tents and field ovens, purchase and repair of instruments for band, purchase of music and musical accessories, purchase and marking of medals for excellence in gunnery and rifle practice, good-conduct badges; for incidental expenses of the school of application; for the construction, equipment, and maintenance of school, library, and amusement rooms and gymnasiums for enlisted men; purchase and repair of signal equipment and stores, for the establishment and maintenance of targets and ranges, and renting ranges, and for procuring, preserving, and handling ammunition and other necessary military supplies, one hundred and ten thousand eight hundred and ninety-five dollars.

Transportation.

TRANSPORTATION AND RECRUITING, MARINE CORPS: For transportation of troops, including ferrriage, and the expense of the recruiting service, one hundred and twenty-one thousand six hundred and twenty dollars.

Repairs of barracks.

FOR REPAIRS OF BARRACKS, MARINE CORPS: Repairs and improvements to barracks and quarters at Portsmouth, New Hampshire; Boston, Massachusetts; Newport, Rhode Island; New York, New York; League Island, Pennsylvania; Annapolis, Maryland; headquarters and navy-yard, District of Columbia; Norfolk, Virginia; Port Royal, South Carolina; Pensacola, Florida; Dry Tortugas, Florida; New Orleans, Louisiana; Mare Island and San Francisco, California; Bremerton, Washington; and Sitka, Alaska: for the renting, leasing, improvement, and erection of buildings in Porto Rico, the Philippine Islands, at Guam, and at such other places as the public exigencies require; and for per diem to enlisted men employed under the direction of the Quartermaster's Department on the repair of barracks, quarters, and the other public buildings, sixty-six thousand three hundred and thirty-six dollars.

For rent of building used for manufacture of clothing, storing of supplies, and office of assistant quartermaster, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, six thousand dollars.

Philadelphia, Pa.
Rent.

FORAGE, MARINE CORPS: For forage in kind for horses of the quartermaster's department, and the authorized number of officers' horses, seventeen thousand seven hundred dollars.

Forage.

HIRE OF QUARTERS, MARINE CORPS: For hire of quarters for officers serving with troops where there are no public quarters belonging to the Government, and where there are not sufficient quarters possessed by the United States to accommodate them; for hire of quarters for enlisted men employed as clerks and messengers in the offices of the commandant, adjutant and inspector, paymaster, and quartermaster, and the offices of the assistant adjutant and inspector, the assistant paymaster, and the assistant quartermasters, at twenty-one dollars each per month, and for enlisted men employed as messengers in said offices, at ten dollars each per month, thirty thousand seven hundred and forty-eight dollars.

Hire of quarters.

CONTINGENT, MARINE CORPS: For freight, tolls, cartage, advertising, washing of bed sacks, mattress covers, pillow-cases, towels, and sheets, funeral expenses of marines, including the transportation of bodies from the place of demise to the homes of the deceased in the United States, stationery and other paper, telegraphing, rent of telephones, purchase and repair of typewriters, apprehension of stragglers and deserters, per diem of enlisted men employed on constant labor for a period of not less than ten days, employment of civilian labor, repair of gas and water fixtures, office and barracks furniture, camp and garrison equipage and implements, mess utensils for enlisted men, such as bowls, plates, spoons, knives and forks, tin cups, pans, pots, and so forth; packing boxes, wrapping paper, oilcloth, crash, rope, twine, quarantine fees, camphor and carbolized paper, carpenters' tools, tools for police purposes, iron safes, purchase and repair of public wagons, purchase and repair of public harness, purchase of public horses, services of veterinary surgeons and medicines for public horses, purchase and repair of hose, purchase and repair of fire extinguishers, purchase of fire hand grenades, purchase and repair of carts, wheelbarrows, and lawn mowers; purchase and repair of cooking stoves, ranges, stoves, and furnaces where there are no grates; purchase of ice, towels, soap, combs, and brushes for offices; postage stamps for foreign postage; purchase of books, newspapers, and periodicals; improving parade grounds, repair of pumps and wharves, laying drain, water, and gas pipes, water, introducing gas, and for gas, gas oil, and introduction and maintenance of electric lights; straw for bedding, mattresses, mattress covers, pillows, sheets; wire bunk bottoms for enlisted men at various posts; furniture for Government quarters and repair of same, and for all emergencies and extraordinary expenses arising at home and abroad, but impossible to anticipate or classify, one hundred and thirty-six thousand dollars.

Contingent.

PUBLIC WORKS, MARINE CORPS.

Public works.

Barracks and Quarters, Marine Corps: Purchase of ground and erection of building at Philadelphia, to be used for manufacture of clothing and storing of supplies and office of assistant quartermaster (to cost not to exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars), one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; construction and completion of commanding officers' and junior officers' quarters, navy-yard, Norfolk, Virginia, forty-two thousand dollars; construction and completion of commanding officers' and junior officers' quarters, naval training station, San Francisco, California, sixteen thousand dollars; construction and completion of one power house and the installation of steam heat, marine barracks and officers' quarters, navy-yard, Mare Island, Cali-

Barracks and quarters.

fornia, eleven thousand dollars; in all, public works under Marine Corps, two hundred and nineteen thousand dollars.

Increase of the Navy.

INCREASE OF THE NAVY.

Three first-class battle ships, 16,000 tons.

Two first-class battle ships, 13,000 tons.

Two steel training ships.

One brig.

Contracts.

Construction.

Vol. 24, p. 215.

Limit for one builder.

Proviso. Construction in navy-yards in case of combination, etc., of builders.

Submarine torpedo boats.

Purchase of, authorized.

Amount limited. Proviso.

Competition open to American inventors, etc.

Report, etc.

That for the purpose of further increasing the naval establishment of the United States the President is hereby authorized to have constructed by contract or in navy-yards as hereinafter provided three first-class battle ships carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance for vessels of their class upon a trial displacement of not more than sixteen thousand tons, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action, and to cost, exclusive of armor and armament, not exceeding four million two hundred and twelve thousand dollars each; two first-class battle ships, carrying the heaviest armor and most powerful ordnance for vessels of their class, upon a trial displacement of not more than thirteen thousand tons, and to have the highest practicable speed and great radius of action, and to cost, exclusive of armor and armament, not exceeding three million five hundred thousand dollars each; two steel ships, to be used in training landsmen and apprentices, to be propelled by sail, and to cost, exclusive of armament, not exceeding three hundred and seventy thousand dollars each; one wooden brig, to be used for training landsmen and apprentices at stations, to be propelled by sail, and to cost, exclusive of armament, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars; and the contract for the construction of each of said vessels shall be awarded, by the Secretary of the Navy, to the lowest best responsible bidder, having in view the best results and most expeditious delivery; and in the construction of all of said vessels the provisions of the Act of August third, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, entitled "An Act to increase the naval establishment," as to materials for said vessels, their engines, boilers, and machinery, the contracts under which they are built, the notice of any proposals for the same, the plans, drawings, specifications therefor, and the method of executing said contracts shall be observed and followed, and, subject to the provisions of this Act, all said vessels shall be built in compliance with the terms of said Act, and in all their parts shall be of domestic machinery; and the steel material shall be of domestic manufacture, and of the quality and characteristics best adapted to the various purposes for which it may be used, in accordance with specifications approved by the Secretary of the Navy; and not more than two of the five battle ships provided for in this Act shall be built by one contracting party: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of the Navy may build any or all of the vessels herein authorized in such navy-yards as he may designate, and shall build any of the vessels herein authorized in such navy-yards as he may designate, should it reasonably appear that the persons, firms, or corporations, or the agents thereof, bidding for the construction of any of said vessels, have entered into any combination, agreement, or understanding, the effect, object, or purpose of which is to deprive the Government of fair, open, and unrestricted competition in letting contracts for the construction of any of said vessels.

The Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to contract for or purchase subsurface or submarine torpedo boats in the aggregate of, but not exceeding, five hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That prior to said purchase or contract for said boats any American inventor or owner of a subsurface or submarine torpedo boat may give reasonable notice and have his, her, or its subsurface or submarine torpedo boat tested by comparison or competition, or both, with a Government subsurface or submarine torpedo boat or any private competitor, provided there be any such, and thereupon the

board appointed for conducting such tests shall report the result of said competition or comparison, together with its recommendations, to the Secretary of the Navy, who may purchase or contract for subsurface or submarine torpedo boats in a manner that will best advance the interests of the United States in submarine warfare: *And provided further*, That before any subsurface or submarine torpedo boat is purchased or contracted for it shall be accepted by the Navy Department as fulfilling all reasonable requirements for submarine warfare and shall have been fully tested to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Navy. To carry out the purpose aforesaid the sum of five hundred thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Satisfactory tests before purchase.

CONSTRUCTION AND MACHINERY: On account of the hulls and outfits of vessels and steam machinery of vessels heretofore authorized, fifteen million twenty-five thousand six hundred and thirty-two dollars.

Construction and machinery.

ARMOR AND ARMAMENT: Toward the armament and armor of domestic manufacture for the vessels authorized, ten million dollars.

Armor and armament.

EQUIPMENT: Toward the completion of the equipment of the new vessels authorized, four hundred thousand dollars.

Equipment.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1011.—An Act To increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 161.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That to enable the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to give effect to and execute the provisions of existing legislation authorizing the purchase of sites and the erection thereon of public buildings in the several cities hereinafter enumerated, the limit of cost heretofore fixed by Congress therefor be, and the same is hereby, increased, respectively, as follows, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to enter into contracts for the completion of each of said buildings within its respective limit of cost, including site, hereby fixed:

Omnibus public buildings act. Cost limit increased.

United States post-office and court-house at Harrison, Arkansas, from seventy thousand dollars to one hundred thousand dollars.

Harrison, Ark.

United States post-office and court-house at Fresno, California, from one hundred thousand dollars to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Fresno, Cal.

United States post-office at Chillicothe, Ohio, from seventy thousand dollars to eighty thousand dollars.

Chillicothe, Ohio.

United States post-office and custom-house at Perth Amboy, New Jersey, from fifty thousand dollars to sixty thousand dollars.

Perth Amboy, N. J.

United States custom-house at San Francisco, California, from one million dollars to one million five hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, provide space in said custom-house for the subtreasury.

San Francisco, Cal. Custom-house. *Proviso*. Subtreasury space.

United States post-office at Colorado Springs, Colorado, from one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars to one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Colorado Springs, Colo.

United States post-office and court-house at Rome, Georgia, from fifty-nine thousand one hundred and four dollars and forty-eight cents to one hundred and thirty-four thousand one hundred and four dollars and forty-eight cents.

Rome, Ga.

United States post-office at Dekalb, Illinois, from sixty-five thousand dollars to one hundred thousand dollars.

Dekalb, Ill.

United States post-office, custom-house, and court-house at Jacksonville, Florida, from three hundred and twenty-eight thousand eight

Jacksonville, Fla. Post, p. 1231.

hundred and eighty-one dollars and thirty-eight cents to five hundred and twenty-eight thousand eight hundred and eighty-one dollars and thirty-eight cents.

