

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

OF THE

UNITED STATES,

Passed at the first session which was begun and held at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Monday, the seventh day of August, 1893, and was adjourned without day on Friday, the third day of November, 1893.

GROVER CLEVELAND, President; ADLAI E. STEVENSON, Vice-President, and President of the Senate; ISHAM G. HARRIS, President *pro tempore* of the Senate; CHARLES F. CRISP was elected Speaker of the House of Representatives on the seventh day of August, 1893.

CHAP. 1.—An Act In aid of the California Midwinter International Exposition.

September 1, 1893.

Whereas there will be held in the city and county of San Francisco, State of California, from and after January first, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, an exposition to be known as the California Midwinter International Exposition, in which foreign nations and foreign exhibitors have been invited and have agreed to participate: Therefore,

Preamble.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all articles which shall be imported from foreign countries for the sole purpose of exhibition at said exposition, upon which there shall be a tariff or customs duty, shall be admitted free of payment of duty, customs fees, or charges, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, and all articles which have been imported from foreign countries and which are now on exhibition at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, upon which there is a tariff or customs duty, and which have been heretofore admitted free of payment of duty, customs fees, or charges, may, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, be removed to the city of San Francisco, in the State of California, for the sole purpose of exhibition at said California Midwinter International Exposition.

California Midwinter International Exposition.

Articles for, to be admitted duty free.

Removal of exhibits at Chicago Fair.

SEC. 2. That it shall be lawful at any time during such exposition to sell for delivery at the close of the exposition any of the goods or property imported for and actually on exhibition in the exposition buildings or on its grounds, subject to such regulations for the security of the revenue and for the collection of the import duties as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe: *Provided,* That all such articles when sold or withdrawn for consumption in the United States shall be subject to the duty, if any, imposed upon such articles by the revenue laws in force at the date of the importation; and all penalties prescribed by law shall be applied and enforced against such articles and against the persons who may be guilty of any illegal sale or withdrawal thereof.

Sales.

Proviso.

Payment of duties.

SEC. 3. That all of the provisions of public resolution numbered thirty, entitled "Joint resolution authorizing foreign exhibitors at the World's Columbian Exposition to bring to this country foreign laborers from their respective countries for the purpose of preparing for and making their exhibits," approved August fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, are hereby extended to and made applicable to said California Midwinter International Exposition to the same extent as if said California Midwinter International Exposition was therein specifically named.

Foreign laborers permitted.

Vol. 27, p. 402.

Approved, September 1, 1893.

(1)

September 7, 1893.

CHAP. 2.—An Act To provide for certain urgent deficiencies in the appropriations for the service of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same are hereby, appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the service of the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-four, namely:

Urgent deficiency appropriations.

Treasury Department.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Recoinage, silver coins.

RECOINAGE OF SILVER COINS: For recoinage of the uncurrent fractional silver coins in the Treasury, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, two hundred thousand dollars.

National currency expenses.

EXPENSES OF NATIONAL CURRENCY: For distinctive paper, express charges, and other expenses, twenty-five thousand dollars.

Senate.

SENATE.

Pages.

That any unexpended balance of the appropriation made in the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Act, for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-three, approved July sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, for compensation of session employees of the Senate, be, and the same is hereby, made available to pay the pages of the Senate who served from the first to the fifteenth day of April, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, inclusive.

Vol. 27, p. 185.

War Department.

WAR DEPARTMENT.

Old Ford's Theatre.
Proviso.
Repairs, etc.

OLD FORD'S THEATRE BUILDING: For repairs to the Old Ford's Theatre Building, six thousand dollars: *Provided,* That said repairs shall be made under the direction of the Chief of Engineers of the Army, and that the building shall not be occupied by clerks until it shall have been examined and pronounced safe by a board of officers to be convened by the Secretary of War.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

House of Representatives.

Clerks to Representatives.

To enable the Clerk of the House to pay to Members and Delegates the amount which they certify they have paid or agreed to pay for clerk hire necessarily employed by them in the discharge of their official and representative duties, as provided in the joint resolution approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, seventy five thousand dollars.

Vol. 27, p. 757.

Approved, September 7, 1893.

October 2, 1893.

CHAP. 3.—An Act To provide for clerical assistance in the Health Department of the District of Columbia.

District of Columbia
Additional clerks,
Health Department.
Vol. 27, p. 549.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That of the additional emergency fund of twenty-one thousand dollars provided for in the District of Columbia appropriation act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby authorized to use, during the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-four, not exceeding two thousand dollars for the employment of clerks in the Health Department, at rates of compensation not exceeding one hundred dollars per month each while actually employed.

Approved, October 2, 1893.

CHAP. 4.—An Act To extend the time for completing the work of the Eleventh Census, and for other purposes.

October 3, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the time provided in the act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in the appropriations for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and for prior years, and for other purposes, approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, for closing the work of the Eleventh Census, under the provisions of the act of March first, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, entitled "An act to provide for taking the Eleventh and subsequent Censuses," and of any subsequent act relating to the Eleventh Census, be and the same is hereby extended from the thirty-first day of December, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, to and including the thirtieth day of June, eighteen hundred and ninety-four.

Eleventh Census.
Time for completing extended to June 30, 1894.

Vol. 27, p. 658.

Vol. 25, p. 760.

Post, pp. 60, 857.

That the President of the United States may, in his discretion, authorize and direct the Commissioner of Labor to perform the duties of Superintendent of Census under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior until the work of closing the Eleventh Census is completed, at such additional compensation, payable from the appropriations for compiling the results of the Eleventh Census, as the Secretary of the Interior may determine not exceeding one-half of the compensation now fixed by law for the Superintendent of Census.

Commissioner of Labor may be made Superintendent.

Compensation.

Approved, October 3, 1893.

CHAP. 5.—An Act Granting settlers on certain lands in Oklahoma Territory the right to commute their homestead entries, and for other purposes.

October 20, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the homestead settlers on the Absentee Shawnee, Pottawatomie, and Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indian lands, in Oklahoma Territory be, and they are hereby, granted an extension of one year within which to make the first payment provided for in section sixteen of the act of Congress approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An act making appropriations for the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, and for other purposes," and such payment may be made at any time within three years from the date of the entry of such lands.

Public lands.
Homestead settlers in Oklahoma granted extension of time to make first payment.

Vol. 26, p. 1026.

Post, p. 901.

SEC. 2. That any person entitled by law to take a homestead in said Territory of Oklahoma who has already located and filed upon, or who shall hereafter locate and file upon a homestead within any of the lands in the Absentee Shawnee, Pottawatomie, and Cheyenne and Arapahoe Indian lands and the Public Land Strip in Oklahoma Territory, and who has complied with all the laws relating to such homestead settlement, may receive a patent therefor at the expiration of twelve months from the date of locating upon such homestead, upon payment to the United States of one dollar and fifty cents per acre for the land embodied in such homestead: *Provided,* That homestead settlers in the Public Land Strip now Beaver County, Oklahoma, may receive such patent upon the payment to the United States of the sum of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre.

Patent may be issued in one year on payment of full price.

Provido.
Beaver County, Oklahoma, settlers.

SEC. 3. That all acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Approved, October 20, 1893.

October 31, 1893.

CHAP. 6.—An Act Providing for the construction of a steam revenue cutter for the New England coast.

Revenue cutter for
New England coast.

Cost.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to have constructed a steam revenue cutter of the first class for service on the New England coast, at a cost not exceeding one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Approved, October 31, 1893.

November 1, 1893.

CHAP. 7.—An Act To amend section six of the act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An act to repeal timber culture laws, and for other purposes."

Public lands.
Vol. 26, p. 1098.

R. S. Sec. 2301, p. 421.

Payments in ad-
vance by homestead
settlers on Sioux Res-
ervation.

Vol. 25, p. 888.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section six of an act approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled "An act to repeal timber culture laws, and for other purposes," is hereby amended by adding in line eleven, section twenty-three hundred and one, after the words South Dakota, "and in the State of Nebraska," so as to read as follows:

"And the provisions of this section shall apply to lands on the ceded portion of the Sioux Reservation, by act approved March second, eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, in South Dakota and in the State of Nebraska, but shall not relieve said settlers from any payments now required by law."

SEC. 2. That all acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Approved, November 1, 1893.

November 1, 1893.

CHAP. 8.—An Act To repeal a part of an act approved July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of Treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes."

Silver act.
Direction to pur-
chase silver repealed.
Vol. 26, p. 289.

Gold and silver to
be used as standard
money.

Parity to be main-
tained.