- Hutchinson, Kans. United States post-office at Hutchinson, Kansas, from fifty thousand dollars to sixty thousand dollars.
- Georgetown, S. C. United States post-office and custom-house at Georgetown, South Carolina, from fifty thousand dollars to sixty-five thousand dollars.
- Anniston, Ala. United States post-office and court-house at Anniston, Alabama, from seventy-five thousand dollars to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and authority is hereby given to the Secretary of the Treasury to settle and adjust any claims for damages due to the abrogation of certain contracts under a former appropriation for a public building at Anniston, Alabama, provided the amounts thereof can be liquidated for such sums as in his opinion are just and reasonable, and a sum of money sufficient to cover such adjustments and settlements shall be paid from the amount herein authorized.
- Adjustment of damages.
- Kankakee, Ill. United States post-office at Kankakee, Illinois, from seventy thousand dollars to eighty thousand dollars.
- Chicago, Ill. United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Chicago, Illinois, from four million dollars to four million seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars.
- Pekin, Ill. United States post-office and revenue office at Pekin, Illinois, from seventy thousand dollars to eighty thousand dollars.
- Lawrence, Kans. United States post-office at Lawrence, Kansas, from fifty thousand dollars to sixty thousand dollars.
- Emporia, Kans. United States post-office at Emporia, Kansas, from fifty-one thousand dollars to sixty thousand dollars.
- Indianapolis, Ind. United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Indianapolis, Indiana, from two million two hundred thousand one hundred dollars to two million six hundred thousand one hundred dollars, to be used by the Secretary of the Treasury, in his discretion, for the completion of said building and making such improvements as in his judgment may be deemed necessary, including changes of north front, interior finish of every nature, approaches, and other improvements.
- Council Bluffs, Iowa. United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Council Bluffs, Iowa, from two hundred and forty-seven thousand eight hundred and forty-seven dollars and thirty-nine cents to two hundred and fifty-five thousand three hundred and forty-seven dollars and thirty-nine cents; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to purchase for the United States the tract of ground lying immediately west of the ground now owned by the United States in the city of Council Bluffs on which the United States public building used for court-house, post-office, and other governmental offices is situated, the ground so authorized to be purchased being thirty feet wide and extending south from Broadway street, in said city, to the first alley south of said Broadway street: *Provided*, That said tract can be purchased at a sum not to exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars.
- Additional land.
- Proviso.*
Price limit.
- Maysville, Ky. United States post-office at Maysville, Kentucky, from forty thousand dollars to fifty thousand dollars.
- Henderson, Ky. United States post-office at Henderson, Kentucky, from forty thousand dollars to fifty thousand dollars.
- Fitchburg, Mass. United States post-office at Fitchburg, Massachusetts, from one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars to one hundred and thirty thousand dollars.
- Fargo, N. Dak. United States court-house, post-office, and land office at Fargo, North Dakota, an additional sum of eighty thousand dollars, to be expended in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury.
- Battle Creek, Mich. United States post-office at Battle Creek, Michigan, from one hundred thousand dollars to one hundred and ten thousand dollars.
- Elizabeth City, N. C. United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Elizabeth City, North Carolina, from one hundred and twenty thousand dollars

to one hundred and forty thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to exchange the present site for a new site, or to purchase or condemn a new site and sell the present site, either at public or private sale, whenever such sale can be made for the best interests of the Government; and in the event of sale of the present site the proceeds of such sale shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as a miscellaneous receipt derived from the sale of public property.

Change of site permitted.

United States post-office at Centerville, Iowa, from thirty-five thousand dollars to forty thousand dollars.

Centerville, Iowa.

United States post-office and custom-house at Durham, North Carolina, from seventy thousand dollars to one hundred thousand dollars.

Durham, N. C.

United States post-office at Goldsboro, North Carolina, from thirty-five thousand dollars to fifty thousand dollars.

Goldsboro, N. C.

United States post-office at Elizabeth, New Jersey, from one hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars to two hundred thousand dollars.

Elizabeth, N. J.

For the completion of the United States court-house and post-office at Omaha, Nebraska, five thousand dollars additional to the present authorized limit.

Omaha, Nebr.

United States post-office at Niagara Falls, New York, from seventy-five thousand dollars to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to provide space in the building for the customs service in said city, said building to be used for post-office and custom-house business.

Niagara Falls, N. Y.

United States post-office and court-house at Rochester, New York, from six hundred and forty-seven thousand five hundred and thirty-three dollars and fifty-two cents to seven hundred and seven thousand five hundred and thirty-three dollars and fifty-two cents.

Rochester, N. Y.

United States post-office at Oil City, Pennsylvania, from sixty thousand dollars to eighty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the cost of site shall not exceed the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars.

Oil City, Pa.
Proviso.
Site.

United States post-office at McKeesport, Pennsylvania, from one hundred thousand dollars to one hundred and ten thousand dollars.

McKeesport, Pa.

United States post-office at Washington, Pennsylvania, from sixty thousand dollars to eighty thousand dollars.

Washington, Pa.

United States post-office and court-house at Nashville, Tennessee, from five hundred and seventy-four thousand nine hundred and forty-eight dollars and sixty-five cents to seven hundred and thirty-four thousand nine hundred and forty-eight dollars and sixty-five cents.

Nashville, Tenn.

United States post-office at Allentown, Pennsylvania, from one hundred thousand dollars to one hundred and ten thousand dollars.

Allentown, Pa.

United States post-office and revenue office at Martinsville, Virginia, from thirty-five thousand dollars to forty-five thousand dollars.

Martinsville, Va.

United States post-office at Janesville, Wisconsin, from seventy-five thousand dollars to eighty-one thousand dollars.

Janesville, Wis.

United States post-office and court-house at Evanston, Wyoming, from one hundred thousand dollars to one hundred and seventy-nine thousand dollars.

Evanston, Wyo.

United States post-office and court-house at Guthrie, Oklahoma, from fifty thousand dollars to one hundred thousand dollars.

Guthrie, Okla.

United States post-office at Huntington, West Virginia, from one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Huntington, W. Va.

United States post-office at Atlantic City, New Jersey, from one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars to one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

Atlantic City, N. J.

United States post-office at Marblehead, Massachusetts, from forty thousand dollars to seventy thousand dollars.

Marblehead, Mass.

United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Superior, Wisconsin, from two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars to three hundred thousand dollars.

Superior, Wis.

- Oak Park, Ill. United States post-office at Oak Park, Illinois, from thirty-five thousand dollars to forty-five thousand dollars.
- Rockhill, S. C. United States post-office at Rockhill, South Carolina, from thirty-five thousand dollars to forty-five thousand dollars.
- Sherman, Tex. United States post-office and court-house at Sherman, Texas, from one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars to one hundred and forty-five thousand dollars.
- Wausau, Wis. United States post-office at Wausau, Wisconsin, from fifty thousand dollars to fifty-seven thousand dollars.
- Batesville, Ark. United States post-office and court-house at Batesville, Arkansas, from seventy thousand dollars to eighty thousand dollars.
- Saint Joseph, Mo. United States post-office and court-house at Saint Joseph, Missouri, from three hundred and ninety thousand one hundred and forty dollars and sixty-six cents to five hundred and ninety thousand dollars.
- Fond du Lac, Wis. United States post-office at Fond du Lac, Wisconsin, from sixty thousand dollars to sixty-five thousand dollars.
- Amesbury, Mass. United States post-office at Amesbury, Massachusetts, from forty-five thousand dollars to fifty-five thousand dollars: *Provided*, That that portion of section nineteen in Public Act Numbered One hundred and forty-six, entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, which provides that a site shall be bounded upon at least two sides by streets shall not apply to a site to be selected in Amesbury, Massachusetts.
- Proviso.*
Fronting on two streets not required.
Ante, p. 325.
- Municipal building, Washington, D. C. Municipal building, Washington, District of Columbia, from one million five hundred thousand dollars to two million dollars, one-half of which shall be chargeable to the revenues of the District of Columbia and the other half to be paid out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, and the title to the site heretofore acquired for said municipal building is hereby transferred from the Government of the United States to the District of Columbia: *Provided*, That nothing in this section contained shall be held to repeal or modify the provisions of "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, so far as the said Act provides that the Secretary of the Treasury and the Commissioners of the District of Columbia shall act jointly in contracting for erecting and completing a building for the accommodation of the municipal and other offices in the District of Columbia.
- Half from District revenues.
- Title transferred to District.
- Proviso.*
Contracts.
Ante, p. 321.
- New buildings on sites owned by United States.
- Sterling, Ill. SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to contract for the erection and completion of a suitable building, including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, and approaches, complete, for the use and accommodation of the United States governmental offices upon ground now owned by the United States in each of the following cities, respectively, within its respective limit of cost hereby fixed:
- Champaign, Ill. United States post-office at Sterling, Illinois, forty thousand dollars.
- Traverse City, Mich. United States post-office at Champaign, Illinois, seventy thousand dollars.
- Moberly, Mo. United States post-office at Traverse City, Michigan, fifty thousand dollars.
- Columbia, Mo. United States post-office at Moberly, Missouri, thirty-five thousand dollars.
- Tacoma, Wash. United States post-office at Columbia, Missouri, thirty-five thousand dollars.
- United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Tacoma, Washington, four hundred thousand dollars.

United States post-office and court-house at Spokane Falls, Washington, four hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That in the public buildings at Tacoma and Spokane Falls, in the State of Washington, the Secretary of the Treasury shall provide for elevators.

Spokane Falls, Wash.
Proviso.
Elevators.

United States post-office, court-house, and land office at Pierre, South Dakota, one hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

Pierre, S. Dak.

United States post-office and other Government offices at Yankton, South Dakota, eighty thousand dollars.

Yankton, S. Dak.

United States post-office and land office at Natchitoches, Louisiana, sixty thousand dollars.

Natchitoches, La.

That the buildings provided for in this section shall be unexposed to danger from fire by an open space of at least forty feet on each side, including streets and alleys.

Open spaces required.

SEC. 3. That to enable the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to give effect to and execute the provisions of existing legislation authorizing the purchase of sites in the several cities hereinafter enumerated the limit of cost heretofore fixed by Congress therefor be, and the same is hereby, increased, respectively, as follows:

Cost of sites increased.

Ante, p. 320.

United States post-office at Bar Harbor, Maine, from six thousand dollars to twelve thousand dollars.

Bar Harbor, Me.

United States post-office and custom-house at Calais, Maine, from six thousand dollars to twelve thousand dollars.

Calais, Me.

United States post-office at Hamilton, Ohio, from twenty thousand dollars to thirty thousand dollars.

Hamilton, Ohio.

United States post-office at Albert Lea, Minnesota, from three thousand dollars to six thousand dollars.

Albert Lea, Minn.

United States post-office at Crookston, Minnesota, from four thousand dollars to six thousand dollars.

Crookston, Minn.

United States post-office at Saratoga Springs, New York, from fifteen thousand dollars to twenty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized in his discretion to contract for the erection and completion of a suitable building, including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, and approaches, complete, for the use and accommodation of the United States post-office and other governmental offices upon site secured or to be secured within the limit of cost herein provided at Albert Lea, Minnesota, and Saratoga Springs, New York, the limit of cost of building at Albert Lea, Minnesota, to be thirty thousand dollars and the limit of cost of building at Saratoga Springs, New York, to be seventy thousand dollars.

Saratoga Springs, N. Y.
Proviso.
Contracts for buildings at Albert Lea, Minn., and Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

SEC. 4. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, additional land for the enlargement of the site of the United States post-office building in the city of Augusta, Maine; and the provisions of section one of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, so far as the same relates to said building, are hereby amended accordingly.

Augusta, Me.

Additional land authorized.
Ante, pp. 312, 315.

SEC. 5. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise a suitable site for the United States post-office and other governmental offices in each of the cities enumerated in this section within its respective limit of cost hereby fixed:

Purchase of sites.

United States post-office at Dixon, Illinois, ten thousand dollars.

Dixon, Ill.

United States post-office at Tuscaloosa, Alabama, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Tuscaloosa, Ala.

United States post-office at Hagerstown, Maryland, ten thousand dollars.

Hagerstown, Md.