System of bimet-
alism.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the act approved July fourteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An act directing the purchase of silver bullion and issue of Treasury notes thereon, and for other purposes," as directs the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate amount of four million five hundred thousand ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month at the market price thereof, not exceeding one dollar for three hundred and seventy-one and twenty-five one-hundredths grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purchases Treasury notes of the United States, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. And it is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to continue the use of both gold and silver as standard money, and to coin both gold and silver into money of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, such equality to be secured through international agreement, or by such safeguards of legislation as will insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals, and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts. And it is hereby further declared that the efforts of the Government should be steadily directed to the establishment of such a safe system of bimetallism as will maintain at all times the equal power of every dollar coined or issued by the United States, in the markets and in the payment of debts.

Approved, November 1, 1893.

CHAP. 9.—An Act To amend an act entitled “An act to provide the times and places for holding terms of United States courts in the States of Idaho and Wyoming,” approved July five, eighteen hundred and ninety-two.

November 3, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section six of the act entitled “An act to provide the times and places for holding terms of the United States courts in the States of Idaho and Wyoming,” approved July five, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, be amended to read as follows:

Idaho judicial district.
Vol. 27, p. 73.

“**SEC. 6.** That the terms of the district court for the district of the State of Idaho shall be held at the town of Moscow, beginning on the second Monday in May and the second Monday in October in each year; at Boise City, beginning on the first Monday in April and the first Monday in December; at the city of Blackfoot, beginning on the first Monday in March, and the second Monday in September in each year; and the provision of statute now existing for the holding of said courts on any day contrary to the provisions of this act is hereby repealed; and all suits, prosecutions, process, recognizances, bail bonds, and other things pending in or returnable to said court are hereby transferred to, and shall be made returnable to, and have force in the said respective terms in this act provided in the same manner and with the same effect as they would have had had said existing statute not been passed.”

Terms of court.
Moscow.

Boise City.
Blackfoot.

Vol. 26, p. 217.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

CHAP. 10.—An Act To provide for the time and place of holding the terms of the United States circuit and district courts in the State of South Dakota.

November 3, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of South Dakota shall constitute one judicial district.

South Dakota judicial district.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of holding terms of the district court said district shall be divided into four divisions, to be known as the southern, northern, central, and western divisions. The counties of Clay, Union, Yankton, Turner, Lincoln, Bonhomme, Charles Mix, Douglas, Hutchinson, Brule, Aurora, Davison, Hanson, McCook, Minnehaha, Moody, Lake, Sanborn, Lyman, Miner, Gregory, Todd, Beadle and Kingsbury, Crow Creek and Lower Brule, and the Yankton Indian Reservation shall constitute the southern division, the court for which shall be held at the city of Sioux Falls. The counties of Brookings, Hamlin, Deuel, Grant, Roberts, Codington, Clark, Day, Marshall, Spink, Brown, McPherson, Edmunds, Campbell, Walworth, and the Sisseton and Wabpton Reservation shall constitute the northern division, the court for which shall be held at the city of Aberdeen. The counties of Potter, Sully, Faulk, Hand, Hyde, Hughes, Buffalo, Jerauld, Stanley, Nowlin, and that portion of the counties of Pratt, Jackson, and Sterling not included in any Indian Reservation, and the Standing Rock, and Cheyenne Indian Reservations shall constitute the central division, the court for which shall be held at the city of Pierre. All that portion of the State of South Dakota lying west of the central and southern divisions, and in addition thereto the Rosebud and Red Cloud Indian reservations, shall constitute the western division, the court for which shall be held at the city of Deadwood.

Divisions for district court.

Southern division.

Court at Sioux Falls.
Northern division.

Court at Aberdeen.
Central division.

Court at Pierre.
Western division.

Court at Deadwood

Terms.

Sioux Falls.
Pierre.
Deadwood.
Aberdeen.

SEC. 3. That hereafter the terms of the circuit and district courts of the United States in and for the State of South Dakota shall be as follows: At Sioux Falls on the first Tuesday in April and the third Tuesday in October; at Pierre on the first Tuesday in March and October; at Deadwood on the first Tuesday in February and September, and at Aberdeen the first Tuesday of May and the third Tuesday of November.

Repeal of existing laws.
Vol. 26, p. 14.
Transfer of pending causes.

SEC. 4. That the provisions of statute now existing for the holding of said courts on any day contrary to the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, and all suits, prosecutions, process, recognizances, bail bonds, and other things pending in or returnable to said court on the days now fixed by law are hereby transferred to and shall be made returnable to and have force in the said respective terms in this act provided in the same manner and with the same effect as they would have had had said existing statute not have been passed.