East Liverpool, Ohio. <i>Proviso.</i> Open space.	United States post-office at East Liverpool, Ohio, thirty thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That such site shall be deemed to comply with the provisions of this Act if bounded on two sides by streets and on a third side by a public alley and shall contain not less than thirteen thousand square feet.
Florence, Ala.	United States post-office at Florence, Alabama, seven thousand five hundred dollars.
York, Nebr.	United States post-office at York, Nebraska, ten thousand dollars.
Ann Arbor, Mich.	United States post-office at Ann Arbor, Michigan, twelve thousand dollars.
Carbondale, Pa.	United States post-office at Carbondale, Pennsylvania, twelve thousand dollars.
Grand Island, Nebr.	United States post-office at Grand Island, Nebraska, ten thousand dollars.
Woonsocket, R. I.	United States post-office at Woonsocket, Rhode Island, fifteen thousand dollars.
Bluefields, W. Va.	United States post-office and court-house at Bluefields, West Virginia, ten thousand dollars.
Chippewa Falls, Wis.	United States post-office at Chippewa Falls, Wisconsin, ten thousand dollars.
Portland, Me.	United States court-house at Portland, Maine, sixty thousand dollars.
Bedford, Ind.	United States post-office at Bedford, Indiana, six thousand dollars.
Marinette, Wis.	United States post-office at Marinette, Wisconsin, ten thousand dollars.
Gainesville, Ga.	United States post-office at Gainesville, Georgia, five thousand dollars.
Valdosta, Ga.	United States post-office at Valdosta, Georgia, eight thousand dollars.
Webster City, Iowa.	United States post-office at Webster City, Iowa, eight thousand dollars.
Butler, Pa.	United States post-office at Butler, Pennsylvania, twenty thousand dollars.
Corning, N. Y.	United States post-office at Corning, New York, fifteen thousand dollars.
Westminster, Md.	United States post-office at Westminster, Maryland, four thousand dollars.
Meadville, Pa.	United States post-office at Meadville, Pennsylvania, eight thousand dollars.
Mason City, Iowa.	United States post-office at Mason City, Iowa, eight thousand dollars.
Marion, Ind.	United States post-office at Marion, Indiana, twenty-five thousand dollars.
Pine Bluff, Ark.	United States post-office at Pine Bluff, Arkansas, seven thousand dollars.
Houston, Tex. <i>Proviso.</i> Entire block.	United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Houston, Texas, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: <i>Provided</i> , That an entire block or square of ground bounded upon each side by a street can be secured within the limit of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars: <i>Provided further, however</i> , That if the Secretary of the Treasury can not secure an entire block or square of ground within said limit of cost of one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars in said city, then the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to secure a site of less area than an entire block or square of ground within a limit of cost of seventy thousand dollars.
Less area.	
Baker City, Oreg.	United States post-office at Baker City, Oregon, five thousand dollars.
Bessemer, Ala.	United States post-office at Bessemer, Alabama, twelve thousand dollars.
Ocala, Fla.	United States post-office at Ocala, Florida, four thousand dollars.
Kansas City, Mo. <i>Ante</i> , p. 322, amended.	SEC. 6. That section seven of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection

and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, be amended to read as follows:

"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to sell the old custom-house building and the site thereof, at the corner of Ninth and Walnut streets, in the city of Kansas City, State of Missouri, at public or private sale, at such time and on such terms as he may deem to be to the best interests of the United States, but at not less than two hundred and sixty thousand dollars, to execute a quitclaim deed to the purchaser thereof, and to apply the proceeds of the sale of said property toward the enlargement and improvement of the post-office and court-house building in said city, the total cost of which enlargement and improvement, complete in all respects, shall not exceed the sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to enter into contracts to the full limit of cost for such extension and improvement hereby fixed, subject to future appropriations to be made by Congress."

Sale of old custom-house.

Use of proceeds for enlarging post-office and court-house building.

Limit of cost.

Contracts authorized.

SEC. 7. That so much of the provisions of section one of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, as relates to the United States post-office and court-house at Lincoln, Nebraska, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Lincoln, Nebr. *Ante*, p. 312, amended.

"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be constructed, upon lands now belonging to the United States, adjacent to the United States post-office and court-house at Lincoln, Nebraska, a suitable building, with fireproof vaults and elevators therein, for the accommodation of the United States courts, post-office, customs service, and other Government offices in said city, at a total cost, including said vaults, elevators, heating and ventilating apparatus, and approaches, complete, of not to exceed the sum of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the building when completed shall be unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than forty feet on all sides, including streets and alleys.

Building adjacent to post-office and court-house.

Proviso.

Open space.

"When said new building is completed and occupied the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion to sell to the city of Lincoln, Nebraska, to be used for municipal purposes only, the present United States post-office and court-house building in Lincoln, Nebraska, together with such portion of the site on which the same is located as may not be needed by the United States, but not exceeding the south eighty-five feet extending east and west along the south side of the block or square of ground between Ninth and Tenth streets in said city, at such time and upon such terms as he may deem to be to the best interests of the United States, and at a price not less than fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the net proceeds of such sale shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States as a miscellaneous receipt derived from the sale of public property: *Provided further*, That when the city of Lincoln, Nebraska, ceases to use the building and site above described for municipal purposes the same shall revert to the possession and ownership of the United States Government."

Sale of present building for municipal purposes.

Proviso. Proceeds.

Reversion.

SEC. 8. That section eighteen of Public Act Numbered One hundred and forty-six, approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Burlington, Vt. *Ante*, p. 325, amended.

"SEC. 18. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to dispose of the present post-office and custom-house building in the city of Burlington, State of Vermont, on

Sale of present building.

New building authorized. the best terms obtainable, and to cause to be erected on the site thereof a suitable, commodious, fireproof building for the accommodation of all the branches of the Federal service in said city, at a total cost, including heating and ventilating apparatus, fireproof vaults, elevators, and approaches, of not to exceed two hundred thousand dollars; and for the purpose of providing suitable quarters and accommodations for the use of the various branches of the public service in said city, pending the removal of the present Federal building, and the erection and completion of the new building hereinbefore authorized, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be constructed, ready for occupancy, a temporary building for said purposes, on the south eighty feet of the Federal building site in said city, at a total cost for said temporary building of not to exceed ten thousand dollars, including the expense of moving the various branches of the public service into said temporary building, said amount being additional to the limit of cost hereby fixed for the erection of the permanent building hereinbefore authorized. That after the completion and occupancy of the new permanent building hereinbefore authorized the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to sell, at such time and upon such terms as he may deem to be to the best interests of the United States, said temporary building, together with the strip of land on which the same is situated, not to exceed eighty feet in width on Church street, with a depth of not to exceed two hundred and fifty-four feet six inches, and to deposit the proceeds in the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt."

Temporary building. and for the purpose of providing suitable quarters and accommodations for the use of the various branches of the public service in said city, pending the removal of the present Federal building, and the erection and completion of the new building hereinbefore authorized, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be constructed, ready for occupancy, a temporary building for said purposes, on the south eighty feet of the Federal building site in said city, at a total cost for said temporary building of not to exceed ten thousand dollars, including the expense of moving the various branches of the public service into said temporary building, said amount being additional to the limit of cost hereby fixed for the erection of the permanent building hereinbefore authorized. That after the completion and occupancy of the new permanent building hereinbefore authorized the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to sell, at such time and upon such terms as he may deem to be to the best interests of the United States, said temporary building, together with the strip of land on which the same is situated, not to exceed eighty feet in width on Church street, with a depth of not to exceed two hundred and fifty-four feet six inches, and to deposit the proceeds in the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt."

Cost. and for the purpose of providing suitable quarters and accommodations for the use of the various branches of the public service in said city, pending the removal of the present Federal building, and the erection and completion of the new building hereinbefore authorized, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be constructed, ready for occupancy, a temporary building for said purposes, on the south eighty feet of the Federal building site in said city, at a total cost for said temporary building of not to exceed ten thousand dollars, including the expense of moving the various branches of the public service into said temporary building, said amount being additional to the limit of cost hereby fixed for the erection of the permanent building hereinbefore authorized. That after the completion and occupancy of the new permanent building hereinbefore authorized the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to sell, at such time and upon such terms as he may deem to be to the best interests of the United States, said temporary building, together with the strip of land on which the same is situated, not to exceed eighty feet in width on Church street, with a depth of not to exceed two hundred and fifty-four feet six inches, and to deposit the proceeds in the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt."

Sale on completion of new building. and for the purpose of providing suitable quarters and accommodations for the use of the various branches of the public service in said city, pending the removal of the present Federal building, and the erection and completion of the new building hereinbefore authorized, the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause to be constructed, ready for occupancy, a temporary building for said purposes, on the south eighty feet of the Federal building site in said city, at a total cost for said temporary building of not to exceed ten thousand dollars, including the expense of moving the various branches of the public service into said temporary building, said amount being additional to the limit of cost hereby fixed for the erection of the permanent building hereinbefore authorized. That after the completion and occupancy of the new permanent building hereinbefore authorized the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to sell, at such time and upon such terms as he may deem to be to the best interests of the United States, said temporary building, together with the strip of land on which the same is situated, not to exceed eighty feet in width on Church street, with a depth of not to exceed two hundred and fifty-four feet six inches, and to deposit the proceeds in the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt."

Macon, Ga.
Ante, p. 323, amended.

SEC. 9. That section twelve of an Act entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, be, and the same is, amended so that said section shall read:

Improving building. "That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to cause the post-office and court-house building at Macon, Georgia, to be enlarged, remodeled, and extended, so as to provide necessary accommodations for the post-office, courts, and other branches of the Government service, and to purchase additional ground on Third and Mulberry streets, in his discretion, for this purpose, and that the total cost of said enlargement, remodeling, extension, and improvements, including the purchase price of such additional ground, shall not exceed the sum of three hundred and six thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the limit of cost of such additional land shall not exceed thirty-one thousand dollars.

Additional ground. and to purchase additional ground on Third and Mulberry streets, in his discretion, for this purpose, and that the total cost of said enlargement, remodeling, extension, and improvements, including the purchase price of such additional ground, shall not exceed the sum of three hundred and six thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the limit of cost of such additional land shall not exceed thirty-one thousand dollars.

Cost increased. and that the total cost of said enlargement, remodeling, extension, and improvements, including the purchase price of such additional ground, shall not exceed the sum of three hundred and six thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the limit of cost of such additional land shall not exceed thirty-one thousand dollars.

Proviso.
Cost of ground. *Provided*, That the limit of cost of such additional land shall not exceed thirty-one thousand dollars.

Richmond, Va.
Ante, p. 313, amended.

SEC. 10 That so much of the provisions of section one of the Act entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, as relates to the United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Richmond, Virginia, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Cost increased. "United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Richmond, Virginia, from five hundred and sixteen thousand six hundred and twenty-eight dollars and eight cents to five hundred and ninety-one thousand six hundred and twenty-eight dollars and eight cents; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized in his discretion to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, the Shafer property adjoining the present post-office site in Richmond, Virginia, having a frontage of sixty feet on Main and Bank streets and a depth of one hundred and sixty feet from Main to Bank streets, contain-

Additional land.
Ante, p. 1089.

ing about nine thousand six hundred square feet, within a limit of cost of seventy-five thousand dollars, hereby fixed, unless a higher value, not exceeding two hundred and two thousand three hundred and fifty dollars, be fixed in the condemnation proceedings hereinbefore authorized."

Limit of cost.

Condemnation value increased.