Jurisdiction.

SEC. 5. That all civil suits not of a local nature must be brought in the division of the district where the defendant or defendants reside; but if there are two or more defendants residing in different divisions the action may be brought in either of the divisions in which a defendant resides.

Appeals.

SEC. 6. That cases taken on appeal or writ of error from the district court shall be returnable to the circuit court held in that judicial subdivision from which the appeal was taken. When the circuit court and district court are held, as provided in this act, at the same time and place, one grand and petit jury only shall be summoned and serve in both said courts, and all grand and petit juries for the circuit and district courts shall be drawn by the clerk of the circuit court and all grand and petit jurors summoned for service in each division shall be residents of such division.

Juries.

Repeal.

SEC. 7. That all acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

November 3, 1893.

CHAP. 11.—An Act Providing for the construction of a steam revenue cutter for service on the Great Lakes.

Revenue cutter for Great Lakes.

Proviso.
Cost.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he hereby is, authorized to have constructed a steam revenue cutter of the first class for service on the Great Lakes: *Provided,* That the cost of said construction shall not exceed the sum of one hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

November 3, 1893.

CHAP. 12.—An Act To amend section numbered twenty-three hundred and twenty-four of the Revised Statutes of the United States, relating to mining claims.

Mining claims.

R. S., sec. 2324, p. 426.

Annual assessment not required in 1893.

Post, p. 114.

Provisos.
Notice by claimant.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of section numbered twenty-three hundred and twenty-four of the Revised Statutes of the United States, which require that on each claim located after the tenth day of May, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, and until patent has been issued therefor, not less than one hundred dollars' worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made during each year, be suspended for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-three so that no mining claim which has been regularly located and recorded as required by the local laws and mining regulations shall be subject to forfeiture for nonperformance of the annual assessment for the year eighteen hundred and ninety-three: *Provided,* That the claimant or claimants of any mining location, in order to secure the benefits of this act shall cause to be recorded in the office where the location notice or certificate is filed on or before December thirty-first, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, a notice that he or they, in good faith intend to hold and work said claim: *Provided, however,* That the provisions of this act shall not apply to the State of South Dakota.

Not applicable to South Dakota.

This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

CHAP. 13.—An Act To increase the number of officers of the Army to be detailed to colleges.

November 3, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section twelve hundred and twenty-five of the Revised Statutes, concerning details of officers of the Army and Navy to educational institutions, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to permit the President to detail under the provisions of said act not to exceed one hundred officers of the Army of the United States; and no officer shall be thus detailed who has not had five years service in the Army and no detail to such duty shall extend for more than four years and officers on the retired list of the Army may upon their own application be detailed to such duty and when so detailed shall receive the full pay of their rank; and the maximum number of officers of the Army and Navy to be detailed at any one time under the provisions of the act approved January thirteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, amending section twelve hundred and twenty-five of the Revised Statutes as amended by an act approved September twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and eighty-eight, is hereby increased to one hundred and ten.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

Army.
R. S. sec. 1225, p. 216,
amended.

Detail of officers to
colleges increased.

Service.
Duration.
Retired officers.
Post, p. 235.
Maximum.

Vol. 26, p. 716.

Vol. 25, p. 491.

CHAP. 14.—An Act To amend an act entitled "An act to prohibit the coming of Chinese persons into the United States," approved May fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two.

November 3, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Section six of an act entitled "An act to prohibit the coming of Chinese persons into the United States," approved May fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 6. And it shall be the duty of all Chinese laborers within the limits of the United States who were entitled to remain in the United States before the passage of the act to which this is an amendment to apply to the collector of internal revenue of their respective districts within six months after the passage of this act for a certificate of residence; and any Chinese laborer within the limits of the United States who shall neglect, fail, or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act and the act to which this is an amendment, or who, after the expiration of said six months, shall be found within the jurisdiction of the United States without such certificate of residence, shall be deemed and adjudged to be unlawfully within the United States, and may be arrested by any United States customs official, collector of internal revenue or his deputies, United States marshal or his deputies, and taken before a United States judge, whose duty it shall be to order that he be deported from the United States, as provided in this act and in the act to which this is an amendment, unless he shall establish clearly to the satisfaction of said judge that by reason of accident, sickness, or other unavoidable cause he has been unable to procure his certificate, and to the satisfaction of said United States judge, and by at least one credible witness other than Chinese, that he was a resident of the United States on the fifth of May, eighteen hundred and ninety-two; and if, upon the hearing, it shall appear that he is so entitled to a certificate, it shall be granted upon his paying the cost. Should it appear that said Chinaman had procured a certificate which has been lost or destroyed, he shall be detained and judgment suspended a reasonable time to enable him to procure a duplicate from the officer granting it, and in such cases the cost of said arrest and trial shall be in the discretion of the court; and any Chinese person, other than a Chinese laborer, having a right to be and remain in the United States, desiring such certificate as evidence of such right, may apply for, and receive the same without charge; and that no proceedings for a violation of the