SEC. 11. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, additional ground to the south of the present site of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, and cause to be erected thereon a suitable building, including heating and ventilating apparatus and approaches, for the use and accommodation of the laundry and stable of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and the Secretary of the Treasury is further authorized to erect upon the site now occupied by the laundry and stable buildings of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, situated to the west of the main building, an addition to the present Bureau of Engraving and Printing building consisting of two stories and basement, approximately, forty-seven feet in width by two hundred and forty-eight in length, for the use and accommodation of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing. The total limit of cost for additional ground and buildings herein mentioned, including removal of laundry and stable of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, shall not exceed the sum of two hundred and fifteen thousand dollars.

Engraving and Printing Bureau. Additional buildings.

Limit of cost.

SEC. 12 That so much of the provisions of section one of the Act entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, as relates to the United States post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Atlanta, Georgia, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Atlanta, Ga. Ante, p. 311, amended.

"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, a site upon which to erect a United States post-office, custom-house, and court-house building, said site to consist of an entire block or square of ground, bounded on each side by a street, the limit of cost of site to be two hundred thousand dollars."

Purchase of site.

SEC. 13 That section eight of the Act entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Cost limit.

Saint Louis, Mo. Ante, p. 322, amended.

"That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a site and to contract for the erection and completion thereon of a suitable building, including fire-proof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, and approaches, complete, for the use and accommodation of the United States post-office in the city of Saint Louis and State of Missouri, the cost of said site and building not to exceed seven hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the site selected shall consist of an area of not less than seventy-five thousand square feet, and shall be located as near as possible to the union railway station in said city."

New post-office. Limit of cost increased.

Proviso. Location and area of site.

SEC. 14. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized in his discretion to secure, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, the entire square numbered three hundred and twenty-four in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, bounded by C street on the north, by Eleventh street on the east, by Twelfth street on the west, and Government reservation on the south, and to reserve the said square as a site for an addition to the post-office building in said city, including space for the mail-bag repair shop.

Washington, D. C. Site for addition to post-office building.

Oklahoma City, Okla.
Ante, p. 316, amended.
 Provision as to site changed.

SEC. 15. That the law (Public, Numbered One hundred and forty-six) entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, be amended so as to transpose the provision for a United States post-office at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma Territory, from section two to section three of said Act.

Washington, D. C.
 Hall of records.
 Square to be secured.

SEC. 16. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed, in his discretion, to purchase or cause to be taken for public use, by condemnation or otherwise, as a site for a hall of records, the whole of the land embraced in square one hundred and forty-three in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, containing one hundred and fifty-seven thousand seven hundred and eleven and thirty-five one-hundredths square feet of ground, having a frontage of four hundred and two and eight one-hundredths feet on F street, the same on E street, and three hundred and ninety-two and three-twelfths feet frontage on Nineteenth street, and the same on Eighteenth street, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall report to Congress a full statement showing size and public cost of building to be erected upon said square as a hall of records.

Report as to building.
Ante, p. 1039.

Owosso, Mich., and Louisiana, Mo.
Ante, pp. 316, 317, amended.
 Provisions as to sites changed.

SEC. 17. That the law (Public, Numbered One hundred and forty-six) entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, be amended so as to transpose the provisions for a United States post-office at Owosso, Michigan, and Louisiana, Missouri, from section three to section four of said Act; and the limit of cost for site and building in each of said cities is hereby increased from thirty-five thousand dollars to forty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the limit of cost of site in each of said cities shall be five thousand dollars.

Proviso.
 Cost.

Toledo, Ohio.
Ante, p. 323, amended.

SEC. 18. That section fourteen of Public Act Numbered One hundred and forty-six, approved June sixth, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act to increase the limit of cost of certain public buildings, to authorize the purchase of sites for public buildings, to authorize the erection and completion of public buildings, and for other purposes," is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Site to be procured.

"SEC. 14. That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a suitable site in the city of Toledo and State of Ohio upon which to erect a building for the use and accommodation of the United States post-office and other governmental offices in said city: *Provided*, That the site selected shall consist of an entire block or square of ground, bounded on each side by a street, and shall consist in area of not less than seventy thousand square feet, within a limit of cost of two hundred thousand dollars, hereby fixed: *And provided further*, That if the Secretary of the Treasury shall be unable to obtain a site as above described, then and in that case he is hereby authorized, in his discretion, to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a tract of land fronting on Saint Clair street, immediately adjoining the present post-office site, having an area of fourteen thousand four hundred square feet, said tract of land being one hundred and twenty feet square, within a limit of cost of eighty-two thousand dollars, hereby fixed. When the Secretary of the Treasury has acquired either an entire block of ground or the tract of land adjoining the present site, as herein provided, he shall make a report to Congress, stating the location, dimensions, and cost of the land so acquired, and recommend to Congress the character and size of building that should be erected thereon and submit an estimate of the cost of said building, including

Proviso.
 Entire block.

Limit of cost increased.
 Saint Clair street site.

Cost.
 Estimate for new building.

fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches.”

SEC. 19. That the Secretary of the Treasury shall require all owners or agents of sites in each city mentioned in this Act, where sites or additions to sites are to be purchased, to submit offers of sale in writing, and no payment shall be made to any owner or agent of the property involved on account of the land proposed to be sold or purchased and no plans shall be drawn or money expended for a building upon a donated site until a written opinion of the Attorney-General of the United States shall be filed with the Secretary of the Treasury in favor of the validity of the title of the land agreed to be purchased or donated. And in case a site or addition to a site acquired under the provisions of this Act contains a building or buildings the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to rent until their removal becomes necessary such of said buildings as he may deem desirable at a fair rental value, the proceeds thereof to be deposited in the Treasury of the United States, and a report of the proceedings to be submitted to Congress annually: *Provided*, That each site selected under the provisions of this Act shall contain not less than fifteen thousand square feet of ground space, and shall be bounded upon at least two sides by streets.

SEC. 20. That if condemnation proceedings are necessary to acquire land within the District of Columbia, such proceedings shall be in the manner prescribed for providing a site for an addition to the Government Printing Office in so much of the Act approved July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, as is set forth on pages six hundred and forty-eight and six hundred and forty-nine of volume thirty of the United States Statutes at Large.

SEC. 21. That all Acts or parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1012.—An Act To regulate the immigration of aliens into the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be levied, collected, and paid a duty of two dollars for each and every passenger not a citizen of the United States, or of the Dominion of Canada, the Republic of Cuba, or of the Republic of Mexico, who shall come by steam, sail, or other vessel from any foreign port to any port within the United States, or by any railway or any other mode of transportation, from foreign contiguous territory to the United States. The said duty shall be paid to the collector of customs of the port or customs district to which said alien passenger shall come, or, if there be no collector at such port or district, then to the collector nearest thereto, by the master, agent, owner, or consignee of every such vessel or transportation line. The money thus collected shall be paid into the United States Treasury and shall constitute a permanent appropriation to be called the “immigrant fund,” to be used under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury to defray the expense of regulating the immigration of aliens into the United States under this Act, including the cost of reports of decisions of the Federal courts, and digests thereof, for the use of the Commissioner-General of Immigration, and the salaries and expenses of all officers, clerks, and employees appointed for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act. The duty imposed by this section shall be a lien upon the vessel which shall bring such aliens to ports of the United States, and shall be a debt in favor of the United States against the owner or owners of such vessels, and the payment of such duty may be enforced by any legal or equitable rem-

Offers of sites.

Valid title.

Rent of buildings on purchased sites.

Proviso.
Minimum area.

Condemnation in District of Columbia.

Vol. 30, p. 648.

Conflicting laws repealed.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 162.]

Immigration. Head-tax on entry of aliens. Exceptions.

Vol. 22, p. 214, amended.

Payment.

To be a permanent appropriation, called “immigrant fund.” Use of.

Lien on vessels for tax.

Transit travel not taxed.

Proviso.
Payments by railroads.

Post, p. 1221.

Classes excluded admission.
Vol. 26, p. 1084.

Proviso.
Political offenses.

Skilled labor.

Professions and servants.

Punishment for importing, etc., women for prostitution.

Importing contract labor prohibited.
Vol. 23, p. 332.

Penalty for violations.

edy; the head tax herein provided for shall not be levied upon aliens in transit through the United States nor upon aliens who have once been admitted into the United States and have paid the head tax who later shall go in transit from one part of the United States to another through foreign contiguous territory: *Provided*, That the Commissioner-General of Immigration, under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, by agreement with transportation lines, as provided in section thirty-two of this Act, may arrange in some other manner for the payment of the duty imposed by this section upon aliens seeking admission overland, either as to all or as to any such aliens.

SEC. 2. That the following classes of aliens shall be excluded from admission into the United States: All idiots, insane persons, epileptics, and persons who have been insane within five years previous; persons who have had two or more attacks of insanity at any time previously; paupers; persons likely to become a public charge; professional beggars; persons afflicted with a loathsome or with a dangerous contagious disease; persons who have been convicted of a felony or other crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; polygamists, anarchists, or persons who believe in or advocate the overthrow by force or violence of the Government of the United States or of all government or of all forms of law, or the assassination of public officials; prostitutes, and persons who procure or attempt to bring in prostitutes or women for the purpose of prostitution; those who have been, within one year from the date of the application for admission to the United States, deported as being under offers, solicitations, promises or agreements to perform labor or service of some kind therein; and also any person whose ticket or passage is paid for with the money of another, or who is assisted by others to come, unless it is affirmatively and satisfactorily shown that such person does not belong to one of the foregoing excluded classes; but this section shall not be held to prevent persons living in the United States from sending for a relative or friend who is not of the foregoing excluded classes: *Provided*, That nothing in this Act shall exclude persons convicted of an offense purely political, not involving moral turpitude: *And provided further*, That skilled labor may be imported, if labor of like kind unemployed can not be found in this country: *And provided further*, That the provisions of this law applicable to contract labor shall not be held to exclude professional actors, artists, lecturers, singers, ministers of any religious denomination, professors for colleges or seminaries, persons belonging to any recognized learned profession, or persons employed strictly as personal or domestic servants.

SEC. 3. That the importation into the United States of any woman or girl for the purposes of prostitution is hereby forbidden; and whoever shall import or attempt to import any woman or girl into the United States for the purposes of prostitution, or shall hold or attempt to hold, any woman or girl for such purposes in pursuance of such illegal importation shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and, on conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned not less than one nor more than five years and pay a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars.

SEC. 4. That it shall be unlawful for any person, company, partnership, or corporation, in any manner whatsoever, to prepay the transportation or in any way to assist or encourage the importation or migration of any alien into the United States, in pursuance of any offer, solicitation, promise, or agreement, parole or special, expressed or implied, made previous to the importation of such alien to perform labor or service of any kind, skilled or unskilled, in the United States.

SEC. 5. That for every violation of any of the provisions of section four of this Act the person, partnership, company, or corporation violating the same, by knowingly assisting, encouraging, or soliciting the

migration or importation of any alien to the United States to perform labor or service of any kind by reason of any offer, solicitation, promise, or agreement, express or implied, parole or special, to or with such alien shall forfeit and pay for every such offense the sum of one thousand dollars, which may be sued for and recovered by the United States, or by any person who shall first bring his action therefor in his own name and for his own benefit, including any such alien thus promised labor or service of any kind as aforesaid, as debts of like amount are now recovered in the courts of the United States; and separate suits may be brought for each alien thus promised labor or service of any kind as aforesaid. And it shall be the duty of the district attorney of the proper district to prosecute every such suit when brought by the United States.

Suits by informer etc.

SEC. 6. That it shall be unlawful and be deemed a violation of section four of this Act to assist or encourage the importation or migration of any alien by a promise of employment through advertisements printed and published in any foreign country; and any alien coming to this country in consequence of such an advertisement shall be treated as coming under a promise or agreement as contemplated in section two of this Act, and the penalties imposed by section five of this Act shall be applicable to such a case: *Provided*, That this section shall not apply to States or Territories, the District of Columbia, or places subject to the jurisdiction of the United States advertising the inducements they offer for immigration thereto, respectively.

Advertising to encourage alien labor immigration prohibited.

Penalties.

Proviso.
Offers of States, etc.

SEC. 7. That no transportation company or owner or owners of vessels or others engaged in transporting aliens into the United States, shall, directly or through agents, either by writing, printing, or oral representations, solicit, invite, or encourage the immigration of any aliens into the United States except by ordinary commercial letters, circulars, advertisements, or oral representations, stating the sailings of their vessels and terms and facilities of transportation therein; and for a violation of this provision any such transportation company and any such owner or owners of vessels, and all others engaged in transporting aliens to the United States, and the agents by them employed, shall be subjected to the penalties imposed by section five of this Act.

Soliciting immigration by vessel owners prohibited.

Penalties.

Punishment for illegally landing aliens, etc.

SEC. 8. That any person, including the master, agent, owner, or consignee of any vessel, who shall bring into or land in the United States, by vessel or otherwise, or who shall attempt, by himself or through another, to bring into or land in the United States, by vessel or otherwise, any alien not duly admitted by an immigrant inspector, or not lawfully entitled to enter the United States, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars for each and every alien so landed or attempted to be landed, or by imprisonment for a term not less than three months nor more than two years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 9. That it shall be unlawful for any person, including any transportation company other than railway lines entering the United States from foreign contiguous territory, or the owner, master, agent, or consignee of any vessel to bring to the United States any alien afflicted with a loathsome or with a dangerous contagious disease; and if it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that any alien so brought to the United States was afflicted with such a disease at the time of foreign embarkation, and that the existence of such disease might have been detected by means of a competent medical examination at such time, such person or transportation company or the master, agent, owner, or consignee of any such vessel shall pay to the collector of customs of the customs district in which the port of arrival is located the sum of one hundred dollars for each and every violation of the provisions of this section; and no vessel shall be

Exclusion of persons with loathsome, etc., disease.

Fine for violation.

granted clearance papers while any such fine imposed upon it remains unpaid, nor shall such fine be remitted.

Decision of special board of inquiry as to diseased persons, final.

SEC. 10. That the decision of the board of special inquiry, herein after provided for, based upon the certificate of the examining medical officer, shall be final as to the rejection of aliens afflicted with a loathsome or with a dangerous contagious disease, or with any mental or physical disability which would bring such aliens within any of the classes excluded from admission to the United States under section two of this Act.

Return of alien accompanying rejected helpless, etc., alien.

SEC. 11. That upon the certificate of a medical officer of the United States Marine-Hospital Service to the effect that a rejected alien is helpless from sickness, physical disability, or infancy, if such alien is accompanied by another alien whose protection or guardianship is required by such rejected alien, the master, agent, owner, or consignee of the vessel in which such alien and accompanying alien are brought shall be required to return said alien and accompanying alien in the same manner as vessels are required to return other rejected aliens.

Lists of alien passengers required.

SEC. 12. That upon the arrival of any alien by water at any port within the United States it shall be the duty of the master or commanding officer of the steamer, sailing or other vessel, having said alien on board to deliver to the immigration officers at the port of arrival lists or manifests made at the time and place of embarkation of such alien on board such steamer or vessel, which shall, in answer to questions at the top of said lists, state as to each alien the full name, age, and sex; whether married or single; the calling or occupation; whether able to read or write; the nationality; the race; the last residence; the seaport for landing in the United States; the final destination, if any, beyond the port of landing; whether having a ticket through to such final destination; whether the alien has paid his own passage, or whether it has been paid by any other person or by any corporation, society, municipality, or government, and if so, by whom; whether in possession of fifty dollars, and if less, how much; whether going to join a relative or friend, and if so, what relative or friend and his name and complete address; whether ever before in the United States, and if so, when and where; whether ever in prison or almshouse or an institution or hospital for the care and treatment of the insane or supported by charity; whether a polygamist; whether an anarchist; whether coming by reason of any offer, solicitation, promise or agreement, expressed or implied, to perform labor in the United States, and what is the alien's condition of health mental and physical, and whether deformed or crippled, and if so, for how long and from what cause.

Contents.

Designation, etc., of aliens on lists.

SEC. 13. That all aliens arriving by water at the ports of the United States shall be listed in convenient groups, and no one list or manifest shall contain more than thirty names. To each alien or head of a family shall be given a ticket on which shall be written his name, a number or letter designating the list in which his name, and so forth, is contained, and his number on said list, for convenience of identification on arrival. Each list or manifest shall be verified by the signature and the oath or affirmation of the master or commanding officer or the first or second below him in command, taken before an immigration officer at the port of arrival, to the effect that he has caused the surgeon of said vessel sailing therewith to make a physical and oral examination of each of said aliens, and that from the report of said surgeon and from his own investigation he believes that no one of said aliens is an idiot, or insane person, or a pauper, or is likely to become a public charge, or is suffering from a loathsome or a dangerous contagious disease, or is a person who has been convicted of a felony or other crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, or a polygamist, or an anarchist, or under promise or agreement, express or implied, to perform labor in the United States, or a prostitute, and

Certificate of medical, etc., examination.

that also, according to the best of his knowledge and belief, the information in said lists or manifests concerning each of said aliens named therein is correct and true in every respect.

SEC. 14 That the surgeon of said vessel sailing therewith shall also sign each of said lists or manifests and make oath or affirmation in like manner before an immigration officer at the port of arrival, stating his professional experience and qualifications as a physician and surgeon, and that he has made a personal examination of each of the said aliens named therein, and that the said list or manifest, according to the best of his knowledge and belief, is full, correct, and true in all particulars relative to the mental and physical condition of said aliens. If no surgeon sails with any vessel bringing aliens the mental and physical examinations and the verifications of the lists or manifests shall be made by some competent surgeon employed by the owners of the said vessel.

Medical certificate.

SEC. 15. That in the case of the failure of the master or commanding officer of any vessel to deliver to the said immigration officers lists or manifests of all aliens on board thereof as required in sections twelve, thirteen, and fourteen of this Act, he shall pay to the collector of customs at the port of arrival the sum of ten dollars for each alien concerning whom the above information is not contained in any list as aforesaid.

Penalty for not delivering lists.

SEC. 16. That upon the receipt by the immigration officers at any port of arrival of the lists or manifests of aliens provided for in sections twelve, thirteen, and fourteen of this Act it shall be the duty of said officers to go or send competent assistants to the vessels to which said lists or manifests refer and there inspect all such aliens, or said immigration officers may order a temporary removal of such aliens for examination at a designated time and place, but such temporary removal shall not be considered a landing, nor shall it relieve the transportation lines, masters, agents, owners, or consignees of the vessel upon which such aliens are brought to any port of the United States from any of the obligations which, in case such aliens remain on board, would, under the provisions of this Act, bind the said transportation lines, masters, agents, owners, or consignees: *Provided*, That where a suitable building is used for the detention and examination of aliens the immigration officials shall there take charge of such aliens, and the transportation companies, masters, agents, owners, and consignees of the vessels bringing such aliens shall be relieved of the responsibility for their detention thereafter until the return of such aliens to their care.

Inspection by immigration officers. On shipboard.

Provido.
At immigrant stations.

SEC. 17. That the physical and mental examination of all arriving aliens shall be made by medical officers of the United States Marine-Hospital Service, who shall have had at least two years' experience in the practice of their profession since receiving the degree of doctor of medicine and who shall certify for the information of the immigration officers and the boards of special inquiry hereinafter provided for, any and all physical and mental defects or diseases observed by said medical officers in any such alien, or, should medical officers of the United States Marine-Hospital Service be not available, civil surgeons of not less than four years' professional experience may be employed in such emergencies for the said service, upon such terms as may be prescribed by the Commissioner-General of Immigration, under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. The United States Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service shall be reimbursed by the Immigration Service for all expenditures incurred in carrying out the medical inspection of aliens under regulations of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Medical examination on arrival.

Reimbursing expenses.

SEC. 18. That it shall be the duty of the owners, officers and agents of any vessel bringing an alien to the United States to adopt due pre-

Penalty for permitting illegal landing.

cautions to prevent the landing of any such alien from such vessel at any time or place other than that designated by the immigration officers, and any such owner, officer, agent, or person in charge of such vessel who shall land or permit to land any alien at any time or place other than that designated by the immigration officers, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall on conviction be punished by a fine for each alien so permitted to land of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and every such alien so landed shall be deemed to be unlawfully in the United States and shall be deported, as provided by law.

Return of illegally landed aliens.

Charges.

Penalty for refusing to return, etc., aliens.

Provisos. Detention to use as witness.

Maintenance while detained.

Deportation within two years after arrival.

Return of illegally entered alien in three years.

Penalty for refusal by shipping owners.

SEC. 19. That all aliens brought into this country in violation of law shall, if practicable, be immediately sent back to the countries whence they respectively came on the vessels bringing them. The cost of their maintenance while on land, as well as the expense of the return of such aliens, shall be borne by the owner or owners of the vessels on which they respectively came; and if any master, person in charge, agent, owner, or consignee of any such vessels shall refuse to receive back on board thereof, or of any other vessel owned by the same interest, such aliens, or shall neglect to detain them thereon, or shall refuse or neglect to return them to the foreign port from which they came, or to pay the cost of their maintenance while on land, such master, person in charge, agent, owner, or consignee shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not less than three hundred dollars for each and every such offense; and no such vessel shall have clearance from any port of the United States while any such fine is unpaid: *Provided*, That the Commissioner-General of Immigration, under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may suspend, upon conditions to be prescribed by the Commissioner-General, the deportation of any alien found to have come under promise or agreement of labor or service of any kind if, in his judgment, the testimony of such alien is necessary on behalf of the United States Government in the prosecution of offenders against the provisions of sections four and five of this Act: *Provided*, That the cost of maintenance of any person so detained resulting from such suspension of deportation shall be paid from the "immigrant fund," but no alien certified, as provided in section seventeen of this Act, to be suffering with a loathsome or with a dangerous contagious disease other than one of a quarantinable nature, shall be permitted to land for medical treatment thereof in the hospitals of the United States.

SEC. 20. That any alien who shall come into the United States in violation of law, or who shall be found a public charge therein, from causes existing prior to landing, shall be deported as hereinafter provided to the country whence he came at any time within two years after arrival at the expense, including one-half of the cost of inland transportation to the port of deportation, of the person bringing such alien into the United States, or, if that can not be done, then at the expense of the immigrant fund referred to in section one of this Act.

SEC. 21. That in case the Secretary of the Treasury shall be satisfied that an alien has been found in the United States in violation of this Act he shall cause such alien, within the period of three years after landing or entry therein, to be taken into custody and returned to the country whence he came, as provided in section twenty of this Act, or, if that can not be so done, at the expense of the immigrant fund provided for in section one of this Act; and neglect or refusal on the part of the masters, agents, owners, or consignees of vessels to comply with the order of the Secretary of the Treasury to take on board, guard safely, and return to the country whence he came any alien ordered

to be deported under the provisions of this section shall be punished by the imposition of the penalties prescribed in section nineteen of this Act.