Chinese exclusion.
Vol. 27, p. 25.

Certificate of residence to be obtained by laborers in six months.

Arrest, etc., on failure to obtain certificate.

Trial.

Proof.

Lost certificates.

Certificates for persons not laborers.

Proceedings under former act discontinued.

provisions of said section six of said act of May fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, as originally enacted, shall hereafter be instituted, and that all proceedings for said violation now pending are hereby discontinued": *Provided*, That no Chinese person heretofore convicted in any court of the States or Territories or of the United States of a felony shall be permitted to register under the provisions of this act; but all such persons who are now subject to deportation for failure or refusal to comply with the act to which this is an amendment shall be deported from the United States as in said act and in this act provided, upon any appropriate proceedings now pending or which may be hereafter instituted.

Proviso.
Certificates not to
issue to Chinese con-
victed of felony.

"Laborers" defined. SEC. 2. The words "laborer" or "laborers," wherever used in this act, or in the act to which this is an amendment, shall be construed to mean both skilled and unskilled manual laborers, including Chinese employed in mining, fishing, huckstering, peddling, laundrymen, or those engaged in taking, drying, or otherwise preserving shell or other fish for home consumption or exportation.

"Merchants" de-
fined. The term "merchant," as employed herein and in the acts of which this is amendatory, shall have the following meaning and none other: A merchant is a person engaged in buying and selling merchandise, at a fixed place of business, which business is conducted in his name, and who during the time he claims to be engaged as a merchant, does not engage in the performance of any manual labor, except such as is necessary in the conduct of his business as such merchant.

Proof as to mer-
chants, seeking to
land.

Where an application is made by a Chinaman for entrance into the United States on the ground that he was formerly engaged in this country as a merchant, he shall establish by the testimony of two credible witnesses other than Chinese the fact that he conducted such business as hereinbefore defined for at least one year before his departure from the United States, and that during such year he was not engaged in the performance of any manual labor, except such as was necessary in the conduct of his business as such merchant, and in default of such proof shall be refused landing.

Deportation.

Such order of deportation shall be executed by the United States Marshal of the district within which such order is made, and he shall execute the same with all convenient dispatch; and pending the execution of such order such Chinese person shall remain in the custody of the United States Marshal, and shall not be admitted to bail.

Photograph of cer-
tificate holders.

The certificate herein provided for shall contain the photograph of the applicant, together with his name local residence and occupation, and a copy of such certificate, with a duplicate of such photograph attached, shall be filed in the office of the United States Collector of Internal Revenue of the district in which such Chinaman makes application.

Duplicates.

Such photographs in duplicate shall be furnished by each applicant in such form as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

November 3, 1893.

CHAP. 15.—An Act In aid of the World's Fair Prize Winners' Exposition to be held at New York City.

Preamble.

Whereas, there will be held in the city of New York, State of New York, from and after November twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, to January fifteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, an exposition, to be known as the World's Fair Prize Winners' Exposition, in which foreign nations and foreign exhibitors have been invited and have agreed to participate: Therefore,

World's Fair Prize
Winners' Exposition.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That all articles which shall be imported from foreign countries for the sole purpose of exhibition at

said exposition, upon which there shall be a tariff or customs duty, shall be admitted free of payment of duty, customs fees or charges, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, and all articles which have been imported from foreign countries and which are now on exhibition at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, upon which there is a tariff or customs duty, and which have been heretofore admitted free of payment of duty, customs fees or charges, may, under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, be removed to the city of New York, in the State of New York, for the sole purpose of exhibition at said World's Fair Prize Winners' Exposition.

Articles for exhibit admitted duty free.

Articles at World's Fair.

Regulations.

Sales.