SEC. 22. That the Commissioner-General of Immigration, in addition to such other duties as may by law be assigned to him, shall, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, have charge of the administration of all laws relating to the immigration of aliens into the United States, and shall have the control, direction, and supervision of all officers, clerks, and employees appointed thereunder. He shall establish such rules and regulations, prescribe such forms of bonds, reports, entries, and other papers, and shall issue from time to time such instructions, not inconsistent with law, as he shall deem best calculated for carrying out the provisions of this Act and for protecting the United States and aliens migrating thereto from fraud and loss, and shall have authority to enter into contracts for the support and relief of such aliens as may fall into distress or need public aid; all under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury. And it shall be the duty of the Commissioner-General of Immigration to detail officers of the immigration service from time to time as may be necessary, in his judgment, to secure information as to the number of aliens detained in the penal, reformatory, and charitable institutions (public and private) of the several States and Territories, the District of Columbia, and other territory of the United States, and to inform the officers of such institutions of the provisions of law in relation to the deportation of aliens who have become public charges: *Provided*, That the Commissioner-General of Immigration may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, whenever in his judgment such action may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of this Act, detail immigration officers for temporary service in foreign countries.

Commissioner-General of Immigration. Duties defined.

Rules, etc.

Details to secure information.

Proviso. Details for foreign service.

SEC. 23. That the duties of the commissioners of immigration shall be of an administrative character, to be prescribed in detail by regulations prepared, under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Commissioners of immigration. Duties.

SEC. 24. That immigrant inspectors and other immigration officers, clerks, and employees shall hereafter be appointed, and their compensation fixed and raised or decreased from time to time, by the Secretary of the Treasury, upon the recommendation of the Commissioner-General of Immigration and in accordance with the provisions of the civil-service Act of January sixteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-three: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to alter the mode of appointing commissioners of immigration at the several ports of the United States as provided by the sundry civil appropriation Act approved August eighteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, or the official status of such commissioners heretofore appointed. Immigration officers shall have power to administer oaths and to take and consider testimony touching the right of any alien to enter the United States, and, where such action may be necessary, to make a written record of such testimony, and any person to whom such an oath has been administered under the provisions of this Act who shall knowingly or willfully give false testimony or swear to any false statement in any way affecting or in relation to the right of an alien to admission to the United States shall be deemed guilty of perjury and be punished as provided by section fifty-three hundred and ninety-two, United States Revised Statutes. The decision of any such officer, if favorable to the admission of any alien, shall be subject to challenge by any other immigration officer, and such challenge shall operate to take the alien whose right to land is so challenged before a board of special inquiry for its investigation. Every alien who may

Immigrant inspectors, etc. Duties.

Vol. 22, p. 408.

Proviso. Commissioners of immigration. Vol. 28, p. 391.

Power to take testimony, etc.

Perjury.

R. S., sec. 5392, p. 1045. Decisions.

not appear to the examining immigrant inspector at the port of arrival to be clearly and beyond a doubt entitled to land shall be detained for examination in relation thereto by a board of special inquiry.

Special inquiry boards.

SEC. 25. That such boards of special inquiry shall be appointed by the commissioners of immigration at the various ports of arrival as may be necessary for the prompt determination of all cases of aliens detained at such ports under the provisions of law. Such boards shall consist of three members, who shall be selected from such of the immigrant officials in the service as the Commissioner-General of Immigration, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall from time to time designate as qualified to serve on such boards: *Provided*, That at ports where there are fewer than three immigrant inspectors, the Secretary of the Treasury, upon recommendation of the Commissioner-General of Immigration, may designate other United States officials for service on such boards of special inquiry. Such boards shall have authority to determine whether an alien who has been duly held shall be allowed to land or be deported. All hearings before boards shall be separate and apart from the public, but the said boards shall keep complete permanent records of their proceedings and of all such testimony as may be produced before them; and the decision of any two members of a board shall prevail and be final, but either the alien or any dissenting member of said board may appeal, through the commissioner of immigration at the port of arrival and the Commissioner-General of Immigration, to the Secretary of the Treasury, whose decision shall then be final; and the taking of such appeal shall operate to stay any action in regard to the final disposal of the alien whose case is so appealed until the receipt by the commissioner of immigration at the port of arrival of such decision.

Composition.

Proviso.

Designation of other officials.

Hearings.

Appeals.

Restriction on bonds.

SEC. 26. That no bond or guaranty, written or oral, that an alien shall not become a public charge shall be received from any person, company, corporation, charitable or benevolent society or association unless authority to receive the same shall in each special case be given by the Commissioner-General of Immigration, with the written approval of the Secretary of the Treasury.

No compromise unless court consents.

SEC. 27. That no suit or proceeding for a violation of the provisions of this Act shall be settled, compromised, or discontinued without the consent of the court in which it is pending, entered of record, with the reasons therefor.

Pending suits not affected.

SEC. 28. That nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to affect any prosecution or other proceeding, criminal or civil, begun under any existing Act or any Acts hereby amended, but such prosecutions or other proceedings, criminal or civil, shall proceed as if this Act had not been passed.

Jurisdiction of Federal courts.

SEC. 29. That the circuit and district courts of the United States are hereby invested with full and concurrent jurisdiction of all causes, civil and criminal, arising under any of the provisions of this Act.

Immigrant station privileges. Disposal of.

SEC. 30. That after the first day of January, nineteen hundred and three, all exclusive privileges of exchanging money, transporting passengers or baggage, or keeping eating houses, and all other like privileges in connection with any United States immigrant station, shall be disposed of after public competition, subject to such conditions and limitations as the Commissioner-General of Immigration, under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe: *Provided*, That no intoxicating liquors shall be sold in any such immigrant station; that all receipts accruing from the disposal of such exclusive privileges as herein provided shall be paid into the United States Treasury to the credit of the immigrant fund provided for in section one of this Act.

Proviso.
Sale of liquors prohibited.
Receipts.

Local courts granted jurisdiction.

SEC. 31. That for the preservation of the peace, and in order that arrests may be made for crimes under the laws of the States and Ter-

ritories of the United States where the various immigrant stations are located, the officers in charge of such stations, as occasion may require, shall admit therein the proper State and municipal officers charged with the enforcement of such laws, and for the purposes of this section the jurisdiction of such officers and of the local courts shall extend over such stations.

SEC. 32. That the Commissioner-General of Immigration, under the direction or with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe rules for the entry and inspection of aliens along the borders of Canada and Mexico, so as not to unnecessarily delay, impede, or annoy passengers in ordinary travel between the United States and said countries, and shall have power to enter into contracts with foreign transportation lines for the same purpose.

Entries of aliens by railroads.

Ante, p. 1214.

SEC. 33. That for the purposes of this Act the words "United States" as used in the title as well as in the various sections of this Act shall be construed to mean the United States and any waters, territory or other place now subject to the jurisdiction thereof.

"United States." Construction of term.

SEC. 34. That no intoxicating liquors of any character shall be sold within the limits of the Capitol building of the United States.

No liquors to be sold in Capitol.

SEC. 35. That the deportation of aliens arrested within the United States after entry and found to be illegally therein, provided for in this Act, shall be to the trans-Atlantic or trans-Pacific ports from which said aliens embarked for the United States; or, if such embarkation was for foreign contiguous territory, to the foreign port at which said aliens embarked for such territory.

Ports of deportation.

SEC. 36. That all Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed: *Provided*, That this Act shall not be construed to repeal, alter, or amend existing laws relating to the immigration, or exclusion of, Chinese persons or persons of Chinese descent.

Inconsistent laws repealed. *Provided*. Chinese exclusion not affected.

SEC. 37. That whenever an alien shall have taken up his permanent residence in this country, and shall have filed his preliminary declaration to become a citizen, and thereafter shall send for his wife or minor children to join him, if said wife, or either of said children, shall be found to be affected with any contagious disorder, and if it is proved that said disorder was contracted on board the ship in which they came, and is so certified by the examining surgeon at the port of arrival, such wife or children shall be held, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, until it shall be determined whether the disorder will be easily curable, or whether they can be permitted to land without danger to other persons; and they shall not be deported until such facts have been ascertained.

Families of aliens having contagious diseases.

Temporary detention.

SEC. 38. That no person who disbelieves in or who is opposed to all organized government, or who is a member of or affiliated with any organization entertaining and teaching such disbelief in or opposition to all organized government, or who advocates or teaches the duty, necessity, or propriety of the unlawful assaulting or killing of any officer or officers, either of specific individuals or of officers generally, of the Government of the United States or of any other organized government, because of his or their official character, shall be permitted to enter the United States or any Territory or place subject to the jurisdiction thereof. This section shall be enforced by the Secretary of the Treasury under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe.

Anarchists, etc., prohibited entry.

Enforcement.

That any person who knowingly aids or assists any such person to enter the United States or any Territory or place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, or who connives or conspires with any person or persons to allow, procure, or permit any such person to enter therein, except pursuant to such rules and regulations made by the Secretary of the Treasury, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not less than one nor more than five years, or both.

Penalties for assisting illegal entries.

Naturalization of anarchists, etc., forbidden.

SEC. 39. That no person who disbelieves in or who is opposed to all organized government, or who is a member of or affiliated with any organization entertaining and teaching such disbelief in or opposition to all organized government, or who advocates or teaches the duty, necessity, or propriety of the unlawful assaulting or killing of any officer or officers, either of specific individuals or of officers generally, of the Government of the United States or of any other organized government, because of his or their official character, or who has violated any of the provisions of this Act, shall be naturalized or be made a citizen of the United States. All courts and tribunals and all judges and officers thereof having jurisdiction of naturalization proceedings or duties to perform in regard thereto shall, on the final application for naturalization, make careful inquiry into such matters, and before issuing the final order or certificate of naturalization cause to be entered of record the affidavit of the applicant and of his witnesses so far as applicable, reciting and affirming the truth of every material fact requisite for naturalization. All final orders and certificates of naturalization hereafter made shall show on their face specifically that said affidavits were duly made and recorded, and all orders and certificates that fail to show such facts shall be null and void.

Judicial inquiries.

Penalty for illegal naturalization.

That any person who purposely procures naturalization in violation of the provisions of this section shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or shall be imprisoned not less than one nor more than ten years, or both, and the court in which such conviction is had shall thereupon adjudge and declare the order or decree and all certificates admitting such person to citizenship null and void. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the courts having jurisdiction of the trial of such offense to make such adjudication.

Penalty for aiding.

That any person who knowingly aids, advises, or encourages any such person to apply for or to secure naturalization or to file the preliminary papers declaring an intent to become a citizen of the United States, or who in any naturalization proceeding knowingly procures or gives false testimony as to any material fact, or who knowingly makes an affidavit false as to any material fact required to be proved in such proceeding, shall be fined not more than five thousand dollars, or imprisoned not less than one nor more than ten years, or both.

Enforcement.

The foregoing provisions concerning naturalization shall not be enforced until ninety days after the approval hereof.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 163.]

CHAP. 1013.—An Act For the relief of certain homestead settlers in the State of Alabama.

Public lands.
Homestead lands in lieu of lands granted railroads, Alabama.
Vol. 11, p. 17.
Conditions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever any person, association, or corporation that has recovered, in any court of competent jurisdiction, the title to any land which is included in any homestead entry made on lands granted by the Congress of the United States to the State of Alabama to aid in the construction of the Mobile and Girard Railroad, or the Tennessee and Coosa Railroad, which recovery of said land was made or had by virtue of the title asserted and claimed by either of said railroad companies or its vendee, or successor in interest, shall execute a deed conveying all his or their interest in, or claim to, the land included in such homestead entry to the United States, and file the same with the Secretary of the Interior, such person, association, or corporation shall be entitled to receive from the Secretary of the Interior a certificate authorizing them or their assigns to enter,

within one year from the issuance of such certificate, of the public lands of the United States in the State of Alabama, subject to homestead entry, an area equal to that contained in the tract so deeded and relinquished, and all certificates which have not been presented as a basis for the entry of a specific tract within one year of their issuance, as above, shall be void, and each and every certificate issued shall have plainly printed across the face thereof the date of its expiration.