Proviso. Payment of duty.

SEC. 2. That it shall be lawful, at any time during such exposition, to sell for delivery, at the close of the exposition, any of the goods or property imported for and actually on exhibition in the exposition buildings or on its grounds, subject to such regulations for the security of the revenue and for the collection of the import duties as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe: *Provided*, That all such articles, when sold or withdrawn for consumption in the United States, shall be subject to the duty, if any, imposed upon such articles by the revenue laws in force at the date of the importation; and all penalties prescribed by law shall be applied and enforced against such articles and against the persons who may be guilty of any illegal sale or withdrawal thereof.

Foreign laborers permitted. Vol. 27, p. 402.

SEC. 3. That all of the provisions of public resolution numbered thirty, entitled "Joint resolution authorizing foreign exhibitors at the World's Columbian Exposition to bring to this country foreign laborers from their respective countries for the purpose of preparing for and making their exhibits", approved August fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety-two, are hereby extended to and made applicable to said World's Fair Prize Winners' Exposition to the same extent as if said World's Fair Prize Winners' Exposition was therein specifically named, *Provided*, No liability shall be incurred by the Government of the United States.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

CHAP. 16.—An Act To regulate the fees of the clerk of the United States Court for the Indian Territory.

November 3, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases where the clerk of the United States court for the Indian Territory is authorized or required to perform duties other than those performed by the clerks of the district and circuit courts of the United States he shall be entitled to receive and retain for his own use and benefit such fees as may be allowed by law for such services.

Indian Territory. Fees permitted clerk of United States court.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

RESOLUTIONS.

August 17, 1893.

[No. 1.] Joint Resolution Making available appropriations for the payment of Session employees of the House and Senate during the first session of the Fifty-third Congress.

Session employees,
Senate and House.

Appropriations
made available for
first session, 53d Con-
gress.
Vol. 27, p. 675.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the appropriations made in the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriations Act for the fiscal year eighteen hundred and ninety-four, approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, for compensation of session employees of the Senate and House of Representatives, be, and the same are hereby, made available from and including the seventh day of August, eighteen hundred and ninety-three until the close of the first session of the Fifty-third Congress; and persons employed under said appropriations shall be paid from the date of their actual employment, without regard to the date of their respective oaths of office, and at the rates per diem or per month as provided in said act.

Approved, August 17, 1893.

August 17, 1893.

[No. 2.] Joint Resolution. Providing for the appropriate commemoration of the One Hundredth Anniversary of the laying of the Corner Stone of the Capitol of the United States, September Eighteenth, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Ninety-three.

Preamble.

Whereas, The One Hundredth Anniversary of the laying of the Corner Stone of the United States Capitol by President George Washington, September Eighteenth, One Thousand Seven and Ninety-three, is an occasion of national interest becoming the cognizance of Congress, and

Whereas, a committee of citizens of the United States, of which Lawrence Gardner, of the District of Columbia, has been elected Chairman, have been appointed to make suitable and appropriate arrangements to duly commemorate the important event and for the maintenance of order and decorum in the proceedings and for guarding the Capitol and its grounds from injury,

Therefore, be it

Capitol centennial.
Use of capitol build-
ings and grounds per-
mitted for.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the use of the Capitol grounds for the ceremonies attending the One Hundredth Anniversary of the laying of the Corner Stone of the Capitol for and during the Eighteenth of September, On Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-three, including processions, literary and musical exercises, and the suitable decoration of the grounds, the Capitol building and its approaches shall be permitted, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, to insure the safety of the building and the grounds from injury.

Joint committee on
ceremonies to be ap-
pointed.

Post, p. 578.

That a joint committee of fourteen, to consist of seven Senators to be appointed by the President of the Senate and seven Representatives to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, be and is hereby constituted to take order in the matter of arranging for the ceremonies at the Capitol to act with a like committee in number to be selected by the said Citizens Committee.

Approved, August 17, 1893.

[No. 3.] Joint Resolution Making immediately available the appropriations for mileage of Senators and Members of the House of Representatives.

August 21, 1893.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the appropriations for mileage of Senators, Members of the House of Representatives and Delegates from the Territories made in the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Act for the fiscal year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-four, approved March third, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-three, be, and the same are hereby, made immediately available and authorized to be paid to Senators, Members of the House of Representatives and Delegates from the Territories for attendance on the first session of the Fifty-third Congress.

Mileage to Senators and Members.

Appropriations for, immediately available. Vol. 27, pp. 675, 678.

Approved, August 21, 1893.

[No. 4.] Joint Resolution To make the provisions of the act of May Fourteenth, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety, which provides for townsite entries of lands in a portion of what is known as Oklahoma applicable to the territory known as the "Cherokee Outlet", and to make the provisions of said act applicable to townsites in the "Cherokee Outlet."

September 1, 1893.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the provisions of an act of Congress, approved May Fourteenth, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety, which provides for townsite entries of lands in a portion of what is known as "Oklahoma," be, and the same are hereby, made applicable to the territory known as the "Cherokee Outlet," and now a part of the Territory of Oklahoma; and that all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with this joint resolution be and the same are hereby repealed.

Cherokee outlet.

Oklahoma townsite provisions made applicable. Vol. 26, p. 109.

Approved, September 1, 1893.

[No. 5.] Joint Resolution To make the eighteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three a holiday within the District of Columbia.

September 9, 1893.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be added to the days by law declared to be holidays within the District of Columbia the eighteenth day of September one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, the same being the one hundredth anniversary of the laying of the corner stone of the capitol of the United States.

District of Columbia. Capitol Centennial made a public holiday.

Approved, September 9, 1893.

[No. 6.] Joint Resolution To permit the use of certain ensigns, flags and signal numbers to decorate the Capitol and its approaches, September eighteenth, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

September 9, 1893.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy be, and they are hereby, authorized to deliver to the Architect of the Capitol, for the purpose of decorating the Capitol, its approaches and grand stands to be erected on the Capitol grounds on the occasion of the centennial celebration of the laying of the corner stone of the Capitol, such of the United States ensigns, flags (except battle flags,) signal numbers and other flags as may be spared, the same to be so delivered to said Architect not prior to the tenth day of September and to be returned by him by the thirtieth day of September, eighteen hundred and ninety-three.

Capitol Centennial. Loan of flags for, authorized.

Approved, September 9, 1893.

September 13, 1893.

[No. 7.] Joint Resolution Providing for the erection of a suitable building for the storage of documents for the use of the Senate.

Senate.
Document storage
room to be built.

Proviso.
To be paid from
Senate contingent
fund.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate of the United States is hereby directed to have erected upon the ground owned by the United States, west of the house known as the Maltby House, situated on the southwest corner of New Jersey avenue and B street northwest, a suitable building for the folding and storage of documents for the use of the Senate, on plans and specifications approved by the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds: *Provided,* That the expense of erecting said building shall not exceed the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars, and which shall be paid from the miscellaneous items of the contingent fund of the Senate upon vouchers to be approved by the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

Approved, September 13, 1893.

October 2, 1893.

[No. 8.] Joint Resolution. Empowering the National Board of Commissioners of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Park to authorize the State Boards, or organizations building monuments in the Park, to use the materials in said Park, agreeably to such regulations as it may adopt.

Preamble.

WHEREAS, The National Board of Commissioners of the Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Park, are in doubt as to their power in the matter of the disposition of certain material, the natural product of said Park; and

Whereas, It is desirable that the several states, who through their commissions, are about to build monuments pursuant to the original purpose of the legislation creating said Park; should have authority to use certain material found within the boundaries of said Park; and

Whereas, It will save to said boards of State Commissioners a large amount of the expense of the construction of said monuments, if they can procure the necessary stone for the foundations within the territory owned by the United States, in said Park; Therefore Be it Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the said Board of Commissioners heretofore appointed pursuant to the Statute creating said Park, is hereby empowered to authorize the boards or representatives of the several States building monuments upon said battle field, to take and use, under such rules and regulations, and upon such terms as said National Commission may direct, such stone and other material, including sand and gravel, as may be necessary to construct the foundation for any such monuments, and which may be found within the territory of said National Park, and the roads and highways leading thereto.

Chickamauga and
Chattanooga National
Park.

Use of material for
State monuments au-
thorized.

Vol. 26, p. 333.

Approved, October 2, 1893.

October 14, 1893.

[No. 9.] Joint Resolution Authorizing the State of Wisconsin to place in Statuary Hall at the Capitol the statue of Pere Marquette.