Entries to be made within one year.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of the Interior shall prescribe all necessary rules and regulations for the administration of this Act.

Regulations.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1014.—An Act To amend section one of an Act entitled "An Act to amend sections fifty-one hundred and ninety-one and fifty-one hundred and ninety-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and for other purposes."

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 164.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section one of an Act entitled "An Act to amend sections fifty-one hundred and ninety-one and fifty-one hundred and ninety-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and for other purposes," approved March third, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

National banks. Reserve cities. Vol. 24, p. 559, amended.

"That whenever three-fourths in number of the national banks located in any city of the United States having a population of twenty-five thousand people shall make application to the Comptroller of the Currency, in writing, asking that the name of the city in which such banks are located shall be added to the cities named in sections fifty-one hundred and ninety-one and fifty-one hundred and ninety-two of the Revised Statutes, the Comptroller shall have authority to grant such request, and every bank located in such city shall at all times thereafter have on hand, in lawful money of the United States, an amount equal to at least twenty-five per centum of its deposits, as provided in sections fifty-one hundred and ninety-one and fifty-one hundred and ninety-five of the Revised Statutes."

Population required.

R. S., sec. 5191, 5192, p. 1004.

Reserve of deposits.

R. S., sec. 5191, 5195, p. 1004.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1015.—An Act To amend section three of the "Act further to prevent counterfeiting or manufacturing of dies, tools, or other implements used in manufacturing," and so forth, approved February tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-one.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 165.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section three of an Act entitled "An Act further to prevent counterfeiting or manufacturing of dies, tools, or other implements used in manufacturing, and providing penalties therefor, and providing for the issue of such warrants in certain cases," approved February tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, be, and it hereby is, amended so as to read as follows:

Counterfeiting, etc.

Vol. 26, p. 742, amended.

SEC. 3. That every person who makes, or who causes or procures to be made, or who brings into the United States from any foreign country, or who shall have in possession with intent to sell, give away, or in any other manner use the same, any business or professional card, notice, placard, token, device, print, or impression, or any other thing whatsoever, in likeness or similitude as to design, color, or the inscription thereon, of any of the coins of the United States or of any foreign country that have been or hereafter may be issued as money, either

Using advertisements similar to coins, etc., prohibited.

Penalty.

Illustrations for numismatic books, etc., not prohibited.

under the authority of the United States or under the authority of any foreign government, shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars. But nothing in this Act shall be construed to forbid or prevent the printing and publishing of illustrations of coins and medals, or the making of the necessary plates for the same, to be used in illustrating numismatic and historical books and journals and the circulars of legitimate publishers and dealers in the same."

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 166.]

CHAP. 1016.—An Act To refund the amount of duties paid on merchandise brought into the United States from Porto Rico between April eleventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, and May first, nineteen hundred, and also on merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine Islands between April eleventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, and March eighth, nineteen hundred and two, and for other purposes.

Customs revenue.
Refunding of duties on goods from Porto Rico and Philippine Islands.
R. S., sec. 3689, p. 724.

Vol. 30, p. 1764.

Vol. 31, p. 77.

Ante, p. 54.

Proviso.
Presentation of claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That authority be, and the same is hereby, given the Secretary of the Treasury to refund and repay for the appropriation "To repay to importers the excess of deposits for unascertained duties, or duties or other moneys paid under protest," made by section thirty-six hundred and eighty-nine of the Revised Statutes, moneys paid to the United States without protest as duties and as fines on merchandise brought into the United States from Porto Rico between April eleventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, when the ratifications of the treaty of peace of December tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, with Spain were exchanged, and May first, nineteen hundred, when the Act entitled "An Act temporarily to provide revenues and a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," approved April twelfth, nineteen hundred, went into effect, and also on merchandise brought into the United States from the Philippine Islands between April eleventh, eighteen hundred and ninety-nine, and March eighth, nineteen hundred and two, the date of the passage of "An Act temporarily to provide revenue for the Philippine Islands, and for other purposes": *Provided*, That such claims shall be presented under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, and within one year from the date of the passage of this Act.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 167.]

CHAP. 1017.—An Act To confirm the name of Seward square for the space formed by the intersection of C street south and Pennsylvania and North Caroline avenues, District of Columbia.

District of Columbia.
Name of "Seward place" changed to "Seward square."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this Act the space formed by the intersection of C street south and Pennsylvania and North Carolina avenues, from Fourth to Sixth streets east, in the District of Columbia, now commonly known as "Seward place," shall be officially known and designated "Seward square."

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1018.—An Act To authorize the court of county commissioners of Geneva County, Alabama, to construct a bridge across the Choctawhatchee River, in Geneva County, Alabama.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 168.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the court of county commissioners of Geneva County, in the State of Alabama, be, and is hereby, authorized to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge across the Choctawhatchee River, a navigable stream, at or near the Martin Ferry, in said county of Geneva in said State.

Choctawhatchee River, Ala. Geneva County may bridge at Martin Ferry.

SEC. 2. That said bridge shall be located and built under and subject to such regulations for the security of navigation as the Secretary of War may prescribe; and to secure that object the said court of county commissioners shall submit for his examination designs and drawings of the bridge and maps of the location, and until the said plans and location are approved by him the bridge shall not be commenced or built; and should any changes be made in said bridge, before or after completion, such changes shall be likewise subject to the approval of the Secretary of War.

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

SEC. 3. That the said bridge shall be so kept and managed as to offer reasonable and proper means for the passage of vessels and other craft through or under the same; and for the safety of vessels passing at night there shall be displayed on said bridge from sunset to sunrise, at the expense of the owners thereof, such lights or other signals as the Light-House Board may prescribe. And any changes in said bridge which the Secretary of War may at any time deem necessary, and order in the interests of navigation, shall be made by the owners thereof at their own expense.

Unobstructed navigation.

Lights, etc. Changes.

SEC. 4. That this Act shall be null and void if actual construction of the said bridge be not commenced in one year and completed in three years from the date hereof.

Time of construction.

SEC. 5. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1019.—An Act To effectuate the provisions of the additional act of the international convention for the protection of industrial property.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 169.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section forty-eight hundred and eighty-seven of the Revised Statutes is amended by changing the word "seven" to "twelve," and by inserting after the word "months" the words "in cases within the provisions of section forty-eight hundred and eighty-six of the Revised Statutes, and four months, in cases of designs," and by adding the following words: "An application for patent for an invention or discovery or for a design filed in this country by any person who has previously regularly filed an application for a patent for the same invention, discovery, or design in a foreign country which, by treaty, convention, or law, affords similar privileges to citizens of the United States shall have the same force and effect as the same application would have if filed in this country on the date on which the application for patent for the same invention, discovery, or design was first filed in such foreign country, provided the application in this country is filed within twelve months in cases within the provisions of section forty-eight hundred and eighty-six of the Revised Statutes, and within four months in cases of designs, from the earliest date on which any such foreign application was filed. But no patent shall be granted on an application for patent for an invention or discovery or a design which had been patented or described in a

Patent law amendments. Patents for inventions patented abroad. R.S., sec. 4887, p. 946, amended. Vol. 29, p. 668.

printed publication in this or any foreign country more than two years before the date of the actual filing of the application in this country, or which had been in public use, or on sale in this country for more than two years prior to such filing;" so that the section so amended shall read:

Receiving patents in foreign country not to bar issue.
Exceptions.

"SEC. 4887. No person otherwise entitled thereto shall be debarred from receiving a patent for his invention or discovery, nor shall any patent be declared invalid by reason of its having been first patented or caused to be patented by the inventor or his legal representatives or assigns in a foreign country, unless the application for said foreign patent was filed more than twelve months, in cases within the provisions of section forty-eight hundred and eighty-six of the Revised Statutes, and four months in cases of designs, prior to the filing of the application in this country, in which case no patent shall be granted in this country.

Applications to be filed within twelve months.

"An application for patent for an invention or discovery or for a design filed in this country by any person who has previously regularly filed an application for a patent for the same invention, discovery, or design in a foreign country which, by treaty, convention, or law, affords similar privileges to citizens of the United States shall have the same force and effect as the same application would have if filed in this country on the date on which the application for patent for the same invention, discovery, or design was first filed in such foreign country, provided the application in this country is filed within twelve months in cases within the provisions of section forty-eight hundred and eighty-six of the Revised Statutes, and within four months in cases of designs, from the earliest date on which any such foreign application was filed. But no patent shall be granted on an application for patent for an invention or discovery or a design which had been patented or described in a printed publication in this or any foreign country more than two years before the date of the actual filing of the application in this country, or which had been in public use or on sale in this country for more than two years prior to such filing."

For designs within four months.

Exception.

R. S., sec. 4892, p. 947, amended.

SEC. 2. That section forty-eight hundred and ninety-two of the Revised Statutes is amended by inserting after the words "notary public" the words "judge or magistrate having an official seal and authorized to administer oaths," and by adding at the end thereof the words "whose authority shall be proved by certificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States;" so that the section so amended shall read:

Oath required from applicant.

"SEC. 4892. The applicant shall make oath that he does verily believe himself to be the original and first inventor or discoverer of the art, machine, manufacture, composition, or improvement for which he solicits a patent; that he does not know and does not believe that the same was ever before known or used; and shall state of what country he is a citizen. Such oath may be made before any person within the United States authorized by law to administer oaths, or, when the applicant resides in a foreign country, before any minister, chargé d'affaires, consul, or commercial agent holding commission under the Government of the United States, or before any notary public, judge, or magistrate having an official seal and authorized to administer oaths in the foreign country in which the applicant may be, whose authority shall be proved by certificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States."

Persons authorized to administer oath in foreign countries.

Certificate of authority.

R. S., sec. 4896, p. 947, amended.

SEC. 3. That section forty-eight hundred and ninety-six of the Revised Statutes is amended by adding thereto the following sentence: "The executor or administrator duly authorized under the law of any foreign country to administer upon the estate of the deceased inventor shall, in case the said inventor was not domiciled in the United States at the time of his death, have the right to apply for and obtain the

patent. The authority of such foreign executor or administrator shall be proved by certificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States;" so that the section so amended shall read as follows:

"SEC. 4896. When any person, having made any new invention or discovery for which a patent might have been granted, dies before a patent is granted, the right of applying for and obtaining the patent shall devolve on his executor or administrator, in trust for the heirs at law of the deceased, in case he shall have died intestate; or if he shall have left a will disposing of the same, then in trust for his devisees, in as full manner and on the same terms and conditions as the same might have been claimed or enjoyed by him in his lifetime; and when the application is made by such legal representatives, the oath or affirmation required to be made shall be so varied in form that it can be made by them. The executor or administrator duly authorized under the law of any foreign country to administer upon the estate of the deceased inventor shall, in case the said inventor was not domiciled in the United States at the time of his death, have the right to apply for and obtain the patent. The authority of such foreign executor or administrator shall be proved by certificate of a diplomatic or consular officer of the United States."

When and on what oath executor or administrator may obtain patent.

Right of executor, etc., in case inventor dies abroad.

Certificate of authority.

R. S., sec. 4902, p. 948, amended.

SEC. 4. That section forty-nine hundred and two is amended by striking out the words "citizen of the United States" in the first line thereof, and substituting the word "person" in place thereof, and by striking out the last clause of said section; so that this section so amended shall read as follows:

"SEC. 4902. Any person who makes any new invention or discovery and desires further time to mature the same may, on payment of the fees required by law, file in the Patent Office a caveat setting forth the design thereof and of its distinguishing characteristics and praying protection of his right until he shall have matured his invention. Such caveat shall be filed in the confidential archives of the office and preserved in secrecy, and shall be operative for the term of one year from the filing thereof; and if application is made within the year by any other person for a patent with which such caveat would in any manner interfere the Commissioner shall deposit the description, specification, drawings, and model of such application in like manner in the confidential archives of the office and give notice thereof by mail to the person by whom the caveat was filed. If such person desires to avail himself of his caveat he shall file his description, specifications, drawings, and model within three months from the time of placing the notice in the post-office in Washington, with the usual time required for transmitting it to the caveator added thereto, which time shall be indorsed on the notice."