Pere Marquette.
Wisconsin may
erect statue of, in
Statuary Hall.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the State of Wisconsin be, and is hereby, authorized and granted the privilege of placing in Statuary Hall at the Capitol the statue of Pere Marquette, the faithful missionary, whose work among the Indians and explorations within the borders of said State in early days are recognized all over the civilized world, the same to be received as one of the two statues furnished and provided by said State in accordance with the provisions of section eighteen hundred and fourteen of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

R. S., sec. 1814, p. 321.

Approved, October 14, 1893.

[No. 10.] Joint Resolution Fixing the qualifications to vote and to hold office in the Cherokee Outlet, Oklahoma Territory, at the first municipal elections.

October 17, 1893.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all male citizens of the United States, above the age of twenty-one years, who are actual residents on the twenty-first day of October, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and have been such residents for thirty days prior thereto, of that portion of Oklahoma Territory opened to settlement by proclamation of the President, September sixteenth, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, known as the Cherokee Outlet, shall be entitled to vote and to hold office at the first municipal elections held in said Cherokee Outlet for the organization of city, village, and town governments.

Approved, October 17, 1893.

Oklahoma.
Qualifications of voters, first election in Cherokee Outlet.
Post, p. 1222.

[No. 12.] Joint Resolution That the acknowledgments of the Government and people of the United States be tendered to various foreign governments of the world who have participated in commemoration of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus.

October 28, 1893.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, (1) That it is the sense of Congress that the acknowledgments of the government and people of the United States, be tendered to the various foreign governments of the world, who have so generously and effectively co-operated in the Quadri-centennial Exposition held in Chicago, in commemoration of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus.

World's Fair.
Acknowledgments to countries participating.

(2) That the President of the United States be requested to communicate to each foreign government that has participated in said Exposition the acknowledgment of Congress for its contribution.

To be communicated by President of United States.

Approved, October 28, 1893.

[No. 13.] Joint Resolution For the reporting, marking, and removal of derelicts.

October 31, 1893.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby, authorized to make with the several governments interested in the navigation of the North Atlantic Ocean an international agreement providing for the reporting, marking, and removal of dangerous wrecks, derelicts, and other menaces to navigation in the North Atlantic Ocean outside the coast waters of the respective countries bordering thereon.

Derelicts in North Atlantic Ocean.
International agreement for removing, etc., to be authorized.

Approved, October 31, 1893.

[No. 14.] Joint Resolution To amend the act approved April twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety, relating to the admission of articles intended for the World's Columbian Exposition.

November 3, 1893.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act approved April twenty-fifth, eighteen hundred and ninety, entitled "An act to provide for celebrating the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus by holding an international exhibition of arts, industries, manufactures, and the product of the soil, mine, and sea, in the City of Chicago, in the State of Illinois," be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to permit. That all foreign exhibits at such Fair acquired by contribution or purchase by the Columbian Museum of Chicago for its own use, shall be wholly released from all customs duties.

Columbian Museum.
Articles at World's Fair for, released from duty.

Vol. 26, p. 62.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

November 3, 1893.

[No. 15.] Joint Resolution Donating an abandoned cannon to the committee in charge of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, in eighteen hundred and ninety-four.

Condemned cannon
given to Grand Army
Encampment, Pitts-
burg, Pa.

Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That one of the abandoned cannon now at the United States Arsenal at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, and there before the late war, be donated to the citizens committee having charge of the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held in Pittsburg in eighteen hundred and ninety-four, and the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to deliver said cannon to said committee.

Approved, November 3, 1893.

November 3, 1893.

[No. 16.] Joint Resolution Transferring the exhibit of the Navy Department, known as the model battle ship Illinois, to the State of Illinois, as a naval armory for the use of the naval militia of the State of Illinois, on the termination of the World's Columbian Exposition.

Model battle ship
"Illinois."

Transferred to Illi-
nois for use of naval
militia.

Proviso.
Exhibits not includ-
ed.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That on the termination of the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago, Illinois, in November, eighteen hundred and ninety-three, the exhibit of the Navy Department of the United States Government, better known as the model battle ship Illinois, a facsimile of the battle ships Indiana, Massachusetts, and Oregon, with such of her boats, equipments and appurtenances now on exhibition as the Secretary of the Navy shall deem proper be transferred to the State of Illinois as a naval armory for the use of the naval militia of the State of Illinois: *Provided,* That such articles as may or have been loaned by the various bureaus of the Navy Department, the United States Marine Corps, the Naval Academy, and Hydrographic Office be not included in the said transfer except as hereinbefore provided.

Approved, November 3, 1893.