Filing and effect of caveat. Any person may file by payment of fee.

Time limit.

Interference.

Notice.

Specifications, etc., must be filed within three months.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

CHAP. 1020.—An Act To provide certain souvenir medallions for the benefit of the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Association of the United States.

March 3, 1903.
[Public, No. 170.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of aiding in the erection at the city of Washington, District of Columbia, of an appropriate memorial to the author of the Declaration of Independence, Thomas Jefferson, the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to have prepared in the United States mint at Philadelphia four dies for medallions of such design and size as may be designated by the Thomas Jefferson Memorial Association of the United States and approved by him; and he shall have made and struck from these dies such number of medallions out of silver or bronze, not to exceed

District of Columbia. Souvenir medallions for Thomas Jefferson Memorial Association.

Limit.

one hundred and fifty thousand, as may be requested by the said memorial association, the net proceeds from the sale of the said proposed medallions to be applied to the fund for the erection of the proposed memorial under the auspices of the said memorial association.

Material.

SEC. 2. That the material from which the said proposed medallions are to be made shall be furnished to the director of the United States mint at Philadelphia at the expense of the said Thomas Jefferson Memorial Association of the United States, a body corporate under the laws governing the District of Columbia.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

March 3, 1903.

[Public, No. 171.]

CHAP. 1021.—An Act To increase the pension of Mexican war survivors to twelve dollars per month.

Pensions.
Mexican war sur-
vivors', increased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to place on the pension roll, at the rate of twelve dollars per month, all Mexican war survivors now on the roll, or who may hereafter be placed on the roll, under the Acts of January twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and eighty-seven, March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, and February fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven.

Approved, March 3, 1903.

Vol. 24, p. 371.
Vol. 26, p. 1081.
Vol. 31, p. 147.

RESOLUTIONS.

[No. 1.] Joint Resolution To pay the officers and employees of the Senate and House of Representatives their respective salaries for the month of December, nineteen hundred and two, on the eighteenth day of said month.

December 17, 1902.

[Pub. Res., No. 1.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives be, and they are hereby, authorized and instructed to pay the officers and employees of the Senate and House of Representatives, including the Capitol police, their respective salaries for the month of December, nineteen hundred and two, on the eighteenth day of said month.

Officers, etc., of Congress to be paid December salaries December 18, 1902.

Approved, December 17, 1902.

[No. 2.] Joint Resolution Relating to military badges.

January 12, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 2.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the distinctive badges adopted by military societies of men who served in the armies and navies of the United States during the Chinese relief expedition of nineteen hundred may be worn upon all occasions of ceremony by officers and men of the Army and Navy of the United States who are members of said organization in their own right.

Military badges. Chinese relief expedition badges may be worn.

Approved, January 12, 1903.

[No. 3.] Joint Resolution To carry into effect two resolutions of the Continental Congress directing monuments to be erected to the memory of Generals Francis Nash and William Lee Davidson, of North Carolina.

January 30, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 3.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the erection of a monument in honor of the memory of Brigadier-General Francis Nash, of North Carolina, according to the resolution of Congress passed on the fourth day of November, seventeen hundred and seventy-seven.

Appropriation for monument to Brigadier-General Francis Nash.

SEC. 2. That a like sum of five thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby, appropriated for the erection of a monument in honor of the memory of Brigadier-General William Lee Davidson, of North Carolina, in accordance with the resolution of Congress passed on the twentieth day of September, seventeen hundred and eighty-one.

Appropriation for monument to Brigadier-General William Lee Davidson.

SEC. 3. That the site for the location of said monuments, the designs for the same, the conduct of the work of erection, and the disbursement of the money hereinbefore appropriated shall be under the direction of the Secretary of War, who shall, however, act jointly with the governor of North Carolina as far as may be practicable in the selection of a location for said monuments.

Sites.

Approved, January 30, 1903.

February 2, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 4.]

[No. 4.] Joint Resolution Extending the provision granting to the State of Pennsylvania the use of the court-house at Scranton and Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

Williamsport, Pa.
Use of public build-
ings by State courts
extended five years.

Vol. 29, p. 459.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the "Joint resolution granting the State of Pennsylvania permission to use the United States court-house at Scranton, Pennsylvania, and at Williamsport, Pennsylvania," approved December twenty-third, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, are hereby continued with respect to the United States court-house at Williamsport, Pennsylvania, for the further period of five years from the date of the expiration of the permission therein referred to, upon the same terms and conditions as stated in said joint resolution, and that concurrent jurisdiction, so far as is necessary, over said property be, and the same is hereby, ceded to the State of Pennsylvania, so that the sessions of the superior court of said State in said Federal building and rooms thereof may be, during said period, fully legalized.

Approved, February 2, 1903.

February 7, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 5.]

[No. 5.] Joint Resolution To extend the time for construction of the Akron, Sterling and Northern Railroad in Alaska.

Akron, Sterling
and Northern Rail-
road, Alaska.
Time for construc-
tion extended.
Vol. 30, p. 410.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time within which the Akron, Sterling and Northern Railroad Company is authorized to construct its line of railroad from the head of Valdez Bay, in the Territory of Alaska; thence extending up Lowe River twelve miles to Keystone Canyon; thence for a distance of three miles through said canyon, on the west side thereof; thence through Dutch Valley a distance of four miles; thence thirteen miles along the benches on the west side of Lowe River drainage, through Thompson Pass, as definitely located by said company, be, and the same is hereby, extended for two years from and after the passage of this resolution.

Approved, February 7, 1903.

February 10, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 6.]

[No. 6.] Joint Resolution Dedicating to the city of Columbus, in the State of Ohio, for uses and purposes of the public streets, part of property conveyed to the United States by Robert Neil by deed dated February seventeenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, recorded in Deed Book Seventy-six, page five hundred and seventy-two, and so forth, Franklin County records.

Columbus, Ohio.
Certain public land
dedicated for uses of
public streets in.

Description.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be, and hereby is, dedicated to the city of Columbus, Franklin County, Ohio, for the uses and purposes of public streets and highways forever, so much of the property conveyed to the United States by Robert Neil by deed dated February seventeenth, anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and recorded in deed book numbered seventy-six, at page numbered five hundred and seventy-two, of said Franklin County's record of deeds as is described as follows: Being part of the streets bounding the seventy-seven acres three rods and eight poles of land known as the Columbus Barracks, situate in the city of Columbus, Ohio, said dedication being more specifically described as follows: Being the United States' part of Buckingham street, seventy-seven feet wide; Cleveland avenue, sixty-six feet wide; Stanton street, seventy feet wide; and Jefferson avenue, sixty-six feet wide.

Secretary of War to
execute papers, etc.

SEC. 2. That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, authorized and directed to execute such paper writing as will carry out the purposes of this resolution.

Approved, February 10, 1903.

[No. 7.] Joint Resolution Requesting State authorities to cooperate with Census Office in securing a uniform system of birth and death registration.

February 11, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 7.]

Preamble.

Whereas the registration of deaths at the time of their occurrence furnishes official record information of much value to individuals; and

Whereas the registration of births and deaths, with information upon certain points, is essential to the progress of medical and sanitary science in preventing and restricting disease and in devising and applying remedial agencies; and

Whereas all of the principal countries of the civilized world recognize the necessity for such registration and enforce the same by general laws; and

Whereas registration in the United States is now confined to a few States, as a whole, and the larger cities, under local laws and ordinances which differ widely in their requirements; and

Whereas it is most important that registration should be conducted under laws that will insure a practical uniformity in the character and amount of information available from the records; and

Whereas the American Public Health Association and the United States Census Office are now cooperating in an effort to extend the benefits of registration and to promote its efficiency by indicating the essential requirements of legislative enactments designed to secure the proper registration of all deaths and births and the collection of accurate vital statistics, to be presented to the attention of the legislative authorities in nonregistration States, with the suggestion that such legislation be adopted; Now, therefore,

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States hereby expresses approval of this movement and requests the favorable consideration and action of the State authorities, to the end that the United States may attain a complete and uniform system of registration.

Vital statistics.
Cooperation of States
requested for uniformity in registration.

Approved, February 11, 1903.

[No. 8.] Joint Resolution Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase additional ground for the post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Jacksonville, Florida.

February 21, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 8.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That of the sum authorized to be expended in enlarging and improving the post-office, court-house, and custom-house at Jacksonville, Florida, the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion, use not to exceed forty-five thousand dollars for the purchase of additional ground: *Provided,* That such additional ground shall be contiguous to the present site and shall have a frontage on Forsyth and Adams streets of not less than fifty feet and a depth of not less than two hundred and eight feet.

Public buildings.
Jacksonville, Fla.
Additional ground
authorized.
Ante, p. 1203.

Proviso.
Location.

Approved, February 21, 1903.

[No. 9.] Joint Resolution To provide for the printing of a digest of the laws, decisions, and opinions relating to pardons and other acts of executive clemency under the United States and the several States

February 24, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 9.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be printed the usual number of copies of a digest of the laws and constitutional provisions now in effect of the United States and of the several States,

Pardons
Digest of laws, etc.,
relating to, authorized
to be printed.

the decisions of the courts of the United States and of the several States, and the opinions of the Attorneys-General of the United States relating to the extent of the pardoning power and the legal effect of pardons and other acts of executive clemency under the constitutions and laws of the United States and of the several States, said digest to include a summary of the laws now in effect of the United States and of the several States and the decisions of the courts of the United States and of the several States relating to the civil effects of convictions for offenses against the laws of the United States and of the several States; and that in addition to said usual number there be printed and bound in sheep five hundred copies for the use of the Attorney-General; said digest to be printed under the editorial supervision of an editor or editors to be appointed by the Attorney-General, and the editing and clerical work incident thereto to be paid for out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, on the direction of the Attorney-General, at a price not to exceed two thousand five hundred dollars, which sum is hereby appropriated, and is to be in full payment for said work, except the cost of printing and binding the same.

Approved, February 24, 1903.

Appropriation for editing.

February 27, 1903.

[Pub. Res., No. 10.]

[No. 10.] Joint Resolution Granting to the New York and Jersey Railroad Company the right to construct and operate an underground railway under land owned by the United States in the city of New York.

Preamble.

Whereas the United States is the owner of the block of land in the borough of Manhattan, city, county, and State of New York, bounded by Greenwich, Christopher, Washington, and Barrow streets; and

Whereas the New York and Jersey Railroad Company proposes to construct a tunnel railway under certain streets in the borough of Manhattan, in the city aforesaid, including Greenwich street, in front of the said block of land: Therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to give the consent of the United States, as the owner of the block of land in the borough of Manhattan, city, county, and State of New York, bounded by Greenwich, Christopher, Washington, and Barrow streets, to the New York and Jersey Railroad Company for the construction and operation of an underground railway under and along the line of Greenwich street in front of said block of land: *Provided,* That the plans and specifications for such underground railway, so far as the same affect the property of the United States, as above set forth, and the manner in which the work is to be performed, shall be satisfactory to the Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved, February 27, 1903.

New York and New Jersey Railroad Company.

Consent to construction of underground railway by, in New York City.
Location.

Proviso.
Secretary of Treasury to approve plans, etc.